



Bombay Government Gazette.

Published by Authority.

[No. 52

THURSDAY, 24TH DECEMBER 1896.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	Pages.		Pages
Part I. —Government Notifications, Appointments, &c. 1331—1348		Part VI. —Government of India Bills.....	175—177
Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c. 1349, 1350		Part VII. —Trade Returns, Bombay and Sind.	
Part I.A. —Notifications under the Bombay Local		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
Boards and District Municipal Acts.....	99, 100	Part VIII. —Commissariat Notices.....	209—212
Part II. —Miscellaneous Notices and Advertisements. 1894—1935		Part IX. —Maráthi Acts, &c.	207
Part III. —Miscellaneous Supplements.	1358—1416	Part X. —Gujaráti Acts, &c.	202
Part IV. —Acts passed by Government of India and		Part XI. —Canarese Acts, &c.	224, 225
Government of Bombay.	51	Part XII. —Hindustani Acts, &c.	
Part V. —Proceedings of the Legislative Council.		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
<i>Not published this week.</i>			

PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c. NOTIFICATIONS.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th December 1896.

No. 286.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay has accepted the resignation of the Honourable Mr. H. BARRY of his office as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 289.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay has accepted the resignation of the Honourable Mr. T. D. LITTLE of his office as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor,

S. L. BATCHELOR,

Secretary to the Council of His Excellency the Governor
of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th December 1896.

No. 5569.—Gradation List of First and Second Assistants as it stood on the 1st October 1896:—

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of the Acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	1	Mr. S. P. Pestanji.	.....	Mr. Bonus ...	4th June 1896	
	2	Mr. L. G. Deshmukh.	Acting Collector, Sholapur.	Mr. Tipnis ...	25th Mar. 1896	
	3	Mr. Logan ...	Acting Collector, Broach.	Mr. Sheppard ...	8th Nov. 1895	
	4	Mr. Morison ...	Acting Political Agent, Kolhapur.	Mr. Tyabji ...	31st Mar. 1894	
	5	Mr. Gibb ...	Acting Collector, Ahmedabad.	Mr. Kábráji ...	9th Jan. 1895	
	6	Mr. G. D. Páñse ...	Acting Collector, Bijapur.	Mr. Arthur ...	5th June 1896	
	7	Mr. Doderet ...	Acting Collector, Panch Mahals.	Mr. Orr ...	23rd Mar. 1895	
	8	MR. MOORE ...	On furlough for 18 months from 2nd May 1896.	Mr. DuBoulay.	2nd Aug. 1896	
	9	Mr. Bagnell ...	Acting Collector, Kajira.	MR. ENTROVEN.	11th April 1896	On privilege leave for one month from 22nd September 1896.
	10	Mr. A. F. Macconchie.	Acting Collector, Kolábachie.	(Mr. E. Macconchie.)	.....
	11	Mr. K. R. Bomanji.	.....	Mr. Fry ...	17th Sept. 1896	
	12	Mr. Rand ...	Acting Collector, Surat.	Mr. Brown ...	13th April 1896	
	13	Mr. Dodgson ...	Acting Collector, Hyderabad.	Mr. Lawrence.	17th April 1896	Is also Acting District Superintendent of Police, Karachi, in addition, from 23rd July 1896.
	14	Mr. N. B. Divalia .	.....	Mr. McNeill...	21st April 1896	
	15	Mr. M. P. Khareghát.	Acting District Judge, Ratnágiri.	Mr. Fawcett ...	1st May 1896	
	16	Mr. Weir ...	Acting District Judge, Sátára.	Mr. Boyd ...	2nd June 1896	
	17	Mr. Knight ...	Acting District Judge, Hyderabad.	Mr. Crump ...	18th Aug. 1896	Without acting allowance up to 9th, with acting allowance from 10th to 28th, and again without acting allowance from 29th September 1896; and is entitled to salary as Second Assistant up to 9th and from 29th September 1896.
	18	Mr. Dayáram ...	Acting District Judge, Shikárpur.	Mr. Sedden ...	10th Sept. 1896	Without acting allowance, and is entitled to salary as Second Assistant. Acted as Second Assistant with acting allowance up to 9th September 1896.
	19	MR. R. B. STEWART.	On furlough for 15 months from 9th May 1896.	Mr. Cadell ...	21st Sept. 1896	Without acting allowance and is entitled to salary as Second Assistant. Also acted in this grade without acting allowance from 13th to 16th September 1896, and is entitled to salary as Second Assistant for that period. Acted as Second Assistant with acting allowance up to 12th and from 17th to 20th September 1896.
	20	MR. BARROW. ...	On furlough for 20 months and 3 days from 6th April 1895.	.....	.....

First Assistants: 20 appointments on Rs. 900 including that of 1st Assistant Collector, Bombay.

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of the Acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	1	MR. WALKER ...	On furlough for 20 months and 20 days from 20th April 1895.	Mr. Leggatt ...	29th Sept. 1896	Acted in this grade with acting allowance up to 21st and as First Assistant without acting allowance from 22nd to 28th September 1896, and is entitled to salary as Second Assistant from 22nd to 28th September 1896.
	2	Mr. Carmichael ...	Sub. <i>pro-tem</i> . Talukdāri Settlement Officer and acting Collector, Kaira, in addition.	Mr. Kincaid...	6th Dec. 1895	
	3	Mr. Bonus ...	Acting First Assistant .	Mr. Lord ...	2nd Mar. 1895	
	4	Mr. E. M. Pratt ...	Acting District Judge, Sholāpur-Bijāpur.	Mr. Wood ...	7th Mar. 1895	
	5	Mr. R. S. Tipnis ...	Acting Assistant Judge, F. P., Bijāpur.	Mr. Swifto ...	7th Mar. 1895	
	6	Mr. Sheppard ...	Acting First Assistant...	Mr. Chuckerbutty.	2nd Mar. 1896	
	7	Mr. HERVEY ...	On furlough for one year from 2nd November 1895.	Mr. Calcraft-Kennedy.	16th Mar. 1896	
	8	Mr. Tyabji ...	Acting First Assistant .	Mr. M o u n t - f o r d .	27th Mar. 1896	
	9	Mr. HUDSON ...	On furlough for 23 months from 2nd November 1895.	Mr. Brendon...	10th April 1896	
	10	Mr. J. K. N. Kāb-rīji.	Acting First Assistant .	Mr. Brooke ...	11th April 1896	
Second Assistants : 21 appointments on Rs. 700.	11	Mr. Jackson ...	Acting Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay.	MR. ANDERSON	12th April 1896	On privilege leave for twenty-one days from 12th September 1896.
	12	Mr. Sladen ...	Acting Assistant Commissioner in Sind and Sindhi Translator to Government.	Mr. L. Robertson.	2nd June 1896	
	13	Mr. W. H. Lucas ...	Services placed under the Government of India.	Mr. Westropp.	21st April 1896	
	14	Mr. Arthur ...	Acting First Assistant .	Mr. Rieu ...	21st April 1896	
	15	Mr. Orr ...	Do. ...	Mr. D'Souza...	29th July 1896	
	16	Mr. DuBoulay ...	Do. ...	Mr. Hatch ...	1st May 1896	
	17	Mr. Eathoven ...	Do. ...	Mr. Clements .	1st May 1896	
	18	Mr. E. Maconochie.	Doing duty as Deputy Superintendent, Survey Department.	Mr. Wades ...	7th July 1896	
	19	Mr. Fry ...	Acting First Assistant .	Mr. Mead ...	10th Sept. 1896	Without acting allowance.
	20	Mr. Brown ...	Do. ...	Mr. Roper ...	13th Sept. 1896	Without acting allowance.
	21	Mr. Lawrence ...	Do. ...	Mr. Shepherd .	21st Sept. 1896	Without acting allowance. Also acted in this grade without acting allowance for 15th and 16th September 1896.

(1) Messrs. W. H. Lucas, Gloster and Jackson acted as First Assistants with acting allowance up to 9th, 12th and 20th September 1896, respectively.

(2) Mr. Page acted as Second Assistant with acting allowance up to 14th September 1896.

(3) Mr. Sale acted as Second Assistant without acting allowance from 22nd to 28th September 1896.

Bombay Castle, 22nd December 1896.

No. 5605.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to vary, with effect from the 4th January 1897, the rules framed under Section 35 of the Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1891, and published in Government Notification No. 515, dated the 3rd February 1896, at pages 94 to 102 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1896, Part I, by substituting for clause (d) of Rule 2 of the said rules the following clause:—

“(d) The words defined in Section 3 shall be deemed to have respectively the same meaning as is given to them by the Act, provided that wherever in these rules service with engines and boilers is required as a qualification for admission to an examination under Section 21, the word ‘engine’ or ‘boiler’ shall be held to include any locomotive engine or boiler used upon, or appertaining to, any railway within the meaning of that word as defined in Section 3, clause (4), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.”

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 5665.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished:—

“DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND
AGRICULTURE.

PRACTICAL ARTS AND MUSEUMS.

Calcutta, the 16th December 1896.

No. 2948—2-42.—The names of the Governors appointed to represent India on the Governing Body of the Imperial Institute during the year ending 23rd July 1897 are published for information:—

(1) *On behalf of the Government of India.*

Sir Henry R. Thuillier, K.C.I.E.

Sir Charles A. Elliott, K.C.S.I.

Sir Charles T. Crosthwaite, K.C.S.I.

(2) *On behalf of Local Governments and Native States.*

Bombay—Sir Raymond West, K.C.I.E.

Bengal—Sir Stuart C. Bayley, K.C.S.I.

Madras—D. F. Carmichael, Esq.

Punjab—Baden H. Baden-Powell, Esq., C.I.E.

Assam—General H. Hopkinson, C.S.I.

Native States—Colonel P. W. Powlett, C.S.I.

(3) *On behalf of Indian Chambers of Commerce.*

Madras Chamber of Commerce—P. Macfadyen, Esq.

