

Bomban Government Gazette.

Bublished by Authority.

[No. 29

THURSDAY, 18TH JULY 1895.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th July 1895.

No. 239.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay, under the authority vested in him by the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892, has been pleased to nominate Mr. T. R. McLellan, Chairman of the Karáchi Chamber of Commerce, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations only.

Bombay Castle, 13th July 1895.

No. 242.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay, under the authority

vested in him by the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892, has been pleased to nominate Mr. T. B. KIRKHAM, Barrister-at-Law, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations only.

No. 245.—On the recommendation of the Zamindárs and Jághirdárs in Sind, made in accordance with the Regulations framed by the Governor-General in Council under Section 1 (4) of the Indian Councils Act, 1892, and approved by the Secretary of State in Council, His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor has been pleased to nominate MIR ALLABHAKSHKHAN Valad MIR ALIBHAKSHKHAN SHAHWANI TALPUE to be an Additional Member of His Excellency's Council for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations only.

Bombay Castle, 14th July 1895.

No. 88-P.—The Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, will meet in the Council Hall, Poona, on Wednesday the 7th day of August 1895, at 12 noon.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor,

M. H. W. HAYWARD,

Secretary to the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th July 1895.

No. 1335.—With reference to Government Notification No. 172, dated 27th January 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct that the head-quarter station of the Educational Inspector in Sind be re-transferred from Hyderabad to Karáchi.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> J. DEC. ATKINS, Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th July 1895.

No. 5279.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with

Government Notification No. 7502, dated 8th September 1894, published at page 929 of the Bombay Government Gazette of the 13th idem, Part I.

reference to the Government Notification noted in the margin, to declare the land in the Salsette Taluka of the Thana District specified in the sche-

dule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forest from 18th September 1895:—

Schedule referred to above.

	Name of Vi	Name of Village.				
Pavan				66		

No. 5280.— With reference to Government Notification No. 6479, dated 31st August 1883, published at pages 662—669 of the Bombay Government Gazette of the 13th September 1853, Part I, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased

to direct that the land in the Ránebennur Táluka of the Dhárwár District specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall cease from 18th September 1895 to be Protected Forest:—

Schedule referred to above.

	Surve	Area.	
Name of Village,	Old.	New.	44
		THE STATE OF	A. g.
Medleri	389 part	442	10 1

No. 5280 A.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to Government Notification No. 8885, dated 25th November 1889, published at pages 976—1006 of the Bombay Government Gazette of the 28th idem, Part I, to declare the land in the Ranebennur Taluka of the Dharwar District specified in the schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forest from 18th September 1895:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name	of Village,	alia i	Survey No.	Area.	
				A.	g.
Medleri			442*	10	1

[.] This Survey No. has been formed out of a portion of O. S. No. 359,

No. 5281.—His Excellency the Governor in Council, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is hereby pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, that the areas specified below, which in Notification No. 6479 A, dated the 31st August 1883, were declared to be Reserved Forest under Section 19 of that Act, shall cease to be Reserved Forest with effect from the 15th August 1895:—

Specification of Land disforested.

District. Taluka.		Village.	Survey No.	Area.		
				٨.	g.	
Dhárwár .	. Ránebennur	Airani	83 84 85	14 28 18	27 31 32	
100-01			83 84 85 86 87 88 89	13 12 18	25 39 37	
			90 91	19 23 20	8 35 34	
			92 93 94	23 25 21	7	
		The same	95 97	21 21	31	
		B 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Total	284	10	

Bombay Castle, 13th July 1895.

No. 5321.—Errata.—The following errata in the "specification of lands disforested" published in Government Notification No. 3129, dated 26th April 1895, and printed at pages 493 and 494 of the Bombay Government Gazette of the 2nd May 1895, Part I, are published for general information:—

For		Read					
Name of Deh.	Area.		Name of Do	h.	Area.		
	A,	g.			A.	g.	
Langipur	745	20	Zangipur		745	20	
Korár	874	24	Korár		874	25	
Daho	1,146	0	Daho		1,150	0	
Girdo	1,561	5	Girdo		1,562	0	

No. 5323.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a

public purpose, viz., for the construction of slaughter houses in the town of Yeola, táluka Yeola, district Násik; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the aforesaid town of Yeola:—

Survey No.	Area.	Asses	sme	nt.	Remarks.
		Rs.	a.	p.	
Book No. 29.	5 gunthas out of Book No. 29, which measures in all 22 acres and 20 gunthas.		2	8	The whole of Book No. 29 is assessed at Rs. 30; the assess- ment on the portion required will there- fore proportionately be Re. 0-2-8.
Gaothan	5 gunthas out of gaothan, which measures in all 4 acres and 3 gunthas.		2	0	The whole of gaothan is assessed at Rs. 4-1-2; the assessment on the portion required will therefore proportionately be Rc. 0-2-0.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

No. 5324.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a road from the Bandra-Ghodbandar Road to the Hindu cremation ground, in the town of Bandra, taluka Salsette, district Thana; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the aforesaid town of Bandra:—

0 : 137	Su	rvey No.			Land red	quired.
Serial No.	Principal.	Pôt.	Area.	Assessment.	Area.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	229 226 226 226 226 226 226 226 226	1 9 5 3 8 6 Pôt Kharába, Pôt Varkas. Do	A. g. 2 0 0 22½ 0 2½ 1 36½ 0 2¼ 0 4½ 0 4½	Rs. a. p. 8 0 0 2 8 0 0 6 0 10 0 0 0 4 0 0 10 0	Square yards. 277 166 113 772 80 29 31 4 1,472	Rs. a. p. 0 3 7 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 15 1 0 1 3 0 0 7

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

Bombay Castle, 15th July 1895.

No. 5344.—The following draft Notification is published for general information. Persons who have any objections to urge to it are required to communicate the same in writing to the acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, within one month from the date of the publication of this Notification:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 11 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and in supersession of part 2 of Notification No. 4437B, dated 25th May 1892, published at pages 464 to 466 of the

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Bombay Government Gazette for 1892, Part I, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare and appoint the places specified in the first column of the table hereinbelow contained to be wharves for the landing only of such particular classes of goods as are in respect of such wharves specified in the second column of the said table and for the shipping only of such particular classes of goods as are specified in the third column of the said table in respect of the said wharves:—

Names of Wharves or Landing places. For the landing of And for the sh 1 Pilot Bandar Government Coals only Government Coals 2 Todd Bandar Green Grass, Firewood, Hay, Sand, and Chunam. 3 Sassoon Dock From Foreign or Customs Ports :—Cotton, Wool, Hem Wool, Coal, Military Stores and Baggage	
2* Todd Bandar Green Grass, Firewood, Hay, Sand, and Chu- nam. 3* Sassoon Dock From Foreign or Customs Ports:—Cotton, Wool, Coal, Military Stores and Baggage Seeds, Military S.	only.
nam. Sassoon Dock From Foreign or Customs Ports:—Cotton, Cotton, Wool, Hem Wool, Coal, Military Stores and Baggage Seeds, Military S.	and a series
Wool, Coal, Military Stores and Baggage Seeds, Military St	
accompanying Troops. From Customs Ports:—Hemp, Jute, Sand, Chunam, Seed, and Grain.	tores and Bag
4* Victoria Bandar From Foreign or Customs Ports:—Cotton, Cotton, Wool, Hem Seeds, Grain, From Customs Ports:—Sand, Chunam, Stores, Firewood, Green Grass, Bricks, Tiles, Seeds, Firewood, Green Grass, Bricks, Tiles, Seeds, Grain, Horas, Bardans.	
Fresh Fish. B. B. & C. I. Railway Materials, Government Stores, Timber and Coals for Gun Carriage Department and Harbour Defences, and Fresh Fish. Coals, B. B. & C. I. Railway Materials, Government terials, and stores Harbour Defences.	for the use of
6* Jamsetjee Bandar Cotton and Wool from Customs Ports, Coals, B. B. & C. I. Railway Stores and Materials, Colton, Wool, Hem Coals, and B. B. way Materials and	& C. I. Rail
7° Arthur Bandar From Foreign or Gustoms Ports:—Cotton and Wool. From Customs Ports:—All unrestricted goods by Country Craft, except Fish, salted, dry or fresh.	ip, Jute, Rags
8 Government Coal Depôt Government Coals and Coke only Government Coals a	and Coke only
9* Apollo Bay Reclama- Cotton, Wool, Coals, Hay, Green Grass, Bricks, Cotton, Wool, Bard Iron.	ans and Hoop
O Apollo Bandar Passengers' Baggage, Mails, Parcel Post, Treasure, and all Government property. Government property. Sure, Fresh Provision for use of ships Passengers' Baggage, Parcel Post.	ions, Sea Stock
Government Dockyard . Government property only Government proper	ty only.]
Passengers' Baggage, all dutiable and free goods from Foreign Ports, except Wines and Spirits including Ale and Beer, Iron of all kinds, Anchors, Cables, Chains, and Ballast Machinery, Acids, Explosives, Turpentine, Petroleum other than dangerous Petroleum as defined in Section 3 (2) of the Petroleum Act, 1886, Rosin, Pitch, Tar, Dammer, Bricks, Tiles, Coal, Cotton, Wool, Hemp, Jute, Matches, Chalk, Empty Casks, Dubbas, Timber of all descriptions including Bamboos and Tattas, Fish (salted or dry), Fresh Fruit, Gunnies, Hides, Horns, Live Stock, Stones, Saji Khar, Grains, Seeds, and all com-	Passengers'
Arsenal Wharf Government Military Stores Government Military	y Stores.

^{*} On condition that for all goods to which Section 86 applies, a Bill of Entry has been delivered and an order to clear passed on it previously to their landing.

