

THE



# Bombay Government Gazette.

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[No. 21

THURSDAY, 27TH MAY 1886.

*Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.*

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## PART I.

### Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 18th May 1886.*

No. 3016.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 55 of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act XVII. of 1879, and in modification of Government Notification in the Judicial Department No. 6710A, published at pages 871 to 899 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 2nd November 1882, His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the Village Registration Circle of Chāudkhed in the Māvāl Tāluka in the district of Poona shall

be amalgamated with that of Ambegaon in the same tāluka and district.

The new circle thus constituted shall be known by the name of Shivna-Ambegaon and shall be in charge of one Village Registrar who shall hold his office at Shivna and Ambegaon respectively on such days in each month as shall from time to time be prescribed by the Registrar of the district.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
**W. WEDDERBURN,**  
 Acting Chief Secretary to Government.



## EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1886.

No. 803.—The following Students have passed the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy School of Art Examination for Certificates and Prizes:—

Name of the School.	Serial Number.	Names.	Remarks.
<i>First Grade.</i>			
Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.	1	Pandhrinath Makund ...	Certificate and Prizes in Freehand Drawing, Geometry and Model Drawing.
	2	Miss Gangabai V. Mankar ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
	3	Laxuman Kashinath Kirloskar ...	Do. do.
	4	Barjorji P. Mehta ...	Certificate.
	5	F. H. Carvalho ...	Do.
	6	Dinanath Damodhar Kalé ...	Do.
	7	Echhashankar Purshotam Davé ...	Do.
	8	Hari Raghunath ...	Do.
	9	Martand Bajaba Pradhan ...	Do.
	10	Moro Gannatrao Yadav ...	Do.
	11	Samuel Joel ...	Do.
	12	V. V. Bhagavat ...	Do.
	13	K. M. Metha ...	Certificate and Prize in Model Drawing.
Elphinstone High School.	14	M. M. Ghodi ...	Do. do. in Geometry.
	15	A. B. Kotwal ...	Certificate.
	16	B. A. Javalé ...	Do.
	17	D. V. Kotharé ...	Do.
	18	G. V. Athavlé ...	Do.
	19	V. V. Athavlé ...	Do.
	20	V. A. Talcharkar ...	Do.
Gokuldas Tejpal School.	21	R. N. Kotharé ...	Do.
	22	N. M. Rangoonwala ...	Do.
Chandanvadi 1st Grade Anglo-Vernacular School.	23	Trikamdas R. Dalal ...	Do.
	24	Mawji Canji ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
	25	Parmanand Pranjivan ...	Certificate.
Anglo-Vernacular School, Phanasvadi.	26	Dorabji Ardeser ...	Do.
	27	Gajanan Shamrao Jayker ...	Certificate and Prizes in Freehand Drawing and Geometry.
	28	Shamrao Ramchandra Dharadkar ...	Do. and Prize in Geometry.
	29	Dhondiraj Govind Phalké ...	Do. do.
Fort Branch School, Bombay.	30	Madhavrao Pandurang Vijayker ...	Do. do.
	31	Gajanan Keroba Talpadé ...	Certificate.
	32	Kasamji Abdulrahim ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
Jagonnath Shankarset 1st Grade Anglo-Vernacular School.	33	Merwanji Hormasji K. ...	Certificate.
	34	Vasudev Narayan Nabar ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
	35	Yeshwant Balvant Fatarpekar ...	Certificate.
Scottish High School.	36	Keshav Mahadev Thakur ...	Do.
	37	Mayes, Ronald Frank ...	Certificate and Prizes in Freehand Drawing and Geometry.
Bombay Education Society's High School.	38	Ottley, John ...	Certificate.
	39	Richardson, William ...	Do.
Byramji High School, Jijibhai Thana.	40	Nilkant Shripat Dhamdheré ...	Certificate.
	41	Trimbak Ramchandra Kotwal ...	Do.
	42	Ruben Moses Koletkar ...	Do.
	43	Gangadhar Sitaram Kharkar ...	Do.
	44	Vinayek Shankar Bhagwat ...	Do.
	45	Moreswar Mahadev Vadhavkar ...	Do.
	46	Gajanan Govind Dandekar ...	Do.
	47	Waman Vinayek Kané ...	Do.



Name of the School.	Serial Number.	Names.	Remarks.
<i>First Grade—continued.</i>			
Sholapur School.	High	48 Ganesh Govind Padhyé ...	Certificate.
		49 Mahadev Ramchandra Phadké ...	Do.
		50 Ganesh Balvant Nadkar ...	Do.
		51 Ganesh Narbar Atré ...	Do.
		52 Ramchandra Gopal Dixit ...	Do.
Broach School.	High	53 Ganesh Bhaskar Kelkar ...	Do.
		54 Gopal Ramchandra Regú ...	Do.
		55 Budesahab Fakrudin Contractor ...	Do.
		56 Barjorji Rastomji Kapadia ...	Do.
		57 Sakham Ganesh Barwé ...	Do. and Prize in Model Drawing.
Poona High School	High	58 Wasudev Ramkrishna Pendsé ...	Do. do. in Geometry.
		59 Shidhar Damodhar Gokhalé ...	Do. do.
		60 Ramchandra Hari Soni ...	Do. do.
		61 Pandurang Krishna Purohit ...	Do. do.
		62 Dwarkanath Kashinath Mhatré ...	Do. do.
		63 Shankar Atmaram Karnik ...	Do. do.
		64 Krishnaji Vishnu Phadké ...	Do. do.
		65 Laxuman Balvant Chivné ...	Do. do.
		66 Vishnu Krishna Kanitkar ...	Certificate.
		67 Govind Balkrishna Vartak ...	Do.
		68 Bhalchandra Mahadev Athle ...	Do.
		69 Narayan Gyanu Sinde ...	Do.
		70 Ramchandra Vishnu Bhopalkar ...	Do.
		71 Narayan Damodhar Gokhlé ...	Do.
		72 Krishnaji Ganesh Abhyankar ...	Do.
73 Chintaman Ramchandra Bakhlé ...	Do.		
Bhuj School of Art	High	74 Keshav Balvant Naik ...	Do.
		75 Balrishna Damodhar Phatak ...	Do.
		76 Ramchandra Bhicaji Gagté ...	Do.
		77 Bapuji Khanderao Gupté ...	Do.
		78 Abdul Rajak Khan ...	Do.
Násik High School.	High	79 Devachand Valji ...	Do.
		80 V. L. Purohit ...	Certificate.
		81 P. H. Chitare ...	Do.
		82 W. R. Khandkar ...	Do.
Surat High School.	High	83 R. B. Naik... ..	Do.
		84 Okadji Jamsetji Katpitib ...	Certificate.
Dhulia School.	High	85 Shridhar Martand Shastri ...	Do.
		86 Martand N. Shivadekar ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
		87 Tatiaji N. Nanavati ...	Certificate.
		88 Vishnu R. Barvé ...	Do.
		89 Shankar B. Marathé ...	Do.
		90 Raghunath S. Vaidya ...	Do.
		91 Govind V. Jategavkar ...	Do.
Rájaram College, Kolhápur.	High	92 D. A. Lelé ...	Do.
		93 M. N. Inandar ...	Do.
		94 L. B. Modak ...	Do.
Sátára School.	High	95 Waman R. Gokhlé ...	Certificate.
		96 Waman V. Subhedar ...	Do.
Ratnágiri School.	High	97 G. B. Soman ...	Do.
Kárwar High School.	High	98 Padmanabha Shankar Chandaver ...	Certificate and Prize in Freehand Drawing.
Ahmednagar School.	High	99 Shridhar Yeshwant Deshpandé ...	Certificate.
N. J. High School, Karáchi.	High	100 James Petters ...	Certificate.
		101 Chotalal Oojamchand ...	Do.
		102 Pirozshaw Ratanji ...	Do.
		103 Anand Narayan ...	Do.



Name of the School.	Serial Number.	Names.	Remarks.
<i>First Grade—continued.</i>			
Dhárwár Training College.	104	Virpax P. Bidargadi ...	Certificate.
Amroati High School.	105	Moro Bhicaji Agashé ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
	106	Gajanan Vinayek Rajé... ..	Certificate.
Hyderabad High School (Sind).	107	Lalwani Ramchand Khemchand ...	Certificate.
	108	Chandiram Metharam Vaswani ...	Do.
	109	Bulchand Motiram Mirchandani ...	Do.
Baroda College and High School.	110	Vagajibhai Desaibhai ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
St. Joseph's Convent School, Karáchi.	111	Beatrice Cordeiro ...	Certificate.
Poona College of Science.	112	S. V. Rajadhyaksha ...	Certificate and Prize in Freehand Drawing.
	113	J. N. Gajadar ...	Do. do. in Geometry.
	114	P. K. Bhatt ...	Certificate.
Gujarát Training College, Ahmed-abad.	115	Chotalal Dolatshah ...	Certificate and Prize in Geometry.
	116	Lalbbhai Lalubhai Nayak ...	Certificate.
	117	Jeram Vasharam Salaiwala ...	Do.
<i>Second Grade.</i>			
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Valliamji Murarji Somania ...	Certificate.
	2	Romchandra Vishnu Sutar ...	Do.
	3	Balvant Anant Yadav ...	Do. and Prize for the best sheet of Freehand Drawing and Prize for the best sheet of Model and Object Drawing.
	4	Narhar Bhimrao Sutar... ..	Certificate.
	5	Hirji Tara Vassni ...	Do.
	6	Ramchandra Janardhau Budhwar-ker.	Certificate and Prize for the best sheet of Perspective Diagram.
	7	Atmaram Moreshwar Patharé ...	Certificate.
	8	Martand Raghunath Mhalas ...	Do.
	9	Ramji Jivan Lohar ...	Do.
	10	Manuel D'Souza ...	Do.
	11	Narayan Chimnaji Divadkar ...	Do.
	12	R. Cartledge ...	Do.
	13	Wamanrao Ganpatrao Rajporkar ...	Do.
	14	Miss Dhanbai F. Bauaji ...	Do.
	15	Mangal Ramji Mhatré ...	Do.
	16	Sakharam Dhondu Sutar ...	Do.
	17	Vishnu Balkrishna Mahadeskar ...	Do.
	18	Anandrao Sokarji ...	Do.
	19	Dadaji Makund Pangré ...	Do.
	20	Miss Avabai F. Banaji ...	Do.
	21	Khudabux Byramji Writer ...	Do.
	22	Pandharinath Gangadhar Patharé ...	Do.
	23	Ardesar Pestonji Surveyor ...	Do.
	24	Balaram Govind Kotharé ...	Do.
	25	Manockji Barjorji Kanga ...	Do.
	26	Miss Stella Grogan ...	Do.
	27	Bhicaji Laxuman Dadhé ...	Do.
	28	Gangadhar Narayan Joglekar ...	Do.
	29	Laxuman Bhaskar Dongré ...	Do.
	30	A. Mendoga ...	Do.



Name of the School.	Serial Number.	Names.	Remarks.
<i>Second Grade—continued.</i>			
Sir J. J. School of Art.	31	Balaji Krishnaji Lad ...	Certificate.
	32	Byramji Shapurji Balaporla ...	Do.
	33	Jehangir P. Kaka ...	Do.
	34	Gopal Krishna Anant ...	Do.
	35	W. S. Pires ...	Do.
<i>Third Grade.</i>			
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Narayan Govind Mantri ...	Certificate and Prize for the best sheet of Drawing from the round (ornament) in outline and Prize for the best sheet of Drawing from Natural Foliage.
	2	Pavanji Gopal Krishna ...	Certificate.
	3	Balvant Ramji Ghatge...	Do.
	4	Narayan Anant Maladkar ...	Do.
	5	Sitaran Bhai Rele ...	Do.
	6	Anandrao Ganpatrao Talpadé ...	Do.
	7	Gajanan Bhaskar Vaidya ...	Do.
	8	Ganesh Vishwanath Manerikar ...	Do.
	9	Balkrishna Ramchandra ...	Do.
	10	Narayan Krishnarao Potdar ...	Do.
	11	Mothabhai Babaji Rane ...	Do.
	12	Nathabhai N. Desai ...	Do.
	13	Miss A. Tocque ...	Do.
<i>Elementary Architecture.</i>			
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Dadaji Makund Rangré ...	Certificate.
	2	Sitaran Bhai Relé ...	Do.
	3	Manjunath Shamrao Nimpully ...	Do.
	4	Bhaskar Mahadev Tilak ...	Do.
	5	Narayan Anant Maladkar ...	Do.
	6	Damji Premji ...	Do.
	7	Nathabhai N. Desai ...	Do.
	8	Ramshankar Bapuji Rele ...	Do.
	9	Venkaya Allaya Swami ...	Do.
	10	Ganesh Vishwanath Manerikar ...	Do.

The following Students have been awarded Prizes only.

<i>First Grade.</i>			
Gokuldass Tejpal School.	1	Tribhowandass D. Vakil ...	Prize in Geometry.
Chandanwadi F. G. A. V. School.	2	Dharamsi Murarji ...	Do. do.
Phanaswadi F. G. A. V. School.	3	Gajanan Bhanu Desai ...	Do. do.
	4	Achut Vishnu Mule ...	
	5	Jehangirji Pestonji K. ....	
Fort Branch First Grade A. V. School.	6	Rastomji S. Narailwala ...	Do. do.
	7	Savaksha F. Dhala ...	
Jagannath Shan-karsett First Grade A. V. School.	8	Raghnath Pandurang Wagh ...	Do. do.
	9	Vishnu Sitaran Nerurkar ...	
	10	Gunanath Jagonnathji Chavane ...	
Byramji Jijibhai High School, Thána.	11	Krishnaji Vasudev Joshi ...	Do. do.
	12	Govind Balvant Pradhan ...	
	13	Shamrao Jagonnath Agashkar ...	
	14	Rajaram Khanderao Jayawant ...	
	15	Balkhishna Waman Kharkar ...	
	16	Balkrishna Narayan Paithankar ...	
	17	Mahadev Balkrishna Tamhane ...	
	18	Narayan Wasudev. Natekar. ...	



