



Bombay Government Gazette.

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 Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Poona, 14th August 1882.

No. 199.—The Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, will meet in the Council Hall at Poona on Friday, the 1st day of September 1882, at 3 P.M., instead of on the 16th day of August 1882, as previously notified.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor,

H. F. ASTON,

Acting Under Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 14th August 1882.

No. 5464.—Under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, the Governor in

Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to direct that from the 1st September 1882 about half an acre of land belonging to Survey Number 192, situated between the compound of the house called "Noupareil View" and the High road, at Mahábaleshvar, in the Jávlí Táluka of the Sátára District, shall cease to be a Reserved Forest in that táluka.

No. 5465.—Under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, the Governor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to direct that from the 1st September 1882 the lands specified in the following Schedule shall cease to be Reserved Forests in the Sinnar Táluka of the Násik Collectorate:—

Schedule referred to above.

| Name of Village. | Survey Number. | Acreage. | | Area to be disforested. | |
|------------------|----------------|----------|-------|-------------------------|--|
| | | A. g. | A. g. | A. g. | A. g. |
| Paste ... | 182 | 287 | 33 | 12 | 11 North of Survey Numbers 170, 175 and 176. |
| Jamgaon .. | 143 | 250 | 0 | 36 | 19 Lying between Paste - Chincholi, and Jamgaon - Chincholi roads. |
| Dhondbay .. | 37 | 30 | 0 | | The whole number. |
| Andhowadi ... | 45 | 23 | 12 | | Do. |
| | 72 | 10 | 12 | | Do. |
| | 73 | 11 | 31 | | Do. |
| | 81 | 10 | 36 | | Do. |
| | 82 | 16 | 14 | | Do. |
| | 83 | 6 | 34 | | Do. |

No. 5478.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of the Máhim Station of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company in the village of Máhim in the Island of Bombay; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less 3,247 square yards, and assessed by the New Revenue Survey under Nos. 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284 and 286,—bounded on the north by the Khoja Burial-ground, on the south by the Batty ground of the Confaria of N. S. de Conception of São Minguel, on the east by the Batty ground of Govindás Rámji Gole, Jetha Nágu Bhandári, Manoel Vaz, Minguel Vaz, Luis Antone Pereira and Ratanji Dhanjibháí Mistri, and on the west by the B. B. & C. I. Railway Line,—is required within the aforesaid City of Bombay.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section VI. of Act X. of 1870, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A Plan of the abovementioned land can be seen at the office of the Collector of Bombay.

Bombay Castle, 15th August 1882.

No. 5490.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute Survey No. 14 in the village of Velat in the Alfbág Táluka of the Kolába Collectorate a reserved forest.

No. 5491.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, VII. of 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the Schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests in the Pen Táluka of the Kolába Collectorate:—

Schedule referred to above.

| Name of Village. | Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers. |
|------------------|--|
| Miru Dongar ... | 16, 20, 143, 167, 168, 173, 174, 175, 183, 208, 210. |
| Chitalgaon ... | 43. |
| Rabgaon ... | 69. |
| Sukeli ... | 70. |
| Kondwi ... | 63, 101, 104, 105, 100, 107, 111, 112. |
| Kondgaon ... | 137, 138, 139. |
| Sihu ... | 145. |
| Kubiru ... | 169. |
| Pigonde ... | 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 280, 281. |
| Jirno ... | 68, 71, 76, 85, 86, 87, 88, 91. |
| Mandoshet ... | 40. |

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 5527.—The following Gradation List of Senior and Junior Collectors, and of First and Second Assistant Collectors, as it stood on the 1st August 1882, is published for the information of the Officers concerned:—

| Appointment. | No. | Holder of Substantive Appointment. | Cause of Vacancies. | Holder of Acting Appointment in Grade. | Date of Appointment to act in Grade. | Remarks. |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Collectors— | 1 | Mr. White ... | ..... | Mr. Mulock ... | 1st Nov. 1879. | On privilege leave for three months from 30th May 1882. |
| | 2 | Mr. Sheppard ... | Pro tem. Second Grade Commissioner, N. D., 27th August 1881. | Mr. East ... | 16th Mar. 1882. | |
| | 3 | Mr. Elphinstone ... | ..... | Mr. Woodward ... | 16th June 1882. | |
| | Senior: 12 appointments on Rs. 2,325. | 4 | Mr. Borradaile ... | On sick leave for 6 months from 16th June 1882. | Mr. Blathwayt ... | 29th June 1882. |
| | | 5 | Mr. Macdonald ... | On furlough for 2 years from 8th Oct. 1880. | Mr. Grant ... | 27th July 1882. |
| | | 6 | Mr. Propert ... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | | 7 | Mr. Moore ... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | | 8 | Mr. Ramsay ... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | | 9 | Mr. Pratt ... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | | 10 | Mr. Jervoise ... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | | 11 | Mr. Richey ... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 12 | | Mr. Waddington ... | On privilege leave for 2 months and 29 days from 27th June 1882. | ..... | ..... |  |
| | | | | | | |

