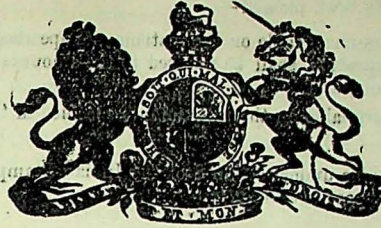


THE



Bombay Government Gazette.

Published by Authority

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THURSDAY, 21ST JUNE 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	Pages.		Pages.
Part I.—Government Notifications, Appointments, &c. 603—634		Part VI.—Government of India Bills.	
Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c. 635—639		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
Part I-A.—Notifications under the Bombay Local		Part VII.—Trade Returns, Bombay and Sind.....630—755	
Boards and District Municipal Acts .....53, 54		Part VIII.—Commissariat Notices .....104—105	
Part II.—Miscellaneous Notices and Advertisements....788—824		Part IX.—Maráthi Acts, &c.	
Part III.—Miscellaneous Supplements .....640—645		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
Part IV.—Acts passed by Government of India and		Part X.—Gujaráti Acts, &c.	
Government of Bombay.		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
<i>Not published this week.</i>		Part XI.—Canarese Acts, &c.	
Part V.—Proceedings of the Legislative Council.		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
<i>Not published this week.</i>		Part XII.—Hindustani Acts, &c.	
		<i>Not published this week.</i>	

PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th June 1894.

No. 5099.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished:—

“FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Simla, the 7th June 1894.

No. 2897-S.R.— Under section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the power to reduce or remit, whether prospectively or retrospectively, in the whole or any part of British India, the duties with which (a) any instruments, or (b) any particular class of instruments, or (c) any of the instruments belonging to such class, or (d) any instruments when executed by or in favour

of any particular class of persons, or by or in favour of any members of such class, are chargeable, the Governor General in Council has been pleased—

- (1) to direct that the duties chargeable on the instruments specified in the first column of the first schedule to this notification shall be reduced to the amounts respectively indicated in the second column of that schedule, and
- (2) to remit the duties chargeable on the instruments specified in the second schedule to this notification.

II.—All previous notifications under section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, are hereby cancelled, but not so as to affect their past operation.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Instruments on which Stamp-duty is reduced.

1	2
Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
1. <i>Agreement</i> executed for service or for performance of work in a coffee plantation in the Madras Presidency, Coorg or Mysore, when the advance given under the agreement does not exceed twenty rupees.	One anna.
2. <i>Charter party</i> containing a clause as to the payment of compensation in case of breach of the contract evidenced thereby.	One rupee.
3. <i>Instrument evidencing an agreement to secure the repayment of a loan made upon any mortgage of a crop, whether the crop is or is not in existence at the time of the mortgage.</i>	<p>(a) When the loan is repayable not more than three months from the date of the Instrument. Half the duty chargeable under the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 11 (b), on a Bill of Exchange for the amount secured.</p> <p>(b) When the loan is repayable more than three months, but not more than one year, from the date of the Instrument. The same duty as that chargeable under the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 11 (b), on a Bill of Exchange for the amount secured.</p>
4. <i>Instrument of gift of shares in a Company or Association</i>	The same duty as that chargeable under the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 60 (a), on a transfer of shares for a consideration equal to their value, as set forth in the instrument of gift.
5. <i>Instrument of partition</i> of land held on settlement for a period not exceeding thirty years and paying the full assessment to the Government.	Not to exceed the amount chargeable on a valuation of the land at five times the annual revenue.
6. <i>Power-of-attorney</i> of the kind specified in the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, Schedule I, Article 50 (b), when required in suits or proceedings under the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, XV of 1882.	Eight annas.
7. <i>Proxy</i> executed by a female, empowering any person to vote—	One anna.
(a) at any one election of members of a Local Board held under the provisions of the Bombay Local Boards Act (Bombay Act I of 1884), or	
(b) at any one election of Municipal Commissioners held under the provisions of the Bombay District Municipal Act Amendment Act (Bombay Act II of 1884).	

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Instruments exempted from Stamp-duty.

1. *Agreements—*

- (a) of the kind described in the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, XVII of 1879, section 43;
- (b) such written agreements with respect to enhancement of rent of ex-proprietary or occupancy tenants as are referred to in the North-Western Provinces Rent Act, XII of 1881, section 12, clause (a);
- (c) executed under the Indian Emigration Act, XXI of 1883, section 35, sub-section (1);

- (d) made under Act II of 1886 (*an Act for imposing a tax on income derived from sources other than agriculture*), section 9, sub-section (2);
- (e) respecting the occupancy of land, whether surveyed or not, and the payment of the land-revenue therefor, executed under the Bombay Land Revenue Code (Bombay Act V of 1879) or any rules made under that Act;
- (f) or declarations by which a tender made to an Executive Commissariat Officer is accepted as a contract when the deposit of the contractor as security for his contract is made in Government of India Loan Notes or in cash;
- (g) agreement papers passed by Commissariat contractors when their security deposits are transferred to a Savings Bank;
- (h) made with Railway Companies or Administrations for the conveyance of goods;
- (i) made with Railway Companies or Administrations, which purport to limit the responsibility of those Companies or Administrations as declared by the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, section 72, sub-section (1), and are in a form approved by the Governor-General in Council under sub-section (2) of that section;
- (j) or indemnity bonds given to Railway authorities by consignees (when the railway receipt is not produced) in respect of the delivery of articles carried at half parcels rates, namely, fresh fish, fruits, vegetables, bazar baskets, bread, meat, ice, and other perishable articles;
- (k) and security bonds required to be executed, under the rules to regulate appointments and promotions in the Provincial Forest Service, by students and their sureties previous to entry into the Forest School, Dehra Dun.

Articles of Association—

See clause 11 infra.

2. *Bills of Exchange—*

drawn in Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, or the Cantonment of Sikandarabad on which the full rate of stamp-duty has been paid there when the same are negotiated in British India.

3. *Bills of Lading—*

executed out of British India and relating to property to be delivered in British India.

4. *Bonds—*

Security-bonds—

- (a) taken, under the authority of the Government, from medical students of the Apothecary, Assistant Surgeon, and Hospital Assistant classes, and their sureties;
- (b) executed under No. 3-A of the rules made by the Governor of Bombay in Council under the Bombay Irrigation Act (Bombay Act VII of 1879), section 70.

See also clause 1 (j) and (k) supra.

5. *Cheques—*

drawn in Mysore, the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, or the Cantonment of Sikandarabad on which the full rate of stamp-duty has been paid there when the same are negotiated in British India.

6. *Copies or Extracts—*

- (a) copies of instruments which the Village Registrar has to deliver to the parties under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, XVII of 1879, section 58;
- (b) copies of, or extracts from, baptismal, marriage or burial registers certified by Government Chaplains, subsidised or unsubsidised Clergymen, or Diocesan Registrars, and granted to—
 - (1) soldiers, sailors, or non-commissioned or petty officers, or
 - (2) persons in needy circumstances, in whose favour Chaplains may exercise the discretionary power vested in them by Rule IV of Division III of the rules published under, Notification No. 103, dated the 20th June 1885, in the *Gazette of India* of the 27th idem, Part I, page 346:

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of any stamp-duty with which the copies or extracts might otherwise be chargeable.]

(c) copies of entries—

- (i) in the certified copies of registers given under the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, VI of 1886, section 8,
- (ii) in register books granted by any Registrar of Births and Deaths under the said Act section 25, or
- (iii) in registers and records given under the said Act, section 35, when applied for by a soldier, sailor, non-commissioned officer or petty officer;

- (d) copies or extracts certified by patwaris to be true copies of, or true extracts from, records or papers which they are required to prepare or keep by any rule made by the Chief Commissioner under the Central Provinces Land-revenue Act, XVIII of 1881, section 146, when the copy or extract is furnished by a patwari to a malguzar or tenant of or in the village with which the copy or extract is concerned.

7. *Debentures*—

- (a) debenture bonds issued by Joint Stock Company under the terms of a mortgage-deed making over in whole or in part the property of the Company to trustees for the benefit of the debenture-holders, and interest coupons attached to the said debentures ;
 (b) the debenture bonds of the loan of Rs. 20,00,000 raised by the Government of His Highness the Mahārāja of Mysore for the construction of a line of railway from Bangalore to Tiptoor when the said bonds are negotiated in British India ;
 (c) the debentures specified by date, number, and value in the appendix hereto :

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of any stamp-duty with which the debentures might otherwise be chargeable whether on issue, renewal, sub-division, or consolidation.]

8. *Instruments*—

- (a) executed for the purpose of securing the repayment of loans made or to be made under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884, or under Rule 147 of the rules framed under the Burma Land and Revenue Act, II of 1876 ;
 (b) in the nature of a memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, Executive Commissariat Officers by contractors ;
 (c) in the nature of a memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, the Ordnance Department, the Army Clothing Department, or the Public Works Department by contractors for the due performance of their contracts ;
 (d) executed by officers of the Government or their sureties to secure the due accounting for property received by those officers by virtue of their office ;
 (e) whereby proprietors and others in the Central Provinces engage with the Government for the maintenance and remuneration of patwaris ;
 (f) conveyances by endorsement of rights secured by instruments known as 'Sattas' (this clause applies only to the Central Provinces) ;
 (g) pattas granted by an officer of the Government or by any assignee of Government revenue in the Madras Presidency to holders of land under raiyatwar settlements ;
 (h) sanads of jágirs and other documents conveying lands granted to individuals by the Government otherwise than for a pecuniary consideration ;
 (i) of exchange executed by private persons when land is given by them for public purposes in exchange for other land granted to them by the Government :

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of the stamp duty which would otherwise be payable by private persons under section 29, clause (f), of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879.]

- (j) contracts executed in accordance with the provisions of the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, I of 1882, for service in Assam under the Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department or under District Committees constituted under the Assam Local Rates Regulation, III of 1879 ;
 (k) deed of dower executed on the occasion of a marriage between Muhammadans ;
 (l) evidencing an ordinary pawn transaction, where money is borrowed on the pledge of moveable property, and the sum borrowed does not exceed twenty rupees.

9. *Leases and Counterparts*—

- (a) leases granted by the Government under rules made under the Indian Forest Act, VII of 1878, section 31, or purporting to be so granted, of land situated in a protected forest in any of the following villages in the Akola Taluka of the district of Ahmednagar in the Presidency of Bombay, namely :—

Ambit,
Ghatghar,
Kumshet,

Loháli Kotul,
Pachnai,
Pánjré,

Sámrád,
Shingavádi,
Uddavné;

- (b) leases granted under rule 31 of the rules published by the Government of Bombay under the Bombay Land-revenue Code (Bombay Act V of 1879) ;
 (c) leases of fisheries granted under the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, III of 1889, section 32 ;
 (d) leases or counterparts thereof executed at the time of settlements made directly by the Government with existing occupants of land, whether zamindárs or tenants, and whether self-cultivating or not : provided that no fine or premium is paid in consideration of the lease.

10. *Letters*—

- (a) letter which a person depositing money in a District Savings Bank or Post Office Savings Bank as security to the Government or a local authority for the due execution of an office, or for the fulfilment of a contract, or for any other purpose, is required by the rules of the Savings Banks to address to the Secretary to the District Savings Bank or the Post Master in charge of the Post Office Savings Bank agreeing to special conditions with respect to the application and withdrawal of the money deposited and the payment of interest accruing due thereon :

‘Local authority’ in this clause means a municipal committee, district board, body of port commissioners, or other authority legally entitled to, or entrusted by the Government with, the control or management of a municipal or local fund ;

- (b) letter of authority or power-of-attorney executed for the sole purpose of authorising one or more of the joint holders of a Government security to give on behalf of the other or others of them, or any one or more of such other joint holders, a discharge for interest payable on such security or on any renewed security issued in lieu thereof.

11. *Memorandum and Articles of Association*—

of any Association registered under the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1832, section 26.

12. *Policy of Insurance*—

policies of life-insurance and contracts for monthly allowances granted by the Director General of the Post Office of India in accordance with the rules for Postal Life Insurance and Monthly Allowances issued under the authority of the Government of India.

13. *Powers-of-Attorney*—

- (a) furnished to relatives, servants, or dependents under the Dekkhan Agriculturists’ Relief Act, XVII of 1879, section 68 ;
- (b) executed in favour of lambardars or khatedárs by opium cultivators who do not attend personally to receive advances or to enter into contracts for the cultivation of opium.

See also clause 10 supra.

14. *Receipts*—

- (a) given by Mounted Police Constables on account of their pay and allowances ;
- (b) given by the addressee for deposits exceeding twenty rupees made for the payment of replies to telegraphic messages ;
- (c) endorsed by the payee on Postal Money Orders :

[N.B.—This exemption is in respect of any stamp-duty with which the receipts might otherwise be chargeable.]

- (d) given by Railway Companies or Administrations for fares for conveyance of passengers or goods, or both, or animals, and to such Companies or Administrations for refunds of overcharges made in respect of such fares ;
- (e) given for payment of interest on Government Promissory Notes ;
- (f) given by, or on behalf of, depositors in Post Office, District, Presidency, or State Railway Savings Banks or in the East Indian Railway Savings Bank for sums of money withdrawn from any of those Banks :

[N.B.—This exemption applies in all cases in which the receipts would otherwise be liable to stamp-duty.]

- (g) given by opium cultivators or their representatives and by lambardars and khatedárs in the Behar and Benares Agencies for money paid to them by the Government as advances for the cultivation of opium.

15. *Share Warrants*—

issued by a Company in pursuance of the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1832, section 30 :

This exemption is in respect of the duty specified in the Indian Companies Act, VI of 1832, section 35, and will only take effect upon payment, as composition for that duty, to the Collector of Stamp Revenue, of—

- (a) three-quarters per centum of the whole subscribed capital of the Company, or
- (b) if any Company, which has paid the said duty or composition in full, subsequently issues an addition to its subscribed capital, three-quarters per centum of the additional capital so issued.

APPENDIX.

Debentures referred to in clause 7 (c) of the Second Schedule supra.

