

THE



# Bombay Government Gazette.

Published by Authority.

[No. 35

THURSDAY, 27TH AUGUST 1896.

*Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.*

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## PART I.

### Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 20th August 1896.*

No. 5740.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 61 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend all the provisions of the said section to the under-mentioned areas in the Násik Táluka of the Násik District:—

1. The following hamlets of the City of Násik:

- (1) Morvári and
- (2) Hiravádi.

2. The following hamlets of the town of Trimbak:

- (1) Ghera Killa Trimbak Meth;
- (2) Metha Gangadvar;
- (3) Meth Supli;

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- (4) Meth Lokand;
- (5) Meth Vinayak Khind.
- (6) Meth Pathara;
- (7) Sappaon; and
- (8) Pimplad.

No. 5742.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 61 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend all the provisions of the said section to the under-mentioned areas in the Násik Táluka of the Násik District:

The villages of Devláli and Vihitgaon and the Násik Road Station hamlet.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

H. BATTY,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 25th August 1896.*

No. 89.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

“INDIA—WEST COAST.

KARACHI HARBOUR.

*Lighting of Outer Buoys and discontinuation of lighting of Leading Marks.*

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 71,

dated 16th June and published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* of 18th June 1896, information has been received from the Port Officer, Karachi, dated 15th instant, that from the 15th August 1896 the outer buoys will be lighted and the lighting of the leading marks will be discontinued.

The leading marks will only be lighted when it is impossible to light the outer buoys.”

*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 90.—The following Order by the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department, No. 3587-S. R., dated 20th instant, is republished for general information:—

“No. 3587-S. R.

*Simla, the 20th August 1896.*

ORDER—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read—

Despatch from the Secretary of State for India, No. 94 (Revenue), dated the 30th July 1896, and enclosures.

REVENUE.

No. 94.

INDIA OFFICE:

*London, 30th July 1896.*

*To His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor General of India in Council.*

MY LORD,

I forward for the information of Your Excellency's Government 100 copies of an Order in Council, made on the 29th June 1896, revising the dues leviable in respect of the Basses and Minicoy Lighthouses, together with a like number of tables showing the amount of dues leviable at ports in India at the Treasury rate of exchange of one shilling and one penny halfpenny per rupee, less the abatement of 25 per cent.; and I request that they may be distributed to Collectors of Customs at the various ports in India without delay.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) GEORGE HAMILTON.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

*The 29th day of June 1896.*

PRESENT:

*The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.*

Whereas by an Order in Council, dated the 22nd day of May 1883: After reciting (amongst other things) that by the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1855, it was enacted that in any case in which any Lighthouse, buoy, or beacon, had been or should be thereafter erected or placed on or near the coasts of any British Possession by or with the consent of the Legislative Authority of such Possession, Her Majesty might by Order in Council fix such dues in respect thereof to be paid by the Owner or Master of every ship which passes the same or derives benefit therefrom as Her Majesty might deem reasonable, and might in like manner from time to time increase, diminish, or repeal such dues, and that from the time specified in such Order for the commencement of the dues thereby fixed, increased, or diminished, the same should be leviable throughout Her Majesty's dominions in manner thereafter mentioned: And reciting that Lighthouses had, by and with the consent of the Legislative Authority of the Colony of Ceylon, been constructed and placed on the Great Basses Rock and on the Little Basses Rock in the said Colony, and a light had been exhibited from each of such Lighthouses: And reciting that it was proposed to construct a Lighthouse on the Island of Minicoy between the Maldive and the Laccadive Islands, and to exhibit a light therefrom: And reciting that the Legislative Authorities of India, Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, and Mauritius had given such consents as were necessary either to the erection of the Lighthouses or to the collection of dues in respect thereof: And reciting section 10 of the Public Works Loans Act, 1881, which provided (amongst other things) that so long as any money was due to the Public Works Loan Commissioners on account of any loan under that section, the dues payable in respect of the Great Basses Lighthouse and the Little Basses Lighthouse, or the Minicoy Lighthouse should be altered only with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury: And reciting that it was expedient that provision should be made for the payment of such of the said dues as might be payable in India, Ceylon,

the Straits Settlements, and Mauritius, including the Seychelles Islands, in the currency of the respective countries in which they are payable: And reciting that the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury had signified their consent to the dues specified in the Two Schedules annexed to the Order now in recital: And reciting that the several classes of ships therein particularly specified would pass the said Great Basses Lighthouse and the said Little Basses Lighthouse, and would derive benefit therefrom: And reciting that the several classes of ships therein also particularly specified would pass the said Minicoy Lighthouse and would derive benefit therefrom: Her Majesty, by the said Order now in recital, was pleased to direct that from and after the date of such Order the dues specified in the Schedule marked A, thereunto annexed, should be levied in respect of the Great Basses Lighthouse and the Little Basses Lighthouse: And that from and after the first exhibition of a light from the said Minicoy Lighthouse the dues specified in the Schedule marked B, thereunto annexed, should be levied in respect thereof:

And whereas all advances made by the Public Works Loan Commissioners in respect of the Great Basses Lighthouse, the Little Basses Lighthouse, and the Minicoy Lighthouse have been repaid:

And whereas by an Order in Council, dated the 9th day of May 1892, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that from the time therein mentioned the dues theretofore levied in respect of the said Lighthouses under the hereinbefore recited Order of the 22nd day of May 1883 should be subject to an abatement or discount of 50 per centum:

And whereas by the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1855, has been repealed, but the hereinbefore recited provisions of such last-mentioned Act are re-enacted and continued by the said Merchant Shipping Act, 1894:

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty to be expedient that the amount of the dues specified in the Schedules marked A and B, annexed to the said recited Order of the 22nd day of May 1883, as altered by the said recited Order of the 9th day of May 1892, should be varied by diminishing the same in manner hereinafter mentioned:

And whereas the provisions of section one of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, have been complied with:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Acts, or either of them, doth by this Order in Council fix the dues to be paid in respect of the Great Basses Lighthouse and the Little Basses Lighthouse at three-eighths of one penny per ton of the burden of every ship on every voyage in which she passes or derives benefit from the said lights, that is to say:

Every ship which, in the same voyage by the southward of Ceylon, shall cross a line drawn from the southernmost point of Ceylon to the north-westernmost point of the Island of Sumatra, and also a line from the southernmost point of Ceylon to Cape Guardafui on the eastern coast of Africa, and *vice versa*.

Every ship which, in any voyage to or from any place in the Maldivé Islands, shall cross a line drawn from the southernmost point of Ceylon to the north-westernmost point of Sumatra.

Every ship which in any voyage from any port on the eastern coast of Africa, south of Cape Guardafui, or from any port in Madagascar, Bourbon, Mauritius, or any island adjacent to the same, including the Seychelles and the Chagos Islands; or in any voyage in which such ship shall have rounded the Cape of Good Hope eastward shall cross a line drawn from the southernmost point of Ceylon to the southernmost point of the coast of Tenasserin, and shall, between the 1st day of April and the 30th day of September, both included, arrive at any port situated north of such line.

Every ship which having departed between the 1st day of October and the 31st day of March, both included, from any port situated to the northward of such last-mentioned line, and also to the westward of the ninetieth meridian of longitude east from Greenwich, in any voyage to any port on the eastern coast of Africa south of Cape Guardafui, or to any port in Madagascar, Bourbon, Mauritius, or any island adjacent thereto, including the Seychelles and the Chagos Islands, or in any voyage in which such ship shall round the Cape of Good Hope westward, shall cross the latitude of the Great Basses Lighthouse, or the Little Basses Lighthouse, on the eastward side of the said lighthouse.