| Appointment. | No. | Holder of Substantive Appointment. | Cause of Vacancies. | Holder of Acting Appointment in Grade. | Date of Appointment to act in Grade. | Remarks. | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | |
| Collectors— <i>continued.</i> | 1 | Mr. Spry | On furlough for 1 year, 2 months and 23 days from 2nd August 1881. | Mr. Middleton. | 1st Sept. 1880. | | |
| | 2 | Mr. King | On furlough for 17 months from 5th Jan. 1882. | Mr. Candy ... | 24th July 1880. | | |
| | Junior: 6 appointments on Rs. 1,800. | 3 | Mr. Mulock | Acting Senior Collector. | Mr. Reid ... | 18th June 1882. | |
| | | 4 | Mr. Wilson | On special leave for 6 months from 17th Mar. 1882. | Mr. Vidal ... | 1st July 1882. | |
| | | 5 | Mr. East... .. | Acting Senior Collector. | Mr. Ebden ... | 29th June 1882. | |
| | | 6 | Mr. Woodward | Acting Senior Collector. | Mr. Cumine ... | 16th Mar. 1882. | |
| First Assistant Collectors: 14 appointments on Rs. 900. | 1 | Mr. Blathwayt | <i>Pro tem.</i> Junior Collector, Kaládgi, and Acting Senior Collector. | Mr. Loch ... | 6th Nov. 1880 . | | |
| | 2 | Mr. Nugent | Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue, Financial, and General Departments. | Mr. Winter ... | 6th July 1881. | | |
| | 3 | Mr. Grant | Acting Senior Collector, Kaira. | Mr. Charles ... | 25th May 1881. | | |
| | 4 | Mr. Middleton | Acting Collector, Dhárwar. | Mr. Lee-Warner. | 13th April 1882 | | |
| | 5 | Mr. Keyser | On medical certificate for 2 years from 4th Sept. 1880. | Mr. Cooke ... | 20th June 1882. | | |
| | 6 | Mr. Campbell | Acting Collector of Customs, Bombay. | Mr. Todd ... | 15th Oct. 1881. | | |
| | 7 | Mr. Candy | Acting Collector, Kánara. | Mr. Whitworth | 11th June 1881. | | |
| | 8 | Mr. Spence | On furlough for 16 months from 14th April 1881. | Mr. Onmanney. | 3rd Feb. 1882. | | |
| | 9 | Mr. Reid | Acting Collector, Ahmedabad. | Mr. Allen ... | 18th June 1881. | | |
| | 10 | Mr. Fleet ... .. | ..... | Mr. Hamilton . | 1st April 1882. | | |
| | 11 | Mr. Vidal | Acting Collector, Broach. | Mr. Horsley ... | 27th April 1882. | | |
| | 12 | Mr. Porteous | Acting Collector of Salt Revenue. | Mr. McCullum. | 29th June 1882. | On privilege leave for 2 months from 24th May 1882. | |
| | 13 | Mr. Muir ... .. | ..... | Mr. Frost ... | 29th June 1882. | | |
| | 14 | Mr. Ebden | Acting Collector, Thána. | ..... | ..... |  |  |
| Second Assistant Collectors: 12 appointments on Rs. 700. | 1 | 74 | Mr. Loch | <i>Pro tem.</i> First Assistant Collector. | Mr. Woodward. | 29th Nov. 1881. | |
| | | 76 | Mr. Winter | Acting First Assistant Collector. | Mr. Jopp ... | 1st Oct. 1881 . | |
| | | 84 | Mr. Charles | Acting First Assistant Collector. | Mr. Shewan ... | 2nd Mar. 1879. | |
| | 4 | 85 | Mr. Lely... .. | On furlough, Europe, for 2 years from 7th April 1882. | Mr. Silcock ... | 3rd Jan. 1880 . | |
| | | 86 | Mr. Lee-Warner | Acting First Assistant Collector. | Mr. Courtenay. | 8th June 1882. | |
| | 9 | 89 | Mr. Cooke | Acting 1st Assistant Collector. | Mr. Symonds... | 6th Jan. 1882. | |
| | | 83 | Mr. Sinclair | Acting Collector, Shikárpur. | Mr. Snow ... | 6th Jan. 1882. | |
| | | 90 | Mr. Todd | Acting First Assistant Collector. | Mr. Muir-Mackenzie. | 15th Feb. 1882. | |
| | 9 | 92 | Mr. Whitworth... .. | Acting First Assistant Collector. | Mr. Alcock ... | 1st April 1882. | |
| | | 98 | Mr. Monteath | Acting Under Secretary to Government. | Mr. Kennedy... | 16th Mar. 1882. | |
| | | 79 | Mr. Allen | Acting First Assistant Collector. | Mr. Young-husband. | 23rd June 1882. | |
| | 12 | 93 | Mr. Wiltshire | On furlough for 1 year from 1st May 1882. | Mr. Drew ... | 29th June 1882. | On privilege leave for 2 months from 27th May 1882. |
| | | | | Mr. Cappel ... | 29th June 1882. | On privilege leave for 2 months and 15 days from 9th July 1882. | |

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
J. NUGENT,
Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th August 1882.

No. 4977.—The Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt the gentleman named below under Clause 10, para. 1, of the Revised Notification and Rules made by the Government of India under the Indian Arms Act, 1878:—

| Name. | Position. |
|---|---------------------|
| Poona District. | |
| Mr. Madhwarao bin Ramchandra- rao Nimbalkar. | Inámdár of Vadgaon. |

Bombay Castle, 15th August 1882.

No. 5049.—The following Notification is published in substitution of Government Notification* No. 4739, dated the 2nd instant:—

* Published at pages 595-596 of the Government Gazette of 10th August 1882, Part I.

Under the provisions of Section 75 of the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882, the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to vary the amount of the Institution-fees payable under Section 71 of that Act, as follows:—

- (a). When the amount or value of the subject-matter does not exceed five hundred rupees—the sum of annas 1½ in the rupee on such amount or value.
- (b). When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds five hundred rupees—the sum of thirty-nine rupees one anna; and one anna in the rupee on the excess of such amount or value over five hundred rupees.

Under the provisions of the same section the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to vary the amount of the Process-fees payable under Section 72 and the third column of the fourth Schedule, as follows:—

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------------|
| In suits up to Rs. 20 | ... .. | ...Annas 2 |
| " between Rs. 20 & Rs. 50 | ... .. | ...Annas 4 |
| " between Rs. 50 & Rs. 100 | ... .. | ...Annas 8 |
| " between Rs. 100 & Rs. 200 | ... .. | ...Rupee 1 |
| " between Rs. 200 & Rs. 300 | ... .. | ...Rupee 1-8 |
| In all suits above Rs. 300 | ... .. | ...Rupee 1-8 |

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 5070.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished —

"HOME DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 7th August 1882.

No. 1194.—In modification of Home Department Notification No. 1617, dated the 7th October 1881, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that licenses for the importation, possession, or transport of sulphur, proved to the satisfaction of the Local Government or Administration concerned to be intended only for *bona fide* medicinal, manufacturing, or agricultural purposes, may be granted without payment of any fee.

(Signed) A. MACKENZIE,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th August 1882.

No. 32.—The following Circular letter from the Government of India with its enclosures is published for information and guidance generally:—

"Nos. 347-60T.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

CIVIL WORKS.

Telegraph.

Simla, July 12, 1882.

