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Madras Government Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

THURSDAY, 20TH MAY 1920.

[No. 21

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

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PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, etc.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

No. 950.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following further amendment in the rules for the Port of Aden published in Government Notification in the Marine Department, No. 332, dated the 12th May 1911, as subsequently amended, *namely* :—

The following rule shall be added as Rule 27A of the said rules under Head V—

“Vessels taking in or discharging cargoes, passengers, etc.”, *namely* :—

“27A. Oil steamers are not allowed to pump out their bilges in the Inner Harbour.”

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,

Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 5648.—It is hereby notified that Government will assemble at Poona on Monday the 7th June 1920.

Bombay Castle, 12th May 1920.

No. 5405.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (I) of section 3 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the following ancient monuments in the Hyderabad District to be protected monuments within the meaning of the said Act :—

Serial No.	Place where the monument is situated.		Name or description of the monument.	Class. School of ment or other remarks.
	Taluka.	Town or village.		
1	Hyderabad	Hyderabad	Harem of Mirs in the Hyderabad Fort	I (a) *
2	"	"	Three tombs in the Hyderabad Fort	II (a) †.
3	"	"	Two enclosures containing tombs of Talpur Mirs	II (b) †.
4	Badin	"	Ruins of Old City at Badin (southern half of number 59)...	II (a) †.

* To be preserved in permanent good repair at Government expense.

† To be preserved from further decay at Government expense.

‡ To be preserved from further decay at the expense of the owners.

Government Notifications—

No.	Date.	No.	Date.
8646	23rd December 1916.	6210-A	23rd August 1913.
8648	Do.	6922-A	16th October 1912.
2056	8rd May 1910.	8649	23rd December 1916.
8650	23rd December 1916.	1237	4th March 1909.
4787-A	23rd July 1912.		

No. 5406—With reference to Government Notifications noted in the margin the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the classification of the following monuments referred to therein should be changed as shown against them :—

District.	Name of Monument.	From the class already assigned.	To the class now assigned.
Karachi	Otak of Jam Bijar	II (a)	III *
"	Sasui-jo Takar	"	III *
Hyderabad	Buddhist Stupa at Gaja	"	I (a) †.
Thar and Parkar	Stupa at Mirpurkhas	"	I (a) †.
	Fort at Umerkot	"	I (a) †.
	Fort at Naokoto	"	III *
	Jain Temples at Virawah	II (b)	II (c) †.
	Masjid at Bhodesar	II (a)	I (a) †.
	Temples at Bhodesar—		
	No. 1	"	II (c) †.
	No. 2	"	III *
	No. 3	"	III *
Nawabshah	Temple at Gori	I (b)	I (a) †.
	Sayed-jo-Kubo	II (a)	III *
	Buddhist Stupa at Mir Rukan	"	I (a) †.
	Shrine at Mian Jio	"	III *
Larkana	Tomb of Yar Mahomed Khan Kalhora	"	II (c) †.

* No expenditure to be incurred on preservation.

† To be preserved in permanent good repair at Government expense.

‡ To be preserved from further decay by the owners and Government jointly or by Government exclusively as the case may be.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,

Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th May 1920.

No. 1444.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village ^{Kulgaon,} of Kulgaon, taluka Kalyán, district Thána, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for building a Forest Line; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Kulgaon is an unsurveyed Inam village (class II personal Inam).

Name of owner—Gopal Vinayak Joshi.

Survey No.	Falni No.	Approximate area of the land to be acquired.	
		A.	g.
101	1	1	3
101	2	0	8

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, Kalyán Prant.

Bombay Castle, 12th May 1920.

No. 1463.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village ^{Zadgaon,} of Zadgaon, taluka Ratnágiri, district Ratnágiri, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of additional Police Lines at Ratnágiri Headquarters; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No. 236; Pot Hissa No. 3; approximate area of the land required, 37 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the abovementioned land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, S. D., Ratnágiri.

Bombay Castle, 13th May 1920.

No. 1479.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village ^{Kolhar} of Kolhar Budruk, taluka Ráhuri, district Ahmednagar, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a ^{Budruk,} causeway across the Pravara river; it is hereby notified that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No. 2; approximate area of the land required, 30 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the Mámlatdár's office at Ráhuri.

Bombay Castle, 14th May 1920.

No. 1484.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village ^{Mudalgi,} of Mudalgi, taluka Gokák, district Belgaum, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., Maharwada at Mudalgi; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No. 395; approximate area of the land required 1 acre 27 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, N. D., Belgaum.

Bombay Castle, 15th May 1920.

Broach,
district
Broach.

No. 1488.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land, together with superstructures thereon, in the City of Broach, taluka Broach, district Broach, is likely to be required to be taken at the expense of the Broach City Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening the Malivad Road; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land together with superstructures thereon, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid city:—

Name of locality, Malivad, Broach City; Tiko No. C-4; Survey No. 150;
approximate area of the land required, 5 feet 4 inches.

Name of owners—Messrs. Tapidas Lakhmandas and others.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894 to whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on land.

A plan of the abovementioned land can be seen at the office of the City Survey Officer, Broach.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

Konnur,
district
Belgaum.

No. 1495.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village of Konnur, taluka Gokak, district Belgaum, is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Taluka Local Board, Gokak, for a public purpose, viz., for a road; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Approximate area of the land required.
	Gunthas.
746	21
749	3
750	7

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with the persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, N. D., Belgaum.

Kanher,
district
Sholapur.

No. 1502.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village of Kanher, taluka Malsiras, district Sholapur, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for quarrying purposes; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land measuring more or less as specified below is required within the limit of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No. 24; approximate area of the land to be acquired, 13 acres 11 gunthas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Collector of Sholapur District.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

Panvel,
district
Kolaba.

No. 1505.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land in the village of Panvel, taluka Panvel, district Kolaba, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the Police Sub-Inspector's quarters at Panvel; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Pot Hissa No.	Approximate area of the land to be acquired.
		Gunthas.
40	3	14
41	...	3

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, Kolaba, N. D.

No. 1506.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land, together with the superstructures thereon, in the village of Násik, táluka and district Násik, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Civil Hospital and for the infectious diseases Hospital at Násik; it is hereby declared that for this purpose the land, together with the superstructures thereon, measuring more or less as specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No. or House No.	Approximate area of the land required.	Survey No. or House No.	Approximate area of the land required.
	A. g. a.		Sq. feet.
Survey No. 631	3 24 4	House No. 149	1,136
632	0 4 0	150	3,325
	Sq. feet.	151	2,025
House No. 143-A	969	152	1,136
143-B	1,292	153	917
144	1,135	154	2,961
145	1,532	155	845
146	2,266	155-A	845
146-B	1,442	Peerzade's open space out of gaothan	3,245
Junnarkar's land open space out of gaothan	5,143	Laxman Mochi's House	1,173
Mangs' huts	1,479	House No. 160	987

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be seen in the office of the District Deputy Collector, Násik Pránt.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. F. KNIGHT,

Under Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 14th May 1920.

No. D.-Misc.-799.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the area specified below, which in Government Notification No. 15-F., dated 1st March 1879, published at pages 221 to 223 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, of the 6th idem, was declared to be Reserved Forest under section 34 of that Act, shall cease to be Reserved Forest with effect from 21st June 1920:—

Specification of the land disafforested.

District Kánara; táluka Haliyál; village Murakwad; Survey No. 32 (part); area, 2 acres 4 gunthas.

BOUNDARIES:—

North—Survey No. 84; East—Survey No. 46; South—Survey No. 32 (part); West—Survey No. 85.

No. D.-Misc.-805.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the area specified below, which in Government Notification No. 4-F., dated 1st March 1879, published at pages 142—160 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 6th idem, was declared to be Reserved Forest under section 34 of that Act, shall cease to be Reserved Forest with effect from 21st June 1920:—

Specification of the land disafforested.

District Kolába; táluka Karjat; petha Khálápur; village Khopoli; Original Survey No. 23; Revision Survey No. 47 (part); area, 8½ gunthas.

BOUNDARIES:—

North—Land of the Revision Forest Survey No. 47; East—Land of the Revision Forest Survey No. 47 and Railway line of G. I. P. Railway; South—Pipe line of the Tata Hydro Electric Company; West—Land of the Revision Forest Survey No. 47 having pipe line between north-west.

Jambivali,
district
Kolába.

No. *D.-Misc.*-806.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the area specified below, which in Government Notification No. 9163-A., dated 13th December 1893, published at pages 1156 and 1157 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 21st idem, Part I, was declared to be Reserved Forest under section 19 of that Act, shall cease to be Reserved Forest with effect from 21st June 1920 :—

Specification of the land disafforested.

District Kolába; táluka Panvel; village Jambivali; Original Survey No. 47; Revision Survey No. 61; area, 4 acres 36 gunthas.

BOUNDARIES :—

North—Gaotthan; *East*—Reserved Forest Survey No. 61 (part); *South*—Survey No. 60 and the boundary of Bamnoli village and *West*—Survey Nos. 1 and 2.

Bombay Castle, 15th May 1920.

Gundgaon,
district
Thána.

No. *A.-Misc.*-1309.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land in the Sálsette Táluka of the Thána District, specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forest :—

Schedule referred to above.

Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g.
Gundgaon ...	84	3 0
	140	1 2

BOUNDARIES :—

North—Tulasi Lake; *South, East and West*—Reserved Forest.

2. The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge of the Sálsette Táluka is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to be the Forest Settlement Officer to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in this land.

3. Under section 16 of the said Act, His Excellency the Governor in Council is also pleased to appoint the Collector of Thána to hear appeals from any orders passed by the said Forest Settlement Officer under sections 10, 11, 14 and 15 of the said Act.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

Kirwatti,
district
Kánara.

No. *D.-Misc.*-766.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the area specified below, which in Government Notification No. 1376, dated 15th February 1910, published at page 281 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, of the 17th idem, was declared to be Reserved Forest under section 19 of that Act, shall cease to be Reserved Forest with effect from 21st June 1920 :—

Specification of land disafforested.

District Kánara; táluka Yellápur (Kirwatti Mahál); village Kirwatti; Survey No. 2 (part); area, 13 gunthas.

Remarks.—The part of Survey No. remaining in Forest is designated as (2-A).

BOUNDARIES :—

North—Road from Kirwatti to Yellápur; *East, South and West*—Part of Survey No. 2 now designated 2-A.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

Tikhur, etc.,
district
Hyderabad.

No. *A.-Misc.*-1336.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to Government Notification No. 8057, dated 7th August 1919, published at page 1873 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, of the 14th idem, to declare that

the lands in the Guni Táluka of Hyderabad District specified in the schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forest with effect from 20th July 1920 :—

Schedule referred to above.

Táluka.	Deh.	Area.	Situation and limits of the land.
Guni	Tikhur Kacha	A. g. 52 0	In frontage of and on the north of Survey No. 1, being existing Reserved Forest of Deh Tikhur.
"	Khokhar	494 10	In front of and to the north of Survey No. 1, being existing Reserved Forest of Deh Forest Khokhar.
"	Sonahri Jagir	31 0	In front of and to the west of Survey No. 358, being existing Reserved Forest of Deh Bayati Shore and in frontage of and on the west of Survey No. 3, being existing Reserved Forest of Deh Sonahri.
"	Khulasi Jagir	140 0	In frontage of and to the west of the existing Reserved Forest of Deh Khulasi Jagir Chak No. 2.

No. A.-Misc.-1355.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890, No. V of 1901, No. XV of 1911 and No. I of 1918, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land in the Mirpur Bathoro Táluka of the Karáchi District, specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forest :—

Atalshah, etc., district Karáchi.

Schedule referred to above.

Táluka Mirpur Bathoro; Name of Forest—JURAR.

Deh Atalshah.			No.	Area.	Remarks.
No.	Area.	Remarks.			
				A. a.	
			38	6 35	Kacha.
			39	2 35	"
			40	7 6	"
			41	10 8	"
			42	5 17	"
			43	9 7	"
			44	5 39	"
			45	10 21	"
			46	0 23	"
			47	1 35	"
			63	7 24	"
			64	8 12	"
			65	9 30	"
			68	9 14	"
			69	8 23	"
			71	2 35	"
			72	3 1	"
			70	6 19	Nakabuli (unoccupied).
			67	8 12	"
			66	9 33	"
			61	10 27	"
			62	7 12	"
			167	2 17	Kabuli (occupied).
			48	3 13	Naclass (Government waste).
			50	1 18	Kabuli (occupied).
			51	1 35	"
			52	0 28	"
			53	0 28	"
			54	3 3	"
			156	3 21	"
			60	6 11	"
			59	9 6	Nakabuli (unoccupied).
			58	9 32	"
			57	11 30	Naclass (Government waste).
			56	6 37	Nakabuli (unoccupied).
			55	8 31	Naclass (Government waste).
			155	4 3	Kabuli (occupied).
			140	3 19	"
			141	6 4	"
			161	1 4	"
			162	1 34	"
			163	3 7	"
			149	2 25	Nakabuli (unoccupied).
			151	3 15	"
			80	24 35	Naclass (Government waste).
			79	1 21	"
			77	7 24	Nakabuli (unoccupied).
			78	3 11	"
			160	3 9	Kabuli (occupied).
			74	2 31	Nakabuli (unoccupied).
			159	3 37	"
			75	1 11	Naclass (Government waste).

Bombay Castle, 14th May 1920.

No. C. Misc.—The following notification by the Government of India, Commerce Department, is republished :—

“ CUSTOMS—WAR.

No. 1830, dated Simla, the 8th May 1920.

The following Board of Trade list, dated the 9th April 1920, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom, is published for general information :—

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS LICENSING SECTION,
BOARD OF TRADE,
GT. GEORGE STREET,
S. W. 1.

LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, 9th APRIL 1920.

This list cancels all similar lists issued prior to the above date.

	PAGE		PAGE
List A and B	1264	Notes regarding Export to certain countries	1268
List C	1266	Urgent Orders	1269
Open General Licences for Exports	1267	Transhipment in the United Kingdom.	1269

This consolidated 'List of Export Prohibited Goods' is amended and issued fortnightly. Exporters who desire to have copies of each list posted to them during the current year can do so on payment of a registration fee of 2s. 6d. for one copy of each issue. Should more than one copy of each issue be required an additional payment should be made at the rate of 2d. per month to the end of the current year for each additional copy required.

Exporters who desire to have their names placed on the register should make application to the Stationery Clerk, Import and Export Licensing Section, enclosing Postal Orders payable to the Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade.

Applications for licences and all correspondence should be addressed to :—

The Director, Import and Export Licensing Section,
Board of Trade,
Gt. George Street,
S. W. 1.

LIST A AND B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited from the United Kingdom by Royal Proclamations or by Order of Council.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad, except British Possessions and Protectorates, to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, providing the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>(B) Aeroplane engines and their component parts. (See, however, page 1268.)</p> <p>(B) Aircraft, other than balloons, of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft. (See, however, page 1268.)</p> <p>Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.</p> <p>(A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia.</p> <p>(A) *Animals, living, for food (other than horses).</p> <p>Apatites, see Phosphate Rock.</p> | <p>(A) Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.</p> <p>(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.</p> <p>(A) Armoured motor-cars.</p> <p>(A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.</p> <p>(A) Bacon and Ham, including tinned Bacon and Ham.</p> <p>(A) Barley, barley flour and barley meal.</p> <p>(A) Basic slag.</p> |
|--|--|

* Application for licence to export livestock should be made on Application Form 'L,' copies of which can be obtained from the Stationery Clerk, Export Licence Department.

