

THE



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THURSDAY, 26TH SEPTEMBER 1895.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd September 1895.

No. 7314.—It is hereby notified for the information of all persons concerned that the following draft Notification, which it is proposed to issue under the provisions of Sections 12 and 26 of Act I of 1871 (The Cattle-trespass Act), as amended by Act I of 1891, will be taken into consideration by the Governor of Bombay in Council on or after the 1st of November 1895. Any objections or suggestions relating thereto which are received by the Secretary to Government in the Revenue

L.—275

Department before the said date will be considered by the Governor in Council:—

Draft Notification.

Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council, on the report of the District Magistrate of Sholápur, that in the local area subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, comprised within kasha Sholápur in the Sholápur Táluka of the Sholápur District, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops and other produce thereon;

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 12 of Act I of 1871 (The Cattle-trespass Act), as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891 (which

Act as so amended is hereinafter called the said Act), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that for every head of cattle of the kinds specified in the first paragraph of Section 12 of the said Act, which may be seized within the said local area and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine of double the fine mentioned in the scale given in the said paragraph;

And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the said Act the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that with respect to the said local area the first paragraph of the said Section 26 shall be read as if it had reference to cattle generally instead of to pigs only.

No. 7319.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands in the Karjat Táluka of the Kolába District specified in the Schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey Nos.	Name of Village.	Survey Nos.
A'sal	73 75 84	Kalamboli	74 76
Bédisgaon	60 61 62 63	Mamdápur	129
Bhadwal	98 99	Mutké	18 19 20 70
Bhékré	102	Néral	331 332
Bhutivli	21 32 33	Páli	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 26 27 30 32 33 34 77
Chochi	14 15 16 22 24 25 30 31 32 34 35 50 51	Warané	33

No. 7319A.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands in the Khálápur Petha of the Karjat Táluka in the Kolába District specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey Nos.	Remarks.
Borgaon Khurd	26 part	The part lying to the east of the Kátra river.
Borgaon Budruk	10	
Jámruk	58	
Lavhej... ..	50	
Nadhál	64 65 66 68 69 71 72 73 74 75 76	
Nániwli	56 62 63 64 65 66 85 86 87	
Sondewádi	26 28 30 31 32 35 40 43 44	
Warosé	63 64 66 69 73 74 75 78 79 80 87 88 188 196 197 198	

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Thána and Karjat, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Thána and Karjat, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 7372.—The following Resolution of the Government of India is republished:—

“DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

No. $\frac{16}{19-3}$.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture (Civil Veterinary Administration),—dated the 17th September 1895.

Read—

Government of India Resolution No. $\frac{29}{133}$, dated 4th July 1893.

Circular to Local Governments and Administrations, No. 41—47, dated 27th October 1893.

Read also—

Letter from Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana, No. 107-C., dated 5th December 1893.

Endorsement from the Foreign Department, No. 4277-I., dated 16th December 1893.

Letter from the Chief Commissioner, Burma, No. 227—IV-9, dated 9th March 1894.

Letter from the Chief Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, No. 771, dated 26th March 1894.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Madras, No. 256, dated 13th April 1894.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, No. 2397, dated 28th April 1894.

Endorsement from the Foreign Department, No. 1671-L., dated 17th May 1894.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Punjab, No. 113-S., dated 4th June 1894.

Letter from the Resident, Hyderabad, No. 214, dated 11th July 1894.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Madras, No. 487, dated 9th July 1894.

Letter from the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, No. C-614, dated 11th August 1894.

Letter to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, No. $\frac{2395}{62}$, dated 3rd September 1894.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Punjab, No. 806-S., dated 8th September 1894.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Madras, No. 588, dated 10th August 1894.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, No. 448, dated 19th January 1895.

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, No. 3368, dated 6th May 1895.

RESOLUTION.

The establishment of a superior staff for the Civil Veterinary Department, which was sanctioned by the Secretary of State in his Despatch No. 18 (Revenue), dated the 18th February 1892, was intended only as the initial step towards the organization of a complete Veterinary Department for India. The consideration of the strength and constitution of the subordinate staff was, however, deferred until the veterinary officers appointed should have acquired some practical experience of the requirements of their respective charges, and be in a position to advise Government on the subject. In September 1893 the question was discussed by a Conference of veterinary officers, and their proposals were laid before the Agricultural Conference of October 1893, which adopted them practically as they stood. These proposals were forwarded with the Circular from this Department, No. $\frac{41}{47}$, dated 27th October 1893, to all Local Governments and Administrations for opinion; and in that Circular, as well as in the Resolution of the Government of India, No. 26—133, dated 4th July 1893, certain information was called for and proposals invited regarding the strength and cost of the Subordinate Veterinary Establishment, present and future, the duties to be assigned to them, and the course and system of veterinary instruction to be adopted. The replies from Local Governments have now been received and considered, and the following are the general conclusions which the Governor General in Council has formed on the subject. It will be seen that it is proposed to modify the scheme as formulated in 1893 in some important respects; and it will be well to state the reasons for doing so with some fulness.

2. The subject falls naturally under the following main heads:—

- i.—The Subordinate Establishment;
- ii.—The Inspecting Establishment;
- iii.—Schools and Colleges;

and it will be convenient to consider them in the above order. The question of strengthening the superior staff of the Civil Veterinary Department is one which may possibly have to be taken up at some future date, but it must await the further development of the present scheme, and need not therefore be discussed in connection with the proposals now under consideration.

3. The scheme as originally framed was open to the objection that it was too rigid, that it was not based upon the principle of requiring that local work should be paid for out of local funds, and that it did not sufficiently recognise the necessity of adapting the proposals to local circumstances so as to make them acceptable to local bodies. It is undesirable to strive after absolute uniformity through-

out India in a matter that concerns men on Rs. 20 or Rs. 30 a month, whose chief business is with the tillers of the soil. What is required for the subordinate staff is a body of fairly qualified men who will work in the districts and villages, and among the people, and whose principal charge, since arrangements have already been made for the care of Government animals, will be stock belonging to private persons, and chiefly cattle, the number of which far exceeds the number of horses, mules, and donkeys. This being the case, it follows that the men should be paid from local funds, not only because the services they will render are essentially services which should be paid from that source, but also because, if they are Government servants, the people will be far less likely to get good work out of them than if their appointment, promotion, and dismissal rest solely with the local bodies. It is the main feature of the scheme as now formulated, that the district staff should be paid by the local bodies whom they are to serve, Government undertaking to supply a body of trained men for the purpose, and only the inspecting establishment necessary for the supervision of their work being paid for from Provincial funds.

4. The scheme, therefore, must be one which local bodies will accept. The men to be appointed to the subordinate district establishments will have to make their way, indeed to learn their work by practice; and they will have to gain the confidence of the people. It is possible that not much good will result at first, but everything must have a beginning, and the good to be attained in the end is incalculable. In view of the great annual loss to India from deaths by cattle-disease which very moderate skill might prevent, the Government of India are of opinion that every legitimate means should be employed to induce local bodies to introduce the system. Where the people who pay and administer the local cess are themselves the cultivators, and therefore the cattle owners of the district, but little difficulty will probably be experienced in doing so; but where such difficulty is experienced Government might assist in the first instance either by grants-in-aid, as is done at present in Bombay, or even by employing a small staff wholly at its own expense, as it is proposed to do in the Central Provinces and Bengal. But it is believed that such aid will seldom be required; and even when it is given in the first instance, it should gradually be withdrawn as the system gains ground with the people. Government might also, in places where circumstances justify their doing so, make some small permanent contribution towards the cost of the subordinate establishment, on condition that all animals the property of Government on an emergency, as well as branded mares and their stock by Government sires, are attended free, and that colts are castrated gratis. Subject to this exception, the ultimate object to be aimed at is the entire support of the subordinate establishments by local funds. Courts of Wards and Government Estates might also in many cases employ Veterinary Assistants. It is hoped that some day every tahsil in India will have at least one itinerant Veterinary Assistant, every municipality of any importance a veterinary dispensary, to the cost of which the municipal and district funds should alike contribute, and every three or four districts a Senior Veterinary Assistant.

5. The question has been raised whether local bodies are legally competent to spend their funds on the maintenance of Veterinary Assistants and dispensaries. In some provinces this difficulty has not arisen, and existing district establishments are paid either wholly or in part from local funds. It is probable that where objections have been raised on this ground they have been raised for the most part in order to evade expenditure. The matter is one of the utmost importance to the people, and if in any province the law does not cover expenditure of the kind contemplated, it should be amended. The Government of India will be glad to receive the proposals of Local Governments on this point wherever the law is held not to cover the object in view.