To

- THE GOVERNMENTS OF MADRAS, BOMBAY, BENGAL, NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES AND OUDH, AND THE PUNJAB.
- THE CHIEF COMMISSIONERS, CENTRAL PROVINCES, BRITISH BURMA, ASSAM, AND COORG.
- THE RESIDENT AT HYDERABAD.
- THE AGENTS, GOVERNOR GENERAL, CENTRAL INDIA, RAJPUTANA AND BILUCHISTAN.

SIR,

In continuation of Government of India, Public Works Department, Circular letter Nos. 172—83T, dated 28th April 1882, I am directed to explain more fully the views of the Government of India with reference to the introduction of electric power arrangements for lighting and other purposes in India.

2. The power of the currents employed in electric lighting arrangements is so enormous that, irrespective of the liability of such currents to interfere with the working of any contiguous parallel telegraph or telephone lines, the result of any accident to overhead electric power wires would be fatal in any of the following cases:—

- (a) Where the earth is *not* used as part of the circuit, if a careless, an ignorant, or a curious, person were to touch either two bare wires of the same circuit, or the two ends of a broken wire.
- (b) Where the earth is used as part of the circuit, if a broken wire were to fall on to a telegraph or telephone wire, and any one in an office connected to it were to then touch a connection screw, or a bare connection wire.

Or if a wire belonging to an 'arc' light were to break and the two ends fall sufficiently near to each other for a flame to be set up, and this flame were near any inflammable substance, such as a wooden gutter or verandah or a thatched roof, there would be danger, even if not certainty, of fire.

3. It is clear from the foregoing that there is considerable danger in the use of these currents, unless proper precautions as to construction and arrangement are in all cases insisted on; and while anxious, as far as possible, to avoid all unnecessary obstruction to the development of this and every other legitimate enterprise, the

Government of India cannot overlook the duty of protecting public and private interests when they are, as in the present case, distinctly jeopardised.

4. There is at present no Act of the Indian Legislature which gives the Government any control over the transmission of electric power other than that contemplated in the Telegraph Act I. of 1876, which is inadequate for the present purpose. A Bill to facilitate and regulate the supply of electricity for lighting and other purposes in Great Britain and Ireland is now before Parliament, and the Government of India before introducing legislation for this country desires to await the final passing of that Bill.

5. In the meantime it is essential that all possible precautions to guard the interests, both public and private, which are threatened should be taken; and as the nature of the risks involved are generally so little known, and the danger from the neglect of the proper precautions is so great, the Government of India, though desiring to leave the fullest possible latitude to local Governments and local bodies in the management of business of this description, has no alternative but to repeat the wish already expressed, that as a tentative measure, and pending legislation on the subject, *overhead* wires (which it has been ascertained are not authorised in England) shall not be permitted to be erected, and that underground wires shall, if permitted to be laid down, be kept 30 feet away from telegraph and telephone lines.

6. I am further directed to forward for information extracts from the Bill (clauses 2, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, and 18) now before Parliament, and also of the rules issued by the New York Board of Fire Underwriters for the protection of their interests, and to request that temporary regulations in general accord with these provisions may be issued for the guidance of municipal and local authorities in accepting tenders for public, or sanctioning works for private, purposes of this nature in the meantime.

7. I am to request special attention to the provisions of clause 14 of the draft Bill which should be insisted on in all cases, substituting the 'Director General of Telegraphs' for the 'Post Master General,' and Government of India for the Board of Trade; and I am to add that, with these remarks, His Excellency the Governor General in Council leaves the supervision of the introduction of electric power into the country in the hands of the Local Governments and Administrations, subject of course to the provisions of any law which may hereafter be passed for the regulation of these matters.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,
(Signed) A. B. SAMPSON,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

—
No. 348 T.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Bombay,
Public Works Department.

J.—173

Enclosure No. 1 to Public Works Department Letter
Nos. 347-60 T. of 1882.

Rules issued by the New York Board of Fire Underwriters extracted from the ELECTRICAL REVIEW of 22nd April 1882.

CAPACITY OF CONDUCTORS.

For Arc Lights.—The conductor must have a weight per running foot at least equal to that of the wire (or parallel group of wires) constituting the main circuit of the magnetic regulator of the electric lamps, or of the armature of the machine employed, whichever of these is the largest.

For Incandescent Lights.—Wherever a connection is made between a larger and a smaller conductor at the entrance to or within a building, some approved automatic device must be introduced in the circuit of the smaller conductor, whereby it shall be interrupted whenever the current passing through it is in excess of its safe carrying capacity.

The safe carrying capacity of a wire is that current which it will convey without becoming painfully warm when grasped in the closed hand.

INSULATION.

All wires, machines, and lamps to be so mounted and secured as to insure complete and continuous insulation, with the exception of those parts (such as portions of the lamps or machines, for example) where insulation is impossible, and in this case accidental contact with exterior objects must be prevented by appropriate screens or the like.

In no case must 'ground circuits' be employed, or any portion of the system be allowed to come into conducting connection with the earth through water or gas pipes, or otherwise.

Exposed wires must be covered with at least two coatings, one of insulating material next the wire, of a thickness and material approved by the Board, and another outside of this, of a material calculated to protect the former from abrasion or other mechanical injury.

Where there is a possible exposure to water, the first or second coating must be impervious to that fluid.

Wherever electricity is carried into a building by conductors from an exterior source, a 'cut out' must be provided at a point as near as possible to the entrance to such building.

The outgoing and returning wires for arc lights should enter and leave each building at points at least one foot from each other.

The wires passing through the exterior walls of a building should be firmly incased in substantial tubes of non-conducting material, not liable to absorb moisture, and placed in such a manner as to prevent rain water from entering the building along the wire.

In running along walls and the like wires should be rigidly attached to the same by non-conducting fastenings (the wires themselves being well insulated), and should not be hung from projecting insulators in loose loops.

All wires should be placed at a distance of eight inches for arc lights and two and one-half inches for incandescent lights from each other, and wherever they approach any other wire or

conducting body capable of furnishing another circuit or ground connection, they must be rigidly secured and separated from the same by some continuous solid non-conductor, such as dry wood, of at least one-half inch in thickness.

Wherever wires are carried through walls, floors, or partitions in buildings, they must be surrounded by a special insulating tube of substantial material.

All joints in wires must be made in such a manner as to secure a perfect and durable contact. Continuous wires (without joints) to be used as far as possible.

GLOBES.