1	2	3	4	5		
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.		
			Rs.	Rs.		
Municipality of Ahmedabad.	April 1, 1883 ...	1 to 240	500	1,20,000		
	September 1, 1884 ...	1 to 100		50,000		
	September 4, 1888 ...	1 to 800		4,00,000		
	November 1, 1889 ...	801 to 1120		1,60,000		
	April 1, 1890 ...	1 to 34		17,000		
	September 1, 1890 ...	35 to 68		17,000		
	October 1, 1893 ...	1 to 40		20,000		
	November 1, 1893 ...	41 to 440		2,00,000		
	Mar. and April, 1880	10,00,000	
	June 14, 1881		1 to 10	10,000	1,00,000
				11 to 70	5,000	3,00,000
	October 31, 1885		71 to 295	1,000	2,25,000
				296 to 445	500	75,000
November 5, 1885 ...	.....	050, 051	2,000	4,000	
		001 to 049, 056, 058, 059	1,000	52,000		
December 8, 1885 ...	.....	052 to 055	500	2,000	
		057		500		
December 22, 1885 ...	.....	060 to 064	500	2,500	
January 5, 1886 ...	.....	065		500	
March 23, 1886 ...	.....	066 to 068	2,000	6,000	
April 19, 1886 ...	.....	166, 167	5,000	10,000	
		069 to 116, 171 to 180	1,000	58,000		
June 3, 1886 ...	.....	117 to 165, 168 to 170	500	26,000	
		265	1,000	1,000		
June 10, 1886 ...	.....	193 to 197	5,000	25,000	
		253 to 255, 257 to 264	2,000	22,000		
June 17, 1886 ...	.....	353 to 377, 379, 380	1,000	27,000	
		181 to 192, 553 to 579	500	19,500		
July 15, 1886 ...	.....	198 to 200	5,000	15,000	
		381	1,000	1,000		
August 12, 1886 ...	.....	580, 581	500	1,000	
		382 to 385	1,000	4,000		
August 19, 1886 ...	.....	582 to 584	500	1,500	
		585	500	500		
December 7, 1886	586 to 589		500	2,000	
December 21, 1886	590 to 601	500		6,000	
January 11, 1887	602		500	500	
January 18, 1887	603	500		500	
January 25, 1887	386		1,000	1,000	
		387 to 390	1,000		4,000	
April 19, 1887	224		500	1,000	
		213, 214, 217 to 223, 225 to 227, 241 to 246	500		9,000	
April 19, 1887	201 to 203		5,000	15,000	
		228 to 237	2,000	20,000		
April 19, 1887 ...	.....	204 to 212, 215, 216, 238 to 240	1,000	14,000	
April 19, 1887 ...	.....	402	500	500	

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.
Trustees of the Port of Bombay —continued.	April 26, 1887 ... {	267 to 285	1,000	19,000
		403 to 420	500	9,000
	June 17, 1887 ... {	266		500	500
	July 5, 1887 ... {	286	1,000	1,000
	July 28, 1887 ... {	615 to 618	1,00,000	4,00,000
		605 to 613	5,000	45,000
		455 to 483	1,000	29,000
	August 1, 1887 ... {	502 to 552, 604	500	26,000
		550 to 552	1,00,000	3,00,000
		001 to 015, 046 to 050, 156 to 195	5,000	3,00,000
		537, 538	2,000	4,000
	August 1, 1887 ... {	016 to 035, 051 to 070, 081 to 105, 196 to 205, 506 to 514, 517 to 526, 539 to 549	1,000	1,05,000
		036 to 045, 071 to 080, 106 to 155, 206 to 505, 515, 516, 527 to 536	500	1,91,000
	October 1, 1887 ... {	247 to 252, 287 to 352, 378, 391 to 401, 440 to 454	1,000	99,000
		256, 421 to 439, 484 to 501	500	19,000
	April 1, 1889 ... {	001 to 030	10,000	3,00,000
		031 to 056	1,000	26,000
		057 to 104	500	24,000
	August 1, 1889 ... {	176	63,000	63,000
		146 to 155	10,000	1,00,000
156 to 175, 177 to 197, 203 to 222 198 to 202, 223 to 262		5,000	3,05,000	
August 8, 1889 ... {	263	5,000	5,000	
	264 to 273	2,000	20,000	
	274 to 293	1,000	20,000	
	294 to 303	500	5,000	
November 1, 1889 ... {	316 to 348	5,000	1,65,000	
	390 to 394	2,000	10,000	
	304, 306 to 314, 349 to 377, 395 to 404, 415 to 424	1,000	59,000	
November 1, 1889 ... {	305, 315, 378 to 389, 405 to 414	500	12,000	
	425 to 474	5,000	2,50,000	
April 1, 1890 ... {	475 to 514	500	20,000	
June 1, 1890 ... {	515 to 522		4,000	
September 15, 1890 ... {	001 to 032, 034, 035	10,000	3,40,000	
	036 to 041	5,000	30,000	
	914 to 918	2,000	10,000	
	033	1,500	1,500	
	012 to 056, 067 to 071, 700 to 799, 919 to 928, 1039 to 1088	1,000	1,80,000	
057 to 065, 072 to 699, 800 to 913, 929 to 1038, 1089 to 1103	500	4,38,500		
November 22, 1892 ... {	001 to 020, 196 to 210, 1046 to 1055, 1138 to 1157, 1419 to 1438.	10,000	8,50,000	
	021 to 060, 1439 to 1458	5,000	3,00,000	
	1459 to 1483	2,000	50,000	
	1484 to 1583	1,000	1,00,000	
	1584 to 1589	500	3,000	

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.
Trustees of the Port of Bombay —continued.	November 23, 1892.	211 to 295	5,000	4,25,000
		061 to 135, 186 to 195	1,000	85,000
		136 to 185, 1590 to 1683	500	72,000
	November 24, 1892...	296 to 752, 734 to 795	1,000	4,99,000
	November 25, 1892.	1373 to 1417	5,000	2,25,000
		1418	2,500	2,500
	November 28, 1892.	1122 to 1137	25,000	4,00,000
		1056 to 1059, 1158 to 1177, 1206 to 1225, 1353 to 1372, 1684 to 1723, 1836 to 1840	5,000	5,45,000
		1060 to 1069	2,000	20,000
		733, 1070 to 1089, 1120, 1121, 1178 to 1204, 1226 to 1332, 1724 to 1773, 1841 to 1854, 2053 to 2117, 2170 to 2179, 2240 to 2249	1,000	3,26,000
		796 to 1045, 1090 to 1119, 1205, 1774 to 1835, 1855 to 2052, 2180 to 2239	500	3,00,500
	November 30, 1892.	2350 to 2400, 2534 to 2548	5,000	1,30,000
		2590 to 2604	2,000	30,000
		2118 to 2145, 2401 to 2420, 2605 to 2624	1,000	68,000
	December 1, 1892...	2146 to 2169, 2250 to 2389, 2421 to 2533, 2549 to 2589, 2625 to 2633	500	1,63,500
		2713 to 2717	10,000	50,000
		2728, 2729, 2757 to 2760, 3071 to 3079	5,000	75,000
		2696, 2730 to 2739	2,000	22,000
December 5, 1892...	2697 to 2703, 2718 to 2727, 2740 to 2753, 2761, 2762	1,000	33,000	
	2704 to 2712, 2754 to 2756, 2763 to 2986, 3080	500	1,18,500	
	3181 to 3191	2,000	22,000	
December 6, 1892...	2634 to 2683, 3008 to 3057, 3081 to 3180, 3193 to 3202	1,000	2,10,000	
	2684 to 2695, 2987 to 3007, 3058 to 3070, 3192, 3203 to 3285, 3318 to 3332, 3343 to 3355	500	79,000	
	3363 to 3366	5,000	20,000	
December 7, 1892...	3286 to 3317, 3342, 3356 to 3362, 3455 to 3531	1,000	29,000	
	3579 to 3608	500	58,500	
December 9, 1892...	3387 to 3454, 3532 to 3554, 3555 to 3562, 3609 to 3644, 3692 to 3703, 3711 to 3718, 3753 to 3779, 3796 to 3801, 3803 to 3807, 3833 to 3902, 3907 to 3956, 3958 to 3982, 3998 to 4072	1,000	30,000	
	3719 to 3727	500	2,07,500	
	3728	25,000	2,25,000	
	3730	20,000	20,000	
	3729	15,000	15,000	
	3563, 3569, 3731	10,000	10,000	
	3645 to 3649, 3732, 3733	5,000	15,000	
	3,000	21,000		

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.
Trustees of the Port of Bombay —concluded.	December 9, 1892...	3734, 3735	2 500	5,000
		3564, 3570, 3736 to 3738, 4206	2,000	12,000
		3739 to 3740	1,500	3,000
		3565 to 3568, 3571 to 3573, 3650	1,000	1,91,000
		to 3658, 3662 to 3666, 3741 to		
		3743, 3748 to 3751, 3823 to		
		3832, 3903 to 3906, 3957, 3983		
		to 3997, 4073 to 4076, 4078 to		
		4086, 4098 to 4169, 4207 to		
		4209, 4214 to 4258		
December 12, 1892.	3659 to 3661, 3667 to 3691, 3760	3706 to 3710	1,000	5,000
		to 3795	500	22,000
December 17, 1892 ...	4171 to 4199, 4285		1,000	30,000
September 10, 1867...	1 to 700			3,50,000
April 14, 1868 ...	1 to 2246			11,23,000
August 14, 1868 ...	701 to 1230			2,65,000
November 1 and December 1, 1878.	364 to 5388			25,12,500
July 1, 1885 ...	1 to 14A, 1 to 886B, 1 to 102E, 1 to 320J, 1 to 7478NN			44,00,000
January 1, 1886 ...	1 to 3400			17,00,000
November 1, 1887 ...	3401 to 9000			28,00,000
December 1, 1887 ...	9001 to 9400			2,00,000
January 1, 1888 ...	1 to 1200			6,00,000
February 1, 1888 ...	1 to 1400			7,00,000
July 1, 1888 ...	1201 to 2400			6,00,000
August 1, 1888 ...	9401 to 11000			8,00,000
October 1, 1888 ...	11001 to 12600			8,00,000
November 1, 1888 ...	1 to 444, 12601 to 14400			11,22,000
January 10, 1889 ...	445 to 729			1,42,500
February 1, 1889 ...	730 to 741			5,000
July 1, 1889 ...	742 to 2017			6,38,000
November 15, 1889 ...	14401 to 18279			19,39,500
December 15, 1889 ...	18280 to 19179			4,50,000
January 1, 1890 ...	1 to 170			85,000
January 15, 1890 ...	19180 to 19400		500	1,10,500
February 1, 1890 ...	171 to 182			6,000
March 15, 1890 ...	183 to 188			3,000
April 1, 1890 ...	485 to 492			4,000
April 24, 1890 ...	189 to 338			75,000
May 9, 1890 ...	339 to 484			73,000
July 1, 1890 ...	493 to 496			2,000
August 29, 1890 ...	19401 to 21400			10,00,000
August 30, 1890 ...	21401 to 22400			5,00,000
September 9, 1890 ...	22401 to 23600			6,00,000
September 20, 1890 ...	23601 to 23800			1,00,000
September 22, 1890 ...	23801 to 24000			1,00,000
September 23, 1890 ...	24001 to 24200			1,00,000
September 24, 1890 ...	24201 to 24400			1,00,000
September 25, 1890 ...	1401 to 1880			1,00,000
September 26, 1890 ...	1 to 1400, 1881 to 2000			2,40,000
October 1, 1890 ...	6801 to 6825			7,60,000
October 16, 1890 ...	2001 to 3000			12,500
November 14, 1890 ...	3001 to 6800			5,00,000
January 1, 1891 ...	6826 to 6376			19,00,000
February 1, 1891 ...	6877 to 6888			25,500
March 1, 1891 ...	6889 to 6894			6,000
April 1, 1891 ...	6895 to 6902			3,000
				4,000

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.
Municipality of the City of Bombay —continued.	July 1, 1891 ...	6903 to 6967	} 500	32,500
	October 1, 1891 ...	6968 to 6992		12,500
	December 24, 1891 ...	24401 to 29400, 1 to 1600		33,00,000
	January 1, 1892 ...	6993 to 7000		4,000
Municipality of Broach.	October 1, 1884 ...	46	5,000	5,000
		41	4,000	4,000
		80	3,500	3,500
		1, 2	2,500	5,000
		13, 35, 81 to 88	1,000	10,000
		40	600	600
		3 to 12, 14, 15, 27, 28, 36 to 39,	500	23,000
		42 to 45, 47 to 49, 60 to 79, 89		
		29, 30, 50 to 59	200	2,400
		16 to 26, 31 to 34	100	1,500
	July 13, 1881 ...	6 to 55	10,000	5,00,000
		1 to 5, 56 to 115	5,000	3,25,000
		116 to 240	1,000	1,25,000
		241 to 340	500	50,000
	April 1, 1883 ...	11 to 40, 747 to 756	10,000	4,00,000
		51 to 150, 261, 262, 473 to 477,	5,000	8,60,000
		502 to 531, 732 to 746, 857 to 876		
		151 to 250	2,000	2,00,000
		263 to 362, 478 to 492, 501, 532	1,000	3,16,000
		to 631, 757 to 856		
		1 to 10, 41 to 50, 251 to 260, 363	500	2,24,000
		to 472, 493 to 500, 632 to 731, 877 to 1076.		
		3159	10,000	10,000
		1 to 60, 2879, 2880, 2897 to 2908,	5,000	6,65,000
		3033 to 3052, 3122 to 3124,		
		3147 to 3149, 3190 to 3192, 3576 to 3605		
Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.	February 15, 1886	3152	2,500	2,500
		3007, 3013, 3014	2,000	6,000
		61 to 80, 2873 to 2878, 2881 to 2896,	1,000	12,35,000
		2944, 2964 to 2968, 3008 to 3010, 3015, 3018, 3020, 3053 to 3116, 3150, 3151, 3154 to 3158,		
		3160 to 3169, 3183 to 3189,		
		3199, 3394 to 3518, 3606 to 3759		
		861 to 1610, 2861 to 2872, 2925,	500	5,12,000
		2926, 2969 to 2971, 3011, 3012, 3016, 3017, 3019, 3021 to 3024,		
		3030 to 3032, 3125 to 3146,		
		3153, 3170 to 3176, 3178 to 3182,		
		3193 to 3198, 3240 to 3253, 3304 to 3393, 3760 to 3859		
		1611 to 2860, 2945 to 2963, 2972	100	1,41,300
		to 3006, 3025 to 3029, 3117 to 3121, 3177, 3200 to 3239, 5254		
		to 3303, 3860 to 3867		
		3519 to 3526	} 10,000	80,000
		3527 to 3545		1,90,000
3546	8,000			
	June 1, 1886 ...	3547	200	200
		3548 to 3562	10,000	1,50,000
	July 1, 1886 ...			

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.
Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta.	Previous to the year 1869.	46,99,600
		In the year 1878	6,50,000
	January 1, 1883 ...	219, 455, 696, 926, 927	5,000	25,000
		463	1,500	1,500
		8 to 109, 216, 217, 220 to 222, 230 to 266, 456 to 461, 464, 481 to 549, 697 to 699, 707 to 709, 857 to 925, 928 to 931	1,000	2,99,000
	April 1, 1883 ...	1 to 7, 110 to 215, 218, 223 to 229, 267 to 454, 462, 465 to 480, 550 to 695, 700 to 706, 710 to 856, 932 to 955	500	3,25,000
		7 to 16	10,000	1,00,000
		1 to 6, 17 to 36	5,000	1,30,000
	August 1, 1883 ...	37 to 86, 123, 124	1,000	52,000
		87 to 122	500	18,000
57		10,000	10,000	
February 1, 1885 ...	48 to 53	5,400	5,400	
	41 to 43	5,000	30,000	
	55	4,000	12,000	
Municipality of Calcutta.	1 to 15, 27 to 40, 44, 45	2,400	2,400	
	16 to 26, 46, 47, 56	1,000	31,000	
	566 to 600	500	7,000	
Municipality of Calcutta.	45, 176 to 179, 190 to 195, 430, 431, 501 to 505	10,000	1,80,000	
	196 to 210, 265, 266, 288 to 293, 296 to 339, 370, 414 to 416, 420 to 429, 432 to 441, 506 to 525,	5,000	7,30,000	
	14	4,000	4,000	
February 1, 1885 ...	15, 16, 136, 155, 442 to 448, 449* to 451, 462 to 471, 526 to 540, 601 to 650	2,000	1,78,000	
	753	1,500	1,500	
	500	1,200	1,200	
February 1, 1885 ...	5 to 7, 38, 39, 42, 116 to 118, 126 to 130, 134, 135, 139 to 142, 144 to 154, 156 to 159, 180 to 188, 211 to 230, 241, 243, 249 to 259, 261 to 264, 267 to 270, 276, 279 to 283, 340 to 369, 374 to 378, 417, 418, 452 to 461, 472 to 486, 541 to 555, 651 to 700, 755,* 756,* 757 to 803	1,000	2,67,000	
	17	700	700	
	295	600	600	
September 1, 1885 ...	1 to 4, 8 to 13, 18 to 37, 40, 41, 43, 44, 46 to 115, 119 to 125, 131 to 133, 137, 138, 143, 160 to 175, 189, 231 to 240, 242, 244 to 248, 260, 271 to 275, 277, 278, 284 to 287, 294, 371 to 373, 379 to 413, 419, 487 to 499, 556 to 565, 701 to 732, 754	500	1,39,000	
	1011 to 1030, 1067, 1812	10,000	2,20,000	
	1053	9,000	9,000	
Corporation of the Town of Calcutta.	1052, 1065	8,000	16,000	
	1050, 1058, 1071	7,000	21,000	

* Numbers 755 and 756 (for Rs. 1,000 each) were issued in lieu of No. 449 (for Rs. 2,000) by sub-division.

