

🐼 Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY.

The following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it, is published in accordance with Rule 15 of the Rules for the conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations:—

Bill No. 2 of 1879.

A Bill to consolidate the immoveable and other property vesting in the Trustees of the Port of Bombay and certain other property on, or connected with, the foreshore of the Island of Bombay into one estate, and to vest the control and management of the same in one Public Trust; and for other purposes.

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A Bill to consolidate the immoveable and other property vesting in the Trustees of the Port of Bombay and certain other property on, or connected with, the foreshore of the Island of Bombay into one estate, and to vest the control and management of the same in one Public Trust; and for other purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the immoveable and other property vesting in the Trustees of the Port of Bombay should be consolidated with certain other property on, or connected with, the foreshore of the Island of Bombay into one estate, and that such consolidated estate should, together with the rights and powers now exerciseable by the said Trustees, be vested, subject to the provisions hereinafter appearing, in a new Trust; It is enacted as follows :--

I.-PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Short title. Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879."

2. From the date which shall be noti-Repeal of Bombay Act I. of 1873. End by the Governor in Council under Section 8, Bombay Act

I. of 1873 (The Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873,) shall be repealed:

Provided that all debts and obligations incurred, all contracts entered into, and all matters and things engaged to be done by, with or for the Trustees appointed under the said Act, shall be deemed to have been incurred, entered into, or engaged to be done by, with or for the Board constituted by this Act;

and all rates and sums of money due to the said Trustees shall be deemed to be due to the said Board ;

and all suits or other legal proceedings, civil or criminal, instituted, or which might, but for the passing of this Act, have been instituted by or against the said Trustees, may be continued or instituted by or against the said Board.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context,

(1) the word	" rates" includes any
" Rates."	toll, due, rent, rate, or charge, leviable
	under section 43;

(2) "Port" means the Port of Bombay within such limits

" Port." as may from time to time be defined by Government for the purposes of this Act by notification in the Bombay Government Gazette, and until a notification is so issued, within such limits as may have been defined by Government under section 73 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, for the purposes of that Act;

(3) "Vessel" denotes any thing made

for the conveyance " Vessel." by water of human beings or of property;

"Master," when used in relation (4)to any vessel, means

" Master." any person having for the time being the charge or control of such vessel;

(5) "Owner," when used in relation " Owner."

to goods, includes any consignor, consignee,

shipper or agent for the sale or custody of such goods; and when used in relation to any vessel, includes any part owner, charterer, consignee, or mortgagee in possession thereof;

" Land " includes the bed of the (6)sea below high-water " Land." mark ;

(7) "Wharf" includes a bandar and any part of the fore-"Wharf."

shore used for loading or unloading goods, and any wall enclosing or adjoining the same ;

(8) "Dock" includes basins, locks, cuts, entrances, grav-" Dock."

blocks, inclined planes, patent slips, gridirons, quays, warehouses, and other works and things appertaining to any dock ;

(9) "Pier" includes any stage, stairs,

landing-place, hard, " Pier." jetty, landing-stage, floating barge, or pontoon, and any

bridges or other works connected therewith ;

(10)the word " Goods."

"Goods" includes wares and merchandise of every description;

(11)"Immoveable Property" includes wharfage-' "Immoveable Property." rights and all other rights exerciseable on, over, or in respect of any land, wharf, dock or pier ;

(12) the words" Public Securities" mean securities of " Public Securities." the Government of India, Bombay Municipal Debentures and securities and debentures issued under sections 30 and 41, respectively, of this Act.

II .- OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Constitution of Board.

4. The duty of carrying out the provisions of this Act shall, sub-

Act to be carried out by ject to such condi-Trustees. tions and limitations

as are hereinafter contained, be vested in a Board, to be called " the Trustees of the Port of Bombay "; and such Board, hereinafter referred to as "the Board," shall be a body corporate and have perpetual succession and a common seal, and shall sue and be sued by the name first aforesaid.

The Board shall consist of thirteen 5. members, that is to Constitution of Board. say, of

five Elective Trustees,

seven Nominee Trustees, and

a Chairman ;

and not less than three of the Trustees shall be natives of India residing in the City of Bombay.

The elective Trustees shall be elect-6.

Elective Trustees to be elected by the Bom-bay Chamber of Commerce ;

ed by the members for the time being of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce in such manner as shall from

time to time be determined at a meeting of the members of the said Chamber convened in accordance with the rules at the time in The Secretary to the force in this behalf. said Chamber shall make a return to the Government of the name of every person so elected by the Chamber, and his return shall be published in the Bombay Government Gazette.

In the event of default being made by

or in default of such election shall be nominated by Government.

the Chamber in electing any Trustee unforegoing der the provisions within the period hereinafter

prescribed in this behalf, it shall be lawful for Government by notification in the Bom-bay Government Gazette to nominate a person, and the person so nominated shall be deemed to be a Trustee as if he had been duly elected by the Chamber.

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7. The nominee Trustees and the Chair-

Nominee Trustees and the Chairman to be appointed by Government. man shall be appointed by Government by notification in the Bombay Government Gazette.

8. The term of office of the first nominee

Term of office of first Trustees when to commence. and elective Trustees shall commence on such date as shall be notified in this behalf by the Governor in Council.

9. Three of the first nominee Trustees

Nominee and elective Trustees to retire from office by rotation. and three of the first elective Trustees shall, unless they become in the meantime

disqualified, hold office up to and inclusive of the 31st day of March next succeeding the date on which their term of office shall commence, the selection of the said six Trustees being made by lot at such time and in such manner as the Chairman shall determine. The remaining four of the first nominee Trustees and the remaining two of the first elective Trustees shall hold office until and inclusive of the 31st day of March next following the 31st day of March aforesaid.

In every other case the nominee and elective Trustees shall, unless they become in the meantime disqualified, hold office for a term of two years.

10. The first elective Trustees shall be

Election and appointment of first Trustees. not la night date which shall be notified

elected on some day not later than a fortnight previous to the

date which shall be notified by the Governor in Council under section 8, and the first nominee Trustees shall be appointed on some day during the said fortnight; in every other case elective Trustees shall be

Trustees to be appointed and elected in the month of March. elected on some day not earlier than the first and not later than the fifteenth

day of the month of March next preceding the 1st of April from which their term of office is to commence; and nominee Trustees shall be appointed on some day in the remainder of the said month of March.

11. The Chairman shall hold office Chairman to be appointed during pleasure of Government. Government, provided that he does not in the meantime

cease, through disqualification, to be a Trustee,

12. Any person on ceasing to be a Trustee, shall, unless

Trustees re-eligible. disqualified under section 14, be re-eligible.

13. Any casual vacancy in the office of a Trustee other Casual vacancies. than the Chairman occasioned by the death, resignation, or disqualification of such Trustee shall be filled up within one month by Government, if the office vacated was that of a nominee Trustee, or by the Chamber of Commerce, if it was that of an elective Trustee, in the same manner and subject, so far as may be, to the same provisions as are applicable in the case of original appointments and elections of Trustees : Provided that the Trustee so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Trustee would have retained the same, if such vacancy had not occurred.

If a Trustee departs from Bombay with Acting Trustees. an intention of being absent for a longer period than three months, or if a Trustee shall have been absent for such period, a person shall be elected or appointed as aforesaid to act for such Trustee during his absence or until he shall cease to be a Trustee, and the person so acting shall be deemed for all the purposes of this Act to be a Trustee.

Disqualifications of Trustees.

14. No person shall be qualified to be Disqualifications for office of Trustee. a Trustee during such time as he

(a) is an uncertificated bankrupt or insolvent, or

(b) holds any office or place of profit under the Board, or

(c) has, directly or indirectly, any share or interest in any work done by order of the Board, or in any contract, or employment with, by, or on behalf of, the Board;

and any Trustee who

Trustee who becomes (d) becomes disqualifted for any of the aforesaid reasons, or

(c) is absent from the meetings of the Board for a period exceeding twelve consecutive months, or, without the permission of the Board, from six consecutive meetings of the Board, or

(f) is sentenced to imprisonment,

shall cease to be a Trustee, and his office shall thereupon become vacant :

Provided always			
Proviso.		his office by	
	reason	only of his	

(g) having a share in any Joint Stock Company which shall contract with or be employed by, or on behalf of, the Board, or

(h) having a share or interest in any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the Board may be inserted, or

(i) being interested in any loan of money to the Board.