- (A) Bayonets and their component parts.
Bran, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Bread.
Brewers' grains, *see* Grains.
Bullion, *see* Gold and Silver.
- (A) Butter.
- (A) Cakes and meals (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
Husk meal;
Maize germ meal;
Maize meal and flour.
- (A) Calf-skins.
- (A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
- (A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
- (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot-gun cartridges. (*See, however, page 1267.*)
Castings, *see* Armour Plates.
Cattle foods, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Cattle hides, *see* Hides.
Caustic potash, *see* Potash.
- (A) Cheese.
- (A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal. (*See, however, page 1267.*)
- (A) *Coal tar, all products obtainable therefrom and derivatives thereof, whether actually so obtained or derived from other sources (including all mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes or explosives (*see, however, page 1267.*)
- (A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations.
- (A) Cocoa, raw.
- (A) Cod liver oil and preparations containing cod liver oil.
Coin, *see* Gold; Silver.
- (A) Coke and manufactured fuel. (*See, however, page 1267.*)
Combings, *see* Malt.
- (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar.
Corn offals, *see* Offals.
Cows; bulls, etc., *see* Animals.
Culms, *see* Malt.
- (A) Dari.
Distillers' grains, *see* Grains, etc.
- (B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
- (A) *Dyes and dye-stuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dye-stuffs. (*See, however, page 1267.*)
- (A) Eggs in shells.
Engines, *see* Aeroplane.
- (A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot.
- (A) Explosives, except the following:—
Blasting Gelatine, Gelnignite,
Gelatine Dynamite, Viking
Powder, Detonators, Electric
Detonators, Monobel, Safety
Fuses.
- (A) Firearms and their component parts. (*See however, page 1267.*)
- (A) Fish, except the following:—tinned, preserved or frozen fish, chin-chards, crabs, oysters, sprats, herrings, crayfish, prawns, shrimps, scallops, lobsters, fresh salmon, and salmon trout.
- (A) Salmon, tinned.
- (A) Flax, raw.
Flour, *see* Barley; Maize; Rice;
Rye; Wheat.
Foodstuffs, *see* specific headings. (*See, also page 1268.*)
Forage and food which may be used for animals, *see* specific headings as, e.g., Cakes; Hay; Oats, etc.
- (A) Forage, green.
- (A) Fuel, manufactured, *see* Coke.
- (A) Fruit, preserved, the following:—
(i) Fruit, canned or bottled in water, the following:—
Pears.
Pineapples.
Peaches.
(ii) Fruit, canned or bottled in syrup, except Cherries.
(iii) Fruit Pulp.
(iv) Jam and Marmalade.
- (A) Game.
- (A) Gold coin and bullion.
- (A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'.
- (A) Green forage.
- (A) Grenades and component parts thereof.
- (A) Guanos, except whale guano.
Guns, *see* Cannon, Firearms, Machine guns.
- (A) Hay.
- (A) Hides, British and Irish, cattle.
Husk meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
- (A) Indigo, synthetic.
Jam, *see* Fruit, preserved.
- (A) Lard; except imitation (compound) lard and neutral lard.
- (A) Lime phosphate, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Linseed.

* The following proprietary dyes may, however, be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is permitted:—

Dolly dyes.	Drummer dyes.	Diamond dyes.	Dixon's home dyes.	Maypole dyes.
Fairy dyes.	Dainty dyes.	Dol's household dyes.		

- Livestock, *see* Animals.
- (A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
- (A) Maize.
- (A) Maize germs.
Maize germ meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
- (A) Manures, compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash.
- Marmalade, *see* Fruit, preserved.
- Meals, *see* Barley; Cakes; Rye; Wheat.
- (A) Meat, fresh and frozen, of all kinds, except offals, turtle meat and horse-flesh.
Middlings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Milk, condensed or preserved (other than milk powder).
Mill dust and screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Mines and their component parts.
- (A) Nicotine and its compounds.
*Notes of the Bank of France.
- (A) Oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following:—
- (A) Bran.
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mill dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.
- Oil, cod liver, *see* Cod Liver Oil.
- (A) Onions.
- (A) Opium and its preparations.
- (A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, *see* Cannon; Carriages.
- (A) Phosphate rock, namely:—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina.
- Pistols, *see* Firearms.
- Pollard, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
- (A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances
- (A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate.
- (B) Potassium permanganate.
- (A) Potatoes.
- (A) Poultry.
Preserves, *see* Fruit, etc.
- (A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
- (A) Quinine sulphate.
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Rice and rice flour.
Rifles, *see* Firearms.
- (A) Rye, rye flour and meal.
Salmon, tinned, *see* Fish.
- (A) Sausages, pork, except tinned pork sausages.
Screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
Seeds, *see* Cereals mentioned by name.
- (A) Semolina.
Sharps, *see* Offals of Corn.
Sheep, *see* Animals.
- (A) Silver bullion, Specie and British coin.
Skins, *see* Calf skins; Hides.
Spirits, *see* Whisky.
- (A) Sugar, cane and beet; *see also* Confec-tionery.
- (A) Superphosphates.
- (A) Tea other than green tea.
- (B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
(B) Torpedo tubes.
Vegetables, *see* Onions; Potatoes.
Venison, *see* Game.
- (A) Vessels of 15 tons gross and over.
- (A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal, and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
- (A) Whisky.
- (A) Yeast.

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France.

LIST C.

LIST C comprises ALL GOODS not included in List A or B.

Goods on List C may be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is allowed.

GENERAL LICENCES FOR EXPORTS.

An Open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of the following goods (without application to the Import and Export Licensing Section of the Board of Trade) to all destinations with which trading is allowed.

- | | |
|---|---|
| Bird-seed. | Koffio. |
| Blanc-mange powder. | Lectol. |
| Cake mixture. | Lactogol. |
| Cocoa and milk, coffee and milk, chocolate and milk, sweetened or unsweetened, in tins. | Mango chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup. |
| Custard powder. | Marmite. |
| Disinfectant powders containing not more than 10 per cent. coal tar derivatives. | Mince-meat and mince pies. |
| Gloy. | Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent. aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited. |
| Horseflesh. | |

Ointments containing not more than 10 per cent. coal tar derivatives.	Restorine.
Paisley flour.	Soaps containing not more than 10 per cent. coal tar derivatives.
'Phosto' animal food.	Tooth-powders containing not more than 10 per cent. coal tar derivatives.
Pudding powder.	Vanilla custard.
Puddings.	

SAMPLES.

An Open General Licence has been issued which permits the free export of all *bona fide* samples of prohibited goods to all destinations with which trade is now permitted. Samples exported under this licence may be used only for genuine sample purposes, *i.e.*, for obtaining orders from foreign buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Import and Export Licensing Section; but such consent may be dispensed with when it is desired to sell the articles in the country of destination after they have fulfilled their purpose as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence are *bona fide* samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the relative shipping documents.

This notice only applies to samples of goods which require licences for export to the particular destination concerned.

In addition, the consent of the Import and Export Licensing Section is not required for the sale of samples which, though within this scheme at the actual time they were exported, could be exported outside the scheme at the actual time of the proposed sale.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR COAL EXPORTS.

An Open General Licence has been issued, with effect from Thursday, 1st January 1920, permitting the export of coal, coke and manufactured fuel to all destinations abroad except Russia (other than Esthonia, Lettland and Lithuania), Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, subject always to the approval, previously obtained, of the Controller of Coal Mines or his duly authorised representative, and subject to shipment being made in a vessel approved by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise or their Officers.

The Customs Authorities will require pre-entry to be made in all cases; and at ports where there is a duly authorised local representative of the Controller of Coal Mines (*see* list below), the approval referred to above will be signified by his endorsement on the pre-entry form, which must be presented to him for the purpose before shipment.

Where shipment is proposed to be made from a port not included in the list given below it will be necessary for application for the Controller's approval to be made to the Export Branch of the Coal Mines Department in London. Shipments from all ports in the United Kingdom to the destinations excluded from the purview of the general licence must still be covered by an export licence from the Coal Mines Department.

The following are the ports shipments from which will be covered by the local representative's endorsement on pre-entry :—

District.	Controller's Representative.
All Scottish ports	.. Mr. W. D. Fuller, 4, Dunlop Street, Glasgow.
From Amble to Middlesbrough inclusive.	Mr. W. R. Fisher, Guildhall Chambers, Quayside, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
Humber ports (Hull to Grimsby inclusive).	Mr. A. D. Upton, 120, Alfred Gelder Street, Hull.
Mersey ports and all ports in Lancashire and Cumberland	.. Mr. J. Melrandi, Dock Board Offices, Liverpool.
From Burry Port to Newport inclusive.	Mr. L. R. Lewis, Cymric Buildings, Cardiff.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF SMOOTH-BORE GUNS AND MUNITIONS FOR USE THEREWITH.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of smooth-bore guns and munitions for use therewith, to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Import and Export Licensing section :—

British Possessions and Protectorates (*see* note below).

French Possessions and Protectorates (*see* note below).

United States of America.

South America.

Japan and Korea.

Asiatic Russia.

France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Jugo-Slavia, Roumania, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Switzerland and Iceland.

In accordance with Article 6, Chapter 2, of the 'Convention for the Control of the Trade in Arms and Ammunition,' all consignments of Arms and Ammunition proceeding into or through any of the Prohibited Areas set out below will require a Specific Export Licence.

The Prohibited Areas are :—

(1) The whole of the Continent of Africa, with the exception of Algeria, Libya, and the Union of South Africa. (Within this area are included all islands situated within a hundred nautical miles of the coast, together with Prince's Island, St. Thomas Island and the Islands of Annobon and Socotra.)

(2) Transcaucasia, Persia, Gwadar, the Arabian Peninsula and such continental parts of Asia as were included in the Turkish Empire on August 4, 1914.

(3) A maritime zone including the Red Sea, the Gulf of Aden, the Persian Gulf and the Sea of Oman and bounded by a line drawn from Cape Guardafui, following the latitude of that cape to its intersection with longitude 57° east of Greenwich, and proceeding thence direct to the eastern frontier of Persia on the Gulf of Oman.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF AIRCRAFT, etc.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of the undermentioned goods to all destinations except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria. Applications are no longer to be made to the Import and Export Licensing Section of the Board of Trade in respect of the export of these goods to countries other than those mentioned :—'Aeroplane engines and their component parts. Aircraft, other than balloons of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.'

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF PARCELS CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS FOODSTUFFS.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export by parcel post of parcels containing one or more varieties of foodstuffs (for the personal use of the addressee and *not* for trading purposes) to all destinations with which trading is allowed, provided that any such parcel may not contain more than two pounds of sugar or more than one pound of butter. Applications need, therefore, no longer be submitted to the Import and Export Licensing Section in respect of the export of such parcels by parcel post.

NOTES REGARDING EXPORT TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

Exporters are warned that there are import prohibitions in some foreign countries, information regarding which can be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S. W. 1, and 73, Basinghall Street, E. C. 2. The issue of an export licence implies no guarantee that the goods will be admitted into the country of destination.

There is no parcel post to *Esthonia, Jugo-Slavia (except Dalmatia), Lettland (Latvia), Lithuania, Poland.*

Germany.—Gift parcels sent by parcel post may enter Germany without import licence and also free from duty and taxes, provided they do not contain more than 2 kilos (70 ozs.) of tobacco.

Russia (European).—Conditions under which trading with European Russia will be permissible are at present under consideration.

Syria.—A parcel post service is in operation north of Acre to Alexandretta and west of Aleppo, including Beyrout, Damascus, Hamah, Homs, Latakia, Rayak and Tripoli.

Turkey.—Parcels for civilians in Turkey and Smyrna will only be accepted if they are fully addressed 'c/o Poste Restante, British Army Post Office, Constantinople' (and/or Smyrna), and parcels must be called for at the British Post Offices.

URGENT ORDERS.

The Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade, announces that, in collaboration with the Department of Overseas Trade, an arrangement has been made whereby firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of any such order to the Department of Overseas Trade in order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made in the proper form to the Import and Export Licensing Section (Board of Trade) the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to 'Orders, c/o Advantage, Stock, London.' They should give in each case in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the name and address of the ultimate consignee if the goods are destined for a neutral country. In the case of orders from Allied or British Territory or from Territory in the occupation of troops of the Associated Governments, the consignee need not be stated; and it will be sufficient merely to give the country of destination. A reply of 24 words (1/3) must be prepaid.

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their enquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the enquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connection with the telegraphic enquiries should be addressed to the Comptroller General, Department of Overseas Trade (Export Facilities Section), 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S. W. 1.

Transshipment in the United Kingdom.

The provisional approval of the Import and Export Section, Board of Trade, should be obtained before the following goods are brought to this country for transshipment:—

Bacon, ham and lard of all kinds.

It is not now necessary to make application to the Collector of Customs at the transshipment ports on Form S. 90 for the transshipment of any goods except those specified in the following list:—

Foodstuffs for animal or human consumption which are on Section 'A' or 'B' of the list of prohibited exports (including tea and cocoa).

Seeds, oils and fats on Section 'A' of the list of prohibited exports.

Synthetic dyestuffs.

Ergot.

Quinine sulphate.

Caustic potash.

Potassium carbonate.

(Signed) C. A. INNES,
Secretary to the Government of India."

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 1511.—With reference to Government Notification No. D.-158, dated 12th May 1920, published at pages 1242 to 1246 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated the 13th idem, it is notified that an "Honours B.A. degree in Science of the Madras University" will be taken as an equivalent of the qualification required in paragraph 2 of the Regulations for the appointment, in India, of probationers for the Imperial Forest Service in 1920, published in the notification referred to.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

No. E.-Misc.—The following Notification by the Government of India, Department of Commerce, is republished:—

"POST OFFICE.

No. 1658, dated Simla, the 8th May 1920.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 (2) (b) of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall, with effect from the 10th May 1920, be made in the rules

published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45,* dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

For sub-rule (2) of rule 122 of the said rules under the head *Foreign Money Orders*, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

' (2) In the case of foreign sterling money orders, the rate of commission shall be the following, namely :—

For every sum of 5 shillings or fraction thereof Annas 3.'

(Signed) C. A. INNES,
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. E.-Misc.—The following Notification by the Government of India, Department of Commerce, is republished :—

" POST OFFICE.

No. 1903, dated Simla, the 8th May 1920.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 36 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45,* dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

1. For rule 70 of the said rules and the Exceptions below it, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

' 70. Value-payable postal articles as enumerated below may also be transmitted to the undermentioned countries, provided that the amount specified for remittance to the sender in respect of any such postal article shall not exceed Rs. 2.0 in the case of the United Kingdom and Rs. 600 in other cases, and shall not contain a fraction of an anna, and provided that such parcels, letters and packets do not contain coupons, tickets, certificates or introductions designed for the sale of goods on what is known as the ' snowball system ' :—

United Kingdom.—Registered parcels.

Ceylon.—Registered parcels, registered letters, registered book-packets, newspapers prepaid at newspaper rates of postage and fully prepaid unregistered book-packets.

Portuguese India, the Seychelles, the Somaliland Protectorate and the Straits Settlements.—Registered parcels, registered letters and registered book-packets.

Note.—Bills of lading may not be enclosed in value-payable postal articles intended for the Straits Settlements.'

2. In the Explanation to rule 71 of the said rules after the words ' bills of lading ' the words and brackets ' (except to the Straits Settlements) ' shall be inserted.

3. Rule 72 of the said rules shall be renumbered rule 72 (1) and in it the following amendments shall be made, namely :—

(i) in the second sentence, for the words ' if the article is an unregistered parcel ' the words ' If the article is a parcel intended for delivery in the United Kingdom or if it is an unregistered parcel ' shall be substituted ;

(ii) in clause (a) after the letters ' V. P. ' the words ' or, in the case of value-payable parcels for the United Kingdom, ' the word ' Rembursement ' shall be inserted ; and

(iii) the following shall be inserted as sub-rule (2) :—

' (2) In the case of a postal parcel intended for transmission to the United Kingdom as value-payable a posting fee of 2 annas shall also be prepaid by the sender by affixing postage stamps of the value of the fee to the article itself.'

4. For rule 74 of the said rules, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

' 74. The amount to be recovered from the addressee shall be the sum specified by the sender for remittance to himself plus, in the case of registered parcels (other than those received from the United Kingdom), registered letters, and registered book-packets, a fee calculated as in sub-rule (1) of rule 72. A delivery fee of 2 annas on every parcel transmitted from the United Kingdom as value-payable shall also be levied from the addressee. When the amount due is recovered from the addressee, the sum for payment to the sender shall

be remitted to him by means of a money order. If the addressee of a value-payable article refuses or omits to take delivery of it, the article shall be returned to the sender, who will be required to pay any charges that may be due on it, and to acknowledge receipt of the article by signing the form presented by the postman. In no circumstances will the fee or fees prepaid in stamps be refunded.

Note.—The conversion into Indian currency of the amount specified for remittance to the sender of a value-payable parcel posted in the United Kingdom shall be effected at the rate of exchange for the issue of foreign sterling money orders in force on the date of receipt of the parcel in the Indian Post Office of exchange concerned.