1	2	3	4	5		
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.		
			Rs.	Rs.		
Corporation of the Town of Calcutta —continued.	September 1, 1885.	1051	6,500	6,500		
		1063	5,500	5,500		
		871 to 1010, 1047, 1055, 1075, 1149 to 1152, 1161, 1190 to 1197, 1821, 1824, 1825, 1872	5,000	8,00,000		
		1845	4,000	4,000		
		1054, 1059	3,500	7,000		
		1069, 1072, 1166	3,000	9,000		
		1057, 1062, 1070	2,500	7,500		
		1031, 1060, 1066, 1846	2,000	8,000		
		1 to 450, 1032, 1033, 1036 to 1043, 1045, 1046, 1048, 1056, 1061, 1074, 1076 to 1108, 1119 to 1148, 1153, 1154, 1156, 1157, 1162 to 1164, 1167 to 1170, 1175 to 1184, 1198 to 1205, 1215 to 1222, 1232 to 1266, 1268 to 1619, 1803 to 1809, 1811, 1813 to 1819, 1826 to 1830, 1839 to 1844, 1857 to 1869, 1873 to 1876, 1878 to 1882, 1893 to 1917, 1948	1,000	10,27,000		
		451 to 870, 1034, 1035, 1044, 1049, 1064, 1068, 1073, 1109 to 1118, 1155, 1158 to 1160, 1165, 1171 to 1174, 1185 to 1189, 1206 to 1214, 1223 to 1231, 1267, 1620 to 1802, 1810, 1820, 1822, 1823, 1831 to 1838, 1847 to 1856, 1870, 1871, 1877, 1883 to 1892, 1918 to 1947, 1949	500	3,59,500		
		Municipality of Chip- Inn, in the district of Ratnágiri.	February 1, 1883 ...	1 to 300	100	30,000
		Coimbatore District Board.	December 1, 1893...	I-A., I-B.	5,000	10,000
				II-A., II-B.	2,000	4,000
				III-A., III-B.	1,000	2,000
		Municipality of Coor- noor.	April 1, 1886 ...	1 to 14	500	7,000
Municipality of Cud- dapah.	September 30, 1887	8, 10	10,000	20,000		
		9, 11, 12	5,000	15,000		
		13 to 20	1,000	8,000		
		1 to 7, 21 to 26	500	6,500		
		27 to 31	100	500		
Karáchi Harbour Board.	June 22, 1881 ...	17	3,000	3,000		
		18 to 67	2,000	1,00,000		
		74 to 78, 99 to 198	1,000	1,05,000		
		1 to 16, 68 to 73, 79 to 98	500	21,000		
		199 to 213, 246 to 257, 264 to 288 214 to 245, 258 to 263	1,000	52,000 19,000		
April 1, 1885 ...	1 to 577	500	2,88,500			
Karáchi Port Trust.	March 1, 1893 ...	984 to 1033	10,000	5,00,000		
		292 to 357, 396 to 400, 864 to 983	5,000	9,55,000		
		144	1,500	1,500		
		1 to 50, 111 to 135, 145 to 149, 230 to 239, 358 to 363, 664 to 863	1,000	2,96,000		
		51 to 110, 136 to 143, 150 to 229, 240 to 291, 364 to 395, 401 to 663	500	2,47,500		

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.
Municipality of Karáchi.	July 1, 1884 ... } January 1, 1885 ... }		.....	1,11,500
		July 1, 1887 ...	1 to 600	500	3,00,000
	June 1, 1893 ... }	636 to 655	5,000	1,00,000
		635	2,000	2,000
		634	1,500	1,500
		274 to 633	1,000	3,60,000
	December 8, 1879 ... }	1 to 273	500	1,36,500
			
	March 15, 1882 ... }	01 to 30	5,000	1,50,000
		10 to 215	2,500	1,00,000
10 to 185		1,000	55,000	
01 to 90		500	45,000	
May 15, 1883 ... }	01 to 10	10,000	1,00,000	
	01 to 26	5,000	1,30,000	
	01 to 67	1,000	67,000	
	01 to 195		3,000	
September 18, 1885 ... }	01 to 36	500	18,000	
	01 to 36			
Municipality of Madras.	October 15, 1885 ... }	01 to 20	5,000	1,00,000
		01 to 20	2,000	10,000
		01 to 20	1,000	1,08,000
		01 to 120	500	60,000
		01 to 10	100	4,000
December 15, 1887 ... }	31 to 46	5,000	80,000	
	21 to 30	1,000	10,000	
	1 to 20	500	10,000	
November 1, 1888 ... }	11 to 20	10,000	1,00,000	
	1 to 10	5,000	50,000	
January 16, 1890 ... }	1	1,00,000	1,00,000	
	2	70,000	70,000	
January 16, 1891 ... }	1	27,000	27,000	
	2	20,000	20,000	
	3 to 5	1,000	3,000	
Municipality of Madras.	May 18, 1885 ...	1	10,000	10,000
	October 15, 1886 ... }	3	19,500	19,500
2		7,500	7,500	
Municipality of Nadiád.	September 6, 1890 ...	1 to 50	100	5,000
	October 4, 1890 ...	51 to 100		5,000
Municipality of Ootacamund.	November 15, 1884 ... }	01 to 20	1,000	20,000
		01 to 50	500	30,000
	November 15, 1886 ... }	01 to 31	5,000	5,000
		01 to 31	500	5,000
November 15, 1893 ...	1 to 7	1,000	7,000	
Municipality of Pen, in the district of Kolába.	March 1, 1885 ...	1 to 20	500	10,000
Port Commissioners of Rangoon.	December 21, 1887 ...	0,00,001 to 0,00,178 0,00,179	5,000 4,041	8,90,000 4,041

1	2	3	4	5	
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.	
			Rs.	Rs.	
		1 to 8, 30 to 37, 59 to 66, 88 to 95, 117 to 124, 146 to 153, 175 to 182, 204 to 211, 233 to 240, 262 to 269, 291 to 298, 320 to 327, 349 to 356, 378 to 385, 407 to 414, 436 to 443, 465 to 472, 494 to 501, 523 to 530, 552 to 559, 581 to 588, 610 to 617, 639 to 646, 668 to 675, 697 to 704, 726 to 733, 755 to 762, 784 to 791, 813 to 820, 842 to 849, 871 to 878, 900 to 907, 929 to 936, 958 to 965, 987 to 994, 1016 to 1023, 1045 to 1052, 1074 to 1081, 1103 to 1110, 1132 to 1139	5,000	16,00,000	
		9 to 22, 38 to 51, 67 to 80, 96 to 109, 125 to 138, 154 to 167, 183 to 196, 212 to 225, 241 to 254, 270 to 283, 299 to 312, 328 to 341, 357 to 370, 386 to 399, 415 to 428, 444 to 457, 473 to 486, 502 to 515, 531 to 544, 560 to 573, 589 to 602, 618 to 631, 647 to 660, 676 to 689, 705 to 718, 734 to 747, 763 to 776, 792 to 805, 821 to 834, 850 to 863, 879 to 892, 908 to 921, 937 to 950, 966 to 979, 995 to 1008, 1024 to 1037, 1053 to 1066, 1082 to 1095, 1111 to 1124, 1140 to 1153	1,000	5,60,000	
Municipality of Ran- goon.	July 20, 1887	23 to 29, 52 to 58, 81 to 87, 110 to 116, 139 to 145, 168 to 174, 197 to 203, 226 to 232, 255 to 261, 284 to 290, 313 to 319, 342 to 348, 371 to 377, 400 to 406, 429 to 435, 458 to 464, 487 to 493, 516 to 522, 545 to 551, 574 to 580, 603 to 609, 632 to 638, 661 to 667, 690 to 696, 719 to 725, 748 to 754, 777 to 783, 806 to 812, 835 to 841, 864 to 870, 893 to 899, 922 to 928, 951 to 957, 980 to 986, 1009 to 1015, 1038 to 1044, 1067 to 1073, 1096 to 1102, 1125 to 1131, 1154 to 1160	500	1,40,000	
Town Municipality of Ratnágiri.	January 1, 1881	1 to 120	250	30,000	
Municipality of Sátára.	March 1, 1881	1 to 200	500	1,00,000	
	February 1, 1882	201 to 395		97,500	
	April 1, 1882	396 to 400		2,500	
	October 1, 1883	401 to 600		1,00,000	
	November 10, 1884	1 to 561		56,100	
	November 24, 1884	562 to 661	100	10,000	
	December 4, 1884	662 to 701		4,000	
	December 15, 1884	702 to 721		2,000	
	December 20, 1884	722 to 751		3,000	
Municipality of Simla.	January 2, 1885	752 to 821		100	7,000
	January 17, 1885	822 to 891			7,000
	January 24, 1885	892 to 961			7,000
	January 30, 1885	962 to 1,001			1,000
	February 17, 1885	1,002 to 1,001			3,000
	February 20, 1885	1,002 to 1,021			1,000
	March 13, 1885	1,022 to 1,041	3,000		
		1,042 to 1,041			3,000

1	2	3	4	5
By whom issued.	Date of Debenture.	Number of Debenture.	Value of each Debenture.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.
Municipality of Sukkur.	June 21, 1894 ...	1 to 130	500	65,000
	July 10, 1894 ...	131 to 140		5,000
	July 13, 1894 ...	141 to 152		6,000
	July 15, 1894 ...	153 to 162		5,000
	July 17, 1894 ...	163 to 174		6,000
	July 27, 1894 ...	175 to 184		5,000
	July 30, 1894 ...	185 to 204		10,000
	August 2, 1894 ...	205 to 212		4,000
	August 3, 1894 ...	213, 214		1,000
	August 5, 1894 ...	215 to 257		21,500
	August 9, 1894 ...	258 to 285		14,000
	August 13, 1894 ...	286 to 295		5,000
	August 14, 1894 ...	296 to 337		21,000
	September 10, 1894 ...	338 to 397		30,000
September 12, 1894 ...	398, 399	1,000		
September 14, 1894 ...	400	500		
Municipality of Surat.	November 1, 1889 ...	1 to 200	500	1,00,000
	December 1, 1889 ...	201 to 400		1,00,000

(Signed) STEPHEN JACOB,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

Bombay Castle, 15th June 1894.

No. 5142.—Whereas it appears to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a Murum quarry for the use of the Public Works Department, in the village of Wada Mirya in the Ratnágiri Taluka of the Ratnágiri District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land described below is required within the aforesaid village of Wada Mirya:—

Serial No.	Name of Holder.	Area.	Boundaries.			
			East.	South.	West.	North.
1	Bapu Raja Sawant.	The whole of Falni No. 44 of Survey No. 198, measuring 13 gunthas, bearing assessment of pies 6.	The road leading to the Mirya Bandar.	Falni No. 45 of Survey No. 198.	Falni No. 39 of Survey No. 198.	Falni No. 43 of Survey No. 198.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

Bombay Castle, 18th June 1894.

No. 5221.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878, and in continuation of the Notifications quoted in the margin, the Governor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to make the following Rules, and to direct that they shall be inserted as Rules 19A and 24A respectively in the Rules made under the said section and published under Government Notification No. 4472A, dated 3rd June 1885, at pages 704

to 715 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated 4th idem:—

19A. Notwithstanding anything contained in Rule 19, hydrochlorate of morphia and codeia manufactured in the Gházipur Opium Factory may be imported into Bombay in quantities not exceeding 300 lbs. in the case of hydrochlorate of morphia, and 50 lbs. in the case of codeia, under a pass in Form B under the signature of the officer in charge of the said factory.

24A. Notwithstanding anything in Rules 23 and 24, hydrochlorate of morphia and codeia imported into Bombay from the Gházipur Opium Factory may be exported from the Port of Bombay in consignments not exceeding at any one time 300 lbs. in the case of hydrochlorate of morphia, or 50 lbs. in the case of codeia.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 5256.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council on the report of the District Magistrate, Surat, that in the local areas hereinbelow specified, subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on the land and damage crops or other produce thereon; the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after 15th July 1894 for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first-mentioned section which may be seized within any of the said local areas and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in the exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local areas hereinbelow specified, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall, on and after the date specified in the first paragraph of this Notification be read as if it had reference also to kine, goats, sheep, asses and buffaloes instead of to pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local areas above referred to.

Bárdoli, Kadode, Sarbhon and Mota, táluka Bárdoli, Surat District.

No. 5262.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to Government Notification No. 9197, dated 22nd November 1893, published at page 1145 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 24th idem, Part I, to declare the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forest in the Dindori Táluka of the Násik District from the 21st August 1894:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g.
Vilwandi	136	17 14
	141	15 5
	142	12 14
	480	0 20½

No. 5265.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to Government Notification No. 9867, dated 16th December 1892, published at page

1238 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 22nd idem, Part I, to declare the land specified in the schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forest in the Dindori Táluka of the Násik District from the 21st August 1894:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		Gunthas.
Dahivi	56	32½

No. 5269.—His Excellency the Governor in Council, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is hereby pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, that the area specified below, which in Notification No. 4F, dated the 1st March 1879, was declared to be Reserved Forest under Section 34 of that Act, shall cease to be Reserved Forest with effect from the 1st August 1894:—

Specification of Land disforested.

District.	Táluka.	Village.	Survey No.	Area.
				A. g.
Thána	Dáhnú	Kankradi	65	114 9
		Vaki	225 Part of 216	78 32 43 39½
		Vanai	Part of 126	6 28
				244 98½

Boundaries.

Survey No. 65 of Kankradi.

North—Boundary of Nadhar village.

South—Survey Nos. 2, 31, 30 hamlet and Nos. 29, 28, 25, 18 and 19.

East—Boundary of Saravli village.

West—Boundary of Dáhnú village.

Survey No. 225 of Vaki.

North—Boundary of Kahinad village.

South—Survey No. 219.

East—Nála.

West—Survey Nos. 48, 228, 45 and 44.

Part of Survey No. 246 of Vaki.

North—Boundary of Kahinad village.

South—Survey Nos. 86, 87, 212, 88, 218, 82, 74, 75, 77, 68, 69, 70 and 210.

East—Part of Survey No. 246.

West—Nála.

Part of Survey No. 126 of Vanai.

North—Survey No. 11.

South—Survey No. 11.

East—Part of Survey No. 126.

West—Survey No. 11.

No. 5275.—His Excellency the Governor in Council, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is hereby pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, that the area specified below, which in Notification No. 12F, dated the 1st March 1879, was declared to be Reserved Forest under Section 34 of that Act, shall cease to be Reserved Forest with effect from the 1st August 1894:—

Specification of Land disforested.

District.	Táluka.	Village.	Survey No.	Area.
Sátára	Koregaon	Nhave Budruk, Chimangaon.	Part of 139.	54 29
			Part of 186.	18 27
			Part of 186.	3 30
			Part of 389.	11 9
	Khatáv	Ner	Part of 487.	18 19
			Part of 131.	10 33
Wái	Anowdi	Part of 22.	13 30	
Jávi	Yekiv	Total	131 26	

Boundaries.

Part Survey No. 139 of Nhave Budruk.

North—Part Survey No. 139.

South—Road to Sáp.

East—Survey Nos. 201, 202 and Wái.

West—Survey Nos. 187 and 179.

Part Survey No. 186 of Chimangaon.

North—Survey No. 187.

South—Survey No. 348.

East—Part Survey No. 186.

West—Survey No. 190.

Part Survey No. 186 of Chimangaon.

North—Part Survey No. 186.

South—Survey No. 389 and road to Pandharpur.

East—Boundary of Ner.

West—Part Survey No. 186.

Part Survey No. 389 of Chimangaon.

North—Pandharpur road.

South—Part Survey No. 389.

East—Boundary of Ner.

West—Survey No. 352.

Part Survey No. 487 of Ner.

North—Survey No. 488.

South—Mhárwáda.

East—Gaonthán.

West—Part Survey No. 487.

Part Survey No. 131 of Anowdi.

North—Part Survey No. 131.

South—Survey No. 125 and Part Survey No. 131.

East—Part Survey No. 131.

West—Part Survey No. 131.

Part Survey No. 22 of Yekiv.

North—Survey Nos. 60, 61, 68 and 69.

South—Survey Nos. 26 to 30.

East—Part Survey No. 22.

West—Part Survey No. 22.

No. 5278.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the Wái-Wáthár road, in the village of Wáthár, táluka Koregaon of the Sátára District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land as shown below are required within the aforesaid village of Wáthár:—

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Land required to be taken up.		East.	West.	North.	South.
		Area.	Assessment.				
		A. g.	Rs. a. p.				
Wáthár	269	1 0	4 4 1	Stream	Part of Survey No. 269 in possession of Malu bin Ball.	Boundary of Pimode	Wái - Wáthár road.
Do.	271	0 18	1 13 2	Do.	Wái - Wáthár road.	Wái - Wáthár road.	Survey No. 270.
		1 18	6 1 3				

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th June 1894.

No. 3993.—The Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of clauses (d), (e), (f), (j), (l), (m), (n), (o) and (p) of Section 61 of Bombay Act IV of 1890 to the village of Talegaon Dhamdhara in the Sirúr Taluka of the Poona District.

Bombay Castle, 15th June 1894.

No. 4121.—The Governor in Council is pleased to extend Section 61, clause (f), of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, to the following local area in the Surat District:—

The road leading from the Hope Bridge at Surat to Bhátha for a distance of half a mile from the western end of the said bridge.

