

THE



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Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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## PART I.

### Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 29th December 1896.*

No. 292.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay, under the authority vested in him by the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892, has been pleased to nominate Mr. J. MONTEATH, M.A., I. C. S., to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations only.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor,*

S. L. BATCHELOR,

Secretary to the Council of His Excellency the Governor  
of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.



## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 8985A.—With reference to direction (b) contained in Government Notification No. 6161, dated the 8th September 1896, the Governor in Council is pleased, under sub-section (2) of Section 25 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, to direct that, in view of the prevalence of scarcity, only three-fourths of the cost (Rs. 8,317-8-11 per annum) of the additional Police employed in pur-

1. Deshnur.	13. Hudli.
2. Kolanhatti (hamlet).	14. Bangdholi.
3. Hogatari.	15. Gutti.
4. Sotgatti.	16. Pangutti.
5. Hanamanhatti (hamlet).	17. Budriamur.
6. Mohare.	18. Suldhal.
7. Mallapur.	19. Nilganti (hamlet).
8. Koladur.	20. Kundargi.
9. Hanbarhatti (hamlet).	21. Panjanhatti.
10. Hoskoti.	22. Mallapur.
11. Mastnardi.	23. Musalmari.
12. Sumadkuppe (hamlet).	24. Wantmuri.
	25. Nagnur.

suance of that Notification for a period of one year in the marginally named villages of the Belgaum District shall, pending further orders, be defrayed by a rate charged on the inhabitants generally

of the said villages, the remaining one-fourth being borne by Government.

Bombay Castle, 29th December 1896.

No. 9133.—Whereas it appears to His Excellency the Governor in Council that the conduct of the inhabitants of the villages of the Igatpuri Taluka of the Nasik District mentioned in the margin renders it expedient temporarily to maintain at an increased strength the Police in the said villages for a further period of six months in continuation of the period specified in Government Notification No. 8230, dated the 26th November 1895, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 25 of the Bombay District Police Act,

Four-fifths of the cost to be recovered from the following villages :

1. Harih Take.
2. Shirgaut.
3. Wai Take.
4. Dhutgaon.
5. Walvihur.
6. Tringalwadi.
7. Alwand.
8. Kuranjwadi.
9. Kachangaon.
10. Indora.
11. Ambewadi.
12. Bharwaj.

One-fifth of the cost to be recovered from the following villages :

13. Pimpalgaon Batala.
14. Kalusta.
15. Borli.
16. Saturli.
17. Nirpan.
18. Talosi.
19. Wake.
20. Tallogh.

1890,—

(a) to direct the employment in the local area of the said villages of additional Police of the strength and cost hereinbelow set forth for a period of six months from the 1st January 1897, unless in the meantime the conduct of the inhabitants should be such as to permit of the withdrawal of the force without danger to the public peace; and

(b) to direct that the cost of such additional Police, as hereinbelow set forth, shall be defrayed by a rate charged on the inhabitants of the said villages as follows :

Four-fifths of the cost should be recovered from the first twelve villages according to their revenue, and one-fifth of the cost should be recovered from the remaining eight villages according to their revenue :

Unarmed.

	Rs.	a.	p.
1 Head Constable, First Class ...	35	0	0

Armed.

1 Head Constable, Second Class ...	20	0	0
1 " Third " ...	15	0	0
3 " Fourth Class, at Rs. 12 each ...	36	0	0
6 Constables, First Class, at Rs. 10 each.	60	0	0
9 " Second " " 9 " "	81	0	0
9 " Third " " 8 " "	72	0	0
—			
30 Monthly cost ...	319	0	0
			x 6
Cost for six months ...	1,914	0	0

One-twelfth on account of pension contribution... ..	159	8	0
6 per cent. on account of supervision, &c.	114	13	5
Rs. 6 per man per annum on account of clothing ... ..	90	0	0
Rs. 6 per man per annum on account of hutting allowance ... ..	90	0	0
Total for six months' cost ...	2,368	5	5

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

S. W. EDGERLEY,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th December 1896.

No. 145.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information with reference to Government Notification No. 104, dated 23rd September 1896:—

" RED SEA.

Perim Island—Obstruction Point Light replaced.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Aden, dated 5th instant, that the occulting apparatus of the Obstruction Point Light has been replaced in position, and that the light will be shown in its original character from 1st January 1897."



*Bombay Castle, 21st December 1896.*

No. 146.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

“INDIA—BAY OF BENGAL—GULF OF MARTABAN.

*Krishna Shoal Light-vessel—Amended position.*

Information has been received from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Burma, dated 8th instant, that the position of the Krishna Light-vessel is N. 50° E. distant 2·3 miles from where it is shown on the charts or approximately on chart No. 823 in Latitude 15° 37' 30" N., Longitude 95° 36' 30" E.

2. The Baragua position buoy (black) is moored in 5 fathoms in Latitude 15° 29' 45" N., Longitude 95° 11' 30" E.

The visibility of the Baragua flats vessel light is 12 miles approximately.”

*Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.*

No. 149.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

“INDIA—BAY OF BENGAL—GULF OF MARTABAN.

## ENTRANCE TO RANGOON RIVER.

*Alteration in position of Spit Lower Buoy.*

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Rangoon, dated 11th instant, that the Spit Lower Buoy now lies in 24 feet reduced, 150 yards west of its position on Chart No. 833 on the following magnetic bearings from the buoy:—

Eastern Grove Light-house... N 22° 30' E.  
Upper Ridge buoy ... N 1° 00' E.  
Elephant Point Obelisk ... N 29° 0' W.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DeC. ATKINS,  
Secretary to Government.

## REVENUE DEPARTMENT (FAMINE).

*Bombay Castle, 24th December 1896.*

No. 10607 OF 1896.

In continuation of Government Notification No. 10415, dated 19th instant, the following Memorandum is published for general information:—

Want of rain is now generally felt in the affected districts for the late sown crops, which have begun to wither in places. The reports for the week ending 19th instant are summarised below.

**Ahmednagar.**

There has been no rain. Sowing is generally finished. Most of the newly sown crops are withering and will die unless rain falls within ten days. Cattle in some places are still in good condition, in others beginning to suffer. Labourers in northern and central talukas are flocking to works in very large numbers. Grain supply is generally sufficient, but there are complaints that Banias do not sell at published bazar rates. The average price of jowári is 19 $\frac{1}{2}$  and of bájri 19 $\frac{7}{8}$  lbs. per rupee. There has been some emigration. The detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	Jowári.	Bájri.
	Lbs. per Re.	Lbs. per Re.
Nagar ...	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Párner... ..	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	19
Shrigonda ...	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$
Karjat... ..	22	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Jámkhed ...	20	21
Shevgaon ...	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$
Nevása ... ..	17 $\frac{7}{8}$	17 $\frac{1}{10}$
Ráhuri ... ..	17 $\frac{5}{8}$	17 $\frac{1}{10}$
Kopargaon ...	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{7}{8}$
Sanganner ...	25	24
Akola ... ..	27	21

**Sholápur.**

There has been no rain. The average price of jowári is 20 $\frac{1}{4}$  lbs. and of bájri 18 $\frac{3}{10}$  lbs. Grain supply is sufficient in all talukas except Sàngola and Málsiras. Rabi sowing is practically completed. Rain is wanted for crops recently sown. The seedlings are showing signs of withering. The rabi crops sown in September and October are doing well and do not require more rain. Emigration of 7,200 persons from four talukas is reported. Emigration from other talukas is also going on. Fodder is insufficient all over the district. Cattle are being sold or sent away. Semi-gratuitous relief is being given to 151 weavers in Sholápur, also on a small scale in Pandharpur. The taluka prices of jowári are given below—

Táluka.	Lbs. per Re.
Sholápur... ..	21 $\frac{3}{5}$
Bárai ... ..	24 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mádhá ... ..	21
Karmála ... ..	19 $\frac{1}{10}$
Pandharpur ...	21 $\frac{7}{8}$
Sàngola ... ..	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Málsiras ... ..	19 $\frac{1}{4}$



