THE



Bomban Government Gazette.

Qublished by Anthority.

[No. 30

Pages.

THURSDAY, 27TH JULY 1882.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

C.	ONTE
	Pages.
I Government Notifications, Appointments, &c	550-560
Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c	.561—563
II Miscellaneous Notices and Advertisements	.841-856
III.—Miscellaneous Supplements	.587—595
IV.—Acts passed by Government of India and Government of Bombay. Not published this week,	
V.—Proceedings of the Legislative Council. Not published this week.	
VI.—Government of India Bills. Not published this week.	
	I.—Government Notifications, Appointments, &c Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c II.—Miscellaneous Notices and Advertisements III.—Miscellaneous Supplements IV.—Acts passed by Government of India and Government of Bombay. Not published this week. V.—Proceedings of the Legislative Council. Not published this week. VI.—Government of India Bills.

PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 21st July 1882.

No. 2731.—The following telegram from the Government of India, Home Department, dated 20th instant, is published for general information:—

"Constantinople Board, Dickson dissenting, have resolved to quarantine all pilgrim ships from India five days Camaran though with clean bills and no suspicious cases."

No. 2741.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the establishment of a ferry over the nala to the east of the town of Nevasa, which is an arm of the Pravara River, within the limits of the Nevasa Taluka of the Ahmednagar Collectorate, and to declare the same to be a Public Ferry under the provisions of Section 2 of Bombay Act II. of 1868.

Bombay Castle, 24th July 1882.

Part VII.—Trade Returns, Bombay and Sind.
Not published this week.

Part IX.—Marathi Acts, &c.
Not published this week.
Part X.—Gujarati Acts, &c.
Not published this week.
Part XI.—Canarese Acts, &c.
Not published this week.
Part XII.—Hindustani Acts, &c.
Not published this week.

No. 2779.—With reference to Government Notification in the General Department dated the 23rd August 1869, published at pages 966 and 967 of the Bombay Government Gazette of the 26th idem, Part I., the following Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce is republished for general information:—

"No. 2018.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Simla, the 29th June 1882.

' Read again-

Resolutions of the Government of India in the Department of Finance, Nos. 1370 and 2208, dated respectively the 23rd June and 26th July 1869, in which it was ruled that when a medical officer, other than a Civil Surgeon or officer in medical charge of a civil station, is summoned to give evidence in a Criminal Court, touching

1.-155

the result of a post morten or other examination conducted by him, in cases not falling within the ordinary discharge of his duties, he should receive a fee of Rs. 16, in addition to the usual expenses payable to a witness.

'Read-

Letter from the Government of the Punjab, No. 336, dated the 29th April 1882, submitting for confirmation a decision by that Government to the effect that the fee of Rs. 16 should be paid for conducting the post morten examination, whether or not the officer conducting it be required to give evidence in Court regarding it.

'RESOLUTION .- In supersession of the orders of 1869, the Governor General in Council is

pleased to declare that a Medical Officer, not being a Civil Surgeon or an officer in medical charge of a civil station, shall be entitled to receive a fee of Rs. 16 for conducting a post mortem or other examination in cases not falling within the ordinary discharge of his duties. whether or not he is required to give evidence in a Court of Justice in connection with such examination. It is, however, to be distinctly understood that when such an officer is required, under these circumstances, to give evidence in a Court, he shall not be entitled to any remuneration in addition to the fee above sanctioned other than the usual expenses paid to a witness.'

> (Signed) R. E. HAMILTON, Offg. Assist. Secy. to the Govt. of India."

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 2826 .- The following Resolution of the Government of India is republished for general information :-

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Home Department (Sanitary),—
dated Simla, the 12th July 1882.

READ again the following papers regarding the issue of passports to pilgrims proceeding from India to the Hedjaz, and the rules for regulating their distribution :-

Despatch from Secretary of State, No. 61, dated 8th July 1875.

"" to Secretary of State, No. 17, dated 2nd July 1877.

"" from Secretary of State, No. 100, dated 22nd July 1880.

103, dated 12th August 1880. 161, dated 11th November 1880. 42, dated 3rd March 1881. 103, dated 7th July 1881.

"to Secretary of State, No. 126, dated 7th July 1881.
Circular to Local Governments, No. 1914-E.P., dated 2nd October 1881.
Circular to Local Governments, No. 1914-E.P., dated 24th August 1881.
Despatch from Secretary of State, No. 147, dated 29th September 1881.
From Punjab, No. 2026, dated 15th September 1881.
British Burma, No. 6537, dated 20th September 1881.
Bombay, No. 3100, dated 20th September 1881.
Rajputána, No. 1895, dated 22nd September 1881.
Bengal, No. 1072, dated 30th September 1881.

Bengal, No. 1672, dated 22nd September 1881. Hyderabad, No. 84, dated 1st October 1881.

"Hyderabad, No. 84, dated 1st October 1881.

"Madras, No. 1348, dated 5th October 1881.

"North-Western Provinces, No. 160, dated 4th March 1832.

Circular to Local Governments, &c., No. 2644, dated 8th November 881.

From Government of Madras, No. 550, dated 29th November 1881.

"of Bombay, No. 517, dated 11th February 1882.

"of Bengal No. 105 P., dated 16th January 1882.

"of North-Western Provinces and Oudh, No. 227, dated 5th April 1882.

"of Punjab, No. 112, dated 25th January 1882.

"Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, No. 4253-230, dated 19th November 1881.

RESOLUTION.

- The proposal to grant passports to pilgrims from India to the Hedjaz, which had previously occupied the serious attention of the Government of India in connection with the question of alleviating the hardships attending the journey, was revived by an enquiry from Her Majesty's Government in July 1875, whether the Government of India could suggest any means of mitigating the sufferings of the poorer class of Muhammadans who undertook the pilgrimage. Her Majesty's Consul at Jeddah was at that time in favour of introducing a system similar to that pursued by other Governments of granting upon certain conditions a passport to every pilgrim.
- The Government of India took the subject into careful consideration, and after consulting the Local Governments decided that with the strongest desire to relieve the discomforts and sufferings to which at present pilgrims to Mecca are subjected, it was unadvisable to impose upon their movements any restrictions which might be liable to misconstruction. A reply was accordingly sent to the Secretary of State on the 2nd July 1877, to the effect that, in concurrence with the views of the local authorities, the Governor General in Council was opposed to any direct interference on the part of Government with what is considered to be a religious obligation by a large section of the Muhammadan community in India, and accordingly deprecated the introduction of a system of passports or licenses, or any other similarly restrictive arrangements.