Arc lights must be protected by glass globes, inclosed at the bottom to prevent the fall of ignited particles, and where inflammable materials are present below the lamps a wire netting must be added, to keep the parts of the globe in place, in case of its fracture during use.

All broken and cracked globes to be at once replaced by perfect globes.

In show-windows and other places where inflammable materials are near the lights, spark arresters shall be placed at the top of the globes.

AUTOMATIC SHUNT.

Wherever a current of such high electromotive force is employed that if concentrated on one lamp of the series it would produce an arc capable of destroying or fusing parts of such lamp, an automatic switch must be introduced in each lamp, by which it will be thrown out of circuit before the arc approaches any such dangerous extent.

Companies furnishing electricity from central stations must enter into an agreement with the New York Board of Fire Underwriters, binding themselves to test their lines for ground connections at least *once* every day (and preferably three times per day), and to report the result of such tests to the Board weekly.

Means by which those in charge of the dynamo-electric machines will be warned of any excessive flow of current, or means whereby the same will be automatically checked, must in all cases be provided.

Enclosure No. 2 to Public Works Department Letter No. 347-60 T. of 1882.

Extract clauses 2, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, and 18 of a Bill to facilitate and regulate the supply of Electricity for Lighting and other purposes in Great Britain and Ireland.

2. The Board of Trade may from time to time license any local authority as defined by this Act, or any company or person, to supply electricity for any public or private purposes within any area, subject to the following provisions:—

Granting of licenses authorising the supply of electricity.

(1) The consent of every local authority having jurisdiction within the area or any part of the area within which a supply is

licensed to be furnished shall be required to the license:

(2) A license shall be for any period not exceeding *five years*, but may, at the expiration of such license, be renewed at any time with such consent, as above mentioned, upon such terms and conditions as the Board of Trade may determine:

(3) 'Public purposes' shall mean lighting any street or any place belonging to or subject to the control of the local authority, or any church or registered place of public worship, or any vestry-hall or building belonging to or subject to the control of any public authority, or any other public theatre, but shall not include any other purpose to which electricity may be applied:

(4) 'Private purposes' shall include any purposes whatever to which electricity may for the time being be applicable, not being public purposes:

(5) Where a supply of electricity is provided in any part of an area for private purposes, then, except in so far as is otherwise provided by the terms of the license, every person within that part of the area shall, on application, be entitled to a supply on the same terms on which any other person in such part of the area is entitled under similar circumstances to a corresponding supply; and the local authority, company, or person supplying such electricity shall not be entitled to prescribe any special form of lamp or burner to be used by any person, or in any way to control or interfere with the manner in which electricity supplied for private purposes is used:

(6) The license may make such regulations as to the limits within which and the conditions under which a supply of electricity is to be compulsory or permissive, and for enforcing the performance by the licensees of their duties in relation to such supply, and generally may contain such regulations and conditions as the Board of Trade may think expedient.

Where in any area within the jurisdiction of a local authority any road is not repairable by such authority, such road shall not be broken up without the consent of the authority or person by whom such road is repairable, unless in pursuance of special powers in that behalf inserted in the license, or with the written consent of the Board of Trade; and the Board of Trade shall not in any case insert such special powers or give such consent until notice has been given to such authority or person and an opportunity has been given to such authority or person to state any objections they may have thereto.

4. The Board of Trade may from time to time make, and when made may rescind, alter or repeal rules in relation to the applications for licenses or provisional orders, and to the payments to be made in respect thereof, and to any other matters arising under this Act.

Where a supply of electricity is authorised to be furnished under this Act in any area, the

Board of Trade may from time to time themselves make, rescind, alter or repeal, or authorise any local authority from time to time to make, rescind, alter or repeal, bye-laws for the protection of the public in relation to such supply, and to the insulation of the electricity or otherwise; and there may be annexed to any breach of such bye-laws such penalties, to be recovered in a summary manner, as the Board of Trade may think necessary.

9. The undertakers may alter the position of

Power to undertakers to alter position of pipes and wires.

any such pipes or wires being under any street or place authorised to be broken up by them as may interfere with the exercise of their powers under this Act, on previously making or securing such compensation to the owners of such pipes or wires, and on complying with such conditions as to the mode of making such alterations as may before the commencement of such alterations be agreed upon between the undertakers and owners, or in case of difference as may be determined in manner prescribed by the license or provisional order authorising the undertakers to supply electricity, or where no such manner is prescribed as may be determined by arbitration.

10. In the exercise of the powers given them under this Act or any

Compensation for damage.

license or provisional order granted thereunder, the undertakers shall cause as little detriment and inconvenience and do as little damage as may be, and shall make full compensation to all bodies and persons interested for all damage sustained by them by reason or in consequence of the exercise of such powers, the amount and application of such compensation in case of difference to be determined by arbitration.

11. The undertakers shall not, in making any

Charges for electricity.

agreements for a supply of electricity, show any undue preference to any person, but, save as aforesaid, they may make such charges for the supply of electricity, in this Act called 'electricity rent' as may be agreed upon, not exceeding the limits of price imposed by or in pursuance of the license or provisional order authorising them to supply electricity.

12. Any person who unlawfully and maliciously

cuts or injures any electric line or work with intent to cut off any supply of electricity shall be

guilty of felony, and be liable to be kept in penal servitude for any term not exceeding five years; or to be imprisoned with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding two years; but nothing in this section shall exempt a person from any proceeding for any offence which is punishable under any other provision of this Act, or under any other Act, or at common law, so that no person be punished twice for the same offence.

13. Any person who fraudulently abstracts,

Stealing electricity. causes to be wasted, consumes, or uses any electricity shall be guilty of simple larceny and punishable accordingly.

14. The undertakers shall not lay down any

main or wire or do any other work for the supply of electricity whereby

any telegraphic line of the Postmaster-General is or may be injuriously affected; and before any such main or wire is laid down or work is done within ten yards of any part of a telegraphic line of the Postmaster-General, the undertakers or their agents, not more than twenty-eight nor less than fourteen days before commencing such work, shall give written notice to the Postmaster-General specifying the course and nature of the work, including the gauge of any wire, and the undertakers and their agents shall conform with such reasonable requirements (either general or special) as may from time to time be made by the Postmaster-General for the purpose of preventing any telegraphic line of the Postmaster-General from being injuriously affected by the said work.