Salaries of Trustees.

The Chairman shall receive such 15. Salary of Chairman salary as Government to be fixed by Governshall from time to ment. time determine.

Every Trustee other than the Chairman Trustees other than Chairman entitled to shall be entitled to a fee of thirty rupees fees. for each meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present and business is transacted and which he attends from the beginning to the end thereof: Provided that if more than one such meeting is held in any one week, no more than thirty rupees shall be paid to any Trustee for his attendance at all such meetings during that one week.

Proceedings of Board.

16. The following provisions shall be

Provisions concerning the Board's proceedings.

ceedings.

observed with respect to the proceedings of the Board (namely):-

(1) During any vacancy in the Board

the continuing Trus-Vacancy not to affect Board's protees may act as if no vacancy had occurred.

The Board shall meet together (2)and shall from time to Board to meet totime make such argether and arrange rangements, not infor transaction of business as think fit, but they consistent with this Act, with respect to

the place, day, hour, notice, management, and adjournment of such meetings, and generally with respect to the transaction of business, as they think fit, subject to the following conditions (namely) :--

there must be a meeting once a fortnight, or

that a meet-(a) ing shall be held once at least in every fortnight;

whenever necessary upon an emer-gency, and

(b) that the Chairman may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon the written request of not less than three Trustees,

call a special meeting;

(c) that no business shall be transacted at any meeting five Trustees shall unless at least five

form a quorum, and from the beginning to the end of such meeting;

(d) that every meeting shall be preevery meeting to be presided over by the Chairman, and

Chairman, if he is present at the time appointed for holding

the same, and if he is absent, by such one of the Trustees present as may be chosen by the meeting;

(e) that all questions shall be decided by a majority of all questions must votes of the Trustees by a be decided majority of votes, present, the president and having a second or casting vote in all cases of equality of votes;

that if a poll be demanded, the (f)votes must be recordnames of the Trused, if a poll is demandtees voting and the ed, and nature of their votes shall be recorded by the president;

that minutes shall be kept of the (g)names of the Trustees Minutes of pro-ceedings must be present and of the proceedings at each kept. meeting in a book to be provided for this purpose, which shall be signed, as soon as practicable, by the president of such meeting, and shall be open to inspection by any Trustee during office hours;

The Board may delegate any of (3)their powers to com-Board may delegate powers to Committees.

mittees consisting of such Trustees as they

think fit; any committee so formed shall conform to any instructions that may from time to time be given to them by the Board, and the Board may at any time discontinue or alter the constitution of any committee so formed;

A committee may elect a chair-(4)

Committees' meetings to be presided over by a chairman. man of their meetings, and if no such chairmaniselected, or, if he is not present at the

time appointed for holding the same, the

sided over by the

members present shall choose one of their number to be chairman of such meeting;

Committees may meet and ad-(5)journ as they think Committees when proper, but the Chairto meet. man of the Board may,

whenever he thinks fit and shall, upon the written request of not less than two members of a committee, call a special meeting of such committee;

(6) Questions at any meeting of

Questions how to be decided at Committees' meetings.

a committee shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present, and in

case of an equal division of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote, but no business shall be transacted at any such meeting unless at least two-thirds of the members of the committee are present from the begin-ning to the end thereof;

Acts of Board, &c., not to be invalidated by informalities.

(7) No act of the Board, or of any Committee, or of any person acting as Trustee, shall be deemed to be invalid by reason

only of some defect in the appointment of such Board, Committee or Trustee or on the ground that they, or any of them, were disqualified for the office of Trustee.

The Chairman may, on behalf of the 17. Board, enter into any Mode of executing contract or agreecontracts. ment, whereof the

value or amount shall not exceed one thousand rupees, in such manner and form as, according to the law for the time being in force, would bind him if such contract or agreement were on his own behalf; but every other contract and agreement, on behalf of the Board, shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the Chairman, and by two other Trustees, and shall be sealed with the common seal of the Board. No contract or agreement not executed as is in this section provided shall be binding on the Board.

The Board may compound or com-18. promise for, or in The Board may compound for breach of conrespect of, any claim truct. or demand arising out of any contract entered into by them under

this Act, or in respect of any action or suit instituted by or against them, for such sum of money, or other compensation, as they shall deem sufficient.

The Chairman.

The Chairman shall : 19.

(1) attend every meeting of the unless pre-Board Duties of Chairman. vented by sickness or other reasonable cause;

(2) exercise supervision and control over the acts and proceedings of all officers and servants of the Board in matters of executive administration, and in matters concerning the accounts and records of the Board; and, subject to the regulations at the time being in force framed by the Board under section 22, dispose of all questions relating to the service of the said officers and servants, and their pay, privileges, and allowances;

furnish to the Government a (3)copy of the minutes of any of the Board's proceedings, and any returns or other information which Government may from time to time call for.

20. Government may from time to time grant to the Chairman Leave of absence may such leave of absence be granted to the Chairman. as they may deem fit, and any person whom Government appoint to act for the Chairman during any such absence on leave shall, while so acting, be deemed for all the purposes of this Act to be the Chairman.

The allowance, if any, which Govern-

Leave and acting allowances to be defrayed out of the General Account.

ment direct to be paid to the Chairman during his absence on leave, and the salary which Government

direct to be paid to the person appointed to act for him, shall be a charge on the General Account of the Board.

III.—OF THE OFFICERS AND SERVANTS OF THE BOARD.

Strength of Staff.

21. The Board shall from time to time

Schedule of officers and servants and of their pay and allowances to be prepared and sanctioned by the Board.

prepare and sanction a schedule of the staff of officers and servants whom they shall deem it necessary and

proper to maintain for the purposes of this Act. Such schedule shall also set forth the amount and nature of the salaries, fees, and allowances which the Board sanctions for each such officer or servant.

Until a schedule is prepared and sanctioned under this section, the schedule in force under section 23 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, on the day previous to the date notified by the Governor in Council under section 8, shall be deemed to be the schedule prepared and sanctioned by the Board under the foregoing provisions:

Provided always that artisans, porters and labourers, and Proviso. muccadums of porters and labourers shall not be deemed to be officers or servants within the meaning of this section or of section 22 or 23 of this Act.

22. The Board Board to frame regushall from time to time lations : frame regulations:

> (1)for regulating the grant of leave the officers to and servants of

for regulating leave ;

(2) for authorizing the payment of allowances to the

the Board :

for settling absentee said officers and allowances ; servants, or to cer-

tain of them, whilst absent on leave;

(3) for determining the remuneration

to be paid to the for fixing acting persons appointed allowances; to act for any such officers or servants during their absence on leave ;

(4) for regulating the period of service of all such for regulating length officers and serof service ;

vants; (5) for determining the conditions

under which such for fixing pensions, officersandservants &c.; or any of them shall

on retirement receive pensions, gratuities, or compassionate allowances, and the amount of such pensions, gratuities, or compassionate allowances;

(6) for authorizing the payment of

for authorizing contributions to Provident Fund.

contributions at certain prescribed rates and subject to certain prescrib-

ed conditions to any Provident Fund which may, with their approval, be established by the officers and servants appointed under this Act:

Provided that officers and servants who

Proviso as to certain old officers and servants.

were appointed by Government previous to the passing of the Bombay Port Trust

Act, 1873, and whose salaries were paid from the fund known as " The Bombay Port Fund," and who have continued

in the service of the Trustees appointed under the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, and of the Trust constituted by this Act, shall be entitled to retiring pensions, gratuities, or compassionate allowances at the same rates and subject to the same conditions as may from time to time be applicable to the servants of Government of similar standing and status, and that in the event of any question arising as to the right of any such officer or servant to a retiring pension, gratuity, or compassionate allowance, or as to the amount of retiring pension, gratuity, or compassionate allowance to which he is entitled, it shall be determined by Government.