- 3. In consequence of this determination, no further action was then taken in the matter, and the question remained in abeyance until July 1880, when the Government of India received an intimation from the Secretary of State that the Turkish Government had issued orders requiring passports in future for all passengers and pilgrims arriving in Jeddah, whether Turkish or Foreign subjects, and announcing that those who came unprovided with such documents would be liable to be repelled from the ports of the Hedjaz.
- 4. It therefore became necessary, in order to prevent Indian pilgrims from encountering the risk of being turned back on their arrival in Turkish ports, that the Government of India should take measures to provide their Muhammadan subjects with passports, and it only remained to consider how best to give effect to the requirements of the Turkish Government without interfering more than was absolutely necessary with the freedom of movement and action previously enjoyed by Indian pilgrims. With this object a circular was sent to Local Governments and Administrations explaining the Regulation published by the Porte, and asking for opinion upon the following points:—
 - (i) the question of charging a small fee on passports in order to raise a fund to be devoted to giving assistance to needy and impoverished pilgrims;
 - (ii) the plan of issuing passports, not only at the ports of embarkation, but also in every district in British India, and in the Native States;
 - (iii) the necessity of appointing pilgrim agents at Indian scaports to facilitate the embarkation of pilgrims, and to afford them all possible information and aid.
- 5. The reports received in reply made it clear that, although a small minority, including some Muhammadan gentlemen of position and experience, were in favour of levying a fee upon each passport issued, the weight of opinion was opposed to such a measure, not only as being liable to misinterpretation, and calculated to give rise to erroneous impressions, but also on the ground that it would still further increase the already heavy expenditure which the pilgrimage entails. In deference to those views it has been decided that passports shall be distributed, in the form annexed to this Resolution, free of any charge; and also, for similar reasons, that no deposit or other guarantee of the ability of the grantee to discharge the cost of his journey in Arabia or of his return journey shall be exacted by this Government.
- 6. Further, with a view to making the new Turkish regulations as little irksome as possible to natives of India proceeding to the Hedjaz on pilgrimage, it has been resolved that passports shall be unconditionally given to every intending pilgrim not only at the ports of embarkation, but also at the central stations of every district in British India, and at the head-quarters of all Political Agencies in Native States. Thus it will be left to the option of the pilgrim to take his passport either in his own district or at the port from which he starts, as he may find most convenient.
- 7. With regard to the proposal to appoint pilgrim agents at the several ports of embarkation, it has been represented to the Government of India that, as a general rule, the local authorities empowered to carry out the provisions of the Native Passenger Ships Act (No. VIII. of 1876) can satisfactorily discharge the duties that would devolve upon these officers. With this opinion the Governor General in Council concurs. But in consideration of the very large number of pilgrims who annually embark at, and return to, Bombay, and the necessity of making some special arrangements to meet their requirements, it is proposed to appoint a Protector of Pilgrims at that port. He will be a Muhammadan, and will work in subordination to the Commissioner of Police. His duties will be to issue passports to all applicants; to aid them in procuring the necessary equipment for the voyage; to bring to notice the existence of any epidemic disease among them; and generally to give them all the information and assistance within his power in respect of every matter connected with their pilgrimage. The Bombay Government will be requested to make proposals for the pay and establishment of this officer whose employment on this special work will only be necessary for a portion—about 6 months—of the year.
- 8. The last point which has engaged the attention of the Government of India in connection with this subject, is the question of providing passports and making arrangements for the subjects of other Governments, e.g., natives of Kashgar, Russian Turkistan, Afghanistan, &c., who embark for Mecca from Indian ports, similar to those introduced for the benefit of British Indian subjects. The numbers of this class of pilgrims are not large, and it has been ascertained that in their passage through British territory they have uniformly comported themselves in quiet and orderly fashion. At the same time they have no right to represent themselves as British subjects, or to receive passports as such. Nevertheless, in accordance with the rules and principles which always guide the action of the Government in such matters, it has been determined to facilitate the embarkation of such foreigners at Indian ports, and possibly their debarkation at those in the Red Sea, by granting them informal passes in the form appended to this Resolution as form B. These passes will not be compulsory, and their issue will be subject to the payment of a small fee of Rs. 2. They will be granted on application at Bombay by the Protector of Pilgrims; at other ports by the Commissioner of Police. It should be clearly explained at the time of issue that they impose no responsibility upon the Government of India in regard to the holder, nor can that Government in any way guarantee their recognition by the officials of the Turkish or any other Foreign Government.
- 9. The forms of passport to be granted to Indian subjects, and of the informal pass for aliens, are marked respectively A and B, and are appended to this Resolution. The latter, which is translated into both Urdu and Arabic, needs no remarks. On the reverse of the former explanatory instructions

are printed in the same languages for the guidance of the pilgrims and the information of all concerned. These instructions are simple and self-explanatory. In the column for 'General Remarks' attention may be drawn to the social position of persons of rank receiving passports. This may prove useful to them in the Hedjaz.

10. In order to secure as far as possible that Indian pilgrims to the Hedjaz are properly treated after landing, and to assist them in making arrangements for their return passage, the Governor General in Council has, with the approval of the Secretary of State, decided to appoint a Muhammadan gentleman to act as Vice-Consul at Jeddah. It is anticipated that this officer will take up his duties before the commencement of the next pilgrim season.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments, Administrations and to the several Departments of the Government of India for information and guidance. Also that it be published in the Gazette of India and in all local Gazettes for general information. Local Governments are requested to arrange for its early translation and publication in all Vernacular Gazettes.

2. Local Governments are also requested to apply without delay for as many copies of the passports and passes as they may require to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in charge of the Home Department at Calcutta.

(True Extract)
(Signed) A. Mackenzie,
Secretary to the Government of India."

A.



Registered No.

British Consulate, Jeddah.

PILGRIM'S PASSPORT.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Name (in English and Urdu).	Father's name.	Residence.	Occupatio n.	Age.	*Distinctive Marks.	General Remarks.