Rangoon Chamber of Commerce—James Duncan, Esq.

Karachi Chamber of Commerce—W. B. Jameson, Esq.

Upper India Chamber of Commerce, Cawnpore—D. Cruickshank, Esq.

(4) *On behalf of Indian Institutions.*

Bombay Presidency Association—Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji.

Madras Mahajana Sabha—Sir. W. Wedderburn, M.P.

(Signed) DENZIL IBBETSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DEC. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th December 1896.

No. 7452A.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 2, Bombay Act III of 1868, and in continuation of Notification No. 2455, dated the 7th April 1896, the Governor of Bombay in Council is pleased to notify that the schedule to which reference is made in Section 15 of Bombay Act XII of 1868 is amended by the addition thereto of the name of the following member of a late reigning family in Sind, namely:—

Mir Najaf Ali Khan valad Mir Ali Akbar Khan Talpur.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 7626.—In modification of Notification No. 698, dated the 5th February 1886, (published at page 104 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1886, Part I) the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that for the words “chainage 56·50” the words “chainage 64·93” shall be substituted in that Notification.

No. 7628.—*Erratum.*—In line 4 of paragraph 1 of this Department Notification No. 7336, dated the 11th December 1896, published at page 1302 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated the 17th idem, for “No. 1063” read “No. 1032.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

S. W. EDGERLEY,
Acting Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 22nd December 1896.

No. 4486.—Under Section 25 of Act XXVI of 1881, entitled the Negotiable Instruments Act, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the following days to be additional public holidays in Aden for the year 1897:—

Names of Holidays.	English Dates.	Days of the Week.
Shabi-Barát ...	18th January ...	Monday.
Lailut-ul-Kadr ...	1st March ...	Do.
Ramadithna 'Id ...	4th and 5th March.	Thursday and Friday.
Bakri 'Id ...	13th May ...	Thursday.
Bara Wafat ...	9th August ...	Monday.
Atash Beheram Shal-giri.	4th October ...	Do.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 4506.—The following Notifications by the Government of India are republished:—

"FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 18th December 1896.

No. 5366.—With reference to Sections 19 and 20 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1882, as amended

by Act XXI of 1896, and in supersession of the Notification by the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department No. 4361, dated the 3rd December 1891, it is notified that, with the consent of the Secretary of State for India, the Governor General in Council fixes one hundred millions of rupees as the amount of the coin and bullion received for currency notes which need not be retained and secured as a reserve to pay for such notes.

No. 5367.—With reference to Notification No. 5366 of this date, it is notified for public information that the Governor General in Council has directed the creation and issue to the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency and the Master of the Mint at Calcutta of Rs. 2,04,86,500 of stock of the 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97, bearing interest from the 31st December 1896, and the receipt from the Head Commissioner of Rs. 1,99,99,945-10, being the value of the above amount of stock at Rs. 97-10 per cent., being the current market price of the said stock.

(Signed) J. F. FINLAY,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT (FAMINE).

Bombay Castle, 19th December 1896.

No. 10415 OF 1896.

In continuation of Government Notification No. 10120, dated 11th instant, the following Memorandum is published for general information:—

The situation is generally unchanged in the affected districts, but more rain is now wanted for the rabi crops sown after the fall in November. The reports from district officers for the week ending 12th instant are summarised below.

Sholapur.

There has been no rain. The average price of jowari during the week was 20³/₁₀ lbs. and of bajri 18²/₁₀ lbs. per rupee. Grain-supply is sufficient in all talukas except Sangola. Rabi crops sown in September and October are in good condition; the crops sown after the recent rain are likely to wither without more rain, but not everywhere. Semi-gratuitous relief has been given to about 144 weavers during the week. The details of prices of jowari are given below:—

Taluka.	During Week.	
	Lbs.	Tolas.
Sholapur...	21	28
Barsi ...	21	35
Madha ...	20	14
Karmala ...	19	37
Pandharpur ...	21	35
Sangola ...	19	10
Malsiras ...	19	10

Ahmednagar.

There has been no rain. Sowing is nearly finished everywhere. Some of the newly sown crops in Jamkhed are already withering. The state of the crops is otherwise unchanged. The average price of jowari in the district during the week was 21¹/₂ lbs. and of bajri 19¹/₂ lbs. per rupee. Prices at Nagar are unchanged. Cattle are deteriorating slowly, many being killed for their hides. Cultivators with no crops are feeling the pressure in central and northern talukas. Labourers are apparently feeling want of work more acutely. There has been great increase of numbers on works in Nagar and Rahuri talukas. 408 persons have emigrated from Akola. The details of prices are as shown below:—

Taluka.	Jowari.	Bajri.
	Lbs. per Re.	Lbs. per Re.
Akola ...	25	21
Nagar ...	19 ¹ / ₂	17 ¹ / ₂
Parnar...	24	22 ¹ / ₂

Ahmednagar—continued.

Táluka.	Jowári.		Bájri.	
	Lbs. per Re.		Lbs. per Re.	
Shrigonda	19 $\frac{1}{2}$		17 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Karjat... ..	21		17	
Jámkhed	25 $\frac{3}{8}$		20 $\frac{9}{10}$	
Shevgaon	19 $\frac{1}{2}$		18 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Novása	19 $\frac{1}{2}$		18	
Rádhuri	19 $\frac{1}{2}$		17 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Kopargaon	19 $\frac{1}{2}$		17 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Sangamner ... ..	...		24	

Poona.

There has been no rain. The outlook for the latest sown jowári crop will be but a poor one if more rain does not fall. The average price of jowári during the week was 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. and of bájri 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. per rupee. Small-pox has appeared in one village. Arrangements have been made for vaccination operations in the famine camps. Grain-supply is sufficient. Water-supply is also sufficient. The work of gratuitous relief is steadily extending. The detailed prices are given below :—

Táluka or Mahál.	Jowári.		Bájri.	
	Lbs.	Tolas.	Lbs.	Tolas.
Junnar	16	20	15	0
Khed	19	24	15	11
Mával	19	31	17	20
Haveli	18	30	16	5
Mulshi	18	30	14	16
Indápur	20	24	18	8
Bhimthadi	19	7	17	3
Dhond	22	0	18	0
Sirúr	19	24	16	38
Parandhar	20	0	18	10
Poona City... ..	18	32	16	4

Na'sik.

There has been no rain. The average price of bájri during the week was 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ lbs., of jowári 18 $\frac{7}{10}$ lbs. and of nágli 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Prices of jowári and bájri have risen, while that of nágli has fallen. The prospects have remained unchanged. Standing rabi crops are in need of rain. The stock of grain is generally sufficient for the present. Fodder is scarce in most tálukas. There has been no starvation and no disease worth noticing among cattle. The condition of cultivators is normal and that of town population (except weavers in Yeola and Málegaon) fair. 2,075 labourers are employed by the Táluka and District Local Boards. The details of prices are given below :—

Táluka.	During Week.	
	Lbs. Tolas.	
Násik	Bájri	16 38
	Nágli	21 34
	Jowári ... ..	...

Na'sik—continued.

Táluka.	During Week.	
	Lbs. Tolas.	
Sinmar	Bájri	17 $\frac{1}{2}$ 0
	Nágli ... ..	...
	Jowári	19 $\frac{1}{4}$ 0
Igatpuri	Bájri	16 14
	Nágli	18 0
	Jowári	19 31
Dindori	Bájri	16 0
	Nágli	25 0
	Jowári ... ..	...
Níphád	Bájri	17 13 $\frac{3}{4}$
	Nágli	21 15
	Jowári	19 3
Chándor	Bájri	17 7 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Nágli	21 6
	Jowári	19 1 $\frac{3}{8}$
Yeola	Bájri	17 10
	Nágli ... ..	...
	Jowári	22 16
Málegaon	Bájri	16 36
	Nágli ... ..	...
	Jowári	17 18
Nándgaon	Bájri	16 24
	Nágli ... ..	...
	Jowári	18 2
Báglán	Bájri	16 $\frac{1}{2}$ 0
	Nágli ... ..	...
	Jowári	17 $\frac{7}{10}$ 0
Peint	Bájri ... ..	...
	Nágli	30 0
	Jowári ... ..	...

Sa'tara.

There has been no rain. Standing rabi crops and cattle are in fair condition. Fodder supply is scanty. Water is sufficient. Prices are rising; the details are given below :—

Táluka.	During Week.	
	Lbs. Tolas.	
Wái	Jowári	16 0
	Bájri	18 0
Koregaon	Jowári	20 8 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Bájri	19 20 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Jowári	23 4
Mán... ..	Bájri	22 12
	Jowári	17 2
Jáoli	Bájri	19 10
	Jowári	18 14 $\frac{1}{2}$
Sátára	Bájri	15 10 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Jowári	24 22
Khatáv	Bájri	22 12
	Jowári	18 36
Pátan	Bájri ... ..	...
	Jowári	18 25
Karád	Bájri	15 21

Khandesh.

There has been no rain. Prices are almost stationary. Grain-supply is sufficient. Crops and agriculturists are in the same condition as before. Harvesting operations are almost completed and labourers and town population are beginning to come on works. There has been no emigration worth mentioning.

Bijapur.

There has been no rain. The average price of jowári during the week was 21 $\frac{1}{16}$ lbs. per rupee. There is slight cholera in Hungund Taluka. The grain-supply is sufficient. The demand for labour is rapidly rising. The state of cattle is unchanged. The detailed prices of jowári are given below:—

Táluka.	During Week.
	Lbs.
Bágalkot	24
Bádámi	23 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hungund	22
Muddebihál	17
Indi	21
Bágevádi	19 $\frac{1}{16}$
Bijapur	21
Sindgi	22 $\frac{1}{2}$

Belgaum.