5. To rule 75 of the said rules, the following *exception* shall be added, namely:—

Exception.—This rule does not apply to value-payable parcels exchanged with the United Kingdom.

6. In the opening sentence of rule 78 of the said rules, *after* the word 'by' the words 'the inland' shall be inserted.

(Signed) C. A. INNES,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,
Chief Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 4618.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council from the report of the District Magistrate, Ratnágiri, that in the areas hereinafter specified in the Ratnágiri district cattle are habitually allowed to stray and that such cattle trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon.

Now therefore the Governor in Council in exercise of the powers conferred by section 61-A of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890 (Bom. IV of 1890), is pleased to direct that the provisions of the said section shall have operation in respect of all cattle in the following local areas of the said district, namely:—

The lands for the time being included for the purposes of the land revenue administration within the limits of the towns or villages mentioned below:—

	<i>Dápoli Táluka.</i>	13. Navdi.	<i>Devgad Táluka.</i>
1.	Dápoli.	14. Kond Asurde.	29. Devgad.
2.	Harnai.	15. Burbad.	30. Kankavli.
3.	Anjarla.	16. Makhjan.	31. Khárepátan.
4.	Kelshi.	17. Vandri.	32. Mithbáv.
5.	Dábhhol.	18. Devrukh.	
6.	Palgad.	19. Sadavli.	
		20. Sákharpa.	<i>Málwan Táluka.</i>
	<i>Chiplun Táluka.</i>	21. Kondgaon.	33. Málwan.
7.	Chiplún.	22. Kondye.	34. Masure.
8.	Ibrámpur.	23. Ambedu Budruk.	35. Varad.
9.	Nándgav.	24. Kolambe.	36. Tondavli.
10.	Moravne.		
		<i>Ratnágiri Táluka.</i>	<i>Vengurla Táluka.</i>
	<i>Khed Táluka.</i>	25. Nanij.	37. Vengurla.
11.	Khed.	26. Veral.	38. Aravli.
		27. Nivli.	39. Shiroda.
	<i>Sangameshwar Táluka.</i>	28. Ratnágiri.	40. Redi.
12.	Sangameshwar.		

Bombay Castle, 15th May 1920.

No. 4533.—The following notification by the Government of India, Home Department (Police), is republished:—

"No. 743, dated Simla, the 26th April 1920.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, namely:—

For entry (12) in the first column of Schedule I to the said rules the following shall be substituted, namely—

'(12) Such of the second and third class Sardars of the Deccan, of the second class Sardars of Gujarat and of the Mehvasi Chieftains in the Bombay

Presidency as were exempted under the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, and Meherbhan Fattasing Gumansing, the Chieftain of Chikali.

(Signed) H. McPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 4534.—The following notification by the Government of India, Home Department (Police), is republished:—

No. 810, dated Simla, the 6th May 1920.

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 41 of the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no fee shall be charged in respect of the grant or renewal of a licence in Form VI set out in Schedule VII to those Rules for the export to a State in India of ammunition required for the use of a public railway or other public work.

(Signed) H. McPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,
A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th May 1920.

No. 3042-W.—The following message from His Excellency the Viceroy, to the Muslim people of India is published for general information:—

MESSAGE.

" Today the decisions of the Supreme Council of the Allies in respect of the Peace settlement with Turkey have been made known to the world. They have been reached after the most careful and anxious consideration of representations from the Muslims of all countries, and you have my assurance that, before coming to its present decisions, the Supreme Council has had all possible regard to those representations which have proceeded from the Muhammadan subjects of His Majesty in India. My Government are issuing along with a summary of the Peace terms a statement which explains the principal decisions and the reasons for them. These decisions are in full accordance with the high principles which have been applied in the Peace settlements with all other Powers lately at war with Britain and her Allies. Nevertheless they include terms which I fear must be painful to all Muslims. The long delays which have protracted your anxiety for over a year, although they have been unavoidable, have filled me with regret for your sakes; and now in your hour of trial I desire to send you a message of encouragement and sympathy which I trust will uphold you. In the day of the Empire's need you made a splendid response to the call of your King and Country, and by so doing you contributed much to the triumph of those ideals of justice and humanity for which the Allies fought. The Empire of which you form a part is now firmly established on these ideals, and a great future of political progress and material prosperity is within the grasp of the Muslims of India, who have ever enjoyed under British Rule the fullest religious freedom. Before the late disastrous war Great Britain had always maintained the closest ties of friendship with Turkey, and I am confident that with the conclusion of this new treaty that friendship will quickly take life again, and a Turkey regenerate, full of hope and strength, will stand forth in the future, as in the past, a pillar of the Islamic Faith. This thought will, I trust, strengthen you to accept the Peace terms with resignation, courage and fortitude, and to keep your loyalty towards the Crown bright and untarnished, as it has been for so many generations.

GOD SAVE THE KING EMPEROR.

CHELMSFORD,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India."

1. The following are the principal conditions of the Peace Terms which have been communicated by the Allies to Turkey :—

(1) The frontiers of Turkey will be as already demarcated, and, where necessary, revised by a Boundary Commission to be created. According to this delimitation Turkey will include the Constantinople sector of Thrace and all the predominantly Turkish areas of Asia Minor.

(2) The rights and title of the Turkish Government in Constantinople will not be affected, but the right to modify this provision is reserved in the event of the failure of Turkey faithfully to fulfil the Treaty.

(3) A Commission of the Straits will have authority over all waters between the Mediterranean mouth of the Dardanelles, and the Black Sea mouth of the Bosphorus, and of the waters within three miles of each of these mouths; also on the shores to such extent as may be necessary. The duty of the Commission will be to ensure freedom of navigation in these waters in peace and war.

(4) A scheme of local self-government will be drafted for Kurdistan, including provision for the protection of Assyro-Chaldean and other minorities. The League of Nations will decide later whether Kurdistan should be granted independence of Turkey, if it be proved that separation is desired by the majority of the Kurdish people.

(5) Certain portions of Smyrna are formed into a separate unit to be administered by Greece, the suzerainty of Turkey being continued for a period of years till the autonomous State of Smyrna decides its own destiny.

(6) With the exception of the Constantinople sector Eastern Thrace is ceded to Greece, provision being made for the local self-government of the town of Adrianople.

(7) Certain portions of the Armenian Districts of Turkey are added to the existing Armenian Republic, the boundary between Turkey and Armenia in certain districts being referred to the arbitration of the President of the United States, whose decision will be final thereon and on any stipulation regarding Armenian access to the sea.

(8) Syria, Mesopotamia and Palestine are provisionally recognised as independent States, subject to administrative advice and assistance from a mandatory Power until such time as they are able to stand alone. The mandate for Syria has been entrusted to France, and those for Mesopotamia and Palestine to Britain. The mandate for Palestine will include provision for giving effect to the declaration of November 8th, 1917, regarding the establishment of a national home for the Jewish people.

(9) The Hedjaz is recognised as a free and independent State. The King of Hedjaz undertakes to assure free and easy access to Mecca and Medina to Muslim pilgrims of all countries.

(10) Turkey relinquishes all rights and titles over Egypt, the Soudan and Cyprus.

(11) Turkey recognises the French Protectorate over Morocco and Tunis.

(12) Turkey renounces her claims to certain islands in the Aegean.

(13) The Military, Naval, and Air forces at the disposal of Turkey will consist of the following :—

(i) The Sultan's Bodyguard at Constantinople.

(ii) A troop of Gendarmerie for the maintenance of internal order and security and the protection of minorities.

(iii) Special elements for reinforcement of the Gendarmerie and eventual control of the frontiers.

The Bodyguard is limited to 700, and the Gendarmerie, with special elements, to 50,000. All warships interned in Turkish ports are declared to be finally surrendered. The Turkish fleet is limited to 6 torpedo-boats and 7 sloops. No military or naval air forces or dirigibles are to be maintained.

(14) Control will be maintained over the finances of Turkey until the discharge of her international obligations has been assured.

(15) Freedom of navigation and transit is secured. The following ports are declared international ports, provision to be made for free zones in each :—

Alexandretta, Basrah, Batoum, Constantinople, Dedeagatch, Haifa, Haidar Pasha, Smyrna and Trebizond.

(16) In addition to the above there are numerous provisions regarding :—

- (a) League of Nations,
- (b) Protection of Minorities,
- (c) Restoration of abandoned property rights,
- (d) Prisoners of War,
- (e) Graves of Allied Soldiers,
- (f) Punishment of war criminals,
- (g) Economic questions and concessions,
- (h) Labour conventions, and
- (i) Antiquities,

but it is not necessary to detail these in the present statement.

2. However much they may regret some of these decisions, Indian Muslims must feel satisfaction in knowing that the settlement has been greatly influenced by their representations. When replying to the Khilafat deputation on the 29th January last, His Excellency the Viceroy gave an account of the steps which had been taken by the Secretary of State and himself from the date of the Armistice onwards to represent to His Majesty's Government the views of Indian Muslims, especially with regard to the holy places in the Hedjaz and the future of Constantinople, and to secure that their representations should receive a full hearing from the Supreme Council of the Allies. After that date, the representatives of the All-India Khilafat Conference were given every facility and assistance by the Government of India to lay their case before the Prime Minister, and the strength of Indian Muslim feeling in the matter has been impressed upon His Majesty's Government in frequent communications made to the Secretary of State. The Prime Minister, replying to the Khilafat deputation, assured the Muhammadans of India that their case had been presented with great force, and had been examined with conscientious care not merely by the delegates of the British Empire, but also by the Supreme Council of the Allies. And in fact the representations made by Indian Muhammadans did materially influence the final decision. It is well known that there was a great and strong body of public opinion both in England and America which favoured the removal of the Turkish capital from Constantinople to Asia Minor, and that such counsels did not prevail in no small measure due to the knowledge how keenly Indian Moslem opinion was opposed to this step. Indian Moslems have, therefore, the satisfaction of knowing that, largely out of deference to their feelings and the representations of the Government of India, Constantinople was saved for the Turkish Empire as its capital.

3. The Governor General in Council would next like to advert to the allegation which is sometimes made that British policy has ever been in the past unfriendly to Turkey. For this statement there is no foundation. It is unnecessary to refer to the ancient friendship between the two countries, proved by the entry of Britain on the side of Turkey in the Crimean War and by all her subsequent efforts to preserve the integrity of the Ottoman Empire. The forbearance which Britain displayed, and the provocation which Turkey, under the domination of German influences and the leadership of the Committee of Union and Progress gave, before war was declared, were fully explained in the communiqué issued by the Government of India in October 1914. It was Turkey which broke the traditional friendship with Great Britain. In his reply to the Khilafat Deputation the Prime Minister made it absolutely clear that Britain had no understanding of any sort or kind with Russia to the detriment of Turkey when the war began. In fact, Britain sought to deter Turkey from entering the war by giving her the most complete assurances that if she maintained neutrality, Britain would see that at the conclusion of

Peace no conditions would be laid down which would impair her independence and integrity, and that economic conditions of a character favourable to Turkey would be obtained. In spite of all these assurances, Turkey took the fatal step of entering the war on the side of Germany and against her ancient Ally.

4. It is most important that there should be no misunderstanding as to the attitude of Government towards the question of the Khilafat. The Government of India repeat again that the question of the Khilafat is one for Muhammadans, and Muhammadans only, to decide, and that with their free choice in this matter Government have no desire to interfere. But they cannot acquiesce in the statement which is now made that the Khilafat of the Ottoman Sultan has remained unchanged in its temporal attributes for thirteen centuries or that it implies any temporal allegiance on the part of Indian Muslims. These are propositions which are contrary to history. The temporal power associated with the Khilafat has undergone the most violent fluctuations during the last thirteen centuries. It has covered the whole of the dominions embraced in the Saracenic Empire when that was in the fulness of its glory. On the other hand it was reduced to nothing for over two centuries, when the Khalifa was the mere spiritual Head of Islam under the Mameluk dynasty of Egypt. With the transference of the Khilafat to the Ottoman dynasty the temporal power of the Khalifa has waxed and waned with the extent of the Ottoman Empire, but the essence of the Khilafat remained unaltered, and cannot now be affected by any present change in the boundaries of that Empire. Nor, also, so far as Indian Muslims are concerned, is there any historical basis for the claim that the Khilafat implies any temporal allegiance on their part to the Sultan of Turkey. Any such theory of divided allegiance would be subversive of the constitutional basis on which all Governments rest.

5. It is also a mistake to suppose that the war was a religious one, or that the terms of peace have been influenced in any way by religious considerations. The Muslims of India recognised this first proposition very clearly five years ago. The war was one between Christian Powers, and the alliance of Turkey with a Christian Power places this beyond doubt. As to the second, the Peace Conference has applied the same principles to all autocratic Empires, Muslim and Christian alike. The Empire of Austria-Hungary has lost over two-thirds of its dominions and three-fourths of its population. Heavy as Turkey's losses are, they fall far short of these, and although it is true that Turkish sovereignty has been confined to areas within which Turks predominate, Indian Muhammadans must remember that the independence of their Arab co-religionists remains intact throughout a very large proportion of the remainder of the former Ottoman Empire, and that the only areas which have been removed entirely from Muslim control are the comparatively small areas of Armenia, Thrace and Smyrna, in each of which, according to pre-war statistics, the population was predominantly non-Muslim.

6. Again it has been said that the settlement is a breach of the promise or offer made by the Prime Minister in his speech of January 1918 when he said: "Nor are we fighting to destroy Austria-Hungary or to deprive Turkey of its capital, or of the rich and renowned lands of Asia Minor and Thrace which are predominantly Turkish in race." This passage must however be read with its context, for Mr. Lloyd George continued, "While we do not challenge the maintenance of the Turkish Empire in the home-lands of the Turkish race with its capital at Constantinople—the passage between the Mediterranean and the Black Sea being internationalized and neutralized—Arabia, Armenia, Mesopotamia, Syria and Palestine are in our judgment entitled to a recognition of their separate national conditions."

The Peace terms now published fulfil this offer or promise, for her home-lands, which are predominantly Turkish in race, have been left to Turkey and those portions of Thrace and Smyrna which have been separated have been treated in accordance with the principle of nationality. This is a principle which has been followed in all the other Treaties of peace. The Supreme Council decided that the Turks had forfeited their title to rule over the majorities of other races, and that these majorities should be joined to their own national states. Both in Thrace and in Smyrna the Muslim population before the war was in a minority. In 1914 and 1915 the Turkish Government carried out a systematic deportation of the non-Muslim

population from these areas and the statistics of today cannot therefore be made a reason for retaining them under Turkish rule. In Thrace the sector of Constantinople, where Turks predominate, has been conserved to Turkey. The rest of Thrace was predominantly Greek in 1912 and has therefore been united with Greece. There is no doubt that Adrianople is predominantly Turkish, but it is only an island of Turks separated from the Constantinople sector by a region predominantly Greek. It is impossible to separate an island such as this from the territories by which they are surrounded, and therefore in accordance with the universal practice of the Peace Council in the rest of Europe it has been treated as part of Thrace subject to an arrangement which ensures a system of local self-government and guarantees proper representation to the Turkish majority in Adrianople. Similarly in Smyrna the majority of the people are definitely Greek and Armenian but the area transferred has been cut down to the minimum suitable for separate administration. The suzerainty remains with Turkey and the districts concerned will eventually decide their own destiny by vote. The port of Smyrna will be free. Turkey will have freedom of transit and there will be a separate department for the Turkish minority.

7. It is unnecessary to refer at length to the reasons which have led the Allies to insist upon the internationalization and neutralization of the Straits between the Mediterranean and the Black Sea. Its opening to Germany and its closure against the British in 1914 had disastrous effects in prolonging the great War with all its bloodshed and misery. This great waterway of the world must remain in future open to the free commerce of all nations.

8. The maintenance of some control over the finances of Turkey to safeguard international obligations is no new proposal as for years such control has been exercised for the administration of the Ottoman debt. This necessity has become all the greater now that the debt has increased from 160 millions to nearly 500 millions, while Turkish territory has decreased. The new states formed out of Turkey and the ceded territories will bear a proportion of the pre-war debt. There are provisions granting to Turkey a consultative voice in the Financial Commission and for termination of the Commission when her obligations have been discharged.