Any difference which arises between the Postmaster-General and the undertakers or their agents with respect to any requirements so made shall be determined by the Board of Trade.

In the event of any contravention of or wilful non-compliance with this section by the undertakers or their agents the undertakers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds for every day during which such contravention or non-compliance continues, or if the telegraphic communication is wilfully interrupted, not exceeding fifty pounds for every day on which such interruption continues:

Provided that nothing in this section shall subject the undertakers or their agents to a fine under this section, if they satisfy the court having cognizance of the case that the immediate execution of the work was required to avoid an accident, or otherwise was a work of emergency, and that they forthwith served on the Postmaster or Sub-Postmaster of the postal telegraph office nearest to the place where the work was done a notice of the execution thereof, stating the reason for executing the same without previous notice.

For the purposes of this section a telegraphic line of the Postmaster-General shall be deemed to be injuriously affected by a work if telegraphic communication by means of such line is, whether through induction or otherwise, in any manner affected by such work or by any use made of such work.

For the purposes of this section, and subject as therein provided, sections two, eight, nine,

41 & 42 Vic., c. 76. ten, eleven and twelve of the Telegraph Act, 1878, shall be deemed to be incorporated with this Act, as if the undertakers were undertakers within the meaning of those sections, without prejudice nevertheless to any operation which the other sections of the said Act would have had if this section had not been enacted.

17. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

Interpretation. The expression 'electricity' means electricity, electric current, or any like agency:

The expression 'electric line' means a wire or wires, conductor, or other means used for the

purpose of conveying, transmitting, or distributing electricity with any casing, coating, covering, tube, pipe, or insulator enclosing, surrounding, or supporting the same, or any part thereof, or any apparatus connected therewith for the purpose of conveying, transmitting, or distributing electricity or electric currents:

The expression 'works' means and includes electric lines; also any buildings, machinery, engines, works, matters, or things of whatever description required to supply electricity and to carry into effect the object of the undertakers under this Act:

The expression 'company' means any body of persons corporate or unincorporate:
8 & 9 Vic., c. 18.

The expression 'Lands Clauses Acts' means the Lands Clauses Consolidation Acts, 1845, 1860, and 1869.
23 & 24th Viet., c. 106.
32 & 33 Viet., c. 18.

18. Nothing in this Act shall exempt the undertakers or their undertakings from the provisions of any general Act relating to the supply of electricity which may be passed in this or any future sessions of Parliament."

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 33.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished for information:—

"TELEGRAPH.

Simla, the 8th August 1882.

No. 187.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following addition to No. 47 of the Rules for Inland Telegraph Messages:—

'Application may be made, as above, by an interested party, for the preservation of specified telegrams exchanged between other persons on the ground of pending or contemplated judicial proceedings. Such telegrams will be preserved for a further period of six months, at the expiration of which they will, in default of a renewed application, be destroyed.

'Should the particulars furnished be insufficient to enable the *Check Office* to trace the telegrams at once, the estimated cost of the required search must be deposited by the applicant. It must be understood that the duty of the Telegraph Department in the matter is confined to making the search and preserving the telegrams if found. No information as to the result of the search will be furnished, and any telegrams answering the description given which may be found will only be produced on the order of a competent court of law or other competent authority.'

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. J. MERRIMAN, Major-General, R.E.,
Secretary to Government.

GENERAL ORDERS

By the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th August 1882.

No. 429.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months under Rule 9 of the Furlough Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. B. Tanner, Staff Corps, Deputy Superintendent, Deccan Topographical Survey.

Bombay Castle, 14th August 1882.

No. 430.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Philip Anderson Watson, of the Devonshire Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 20th Regiment Native Infantry,—7th July 1880.

Bombay Castle, 15th August 1882.

No. 431.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on urgent private affairs, under Rule 8 of the Furlough Regulations of 1875, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant P. A. Watson, Officiating Wing Officer, 20th Regiment N. I.

No. 432.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for two years, under Rule IX. of the Furlough Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon J. H. B. Hallen, General Superintendent, Horse Breeding Operations.

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 433.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—

Conductor E. Gawthorn, Ordnance Department.

2. The undermentioned officer has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the Service, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Surgeon-Major T. Miller, M.D., 3rd July 1882.

No. 434.—The promotions ordered to be made in the Barrack Branch, Public Works Department, by G. G. O. No. 405 of 1882, will have effect from the 21st June 1882, the date subsequent to that on which Barrack Master and Conductor G. Walshe delivered over charge of his duties.

No. 435.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Corps.

Captain L. A. T. McCudden, Staff Corps, Wing Officer 10th N. L. I., to officiate as Adju.

tant of the above Volunteer Corps during the absence of Captain J. N. Walker on furlough, or until further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th August 1882.

No. 31.—The following appointments are made:—

The Reverend W. J. Ffennell, M.A., to officiate as Chaplain of Ahmedabad on his return from furlough.

The Reverend A. L. Onslow, B.A., Chaplain of Belgaum Fort, and Officiating Chaplain of Ahmedabad, to officiate as Chaplain of Devlali from the date of being relieved.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1882.

No. 3859.—The following appointments are made during the absence of Major C. Wodehouse, Political Agent in the Mahi Kántha, on privilege leave, or until further orders:—

Major W. A. Salmon, Assistant Political Agent, in charge of the Janjira State, to act as Political Agent in the Mahi Kántha.

Captain W. B. Ferris, Second in Command, Kolhápúr Infantry Corps, and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhápúr and Southern Marátha Country, to act as Assistant Political Agent in charge of the Janjira State.

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 3990.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished:—

“POLITICAL.

Simla, the 10th August 1882.

No. 373 G.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confer upon Ochoram Mitharam, Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, the title of ‘Ráo Bahádúr,’ as a personal distinction.

(Signed) C. GRANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,
Chief Secretary to Government

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th August 1882.

No. 4854.—Mr. Haibatrao Malhar, Deshpandé and Inámdár of Nevré, is appointed to be a Village Munsif under the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, for the villages of Nevré and Jámbud in the Málsiras Táluka of the Sholápur District.

With reference to Government Notification No. 4759, dated the 13th July 1880, A'zam Yeshwantrao bin Nanaji Patil is appointed to be a Village Munsif under the Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act, 1879, for the villages of (1) Ambikhálsá, (2) Ghárgaon, (3) Kurkundi, and (4) Náundur Khandármál in the Sangamner Táluka of the Ahmednagar District.