There has been no rain. Prices are almost stationary, the average price of jowári in the affected talukas being 21 lbs., of bíjri 22 lbs., and of rice 16 lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is sufficient. There has been no immigration. About 1,000 people from Athni Taluka left for Kolhápúr territory with their cattle. Cultivators and agricultural labourers are still employed in field work, which will not, however, last long. Rabi crops sown after recent rains are not expected to thrive if more rain does not fall.

Dhárwár.

The position is virtually unaltered since last report. Prospects in Gadag and Navalgund are fair. The crops sown before the rainfall are assured; of those sown since, the greater part will come to maturity. These two talukas are now removed from all risk of scarcity. In Petha Nargund, Ron and Petha Mundargi the outlook is not so good. In parts of Nargund and Ron the late-sown seed is not likely to come to maturity, and a large area has not been sown at all. However, there is no present distress, though the labour market is somewhat overcrowded owing to the absence of all kharif harvest operations, the kharif having been an entire failure. The rabi crops results now depend largely upon favourable weather; in the absence of rain, cool, moist winds and heavy dews are of service to prevent the drying up of the soil; and so far conditions have been fairly good.

Dhárwár—continued.

Petha Mundargi is now definitely ascertained to have had practically no rain where most wanted, *i.e.*, in the black soil villages. These only grow rabi crops, and not more than $\frac{1}{10}$ th of the crop area has been sown. The seed has germinated, but a good deal of it will die off. The rain has not contracted the area of the fodder scarcity to any great extent, though sensible relief has been caused. Most of the rabi sowings are wheat, the rainfall not having been sufficient for jowári, and the wheat in these parts produces but little straw. There has been no emigration except from Ron and Mundargi to Mallad. Prices show a steady tendency to rise. The prices of jowári are given below:—

Talukas.	Jowári.
	Lbs. Tolas.
Dhárwár	23 23
Hubli	23 22
Bankápur	32 30
Karajgi	32 0
Ránobennur	28 38
Kod	31 20
Navalgund	30 22
Gadag	22 30
Ron	28 0
Nargund	24 25
Mundargi	25 0

Kola'ba.

The general situation is unchanged. There has been no rain. Prices are stationary in Alibág, Pen, Nágotthna and Uran, fallen in Panvel and Mángaon, and risen in Mahád, Roha, Khálápúr and Karjat. Twenty-eight labourers have gone to Bombay from Nágotthna. The rabi area sown is only three per cent. of the total cultivable area of the district. The crops are doing well. 350 immigrants have come from above gháts on their way to Bombay; 150 persons from Poona and Ratnágiri have arrived at Uran for work and 100 more have arrived at the same place from Bombay. Fodder and water-supply is generally sufficient and cattle are in fair condition. The outturn of kharif crops is 5 annas in Alibág, 6 annas in Panvel and Karjat, including Uran and Khálápúr Pethas, and 8 annas in the remaining talukas.

Ratnágiri.

There has been no rain. The rabi crops where sown are doing well. Prices of paddy have slightly risen in Vengurla and fallen in Khed, and those of náglí have risen in Málvan and Vengurla. The prices of náglí and vari have slightly fallen in Dápoli; elsewhere they are stationary. There has been no demand for work anywhere except in Málvan, where 34 persons have come to work on test relief works under the Taluka Local Board. People are going as usual to Bombay for work, but some have returned owing to plague. Cattle are healthy except in some talukas. Prices of cattle are falling in Khed.

2. The progress of relief measures during the last week is shown in the appended statement. The returns of relief works are not complete, but the daily average number (72,571) given in the returns received shows an increase of 17,658 as compared with the preceding week. A relief work has been opened in the Athni Táluka of the Belgaum District, where the test-work hitherto in progress showed an increase in the demand for labour at famine wages, and a Special Relief Mámálatdár with an establishment has been appointed for that táluka. Three large works have also been opened specially for the relief of Kolis and other hill cultivators inhabiting the Ambegaon and Mulshi Pethas and other forest tracts in the west of the Poona District. The works have been provided as near the homes of these people as possible, because the system of ráb-cultivation followed by them necessitates their constant presence near their fields from January to March, during which months the fields are being prepared for the monsoon crops. Two Special Civil officers have been appointed for large relief works in Poona. Arrangements have been made for the survey and alignment of the contemplated Bársi-Pandharpur Railway, so that its earth-work can be utilised as a relief work if necessity arises. Several small works have been started in different tálukas of the Bijápúr District, and the attention of the Commissioners has been again invited to Section 100 of the Famine Code, and they have been asked to report in what way people whom it is inexpedient to draft to works at a distance from their homes can be suitably employed; on the other hand, it appears that in Sholápúr persons to whom that provision does not apply are employed on small works.

3. A further allotment of Rs. 10,000 has been placed at the disposal of the Collector of Bijápúr for expenditure on gratuitous relief. As the numbers of wandering paupers and of non-working children are reported to have largely increased in the Indápúr and Bhimthadi tálukas of the Poona District, the application to those tálukas of Chapters VIII and IX of the Famine Code about poor-houses and kitchens respectively has been authorised. It has been directed that relief under Chapter IX should be confined to the children of persons employed on relief works, as others are sufficiently provided for by Section 57 of the Code, and that when cash payments are substituted for distribution of cooked food, the precautions laid down in Section 133 (b) should be strictly enforced. The attention of District officers has been drawn to Section 52 (f) of the Famine Code regarding the relief of Pátáls and Village Accountants whose emoluments and private means are not sufficient for their support, and they have been directed to enforce the provision of Section 60 for the relief of inferior village officers, substituting a weekly dole where the grant of a daily dole is found to be inconvenient. It has also been ordered that the wives and children above seven years of the inferior village servants who are relieved under Section 60 should work for their living on the nearest relief works or in other ways.

4. The demand for tagáí advances for agricultural improvement is increasing, and the following additional assignments, which have been applied for, have been sanctioned:—

	Rs.
Sholápúr	1,36,000
Poona	1,00,000
Násik... ..	40,000
Sátára	30,000
Khándesh	12,000

The employment of special kárkúns to deal with the applications for such advances has been authorised where necessary.

5. Arrangements are in progress for the supply of grass to the affected areas. Hay-presses have been working at several stations in the Sátápuas and the hilly tracts of Poona and in the Thána District, and grass is being collected at several depôts in the districts of Sátára, Belgaum, Dhárwár and Kánara. While the dealers are to be encouraged to take part, as far possible, in the distribution of the grass, authority has been given to the Honourable Mr. Shuttleworth to despatch the grass by rail to the larger railway stations in the affected districts if suitable offers are not made to buy it at an earlier stage, and to make the best arrangements he can to dispose of grass sent to these places at a fair price, such as if possible will cover all charges. It has however been again pointed out that the great bulk of the cattle can be saved only by being taken to the grazing grounds and importation of grass is intended only for those which must be kept in the district.

6. The application of Chapter XIII of the Famine Code to the Bijápúr District has been authorised, and the question of strengthening the Police in that district is under consideration. The recruitment of 50 extra men for the Khándesh Police has been sanctioned.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Statement showing the progress of relief measures during the week ending 13th December 1896 in the several districts of the Bombay Presidency affected by scarcity.

1.—385

District,	Number and class of relief works.	Numbers of persons employed on relief works and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of non-working children whose parents are employed on relief works, including women in charge, and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of other persons relieved gratuitously in villages.	
		Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.
Bijapur	13 works under Public Works Agency. (Return for one work not received).	116,894	19,482	Rs. 10,970 (excluding two works).	28,799	4,800	Rs. 846	612 (in 27 villages).	87
	8 works under Civil Agency (including 4 Local Board works).	7,952	1,325	560 (excluding three works).	1,228 (for three works).	204	38		
Sholapur	9 works under Public Works Agency.	126,378	21,063	14,588	46,365	7,727	1,519	6,157 (in 39 villages).	879
	7 works under Civil Agency	53,390	8,898	4,185	12,901	2,150	316		
Ahmednagar	10 works under Public Works Agency.	44,689	7,448	4,327 (excluding one work).	13,820	2,303	652	.....	.....
Poona	1 work under Public Works Agency. (Returns for other works not received).	477	159	46	61	20	2	6,617 (in 44 villages and 1 poor-house).	945
Sátára	3 works under Public Works Agency	28,951	4,825	4,434	3,378	563	115			5 (in 2 villages).
Násik	8 works under Public Works Agency.	38,655	6,442	2,678 (excluding two works).	16,745	2,791	592 (excluding one work).	.....	.....
Belgaum	2 test works under Public Works Agency.	3,807	634	372	1,371	228	43	.....	.....
	2 Local Board and Municipal Works...	4,613	769	460	.....	.....	.....
Dhárwár	1 test work under Public Works Agency.	3,726	621	313	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	7 Local Board and Municipal works ...	5,430	905	153 (excluding one work).	.....	.....	.....

Part I]

THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, DECEMBER 24, 1896.

1389

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th December 1896.

No. 10855.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government in the village of Bārdoli in the Bārdoli Tāluka of the Surat Collectorate at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of the Tāpti Valley Railway from Surat to Nandurbār; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village of Bārdoli:—

No.	Revision Survey Number.	Area.	Approximate Area required.	
			A. g.	A. g. a.
1	168	0 32	0 0	8½
2	178	0 28	0 1	0
3	179	0 38	0 1	0
4	182	0 21	0 2	0
5	181	1 32	0 3	0
6	183	0 34	0 8	0
7	224	1 38	0 10	0
8	225	0 24	0 1	0
			0 26	8½

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land. The plan of the land required may be inspected during office hours and office days in the office of the special officer appointed to acquire the land at Surat.

Bombay Castle, 18th December 1896.

No. 10393.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing public supply-cisterns in connection with the Water Works in the City of Surat in the Surat District; it is hereby declared that for the purpose mentioned above the pieces of land described below are required within the aforesaid City of Surat:—

Site No.	Description of Land.	Where situated.	Approximate Area to be taken.
1	A. 11, S. No. 78.	Thobhāsari, Mahidharpura.	Sq. yds. 85
2	A. 2. 242	Gopipura Bazar.	64
	B. E. 2. 241+3	Do. ...	43
	C. Part of S. No. 241—2 E. 2.	Do. ...	12
3	E. E. S. No. 306÷1.	Kapatia Chakla, Gopipura.	220

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

Bombay Castle, 19th December 1896.

