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PART I.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th August 1909.

No. 5427.—In exercise of the power and jurisdiction delegated by Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 2859-I. A., dated the 19th June 1903, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf the Governor in Council is pleased further to amend the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4803-I., dated the 9th November 1887, as subsequently amended, as follows, namely:—

In clause (a), sub-clause (I), of Part I of the said Notification,

- (a) for Act XIV of 1882 (The Code of Civil Procedure), as amended by subsequent Acts, Act V of 1908 (The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908) shall be substituted;
- (b) Act III of 1907 (The Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907) shall be added.

No. 5428.—In exercise of the power and jurisdiction delegated by Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 2859-I. A., dated the 19th June 1903, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf the Governor in Council is pleased to amend the Notification of the Government of Bombay in the Political Department, No. 5287, dated the 30th July 1906, as follows, namely:—

- In Part I of the Schedule to the said Notification, relating to the Acts of the Governor General of India in Council,
 - (a) in entry No. XLIX for the Code of Civil Procedure, 1882, the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), shall be substituted;

(b) the following entry shall be added, namely: LXXI The Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907 (III of 1907).

No. 5429.—In exercise of the power and jurisdiction delegated by Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 2859-I. A., dated the 19th June 1903, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf the Governor in Council is pleased further to amend the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2840-I., dated the 9th July 1891, as subsequently amended, as follows, namely:—

In the part of the Schedule to Part I of the said Notification, relating to Acts of the Governor General in Council,

- (a) for Act XIV of 1882, Act V of 1908 shall be substituted;
- (b) the following entry shall be added, namely:

"III of 1907 Insolvency."

No. 5430.—În exercise of the power and jurisdiction delegated by Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 2859-I. A., dated the 19th June 1903, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf the Governor in Council is pleased further to amend the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1083-I., dated the 2nd March 1900, as subsequently amended, as follows, namely:—

In the list of Acts mentioned in paragraph I of the said Notification-

- (a) in entry No. 13, for the Code of Civil Procedure, 1882 (Act XIV of 1882), the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), shall be substituted;
- (b) the following entry shall be added, namely: "22. The Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907 (III of 1907)."

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1909.

No. 5445.—The following notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information with reference to Bombay Government Notification, Political Department, No. 4852, dated the 24th August 1898:—

"No. 1511-I.B., dated Simla, the 4th August 1909.

It is notified for general information that the following addition has been made by command of His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, to rule 6 of the Regulations respecting Foreign Orders published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1200-E.B., dated the 19th August 1898:

'Persons in whose favour such Warrants are issued will be required to pay to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department a stamp duty of 10s.'

(Signed) S. H. BUTLER, Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 5446.—The following notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information with reference to Bombay Government Notification, Political Department, No. 3590, dated 18th May 1909:—

"No. 2634-Est.-A., dated Simla, the 6th August 1909.

Corrigendum.—From the list of officers exercising political functions under the control of Local 'Governments who are entitled to wear civil uniform, published under Notification No. 1596-Est.-A., dated the 14th May 1909, omit entry 'No. 2, Assistant Political Agent, Manipur', under the heading 'Eastern Bengal and Assam', together with the corresponding entry in the column 'uniform to be worn'.

(Signed) S. H. BUTLER, Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. H. DuBOULAY, Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1909.

No. 4191.—The following notification by the Government of India, Army Department, is republished :-

"CANTONMENTS.

TAXATION.

No. 755, dated Simla, the 6th August 1909.

The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 26, clause (29), of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), is published as required by section 27, sub-section (1), of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on or after the seventh day of September 1909.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Cantonments Act, 1869 (XIII of 1889), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rule for the service of notices in the Cantonment of Santa Cruz:

Rule.

- (1) The service of every notice, and the presentation of every bill under the Santa Cruz Cantonment Taxation Rules, 190, on any person or to any person to whom it is by name addressed, shall be effected by a Service of notices, etc., addressed to individuals. Cantonment Officer or servant or other person authorized by the Cantonment Authority in this behalf,
 - (a) by giving or tendering this notice or bill to the person to whom it is addressed; or
 - (b) if such person is not found, by leaving the notice or bill at his last known place of abode, if within the Cantonment limits, or by giving or tendering the notice or bill to some adult male member or servant of his family; or
 - (c) if such person does not reside within the Cantonment limits, and his address elsewhere is known to the Cantonment Authority, then by forwarding the notice or bill to such person by registered post, under cover bearing the said address; or
 - (d) if none of the means aforesaid be available, then by causing the bill or notice to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the building, if any, to which the bill or notice relates.
- (2) When any notice under the said rules is required or permitted by or under the said rules Service of notices on 'owner or occupiers' of buildings. to be served upon an owner or occupier of any building it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier therein, and the service thereof shall be effected either-
 - (a) by giving or tendering the notice to the owner or occupier, or if there be more owners or occupiers than one, to any one of them ; or
 - (b) if no such owner or occupier be found, then by giving or tendering the notice to some male adult member or servant of the family of any such owner or occupier as afore-
 - (c) if none of the means aforesaid be available, then by causing the notice to be fixed on some conspicuous part of the building to which the same relates.
- (3) Every notice which the said rules require or empower the Cantonment Authority to give or to serve either as a public notice, or generally, or by provisions which do not expressly require notice to be given to individuals therein specified, shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given Public and general notices how to be published. or served if a copy thereof is put up in such conspicuous part of the Cantonment office during such

period, or is published in such local papers or in such other manner, as the Cantonment Authority in bye-laws in this behalf prescribes.

(4) No notice or bill shall be invalid for defect of form. Defective form not to invalidate notice.

(Signed) R. I. SCALLON, Major-General, Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

R. E. ENTHOVEN, Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1909.

No. 1570-A. of 1909.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the following rules of discipline for Government schools:—

General Rules of Discipline for Government Schools.

- [N. B.—A copy of these Rules is to be given to the parent or guardian of each boy on his first admission to the school.]
 - r. Parents or guardians who send their boys to Government schools must understand that by so doing they agree to delegate to the Head Master and the Educational authorities the control which they are entitled to exercise over such boys in all matters connected with such schools and that in all questions of school discipline both inside and outside the schools the decision of those authorities is final.
 - 2. Every application for admission or withdrawal should be made to the Head Master by the parent or guardian of a boy in person or by letter. Applications for admission must be accompanied by a leaving certificate from the school last attended.
 - 3. The school fee must be paid monthly in advance on the day fixed for that purpose. If a boy wishes to leave the school his parent must give notice of his intention before the end of the month; else the fee for the following month will have to be paid.
 - 4. The Head Master will exercise his discretion in admitting a boy or retaining him in the school. For breach of the school rules a boy may be fined or otherwise punished at the discretion of the Head Master.
 - 5. Boys are required to be regular and punctual in attendance. Leave of absence should be applied for either in person or by a note signed by the parent or guardian and it will lie with the Head Master to grant or refuse such leave. If a boy is absent without leave he will be required to bring a note from the parent or guardian explaining his absence, but it will be for the Head Master to decide whether the reason assigned is sufficient.
 - 6. Parents or guardians will be held responsible for any damage done by boys to any part of the school property.
 - 7. Boys are required to be clean and tidy, orderly and respectful, both in class and in public. Rude, disorderly or other objectionable conduct out of school will be punished.
 - 8. No boy is to attend or take part in the organization or conduct of any public meeting of any kind, or, without the express permission of the Head Master, in the collection of any fund.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

R. E. ENTHOVEN, Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT. Bombay Castle, 5th August 1909.

No. 7618. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Thána, for a public purpose, viz., for quarrying purposes on the Kalyán-Malseighat road, in the village of Bapsai in the Kalyán Táluka of the Thána-District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Pôt No.	Area required.
142	2	A. g. a. 0 4 12

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the District Deputy Collector, Kalyan Prant.

Bombay Castle, 6th August 1909.

No. 7652.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890 and No. V of 1901, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land in the Mulshi Petha of the Haveli Taluka of the Poona District, specified in the schedule hereto annexed, Reserved Forest:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village,	Survey No.	Area.
Tamhani Budruk	134	A. g. 18 32

 The Forest Settlement Officer in charge of the Haveli Táluka is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in this land.

No. 7653.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890 and No. V of 1901, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land in the Mulshi Petha of the Haveli Taluka of the Poona District, specified in the schedule hereto annexed, Reserved Forest:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of village.	Survey No.	Area.
Kumbheri	16	A. g. 14 20

2. The Forest Settlement Officer in charge of the Haveli Táluka is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in this land.

No. 7654. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for repairs to the Kumbhar Keri in the village of Pur in the Khánápur Táluka of the Belgaum District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Are	a.	Assess	me	nt.	Land	
	A. 17	g. 28	Rs. 28	a. 0		A. 0	g. 30
56	2	25	1 7	0	0	ő	4
62	14	7	22	0	0	0	11

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen at the Assistant Collector's office, Southern Division, Belgaum.

No. 7655. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the Bilmankeri tank at Tegur, taluka Sampgaon, district Belgaum; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Ar	ea.	Asses	sme	nt.		d to quire	
	Α.	g.	Rs.	a.	p. 0	Α.	g. 29	a.
63	14	27	15	0	0	0	29	0
64	5	0	3	0	0	0	6	. 0
C6	5	29	23	0	0	0	5	0

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen at the Assistant Collector's office, Southern Division, Belgaum.