And further Her Majesty doth by this Order in Council fix the dues to be paid in respect of the Minicoy Lighthouse at one-eighth of one penny per ton of the burden of every ship on every voyage in which she passes or derives benefit from the said light, that is to say:

Every ship which in any voyage shall or may pass between the Laccadive Islands and the Maldivé Islands through the channel known as the nine degree channel, north of Minicoy Island, or through that known as the eight degree channel south of Minicoy Island.

And further Her Majesty is pleased to direct that the dues hereby fixed shall be subject to an abatement or discount of twenty-five per centum.

And further that when the said dues are paid or collected in India, Ceylon, Mauritius, or the Seychelles Islands, the same may be paid in the currency of those countries at the rate fixed for the time being by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for the adjustment of accounts between the Imperial and Indian Governments.

And further that when the said dues are paid or collected in the Straits Settlements, the same may be paid in the currency of that country according to the current rate or value of the dollar in English currency at the port where the said dues are paid or collected.

And lastly Her Majesty is pleased to order and direct that this Order shall come into operation and take effect on and after the 1st day of July 1896, or from the time of the receipt of the notice of this Order (if that be later) by the officers authorized to collect light dues, from which dates respectively the dues specified in the Schedules annexed to the said Order of the 22nd day of May 1883, and altered by the said Order of the 9th day of May 1892, shall cease to be levied.

C. L. Peel.

TABLE showing the AMOUNT OF GREAT and LITTLE BASSES and MINICOY LIGHT DUES leviable at PORTS in INDIA at the Treasury Rate of Exchange of One Shilling and One Penny Halfpenny per Rupee, less the Abatement of Twenty-five per cent.

Great and Little Basses, ½d. per Ton, Less 25 per cent.				Minicoy, ¼d. per Ton, Less 25 per cent.				Great and Little Basses and Minicoy, ½d. per Ton, Less 25 per cent.			
Tons Net.	Rs.	a.	p.	Tons Net.	Rs.	a.	p.	Tons Net.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	5
2	0	0	8	2	0	0	3	2	0	0	11
3	0	1	0	3	0	0	4	3	0	1	4
4	0	1	4	4	0	0	5	4	0	1	9
5	0	1	8	5	0	0	7	5	0	2	3
6	0	2	0	6	0	0	8	6	0	2	8
7	0	2	4	7	0	0	9	7	0	3	1
8	0	2	8	8	0	0	11	8	0	3	7
9	0	3	0	9	0	1	0	9	0	4	0
10	0	3	4	10	0	1	1	10	0	4	5
20	0	6	8	20	0	2	3	20	0	8	11
30	0	10	0	30	0	3	4	30	0	13	4
40	0	13	4	40	0	4	5	40	1	1	9
50	1	0	8	50	0	5	7	50	1	6	3
60	1	4	0	60	0	6	8	60	1	10	8
70	1	7	4	70	0	7	9	70	1	15	1
80	1	10	8	80	0	8	11	80	2	3	7
90	1	14	0	90	0	10	0	90	2	8	0
100	2	1	4	100	0	11	1	100	2	12	5
200	4	2	8	200	1	6	3	200	5	8	11
300	6	4	0	300	2	1	4	300	8	5	4
400	8	5	4	400	2	12	5	400	11	1	9
500	10	6	8	500	3	7	7	500	13	14	3
600	12	8	0	600	4	2	8	600	16	10	8
700	14	9	4	700	4	13	9	700	19	7	1
800	16	10	8	800	5	8	11	800	22	3	7
900	18	12	0	900	6	4	0	900	25	0	0
1,000	20	13	4	1,000	6	15	1	1,000	27	12	5
2,000	41	10	8	2,000	13	14	3	2,000	55	8	11
3,000	62	8	0	3,000	20	13	4	3,000	83	5	4
4,000	83	5	4	4,000	27	12	5	4,000	111	1	9
5,000	104	2	8	5,000	34	11	7	5,000	138	14	3

Board of Trade, London, 1st April 1896.

ORDERED, that the despatch and its enclosures be published in the *Gazette of India*; also that copies be forwarded to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Bengal, and to the Chief Commissioner of Burma, in continuation of No. 3109, dated the 27th July 1892.

(Signed) J. F. FINLAY,  
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 91.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information :—

“INDIA—BAY OF BENGAL—EAST COAST.

*Position of Oyster Island Light-house.*

Information having been received from the Officer Commanding R. I. M. S. ‘Dalhousie,’ dated 7th instant, that the position of the Oyster Island Light-house given in the list of light-houses and light vessels in British India, including those in the Gulf of Aden, as existing at the end of 1895, is doubtful, the following position given in the Admiralty List of Lights of 1896 is to be accepted until further notice :

Latitude ... .. 20° 12' 00" N  
Longitude ... .. 92° 33' 00" E.

Oyster Island is a bank of sand standing on a rock foundation and the whole of the surrounding reefs are solid rock.

The shape and the extent of the reef is incorrectly shown on the Chart No. 321. Heavy breakers were observed during recent bad weather extending 1½ miles to the northward of the light-house and subsequent soundings revealed four fathoms (irregular bottom) 1½ miles N. 17° W. from the light-house.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. DEC. ATKINS,  
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 19th August 1896.*

No. 6549.—The following rule made in substitution for Rule IV of the rules for admission to the

\* Published at pages 1202 to 1206 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 28th November 1895.

Bombay Provincial Civil Service prescribed in Government Notification\* No. 9138, dated 20th November 1895, is published for general information :—

“IV.—Six months’ notice will be given in the *Government Gazette* and the public newspapers of the number of appointments to be filled up each year by direct competition and by selection after examination, and of the date fixed for the examination. Admission to the examination will be subject to the following conditions :

(i) The age of candidates shall not be less than 21 or more than 25 years on the date to be fixed by Government for the examination. The proofs of age required will be the same as under the rules approved by the Government of India for candidates proceeding to England to compete for the Indian Civil Service.

(ii) Candidates must produce satisfactory certificates of—

(a) Physical fitness for the service of Government from a Civil Medical Officer or from a Medical Officer in charge of a Civil Station, candidates residing in the Presidency town being required to obtain such certificates from the Medical Board ;

(b) Nationality ;

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(c) Character from the heads of such schools and colleges as they may have attended, or, in the event of their being already in the service of Government, from the head of the department in which they may be employed.

*Note.*—Conditions (i) and (ii) (a) may be relaxed or dispensed with in the case of candidates already in the service of Government.”

*Bombay Castle, 24th August 1896.*

No. 6633.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land in the Kalvan Taluka of the Násik District specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forest :—

*Schedule referred to above.*

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g.
Hatgad ... ..	195	7 16

2. The Forest Settlement Officer of the Kalvan Taluka is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in this land.

No. 6634.—With reference to Government Notification No. 4E, dated 1st March 1879, published at pages 142 to 160 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 6th idem, Part I, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the land in the Bhiwandi Taluka of the Thána District specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall cease from the date of this Notification to be Protected Forest :—

*Schedule referred to above.*

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.	Remarks.
		A. g.	
Dalonde ... ..	93 part	0 27	A demarcated plot contiguous to the village site on the south-west.

*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 6719.—In exercise of the power conferred on him in this behalf under Section 40 of the Khoti Settlement Act (Bombay Act I of 1880) the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that for the year 1896-97 the dates on or before which the Khot shall inspect and appraise the crops specified below shall be as follows :—

Halwa Nágli... .. 25th September.  
Other Halwa crops ... .. 16th October.  
Late crops, that is Harik,  
Kulith, Udih, Tág and Tur. 30th November.  
Other late crops ... .. 16th do.