No. 10440.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, and in supersession of Government Notification No. 6290, dated 30th August 1893, published at page

847 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 31st idem, Part I, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant or Deputy Collectors in charge of the several tālukas of the Thāna District, and the Karjat Tāluka including the Khālāpur Mahāl of the Kolāba District, to be *ex-officio* Forest Settlement Officers for all lands within the tālukas forming their respective charges which have been notified as proposed Reserved Forests under Section 4, or as Reserved Forests under Section 34, and have not since been disforested under Section 26, and in respect of which the enquiries into rights contemplated by clause (c) of Section 4 and sub-para. 3 of Section 34 of the said Act have not yet been made.

2. Under Section 16 of the said Act, His Excellency the Governor in Council is also pleased to appoint the Collector of Thāna to hear appeals from any orders passed by the said Forest Settlement Officers under Sections 10, 11, 14 or 15 of the said Act, as regards lands in the Thāna District, and the Collector of Kolāba to hear appeals from any orders passed under the said sections in respect of lands in the Kolāba District.

3. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the enquiry and record in respect of the Protected Forests in the Thāna District, and in the Karjat Tāluka including the Khālāpur Mahāl of the Kolāba District, shall be made and prepared by the said Forest Settlement Officers in the same manner and subject to the same provisions and right of appeal as in the case of Reserved Forests.

Bombay Castle, 21st December 1896.

No. 10477.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 22 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, the Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition and alteration should be made in clause 1 of Government Notification No. 9159, dated 18th November 1896, published at page 1161 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated the 19th idem:—

- (a) The words "and Superintendents of Land Records and Agriculture," should be added at the end of clause (1) (5).
- (b) The words "excepting the district of Kolāba" occurring at the end of clause (1) (12) should be deleted.

Bombay Castle, 22nd December 1896.

No. 10505.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the establishment of a fish-curing yard at Ratnāgiri, in the village of Bhatye, tāluka and district Ratnāgiri; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the piece of land described below is required within the aforesaid village of Bhatye:—

Serial No.	Survey No.		Area.	Assessment.	Land required.	
	Principal.	Pōt.			Area.	Assessment.
1	13	1	A. g. 5 18	Rs. a. p. 5 8 0	A. g. 3 19	Rs. a. p. 3 8 0
2	82	1	7 20	1 14 0	0 12½	0 1 0

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

No. 10514.—Gradation List of Commissioners and Senior and Junior Collectors as it stood on the 1st November 1896:—

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of the Acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of Appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Commissioners— First Grade: 3 appointments, including the Commissioner of Customs on Rs. 3,500.	1	Mr. Mackenzie ...	.....	Mr. Ebden ...	1st Mar. 1896	
	2	The Honourable Mr. Spence.	.....	.....	.....
	3	MR. REID ...	On furlough for 1 year from 2nd May 1896.	.....	.....
Second Grade: 1 appointment on Rs. 3,000.	1	MR. FLEET ...	On furlough for 15 months from 21st September 1895.	Mr. Lely ...	2nd May 1896		
Collectors—	1	Mr. Candy ...	.....	Mr. Silcock ...	25th Feb. 1896	
	2	MR. PORTEOUS ...	On furlough for 1 year and 6 months from 18th May 1895.	Mr. Cumine ...	16th Mar. 1896		
	3	Mr. Ebden... ..	Acting 1st Grade Commissioner.	Mr. Drew ...	20th Mar. 1896		
	4	The Honourable Mr. Wingate.	On privilege leave for 3 months from 4th October 1896.	Mr. Cappel ...	26th Mar. 1896		
	5	Mr. Charles ...	.....	MR. JENKINS ...	30th April 1896	Acted without acting allowance from 4th to 20th October 1896, and is entitled to salary as Junior Collector for that period. On privilege leave for one month and 13 days from 21st September 1896.
Senior: 12 appointments on Rs. 2,325 including the appointment of Collector of Land Revenue.	6	Mr. Lely ...	Acting 2nd Grade Commissioner.	Mr. Deshmukh.	21st Sept. 1896	Without acting allowance up to 20th and with acting allowance from 21st October 1896, and is entitled to salary as Junior Collector up to 20th October 1896.	
	7	MR. CAMPBELL ...	On furlough for 6 months from 29th May 1896.	Mr. Logan ...	27th Oct. 1896	Without acting allowance, and is entitled to salary as Junior Collector up to 30th and sub <i>pro-tem</i> as such from 31st October 1896.	
	8	Mr. Frost ...	.....	.....	.....	Acted as Junior Collector with acting allowance up to 20th October 1896.
	9	Dr. Pollen ...	.....	.....	.....
	10	Mr. Woodward ...	.....	.....	.....
	11	MR. WOODBURN ...	On furlough for 20 months from 29th May 1896.	.....	.....
	12	Mr. Winchester ...	.....	.....	.....
	Junior: 9 appointments on Rs. 1,800 including the appointment of Collector of Salt Revenue.	1	Mr. Silcock ...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Gibb ...	11th July 1896	
		2	Mr. Cumine ...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Paise ...	5th June 1896	
		3	Mr. Muir Mackenzie.	Acting Survey Commissioner and Director of Land Records and Agriculture.	Mr. Doderet ...	2nd June 1896	
		4	Mr. Drew ...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Bagnell ...	2nd June 1896	
		5	Mr. Cappel ...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. A. F. Macconochie.	2nd June 1896	
6		MR. EDGERLEY ...	On furlough for 2 years from 26th July 1895.	Mr. Rand ...	1st May 1896		
7		MR. LAMB... ..	On furlough for 19 months from 18th April 1896.	Mr. Dodgson...	20th Mar. 1896		
8		Mr. Jenkins ...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Bonus ...	27th Oct. 1896		
9		Vacant ...	.....	Mr. Jackson ...	21st Sept. 1896	Without acting allowance up to 20th and with acting allowance from 21st October 1896.

(1) The Honourable Mr. Wingate acted as First Grade Commissioner with acting allowance up to 3rd October 1896.

(2) Mr. Winchester acted as Senior Collector with acting allowance up to 30th October 1896.

(3) Mr. Carmichael acted as Junior Collector with acting allowance up to 3rd, without acting allowance from 4th to 8th and again with acting allowance from 9th to 23rd October 1896.

(4) Mr. Page acted as Junior Collector without acting allowance up to 5th October 1896.

No. 10516.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to Government Notification No. 8018, dated 10th October 1894, published at pages 770-1 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 16th idem, Part I, to declare the land in the Karjat Táluka of the Kolába District specified in the schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forest from 28th February 1897 :—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Description of Forest.	Approximate Area.
Khandas	The demarcated hill-side on the east and south of the village.	Acres. 1,170

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 10553.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of the Tápti-Valley Railway from Surat to Nandurbár, in the village of Dindoli in the Chorási Táluka of the Surat Collectorate; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village of Dindoli :—

No.	Survey No.	Area.	Nature of Land required.	Approximate area required.
		A. g.		A. g.
1	243	5 5	Government...	1 3
2	244	14 13	Ináni ...	2 11
			From public road ...	0 3
2	283	1 21	Ináni ...	0 18
	270	4 4	Do. ...	2 2
5	288	1 11	Do. ...	7 8
6	303	1 1	Do. ...	0 13
7	304	7 17	Do. ...	0 22
8	302	5 25	Do. ...	0 15

No.	Survey No.	Area.	Nature of Land required.	Approximate area required.
		A. g.		A. g.
9	306	2 4	Ináni ...	0 3
10	308	5 5	Do. ...	0 2
11	309	4 30	Do. ...	1 24
12	300	1 34	Do. ...	0 1
13	310	5 25	Do. ...	0 31
14	333	2 1	Do. ...	0 11
15	332	2 1	Do. ...	0 30
16	331	2 27	Do. ...	0 29
17	335	2 27	Do. ...	0 27
18	336	3 23	Do. ...	1 21
19	328	3 13	Do. ...	1 4
20	323	3 11	Do. ...	0 10
21	327	6 8	Do. ...	3 11
22	326	5 7	Do. ...	1 2
23	363	21 31	Do. ...	2 14
				21 27

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land. The plan of the land required may be inspected during office hours and office days in the office of the special officer appointed to acquire the land at Surat.

By order of His Excellency the Right

Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th December 1896.

No. 8717.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 61 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend clause (a) of the said section to the following local area in the Sátára District :—

The road leading from Sátára to the Sátára Road Railway Station *vid* Arleh.

Bombay Castle, 16th December 1896.

No. 8755.—It is hereby notified that the undermentioned convicts who have escaped from Port Blair are still at large, and that a reward of Rs. 100 will be paid by this Government for information leading to the recapture of each of the convicts :—

Descriptive roll of a male convict received at Port Blair per S.S. "Shahjehan" on the 19th November 1894.

Port Blair No. 13281.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
			Serial Number.																		
			Jail Register Number.																		
			Name of Prisoner.																		
			Father's Name and Trade or Occupation.																		
			Caste.																		
			Religion.																		
			Town or Village.			Native of what place.															
			Pargana or Taluka.																		
			District or Province.																		
			Trade or Profession.																		
			Whether able to read and write, and what Language.																		
			Crime.																		
			Date of Sentence.																		
			Period of Sentence.																		
			Date of expiry of Sentence.																		
			By what Court sentenced.																		
			Age.																		
			Feet.			Height.															
			Inches.																		
			Feet.			Measurement from tip to tip of middle finger with arms extended at right angles to body.															
			Inches.																		
			Cranial Measurements.																		
			Personal Description.																		
			Previous Convictions, with Section of Penal Code or other Law, and date and period of Sentence.																		
			Surgeon's Report.																		
			Remarks.																		