Name of the School.	Serial Number.	Names.	Remarks.
<i>First Grade—continued.</i>			
Poona School.	High	19 Hari Ramchandra Oka...	Prizes in Geometry and Model Drawing.
		20 Shankar Balkrishna Liete ...	Prize in Geometry.
		21 Narhar Vishnu Khare ...	Do. do.
		22 Keshav Bhau Gore ...	Do. do.
		23 Mahamed Husani Abdulazig ...	Do. do.
		24 Ganesh Mahadev Paranjape ...	Do. in Model Drawing.
		25 Anant Ganesh Joshi ...	Do. in Geometry.
		26 Shiv Arjoon Koditkar ...	Do. do.
		27 Govind Balvant Kulkarni ...	Do. do.
28 Balvant Ramchandra Powar ...	Do. do.		
Nasik High School	29	V. D. Thakur ...	Prize in Freehand Drawing.
Surat High School.		30 Shivaram Chhabildass ...	Prize in Geometry.
		31 R. Reuben Nawgowkar ...	Do. do.
		32 Vasonji Makanji Desai ...	Do. do.
Dhulia School.	High	33 Ramkrishna D. Joshi ...	Prize in Geometry.
		34 Ramchandra B. Joshi ...	Do. do.
		35 Nadiman D. Parsi ...	Do. do.
		36 Sadashiv B. Mohite ...	Do. in Freehand Drawing.
		37 Trimbak G. Panwalkar ...	Do. in Geometry.
		38 Vasudev G. Apte ...	Do. do.
		39 Vinayek V. Askedkar ...	Do. in Freehand Drawing.
		40 Krishnaji N. Keskar ...	Do. in Geometry.
		41 Trimbak G. Mande ...	Do. in Freehand Drawing.
		42 Balvant S. Kharvandikar ...	Do. in Geometry.
Rajaram College, Kolhapur.		43 G. H. Harsho ...	Prize in Geometry.
		44 L. N. Phadke ...	Do. do.
		45 D. K. Diwadkar ...	Do. do.
		46 B. Y. Kulkarni ...	Do. in Freehand Drawing.
		47 V. V. Sathe ...	Do. in Geometry.
		48 S. R. Shirgawkar ...	Do. do.
49 N. R. Bhambe ...	Do. do.		
Satara School.	High	50 Narayan B. Sinde ...	Prize in Geometry.
		51 Waman Hari Shidore ...	Do. do.
		52 Vishnu R. Kelkar ...	Do. do.
		53 Ramchandra N. Devakule ...	Do. do.
		54 Ramchandra R. Sane ...	Do. do.
		55 Krishnaji N. Patwardhan ...	Do. in Freehand Drawing.
		56 Bhaskar N. Mathe ...	Do. in Geometry.
		57 Vasudev Anant Chitnis ...	Do. do.
		58 Vireshwar C. Mule ...	Do. do.
		59 Sadashiv A. Pendharkar ...	Do. do.
		60 Raghunath V. Phadnis... ..	Do. do.
		61 Bhaskar Shridhar Joshi ...	Do. do.
		62 Shankar G. Patekar ...	Do. do.
		Ratnagiri School.	High
64 M. S. Sarmukadam ...	Do. do.		
65 P. M. Namjoshi ...	Do. do.		
66 V. R. Barve ...	Do. do.		
Karwar School.	High	67 Shripad Subrao Talmacky ...	Prize in Geometry.
		68 Subrao Mangesh Candavar. ...	Do. do.
Ahmednagar High School.		69 Mahadev Vishnu Joshi...	Prize in Freehand Drawing.
		70 Balkrishna Narayan Karekar ...	Do. in Geometry.
		71 Shankar Balvant Bhaye ...	Do. do.
Hyderabad School (Sind).	High	72 Khanchand Jeychandrai Mitchandani.	Prize in Geometry.



Name of the School.	Serial Number.	Names.	Remarks.
		<i>First Grade—continued.</i>	
College of Science, Poona.	73	B. S. Wakde ...	Prize in Geometry.
	74	G. R. Deshpande ...	Do. do.
	75	J. R. Kirpalance ...	Do. do.
	76	C. N. Korkery ...	Do. do.
	77	H. B. Engineer ...	Do. in Freehand Drawing.
Nadiad High School.	78	Valavbhai Jethabhai ...	Prize in Geometry.
		<i>Second Grade.</i>	
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Bhawanishankar Ramkrishna ...	Prize for the best sheet of Practical Geometry.
		<i>Third Grade.</i>	
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Shankar S. Ghodke ...	Prize for the best sheet of Orthographic Projection.
	2	Makund Govind ...	Prize for the best sheet of drawing from the round in Light and Shade.
		<i>Elementary Architecture.</i>	
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Manokji Okarji ...	First Prize for the best set of Architectural Drawing and Prize for the best Architectural Drawing from a measured subject, such as Native House.
	2	Balvant Ramji Ghatge...	Second Prize for the best set of Architectural Drawing.
		<i>Painting Atelier.</i>	
Sir J. J. School of Art	1	Ganesh Vishwanath Manerikar ...	Prize for the best study in Monochrome in water colour.
	2	Atmaram Govind Varelkar ...	Extra Prize for Time Drawing in Monochrome in water colour.
	3	Abalal Rahiman Bhaldar ...	First Prize for the best study of Foliage or Still Life from Nature in oil colour, and Prize for the best study from the Antique, and Prize for the best set of studies from the Life.
	4	Sitaram Bhai Rele ...	Second Prize for the best study of Foliage or Still Life from Nature in oil colour.
	5	Isaac Benjamin ...	Prize for the best coloured Design for Surface Decoration.
	6	Dinshaw Bomanji ...	Extra Prize for studies from Picture by J. Till in the Baigree Gallery.
		<i>Sculpture Atelier.</i>	
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Daji Vishram Keer ...	Prize for the best Model in the round or relief of a piece of Ornament from Cast, and Prize for the best Model in relief of a piece of Foliage from Nature.
	2	Vithal Kanthad ...	Prize for the best Model from the Antique.
		<i>Ellis Prize.</i>	
Sir J. J. School of Art.	1	Isaac Benjamin ...	Prize for the best work or set of works executed during the year.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,  
W. WEDDERBURN,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.



## REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 17th May 1886.*

No. 3569.—A Survey Settlement having been introduced under the provisions of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 into the below-mentioned villages belonging to the Supa Táluka of the Kánara Collectorate, it is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 102 of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to declare the assessments imposed under the said settlement fixed for a period of nine years, commencing with the Revenue year 1884-85 and ending with the Revenue year 1892-93:—

1 Karanjoida.	14 Chinch Khand.
2 Gund.	15 Kumbheli.
3 Kalsai.	16 Majre Tinekhand of Kumbheli.
4 Kotali.	17 Wadkhal.
5 Ulwi.	18 Ansi.
6 Sivpur.	19 Badpoli.
7 Yermukh.	20 Nigundi.
8 Gangod.	21 Nuzi.
9 Majre Deriya of Kotali.	22 Jhalawali.
10 Hebal.	23 Kundal.
11 Majre Netrigi of Gund.	24 Terali.
12 Chapher.	
13 Kariada.	

No. 3569A—A Survey Settlement having been introduced under the provisions of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 into the below-mentioned villages belonging to the Supa Táluka of the Kánara Collectorate, it is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 102 of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to declare the assessments imposed under the said settlement fixed for a period of seven years commencing with the Revenue year 1886-87 and ending with the Revenue year 1892-93:—

1 Bhedasgadé.	6 Tulasgeri.
2 Shevali.	7 Bidoli.
3 Adanganon.	8 Amboli.
4 Nandegadé.	9 Aswali of Dongarwadi.
5 Kodthali.	10 Birkhol.

No. 3570.—A Survey Settlement having been introduced under the provisions of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 into the below-mentioned villages belonging to the Mándvi Táluka of the Surat Collectorate, it is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 102 of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to declare the assessments imposed under the said settlement fixed for a period of nineteen years commencing with the Revenue year 1882-83 and ending with the Revenue year 1900-01:—

1 Nandpur.	2 Kharoli.	3 Bori.
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No. 3570A.—A Survey Settlement having been introduced under the provisions of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 into the below-mentioned village belonging to the Mándvi Táluka of the Surat Collectorate, it is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 102 of Bombay Act No. V. of 1879 His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to declare the assessments imposed under the said settlement fixed for a period of seventeen years commencing with the Revenue year 1884-85 and ending with the Revenue year 1900-01:—

1 Amalchuni.

*Bombay Castle, 25th May 1886.*

No. 3755.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII. of 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests in the Sátára District:—

*Schedule referred to above.*

Name of the Táluka.	Name of the Village.	Survey No.	Area.
			A. g.
Karád	Warádé	Part 37	2 37
		" 38	3 36
		" 23	10 10
	Sáturdi	Part 108	4 0
Jáoli	Dábhemothon	Part 37	0 11
		" 38	4 37

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Sátára, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 3795.—*Erratum.*—In the first and second columns of the schedule annexed to Government Notification No. 2967, dated 19th April 1886, published at pages 367 to 370 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 22nd idem, Part I., for "Bachban" read "Bághbán."

By order of His Excellency the Right  
Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.



## FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 1483.—The following Notifications by the Government of India are republished:—

“DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

*Simla, the 20th May 1886.*

No. 900.—In continuation of Notification No. 1470 of 26th March 1886,\* His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that sub-section (1) of Section 7 of the Indian Securities Act, 1886, applies to the following public Office:—

Office of Managers of State Railways.

—  
CODES.

*The 21st May 1886.*

No. 921.

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

*Page 211.*

*Section 161 (b).*

*For Rule 1 under this Section, substitute the following:—*

1. Payment is made at the Home Treasury as follows:

In respect of Civil officers, on or after January 1st, April 1st, July 1st, and October 1st, for the quarters ending respectively on December 31st, March 31st, June 30th, and September 30th; and in respect of Military officers, on or after February 1st, May 1st, August 1st, and November 1st, for the quarters ending respectively on January 31st, April 30th, July 31st, and October 31st—

To the officer, on his personal application;

or

To his banker or other agent, duly authorised under power of attorney, on production of a life certificate filled up and executed in the manner directed thereon (except in cases where proof of existence is not required owing to the banker having guaranteed the Secretary of State against loss consequent on his dispensing with the production of such proof);

or

on presentation of a draft duly filled up and signed by the officer, in a form which, with the requisite form of life certificate attached, may be obtained from the India Office, London, on the officer's written application.

(Signed) D. M. BARBOUR,

Secretary to the Government of India.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

T. D. MACKENZIE,

Acting Secretary to Government.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 42.—Under the provisions of Section 43 of the Port Trust Act, 1879, plants and animals for public gardens in India are permitted, until further notice, to be shipped from or landed at the Prince's Dock, or any of the Port Trust Bandars, free, the shippers or consignees supplying their own labour.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Brigadier-General,  
Secretary to Government.

## GENERAL ORDERS.

*By the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.*

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 22nd May 1886.*

No. 269.—The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 10th May 1886:—

*17th Regiment Bombay Infantry.*

Jamádár Krishnaji Kadam to be Subhedár vice Uri Kalwar, pensioned, and Color Haváldár Sankappa to be Jamádár vice Krishnaji Kadam, promoted.

*Bombay Castle, 25th May 1886.*

No. 270.—The undermentioned officer is allowed leave to Europe for one year on urgent private affairs, under the Leave Rules of 1886, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant C. Tritton, Staff Corps.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 271.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 295, dated 14th May 1886, is republished:—

“FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 295.—The Governor-General in Council, in directing the publication of the despatches regarding the recent operations in Upper Burma which resulted in the capture of Mandalay and the overthrow of King Theebaw, desires to place on record his cordial recognition of the admirable manner in which Lieutenant-General Sir H. N. D. Prendergast, K.C.B., V.C., and the troops under his orders carried out the task set before them.

By rapidity of movement, by skilful strategy, and by the exercise of humane forbearance, Sir Harry Prendergast has succeeded, with comparatively little loss to the force under his command, and without unnecessary bloodshed or undue severity towards the enemy, in occupying Mandalay, in capturing its King, and taking possession of the whole of Upper Burma.

For these services the warmest thanks of the Government of India are due to Sir Harry Prendergast, to the officers and men of the Naval Brigade, the British and Native Forces the Volunteers, and the Indian Marine. They are specially due to Brigs-General F. B. Norman, C.B.



G. S. White, C.B., V.C., and H. H. Foord, Commanding the Infantry Brigades, to Captain R. Woodward, R.N., Commanding the Naval Brigade, to Colonel W. Carey, Commanding Royal Artillery, Colonel G. E. L. S. Sanford, Commanding Royal Engineers, Commander A. Carpenter, R. N., Indian Marine Survey, and Captain A. Campbell, the senior officer of the Indian Marine.

The Governor-General in Council also desires to record his approbation of the manner in which the various departments of the force have carried out their duties during the campaign. The Medical Department under Deputy Surgeon-General J. McN. Donnelly, M.D., the Commissariat and Transport Departments under Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Laughton and Major R. H. T. Hill, and the Ordnance Department under Major V. C. Fisher, have proved the complete efficiency of those departments under circumstances of considerable difficulty. Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. Begbie, the Superintendent of Army Signalling, also merits the acknowledgments of the Government of India.

The Governor-General in Council is much indebted to Rear-Admiral Sir F. W. Richards, K.C.B., for the very complete and prompt manner in which His Excellency placed the whole force under his command at the disposal of the Government of India, and for the admirable manner in which the Naval Brigade was organized and equipped.

The Governor-General in Council expresses his hearty thanks to Mr. C. E. Bernard, Chief Commissioner, British Burma, Colonel E. B. Sladen, Chief Political Officer of the Force, and the other civil officers who have assisted them during the recent operations. To Mr. Bernard His Excellency is much indebted for the valuable assistance and personal energy which so much lightened the labour of organizing the force and the flotilla which carried it to Mandalay; also to Colonel Sladen, to whose tact and knowledge of the Burmese people and their language the peaceful surrender of the King was in a great measure due.

The Governor-General in Council also records his appreciation of the assistance rendered by the management of the Irrawaddy Steam Flotilla Company, and the skill shown by the commanders of their vessels.

During the operations which were being conducted in Upper Burma troubles arose on the frontiers of British Burma consequent on raids committed by lawless soldiery and dacoits. These were very promptly suppressed by the troops of the British Burma Division who had not the good fortune to form part of the Expeditionary Force. The thanks of the Government are due for these services, and specially to Major-General L. W. Buck, Commanding the British Burma Division, and Mr. E. S. Symes, Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, for the very efficient measures taken by them to secure and maintain the tranquillity of the province.

The labours of the troops have not yet ended, and they may still be called on to undergo privations and to perform harassing duties; but the Governor-General in Council confidently hopes

that, with the aid of the civil officers, the work of pacification and the suppression of dacoity will soon be effected.

It remains for the Governor-General in Council to place on record his gratitude to the Local Governments and Army Departments for the manner in which the Expeditionary Force was organized and despatched. On the 19th October, warning was given to the Commander-in-Chief in India, the Government of Madras, and the Director of Marine that an Expeditionary Force would probably be required for Burma; and on the 21st October orders were issued for the despatch of a division of 3 brigades of Infantry, 6 batteries of Artillery, 6 companies of Sappers, and a Naval Brigade, part of the force embarking at Calcutta, and part at Madras. Embarkation took place simultaneously from both ports on the 1st November, and by the 6th November the entire force had sailed from India completely equipped for service. On the 14th, the force which was in course of concentration on the British Burma frontier crossed the frontier, and hostilities commenced. On the 28th November Mandalay had fallen and the King surrendered. Few expeditions have been conducted to a successful issue with such rapidity and completeness.