6. The Government of India do not propose to constitute, as in the case of the Medical Department, an organized pensionable service for the Subordinate Veterinary Establishment. To do so might lead to difficulties when the men are employed by local bodies; and in this matter the Government of India would prefer to follow the example of the Educational rather than that of the Medical Department. Local bodies are to be asked to spend money for a new and unfamiliar purpose, and it is essential to the success of the scheme that the proposals should be made as acceptable to them as possible. To ask them to pay a Government servant, which is what the scheme prepared by the Committee of veterinary officers amounts to, would not, in the opinion of the Government of India, conduce to its acceptance by them. If any local body contributes for pension, all must do so, or the interchange of men which is sometimes advisable would become impossible; and there seems to be no sufficient reason for burdening local funds with claims for pension, when there is no likelihood of there being any lack of candidates for employment, even without any promise or prospect of pension. The existence of a pensionary claim not unfrequently makes it difficult for Government to get rid of inefficient men, and the Government of India are strongly opposed to local bodies being hampered in the same way.

7. As regards the district establishments to be employed, Government will provide for the training of qualified men; and having done so, will insist that public money, including local funds, shall not be spent on the employment of any others after due provision has been made for the cases of men already employed. The pay of the different grades proposed for establishment paid from Provincial revenues is shown in paragraph 9 below. As regards the subordinate establishments employed and paid by local bodies, the Government of India do not propose to prescribe a fixed rate of pay for each grade, as to do so would be to deprive individual boards of the benefit of any local advantages (such as salubrity of climate, or the existence of good school) that they may enjoy, would condemn such boards as have none to inefficient service, and would take away all inducement to good work which cannot be tested by examination. A *maximum* scale should however be fixed for each Province, to prevent jobbery. The scale suggested in paragraph 9 below might be taken as a basis; but the Government of India leave it to Local Governments to fix the actual scales, as it is improbable that the same scale would be suited to the varying circumstances of different Provinces. Local bodies should be

allowed to pay any of their employes who fulfil the conditions for promotion to a certain grade, up to but not beyond the pay of that grade, and any departure from this rule would require the special sanction of Government. In order, however, to offer some certainty of prospects to students appointed in the first instance to the lowest grade, it would be well to fix some such sum as Rs. 15 per mensem as the minimum pay after the first three years of service. No allowance need be given for a knowledge of English. The grant of pony allowance will be left to Local Governments to decide, subject only to the condition that if it is given in one district of a Province it should ordinarily be given in all and at the same rates, or it will be used as a means of evading the maximum. It will be necessary for Local Governments to frame rules under their District Board and Municipal Acts to enforce these principles.

8. In order to supervise effectually the work of the subordinate establishment, a more highly qualified staff will be required; and as the inspection will remain in the hands of Government, even if District Boards ultimately contribute towards its cost, the same objections to the organization of a pensioned service do not apply as in the case of the subordinate establishment. For the work of inspection picked men are required, and as the inspecting staff will be recruited from the Bombay and Lahore Colleges only, a uniform scale of salaries can be prescribed, it being left to the Local Government in such places as Burma and Baluchistan to propose any local allowances that may be considered necessary.

9. As regards the scale of pay proposed by the Veterinary Conference, the Government of India are of opinion that it has been fixed too high. The amount of work to be done is so large that it will be better to have three men on lower pay in a district than one on higher. Moreover, they do not think it advisable that veterinary officers should receive higher pay than officers in the medical service now receive. Hospital Assistants are under training for four and Assistant Surgeons for five years, while the course prescribed for Veterinary Assistants is two and for Senior Veterinary Assistants three years only. Again, it is not desirable that the pay of the subordinate and inspecting establishments should be made continuous, as the latter will be of altogether superior standing and qualifications. The scale which the Government of India consider generally appropriate for Veterinary Assistants and Senior Veterinary Assistants is shown in the following table, and is compared with the corresponding scale for the medical service and with that proposed by the Veterinary Conference:—

Medical.				VETERINARY.			
				Proposed by Conference.		Approved by the Government of India.	
<i>Assistant Surgeons.</i>				<i>Senior Veterinary Assistants.</i>		} With pension, but 10 per cent. to be deducted for ignorance of English.	
Rs.				Rs.			
After 14 years' service	...	200	1st grade	200—250	175		
7—14 do.	...	150	2nd grade	150—200	135		
Up to 7 do.	...	100	3rd grade	100—150	100		
<i>Hospital Assistants.</i>				<i>Veterinary Assistants.</i>			
				With English.		Without English.	
Rs.				Rs.		Rs.	
After 14 years' service	...	55	35	1st grade	75—100	70—95	40
7—14 do.	...	35	25	2nd grade	50—75	45—70	30
Up to 7 do.	...	25	20	3rd grade	25—50	25—50	20
With pension, local allowances, and personal allowances for good service in special cases with sanction.				With pension and pony allowance.		No pension; pony allowance doubtful.	

A deduction of 10 per cent. should be made from the pay of every Senior Assistant who has not passed in English. The question of granting extra allowances for long and approved service may be considered hereafter. The opinion of Local Governments upon this scale is desired by the Government of India together with proposals for local allowances where they are considered necessary.

10. Promotion from grade to grade should be made dependent on two conditions, *viz.*,—

- (1) seven years' service in the next lower grade; and
- (2) passing an examination.

The examination for grade promotions should be held annually, that for Senior Veterinary Assistants being conducted by the Staff of the Provincial School, while that for Veterinary Assistants, which will be almost entirely practical, would be held by the Superintendents of the various Provincial Civil Veterinary Departments. The question of private practice is one which is intimately connected with the subject of pay. The Veterinary Conference proposed that Veterinary Assistants should be allowed to engage in private practice unless specially debarred therefrom by the orders of the Local Government, but the Government of India doubt whether such practice would be compatible with the due performance of their duties by inspecting officers or itinerating assistants. On the other hand, it will probably be undertaken whether forbidden or not; while it may help the growth of confidence in the skill of the men. On the whole, they would make it a rule that members of the Provincial Service should not be allowed to engage in private practice, and would leave local bodies to make their own

rules in the matter for their veterinary assistants, it being understood that the following kinds of work should always be performed gratuitously :—

- (a) attending all animals, the property of Government, on emergency, *e.g.*, in the absence of the Government salutri ;
- (b) attending branded mares and their stock by Government sires ;
- (c) the castration of colts.

These are the proposals which commend themselves to the Government of India ; but they will be glad to receive any criticisms or suggestions from Local Governments.

11. Turning now to the question of schools and colleges, the Government of India agree to the proposal of the Punjab Government that the school at Lahore should add a third year to its course and rank as a College. The length of the course for a college diploma will be three years, and for a school certificate two years ; a school certificate being obtainable at the Bombay and Lahore Colleges as well as at the schools already established at Calcutta, Rangoon and Ajmere. It is not thought advisable at present to add to the number of schools until the permanent demand increases with the extension of the subordinate service. The curricula at the schools need not be identical so long as the standard is fairly uniform, but the course should conform as far as possible with the two years' course in the colleges. The question of the curriculum to be followed at both schools and colleges should be separately considered, and a Board should, as proposed by the Veterinary Committee, be constituted to advise Local Governments in the matter. The examinations for diplomas and certificates should be held annually by a Board locally appointed for the purpose, consisting of one or more officers of the Army Veterinary Department, an officer of the Civil Veterinary Department when one is available, and in order to secure uniformity of standard, the Assistant to the Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department. No one will be appointed a Senior Veterinary Assistant unless he has obtained a college diploma, or a Veterinary Assistant unless he has obtained a school certificate ; and this condition will apply equally to all subordinates appointed by the Court of Wards or by local bodies. But as regards these matters also the criticisms and suggestions of Local Governments will be welcome.

12. As regards the School and College Staff, the Government of India are of opinion that they should be kept separate and distinct from the inspecting and subordinate services ; otherwise, if an appointment of a particular grade is sanctioned in a school or college, the officer holding the appointment will wish to leave as soon as he qualifies for the next grade. The circumstances of capital towns differ greatly from place to place and from those of districts ; and it would therefore seem preferable to sanction definite appointments for schools and colleges, as at present, quite distinct from the new service to be created. The Government of India will be glad to receive the opinions of the various Local Governments on this suggestion.