Descriptive roll of a male life-convict received at Port Blair per S.S. "Shahjehan" on the 25th March 1895.

Port Blair No. 13723.

6	
5048	
Banker.	
Mucca, Cultivator.	
Pasi.	
Hindu.	
V. Achakapur.	
P. S. Haidargarh.	
Z. Barabanki.	
Labourer.	
<i>Nil.</i>	
Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	
10th November 1891.	
Life.	
9th November 1914.	
Sessions Judge, Lucknow.	
44	
5	
7	
5	
11	
...	
...	
Tall, strong frame, hair sprinkled with grey, chest very hairy, lineal scar on right forefinger, scar on outer on lower third of right thigh.	
<i>Nil.</i>	
Always in good health here.	

Bombay Castle, 17th December 1896.

No. 8801-A.—The following Rule made by the Judge of the Sadar Court in Sind, with the previous sanction of the Government of Bombay, under the provisions of Section 553 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1882, is published for general information as Rule 59, Part III of the Manual of Rules for the guidance of criminal courts in Sind:—

“59. Commissions sent for execution to any place where the language is different from that of the court issuing them should be accompanied by translations in the language of such place, or in English.”

No. 8804-A.—The following Rule made by the Judge of the Sadar Court in Sind, with the previous sanction of the Government of Bombay, under the provisions of Section 553 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1882, is published for general information as Rule 60, Part III of the Manual of Rules for the guidance of criminal courts in Sind:—

“60. The Judge of the Sadar Court in Sind desires to point out, for the guidance of all Magistrates, that it is their duty to despatch their criminal work with the least possible delay, it being essential for the proper administration of justice that it should be promptly dealt with. As far as possible criminal work should be given precedence over other work, cases in which the accused are in custody being taken up for disposal in preference to those in which the accused are on bail. Magistrates should so arrange for the despatch of their criminal work that the hearing of one case should, as much as possible, not be allowed to interfere with the hearing of another, each one being fixed for hearing for distinct days, due regard being had to their probable duration. Every effort should be made to minimise delay and hardship to the parties and witnesses. When a case is once commenced, it should be heard *de die in diem* and completed with every possible despatch, the whole or as much of the working day as could be spared being devoted to its hearing. Witnesses remaining over from one day should be examined at the first sitting of the court on the following day. The practice of taking up a case for an hour or so and then dropping it again should be avoided, and cases should be disposed of, as far as possible, in continuous sittings. Adjournments should, as a rule, be avoided, specially when the accused are likely to be prejudiced thereby, and if from any unavoidable cause an adjournment is deemed indispensable, it should be for as short a time as possible.

“In any case a trial once commenced should be continued from day to day, except on Sundays, other days when the public treasuries are closed and days when native usage absolutely requires the intermission of all business. Every court should sit daily and punctually at the hour appointed for its opening, unless prevented by circumstances, which should be recorded in its proceedings.

“When a Magistrate is on tour, every care should be taken to let the parties and witnesses

know the place as well as the time, for their appearance, which should be fixed so as to obviate, as far as practicable, the inconvenience which must be caused to them by their being called away to long distances from their residences, and the hearing of cases should, as far as possible, be completed at the appointed place without obliging them to move from camp to camp with the Magistrates.”

Bombay Castle, 21st December 1896.

No. 8907.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 of the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act, 1887, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend all the provisions of that Act, as amended by Bombay Act I of 1890, to the villages of Hosaherwati, Kalbag and Hosakeri in the Kunta Taluka of the Kánara District.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 9011-A.—Whereas it appears to His Excellency the Governor in Council that the conduct of the inhabitants of the talukas in the Thána District named in the margin renders it expedient temporarily to increase the strength of the Police in the said talukas, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 25 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890,—

- (a) to direct the employment in the said talukas of additional Police of the strength and cost hereinbelow set forth for a period of six months; and
- (b) to direct that the cost of such additional Police, as hereinbelow set forth, shall be defrayed wholly by a rate charged on the inhabitants generally of the said talukas:—

Bassein-Máhim Post.

	Rs.	a.	p.
2 Head Constables, First Class, Armed	60	0	0
3 " Third "	45	0	0
2 " Fourth "	24	0	0
12 Constables, First "	120	0	0
19 " Second "	171	0	9
19 " Third "	152	0	0
	572	0	0

Add—

Pension contribution at one-twelfth of salary	47	10	8
Supervision at 6 per cent.	34	5	1
Clothing for 55 men at Rs. 6 per annum	27	8	0
Hutting allowance for 55 men at Rs. 6 per annum	27	8	0
” 2 First Class Head Constables at Rs. 24 per annum	2	0	0

138 15 9

Monthly cost ... 710 15 9

× 12

Total annual cost ... 8,531 13 0

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

S. W. EDGERLEY,
Acting Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th December 1896.

No. 145.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information with reference to Government Notification No. 104, dated 23rd September 1896:—

“RED SEA.

Perim Island—Obstruction Point Light replaced.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Aden, dated 5th instant, that the occulting apparatus of the Obstruction Point Light has been replaced in position, and that the light will be shown in its original character from 1st January 1897.”

Bombay Castle, 21st December 1896.

No. 146.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

“INDIA—BAY OF BENGAL—GULF OF MARTHABAN.

Krishna Shoal Light-vessel—Amended position.

Information has been received from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Burma, dated 8th instant, that the position of the Krishna Light-vessel is N. 50° E. distant 2·3 miles from where it is shown on the charts or approximately on chart No. 823 in Latitude 15° 37' 30" N., Longitude 95° 36' 30" E.

2. The Baragua position buoy (black) is moored in 5 fathoms in Latitude 15° 29' 45" N., Longitude 95° 11' 30" E.

The visibility of the Baragua flats vessel light is 12 miles approximately.”

Bombay Castle, 22nd December 1896.

No. 147.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 (1) of the Indian Ports Act (X of) 1889, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rule in substitution of Rule 3 of the Rules for the Port of Aden published under Government Notification No. 55, dated 2nd May 1893:—

All steamers and square-rigged vessels arriving off the Port of Aden and requiring the services of a pilot shall make the authorized pilot signals by day and night as required by Section 615 of the British Merchant Shipping Act of 1894.

No. 148.—The following amendment made by the Trustees of the Port of Karachi of Bye-law No. 47 of the Bye-laws* for the regulation of the wharves, piers, jetties, &c., of the Karachi Port Trust framed under the Karachi Port Trust Act, 1886, is approved by Government, and published for general information in accordance with Section 57 of the Act:—

“Tindals of vessels shall not, without the permission of the Port Officer or other officer appointed by the Trustees of the Port, beach their vessels within the limits of the Port for any purpose whatever.”

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 149.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

“INDIA—BAY OF BENGAL—GULF OF MARTHABAN.

ENTRANCE TO RANGOON RIVER.

Alteration in position of Spit Lower Buoy.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Rangoon, dated 11th instant, that the Spit Lower Buoy now lies in 24 feet reduced, 150 yards west of its position on Chart No. 833 on the following magnetic bearings from the buoy:—

Eastern Grove Light-house	...N 2° 30' E.
Upper Ridge buoy	...N 1° 00' E.
Elephant Point Obelisk	...N 29° 0' W.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DeC. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th December 1896.

No. 7495.—Lieutenant W. Beale, acting Fifth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, has passed in the subjects prescribed in paragraphs 4 to 7 of Government Resolution No. 3982, dated the 30th June 1894, for the Departmental Examination of Political officers.

No. 7510.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant J. W. B. Merewether to be Assistant Political Superintendent and *ex-officio* Superintendent of Police, Pálanpur, but to continue to serve under the Political Resident, Aden.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 7636.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. W. A. Weir, I. C. S., to act as Political Agent, Akalkot, pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

S. W. EDGERLEY,
Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th December 1896.

No. 8831.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments of Second Class Subordinate Judges, to take effect on the return of Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Dadaji Deshmukh from leave and pending further orders:—

Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Dalaji Deshmukh to be Subordinate Judge of Kalyán.

Ráo Sáheb Ramechandra Ganesh Bakhle, Subordinate Judge of Kalyán, to be Subordinate Judge of Wái and Medha.

* *Vide* Government Notification No. 5, dated 3rd February 1892.

Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Daji Nagarkar, Subordinate Judge of Wái and Medha, to be Joint Subordinate Judge of Násik, displacing Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Lakshman Chandorkar.

2. His Excellency in Council is further pleased under Section 28 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, to invest Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Dadaji Deshmukh and Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Daji Nagarkar, within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Subordinate Courts of Kalyán and Násik, respectively, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 50.

No. 8836.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Honourable Mr. H. Batty, I. C. S., on relief, to be on special duty under the Judicial Department.

Bombay Castle, 19th December 1896.

No. 8852.—Ráo Bahádur Chintaman Narayan Bhat, Special First Class Subordinate Judge under Act XVII of 1879 for the Poona and Sátára Districts, is allowed privilege leave for one month with effect from the 4th January 1897.

No. 8853.—The Honourable Mr. H. Batty, I. C. S., assumed charge of the special duty under the Judicial Department to which he has been appointed by Government Notification No. 8836, dated the 18th December 1896, on the 7th December 1896, in the forenoon.

No. 8855.—Mr. W. C. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for two months and four days with effect from the 4th January 1897.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence on leave of Mr. Webb or pending further orders:—

Khán Bahádur Phiroze Hoshang Dastur, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. F. S. Taleyarkhan, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

No. 8881.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Honourable Mr. E. M. H. Fulton, I. C. S., on relief by the Honourable Mr. Justice J. Jardine, to be on special duty under the Judicial Department.

Bombay Castle, 21st December 1896.

No. 8884.—Under Section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to place Mr. R. C. Brown, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmednagar, in charge of the sub-division of that district comprising the tálukas of Párner, Shrigonda, Karjat and Jámkhed.