Powers of Appointment, &c.

23. Subject to the provisions of the Appointments, &c.,

by whom to be made.

said regulations and of the schedule for

the time being in force framed by the Board under section 22, the power of appointing, promoting, suspending, dismissing, fining, reducing or granting leave to the officers and servants of the Board shall be exercised by the Chairman in the case of officers and servants whose monthly salary does not exceed three hundred rupees, and in every other case by the Board.

The power of dispensing with the services of any officer or servant of the Board, otherwise than by reason of such officer's or servant's own misconduct, or of permitting any such officer or servant to retire on a pension, gratuity, or compassionate allowance, shall, subject to the aforesaid provisions, be exercised by the Board alone.

Every order or regulation made 24.

Sanction of Government when necessary.

by the Board under any of the three last preceding sections

shall, so far as the same relates to the Secretary, Engineer, Traffic Manager, or Chief Accountant of the Board, be subject to the previous sanction of Government.

' In this section the word "Engineer" means the engineer "Engineer" defined.

the Board's ordinary staff, and also any superior officer who may from time to time be employed in the capacity of Consulting Engineer to the Board.

Continuance of Present Officers and Servants.

All officers and servants holding Officers and servants . of the late Trustees to be continued under the Board.

25.

any office on the day previous to the date notified by the Governor in Council under section 8 under

the Trustees appointed under the Bombay Port Trust, Act, 1873, shall be deemed to have been appointed under this Act, and shall continue to hold the same office and to receive the same remuneration under the Board until an order to the contrary is passed by competent authority under this Act.

IV .- OF THE PROPERTY AND LIABILITIES OF THE BOARD.

General Powers as to Property.

26. Powers of Board as to property.

The Board shall, for the purposes of this Act, have power to acquire and

hold moveable and immoveable property, whether within or without the limits of the Port or City of Bombay; and shall also have power to lease, sell or otherwise convey any moveable or immoveable property which may have become vested in or been acquired by them :

Provided that no sale of immoveable . property and no lease of any such property for a term exceeding fifty years shall be valid unless such sale or lease shall have been made with the previous sanction of Government.

When the Board are unable to ac-27.

Procedure to be observed when the Board are unable to acquire, by agreement, any immoveable property.

quire, by agreement, any immoveable property required for the purposes of this Act, Government may, in

their discretion, order proceedings to be taken for acquiring the same on behalf of the Board as if such property were land needed for a public purpose within the meaning of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870.

The amount of compensation awarded and all other charges incurred in the acquisition of any such property shall be forthwith defrayed by the Board, and thereupon the said property shall vest in the Board.

Transfer of Property to Board.

28. All such immoveable and other

Transfer to the Board of the property of pre-sent Port Trust.

property as is held by or in trust for the Trustees of the Port of Bombay under or

in pursuance or for the purposes of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, shall, upon and after the date notified by the Governor in Council under section 8, vest in the Board, but subject to all charges and liabilities affecting the same.

The property vested by this section in the Board shall be deemed to include

the estate, right, title, and interest of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the rock, stones, shingle, gravel, sand or soil within the Port, and also the right of levying rates on all goods landed at or shipped from any part of the foreshore between Malabár Point and Colába Point.

Whereas the Secretary of State 29.

Vesting in the Board the right, title and interest to be acquired by the Secretary of State in certain other properties.

for India in Council has initiated measures . for the acquisition from the holders thereof, of the proseverally perties

named and generally described in Schedule A, but the arrangements for the said acquisition are not yet complete; and whereas it is expedient that all such estate and interest as may be acquired by the Secretary of State for India in Council in the said properties should vest in the Board ; it is hereby enacted that upon and after such date as shall be fixed in this behalf by the Governor in Council, all the estate, right, title, and interest of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the said properties shall, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, become vested in the Board, subject to all covenants, charges, contracts, and liabilities affecting the same.

30. And whereas it is purposed that the

Board to issue securities in payment of price of properties price properties vested in them under Sec, 29.

each.

purchase money of the said properties shall be paid in Port Trust securities bearing interest at the

rate of four per centum per annum; it is hereby enacted that the Board shall within two months from the date aforesaid execute and deliver to the holders of the said properties securities in the form of Schedule B, under their common seal, for the sums for which their said properties shall be respectively purchased by the Secretary of State for India in Council: Provided that the said sums shall not exceed, in the aggregate, seventy-seven lacs of rupees, and that so long as the said amount is not exceeded it shall be competent to the Secretary of State for India in Council to acquire such estate, right, title and interest in the said properties as he shall deem fit, anything contained in Schedule A notwithstanding.

Every such security shall be for an amount of not less Such securities to be than one hundred for not less than Rs. 100

rupees, and shall covenant for the payment of interest on the principal sum at SI

the rate of four per centum per annum from the date fixed by the Governor in Council under section 29, and such interest shall be payable half-yearly on or after the 1st April and the 1st October.

and to be transferable. The said securities shall be transferable by endorsement.

Application of the Board's Property. 31. The proceeds of the sale of any

Sale-proceeds of Board's property how to be invested. portion of the property vested in or acquired by the Board under or by virtue of

this Act, and all sums paid to the Board by way of compensation under the next following section, shall be applied as follows and not otherwise (namely) :---

(a) in liquidation of the principal sum of any debt contracted under paragraph 2 of section 39, if the same or any portion of the same is at the time payable; or

(b) in liquidation of the principal of any debt at the time due to the Secretary of State for India in Council; or

(c) in liquidation of the securities, or of any of them, issued under section 30.

32. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed

Saving of powers of Government underLand Acquisition Act, 1870.

to affect the power of Government to order proceedings to be taken under the Land

Acquisition Act of 1870, or any other law for the time being in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes in respect of any land vesting in the Board.

Liabilities.

33. The capital debts due by the Board

Capital debts of the Board. on account of the immoveable and other

property vested in it by this Act are as follows (namely):—

(a) to the Secretary of State for India in Council, the amounts mentioned in Schedule C; and the amounts which have been advanced by or on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council to the Trustees appointed under the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, or applied by or on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, with the consent of the said Trustees, for the improvement of the Port of Bombay or otherwise under sections 46 and 50, clause (2) of the said Act,

(b) to the holders of the securities to be issued by the Board under section 30, the amounts of such securities. 34. On the amounts mentioned in column Interest in what three of Schedule C cases to be paid by the no interest shall be Board. payable.

On the amounts mentioned in column two of the said schedule interest shall be payable by the Board to the Secretary of State for India in Council annually on the 1st April at the rate of four per centum per annum until, and inclusive of, the twentyfifth day of June 1883, and thereafter at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum.

On the amounts due to the Secretary of State for India in Council under clause (a)of the last preceding section which are not mentioned in the said schedule, interest shall be payable by the Board to the said Secretary of State in Council annually on the 1st April at the rate of four and onehalf per centum per annum.

On the amounts, if any, which may hereafter be advanced to the Board by the Governor in Council under section 39 of this Act interest shall be payable by the Board to the Secretary of State in Council on such dates and at such rates as shall be agreed upon between Government and the Board in respect of such advances.

On the amounts of the securities issued by the Board under section 30 interest at the covenanted rate of four per centum per annum shall be payable by the Board half-yearly on the 31st March and the 30th September to the Accountant General of Bombay or other officer for the time being performing the duties of the office of the said Accountant General, who shall pay the same on or after the 1st April and 1st October respectively to the holders of the said securities.

If any sum due by the Board under this section on account of interest, or any portion thereof, is not paid by them on the date on which the same is hereby declared to be payable, they shall continue liable for the payment thereof, and interest shall be paid by them to the Secretary of State for India in Council upon the balance from time to time overdue at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum, until the whole amount is paid.