13. The foregoing paragraphs explain the general principles upon which the Government of India, as at present advised, desire to organize the Subordinate Veterinary Service which it is intended to create, and it remains for Local Governments to make definite proposals for giving effect to these principles in their several Provinces. In paragraph 6 of the Circular of the 27th October 1893, Local Governments were asked for a return showing the existing subordinate veterinary establishments as they stood on the 1st October 1893, as well as the cost and strength of the establishment which they proposed to adopt if the system of grading advocated by the Veterinary Conference was carried out. The required information has in the majority of cases been supplied, but the proposals that have been made will now have to be revised in accordance with the general principles formulated above. Moreover, the proposals framed by many Provinces relate rather to what may be hoped for in the distant future, than to what is possible within the next few years. With a view therefore to the settlement of the question for the present, the Government of India desire to be furnished with definite proposals by the several Local Governments and Administrations in order to give early effect to the general scheme ; and especially as to the additional establishment which they propose to employ. So far as Provincial expenditure is concerned, the proposals should represent the maximum up to which the Provinces will be prepared to work within the next five years. As regards charges debitable to local funds, the proposals will merely indicate the establishment which in the opinion of the Local Government they may reasonably hope to work up to within that period, without, however, limiting the local expenditure to any fixed amount.

No. $\frac{16}{10-3}$.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the

The Government of Madras.
" " Bombay.
" " Bengal.
" " the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

The Government of the Punjab,
" Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces,
" " " Burma.
" " " Ajmere.
" Resident at Hyderabad.

margin for information and favour of submission of the opinions and information called for.

Ordered also, that a copy be forwarded to the Foreign Department for communication to the Agents, Governor General, Rajputana and Baluchistan, for information and favour of submission of the required opinions and information.

Ordered also that a copy be forwarded to the Military and Finance Departments and the Inspector General, Civil Veterinary Department, for information.

Ordered also that it be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for information.

[True Extract.]

(Signed) DENZIL IBBETSON,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 7375.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of Ratnágiri-Poládpur road between Parashráam and Peth Máp; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the three pieces of land described below are required within the village of Gowal in the Chip-lún Táluka, district Ratnágiri :—

Serial No.	Survey No.		Area.	Assessment.	Land required.	
	Prin- cipal.	Pot.			Area.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			A. g.	Rs. a. p.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.
1	168	5	0 6	0 6 0	0 2	0 2 0
2	4	5	0 15½	0 5 0	0 1½	0 0 7
3	167	1	0 15½	1 4 0	0 1½	0 1 11
					0 5½	

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

No. 7376.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for murum quarry; it is hereby declared that for the abovementioned purpose the land described below is required within the village of Tumbermatti, táluka Bágalkot, district Bijápur :—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Area required.
	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	G. a.
106	16 32	9 0 0	5 10

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

No. 7385.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a public road from Sopára to Nile-More and for a way to the stone quarry near the road in the villages of Umbrale and Nile-More, táluka Bassein, district Thána; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land described below is required in the aforesaid villages of Umbrale and Nile-More :—

Serial No.	Name of Village.	Survey No.		Area.	Assessment.	Land required.				
		Principal.	Pot.			Area.	Breadth,	Assessment.		
				A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Length,	Breadth,	Rs. a. p.		
				<i>For the Road.</i>		square feet.	square feet.			
1	Umbrale	...	...	51	...	1 33½	12 0 0	403	41	2 6 3
2	Nile-More	...	...	14	...	1 35½	2 4 0	200	41	0 3 9
3	"	...	...	15	...	2 20	3 0 0	202	41	0 3 9
4	"	...	...	16	...	1 21½	1 14 0	268	41	0 5 0
5	"	...	...	17	...	2 9½	2 8 0	142	41	0 3 1
6	"	...	...	23	...	2 18	3 0 0	188	41	0 3 6
7	"	...	...	25	...	1 19½	2 0 0	228	41	0 5 0
8	"	...	...	65 and 94	...	3 27½	3 4 0	400	41	0 5 0
9	"	...	...	93	...	3 33	4 8 0	650	41	0 10 2
10	"	...	...	100	...	1 39½	2 4 0	270	41	0 4 3
						23 17½	36 10 0			5 1 0
						<i>For a way to the Stone Quarry near the Road.</i>				
1	Nile-More	...	...	26	...	1 26½	2 8 0	100	20	0 1 1
2	"	...	...	29	...	2 13½	3 8 0	115	20	0 1 5
						4 0½	6 0 0			0 2 6
						<i>Land required for obtaining materials for the Road.</i>				
1	Nile-More	...	...	14	...	1 35½	2 4 0	200	50	0 4 7
2	"	...	...	15	...	2 20	3 0 0	202	50	0 4 8
3	"	...	...	16	...	1 21½	1 14 0	268	50	0 6 2
4	"	...	...	17	...	2 9½	2 8 0	142	50	0 2 10
5	"	...	...	23	...	2 18	3 0 0	188	50	0 4 1
6	"	...	...	25	...	1 19½	2 0 0	228	50	0 6 1
7	"	...	...	65 and 94	...	3 27½	3 4 0	400	50	0 6 0
8	"	...	...	93	...	3 33	4 8 0	650	50	0 12 7
9	"	...	...	100	...	1 39½	2 4 0	270	50	0 6 2
						21 24	10 0 0			3 5 2

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1895.

No. 3925.—Gradation List of First and Second Assistants as it stood on the 1st July 1895 :—

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of the Acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	1	MR. BAINES ...	On furlough for 1 year, 4 months and 7 days from 1st April 1895.	Mr. Knight ...	10th Nov. 1893.	
	2	Mr. Drew ...	Acting Collector, Ratnágiri.	Mr. Carmichael	24th Oct. 1894.	
	3	MR. CAPPEL ...	On subsidiary leave ...	Mr. Stewart ...	2nd May 1893.	
	4	Mr. Lamb ...	Acting Collector, Kolábu.	Mr. Sheppard	28th Mar. 1893.	
	5	<i>Mr. S. P. Pestanji.</i>	.....	Mr. Hervey ...	10th Nov. 1894.	
	6	<i>Mr. L. G. Deshmukh.</i>	Acting Collector, Sholápur.	Mr. Tayabji ...	31st Mar. 1894.	
	7	Mr. Logan ...	Acting Collector, Broach.	Mr. Hudson ...	3rd May 1894.	
	8	Mr. Gibb ...	Acting Collector, Ahmedabad.	<i>Mr. Kabraji</i> ...	9th Jan. 1895.	
	9	<i>Mr. G. D. Panse</i> ...	Acting Collector, Bijápur.	Mr. Jackson ...	8th April 1895.	
	10	Mr. Doderet ...	Acting Collector, Kaira.	Mr. W. H. Lucas.	27th Feb. 1895.	
	11	Mr. Moore ...	.....	Mr. Arthur ...	2nd Mar. 1895.	
	12	Mr. Bagnell ...	Acting Collector, Poona.	<i>Mr. Inamdar</i> .	9th Jan. 1895.	
	13	MR. MACONOCHE	On furlough for 5 months from 1st March 1895.	Mr. Orr ...	23rd Mar. 1895.	
	14	<i>Mr. K. R. Bomanji.</i>	.....	Mr. DuBoulay	15th April 1895.	
	15	Mr. Rand ...	.....	.....	.....
	16	MR. HARVEY ...	On furlough for 12 months from 31st August 1894.	.....	.....
	17	MR. DODGSON ...	On furlough for 1 year and 9 months from 23rd February 1894.	.....	.....
	18	Mr. A. Lucas ...	.....	.....	.....
	19	Mr. FitzMaurice ...	Acting District Judge, Hyderabad.	.....	.....
	20	<i>Mr. N. B. Divatia</i> .	.....	.....	.....

First Assistants: 20 appointments on Rs.900 including that of 1st Assistant Collector, Bombay.