Bombay Castle, 9th August 1882.

No. 4889.—Mr. Doulatram Suratsing, Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor in the Shikárpur District, is appointed Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor also in the Upper Sind Frontier District.

No. 4901.—Under the provisions of Section 28 of Act XIV. of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) Mr. L. G. Fernandez, First Class Subordinate Judge at Ratnágiri, is, within the local limits of his ordinary jurisdiction, invested with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1882.

No. 4915.—Ráo Sáheb Shantaya Manjunath Mámlatdár of Ránabennur in the District of Dhárwár, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the District of Dhárwár under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872.

No. 4922.—A'zam Krishnarao Sadashiv Mulekar, Acting Mámlatdár of Táluka Sangola, in the District of Sholápur, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Sholápur under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872.

No. 4934.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. P. Ryan, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Presidency Magistrate in the place of Mr. Dosabhoy Framji, C.S.I., during his absence, or until further orders.

Mr. Shivshankar Govindram to act as Presidency Magistrate, vice Mr. P. Ryan, or until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 11th August 1882.

No. 4950.—A'zam Kishordas Govandas, Acting Head Kárkún in the Mámlatdár's Kacheri at Jambusar in the District of Broach, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Broach under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872, and is invested with the following additional powers:—

Power to hold inquests (Section 135).

Power to entertain complaints of offences in cases in which he has jurisdiction to try (Section 141).

Power to issue order to prevent obstruction, &c. (Section 518).

Power to issue order prohibiting repetition of nuisance (Section 519).

Bombay Castle, 12th August 1882.

No. 4998.—Mr. Krishnaji Bapuji Niphadkar has been appointed under Section 40 of Act XIV. of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to act as Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Rajápur in the Ratnágiri District, during the absence of Mr. Mahipat Bhivrao on leave, or until further orders.

No. 4999.—*Erratum*.—In Government Notification No. 4287, dated 14th July 1882, published at page 544 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 20th idem, Part I.—

for "A'zam Bahirji Shahaji Patil for the village of Angar,"

read "A'zam Bahirji, Narsingrav, Deshmukh for the village of Uplai Budruk."

No. 5003.—Surgeon D. O'Sullivan, in charge of the Lock Hospital at Karáchi, is invested with power to punish breaches of Nos. 14, 16 and 19 of the Rules of 18th June 1868, passed by His Excellency the Governor in Council under Clause 7 Section XI. of (Bombay) Act III. of 1867.

No. 5006.—Ráo Bahádúr Vinayakrao Ranganath Parandharé, Acting District Deputy Collector, Ratnágiri, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in the District of Ratnágiri under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872, and is invested with the following additional powers:—

Power to hold inquests (Section 135).

Power to entertain complaints and receive Police reports in cases in which he has jurisdiction to try (Section 141).

Power to issue order to prevent obstruction, &c. (Section 518).

Power to issue order prohibiting repetition of nuisance (Section 519).

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 5071.—Mr. Byramji Rastamji has been appointed under Section 40 of Act XIV. of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to be substantive *pro tem*. Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Surat, with effect from the 8th August 1882, vice Mr. Karpurram Manmathram.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1882.

No. 1375.—Ráo Bahádúr Kowramal Chandumalki, Sindhi Translator, Educational Department, is allowed two months' privilege leave from 21st instant.

No. 1377.—The two months' privilege leave granted to Ráo Sáheb Raoji Balaji Karandikar, Deputy Educational Inspector, Belgaum Sub-Division, in this Department Notification No. 793 of 23rd May last, is cancelled.

Bombay Castle, 12th August 1882.

No. 1389.—Surgeon-Major Wellington Gray, M.B., is appointed to act as Professor of Surgery

and Clinical Surgery in the Grant Medical College, during the absence of Surgeon-Major H. J. Blanc, or until further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
C. GONNE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th August 1882.

No. 5381.—Under Section 6 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments are made in the Registration Department:—

Mr. W. Spiers, First Grade, Special Sub-Registrar of Haveli in the Poona District, to be Special Sub-Registrar of Dhulia in the Khándesh District.

Mr. Madhavrao Pandurang, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dhulia in the Khándesh District, to be Special Sub-Registrar in the same grade of Haveli in the Poona District until further orders.

No. 5398.—Under Section 12 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Násik District.

Mr. Eknáth Krishna, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Násik, from 18th April to 7th May 1882.

Ahmedabad District.

Mr. Lakshmirám Ranelhod, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Dholka, from 2nd to 9th July 1882.

Dhárwár District.

Mr. Devji Mahádev, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Navalgund, from 8th to 11th July 1882.

Bombay Castle, 12th August 1882.

No. 5428.—The undermentioned candidates passed on the 8th ultimo the Special Lower Standard Departmental Examination referred to in Government Resolution No. 2512, dated 17th April 1882:—

Passed with Credit.

1. Mr. Ganpaya Luxmikant, Shirastedár to the Second Assistant Collector, Kánara.
2. Mr. Subrao Mangesh, Shirastedár to the First Assistant Collector, Kanára.
3. Mr. Maruti Sakharam, Shirastedár to the Superintendent and Huzúr Deputy Collector, Kárwár.
4. Mr. Raghvendra Govind Ráyadurg, Kárkún, District Deputy Collector, Dhárwár.

Passed.

5. Mr. Jagannath Luxman, Local Fund Accountant to the Collector of Kolába.

The above names are arranged in the order of merit.

Bombay Castle, 14th August 1882.

No. 5466.—Kazi Sumerali valad Nusserullah and Shekh Shurefdin valad Adam to be Probationary Special Sub-Registrars of Jacobabad and Thul respectively in the Upper Sind Frontier District.

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 5516.—Mr. C. E. Biddulph, Acting Assistant Superintendent, Sind Revenue Survey, has been allowed a further extension for three days of the leave without allowances granted to him,—*vide* Government Notifications Nos. 3834 and 4374, dated 14th June and 7th July 1882 respectively.

No. 5535.—The privilege leave for three months granted to Mr. W. S. Owen, Assistant Superintendent, Southern Marátha Country Revenue Survey, under Government Notification No. 4912, dated 26th July 1882, is cancelled.