No. 7656. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for repairs to the Varil Taláv in the village of Gundapi in the Khánápur Táluka of the Belgaum District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Are	ea.	Asse	ssme	ent.	Area	to uire		1
13 116	A. 10 12	g. 22 0	Rs. 28 2	a. 0 8	p. 0 0	A. 0 0	g. 5 G	a. 0 0	-

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be inspected at the office of the Assistant Collector, Southern Division, Belgaum.

No. 7657. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a proposed bridge over the Bokh Feeder on the Parántij-Piludra Road in the village of Parántij, táltkar Parántij, district Ahmedabad; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	A	rea.		Assess	sme	ent.	Land	l req	uired.
21	A. 1	g. 33	n. 0	Rs. 5	a. 0	p. 0	A. 0	g. 4	a. 4

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the abovementioned land can be inspected at the office of the Assistant Collector in charge Parántij.

Bombay Castle, 7th August 1909.

No. 7684.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Indian Forest Act No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890 and No. V of 1901, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land in the Sháhpur Táluka of the Thána District, specified in the schedule hereto annexed, Reserved Forest:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of village.	Original Survey No.	Revision Survey No.	Approximate area.	Remarks.
Bhawse	115 part	123 part	A. g. 25 0	A strip of land lying between the Tansa duct and the
		126 part	10 0	boundary line of the Reserved Forest of Bhawse.

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Thana, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in this land.

Bombay Castle, 9th August 1909.

No. 7732.—The following draft of certain rules which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), it is proposed to make, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 10th day of October 1909.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date as aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Rules.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Port of Aden:—

- 1. In these rules the words "horse" and "diseased" have the same meaning as they have, respectively, in the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899, which Act is hereinafter referred to as "the Act."
- (a) The Master of any vessel which arrives in the harbour with one or more horses on board, shall give information thereof to the Pilot in charge and shall hoist the special Signal flag—International Code Flag H—and shall keep it flying until he is informed by the Veterinary Inspecting Officer that the horses are not diseased.
- (b) The Master of any Native sailing vessel which arrives in the harbour with one or more horses on board shall give information thereof to the Police officer who boards the vessel on his arrival, and shall on no account land the horses until he is informed that they are not diseased.
- 3. The Pilot shall deliver to the Master a printed copy of sections 2, 10 and 11 of the Act, and the Master shall give such copy to the owner or person in charge of the horse or horses.
- 4. If the Pilot in charge or any officer of Police, who goes on board the vessel, has reason to believe that the horse or any of the horses on board is diseased, he shall at once give information thereof
 - (a) to the Master of the vessel,
 - (b) to the Harbour Police Inspector on duty, and
 - (c) to the Inspector under the Act on duty in the Harbour.
- 5. If the Master of the vessel has reason to believe that the horse or any of the horses on board is diseased, or if information to that effect is given to him under Rule 4, he shall prevent the horse or any of the horses from being disembarked until an Inspector under the Act has inspected the said horse or horses.

- 6. When information is given to the Harbour Police Inspector on duty under Rule 4, he shall cause the same to be taken down in writing and shall at once cause the writing to be forwarded to an Inspector under the Act.
- 7. If any officer of Government shall have reason to believe that any horse which is being landed or has just been landed from the harbour at any wharf, dock, bandar or other place is diseased, the person in charge of such horse shall, upon the requisition of such officer, keep the said horse and all other horses, if any, landed with it, separate, at or near the spot where it has been landed, until an Inspector under the Act has inspected the said horse or horses. The officer making such requisition shall forthwith give information to the nearest superior officer of Police, who shall cause the same to be taken down in writing and at once forward the writing to an Inspector under the Act.
- 8. An Inspector under the Act, whenever he has reason to believe, from personal knowledge or from information given by any person and taken down in writing, that a diseased horse is to be found on board any vessel in the harbour, shall forthwith proceed to the said vessel and shall, in the presence of the Master or of some other officer of the vessel and of the owner or person in charge of the horse, if present, inspect the said horse and all other horses, if any, on board, and exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred and imposed upon him by the Act.
- The Inspector shall, when thus making an entry and search of any such vessel, be accompanied by any other Inspector or Inspectors or by a Veterinary Practitioner appointed under the Act or by such Police officer or officers as he may think necessary.
- The Master and every officer of the vessel and the owner or person in charge of the horse or horses shall give free access to the Inspector and the persons, if any, accompanying him, and shall in every way facilitate his inspection and search.
- 9. If, through any unforeseen circumstances, the services of the Inspector under the Act on duty at the Harbour should not be immediately available, application will at once be made by the Police Constable on duty at the Harbour to the nearest Inspector or to the office of the Veterinary Practitioner appointed under the Act.
- 10. Every horse which a Veterinary Practitioner appointed for the purposes of the Act certifies in writing to be diseased shall be removed between midnight and 5 A. M. to the nearest burning ground to be there immediately destroyed.
- 11. Licenses for the removal of horses which have been with a diseased horse, will be granted by an Inspector under section 11 of the Act on the following conditions:—
 - (1) That the horse to be removed shall be taken direct under such precautions as the Inspector deems fit to prescribe to a place to be prescribed by the Inspector, where it can conveniently be isolated.
 - (2) That whilst so isolated the horse shall be inspected, from time to time, at intervals of not more than a week, by a Veterinary Practitioner.
 - (3) That the horse shall continue at the appointed place in isolation for so long as the Veterinary Practitioner deems it necessary to have it under observation.
 - (4) That the horse whilst so isolated may be subjected to any of the following tests:-
 - (a) Mallein.
 - (b) Medicinal.
 - (c) Inoculating the animal with its own discharge.
 - (d) Inoculating another animal with the discharge.
- 12. (1) Whenever a horse is detained for test or isolated, the owner or person in charge thereof shall pay a fee of one rupee four annas per diem, which fee shall be deemed to cover the cost of food, attendance and treatment.
- (2) Any sum due under the preceding clause shall be recoverable on application to a Magistrate as if it were a fine.
- (3) The Executive Officer, Aden Settlement, will arrange for feeding and tending horses which are detained for test or isolation.
- 13. When the Inspector gives notice under section 9 of the Act to the owner or Master of the vessel to have the same disinfected, such disinfection shall be regulated as follows and carried out in his presence, viz.:—
 - (1) In the case of a steam vessel the steam hose superheated to be turned on and carefully applied to every part of the deck, hold or other place which has been occupied by a horse or horses, the deck, hold or other place to be thereupon washed with a limewash containing carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to a gallon of the limewash. All iron-work to be scalded and disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of hot water. This is to be followed by free ventilation of the hold.

- (2) In the case of a sailing ship or a steam ship unprovided with a steam hose the same procedure as above except that scrubbing with hot water may be substituted for the use of a steam hose.
- (3) In every case buckets and feeding troughs to be scrubbed with hot water and thoroughly disinfected with a carbolic solution in the same proportion as laid down in clause (1).
- 14. In any such notice as aforesaid, the Inspector shall direct that all bedding, fodder, ropes and other gear which have been in use or worn by a deceased horse shall be burnt.
- 15. If the Inspector shall be of opinion that such notice as aforesaid has not been duly complied with, the vessel shall, on his requisition, be detained by the Harbour Police until either the notice has been, in the Inspector's opinion, duly complied with, or the Inspector has himself caused his orders to be given effect to, and has recovered the expense (if any) thereby incurred under section 9 of the Act.

IV.

NOTICE IN HARBOUR.

Notice (under section 9 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899), to the owner (or person in charge, as the case may be) of a place where a diseased horse has been.

DESCRIPTION.

Notice is hereby given to ye	ou	that whereas a diseased horses
has been in the	situated	and calledof
which you are the owner person in charge,		9 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, the provisions of the rules made
* Notification No. dated , Bombay Government Gazette for 19 , Part I, pages	under section 14 of the said A published as specified in the m	ct for the Harbour of Aden and
vessel	mor & disinfected by causing	of fallow, the case whether

- (a) to have the sailing ship, steamer, &c., disinfected by causing steam ship
 - (1) (the steam hose superheated to be turned on and carefully applied to) † every part of the deck, hold and every other place which has been occupied by a horse horses (tot be scrubbed with hot water); and thereupon
 - (2) the deck, hold and every other place as aforesaid to be washed with a limewash containing carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of limewash.
 - (3) the iron-work to be scalded and disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of hot water.
 - (4) the hold to be freely ventilated.
 - (5) all buckets and feeding troughs to be scrubbed with hot water and thoroughly disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of hot water.
- (b) to destroy by burning all bedding, fodder, ropes and all gear which have been used or worn by any diseased horse.

Date

(Signed)

Inspector.

Note.—Section 9 of the Glanders and Farcy Act provides in respect of notices issued thereunder as follows, namely:—

On the failure or neglect of such owner or other person as aforesaid to comply with the notice within a reasonable time, the Inspector shall cause the building, shed, place or lines to be disinfected and the fittings or other things to be destroyed, and the expense (if any) thereby incurred may be recovered from the owner or other person as if it were a fine.

No. 7732(a).—The following draft of certain rules which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), it is proposed to make, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 10th day of October 1909.

[†] To be omitted in case of a sailing ship or vessel unprovided with a steam hose.

