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PART I.

**GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.
NOTIFICATIONS.**

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 29.—The following notification by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry is republished with reference to Government Notification No. 21, dated 21st September 1909 :—

“TELEGRAPHS.

No. 8242, dated Simla, the 1st November 1909.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alteration shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 6975—137, dated the 16th September 1909 :—

In rule 86 for the words ‘State telegrams will be redirected free’ the following shall be substituted :

‘State telegrams addressed to Officers of Government, either by official designation or name, and Private telegrams addressed to such officers by official designation only, will be redirected free.’

(Signed) B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. L. CAMERON,
Secretary to Government,

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st November 1909.

No. 7177.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 of the Perim Pearl Fishery Regulation No. II of 1908, the Political Resident, Aden, with the previous sanction of the Government of Bombay, makes the following rules for regulating the pearl fisheries in Perim:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Perim Pearl Fishery Rules, 1909.
2. In these rules

(a) "Pearl fishing" means collecting pearl and mother of pearl shell.

(b) "Block" means an area of sea and the land under it within which the right of pearl fishing may be disposed of under these rules.

3. Pearl Fishing Licenses may be granted for one or more years, commencing from such date and subject to the payment of such rent and royalty as the Resident may determine under the general control of Government: Provided that no pearl fishing of any description shall be carried on between the first day of June and the last day of September or such other period as may be determined by the Political Resident and entered in the terms of the license.

4. The Resident may either grant a license for the whole fishing area within the territorial waters of Perim, or may divide it into blocks and license the right of pearl fishing in one or more blocks as he may deem expedient.

NOTE.—When the area is divided into blocks, the limits of each block shall be marked on a chart, which shall be deposited in the office of the Assistant Resident, Perim, and a copy of which shall be given to the licensee. At the points where the limits of each block touch the land, if natural objects are not sufficient to mark the points, cairns of stones shall be erected.

5. The licenses shall be disposed of, under the orders of the Resident, by the Treasury Officer at Aden either by inviting tenders or by public auction.

6. The date and place of receiving tenders or of sale by auction shall be published at Aden and Perim in such manner as the Resident may deem sufficient at least one month before the date fixed. The conditions of the license shall, if possible, be specified in the advertisement or read out before the sale.

7. The Treasury Officer under the orders of the Resident may require any person wishing to tender or bid at the auction to deposit such sum of money as he thinks fit, or may exclude any person from the auction or may refuse to accept any bid or tender without assigning any reason to the bidder, but he shall record his reasons in a confidential memorandum for the information of the Resident. The deposits of persons whose tenders or bids are not accepted shall be returned to them not later than ten days after the tender or bid is accepted.

8. An upset rent and royalty shall ordinarily be fixed by the Treasury Officer subject to the approval of the Resident. It shall not be necessary to specify the upset rent in the advertisement above mentioned.

9. Except as provided in the foregoing rules, the license shall be granted to the bidder or tenderer who offers the highest rent and royalty.

10. The successful bidder or tenderer before the license is granted to him shall pay such earnest money not exceeding 20 per cent. of the annual rent offered by him and furnish such security as may be demanded by the Resident for the due performance of the conditions of the license and the payment of rent and royalty.

Any sum deposited under rule 7 shall be credited as earnest money or part thereof; and if it is more than the earnest money, the balance shall be credited as part of the first instalment.

11. If the successful bidder or tenderer fail to pay the earnest money and give the required security, a fresh auction may be held or the license given to the next successful tenderer. The original tenderer will, however, forfeit the deposit money and will be liable to be excluded from future auctions.

12. (a) The Political Resident may cancel any license granted under these rules—

(1) if such license has been obtained by any dishonest, fraudulent, or illegal means, including combinations to procure abstention from tendering or bidding, whether money has been paid as an inducement to so abstain or not;

(2) if the licensee fail to pay any sum due under the license on the date fixed therein or on such subsequent day as may be permitted by the Resident in exceptional cases, or to comply with and perform any of the conditions under which it is held or of any of the rules applicable to such license or fishery;

(3) if the licensee fails to execute or cause to be executed a further security bond to the satisfaction of the Resident whenever required to do so under rule 15 (6);

(4) if the licensee, one of several licensees, any sub-tenant or other person working in the fishery is, during the currency of the license, convicted of any offence punishable by fine or otherwise under any law or rule relating to the Perim pearl fishery;

(5) if, when there are more licensees than one, disputes arise among the licensees of such a nature as, in the opinion of the Political Resident, are likely to be detrimental to the proper working of the fishery;

(6) If a license is cancelled under this rule, the licensee shall not be entitled to the refund of any payments previously made by him or to any compensation for the loss or damages sustained by him by the cancellation of the license. The license may be again disposed of by the Political Resident for the unexpired portion of the original term in the manner provided for in these rules and except in the case mentioned in clause (5), the *ex*-licensee may be called upon to make good to Government any loss arising on the disposal during that term:

Provided always that no license shall be cancelled under this rule until notice shall have been served upon the licensee (or if there are more licensees than one, then upon one of them), either personally or by affixing the same to his house or (if that cannot be found) upon some public spot adjacent to the fishery, calling upon him within 30 days from the service of such notice to show cause why such license should not be cancelled:

Provided also that on any failure to pay any sum due under the license, the Political Resident may by a peremptory written order stop the working of the fishery pending service of the above-named notice and unless and until cause is shown to the satisfaction of the Political Resident why the license should not be cancelled, such order being served in the manner prescribed for the service of the said notice.

13. On the application of the licensee the Political Resident may cancel any lease or grant a total or partial remission of any sums payable under the terms of the license on his being satisfied that the licensee has sustained a loss from causes beyond his control.

14. All payments to be made to Government under these rules shall be made by the person liable to the payment into the Government Treasury at Aden.

15. The license shall be in such form as the Resident may determine and shall contain any or all of the following and such other conditions as he may deem necessary:—

(1) The Assistant Resident, Perim, or any other officer or person duly authorised by the Political Resident in that behalf, shall have free access at all times to any places on land or at sea, where any pearls, pearl shells or pearl fishing apparatus may be lying or may be believed to be lying, or any operations connected with pearl fishing be carried on.

(2) The licensee shall keep complete and regular accounts of the business in such form as may be directed by the Political Resident and shall submit them upon demand to the Assistant Resident at Perim, and shall submit to him regular annual profit and loss accounts of the pearl fishing business.

(3) No mother of pearl shells and pearls collected shall be removed by licensees before they are inspected and passed by the Assistant Resident, Perim.

(4) No mother of pearl shall be taken which measures less than 5½ inches from hinge to lip, the measurements being taken at right angles to the hinge and as far as the outer edge of the lip. If any shell be brought up and found to be undersized, it shall at once be returned to the water unopened.

(5) All persons in whose names a license is granted shall be jointly and severally liable and responsible for the due payment of the rent and royalty and the performance by themselves, their servants and agents of all the terms and conditions to which it is subject: And shall be liable to pay such sum as the Resident may direct, not exceeding 5 per cent. of the sum in arrear, for each day or part of a day during which the rent or royalty is in arrear.

(6) The Political Resident shall from time to time test or cause to be tested the value of the security given for future instalments of rent and royalty and if at any time he finds such security to be insufficient, he may require the licensee to furnish further security within a time to be fixed by him.

(7) Upon the death of a sole licensee or of the survivor of two or more joint licensees his heirs or other legal representatives shall be entitled to succeed as licensees, provided that they shall within 15 days after his death apply to the Political Resident to be admitted in the place of the deceased, and provided that

they are approved of by the Political Resident as persons qualified under these rules to purchase the license. They may give notice that they desire to relinquish the license at the expiration of the then current year thereof, and may be admitted subject to such notice.

(8) If, in the case of any application made under the last preceding clause, the applicants are not approved of by the Political Resident as persons qualified to purchase the license, it shall nevertheless be competent to him to admit them in place of the deceased, subject to the condition that the license shall terminate at the expiration of the then current year thereof.

(9) If no such application as is mentioned in clause (7) of this rule is made, or if, being made, the applicants are not admitted by the Political Resident in place of the deceased, the remainder of the term of the license shall be disposed of.

(10) A license shall be in no way transferable except with the previous sanction of the Political Resident. The licensee may nevertheless sublet or permit any other person or persons to exercise, directly or indirectly, all or any of the rights which he holds under the license, but in such a case he shall be responsible for all the acts of such sub-licensee as if they had been done by himself. No licensee shall permit any person suffering from leprosy or any contagious disease to work in the fishery.

(11) Every licensee shall keep, and at the end or sooner termination of his term deliver up the fishing area or the block licensed to him (including the cairns or other marks indicating the limits of the fishery) in good order and condition. He shall also deliver up the expired license and the chart referred to in the note to rule 4.

(12) A licensee shall have no rights in or to the waters and land of the area licensed to him except such as are conferred by the terms of the license.

(13) The licensee shall register in the office of the Assistant Resident, Perim, the number of boats and pumps and the implements employed by him and shall not use any which are not so registered.

(14) An appeal from any order passed by the Assistant Resident, Perim, shall lie to the Political Resident, who shall, however, not be bound to accept it unless preferred within 30 days of the date of the Assistant Resident's order.

License under the Perim Pearl Fishery Regulation, 1908.

License is hereby granted to [here enter name of licensee] to fish for pearl or pearl shell in [here enter area, with reference to block or chart where necessary] for the period of

* See condition No. 2 on the reverse.

years* subject to the provisions of the above-

named Regulation and of the Rules for the time being in force thereunder and to the

† See conditions on the reverse.

conditions of this License.†

Dated the day of 19

Political Resident at Aden.

Conditions.

1. The following rent and royalty shall be payable at the Government Treasury at Aden for this license, namely—

[Here enter rent and royalty together with dates on which payable.]

2. No fishing for pearl or pearl shell shall be carried on between [here enter dates].

3. The Assistant Resident, Perim, or any other officer or person duly authorised by the Political Resident in that behalf, shall have free access at all times to any places on land or at sea, where any pearls, pearl shells or pearl fishing apparatus may be lying or may be believed to be lying, or any operations connected with pearl fishing be carried on.

4. The licensee shall keep complete and regular accounts of the business in such form as may be directed by the Political Resident, and shall submit them upon demand to the Assistant Resident at Perim, and shall submit to him regular annual profit and loss accounts of the pearl fishing business.

5. No mother of pearl shells and pearls collected shall be removed by licensees before they are inspected and passed by the Assistant Resident, Perim.

6. No mother of pearl shall be taken which measures less than 5½ inches from hinge to lip, the measurements being taken at right angles to the hinge and as far as the outer edge of the lip. If any shell be brought up and found to be under-sized, it shall at once be returned to the water unopened.

7. All persons in whose names a license is granted shall be jointly and severally liable and responsible for the due payment of the rent and royalty and the performance by themselves, their servants and agents of all the terms and conditions to which it is subject: And shall be liable to pay such sum as the Resident may direct, not exceeding 5 per cent. of the sum in arrear, for each day or part of a day during which the rent or royalty is in arrears.

8. The Political Resident shall from time to time test or cause to be tested the value of the security given for future instalments of rent and royalty and if at any time he finds such security to be insufficient, he may require the licensee to furnish further security within a time to be fixed by him.

9. Upon the death of a sole licensee, or of the survivor of two or more joint licensees, his heirs or other legal representatives shall be entitled to succeed as licensees, provided that they shall within 15 days after his death apply to the Political Resident to be admitted in the place of the deceased, and provided that they are approved of by the Political Resident as persons qualified under these rules to purchase the license. They may give notice that they desire to relinquish the license at the expiration of the then current year thereof, and may be admitted subject to such notice.

10. If, in the case of any application made under the last preceding condition, the applicants are not approved of by the Political Resident as persons qualified to purchase the license, it shall nevertheless be competent to him to admit them in place of the deceased, subject to the condition that the license shall terminate at the expiration of the then current year thereof.

11. If no such application as is mentioned in condition 9 is made, or, if, being made, the applicants are not admitted by the Political Resident in place of the deceased, the remainder of the term of the license shall be disposed of.

12. A license shall be in no way transferable except with the previous sanction of the Political Resident. The licensee may nevertheless sublet or permit any other person or persons to exercise, directly or indirectly, all or any of the rights which he holds under the license, but in such a case he shall be responsible for all the acts of such sub-licensee as if they had been done by himself. No licensee shall permit any person suffering from leprosy or any contagious disease to work in the fishery.

13. Every licensee shall keep, and at the end or sooner termination of his term deliver up the fishing area or the block licensed to him (including the cairns or other marks indicating the limits of the fishery) in good order and condition. He shall also deliver up the expired license and the chart.

14. A licensee shall have no rights in or to the waters and land of the area licensed to him except such as are conferred by the terms of the license.

15. The licensee shall register in the office of the Assistant Resident, Perim, the number of boats and pumps and the implements employed by him and shall not use any which are not so registered.

16. An appeal from any order passed by the Assistant Resident, Perim, shall lie to the Political Resident, who shall, however, not be bound to accept it unless preferred within 30 days of the date of the Assistant Resident's order.

17. The Political Resident may cancel this license in any of the following cases:—

(1) if such a license has been obtained by any dishonest, fraudulent, or illegal means, including combinations to procure abstention from tendering or bidding, whether money has been paid as an inducement to so abstain or not;

(2) if the licensee fail to pay any sum due under the license on the date fixed therein or on such subsequent day as may be permitted by the Resident in exceptional cases, or to comply with and perform any of the conditions under which it is held or of any of the rules applicable to such license or fishery;

(3) if the licensee fails to execute or cause to be executed a further security bond to the satisfaction of the Resident whenever required to do so under condition 8;

(4) if the licensee, one of several licensees, any sub-tenant or other person working in the fishery is, during the currency of the license, convicted of any offence punishable by fine or otherwise under any law or rule relating to the Perim pearl fishery;

(5) if, when there are more licensees than one, disputes arise among the licensees of such a nature as, in the opinion of the Political Resident, are likely to be detrimental to the proper working of the fishery;

(6) if a license is cancelled under this rule, the licensee shall not be entitled to the refund of any payments previously made by him or to any compensation for the loss or damages sustained by him by the cancellation of the license. The license may be again disposed of by the Political Resident for the unexpired portion of the original

term in the manner provided for in these rules and except in the case mentioned in clause (5), the *ex*-licensee may be called upon to make good to Government any loss arising on the disposal during that term:

Provided always that no license shall be cancelled under this condition until notice shall have been served upon the licensee (or if there are more licensees than one, then upon one of them), either personally or by affixing the same to his house or (if that cannot be found) upon some public spot adjacent to the fishery, calling upon him within 30 days from the service of such notice to show cause why such license should not be cancelled:

Provided also that on any failure to pay any sum due under the license, the Political Resident may by a peremptory written order stop the working of the fishery pending service of the above-named notice and unless and until cause is shown to the satisfaction of the Political Resident why the license should not be cancelled, such order being served in the manner prescribed for the service of the said notice.

NOTE.—Under section 6 (2) of the Regulation, any person wilfully doing any act in contravention of any of the conditions of the license is punishable on conviction with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1909.

No. 7346.—Gradation List of Officers serving in the Political Department for September 1909.

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the substantive appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of the acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of Appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
Agent to the Governor, Káthiáwár (1). Rs. 3,000, Political Agent.	1	Mr. C. H. A. Hill, C.I.E., I. C. S.	On privilege leave for 2 months and 28 days from 3rd July 1909.	Major F. deB. Hancock.	3rd July 1909.	
Political Agents, 1st Grade (3), Rs. 1,500.	1	Lieut.-Col. G. E. Hyde-Cates.	.....	Major F. W. Wodehouse.	22nd Apr 1909.	
	2	Lieut.-Col. H. M. Abud.	On furlough for 6 months from 22nd July 1909.	.....	.....
	3	Lieut.-Col. H. D. Merewether.	.....	.....	.....
Political Agents, 2nd Grade (3), Rs. 1,500.	1	Lieut.-Col. Davies. J.	On furlough for 13 months and 6 days from 10th September 1908.	Major H. F. Jacob.	15th June 1908.	
	2	Major F. W. Wodehouse.	Acting 1st Grade Political Agent.	Major J. W. B. Merewether.	4th July 1909.	On privilege leave for 5 months with furlough for 13 months from 9th July 1909.
	3	Mr. H. D. Rendall, I. C. S.	... ..	Major N. S. Coghill.	9th July 1909.	
Political Agents, 3rd Grade (2), Rs. 1,200.	1	Major H. F. Jacob.	Acting 2nd Grade Political Agent.	Major C. F. Harold.	5th May 1909.	
	2	Major J. W. B. Merewether.	Do. ...	Captain H. Harrison.	9th July 1909.	
Political Agents, 4th Grade (3), Rs. 1,000.	1	Major R. S. Tollinger.	On furlough for 17 months from 22nd June 1909.	Captain E. O'Brien.	22nd Apr. 1909.	
	2	Major F. deB. Hancock.	Acting Agent to the Governor, Káthiáwár.	Major H. W. Berthou.	5th May 1909.	
	3	Major W. Beale ...	On furlough for 12 months from 22nd January 1909.	Capt. W. M. P. Wood.	9th July 1909.	
Assistant Political Agents, 1st Grade (3), Rs. 800.	1	Major J. R. B. G. Carter.	On furlough for 4 months from 1st July 1909.	Captain H. S. Strong.	4th May 1909.	
	2	Major N. S. Coghill.	Acting 2nd Grade Political Agent.	Lieut. L. S. Fenton.	5th May 1909.	
	3	Major C. F. Harold.	Acting 3rd Grade Political Agent.	Lieut. C. C. J. Barrett.	9th July 1909.	

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of the acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of Appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
Assistant Political Agents, 2nd Grade (6), Rs. 600.	1	Captain H. Harrison.	Acting 3rd Grade Political Agent.	Lieut. A. S. Meek.	26th June 1908.	
	2	Captain E. O'Brien.	Acting 4th Grade Political Agent.	Lieut. J. C. Tate.	9th Apr. 1909.	
	3	Major T. A. F. R. Oldfield.	Assistant to the Resident at Baroda in the Okha Mandal District and Commandant, Wagbir Corps.	Lieut. L. E. Lang.	22nd Apr. 1909.	
	4	Major H. W. Berthon.	Acting 4th Grade Political Agent.	Vacant	4th May 1909.	
	5	Captain W. M. P. Wood.	Do.	Vacant	20th May 1909.	
	6	Major J. K. Coulson.	On furlough for 16 months from 2nd August 1909.	Vacant	9th July 1909.	
Assistant Political Agents, 3rd Grade (8), Rs. 500.	1	Captain H. S. Strong.	Acting 1st Grade Assistant Political Agent.	Vacant	.....
		Captain R. G. C. Burke.	Administrator, Sangli State.	.....	.....
	2	Captain A. H. E. Moase.	On furlough for 13 months from 19th September 1908.	Vacant	.....
	3	Lieut. I. S. Fenton.	Acting 1st Grade Assistant Political Agent.	Vacant	.....
	4	Lieut. C. C. J. Barrett.	Do.	Vacant	.....
	5	Lieut. A. S. Meek.	Acting 2nd Grade Assistant Political Agent.	Vacant	.....
	6	Lieut. B. R. Reilly.	Tutor and Companion to the Minor Chief of Sangli.	Vacant	.....
	7	Lieut. J. S. Tate	Acting 2nd Grade Assistant Political Agent.	Vacant	.....
8	Lieut. L. E. Lang	Do.	Vacant	.....	
Assistant Political Agent, 4th Grade (1), Rs. 450.	1	Lt. H. M. Wightwick.	.....	.....	.....
<i>Officers of India Civil Service in the Political Department drawing salary according to their standing in the Civil Service or the fixed pay of their Foreign Service appointments, if they hold any.</i>						
	1	Mr. F. W. Allison	Superintendent Managed Estates, Kathiawar.	.....	.....
	2	Mr. W. C. Tudor-Owen.	Administrator, Paltana State.	.....	.....
	3	Mr. J. Monteath	.....	.....	.....