Bombay Castle, 19th June 1894.

No. 2443.—It is hereby notified that the undermentioned Convicts who have escaped from Port Blair are still at large, and that a reward of Rs. 100 will be paid by this Government for information leading to the recapture of each of the Convicts:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22						
Port Blair number.	Serial number.	Jail register number.	Name of Prisoner.	Father's name and trade or occupation.	Caste.	Religion.	Town or Village.	Pargana or Taluka.	District or Province.	Trade or Profession.	Whether able to read and write, and what language.	Crime.	Date of sentence.	Period of sentence.	Date of expiry of sentence.	By what Court sentenced.	Age.	Feet.	Inches.	Measurement from tip to tip of middle finger with arms extended at right angles to body.	Crucial measurements.	Personal description.	Previous convictions, with section of Penal Code or other law, and date and period of sentence.	Surgeon's report.	Remarks.		
12805 B.	1	1558	Bahiri.	Arjun, Cultivator.	Marathia.	Hindu.	Begil.	Chaudgad Mahál.	Belgaum.	Cultivator.	Nil.	Murder, Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	6th January 1893.	Transportation for life, 20 years.	5th January 1913.	Sessions Judge of Belgaum.	30	5	3½		1 foot 7½ inches.		A distinct mark of vaccination on each arm. Several brand marks on the abdomen of marking nut. Two scars on the back side of the left forearm, sizes 8 annas and 4 annas, above 4" from the wrist. Irregular scar behind the left thigh, 1½ x 3" in size, 7" above the knee joint.		He had been convicted and sentenced under Section 223 of the Indian Penal Code as per entry on the P. H. Sheet.	Health—good.	Escaped 24th March 1894.
12812 B.	1	885	Bombala bin Gopal Guru.	Gopal Guru, Cultivator.	Bhark Guru.	Hindu.	Kumbhavada.	Rajapur.	Batnagiri.	Cultivator.	Unable.	Robbery and Murder, sections 392 and 302, Indian Penal Code.	23rd June 1893.	3 years' rig. im. and transportation for life.	.....	Sessions Court, Ratnagiri.	40	5	5½		1 foot 9 inches.		A broad on left fore hand below elbow. A scar on left brow. Mark of marking-nut above navel; a mole above right navel.		One. Section 379, Indian Penal Code, January 1893; 15 days' simple imprisonment.	Health—good.	Escaped from prison when under trial. A suspicious character; requires careful watching.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 3717.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information :—

"FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 15th June 1894.

No. 1085-E.—The following papers, together with the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia, are published for general information :

No. 159 (Revenue), dated India Office, London, the 30th November 1893.

From—The Secretary of State for India,

To—The Government of India.

I forward for Your Excellency's information copy of the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia of July 10th, 1893, and would direct your attention to the provisions of Article VI.

2. Further copies of the Treaty will be supplied in the usual way as a Parliamentary Paper.

TREATY OF COMMERCE BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND SERVIA.

SIGNED AT BELGRADE, ^{June 28} July 10, 1893.

Ratifications exchanged at Belgrade, October 4th, 1893.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, and His Majesty the King of Servia, being equally animated with the desire of consolidating their ties of friendship and of developing the commercial relations between the two States, have with this object determined to conclude a Treaty, and have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, Edmund Douglas Veitch Fane, Esq., her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of Servia.

And His Majesty the King of Servia, His Excellency M. André Nikolitch, his Minister for Foreign Affairs ;

Who, after having communicated to each other their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles :

ARTICLE I.

There shall be full and entire freedom of commerce and navigation between the countries of the High Contracting Parties.

The subjects, vessels, and goods, produce of the soil and industry of each of the High Contracting Parties, shall enjoy in the dominions of the other all rights, privileges, immunities, or advantages whatever which are actually enjoyed, or may hereafter be enjoyed, in the said dominions by the subjects, vessels, and goods, produce of the soil and industry of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE II.

All articles produce of the soil or industry of Great Britain and Ireland which shall be imported into Servia, and all articles produce of the soil or industry

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Impératrice des Indes, et Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie, également animés du désir de consolider leurs liens d'amitié et de développer les rapports commerciaux entre les deux Etats, ont résolu de conclure à cet effet un Traité, et ont nommé pour leurs Plénipotentiaires, savoir :

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Impératrice des Indes, M. Edmund Douglas Veitch Fane, son Envoyé Extraordinaire et Ministre Plénipotentiaire près Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie ;

Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie, Son Excellence M. Andra Nikolitch, son Ministre des Affaires Etrangères.

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué leurs pleins pouvoirs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des Articles suivants :

ARTICLE I.

Il y aura pleine et entière liberté de commerce et de navigation entre les pays des Hautes Parties Contractantes.

Les sujets, les navires, et les marchandises, produits du sol et de l'industrie de chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes, jouiront dans les territoires de l'autre de tous, les droits, privilèges, immunités, ou avantages quelconques dont jouissent actuellement ou jouiront à l'avenir, dans ces territoires, les sujets, les navires, et les marchandises, produits, du sol et de l'industrie de la nation la plus favorisée.

ARTICLE II.

Tous les objets, produits du sol ou de l'industrie de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, qui seront importés en Serbie, et tous les objets produits du

of Servia which shall be imported into Great Britain and Ireland, whether destined for consumption, warehousing, re-exportation, or transit, shall be subjected as long as this Treaty holds good to the same treatment as, and especially shall be liable to no higher or other duties than, the produce or goods of the most favoured nation.

No higher or other duties shall be levied in Great Britain and Ireland on the exportation of goods to Servia, or in Servia on the exportation of goods to Great Britain and Ireland, than may be levied on the exportation of the like goods to the country the most favoured in this respect.

Each of the High Contracting Parties therefore undertakes that the other shall enjoy immediately and unconditionally every favour, privilege, or reduction of duties which has been already granted, or may be granted hereafter, in the abovenamed respects to a third Power.

Goods of all kinds coming from or proceeding to the territory of one of the High Contracting Parties shall be exempted in the territory of the other from all transit dues. Most-favoured-nation treatment is mutually guaranteed to each of the High Contracting Parties in all that concerns transit.

It is understood that the provisions of the present Article do not apply to such special facilities and privileges as have been or may hereafter be conceded by Servia to the neighbouring States with respect to the local traffic between their conterminous frontier districts.

ARTICLE III.

It is agreed that as regards cost of transport and all other facilities, Servian goods transported over British railways and British goods transported over Servian railways shall be treated in exactly the same manner as the goods of the nation the most favoured in this respect.

ARTICLE IV.

The subjects of each of the two High Contracting Parties shall be exempted in the territory of the other from all military service and from all extraordinary requisitions which may be established on account of exceptional circumstances.

The liabilities, however, arising out of the possession of landed property, and for military loans and requisitions to which all the subjects of the State may be called upon to contribute as proprietors or tenants of real property, shall be excepted.

ARTICLE V.

The subjects of the two High Contracting Parties shall in the dominions of other enjoy the same protection and be subject to the same conditions as native subjects, or subjects of the most favoured nation, in regard to the right of property in trade-marks, names of firms, and other distinctive marks showing the origin or quality of goods, as well as in patterns and designs for manufacture.

sol ou de l'industrie de la Serbie qui seront importés dans la Grande-Bretagne et l'Irlande, destinés soit à la consommation, soit à l'emmagasinage, soit à la réexportation, soit au transit, seront soumis pendant la durée de ce Traité au même traitement et nommément, ne seront passibles de droits ni plus élevés ni autres que les produits ou les marchandises de la nation la plus favorisée.

A l'exportation pour la Serbie il ne sera perçu en Grande-Bretagne et en Irlande et à l'exportation pour la Grande-Bretagne et l'Irlande, il ne sera perçu en Serbie d'autres ni plus élevés droits de sortie qu'à l'exportation des mêmes objets pour le pays le plus favorisé à cet égard.

Chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes s'engage donc à faire profiter l'autre immédiatement et sans condition de toute faveur, de tout privilège ou abaissement de droits qu'elle a déjà accordés ou pourrait accorder par la suite, sous les rapports susmentionnés, à une tierce Puissance.

Les marchandises de toute nature provenant du territoire de l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes ou y allant, seront exemptes, dans les territoires de l'autre, de tous droits de transit. Le traitement de la nation la plus favorisée est réciproquement garanti à chacune des Parties Contractantes pour tout ce qui concerne le transit.

Il est entendu que les dispositions du présent Article ne s'appliquent point aux facilités, et privilèges spéciaux, qui ont été ou qui pourront être accordés par la Serbie aux Etats voisins, par rapport au trafic local entre leurs districts frontières limitrophes.

ARTICLE III.

Il est convenu que, en ce qui regarde les frais de transport et toute autre facilité, les marchandises Serbes, transportées, sur les chemins de fer Serbes, seront traitées exactement de la même manière que les marchandises de toute autre nation la plus favorisée sous le dit rapport.

ARTICLE IV.

Les ressortissants de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes seront exemptes, dans le territoire de l'autre, de tout service militaire et de toutes réquisitions extraordinaires qui seraient établies par suite de circonstances exceptionnelles.

Sont toutefois exceptées les charges qui sont attachés à la possession d'un bien fonds, ainsi que les prestations et réquisitions militaires auxquelles les nationaux peuvent être appelés à se soumettre, comme propriétaires, fermiers, ou locataires d'immeubles.

ARTICLE V.

Les sujets de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes jouiront dans les Etats de l'autre de la même protection et seront assujettis aux mêmes obligations que les nationaux ou les sujets de la nation la plus favorisée, par tout ce qui concerne la propriété soit des marques de fabrique et de commerce, des noms commerciaux ou d'autres marques particulières indiquant l'origine ou la qualité des marchandises, soit des modèles et dessins industriels.

ARTICLE VI.

The present Treaty shall be applicable, as far as the laws permit, to all the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, excepting to those hereinafter named, that is to say, except to—

India.
The Dominion of Canada.
Newfoundland.
New South Wales.
Victoria.
South Australia.
Western Australia.
Queensland.
Tasmania.
New Zealand.
The Cape of Good Hope.
Natal.

Provided always that the present Treaty shall be made applicable to any of the abovenamed Colonies or foreign possessions on whose behalf notice to that effect shall have been given by Her Britannic Majesty's Representative at Belgrade to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Her Majesty the King of Servia within two years from the date of the signature of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE VII.

The present Treaty shall be ratified and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Belgrade as soon as the formalities prescribed by the Constitutional Laws of the Contracting States have been observed.

It shall remain in force from the date of the exchange of the ratifications until the 31st December 1903. In case neither of the two High Contracting Parties should have notified twelve months before the end of the said period the intention of putting an end of it, it shall remain binding until the expiration of one year from the day on which either of the High Contracting Parties shall have denounced it.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty, and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at Belgrade the tenth day of July (the twenty-eighth day of June) one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

(L.S.)

EDMUND D. V. FANE.

(L.S.)

AND. NIKOLITCH.

ARTICLE VI.

Le présent Traité s'appliquera, en tant que les lois le permettent, à toutes les Colonies et possessions étrangères de Sa Majesté Britannique à l'exception de celles ci-après dénommées à savoir—

Les Indes.
Le Canada.
Terre-Neuve.
La Nouvelle-Galles du Sud.
Victoria.
L'Australie du Sud.
L'Australie Occidentale.
Queensland.
La Tasmanie.
La Nouvelle-Zélande.
Le Cap.
Natal.

Le présent Traité deviendra applicable à l'une des Colonies ou des possessions étrangères susmentionnées si, en leur nom, notification à cet égard est faite par le Représentant de Sa Majesté Britannique à Belgrade au Ministre des Affaires Étrangères de Sa Majesté le Roi de Serbie, dans l'intervalle de deux ans à partir de la signature du présent Traité.

ARTICLE VII.

Le présent Traité sera ratifié, et les ratifications en seront échangées à Belgrade, aussitôt après l'accomplissement des formalités prescrites par les Lois Constitutionnelles des États Contractants.

Il sera exécutoire à partir du jour de l'échange des ratifications jusqu'au 31^{er} Décembre, 1903. Dans le cas où aucune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes n'aurait notifié, douze mois avant la fin de la dite période, son intention d'en faire cesser les effets, il demeurera obligatoire jusqu'à l'expiration d'une année, à partir du jour où l'une ou l'autre des Hautes Parties Contractantes l'aura dénoncé.

En foi de quoi les Plénipotentiaires respectifs ont signé le présent Traité et y ont apposé leurs cachets.

Fait à Belgrade, en double original, le 10 ^{Juillet} 1893, 28 ^{Juin}

(L.S.)

EDMUND D. V. FANE

(L.S.)

AND. NIKOLITCH.

No. 692-R. & S., dated India Office, London, the 7th May, 1894.

Demi-official from—SIR C. E. BERNARD, K.C.S.I., Secretary, Revenue and Statistics, India Office:
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

With reference to the letter from the Government of India, No. 43, Finance and Commerce, of the 28th February last, on the subject of the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia, I am directed to forward copy of correspondence with the Foreign Office showing that effect has been given to the suggestion of the Government of India that the Treaty should be made applicable to that country.

To Foreign Office, dated 12th April 1894.
From Foreign Office, dated 2nd May 1894.

No. 318-R. & S., dated India Office, London, the 12th April 1894.

From—SIR J. A. GODLEY, K.C.B., Under-Secretary of State for India ;
To—The Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

With reference to previous correspondence terminating with the Foreign Office letter of the 10th November, 1893, I am directed by the Secretary of State for India in Council to forward, for submission to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and for such action as may be considered necessary, copy of a despatch from the Government of India suggesting that the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia ratified in October 1893 be made applicable to India.

Finance and Commerce No. 43, dated 28th February 1894.

With paragraph 2, Finance and Commerce letter from India No. 233, dated 6th September, 1892.

No. 398-94, dated Foreign Office, London, the 2nd May 1894.

From—The Hon'ble F. L. BERTIE, Senior Clerk, Foreign Office ;
To—The Under-Secretary of State for India.

With reference to your letter of the 12th ultimo, I am directed by the Earl of Kimberley to state to you, for the information of Mr. Secretary Fowler, that Her Majesty's Minister at Belgrade reports that he has notified in due form to the Servian Government the accession of the Government of India to the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia which was signed at Belgrade on 28th June—10th July, 1893.

No. 43, dated Calcutta, the 28th February, 1894.

From—The Government of India,
To—The Secretary of State for India.

We have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's despatch No. 159 (Revenue), dated the 30th November, 1893, forwarding copy of the Treaty of Commerce between Great Britain and Servia ratified in October 1893.

2. With reference to the provisions of Article VI, we beg to suggest, for reasons similar to those stated in paragraph 2 of our despatch No 233, dated the 6th September, 1892, relating to the Convention with Roumania for the protection of Trade-marks, that the Treaty with Servia be made applicable to India.

(Signed) W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 2046.—Under Section 25 of Act XXVI of 1881, entitled the Negotiable Instruments Act, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the following day to be additional public holiday in the Poona District for the year 1894 :—

Valara Saturday, 22nd September.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th June 1894.

No. 45.—The following Notice to Mariners issued by the Port Officer, Madras, on the 23rd May 1894, is published for general information :—

"INDIA—WEST COAST.

On the re-exhibition of the light at Kundapur on September 15th, 1894, the colour will be changed from fixed red to fixed white. If possible the light will also by that date be moved to a site on the opposite side of the Harbour entrance. On this point a further notice will issue."

Bombay Castle, 13th June 1894.

No. 46.—The following information received from the Collector and Political Agent, Koiāba, is published for general information:—

“The red buoy on the north side of the ‘Whale reef’ off Rājpurī Point at the entrance of the Janjira Harbour was removed for the south-west monsoon on the 30th May 1894.”

No. 47.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

“INDIA—WEST COAST.

Information has been received from the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and A'bkāri that the undermentioned buoys on the coast between Alibāg and Vengurla have been removed for the south-west monsoon on the dates noted against them:—

Alibāg buoy on the 24th May 1894.

Bānkot buoys on the 20th May 1894.

Anjanvel buoy on the 16th May 1894.

Ambulgad Reef buoy (Jaitāpur) on the 21st May 1894.

Chaldea Rock buoy on the 18th May 1894.

Johnstone Castle buoy on the 31st May 1894.

Mālvān Harbour buoys on the 31st May 1894.”

Bombay Castle, 15th June 1894.