To be retained only in case of a sailing ship or vessel unprovided with a steam hose,

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date as aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Rules.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Settlement of Aden and other areas to which the Act was applied by Government Notification in the Revenue Department, No. 7351, dated the 20th July 1908:

- 1. The Inspector appointed under section 4 of the Glanders and Farcy Act shall, whenever he has reason to believe from personal knowledge or from information given by any person and taken down in writing, that a diseased horse is to be found in any building, enclosure or place, forthwith proceed to the said building, enclosure or other place, and in the presence of the owner or other person then in charge, or, if he is absent, in the presence of an officer of Police, shall inspect the said premises and execute and discharge the duties and powers conferred on him under the Act.
- The Inspector may, in such entry and search, be accompanied by a Veterinary Practitioner appointed under the Act, or such Police officers as he considers necessary, or by both.
- The owner of the premises or person in charge at the time shall give free ingress to the Inspector, and shall in every possible way facilitate the search, and he shall be entitled subsequently to receive from the Inspector a statement in writing of the grounds of entry and, in the event of his premises being infected, shall be furnished with written instructions as to his liabilities and duties under the Act signed by the Inspector.
- 2. The Inspector shall seize and hand over to the Police for detention any horse which he considers or reasonably suspects to be diseased. Such horse shall, as soon as possible and with the exercise of due precautions against contagion to other horses and men, be examined by a Veterinary Practitioner and dealt with under the Act. Such precautions shall comprise, in the case of a discharge from the nose, the wearing of a nose bag and, in the case of open sores, the covering up of the same, so far as is practicable, with disinfecting powder and cloths and bandages during removal along public roads; and such removal shall, unless there be any sufficient reason to the contrary, be at night. These precautions shall be enforced in all cases where horses have to be moved for examination or disposal under the Act.
- 8. The owner or person in charge of a horse, which he believes or has reason to believe to be diseased, shall report the case as soon as possible to the Inspector or to a Police officer or other officer authorized to receive such information (who shall at once inform the Inspector) and may remove such horse to any isolated building within 50 yards of the stable or to a remote part of the building, enclosure or other place in which such horse has been standing, and shall keep it as much as is possible within these limits away from other horses. He shall detain in the stable, until the granting of a license for removal, any horse which has been in contact with or near the diseased horse or in the same line or building.

Except as provided in these rules no person shall cause or permit any diseased horse to stray or to be worked, led or driven in a public thoroughfare, road, street or place.

- 4. Licenses for the removal of horses which have been with a diseased horse shall be granted by an Inspector under section 11 of the Act on the following conditions, viz.:—
 - (I) That the horse to be removed shall be taken direct under such precautions as the Inspector deems fit to prescribe to such place as may be designated by the Inspector, where it can be conveniently isolated.
 - (2) That while so isolated the horse shall be inspected from time to time at intervals of not more than a week by the Inspector, provided he be a graduate of the Bombay Veterinary College (or be specially authorized in this behalf by Government), or, if he is not so qualified, by the Veterinary Practitioner.
 - (3) That the horse shall continue at the appointed place in isolation for so long as the Inspector, provided he be a graduate of the Bombay Veterinary College (or be specially authorized in this behalf by Government), or, if he is not so qualified, the Veterinary Practitioner, deems it necessary to keep it under treatment or observation.
 - 4) That the horse while so isolated may be subjected to any of the following tests:
 - (a) Mallein.
 - (b) Medicinal.
 - (c) Inoculating the horse with its own discharge.
 - (d) Inoculating another horse with the discharge.

5. Whenever a horse is detained for test or isolated, the owner or person in charge thereof shall pay a fee of one rupee four annas per diem, which fee shall be deemed to cover the cost of food, attendance and treatment.

Any sum due under the preceding clause shall be recoverable on application to a Magistrate as if it were a fine.

- 6. The owner or person in charge of any building, enclosure or other premises which have been occupied by any diseased horse shall, within seven days, carry out such disinfection of such building, enclosure or other premises and destruction of dung, litter and waste food, gear and other articles in or near the premises as may be prescribed by the Inspector, provided he be a graduate of the Bombay Veterinary College (or be specially authorized in this behalf by Government), or, if he is not so qualified, by the Veterinary Practitioner, and such disinfection shall be carried out in the presence of the Inspector.
- In all cases dung, surplus food and litter from the infected stable, also clothing and other gear, which have been used by or been in contact with the diseased horse, shall be consumed or disinfected by fire; temporary building material such as thatch of grass or leaves, bamboo walls and matting shall be burnt, if the position admits of this being done with safety, and (after complete removal of all dung, temporary fittings and other articles for destruction by fire) the wood-work of the stable shall be thoroughly washed with boiling water, the walls, wood-work and ceiling shall be scraped and limewashed with freshly mixed quicklime and water, to which shall be added crude carbolic acid in the proportion of half a pint to a bucketful of limewash, and the flooring shall be removed to a depth of two feet, the removed earth being burnt. The whole of the interior shall then be fumigated with burning sulphur, chlorine, carbolic vapour, or some other gaseous disinfectant. The earth removed from the flooring shall be replaced by fresh earth after the lapse of two weeks.
- 7. On a certificate from the Veterinary Practitioner that a horse is diseased, it shall be destroyed humanely in the presence of the Inspector and the carcass shall be disposed of by burning under the supervision of the Police. Except with the sanction of the Police and for the purpose of burning it, no person shall remove the carcass or any portion of it.
- 8. In the event of the disinfection of premises and the destruction of gear, fittings, dung and other articles condemned by the Inspector not being carried out by the owner within the period of seven days, they shall be carried out by the Inspector under Police supervision, and the expenses shall be recovered from the owner of the premises in the manner prescribed by section 9 of the said Act.

APPENDIX I.

FORMS.

Form I.

(Notice to be issued under Rules 1 and 6, vide section 9 of the Act).

Notice is hereby given you that whereas a diseased horse has been in the building, shed, enclosed space, open place or open lines situated in and called of which building, etc., you are the owner (or person in charge); you are hereby directed—

(a) to disinfect the said building, etc., by causing

- (1) the wood-work of the stable to be thoroughly washed with boiling water,
- (2) the walls, wood-work and ceiling to be scraped and limewashed with freshly mixed quicklime and water with crude carbolic acid added thereto in the proportion of half a pint of carbolic acid to every bucketful of limewash,
- (3) the flooring to be removed to a depth of 2 feet and the earth removed to be burnt and the flooring to be kept unrenewed for the space of two weeks, and then to be replaced by fresh earth,
- (4) the whole of the interior of the said (building, etc.) to be fumigated with burning sulphur (or chlorine or carbolic vapour);
- (b) to destroy by fire
 - (1) all dung, litter and waste food and gear in or near the said (building, etc.),
 - (2) all surplus food and all clothing and other gear which have been used by, or been in contact with, any diseased horse,
 - (3) the thatch, bamboo walls, matting and all temporary fittings.

 Note.—Horses include asses and mules.

Date and place.

Form II.

(License to be issued under Rules 3 and 4, vide section 11 of the Act).

I hereby grant to (here enter name) the owner or person in charge of the undermentioned horses, which have been in the same field, building or place, or in contact with a diseased horse, license to remove the same from

- (1) That the horse to be removed shall be taken under the following precautions (here enter precautions).
- (2) That whilst so isolated the horse shall be inspected from time to time at intervals of not more than a week by the Inspector or by the Veterinary Practitioner.
- (3) That the horse shall continue at the appointed place in isolation so long as the said Inspector or Practitioner deems it necessary to have it under treatment or observation.
- (4) That the horse whilst so isolated may be subjected to any of the following tests:
 - (a) Mallein.
 - (b) Medicinal.
 - (c) Inoculating the horse with its own discharge.
 - (d) Inoculating another horse with the discharge.
- (5) That the owner or person in charge of the horse so isolated shall pay a fee of one rupce four annas per diem, which fee shall be deemed to cover the cost of food, attendance and treatment.
- N.B.—Any sum due under the preceding condition shall be recoverable on application to a Magistrate as if it were a fine.

(Here enter horses with their description.)

Note. -- Horses include asses and mules.

Date and place.

Inspector under the Glanders and Farcy Act.

Form III.

(Certificate to be issued under Rule 7, vide section 8 of the Act).

It is hereby certified that the undermentioned horses, said to belong to or to have been in charge of , have this day been examined and found to be diseased within the meaning of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899.

(Here enter horses with their description.)

Date and place.

Veterinary Practitioner under the Glanders and Farcy Act.

APPENDIX II.

(Instructions for the diagnosis of Glanders, Farcy and South African Horse-sickness, and for the application of the Mallein Test.

- (1) Glanders is a malignant, contagious and fatal disease, characterised by the following symptoms:—
 - Increased temperature; swelling of the glands under the jaw; discharge of sticky material from the nose which sticks about the nostrils; ulcers on the mucous membrane of the nostrils; the eyes are weak and often discharge; abscesses form along the course of the lymphatics of the face; lungs become affected; animal gets very thin, in some cases dies rapidly and in others lives for some weeks.
 - (2) Farcy is another form of Glanders and presents the following symptoms: --
 - Increased temperature; the legs swell, presenting an uneven surface, increasing and decreasing suddenly and attended with pain and lameness. Farcy buds form along the vessels of the leg, burst and give exit to a thin purulent yellowish material, which generally soon dries and forms a yellow crust on the surface of the ulcer.

(3) Instructions for the diagnosis of South African Horse-sickness.

An epizootic disease occurring in horses, mules, and donkeys: communicable from one animal to another by insects especially mosquitos, and by the discharges of a diseased animal.

This disease appears in several forms which are probably simple expressions of the intensity of the dose of toxin which has been received by the patient.

There are three chief forms, in which the disease is found and cases can be classed under one of these three heads though many cases will be found displaying the characteristic signs of one or more of these forms.