9. The provisions regarding the army and navy of Turkey require little comment. The reduction of the Turkish army is in accordance with the arrangements which have been made for the general disarmament of the other Powers lately at war with the Allies. Turkey had no effective navy before the war and this condition is maintained.

10. Of more interest to Muslims in India are those provisions which concern the portions of the former Turkish Empire, where their Arab co-religionists preponderate. The absolute independence of Arabia is recognised. For generations the Arabs have suffered from the misrule of the Turks and it is unreasonable to ask that the Arab populations which have claimed independence of Turkey and have fought side by side with the Allies to secure their independence should be replaced by the Allies under Turkish rule. As the Prime Minister pointed out to the Khilafat Deputation, it would be unjust to deprive the Arabs of their independence merely because they are Muhammadans and co-religionists of the Turks. "We are applying" he said "exactly the same principles in Christian places, and to impose the dominion of the Sultan upon Arabia, which has no desire for it, is to impose upon Arabs something which we certainly would not dream of imposing upon Christian communities."

11. Similar considerations applied to Kurdistan of which the right to local autonomy is provisionally recognised, and to those areas in Asia, over which mandates have been intrusted by the Peace Conference to Britain and France, that is to say, Palestine, Mesopotamia and Syria. It cannot be too clearly understood that in all these three cases the mandates have been granted for a specific purpose and for a temporary period. The immediate application to these areas of the principle of nationality would spell chaos and anarchy; and the work of the mandatory powers is to assist the local inhabitants with administrative advice and help, until such time as they are fit to take over with

success the business of administration without outside assistance. Islam will not be weakened by these arrangements and the two great Powers, to whom these mandates have been confided, include within the limits of their empires a very large proportion of the total Muslim population of the world—a guarantee that the interest and rights of the Muslims of these areas will be fully respected.

12. In the countries of Arabia, Irak and Palestine are situated the holy places of Islam with which all Muslims are profoundly concerned. When the war began the Allies gave a solemn pledge that the holy places would remain inviolate. This pledge has been observed in the spirit and in the letter during the actual occupation by His Majesty's forces of the territories in which some of the holy places are situated, and steps have been taken to ensure their strict sanctity. The city of Jerusalem was not attacked, as has been stated, but surrendered without violence offered or attempted, after it had been isolated in the course of operations against enemies armed in the field. The fullest measures were straightway taken to preserve the sanctity of the holy places within it, and the city which is in itself as sacred to Christians as to Muslims was entered by the victorious British general on foot. The Muslim shrines continue as before in the hands of their own Muslim custodians. In Mesopotamia the holy places of Kerbala and Najaf were never attacked and no acts of war were committed there by our troops. The scrupulous forbearance of His Majesty's soldiers was gratefully acknowledged by the inhabitants themselves. The unopposed occupation of Baghdad as of Jerusalem involved no attack on the holy places, but was an inevitable incident in the field operations of the war. The shrines in these three sacred places of Mesopotamia are now in the custody of a distinguished Muslim, whose charge of them is an ample assurance that their sanctity will continue to be fully respected. The British forces have conducted no operations whatever in the Hedjaz, and any reports that Mecca or Medina has been entered by British troops are utterly without foundation. These places are entirely under Arab control.

13. There remains the case of certain Armenian districts whose incorporation in the adjoining Armenian Republic is a direct consequence of Turkish misrule and of the application to this area of the principle of nationality. The cruelties perpetrated on the Armenians in the shape of massacre and deportation admit of no doubt. The story has been proved by independent and reliable witnesses and it is established beyond dispute that during the year 1915 at least 6,00,000 Armenians were destroyed. The facts were indeed admitted by the Turkish emissaries in Paris who represented the Turkish Government and their whole excuse was that the Committee of Union and Progress who were in power at the time were responsible for the massacres.

14. In these explanations of the Turkish Peace terms the Governor General in Council does not speak for His Majesty's Government. He has utilised such information as has come into his possession, and has attempted to explain the terms with special reference to their bearing on Indian Muslim sentiments. He has stated all the facts, nothing being mitigated and nothing overstated. He recognises that in spite of all explanations the terms of the peace settlement with Turkey are such as must cause pain to the Muhammadans of India. Indian Muslims must brace themselves to bear with patience and resignation the misfortunes of their Turkish co-religionists. The situation is one which calls for clear vision and a resolve to build a better future on the wreck of the past. Above all the world needs peace and goodwill. It is a matter of supreme necessity for all men to work towards this end and those who at this critical time arouse religious passions are enemies not only of India but of mankind.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

(CIVIL SUPPLIES BRANCH.)

Bombay, dated 17th May 1920.

No. 2514-D.C.S.—In continuation of this office Press Note No. 1958-D.C.S., dated 1st April 1920, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to prohibit export of rice to Goa by land from Ratnágiri District and Sávantvádi State.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 2525-D.C.S.—The following lists of prices for Bombay City are published for general information:—

I.—GRAINS—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR RICE.

Description of Rice.	Rate per bag of 6 maunds (168 lbs.) for sale in Bombay City including 3 annas distribution charges of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebrahim & Sons.	
	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Europe No. 1	Rs. 16-4-0	15-5-3
Rangoon Big Mill Special (Halwa)	„ 15-1-0	14-0-6
Small Mill or meedon	„ 15-7-9	14-3-6
Mill Sugandhi	„ 16-8-0	15-11-3
Mandla	„ 18-5-3	16-0-9
Hath Sugandhi	.. ..	15-14-0
<i>Broken Rice—</i>		
A 1 Extra	Rs. 14-14-6	
A 1	„ 14-9-6	
A 2	„ 13-7-0	
A 3	„ 11-10-9	
C 1	„ 13-1-3	
C 2	„ 11-10-9	

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR GRAIN.

Description of Grain.	Rate per Candy of 8 Pharas by measurement.
<i>Jowdri—</i>	
Central India	... Rs. 40 (by weight).
Sholápuri	... „ 50 to 52 „
<i>Bájrí—</i>	
1st grade	... Rs. 52 (by weight).
2nd grade	... „ 48 „
<i>Wheat—</i>	
Red Katha	... Rs. 64 to 65 (by weight).
Khandwa	... „ 104 „
Pissi (Sevni)	... „ 65 to 66 „
„ (Sharbati)	{ „ 70 to 72 „ „ 64 to 66 (by measurement).
Choice white Karachi	{ „ 60 to 62 (by weight). „ 56 to 58 (by measurement).
<i>Gram—</i>	
Yellow	... Rs. 58 to 59 (by weight).
Red	... „ 54 to 55
<i>Urid</i>	... „ 60 to 61
<i>Jav</i> (Barley)	... „ 48 to 44
<i>Oat</i> by weight	... „ 24 to 25
<i>Moong</i> (Green)	... „ 65 to 80

RETAIL PRICES FOR RICE.

Description of Rice.	Old Crop.		No. of Maplis in bag of rice of 168 lbs.	New Crop.
	Rate per Retailer's Pylee* (Mapli).			
Burma—				
Halwa (Rangoon Special)	Re. 0-8-6		30½	Re. 0-8-0
Small Mill	... Re. 0-8-9		30	Re. 0-8-0
Mill Sugandhi	... Re. 0-9-0		31	Re. 0-8-6
Mandla	... Re. 0-10-3		30½	Re. 0-9-0
Europe No. 1	... Re. 0-9-3		30	Re. 0-8-9
Hath Sugandhi	...			Re. 0-8-9
Broken—				
A 1 Extra	... Re. 0-8-3		31	
A 2 "	... Re. 0-7-6			
A 3 "	... Re. 0-6-6			
C 2 "	... Re. 0-6-6			
Country—				
Jeera Sal (Panvel)	... } Re. 0-10-0 to Re. 1-2-0			
Kalyani (Bhiwandi)	... }			

* If rice is sold per Municipal Pylee ½ anna more is allowed than the price shown in this column.

† In all other cases the basis of calculation is taken at 31 maplis to a bag of 168 lbs. of rice.

RETAIL PRICES FOR GRAIN.

	Rate per Retailer's Pylee (Mapli).
Tur Dal—	
(Without oil)	... Annas 12 to 13
Lowest quality	... Annas 14 to Re. 1-4-0
Superior quality, oiled	... Annas 8 to 10
Moong	... Re. 0-8-0 to 0-15-0
Wheat	... Re. 0-5-0 to 0-6-6
Joovari	... Re. 0-6-0 to 0-6-6
Bajri	... Re. 0-6-6 to 0-7-6
Gram (red and yellow)	... Re. 0-6-6 to 0-7-6

Note.—Rates for fractions of Retailers' Pylee (Mapli) to be fixed proportionately.

II.—FLOUR.

Wheat Flour.

	Per bag of seven maunds.	Per maund.
Chaki quality No. 1	... Rs. 20-0-0	Rs. 2-14-0
Chaki quality No. 2	... " 18-0-0	" 2-10-0
Atta (Green Mark)	... " 18-8-0	" 2-12-0
Atta Special	... " 19-0-0	" 2-14-0
Atta dry	... " 17-0-0	" 2-8-0
Atta blue mark	... " 17-8-0	" 2-8-0
Bran	... " 8-15-0 to 9-9-0 (140 lbs.)	" 1-11-0 to 1-13-0
	Per maund.	Per seer of 2 lbs.
Atta (lower quality for the poor)	Rs. 2-4-0	Re. 0-2-9

Flour Mill Quotations.

	Per bag of seven maunds (196 lbs.).
Superfine	... Rs. 21-0-0 to 24-0-0
Household	... " 20-8-0 to 23-0-0
Export	... " 22-8-0 to 25-0-0
Atta	... " 18-0-0 to 20-0-0
Shop No. 4	... " 18-0-0 to 19-0-0

RICE FLOUR.

	Per maund.	Per seer of 2 lbs.
Special	... Rs. 2-8-0	Re. 0-3-0
No. 1	... " 2-4-0	" 0-2-9
Lower quality	... " 2-0-0	" 0-2-5

III.—PRICES FOR SUGAR, GOOR, GHEE AND OILS.

Wholesale.

	Per cwt.
Sugar—	
Java (white)	... Rs. 48
" (brown)	... " 46
Mauritius	... " 47

Goor	...	...	...	Rs. 75 to 125	Per candy
Ghee—					Per maund.
Deshi	...	...	...	Rs. 38-0-0 to 40-0-0	
Porebunder	...	...	...	„ 49-0-0 to 50-0-0	
Sagar	...	...	...	„ 33-8-0	
Veráwal	}	...	...	„ 46-0-0	
Mallia					
Oil—					
Cocoanut	...	...	...	Rs. 10-8-0	
Sweet	...	...	...	„ 11-12-0 to 12-0-0	

RETAIL PRICES FOR GHEE, OIL, SUGAR AND GOOR.

Sugar, ordinary, white...	...	...	Annas 4½ to 5	per seer.
Goor	...	...	Annas 2 to 3	„
Ghee	...	...	Annas 13 to Re. 1-2-0	„
„ (imitation)	...	...	Annas 5½ to 6½	„
Cocoanut oil	...	...	Annas 4½	„
Sweet oil	...	...	Annas 5 to 5½	„

IV.—PRICES OF KEROSENE OIL.

Burma Oil Company, Limited.

Brand.	Selling rate from Agents' shops or Company's cart.	Retail prices for shop-keepers and for hawkers to the public.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Chukker, 125°	... 7 15 0 per two tins.	8 3 0 per two tins.
Chukker, 125°	... 3 1 9 per four gallons bulk.	3 3 9 per four gallons bulk.
Firefly, 125°	... 9 15 6 per case of two tins.	10 3 6 per case of two tins.
Waterlily, 150°	... 10 5 6 do.	10 9 6 per case of two tins.
		4 15 3 per one tin.
Retail price per bottle :—White oil, annas 2½ Red oil, annas 1½		

Standard Oil Company of New York.

	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Elephant, 125°	... 6 3 6 per eight gallons in bulk.	6 7 6 per eight gallons in bulk.
Do. „	... 7 15 0 per two tins.	8 3 0 per two tins.
Monkey „	... 8 2 0 do.	8 6 0 do.
Do. „	... 9 8 0 per case.	9 12 0 per case.
Chester „	... 10 12 0 „	11 0 0 „
Snowflake, 150°	... 11 0 0 „	11 4 0 „

Asiatic Petroleum Company, Limited.

	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Anchor, 125°, white	... 8 2 6 per two tins.	8 6 0 per two tins.
Rising Sun, 125°, white	... 7 15 6 do.	8 3 0 do.
Do.	... 6 3 6 per 8 gallons bulk.	6 7 6 per 8 gallons bulk.
Swan, 125°, yellow	... 6 6 6 per 2 tins	6 10 0 per 2 tins.
Do.	... 4 10 6 per 8 gallons bulk.	4 14 6 per 8 gallons bulk.
Retail price per bottle :—White oil, annas 2½ Yellow oil, annas 1½		

Indo-Burma Petroleum Company, Limited.

	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Star and Crescent, 125°	... 7 14 0 per two tins.	8 2 0 per two tins.
Do.	... 3 2 0 per 4 gallons bulk.	3 4 0 per 4 gallons bulk.
Saraswati, 125°, red	... 2 5 0 do.	2 7 0 do.
Retail price per bottle :—White oil, annas 2½ Red oil, annas 1½		

V.—CHARCOAL, FIREWOOD, VEGETABLES AND GRASS.

	Wholesale merchant to Retail Dealer.		Retail dealer to consumer.	
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
<i>Charcoal—</i>				
Medium—				
(per maund)	...	0 14 0	1 0 0	
Dhobi—				
(per maund)	...	1 0 0	1 2 0	
FIREWOOD.				
<i>Best quality, dry, and split wood.</i>				
	Wholesale merchant to Retail Dealer.		Retail dealer to consumer.	
	Per khandi.		Per load of 8½ maunds.	
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Babul, Ain and Khair	...	9 0 0	1 6 0	
Mixed and Kita	...	8 0 0	1 2 0 to 1-5-0	
<i>Vegetables—</i>				
Potatoes, per seer	As. 1 to 1½	
Onions do.	„ ½ to ¾	
Cauliflower, each	Not available	
Cabbages, per seer	As. 1 to 1½	
Carrots do.	„ ¾ to 1	
Tomatoes do.	„ 2	
French beans do.	„ 2 to 2½	
Brinjal, per seer	„ 1½	
Pumpkin, white, each	„ 4 to 12	
Green peas	„ 4	
Turnips, per dozen	„ 12 to Re. 1½	
<i>Meat—</i>				
Mutton	As. 8 to 10 per lb.	
Beef	„ 3 to 6 „	
Milk	As. 5 to 7 per seer.	
Salt (Matunga) (white)	...	Rs. 2-0-0	per Bengal maund at salt works, Rs. 2-2-0 in market, Re. 0-2-6 per pylee at shops and 3 as. per pylee by hawkers.	
Do. (black)	...	„ 2-4-0	per phara, Re. 0-2-6 per pylee.	
Do. (Goregaon) (white)	...	„ 3-0-0	„ „ 0-3-0 „	

Grass—

Mahaluxmi Yard and Godown, Sewri and Byculla G. I. P. Goods Yard, at Rs. 22 per 1,000 lbs. and retail at Rs. 23 per 1,000 lbs. for the best quality of Dakor, Phool, Ber, and Mooshi grass, and varying rates according to quality below Rs. 22 for inferior qualities.

Bandra, Rs. 23 per 1,000 lbs. for the best quality of Phool, Ber, and Mooshi grass, and varying rates for inferior qualities.

Petty shops in Bombay Town at Rs. 24 per 1,000 lbs. for the best quality of Dakor, Phool, Ber and Mooshi grass, and varying rates according to below Rs. 24 for inferior qualities.

Note.—The above maximum prices of salt, kerosine oil (retail), charcoal, grass and firewood are fixed by the Director of Civil Supplies under the Defence of India Rules; prices of Burma rice are fixed under the import scheme arrangements; those of other articles are the prevailing market prices.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,
Chief Secretary to Government.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

No. 60-M. OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

DELTA OF THE INDUS.

Hajamro Mouth—Beacon Re-erected.

Former Notice—Bombay Castle No. M-148 of 1917.

Position ... At a distance of about 4 cables 22° (N. 20° E. Mag.) from the former position.