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 7368.—His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord Minto, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E., Viceroy and Governor-General, accompanied by Her Excellency the Countess of Minto, is expected to arrive at the Victoria Terminus of the G. I. P. Railway in Bombay at 8-30 A.M. (Standard Time) on Wednesday, the 17th November 1909, and will be received on arrival with all the honours due to the Viceroy of India.

2. On His Excellency alighting from the train a salute of 31 guns will be fired. A Guard of Honour with Band and Colours will be drawn up at the station, and the road from the station to the Money School will be lined by troops of the Garrison. A Guard of Honour with Band and Colours will be drawn up at Government House, Malabar Point.

3. His Excellency will be received at the station by His Excellency the Governor, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, East Indies Squadron, the Chief Justice of Bombay, the Lord Bishop, the Members of Council, the General Officer Commanding Southern Army, the Judges of the High Court, the Chief Secretary to Government, the General Officer Commanding 6th (Poona) Division, the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, the Commissioners of Revenue and Customs, the Additional Members of the Council of His Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations, the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, the Roman Catholic Archbishop, the Archdeacon of Bombay, the General Officer Commanding Bombay Brigade, the Secretaries to Government, the Heads of Departments, Civil and Military, the Collector of Bombay, the President of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, the Naval Officers Commanding any of His Majesty's Ships in harbour (if able to attend on shore), Officers Commanding R. I. M. Ships in Harbour, Military Officers Commanding Regiments, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, and the Sheriff of Bombay, or by such of the above high officials as are then in the Presidency Town. A space marked A will be reserved for them.

4. The Consular Representatives of Foreign Governments are invited to be present on the occasion, and a space marked B will be reserved for them.

5. Native Chiefs who may be in Bombay are also invited to attend, and a special space will be reserved for them.

6. All other officers of His Majesty's Services, Civil, Naval, Military and the Royal Indian Marine and Officers belonging to Corps of Volunteers, then in Bombay, and not otherwise on duty, are desired to attend, and will be accommodated as far as space is available in block D.

7. The Public Works Department should be requested to issue instructions for the necessary arrangements being made at the Railway Station for His Excellency's arrival and for the adequate provision of space for those invited or desired to attend. The issue of tickets to the officials mentioned in paragraphs 3 and 4, and, on application, to Native Chiefs and the officials mentioned in paragraph 6, will be arranged by the Executive Engineer, Presidency. A limited space marked E and F will also be provided in the station for the accommodation of other ladies and gentlemen who may wish to be present, to which admission will also be by tickets, issued, on application, by the Executive Engineer, Presidency.

8. His Excellency will proceed to Government House, Malabar Point (through the lower gate), escorted by His Excellency's Body Guard and the Bombay Light Horse *via* Cruickshank Road, Kalbadevi Road, Parel Road, Grant Road, new Gamdevi Road, Chaupati, and Walkeshwar Road. No procession of carriages will be formed. The Commissioner of Police will maintain order and keep the streets clear.

9. Full dress will be worn by all officers of Government entitled to wear uniform and morning dress by all others.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 7387.—*Addendum*.—In this Department Notification No. 7203, dated the 2nd November 1909, printed at page 2076 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, dated the 4th November 1909, Part I, after the words "Resolution of the Government of Bombay No. 6265" insert the words "dated the 21st September 1909."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 30th October 1909.

No. 5628.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), is published as required by section 24, sub-section (1), of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 3rd day of January 1910.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Secretary to Government, General Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to amend the rules for the importation, possession and transport of petroleum in the Bombay Presidency, published in Government Notification in the General Department, No. 2572, dated the 18th May 1909, as follows :—

Amendments.

- (a) In the foot-note to rule 2 of Part III of the said rules, for the words "the Morbut Light Vessel" the words "a red light buoy showing *by night* two red lights 6 feet apart" shall be substituted; and
- (b) in the foot-note to rule 20 of the same part, for the words "Government Pier at Shaikh Othman" the words "Obstruction Pier near Barrier Gate" shall be substituted.

Bombay Castle, 2nd November 1909.

No. 5667.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), is published as required by section 24 of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 3rd day of January 1910.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Secretary to Government, General Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Governor in Council, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, is pleased to amend the rules under the said Act for the importation, possession and transport of petroleum in the Bombay Presidency, published in Government Notification in the General Department, No. 2572, dated the 18th May 1909, as follows :—

Amendments.

In conditions No. 17 endorsed on Form B and No. 15 on Form C respectively, referred to in rules 3 and 4 of Chapter IV of Part II of the said rules, for the words "an Inspector of Police" the words "a Sub-Inspector of Police or a European Police Sergeant" shall be substituted.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 5803.—The following notification by the Government of India, Army Department, is republished :—

"CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 1018, dated Simla, the 5th November 1909.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 25 and 26 of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), and in modification of the notification of the Government of India in the (late) Military Department No. 664,* dated the 16th June 1899, as subsequently amended, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Cantonment Code, 1899, namely :—

In section 167, the second proviso shall be omitted and in the two subsequent provisos for the words 'thirdly' and 'fourthly,' the words 'secondly' and 'thirdly' shall be substituted.

(Signed) R. I. SCALLON, Major-General,
Secretary to the Government of India."

* Published as an appendix to *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated the 29th June 1899.

No. 5804.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under the Indian Factories Act (Bill No. 3 of 1909) if and when the same shall become law, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 25th day of November 1909.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Secretary to Government, General Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 38, sub-section (2), clause (j), of the Indian Factories Act, 19 () of 19), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules providing for exemptions from the operation of sections 21, 28, 29 and 30 of the said Act, namely:—

Rules.

Exemptions from the operation of section 21.

I.—Nothing in section 21 shall apply to—

(a) work in the office, the boiler house or the engine room of any factory or repairs to the machinery in [or] any part of a factory;

(b) continuous processes in a tannery, sugar refinery, brewery, distillery, mineral oil refinery, cement works, chemical works or kilns connected with potteries.

II.—Nothing in section 28 shall apply to any Manager, Engineer or Foreman; or to any mechanic, artisan, fireman, or labourer employed in repairing or attending to engines, boilers, mill gearing and shafting, or other machinery.

Exemptions from the operation of section 28.

III.—Nothing in section 29 shall apply to any Manager, Engineer or Foreman; or to any mechanic, artisan, fireman or labourer employed in repairing or attending to engines, boilers, mill gearing and shafting, or other machinery.

Exemptions from the operation of section 29.

IV.—Nothing in section 30 shall apply to any auxiliary mechanical power when used for repairing or making any part of the machinery or any thing incidental thereto or for working hydraulic pumps to feed the boilers or to quench fires or for barring round the main engine in replacing driving ropes and belts.

Exemptions from the operation of section 30.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 1359-P.—The following notification by the Government of India is republished:—

“HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY—PLAGUE.

No. 1821, dated Simla, the 4th November 1909.

The following telegram is published for general information:

Telegram dated Pera, the 31st October 1909.

From—His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople;

To—His Excellency the Viceroy.

Two cases of plague reported at Adalia. Medical inspection imposed on arrivals at first Ottoman port of call.

(Signed) H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 1360-P.—The following notifications issued by the Government of Madras, Local and Municipal Department, are published for general information:—

“Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Kottur in the Kudligi taluq of the Bellary district, if pilgrims are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Karthikai festival:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits pilgrimage to the said festival from the 19th to the 31st December 1909, inclusive.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back.”

"Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Chidambaram in the Chidambaram taluq of the South Arcot district, if persons from the infected taluqs of the Coimbatore, Malabar, Nilgiri, Salem and South Canara district, the Mysore State and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Arudradarsanam festival.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival from the 13th to the 27th December 1909, inclusive, of persons from the said parts and further directs that between the said dates no tickets to travel by railway shall be sold at the stations of Singanallur, Podanur, Coimbatore, Tudyalur, Mettupalaiyam, Mangalore, Paighat, Olavakkot and Parli on the South Indian Railway, the stations of Gudupalli, Kuppam, Mulanur and Patchur on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway and the stations of Fern Hill and Ootacamund on the Nilgiri Railway for the stations of Alappakkam, Pudukattiram, Porto Novo, Killai, Chidambaram, Coleroon, Arasur and Shiyali on the South Indian Railway to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back."

"Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Trichinopoly and Srirangam in the Trichinopoly district, if persons from the infected taluqs of the Coimbatore, Malabar, Nilgiri, Salem and South Canara districts, the Mysore State and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit these towns on the occasion of the ensuing Srirangam Vaikunta Ekadasi festival :

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival from the 3rd December 1909 to the 1st January 1910, inclusive, of persons from the said parts, and further directs that between the said dates no tickets to travel by railway shall be sold at the stations of Gudupalli, Kuppam, Mulanur and Patchur on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, the stations of Singanallur, Podanur, Coimbatore, Tudyalur, Mettupalaiyam, Mangalore, Palghat, Olavakkot and Parli on the South Indian Railway and the stations of Fern Hill and Ootacamund on the Nilgiri Railway for the stations of Trichinopoly Junction, Trichinopoly, Palakarai, Trichinopoly Fort, Srirangam Road, Murungappettai, Tiruchandurai, Elamanur, Perugamani, Sholagampatti, Tiruverambur, Pungudi and Kolattur South on the South Indian Railway to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back."

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 1367-P.—The following notifications issued by the Government of Madras, Local and Municipal Department, are published for general information :—

"Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Ervadi in the Mudukulattur division of the Madura district, if persons from the infected taluqs of the Coimbatore, Malabar, Nilgiri, Salem and South Canara districts, the Bombay Presidency and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Santhanakudu festival :

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival from the 18th November to the 6th December 1909, inclusive, of persons from the said parts and further directs that between the said dates no tickets to travel by railway shall be sold at the stations of Gudupalli, Kuppam, Mulanur, and Patchur on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, the stations of Singanallur, Podanur, Coimbatore, Tudyalur, Mettupalaiyam, Mangalore, Palghat, Olavakkot and Parli on the South Indian Railway and the stations of Fern Hill and Ootacamund on the Nilgiri Railway for the stations of Madura, Madura East, Silaiman, Tiruppuvanam, Tiruppachetti, Muttanendal, Manamadura, Partibanur, Paramakkudi, Pandikanmoi, Sattirakkudi and Rannad on the South Indian Railway to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back."

"Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Moraba in the Kudligi taluq of the Bellary district, if pilgrims are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Virahadraswami Car festival :

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits pilgrimage to the said festival from the 8th to the 20th January 1910 inclusive.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back."

"Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Kumaraswami Hill in the Sandur State of the Bellary district, if pilgrims are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Krithika Sivayoga festival:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits pilgrimage to the said festival from the 19th November to the 2nd December 1909, inclusive.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back."

No. 1368.-p.—The following notification by the Government of India is published for general information:—

"HOME DEPARTMENT.
SANITARY—PLAGUE.

No. 1843, dated Simla, the 6th November 1909.

Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that the Ajmer city is visited by a severe outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease and that there is a danger of its spread, if pilgrims or other persons from the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), the United Provinces, the Punjab, the Central Provinces (including Berar), the Hyderabad State, Central India and the Jaipur, Mewar and Tonk States in Rajputana are permitted to assemble at or near Ajmer on the occasion of the ensuing Pushkar fair.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1) of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Ajmer, Tabiji, Saradhna, Mangaliawas, Madar, Ladpura, Akhri, Kharwa, Beawar, Sendra, Hatundi, Nasirabad, Bandanwara, Singawal and Barl on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway shall be sold from the 7th to the 30th November 1909 (both days inclusive) within the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), the United Provinces, the Punjab, the Central Provinces (including Berar), the Hyderabad State, Central India and the Jaipur, Mewar, and Tonk States in Rajputana to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Pushkar fair.

(Signed) H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

L. ROBERTSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th November 1909.

No. 78.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1884 (VI of 1884), is published as required by section 69 of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 3rd day of January 1910.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Secretary to Government, Marine Department, by any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 50 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1884 (VI of 1884), and in supersession of the rules published in Government Notification in the Marine Department No. 125, dated the 16th December 1891, the Governor in Council, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to make the following rules for the protection of inland steam-vessels from danger by explosion or fire:—

Rules.

1. Dangerous goods may be carried on board an inland steam-vessel on and subject to the following conditions:

- (a) It shall be the duty of the master of every inland steam-vessel to keep a copy of sections 48 and 49 of the Act posted up in some prominent place therein.
- (b) No person shall bring on board or remove from an inland steam-vessel any dangerous goods between sunset and sunrise;

provided that petroleum may be brought on board or removed from an inland steam-vessel between sunset and sunrise when electric light is exclusively used.

- (c) Every person bringing on board any dangerous goods shall, if so required by the master or any officer of the vessel, deliver up the same to the master of the vessel for safe custody.
- (d) No master of an inland steam-vessel shall allow any dangerous goods to be carried on board thereof except in a separate compartment provided for the storage thereof and rendered inaccessible during the voyage to the crew and passengers.
- (e) No person shall kindle or use any fire and no master or officer of an inland steam-vessel shall permit any fire to be kindled or used on any flat or steam-vessel while any dangerous goods are being taken in or discharged.
- (f) No master of an inland steam-vessel employed as a coasting vessel shall allow dangerous goods of the following descriptions to be carried on board thereof in excess of the quantities hereinbelow specified, that is to say :

- (1) Explosives as defined in section 4, sub-section (I), clauses (a) and (b) of the Indian Explosives Act, 1894. The quantities allowed in the case of a boat whilst carrying or plying for public passengers by Rule 12 of the rules to regulate the Transport and Importation of Explosives published in the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 4555-4, dated the 31st May 1907.
- (2) Petroleum as defined in section 2, clause (a) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 ... 5,000 gallons.
- (3) Sulphuric Acid ... 500 gallons.

(g) As regards explosives and petroleum all the provisions of Rule 12 of the rules to regulate the Transport and Importation of Explosives aforesaid and of Rule 11 of Part III of the Rules for the Importation, Possession and Transport of Petroleum in the Bombay Presidency published in Government Notification in the General Department, No. 2572, dated the 18th May 1909, shall apply respectively to explosives and petroleum carried on an inland steam-vessel employed as a coasting-vessel.

2. Before an inland steam-vessel proceeds on a voyage it shall be the duty of the master and of every officer thereof to have its cargo, and the cargo of any flat which it is intended to tow, safely stowed away, hay or other inflammable material being properly covered with tarpaulins or other sufficient protection.

3. No person shall use a naked light of any description in the hold or on the cargo deck of any inland steam-vessel. No person shall so use a closed light, except under the direction and supervision of an officer of the vessel.

4. No person shall make or use any fire on board an inland steam-vessel, and no master or officer of any such vessel shall permit the making or use of fire thereon, except in galleys or in regularly constructed fire-places.

5. (1) The owner of every inland steam-vessel shall provide and the master shall keep in efficient condition on board thereof the following apparatus for the purpose of extinguishing fires :

- (a) Hose sufficient to reach from the engines of the vessel to her stern and taffrail,
- (b) Fire-buckets in the proportion of not less than one for each of the crew.

(2) No master of an inland steam-vessel shall proceed on a voyage, unless the apparatus required by this rule is on board in efficient working order and in a position available for immediate use.

6. The master of every inland steam-vessel shall place an officer in charge of the fire-engines thereof. Such officer shall see that the fire-engines are always ready for immediate use.

7. It shall be the duty of the master of every inland steam-vessel to assign to each of the officers and crew a station to take up in case of fire and the duties each is in such contingency to perform.

8. Any person committing a breach of any of the foregoing rules shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

9. The provisions of Rule 1 regarding the delivery of dangerous goods to the Master of a vessel for safe custody and the carriage of dangerous goods in a suitably constructed storage compartment shall not apply in the case of explosives carried in the form of samples and in charge of an Inspector of Explosives.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

L. ROBERTSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd November 1909.

No. 6173.—It is hereby notified that the undermentioned convicts, who have escaped from Port Blair, are still at large, and that a reward of Rs. 100 will be paid by the Government of Bombay for information leading to the recapture of each of the convicts:—

Port Blair No. 30550—5.	Port Blair No. 30756—6.	Serial No.	Jail Register No.	Name of Prisoner.	Father's Name and Trade or Occupation.	Caste.	Religion.	Town or Village.	Pargana or Taluka.	District or Province.	Trade or Profession.	Whether able to read and write, and what language.	Crime.	Date of Sentence.	Period of Sentence.	Date of expiry of Sentence.	By what Court sentenced.	Age.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Cranial Measurements.	Personal Description.	Previous convictions with section of Penal Code or other Law, and date and period of Sentence.	Surgeon's Report.	Remarks.
4011.	4493.	1	3	Kunda.	Jwala—Cultivation.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Sections 380—75.	11th April 1908.	Life transportation—20 years.	10th April 1928.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	38	5	2	5	4	...	Wheat complexion, round face, ears bored, 1 cicatrix on back of right ear. 1 deep circular scar $\frac{1}{2}$ " above right forehead, one oval cicatrix in right rib 7" below right arm-joint.	1. 31st October 1884, section 457, 1 month. 2. 15th May 1889, section 224, 1½ years. 3. 29th October 1889, section 411, 2 years. 4. 10th January 1894, section 477, 1 year. 5. 28th February 1894, section 457, 2 years. 6. 18th January 1898, section 411, 5 years. 7. 26th August 1904, section 408, 2 years.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Lala.	Kunda.	2	3	Shey Ram—cultivator.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Sisola.	Misripur.	3	4	Jat.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Jani.	Kithaur.	4	5	Hindu.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Meerut.	Meerut.	5	6	Sisola.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Cultivation.	Cultivation.	6	7	Jani.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Illiterate.	Illiterate.	7	8	Meerut.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	Sections 380—75.	8	9	Cultivation.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Illiterate.	Illiterate.	9	10	Illiterate.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
8th October 1907.	11th April 1908.	10	11	Life transportation—20 years.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Life transportation.	Life transportation—20 years.	11	12	10th April 1928.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
7th October 1927.	10th April 1928.	12	13	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Sessions Judge, Meerut.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	13	14	22	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
22	38	14	15	5	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
5	5	15	16	4½	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
4½	2	16	17	5	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
5	5	17	18	9½	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
9½	4	18	19	...	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
...	...	19	20	...	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Wheat complexion, round face, ears bored, 1 cicatrix on back of right ear. 1 deep circular scar $\frac{1}{2}$ " above right forehead, one oval cicatrix in right rib 7" below right arm-joint.	20	21	...	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Nil.	1. 31st October 1884, section 457, 1 month. 2. 15th May 1889, section 224, 1½ years. 3. 29th October 1889, section 411, 2 years. 4. 10th January 1894, section 477, 1 year. 5. 28th February 1894, section 457, 2 years. 6. 18th January 1898, section 411, 5 years. 7. 26th August 1904, section 408, 2 years.	21	22	...	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Fit.	Fit.	22	23	...	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.
Escaped on the 14th September 1909.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.	23	24	...	Goshain.	Hindu.	Misripur.	Kithaur.	Meerut.	Cultivation.	Illiterate.	Illiterate.	Section 302, Indian Penal Code.	8th October 1907.	Life transportation.	7th October 1927.	Sessions Judge, Meerut.	22	5	4½	5	9½	...	Wheat complexion, ears bored, one scar on root of nose, left side; one black mole in front of left forearm; one cut mark on left index finger; two scars in front of right thigh; one scar on outer side of right leg, two scars in front of left knee.	Nil.	Fit.	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22						
Serial Number.	Jail Register Number.	Name of Prisoner.	Father's Name and Trade or Occupation.	Caste.	Religion.	Town or Village.	Native of what place.	Profession.	Trade or Profession.	Whether able to read and write, and what language.	Crime.	Date of Sentence.	Period of Sentence.	Date of expiry of Sentence.	By what Court sentenced.	Age.	Feet.	Inches.	Height.	Measurement from tip to tip of middle finger with arms extended at right angles to body.	Feet.	Inches.	Cranial Measurements.	Personal Description.	Previous convictions with section of Penal Code or other Law, and date and period of Sentence.	Surgeon's Report.	Remarks.
Port Blair No. 24554.	...	Rhote Khan.	Jawahir Khan—cultivator.	Mewati.	Mahomedan.	Pathari.	Bhilisa.	Qwalior.	Cultivator.	No.	Dacoity, section 395, Indian Penal Code.	18th December 1902.	Transportation for life.	...	The Political Agents in Bhopál.	30	5	2½	...	...	...	...	...	One large scar on right temple, one scar on forehead, one scar over right eye-brow, one large scar on left breast.	.....	.....	Escaped on the 14th September 1909.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1909.