Passengers' Baggage, Chunam, Sand, Bricks, Tiles, Stones, Hay, Straw, Fresh Fruit, Poultry, Coals and Coke. Passengers' Baggage, Green Grass, Chunam, Sand, Laddi Stones from Porbandar, Coals, Fresh Fruit, Vegetables, Hay, Straw, and Live Stock. Free goods by Country Craft from Customs Ports, also Coal, Charcoal, Firewood, Bamboos, Porbandar Stone, Fresh Vegetables and Fruits; from Foreign Ports, Fresh Fish. All free and unrestricted goods from Customs Ports, Passengers' Baggage, Tents and Camp Equipage, Treasure, Government Records and Stores, Borhas' and Pedlars' Packs when accompanied by owners, Horses, Carriages and Cattle, Ice, Provisions and Household Stores of all kinds intended bond fide, not for sale, but for private use and consumption, Eggs, Fresh Fruit other than Cocoanuts. All goods from Foreign Ports and by Steamers and Square-rigged Vessels from Customs Ports except Opium, Explosives, and Petroleum of any kind.	Passengers' Baggage, Live Stock and Sea Stock for ships' crews. Fresh Provisions, Coals, Passengers' Baggage, Live Stock and Sea Stock for ships' crews. All free and unrestricted goods by County Craft to Customs Ports only. All free and unrestricted goods except Opium to Customs Ports. All articles permitted on Import.
Tiles, Stones, Hay, Straw, Fresh Fruit, Poultry, Coals and Coke. Passengers' Baggage, Green Grass, Chunam, Sand, Laddi Stones from Porbandar, Coals, Fresh Fruit, Vegetables, Hay, Straw, and Live Stock. Free goods by Country Craft from Customs Ports, also Coal, Charcoal, Firewood, Bamboos, Porbandar Stone, Fresh Vegetables and Fruits; from Foreign Ports, Fresh Fish. All free and unrestricted goods from Customs Ports, Passengers' Baggage, Tents and Camp Equipage, Treasure, Government Records and Stores, Borhas' and Pedlars' Packs when accompanied by owners, Horses, Carriages and Cattle, Ice, Provisions and Household Stores of all kinds intended bond fide, not for sale, but for private use and consumption, Eggs, Fresh Fruit other than Coccanuts. All goods from Foreign Ports and by Steamers and Square-rigged Vessels from Customs Ports except Opium, Explosives, and Petro-	Passengers' Baggage, Live Stock and Sea Stock for ships' crews. Fresh Provisions, Coals, Passengers' Baggage, Live Stock and Sea Stock for ships' crews. All free and unrestricted goods by County Craft to Customs Ports only. All free and unrestricted goods except Opium to Customs Ports. All articles permitted on Import.
Sand, Laddi Stones from Porbandar, Coals, Fresh Fruit, Vegetables, Hay, Straw, and Live Stock. Free goods by Country Craft from Customs Ports, also Coal, Charcoal, Firewood, Bamboos, Porbandar Stone, Fresh Vegetables and Fruits; from Foreign Ports, Fresh Fish. All free and unrestricted goods from Customs Ports, Passengers' Baggage, Tents and Camp Equipage, Treasure, Government Records and Stores, Borhas' and Pedlars' Packs when accompanied by owners, Horses, Carriages and Cattle, Ice, Provisions and Household Stores of all kinds intended bond fide, not for sale, but for private use and consumption, Eggs, Fresh Fruit other than Coccanuts. All goods from Foreign Ports and by Steamers and Square-rigged Vessels from Customs Ports except Opium, Explosives, and Petro-	gers' Baggage, Live Stock and Sea Stock for ships' crews. All free and unrestricted goods by County Craft to Customs Ports only. All free and unrestricted goods except Opium to Customs Ports. All articles permitted on Import.
Ports, also Coal, Charcoal, Firewood, Bamboos, Porbandar Stone, Fresh Vegetables and Fruits; from Foreign Ports, Fresh Fish. All free and unrestricted goods from Customs Ports, Passengers' Baggage, Tents and Camp Equipage, Treasure, Government Records and Stores, Borhas' and Pedlars' Packs when accompanied by owners, Horses, Carriages and Cattle, Ice, Provisions and Household Stores of all kinds intended bona fide, not for sale, but for private use and consumption, Eggs, Fresh Fruit other than Coccanuts. All goods from Foreign Ports and by Steamers and Square-rigged Vessels from Customs Ports except Opium, Explosives, and Petro-	County Craft to Customs Ports only. All free and unrestricted goods except Opium to Customs Ports. All articles permitted on Import. All goods allowed on Import.
Ports, Passengers' Baggage, Tents and Camp Equipage, Treasure, Government Records and Stores, Borhas' and Pedlars' Packs when accompanied by owners, Horses, Carriages and Cattle, Ice, Provisions and Household Stores of all kinds intended bona fide, not for sale, but for private use and consumption, Eggs, Fresh Fruit other than Cocoanuts. All goods from Foreign Ports and by Steamers and Square-rigged Vessels from Customs Ports except Opium, Explosives, and Petro-	except Opium to Customs Ports. All articles permitted on Import. All goods allowed on Import.
and Stores, Borhas' and Pedlars' Packs when accompanied by owners, Horses, Carriages and Cattle, Ice, Provisions and Household Stores of all kinds intended bona fide, not for sale, but for private use and consumption, Eggs, Fresh Fruit other than Cocoanuts. All goods from Foreign Ports and by Steamers and Square-rigged Vessels from Customs Ports except Opium, Explosives, and Petro-	All goods allowed on Import.
and Square-rigged Vessels from Customs Ports except Opium, Explosives, and Petro-	and the state of the state of
	The second secon
All goods except Explosives, Petroleum of any kind, and Coals.	All goods except Explosives, Petroleum, and Coals.
Coals and all free and unrestricted goods excep Fish (Dried or Salted) by Country Craft from Customs Ports.	t Coals and all free and unrestric ed goods to Customs Ports b Country Craft.
Materials, Stores, and Coals for the G. I. P. Railway Company.	Materials, Stores, and Coals fo the G. I. P. Railway Company.
Coals only	Coals only.
Sand and Chunam for Port Trust purposes	
Materials, Stores, and Coals for the B. I. S. N. Company only.	Materials, Stores, and Coals for the B. I. S. N. Company only.
Passengers' Baggage, Live Stock, Fresh Fish Fresh Fruit and Vegotables.	FreshP rovisions, Passengers' Bag gage, Ships' Stores and Liv Stock.
Materials, Stores, and Coals for the P. and O Company only.	and Coals for the P. & O. Company, also Baggage for the Con
Timber, log and square only	pany's Steamers. Timber, log and square only.
Petroleum which is not dangerous as defined in Section 3 (2) of the Petroleum Act, 1886, and all goods by Steamers and Square-rigged Vessels prohibited at Town Bandar, excep Opium, Wines and Spirits including Ale an Beer, Explosives, Salt Fish (Dried, Salter or Fresh), all free and unrestricted goods by Country Craft from Customs Ports excep	permitted on Import, Cotton Wool, Rags, Goats' Hair, Countr Twist and Piece Goods, Ladd Stones, Hemp, old Iron.
	kind, and Coals. Coals and all free and unrestricted goods excep Fish (Dried or Salted) by Country Craf from Customs Ports. Materials, Stores, and Coals for the G. I. P. Railway Company. Coals only

^{*}On condition that for all goods to which Section 86 applies, a Bill of Entry has been delivered and an order to clear passed on it previously to their landing.

Names of Wharves or Landing-places.	For the landing of	And for the shipping of
30* Tank Bandar Reclamation.	Coals, Coke, Timber, Rafters, Bamboos, Bamboo Blinds, Sand, Chunam, Bricks, Tiles, Fruit and Vegetables, Green Grass, and Firewood.	boos, Bamboo Blinds, Sand,
31* Tank Bandar	Timber only	Timber only.
32* Frore Land Pier Co.'s Bandar.	Hay, Straw, Firewood, Coals, Coke, Chunam, Tiles, Stones, Bricks, Bones, Rafters, Sand, Hides, Horns, dangerous Petroleum as defined in Section 3 (2) of the Petroleum Act, 1886, and Pottery from Customs Ports.	Timber, Hides, Horns, Flour, dangerous Petroleum as defined in Section 3 (2) of the Petro-
33* Ismail Habbib's Ban- dar.	Dangerous Petroleum as defined in Section 3 (2) of the Petroleum Act, 1886, Sand and Chunam.	Dangerous Petroleum as defined in Section 3 (2) of the Petro- leum Act, 1886.
34* Candli Battery	Firewood, Hay, Straws and Tattas from Customs Ports.	Firewood and Stone Ballast only.
35 Port Trust and Pow- der Magazine, Siwri.	All explosives , ,	All explosives.
36 Haji Esa Fudla's Bandar.	Fish (Dried, Salted, or Fresh), Hides, Bones, Sand, Stones, Coals, Firewood, Pottery, Batty, Bricks, Tiles, and Chunam.	Bones, Firewood, Pottery, Stone, Ballast, Fish (Dried and Salted).
37* Siwri Bandar 1	Firewood, Batty Hay, Straw, Pottery, Tattas, and Fresh Fish.	Nil.
38 Government Powder C	Gunpowder	Gunpowder.
39* Antop Hill	All explosives	All explosives.
40* Sion Bandar]	Batty, Firewood, Hay, Straw, Pottery, Tattas, Dry Fish, Bricks, Tiles, and Fishing Stakes.	Nil.
41* Máhim Bandar F	Passengers' Baggage and all free and unrestricted goods by Native Craft from Customs Ports.	Passengers' Baggage, and all free and unrestricted goods by Native Craft to Customs Ports.
42* Warli Bandar A	all free and unrestricted goods by Native Craft from Customs Ports.	All free and unrestricted goods by Native Craft to Customs Ports,
43* Chowpatty Bandar F	Grewood, Tiles, Chunam, Fresh Fish, Stones, Cadjans, Bricks, Bamboos, Bamboo Baskets, Pottery and Vegetable and Garden, Sand by Native Craft from Customs Ports.	Nil.

^{*} On condition that for all goods to which Section 86 applies, a Bill of Entry has been delivered and an order to clear passed on it previously to their landing.

Bombay Castle, 16th July 1895.

No. 5363.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense [for public purposes, viz., for a burial ground and for the deposit of manure, in the village of Padlihal, taluka Chikodi, district Belgaum; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the plot of land measuring more or less 2 acres and forming portion of Revision Survey No. 3 is required within the aforesaid village of Padlihal.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th July 1895.

No. 2955.—The following Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department (Sanitary), No. 6-Sanitary dated 28th June 1895, is published for general information:—

" No. 6-Sanitary

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Sanitary),.
dated Simla, the 28th June 1895.

RESOLUTION.

In the beginning of 1894 an International Sanitary Conference was convened at Paris to consider especially the best means of preventing the spread of cholera westwards by way of the Red Sea and Persian Gulf. The British Government accepted an invitation to join in its deliberations and a Convention drawn up by the Conference in April 1894 was accepted by Her Majesty's Government, with reservations upon three points (to be mentioned below). The agreement is binding for five years, and is to be renewed unless notice of withdrawal is given six months before the end of that period.