## Poona.

There has been no rain. The average price of jowári is 19 $\frac{3}{10}$  lbs. and of bájri 16 $\frac{3}{4}$  lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is sufficient. The detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	During Week.	
	Lbs.	Tolas.
Junnar ... ..	Jowári ... ..	17 0
	Bájri ... ..	15 30
	Rice ... ..	13 10
Ambegaon ... ..	Jowári ... ..	15 27
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice ... ..	14 24
Khed ... ..	Jowári ... ..	20 0
	Bájri ... ..	15 11
	Rice ... ..	14 34
Mával ... ..	Jowári ... ..	19 32
	Bájri ... ..	17 10
	Rice ... ..	17 6
Haveli ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18 32
	Bájri ... ..	16 4
	Rice ... ..	15 4
Mulshi ... ..	Jowári ... ..	20 0
	Rice ... ..	17 35
Purandhar ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18 30
	Bájri ... ..	16 10
	Rice ... ..	13 30
Sirúr ... ..	Jowári ... ..	19 24
	Bájri ... ..	16 38
	Rice ... ..	14 25
Dhond ... ..	Jowári ... ..	22 16
	Bájri ... ..	18 36
	Rice ... ..	15 0
Bhimthadi ... ..	Jowári ... ..	19 28
	Bájri ... ..	17 14
	Rice ... ..	14 0
Indápur ... ..	Jowári ... ..	20 24
	Bájri ... ..	18 8
	Rice ... ..	18 35
Poona City ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18 32
	Bájri ... ..	16 4
	Rice ... ..	15 4

## Sa'ta'ra.

There has been rain in two tálukas, at Tásgaon 4 cents and Khánápur 5 cents. The average price of jowári is 18 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. and of bájri 15 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is fair. Water is sufficient. Standing crops and cattle are in fair condition. Fodder supply is scanty. The detailed prices are—

## Sa'ta'ra—continued.

Táluka.	During Week.	
	Lbs.	Tolas.
Karád ... ..	Jowári ... ..	19 38
	Bájri ... ..	15 21
Pátan ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18 36
	Bájri ... ..	...
Khatáv ... ..	Jowári ... ..	23 4
	Bájri ... ..	19 2
Tásgaon ... ..	Jowári ... ..	20 9
	Bájri ... ..	19 20
Sátára ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18 28
	Bájri ... ..	15 25
Mán... ..	Jowári ... ..	20 8 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Bájri ... ..	19 20 $\frac{1}{2}$
Jávli ... ..	Jowári ... ..	16 30
	Bájri ... ..	16 20
Koregaon ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18 31
	Bájri ... ..	18 5
Wái ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18 20
	Bájri ... ..	11 30
Válva ... ..	Jowári ... ..	20 8 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Bájri ... ..	19 20

## Na'sik.

There has been no rain. The average price of bájri is 17 $\frac{7}{10}$ , of jowári 18 $\frac{3}{10}$  and of nágli 22 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. per rupee. The general prospects are unchanged. Standing rabi crops are in need of rain. The stock of grain is generally sufficient for the present. Fodder is scarce in most tálukas. There has been no starvation and no disease worth notice among cattle. The condition of cultivators is normal and of town population fair. 2,161 labourers are employed by the Táluka and District Local Boards. Detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	During Week.	
	Lbs.	Tolas.
Násik ... ..	Bájri ... ..	16 38
	Jowári ... ..	19 10
	Nágli ... ..	21 34
Sinnar ... ..	Bájri ... ..	17 10
	Jowári ... ..	19 10
	Nágli ... ..	...
Igatpuri ... ..	Bájri ... ..	16 14
	Jowári ... ..	...
	Nágli ... ..	18 0
Dindori ... ..	Bájri ... ..	16 0
	Jowári ... ..	...
	Nágli ... ..	25 0
Niphád ... ..	Bájri ... ..	17 13 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Jowári ... ..	20 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Nágli ... ..	21 15



## Nāsik—continued.

Táluka.	During Week.	
		Lbs. Tolas.
Chándor ... ..	Bájri ... ..	17 7½
	Jowári ... ..	19 1¾
	Nágli ... ..	20 5½
Yeola ... ..	Bájri ... ..	18 27½
	Jowári ... ..	21 0
	Nágli ... ..	...
Málegaon ... ..	Bájri ... ..	16 36
	Jowári ... ..	17 18
	Nágli ... ..	...
Nándgaon ... ..	Bájri ... ..	17 36
	Jowári ... ..	18 2
	Nágli ... ..	...
Báglán ... ..	Bájri ... ..	16 12
	Jowári ... ..	17 15
	Nágli ... ..	...
Kalwan ... ..	Bájri ... ..	18 6
	Jowári ... ..	18 35
	Nágli ... ..	20 12
Peint ... ..	Bájri ... ..	...
	Jowári ... ..	...
	Nágli ... ..	30 0

## Kha'ndesh.

There has been no rain. Prices are almost stationary. The average price of jowári is 18 lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is sufficient. Crops and agriculturists are in the same state as before. Harvest operations being over, labourers are coming on to works in increased numbers. There has been no emigration worth mentioning.

## Bija'pur.

There has been no rain during the week and no progress in sowing operations. Standing crops are withering. Prices of jowári have risen in three tálukas; they vary from 24 lbs. in Bágalkot to 17½ lbs. in Indi. The condition of cattle is deplorable owing to want of fodder and they are sold at nominal rates. The condition of cultivators is unsatisfactory. Agricultural labourers have no field work and all are flocking to relief works. Weavers and artisans have no sufficient work. The former have commenced joining relief works. There is slight cholera in Hungund Táluka. Grain supply is generally fair. Water-supply is failing. The táluka prices of jowári are given below—

Táluka.	Lbs. per Re.
	Lbs.
Bágalkot ... ..	24
Bádámi ... ..	20½
Hungund ... ..	22
Muddebihál ... ..	18½
Indi ... ..	17½
Bágevádi ... ..	21½
Bijápur ... ..	20½
Sindgi ... ..	22½
Bilgi ... ..	22

## Belgaum.

There has been no rain. Prices have slightly fallen. The average price of jowári is 23 lbs., of bájri 23 lbs., and of rice 16 lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is sufficient. Emigration from Athni and parts of Parasgad to adjacent tálukas and States continues. There has been no immigration. Fodder is scarce and dear. Cattle are being sold at cheap rates. Agricultural work is diminishing. Artizans in Parasgad do not get sufficient work. The detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	Lbs. per Re.	
		Lbs.
Belgaum ... ..	Jowári ... ..	24
	Bájri ... ..	22
	Rice ... ..	19
Chikodi ... ..	Jowári ... ..	22
	Bájri ... ..	24
	Rice ... ..	15
Athni ... ..	Jowári ... ..	20
	Bájri ... ..	20
	Rice ... ..	14
Gokák ... ..	Jowári ... ..	24
	Bájri ... ..	26
	Rice ... ..	15
Parasgad ... ..	Jowári ... ..	24
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice ... ..	16
Sampgaon ... ..	Jowári ... ..	22
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice ... ..	15
Khanápur ... ..	Jowári ... ..	23
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice ... ..	17½

## Dha'rwa'r.

There has been no rain. Kharif jowári and rice harvest is in progress. Standing rabi crops are good so far, but in Ron, Mundargi and Nargund more rain is wanted for them. Some rabi sowings are still going on. The condition of agriculturists in affected parts is fair, and that of labourers and artisans improved. Cattle are indifferent in affected tálukas. Food-grains and water are generally sufficient. Fodder is insufficient in affected parts. There has been no emigration to Bombay. Prices are much above normal. The price of jowári in the affected tracts is—Navalgund 26½, Ron 28, Nargund 25½ and Mundargi 27 lbs. per rupee.

## Kola'ba.

There has been no rain. The price of rice at Alibág is 18½ lbs. per rupee. Prices are generally stationary or falling. 45 labourers from Pen have gone to Bombay, and 225 labourers have arrived in Uran from Ratnágiri and Poona. The general situation is unchanged. People are not yet willing to work for famine wages.



## Ratna'giri.

There has been no rain. Prices of paddy and rice have fallen slightly in Málvan and Khed and of rice only in Mandangad; that of nágli has fallen slightly in Vengurla and Khed and risen slightly in Rajápur; that of vari has fallen considerably at Ratnágiri; elsewhere prices are sta-

2. The progress of relief measures during the last week is shown in the appended statement. Excluding the district of Khándesh, for which no returns have been submitted, the daily average number of labourers on relief works was 114,644 as compared with 72,571 in the preceding week. Harvesting and sowing operations are now generally completed; the demand for labour at famine wages is increasing, and several new works have been ordered to be started.

One earth-work (strengthening and improving banks of Ekruk Tank Canals) has been specially provided for weavers in Sholápur who are in need of relief, and it has been ordered that weavers alone should as far as possible be employed on it, other applicants being sent to road works. Estimates for new metal-collecting works have been sanctioned and the works have been brought on the famine relief programme. The survey of five tank projects in Sholápur has been ordered, and Rs. 4,000 have been allotted for the survey of the Bársi-Pandharpur Railway. Allotments have also been sanctioned for several small works in Khándesh. Programmes of suitable relief works to be utilised in case of necessity have been prepared for the districts of Kolába and Ratnágiri.

