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## PART I.

### Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 30th August 1886.*

No. 5029.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the words "Sessions Judge or" be inserted before the word "Magistrate" in clause (d) of rule 48 of the rules regarding the remuneration and duties of the Law Officers of Government published with Government Notification No. 5756, dated 15th September 1882, as amended by Government Notifications Nos. 1578, 4161 and 5804, dated respectively the 6th March, 20th June and 22nd August 1883.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

W. WEDDERBURN,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

## POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 1st September 1886.*

No. 5119.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished :—

## "FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 27th August 1886.*

No. 1991E.—The following Order of Her Majesty in Council, published in the *London Gazette* of the 2nd July 1886, is republished for general information :—

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 26th day of *June* 1886.

## PRESENT :

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.  
Lord Steward.

Earl of Rosebery.  
Mr. Fowler.

WHEREAS by the 'Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873,' it was amongst other things enacted that, where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in, the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient; and that if, by any law made after the passing of the Act of 1870 by the Legislature of any British possession, provision is made for carrying into effect within such possession the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in, or suspected of being in, such British possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Acts in the case of any foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, suspend the operation within any such British possession of the said Acts, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such foreign State, and so long as such Law continues in force there and no longer :

And whereas in accordance with section 18 of 'The Extradition Act, 1870,' the Legislature of the Dominion of Canada has, by laws passed in the years 1877 and 1882, and respectively styled 'The Extradition Act, 1877,' and 'An Act to Amend the Extradition Act, 1877,' made provision for carrying into effect within the Dominion the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in, or are suspected of being in, the Dominion :

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the twentieth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty, between Her Majesty and the President of the Republic of the Equator, for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following :—

'Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Excellency the President of the Republic of Ecuador, having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice, and to the prevention of crime within their respective territories and jurisdictions, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should under certain circumstances be reciprocally delivered up; Her Britannic Majesty and the President of Ecuador have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say :

'Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Frederick Douglas Hamilton, Esquire, her Minister Resident at Ecuador;

'And his Excellency the President of Ecuador General Cornelio E. Vernaza, Minister of Foreign Affairs and of the Interior;

'Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good

'Su Magestad la Reina del Reino Unido de la Gran Bretaña e Irlanda, y Su Excelencia el Presidente de la República del Ecuador, habiendo juzgado conveniente para la mejor administración de justicia, y para prevenir los crímenes dentro de sus respectivos territorios y jurisdicciones, que las personas acusadas ó convictas de los crímenes enumerados en seguida, y que estando fugitivas de la justicia doban, bajo ciertas circunstancias, ser entregadas recíprocamente; Su Magestad la Reina de la Gran Bretaña e Irlanda y el Presidente del Ecuador han nombrado sus Plenipotenciarios respectivos para celebrar un Tratado con este fin, es decir :

'Su Magestad la Reina del Reino Unido de la Gran Bretaña e Irlanda, al Señor Federico Douglas Hamilton (Escudero), su Ministro Residente en el Ecuador;

'Y su Excelencia el Presidente del Ecuador, al Señor General Cornelio E. Vernaza, Ministro del Interior y de Relaciones Exteriores;

'Quienes, despues de haberse comunicado sus plenos poderes, y encontrádoslos en buena y

and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles :—

## ‘ARTICLE I.

‘It is agreed that Her Britannic Majesty’s Government and that of Ecuador shall, on requisition made in their name by their respective Diplomatic Agents, deliver up to each other reciprocally any persons who, being accused or convicted of any of the crimes hereinafter specified, committed within the jurisdiction of the requiring Party, shall be found within the territories of the other Party :—

‘1. Murder, or attempt or conspiracy to murder.

‘2. Manslaughter.

‘3. Counterfeiting or altering money, or uttering counterfeit or altered money.

‘4. Forgery, counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged or counterfeited or altered.

‘5. Embezzlement or larceny.

‘6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.

‘7. Crimes against bankruptcy law.

‘8. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public officer of any company made criminal by any law for the time being in force.

‘9. Rape.

‘10. Abduction.

‘11. Child stealing.

‘12. Burglary or housebreaking.

‘13. Arson.

‘14. Robbery with violence.

‘15. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.

‘16. Piracy by law of nations.

‘17. Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.

‘18. Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm.

‘19. Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the captain or master.

‘Provided that the surrender shall be made only when, in the case of a person accused, the commission of the crime shall be so established as that the laws of the country where the fugitive or person so accused shall be found would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial if the crime had been there committed; and, in the case of a person alleged to have been convicted, on such evidence as, according to the laws of the country where he is found, would prove that he had been convicted.

debida forma, han convenido y estipulado los Artículos siguientes :—

## ‘ARTICULO I.

‘Se ha convenido en que el Gobierno de Su Magestad Británica y el del Ecuador deberán, previo pedimento hecho en su nombre por sus respectivos Agentes Diplomáticos, entregarse recíprocamente cualesquiera personas que siendo acusadas ó convictas de cualquiera de los crímenes puntualizados en seguida, cometidos dentro de la jurisdicción de la parte solicitante, sean encontrados dentro del territorio de la otra parte :—

‘1. Asesinato, ó tentativa ó conspiracion para asesinar.

‘2. Homicidio.

‘3. Falsificacion, ó alteracion de moneda, ó circulacion de moneda falsificada ó alterada.

‘4. Falsificacion, contrahacimiento, ó alteracion, ó circulacion de lo falsificado, contrahecho ó alterado.

‘5. Hurto, ocultacion de bienes de una herencia aun no aceptada por el heredero, ó ratería.

‘6. Obtener moneda ú otros efectos por medio de falsos pretextos.

‘7. Crímenes contra las leyes de la bancarrota.

‘8. Fraude por un individuo libre bajo fianza, banquero, agente, factor, síndico ó curador, director, miembro ó empleado público de alguna compañía, declarado criminal por ley vijente en ese tiempo.

‘9. Estupro con violencia.

‘10. Abduccion.

‘11. Robo de niños.

‘12. Robo nocturno, ó entrada en una casa con violencia con el objeto de robar.

‘13. Incendio intencional.

‘14. Robo con violencia.

‘15. Amenazas por escrito ó de cualquier otra manera con el objeto de cometer algun acto de extorsion.

‘16. Piratería segun el derecho de gentes.

‘17. Hundimiento ó destruccion de una embarcacion en el mar, ó tentativa ó conspiracion con este objeto.

‘18. Asaltos á bordo de un buque en alta mar, con el intento de quitar la vida ó de causar graves daños corporales.

‘19. Rebelion ó tentativa de rebelion ejecutada por dos ó mas personas á bordo de un buque en alta mar, contra la autoridad del capitán ó patron.

‘Con tal que la entrega, en el caso de una persona acusada, se haga únicamente cuando se puntualice la perpetracion del crimen de manera que las leyes del pais en que sea hallado el fugitivo ó persona acusada justificaren su captura y enjuiciamiento si allí se hubiese cometido el crimen; y en el caso en que se declare convicta á una persona en mérito de pruebas que, segun las leyes del pais en que ella sea hallada, bastarian para tenerla por convicta.

## 'ARTICLE II.

'In the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the foreign or colonial possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

## '1. In the case of a person accused:—

'The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by some person recognized by the Secretary of State as a Diplomatic Representative of the Republic of Ecuador, accompanied by a warrant or other equivalent judicial document for the arrest of the accused, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against him in Ecuador, together with duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and a description of the person claimed, and any particulars which may serve to identify him. The said Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive.

'On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

'When the fugitive shall have been apprehended in virtue of such warrant, he shall be brought before the Police Magistrate who issued it or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoners if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in England, the police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

'After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may be duly authorized to receive him on the part of the Government of Ecuador.

## '2. In the case of a person convicted:—

'The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the recognized Diplomatic Representative, in support of his requisition, shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced before the Police Magistrate shall be such as would, according to the law of England,

## 'ARTICULO II.

'En los dominios de Su Magestad Británica distintos de las posesiones coloniales ó extranjeras de Su Magestad, el procedimiento será como sigue:—

## '1º. En el caso de una persona acusada:—

'El pedimento de entrega se hará al Principal Secretario de Estado de Negocios Extranjeros de Su Magestad, por cualquiera persona reconocida por el Secretario de Estado como un Agente Diplomático de la República de Ecuador, acompañado de un testimonio ú otro documento judicial equivalente, para proceder al arresto del acusado, expedido por un Juez ó Magistrado debidamente autorizado para conocer de los actos deque ha sido acusada la persona en el Ecuador, juntamente con las deposiciones debidamente autenticadas ó relaciones hechas con juramento ante un Juez ó Magistrado, manifestando con claridad dichos actos, y una descripción de la persona reclamada, y todos los particulares que conduzcan á identificarla. Dicho Secretario de Estado transmitirá los documentos expresados al Principal Secretario de Estado en el despacho del Interior de Su Magestad, quien por una órden firmada y sellada de su mano hará saber á algun Magistrado de Policía de Lóndres que tal demanda ha sido hecha, y le requerirá, si hubiere causa suficiente, para que expida la cédula de arresto contra el fugitivo.