The Governor-General in Council desires to express his cordial appreciation of the energy displayed by the Government of Madras, the Provincial Commander-in-Chief of the Madras Army, and the Departments working under their orders for the expeditious and efficient manner in which every detail of the organization and embarkation of the Madras force was carried out. The Government of Madras have very fully acknowledged the services of the following officers as deserving of notice, and the Governor-General in Council wishes now to add to these commendations an expression of his own appreciation of their services—

Colonel H. P. Hawkes, Commissary-General;  
Major-General S. H. E. Chamier, Inspector  
General of Ordnance.

Surgeon-General J. Irvine, M.D., Medical Staff.  
Surgeon-General M. C. Furnell, Indian Medical Department.

Lieutenant J. H. Taylor, R.N.R., Master  
Attendant.

The Governor-General in Council also desires to thank the Government of Bombay for their cordial response to the requisitions made by the Government of India, and for the rapidity with which their troops were equipped and despatched.

The Governor-General in Council takes this opportunity to thank Sir Donald Stewart, who was Commander-in-Chief in India when the Expeditionary Force in India was organized, for his co-operation and advice; also His Excellency Sir Frederick Roberts for the assistance rendered since his arrival in India. The Governor-General in Council also acknowledges the services rendered by the Adjutant-General and Quartermaster-General in India, and the staff and departmental officers who, under their orders, have carried out the various details connected with the organization and despatch of the force.



The thanks of the Government of India are due to the following officers and their subordinates for the energetic part taken by them in the equipment of the force:—

Colonel J. V. Hunt, C.B., Commissary-General-in-Chief.

Colonel R. C. Low, C.B., Commissary-General for Transport.

Major-General T. E. Hughes, C.I.E., Director-General of Ordnance in India.

Surgeon-General C. D. Madden, Medical Staff.

Surgeon-General B. Simpson, M.D., Indian Medical Department.

Colonel B. Walton, C.I.E., Superintendent and Agent for Army Clothing.

Captain J. Hext, R.N., Director of Marine, for the promptitude and efficiency with which the transports were taken up and fitted; Captain G. O'B. Carew, C.I.E., Deputy Director, and Commander H. A. Street, R.N., Assistant Director.

No. 1465-Camp, dated Fort William, 3rd February 1886.

From—MAJOR-GENERAL SIR T. D. BAKER, K.C.B., Adjutant-General in India.

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

I am directed by the Commander-in-Chief to submit, for the information of Government, the

No. 39-L, dated 14th January 1886 (with enclosures).  
 accompanying despatch from the General Officer Commanding the Burma Field Force, detailing the operations carried on by the troops under his command from the date of embarkation at Rangoon to the capture of Mandalay and the surrender of King Theebaw.

2. His Excellency desires to record his appreciation of the able manner in which Lieutenant-General Sir Harry Prendergast, K.C.B., V.C., has carried out his orders; and considers that great credit is due to him and all concerned for the rapidity with which the operations have been brought to a successful issue with so small a sacrifice of life.

No. 38-L, dated Mandalay 13th January 1886.

From—LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR H. N. D. PRENDERGAST, K.C.B., V.C., Commanding the Burma Field Force.

To—The Adjutant-General in India.

I have the honor to forward a despatch containing an account of the operations carried on by the force under my command from the date of the embarkation of the troops composing it at Rangoon until the date of the capture of Mandalay and surrender of King Theebaw.

2. I have the honor to transmit with the despatch the following reports, returns, &c.:

\* \* \* \* \*

Return of casualties at Minbla and Gwegyoun-Kamyo.

Return of ordnance captured.

\* \* \* \* \*

3. My thanks are due to many for their assistance during the expedition, and I am only awaiting the lists of those whom the Brigadier-Generals desire to bring specially to notice to submit them for the favorable consideration of the Government of India.

No. 39-L, dated Head-Quarters, Mandalay, 14th January 1886.

From LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR H. N. D. PRENDERGAST, K.C.B., V.C., Commanding the Burma Field Force.

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

On the 12th November, having arranged the embarkation of troops and departments, and seen a considerable force on board the river steamers and flats, I left Rangoon for Prome.

2. On my arrival at Thayetmyo, on the evening of the 13th November 1885, I received a message from the Foreign Department, informing me that as the Burman reply to the ultimatum was unsatisfactory, I should advance upon Mandalay when my military preparations were complete.

3. Having heard from the Deputy Commissioner that the Burman outposts had been strengthened on the frontier, that the villagers within British territory were alarmed and deserting their houses, and that a King's steamer with two flats had brought down a great body of soldiers to within six or eight miles of the frontier, and that the intention was to sink the flats as an obstruction, I ordered the armed steamer *Irrawaddy*, of the Indian Government, and the launch *Kathleen* to move at daylight on the 14th to reconnoitre the river to a distance of not more than 30 miles, and to capture the King's steamer and flats.

4. On the 14th November I received His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's orders to carry out operations with the utmost vigour and rapidity possible; and on that day the *Irrawaddy*, under command of Commander W. R. Clutterbuck, R. N., of H.M.S. *Woodlark*, and the *Kathleen*, under Lieutenant F. P. Trench, of H. M. S. *Turquoise*, found the King's steamer, with the attendant barges, near Nyoung-ben-Maw, on the right bank of the Irrawaddy, about 28 miles above Thayetmyo; and having accepted and returned the fire of the enemy's shore batteries at close quarters, the *Irrawaddy* cleared the decks of the steamer and flats with her machine guns, and the crews jumped overboard.

The Italians, Cammotto and Molinari, were among the fugitives. The batteries were re-passed at very short range, and the prizes towed down by the capturing steamers. The operations were rendered difficult by the rapidity of the current opposite the batteries. Commander Clutterbuck, Lieutenant Trench, and the officers and crews of the *Irrawaddy* and *Kathleen* deserve great credit for their courage, and the Indian Marine officers and lascars serving on board the former did their duty with perfect coolness under fire.

5. The little *Kathleen*, with her crew of sixteen men, repeatedly engaged the shore battery of nine guns at fifty yards range. Her loss was one man severely wounded, viz., Robert Hutchison, gunner's mate of H.M.S. *Turquoise*.

6. The prizes were valuable, not only as an addition to the means of transport for the Expeditionary Force, but also because their loss delayed the retreat of the enemy somewhat, and prevented them from closing the channel near Nyoung-ben-Maw according to the plans of the Italians which were found in one of the flats.



On the afternoon of the 14th, the leading steamers, containing the Bengal Brigade, anchored at Thayetmyo.

7. On the 15th November, in order to give confidence to the villagers near the frontier, and to re-establish telegraphic communication between the frontier and Allannmyo, I posted two companies of the 2nd Bengal Infantry at Laingha on the frontier, and steamed 15 miles north of the frontier, with all troops that had come up, detailed as per margin.

3rd Infantry Brigade,  
under Brigadier-General  
Norman, C. B., viz.,—  
Royal Welsh Fusiliers.  
2nd Regiment Bengal  
Infantry.  
11th Regiment Bengal  
Infantry.

2nd Battalion Liverpool  
Regiment.  
1st Madras Pioneers.  
12th Madras Infantry.

and to re-establish telegraphic communication between the frontier and Allannmyo, I posted two companies of the 2nd Bengal Infantry at Laingha on the frontier, and steamed 15 miles north of the frontier, with all troops that had come up, detailed as per margin.

8. On the 16th the steamers weighed anchor at daybreak, and at 9-15 A.M. a landing was effected at Zoung-gyan-Doung village on the right bank, two miles below the batteries which had fired on the *Irrawaddy* and *Kathleen* on the 14th. The column commanded by Colonel W. Rowlandson of the 12th Madras Infantry consisted of the Liverpool Regiment, the 1st Madras Pioneers, and the 12th Madras Infantry.

9. The country on the right bank consists of a series of small steep hills, covered with trees and brushwood.

The landing place was selected so that the enemy could not see the debarkation.

10. Colonel Rowlandson was ordered to lead his force, so as to attack the rear of the batteries, and prevent the escape of the enemy. During the advance of the infantry the *Irrawaddy*, lying 3,000 yards below the enemy's batteries, fired occasional shells into them, to which the enemy replied, but with no effect. Nothing could be more picturesque than the advance of the Liverpool Regiment from hillock to hillock, while the batteries were kept amused by the shells from the *Irrawaddy*. The turning movement was remarkably well executed, and would have been successful had not the enemy been warned of their danger by *phoongyees*, or priests, who, protected by their yellow garb, had been allowed to watch the operations of our regiments.

The Burmans fled from their batteries panic-stricken. I caused the eleven guns and carriages found in the batteries to be destroyed, as they could not easily be removed; and I saw the stockade and barracks burnt. While these operations were on hand, the Mule Battery, 9-1st Cinque Ports Division, Royal Artillery, and 1st Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers, under the command of Brigadier-General Norman, C.B., landed, and by a circuitous march reached the east face of the stockade of Shing-boung-Weh, where it had been reported that a large force had assembled. The stockade had, however, been deserted, and was burnt.

The force re-embarked late in the afternoon.

11. The leading steamers anchored that night above Toung-Gwen, about 34 miles above Thayetmyo, and at daybreak on the 17th were directed to advance to Maloon and Patanago, about six miles on the right and left banks of the river respectively, and about forty miles from Thayetmyo.

12. As the garrison of Gwe-gyoun-Kamyoo were busily employed in strengthening the works there, which are on the left bank about 44 miles from Thayetmyo, it was deemed advisable to attack at once. The troops present were therefore told off as follows:—

#### 1st Brigade.

Liverpool Regiment  
1st Madras Pioneers  
21st Regiment Madras Infantry  
25th Regiment Madras Infantry

Under Brigadier-General Foord, to march from Patanago, 8 miles, in order to attack the fort of Gwe-gyoun-Kamyoo from the east.

The head-quarters were with the 1st Brigade. Brigadier-General White, C.B., V.C., who arrived somewhat later, to bring up the Cinque Ports Battery, Royal Artillery, and Hampshire Regiment in support of General Foord's brigade. The landing of the troops at Patanago could not be seen from the fort of Gwe-gyoun-Kamyoo on account of intervening hills, and the landing of the brigade at Maloon could not, for a similar reason, be seen from Minhla.

13. The following troops—

12th Regiment Madras Infantry,  
2nd Regiment Bengal Infantry,  
11th Regiment Bengal Infantry,

under command of Colonel T. N. Baker, of the 2nd Bengal Infantry, were ordered to march from Maloon to endeavour to capture the *woongye*, or governor-general, in his palace west of Minhla, and were ordered to re-embark at Minhla, about 45 miles above Thayetmyo. Majors Macneill and Hill were attached as staff officers, and Commander J. Durnford, R.N., with three seamen of H.M.S. *Mariner* and three privates of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers, were attached to effect demolitions. Brigadier-General Norman, C.B., and the Royal Welsh Fusiliers had not arrived then, but he took command before evening of the brigade on the right bank.

14. The I.M.S. *Irrawaddy* and the launch *Kathleen* were directed to engage Gwe-gyoun-Kamyoo at long ranges for two hours after the landing of General Foord's brigade, or till the British flag should be hoisted at the White Pagoda of Gwe-Gyoun, half a mile east of the Kamyoo.

15. The first brigade advanced from the landing place at Patanago at 10 o'clock, and marched for about two hours and forty minutes by a narrow path over the hills, and through the thick jungle, to the White Pagoda.

Two pickets of the enemy were driven in, but no resistance was made, the pickets retiring northwards; not to the fort. The Liverpool Regiment occupied the high ground east of the fort which commands the works and the enemy being completely surprised by the fire of the soldiers from the east when they were prepared for attack from the south, west, and north-west, but had not a gun bearing eastward, promptly fled by the north-west gate as the British soldiers advanced with a rush.

16. Of the 1,700 men who, under command of Moung Sanhla-Sin-Bo, garrisoned the fort in the morning, only Moung Sin-Hle-Sin Sya, the second-in-command, and a lieutenant, both dangerously wounded, and two wounded soldiers



remained in Gwe-gyoun-Kamyo; the other wounded men were carried off. Twenty-one guns and ordnance stores were found in the fort.

17. At 11 A.M. Colonel Baker's force left Maloon for the Woon's palace, and after an hour's march the skirmishers of the 12th Madras Infantry, which was the leading regiment, were suddenly checked by a heavy musketry fire from apparently thick and thorny jungle. While the 2nd Bengal Infantry turned the enemy's right flank, the 12th Regiment rallied, and, reinforced by the 11th Bengal Infantry, gallantly broke through the thorny screen, tore over the entrenchment and breastwork of carts and bamboos which concealed the enemy, and dislodged them from the village of Yinna.

18. Thence the brigade moved towards the position which contained the palace and Minhla Pagoda; the plinth of the latter was defended by field artillery and musketry; the country was difficult, and the enemy's fire was hot; but the brilliant leading of the officers, and the dashing onslaught of the men, prevailed against the undisciplined bravery of the Burmans, who broke and fled, leaving six guns as trophies to the victors. The 11th Bengal Infantry bore the brunt of the combat.

19. The brigade then advanced on Minhla redoubt as rapidly as possible by winding paths between gardens and enclosures,—the 12th Madras Infantry on the right, the 11th Bengal Infantry in the centre, and the 2nd Bengal Infantry on the left, under the fire of a 7-pounder two wall pieces, and the musketry of the defenders.

Before the redoubt had been completely surrounded by the regiments which were trying to keep down the fire of the defenders, Lieutenant-Colonel R. J. B. Simpson, of the 12th Madras Infantry, getting together a few brave men of the 12th Madras Infantry and 11th Bengal Infantry, charged up a steep and broken ramp that led from the ground west of the work to the terreplein of the work. Foremost among the stormers were Lieutenants H. T. D. Wilkinson, 12th Madras Infantry, and W. K. Downes, 11th Bengal Infantry, the former of whom was severely and dangerously wounded, receiving no less than five sword-cuts. A footing having been gained within the redoubt, supports immediately followed, and a hot fire was poured into the Burmans, some of whom found shelter in the casemates, whilst others escaped by the east gate, but only to meet the 2nd Bengal Infantry, to whose fire they were so exposed, that many were shot on land, and the remainder, having taken to the water, were either shot or drowned in the river. Within the redoubt were taken 276 prisoners, six guns of cast-iron, five brass rifled guns, and two wall pieces. The redoubt was prepared chiefly for attack on the river face. Our loss was 1 officer killed, 4 officers wounded, 3 men killed, and 23 men wounded. All the wounded, British and Burman, were on board the floating hospital that night. The enemy's loss was about 170 killed and 40 wounded.