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of the Acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Second Assistants: 18 appointments on Rs. 700.	1	Mr. Khareghat ...	Acting District Judge, Ratnágiri.	Mr. ENTROVEN.	22nd May 1895.	Sub. <i>pro-tem</i> . On privilege leave for two months and 50 days from 27th May 1895.
	2	Mr. Weir ...	Acting Judicial Assistant to the Political Agent, Káthiáwár.	Mr. Macdonald.	1st Nov. 1894.	
	3	MR. FRASER ...	On furlough for 18 months and 13 days from 19th April 1894.	Mr. Fry ...	0th Oct. 1894.	
	4	Mr. Dayaram ...	Acting District Judge, Shikárpur.	Mr. R. C. Brown.	30th Oct. 1894.	
	5	Mr. R. Knight ...	Acting First Assistant	Mr. Lawrence	21st Feb. 1894.	
	6	Mr. H. O. Quin ...	Sub. <i>pro-tem</i> . Tálukdári Settlement Officer.	Mr. McNeill ...	22nd Feb. 1894.	
	7	MR. BARROW ...	On furlough for 20 months from 6th April 1895.	Mr. Gloster ...	31st May 1895.	
	8	MR. WALKER ...	On furlough for 20 months and 20 days from 20th April 1895.	Mr. Crump ...	9th May 1894.	
	9	Mr. Carmichael ...	Acting First Assistant	Mr. Seddon ...	12th May 1894.	
	10	Mr. Stewart ...	Do.	Mr. Cadell ...	15th Nov. 1894.	
	11	MR. BONUS ...	On furlough for 11 months from 9th February 1895.	Mr. Leggatt ...	15th April 1895.	
	12	MR. E. M. PRATT ...	On furlough for 18 months from 24th February 1894.	Mr. Lord ...	2nd Mar. 1895.	
	13	Mr. B. S. Tipnis ...	Acting District Judge, Surat.	MR. WOOD ...	7th Mar. 1895.	On privilege leave for two months and 19 days from 17th April 1895.
	14	Mr. Sheppard ...	Acting First Assistant	Mr. Swift ...	7th Mar. 1895.	
	15	Mr. Heyey ...	Do.	Mr. Chuckerbutty.	23rd Mar. 1895.	
	16	Mr. Tayabji ...	Do.	Mr. Calcraft-Kennedy.	23rd Mar. 1895.	
	17	Mr. Hudson ...	Do.	Mr. Mountford	17th April 1895.	
	18	Mr. J. K. N. Kabraji.	Do.	Mr. Brendon...	17th April 1895.	
				Mr. Westropp.	19th June 1895.	Without acting allowance up to 21st, and with acting allowance from 22nd June 1895.

(1) Mr. Fawcett acted as Second Assistant with acting allowance up to 21st June 1895.

(2) Mr. Brooke acted as Second Assistant without acting allowance up to 13th June 1895.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DEC. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1895.

No. 6669.—The following rule made by the Sadar Court in Sind under Section 553 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, is published for general information:—

“Rule for entry as a foot-note on pages 9—10 of the Manual of Rules for the guidance of the Criminal Courts in Sind, sanctioned in Government Notification No. 599, dated the 29th January 1886, published at pages 289—341 of the Sind Official Gazette of the 25th March 1886.

Cases falling under the following descriptions need not be entered in full in Return No. I (Form C), but the number of cases under each head of the description disposed of during the month should be entered at the foot of the Return in column 2, the law and section applicable and the method of disposal of each such set of cases being entered in columns 7 and 17 respectively, all other columns remaining blank:

I.—Cases of offences under the Indian Penal Code which are compounded, not being such as are compoundable only with the permission of the Court.

II.—Cases of offences under—

(i) Bombay Act VI of 1863,

(ii) Rules under Section 11 of Bombay Act III of 1867,

(iii) Bombay Act V.I of 1867, Section 31,

(iv) Bombay Act VI of 1873,

in which (a) the accused is acquitted or discharged, or (b) a sentence of fine only of less than one rupee is passed.

III.—Cases under Act XIII of 1859, in which (a) the accused is discharged, or (b) the complaint is withdrawn.

This exception does not apply to cases in the disposal of which there has been a delay of more than fifteen days, or to cases in which the accused has been detained in custody for more than twenty-four hours before coming before the Magistrate for trial, or to cases in which any order is made under Section 250 or Section 545 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1882. All such cases must be entered serially, as hitherto, with the necessary explanation.”

Bombay Castle, 23rd September 1895.

No. 6752.—The following general rule made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay under Section 15 of the Act of Parliament for establishing High Courts of Judicature (24 and 25 Victoria, Chapter 104), has been sanctioned by the Governor in Council and is published for general information:—

“The following note to be substituted for the note at the foot of page 93 of the High Court Criminal Circulars:

NOTE.—The exception to column 7 on page 88 does not apply to any case disposed of by a Magistrate of the Second or Third Class.

Cases for the recovery of municipal cesses and taxes under Section 84 of Bombay Act VI of 1873, as amended by Section 49 of Bombay Act II of 1884, when withdrawn under Section 218 of the Code of Criminal Procedure at any time before the day fixed for the hearing, should not be entered in the Return.

Rule II, iv, of the Rules published in the *Government Gazette*, 1889, Part I, page 493, and inserted as a foot-note at page 87 of the Criminal Circular Order Book shall, with the reservations noted therein, apply to cases decided by Second and Third Class Magistrates under Section 84 of Bombay Act VI of 1873, as amended by Section 49 of Bombay Act II of 1884.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1895.

No. 3280—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 57 of the Administrator General's Act, 1874, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following alterations in the rules published with Government Notification* in the *Financial Department*, No. 165 of 13th January 1887:—

1. For No. 6 of the said rules shall be substituted the following, viz.:

“6. The Administrator General may from time to time invest in Government securities any portion of the balance standing to his credit in the Bank of Bombay, or deposit in the Government Treasury any portion, not less in amount than five thousand rupees, of the said balance. He may also at any time, by written application to the Accountant General, draw out of the moneys so deposited in the Government Treasury such sum, not less in amount than five thousand rupees, as he shall think fit.”

2. For No. 8 of the said rules shall be substituted the following, viz.:

“8. If the balance of any estate, after providing as aforesaid, amounts to less than five hundred rupees, the Administrator General may either invest such balance in Government securities or deposit it in the Government Treasury.”

Balance of any estate, if not exceeding Rs. 500, to be invested or deposited in the Government Treasury.

3. For No. 10 of the said rules, there shall be substituted the following, viz.:

"10. Interest accruing on moneys invested by the Administrator General under Rule 6 shall be credited by him to a fund which shall be called the 'Audit Fund'."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th September 1895.

No 77.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

"BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA.

New Telegraph Cable in the Entrance to Bassein River.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Bassein, Burma, that a new telegraph cable was laid in 1893 between Diamond Island and Pagoda Point in place of the old one which had become unserviceable.

The cable is laid in a N. 26° W. or S. 26° E. direction. The prohibited anchorage for the protection of the cable should be between the following bearings:

N.E. point of Diamond Island S.S.E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. and S. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. (magnetic), and no vessel should anchor within $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles of the north extreme of Diamond Island."

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1895.

No. 79.—The following information received from the Bhavnagar State, Káthiáwár, is published for general information with reference to Government Notification No. 67, dated 7th August 1895:—

"The bell buoy which marks the south-west edge Rhuk Bank at the entrance of the Bhavnagar creek was relaid on the 21st August 1895 for the fair season."

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 80.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

"INDIA—GULF OF MARTABAN—
TENASSERIM COAST.

Mergui Harbour—Revised Sailing Directions.

The following revised sailing directions have been received from the Port Officer, Mergui:

No stranger should attempt to enter until after the first quarter flood if of 10 feet draught, or till after half flood, if drawing more than 10 feet. At neaps, with local knowledge a

vessel of 15 feet draught may enter after first quarter flood. Steer to pass about two cables to the westward of the beacon standing in 7 feet at low water, and marking the extreme of the sand spit projecting from the north-westward of Kalwin Point, and then shape course S.S.E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. with a white-washed basket on the beacon trees near the water (on the mangroves about one mile north of the town) in line with a white-washed pagoda on a hill behind the town,* until the right extreme of the market, a conspicuous white shed near the water's edge comes nearly in line with the Deputy Commissioner's house (on the hill) bearing South $\frac{3}{4}$ East.

From this position, which is $2\frac{1}{2}$ cables from the mangroves on Mergui Island, steer for the Deputy Commissioner's house until the north end Pataw Island bears W. by N. $\frac{1}{4}$ N.; the left extreme of the trees on Kalwin Point should now be kept astern bearing north a little easterly, this course taking the vessel 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ cables off the Mergui Island shore, or steer to pass one cable west of the extreme of the main wharf, and anchor $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables W.S.W. or W.N.W. of it. These directions reversed will guide a steam-vessel in leaving the harbour.