No. 5543.—Under Section 6 of Act III. of 1877, Mr. Ganeshrám Bapuji, Kárkán, Sub-Registry Office, Karmála, in the Sholápur District, is appointed Third Grade Probationary Special Sub-Registrar of Mádhá in the same District.

No. 5545.—Mr. A. W. Crawley-Boevey, Tálukdári Settlement Officer, is allowed privilege leave of absence for thirty-three days.

No. 5548.—Mr. R. T. Wingate, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Southern Marátha Country, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for two months.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,

Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 3165.—With effect from the departure to Europe of Mr. W. O. Meade King, and pending further orders, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act, No. XV. of 1881, Mr. Kharsedji N. Servai, Assistant to the Collector of Bombay in the License Tax Department, to act, in addition to his own duties, as Inspector of Factories, Bombay, within the limits of the City

and Island of Bombay. Mr. Servai is also appointed the Officer to receive notices under Section 8 of the Act within the same limits.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,

Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1882.

No. 33.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished for information:—

" Simla, the 10th August 1882.

No. 188.—The Government of India has no further need of the services of Mr. G. Innes, Assistant Examiner, Public Works Accounts."

No. 34.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

To be Honorary Assistant Engineers, First Grade.

Mr. Damodhur Mayaram.

" J. D. Wilson.

" Moteeram Manicklal.

" Cooverjee Burjorjee.

" Dinkur Ramchunder.

" Bhimaya Saenna.

" H. W. Clements.

To be Honorary Assistant Engineers, Second Grade.

Mr. Framjee Merwanjee.

" D. Hormusjee Burjorjee.

" G. Brunnell.

" W. J. Greene.

To be Honorary Assistant Examiners, First Grade.

Mr. Sorabjee Merwanjee.

" Samuel Essajee.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. J. MERRIMAN, Major-General, R.E.,
Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice has been pleased to grant subsidiary leave for one day from the 2nd August 1882 to G. H. Farran, Esquire, Assistant Commissioner and Taxing Master of the High Court.

J. W. ORR,

Prothonotary and Registrar.

Bombay, 16th August 1882.

BY THE COLLECTOR OF SALT REVENUE.

Mr. P. G. Scott, appointed Acting Supernumerary Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue by Government Resolution No. 4255, dated the 1st

ultimo, reported himself for duty on the forenoon of the 3rd July 1882.

W. PORTEOUS,

Acting Collector of Salt Revenue

Poona, 8th August 1882.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS.

Surgeon T. E. Worgan and Mr. H. Ingle, Deputy Collector, and Magistrate, First Class, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Kárwár District Jail on the 31st July 1882, in the afternoon.

J. CRUICKSHANK,

Inspector-General of Prisons

Poona, 9th August 1882.

BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

CIRCULAR No. 46.

RESOURCE DEPARTMENT.

From—The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY;
To—All COLLECTORS and TREASURY OFFICERS.

Dated Bombay, 9th August 1882.

I have the honour to request that you will be good enough to inform me, by telegram, on the 1st September and 1st October 1882, of the amounts of Portuguese silver coin of each denomination, available in your district for remittance elsewhere. This information is required by the British Delegate for the Portuguese Treaty.

CIRCULAR No. 47.

BOOK DEPARTMENT.

From—The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY;
To—All COLLECTORS and TREASURY OFFICERS.

Bombay, 11th August 1882.

The present form of Schedule of receipts on account of the Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund does not suit the requirements of this office, and I accordingly append a revised form which should be at once brought into use.

2. You should, when subscriptions are received by deductions from payment vouchers, cite the number of the voucher, so that the deduction may be verified; and, when they are received in cash, you should explain why they are so received.

3. Subscriptions from those who joined the Fund after 9th September 1879 are required to be paid by deduction from salary or pension, and you should accordingly refuse to receive cash from such subscribers, except as provided further on.

4. The cases in which cash may be received are detailed below, and the initial letter, &c., marked against each case will be deemed a sufficiently full explanation to enter in the Schedule—

- (1). Subscribers who joined on or before 9th September 1879—(B. 9-9-79).
 - (2). Subscribers on Foreign Service or who have left the Government service otherwise than on pension—(F. S.)
 - (3.) Special subscriptions 12 months in advance or on admission to Fund—S.
 - (4.) Subscribers who draw their salaries from a Municipality or Local Fund, but whose service qualifies for pension from the General Revenues as an Uncovenanted officer—M. or L. F.
5. Each officer who tenders cash at your Treasury should state in what department he is employed, and why he requires to pay his subscription in cash; if he became a subscriber before 9th September 1879, the money tendered may be received without question, and entered as under (1).

6. Under (2) you should include Local Fund employes and officers who became subscribers after 9th September 1879, and who are no longer in the service, and should levy from all who come under this head an extra premium equal to $\frac{1}{4}$ th of their subscriptions, and carry it into the appropriate column of the Schedule. For example, if Rs. 20 is tendered on account of the Fund, you should see that Rs. 5 is also tendered on account of the premium payable to Government under Section 9 of the Civil Pension Code. A similar premium should also be levied on every subscription deducted from a Local Fund voucher, unless the subscriber's service qualifies for pension from the General Revenues, or unless he joined the Fund before 9th September 1879.

7. Items under (4) are exceptional, and chiefly confined to the city of Bombay: you should, therefore, report specially any cases which seem to fall under this head.

8. In your cash account you should carry the amount due to the Fund to credit of the Fund, and the premia due to the State to "XXII. Interest"—"Percentage from Subscribers to Uncovenanted Service Funds."

Schedule of Recoveries made at the _____ Treasury on account of the Bombay
Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund during the month of _____ 188 .

| Date of Recovery. | Name. | How received—Cash or Transfer. | If received by Transfer, Number of Voucher. | If received in Cash, Why?* | Period of Subscription. | Widow Pension Fund. | Life Insurance Branch. | Children Branch. | Total to Fund. | Interest or Percentage from Foreign Em-ployes. | Remarks. |
|-------------------|-------|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------|--|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

* (B. 9-9-79), (F. S.), (S) or (M. or L. F.). See para. 4 of Accountant General's Circular No. 47, dated 11th August 1882.

TREASURY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.