35. In the event of default being made Interest to be paid out of Provincial Revenues if default is made by the Board. . graph two, three or four of the last preceding section, the same shall be paid by the Accountant General of Bombay or other officer aforesaid, who shall debit the amount so paid to the

Provincial Revenues of the Presidency of Bombay; and in the event of default being made by the Board in any payment due by it under paragraph five of the said section, the Accountant General or other officer aforesaid shall nevertheless pay to the security-holders the interest due upon their securities, and shall debit the amounts so paid to the Provincial Revenues of the Presidency of Bombay.

36. Lump payment to be made to the Munici-pality in lieu of consolidated rate.

The Board shall pay annually on the 30th day of September to the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay a lump sum which shall

be calculated at the following rates, namely :

(a) for the period commencing on the 1st day of October last preceding the date on which this Act comes into force and ending on the day next previous to the date fixed by the Governor in Council under section 29 at the rate of fifty thousand rupees per annum;

(b) for the period commencing on the date fixed as aforesaid and ending on the 25th day of June 1883 at the rate of sixty-thousand rupees per annum; and

(c) thereafter at such rate as the Governor in Council shall from time to time determine.

The said payment shall be in lieu of the consolidated rate leviable by the said Corporation, to which the property hereby vested in the Board or some portion of the same would otherwise be liable to be assessed.

37. In consideration of the said pay-

Roads and thoroughfares constructed by the Board to be maintained by the Municipality in consideration of such payment.

ment the Municipal Commissioner shall, on being satisfied that any road or thoroughfare has been duly levelled, paved, metal-

led, flagged, channelled, and sewered by the Board, declare such road or thoroughfare to be a public road or thoroughfare, and the Municipality shall thenceforward maintain, keep in repair, light and cleanse such road or thoroughfare. The Municipality shall also, on requisition by the Board, maintain, keep in repair, light and cleanse the road of any wharf, dock or pier vested in the Board.

The Municipality shall maintain, keep

Such roads and thoroughfares not to be stopped up without the consent of the Board.

in repair, light and cleanse the said roads and thoroughfares in the same manner and with the same liabili-

ties in respect thereof as if the said roads and public thoroughfares were vested in the said Municipality; but it shall not be competent to the Municipal Commissioner or to the Municipality to discontinue or stop up any road or thoroughfare which at any time vested in, or which has been constructed by the Board, or the Trustees of the Port appointed under the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, and which has been declared to be a public road or thoroughfare under this section, or under section 9 of the said Act, without the previous consent in writing of the Board; and the land occupied by any road or thoroughfare so discontinued or stopped shall vest in the Board and not in the Municipality.

38. Any dispute which arises between

Disputes . under the last section to be settled by Government.

the Board and the Municipality in respect of any of the provisions of the last

preceding section shall be determined by the Government, and their decision shall be final.

V .- OF THE BORROWING POWERS OF THE BOARD.

The Governor in Council, acting 39.

behalf on of the may advance money to the Board, or with the previous con-

sent of the Governor General of India in Council, from time to time advance money to the Board for the general purposes of this Act; or

The Board may, with the previous con-

with consent of Government the Board may raise loans.

Provided always

Proviso.

that no expenditure shall be charged by the Board to capital,.

ment has been obtain-

ed to the raising of

said purposes :

except with the express sanction of Government.

Whenever the consent of Govern-40.

Manner of raising such loans to be determined by Government.

money by the Board under the last preceding section, Government shall, with the previous consent of the Governor General of India in Council, direct and appoint the manner in which such money shall be raised. 41. If such money shall be raised on

Interest on debentures to be a charge on the rates prior to interest due to Secretary of State.

debentures bearing interest, such interest shall be a charge on the rates prior to the charge for interest

sent of Government, from time to time raise money for the

ted in special cases.

payable to the Secretary of State for India in Council, provided for by section 34.

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42. All debentures which may be so Form of Debenture. issued shall be in the form of Schedule D, and shall be transferable by endorsement; and the right to sue in respect of the monies secured by any such debentures shall be vested in the holders thereof for the time being, without any preference by reason of some of such debentures being prior in date to others.

VI.-OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Levy of Rates.

43. The Board shall frame a scale of Scale of rates to be framed by the Board; any of the following matters (namely):

(a) for the landing, shipping, wharfage, cranage, storage, or demurrage of goods at,

(b) for permission for vessels or boats to approach, or be alongside, and

(c) for animals or vehicles carrying goods to or from, or entering upon or plying for hire at or on,

any wharf, dock, or pier in the possession of the Board, and so much of the Wári Bandar and of the Gun Carriage Reclamation as is in the possession of the Great Indian Peninsula and the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Companies respectively: Provided that no such toll, due, rent, rate or charge shall be leviable at so much of the said Wári Bandar and Gun Carriage Reclamation as is aforesaid in respect of any goods, vessel, animal or vehicle belonging to the said companies respectively.

The scale so framed shall be submitted

and to be submitted to Government for sanction. to Government for sanction, and when so sanctioned and published in the Bom-

bay Government Gazette shall have the force of law, and, subject to the like sanction and publication, may from time to time be amended or added to by the Board.

Until a scale of rates is framed, sanction-Scale framed under ed, and published Section 57, Bombay under this section, the Act I., 1873, to continue scale in force when in force until altered. this Act comes into operation under section 57 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, shall be deemed to have been duly framed, sanctioned and published under this section. The Board may, in special cases, with the previous sanction

of Government, remit the whole or any

portion of the rates leviable under this section.

44. The said rates shall not be leviable Toll on troops. in respect of any vessel employed by Gov-

ernment solely for the transport of troops, nor in respect of the baggage or other effects of any troops landing or embarking at the port. In lieu thereof a toll shall be payable by Government to the Board on all troops and all the families of troops landing or embarking at Bombay at the rate of one rupee per head, and, if such troops and their families shall land or embark at any dock in the possession of the Board, at such additional rate as shall from time to time be determined by Government.

45. Subject to the provisions of any Charges for landing, shipping, and transhipping goods. between vessels in the harbour and the wharves, piers or docks in their possession, and may make such charges for so doing as they shall think fit.

46. The Board may procure and main-Charges for towage. tain such number of steam-vessels as they may deem fit to be employed in towing vessels into, out of, or in the harbour, and may make such charges for towage by the said steam-vessels as they shall think fit.

Division of Accounts.

47. In the accounts of the Board a Pilotage Account to be kept separate from the General Account. Pilotage account shall be kept separate from the General account.

48. The rates and charges from time to

Items to be credited to the General Account.

time levied under sections 43 to 46, together

with all rents of lands and buildings, and all fines and penalties levied under this Act, other than fines and penalties levied from pilots or other persons employed in the pilot service, and all miscellaneous items of revenue recovered by the Board, except pilotage-fees, shall be credited to the General Account.

49. The monies credited to the General

Monies credited to the General Account on what purposes to be expended. Account shall be held by the Board in trust, and except as is hereinafter provided shall

v.---39

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be applied by them in payment of the following charges (namely) :---

the salaries, fees, allowances, pensions, gratuities, compassionate allowances or other monies due to the Trustees and to the officers and servants appointed under this Act, and the contributions, if any, duly authorized to be made to any Provident Fund established by the said officers and servants;

(2) the cost of repairs and maintenance of the property vested in the Board, and all charges upon the same and all working expenses ;

(3)the interest due on any money that may have been raised by the Board under section 39;

(4) the cost, or such portion of the cost, of any new work, plant, vessel or appliance which the Board may determine to charge to revenue;

the interest payable by the (5)Board under section 34:

Provided always that no charge which is debitable under section 50 to the Pilotage account shall be debited to the General account.

50. All fees for pilotage and all fines

credited to Pilotage Account.

and penalties levied Pilotage fees to be under this Act from pilots or other persons employed in the

pilot serviceshall be credited to the Pilotage Account and shall be held by the Board

in trust, and be ap-Monies credited to plied, in such proporthe Pilotage Account on what purposes to be expended.

tions as they shall from time to time direct, to the following purposes only (namely) :---

the purchase and maintenance in (1)repair of such vessels, and the supply of such materials, stores, or other things as the Board deem it necessary to maintain or supply for the efficiency of the pilot service ;

(2) the payment of the salaries and allowances of pilots and other officers and servants of the Board employed in the pilot service or in the supervision thereof :

(3) the payment of pensions or retiring gratuities or compassionate allowances to pilots and other officers and servants engaged in the pilot service, and of the contributions, if any, duly authorized to be made in their behalf to any Provident Fund.