No. 6726.—The following Regulations respecting the examination of candidates for the Civil Service of India, which is to be held in August 1897, together with the form of application and the Syllabus therein referred to are published for general information:—

[Copies of these Regulations may be obtained on application to the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Bombay.]

“EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

An open Competitive Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India will be held in London, under the subjoined Regulations, commencing on the 3rd August 1897.

The number of persons to be selected at this Examination will be announced hereafter.

No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, has not received on or before the 31st May 1897 an application on the prescribed form, accompanied by a list of the subjects in which the candidate desires to be examined.

The order for admission to the examination will be posted on the 20th July 1897 to the address given on the form of application. It will contain instructions as to the time and place at which candidates will be required to attend, and as to the manner in which the fee (£6) is to be paid.

Civil Service Commission,  
July 1896.

REGULATIONS.

\*.\* The following Regulations made by the Secretary of State for India in Council are liable to alteration from year to year.

1. An examination for admission to the Civil Service of India, open to all qualified persons, will be held in London in August of each year. The date of the examination and the number of appointments to be made for each Province will be announced beforehand by the Civil Service Commissioners.

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners:—

- (i.) That he is a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.
- (ii.) That his age will be above twenty-one years and under twenty-three years, on the first day of the year in which the examination is to be held.

[N.B.—In the case of Natives of India it will be necessary for a candidate to obtain a certificate of age and nationality, signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides, or should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides.]

(iii.) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.

(iv.) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee, will be admitted to the examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion at any time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries, in the case of any candidate, should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects, he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India, and if already selected, will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

4. The Open Competitive Examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge:—

	Marks.
English Composition .....	500
Sanskrit Language and Literature .....	500
Arabic ditto ditto .....	500
Greek ditto ditto .....	750
Latin ditto ditto .....	750
English ditto ditto (including special period named by the Commissioners) (a) .....	500
French Language and Literature .....	500
German ditto ditto .....	500
Mathematics (pure and applied) .....	900
Advanced Mathematical subjects (pure and applied) .....	900
Natural Science, i.e., any number not exceeding three of the following subjects:—	
Elementary Chemistry and Elementary Physics .....	600
(N.B.—This subject may not be taken up by those who offer either Higher Chemistry or Higher Physics.)	
Higher Chemistry .....	600
Higher Physics .....	600
Geology .....	600
Botany .....	600
Zoology .....	600
Animal Physiology .....	600
Greek History (Ancient, including Constitution) .....	400
Roman History (ditto ditto) .....	400
English History .....	500
General Modern History (period to be selected by Candidates from list in the syllabus issued by the Commissioners, one period at least to include Indian History) (b) .....	500
Logic and Mental Philosophy (Ancient and Modern) .....	400
Moral Philosophy (Ancient and Modern) .....	400
Political Economy and Economic History .....	500
Political Science (including Analytical Jurisprudence, the Early History of Institutions, and Theory of Legislation) .....	500
Roman Law .....	500
English Law. Under the head of ‘English Law’ shall be included the following subjects, viz.:—	
(1) Law of Contract; (2) Law of Evidence; (3) Law of the Constitution; (4) Criminal Law; (5) Law of Real Property; and of these five subjects Candidates shall be at liberty to offer any four, but not more than four .....	500

Candidates are at liberty to name any or all of these branches of knowledge (c). No subjects are obligatory.

5. The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks; and the number set

(a) In the syllabus referred to in Note (c).

(b) See Note (c).

(c) A Syllabus, defining in general terms the character of the examination in the various subjects, may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission.

opposite to each branch in the preceding regulation denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

6. The marks assigned to candidates in each branch will be subject to such deduction as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary (d) in order to secure that 'a candidate be allowed no credit at all for taking up a subject in which he is a mere smatterer.'

7. The examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary.

8. The marks obtained by each candidate, in respect of each of the subjects in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the several candidates who shall have obtained, after the deduction above mentioned, a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining candidates, will be set forth in order of merit, and such candidates shall be deemed to be selected candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided they appear to be in other respects duly qualified. Should any of the selected candidates become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled up or not. In the former case, the candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a selected candidate. A candidate entitled to be deemed a selected candidate, but declining to accept the nomination as such, which may be offered to him, will be disqualified for any subsequent competition.

9. Selected candidates before proceeding to India will be on probation for one year, at the end of which time they will be examined with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (e) :—

*Compulsory*—

	Marks.
1. Indian Penal Code and Criminal Procedure Code ... ..	500
2. The principal Vernacular Language of the Province to which the Candidate is assigned ... ..	400
3. The Indian Evidence Act and the Indian Contract Act ... ..	500

*Optional.* [Not more than two of the following subjects, of which one must be either the Code of Civil Procedure or Hindu and Muhammadan Law.]—

	Marks.
1. The Code of Civil Procedure ... ..	400
2. Hindu and Muhammadan Law ... ..	450
*3. Sanskrit ... ..	400
*4. Arabic ... ..	400
5. Persian ... ..	400
6. History of British India ... ..	350
7. Chinese (for Candidates assigned to the Province of Burma only) ... ..	400

(d) No deduction will be made from the marks assigned to Candidates in Mathematics or English Composition.

(e) Instructions, showing the extent of the examination, will be issued to the successful candidates as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.

\* \* These subjects may not be offered by any Candidate who has offered them at the open competition.

In this examination, as in the open competition, the merit of the candidates examined will be estimated by marks (which will be subject to deductions in the same way as the marks assigned at the open competition), and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it. The examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary. This examination will be held at the close of the year of probation, and will be called the '*Final Examination*.'

10. The selected candidates will also be tested during their probation as to their proficiency in riding.

The examinations in riding will be held as follows:—

- (1) Shortly after the result of the Open Competitive Examination has been declared, or at such time or times as the Commissioners may appoint during the course of the probationary year.
- (2) Again, at the time of the Final Examination, candidates who may fully satisfy the Commissioners of their ability to ride well and to perform journeys on horseback, shall receive a certificate which shall entitle them to be credited with 200 or 100 marks, according to the degree of proficiency displayed, to be added to their marks in the Final Examination.
- (3) Candidates who fail to obtain this certificate, but who gain a certificate of minimum proficiency in riding, will be allowed to proceed to India, but will be subjected on their arrival to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and shall receive no increase to their initial salary until they have passed such tests to the satisfaction of that Government. A candidate who fails at the end of the year of probation to gain at least the certificate of minimum proficiency in riding, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of selected candidates.

11. The selected candidates who, at the Final Examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character, and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, provided they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

12. Persons desirous to be admitted as candidates must apply on forms, which may be obtained from 'The Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W.,' at any time after the 1st December, in the year previous to that in which the examination is to be held. The forms must be returned so as to be received at the office of the Civil Service Commissioners on or before the 31st May (or, if that date should fall upon a Sunday or public holiday, then, on

or before the first day thereafter on which their office is open), in the year in which the examination is to be held.

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements:—

(i.) Selected candidates will be allotted to the various provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes; but the requirements of the Public Service will rank before every other consideration.

(ii.) An allowance amounting to £100 will be given to all candidates who pass their probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrew's, and Aberdeen; Victoria University, Manchester; University College, London; and King's College, London; provided such candidates shall have passed the Final Examination to the satisfaction of the Civil Service Commissioners, and shall have conducted themselves well and complied with such rules as may be laid down for the guidance of selected candidates. The whole probation must ordinarily be passed at the same Institution. Migration will not be permitted except for special reasons approved by the Secretary of State.

(iii.) The allowance of £100 will not be paid to any selected candidate until he has been certified by the Civil Service Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India; and every certificated candidate must, before receiving his allowance, give a written undertaking to refund the amount in the event of his failing to proceed to India.