As the provisions of the Convention were intended directly to affect the pilgrim traffic by sea between British India and Arabia, it became necessary to consider what amendments should be made in the law by which that traffic is at present controlled. The Government of India have been in communication with Her Majesty's Secretary of State and the Local Maritime Governments as to the best way of giving effect to these provisions, some of which introduce considerable changes into the existing arrangements. It has eventually been decided that the course which may most conveniently be adopted in all the circumstances of the case is to remove from the operation of the Native Passenger Ships Act, 1887, vessels engaged in the pilgrim traffic and to provide for them separately. A Bill drawn with that object is about to be introduced in the Council of the Governor General for making Laws and Regulations, and rules aimed at carrying out all needed changes in the regulations are now being prepared and are intended to be brought into force under and simultaneously with the new law. Meanwhile the Governor General in Council is desirous of taking this opportunity of placing before the public as early as possible full information regarding the impending changes, which are in some respects of considerable importance, and which will, it is expected, be in force in time to regulate the pilgrimage to the Hajj of the year 1896.

2. The following are the matters in which changes have to be made by legislation :-

(i) The definition of a 'pilgrim ship.'

By section 5 (2) of the Native Passenger Ships Act, 1887, a passenger on a ship to which that Act applies is defined to be 'a native of Asia or Africa of the age of twelve years or upwards, who is not on the articles of the ship as one of the crew,' but the term does not include either a passenger in attendance on a person other than a native of Asia or Africa, or a child under one year of age, and in the computation of passengers for any of the purposes of the Act, two persons of the age of one year or upwards and under the age of 12 are reckoned as one passenger. The Act does not apply to any steam-ship not carrying as passengers more than 60 natives of Asia or Africa (or any less number down to 30 which may be fixed by the Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, as the minimum). In accordance with the terms of the Convention every individual, of whatever age, will be reckoned as a pilgrim in the proposed Bill, the provisions of which will be made applicable to all vessels carrying pilgrims, subject to the proviso that no vessel is to be reckoned as a pilgrim ship which, besides its ordinary passengers, among whom may be included pilgrims of the superior classes, embarks pilgrims of the lowest class in a smaller proportion than one pilgrim to 100 gross tonnage.

The object of the Conference, in extending the scope of the regulations to vessels to which they do not now apply, was to prevent pilgrims from being carried in ill-found craft, the sanitary arrangements on which might be insufficient or incomplete.

(ii) Notice of sailing.

By section 7 (ii) of the Native Passenger Ships Act, 1887, the master, owner, or agent of a ship is required to give not less than 24 hours' notice of his intention to sail. The Conference determined that in the case of a pilgrim ship the interval should be extended to three days, and the Bill will contain a provision modified accordingly.

(iii) The upper deck.

The Convention provides that the deck must, during the voyage, remain clear of all encumbering articles and be reserved day and night for the persons embarked, and placed gratuitously at their disposal.

A provision to this effect will be embodied in the Bill.

(iv) Hospital accommodation.

The Conference determined that there should be hospital accommodation for 5 per cent. of the pilgrims at 3 square metres (32 square feet) per head. This is considerably in excess of the present allowance. The necessary provision will be included in the Bill.

(v) Medical inspection previous to embarkation,

The Conference attached considerable importance to this matter. In addressing the Local Maritime Governments on the subject in October last, the Government of India expressed their opinion that the practice of allowing pilgrims to go on board before inspection is open to serious objection, as it opens the way to the introduction on board a pilgrim vessel of infectious or contagious diseases by persons suffering from them. The Local Governments agree in this view, though there are some practical difficulties which will have to be met. Provision will accordingly be made in the Bill in order to give effect to the decisions of the Conference that the medical examination should take place on land immediately before embarkation and that articles contaminated by persons who have suffered from cholera or choleraic diarrhea should not be taken on board until disinfected, nor persons suffering from those diseases permitted to embark.

(vi) Sanitary taxes at Camaran and Jeddah.

It is provided in the Convention that the Master of a pilgrim vessel must pay the whole amount of the sanitary taxes at the ports visited and it is suggested that the amount of them might be included in the price of the ticket. The Bill will contain a provision requiring the Master to pay these fees.

This decision was adopted by the Conference because of complaints made by the Turkish authorities that Indian pilgrims often fail to pay any fees at all, and the members of the Conference felt that, unless help is given to the local authorities in realizing the proper fees, it will be less easy to press for the carrying out of local sanitary reforms the cost of which is, or should be, partly defrayable from the fees collected from pilgrims.

It is necessary here to explain that the immediate adoption of this provision presents difficulties, owing to the fact that the Turkish Government did not agree to the conditions on which the retention of Camaran as a quarantine station was assented to by the British delegates at the Conference. Those conditions were that vessels should be subjected to differential treatment according as they were declared, after

* Indemnes—are vessels on which no case of cholera has occurred either at the

case of cholera has occurred either at the port of departure or on the voyage.

Suppects—are vessels on which there has been cholera but no fresh case within seven days before arrival at Camaran.

Infectis—are vessels on which fresh cases of cholera have occurred within seven days of arrival at Camaran.

medical inspection, to be indemnes, suspects, or infectés.* If of the first class, pilgrim ships were to be detained for 48 hours only at Camaran; if suspects they were to be detained 48 hours and to undergo a second medical inspection at Jeddah; and if infectés they were to be detained at Camaran for five days from arrival, or from the occurrence of the last case, and to undergo a second medical inspection at Jeddah.

cases of cholera have occurred within seven days of arrival at Camaran.

The past practice has been for all pilgrims on vessels coming from Indian ports to be detained for ten days on shore at Camaran; if cholera or choleraic diarrhoea exists on board or breaks out during quarantine, they are detained for longer periods. It is impossible for the Government of India to declare finally what sum will have to be added on account of sanitary dues to the cost of a ticket for the voyage to Jeddah; but according to the figures supplied by the Turkish Consul-General at Bombay, about Rs. 12-8 may be taken to be the present minimum cost per pilgrim in respect of the sanitary taxes for a stay of ten days at Camaran, besides a charge of nearly Rs. 2 at Jeddah.

As the Turkish delegates at the Paris Conference announced that they would agree to the abolition of the requirement that every ship from India should be detained for ten days if the periods of detention proposed, as mentioned above, were raised to three days for indemnes, five days for suspects, and ten days for infectés, the Government of India have requested Her Majesty's Government to address the Porte with the suggestion that the rules which the Turkish delegates were prepared to accept may be adopted for the future. If this is effected, there will be a very considerable reduction in the amount of the sanitary taxes to be paid for with the price of the steamer ticket.

The Government of India, recognizing that a rigid rule requiring the prepayment of sanitary dues by every pilgrim may operate with hardship in the case of poor pilgrims, who it appears from the reports of the Turkish authorities are at present excused the sanitary fees when they are unable to pay them, have decided to suggest for the consideration of the Porte that really needy pilgrims might be excused from payment of the sanitary taxes in addition to the steamer fare if they are granted passes signed by a District Officer or Political Officer on the advice of respectable Muhammadau residents of the neighbourhood in which they live, and countersigned by a Turkish Consul in India certifying that their pecuniary position justifies their exemption. It appears to the Governor General in Council that such a measure would afford effectual relief in the case of poor Muhammadans resident in India, and His Excellency in Council trusts that it may be found possible to carry it into effect.

(vii) A second medical officer on board.

The Convention requires every vessel embarking 100 pilgrims or more to have on board a duly qualified medical officer, and a second such officer when the number of pilgrims exceeds 1,000. The first provision is in accordance with the present law; but though under the provision for the increase of space for each pilgrim (see paragraph 3 (a) below) it is unlikely that many steamers will carry more than 1,000 pilgrims, it is necessary to give effect to the Convention in this respect. This requirement will be entered in the Bill. The qualifications which these medical officers must possess will be set forth in the rules.

(viii) Abandonment of the call at Aden on the journey from the Red Sea to India.

The Government of India, with the acquiescence of the Government of Bombay, have decided that the present compulsory call at Aden on the return journey to India is unnecessary and inconvenient in many

cases. The Bill which is about to be introduced will contain the requisite provision which is not necessary to carry out the terms of the Convention, but it is in no way opposed thereto. The present requirement that every pilgrim ship from India must call at Aden, and shall not leave that port for the Red Sea without a clean bill of health, will be retained.

3. The chief points in the existing rules under the Native Passenger Ships Act, in respect of which changes have been rendered necessary by the terms of the Convention, are the following:—

(a) Increase in the space for each pilgrim.

This is the most important point in the Convention, as it will involve a considerable increase in the cost of the journey by steamer. As the law stands (section 21 of Act X of 1887), the allowance in the between decks for a steamer passenger on a long voyage (of 5 days or over) is a space of at least 9 superficial and 54 cubic feet; two children under 12 years of age, and not under one, counting as one pilgrim, and children under the age of one year not counting. By section 56 of the Act, the Governor General in Council has power to prescribe in the case of any class of ships other provisions as regards superficial or cubic space to be available for passengers.

The Convention provides for two square metres (21½ square feet) for each pilgrim of whatever age. This is one of the points upon which the British Government made a reservation. Her Majesty's Government has, however, intimated to the French Government that a minimum standard of 1½ square metres (16 square feet) for every pilgrim of whatever age will be prescribed on all Indian pilgrim ships, and the Bill will be drawn in such a manner as to enable the Governor General in Council to give effect thereto. This decision was arrived at as some increase of space was dictated by the best sanitary authorities and by the voice of all the European Powers, including the Porte, who are interested in the matter, though it is recognized that the additional space will cause increase in the cost of steamer tickets to the pilgrims.

(b) Water.

In accordance with the Convention, the allowance of a gallon of drinking water a day will be made for every pilgrim of whatever age, instead of to each pilgrim of 12 years of age and over (children not over 12 years, but not under one, counting as one pilgrim and children under one year of age not counting at all) as under the present rule.

(c) Disinfecting stove.

The new rules will provide for a disinfecting stove on board ship to purify the clothes and effects of pilgrims who have suffered from cholera or choleraic diarrhoa. Provisions will also be made regarding the method of disinfecting.

(d) Latrines.

The Government of India will take this opportunity to raise the number of seats from the rate of two to that of four for every hundred pilgrims, in accordance with the recommendation of the Committee which enquired into the working of the Native Passenger Ships Act in 1890. Provision will also be made for a staff of sweepers at the rate of two for every hundred pilgrims. Further provisions will be added for the better cleansing and disinfecting of the latrines.

(e) Pilgrims' luggage.

The Convention provides that pilgrims' heavy luggage must be registered, numbered and deposited in the hold, and that pilgrims are to be allowed to keep with them only such articles as are absolutely necessary (not to exceed a maund in weight for each pilgrim). A rule will be framed to carry this provision into effect.

(f) Daily medical inspection on board.

One of the terms of the Convention requires that when there are cases of cholera in port, pilgrims shall not be embarked until after they have been collected and subjected for five days to an observation which will admit of an assurance that none of them are affected with cholera. It was however agreed on the representation of the British delegates, that this observation could be practised on board ship between the time of departure from India and the call at Aden. A rule will be framed to provide for this.

(g) Second medical inspection before departure from India.