Disposal of Balances.

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51. The Board may invest any balance remaining on the 31st Balances may be invested by the Board in March of each year to the credit of either public securities. the General or Pilotage account after meeting all the charges properly debitable to such account, in public securities, and may from time to time sell the said securities and re-invest the proceeds in other public securities, or credit the same to the account to which the balance invested belonged for expenditure on any of the purposes to which the monies credited to such account may lawfully be applied.

But the money so invested by the Board, whether in respect of Amounts which may the General account be so invested to be limited by Government. or of the Pilotage account, shall not exceed such amount annually, or in the aggregate, as shall from time to time be prescribed by Government,

and any surplus re-Surplus over and bemaining after deductyond such limits how to be disposed of. ing the amounts which may be so invested shall be applied :

- (a) if such surplus belongs to the General account, in liquidation, on or before the 1st August next following the 31st March on which such surplus accrued, of the principal of any loan raised by the Board under section 39, or of the capital of any debt at any time due by the Board to the Secretary of State for India in Council; or of the money due to the holders of the securities issued by the Board under section 30; and
- (b) if such surplus belongs to the Pilotage account, in such manner as Government shall direct :

Provided always that the pilots and other officers and servants Proviso as to claims of pilots, &c., on balance employed in the pilot of Pilotage Account. service shall have no claim upon any balance to the credit of the pilotage account or upon the profits or interest arising from any investment thereof, or of any portion thereof except to such extent as payments to them, or in their behalf, may from time to time be sanctioned by the Board under clauses (2) and (3) of section 50.

The interest and profits accruing and Interest, &c., how to be credited and debited.

the loss, if any, arising from such investments as aforesaid

shall be respectively credited and debited to the account to which the balance invested belongs.

Annual Estimates.

52. The Chairman shall, at a special Chairman to submit an annual estimate of income and expenditure to the Board. Chairman to submit an annual estimate of income and expenditure to the Board.

an estimate of the income and of the expenditure of the Board for the year commencing on the 1st day of April then next ensuing in such detail and form as the Board shall from time to time direct.

Such estimate shall be completed and printed, and a copy thereof sent by post, or otherwise, to each Trustee, at least ten clear days prior to the meeting before which the estimate is to be laid.

53. The Board shall consider the Board to revise and sanction the estimate. estimate so submitted to them, and shall sanction the same either unaltered, or subject to such alterations as they shall think fit.

54. The estimate, as sanctioned by the

Estimate to be submitted to Governor in Council.

Board, shall be submitted to the Government, which may, if it thinks fit, at any

time within one month after receipt of the same, disallow such estimate, or any portion thereof, and return the same for amendment. The Board shall, if the estimate is so returned by Government, forthwith proceed to amend the same, and shall re-submit the estimate so amended to the Government.

55. The Board may, at any time dur-

Supplementary estimates may be made when necessary. ing the year for which any such estimate has been sanctioned, cause a supplementary

estimate to be prepared and submitted to them. Every such supplementary estimate shall be considered and sanctioned by the Board and submitted to the Government in the same manner as if it were an original annual estimate.

56. Save in cases of pressing emergency,

No expenditure above Rs. 5,000 to be incurred unless sanctioned in the estimate. no sum exceeding five thousand rupees shall be expended by or on behalf of the Board,

unless such sum is included in some estimate at the time in force which has been finally approved by Government.

If any sum exceeding five thousand rupees in amount is so expended on a pressing emergency, the circumstances shall be forthwith reported by the Chairman to the Government, together with an explanation of the way in which it is proposed by the Board to cover such extra expenditure.

57. Any estimate prepared by the

Estimate prepared under Bombay Act I., 1873, to be accepted for purposes of this Act.

te prepared by the Trustees appointed under the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, and approved by Government under sec-

tion 53 of that Act, and which but for the passing of this Act would have force and effect, shall be deemed to have been duly prepared, passed and approved under this Act.

Audit of Accounts.

58. The accounts of the receipts and Accounts to be audited and examined. Expenditure of the Board shall, twice in every year, be laid before Government, and shall be audited and examined by such auditors as shall, from time to time, be appointed by Government.

For the purposes of such audit and, examination the auditors

Auditors to have power to call for books, &c. may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of all books, deeds, contracts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person holding, or

and may require any person holding, or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit and examination, or adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration with respect to the same.

The auditors shall be paid by the Board

Their remuneration to be fixed by Government. such remuneration as Government shall determine, the amount being debited to the

General account; and within fourteen days after the audit and examination shall have been completed, the auditors shall forward

Their report to be published. their report upon the accounts to the Board, who shall

cause the same to be published, together with an abstract of the accounts, in the Bombay Government Gazette.

Fulfilment of Board's Liabilities.

59. It shall be incumbent on the Board

Board bound to provide for fulfilment of all their liabilities. to make ample provision year by year, either by retrenchment of expenditure

or by increace of rates for the due fulfilment of all their liabilities, and for the efficient administration of this Act; and in the event of any deficiency being at any time anticipated in the income of the Board, they shall forthwith take such measures as shall seem most expedient for preventing such deficiency.

60. If it shall at any time appear to the

Governor in Council In default the Govthat sufficient proviernor in Council may require the Board to sion is not being made increase the rates; by the Board to meet their liabilities, or if default shall at any time be made by the Board in any payment of interest which they are required to make under section 34, the Governor in Council may require the Board, by an order in writing signed by a Secretary to Government, to increase, subject to his sanction and to the provisions of section 43, to such ex-tent and for such period as shall appear necessary, the rates or any of the rates for the time being in force under the said section.

If within fifteen days after receipt of

and on the Board's failing to do so, may himself increase them. such order the Board do not comply with the same, the Governor in Council may,

by notification in the Bombay Government Gazette, increase the said rates or any of them, and such notification shall have the same force as if a new scale of rates to the same effect had been duly framed, sanctioned and published under section 43.

And for the purpose of realizing any

The Governor in Council may also ap-point a receiver to recover any portion of the Board's income. interest which has not been paid by the Board when due, in accordance with section 34, the Governor

in Council may, by an order published in the Bombay Government Gazette, appoint some person to receive the rates, charges, and other income which the Board may be entitled to receive, or any portion thereof, and to apply the same in discharge of the amount due and of all expenses authorized by Government in respect of the appointment of such person and of the recovery by him of the said rates, charges and income; and the person so appointed shall have for the recovery of the said rates, charges, or other income, all and singular the powers and authorities con-ferred by this Act on the Board for the said purpose.

VII.-OF THE POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD.

Recovery of Rates.

61. Recovery of rates in arrears.

For the amount of all rates leviable under this Act in respect of any goods, the Board shall have 8

a lien on such goods, and shall be entitled to seize and detain the same until such rates are fully paid. Rates in respect of goods to be landed shall become payable immediately on the landing of such goods. Rates in respect of goods to be removed from the premises of the Board, or to be shipped for export, shall be payable before such goods are removed or shipped. The lien for such rates shall have priority over all other liens and claims, except for general average, for the ship-owner's lien for freight upon the said goods, (where such lien exists and has been preserved in the manner hereinafter provided), for primage and for money payable to Her Majesty or to the Secretary of State for India in Council.

62. If the master or owner of any

Lien for freight pre-served after landing goods if notice of lien be given.

vessel, or his agent, at or before the time of landing from such vessel any goods at any wharf, dock or

pier in the possession of the Board, shall give to the Board notice, in writing, that such goods are to remain subject to a lien for freight or other charges payable to the ship-owner, to an amount to be mentioned in such notice, such goods shall continue liable to the same lien, if any, for such charges as they were subject to before the landing thereof. Such goods shall be retained either in the warehouses and sheds of the Board, or, with the consent of the Chief Customs Authority of the Presidency in the public warehouses, at the risk and expense of the owners of the said goods until the lien is discharged as hereinafter mentioned.