3. The Yeola Municipality have proposed a scheme for relieving the distressed weavers in that town by employing them in their own craft, and have asked for the assistance of Government to enable them to carry out the scheme. Government have approved of the proposal, and it has been suggested that the project should be started at once. Under the existing law a loan cannot be granted for this purpose, but a loan on favourable terms has been offered for the water-works now under construction, and the sum of Rs. 50,000, which will thus be set free out of the balance at the credit of the Municipality, can be utilized for the relief project. It has been ordered that such of the relief workers as are temporarily unfitted for work by illness should, for the time being, be put on gratuitous relief in accordance with the intention of Section 176 (l) of the Famine Code. In order to afford relief to District and Village Hereditary Officers it has been directed that the annual cash allowances of the former should be paid in two, and those of the latter in four, instalments.

4. The Police force in the Poona District, where increase of crime is reported, has been strengthened. It has been ordered that the Village Police employed for guarding relief works, stores of grain, &c., should receive the wage of labourers of A. Class.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

## Ratna'giri—continued.

tionary. There has been no demand for work anywhere except in Málvan, where 51 persons are on test relief works. There are fewer people going to Bombay for work than returning owing to the plague in that city. Cattle are healthy except in some tálukas. Late crops are in fair condition.



Statement showing the progress of relief measures during the week ending 19th December 1896 in the several districts of the Bombay Presidency.

District.	Number and class of relief works.	Numbers of persons employed on relief works and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of non-working children whose parents are employed on relief works, including women in charge, and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of other persons relieved gratuitously in villages.	
		Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.
Bijápur	18 works under Public Works Agency.	167,454	27,909	Rs. 18,148	49,175	8,106	Rs. 1,635	1,269 (in 55 vil- lages).	181
	8 works under Civil Agency (including 4 Local Board works).	11,146	1,858	1,155	2,121	353	70		
Sholápur	9 works under Public Works Agency.	145,376	24,229	16,173	57,851	9,642	1,908	9,669 (in 82 vil- lages).	1,381
	8 works under Civil Agency	94,516	15,752	10,067 (excluding one work).	21,028	3,505	667 (excluding two works).		
Ahmednagar	12 works under Public Works Agency.	87,642	14,607	8,405 (excluding one work).	33,757 (excluding one work).	5,626	1,142 (excluding two works).	.....	.....
Poona	3 works under Public Works Agency.	74,270	12,378	9,336	35,120	5,853	30,992	9,621 (in 64 villages and 1 poor-house).	1,374
Násik	9 works under Public Works Agency.	53,691	8,948	4,071 (excluding two works).	23,967	3,994	1,164	.....	.....
Sátára	3 works under Public Works Agency.	42,365	7,061	5,326	7,980	1,330	258	9 72 (in 3 villages).	1
Belgaum	2 works under Public Works Agency.	3,136	522	264	1,381	230	35	..... (in 3 vil- lages).	10
	2 Local Board works under Civil Agency.	4,006	667	400	.....	.....	.....		
Dhárwár	Ordinary works under Public Works Agency.	2,076	346	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Ordinary Local Board Works...	2,202	367	.....	.....	.....	.....		



## REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 29th December 1896.

No. 10685.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for quarries for the Poona-Nagar road, in certain villages of the Haveli Taluka of the Poona District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required:—

Name of the Village.	Survey No.	Approximate Area required.	A. g.
Bhosari ...	113 part	0 21	
	119 "	0 34	
	198 "	0 12	
	697 "	0 5	
Kharadi ...	43 "	0 32	
	52 "	2 25	
Lohogon ...	123 "	1 8	
	133 "	0 27	
	134 "	1 25	
	141 "	0 17	
	196 "	0 19	
Perna ...	276 "	0 18	
Wadgaon Sheri ...	29 "	1 1	
	34 "	0 13	
	45 "	1 2	

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plans of the abovementioned land can be seen in the office of the First Assistant Collector, Poona.

No. 10686.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the Baramati-Nira Station road; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose land of the approximate area specified below and situated in the Bhimthadi and Purandhar Talukas of the Poona District is required for the said purpose:—

## I—PANDHARA.

Land required for Baramati-Nira Road.

Village.	Width.	Survey No.	Area.	Remarks.
			A. g.	
Pandhara ...	33½	108	1 0	South of old track.
		510	0 32½	North of do.
		107	0 25	South of do.
		95	0 32	North of do.
		106	0 38	South of do.
		96	0 29	North of do.
		515	0 5	Do. do.
		105	0 27½	Do. do.
		104	0 30	South of do.
		103	0 25	North of do.
		480	0 30	South of do.

## II—BETWEEN PANDHARA AND VADGAON.

Land required for Baramati-Nira Road.

Village.	Width.	Survey No.	Area.	Remarks.
			A. g.	
Pandhara ...	33½	450	0 26	North of old track.
		457	1 0½	Do.
	66½	456	2 2	North & South of old track.
		455	1 12	Do.
		454	1 10	Do.
		453	0 35	Do.
	33½	401	2 16	South of old track.
		400	1 15	Do.
		399	0 35	Do.
		394	0 29	Do.
		393	0 30	Do.
Dhalka ...	33½	111	1 5½	North of old track.
		112	0 27	Do.
		113	0 33	Do.
		118	0 32	Do.
		150	0 32	Do.
		151	1 10½	Do.
		154	0 10	Do.
		155	0 15	Do.
		156	0 5	Do.
		157	0 10	Do.
		158	0 4½	Do.
		163	0 9½	Do.
Korhala ...	100	94	1 20½	Diversion.
		93	1 35	Do.
		229	2 3	Do.
		228	0 34	Do.
	50	90	0 30	Along canal.
		89	1 9	Do.
		88	1 1½	Do.
	33½	87	0 25	South of old track.
		226	0 21½	North of do.
		86	0 23	South of do.
		224	0 28	North of do.
	66½	19	0 15	Road divides Survey No.
	33½	185	0 20	South of old track.
		10	1 3	North of do.
		184	0 23	South of do.
		11	0 35	North of do.
		183	0 25	South of do.
		18	0 25	North of do.
		182	0 27½	South of do.
	20	19	0 21	North of do.
	50	181	2 14	South of do.
	33½	20	1 5	North of do.
Vadgaon ...	33½	56	0 10	South of old track.
		55	0 12½	Do.
		52	0 25	North of old track.
		54	0 25½	South of do.
		53	0 30	North of do.
		70	1 0½	South of do.
		3	0 35	North of do.
		71	0 20	South of do.
		72	1 18	North of do.
		73	0 38	South of do.
	66½	102	1 31	North and South of old track.
		*	1 10½	Do.
		106	1 21	Do.
	33½	108	1 5½	South of old track.
		107	1 6	North of do.
	66½	111	0 25	North and South of old track.

\* The No. of this Survey Number of Vadgaon is not marked on plan.

The Survey Number is bounded on  
North by Survey No. 103.  
South by nála.  
East by Survey No. 106.  
West by Survey No. 102.