A spit with 14 feet over it in places extends west from the end of the wharf or $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables. By anchoring as recommended this spit will be avoided, and vessels drawing not more than 15 feet, nor more than 200 feet in length, will have swinging room at low water."

* This pagoda is small and not easily distinguished; the most conspicuous pagoda is about half a mile south-westward of the first near the Deputy Commissioner's house.

No. 81.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information with reference to Government Notification No. 52, dated 3rd July 1895:—

"GULF OF ADEN—NORTH SHORE—ADEN
HARBOUR.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Aden, dated 14th instant, that the bar across the entrance to the new channel outside the principal light-vessel has now entirely disappeared by scour and there is now a greater depth of water in this locality than before the formation of the bar."

No. 83.—The following addition to Bye-law No. 53 of the bye-laws for the regulation and management of the Port Trust Docks, made by the Trustees of the Port of Bombay under Section 73 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, and published (in Government Notification No. 71, dated 29th August 1895) on the 5th, 12th and 19th September 1895, has received the approval of Government as required by Section 74 of the aforesaid Act:—

"After the word dock in line 3 add 'or alongside the walls on the outside of the dock,' and after the word dock in line 5 add 'or before coming alongside the walls on the outside of the dock.'"

No. 84.—The following bye-law made by the Trustees of the Port of Bombay under Section 72 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, in substitution of Bye-law No. 3 of the bye-laws for Pilots of coasting steamers and published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* (under Notification No. 72, dated 2nd September 1895), on the 5th, 12th and 19th September 1895, has received the approval of Government as required by Section 74 of the said Act:—

“No. 3.—Every such pilot must obtain and hold a license issued under the signature and seal of the Trustees of the Port. Such license shall entitle him to pilot coasting steamers on the passage to and fro between the open sea and any part of the harbour and to and fro from any part of the harbour to any other part thereof except that a vessel though in charge of such pilot shall on no account take up any berth in the harbour amongst the shipping unless such berth shall have first been allotted to the vessel by the Port Officer. Such a license may at any time be withdrawn by the order of the Trustees and shall on withdrawal be returned to the Secretary to the Trustees at their office.”

No. 88.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

“INDIA—BAY OF BENGAL.
BURMA.

Temporary removal of Spit Light Vessel in the entrance to Rangoon River.

Telegraphic communication has been received from the Port Officer, Rangoon dated 24th instant, that the spit light vessel in the entrance to Rangoon river has been temporarily removed.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DE C. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c. POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1895.

No. 5929.—Ráo Bahádur Gopalshankar Venishankar Bhachech and Khán Bahádur Ebdalji Dosabhai Taláti respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Fifth Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Káthnáwár, on the 12th instant, after office hours.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th September 1895.

No. 6031.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. F. L. Goldsmid, District Superintendent of Police in the Bijápúr District, to do duty as District Superintendent of Police in the

Hyderabad District vice Mr. E. C. Cox, proceeding on furlough.

Mr. W. Heyland, Assistant Superintendent of Police in the Poona District, to act as District Superintendent of Police in the Bijápúr District pending further orders or pending relief by Mr. F. C. Jones.

Mr. F. C. Jones, on return from leave, to do duty as District Superintendent of Police in the Bijápúr District.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1895.

No. 6688A.—In continuation of so much of Part

II of the Notification in the Judicial Department No. 2351 of 9th April 1895, as relates to the Ahmednagar District, the Governor in Council is pleased, —

in exercise of the power conferred by Section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to confer on the following gentlemen, viz :

1. Khán Bahádur Framji Ardesar,
2. Ráo Bahádur Narayan Ravji Nisal,
3. Ráo Bahádur Yeshwantáó Trimóak Mirikar,
4. Mr. Nukant Bhagwant Mule,
5. Ráo Sáheb Pandurang Sadashiv Shahane,

in addition to the powers already conferred on them by the said Notification within the area comprised in the limits of the municipal district of Ahmednagar, all the powers conferred by the said Code on a Magistrate of the Third Class within the area comprised in the municipal district of Bangár ; and,

in exercise of the power conferred by Section 15 of the said Code, to direct that the local limits within which the said Magistrates in Ahmednagar sitting as the Bench constituted by the said Notification, shall exercise the powers with which the said Bench has been invested by the said Notification, shall be extended so as to include the area comprised in the municipal district of Bhingár, and that the classes of cases in which the said powers are to be exercised by the said Bench in the area so included shall be those in which by the said Notification the said powers are to be exercised in the municipal district of Ahmednagar.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1895.

No. 6713.—In continuation of Government Notification No. 1660, dated the 9th May 1860, extending the operation of Act XIII of 1859 to the district of Násik, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, under Section 5 of the Act, to appoint Mr. W. Plunkett, Huzúr Deputy Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Násik, to exercise the powers vested by the Act in a Magistrate of Police.

No. 6715.—Ráo Sáheb Hasomal Gajumal, Mukhtyárkar, táluca Hyderabad in the district of Hyderabad, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

2. The following officers, viz :

A'zam Nalechango Lutíullah, acting Head Munshi, táluca Pando Allanyar, and A'zam Metha an Tirithdas, acting Head Munshi, táluca Hala,

are appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be Magistrates of the Third Class in the Hyderabad District.

No. 6716.—Mr. E. M. Pratt, I. C. S., assumed charge of the office of Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge of Thána on the 26th ultimo, in the afternoon.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1895.

No. 6775.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Ráo Sáheb Harilal Kirparam Pandia, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Kapadvanj, to be Second Class Subordinate Judge of Virangám.

Ráo Sáheb Manchhubhai Nersidas Choksi, on relief at Nadiád, to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge at Kapadvanj pending further orders.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is also pleased, in accordance with the powers conferred on him by Section 28 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, to invest Ráo Sáheb Harilal Kirparam Pandia, within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Subordinate Court of Virangám, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50.

No. 6778.—The services of Ráo Sáheb Thakurdás Mathuradas are placed at the disposal of Government in the Legislative Department.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following transfers of Second Class Subordinate Judges pending further orders, vice Ráo Sáheb Thakurdás Mathuradas:—

Ráo Sáheb Pandurang Shridhar Pathak, Subordinate Judge at Bhadgaon, to be Subordinate Judge at Jambusar.

Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Balkrishna Chitale, Subordinate Judge at Bhusával, to be Subordinate Judge at Bhadgaon.

Ráo Sáheb Shridhar Balkrishna Upasani, Joint Subordinate Judge at Dhulia, to be Subordinate Judge at Bhusával.

Ráo Sáheb Dwarkanath Narayan Ranadive, Subordinate Judge at Satána, to be Joint Subordinate Judge at Dhulia.

Ráo Sáheb Vasudev Ganesh Kaduskar, Joint Subordinate Judge at Ratnágiri, to be Subordinate Judge at Satána.

Ráo Sáheb Gajanan Keshav Kanekar, Subordinate Judge at Sinnar, to be Joint Subordinate Judge at Poona for six months from the 1st October 1895 in supersession of the appointment of Ráo Sáheb Vasudev Ganesh Kaduskar made by Government Resolution No. 5629, dated the 9th August 1895.

3. His Excellency the Governor in Council is also pleased, in accordance with the powers conferred on him by Section 28 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, to invest the undermentioned Second Class Subordinate Judges within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Subordinate Courts specified against their names, with the jurisdiction

of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50:—

Ráo Sáheb Dwarkanath Narayan Ranadive, Dhulia.

Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Balkrishna Chitale, Bhadgaon.

Ráo Sáheb Shridhar Balkrishna Upasani, Bhusával.

Ráo Sáheb Pandurang Shridhar Pathak, Jambusar.

Ráo Sáheb Vasudev Ganesh Kaduskar, Satána.

4. His Excellency in Council is further pleased to appoint Mr. Chimnaji Raghunath Karkare to act as Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, and to do duty at Sinnar pending further orders.

No. 6782.—Captain H. M. Abud and Lieutenant F. S. Walker respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Aden, on the 26th July 1895, in the afternoon.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1895.

No. 7220.—Shaikh Chand valad Dalu, inhabitant of Nizámpur, táluca Pimpalner in the Khán-desh Collectorate, and late a Forest Guard in the Pimpalner Range, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1895.

No. 7289.—Mr. J. Davidson, I. C. S., Collector of Kánara, is granted privilege leave of absence for seventeen days.

No. 7290.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. D. Sheppard, I. C. S., to act as Collector and District Magistrate, Kánara, and District Registrar, Kánara, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Kánara District during the absence of Mr. J. Davidson, I. C. S., or pending further orders.