A reference was made to the Local Governments on a suggestion put forward by Her Majesty's Secretary of State as to the desirability of adding a second medical inspection of pilgrims on board just before a steamer weighs anchor. The Governor General in Council proposes to make a rule to the effect that in cases where a pilgrim ship may be detained in harbour for more than 48 hours after the embarkation of the pilgrims, and there is reason to suspect that small-pox, cholera, yellow fever or plague may have attacked some of the pilgrims, a second medical inspection shall be made by a competent medical officer.

4. The reservations made by Her Majesty's Government from the terms of the Convention were, as noticed above, upon three points. One of these as regards space has already been mentioned in paragraph 3 (a) supra. The second reservation was regarding arrangements in the Persian Gulf, and does not call for notice here. The third was as to a provision of the Convention requiring that all pilgrims

must have ample funds in their possession before they are allowed to embark. The British Government, acting on the previously declared views of the Government of India who have always desired to facilitate the pilgrimage to the Hedjaz as much as possible, felt that this restriction upon the religious liberty of Muhammadan subjects of Her Majesty was not justifiable, and declined to accede to it.

- 5. It will be observed that the changes in the regulation of the pilgrim traffic between India and Arabia which are necessitated by the Paris Convention made between the chief European powers have for their object the amelioration of the conditions under which Muhammadans perform their journey to and from the Hedjaz. At the same time it is fully recognized both by Her Majesty's Government and by the Government of India that some of these changes, especially that as regards space, will add very materially to the cost of the sea voyage. The Governor General in Council is therefore glad to be able to materially to the cost of the sea voyage. The Governor General in Council is therefore glad to be able to intimate that the British Government have undertaken to lose no opportunity of pressing upon the Turkish Government—and, if requested, they will lend skilled officers to assist His Majesty the Sultan's Government in fulfilling—the duty of remedying the condition of affairs at Camaran in the manner indicated by the Paris Convention, and of improving the sanitary administration at Jeddah and Meeca in the way proposed by the Sanitary Council of Constantinople and the able officers who have from time to time reported to the Porte on the requirements of the situation. The Governor General in Council also wishes to assure the Muhammadan community that he is most anxious, whilst taking measures to bring about improvements in the conditions of both the sea and the land journeys to Mecca, to impose no additional expense of an unnecessary nature, and he is also not without hope that it may be found possible to induce the Turkish Government to lessen the time for which Indian pilgrims are placed in quarantine at Camaran, and thereby to reduce the sanitary taxes which will have to be recovered from pilgrims, and also to exempt really needy pilgrims from payment of these dues.
- 6. It is proposed that the provisions of the Bill and the new rules shall come into force on the 1st October 1895, so as to apply to the pilgrimage which will take place in the spring of 1896. Local Governments and Administrations are requested to make the contents of this Resolution generally known as soon as possible.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution be published in the Gazette of India, and that copies be forwarded to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, and the Chief Commissioner of Burma and to the Foreign, Finance and Commerce and Legislative Departments, for information.

[True Extract]

(Signed) J. P. HEWETT, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 2962.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, under Section 2 of Act XXXVI of 1858, the Superintendent of the Central Prison, Hyderabad, to be a visitor of the Lunatic Asylum, Hyderabad.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DEC. ATKINS. Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th July 1895.

No. 2393.—In accordance with Rule 8 of the Rules prescribed in the Notification by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce No. 16, dated 1st January 1889, republished in the Bombay Government Gazette of the 10th idem, under No. 116, dated 9th idem, Financial Department, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following application from the Sukkur Municipality for permission to raise a loan of Rs. one lakh under the provisions of the Local Authorities Loans Act of 1879:-

"No. 3515 of 1895.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE COLLECTOR AND PRESIDENT, SUKKUR MUNICIPALITY;

To

THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

Collector and President's Office, Sukkur, 23rd May 1895.

I have the honour to request, on behalf of the Municipal Corporation of Sukkur, permission to borrow during the year 1895-96 in the open market under the authority of the Local Authorities

Loans Act of 1879, the sum of Rs. 1,00,000 (one lakh) for the Construction of Water-works and Drainage for the City of Sukkur within Municipal limits.

2. The accompanying Statements A to H give the particulars required by Rule 6 of the Rules relating to loans so raised.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

(Signed) Alfred Maynew, Colonel, Collector and President, Sukkur Municipality.

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing particulars pursuant to Rule 5 of the Rules published by the Government of India for the raising of Loans by Local Authorities.

I .- The loan is required for completing the following work :-

Water-works for Sukkur within municipal limits, the estimated cost of which is Rs. 3,49,119.

II.—The amount which it is proposed to borrow is Rs. (1,00,000) one lake in addition to the Rs. (2,00,000) two lakes already borrowed for the water-works (vide Government Resolution No. 3707, dated 24th October 1893).

III.—It is proposed to borrow the sum on the security of the general revenues of the Sukkur Municipality, which have been increased owing to the extra bandar fees, the extra house-tax rate of two per cent., and a duty on grain (except wheat and oil-seeds) of one anna per maund, recently sanctioned. The additional amount realized from these sources is estimated to be—

Extra Bandar fees	•••	•••			Rs.	15,315
Two per cent. house-tax		•••			"	6,000
One anna on grain (except w	heat and oil-	seeds)	•••	•••	"	9,785
				1.0	Rs.	31,100

as per statements annexed marked B. G and H.

IV.—The laws under which the fees, &c., are levied, received or held are Bombay Acts VI of 1873 and II of 1884.

V.—The loan is required for a period not exceeding (30) thirty years. The money will be received during the current official year in four instalments as under:—

25 per cent. on application,

25 per cent. on allotment,

25 per cent, three months from date of allotment, and

25 per cent, six months from date of allotment

Tenderers paying up in full will receive the interest from date of allotment and will be paid half-yearly at 5 per cent. per annum (2,500+2,500=5,000) and a sum of Rs. 2,000 will be set aside annually as a Sinking Fund, which with interest accumulating at 3½ per cent. will pay off the loan within the period of thirty years.

VI.—The annual receipts and expenditure of the Municipality for the last three years are submitted in Supplementary Statements, B to E (annexed), from which it will appear that the average receipts have been Rs. 1,03,119-10-0, and the average ordinary expenditure Rs. 84,105-9-1, leaving a balance of Rs. 19,014-0-11.

In addition to this the income expected from extra Bandar fees, extra house-tax, and octroi duty on grain (except wheat and oil-seeds) will amount to Rs. 31,100 per annum, as shown in the annexed statements referred to in paragraph 3.

VII.—The only existing charge on the funds of this Municipality is the interest and annual payment to the Sinking Fund of Rs. 18,280 on the loan of Rs. 2,00,000 recently raised.

(Signed) ALFRED MAYHEW, Colonel, President, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

[PART I

APPENDIX B.

Statement showing the ordinary Income of the Sukkur Municipality for the last three years.

Particulars.	Actuals for 1892-93.	Actuals for 1893-94,	Actuals for 1894-95.	Total.	Particulars.	Actuals for 1892-93.	Actuals for 1893-94.	Actuals for 1894-95.	Total.
A.—Municipal Tazes. Gross Octroi Receipts Octroi Refunds	Rs. a. p. 2,04,425 0 0 1,63,890 0 6	Rs. a. p. 1,44,793 15 2 1,22,491 11 0	Rs. a. p. 1,24,398 14 5 64,506 4 4	Rs. a. p. 4,73,617 13 7 3,50,887 15 10	and Collection Charges.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Octroi (net)	40,534 15 6 4,522 1 7 1,173 8 0 1,389 7 0 13 10 0	22,302 4 2 6,377 6 6 2,717 8 0 2,081 9 0 9 2 0	59,892 10 1 4,895 4 11 2,968 8 0 2,142 12 6 5 10 0	1,22,729 13 9 15,794 13 0 6,859 8 0 5,613 12 6 28 6 0	Magistrate's Establishment Collection of taxes, including bonded warehouses		10,033 1 11	10,741 0 3	28,304 6 1
S. Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates)		£		•••••	and money-boxes, books, repairs to out-posts &c 3. Collection of tolls on roads and ferries	7371 5 1	7,353 15 5	6,767 1 9	21,482 6 3
B.—Realizations under Special Acts. 1. Pounds	1,159 15 7	638 13 10	815 13 10	2,614 11 3	4. Survey of lands 5. Refunds (other than Octroi.) 6. Pensions and Gratuities		1,406 3 0 39 9 4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4,702 0 4 206 0 5 1,136 5 2
2. Hackney carriage 3. Licenses for sale of spirits and drugs 4. Others	30 14 0			30 14 0	B.—Public Safety. 1. Fire (Establishment, purchase of fire engines,				
C.—Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from Taxation.					buckets, repairs, &c Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamp-posts, oil repairs, &c.)	1,402 0 11	311 9 3 4,114 12 3	588 7 7 3,764 2 9	2,302 1 9
Rent of land, houses, serais, and dak bungalows Sale-proceeds of land and	2,464 15 3	3,487 3 3	5,966 13 4	11,918 15 10	3. Police (establishment, pur-				
3. Conservancy receipts other than taxes and rates	5,289 15 3 49 4 6	9,403 S 7 41 5 0	11,951 9 8 44 4 0	134 13 6	6	3 6 0	1 8 0	1 14 0	6 12 0
4. Fees and revenue from Educational Institutions. 5. Fees and revenue from	1,392 9 0	1,670 0 0	1,717 0 0	4,779 9 0	C.—Public Health and Convenience. J. Water-supply—				
6. Fees and revenue from market and slaughter-houses	9,305 4 10	8,433 13 0	8,205 3 11	25,914 5 9	Capital outlay Establishment	4,777 5 4		1,88,998 11 4 17,306 7 0	29,644 10 5
7. Fees and revenue from tramways					Capital outlay Establishment 3. Conservancy (including	6,267 10 11		744 1 4 6,424 13 S	2,324 13 9 18,725 4 3
(1) Sale of fruits (2) Town-crier's fees (3) Process fees	27 0 6 53 12 0	•••••	1 3 0	27 0 6 53 12 0 1 3 0 63 0 0	latrines) 4. Hospitals and dispensaries	23,733 4 9 7,968 7 8	2,694 3 9	5,666 11	16,329 6 5
(4) Fees for pitching tents (5) Sanad fees (6) Bandar fees	10,239 3 1	20,266 11 9	72 4 0 24,071 0 5	72 4 0 54,576 15 3	6. Market and slaughter			1,334 6	

Part I]