* To be filled up for male pilgrims only.

This Passport, issued by the authority of the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council, Requests and Requires all those whom it may concern to afford the person above-named going on pilgrimage to the Hedjaz all needed assistance and protection.

By Order of the Governor General of India in Council,

Countersigned at	
thisday of	188
(Sd.)	
Magistrate or	Commissioner of Police,
	or Political Agent.

Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department.

NOTICE TO PILGRIMS.

- The British Government having been informed by the Turkish Government that the authorities in the Hedjaz will not allow pilgrims from British India to land without a Passport, this Passport is issued to enable pilgrims to comply with the orders of the Turkish Government.
- This Passport is supplied on request made by or on behalf of the intending pilgrim, but no fee is charged for issuing the same.
- 3. The British Government does not undertake to bring back pauper pilgrims from the Hedjaz.
- 4. The British Government has no desire to interfere with the liberty of the pilgrims, but warns its subjects that they should not undertake the pilgrimage if they have not sufficient pecuniary means for the expenses of the journey to the Hedjaz and back to India.
- 5. On arrival at Jeddah the holder of this Passport should present it to the British Consul for registration.
- This Passport having been granted solely for the convenience of the pilgrim, the holder thereof is entitled to apply to the British Consul at Jeddah for assistance in case of difficulty.
- For the convenience of pilgrims not knowing English, this Passport is accompanied with a full translation of this notice in Urdu and Arabic.

B.



Certified that the bearer, who states that his name is and that he is a resident of ; has passed through on his way to the Hedjaz; and that no complaints have been made regarding his conduct while in British Territory.

Commissioner of Police.

Dated at

this

day of

188 ..

Fee Rs. 2.

No. 2827.—With reference to Government Notification in the General Department, No. 1614, dated 3rd May 1882, published at pages 330-31 of Part I. of the Bombay Government Gazette of the 4th idem, the following Notification by the Government of India is republished for general information:—

"HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.

Simla, the 19th July 1882.

No. 220.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 46 of the Native Passenger Ships Act, No. VIII. of 1876, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following addition to Rule VII. of the Rules published in Notification No. 112, dated 27th April 1882:— 'In the case of ships engaged in the coasting trade, and carrying passengers on short voyages from port to port who do not ordinarily cook food on board, the officer granting the certhicate B may, in his discretion, reduce the number of cooking ranges to such number, not being less than two, as may to him seem adequate to the requirements of the passengers.'

(Signed) A. MACKENZIE, Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Acting Secretary to Government.

1.-156

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 2784.—The following Resolution by the Government of India is republished:—

"DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Simla, the 17th July 1882.

No. 2469.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce.

Read-

Resolution in this Department, No. 1438, dated 8th Murch 1882.

RESOLUTION.—A considerable supply of stock notes having now been received from England at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the necessary printing into them of the names of the several circles as well as of the year-figures being considerably advanced, His Excellency the Governor General in Council considers that the sale should commence in all Provinces (except British Burma and Berar) with as little further delay as possible.

- 2. In the Punjab two syndicates have been formed,—one for Lahore and the other for the rest of the Province,—and a sufficient supply of notes has partly been already delivered to the Accountant General, and will be completed in the course of a few days. The transfer to the syndicates of such quantities as they require may therefore commence at once.
- 3. In the North-Western Provinces syndicates have been constituted for the Benares and Allahabad Divisions on the one hand and the Agra and Meerut Divisions on the other, and supplies of the notes are nearly complete, so that sales will commence in a few days, as in the Punjab. With the view to one or more syndicates for the rest of the Province, certain parties have placed themselves in communication with the Accountant General, who should report the final result to this Department as soon as possible. But he should at once proceed, irrespective of any such negotiations, to complete his supplies from the Comptroller General and to issue to the several Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in the remaining portion of the Province, with a view to the early commencement of sales by Government officers as contemplated in Clause (8) of paragraph 4 of the Resolution quoted above.
- 4. The Comptroller General should similarly supply, in communication with the Accountant General and Comptroller respectively, all Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in Bengal and Assam, and the Accountant Generals at Bombay and Madras and the Comptroller at Nagpore those within their respective limits, the lastnamed officer indenting on Bombay for whatever notes he may require.
- 5. It is considered indispensable that sales should commence on the same date at all the Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in the same Province, in order to prevent inconvenience to the public and derangement of the supply of the several localities according to their probable normal demand. The several officers who have in the preceding paragraphs been directed to supply their Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries should

therefore commence their issues with the most distant localities, estimate as nearly as possible the date by which all will have been supplied, and then publish as widely as possible, with the aid of the local executive authorities, a notice in the vernacular in the following terms:—

'Notice is hereby given that the sale of Stock Notes to the public will commence on the instant at the Government Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries specified below. The Notes are issued under the conditions specified in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 1438 of 8th March 1882. Interest will be payable annually, on production of the Note with coupons attached, at any of the said Treasuries or Sub-Treasuries, and Notes of lower will be exchanged for Notes of higher denomination, or new Notes will be issued, under due precautions, in the place of Notes lost or destroyed, on application at the same.'

[Here should follow the list of Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries.]

6. By the preceding paragraph the officers concerned have been severally authorised, in supersession of all previous instructions, to fix and notify, without further reference to this Department, the date of simultaneous commencement of sales within their respective limits; but His Excellency the Governor General in Council relies on them for making every effort to ensure that date being the earliest possible. The date so fixed should be telegraphed to this Department for information.

ORDERED, that this Resolution be communicated to the Comptroller General and the several Accountants General for information and guidance, and to the Local Governments and Administrations and the Press Commissioner for information; and also that it be published in the Gazette of India.

(Signed) D. M. BARBOUR, Offg. Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 2785.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished:—

" DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Simla, the 21st July 1882.

No. 2534.—The following Addendum to the Codes of the Financial Department is published for general information:--

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

Page 198.

Section 157, Rule 2.

Insert the words 'for reasons stated' between 'may allow' in Proviso V and after 'may' in Proviso VI, respectively.

(Signed) D. M. BARBOUR, Offg. Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th July 1882.