20. The navy were employed first in engaging the Gwe-gyoun-Kamyo for two hours; afterwards the *Irrawaddy* and *Kathleen* proceeded

to attack the Minhla redoubt and a masked battery of four guns on the right bank that opened on them half a mile below the redoubt.

The service thus performed of attracting the attention of the Burmans was of great value to the force attacking by land.

21. On the 18th the detachments shown in the margin were detailed to garrison Gwe-gyoun-Kamyo and Minhla respectively, and orders were given for the demolition of the former, and for the construction of defensive works for the latter:

*Gwe-gyoun-Kamyo.*  
1 company Liverpool Regiment.  
4 companies 2nd Bengal Infantry.  
1 company Bengal Sappers.

*Minhla.*  
1 company Liverpool Regiment.  
2 companies 2nd Bengal Infantry.  
2 guns Bombay Mountain Battery.

The *I.M.S. Irrawaddy* and the *Palow*, *Ngawoon*, and *Kathleen* were sent

ahead to reconnoitre. The Italian officers, Cammotto and Captain Molinari, surrendered to Commander Carpenter, R. N., of the *Ngawoon*.

22. On the 19th November the force advanced to Menbo, 58 miles from Thayetmyo. A barge containing two 6·3" howitzers was unavoidably lost.

23. On the 20th, November the force advanced to Yay-naug-Gyoung, 78 miles from Thayetmyo.

24. On the 21st November the force advanced to Silaymyo, 115 miles from Thayetmyo.

25. On the 22nd November the force advanced to Pagan, 145 miles from Thayetmyo. The *I.M.S. Irrawaddy* and the *Ngawoon*, *Palow*, *Yunan*, and *Kathleen* engaged the enemy's battery on a cliff at Nyoung-goo, were uninjured by its fire, drove the enemy from it, and having landed a party, destroyed eleven guns and secured two King's steamers that the enemy had sunk; a flat that had been towed by them was found aground some miles below Pagan. These vessels would have been sunk in the channel if the enemy had had time to place them there.

2 companies Liverpool Regiment.  
2 guns Bombay Mountain Battery.  
No. 5 Company Bengal Sappers.  
4 companies 11th Bengal Infantry.

26. On 23rd November the troops shown in the margin were landed at Pagan, and the force advanced six miles.

27. It may be well here to describe the usual formation of the force during the advance. The *I.M.S. Irrawaddy*, with the *Kathleen*, took up station some miles ahead to reconnoitre; the *Ngawoon*, commanded by Commander Alfred Carpenter, R.N., followed to survey and buoy the deep water channels; then came the head-quarter steamer *Doooon*, and, following her in succession, the *Palow*, *Yunan*, *Ananda*, *Ataran*, *Panthay*, *Shoaymyo*, *Burma*, *Shintawbo*, *Ashley Eden*, *Yancentoun*, *Irrawaddy* (*Irrawaddy Flotilla Company's*), *Aloung-Pyah*, *Thoorcah*, *Talifoh*, *Rangoon*, *Mindoon*, *Panlang*, and *Vaikema*, in single column line ahead at two cables distance. Owing to the difficulty of the navigation, the steamers frequently went aground, and it was not easy to keep station. Communication was maintained in a



great measure by the military signallers under Lieutenant-Colonel Begbie, of the Madras Army, and their devotion to duty by day and by night was most praiseworthy. Without them it would have been impossible to carry on operations with the necessary rapidity, as there were but few launches with the force, and they were in constant motion.

28. During the night the fleet was anchored in the same order at a distance of one cable apart, and two armed steam-launches, manned by blue-jackets, were sent a mile ahead as guard-boats with fire-grapnels and blue-lights on board. Crews were also held in readiness to man all the boats of the Naval Brigade to proceed, if necessary, to their assistance with gun-cotton charges, &c., so that any floating obstacle might at once be destroyed or towed into the bank.

29. On the 24th November the Hampshire Regiment and Sappers landed at Kounyuwa, 166 miles above Thayetmyo, to drive the enemy from his entrenchments, and to carry off the guns from a battery that had fired on the *Njau-woon*, survey ship, the previous evening, and had been silenced by the accuracy of her fire. There were no casualties last night or this morning.

30. The force then proceeded to an anchorage near Mingyan, 180 miles from Thayetmyo, whence the enemy could be seen in considerable force at a stockade about three miles from the left bank of the Irrawaddy below Mingyan. Gold umbrellas were to be seen moving about in the stockade, and columns of soldiers, dressed some in scarlet, some in white, were evidently marching towards the river.

31. Captain Woodward, R.N., gives the following graphic description of what followed:

"The Naval Brigade, assisted by, the Royal Artillery in the *White Swan*, with the *Yunan* and a gun barge with the *Ataran*, were ordered to engage. Fire was opened from the *Palow's* barge, and taken up by the other ships. On nearing the bank small improvised batteries were found armed with small guns and riflemen. A hot fire was kept up for some time, the enemy retreating into the tall grass in rear of the batteries. The ships slowly advanced, silencing the batteries as they proceeded. On nearing the upper end of the town the enemy was found to be strongly entrenched, and supported by a battery commanding the river. The enemy here showed a more determined resistance, and it was not until 6 p.m. that the fire slackened. During the night occasional shots were fired, and the enemy was finally dislodged and routed at daylight next morning."

32. Late in the evening the *Kathleen* returned from her station in front to the head-quarters ship, and orders were issued for the landing of the troops on the morrow.

33. On the 25th November part of the force disembarked to dislodge the enemy, who were commanded by the celebrated Hle-Thin; Atwin-Woon, from his entrenchments; but finding that his ingeniously constructed works that commanded the river were deserted, and hearing that the rear-guard had left the stockade inland, twenty guns were destroyed, and the troops re-embarked.

The detachment detailed in the margin was left in the entrenchments that had been laid out, and commenced during the day by the sappers and pioneers. The force then advanced to Yandabo, 194 miles from Thayetmyo, the head-quarters ship anchoring opposite the tree under which the treaty of Yandabo was signed in 1826.

34. At daylight, on the 26th November, a large flat drifted down towards the fleet; she was caught and sent to Mingyan. At 7-30 A.M., the fleet, having been delayed by fog, started and passed through a line of boats filled with stones prepared for sinking. These boats were cast adrift before the steamers towing flats advanced.

35. At 4 p.m., on the 26th of November, near Nagoun, 223 miles from Thayetmyo, a Burman state barge, flying the King's flag at the stern, and a flag of truce at the bow, paddled down the stream, was taken in tow by one of the steam-launches, and brought alongside the *Doo-woon*, head-quarters ship. In the barge were—

- (1) Myoung Shoay-ak Kyouk Myoung, Atwin Woon, the Minister of the Interior.
- (2) Oo-Shoay-ak Watima Soot, Woondouk.

Colonel Sladen met the envoys at the gangway, and, after being presented to me, they produced a note, unsigned, in a cover bearing the Royal Peacock seal, of which the following is a translation:—

Dated 4th decrease of Tasoungmon, 1247 (=25th November, 1885).

From—His Excellency the Prime Minister,  
To—The Commander-in-Chief of the English War Vessels.

"1. Although the treaty negotiated at Simla was not concluded, the Burmese Government were under the impression that the former friendly conditions would still prevail, and they could not, therefore, believe that the English Government would make war on Upper Burma.

"2. The Burmese Government have always had at heart the welfare and prosperity of the English people. They have all along protected the interests of the Irrawaddy Company's teak trade, and the general interests of all British subjects.

"3. We are desirous of still further protecting British interests as far as lies in our power, both at present and in all future time.

"4. The last letter (ultimatum) forwarded by the British Government contained very important political matter, and our sovereign regrets that the time allowed was too short to allow of serious deliberation.

"5. The English Government ought to have known that the only reason why the Burmese Government in their reply to the said letter did not freely concede all the demands made was because we were not allowed sufficient time for deliberation. It must have been apparent from the tenor of our reply that the Burmese Government was desirous of remaining on terms of amity and friendship.

"6. The Burmese Government did not wholly reject the rights and privileges claimed by the



British Government, and we are grieved to find that the English Government, which has always been so friendly, should in the present instance have made immediate war on us. We have simply resisted in order to maintain the reputation of the kingdom and the honor of the Burmese people.

"7. The English are renowned for their just and straightforward action in all matters (political). We look forward, therefore, with confidence to their doing what is just and proper in the present instance.

"8. The country of Burma is one which deserves justice and consideration. We believe that it will receive this consideration at the hands of the English Government.

"9. If this is granted, the kingdom of Burma need not be annexed. It is well to remember, too, that on a former occasion Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress was pleased to declare publicly that there was no intention on the part of the English Government to annex Burma, unless such a step was necessitated on good cause shown. As no such cause exists, the Great Powers of Europe should not have it in their power to say that the Royal declaration has not been faithfully observed.

"10. In addition to the rights and privileges already granted in our reply to your ultimatum, His Majesty the king of Burma has now declared his will to concede all the other demands which were not at first allowed, because we had not the sufficient time to bring them under our consideration.

"11. His Majesty the King is well disposed (in mind and heart);—he is straightforward and just, and expects the English Government will act in accordance with the wishes expressed in this letter.

"12. By so doing, the world will have no cause to say that the English Government have acted unjustly, or with a disregard of the rules of international law.

"13. The English Government entered our country and attacked us with a number of war vessels. We were obliged to resist. We now desire that hostilities shall cease, and we trust the English Government will meet us half-way, and enter into a treaty by which friendly intercourse may be resumed between the two great countries."

To which the following reply was sent:—

"General Prendergast begs to inform the Ken-Woon-Mengyi, in reply to his letter of this date, that, acting in accordance with the instructions he has received from the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, it is quite out of his power to accept any offer or proposal which would affect the movement of the troops under his command on Mandalay.

"No armistice, therefore, can be at present granted; but if King Theebaw agrees to surrender himself, his army, and his capital to British arms, and if the European residents at Mandalay are all found uninjured in person and property, General Prendergast promises to spare the King's life and to respect his family.

"He also promises not to take further military action against Mandalay beyond occupying it with a British force, and stipulates that the matters in dispute between the countries shall be negotiated on such terms as may be dictated by the British Government.

"A reply to this communication must be sent so as to reach General Prendergast by 4 A.M. to-morrow."

By order,

E. B. SLADEN, Colonel,

Chief Civil Officer,

Burma Field Force.

S.S. 'Doowoon,'

The 26th November, 1885.

36. While the note was being translated, the envoys stated that the Europeans in Mandalay were uninjured. As both notes had to be translated, and copies of the letter in English and Burmese were requisite, the interview lasted about an hour. The *Doowoon*, which had been leading the column, eased speed, and allowed the fleet to pass on, so that the Burman officials could form some estimate of the British force, and might feel assured that time would not be granted for diplomacy.

37. After the interview Colonel Sladen, with half-a-dozen sailors of the Royal Navy, boarded a King's war steamer that had been guarded by the *Kathleen* till his arrival. The envoys ordered the crew to surrender her. She flew the Burmese standard, was armed with six guns, her decks were barricaded, she had Burman soldiers on board, and was lying with steam up, close to the shore. When the steamers approached, most of the soldiers deserted, but 57 of them were made prisoners, and a party of the *Kathleen's* crew took possession of her and brought her up to the fleet. She is in good order and a valuable prize.

38. The fleet anchored seven miles below Ava. Orders were issued for the attack on Ava.

39. On the 27th November the force advanced at daylight, but was delayed for an hour-and-a-half by dense fog. After the landing place below Ava had been sighted, the envoys again came in their gilded boats with 40 rowers, bearing a royal mandate received by telegraph, of which the following is a translation:—

NO. I SENT BY ROYAL ORDER.

From the Hlot Dau to Bo Hmoó, Atwin Woon; Pen Myo-sa Mayhit, Atwin Woon; Kyauk-Myoung, Atwin Woon; Wet Ma Soot, Woodouk; Pentalai, Woodouk.

"When the English ships arrive you are on no account to fire on them. Let all the troops keep quiet. Publish this abroad everywhere. The King concedes unconditionally to all the demands made by the Commander of the English Forces as contained in his letter of yesterday's date. You are to let the English Commander know this as quickly as possible."

40. In addition to the redoubt of Ava, the fortified walls of Ava, the Sagain redoubt, and the redoubt of Thabyadan, other entrenchments and batteries had been prepared, and the river had been blocked from bank to bank, so that our vessels and troops might be detained under the fire of the enemy's artillery.



41. Having explained to the envoys that I could not leave a large force with artillery in my rear, I demanded the immediate surrender of the arms in Ava and the adjacent works. They considered reference to Mandalay necessary on this point; but, while awaiting the reply, the envoys accompanied me on board the *Palow* to point out the easiest place for making a passage through the barrier; and the *Palow* advanced to Ava, the other ships keeping station.

42. After a channel had been found and buoyed out by Commander Carpenter, R.N., I again demanded the arms, and when there was still delay I signalled to the ships placed under Captain Woodward's orders to prepare to engage the batteries, and to the troops to land.

On this one envoy went on shore, and at once returned with the royal mandate for the surrender of the arms.

43. Colonel Sladen went on shore at Ava, with the envoys, to give orders for the guns and muskets to be relinquished quietly; the Royal Welsh Fusiliers landed, and the Burmans, filing past, laid hundreds of muskets, rifles, and swords at their feet; and fatigue parties of his brigade were employed by Brigadier-General Norman till after dark in carrying off guns from the batteries and small arms from the places where they had been laid down. So at Saguin and Thabyadani, the guns and small arms were taken by Brigadier-General White and his brigade on the afternoon of the 27th, and early on the 28th all the disbanded soldiers were set free. A return of ordnance captured is appended.

44. The three redoubts were designed and built by the Italian Barbieri. Those of Ava and Thabyadani are provided with excellent casemates. Saguin and Ava redoubts are very well placed for disputing the passage of the river at the point where the fair way is contracted by natural rocks and shoals.

45. On the 28th November the force advanced to Mandalay. No soldiery appeared, but thousands of peaceful Burmans crowded to the bank to see the fleet. In the afternoon the force marched unopposed to the palace, and took charge of the gates of the City and palace. Colonel Sladen had a long interview with the King in the palace. Brigadier-General White, C.B., V.C., remained with the Hazara Battery, Hampshire Regiment, and 1st Pioneers to guard His Majesty.