(7) Auction fees	19 11 6		60 8 2 20 14 6	60 8 0 40 10 0	7. Pounds 8. Dak bungalow and serais		72 0 0	328 13 8	400 13 8
(9) Fees for use of Town Hall (10) Quarry fees	3 0 0	327 2 8	355 0 8	$\begin{smallmatrix}3&0&0\\482&3&4\end{smallmatrix}$	9. Arboriculture, Public Gardens and experimental cultivations	1,078 5 0	1,223 12 8	794 2 3	3,096 3 11
9. Fines under Municipal and other Acts	261 11 3	497 12 9	421 8 0	1,181 0 0	10. Registration of Births and Deaths				
10. Interest on Investments 11. Premiums on Loans	2,259 0 0	2,687 9 6 3,199 0 0	560 1 4 372 8 0	5,486 10 10 3,571 8 0	(i) Establishment (ii) Buildings	3,158 8 6 3,539 13 7	2,952 0 2 15,668 2 3	2,727 5 9 5,722 4 5	8,837 · 14 5 24,930 4 3
D.—Grants and Contribution for General and Special purposes.					(iii) Roads (iv) Stores	7,237 15 1	3,897 0 1 54 0 0	5,035 7 10 80 7 11	16,170 7 0 134 7 11
1. From Government 2. From Local Funds	1,376 0 0 112 3 0	3,767 8 0 183 14 0	9,305 3 10 145 14 0	14,448 J1 J0 441 15 0	D.—Public Instruction. 1. Schools and Colleges 2. Contributions	10,596 0 0 2,930 0 0	10,840 13 5 2,750 0 0	11,916 0 0 1,750 0 0	33,352 13 5 7,430 0 0
EMiscellaneous.					3. Libraries, Museums, Mena- geries, &c.	600 0 0	. 600 0 0	600 0 0	1,800 0 0
1. Recoveries on account of services rendered 10		107 0 0	1,383 8 1	2,015 8 1	E.—Contribution for general				
private individuals 2. Other items	497 0 0 311 12 7	135 0 0 631 11 0	2,791 12 7	3,738 4 2	FMiscellaneous.				
FExtraordinary and Debt.				1+1418	J. Interest on loans— Previous year Current year	*****		6,592 2 2	6,592 2 2
1. Sale-proceeds of Govern- ment Securities and with-					2. Discount 3. Actual cost of work done for private individuals		60 9 4	35 0 0	95 9 4
drawals from Savings Bank 2. Loans from Government raised in the market from		10.1			4. Other items	6,830 4 3	5,477 6 11	3,475 8 8	15,783 3 10
private individuals 3. Realisations of Sinking Fund				11	GExtraordinary and Debt. 1. Investments-				
for repayment of loans 4. Advances (a) Permanent					(a) In securities (other than Sinking Fund) (b) In Savings Bank				
(a) Permanent (b) Others					2. Payment to Sinking Fund				
					4. Advances— (a) Permanent (b) Others				
					5. Deposits	100757 0 8	1,11,914 7 9	3,03,144 8 5	5.17,876 9 8
			1.		n Just-	1,02,787 9 6	1,11,514 / 5	3,03,111 5 0	
					Extraordinary expenditure as per statement attached, Appendix C	19,221 15 5	39,109 3 -1	2,08,228 11 4	2,65,559 14 4
Total	82,529 14 5	88,861 15 0	1,37,967 0 8	3,09,353 14 1	Net ordinary Expenditure	83,565 10 1	73,835 4 2	91,915 13 1	2,52,316 11 4
		Average of 3 y	rears' receipts	1,03,119 10 0		Average (of 3 years' ordinaer	y expenpiture	84,105 9 1

Note. The doubled Bandar fee rates came into operation on the 1st September 1894, consequently half the fee from that date to 31st March 1895 is Rs. 8,629-3-8.

By order,
(Signed) W. A. Ingle,
Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX C.

Detailed statement of extraordinary works undertaken during the year 1892-93.

	Amount.							
						Rs.	a.	p.
Grant to the Lady Dufferin E	emale Med	dical Hospi	ital. Shik	áinur		5,000	0	0
Purchase of machinery, tools	and plant,	i.e., Lathe.	Ratchet	Brace.	Test	0,000		
Pump and Drill		•••				1,019	0	0
Iron Dust Bins			1-41			5,000	0	0
Compensation for damage car	sed to a p	rivate buil	ding by	bursting	g of			
a Municipal water-pipe	***					998	3	0
Water-works in progress	,					4,664	12	2
Gratuity to Mr. Bock, late Sa	nitary Ins	pector				960	0	0
Cholera expenditure	1					. 530	0	3
Compensation for burning La	ndhis affect	ted with cl	nolera			1,050	0	0
							-	-
				Total		19,221	15	5

By order,

(Signed) W. A. INGLE, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX C.

Detailed statement of extraordinary works undertaken during the year 1893-94.

	Particulars.										
						Rs.	a	. p.			
Water-works in p	rogress					18,380	9	0			
Sheds for brokers	and sugar-	cane sellers in	Victoria	a Market		1,040	6	3			
Skins and hides (dodowns	•••	***	***		3,546	0	11			
New Octroi Office			***	***		394	14	7			
New Vernacular			•••			7,730	0	0			
Additions and alt	erations to S	School buildin	gs			1,408	0	1			
Foot-path		•••	***	***		1,557	6	4			
Benches	•••	***		***		239	4	0			
Improvements to	the Town H	all compound				856	0	0			
Iron safes	***		•••			248	0	0			
Iron cots for Disp	ensary	***	***			135	10	5			
Expenditure on ra	ising loan					2,393	0	0			
Iron cages	***				•••	180	0	0			
				Total		38,109	3	7			

By order,

(Signed) W. A. Ingle, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX C.

Detailed statement of extraordinary works undertaken during the year 1894-95.

	Amount.						
				*	Rs.	a.	p.
Gratuity				•••	176	5	2
Fees to Mr. Edwin Ault for	sewerage sche	eme	414		569	6	6
Translating Municipal Rul	es into Sindhi		•••	•••	250	0	0
Printing do.	do.	•••		•••	183	12	0
Water-works in progress	***	•••		•••	2,06,305	2	4
Drainage survey	•••	•••	•••	•••	744	1	4
			a de la constitución de la const	Total	2,08,228	11	4

By order,

(Signed) W. A. INGLE, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX D.

Statement showing the existing annual charges against Income to meet payments of interest and repayment of Loan.

. Loan,	Amount of sanctioned Loan.	Balance of Loan on 1st April 1894.	Amount of Annual Charges.	Amount required for repayment of Loan,	Remarks.
Loan of 1•94	Rs. 2,00,000	Rs. 1,38,500 received up to 31st March 1894, the remainder having been receiv- ed in 1894-95.	Rs. 10,000. Sinking Fund	with interest accu-	

By order,
(Signed) W. A. INGLE,
Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX E.

Items of Loan Income Contributions, &c., not included in Appendix B. shown separately, vide Note under Clause 7 of Rule 5 of the Rules.

Particulars.		1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95,	Total,
		Rs. a, p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Sale-proceeds of Governme withdrawals from Saving 1			60,000 0 0		60,000 0 0
Loan from Government and the market from private in			1,38,500 0 0	61,500 0 0	2,00,000 0 0
Realization of Sinking Fund	•••		•••••	7,000 0 0	7,000 0 0
Advances		5,151 3 9	11,533 10 7	2,11,987 10 10	2,28,672 9 2
Deposits		9,903 3 3	9,137 10 6	27,157 6 3	46,198 4 0
	Total	15,054 7 0	2,19,171 5 1	3,07,645 1 1	5,41,870 13 2

By order,

(Signed) W. A. INGLE, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX E.

Items of Loan Expenditure and Contributions, &c., not included in Appendix B. shown separately, vide Note under Clause 7 of Rule 5 of the Rules.

Particu	1692-93,	1	1893-94.	1894-95.	Total.			
	-		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Advances			 5,094 7 6	6	1,35,371 7 7	1,34,607 15 9	2,75,073 14 10	
Deposits			 11,565 5	1	7,863 7 5	21,775 14 8	41,204 11 2	
Payment to Sinking Fur	d		 	1		7,000 0 0	7,000 0 0	
		Total	 16,659 12	7	1,43,234 15 0	1,63,383 14 5	3,23,278 10 0	

By order,

(Signed) W. A. INGLE, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX F.

Explanation of important variations in Income and Expenditure.

INCOME.

A .- Municipal Taxes.

- (1) Octroi.—There is a marked variation in the net receipts of the three years. The receipts for 1893-94 fell short owing to large refunds on articles which were removed from the schedule. A new schedule was introduced in 1893-94, which worked very well, and had it not been for the heavy refunds above referred to, the receipts would have been upwards of half a lakh. The results of the working of the new schedule for 1894-95 shows that it has been a success.
- (2) Tax on Houses.—The receipts for 1893-94 are much higher than the other two years. This is owing to the arrears due having all been collected and credited during that year.
- (3) Tax on Vehicles, and (4) Tolls on Roads and Ferries.—The receipts under these heads are gradually increasing owing to the increased number of vehicles which ply for hire and to the increased number of carts which bring in produce from the districts.

C .- Revenue derived from Municipal Property and Powers apart from Taxation.

- (1) Rent of Land, &c.—The increase under this head is owing to several plots of land having been sold on lease and to the rents realized from the dåk bungaiow and the godowns for storing skins and hides recently built by the Municipality,
- (2). Sale-proceeds of Land, &c.—The large increase under this head in 1893-94 and 1834-95 is owing to several plots having been sold during the two years.

8 .- Others.

5. Bandar Fees.—The large increase in 1893-94 is owing partly to recoveries of arrears due by the Forest Department and to the large imports of produce, the season having been a good one. The increase in 1894-95 is owing to the rates of fees having been doubled since the 1st of September 1894.

D .- GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS.

(i.) - From Government.

The increase in the year 1893-94 is on account of the grant received from Government for the Anglo-Vernacular School, which has also been received during 1894-95. The remainder of the increase in 1894-95 is on account of the moiety of the cost of the Sindhi School, Old Sukkur.

EXPENDITURE.

A .- General Administration and Collection Charges.

(i.) - General Administration and Office Establishment.

The increase in 1893-94 and 1894-95 is on account of a better paid Secretary having been appointed and small additions made in the office establishment.

(4) .- Survey of Land.

The increase in 1893-94 is owing to the appointment of a Surveyor, and that in 1894-95 is owing to the entertainment temporarily of an extra Surveyor and Draftsman to survey the plots made over to the Railway, &c., and to complete the maps, as well as to make a fresh copy of the survey sheets, which had been very much torn, and to the appointment of a Tapedár to examine and report on encroachments.

C .- PUBLIC HEALTH.

1 .- Water-supply.

This expenditure, which is classed as extraordinary, has been sanctioned by the Board. It is a scheme for supplying the town with pure water from the river.

II .- PUBLIC WORKS.