No. 8885.—Ráo Sáheb Nílkant Bhaskar Chaubal relinquished charge of the Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Sínar in the Násik District on the 21st November 1896, in the afternoon, and assumed charge of the Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Yeola in the same district on the 1st December 1896, in the forenoon.

No. 8898.—A'zam Anant Abaji Kadam, substantive *pro tem.* Head Kárkún, táluca Mán in the district of Sátára, is appointed under Section 12 of

the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191 (a) and (b)).

No. 8902.—Mr. H. Batty, I. C. S., is granted furlough for one year from the 26th December 1896.

No. 8914.—Ráo Sáheb Chinnaji Raghunath Karkare, Subordinate Judge of Athni in the district of Belgaum, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

No. 8915.—Mr. J. D. S. Fitzmaurice, I. C. S., received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge, Kánara, on the 23rd November 1896, in the forenoon.

No. 8916.—Khán Bahádur Rastamji Merwanji Patel and Mr. C. W. Chitty respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, on the 5th December 1896, in the forenoon.

No. 8920.—Mr. G. F. Keatinge, I. C. S., Assistant Collector in the district of Kánara, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district with effect from the 24th December 1896.

No. 8931.—Messrs. T. Hart-Davies, I. C. S., and J. L. Johnston, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judicial Commissioner in Sind and Judge of the Sadar Court in that Province on the 5th December 1896, in the forenoon.

Bombay Castle, 22nd December 1896.

No. 8934.—Ráo Sáheb Sakharám Hari Tagúre, acting Mámílatdár, táluca Jávli in the district of Sátára, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191 (a) and (b)).

No. 8942.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. F. Aston, I. C. S., on return to duty under this Government, to be Judge and Sessions Judge, Thána.

No. 8949.—Ráo Sáheb Bulakhidas Bapuji, Mámílatdár, táluca Chorási in the district of Surat, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district, and is invested

with the following additional powers, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code :—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191 (a) and (b)).

No. 8975.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 321 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Ráo Bahádúr Motilal Chunilal, City Magistrate, Surat, to take part with the Sessions Judge of Surat in preparing and making out a list of persons liable and qualified to serve as Jurors or Assessors at trials to be held before the Court of Session in the Surat Sessions Division, and in hearing objections to the said list and revising the same in accordance with law.

No. 8979.—Under Section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased specially to empower Ráo Sáheb Naranbhai Lallubhai, Mámlatdár, táluca Kátol, and Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Panch Maháls, to pass sentences of whipping.

2. His Excellency in Council is also pleased to invest Ráo Sáheb Naranbhai Lallubhai with power to try cases under the Opium Act I of 1878.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 8987.—The undermentioned officers are appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be Magistrates of the Second Class in the Bijápúr District :—

Ráo Sáheb Bhimaji Ramchandra Siddapur, acting Mámlatdár, táluca Sindgi.

Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Shesho Dhárwár, acting Mámlatdár, táluca Hungund.

Ráo Sáheb Narayan Gundo, acting Mámlatdár, táluca Indi.

A'zam Shambhu Shankar Datar, Relief Mahálkari, petha Bilgi.

No. 9021.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, under Rule XVI of the Rules for admission to the Bombay Provincial Civil Service, Mr. R. D. Sethna, B.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, and Registrar of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side, Bombay, to the Judicial Branch of the Provincial Service with effect from the date of this Notification.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

S. W. EDGERLEY,

Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th December 1896.

No. 10340.—The following extract para. 1 of a despatch from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for India in Council, No. 16 Public, dated 12th November 1896, to the address of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in

Council, Bombay, is published for general information :—

"I have to inform your Excellency in Council that the undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed to the Civil Service of India and to the Presidency of Bombay in the following order :

John Christian Pringle.

Hugh Davey Rendall.

Charles Edgar Palmer.

Frederick Kennedy Boyd.

Charles Venables Vernon.

George Monteath.

John Holman Eyre Tupper."

No. 10356.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. J. W. A. Weir, I. C. S., to act as Collector and District Magistrate, Sholápur, and District Registrar, Sholápur, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Sholápur District pending further orders.

Mr. L. G. Deshmukh to be Assistant Collector, Kánara.

Ráo Bahádúr Rághavendra Pándurang Bengiri to be District Deputy Collector, Sholápur.

Bombay Castle, 18th December 1896.

No. 10392.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Forest Department :—

Mr. V. D. P. Rebeiro, L.C.E., to have charge of the Bijápúr District from the date of Mr. H. Mainwaring's retirement.

Mr. Balvant Ganesk Deshpánde to be transferred to the Northern Circle.

Mr. Dattátraya Manjunáth Bijur to be transferred to the Sind Circle.

No. 10410.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 3 (3) (c) of the Cotton Duties Act II of 1896, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize Mr. J. McNeill, I. C. S., Second Assistant to the Collector of Land Revenue, Customs and Opium, Bombay, to exercise within the Town and Island of Bombay the powers described in Sections 9, 16, 18, 20, 21 and 25 of the Act.

Bombay Castle, 22nd December 1896.

No. 10523.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. H. F. Silcock, I. C. S., to be Senior Collector vice Mr. W. Porteous, retired.

Mr. R. M. Kennedy, I. C. S., to be Junior Collector vice Mr. Silcock, promoted, taking rank according to seniority.

By order of His Excellency the Right

Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 58.—The Reverend C. H. Badbam, B.A., Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave without medical certificate for ten days from 1st February 1897.

No. 59.—The Reverend P. D. Johnson, B.A., is appointed Chaplain of Hyderabad, Sind.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DE C. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 2354.—In modification of the orders passed in Government Notification No. 1327, dated 29th August 1887, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. N. M. Pajnigar, B.A., to be Head Master of the Shikárpur High School vice Mr. Wali Mahomed Hassanally Akhund, B.A., subject to the condition mentioned in Article 842 of the Civil Service Regulations.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DE C. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th December 1896.

No. 5558.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. McNeill, I. C. S., to be Chief Inspector of Factories for the Town and Island of Bombay vice Mr. R. E. Enthoven, transferred.

No. 96.—In consequence of the return to duty of officers on Foreign Service and on leave the following reversions are ordered:—

Names.	From	To	From
Mr. A. E. Hight, Assoc. M.Inst. C.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, <i>sub. pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade	} 19th November 1896.
„ G. K. Apté, B.A., L.C.E.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, <i>sub. pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade	
„ H. C. R. John	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, <i>sub. pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, <i>temporary.</i>	
„ Ibrahim S. D. Ahmadi, L.C.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, <i>temporary.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	24th Nov. 1896.
„ M. Visvesvaraiya, B.A., L.C.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, <i>temporary.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	22nd Nov. 1896.
„ P. K. Chitalé, L.C.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, <i>temporary.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	19th Nov. 1896.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 5636.—Surgeon - Lieutenant - Colonel H. McCalman, M.D., Civil Surgeon, Dhárwár, has been allowed furlough on medical certificate for two months with effect from 21st November 1896.

No. 5654.—The following General Order by the Government of India, Military Department, No. 1357, dated 18th December 1896, is republished:—

“VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Appointments.

No. 1357.—2nd Battalion Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Andrew Duncan Rollo, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant vice Scott, promoted.

Conrad Allan Cooke, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant vice Arnott, transferred to the 1st Battalion.”

No. 5674.—Mr. W. E. Porrett, Inspector of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers, was allowed privilege leave of absence for one month from the 17th November 1896.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DE C. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th December 1896.

No. 94.—The Honourable Mr. T. D. Little, C.I.E., M.Inst.C.E., Chief Engineer, 1st Class, and Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department, is permitted to retire from the Service with effect from the afternoon of 18th December 1896.

No. 95.—Captain W. V. Scudamore, R. E., Acting Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, reverts to Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, from 1st December 1896.

Bombay Castle, 18th December 1896.

No. 97.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. M. Thompson, B.A., M.Inst.C.E., to be Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department, with effect from 19th December 1896, vice the Honourable Mr. T. D. Little, C.I.E., M.Inst.C.E., who has been permitted to retire.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. LITTLE,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 98.—Mr. G. O. W. Dunn, M.Inst.C.E., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, is allowed furlough to Europe for one year from 1st January 1897 or subsequent date under Article 340 of the Civil Service Regulations.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. S. Rebsch, Assoc.M.Inst.C.E., to be Under Secretary to Government in the P. W. Department.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

H. M. THOMPSON,
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY).

Bombay Castle, 23rd December 1896.

No. 47.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

"No. 519, dated 15th December 1896.—The following reversions are ordered in the Accounts Branch:

Names.	From	To	With effect from
Hoskyn, Major C. R., R.E.	... Examiner, 2nd Class, <i>temporary</i> .	Examiner, 3rd Class, <i>permanent</i> .	6th November 1896.
*	*	*	*
*	*	*	"

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
H. O. SELBY,
Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

No. 2321.—Under the provision of Section 43 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act XIV of 1869, the Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to sanction the closing of the District and Subordinate Judges' Courts in the Sholapur-Bijapur District for the annual vacation of six weeks from the 21st April to the 1st June 1897, both days inclusive.

R. D. SETHNA,
Registrar.

Bombay, 21st December 1896.

No. 2322.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to admit Mr. Madhavji Virji Broker, B.A., LL.B., as a Vakil of the High Court of Bombay.

VAMAN M. BODAS,
Acting Deputy Registrar.

Bombay, 22nd December 1896.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th December 1896.

No. 10377.—Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Ahmedabad District.

Bhogilal Balmukan, officiating Sub-Registrar of Virangán, from 2nd to 8th November 1896.

Ratnágiri District.

Ganesh Bháskar, officiating Sub-Registrar of Chiplún, from 2nd to 8th November 1896.

Khándesh District.

Naráyan Keshav, officiating Sub-Registrar of Chálisgaon, from 6th to 15th November 1896.

Poona District.

Moro Anant, officiating Sub-Registrar of Mulshi, from 19th October to 18th November 1896.