63. Upon production to the proper Discharge of lien by officer of the Board Discharge of lien by of a document purpayment or release. porting to be a receipt for the amount claimed as due, or a release of freight from the person by or on whose behalf such notice shall have been given, it shall be lawful for the Board to permit such goods to be removed without regard to such lien, provided they shall have used reasonable care in respect to the authenticity of such document.

64. If the rates payable to the Board in

If rates are not paid, or the lien for freight is not discharged, goods may be sold after the expiration of two months. ayable to the Board in respect of any goods are not paid, or if the lien of the ship-owner for freight, when such notice as afore-

said has been given, is not discharged, the Board may, and in the latter event, if required by or on behalf of the person claiming such lien for freight, shall, at the expiration of two months from the time when the goods were placed in their custody, or if the goods are of a perishable nature, at such earlier period (being not less than twenty-four hours after the landing of the goods), as they shall think fit, sell by public auction the said goods, or so much as may be necessary to satisfy the amounts hereinafter directed to be paid out of the produce of such sale.

Before making such sale, ten days' notice of the same shall be given by publication thereof in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, unless the goods are of so perishable a nature as, in the opinion of the officer aforesaid, to render their immediate sale necessary oradvisable, in which event such notice shall be given as the urgency of the case admits of.

If the address of the owner of the goods has been stated on the manifest of the cargo or in any of the documents which have come into the hands of the Board, or is otherwise known, notice shall also be given to the owner of the goods by letter delivered at such address, or sent by post; but the title of a *bonâ fide* purchaser of such goods shall not be invalidated by reason of the omission to send the notice hereinbefore mentioned, nor shall any such purchaser be bound to inquire whether such notice has been sent.

65. In every case of any such sale as Application of proceeds of sale, protreceived from the sale shall be applied as follows :--

1stly.—In payment, according to their respective priorities, of the liens and claims excepted in section 61 from the priority of the lien of the Board for rates;

2ndly.—In payment of the expenses of the sale;

3rdly.—In payment of the rates and expenses due to the Board in respect thereof.

The surplus, if any, shall be paid to the owner of the goods or his agent on his applying for the same, provided such application be made within one year from the sale of the goods, or good reason be shown why such application was not so made to the satisfaction of the Board; and in case such application shall not be so made, nor reason shown, such surplus shall be applied by the Board to the purposes of this Act.

66. If the master of any vessel in re-

Power to distrain vessels for the non-payment of rates, &c. spect of which any rates, charges, or penalties shall be payable under this Act, or

any bye-laws made in pursuance hereof, shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, or any part thereof, on demand, it shall be lawful for the Board to distrain or arrest, of their own authority, such vessel, and the tackle, apparel, or furniture belonging thereto, or any part thereof, and detain the same until the amount so due shall be paid; and, in case any part of the said rates or penalties or of the costs of the distress or arrest, or of the keeping of the same, shall remain unpaid for the space of fifteen days next after any such distress or arrest shall have been so made, the Board may cause the vessel, or other thing so distrained or arrested, to be sold, and with the proceeds of such sale may satisfy such tolls, dues, rates, penalties, or charges and costs of sale remaining unpaid, rendering the surplus (if any) to the master of such vessel on demand.

67. If the Board shall give to the officer of Government, Port Clearance not to be granted till rates, &c., whose duty it is to are paid. grant the port clearance of any vessel, a notice stating that an amount therein specified is due in respect of rates, charges, or penalties chargeable under this Act, or any bye-laws, or orders made in pursuance hereof, against such vessel, or the owner or master of such vessel, in respect thereof, such officer shall not grant such port clearance until the amount so chargeable shall have been paid.

Works.

General nature of works to be executed under this Act. 68. The works to be undertaken by the Board under this Act may include—

(1) wharves, docks, and piers within the Port or on the foreshore of the Port with all necessary and convenient arches, drains, fences, roads, railways, and approaches;

(2) tramways, warehouses, sheds, engines, and other appliances for conveying, receiving, and storing goods landed, or to be shipped, or otherwise;

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(3) light-houses, light-ships, beacons, pilot-boats, and other appliances necessary for the safe navigation of the Port and of the approaches thereto within a distance of three miles from the limits of the Port :

(4) laying down moorings, and the erection of cranes, scales, and all means and appliances necessary for berthing, loading and unloading vessels;

(5) reclaiming, excavating, enclosing, and raising any part of the foreshore of the Port vested in the Board, when such reclamation, excavation, enclosure, or raising may be necessary for any of the purposes of this Act;

(6) the construction and application of dredges and other machines for cleaning, deepening, and improving any portion of the Port or foreshore aforesaid;

(7) the construction of such works, without the limits of the Port, as shall be necessary for the protection of works executed by the Board within the Port, and all such other works and appliances as may, in the opinion of the Board, be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act:

Provided always that no new work, the

But no new work to be commenced without a plan and estimate, if its cost shall exceed Rs. 2,000;

estimated cost of which exceeds two thousand rupees, shall be commenced by the Board, nor shall any

contract be entered into by the Board in respect of any such new work, until a plan and estimate of such work shall have been submitted to the Board and considered and approved by them, nor shall any new work, the estimated cost of which exceeds two

nor without the sanction of Government to such plan and estimate, if the cost shall exceed two lacs of rupees.

lacs of rupees, be commenced until such plan and estimate shall have been submitted to, and ap-

proved by Government.

Regulation of use of Wharves, &c.

69. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to affect :

(a) the right of Government to col-

Reservation of the rights of Government to use the wharves, &c., for collecting customs duties ;

lect customs duties, or of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay to collect town duties,

at any wharf, pier, or dock in the possession of the Board, or

(b) any power or authority vested in the Customs Auand of powers of Customs Officers.

thorities of the Presidency under any law

for the time being in force for the administration of Sea Customs.

Whenever any wharf, pier, or dock, 70. in the possession of Places to be set apart the Board shall be for use of Customs Officers on wharves, &c. appointed, under the provisions of any Act for the time being in force, for the administration of Sea Customs, a wharf or place for the landing and shipping of goods within the meaning of such Act,

and whenever any warehouse, or portion of a warehouse, in the possession of the Board shall be appointed or licensed under the provisions of any such Act as a warehouse for the deposit of dutiable goods on the first importation thereof without payment of duty,

the Board shall set apart, and maintain, such place on or adjoining such wharf, dock, or pier, or in such warehouse, or portion of a warehouse, for the use of the Officers of Customs as Government shall in that behalf approve or appoint;

but all rates payable in respect of any but the right of the wharf, pier, or ware-Board to levy rates not portion house, or to be thereby affected ; thereof so set apart, or for the storage of goods thereupon or therein, shall be paid to the Board or to such person or persons as they may appoint to receive the same, notwithstanding that the same has been so set apart;

and if any portion of the Customs Bonded

and the surplus income derived from any portion of the Customs Bonded Warehouse Warehouse used as a public warehouse to be paid to the Board.

Warehouse shall, with the consent of Government, be appointed a public warehouse for the deposit of goods dutiable as aforesaid, the Board

shall set apart and maintain such portion thereof in good order for the said purpose; but the Chief Customs Authority shall pay to the Board from time to time, as may be determined by Government, all surplus income derived from the use of such portion of the said Customs Bonded Warehouse as a public warehouse as aforesaid after payment of all charges and expenses of management.

71. The Board shall provide such num-Board to provide free landing-places,

ber of public landingplaces as shall, in the opinion of Government, be sufficient, from and upon which the public shall be permitted to embark and to land free of charge.

Control of Pilots.

72. The Board shall have the right and

privilege of maintain-ing pilots for the navigation of vessels Trustees to be vested with the right and privilege of maintaining pilots. at the Port, and all fees for pilotage shall be paid to the Board : Provided that no person shall be appointed to be a pilot by the Board who is not for the time being authorized by Government, under the provisions of the Indian Ports Act, 1875, to pilot vessels.