No. 6268.

Enforcement of the regulations prescribed for the safety of the public at theatres and similar places of amusements: and additional precautions to be taken against fire in Cinematograph and other Exhibitions.

RESOLUTION OF GOVERNMENT.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has had occasion to examine the regulations prescribed for the safety of the public at theatres and similar places of amusement. On the whole they seem to him to be well adapted to this purpose. He is not, however, satisfied that they make adequate provision in the case of electric installations for lighting and other purposes, more especially when used in connection with Cinematograph Exhibitions.

2. The Commissioner of Police should accordingly be asked to draft conditions for embodiment in the licenses providing that every electrical installation shall be passed by the Government Electrical Inspector, and that, whatever the voltage, the Government Electrical Inspector shall be free to enter the premises at any time and make any inspection of the fittings he desires, and that the license shall be liable to instant revocation if, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Police, acting on the advice of the Electrical Inspector, the installation is at any time dangerous and the licensee does not take immediate steps to remedy the defects.

3. The danger from fire attending Cinematograph Exhibitions is notoriously great, and His Excellency the Governor in Council is doubtful whether even under the most stringent precautions they ought to be permitted in the flimsy erections which have been in evidence on the *Maidan* in recent years.

4. The Commissioner of Police is accordingly requested to obtain such expert advice as may be available on the point and submit his opinion and recommendation upon it. It would also seem desirable that fire extinguishers should be provided in working order and in sufficient numbers in all theatres and similar places of entertainment, and that it should be a condition of the licenses that some members of the staff shall be acquainted with their use, and that in the case of Cinematograph performances, wherever permitted, two such persons shall stand on each side of the lantern with extinguishers in their hands ready for instant use. The Commissioner of Police should submit his recommendations on these points.

5. The regulations are, subject to the additions suggested above, in themselves adequate, but His Excellency the Governor in Council has recently learnt that the action taken to ensure their rigid observance has been insufficient. He is accordingly pleased to direct that the Commissioner of Police should hold himself responsible that all theatres, circuses and similar places of entertainment are inspected once a fortnight while performances are being held.

6. In order that the police officers deputed for this duty may have the requisite technical advice at their disposal, the Presidency Engineer should be directed to lend the services of one of his subordinates, whenever required, for the purpose of a technical examination of the structural arrangements, and the Municipal Commissioner should be asked to arrange that the services of an officer of the Fire Brigade may similarly be lent for the examination of fire appliances.

7. It is understood that a police officer is invariably present at theatrical and similar performances. Henceforward it must be considered to be part of his duty to satisfy himself by actual test before each performance that every emergency exit is in working order, and that all doors open freely and open outwards.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. H. DUBOULAY,
Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st November 1909.

No. 2187.—With reference to Government Notification No. 1286,* dated 10th July 1907, publishing provisional regulations for the School Final Examination, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following should be substituted in Appendix C to that notification for the syllabus prescribed in II—Political Economy

* Printed at pages 1205—1213 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, dated 25th July 1907, Part I.

and XI—Short-hand and Type-writing:—

II.—SYLLABUS IN POLITICAL ECONOMY.

An elementary knowledge of Political Economy with simple practical application of its principles is required. Instruction in the subject should follow the lines, but in no way exceed the scope of such elementary works as F. A. Walker's "First Lessons in Political Economy," J. F. Syme's "A Short Text-Book of Political Economy" or any other book of a similar character.

XI.—SYLLABUS IN SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING.

I.—Taking down in Short-hand in ten minutes a passage of ordinary difficulty of 560 words and letter of 240 words dictated at the rate of 80 words a minute, and transcribing the same into long-hand; 1½ hours.

II.—Type-writing a letter of 200 words and a passage of 200 words taking out two or three carbon copies and type-writing a balance sheet or a tabular statement with not more than five columns; 1 hour.

N.B.—Schools must arrange for the supply of type-writers. At least one type-writer for every four candidates should be supplied.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

L. ROBERTSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th November 1909.

No. 10729.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Acts No. V of 1890 and No. V of 1901, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land in the Koregaon Taluka of the Sátara District, specified in the schedule hereto annexed, Reserved Forest :—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of village.	Survey No.	Area.
Banavdi ..	37	A. $\frac{7}{23}$ g.

2. The Forest Settlement Officer in charge of the taluka is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in the land.

No. 10767.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Port of Aden :—

1. In these rules the words "horse" and "diseased" have the same meaning as they have, respectively, in the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899, which Act is hereinafter referred to as "the Act."
2. (a) The Master of any vessel which arrives in the harbour with one or more horses on board, shall give information thereof to the Pilot in charge and shall hoist the special Signal flag—International Code Flag H—and shall keep it flying until he is informed by the Veterinary Inspecting Officer that the horses are not diseased.
- (b) The Master of any Native sailing vessel which arrives in the harbour with one or more horses on board shall give information thereof to the Police officer who boards the vessel on his arrival, and shall on no account land the horses until he is informed that they are not diseased.
3. The Pilot shall deliver to the Master a printed copy of sections 2, 10 and 11 of the Act, and the Master shall give such copy to the owner or person in charge of the horse or horses.
4. If the Pilot in charge or any officer of Police who goes on board the vessel, has reason to believe that the horse or any of the horses on board is diseased, he shall at once give information thereof
 - (a) to the Master of the vessel,
 - (b) to the Harbour Police Inspector on duty, and
 - (c) to the Inspector under the Act on duty in the Harbour.
5. If the Master of the vessel has reason to believe that the horse or any of the horses on board is diseased, or if information to that effect is given to him under Rule 4, he shall prevent the horse or any of the horses from being disembarked until an Inspector under the Act has inspected the said horse or horses.
6. When information is given to the Harbour Police Inspector on duty under Rule 4, he shall cause the same to be taken down in writing and shall at once cause the writing to be forwarded to an Inspector under the Act.
7. If any officer of Government shall have reason to believe that any horse which is being landed or has just been landed from the harbour at any wharf, dock, bandar or other place is diseased, the person in charge of such horse shall, upon the requisition of such officer, keep the said horse and all other horses, if any, landed with it, separate, at or near the spot where it has been landed, until an Inspector under the Act has inspected the said horse or horses. The officer making such requisition shall forthwith give information to the nearest superior officer of Police, who shall cause the same to be taken down in writing and at once forward the writing to an Inspector under the Act.
8. An Inspector under the Act, whenever he has reason to believe, from personal knowledge or from information given by any person and taken down in writing, that a diseased horse is to be found on board any vessel in the harbour, shall forthwith proceed to the said

vessel and shall, in the presence of the Master or of some other officer of the vessel and of the owner or person in charge of the horse, if present, inspect the said horse and all other horses, if any, on board, and exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred and imposed upon him by the Act.

The Inspector shall, when thus making an entry and search of any such vessel, be accompanied by any other Inspector or Inspectors or by a Veterinary Practitioner appointed under the Act, or by such Police officer or officers as he may think necessary.

The Master and every officer of the vessel and the owner or person in charge of the horse or horses shall give free access to the Inspector and the persons, if any, accompanying him, and shall in every way facilitate his inspection and search.

9. If, through any unforeseen circumstances, the services of the Inspector under the Act on duty at the Harbour should not be immediately available, application will at once be made by the Police Constable on duty at the Harbour to the nearest Inspector or to the office of the Veterinary Practitioner appointed under the Act.
10. Every horse which a Veterinary Practitioner appointed for the purposes of the Act certifies in writing to be diseased shall be removed between midnight and 5 A.M. to the nearest burning ground to be there immediately destroyed.
11. Licenses for the removal of horses which have been with a diseased horse, will be granted by an Inspector under section 11 of the Act on the following conditions:—
 - (1) That the horse to be removed shall be taken direct under such precautions as the Inspector deems fit to prescribe to a place to be prescribed by the Inspector, where it can conveniently be isolated.
 - (2) That whilst so isolated the horse shall be inspected from time to time, at intervals of not more than a week, by a Veterinary Practitioner.
 - (3) That the horse shall continue at the appointed place in isolation for so long as the Veterinary Practitioner deems it necessary to have it under observation.
 - (4) That the horse whilst so isolated may be subjected to any of the following tests:
 - (a) Mallein.
 - (b) Medicinal.
 - (c) Inoculating the animal with its own discharge.
 - (d) Inoculating another animal with the discharge.
12. (1) Whenever a horse is detained for test or isolated, the owner or person in charge thereof shall pay a fee of one rupee four annas *per diem*, which fee shall be deemed to cover the cost of food, attendance and treatment.
 - (2) Any sum due under the preceding clause shall be recoverable on application to a Magistrate as if it were a fine.
 - (3) The Executive Officer, Aden Settlement, will arrange for feeding and tending horses which are detained for test or isolation.
13. When the Inspector gives notice under section 9 of the Act to the owner or Master of the vessel to have the same disinfected, such disinfection shall be regulated as follows and carried out in his presence, viz.:—
 - (1) In the case of a steam vessel the steam hose superheated to be turned on and carefully applied to every part of the deck, hold or other place which has been occupied by a horse or horses, the deck, hold or other place to be thereupon washed with a limewash containing carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to a gallon of the limewash. All iron-work to be scalded and disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of hot water. This is to be followed by free ventilation of the hold.
 - (2) In the case of a sailing ship or a steam ship unprovided with a steam hose the same procedure as above except that scrubbing with hot water may be substituted for the use of a steam hose.
 - (3) In every case buckets and feeding troughs to be scrubbed with hot water and thoroughly disinfected with a carbolic solution in the same proportion as laid down in clause (1).
14. In any such notice as aforesaid, the Inspector shall direct that all bedding, fodder, ropes and other gear which have been in use or worn by a diseased horse shall be burnt.
15. If the Inspector shall be of opinion that such notice as aforesaid has not been duly complied with, the vessel shall, on his requisition, be detained by the Harbour Police until either the notice has been, in the Inspector's opinion, duly complied with, or the Inspector has himself caused his orders to be given effect to and has recovered the expense (if any) thereby incurred under section 9 of the Act.

IV.

NOTICE IN HARBOUR.

Notice (under section 9 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899), to the owner (or person in charge, as the case may be) of a place where a diseased horse has been.

DESCRIPTION.

Notice is hereby given to you _____ that whereas a diseased ^{horse} _{horses} _____
^{has} _{have} been in the _____ situated _____ and called _____ of
 which you are the ^{owner} _{person in charge}, you are hereby (under section 9 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899, and in accordance with the provisions of the rules made under section 14 of the said Act for the Harbour of Aden and published as specified in the margin)* directed—

* Notification No. 10767, dated 5th November 1903, *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1909, Part I, pages 2115—2117.

(a) to have the ^{vessel} _{sailing ship, steamer, &c.,} disinfected by causing _{steam ship}

- (1) (the steam hose superheated to be turned on and carefully applied to)† every part of the deck, hold and every other place which has been occupied by a ^{horse} _{horses} (to‡ be scrubbed with hot water); and thereupon
- (2) the deck, hold and every other place as aforesaid to be washed with a limewash containing carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of limewash.
- (3) the iron-work to be scalded and disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of hot water.
- (4) the hold to be freely ventilated.
- (5) all buckets and feeding throughs to be scrubbed with hot water and thoroughly disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid in the proportion of one ounce to the gallon of hot water.

(b) to destroy by burning all bedding, fodder, ropes and all gear which have been used or worn by any diseased horse.

Date _____

(Signed) _____

Inspector.

NOTE.—Section 9 of the Glanders and Farcy Act provides in respect of notices issued thereunder as follows, namely :—

On the failure or neglect of such owner or other person as aforesaid to comply with the notice within a reasonable time, the Inspector shall cause the building, shed, place or lines to be disinfected and the fittings or other things to be destroyed, and the expense (if any) thereby incurred may be recovered from the owner or other person as if it were a fine.

No. 10767A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Settlement of Aden and other areas to which the Act was applied by Government Notification in the Revenue Department, No. 7351, dated the 20th July 1908 :—

1. The Inspector appointed under section 4 of the Glanders and Farcy Act shall, whenever he has reason to believe from personal knowledge or from information given by any person and taken down in writing, that a diseased horse is to be found in any building, enclosure or place, forthwith proceed to the said building, enclosure or other place, and in the presence of the owner or other person then in charge, or, if he is absent, in the presence of an officer of Police, shall inspect the said premises and execute and discharge the duties and powers conferred on him under the Act.

The Inspector may, in such entry and search, be accompanied by a Veterinary Practitioner appointed under the Act, or such Police officers as he considers necessary, or by both.

The owner of the premises or person in charge at the time shall give free ingress to the Inspector, and shall in every possible way facilitate the search, and he shall be entitled subsequently to receive from the Inspector a statement in writing of the grounds of entry and, in the event of his premises being infected, shall be furnished with written instructions as to his liabilities and duties under the Act signed by the Inspector.

2. The Inspector shall seize and hand over to the Police for detention any horse which he considers or reasonably suspects to be diseased. Such horse shall, as soon as possible and with the exercise of

† To be omitted in case of a sailing ship or vessel unprovided with a steam hose.

‡ To be retained only in case of a sailing ship or vessel unprovided with a steam hose.

due precautions against contagion to other horses and men, be examined by a Veterinary Practitioner and dealt with under the Act. Such precautions shall comprise, in the case of a discharge from the nose, the wearing of a nose bag and in the case of open sores, the covering up of the same, so far as is practicable with disinfecting powder and cloths and bandages during removal along public roads; and such removal shall, unless there be any sufficient reason to the contrary, be at night. These precautions shall be enforced in all cases where horses have to be moved for examination or disposal under the Act.

3. The owner or person in charge of a horse, which he believes or has reason to believe to be diseased, shall report the case as soon as possible to the Inspector or to a Police officer or other officer authorized to receive such information (who shall at once inform the Inspector) and may remove such horse to any isolated building within 50 yards of the stable or to a remote part of the building, enclosure or other place in which such horse has been standing, and shall keep it as much as is possible within these limits away from other horses. He shall detain in the stable, until the granting of a license for removal, any horse which has been in contact with or near the diseased horse or in the same line or building.

Except as provided in these rules no person shall cause or permit any diseased horse to stray or to be worked, led or driven in a public thoroughfare, road, street or place.

4. Licenses for the removal of horses which have been with a diseased horse shall be granted by an Inspector under section 11 of the Act on the following conditions, viz. :—

- (1) That the horse to be removed shall be taken direct under such precautions as the Inspector deems fit to prescribe to such place as may be designated by the Inspector, where it can be conveniently isolated.
- (2) That while so isolated the horse shall be inspected from time to time at intervals of not more than a week by the Inspector, provided he be a graduate of the Bombay Veterinary College (or be specially authorized in this behalf by Government), or, if he is not so qualified, by the Veterinary Practitioner.
- (3) That the horse shall continue at the appointed place in isolation for so long as the Inspector, provided he be a graduate of the Bombay Veterinary College (or be specially authorized in this behalf by Government), or, if he is not so qualified, the Veterinary Practitioner, deems it necessary to keep it under treatment or observation.
- (4) That the horse while so isolated may be subjected to any of the following tests :
 - (a) Mallein.
 - (b) Medicinal.
 - (c) Inoculating the horse with its own discharge.
 - (d) Inoculating another horse with the discharge.

5. Whenever a horse is detained for test or isolated, the owner or person in charge thereof shall pay a fee of one rupee four annas *per diem*, which fee shall be deemed to cover the cost of food, attendance and treatment.

Any sum due under the preceding clause shall be recoverable on application to a Magistrate as if it were a fine.

6. The owner or person in charge of any building, enclosure or other premises which have been occupied by any diseased horse shall, within seven days, carry out such disinfection of such building, enclosure or other premises and destruction of dung, litter and waste food, gear and other articles in or near the premises as may be prescribed by the Inspector, provided he be a graduate of the Bombay Veterinary College (or be specially authorized in this behalf by Government), or, if he is not so qualified, by the Veterinary Practitioner, and such disinfection shall be carried out in the presence of the Inspector.

In all cases dung, surplus food and litter from the infected stable, also clothing and other gear, which have been used by or been in contact with the diseased horse, shall be consumed or disinfected by fire; temporary building material such as thatch of grass or leaves, bamboo walls and matting shall be burnt, if the position admits of this being done with safety, and (after complete removal of all dung, temporary fittings and other articles for destruction by fire) the wood-work of the stable shall be thoroughly washed with boiling water, the walls, wood-work and ceiling shall be scraped and limewashed with freshly mixed quicklime and water, to which shall be added crude carbolic acid in the proportion of half a pint to a bucketful of lime-wash, and the flooring shall be removed to a depth of two feet, the removed earth being burnt. The whole of the interior shall then be fumigated with burning sulphur, chlorine, carbolic vapour, or some other gaseous disinfectant. The earth removed from the flooring shall be replaced by fresh earth after the lapse of two weeks.

7. On a certificate from the Veterinary Practitioner that a horse is diseased, it shall be destroyed humanely in the presence of the Inspector and the carcass shall be disposed of by burning under the supervision of the Police. Except with the sanction of the Police and for the purpose of burning it, no person shall remove the carcass or any portion of it.

8. In the event of the disinfection of premises and the destruction of gear, fittings, dung and other articles condemned by the Inspector not being carried out by the owner within the period of seven days, they shall be carried out by the Inspector under Police-supervision, and the expenses shall be recovered from the owner of the premises in the manner prescribed by section 9 of the said Act.

APPENDIX I.

FORMS.

Form I.