(iv.) All candidates obtaining certificates will be also required to enter into covenants, by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to make such payments as under the rules and regulations for the time being in force they may be required to make towards their own pensions or for the pensions of their families. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.

(v.) The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the selected candidates will be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the combined marks of the Open Competitive and Final Examinations.

(vi.) Selected candidates will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificate of Qualification as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.

(vii.) Candidates rejected at the Final Examination held in any year will in no case be allowed to present themselves for re-examination.

[Copies of this Syllabus may be obtained on application to the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Bombay.]

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA;  
CLERKSHIPS (CLASS I.) IN THE HOME  
CIVIL SERVICE; AND EASTERN  
CADETSHIPS.

SYLLABUS SHOWING THE EXTENT OF THE  
EXAMINATION IN CERTAIN SUBJECTS.

ENGLISH COMPOSITION.—An Essay to be written on one of several subjects specified by the Civil Service Commissioners on their Examination Paper.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.—The Examination will be in two parts. In the one the candidates will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the course of English Literature, as represented (mainly) by the following writers in verse and prose, between the reign of Edward III and the accession of Queen Victoria:

Verse—Chaucer, Langland, Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Gray, Collins, Johnson, Goldsmith, Crabbe, Cowper, Campbell, Wordsworth, Scott, Byron, Coleridge, Shelley, Keats.

Prose—Bacon, Sir Thomas Browne, Milton, Cowley, Bunyan, Dryden, Swift, Defoe, Addison, Johnson, Burke, Scott, Macaulay (Essays and Biographies).

A minute knowledge of the works of these authors will not be looked for in this part of the Examination, which will, however, test how far the candidates have studied the chief productions of the greatest English writers in themselves, and are acquainted with the leading characteristics of their thought and style, and with the place which each of them occupies in the history of English literature. Candidates will also be expected to show that they have studied in these authors the history of the English language in respect of its vocabulary, syntax, and prosody.

The other part of the Examination will relate to one of the periods named below, which will follow each other year by year in the order indicated:—

1. A.D. 1600 to A.D. 1700  
(1897) [Shakespeare to Dryden]
2. A.D. 1700 to A.D. 1800  
(1898) [Pope to Cowper]
3. A.D. 1800 to A.D. 1832  
(1899) [Nineteenth Century writers to the death of Scott]
4. A.D. 1860 to A.D. 1600  
(1900) [Chaucer to Spenser]

The Examination in this part will require from candidates a more minute acquaintance with the history of the English language and literature, as illustrated in the chief works produced in each period, and will be based to a considerable extent, but by no means exclusively, on certain books specified each year by the Commissioners.\* The names placed under the dates are intended to suggest the general

\* The books for 1897 are:—

Shakespeare: Richard III, Antony and Cleopatra.  
Ben Johnson: Alchemist, Cynthia's Revels.  
Milton: Paradise Lost.  
Andrew Marvell: Poems.  
Dryden: Absalom and Achitophel.  
Bacon: Essays.  
Browne, Sir Thomas: Religio Medici.



character of the literary development of the period, and, consequently, the natural limits of the Examination. All the works of Shakespeare, for example, will be regarded as falling within the period 1600 to 1700; all the works of Swift within the period 1700 to 1800; all the works of Scott and Wordsworth, and all the works of Macaulay within the period 1800 to 1832.

**FRENCH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.**—Translation from French into English, and from English into French. Critical questions on the French Language and Literature.

**GERMAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.**—Translation from German into English, and from English into German. Critical questions on the German Language and Literature.

**LATIN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.**—Translation from Latin into English, Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) a Latin Essay or Letter. Critical Questions on the Latin Language (including questions on Philology and Literature.

**GREEK LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.**—Translation from Greek into English, Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) a Greek Dialogue or Oration. Critical Questions on the Greek Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

**SANSKRIT LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.**—Translation from Sanskrit into English, and from English into Sanskrit. History of Sanskrit Literature (including knowledge of such Indian History as bears upon the subject); Sanskrit Grammar; Vedic Philology.

**ARABIC LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.**—Translations as in Sanskrit; History of Arabic Literature; Arabic Grammar; Arabic Prosody.

**ENGLISH HISTORY.**—General questions on English History from A.D. 800 to A.D. 1848; questions on the Constitutional History of England from A.D. 800 to A.D. 1848.

**GENERAL MODERN HISTORY.**—Candidates may, at their choice, be examined in any one of the following periods:—

1. From the accession of Charlemagne to the Third Crusade.

[A.D. 800 to A.D. 1193.]

2. From the Third Crusade to the Diet of Worms.

[A.D. 1193 to A.D. 1521.]

3. From the Diet of Worms to the death of Louis XIV.

[A.D. 1521 to A.D. 1715.]

4. From the accession of Louis XV to the French Revolution of 1848.

[A.D. 1715 to A.D. 1848.]

Periods 3 and 4 will include Indian History.

**GREEK HISTORY.**—Questions on the General History of Greece to the death of Alexander; questions on the Constitutional History of Greece during the same period.

**ROMAN HISTORY.**—Questions on the General History of Rome to the death of Vespasian; questions on the Constitutional History of Rome during the same period.

In Greek and Roman History candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities.

**MATHEMATICS.**—Pure Mathematics:—Algebra, Geometry (Euclid and Geometrical Conic Sections), Plane Trigonometry, Plane Analytical Geometry (less advanced portions), Differential Calculus (Elementary), Integral Calculus (Elementary).

Applied Mathematics:—Statics, Dynamics of a Particle, Hydrostatics, Geometrical Optics; all treated without the aid of the Differential or Integral Calculus.

**ADVANCED MATHEMATICS.**—Pure Mathematics:—Higher Algebra, including Theory of Equations, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Differential Calculus, Integral Calculus, Differential Equations, Analytical Geometry, Plane and Solid.

Applied Mathematics:—Statics including Attractions, Dynamics of a Particle, Rigid Dynamics, Hydromechanics, Geometrical and Physical Optics, and Geometrical Astronomy.

**POLITICAL ECONOMY AND ECONOMIC HISTORY.**—Candidates will be expected to possess a knowledge of economic theory as treated in the larger text books, also a knowledge of the existing economic conditions, and of statistical methods as applied to economic inquiries, together with a general knowledge of the history of industry, land tenure and economic legislation in the United Kingdom.

**LOGIC AND MENTAL PHILOSOPHY** (*Ancient and Modern*).—Logic will include both Deductive and Inductive Logic. Mental Philosophy will include Psychology and Metaphysics.

**POLITICAL SCIENCE.**—The examination will not be confined to Analytical Jurisprudence, Early Institutions, and Theory of Legislation, but may embrace Comparative Politics, the History of Political Theories, &c.

Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of original authorities.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

21st July 1896.

[Copies of this Application Form may be obtained on application to the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Bombay.]

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

Open Competition of 1897.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR EXAMINATION.

\* The order for admission to the examination will not be issued unless this form, filled up by the candidate himself, is received by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission on or before the 31st May 1897.

Date \_\_\_\_\_

SIR,

I beg to inform you that I wish to be a candidate at the examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence in London on the 3rd of August 1897.

I hereby declare that I was born on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_, and that therefore my age was above 21 years and under 23 years on the 1st of January 1897; I also declare that I have no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India; and that I am of good moral character, and otherwise eligible under the Regulations.

This should be given on the form attached.

I send herewith a statement of the subjects in which I desire to be examined.

Candidates who are not Natives of India should strike out this paragraph.

I also send herewith a certificate of my birth issued under notification of the Government of India, No. 2252, dated 21st August 1888.

