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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, etc.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1920.

No. 5220.—The following notification by the Government of India, Home Department (Police), is republished:—

“ No. 962, dated Simla, the 26th May 1920.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, namely:—

(1) After rule 26 of the said rules the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

‘ Keeping for safe custody.

26A.—A licence to keep for safe custody firearms deposited by their owners for that purpose may be granted in Form XIA to the holder of a licence in Form VIII, IX, X or XI—

(a) in a Presidency town or Rangoon—by the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) in any other place—by the District Magistrate or by any Sub-divisional Magistrate specially empowered by the local Government in that behalf.

(2) To Schedule VII of the said rules the following Form shall be added, namely :—

‘FORM XIA.

(See rule 26 A.)

FREE OF ALL FEE.

Licence for the possession by holders of licences in Form VIII, IX, X or XI of firearms deposited by their owners for safe keeping.

Name, description and residence of licensee.	Description of firearms.	Place (with description, where articles are to be kept).	* Period for which the licence is valid.
1	2	3	4



The _____ of 19 _____

(Signature)

Commissioner of Police, _____

District Magistrate of the _____ District.

Sub-divisional Magistrate, _____ District.

* NOTE.—A licence in this form will be granted for a period ending on the day on which the licensee's licence in Form VIII, IX, X or XI, as the case may be, is due to expire.

Conditions.

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1920.

2. It covers only firearms of the description given in column 2 so long as they are kept in the place described in column 3 but does not authorise the licensee—

(i) to go armed, or

(ii) to keep Government arms.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this condition ‘Government arm’ means a fire-arm which is the property of the Government.

3. The licensee shall maintain a register of all arms in his possession under this licence in such form as the local Government may direct.

4. He shall exhibit such arms and his register on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or if the local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

5. The licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police station of the loss or theft of any arms covered by the licence.’

(Signed) H. McPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,
A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

ECCLIESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd June 1920.

No. 324.—The following notification by the Government of India, Department of Education (Ecclesiastical), is republished :—

“ No. 199, dated Simla, the 27th May 1920.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be added as Rule VIII to the Rules published with this Department Notification No. 78,* dated the 4th March 1918 :—

Rule VIII.—The grants fixed in Rule I are, like other limits of expenditure prescribed in Rule 24, Part V, of the Ecclesiastical Rules, exclusive of Departmental charges.

(Signed) H. SHARP,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,
J. C. KER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1920.

No. 1649.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879 (Bom. V of 1879), is published as required by sub-section (3) of section 214 of the said Code for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the eighth day of August 1920.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 214 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879 (Bom. V of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor in Council is pleased further to amend the Land Revenue Code Rules pub-

* Republished under Bombay Government Notification No. 153 dated the 12th March 1918.

lished in Government Notification in the Revenue Department No. 5223, dated 28th June 1905, as follows, namely :—

For Appendix I the following shall be substituted :—

APPENDIX I.

Form of notice under sections 102 and 103, Land Revenue Code, 1879, for Revised Settlements.

(For original settlements and revised settlements where classification basis is altered see notes below.)

Whereas the Governor of Bombay in Council has been pleased to sanction under section 102 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, the levy of assessments for the revised settlement which have been fixed under the provisions of sections 100 and 101 of the said Code in the case of such lands as are now actually used for the purposes of agriculture alone and in the case of unoccupied cultivable lands (but excepting lands classed as pot kharab) within the village of _____ of the taluka _____ it is hereby declared under section 102 of the said Code that the said assessments calculated as noted below shall henceforth be leviable in accordance therewith and shall be fixed for a term of _____ years from _____ to _____ :—

Class of land.	Approximate increase or decrease in the rupee of existing assessment.
	annas.
Dry crop ... ..	.....
Rice, etc. ... ..	.....

2. Notice of the same is hereby given under section 103 of the said Code to all holders of land in respect of which the assessments have been sanctioned.

3. By this notice the revised settlement shall be deemed to have been introduced in the aforesaid village.

4. But in the case of land which may hereafter be brought under irrigation by the use of water, the right to which vests in Government or which is supplied from works constructed and maintained by, or at the instance of Government, or in the case of land which may be supplied with an increased amount of water from works constructed, repaired, or improved at the cost of the State, Government reserve the right of imposing an extra cess or rate, or of increasing any existing rate, for the use of water supplied or increased by such means, whether under the provisions of the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879, or otherwise.

5. In addition to the fixed assessment, a cess not exceeding such rate as may be allowed by law will be levied under the Bombay Local Fund Act, 1869, or other law for the time being in force, for the purpose of providing funds for expenditure on objects of local public utility and improvement.

6. The reservations respecting the right of Government to trees, as made by any general notification at the time of, or after, the survey settlement and now reproduced in the margin, or as made by any express order at the time of survey settlement and recorded in the settlement records, are hereby continued. All other rights over trees are conceded to occupants.

Note 1.—In case of original settlements the following changes should be made in the above form :—

- (1) Substitute "original" for "revised" occurring in line 3 of paragraph 1 and in line 1 of paragraph 3.
- (2) After the word "assessments" in line 7 of paragraph 1 add "as shown in the accompanying akarband", and omit "as noted below".
- (3) For the words "Approximate increase or decrease in the rupee of existing assessments" in paragraph 1 substitute "Maximum Rates".

Rs. a.

(4) Substitute the following for paragraph 6 :—

"6. The right of Government to trees standing in lands which are now occupied is hereby conceded to the occupants thereof subject to the general exceptions entered in the margin and the special exceptions inscribed in the settlement records."

Note 2.—In case of revised settlements where classification basis is altered the following changes should be made in the above form :—

- (1) After the word "assessments" in line 7 of paragraph 1 add "as shown in the accompanying akarband", and omit "as noted below".

(2) For the words "Approximate increase or decrease in the rupee of existing assessments" in paragraph 1 substitute "Maximum Rates".

Rs. a.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,
P. J. MEAD,
Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1920.

No. 1654.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the under-mentioned villages of Shrigonda taluka, district Ahmednagar, is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of Visapur Left Bank Canal; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid villages:—

Name of village and Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.	Name of village and Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.
	A. g.		A. g.
Pimpalgaonpisa—		Ghargaoon—	
1	1 14	290	1 36
2	1 29	291	3 6
3	0 11	293	1 10
4	2 27	302	2 18
6	2 8	303	0 1
31	1 34	304	0 8
32	0 2	332	0 8
82	2 2	333	0 7
83	1 22	334	2 17
84	2 26	335	4 13
85	0 10	Belawandi—	
118	0 14	68	1 28
119	0 36	69	0 7
120	2 34	70	1 18
128	0 1	71	2 14
129	1 20	72	2 27
133	4 4	74	2 3
134	1 12	83	1 11
135	1 28	89	1 10
136	2 35	90	1 4
155	1 34	91	1 13
156	4 14	93	0 7
157	0 30	95	4 14
161	0 13	96	0 35
162	3 31	98	0 7
163	2 16	168	1 9
164	1 33	169	0 30
165	0 20	176	1 2
462	0 1	177	1 33
Kolgaon—		188	0 10
294	1 37	189	2 39
295	1 38	190	1 30
296	3 15	191	2 0
Ghargaoon—		192	2 7
7	2 8	193	2 35
8	2 27	Loni-Vyanknath—	
9	0 16	64	0 8
10	0 5	65	2 16
31	3 13	66	2 39
38	3 2	72	4 20
39	1 7	73	0 14
49	4 5	75	1 17
51	0 6	76	3 34
52	2 7	77	0 26
53	2 16	95	1 25
55	1 22	98	4 11
57	0 17	99	1 24
281	5 3	100	5 0

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the Mámlatdár's office at Shrigonda.

Bombay Castle, 3rd June 1920.

Virar, district
Thána.

No. 1664.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land, together with the superstructure thereon, in the village of Virar, táluka Bassein, district Thána, is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Thána, for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a road from the old Virar Gaonthan to the Virar-Aghashi Road; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, together with the superstructure thereon, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Non-agricultural Survey No. 23; approximate area of the land required, 33½ square yards.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, Pránt Bassein.

Bombay Castle, 4th June 1920.

Mali,
district
Poona.

No. 1672.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village of Máli, táluka Poona, district Poona, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for bungalows for Government Officers; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No.	Pot No.	Approximate area of the land required.
		A. g.
96A	...	8 17
96B	...	0 10

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Collector of Poona.

Sarsola,
district
Thána.

No. 1675.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village of Sarsola, táluka Sálsette, district Thána, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for an approach road to and a cart stand near the Sazedar's office; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No. 72; F. No. 2; approximate area of the land required, 4 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Assistant Collector and the Sálsette Development Officer.

Gudas and
Ghodgeri,
district
Belgaum.

No. 1676.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the villages of Gudas and Ghodgeri, táluka Hukeri, district Belgaum, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, i.e., for Dhupdal Storage Works; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid villages :—

Village and Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.	Village and Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.
	A. g.		A. g.
Gudas— 230	3 7	Ghodgeri— 304	0 3
231	0 33	305	0 18
232	1 1	306	0 23
233	0 20	307	0 39

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, N. D., Belgaum.

No. 1677.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that lands in the village Acher, of Acher, taluka North Daskroi, district Ahmedabad, are required to be taken by Government at the public expense for public purpose, viz., for the New Ahmedabad Central Lunatic and Leper Asylums; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the lands, measuring more or less as specified below are required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.		Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.		Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.	
	A.	g.		A.	g.		A.	g.
109	4	15	143	2	19	160	3	28
110	2	21	144	0	37	161	7	30
111	3	8	145	0	37	162	2	29
112	1	5	146	3	32	163	1	35
113	1	32	147	2	18	164	1	36
114	5	16	148	3	35	165	2	19
115	3	12	149	2	1	166	5	28
116	2	39	150	2	13		0	12
117	3	5	151	2	9	167	2	38
135	5	13	152	3	39	168	4	16
136	4	7	153	3	35	169	6	20
137	2	2	154	0	28	170	2	38
138	1	36	155	1	1	171	4	23
139	3	11	156	4	10	172	2	22
140	3	34	157	2	1	173	4	38
141	1	27	158	4	23	174	5	23
142	1	29	159	3	13	175	2	20

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the lands.

A plan of the lands can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, Prantij Prant.

No. 1678.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village Hukeri, of Hukeri, taluka Hukeri, district Belgaum, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of Latrines to the Mamlatdar's Kacheti; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No. 58/3; approximate area of the land to be acquired, 5 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, N. D., Belgaum.

Bombay Castle, 7th June 1920.

No. 1689.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village Bhatghar, of Bhatghar, mahál Khandala, district Sátára, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for quarrying stone; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No. 38; approximate area of the land required, 6 acres 4 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge of the Khandala mahál.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1920.

No. 1697.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the villages of Sayana, Malangaon, Chikhalohol, Gigaon, Shendurni, Bodhe, Dahiwal, Padalad, Chinchgavan and Kalwadi, taluka Malegaon, district Násik, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for metal and murum quarries for the Malegaon-Chalisgaon Road; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid villages :—

Sayana,
Malangaon,
Chikhalohol,
Gigaon,
Shendurni,
Bodhe,
Dahiwal,
Padalad,
Chinchgavan
and Kalwadi,
district
Násik.

Name of village and Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.	Name of village and Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.
	A. g. a.		A. g. a.
Sayana—	2	Dahiwal—	1
	5		3
	45		26
	57		27
	61		33
	98		39
	181		54
	188		83
Malangaon—	27		84
	28		96
	29		173
	34		100
Chikhalohol—	72		176
Gigaon—	24		179
	25		184
	40	Padalad—	279
	46	Chinchgavan—	129
	43	Kalwadi—	103
	53		114
	54		115
	57		120
Shendurni—	57		121
	59		122
Bodhe—	13		152

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, Malegaon Prant.

Hulginhalli,
district
Dhárwár.

No. 1699.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village of Hulginhalli, taluka Hangal, district Dhárwár, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the waste weir of Dodkeri in Survey No. 1 of Konankop; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No. 58; approximate area of the land required, 33 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Assistant or District Deputy Collector, II Division, Dhárwár.

Hirekangi,
district
Dhárwár.

No. 1700.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village of Hirekangi, taluka Hangal, district Dhárwár, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the waste weir of Kengeri in Survey No. 164; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No. 124; approximate area of land required, 8 gunthas 12 annas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Assistant or District Deputy Collector, II Division, Dhárwár.

Shinoli,
district
Poona.

No. 1708.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land, in the village of Shinoli, peta Ambegaon, district Poona, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for quarters of the Forest Guards at Shinoli; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid villages:—

Survey No. 8; Hissa No. 14; approximate area of the land required, 7 gunthas 8 annas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Collector of Poona.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. F. KNIGHT,

Under Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 3rd June 1920.

No. A.-Misc.-1517.—With reference to Government Notification No. 1963, dated 23rd February 1907, published at pages 370 to 378 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, of the 28th idem, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the land in the Alibág Taluka of the Kolába District specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall cease to be Protected Forest from the date of this notification:—

Chowl.
district
Kolába.

Schedule referred to above.

Name of village, Chowl; Survey No. 238 (part); area, 15½ gunthas.

BOUNDARIES:—

North—Gurcharan Survey No. 238; South and East—Survey No. 407, pôt No. 1; West—Gurcharan Survey No. 238.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. 1712.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 70 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, the Governor in Council proposes to direct that in lieu of the fine fixed by section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, there shall be levied, from the date of notification, in the Reserved Forests of all the districts of the Province of Sind, a fine of two rupees per head in respect of camels trespassing therein and impounded under section 69 of the Indian Forest Act.

2. Persons who have any objections to urge to the notification are required to communicate the same in writing to the Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, within two months from the date of the publication of this notification.

Bombay Castle, 7th June 1920.

No. 1688.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue, in exercise of the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by sections 9, 12, 14 and 35 of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878 (Bom. V of 1878), section 155 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), section 13 of the Land Customs Act, 1857 (XXIX of 1857), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that it will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 10th day of August 1920.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 9, 12, 14 and 35 of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878 (Bom. V of 1878), section 155 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), section 13 of the Land Customs Act, 1857 (XXIX of 1857), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor in Council is pleased to amend the rules published in Government Notification in the Revenue Department No. 12817-A, dated 26th November 1919, as follows, namely:—

1. In the preamble to the said notification, after the words "British India" where they occur for the second time, the words "or a Native State" shall be inserted.

2. In rule 1 of the said rules, after the words "Bombay Presidency" the words "or from any Native State" shall be inserted.

3. After rule 25 of the said rules, the following rules shall be inserted, namely:—

"26. If a licensed maker or retailer, or an authorised user of denatured spirit desires to import into the Bombay Presidency denatured spirit which has been denatured in a Native State, he shall apply to the Collector of the district of import or any other Abkari officer duly authorised by him for an import permit. The Collector or

Denatured spirit maker, user or retailer desiring to import denatured spirit denatured in a Native State shall obtain permit.

any other Abkari officer duly authorised by him, if he sees no reason to the contrary, will issue an import permit in triplicate, one copy being kept for record in his office, the second copy being given to the importer and the third copy being sent to the Excise officer deputed to examine the imports of such spirit on its arrival in British territory. The application to the Collector of the district of import or any other Abkari officer duly authorised by him shall be in such form and the import permit shall contain such particulars in addition to those required by section 13 of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878, as the Commissioner may prescribe.

"27. The importer shall give to the Excise officer so deputed at least three days' previous intimation of his intention to import a

Information to be furnished by importer to Excise officer.

consignment of denatured spirit and of the date and hour at which the consignment will be ready for examination at the place appointed by the Commissioner for such examination. The importer shall also furnish the Excise officer with an invoice of the consignment in quadruplicate. In the invoice shall be stated the number of casks or drums, the net and gross weight of each cask or drum and the number of bulk gallons, the strength and number of proof gallons contained therein. The strength shown will be the 'apparent' and not the actual or unobscured strength and the proof gallons will be calculated according to the apparent strength.

"28. The Excise officer shall proceed to the place of examination on the date fixed, examine and test the consignment and note on the

Procedure relating to the booking of the consignment by railway.

reverse of his copy of the import permit the particulars required in columns 1 to 7 thereof. He shall then reseal the casks or drums and shall return one copy of the invoice to the importer or his representative, forward copies by post to the Distillery Supervisor of the Division, and the Excise officer in charge of the warehouse of import, respectively, and record the fourth copy in his own office. The consignment shall then be booked in the presence of the examining Excise officer, and the railway receipt shall be handed over to that officer. The examining officer shall forward his copy of the import permit with an impression of the seal used in sealing the casks or drums together with the railway receipt to the officer in charge of the warehouse to which the spirit is to be conveyed. The warehouse officer after endorsing the railway receipt for delivery to the importer shall hand it over to the latter.

"29. On arrival at the warehouse the consignment shall be presented to the

Verification of the consignment on arrival.

warehouse officer for examination. On the reverse of the copy of the import permit received by him from the examining Excise officer the warehouse officer shall enter the quantity, apparent strength and proof gallons of spirit contained in each cask or drum as ascertained by him and send the permit immediately to the Deputy Commissioner of Excise through the Distillery Supervisor of the Division. He shall then advise the examining officer of the receipt of the consignment. The denatured spirit shall not be issued from the warehouse until a sample of it has been sent to the Chemical Analyser to the Government of Bombay and has been certified by that officer to be satisfactory. Should any one of the samples examined by the Chemical Analyser be reported by that officer to be not properly denatured the quantity of the denatured spirit represented by the sample shall again be denatured in the presence of the warehouse officer and the denatured spirit shall not be issued until the fresh sample submitted is finally certified by the Chemical Analyser to be satisfactory."

4. Rule 26 of the said rules shall be re-numbered 30 and in the said rule—
 - (a) for the words "Except as provided in rule 25" the words "Except as provided in rules 25 and 29" shall be substituted; and
 - (b) after the words "British India" occurring in the body and the margin of the rule, the words "and from Native States" shall be inserted.
5. Rule 27 of the said rules shall be re-numbered "31".
6. In the forms appended to the said rules—
 - (a) in form 8, for the words "rectified", the words "^{rectified}denatured" shall be substituted,
 - (b) in form 9, for the word "province", the words "^{province}State" shall be substituted;
 - (c) for form 10, the following form shall be substituted, namely:—

FORM 10.

Import Permit for denatured spirit.

(For record in Collector's office.)

No. _____ of 19 _____ .
 Mr. _____ licensed maker(s)
 Messrs. _____ authorised user(s)
 _____ licensed retailer(s)

of denatured spirit ^{is}/_{are} permitted to import
 _____ gallons of denatured
 spirit from _____ to the
 Government Distillery at _____
Bonded Warehouse *via* _____
 (route).

(In cases of import from Native States). The
 permit will remain in force up to _____ p. m. on
 the _____ day of _____ 19 _____ .

Collector of
 or other Abkari officer empowered under
 section 13 of the Bombay Abkari Act,
 1878.

Date

FORM 10.

Import Permit for denatured spirit.

[For the importer(s).]

No. _____ of 19 _____ .
 Mr. _____ licensed maker(s)
 Messrs. _____ authorised user(s)
 _____ licensed retailer(s)

of denatured spirit ^{is}/_{are} permitted to import _____ gallons
 of denatured spirit from _____ to the
 Government Distillery at _____
Bonded Warehouse (route).

(In cases of import from Native States). The permit will
 remain in force up to _____ p. m. on the _____ day
 of _____ 19 _____ .

Collector of
 or other Abkari officer empowered under section 13
 of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878.

Date

Proof gallons of denatured spirit as per details
 in columns 1 to 7 on the reverse have this day been issued.
 The permit will remain in force up to _____ p. m.
 on the _____ 19 _____ .

Date and hour

(Signature)

Designation

To

The officer in charge Distillery
Bonded Warehouse.

N.B.—The endorsement should be cancelled in cases of import from
 Native States.

FORM 10.

Import Permit for denatured spirit.

(To be forwarded to the Chief Excise Author-
 ity of the district of export or in cases of
 import from Native States to the excise officer
 deputed to examine the consignment on its
 arrival in British territory.)

No. _____ of 19 _____ .
 Mr. _____ licensed maker(s)
 Messrs. _____ authorised user(s)
 _____ licensed retailer(s)

of denatured spirit ^{is}/_{are} permitted to import _____ gallons of denatured
 spirit from _____ to the
 Government Distillery at _____
Bonded Warehouse *via* _____
 (route).

(In cases of import from Native States). The
 permit will remain in force up to _____ p. m. on
 the _____ day of _____ 19 _____ .

Collector of
 or other Abkari officer empowered under
 section 13 of the Bombay Abkari Act,
 1878.

Date

*(To be retained by the Chief Excise
 Authority of the exporting district.)*

— Cancel in the case of import from Native States.

For Native States only.*

Advised.							Received.								
Cask or Drum No.	Registered capacity.	Actual contents.	Thermometer indication.	Hydrometer indication.	Strength.	Proof gallons.	Actual contents.	Thermometer indication.	Hydrometer indication.	Strength.	Proof gallons.	Loss in transit.		Remarks.	
												Proof gallons.	Proof gallons.		Total.	Allowed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Advised.							Received.						
Cask or Drum No.	Bulk gallons.	Strength.	Proof gallons.	Gross weight.	Temperature.	Strength.	Bulk gallons.	Strength.	Proof gallons.	Loss in transit.		Remarks.	
										Proof gallons.	Proof gallons.		Total.	Allowed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

Returned to the Collector
Deputy Commissioner
through the Deputy Commissioner of
Excise, Bombay Presidency.

Signature

Designation

Officer in charge Distillery
Bonded Warehouse

(Date)

Forwarded.

Deputy Commissioner of Excise,
Bombay Presidency.

(Date)

Submitted to the Deputy Commis-
sioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency,
through the Distillery Supervisor,
Division.

Signature

Designation

Officer in charge Distillery
Bonded Warehouse

Date

* The total of the packages covered by the permit
should be given in column 1.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,
Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

(CIVIL SUPPLIES BRANCH.)

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. 2646-D.C.S.—The following lists of prices for Bombay City are published for general information:—

I.—GRAINS—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR RICE.

Description of Rice.	Rate per bag of 6 maunds (168 lbs.) for sale in Bombay City including 3 annas distribution charges of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ibrahim & Sons.	
	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Europe No. 1	Rs. 16-4-0	15-5-3
Rangoon Big Mill Special (Halwa)	„ 15-1-0	14-0-6
Small Mill or meedon	„ 15-7-9	14-3-6
Mill Sugandhi	„ 16-8-0	15-11-3
Mandla	„ 18-5-3	16-0-9
Hath Sugandhi	„	15-14-0
<i>Broken Rice—</i>		
A 1 Extra	Rs. 14-14-6	
A 1	„ 14-9-6	
A 2	„ 13-7-0	
A 3	„ 11-10-9	
C 1	„ 13-1-3	
C 2	„ 11-10-9	

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR GRAIN.

Description of Grain.	Rate per Candy of 8 Pharas by measurement.
<i>Jowari—</i>	
Central India	Rs. 42 (by weight).
Sholapuri	„ 50 to 52 „
<i>Bajri—</i>	
1st grade	Rs. 54 (by weight).
2nd grade	„ 50 „
<i>Wheat—</i>	
Red Katha	Rs. 60 to 62 (by weight).
Khandwa	„ 104 „
Pissi (Sevni)	„ 60 to 61 „
„ (Sharbati)	{ „ 65 to 66 „
	{ „ 60 to 62 (by measurement).
Choice white Karachi	{ „ 59 to 60 (by weight).
	{ „ 53 to 55 (by measurement).
<i>Gram—</i>	
Yellow	Rs. 54 (by weight).
Red	„ 50 to 51 „
<i>Urid</i>	„ 60 to 61 „
<i>Jav</i> (Barley)	„ 41 to 42 „
<i>Oat</i> by weight	„ 30 to 32 „
<i>Moong</i> (Green)	„ 65 to 80 „

II.—FLOUR.

Wheat Flour.

	Per bag of seven maunds.	Per maund.
Chaki quality No. 1	Rs. 20-0-0	Rs. 2-14-0
Chaki quality No. 2	„ 18-0-0	„ 2-10-0
Atta (Green Mark)	„ 18-8-0	„ 2-12-0
Atta Special	„ 19-0-0	„ 2-14-0
Atta dry	„ 17-0-0	„ 2-8-0
Atta blue mark	„ 17-8-0	„ 2-8-0
Bran	„ 8-15-0 to 9-9-0 (140 lbs.)	„ 1-11-0 to 1-13-0
	Per maund.	Per seer of 2 lbs.
Atta (lower quality for the poor) .	Rs. 2-4-0	Re. 0-2-9

Flour Mill Quotations.

	Per bag of seven maunds (196 lbs.).	
Superfine	... Rs.	21-0-0 to 24-0-0
Household	... "	20-8-0 to 23-0-0
Export	... "	22-8-0 to 25-0-0
Atta	... "	18-0-0 to 20-0-0
Shop No. 4	... "	18-0-0 to 19-0-0

RICE FLOUR.

	Per maund.	Per seer of 2 lbs.
Special	... Rs. 2-10-0	Re. 0-3-0
No. 1	... " 2-6-0	" 0-2-9
Lower quality	... " 2-4-0	" 0-2-5

III.—PRICES FOR SUGAR, GOOR, GHEE AND OILS.

Wholesale.

	Per cwt.
Sugar—	
Java (white)	... Rs. 49-8-0
" (brown)	... " 46-0-0
Mauritius	... " 47-8-0
	Per candy.
Goor	... Rs. 100 to 150
	Per maund.
Ghee—	
Deshi	... Rs. 46-0-0 to 47-0-0
Porebunder	... " 49-0-0 to 50-0-0
Sagar	... " 34-0-0 to 35-0-0
Veráwal	} ... " 48-0-0
Mallia	
Oil—	
Cocoanut	... Rs. 10-8-0
Sweet	... " 11-12-0 to 12-0-0

RETAIL PRICES FOR GHEE, OIL, SUGAR AND GOOR.

Sugar, ordinary, white...	... Annas 5½	per seer.
Goor	... Annas 2 to 3	"
Ghee	... Annas 13 to Re. 1-2-0	"
" (imitation)	... Annas 5½ to 6½	"
Cocoanut oil	... Annas 4½	"
Sweet oil	... Annas 5 to 5½	"

IV.—PRICES OF KEROSENE OIL.

Burma Oil Company, Limited.

Brand.	Selling rate from Agents' shops or Company's cart.	Retail prices for shop-keepers and for hawkers to the public.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Chukker, 125°	... 7 15 0 per two tins.	8 3 0 per two tins.
Chukker, 125°	... 3 1 9 per four gallons bulk.	3 3 9 per four gallons bulk.
Firefly, 125°	... 9 15 6 per case of two tins.	10 3 6 per case of two tins.
Waterlily, 150°	... 10 5 6 do.	10 9 6 per case of two tins.
		4 15 3 per one tin.

Retail price per bottle :—White oil, annas 2½
Red oil, annas 1½

Standard Oil Company of New York.

	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Elephant, 125°	... 6 3 6 per eight gallons in bulk.	6 7 6 per eight gallons in bulk.
Do.	... 7 15 0 per two tins.	8 3 0 per two tins.
Monkey	... 8 2 0 do.	8 6 0 do.
Do.	... 9 8 0 per case.	9 12 0 per case.
Chester	... 10 12 0 "	11 0 0 "
Snowflake, 150°	... 11 0 0 "	11 4 0 "

Asiatic Petroleum Company, Limited.

Brand.	Selling rate from Agents' shops or Company's carts.		Retail prices for shop-keepers and hawkers to the public.	
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Anchor, 125°, white ...	8	2 6	8	6 0
Rising Sun, 125°, white .	7	15 6	8	3 0
Do. ...	6	3 6	6	7 6
Swan, 125°, yellow ...	6	6 6	6	10 0
Do. ...	4	10 6	4	14 6

Retail price per bottle :—White oil, annas 2½
Yellow oil, annas 1½

Indo-Burma Petroleum Company, Limited.

	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
	Star and Crescent, 125° .	7	14 0	8	2 0
Do. ...	3	2 0	3	4 0
Saraswati, 125°, red ...	2	5 0	2	7 0

Retail price per bottle :—White oil, annas 2½
Red oil, annas 1½

V.—CHARCOAL, FIREWOOD, VEGETABLES AND GRASS.

Bunder dealers to wholesale merchants.

Charcoal Rs. 95 per 100 baskets.

	Wholesale merchant to Retail Dealer.		Retail dealer to consumer.	
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Charcoal—				
Medium—				
(per maund) ...	1	0 0	1	2 0
Dhobi—				
(per maund) ...	1	2 0	1	4 0

FIREWOOD.

Best quality, dry, and split wood.

	Wholesale merchant to Retail Dealer.		Retail dealer to consumer.	
	Per khandi.		Per load of 3½ maunds.	
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Babul, Ain and Khair ...	9	0 0	1	6 0
Mixed and Kita ...	8	0 0	1	2 0 to 1-5-0

Vegetables—

Potatoes, per seer ...	...	...	...	As. 1½ to 2
Onions do. ...	...	...	...	„ ¼
Cauliflower, each ...	...	...	...	Not available
Cabbages, " per seer ...	...	...	...	As. 2 to 2½
Carrots do. ...	...	...	...	„ 1 to 1½
Tomatoes do. ...	...	...	...	„ 3
French beans do. ...	...	...	...	„ 2 to 2½
Brinjal, per seer ...	...	...	...	„ 1½
Pumpkin, white, each ...	...	...	...	„ 4 to 12
Green peas ...	...	...	...	Not available
Turnips, per dozen ...	...	...	...	As. 12 to Re. 1½

Meat—

Mutton ...	...	...	...	As. 6 to 7
Beef ...	...	...	...	„ 3 to 6 per lb.
Milk ...	...	...	...	As. 5 to 7 per seer.

Salt (Matunga) (white) ... Rs. 2-0-0 per Bengal maund at salt works, Rs. 2-2-0 in market, Re. 0-2-6 per pylee at shops and 3 as. per pylee by hawkers.

Do. (black) ... „ 2-4-0 per phara, Re. 0-2-6 per pylee.

Do. (Goregaon) (white) ... „ 3-0-0 „ „ 0-3-0 „

Grass—

Mahaluxmi Yard and Godown, Sewri and Byculla G. I. P. Goods Yard, at Rs. 22 per 1,000 lbs. and retail at Rs. 23 per 1,000 lbs. for the best quality of Dakor, Phool, Ber, and Mooshi grass, and varying rates according to quality below Rs. 22 for inferior qualities.

Bandra, Rs. 23 per 1,000 lbs. for the best quality of Phool, Ber, and Mooshi grass, and varying rates for inferior qualities.

Petty shops in Bombay Town at Rs. 24 per 1,000 lbs. for the best quality of Dakor, Phool, Ber and Mooshi grass, and varying rates according to quality below Rs. 24 for inferior qualities.

Note.—The above maximum prices of salt, kerosine oil (retail), charcoal, grass and firewood are fixed by the Director of Civil Supplies under the Defence of India Rules; prices of Burma rice are fixed under the import scheme arrangements; those of other articles are the prevailing market prices.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,

Chief Secretary to Government.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

No. 75-M of 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Directions for Steam Vessels Entering the Port of Bombay.