- (1) The acute form: high fever accompanied with great prostration and shivering, marked difficulty of breathing, failure of the heart's action and death within two or three days. Post mortem signs of horse-sickness (q. v. infra) will be found but death takes place too rapidly for them to appear externally during life. Therefore this form is difficult to diagnose unless a post mortem examination is made: it is the most intense form and is commonest at the commencement of an outbreak.
- (2) The typical form: lung sickness marked by fever with shivering and prostration; rapidity of breathing with heaving of the flanks, moist sounds in the lung succeeded later by an entire absence of breath sounds. A profuse yellowish serous discharge of froth from the nostrils, dark red colour of the eyemembranes and the inner side of the mouth, and the most important, and early signs of the disease, the swelling of the pit over the eyes, causing its disappearance, and the presence of a distinct tumour. The lung form of horse-sickness is most often fatal within four to five days, the animal being suffocated by the fluid which is poured out from the blood-vessels into the lungs.

The fever is usually high 104—107' but with the exhaustion of the patient it has been observed to fall to normal or below it. This point is of course common to the fever of any other diseases of an acute nature.

The most remarkable departure from what one expects in a severe disease of this kind is the fact of common observance that the horse continues to eat until he actually falls down to die.

On examination of the body after death, the surface of the lungs is observed to be coated with a mass of jelly-like material of a greenish yellow colour: this is also found behind and at the sides of the wind-pipe and the great vessels of the neck. It is also found among the muscles of the limbs and abdomen. The lungs are swollen and fill the chest completely: on section they present a peculiar brick red colour mottled with grey patches and a reddish fluid is poured out with a froth of the same character as that which was observed at the nostrils of the animal during life. This lung exudation is a most readily observed phenomenon, being poured out in great quantities in a moment or two after section of the lung tissue. Microscopically the lungs cells are seen to be distended with escaped blood corpuscles and there is a general intense congestion of an acute kind. In places the lung tissue breaks down on pressure thus resembling a pneumonic change, the resemblance to pneumonia is thus two-fold, first in the solid state of the lung and secondly in the friable condition of the lung tissue itself. There is not however in acute lobar pneumonia so free an exudation of fluid on section nor is the jelly-like substance present.

The heart is found soft and dilated: its covering bag will be full of fluid and the jelly will be present as a rule on its walls and among the great vessels at its base.

The cavity of the abdomen contains fluid of a greenish colour and the jelly will be observed in places. The liver is large dark and congested as are also the kidneys: the stomach is usually full of undigested food.

(3) The third main form of horse-sickness is thick head (dikkop) which is the least intense form of poisoning and accordingly is the form from which recovery most often takes place, and which, if it proves fatal eventually, will do so after a longer course.

The symptoms may be summarised thus: fever of moderate intensity with prostration, red eye-membranes and obliteration of supra-orbital pit, swelling of the lips with drooping of the lower lip and dark red colouration of the inside of the mouth, swelling of the head especially round the lower jaw angle causing the animal to look as if he had the mumps. This swelling of the jaw will later extend up past the ears to the top of the head and along the line of the vessels in the neck, large swellings will appear on the legs, abdomen and between the front legs.

Death may take place after a week or the case may go on for three or four weeks: these are the cases from which there is a chance of recovery under treatment, stimulants and perfect rest being the main indications to be observed.

In distinguishing three forms of horse-sickness, it must be borne in mind that this is only done for convenience of description the disease being one and the same and the symptoms varying according to the degree of intensity of the poisoning.

On examination of the body of the last or least intense form the yellow jelly is found generally distributed in the swellings, of which it is the cause.

One form may pass into the other either in the direction of death or recovery: thus an animal who has well-developed thick head and has been ill many days suddenly shews the froth at his nostrils and dies rapidly, and again an animal may at first shew well-marked lung symptoms, and pass into the thickhead condition and eventually recover after an illness of weeks. Horses in bad condition almost invariably succumb early. Overwork and under-feeding are certain death warrants, and if a horse is worked at all after he has contracted the disease, he will develop lung symptoms and die.

The cause of death is suffocation from inability of the lung substance to acrate the blood: this inability is produced by the exudation of fluid from the blood-vessels in the lung which has been described as drowning the animal in his own serum.

The yellow jelly which is found in every case is of course a serous exudation into the connective tissue which is found throughout the body. General exudations of this k nd are known in pathology, a familiar instance being the tendency to serous escapes in beriberi which are sometimes so sudden and acute that the patient dies drowned in his own serum like the horse in the lung sickness.

Of horses, mules and donkeys, the first named seem the most severely affec ed by the disease and the last named the least.

Cold and exposure bring out the disease in horses who have the poison in tlem.

(4) Instructions for the application of the Mallein Test.

Directions for using English Mallein.

- 1. While under the mallein test horses ought to be left at rest in the stable and protected from draughts. The rectal temperature ought to be taken once or twice on the day before the test is applied.
- 2. The dose of mallein for a horse is one cubic centimetre, or 18 minims. It ought to be injected about the middle of the side of the neck, with a clean hypodermic syringe. The best form of syringe is one with an asbestos piston, as the whole instrument may then be sterilized by boiling it in water for five minutes before use.
- 3. The mallein must be injected into the subcutaneous connective tissue, and care must be taken that the whole dose is actually introduced.
- 4. The temperature must be taken at the time of injection, and at the 9th, 12th and 15th hours afterwards.
- 5. Provided the temperature was normal (under 101° F.) before the injection, it will rise 2° or more (103°—105°) during the next 15 hours if the horse is glandered, but it will remain practically unaffected (under 102°) if the horse is not glandered.
- 6. Attention must also be paid to the swelling that forms at the seat of injection. When the horse is glandered this goes on increasing in size during the second 24 hours after the injection, and it seldom declines before the 3rd or 4th day. The maximum diameter of this swelling in glandered horses varies from 5 to 10 inches.
- 7. In horses that are not glandered the local swelling attains its maximum size during the first 15 hours, and by the 24th hour it has almost entirely disappeared. Its maximum diameter is usually about 3 to 4 inches.
- 8. When the temperature gradually rises from the normal to 104° during the first 15 hours and a large slowly disappearing swelling forms at the seat of injection, the horse may confidently be declared glandered.
- 9. If, with a normal temperature at the time of injection, a horse displays only the temperature reaction, or only the local reaction, the case must be considered doubtful, and the test repeated after the lapse of a week.
- 10. When the temperature is 102° or more at the time of injection, the temperature reaction is unreliable, but in such a case the diagnosis may be based on the characters of the local swelling.
- 11. The mallein should be kept in a cool place and protected from the light. Should it lose its transparency, or become cloudy, it must not be used.

The English Mallein can be had from Messrs. Paranjapye, Athalye & Co., Pallon Road, Girgaum, Bombay.

No. 7749. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Ahmedabad City Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for road widening in the City of Ahmedabad, táluka Daskroi, district Ahmedabad; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid City of Ahmedabad;—

Sheet No.	Survey No.	Area of land to be acquired.
Sheet G No. 6.	251	Sq. yds. ft. in. 9 3 6

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be had for inspection at the Municipal Office. No. 7750.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for repairs to the Dodkeri tank at Kasba Manoli, táluka Khánápur, district Belgaum; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Land proposed to be acquired.
	A. g. 2 20	Rs. a. p.	A. g. a. 0 27 0
4	2 20	2 8 0	0 10 0
17	12 34	18 0 0	0 4 0

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed by the Public Works Department on the land.

The plan of the land can be inspected at the office of the Mamlatdar of Khanapur.

No. 7751.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land together with houses, etc., on it, is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the Bokh Reservoir at Parantij in Parantij Taluka of the Ahmedabad District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land measuring more or less as specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid town:—

No.	Locality in Parántij Town.	Particulars.	Area to be acquired.	Name of owner, if any.
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Rávaliáwád—continued.	House and open space Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Open space House and open space Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do	228 132 519 570 330 476 653 493-6 444 286 140 200 209 225 285 207 300 672 544 458	Dungar Huka. Keval Punja. Kodar Lakha. Mohan Bechar. Bechar Gadu. Madha Mitha. Kala Bechar. Bechar Jiva. Punja Ujam. Reva Sankla. Bijal Bhaga. Gala Bijal. Kala Sada. Ranchhod Vahla. Moti Ranchhod. Sukha Vahla. Hari Mala. Jiva Hira. Moti Ranchhod. Hari Mala. Moti Ranchhod.
55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 9	Kolivád.	Open space House and open space Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Open space House and open space Do. Open space House and open space Do. Open space Do. Do. Open space Open space Do.	532 680 1,127 713 1,268 646 814 864 377 954 954 824 561 352 1,114 297	Rama Dungar. Mohan Aju. Rama Dungar. Khuma Hari. Bechar Hari. Umra Mova. Kasu Lala. Punja Lala. Vira Lala. Dhula Jiva. Do. Dhiraji Lalaji. Sendha Jiva. Kala Jiva. Do. Sendha Jiva. Nathaji Punjaji. Jesang Jatu. Nagar Gulab. Do. Mohan Lala. Natha Punja. Moti Hira. Hari Hira. Kala Salu. Bhupta Kala. Bechar Jama. Gobar Nara. Dana Bechar. Rana Dhira. Lila Lala. Punja Lala. Amba Ranchhod. Ramsang Lala. Amtha Zavra. Do. Kaluji Saluji and Kasuji Saluji.