Candidates not born within the British Dominions should state this fact in a separate letter.

I have also to state, with reference to Section 2, Clause (i) of the Regulations, that I am a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.

\* If you have never been examined, insert here the word never.

I have also to state that I was \* \_\_\_\_\_ examined before the Civil Service Commissioners in the month of † \_\_\_\_\_ in the year 18\_\_\_\_, as a Candidate for the situation of \_\_\_\_\_

† If you have been examined, give the date, &c., of the last occasion.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Name in full \_\_\_\_\_

‡ If a London address, state the postal district; if a country address, state the post town.

Address to which it is desired that the order for examination should be sent. † \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

To the Secretary,

Civil Service Commission.

No certificates of age, health and character, except as mentioned above, should be supplied until the result of the examination is known.

¶ If candidates who fill up and return this Application Form do not receive an acknowledgment of it within four complete days, they should write to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W.

N. B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

I.—Every candidate born in the United Kingdom should be prepared to produce, when required, a certificate from the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages and Deaths, or from one of his provincial officers. This certificate may be obtained from the Registrar-General in London, Dublin or Edinburgh, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the District in which the birth took place.

II.—A candidate born of European parents in India should be prepared to produce, when required, a certificate of Baptism from the district in which he was baptised. If this does not also mention the date of birth it should be accompanied by a statutory declaration by one of the candidate's parents, stating the date and place of birth. When such certificates are not in the possession of the candidates, an Extract from the Registers kept at the India Office will probably be obtainable.

III.—A candidate who is a Native of India must before he can be admitted to the Competition, have his age and nationality certified by the Government of India, or of the Presidency or Province in which he may have resided.

[No Certificates except those issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2252, dated 21st August 1888, will be accepted for this competition.]

Except as noted in paragraphs II and III, every candidate who proves to be successful is expected to produce a Certificate of Birth. The Civil Service Commissioners will not in ordinary cases accept a Certificate of Baptism, or other testimony, unless they are first satisfied that a Certificate of Birth cannot be procured.

Official Certificates of Birth may generally be obtained as follows:—

- (a) For persons born in England or Wales since 30th June 1837.—From the Registrar-General, Somerset House, London, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.
- (b) For persons born in Scotland since 31st December 1854.—From the General Registrar Office, Edinburgh; or from the Registrar of the parish or district in which the birth took place.

(c) For persons born in Ireland since 31st December 1863.—From the General Register Office, Dublin; or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.

(d) For persons of English, Scottish, or Irish parentage born on board British ships since the dates mentioned in (a), (b), and (c) respectively.—From the General Register Office, London, Edinburgh, or Dublin, according to parentage.

(e) For persons born in India of European parents.—From the India Office, London.

Any candidate who cannot produce a Certificate of Birth from one of the authorities named should, if possible, procure a Certificate of Baptism, and should then apply to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, for further instructions.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.  
OPEN COMPETITION OF 1897.

Selection of Subjects to be filled up and returned with the Form of Application.

\*.\* Place your initials against the subjects which you select, and sign your name in the place indicated on the next page.

Initials.	
.....	English Composition.
.....	Sanskrit Language and Literature.
.....	Arabic Language and Literature.
.....	Greek Language and Literature.
.....	Latin Language and Literature.
.....	English Language and Literature.
.....	†French Language and Literature.
.....	†German Language and Literature.
.....	Mathematics (pure and applied).
.....	Advanced Mathematical Subjects (pure and applied).
.....	Natural Science, viz. :—
.....	‡Elementary Chemistry and Elementary Physics.
	(N.B.—This subject may not be taken up by those who offer either Higher Chemistry or Higher Physics.)

Initials.	
.....	‡Higher Chemistry.
.....	‡Higher Physics.
.....	‡Geology.
.....	‡Botany.
.....	‡Zoology.
.....	‡Animal Physiology.
.....	Greek History.
.....	Roman History.
.....	English History.
.....	General Modern History.
	Period
.....	Logic and Mental Philosophy.
.....	Moral Philosophy.
.....	Political Economy and Economic History.
.....	Political Science.
.....	Roman Law.
.....	English Law.

In addition to the Written Examination there will be an Oral Examination in each of the subjects marked thus †, and a Practical Examination in each of the subjects marked thus ‡.

The Oral Examinations in Modern Languages being intended as colloquial tests, no marks will be given at them to candidates who are not able to converse.

Any candidate, who wishes to decline the Oral Examination or the Practical Examination in any of the subjects selected by him, should state this in the blank space below—

Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_

To the Secretary,  
Civil Service Commission,  
London, S. W."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,  
J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.

No. 2854.—The following Resolution by the Government of India is republished:—

“FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 3597-P.

Simla, the 21st August 1896.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read—

Resolution in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 2958-P.,\* dated 22nd June 1895.

Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 188 (Financial), dated 21st September 1893.

Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 77, dated 25th March 1896.

Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 109 (Financial), dated 9th July 1896.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to announce that Her Majesty's Secretary of State has decided that officers of the Forest, Public Works and Telegraph Departments holding any

\* Republished at pages 721 and 722 of Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette dated 27th June 1895.

of the appointments enumerated in the following list and belonging to what was formerly termed the Uncovenanted Service, shall be eligible for an additional pension of Rs. 1,000 a year, provided they shall have rendered not less than three years' effective service in the appointments and provided also that in each case during such service the officer has shown such special energy and efficiency as may be considered to be deserving of the concession :

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

Conservators of Forests, 1st Grade.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Director-General of Railways and Deputy Secretary, Public Works Department, Railway Branch.

Inspector-General of Irrigation and Deputy Secretary, Public Works Department, Civil Works Branch,

Accountant-General, Public Works Department, and Deputy Secretary, Public Works Department, Accounts Branch.

\* All Chief Engineers and Officers of corresponding rank in the several branches of the Public Works Department.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Director-General of Telegraphs in India.

Director-in-Chief of the Indo-European Government Telegraph Department when the office is held by a member of the Indian Telegraph Department.

Deputy Director-General of Telegraphs in India.

To the above should be added any officers graded as Chief Engineer and seconded from the Public Works Department holding appointments of corresponding rank and responsibility in foreign service.

2. Provided the necessary conditions are fulfilled, the additional pension of Rs. 1,000 a year now sanctioned will, in the case of the Public Works and Telegraph Departments, be admissible to all officers who entered the service on or after the 11th October 1893, and such of the officers who entered before that date as do not become eligible on retirement for the pensions mentioned in Article 714 of the Civil Service Regulations.

3. Under the orders of Her Majesty's Secretary of State contained in paragraph 10 of the Despatch of the 21st September 1893, quoted in the preamble, officers of the Public Works and Telegraph Departments who entered the service on or after the 11th October 1893 (the date on which the Despatch was received by the Government of India) are not entitled to the special additional pensions of Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 2,000 a year mentioned in Article 714 of the Civil Service Regulations.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be communicated to the Departments of the Government of India; to the several Local Governments and Administrations; to the Heads of Departments under the Finance Department; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to all Accountants General and Comptrollers.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

(Signed) J. F. FINLAY,  
Secretary to the Government of India.'

\* Detailed list of appointments referred to under Public Works Department as at present held,

Madras	...	...	Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department.
Ditto	...	...	and Joint Secretary, Public Works Department.
Bombay	...	...	Ditto and Secretary, Public Works Department.
Ditto	...	...	Central Division.
Bengal	...	...	Ditto and Secretary, Buildings and Roads Branch,
Ditto	...	...	ditto, Irrigation Branch.
N.-W. P. and Oudh	...	...	Ditto, Buildings and Roads Branch,
Ditto	...	...	ditto, Irrigation Branch.
Punjab	...	...	Ditto, Buildings and Roads Branch.
Ditto	...	...	ditto, Irrigation Branch.
Burma	...	...	Ditto, Public Works Department.
Central Provinces or Assam	...	...	Ditto, ditto ditto.