(ii) Buildings.—The increase under this head in 1893-94 is owing to the construction of godowns for the storage of hides and skins outside the town and a Sindhi school at Old Sukkur.

E .- MISCELLANEOUS.

(i) .- Interest on Loans.

This item appears for the first time in 1894-95, and is on account of interest paid on the loan of two lakhs recently taken up for the Water Works.

By Order,

(Signed) W. A. INGLE, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX G.

Statement showing the anticipated Income from the new sources sanctioned by the Board on the 5th May 1894 and 10th April 1895 respectively.

Source of Income.	Amount.			Remarks.
	Rs.	a.	p.	A contract where he
Income of Bandar fee Income of 2 per cent, in House-tax and lowering minimum of taxation	15,315	0	0	Calculated on average of 3 past years.
to Rs. 25 Octroi duty on grain except wheat	6,000	0	0	or the state of the state of
and oil-seeds	9,785	0	0	As per statement of average of 5 years.
Total Rs	31,100	0	0	age of 5 years.

By order,

(Signed) W. A. INGLE, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission.

APPENDIX H.

Statement showing Octroi Receipts and Refunds during the years from 1884-85 to 1888-89 on Grain of all kinds except Wheat and Oil-seeds.

Years.	Articles.	R	ate.	Per	Amount	of T	ax.	Amou	int o	2	Net Re	celpt	8.	Rat	te per und.		Incom 1 anna Maun	per		Aver	rly	-
		Rs.	a. p	Md.	Rs.	a,	p.	Rs.	a. ;	p.	Rs.	a. 1). I	Rs.	a. p		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a, p	
1884-85	Grain of sorts except wheat and oil-seeds,		0	6	45,583	4	3	43,416	11	5	2,166	8	10	0	1 (0	4,333	1	8			
	Rice	0	1 (0	928	6	5	4	6	0	924		5	0	1	0	924		5			
1885-56	Grain of sorts except		0	6	21,355	15	6	15,133	13	11	6,222	1	7	0	1	0	12,444	3	2			
	wheat and cil-seeds.		2 7		0 400													•				
Ke Chillian	Rice	0		0	9,709			5,241		0	4,467			0		0	4,467	6				
1586-87	Grain of sorts except wheat and oil-seeds.		0		10,690	11	2	8,261	10	9	2,429	0	5	0	1	0	4,858	0	10			
	Rice	0	1	0	4,974	2	7	2,851	5	8	2,122	12	13	0	1	0	2,122	12	17			
1887-88	Grain of sorts except wheat and oil-seeds.		0	6	12,377		1	8,959		8	3,418	7	5	0	1	0	6,836	14	10			
	Rice	0	1	0	4,739	7	8	2,508	3	7	2,231	4	1	0	1	0	2,231	4	1			
1888-59	Grain of sorts except	Ö	0	6	11,541		G	7,041			4,499		5	0	ī	Ö			10	Parent.		
	wheat and oil-seeds.							1												7 7 7		
TAX DIN	Rice	10	1	0	3,546	15	1	2,135	11	7	1,71	1 3	6	0	1	0	1,711	. 3	6		1	
A10 4	Total				1,25,747	2	2	95,55	1 8	8	30,19	2 9	6				48,928	3 7	2	9,7	85 0)

Note.-This duty was stopped at the end of 1888-89.

By order,

(Signed) W. A. INGLE, Secretary, Sukkur Municipal Commission."

By order of His Escellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Rs. a. p.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th July 1895.

No. 4793.—Whereas it appears to His Excellency the Governor in Council that the conduct of the inhabitants of the municipal district of Yeola renders it expedient temporarily to increase the strength of the Police in the said municipal district for a further period of one year in continuation of the period sanctioned in Government Notification No. 2365A, dated the 6th April 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 25 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, to direct the employment in the local area comprised within the said municipal district of additional Police of the strength and cost set forth below in Statement I from the 6th April 1895 to the 31st July 1895 and of the reduced strength and cost set forth in Statement II from the 1st August to the 5th April 1896, unless in the meantime the inhabitants shall show by their good conduct that the continued employment of additional Police is not necessary:—

STATEMENT I.

	STATEMENT 1.		Lts.	a.	p.
7	European Inspector		200	0	0
	European Chief Constable		90	Ü	0
-	Zaropour Giner Consumers III				
	Armed.				
1	Head Constable, I Class		30	0	0
î	TT		20	0	0
2			30	0	0
2		2	24	0	0
		0	300	0	0
30		9	270	0	0
31	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	8	248	0	0
	Writer Head Constable, IV Class		12	0	0
_					_
100	Monthly Cost		1,224	0	0
				_	_
	Cost for 3 months and 25 days		4,692	0	0
Add-					
One	-twelfth on account of pension cont	ri-			
	ution of policemen whose pay is 1				
	han Rs. 100		327	1	9
	-sixth on account of pension contrib	111-		-	
	ion of policemen whose pay excee				
	Rs. 100		127	12	5
	er cent. on account of supervision, &	.o.	281	8	3
	thing grant for 98 men at the rate		201	0	
	ls. 6 per man per annum	01	187	13	4
	tting allowance for 98 men at the r	ate	101	10	T
	CD C	uvo	187	13	4
	or as, 6 per man per annum orse allowance to the European Insp	-20	101		100
	or at Rs. 30 per mensem (Governm				
	Notification No. 5766A, dated the 20				
	August 1894)	7014	115	0	0
1	ragase root)		110	U	U
To	tal Cost for 3 months and 25 days		5,919	1	1
10	tar cost for a month and for days	•••	0,010		_
		78.00	100		1
	STATEMENT II.		Da		-
	DIALBERT II.		Rs.	a.	p.
1	European Inspector		200	0	0
		-			•
	Armed.				
i	Head Constable, II Class		20	0	0
i	" III "		15	Ü	ŏ
î	", ÎV " …		12	Ö	Ö
9	Constables, I ,, at Rs. 10		90	0	ő
14	TT	•••	126	0	0
14	" TII " " O	•••	112		0
	Writer Head Constable, IV Class	•••		0	0
1	WITHER TIEBU COURTEDIE, IV CIASS	•••	12	0	0
		103		-	1
	Monthly Cost		587	0	0
	DAULILIY COSt	***	007	U	U
		1		1	-
	Cost for 8 months and 5 days		4,793	13	4
		-	The state of the s	-	1000

4dd—	Rs.	а.	p.
One-twelfth on account of pension contribution of policemen whose pay is less than Rs. 100 One-sixth on account of pension contributions of the contribution of t	263	6	0
bution of policemen whose pay exceeds		3	7
Rs. 100	287	10	i
6 per cent. on account of supervision, &c Clothing grant for 41 men at Rs. 6 per			
man per annam		6	8
Hutting allowance at the rate of Rs. 6 per			
man per annum		6	8
Horse allowance to the European Inspec-			
tor at Rs. 30 per mensem (Government			
Notification No. 5766A, dated the 20th		0	
August 1894)	245	0	0
Total Cost for 8 months and 5 days	6,196	14	4
			_
Total Cost for one year	12,115	15	5

2. The Governor in Council is further pleased, under sub-section (2) of Section 25 of the said Act, to direct that the cost of such additional Police shall be defrayed wholly by a rate charged on such section of the inhabitants of the municipal district of Yeola as is at present liable to pay the municipal house-tax, and that in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of Section 25, the amount of the charge shall be paid by the municipality from the municipal fund, the rate being assessed by the municipality conformably to the direction given under sub-section (2) for recovering the cost from persons liable to pay the house-tax.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 29th June 1895.

No. 50.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

"INDIA-WEST COAST.

KARA'CHI HARBOUR.

Buoy Adrift.

Telegraphic communication has been received from the Port Officer, Manora, Karáchi, dated 27th instant, that the Karáchi Harbour black outer can buoy is adrift."

Bombay Castle, 3rd July 1895.

No. 51.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

" CEYLON-SOUTH-WEST COAST.

Guidurah Rock Buoy Adrift.

Telegraphic information has been received from the Master Attendant of Point De Galle, dated 1st July 1895, that the buoy marking Guidurah rock off the south-west coast of Ceylon is adrift. Mariners rounding the south coast of Ceylon are cautioned accordingly." No. 52.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

"GULF OF ADEN - NORTH SHORE-ADEN HARBOUR.

Bar across the New Channel Entrance.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Aden, dated 21st June 1895, that a bar has formed across the entrance to the new channel, 600 yards outside the principal light vessel, having 23½ feet at low water equinoctial spring tides; it will be dredged to 26 feet as soon as weather permits."

Bombay Castle, 10th July 1895.

No. 53,—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

"INDIA-BAY OF BENGAL-BURMAH.

Rangoon River-Erection of Datum Posts.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Rangoon, dated 28th June 1895, that two datum posts are being erected, one towards the southern end of the Hastings Shoal and the other on the western edge of the centre of the Liffy Sands.

Each of these posts will carry a basket painted black.

Cargo boats and other craft are prohibited from anchoring close to or fastening to these posts." Bombay Castle, 15th July 1895.

No. 58.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

"INDIA-BAY OF BENGAL-BURMA.

Rangoon River—Alteration in position of certain Buoys.

The following information, dated 2nd instant, has been received from the Port Officer, Rangoon:—

Lower Middle Bank Buoy has been moved to the southward and re-laid in 18 feet, reduced on the following magnetic bearings from the buoy:

Elephant Point Obelisk—S. 23° 40′ E. Telegraph Flag-staff – S. 63° 20′ W.

Chowky Lamp Lower Buoy has been moved N.W. by W. and re-laid in 16 feet, reduced on the following magnetic bearings from the buoy:

Syriam Pagoda—N. 27° E. Shive Dagon Pagoda—N. 36° W.

Chowky Lamp Upper Buoy has been moved to the northward and re-laid in 30 feet, reduced on the following magnetic bearings from the buoy:

> Syriam Pagoda—N. 35° E. Shive Dagon Pagoda—N. 35° 30′ W."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> J. DEC. ATKINS, Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th July 1895.

No. 2929.—The following telegram from the British Consul, Alexandria, dated 15th July 1895, is published for general information:—

"My telegram of 4th July last. Pilgrimage now declared infected, and Quarantine Regulations for infected return pilgrimage again put in force against arrivals from Arabian Red Sea Ports."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DEC. ATKINS, Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th July 1895.

No. 4970.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following Order which appeared in the London Gazette of the 25th June 1895:—

" India Office, June 20, 1895.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Frederick Farran, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, to be Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in the place of Sir Charles Sargent, Knight, resigned."

No. 4971.—With reference to Government Notification No. 4970, dated the 16th July 1895, it is hereby notified that the Honourable Mr. Justice Charles Frederick Farran, Barrister-at-Law, assumed the execution of the duties of his office as Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 4th July 1895, in the afternoon.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL, Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th July 1895.