Position ... Lat. 24° 07' 52" N.
Long. 67° 20' 08" E.

Details ... The beacon on the right bank of the river has been re-erected in the above mentioned position.

Variation ... 2° Easterly.

Charts affected. No. 41, Caps Monze to Kediwari mouth.

„ 39 Coast of Sind and Kutch.
„ 826 Karachi to Vengurla.

Authority ... The Commissioner in Sind (Marine Department), Karachi, dated April 1920.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD :
Bombay, 30th April 1920.

No. 64-M OF 1920.

PERSIAN GULF.

Shatt-al-Arab—Tidal Constants.

Notice No. 84-M of 1919 cancelled.

Details ... Information, with regard to Tidal Constants, notified respectively in R. I. M. Notice to Mariners quoted above and in the Admiralty Notice No. 326 of 1920, is hereby cancelled.

Publication ... Persian Gulf Pilot, 1915, page 283, Supplement No. 4, 1919.

Authority ... The Director, Royal Indian Marine, Bombay.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD :
Bombay, 3rd May 1920.

No. 65-M. OF 1920.

RED SEA—EASTERN SHORE.

Kamaram Passage—Further information with regard to buoys.

Former Notices. No. 39 M. of 1920 (Admiralty No. 318 of 1920).

Details ... A further report of the correct positions of the two buoys in the southern entrance to Kamaram Harbour and that of replacing the two buoys in the Quarantine Anchorage at the entrance of Kamaram Harbour is as detailed below:—

(1) *Correct positions of the buoys laid—*

(a) Position ... At a distance of about 4 cables 330 (N. 27° 20' W. Mag.) from the telegraph hut on Ras-el-Bayadh.

Description... A black Can buoy surmounted by a staff and spherical cage, is moored in 4½ fathoms.

(b) Position ... At a distance of about 11½ cables 112° (S. 65° 20' E. Mag.) from the Telegraph hut on Ras-el-Yemman.

Description... A red conical buoy surmounted by a staff and drum is moored in 4½ fathoms.

(2) *Buoys in the Quarantine Anchorage now laid—*

(a) Position ... At a distance of about 9½ cables 110° (S. 67° 20' E. Mag.) from the Mosque with 3 domes.

Description... A red Can buoy, surmounted by a staff and disk, is moored in 3 fathoms on a shoal patch.

(b) Position ... At a distance of about 11½ cables, 81° (N. 83° 40' E. Mag.) from the Mosque with 3 domes.

Description... A red Can buoy, surmounted by a staff and triangle, moored in a 3½ fathoms on a shoal patch.

Variation ... 2° 40' westerly.

Charts affected ... No. 543, Kamaram Passage.

„ 143, Jebel Teir to Perim Island.

Publication... Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Pilot, 1909, pages 362, 363, 364.

Authority ... The Port Officer, Aden, dated May 1920.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD :
Bombay, 12th May 1920.

B. H. JONES, Captain, R. I. M.,
Offg. Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

No. 66-M. OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

BOMBAY HARBOUR APPROACH.

Bombay Floating Light—Replaced in Position.

Former Notices. No. 17-M. of 1920 (Admiralty No. 558 of 1920).

Position (approximate). Lat. 18° 50' N.

Long. 72° 44½' E.

Details ... On or about the 13 h May 1920 the relief Light-Vessel will be removed and replaced by the Bombay Floating Light-vessel (Unattended).

Description ... Hull painted red, marked on her sides 'Bombay Floating Light' in white letters, fitted with tower and ball day mark.

Characteristics of Light, vessel—

Abridged description. Lt. Gp. Fl. (3) ev. 24 sec. 32 ft. vis. 12 m. (U).

Character ... An automatic white group flashing light every 24 seconds thus:—

Flash	Eclipse	Flash
1 sec.	2 sec.	1 sec.
Eclipse	Flash	Eclipse
2 sec.	1 sec.	17 sec ⁰

Visibility ... All round the horizon, 12 miles in clear weather.

Automatic Submarine Bell Is fitted, the Bell is submerged and will ring continuously at regular intervals, should be heard under water at a distance of 10 miles.

Charts affected. No. 2621, Bombay Harbour.

„ 737, Arnala Island to Kundari Island.

„ 2736, Gulf of Kutch to Viziadrug.

„ 826, Karachi to Vengurla.

„ 1012, Arabian Sea.

Publications ... Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI 1920, No. 384.

Indian Light List 8th Issue, 1919, No. 89.

West Coast of India Pilot, 1919., page 215, Revised Supplement (3) 1918.

Authority ... The Port Officer, Bombay, dated 12th May 1920.

No. 67-M. OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Prongs Reef Light Buoy—Alteration in period of Light.

Former Notice . No. 40-M. of 1920.

Position ... Lat. 18° 52' N.
Long. 72° 49' 14" E.

Alteration ... A large Black Can buoy exhibiting a flashing green light every 15 seconds, visible 9 miles, thus :—

Light	Eclipse
5 sec.	10 sec.

Remarks ... This buoy is not fitted with an automatic whistle.

Charts affected. No. 2621, Bombay Harbour.
No. 737, Arnala Island to Kundari Island.

Publications ... West Coast of India Pilot, 1909, page 217. Indian List of Lights, 35th issue, 1919, page 22.

Authority ... The Port Officer, Bombay, dated 12th May 1920.

No. 68-M. OF 1920.

INDIA WEST COAST.

BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Thull Shoal Light Buoy—Alteration in period of Light.

Former Notice . No. 41-M. of 1920.

Position ... Lat. 18° 48' 22" N.
Long. 72° 48' 51" E.

Alteration ... A conical buoy painted red exhibiting a flashing red light every 8 seconds, visible 6 miles, thus :—

Light	Eclipse.
2 sec.	6 sec.

Charts affected. No. 2621, Bombay Harbour.
No. 737, Arnala Island to Kundari Island.Publications ... West Coast of India Pilot, 1909, page 214.
Indian List of Lights, 38th issue, 1919, page 22.

Authority ... The Port Officer, Bombay, dated 12th May 1920.

No. 69-M. OF 1920.

AFRICA—EAST COAST.

*Macuti Point Light—Not yet exhibited.*Position ... Lat. 19° 50' S.
Long. 34° 54' E.

Details ... With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 14-M. of 1920. Owing to the delay in repairs of the Light-house on Macuti Point—the light was not exhibited on the 15th April 1920.

Charts temporarily affected. No. 1003, Beira Harbour.
,, 648, Delagoa Bay to River Zambezi.Publications ... East Coast of Africa Pilot, Part III, 1915, page 224.
Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI, 1920, No. 76.

Authority ... The Port Officer, Beira, dated 14th January 1920.

No. 70-M. OF 1920.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA.

RANGOON RIVER.

Chokey Lumps—Eastern Channel.

Depth of water on 1st May 1920.

		Ft.	In.
No. 1 Track	... Red Beacon and Board Beacon in one	10	0

No. 2 do.	... Red Beacon midway between Board Beacon and two Black Ball Beacon	8	6
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No. 3 do.	... Red Beacon and two Black Ball Beacon in one	10	0
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Authority ... Deputy Conservator of the Port, Rangoon.

No. 71-M. OF 1920.

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA.

RANGOON RIVER—CHANNEL CIRCULAR.

*Monkey Point—Dredged Cut and Dunnedaw Channel.**Depth of water on 5th May 1920.**Monkey Point Dredged Cut.*

	Ft.	In.
South Line of Central Track	12	0
Central Track	13	0
North Line of Central Track	15	0
Tide Gauge ϕ B. O. C. Chy.	16	0

*Dunnedaw Reach.*Dunnedaw Buoy ϕ Mowers Chy. ... South Line . 14 0°

Mowers Chy. open to Northward of Dunnedaw Buoy... Central Line. 14 0°

Authority ... Deputy Conservator of the Port, Rangoon.

* N.B.—14 feet at Western Approach.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD :
Bombay, 18th May 1920.

EDWARD J. HEADLAM,

Captain, R.I.M.,

Offg. Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

BY THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. Gel-876 OF 1920.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

DELTA OF THE INDUS.

Beacon at the Hajamro Mouth.

Subject ... Re-erection of the beacon on the right bank of the river.

Position ... Latitude 24° 7' 52" N.
Longitude 67° 20' 8" E.

Charts affected . No. 826 Karachi to Vengurla.

,, 41 Cape Monz to Mediwari.

,, 39 Sind and Gulf of Cutch.

Publications affected Commissioner in Sind's No. M-148, dated the 30th June 1917.

Office of the Commissioner in Sind,

Government House, Karachi,

April 1920.

P. R. CADELL,

Acting Commissioner in Sind.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Heads of Departments and all other Officers concerned are informed that Notifications in the GAZETTE are in future to be accepted as disposing of all references regarding leave, transfers, appointments, powers, and other personal questions affecting Gazetted Officers as to which orders are gazetted by the Governor in Council in this Part of the GAZETTE, and that any subsidiary orders as to relief of their subordinates and the like, which such Notifications necessitate, must be issued by them on receipt of the GAZETTE, as no other orders will be issued by Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th May 1920.

No. 4395. — With reference to Government Notification No. 2718, dated the 18th March 1920, it is hereby notified that Sir John Heaton, Knight, I. C. S., relinquished charge of the office of Acting Chief Justice of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on Monday the 12th April 1920, before office hours.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

No. 4615. — Under the provisions of section 105 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 George 5, Chapter 61), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. G. H. Fawcett, I. C. S., to act as Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, from the 23rd April to the 28th April 1920, both days inclusive, vice Sir John Heaton, Knight, I. C. S., retired.

By-order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th May 1920.

No. 3896. — The following notification by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, is republished:—

"No. 1750-*Est.-B.*, dated 4th May 1920.

Captain A. E. C. Harris, M.C., 7th Hariāna Lancers, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting Officer, Kāthiāwār States Imperial Service Cavalry, with effect from the 23rd March 1920, and until further orders.

(Signed) J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th May 1920.

No. 4464. — Government Notification No. 1671, dated the 19th February 1920, empowering Mr. J. R. Hood, I. C. S., a Magistrate of the First Class in the

District of Poona, to take cognizance under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 190 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), of any offence committed by Sardar Naoroji Padamji, a Director of the Deccan Bank, Limited, Poona, is hereby cancelled.

No. 4466. — Mr. N. W. Kemp, Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind, is granted, with effect from the 21st June 1920, such privilege leave as may then be admissible to him, with permission to prefix to it the Summer Vacation of the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind from the 17th May to the 16th June, the Ramzan Id Holidays from the 17th to the 19th June and Sunday the 20th idem.

Bombay Castle, 14th May 1920.

No. 4512. — The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Jyeshtharam Nanabhai Bhat to act as Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, vice Mr. Janardhan Nagesh Kale, transferred, pending further orders.

No. 4516. — In continuation of Government Notification No. 9325, dated the 19th November 1919, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the temporary appointment of Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge at Yeola for a further period of six months from the date on which it expires, and to direct that Mr. D. V. Deshmukh should continue to hold it, and should do duty as Joint Subordinate Judge at Pimpalgaon after the expiry of the Summer Vacation of that Court.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

No. 4547. — Mr. C. K. Mehta, Acting Mamlatdar of Bardoli and Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Surat, is appointed, under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district and, under section 37 of the said Code, is invested with the following additional power, being one of the powers specified in the fourth Schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make order as to first offenders, section 562.

No. 4580. — In exercise of the authority vested in him by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Sardar Chhatrasinhji Kuversahab, Thakor of

Bhamaria, to be a Special Magistrate of the Third Class within the limits of the Hálol Mahal in the district of Panch Maháls.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,
A. MONTGOMERIE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th May 1920.

No. *A.-Misc.* 1114. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. G. F. Keatinge, C.I.E., I. C. S., on return from leave, to be Director of Agriculture and of Co-operative Societies, vice Dr. Harold H. Mann, D.Sc., reverting.

Bombay Castle, 13th May 1920.

No. *A.-Misc.* 1269. — *Erratum.* — In line 5 of Government Notification No. 14802, dated 19th December 1919, printed at page 3145 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, of the 25th *idem*, for the words "1st June" read the words "27th May."

No. *E.-Misc.* 1256. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. S. R. Macklin, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Assistant Collector, Dhárwár.

Bombay Castle, 14th May 1920.

No. *E.-Mis.* 954. — In modification of the orders issued in Government Notification No. *E.-Mis.* 785, dated 20th March 1920, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to create a temporary appointment of a Sixth Grade Deputy Collector for a period of six months and to appoint Mr. Krishnaji Balacharya Purohit to hold it and to do duty as District Deputy Collector, Sátára, vice Mr. J. R. Hood, I. C. S., transferred.

No. *E.-Misc.* 1231. — Mr. L. J. Sedgwick, I. C. S., is permitted to commute the furlough portion of the leave granted to him in Government Notification No. 7992, dated 6th August 1919, into furlough on average salary.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

No. *A.-Misc.* 1325. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, under section 4 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899, Mr. H. M. Browne, G.B.V.C., as Veterinary Inspector for the Town and Island of Bombay with effect from 26th May 1920.

No. *A.-Misc.* 1325-A. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, under section 4 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899, Mr. K. S. Nair,

G.B.V.C., as Junior Veterinary Inspector for the Town and Island of Bombay on probation for six months with effect from 1st June 1920.

No. *C.-Misc.* 1613. — In supersession of so much of Government Notification No. *C.-Misc.* 565 (a), dated 14th February 1920, as relates to the appointments of Messrs. G. R. Holland and N. R. Willmott, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. N. R. Willmott to do duty as Additional Assistant-Collector of Salt and Excise, Mormugao.

Mr. S. W. Patton to act as Assistant Collector of Salt and Excise, Khárághoda Sub-division, vice Mr. F. H. Caldecott proceeded on leave.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

No. *A.-Misc.* 1301. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Bhágvandas Hárkishandas Dalal to be Divisional Forest Officer, East Thána, in addition to his own duties vice Mr. C. E. L. Gilbert proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

No. *A.-Misc.* 1343. — Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I. C. S., Talukdari Settlement Officer and Assistant Collector, Ahmedabad, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from date of relief.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. K. Kirpalani, I. C. S., to be Assistant Collector and Talukdari Settlement Officer, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

No. *E.-Misc.* 1313. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr. Hari Vishnu Date appointed as Assistant Land Acquisition Officer, Bombay, pending further orders:—

Mr. Pranlal Hariprasad Divan to do duty as Personal Assistant to the Collector of Ahmedabad.

Mr. Morarji Ranchhodji Desai to do duty as District Deputy Collector, Thána, vice Mr. P. H. Divan.

No. *E.-Misc.* 1314. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. J. Bolus, I. C. S., to be President of the Civil and Military Examination Committee vice Mr. A. C. Wild, I. C. S., resigned, pending further orders.

No. *G.* 93. — Mr. L. W. Hartley, C.I.E., Commissioner of Income Tax, Bombay, is granted, with effect from 1st June 1920, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved, combined leave for fifteen months, viz., privilege leave plus furlough on full average salary for the

first eight months and ordinary furlough on half average salary for the remaining period.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,

Chief Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

No. 937. — Under the provisions of section 13 (2) of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Captain E. J. Headlam, C.M.G., D.S.O., R.I.M., to act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay during the absence of Captain B. H. Jones, C.B.E., R.I.M., or pending further orders.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

No. 958. — With effect from the 1st May 1920 Mr. J. E. P. Curry, Shipping Master, Bombay, has been deputed to Europe for duty in connection with the International Labour Conference to be held at Genoa in June 1920. From the date on which this duty expires, Mr. Curry is granted privilege leave for three months and twenty-four days in combination with furlough for such period as will bring the total period of leave up to seven months.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,

Acting Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

No. 279. — The Reverend W. F. M. Hamerton, Senior Presidency Chaplain, is granted privilege leave for four months and twenty days in combination with special leave on urgent private affairs for three months, with effect from the 23rd May 1920, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The Venerable Archdeacon C. F. W. Hatchell, Domestic Chaplain to the Bishop of Bombay, is appointed Senior Presidency Chaplain, vice the Reverend W. F. M. Hamerton proceeding on leave.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,

Acting Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 14th May 1920.