(Notice to be issued under Rules 1 and 6, *vide* section 9 of the Act.)

Notice is hereby given you that whereas a diseased horse has been in the building, shed, enclosed space, open place or open lines situated in _____ and called _____, of which building, etc., you are the owner (or person in charge); you are hereby directed—

(a) to disinfect the said building, etc., by causing

- (1) the wood-work of the stable to be thoroughly washed with boiling water,
- (2) the walls, wood-work and ceiling to be scraped and limewashed with freshly mixed quicklime and water with crude carbolic acid added thereto in the proportion of half a pint of carbolic acid to every bucketful of limewash,
- (3) the flooring to be removed to a depth of 2 feet and the earth removed to be burnt and the flooring to be kept unrenewed for the space of two weeks, and then to be replaced by fresh earth,
- (4) the whole of the interior of the said (building, etc.) to be fumigated with burning sulphur (or chlorine or carbolic vapour);

(b) to destroy by fire

- (1) all dung, litter and waste food and gear in or near the said (building, etc.),
- (2) all surplus food and all clothing and other gear which have been used by, or been in contact with, any diseased horse,
- (3) the thatch, bamboo walls, matting and all temporary fittings.

NOTE.—Horses include asses and mules.

Date and place.

Inspector under the Glanders and Farcy Act.

Form II.

(License to be issued under Rules 3 and 4, *vide* section 11 of the Act.)

I hereby grant to (here enter name) the owner or person in charge of the undermentioned horses, which have been in the same field, building or place, or in contact with a diseased horse, license to remove the same from _____ to _____ on the following conditions:—

- (1) That the horse to be removed shall be taken under the following precautions (here enter precautions).
- (2) That whilst so isolated the horse shall be inspected from time to time at intervals of not more than a week by the Inspector or by the Veterinary Practitioner.
- (3) That the horse shall continue at the appointed place in isolation so long as the said Inspector or Practitioner deems it necessary to have it under treatment or observation.
- (4) That the horse whilst so isolated may be subjected to any of the following tests:
 - (a) Mallein.
 - (b) Medicinal.
 - (c) Inoculating the horse with its own discharge.
 - (d) Inoculating another horse with the discharge.
- (5) That the owner or person in charge of the horse so isolated shall pay a fee of one rupee four annas *per diem*, which fee shall be deemed to cover the cost of food, attendance and treatment.

N.B.—Any sum due under the preceding condition shall be recoverable on application to a Magistrate as if it were a fine.

(Here enter horses with their description.)

NOTE.—Horses include asses and mules.

Date and place.

Inspector under the Glanders and Farcy Act.

Form III.

(Certificate to be issued under Rule 7, *vide* section 8 of the Act.)

It is hereby certified that the undermentioned horses, said to belong to _____ or to have been in charge of _____, have this day been examined and found to be diseased within the meaning of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899.

(Here enter horses with their description.)

Date and place.

Veterinary Practitioner under the Glanders and Farcy Act.

APPENDIX II.

(Instructions for the diagnosis of Glanders, Farcy and South African Horse-sickness, and for the application of the Mallein Test.

(1) Glanders is a malignant, contagious and fatal disease, characterised by the following symptoms:—

Increased temperature; swelling of the glands under the jaw; discharge of sticky material from the nose which sticks about the nostrils; ulcers on the mucous membrane of the nostrils; the eyes are weak and often discharge; abscesses form along the course of the lymphatics of the face; lungs become affected; animal gets very thin, in some cases dies rapidly and in others lives for some weeks.

(2) Farcy is another form of Glanders and presents the following symptoms:—

Increased temperature; the legs swell, presenting an uneven surface, increasing and decreasing suddenly and attended with pain and lameness. Farcy boils form along the vessels of the leg, burst and give exit to a thin purulent yellowish material, which generally soon dries and forms a yellow crust on the surface of the ulcer.

(3) Instructions for the diagnosis of South African Horse-sickness.

An epizootic disease occurring in horses, mules, and donkeys: communicable from one animal to another by insects especially mosquitos, and by the discharges of a diseased animal.

This disease appears in several forms which are probably simple expressions of the intensity of the dose of toxin which has been received by the patient.

There are three chief forms, in which the disease is found and cases can be classed under one of these three heads though many cases will be found displaying the characteristic signs of one or more of these forms.

(1) The acute form: high fever accompanied with great prostration and shivering, marked difficulty of breathing, failure of the heart's action and death within two or three days. *Post mortem* signs of horse-sickness (*q. v. infra*) will be found but death takes place too rapidly for them to appear externally during life. Therefore this form is difficult to diagnose unless a *post mortem* examination is made: it is the most intense form and is commonest at the commencement of an outbreak.

(2) The typical form: lung sickness marked by fever with shivering and prostration; rapidity of breathing with heaving of the flanks, moist sounds in the lung succeeded later by an entire absence of breath sounds. A profuse yellowish serous discharge of froth from the nostrils, dark red colour of the eye-membranes and the inner side of the mouth, and the most important, and early signs of the disease, the swelling of the pit over the eyes, causing its disappearance, and the presence of a distinct tumour. The lung form of horse-sickness is most often fatal within four to five days, the animal being suffocated by the fluid which is poured out from the blood-vessels into the lungs.

The fever is usually high 104—107° but with the exhaustion of the patient it has been observed to fall the normal or below it. This point is of course common to the fever of any other diseases of an acute nature.

The most remarkable departure from what one expects in a severe disease of this kind is the fact of common observance that the horse continues to eat until he actually falls down to die.

On examination of the body after death, the surface of the lungs is observed to be coated with a mass of jelly-like material of a greenish yellow colour: this is also found behind and at the sides of the wind-pipe and the great vessels of the neck. It is also found among the muscles of the limbs and abdomen. The lungs are swollen and fill the chest completely: on section they present a peculiar brick red colour mottled with grey patches and a reddish fluid is poured out with a froth of the same character as that which was observed at the nostrils of the animal during life. This lung exudation is a most readily observed phenomenon, being poured out in great quantities in a moment or two after section of the lung tissue. Microscopically the lungs cells are seen to be distended with escaped blood corpuscles and there is a general intense congestion of an acute kind. In places the lung tissue breaks down on pressure thus resembling a pneumonic change, the resemblance to pneumonia is thus two-fold, first in the solid state of the lung and secondly in the friable condition of the lung tissue itself. There is not however in acute lobar pneumonia so free an exudation of fluid on section nor is the jelly-like substance present.

The heart is found soft and dilated: its covering bag will be full of fluid and the jelly will be present as a rule on its walls and among the great vessels at its base.

The cavity of the abdomen contains fluid of a greenish colour and the jelly will be observed in places. The liver is large dark and congested as are also the kidneys; the stomach is usually full of undigested food.

(3) The third main form of horse-sickness is thick head (dikkop) which is the least intense form of poisoning and accordingly is the form from which recovery most often takes place, and which, if it proves fatal eventually, will do so after a longer course.

The symptoms may be summarised thus: fever of moderate intensity with prostration, red eye-membranes and obliteration of supra-orbital pit, swelling of the lips with drooping of the lower lip and dark red colouration of the inside of the mouth, swelling of the head especially round the lower jaw angle causing the animal to look as if he had the mumps. This swelling of the jaw will later extend up past the ears to the top of the head and along the line of the vessels in the neck, large swellings will appear on the legs, abdomen and between the front legs.

Death may take place after a week or the case may go on for three or four weeks: these are the cases from which there is a chance of recovery under treatment, stimulants and perfect rest being the main indications to be observed.

In distinguishing three forms of horse-sickness, it must be borne in mind that this is only done for convenience of description the disease being one and the same and the symptoms varying according to the degree of intensity of the poisoning.

On examination of the body of the last or least intense form the yellow jelly is found generally distributed in the swellings, of which it is the cause.

One form may pass into the other either in the direction of death or recovery: thus an animal who has well-developed thick head and has been ill many days suddenly shews the froth at his nostrils and dies rapidly, and again an animal may at first shew well-marked lung symptoms, and pass into the thickhead condition and eventually recover after an illness of weeks. Horses in bad condition almost invariably succumb early. Overwork and under-feeding are certain death warrants, and if a horse is worked at all after he has contracted the disease, he will develop lung symptoms and die.

The cause of death is suffocation from inability of the lung substance to aerate the blood: this inability is produced by the exudation of fluid from the blood-vessels in the lung which has been described as drowning the animal in his own serum.

The yellow jelly which is found in every case is of course a serous exudation into the connective tissue which is found throughout the body. General exudations of this kind are known in pathology, a familiar instance being the tendency to serous escapes in beriberi which are sometimes so sudden and acute that the patient dies drowned in his own serum like the horse in the lung sickness.

Of horses, mules and donkeys, the first named seem the most severely affected by disease and the last named the least.

Cold and exposure bring out the disease in horses who have the poison in them.

(4) Instructions for the application of the Mallein Test.

Directions for using English Mallein.

1. While under the mallein test horses ought to be left at rest in the stable and protected from draughts. The rectal temperature ought to be taken once or twice on the day before the test is applied.

2. The dose of mallein for a horse is one cubic centimetre, or 18 minims. It ought to be injected about the middle of the side of the neck, with a clean hypodermic syringe. The best form of syringe is one with an asbestos piston, as the whole instrument may then be sterilized by boiling it in water for five minutes before use.

3. The mallein must be injected into the subcutaneous connective tissue, and care must be taken that the whole dose is actually introduced.

4. The temperature must be taken at the time of injection, and at the 9th, 12th and 15th hours afterwards.

5. Provided the temperature was normal (under 101° F.) before the injection, it will rise 2° or more (103° —105°) during the next 15 hours if the horse is glandered, but it will remain practically unaffected (under 102°) if the horse is not glandered.

6. Attention must also be paid to the swelling that forms at the seat of injection. When the horse is glandered this goes on increasing in size during the second 24 hours after the injection, and it seldom declines before the 3rd or 4th day. The maximum diameter of this swelling in glandered horses varies from 5 to 10 inches.

7. In horses that are not glandered the local swelling attains its maximum size during the first 15 hours, and by the 24th hour it has almost entirely disappeared. Its maximum diameter is usually about 3 to 4 inches.

8. When the temperature gradually rises from the normal to 104° during the first 15 hours and a large slowly disappearing swelling forms at the seat of injection, the horse may confidently be declared glandered.

9. If, with a normal temperature at the time of injection, a horse displays only the temperature reaction, or only the local reaction, the case must be considered doubtful, and the test repeated after the lapse of a week.

10. When the temperature is 102° or more at the time of injection, the temperature reaction is unreliable, but in such a case the diagnosis may be based on the characters of the local swelling.

11. The mallein should be kept in a cool place and protected from the light. Should it lose its transparency, or become cloudy, it must not be used.

The English Mallein can be had from Messrs. Paranjpye, Athalye & Co., Pallow Road, Girgaum, Bombay.

Bombay Castle, 6th November 1909.

No. 10809.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for murum quarries on Diksál-Báramati Road in the village of Báramati, táluca Bhimthadi, district Poona; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land mentioned below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Area required.		
	A.	g.	a.
283	0	9	4
284	0	7	5

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the abovenamed site can be inspected at the office of the Collector of Poona.

No. 10810.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of the inspection bungalow and an approach road to it at Khed Digar in Sháháda Táluca of the West Khándesh District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, the lands specified below are required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Name of village.	Survey No.	Area.	Assess-ment.	Area of land required.	North.	South.	East.	West.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Khed Digar.	The village being an Inám village on the tenure.	unsurveyed	Out band:	A. 1 16	Land from the number Bhilwadia belonging to Nathu Vedu Patil.	Land from the number named Gadhadwad, belonging to Shantarnao Jahágirár.	Road (not now used) leading to Khetia.	The same description as is given in column 6.
	No Survey numbers formed and no assessment has been fixed.	have been assessed:	has	2 12	Land out of the Malwala number of the Jahágirár and Nathu Vedu.	Land out of Motas that land of the Jahágirár and of Nathu Vedu.	Road from Sháháda to Khetia.	Old road leading to Khetia.

* This piece of land is out of the two numbers, termed Bhilwadia and Gadhadwad.

† This piece is from the "Malwala" number belonging to the Jahágirár and Nathu Vedu Patil of Kochara.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Assistant Collector of W. D., West Khándesh.

No. 10811.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for construction of Excise Peons' Quarters at Jhálod in Jhálod Mahál, district Panch Maháls; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Land required.
	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	A. g. a.
984	1 12	3 0 0	0 3 10

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the District Deputy Collector, Dahad.

No. 10812.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Thána, for a public purpose, viz., for a quarry on Máhim-Wáda Road in the village of Hamrapur, táluca Wáda, district Thána; it is hereby declared

that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No.	Plot No.	Falni No.	Land required.
208	1	...	A. g. 0 8½
209	1	1	0 27
226	1	...	0 2½
225	...	1	1 9

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plans of the land may be seen in the office of the District Deputy Collector, in charge Bhiwandi Sub-division.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1909.

No. 10842. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Poona, for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a school-house at Bāwda, táluka Indápur, district Poona; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land measuring more or less as specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No.	Area required.	Remarks.
Gaothan ...	19 gunthás ...	Out of the vacant land belonging to Gopalrao Narayanao Patil of Bāwda to the west of the Gadhi and within the village wall.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be inspected at the office of the Collector of Poona.

No. 10843.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that lands are required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Poona, for a public purpose, viz., for murum quarries for improving the road from Indápur *via* Bāwda to Sarati, táluka Indápur, district Poona; it is hereby declared that for the aforesaid

purpose lands measuring more or less as specified below are required within the villages mentioned below :—

Village.	Survey No.	Area required.
		A. g.
Indápur ...	227	2 25
Do. ...	178	1 13
Do. ...	237	0 9
Wadapuri ...	255	1 22
Bāwda ...	63	2 18
Do. ...	66	1 24
Do. ...	37	1 17
Do. ...	715	0 32
Do. ...	721	0 14
Do. ...	332	0 18½
Sarati ...	53	0 15
Do. ...	54	0 28

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the lands can be inspected at the office of the Collector of Poona.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 10866. — The following addition to No. 33-A of the Rules of the Registration Department framed by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bombay, in exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), has been approved by Government and is published in supersession of Government Notification in the Revenue Department, No. 7913, dated the 11th November 1902, for general information :—

“Commencing from the 1st March 1910, the Sub-Registrar of Dhandhuka in the district of Ahmedabad shall hold his office at Ránpur two or more days during the second week, commencing from the second Monday, in each month except August, and at Dholera two more days in the same week, ending with Saturday, in each month except July, August and September, and shall receive for registration at those places any documents which may be presented to him for that purpose while he is holding office there.

During the above period the office of the Sub-Registrar at his head-quarters will be closed.

No. 10874.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879 (Bom. V of 1879), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the villages specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall constitute a mahál in the Sindgi Táluka of the Bijápur District :—

Schedule.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Hippargi. | 33. Algur. |
| 2. Bommanjogi. | 34. Golgeri. |
| 3. Yarnal. | 35. Dambal. |
| 4. Mannur. | 36. Yalgod. |
| 5. Ibrahimpur. | 37. Bam d e v a n -
madu. |
| 6. Jalwad. | 38. Kudlapur. |
| 7. Budihal. | 39. Kadirapur. |
| 8. Kondguli. | 40. Karvinal. |
| 9. Hanchali. | 41. Khanapur. |
| 10. Nagarhal. | 42. Marihal. |
| 11. Bibi-Ingalgi. | 43. Saladhalli. |
| 12. Ambalnur. | 44. Animadu. |
| 13. Kesarhatti. | 45. Anantapur. |
| 14. Yenkanchi. | 46. Chátthanhalli. |
| 15. Nandgeri. | 47. Kalkeri. |
| 16. Murdi. | 48. Turkangeri. |
| 17. Khainur. | 49. Budihal. |
| 18. Kokatnur. | 50. Bekkinal. |
| 19. Byakod. | 51. Wankihal. |
| 20. Borgi. | 52. Binjalbhavi. |
| 21. Bannihatti. | 53. Bannihatti (P.
Talikota). |
| 22. l'urdal. | 54. Jalpur. |
| 23. Shakhapur. | 55. Aski. |
| 24. Gubbewád. | 56. Niralgi. |
| 25. Mallal. | 57. Korwar. |
| 26. Hadginal. | 58. Ainapur. |
| 27. Bastihal. | 59. Yadapur. |
| 28. Warkanhalli. | 60. Rampur. |
| 29. Handignur. | 61. Halgundaknal. |
| 30. Kerutgi. | 62. Allapur. |
| 31. Tilgul. | |
| 32. Sasbal. | |

No. 10874A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879 (Bom. V of 1879), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the villages specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall constitute a Mahál in the Sindgi Táluka of the Bijápúr District :—

Schedule.

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Sindgi. | 6. Ganihar. |
| 2. Kallahalli. | 7. Aheri. |
| 3. Bandal. | 8. Somapur. |
| 4. Yargal (Budruk). | 9. Yargal (Khurd). |
| 5. Benkotgi. | 10. Ramapur. |

No. 10883.—With reference to Government Notification No. 4268, dated 3rd May 1909, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to nominate Mr. Shivram Vishnu Sathaye, B. A., to the Imperial Forest College, Dehra Dun, for training with a view to his qualifying for appointment as a probationer for the Provincial Forest Service.

No. 10835.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the Range Forest Office and quarters in the village of Gokhirva, táluka Bassein, district Thána; it is hereby declared that for the

above purpose, the land specified below, is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Serial No.	Name of the village.	Survey No.	Pó. No.	Fal. No.	Area.	Area required.
1	G. khirva	117	..	0	A. g. a. 1 25 0	A. g. a. 0 6 7
2	Do.	233	..	1	50 1 0	2 5 10

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned, not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Assistant Collector, Bassein Sub-division.

No. 10836.—The following notification is published in supersession of the Government Notification No. 10781, dated 14th November 1906, published at page 1632 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, dated the 15th idem :—

Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for quarrying road materials for the Khardi-Parali Road in the villages of Dughar, Palsin and Khardi in the Sháhápúr Táluka, Thána District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid villages :—

Name of village.	Survey No.	Pót No.	Falni No.	Area to be acquired.
Dughar	14	...	10	A. g. a. 0 7 4
	...	...	11	0 2 0
Palsin	53	...	4	0 4 8
	69	...	3	0 6 12
	67	...	1	0 2 8
Khardi	105	...	1	0 14 0
	213	...	1	0 9 4

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plans of the land may be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector in charge Kalyán Sub-division.

No. 10887.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Bijápúr, for a public purpose, viz., for red murum quarry on Bágalkot-Hungund Road in the village of Mallapur, táluka Bágalkot, district Bijápúr; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village :—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Area required.
155	A. g. 16 21	Rs. a. p. 2 0 0	A. g. 3. 12*

* For red murum quarry on Bāgalkot-Hungund Road in Mile No. 89.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Collector of Bijāpur.

No. 10888.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Local Board, Ahmedabad, for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Local Fund School building in the village of Bhuvāldi, tāluka Daskroi, district Ahmedabad; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land measuring more or less as specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Area of land required.
Village site.	124 square yards.

Boundaries—

On the North—Open space in front of the houses of Kalidas Hargovind and Khushal Khemchand.

On the East—Compound of the school, and a side wall of the house of Khushal Khemchand.

On the South—Public road.