No. 4422.—Lieutenant R. S. Pottinger, acting Second-in-Command, Sávantvádi Local Corps, and ex-officio Assistant to the Political Superintendent, Sávantvádi, has been granted privilege leave for one month and seventeen days with effect from the 18th June 1895.

No. 4428.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointment in lieu of the appointments made in this Department Notification No. 4185, dated the 1st July 1895, which are hereby cancelled:

July 1895, which are hereby cancelled: -Major W. P. Kennedy to be Administrator of

the Navánagar State.

Bombay Castle, 15th July 1895.

No. 4459.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Jackson to be Political Superintendent, Pálanpur, vice Colonel W. A. Salmon, retiring.

Bombay Castle, 16th July 1895.

No. 4480.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information:—

"Simla, the 9th July 1895.

No. 1288-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Hadji Mirza Hassan Khan as Consul-General for Persua at Bombay.

(Signed) W. J. CUNINGHAM, Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th July 1895.

No. 4702.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. F. T. V. Austin to do duty as District Superintendent of Police in the Thána District vice Mr. Dhanjisha Dadabhai, retiring.

2. In modification of Government Notification No. 3835, dated the 10th June 1895, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. W. Fellowes, on relief by Mr. A. R. Maidment at Broach, to do duty as District Superintendent of Police in the Surat District pending further orders.

Bombay Castle, 12th July 1895.

No. 4826.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. Knight, I. C. S., Assistant Collector in the district of Bijápur, to do duty as Assistant Judge in the Sholápur-Bijápur District pending further orders.

2. Under Section 19 of Act XIV of 1869, His Excellency in Council is further pleased to invest Mr. Knight with all the powers of a District Judge within the portion of the Sholapur-Bijapur District in the executive charge of the Collector of Bijapur, and to direct that he shall ordinarily hold his Court at Bijapur. His Excellency in Council is also pleased under Section 9 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to appoint Mr. Knight to be a Joint Sessions Judge in the Sholapur-Bijapur Sessions Division, and further to direct, under Section 193 of the Code, that he shall try all cases which may be committed for trial by the Magistrates of the Bijapur Collectorate.

No. 4852.—Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Captain F. A. C. Kreyer, Cantonment Magistrate and Magistrate of the First Class, Ahmedabad, to try in a summary way the offences referred to in clauses (a) to (k) of Section 260 of the said Code.

No. 4853.—Messrs. T. S. Hamilton, I. C. S., and R. S. Tipnis, B.A., LL.B., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge, Surat, on the 26th ultimo, in the afternoon.

No. 4855.—Mr. H. O. Quin, I. C. S., is appointed under Section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the Panch Maháls District, with effect from the date on which he may join his appointment as acting Collector and District Magistrate, Panch Maháls, in pursuance of Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 4803, dated the 26th ultimo.

No. 4857.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (1) of Section 3 of the Bombay Mámlatdárs' Courts Act, 1876, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize A'zam Vishnu Bhasker Phatak, Mahálkari, petha Khandalla in the district of Sátára, to exercise within that petha the powers of a Mámlatdár under the said Act.

No. 4859.—Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Ráo Sáheb Bhagwandas Ramji Gujar, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Kolába, with the following additional power, being one of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:

Power to require security for good behaviour (Section 110).

Bombay Castle, 15th July 1895.

No. 4913.—Messrs. J. J. Heaton, I. C. S., and T. S. Hamilton, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge, Dhárwár, on the 6th instant, in the afternoon.

No. 4915.—Under Section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to place Mr. G. Carmichael, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in charge of the Eastern Sub-division of the Poona District, also in charge of the Western Sub-division of that district comprising the talukas of Junnar, Khed, Maval and Haveli.

No. 4917.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (1) of Section 3 of the Bombay Mámlatdárs' Courts Act, 1876, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise A'zam Maneklal Vrijbhukhandas, Extra Head Kárkún, táluka Nadiád in the district of Kaira, to exercise within that táluka the powers of a Mámlatdár under the said Act.

Bombay Castle, 16th July 1895.

No. 4919.—Mr. Horace Page, I. C. S., Assistant Collector in the district of Bijapur, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to require security for good behaviour (Section 1.10).

Power to make orders as to local nuisances (Section 133).

Power to issue process for person within local jurisdiction who has committed an offence outside the local jurisdiction (Section 186).

Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, &c. (Section 524).

No. 4921.—A'zam Amratlal Tribhowandas, acting Head Karkún, táluka Nadiád in the district of Kaira, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 4957.—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation by Mr. N. A. Hormarjee Wadia of the office of Delegate of the Pársi Ghief Matrimonial Court at Bombay.

Bombay Castle, 17th July 1895.

No. 4974.—Ráo Sáheb Shrinivas Venkatrao Yatgiri, Mámlatdár, táluka Indi in the district of Bijápur, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to pass sentences of whipping (Section

32

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144. Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191). Power to commit for trial (Section 200).

No. 4976.—Mr. H. Pogson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khándesh, passed on the 8th instant an examination in Maráthi according to the test prescribed in Rule XXIV of the Rules relating to Police officers dated the 22nd December 1894.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th July 1895.

No. 5378.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. L. Sale, I. C. S., to do duty as Assistant Collector, Poona, pending further orders.

No. 5379.—Mr. C. D. Brown has been permitted to retire from Her Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment with effect from 22nd June 1895.

Bombay Castle, 17th July 1895.

No. 5420.—Mr. H. F. Carvalho, Assistant to the Commissioner, N. D., is granted privilege leave of absence for three months from 1st August 1895.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th July 1895,

No. 33.—The following appointments are made:—
The Reverend G. H. Lewis, B.A., to be Chaplain of Ghorepuri on the return to duty of the Reverend C. Mayhew, Chaplain of Byculla.
The Reverend H. N. Midwinter, M.A., to be Chaplain of Rájkot.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> J. DEC. ATKINS, Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 6th July 1895.

No. 1294.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. Behramji Framji Patel, B.A., to act as Principal, Elphinstone High School, Bombay, during the absence of Mr. R. D. Prior, M.A., on privilege leave or pending further orders.

Mr. Sunderrao Gajanan Jayakar, M.A., B.Sc., to act as Vice-Principal, Elphinstone High School, Bombay, vice Mr. Patel, pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> J. DEC. ATKINS, Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th July 1895.

No. 2907.—His Excellency the Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. J. J. Heaton, I. C. S., to be his Private Secretary, with effect from July 26th, 1895, vice Mr. Edgerley, who resigns the appointment.

Bombay Castle, 15th July 1895.

No. 2920. — Surgeon-Captain T. E. Dyson, M.B., C.M., Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Gujarát Registration District, is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months and twenty-nine days with effect from 12th July 1895.

2. The Civil Surgeon, Surat, is appointed to act as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Gujarát Registration District, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Surgeon-Captain Dyson.

Bombay Castle, 17th July 1895.

No. 2976.—VOLUNTEER CORPS.—

Poona Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Captain Frederick Wharton Marriott is transferred to the Unattached List with effect from the 1st May 1895.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> J. DEC. ATKINS, Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th July 1895.

No. 61.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to promote Mr. F. R. Bader, Assoc.M.Inst.C.E., Assistant Engineer, First Grade, to Executive Engineer, Third Grade, temporary rank, with effect from 26th June 1895.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

> T. D. LITTLE, Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature have been pleased to sanction the closing of the Court of Small Causes at Poona from 21st October 1895 to 10th November 1895, both days inclusive.

R. D. SETHNA,

Registrar.

Bombay, 11th July 1895.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Ganesh Bapuji Deshmukha, Atmaram Mahadev Jayavant and Shankar Ganesh Pattekar Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Court or Courts of the Thána District as the District Judge may assign to them.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Dhanjishah Hormasji Kelawala and Motiram Fakirbhai Sheth Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Court or Courts of the

Surat District as the District Judge may assign them.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Shivaji Sitaram Bhide, Narayan Basvantrao Desai, Vasudev Vinayak Abhyankar and Subbaji Rango Adur Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Court or Courts of the Dhárwár District as the District Judge may assign to them. Bombay, 15th July 1895.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Balkrishna Bhagvandas Joshi, Nanchand Vallabhdas Akruwala, Laldas Gangadas Master and Trimbak Babaji Nikte Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Court or Courts of the Ahmedabad District as the District Judge may assign to them.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Vaman Kesheo Khole and Keshao Vaman Bhat Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Court or Courts of the Násik District as the District Judge may assign to them.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Madhav Hanmantrao Masurkar, Anant Madhav Masurkar, Annaji Narayan Deshpande and Bhimaji Krishna Chipalkatti Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Court or Courts of the Belgaum District as the District Judge may assign to them.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Dwarkanath Ganesh Deshmukh, Vishnu Raghunath Joshi and Mahadeo Ramchandra Ranade Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Court or Courts of the Thána District as the District Judge may assign to them.

Bombay, 16th July 1895.

VAMAN M. BODAS, Acting Deputy Registrar.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th July 1895.

No. 4849.—Mr. Parashram Sadashiv Khare has been appointed under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to be Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Yeola in the Násik District with effect from the 26th ultimo.

Bombay Castle, 15th July 1895.

No. 4912.—Mr. Krishnaji Gopal Ambike has been appointed under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to be Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Rahimatpur in the Sátára District, with effect from the 1st ultimo, vice Mr. Vasudeo Anant Kavthekar, transferred.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th July 1895.

No. 5230.—Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Ahmedabad District.

Dayábhái Girdhar, officiating Sub-Registrar of Dholka, from 10th to 13th June 1895.

Kaira District.

Jethálál Mánekchand, officiating Sub-Registrar of Borsad, from 1st April to 31st May 1895. Umábhái Jethábhai, officiating Sub-Registrar of Kapadvanj, from 5th to 7th May 1895.

Surat District.

Pránjiwandás Varajdás, officiating Sub-Registrar of Bulsár, from 9th to 12th March and from 19th to 26th May 1895.

Makanji Nichhábhái, officiating Sub-Registrar of Jalálpor, from 3rd to 10th March 1895.

Báláshankar Pránshankar, officiating Sub-Registrar of Mándvi, from 2nd to 8th March 1895.

Khandesh District.

Trimbak Ballál, officiating Sub-Registrar of Nandurbár, from 29th May to 10th June 1895.

Sakhárám Loto, officiating Sub-Registrar of Dhulia, on 10th and 11th June 1895.

Násik District.

Bápuji Hari, officiating Sub-Registrar of Chándor, from 17th to 28th May 1895.

Sátára District.