Bombay Castle, 23rd September 1895.

No. 7311.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. B. Fforde, on return from leave, to be Assistant Settlement Officer, Gujarát Revenue Survey, Mr. H. D. E. Forbes reverting as Assistant Superintendent.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1895.

No. 7350.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. Giles, M.A. (Cantab.), on return from leave, to act as Collector and District Magistrate, Karáchi, and District Registrar, Karáchi.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No 7388.—Mr. E. C. Ozanne, I. C. S., Survey Commissioner and Director of Land Records and Agriculture, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty.

No. 7391.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. W. G. Clabby to be Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, First Grade, vice Mr. J. M. Fernandez, deceased, continuing to serve in the Rájpipla State. Mr. Clabby's lien on his British appointment is suspended.

Mr. W. A. Wallinger to be Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, First Grade, vice Mr. W. G. Clabby, seconded.

Mr. A. C. Robinson, L.C.E., to be Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Second Grade, vice Mr. Wallinger.

Mr. Bhagvándás Harkisandás Dalál, L.C.E., to be Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Third Grade, vice Mr. Robinson.

Mr. Ganpat Jayavant Rege to be substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests as a temporary measure.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 82.—With reference to Section 3 (5) of the Indian Ports Act, 1889, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize Messrs. William Turnbull Fairweather and George Henderson Mann, Masters in Messrs. Shepherd and Company's service, to pilot vessels in the Port of Bombay.

No. 85.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the Indian Steam Ships Act, 1884, and in supersession of Government Notification No. 7, dated 10th January 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint to be Surveyors for the purposes of the said Act at the Port of Aden—

(1) Commander H. B. Simpson, R. I. M., Port Officer at Aden.

(2) W. G. K. Mathews, Esquire, Chief Engineer, R. I. M. S. "Mayo."

No. 86.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 26 of the Indian Steam Ships Act, 1884, and in supersession of Government Notification No. 61, dated 3rd August 1887, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen as Examiners for the purpose of examining the qualifications of persons desirous of obtaining certificates of competency as engine drivers at Aden under the said Act:—

(1) Commander H. B. Simpson, R. I. M., Port Officer at Aden.

(2) W. G. K. Mathews, Esquire, Chief Engineer, R. I. M. S. "Mayo."

No. 87.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the undermentioned sections of the Indian Steam Ships Act (VII of 1884) as amended by Act III of 1890, and in supersession of Government Notification No. 56, dated 10th July 1895, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Commander H. B. Simpson, R. I. M., Port Officer at Aden, to be the officer at Aden—

(a) to whom the owner or Master of a steam ship shall pay fees in respect of surveys under Section 10A of the said Act amended as aforesaid,

(b) to whom the owner or Master of a steam ship shall send the surveyor's declaration under sub-section (1) of Section 12 of the said Act amended as aforesaid,

(c) through whom certificates of survey shall be delivered to such owners or Masters under sub-section (1) of Section 13 of the said Act amended as aforesaid, and

(d) to whom cancelled or suspended certificates of survey shall be delivered by such owner or Master under sub-section (1) of Section 18 of the said Act amended as aforesaid.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
J. DE C. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd September 1895.

No. 40.—The Reverend M. C. Sanders, M.A., Chaplain of Karáchi, has been granted privilege leave for one month from the 13th September 1895 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 41.—The Reverend J. H. Beck, M.A., Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India a further extension of leave on medical certificate for three months from the 10th November 1895.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
J. DE C. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd September 1895.

No. 1865.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Honourable J. Jardine, I. C. S., to be Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, vice Mr. Ramkrishna Gopal Bhándárkar, M.A. (Bom.), Ph.D., C.I.E., whose term of office expires this day.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 1887.—Privilege leave on half pay for one month is granted to Mr. D. G. Kelkar, M.A., Head Master, Ratnágiri High School, from the 9th September 1895 or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 1889.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. M. D. Joshi, B.A., to act as Head Master, Ratnágiri High School, during the absence of Mr. D. G. Kelkar, M.A., or pending further orders.

*By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. DEC. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1895.

No. 3958.—The following appointment is made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor with effect from the 14th September 1895:—

Captain W. C. Walton, 4th Regiment Bombay Infantry (1st Battalion Rifle Regiment), to officiate as Aide-de-Camp vice Lieutenant B. J. T. Levett, proceeded on leave.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 3979.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel F. C. Barker, M.D., (Queen's University, Ireland), F.R.C.S.I., to be Presidency Surgeon, Second District and Marine Surgeon, vice Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel S. H. O'B. Banks, F.R.C.S.I.

Surgeon-Lieut.-Col. J. McCloghry, F.R.C.S.I., to be Medical Officer to the Káthiáwár Political Agency and in charge of the West Hospital, Rájkot, vice Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel Barker, continuing to be Civil Surgeon, Ahmedabad, until relieved by Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel M. L. Bartholomeusz, M.B., C.M.

Surgeon-Captain W. E. Jennings, M.B., C.M., to act as Medical Officer to the Káthiáwár Political Agency and in charge of the West

Hospital, Rájkot, in addition to his own duties, pending relief by Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel McCloghry.

*By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. DEC. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 21st September 1895.

No. 76.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments from the date of return to duty of Mr. P. Reynolds from privilege leave:—

Mr. P. Reynolds, M.Inst.C.E., to act as Superintending Engineer, Central Division, with the temporary rank of Superintending Engineer, Class II.

Mr. A. Davidson, M.Inst.C.E., to rejoin the Poona District.

2. Mr. J. Tate, M.Inst.C.E., reverts to Superintending Engineer, Class III., temporary rank, and Mr. A. Davidson to Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, from the date of Mr. Reynolds' return to duty.

Bombay Castle, 23rd September 1895.

No. 77.—The following transfers of Assistant Engineers are ordered:—

Mr. E. G. Gahagan, transferred to the Northern Division, in Government Notification No. 73, dated 9th September 1895, from that Division to the Central Division.

Mr. R. J. Kent from the Central to the Indus Left Bank Division.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 78.—Mr. H. J. Landon, Assoc.M.Inst.C.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, is allowed furlough for one year under Article 340 of the Civil Service Regulations, commencing from 3rd October 1895 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

*By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,*

T. D. LITTLE,
Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Mr. Shriram Kashinath Padhye a Sanad authorising him to practise as a Pleader in the Court or Courts of the Ratnágiri District as the District Judge may assign to him.

VAMAN M. BODAS,
Acting Deputy Registrar.

Bombay, 18th September 1895.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 6791.—Mr. Gundo Gopal has been appointed under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to act as Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Gadag in the Dhárwár District, with effect from the 15th instant, during the absence of Mr. Balkrishna Gururao Bomnigatti on privilege leave or pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,
G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1895.

No. 7370.—Under Section 6 of Act III of 1877, the following promotion, appointment and transfers are made in the Registration Department:—

- (1) Motilál Dalpatrá, Second Grade Sub-Registrar of Borsad in the Kaira District, to be First Grade Sub-Registrar, continuing in charge of the same office.
- (2) Bábáji Káshináth, Clerk in the Bombay Sub-Registry Office, to be probationary Second Grade Sub-Registrar of Bassein in the Thána District.
- (3) Amrut Bápuji, First Grade Sub-Registrar of Pandharpur in the Sholápur District, to be First Grade Sub-Registrar of Alibág in the Kolába District.
- (4) Govind Rámchandra, Second Grade Sub-Registrar of Jámner in the Khándesh District, to be Second Grade Sub-Registrar of Pandharpur in the Sholápur District.
- (5) Mártand Lakshman, Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Párola in the Khándesh District, to be Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Jámner in the same district.

- (6) Mohoniráj Sadáshiv, Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Bassein in the Thána District, to be Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Párola in the Khándesh District.

By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 3718.—Mr. J. K. N. Kabraji, B. C. S., delivered over and Mr. P. J. Mead, I. C. S., received charge of the office of Assistant Collector, Ahmedabad, on the 12th instant, in the afternoon.
Ahmedabad, 20th September 1895.

No. R-1.—The following appointments of Mám-latdárs in this Division are made vice Ráo Sáheb Manishankar Lajjashankar, transferred to the Sunth State—

Ráo Sáheb Bhailal Purshotam to be substantive *pro tem*. Third Grade Mám-latdár.

Azam Sakarlal Chandulal to be substantive *pro tem*. Fourth Grade Mám-latdár of Mátar till further orders.