46. On the 29th November, at 2 P.M., accompanied by my staff and the principal ministers of State, I visited the King in a pavilion within the precincts of the palace, and assured him that it was for the good of his country that he should leave it without delay. The Queen-mother and Queens were present during the interview. At 3-30 P.M. Theebaw and the ladies of his family were led forth from the palace through the throne-room, between avenues of British soldiers, to the bullock carriages prepared to carry them to the *S. S. Thoreah*, in which, guarded by two companies of the Liverpool Regiment, and escorted by the *Nga-woon*, manned by the Royal Navy, they were conveyed to Rangoon.

Brigadier-General Norman, C.B., commanded the escort consisting of No. 9-1st Brigade, Cinque Ports Division, Royal Artillery, the Mounted Infantry corps, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, and the 23rd Madras Light Infantry.

47. At Mandalay were captured not only 1,177 guns, 369 wall pieces, and 6,723 stand of small arms, but also the royal dockyard, powder factory, saw mills, gun factory, arsenal, and powder magazine, some crown jewellery, and more than a lakh of peacock rupees.

48. A return of casualties, from all causes, will be forwarded with the next despatch. The enemy's casualties included about 180 killed, 333 prisoners, and 100 wounded, but cannot be correctly estimated.

H. N. D. PRENDERGAST,

Lieut.-General, Commanding Burma Field Force.

Appendix A.

Return of casualties at Minhla and Gwe-gyoun-Kanyo, 17th November 1885.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date.	Particulars.	Place.
11th Bengal Infantry.	Lieut. R. A. T. Dury.	17th Nov.	Killed; shot in thigh.	Minhla.
	Sepoy Dasdeen Singh.	" "	Killed; shot in head.	
	" Kunjan Ram.	" "	Killed; shot in thigh.	
12th Madras Infantry.	" Syad Mir.	" "	Killed; shot in chest.	
Staff.—Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General.	Major J. G. R. D. Meneill, Madras Staff Corps.	17th Nov.	Wounded, knee and ankle, severe.	Minhla.
Liverpool Regiment.	Private A. Crawford.	" "	Gunshot wound, leg.	Gwe-gyoun-Kanyo.
2nd Bengal Infantry.	Sepoy Dhonday Singh.	" "	Thigh, severe	
	" Ajmere Singh.	" "	Penis, slight	
11th Bengal Native Infantry.	Havildar Bhawal Khan.	" "	Abdomen, dangerous.	Minhla.
	Sepoy Mehr Ali Khan.	" "	Genital regions, severe.	
	" Kallay Khan.	" "	Angle of left orbit	
	" Hassun Khan.	" "	Thigh wound.	
	" Boddhy Khan.	" "	Wounded in hand	
	" Hussein Khan.	" "	Wounded in forearm.	
	" Ausan Singh.	" "	Wounded in leg.	
	" Mahabir Singh.	" "	Wounded in neck, muscular.	
	" Taskaree Singh.	" "	Superficial wound, thigh.	
	" Muthra Singh.	" "	Superficial wound, hand.	
	" Bahaukund Singh.	" "	Muscular wound, leg.	
	" Hira Lall	" "	Severe thigh wound.	
12th Madras Infantry.	" Sunfer Singh.	" "	Fore-arm and hand.	Minhla.
	" Rampershad Dooley.	" "	Right hand, slight.	
	" Dhoubey Singh.	" "	Thigh, severe.	
	Lieut. A. T. Young.	" "	Wounded left hand.	
	" C. C. A. Silbery.	" "	Gunshot wound thigh, severe.	
	" H. T. D. Wilkinson.	" "	Dal wounds head, severe.	
	Sepoy Ghool Beg.	" "	Cutted wound of chest, slight.	
	" Ramanah.	" "	Gunshot wound neck, slight.	
	" Sheik Cawder.	" "	Gunshot wound thigh, severe.	
	" Shalik Hamed.	" "	Grazed wound face, slight.	
" Viziaragayulu.	" "	Grazed wound neck, slight.		



Appendix B.  
Return of ordnance captured by Expedition.

Place.	IRON.		Brass or bronze.	Wall pieces.	Brass mortars.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Smooth-bore.	Rifled.					
Nyoung-ben-Maw ..	8	..	..	..	..	8	Destroyed by Commander Durnford, R.N.
Gwe-gyoun-Kamyo ..	12	..	6	3	..	21	Collected and destroyed by Royal Engineers.
Minhla .. .. .	16	..	6	..	2	24	Four on board <i>Pan-thay</i> ; remainder on board flat alongside <i>Theoreah</i> .
Nyoun-goo (Pagan) ..	5	..	2	4	..	11	To be collected by Lieutenant Stuart, Bombay Mountain Battery.
Mingyan .. .. .	21	..	..	..	..	21	Destroyed by Naval Brigade, except three embarked in S. S. <i>Doo-weon</i> .
Pakako (Koonyuwa) ..	7	..	..	..	..	7	Destroyed by Naval Brigade.
King's steamer (November 26th)	6	..	..	..	..	6	
Ava Redoubt .. .. .	3	..	..	..	..	3	Embarked in S. S. <i>Along Pyah</i> and <i>Theoreah</i> for Rangoon.
Ava Fort and Palace ..	25	..	..	..	..	25	
Ava lines .. .. .	21	..	..	..	..	21	Embarked in S. S. <i>Barna</i> for Rangoon.
Sagain .. .. .	11	..	3	5	..	19	
Thabyadan .. .. .	12	..	71	3	..	23	Embarked in S. S. <i>Ashley Eden</i> and <i>Ateran</i> .
Mandalay Palace ..	994	8	158	369	17	1,546	Part sent to Rangoon arsenal; remainder variously disposed of.
.. gun factory ..	12	..	3	..	..	5	
.. river bank .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	7	Captured by Somersetshire Light Infantry with Toungoo column.
Silaymyo .. .. .	6	..	..	..	..	6	
Bhamo .. .. .	11	..	..	..	..	13	Discovered after occupation of Mingyan.
Ningyan .. .. .	..	..	15	..	..	15	
Mingyan .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Grand Total .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1,782	

No. 1673-A, dated Simla, 28th April, 1886.

From—Major-General Sir T. D. BAKER, K.C.B., Adjutant-General in India,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

With reference to this Office No. 1465-Camp of 3rd February, 1886, submitting a despatch from Lieutenant-General Sir Harry Prendergast, relative to the military operations in Upper Burma, and to the report of Major-General Buck with regard to the operations in Lower Burma, received under Military Department No. 352 B-B, dated 5th March 1886, I am now directed by the Commander-in-Chief to forward, for submission to the Government of India, the accompanying despatch from Lieutenant-General Sir Harry Prendergast, in which the services of the officers and troops engaged in the campaign are brought to notice.

2. The Commander-in-Chief considers that the eminent success which attended this expedition is attributable to the able manner in which the General Officer Commanding carried out his instructions, to the gallant and good service of the officers and troops engaged, and to the efficient organization of the force.

3. The Commander-in-Chief has much pleasure in bringing to the notice of Government the excellent service rendered by the Royal Navy and Royal Marines, and their cordial co-operation, which tended greatly to the success of the expedition.

4. In conclusion, I am directed to state, for the information of Government, that in a supple-

mentary despatch received from General Prendergast, dated 31st ultimo, the following officers have been brought to notice:—

Captain V. A. Schaleh, 11th Bengal Infantry, for good service rendered as Brigade-Major.  
Lieutenant C. P. Fendall, Royal Artillery.  
Lieutenant W. H. Dobbie, 26th Madras Infantry.

Dated Rangoon, 26th March 1886.

From—Lieutenant-General Sir H. N. D. PRENDERGAST, K.C.B., V.C., Commanding Forces in Burma,  
To—The Adjutant-General in India.

1. In continuation of my despatch, dated 14th January, 1886, reporting the operations of the Burma Expeditionary Force from their commencement to the surrender of Mandalay on 29th November 1885, I have the honor to solicit a reference to my journal of operations since that date, from which it will appear that the important towns of Mogoung, Bhamo, and Shwebo have been occupied to the north of Mandalay, and the stations of Ningyan, Yemethen, Mahline, and Kyouksai established to the eastward towards the Shawn frontier; Ava, Sagain, Aloung and Toungdingwee being furnished with detachments. Several subsidiary posts have also been located in places where the presence of troops has been considered desirable.

2. The object in establishing these stations and posts has been the assertion throughout the country of our military ascendancy, the maintenance of our lines of communications, the repression of dacoity, and the protection of the well-behaved inhabitants.

Though the work upon which the troops has been engaged has been of an important and arduous nature, it was not such as to render necessary special despatches from me relating to the various minor affairs which have occurred in different parts of the country.

3. The rapid success which attended the expedition to Mandalay was mainly due, firstly, to the efficient organization of the force employed; secondly, to the very complete information on record regarding the country and its resources; and, thirdly, to the hearty and efficient co-operation of all those who were engaged in the campaign.

4. To the officers, soldiers, and sailors of the Burma Expeditionary Force my acknowledgments are due for willing obedience and cheerful discharge of duties under varied and often trying conditions of service.

Discipline has been well maintained throughout.

5. I would now submit, for the favorable consideration of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and of Government, the names of officers and others who have more specially assisted me in the conduct of this campaign:—

Major-General L. W. Buck, Commanding the British Burma Division, who most loyally co-operated with me in preparing the force for service in Upper Burma, and subsequently organized the column which operated from Toungoo.

Brigadier-General F. B. Norman, C.B., Commanding the 3rd Brigade.

Brigadier-General H. H. Ford, Commanding the 1st Brigade.

Brigadier-General G. S. White, C.B., V.C., Commanding the 2nd Brigade.



To each of these officers and to their staff my thanks are due.

The judgment and military experience of Brigadier-General Norman, c.b., were highly valuable, and fully justified me in entrusting the command at Bhamo to him at a critical juncture.

To Brigadier-General Foord was entrusted the duty of capturing the redoubt of Gweyoung-Kamyo.

Brigadier-General White commanded at Mandalay during my absence at Bhamo, and by his energy and determination succeeded in quelling the insurrection around Mandalay. He is an officer of high military capacity.

Colonel D. Shaw, Madras Staff Corps, Commanding at Thayetmyo, protected my base at Thayetmyo by energetic action against the insurgents on the frontier.

Colonel T. N. Baker, 2nd Bengal Light Infantry, commanded effectively the column that successfully attacked Minhla on the 17th November 1885, and has since then commanded the garrison at that station.

Colonel W. Carey, R.A., commanded the Royal Artillery during the campaign. From the first organization of the siege train, he has been conspicuous by the zeal and ability which he has brought to bear on all matters connected with his arm of the service. He also contributed materially to the Intelligence Branch by publishing notes taken when he was on a visit to Mandalay a short time before the declaration of war.

Colonel P. H. F. Harris, 11th Bengal Infantry, gallantly commanded his fine regiment at Minhla and has commanded the garrison of Mingyan since its establishment. He has shown great energy and zeal in organizing flying columns for the pacification of the district, and has been well supported by the officers and men of the detachments.

Colonel G. E. L. S. Sanford, R.E., Commanding Royal Engineer to the Force, has afforded me, in addition to his professional assistance, very efficient aid as Chief Engineer of Public Works after the occupation of Mandalay. As a staff officer he is invaluable.

Colonel H. M. Bengough, Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, so organized the staff and conducted his duties that there has been no friction. He is an officer remarkable for energy, tact, zeal, and knowledge of military affairs.

Colonel W. P. Dickson, Madras Staff Corps, Commandant, 3rd Madras Light Infantry, commanded the Tounghoë column, and achieved a rapid and well merited success.

Colonel J. C. Auchinleck, R. A., has commanded the line of communication with firmness and discretion.

Colonel John Tilly, Commanding the 1st Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers, has commanded his battalion with zeal and ability, and when entrusted with an independent command accomplished satisfactorily the duty confided to him.

Colonel W. H. B. Kingsley, Commanding the 2nd Battalion Hampshire Regiment, returned to his post from sick leave at the earliest opportunity, and has ably commanded his regiment, which has done excellent service throughout the late operations.

Colonel A. A. LeMesurier, 2nd Battalion "The King's" Liverpool Regiment, has commanded his battalion throughout the recent operations, and has been successful in action as commander of a field column.

Deputy Surgeon-General J. McN. Donnelly, I. M. D., as Principal Medical Officer of the Force, has organized and administered the very efficient hospital arrangements, afloat and ashore, to my satisfaction.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Budgen, R.A., deserves credit for the good service performed by him and the officers and men of the Royal Artillery under his command.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Laughton, Assistant Commissary General, in Commissariat charge. To this officer and to the officers and men of the Department my acknowledgments are specially due.

Owing to the numerous columns furnished by the force, the strain on this Department has been unusually severe; but no instance of failure has occurred, and this can only be attributed to the untiring zeal and energy of Lieutenant-Colonel Laughton and his subordinates.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Gordon, Commandant, 23rd Madras Light Infantry, deserves credit for the admirable state of the regiment which he commands, and has distinguished himself when in command of field columns.

Lieutenant-Colonel M. Protheroe, C.S.I., Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, served on the staff, of which his ability, industry, tact, temper, and judgment made him an invaluable member, and by his knowledge and official experience has lent valuable aid to the Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. J. B. Simpson, 12th Madras Infantry, commanded the assaulting party at Minhla redoubt, and conducted the attack on the rebels at Kadoe on 13th January 1886, until severely wounded.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. Begbie, Madras Staff Corps, has been in charge of the Army Signalling of the Force. I have already in my former despatches had the honor to place on record the great value that the expedition has derived from visual signalling throughout the campaign. Lieutenant-Colonel Begbie, by his sustained personal interest in and unremitting personal superintendence of the working of his Department, has conducted much to the successful results attained.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. R. D. Macneill, Madras Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, conducted the duties of the Intelligence Department until wounded when acting as guide to the column at the attack on Minhla. It is to this officer's previous labours in the Intelligence Branch that I was indebted for the very complete information afforded me from the office of the Quartermaster-General in India.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. Baker, Hampshire Regiment, commanded the battalion till the arrival of Colonel Kingsley after the surrender of Mandalay, and has been twice selected for the command of detached columns.

Major F. W. Hemming, 5th Dragoon Guards, Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster



General, took over the charge of the Intelligence Department on his joining the force, and showed zeal and activity in acquiring and formulating information.

Major (now Lieutenant-Colonel) R. F. Williamson, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, admirably commanded the detachment at the important post of Shwebo. In this command he displayed high military qualities, fought four successful actions with the rebels, and did much to secure the pacification of the district.

Major W. P. Symons, Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, has proved himself possessed of the highest qualifications for staff duties in the field and in the office, and merits recognition.

Major H. P. Law, Royal Scots Fusiliers, commanded for some months the Toungdwingyee column with signal boldness and success.