The Board may also, from time to time, make such bye-laws and regulations as they shall think fit :

(a) for fixing and regulating the wages and allowances for pilotage to be received by pilots, and

(b) for regulating the behaviour and conduct of pilots ;

and shall enforce the observance of such bye-laws and regulations, by the imposition of pecuniary penalties not exceeding two hundred rupees for each offence, or by suspension, or deprivation of appointment, or otherwise as to them may appear ex-pedient : Provided that such bye-laws shall first have been approved by Government, and published in the manner directed by section 74.

Bye-Laws.

Trustees empowered to make bye-laws.

73. The Board may, from time to time, make bye-laws :

(a) for the guidance of persons employed by them under this Act;

(b) for the safe and convenient use of the whatves, docks, piers, warehouses, tramways; and other works constructed or acquired by them under this Act;

(c) for the use of the public landingplaces constructed by or belonging to them ;

(d) for the reception and removal of goods brought within the premises of the Board;

for keeping clean the harbour (e) and basins and the works of the Board, and for preventing filth or rubbish being thrown therein or thereon;

(f) for settling the mode of the payment of the rates and charges leviable under this Act;

(g) for regulating, declaring, and de-fining the wharves, docks, and piers vested in the Board on which goods shall be landed from, and shipped on board vessels; and

(h) generally for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

The Board may also, from time to time, vary, alter, or revoke any such bye-laws so made by them.

74. No bye-law, or alteration or revoca-Approval and publi- tion of a bye-law, shall have effect until the cation of bye-laws. same shall have been approved by Government, and such appro-

val shall have been published in the Bombay Government Gazette; and no bye-law or alteration or revocation of a bye-law shall be approved by Government until the same shall have been published for three weeks successively in the said Gazette.

It shall be lawful for Government at any time by notifica-Cancelment by Govtion in " the said Gazette to cancel any ernment. bye-law or regulation made and published

under the provisions of this and of the last two preceding sections.

Penalties for infringement of bye-laws.

75.

The Board may, in the bye-laws madeundersection 73, prescribe such penalties as they shall deem

fit for the infringement of the same : Provided that no penalty for any one infringement of a bye-law shall exceed one hundred rupees, nor, in case of a continuing in-fringement, shall any penalty exceed fifty rupees per diem for every day after notice of such infringement shall have been given by the Board to the person guilty of such infringement.

The Board shall cause the said bye-76. laws and the scales of Bye-laws and scales of rates and charges to rates and charges be exhibited. leviable by the Board, to be printed in the English, Maráthi and Guzeráthi languages, and to be hung up at the several wharves, docks, and piers, and other convenient places on the premises of the Board.

Until bye-laws are framed by the 77.

Bye-laws framed under Bombay Act I., 1873, to continue in force temporarily under * this Act.

Board under section 73, the bye-laws framed by the Trustees appointed under the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1873, under sec-

tion 85 of that Act, and in force when this Act comes into operation, shall be deemed

to have been framed under the said section 73 of this Act.

VIII.—PENALTIES.

78. Any person who being a Trustee, or

For being interested in contracts with the Board.

an officer or servant of the Board, shall acquire, directly or indirectly, any share

or interest in any contract or employment with, by, or on behalf of the Board, shall be deemed to have committed the offence made punishable by section 168 of the Indian Penal Code:

Provided that nothing in this section - shall apply to a person-

having a share in any Joint (a)Stock Company which shall contract with, or be employed by, or on behalf of the Board, or

(b) having a share or interest in any newspaper in which any advertisement relating, to the affairs of the Board may be inserted, or,

(c) interested in any loan of money to the Board.

For obtaining illegal gratification.

79.

Any person employed under this Act, not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21

of the Indian Penal Code, who shall accept or obtain, or agree to accept or attempt to obtain from any person, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, other than legal remuneration, as a reward for doing, or forbearing to do, any official act, or for showing, or forbear-ing to show, in the exercise of his official functions, favour or disfavour to any person; or for rendering, or attempting to render, any service or dis-service to any person with the Board or with any public servant as such, or with the Government, shall be liable to the same punishment as is provided by the Indian Penal Code in the case of the like offence committed by a public servant.

Any person who shall refuse or 80. neglect to appear be-For refusing or neglecting to appear before an Auditor of Accounts, fore any auditor of accounts, or to produce åc. any books, deeds, con-

tracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, or to make or sign any declaration when duly required so to do by any auditor of accounts under section 58, shall be punished for every such neglect or refusal with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

81. Any person, other than the Board

For setting up any erection below highwater mark in the Port.

or the Conservator of the Port, who shall, without first obtaining the written con-

sent of Government to his so doing, make, set up, or fix, below high-water mark within the Port, any wharf, quay, pier, mooring, or other erection whatsoever. shall be punished with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, and to a further fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for every day during which he shall permit such wharf, quay, pier, mooring, or other erection, to remain after notice to remove the same has been given to him.

Any such wharf, quay, pier, mooring, or other erection, may be removed by the Board, and the person who made, set up, or fixed the same, shall also be liable to pay all expenses which may be incurred by the Board in the removal thereof.

82. If it be found when goods are im, ported at, or exported For understating from, any wharf, dock quantity or weight of goods, &c. or pier in the possession of the Board, that the weight or quantity of such goods, or the tonnage of any vessel carrying such goods, has been understated in any document presented to any officer of the Board for the purpose of enabling him to determine the rates or charges payable in respect of the said goods or vessel, the consignee, in the case of goods imported, and the consignor, in the case of goods exported, shall be liable to pay to the Board such sum not exceeding twice the proper rates or charges on the weight or quantity of goods or amount of tonnage so understated as may be determined by the Board, and the said sum shall on the application of the Board be recoverable under a Presidency Magistrate's warrant as if it were a fine inflicted by such Magistrate.

83. Any person who removes, or attempts to remove, For evading rates, &c. or abets within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code the removal of any goods, vessel, animal, or yehicle with the intention of evading payment of the rates or charges lawfully due in respect thereof to the Board shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Recovery of value of damage to any property of the Board.

84. If, through the negligence of any person having the guidance or command of any vessel, or of any of the mariners

or persons employed on such vessel, damage shall be caused to any wharf, dock, pier, or other work in the possession of the Board, the amount of such damage shall, on the application of the Board, be recoverable, together with the cost of such recovery, by distress and sale, under a Presidency Magistrate's warrant, of a sufficient portion of the boats, masts, spars, ropes, cables, anchors, or stores belonging to such vessel : Provided that no such warrant shall issue until the master of such vessel has been duly summoned to appear, or, if he appears, until he has been heard, and provided also that no such warrant shall issue if the vessel was at the time under the orders of a duly authorized officer in the pilot service of the Port or of the Master Attendant's Department.

85. Except as is otherwise provided in Cognizance of offences against this Act. made under section 73 shall be cognizable by a Presidency Magistrate.

All fines and damages recovered from any offender, or by any distress under section 84, shall be paid to the Board.

IX.-MISCELLANEOUS.

S6. Whenever any day by this Act

Provision when day appointed by this Act for any purpose falls on a Sunday or public holiday.

V.-

y day by this Act appointed for any purpose shall happen to be a Sunday or a public holiday, the business appointed to be done on such day shall be done on the day next after such Sunda? or public holiday.

87. No suit or other proceeding shall Limitation of suits, &c. be commenced against any person for anything done, or purporting to have been done, in pursuance of this Act without giving to such person one month's previous notice in writing of the intended suit or other proceeding, and of the cause thereof, nor after six months from the accrual of the cause of such suit or other proceeding.