Village.	Width.	Survey No.	Area.	Remarks.	Village.	Width.	Survey No.	Area.	Remarks.
			A. g.					A. g.	
Hol ...	33½	139	0 10	South of old track.	Nimbut—	100	88	0 30	Diversion.
"	"	141	1 14½	Do.	<i>continued.</i>	33½	88	0 10	North of old track
"	"	142	0 26	Do.	"	"	1	0 18	South of do.
"	"	134	1 18	North of old track.	"	"	2	0 30	Do.
"	"	145	1 0½	South of do.	"	"	87	0 10	North of do.
"	"	146	0 20	Do.	"	"	86	0 11	Do.
100	"	146	1 20	Diversion.	"	"	85	0 15	Do.
"	"	148	0 30	Do.	"	"	84	0 20	South of do.
33½	"	148	0 5	South of old track.	"	"	6	0 22½	North of do.
"	"	149	0 25	Do.	"	"	20	0 20	South of do.
"	"	121	0 25	North of old track.	"	"	7	0 17	North of do.
"	"	86	0 6	South of do.	100	"	8	2 26	Diversion.
"	"	87	0 30	North of do.	"	"	6	0 7½	Do.
"	"	77	0 10	South of do.	"	"	15	2 3	Do.
"	"	79	0 10	Do.	Takrar Wādī.	100	29	0 38	Diversion.
"	"	75	0 20	Do.	"	"	30	1 20½	Do.
"	"	83	0 18	North of old track.	"	"	37	1 21	Do.
"	"	71	1 18	South of do.					
"	"	89	0 18	North of do.					
"	"	70	1 0	South of do.					
"	"	72	0 20	Do.					
"	"	66	0 18	Do.					
"	"	68	0 18	North of old track.					
"	"	67	0 38	Do.					
"	"	65	0 20	South of old track.					
Karanje ...	33½	288	1 0	South of old track.					
"	"	287	1 0	North of do.					
"	"	289	0 28	South of do.					
"	"	286	0 28	North of do.					
"	"	307	0 15	South of do.					
"	"	250	0 16	North of do.					
"	"	308	0 35	South of do.					
"	"	249	1 5	North of do.					
"	"	309	1 15	South of do.					
"	"	247	1 3	North of do.					
66½	"	313	1 10	Road divides Survey No.					
33½	"	313	0 25	North of old track.					
100	"	313	1 13	Diversion.					
33½	"	311	0 27	South of old track.					
"	"	329	0 25	Do.					
"	"	327	0 26	North of old track.					
"	"	362	0 2½	Do.					
"	"	36	0 10	South of old track.					
"	"	328	0 10	North of do.					
"	"	330	0 30	South of do.					
"	"	331	0 22	North of do.					
"	"	334	0 15	Do.					
"	"	335	0 5	Do.					
Muram ...	100	117	2 2	Diversion.					
"	"	116	0 23	Do.					
"	"	115	1 28	Do.					
66½	"	104	1 0	Road divides Survey No.					
"	"	103	0 21	Do.					
"	"	102	0 10	Do.					
"	"	93	1 0	Do.					
"	"	94	0 30	Do.					
"	"	95	1 22	Do.					
Nimbut ...	33½	293	0 30	South of old track.					
"	"	358	0 27	North of do.					
"	"	294	0 25	South of do.					
"	"	223	0 25	North of do.					
100	"	325	1 35	Diversion.					
100	"	291	1 35	Do.					
(mean) ...	"	264	1 28	Do.					
"	"	264	0 22	.....					
50	"	265	0 16	Diversion.					
50	"	265	0 10	South of old track.					
33½	"	265	0 20	Do.					
"	"	357	0 20	Do.					
"	"	256	1 20	North of old track.					
"	"	262	0 20	South of do.					
"	"	261	0 20	Do.					
100	"	259	1 20½	Diversion.					
"	"	89	2 3	Do.					

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

*Bombay Castle, 30th December 1896.*

No. 10754.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 11 of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt from duty liquor transported from the Depot at Mandala in the Rájpipla State through Gawali and other outlying villages of the Raisingpur Estate of the district of Khándesh to the Rájpipla State liquor shop at Korai under permits for such transport signed by the manager of the Depot at Mandala.

Each permit shall specify—

- the number and date thereof,
- the name of the transporter,
- the number and description of the vessels containing liquor,
- the quantity and strength of liquor contained in each vessel,
- the names of the places from and to which liquor is to be transported,
- the route by which the liquor is to be transported,
- the mode of conveyance, and
- the date up to which the permit shall hold good.

Each vessel containing liquor shall be securely closed and sealed, and shall have marked on it the quantity and strength of the liquor contained therein.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
**J. MONTEATH,**  
 Acting Chief Secretary to Government.



## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 19th December 1896.*

No. 99.—His Excellency the Governor in Council desires to place on record that, by the retirement of the Honourable Mr. Thomas David Little, C.I.E., M.Inst.C.E., he loses an officer who has served the State with exceptional diligence and ability for upwards of thirty-seven years; whose proposals have been marked by unusual breadth of

view; and whose judgment and experience during the time he has held the high office of Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department have been of the highest value.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

H. M. THOMPSON,  
Secretary to Government.

## GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 26th December 1896.*

No. 5684.—The following telegram from the British Consul, Alexandria, dated the 25th December 1896, is published for general information:—

“Sanitary Board has applied plague regulations to arrivals from Karáchi.”

*Bombay Castle, 30th December 1896.*

No. 5691.—In exercise of the power conferred by Act I of 1870, the following Rules for Quarantine against Plague have been made by the Government of Bombay, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council: they have effect from to-day in the Ports of Aden, Perim and the Somáli Coast, as a temporary measure:—

- I.—The Commander of every vessel, including buggalows or other native craft, arriving at Aden, Perim and the Somáli Coast from Karáchi shall, before entering the harbour, hoist a yellow flag (or if entering a port at night time, show whatever quarantine light signals are customary in the port) and indicate by signal the port from which such vessel has come, and shall keep such flag and signals flying until permitted to take them down as hereinafter provided. The pilot on going alongside a vessel from Karáchi shall direct the flag prescribed above to be hoisted, if it has not already been done.
- II.—Such Commander shall not, without first having obtained permission as hereinafter provided, allow any communication, except orally, with the shore or any other vessel or boat, excepting with the boat supplying pilots, and in that case communication shall be limited to receiving on board the pilot, his servant and baggage.
- III.—On any such arrival being signalled, the Health Officer of the Port shall, as soon as possible, go alongside the vessel and ascertain by enquiry from the Commander whether any person on board is suffering, or has during the voyage suffered, from plague, and if the Health Officer is satisfied by such enquiry that no person on board is suffering, or during the voyage has suffered, from plague, and if the ship carries a qualified Medical Officer, quarantine shall be dispensed with, and pratique granted.

If the vessel does not carry a qualified Medical Officer, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage duly appointed and notified by the Resident, and there to remain for a period of eight clear days from the date of arrival in the harbour. The Health Officer shall also direct the Commander to prohibit, during the period for which the vessel remains at the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid, all communication, except such as is hereinafter provided for, between such vessel and the shore or other vessels and boats in the harbour.

- IV.—If the Health Officer, as the result of the enquiry made under paragraph III above, shall have reason to believe at the time when the vessel arrives in the harbour that any person on board is suffering, or during the voyage has suffered, from plague, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid, and there to remain for a period of fifteen days from the day of arrival in the harbour; and shall further direct that during such fifteen days' intercourse between the said vessel and the shore or other vessels and boats in the harbour shall be prohibited as provided in Rule III.
- V.—If during the period a vessel is at the quarantine anchorage aforesaid any case or cases of plague should occur on board, the said vessel shall remain in quaran-



- tine for a period of fifteen days from the date of termination of the last case either by death, recovery or removal from the vessel, and be subject to all the prohibitions provided for in Rules III and IV.
- VI.—When any vessel has been placed in quarantine as aforesaid, the Health Officer may direct the removal of so many of the passengers and crew as may not be suffering from illness, and whose services may not be required on board the vessel, to such particular spots as may from time to time be selected by the Resident as places of quarantine, there to remain for a period of eight days, or if the vessel has been placed in quarantine for fifteen days, for a period of fifteen days. If a case of plague occurs among such passengers and crew during any such period, they shall remain in a place of quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of the occurrence of the last case of such illness.
- VII.—Any mails or cargo which may be brought by any vessel so arriving shall be landed under such precautions as the Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.
- VIII.—It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels in quarantine of such supplies of provisions, stores and other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessels in quarantine to be subsequently removed by members of their crews.
- IX.—All vessels arriving at Aden, Perim and the Somáli Coast, which may have communicated with vessels coming from Karáchi shall be subjected to the same rules as vessels arriving at Aden, Perim and the Somáli Coast from Karáchi.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. DEC. ATKINS,  
Secretary to Government.

#### CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

##### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 28th December 1896.*

No. 9059.—The Honourable Mr. Justice E. M. H. Fulton, I. C. S., and the Honourable Mr. Justice J. Jardine, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judge of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 19th December 1896, in the forenoon.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

S. W. EDGERLEY,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

##### POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.*

No. 7643.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

From the date of Colonel H. L. Nutt's retirement from employment in the Political Department,—

Mr. L. P. Walsh, C.I.B., to continue to be substantive *pro tem.* Political Superintendent, Sávantvádi.

From the date of Mr. Walsh's proceeding on leave,—

Major H. M. Abud to be substantive *pro tem.* Political Superintendent, Sávantvádi, until further orders,

Mr. Walsh reverting to his permanent appointment of Second Assistant Political Resident, Aden.

No. 7645.—His Excellency Governor in the Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant H. Harrison to officiate as Adjutant, Kolhápur Infantry Corps, and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhápur.

*Bombay Castle, 29th December 1896.*

No. 7694.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information :—

*“ Fort William, the 22nd December 1896.*

No. 2006-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Hussein Kiami Effendi as Consul for Turkey at Karáchi.

[This cancels Notification No. 1927-G., dated the 9th December 1896.]

(Signed) W. J. CUNINGHAM,  
Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 7696.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information :—

*“ Fort William, the 22nd December 1896.*

No. 2012-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Otto Emil Remy Berzenovich von Sállas as Consul-General in British India for the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

(Signed) W. J. CUNINGHAM,  
Secretary to the Government of India.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

S. W. EDGERLEY,  
Acting Secretary to Government.



## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.*

No. 9009.—Under the provisions of Section 174 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882), and clause 3 of Section 11 of the Bombay Village Police Act, VIII of 1867, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Shaik Usiff, Hospital Assistant in charge of the Sirúr Municipal Dispensary, to conduct *post-mortem* examinations.