No. 2085. — In modification of Government Notification No. 1119, dated the 6th March 1920, Mr. A. C. L. Wilkinson, Principal and Professor of Mathematics, Deccan College, Poona, but doing duty as Principal and Professor of Mathematics, Elphinstone College, Bombay, is granted, with effect from the date from which he may avail himself of it, furlough on average salary for four months and twenty-two days together with such furlough on half average salary as will bring the combined period of leave up to March 10th, 1921, with permission to affix the summer vacation of 1921.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

No. 2129. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. S. Woods Hill to be a member of the Board of Management of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, vice Colonel Sir Lawless Hepper, Kt., R.E., resigned.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,

Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 14th May 1920.

No. 5491. — Temporary Assistant Surgeon D. N. Gore, M.B. B.S., is granted privilege leave for three months combined with study leave for six months with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Bombay Castle, 15th May 1920.

No. 5533. — Lieutenant-Colonel S. C. Evans, M.B., C.M. (Edin.), I. M. S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate for six months.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

No. 5541. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Major D. S. Johnston, R.E., to act as a member of the Board of Trustees under the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898, during the absence on leave of Sir Lawless Hepper, Kt., or pending further orders.

No. 5561. — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. I. C. Boyd to be President of the Haj Committee, Bombay, vice Mr. F. C. Griffith, O.B.E., resigned.

Bombay Castle, 18th May 1920.

No. 5605.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments for a term of one year with effect from the 1st May 1920:—

Mr. N. J. Bandarawalla, M.B.B.S., M.S., to be Honorary Surgeon, J. J. Hospital, vice Mr. B. P. Sabawalla, L.M. & S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.)

Mr. F. J. Sequeira, M.B.B.S., to be Honorary Assistant Obstetric Physician vice Dr. S. J. Meher Homji, M.D.

No. 5614.—The following notification by the Government of India, Department of Education (Archæology and Epigraphy), is republished:—

“No. 166, dated the 7th May 1920.

Dr. V. S. Sukthankar, Ph.D., Officiating Assistant Superintendent, Archæological Survey, is granted leave without allowances for three months in continuation of the leave granted him in the Department of Education Notification No. 57, dated the 30th January 1920.

(Signed) H. SHARP,

Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 5616.—The following return made under section 7 of the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898, is published in

accordance with the provisions of the said section:—

“From the President, Municipal Corporation.

No. 1242, dated the 7th May 1920.

I have the honour, as required by section 7 of Act IV of 1898, to report, for the information of Government and for publication in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, that the Corporation have, at their meeting held on the 6th instant, elected, under section 13 of the Act, Mr. Mirza Ali Mohammed Khan, M.A., LL.B., to act for Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, L.M. & S., on the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay during his absence on leave.”

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 5627.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Bombay Medical Act, 1912 (Bom. VI of 1912), the Governor in Council is pleased to nominate Lieutenant-Colonel T. S. Novis, F.R.C.S., I.M.S., as a member of the Bombay Medical Council vice Lieutenant-Colonel L. T. R. Hutchinson, M.D., I.M.S., resigned.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,

Acting Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, etc.

BY THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. *Gel.*-117.—*Corrigendum.*—In the Commissioner's Notification No. *Gel.*-117, dated the 4th March 1920, published at pages 663—667 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated the 11th March 1920—

add the word "and" after the word "aft" in line 4, paragraph 4,
and "a" after the word "occupy" in the marginal subject of paragraph 5;

delete "a" after "such" in line 4 of paragraph 9;

read "cut" for "out" in line 1 of paragraph 10,
"and" for "as" in line 3 of paragraph 10, and
"peculiar" for "particular" in note to Appendix A.

Karachi, 13th May 1920.

P. R. CADELL,
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. *Est. I.*-57.—Mr. Bhogilal Sankalchand Shah, Extra Aval Karkun, Godhra, acted as Mamlatdar of that Taluka from 27th March 1920 to 12th April 1920 (both days inclusive), being the period intervening between Mr. Jehangir Dadabhai Nanavati's departure and Mr. Chunilal Umedbhai Patel's arrival.

No. *Est. I.*-57.—Mr. Jehangir Dadabhai Nanavati, Mamlatdar of Godhra, is granted six weeks' privilege leave with effect from 27th March 1920 and Mr. Chunilal Umedbhai Patel, Chitnis to the Collector of the Panch Mahals, is appointed to do duty as Mamlatdar of Godhra during Mr. Nanavati's absence on leave.

Mr. Bhogilal Sankalchand, Extra Aval Karkun at Godhra, is appointed to act as Chitnis to the Collector of the Panch Mahals vice Mr. Chunilal U. Patel.

Ahmedabad, Shahibagh, 13th May 1920.

J. GHOSAL,
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-17.—Mr. N. D. Inamdár, Head Karkun, Taluka Násik, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka from 1st April 1920 to 30th April 1920 (both days inclusive), being the period intervening between the departure of Mr. H. G. Thakar on leave and the arrival of Mr. S. A. Kulkarni.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-23.—Mr. S. N. Namjoshi, Fifth Grade Mamlatdar, doing duty as Special Land Acquisition Officer, Famine Roads in the Ahmednagar District, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days from 23rd April 1920.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-24.—Mr. V. V. Apte, Mamlatdar of Amalner, is granted privilege leave for two months and Mr. R. G. Bendre, Head Karkun in that taluka, is appointed to act in his place.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-25.—The following probationary Fifth Grade Mamlatdars are confirmed in that grade:—

Mr. N. R. Ekbote, Chitnis to the Collector of Ahmednagar.

Mr. V. H. Joshi, Mamlatdar of Parner.

No. *Est. II.*-5.—Mr. V. H. Godbole, Head Accountant, Dhulia, under orders of transfer to Ahmednagar, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from 22nd April 1920.

Mr. M. S. Upasani, Local Fund Accountant, Dhulia, is appointed to act as Head Accountant, Dhulia, during the privilege leave vacancy of Mr. Godbole or pending further orders.

Camp Mahábleswar, 11th May 1920.

No. *Est. S. R. I.*-7.—Mr. H. G. Thakar, Mamlatdar of Násik, has been granted privilege leave for two months and twelve days with effect from 1st April 1920.

No. *Est. S. R. II-3*.—(a) Mr. M. V. Joshi, Deputy Accountant, Sátara, is appointed to act as Head Accountant, Dhulia, vice Mr. V. H. Godbole transferred.

(b) Mr. M. V. Joshi to be substantive *pro tem*. Fourth Grade Head Accountant from the date of taking charge at Dhulia in the vacancy of Mr. C. D. Shah vice Mr. V. D. Dhongde who should draw only acting allowance from the said date until relieved at Jalgaon by Mr. S. V. Gadhad.

Camp Maháleshwar, 14th May 1920.

No. *Est. S. R. I-26*.—Mr. S. M. Panat, Mámlatdár of Bhinthadi, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from 5th May 1920.

No. *Est. S. R. I-27*.—Mr. D. B. Rajopadhye, Head Kárkún, Táluka Nagar, pay Rs. 60, acted as Mámlatdár of that táluka from 13th to 28th April 1920 (both days inclusive), being the period intervening the departure of Mr. P. V. Domingo and the arrival of Mr. V. B. Shrotri.

No. *Est. S. R. I-28*.—(a) Mr. D. G. Gokhale, Mámlatdár of Ráhuri, is granted with effect from the date of relief privilege leave for one month and Mr. S. D. Sonsale, Head Kárkún, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of Ráhuri during the period of Mr. Gokhale's leave.

(b) Mr. D. G. Gokhale on return from leave to be Mámlatdár of Máwal.

(c) Mr. V. K. Rajguru on relief by Mr. D. G. Gokhale to be Mámlatdár of Ráhuri.

F. G. PRATT,

Camp Maháleshwar, 15th May 1920.

Commissioner, C. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT AND EXCISE.

No. 97-37.—The privilege leave for four months and ten days granted, with effect from the 3rd December 1919, to Mr. A. P. Bhowndree, Excise Inspector, Jawhá, Thána District, on Rs. 150 (*vide* the Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise, Central Division's Notification No. 12-6 of 10th April 1920), is hereby extended by leave on medical certificate for one month, the existing acting arrangement vice Mr. Bhowndree being continued.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Excise.

Camp *via* Bombay, 18th May 1920.

BY THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

No. *Est. 1/31*.—Privilege leave for five weeks has been granted to Mr. A. S. Nerurkar, Warehouse Officer, Málwan, with effect from 15th April 1920, and Mr. V. G. Chitnis, Excise Inspector, Reserve Staff, Presidency Division, has been directed to hold charge.

No. *Est. 1/92*.—The following posting and transfer of Excise Sub-Inspectors are ordered:—

	From	To
1. Mr. A. M. Pathan ...	Southern Division and under orders of transfer to the Distillery Branch.	Khánápur Distillery.
2. Mr. V. R. Sankholkar ...	Khánápur Distillery ...	Bonded Warehouse, Chiplún, Ratnágiri District.

No. *Est. 1/93*.—Consequent on the confirmation of Mr. D. R. Randive as Inspector on Rs. 100, the following revised arrangements and promotions and postings of Excise Sub-Inspectors are ordered with effect from the 1st May 1920:—

	From Rs.	To Rs.
1. Mr. M. H. Rautoo ...	60 and 75 substantive <i>pro tem</i> . in Mr. Farrow's arrangement.	75
2. Mr. Sk. Amin Sk. Bahádur (Sub-Inspector, C. Dn.).	50 and 60 substantive <i>pro tem</i> . in Mr. Govind Ganpat's arrangement.	60
3. Mr. M. I. Pathan ...	Clerk to the Deputy Commissioner of Excise on Rs. 30.	50

	From Rs.	To Rs.
4. Mr. R. A. Desai ...	60 and 75 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> in Mr. Govind Ganpat's arrangement.	60 and 75 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> in Mr. Farrow's arrangement.
5. Mr. Takhatsing Mohansing.	40 and 50 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> in Mr. Govind Ganpat's arrangement.	40 and 50 acting in Mr. Bhave's arrangement.
6. Mr. D. K. Damle ...	40 and 50 acting in Mr. Bhave's arrangement.	40
7. Mr. R. S. Udiawar ...	35 and 40 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> in Mr. Govind Ganpat's arrangement.	35 and 40 acting in Mr. Bhave's arrangement.
8. Mr. F. R. Solanki ...	30 and 40 acting in Mr. Bhave's arrangement.	30 and 35 acting in Mr. Bhave's arrangement.
9. Mr. N. A. Sabawalla ...	30 and 35 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> in Mr. Govind Ganpat's arrangement.	30
10. Mr. A. A. R. Shaikh ...	30 substantive <i>pro tem.</i> in Mr. Govind Ganpat's arrangement.	30 acting in Mr. Wilmot's arrangement displacing Mr. B. M. Desai.

Posting.

Mr. M. I. Pathan To
Dhulia Distillery.

F. A. INGLE,

Acting Deputy Commissioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency.

Camp Surat, 10th May 1920.

BY THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS OF SALT AND EXCISE.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 714.—The following promotions are ordered, vice Mr. M. S. Munshi, Excise Sub-Inspector, on Rs. 75, confirmed as Excise Inspector, on Rs. 100, to have effect from the 1st May 1920 :—

	From Rs.	To Rs.
1. Mr. M. B. Mehta, Excise Sub-Inspector and acting Inspector, Surat, N. D.	60 and acting 100	75 and acting 100.
2. Mr. G. H. Desai, Excise Sub-Inspector, Pandu Mewas.	50 and acting 60	60 in Mr. M. B. Mehta's arrangement.
3. Mr. A. G. Shaikh, B.A., acting Excise Sub-Inspector, Chorási.	Acting 50 in Mr. M. B. Mehta's arrangement.	50

Messrs. H. R. Ranwadkar, S. H. Desai, K. R. Panthaki, J. B. Patel, M. F. Khan and J. K. Dave, respectively substantive *pro tem.* on Rs. 75, 60, 50, 40, 35 and 30, should continue to act in their respective grades, vice Mr. M. B. Mehta acting as Excise Inspector.

J. H. GARRETT,

Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise, N. D.

Camp Kosamba, 13th May 1920.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. 12-57.—Mr. K. C. Pathan, Excise Sub-Inspector, Kalyán, Thána District, on Rs. 50 was granted leave on medical certificate for fifteen days with effect from the 18th March 1920.

Camp *via* Bombay, 11th May 1920.

No. 12-60.—Mr. R. R. Contractor, Excise Inspector, Jawhár, on Rs. 150, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the date of his relief and the following acting arrangements are ordered :—

1. Mr. R. D. Tarapurwalla, Excise Sub-Inspector, Poona City and Cantonment, on Rs. 75, to act as Excise Inspector, Jawhár, in the Rs. 100 grade.

2. Mr. A. McMullen, Chief Excise Inspector, Poona City and Cantonment, should hold charge of the duties of the Excise Sub-Inspector, Poona City, in addition to his own.

No. 12-61.—Mr. V. J. Pimento, acting Excise Sub-Inspector Dahanu, Thána District, on Rs. 30, was granted leave without pay for one month with effect from the 16th ultimo.

S. D. SMITH,

Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise, C. D.

Camp *via* Bombay, 16th May 1920.

BY THE SANITARY ENGINEER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

No. 2231.—Mr. C. E. Ball appointed as a Mechanical Superintendent (*vide* Government Memorandum No. E-6792 of 1st April 1920) has been posted for work under the Executive Engineer in charge Boring Works, at Broach.

P. N. NATESHAIYER,

Acting Sanitary Engineer to Government, Bombay.

Poona, 11th May 1920.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

No. 95.—Punjaji Bhikaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, taluka Peint, district Násik, was granted privilege leave from 12th March to 4th April 1920, inclusive.

No. 96.—Gajanan Ramchandra Vekhande, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, taluka Sháhápúr, S. D., district Thána, was granted privilege leave for two months combined with sick leave for twenty-seven days from 15th January 1920, and candidate Devidas Amrut was appointed to act for him from 29th January 1920.

No. 97.—Shanker Raghunath Kulkarni, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, taluka Haveli, N. D., district Poona, has been granted privilege leave from 19th April to 18th May 1920 and Krishnaji Mahadeo Kaledhonkar, Candidate Vaccinator of the same district, is appointed to act for him.

No. 98.—Narayan Damodar Riswadker, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, taluka Junnar N. D., district Poona, has been granted privilege leave from 20th April to 19th May 1920.

No. 99.—Dandumal Wazirsingh, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, district Karáchi, was granted privilege leave from 5th November to 30th December 1919 combined with sick leave from 31st December 1919 to 31st January 1920 inclusive.

Poona, 10th May 1920.

No. 100.—Ibrahimkhan Amirkhan Pathan, Mewás State Vaccinator, district West Khándesh, was granted privilege leave for sixteen days combined with leave without pay for twenty-four days from 24th January 1920.

No. 101.—Sakharam Anant, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, taluka Bassein, district Thána, was granted leave without pay from 1st to 10th February 1920 inclusive.

No. 102.—Mr. Hanmant Bhimaji Savadatti, Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, district Bijápúr, has been granted privilege leave from 28th April to 27th July 1920, and Mr. D. G. Pandit, Third Grade Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Dhárwár and Bijápúr District, has been appointed to act for him in addition to his own duties.

No. 103.—Yelgurd Govind, Candidate Vaccinator, district Dhárwár, was granted privilege leave from 13th November to 5th December 1919 inclusive.

No. 104.—Dattatraya Appaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, taluka Ankola, district Kánara, has been granted privilege leave from 2nd March to 9th July 1920 and Virupax Fakirappa, Candidate Vaccinator No. II of the same district, is appointed to act for him.

No. 105.—The probationary appointment made in Notification No. 114 of 5th May 1919 is hereby confirmed.

No. 106.—The probationary appointment of Dattatraya Appaji made in Notification No. 141 of 29th May 1917 is hereby confirmed.

No. 107.—Nawalsing Motumal, acting Public Vaccinator, Hyderabad Town, has been granted privilege leave from 3rd May to 2nd June 1920, and Candidate Tekumal Mommál is appointed to act for him.

H. M. H. MELHUISE, D.P.H.,

Lieut.-Colonel, I. M. S.,

Acting Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Bombay.

Poona, 17th May 1920.

BY THE SURGEON-GENERAL WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

No. A-1687.—Captain F. H. D. Netscher, I.M.D., has been appointed House Surgeon, Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital, Bombay, with effect from the forenoon of 1st May 1920.