No.	Locality in Parantij Town.	Particulars.	Area to be acquired.	Name of owner, if any.
93 94 95 96 97 98 99	Kolivád— continued.	House and open space Do Do Do Do Do Do Do Do Do	Sq. ft. 697 1,227 616 918 583 1,460 372 422	Nagar Kala. Suraji Ramaji. Dana Jatu. Sarji Bhathiji. Meruji Hariji. Manaji Chesaji. Hamir Bhattu. Do.
101 102 103 104 105 106	Bha ngivád.	House and open space Do Do Do Open space Do	1,938 1,095 1,062 1,140 1,000 510	Jethia Jiva. Kalu Gala. Chhagan Jiva. Gala Jiva. Chhagan Jiva. Amthia Lavji.
	Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Area to be acquired.
107 108 109	.1112 1115/1 1115/2	A. g. 1 16 0 22 0 3	Rs. a. p. 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 4 0	A. g. 1 16 0 22 0 3

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Assistant Collector in charge of Parantij

No. 7751(A).—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a gaonthan in the village of Parántij, táluka Parántij, district Ahmedabad, in exchange for the village site taken for the Bokh Reservoir in the same village; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Serial No.	Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Area required.		
.1	2	A. g. 1 18	Rs. a. p. 3 0 0	A. g. 1 18		

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Assistant Collector in charge Parantij Taluka during office hours.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1909.

No. 7783.—In exercise of the powers-conferred by section 11, clause (c), of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor in Council is pleased further to amend the table contained in Government Notification in the Revenue Department, No. 6969, dated the 10th September 1895, as subsequently amended, as follows:—

After entry No. 25 of the said table relating to the B. I. S. N. Company's Dockyard, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"25-A* B. S. N. Company only." Materials, Stores and Coals for Materials, Stores and Coals for the B. S. N. Company only."

No. 7784.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11, clause (c), of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor in Council is pleased further to amend the table contained in Government Notification in the Revenue Department, No. 6969, dated the 10th September 1895, as subsequently amended, as follows:-

- (1) to the classes of goods specified in the second column of entries Nos. 4 and 7 of the said table relating to Victoria Bandar and Arthur Bandar, respectively, the landing of which is permitted from Foreign or Customs Ports, the words "and Hay in pressed bales" shall be added;
- (2) in the second column of entry No. 6 of the said table relating to Jamsetjee Bandar and of entry No. 22 of the same table relating to Malet Bandar the words "and Hay in pressed bales "shall be added;
- (3) in the second column of entry No. 9 of the said table relating to Apollo Bay Reclamation, after the word "Hay" the words "in pressed bales" shall be inserted;
- (4) in the second column of entries Nos. 24 and 30 of the said table relating to Clarke Basin and Tank Bandar Reclamation, respectively, after the word "Coals" the words "and Hay in pressed bales" shall be inserted;
- (5) (a) in the second column of entry No. 31 of the said table relating to Tank Bandar, for the word "timber" the words "Hay in pressed bales" shall be substituted, and
 - (b) the words "Timber only" in the third column of the same entry shall be deleted;
- (6) in the second column of entry No. 32 of the said table relating to Frere Land Pier Co.'s Bandar, the word "Hay" shall be deleted; and
- (7) in the second column of entry No. 37 of the said table relating to Siwri Bandar, after the word "Batty" the word "Unpressed" shall be inserted;
- (8) after entry No. 37-B of the said table relating to the new wharf to the east of the Siwri Hill Fort and the adjoining foreshore, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—
 - The new Timber Ponds Timber logs and squares Timber logs and squares at Siwri. only." only.

No. 7816.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Godhra Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening the road in Ambli Falia in the town of Godhra, district Panch Mahals; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the following piece of land is required within the limits of the aforesaid town :-

(1) A piece of land measuring more or less 44 sq. yards 3 sq. feet belonging to Bora Abdulali Jalalbhai and bounded on the north-east and south by the public road and west by the property of the said Abdulali Jalalbhai.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The map of the land can be had for inspection at the Municipal Office, Godhra.

No. 7819.—The following notification by the Government of India is republished :-"HOME DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC.

No. 2840, dated Simla, the 31st July 1909.

The following letter from His Majesty's Consul at Lourenço Marques relating to the prohibition of the importation of horses and dogs is published for general information :-

H. B. M. CONSULATE: Lourenço Marques, 2nd June, 1909.

No. 41/09. B. O.

YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I have the honour to report for the information of the various port authorities of the Indian Empire that by a Decree published in the Official Gazette of this Province on the 29th ultimo, the importation of horses and dogs from India is prohibited until further notice, owing to the appearance of two diseases known as Surra and Daurina which have been observed in animals which have already arrived from certain Indian ports.

I have the honour to be, Your Excellency's most obedient, humble Servant,

R. C. F. MAUGHAM,

His Majesty's Consul.

His Excellency The Honourable Viceroy and Governor-General of India, Simla.

(Signed) H. A. STUART. Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 7824. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Thana, for a public purpose, viz., for metal quarry at Mankhurd on Sion-Trombay Road, taluka Salsette, district Thána; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Pôt No.	Falni No.	Area required.		
00			A. 0	g.	a.
88	8 9		0	2	4
	10		0	3	Ô
	11		0	5	0
- 1411	12		0	4	0
		1	0	25	0
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		THE RELEASE OF THE PARTY OF			

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Assistant Collector, Thana, for the time being employed in assessing sites in the Sálsette Táluka.

No. 7825.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Sátára, for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of the Morkhind Road, in the limits of the villages of Kenjal and Moravla, táluka Jávli, district Sátára; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid villages :-

Survey Nos.			Assessment.		Land to be acquired.			
25	A. g.	a.		a.	-	Α.	g.	a.
			K	enjal				
60	5 7	0	5	0	0	0	2	0
62	78 11		39	0	0	0	8 10	0
66	6 23	0	5 39 3	8	0	0	10	14
			Mo	ravle	a.			
16	77 14	0	39	0	0	0	19	8

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Táluka Local Board, Jávli.

> By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

> > R. A. LAMB, Chief Secretary to Government.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

No. 45M. of 1909.

All Notices to Mariners issued by the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, will bear the letter "M" after the run ler of the Notice in order to distinguish them from those issued by the Secretary to the Government of Pombay, Marine Department.

This to have effect from 1st January 1909. Mariners should therefore correct their back numbers accordingly.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD:

Bombay, 28th July 1909.

No. 46M. of 1909.

BAY OF BENGAL.

Subject

Rangoon River and Approaches—Devils Hole Lights.

... The Devils Hole Lights will be exhibited on and after the night of 22nd July 1909.

Bearing

... The bearing of the Lights when exhibited from the new positions will be as follows :-

Devils Hole Lights ... N. 14° E Western Channel Lights S. 61° E

Charts affected ... No. 833, Rangoon River and Approaches.

... Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI, 1909, Nos. 373 and 374. Bay of Bengal Pilot, 1901, page 352, and Revised Supplement, 1908, relating to the Bay of Bengal Pilot.

Authority

... Principal Port Officer, Burma, Rangoon.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD: Bombay, 4th August 1909.

(Signed) H. A. S. Are

WALTER LUMSDEN, Captain, R. N., Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Heads of Departments and all other Officers concerned are informed that Notifications in the Gazette are in future to be accepted as disposing of all references regarding leave, transfers, appointments, powers, and other personal questions affecting Gazetted Officers as to which orders are gazetted by the Governor in Council in this Part of the Gazette, and that any subsidiary orders as to relief of their subordinates and the like, which such Notifications necessitate, must be issued by them on receipt of the Gazette, as no other orders will be issued by Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th August 1909.

No. 5454 — His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr. Harilal Lalubhai Thakur, Second Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent, retired:—

- Ráo Bahádur Vithalrai Himatram to be Second Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent;
- Ráo Bahádur Anant Sadashiv Tambe to be Third Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent, and to continue seconded while in Foreign Service;
- Mr. Hormasji Jamsedji Antia to be provisionally Third Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent, subject to reversion, vice Ráo Bahádur Anant Sadashiv Tambe, and to continue seconded while in Foreign Service:
- Mr. Narbheram Jamiatram to be substantive pro tem. Third Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent vice Mr. Hormasji Jamsedji Antia on deputation in Foreign Service;
- Mr. Chamanlal Girdharlal Mehta to be substantive pro tem. Fourth Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent vice Mr. Narbheram Jamiatram, and to continue seconded while in Foreign Service;
- Mr. Panachand Jaychand Mehta, B.A., to be substantive pro tem. Fourth Grade Deputy Assistant Political Agent vice Mr. Chamanlal Girdharlal Mehta on deputation in Foreign Service.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. H. DuBOULAY, Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th August 1909.

No. 4466.—In continuation of Government Notification No. 3221, dated the 7th June 1909, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Meherbán Khanderav Baburav Dabhade to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in the Poona District.

No. 4467.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Trimbak Narayen Atre, B.A., LL.B., to act as Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, Párner, vice Mr. Krishnaji Narayen Bhide, pending further orders.

Bombay Castle, 9th August 1909.

No. 4516.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. G. H. White to be Principal, Police Training School, Násik, vice Mr. F. A. M. H. Vincent appointed Second Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1909.

No. 4542. — The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

- Mr. D. Healy, on return from leave, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar.
- Mr. Sitaram Balavant Rao, on relief, to do duty as Additional Deputy Superintendent of Police, Poona.

Bombay Castle, 11th August 1909.

No. 4570.—Mr. F. M. Gadney, Assistant to the Inspector General of Police, passed, on the 3rd August 1909, an examination in Maráthi according to the Higher Standard.