No. 4732.—In supersession of all former Notifications on the subject, and in exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant or Deputy Collectors in charge of the different Tálukas of the Districts of Kaládgi, Belgaum, Dhárwár, and Kanára to be ex-officio Forest Settlement Officers within their respective charges for the purposes set forth in Section 4 Clause (c) and Section 34 of the said Act, with effect from the 15th October 1882.

2. Under Section 16 of the said Act His Excellency the Governor in Council is also pleased to appoint the Collector of each of the above-named districts to hear appeals from any orders passed by the said Forest Settlement Officers under Sections 10, 11, 14, or 15 of the said Act, with effect from the date above-mentioned.

No. 4738.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following rule should be added to the Rules for the admission of University men to higher appointments in the Revenue Branch of the public service, published in Government Notification No. 826, dated the 9th February 1881, at pages 69-70 of the Bombay Government Gazette of the 10th idem, Part I.:—

"III. A.—All graduates admitted to the Service under Rule II. shall be required to pass the Lower Standard Departmental Examination, and if they fail to pass at the Second Examination held after they have completed the period of eighteen months' service referred to in Rule III., they shall be removed from their appointments."

Bombay Castle, 24th July 1882.

No. 4851.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII. of 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the Schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests in the Pen Táluka of the Kolába Collectorate:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.			Boundaries as distinguished b Survey Numbers.			
Miria Dongar			•••	228, 231. 49, 50.		
Chikhalgaon Rabgaon		•••	•••	78.		
Kondvi Patansai	•••	•••		116. 69.		
Kondgaon		•••		135, 136, 140, 141.		

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 4933.—In supersession of Government Notification No. 5367, dated 12th October 1880, it is hereby notified for general information, by

order of His Excellency the Governor in Council, that, on and after the 1st proximo and until further intimation, Opium will be issued from all Government Depôts in the Presidency of Bombay, including Sind, at the fixed rate of Rs. 12 per lb. of 40 tolás each.

No. 4934.—Under Rule 46 of the Rules under the Opium Act, 1878, published at pages 237-249 of Part I. of the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated 30th March 1878, it is hereby notified for general information, by order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council, that, on and after the 1st proximo and until further intimation, Opium will be issued from the Government Depôt at Rájkot at the fixed rate of Rs. 13-4-0 per lb. of 40 tolás each.

No. 4936.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government, at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for a site for a Subordinate Judge's Court-house, in the village of Madnaikau-arlikatti, Táluka Hubli, District of Dhárwár, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the following piece of land is required:—

Name of Holder.	Survey No.	Extent of land required to be taken.	Assessment of land required.	Whether alienated or not.
Bhima bin Hanma Talwar,	Revision Survey No. 9.			Unalien- ated.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X. of 1870, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,

Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th July 1882.

No. 4373.—The Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt the gentleman named below under Clause 10, para. 1, of the Revised Notification and Rules made by the Government of India under the Indian Arms Act, 1878:—

Name.	Position.		
Surat District.			
Mr. Shapurji Dadabhai	Landholder.		

Bombay Castle, 22nd July 1882.

No. 4488.-In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 of the Cantonments Act, 1880, the Governor of Bombay in Council is pleased to extend the following portions of the said Act to the Cantonment of Hyderabad in the Province of Sind (namely):-

Chapter.	Title.	Portion extended.		
II. V. VI. VII.	Criminal Jurisdiction Spirituous Liquors Municipal Taxation Subsidiary Rules		The whole. The whole. Sections 21 to 23. Sections 25 to 34.	

- 2. Captain T. H. Mackenzie is appointed to be Cantonment Magistrate at Hyderabad.
- 3. Captain Mackenzie is also appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class, under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872, within the limits of the Military Cantonment of Hyderabad.

No. 4489.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 of the Cantonments Act, 1880, the Governor of Bombay in Council is pleased to extend the following portions of the said Act to the Cantonment of Málegaon in the District of Násik (namely) :-

Chapter.	Title.		hapter. Title.		Portion extended.
II,	Criminal Jurisdiction		The whole.		
V.	Spirituous Liquors		The whole,		
VI.	Municipal Taxation		Sections 21 to 23,		
VII.	Subsidiary Rules		Sections 25 to 34.		

- Lieutenant C. R. Phillips is appointed to be Cantonment Magistrate at Málegaon.
- 3. Lieutenant Phillips is also appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class, under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872, within the limits of the Military Cantonment of Malegaon.

Bombay Castle, 24th July 1882.

No. 4520.—With reference to Notification No. 3600 of 24th May 1880 (published at page 519 of Part I. of the Bombay Government Gazette of 3rd June 1880) and in exercise of the power conferred by Section 320 of the Civil Procedure Code, the Governor of Bombay in Council is pleased, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, to declare that in the Districts of Poona, Sholapur, Ahmednagar, and Sátára, decrees for money passed Ahmednagar, and Satara, decrees for money passed prior to the first of November 1879, in execution of which a Court has ordered the sale of any immoveable property belonging to any person who is an agriculturist within the meaning of the Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act, 1879 (as amended by Act XXIII. of 1881), shall be transferred for execution to the Collector.

The Governor of Bombay in Council is also pleased to declare that, inasmuch as doubts have arisen whether a Notification published under the provisions of Section 320 of the Civil Procedure Code affects the execution of decrees by the Courts of Jághírdárs empowered under Regulation XIII. of 1830 to execute their own decrees, such Notification is not to be deemed to extend to the decrees of Jághírdárs invested with jurisdiction under Regulation XIII. of 1830.

> By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> > .C. GONNE,

Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL ORDERS

By the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd July 1882.

No. 390 .- The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 15th June 1882 :-16th Regiment N. I.

Haváldár Balwantrav Chowan to be Jamádár, vice Yacoobjee Israel, pensioned.

Bombay Castle, 24th July 1882.

No. 391.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on medical certificate, under Article 257, Pay Code for India, Vol. I., with the necessary subsidiary leave :-

Captain H. J. Fergusson, Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor.

No. 392.—The undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave

for the periods specified:—
Surgeon W. G. H. Henderson, seven days, urgent private affairs, without pay.

Captain F. Stevenson, Staff Corps, three months, medical certificate.

Conductor A. Tarrant, Ordnance Department, three months, medical certificate.

Surgeon Henderson's permission to return to duty holds good.

Bombay Castle, 25th July 1882.