Poona, 24th September 1895.

G. B. REID,
Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. R-3825.—Mr. Trimbak Waman Joshi, Head Kárkún of táluka Jámner in the Khándesh District, acted as Mám-latdár of the same táluka from 16th June to 2nd July 1895, both days inclusive, being the period intervening between the departure of Ráo Sáheb Mahadev Trimbak Chip-lunkar and the arrival of Ráo Sáheb Waman Abaji Shirolkar.

No. R-3826.—Mr. Hari Anant Athavle, Head Kárkún of táluka Taloda in the Khándesh District, acted as Mám-latdár of the same táluka from 1st to 26th June 1895, both days inclusive, being the period intervening between the departure of Ráo Sáheb Narayan Dattatraya Garde and the arrival of Ráo Sáheb Narayan Hari Mokashi.

No. R-3827.—Ráo Bahádurs Moro Chintaman Joshi and Lakshman Moreshwar Deshpande respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Huzár Deputy Collector, Ahmednagar, on 10th instant, in the afternoon.

Poona, 18th September 1895.

No. R-3870.—Messrs. B. C. H. Kennedy and G. Scott respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector, Sholápur, on 11th instant, in the afternoon.

No. R-3874.—Mr. Shanker Atmaram Mahajan, acting Deputy Accountant in the Násik Collector's Office, acted as Head Accountant in the same office

from 9th July to 13th August 1895, both days inclusive, during the absence of Ráo Sáheb Vyankatesh Shivram Bhadbhade on privilege leave.

Poona, 20th September 1895.

No. R-3899.—Mr. Shrinivas Balaji Chitgubi and Ráo Bahádur Lallubhai Goverdhandas respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the District Deputy Collector, S. D., Khándesh, on 30th ultimo, in the forenoon.

No. R-3900.—Messrs. G. Carmichael and H. W. J. Bagnell respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Forest Settlement Officer, Poona, on 17th instant, in the forenoon.

No. R-3901.—*Erratum*.—In paragraph 4 of this office Notification No. R-716, dated 12th instant, published at page 964 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated 19th idem, for the words "Ráo Sáheb Lakshman Gopal Killedar" read "Ráo Sáheb Gopal Lakshman Killedar."

Poona, 23rd September 1895.

J. K. SPENCE,
Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No 3533.—Messrs J. Davidson, I. C. S., and W. D. Sheppard, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Collector and District Magistrate, Kánara, on the 13th instant, in the forenoon.

E. J. EBDEN,
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

Belgaum, 20th September 1895.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,
SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKA'RI.

No. 4649.—Mr. Vithaldas Dhanji, District A'bkári Inspector, Surat, on Rs. 125, was granted privilege leave of absence for one month from 11th May to 10th June 1895, and Mr. Ardesar Sorabji Sabavala, Distillery Inspector, Ratnágiri, on Rs. 60, and doing duty as District A'bkári Inspector, Surat, was appointed to act for Mr. Vithaldas Dhanji during his absence.

No. 4652.—In continuation of this office Notification No. 4396, dated the 7th September 1895, and in supersession of the latter portion of this office Notification No. 3569, dated the 25th July 1895, it is further ordered that Mr. Byramji Hormasji, A'bkári Sub-Inspector in charge Borsad Division on Rs. 30, may draw acting allowance on Rs. 60 for the period he acted for Mr. Narayan Vithal.

Poona, 18th September 1895.

No. 4703.—Mr. Hari Pandurang Tendulkar, District A'bkári Inspector Ratnágiri, on Rs. 50, and appointed by this office Notification No. 6275, dated the 7th December 1893, to act in the grade of Rs. 60 as District A'bkári Inspector, Sátára, continuing to do duty as Distillery Inspector, Ratnágiri, is confirmed in that grade with effect from the 30th August 1895 (inclusive), the date from which Mr. Phirozsha Pallonji has been confirmed in his appointment in the Police Department.

Poona, 20th September 1895.

No. 4709.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 75 of the Sea Customs Act the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and A'bkári is pleased to make the following alterations in and additions to the forms of Baggage Declarations A and B and the Notices thereunder, appended to this office Notification No. 134, dated 2nd January 1895, published in Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, dated 24th idem :—

For the seven items under "Arms and Ammunition" in column 2 of Forms A and B, namely, "Rifle, Double Barrel" up to "Air Guns" inclusive, substitute the following :—

Rifles:—S. or D.B.M. or B.L.—P. or C.F.—Ham. or H'less—Bore—Maker's Name—Repeating—Pattern—Sighted to—Bayonet.	Number and	Magazine or	Description or	Fitted for
No.				

Guns :—

No.

Air or Gas Guns :—

No.

Revolvers :—No. of chambers, Pattern, Bore, Number and Maker's name.

No.

Pistols :—

No.

For "paragraph 7" in line 4 of Rule 3 of notice below Form A, substitute "paragraph 8."

Add the following Rule 5 between the present rules 4 and 5 of the same notice :

"5. No Magazine or Repeating Rifle or a Rifle of any description which is sighted to over 300 yards or which is fitted to hold a bayonet, can be passed except under a license from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, granted under an order from the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department."

The present Rules 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 will then be Rules 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 respectively.

Substitute for the present Rule 3 of the notice below Form B the following :

"3. On payment of duty, a receipt will, if applied for, be granted. In the case of arms, particulars as to description of the arms and the name of the maker and numbers on them must be noted in the receipt."

Add the following Rule 4 below Rule 3 amended as above :

"4. No Magazine or Repeating Rifle, or a Rifle of any description which is sighted to over 300 yards, or which is fitted to hold a bayonet, can be passed except under a license from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, granted under an order from the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department."

The present Rules 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the notice below Form B will then be Rules 5, 6, 7 and 8 respectively.

Poona, 20th September 1895.

No. 4733.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, the Chief Customs Authority is pleased, with the sanction of the Governor of Bombay in Council, to make the following rules prescribing and limiting the powers of officers of Customs at the Port of Bombay :—

1. In these rules "the Act" means the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and "section" means a section of that Act.

2. The Senior Assistant Collector of Customs stationed at Prince's Dock shall, for the Port of Bombay, exercise all the powers conferred and perform all the duties imposed by the Act on a Customs Collector, with the exception of those indicated in clause (a) of Section 182 of the Act.

3. (a) The Assistant Collectors of Customs in charge of—

- (i) the Import Department,
- (ii) the Import Inspecting Department, and
- (iii) the Export Department, and

(b) The Junior Assistant Collector stationed at Prince's Dock shall exercise the powers conferred and perform the duties imposed on a Customs Collector by Sections 24, 29, 42, 55, 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 86, 120, 121, 128, 137, 141, 143, 158, 159, 160, 161, 195 and 201.

4. The Superintendent, Preventive Service, shall exercise the powers conferred upon a Customs Collector by Sections 59, 67, 85 and 201, and shall have power

(1) to grant written permission under Section 70 to discharge or ship without the presence of a Customs officer

(a) all cargo that is to be discharged or shipped

- (i) in the wet docks, or
- (ii) by a country craft at the free anchorage, or

(b) any cargo other than dutiable, restricted or doubtful goods that is to be discharged or shipped by a steamer or square-rigged vessel in the stream, and

(2) to grant permission under Section 72 for discharging, shipping or water-bearing goods beyond the hours from time to time appointed by the Chief Customs Authority by Notification in the official Gazette on all days but Sundays holidays, or prohibited days.

5. The Preventive officers in charge of the Mahim, Varli and Arthur Bandars and the Superintendent of country craft at the Prince's Dock

shall exercise the powers conferred and perform the duties imposed on a Customs Collector by Sections 158, 159, 160 and 201.

6. All Preventive officers in the Town and Island of Bombay shall have power to grant written permission under Section 72 of the Act for the landing of fresh fruit, vegetables and live stock,

(a) on any Sunday or holiday,

(b) on any day beyond the hours from time to time appointed by the Chief Customs Authority by Notification in the official Gazette,

at any wharf which is appointed for the landing of such goods.

No. 4734.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of Section 9 and by Section 205 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, the Chief Customs Authority is pleased, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to cancel the following Notifications made by the said authority under powers conferred by the said Act, viz.,—

(1) Notification No. 2935, dated 7th April 1884, published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1884, Part I, page 277.

(2) Notification No. 5260, dated 29th September 1886, published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1886, Part I, page 878.

(3) Notification No. 4362, dated 23rd August 1892, published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1892, Part I, page 554.