Steam Vessels of any draft entering Bombay Harbour either by day or night should experience no difficulties although the Pilot Schooner has been brought in from her original station and is now anchored off Sunk Rock, they should attempt always to make the Bombay Floating Light moored in the fair way (Lat. 18° 50' N., Long. 72° 44' 30" E.) thence steer a course to bring Prongs Reef Buoy in transit with Sunk Rock at a distance of not less than one mile, then the course should be altered direct for the Pilot Schooner or one mile east of Sunk Rock. During the Monsoon when the weather may be such as to make it difficult for the Mariner to distinguish the more conspicuous marks or during the cold weather months when great smoke haze lies over the town and surrounding country, the best time to make the Port is an hour before sunrise, the lights then being visible will enable the Mariner to obtain an accurate position, and it should be remembered that the Light Vessel is fitted with a submarine bell, also that both Prongs Reef and Thull Shoal are marked by Gas Buoys.

2. Pilotage is compulsory, no vessel is allowed to proceed north of Sunk Rock; Naval Ships, Royal Indian Marine Ships and other Government Vessels being exempted. All vessels making the Port should show their nationality and name to Prongs Light House as soon as possible on which Light House a Watch is kept night and day.

Charts affected. No. 655, Port of Bombay.
" 2621, Bombay Harbour.
" 737, Amala Island to Kundari Island.

Publication ... West Coast of India Pilot, 1909, page 215.

Authority ... The Port Officer, Bombay, dated 26th May 1920.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD:
Bombay, 29th May 1920.

No. 76-M. OF 1920.

ARABIAN SEA.

Derelict Reported.

Position ... Lat. 11° 42' N.

Long. 55° 01' E.

Details ... Transport S. S. *Cordoba* has been abandoned on fire in the above position, and appears to be drifting in a N. by E. direction at one to half a mile per hour.

Caution ... Mariners are hereby warned accordingly.

Charts temporarily affected. No. 1012, Arabian Sea.

" 748b, Indian Ocean, Northern portion.


Authority ... Naval Transport Officer, Aden, dated 26th May 1920.

No. 77-M. OF 1920.

PERSIAN GULF.

Henjam Sound—Further details regarding the Buoy.

Former Notice No. 24-M. of 1920.

Position ... At a distance of about 5½ cables 196° (S. 14° W. Mag.) from Ras Khargu 

Lat. 26° 11' N.

Long. 55° 55½' E.

Details ... The light on the above buoy will cease to be exhibited on July 1st, 1920, and the buoy itself will be replaced by an unlighted conical buoy, painted black, in September 1920.

Variation ... 2° Easterly.

Chart affected... No. 3599, Plan of Henjam Sound.

No. 753, Entrance of the Persian Gulf.

Publications ... Persian Gulf Pilot, 1915, page 208.

Indian List of Lights, 38th Issue, 1919, No. 39.

Authority ... The Commanding Officer, R. I. M. S. *Nearchus*.

No. 78-M. OF 1920.

CAPE JASKH.

New light established—Old light discontinued.

Date of exhibition 1st July 1920.

New light established—

(a) Position ... At a distance of about 3½ cables 273° (N. 84° W. Mag.) from the beacon on Cape Jaskh.

Lat. 25° 33' 15" N.

Long. 57° 45' 29" E.

Abridged description ... Lt. Gp. Fl. ev. 10 sec. Vis. 7 M.

Character ... A group flashing white light every 10 seconds, showing two flashes of half a second each, eclipse between flashes 2½ seconds, between groups 6½ seconds.

Visibility ... 7 miles.

Elevation ... 37 feet.

Structure ... A small square stone house, the northern corner surmounted by a round tower, painted white, which carries the light. The summit of the tower is 23 feet.

Old light discontinued—

Former Notice No. 23-M. of 1920 (Admiralty No. 735 of 1914).

(b) Position ... On southern tower of telegraph building.

Details ... The fixed light hitherto exhibited from the southern tower of the telegraph buildings will be permanently discontinued from 1st July 1920.

Variation ... 2° Easterly.

Charts affected. No. 145, Plan of Jaskh Bay.

„ 753, Entrance of the Persian Gulf.

„ 2837a, Persian Gulf, Eastern Sheet.

„ 38, Maskat to Karachi.

Publications ... List of Lights, Part VI, 1920, page 33.

Indian List of Lights, 88th Issue, 1919, page 12.

Persian Gulf Pilot, 1915, page 189.

Authority ... The Commanding Officer, R. I. M. S. *Nearchus*, dated 18th May 1920.

No. 79-M. OF 1920.

RED SEA—EASTERN SHORE.

Kamaran passage—Beacons erected.

Former Notice No. 39-M. of 1920.

(a) Position ... On the site occupied by the telegraph hut on Ras-el-Bayadh.

Lat. 15° 15½' N.

Long. 42° 35½' E.

(b) Position ... On the site occupied by the telegraph hut on Ras-el-Yemen.

Lat. 15° 10½' N.

Long. 42° 34½' E.

Details ... The above beacons which were notified in the former notice quoted as "being erected" have now been completely erected.

Remarks ... A further notice, giving full particulars of the beacons erected, will be issued.

Charts affected. No. 543, Kamaran Passage.

„ 143, Jibel Teir to Perim Island.

Publication ... Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Pilot, 1909, page 362.

Authority ... The Port Officer, Aden, dated 18th May 1920.

No. 80-M. OF 1920.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA.

RANGOON RIVER—CHANNEL CIRCULAR.

Monkey Point—Dredged Cut and Dunnedaw Channel.

Depth of water on 17th May 1920.

Monkey Point Dredged Cut.

	Ft. In.
South Line of Central Track	... 11 0
Central Track	... 13 0
North Line of Central Track	... 14 0
Tide Gauge φ B. O. C. Chy.	... 16 0

Dunnedaw Reach.

Dunnedaw Buoy φ Mowers Chy. ... *South Line* . 13 0*

Mowers Chy. open to northward of Dunnedaw Buoy... *Central Line*. 13 0*

Authority ... Deputy Conservator of the Port, Rangoon.

* *N.B.*—13 feet at Western Approach.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD:
Bombay, 2nd June 1920.

EDWARD J. HEADLAM,
Captain, R. I. M.,
Offg. Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Heads of Departments and all other Officers concerned are informed that Notifications in the GAZETTE are in future to be accepted as disposing of all references regarding leave, transfers, appointments, powers, and other personal questions affecting Gazetted Officers as to which orders are gazetted by the Governor in Council in this Part of the GAZETTE, and that any subsidiary orders as to relief of their subordinates and the like, which such Notifications necessitate, must be issued by them on receipt of the GAZETTE, as no other orders will be issued by Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1920.

No. 4467. — In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, delegated to the Government of Bombay under the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 2859-L.A., dated 19th June 1903, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Political Agent in the Sorath Prant of the Káthiáwár Agency to be a special Magistrate for the trial of Azam Kotila Unad Bhan, a 6th class jurisdictional tálukdár of Dedan and seven others of Dedan in the Sorath Prant of the Káthiáwár Agency, accused of offences under sections 148 and 323 of the Indian Penal Code, such offences being reported to have been committed at or near the village of Borala in the Khambha Táluca of the Amreli Mahal of the Baroda State, on or about the 3rd day of September 1918, the said State being outside British India and under the suzerainty of His Majesty.

2. The said Magistrate in respect of the trial and of all proceedings incidental thereto shall exercise within the territories of the Káthiáwár Agency the powers of a First Class Magistrate.

3. In the exercise of such jurisdiction the said Magistrate may take cognizance of all or any of the offences aforesaid, and shall when taking cognizance thereof follow the procedure laid down by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the trial of warrant cases.

4. The Agent to the Governor, Káthiáwár, shall in relation to the proceedings of the said Magistrate exercise the powers of a Court of Session as described in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, and when so exercising those powers shall sit within the said territories.

No. 4490. — Lieutenant-Colonel H. S. Strong of the Bombay Political Department was granted an extension of furlough by three days from the 15th to the 17th March 1920 (inclusive) in continuation of the extension of leave sanctioned by Government Notification No. 2888, dated the 6th April 1920.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1920.

No. 5069. — The resignation of Mr. Aboohaker Abdul Rahman Beg Muhammad of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate of Bombay to which he was appointed by Government Notification No. 1268, dated the 15th February 1919, has been accepted by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Bombay Castle, 3rd June 1920.

No. 5092. — The following notification by the Government of India in the Army Department is republished:—

"CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES'
DEPARTMENT.

No. 968, dated the 23th May 1920.

The services of Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. Cumberlege, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

(Signed) A. H. BINGLEY, Major-Genl.,
Secretary to the Govt. of India."

Bombay Castle, 4th June 1920.

No. 5118. — Mr. H. S. Needham, an Assistant Superintendent of Police, has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India furlough for three months on average salary in continuation of the privilege leave for six months sanctioned by Government Notification No. 10176, dated the 27th November 1919.

No. 5122. — The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr. J. A. Saldanha, LL.B., placed on special duty pending further orders:—

Mr. Naginal Venilal Desai, LL.B., to do duty as Joint Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Thána.

Mr. Janardan Nagesh Kale, LL.B., to act as Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Thána, vice Mr. N. V. Desai, LL.B.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to direct under section 193 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, that Mr. Desai shall try such cases only as the Sessions Judge, Thána, may make over to him for trial.

No. 5123. — The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice the Honourable Mr. C. G. H. Fawcett, I. C. S., appointed to be a Judge

of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay :—

The Honourable Mr. L. C. Crump, I. C. S., to be Judicial Commissioner of Sind.

The Honourable Mr. C. A. Kincaid, C.V.O., I. C. S., to be Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind.

No. 5124. — The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. L. K. Hera-path, on return from leave, to be on special duty under the District Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad, and thereafter to act as District Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. D. Healy, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Bombay Castle, 7th June 1920.

*No. 5143. — It is hereby notified that Major J. F. Paterson, Cantonment Magistrate, Karachi and Manora, passed, on the 6th April 1920, the further examination in Law prescribed by rule 17 of the Rules relating to the appointment and examination of Cantonment Magistrates.

No. 5170. — The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. M. R. Chaulal, Subordinate Judge, Sângola and Mâlsiras, to be Registrar of the District and Sessions Court of Sholâpur;

Mr. R. N. Nadgir, Joint Subordinate Judge, Athni, to be Subordinate Judge, Sângola and Mâlsiras;

Mr. V. V. Phadke to continue as Subordinate Judge at Muddebihâl.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. 4268-W. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. T. New, Deputy Superintendent of Police, to hold the appointment of the Superintendent of the Civil Refugees Camp at Ahmednagar with effect from the 20th May 1920.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd June 1920.

No. B.-Misc.-2617. — The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Manibhai Pragji Desai, District Inspector of Land Records, Ahmedabad, on return from leave, to be Deputy Superintendent of Land Records, N. D.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1920.

No. A.-Misc.-1423. — Dr. H. H. Mann, D.Sc., Principal, Agricultural College, Poona, is granted, with effect from the

date of relief, such privilege leave as is due to him in combination with furlough on full average salary for such period as will bring the total period up to eight months.

No. A.-Misc.-1491. — Mr. T. S. Pipe, Executive Engineer on special duty in connection with the improvement of forest communications in the Kânara District, is granted, with effect from 23rd June 1920 or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved, privilege leave for five months and eighteen days in combination with furlough on average salary for four months.

No. A.-Misc.-1618. — Mr. M. G. Athalye, Divisional Superintendent of Agriculture, Deccan Canals, is granted privilege leave for one month from the date of relief.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. S. Swadi, Superintendent, Gokâk Canal Farm, to act as Divisional Superintendent of Agriculture, Deccan Canals, during the absence on leave of Mr. Athalye or pending further orders.

No. E.-Misc.-1408. — Mr. H. S. Lawrence, I. C. S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for one month.

No. E.-Misc.-1429. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following promotions vice Mr. S. R. Arthur, I. C. S., deceased :—

Mr. E. Maconochie, C.S.I., I. C. S., to be Commissioner, First Grade.

The Honourable Mr. C. N. Seddon, I. C. S., to be Commissioner, Second Grade.

No. 1696. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Mangharam Chandiram to do duty as Third Uncovenanted Assistant to the Commissioner in Sind.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,
Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th June 1920.

No. 6146. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. Whitaker, Inspector of Factories, to act as Chief Inspector of Factories during the absence on leave of Mr. J. D. F. Engel, pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1920.

No. *E.*-11355. — On his return from leave Mr. H. C. Crossle, B.Sc., Executive Engineer, is temporarily attached to the Karachi Buildings District until he assumes charge of the Persian Gulf District from Mr. C. E. Aitken, proceeding on leave as per Government Notification No. *E.*-6214, dated 25th March 1920.

Bombay Castle, 3rd June 1920.

No. *E.*-11409. — Mr. W. H. E. Garrod, A.M.I.C.E., Assistant Executive Engineer, is transferred from the Northern to the Central Division.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1920.

No. *E.*-11589. — Mr. Ambernath Bhat-tacharya, L.C.E., Executive Engineer, is

granted under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 168-C.S.E., dated 24th February 1919, and Resolution No. 1514-C.S.R., dated 29th/30th December 1919, privilege leave for two months with effect from the 1st June 1920 or the subsequent date of relief.

2. Mr. Tejuma Murlidhardas Kanai, Sub-Engineer, is appointed to hold charge of the office of Executive Engineer, Ratnágiri District, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Mr. Bhattacharya or until further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. O. B. SHOUBRIDGE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, etc.**LEGAL DEPARTMENT.**

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1920.

No. 721.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, with effect from the date of this notification and pending further orders, Mr. Pamanmal Walabdas to be Assistant to the District Government Pleader, Karáchi.

R. B. MILNE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

BY HIS MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.**APPELLATE SIDE.**

No. 1630.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to admit Mr. Rijhumal Kundansing Lahori, LL.B., as a Vakil of the High Court.

Bombay, 7th June 1920. S. M. MOBEDJINA,
Acting Deputy Registrar.

BY THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.**MARINE DEPARTMENT.**

No. *Gel.*-827.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Government Notification No. 634, dated the 14th July 1914, the Commissioner in Sind is pleased in supersession of his No. *Gel.*-619, dated 8th April 1919, to notify under section 43-B of the Karáchi Port Trust Act, 1886 (Bombay Act VI of 1886), that the charges leviable under the following heads of scale of rates and charges framed by the Trustees of the Port of Karáchi under the authority of section 43 of the said Act, will, pending further notice, be increased, with effect from 1st June 1920, to the extent of 33½ per cent. instead of 25 per cent. as at present against each head:—

Wharfage fees; Cranage fees; Berth fees; Night and Holiday fees;
Mooring fees.

Karáchi, 3rd June 1920. P. R. CADELL,
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.**NORTHERN DIVISION.**

No. *Est. I.*-68.—Mr. Moreshwar Bhasker Kunte, Fifth Grade Mámlatdár on probation, is confirmed as Mámlatdár.

Ahmedabad, Sháhíbhágh, 2nd June 1920. J. GHOSAL,
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-I.—The combined leave for twenty-seven months granted to Mr. K. M. Sohoni, Second Grade Mámlatdár, by this office Notifications Nos. V.-213, dated 10th April 1918, and *Est. S. R. I.*-1, dated 6th May 1920, is extended by extraordinary leave without allowances for three months.

No. *Est. S. R. II.*-5.—The privilege leave for one month granted to Mr. V. H. Godbole, Head Accountant, Dhulia, by this office Notification No. *Est. S. R. II.*-5 of 11th May 1920 is extended by twelve days, Mr. M. S. Upasani continuing to act.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-30.—Mr. S. H. Pandit, Head Kárkún, táluka Wái, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of Sátára pending relief by Mr. R. D. Indolikar.

Poona, 1st June 1920.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-17.—Mr. M. V. Dani, Head Kárkún in the Násik District, acted as Mámlatdár of Kalwan from 25th April 1920 to 11th May 1920, both days inclusive, being the period intervening between the departure of Mr. S. A. Kulkarni and the arrival of Mr. W. A. Dange.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-33.—Mr. R. K. Bhagwat, Probationary Fifth Grade Mámlatdár, doing duty as Chitnis to the Collector of Poona, is confirmed in that grade.

Poona, 3rd June 1920.

No. *Est. S. R.*-1/34.—The following substantive *pro tem.* promotions are ordered :—

- (1) Vice Mr. V. S. Hatwalne, 5th Grade Mámlatdár (promoted to the 4th Grade from 1st April 1920), on deputation as City Survey Enquiry Officer, Sátára, from 9th December 1918 to 31st May 1920.

V Grade to substantive pro tem. IV Grade.

	Date.	
	From	To
Mr. V. K. Rajgura	1st April 1920	31st May 1920.

Acting V Grade to substantive pro tem. V Grade.

Mr. W. A. Dange	9th December 1918	17th May 1919.
„ N. R. Ekbote	18th May 1919	9th July 1919.
„ M. R. Deshpande	10th July 1919	6th January 1920.
„ B. B. Ghogale	7th January 1920	15th March 1920.
„ T. V. Tillu	16th March 1920	31st May 1920.

- (2) In the temporary appointment added to the 4th Grade of Mámlat for the Resident Magistrate, Wálwa (*vide* Government Orders No. 1741, Revenue Department, of 20th February 1919 and No. 1399, Revenue Department, of 4th May 1920), from the date of taking over charge of the appointment by the first nominee on 10th April 1919.

V Grade to substantive pro tem. IV Grade.

Mr. B. N. Jategaonkar	10th April 1919	17th May 1919.
„ A. T. Nagansurkar	18th May 1919	1st July 1919.
„ P. G. Gokhale	2nd July 1919	6th January 1920.
„ K. V. Naik	7th January 1920	15th March 1920.
„ V. S. Hatwalne	16th March 1920	31st March 1920.
„ T. R. Kharshikar	1st April 1920	Continued.

Acting V Grade to substantive pro tem. V Grade.

Mr. N. R. Ekbote	10th April 1919	17th May 1919.
„ M. R. Deshpande	10th June 1919	9th July 1919.
„ B. B. Ghogale	18th May 1919	9th June 1919.
„ S. A. Kulkarni	10th July 1919	6th January 1920.
	7th January 1920	Continued.

- (3) In the temporary appointment added to the 2nd Grade of Mámlat for the Resident Magistrate, Manmád (*vide* Government Order No. 3981, dated 21st May 1919), from 26th June 1919.

IIF Grade to substantive pro tem. II Grade.

Mr. S. M. Panat	26th June 1919	31st March 1920.
„ V. V. Apte	1st April 1920	Continued.

IV Grade to substantive pro tem. III Grade.

Mr. V. R. Sane	26th June 1919	31st March 1920.
„ T. V. Chandorikar	1st April 1920	Continued.

V Grade to substantive pro tem. IV Grade.

	Date.	
	From	To
Mr. Edulji Pestonji ...	26th June 1919	9th July 1919.
„ K. V. Naik ...	10th July 1919	6th January 1920.
„ V. S. Hatwalne ...	7th January 1920	15th March 1920.
„ S. N. Namjoshi ...	16th March 1920	31st March 1920.
„ G. N. Kulkarni ...	1st April 1920	Continued.

Acting V to substantive pro tem. V Grade.

Mr. K. K. Kalkar ...	26th June 1919	Continued.
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(4) Vice Mr. V. M. Kulkarni, 1st Grade Mámlatdár, appointed substantive *pro tem.* 6th Grade Deputy Collector from 1st July 1919 (*vide* Government Notification No. E. O., dated 28th January 1920).

II Grade to substantive pro tem. I Grade.

Mr. G. M. Bhalerao ...	1st July 1919	31st March 1920.
„ V. B. Shrotri ...	1st April 1920	Continued.

III Grade to substantive pro tem. II Grade.

Mr. V. V. Apte ...	1st July 1919	31st March 1920.
„ R. T. Dev* ...	1st April 1920	Continued.

* He should cease to draw the substantive *pro tem.* allowance from the date of reversion to Mámlat of Mr. C. G. Kazi, now acting Huzúr Deputy Collector, Sholápur.

IV Grade to substantive pro tem. III Grade.

Rao Saheb B. R. Deshmukh ...	1st July 1919	15th March 1920.
Mr. K. T. Chaubal ...	16th March 1920	31st March 1920.
„ B. R. Khade ...	1st April 1920	Continued.

V Grade to substantive pro tem. IV Grade.

Mr. K. V. Naik ...	1st July 1919	9th July 1919.
„ V. S. Hatwalne ...	10th July 1919	6th January 1920.
„ S. N. Namjoshi ...	7th January 1920	15th March 1920.
„ T. R. Kharshikar ...	16th March 1920	31st March 1920.
„ R. K. Bhagwat ...	1st April 1920	Continued.

Acting V Grade to substantive pro tem. V Grade.

Mr. M. N. Peerzade ...	7th August 1919	Continued.
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(5) Vice Mr. L. S. Potnis, 4th Grade Mámlatdár, appointed Special Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies, by Government Notification No. 12007 of 11th November 1919 from 29th November 1919.

V Grade to substantive pro tem. IV Grade.

Mr. S. N. Namjoshi ...	29th November 1919	6th January 1920.
„ T. R. Kharshikar ...	7th January 1920	15th March 1920.
„ G. N. Kulkarni ...	16th March 1920	31st March 1920.
„ B. M. Godbole ...	1st April 1920	Continued.

Acting V Grade to substantive pro tem. V Grade.

Mr. V. M. Jadhav ...	29th November 1919	Continued.
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No. *Est. S. R. I-36*.—(1) Mr. S. A. Kulkarni on relief by Mr. H. G. Thakar at Násik to act as Mámílatdár of Peint, Mr. G. G. Vaidya reverting.

(2) Mr. S. M. Panat on return from leave to be Mámílatdár of Sátára.

(3) This office Notification No. *Est. S. R. I-30*, dated 27th May 1920, appointing Mr. R. D. Indolikar as Mámílatdár of Sátára, is hereby cancelled.

Mr. S. R. Vaishampayan, Mámílatdár of Junnar, to be Mámílatdár of Bhimthadi.

(4) Mr. Tarabdkar on relief at Bhimthadi to act as Mámílatdár of Junnar until further orders.

F. G. PRATT,
Commissioner, C. D.

Poona, 7th June 1920.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. *Est. S. R.-71*.—The following substantive *pro tem.* promotions of Mámílatdárs are ordered vice Mr. M. S. Sashittal, B.A., Second Grade Mámílatdár, appointed Enquiry Officer, Dhárwár City Survey (*vide* Government Order No. 2052, Revenue Department, of 27th February 1919), with effect from the 9th September 1919, on which date Mr. Sashittal took up that appointment:—

I.—To be substantive *pro tem.* Second Grade.

	From	To
(i) Mr. B. S. Shirolkar, B.A.	... 9th September 1919.	19th January 1920.
(ii) „ R. N. Pandit, B.A.	... 20th January 1920.	21st January 1920.
(iii) „ V. V. Nadig, B.A.	... 22nd January 1920.	1st February 1920.
(iv) „ V. B. Parolekar, B.A.	... 2nd February 1920.	31st March 1920.
(v) „ D. B. Deshpande, B.A.	... 1st April 1920.	

II.—To be substantive *pro tem.* Third Grade.

	From	To
(i) Mr. G. T. Konnur, B.A.	... 9th September 1919.	19th January 1920.
(ii) Ráo Sáheb V. M. Karnik, B.A.	... 20th January 1920.	21st January 1920.
(iii) Mr. R. R. Divekar	... 22nd January 1920.	31st March 1920.
(iv) „ S. K. Wadeyar, L.Ag.	... 1st April 1920.	

III.—To be substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade.

	From	To
(i) Mr. B. G. Gokhale	... 9th September 1919.	19th January 1920.
(ii) „ B. S. Masarguppi	... 20th January 1920.	21st January 1920.
(iii) „ G. V. Joglékar	... 22nd January 1920.	31st March 1920.
(iv) „ R. V. Sunthakar, B.A.	... 1st April 1920.	

IV.—To be substantive *pro tem.* Fifth Grade.

(i) Mr. N. S. Kulkarni, L.Ag. ... (From 9th September 1919.)
Belgaum, 29th May 1920.

No. *Est.-S.R.-70*.—With reference to paragraph II (iv) of this office Notification No. *Est.-S.R.-70*, dated 18th May 1920, published on pages 1393-1394 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part, I, dated the 27th idem, it is hereby notified that Mr. K. K. Savalgi, B.A., Head Kárkún, Dhárwár District (pay Rs. 60), acted as Head Clerk to the Collector of Dhárwár from 15th April 1920 to 23rd May 1920 (both days inclusive).
Belgaum, 31st May 1920.

No. *Est.-S.R.-73*.—The following promotions and appointments of Mámílatdárs are ordered vice Mr. H. B. Khanolkar, Mámílatdár, Third Grade, retired with effect from 8th May 1920:—

- (i) Mr. V. S. Damle, Temporary Reforms Chitnis, Bijápúr, to be Third Grade Mámílatdár.
- (ii) Mr. R. V. Sunthakar, B.A., Mámílatdár, Dápoli (substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade), to be Fourth Grade Mámílatdár.
- (iii) Mr. G. V. Desai, Temporary Reforms Chitnis, Dhárwár, to be substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade.

- (iv) Mr. V. G. Rudli, Mámlatdár of Haliyál (substantive *pro tem.* Fifth Grade), to be Fifth Grade Mámlatdár.
- (v) Mr. S. B. Sar-Deshpande, Acting Fifth Grade Mámlatdár (doing duty as District Inspector, Land Records, Ratnágiri), to be substantive *pro tem.* Fifth Grade Mámlatdár.

Belgaum, 1st June 1920.

No. *Est. S. R.*-30.—Mr. N. B. Rajwade, Head Accountant, Kolába, under orders of transfer to Belgaum (*vide* this office Notification No. *Est. S. R.*-30, dated 4th February 1920, published on page 444 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated the 12th idem), was granted privilege leave for one month and seven days from the 18th March 1920, the date of his relief at Kolába, and Mr. R. K. Kale, Deputy Accountant, Belgaum (pay Rs. 90), continued to act as Head Accountant, Belgaum.

L. J. MOUNTFORD,
Commissioner, S. D.

Belgaum, 2nd June 1920.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT AND EXCISE.

No. 97-25.—The following reversions and revised substantive *pro tem.* and acting arrangements are ordered with effect from the 27th April 1920, vice Mr. C. H. Coleman, Excise Inspector, Gadag Circle, Dhárwár District, reverted from Military duty from the above date :—

	From Rs.	To Rs.
1. Mr. H. E. Jones, Broach District.	125 and 150 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> (Mr. Coleman's arrangement).	150 acting (Mr. Talyarkhan's arrangement), Mr. J. J. D'Souza reverting.
2. „ G. M. Patki, Liquor Warehouse, Sátára.	100 and 125 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> (Mr. Coleman's arrangement).	125 acting (Mr. Talyarkhan's arrangement), Mr. V. G. Kalewadi reverting.

No. 97-36.—The privilege leave for 40 days granted, with effect from 5th February 1920, to Mr. Cyril Kyte, Excise Inspector, Muddebihál Circle, Bijápúr District, on Rs. 100 and Rs. 125 *acting* and now under orders of transfer to Kárwár-Ankola, Kánara District (Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise, Southern Division's Notification No. 378, dated 3rd March 1920), has been extended by privilege leave for seven days combined with leave on medical certificate for two months and eight days, and Mr. P. R. Gonsalves, Excise Sub-Inspector, Dhárwár Circle, on Rs. 50 and 60 substantive *pro tem.* is appointed to act as Excise Inspector, Kárwár-Ankola, Kánara District, in the Rs. 100 grade from the 19th April 1920.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Excise.

Camp *viâ* Bombay, 8th June 1920.

BY THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

No. *Est.* 1/101.—The following revised arrangements are ordered with effect from 1st June 1920, vice Mr. J. Zuzart, transferred to the office of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Excise, Bombay :—

<i>Promotions.</i>		
Name.	From Rs.	To Rs.
1. Mr. D. K. Damle	... 40	... 40 and 50 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> , Ratnágiri arrangement No. IV.
2. „ D. J. Kharkar	... 35	... 35 and 40 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> , Ratnágiri arrangement No. IV.
3. „ A. A. R. Shaikh	... 30 acting (Mr. Wilmot's arrangement).	35 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> , Ratnágiri arrangement No. IV.
4. „ J. B. Bhargao	... Candidate	... 30 acting (Mr. Wilmot's arrangement).

<i>Postings.</i>		
Name.	From	To
1. Mr. J. B. Bhargao	... Candidate	... Bonded Liquor Warehouse, Chiplún, Ratnágiri District.

Camp Khánápúr, 28th May—2nd June 1920.

Order.

No. *Est.* 1/83.—Mr. C. G. Vyas, Excise Sub-Inspector, is confirmed in his substantive appointment.

F. A. INGLE,

Acting Deputy Commissioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency.

Camp Dhárwár, 2nd June 1920.

BY THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS OF SALT AND EXCISE.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 80.—The acting arrangement ordered, vice Mr. A. M. Khateeb appointed acting Excise Inspector in this office Notification No. 80 of 18th April 1920, should take effect from 1st May 1920.

Khárághoda, 1st June 1920.

No. 173.—The five months' privilege leave granted, with effect from 3rd January 1920, under this office Notification No. 173 of 11th April 1920, to Mr. Ishwarlal Mugatlal Majmudar, Excise Sub-Inspector substantive *pro tem.* on Rs. 75 (Mr. Sheikh Abdul Majid's arrangement), attached to this office, is extended by one month's privilege leave, the existing arrangement ordered in this office Notification No. 173 of 4th March 1920 being continued.

J. H. GARRETT,

Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise, N. D.

Khárághoda, 2nd June 1920.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. 12-69.—Mr. D. M. Moray, Excise Inspector, Bhiwandi, and under orders of transfer to Wáda, Thána District (this office Notification No. 1-86 of 2nd May 1920), on Rs. 125, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the date of his relief and the following acting arrangement is ordered :—

1. Mr. J. P. Pinto, Excise Sub-Inspector, Thána, on Rs. 60 and Rs. 75 substantive *pro tem.*, to act as Excise Inspector, Wáda, Thána District, on Rs. 100.
2. Mr. K. D. Kanvinde, Excise Sub-Inspector, Jawhár, Thána District, to be Excise Sub-Inspector, Thána, Thána District.
3. Mr. R. D. Tarapurwalla, acting Excise Inspector, Jawhár, should hold charge of the duties of the Sub-Inspector, in addition to his own.

S. D. SMITH,

Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise, C. D.

Camp *via* Bombay, 3rd June 1920.

BY THE SURGEON-GENERAL WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

No. A.-1998.—Assistant Surgeon C. M. E. Warner, I.M.D., on reversion from Military duty, has been placed in charge of Government House Dispensary, with effect from the forenoon of the 14th April 1920.