Major H. R. T. Hill, Madras Staff Corps, as Director of Transport to the Force, has rendered valuable service. Great demands were made on the Transport Department for the many flying columns despatched for the suppression of rebellion, and, thanks to Major Hill's energy and resource in organizing a local transport, the wants of the Expeditionary Force have been satisfied.

Major W. B. Warner, 2nd Madras Lancers, commanded the first cavalry detachment sent to Upper Burma. He has on several occasions been selected for the command of columns, and has exhibited zeal, energy, and knowledge of his profession.

Major E. C. Browne, Royal Scots Fusiliers, personally organized a body composed of Mounted Volunteers, Mounted Infantry, and Mounted Native Police for service with the expedition,—a force which proved itself of great utility.

Major A. J. Stead, 11th Bengal Infantry, commanded the detachment at Pagan, and successfully operated against the insurgents in the district.

Major E. P. Ommanney, 11th Bengal Infantry, successfully commanded a column against the enemy near Mingyan.

Major C. H. Sheppard, 11th Madras Infantry, officiated as Deputy Judge Advocate to the Force, in the absence of any regularly appointed officer of that Department.

Major J. E. Collins, 2nd Hampshire Regiment, for skill and energy in command of several expeditions against the enemy near Mandalay.

Major C. C. Campbell, 23rd Madras Light Infantry, commanded the expedition sent up the Chindwin to Kandat in December 1885, and showed much ability and perseverance in carrying out his mission.

Major C. W. Walker, 19th Madras Infantry, performed the duties of Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General efficiently, both in the field and in quarters.

Captain A. R. F. Dörward, R.E., commanded the Queen's Own Sappers and Miners, and was a most efficient field engineer. He showed eminent qualifications for command when selected to command a mixed force in the field.

Captain R. L. Milne, Deputy, Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General, is a staff officer of merit and deserving of recognition.

Captain D. A. A. Macpherson, Field Paymaster, has conducted the duties of his Department with much ability and courtesy.

Surgeon-Major C. Sibthorpe, in medical charge of the Head-Quarter Staff, has shown himself always ready to afford any professional or personal assistance in his power.

Captain R. O. Lloyd, R.E., owing to his knowledge of the Burmese language, was very valuable as a field Engineer. He was severely wounded.

Captain W. Aldworth, Bedfordshire Regiment, has not only efficiently performed the duty of Aide-de-Camp, but has also given me most valuable assistance as Military Secretary.

Lieutenant G. A. Ballard, R.N., proved a most efficient Aide-de-Camp. His knowledge of his profession and his willing assistance as Secretary were of great advantage to me.

Lieutenant C. D. Learoyd, R.E., was a most useful orderly officer. His professional knowledge and skill as a surveyor enabled him to perform valuable service with detached columns.

Captain T. P. Cather, R.E., is an invaluable Transport Officer, and has remarkable talent for organizing and commanding men.

The following junior officers have been brought to notice by Officers Commanding Brigades and Heads of Departments in this Force, and I would hope that His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will be pleased to take them into his favorable consideration:—

Captain R. A. P. Clements, South Wales Borderers, Brigade Major, severely wounded.

Captain M. C. Barton, R.E.

Captain J. E. Preston, 12th Madras Infantry.

Lieutenant W. K. Downes, 11th Bengal Infantry; distinguished gallantry at Minhla.

Lieutenant G. L. Angelo, 23rd Madras Infantry.

Lieutenant J. A. Tanner, R.E.

Lieutenant H. E. Porter, 24th Madras Infantry, Transport Officer.

Lieutenant P. M. Carnegie, 12th Madras Infantry, severely wounded.

Lieutenant W. A. Cairnes, R.E.

Lieutenant R. D. Burlton, 2nd Madras Lancers.

Lieutenant P. R. Mockler, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, Transport Officer.

Lieutenant W. R. H. Beresford, Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Lieutenant H. V. Cox, 21st Madras Infantry.

Lieutenant G. H. H. Couchman, Somersetshire Light Infantry.

Lieutenant H. T. D. Wilkinson, 12th Madras Infantry, dangerously wounded; distinguished gallantry at Minhla.

Lieutenant H. L. Dodgson, 2nd Bengal Infantry.

Lieutenant R. D. Anderson, Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant R. C. B. Haking, 2nd Hampshire Regiment.

Lieutenant J. R. Dyas, 2nd Hampshire Regiment.

Lieutenant R. I. Forbes, 2nd Hampshire Regiment.

Lieutenant B. Holloway, 2nd Madras Lancers.

Lieutenant A. P. D. Harris, 11th Bengal Infantry, success in command of a detachment.

Lieutenant A. P. G. Gough, Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Lieutenant W. A. J. O'Meara, R.E., severely wounded.

Lieutenant C. C. A. Sillery, 12th Madras Infantry, severely wounded.

Lieutenant R. A. T. Dury, Bengal Staff Corps, attached to 11th Bengal Infantry (killed).

Lieutenant H. T. Brooking, 21st Madras Infantry.

Lieutenant L. de R. Jervis, Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Lieutenant J. H. Gwynne, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, severely wounded.

Lieutenant Q. G. K. Agnew, 4th Battalion Royal Scots Fusiliers, Transport Officer.

6. I trust the European warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, and the



native officers, non-commissioned officers and men mentioned by Brigadier-Generals Commanding and Heads of Departments will receive suitable recognition of their services.

7. The Revd. E. T. Beatty and the Chaplains of the Church of England and Priests of the Church of Rome appointed to serve with the force have shown much zeal and earnestness in the discharge of their duties.

8. To Captain R. Woodward, R.N., and to the officers and crews of the Naval Brigade serving under his orders, my thanks are specially due for valuable co-operation rendered afloat and ashore with the heartiness and thoroughness characteristic of the Royal Navy.

To Captain Woodward personally I am indebted for the energy, willingness, and professional skill continuously placed at my disposal.

I would beg to endorse the recommendations of Captain Woodward of the officers and men serving under him, hoping that the services of Commander W. R. Clutterbuck, R.N., Commander J. Durnford, R.N., Commander C. J. Barlow, R.N., and Lieutenant F. P. Trench, R.N., may receive special recognition.

Commander Clutterbuck, in command of Her Majesty's I. M. S. *Irrawaddy*, in concert with Lieutenant Trench, in command of the steam launch *Kathleen*, gallantly captured a King's steamer under the fire of a battery at the outset of the campaign, and from that time to the occupation of Mandalay these two officers have led the van of the river fleet.

Commander Durnford served on my staff until the occupation of Mandalay, and his tact, energy, and professional knowledge were of great service to me.

Commander C. J. Barlow's march of 120 miles through the country with a detachment of blue-jackets reflects great credit on that officer and his party.

The manner in which Commander A. Carpenter, Her Majesty's I. M. S. *Investigator*, conducted the duties of the river survey, is deserving of special recognition, and his labours will, I am convinced, prove to be of great practical value.

Major W. M. Lambert, Royal Marine Artillery, and the non-commissioned officers and men of the Royal Marines attached to the Naval Brigade, have lent me very willing assistance whenever possible.

9. The officers and men of the Indian Marine have worked admirably throughout the expedition, and I trust some recognition of their excellent services may be afforded to the following officers:—

Captain A. Campbell, Her Majesty's Indian Marine.  
Mr. C. W. Hewett, 1st Grade Officer, Indian Marine.  
Mr. H. S. Black, 1st Grade Officer, Indian Marine.  
Mr. W. Chandler, 1st Grade Officer, Indian Marine.  
Mr. G. A. Lye, 1st Grade Officer, Indian Marine.  
Mr. G. L. E. Mathias, 1st Grade Officer, Indian Marine.

Captain A. Campbell, Her Majesty's Indian Marine, as Senior Marine Transport Officer, was of invaluable service in organizing and marshalling the large fleet of river steamers that conveyed the force to Mandalay.

10. I would beg to tender my sincere acknowledgments to Mr. C. E. Bernard, C.S.I., Chief Commissioner of British Burma, for the hearty support and co-operation which he has extended to me from the commencement of the expedition; and

to Colonel Sladen my thanks are due for the able assistance which his extended acquaintance with Upper Burma has enabled him to place at my service.

11. I would also wish to acknowledge the services of Mr. Kennedy, the Manager of the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, and of the Commanders and crews of the steamers of the Company, who by their skill and willing co-operation have contributed so much to the safety and comfort of the troops and to the success of the expedition.

12. I would solicit the attention of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to the special opportunities afforded by this campaign in its latter phases to officers of comparatively junior rank to show the military qualities that they possess, owing to the great number of independent minor operations which have been undertaken. It has thus been possible to select a considerable number of junior officers as deserving of special notice, and I trust that each may obtain some recognition of his services.

As regards the officers of the Madras Army thus brought to notice, I would venture to invite His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to bear in memory that the Coast Army has lately had few opportunities of seeing service, and I would very respectfully submit that the present is a favorable opportunity to give promotion to comparatively young officers who may appear to merit it, thus infusing a new life into the army without injury to the professional feeling of those who have not been fortunate enough to participate in the campaign.

13. In conclusion, I have the honor to enclose despatches from General Officers Commanding Brigades and others and Heads of Departments as per margin. I regret that up to the present no despatch has been received from the 3rd Brigade. It has been again called for, and on receipt will be forwarded. The report of the Officer Commanding Toungdwingyee Column will also be submitted on receipt.

\* From Brigadier-General Foord, dated 10th January 1886.

From Colonel W. Carey, R.A., Commanding Royal Artillery.

From Principal Medical Officer, Burma Field Force, No. 412, dated 4th February 1886.

\* From Officer Commanding Shwebo; dated 14th February 1886.

From Commanding Royal Engineer, Burma Field Force, No. 84C., dated 13th February 1886.

From Superintendent, Signalling, Burma Field Force, dated 9th February 1886.

From Officer Commanding Pagan, dated 10th February 1886.

\* From Officer Commanding Mingyan, No. 249, dated 12th February 1886.

From Provost Marshal, Burma Field Force, No. 64, dated 9th February 1886.

From Director of Transport, No. 423, dated 12th February 1886.

From Brigadier-General G. S. White, dated 5th February 1886.

From Principal Commissariat Officer, No. 82, dated 4th January 1886.

From Principal Commissariat Officer, No. 84, dated 5th February 1886.

From Senior Marine Transport Officer, dated 9th January 1886.

Major E. Brown, Commanding Mounted Corps, dated 10th February 1886.

\* From Officer Commanding 2nd (Queen's Own) Bengal Light Infantry, dated 18th November 1885.

From Commissary of Ordnance, dated 1st February 1886.

\* From Officer Commanding Ningyan Column, dated 21st Decr. 1885.

\* From Officer Commanding Naval Brigade, dated 31st December 1885.

Note.—Copies of reports marked \* have been sent in original to the Adjutant-General in India. No copies retained.



“No. 272.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 299, dated 14th May 1886, is republished:—

“No. 299.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 280 of 1886, the following appointments are made to the Staff of the 3rd Brigade of the Forces in Upper Burmah:—

Captain A. A. Pearson, Bombay S. C., 24th Bombay Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quarter Master General.

Captain C. S. Shephard, Royal Lancaster Regiment, to be Brigade-Major.”

No. 273.—Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon W. Lamb, Bombay Veterinary Department, is permitted to retire from the Service from the 4th July 1886 on a pension of £450 per annum, payable in England, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 274.—The retirement of Brigade-Surgeon H. R. L. McDougall, M.D., Indian Medical Service, notified in G. G. O. No. 246, dated 10th May 1886, is to have effect from the 20th and not the 10th idem as therein stated.

No. 275.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 326, dated 21st May 1886, is republished:—

“No. 326.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—

Major A. F. Fletcher, R. A., Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd class, and Assistant to the Inspector-General of Ordnance, Bombay Circle, to be Commissary of Ordnance, 1st class, vice Colonel C. Cowie, R. A., Commissary of Ordnance, 1st class, appointed Deputy Inspector-General of Ordnance, Bengal Circle. Dated 6th April 1886.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. Mortimer, R. A., to be Commissary of Ordnance, 1st class, vice Major Fletcher, seconded. Dated 6th April 1886.”

No. 276.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* dated 4th May 1886, pages 2128 and 2129, is republished:—

“Staff.

Major-General Sir Charles George Arbuthnot K.C.B., Royal Artillery, is placed on the Staff of the Army in India as a Lieutenant-General to command the troops in the Bombay Presidency, and is granted the local rank of Lieutenant-General whilst so employed. Dated 16th February 1886.

\* \* \*

Deputy Assistant Commissary Alfred Wiffen, Bombay Establishment, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 26th February 1886.”

No. 277.—The undermentioned Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for twelve months on medical certificate, under Rule VI. of the Furlough Regulations of 1875, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Conductor T. E. Rogers, Commissariat Department.

No. 278.—The furlough to Europe for nine months on private affairs granted by G. G. O. No. 249, dated 11th instant, to Lieutenant-Colonel

H. L. Nutt, Staff Corps, Second Assistant Political Agent, Káthiáwár (Acting First Assistant Political Agent in Jhálávád), is cancelled at that officer's request.

No. 279.—The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 1st May 1886:—

*7th Regiment Bombay Cavalry (Jacob-ka-Risála).*

Kote Dafedár Jaimal Sing to be Jamádár, to fill an existing vacancy.

No. 280.—Subhedár Shaikh Muhammad Usman, 30th Regiment Bombay Infantry, is transferred to the 7th Regiment Bombay Cavalry (Jacob-ka-Risála), in the rank of Ressaidár.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Brigadier-General,  
Secretary to Government.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

### POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 25th May 1886.*

No. 2965.—Mr. F. S. P. Lely, C.S., is appointed, on the return to duty of Mr. W. B. Mulock as Collector of Surat, to be Administrator of the Porbandar State in Káthiáwár.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

W. WEDDERBURN,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 15th May 1886.*

No. 2940.—Ráo Sáheb Lalubhai Pranvalab Parikh is appointed to be a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge vice Ráo Sáheb Chinto Narayan Chandorkar, deceased.

Ráo Sáheb Sitanath Gopinath Ajinkya is appointed to be a Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge vice Ráo Sáheb Sakharam Moreshwar Chitale, deceased.

Khán Sáheb Ratanji Mancherji is appointed to be a Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge vice Ráo Sáheb Lalubhai Pranvalab Parikh, promoted.

No. 2953.—Ráo Sáheb Shrinivas Ramchandra Behatti, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Bijápúr in the Sholápúr-Bijápúr District, is transferred to Bágalkot in the same district.

Ráo Sáheb Vyankatrao Rukmangad Inámdár, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Saundatti in the Belgaum District, is transferred to Bijápúr in the Sholápúr-Bijápúr District.