No. 4571.—Mr. Abdulalli Bandealli, Acting Mámlatdár of Sháháda in the district of West Khándesh, is appointed, under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

> J. H. DuBOULAY, Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 6th August 1909.

No. 7674.—Mr. J. J. S. Lorimer, Assistant Collector of Excise, Ahmedalad, Kaira and Panch Mahals Districts, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for twenty-one months with effect from 2nd September 1909 or such subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1909.

No. 7820.—Mr. P. B. Haigh, B.A. (Cantab.), I. C. S., Assistant Collector of Bombay, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from 21st August 1909 or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 7821.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. S. Broomfield, I. C. S., on return from leave, to do duty as Assistant Collector of Bombay and Chief Inspector of Factories, Bombay, vice Mr. P. B. Haigh, B.A. (Cantab.), I. C. S., on leave, pending relief or further orders.

No. 7831.—Mr. W. P. Cowie, I. C. S., passed an examination in Maráthi according to the Higher Standard on 3rd August 1909.

No. 7832.—Mr. D. G. Mackenzie, I. C. S., passed an examination in Hindustáni on 2nd August 1909.

No. 7833.—Mr. A. F. Kindersley, I. C. S., passed with credit an examination in Gujaráti according to the Higher Standard on 3rd August 1909.

Bombay Castle, 11th August 1909.

No. 7837.—In modification of the orders issued in Government Notification No. 7033, dated 20th July 1909, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the substantive pro tem. promotion granted to Mr. Sorabsha Hormasji should take effect from 1st July 1909 instead of from 1st April 1909.

No. 7838.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint, with effect from 3rd September 1909, Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, M.A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., to act as Collector of East Khandesh and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the East Khandesh District pending the return from privilege leave of Mr. A. H. A. Simcox, B.A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., or further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

> R. A. LAMB, Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th August 1909.

No. 4190.—The following notification by the Government of India, Army Department, is republished:—

"VOLUNTEER CORPS.

2nd Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 753, dated 6th August 1909.

The Christian name of Second-Lieutenant Richardson is 'Alan' and not 'Allan' as stated in Army Department Notification No. 503 of 1909.

(Signed) R. I. SCALLON, Major-General, Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

R. E. ENTHOVEN, Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th August 1909.

No. 4527.—The appointment of Mr. Lalu Miyan Husain Miyan as a Conciliator in the Bassein Táluka of the Thána District, made by Government Notification No. 925, dated the 13th February 1909, is hereby cancelled at his own request.

J. H. DuBOULAY, Secretary to Government.

BY HIS MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

No. 431.—The High Court on its Original Side will be closed for the annual October vacation from Monday the 18th October to Sunday the 31st October 1909, both days inclusive.

The offices of the Court will be open during the vacation from 11-30 A. M. to 1-30 P. M., except on Saturdays and close holidays.

Plaints will be received during the vacation and will be admitted on the day or days fixed for Chamber work.

By order,

L. N. BANAJI,

Prothonotary and Registrar, O. J.

Bombay, 10th August 1909.

APPELLATE SIDE.

No. 1856.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to issue to Mr. Mahadev Damodar Gokhale, LL.B., a Sanad authorising him to practise as a Pleader in such Court or Courts of the Poona District as may be assigned to him by the District Judge.

No. 1857.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to issue to Mr. Ganesh Ravji Pangarkar, LL.B., a Sanad authorising him to practise as a Pleader in such Court or Courts of the Poona District as may be assigned to him by the District Judge.

Bombay, 7th August 1909.

No. 1863. — The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to issue to Mr. Vishnu Ramchandra Vaidya, Lk.B., a Sanad authorising him to practise as a Pleader in such Court or Courts of the Poona District as may be assigned to him by the District Judge.

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No. 1864.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to issue to Mr. Narahari Sadashivrav Nargundkar, LL.B., a Sanad authorising him to practise as a Pleader in such Court or Courts of the Belgaum District as may be assigned to him by the District Judge.

No. 1865. — The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to issue to Mr. Chunilal Naranbhai Patel, B.A., LL.B., a Sanad authorising him to practise as a Pleader in such Court or Courts of the Ahmedabad District as may be assigned to him by the District Judge.

Bombay, 9th August 1909.

No. 1874.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to admit Mr. Gulabdas Jamnadas Barahia, B.A., LL.B., as a Vakil of the High Court.

No. 1875.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to admit Mr. Krishnalal Narsilal Desai, M.A., LL.B., as a Vakil of the High Court.

Bombay, 10th August 1909.

R. B. PATEL, Acting Deputy Registrar.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 3709.—The Commissioner hereby notifies for general information, under Rule 72 of the rules framed by Government under section 214 of the Land Revenue Code (Bombay Act V of 1879), that the following surveyed alienated village has been classified under Class III for the purpose of determining the amount of the fine leviable under section 66 of the Land Revenue Code:—

Name of Village. Name of Táluka. Oganaj ... Daskroi.

Ahmedabad, Sháhibágh, 4th August 1909.

No. 3827.—Mr. Naranji Kuverji Mehta, B.A., is transferred from Sháhápur to Váda and is permitted to draw the Magisterial allowance attached to that place.

Mr. Jayaram Parshram Raje, Head Clerk to the Collector of Thána, is appointed to act as Mamlatdár of Sháhápur, pending further orders.

Ahmedabad, Shahibagh, 9th August 1909.

R. P. BARROW, Acting Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. R.-2422.—Mr. Balkrishna Ramchandra Deshmukha, B.A., Head Kárkún, táluka Sháháda (pay Rs. 50), is appointed to act, until further orders, as Mámlatdár of táluka Shirpur vice Mr. T. N. Atre, B.A., LL.B., who has been appointed to act as Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinte Judge, Párner.

G. CARMICHAEL,

Acting Commissioner, C. D.

Poona, 9th August 1909.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKA'RI.

No. 4834.—Mr. J. J. DeSouza, Sub-Inspector, Kumta and Ankola, Kánara District, on Rs. 40, was appointed substantive pro tem. Inspector, Shiráli Distillery, Kánara District, on Rs. 125, from the 26th February to the 14th May 1909 (both days inclusive) vice Mr. S. N. Udiawar, deceased on the 17th February 1909, vide Section II of the Commissioner's Notification No. 2768, dated the 31st April 1909.

Poona, 7th August 1909.

No. 4923.—Under paragraph 2 of section 6 of the Bombay A'bkári Act, 1878, and in virtue of the authority delegated to him by Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 6590, dated the 22nd September 1902, the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and A'bkári hereby invests the Mámlatdár of Chándor, Násik District, and in his absence the Head Kárkún, with powers to issue under ection 16 of the A'bkári Act, 1878, short term censes for the sale of foreign liquor at Manmád.

Poona, 10th August 1909.

W. W. DREW, Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and A'bkári.

BY DISTRICT JUDGES.

No. 1332.—Under section 40 of the Civil Courts' Act of 1869 (as amended by Act I of 1900), Mr. Bapu Kashinath Kanade is appointed to act as Clerk of the Court of the Sub-Judge's Court at Khed during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Keshav Atmaram Hajirnis.

C. A. KINCAID, District Judge, Poona.

Poona, 10th August 1909.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

No. 4639.—The Revenue Sub-Divisions having been redistributed with effect from 1st August 1909, the Magisterial Sub-Divisions will, with effect from the same date, be formed as under:—

Tálukas.		Magistrate in charge of Sub-Division.
 Bijápur Muddebihál Bágevádi	} C. D.	Mr. K. B. Moghe, District Deputy Collector.
Bágalkot Hungund Bádámi	}s. d.	Mr. J. H. Garrett, I. C. S., Assistant Collector.
Indi Sindgi	} N. D.	Mr. V. B. Mardhekar, M.A., District Deputy Collector.

W. C. SHEPHERD, District Magistrate, Bijápur.

Bijápur, 4th August 1909.

No. 5946.—Under the authority delegated by Government Notification No. 1405, dated the 23rd February 1900, Judicial Department, the District Magistrate, Dhárwár, appoints from 22nd July 1909, afternoon, Mr. G. S. Hardy, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate, First Class, Dhárwár, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate, II Division, Phárwár, comprising the tálukas of Ránebennur, Karajgi, Kod and Hángal under section 13 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

C. W. M. HUDSON, District Magistrate, Dhárwar.

Dhárwár, 4th August 1909.

No. Gen.-1706.—For the purposes of Government Resolution No. 3331 of the 29th August 1906, Financial Department, the village of Andheri in the Sálsette Táluka is declared to have been plague-infected from the 1st July 1909.

J. L. RIEU, District Magistrate, Thána. Thána, 5th August 1909.

No. 4678.—Mr. H. R. Kulkarni, B.A., LL.B., Acting Head Kárkún, Kárwár Táluka, who is a Magistrate of the Third Class, by virtue of that office, under the provisions of Government Resolution No. 2333, dated 20th April 1899, Judicial Department, is invested with the following additional powers under the Criminal Procedure Code:—

- (1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetition of nuisances (section 143, Criminal Procedure Code).
- (2) Power to make orders under section 144, Criminal Procedure Code.
- (3) Power to hold inquests under section 174, Criminal Procedure Code.
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offence upon complaint and upon police reports under section 190 (a) and (b), Criminal Procedure Code.

G. MONTEATH,
District Magistrate, Kánara.
Kárvár, 6th August 1909.

BY COLLECTORS.

No. 4483.—Captain T. D. W. Gillespie and Mr. H. J. McCormack respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Superintendent, Pánchgani, on the 3rd August 1909, in the forenoon.