No. 48.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 10 of Act VI of 1891, to appoint J. Sanders Slater, Esq., B.A., Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, W. Wilson, Esq., Superintending Engineer, P. & O. S. N. Company, and James Bowack, Esq., Superintendent, Bombay and Persian S. N. Company, to

conduct an investigation into the circumstances attending a casualty on board the S. S. “Mahanadi,” which resulted in the loss of three lives.

2. The investigation will be held at the Esplanade Police Court.

Bombay Castle, 16th June 1894.

No. 49.—Under the provisions of Section 47 of the Indian Ports Act X of 1889 His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that when a vessel enters the Port of Bombay but does not discharge or take in any cargo or passengers therein (with the exception of such unshipment and reshipment as may be necessary for purposes of repairs) she shall be charged with a port due at half the rate with which she would otherwise be chargeable.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM, Brig.-General,
Secretary to Government.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
(RAILWAY.)**

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 12.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

“No. 247, dated the 12th June 1894.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (s) of the second schedule to the Indian Railways Act (IX of 1890), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the following articles shall be added to the said schedule, namely, Narcotic preparations of hemp.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. O. SELBY,
Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.*Bombay Castle, 16th June 1894.*

No. 2258.—The following telegram from the British Consul, Alexandria, dated 15th instant, is published for general information:—

“Egyptian Ports have imposed Quarantine on arrivals from Hongkong on account of plague.”

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 2317.—In exercise of the power conferred by Act I of 1870, the following Rules for Quarantine against Plague have been made by the Government of Bombay, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council: they have since from the 15th instant in the Ports of Aden, Perim and the Somali Coast as a temporary measure:—

I.—The Commander of every vessel, including buggalows or other native craft, arriving from Hongkong shall, before entering the harbour, indicate by signal the port from which such vessel has come.

- II.—Such Commander shall not, except as hereinafter provided, allow any communication, either with the pilot boat, except orally, or with the shore, or with any other vessel or boat in the harbour.
- III.—Immediately on any such arrival being signalled, the Health Officer of the Port shall go alongside the vessel and ascertain by enquiry from the Commander whether any person on board is suffering, or has during the voyage suffered, from plague, and if the Health Officer is satisfied by such enquiry that no person on board is suffering, or during the voyage has suffered, from plague, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage duly appointed and notified in that behalf by the Resident, there to remain for a period of seven days from the date of arrival in the harbour. The Health Officer shall also direct the Commander to prohibit, during the period for which the vessel remains at the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid, all communication, except such as is hereinafter provided for between such vessel and the shore, or other vessels and boats in the harbour.
- IV.—If the Health Officer shall have reason to believe at the time when the vessel arrives in the harbour that any person on board is suffering, or during the voyage has suffered, from plague, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid, and there to remain for a period of fifteen days from the day of arrival in the harbour; and shall further direct that during such fifteen days, intercourse between the said vessel and the shore or other vessels and boats in the harbour shall be prohibited as provided in Rule III.
- V.—If during the period a vessel is at the quarantine anchorage aforesaid any case or cases of plague should occur on board, the said vessel shall remain in quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of the last case occurring, and be subject to all the prohibitions provided for in Rules III and IV.
- VI.—When any vessel has been placed in quarantine as aforesaid, the Health Officer may direct the removal of so many of the passengers and crew as may not be suffering from illness, and whose services may not be required on board the vessel, to such particular spots as may from time to time be selected by the Resident as places of quarantine, there to remain for a period of seven days, or if the vessel has been placed in quarantine for fifteen days, for a period of fifteen days. If a case of plague occurs among such passengers and crew during any such period, they shall remain in a place of quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of the occurrence of the last case of such illness.
- VII.—Any mails or cargo which may be brought by any vessel so arriving shall be landed under such precautions as the Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.
- VIII.—It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels in quarantine of such supplies of provisions, stores and other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessels in quarantine to be subsequently removed by members of their crews.
- IX.—All vessels arriving at Aden, Perim and the Somali Coast, which may have communicated with vessels coming from Hongkong shall be subjected to the same quarantine as vessels arriving at Aden, Perim and the Somali Coast from Hongkong.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL ORDERS

By the Right Honourable the
Governor in Council.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th June 1894.

No. 302.—In G. O. G. No. 199 of 1893, for
“and Sikandar Khan” read “and provisional
Jamádár Sikandar Khan.”

Bombay Castle, 18th June 1894.

No. 303.—The following revised description of
the Military limits at Sâtára is published for
general information in supersession of G. O. G.
No. 676, dated 14th November 1853 :—

Block of European Infantry Barracks.

Pillar No. 1 is situated at the junction of the two roads, one
of which runs south of the Gymkhána ground and the other
from the Dairy farm on the west side of the road leading from
the Barracks—

Bearing to the N.-E. corner of No. 1 Barrack, 220° 0',
distance 587 feet.

Bearing to the N.-W. corner of No. 25 Patchery, 152° 30',
distance 1,200 feet.

Bearing to the N.-W. corner of the hut in Dairy farm, 92° 0',
distance 464 feet.

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
1 to 2	From Pillar No. 1 the boundary runs west and along the road lying north of the Gymkhána ground to Pillar No. 2.	275° 15'	200
2 to 3	From Pillar No. 2, which is situated at the N.-E. corner of the Gymkhána ground, the boundary runs S. to Pillar No. 3.	185° 0'	255
3 to 4	From Pillar No. 3, which is situated at the S.-E. corner of the Gymkhána ground, the boundary runs west to Pillar No. 4.	275° 0'	224
4 to 5	From Pillar No. 4, which is situated to the south of the Gymkhána ground, the boundary runs S. to Pillar No. 5.	185° 0'	19
5 to 6	From Pillar No. 5, which is situated to the S. of the Gymkhána ground, the boundary runs W. to Pillar No. 6.	272° 0'	275
6 to 7	From Pillar No. 6, which is situated to S. by W. of the Gymkhána ground, the boundary runs W. by N. to Pillar No. 7.	277° 0'	149
7 to 8	From Pillar No. 7, which is situated to the S.-W. corner of the Gymkhána ground and on the E. side of the road, the boundary runs S.-S.-W. along the E. side of the road to Pillar No. 8.	207° 0'	542

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
8 to 9	From Pillar No. 8, which is situated near the junction of the road leading from Sâtára City to Mahuli, the boundary cuts the Mahuli road and runs E. by S. to Pillar No. 9.	101° 30'	605
9 to 10	From Pillar No. 9, which is situated near the junction of roads leading from Sâtára City to Mahuli, the boundary runs S. along the E. side of the road to Pillar No. 10.	179° 0'	597
10 to 11	From Pillar No. 10, which is situated near the junction of the road and on N. side of the road towards the Government Garden, the boundary runs E. by S. to Pillar No. 11. From Pillar No. 11 the points 1 or 2 of the Rifle Range are not visible.	101° 30'	820
11 to 12	From Pillar No. 11, which is situated on the N. side of the road and on the junction of the road from the Government Garden to meet the Mahuli road, the boundary runs N.-E. to Pillar No. 12.	48° 0'	822
12 to 13	From Pillar No. 12, which is situated to the S. and of the above road and near the junction of the road leading from Sâtára City to Mahuli, the boundary cuts the Mahuli road and runs W. by N. to Pillar No. 13.	283° 0'	816
13 to 1	From Pillar No. 13, which is situated near the junction of the roads and to the N. of the Mahuli road, the boundary runs along the W. side of the road to Pillar No. 1.	354° 0'	890

Block of Native Infantry Lines.

No. 1 Pillar is situated to the N.-E. of Native Infantry Lines—

Bearing 274° and distance 950' to the N.-E. corner of the Native Infantry Lines.

Bearing to the S.-W. corner of the slaughtering shed 354° 30', distance 483 feet.

Bearing to the N.-E. corner of the wall of the school-house of the Native Infantry Lines, 265° 0', distance 744 feet.

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
1 to 2	From Pillar No. 1 the boundary crosses the road and runs W. to Pillar No. 2, bearing to Native Infantry School, N.-E. corner of wall 263° 30', distance 505 feet.	268° 0'	236

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M.N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.	Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M.N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
	Bearing to S.-E. corner of Privy 317° 0', distance 63 feet.			8 to 9	From Pillar No. 8, which is situated on the E. side of the junction of the road in front of the N. I. Hospital, the boundary runs south-west along the E. side of the road leading from the Sâtara City to Pillar No. 9.	205° 40'	355
2 to 3	From Pillar No. 2, which is situated to the N.-E. of latrines for men, the boundary runs W. by N.-W. touching the N. side of the Musjid compound to Pillar No. 3.	291° 30'	590				
	Pillar No. 3, distance to Native Infantry School, N.-E. corner of verandah, 273 feet.			9 to 10	From Pillar No. 9, which is situated on the E. side of the road leading from Sâtara City, the boundary crosses the road lying N. of the Station Hospital and runs S.-W. along the E. side of the road to Pillar No. 10.	234° 0'	159
3 to 4	Pillar No. 3 bearing to Musjid N.-W. corner 152° 0', distance 50 feet.						
	From Pillar No. 3, which is situated to the N.-E. corner of the Native Infantry Lines and N.-W. of the Native Infantry Musjid, the boundary runs W. by S. to Pillar No. 4.	269° 0'	594		Pillar No. 10 bearing to Apothecary's quarters, N.-E. corner 181° 20', distance 51 feet, bearing to N.-W. corner of the store-room No. 4 in the Station Hospital 133° 40', distance 80' feet.		
	Pillar No. 4 bearing to No. 3 Barrack E. side of the Native Infantry Lines, E. corner of wall 141° 36', distance 146 feet.			10 to 11	From Pillar No. 10, which is situated on the N.-W. corner of the Station Hospital compound, the boundary runs S.-W. by W. along the east side of the road to Pillar No. 11.	238° 0'	90
4 to 5	From Pillar No. 4, which is situated to the N. of the Native Infantry Lines, the boundary runs W. in the direction of Sudder Bazar to Pillar No. 5.	272° 30'	756				
	Pillar No. 5 bearing to Native Infantry Lines No. 1 Barrack on the west side, N. W. corner 144° 30', distance 195 feet. Bearing to M. B. stone 247° 30', distance 129 feet.			11 to 12	From Pillar No. 11, which is situated on the N.-W. corner of the Station Hospital compound at the junction of four roads the boundary runs S. along the E. side of the road, to Pillar No. 12.	176° 30'	220
5 to 6	From Pillar No. 5, which is situated to the N.-W. corner of the Native Infantry Lines, the boundary runs S. along the E. side of the road leading from the Station Hospital to Sudder Bazar to Pillar No. 6.	180° 30'	823		Pillar No. 12 bearing to European Infantry Barracks boundary Pillar No. 1, 183° 0', distance 434 feet, bearing to Station Hospital S. W. corner wall 75° 30', distance 190 feet.		
	Pillar No. 6 bearing to No. 1 of the S. W. Barrack S.-W. corner 85° 30', distance 91 feet.			12 to 13	From Pillar No. 12, which is situated at the S.-W. corner of the Station Hospital, the boundary runs along the hedge of the Station Hospital and crossing the road to the Dairy farm Pillar No. 13.	95° 0'	410
6 to 7	Bearing to N.-W. corner wall of store-room 102° 40', distance 885 feet.						
	From Pillar No. 6, which is situated to the S.-W. corner of the Native Infantry Lines, the boundary runs S. along the E. side of the road to Pillar No. 7.	180° 30'	593	13 to 14	From Pillar No. 13, which is situated to the S.-E. corner of the Station Hospital and on the east of the road to the Dairy farm, the boundary runs S. along the E. side of the road to Pillar No. 14.	175° 30'	84
	Pillar No. 7 bearing to S.-W. corner wall of the store-room 70° 0', distance 935 feet.						
7 to 8	From Pillar No. 7, which is situated to the E. side of the road at N.-W. corner of the Native Infantry Hospital's compound, the boundary runs S. along the E. side of the road to Pillar No. 8.	181° 20'	121		Pillar No. 14 bearing to N.-W. corner of the Dairy farm 180° 30', distance 412 feet, bearing to S.-W. corner of the Dead House Station Hospital 30° 0', distance 91 feet.		

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.	Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
14 to 15	From Pillar No. 14, which is situated to the S.-E. corner of the Station Hospital and east of the road to the Dairy farm, the boundary runs E. crossing the road to Pillar No. 15. Pillar No. 15 bearing to N.-W. corner of latrines for Commissariat men 199° 30', distance 90 feet.	97° 15'	1,015	3 to 4	From Pillar No. 3, which is situated on the S.-E. of the culvert and N.-E. of the well, the boundary runs S. to Pillar No. 4. Pillar No. 4 bearing to S.-W. corner of Store-room No. 21, 64° 40', distance 328 feet. Bearing to Arsenal boundary limits No. 1, 233° 10', distance 748 feet.	199° 25'	544
15 to 16	From Pillar No. 15, which is situated at the S.-E. corner of the Commissariat Hay stack, the boundary runs N. by E. along the east side of the road to Pillar No. 16. Pillar 16 bearing to Band-room S.-W. corner 316° 0', distance 460 feet.	21° 0'	1,778	4 to 1	From Pillar No. 4, which is situated on the N.-W. corner of the Staff Sergeants' quarters, the boundary runs E. along the hedge to Pillar No. 1.	94° 0'	520
16 to 17	From Pillar No. 16, which is situated to the S.-E. corner of the Native Infantry Lines, the boundary runs N.-E. to Pillar No. 17. Pillar No. 17 bearing to S.-W. corner of the slaughter shed 1° 20', distance 675 feet, bearing to Band-room S.-E. corner 269° 40', distance 650 feet.	50° 0'	523	<i>Arsenal Block.</i>			
17 to 1	From Pillar No. 17, which is situated to the east side of the latrines for men, the boundary runs N.-N.-E. to Pillar No. 1.	16° 0'	200	1 to 2	From Pillar No. 1, which is situated at the S.-E. corner of the Arsenal compound and on the W. side of the road leading from the Sātāra City to Sudder Bazar, the boundary runs N.-E. to Pillar No. 2.	50° 30'	100

Store Room Block.

No. 1 Pillar is situated to the S.-E. of the Guard Room at a distance of 242 feet from it—

Bearing to the S.-E. corner of Store Room No. 21 305° 30'.