No. 4739.—Mr. Waman Ramchandra, Distillery Inspector, Nasik, on Rs. 125 and doing duty as Distillery Inspector, Dadar (Bombay), has been granted leave on medical certificate for two months from the 5th instant inclusive, and Mr. Wasudev Vishwanath, Sub-Inspector, Bombay, on Rs. 50 has been appointed to act as Distillery Inspector, Dadar, during Mr. Waman's absence.

No. 4748.—Under paragraph 2, Section 6, of the Bombay A'bkari Act, 1878, and in virtue of the authority delegated to him by Government, the Commissioner of A'bkari hereby invests the under-mentioned servant of the licensees of the country spirit farm of the Nasir District with the powers contemplated in Section 37 of the said Act to be exercised by him within the limits of the said farm, during the currency of the said license, and during his employment by the said licensees :—

Mr. Vanarsi Jhaver, Inspector.

Poona, 23rd September 1895.

W. W. LOCH,

Acting Commissioner of Customs,
Salt, Opium and A'bkari.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 319.—Jaganath Raghunath, substantive *pro tem.* Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kárvár Táluka, Kánara Zilla, is confirmed in his appointment with effect from 26th July 1895, vice Shridhar Ramchandra, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bhatkal Petha, Kánara Zilla, dismissed.

No. 320.—Gopal Appaji, substantive *pro tem.* Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bhatkal Petha, Kánara Zilla, is re-appointed to his permanent post of Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, with effect from 12th July 1895.

No. 321.—Zillu Bapu, substantive *pro tem.* Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sirsi Táluka, Kánara Zilla, resigned the Service with effect from 18th May 1895.

No. 322.—Ramchandra Mangesh, Second Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, is appointed Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sirsi Táluka, Kánara Zilla, on probation for six months with effect from 18th May 1895, vice Zillu Bapu, substantive *pro tem.* Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, resigned.

No. 323.—Candidate Waman Jagannath is appointed Second Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, on probation for six months with effect from 26th July 1895, vice Krishnaji Babli, Second Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, promoted.

No. 324.—Raghoba Sakharam, First Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, is re-appointed Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Mundgod Petha, Kánara Zilla, with effect from 26th July 1895.

No. 325.—Krishnaji Babli, substantive *pro tem.* Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Haliya Táluka, Kánara Zilla, reverted to Second Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, with effect from 12th July 1895, and promoted to First Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, with effect from 26th July 1895, vice Raghoba Sakharam, First Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, promoted.

No. 326.—Bassarmal Premchand, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Karáchi Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 2nd August to 1st September 1895 inclusive, and Candidate Girdharmal Gianchand was appointed to act for him.

No. 327.—In Notification No. 299 of 2nd September 1895, for "6th September" read "5th September."

No. 328.—The appointments notified in Notifications Nos. 274—275 and 276 of 22nd August 1894 are hereby confirmed with effect from 10th August 1894.

C. W. MACRURY, Brig.-Surg.-Lieut.-Col.,
Sanitary Commissioner.

Bombay, 23rd September 1895.

BY COLLECTORS.

No. 3264.—The undermentioned employés in the Broach District have passed the Sub-Service Departmental Examination prescribed for Probationers by Government Notification dated the 22nd June 1870 on 11th September 1895. The names are arranged in the order of merit:—

Name.	How employed.
1. Hargovan Lallubhai...	Kárvún, Huzúr Police Account Office.
2. Hiralal Motilal ...	Taláti, Anklesvar Táluka.
3. Nanabhai Govindlal ..	Taláti, Jambusar Táluka.
4. Navnitlal Maganlal ...	Late Taláti, Jambusar Táluka.
5. Premanand Dvarkadas.	Taláti, Jambusar Táluka.
6. Girjashankar Prabha-shankar ...	Late Taláti, Vággra Táluka.
7. Ghelabhai Motiram ...	Taláti, Anklesvar Táluka.
8. Gulabmia Hayatmia ...	Late Taláti, Jambusar Táluka.
9. Maganlal Hargovan ...	Kárvún, Anklesvar Táluka.
10. Hirabhai Raeji ...	Late Taláti, Hánsot Mahál.
11. Chunilal Bhawanilal ...	Taláti, Vággra Táluka.
12. Adam Asmal ...	Late Kárvún, Vággra Táluka.

A. C. LOGAN,
Collector, Broach.

Broach, 18th September 1895.

The following persons have passed the departmental examination prescribed for Subordinate Native Establishments held in September 1895 in the Panch Maháls District. The names are arranged according to order of merit:—

No.	Names.	Designation.
1	Mohanlal Maneklal...	Taláti.
2	Chunilal Naranji ...	"
3	Bhawan Pragdas ...	"
4	Narnarayan Jeshanker ...	Kárvún.
5	Jatha Patha ...	Taláti.
6	Motiram Pitambar ...	"
7	Jeshanker Manishanker ...	"
8	Trikamlal Mathurdas ...	"

H. O. QUIN,

Acting Collector, Panch Maháls, and
Political Agent, Rewa Kántha.

Godhra, 18th September 1895.

List of Revenue employés in the Sátára District who passed the Subordinate Departmental Examination held at Sátára in September 1895:—

No.	Name.	Designation.	Number of Marks obtained.
1	Govind Vishnu Date.	Kárkún, Sátára Mámílatdár's Office.	614
2	Waman Govind Dhavle.	Kárkún, Mán Mámílatdár's Office.	609
3	Vishnu Vasudeo Vaidya.	Kárkún, Huzúr Record Office.	603
4	Shripad Janardhan Padhye.	Kárkún, Wái Mámílatdár's Office.	570
	Govind Kashinath Godbole.	Kárkún, Karád Mámílatdár's Office.	570
5	Datto Raoji Kuber...	Kárkún, Válva Mámílatdár's Office.	541
6	Sitaram Ganesh Bhangvat.	Kárkún, Kbandála Mahákarí's Office.	528
7	Gajanan Puroshotam Kelkar.	Kárkún, Mán Mámílatdár's Office.	510
8	Sitaram Waman Gokhale.	Kárkún, Karád Mámílatdár's Office.	442
9	Raoji Krishna Godbole.	Kárkún, Táluka Local Board, Karád.	438

C. B. WINCHESTER,
Collector of Sátára.

Sátára, 23rd September 1895.

No. 6068.—List of Revenue employés in the Ahmednagar District who passed the departmental examination held at Ahmednagar in September 1895:—

No.	Name.	Designation.	No of Marks obtained.	Remarks.
1	Ramkrishna Shamrao.	Kárkún, Mámílatdár's Kacheri, Sheogaon.	624	Passed.
2	Govind Babaji Pawar.	Kárkún, Mámílatdár's Kacheri, Párner.	623	Passed.
3	Gopal Yrankatesh.	Kárkún, Cantonment Magistrate's Office, Ahmednagar.	507	Passed.
4	Wasudeo Shamrao.	Kárkún, Mámílatdár's Office, Jámkhed.	472	Passed.

S. PUDUMJEE,
Acting Collector.

Ahmednagar Collector's Office,
24th September 1895.

BY THE CONSERVATORS OF FORESTS.

CENTRAL CIRCLE.

No. 4158.—Mr. W. F. D. Fisher, acting Deputy Conservator of Forests, delivered over and Mr. S. Hornidge, A.M.I.C.E., Deputy Conservator of Forests, received charge of the Ahmednagar Division on the forenoon of 16th September 1895.

A. T. SHUTTLEWORTH,
Conservator of Forests, C. C.

Poona, 20th September 1895.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, CIVIL
VETERINARY DEPARTMENT,
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

No. 1405.—The undermentioned Horse Shows will be held during 1895-96 on the dates mentioned against each of them in this Presidency. Liberal prizes will be awarded to stock approved by the Judging Committee:—

Ahmednagar (Deccan)—25th November 1895 and following days.

Málegaon (H. H. Nizám's Territory)—18th November 1895 and following days.

Shikárpur (Sind)—13th January 1896 and following days.

Chinchli (S. M. Country)—31st January 1896 and following days.

Moro (Sind)—3rd February 1896 and following days.

Talhar (Sind)—12th February 1896 and following days.

Bhúj (Cutch) 20th February 1896 and following days.

Junagad (Káthiáwár)—10th March 1896 and following days.

J. W. A. MORGAN, Vety.-Captain,
Superintendent, Civil Vety. Dept.,
Bombay Presidency.

Bombay, 19th September 1895.