On the West—A side wall of the house of Kalidas Hargovan, and Government land.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Māmlatdār of Daskroi Tāluka.

No. 10889.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a site for a Public Works Store-room in the town of Trimbak, tāluka Nāsik, district Nāsik; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid town:—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Area of land required.
Survey No. 2, Pōt No. 2.	Acres. 3	Rs. a. p. 0 8 0	A. g. 0 20

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen at the office of the District Deputy Collector, Nāsik Sub-Division.

No. 10890.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for repairs to the Honaraman Tank at Nandgad in the Khānāpur tāluka of the Belgaum District; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Land acquired.
80	A. g. 0 33	Rs. 3	A. g. 0 1

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen at the Assistant Collector, Southern Division's office, at Belgaum.

No. 10891.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense, for a public purpose, viz., for extension of the compound of the Salt Department rest-house at Vapi, tāluka Pārdi, district Surat; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid village:—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Area to be acquired.
252	A. g. 1 9	Rs. a. p. 0 8 0	A. g. a. 0 25 14

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

The plan of the land can be seen at the office of the Māmlatdār of Pārdi.

No. 10892.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Ahmedabad City Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for road widening in the old Madhappura in the city of Ahmedabad, tāluka Daskroi, district Ahmedabad; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the limits of the aforesaid city:—

Sheet No.	Survey No.	Area of land to be acquired.
Madhavpura.	275	20 square yards (whole number).

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the land can be had for inspection at the Municipal office.

No. 10899.—With reference to Government Notification No. 9300, dated 24th November 1884, published at page 1095 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated 27th idem, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the land specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall cease to be Protected Forest from the date of this notification:—

Schedule referred to above.

District.	Taluka.	Village.	Revision Survey No.	Corresponding Original Survey No.	Area.
Kolaba	Karjat	Bid Bud-rukh.	76 (part)	65 (part)	A. 2 1/4

Boundaries—The plot disforested is bounded on the North and East by Survey No. 76 of which it is a part, on the South by land of the same survey number already handed over to the G. I. P. Railway Company as per their plan No. 2046 and beyond it the G. I. P. Railway boundary and on the West by Survey No. 81.

No. 10910.—Under No. 81 of the Land Revenue Code Rules, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that all lands within the Municipal limits of the town of Amednagar in the Ahmednagar district shall be placed in Class II for the purpose of determining the survey fees to be levied in them.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 10918.—Gradation List of Officers in the Salt Department for September 1909.

Appointments.	No.	Holder of Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of Acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of Appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ASSISTANT COLLECTORS— 1st Class, 3 appointments, Rs. 1,000.	1	Mr. C. A. Pogson	.....	Mr. W. L. Lake	7th Sept. 1909.	
	2	Mr. H. G. Bulkeley	On privilege leave for 30 days from 7th September 1909.	.....	.....
	3	Mr. C. R. Macnamara	.....	.....	.....
2nd Class, 2 appointments, Rs. 800.	1	Mr. W. L. Lake	Acting 1st Class	Mr. F. G. Hutchinson.	7th Sept. 1909.	
	2	Mr. R. L. Sinclair	.....	.....	.....
3rd Class, 3 appointments, Rs. 600.	1	Mr. F. G. Hutchinson	Acting 2nd Class	Mr. G. A. Laughton.	17th May 1909.	
	2	Mr. Dayabhai S. Thathi	.....	Mr. G. L. Steele	7th Sept. 1909...	Also acted as Fourth Class Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue up to 6th September 1909.
	3	Mr. W. S. Threlfall	On furlough for 21 months and 12 days from 26th June 1908.	.....	.....
4th Class, 2 appointments, Rs. 450.	1	Mr. G. A. Laughton	Acting Third Class	Mr. J. P. D'Arcy...	25th Oct. 1908.	
	2	Mr. A. E. Stanyon	On furlough for 9 months from 3rd March 1909.	Vacant	7th Sept. 1909...	Mr. Dayabhai S. Thathi in charge in addition.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

R. A. LAMB,
Chief Secretary to Government.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

No. 57-M. OF 1909.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

Buoys between Alibag and Bhatkal replaced.

Subject	... The following buoys on the West Coast from Alibag to Bhatkal under the control of the Salt Department were replaced in position on the dates mentioned against each :—		
Buoys	... Alibag buoy	...	29th September.
	Ambolgarh Reef buoy, Jaitapur	...	25th "
	Johnstone Castle Rock buoy	...	17th "
	Malwan Outer Rock buoy	...	18th "
	Malwan Harbour buoys	...	16th "
	Chaldea Rock buoy	...	26th "
	Bubra Rock buoy	...	16th "
	Vengurla Harbour buoy	...	22nd "
	Modeshwar buoy	...	25th "
	Bhatkal buoy	...	27th "
Authority	... Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.		

No. 58-M. OF 1909.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

Marmugao Harbour.—Breakwater Extension.

Subject	... The work of the extension of the Marmugao Harbour will shortly be commenced and the light at the * * * will be gradually moved forward.		
Remarks	... The incoming or outgoing vessels should follow the line of beacons "Chicalim" and "S. Jacintho".		
Charts affected	... No. 492, Aguada to St. George's Islands, including Marmugao and Goa Roadstead.		
Publications	... West Coast of India Pilot, 1909, page 172. List of Light-houses and Light-vessels in British India, No. 260.		
Authority	... Port Officer, Marmugao.		

No. 59-M. OF 1909.

PERSIAN GULF.

Rock reported off Musandam Peninsula.

Subject	... The Master of the Bucknal S.S. "Grigna" reports having struck a submerged obstacle in the following position :—		
Position	... Latitude 26° 24' N., Longitude 56° 22½' E. Perforated Rock bearing S. 22½' E 1'0'		
Charts affected	... No. 753, Entrance of the Persian Gulf. ,, 2837a, Persian Gulf.		
Publications	... Persian Gulf Pilot, Fifth Edition, 1908, page 57.		
Authority	... Officer Commanding H. M. S. "Lapwing".		

No. 60-M. OF 1909.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

Bombay Harbour—Position of Middle Ground Flagstaff.

Subject	... The flagstaff is now situated in the N.-W. position of the Island.		
Position	... 45 yards N. 26° W. from its former position.		
Charts affected	... No. 2621, Bombay Harbour. ,, 655, Port of Bombay.		
Publications	... West Coast of India Pilot, 5th edition, 1909, page 219.		
Authority	... Officer Commanding H. M. S. "Hyacinth".		

No. 61-M. OF 1909.

INDIA—WEST COAST.

Bombay Harbour—Position of buoys.

- Subject ... (a) The South Easternmost Buoy, marked Troopship, has been moved to a position 7·5 cables N. 48° E. from Dolphin Light.
(b) No. 2 buoy should be marked Flag, instead of the buoy at present so marked. The correct position is 440 yards N. 72° E. from Dolphin Light.
- Charts affected ... No. 2621, Bombay Harbour.
,, 655, Port of Bombay.
- Publications ... West Coast of India Pilot, 5th edition, 1909, page 215.
- Authority ... Officer Commanding H. M. S. "Hyacinth".

WALTER LUMSDEN, Captain, R. N.,
Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

R. I. M. DOCKYARD:
Bombay, 3rd November 1909.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Heads of Departments and all other Officers concerned are informed that Notifications in the *Gazette* are in future to be accepted as disposing of all references regarding leave, transfers, appointments, powers, and other personal questions affecting Gazetted Officers as to which orders are gazetted by the Governor in Council in this Part of the *Gazette*, and that any subsidiary orders as to relief of their subordinates and the like, which such Notifications necessitate, must be issued by them on receipt of the *Gazette*, as no other orders will be issued by Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th November 1909.

No. 6223.—The Honourable Mr. Justice L. P. Russell, Barrister-at-Law, Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India an extension for three months on medical certificate of the furlough granted to him in Government Notification No. 1526, dated the 13th March 1909.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1909.

No. 7320.—Major F. DeB. Hancock, Political Agent, Fourth Grade, is granted privilege leave for three months from the 20th November 1909 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 7355.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. W. G. Chuckerbutty, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Political Agent, Cambay.

No. 7382.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant C. C. J. Barrett, Assistant Political Agent, Third Grade, to do duty as Assistant Political Agent, Káthiáwár, during the absence on leave of Major F. DeB. Hancock, or pending further orders.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 7412.—With reference to this Department Notifications No. 7070, dated the 1st October 1907, No. 7280, dated the 8th October 1907, and No. 7586, dated the 21st October 1907, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm Lieutenant C. C. J. Barrett and Lieutenant A. S. Meek in their appointments as Assistant Political Agent, Third Grade.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 6th November 1909.

No. 6253.—In continuation of Government Notification No. 3224, dated the 7th June 1909, and in exercise of the authority vested in him by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Meherbán Gangadharrao Raghunathrao Gambhirrao Deshmukh, Second Class Sardár, to be an Honorary Magistrate and to invest him with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class in the East Khándesh District.

No. 6254.—The Governor in Council is pleased, under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to invest Meherbán Ramrav Krishna Vinchurkar, First Class Sardár and Honorary Magistrate, First Class, Manmád in the Násik District, with the following additional power specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to require security for good behaviour (section 110).

No. 6257.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Major A. H. Bolton, 113th Infantry, to be Cantonment Magistrate, Deesa, in addition to his Military duties, vice Lieutenant G. N. Thompson.

2. Major Bolton is also appointed, under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a Magistrate of the First Class within the limits of the Military Cantonment of Deesa and is invested, under section 37 of the Code, with power to try summarily the offences referred to in clause (a) of the second part of sub-clause (1) of section 260 of the said Code and abetments of and attempts to commit any of the said offences.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 6294.—Mr. E. H. Waterfield, I. C. S., Assistant Judge, Belgaum, is granted, with effect from the 16th November 1909, such privilege leave as may be due to him on that date in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to fifteen months.

No. 6305.—The following notification by the Government of India in the Home Department is republished for general information:—

" JAILS.

No. 348, dated the 4th November 1909.

The services of Captain R. A. Chambers, M.B., I. M. S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment in the Jail Department.

2. The Home Department Notification No. 325, dated the 21st October 1909, is cancelled.

(Signed) H. A. STUART,

Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 6306.—The Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointments made by the Honourable the Chief Justice of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Bombay, during the absence on leave on medical certificate for two months from the 27th October 1909 of Mr. W. J. Howard, Second Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, or until further orders :—

Mr. H. H. Wadia, B.A. (Cantab and Bom.), Barrister-at-Law, Acting Third Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, to act as Second Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits.

Mr. Shamrao Ganpatrao Kamalakar, Acting Junior Judge's Clerk and Commissioner for taking Affidavits and Acting Clerk of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court, to act as Third Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits.

No. 6310.—The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence on leave of Mr. J. W. S. Dracup or pending further orders :—

Rao Bahádur Chunilal Harilal Setalvad, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, B.A., LL.B., to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

No. 6312.—*Erratum*.—In line 5 of Government Notification No. 5893, dated the 20th October 1909, published at page 2022 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 21st October 1909, for the word "Bijápur" substitute the word "Dhárwár".

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 6315.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Kashinath Gurnath Kulkarni, B.A., LL.B., to act as Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge, Háveri, vice Mr. Vasudeo Ganesh Kaduskar, pending further orders.

No. 6322.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint

Mr. James Walter Rowland,
Mr. William Cecil Edwards, and
Mr. Francis Everard Sharp

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to be Third Grade Assistant Superintendents of Police on probation and to direct them to report themselves to the Principal of the Central Police Training School at Násik.

No. 6330.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel Government Notification No. 6160, dated the 3rd November 1909, and to make the following appointments :—

Mr. Govind Balwant Laghate to act as First Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge and to do duty as First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmednagar during the absence on leave of Mr. Manohar Vishnu Kathavate or pending further orders.

Mr. Venkatrao Vaikunth Wagh to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bhiwndi, vice Mr. Govind Balwant Laghate.

2. His Excellency in Council is also pleased, under section 27 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, to invest Mr. Govind Balwant Laghate with power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of Subordinate Courts in the Ahmednagar District as may be referred to him by the Judge of that Court.

3. His Excellency in Council is further pleased, under section 28 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, as amended by section 6 of Bombay Act I of 1900, to invest Mr. Venkatrao Vaikunth Wagh, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bhiwndi, within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court of Bhiwndi, as now fixed or as hereafter altered by any notification for the time being in force under section 22A of the former Act, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 100.

No. 6332.—For paragraph 2 of Government Notification No. 3704, dated the 1st July 1909, *substitute* the following :—

2. The Governor in Council is further pleased to create, under Article 78 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, a temporary appointment of an Additional First Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge in Sind on Rs. 500 per mensem for Mr. Chandiram Gianchand for the period from the 31st July 1908 to the 5th January 1909, both days inclusive, during which he acted as First Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge.

*By order of His Excellency the
Honourable the Governor in Council,*
J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th November 1909.

No. 10760.—Mr. W. C. McDonald, who has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India Distillery Expert for the

Bombay Presidency and the Central Provinces, reported his arrival on the 3rd November 1909 and has been placed under the orders of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and A'bkári.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1909.

No. 10849.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. A. W. G. Chuckerbutty, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Collector of Kaira and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Kaira District.

Mr. J. Ghosal, I. C. S., on relief, to be Assistant Collector, Kaira.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 10894.—The following notification by the Government of India is republished:—

“DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 8255—3, dated the 1st November 1909.

The following reversions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 26th October 1909:

Name.	From	To
Mr. W. D. R. Prentice, I. C. S.	Collector, Class II, officiating.	Collector, Class III, officiating.
Mr. R. F. L. Whitty, I. C. S.	Collector, Class III, officiating.	Assistant Collector, Class I, officiating.
Mr. E. G. F. Abraham, I. C. S.	Assistant Collector, Class I, officiating.	Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating.

(Signed) B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 10941.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct Mr. G. R. Duxbury, on return from leave, to be attached for duty to the office of the Conservator of Forests, Central Circle, pending further orders.

No. 10949.—Mr. R. R. Hattangadi, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests and Sub-Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months with effect from 15th November 1909 or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

R. A. LAMB,
Chief Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 79.—The furlough granted to the Honourable Sir Walter C. Hughes, Kt., C.I.E., Chairman, Bombay Port Trust, by Government Notification No. 23, dated the 7th April 1903, is extended by three days, viz., from the 26th to the 28th October 1909 inclusive.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

L. ROBERTSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 47.—The following appointments are made:—

The Reverend J. C. Mathew, Junior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, on return from leave, to be Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Poona.

The Reverend J. D. Gordon, Junior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, on return from leave, to be Junior Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Bombay, as a temporary measure.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 48.—The Reverend O. J. Loynes, B.A., whose services were placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab from the 7th August to the 6th October 1909 inclusive, resumed charge of his duties as Assistant Chaplain of Karachi with effect from the 7th October 1909.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

L. ROBERTSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th November 1909.

No. 2222.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Dr. Lemuel L. Joshi, B.Sc., M.D. (Cornell), to be Professor of Physics in the Grant Medical College with effect from 15th November 1909, pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council,

L. ROBERTSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. 5796. — The following notification by the Government of India, Home Department (Census), No. 13, dated the 4th instant, is republished:—

“ Mr. E. A. Gait, C.I.E., of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed Census Commissioner for India, with effect from the 1st November 1909.

(Signed) H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 5802. — The following notification by the Government of India, Army Department, is republished:—

“VOLUNTEER CORPS.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 1016, dated the 5th November 1909.

His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer:

*1st Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula
Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.*

Captain Julius Preston Mackeson.

(Signed) R. I. SCALLON, Major-General,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 5810.—Mr. W. B. Chambers, substantive *pro tem.* Second Inspector of Factories, is allowed privilege leave of absence for twenty-nine days with effect from the 8th November 1909 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

*By order of His Excellency the
Honourable the Governor in Council,*

L. ROBERTSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 5th November 1909.

No. E.-2584.—Mr. G. O. W. Dunn, M.Inst. C.E., Chief Engineer, is permitted to retire from His Majesty's Service under Article 650

of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 24th October 1909, the date on which the furlough granted to him expired.

No. E.-2585.—Mr. C. N. Clifton, Superintending Engineer, is permitted to retire from His Majesty's Service under Article 650 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th November 1909.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1909.

No. E.-2610.—Mr. T. Summers, D.Sc., M.Inst.C.E., has been permitted to return to India by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

Bombay Castle, 9th November 1909.

No. E.-2618.—Mr. D. R. H. Browne, A.K.C., is granted privilege leave for two months and nine days combined with special leave for three months and twenty-two days under Articles 260, 233 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations from 27th October 1909 or the subsequent date of relief.

No. E.-2619.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to grant an extension of service up to 31st March 1910 to Mr. Pandurang Ganesh Dongre, *provided he continues to be thoroughly efficient, physically and mentally, in the performance of his duties.*

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. E.-2628.—Mr. H. B. Evington, B.A., is transferred from the Northern to the Southern Division.

No. E.-2629.—The officers named in the margin passed, on the 22nd September 1909, the Professional Examination prescribed in paragraphs 163 and 169 of the Public Works Department Code, Volume J.

*By order of His Excellency the
Honourable the Governor in Council,*

W. L. CAMERON,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1909.

No. 6320.—Messrs. Kalidas Samal Modi and Jethalal Ranchhodlal, residing at Dhandhuka, are appointed, with effect from the 20th November 1909, to be Conciliators under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, within the limits of the Dhandhuka Taluka in the Ahmedabad District.

2. The appointments of the undermentioned gentlemen as Conciliators in the Ahmedabad and Panch Mahals Districts are hereby cancelled at their own request:—

Names of Conciliators.	Talukas for which were appointed.	Districts.	Government Notifications by which they were appointed.
Mr. Shankarlal Pitamberdas ...	Modasa ...	Ahmedabad ...	Government Notification No. 3803, dated the 18th July 1903.
„ Waghji Amarsang ...	Sanand ...	Do. ...	
„ Bhulabhai Chelabhai ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	
„ Maganlal Mansukhlal ...	Dohad ...	Panch Mahals.	Government Notification No. 1830, dated the 26th March 1909.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to Government.

BY HIS MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT
OF JUDICATURE.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

No. 116.—Mr. K. F. Modi assumed charge of the offices of Assistant Commissioner and Assistant Taxing Master, High Court, on Monday the 8th day of November 1909, in the forenoon.

A. M. KAJIJI,

Acting Master and Registrar in Equity,
Commissioner and Taxing Master.

Dated this 8th day of November 1909.

APPELLATE SIDE.

No. 2346.—The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay are pleased to admit Mr. Krishnarav Harishchandra Gore-gamkar, B.A., LL.B., as a Vakil of the High Court.

T. N. SANJANA,

Acting Deputy Registrar.

Bombay, 4th November 1909.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

No. 5271.—Mr. A. E. L. Emanuel, M.A., I. C. S., delivered over and Mr. J. Sladen, B.A., I. C. S., received charge of the office of

Collector and District Magistrate, Ahmedabad, on the 1st November 1909, in the forenoon.

Ahmedabad, Shahibagh, 4th November 1909.

No. 5285.—Mr. Mankeshwar Gopal Mhaskar, L.C.E., Chitnis to the Collector of Thana, is granted one month's privilege leave from the date of relief.

Mr. Jayaram Parashram Raje, Mamlatdar of Salsette, to do duty as Chitnis to the Collector of Thana vice Mr. Mankeshwar Gopal Mhaskar.