'Con el recibo de la órden del Secretario de Estado, y con la produccion de suficiente prueba en opinion del Magistrado que justificase la expedicion del auto si el crimen hubiese sido cometido en el Reino Unido, expedirá en consecuencia la respectiva cédula.

'Cuando el fugitivo hubiere sido aprehendido en virtud de tal auto, será conducido ante el Magistrado de Policía que lo expidió, ó ante otro de igual clase de Lóndres. Si la prueba que deba entónces producirse fuere tal que justificase, segun las leyes de Inglaterra, el some timiento á juicio del preso, si el crimen de que hubiese sido acusado lo hubiese cometido en Inglaterra, el Magistrado de Policía le someterá á prision para esperar el decreto de entrega expedido por el Secretario de Estado, enviando inmediatamente al Secretario de Estado un certificado de la prision practicada, y un informe del caso.

'Despues de expirado el periodo de detencion del preso, que nunca debe ser de ménos de quince dias, el Secretario de Estado, por órden firmada y sellada de su mano, ordenará que el criminal fugitivo sea entregado á la persona que esté debidamente autorizada para recibirle de la parte del Gobierno del Ecuador.

## '2º. En el caso de una persona convicta:—

'El curso del procedimiento será el mismo que en el de una persona acusada, excepto que el auto que sea transmitido por el Agente Diplomático reconocido, en apoyo de su solicitud, manifestará con claridad el crimen del cual la persona reclamada haya sido convicta, y relacionará el hecho, lugar, y fecha de su conviction. La prueba que deba producirse ante el Magistrado de Policía debe ser tal que, en con-

prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

'After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await the order of the Secretary of State for his surrender, such person shall have the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*. If he should so apply, his surrender must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case the Court may at once order his delivery to the person authorized to receive him, without the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such order. A like proceeding shall be observed towards criminals in prison in Ecuador.

### 'ARTICLE III.

'In the Republic of Ecuador the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

#### '1. In the case of a person accused:

'The requisition for the surrender shall be made to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Ecuador by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty, accompanied by a warrant for the arrest of the accused, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against him in Great Britain, together with duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and a description of the person claimed, and any other particulars which may serve to identify him.

'The said documents shall be transmitted to the Minister Secretary of State for the Interior Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive.

'On the receipt of such order from the Minister Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in Ecuador, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

'When the fugitive shall have been apprehended in virtue of such warrant he shall be brought before the Police Magistrate who issued it, or some other authority of the same class. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of Ecuador, the committal for trial of the prisoner if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in Ecuador, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender, sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

'After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by

formidad con las leyes de Inglaterra, probare que el preso fuese convicto del crimen que se le acusa.

'Después de que el Magistrado de Policía haya puesto en prisión á la persona acusada ó convicta para esperar la orden de un Secretario de Estado para su entrega, dicha persona tendrá derecho de pedir un escrito de *habeas corpus*. Si ella lo efectuare así, su entrega debe ser diferida hasta después de la decisión de la Corte sobre el pedimento de dicho escrito, y aun entónces tendrá lugar solamente si la decisión fuese adversa al recurrente. En este último caso puede la Corte ordenar la inmediata entrega á la persona autorizada para recibirle, sin orden del Secretario de Estado sobre dicha entrega, ó someterlo á prisión para aguardar la orden. Igual procedimiento se observará respecto de los delinquentes puestos en prisión en el Ecuador.

### 'ARTICULO III.

'En la República del Ecuador, el procedimiento será como sigue:—

#### '1º. En el caso de una persona acusada:

'La petición para la entrega se hará al Ministro de Relaciones Exteriores del Ecuador por el Ministro ó otro Agente Diplomático de Su Magestad Británica, acompañada de un auto de arresto del acusado expedido por un Juez ó Magistrado debidamente autorizado para conocer de los actos de que se le acusare en la Gran Bretaña, junto con las deposiciones bien autenticadas, ó relaciones hechas con juramento ante dicho Juez ó Magistrado, manifestando con claridad los actos expresados, y una descripción de la persona reclamada y otras particularidades que puedan servir para identificarla.

'Dichos documentos se transmitirán al Ministro Secretario de Estado en el Departamento del Interior, quien entónces, por orden firmada y sellada de su mano, hará saber á algun empleado de Policía que tal demanda ha sido hecha, y le requerirá, si hubiere causa suficiente, para que expida el mandamiento de arresto contra el fugitivo.

'Con el recibo de la orden del Ministro Secretario de Estado, y con la producción de suficiente prueba que justifique la expedición del auto si el crimen hubiese sido cometido en el Ecuador, expedirá en consecuencia la boleta de prisión.

'Cuando el fugitivo hubiere sido aprehendido en virtud de tal boleta, será conducido ante el empleado de Policía que lo expidió ó ante otro de igual clase. Si la prueba que deba entónces producirse fuere tal que justificase, según las leyes del Ecuador, el sometimiento á juicio del preso, si el crimen de que hubiese sido acusado lo hubiese cometido en el Ecuador, el empleado de Policía le someterá á prisión para esperar el decreto de entrega expedido por el Secretario de Estado, enviando inmediatamente á este un certificado de la prisión practicada y un informe del caso.

'Después de expirado el periodo de detención del preso, que nunca debe ser de ménos de quince días, el Secretario de Estado, por orden firmada

order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may be duly authorized to receive him on the part of the Government of Her Majesty.

‘2. In the case of a person convicted :—

‘The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent in support of his requisition shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced before the Magistrate charged with the investigation of the case shall be such as would, according to the laws of Ecuador, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

‘ARTICLE IV.

‘A fugitive criminal may, however, be apprehended under a warrant issued by any police Magistrate or other competent authority in either country, on such information or complaint, and such evidence, or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of the person issuing the warrant, justify the issue of a warrant if the crime had been committed or the prisoner convicted in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which he exercises jurisdiction: Provided, however, that in the United Kingdom the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London, and that he shall be discharged, if within thirty days a requisition shall not have been made for his surrender by the Diplomatic Agent of his country, in the manner directed by Articles II and III of this Treaty.

‘The same rule shall apply to the cases of persons accused or convicted of any of the crimes specified in this Treaty, committed on the high seas, on board any vessel of either country, which may come into any port of the other.

‘ARTICLE V.

‘If the fugitive criminal who has been committed to prison be not surrendered and conveyed away within two months after such committal, or within two months after the decision of the Court, upon the return to a writ of *habeas corpus* in the United Kingdom, he shall be discharged from custody, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary.

‘ARTICLE VI.

‘When any person shall have been surrendered, by either of High Contracting Parties to the other such person shall not, until he has been restored, or had an opportunity of returning to the country from whence he was surrendered, be triable or tried for any offence committed in the other country prior to the surrender, other than the particular offence on account of which he was surrendered.

y sellada de su mano, ordenará que el criminal fugitivo sea entregado á la persona que esté debidamente autorizada para recibirle de parte del Gobierno de Su Magestad Británica.

‘2° En el caso de una persona convicta :—

‘El curso del procedimiento será el mismo que en el de una persona acusada, excepto que el auto que deba ser transmitido por el Ministro ú otro Agente Diplomático en apoyo de su pedimento, deberá manifestar claramente el crimen del que la persona reclamada ha sido convencida, y determinar el hecho, lugar, y fecha de su convicción. Las pruebas que deban producirse ante el Magistrado encargado de la investigación del caso deben ser tales que, según las leyes del Ecuador, probaren que el preso fuese convicto del crimen del que se le acusa.

‘ARTICULO IV.

‘El criminal fugitivo puede sin embargo ser aprehendido por un auto expedido por cualquiera Magistrado de Policía ú otra autoridad competente en cada uno de los dos países, con tales informaciones ó quejas y pruebas, ó despues de tales procedimientos que en opinion de la persona que expida el auto, justificasen la expedición de un auto si el crimen hubiese sido cometido ó el prisionero convicto en aquella parte de los dominios de las dos Partes Contratantes en la cual el Magistrado ú otra autoridad competente ejerza jurisdicción; sin embargo que en el Reino Unido el acusado, en tal caso, será enviado con la brevedad posible ante un Magistrado de Policía en Lóndres, y que será puesto en libertad, si dentro de treinta dias no se hubiese hecho una solicitud para la entrega, por el Agente Diplomático de su país de la manera prescrita en los Artículos II y III de este Tratado.