Sátára District.

Shripád Ganesh, officiating Sub-Registrar of Jávlí, from 16th to 22nd October 1896.

Bhaskar Rámchandra, officiating Sub-Registrar of Karád, from 2nd to 4th October 1896.

Chinto Raghunáth, officiating Sub-Registrar of Karád, on 5th and from 18th to 23rd October 1896.

Antáji Bhikáji, officiating Sub-Registrar of Khanápur, from 2nd to 8th November 1896.

Sholápur District.

Jagannáth Bákrishna, officiating Sub-Registrar of Mádhá, from 26th October to 1st November 1896.

Bijápur District.

Hanmant Shesho, officiating Sub-Registrar of Hungúnd, from 22nd to 24th October 1896.

Hanmant Govind, officiating Sub-Registrar of Sindgi, from 31st October to 5th November 1896.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 4967.—The following transfer and appointment of Mámlatdárs are made vice Ráo Sáheb Wasudev Shiwaji Nabar, appointed to act as District Deputy Collector, Thána :—

Ráo Sáheb Gavrishankar Harjivan Vyas to do duty as Mámlatdár of Murbád.

Mr. Moreswar Keshav Kanekar to be acting Mámlatdár of Bassein.

F. S. P. LELY,

Acting Commissioner, N. D.

Camp Deodar, 16th December 1896.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. R-5332.—Messrs. B. C. H. Kennedy and J. W. A. Weir respectively delivered over and received charge of the Mádhá Táluka in the Sholápur District on 30th ultimo, in the forenoon.

Poona, 16th December 1896.

No. R-5354.—Mr. R. E. Enthoven assumed charge of his duties as Personal Assistant to the Collector of Ahmednagar on the 11th instant, in the forenoon.

Poona, 17th December 1896.

No. R-5387.—Messrs. S. Padamji and R. E. Enthoven respectively delivered over and received charge of the Nagar Táluka in the Ahmednagar District on 11th instant, in the forenoon.

Poona, 18th December 1896.

No. R-5408.—Ráo Sáheb Wáman Ganesh Rale, probationary Fourth Grade Mámlatdár of táluka Kopargaon in the Ahmednagar District, is confirmed in that grade.

Poona, 19th December 1896.

J. K. SPENCE,

Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. 5687.—Khán Bahádur Ratanji Edulji Kanga and Ráo Bahádur Rudragowda Chenvirgowda Artal respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the District Deputy Collector in charge of the Indi and Sindgi Tálukas on the 5th instant, in the afternoon.

Camp Bijápur, 15th December 1896.

No. 5714.—Mr. Ramkrishna Anandrao Nadkarni, Head Kárkún of the Haliyál Táluka in the Kánara District, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of Haliyál during the deputation of Ráo Sáheb Ganesh Raghunath Sambhare to audit the accounts of the Dhárwár District.

Camp Bijápur, 17th December 1896.

No. F-511.—Under Government Resolution No. 5521, dated the 23rd September 1881, Revenue Department, the following rates of cart-hire are fixed for the affected tálukas of the Dhárwár District :—

Navalgund, Gadag and Ron Tálukas, including the pethas of Nargund and Mundargi,—2 annas a mile.

Camp Bijápur, 18th December 1896.

No. 5764.—Mr. H. Page, I. C. S., and Khán Bahádur Ratanji Edulji Kanga respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector in charge of the Hungund Táluka on the 4th instant, in the afternoon.

Camp Bijápur, 19th December 1896.

E. J. EBDEN,

Acting Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

CENTRAL CIRCLE.

No. 5617.—Messrs. R. S. Fagan and L. S. Osmaston, Deputy Conservators of Forests, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Poona Forest Division on the 30th November 1896, before office hours.

No. 5618.—Messrs. T. B. Fry, Deputy Conservator of Forests, and R. S. Fagan, Deputy Conservator of Forests, respectively delivered and received charge of the office of the Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans, Central Circle, on the 30th November 1896, before noon.

W. G. BETHAM,

Deputy Conservator of Forests, C. C.

*Camp Málegaon, Násik District,
16th December 1896.*

THE



Bombay Government Gazette.

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

THURSDAY, 24TH DECEMBER 1896.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART I.

Notification.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT (FAMINE).

Bombay Castle, 24th December 1896.

No. 10607 OF 1896.

In continuation of Government Notification No. 10415, dated 19th instant, the following Memorandum is published for general information:—

Want of rain is now generally felt in the affected districts for the late sown crops, which have begun to wither in places. The reports for the week ending 19th instant are summarised below.

Ahmednagar.

There has been no rain. Sowing is generally finished. Most of the newly sown crops are withering and will die unless rain falls within ten days. Cattle in some places are still in good condition, in others beginning to suffer. Labourers in northern and central talukas are flocking to works in very large numbers. Grain supply is generally sufficient, but there are complaints that Banias do not sell at published bazár rates. The average price of jowári is 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ and of bájri 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. per rupee. There has been some emigration. The detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	Jowári.	Bájri.
	Lbs. per Re.	Lbs. per Re.
Nagar	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Párner... ..	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	19
Shrigonda	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$
Karjat... ..	22	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Jámkhed	20	21
Shevgaon	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$
Nevása	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ráhuri	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Kopargaon	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Sangamner	25	24
Akolia	27	21

Shola'pur.

There has been no rain. The average price of jowári is 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. and of bájri 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Grain supply is sufficient in all talukas except Sàngola and Málsiras. Rabi sowing is practically completed. Rain is wanted for crops recently sown. The seedlings are showing signs of withering. The rabi crops sown in September and October are doing well and do not require more rain. Emigration of 7,200 persons from four talukas is reported. Emigration from other talukas is also going on. Fodder is insufficient all over the district. Cattle are being sold or sent away. Semi-gratuitous relief is being given to 151 weavers in Shola'pur, also on a small scale in Pandharpur. The taluka prices of jowári are given below—

Táluka.	Lbs. per Re.
Shola'pur... ..	21 $\frac{1}{2}$
Bársi	24 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mádba	21
Karmála	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Pandharpur	21 $\frac{1}{2}$
Sàngola	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Málsiras	19 $\frac{1}{2}$

Poona.

There has been no rain. The average price of jowári is 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ lbs. and of bájri 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is sufficient. The detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	During Week.		Lbs. Tolas.	
Junnár	Jowári	17	0	
	Bájri	15	30	
	Rice	13	10	
Ambeqaon	Jowári	15	27	
	Bájri ... ..	...	...
	Rice	14	24	
Khed	Jowári	20	0	
	Bájri	15	11	
	Rice	14	34	
Mával	Jowári	19	32	
	Bájri	17	10	
	Rice	17	6	
Haveli	Jowári	18	32	
	Bájri	16	4	
	Rice	15	4	
Mulshi	Jowári	20	0	
	Rice	17	35	
Purandhar	Jowári	18	30	
	Bájri	16	10	
	Rice	13	30	
Sirúr	Jowári	19	24	
	Bájri	16	38	
	Rice	14	25	
Dhond	Jowári	22	16	
	Bájri	18	36	
	Rice	15	0	
Bhimthadi	Jowári	19	28	
	Bájri	17	14	
	Rice	14	0	
Indápur	Jowári	20	24	
	Bájri	18	8	
	Rice	13	35	
Poona City... ..	Jowári	18	32	
	Bájri	16	4	
	Rice	15	4	

Sa'ta'ra.

There has been rain in two tálukas, at Tásgaon 44 cents and Khánápur 5 cents. The average price of jowári is 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. and of bájri 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is fair. Water is sufficient. Standing crops and cattle are in fair condition. Fodder supply is scanty. The detailed prices are—

Sa'ta'ra—continued.

Táluka.	During Week.		Lbs. Tolas.	
Karád	Jowári	19	38	
	Bájri	15	21	
Pátan	Jowári	18	36	
	Bájri ... ..	...	...
Khatáv	Jowári	23	4	
	Bájri	19	2	
Tásgaon	Jowári	20	9	
	Bájri	19	20	
Sátára	Jowári	18	28	
	Bájri	15	25	
Mán... ..	Jowári	20	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Bájri	19	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Jávli	Jowári	16	30	
	Bájri	16	20	
Koregaon	Jowári	18	31	
	Bájri	18	5	
Wái	Jowári	18	20	
	Bájri	11	30	
Válva	Jowári	20	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Bájri	19	20	

Na'sik.

There has been no rain. The average price of bájri is 17 $\frac{7}{16}$, of jowári 18 $\frac{3}{8}$ and of nágli 22 $\frac{3}{8}$ lbs. per rupee. The general prospects are unchanged. Standing rabi crops are in need of rain. The stock of grain is generally sufficient for the present. Fodder is scarce in most tálukas. There has been no starvation and no disease worth notice among cattle. The condition of cultivators is normal and of town population fair. 2,161 labourers are employed by the Táluka and District Local Boards. Detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	During Week.		Lbs. Tolas.	
Násik	Bájri	16	38	
	Jowári	19	10	
	Nágli	21	34	
Sinnar	Bájri	17	10	
	Jowári	19	10	
	Nágli ... ..	...	...
Igatpuri	Bájri	16	14	
	Jowári ... ..	...	...
	Nágli	18	0	
Dindori	Bájri	16	0	
	Jowári ... ..	...	...
	Nágli	25	0	
Niphád	Bájri	17	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Jowári	20	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Nágli	21	15	

Ná'sik—continued.

Táluka.	During Week.	
		Lbs. Tolas.
Chándor	Bájri	17 7½
	Jowári	19 1½
	Nágli	20 5½
Yeola	Bájri	18 27½
	Jowári	21 0
	Nágli ... ..	...
Málegaon	Bájri	16 36
	Jowári	17 18
	Nágli ... ..	...
Nándgaon	Bájri	17 36
	Jowári	18 2
	Nágli ... ..	...
Báglán	Bájri	16 12
	Jowári	17 15
	Nágli ... ..	...
Kalwan	Bájri	18 6
	Jowári	18 35
	Nágli	20 12
Point	Bájri ... ..	...
	Jowári ... ..	...
	Nágli	30 0

Kha'ndesh.