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.	Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
1 to 2	From Pillar No. 1, which is situated to the S.-E. side of the Guard Room, the boundary runs N. to Pillar No. 2. Pillar No. 2 bearing to N.-E. corner of Store-room No. 21, 238° 0', distance 311 feet.	10° 30'	355	2 to 3	From Pillar No. 2, which is situated to the S.-W. of the culvert on the road, the boundary runs W. by N. along the south side of the road leading from Arsenal to the Barracks to Pillar No. 3. Pillar No. 3 bearing to N.-W. corner of Store-room No. 21, 165° 0', distance 388 feet. Bearing to Arsenal boundary limit No. 5, 286° 0', distance 710 feet.	296° 30'	450
2 to 3	From Pillar No. 2, which is situated to the S.-W. of the culvert on the road, the boundary runs W. by N. along the south side of the road leading from Arsenal to the Barracks to Pillar No. 3. Pillar No. 3 bearing to N.-W. corner of Store-room No. 21, 165° 0', distance 388 feet. Bearing to Arsenal boundary limit No. 5, 286° 0', distance 710 feet.	296° 30'	450	3 to 4	From Pillar No. 3, which is situated on the N.-E. corner of the Arsenal and on the side W. of the road, the boundary runs N.-E. to Pillar No. 4.	70° 0'	70
3 to 4	From Pillar No. 3, which is situated on the N.-E. corner of the Arsenal and on the side W. of the road, the boundary runs N.-E. to Pillar No. 4.	70° 0'	70	4 to 5	From Pillar No. 4, which is situated on the W. side of the road, the boundary runs N.-W. to Pillar No. 5.	346° 0'	97
4 to 5	From Pillar No. 4, which is situated on the W. side of the road, the boundary runs N.-W. to Pillar No. 5.	346° 0'	97	5 to 6	From Pillar No. 5, which is situated on the N.-E. corner of the Arsenal the boundary runs W. along the hedge of the Arsenal to Pillar No. 6.	288° 0'	83
5 to 6	From Pillar No. 5, which is situated on the N.-E. corner of the Arsenal the boundary runs W. along the hedge of the Arsenal to Pillar No. 6.	288° 0'	83	6 to 7	From Pillar No. 6, which is situated on the N.-E. side of the Arsenal, the boundary runs S. to Pillar No. 7. Pillar No. 7 bearing to Musjid Idga, 306° 30', distance 858 feet.	206° 0'	39
6 to 7	From Pillar No. 6, which is situated on the N.-E. side of the Arsenal, the boundary runs S. to Pillar No. 7. Pillar No. 7 bearing to Musjid Idga, 306° 30', distance 858 feet.	206° 0'	39	7 to 8	From Pillar No. 7, which is situated on the N.-E. corner of the Arsenal, the boundary runs W. along the hedge to Pillar No. 8.	278° 30'	170

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.	Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
8 to 9	From Pillar No. 8, which is situated on the N. side of the Arsenal, the boundary runs S. to Pillar No. 9.	193° 30'	22	2 to 3	Bearing to S.-W. corner of dharmshāla 61° 0', distance 212 feet. From Pillar No. 2, which is situated to the N.-W. of the above branch road, the boundary crosses the Kolhāpur road, runs S. by S.-W. to Pillar No. 3.	204° 0'	2,929
9 to 10	From Pillar No. 9, which is situated to N.-W. side of the Arsenal, the boundary runs W. along the hedge of the Arsenal to Pillar No. 10.	280° 15'	173	3 to 4	Pillar No. 3 bearing to S.-E. corner of Chaukidār's hut 14° 30', distance 203 feet. From Pillar No. 3, which is situated to the S.-W. corner of the Rifle Range, the boundary runs E. by S.-E. to Pillar No. 4.	112° 0'	230
10 to 11	From Pillar No. 10, which is situated in the N.-W. corner of the Arsenal compound, the boundary runs N.-W. along the hedge to Pillar No. 11.	311° 0'	80	4 to 1	From Pillar No. 4, which is situated on the S.-E. corner of the Rifle butts, the boundary runs N. by N.-E. to Pillar No. 1.	25° 0'	2,929
11 to 12	From Pillar No. 11, which is situated to N.-W. side of the Arsenal, the boundary runs W. by S. to Pillar No. 12. The Pillar No. 12, bearing to Musjid Idga 334° 0', distance 480 feet. Bearing to N. W. corner of Magazine 146° 40', distance 319.	257° 30'	90				
12 to 13	From Pillar No. 12, which is situated on the N.-W. of the Arsenal, the boundary runs S. to Pillar No. 13. Pillar No. 13 bearing to S.-W. corner of Magazine 50° 30', distance 417 feet.	193° 45'	665				
13 to 14	From Pillar No. 13, which is situated on S.-W. side of the Arsenal, the boundary runs E. by N. to Pillar No. 14.	79° 45'	164				
14 to 15	From Pillar No. 14, which is situated on the S.-W. corner of the Arsenal, the boundary runs N. to Pillar No. 15.	14° 0'	37				
15 to 1	From Pillar No. 15, which is situated on the S.-W. corner of the Arsenal, the boundary runs E. along the hedge of the Arsenal to Pillar No. 1.	99° 30'	330				

Rifle Range Block.

Pillar No. 1 is situated to the west side of the branch road connecting the Kolhāpur and Tāsgaon roads at a distance of 159 feet from S.-E. corner of dharmshāla.

Bearing to S.-E. corner of dharmshāla 3° 0'.

Boundary Pillars.	Description.	Forward bearing from M. N.	Direct horizontal distance in feet.
1 to 2	From Pillar No. 1, which is situated to the W. of the branch road connecting the Kolhāpur and Tāsgaon roads, the boundary runs W. by N. to Pillar No. 2. Pillar No. 2, bearing to N.-W. corner of dharmshāla 54° 0', distance 249 feet.	287° 30'	202

No. 304.—*2nd Battalion B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.*—The following promotion is made:—

Lieutenant Henry Sydney Jones to be Captain vice Goodwin, promoted.

Bombay Castle, 19th June 1894.

No. 305.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing, the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Lieutenant C. F. Harold, Wing Officer, 27th Regiment (1st Baluch Battalion) Bombay Light Infantry, for six months. Pension service fifth year, commenced 21st September 1893.

No. 306.—Lieutenant R. H. B. Anderson, 2nd Battalion Durham Light Infantry, is appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps in the Bombay Presidency with effect from the 10th June 1894.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 307.—The following appointment is made with effect from the 27th June 1894:—

Brigadier-General M. H. Nicolson, C.B., A.D.C. to the Queen, General List, Infantry, officiating in Command of the Deesa District, is confirmed in his appointment to command a Second Class District vice Major-General G. F. Beville, C.B., vacating on expiry of the tenure of his Command.

No. 308.—The undermentioned officers and Warrant officer have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—

Major W. J. Orr, Indian Staff Corps, four months, private affairs.
 Captain W. J. Peyton, C.M.G., Indian Staff Corps, seven days, urgent private affairs.
 Lieutenant W. Ayerst, Indian Staff Corps, one month, private affairs.
 Sub-Conductor I. J. McDonald, Public Works Department, one month, medical certificate.

No. 309.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India No. 578, dated 15th June 1894, is republished:—

“Promotions.

No. 578.—The following promotions are made subject to Her Majesty’s approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.
 * * * *
Captains to be Majors.
 * * * *
 Dated 13th June 1894.
 * * * *
 William Charles Aslett.
 * * * *
 Alfred William Lambart Bayly, D.S.O.
 * * * *
 Lionel Grafton Beckham.”

No. 310.—The following extract from the Supplement to the *London Gazette* dated 25th May 1894, pages 3115 and 3116, is republished:—

“WAR OFFICE, *May 26th, 1894.*

Extension of the Volunteer Officers’ Decoration Warrant to the Colonies and India:

VICTORIA, R. I.

Whereas by our Royal Warrant of the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, We were graciously pleased to institute a new Decoration for the purpose of rewarding the long and meritorious services of Officers of proved capacity in Our Volunteer Forces in Great Britain;

And whereas it has been represented to us by Our Principal Secretary of State for War, on the recommendation of Our Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies acting on behalf of the several Governments of Our Colonies, and of Our Principal Secretary of State for India in Council, that the extension of the grant of this Decoration for Long Service to Our Volunteer Forces throughout Our Empire would be highly valued by them;

Now, to attain this end, We have extended, and by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs, and Successors, do extend the grant of this Decoration to the Officers of the Volunteer Forces throughout Our Empire under the same terms and conditions as those on which it is granted to Officers in Our Volunteer Force by Our Royal Warrant of the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, except that in the case of India eighteen years’ service shall be the qualifying period: Provided always that the power of conferring the Decoration upon an Officer, or of removing the name of an Officer from the Registry of individuals upon whom the said Decoration shall

have been conferred shall be exercised on Our behalf, with the same force as if exercised by Us by the Governor General of India, the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, or by the Governor of the Colony or Dependency according as such Officer shall have served in a Volunteer Force of India or of such Colony or Dependency; and the name of an Officer so granted the Decoration or removed from the Registry shall be published in the Official Gazette of India or of the said Colony or Dependency as the case may be.

And, We do further ordain that officers who have given qualifying service in the Volunteer Forces of any portion of Our Empire, shall be entitled to reckon such service as part of the qualifying service required for this Decoration.

And, We reserve to Ourselves, Our Heirs, and Successors full power of altering, annulling, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting, or dispensing with these Regulations, or any part thereof, by a Notification under the Royal Sign Manual.

Given at Our Court at *Balmoral*, this twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, in the fifty-seventh year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty’s Command,
 (Signed) H. CAMPBELL BANNERMAN.

WAR OFFICE, *May 26th, 1894.*

The Queen has been graciously pleased, on the occasion of the celebration of Her Majesty’s Birthday, to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross, of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:

* * * *
 General Sir Robert Phayre, K.C.B., Indian Staff Corps.
 * * * *

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:

* * * *
 General Henry Hastings Affleck Wood, C.B., Indian Staff Corps.
 * * * *

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:

* * * *
 Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Francis James Caldecott, Royal (late Bombay) Artillery, Indian Ordnance Department.
 * * * *

* * * *
 Colonel (with the local rank of Brigadier-General) John Jopp, Indian Staff Corps, Commanding a Second Class District in India.
 * * * *

* * * *
 Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Broadfoot, Royal Artillery.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM, Brigadier-General,
 Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th June 1894.

No. 30.—The following appointments are made:—

The Reverend L. M. Haslope, M.A., acting Chaplain of Byculla, to be Chaplain of Ghorepuri, Poona, on the return from leave of the Reverend J. A. Sellar, M.A.

The Reverend W. W. Baillie, B.A., on return from leave, to be Chaplain of Dhárwár.

Bombay Castle, 19th June 1894.

No. 31.—The Reverend H. W. Griffith, M.A., Chaplain of Karáchi, is granted furlough to Europe for twelve months on medical certificate.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th June 1894.

No. 4232.—The Honourable Mr. Justice Candy resumed charge of the office of Judge of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 11th instant, in the forenoon.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,

Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th June 1894.

No. 3619.—The services of Mr. A. Shewan, I. C. S., Administrator, Rájpipla State, are placed at the disposal of Government in the Judicial Department with effect from the 30th June 1894.

Bombay Castle, 18th June 1894.

No. 3696.—The unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to Mr. G. M. Sathe in this Department Notification No. 1406, dated the 6th March 1894, is cancelled with effect from the date on which he resumes charge of his appointment as Reporter on the Native Press.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 3715.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information:—

“ Simla, the 9th June 1894.

No. 939-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of

Mr. Philip B. Savile as Acting Consular Agent for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Karáchi during the absence of Mr. Alfred E. Hoare.

(Signed) W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 3719.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information:—

“ Simla, the 9th June 1894.

No. 936-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. P. Bonenblust as Acting Vice-Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Aden.

(Signed) W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,

Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1894.

No. 4035.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. P. Barrow, I. C. S., Forest Settlement Officer, Sind, to do duty as Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge, Karáchi, in addition to his own duties.

Bombay Castle, 15th June 1894.

No. 4126.—Mr. W. J. Holland, District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, is allowed privilege leave for three months from the 15th July 1894 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Bombay Castle, 16th June 1894.

No. 4151.—A'zam Anandrao Ramchandra Gulvadi, acting Head Kárkún, táluca Haliyál in the district of Kánara, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 4181.—Ráo Sáheb Dattatraya Ganesh Medhekar, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Junnar, is allowed privilege leave for two months.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Ráo Sáheb Vishveshvar Venkatesh Kalyanpurkar, on being relieved by Ráo Sáheb Vishvanath Vinayak Paranjpe, to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge at Junnar during the absence of Ráo Sáheb Dattatraya Ganesh Medhekar or pending further orders.

Bombay Castle, 18th June 1894.

No. 4195.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from the date of Mr. S. Hammick's retirement until the reversion to British service of Mr. A. Shewan, I. C. S. :—

Mr. G. Jacob, I. C. S., to be substantive *pro tem.* Third Grade Judge and Sessions Judge.

Mr. J. W. A. Weir, I. C. S., to be substantive *pro tem.* Joint Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.

No. 4218.—Messrs. J. B. Alcock, I. C. S., and Saiyid Nur-ud-Din Khan respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge of Thána on the 2nd instant, in the forenoon.

No. 4220.—Mr. P. R. Cadell, I. C. S., Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the Surat District.

No. 4221.—Mr. Saiyid Nur-ud-Din Khan assumed charge of the office of Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge of Thána on the 2nd instant, in the forenoon.

No. 4222.—Khán Bahádur Kharsedji Manekji Kharsedji, Third Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, has been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to India within the period of his leave.

No. 4225.—*Erratum.*—In Government Notification No. 2597, dated the 16th April 1894, published at page 347 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated the 19th April 1884, Part I, in lines 4 and 5, for "on the 16th ultimo, in the forenoon," read "on the 16th ultimo, in the afternoon."

No. 4226.—Ráo Sáheb Chinnaji Raghunath Karkare assumed charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Bársi on the 5th instant, in the forenoon.

Bombay Castle, 19th June 1894.

No. 4231.—Ráo Sáheb Vishweshwar Venkatesh Kalyanpur assumed charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Courts of Haveli and Vадgaon on the 5th instant, before noon.

No. 4248.—A'zam Sadhuram Mohandas, acting Head Munshi, táluca Naushahro Abro in the district of Shikárpur, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 4254.—A'zam Mahadeo Ramchandra Potnis, acting Head Kárkún, táluca Báglán in the district of Násik, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

No. 4255.—Ráo Bahádur Ganpatrao Amrit Mankar relinquished charge of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Ahmednagar on the 4th instant, in the afternoon.

No. 4256.—Ráo Sáheb Hari Atmaram Mohile assumed charge of his duties as Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge at Rájápur on the 23rd ultimo, in the forenoon.

No. 4264.—Ráo Sáheb Vishwanath Vinayak Paranjpe and Ráo Sáheb Abaji Vithal Purohit respectively delivered over and received charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Pimpalgaon in the Násik District on the 12th instant, in the afternoon.

No. 4268.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointments made by the Honourable the acting Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay during the absence of Mr. L. A. Watkins on privilege leave or pending further orders :—

Mr. Kaikushru F. Mody, B.A., LL.B., Second Deputy Registrar, to act as First Deputy Registrar and Clerk to the Chief Justice.

Mr. W. Lane, Junior Judge's Clerk and Clerk to the Pársi Chief Matrimonial Court, to act as Second Deputy Registrar.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th June 1894.

No. 1212.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Dr. P. Peterson, M.A. (Ed.), B.A. (Oxon.), to act as Professor of English Literature, Elphinstone College.

Mr. Kamalashankar Pranshankar Trivedi, B.A., to act as Professor of Oriental Languages, Elphinstone College, and in the Fourth Grade of the Educational Department.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 1247.—Mr. R. M. Dixon, B.A., assumed charge of the duties of Professor of Biology at the Elphinstone College on the 5th instant, before noon.

No. 1248.—Mr. M. MacMillan, B.A., gave over charge of the duties of Professor of English Literature at the Elphinstone College on the 12th May 1894, before noon.

No. 1249.—Mr. Framji Rustamji Vicaji, B.A., LL.B. (Bombay), Barrister-at-Law, assumed charge of the duties of Perry Professor of Jurisprudence at the Government Law School, Bombay, on the 7th instant, before noon.

No. 1250.—Mr. Hari Ganesh Godbole assumed charge of the office of Head Master, Ratnágiri High School, on the 8th instant, before office hours.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th June 1894.

No. 5193.—Ráo Bahádur Achyut Bhaskar Desai, Assistant to the Commissioner, S. D., is granted an extension by fifteen days of the privilege leave of absence for one month allowed to him by Government Notification No. 3046, dated 2nd ultimo.

No. 5199.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. J. K. Spence, I. C. S., on return to duty, to act as Commissioner, N. D., pending further orders.

Mr. W. Porteous, I. C. S., M.A. (Edin.), on relief, to take up his substantive appointment as Collector and District Magistrate, Poona, and District Registrar, Poona, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Poona District.

Bombay Castle, 19th June 1894.

No. 5235.—Mukunda bin Malhari, late Revenue and Police Pátíl, and Ganesh Bapuji, late Kulkarni of the village of Bibi, táluka Khed in the Poona Collectorate, having been removed from their respective offices on account of grave misconduct, are hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

No. 5236.—In modification of the order relating to Mr. Silcock's appointment contained in Government Notification No. 4711, dated 30th May 1894, the following order is hereby issued:—

Mr. H. F. Silcock, I. C. S., to be Collector and District Magistrate, Thána, and District Registrar, Thána, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Thána District.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 5248.—Ráo Bahádur Atmárám Trimbak, Sub-Registrar of Bombay and Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, is allowed an extension by fifteen days of the privilege leave for two months granted to him by Government Notification No. 2893, dated 26th April 1894.

No. 5252.—Mr. A. Lucas, I. C. S., has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for one month and fifteen days.

No. 5254.—Mr. J. K. Spence, I. C. S., has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 14th June 1894.

No. 2233.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon-Captain J. L. T. Jones, M.B., to act as Civil Surgeon, Kaira, vice Surgeon-Captain Herbert, F.R.C.S., transferred.

Bombay Castle, 19th June 1894.

No. 2293.—Surgeon-Captain S. E. Prall, M.B., B.S., acting Civil Surgeon, Bijápúr, was allowed privilege leave of absence for one month from 1st May 1894.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 2310.—Assistant Surgeon Phirozshah Palanji Mullan, L.M. & S., has been placed on general duty with effect from 3rd June 1894, forenoon.