No. 393.—Color Sergeant George Robinson, Chief Warder, Central Military Prison, Poona, Unattached List, is promoted to Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 6th July 1882.

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 394.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel C. M. Griffith are placed at the disposal of the

No. 395.—The following promotions are made, with effect from the 25th June 1882, vice Senior

Apothecary Greengrass, pensioned:

J. Aiken, No. 4, to be Senior Apothecary, and
Assistant Apothecary, First Class, H. Murray, No. 46, to be Apothecary, Second Class.

No. 396.—The following appointment is made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the

Governor:

Captain G. H. Dean, 12th (Prince of Wales' Royal) Lancers, to be acting Aide-de-Camp from the 25th July 1882 during the absence of Captain H. J. Fergusson, Rifle Brigade, on medical certificate, or until further orders.

No. 397.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 400, dated 21st July

1882, is republished:-

"No. 400.—Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 10th November 1881, the names of the undermentioned officers are placed on the Indian Gradation List as specified:—

Colonel (now Major-General) Sir L. Pelly, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., Bombay S.C., is placed on the list of Major-Generals in consequence of the death of Major-General J. A. Wright, Bengal S.C., on the 1st March 1882.

No. 398.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 401, dated 21st July 1882, is republished:—

"No. 401.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Brevet.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

* * *

Major Albert Purcell Currie, Bombay Cavalry, in succession to Lieutenant-General D. S. Dodgson, Bengal Infantry, transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List.—Dated 10th March 1882.

No. 399.—The following Notification by the Government of India, Foreign Department, Political, No. 266—G.-P., dated 21st September

1881, is republished :-

"No. 266—G.-P.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confer upon Vurdoo Pillay, of the Bombay Commissariat Department, the title of 'Ráo Sáheb' as a personal distinction."

No. 400.—The following extract from the London Gazette dated 4th July 1882, page 3100, is republished:—

" Memoranda.

Conductor J. Wright, Barrack-Master, Bombay Establishment, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 5th July 1882.

No. 401.—The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified:—

3rd Regiment, N. L. I.

Subhedár Ramjee Chooltambay to be Subhedár Major, Jamádár Dowlut Sing to be Subhedár, and Haváldár Babajee Sait, to be Jamádár from the 19th June 1882, vice Dhondoo Ghowray, pensioned.

Jamádár Kaidar Doobay to be Subhedár and Color Haváldár Pandoo Newgay to be Jamádár from the 2nd July 1882, vice

Hyimjee Samueljee, deceased.

By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,
M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

ECOLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 29.—In continuation of Notification No. 28, dated 17th instant, the Reverend A. L. Onslow, B.A., Acting Chaplain of Ahmedabad, is appointed Chaplain of Belgaum Fort, continuing to act at the former station.

By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,

M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Colonel, Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

. Bombay Castle, 22nd July 1882.

No. 4493.—Under the provisions of Clause 2 Section 45 of Bombay Act II. of 1874, the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. J. H. O. Gleeson, Magistrate of the Second Class in the District of Kánara, to be a Visitor of the District Jail at Kárwár.

Bombay Castle, 24th July 1882.

No. 4517.—Under Section 40 of Act X. of 1872 the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Magistrates of the First Class in the District of Kaládgi named below, to be Magistrates in charge of the Divisions of that District comprising the tálukas mentioned against their respective names:—

Mr. H. Woodward,—the tálukas of Bágevádi, Bijápur, and Muddebihál.

Mr. E. McCallum,—the tálukas of Bágalkot, Bádámi, and Hungund.

No. 4521.—Mr. A. S. Moriarty, Assistant Collector in the District of Poona, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Poona under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872.

Mr. W. T. Morison and Shekh Jehangir Mian, Assistant Collectors in the District of Ahmedabad, are appointed to be Magistrates of the Third Class in the District of Ahmedabad under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872.

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 4560.—Under the provisions of Clause 2 Section 45 of Bombay Act II. of 1874, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. L. Cappel, Magistrate of the First Class in the District of Sholapur, to be a Visitor of the District Jail at Sholapur.

No. 4561.—Mr. L. G. Fernandez delivered over charge of the Second Class, Subordinate Judge's Court at Kalyán in the Thána District, on the 15th instant, before office hours.

No. 4562.—Mr. C. F. Farran, B.A., Barristerat-Law, Clerk of the Crown, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for two months on medical certificate,

No. 4563.—Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Chimnaji Wád, Mamlatdár of Khatáv in the District of Sátára, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Sátára under Section 37 of Act X. of 1872, and is invested with the following additional powers :-

Power to hold inquests (Section 135).

Power to entertain complaints of offences. in cases in which he has jurisdiction to try (Section 141).

Power to issue order to prevent obstruction, &c.

(Section 518).

Power to issue order prohibiting repetition of nuisance (Section 519).

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> C. GONNE, Chief Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 1246.—Ráo Bahádur Kawramul Chandamul resumed charge of the office of Sindhi Transla. tor, Educational Department, from Mr. F. S. Mirza in the forenoon of the 12th instant.

> By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> > C. GONNE, Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th July 1882.

No. 4719.—Mr. G. B. Spring, Assistant Collector of Customs, was allowed privilege leave of absence for one month and ten days from 20th April 1882, inclusive.

Bombay Castle, 25th July 1882.

No. 4873.—Under Section 12 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department :-

Surat District.

r. Parmánandás Gordhandás, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Jalálpor, from 9th to 23rd February 1882.

Mr. Chunilál Khándás, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Olpad, from 10th to 23rd February 1882

Mr. Varajdás Lálbhái, substantive pro tem. Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Surat,

from 10th to 21st February 1882.

Mr. Javerilál Mulji, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Bárdoli, from 16th April to 14th

May 1882. Mr. Dámodar Balwant, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Balsád, from 6th to 9th May 1882.

Broach District.

Mr. Najmudin Hamiudin, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Broach, from 21st February to 24th March 1882,

Mr. Harkisandás Krishnavalavdás, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Anklesvar, from 6th to 12th February 1882.

Tribhuvandás, Officiating Mr. Bhukandás Special Sub-Registrar of Jambusar, from 16th to 21st February 1882.

Mr. Ganpatrám Kálidás, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Hansot, from 14th May to 5th June 1882.