No. A.-2000.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon K. M. Bulchandani, M.B., B.S., was attached to the J. J. Hospital, Bombay, for duty in place of a Military Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the forenoon of 24th May to the afternoon of 27th May 1920, and has been placed on general duty at the Bombay Bacteriological Laboratory with effect from the forenoon of 28th May 1920.

W. E. JENNINGS, M.D., Major-General, I. M. S.,

Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay.

Poona, 7th June 1920.

BY DISTRICT JUDGES.

No. 1504.—Mr. M. H. Mehta, Head Clerk, District Court, Ahmedabad, is empowered to administer oaths to declarants for the purpose of affidavits during the absence of the Sheristedar and Názir, District Court, with effect from 2nd June 1920.

M. I. KADRI,

Assistant Judge in charge,
District Judge, Ahmedabad.

Ahmedabad, 2nd June 1920.

No. 1319.—Under section 40 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act XIV of 1869 (as amended by Act I of 1900) Mr. Mohodin walad Rasul on Rs. 40, appointed as Názir in the Subordinate Judge's Court, Muddebihál, is empowered to administer oaths to declarants for the purpose of affidavits in the said Court.

Bijápúr, 3rd June 1920.

R. E. A. ELLIOTT,
District Judge, Bijápúr.

No. 1725.—Mr. Pandharinath Mahadeo Gokhale, clerk, District Court, Sholápur, is appointed Clerk of the Court and Názir in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Málsiras and he is authorized to administer oaths to declarants for the purpose of making affidavits under section 139 (c) of the Civil Procedure Code, Act V of 1908.

Sholápur, 3rd June 1920.

J. D. DIKSHIT,
District Judge, Sholápur.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

No. *Med. S. R.*-1-26.—For the purposes of Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 3331, dated 29th August 1906, as modified by the Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 3507, dated 29th October 1910, sanctioning house-rent to Government servants moving from plague infected areas to healthy localities, the town of Nándgaon, táluka Nándgaon, district Násik, is declared to be free from plague from 22nd April 1920.

Násik, 31st May 1920.

C. H. BRISTOW,
Acting District Magistrate, Násik.

No. 3173.—It is hereby notified under the powers delegated as per Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 1404, dated 23rd February 1900, that Mr. Anandrao Ramchandra Gulwadi, District Deputy Collector and First Class Magistrate, Kánara, is placed in charge of the Kárwár Division comprising the tálukas of Kárwár (excluding the Municipality of Kárwár), Ankola, Yellápur and Haliyál and the pethas of Mundgod and Supa, with effect from 26th May 1920.

Kárwár, 31st May 1920.

No. 3295.—Mr. R. S. Kasargod, B.A., Head Kárkún and Magistrate, Third Class, Honávar, is hereby invested with the following additional powers under the Criminal Procedure Code :—

- (1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances under section 143.
- (2) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (3) Power to hold inquests under section 174.
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint under section 190,
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon police report under section 190.

Kárwár, 3rd June 1920.

J. R. HOOD,
District Magistrate, Kánara.

No. *Mag. S. R.* II-220.—In exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure by Government Resolution No. 1404, dated 23rd February 1900, Judicial Department, the District Magistrate, East Khándesh, hereby appoints Mr. Raghunath Krishna Risbud, B.A., Magistrate of the First Class, to be the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of the Eastern Division of the East Khándesh District comprising of the Jalgaon Táluka excluding the area within the limits of the Jalgaon City Municipality, Bhusáwal, Yáwal and Ráver Tálukas and Edlabad Peta.

Jalgaon, 3rd June 1920.

G. MONTEATH,
District Magistrate, East Khándesh.

No. *Mag.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by Government Resolution No. 1404, dated 23rd February 1900, Judicial Department, the District Magistrate, Ratnágiri, hereby appoints, under section 13, Criminal Procedure Code, Mr. S. V. Deshpande, Magistrate of the First Class, to be a Sub-Divisional Magistrate of the Northern Sub-Division of the Ratnágiri District, comprising the tálukas of Sangameshwar, Chiplun (including Guhágar Peta), Khed and Dápoli (including Mandangad Peta).

Ratnágiri, 4th June 1920.

A. R. DALAL,
District Magistrate, Ratnágiri.

No. *Mag. Pow. S.R.*-20.—Mr. Narayan Balkrishna Deshpande, Magistrate of the Third Class, Shevgaon in the Ahmednagar District, is hereby invested with the following additional powers under schedule IV of the Criminal Procedure Code :—

- (a) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances (section 143).
- (b) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (c) Power to hold inquests under section 174.
- (d) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon Police reports [section 190 (a) and (b)].

No. *Mag. Pow. S.R.*-21.—Mr. W. Dellar, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the Third Class, Ahmednagar in the Ahmednagar District, is hereby invested with the following additional powers under schedule IV of the Criminal Procedure Code :—

- (a) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances (section 143).
- (b) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (c) Power to hold inquests under section 174.
- (d) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports [section 190 (a) and (b)].

No. *Mag. Pow. S.R.*-22.—Mr. Vithal Daji Kher, ordinary Head Karkun and Magistrate of the Third Class, Newasa Taluka in the Ahmednagar District, is hereby invested with the following additional powers under schedule IV of the Criminal Procedure Code :—

- (a) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances (section 143).
- (b) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (c) Power to hold inquests under section 174.
- (d) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon Police reports [section 190 (a) and (b)].

Dated 4th June 1920.

C. W. A. TURNER,
District Magistrate, Ahmednagar.

No. *Med. S. R.*-42.—For the purpose of Government Resolution No. 3331, Financial Department, dated 29th August 1906, as modified by Government Resolution No. 3507, Financial Department, dated 29th October 1910, the town of Shirála in the Sátára District is hereby declared to be free from plague from 31st March 1920.

4th June 1920.

E. L. MOYSEY,
District Magistrate, Sátára.

BY COLLECTORS.

PROCLAMATION.

No. *M. E. D.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Bombay Village Sanitation Act I of 1889, the Collector of Belgaum hereby directs that, unless a proclamation be thereafter issued to the contrary, Part II of the said Act shall, on and from the 1st day of September 1920, being not less than two months from the date of publication of this proclamation, extend to the villages of Hirekop and Chikop villages in the Murgod Mahál of the Belgaum District.

Any objection which any inhabitant of the said villages may desire to make to the extension of Part II of the said Act to the said villages will, if submitted to the Collector not later than one month before the said date hereinbefore specified, be received and considered.

Belgaum, 31st May 1920.

PROCLAMATION.

No. *Med.*/100.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Bombay Village Sanitation Act I of 1889, the Collector of Belgaum hereby directs that, unless a proclamation be thereafter issued to the contrary, Part II of the said Act shall, on and from the 1st day of September 1920, being not less than two months from the date of publication of this proclamation, extend to the village of Khanápur, a village in the Hukeri Taluka of the Belgaum District.

Any objection which any inhabitant of the said village may desire to make to the retention of Part II of the said Act to the said village will, if submitted to the Collector not later than one month before the said date hereinbefore specified, be received and considered.

Belgaum, 7th June 1920.

G. L. MACGREGOR,
Collector of Belgaum.

BY THE REGISTRAR, CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

No. A/10.—Having received information that a dispute exists between the Managing Committee of the Anand Roman Catholic Co-operative Credit Society on the one part and

Principals	Sureties
1 Ganesh Ranchhod Chamdia	1 Raghav Mula
2 Sundar Vira Chamadia	2 Babhai Asha
3 Babhai Bechar	1 Raghav Mula
4 Bhaga Bodha	2 Trikam Jiva
	1 Trikam Jiva
	2 Raghav Mula
	1 Raghav Mula
	2 Sunder Vira

on the other part, the Registrar hereby appoints Mr. A. B. Pathan, Assistant Honorary Organiser, Co-operative Societies, Borsad, to be sole arbitrator of the dispute under Rule 29 of the Bombay Co-operative Societies' (Supplementary) Rules, 1919, published under Notification No. 4358, dated 30th April 1919.

No. 3971.—Having received information that a dispute exists between the Managing Committee of the Kárwár Urban Co-operative Credit Society on the one part and

Principal	Sureties
1 Vasudev Sadashiv Shetti	1 Nagappa Anant Shetti
	2 Vithal Mhalappa Shetti
	3 Mahadeo Sadashiv Shetti
	4 Govind Madhav Shenvi

on the other part, the Registrar hereby appoints Mr. V. G. Govekar, retired Treasurer and Bench Magistrate, Kárwár, to be sole arbitrator of the dispute under Rule 29 of the Bombay Co-operative Societies' Rules, 1919, published under Notification No. 4358, dated 30th March 1919.

No. 4030.—Having received information that a dispute exists between the Managing Committee of the Moratgi Co-operative Credit Society on the one part and

Principals	Sureties
1 Bhimaji Gopal	1 Kallappa Lingappa
2 Noorandaya Guru Chanabasaya	2 Devindrappa Annappa
3 Chandappa Shivappa	3 Lingappa Chanabasappa
4 Shirsappa Chanabasappa	4 Bhimaji Raghwendra
5 Gurulingappa Chanabasappa	1 Chandappa Rudrappa
6 Channeppa Bhandeppa	2 Prabhaya Nirwaneya
7 Shidlingappa Anneerappa	1 Kallappa Lingappa
8 Shidlingaya Anaveerappa	2 Devindrappa Annappa
9 Rachappa Chintamanappa, deceased, heir wife Neelava kom Rachappa.	<i>Nil</i>
10 Devendrappa Annappa	<i>Nil</i>
	<i>Nil</i>
	<i>Nil</i>
	1 Chennappa Bhandeppa
	2 Bhimappa Noorandappa
	1 Chennappa Bhandeppa
	2 Shidlingappa Anneerappa
	<i>Nil</i>

on the other part, the Registrar hereby appoints Mr. D. R. Kale, Honorary Organiser, Co-operative Societies, Bágalkot, to be sole arbitrator of the dispute under Rule 29 of the Bombay Co-operative Societies' Rules, 1919, published under Notification No. 4358, dated 30th April 1919.

OTTO ROTHFELD,

Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Bombay.

Camp Hubli, 2nd June 1920.

BY THE CHIEF ENGINEER IN SIND.

No. C.E.-1196.—The following transfers are ordered for the benefit of the public service:—

Name.	Designation.	From	To
Mr. Mouji Ram Sharma.	Sub-Engineer Temporary.	Sukkur Barrage Project District.	Indus Left Bank Division.

V. M. GRIFFITHS,

Karáchi, 3rd June 1920.

Acting Chief Engineer in Sind.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.

No. 6328-A.—Ráo Sáheb Narayan Vishwanath Trivedi, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Kaira, is granted six weeks' privilege leave with effect from the date of relief.

L. ROBERTSON,

Poona, 28th May 1920.

Inspector-General of Police.

BY THE REMEMBRANCER OF LEGAL AFFAIRS.

No. 1213.—Under the powers delegated by Government in the Judicial Department Notification No. 4066, dated 24th June 1901, it is hereby notified as follows:—

- (1) Mr. T. G. Elphinston, Barrister-at-Law, Public Prosecutor for the Province of Sind, Government Pleader in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind, and District Government Pleader, Karáchi, is granted leave of absence for six months with effect from 14th May 1920 and the following acting arrangement is made during his absence on leave.
- (2) Mr. C. M. Lobo, LL.B., is appointed to act as Public Prosecutor for the Province of Sind, Government Pleader in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind, and District Government Pleader, Karáchi.

R. B. MILNE,

Bombay Castle, 7th June 1920.

Acting Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

BY THE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE.

No. 7529.—Statement showing average retail prices of staple food grains prevailing at the Táluka Headquarters in the Presidency Proper for the month of May 1920 (to be used in granting grain compensation to low-paid employés of Government as per Government Order No. 214, dated 17th March 1920, Financial Department).

[Rate per rupes in standard seers (80 tolas) and chhataks (5 tolas).]

No.	District and Táluka Headquarter.	Name of the staple.	No.	District and Táluka Headquarter.	Name of the staple.	
<i>Ahmedabad.</i>			<i>Broach.</i>			
		<i>Bájni.</i>			<i>Jowári.</i>	
		S. ch.			S. ch.	
1	Daskroi	7 0	1	Broach	10 0	
2	Frántij	9 12	2	Ankleshwar	10 0	
3	Virangám	7 4	3	Vágra	5 8	
4	Dholka	6 8	4	A'mod	10 0	
5	Dhandhuka	6 8	5	Jambusar	6 8	
<i>Kaira.</i>			<i>Surat.</i>			
					<i>Jowári.</i>	
					S. ch.	
1	Mehmedabad	7 0	1	Surat (Chorasí)	7 14	
2	Mátar	8 8	2	Olpád	11 2	
3	Mhásra	6 8	3	Mándvi	7 14	
4	Kapadvanj	8 4	4	Bárdoli	7 6	
5	Nadíád	9 0	5	Jakápur	6 0	
6	Borsad	6 14	6	Chikhli	6 9	
7	A'nand	7 0	7	Bulsár	5 10	
<i>Panch. Maháls.</i>					<i>Ricc.</i>	
					S. ch.	
1	Godhra	6 8	8	Párdi	5 10	
2	Kátol	6 8				
3	Dohad	6 8				
No.	District and Táluka Headquarter.	Name of the staple.				
<i>West Khándesh.</i>		<i>Jowári.</i>	<i>Bájni.</i>	<i>Ricc.</i>	<i>Wheat.</i>	<i>Gram.</i>
		S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.
1	Dhulia	7 11	7 2	4 11	5 5	5 10
2	Bákri	8 1	9 5	2 14	6 1	5 2
3	Nandurbár	8 13	7 5	4 13	7 2	4 13
4	Nawápur	7 1	6 7	4 14	5 0	5 4
5	Taloda	10 4	9 7	4 6	6 12	5 8
6	Sháháda	9 0	6 7	4 4	7 5	5 12
7	Shirpur	7 13	8 4	4 13	5 12	5 10
8	Sindkheda	7 5	7 5	3 13	5 12	4 13
<i>East Khándesh.</i>						
1	Amalner	7 1	6 8	4 4	5 6	5 8
2	Párola	7 10	7 10	4 4	4 14	5 3
3	Cháliggaon	7 10	7 5	3 12	4 5	5 2
4	Páchora	8 10	9 5	4 11	5 0	5 12
5	Erاندol	6 14	5 11	2 5	4 5	4 7
6	Chopda	7 4	6 11	3 12	5 8	5 4
7	Jalgaon	7 4	7 4	4 6	5 6	5 14
8	Jámner	8 12	9 6	2 13	3 15	...
9	Bhusáwal	7 14	7 4	4 11	5 7	5 7
10	Yával	6 13	7 0	2 14	5 1	4 14
11	Ráver	7 7	7 8	4 4	5 4	5 0
<i>Násik.</i>						
1	Násik	...	6 10	3 6	4 13	5 2
2	Igatpuri	...	8 2	4 1	5 6	5 10
3	Sinnar	...	6 5	3 13	5 3	5 0
4	Niphád	...	8 8	3 2	4 12	5 6
5	Yeola	8 10	8 15	4 12	5 1	4 14
6	Nándgaon	10 6	9 1	3 13	5 11	4 5
7	Málegaon	...	7 8	3 12	5 11	4 10
8	Satána (Báglán)	...	9 9	4 14	6 14	4 15
9	Kalwan	...	6 4	4 14	6 2	5 0
10	Chándor	...	7 3	2 16	5 3	4 10

No.	District and Táluka Headquarter.	Name of the staple.					
		Jowári.		Bájri.		Ríce.	Wheat.	Gram.
		S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.	S. ch.
11	Dindori	...	7 4	4 5	5 13	6 3	
12	Peint	...	5 14	3 14	5 3	5 1	
<i>Ahmednagar.</i>							
1	Nagar	9 4	7 2	4 1	5 0	5 4	
2	Párner	11 3	8 6	3 12	4 13	5 1	
3	Shrigonda	9 13	...	2 14	4 2	4 4	
4	Karjat	9 7	8 6	4 0	4 6	4 8	
5	Shevgaon	13 9	8 11	4 4	6 3	4 13	
6	Nevása	13 8	7 3	4 8	6 8	5 12	
7	Ráhuri	11 2	7 4	3 13	5 10	5 14	
8	Kopergaon	8 12	7 8	4 8	5 10	5 10	
9	Sangamner	8 12	8 7	3 14	6 3	5 11	
10	Akola	...	8 8	4 9	4 13	5 8	
<i>Poona.</i>							
1	Poona City (Haveli)	7 7	7 0	4 4	4 12	5 12	
2	Vadgaon (Mával)	7 0	6 0	4 6	4 9	4 14	
3	Khed	8 8	8 1	4 0	4 6	5 3	
4	Junnar	5 15	8 8	4 10	6 2	6 9	
5	Ghodnadi (Sirur)	9 9	6 15	4 3	4 4	4 15	
6	Sásvad (Purandhar)	3 6	6 14	4 6	4 7	5 2	
7	Báramati (Bhimthadi)	8 9	6 6	4 6	4 2	5 0	
8	Indápur	9 2	8 5	3 12	3 15	4 7	
<i>Sholápur.</i>							
1	Sholápur	8 1	8 6	4 10	5 6	5 5	
2	Bársi	9 2	8 9	4 12	4 8	4 14	
3	Mádba	8 9	...	3 7	4 8	4 2	
4	Karmála	8 14	7 6	4 4	4 10	4 8	
5	Pandharpur	8 8	11 8	4 6	4 11	5 2	
6	Sángola	8 7	8 13	3 14	4 8	4 8	
7	Málsiras	9 0	6 3	3 13	3 10	4 2	
<i>Sátára.</i>							
1	Sátára	8 1	7 10	4 11	4 8	4 4	
2	Koregaon	7 13	8 8	4 9	4 4	4 1	
3	Wái	7 5	6 15	4 2	4 2	4 10	
4	Medha (Jávli)	6 14	6 1	4 6	...	4 1	
5	Mahábleshwar (Malcolmpeth).	5 9	5 14	4 7	3 4	3 14	
6	Pátan	7 10	...	3 8	2 11	3 9	
7	Karád	8 11	8 4	4 8	3 7	4 3	
8	Islámpur (Válwa)	8 6	...	4 7	3 10	4 4	
9	Dabliwádi (Mán)	6 14	7 4	4 8	4 0	4 0	
10	Vaduj (Khatáv)	8 5	8 4	4 8	4 3	4 2	
11	Vita (Khanápur)	7 9	6 14	4 7	3 8	4 3	
12	Tásgaon	8 3	7 6	4 9	4 7	4 11	

No.	District and Táluka Headquarter.	Name of the staple.		No.	District and Táluka Headquarter.	Name of the staple.	
		Jowári.	Bájri.			Thána.	Ríce.
		S. ch.	S. ch.			S. ch.	S. ch.
<i>Belgaum.</i>							
1	Belgaum	7 0	7 3	1	Thána (Sálsotte)	5 0	...
2	Khanápur	6 1	...	2	Kalyán	3 11	...
3	Bail Hongal (Samggaon)	6 5	5 14	3	Murbád	4 12	...
4	Saundatti (Parasgad)	5 10	6 13	4	Sháhápur	2 10	...
5	Gokák	6 13	7 1	5	Bhiwandi	4 7	...
6	Ohkodi	7 8	6 14	6	Bassein	4 15	...
7	Hukeri	7 5	6 13	7	Váda	4 9	...
8	Athani	8 5	8 11	8	Pálghar (Máhim)	6 3	...
				9	Dáhnáru	4 8	...
<i>Bijápur.</i>							
1	Bijápur	8 0	7 14	1	Alibág	4 12	...
2	Indi	9 1	...	2	Panvel	4 9	...
3	Sindgi	8 7	9 1	3	Karjat	4 3	...
4	Bágevádi	7 6	...	4	Pen	4 6	...
5	Muddobihál	6 12	7 13	5	Roha	5 2	...
6	Bágalkot	7 7	7 0	6	Mángaon	5 8	...
7	Bádámi	6 9	...	7	Mahád	5 0	...
8	Hungund	7 1	5 3	<i>Ratnágiri.</i>			
<i>Dhárwár.</i>							
		Jowári.		1	Ratnágiri	5 0	...
		S. ch.		2	Venguria	5 6	...
1	Dhárwár	6 13	...	3	Málwán	5 7	...
2	Hubli	6 14	...	4	Dovgad	5 8	...
3	Kalghatgi	7 3	...	5	Rájápur	5 7	...
4	Shiggaon (Bankápur)	7 14	...	6	Devrukh (Sangameshwar)	4 9	...
5	Hángal	7 5	...	7	Chiplun	5 3	...
6	Hirekerur (Kod)	9 12	...	8	Khed	4 13	...
7	Ránebennur	7 4	...	9	DÁpoli	4 13	...
8	Háveri (Karajgi)	7 6	...	<i>Kánara.</i>			
9	Gadag	6 5	...	1	Kárvár	4 15	...
10	Navalgund	6 8	...	2	Ankola	4 15	...
11	Ron	6 7	...	3	Kumta	5 3	...
				4	Honáwar	5 6	...
				5	Haliyál	4 12	...
				6	Yellápur	5 0	...
				7	Sirsi	4 13	...
				8	Siddápur	5 1	...

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1920.

No. E. Misc.—The following notice by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, is republished:—

"QUALIFIED URDU TEACHERS.

ABBOTTABAD.

M. Q. Rahmat Ullah Khan, B.A.—C/o M. Ramzan & Sons, Abbottabad.

ALLAHABAD.

M. Shaikh Mohammad Ismail—South Malaka, Allahabad.

M. Syed Mazhar-ul-Husain—253A, Mohtashim Ganj, Allahabad.

M. S. Athar Husain Jafari, Head Maulavi, A. P. Mission High School, 257 Chak, Allahabad.

*M. Mohd. Ibrahim, Persian Teacher, Government High School, 89, Kydganj, Allahabad.

AMBALA.

M. Mohd. Akbar Khan Haidari—The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.

M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari—Oriental Lodge, Ambala.

M. Ohhote Lal—Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.

M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar.

M. Gulam Qadir, Karimullah's Compound, near H. M. High School, Ambala Cantonment.

M. Mohamed Khalil, Urdu Instructor, Mohalla Maimaran, Ambala City.

*M. M. Muzaffar Hamid Faruqi—Munshi Rasool Bakhsh Compound near Kali Bari.

*M. Rahmat Khan—Mir Munshi, Sadar Bazar, Ambala.

AMRITSAR.

M. Miharuddin,—C/o Messrs. Karamdin Brothers, Hall Bazar, Amritsar.

M. K. R. Mehta—Regimental Munshi,—1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry, Amritsar.

M. Abdul Hamid, C/o Dr. Sheikh Meraj-ud-Din, Chief Sanitary Inspector.

ASANSOL.

M. Shukh Deo Lal, 44, Bastin Bazar, Asansol.

AMROHA.

M. Khwaja Amir Ahmad Ansary, Government High School, Amroha.

BANGALORE.

M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib—58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).

BANNU.

M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim—Pensioner, Bannu.

BAREILLY.

M. Hafizuddin Khan, B.A., Aqab Kotwali, Bareilly.

M. Basheer Ahmad—Bazaria Inayatganj (Old City).

M. Hadiyah Khan, Old City Sailani, Bareilly.

M. Syed Sharafat Ali, 313, Sadar Bazar, Bareilly Cantonment.

M. Hafiz Abdul Aziz, 313, Sadar Bazar, Bareilly Cantonment.

BARRACKPORE.

M. Nisar Ahmed Khan—89, Baker Mahal.

BELGAUM.

Saiyyid Mustafa, Kamat Galli.

BENARES.

M. Farzand Ali Khan—Regt. Munshi, C/o Dr. Abdul Karim Kammi, 11/86, Qasai Mubulla, Orderly Bazar.

BOMBAY.

M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg—668, Parel Road, Byculla, Bombay.

Mr. H. M. Anwar—Karelwadi, Thakurdwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.

Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

*Mr. Mohd. Shafi Ahmad Mazhari, M.A., 668, Parel Road, Byculla, Bombay.

BUDAUN.

Mr. M. Abdul Salem—Birhampur, Budaun.
M. Sami Uddin Qadri—C/o M. Hamiduddin, Maulvi Tola, Budaun, U. P.

CALCUTTA.

M. A. M. F. Wahhab—Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, 14, Zakaria Street, Calcutta.

M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A.—4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley, Calcutta.

M. Abdul Badi—5, Ramsanker Roy Lane, Calcutta.

M. Abdul Habib Khan, 12, Jamadar Khan Lane, Ballingunge.

M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, 8, Jamadar Khan Lane, Ballingunge.

M. Abdul Wajid—106, Harrison Road, Calcutta.

M. Akmal Ali Akmal, 25, Nur Ali Lane, P. O. Entally.

M. Azherus Sadain, Teacher, Calcutta Madrasah, 138/1, Kariya Road.

M. Azizun Nabi Khan, 27, Karaya Bazar Road, Ballingunge, Calcutta.

*M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A.—3, Elliot Lane, Calcutta.

M. Badru-z-Zaman—212/1, Linton Street, Calcutta.

M. Dalluddin Ahmed—41, Ice Factory Lane, Entally.

M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat, 88/1, Baitak Khana Road, Amherst Street P. O.

M. Husain Mirza, 4/1, Collin Lane.

†M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A., M.F., 11, Colocotolla Street, Calcutta.

M. Mohd. Aazam, 19, Tilzala 1st Lane, P. O. Ballingunge, Calcutta.

M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya Ibrat—17/1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Ballingunge Road, Calcutta.

*M. Mohd. Hassan Jafri, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O.

M. Mohd. Israil Khan, 5, Doctor Karam Hossain Lane, Ballingunge.

M. Mohd. Mushim, 12, Damzen's Lane, Chinapara.

M. Mohd. Quasim Khan, 7, Agha Mehdi Street.

M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 7, Onarait 1st Lane, Entally P. O.

M. Nizamuddin, 12, Damzen's Lane, Chinapara.

M. Raza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S.—2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Ballingunge, Calcutta.

M. S. E. Haque, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally, P. O.

M. S. M. Yunus, Baker Hostel, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.

M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi—41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.

M. Syed Abu Zafar—36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.

M. Syed Hamiduddin Ahmed—17-C, Elliott Hostel, Wellesley Sqr., Calcutta.

M. Syed Nawab Ali—11, Colocotolla Street, Calcutta.

CAWNPORE.

M. S. Abdul Ghani—Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.

M. S. M. Aminuddin, Regimental Munshi, 11th Machine Gun Battalion.

M. Sheikh Abdul Rabb, Regimental Munshi, 117th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

DELHI.

M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi)—Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

Khan Sahib M. A. Khan Haidari, Akbar Manzil.

†M. H. A. Fakhrie, Oriental Professor, Akbar Manzil.

DEHRA DUN.

*M. Aziz Mohammad Khan Afridi "Jarih" (Lucknow) 2/A, New Road.

M. Rashiduddin Ahmed Khan, of Patna, 2/A, New Road.

FEROZEPORE.

M. Suraj Narain, B.A.—Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.

M. Harnam Das—Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HAZARA.

M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.)—near Civil Dispensary, Mansehra Dist., Hazara.

HAPUR.

M. Aftab Ali, Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur, Dt. Meerut.

M. S. Khurehd Ali, Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur, P. O., District Meerut (U. P.).

HISSAR.

M. M. I. Jan Bukhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Biwani District, Hissar.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).

M. Jamaluddin—Revenue Secretariat, H. E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHANSI.

*M. Mohd. Sadiq Ali, 39, Orchhia Gato, Jhansi.
M. Abdullah Khan—Officers' Munshi, Sadar Bazar, behind Kotwali.
M. Nirmal Prasad Jain, Sadar Bazar.

JHELUM.

M. Thakur Das Pahwa—Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.
M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phurianwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE.

M. Abdul Rahim—Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantonment.
Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
M. No. 534 Nk. Ghaus Ali Shah, School Master, 2-76th Punjabis, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR.

M. Karam Chand—C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Sadar Bazaar, Jullundur Cantonment.
M. Dharm Lal—C/o Oriental Book Depôt, Jullundur.

KARACHI.

M. Anandram Thadamal—Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.
M. Mukhtar Ahmad, Bari Bazar, Camp Karachi.

KASULI.

M. Anand Sarup—Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KOHAT.

*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, Officers' Munshi, C/o Head Master, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.

KOLHAPUR.

Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni—112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE.

M. Sham Lal Bhargava—Officers' Munshi, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Mohd. Ishaq—Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Muhammad Din, clerk, Signal Engineer's Office, Lahore.
M. Abdur Rahman Ahmedi, Head Clerk, No. 1, Base Depôt. Medical Stores, Lahore Cantonment.
M. Abdul Huq., C/o M. Abdul Hamid, Professor, Government College, Lahore.
M. Brahmaand Aggarwal, Aggarwal Asram, Room No. 47, Lahore.
M. Hakim Rashid Ahmad Khan, C/o Khan Bahadar N. Mohd. Nasiruddin Khan, Rais and Judge (Rtd.), Lahore.
M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar, Arriaz.
M. Aulad Ali Gilani, B.A., M.F., H.P., Miran Shah Lane, Taksali Gate.
M. Murtaza Ahmad Khan, Akhgar Durrani, Rewas Hostel.
M. Mohd. Khalilur Rehman Sabri, Bhati Gate, Noor Mohalla, Lahore.
M. M. Waris Ali Khan 'Waris', Central Training College, Lahore.

LUCKNOW.

M. Abdul Karim—C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Ashfaq Hussain—Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
M. Krishna Saran Mathur, Senior Decree-writer, Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Oudh, or 162, Maulviganj, Lucknow.
†M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), near Royal Hotel.
M. Mohammad Musharrif Ali, Hewett Road, near Post Office, Lucknow.
M. Zainul Abedin, Asst. Master, Islamia High School, Lucknow.
M. Abdul Hamid, Kook's Hospital, Ghusyari Mandi, Lucknow.

M. S. Muzaffar Hussain 'Zaidi', C/o Maulana 'Sofi', Molvi Ganj, Lucknow.
M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, C/o Munshi Karim Khan, Chhitwapur, near Takya Langara Shah.
M. Mohd. Ashfaq Hussain, Regt. Munshi, 8th (K. R. I.) Hussars.
M. S. R. Kapur, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Norfolk Regiment, Dilkusha, Sadar Bazar, Lucknow.

LUDHIANA.

M. Kishori Lall Jethi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.
M. Amar Nath Yogi, Professor of oriental languages, Ludhiana.
M. Abdul Muid, S/o S. M. Ahmad, Retired Ludhiana Municipality Head Clerk, Ludhiana.

MADRAS.

M. Muhiiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.
Sayed Mahmud Padshah, General Collin's Road, Vopery.
*Sayid Mazheruddin Ahmed, 15/16, Muktarunnisa Bogam Street, Mount Road.

MAYMYO.

Sayid Amir Ali of Delhi, Alexandra Barracks.

MEERUT.

M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, 21st (Empress of India) Lancers.
M. Mohamed Sarwar, Chisti Regimental Munshi, 112-A, Imambara, 12th Brigade, R. H. A., Lal-kurti Bazar.

MHOW.

Mr. Thomas Shah, son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.
Mr. Syed Muhammad Umar, C/o Post Master, Mhow.