Ráo Sáheb Anandrao Krishna Kothare, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Bassein and Dáhánu in the Thána District, is transferred to Rájápur in the Ratnágiri District.

Ráo Sáheb Dinkar Dhonde Datar, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Ráhhuri in the Ahmednagar District, is transferred to Bassein and Dáhánu in the Thána District.

Ráo Sáheb Bhaskar Shridhar Joshi, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Bhusáwal in the Khándesh District, is transferred to Mahád in the Thána District.

Ráo Sáheb Mahadev Raghunath Nadkarni, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Rájápur in the Ratnágiri District, is transferred to Sangameshvar in the same district.

Ráo Sáheb Dwarkanath Narayan Randive, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Pimpalgaon in the Násik District, is transferred to Bhusáwal in the Khándesh District.

Mr. Malhar Martand Nadgir, Acting Second Class Subordinate Judge doing duty at Bágákkot in the Sholápur-Bijápur District, is transferred to Saundatti in the Belgaum District.

Ráo Sáheb Krishnarao Madhao Huligol, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Sangameshvar in the Ratnágiri District, is transferred to Ráhhuri in the Ahmednagar District.

Mr. Jamsedji Dorabji Khandalawala, Acting Second Class Subordinate Judge of Mahád in the Thána District, is transferred to Pimpalgaon in the Násik District.

Under the provisions of Section 28 of Act XIV. of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) the under-mentioned Subordinate Judges of the Second Class are invested, on their transfers to the stations entered against their names, each, within the local limits of his ordinary jurisdiction, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50 :—

Ráo Sáheb Shriniwas Ramchandra Behatti,—Bágákkot.

Ráo Sáheb Vyankatrao Rukmangad Inámdár,—Bijápur.

Ráo Sáheb Anandrao Krishna Kothare,—Rájápur.

Ráo Sáheb Dinkar Dhonde Datar,—Bassein and Dáhánu.

Ráo Sáheb Bhaskar Shridhar Joshi,—Mahád.

Ráo Sáheb Mahadev Raghunath Nadkarni,—Sangameshvar.

Ráo Sáheb Dwarkanath Narayan Randive,—Bhusawal.

No. 2957.—With reference to Government Notification No. 786, dated the 5th February 1886, the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased, under Section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be additional members of the Bench of Magistrates at Nadiád in the Kaira District, and to confer upon each of them, within the limits of the town of Nadiád, all the

powers conferred or conferrable by or under the said Code on a Magistrate of the Second Class :—

Mr. Jamnadas Rajji, pensioned Mukhtyárkar and Magistrate in Sind.

Desai Waghjibhai Jesingbhai, Desai of Nadiád and Member of Táluka Local Board.

Mr. Sankalchand Jethabbai, Municipal Commissioner, Nadiád.

No. 2963.—Lieutenant C. H. C. Heyman, Staff Corps, has been appointed to be Cantonment Magistrate at Hyderabad, with effect from the 28th March 1886.

Lieutenant Heyman is also appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class, under Section 12 of Act X. of 1882, within the limits of the Military Cantonment of Hyderabad.

No. 2969.—Mr. R. Courtenay is appointed to act as Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge at Ratnágiri until further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 20th May 1886.*

No. 3059.—Mr. J. C. Anding, Huzúr Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Belgaum, was in charge of the Cantonment Magistracy at Belgaum, in addition to his own duties, from the 26th February to the 6th March 1886, both days inclusive.

*Bombay Castle, 22nd May 1886.*

No. 3080.—Surgeon C. F. Willis, M.B., acted as Superintendent of the Jail at Aden from the 8th to the 15th April 1886, both days inclusive.

*Bombay Castle, 25th May 1886.*

No. 3123.—Messrs. W. H. Crowe and W. H. Horsley respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge of Sátára on the 13th instant, after office hours.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 3131.—Surgeon-Major P. Murphy, Superintendent of Mahábaleshvar in the district of Sátára, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Sátára under Section 12 of Act X. of 1882, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Act :—

Power to pass sentences of whipping (Section 32).

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

Under the provisions of Section 22 of Act X. of 1882 the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon-Major P. Murphy to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Government of Bombay, other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

No. 3133.—A'zam Krishnarao Trimbak, Acting Head Kárkún of táluka Modása in the district of Ahmedabad, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the



Third Class in the district of Ahmedabad under Section 12 of Act X. of 1882, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Act:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 3135.—Ráo Sáheb Wasudeo Shiwaji Nambur, Probationary substantive *pro tem*. Mámáldár of táluka Murbád in the district of Thána, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the district of Thána under Section 12 of Act X. of 1882, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Act:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 3137.—A'zam Ratanshankar Girjashankar, Acting Head Kárkún of táluka Dhandhuka in the district of Ahmedabad, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the district of Ahmedabad under Section 12 of Act X. of 1882, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Act:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 3139.—Under the provisions of clause 2 of Section 45 of (Bombay) Act II. of 1874 the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Ráo Bahádur Nilkant Bhagwant Mulé, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmednagar, to be a Visitor of the District Jail at Ahmednagar.

*By order of His Excellency the Right*

*Honourable the Governor in Council,*

W. WEDDERBURN,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

#### EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 21st May 1886.*

No. 812.—Mr. C. H. Candy, Principal, Rajaram College, Kolhápúr, passed an examination in Maráthi according to the Higher Standard on the 4th instant.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 821.—Surgeon-Major G. Bainbridge and W. Gray respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Professor of Surgery, Grant

Medical College, on the 4th instant, before office hours.

No. 822.—Surgeon-Major G. Waters and Surgeon H. W. B. Boyd respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Professor of Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery on the 4th instant, after office hours.

*By order of His Excellency the Right*

*Honourable the Governor in Council,*

W. WEDDERBURN,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

#### REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 22nd May 1886.*

No. 3724.—Under Section 12 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

*Bijápúr District.*

Mr. Datto Sakhárám, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Muddebihál, from 1st to 4th April 1886.

Mr. Hanmant Govind, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Hungund, from 22nd to 28th April 1886.

*Sátára District.*

Mr. Wáman Balvant, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Koregaon, from 4th to 13th April 1886.

*Kaira District.*

Khán Sáheb Dinsha Jamshedji, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Borsad, from 9th to 12th April 1886.

*Bombay Castle, 25th May 1886.*

No. 3756.—Anandráo bin Abaráo, Deputy Revenue and Police Pátíl of mauze Undirwádi, táluka Yeola in the Násik Collectorate, having been convicted under Section 380 of the Indian Penal Code, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

No. 3759.—Under Section 12 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

*Kánara District.*

Mr. Venkatesh Náráyan, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Siddápúr, from 14th to 16th February 1886.

*Sholápúr District.*

Mr. Náráyan Rámchandra, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Málsiras, from 17th February to 15th April 1886.

Mr. Rámchandra Abáji, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Bársi, from 5th March to 18th April 1886.

No. 3765.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Veterinary Surgeon J. H. Steel to be Superintendent, Veterinary College and Hospital, Bombay.



No. 3767.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Himatkhan Santikhán and Shankar Rámji, Head Constables in the A'bkári Police of the Ahmedabad District, with powers under Section 14 of the Opium Act, No. I. of 1878, and Section 36 of the Bombay A'bkári Act, No. V. of 1878, within the limits of their respective charges.

No. 3769.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. S. Bulkeley to act as Survey and Settlement Commissioner during the absence of Mr. T. H. Stewart, C. S., or till further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 3775.—Under Section 12 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

*Broach District.*

Mr. Máneklál Harilál, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Hánsot, from 12th to 17th February 1886.

Mr. Ganpatráam Kálidás, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Broach, from 20th to 23rd February 1886.

Mr. Hargovandás Bálgovandás, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Jambusar, from 27th February to 9th April 1886.

Mr. Motiráam Ganpatráam, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Vágra, from 7th to 11th March 1886.

No. 3788.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. D. Mackenzie, C. S., Acting Secretary to Government in the Revenue, Financial and General Departments, to act as President of the Central Committee for Vernacular and Departmental Examinations during the absence of Mr. J. Nugent, C. S., or until further orders.

No. 3796.—Mr. W. F. Lord, C. S., has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate for four months.

No. 3798.—Mr. H. Barrett, Deputy Conservator of Forests, First Grade, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for two months.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

#### GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 22nd May 1886.*

No. 1834.—Surgeon Phirozsháh Jhamshedji Damania, 22nd Regiment Native Infantry, has been appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Sátára, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Surgeon J. P. Greany, M.D., M.Ch., L.M., or until further orders.

No. 1835.—Assistant Surgeons Nádirsháh Hormásji Sukhia, L.M. and S., and Pirojsha Pállonji Mulla, L.M. and S., have been appointed to the medical charge of the Dispensaries at Sirsi and Pandharpur respectively.

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 1861.—Dr. J. Pollen, C. S., B.A., LL.D., Assistant Commissioner in Sind, passed an examination in Beluchi on the 19th April 1886.

No. 1862.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished:—

“HOME DEPARTMENT.

ARCHÆOLOGY.

*Simla, the 18th May 1886.*

No. 171.—The services of Mr. J. F. Fleet, C.S., C.I.E., Epigraphist to the Government of India, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 1st June 1886.

(Signed) A. P. MACDONNELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 1863.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. T. Ommanney, C. S., to act as a member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee for examining candidates in the Kánarese language during the absence of Mr. J. Monteath, C. S., or until further orders.

No. 1864.—Mr. A'tmáram Vináyek Pátkar acted as Reporter on the Native Press and Registrar of Native Publications from 28th March to 18th April 1886, both days inclusive.

No. 1865.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon-Major J. Arnott, M.D., C.M., to act as Surgeon, Gokuldás Tejpál Native General Hospital, during the absence of Brigade Surgeon H. V. Carter, M.D., or until further orders.

No. 1866.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon Dhaujisha Navroji Párákh, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., to act as Obsteric Physician, Jamshedji Jijibháí Hospital, during the absence of Surgeon-Major J. Arnott, M.D., C.M., or until further orders.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

#### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY.)

*Bombay Castle, 26th May 1886.*

No. 15.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

“No. 136, dated 20th May 1886.

Mr. G. A. Anderson, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

H. F. HANCOCK, Major-General, R.E.,  
Joint Secretary to Government.



## Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges are pleased to direct the addition of the following Rule to Chapter I. of the Rules of the Appellate Side of the High Court, published at page 699 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated the 7th September 1882, and to Chapter I. of the High Court Rule Book of 1866 :—

11 (a). The order under Section 267, Criminal Procedure Code, directing the mode of trial in a case withdrawn into the High Court under Section 526, shall ordinarily be made by the Division Court which orders such withdrawal, but may be made by any Division Court sitting for the disposal of criminal business.

C. SARGENT.  
R. WEST.  
J. SCOTT.  
NANABHAI HARIDAS.  
H. BIRDWOOD.  
JOHN JARDINE.  
C. F. FARRAN.

C. E. G. CRAWFORD,  
Registrar.

*Bombay, 4th May 1886.*

BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

With reference to the Government of India's Resolution No. 185, dated 10th January 1883, embodied in Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 595, dated 13th February 1883, all Civil officers are hereby requested, in accordance with Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 2842, dated 22nd August 1884, to submit their store returns for 1885-86 to their Controlling officers with the least possible delay.

On receipt of these returns the Controlling officers will prepare one general consolidated statement in Form Appendix B. attached to the Government of India's Resolution above quoted, and forward it to this Office by the 31st July 1886, to enable it to submit one general statement for the whole province to Government, who will pass it on to the Government of India by the prescribed date.

As the annual estimates of stores for 1887-88 prescribed in paragraphs 20 and 21 of the Government of India's Resolution already quoted are not needed by the Accountant General's Office, they should be forwarded separately to the Local Government direct. In many cases last year a non-observance of this course caused unnecessary confusion and loss of time.

*Bombay, 4th May 1886.*

CIRCULAR No. 11.

ACCOUNT CURRENT DEPARTMENT.

From—The ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY ;  
To—All COLLECTORS and TREASURY OFFICERS.

*Dated Bombay, 22nd May 1886.*

Government having ordered that all receipts and charges in the Marine, Civil, Public Works,

Telegraph, Railway, Postal, and other Departments on account of the occupation of Upper Burmah should be finally adjusted in the accounts of those Departments from the 1st April 1886, I have the honour, in supersession of the Circular of this Office No. 47, dated 20th November 1885, to request that all receipts and charges on this account originating in the Civil Department may from that date be shown in your cash account as receipts or expenditure of the particular Civil Department by whom any amount has been received or expended.

2. Such charges only as under normal conditions would be debitable to the Military Department, will be debited to that Department.

T. W. RAWLINS,  
Accountant General.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 108.—Gopal Awadhut, Candidate Vaccinator, Nagár Zilla, is appointed Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, with effect from 1st April 1886, to complete the establishment.

No. 109.—Candidate Vaccinator Govind Pandurang, of Poona Zilla, is appointed Candidate Vaccinator, Ahmednagar Zilla, with effect from 1st April 1886, vice Gopal Awadhut, promoted.

No. 110.—Shanker Khanderao is appointed Acting Candidate Vaccinator, Sátára Zilla, S. D., with effect from 1st April 1886, vice Pochatti Luxuman, Acting Vaccinator at Akalkot.

No. 111.—Candidate Vaccinator Lallubhai Mathurbhai is appointed substantive *pro tem*. Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kaira Zilla, with effect from 27th April 1886, vice Chotumia Amirbhai, who reverted to his former appointment.

No. 112.—Rugunathji Dayalji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Panch Maháls, is transferred to Broach Zilla, with effect from 1st March 1886.

No. 113.—Dulputram Bapuji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Broach Zilla, is transferred to Panch Maháls, with effect from 1st March 1886, and is granted leave without pay from 1st March to 10th April 1886 inclusive, and Candidate Vaccinator Lallubhai Mathurbhai, of Kaira Zilla, is appointed substantive *pro tem*. Vaccinator in his place.

No. 114.—Mr. Sudashiv Balshett, Assistant Superintendent of Vaccination, Presidency Circle, Bombay, having been recalled to duty on 23rd April 1886, the unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to him in Notification No. 81, dated 20th April 1886, is hereby cancelled.

No. 115.—In Notification No. 69, dated 7th April 1886, instead of "Babaji Govind" read "Balkrishna Venkaji."

No. 116.—The following transfers are made, with effect from 1st May 1886 :—

Shaik Cassim, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, from Bijápur Zilla to Belgaum Zilla.



Govind Tatiaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, from Belgaum Zilla to Bijápur Zilla.

No. 117.—Hurry Dhondi, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Belgaum Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 5th to 31st December 1885 inclusive.