A. R. BONUS, Collector of Sátára.

Sátára, 7th August 1909.

BY THE REGISTRAR, CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

No. 1827.—Erratum.—Substitute 'ಹೊಂಬಳ' for 'ಹೊಂಗಳ' a misprint appearing in by-laws 1 and 4 of the by-laws of the Hombal Rural Co-operative Credit Society, published under this office Notification No. 1677 in the *Bombay* Government Gazette dated the 22nd July 1909.

Poona, 4th August 1909.

No. 181.—Under Rule 3 of the rules framed by the Local Government under the Cooperative Credit Societies' Act (X of 1904), the Registrar hereby notifies that the Ahmednagar Urban Co-operative Credit Society, Limited, Ahmednagar, táluka Ahmednagar, district Ahmednagar, has been registered under section 6 (2) of the said Act.

Poona, 9th August 1909.

No. 1871.—The following by-laws of the Sansek Rural Co-operative Credit Society, Unlimited, registered under the Co-operative Credit Societies' Act (X of 1904), vide this office Notification No. 168 of 1st May 1909 in the Bombay Government Gazette dated 6th May 1909, are published for general information:—

By-laws of the Sansek Rural Co-operative Credit Society, Unlimited.

સાંસેક ગામડાની પરસ્પર સહાયકારી શાખવાળી મંડળીના પેટા કાયદા.

નામ.

- ૧. (૧) નામ સાંસેક ગામડાની પરસ્પર સહાયકારી શાખવાળી મંડળી, અનલીમીટેડ.
 - (૨) ઠેકાણું સાંસેક તાલુકે એારપાડ, જીલ્લે સુરત.

ઉદ્દેશ.

ર. ઉદ્દેશ—સભાસદાને વ્યાજે ધીરવા માટે પૈસા મેળવવાના.

સભાસદપહું.

- (૧) કમિટીએ પસંદ કરેલા સભાસદા સાંસેક અને બળક્સ એમાંના એક ગામના રહીશ હાવા જોઇએ.
 - (૨) દરેક સબાસદોને મત આપવાની સત્તા છે, અને તે મંડળીના હિસાભ તપાસી શકશે.
 - (૩) સઘળા સભાસદા મંડળીના તમામ દેવા માટે એકત્રરીતે તથા જીદી જીદી રીતે સરખા જવાયદાર છે.
 - (૪) સભાસદ (તેની પાસે મંડળી નું કંઈ લેલ્યું ના હોય તેા) રાજીનામું આપી શકશે, તેમજ મંડળી સભાસદને દુર કરી શકશે.

ભાં રાળ.

- ૪. (૧) નાચે લખેલા પ્રકારે કનિટી ભ³ડાળ લ્લું કરી શકરો :—
 - (૧) ઉધરાણાયી.
 - (ર) થાપણાથી.
 - (૩) કર્જે કાઢીને.

<u>રજીસ્ટ્રાર સાહેખની સંમતિ શિવાય ત્રો ન પ્રકારે મેળવેલી રકમ રા. ૫૦૦૦) કરતાં વધુ થઇ શકરો નહિ.</u>

(૨) સભાસદાને વ્યાજે ધીરવા અને શિલક વ્યાજે રાકવા માટે કમિટી જવાબદાર છે.

સાધારણ સભાચ્યા.

પ. સભામદાએ અધિકારીએા (જેમને મંડળી કોઇપણ વખતે દૂર કરી શકશે) નીમવા અને સરવાયું પહાલ કરવા સમાં એાઇમાં એાઇફ એકવાર મળવું જોઇએ. ६. એકંદર સંખ્યાના ત્રણ્યતુર્થાશ અથવા ૩૦ સભાસદો, આમાંની જે સંખ્યા એાછી હોય તે સંખ્યાનું ક્રોરમ થએેલું મુણાશે.

વિશેષ (કાર્સ્ટીંગ) મતની સત્તા સહિત અધ્યક્ષ ચુંટી શકાશે.

કસિટી.

 કમિટી (ત્રણ સભાસદા કરતાં ઓછા નહીં એટલા સભાસદાની) મંડળીના પેટા કાયદા અને ઠરાવ ભરહુકમ મંડળીની તમામ સત્તાના ઉપભાગ કરશે.

કર્જ.

- મંડળી બીજો દર નક\ કરે ત્યાંસુધી મંડળીએ આપેલા કર્જ ઉપર વ્યાજના દર માસે દર રા. દાઢ પાઇ કરતાં એાએ! હાેરો નહિ, અને વ્યાજના દર બદલવા માટે મેહેરબાન રજીચ્ટ્રાર સાહેબની પહેલી પરવાનગી મેળવવી જોઇએ.
 - કે મુલાલ મુજબ લેહેણી રકમ પાછી નહી ભરનાર પાસેથી ચક્રવૃદ્ધી વ્યાજ લેવામાં આવશે.

હિસાબા.

- ૧૦. રજીરફાર સાહેએ નમુના તરીકે બહાર પાડેલાં કારમામાં હિસાળ રાખવામાં આવશે.
- ૧૧. વાર્ષિક સરવાયા માટે પંદરમી જીલાઈ એ છેવટની તારીખ ગણાશે.

સુધારા.

૧૮. પેટા કાયદામાં ફેરફાર કરવા માટે કમિટીએ ૨૦ દીવશ અગાઉ વીગતવાર તોડીસ આપી સાધારણ સભા ભરવાની જરૂર છે.

તારીખ.

પા. **તરાતમ વહારા** અતે બીજા ચાદ આસામીયા.

No. 1872.—The following by-laws of the Adajan Rural Co-operative Credit Society, Unlimited, registered under the Co-operative Credit Societies' Act (X of 1904), vide this office Notification No. 179 of 23rd July 1909 in the Bombay Government Gazette dated 29th July 1909, are published for general information:—

By-laws of the Adajan Rural Co-operative Credit Society, Unlimited.

અડાજણ ગામડાની પરસ્પર સહાયકારી શાધ્યવાળી મંડળીના પેટા કાયદા.

નામ.

- 1. (૧) નામ અડાજણ ગામડાની પરસ્પર સહાયકારી શાખવાળી મંડળી, અનલીમીટેડ.
 - (૨) દેકાણું અડાજાયુ, તાલુકે ચારાશી, જીલ્લા સુરત.

ઉદ્દેશ.

ર. ઉદ્દેશ—સભાસદાને વ્યાજે ધીરવા માટે પૈસા મેળવવાના.

સભાસદ પછું.

- (૧) કમિટીએ પસંદ કરેલા સભાસદો અહજણ ગામના રહીશ દોવા જોઈએ.
 - (૨) દરેક સભાસદાને મત આપવાની સત્તા છે, અને તે મંડળીના હિસાય તપાસી શકશે.
 - (૩) સલળા સબાસદા મંડળીના તમામ દેવા માટે એકત્રરીતે તથા જીદી જીદી રીતે સરખા જવાયદાર છે.

(૪) સભાસદ (તેની પાસે મંડળીતું કંઇ લેહું ના હોય તેા) રાજીનામું આપી શકશે, તેમજ મંડળી સભાસદને દુર કરી શકશે.

ભાં 3ાળ.

- ૪. (૧) નીચે લખેલા પ્રકારે કમિટી બ`ડાળ ઉભું કરી શકશે :
 - (૧) ઉધરાણાયી.
 - (૨) યાપણાયી.
 - (3) કર્જે કાઢીને.

રજીસ્ટ્રાર સાહેવ્યની સંમતિ શિવાય ત્રીજા પ્રકારે મેળવેલી રકમ રા. ૧૦૦૦૦ દશ હજાર કરતાં વધુ થઈ શકશે નહિ.

(૨) સભાસદોને વ્યાજે ધીરવા અને શિલક વ્યાજે રાેકવા માટે કમિડી જવાબદાર છે.

સાધારણ સભાગ્યા.

- પ. સભાસદેાએ અધિકારીઓ (જેમને મંડળી કાેઇપણ વખતે દુર કરી શકશે) નીમવા અને સરવાયું ખહાલ <mark>કરવા</mark> માટે વરસમાં એાછામાં એાછું એકવાર મળતું જોઇએ.
- એકંદર સંખ્યાના ત્રલ્યતુર્થાશ અથવા ૩૦ સભાસદો, આમાંની જે સંખ્યા એાછી હોય તે સંખ્યાનું કે કારમ થએહું ગણારો.

વિશેષ (કાર્સ્ટીંગ) મતની સત્તા સહિત અધ્યક્ષ ચુંડી શકાશે.

કમિટી.

૭. કમિટી (ત્રણુ સબાસદો કરતાં ઓછા નહ ચિંગેટલા સબાસદોની) મંડળીના પેટા કાયદા અને ઠરાવ ભરહુકમ મંડળીની તમામ સત્તાના ઉપભાગ કરશે.

કજ.

- ૮. મંડળી ખીજો દર નકી કરે ત્યાંસુધી મંડળીએ આપેલા કર્જ ઉપર વ્યાજનો દર દર માસે દર રા. ટાઢ પાઈ કરતાં ઓછા હોશે નહિ. અને વ્યાજનો દર બદલવા માટે મેહેરબાન રજીસ્ટ્રાર સાહેબની પેહેલી પરવાનગી મેળવવી જોઇએ.
 - હ. કણુલાત મુજબ લેહેણી રકમ પાછી નહીં ભરનાર પાસેથી ચક્રવૃહી વ્યાજ લેવામાં આવશે.

હિસાબા.