No. 2316.—Assistant Surgeon Jamshedji Bhikaji Unvala, L.M. & S., is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Shikárpúr, with effect from 27th May 1894, afternoon, until relieved by Surgeon-Captain J. B. Smith, M.B., M.Ch.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th June 1894.

No. 63.—Mr. Ganesh Krishna Apté, B.A., L.C.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, is appointed to hold charge of the office of Executive Engineer, Khándesh District, during the absence of Mr. Pestonji Hormusji Patuck, B.A., L.C.E., on privilege leave, or until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 64.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to place the services of Mr. H. F. Beale, Assoc.M.Inst.C.E., at the disposal of the Educational Department for temporary employment as Professor of Civil Engineering at the College of Science, Poona.

2. Mr. F. L. Sprott is promoted to Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, during the employment of Mr. Beale in the Educational Department or until further orders.

No. 65.—Mr. H. Ramannah, B.A., L.C.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, acted as Executive Engineer, Bijápúr District, from 12th May to 7th June 1894, both days inclusive.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. LITTLE,
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY.)

Bombay Castle, 20th June 1894.

No. 13.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information :—

“No. 248, dated the 12th June 1894.—Lieutenant W. D. Waghorn, R. E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd

Grade, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, during the absence of Mr. J. Willcocks on furlough, or until further orders.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. O. SELBY,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Durgo Ramchandra Patavardhan and Ganesh Krishna Sathe Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Courts of the Sholapur-Bijapur District.

Bombay, 13th June 1894.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to admit Mr. Trimback Ramchandra Kotwal as a Vakil of the High Court.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Ramchandra Bhaskar Lele, Chinto Ramchandra Dhandarphale and Sadashiv Shankar Gatne Sanads authorizing them to practise as Pleaders in the Courts of the Ratnágiri, Sátára and Ahmednagar Districts respectively.

Bombay, 14th June 1894.

E. WILKIN,
Deputy Registrar.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th June 1894.

No. 4224.—Under the provisions of Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) the following appointments of Clerks of Second Class Subordinate Judge's Courts in the Dhárwár District have been made with effect from the 1st instant :—

Mr. Bhimaji Shrinivas Malapur to be Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Ránibennur.
Mr. Balkrishna Gururao Bammigatti to be Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Gadag vice Mr. Bhimaji Shrinivas, transferred.

1.—181

No. 4228.—Mr. Sadashiv Mahadeo Kale has been appointed, under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act), to be substantive *pro tem.* Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Wái with effect from the 6th instant vice Mr. Jagannath Trimbak Khare, deceased.

No. 4230.—Mr. Pranlal Shivlal Munshi has been appointed, under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act), to act as Clerk of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Surat with effect from the 5th instant during the absence of Mr. Makandas Harivalabhdas on privilege leave or pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Mr. W. F. Sinclair, I. C. S., delivered over and Mr. H. F. Silcock, I. C. S., received charge of the offices of Collector and District Magistrate, Thána, and Political Agent, Jawhár, on the 11th instant, in the afternoon.

Camp Bándra, 14th June 1894.

Lieutenant H. G. Carnegy delivered over and Ráo Bahádúr Dulerai Girdharlal Mehta received charge of the office of the Assistant Political Agent Mahi Kántha, on the 6th instant, in the afternoon.

Camp Bándra, 15th June 1894.

Lieutenant H. F. Jacob delivered over and Captain G. E. Hyde-Cates received charge of the office of the Political Superintendent, Pálanpur, on the 12th instant, in the afternoon.

Camp Bándra, 18th June 1894.

W. PORTEOUS,
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Messrs. J. W. Fellowes and J. V. Cooke respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Sholapur, on the 7th instant, in the forenoon.
Poona, 11th June 1894.

Mr. T. J. B. Thatcher delivered over and Ráo Sáheb S. N. Sudrik received charge of the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khándesh, E. D., on the 30th ultimo, in the afternoon.

Ráo Sáheb Shítaram Nilkanth Sudrik delivered over and Mr. H. Pogson received charge of the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khándesh, E. D., on the 4th instant, in the forenoon.

Messrs. H. F. Silcock and H. W. J. Bagnell respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Collector and District Magistrate and Political Agent, Poona, on the 8th instant, in the afternoon.

Ráo Sáheb Laxman Moreshwar Deshpande delivered over and Mr. A. H. Plunkett received charge of the office of the City Magistrate and Collector of Income Tax, Poona, on the 7th instant, in the forenoon.

Mr. Rajeshwar Balwant Bhatwadekar, substantive *pro tem*. Head Kárkún of táluka Mával in the Poona District, is appointed to act as Mámldár of the same táluka during the absence of Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Ballal Phansalkar on privilege leave for one month and fifteen days from the 7th instant, or until further orders.

Ráo Bahádur Ganesh Chinnaji Wad, First Grade Mámldár, having reverted to the rank of an *acting* Deputy Collector from the 23rd February 1894, the following reversions in the grades of Mámldárs are ordered with effect from that date:—

Names of Mámldárs.	Reverted.		Dates.	
	From	To	From	To
Ráo Sáheb R. K. Shihane.	Substantive <i>pro tem</i> . First Grade.	Second Grade.	23rd February 1894.	31st March 1894.
Ráo Sáheb G. S. Thakre.	Substantive <i>pro tem</i> . First Grade.	Second Grade.	1st April 1894.	.....
Ráo Sáheb B. M. Chitale.	Substantive <i>pro tem</i> . Second Grade.	Third Grade.	23rd February 1894.	31st March 1894.
Ráo Sáheb M. G. Wagle.	Substantive <i>pro tem</i> . Second Grade.	Third Grade.	1st April 1894.	.....
Ráo Sáheb Digamber Dalaya.	Substantive <i>pro tem</i> . Third Grade.	Fourth Grade.	23rd February 1894.	31st March 1894.
Ráo Sáheb D. N. Joshi.	Substantive <i>pro tem</i> . Third Grade.	Fourth Grade.	1st April 1894.	.....
Ráo Sáheb A. K. Vaidya.	Substantive <i>pro tem</i> . Fourth Grade.	<i>acting</i> ...	23rd February 1894.	.....

Poona, 15th June 1894.

In view of the reversion of Ráo Bahádur Sakhar Chinnaji Joshi to a mámldat, the following postings of Mámldárs are ordered:—

Ráo Sáheb Sakhar Chinnaji Joshi to be Mámldár of the Pandharpur Táluka in the Sholapur District and to exercise First Class Magisterial powers.

Ráo Sáheb Mohoniraj Eknath Ghotankar is transferred from the Pandharpur to the Násik Táluka.

Ráo Sáheb Atmaram Khanderao Vaidya to act as Mámldár of the Shirpur Táluka in the Khándesh District, during the absence of Ráo Sáheb Lakshman Chintaman Phadke on furlough, or until further orders.

Poona, 18th June 1894.

Messrs. Dhondo Kashinath Lele and Nagnath Keshav Godbole acted as Chitnis to the Collector of Khándesh, the former from 29th April to 3rd May 1894 and the latter from 4th May to 3rd June 1894, during the absence of Ráo Sáheb Waman Abaji Shirolkar on privilege leave from 29th April to 3rd June 1894, both days inclusive.

Poona, 19th June 1894.

J. F. FLEET,

Commissioner, in charge C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Messrs. H. Allbon and R. E. Barber respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Police Officer in charge of His Highness the ex-King Theebaw on the 5th June 1894, in the forenoon.

Belgaum, 13th June 1894.

Mr. Mahadeo Chintaman Kelkar, Second Kárkún of the Málvan Táluka, discharged the duties of the office of the Mámldár of Málvan, in addition to his own, from the 3rd to the 11th June 1893, both days inclusive, during the absence on privilege leave of Ráo Sáheb Shripad Govind Joshi.

Mr. Wasudeo Babaji Shet, Head Kárkún of the Málvan Táluka, discharged the duties of the office of the Mámldár of Málvan, in addition to his own, from the 12th June to the 5th July 1893, both days inclusive, during the absence on privilege leave of Ráo Sáheb Shripad Govind Joshi.

Belgaum, 15th June 1894.

Messrs. H. J. Duggan and J. W. Fellowes respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Dhárwár, on the 12th June 1894, in the afternoon.

Ráo Bahádur Raghavendra Pandurang Bengiri and Ráo Bahádur Achyut Bhaskar Desai respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Assistant Commissioner, S. D., on the 14th June 1894, in the forenoon.

Belgaum, 16th June 1894.

A'zam Blimaji Krishna Sangli, Head Kárkún, táluka Sampgaon in the Belgaum District, is appointed to act as Mámldár of Sampgaon from the 10th June 1894, during the absence on privilege leave for fifteen days of the permanent incumbent Ráo Sáheb Narayan Ganesh Nadgir.

Belgaum, 18th June 1894.

J. NUGENT,
Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,
SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKARI.

No. 2755.—The following rules approved by the Commissioner of A'bkári under the provisions of Section 35 of the A'bkári Act, 1878, for the management of the existing Central Distillery at Godhra, Panch Maháls, and for the regulation of the storage, removal and transport of spirits made therein are published for general information :—

Rule 1.—The Distillery Inspector shall live on the premises throughout the year in the quarters provided for him and shall be responsible for the general management of the distillery and for the efficient sanitation of the premises. The Distillery Inspector shall open and close the distillery daily in the presence of the officer in charge of the Police guard.

Rule 2.—No work shall be carried on in the distillery before sunrise or after sunset or on Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day, New Year's Day, or the Queen's Birthday, except upon the written permission of the Collector. When it is necessary through accident to the machinery or other urgent cause that work should be carried on in the distillery on Sundays or on holidays or before sunrise or after sunset on working days, and when the permission of the Collector cannot be immediately obtained, the Distillery Inspector may grant permission on the written requisition of the distillery manager, taking every precaution in the interest of Government by ordering the attendance of the necessary Government supervising establishment, and provided that the rule in the preamble to Government Resolution No. 6882, dated 29th September 1886, be complied with.

Provided that it shall be understood that nothing in the above rule is intended to interfere with the existing practice, under which the Distillery Inspector in charge is authorised to allow the Contractor's workmen on Sundays or other holidays to enter and clean the premises, remove mhowra refuse, wash vats and other utensils and turn fermented mhowra.

Rule 3.—In the event of work being done under such permission extra remuneration shall be given to the Distillery Inspector for supervision on the scale sanctioned in the Government Resolution quoted in Rule 2 above, and report should be made to the Collector of each occasion on which such permission is granted.

Rule 4.—The Inspector shall be present on duty at the distillery while the stills are working and while distillation is going on, and he shall be responsible that no spirits are removed from the distillery, and that no foreign ingredients are introduced prior to or during distillation except under proper authority. In the event of his unavoidable absence from sudden illness or other urgent cause, the Mámlatdár of Godhra will make such arrangement as is possible for the temporary conduct of his duty, reporting his proceedings to the Collector forthwith. In cases of urgency the said Mámlatdár may grant casual leave to the Distillery Inspector, and shall submit a report to the Collector on each occasion of his doing so.

Rule 5.—All liquor drawn during the day shall on its being received into the receiver outside the strong room be pumped up into the storage vats, measured off with the graduated gauge rods prepared for that purpose, and tested with the standard Syke's hydrometer. The strength must be ascertained and adjusted to the standard prescribed not later than the day following its deposit.

Rule 6.—The Distillery Inspector shall forward to the Mámlatdár of Godhra daily at 11 A.M. a report in the accompanying form showing (a) the opening balance, (b) liquor drawn during the preceding 24 hours, (c) liquor issued up to 11 A.M., (d) balance in stock, and shall further submit a weekly report in diary form to the Collector of all that occurs in the distillery.

Rule 7.—There shall be two locks to the strong room, the keys of one of which shall be kept by the Inspector, of the other by the Contractor or his Agent.

Rule 8.—To each vat in the strong room shall be affixed a board on which shall be clearly painted—

- (1) the serial number of the vat,
- (2) its full capacity,
- (3) date of testing capacity.

The strong room shall always be kept locked except when it is necessary to open it for the purpose of storing or issuing liquor.

Rule 9.—No combustibles other than liquor shall be allowed to be stored in the strong room, and it must not be entered with an open light.

Rule 10.—The Distillery Inspector shall be directly responsible for all accounts, for keeping the distillery books and registers correctly written up to date, and for the due performance of all orders issued by the Collector for the management of the distillery.

Rule 11.—Liquor issued under permit should leave the distillery at the same time as the permit.

Rule 12.—As all work has to stop at sunset, the workmen employed in the distillery may be allowed quarter of an hour to clean themselves and leave the premises. The distillery will then be closed in the presence of the Inspector, who, before leaving it, shall see that the store rooms are duly fastened under his own lock and seal.

The Distillery workmen may be allowed a ration of liquor not exceeding one dram in the evening just before the distillery is closed. This liquor should be drunk on the premises in the presence of the Inspector. On no account is it to be drunk elsewhere or taken off the premises. Employés found drinking or removing liquor contrary to the above will be forthwith discharged from service in the distillery.

Rule 13.—There shall be affixed in front of the distillery a sign-board 4 feet long by 1½ feet broad on which shall be painted in large letters "Government Central Distillery."

Rule 14.—There shall be no admittance to the public to the distillery except on business. Visitors may be admitted to see the distillery on permits from the Collector, or in his absence from the Mámlatdár of Godhra.

BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

Rate of Exchange Compensation Allowance.

Under Rule 8 of the rules published with Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department, No. 3624A, dated 18th August 1893, it is hereby notified for general information that the market rate of exchange for the second quarter of 1894-95 has been fixed at $1s. 1\frac{3}{4}d.$ the percentage of salary admissible on account of Exchange Compensation Allowance in that quarter being Rs. 17-9-8.

O. T. BARROW,
Accountant General.

Bombay, 15th June 1894.

BY THE PRINCIPAL, COLLEGE OF SCIENCE.

NOTICE.

List of candidates permitted to appear at the Public Works Accountants' Examination to be held simultaneously at the following Centres, viz., Poona (College of Science), Karáchi, Belgaum, Ahmedabad and Ratnágiri on the 9th and 10th July 1894:—

No.	Name.	Centre.
1	Mr. Muncherji Ruttonji Doctor ...	Poona.
2	" Dayanathi Balcrishna Bhatodekar.	Do.
3	" Rangnath Nanaji Deshpande...	Do.
4	" P. A. DaCunha ...	Do.
5	" Jagannath Pandurang Barve ...	Do.
6	" M. Bawany Shunkar ...	Do.
7	" A. E. Hildreth ...	Do.
8	" Kharshedji Jamshedji Liningwala.	Do.
9	" Narayan Vinayek Jog ...	Do.
10	" S. M. Doraswamy Mudliar ...	Do.
11	" Vishnu Sadashiv Kelkar ...	Do.
12	" Wasudeo Ganesh ...	Do.
13	" Appaji Narayan Patankar ...	Do.
14	" Gopal Ramchandra Tendulkar.	Do.
15	" Sitaram Krishna Tillu ...	Do.
16	" Ramchandra Gopal Dixit ...	Do.
17	" Lakshman Krishna Dhoke ...	Do.
18	" Balwant Gopal ...	Do.
19	" J. E. Lauder ...	Do.
20	" Gianchand Mewaram Lalvani.	Karáchi.
21	" C. Arumukha Mudaliar ...	Belgaum.
22	" Vishnu Laxman ...	Do.
23	" Vallabdas Narottamdas Shah...	Ahmedabad.
24	" Bholanath Hirabhai ...	Do.
25	" Vithal Jatadhar ...	Ratnágiri.

S. COOKE,
Principal, College of Science.

Poona, 16th June 1894.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

CENTRAL CIRCLE.

Mr. G. R. Duxbury, Assistant Conservator of Forests, who has been attached to the Poona Division under Government Resolution No. 4781, dated 1st instant, reported himself for duty to the Divisional Forest Officer of Poona on the 9th idem, before office hours.

A. T. SHUTTLEWORTH,
Conservator of Forests, C. C.

Poona, 14th June 1894.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.

Ráo Sáheb Bhawanisanker Naranji, Inspector of Police, Sátára District, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month from the 25th May 1894, and Chief Constable Dulekhan Rajekhan is appointed acting Inspector of Police, Sixth Grade, during his absence.

Khán Sáheb Hussenkhan Dhanekhan, Inspector of Police, Panch Maháls, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month and fifteen days from the 2nd instant, and Chief Constable Bhairavsing Jastwatsing, appointed to be in charge of Inspector's office, in addition to his own duties, during his absence.