‘Las mismas reglas se observarán en los casos de personas acusadas ó convictas de cualquiera de los crímenes especificados en este Tratado, cometidos en alta mar ó abordó de cualquiera embarcación de uno de los dos países que pueda entrar á uno de los puertos del otro.

‘ARTICULO V.

‘Si el fugitivo criminal que ha sido sometido á prisión no fuere entregado ó llevado á fuera en el término de dos meses despues del arresto, ó dentro de dos meses despues de la decision de la Corte sobre el escrito de *habeas corpus* en el Reino Unido ó en el Ecuador, será puesto en libertad, á menos que causa suficiente se demostrare en contrario.

‘ARTICULO VI.

‘Cuando alguna persona hubiere sido entregado por una de las Altas Partes Contratantes á la otra, tal persona, mientras no haya sido devuelta, ó haya tenido una oportunidad de volver al país de donde fué entregada, no podrá ser sometida á juicio ni juzgada por ningun delito cometido en el otro país, anteriormente á la entrega, á no ser por el delito particular por cuya causa fué entregada.

## 'ARTICLE VII.

'In any case where an individual convicted or accused in Ecuador of any of the crimes described in the present Treaty, and who shall have taken refuge in the United Kingdom, shall have obtained naturalization there, such naturalization shall not prevent the search for, arrest, and surrender of such individual to the Ecuatorian authorities, in conformity with the said Treaty.

'In like manner the surrender shall take place on the part of Ecuador in any case where an individual accused or convicted in England of any of the same crimes who shall have taken refuge in Ecuador shall have obtained naturalization there.

## 'ARTICLE VIII.

'No accused or convicted person shall be surrendered, if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded shall be deemed by the party upon whom it is made to be one of a political character, or if he prove to the satisfaction of the Police Magistrate, or of the Court before which he is brought on *habeas corpus*, or to the Secretary of State, that the requisition for his surrender has, in fact, been made with a view to try or to punish him for an offence of a political character.

## 'ARTICLE IX.

'Warrants, depositions, or statements on oath, issued or taken in the dominions of either of the two High Contracting Parties, and copies thereof, and certificates of or judicial documents stating the fact of conviction, shall be received in evidence in proceedings in the dominions of the other if purporting to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the country where they were issued or taken.

'Provided such warrants, depositions, statements, copies, certificates, and judicial documents are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of State.

## 'ARTICLE X.

'The surrender shall not take place if, since the commission of the acts charged, the accusation, or the conviction, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time, according to the laws of the country where the accused shall have taken refuge.

## 'ARTICLE XI.

'If the individual claimed by one of the two Contracting Parties, in pursuance of the present Treaty, should be also claimed by one or several other Powers, on account of other crimes committed upon their territory, his surrender shall, in preference, be granted in compliance with that demand which is earliest in date.

## 'ARTICLE XII.

'If the individual claimed should be under prosecution, or in custody, for a crime or offence committed in the country where he may have taken

## 'ARTICULO VII.

'En cualquiera caso en que un convicto ó acusado en el Ecuador de alguno de los crímenes detallados en el presente Tratado, y que se hubiere refugiado en el Reino Unido y obtenido naturalización allí, tal naturalización no impedirá la busca, arresto y entrega del individuo á las autoridades del Ecuador, en conformidad con dicho Tratado. De igual manera la entrega se verificará de parte del Ecuador, en cualquiera caso en que un individuo acusado ó convicto en Inglaterra de cualquiera de los mismos delitos se hallare refugiado en el Ecuador y hubiere obtenido allí naturalización.

## 'ARTICULO VIII.

'Ninguna persona acusada ó convicta será entregada, si el delito por el cual se demanda su entrega se estima por la parte á quien se solicita ser de carácter político, ó si la persona probare á satisfacción del Magistrado de Policía ó de la Corte ante la cual es conducido en *habeas corpus*, ó del Secretario de Estado, que el pedimento de su entrega ha sido, en efecto, hecho con la mira de juzgarle y castigarle por un delito de carácter político.

## 'ARTICULO IX.

'Los autos, deposiciones ó relaciones bajo juramento, expedidos ó tomados en los dominios de cualquiera de las dos Altas Partes Contratantes, las copias de ellos y certificados ó documentos judiciales que establecen el hecho de la convicción, serán recibidos en prueba en los procedimientos que se sigan en los dominios de la otra, siempre que se encuentren firmados ó certificados por un Juez, Magistrado ó alguacil del país de donde han sido expedidos ó tomados.

'Con tal que dichos autos, deposiciones, relaciones, copias, certificados, y documentos judiciales sean autenticados con el juramento de algun testigo, ó sellados con el sello oficial de Ministro de Justicia ó de algun otro Ministro de Estado.

## 'ARTICULO X.

'La entrega no se efectuará si, desde la comision de los actos imputados, ó desde la acusacion ó convicción, el lapso del tiempo hubiese eximido al delincuente del enjuiciamiento ó del castigo, segun las leyes del país en donde el acusado se hallare refugiado.

## 'ARTICULO XI.

'Si el individuo reclamado por una de las Partes Contratantes, en ejecucion del present Tratado, fuere tambien reclamado por una ó varias Potencias, con motivo de otros crímenes cometidos en sus territorios, la entrega se hará con preferencia á aquella cuyo reclamo se hayá hecho con fecha anterior.

## 'ARTICULO XII.

'Si el individuo reclamado estuviere enjuiciado, ó en custodia, por un crimen ó delito cometido en el país donde se haya refugiado, su

refuge, his surrender may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

'In case he should be proceeded against or detained in such country on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his surrender shall nevertheless take place, the injured party retaining his right to prosecute his claims before the competent authority.

#### 'ARTICLE XIII.

'Every article found in the possession of the individual claimed at the time of his arrest shall be seized, in order to be delivered up with his person at the time when the surrender shall be made. Such delivery shall not be limited to the property or articles obtained by stealing or by fraudulent bankruptcy, but shall extend to everything that may serve as proof of the crime. It shall take place even when the surrender, after having been ordered, shall be prevented from taking place by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed.

#### 'ARTICLE XIV.

'Each of the two Contracting Parties shall defray the expenses occasioned by the arrest within its territories, the detention, and the conveyance to its frontier, of the persons whom it may consent to surrender in pursuance of the present Treaty.

#### 'ARTICLE XV.

'The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the foreign or colonial possessions of the two High Contracting Parties.

'The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in a foreign or colonial possession of either Party, shall be made to the Governor or chief authority of such possession by the chief Consular Officer of the other at the seat of Government; or, if the fugitive has escaped from a foreign or colonial possession of the Party on whose behalf the requisition is made, by the Governor or chief authority of such possession.

'Such requisitions may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the respective Governors or chief authorities, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender, or to refer the matter to their Government.

'Her Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies and foreign possessions for the surrender of Ecuatorian criminals who may take refuge within such Colony, on the basis as nearly as may be, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

#### 'ARTICLE XVI.

'The present Treaty shall come into operation two months after the exchange of the ratifications. Due notice shall in each country be given of the day.

entrega puede ser diferida hasta que hubiere sido puesto en libertad, en el debido curso legal.

'En caso de que se hallare encausado ó detenido en dicho país por causa de obligaciones contraídas con individuos particulares, su entrega se verificará, no obstante, reservándose la parte agraviada su derecho para continuar sus reclamos ante la autoridad competente.

#### 'ARTICULO XIII.

'Tudo objeto encontrado en poder del individuo reclamado, al tiempo de su arresto, será recaudado para entregarlo junto con su persona cuando deba verificarse su entrega. Tal devolución no se limitará á los artículos obtenidos por robo ó quiebra fraudulenta, sino que se extenderá á todas las cosas que puedan servir como prueba del delito. Esto se verificará aun cuando, despues de ordenada la entrega de la persona, no hubiere tenido efecto por causa de la fuga ó muerte del individuo reclamado.

#### 'ARTICULO XIV.

'Cada una de las dos Partes Contratantes costeará los gastos ocasionados por el arresto dentro de su territorio, la detencion y la remision á su frontera, de las personas que consienta en entregar en conformidad del presente Tratado.

#### 'ARTICULO XV.

'Las estipulaciones del presente Tratado serán aplicables á las posesiones coloniales ó extranjeras de las dos Altas Partes Contratantes.

'La peticion de extradicion de un criminal fugitivo que se hubiere refugiado en una colonia ó posesion extranjera de cualquiera de las Partes, se hará al Gobernador ó autoridad principal de tal posesion ó colonia, por el principal Agente Consular de la otra Parte en el asiento del Gobierno; ó si el fugitivo se ha fugado de una posesion extranjera ó colonial de la Parte en cuyo favor se ha hecho la peticion, por el Gobernador ó autoridad principal de dicha posesion ó colonia.