Bháskar Rámchandra, officiating Sub-Registrar of Karád, from 20th to 26th May 1895.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 965.—Mr. R. P. Lambert delivered over and Mr. R. M. Phillips received charge of the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Police, B. B. & C. I. Railway, on the 6th instant, in the afternoon.

No. 966.—Mr. R. M. Phillips delivered over and Mr. R. MacTier received charge of the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad, on the 5th instant, in the afternoon. Ahmedabad, 11th July 1895.

No. 433.—Ráo Bahádur Varajlal Purshotamrai delivered over and Mr. Kalianrai Damodarrai received charge of the office of the Native Assistant to the Political Agent, Mahi Kántha, on the 8th instant, in the forenoon.

Ahmedabad, 12th July 1895.

No. 2692.—Mr. F. S. P. Lely, I. C. S., delivered over and Mr. R. A. L. Moore, I. C. S., received charge of the office of Collector, District Magistrate and Agent to His Excellency the Governor, Surat, on the 11th instant, in the afternoon.

Ahmedabad, 13th July 1895.

G. B. REID, Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. R-2840,—Surgeon-Major C. Monks and Mr. W. C. Rand respectively delivered over and

received charge of the office of the Superintendent of Mahabaleshvar on the 5th instant, in the forencon.

Poona, 11th July 1895.

No. R-2885.—Messrs. H. W. J. Bagnell and G. Carmichael respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Forest Settlement Officer, Poona, on the 5th instant, in the afternoon.

No. R-2901.—Mr. Govind Jagannath Padhye, substantive pro tem. First Grade District Inspector, Land Records and Agriculture, is confirmed in that grade.

Mr. Ganesh Balvant Jagde, substantive protem. Second Grade District Inspector, Land Records and Agriculture, is confirmed in that grade.

Mr. Purshottam Bapuji Phadke, substantive protem. Third Grade District Inspector, Land Records and Agriculture, is confirmed in that grade.

Poona, 13th July 1895.

No. R-2947.—Messrs. H. W. J. Bagnell and H. F. Silcock respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Collector, District Magistrate and Political Agent, Poona, on the 5th instant, in the afternoon.

Poona, 16th July 1895.

J. K. SPENCE, Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. 2553.—Mr. R. Knight, Assistant Collector, Bijápur, was granted privilege leave for thirty days from the 3rd January to the 1st February 1895, both days inclusive.

No. 2556.—The leave on medical certificate for three months and twenty days granted in this office Notifications No. 825, dated the 16th March last, and No. 2180, dated the 18th ultimo, to Rao Sáheb Ramchandra Hanmant Beur, Mámlatdar of Karajgi in the Dhárwár District, is extended by ten days.

Belgaum, 10th July 1895.

No. 2562.—Ráo Bahádur Narayan Chintaman Soman and Ráo Bahádur Achyut Bhaskar Desai respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Native Assistant to the Commissioner, S. D., on the 10th instant, in the afternoon.

Belgaum, 11th July 1895.

No. 2577.—Mr. Bhau Narhar Divekar, Head Clerk to the Divisional Inspector of Land Records and Agriculture, Southern Division, is appointed to be Third Grade District Inspector of Land Records and Agriculture, Belgaum, vice Mr. Prabhakar Ballal Limaye.

No. 2588.—Ráo Sáheb Krishraji Gururao Kalghatgi, probationary Third Grade Mámlatdár of Ron in the Dhárwár District, is confirmed in that grade.

Belgaum, 12th July 1895.

No. 2599.—The following transfers of Mámlatdárs are ordered on public grounds:—

Ráo Sáheb Gururao Ramchandra Mokashi is transferred from Kumta in the Kánara District to Yellápur in the same district.

Ráo Sáheb Raghavendra Pandurang Bengiri is transferred from Hángal in the Dhárwár District to Kumta in the Kánara District.

Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Raghunath Sambhare is transferred from Bágevádi in the Bijápur District to Gokák in the Belgaum District.

Ráo Sáheb Shriniwas Jivaji Bidi is transferred from Gokák in the Belgaum District to Bágevádi in the Bijápur District.

Ráo Sáheb Appaji Vishwanath Gadkari is transferred from Yellápur in the Kánara District to Hángal in the Dhárwár District.

In consequence of the appointment of Messrs. Bengiri and Kamlapurkar to act as Sixth Grade Deputy Collectors, the following arrangements are made:

Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Raghunath Sambhare, Mámlatdár of Gokák in the Belgaum District, to act as Mámlatdár of Kumta in the Kánara District with First Class Magisterial allowance.

Mr. Bapuji Vinayak Khare to continue to act as Mámlatdár of Gokák until relieved by Mr. Sambhare or until further orders.

Mr. Vinayak Narayen Parchure, Mahálkari of Khálápur in the Kolába District, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of Pen in that district.

No. 2602.—Mr. Subrao Venkatesh Yatgiri, Head Clerk to the Collector of Belgaum, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Bagevadi in the Bijapur District pending the arrival of Rao Saheb Shrinivas Jivaji Bidi or until further orders.

Belgaum, 13th July 1895.

No. 2628.—Ráo Bahádur Achyut Bhaskar Desai and Ráo Bahádur Shrinivas Swamirao Kamlapurkar respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Native Assistant to the Commissioner, S. D., on the 13th July 1895, in the forenoon.

Belgaum, 15th July 1895.

J. F. FLEET,

Commissioner, in charge S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKA'RI.

No. 3260.—Mr. W. Thorley, District A'bkári Inspector, Thána, on Rs. 200, and doing duty as Distillery Inspector, Dhárwár, is granted privilege leave of absence for one month from the 20th instant, and Mr. Sheik Hamid Abdul Kadar, acting A'bkári Sub-Inspector on Rs. 50, in charge of the Karajgi and Hángal Tálukas, is appointed to act as Distillery Inspector, Dhárwár, during the absence of Mr. Thorley.

Poona, 10th July 1895.

No. 3307 .- Addendum .- Omit the full point after the word 'games' in the sixth line of the notices attached to Baggage Declaration Forms A and B, prescribed by this office Notification No. 134, dated 2nd January 1895, published at pages 83—88 of Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette of 1895, and add the words 'and fishing rods.

Poona, 12th July 1895.

W. W. LOCH,

Acting Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and A'bkári.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 246.—Surgeon-Captain T. E. Dyson, M.B., C.M., and Surgeon-Major K. S. Nariman respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Gujarát Registration District, on 11th July 1895, after office hours.

No. 247 .- Mr. Allah Baksh Mubarak, Second Class Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Rohri Division, Shikarpur Zilla, is granted privi-lege leave from 1st to 31st July 1895 inclusive, and Lachimal Kotumal, First Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Shikarpur Zilla, is appointed to act for

No. 248.—Candidate Jethsing Wadhansing is appointed acting First Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Shikarpur Zilla, with effect from 1st July 1895, vice Lachimal Kotumal, First Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Shikarpur Zilla, promoted.

No. 249.—Dhondo Ramchandra, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bassein Taluka, Thána Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 2nd to 20th June 1895 inclusive.

No. 250.—In Notification No. 228 (d) of 3rd July 1895, for "21st June" read "18th May."

C. W. MACRURY, Brig.-Surg.-Lieut.-Col.,

Sanitary Commissioner.

Bombay, 17th July 1895.

BY THE CONSERVATORS OF FORESTS.

NORTHERN CIRCLE.

No. 912.—Mr. G. P. Millett, acting Deputy Conservator of Forests, Third Grade, and Divi-sional Forest Officer, Working Plans, delivered over charge of his otice to the undersigned on the afternoon of the 12th July 1895, and proceeded on three months' privilege leave granted to him in Government Resolution No. 4731, dated 24th ultimo.

> R. C. WROUGHTON, Deputy Conservator of Forests, N C.

Bándra, 15th July 1895.

CENTRAL CIRCLE.

No. 2603.—Messrs. R. S. F. Fagan, Deputy Conservator of Forests, and D. A. Thomson, Assistant Conservator of Forests, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Sátára Forest Division on the 10th July 1895, afternoon.

> A. T. SHUTTLEWORTH, Conservator of Forests, C. C.

Poona, 16th July 1895.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.

No. 5831. — Chief Constable Shaik Bhikan Kadu, of the Nasik District, under orders to proceed to the Ratnágiri District as acting Sixth Grade Police Inspector, was granted privilege leave of absence for one month from the 4th June 1895.

Poona, 9th July 1895.

No. 5981.—This office Notification No. 5814, dated the 8th July 1895, published at page 787 of the Bombay Government Gazette, Part 1, 1895, is hereby cancelled, and the following substituted :-

- No. 5814.—The following appointments and transfers are made to make up the number of Police Inspectors sanctioned in the reorganization for the districts specified:
 - (1) Police Inspector Hussenkhan Dhanekhan is transferred from Panch Maháls to the Kaira District.
 - (2) Acting Sixth Grade Police Inspector Jamsetji Edulji is transferred from Ahmednagar to the Bijápur District.
 - On relief by Mr. Jamsetji Edulji, Mr. Phirozsha Pallonji will revert to his appointment of Chief Constable in the Bijapur District.
 - (3) Chief Constable Maruti Pandurang, of the Ahmednagar District, to be acting Sixth Grade Police Inspector in that district vice Jamsetji Edulji.
 - (4) Chief Constable Shaik Ebrahim Shaik Alli Mocadum, of the Ratnagiri District, now acting Sixth Grade Police Inspector in that district vice Ráo Sáheb Ramji Limbaji Mane on leave, is transferred to the Bijápur District as acting Sixth Grade Police Inspector.
 - (5) Chief Constable P. Vaz, of the Poona District, to be acting Sixth Grade Police Inspector in that district.

This office Notification No. 5816, dated the 9th July 1895, published at page 787 of the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, 1895, is hereby cancelled.

The appointments and transfers notified under this office Nos. 5751, 5758 and 5759, dated the 8th July 1895, and published at pages 786 and 787 of the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, 1895, will have effect from the 1st June 1895 instead of 1st April 1895, as therein mentioned.

Poona, 13th July 1895.

J. HUMFREY, Lieut.-Colonel, Inspector-General of Police.

BY THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, INDUS LEFT BANK DIVISION.

No. 2598.—The following transfer has been made for the benefit of the public service:—

Mr. Wilford Ward Bulkley, temporary Assistant Engineer, from office of the Superintend-

ing Engineer, Indus Left Bank Division, to First District, Jamrao Canal.

JOHN TATE, M.Inst.C.E., Superintending Engineer, Indus Left Bank Division.

Karachi, 12th July 1985.

BY THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEERS.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. 3036.—Mr. Cadambi Shrinivasachar, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, is transferred from the Satara District to the Belgaum District.

H. G. PALLISER, M.Inst.C.E., Superintending Engineer, S. D.

Belgaum, 13th July 1895.