J. HUMFREY, Lieut.-Colonel,
Inspector-General of Police.

Poona, 11th June 1894.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS.

Assistant Surgeon J. B. Unwalla and Surgeon-Captain J. B. Smith, M.B., respectively delivered over and received charge of the Shikárpur Jail on the 13th June 1894, before office hours.

T. M. FILGATE,
Inspector-General of Prisons.

Bombay, 19th June 1894.

BY THE CHIEF ENGINEER.

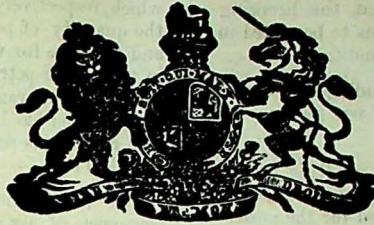
CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. 6.—Mr. F. L. Sprott, Assistant Engineer, on the expiry of his leave, has been transferred from the Násik to the Poona Irrigation District.

J. D. CRUICKSHANK, Colonel, R. E.,
Chief Engineer, C. D.

Poona, 14th June 1894.

THE



Bombay Government Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, 23RD JUNE 1894.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART I.

Notification.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd June 1894.

No. 5383.—The following Hyderabad Residency Orders Notification No. 22, dated 7th June 1894, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby:—

“HYDERABAD RESIDENCY ORDERS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 22.

Dated the 7th June 1894.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 23 of the Petroleum Act, 1886, as applied to the lands in the territory of His Highness the Nizám of Hyderabad, which are occupied or may be hereafter occupied by the Nizám's Guaranteed State Railway Company, by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, by the Dhond-Manmád Railway and by the Madras Railway respectively (including the lands occupied as stations and out-buildings for other railway purposes) by the

* Republished at pages 411-417 of Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette of 10th May 1894.

Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 1482-I,* dated the 3rd May 1894, notice is hereby given that the following rules are proposed to be made by the Resident at Hyderabad under the power conferred on him by Section 8 of the

said Act, and that the said rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st July 1894, by which date therefore any objections or suggestions concerning them should be submitted:

Draft Rules.

1. (1) All words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these rules shall have in these rules the meanings assigned to them respectively by the Act, and

(2) For the purposes of these rules 'petroleum in bulk' shall be interpreted to mean petroleum in any vessel or receptacle having a capacity of 300 gallons and upwards.

2. Licenses for the possession of petroleum within the lands occupied by railways in His Highness the Nizám's territory shall be granted only when the place intended to be used for the keeping of the petroleum fulfils the following conditions:

- (1) the building itself is constructed with stone or brick walls, with terraced, tiled or iron roofs, and with tiled or paved or earthen floors;
- (2) the doorways and openings of the building are built up to a height of not less than two feet above the level of the road or street, or the floor is sunk at least two feet below the level of the road or street in such a manner that the petroleum cannot flow out in case of fire; and

(3) the building is separated by a clear open space of twenty feet on every side from any other building: provided that the licensing officers may, for special reasons to be stated in writing, dispense with this condition.

The storage capacity of any building so licensed shall be calculated at the rate of ten gallons for three cubic feet.

3. Notwithstanding anything in Rule 2 and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed in this behalf, a license may be granted for the possession of any stated quantity of petroleum in a place specially prepared for the storage of petroleum in bulk in accordance with specifications and plans approved by the Resident at Hyderabad. The capacity in gallons shall be conspicuously marked on every storage-tank or other receptacle in such place.

4. The licensing officer, or any police officer of or above the rank of head constable appointed by him, may enter any place or premises in respect of which a license for the possession of petroleum has been granted, for the purpose of inspecting the same at any time after sunrise and before sunset.

5. The licensing officer or any police officer as aforesaid may require a sample to be delivered to him from any tank or other receptacle containing petroleum stored in any place or premises in respect of which a license for the possession of petroleum has been granted; the procedure prescribed in sections 9 and 10 of the Act shall apply to any demand for samples made under this rule and to the testing of such samples.

6. (1) Licenses for the transport of petroleum other than dangerous petroleum in quantities exceeding five hundred gallons may be either general or special.

(2) Licenses for the transport of dangerous petroleum shall be special only.

7. (1) General licenses for a period of twelve months may be issued for the transport of petroleum in bulk by rail, by road or by water in Form F, hereto appended. Such licenses shall authorize the holders to transport in bulk any petroleum *bona fide* their own property, without restrictions as to destination or quantity. Every such license shall specify the marks and numbers of wagons or carts covered by it, and state that such wagons or carts have been certified or approved under rule 11, clauses (2) and (3). Such licenses shall be granted by the Resident at Hyderabad only.

(2) General licenses for a period of twelve months may be issued also for the transport of petroleum otherwise than in bulk by cart only. Such licenses shall be granted in Form G.

(3) The holder of a general license in Form G shall, with each consignment of petroleum conveyed under cover of his license, issue a pass in Form H appended to these rules, specifying the places from and to which the petroleum is to be conveyed and the quantity of petroleum covered by it. Each pass shall be numbered.

8. Special licenses for the transport of petroleum shall be in force for such period not exceeding six months from the date of the grant of the license as may be specified in the license.

9. Every special license for the transport of petroleum shall specify the places from and to which, respectively, the petroleum is to be conveyed, the quantity of petroleum covered by the license, and the time for which the license is in force; or, in the case of petroleum to be carried in bulk, shall state that the wagon, vessel or cart in which it is to be carried has been approved or certified, as the case may be, as required by sub-rules (2) and (3) of rule 11.

10. (1) Applications for special licenses for the transport of petroleum otherwise than in bulk shall specify the description and quantity of the petroleum to be transported, the places from and to which, and the route by which, the petroleum is to be conveyed, and the time likely to be occupied in the journey, and shall describe the receptacles in which the petroleum is to be contained.

(2) In the case of applications for licenses for the transport of dangerous petroleum under section 4 of the Act, the application shall also contain the particulars required by sub-section (2) of that section.

(3) Applications for general or special licenses for the transport of petroleum in bulk shall state the marks and numbers of the wagons, or carts to be used under the license, and shall be accompanied by the certificate of the authorities referred to in rule 11, clauses (2) and (3).

11. (1) Licenses for the transport of petroleum otherwise than in bulk shall only be granted if the petroleum to be transported is packed in air-tight tins, air-tight tanks or drums of steel or iron, or other vessels not easily broken or is contained in stoppered bottles carefully packed so as to avoid the risk of breakage.

(2) Licenses for the transport of petroleum other than dangerous petroleum in bulk by railway may be granted if the petroleum is contained in wagons approved by the railway administration over whose line it is proposed to transport it and by the Consulting Engineer for Railways to Government.

(3) Licenses for the transport of petroleum other than dangerous petroleum in bulk by cart may be granted if the cart is certified to be fit for the service by an officer appointed by the Resident at Hyderabad in this behalf.

(4) Such arrangements as may be approved by Government shall be made for freeing from gas tanks, railway wagons and carts in which petroleum has been stored or carried in bulk.

(5) Wagons or carts approved or certified under clause (2) or (3) of this rule shall be marked and numbered by the Consulting Engineer or the certifying officer, as the case may be.

12. It shall be the duty of all police officers to see that the petroleum is carried only by such route as may be specified in the license, and any such officer may stop and inspect any petroleum in transit.

13. Licenses for the possession or transport of dangerous petroleum in quantities exceeding forty gallons and licenses for the possession of petroleum in bulk will be granted, subject to the provisions of Section 4 of the Act in the case of dangerous petroleum, under the signa-

ture of the Resident at Hyderabad, on the recommendation of the Railway Magistrate or any Magistrate of the first class.

Applications for such licenses should be made to the Railway Magistrate or such other Magistrate as aforesaid, as the case may be.

14. The following fees shall be charged for licenses under the Act:—

Licenses for the possession of dangerous petroleum:

When the quantity exceeds forty gallons (Section 4), for every forty gallons or fraction of forty gallons... .. 5

When the quantity does not exceed forty gallons (Section 5)... .. 3

Licenses for the possession of other petroleum:

When the quantity exceeds five hundred, but does not exceed one thousand gallons 12

When the quantity exceeds one thousand gallons, but does not exceed five thousand gallons 2 extra for each one thousand gallons or part of one thousand gallons in excess of one thousand gallons.

When the quantity exceeds five thousand gallons 4 for every (additional) one thousand gallons or part of one thousand gallons in excess of five thousand gallons.

Licenses for the transport of dangerous petroleum:

When the quantity to be transported exceeds forty gallons (Section 4), for every forty gallons or fraction of forty gallons 4

When the quantity to be transported exceeds three gallons, but does not exceed forty gallons (Section 5) 2

Special licenses for the transport of other petroleum:

When the quantity to be transported exceeds five hundred but does not exceed five thousand gallons 1

For every additional five thousand gallons or a part of five thousand gallons 1

General license for the transport of petroleum by rail, by road, or by water for twelve months 100

Provided that no fee shall be levied for licenses granted under the foregoing provisions on any petroleum which is the property of Government.

15. Save in cases to which Section 4 of the Act is applicable, the licensing officer may, in his discretion, grant a license for the possession or transport of such quantity of petroleum as he thinks fit.

16. Every license for the possession of petroleum in any premises shall specify the maximum quantity of petroleum which may be stored in those premises.

17. Licenses for the possession of petroleum shall be in force for one year from the date of the grant of the license: Provided that the licensing officer may, at any time, for good and sufficient reason, cancel a license.

18. Licenses granted under these rules shall be in the forms, and shall have endorsed on them the conditions, respectively, prescribed for them in the schedule hereto annexed.

Every such license shall, on the breach of any such condition, be liable to be forfeited.

19. Every application for the renewal of a license for the possession of petroleum shall be made in the same manner as an application for an original license.

Every such application shall be made at a date not less than fifteen days before the date on which the original license expires. The same fee shall be charged for the renewal of a license as for a new license.

SCHEDULE.

FORMS OF LICENSES.

A.

License to possess Dangerous Petroleum to be granted under Section 4 or Section 5 of Act XII of 1886.

No. _____ Fee Rs. _____

License is hereby granted to

_____ for the storage, in the place described below, of _____ gallons of dangerous petroleum subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

Description of the place above referred to,

Resident at Hyderabad.

When the amount of petroleum } The Railway does not exceed forty gallons } Magistrate.

Endorsement on Form A.

Rules.

[Here enter Rules 1 to 5 (inclusive) and 13 to 19 (inclusive) under Section 8 of the Act.]

Conditions.

1. All petroleum in the licensed place shall be contained in vessels labelled in accordance with Section 6 of the Act.

2. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.

3. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.

4. No smoking, light or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.

5. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by a notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice, as may be fixed by the notice.

6. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity of dangerous petroleum exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under Section 4 or Section 5 of the Act, or any less quantity of such petroleum, except in accordance with the conditions of the proviso to Section 5 of the Act as to the vessels in which the petroleum must be contained.

B.

License to possess Petroleum other than Dangerous Petroleum to be granted under Section 7 of Act XII of 1886.

No. Fee Rs.

License is hereby granted to for the storage, in the place described below of cases containing gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

Description of the place above referred to.

The 189 .
Railway Magistrate.

Endorsement on Form B.

Rules.

[Here enter rules 1 to 5 (inclusive) and 13 to 19 (inclusive) under Section 8 of the Act.]

Conditions.

1. No goods of a combustible nature shall be stored in the licensed place.

2. No cask or other receptacle containing petroleum shall be opened, or the oil drawn off, within the building in which the petroleum is stored.

3. No smoking, light or fire in any form shall be permitted at any time within such building.

4. If the licensing officer calls on the holder of the license, by notice in writing, to execute any repairs of the licensed place which may, in the opinion of such officer, be necessary for the safety of the place, the holder of the license shall execute the repairs within such period, not being less than one week from the date of the receipt of the notice as may be fixed by the notice.

C.

License to possess in bulk Petroleum other than Dangerous Petroleum to be granted under Section 7 of Act XII of 1886.

No. Fee Rs.

License is hereby granted to for the storage, in the place described below, of gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

Description of the place above referred to.

The 189 .
Resident at Hyderabad.

Endorsement on Form C.

Rules.

[Here enter rules 1 to 5 (inclusive) and 13 to 19 (inclusive) under section 8 of the Act.]

Conditions.

Here enter such conditions as the Resident at Hyderabad has prescribed under rule 3.

D.

Special License for transport of Dangerous Petroleum to be granted under Section 4 or Section 5 of Act XII of 1886.

No. Fee Rs.

License is hereby given to of to transport cases containing in all to gallons of dangerous petroleum from to , subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license, and by the following route, namely:—

The amount of petroleum in each case is stated below—

This license shall continue in force till the day of 189 .

Resident at Hyderabad.

When the amount of dangerous petroleum does not exceed forty gallons } The Railway Magistrate.

Endorsement on Form D.

Rules.

[Here enter rules 1 and 6 to 19 (inclusive) under section 8 of the Act.]

Conditions.

1. The petroleum shall be contained in vessels labelled in accordance with section 6 of the Act.

2. The petroleum shall be carried (here describe mode or modes of conveyance)

3. When the petroleum is carried by rail it shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

4. When the petroleum is carried by cart, the cart conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise, or carry any light.

5. The license-holder is prohibited from delivering any quantity exceeding three gallons to any one who has not a license under section 4 or section 5 of the Act, or any less quantity, except in accordance with the conditions of the proviso to section 5 of the Act as to the vessels in which the petroleum must be contained.

E

License to transport Petroleum other than Dangerous Petroleum to be granted under Section 7 of Act XII of 1886.

No. _____ Fee Rs. _____

License is hereby granted to _____ to transport from _____ to _____ * () cases containing _____ gallons of petroleum, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license, and by the following route, namely:—

This license shall continue in force only till the day of _____ 189 .

Dated the _____ day of _____ 189 .

Magistrate.

* These words "() cases containing," to be omitted when the petroleum is transported in bulk.

Endorsement on Form E.

Rules.

[Here enter rules 1 and 6 to 19 (inclusive) under section 8 of the Act.]

General Condition.

This license shall be valid only for the route specified on it, and shall be produced to any railway or other carrying agency employed for the transport of the petroleum, and shall be returned to the licensing authority on the expiry of the term for which the license is valid.

Condition when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Cart.

The carts conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

Condition when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Rail.

The petroleum shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the Railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

F

General License to transport in bulk Petroleum other than Dangerous Petroleum, to be granted under Section 7 of the Act (see Rule 7).

No.

A general license is hereby granted to transport petroleum in bulk by rail, or by road

within the lands occupied by railways in His Highness the Nizam's territory, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license, and in the wagons or carts marked and numbered as follows, and approved or certified as fit for such transport:—

This license shall continue in force till the day of _____ 189 .

Dated the _____ day of _____ 189 .

Resident at Hyderabad.

Endorsement on Form F.

Rules.

[Here enter rules 1, 6, 7, and 10 to 19 (inclusive) under section 8 of Act.]

Condition when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Cart.

The carts conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise or carry any light.

Condition when the Petroleum is being conveyed by Rail.

The petroleum shall be subject to all the regulations which may, from time to time, be prescribed generally or specially in that behalf by the Railway authorities of the line or lines over which it may be conveyed.

G.

General license to transport Petroleum other than Dangerous Petroleum by cart, to be granted under Section 7 of the Act (see Rule 7).

No.

A general license is hereby granted to transport petroleum by carts within the lands occupied by Railways in His Highness the Nizam's territory, subject to the rules and conditions on the back of this license.

This license shall continue in force till the day of _____ 189 .

Dated the _____ day of _____ 189 .

Railway Magistrate.

Endorsement on Form G.

Rules.

[Here enter Rules 1, 6, 7, and 10 to 19 (inclusive) under section 8 of the Act.]

Conditions.

1. The number of this license shall be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart or in some other conspicuous manner.

3. The carts conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise, nor carry any light.

H.

Pass to be granted by the holder of General License No. for the transport of Petroleum other than Dangerous Petroleum by cart.

No.

This pass covers cases containing gallons of petroleum *bona fide* the property of while in transport from

to

Dated the day of 189 .

Holder of General License No.

Endorsement on Pass.

Conditions.

1. The number of the general license under cover of which the petroleum is transported shall

be legibly marked on a conspicuous part of the last case on the cart or in some other conspicuous manner.

2. The carts conveying the petroleum shall not move after sunset or before sunrise, nor carry any light.

By order,

(Signed) A. L. P. TUCKER,
Secretary for Berar."

By order of His Excellency the Right
Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.