Kaira District.

Mr. Tribhuvan Amthálál, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Umreth, from 26th February to 21st May 1882

Mr. Mulji Trikamdis, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Nadiád, from 8th to 19th March

1882.

Mr. Trikamlál Jekisandás, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Borsad, on 5th March 1882 only.

Ahmedabad District.

Mr. Lakshmináráyan Ranchhod, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Dholka, from 19th to 23rd March 1882

Mr. Vaja Nathu, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Dhandhuka, from 23rd to 28th

March 1882.

No. 4886.—Under Section 12 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:-

Ahmednagar District.

Mr. Mártand Anandráo, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Kopargaon, from 9th February to 7th May 1882.

Kánara District.

Mr. Mangeshráo Manjunáth, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Ankola, from 7th March to 11th June 1882.

Mr. Shanta Rayappa, Officiating Special Sub-Registrar of Sirsi, from 11th March to 31st May 1882.

No. 4901.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :-

Khán Bahádur A'darji Jivanji to be Huzúr Deputy Collector, Surat, vice Ráo Bahádur Jagjivandás Khusháldás, retiring.

Khán Bahádur Ardasir Jamsedji to be Huzúr Deputy Collector, Kaira, vice Khán Bahádur A'darji Jivanji, transferred, but to continue to act as District Deputy Collector, Khándesh, till further orders.

Khán Sáheb Dádábhái Dinsha Karáka to act as Huzúr Deputy Collector, Kaira, until relieved by Khán Bahádur Ardasir Jamsedji, or till further orders.

Ráo Bahádur Náráyan Bhikáji to be District Deputy Collector, Kolába, vice Khán Bahádur Ardasir Jamsedji, transferred. Ráo Bahádur Sitárám Dámodar to act as addi-

tional District Deputy Collector, Ahmedabad, till further orders.

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 4912.—Mr. W. S. Owen, Assistant Super-intendent, Southern Marátha Country Revenue Survey, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months.

No. 4917 .- Mr. R. Courtenay was appointed to act as District Registrar of Broach from the 15th ultimo until relieved by Mr. G. B. Reid.

No. 4919.-Mr. A. D. Younghusband, Assistant Collector, Ahmedabad, was appointed to act as District Registrar of Ahmedabad from 27th ultimo, during the absence of Mr. J. B. Richey, or until further orders.

No. 4920.—Under Section 6 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in

the Registration Department:— Mr. Ratirám Motirám, First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Broach in the Broach District, to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Surat in the Surat District from 22nd February 1882.

Mr. Bholánáth Dolatrám, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dholka in the Ahmedabad District, to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Broach in the Broach District

from 25th March 1882.

Mr. Kakubhái Himatrám, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Thásra in the Kaira District, to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Hánsot in the Broach District from 8th March 1882.

Mr. Kakubhái Himatrám, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Hánsot in the Broach District, to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Matar in the Kaira District from 16th May 1882.

Mr. Narbherám Navnitrái, Kárkún, Registry Office, Broach, to be Third Grade Probationary Special Sub-Registrar of Hánsot in the Broach District from 6th June 1882.

Mr. Bápálál Lálbhái, First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Nadiád in the Kaira District, to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dhanduka in the Ahmedabad District from 14th March 1882.

Mr. Balvantráo Atmárám, First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dhandhuka in the Ahmedabad District, to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Nadiád in the Kaira District

from 20th March 1882.

Mr. Lalitánand Gaurinand, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Borsad in the Kaira District, to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Viramgam in the Ahmedabad District from 18th March 1882.

Mr. Motilál Dalpatrám, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Viramgam in the Ahmedabad District, to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dholka in the Ahmedabad

District from 24th March 1882.

Mr. Nánálál Mulji, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Matar in the Kaira District, to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Umreth in the Kaira District from 22nd

May 1882. Mr. Chhaganlál Parbhushankar, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Umreth in the Kaira District, to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Borsad in the Kaira District

from 6th March 1882.

Mr. Karsanlál Máuji, Clerk in the office of the Inspector-General of Registration and Stamps, to be Third Grade Probationary Special Sub-Registrar of Thásra in the Kaira District from 2nd March 1882.

No. 4921.-Mr. G. A. Hight, Assistant Conservator of Forests, N.D., has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for fourteen days. Mr. Hight has also been permitted by the Secretary of State to return to duty within the period of his leave.

No. 4925.—Bhikaji valad Narayan, Hereditary Revenue and Police Patil of Gaulane in the Nasik Táluka of the District of Násik, who was convicted of an offence under Section 43 of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878, and sentenced to two months' simple imprisonment on the 3rd May 1882, is declared ineligible for employment in the Government service in any capacity.

> By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> > J. NUGENT, Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th July 1882.

No. 2820. — Brigade-Surgeon J. Pinkerton, M.D., resumed charge of his duties as Surgeon, European General Hospital, Bombay, on the 12th ultimo, before office hours.

No. 2828.—Mr. E. Lawrence, C.S., passed an examination in Arabic according to the Higher Standard on the 19th instant.

No. 2829.—Surgeon F. F. MacCartie held the appointment of substantive pro-tem. Resident Surgeon, European General Hospital, Bombay, from the 2nd to the 30th April 1882, both days inclusive.

> By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> > J. NUGENT,

Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. (RAILWAY.)

Bombay Castle, 24th July 1882.

No. 26.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department Notification No. 171 of the 11th July 1882, Mr. W. B. Taylor, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the Southern Marátha Railways.

No. 27.—Corrigendum.—In Government of India Notification No. 176 of 1882, reproduced under Bombay Government Notification No. 25 of 19th July 1882, for "P. J. Shedlock" read "O. J. Shedlock."

> By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. BONUS, Colonel, R.E., Acting Joint Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY THE CONSULTING ENGINEER FOR RAILWAYS.

No. 14.—Mr. H. C. Knox, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Bhávnagar-Gondal Railway, has passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani.

J. BONUS, Colonel, R.E.,

Acting Consulting Engineer for Railways. Bombay, 21st July 1882.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges have been pleased to make the following Rules regarding the furnishing of copies of documents recorded in Civil Courts, and to direct their publication in the Bombay Government Gazette:—

I.—Any one entitled to receive a copy of a document recorded in any Civil Court may present his application either in the Court in which the document is recorded or the Court of first instance where the suit was originally heard, or in any Court to which the decree may have been transferred for execution.