MULTAN.

M. Sultan Mohammad—Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.
M. Sher Ali Khan Rind, House No. 684, Sudder Bazar, Multan.
M. S. M. Ramzan Masrur, Cantonment School, Multan.
M. Sahibzada Dost Mohd. Khan, Durrani, Chah-wala Hata of L. Jagannath, Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.
*M. Din Mohd. Khan 'Talib', Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, The Buffs, Multan Cantonment.
M. Ghulam Haider Khan, Regimental Munshi, 3rd Brigade R. G. A., Connaught Barracks.

MURREE HILLS.

M. S. O. Bagchi—Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din—Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj—Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdal Karim Khan—Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

MUSSOORIE—NAGINA.

M. S. M. Sbarafat Ali, C/o S. Riyaz Ahmad, Mohalla Akabiran, P. O. Nagina, District Bijnore.

NAINI TAL.

M. Faqir Ulla—St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israeli, Tali Tal.

NASIRABAD.

M. S. Sadiq Ali, Munshi Fazil, C/o Peerjee Mohd. Ali, Sugar and Tea Merchant, Nasirabad (Rajputana).

NOWSHERA.

M. Sadal Mabud, Officers' Munshi, Nowshera City.
M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Royal Warwickshire Regiment, Sudder Bazar.
M. M. Zainul Abidin Abid, Officers' Munshi, Nowshera City.

PACHMARHI.

M. Syed Aftab Ali, Hindustani Teacher.

PATNA.

†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi—Bakhshi Muballa, Patna City.
*M. Syed Abdullah Afzali of Patna, C/o M. H. Syed Kifayat Hussain Sahib Khan Mirza Mohalla, P. O. Mohendru (Patna).

PESHAWAR.

- M. Abdur Rahim—Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
 M. Ajab Shah Anand—Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
 M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.
 M. S. Ali Hussain Shah, Garhi Hazrat Karim Shah Sahib Bukhari, Karimpura, Peshawar City.
 M. H. S. Wajid Ali Shah, Mohalla Sayedan, Karimpura, Peshawar City.

POONA.

- M. S. Karim Baksh—Regimental Munshi, 2nd Bn., the Lincoln Regiment, Gharपुरi, Poona.

PURNA.

- M. Mohd. Shuaib, Head Maulavi, Zilla School.

QUETTA.

- M. S. Abdul Aziz, The King's Regiment, Quetta.
 M. Syed Inam Ali—Mission Road, Quetta.
 M. Sita Ram Mehta, Babu Muhalla, near Arya Samaj, Quetta.
 M. Mohd. Sarwar Khan, Mirza, Persian Professor, Government High School, Quetta.

RAWALPINDI.

- M. Ghulam Moby-ud-Din—Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
 M. Ghulam Rasul—Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
 M. Bodh Raj—Regimental Munshi (winter only).
 †M. Fazl Elahi—C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.
 M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq—C/o Munshi Alli Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
 M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Professor of Oriental Languages, Ithata Sultan, Rawalpindi City.

RISALPUR.

- M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan—Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.
 M. Zafar Shah Bukhari—Head Clerk, Cantonment Magistrate's Office.

ROORKEE CITY.

- M. Fazl-i-Haq—Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.

ROHTAK.

- M. Mohammad Akeeluddin, Fort, Rohtak.
 M. Abrar Ali—Junior English Teacher, Government High School, Rohtak.

SAUGOR.

- M. Rameshwar Dayal—Officers' Munshi, Sadar Bazar, Saugor, C. P.

SATARA.

- M. I. B. Bhaldar, Officers' Munshi, 35, Rajuspura, Satara City.

SIALKOT.

- M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Regimental Munshi, Bn. The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.
 M. Ghulam Rasul Syed, Raja Street, Siakot.

SIMLA.

- M. Abdul Latif, Urdu Instructor, C/o M. Mohamed Buksh Sahib, Pleadar, Lower Bazar.

QUALIFIED CANARESE TEACHER.

BANGALORE.

- M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

QUALIFIED MARATHI TEACHERS.

EAST KHANDESH.

- Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phadnis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY.

- Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
 Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv Peth, Poona City.
 Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 641, Budhwar Peth, Poona City.
 *Mr. Pandurang Shamrao Bawle, 817, Shukrawar Peth, Karaley's Wada, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.

- M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A. LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.

SHOLAPUR.

- Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harioband Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

E. S. HARCOURT, Major,
 Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

Calcutta, the 7th May 1920."

P. J. MEAD,
 Chief Secretary to Government.

LATE NOTIFICATIONS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. 1715.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land in the **Bombay** City of Bombay is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipality of Bombay for a public purpose, *viz.*, for opening out a portion of the proposed new road through Dadar Kumbharwada in the interest of public health, safety and convenience; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the following plots of land are to be acquired in the aforesaid City :—

Plot No. 17.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 1,253 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Amabai, widow of Dagdoo Khare, (2) Laxmibai, widow of Rupaji Malji Mahatre, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 2/1835 and Collector's New No. A/4493, and bounded as follows :—

On the North partly by the property of Mr. Vishnu Vasudeo Javle and partly by the property of Mr. Laxman Babaji; on the South by the property of Purshottam Ramchandra Bhojani; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West by the property bearing New Survey No. 1795.

Plot No. 18.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 991 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Laxman Babaji, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 4/1835 and Collector's New No. 1-A 4493, and bounded as follows :—

On the North by the property of Miss DeSouza; on the South by the property of Amabai, widow of Dagdoo Khare, and Laxmibai, widow of Rupaji Malji Mahatre; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West by the property of Vishnu Vasudeo Javle.

Plot No. 24.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 2,544.22 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Begam Piari Saheb, daughter of Bibi Imaman; assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey Nos. 1-A, 1A-1 and 1B/1839, 2, 2-A and 2-B/1886, and bounded as follows :—

On the North by the property of Mr. Ibrahimwali Jiwan; on the South by a public passage; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West by property bearing New Survey No. 1842.

Plot No. 26.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 10,822 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Pandurang and Moreshwar Wamanrao, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1840 and Collector's New No. 3746 and bounded as follows :—

On the North by a public passage; on the South by the property of Mr. Ibrahim Wali Jiwan; on the East by Dadar Kumbharwada; and on the West by the property bearing New Survey No. 1/1841.

Plot No. 27.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 1,046½ square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Simon Lyon, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 4/1859 and Collector's New No. B/4047, and bounded as follows :—

On the North partly by the property of the Trustees of the Estate of Mr. Alico Joaquina Lyon and partly by the property of Mr. Janacio Francis DePurch; on the South by a public passage and Dadar Kumbhar Gully; on the East by the property of the Vicar and Wardens of the Church of DeSalvacao; and on the West by the property of the Trustees of the Estate of Mr. Alico Joaquina Lyon.

Plot No. 28.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 1,046½ square yards or thereabouts, belonging to the Vicar and Wardens of the Church DeSalva-

cao, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey Nos. 4, 5, 6/1859 and Collector's New No. 1/4047, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Ignacio Francis DePurch; on the South and on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West by the property of Mr. Simon Lyon.

Plot No. 29.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 1,046 $\frac{1}{4}$ square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Ignacio Francis DePurch Penha, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 3/1859 and Collector's New No. A/4047, and bounded as follows:—

On the North and on the West by the property of the Trustees of the Estate of Mr. Alico Joaquina Lyon; on the South partly by the property of Mr. Simon Lyon and partly by the property of the Vicar and Wardens of the Church DeSalvacao; and on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 30.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 3,189 $\frac{3}{8}$ square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Messrs. Alico Joaquina Lyon, Dominic Franses Lyon, and Simon Lyon, Trustees of the Estate of Mr. Alico Joaquina Lyon, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey Nos. 1-2/1859 and Collector's New Nos. 4047/4048, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Pandurang and Balaji Sunderrao Jayakar; on the South partly by a public passage and partly by the property of Mr. Simon Lyon and plot No. 29; on the East partly by Dadar Kumbhar Gully and partly by plots 27 and 29; and on the West partly by the properties of Mr. Moreshwar Balkrishna Pandit and partly by the properties bearing New Survey No. 1858.

Plot No. 31.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 2,409 $\frac{7}{8}$ square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Pandurang and Balaji Sunderrao Jayakar, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1/1857 and Collector's New No. 4231, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Messrs. Balaji Gajanand, Sakarji and Motiram Nanaji; on the South by the property of the Trustees of the estate of Mr. Alico Joaquina Lyon; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West by the remaining property of the same owner, Mr. Pandurang Balaji Sunderrao Jayakar.

Plot No. 33.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 276 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. A. M. Rodrigues, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 2/1865 and Collector's New No. A/3798, and bounded as follows:—

On the North partly by the property of Mr. L. M. Nunes and partly by the property bearing New Survey No. 3/1863; on the South by the property of Messrs. Balaji, Gajanan, Sokerji and Motiram Nanaji; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West partly by the property of Mr. J. D. Rodrigues and partly by the property of Mr. Balaji Nanaji and his brothers.

Plot No. 34.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 249 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. F. X. Duarte, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 3/1865 and Collector's New No. B & C/3798, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of J. M. Dias; on the South by the property bearing New Survey No. 3/1865; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West by the property of L. M. Nunis.

Plot No. 34A.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 121 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Sadashiv Pandurang Kowley and others, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 3/1866 and Collector's New Nos. B/3798, 4608, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. F. X. Duarte; on the South by the property of Mr. A. M. Rodrigues; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West by the property of Mr. L. M. Nunis.

Plot No. 35.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 268 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. J. M. Dias, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1A/1865 and Collector's New Nos. D/6798 and 4608, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Balam Ganpat and another; on the South by the property of Mr. F. X. Duarte; on the East by Dadar Kumbharwada; and on the West by the property of L. M. Nunis.

Plot No. 36.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 712 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. L. M. Nunis, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 4/1865 and Collector's New Nos. C/8798 and 4608, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Balam Ganpat and another; on the South by the property of A. M. Rodrigues; on the East partly by the property of Mr. J. M. Dias, partly by the property of Mr. F. X. Duarte and partly by New Survey No. 3/1865; and on the West partly by the property of Sadashiv Pandurang Kowley and by the property of J. D. Rodrigues.

Plot No. 37.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 4,735 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Balam Ganpat and Bai Banubai alias Sitabai, wife of Mr. Ganpat Chintoba, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1866 and Collector's New No. 4027, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by a public passage; on the South partly by the property of Mr. L. M. Nunis and partly by the property of Mr. J. M. Dias; on the East by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; and on the West partly by the property of Mr. Sadashiv Pandurang Kowley and partly by the property of Mr. Nicholas Francis Dias.

Plot No. 38.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 580 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Merwan Ardeshir Irani, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1455 and Collector's New No. C/11858, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by Dadar Road; on the South by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; on the East by Dadar Road; and on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 39.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 881 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Mukundrao Madusudan, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 2/1871 and Collector's New No. A/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North partly by the property belonging to the Kasturchand Mills and partly by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; on the South partly by the property of Mr. Krishnarao Laxman Bhandarkar and partly by the property of Mr. Vithoba Ramji Mistry and his wife; on the East by the property belonging to the Kasturchand Mills; and on the West by the property of Bai Parwatibai, widow of Bhavanishankar.

Plot No. 40.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 418 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Bai Parwatibai, widow of the late Mr. Bhawanishankar, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 5/1871 and Collector's New No. 2/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by Dadar Kumbhar Gully; on the South by the property of Mr. Vithoba Ramji Mistry and his wife; on the East by the property of Mr. Mukundrao Madusudan; and on the West by the property belonging to Mr. Madusudan Damodar and Purshottam Babaji.

Plot No. 41.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 290 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Vithoba Ramji Mistry and his wife, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 6A/1871 and Collector's New No. 3A/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North partly by the property of Mr. Mukundrao Madusudan and partly by the property of Bai Parwatibai, widow of late Mr. Bhavanishankar; on

the South and West by the property of Bai Annapurnabai, widow of the late Mr. Purshottam Babaji Pathare, and partly by the property of Mr. Krishnarao Laxman Bhandarkar; and on the East by the property of Mukundrao Madusudan.

Plot No. 42.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 172 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Krishnarao Laxman Bhandarkar (Damodar Keroba Dadarkar) assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 6/1871 and Collector's New No. 3/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Mukundrao Madusudan; on the South partly by the property of Bai Annapurnabai, widow of the late Mr. Purshottam B. Pathare, and partly by the property of Satyabai, widow of the late Mr. Ramchandra Keshavji; on the East by the property of the Kasturchand Mills; and on the West by the property of Mr. and Mrs. Vithoba Ramji Mistry.

Plot No. 43.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 278 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Messrs. Madhusudan Damoder and Purshottam Balaji, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 3/1871 and Collector's New No. B/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by Dadar Kumbharwada Road; on the South partly by the property of Bai Satyabai, widow of Ramchandra Keshowji, and partly by the property of Bai Anapurnabai; on the East by the property of Parwatibai, wife of Bhayani Shanker Dadarker; and on the West partly by the property of Bai Laxmibai, wife of Krishnarao Kowley, and partly by the property of Bai Satyabai, widow of Ramchandra Keshowji.

Plot No. 44.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 185 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Bai Luxmibai, wife of Mr. Krishnarao Kavli, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 7/1871 and Collector's New No. 4/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Messrs. Madhusudan Damodar and Purshottam Babaji; on the South by the property of Rao Bahadur Bhawani Shanker Balkrishna; on the East by the property of Bai Satyabai, widow of the late Mr. Ramchandra Keshowji; and on the West by Dadar Kumbharwada Gully.

Plot No. 45.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 111 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Bai Satyabai, widow of the late Mr. Ramchandra Keshowji, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey Nos. 1, 4A and 8/1871, Collector's New No. 5/3581 and 3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Krishnarao Laxman Bhandarkar; on the South by the property of Mr. Narayan Moreswar Padhye; on the East by the property of Kasturchand Mills; and on the West by the property of Bai Anapurnabai, widow of the late Mr. Purshottam Babaji Padhye.

Plot No. 46.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 335.61 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Rao Bahadur Bhawani Shanker Balkrishna, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey Nos. 1A, 4Aa/1871 and Collector's New No. 1A, A1/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North partly by the property of Bai Luxmibai, widow of the late Mr. Krishnarao Keshavji, and partly by the property of Bai Satyabai, widow of the late Mr. Ramchandra Keshowji; on the South by the property of Mr. Narayan Moreswar Padhye; on the East by the property of Bai Annapurnabai, widow of the late Mr. Purshottam B. Pathare; and on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 47.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 530 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Bai Annapurnabai, widow of the late Mr. Purshottam Babaji Pathare, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 4/1871, Collector's New No. A/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North partly by the property of Mr. and Mrs. Vithoba Ramji Mistry and partly by the property of Mr. Krishnarao Laxman Bhandarkar; on the

South by the property of Mr. Narayan Moreshwar Padhye; on the East by the property of Bai Satyabai, widow of the late Mr. Ramchandra Keshowji; and on the West partly by the property of Bai Satyabai and partly by the property of Rao Bahadur Bhawani Shanker Balkrishna.

Plot No. 48.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon, situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 172 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Bai Satyabai, widow of the late Mr. Ramchandra Keshavji, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 8 and 9/1871 and Collector's New No. 5/3581, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Messrs. Madhusudan Damoder and Purshotam Babaji; on the South by the property of Ráo Bahádúr Bhawani Shanker Balkrishna; on the East by the property of Bai Anapurnabai widow of the late Mr. Purshotam B. Pathare; and on the West partly by the property of Bai Laxmibai widow of the late Mr. Krishnarao Keshowji and partly by the property of Ráo Bahádúr Bhawani Shanker Balkrishna.

Plot No. 49.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 1,157'00 square yards or thereabouts belonging to Mr. Narayen Moreshwer Padhye, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1870 and Collector's New No. 4326, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by Kumbhar Gully; on the South by the property of the same owner; on the East by the property of Rao Bahadur Bhawani Shankar Dadarkar; and on the West by the property of Captain P. H. Rodrigues and another.

Plot No. 50.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 996 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Captain P. H. Rodrigues and Mr. T. E. Rodrigues, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1869 and Collector's New No. 3869 and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Narayen Moreshwar Padhye; on the South by the property of Mr. Thomas Manual Baptista; and on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 51.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 337'55 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Thomas Manual Baptista, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. part of 1868 and Collector's New No. 3841, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Captain P. H. Rodrigues and Mr. T. E. Rodrigues; on the South by the property of Narayan Sakharām Javle; on the East by the remaining property of the same owner; and on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 53.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 1,741'66 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Luis Mactisho DeSouza, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1860 and Collector's New No. 3890, and bounded as follows:—

On the North by remaining property of Luis Mactisho DeSouza; on the South by the property of the Vicar and Wardens of the Church of Salvacao; on the East partly by the property of Mr. Noorbhai Ismailji and partly by the property of the Vicar and Wardens of the Church of Salvacao, and on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 54.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 1,345 square yards, or thereabouts, belonging to the Vicar and Wardens of the Church of Salvacao; assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1883 and Collector's New No. 3978 (part) and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Luís Mactisho DeSouza; on the South by a public passage; on the East by the remaining property of the Vicar and Wardens of the Church of Salvacao; and on the West by Dadar Kumbharwada.

Plot No. 55.—All that piece or parcel of land together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 4,560 square yards or thereabouts belonging to Mr. Syed Gulam Alli Wahad Syed Ahmed Hussein, assessed

by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1/1887 and Collector's New Nos. 4244, 4589 and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Thaker Meghji; on the South by the property of Mr. Merwanji Maneckji Mistry and others; on the East partly by the New Survey No. 2/1901 and 2/1902 and partly by the remaining property of Sayed Gulamwadi Sayed and Ahmed Hussein; and on the West by Dadar Kumbharwada.

Plot No. 56.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 1,268 square yards or thereabouts belonging to Messrs. Merwanji Manekji Mistry and B. K. Bana, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1-A/1887 and Collector's New Nos. 4244, 4589 and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Sayed Gulamwadi Sayed Ahmed Hussein; on the South by the property of Mr. Shanker Laxmanrao Kowley; on the East partly by the remaining property of Mr. Merwanji M. Mistry and others and partly by New Survey No. 4/1903; and on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 57.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 1,084 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Vasantrao Laxman Kowley, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. part 1836; part of 1904 and 1905 and bounded as follows:—

On the North by Dadar Kumbharwada Road; on the South by the remaining property of the same owner Vasantrao Laxman Kowley; on the East by the property belonging to Messrs. M. M. Mistry and B. K. Bana; and on the West by the property of the same owner Mr. Kowley.

Plot No. 58.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 460 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Quintenda Coulina Desa, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 2-A/1836 and Collector's New No. 4526 and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Vasantrao Luxmanrao Kowley; on the South by a passage; on the East by the property of Mr. Ananta Vithoba Kowley; and on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 60.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbhar Gully, containing 557 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Natalia Pascoal assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 2/1836 and Collector's New No. 4293, 4525 and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property of Mr. Vasantrao Laxmanrao Kowley; on the South by the property of Mr. J. G. Fernandez; on the East partly by the property of Mr. Vasantrao Laxmanrao Kowley and partly by the property of Panch Kalsi Narayan; on the West partly by the property of Mr. Ananta Vithoba Kowley, partly by a passage and partly by the property of Mr. J. G. Fernandez.

Plot No. 61.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 5,790.11 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. J. G. Fernandez, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey Nos. 1/1833 and 3, 4, 5, 6/1905 and Collector's New Nos. 3718, 4560, 4156, etc., and bounded as follows:—

On the North by Kumbhar Gully; on the South by New Survey No. 1906; on the East partly by a passage and partly by plot Nos. 60, 63 and 57-A; and on the West by the property of Mr. Preamsukh Udermahal.

Plot No. 62.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 5,029 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Preamsukh Udermahal, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 1833 (part) and 4560 and Collector's New No. A/3718 and bounded as follows:—

On the North by the property belonging to Mr. J. G. Fernandez; on the South by the property of Mr. Ambaji Gangaram recently acquired by the Bombay Municipality; on the East by the property bearing New Survey No. 1906; on the West by Dadar Kumbhar Gully.

Plot No. 63.—All that piece or parcel of land, together with the structures standing thereon situated at Dadar Kumbharwada, containing 225 square yards or thereabouts, belonging to Mr. Panchkalsi Narayan, assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New Survey No. 7/1905 and Collector's New No. Nil, and bounded as follows:—

On the North and on the East by the property of Mr. Vasantrao Laxman Kowley; on the South by the property of Mr. J. G. Fernandez; and on the West by the property of Mr. Natalia Pascol.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the abovementioned land can be seen at the office of the Land Acquisition Officer for the City of Bombay.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. F. KNIGHT,

Under Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

(CIVIL SUPPLIES BRANCH.)

Bombay, 9th June 1920.

No. 2654-D. C. S.—In modification of Government Notification No. 562-C. P., dated 28th August 1919, the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the following prices for the sale of charcoal in the Town and Island of Bombay and its suburbs:—

(a) Bunder dealers to wholesale merchants ... Rs. 95 per hundred baskets.

Quality per maund.	Wholesale dealers to retailers.	Retailers to consumers.
(b)—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(i) Ordinary	... 1 0 0	1 2 0
(ii) Dhobi	... 1 2 0	1 4 0

2. Any person found selling charcoal at a price in excess of that fixed above will be punishable under No. 11-J of the Defence of India Rules, 1915, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 1,000 or to three times the price received by him for the commodity as sold, whichever is most.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD;

Chief Secretary to Government.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

No. 81-M. OF 1920.

PERSIAN GULF—HENJAM SOUND.

Ras-al-Mashia—New light established.

Position ... At a distance of about $3\frac{1}{2}$ cables, 3° from the old light on the telegraph building.

Lat. 26° 41' 30" N.

Long. 55° 53' 31" E.

Abridged description ... Lt. F. Red. 26 feet vis. 6 m.

Character ... A fixed red light.

Elevation ... 26 feet.

Visibility ... 6 miles.

Power ...

Construction ... An iron pillar imposed on a concrete plinth, surmounted by the lantern and gallery, the whole is painted white.

Remarks ... A further notice will be given when the old fixed white light on the telegraph building has been discontinued.

Charts affected. No. 3599, Henjam Sound.

„ 753 Entrance of the Persian Gulf.

„ 2837a, Persian Gulf Eastern Sheet.

Publications ... Persian Gulf Pilot, 1915, page 209. Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI, 1920, page 33.

Indian List of Lights, 36th Issue 1919, page 12.

Authority ... The Commanding Officer, R. I. M. S. "Nearchus."

No. 82-M OF 1920.

PERSIAN GULF.

Abu Shahar or Bushire—Alteration in Character of Outer and Inner Anchorage Light Buoys.

Outer Anchorage Light Buoy:—

(a) Position ... At a distance of about 4 miles and 2½ cables, 262° from Residency Flag Staff.

Lat. 28° 58' 32" N.

Long. 50° 44' 52" E.

Inner Anchorage Light Buoy:—

(b) Position ... At a distance of about 2 miles and 4½ cables, 307° from Residency Flags Staff.

Lat. 29° 00' 36" N.

Long. 50° 47' 26" E.

Alteration ... The lights on these light buoys are flashing white and flashing red respectively and not the occulting white and occulting red as now shown in the Admiralty publications.

Chart affected . No. 27, Abu Shahar or Bushire.

Publications ... Persian Gulf, Pilot, 1915, page 261—264.

Indian List of Lights, 38th Issue, 1919, Nos. 84, 35.

Authority ... The Commanding Officer, R. I. M. S. "Nearchus", dated 25th May 1920.

No. 83-M. OF 1920.

PERSIAN GULF.

Shatt-al-Arab—Correct position of Fairway Light-Buoy.

Former Admiralty notice No. 1705 of 1919.

Details ... The correct position of the Fairway Light-Buoy is as follows.

Position ... At a distance of about 3 cables 321° from the former charted position and at a distance of about 2¼ miles 141° from the Tidal Semaphore.

Lat. 29° 48' 09" N.

Long. 48° 44' 40" E.

Chart affected . No. 1235, Mouth of the Euphrates.

Publication ... Persian Gulf Pilot, 1915, page 281.

Indian List of Lights, 38th Issue, 1919, No. 27.

Authority ... The Commanding Officer, R. I. M. S. "Nearchus", dated 26th May 1920.

No. 84-M. OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

Goa-Mandovi river entrance—Annual extinction of leading lights.

Subject ... The Captain of the Ports for Portuguese India has notified that the light houses of Campal, Malim, Reis-Magos, Verem and Marca Tejo will not be lighted from the 15th June to 15th August 1920, owing to the impracticability of the bar for navigation during the South-West Monsoon.

Charts temporarily affected. No. 492, Aguada to St. George Island.

„ 740, Achra river to Cape Ramas.

Authority ... His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Goa, dated 1st June 1920.

No. 85-M. OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

KATHIAWAR COAST.

Diu Harbour—Annual extinction of leading lights.

Subject ... The Captain of the Ports for Portuguese India has notified that the lights of Forte de Mar, Cauraca, Forte de Limbor and Forte de Borra at Brancavara will cease to be lighted from 15th June to 31st August 1920.

Charts temporarily affected. No. 50, Diu Head to Goapnath Point.

Authority ... His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Goa, dated 1st June 1920.

No. 86-M. OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

Rajpuri Point—"Whale Reef" buoy temporarily removed.

Position (approximate) ... Lat. 18° 17' 00" N.
Long. 73° 54' 50" E.

Details ... The Dewan of Janjira notifies that that the red conical buoy, moored northward of Whole Reef, off Rajpuri Point, was removed for the South-West Monsoon on the 25th May 1920.

Charts temporarily affected. No. 400, Janjira Harbour.

„ 738, Kundari Isiaud to Boria Pagoda.

Authority ... The Collector and Political Agent, Kolaba, dated Alibag, 1st June 1920.

No. 87-M. OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

Malvan Bay—Red Light-Boat temporarily removed.

Position (approximate) ... Lat. 16° 02' 55" N.
Long. 73° 27' 45" E.

Details ... The red light-boat, exhibiting a red fixed light on the south eastward of the rock marked by a perch, was removed from her position on the 31st May 1920.

Charts temporarily affected. No. 902, Malvan to Vengurla.

„ 740, Achra River to Cape Ramas.

Authority ... The Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Excise, Camp via Bombay, 2nd June 1920.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD;
Bombay, 7th June 1920.

EDWARD J. HEADLAM,
Captain, R.I.M.,

Offg. Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. 4494.—Major C. C. J. Barrett, C.I.E., First Assistant Resident, Aden, acted as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Aden Settlement in addition to his own duties from the 3rd to the 11th May 1920 inclusive.

No. 4495.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Captain J. Gordon, O.B.E., M.C., Assistant Resident, Aden, to act as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Aden Settlement in addition to his own duties with effect from the 12th May 1920.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,
A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. 5240.—The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, pending further orders :—

- Mr. Vishveshwar Venkatesh Kalyanpurkar, Small Cause Court Judge, Surat, to be Small Cause Court Judge, Ahmedabad.
- Mr. Manchubhai Narsidas Choksi, Small Cause Court Judge, Ahmedabad, on Rs. 800 per mensem, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad, on the same pay.
- Mr. Karsandas Jayasingbhai Desai, First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad, to be Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad.
- Mr. Manilal Harilal Vakil, Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Nadiad.
- Mr. Mangesh Hari Wagle, First Class Subordinate Judge, Surat, on Rs. 650, to be Small Cause Court Judge, Surat, in addition to his duty as First Class Subordinate Judge, Surat.
- Mr. E. F. Rego, First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona.
- Mr. Janardan Nagesh Kale, First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, to be Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona.
- Mr. Govind Mahadev Pandit, Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Dhulia.
- Mr. Krishnaji Raghunath Natu, First Class Subordinate Judge, Dhulia, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum.
- Mr. Nilkanth Krishna Bapat, First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmednagar, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Bijapur.
- Mr. Subbaji Sheshgir Phadnis, First Class Subordinate Judge, Bijapur, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Thana.
- Mr. Gurunath Gangadhar Nargund, Acting First Class Subordinate Judge, Thana, to act as First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmednagar.
- Mr. Bhikaji Raghunath Mehendale, Inspecting First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, etc., to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Alibag.
- Mr. Vinayak Vaman Pataskar, Registrar of the District and Sessions Judge at Belgaum, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Jalgaon.

2. Under section 27 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869 (XIV of 1869), the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Messrs. M. N. Choksi, B. R. Mehendale and V. V. Pataskar with power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of the Subordinate Courts in the districts of Ahmedabad, Thana and Khándesh Districts respectively, as may be referred to them by the District Judges of those districts.

Under section 28 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, as amended by section 6 of Bombay Act I of 1900, the Governor in Council is further pleased to invest the under-mentioned Subordinate Judges severally with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Courts specified against their names, as now fixed or as hereafter altered by any notification for the time being in force under section 22A of the former Act :—

- Mr. Manchubhai Narsidas Choksi, First Class Subordinate Judge at Ahmedabad—Ahmedabad.

Mr. Manilal Harilal Vakil, First Class Subordinate Judge at Nadiád—Nadiád.
 Mr. Govind Mahadev Pandit, First Class Subordinate Judge at Dhulia—Dhulia.
 Mr. Krishnaji Raghunath Natu, First Class Subordinate Judge at Belgaum—Belgaum.
 Mr. Nilkanth Krishna Bapat, First Class Subordinate Judge at Bijápúr—Bijápúr.
 Mr. Subbaji Sheshgir Phadnis, First Class Subordinate Judge at Thána—Thána.
 Mr. Bhikaji Raghunath Mehendale, First Class Subordinate Judge at Alibág—Alibág.
 Mr. Vinayak Vaman Pataskar, First Class Subordinate Judge at Jalgaon—Jalgaon.

4. The Governor in Council is further pleased to invest Mr. E. F. Rego, First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, and Mr. Gurunath Gangadhar Nargund, Acting First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmednagar, with powers under section 52 (1) of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.

No. 5241.—The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. R. V. Bodas, Subordinate Judge, Rahimatpur and Dahiwádi, to be Subordinate Judge, Wái.

Mr. S. A. Padki, Subordinate Judge, Wái, to be Subordinate Judge, Rahimatpur and Dahiwádi.

No. 5243.—Under the provisions of Rule 3 of the Rules framed under section 60 (r) and (t) of the Prisons Act, 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. P. Chrystal to be a non-official Visitor of His Majesty's House of Correction and of His Majesty's Common Prison, Bombay.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

A. MONTGOMERIE,
 Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. E.-Misc.-1445.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to create a temporary appointment of a Deputy Collector on Rs. 300 per mensem for a period of six months and to appoint Mr. Rasul Baksh K. B. Pir Baksh Munshi to hold it and to do duty in Sind.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,
 Chief Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. 2466.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. B. B. Nagarkar to act as Professor of English Literature, Elphinstone College, Bombay, during the absence of Mr. C. J. Sisson on leave, or pending further orders.

No. 2468.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Chunilal Purshotamdas Shah to act as Superintendent of Pottery, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, during the absence of Mr. E. R. Fern on leave, or pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,
 Acting Secretary to Government.