Mr. Haribhai Gopalji, B.A., to do duty as Mamlatdar of Salsette.

Mr. Gulabrai Dhirajram Lala, Head Clerk to the Commissioner, Northern Division, to act as Mamlatdar, and to do duty at Mehmabad until further orders.

Ahmedabad, Shahibagh, 5th November 1909.

No. 1050.—Sardar Mir Ahmed Ali Khan delivered over and Major T. A. F. R. Oldfield received charge of the office of the Superintendent of Police, Palanpur, on the 30th October 1909, in the forenoon.

No. 1051.—Mr. Ladhahbai Harji delivered over and Major T. A. F. R. Oldfield received charge of the office of the Assistant Political Agent, Palanpur, on the 30th October 1909, in the forenoon.

Ahmedabad, Shahibagh, 8th November 1909.

R. P. BARROW,
Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. R.-3870.—Mr. Trimbak Chintaman Ghaisas, Head Clerk to the Collector of Sholapur, is appointed to act as Chitnis to the Collector of Sholapur during the deputation of Mr. V. B. Naik appointed on special duty for two months in connection with acquisition of land for the Sholapur Municipality, or until further orders.

Poona, 2nd November 1909.

No. R.-3990.—Mr. Ramchandra Trimbak Dev, B.A., Head Karkun, taluka Nandurbár, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of Sindkheda during the absence of Mr. J. R. Savant, B.A., on leave without pay for one month and eight days from the 7th instant, or until further orders.

Poona, 9th November 1909.

G. CARMICHAEL,
Acting Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. V.O.-255.—Mr. Anant Bhaskar Nimkar, Head Karkun (pay Rs. 70), Dápoli Taluka in the Ratnágiri District, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of that taluka during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Narayen Anant Nadkarni for two months and thirteen days.

No. V.O.-256.—Mr. Abdul Gaffar Baig, Head Karkun, Rs. 80, Ránebennur, Dhárwár District, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of that taluka during the absence on privilege leave for three months of Mr. Narayen Ganesh Sahasrabudhe, B.A., granted in this office Notification No. V.O.-247, dated 11th October 1909.

Belgaum, 2nd November 1909.

No. 4767.—Mr. A. W. W. Mackie, I. C. S., and Mr. W. Greer, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Superintendent, Land Records and Registration, Southern Division, on the afternoon of the 30th October 1909.

Belgaum, 3rd November 1909.

No. V.O.-258.—Mr. Shankar Murgesh Mudliar, Acting Deputy Accountant, Belgaum, was appointed substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade Head Accountant, Belgaum, from 29th August to 4th October 1909, both days inclusive, *i. e.*, from the date of death of Mr. Lingaya Papaya Adval to the date of relief of Mr. Ramchandra Anant Naik by Mr. Yeshwant Jivaji Nabar at Ratnágiri.

Belgaum, 8th November 1909.

M. C. GIBB,
Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,
SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKA'RI.

No. 6963.—The following probationers passed the Salt Departmental Examination held at Surat on the 18th, 19th and 20th ultimo. The names are arranged in the order of merit:—

1. Mr. Ranchhodji Durlabhbbhai Desai, Karkun in the office of the Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Surat Range.
2. Mr. Chhotubhai Nichhabhai Talati, Hakdár Karkun, Surat.
3. Mr. Ishwarlal Chhotalal Parekh, Hakdár Karkun, Surat.
4. Mr. Krishnashankar Keshavram, Hakdár Karkun, Bulsár.

Camp Násik, 5th November 1909.

No. 6982.—Mr. Shaik Yasin Shaik Baban, Sub-Inspector, Dhadgaon Distillery, West Khándesh District (now Sub-Inspector, Dápoli, N. D., Ratnágiri District), on Rs. 40, was granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 15th July 1909, and R. P. Chavan, Jamádár, Excise Department, on Rs. 20, appointed to act for him.

Camp Násik, 6th November 1909.

No. 7033.—The following alterations are made in the excise charges in the Dhárwár District:—

Present charge.	Altered to.
1. Dhárwár, Hubli and Kundgol.	Dhárwár and Hubli.
2. Bankápur, Kalghatgi, Savnur and Gudgeri.	Bankápur, Kalghatgi, Savnur, Gudgeri and Kundgol.

Camp Dhulia, 10th November 1909.

W. W. DREW,
Commissioner of Customs,
Salt, Opium and A'bkári.

BY THE SURGEON-GENERAL WITH
THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

No. A.-3885.—Assistant Surgeon P. P. Fernandes, L.M. & S., in charge of Gadag Dispensary, has been granted two months' privilege leave with effect from the forenoon of the 1st November 1909.

H. W. STEVENSON,
Surgeon-General, I. M. S.,
Surgeon-General with the Govt. of Bombay.
Poona, 4th November 1909.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER
FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

No. 323.—Mahadeo Ganesh, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Navápur Petha, West Khándesh Zilla, is transferred to Bhadgaon Petha, East Khándesh Zilla, with effect from 14th October 1909.

No. 324.—Vishnu Vithal, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bhadgaon Petha, East Khándesh Zilla, is transferred to Násik and Peint Tálukas, Násik Zilla, with effect from 22nd October 1909.

No. 325.—Balkrishna Mukund, Joint Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Násik and Peint Tálukas, Násik Zilla, is transferred to Navápur Táluka, West Khándesh Zilla, with effect from 6th October 1909.

No. 326.—Candidate Bhagwant Keshav was appointed Acting Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Násik and Peint Tálukas, from 4th to 21st October 1909 inclusive.

No. 327.—Keshav Mahadeo, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Edalabad Petha, East Khándesh Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 16th August to 15th October 1909 inclusive, and Candidate Ramchandra Parashram was appointed to act for him.

No. 328.—Purshotam Padmakar, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Shrigonda Táluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, is transferred to Rájápur and Ratnágiri Tálukas with effect from 3rd September 1909.

No. 329.—In Notification No. 287 of 4th October 1909 after the word "Zilla" read "in addition to his own duties."

No. 330.—Raghvendra Subbaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sindgi Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, is transferred to Dhárwár Táluka, W. D., with effect from 12th September 1909.

No. 331.—Vishnu Mahalaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Mundargi Petha, Dhárwár Zilla, is transferred to Bágalkot Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, with effect from 8th August 1909.

No. 332.—Maharudra Keshava, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Indi Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, is transferred to Gokák Táluka, Belgaum Zilla, with effect from 16th August 1909.

No. 333.—Narayan Shesho, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Gokák Táluka, Belgaum Zilla, is transferred to Indi Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, with effect from 10th August 1909.

No. 334.—Gurunath Ramchandra, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Hungund Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, is transferred to Hukeri Táluka, Belgaum Zilla, with effect from 9th August 1909.

No. 335.—Hanmant Gangadhar, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Hukeri Táluka, Belgaum Zilla, is transferred to Hungund Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, with effect from 1st October 1909.

No. 336.—Virupax Ramchandra, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Dhárwár Táluka, W. D., is transferred to Sindgi Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, with effect from 12th August 1909.

No. 337.—Rango Tamaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bágalkot Táluka, is transferred to Mundargi Petha, Dhárwár Zilla, with effect from 3rd August 1909.

No. 338.—Waman Jagannath, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kárwár Táluka, Kánara Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 10th October to 9th November 1909 inclusive, and Candidate Lingapa Manjaya is appointed to act for him.

No. 339.—Abdulhadir valad Shekhusen-sahab, Candidate Vaccinator, Belgaum Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 12th September to 11th October inclusive.

No. 340.—The probationary period of appointments made in Notifications Nos. 232, 237, 238 and 239 of 15th June 1908 is extended to 31st March 1910.

No. 341.—The sick leave granted to Sambaji Damodar, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Parasgad Táluka, Belgaum Zilla, in Notification No. 149 of 14th June 1909 is extended to 12th September 1909 and combined with leave without pay from 13th September 1909 to 12th March 1910 inclusive.

No. 342.—Gopal Balaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Murgod Mahál, Belgaum Zilla, is appointed substantive *pro tem*. Second Grade Vaccinator with effect from 12th September 1909 vice Sambaji Damodar on leave.

No. 343.—Shripad Parashuram, Candidate Vaccinator, Belgaum Zilla, is appointed substantive *pro tem*. Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Parasgad Táluka, Belgaum Zilla, with effect from 12th September 1909 vice Gopal Balaji, temporarily promoted.

No. 344.—Candidate Rango Ramchandra is appointed substantive *pro tem*. Candidate Vaccinator, Belgaum Zilla, with effect from 6th October 1909 vice Shripad Parashuram, temporarily promoted.

No. 345.—Hanmant Gangadhar, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Hungund Táluka, Bijápur Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 9th August to 30th September 1909 inclusive, and Ramchandra Mahadeo, First Grade Vaccinator, Hungund Táluka, E. D., performed the duties of the absentee, in addition to his own duties.

T. E. DYSON, Lieut.-Col.,
M.B., C.M., D.P.H., I. M. S.,
Sanitary Commissioner for the
Government of Bombay.

Poona, 8th November 1909.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

No. J.-2705.—In exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 13, Criminal Procedure Code, by Government in their Resolution No. 1404, dated 2nd February

1900, Judicial Department, the District Magistrate, Poona, hereby appoints Mr. E. G. L. Laird-MacGregor, Assistant Collector in charge Haveli Taluka, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Haveli Taluka, Poona District.

L. C. SWIFTE,
District Magistrate, Poona.

Poona, 3rd November 1909.

No. 9249.—Under the authority delegated by Government Notification No. 1405, dated 23rd February 1900, Judicial Department, the District Magistrate, East Khándesh, appoints Mr. J. P. Brander, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate, First Class, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the talukas of Jalgaon, Ráver, Yával and Bhusával, including Edalabad Petha, under section 13 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

F. G. H. ANDERSON,
District Magistrate, East Khándesh.

Jalgaon, 3rd November 1909.

No. 10315.—For the purposes of Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 3331, dated the 29th August 1906, the town of Saundatti in the Belgaum District is hereby declared to be plague-infected with effect from the 9th October 1909.

B. A. BRENDON,
District Magistrate, Belgaum.

Belgaum, 4th November 1909.

No. Dm.-2040.—In exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 13 of the Criminal Procedure Code by Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 1404,

dated 23rd February 1900, the District Magistrate, Thána, hereby places Mr. E. L. Moysey, Assistant Collector and Magistrate, First Class, in the Thána District, in charge of Bassein Sub-Division comprising the Sálsette, Bassein and Dáhánu Talukas including the Umbargaon Mahál.

J. L. RIEU,
District Magistrate, Thána.

Thána, 8th November 1909.

No. 3827.—Captain G. N. L. Labertouche delivered over and Major H. E. Lewis received charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Ahmedabad, in the forenoon of the 1st November 1909.

J. SLADEN,
District Magistrate, Ahmedabad.

Ahmedabad, 8th November 1909.

BY THE CHIEF PRESIDENCY
MAGISTRATE, BOMBAY.

HONORARY PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

No. 4831.—Under the provisions of Rule 2 of the rules for the guidance of the Benches of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, I assign the services of Mr. G. D. Traylen appointed by Government to be an Honorary Presidency Magistrate for the Town and Island of Bombay under their Notification No. 5995, dated the 26th October 1909, in the Judicial Department to the Dádar Bench.

A. H. S. ASTON,
Chief Presidency Magistrate and
Revenue Judge, Bombay.

Bombay, 5th November 1909.

BY COLLECTORS.

No. 4869.—The undermentioned employés in the Revenue Department were granted Examination leave for the periods shown against their names for the Higher and Lower Standard Departmental Examinations held in June last :—

No.	Name.	Designation.	What Examination.	Period.	
				From	To
1	Mr. V. G. Athawale	Shirastedar to Bench of Magistrates.	Higher Standard.	7th June 1909.	12th June 1909.
2	„ D. L. Bavachkar	Karkun, Manlatdar's office, Pandharpur.	Lower Standard.	Do. ...	1st June 1909.
3	„ G. V. Deshpande	Do. Barsi.	Do. ...	8th June 1909.	14th June 1909.
4	„ N. G. Jadhaw	Circle Inspector, Malsiras.	Do. ...	Do. ...	11th June 1909.

Sholapur, 2nd November 1909.

No. 4888.—Messrs. V. B. Naik and T. C. Ghaisas respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Chitnis to the Collector of Sholapur on the forenoon of the 1st November 1909, and Mr. V. B. Naik assumed charge of the duties of Special Land Acquisition Officer for the Sholapur Municipality on the forenoon of the 1st November 1909 according to Commissioner, C. D.'s No. C-488 of 27th April 1909.

Camp Mohol, 5th November 1909.

L. J. MOUNTFORD,
Collector of Sholapur.

No. R.-6289.—The following employés were granted Examination leave for the Higher and Lower Standard Examinations held in June 1909:—

No.	Name of Candidate.	Appointment.	Period of leave.	
			From	To
<i>Higher Standard.</i>				
1	Mr. Trimbak Govind Kulkarni.	Clerk, Income Tax Collector's office, Poona.	9th June 1909 ...	12th June 1909.
2	„ Sadashiv Sakharan Deshpande.	Clerk, Huzúr Deputy Collector's office.	Do. ...	Do.
<i>Lower Standard.</i>				
1	Mr. Jagannath Raghunath Kinnikar.	Kárkún, Dhond Maháلكari's office.	9th June 1909 ...	12th June 1909.
2	„ Damodhar Vithal Harischandrakar.	Kárkún, Ambegaon Maháلكari's office.	8th June 1909 ...	16th June 1909.
3	„ Ramchandra Sakharan Wagh.	Kárkún, Junnar Mámlatdár's office.	9th June 1909 ...	14th June 1909.
4	„ Yeshwant Vishnu Kanitkar.	Do. ...	Do. ...	Do.

Poona, 3rd November 1909.

No. Est.-370.—Mr. J. P. Brander, I. C. S., delivered over and Mr. L. J. Sedgwick, I. C. S., received charge of the duties of Assistant Collector, Indápur, Purandhar and Bhimthadi Tálukas and Dhond Petha, on the 1st instant, in the afternoon.

Poona, 5th November 1909.

L. C. SWIFTE,
Collector of Poona.

Sánand Tálukas on the 6th November 1909, in the forenoon.

Ahmedabad, 9th November 1909.

J. SLADEN,
Collector of Ahmedabad.

No. T.A.-1221.—Messrs. J. E. Husbards, I. C. S., and E. L. Moysey, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector, Bassain Pránt, on the 29th October 1909, in the forenoon.

J. L. RIEU,
Collector of Thána.
Thána, 5th November 1909.

No. 10352.—For the purpose of Government Resolution, Financial Department, No. 3331, dated the 29th August 1906, the town of Hukeri has been declared to be plague-infected with effect from the 20th instant.

B. A. BRENDON,
Collector of Belgaum.
Belgaum, 5th November 1909.

No. 9328.—Messrs. R. D. Bell, I. C. S., and J. P. Brander, I. C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector, East Division, on the 2nd instant, forenoon.

F. G. H. ANDERSON,
Collector of East Khándesh.
Jalgaon, 5th November 1909.

No. 5582.—Messrs. P. R. Mehta delivered over and A. E. L. Emanuel, M.A., I. C. S., received charge of the Ahmedabad City Survey and Suburb Survey and Enquiry Offices on the 1st November 1909, in the forenoon.

Ahmedabad; 4th November 1909.

No. 5593.—Mr. R. G. Gordon, I. C. S., delivered over and Mr. A. E. L. Emanuel, M.A., I. C. S., received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector in charge Daskroi, Parántij and Modása on the 1st November 1909, in the forenoon.

Ahmedabad, 5th November 1909.

No. 5648.—Mr. Gopalshankar Venishauker Bhahech delivered over and Mr. A. Master, I. C. S., received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector in charge Dholka and

BY THE REGISTRAR, CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES,
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

No. 2490.—The following by-laws of the Savedi Rural Co-operative Credit Society, Unlimited, registered under the Co-operative Credit Societies' Act (X of 1904), vide this office Notification No. 177 of 2nd July 1909 in the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated the 8th July 1909, are published for general information:—

By-laws of the Savedi Rural Co-operative Credit Society, Unlimited.

सावेडी परस्पर साहाय्यकारी पेढी खाज्खिणाची (खेड्यांतील) मंडळी अनलिमिटेडसाठी
पोटनियम.

१. या मंडळीचें नांव सावेडी खेड्यांतील परस्पर साहाय्यकारक मंडळी, अनलिमिटेड असें आहे, व तिचा नोंदलेला पत्ता मि. चिळे यांचा सावेडी बंगला आहे.

२. कोभोपरेटिव्ह सोसैटीन् आक्टांतील कलमांअन्वये व त्याला अनुलक्षण केलेल्या नियमांअन्वये वर्गणीने किंवा खाली नमूद केलेल्या दुसऱ्या कांहीं साधनांनी फंड जमवून त्यांतून मंडळांच्या मेवरांस कर्जा रक्कमा देणें अगर मंडळीकरितां व्याजी लावणें हा या मंडळीचा उद्देश होय.

३. खाली नमूद केलेल्या कोणत्याही अगर सर्वे साधनांनी पैसा जमवून फंड उभारावा :—

(अ) वर्गणी अगर प्रवेश फी घेऊन.

(ब) मेवरांपासून ठेवी घेऊन.

(क) सरकारापासून, रजिस्टर झालेला दुसऱ्या परस्पर साहाय्यकारी मंडळांच्यांतून किंवा जे आपल्या मंडळीचे मजबूत नाहींत अशा गृहस्थांतून कर्जाक पैसा घेऊन.

(द) पैशाच्या देणग्या घेऊन.

(ब) व (क) या सदरांखाली दिलेल्या साधनांनीं पैसे जमवावयाचे असल्यास मंडळीच्या व्यवस्थापक कमिटीने मंडळीच्या तर्फे रु. ३००० हून जास्त नाहीं इतक्या रकमेपर्यंत फंडाम पैसे आणावे. या रकमेहून जास्त रकम आणायची असल्यास कमिटीने मंडळीची सभा कळून मेजुरी घेतली पाहिजे.

(क) या सदराखाली दिलेल्या साधनांनीं पैसे जमवावयाचे असल्यास कमिटीनें आपल्या वतीनें कोणाही तीन मेवरांस व सेक्रेटरीस पैसे आणण्याचा अधिकार द्यावा व त्या चौघांनीं सद्या कळून कमिटीच्या तर्फे पावया देऊन कोणापासूनही पैसे आणावे.

४. मंडळी नोंदण्यासाठीं सरकारास केलेल्या अर्जावर ज्यांच्या सहा नाहींत अशांना मंडळीचे मेवर व्हावयाचें असल्यास कमिटीत मनें घेऊन मग त्यास मेवर होतां येईल. अनुकूल मतांची संख्या एकंदर मेवरांच्या दोन तृतीयांश तरी असलीच पाहिजे; सावेडी, नागापूर, व बडगांव गुप्त गांवात जे रहात नाहींत किंवा तेथे ज्यांना स्थावर मिळकत नाहीं अशा कोणासही मंडळीचे मेवर होतां येणार नाहीं.