'Tales peticiones pueden ser despachadas, sujetándose siempre con la mayor estrictez posible á las prescripciones de este Tratado por los respectivos Gobernadores ó autoridades principales, quienes, sin embargo, podrán, ó conceder la entrega, ó referir á su Gobierno el asunto en cuestion.

'Su Magestad Británica podrá, no obstante, hacer especiales arreglos en las colonias Inglesas ó posesiones extranjeras, para la entrega de los criminales Ecuatorianos que se hayan refugiado dentro de tal colonia ó posesion bajo las bases mas posiblemente exactas á las que se prescriben en le presente Tratado.

#### 'ARTICULO XVI.

'El presente Tratado comenzará á surtir sus efectos dos mezes despues del cange de las ratificaciones. En cada país se dará el correspondiente aviso del dia.



'Either Party may at any time terminate the Treaty on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention.

'Cualquiera de las Partes puede en cualquiera tiempo terminar el Tratado, dando á la otra el aviso de su intencion con seis meses de anticipacion.

'ARTICLE XVII.

'ARTICULO XVII.

'The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at the capital of Ecuador within eight months after the approbation of the Legislative Power according to the laws of each country.

'El presente Tratado será ratificado, y cangeadas las ratificaciones en la capital del Ecuador dentro de ocho meses despues de aprobado por el Poder Legislativo, en confirmidad á las leyes de cada pais.

'In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same in duplicate, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

'En testimonio de lo cual los Plenipotenciarios respectivos firman la presente Convencion, dos de un tenor, y ponen sus sellos.

'Done at Quito, capital of the Republic of Ecuador, the 20th September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

'Hecha en Quito, capital de la República del Ecuador, á veinte de Setiembre, de mil ocho cientos ochenta.

'(L.S.) FREC. DOUGLAS HAMILTON.

'(L.S.) CORNELIO E. VERNAZA.'

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Quito, on the nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to her by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, the said Acts shall apply in the case of the Equator, and of the said Treaty with the Republic of the Equator.

Provided always, and it is hereby further ordered that the operation of the said Acts shall be suspended within the Dominion of Canada so far as relates to the Republic of the Equator and to the said Treaty, and so long as the provisions of the Canadian Acts aforesaid continue in force, and no longer.

*C. L. Peel.*

(Signed) H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India."

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 5252.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished:—

*" Simla, the 2nd September 1886.*

No. 3147 I.—The Governór-General in Council has received with much satisfaction the intelligence that the undermentioned Chiefs of the Mahi Kántha in the Bombay Presidency have abolished all transit duties hitherto levied in their respective territories:

The Chief of Mánsa.  
" " A'mliára.  
" " • Katosan.

The Chief of Hlol.

" " Keroli.  
" " Prempur.  
" " Hapa.  
" " Dedhrota.  
" " Kherawara.  
" " Tájpuri.  
" " Dherol.

(Signed) H. M. DURAND,  
Secretary to the Government of India."

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council*

W. WEDDERBURN,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 63.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished for information :—  
*“ Simla, the 1st September 1886.*

No. 223.—The following is published for general information :—

No. 1317G., dated 30th August 1886.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*Addition of a period not exceeding three years to the pensionable service of Civil Engineers, who were appointed to the Department as Assistant Engineers, 1st Grade.*

Read again—

Despatch from Secretary of State No. 71P.W., dated 13th November 1884.

Public Works Department Resolution No. 1442G., dated 13th December 1884.

Despatch from Secretary of State No. 14P.W., dated 23rd April 1885.

RESOLUTION.—In the Despatch of November 1884, read in the preamble, the Secretary of State for India sanctioned a period not exceeding three years being added to the pensionable service of Civil Engineers who were appointed to the Department as Assistant Engineers, 1st Grade, after they had left other employment in India, on the same conditions that the concession had previously been sanctioned for Civil Engineers who were appointed to the Department with initial rank higher than that of 1st Grade Assistant Engineer; these conditions were—

i. That they were appointed before the 1st November 1873.

ii. That they did not receive a bonus on leaving the service of a Guaranteed Railway Company.

In giving publicity to His Lordship's sanction in Rule V. of Public Works Department Resolution No. 1442G., dated 13th December 1884, the conditions attached to the grant of the concession were omitted.

His Excellency in Council is pleased to order the words 'After they had left other employ in India' to be expunged from the rule, the Secretary of State having in the Despatch of the 23rd April 1885, quoted in the preamble, authorised the extension of the concession to all Civil Engineers appointed to the 1st Grade of Assistant Engineers on entering the Department, provided the conditions laid down are fulfilled.

Rule V of the Resolution now read again is accordingly reconstructed as follows :

V.—Civil Engineers who were appointed before 1st November 1873 to the Department as Assistant Engineers, 1st Grade, will be allowed on account of previous experience to add to their pensionable service a period not exceeding three years, provided such previous experience was not acquired before the age of 25. This concession will not, however, be granted to any officer taken over, directly or indirectly, from one of the Guaranteed Railway Companies, who received a bonus on leaving the service of the Company.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be communicated to the Local Governments, Administrations and Officers of the Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab, The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, British Burma, Assam, and Coorg, The Resident at Hyderabad, The Agents to the Governor-General for Central India, Rajputana, and Biluchistan, The Accountant-General, Public Works Department, The Inspector-General of Military Works, The Director-General of Railways, The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, Calcutta, Lahore, and Lucknow, The Superintendent of Works, Simla Imperial Circle, and in all local official Gazettes.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

W. W. GOODFELLOW, Major-General, R. E.,

Secretary to Government.

## FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 2723.—In accordance with rule 8 of the rules prescribed in the Notification by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce No. 2748, dated 17th August 1883, republished in the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 23rd idem, under No. 3091, dated the 22nd idem, Financial Department, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following application from the Municipal Commissioners for the town of Talegaon Dábháda for permission to raise a loan of Rs. 4,700 under the provisions of the Local Authorities Loan Act XI :—

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Talegaon Dábháda Municipal Office,  
 dated 13th May 1886.*

Sir,

In continuation of Government Resolution No. 1285, dated the 12th April 1883, General Department, sanctioning the raising of a loan of Rs. 28,500 by the Municipality of Talegaon Dábháda in the Mával Táluka of the Poona Collectorate for the construction of water-works in the said Municipal Town, we, the undersigned commissioners of the said municipality, have the honour to apply for per-

mission to raise an additional loan in the open market at 5 per cent. per annum interest on the security of the municipal revenues of the town of Talegaon Dábháda.

2. Conforming to the rules framed by the Government of India and published at pages 879 and 880, Part I., of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated the 13th March 1879, we proceed to state the following details :—

- (1). The loan is required to bring water into the Municipal Town of Talegaon Dábháda by means of iron pipes from the reservoir constructed last year out of the loan previously raised, which is found to be insufficient to meet charges for the said purpose.  
An estimate of the cost thereof is hereto attached.
- (2). The amount of the loan required to be raised during the year 1886-87 is Rs. 4,700.
- (3). The municipal revenues of the town of Talegaon Dábháda are offered as security for the repayment of the loan.
- (4). The rates and taxes which make up the aforesaid revenue are levied under the Bombay District Municipal Act, VI. of 1873.
- (5). The loan is required for seventeen years and a half, and it is proposed to repay it by two half-yearly instalments of Rs. 203 each, including interest, payable on 1st May and 1st November each year.
- (6). A statement (A) showing the municipal revenue of the town of Talegaon Dábháda and all expenditure incurred therefrom for the last five years is appended. It is proposed to levy water tax instead of house tax levied at present with a view to provide funds for carrying on the said municipal works, the whole of the municipal revenue being devoted to the repayment of the previous and present loan. A statement marked (B) showing the estimated income from water tax is added.
- (7). There are prior charges upon the municipal revenue, viz., repayment of the loan of Rs. 28,500 in two half-yearly instalments of Rs. 1,135 each, including interest, payable on 1st May and 1st November each year, which will no way interfere with repayment of the loan now applied for.

(Signed) E. C. MORRIEON, President,  
and nine others.

#### APPENDIX (A.)—PART I.

Statement showing the MUNICIPAL REVENUES of the TOWN of TALEGAON DA'BHA'DA during the Years 1880-81 to 1884-85.