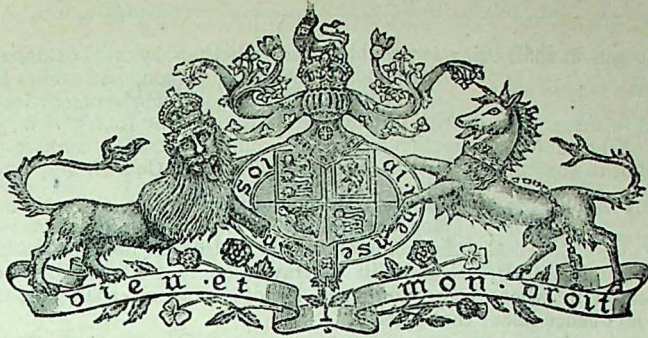
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th June 1920.

No. E.-11638.—Mr. Ramchandra Govind Sule, L.C.E., was attached to the office of the Executive Engineer, Bijápúr District, for the 7th and 8th April 1920.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. O. B. SHOUBRIDGE,
 Acting Secretary to Government.



The
Bombay Government Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SATURDAY, 12TH JUNE 1920.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART I.
NOTIFICATION.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1920.

No. C.-Misc.—The following notification by the Government of India, Legislative Department, is republished:—

“ Simla, the 5th June 1920.

An Ordinance to impose restrictions in respect of rouble notes.

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary to impose restrictions in respect of rouble notes;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by section 72 of the Government of India Act, 1915, the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance:—

ORDINANCE NO. II OF 1920.

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Ordinance may be called the Rouble Note Ordinance, 1920.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan.

2. In this Ordinance ‘ rouble note ’ means any note being or purporting to be in the nature of a currency note issued by or on behalf of any form of government in the territories which, on the fourth

day of August 1914, constituted the Russian Empire, or purporting to be so issued, and expressed to be payable in roubles.

3. All rouble notes which are at the commencement of this Ordinance held in deposit in a Government currency office or treasury shall continue to be so held, and no person shall be entitled to withdraw the same except in accordance with a general or special order of the Governor General in Council or of an officer of Government authorised by him in this behalf.

Retention in deposit of rouble notes.

4. No person shall bring any rouble note, whether by sea or land or air into British India, and if any person contravenes this provision he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both, and any rouble note in respect of which any offence under this section has been committed shall be confiscated and shall be disposed of in such manner as the Governor General in Council may direct.

5. Any rouble note (not being a note held in deposit in a Government currency office or treasury) which is found in British India after the commencement of this Ordinance shall be deemed to have been brought into British India in contravention of the provisions of section 4, and any person in whose possession such a note is found shall be deemed to have committed an offence under that section.

Simla, the 5th June 1920.

CHELMSFORD,

Viceroy and Governor General.

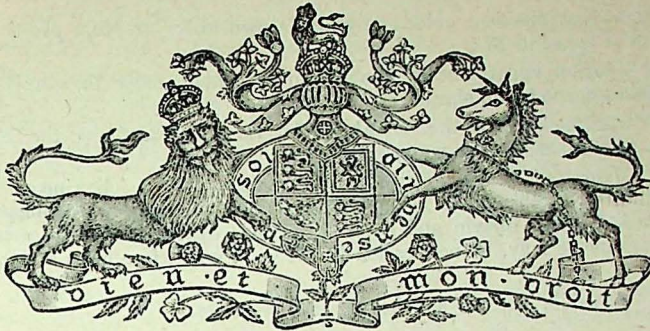
H. P. DUVAL,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,

Chief Secretary to Government.



The

Bombay Government Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

MONDAY, 14TH JUNE 1920.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART I.

NOTIFICATION.

REFORMS OFFICE.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

Poona, 11th June 1920.

No. 1117-R.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished for general information :—

No. 560-F., dated Simla, the 31st May 1920.

Since the issue of the Notifications Nos. 482-F. and 491-F., dated May 5 and 11, 1920, respectively, the Government of India have at the instance of local Governments made certain modifications mainly of a minor character, in the rules published thereunder. The following revised and consolidated rules relating to the provincial legislative councils, the Legislative Assembly and the Council of State, which have been made under section 72 A.-(2) (a) and section 72 A.-(4) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), section 68-A.-(1), 63 B.-(1) and (2) and 64 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Government of India Act and submitted for the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, are accordingly published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 72A (4) and section 129A of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to make the following rules for the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay :—

1. These rules may be called the Bombay Electoral Rules.
2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—
 - (a) ' the Act ' means the Government of India Act;
 - (b) ' Commissioners ' means Commissioners appointed for the purpose of holding an election inquiry under these rules;

Short title.
Definitions.

(c) 'corrupt practice' means any act deemed to be a corrupt practice under the provisions of Schedule IV;

(d) 'election agent' means the person appointed under these rules by a candidate as his agent for an election;

(e) 'Gazette' means the *Bombay Government Gazette* or the *Sind Official Gazette*, or both, as the case may require;

(f) 'Mahratta' means a person belonging to any of the following castes, namely, the Mahratta, Kunbi, Mali, Koli, Bhandari, Shimpi, Lohar, Kumbhar, Dhanger, Bhoi, Bari, Lonari, Bhavin and Deoli, or Shinde castes, or to any caste which the local Government may, by notification in the Gazette, declare to be a Mahratta caste; and

(g) 'Schedule' means a Schedule to these rules.

PART I.

COMPOSITION OF COUNCIL AND CONSTITUENCIES.

Composition of
Legislative Council.

8. The Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay shall consist of—

(1) the members of the Executive Council *ex-officio*;

(2) eighty-six elected members; and

(3) such number of members nominated by the Governor as, with the addition of the members of the Executive Council, shall amount to twenty-five; of the members so nominated—

(a) not more than sixteen may be officials; and

(b) five shall be non-official persons nominated to represent respectively the following classes or interests, namely:—

(i) the Anglo-Indian community;

(ii) the Indian Christian community;

(iii) the labouring classes;

(iv) classes which, in the opinion of the Governor, are depressed classes; and

(v) the cotton trade.

Constituencies.

4. The elected members shall be elected by the constituencies specified in Schedule I, and the number of members to be elected by each constituency, and the number, if any, of seats reserved for Mahratta members (hereinafter in these rules referred to as reserved seats), shall be as stated therein against that constituency.

PART II.

QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTED MEMBERS.

General disqualifications for being elected.

5. (1) A person shall not be eligible for election as a member of the Council if such person—

(a) is not a British subject; or

(b) is a female; or

(c) is already a member of the Council or of any other legislative body constituted under the Act; or

(d) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or

(e) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or

(f) is under 25 years of age; or

(g) is an undischarged insolvent; or

(h) being a discharged insolvent has not obtained from the court a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part:

Provided that the local Government may direct that, subject to such conditions as it may prescribe, a Ruler of any State in India or the Rulers of any such States or a subject of any such State or any class of such subjects shall not be ineligible for election by reason only of not being a British subject or British subjects:

Provided further that the disqualification mentioned in clause (d) may be removed by an order of the local Government in this behalf.

(2) A person against whom a conviction by a criminal court involving a sentence of transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than six months is subsisting shall,

unless the offence of which he was convicted has been pardoned, not be eligible for election for five years from the date of the expiration of the sentence.

(3) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months, or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, such person shall not be eligible for election for five years from the date of such conviction or of the finding of the Commissioners, as the case may be; and a person reported by any such Commissioners to be guilty of any other corrupt practice shall be similarly disqualified for three years from such date.

(4) If any person has been a candidate or an election agent at an election to any legislative body constituted under the Act and has failed to lodge any prescribed return of election expenses or has lodged a return which is found, either by Commissioners holding an inquiry into the election or by a Magistrate in a judicial proceeding, to be false in any material particular, such person shall not be eligible for election for five years from the date of such election :

Provided that any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of this rule may be removed by an order of the local Government in that behalf.

6. (1) A person shall not be eligible for election as a member of the Council to represent—

(a) a Bombay City constituency, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency or on the electoral roll of a Bombay City constituency of the same communal description ; or

(b) any other general constituency, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency and he has resided in the constituency for a period of six months prior to the last date fixed for the nomination of candidates in that constituency : provided that a candidate eligible for election in any such constituency shall be eligible for election in a constituency of the same communal description if the whole or part of either constituency is included in the same district ; or

(c) a special constituency, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency.

(2) For the purposes of these rules—

(a) 'general constituency' means a non-Muhammadan, Muhammadan or European constituency, and

(b) 'special constituency' means a Landholders', University, or Commerce and Industry constituency.

PART III.

THE ELECTORAL ROLL.

7. (1) Every person shall be entitled to have his name registered on the electoral roll of a constituency who has the qualifications prescribed for an elector of that constituency and who is not subject to any of the disqualifications hereinafter set out, namely :—

(a) is not a British subject ; or

(b) is a female ; or

(c) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind ; or

(d) is under 21 years of age :

Provided that the local Government may direct that, subject to such conditions as it may prescribe, a Ruler of any State in India or the Rulers of any such States or a subject of any such State or any class of such subjects shall not be disqualified for registration by reason only of not being a British subject or British subjects :

Provided further that, if a resolution is passed by the Council recommending that the sex disqualification for registration should be removed either in respect of women generally or any class of women, the local Government shall make regulations providing that women or a class of women, as the case may be, shall not be disqualified for registration by reason only of their sex :

Provided further that no person shall be entitled to have his name registered on the electoral roll of more than one general constituency.

(2) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regard-

General conditions
of registration and
disqualifications.

ing elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, his name, if on the electoral roll, shall be removed therefrom and shall not be registered thereon for a period of five years from the date of the conviction or the report, as the case may be, or, if not on the electoral roll, shall not be so registered for a like period: and if any person is reported by any such Commissioners as guilty of any other corrupt practice, his name, if on the electoral roll, shall be removed therefrom and shall not be registered thereon for a period of three years from the date of the report or, if not on the electoral roll, shall not be so registered for a like period:

Provided that the local Government may direct that the name of any person to whom this sub-rule applies shall be registered on the electoral roll.

Qualifications of electors.

8. (1) The qualifications of an elector for a general constituency shall be such qualifications based on—

- (i) community,
- (ii) residence, and
- (iii) (a) occupation of a building, or
- (b) assessment to income-tax, or
- (c) receipt of a military pension, or
- (d) the holding of land, or
- (e) receipt of wages,

as are specified in Schedule II in the case of that constituency.

(2) The qualifications of an elector for a special constituency shall be the qualifications specified in Schedule II in the case of that constituency.

Electoral roll.

9. (1) An electoral roll shall be prepared for every constituency, on which shall be entered the names of all persons appearing to be entitled to be registered as electors for that constituency. It shall be published in the constituency together with a notice specifying the mode in which and the time within which any person whose name is not entered in the roll and who claims to have it inserted therein, or any person whose name is on the roll and who objects to the inclusion of his own name or of the name of any other person on the roll, may prefer a claim or objection to the Revising Authority.

(2) Subject to the provisions of these rules, the local Government shall make regulations providing for—

- (1) the authority by whom the electoral roll shall be prepared and the particulars to be contained in the roll;
- (2) the time at which the roll shall be prepared;
- (3) the publication of the roll in such manner and in such language as to give it wide publicity in the constituency to which it relates;
- (4) the mode in which and the time within which claims and objections may be preferred;
- (5) the constitution and appointment of Revising Authorities to dispose of claims and objections;
- (6) the manner in which notices of claims or objections shall be published;
- (7) the place, date, and time at which and the manner in which claims or objections shall be heard;

and may make such regulations to provide for other matters incidental or ancillary to the preparation and revision of the roll as it may consider desirable. Such regulations may be made as to rolls generally or any class of rolls or any particular roll.

(3) The orders made by the Revising Authority shall be final, and the electoral roll shall be amended in accordance therewith and shall, as so amended, be republished in such manner as the local Government may prescribe.

(4) The electoral roll shall come into force from the date of such republication, and shall continue in force for a period of three years or for such less period as the local Government may by regulation prescribe, and after the expiration of such period a fresh roll shall be prepared in accordance with these rules.

(5) If a constituency is called upon to elect a member or members after an electoral roll has ceased to have force and before the completion of the new electoral roll, the old electoral roll shall for the purposes of that election continue to operate as the electoral roll for the constituency.

Right to vote.

10. Every person registered on the electoral roll for the time being in force for any constituency shall, while so registered, be entitled to vote at an election of a member or

members for that constituency: provided that no person shall vote in more than one general constituency.

PART IV.

ELECTIONS.

11. (1) Any person may be nominated as a candidate for election in any constituency for which he is eligible for election under these rules. Nomination of candidates.

(2) On or before the date on which a candidate is nominated the candidate shall make in writing and sign a declaration appointing either himself or some other person, who is not disqualified under these rules for the appointment, to be his election agent and no candidate shall be deemed to be duly nominated unless such declaration has been made.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to be renominated as a candidate for the same election.

12. (1) If the number of candidates who are duly nominated and who have not withdrawn their candidature before such time as the local Government may fix in this behalf exceeds that of the vacancies, a poll shall be taken: Procedure at election.

Provided that, if a seat is reserved and of such candidates one only is a Mahratta, that candidate shall be declared to be elected, and a poll shall only be taken if any vacancy thereafter remains to be filled.

(2) If the number of such candidates is equal to the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be duly elected.

(3) If the number of such candidates is less than the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be elected and the Governor shall, by a notification in the Gazette, call for fresh nominations for the remaining vacancy or vacancies, and if any such are received shall call upon the constituency to elect a member or members, as the case may be.

(4) Votes shall be given by ballot and in general and Landholders' constituencies in person. No votes shall be received by proxy.

(5) In plural-member constituencies every elector shall have as many votes as there are members to be elected, and shall be entitled to accumulate all of them upon one candidate or to distribute them amongst the candidates as he pleases.

(6) Votes shall be counted by, or under the supervision of, the Returning Officer, and any candidate, or, in the absence of the candidate, a representative duly authorised by him in writing, shall have a right to be present at the time of counting.

(7) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate or candidates, as the case may be, to whom the largest number of votes has been given, to be elected:

Provided that, if a seat is reserved, the Returning Officer shall first declare to be elected the Mahratta candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given.

(8) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person or persons to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

(9) The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Secretary to the Council, and the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected shall be published in the Gazette.

13. (1) Subject to the provisions of these rules, the local Government shall make regulations providing— Government to make regulations regarding the conduct of elections.

(1) for the form and manner in, and the conditions on, which nominations may be made, and for the scrutiny of nominations;

(2) for the appointment of a Returning Officer for each constituency and for his powers and duties;

(3) in the case of general and Landholders' constituencies, for the division of the constituencies into polling areas in such manner as to give all electors such reasonable facilities for voting as are practicable in the circumstances, and for the appointment of polling stations for these areas;

(4) for the appointment of officers to preside at polling stations, and for the duties of such officers;

(5) for the checking of voters by reference to the electoral roll;

(6) for the manner in which votes are to be given, and in particular for the case of illiterate voters or voters under physical or other disability;

(7) for the procedure to be followed in respect of tender of votes by persons representing themselves to be electors after other persons have voted as such electors;

(8) for the scrutiny of votes;

(9) for the safe custody of ballot papers and other election papers, for the period for which such papers shall be preserved, and for the inspection and production of such papers;

and may make such other regulations regarding the conduct of elections as it thinks fit.

(2) In the exercise of the foregoing power regulations may be made as to elections generally or any class of elections or in regard to constituencies generally or any class of constituency or any particular constituency.

Multiple elections. 14. (1) If any person is elected by a constituency of the Council and by a constituency of either chamber of the Indian legislature, the election of such person to the Council shall be void and the Governor shall call upon the constituency concerned to elect another person.

(2) If any person is elected either by more than one constituency of the Council or by a constituency of the Council and a constituency of the Legislative Council of another province, he shall, by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Secretary to the Council or the Secretaries to both Councils, as the case may be, within seven days from the date of the publication of the result of such election in the local official Gazette, choose for which of these constituencies he shall serve, and the choice shall be conclusive.

(3) When any such choice has been made, the Governor shall call upon the constituency or constituencies for which such person has not chosen to serve to elect another person or persons.

(4) If the candidate does not make the choice referred to in sub-rule (2) of this rule, the elections of such person shall be void and the Governor shall call upon the constituency or constituencies concerned to elect another person or persons.

Election agents and return of expenses.

Disqualification for being election agent. 15. No person shall be appointed an election agent who is himself ineligible for election as being subject to any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of rule 5.

Return of election expenses. 16. (1) Within one month or such longer period as the Governor may allow after the date of the declaration of the election every candidate, either personally or through his election agent, shall cause to be lodged with the Returning Officer a return of his election expenses containing the particulars specified in Schedule III.

(2) Every such return shall contain a statement of all payments made by the candidate or by his election agent or by any persons on behalf of the candidate or in his interests for expenses incurred on account of, or in respect of, the conduct and management of the election, and further a statement of all unpaid claims in respect of such expenses of which he or his election agent is aware.

(3) The return shall be accompanied by declarations by the candidate and his election agent which shall be in the form contained in Schedule III and shall be made on oath or affirmation before a Magistrate.

(4) The local Government shall cause to be prepared in such manner, and maintained for such time, as it may direct, a record showing the names of all candidates at every election under these rules and the date on which the return of election expenses of each candidate has been lodged with the Returning Officer.

Accounts of agents. 17. Every election agent shall keep regular books of account in which the particulars of all expenditure of the nature referred to in rule 16 shall be entered, whether such expenditure is incurred by the candidate or by the election agent or by any person under the direction of the candidate or the election agent.

PART V.

NOMINATED MEMBERS.

General disqualifications for nominations. 18. (1) No person shall be nominated to the Council who—

(a) is not a British subject; or

(b) is a female; or

(c) is already a member of the Council or of any other legislative body constituted under the Act; or

(d) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or

(e) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or

(f) is under 25 years of age; or

(g) is an undischarged insolvent; or

(h) being a discharged insolvent has not obtained from the court a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part.

Provided that the local Government may direct that, subject to such conditions as it may prescribe, a Ruler of any State in India or the Rulers of any such States or a subject of any such State or any class of such subjects shall not be disqualified for nomination by reason only of not being a British subject or British subjects:

Provided further that the disqualification mentioned in clause (d) may be removed by an order of the local Government in this behalf.

(2) A person against whom a conviction by a criminal court involving a sentence of transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than six months is subsisting shall, unless the offence of which he was convicted has been pardoned, not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of the expiration of the sentence.

(3) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, such person shall not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of such conviction or of the finding of the Commissioners, as the case may be; and a person reported by any such Commissioners to be guilty of any other corrupt practice shall be similarly disqualified for three years from such date.

(4) If any person has been a candidate or an election agent at an election to any legislative body constituted under the Act and has failed to lodge any prescribed return of election expenses or has lodged a return which is found, either by Commissioners holding an inquiry into the election or by a Magistrate in a judicial proceeding, to be false in any material particular, such person shall not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of the election:

Provided that any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of this rule may be removed by an order of the local Government in that behalf.

19. (1) A nominated non-official member shall hold office for the duration of the Council to which he is nominated. Term of office of nominated member.

(2) Official members shall hold office for the duration of the Council to which they are nominated or for such shorter period as the Governor may, at the time of nomination, determine.

PART VI.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Obligation to take oath.

20. Every person who is elected or nominated to be a member of the Council shall before taking his seat make, at a meeting of the Council, an oath or affirmation of his allegiance to the Crown in the following form, namely:—

Taking of oath.

I, A. B., having been $\frac{\text{elected}}{\text{nominated}}$ a member of this Council do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, His heirs and successors, and that I will faithfully discharge the duty upon which I am about to enter.

Vacation of seat.

21. (1) If any person having been elected or nominated subsequently becomes subject to any of the disabilities stated in clauses (a), (d), (e), (g) and (h) of sub-rule (1) or in sub-rules (2), (3) and (4) of rule 5 or of rule 18, as the case may be, or fails to make the oath or affirmation prescribed by rule 20 within such time as the Governor considers reasonable, the Governor shall, by notification in the Gazette, declare his seat to be vacant.

Effect of subsequent disabilities or failure to take oath.

(2) When any such declaration is made, the Governor shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the constituency concerned to elect another person within such time as

may be prescribed by the notification, or shall nominate another person, as the case may be.

Casual vacancies.

22. (1) When a vacancy occurs in the case of an elected member by reason of his election being declared void, or by reason of absence from India, inability to attend to duty, death, acceptance of office or resignation duly accepted, the Governor shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituency concerned to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

(2) If a vacancy occurs in the case of a nominated member, the Governor shall nominate to the vacancy a person having the necessary qualification under these rules.

First constitution of the Council.

Constitution of Council.

23. (1) As soon as conveniently may be after these rules come into force a Council shall be constituted in accordance with their provisions.

(2) For this purpose the Governor shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituencies referred to in rule 4 to elect members in accordance with these rules within such time as may be prescribed by such notification, and shall make such nominations as may be necessary to complete the Council before the date fixed for its first meeting.

(3) If any difficulty arises as to the preparation or publication of the first electoral roll or the holding of the first elections after the commencement of these rules, the local Government may by order do any matter or thing which appears to it necessary for the proper preparation or publication of the roll or for the proper holding of the elections.

General Elections.

Reconstitution of Council.

24. (1) On the expiration of the duration of a Council or on its dissolution, a general election shall be held in order that a new Council may be constituted.

(2) On such expiration or dissolution, the Governor shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituencies referred to in rule 4 to elect members in accordance with these rules within such time after the date of expiration or dissolution as may be prescribed by such notification:

Provided that, if the Governor thinks fit, such notification may be issued at any time not being more than three months prior to the date on which the duration of the Council would expire in the ordinary course of events.

(3) Before the date fixed for the first meeting of the Council, the Governor shall make such nominations as may be necessary to complete the Council.

Publication of result of general election.

25. As soon as may be after the expiration of the time fixed for the election of members at any general election, the names of the members elected for the various constituencies at such election shall be notified in the Gazette.

PART VII.

THE FINAL DECISION OF DOUBTS AND DISPUTES AS TO THE VALIDITY OF AN ELECTION.

Definitions.

26. In this Part and in Schedule IV, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) 'agent' includes an election agent and any person who is held by Commissioners to have acted as an agent in connection with an election with the knowledge or consent of the candidate;

(b) 'candidate' means a person who has been nominated as a candidate at any election or who claims that he has been so nominated or that his nomination has been improperly refused, and includes a person who, when an election is in contemplation, holds himself out as a prospective candidate at such election, provided that he is subsequently nominated as a candidate at such election; and

(c) 'returned candidate' means a candidate whose name has been published under these rules as duly elected.

The election petition.

27. No election shall be called in question except by an election petition presented in accordance with the provisions of this Part.

Presentation of the petition.

28. An election petition may be presented to the Governor by any candidate or elector against any returned candidate within fourteen days from the date on which the result of the election has been published in accordance with sub-rule (9) of rule 12.

29. The petition shall contain a statement in concise form of the material facts on which the petitioner relies and the particulars of any corrupt practice which he alleges and shall, where necessary, be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively. It shall be signed by the petitioner and verified in the manner prescribed for the verification of pleadings in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. Contents of the petition.

30. The petitioner may, if he so desires, in addition to calling in question the election of the returned candidate, claim a declaration that he himself or any other candidate has been duly elected; in which case he shall join as respondent to his petition all other candidates who were nominated at the election. Against whom it may be presented.

31. At the time of presentation of the petition, the petitioner shall deposit with it the sum of one thousand rupees in cash or in Government Promissory Notes of equal value at the market rate of the day as security for the costs of the same. Deposit of security.

32. (1) If the provisions of rule 31 are not complied with, the Governor shall dismiss the petition. Dismissal for default.

(2) Upon compliance with the provisions of rule 31—

(a) the Governor shall appoint as Commissioners for the trial of the petition three persons who are, or are eligible to be appointed, Judges of a High Court within the meaning of section 101 (3) of the Act, and shall appoint one of them to be the President, and thereafter all applications and proceedings in connection therewith shall be dealt with and held by such Commissioners; Appointment of Commissioners.

(b) the President of the Commission so constituted shall, as soon as may be, cause a copy of the petition to be served on each respondent and to be published in the Gazette, and may call on the petitioner to execute a bond in such amount and with such sureties as he may require for the payment of any further costs. At any time within fourteen days after such publication, any other candidate shall be entitled to be joined as a respondent on giving security in a like amount and procuring the execution of a like bond.

(3) When in respect of an election in a constituency more petitions than one are presented, the Governor shall refer all such petitions to the same Commissioners, who may at their discretion inquire into the petitions either in one or in more proceedings as they shall think fit.

33. Every election petition shall be inquired into by the Commissioners, as nearly as may be, in accordance with the procedure applicable under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, to the trial of suits: provided that it shall only be necessary for the Commissioners to make a memorandum of the substance of the evidence of any witness examined by them. Inquiry by Commissioners.

34. The inquiry shall be held at such place as the Governor may appoint: provided that the Commissioners may in their discretion sit at any other place in the presidency for any part of the inquiry, and may depute any one of their number to take evidence at any place in the presidency. Place of inquiry.

35. (1) No election petition shall be withdrawn without the leave of the Commissioners. Withdrawal of petition.

(2) If there are more petitioners than one, no application to withdraw a petition shall be made except with the consent of all the petitioners.

(3) When an application for withdrawal is made, notice thereof fixing a date for the hearing of the application shall be given to all other parties to the petition and shall be published in the Gazette.

(4) No application for withdrawal shall be granted if the Commissioners are of opinion that such application has been induced by any bargain or consideration which the Commissioners consider ought not to be allowed.

(5) If the application is granted—

(a) the petitioner shall be ordered to pay the costs of the respondent theretofore incurred or such portion thereof as the Commissioners may think fit;

(b) such withdrawal shall be reported to the Governor, who shall publish notice thereof in the Gazette; and

(c) any person who might himself have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted as petitioner in place of the party withdrawing, and, upon compliance with the conditions of rule 31 as to security,

shall be entitled to be so substituted and to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Abatement or substitution on death of petitioner.

36. (1) An election petition shall abate only on the death of a sole petitioner or of the survivor of several petitioners.

(2) Such abatement shall be reported to the Governor, who shall publish notice thereof in the Gazette.

(3) Any person who might himself have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted as petitioner, and, upon compliance with the conditions of rule 31 as to security, shall be entitled to be so substituted and to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Abatement or substitution on death of respondent.

37. If before the conclusion of the trial of an election petition the respondent dies or gives notice that he does not intend to oppose the petition, the Commissioners shall cause notice of such event to be published in the Gazette, and thereupon any person who might have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted for such respondent to oppose the petition, and shall be entitled to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Recrimination when seat claimed.

38. Where at an inquiry into an election petition any candidate, other than the returned candidate, claims the seat for himself, the returned candidate or any other party may give evidence to prove that the election of such candidate would have been void if he had been the returned candidate and a petition had been presented complaining of his election.

Attendance of Law Officers.

39. When at an inquiry into an election petition the Commissioners so order, the Advocate General or some person acting under his instructions shall attend, and take such part therein as they may direct.

Grounds for declaring election void.

40. (1) Save as hereinafter provided in this rule, if in the opinion of the Commissioners—

(a) the election of a returned candidate has been procured or induced, or the result of the election has been materially affected, by a corrupt practice, or

(b) any corrupt practice specified in Part I of Schedule IV has been committed, or

(c) the result of the election has been materially affected by any irregularity in respect of a nomination paper, or by the improper reception or refusal of a vote, or by any non-compliance with the provisions of the Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder, or by any mistake in the use of any form annexed thereto,

the election of the returned candidate shall be void.

(2) If the Commissioners report that a returned candidate has been guilty by an agent (other than his election agent) of any corrupt practice specified in Part I of Schedule IV which does not amount to any form of bribery other than treating as hereinafter explained or to the procuring or abetment of personation, and if the Commissioners further report that the candidate has satisfied them that—

(a) no corrupt practice was committed at such election by the candidate or his election agent, and the corrupt practices mentioned in the report were committed contrary to the orders and without the sanction or connivance of such candidate or his election agent, and

(b) such candidate and his election agent took all reasonable means for preventing the commission of corrupt practices at such election, and

(c) the corrupt practices mentioned in the said report were of a trivial, unimportant and limited character, and

(d) in all other respects the election was free from any corrupt practice on the part of such candidate or any of his agents,

then the Commissioners may find that the election of such candidate is not void.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-rule 'treating' means the incurring in whole or in part by any person of the expense of giving or providing any food, drink, entertainment or provision to any person with the object, directly, or indirectly, of inducing him or any other person to vote or refrain from voting or as a reward for having voted or refrained from voting.

Report of Commissioners and procedure thereon.

41. (1) At the conclusion of the inquiry the Commissioners shall report whether the returned candidate, or any other party to the petition who has under the provisions of these rules claimed the seat, has been duly elected, and in so reporting shall have regard to the provisions of rule 40.

(2) The report shall be in writing and shall be signed by all the Commissioners. The Commissioners shall forthwith forward their report to the Governor who, on receipt thereof, shall issue orders in accordance with the report and publish the report in the Gazette, and the orders of the Governor shall be final.

42. If either in their report or upon any other matter there is a difference of opinion among the Commissioners, the opinion of the majority shall prevail, and their report shall be expressed in the terms of the views of the majority. Form of report.

43. Where any charge is made in an election petition of any corrupt practice, the Commissioners shall record in their report— Finding as to corrupt practices and persons guilty thereof.

(a) a finding whether a corrupt practice has or has not been proved to have been committed by any candidate or his agent, or with the connivance of any candidate or his agent, and the nature of such corrupt practice, and

(b) the names of all persons (if any) who have been proved at the inquiry to have been guilty of any corrupt practice and the nature of such corrupt practice with any such recommendations as they may desire to make for the exemption of any such persons from any disqualifications they may have incurred in this connection under these rules.

PART VIII.

SPECIAL PROVISION.

44. If any question arises as to the interpretation of these rules otherwise than in connection with an election inquiry held thereunder, the question shall be referred for the decision of the Governor, and his decision shall be final. Interpretation in case of doubt.

SCHEDULE. I.

(See rule 4.)

I.—List of Constituencies.

Name of Constituency.	Class of Constituency.	Extent of Constituency.	Number of members.	Reserved seats.
Bombay City (North) ...	Non-Muhammadan Urban.	Municipal wards B, E, F and G ...	3	1
Bombay City (South) ...	Ditto	Municipal wards A, C and D ...	3	1
Karachi City ...	Ditto	The municipal district of Karachi, the cantonments of Karachi and Manora and the limits of the Karachi Port Trust.	1	...
Ahmedabad City ...	Ditto	The municipal district of Ahmedabad, the cantonment of Ahmedabad and the notified areas of Kankaria, Asarwa Ellis Bridge and Sabarmati.	1	...
Surat City ...	Ditto	The municipal district of Surat ...	1	...
Sholapur City ...	Ditto	The municipal district of Sholapur ...	1	...
Poona City ...	Ditto	The municipal district of Poona, the suburban municipal district of Poona, and the cantonments of Poona and Kirkee.	1	...
Ahmedabad District ...	Non-Muhammadan Rural.	The District of Ahmedabad, excluding the municipal district of Ahmedabad and the Ahmedabad cantonment and notified areas contiguous to the City of Ahmedabad.	2	...
Broach District ...	Ditto	Broach District ...	1	...
Kaira District ...	Ditto	Kaira District ...	2	...
Panch Mahals District ...	Ditto	Panch Mahals District ...	1	...
Surat District ...	Ditto	Surat District, excluding the municipal district of Surat.	2	...