There has been no rain. Prices are almost stationary. The average price of jowári is 18 lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is sufficient. Crops and agriculturists are in the same state as before. Harvest operations being over, labourers are coming on to works in increased numbers. There has been no emigration worth mentioning.

Bijápur.

There has been no rain during the week and no progress in sowing operations. Standing crops are withering. Prices of jowári have risen in three tálukas; they vary from 24 lbs. in Bágalkot to 17½ lbs. in Indi. The condition of cattle is deplorable owing to want of fodder and they are sold at nominal rates. The condition of cultivators is unsatisfactory. Agricultural labourers have no field work and all are flocking to relief works. Weavers and artisans have no sufficient work. The former have commenced joining relief works. There is slight cholera in Hungund Táluka. Grain supply is generally fair. Water-supply is failing. The táluka prices of jowári are given below—

Táluka.	Lbs. per Re.
	Lbs.
Bágalkot	24
Bádámi	20½
Hungund	22
Muddebihál	18½
Indi	17½
Bágevádi	21½
Bijápur	20½
Sindgi	22½
Bilgi	22

Belgaum.

There has been no rain. Prices have slightly fallen. The average price of jowári is 23 lbs., of bájri 23 lbs., and of rice 16 lbs. per rupee. Grain supply is sufficient. Emigration from Athni and parts of Parasgad to adjacent tálukas and States continues. There has been no immigration. Fodder is scarce and dear. Cattle are being sold at cheap rates. Agricultural work is diminishing. Artizans in Parasgad do not get sufficient work. The detailed prices are given below—

Táluka.	Lbs. per Re.	
		Lbs.
Belgaum	Jowári	24
	Bájri	22
	Rice	19
Chikodi	Jowári	22
	Bájri	24
	Rice	15
Athni	Jowári	20
	Bájri	20
	Rice	14
Gokák	Jowári	24
	Bájri	26
	Rice	15
Parasgad	Jowári	24
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice	16
Sampgaon	Jowári	22
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice	15
Khánápur	Jowári	23
	Bájri ... ..	...
	Rice	17½

Dha'rwar.

There has been no rain. Kharif jowári and rice harvest is in progress. Standing rabi crops are good so far, but in Ron, Mundargi and Nargund more rain is wanted for them. Some rabi sowings are still going on. The condition of agriculturists in affected parts is fair, and that of labourers and artisans improved. Cattle are indifferent in affected tálukas. Food-grains and water are generally sufficient. Fodder is insufficient in affected parts. There has been no emigration to Bombay. Prices are much above normal. The price of jowári in the affected tracts is—Navalgund 26½, Ron 28, Nargund 25½ and Mundargi 27 lbs. per rupee.

Kola'ba.

There has been no rain. The price of rice at Alibág is 18½ lbs. per rupee. Prices are generally stationary or falling. 45 labourers from Pen have gone to Bombay, and 225 labourers have arrived in Uran from Ratnágiri and Poona. The general situation is unchanged. People are not yet willing to work for famine wages.

Ratna'giri.

There has been no rain. Prices of paddy and rice have fallen slightly in Málvan and Khed and of rice only in Mandangad; that of nagli has fallen slightly in Vengurla and Khed and risen slightly in Rájápur; that of vari has fallen considerably at Ratnágiri; elsewhere prices are sta-

2. The progress of relief measures during the last week is shown in the appended statement. Excluding the district of Khándesh, for which no returns have been submitted, the daily average number of labourers on relief works was 114,644 as compared with 72,571 in the preceding week. Harvesting and sowing operations are now generally completed; the demand for labour at famine wages is increasing, and several new works have been ordered to be started.

One earth-work (strengthening and improving banks of Ekruk Tank Canals) has been specially provided for weavers in Sholápur who are in need of relief, and it has been ordered that weavers alone should as far as possible be employed on it, other applicants being sent to road works. Estimates for new metal-collecting works have been sanctioned and the works have been brought on the famine relief programme. The survey of five tank projects in Sholápur has been ordered, and Rs. 4,000 have been allotted for the survey of the Bársi-Pandharpur Railway. Allotments have also been sanctioned for several small works in Khándesh. Programmes of suitable relief works to be utilised in case of necessity have been prepared for the districts of Kolába and Ratnágiri.

3. The Yeola Municipality have proposed a scheme for relieving the distressed weavers in that town by employing them in their own craft, and have asked for the assistance of Government to enable them to carry out the scheme. Government have approved of the proposal, and it has been suggested that the project should be started at once. Under the existing law a loan cannot be granted for this purpose, but a loan on favourable terms has been offered for the water-works now under construction, and the sum of Rs. 50,000, which will thus be set free out of the balance at the credit of the Municipality, can be utilized for the relief project. It has been ordered that such of the relief workers as are temporarily unfitted for work by illness should, for the time being, be put on gratuitous relief in accordance with the intention of Section 176 (l) of the Famine Code. In order to afford relief to District and Village Hereditary Officers it has been directed that the annual cash allowances of the former should be paid in two, and those of the latter in four, instalments.

4. The Police force in the Poona District, where increase of crime is reported, has been strengthened. It has been ordered that the Village Police employed for guarding relief works, stores of grain, &c., should receive the wage of labourers of A Class.

Ratna'giri—continued.

tionary. There has been no demand for work anywhere except in Málvan, where 51 persons are on test relief works. There are fewer people going to Bombay for work than returning owing to the plague in that city. Cattle are healthy except in some talukas. Late crops are in fair condition.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. MONTEATH,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Statement showing the progress of relief measures during the week ending 19th December 1896 in the several districts of the Bombay Presidency.

District.	Number and class of relief works.	Numbers of persons employed on relief works and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of non-working children whose parents are employed on relief works, including women in charge, and expenditure on their account.			Numbers of other persons relieved gratuitously in villages.	
		Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.	Total expenditure of the week.	Weekly total number.	Daily average number.
Bijápur	13 works under Public Works Agency.	167,454	27,909	Rs. 18,148	49,175	8,196	Rs. 1,635	1,269 (in 55 vil- lages).	181
	8 works under Civil Agency (including 4 Local Board works).	11,146	1,858	1,155	2,121	353	70		
Sholápur	9 works under Public Works Agency.	145,376	24,229	16,178	57,851	9,642	1,908	9,669 (in 82 vil- lages).	1,381
	8 works under Civil Agency	94,516	15,752	10,067 (excluding one work).	21,028	3,505	667 (excluding two works).		
Ahmednagar	12 works under Public Works Agency.	87,642	14,607	8,405 (excluding one work).	33,757 (excluding one work).	5,626	1,142 (excluding two works).	.....	.....
Poona	3 works under Public Works Agency.	74,270	12,378	9,336	35,120	5,853	30,992	9,621 (in 64 villages and 1 poor-house).	1,374
Násik	9 works under Public Works Agency	53,691	8,948	4,071 (excluding two works).	23,967	3,994	1,164	.....	.....
Sátára	3 works under Public Works Agency.	42,365	7,061	5,326	7,980	1,330	258	9 (in 3 villages).	1
Bélgaum	2 works under Public Works Agency.	3,186	522	264	1,381	230	35	72 (in 3 vil- lages).	10
	2 Local Board works under Civil Agency.	4,006	667	400	.....	.....	.....
Dhárwár	Ordinary works under Public Works Agency.	2,076	346	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Ordinary Local Board Works...	2,202	367	.....	.....	.....	.....

1856

THE



Bombay Government Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, 26TH DECEMBER 1896.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART I.

Notification.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th December 1896.

No. 5684.—The following telegram from the British Consul, Alexandria, dated the 25th December 1896, is published for general information:—

“Sanitary Board has applied plague regulations to arrivals from Karáchi.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DEC. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.

If the vessel does not carry a qualified Medical Officer, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage duly appointed and notified by the Resident, and there to remain for a period of eight clear days from the date of arrival in the harbour. The Health Officer shall also direct the Commander to prohibit, during the period for which the vessel remains at the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid, all communication, except such as is hereinafter provided for, between such vessel and the shore or other vessels and boats in the harbour.

- IV.—If the Health Officer, as the result of the enquiry made under paragraph III above, shall have reason to believe at the time when the vessel arrives in the harbour that any person on board is suffering, or during the voyage has suffered, from plague, he shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage as aforesaid, and there to remain for a period of fifteen days from the day of arrival in the harbour; and shall further direct that during such fifteen days' intercourse between the said vessel and the shore or other vessels and boats in the harbour shall be prohibited as provided in Rule III.
- V.—If during the period a vessel is at the quarantine anchorage aforesaid any case or cases of plague should occur on board, the said vessel shall remain in quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of termination of the last case either by death, recovery or removal from the vessel and be subject to all the prohibitions provided for in Rules III and IV.
- VI.—When any vessel has been placed in quarantine as aforesaid, the Health Officer may direct the removal of so many of the passengers and crew as may not be suffering from illness, and whose services may not be required on board the vessel, to such particular spots as may from time to time be selected by the Resident as places of quarantine, there to remain for a period of eight days, or if the vessel has been placed in quarantine for fifteen days, for a period of fifteen days. If a case of plague occurs among such passengers and crew during any such period, they shall remain in a place of quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of the occurrence of the last case of such illness.
- VII.—Any mails or cargo which may be brought by any vessel so arriving shall be landed under such precautions as the Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.
- VIII.—It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels in quarantine of such supplies of provisions, stores and other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessels in quarantine to be subsequently removed by members of their crews.
- IX.—All vessels arriving at Aden, Perim and the Somáli Coast which may have communicated with vessels coming from Karáchi, shall be subjected to the same rules as vessels arriving at Aden, Perim and the Somáli Coast from Karáchi.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. DE C. ATKINS,
Secretary to Government.