W. E. JENNINGS, M.D., Major-General, I. M. S.,
Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay.

Poona, 13th May 1920.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

No. *Pow. S. R.*-10.—Mr. C. R. Deshpande, Head Karkun and Magistrate, Third Class, Ráhuri Táluka in the Ahmednagar District, is hereby invested with the following additional powers under schedule IV of the Criminal Procedure Code :—

- (a) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances (section 143).
- (b) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (c) Power to hold inquests under section 174.
- (d) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (section 190 (a) and (b)).

Camp Rájur, 7th May 1920.

No. *Mag. Pow. S. R.*-15.—Mr. Sitaram Vishnu Bhende, Acting Head Karkun Jámkhed and Magistrate of the Third Class, Pela Jámkhed, in the Ahmednagar District, is hereby invested with the following additional powers under schedule IV of the Criminal Procedure Code :—

- (a) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances (section 143).
- (b) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (c) Power to hold inquests under section 174.
- (d) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon Police reports [section 190 (a) and (b)].

C. W. A. TURNER,

Dated 7th May 1920.

District Magistrate, Ahmednagar.

No. *Mag.*—Mr. V. K. Nene, acting Head Karkun, táluka Rájapur, being under the authority of Government Notification No. 2833, dated 20th April 1899, Judicial Department, a Magistrate of the Third Class under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, is hereby invested with the following additional powers under the same Code :—

- (1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances (section 143).
- (2) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (3) Power to hold inquests, section 174.
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaints and upon police reports (section 190 (a) and (b)).

A. R. DALAL,

10th May 1920.

District Magistrate, Ratnágiri.

No. *Med. S. R.*-1/1.—For the purposes of Government Resolution, No. 3331, Financial Department, of 29th August 1906, as modified by Government Resolution, No. 3507, Financial Department, of 29th October 1910, the following villages in the Dhulia Táluka of the West Khándesh District are hereby declared to be infected with and free from plague with effect from the dates noted against each.

Name of village.	Date from which infected with plague.	Date from which free from plague.
Varkhedi	... 11th October 1919	... 14th November 1919.
Borkund	... 13th January 1920	... 6th March 1920.

A. M. MACMILLAN,

Camp Nawápur, 10th May 1920.

District Magistrate, West Khándesh.

No. *P. O. L.*-23.—In exercise of the powers given under rule 8 of rules framed under section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicle Act, VIII of 1914, and published in Government Notification No. 7712, dated 3rd December 1917, as amended by No. 2579, dated 16th March 1920, the following rates of fares and hire of motor cars and motor trucks running on the following roads in the Ahmedabad District approved by the District Magistrate, Ahmedabad, are published for general information:—

I.—Between Talod-Modása Road and Vice Versa.

Touring cars—

	Rs.	s.	p.
Fare for each passenger	...	...	...
	4	0	0

Motor trucks—

	Rs.	s.	p.
Fare for each passenger	...	...	...
	3	0	0

Fares for intermediate distances to be calculated at the rate of As. 2 per mile in case of touring cars and As. 1½ in case of motor trucks.

Children above 3 and under 12 to be carried at half the above rates. Children under 3 to be carried free.

Fares for return journey to be the same as above.

Luggage in personal custody of the passengers and not exceeding 10 seers in weight to be carried free. Luggage in excess of that amount to be carried at the rate of 6 pies per seer for any distance. Luggage not accompanied by a passenger to be charged at the rate of 6 pies per seer for any distance subject to a minimum charge of 4 annas.

NOTE.—Until further notice no car should exceed total weight of two tons.

II.—Between Dhandhuka and Ranpur.

From	To	Distance.	Fare for each passenger.		
			First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
		Miles.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Dhandhuka	... Kotda	... 4	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 4 9
"	... Gunjar	... 6	0 12 0	0 9 0	0 7 0
"	... Vagad	... 10	1 4 0	1 0 0	0 11 9
"	... Patana	... 12	1 8 0	1 3 0	0 14 0
"	... Nagnesh	... 16	2 0 0	1 9 0	1 2 9
"	... Kinara	... 18	2 4 0	1 12 0	1 5 0
"	... Ranpur	... 20	2 8 0	2 0 0	1 8 0
			} Fares to be increased by 4 annas in the rainy season from June 15th to October 15th.		
Seats.			Kochler Lorry.		Garford Lorry.
First Class	...	...	1		1
Second Class	...	...	6		7
Third Class	...	...	8		8

Children above 3 and under 12 to be carried at half the above rates. Children under 3 to be carried free.

Rates for the return journey to be the same as above.

Intermediate Passengers.

To villages on the road between Dhandhuka and Ranpur.

If they reserve seats, they must pay for the full journey.

If they take their chance of an empty seat, they should pay 4 annas less upto any place half way on the road. After half way, they should pay the full rate.

Passenger's Luggage.

Luggage in personal custody of passengers and not exceeding 30 pounds *Kacha*, 20 lbs. and 15 lbs. for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd classes respectively to be carried free. Luggage in excess of that amount to be carried at the rate of ¼ anna per pound for any distance. The proprietor should have power to refuse to take more than the free allowance.

Parcels—

Per 1 lb. 4½ pies, for silver 6 pies a pound.

Minimum charge 2 annas. For cash 7 pies a pound.

B. The two smaller cars (Ford and Adler).

The two smaller cars to run as specified cars by private agreement, or as ordinary cars in case of breakdown :—

Front seats	...	...	... First Class.
Back "	...	...	... Second Class.

Rates :—

	Rs. a. p.	
First Class	... 2 8 0	} Four annas extra in rains.
Second Class	... 2 0 0	

If specially reserved, Adler (5 seats) with driver Rs. 9 and Ford (7 seats) with driver Rs. 13 and in addition of Rs. 3 for the small cars in rains. In Adler 80 *Kacha* seers luggage free and in Ford 120 seers.

NOTE.—The service if unable to cross the river at Ránpur for four months (June 15th to October 15th) will run from the south bank of the river during that time.

The above fares will not apply to special cars privately hired on these routes.

Fares for all other journeys within the limits of Ahmedabad District will be a matter of private arrangement between the passenger and the owner of the motor vehicle or his agent.

Fare for detention of motor vehicles.

Aunas two for each five minutes.

Until further notice, the cars must cross the culvert near the railway overbridge at Ránpur unloaded.

G. E. CHATFIELD,

Ahmedabad, 11th May 1920.

District Magistrate, Ahmedabad.

No. Mag.-159.—Captain Holford Walker, M.C., First Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, Comm andant, Purandhar Cantonment, who by virtue of the Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 2229, dated 22nd March 1898, is an *ex-officio* Cantonment Magistrate of the Third Class within the limits of that Cantonment, is hereby invested with the following additional powers specified in the IV schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1898 (section 37, Criminal Procedure Code) :—

- (1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisance, section 143.
- (2) Power to make orders under section 144.
- (3) Power to hold inquests, section 174.
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaints and upon police reports [section 190 (1) (a) and (b)].

W. F. HUDSON,

Poona, 12th May 1920.

District Magistrate, Poona.

BY COLLECTORS.

No. M. E.-67.—In accordance with the provisions of section 42 of the Bombay Court of Wards Act (Bombay Act I of 1905), it is hereby notified that by an order of the Governor in Council made under section 40 (2) of the said Act (*vide* Government Order, Revenue Department, No. 381, dated 6th February 1920), the Court of Wards withdrew on 22nd April 1920 from the superintendence of the property of Babasáheb Bhujangrao Shitole of Nez in the Chikodi Táluka of the Belgaum District.

Dated 12th May 1920.

No. C. T. S.-10.—Whereas it appears to the Collector of Belgaum that the following Survey Numbers should, for the purpose of the City Survey of Athni town, be included within the limits of that town, the Collector of Belgaum hereby directs under section 126 of the Land Revenue Code that the hereinbelow mentioned Survey Numbers shall be included in the City Survey limits of Athni town for the said purpose :—

Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.			Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.		
	A.	g.	Rs.	a.	p.		A.	g.	Rs.	a.	p.
1389	26	19	21	0	0	1238	25	18	21	11	0
1235	1	22	2	0	0	1388	29	13	15	1	0
1236	7	29	11	0	0						
1229	1	38	0	8	6						
							92	19			

G. L. MACGREGOR,

Belgaum, 15th May 1920.

Collector of Belgaum.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

NORTHERN CIRCLE.

No. 367.—Mr. Madanlal Khanna, Probationary Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, posted to North Dangs Range in Surat Division took charge of his duties on 28th March 1920 in the forenoon.

C. GILBERT,

Násik, 11th May 1920.

Acting Conservator of Forests, N. C.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.

No. 5351-A.—Substantive *pro tem.*, Fourth Grade Prosecuting Inspector, Mahomadali Rahimanali Laiwala, General No. 684, of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, is granted privilege leave for one month and fifteen days with effect from the 17th March 1920 and Second (Acting First) Grade Prosecuting Sub-Inspector Ratilal Kalidas Trivedi, General No. 671, of the same railway, is appointed to act as Fourth Grade Prosecuting Inspector in addition to his own duties, vice Inspector Laiwalla on leave.

Poona, 4th May 1920.

L. ROBERTSON,
Inspector-General of Police.

BY THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

No. E.-2251.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. Mahadeo Keshav Joshi, B.A., Deputy Educational Inspector, Ratnágiri, on Rs. 250 per mensem, in this office Notification No. 12650, dated 6th December 1919, is extended by three months with effect from 2nd May 1920, and the present acting arrangement is allowed to continue during his absence on leave or pending further orders.

Poona, 15th May 1920.

J. G. COVERNTON,
Director of Public Instruction.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th May 1920.

No. E.-Misc.—The following notice by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, is republished:—

"QUALIFIED URDU TEACHERS.

ABBOTTABAD.

M. Q. Rahmat Ullah Khan, B.A., C/o M. Ramzan & Sons, Abbottabad.

ALLAHABAD.

M. Shaikh Mohammad Ismail—South Malaka, Allahabad.

M. Syed Mazhar-ul-Hussain—258A, Mubtashim Ganj, Allahabad.

M. S. Athar Husain Jafari—Head Maulavi, A. P. Mission High School, 257 Chak, Allahabad.

*M. Mohd. Ibrahim, Persian Teacher, Government High School, 38, Kydganj, Allahabad.

AMBALA.

M. Mohd. Akbar Khan Haidari—The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.

M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari—Oriental Lodge, Ambala.

M. Ohhote Lal—Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.

M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar.

M. Gulam Qadir—Karimullah's Compound, near H. M. High School, Ambala Cantonment.

M. Mohamed Khalil, Urdu Instructor, Mohalla Maimaran, Ambala City.

*M. M. Muzaffar Hamid Faruqi, Munshi Rasool Bakhsh Compound near Kali Bari.

*M. Rahmat Khan, Mir Munshi, Sadar Bazar, Ambala.

AMRITSAR.

M. Mahrudin—C/o Messrs. Karamdin Bros., Hall Bazar, Amritsar.

M. K. E. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry, Amritsar.

AMROHA.

M. Khwaja Amir Ahmad Ansary, Government High School, Amroha.

BANGALORE.

M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib—68, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).

*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali—Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

BANNU.

M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner, Bannu.

BAREILLY.

M. Hafizuddin Khan, B.A., Aqab Kotwali, Bareilly.

M. Basheer Ahmed, Bazaria Inayatganj (Old City).

M. Hadiyar Khan, Old City Saifani, Bareilly.

BARRACKPORE.

M. Nisar Ahmad Khan, 89, Baker Mahal.

BELGAUM.

Saiyid Mustafa, Kamat Galli.

BENARES.

M. Farzand Ali Khan—Regt. Munshi, C/o Dr. Abdul Karim Kammi, 11/36, Qasai Muhulla, Orderly Bazar.

BOMBAY.

M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, 668, Parel Road, Byculla, Bombay.

Mr. H. M. Anwar—Karelwadi, Thakurdwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.

Mr. Musa Younus Hakim—Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

*Mr. Mohd. Shafi Ahmed Mazhari, M.A., 668, Parel Road, Byculla, Bombay.

BUDAUN.

Mr. M. Abdul Salam—Birhampur, Budaun.

M. Sami Uddin Qadri—C/o M. Hamiduddin, Moulvi Tola, Budaun, U. P.

CALCUTTA.

M. A. M. F. Wahhab—Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, 14, Zakaria Street.

M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A.—4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley.

M. Abdul Badi—5, Ramsanker Roy Lane.

M. Abdul Habib Khan, 12, Jamadar Khan Lane, Balligunge.

M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, 8, Jamadar Khan Lane, Balligunge.

M. Abdul Wajid—106, Harrison Road.

M. Akmal Ali Akmal, 25, Nur Ali Lane, P. O. Entally.

M. Azherus Sadain, Teacher, Calcutta Madrasah, 138/1, Karaya Road.

M. Azizun Nabi Khan, 27, Karaya Bazar Road, Balligunge.

*M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A.—3, Elliot Lane.

M. Badru-z-Zaman—212/1, Linton Street.

M. Daliluddin Ahmed—41, Ice Factory Lane, Entally.

M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat—88/1, Baitak Khana Road, Amherst Street P. O.

M. Husain Mirza, 4/1, Collin Lane.

†M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A., M.F.—11, Colocolla Street.

M. Mohd. Azam—19, Tilzaja, 1st Lane, P. O. Balligunge.

M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya Ibrat—17/1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Balligunge.

M. Mohd. Israil Khan, 5, Doctor Karam Hossain Lane, Balligunge.

M. Mohd. Muslim, 12, Damzen's Lane, Chinapara.

M. Mohd. Quasim Khan—C/o H. A. Rahaman & Co., 44, Lower Chitpore Road.
 M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 7, Onrait 1st Lane, Entally P. O.
 M. Nizamuddin, 12, Damzen's Lane, Chinapara.
 M. Rashiduddin Ahmed Khan, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O.
 M. Raza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S.—2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Balligunge.
 M. S. E. Haque—69, Baker Hostel.
 M. S. M. Yunus, Baker Hostel, Calcutta Madrasah.
 M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi—41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O.
 M. Syed Abu Zafar—86, European Asylum Lane.
 M. Syed Hamiduddin Ahmed, 17-C, Elliott Hostel, Wellesley Sqr., Calcutta.
 M. Syed Nawab Ali—11, Colocotella Street.

CAWNPORE.

M. S. Abdul Ghani—Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
 M. S. M. Aminuddin—Regimental Munshi, 11th Machine Gun Battalion.
 M. Sheikh Abdul Rabb—Regimental Munshi, 117th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

DELHI.

M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Dolbi)—Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

DERA GHAZI KHAN.

M. M. Waris Ali Khan, 'Waris', Junior English Master, Government High School, Dera Ghazi Khan.

FEROZEPORE.

M. Suraj Narain, B.A.—Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
 M. Harnam Das—Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HAZARA.

M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), near Civil Dispensary, Manshra, Dist. Hazara.

HAPUR.

M. Aftab Ali—Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur, Dist. Meerut.
 M. S. Khurshed Ali, Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur P. O., District Meerut (U. P.).

HISSAR.

M. M. I. Jan Bukhari—C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Bhiwani, District Hissar.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).

M. Jamaluddin—Revenue Secretariat, H. E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHANSI.

*M. Mohd. Sadiq Ali, 39, Orchha Gate, Jhansi.
 M. Abdullah Khan, Officers' Munshi, Sadar Bazar, behind Kotwali.
 M. Nirmal Prasad Jain, Sadar Bazar.

JHELUM.

M. Thakur Das Pahwa—Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.
 M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi—Phurianwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE.

M. Abdul Rahim—Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
 M. Mohd. M. Haque—Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantonment.
 Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan—C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
 M. No. 534, Nk. Ghaus Ali Shah, School Master, 2-76th Punjabis, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR.

M. Karam Chand—C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Saddar Bazar, Jullundur Cantonment.
 M. Dharm Lal—C/o Oriental Book Depot, Jullundur.

KARACHI.

M. Anandram Thadamal—Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.
 M. Mukhtar Ahmad, Bari Bazar, Camp, Karachi.

KASAUJI.

M. Anand Sarup—Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KOHAT.

*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, Officers' Munshi, C/o Head Master, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.