Name of Constituency.	Class of Constituency.	Extent of Constituency.	Number of members.	Reserved seats.
Thána District	Non-Muhammadan Rural.	Thána District	2	1
Ahmednagar District	Ditto	Ahmednagar District	2	1
East Khándesh District	Ditto	East Khándesh District	3	...
Násik District	Ditto	Násik District	2	1
Poona District	Ditto	Poona District, excluding the municipal district of Poona, the suburban municipal district of Poona and the cantonments of Poona and Kirkee.	2	1
Sátára District	Ditto	Sátára District	3	...
Belgaum District	Ditto	Belgaum District	2	...
Bijápúr District	Ditto	Bijápúr District	1	...
Dhárwár District	Ditto	Dhárwár District	2	...
Kánara District	Ditto	Kánara District	1	...
Ratnágiri District	Ditto	Ratnágiri District	2	1
Eastern Sind	Ditto	Hyderabad, Thar and Párkar and Nawábsháh District.	1	...
Western Sind	Ditto	Karáchi, Lárkána, Sukkur and the Upper Sind Frontier Districts, excluding the municipal district of Karáchi and the cantonments of Karáchi and Manora and the Port Trust limits.	1	...
Sholápur District	Ditto	Sholápur District, excluding the municipal district of Sholápur.	1*	...
Kolába District	Ditto	Kolába District	1*	...
West Khándesh District	Ditto	West Khándesh District	1*	...
Bombay City (Muhammadan).	Muhammadan Urban	The City of Bombay	2	...
Karáchi City (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The municipal district of Karáchi and the cantonments of Karáchi and Manora and the Port Trust limits.	1	...
Ahmedabad and Surat Cities (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The municipal districts of Ahmedabad and Surat and the cantonment of Ahmedabad and the contiguous notified areas.	1	...
Poona and Sholápur Cities (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The municipal districts of Poona and Sholápur, the suburban municipal district of Poona and the cantonments of Poona and Kirkee.	1	...
The Northern Division (Muhammadan).	Muhammadan Rural	The Districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Maháls, Surat and Thána, excluding the municipal districts of Ahmedabad and Surat and the cantonment of Ahmedabad and the notified areas contiguous to Ahmedabad.	3	...
The Central Division (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The Districts of East and West Khándesh, Poona, Násik, Sátára, Sholápur and Ahmednagar, excluding the municipal districts of Poona and Sholápur, the suburban municipal district of Poona and the cantonments of Poona and Kirkee.	3	...
The Southern Division (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The Districts of Belgaum, Bijápúr, Dhárwár, Kánara, Kolába and Ratnágiri.	3	...
Hyderabad District (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The District of Hyderabad	2	...
Karáchi District (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The District of Karáchi, excluding the municipal district of Karáchi and the cantonments of Karáchi and Manora and the Karáchi Port Trust limits.	2	...

*NOTE.—The seats allotted to the Sholápur District, the Kolába District and the West Khándesh District constituencies are reserved for the purpose of all elections to the first, second and third Council respectively under part III of this Schedule and to succeeding Councils in the same rotation.

Nome of Constituency.	Class of Constituency.	Extent of Constituency.	Number of members.	Reserved seats.
Lárkána District (Muhammadan).	Muhammadan Rural	The District of Lárkána	3	...
Sukkur District (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The District of Sukkur	2	...
Thar and Párkar (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The Districts of Thar and Párkar	2	...
Nawábshah District (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The District of Nawábshah	1	...
Upper Sind Frontier District (Muhammadan).	Ditto	The District of the Upper Sind Frontier.	1	...
Bombay City (European)...	European	The City of Bombay	1	...
Presidency (European) ...	Ditto	The Presidency of Bombay (excluding the City of Bombay and Aden).	1	...
Deccan Sardars and Inamdars.	Landholders...	The Central and Southern Divisions.	1	...
Gujarát Sardars and Inamdars.	Ditto	The Northern Division	1	...
Jagirdars and Zamindars (Sind)	Ditto	The Province of Sind	1	...
Bombay University	University	(Non-territorial)	1	...
Bombay Chamber of Commerce.	Commerce and Industry...	Ditto	2	...
Karáohi Chamber of Commerce.	Ditto	Ditto	1	...
Bombay Trades Association	Ditto	Ditto	1	...
Bombay Millowners' Association.	Ditto	Ditto	1	...
Ahmedabad Millowners' Association.	Ditto	Ditto	1	...
Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau.	Ditto	Ditto	1	...

/ II. In interpreting this Schedule references to a division, district, municipal district, notified area or cantonment shall be deemed to be references to the division, district, municipal district, notified area or cantonment as constituted or defined for the time being under the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901, or the Cantonments Act, 1910, as the case may be.

III. The seat allotted in this Schedule to the Sholapur District constituency shall, for the purposes of the general election to the first Council and of all bye-elections occurring during the continuance of that Council, be a reserved seat, and the seat allotted to the Kolaba District constituency shall be a reserved seat for the purposes of the second Council and of all bye-elections occurring during the continuance of that Council, and the seat allotted to the West Khandesh District constituency shall be a reserved seat for the purposes of the third Council and of all bye-elections occurring during the continuance of that Council, and thereafter seats shall be reserved in those constituencies in the like rotation for the purposes of elections to succeeding Councils.

IV. No seat shall be deemed to be a reserved seat within the meaning of this Schedule for the purposes of any election if the constituency is already represented by a Mahratta member or if there is no Mahratta candidate.

SCHEDULE II.

(See rule 8.)

QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTORS.

1. For the purposes of this Schedule—

(a) 'a European' means every person of European descent in the male line being a British subject and resident in British India, who either was born in or

Definition.

has a domicile in the British Isles, Canada, Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand, or the Union of South Africa, or whose father was so born or has or had up to the date of the birth of the person in question such a domicile;

(b) 'holder' means a person lawfully in possession of land whether such possession is actual or not;

(c) 'publication of the electoral roll' means the first publication under these rules of the electoral roll for the time being under preparation;

(d) 'tenant' means a lessee whether holding under an instrument or under an oral agreement, and includes a mortgagee of a tenant's rights with possession.

General Constituencies.

Non-Muhammadan
and Muhammadan
Urban Constituencies.

2. A person shall be qualified as an elector for a non-Muhammadan or Muhammadan urban constituency who is not a European and who, on the 1st day of April next preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, had a place of residence within the constituency or, in the case of a Bombay City constituency, within the limits of the said city or within the limits of the taluka of Salsette, or, in the case of any other urban constituency, within two miles of the boundary thereof, and who—

(a) on the 1st day of April aforesaid occupied, as owner or tenant, in such constituency, a house or building, or part of a house or building separately occupied, as a dwelling or for the purpose of any trade, business or profession,—

(i) of which the annual rental value was not less than Rs. 120 in the case of a Bombay City constituency, and not less than Rs. 60 in the case of a Karachi City constituency; or

(ii) in any other urban constituency, where any tax is based on the annual rental value of houses or buildings, of which the annual rental value was not less than Rs. 36; or, if no tax so based is levied, of which the capital value was not less than Rs. 1,500; or

(b) was assessed to income-tax in the financial year preceding that in which the publication of the electoral roll takes place; or

(c) is a retired and pensioned officer (whether commissioned or non-commissioned) of His Majesty's regular forces; or

(d) in the case of a Bombay City constituency, is in receipt of a monthly wage of not less than Rs. 40 on account of employment as a manual worker in a textile factory which is situate within the City of Bombay and which is a textile factory as defined in the Indian Factories Act, 1911; or

(e) on the 1st day of January next preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, held a qualification in respect of land within the constituency which, if held within the nearest rural constituency, would qualify him as an elector for such constituency:

Provided that—

(i) no person shall be qualified as an elector for a Muhammadan constituency who is not a Muhammadan, and

(ii) no Muhammadan shall be qualified as an elector for a non-Muhammadan constituency.

Non-Muhammadan
and Muhammadan
Rural Constituencies.

3. A person shall be qualified as an elector for a non-Muhammadan or Muhammadan rural constituency who is not a European and who, on the 1st day of January next preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, had a place of residence within the constituency or within a contiguous constituency of the same communal description, and who—

(a) (i) in the case of any constituency in Sind, on the 1st day of January aforesaid held in his own right or occupied as a permanent tenant or as a lessee from Government alienated or unalienated land in such constituency on which, in any one of the five revenue years preceding the publication of the electoral roll, an assessment of not less than Rs. 16, land revenue in the Upper Sind Frontier district and of not less than Rs. 32 land revenue elsewhere has been paid or would have been paid if the land had not been alienated, or

(ii) in the case of any, other constituency, on the 1st day of January aforesaid held in his own right or occupied as a tenant in such constituency alienated or unalienated land assessed at or of the assessable value of not less than Rs. 16 land revenue in the Panch Mahals or Ratnagiri district and not less than Rs. 32 land revenue elsewhere; or

(b) on the 1st day of January aforesaid was the alienee of the right of Government to the payment of rent or land revenue, amounting to not less than Rs. 16 in the Panch Mahals or Ratnagiri or Upper Sind Frontier Districts and to not less than Rs. 32 elsewhere leviable in respect of land so alienated and situate within the constituency, or was a khot or a sharer in a khoti village in the constituency or a sharer

in a bhagdari or narvadari village in the constituency, responsible for the payment of not less than Rs. 16 land revenue in the Panch Mahals or Ratnagiri or Upper Sind Frontier Districts and of not less than Rs. 32 land revenue elsewhere; or

(c) was assessed to income-tax in the financial year preceding that in which the publication of the electoral roll takes place; or

(d) is a retired and pensioned officers (whether commissioned or non-commissioned) of His Majesty's regular forces; or

(e) in any municipal district, cantonment or notified area in the constituency, on the 1st day of April next preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, occupied, as owner or tenant, a house or building, or part of a house or building separately occupied, as a dwelling or for the purpose of any trade, business or profession,—

(i) of which the annual rental value was not less than Rs. 36 in a constituency in Sind; or

(ii) in any other constituency, if in such municipal district, cantonment or notified area a tax is based on the annual rental value of houses or buildings, of which the annual rental value was not less than Rs. 24 in the Panch Mahals or Ratnagiri Districts and not less than Rs. 36 elsewhere; or, if no tax so based is levied, of which the capital value was not less than Rs. 1,000 in the Panch Mahals and Ratnagiri Districts and not less than Rs. 1,500 elsewhere :

Provided that—

(i) no person who is not a Muhammadan shall be qualified as an elector for a Muhammadan constituency, and

(ii) no Muhammadan shall be qualified as an elector for a non-Muhammadan constituency.

4. (1) A person shall be qualified as an elector for the Bombay City (European) constituency who is a European and save in that respect has the qualification hereinbefore prescribed for an elector of a Bombay City constituency. European Consti-
tuencies.

(2) A person shall be qualified as an elector for the Presidency (European) constituency who is a European and who save in that respect has the qualification hereinbefore prescribed for an elector of an urban, other than a Bombay City, constituency or of a rural constituency according as he has a place of residence within an urban or rural constituency.

Special Constituencies.

5. (1) A person shall be qualified as an elector for the constituency of the Deccan Sardars and Inamdars whose name is entered in the list for the time being in force under the Resolution of the Government of Bombay in the Political Department, No. 2863, dated the 23rd July, 1867, or who, on the 1st day of January next, preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, was the sole alienee of the right of Government to the payment of rent or land revenue in respect of an entire village situate within the constituency. Landholders' Con-
stituencies.

(2) A person shall be qualified as an elector for the constituency of the Gujarat Sardars and Inamdars whose name is entered in the list for the time being in force under the Resolution of the Government of Bombay in the Political Department, No. 6265, dated the 21st September, 1909, or who, on the 1st day of January next preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, was the sole alienee of the right of Government to the payment of rent or land revenue in respect of an entire village situate within the constituency, or was the sole holder on talukdari tenure of such a village.

(3) A person shall be qualified as an elector for the constituency of the Jagirdhars and Zamindars (Sind) who is a jagirdar of the first or second class in Sind, or who in each of the three revenue years preceding the publication of the electoral roll has paid not less than Rs. 1,000 land revenue on land situate in any district in Sind.

6. A person shall be qualified as an elector for the Bombay University constituency who, on the 1st day of April next preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, had a place of residence in the Bombay Presidency (excluding Aden) and was a member of the Senate or an Honorary Fellow of the University or a graduate of the University of seven years' standing. University Con-
stituency.

7. A person shall be qualified as an elector for a Commerce and Industry constituency whose name is entered in the list of members, for the time being in force, of the association forming such constituency. Commerce and
Industry Constitu-
encies.

Miscellaneous.

8. Where any property is held or occupied or payment is made or received jointly by the members of a joint family, the family shall be adopted as the unit for deciding whether Joint families.

under this Schedule the requisite qualification exists, and, if it does exist the manager of the family only shall be qualified as an elector in respect of such property or payment.

Trustees.

9. No person holding or occupying any property or making or receiving any payment in a fiduciary capacity shall be qualified as an elector for any constituency in respect of such property or payment.

Rental and capital value.

10. The value of any machinery, furniture or equipment contained in, or situate upon, any house or building shall not be included in estimating the rental or capital value of such house or building.

Service tenure.

11. A person who occupies any dwelling-house, other than a house in any military or police lines, by virtue of any office, service or employment shall, if the dwelling-house is not inhabited by the person in whose service he is in such office, service or employment, be deemed to occupy the dwelling-house as a tenant.

Unassessed land.

12. The average rate of assessment on assessed land in a village or, if there is no such land in the village, the average rate of assessment on assessed land in the nearest village containing such land shall be taken as the rate for calculating the assessable value of unassessed land in such village.

Revenue, etc., record conclusive proof.

13. For the purpose of deciding any claim to be registered in respect of any assessment, payment of rent or land revenue, rental value, capital value or payment of income-tax, an entry in any revenue record or in the record of any municipal district or cantonment or notified area or in the records of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, stating the amount of such assessment, payment or value, shall be conclusive proof of the amount of such assessment, payment or value.

SCHEDULE III.

(See rule 16).

Return of election expenses.

1. Under the head of receipts there shall be shown the name and description of every person (including the candidate), club, society or association from whom any money, security or equivalent of money was received in respect of expenses incurred on account of or in connection with, or incidental to, the election, and the amount received from each person, club, society or association separately.

2. Under the head of expenditure, there shall be shown :—

(a) the personal expenditure of the candidate incurred or paid by him or his election agent, including travelling and all other personal expenses incurred in connection with his candidature ;

(b) the name, and the rate and total amount of the pay, of each person employed as an agent (including the election agent), clerk or messenger ;

(c) the travelling expenses and any other expenses incurred by the candidate or his election agent on account of agents (including the election agent), clerks or messengers ;

(d) the travelling expenses of persons, whether in receipt of salary or not, incurred in connection with the candidature, and whether paid or incurred by the candidate, his election agent or the person so travelling ;

(e) the cost whether paid or incurred of—

(i) printing,

(ii) advertising,

(iii) stationery,

(iv) postage,

(v) telegrams, and

(vi) rooms hired either for public meetings or as committee-rooms ;

(f) any other miscellaneous expenses whether paid or incurred.

NOTE.—(1) All expenses incurred in connection with the candidature whether paid by the candidate, his election agent, or any other person, or remaining unpaid on the date of the return are to be set out.

(2) For all items of Rs. 5 and over, unless from the nature of the case (e.g., travel by rail or postage) a receipt is not obtainable, vouchers are to be attached.

(3) All sums paid but for which no receipt is attached are to be set out in detail with dates of payment.

- (4) All sums unpaid are to be set out in a separate list.
3. The form of affidavit referred to in rule 16 shall be as follows:—

Affidavit.

I being the appointed election agent for a candidate
for election in the constituency (or I being a
candidate for election in the constituency), do hereby solemnly
affirm that the above return of election expenses is true to the best of my knowledge and
belief, and that, except the expenses herein set forth, no expenses of any nature whatsoever
have to my knowledge and belief been incurred in, and for the purposes of, ^{his candidature.}
_{my candidature}

(Sd.)

*Election agent or candidate.**Solemnly affirmed before me.**(Magistrate).*

SCHEDULE IV.

(See rules 5, 7, 18, 29, 40 and 43.)

The following shall be deemed to be corrupt practices for the purposes of these
rules:—

PART I.

1. A gift, offer or promise by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of a candidate or his agent, of any gratifications to any person whomsoever, with the object, directly or indirectly, of inducing—

Bribery.

(a) a person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate,
or

(b) an elector to vote or refrain from voting at an election,
or as a reward to—

(a) a person for having so stood or not stood or for having withdrawn his
candidature, or

(b) an elector for having voted or refrained from voting.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause the term ‘gratification’ is not restricted to pecuniary gratifications or gratifications estimable in money, and includes all forms of entertainment and all forms of employment for reward; but it does not include the payment of any expenses *bonâ fide* incurred at or for the purposes of any election and duly entered in the return of election expenses prescribed by these rules.

2. (1) The voluntary interference or attempted interference by a candidate or his agent or any other person with the connivance of the candidate or his agent with the free exercise of the right of any person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate or to vote or refrain from voting at an election.

Undue influence.

(2) A threat of injury to any person or to any person in whom that person is interested or the inducement or attempted inducement of any person to believe that he or any person in whom he is interested will become or will be rendered the object of Divine displeasure or of spiritual censure shall be deemed to be interference within the meaning of this paragraph:

Provided that a declaration of public policy or promise of public action shall not be deemed to be interference.

3. The procuring or abetting or attempting to procure by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of a candidate or his agent, the application by a person for a voting paper in the name of any other person, whether living or dead, or in a fictitious name, or by a person who has voted once at an election for a voting paper in his own name at the same election.

Personation.

4. The publication by a candidate or his agent or by any other person, with the connivance of the candidate or his agent, of any statement of fact which is false and which he either believes to be false or does not believe to be true in relation to the personal character or conduct of any candidate or in relation to the candidature or withdrawal of any candidate, which statement is reasonably calculated to prejudice such candidate's election.

Publication of false statements.

PART II.

- Acts under Part I. 1. Any act specified in Part I, when done by a person who is not a candidate or his agent or a person acting with the connivance of a candidate or his agent.
- Personation. 2. The application by a person at an election for a voting paper in the name of any other person, whether living or dead, or in a fictitious name, or for a voting paper in his own name after he has already voted at such election.
- Bribery. 3. The receipt of, or agreement to receive, any gratification, whether as a motive or a reward,—
 (a) by a person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate; or
 (b) by any person whomsoever for himself or any other person for voting or refraining from voting, or for inducing or attempting to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting or any candidate to withdraw his candidature.
- Payment for conveyance. 4. Any payment or promise of payment to any person whomsoever on account of the conveyance of any elector to or from any place for the purpose of recording his vote.
- Hiring and use of public conveyances. 5. The hiring, employment, borrowing or using for the purposes of the election of any boat, vehicle or animal usually kept for letting on hire or for the conveyance of passengers by hire :
 Provided that any elector may hire any boat, vehicle or animal, or use any boat, vehicle or animal which is his own property, to convey himself to or from the place where the vote is recorded.
- Incurring expenses without authority. 6. The incurring or authorisation of expenses by any person other than a candidate or his election agent on account of holding any public meeting or upon any advertisement, circular or publication or in any other way whatsoever for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of such candidate, unless he is authorised in writing so to do by the candidate.
- Hiring of liquor shops. 7. The hiring, using or letting, as a committee-room or for the purpose of any meeting to which electors are admitted, of any building, room or other place where intoxicating liquor is sold to the public.
- Issue of circulars, etc., without printer's and publisher's name printed thereon. 8. The issuing of any circular, placard or poster having reference to the election which does not bear on its face the name and address of the printer and publisher thereof.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 64 (I) and section 129-A. of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to make the following rules for the Legislative Assembly :—

- Short title. 1. These rules may be called the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules.
- Definitions. 2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—
 (a) 'the Act' means the Government of India Act;
 (b) 'Commissioners' means Commissioners appointed for the purpose of holding an election inquiry under these rules;
 (c) 'corrupt practice' means any act deemed to be a corrupt practice under the provisions of Schedule IV;
 (d) 'election agent' means the person appointed under these rules by a candidate as his agent for an election;
 (e) 'Gazette' means the *Gazette of India*; and
 (f) 'Schedule' means a Schedule to these rules.

PART I.

COMPOSITION OF LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY AND CONSTITUENCIES.

- Composition of Legislative Assembly. 3. The Legislative Assembly shall consist of—
 (1) one hundred and two elected members, and
 (2) forty-one members nominated by the Governor General, of whom not more than twenty-six may be officials, and one shall be a person nominated as the result of an election held in Berar.

Elected Members.

- Constituencies. 4. The elected members shall be elected by the constituencies specified in Schedule I, subject to the provisions of that Schedule in regard to constituencies entitled to elect in rotation, and the number of members to be elected by each constituency shall be as stated therein against that constituency.

PART II.

QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTED MEMBERS.

5. (1) A person shall not be eligible for election as a member of the Legislative Assembly if such person—

General disqualifications for being elected.

- (a) is not a British subject; or
- (b) is a female; or
- (c) is already a member of any legislative body constituted under the Act; or
- (d) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or
- (e) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or
- (f) is under 25 years of age; or
- (g) is an undischarged insolvent; or
- (h) being a discharged insolvent has not obtained from the court a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part:

Provided that, if the Ruler of a State in India or any subject of such a State is not ineligible for election to the Legislative Council of a province, such Ruler or subject shall not by reason of not being a British subject be ineligible for election to the Legislative Assembly by any constituency in that province:

Provided further that the disqualification mentioned in clause (d) may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in this behalf.

(2) A person against whom a conviction by a criminal court involving a sentence of transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than six months is subsisting shall, unless the offence of which he was convicted has been pardoned, not be eligible for election for five years from the date of the expiration of the sentence.

(3) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A. of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, such person shall not be eligible for election for five years from the date of such conviction or of the finding of the Commissioners, as the case may be; and a person reported by any such Commissioners to be guilty of any other corrupt practice shall be similarly disqualified for three years from such date.

(4) If any person has been a candidate or an election agent at an election to any legislative body constituted under the Act and has failed to lodge any prescribed return of election expenses or has lodged a return which is found, either by Commissioners holding an inquiry into the election or by a Magistrate in a judicial proceeding, to be false in any material particular, such person shall not be eligible for election for five years from the date of such election:

Provided that any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of this rule may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in that behalf.

6. (1) A person shall not be eligible for election as a member of the Legislative Assembly to represent—

Special qualifications for election in case of certain constituencies.

(a) a general constituency in the presidency of Madras or in the presidency of Bengal, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency or of another constituency of the same communal description situate in the same presidency; or

(b) a general constituency in the presidency of Bombay, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency and he has resided in the constituency for a period of six months prior to the last day fixed for the nomination of candidates in that constituency; or

(c) a general constituency in the province of Bihar and Orissa or in the province of Assam, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency or of any other general constituency in the same province; or

(d) a Muhammadan or non-Muhammadan constituency in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of a Muhammadan or non-Muhammadan constituency in that province; or

(e) a general constituency in the Punjab or in the Central Provinces or a European constituency in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh or a constituency in the province of Burma or any special constituency, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency.

(2) For the purposes of these rules—

- (a) 'general constituency' means a non-Muhammadan, Muhammadan, European, non-European, or Sikh constituency; and
- (b) 'special constituency' means a Landholders' or Indian Commerce constituency.

PART III.

THE ELECTORAL ROLL.

General conditions
of registration and
disqualifications.

7. (1) Every person shall be entitled to have his name registered on the electoral roll of a constituency who has the qualifications prescribed for an elector of that constituency and who is not subject to any of the disqualifications hereinafter set out, namely:—

- (a) is not a British subject; or
- (b) is a female; or
- (c) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or
- (d) is under 21 years of age:

Provided that, if the Ruler of a State in India or any subject of such a State is not disqualified for registration on the electoral roll of a constituency of the Legislative Council of a province, such Ruler or subject shall not by reason of not being a British subject be disqualified for registration on the electoral roll of any constituency of the Legislative Assembly in that province:

Provided further that, if a resolution is passed by the Legislative Assembly recommending that the sex disqualification for registration should be removed either in respect of women generally or any class of women, the Governor General in Council shall make regulations providing that women or a class of women, as the case may be shall not be disqualified for registration by reason only of their sex:

Provided further that no person shall be entitled to have his name registered on the electoral roll of more than one general constituency.

(2) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A. of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, his name if on the electoral roll, shall be removed therefrom and shall not be registered thereon for a period of five years from the date of the conviction or the report, as the case may be, or, if not on the electoral roll, shall not be so registered for a like period; and if any person is reported by any such Commissioners as guilty of any other corrupt practice, his name, if on the electoral roll, shall be removed therefrom and shall not be registered thereon for a period of three years from the date of the report or, if not on the electoral roll, shall not be so registered for a like period:

Provided that the Governor General in Council may direct that the name of any person to whom this sub-rule applies shall be registered on the electoral roll.

Qualifications of
electors.

8. (1) The qualifications of an elector for a general constituency shall be such qualifications based on—

- (i) community,
- (ii) residence, and
- (iii) (a) ownership or occupation of a building, or
- (b) assessment to or payment of municipal or cantonment rates or taxes or local cesses, or
- (c) assessment to or payment of income-tax, or
- (d) the holding of land, or
- (e) membership of a local body,

as are specified in Schedule II in the case of that constituency.

(2) The qualifications of an elector for a special constituency shall be the qualifications specified in Schedule II in the case of that constituency.

Electoral roll.

9. (1) An electoral roll shall be prepared for every constituency, on which shall be entered the names of all persons appearing to be entitled to be registered as electors for that constituency. It shall be published in the constituency together with a notice specifying the mode in which and the time within which any person whose name is not entered in the roll and who claims to have it inserted therein, or any person whose name

is on the roll and who objects to the inclusion of his own name or of the name of any other person on the roll, may prefer a claim or objection to the Revising Authority.

(2) The regulations for the time being in force in any province for the purpose of elections to the Legislative Council of that province in regard to the following matters, namely,—

- (1) the authority by whom the electoral roll shall be prepared and the particulars to be contained in the roll,
- (2) the time at which the roll shall be prepared,
- (3) the publication of the roll in the constituency to which it relates,
- (4) the mode in which and the time within which claims and objections may be preferred,
- (5) the constitution and appointment of Revising Authorities to dispose of claims and objections,
- (6) the manner in which notices of claims or objections shall be published,
- (7) the place, date, and time at which and the manner in which claims or objections shall be heard,

shall apply for the purpose of the holding of elections within that province to the Legislative Assembly :

Provided that the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette, direct that such modifications and adaptations as he may specify shall be made in the application of those regulations.

(3) The orders made by the Revising Authority shall be final, and the electoral roll shall be amended in accordance therewith and shall, as so amended, be republished in the case of each province in such manner as may be prescribed by the regulations aforesaid for the republication of electoral rolls of constituencies of the Legislative Council.

(4) The electoral roll shall come into force from the date of such republication, and shall continue in force for a period of three years or for such less period as the Governor General in Council may by regulation prescribe, and after the expiration of such period a fresh roll shall be prepared in accordance with these rules.

(5) If a constituency is called upon to elect a member or members after an electoral roll has ceased to have force and before the completion of the new electoral roll, the old electoral roll shall for the purposes of that election continue to operate as the electoral roll for the constituency.

10. Every person registered on the electoral roll for the time being in force for any constituency shall while so registered be entitled to vote at an election of a member or members for that constituency : provided that no person shall vote in more than one general constituency.

Right to vote.

PART IV.

ELECTIONS.

11. (1) Any person may be nominated as a candidate for election in any constituency for which he is eligible for election under these rules.

Nomination of candidates.

(2) On or before the date on which a candidate is nominated the candidate shall make in writing and sign a declaration appointing either himself or some other person, who is not disqualified under these rules for the appointment, to be his election agent, and no candidate shall be deemed to be duly nominated unless such declaration has been made.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to be renominated as a candidate for the same election.

12. (1) If the number of candidates who are duly nominated and who have not withdrawn their candidature before such time as the Governor General in Council may fix in this behalf exceeds that of the vacancies, a poll shall be taken.

Procedure at election.

(2) If the number of such candidates is equal to the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be duly elected.

(3) If the number of such candidates is less than the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be elected, and the Governor General shall, by a notification in the Gazette, call for fresh nominations for the remaining vacancy or vacancies, and if any such are received shall call upon the constituency to elect a member or members, as the case may be.

(4) Votes shall be given by ballot and in general and Landholders' constituencies in person. No votes shall be received by proxy.

(5) In plural-member constituencies every elector shall have as many votes as there are members to be elected, but no elector shall give more than one vote to any one candidate except in the case of the plural-member constituencies in the presidency of Bombay, in which constituencies any elector may accumulate his votes upon one candidate or distribute them amongst the candidates as he pleases :

Provided that in the Bengal (European) constituency the election shall be made according to the principle of proportionate representation by means of the single transferable vote, and votes shall be given in accordance with regulations made in that behalf by the Governor General in Council.

(6) Votes shall be counted by, or under the supervision of, the Returning Officer, and any candidate, or, in the absence of the candidate, a representative duly authorised by him in writing, shall have a right to be present at the time of counting.

(7) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate or candidates, as the case may be, to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected :

Provided that in the Bengal (European) constituency the Returning Officer shall determine the candidates to whom the largest number of votes has been given in accordance with the regulations made in that behalf.

(8) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person or persons to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

(9) The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, and the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected shall be published in the Gazette.

Regulations re-
garding the conduct
of elections.

13. The regulations for the time being in force in any province for the purpose of elections to the Legislative Council of that province in regard to the following matters, namely,—

(1) for the form and manner in, and the conditions on, which nominations may be made, and for the scrutiny of nominations ;

(2) for the appointment of a Returning Officer for each constituency and for his powers and duties ;

(3) for the division of general and Landholders' constituencies into polling areas and for the appointment of polling stations for these areas ;

(4) for the appointment of officers, to preside at polling stations, and for the duties of such officers ;

(5) for the checking of voters by reference to the electoral roll ;

(6) for the manner in which votes are to be given, both generally and in the case of illiterate voter or voters under physical or other disability ;

(7) for the procedure to be followed in respect of tender of votes by persons representing themselves to be electors after other persons have voted as such electors,

(8) for the scrutiny of votes,

(9) for the safe custody of ballot papers and other election papers, for the period for which such papers shall be preserved, and for the inspection and production of such papers, and

(10) for the conduct of elections generally.

shall apply for the purpose of the holding of elections within that province to the Legislative Assembly :

Provided that the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette, direct that such modifications and adaptations as he may specify shall be made in the application of those regulations.