*Bombay Castle, 28th December 1896.*

No. 9043.—A'zam Gangadhar Damodar Vartak, Head Kárkún, táluka Sirúr, and A'zam Ramchandra Damodar Sahasrabudhe, Head Kárkún, táluka Indápur in the district of Poona, are appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be Magistrates of the Third Class in that district, and are invested with the following additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191 (a) and (b)).

2. A'zam Narayan Manohar Date and A'zam Ramchandra Damodar Satho, Special Civil Officers on Famine Relief Works in the Poona District, are appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be Magistrates of the Second Class in that district.

No. 9058.—Ráo Sáheb Raghvendra Shamrao Baitmangalkar, Mámátdár, táluka Karjat in the district of Kolába, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

No. 9074.—Messrs. E. M. Pratt, I. C. S., and G. Jacob, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge, Sholapur-Bijápur, on the 21st December 1896, in the forenoon.

No. 9082A.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. H. Scannell to be Superintendent of Police, First Grade.

Mr. H. Kennedy to be Inspector-General of Police.

Mr. L. H. Spence to be District Superintendent of Police in the Ahmednagar District.

Mr. J. V. Cooke to be District Superintendent of Police in the Shikárpur District.

*Bombay Castle, 29th December 1896.*

No. 9088.—Ráo Sáheb Janardhan Damodhar Dixit assumed charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Courts at Karád and Pátan in the Sátára District on the 30th November 1896, in the forenoon.

No. 9089.—Mr. H. Batty, I. C. S., relinquished charge on the 18th December 1896, in the forenoon,

of the special duty to which he was appointed by Government Notification No. 8835, dated the 18th December 1896.

No. 9090.—Ráo Sáheb Sadashiv Babu Gadgil and Ráo Sáheb Sadashiv Hari Khare respectively delivered over and received charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Rahimatpur and Khatáv in the Sátára District on the 16th December 1896, in the forenoon.

No. 9096.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments pending further orders:—

Mr. T. Walker, I. C. S., on return to duty, to officiate as Judge and Sessions Judge, Surat.

Mr. R. S. Tipnis, B.A., LL.B., on relief by Mr. Walker, to be Assistant Judge in the Surat District.

Mr. C. G. H. Fawcett, I. C. S., on relief by Mr. Tipnis, to be Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge, Poona, and Assistant Agent for Sardárs in the Deccan.

2. Under Section 19 of Act XIV of 1869, His Excellency in Council is pleased to invest Mr. R. S. Tipnis, B.A., LL.B., with all the powers of a District Judge within the portion of the Surat District in the executive charge of the Collector of Broach, and to direct that he shall ordinarily hold his Court at Broach. His Excellency in Council is also pleased, under Section 9 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to appoint Mr. Tipnis to be a Joint Sessions Judge in the Surat Sessions Division, and further to direct, under Section 193 of the Code, that he shall try all cases which may be committed for trial by the Magistrates of the Broach Collectorate.

No. 9112.—Mr. H. S. Lawrence, I. C. S., Assistant Collector, Karáchi, acted as District Superintendent of Police, Karáchi, in addition to his own duties, from the 23rd July to the 25th October 1896, both days inclusive, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. McIver.

No. 9123.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. G. McCorkell, I. C. S., to be First Grade Judge and Sessions Judge vice Mr. T. S. Hamilton, I. C. S., retiring.

Mr. F. C. O. Beaman, I. C. S., to be Second Grade Judge and Sessions Judge vice Mr. McCorkell.

Mr. M. P. Khareghat, I. C. S., to be Third Grade Judge and Sessions Judge vice Mr. Beaman.

No. 9134.—Mr. E. M. H. Fulton, I. C. S., assumed charge on the 19th December 1896, in the forenoon, of the special duty to which he was appointed by Government Notification No. 8881, dated the 19th December 1896.

No. 9136.—A'zam Pandurang Gopal Kumthekar, substantive *pro tem*. Head Kárkún, táluka Khatáv in the district of Sátára, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following



additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191 (a) and (b)).

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
S. W. EDGERLEY,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

#### REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 29th December 1896.*

No. 10676.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel that part of Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 10392, dated 18th December 1896, which orders the transfer of Mr. B. G. Deshpande to the Northern Circle and Mr. D. M. Bijur to the Sind Circle, and to transfer Mr. Dattátraya Manjunáth Bijur to the Northern Circle.

No. 10700.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. Plunkett to be Huzúr Deputy Collector, Násik, with effect from the date of Ráo Bahádúr Káshináth Mahádev Thatte's retirement.

No. 10701.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. H. Lucas, I. C. S., to be Assistant Collector, Sind.

No. 10714.—Mr. R. Thom, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India three months' extraordinary leave on medical certificate without pay. This extension cancels the permission to return to India granted to Mr. Thom by the Secretary of State, vide Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 10011, dated 9th December 1896.

*Bombay Castle, 30th December 1896.*

No. 10759.—Ráo Bahádúr Vasudev Ramechandra Patvardhan, District Deputy Collector, Thána, is allowed leave on medical certificate for four months with effect from 9th November 1896.

2. Ráo Bahádúr Vasudev Shivaji Nabar is appointed to act as District Deputy Collector, Thána, during the absence of Ráo Bahádúr Vasudev Ramechandra Patvardhan or pending further orders.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
J. MONTEATH,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

#### FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 29th December 1896.*

No. 4549.—*Corrigendum.*—In Government Notification No. 4309, dated 12th December 1896, published at page 1320 of Part I of *Bombay Government Gazette* of 17th idem, for "Mr. C. E. Macdonald" read "Mr. C. E. McDonald."

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
J. MONTEATH,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

#### GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 28th December 1896.*

No. 5687.—The services of Surgeon-Captain W. E. Jennings, M.B., C.M., are placed at the disposal of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay for duty in connection with the Bubonic Plague with effect from the 4th January 1897.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
J. DEC. ATKINS,  
Secretary to Government.

#### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 24th December 1896.*

No. 100.—The following transfers and posting are ordered by His Excellency the Governor in Council:—

Mr. K. G. Desai, Executive Engineer, First Grade, is permitted to return to duty from 1st January 1897, and is posted to the Thána District.

Mr. G. K. Apté, B.A., L.C.E., Executive Engineer, Second Grade, substantive *pro tem.*, is, on relief by Mr. Desai, transferred to the Southern Division, where his services will be at the disposal of the Superintending Engineer.

Mr. Ibrahim Shaik Daud Ahmadi, L.C.E., Assistant Engineer, First Grade, is transferred from the Jamrao Canal Third District to the Presidency District.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
H. M. THOMPSON,  
Secretary to Government.



## Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &amp;c.

## REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.*

No. 10576.—Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

- (1) Jeyshankar Mulji, Second Grade Sub-Registrar of Umreth in the Kaira District, to be substantive *pro tem*. First Grade Sub-Registrar from 6th September to 13th November 1896.
- (2) Narbherám Navnitrái, Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Thásra in the Kaira District, to be substantive *pro tem*. Second Grade Sub-Registrar from 6th September to 13th November 1896.
- (3) Karamchand Jeychand, Kárkún, A'nand Sub-Registry Office, to be substantive *pro tem*. Third Grade Sub-Registrar of A'nand in the Kaira District from 6th September to 13th November 1896.

No. 10579.—Under Section 13 of Act III of 1877 the following appointment is made in the Registration Department:—

Káshiprasád Rámprasád, Clerk in the Registry Office, Broach, to be Acting First Grade Sub-Registrar of Broach, with effect from 18th ultimo, during the absence of Ganpatráam Himatráam or until further orders.

No. 10580.—Under Section 6 of Act III of 1877 the following transfers are made in the Registration Department:—

1. Lalubháí Kasandás, Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Mehmabad, to be Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Mátar.
2. Maganlal Narbherám, Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Kapadvanj, to be Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Mehmabad.
3. Jagjivan Gavrishankar, substantive *pro tem*. Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Mátar, to be substantive *pro tem*. Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Kapadvanj.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

## BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

## NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 1950.—Mr. D. G. Ommaney received charge of the office of the Additional Assistant Superintendent of Police, Thána, on the 4th ultimo, in the forenoon.

No. 5090.—Mr. A. C. Logan delivered over and Khán Bahádur Sorabji Ratanji Master received charge of the office of the Collector and District Magistrate, Broach, on the 29th ultimo, in the afternoon, and the latter officer delivered over and Mr. R. E. Candy received charge of the same office on the 8th instant, in the forenoon.

F. S. P. LELY,

Acting Commissioner, N. D.