५. मेवर कळून वेण्याप्रिवयी वा अर्ज लेखी असला पाहिजे व त्यावर अर्जदाराची सही असली पाहिजे. अर्जदारास सही करतां येत नसल्यास नमुन्यांतील सदर सेक्रेटरीनें भरवून कमिटीच्या देखत त्यानें अर्जाच्या नमुन्यावर आपली निशाणी करावी.

६. अर्जदाराची निवड झाल्यानंतर एक महिन्याच्या आंत त्यानें पोटनियमांअन्वये ठरलेली प्रवेश फी भरली पाहिजे ही फी भरली झणजे तो मेवर झाला.

७. मंडळीनें जें कर्ज काढलें असेल त्याबद्दलची जबाबदारी प्रत्येक मेवरावर मिळून आणि प्रत्येकीं सारखी आहे. त्याचप्रमाणे कोणा मेवरास दिलेले कर्ज त्यानें किंवा त्याच्या जागिऱ्यांनीं फेडलें नाहीं तर त्याचीही जबाबदारी मंडळीच्या मेवरांवर बरव्याप्रमाणेंच आहे.

८. कोणाही मेंवराा वाटेल तेव्हां सेक्रेटरीस लेखी नोटीस देऊन मंडळीच्या मेंवरापणाचा राजीनामा देता येतो; परंतु मंडळीची कांहीं कर्जाऊ रकम किंवा व्याज त्याच्याकडे राहिलें असल्यास तें त्यानें आधीं देऊन टाकलें पाहिजे.

९. कोणाचें नांव मेंवरांचे पटावरून काढावयाचें झाल्यास मंडळीस अधिकार आहे. परंतु ज्याचें नांव काढावयाचें त्यास कमिटीनें त्यावेळी पंचरा दिवस आधीं नोटीस दिली पाहिजे; आणि मग मंडळीची साधारण सभा करून तींत त्यास काढण्याविषयीं दोन तृतीयांश मेंवरांच्या मतपक्षां कमी नाहीं अशा मतांनीं ठराव झाला पाहिजे.

१०. मेंवरांची निवडणूक झाली हाणजे त्याच्यापासून प्रवेश फी किती घ्यावयाची हें कमिटीनें वेळोवेळीं ठरवावें. मात्र ही फी ३ रु. पक्षां अधिक नाहीं व १ रु. पक्षां कमी नाहीं इतकी असावी.

११. मंडळीच्या प्रत्येक मेंवरास मंडळीपासून कर्ज मिळेल—पण त्याला कमिटीचें अनुमोदन पाहिजे; आणि मंडळीच्या पोटनियमांअन्वये त्याची व्यवस्था पाहिजे.

१२. प्रत्येक मेंवरास मंडळीच्या साधारण सभेला हजर राहण्याचा, आणि मन देण्याचा हक्क आहे.

१३. वार्षिक साधारण सभेचे जे अधिकार खालीं नमूद केले आहेत तेच मंडळीच्या पहिल्या सभेलाही आहेत.

१४. मंडळीची वार्षिक साधारण सभा दर वर्षी जुलै महिन्यांत भरत जाईल. त्या सभेनें करावयाचीं कामें येंप्रमाणें असतील:—

(१) पुढील सालासाठीं व्यवस्थापक कमिटी व इतर अधिकारी निवडावयाचे.

(२) होऊन गेलेल्या सालांतोळ कामाचा रिपोर्ट कमिटीपासून घ्यावा. त्याचप्रमाणें जमाखर्चाचा ताळेबंद व रजिस्ट्रारसाहेबांकडून हिशेबतपासणीवद्दल काय लिखाण आलें असेल तेंही घ्यावें.

(३) मंडळीचें दुसरें कांहीं साधारण काम असेल त्याचा निकाल लावण.

१५. कमिटीच्या मेंवरांच्या बहुमतानें ठरल्यास किंवा मंडळीच्या मेंवरांपैकीं एकपंचमांश लोकांनीं लेखी विनंति केल्यास अथवा रजिस्ट्रारसाहेबांनीं लिहून कळविलें तरीही सेक्रेटरीनें काय काम आहे तें कळवून मंडळीची विशेष सभा भरविली पाहिजे.

१६. (अ) वार्षिक साधारण सभा भरावयाच्या पूर्वीं दहा दिवस व विशेष सभा भरावयाच्या पूर्वीं पांच दिवस लेखी जाहिरपत्रक काढून तें मंडळीच्या कचेरीच्या बाहेर अगर गांवांत अगर शहरांत कमिटीनें निवडून काढलेल्या प्रसिद्ध ठिकाणीं चिकटवून ठेविलें गेलें पाहिजे.

(ब) या जाहिरपत्रकांत सभा कोणच्या ठिकाणीं कोणच्या दिवशीं किती वाजतां व कोणच्या कामासाठीं भरणार हें नमूद केलें पाहिजे.

(क) मंडळीच्या सर्व सभा मंडळीच्या नोंदलेल्या जागेंतच व्हाव्या. कमिटीनें विशेष ठराव करून निराळ्या जागीं सभा भरविल्यास हरकत नाहीं.

(ड) साधारण सभेंत हजर असलेल्या मेंवरांपैकीं दोन तृतीयांश मेंवरांच्या अनुमतानें कोणाही मेंवरास, त्या दिवसाच्या कामांत नाहीं अशा एखाद्या कामाबद्दल सूचना आगतां येईल. परंतु ही सूचना कोणाही दुसऱ्या मेंवरास मंडळींतून काढून टाकण्याबद्दल, किंवा मंडळीच्या पोटनियमांत फरक करण्याबद्दल अथवा ठेविलेल्या ठेवींवरील व काढलेल्या कर्जांवरील व्याजाच्या दरांत फरक करण्याबद्दल नसावी.

(इ) एखाद्या सभेंत नेमलेलें काम एका दिवसांत निकालास लागलें नाहीं तर तें दुसऱ्या कोणच्या तरी दिवसावर टाकावें व त्या दुसऱ्या कोणत्यातरी दिवशींही तें काम उरकलें नाहीं तर पुनः जाहीरपत्रक काढून सभा भरवून तिजपुढें मांडावें.

१७. सर्व साधारण सभांच्या वेळीं जमलेल्या मेंवरांनीं बहुमतानें आपला अध्यक्ष निवडून काम चालवावें.

१८. हजर असलेल्या प्रत्येक मॅंबरास एक मत असावें, अध्यक्षस मात्र इतरांप्रमाणें एक मत असून आणखी एक अधिक मत असावें,

१९. सगळ्या साधारण सभेंत एकंदर मॅंबरांचे संख्येचे ३ मॅंबर अगर ३० मॅंबर यांपैकी जी संख्या कमी होईल तेवढे मॅंबर लोक हजर असले ह्मणजे कोरम झालें असें समजावें.

२०. मंडळीचें काम चालविण्यास सातांहून कमी नार्थी इतक्या मॅंबरांचो एक कमिटी नेमात्री. या कमिटीनें मंडळीच्या पोटनियमांच्या कलमान्त्रयें व मंडळीनें आपल्या साधारण सभांचे वेळीं केलेल्या ठरावांन्वयें मंडळीचे सर्व अधिकार चालवावे. कामाची व्यवस्था करण्यासाठीं जितक्या सभा भरविणें अवश्य असेल तितक्या कमिटीच्या सभा भराव्या. परंतु महिन्यांतून एकदां तरी सभा भरलीच पाहिजे. कमिटीच्या सभास पांच मॅंबर हजर असले ह्मणजे कोरम झालें.

२१. मंडळीच्या वार्षिक साधारण सभेच्या वेळीं कमिटीची निवडणूक होत जाईल. कमिटीनें तेव्हांपासून एक वर्षपर्यंत किंवा मंडळीची वार्षिक साधारण सभा भरून नवीन निवडणूक होईपर्यंत काम चालवावें. ज्या कमिटीची मुदत संपल्यावर त्या कमिटीच्या मॅंबरांची पुनः निवडणूक होण्यास कांहीं हरकत नाहीं.

कमिटीचा कोणी मॅंबर वारख्यामुळें किंवा राजीनामा दिल्यामुळें किंवा काढून टाकल्यामुळें जी जागा रिकामी होईल, ती त्यानंतर भरणाऱ्या साधारण सभेंत निवडणूक करून भरून टाकावी. अशा तऱ्हेनें निवडल्या गेलेल्या मॅंबराची मुदत नेतरच्या वार्षिक सभेंत होणाऱ्या निवडणुकीपर्यंत चालावयाची. एखादा मॅंबर कमी झाल्यापासून मंडळीची विशेष सभा भरेपर्यंत कमिटीच्या बाकीच्या मॅंबरांनीं रिकामी झालेली जागा आपणच एखाद्यास निवडून भरून टाकावी.

२१ अ. रपेशल जनरल सभा मुद्दाम बोलावून त्यांत बहुमतानें ठराव पास झाल्याशिवाय कोणत्याही कमिटीच्या मॅंबराला त्याच्या कामांतून दूर करण्यांत येऊं नये.

२२. कमिटीनें आपल्यापैकीं एकास सर्व्व मुदतीपर्यंत किंवा कांहीं दिवसांपुरतें अध्यक्ष ह्मणून निवडावें. असा अध्यक्ष निवडला ह्मणजे त्यानें आपल्या मुदतींत कमिटीच्या ज्या सभा भरतील त्या सभांत अध्यक्ष व्हावें. अध्यक्ष निवडला नसल्यास किंवा तो गैरहजर असल्यास कमिटीच्या सभेच्या वेळीं हजर असलेल्या मॅंबरांनीं त्या दिवसापुरता आपल्यापैकीं अध्यक्ष निवडावा. अशा सभेच्या अध्यक्षास मॅंबर या नात्यानें त्यास असणाऱ्या मताखेरीज एक अधिक मत असावें.

२३. कमिटीनें अगर कमिटीचा मॅंबर या नात्यानें वेळीं जाणारीं कामें कायदेशीर आहेत असेंच समजलें जाईल. मग ती कमिटी किंवा तो मॅंबर यांची निवडणूक झाली तेवेळीं निवडणुकीच्या पद्धतीं कांहीं कमीपणा झाल्याचें पाठीमागून नजरेस आलें तरी हरकत नाहीं.

२४. कमिटीच्या प्रत्येक सभेच्या वेळीं साधारणतः खाली दिलेलीं कामें केर्लीं जातील :—

प्रथमतः जमसंबंधाचा ह्मणजे कोणी नवीन ठेव आणून दिली असल्यास ती घेण्याचा अगर कोणी नेलेला पैसा परत आणून दिला असल्यास त्यासंबंधाचा व्यवहार कमिटी पुरा करील. नंतर ज्या कोणास आपल्या ठेवीपैकीं कांहीं पैसे परत न्यावयाचे असतील अगर कर्ज ह्मणून रकम घ्यावयाची असेल त्याच कामाचा निकाल करील. सेक्रेटरीनें त्या दिवसापर्यंत कर्जाक पैसा मागण्यासाठीं आलेल्या अर्जाची यादी कमिटीपुढें मांडून त्यासंबंधीं कमिटीचा हुकूम काय होईल तो लिहून ठेविला पाहिजे. त्यानंतर मंडळीचा मॅंबर होण्याबद्दलचे अर्जांचा निकाल करावा व इतर कांहीं काम निघेल तेंही निकालास लावावें.

कमिटीच्या सभांच्या वेळीं मॅंबरांस जो पैसा आदा केला जाईल किंवा मॅंबरांकडून ठेव म्हणून किंवा फेड म्हणून जो पैसा घेतला जाईल त्याबद्दलचें सर्व्व क्रिडिणें रोजकीर्दित व मॅंबरांच्या पासबुकांत ताबडतोव मांडलें गेलें कीं नाहीं हें पाहण्याची जबाबदारी कमिटीवर आहे. प्रत्येक वेळीं सभेचें काम संपलें म्हणजे रोजकीर्दित कमिटीपैकीं दोन मॅंबरांच्या सहा झाल्या पाहिजेत. सेटिंग बँकतून काढून आणलेल्या किंवा बँकेंत भरलेल्या रकमा बँकबुकांत योग्य तऱ्हेनें लिहिल्या आहेत कीं नाहींत हें पाहून खातरी करून घेण्याची जबाबदारी कमिटीवर आहे

भांडवल कर्जाक देण्यासंबंधाचा, कोणासाठी कर्ज देण्याबद्दल मंजुरी दिल्याचा, कोणापासून रकम असूळ करण्यासाठी काय करावयाचें त्याचा व कोणासाठी मंडळीचे मॅबर म्हणून घेतल्याचा बगैरे कोणत्याही वेळीं कमिटीनें जे ठराव केले असतील ते कमिटीच्या मिनिटबुकांत नोंदून टाकिले पाहिजेत व त्या नोंदीचे खालीं सेक्रेटरी आणि त्या सभेस हजर असलेल्या मॅबरांपैकी निदान दोन मॅबरांनीं आल्या सहा केलेया पाहिजेत. प्रत्येक सभेचे वेळीं जे मॅबर हजर असतील त्यांचीं नांवां त्या सभेच्या शेवटीं मिनिटबुकांत नोंदलीं पाहिजेत.

२५. कमिटीनें सेक्रेटरीची नेमणूक करावी व त्याच्या कामाबद्दल पगार देण्याची अधिकार कमिटीस असावा. परंतु पगाराची रकम मंडळीच्या साधारण सभेत ठरलेली असावी पाहिजे. सेक्रेटरीस काम सोडणें झाल्यास त्यानें मंडळीस, किंवा मंडळीस तो सेक्रेटरी नको असल्यास मंडळीनें त्यास एक महिन्याची आगाऊ नोंदीस दिली पाहिजे. कमिटीनें नेमिलेला सेक्रेटरी काढून टाकण्याचा अधिकार मंडळीच्या साधारण सभेस आहे व अशा तऱ्हेनें काढून टाकिलेला सेक्रेटरी पुनः नेमणें झाल्यास मंडळीची साधारण सभा भडन नवा ठराव झाल्याखेरीज तशी नेमणूक करितां येणार नाहीं.

२६. प्रथमतः मंडळी नोंदण्यासाठीं केलेल्या अर्जावर अर्जांनीं सहा केलेया असतील त्यांस किंवा त्यांनील बहुसंख्येस कमिटीची नेमणूक होईपर्यंत वर सांगितलेल्या अधिकारांपैकी कमिटीचे कोणतेही अधिकार चालवितां येतील.

२७. सेक्रेटरीनें केलीं पाहिजेत तीं कामें येणेंप्रमाणें :—

- (१) मंडळीच्या व कमिटीच्या सभा बोलावणें व त्या सभांच्या वेळीं हजर असणें.
- (२) अशा सभांचे वेळीं होणाऱ्या कामाची मिनिटबुकांत नोंद करणें.
- (३) नियम व पोटनियम यांवरहुकूम सर्व हिशोब व नोंदणीपुस्तकें व्यवस्थित तऱ्हेनें ठेवणें. पावत्या, व्हाउचरें व मंडळीच्या कामासंबंधाचे सर्व कागदपत्र तयार करणें, पत्रव्यवहार ठेवणें व मॅबरांस लागेल तीं सर्व माहिती देणें.

सेक्रेटरी गैरहजर असल्यास कमिटीनें अगर मंडळीच्या साधारण सभेनें सेक्रेटरीचे कोणतेही काम कोणाही मनुष्यास करण्यास सांगावें.

२८. कोणाही मॅबरांस कर्जाक रकम देण्याची मंजुरी कमिटीनें दिली म्हणजे त्या मॅबरांनीं कमिटीच्या पसंतीच्या दोन जामीनदारांचें खातरजमेचें पत्र आणल्यानंतर त्यांस कर्जाक रकमा दिल्या जातील. जामीनपत्र व आल्यास कमिटीस पसंत होईल असें तारण दिलें तरी रकमा दिल्या जातील. कोणाही कमिटीच्या मॅबरांनीं स्वतःच्या कर्जाक रकमेबद्दलच्या अर्जासंबंधानें आपलेंच मत देऊं नये.

२९. कोणाही एका मॅबरास १५० रुपयांच्या वर एका वर्षांत कर्ज दिल जाऊं नये.

३०. ज्या बाबीपासून कांहीं उत्पन्न होणें शक्य नाहीं अशा बाबींसाठीं कमिटीनें लोकांस कर्जाक दिलेली एकंदर रकम मंडळीच्या प्रवेशफीनें, किंवा कर्ज म्हणून आणून उभारलेल्या भांडवलाच्या एकचतुर्थांश रकमेहून अधिक नसावी. मागल्या नियमांत एका वर्षांत एका मॅबरास देण्याची अधिकार अधिक रकम ठरविची आहे त्या रकमेच्या निम्मेहून अधिक रकम कोणा एका व्यक्तीस देणें झाल्यास कमिटीच्या सर्व मॅबरांचे एकमत होऊन ठराव झाला पाहिजे.

अमुक वाव ही उत्पन्नाची आहे आणि अमुक नाहीं याबद्दलचा कमिटीनें केलेला ठराव हा अखेरचाच समजावयाचा. मात्र मंडळीच्या साधारण सभेनें केलेल्या त्यासंबंधीं ठरावास धरून कमिटीचा ठराव असला पाहिजे.

३१. एका वर्षाहून जास्त मुदतपर्यंत कर्जाक दिलेल्या एकंदर रकमा त्रिलून, मंडळीच्या प्रवेश फीनें, किंवा कर्ज म्हणून आणून तयार केलेल्या भांडवलाच्या एक चतुर्थांश रकमेपेक्षां अधिक असतां कामा नये.

३२. मंडळीनें लोकांस कर्ज वावयाचें त्यावर दरमहा दर रुपयास १३ पै इतकेंच व्याज घेतलें जाईल. या दरांत मंडळीच्या वार्षिक साधारण सभेत फरक करण्याचा ठराव झाल्याखेरीज हे दर बदलावयाचे नाहींत. व्याजाचा

आकार करावयाचा तो १६ किंवा १६ दिवसांच्या वर होतील तितके दिवसांचा पुरा महिना समजून केला जाईल ; व १९ किंवा त्याच्या आंत दिवस असतील त्यांचा अर्धा महिना समजून केला जाईल.