II.—If he present his application in any Court other than the one in which the document is recorded, he shall append a petition, requesting it to forward his application; and he shall deposit such sum (not less than Rs. 2) as he anticipates will cover all charges, the amount being noted in the application. If the petitioner is not a party to the suit, his application must be supported by an affidavit showing the grounds on which the copies are required.

III.—The Court receiving the application shall forward it to the Court in which the copy is to be made. The latter shall decide whether the applicant is entitled to the copy or not. If he is so entitled, the copyshall be made and forwarded with the copying fee endorsed thereon to the Court in which the application was presented, a note being made in the record of the case. If he is not entitled, the application shall be returned with the Court's refusal to grant the copy endorsed thereon. In the latter case, any further application on the subject can only be accepted in the Court where the papers are recorded.

TV.—If the sectioner, who has to prepare the copy finds that the sum deposited is insufficient to cover the charges,* he shall at once cause a letter to be written to the Court in which the application was presented, stating what further deposit is required, and the preparation of the copy shall be delayed till the additional amount has been deposited, either in the Court in which the application was made or in the Court in which the copy is to be prepared.

V.—On receipt of the copy, the Court, in which the application was presented, shall hand it over to the applicant and return him any balance there may be out of the money deposited, after deducting the copying fees and an extra fee of 8 annas to be distributed as provided in Rule VI. The applicant's receipt shall be taken and forwarded to the Court which issued the copy.

VI.—All correspondence under these rules shall be written by the sectioners of the respective Courts, each of whom shall be entitled to a fee of 4 annas for his trouble. The letters shall be signed by the clerks of the Courts. In each Court the presiding Judge shall appoint one of the sectioners to perform the duties prescribed by this rule and may remove him at his discretion.

VII.—The copying fee and the sectioner's fee of four annas will be remitted by the Court in which the money was deposited to the Court in which the copy was prepared. Subordinate Courts may, subject to any rules made by the District Judge, make monthly remittances either in cash or by Money Order as may be found most convenient. Where remittances are made by Money Orders, the cost of such orders may be paid for out of the Court's contingent allowance.

VIII.—For purposes of these rules, all correspondence shall be franked with service stamps, and any Subordinate Court may write direct to the High Court. Letters under these rules may (subject to any general orders of the District Judge on the subject) be addressed to the Clerk of a District or Subordinate Court, and to the Shirastedár of the High Court.

Bombay, 13th June 1882.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature have been pleased to frame the following rule, to be pasted at page 180 as para. 49 (b) of the Circulars, and to direct its publication in the Bombay Government Gazette for general information:—

"49 (b).—When a Court makes a reference under Section 617 of the Code of Civil Procedure, it should always state whether the Suit or Appeal is one in which the decree will be final."

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature have been pleased to frame the following rule, to be pasted at pages 17 and 153 as an addition to paragraphs 35 and 23 of the Circulars, and to direct its publication in the Bombay Government Gazette:—

"The endorsement should state clearly that the affidavit was made on oath or solemn affirmation in the presence of the Court or officer attesting it."

Bombay, 20th July 1882.

Erratum.—In the High Court Notification dated 11th May 1882, published at page 364 of the Bombay Government Gazette for 1882, Part I., for "Mr. Maneklal Gordhandas Gundevia" read "Mr. Maneklal Gordhandas Gunderia."
Bombay, 22nd July 1882.

E. McG. H. FULTON, Registrar.

BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

CIRCULAR No. 38.

GAZETTED AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

From

To

The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY,

All Collectors and TREASURY OFFICERS.

Dated Bombay, 20th July 1882.

No claim should be paid by a Treasury Officer which is more than three months old, unless it is fully explained to him and he is satisfied that there are grounds for the claim not having been made before. In case the Treasury Officer is not satisfied with the payee's explanation, the bill with the explanation should be forwarded to my office for pre-audit.

2. A claim that is more than six months old should not, under any circumstances, be paid without pre-audit, for which purpose the bill with the payee's explanation should be sent to my office.

CIRCULAR No. 39.

BOOK DEPARTMENT.

From

To

The Accountant General, Bombay,

All Collectors and Treasury Officers.

Bombay, 21st July 1882.

To enable the Commissioner of Customs, Opium and Excise, to show the whole of the opium transactions for the revenue year ending 31st July 1882, in his report on the administration of the Opium Department, Collectors and Treasury Officers are requested, in sending their Opium Accounts for the present month of July, to append a memorandum of transactions at Sub-Treasuries up to the 31st July, which have been excluded from the Head Quarters Treasury Accounts.

2. The memorandum now asked for is required to enable the Commissioner to include the transactions in his annual report, but it is not intended to interfere in any way with the usual monthly accounts for July and August, which should exactly accord with the Head Quarter Treasury figures.

CIRCULAR No. 40.

RESOURCE DEPARTMENT.

From

To

The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY,

All Collectors and Treasury Officers.

Dated Bombay, 21st July 1882.

In order that Treasury Officers may be enabled to estimate the monthly Cash requirements of Public Works Officers more accurately than at present, it has been arranged, in communication with the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, that Executive Engineers and other officers acting on behalf of the Public Works Department shall furnish the Treasury Officers, on the 1st of each month, with an estimate of their probable requirements at the Treasuries of their respective districts.

CIRCULAR No. 41.

RESOURCE DEPARTMENT.

From

The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY,

To

All Collectors and TREASURY OFFICERS.

Dated Bombay, 22nd July 1882.

With reference to Rule 7, Chapter 21 of the Civil Account Code, I have the honour to state, under instructions from the Comptroller General, that the credit granted by an Executive Engineer in favour of his Sub-divisional Officer at a Sub-Treasury should only be for such an amount as is likely to be expended within the month; although the balance, if there is any, will be carried forward. The credit should not be usually issued for a large amount intended to run over more than one month; but if it is so issued, the case should be reported to this office, in order that the necessity or otherwise for keeping funds in a Sub-Treasury to meet payments on account of such a credit may be considered, in communication with the Public Works Department.