(Either of these, but not both at one time, may be held by a Chief Engineer.)

(a) Railway Branch—

Consulting Engineer to Government of India for Railways.

Manager, North-Western Railway.

Consulting Engineer of any constituted circle, when the appointment is held by a Chief Engineer.

Engineers-in-Chief of Railways under Survey, Construction, or Open, when the appointment is held by a Chief Engineer.

(a) N.B. — The present sanctioned number of appointments carrying the rank of Chief Engineer in the Railway Branch is six.

No. 2855.—The following Resolution of the Government of India is republished :—

“FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

No. 3558-A.

*Simla, the 19th August 1896.*

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India,  
Finance and Commerce Department.

Read again—

Resolution in this Department No. 96,\* dated the 7th January 1888.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Indian Securities Act (XIII of 1886) the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following alterations in the rules published in the Resolution above referred to :

I.—For Rule 5 of the said rules the following shall be substituted, namely :

‘5. No notice will be taken of any trust appearing in an endorsement of transfer or receipt for interest. When a note is endorsed to, or received by, any person, in his capacity of trustee or in any other representative capacity, such person will be treated in all respects as the true owner of the note.’

II.—For Rule 7 the following shall be substituted, namely :

‘7. The holder of a note may be required to receipt the same for renewal in all or any of the following cases, that is to any :

(1) If the note has been enfaced for payment of interest at a Mofussil Treasury, and the holder thereof is desirous of altering the place of payment.

(2) If only sufficient room remains on the back of the note for one further endorsement, or when any word or words is or are written upon the note across any existing endorsement or endorsements, all cross endorsements being strictly prohibited.

(3) If the note is torn or in any way damaged or crowded with writing, or unfit, in the opinion of the officer before whom it is produced for payment of interest, for receiving endorsement.

(4) If the note bears an endorsement which transfers the note to, or is signed by, any person otherwise than in his personal capacity, except in the undermentioned cases :

(a) where the transferee is a well-known firm, corporate body, or Bank; or the signature attached to the endorsement is the usual name or signature of such a firm or purports to be the impression of the common seal of a corporate body with perpetual succession or is the

signature of the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, Manager, or Agent, of a Bank or corporate body;

(b) where an endorsement is made in his official capacity by the person holding for the time being one of the offices to which the Governor General in Council has, by Notification in the *Gazette of India*, declared Section 7, sub-section (1), of the Indian Securities Act (XIII of 1886), to apply;

(c) where the transfer is made to or by a person in whose favour a certificate under the Succession Certificate Act (VII of 1889) or probate or letters of administration under the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865), or the Probate and Administration Act (V of 1881) has or have been granted by a Court of competent jurisdiction;

(d) where the transfer is made to or by the executor or administrator of an estate who is described as such therein, such executor or administrator being shown to be the holder according to the tenor of the note and previous endorsements.

(5) If the endorsement is not clear and distinct, or if it is made on paper affixed to a Government Promissory Note.

(6) If, in the opinion of the officer before whom the note is presented for payment of interest, the title of the person so presenting the note is irregular or not fully proved.

(7) If the note in question, being a counterpart note issued under the provisions of Rule 8, has ceased to be the property of a minor, or to belong to an estate in which administration is limited to interest.

In all or any of the preceding cases payment of any further interest on such note may be refused until the note is receipted for renewal and actually renewed.’

III.—In Rules 10 and 16 for the words ‘the Act’ and in Rules 15 and 22 for the words ‘the said Act’ the words and figures ‘the Indian Securities Act (XIII of 1886)’ shall be substituted.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to all Local Governments and Administrations, to the Comptroller and Auditor General with reference to his letter No. 156-D., dated the 22nd May 1894, and to all Accountants General and Comptrollers.

Ordered also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* for the information of the public.

(Signed) J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE,

Acting Secretary to Government.

\* Republished at pages 27–30 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 12th January 1888.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.  
(RAILWAY.)

*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 31.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

*“Simla, the 20th August 1896.*

No. 354.—The following is published for general information:

No. 649 R. T., dated Simla, the 18th August 1896.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*General Rules of 1895 for working Railways open for traffic.*

Read—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Letter from the Government of Bombay, No. 1756, dated the 20th July 1896, forwarding the under-noted letters from the Agent, Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Company:

No. 6303 T., dated the 17th June 1896.

No. <sup>T</sup><sub>355</sub> G.R., dated the 17th June 1896.

No. 6305 W., dated the 17th June 1896.

No. 6304 T., dated the 17th June 1896.

No. 6446 T., dated the 19th June 1896.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent, Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Company, has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, administered by the Government, which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, published under Public Works Department Notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896), may be made applicable to the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway, and the lines worked by it.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, with effect from the 1st October 1896, the application, to such portion or portions of the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway and of the lines worked by it as are situate in British territory, of the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government, which are cited in the foregoing observations, in supersession of the rules now in force.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be published under a Notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India* as required by Section 47, sub-section (3) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890; also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered also, that this Resolution be communicated to the Government of Bombay for information and guidance.

(Signed) W. S. S. BISSER, Colonel, R. E.,  
Secretary to the Government of India.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

H. O. SELBY,  
Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 20th August 1896.*

No. 5146.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe from the 24th July 1896, for six months on medical certificate under Rule XIV, clause I, of the Furlough Regulations of 1868:—  
Major J. W. Wray, I. S. C., acting Political Agent, Kolhápúr and Southern Maráthá Country.

*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 5230.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant C. F. Harold to act as Adjutant, Kolhápúr Infantry Corps, and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhápúr, until Captain E. F. Marriott delivers over to him charge of the office of Second-in-Command, Kolhápúr Infantry Corps.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

H. BATTY,  
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 17th August 1896.*

No. 5652.—Ráo Sáheb Anant Gopal Bhava, Joint Subordinate Judge of Sholápúr, was in charge of the current duties of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Sholápúr, in addition to his own, from the 5th June to the 14th July 1896, both days inclusive.

*Bombay Castle, 21st August 1896.*

No. 5763.—Ráo Sáheb Sadashiv Hari Khare, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Rahimatpur and Khatáv, is granted furlough for three months and fifteen days with effect from the 1st July 1896.

*Bombay Castle, 24th August 1896.*

No. 5788.—A'zam Purshotam Mahadeo Sohoni, acting Head Kárkún, táluka Bágán in the district of Násik, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

No. 5790.—Under Section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to place Mr. A. R. Bonus, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Poona, in charge of the Western Sub-division of that district, comprising the tálukas of Junnar, Khed, Mával and Haveli.

*Bombay Castle, 25th August 1896.*

No. 5824.—*Erratum.*—In lines 1 and 7 of Government Notification No. 5146, dated the 28th July 1896, published at page 819 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated the 6th August 1896, Part I, for "Ráo Sáheb" read "A'zam".

No. 5826.—A'zam Nalechango Latiffalah, acting Head Munshi of táluka Tando Alahyar in the district of Hyderabad, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 5829.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (1) of Section 3 of the Bombay Mám-lat-dárs' Courts Act, 1876, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise A'zam Dosabbai Dhanjibhai, Extra Head Kárkún, táluka Daskroi in the district of Ahmedabad, to exercise within that táluka the powers of a Mám-lat-dár under the said Act.