The Board shall not be responsible for any mis-feasance, mal-feasance, or nonfeasance of any officer or servant appointed under this Act;

nor, if they should be appointed by Government, under the Indian Ports Act, 1875, Conservators of the Port, for any mis-feasance, mal-feasance or non-feasance of any Deputy Conservator, Master Attendant or Harbour-Master, or of any assistant or deputy of any such officer, or of any person acting under the authority or direction of or in subordination to any such officer, assistant or deputy;

nor for any damage sustained by any vessel in consequence of any defect in any of the moorings, hawsers, or other things belonging to the Board, which may be used by such vessel;

nor shall the Board, or any of the said officers or servants, be liable in damages for any act *bonâ fide* done, or ordered to be done by them in pursuance of this Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Properties referred to in Section 29.

No.	Names of Holders.	General Description of Properties.				
1	The Sassoon Dock Company. The New Colába Com- pany.	All the property at Colába, belonging to the Sassoon Dock Company, known as the Sassoon Dock, together with the land on the west of the Colába road appertain- ing thereto, and all rights, privileges, and powers enjoyed or claimed by the Sassoon Dock Company in connection therewith. A strip of land, varying from 25 to 50 feet or thereabouts in width, running along the whole foreshore of the estate of the New Colába Company, situated at Colába, com- mencing from the Colába road at the point where the properties of the New Colába Company and the Sassoon Dock Company adjoin, and thence continuing alongside the Bandar wall of the Victoria Basin and the Harbour Face up to the junction of the New Colába Company's				

SCHEDULE A-continued.

No.	Names of Holders.	General Description of Properties.
3 4 5	pany.	 property with the Gun Carriage Reclamation; again commencing at the junction of the New Colába Company's property and the property of the Apollo Press Company and running along the Harbour Face and alongside the Arthur Basin up to the Colába road; together with the whole of the Arthur Bandar and the ground adjacent thereto, situate within Customs limits, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the New Colába Company in respect of the strip of land, Bandar, and ground aforesaid, and of the Victoria and Arthur Basins. All the land at Colába the property of the Apollo Press Company, and known as the Jamsetjee Bandar and Reclamation, including all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the Apollo Press Company in respect of the said land and of the Gun Carriage Basin, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the Apollo Press Company in respect of the said land and of the Gun Carriage Basin, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the Apollo Press Company in respect of the said land and of the Gun Carriage Basin, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the Apollo Press Company. All the land at Mázgaon, known as the Powder Works Bandar, the property of the Mázgaon Land Company, lying between the Harbour and the western side of the road running from the Harbour Defences Office to Tank Bandar, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the Mázgaon Land Company in respect of the said land. All the land 'north of Tank Bandar the property of the Frere Land Company, bounded towards the west by the Ghorupdavi road and towards the north and west by the Jackaria Bandar road, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the Frere Land Company, bounded towards the west by the Ghorupdavi road and towards the north and west by the Jackaria Bandar road, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed by the Frere Land Company, bounded towards the west by the
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Hajee Ismael Hajee Hubeeb. Hajee Jackaria Noor Mahomed. Manockjee Adurjee Aitwar Lukdee Muncherjee Framjee Cama. Dadabhoy Hormusjee Hajee Essa Hajee Fuzla Dorabjee Nusserwanjee Byramjee Cowasjee Esmail Mahomed Songaji.	All the land and fish-ponds bounded by the Harbour on the cast and by the Jackaria Bandar road and the Siwri road on the west and north, by the property of the Frere Land Company on the south, and by the property of the Trustees of the Port on the north, known as Siwri Bandar, together with all rights and privileges enjoyed or claimed in respect of the said land by the respective holders thereof.

SCHEDULE B. (SEE SECTION 30.)

Form of Security.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE PORT OF BOMBAY.

No.

Under the provisions of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, we, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, do hereby for ourselves and our successors promise and agree to

the Port of Bombay, do hereby for ourselves and our successors promise and agree to pay to , or order, the sum of Rupees value received; such payment to be made on demand at the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, after the expiration of three months' notice of payment to be given by the Chairman of the scid Trustees in the Bombay Government Gazette. We further promise and agree for ourselves and our successors to pay to the said , or order, interest on the said sum of Rupees from the day of until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid; such interest to be at the rate of four per centum per annum

and to be payable on demand at the office aforesaid half-yearly on the 1st day of Apri and the 1st day of October in every year until the expiration of three months from the date of such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of interest then due here-under will be payable with the principal on demand at the office aforesaid and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge hereof) all further interest shall cease.

Given under our common Seal this

day of

187 .

(Signature of the Ohairman and two Trustees.)

of the Corporation. Seal

SCHEDULE C. (SEE SECTION 33.)

Statement of Capital Debts of the Board due to the Secretary of State for India in Council.

On account of what Property, &c.	Bearing Interest.		Not bearing Interest.	Total.
	Rs.	a. p	. Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Elphinstone Estate, purchase price Elphinstone Estate, expended in 11	1,85,91,596 7,47,370	$ \begin{array}{c} 12 & 8 \\ 2 & 10 \end{array} $		
months to 31st March 1871. Elphinstone Estate, expended in 12 months to 31st March 1872.		8 (3	
Elphinstone Estate, Troop Siding, Carnac Bunder.	39,790	3 9	2	1,96,53,847 11 2
Mcody Bay Reclamation (portion east of Frere Road), expended in year to 31st March 1871.		8 8	3	
Moody Bay Reclamation (portion east of Frere Road), expended in year to 31st March 1872.	2,01,345	6		5,58,941 15 0
Apollo Bay Reclamation, expended in year to 31st March 1872.	9,752	11 11		9,752 11 11
Wellington Reclamation, expended in year to 31st March 1872.	934	12 8	3	934 12 8
Apollo Pier, expended prior to 31st March 1870.	·		2,23,038 12 2	
Apollo Pier, expended in year to 31st March 1871.		7 8		at a Maria
Apollo Pier, expended in year to 31st March 1872.	61,825	9 2		4,23,037 13 0
Tank Bandar, expended in year to	182	0 (182 0 0
31st March 1871. Customs Apollo Bonded Warc- Bonded house.			5,50,000 0 0	
Warehouse) Custom-house Godown			25,165 0 0	5,75,165 0 0
Kussara Bandar	1,45,053	5 4	5,285 0 0 41,189 14 4 	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
passing of Bombay Act I. of 1873. Balance of Interest unpaid at 31st March 1871.	2,75,273	4 7	1	······································
Balance of Interest unpaid at 31st March 1872.		3 2		6,02,042 10 0
Balance of Interest unpaid for the period from 1st April 1872 until the date on which Bombay Act I. of 1873 came into operation.	1,76,536	2 3	•	
TotalRs.	2,11,70,754	2 11	8,44,678 10 6	2,20,15,432 13 5

SCHEDULE D. (SEE SECTION 42.)

Form of Debenture.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE PORT OF BOMBAY.

The

No.

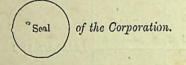
By virtue of the Act No. of 1879 of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations, entitled "The Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879," we, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, in consideration of the sum of Rupees paid to us by A. B., of , or order, the said sum of promise to pay to the said after the date hereof, together with interest at the rate Rupees per centum per annum, payable halfof day of and the yearly on the day of 187

Given under our Corporate Seal this

day of

18

(Signatures of the Chairman and two Trustees.)



STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Governor General having refused his assent to Bill No. 12 of 1878 for the reason that at the time it was read a third time and passed by the Legislative Council of Bombay, the provisions of its fifth Chapter conflicted with the provisions of the Indian Loans Act (24 of 1871), and were there-fore *ultra vires*, it has become necessary to introduce the present Bill— which is word for word the same as the Bill so passed and read a third time-in its place.

The explanation of the apparent irregularity of introducing a Bill which is precisely the same as one to which the assent of the Governor General has just been refused, lies in the fact that at a recent meeting of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, a Bill was introduced, at the instance of the Government of Bombay, excepting the Trustees of the Port of Bombay from the provisions of the Indian Loans Act. That Bill was on the same day passed into law, and there is therefore now no longer any legal impediment to the passing by the Legislative Council of Bombay of the provisions of Chapter V.

> (Signed) E. W. RAVENSCROFT.

24th July 1879.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council. C. G. W. MACPHERSON,

Acting Under Secretary to Government,

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Poona, 24th July 1879.