Receipts.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Opening Balance ... ..	597 9 6	325 5 0	728 13 6	1,790 9 3	3,223 9 10	6,665 15 1
<b>(A).—Municipal Taxes—</b>						
1 Octroi ... ..	2,105 3 0	2,165 10 6	2,238 1 3	2,612 5 6	2,700 11 3	11,821 15 6
2 Haláikhor Cess ... ..	78 8 0	84 0 0	83 13 0	82 1 0	71 3 6	399 9 6
3 Mándao Tax ... ..	7 12 3	0 6 0	2 15 6	10 1 6	21 10 6	42 13 9
4 House Tax ... ..	.....	.....	.....	1,360 0 0	771 0 0	2,131 0 0
<b>(B).—Miscellaneous Receipts—</b>						
1 Realizations under Special Acts—						
A—License Fees ... ..	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	25 0 0
B—Cattle-Pound Revenue ... ..	8 8 0	5 2 0	26 5 0	11 2 0	16 14 0	66 15 0
2 Scavenging Receipts ... ..	45 2 0	91 4 9	58 5 9	60 0 0	52 8 0	307 4 6
3 Municipal Fines ... ..	2 6 0	9 0 6	3 0 0	2 8 0	.....	16 14 6
4 House Rent ... ..	.....	3 0 0	38 0 0	.....	15 0 0	56 0 0
5 Contribution from Local Funds to Water-work ... ..	.....	.....	.....	5,962 0 0	2,613 8 0	8,575 8 0
6 Miscellaneous ... ..	0 13 0	1 1 0	1 6 0	400 3 2	.....	403 7 2
<b>(C).—Debt—</b>						
1 Loans ... ..	.....	.....	.....	28,500 0 0	.....	28,500 0 0
• Total ... ..	2,253 4 3	2,364 8 9	2,456 14 6	39,005 5 2	6,266 7 3	52,346 7 11
Grand Total ... ..	2,850 13 9	2,689 13 9	3,185 12 0	40,795 14 5	9,490 1 1	59,012 7 0

(Signed) E. C. MORRIEON,  
President, Talegaon Municipality.

## APPENDIX (A)—PART II.

Statement showing the EXPENDITURE (MUNICIPAL) of the TOWN of TALEGAON DA'BHA'DA during the Years 1880-81 to 1884-85.

Expenditure.	1880-81.			1881-82.			1882-83.			1883-84.			1884-85.			Total.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<b>(A)—General Establishment—</b>																		
1 Office Establishment ...	262	2	6	246	11	3	234	10	6	238	10	9	256	6	9	1,238	9	9
2 Collection of Municipal Taxes ...	499	14	0	467	15	8	499	0	6	459	7	9	453	7	8	2,379	13	7
<b>(B)—Public Safety—</b>																		
2 Lighting ...	169	3	9	114	9	0	98	0	0	97	9	6	103	3	4	582	9	7
3 Police ...	.....			.....			4	14	9	5	8	9	5	13	9	16	5	3
<b>(C)—Public Health—</b>																		
3 Maintenance of Medical Institutions ...	125	0	0	125	0	0	125	0	0	125	0	0	125	0	0	625	0	0
5 Water-works—																		
A—Establishment ...	49	4	9	19	15	3	21	0	0	24	0	0	46	2	6	160	6	6
B—New Works ...	.....			.....			.....			36,112	13	4	2,815	0	0	38,927	13	4
6 Road-watering ...	249	10	6	327	6	9	180	13	6	182	8	6	181	1	9	1,221	9	0
7 Road-cleaning ...	144	5	6	144	3	0	148	11	6	144	7	6	144	15	3	726	10	9
8 Conservancy ...	.....			.....			2	2	6	.....			45	14	9	48	1	3
A—Clearing of Prickly-pear ...	63	12	0	19	14	0	.....			.....			13	13	6	97	7	6
B—Prevention of dreadful diseases ...	.....			.....			.....			9	1	6	.....			9	1	6
<b>(D)—Public Instruction—</b>																		
Contribution to Schools ...	204	0	0	117	0	0	.....			.....			.....			321	0	0
<b>(E)—Public Convenience—</b>																		
1 Public Works Establishment ..	12	0	0	12	0	0	12	0	0	12	0	0	12	0	0	60	0	0
A—New Works ...	196	2	3	57	8	3	.....			.....			4	4	9	257	15	3
B—Repairs ...	356	1	9	228	2	9	9	0	0	17	0	9	149	11	9	760	1	0
<b>(F)—Miscellaneous—</b>																		
A—Printing Expense ...	.....			.....			12	15	0	22	5	0	58	12	0	94	0	0
B—Rewards ...	.....			.....			3	14	6	3	15	3	2	12	6	10	10	3
C—Refund ...	.....			.....			.....			53	12	0	21	8	0	75	4	0
D—Other Charges ...	14	4	0	.....			35	12	0	22	12	0	20	11	0	93	7	0
E—Miscellaneous ...	79	11	9	80	10	4	7	4	0	0	4	0	9	0	0	176	14	1
<b>(G)—Debt—</b>																		
1 Loans ...	.....			.....			.....			.....			2,270	0	0	2,270	0	0
2 Deposits ...	.....			.....			.....			41	0	0	.....			41	0	0
Total ...	2,525	8	9	1,961	0	3	1,395	2	9	37,572	4	7	6,739	11	3	50,193	11	7
Closing Balance...	325	5	0	728	13	6	1,790	9	3	3,223	9	10	2,750	5	10	8,818	11	5
Grand Total ...	2,850	13	9	2,689	13	9	3,185	12	0	40,795	14	5	9,490	1	1	59,012	7	0

(Signed) E. C. MORRIESON,  
President, Talegaon Municipality.

## APPENDIX B.

*Proposed Water Tax, Talegaon Dábháda Municipality.*

Classes.	Number in each class.	Rate per annum.	Yield.
Class I. ...	6	8	48
Class II. ...	34	6	204
Class III. ...	49	5	245
Class IV. ...	88	4	352
Class V. ...	244	3	732
Class VI. ...	260	2	520
Class VII. ...	199	1	199
Total ...	880		2,300

(Signed) E. C. MORRIESON,  
President, Talegaon Municipality.

No. 2729.—The following Notifications by the Government of India are republished:—

## "DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE,

## CODES.

*The 31st August 1886.*

No. 2841.

## CIVIL PENSION CODE.

*Page 120.*

*Appendix A. Form G.*

*Substitute the following for the heading of columns 2, 6, 10 and 14:*

'Number exposed to risk, namely, Half the sum of the numbers on the roll at the beginning and at the end of the year as shown in lines 4 and 9 of Form F.'

*Add the following as a footnote to the words 'Number died in' in column 3, 7, 11 and 15 of this Form:*

'The number to be entered in this column is the number of reported deaths (line 11 of Form F), plus the number of lapses (line 12 of Form F), minus the number of renewals (line 6 of Form F).'

*The 1st September 1886.*

No. 2879.

## CIVIL PENSION CODE.

*Page 43.*

*Section 91.*

*Substitute the following for the Exception under this Rule:*

'Watan-dars (Hereditary District Officers) and their deputies in the Kaira Collectorate and in the undermentioned talukas of the Panch Mahals, namely, Godhra, Kálol, and Dohad and the Petás of Hálol and Jhálol, if transferred to qualifying service, count their previous service.'

(Signed) D. BARBOUR,  
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 2730.—The following Notifications by the Government of India are republished:—

## SEPARATE REVENUE,

## ASSESSED TAXES.

## INCOME TAX.

*The 3rd September 1886.*

No. 2929.—Under Section 38, Act II of 1886, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following Rule;

*Rule.*

The official allowance which an Agent of a Prince or State in India in alliance with Her Majesty, who has been duly accredited to represent the Prince or State for political purposes in any place within the limits of British India, receives, as such Agent, in British India from the Prince or State, shall be exempt from liability to assessment under Act II of 1886.

No. 2933.—Under Section 38, Act II of 1886, the Governor-General in Council has been pleased to make the following Rule;

*Rule.*

Sums paid by way of subscription or premium to the Royal Artillery Marriage Society or to the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society shall be exempt from liability to the tax under Act II of 1886 in the same manner as if they were paid to an Insurance Company in respect of an insurance or deferred annuity described in Section 5, sub-section (1), clause (g), of that Act.

(Signed) D. BARBOUR,  
Secretary to the Government of India."

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

## REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 7th September 1886.*

No. 6341.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 18, sub-section (1), of the Indian Explosives Act, No. IV. of 1884, and the directions contained in the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1437, dated 14th August 1885, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, the following draft of special rules to regulate the conveyance, shipping and discharging of gunpowder and other explosives within the limits of the Port of Karáchi, which His Excellency in Council proposes to prescribe under the Act.

The Draft Rules will be taken into consideration on the expiry of three months from the date of this Notification:—

## DRAFT RULES.

1. No vessel having gunpowder or other explosives in excess of 100 lbs. weight on board entering the Port of Karáchi, shall proceed farther than the Deep Water Point Moorings, until such excess quantity has been discharged and deposited in the Port Department Magazine erected on the spit between the Island of Baba and the Quarantine Buildings or such other place as Government may direct, and no vessel shall take on board such excess quantity within the above limits.