No. 5830.—Ráo Bahádúr Krishnamukhram Atmaram Mehta and Ráo Bahádúr Lalshankar Umiahankar Tarvadi respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Ahmedabad, on the 5th instant, in the afternoon.

No. 5832.—Khán Bahádúr Phiroze Hoshang Dastur and Mr. F. S. Taleyarkhan respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on the 27th ultimo, in the forenoon.

No. 5833.—Mr. W. C. Webb and Khán Bahádúr Phiroze Hoshang Dastur respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Third Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on the 27th ultimo, in the forenoon.

No. 5834.—Messrs. W. R. Hamilton and W. C. Webb respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Second Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on the 27th ultimo, in the forenoon.

No. 5836.—Ráo Sáheb Bapu Hari Godbole, acting Mám-lat-dár, táluka Kalvan in the district of Násik, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

No. 5845.—In continuation of Government Notification No. 4581, dated the 2nd July 1896, conferring on Ráo Bahádúr Nathu Bapuji all the

powers conferred and which may be conferred by and under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, on a Magistrate of the Third Class within the area comprised within the limits of the municipal district of Ahmednagar, and directing him to be a member of, and to exercise the powers conferred on, the Bench of Special Magistrates at Ahmednagar constituted by Government Notification No. 722 dated the 28th January 1896, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the power conferred by Section 14 of the said Code, to confer on Ráo Bahádúr Nathu Bapuji, in addition to the powers already conferred on him by Government Notification No. 4581, dated the 2nd July 1896, within the area comprised in the limits of the municipal district of Ahmednagar, all the powers conferred by the said Code on a Magistrate of the Third Class within the area comprised in the municipal district of Bhingár.

No. 5853.—Under Section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to place Mr. J. H. DuBoulay, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Thána, in charge of the Bassein Sub-division of that district comprising the tálukas of Sálsette, Bassein and Dáhanu.

No. 5855.—A'zam Dhondo Keshav Palsikar, acting Head Kárkún, táluka Dhulia in the district of Khándesh, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

H. BATTY,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

## REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 21st August 1896.*

No. 6610.—Mr. Vaman Ramchandra Govande, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, First Grade, and Sub-Divisional Forest Officer, Sátára, is allowed privilege leave of absence for forty days.

*Bombay Castle, 24th August 1896.*

No. 6626.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. A. McIver, Assistant Superintendent, Konkan Revenue Survey, to hold charge, in addition to his own duties, of the office of Forest Settlement Officer, Thána and Karjat, during the absence of Mr. J. P. Orr, I. C. S., on leave or till further orders.

No. 6655.—Mr. J. L. Jenkins, I. C. S., acting Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay, is granted privilege leave of absence for one month and thirteen days from the 21st September 1896.

No. 6659.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. M. T. Jackson, I. C. S., to act as Collector of Salt Revenue during the absence of Mr. J. L. Jenkins, I. C. S., on leave or pending further orders.

No. 6680.—Mr. F. J. A. Hill, Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, is granted privilege leave of absence for one month and twenty-five days from 7th September 1896 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. E. Young to act as Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, during the absence of Mr. Hill on privilege leave or pending further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 6721.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Ráo Bahádúr Náráindás Motárám to act as Huzúr Deputy Collector, Hyderabad, during the absence of Ráo Bahádúr Thattumal Rádhá-kishen or pending further orders.

Ráo Sáheb Hashmatrái Anuprái to act as Sixth Grade Deputy Collector and Daftardár to the Collector of Karáchi vice Ráo Bahádúr Náráindás and during the remainder of Ráo Bahádúr Sabjírám Chandumal's absence.

No. 6722.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr. W. W. Loch, I. C. S., retiring:—  
Mr. A. F. Woodburn, I. C. S., to be Senior Collector.

Mr. R. A. Lamb, I. C. S., to be Junior Collector vice Mr. Woodburn.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government

#### EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 24th August 1896.*

No. 1612.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. N. D. Dhakmarvala, G.B.V.C., to act as Assistant Principal, Bombay Veterinary College, during the absence of Veterinary-Lieutenant F. S. H. Baldrey on leave or pending further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 25th August 1896.*

No. 1627.—Mr. G. M. Woodrow, Lecturer in Botany and Agriculture in the College of Science, Poona, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. DE C. ATKINS,  
Secretary to Government.

#### GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 19th August 1896.*

No. 3685.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Brigade-Surgeon-

Lieutenant-Colonel C. T. Peters, M.B., to act as Civil Surgeon, Dhárwar, pending further orders, from the date of Surgeon-Major D. C. Davidson proceeding on leave.

*Bombay Castle, 20th August 1896.*

No. 3695.—Surgeon-Major W. H. Quicke, Second Surgeon, Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate for three months.

*Bombay Castle, 21st August 1896.*

No. 3715.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mrs. K. Christie to be substantive *pro tem.* House Surgeon, Pestanji Hormasji Káma Hospital for Women and Children, Bombay, with effect from the 5th August 1896.

*Bombay Castle, 25th August 1896.*

No. 3763.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 966, dated 21st instant, is republished:—

“VOLUNTEER CORPS.

*Resignations.*

No. 966.—*1st Battalion Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.*—Lieutenant A. Rule resigns his Commission, with effect from the 19th August 1893.”

No. 3764.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 959, dated 21st instant, is republished:—

“VOLUNTEER CORPS.

*Appointments.*

No. 959.—*Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps.*—Edward Morton Deane, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant, to complete the establishment.”

No. 3765.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 962, dated 21st instant, is republished:—

“VOLUNTEER CORPS.

*Promotions.*

No. 962.—*Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Corps.*—Captain William Shipp is granted the honorary rank of Major.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

J. DE C. ATKINS,  
Secretary to Government.

#### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY.)

*Bombay Castle, 20th August 1896.*

No. 29.—Under para. 20, Chapter V, Volume I, Public Works Department Code, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to grant Lieutenant W. D. Waghorn, R. E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Officiating Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, special leave in India for two months and eight days with effect from the 24th August 1896.



*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 30.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

“No. 353, dated 20th August 1896.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions of Executive and Assistant Engineers attached to State Railways with effect from the dates specified:

Names.	From	To	Nature of Promotion.	With effect from
* Waghorn, Lieutenant W. D., R. E.	* Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	* Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	* Temporary	* ... 23rd March 1896.
* Jones, H. S.	* Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	* Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	* Permanent	* ... 23rd March 1896.
* McMillan, H.	* Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	* Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	* Permanent	* ... 13th May 1896.
				* * ”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*

H. O. SELBY,  
Secretary to Government.

### Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

#### BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

##### ORIGINAL SIDE.

No. 245.—Messrs. J. W. Orr and L. N. Banaji respectively delivered over and assumed charge of the offices of the Prothonotary, Admiralty and Registrar Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction, High Court, and Messrs. L. N. Banaji and T. K. Anderson respectively delivered over and assumed charge of the office of Head Assistant to the Prothonotary on 21st August 1896, in the afternoon.

*By order,*

L. N. BANAJI,

Acting Prothonotary and Registrar, O. J.

*Dated this 24th day of August 1896.*

#### REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay Castle, 19th August 1896.*

No. 6500.—Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

##### *Kaira District.*

Harilál Bápuji, officiating Sub-Registrar of Thásra, from 21st to 23rd June 1896.

Chunilál Náthábhái, officiating Sub-Registrar of Kapadvanj, on 29th and 30th March 1896.

Harilál Bápuji, officiating Sub-Registrar of Kapadvanj, from 1st to 30th May 1896.

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Bhogilál Lalubháí, officiating Sub-Registrar of Nadiád, from 15th April to 13th May 1896 and from 22nd to 24th June 1896.