KOLHAPUR.

Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni—112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE.

M. Sham Lal Bhargava—Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
 M. Mohd. Ishaq—Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
 M. M. Abdul Hamid—C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Mochi Gate, Lahore.
 M. Muhammad Din—Clerk, Signal Engineer's Office, Lahore.
 M. Abdur Rahman Ahmedi, C/o M. Nizamuddin Saheb, Kucha Rangrezan, Lohari Mandi, Lahore.
 M. Abdul Huq—C/o M. Abdul Hamid, Professor, Government College, Lahore.
 M. Brahmaand Aggarwal—Aggarwal Asram, Room No. 47, Lahore.
 M. Hakim Rashid Ahmad Khan—C/o Khan Bahadur N. Mohd. Nasiruddin Khan, Rais and Judge (Rtd.), Lahore.
 M. Abdul Hakim Khan—Nishtar, Arriaz.
 M. Aulad Ali Ghani, B.A., M.F., H.P.—Miran Shah Lane, Taksali Gate.
 M. M. Ghulam Haider Khan—Clerk, 37th Sanitary Section.
 M. Murtaza Ahmad Khan—Akhgar Durrani, Rewas Hostel.
 M. Mohd. Khalilur Rahman Sabri, Bhati Gate, Noor Mohalla, Lahore.
 M. M. Waris Ali Khan 'Waris', Central Training College, Lahore.

LUCKNOW.

M. Abdul Karim—C/o the 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
 M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain—Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
 †M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
 *M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), near Royal Hotel.
 M. Mohammed Musharraf Ali, Hewett Road, near Post Office, Lucknow.
 M. Zainul Abedin—Asst. Master, Islamia High School, Lucknow.
 *M. Abdul Hamid, Cook's Hospital, Ghusyari Mandi, Lucknow.
 M. S. Muzaffar Hussain 'Zaidi', C/o Maulana 'Soif', Molvi Ganj, Lucknow.
 M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, C/o Munshi Karim Khan, Chhitwapur, near Takya Langara Shah.
 *M. Aziz Mohd. Khan Afridi, 57, LaTouche Road.
 M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain—Regt. Munshi, 8th (K. R. I.) Hussars.
 M. S. R. Kapur, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Norfolk Regiment, Dilkusha Saddar Bazar, Lucknow.

LUDHIANA.

M. Kishori Lal Jethi—Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.
 M. Amar Nath Yogi, Professor of Oriental Languages, Ludhiana.

MADRAS.

M. Muhiuddin Hussain Sahib—15/16, Yathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.
 Saiyed Mahmud Padshah, General Collin's Road, Vepery.
 Saiyid Mazheruddin Ahmed, 15/16 Muktarunnisa Begam Street, Mount Road.

MEERUT.

M. Ahmad Bux—Regimental Munshi, 21st (Empress of India) Lancers.
 M. Mohamed Sarwar, Regimental Munshi, 12th Brigade, R. H. A., Lalkurti Bazar.

MHOW.

- Mr. Thomas Shah, son of Shaikh Mahomad Shah,
C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.
Mr. Syed Muhammad Umar, C/o Post Master,
Mhow.

MOZUFFERPORE.

- M. Mohd. Shuaib—Arabic Teacher, Zilla School,
Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.

- M. Sultan Mohammad—Regimental Munshi, Multan
Cantonment.
M. Sher Ali Khan Rind, House No. 634, Sudder
Bazar, Multan.
M. S. M. Ramzan Masrur, Cantonment School,
Multan.
M. Sahibzada Dost Mohd. Khan, Durrani, Chahwala
Hata of L. Jagannath, Sadar Bazar, Multan
Cantonment.
*M. Din Mohd. Khan 'Talib', Regimental Munshi,
2nd Battalion, The Buffs, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

- M. S. C. Bagchi—Munshi, Lawrence Government
European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.
M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din—Regimental Munshi, 2nd
North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
M. Bodh Raj—Regimental Munshi (summer only).
M. Abdul Karim Khan—Regimental Munshi, 2/4th
Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

MUSSOORIE—NAGINA.

- M. S. M. Sharafat Ali, C/o S. Riyaz Ahmad,
Mohalla Akabiran, P. O. Nagina, District
Bijnore.

NAINI TAL.

- M. Faqir Ulla—St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.
M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Tali Tal.

NASIK.

- M. Mohd. Arif, Officers' School of Instruction.
M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat, Officers' School of
Instruction.
*M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, Officers' School of
Instruction.
M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid, Officers' School of Instruc-
tion.

NASIRABAD.

- M. S. Sadiq Ali, Munshi Fazil, C/o Peerjee
Mohd. Ali, Sugar and Tea Merchant, Nasirabad
(Rajputana).

NOWSHERA.

- M. Sadal Mabud, Officers' Munshi, Nowshera City.
M. Ahmed Din—Regimental Munshi, 2nd Royal
Warwickshire Regiment, Saddar Bazar.

PATNA.

- †M. S. Fasihuddin Balkli—Bakshi Muhalla,
Patna City.

PESHAWAR.

- M. Abdur Rahim—Head Master, Islamia High
School, Peshawar.
M. Ajab Shah Anand—Officers' Munshi, Daki
Nama, Peshawar City.
M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi—Opposite General Post Office,
Saddar Bazar, Peshawar.
M. S. Ali Hussain Shah, Garhi Hazrat Karim Shah
Sahib Bukhari, Karimpura, Peshawar City.
M. H. S. Wajid Ali Shah, Mohalla Sayedan, Karim-
pura, Peshawar City.

POONA.

- M. S. Karim Baksh, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Bn.,
The Lincoln Regiment, Gharpuri, Poona.

QUETTA.

- M. Mohd. Rahim Shah—Urdu Instructor, Cadet
College.
Pt. Hirday Narayan—Urdu Instructor, Cadet
College.
M. S. Abdul Aziz—The King's Regiment, Quetta.
M. Syed Inam Ali—Mission Road, Quetta.

- M. Sher Mohamed—Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
M. Sita Ram Mehta—Babu Muhalla, near Arya
Samaj, Quetta.

- M. Jawala Prashad—Urdu Instructor, Cadet College,
Quetta.

- *M. S. Barkat Ali—Urdu Instructor, Cadet College,
Quetta.

- M. Dittu Ram—Urdu Instructor, Cadet College,
Quetta.

- M. Syed Hadi Hussain—Urdu Instructor, Cadet
College, Quetta.

- M. Syed Aulad Husain—Cadet College, Quetta.

- M. Jiya Lal, Cadet College, Quetta.

- M. Ram Kishan, Cadet College, Quetta.

- M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriy, Cadet College, Quetta.

- M. Mohd. Sarwar Khan Mirza, Persian Professor,
Government High School, Quetta.

RAWALPINDI.

- M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din—Regimental Munshi, 2nd
Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment,
Rawalpindi (winter only).

- M. Ghulam Rasul—Saddar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

- M. Bodh Raj—Regimental Munshi (winter only).

- †M. Fazl Elahi—C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo
Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.

- M. Mohd. Abdul Khalig—C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad,
Butcher's Street, Saddar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

- M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Professor of Oriental
Languages, Ihta Sultan, Rawalpindi City.

RISALPUR.

- M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan—Regimental Munshi,
Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

- M. Zafar Shah Bukhari—Head Clerk, Cantonment
Magistrate's Office.

ROORKEE CITY.

- M. Fazl-i-Haq—Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.

ROHTAK.

- M. Mohammad Akeeluddin, Fort, Rohtak.
M. Abrar Ali, Junior English Teacher, Government
High School, Rohtak.

SAUGOR.

- M. Rameshwar Dayal—Officers' Munshi, Sadar
Bazar, Saugor, C. P.

SATARA.

- M. I. B. Bhaldar—Officers' Munshi, 35, Rajapura
Satara City.

SIALKOT.

- M. Abdul Hamid Khan—Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate,
New Street, Sialkot.

- M. Ghulam Rasul Syed, Raja Street, Sialkot.

SIMLA.

- M. Abdul Latif, Urdu Instructor, C/o M. Mohamed
Buksh Sahib, Pleader, Lower Bazar.

SUBATHU.

- M. Amar Nath Varma—Officers' School of Instruc-
tion, Subathu.

- M. Anand Swarup—Officers' School of Instruction,
Subathu.

- M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman—Officers' School of
Instruction, Subathu.

- M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari—Officers' School of
Instruction, Subathu.

- *M. Habib Ullah, Syed—Officers' School of Instruc-
tion, Subathu.

- M. Mool Chand Saighal—Officers' School of Instruc-
tion, Subathu.

WELLINGTON.

- M. Abdul Majid Sharif Qureshi, Munshi, Cadet
College.

- S. Aftab Ali, Munshi, Wellington Market Post
Office, Victoria Villa.

M. Mohd. Muslim—Victoria Villa, P. O. Wellington Market, Nilgiri Hills.
 Muhammad Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Munshi, Cadet College.
 Mr. E. M. Emmanuel, Munshi, Cadet College.

QUALIFIED CANARESE TEACHER.

BANGALORE.

M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

QUALIFIED MARATHI TEACHERS.

EAST KHANDESH.

Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratanawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY.

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv Peth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 641, Budhwar Peth, Poona City.

*Mr. Pandurang Shamrao Bawle—847, Shukrawar Peth, Karaley's Wada, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.

M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.

SHOLAPUR.

Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

E. S. HARCOURT, MAJOR,
 Secy. and Member, Board of Examiners.

Calcutta, the 26th March 1920."

P. J. MEAD,

Chief Secretary to Government.

LATE NOTIFICATIONS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. K.-Misc.—The following notification by the Government of India, Finance Department, is republished:—

"No. 679-C.S.R., dated Simla, the 7th May 1920.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Finance Department.

The Government of India have had under consideration the question of improving the *maxima* and *minima* limits of leave allowances of officers whose leave is regulated by the Civil Service Regulations, and with the approval of the Secretary of State they are now pleased to prescribe the following *maxima* and *minima* for leave allowances of officers subject to the European and the Indian Service Leave rules:—

	Amount in sterling per month.	Amount in rupees per month.
(1) <i>Officers of the Indian Civil Service and Military Officers subject to Civil Leave Rules.</i>		
(i) During furlough on average salary—		
(a) Maximum	£222	Rs. 2,222 $\frac{3}{4}$
(b) Minimum	Nil.	Nil.
(ii) During ordinary furlough and special leave—		
(a) Maximum	£111	Rs. 1,111 $\frac{3}{4}$
(b) Minimum	£55 $\frac{1}{2}$	Rs. 555 $\frac{3}{4}$
	or the salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.	or the salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.
(iii) During furlough other than Ordinary—		
<i>Subsistence Allowance.</i>		
(a) For an officer of not more than 8 years' actual residence in India.	.....	Rs. 333 $\frac{1}{2}$
(b) For an officer of more than 8 but less than 12 years' actual residence in India.	.....	Rs. 426 $\frac{1}{2}$
(c) For an officer of 12 or more years' actual residence in India.	.....	Rs. 533 $\frac{1}{2}$

	Amount in sterling per month.	Amount in rupees per month.
(2) <i>Other officers subject to the European service leave rules.</i>		
(i) During furlough on average salary—		
(a) Maximum	£200	Rs. 2,000
(b) Minimum	Nil.	Nil.
(ii) During ordinary furlough and special leave—		
(a) Maximum	£100	Rs. 1,000
(b) Minimum when furlough or special leave is granted on grounds of ill-health.	£83 or $\frac{3}{4}$ ths of salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.	Rs. 333 $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ ths of salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.
(iii) During furlough other than ordinary—		
(a) Maximum	£60 or $\frac{1}{4}$ th of average salary, whichever is less.	Rs. 600 or one quarter of average salary, whichever is less.
(b) Minimum	£16 $\frac{1}{2}$ or 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.	Rs. 166 $\frac{1}{2}$ or 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.
(3) <i>Officers under the Indian service leave rules—</i>		
(i) During furlough or leave on private affairs and leave on medical certificate when the period does not exceed specified limits—		
(a) Maximum	£75	Rs. 750
(b) Minimum—		
When leave is granted on grounds of ill-health.	£25 or $\frac{3}{4}$ ths of the salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.	Rs. 250 or $\frac{3}{4}$ ths of the salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.
For non-gazetted officers whose salary is not less than Rs. 300 a month, even when leave is granted on other grounds.	.....	Rs. 168 $\frac{1}{2}$
(ii) During leave on medical certificate in excess of specified limits—		
(a) Maximum	£60 or one quarter of average salary, whichever is less.	Rs. 600 or one quarter of average salary, whichever is less.
(b) Minimum	£12 $\frac{1}{2}$ or 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of salary last drawn on duty, whichever is less.	Rs. 125 or 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of salary last drawn, whichever is less.
For non-gazetted officers whose salary is not less than Rs. 300.	.....	Rs. 84 $\frac{1}{2}$

2. The new maxima and minima will apply to leave allowances earned from the 1st January 1920. The rupee maximum for officers of the classes referred to in (1) and (2) of paragraph 1 above, who were on furlough on average salary before that date will be a sum which, converted into sterling at the rate at which sterling money orders are issued in India, will produce £200 a month when each month's allowance is drawn.

3. Where both sterling and rupee maxima or minima are prescribed, the rupee rate will be drawn by those officers only who actually spend their leave in India or in any other country in Asia, and the sterling rate in all other cases. Officers on leave on the date of this Resolution in any country out of Asia, who have been drawing their leave allowances in India, will however be allowed the benefit of the existing rupee rates until the end of the leave already granted to them.

NOTE.—[A certificate of residence should be furnished by officers who draw their leave allowances at the rupee rate, the procedure indicated in Article 864, Civil Service Regulations, being followed.]

4. Leave allowances of officers granted leave out of India will in future be stated in Last Pay Certificates in rupees only, fractions being omitted and the next higher rupee taken where the fraction exceeds $\frac{1}{2}$.

ORDERED that the Resolution be communicated to the several Departments of the Government of India (including the Financial Adviser, Military Finance and the Board of Munitions and Industries), all Provincial Governments and Minor Local Governments, the Comptroller and Auditor General, the Heads of Departments subordinate to the Finance Department, all Accountants General, the Comptroller, Assam, the Chief Auditors of State Railways and Government Examiners of Railway Accounts, the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services, the Examiner, Government Press Accounts, the Controller of War Accounts, the Audit Officer, Delhi Province, and the Examiner of Customs Accounts.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

(Signed) J. E. C. JUKES,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,

Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 1514.—It is notified for general information that the Dhárwár, Castle Rock and Kánara Sub-divisions of Salt and Excise have been reconstituted as shown below:—

Old charges.		Charges as reconstituted.	
Name of Sub-division.	Area.	Name of Sub-division.	Area.
Dhárwár ...	Dhárwár, Belgaum and Bijápur Districts.	Dhárwár ...	Dhárwár and Bijápur Districts.
Castle Rock ...	Goa Frontier (except the Kadra Beat) and the Haliyal Táluka and Supa Petha of the Kánara District.	Belgaum ...	Belgaum District and the Goa Frontier (excepting the Kadra Beat).
Kánara ...	Kánara District (except the Haliyal Táluka and the Supa Petha) and the Kadra Beat of the Goa Frontier.	Kánara ...	The whole of the Kánara District and the Kadra Beat of the Goa Frontier.

The headquarters of the Belgaum Sub-division will be at Belgaum and those of the other two sub-divisions will remain at Dhárwár and Kárwár.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,

Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. E.-Misc.-1260.—Ráo Sáheb B. R. Deshmukh acted as Huzúr Deputy Collector, Sholápur, from 17th February 1920 to 22nd March 1920, both days inclusive.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

P. J. MEAD,

Chief Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 960.—With reference to section 13, clause (2), of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. C. Rumboll, O.B.E., to act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay, vice Sir Lawless Hepper proceeded on leave.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,

Acting Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 2156.—Mr. E. R. Fern, Superintendent of Pottery, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for 6 months with effect from the 15th May 1920.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th May 1920.

No. 5646.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. H. Melhuish, D.P.H., I. M. S., on transfer to this Presidency, to be Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Sind Registration District, and to act as Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Bombay during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel W. O'S. Murphy, M.B., B.Ch. (R.U.I.), D.P.H. (Ire.), I. M. S., or pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. C. KER,
Acting Secretary to Government.