No. 4.—The following appointments of Head Accountants are made:—

1. Pandurang Tamaji to be Fourth Grade Head Accountant at Ratnágiri, vice Rao Lakshman Narayan appointed Deputy Collector, Sixth Grade, and to continue to do duty as substantive *pro tem*. Third Grade Head Accountant at Dhárwár until further orders.
2. Keshava Narayan to be substantive *pro tem*. Fourth Grade Head Accountant, vice Pandurang Tamaji, and to continue to do duty at Ratnágiri until further orders.

Bombay, 16th August 1882.

A. COTTERELL TUPP,
Accountant General.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Mr. Narayan Bhicaji delivered over and Mr. Edulji Dosabhai received charge of the office of the Second Assistant Collector of Ahmedabad, on the 4th instant, in the afternoon.

Mr. Sitaram Damodhar delivered over and Mr. W. Allen received charge of the office of the District Deputy Collector, Panch Maháls, on the 2nd instant, in the afternoon.

Poona, 9th August 1882.

Mr. Edulji Dosabhai delivered over and Mr. Sitaram Damodhar received charge of the office of the Second Assistant Collector of Ahmedabad, on the 5th instant, in the forenoon.

The following persons are appointed Non-official Commissioners for the undermentioned Municipalities in the Ahmedabad District for the remainder of the current triennial term, or till the appointment of their successors:—

Viramgám Town Municipality.

- Mr. Chinu Asena, vice Mia Saheb Fatumia, deceased.
„ Ishvar Kesavji, vice Girdhar Jeysangbhai, deceased.

Parántij Town Municipality.

1. Mr. Chandrashunkar Bhunanund, vice Rasulbhai Sadabhai, resigned.
2. „ Mohanlal Chaganlal, vice Chaganlal Bhugwan, deceased.
3. „ Hargovan Narsiram, vice Vena Pitambar, deceased.
4. „ T. V. Ramdas.
5. „ Jetalal Dayaram.

Poona, 10th August 1882.

Doctor H. D. Osborne is appointed a Non-official Commissioner of the Town Municipality of Gogha in Ahmedabad, vice Rajaram Balkrishna, Hospital Assistant, transferred.

Mr. P. H. Dastur delivered over and Mr. S. C. Chitnis received charge of the office of the District

Deputy Collector, Kolába, on the 5th instant, in the forenoon.

Poona, 12th August 1882.

G. F. SHEPPARD,
Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Choturam Shiwlal Shet and Govind Sakharam Dalal are appointed Non-official Commissioners for the Town Municipality of Jalgaon in the Khándesh District, vice Gulabchand Ratanchand and Bhagawan bin Aya, removed.

Poona, 4th August 1882.

Mr. R. A. Lamb, Supernumerary Assistant to the Collector of Khándesh, is allowed one month's privilege leave from 29th instant.

Dr. Key is appointed a Non-official Commissioner for the Town Municipality of Bhusával in the Khándesh District, vice Dr. O'Sullivan, who has left the place.

Damodar Krishna is appointed a Non-official Commissioner for the Town Municipality of Pusesávi in the Sátára District, vice Krishnuaji Laxumon Ayachit, resigned.

Poona, 9th August 1882.

Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Krishna Shahane, Probationary Fourth Grade Mámlatdár of Táluka Mádhá, is confirmed in his appointment.

Poona, 10th August 1882.

E. P. ROBERTSON,
Commissioner, C. D.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 259.—Surgeon-Major P. S. Turnbull, M.D., and Surgeon O. H. Channer respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Northern Deccan Registration District, on the 8th August 1882, after office hours.

No. 260.—Vithal Govind, Candidate, was appointed substantive *pro tem*. Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator in the Poona Zilla, from 18th November to 31st December 1881 inclusive, vice Naro Janardan, promoted.

No. 261.—In Notification No. 139, dated 21st December 1881, for "1st December 1881" read "1st January 1882."

No. 262.—Motilal Bapuji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Broach Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 27th July to 8th August 1882 inclusive.

No. 263.—The privilege leave granted to Damodar Ganesh, Second Grade Local Vaccinator, Nagar Zilla, in Notification No. 224, dated 7th June last, is extended to 9th August 1882 inclusive, and Vinayak Balwant ceased to act for him from 31st July 1882.

JOHN LUMSDAINE,
Sanitary Commissioner.

Bombay, 16th August 1882.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

Mr. Kristnarao Sadashiv Mulekar, Magistrate, Third Class, of Táluka Sángola in the District of Sholápur, is invested with additional powers under Sections 135, 141, 518, and 519 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

G. WADDINGTON,
District Magistrate, Sholápur.

*Sholápur, District Magistrate's
Office, 15th August 1882.*

BY COLLECTORS.

The following appointments of Village Registrars were made in the Poona District during the month of July 1882 :—

Táluka Haveli.

1. Chintamon Pandurang, Officiating Kulkarni, to be Village Registrar of Loni Kalbhar, vice Ramchandra Govind, Kulkarni.
2. Babu Kashinath, Officiating Kulkarni, to be Village Registrar of Mán, Hinjavdi, and Wakad, vice Moro Vinayak, Kulkarni.

Táluka Junnar.

3. Narhar Bhagwant, Officiating Kulkarni, to be Village Registrar of Pimpri Kawal, vice Gopal Trimbak, Kulkarni.

J. G. MOORE,
Collector.

*Poona Collector's Office,
11th August 1882.*

BY THE SURGEON-GENERAL, HER
MAJESTY'S FORCES IN BOMBAY.

No. 73.—The following transfers are ordered:—

| <i>Assistant Apothecary.</i> | <i>From</i> | <i>To</i> |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| * E. MacMullen, No. 71. | General Duty, Sind. | General Duty, Quetta. |
| <i>Hospital Assistants.</i> | | |
| * Mulloosaye, No. 119 (Second Class). | General Duty, Presidency. | Station Hos- pital, Bel- gaum. |
| * Sewdayalsing, No. 198 (Third Class). | Station Hos- pital, Bel- gaum. | General Duty, Quetta. |
| * Babu Sumshersing, No. 300 (Third Class). | General Duty, Presidency. | Ditto. |

No. 74.—Passed Native Medical Pupil Duttoo Vinayek, No. 335, is granted two months' extension of leave (on medical certificate) granted in Notification No. 37 of 1882.

* Travelling expeditiously by rail, road, or steamer, as the case may be, at the public expense.

By order,

P. S. TURNBULL, Surgeon-Major,
Secretary.

Bombay, 15th August 1882.