- 🤋 . રજીસ્ટ્રાર સાહેખે નમુના તરીકે ખહાર પાડેલાં કારમામાં હિસાળ રાખવામાં આવશે.
- ૧૧. વાર્ષિક સરવાયા માટે પંદરમી જીલાઇ એ છેવટની તારીખ ગણાશે,

સુધારા.

૧૨. પેટા કાયદામાં ફેરફાર કરવા માટે કમિટીએ ૨૦ દીવશ અગાલ વીગતવાર તેાડીશ આપી સાધારણ સમા ભરવાની જરૂર છે.

તારીખ.

૧. ઈછારામ દલા સહી દા. પાતે અને બીજા પીશતાળીશ આસામીયા.

C. S. CAMPBELL,

Registrar, Co-operative Credit Societies, Bombay Presidency.

Camp Poona, 6th August 1909.

BY CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

NORTHERN CIRCLE.

No. 1407.—Dr. N. Gustasp, Ph.D., Assistant Conservator of Forests, delivered over and Mr. R. K. Kanitkar, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Fourth Grade, received charge of the office of the Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans, N. C., in the forenoon of the 4th August 1909.

G. P. MILLETT, Conservator of Forests, N. C. Båndra, 5th August 1909.

BY SUPERINTENDING ENGINEERS. NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 6712.—Erratum.—In this office Notification No. 6509, dated the 31st July 1909, printed at page 1432, Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette dated the 5th idem, in the 7th line, for "P. J. Fitz-Gibbon" read "G. McC. Harrison."

G. McC. HARRISON, Superintending Engineer, N. D. Bombay, 5th August 1909.

BY THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

No. 5157.—Mr. Munshi Shaikh Sardar, First Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholápur (pay Rs. 125), was in charge of the office of the Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholápur, in addition to his own duties, from 4th to 11th July 1909, both days inclusive. He is granted charge allowance during this period not exceeding one-tenth of the pay of the office.

W. H. SHARP,
Director of Public Instruction.
Poona, 7th August 1909.

BY THE TA'LUKDA'RI SETTLE-MENT OFFICER, GUJARA'T. Notice.

No. 1114.—Inasmuch as the estates of the undermentioned Tálukdárs have been taken under management by me under section 28 of Bombay Act VI of 1888 with the sanction of the Governor in Council, I hereby give notice under section 29-B of Bombay Act VI of 1888 inserted by section 4 of Bombay Act II of 1905, to all who have any claims against the said Tálukdárs or their property, that all such

claims must be submitted to me in writing within six calendar months from the date of the publication of this notice in the Bombay Government Gazette. Any claim not submitted in compliance with this notice shall be deemed for all purposes and on all occasions, whether during the continuance of the management or afterwards, to have been duly discharged, unless the claimant's inability duly to comply with this notice is proved to my satisfaction or to that of any Court in which the claimant may institute a suit:—

ins	titute a suit:—	के के महिल्ला में हैं।
No.	Name of Estate.	Names of Tálukdárs.
101	Dhandhuka Taluka.	
1	Dhanála	Dansing Gopalji, Karansing Gopalji and Bai Jasuba widow of Devising Chan-
2	Jhinjher	dansang. Narsangji Rawabhai, Bhaga- watsing Jethibhai, Umed- sing Nathubhai and Anop-
	is of production	sing Fatesang (minor by his guardian his mother Muliba, widow of Fatesang Ramabhai). Mansur Golad and Vasta
3	Nagadka	Godad (minor by his guardian his brother Mansur Godad).
5.	Do Mota Trádia	Haka Dada. Kalubhai Faljibhai and Gagubhai Haribhai.
	Gogha Táluka.	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY
6	Malekwadar	Govindsang Khengabhai.
	Viramgam Taluka.	
7	Derwala	Akhabhai Devkaranji, He- matsing Patabhai, Abhe-
8	Do	sang Bhaiji and Harisang Bhaiji. Mansing Devaji and Chadan- sang Jaswatsing (minor by his guardian his mother
9	Do	Bai Dhanuba). Devkaranji Becharji, Dhir-
	SEE SEE SEE WAS I	sangji Vakhatsingji, Alu- bhai Hathibhai, Merubha Khengarji and Harbhamji
10	Do	Gulabsang. Bhagawatsing Bhavan (minor by his guardian Bai Shaba).
	A'mod Tâluka.	
11 12	A'mod Kerwada	Jaswatsing Fatesing. Gulabsang Abhesang and Madhavsang Amirsang.
	Borsad Taluka.	
18	Dehowan	Takhatsing Parbhatsing.
100	Thásra Táluka.	
14	Jorápura	Andarsang Vakabhai and Gajabhai Vakabhai.
15	Do	Ratabhai Kebrabhai, Sukha- bhai Kehrabhai and Khoda- bhai Kehrabhai.

P. R. MEHTA, Acting Tálukdári Settlement Officer, Gujarát. Ahmedabad, 5th August 1909.

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માટા ત્રાડીયા

નાટી હા. નંખર. એસ્ટેટનું નામ. તાલુકદારનું નામ. नीये ज्ञावेसा तासुक्रहारानी अस्टेटा नामहार गवर्नर ગાયા તાલુકા. ઈન્ કાઉન્સીલની મંજારીથી મુંબઈના સને ૧૮૮૮ ના છઠ્ઠા भक्षेत्र वहर ... ગાવીંદસંગ ખેંગાભાઇ. એક્ટની કલમ ૨૮ની રૂએ અમાેએ વહીવટમાં લીધી છે, વીરમગામ તાલકા. સળળ મુંબઈના સને ૧૮૮૮ ના છઠ્ઠા એક્ટની ૨૯ (ખી) ક્લમ (સતે ૧૯૦૫ ના એક્ટ ખીજાની કલમ ૪ યી સુધર્યા અખાભાઇ દેવકરણુછ, હેમ-ડેરવાલા ... પ્રમાણે) સુજબ સદરહુ તાલુકદારા અથવા તેમની મિલકત તસંગ પાતાભાઈ, અબે-સંગ ભાઈજી અને હરી-હપર જે સર્વેતે કંઈ દાવા હશે તેમને આથી નાેડીસ આપવામાં સંગ ભાઈજી. આવે છે કે આ તાડીસ સરકારી ગેઝીડમાં પ્રસિદ્ધ થાય તે તારી ખરી છ મહિનાની દરમિયાન એવા તમામ દાત્રા લેખીત માનસીંગ દેવાછ અને ચંદન-1 સંગ જસવતસીંગ (સગી-અમારી આગળ રજુ કરવા જોઈએ. જો કાેઇપણ દાવા રની વાલી તેની મા બાઇ ચ્યા નાેડીસની રૂચ્ચે અમારી આગળ રજી ન થયાે તાે, કાંતાે ધતુળા). તે દાવા કરનારે સ'તાષકારકરીતે અમને અયવા જે हेवडर७७ भेयर७, धीरसं-કાઈ કાર્ટમાં તે સંખંધી દાવા કરે તે કાર્ટને સંતાપકારકરીતે 6 ગજી વખતસીંગજી, અલુ-સાળીત કરી આપતું પડશે કે આ નાેડીસ પ્રમાણે અબલ ભાઈ હડીભાઇ, મેરૂબા કરવાને તે અશકત હતા, નહીકર તે દાવા સર્વપ્રકારે અને ખેંગારજ અને હરભમજ -સર્વપ્રસંગે વહિવટ દરમીયાન અથવા તે પછી પૃરેષુરા ચુકા ગુલાળસંગ. ગયેલા ગણારો. ભગવતસીંગ ભવાન (સગી-90 22 ે રની વાલી બાઈ શાળા). નંગર. એસ્ટેટનું નામ. તાલુકદારનું નામ. આમાદ તાલુકા. આમાદ ... जसवतसींग इतेसींग. વેંધુકા તાલુકા. **કે**રવાડા ... ગુલાળસંગ અનેસંગ અને 92 માધવસંગ અમીરસંગ. ૧ ધનાલા દાનસીંગ ગાપાલછ, કરણ-સીંગ ગાપાલજી અને બાઇ બારશદ તાલુકા. જસુષા દેવીસીગ ચંદન-સંગની વીધવા. તખતસીંગ પરબાતમીંગ. દેહેવાણ ... 93 ઝીં ઝર ... નારસ ગજી રવાભાઈ, ભગવ-ઠાસરા તાલુકા. તર્સીંગ જેઠાભાઈ, ઉમેદ-અંદરસંગ વકાભાઇ અને ગજા-<u>જોરાપુરા</u> ર્સીંગ નથુભાઇ અને અના-ભાઈ વકાભાઈ. પસીંગ કૃતેસંગ (સગીરની વાલી તેની મા ખાઈ મુલી-94 રતાભાઈ કેહરાભાઇ, સુખા-ળા કતેસંગ રામાઆઇની બાઇ કેહરાભાઈ અને વીધવા. ખાડાભાઇ કેહરાભાઈ. માનસુર ગાદક અને વસ્તા નાગડકા ... ગાદડ (સગીરના વાલી તેના P. R. MEHTA. ભાઇ મનસુર ગાદડ).

એકર્ટીંગ તાલુકદારી સેટલમેન્ટ એારીસર, ગુજરાત.

મુ. અમદાળાદ,

તારી ખ પ માહે એાગસ્ટ સને ૧૯૦૯.

BOMBAY: PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.

હકા દાદા.

કાલુભાઈ ક્લજીભાઇ અને ગયભાઈ હરીભાઇ.