Multiple elections.

14. (1) If any person is elected by more than one constituency, he shall, by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department within seven days from the date of the publication of the result of such election in the Gazette, choose for which of these constituencies he shall serve, and the choice shall be conclusive.

(2) When any such choice has been made, the Governor General shall call upon any constituency or constituencies for which such person has not chosen to serve to elect another person or persons.

(3) If the candidate does not make the choice referred to in sub-rule (1) of this rule, the elections of such person shall be void and the Governor General shall call upon the constituency or constituencies concerned to elect another person or persons.

Election agents and return of expenses.

15. No person shall be appointed an election agent who is himself ineligible for election as being subject to any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of rule 5. Disqualification for being an election agent.

16. (1) Within one month or such longer period as the Governor General may allow after the date of the declaration of the result of the election every candidate, either personally or through his election agent, shall cause to be lodged with the Returning Officer a return of his election expenses containing the particulars specified in Schedule III. Return of election expenses.

(2) Every such return shall contain a statement of all payments made by the candidate or by his election agent or by any persons on behalf of the candidate or in his interests for expenses incurred on account of or in respect of the conduct and management of the election, and further a statement of all unpaid claims in respect of such expenses of which he or his election agent is aware.

(3) The return shall be accompanied by declarations by the candidate and his election agent which shall be in the form contained in the said Schedule and shall be made on oath or affirmation before a Magistrate.

(4) The Governor General in Council shall cause to be prepared in such manner, and maintained for such time, as he may direct, a record showing the names of all candidates at every election under these rules and the date on which the return of election expenses of each candidate has been lodged with the Returning Officer.

17. Every election agent shall keep regular books of account in which the particulars of all expenditure of the nature referred to in rule 16 shall be entered, whether such expenditure is incurred by the candidate or by the election agent or by any person under the direction of the candidate or the election agent. Accounts of agents.

PART V.

NOMINATED MEMBERS.

18. (1) Save as expressly provided in these rules in regard to the nomination of a person elected in Berar, no person shall be nominated to the Legislative Assembly who— General disqualifications for nomination.

(a) is not a British subject; or

(b) is a female; or

(c) is already a member of any legislative body constituted under the Act; or

(d) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or

(e) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or

(f) is under 25 years of age; or

(g) is an undischarged insolvent; or

(h) being a discharged insolvent has not obtained from the court a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part:

Provided that, if the Ruler of a State in India or any subject of such a State is not disqualified for nomination to the Legislative Council of a province, such Ruler or subject shall not by reason of not being a British subject be disqualified for nomination to the Legislative Assembly to represent that province:

Provided further that the disqualification mentioned in clause (d) may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in this behalf.

(2) A person against whom a conviction by a criminal court involving a sentence of transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than six months is subsisting shall, unless the offence of which he was convicted has been pardoned, not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of the expiration of the sentence.

(3) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, such person shall not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of such conviction or of the finding of the Commissioners, as the case may be; and a person

reported by any such Commissioners to be guilty of any other corrupt practice shall be similarly disqualified for three years from such date.

(4) If any person has been a candidate or an election agent at an election to any legislative body constituted under the Act and has failed to lodge any prescribed return of election expenses or has lodged a return which is found either by Commissioners holding an inquiry into the election or by a Magistrate in a judicial proceeding, to be false in any material particular, such person shall not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of the election :

Provided that any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of this rule may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in that behalf.

Term of office of
nominated member.

19. (1) A nominated non-official member shall hold office for the duration of the Legislative Assembly to which he is nominated.

(2) Official members shall hold office for the duration of the Legislative Assembly to which they are nominated or for such shorter period as the Governor General may, at the time of nomination, determine.

PART VI.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Obligation to take oath.

Taking of oath.

20. Every person who is elected or nominated to be a member of the Legislative Assembly shall before taking seat make, at a meeting of the Legislative Assembly, an oath or affirmation of his allegiance to the Crown in the following form, namely,—

I, A. B., having been ^{elected}/_{nominated} a member of this Assembly do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, His heirs and successors, and that I will faithfully discharge the duty upon which I am about to enter.

Vacation of seat.

Effect of subsequent disabilities or failure to take oath.

21. If any person having been elected or nominated subsequently becomes subject to any of the disabilities stated in clauses (a), (d), (e), (g) and (h) of sub-rule (1) or in sub-rules (2), (3) and (4) of rule 5 or of rule 18, as the case may be, or fails to make the oath or affirmation prescribed by rule 20 within such time as the Governor General considers reasonable, the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, declare his seat to be vacant.

Casual vacancies.

22. (1) When a vacancy occurs in the case of an elected member by reason of his election being declared void or his seat being declared vacant, or by reason of absence from India, inability to attend to duty, death, acceptance of office or resignation duly accepted, the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituency concerned to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

(2) If a vacancy occurs in the case of a nominated member, the Governor General shall nominate to the vacancy a person having the necessary qualification under these rules.

First constitution of the Legislative Assembly.

Constitution of
Legislative Assembly.

23. (1) As soon as conveniently may be after these rules come into force, a Legislative Assembly shall be constituted in accordance with their provisions.

(2) For this purpose the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituencies referred to in rule 4 to elect members in accordance with these rules within such time as may be prescribed by such notification, and shall make such nominations as may be necessary to complete the Legislative Assembly before the date fixed for its first meeting.

(3) If any difficulty arises as to the preparation or publication of the first electoral roll or the holding of the first elections after the commencement of these rules, the Governor General in Council may by order do any matter or thing which appears to him necessary for the proper preparation or publication of the roll or for the proper holding of the elections.

General Elections.

Reconstitution of
Legislative Assembly.

24. (1) On the expiration of the duration of a Legislative Assembly or on its dissolution, a general election shall be held in order that a new Legislative Assembly may be constituted.

(2) On such expiration or dissolution, the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituencies referred to in rule 4 to elect members in accordance with these rules within such-time after the date of expiration or dissolution as may be prescribed by such notification :

Provided that, if the Governor General thinks fit, such notification may be issued at any time not being more than three months prior to the date on which the duration of the Legislative Assembly would expire in the ordinary course of events.

(3) Before the date fixed for the first meeting of the Legislative Assembly, the Governor General shall make such nominations as may be necessary to complete the Legislative Assembly.

25. As soon as may be after the expiration of the time fixed for the election of members at any general election, the names of the members elected for the various constituencies at such election shall be notified in the Gazette. Publication of result of general election.

PART VII.

THE FINAL DECISION OF DOUBTS AND DISPUTES AS TO THE VALIDITY OF AN ELECTION.

26. In this Part and in Schedule IV, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— Definitions.

(a) "agent" includes an election agent and any person who is held by Commissioners to have acted as an agent in connection with an election with the knowledge or consent of the candidate;

(b) "candidate" means a person who has been nominated as a candidate at any election or who claims that he has been so nominated or that his nomination has been improperly refused, and includes a person who, when an election is in contemplation, holds himself out as a prospective candidate at such election, provided that he is subsequently nominated as a candidate at such election; and

(c) "returned candidate" means a candidate whose name has been published under these rules as duly elected.

27. No election shall be called in question except by an election petition presented in accordance with the provisions of this Part. The election petition.

28. An election petition may be presented to the Governor General by any candidate or elector against any returned candidate within fourteen days from the date on which the result of the election has been published in accordance with sub-rule (9) of rule 12. Presentation of the petition.

29. The petition shall contain a statement in concise form of the material facts on which the petitioner relies and the particulars of any corrupt practice which he alleges and shall, where necessary, be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively. It shall be signed by the petitioner and verified in the manner prescribed for the verification of pleadings in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. Contents of the petition.

30. The petitioner may, if he so desires, in addition to calling in question the election of the returned candidate, claim a declaration that he himself or any other candidate has been duly elected; in which case he shall join as respondents to his petition all other candidates who were nominated at the election. Against whom it may be presented.

31. At the time of presentation of the petition, the petitioner shall deposit with it the sum of one thousand rupees in cash or in Government Promissory Notes of equal value at the market rate of the day as security for the costs of the same. Deposit of security.

32. (1) If the provisions of rule 31 are not complied with, the Governor General shall dismiss the petition. Dismissal for default.

(2) Upon compliance with the provisions of rule 31—

(a) the Governor General shall appoint as Commissioners for the trial of the petition three persons who are, or are eligible to be appointed, Judges of a High Court within the meaning of section 101 (3) of the Act, and shall appoint one of them to be the President, and thereafter all applications and proceedings in connection therewith shall be dealt with and held by such Commissioners; Appointment of Commissioners.

(b) the President of the Commission so constituted shall, as soon as may be, cause a copy of the petition to be served on each respondent and to be published in the Gazette, and may call on the petitioner to execute a bond in such amount and with such sureties as he may require for the payment of any further costs. At any time within fourteen days after such publication, any other candidate shall be entitled to be joined as a respondent on giving security in a like amount and procuring the execution of a like bond.

(3) When in respect of an election in a constituency more petitions than one are presented, the Governor General shall refer all such petitions to the same Commissioners,

who may at their discretion inquire into the petitions either in one or in more proceedings as they shall think fit.

Inquiry by Commissioners.

33. Every election petition shall be inquired into by the Commissioners, as nearly as may be, in accordance with the procedure applicable under the Code Civil Procedure, 1908, to the trial of suits: provided that it shall only be necessary for the Commissioners to make a memorandum of the substance of the evidence of any witness examined by them.

Place of inquiry.

34. The inquiry shall be held at such place as the Governor General may appoint: provided that the Commissioners may in their discretion sit for any part of the inquiry at any other place in the province in which the constituency in question is situated, and may depute any one of their number to take evidence at any place in that province.

Withdrawal of petition.

35. (1) No election petition shall be withdrawn without the leave of the Commissioners.

(2) If there are more petitioners than one, no application to withdraw a petition shall be made except with the consent of all the petitioners.

(3) When an application for withdrawal is made, notice thereof fixing a date for the hearing of the application shall be given to all other parties to the petition and shall be published in the Gazette.

(4) No application for withdrawal shall be granted if the Commissioners are of opinion that such application has been induced by any bargain or consideration which the Commissioners consider ought not to be allowed.

(5) If the application is granted—

(a) the petitioner shall be ordered to pay the costs of the respondent theretofore incurred or such portion thereof as the Commissioners may think fit;

(b) such withdrawal shall be reported to the Governor General, who shall publish notice thereof in the Gazette; and

(c) any person who might himself have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted as petitioner in place of the party withdrawing, and, upon compliance with the conditions of rule 31 as to security, shall be entitled to be so substituted and to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Abatement or substitution on death of petitioner.

36. (1) An election petition shall abate only on the death of a sole petitioner or of the survivor of several petitioners.

(2) Such abatement shall be reported to the Governor General, who shall publish notice thereof in the Gazette.

(3) Any person who might himself have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted as petitioner, and, upon compliance with the conditions of rule 31 as to security, shall be entitled to be so substituted and to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Abatement or substitution on death of respondent.

37. If before the conclusion of the trial of an election petition the respondent dies or gives notice that he does not intend to oppose the petition, the Commissioners shall cause notice of such event to be published in the Gazette, and thereupon any person who might have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted for such respondent to oppose the petition, and shall be entitled to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Reprimination when seat claimed.

38. Where at an inquiry into an election petition any candidate, other than the returned candidate, claims the seat for himself, the returned candidate or any other party may give evidence to prove that the election of such candidate would have been void if he had been the returned candidate and a petition had been presented complaining of his election.

Attendance of Law Officers.

39. When at an inquiry into an election petition the Commissioners so order, the Advocate General or some person acting under his instructions shall attend and take such part therein as they may direct.

Explanation.—The expression "Advocate General" includes also a Government Advocate, or, where there is no Advocate General or Government Advocate, such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

Grounds for declaring election void.

40. (1) Save as hereinafter provided in this rule, if in the opinion of the Commissioners—

(a) the election of a returned candidate has been procured or induced, or the result of the election has been materially affected, by a corrupt practice, or

(b) any corrupt practice specified in Part I of Schedule IV has been committed,

(c) the result of the election has been materially affected by any irregularity in respect of a nomination paper, or by the improper reception or refusal of a vote, or by any non-compliance with the provisions of the Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder, or by any mistake in the use of any form annexed thereto, the election of the returned candidate shall be void.

(2) If the Commissioners report that a returned candidate has been guilty by an agent (other than his election agent) of any corrupt practice specified in Part I of Schedule IV which does not amount to any form of bribery other than treating as hereinafter explained or to the procuring or abetment of personation, and if the Commissioners further report that the candidate has satisfied them that—

(a) no corrupt practice was committed at such election by the candidate or his election agent, and the corrupt practices mentioned in the report were committed contrary to the orders and without the sanction or connivance of such candidate or his election agent, and

(b) such candidate and his election agent took all reasonable means for preventing the commission of corrupt practices at such election, and

(c) the corrupt practices mentioned in the said report were of a trivial, unimportant and limited character, and

(d) in all other respects the election was free from any corrupt practice on the part of such candidate or any of his agents,

then the Commissioners may find that the election of such candidate is not void.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-rule “treating” means the incurring in whole or in part by any person of the expense of giving or providing any food, drink, entertainment or provision to any person with the object, directly or indirectly, of inducing him or any other person to vote or refrain from voting or as a reward for having voted or refrained from voting.

41. (1) At the conclusion of the inquiry, the Commissioners shall report whether the returned candidate, or any other party to the petition who has under the provisions of these rules claimed the seat, has been duly elected, and in so reporting shall have regard to the provisions of rule 40. Report of Commissioners and procedure thereon.

(2) The report shall be in writing and shall be signed by all the Commissioners. The Commissioners shall forthwith forward their report to the Governor General who, on receipt thereof, shall issue orders in accordance with the report and publish the report in the Gazette, and the orders of the Governor General shall be final.

42. If either in their report or upon any other matter there is a difference of opinion among the Commissioners, the opinion of the majority shall prevail, and their report shall be expressed in the terms of the views of the majority. Form of report.

43. Where any charge is made in an election petition of any corrupt practice, the Commissioners shall record in their report—

(a) a finding whether a corrupt practice has or has not been proved to have been committed by any candidate or his agent, or with the connivance of any candidate or his agent, and the nature of such corrupt practice, and Findings as to corrupt practices and persons guilty thereof.

(b) the names of all persons (if any) who have been proved at the inquiry to have been guilty of any corrupt practice and the nature of such corrupt practice with any such recommendations as they may desire to make for the exemption of any such persons from any disqualifications they may have incurred in this connection under these rules.

PART VIII.

SPECIAL PROVISION.

44. If any question arises as to the interpretation of these rules otherwise than in connection with an election inquiry held thereunder, the question shall be referred for the decision of the Governor General, and his decision shall be final. Interpretation in case of doubt.

SCHEDULE I.

(See rule 4.)

I. (1).—List of Constituencies entitled to representation in every Legislative Assembly.

Province.	Name of Constituency.	Class of Constituency.	Extent of Constituency.	No. of members.
Bombay	Bombay City (Non-Mahomedan).	Non-Mahomedan Urban.	The City of Bombay.	2
Do.	Sind (Non-Mahomedan).	Non-Mahomedan Rural.	The Province of Sind.	1
Do.	Bombay Northern Division (Non-Mahomedan).	Do.	The Northern Division.	1
Do.	Bombay Central Division (Non-Mahomedan).	Do.	The Central Division.	2
Do.	Bombay Southern Division (Non-Mahomedan).	Do.	The Southern Division.	1
Do.	Bombay City (Mahomedan).	Mahomedan Urban.	The City of Bombay.	1
Do.	Sind (Mahomedan).	Mahomedan Rural.	The Province of Sind.	1*
Do.	Bombay (European).	European.	The Bombay Presidency excluding Aden.	2
Do.	The Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau.	Indian Commerce.	(Non-territorial.)	1

* Note.—The Sind (Mahomedan) constituency is entitled to elect a second member for the first, third and succeeding alternate Assemblies under Part II of this Schedule.

II. (1).—List of Constituencies entitled to representation in rotation.

Province.	Name of Constituency.	Class of Constituency.	Extent of Constituency.	Number of members.
Bombay	Sind (Mahomedan).	Mahomedan Rural.	The Province of Sind.	} 1
	Bombay Northern Division (Mahomedan).	Do.	The Northern Division.	
Do.	Bombay Central Division (Mahomedan).	Do.	The Central Division.	} 1
	Bombay Southern Division (Mahomedan).	Do.	The Southern Division.	
Do.	Sind Jagirdars and Zamindars.	Land-holders.	The Province of Sind.	} 1
	Gujarat and Deccan Sardars and Inamdars.	Do.	The Bombay Presidency excluding Sind.	
Do.	The Bombay Millowners' Association.	Indian Commerce.	(Non-territorial.)	} 1
	The Ahmedabad Millowners' Association.	Do.	Do.	

(2) In a case where two constituencies are bracketed together as entitled to elect one member, the constituency first mentioned shall elect to the first Legislative Assembly at the general election and at all bye-elections so long as the first Legislative Assembly continues, and the constituency second mentioned shall elect at the general election to the next Legislative Assembly and at bye-elections in like manner, and thereafter the constituencies shall elect in like manner in rotation to succeeding Legislative Assemblies.

SCHEDULE II.

(See rule 8.)

QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTORS.

PART II.—BOMBAY.

1. For the purposes of this Part—

(a) "a European" means every person of European descent in the male line being a British subject and resident in British India, who either was born in or has a domicile in the British Isles, Canada, Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand or the Union of South Africa, or whose father was so born or has or had up to the date of the birth of the person in question such a domicile;

(b) "publication of the electoral roll" means the first publication under these rules of the electoral roll for the time being under preparation;

(c) "tenant" means a lessee whether holding under an instrument or under an oral agreement, and includes a mortgagee of a tenant's rights with possession;

(d) a person is said to hold land when he is lawfully in possession of such land whether such possession is actual or not.

2. Where any property is held or occupied or payment is made or received jointly by the members of a joint family, the family shall be adopted as the unit for deciding whether under the provisions of this Part the requisite qualification exists; and, if it does exist, the manager of the family only shall be qualified as an elector in respect of such property or payment.

3. No person holding or occupying any property or making or receiving any payment in a fiduciary capacity shall be qualified as an elector for any constituency in respect of such property or payment.

4. The average rate of assessment on assessed land in a village or, if there is no such land in the village, the average rate of assessment on assessed land in the nearest village containing such land shall be taken as the rate for calculating the assessable value of unassessed land in such village.

5. For the purpose of deciding any claim to a qualification under this Part, an entry in any revenue record shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein.

General Constituencies.

6. A person shall be qualified as an elector for a non-Muhammadian or Muhammadian constituency who, on the 1st day of January next preceding the date of publication of the electoral roll, had a place of residence within the constituency or within a contiguous constituency of the same communal description and who—

(a) in the case of the Sind constituencies, on the 1st day of January aforesaid held in his own right or occupied as a permanent tenant or as a lessee from Government alienated or unalienated land in such constituency on which, in any one of the five revenue years preceding the publication of the electoral roll, an assessment of not less than Rs. 37-8-0 land revenue in the Upper Sind Frontier district and of not less than Rs. 75 land revenue in any other district has been paid or would have been paid if the land had not been alienated; or

(b) in the case of any other constituency, on the 1st day of January aforesaid held in his own right or occupied as a tenant in such constituency alienated or unalienated land assessed at, or of the assessable value of, not less than Rs. 37-8-0 land revenue in the Panch Mahals or Ratnagiri districts and not less than Rs. 75 land revenue elsewhere; or

(c) on the 1st day of January aforesaid was the alienee of the right of Government to the payment of rent or land revenue, amounting to Rs. 37-8 in the Panch Mahals or Ratnagiri or Upper Sind Frontier Districts and of Rs. 75 elsewhere, leviable in respect of land so alienated and situate within the constituency, or was a khot or a sharer in khoti village in the constituency or a share in a biaggari or narvadari village in the constituency responsible for the payment of Rs. 37-8 land revenue in the Panch Mahals or Ratnagiri Districts and Rs. 75 land revenue elsewhere; or

(d) was assessed to income-tax in the financial year preceding that in which the publication of the electoral roll takes place:

Provided that—

(i) no person other than a Muhammadian shall be qualified as an elector for a Muhammadian constituency, and

Definitions.

Joint families.

Trustees.

Unassessed land.

Revenue records
conclusive evidence.Non-Muhammadian
and Muhammadian
Constituencies.

(ii) no Muhammadan or European shall be qualified as an elector for a non-Muhammadan constituency.

The European Constituency. 7. A person shall be qualified as an elector for the Bombay (European) constituency whose name is registered on the electoral roll of either European constituency of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay.

Special Constituencies.

The Landholders' Constituencies. 8. (1) A person shall be qualified as an elector for the Sind Jagirdars and Zamindars constituency who is a Jagirdar of the first or second class in Sind, or a Zamindar who in each of the three revenue years preceding the publication of the electoral roll has paid not less than Rs. 1,000 land revenue on land situated in any district in Sind.

The Indian Commerce Constituency. (2) A person shall be qualified as an elector for the Deccan and Gujarat Sardars and Inamdars constituency whose name is entered in the list for the time being in force under the Resolutions of the Government of Bombay in the Political Department No. 2363, dated the 23rd July 1867 and No. 6265, dated the 21st September 1909, or who on the 1st day of January next preceding the publication of the electoral roll was the sole alienee of the right of Government to the payment of rent or land revenue in respect of an entire village in the presidency of Bombay excluding Sind and Aden, or was the sole holder on talukdari tenure of such a village.

9. Members of the Indian Merchants Chamber and Bureau and of the Bombay Mill-owners' Association and of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association shall be qualified as electors respectively for the constituency comprising the Association of which they are members.

SCHEDULE III.

(See rule 16.)

Return of election expenses.

1. Under the head of receipts there shall be shown the name and description of every person (including the candidate), club, society or association from whom any money, security or equivalent of money was received in respect of expenses incurred on account of, or in connection with, or incidental to, the election, and the amount received from each person, club, society or association separately.

2. Under the head of expenditure, there shall be shown:—

(a) the personal expenditure of the candidate incurred or paid by him or his election agent, including travelling and all other personal expenses incurred in connection with his candidature;

(b) the name, and the rate and total amount of the pay, of each person employed as an agent (including the election agent), clerk or messenger;

(c) the travelling expenses and any other expenses incurred by the candidate or his election agent on account of agents (including the election agent), clerks or messengers;

(d) the travelling expenses of persons, whether in receipt of salary or not, incurred in connection with the candidature, and whether paid or incurred by the candidate, his election agent or the person so travelling;

(e) the cost whether paid or incurred of—

(i) printing,

(ii) advertising,

(iii) stationery,

(iv) postage,

(v) telegrams, and

(vi) rooms hired either for public meetings or as committee rooms;

(f) any other miscellaneous expenses whether paid or incurred.

NOTE.—(1) All expenses incurred in connection with the candidature whether paid by the candidate, his election agent, or any other person, or remaining unpaid on the date of the return are to be set out.

(2) For all items of Rs. 5 and over, unless from the nature of the case (e.g., travel by rail or postage) a receipt is not obtainable, vouchers are to be attached.

(3) All sums paid but for which no receipt is attached are to be set out in detail with dates of payment.

- (4) All sums unpaid are to be set out in a separate list.
3. The form of affidavit referred to in rule 16 shall be as follows:—

Affidavit.

I, _____ being the appointed election agent for _____, a candidate for election in the _____ constituency (or I, _____, being a candidate for election in the _____ constituency), do hereby solemnly affirm that the above return of election expenses is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that, except the expenses herein set forth, no expenses of any nature whatsoever have to my knowledge and belief been incurred in, and for the purposes of, _____
my candidature.

(Sd.)

*Election agent or candidate.**Solemnly affirmed before me.**(Magistrate.)*

SCHEDULE IV.

(See rules 5, 7, 18, 29, 40 and 43.)

The following shall be deemed to be corrupt practices for the purposes of these rules:—

PART I.

1. A gift, offer or promise by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of a candidate or his agent, of any gratifications to any person whomsoever, with the object, directly or indirectly, of inducing—

Bribery.

- (a) a person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate, or
(b) an elector to vote or refrain from voting at an election,

or as a reward to—

- (a) a person for having so stood or not stood or for having withdrawn his candidature, or
(b) an elector for having voted or refrained from voting.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause the term “gratification” is not restricted to pecuniary gratifications or gratifications estimable in money, and includes all forms of entertainment and all forms of employment for reward; but it does not include the payment of any expenses *bonâ fide* incurred at or for the purposes of any election and duly entered in the return of election expenses prescribed by these rules.

2. (1) The voluntary interference or attempted interference by a candidate or his agent or any other person with the connivance of the candidate or his agent with the free exercise of the right of any person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate or to vote or refrain from voting at an election.

Undue influence.

(2) A threat of injury to any person or to any person in whom that person is interested or the inducement or attempted inducement of any person to believe that he or any person in whom he is interested will become or will be rendered the object of Divine displeasure or of spiritual censure shall be deemed to be interference within the meaning of this paragraph:

Provided that a declaration of public policy or promise of public action shall not be deemed to be interference.

3. The procuring or abetting or attempting to procure by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of a candidate or his agent, the application by a person for a voting paper in the name of any other person, whether living or dead, or in a fictitious name, or by a person who has voted once at an election for a voting paper in his own name at the same election.

Personation.

4. The publication by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of the candidate or his agent, of any statement of fact which is false and which he either believes to be false or does not believe to be true in relation to the personal character or conduct of any candidate or in relation to the candidature or withdrawal of any candidate, which statement is reasonably calculated to prejudice such candidate's election.

Publication of false statements.

PART II.

Acts under Part I.

1. Any act specified in Part I, when done by a person who is not a candidate or his agent or a person acting with the connivance of a candidate or his agent.

Personation.

2. The application by a person at an election for a voting paper in the name of any other person, whether living or dead, or in a fictitious name, or for a voting paper in his own name after he has already voted at such election.

Bribery.

3. The receipt of, or agreement to receive, any gratification, whether as a motive or a reward,—

(a) by a person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate; or

(b) by any person whomsoever for himself or any other person for voting or refraining from voting, or for inducing or attempting to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting or any candidate to withdraw his candidature.

Payment for conveyance.

4. Any payment or promise of payment to any person whomsoever on account of the conveyance of any elector to or from any place for the purpose of recording his vote.

Hiring and use of public conveyances.

5. The hiring, employment, borrowing or using for the purposes of the election of any boat, vehicle or animal usually kept for letting on hire or for the conveyance of passengers by hire:

Provided that any elector may hire any boat, vehicle or animal, or use any boat, vehicle or animal which is his own property to convey himself to or from the place where the vote is recorded.

Incurring expense without authority.

6. The incurring or authorisation of expenses by any person other than a candidate or his election agent on account of holding any public meeting or upon any advertisement, circular or publication or in any other way whatsoever for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of such candidate, unless he is authorised in writing so to do by the candidate.

Hiring of liquor shops.

7. The hiring, using or letting, as a committee-room or for the purpose of any meeting to which electors are admitted, of any building, room or other place where intoxicating liquor is sold to the public.

Issue of circulars, etc., without printer's and publisher's name printed thereon.

8. The issuing of any circular, placard or poster having reference to the election which does not bear on its face the name and address of the printer and publisher thereof.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 64 (1) and section 129-A. of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to make the following rules for the Council of State:—

Short title.

1. These rules may be called the Council of State Electoral Rules.

Definitions.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "the Act" means the Government of India Act;

(b) "Commissioners" means the Commissioners appointed for the purpose of holding an election inquiry under these rules;

(c) "corrupt practice" means any act deemed to be a corrupt practice under the provisions of Schedule IV;

(d) "election agent" means the person appointed under these rules by a candidate as his agent for an election;

(e) "Gazette" means the *Gazette of India*; and

(f) "Schedule" means a Schedule to these rules.

PART I.

COMPOSITION OF COUNCIL OF STATE AND CONSTITUENCIES.

Composition of Council of State.

3. The Council of State shall consist of—

(1) thirty-three elected members, and

(2) twenty-seven members nominated by the Governor General, of whom not more than twenty may be officials, and one shall be a person nominated as the result of an election held in Berar.

Constituencies.

4. The elected members shall be elected by the constituencies specified in Schedule I, subject to the provisions of that Schedule in regard to constituencies entitled to elect in rotation, and the number of members to be elected by each constituency shall be as stated therein against that constituency.

PART II.

QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTED MEMBERS.

5. (1) A person shall not be eligible for election as a member of the Council of State if such person—

General disqualifications for being elected.

- (a) is not a British subject; or
- (b) is a female; or
- (c) is already a member of any legislative body constituted under the Act; or
- (d) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or
- (e) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or
- (f) is under 25 years of age; or
- (g) is an undischarged insolvent; or
- (h) being a discharged insolvent has not obtained from the court a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part:

Provided that, if the Ruler of a State in India or any subject of such a State is not ineligible for election to the Legislative Council of a province, such Ruler or subject shall not by reason of not being a British subject be ineligible for election to the Council of State by any constituency in that province:

Provided further that the disqualification mentioned in clause (d) may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in this behalf.

(2) A person against whom a conviction by a criminal court involving a sentence of transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than six months is subsisting shall, unless the offence of which he was convicted has been pardoned, not be eligible for election for five years from the date of the expiration of the sentence.

(3) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, such person shall not be eligible for election for five years from the date of such conviction or of the finding of the Commissioners, as the case may be; and a person reported by any such Commissioners to be guilty of any other corrupt practice shall be similarly disqualified for three years from such date.

(4) If any person has been a candidate or an election agent at an election to any legislative body constituted under the Act and has failed to lodge any prescribed return of election expenses or has lodged a return which is found, either by Commissioners holding an inquiry into the election or by a Magistrate in a judicial proceeding, to be false in any material particular, such person shall not be eligible for election for five years from the date of such election:

Provided that any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of this rule may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in that behalf.

6. (1) A person shall not be eligible for election as a member of the Council of State to represent—

Special qualifications for election in case of certain constituencies.

(a) a general constituency in the presidency of Bengal, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency or of another constituency of the same communal description situate in the presidency; or

(b) a general constituency in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh or in the province of Bihar and Orissa or in the province of Assam, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency or of another general constituency in the same province; or

(c) a general constituency in the presidency of Madras or in the presidency of Bombay or in the Punjab or in the Central Provinces or in the province of Burma or any special constituency, unless his name is registered on the electoral roll of the constituency.

(2) For the purposes of these rules—

(a) "general constituency" means any constituency which is not a special constituency; and

(b) "special constituency" means a European Commerce constituency.

PART III.

THE ELECTORAL ROLL.

General conditions
of registration and
disqualifications.