No. 118.—In Notification No. 79, dated 20th April 1886, instead of "Wudhudas" read "Udhavdas" and for "Bodhaldas" read "Badaldas."

No. 119.—Mr. Kesheo Rajaram, Third Class Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholápur Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 13th to 27th May 1886 inclusive.

No. 120.—Assistant Surgeons G. R. Desai and S. V. Kantuk respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Superintendent of Vaccination, Presidency Circle, Bombay, on 19th May 1886, before office hours.

No. 121.—The privilege leave granted to Dhirajlal Hargovindas, Municipal Vaccinator, Broach Town, in Notification No. 90, dated 3rd May 1886, is extended to 30th June 1886 inclusive.

No. 122.—Sitaram Balkrishna, Municipal Vaccinator, Thána Town, was granted privilege leave from 16th March to 30th April 1886 inclusive, and Mahadev Govind Nadker was appointed to act for him.

No. 123.—Rugnathji Dayalji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Broach Zilla, is transferred to Surat Zilla, with effect from 6th May 1886.

No. 124.—Manishankar Rewashankar, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Surat Zilla, is transferred to Broach Zilla, with effect from 9th May 1886.

T. G. HEWLETT,

Deputy Surgeon-General,  
Sanitary Commissioner.

*Bombay, 25th May 1886.*

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Messrs. N. B. Mule and B. G. Sathé respectively delivered over and received charge of the Tásgaon Táluks of the Sátára District on the 10th instant, in the forenoon.

Messrs. H. L. Harvey and Nilkant Bhagwant Mule respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the First Assistant Collector, Ahmednagar, on the 12th instant, in the forenoon.

*Poona, 18th May 1886.*

Mr. G. W. Cotgrave delivered over and Major S. Babington received charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police, Poona, on the 11th instant, in the forenoon.

*Poona, 19th May 1886.*

Messrs. G. Waddington and A. F. Woodburn respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Forest Settlement Officer, Ahmednagar, on the 18th instant, in the forenoon.

*Poona, 21st May 1886.*

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Mr. J. A. Baines, Acting First Assistant Collector, delivered over and Mr. R. A. Gamble, Supernumerary Assistant Collector, received charge of the táluks of Bankápur and Hubli in the Dhárwár District on the 7th instant, in the afternoon.

*Poona, 19th May 1886.*

Privilege leave of twenty-five days granted to Mr. H. Kennedy, District Superintendent of Police, Ratnágiri, and notified at page 388 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I., of 29th April 1886, is cancelled at his own request.

*Poona, 22nd May 1886.*

W. H. PROPERT,  
Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,  
SALT, OPIUM AND ÁBKÁRI.

No. 2601.—The following Rules framed by the Commissioner of A'bkári under the provisions of Section 35 of the A'bkári Act, 1878, for the management of the public distilleries at Dádar and Chaupáti in the Island of Bombay, and for the regulation of the storage, removal and transport of spirits made therein, are published for general information in supersession of those published at pages 1020 to 1025 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I., dated 20th November 1884:—

*Rules framed by the Commissioner of A'bkári under the provisions of Section 35 of the A'bkári Act, 1878, for the management of the public distilleries at Dádar and Chaupáti in the Island of Bombay, and for the regulation of the storage, removal and transport of spirits made therein.*

1. No toddy shall be admitted into the distilleries between the hours of 12 noon and 4 P.M., or between the hours of 8 P.M. and 6 A.M.

2. Toddy brought to either of the distilleries aforesaid shall be taken direct to the Inspector in charge thereof for examination and measurement.

3. The Distillery Inspector shall examine and measure without delay all toddy brought to his distillery and shall enter in a register, to be kept by him in the annexed Form A, the quantity of toddy brought in from time to time by or on account of each licensed distiller.

4. Each licensed distiller shall, at his own expense, construct and complete within thirty days after the date of his distillery license, and thereafter keep in good repair to the satisfaction of the Collector, a strong room for the custody of spirit, and shall separately deposit therein all spirit manufactured by him as soon as it is drawn from the still, and shall not open the entrance thereof or remove spirit therefrom without the permission of the Distillery Inspector. He shall



also provide Chubb's locks and such other fastenings for the entrance to the strong room as the Collector may prescribe. He shall also provide vessels of such kind and capacity as the Collector may prescribe for the storage of spirit in his said strong room. The Distillery Inspector shall measure and test all spirit taken into such strong room not later than the day after its deposit, and shall enter in the Register in Form A aforesaid the quantities and strengths of the spirit taken into and removed from each strong room daily.

5. Spirit shall be removed from the distillery only in casks, each of capacity between 16 and 17 gallons, or between 20 and 21 gallons. All casks used for the removal of spirit shall be filled full to the bung-hole before being gauged and tested and passed out of the distillery.

6. Licensed distillers shall provide each his own casks of authorised capacity for the removal of spirit. Each cask, before being used, shall be taken by the owner to the Inspector, who shall gauge its capacity by means of the standard measures provided for the purpose and shall brand upon it

- (1) the name of the distillery,
- (2) the consecutive number of the cask,
- (3) the capacity of the cask in gallons and pints,
- (4) the date of branding.

7. Every cask so branded shall be again gauged once in every six months by the Inspector by means of the standard measures provided for the purpose, and shall then be branded anew if necessary. Whenever any cask is coopered, or repaired in any way, it shall be taken by the distiller to whom it may belong to the Inspector before being used for the removal of spirit, and shall be re-gauged by the Inspector in the manner aforesaid and shall be branded anew, if necessary. Whenever the capacity of a cask as ascertained by measurement with the standard measures may be found to differ from the capacity branded thereon, the old brand shall be erased and the correct capacity of the cask shall be branded upon it.

8. The Inspector shall keep a register of all casks measured and branded by him.

9. Each licensed distiller shall be provided gratis with a bound book of permit forms, the pages of which shall be numbered consecutively and severally stamped with the Collector's seal. The permits shall be printed in triplicate in the Form B. hereto annexed.

10. Whenever a licensed distiller wishes to remove spirit from the distillery, he shall enter in a permit form in the said book the particulars shown therein to be entered by him, and shall take, or send by the hand of his servant, the permit book to the Collector's office before 2 P.M. on any week day. The form filled in by the distiller shall there be examined by the Huzúr Inspector or other officer appointed for the purpose, who, if he finds the entries to be correct, shall receive the still-head duty recoverable on the spirit to be removed and shall sign the receipt and permit allowing the licensee to remove spirit

from the distillery. He shall tear off the 3rd portion of the permit and forward it to the Inspector in charge of the Division in which the shop to which the liquor mentioned therein is intended to be conveyed is situated, and shall return the permit book to the licensee, or his servant, without delay and before closing office on the same day. The licensed distiller shall, before 10 A.M. on the following morning, present the permit book together with the spirit intended to be removed to the Distillery Inspector. The Distillery Inspector shall then measure and test the contents of each cask of spirit offered for removal and satisfy himself that the quantity and strength of the spirit offered for removal does not exceed the quantity and strength entered in the permit for removal. He shall also calculate the still-head duty payable on the spirit presented for removal by the licensed distiller, and shall satisfy himself that the correct amount has been levied in the Collector's office. He shall then note on the reverse of the receipt and permit all the particulars required to be by him there entered, and shall complete and sign the transport permit, and allow the spirit to pass out of the distillery.

11. When the permit has been completed as above, the Distillery Inspector shall make the necessary entries in his register in Register Form C, hereto annexed, and shall tear off the 2nd portion of the permit which shall be delivered to the persons transporting the spirit to be carried along with the same to the shop to which the spirit is conveyed, there to be filed as provided for in the said shopkeeper's license. The Divisional Inspector to whom the 3rd portion of the permit has been forwarded the previous evening from the Collector's office shall return it after he has himself or by a Sub-Inspector seen that the quantity of liquor mentioned in the permit has been entered in the shop accounts and after the certificates on the reverse of the permit sent to him and that filed in the shop, have been duly filled in to the extent of the check exercised. The counterfoil of the permit shall remain in the distiller's book which shall be given up on the expiry of the license.

12. In calculating the duty payable on toddy spirit removed from the distilleries, fractions of a pint shall be taken as one whole pint.

13. Spirit removed under any permit shall be of uniform strength, viz., either spirit not exceeding 50° U.P. in strength, or spirit of strength above 50° U.P. and not exceeding 25° U.P.

14. No one shall be allowed to remain in the distilleries between the hours of 10 P.M. and 6 A.M., except with the written permission of the Collector.

15. No distillation shall be carried on in any distillery between the hours of 10 P.M. and 6 A.M., except with the written permission of the Collector.

16. No spirit shall be removed from any distillery except between the hours of 10 A.M. and 3 P.M.

The rules will come into force from the 1st August 1886.







FORM B.

1-131

RECEIPT AND PERMIT.

No. \_\_\_\_\_ Dated \_\_\_\_\_

To be filled in by the Licensed Distiller. No. of License _____ Name of Distiller _____	
No. and locality of shop to which spirit is to be conveyed. } Route by which spirit is to be conveyed. } Quantity and strength of spirit to be removed—	Still-head duty to the amount of Rupees _____ having been received from _____
	Licensed Distiller, permission is granted to the said _____
	to remove from the Public Distillery at _____ Toddy spirit in quantities and of strengths described in the margin above the signature of the Licensed Distiller, after the same shall have been measured, tested and passed by the Inspector in charge of the said distillery, and after that officer shall have filled in and attested the endorsement on the reverse of this Receipt and Permit.
Of strength not exceeding 60° U.P. } Of strength exceeding 60° U.P. but not exceeding 25° U.P. } Gallons. _____	Licensed Distiller. _____

Huzúr Inspector.

RECEIPT AND PERMIT.

No. \_\_\_\_\_ Dated \_\_\_\_\_

To be filled in by the Licensed Distiller. No. of License _____ Name of Distiller _____	
No. and locality of shop to which spirit is to be conveyed. } Route by which spirit is to be conveyed. } Quantity and strength of spirit to be removed—	Still-head duty to the amount of Rupees _____ having been received from _____
	Licensed Distiller, permission is granted to the said _____
	to remove from the Public Distillery at _____ Toddy spirit in quantities and of strengths described in the margin above the signature of the Licensed Distiller, after the same shall have been measured, tested and passed by the Inspector in charge of the said distillery, and after that officer shall have filled in and attested the endorsement on the reverse of this Receipt and Permit.
Of strength not exceeding 60° U.P. } Of strength exceeding 60° U.P. but not exceeding 25° U.P. } Gallons. _____	Licensed Distiller. _____

Huzúr Inspector.

RECEIPT AND PERMIT.

No. \_\_\_\_\_ Dated \_\_\_\_\_

To be filled in by the Licensed Distiller. No. of License _____ Name of Distillery _____	
No. and locality of shop to which spirit is to be conveyed. } Route by which spirit is to be conveyed. } Quantity and strength of spirit to be removed—	Still-head duty to the amount of Rupees _____ having been received from _____
	Licensed Distillery, permission is granted to the said _____
	to remove from the Public Distillery at _____ Toddy spirit in quantities and of strengths described in the margin above the signature of the Licensed Distiller, after the same shall have been measured, tested and passed by the Inspector in charge of the said distillery, and after that officer shall have filled in and attested the endorsement on the reverse of this Receipt and Permit.
Of strength not exceeding 60° U.P. } Of strength exceeding 60° U.P. but not exceeding 25° U.P. } Gallons. _____	Licensed Distiller. _____

Huzúr Inspector.

Part I]

THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, MAY 27, 1886.



To be filled in by the Distillery Inspector.

No. of each Cask.	Registered capacity of each Cask.	Spirit actually contained in each Cask.	Thermometer Indication.	Hydrometer Indication.	Actual Strength in Degrees under Proof.	Rate of Duty.	Amount of Duty due and recovered.	Initials of Testing Officer.
	Gals.	Gals. p.						

\_\_\_\_\_ is permitted to transport \_\_\_\_\_ gallons pints of Toddy spirit of the strength and in the casks described above from the Public Distillery at \_\_\_\_\_ to the licensed shop No. \_\_\_\_\_ situated in \_\_\_\_\_ by the route, viz., \_\_\_\_\_ within a period of \_\_\_\_\_ hours from \_\_\_\_\_ M. of the \_\_\_\_\_ 188 .

Distillery Inspector.

To be filled in by the Distillery Inspector.

No. of each Cask.	Registered capacity of each Cask.	Spirit actually contained in each Cask.	Thermometer Indication.	Hydrometer Indication.	Actual Strength in Degrees under Proof.	Rate of Duty.	Amount of Duty due and recovered.	Initials of Testing Officer.
	Gals.	Gals. p.						

\_\_\_\_\_ is permitted to transport \_\_\_\_\_ gallons pints of Toddy spirit of the strength and in the casks described above from the Public Distillery at \_\_\_\_\_ to the licensed shop No. \_\_\_\_\_ situated in \_\_\_\_\_ by the route, viz., \_\_\_\_\_ within a period of \_\_\_\_\_ hours from \_\_\_\_\_ M. of the \_\_\_\_\_ 188 .

Distillery Inspector.

Certified that I have personally examined the liquor at \_\_\_\_\_ M. after its arrival in shop No. \_\_\_\_\_, and have found it in accordance with the permit. The quantity of liquor shown in this permit has been correctly entered in the shop account book.

Date

Inspector.

Certified that I have personally examined the liquor at \_\_\_\_\_ M. after its arrival at shop No. \_\_\_\_\_, and have found it in accordance with the permit and the completed 2nd portion thereof filed in the said shop which has been duly endorsed by me. The quantity of liquor shown in this permit has been correctly entered in the shop account books.

Date

Inspector.







No. 2621.—Messrs. R. Thom and H. Bulkley respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Rann Salt Works and Dépôts in Gujarát, on the 13th instant, after office hours.

J. G. MOORE,

Acting Commissioner of Customs,  
Salt, Opium and A'bkári.

*Mahábaleshvar, 21st May 1886.*

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

Mr. R. P. Ryan, Assistant Conservator of Forests, delivered over charge of the Divisional

Forest Office, Ratnágiri, to Ráo Bahádur Sabajirao Chintaman Chitnis, Huzúr Deputy Collector, Ratnágiri, on the 30th April 1886, before office hours.

Messrs. A. Stewart and R. P. Ryan respectively delivered over and received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Kolába, on the 1st May 1886, before office hours.

Mr. A. Stewart, Deputy Conservator of Forests, received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Ratnágiri, from Ráo Bahádur Sabajirao Chintaman Chitnis, Huzúr Deputy Collector, Ratnágiri, on the 4th May 1886, before office hours.

W. PEYTON, Colonel,

Conservator of Forests, S. C.

*Camp Yellápur, 19th May 1886.*