2. When receiving or delivering such gunpowder or other explosives, the master of any vessel is to see that the platform in the vessel's hold, the gangways and combings of the hatchways are covered with tanned hides or other suitable paddings, that the barrels or boxes are carefully stowed and the hatches properly secured and locked, and that the key remains in his own possession.

3. A cushion (stuffed with white oakum) covered with leather is to be used for landing all such powder barrels or cases upon, whether in the hold of the vessel, in the boats, or on the wharf, when landing or discharging powder or other explosives.

4. After the vessel has been discharged, the hides, hair-cloths, &c., are to be removed and the hold carefully cleaned out.

5. Every such vessel as last aforesaid when at anchor at night in the roadstead, or in the track of shipping, is to show a mast-head light, and every such vessel when under weigh at night is to show side-lights, according to the Admiralty Regulations.

6. Barges, lighters, boats and vessels carrying such gunpowder or other explosives, shall not when at anchor lie closer than half a mile from any of the shipping or public landing places.

7. When any vessel has such gunpowder or other explosives on board, a red flag is to be hoisted at the foremast-head, and kept flying until the cargo is discharged. The master and all the crew are to remain on board until the gunpowder or other explosive stores are discharged, unless it be necessary to procure water or provisions, in which case notice is to be given to the Port Officer, but the vessel is not to be left without an officer on board.

8. Vessels, barges and boats having or taking on board such gunpowder or other explosives, are to be kept scrupulously clean and free from loose gunpowder.

9. In shipping or discharging such gunpowder or other explosives, tanned hides or wadmiltits are to be laid down in that portion of the vessel over which the cases or barrels pass.

10. All boats laden with such gunpowder or other explosives are to remain at anchor off the magazine abovementioned, until orders are received to land the same.

11. Only decked boats with closed-in hatches under lock and key (the latter to remain in charge of the official deputed to superintend the discharge of the gunpowder or other explosives), are to be employed for the conveyance of gunpowder or other explosives, and they are to have a moveable board attached to the bow and stern a foot long with the word "Explosives" painted in white letters on a black ground, and a red flag is to be kept hoisted during the time any such gunpowder or other explosives are on board.

12. The consignee, agent or other person concerned, shall give written notice (twenty-four hours before the expected arrival or intended shipment of any such explosives) to the Port Officer, who shall depute an officer to remain in charge of such explosives until the same has been deposited in the magazine, or stowed on board any vessel conveying it elsewhere.

13. The Port Officer is authorized on occasions when he may deem it expedient to permit ammunition properly packed in cases, when such cases do not exceed 50 in number, to be shipped on board a vessel lying at the ordinary anchorage on the day or the day before such vessel is intended to sail. Shipment shall be effected under the same precautions and conditions as are prescribed in the rules for the shipment of explosives on board vessels lying off the Deep Water Point Moorings. Ammunition permitted to be shipped under this rule must be taken in immediately on the boat going alongside and no cargo boat or other vessel having fire on board shall be permitted to lie on the same side of the vessel during the time of such shipment.

No. 6356.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 216 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the extension of the provisions of Chapters VIII. and IX. of the said Code to the village of Khed in the Válva Táluka of the Sátára Collectorate.

No. 6357.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 11 of the Bombay A'bkári Act, 1878, the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt from any duty to which it may be liable under any provision of the said Act, all liquor manufactured at His Highness the Rája of Dharampor's distillery at Dharampor which is transported from the said distillery, through any part of the district of Surat, to His Highness' village of Sarangpor under permits for such transport signed by the Darogha of the said distillery.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 6362.—A Survey Settlement having been introduced under the provisions of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 into the leasehold village of Dahisur belonging to the Salsette Taluka of the Thána District in the year 1864-65, it is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 102 of the Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to declare the assessments imposed under the said settlement fixed for a period of twenty-four years commencing with the Revenue year 1865-66 and ending with the Revenue year 1889-90.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 25th August 1886.*

## Notice to Mariners.

No. 63.—The following Notice to Mariners by the Port Officer, Cochin, is republished for general information:—

“The Narrakel anchoring buoy has been replaced six cables length S.E. of its old position in 18 feet low water spring tides.

The following are the bearings from its present position:—

Narrakel Flagstaff E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  N.  
Cochin Lighthouse S.E. by S.  
Cruz Milagre gap S.E.  
Bearings magnetic.

Care should be taken, in approaching the Roadstead from the southward, not to mistake the *Areen* wreck buoy for the anchoring buoy, which is larger and painted red.

*Note.*—The great mud flat forming the smooth anchorage at Narrakel has shifted considerably to the southward, and ships may now anchor immediately to the westward and south-westward of the buoy, where the smoothest water now prevails.”

*Bombay Castle, 6th September 1886.*

No. 67.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, V. of 1883, to appoint W. Webb, Esq., Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, R. Walton, Esq., Master of the S. S. “Sahara,” and L. B. Rose, Esq., Master of the S. S. “Dragoman,” to conduct an investigation into the circumstances connected with the accident to the S. S. “Dago” in consequence of her having touched on or near the Breakwater at Manora Point, Karáchi, on the 9th ultimo.

2. The investigation will be held at the Fort Police Court on Wednesday the 8th instant, at 12 o'clock (noon).

*Bombay Castle, 7th September 1886.*

No. 68.—The words *printed red* in the fifth and twelfth lines in the 3rd para. of Notification No. 77, dated 29th September 1885, should be expunged.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 69.—Under the provisions of Section 3 Act V. of 1885, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the contribution of Rupees 13,500 annually by the Trustees of the Port of Bombay towards the maintenance of the European General Hospital for the three years 1886-87, 1887-88, 1888-89, and to order that such contribution shall be in substitution of hospital port dues imposed under Section 59 of the Indian Ports Act, 1875.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Brigadier-General,  
Secretary to Government.

## GENERAL ORDERS

*By the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 4th September 1886.*

No. 409.—The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 4th August 1886:—

*27th Bombay Infantry.*

Drill Haváldár Sardár Khán to be Jamádár vice Sarmukh Singh, pensioned, and Haváldár Hamidullah Khán to be Jamádár vice Inayat Khán, pensioned.

*Bombay Castle, 6th September 1886.*

No. 410.—*Erratum.*—In G. G. O. No. 366, dated 4th ultimo, for “Karram Sin” read “Karram Din.”

*Bombay Castle, 7th September 1886.*

No. 411.—The following transfer is ordered:—Ressaidár A'zmatullah Khán from 7th Bombay Cavalry (Jacob-ká-Risáli) to 3rd Bombay Cavalry.

No. 412.—G. G. O. No. 391, dated 17th August 1886, permitting Major-General C. S. de N. Lucas, Royal (late Bombay) Artillery, to proceed to Europe under the Regulations, is cancelled.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 413.—Deputy Assistant Commissary C. Duke, Public Works Department (Barrack Branch), is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on medical certificate, under Rule 6 of the Furlough Regulations of 1875, with the necessary subsidiary leave.

No. 414.—The undermentioned Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for twelve months on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Conductor T. Crutchley, Ordnance Department.

No. 415.—The undermentioned officer has been granted leave out of India on private affairs for six months, from the date of being struck off duty, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps:—

Colonel G. S. Stevens, Staff Corps, Commandant, Aden Troop.

No. 416.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year and ten days on private affairs, under Rule IX. of the Furlough Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Major S. Babington, Staff Corps, District Superintendent of Police, Poona.

No. 417.—The following Native promotion is made, with effect from this date:—

*5th Regiment Bombay Cavalry.*

Native Gentleman Muhammad Umar Khan to be Jamádár on probation.

No. 418.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—

Lieutenant-Colonel G. E. Erskine, Cavalry.

Brigade-Surgeon G. Y. Hunter, Indian Medical Department.

No. 419.—The undermentioned officer of the Staff Corps is entitled to the Colonel's allowance from the date specified:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet-Colonel) Charles Thomas Heathcote, C.B.,—7th September 1886.

No. 420.—In supersession of the privilege leave for ninety days from the 13th April 1886 granted to Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Hogg, Bombay Cavalry, Commandant, 4th Cavalry (Poona Horse), that officer has been granted by the Secretary of State for India leave on medical certificate for seven months, from that date to the 13th June 1886 under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, and from the 14th June under the new Leave Rules of 1886.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 421.—The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated 17th August 1886, pages 4009—4010, is republished:—

“INDIA OFFICE, 17th August 1886.

The Queen has approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Military Forces:—

\* \* \* \* \*  
Colonel John Jacob, Bombay Staff Corps.  
Dated 8th June 1886.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Hay, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 23rd August 1886.

\* \* \* \* \*  
Major Charles Theodore Echalez, Bombay Infantry. Dated 1st June 1886.