7. (1) Every person shall be entitled to have his name registered on the electoral roll of a constituency who has the qualifications prescribed for an elector of that constituency and who is not subject to any of the disqualifications hereinafter set out, namely:—

- (a) is not a British subject; or
- (b) is a female; or
- (c) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or
- (d) is under 21 years of age:

Provided that, if the Ruler of a State in India or any subject of such a State is not disqualified for registration on the electoral roll of a constituency of the Legislative Council of a province, such Ruler or subject shall not by reason of not being a British subject be disqualified for registration on the electoral roll of any constituency of the Council of State in that province:

Provided further that, if a resolution is passed by the Council of State recommending that the sex disqualification for registration should be removed either in respect of women generally or any class of women, the Governor General in Council shall make regulations providing that women or a class of women, as the case may be, shall not be disqualified for registration by reason only of their sex:

Provided further that no person shall be entitled to have his name registered on the electoral roll of more than one general constituency.

(2) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, his name, if on the electoral roll, shall be removed therefrom and shall not be registered thereon for a period of five years from the date of the conviction or the report, as the case may be, or, if not on the electoral roll, shall not be so registered for a like period; and if any person is reported by any such Commissioners as guilty of any other corrupt practice, his name, if on the electoral roll, shall be removed therefrom and shall not be registered thereon for a period of three years from the date of the report or, if not on the electoral roll, shall not be so registered for a like period:

Provided that the Governor General in Council may direct that the name of any person to whom this sub-rule applies shall be registered on the electoral roll.

Qualifications of
electors.

8. (1) The qualifications of an elector for a general constituency shall be such qualifications based on—

- (i) residence, or residence and community, and
- (ii) (a) the holding of land, or
- (b) assessment to or payment of income-tax, or
- (c) past or present membership of a legislative body, or
- (d) past or present tenure of office on a local authority, or
- (e) past or present university distinction, or
- (f) the tenure of office in a co-operative banking society, or
- (g) the holding of a title conferred for literary merit,

as are specified in Schedule II in the case of that constituency.

(2) The qualifications of an elector for a special constituency shall be the qualifications specified in Schedule II in the case of that constituency.

Electoral roll.

9. (1) An electoral roll shall be prepared for every constituency, on which shall be entered the names of all persons appearing to be entitled to be registered as electors for that constituency. It shall be published in the constituency together with a notice specifying the mode in which and the time within which any person whose name is not entered in the roll and who claims to have it inserted therein, or any person whose name is on the roll and who objects to the inclusion of his own name or of the name of any other person on the roll, may prefer a claim or objection to the Revising Authority.

(2) The regulations for the time being in force in any province for the purpose of elections to the Legislative Council of that province in regard to the following matters, namely,—

- (1) the authority by whom the electoral roll shall be prepared and the particulars to be contained in the roll,

- (2) the time at which the roll shall be prepared,
- (3) the publication of the roll in the constituency to which it relates,
- (4) the mode in which and the time within which claims and objections may be preferred.
- (5) the constitution and appointment of Revising Authorities to dispose of claims and objections,
- (6) the manner in which notices of claims or objections shall be published,
- (7) the place, date, and time at which and the manner in which claims or objections shall be heard,

shall apply for the purpose of the holding of elections within that province to the Council of State :

Provided that the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette, direct that such modifications and adaptations as he may specify shall be made in the application of those regulations.

(3) The orders made by the Revising Authority shall be final, and the electoral roll shall be amended in accordance therewith and shall, as so amended, be republished in the case of each province in such manner as may be prescribed by the regulations aforesaid for the republication of electoral rolls of constituencies of the Legislative Council.

(4) The electoral roll shall come into force from the date of such republication, and shall continue in force for a period of three years or for such less period as the Governor General in Council may by regulation prescribe, and after the expiration of such period a fresh roll shall be prepared in accordance with these rules.

(5) If a constituency is called upon to elect a member or members after an electoral roll has ceased to have force and before the completion of the new electoral roll, the old electoral roll shall for the purposes of that election continue to operate as the electoral roll for the constituency.

10. Every person registered on the electoral roll for the time being in force for any constituency shall while so registered be entitled to vote at an election of a member or members for that constituency : provided that no person shall vote in more than one general constituency.

Right to vote.

PART IV.

ELECTIONS.

11. (1) Any person may be nominated as a candidate for election in any constituency for which he is eligible for election under these rules.

Nomination of candidates.

(2) On or before the date on which a candidate is nominated, the candidate shall make in writing and sign a declaration appointing either himself or some other person, who is not disqualified under these rules for the appointment, to be his election agent, and no candidate shall be deemed to be duly nominated, unless such declaration has been made.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to be renominated as a candidate for the same election.

12. (1) If the number of candidates who are duly nominated and who have not withdrawn their candidature before such time as the Governor General in Council may fix in this behalf exceeds that of the vacancies, a poll shall be taken.

Procedure at election.

(2) If the number of such candidates is equal to the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be duly elected.

(3) If the number of such candidates is less than the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be elected, and the Governor General shall, by a notification in the Gazette, call for fresh nominations for the remaining vacancy or vacancies, and if any such are received shall call upon the constituency to elect a member or members, as the case may be.

(4) Votes shall be given by ballot and no votes shall be received by proxy.

(5) In plural-member constituencies every elector shall have as many votes as there are members to be elected, but no elector shall give more than one vote to any one candidate except in the case of the Bombay (non-Muhammadan) constituency, in which constituency an elector may accumulate all his votes on any one candidate or may distribute them among the candidates as he pleases :

Provided that in the Madras (non-Muhammadan) constituency the election shall be made according to the principle of proportionate representation by means of the single transferable vote, and votes shall be given in accordance with regulations made in that behalf by the Governor General in Council.

(6) Votes shall be counted by, or under the supervision of, the Returning Officer, and any candidate, or in the absence of the candidate, a representative duly authorised by him in writing, shall have a right to be present at the time of counting.

(7) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate or candidates, as the case may be, to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

Provided that in the Madras (non-Muhammadan) constituency the Returning Officer shall determine the candidates to whom the largest number of votes has been given in accordance with the regulations made in that behalf.

(8) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person or persons to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

(9) The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, and the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected shall be published in the Gazette.

Regulations regard-
ing the conduct of
elections.

13. The regulations for the time being in force in any province for the purpose of elections to the Legislative Council of that province in regard to the following matters, namely,—

(1) for the form and manner in, and the conditions on, which nominations may be made, and for the scrutiny of nominations,

(2) for the appointment of a Returning Officer for each constituency and for his powers and duties,

(3) for the division of general constituencies into polling areas and for the appointment of polling stations for these areas,

(4) for the appointment of officers to preside at polling stations, and for the duties of such officers,

(5) for the checking of voters by reference to the electoral roll,

(6) for the manner in which votes are to be given, both generally and in the case of illiterate voters or voters under physical or other disability,

(7) for the procedure to be followed in respect of tender of votes by persons representing themselves to be electors after other persons have voted as such electors,

(8) for the scrutiny of votes,

(9) for the safe custody of ballot papers and other election papers, for the period for which such papers shall be preserved, and for the inspection and production of such papers, and

(10) for the conduct of elections generally,

shall apply for the purpose of the holding of elections within that province to the Council of State:

Provided that the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette, direct that such modifications and adaptations as he may specify shall be made in the application of those regulations.

Multiple elections.

14. (1) If any person is elected by more than one constituency, he shall, by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department within seven days from the date of the publication of the result of such election in the Gazette, choose for which of these constituencies he shall serve, and the choice shall be conclusive.

(2) When any such choice has been made, the Governor General shall call upon any constituency or constituencies for which such person has not chosen to serve to elect another person or persons.

(3) If the candidate does not make the choice referred to in sub-rule (1) of this rule, the elections of such person shall be void and the Governor General shall call upon the constituency or constituencies concerned to elect another person or persons.

Election agents and return of expenses.

Disqualification for
being an election
agent.

15. No person shall be appointed an election agent who is himself ineligible for election as being subject to any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of rule 5.

Return of election
expenses.

16. (1) Within one month or such longer period as the Governor General may allow after the date of the declaration of the result of the election every candidate, either

personally or through his election agent, shall cause to be lodged with the Returning Officer a return of his election expenses containing the particulars specified in Schedule III.

(2) Every such return shall contain a statement of all payments made by the candidate or by his election agent or by any persons on behalf of the candidate or in his interests for expenses incurred on account of or in respect of the conduct and management of the election, and further a statement of all unpaid claims in respect of such expenses of which he or his election agent is aware.

(3) The return shall be accompanied by declarations by the candidate and his election agent which shall be in the form contained in the said Schedule and shall be made on oath or affirmation before a Magistrate.

(4) The Governor General in Council shall cause to be prepared in such manner, and maintained for such time, as he may direct, a record showing the names of all candidates at every election under these rules and the date on which the return of election expenses of each candidate has been lodged with the Returning Officer.

17. Every election agent shall keep regular books of account in which the particulars of all expenditure of the nature referred to in rule 16 shall be entered, whether such expenditure is incurred by the candidate or by the election agent or by any person under the direction of the candidate or the election agent.

Accounts of agents.

PART V.

NOMINATED MEMBERS.

18. (1) Save as expressly provided in these rules in regard to the nomination of a person elected in Berar, no person shall be nominated to the Council of State who—

General disqualifications for nomination.

(a) is not a British subject; or

(b) is a female; or

(c) is already a member of any legislative body constituted under the Act; or

(d) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or

(e) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or

(f) is under 25 years of age; or

(g) is an undischarged insolvent; or

(h) being a discharged insolvent has not obtained from the court a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part:

Provided that, if the Ruler of a State in India or any subject of such a State is not disqualified for nomination to the Legislative Council of a province such Ruler or subject shall not by reason of not being a British subject be disqualified for nomination to the Council of State to represent that province:—

Provided further that the disqualification mentioned in clause (d) may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in this behalf.

(2) A person against whom a conviction by a criminal court involving a sentence of transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than six months is subsisting shall, unless the offence of which he was convicted has been pardoned, not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of the expiration of the sentence.

(3) If any person is convicted of an offence under Chapter IX-A. of the Indian Penal Code punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or is, after an inquiry by Commissioners appointed under any rules for the time being in force regarding elections to a legislative body constituted under the Act, reported as guilty of a corrupt practice as specified in Part I, or in paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of Part II, of Schedule IV, such person shall not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of such conviction or of the finding of the Commissioners, as the case may be; and a person reported by any such Commissioners to be guilty of any other corrupt practice shall be similarly disqualified for three years from such date.

(4) If any person has been a candidate or an election agent at an election to any legislative body constituted under the Act and has failed to lodge any prescribed return of election expenses or has lodged a return which is found, either by Commissioners holding an inquiry into the election or by a Magistrate in a judicial proceeding, to be false in any material particular, such person shall not be eligible for nomination for five years from the date of the election:

Provided that any disqualification mentioned in sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (4) of this rule may be removed by an order of the Governor General in Council in that behalf.

Term of office of
nominated member.

19. (1) A nominated non-official member shall hold office for the duration of the Council of State to which he is nominated.

(2) Official members shall hold office for the duration of the Council of State to which they are nominated or for such shorter period as the Governor General may, at the time of nomination, determine.

PART VI.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Obligation to take oath.

Taking of oath.

20. Every person who is elected or nominated to be a member of the Council of State shall before taking his seat make, at a meeting of the Council of State, an oath or affirmation of his allegiance to the Crown in the following form, namely:—

I, A.B., having been ^{elected}/_{nominated} a member of this Council do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, His heirs and successors; and that I will faithfully discharge the duty upon which I am about to enter.

Vacation of seat.

Effect of subsequent disabilities or failure to take oath.

21. If any person having been elected or nominated subsequently becomes subject to any of the disabilities stated in clauses (a), (d), (e), (g) and (h) of sub-rule (1) or in sub-rules (2), (3) and (4) of rule 5 or of rule 18, as the case may be, or fails to make the oath or affirmation prescribed by rule 20 within such time as the Governor General considers reasonable, the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, declare his seat to be vacant.

Casual vacancies.

22. (1) When a vacancy occurs in the case of an elected member by reason of his election being declared void, or his seat being declared vacant, or by reason of absence from India, inability to attend to duty, death, acceptance of office or resignation duly accepted, the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituency concerned to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

(2) If a vacancy occurs in the case of a nominated member, the Governor General shall nominate to the vacancy a person having the necessary qualification under these rules.

First constitution of the Council of State.

Constitution of Council of State.

23. (1) As soon as conveniently may be after these rules come into force, a Council of State shall be constituted in accordance with their provisions.

(2) For this purpose the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituencies referred to in rule 4 to elect members in accordance with these rules within such time as may be prescribed by such notification, and shall make such nominations as may be necessary to complete the Council of State before the date fixed for its first meeting.

(3) If any difficulty arises as to the preparation or publication of the first electoral roll or the holding of the first elections after the commencement of these rules, the Governor General in Council may by order do any matter or thing which appears to him necessary for the proper preparation or publication of the roll or for the proper holding of the elections.

General Elections.

Reconstitution of Council of State.

24. (1) On the expiration of the duration of a Council of State or on its dissolution, a general election shall be held in order that a new Council of State may be constituted.

(2) On such expiration or dissolution, the Governor General shall, by notification in the Gazette, call upon the constituencies referred to in rule 4 to elect members in accordance with these rules within such time after the date of expiration or dissolution as may be prescribed by such notification:

Provided that, if the Governor General thinks fit, such notification may be issued at any time not being more than three months prior to the date on which the duration of the Council of State would expire in the ordinary course of events.

(3) Before the date fixed for the first meeting of the Council of State, the Governor General shall make such nominations as may be necessary to complete the Council of State.

Publication of result of general election.

25. As soon as may be after the expiration of the time fixed for the election of members at any general election, the names of the members elected for the various constituencies at such election shall be notified in the Gazette.

PART VII.

THE FINAL DECISION OF DOUBTS AND DISPUTES AS TO THE VALIDITY OF AN ELECTION.

26. In this Part and in Schedule IV, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— Definition.

(a) 'agent' includes an election agent and any person who is held by Commissioners to have acted as an agent in connection with an election with the knowledge or consent of the candidate;

(b) 'candidate' means a person who has been nominated as a candidate at any election or who claims that he has been so nominated or that his nomination has been improperly refused, and includes a person who, when an election is contemplated, holds himself out as a prospective candidate at such election, provided that he is subsequently nominated as a candidate at such election; and

(c) 'returned candidate' means a candidate whose name has been published under these rules as duly elected.

27. No election shall be called in question except by an election petition presented in accordance with the provisions of this Part. The election petition.

28. An election petition may be presented to the Governor General by any candidate or elector against any returned candidate within fourteen days from the date on which the result of the election has been published in accordance with sub-rule (9) of rule 12. Presentation of the petition.

29. The petition shall contain a statement in concise form of the material facts on which the petitioner relies and the particulars of any corrupt practice which he alleges and shall, where necessary, be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively. It shall be signed by the petitioner and verified in the manner prescribed for the verification of pleadings in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. Contents of the petition.

30. The petitioner may, if he so desires, in addition to calling in question the election of the returned candidate, claim a declaration that he himself or any other candidate has been duly elected; in which case he shall join as respondents to his petition all other candidates who were nominated at the election. Against whom it may be presented.

31. At the time of presentation of the petition, the petitioner shall deposit with it the sum of one thousand rupees in cash or in Government Promissory Notes of equal value at the market rate of the day as security for the costs of the same. Deposit of security.

32. (1) If the provisions of rule 31 are not complied with, the Governor General shall dismiss the petition. Dismissal for default.

(2) Upon compliance with the provisions of rule 31—

(a) the Governor General shall appoint as Commissioners for the trial of the petition three persons who are, or are eligible to be appointed, Judges of a High Court within the meaning of section 101 (3) of the Act, and shall appoint one of them to be the President, and thereafter all applications and proceedings in connection therewith shall be dealt with and held by such Commissioners; Appointment of Commissioners.

(b) the President of the Commission so constituted shall, as soon as may be, cause a copy of the petition to be served on each respondent and to be published in the Gazette, and may call on the petitioner to execute a bond in such amount and with such sureties as he may require for the payment of any further costs. At any time within fourteen days after such publication, any other candidate shall be entitled to be joined as a respondent on giving security in a like amount and procuring the execution of a like bond.

(3) When in respect of an election in a constituency more petitions than one are presented, the Governor General shall refer all such petitions to the same Commissioners, who may at their discretion inquire into the petitions either in one or in more proceedings as they shall think fit.

33. Every election petition shall be inquired into by the Commissioners, as nearly as may be, in accordance with the procedure applicable under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, to the trial of suits: provided that it shall only be necessary for the Commissioners to make a memorandum of the substance of the evidence of any witness examined by them. Inquiry by Commissioners.

34. The inquiry shall be held at such place as the Governor General may appoint: provided that the Commissioners may in their discretion sit for any part of the inquiry at any other place in the province in which the constituency in question is situated, and may depute any one of their number to take evidence at any place in that province. Place of inquiry.

35. (1) No election petition shall be withdrawn without the leave of the Commissioners. Withdrawal of petition.

(2) If there are more petitioners than one no application to withdraw a petition shall be made except with the consent of all the petitioners.

(3) When an application for withdrawal is made, notice thereof fixing a date for the hearing of the application shall be given to all other parties to the petition and shall be published in the Gazette.

(4) No application for withdrawal shall be granted if the Commissioners are of opinion that such application has been induced by any bargain or consideration which the Commissioners consider ought not to be allowed.

(5) If the application is granted—

(a) the petitioner shall be ordered to pay the costs of the respondent theretofore incurred or such portion thereof as the Commissioners may think fit;

(b) such withdrawal shall be reported to the Governor General, who shall publish notice thereof in the Gazette; and

(c) any person who might himself have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted as petitioner in place of the party withdrawing, and, upon compliance with the conditions of rule 31 as to security, shall be entitled to be so substituted and to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Abatement or substitution on death of petitioner.

36. (1) An election petition shall abate only on the death of a sole petitioner or of the survivor of several petitioners.

(2) Such abatement shall be reported to the Governor General, who shall publish notice thereof in the Gazette.

(3) Any person who might himself have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted as petitioner, and, upon compliance with the conditions of rule 31 as to security, shall be entitled to be so substituted and to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Abatement or substitution on death of respondent.

37. If before the conclusion of the trial of an election petition the respondent dies or gives notice that he does not intend to oppose the petition, the Commissioners shall cause notice of such event to be published in the Gazette, and thereupon any person who might have been a petitioner may, within seven days of such publication, apply to be substituted for such respondent to oppose the petition, and shall be entitled to continue the proceedings upon such terms as the Commissioners may think fit.

Recrimination when seat claimed.

38. Where at an inquiry into an election petition any candidate, other than the returned candidate, claims the seat for himself the returned candidate or any other party may give evidence to prove that the election of such candidate would have been void if he had been the returned candidate and a petition had been presented complaining of his election.

Attendance of Law Officers.

39. When at an inquiry into an election petition the Commissioners so order, the Advocate General or some person acting under his instructions shall attend and take such part therein as they may direct.

Explanation.—The expression "Advocate General" includes also a Government Advocate, or, where there is no Advocate General or Government Advocate, such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

Grounds for declaring election void.

40. (1) Save as hereinafter provided in this rule, if in the opinion of the Commissioners—

(a) the election of a returned candidate has been procured or induced, or the result of the election has been materially affected, by a corrupt practice, or

(b) any corrupt practice specified in Part I of Schedule IV has been committed, or

(c) the result of the election has been materially affected by any irregularity in respect of a nomination paper, or by the improper reception or refusal of a vote, or by any non-compliance with the provisions of the Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder, or by any mistake in the use of any form annexed thereto,

the election of the returned candidate shall be void.

(2) If the Commissioners report that a returned candidate has been guilty by an agent (other than his election agent) of any corrupt practice specified in Part I of Schedule IV which does not amount to any form of bribery other than treating as hereinafter explained or to the procuring or abetment of personation, and if the Commissioners further report that the candidate has satisfied them that—

(a) no corrupt practice was committed at such election by the candidate or his election agent, and the corrupt practices mentioned in the report were committed

contrary to the orders and without the sanction or connivance of such candidate or his election agent, and

(b) such candidate and his election agent took all reasonable means for preventing the commission of corrupt practices at such election, and

(c) the corrupt practices mentioned in the said report were of a trivial, unimportant and limited character, and

(d) in all other respects the election was free from any corrupt practice on the part of such candidate or any of his agents,

then the Commissioners may find that the election of such candidate is not void.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-rule ‘treating’ means the incurring in whole or in part by any person of the expense of giving or providing any food, drink, entertainment or provision to any person with the object, directly or indirectly, of inducing him or any other person to vote or refrain from voting or as a reward for having voted or refrained from voting.

41. (1) At the conclusion of the inquiry, the Commissioner shall report whether the returned candidate, or any other party to the petition who has under the provisions of these rules claimed the seat, has been duly elected, and in so reporting shall have regard to the provisions of rule 40. Report of Commissioners and procedure thereon.

(2) The report shall be in writing and shall be signed by all the Commissioners. The Commissioners shall forthwith forward their report to the Governor General who, on receipt thereof, shall issue orders in accordance with the report and publish the report in the Gazette, and the orders of the Governor General shall be final.

42. If either in their report or upon any other matter there is a difference of opinion among the Commissioners, the opinion of the majority shall prevail, and their report shall be expressed in the terms of the views of the majority. Form of report.

43. Where any charge is made in an election petition of any corrupt practice, the Commissioners shall record in their report— Finding as to corrupt practices and persons guilty there-

(a) a finding whether a corrupt practice has or has not been proved to have been committed by any candidate or his agent, or with the connivance of any candidate or his agent, and the nature of such corrupt practice, and of.

(b) the names of all persons (if any) who have been proved at the inquiry to have been guilty of any corrupt practice and the nature of such corrupt practice with any such recommendations as they may desire to make for the exemption of any such persons from any disqualifications they may have incurred in this connection under these rules.

PART VIII.

SPECIAL PROVISION.

44. If any question arises as to the interpretation of these rules otherwise than in connection with an election inquiry held thereunder, the question shall be referred to the decision of the Governor General, and his decision shall be final. Interpretation in case of doubt.

SCHEDULE I.

(See rule 4.)

I.—List of Constituencies entitled to representation in every Council of State.

Province.	Name of constituency.	Class of constituency.	Extent of constituency.	Number of members.
Bombay	Bombay (Non-Mahomedan) ...	Non-Mahomedan ...	The Bombay Presidency, excluding Aden.	3
Do.	Bombay Presidency (Mahomedan.)	Mahomedan ...	The Bombay Presidency, excluding Sind and Aden.	1
Do.	Sind (Mahomedan) ...	Do. ...	The Province of Sind.	1
Do.	Bombay Chamber of Commerce.	European Commerce.	(Non-territorial.)	1

SCHEDULE II.

(See rule 8.)

QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTORS.

PART II.—BOMBAY.

Joint Families.

1. Where any property is held or payment is made or received jointly by the members of a joint family, the family shall be adopted as a unit for deciding whether under the provisions of this Part the requisite qualification exists; and if it does exist, the manager of the family only shall be qualified as an elector in respect of such property or payment.

General Constituencies.

2. A person shall be qualified as an elector for a general constituency who has a place of residence in the constituency and who—

(a) is in Sind either a Jagirdar of the first or second class or a Zamindar who, in each of the three revenue years preceding that in which the electoral roll for the time being under preparation is first published under these rules, has paid not less than Rs. 2,000 land revenue on land situated in any district in Sind; or

(b) is a Deccan Sardar or a Gujarat Sardar, that is to say, a person whose name is entered in the list for the time being in force under the Resolution of the Government of Bombay in the Political Department, No. 2363, dated the 23rd July 1867, or in the list for the time being in force under the Resolution of the Government of Bombay in the Political Department, No. 6265, dated the 21st September 1909; or

(c) is a sole alienee of the right of Government to the payment of rent or land revenue in respect of an entire village assessed to land revenue of not less than Rs. 2,000, or a Talukdar holding on talukdari tenure land assessed at not less than Rs. 2,000 land revenue, or a co-sharer holding on talukdari tenure a share in any land which share if held separately would be assessed at not less than Rs. 2,000 land revenue, or a Khot responsible for the payment of land revenue in respect of an entire village assessed at not less than Rs. 2,000 land revenue; or

(d) is a holder of land assessed or assessable to land revenue of not less than Rs. 2,000; or

(e) was, in the financial year preceding that in which the electoral roll for the time being under preparation is first published under these rules, assessed to income-tax on an income of not less than Rs. 30,000; or

(f) is or has been a non-official member of either chamber of the Indian legislature or has been a non-official member of the Indian Legislative Council as constituted under the Government of India Act, 1915, or any Act repealed thereby, or is or has been at any time a non-official member of the Bombay Legislative Council; or

(g) is or has been the president of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, or is or has been the non-official president or is the non-official vice-president of a city municipality within the meaning of section 3 (I) of the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901, or of a district local board established under the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1884; or

(h) is or has been a member of the Senate or a Fellow or Honorary Fellow of any University constituted by law in British India; or

(i) is recognised by the Government as a holder of the title of Shams-ul-Ulama or of the title of Mahamahopadhyaya :

Provided that—

(i) no person other than a Muhammadan shall be qualified as an elector for a Muhammadan constituency, and

(ii) no Muhammadan shall be qualified as an elector for the non-Muhammadan constituency.

Special Constituency.

Bombay Chamber of Commerce Constituency.

3. A person shall be qualified as an elector for the Bombay Chamber of Commerce constituency who is a member of that Chamber.

SCHEDULE III.

(See rule 16.)

Return of election expenses.

1. Under the head of receipts there shall be shown the name and description of every person (including the candidate), club, society or association from whom any money, security or equivalent of money was received in respect of expenses incurred on account of, or in connection with or incidental to, the election, and the amount received from each person, club, society or association separately.

2. Under the head of expenditure, there shall be shown—

(a) the personal expenditure of the candidate incurred or paid by him or his election agent, including travelling and all other personal expenses incurred in connection with his candidature;

(b) the name, and the rate and total amount of the pay, of each person employed as an agent (including the election agent), clerk or messenger;

(c) the travelling expenses and any other expenses incurred by the candidate or his election agent on account of agents (including the election agent), clerks or messengers;

(d) the travelling expenses of persons whether in receipt of salary or not, incurred in connection with the candidature, and whether paid or incurred by the candidate, his election agent or the person so travelling;

(e) the cost whether paid or incurred of

(i) printing,

(ii) advertising,

(iii) stationery,

(iv) postage,

(v) telegrams, and

(vi) rooms hired either for public meetings or as committee-rooms;

(f) any other miscellaneous expenses whether paid or incurred.

NOTE.—(1) All expenses incurred in connection with the candidature whether paid by the candidate, his election agent, or any other person, or remaining unpaid on the date of the return are to be set out.

(2) For all items of Rs. 5 and over, unless from the nature of the case (*e.g.*, travel by rail or postage) a receipt is not obtainable, vouchers are to be attached.

(3) All sums paid but for which no receipt is attached are to be set out in detail with dates of payment.

(4) All sums unpaid are to be set out in a separate list.

3. The form of affidavit referred to in rule 16 shall be as follows :—

Affidavit.

I _____ being the appointed election agent for _____ a candidate for election in the _____ constituency (or I being a candidate for election in the constituency), do hereby solemnly affirm that the above return of election expenses is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that, except the expenses herein set forth, no expenses of any nature whatsoever have to my knowledge and belief been incurred in, and for the purposes of, _____'s candidature
my candidature

(Sd.)

*Election agent or candidate.**Solemnly affirmed before me.**(Magistrate).*

SCHEDULE IV.

(See rules 5, 7, 18, 29, 40 and 43.)

The following shall be deemed to be corrupt practices for the purposes of these rules :—

PART I.

Bribery.

1. A gift, offer or promise by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of a candidate or his agent, of any gratifications to any person whomsoever, with the object, directly or indirectly, of inducing—

(a) a person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate, or

(b) an elector to vote or refrain from voting at an election, or as a reward to—

(a) a person for having so stood or not stood or for having withdrawn his candidature, or

(b) an elector for having voted or refrained from voting.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause the term “ gratification ” is not restricted to pecuniary gratifications or gratifications estimable in money, and includes all forms of entertainment and all forms of employment for reward; but it does not include the payment of any expenses *bona fide* incurred at or for the purposes of any election and duly entered in the return of election expenses prescribed by these rules.

Undue influence.

2. (1) The voluntary interference or attempted interference by a candidate or his agent or any other person with the connivance of the candidate or his agent with the free exercise of the right of any person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate or to vote or refrain from voting at an election.

(2) A threat of injury to any person or to any person in whom that person is interested or the inducement or attempted inducement of any person to believe that he or any person in whom he is interested will become or will be rendered the object of Divine displeasure or of spiritual censure shall be deemed to be interference within the meaning of this paragraph :

Personation.

Provided that a declaration of public policy or promise of public action shall not be deemed to be interference.

3. The procuring or abetting or attempting to procure by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of a candidate or his agent, the application by a person for a voting paper in the name of any other person, whether living or dead, or in a fictitious name, or by a person who has voted once at an election for a voting paper in his own name at the same election.

Publication
false statements.

4. The publication by a candidate or his agent, or by any other person with the connivance of the candidate or his agent, of any statement of fact which is false and which he either believes to be false or does not believe to be true in relation to the personal character or conduct of any candidate or in relation to the candidature or withdrawal of any candidate, which statement is reasonably calculated to prejudice such candidate's election.

PART II.

Acts under Part I.

1. Any act specified in Part I, when done by a person who is not a candidate or his agent or a person acting with the connivance of a candidate or his agent.

Personation.

2. The application by a person at an election for a voting paper in the name of any other person, whether living or dead, or in a fictitious name, or for a voting paper in his own name after he has already voted at such election.

3. The receipt of, or agreement to receive, any gratification, whether as a motive or a reward,—

(a) by a person to stand or not to stand as, or to withdraw from being, a candidate; or

(b) by any person whomsoever for himself or any other person for voting or refraining from voting, or for inducing or attempting to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting or any candidate to withdraw his candidature.

Payment for con-
veyance.

4. Any payment or promise of payment to any person whomsoever on account of the conveyance of any elector to or from any place for the purpose of recording his vote.

Hiring and use of
public conveyances.

5. The hiring, employment, borrowing or using for the purposes of the election of any boat, vehicle or animal usually kept for letting on hire or for the conveyance of passengers by hire :

Provided that any elector may hire any boat, vehicle or animal, or use any boat, vehicle or animal which is his own property, to convey himself to or from the place where the vote is recorded.

6. The incurring or authorisation of expenses by any person other than a candidate or his election agent on account of holding any public meeting or upon any advertisement, circular or publication or in any other way whatsoever for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of such candidate, unless he is authorised in writing so to do by the candidate. Incurring expenses without authority.

7. The hiring, using or letting as a committee-room or for the purpose of any meeting to which electors are admitted, of any building, room or other place where intoxicating liquor is sold to the public. Hiring of liquor shops.

8. The issuing of any circular, placard or poster having reference to the election which does not bear on its face the name and address of the printer and publisher thereof. Issue of circulars, etc., without printer's and publisher's name printed thereon.

(Signed) S. P. O'DONNELL,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. N. SEDDON,
Secretary to Government (Reforms).