*Camp Pálanpur, 24th December 1896.*

## CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. R-5554.—Messrs. S. Padamji and P. E. Percival respectively delivered over and received charge of the Ráhuri Táluka in the Ahmednagar District on the 17th instant, in the forenoon.

No. R-5555.—Messrs. L. G. Deshmukh and G. Carmichael respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Collector and District Magistrate, Sholápur, on 19th instant, in the forenoon.

No. R-5560.—Ráo Bahádur N. K. Pendse and Mr. P. E. Percival respectively delivered over and received charge of the Kopargaon Táluka in the Ahmednagar District on 17th instant, in the forenoon.

No. R-5563.—Messrs. A. R. Bonus and R. A. Lamb respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Collector and District Magistrate, Poona, and Political Agent, Bhor State, on 22nd instant, in the forenoon.

*Poona, 26th December 1896.*

No. R-5589.—Ráo Sáheb Govind Sadashiv Bhide, Mámlatdár of táluka Ráhuri in the Ahmednagar District, is transferred to the Jámner Táluka of the Khándesh District.

Ráo Sáheb Vaman Abaji Shirolkar, Mámlatdár of táluka Jámner in the Khándesh District, is transferred to the Ráhuri Táluka in the Ahmednagar District.

*Poona, 28th December 1896.*

J. K. SPENCE,

Commissioner, C. D.

## SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. 5800.—Mr. Ramkrishna Timappa Gundil, Mahálkari of Bhatkal, now acting Mámlatdár of Honávar, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of Sirsi in the Kánara District pending the arrival of Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Raghunath Sambhare.

*Camp Bijápúr, 22nd December 1896.*

No. 5811.—Mr. Venkatesh Govind Bagalkot, Deputy Accountant, Dhárwár, is appointed to act



as Mámálatdár of Bankápur during the deputation of Ráo Sáheb Nársinh Govind Kakeri to audit the Jamábandi accounts of the Belgaum District for 1895-96.

*Camp Bijápur, 23rd December 1896.*

No. 5824.—The privilege leave for two months granted in this office Notification No. 4624, dated the 13th October last, to Ráo Sáheb Bhagwandas Ramji Gujar, Mámálatdár of Chiplún in the Ratnágiri District, is converted into leave on medical certificate for four months and twenty-two days with retrospective effect from the 22nd October 1896, and the arrangement notified in this office No. quoted above will continue.

*Camp Bijápur, 24th December 1896.*

No. F-577.—Mr. Hanmant Wasudeo Mulgund Mahálkári of Hukeri, is appointed to be Relief Mámálatdár for Athni Táluka in the Belgaum District.

*Camp Bijápur, 26th December 1896.*

E. J. EBDEN,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,  
SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKÁ'RI.

No. 6074.—Mr. R. Thom, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, is posted to the Thána Range on return to duty, Mr. W. J. Lorimer reverting to his appointment as Inspector on the Northern Frontier.

No. 6079.—Messrs. A. M. T. Jackson, M.A., I. C. S., and J. McNeill, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Second Assistant Collector, Bombay, in the afternoon of the 19th instant.

*Camp Chor Vadodra, 23rd December 1896.*

No. 6107.—Consequent on the reversion to the A'bákri Department of Mr. W. F. Moore, acting Inspector, Northern Frontier, the following transfers are ordered:—

Mr. W. F. Moore, District A'bákri Inspector, Thána, on Rs. 100, and doing duty in Kolába, to do duty as Special Inspector, Bombay, on the same pay.

Mr. W. K. Gilder, Special A'bákri Inspector on Rs. 100 in Bombay, to do duty as District Inspector, Bijápur.

Mr. Ramji Tukaram, District Inspector, Dhárwár, on Rs. 75, doing duty at Bijápur as District Inspector, is transferred to Ratnágiri District as Distillery Inspector, Vengurla.

Mr. Rastamji Fakirji, District Inspector, Kolába, on Rs. 75, acting on Rs. 100 vice Mr. Moore, to revert to his substantive pay, and continue to do duty at Kolába as District Inspector.

*Camp Chor Vadodra, 24th December 1896.*

No. 6118.—Under paragraph 2, Section 6, of the Bombay A'bákri Act, 1878, and in virtue of the authority delegated to him by Government, the Commissioner of A'bákri hereby invests the under-mentioned servant of the licensees of the country spirit farm of the Sholápur District with the powers contemplated in Section 37 of the said Act, to be exercised by him within the limits of the said farm, during the currency of the said license, and during his employment by the said licensees:—

Mr. Kharsetji Kuvvarji Tarapurwala.

*Camp Chor Vadodra, 26th December 1896.*

No. 6159.—In continuation of this office Notifications noted in the margin, the following acting appointments are

made:—

(1) During the absence on furlough of Mr. Shaik Rajesaheb Mohidin, District Inspector, Belgaum, on Rs. 70, and doing duty as District Inspector, Sholápur, for the period from the 25th July 1896 (the date from which he came to be borne on the establishment of the Sholápur District) to the 31st August 1896 (the date of the expiration of his furlough) both the days inclusive,

Mr. Girdharsing Madhavsing, A'bákri Inspector, Mádhá, (Sholápur District) on Rs. 40, to act for Mr. Shaik Rajesaheb with an acting allowance of Rs. 8 per mensem.

Mr. Gopal Balkrishna, Kárkún in the Sholápur Collector's Chitnis' Office on Rs. 20, to act for Mr. Girdharsing with an acting allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem.

(2) During the transit vacancies of Messrs. Shaik Rajesaheb Mohidin and Girdharsing Madhavsing for the period from 1st September 1896 (the date on the forenoon of which the former reported himself for duty to the Collector of Sholápur) to the 12th idem exclusive (the date on which the latter took charge of his appointment at Mádhá),

Mr. Gopal Balkrishna, Kárkún in the Collector's Chitnis' Office on Rs. 20, to act for Mr. Girdharsing.

*Camp Chor Vadodra, 29th December 1896.*

T. D. MACKENZIE,  
Commissioner of Customs, Salt,  
Opium and A'bákri.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

No. 6972.—Mr. Dattatraya Manjunath Bijoor, extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, who was transferred in Government Resolution No. 10392 of the 18th December 1896, was relieved of his duties as Personal Assistant to the Conservator of Forests, S. C., on 24th December 1896, during office hours.

*Belgaum, 24th December 1896.*



No. 7003.—Messrs. W. R. Woodrow and T. R. D. Bell, Deputy Conservators of Forests, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Southern Division of Kánara on the afternoon of the 23rd December 1896.

*Belgaum, 25th December 1896.*

J. L. L. MACGREGOR,  
Conservator of Forests, S. C.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

No. F-900.—Ráo Sáhebs Hanamant Sheshgir Phadnis, Vishnu Vasudev Phadke, and Hanamant Venkatesh Chinmulgund, Subordinate Judges respectively of Bijápur, Bágalkot and Muddebihál, having been appointed Magistrates of the First

Class in the district of Bijápur by Government Notification, Judicial Department, No. 8693, dated 15th instant, they are invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure:—

- (1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).
- (2) Power to make orders under Section 144.
- (3) Power to hold inquests under Section 174.
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint (Section 191).
- (5) Power to take cognizance of offences upon police reports (Section 191).

G. D. PANSE,

District Magistrate, Bijápur District.

*Bijápur, 23rd December 1896.*



THE



# Bombay Government Gazette.

## EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

THURSDAY, 31st DECEMBER 1896.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

### PART I.

#### Notification.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT (FAMINE).

Bombay Castle, 31st December 1896.

No. 10776 or 1896.

In continuation of Government Notification No. 10607, dated 24th December 1896, the following Memorandum is published for general information:—

During the week under report rain has fallen in most of the affected districts, and has benefitted the rabi crops in many places, but in most places more rain is needed to save the crops sown last month. The substance of the district reports is given below, together with information received with regard to Native States in the affected area.