The following Officers have been granted a step of honorary rank on retirement:—

\* \* \* \* \*

*To be Colonel.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Hay, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 23rd August 1886.

*To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

\* \* \* \* \*  
Major Charles Theodore Echalez, Bombay Infantry. Dated 1st June 1886.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Military Forces made by the Governments in India:—

\* \* \* \* \*  
**BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.**

*To be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Major Charles Hay. Dated 27th June 1886.

*To be Captains.*

Lieutenant Clifton Frederick Samuel Alban.  
Dated 13th June 1886.

Lieutenant John Frederick Charles Thatcher.  
Dated 13th June 1886.

**BOMBAY INFANTRY.**

*To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Major Alexander Richard Taylor McRae. Dated 9th June 1886.

Major Edward Robert Reay. Dated 9th June 1886.”

No. 422.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India, No. 581, dated 3rd September 1886, is republished:—

“APPOINTMENTS.

*Burma Field Force.*

No. 581.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 280 of 1886 the Governor-General in Council sanctions, as a temporary measure, the formation of three additional brigades in Upper Burma, with staff as follows:—

\* \* \* \* \*

*Fifth Brigade.*

\* \* \* \* \*  
Captain A. W. L. Bayly, } D. A. A. and Q. M.  
21st Bombay Infantry. } General.

With effect from the date of embarkation for Burma.”

No. 423.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India, No. 582, dated 3rd September 1886, is republished:—

“No. 582.—The following appointments to the Burma Field Force are sanctioned:—

Colonel J. Hills, C. B., Royal (late Bombay) Engineers, to be Commanding Royal Engineer.

\* \* \* \* \*

With effect from date of joining.”

No. 424.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India, No. 588, dated 3rd September 1886, is republished:—

“No. 588.—The undermentioned officers, appointed by the Secretary of State for India probationers for the Indian Staff Corps, are posted as follows, with effect from the dates of their arrival in India:—

\* \* \* \* \*

*Bombay Staff Corps.*

Lieutenant K. H. Eddis, Royal West Kent Regiment.”

No. 425.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India, No. 596, dated 3rd September 1886, is republished:—

“Promotions.

No. 596.—Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 10th November 1881, the names of the following officers are moved up on the Indian Gradation List:—



Major-General A. B. Little, Bombay S. C., is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Generals in consequence of the transfer to the Unemployed Supernumerary List of Lieutenant-General G. R. S. Burrows, Bombay Infantry, on the 1st July 1886.

\* \* \* \*

Colonel G. A. Laughton, Bombay S. C., is placed on the list of Major-Generals in consequence of the promotion of Major-General A. B. Little, Bombay S. C., to the rank of Lieutenant-General on the 1st July 1886.

\* \* \* \*

No. 426.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 599, dated 3rd September 1886, is republished:—

“ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 599.—The undermentioned Sub-Conductors on probation, are confirmed in their present grade, with effect from the dates specified:—

Frederick Clarke,—1st January 1886.  
William Smith, 1st January 1886.  
Thomas Martin, 9th February 1886.”

*Corrigendum.*—In G. O. No. 406 of the 1st instant, published at page 733 of Part I. of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 2nd idem, for “Lieutenant M. S. Stewart” read “Lieutenant M. S. Stewart.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Brigadier-General,  
Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 70.—Under the provisions of Section 72 of Act VI. of 1879 (The Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879) His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize Captains O. R. Mitchell and John C. Tice, of the British India Steam Navigation Company's Service, to pilot vessels under 1,000 tons register between the outer limits of the Bombay Harbour and the Sunk Rock Light-house under the provisions of the additional Pilotage Rules approved by Government under Notification No. 54, dated 3rd October 1884.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Brigadier-General,  
Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 33.—The Reverend A. G. Cane, M.A., Chaplain of Poona, has been granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 14th September 1886.

No. 34.—The Reverend H. N. Midwinter, M.A., Garrison Chaplain, is appointed to act as Chaplain of Poona during the absence of the Reverend A. G. Cane.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

M. W. WILLOUGHBY,  
Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 7th September 1886.*

No. 5232.—Mr. W. Lee Warner, C. S., and Captain J. W. Wray respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Political Agent, Kolhápúr and Southern Marátha Country, on the 28th ultimo, after office hours.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 5253.—The following Notifications by the Government of India in the Foreign Department are republished:—

“*Simla, the 2nd September 1886.*

No. 1746 G.—The privilege leave granted by Foreign Department Notification No. 1513 G., dated the 29th July 1886, to Colonel J. C. Berkeley, Resident of the 2nd Class, and Governor-General's Agent at Baroda, is extended by one month from the 8th September 1886.

*The 1st September 1886.*

No. 3125 I.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to invest the officer holding for the time being the appointment of Agent to the Governor-General at Baroda with the powers of a Sessions Judge, as described in the Code of Criminal Procedure; and to direct that the said powers be exercised within the limits of the Cantonment of Baroda.

No. 3128 I.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to invest Lieutenant-Colonel W. S. Peat, Second Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent at Baroda, with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, as described in the Code of Criminal Procedure, and with the additional powers specified in Schedule IV of the Code as powers with which a Magistrate of the First Class may be invested by the Local Government; and to direct that the said powers be exercised within the limits of the Cantonment of Baroda.

(Signed) H. M. DURAND,  
Secretary to the Government of India.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
W. WEDDERBURN,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 1st September 1886.*

No. 5084.—Mr. Amratlal Bechar, Clerk of the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Kapadvanj, was in charge of the current duties of that Court, in addition to his own, from 24th June to 13th July 1886, both days inclusive.

*Bombay Castle, 6th September 1886.*

No. 5159.—Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Mámlatdár of Gogha in the Ahmedabad District, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the District of Ahmedabad under Section 12 of Act X. of 1882.

No. 5161.—Messrs. E. T. Candy and W. H. Crowe respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of District and Sessions Judge and Agent for Sardárs in the Deccan at Poona on the 25th ultimo, before noon.

No. 5162.—Mr. Gurbomal Jowhursing, Acting Head Munshi of taluka Hyderabad, in the district of Hyderabad, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the district of Hyderabad under Section 12 of Act X. of 1882.

No. 5164.—Under Section 37 of Act X. of 1882 Mr. K. R. Bomanji, Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Kaira, is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Act:—

Power to require security for good behaviour (Section 110).

Power to make orders as to local nuisances (Section 133).

Power to issue process for persons within local jurisdiction who have committed an offence outside the local jurisdiction (Section 186).

Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, &c. (Section 524).

No. 5166.—Under Section 40 of Act XIV. of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) Mr. Lakshmanrao Vithal has been appointed, with effect from the 16th ultimo, to act as Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Málgaon in the Násik District during the absence of Mr. Ramchandra Babaji on leave, or until further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 5191.—Surgeon B. N. Koyaji, Her Majesty's 27th N. L. I., was in executive charge of the District Jail at Hyderabad, in addition to his own duties, from the 13th to the 18th May 1886, both days inclusive.

No. 5193.—Under the provisions of clause 2 of Section 45 of Bombay Act II of 1874 the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. C. Rand, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Raunágiri, to be a Visitor of the District Jail at Raunágiri.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
W. WEDDERBURN,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

#### EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 1434.—Ráo Sáheb G. B. Néné and Ráo Sáheb S. V. Patwardhan, B.A., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Educational Inspector, Central Division, on the 25th August 1886, before office hours.

No. 1435.—Ráo Sáheb S. V. Patwardhan, B.A., and Mr. M. V. Káné, B.A., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Educational Inspector, Southern Division, on the 23rd August 1886, after office hours.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
W. WEDDERBURN,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

#### REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 4th September 1886.*

No. 6307.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Ráo Bahádúr Vyankatesh Bápuji Vádekar to be District Deputy Collector, Sholápúr, vice Mr. Náráyan Bhikáji, retired.

Khán Bahádúr Edalji Dosábhái to be Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Ráo Bahádúr Náráyan Bhikáji, retired.

Ráo Bahádúr Hanmant Rámchandra Shirhátí to be substantive *pro tem*. District Deputy Collector, Násik.

Khán Bahádúr Phiroz Hoshang Dastur to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector vice Kháp Bahádúr Edalji Dosábhái, promoted.

Mr. Rangnáth Sadáshiv Jayakar to act as District Deputy Collector, Kolába, till further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 7th September 1886.*

No. 6354.—Mr. A. W. Crawley-Boevey, C. S., is allowed furlough on medical certificate for one year under Section 52 of the Civil Leave Code, 6th Edition.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 6374.—Mr. M. C. Leckie, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, has been allowed by Her Majesty's of Secretary of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

#### GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 31st August 1886.*

No. 3108.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. F. L. Charles, C. S., to act as Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay during the absence of Mr. E. C. K. Ollivant, C. S., or till further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 8th September 1886.*

No. 3193.—The services of Surgeon A. W. F. Street are replaced at the disposal of Government in the Military Department.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

#### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 6th September 1886.*

No. 62.—Mr. Pestanji Hornusji Patuck, B.A., L.C.E., is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Ahmednagar, during Mr. Pottinger's absence on privilege leave.