##### *Belgaum District.*

Hanmant Vásudev, officiating Sub-Registrar of Chandgad, from 26th to 31st May 1896.

Achut Báldixit, officiating Sub-Registrar of Chikodi, from 24th October 1895 to 12th April 1896.

Ganesh Vishnu, officiating Sub-Registrar of Chikodi, from 13th April to 22nd June 1896.

Báláji Vásudev, officiating Sub-Registrar of Gokák, from 24th to 29th June 1896.

Malhár Rámchandra, officiating Sub-Registrar of Khánápur, on 26th June 1896.

##### *Dhárwár District.*

Anant Krishna, officiating Sub-Registrar of Bankápur, from 7th to 10th June 1896.

Bhsto Lakshman, officiating Sub-Registrar of Hubli, from 16th to 18th June 1896.

Shrinivás Krishna, officiating Sub-Registrar of Ron, from 11th to 17th July 1896.

*Bombay Castle, 25th August 1896.*

No. 6694.—Under Section 13 of Act III of 1877 the following appointment is made in the Registration Department:—

Mr. Dvárkánáth Govind, Village Registrar of Talegaon Dhamdhera Circle in the Poona

District, to be Acting Seventh Grade Sub-Registrar of Mával in the same district, with effect from 28th July 1896, during the absence of Mr. Pándurang Narhar, or until further orders.

*Bombay Castle, 26th August 1896.*

No. 6714.—*Firratum*.—In the Notification No. 5768, dated 24th July 1896, published at page 771 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 30th idem, Part I, under Ahmednagar District—

*For*

“Ramkrishna Shridhar, officiating Sub-Registrar of Nevása, on 5th and 6th June 1896.”

*Read*

“Ramkrishna Shridhar, officiating Sub-Registrar of Nevása, on 5th and 6th May 1896.”

*By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,*  
J. W. P. MUIR-MACKENZIE,  
Acting Secretary to Government

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. R-3216.—Ráo Bahádur Narayan Krishna Pendse and Mr. E. L. Sale respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Second Assistant Collector, Poona, on 13th instant, in the afternoon.

*Poona, 19th August 1896.*

No. R-3224.—Mr. Vishnu Keshav Deshmukh, Head Kárkún of táluka Pátan in the Sátára District, acted as Mámlatdár of the same táluka for the following periods:—

From 29th June to 12th July 1896, both days inclusive, and from 26th July to 6th August 1896, both days inclusive.

Mr. Bapu Janardan Shrotri was substantive *pro tem*. Fourth Grade Mámlatdár of the same táluka from 13th July to 25th July 1896, both days inclusive, the period from 29th June to 6th August 1896, being that intervening between the suspension of Mr. P. W. Sáthe and the arrival of Ráo Sáheb V. R. Ráykar.

No. R-3237.—Messrs. E. L. Sale and A. R. Bonus respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the First Assistant Collector, Poona, on 13th instant, in the afternoon.

No. R-3238.—Messrs. E. L. Sale and A. R. Bonus respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Forest Settlement Officer, Poona, on the 13th instant, in the afternoon.

*Poona, 20th August 1896.*

J. K. SPENCE,  
Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. 3674.—Ráo Sáheb Narayan Ganesh Nadgir, Mámlatdár of Sampgaon, has been granted an

extension of privilege leave for one month, and the arrangements made by this office Notification No. 3239, dated the 22nd ultimo, will continue.

No. 3676.—Ráo Sáheb Annaji Wasudeva Mulgund, probationary Fourth Grade Mámlatdár of Bádámi, is confirmed in that grade.

*Belgaum, 17th August 1896.*

No. P-1457.—Messrs. W. J. Holland and Rustomji Hormasji Kotwal respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Bijápur, on the 9th August 1896, in the afternoon.

No. 3724.—Khán Sáheb Abdul Karim Khán, Mámlatdár of Bijápur, is granted extraordinary leave without allowances for one day in continuation of the two months' leave on medical certificate given to him by this office Notification No. 3640, dated the 15th instant.

*Belgaum, 20th August 1896.*

E. J. EBDEN,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,  
SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKA'RI.

No. 3899.—Mr. P. F. DeSouza, District A'bkári Inspector, Kánara, on Rs. 125, doing duty as Distillery Inspector, Godhra, was allowed privilege leave of absence for thirty-six days from the 26th April to 31st May last, both days inclusive, and Mr. Cawasha Fardumji Karaka, Record-keeper in the office of the Collector of the Panch Maháls, on Rs. 60, was appointed to act as Distillery Inspector, Godhra, during his absence.

No. 3909.—Mr. Jamaludin Hussein Bangi, Distillery Inspector, Kánara, on Rs. 60, and doing duty as District A'bkári Inspector, Sátára, but since transferred to Kánara by this office No. 2280, dated the 23rd May 1896, has been allowed privilege leave of absence, on relief at Sátára, for two and a half months from the 25th July last and Mr. G. Pacheco, A'bkári Clerk in the office of the Collector of Kánara, on Rs. 25, has been appointed to act for him from that date as Distillery Inspector, Gangawali, during his absence on leave.

A. WINGATE,  
Acting Commissioner of Customs,  
Salt, Opium and A'bkári.

*Poona, 20th August 1896.*

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 300.—Govind Bhaneshwar, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Páchora Táluka, Khándesh Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 11th July to 10th August 1896 inclusive, and Candidate Bhagwan Ramkrishna was appointed to act for him.

No. 301.—Sheoram Narayan, Candidate Vaccinator, Thána Zilla, N. D., was granted leave without pay from 1st July to 6th August 1896 inclusive, and Candidate Krishnaji Sadashiv was appointed to act for him.

No. 302.—Candidate Anant Krishna Dhekane is appointed Candidate Vaccinator, Sholápur Zilla, on probation for six months with effect from 8th August 1896, vice Narsinh Pralhad Danke, deceased.

No. 303.—Raghavendra Bhinnaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Karajgi Táluka, Dhárwár Zilla, is granted sick leave from 5th August 1896 to 4th September 1897 inclusive, and Candidate Deoji Govind is appointed to act for him.

No. 304.—Babaji Yesaba, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Siddápur Táluka, Kánara Zilla, is reduced to First Candidate Vaccinator, with effect from 6th August 1896.

No. 305.—Waman Jagannath, 1st Candidate Vaccinator, Kánara Zilla, is appointed Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Siddápur Táluka, Kánara Zilla, on probation for six months with effect from 6th August 1896, vice Babaji Yesaba, reduced.

No. 306.—Mohandas Dhanumal, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 10th April to 24th May 1896 inclusive.

J. W. CLARKSON, Surg.-Lieut.-Col.,  
Sanitary Commissioner.

*Bombay, 26th August 1896.*

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF  
POLICE.

No. 7371.—European Constable H. W. F. Harrison, of the Poona Cantonment Police, is appointed Police Inspector on Rs. 100-10-150 on the R. M. Railway, on probation, vice Mr. C. H. Longley, transferred to the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

H. SCANNELL,

Inspector-General of Police.

*Poona, 23rd August 1896.*

Notice.

The next Quarterly Meeting of the Central Committee for Vernacular Examinations will take place in the Council Hall, Poona, on Thursday the 1st October 1896, at 11 A.M., Madras time; and Junior Civil Servants who may be liable or prepared to undergo an examination in the Vernacular languages, as also Forest or other officers who may be permitted to appear before the Committee, are requested to send an intimation to the undersigned by the 15th proximo, stating at the same time the language or languages in which they are prepared to be examined.

*By order of the Central Committee  
for Vernacular Examinations,*

M. A. BAIG,

Secretary to the Central Committee  
for Vernacular Examinations.

*Poona, 13th August 1896.*