#### Sholapur.

There has been no rain except 6 cents at Bársi. Grain supply is sufficient in all tálukas except Sàngola and Málairas. Rabi sowing has been completed. More rain is wanted for crops recently sown. Crops sown in September and October are doing well. 6,420 persons are reported to have emigrated from four tálukas. Emigration from the other tálukas is also going on. Fodder is insufficient and water for cattle scarce in some places. Cattle are deteriorating and many are being sold or removed from the district. There are 338 weavers on semi-gratuitous relief. The prices of jowári in the several tálukas are given below, the average being 21½ lbs—

Táluka.	In lbs. per Re.
Sholapur...	23½
Bársi ...	25½
Mácha ...	21
Karmála ...	19½
Pandharpur ...	22½
Sàngola ...	20½
Málairas ...	21

#### Ahmednagar.

There was rain on the 26th, at Nagar 70 cents, at Ráhuri 60 cents, at Karjat 11 cents; slight elsewhere. Sowing has been completed. The newly sown crops are still alive and will do well if copious rain falls soon. The condition of cattle in some places continues good; in others they are losing flesh and are being sold at nominal prices; a few have died. Tagáí demand still continues. Labourers are flocking to works everywhere except in Párner and Jámkhed. There has been some emigration from Kopargaon, Nevása and Akola. Grain supply is generally sufficient for the present. The average price of bájri is 18·8, and of jowári 20·8 lbs. The detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	During Week.	Lbs.
Nagar ...	Jowári ...	19½
	Bájri ...	17½
Párner ...	Jowári ...	17½
	Bájri ...	17½



## Ahmednagar—continued.

Táluka.	During Week.		Lbs.
	Jowári ...	Bájni ...	
Shrigonda ...	Jowári ...	...	19½
	Bájni ...	...	16½
Karjat ...	Jowári ...	...	22
	Bájni ...	...	17½
Jámkhed ...	Jowári ...	...	20½
	Bájni ...	...	21
Shevgaon ...	Jowári ...	...	19½
	Bájni ...	...	16½
Kopargaon ...	Jowári ...	...	19½
	Bájni ...	...	18½
Sangamner ...	Jowári ...	...	25
	Bájni ...	...	24
Akola ...	Jowári ...	...	24
	Bájni ...	...	21

## Poona.

There was rain on the 26th at Pandara near Baramati 95 cents, at Baramati 32 cents, at Dhond 16 cents, at Sirur 8 cents and at Indapur 28 cents. Grain and water-supply is sufficient. More rain would be invaluable to the rabi crops. There is small-pox in one village in Bhimthadi Táluka. The average price of jowári is 20½ lbs. and of bájni 17½ lbs. per rupee. The details are given below:—

Táluka.	In lbs. per Rupee.		Lbs.
	Jowári ...	Bájni ...	
Junnar ...	Jowári ...	...	18
	Bájni ...	...	16
	Rice ...	...	15½
Ambegaon ...	Jowári ...	...	16½
	Bájni ...	...	...
	Rice ...	...	14½
Khed ...	Jowári ...	...	20
	Bájni ...	...	15½
	Rice ...	...	13½
Mával ...	Jowári ...	...	19½
	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Rice ...	...	17½
Haveli ...	Jowári ...	...	18½
	Bájni ...	...	16½
	Rice ...	...	14½
Mulshi ...	Jowári ...	...	20
	Bájni ...	...	...
	Rice ...	...	17½
Purazdhar ...	Jowári ...	...	18½
	Bájni ...	...	16½
	Rice ...	...	13½
Dhond ...	Jowári ...	...	22½
	Bájni ...	...	18½
	Rice ...	...	15

## Poona—continued.

Táluka.	Lbs. per Rupee.		Lbs.
	Jowári ...	Bájni ...	
Bhimthadi ...	Jowári ...	...	19
	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Rice ...	...	14
Indapur ...	Jowári ...	...	21½
	Bájni ...	...	18½
	Rice ...	...	...
Poona City ...	Jowári ...	...	18½
	Bájni ...	...	16½
	Rice ...	...	15½

## Násik.

There has been no rain\* during the week under report. Prospects are unchanged. Standing rabi crops in need of rain. Prices are fairly stationary, bájni being cheaper by 9 tolas and jowári by 22 tolas. The stock of grain is generally sufficient for the present. Fodder is scarce in most tálukas. There has been no starvation and no disease worth notice among cattle. The condition of cultivators is normal and of town population fair. 2,563 labourers are employed by the Táluka and District Local Boards. The average price of bájni is 17½ lbs., of jowári 19½ lbs., and of nágli 22½ lbs. per rupee. The details are given below:—

Táluka.	In lbs. per Rupee.		Lbs.
	Bájni ...	Jowári ...	
Násik ...	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Jowári ...	...	20½
Sinnar ...	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Jowári ...	...	19½
Igatpuri ...	Bájni ...	...	16½
	Jowári ...	...	...
Dindori ...	Bájni ...	...	16
	Jowári ...	...	...
Niphád ...	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Jowári ...	...	20½
Chándor ...	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Jowári ...	...	19½
Yeola ...	Bájni ...	...	17
	Jowári ...	...	21
Málegaon ...	Bájni ...	...	18½
	Jowári ...	...	18½
Nándgaon ...	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Jowári ...	...	20½
Báglán ...	Bájni ...	...	17½
	Jowári ...	...	18
Kalvan ...	Bájni ...	...	18½
	Jowári ...	...	18½

\* Note.—Rain fell since the date of the report, being at Niphád 41, at Chándor 37, at Nándgaon 55, and at Báglán 28 cent.



## Sa'ta'ra.

There has been rain during the week,—at Karád 9 cents, at Válva 25 cents., at Wái 73 cents, at Khánápur 22 cents, at Pátan 6 cents, at Khatáv 10 cents, at Tásgaon 1 inch 12 cents, at Shirála 1 inch and at Khandála 4 cents. Grain supply is fair. Standing crops are in fair condition. Fodder is scarce. Cattle are in fair condition. The average price of jowári is 19½ lbs. and of bájri 18 lbs. The details are given below—

Táluka.	In lbs. per Rupee.	
Karád ... ..	Jowári ... ..	19½
	Bájri ... ..	15½
Wái ... ..	Jowári ... ..	19
	Bájri ... ..	17
Jávli ... ..	Jowári ... ..	15½
	Bájri ... ..	10½
Koregaon ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18½
	Bájri ... ..	19½
Mán... ..	Jowári ... ..	...
	Bájri ... ..	18½
Pátan ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18½
	Bájri ... ..	...
Khatáv ... ..	Jowári ... ..	20½
	Bájri ... ..	16½
Sátára ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18½
	Bájri ... ..	15½
Válva ... ..	Jowári ... ..	18½
	Bájri ... ..	19½
Khánápur ... ..	Jowári ... ..	21½
	Bájri ... ..	19½
Tásgaon ... ..	Jowári ... ..	23½
	Bájri ... ..	20½

## Kha'ndesh.

There has been no\* rain during the week under report. Prices are steady. That of jowári is about 18 and of bájri about 16 lbs. per rupee. There is very little bájri on sale. Grain supply is sufficient. Kharif crops have been all reaped now. Rabi gram is good and wheat fair. Linseed has not germinated properly. The condition of cultivators is good. Cattle are not affected yet. A great deal of grass is brought down from the Sápudás by cattle-owners and some cattle have been driven up there. Some labourers are still getting employment in grass-cutting, cleaning out wells, cotton-ginning, &c.; but as such employment is diminishing, demand for employment at famine rates is getting pretty strong in the extreme east of the district; it is slight in Amalner, Dhul'a, Sindkheda, Nandurbar and Pimpalner Tálukas, and has not arisen elsewhere yet. The condition of weavers is better than it was six weeks ago. There has been no emigration worth mentioning.

\* Note.—About 1 inch 27 cents of rain fell at Dhulia on the evening of the 28th December, but Dhulia is not a rabi táluka.

## Bija-pur.

There has been slight rain in four tálukas and Bilgi Petha, varying from 9 cents in Bágévadi to 48 cents in Muddebihal. Crops on alluvial lands and on banks of rivers are doing well, elsewhere they are withering. Prices are stationary in Muddebihal and Hungund, have risen in three other tálukas and Bilgi Petha, and fallen elsewhere. The average price of jowári is 21 lbs. per rupee. The state of cattle is deplorable. The condition of cultivators is not satisfactory. There is no field work for agricultural labourers, and weavers and artisans have no work in their own craft. Grain supply is sufficient except in Indi and Bádami Tálukas. Water-supply is failing except in villages on the banks of rivers. The detailed prices of jowári are given below—

Táluka.	Lbs. per Rupee.
Bágalkot ... ..	22½
Bádami... ..	22½
Hungund ... ..	22
Muddebihal ... ..	18½
Indi ... ..	21
Bágévadi ... ..	20½
Bijápur ... ..	21
Sindgi ... ..	21
Bilgi ... ..	20

## Belgaum.

There was general rain on 25th except in Chikodi and Athni, maximum at Belgaum 1 inch 57 cents, minimum at Murgod 14 cents. The rainfall in Belgaum has been beneficial to cold weather crops; elsewhere it is of no use unless supplemented by more within a week or two. In other respects the situation is unchanged. The average price of jowári and bájri is 23 lbs. and of rice 17 lbs. per rupee. The details are given below—