*Bombay Castle, 7th September 1886.*

No. 64.—Captain E. C. Spilsbury, R. E., is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, during Colonel W. Merriman's absence on privilege leave.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
W. W. GOODFELLOW, Major-General, R. E.,  
Secretary to Government.

## Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &amp;c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Mr. Kondo Amrit Maharao a Sanad authorizing him to practise as a Pleader in the Courts of the Sholápur-Bijápúr District, in lieu of the one for the Poona District, which is hereby cancelled at his own request.

KRISHNAMUKHRAM ATMARAM MEHTA,  
Acting Deputy Registrar,  
*Bombay, 3rd September 1886.*

BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

CIRCULAR No.  $\frac{R.}{17}$ 

RESOURCE DEPARTMENT.

From—The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY;  
To—All COLLECTORS and TREASURY OFFICERS.  
*Bombay, 25th August 1886.*

With reference to the Comptroller General's Circular, No. L—1, dated the 14th instant, relative to the new Loan of 120 Lakhs, I have the honour to request that you will receive deposits on account of tenders to that Loan up to such a date as will allow of the tenders reaching the Comptroller General, Calcutta, by the date appointed for opening them, viz., the 10th September 1886.

CIRCULAR No.  $\frac{L.F.}{18}$ 

LOCAL FUND DEPARTMENT.

From—The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY;  
To—All COLLECTORS and TREASURY OFFICERS.  
*Dated Bombay, 3rd September 1886.*

With reference to Government Resolution (Financial) No. 1182, dated 27th April 1886, I have the honour to request that you will consider my Circular No. 35, dated 8th October 1885, as no longer in force.

2. Charges incurred by Executive Engineers for Local Boards in connection with the construction or repairs of Ferries should be treated exactly like any other Public Works Expenditure in accordance with consolidated Circular K., paragraph 23, and Local Fund Rule 37.

T. W. RAWLINS,  
Accountant General.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Khán Bahádúr Shapurji Ratanji delivered over and Khán Bahádúr Adarji Nasservanji received

charge of the office of the Deputy Collector in charge Huzúr Accounts, Ahmedabad, on the 30th ultimo, in the forenoon.

*Poona, 2nd September 1886.*

T. H. STEWART,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Ráo Bahádúr Shridhar Gundo, District Deputy Collector, delivered over and Mr. H. A. Hughes, Assistant Collector, received charge of the Dbulia Táluka in the Khándesh District on the 21st August 1886, after office hours.

Mr. H. A. Hughes, Assistant Collector, and Ráo Bahádúr Sitaram Damodar, District Deputy Collector, Khándesh, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the First Assistant Collector, Khándesh, on the 4th August 1886, in the forenoon.

Ráo Bahádúr C. M. Thatte, Huzúr Deputy Collector and Magistrate, First Class, Sátára, delivered over and Ráo Bahádúr Rajaram Khanderao Vaidya, District Deputy Collector and Magistrate, First Class, received charge of the Huzúr Treasury and the Account Office and of the office of the Huzúr Deputy Collector and Magistrate, First Class, Sátára, on the 16th August 1886, before noon.

Ráo Sáheb Moro Raghunath Biwalkar, Mámílatdár on special duty in connection with the Western Deccan Railway, rejoined his substantive appointment as Mámílatdár of Koregaon in the Sátára District on the 25th February 1886, after office hours, and Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Chimnaji Wad, who was doing duty at Koregaon, rejoined his substantive appointment as Mámílatdár of táluka Khatáv on the 9th March 1886, before office hours.

*Poona, 31st August 1886.*

Mr. H. N. Alexander delivered over and Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Wilson received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Násik, on the 26th ultimo, in the afternoon.

*Poona, 2nd September 1886.*

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Ráo Sáheb Raghavendra Shamrao, Probationary Fourth Grade Mámílatdár, is confirmed in that grade.

Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Hanmanta Beur-Mámílatdár of Muddebihál, is transferred to Kalghatgi.

Ráo Sáheb Venkaji Balwant Lakdi, Mámílatdár of Kalghatgi, is transferred to Muddebihál.

Ráo Sáheb Shesho Krishna Mudkavi, First Grade Mámílatdár of Chikodi, is transferred to Belgaum, and Ráo Sáheb Gangadhar Bhimrao Jambbekar, Fourth Grade Mámílatdár of Belgaum, is transferred to Chikodi.

Ráo Sáheb Sitaram Gopal Soman is appointed to act as Mámílatdár of Mahád during the employment of Ráo Sáheb Hari Ramchandra Takle on special duty.

*Poona, 30th August 1886.*

Ráo Sáheb Hanmant Ramchandra Shirhatti, Second Grade Mámílatdár, to be First Grade Mámílatdár vice Ráo Sáheb Sabajirao Chintaman Chitnis, appointed Sixth Grade Deputy Collector.

During the employment of Ráo Bahádur Hanmant Ramchandra Shirhatti as *pro tem*. Sixth Grade Deputy Collector the following promotions are ordered, with effect from 6th instant:—

Ráo Sáheb Bhikaji Krishna Patwardhan to be *pro tem*. First Grade Mámílatdár.

Ráo Sáheb Parasharam Ballal Shitut to be *pro tem*. Second Grade Mámílatdár.

Ráo Sáheb Govind Venkatesh Datar to be *pro tem*. Third Grade Mámílatdár.

Ráo Sáheb Pandurang Narayan, Acting Mámílatdár at Yellápur, to be *pro tem*. Fourth Grade Mámílatdár.

Consequent on the retirement of Ráo Sáheb Bindurao Anant, First Grade Mámílatdár of Kháuápur, the following promotions are ordered, with effect from the date of Ráo Sáheb Bindurao's retirement:—

Ráo Sáheb Antaji Bapuji Paradkar, *pro tem*. First Grade Mámílatdár, to be First Grade Mámílatdár.

Ráo Sáheb Shrinivas Krishna Bodikotkar to be Second Grade Mámílatdár.

Ráo Sáheb Yeshwant Kashinath to be Third Grade Mámílatdár.

Azam Shrinivas Venkatesh Yatgiri, Chitnis to the Collector of Belgaum, to be Probationary Fourth Grade Mámílatdár, and is posted to Siddápur in the Kánara District.

Ráo Sáheb Mangeshrao Anant is transferred from Siddápur to Haliyál.

Ráo Sáheb Laxuman Mangesh is transferred from Haliyál in Kánara to Khánápur in Belgaum.

The above transfers to take effect from the 1st of November; till then Ráo Sáheb Gopal Ramchandra Shirhatti to do duty as Mámílatdár at Khánápur and Ráo Sáheb Venkatesh Bhimrao Bhandiwad at Kumta.

*Poona, 31st August 1886.*

W. H. PROPERT,  
Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,  
SALT, OPIUM AND ÁBKÁRI.

No. 4738.—Messrs. A. R. Maidment and J. H. Dickinson respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Alábág Range, on the 20th ultimo, before office hours.

No. 4740.—Messrs. Jehangir Dossabhai Framji and H. L. Wright respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector of Customs, in charge Prince's Dock Custom House and Tobacco Department, in the afternoon of the 30th ultimo.

*Poona, 3rd September 1886.*

No. 4760.—Messrs. A. N. Wadia and W. E. Young respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector of Customs in charge Export and Opium Departments on the 31st ultimo, before noon.

No. 4762.—Messrs. W. E. Young and Jehangir Dossabhai Framji respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector of Customs in charge Import Department on the 31st ultimo, before noon.

*Poona, 4th September 1886.*

J. G. MOORE,

Acting Commissioner of Customs,  
Salt, Opium and A'kbári.

BY THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT  
COMMISSIONER.

Mr. J. A. McIver, Assistant Superintendent, Ratnágiri Revenue Survey, returned from the privilege leave granted him under Government Resolution No. 3435, dated 12th May last, on the 27th ultimo and assumed charge of his duties on the same day in the forenoon,

A. S. BULKLEY,

Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner,  
*Poona, 2nd September 1886.*

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF  
PRISONS.

Surgeon A. Sargent delivered over charge on the 19th August 1886, in the afternoon, and Surgeon-Major P. Murphy, M.D., received charge of the Dhulia District Jail on the 27th idem, in the forenoon,

J. CRUICKSHANK,

Inspector-General of Prisons,  
*Poona, 2nd September 1886.*