A. COTTERELL TUPP, Accountant General.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Mr. Laxman Bapu Sawat is appointed a Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Mahad, in Kolaba, vice Virchand Chhatidas Guzar, who has left the town.

Poona, 19th July 1882.

Mr. Gunpatrao Bapuji Mokashi, Inamdar of Mauze Mangrul, is appointed a Member of the Taluka Local Fund Committee of Pen, in Kolaba, vice Mr. Vithbarao Ramjirao, resigned.

Poona, 24th July 1882.

G. F. SHEPPARD, Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

The following arrangements are ordered, with effect from the date on which Ráo Sáheb Balkrishna Ramchaudra Tipnis, Second Grade Mámlatdár, is temporarily relieved of Forest special duty in the Sátára District:—

Ráo Sáheb Balkrishna Ramchandra Tipnis, Second Grade Mámlatdár, to do duty temporarily in the Nagar Táluka of the Ahmednagar District.

Khán Sáheb Ratanji Edulji Kanga, substantive pro tem. Second Grade Mámlatdár, to revert to the Third Grade.

to the Third Grade.

Ráo Sáheb Pandurang Wamon, substantive pro tem. Third Grade Mámlatdár, to revert to the Fourth Grade, and to do duty in the

to the Fourth Grade, and to do duty in the Ráhuri Táluka of the Ahmednagar District. Báo Sáheb Mohoniraj Eknath, substantive protem. Fourth Grade Mámlatdár, to act as Mámlatdár, and to do duty in the Bhusával Táluka of the Khándesh District.

> E. P. ROBERTSON, Commissioner, C. D.

Poona, 19th July 1882.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Consequent on the death of Ráo Sáheb Damodar Vishwanath Dandekar, pro tem. Second Grade Mamlatdar of Khed, the following promotions are ordered with effect from 2nd July 1882:—

Ráo Sáheb Shriniwas Venktesh Datar, Third Grade Mámlatdár of Honávar, to be pro tem.

in the Second Grade.

Ráo Sáheb Vinayak Ganesh Sathe, Fourth Grade Mámlatdár of Dápoli, to be pro tem. in the Third Grade.

Ráo Sáheb Shridhar Narayan Shetti, pro tem.

Fourth Grade Mamlatdar at Belgaum, is transferred to Malvan in the Ratnagiri District.

Ráo Saheb Antaji Bapuji Paradkar, pro tem.

Second Grade Mamlatdar of Sangameshvar, now

doing duty at Málvan, is transferred to Khed.
Ráo Sáheb Vithal Mahadeo Kondvikar, First
Grade Mámlatdár of Málvan, is transferred to Sangameshvar, but to continue to do duty at Dápoli.

Ráo Sáheb Kalyan Sitaram Chitre, pro tem. Third Grade Mámlatdár of Sampgaon, is transfer-

red to Belgaum.

A'zam Krishnaji Ballal Deval, Acting Chitnis to the Collector of Kaládgi, is appointed pro tem. Fourth Grade Mámlatdár of Sampgaon in Belgaum.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,

Commissioner, S. D.

Poona, 22nd July 1882.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 244.—Surgeons-Major W. C. Kiernander and P. S. Turnbull, M.D., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Northern Deccan Registration District, on the 19th ultimo, before

No. 245. Bhyla Bughnath, Occoud Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Panch Maháls, is granted privilege leave from 28th May to 30th June 1882

inclusive.

No. 246.—In Notification No. 221 of 31st May last, for "Ragunath" and "1st June" read

"Rangnath" and "10th June."

No. 247 .- Mr. Nanabhai Dinnanathji Putingay, Second Statistical Clerk in the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Northern Deccan

Registration District, is permitted to resign the Service from 8th July 1882, after office hours.

No. 248.—Ramchandra Jiwaji, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Thána Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 13th June to 12th July 1882 inclusive, and Bajirao Luxuman is appointed to

act for him.

No. 249.—Narayan Pandurang, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Poona Zilla, is appointed Second Statistical Clerk in the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Northern Deccan Registration District, with effect from 13th July 1882, vice Nanabhai Dinnanathji, resigned.

No. 250 .- Manuel Antone D'Lima is appointed Candidate Local Fund Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, with effect from 1st July 1882, vice Anant Vithal

Nadkarni.

JOHN LUMSDAINE. Sanitary Commissioner.

Bombay, 25th July 1882.

BY THE COLLECTOR OF SALT REVENUE.

Messrs. F. J. A. Hill and P. G. Scott respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Thána Range, on the 7th instant, in the afternoon.

W. PORTEOUS,

Acting Collector of Salt Revenue.

Poona, 20th July 1882.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS.

Mr. W. W. Wellis and Assistant Surgeon Abdul Ghani Hakim, L.M., respectively delivered over and received charge of the Mhasvad Extramural Convict Gang on the 17th instant, in the afternoon.

J. CRUICKSHANK,

Inspector-General of Prisons.

Poona, 21st July 1882.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

Mr. D. C. Johnstone, First Class Magistrate in the Belgaum District, is invested with the following additional powers:-

Power to hold inquests (Section 135).

Power to entertain complaints of offences and receive Police Reports (Section 141).

Power to issue order to prevent obstruction, &c., (Section 518).

Power to issue order prohibiting repetition of nuisances (Section 519).

A. A. C. JERVOISE,

District Magistrate, Belgaum.

Belgaum, 17th July 1882.

Under Section 25 of the Criminal Procedure Code, Khán Sáheb Dinshawji Pestonji Dastur, Honorary Magistrate of the Second Class, Broach, is invested with power under Section 141 of the said Code.

G. W. VIDAL,

District Magistrate, Broach.

Broach, District Magistrate's Office, 19th July 1882.

Under Section 23 of the Criminal Procedure Code, Ráo Sáheb Dadaji Sakharam, Acting Mámlatdar of Nandgaon in the Nasik District, and Third Class Magistrate, is invested with additional powers under Sections 135, 141, 518, and 519 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

W. RAMSAY,

District Magistrate of Násik.

Násik, District Magistrate's Office, 19th July 1882.

Mr. E. L. Cappel, Magistrate, First Class, Sholapur, is invested with additional powers under Sections 135, 141, 518, and 519 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

> G. WADDINGTON, District Magistrate.

Sholapur, 22nd July 1882.