Táluka.	In lbs. per Rupee.	
Belgaum ... ..	Jowári ... ..	25
	Bájri ... ..	24
	Rice ... ..	19
Chikodi ... ..	Jowári ... ..	21
	Bájri ... ..	24
	Rice ... ..	16
Athni ... ..	Jowári ... ..	22
	Bájri ... ..	20
	Rice ... ..	14
Gokák ... ..	Jowári ... ..	24
	Bájri ... ..	23
	Rice ... ..	18
Parasgad ... ..	Jowári ... ..	24
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice ... ..	16
Samngaon ... ..	Jowári ... ..	24
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice ... ..	16
Khánápur ... ..	Jowári ... ..	22
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice ... ..	19



**Dhárwár.**

There has been rain during the week, the fall being 1 inch 99 cents in Navalgund, 42 cents in Nargund, 23 cents in Ron, 15 cents in Gadag, 49 cents in Dhárwár, 37 cents in Hubli, 26 cents in Bankápur, and 2 cents in Ránebennur. The rain has been beneficial to rabi crops. Kharif jowári and rice harvest is in progress. Standing rabi crops are in fair condition in Ron, Mundargi and Nargund, but rain is urgently wanted for them. Some rabi sowings are still going on. The condition of agriculturists in affected parts is fair, and of labourers and artizans middling. Cattle are indifferent in the affected talukas. Food grains and water are generally sufficient. Fodder is insufficient in affected parts. Prices are falling. There has been no emigration to Bombay. The taluka prices are given below—

Taluka.	Jowári.	Rice.
	Lbs.	Lbs.
Dhárwár ... ..	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	21 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hubli ... ..	...	...
Bankápur ... ..	35	20
Kalghatgi ... ..	...	...
Karajgi ... ..	36	19
Ránebennur ... ..	28 $\frac{3}{4}$	14 $\frac{3}{4}$
Hángal ... ..	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	19
Kod ... ..	36	20 $\frac{1}{2}$
Navalgund ... ..	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	23 $\frac{3}{4}$
Gadag ... ..	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{3}{4}$
Ron ... ..	26 $\frac{3}{4}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Nargund ... ..	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{3}{4}$
Mundargi ... ..	27	21 $\frac{1}{4}$

**Kola'ba.**

There has been no rain. The price of rice is 18 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. at Alibág. Prices are generally stationary. 300 persons from Ratnágiri have come to Uran for work. Conditions are otherwise unchanged. In Nágothna people are willing to take famine wages, and test works will shortly be opened.

2. The progress of relief measures during the last week is summarised in the appended statement. The returns submitted show the daily average number of labourers on relief works to be 138,772 as compared with 114,614 during the preceding week. Several new relief works have been opened to meet the increased demand for labour at famine wages, and steps are being taken to acquire the land required for the Shetphal Tank project in Poona, which is to be started as a famine relief work. Camps for relief workers with dispensaries and hospitals attached have been constructed at several places, and others are in course of preparation. The Sanitary Commissioner and other officers of his Department have inspected the sites of camps in the districts of Sholápur, Násik and Sátára, and satisfying arrangements have been made for keeping the sites clean, safeguarding the water-supply and isolating cases of infectious diseases. The condition of the adult labourers and of children on all the works visited by the Sanitary Officers is reported to be good. The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Western Registration District, has specially inspected the weavers employed on the different works in the Násik District and reports their condition to be satisfactory. The condition of certain weavers (69 males and 48 females) who had just arrived on a road work in Sátára was, however, not found by the Sanitary Commissioner to be so good as that of the other workers, but it is expected that out-door work will soon improve their health.

**Ratna'giri.**

There has been slight rain in Sangameshvar and Devgad. The price of rice has fallen slightly at Rájápur and Ratnágiri and of paddy at Vengurla; that of nágli has risen slightly at Venguria and Ratnágiri and of wari at Ratnágiri. Elsewhere prices are stationary. There has been no demand for work anywhere. The labourers on the test work at Málván left as soon as the proper task was exacted from them. Cattle are healthy except in some talukas. Hot weather crops are in fair condition; the slight rain which fell in Devgad and Sangameshvar will improve them. The rush of workmen from Bombay still continues.

**Native States.***Kollápur and Southern Marátha Country.*

The price of jowári is from 17 to 26 lbs. per rupee. The total muster on works during week was 12,304, exclusive of 1,470 non-working children. 38 persons were relieved in poorhouses in Jath and Jamkhandi. Grain supply is plentiful. Cattle in Jath are dying for want of fodder. There is slight cholera in 2 villages.

*Bhor.*

One inch of rain fell at Ambavdi and crops have been improved by it. Grain supply is sufficient. People and cattle are in tolerably good condition. The price of jowári is 20 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. and of bájri 17 $\frac{3}{4}$  lbs. per rupee. There are 320 persons on relief works and 34 on village relief.

*Akal'kot.*

Slight rain fell in the southern and northern portions. More is wanted for crops in the southern portion. Grain supply is plentiful and the state of population good. The price of jowári is 24 $\frac{1}{2}$  and of bájri 20 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. per rupee. There were 1,640 persons on works.

*Phallán.*

Grain supply is plentiful. The price of jowári is 22 and of bájri 20 lbs.

*Janjira.*

Grain supply is moderate. Relief works are in contemplation. The price of rice is Rs. 35 per khandi.



3. Allotments of Rs. 2,000 and Rs. 5,000 have been placed at the disposal of the Collectors of Násik and Ahmednagar respectively for expenditure on gratuitous relief and for improvement of water-supply. A further assignment of Rs. 50,000 has been made to each of the districts of Ahmednagar and Sátára for tagái advances for agricultural improvement. The Collectors of affected districts have been authorised to make tagái advances to cultivators to assist them in carrying their cattle to grazing grounds by road as well as by rail.

4. A further sum of Rs. 20,000 has been placed at the disposal of the Honourable Mr. Shuttleworth for grass operations in the Southern Circle. Authority has been given to make advances to cultivators of affected districts in grass in lieu of cash, subject to the general rules for tagái advances; and it has been directed that the amount of the loan should be calculated on the price of the grass at the Railway stations where it is carried if there is competition for it; otherwise on the actual cost of the grass delivered at the Railway stations. Arrangements have been made with the Railway Companies for the conveyance of cattle from affected districts and of pressed grass to those districts at moderate rates. The Forest Department in the Southern Circle has provided employment for Waddars and stone-masons in making forest boundary marks in the Bádámi and Bágalkot tálukas and for a considerable number of other people in collecting the bark of the Cassia in the Bágalkot and Hungund forests.

5. The application of Chapter XIII of the Famine Code (relating to the duties of the Police) to the Sholápur and Ahmednagar districts has been authorised, and the Police force in the Násik and Bijápur districts has been strengthened. An allotment of Rs. 200 has been placed at the disposal of each of the Superintendents of Police in the affected districts to enable them to pay subsistence allowance to the village Police and villagers whose assistance and presence are required by the Police in connection with enquiries into crime.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.



Statement showing the progress of relief measures during the week ending 26th December 1896 in the several districts of the Bombay Presidency affected by scarcity.

District.	Number and class of relief works.	Numbers of persons employed on relief works and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of non-working children whose parents are employed on relief works, including women in charge, and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of other persons relieved gratuitously in villages.	
		Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.
Bijápúr	13 works under Public Works Agency.	216,740	36,123	Rs. 24,455	67,947	11,324	Rs. 2,381	4,329 (in 99 vil- lages).	618
	8 works under Civil Agency (including 4 Local Board and Municipal works).	13,155	2,192	1,383	1,588	264	47		
Sholápúr	13 works under Public Works Agency.	160,093	26,782	17,601	66,718	11,119	2,226	13,642 (in 103 vil- lages).	1,949
	9 works under Civil Agency	117,278	19,546	11,063	27,396	4,566	567		
Ahmednagar	11 works under Public Works Agency.	97,333	16,222	11,103 (excluding one work).	39,506	6,651	1,261 (excluding one work).	4 (in 1 village).	.....
Poona	3 works under Public Works Agency.	61,512	10,252	7,455	32,132	5,315	1,010	8,104 (in 60 villages and 1 pcor-house).	1,215
Násik	9 works under Public Works Agency.	74,449	12,403	6,200 (excluding two works).	34,962	5,827	1,780	.....	.....
Sátára	4 works under Public Works Agency.	67,731	11,288	9,672	15,429	2,571	511	9 (in 3 villages.)	1
Belgaum	2 works under Public Works Agency.	7,056	1,276	644	.....	.....	.....	196 (in 4 vil- lages).	28
	3 Local Board and Municipal works under Civil Agency.	3,157	526	361	3,469	578	90		
Dhárwár	Ordinary works under Public Works Agency.	4,242	707	Not reported.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Ordinary works under Civil Agency...	2,432	572	381	.....	.....	.....		
Khándesh	2 works under Civil Agency (Information for others not received).	5,271	878	.....	2,205	367	.....	.....	.....

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