३२ (अ).—पोट नियम २९, ३१, आणि ३२ यांतील करार, कांहीं असले तरी ते खेरीज करून मेंबरलोकांस त्यांच्या जुन्या कर्जापासून मुक्त करण्यासाठी याखाली दिलेल्या वारंवार कर्जांक रकमा द्याव्या :—

- (अ) एखाद्या मेंबरानें वरील कारणास्तव कर्जांक ह्यापून काढलेली रकम मे. रजिस्ट्रारसाहेब यांची मंजूरी मिळविण्याखेरीज १०० रुपयांपेक्षा जास्त केव्हांही असूं नये.
- (ब) अशा कर्जावरचें व्याज दरसाल दर शेंकडा ८ पेक्षां कमी असूं नये.
- (क) प्रत्येक कर्ज व त्यावरचें व्याज मिळून एकंदर रकम यांची फेड वार्षिक हप्त्यांनीं करावयाची व त्या प्रत्येक हप्त्याची रकम कर्जांक दिलेल्या रकमेच्या शेंकडा वारापेक्षां कमी असूं नये. परंतु यापैकीं एकंदर वार्षिक हप्ते अगर कोणताही हत्ता मुदतीच्या आंत केव्हांही दिल्यास चालेल.
- (ड) अशा कर्जांक रकमा व त्यांचें व्याज हीं परत देण्यासाठीं द्यावयाचें तारण ह्यातलें ह्याजे कमिटीच्या मतें कर्जांक रकमेच्या कनिष्ठ तीनपट किंमत असलेली जमीन कवजागहाण लिहून घेणें हें होय. आणि त्यांत असा करार केला पाहिजे कीं गहाण जमिनीवरील सरकारी सारा व लोकलफंड हे रिणकोसे द्यावयाचे व त्यावरील वार्षिक नफा जो राहिल तो वार्षिक हप्त्याचे एवजी घेण्यांत द्यावयाचा.
- (इ) गहाण जमिनीवरील सरकारी सारा, लोकलफंड आणि वार्षिक हप्त्यापुरती वार्षिक लावण्याची रकम देण्याचे अटावर गहाणखतांत जी मुदत ठरविली असेल त्या मुदतीपुरती रिणकोसे गहाण जमीन लावणीनें द्यावी.
- (फ) कोणतेही वर्षी लावणीची रकम अगर तिचा कोणताही भाग देण्यास कर्जदार चुकला तर त्यास चुकल्या तारिखेपासून दरसाल दर शेंकडा १२ व्याज त्या रकमेवर देणें भाग पडेल. आणि असें चुकल्याचें कारण कमिटीच्या मतें निवार्य तों असें ठरल्यास ती इन्स्टेट कर्जदाराच्या ताब्यांनून काढून घेऊन कमिटीस योग्य वाटेल त्या अटीवर गहाणांतील बाकीचे मुदतीपर्यंत दुसऱ्या इसमास पुन्हा खेडानें द्यावी.

३३. कर्जांक दिलेल्या रकमांची फेड एकदम एक गटरकमेनें किंवा हप्त्याहप्त्यांनीं जशी कमिटीनें ठरविली असेल तशी करून द्यावी.

३४. एखाद्याकडून घेण्याची कर्जांक रकम किंवा त्या रकमेचा हप्ता ठरल्या दिवशीं न आला, तर दरमहा तीन पै प्रमाणें चक्रवाढ व्याजानें ती रकम वसूल केली जाईल. ठरलेल्या तारखेत कोणाकडून रकम आली नाही तर सेक्रेटरीनें कर्जदारास व त्याच्या जागिनास पैसा आणून भरण्याविषयी लेखी नोटीस पाठवावी. नोटीस पाठवूनही एक महिन्याचे आंत कर्जांची फेड झाली नाही तर कमिटीनें व्याजासकट कर्जांचा वसूल करण्याचा उपाय करावा. कर्जदारानें फेड न करण्यास योग्य कारण दाखवून कमिटीची खात्री केल्यास तो उपाय करूं नये. नेमिलेल्या तारखेपासून एक महिन्याचे आंत आपण घेतलेल्या कर्जांची रकम ज्याचे हातून फेडली जाणार नाही अनें ती न फेडण्यास कमिटीची खात्री होण्याजोगें कारण दाखविलें नाही तर मंडळीकडून त्यास नवें कर्ज दिलें जाणार नाही.

३५. कोणीही मेंबरानें कर्जांसाठीं अर्ज करावयाचा त्यांत जापर्यास किती रकम कर्जांक पाहिजे तें, किती मुदत पाहिजे तें, कशाकारितां पाहिजे तें व आपण कोणत्या प्रकारचें तारण देणार आहां तेंही लिहिलें पाहिजे. अशा अर्जांचा निजाल व्यतिनां कमिटीनें पाहिजे तर कर्ज न देण्याचा, अर्जांत मागितल्याप्रमाणें देण्याचा, अर्जांत मागितल्यापेक्षां कमी रकम देण्याचा किंवा कमी अथवा अधिक मुदतीपर्यंत देण्याचा योगी वाटतील ते ठराव करचे. त्याचप्रमाणें जागिनाच्या अगर तारण्याच्या संवधानें अर्जांतही वाटतील ते फारस करचे.

एखाद्या अर्जदारास विहितां येत नसेल तर सेक्रेटरीनें त्याजपासून वरील वार्षीसंवधानें माहिती विचारून घेऊन त्याच कामाकरितां ठेविलेल्या नोंदणीबुकांत ती नोंदवावी.

३६. एका कारणाकारितां कर्जा दिलेली रकम कर्जदारानें दुसऱ्याच कामास लाविल्यास ती रकम सव्याज परत मागण्याचा अधिकार कमिटीस आहे. पहिल्यानें सांगितल्या कारणास न लावितो दुसऱ्याच कारणास कर्जदारानें ती लाविली असें कमिटीनें ठरविल्यास तो ठराव निकालाचाच होय.

३७. एखाद्या कर्जदारास दिलेल्या रकमेबद्दल जामीन राहिलेला गृहस्थ वारला किंवा कमिटीच्या भेटे नाळायख ठरला किंवा तो गांव सोडून दुसऱ्या गांवां रहावयास गेला तर सेक्रेटरी व कमिटीचे दोन मेंबर यांनीं सहा कळून कर्जदारास सात-दिवसांचे आंत नवीन जामीन देण्याबद्दल नोटीस द्यावी. सात दिवसांचे आंत नवीन जामीन कर्जदारास देतां आला नाहीं तर त्याचेकडे असलेलें कर्ज मुदतअखेरपर्यंतचे व्याजसाहित ताबडतोब परत मागावें. तें यानें दिले पाहिजे.

३८. मंडळीनें ठेवी ठेवावयाच्या त्या (कायम) मुदतीच्या असाव्या किंवा चालू व्यवहाराच्या असाव्या. (कायम) मुदतीच्या ठेवी एक वर्षाचे आंत किंवा ठेव ठेवणाराच्या पावतीवर नमूद केलेल्या वर्षाहून अधिक मुदतीच्या आंत काढून नेतां यावयाच्या नाहींत. या मुदतीच्या ठेवीवर दरमहा दर रूपायास एक पै व्याज दिलें जाईल, व हें व्याज सहा सहा महिन्यांनीं मिळेल. चालू व्यवहाराच्या ठेवीवर दर रूपायास दरमहा ३ पै व्याज दिलें जाईल, व या ठेवी काढून घेणें झाल्यास सेक्रेटरीस दहा दिवसांची नोटीस दिली पाहिजे. या खात्यावरील रकमा काढावयाच्या त्या महिन्यांतून एक वेळेपेक्षां अधिक वेळां काढल्या जाऊं नयेत. या पोटनियमांतील कलम ३ अन्वये आणि या नियमांत नमूद केल्याप्रमाणे कोणाही मेंबरानें मंडळीकडे कायम मुदतीच्या अगर चालू व्यवहाराच्या ठेवी ठेवाव्या. जर कमिटीस असें दिसून आलें कीं आपण ठेवी हाणून घेतलेला पैसा कमिटीला फायदेशीर अशा तऱ्हेनें व्याज लावतां येत नाहीं तर कमिटीनें पुढें ठेवी घेण्याचें नाकारावें. व चालू व्यवहाराच्या ठेवीवर दिलें जाणारें व्याज अधिक आहे असें वाटल्यास दर कमी करण्याचे पूर्वी तशा ठेवी ठेवणारांस दहा दिवसांची नोटीस द्यावी. परंतु कमिटीनें नाकारण्याचे ऐवजीं व्याज वगैरे संबंधी विशेष करार लिहून घेऊन स्वीकारण्यास हरकत नाहीं.

३९. प्रत्येक मेंबरास एक पास बुक दिलें जाईल. या पास बुकांत मेंबराकडून आलेल्या रकमा व दिलेल्या रकमा सेक्रेटरीकडून नोंदल्या जातील व ठेवीचा आणि कर्जाक दिलेल्या रकमांचा हिशोब खातावणीच्या नमन्यावर याच बुकांत ठेविला जाईल.

४०. कर्जाच्या फेडीसाठीं किंवा ठेव हाणून ठेवण्यासाठीं रकमा आणून भरावयाच्या त्या कमिटीच्या सभांच्या वेळींच भराव्या. अशा तऱ्हेनें आणून भरलेल्या रकमा लागलीच मेंबरास कर्जाक देण्यासाठीं नको असल्या, तर त्याच दिवशीं किंवा दुसरे दिवशीं सेविंगस बँकेत भराव्या.

४१. मेंबरांस कर्जाक वगैरे देऊन जो पैसा मंडळीजवळ राहिल तो सेविंगस बँकेत भरला जाईल. पैसा देणें असेल तेव्हां सेक्रेटरी व कमिटीचे दोन मेंबर यांनीं सहा कळून आवश्यक रकमेची पावती करावी व ती सेविंगस बँकेकडे पाठवावी. हाणजे बँकेतून रकम मिळेल व मंडळीच्या पास बुकांत ती रकम काढल्याची नोंदही होईल. अशा तऱ्हेनें काढलेली रकम व्यास कर्ज यावयाचें त्यास त्याच दिवशीं अगर दुसरे दिवशीं कमिटीची सभा कळून तिचे देखत दिली पाहिजे.

किरकोळ खर्चाकरितां हाणून सेक्रेटरी याजकडे ५ रुपये पर्यंतची रकम ठेवण्यांत यावा व या रकमेतून खर्च करणें असल्यास कमिटीच्या परवानगीनें करावा. मात्र सदरहुवावत ठराव भिनितबुकांत नमूद असला पाहिजे.

४२. १९०४ चा आक्ट १०, कलम ८ यांत सांगितल्याप्रमाणें राखून ठेविलेला फंड मंडळीच्या मांडवलाच्या (हें मांडवल ठेव हाणून आलेली रकम, कर्जाक आणलेलें मांडवल व त्यावरचें व्याज यांनीं तयार केलेलें असतें.) वरून कमी नाहीं इतका झाला व लोकांस कर्जाक दिलेल्या रकमांवर शेंकडा ८ टक्यांवर व्याज गेलें नाहीं तर, वर्षांत झालेल्या फायद्याची निमी रकम मेंबरांस नक्ता हाणून वांटून दिली जाईल.

४३. मंडळीची रजिस्टर बुक व हिशोबाच्या वज्या खाली नमूद केलेल्या कलमांप्रमाणें ठेविली पाहिजेत:—

(१) भिनितबुक—यांत मंडळीच्या साधारण सभांचे वेळीं होणारा सर्व कारभार नोंदून त्याखाली सेक्रेटरी व त्या सभेचा अध्यक्ष यांच्या सहा झाल्या पाहिजेत.

- (२) वर सांगितल्याप्रमाणेंच एक कमिटीचें मिनिटबुक असून त्यावरही वरीळप्रमाणेंच सर्व व्यवस्था असावी.
- (३) मंडळीच्या मंत्रांचें एक रजिष्टरबुक असावें. त्यांत प्रत्येक मंत्राचें नांव व धंदा, त्यास मंत्र ह्मणून घेतल्याची तारीख व प्रवेशफी ह्मणून किती रकम दिली तें नोंदलेलें असावें व त्या मंत्राचें नियम १३ प्रमाणें आपला वारस अमुक अशी माहिती सांगितली असल्यास त्याचें नांव आणि पत्ता यांत नोंदावा.
- (४) रोजकीर्द—यावर सर्व शेखीचा व्यवहार जसजसा झाला असेल तसतसा लिहीत जावा. तारीख, वार, कोणास पैसा दिला व कोणाकडून आला त्यांचीं नांवां नोंदलीं जाव्यांत.
- (५) कर्जाची नोंद—यांत कर्जाक दिलेल्या रकमांचा तपशील अनुक्रमानें नोंदला असावा.
- (६) ज्या कोणास मंडळीनें कर्जें दिलीं असतील त्यांची नांवांनिशीवार खतावणी असावी.
- (७) ज्यांनीं ठेवी वगैरे ठेविल्या असतील त्यांची नांवांनिशीवार खतावणी असावी.
- (८) एक व्याज खातें असावें. त्यांत मंडळीनें लोकांकडून आणल्या रकमांवरील व्याज ह्मणून लोकांस दिलेल्या रकमा, व कर्जदार लोकांपासून व्याज ह्मणून घेतलेल्या रकमा नोंदल्या असल्या.
- (९) खर्च खातें—यांत मंडळीच्या व्यवस्थेबद्दल होणारा खर्च, दिला जाणारा पगार वगैरेची नोंद असावी.
- (१०) बँक खातें—यांत सेविंग्स बँकेशीं झालेला सगळा व्यवहार तपशीलवार नोंदलेला असावा.

४४. (अ) मंडळीच्या कोणत्याही मंत्रास मंडळीच्या आफिसाच्या वेळांत वाटेल तें नोंदणीबुक पहाण्याचा अधिकार आहे. मात्र एका मंत्रास दुसऱ्या मंत्राचें खातें पहातां येणार नाहीं.

(ब) या पोटनियमासाठीं कमिटीनें आपला आफिसाचा वेळ ठरवून टाकलेला असावा.

४५. दर वर्षी १५ वे जुलैचे दिवशीं किंवा त्यापूर्वी मंडळीच्या कमिटीनें आपल्या आफिसांत त्या सालचा ताळेबंद प्रसिद्ध करावा. या ताळेबंदांत मंडळीची जमा, खर्च, शिल्लक व येणें आणि इतर मालमत्ता दाखविलेली असावी. त्याबरोबरच ३० जून पर्यंत वर्षांत झालेल्या व्यवहाराची हकीकतही थोडक्यांत दिलेली असावी. या ताळेबंदाची आणि हकीकतीची नकल दरसाल २० जुलैचे पूर्वी रजिष्ट्रारसहिबांकडे पाठवावी.

४६. हे पोटनियम बदलणें झाल्यास, रद्द करणें झाल्यास अगर यांत एखादा नवीन घालणें झाल्यास, मंडळीची एक विशेष साधारण सभा भरविली पाहिजे, व तींत हजर असणाऱ्या मंत्रांपैकी ३ मंत्रांचें तरी अनुमोदन पाहिजे. परंतु ही ३ संख्या मंडळीच्या पटावर असणाऱ्या मंत्रांच्या संख्येच्या निमेश्चकी तरी पाहिजे. शिवाय ही सभा मरविण्यासाठीं जें जाहीरपत्रक काढावयाचें त्यांत कोणता नियम कसा बदलावयाचा, कोणता नवीन घालावयाचा किंवा कोणता रद्द करावयाचा तें स्पष्टपणें लिहिणें पाहिजे व सभेच्या दिवसाच्यापूर्वी निदान तीस दिवस तें प्रसिद्ध झालें पाहिजे व त्याची एक एक प्रत रजिष्ट्रार पोष्टानें कलेक्टरसाहेब व पेठ्यांचे रजिष्ट्रारसाहेब यांजकडे निदान तीस दिवस पूर्वी पाठविली पाहिजे.

कोणत्याही नियमांत केल्या जाणाऱ्या बदल्यासंबंधानें, किंवा कोणताही नियम रद्द करण्यासंबंधानें, वर सांगितल्याप्रमाणें जाहीरपत्रक काढून सभा भरवून तींत वर सांगितल्या इतरक्या बहुमतानें ठराव पास झाला ह्मणजे त्या ठरावास मे. रजिष्ट्रारसाहेबांची संमत आल्या दिवसापासून किंवा सभेनें त्यांत रद्द ठरविलेल्या दिवसापासून त्या ठरावाची अंमलबजावणी व्हावी.

४७. या पोटनियमांत जें जें मंत्रास अमुक अमुक गोष्टी जाहीर कराव्या असं असेल तेथें तेथें असं समजावें कीं मंत्राचे राहत्या घरीं जाहीरपत्रक दिलें ह्मणजे तें त्यास पोचलें.

तारीख

१९०९.

(सही) गणेश कृष्ण चितळे व इतर १३ असावी.

No. 2504.—Under Rule 7 (c) of the rules framed by Government under the Co-operative Credit Societies' Act (X of 1904), the following amendments in the by-laws of the Gadag Taluka Government Servants Co-operative Credit Society, as passed by them at their Annual General Meeting held on 30th September 1909, are approved:—

In by-law 31 (I), eliminate the words "for Government Servants".

In by-law 31 (II) - a, change "9" to "9½".
Aundh, 6th November 1909.

No. 2527.—Under Rule 7 (c) of the rules framed by Government under section 27 of the Co-operative Credit Societies' Act (X of 1904), the following amendments in the By-laws of the Shamrao Vitthal Urban Co-operative Credit Society, as passed in their Annual General Meeting held on 3rd October 1909, have been approved:—

By-law 3, clause (i) (a)
add "and debentures".

By-law 3, clause (i) (b)
add "and non-members".

By-law 10, clause (a)
add "on payment of such fee as the Committee may fix" after the words "another member".

By-law 21, clause (c)
add "or a mofussil Sub-Committee" after the words "members of the Committee".

By-law 39
substitute the following:—

"Deposits may be (A) Fixed Deposits, (B) Current Deposits, or (C) Cumulative Deposits; fixed deposits may not be withdrawn within a period of one year or more as specified in the Depositor's Pass Book and shall bear interest at not exceeding 4½ per cent. per annum. However, fixed deposits of Rs. 1,000 or more and for a period of not less than 5 years shall bear interest at not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum. Current deposits shall bear interest at not exceeding 3½ per cent. per annum and may be withdrawn on giving 10 days' notice to the Society, but withdrawals from the same account may not be made oftener than twice a month. Cumulative deposits are monthly deposits of uniform amounts allowed to accumulate for a certain period and withdrawable thereafter with accretion. Subject to the By-laws and the Rules that may from time to time be framed by the Committee, any person may deposit money with the Society in one or more classes at the same or at different times" for "Deposits may be (in first line).....as current deposit" (in the 9th line).

Takari, 8th November 1909.

C. S. CAMPBELL,
Registrar, Co-operative Credit Societies,
Bombay Presidency.

BY CONSERVATORS OF FORESTS.

NORTHERN CIRCLE.

No. 2419.—Mr. K. B. Gokhale, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Second Grade, and Sub-Divisional Forest Officer, South Thána, delivered over and Mr. S. H. Vaze, Range Forest Officer, Bhiwandi, who has since been appointed as Acting Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Fourth Grade (vide Government Notification No. 10360 of 27th October 1909) received charge of the Sub-Divisional Forest office, South Thána, on the 25th of October 1909, in the afternoon.

Bándra, 5th November 1909.

No. 2429.—Mr. P. E. Aitchison, Deputy Conservator of Forests, delivered over and Mr. C. E. L. Gilbert, Assistant Conservator of Forests, received charge of the Divisional Forest office, North Thána, on the afternoon of the 3rd November 1909.

Bándra, 6th November 1909.

G. P. MILLETT,

Conservator of Forests, N. C.

CENTRAL CIRCLE.

No. 2734.—Messrs. S. P. Limaye and V. R. Mirchandani, Extra Assistant Conservators of Forests, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Sub-Division Forest office at Sátára on the afternoon of 21st October 1909.

W. A. TALBOT,

Conservator of Forests, C. C.

Camp viá Poona, 2nd November 1909.

BY SUPERINTENDING ENGINEERS.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

No. 8264.—Mr. S. C. Mould, Assistant Engineer, on relief by Mr. J. J. B. Benson, Temporary Engineer, is re-transferred to the Godavari Irrigation District.

Camp Dhulia, 4th November 1909.

No. 8316.—Mr. R. A. Fitzherbert, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Poona to the Násik District.

No. 8325.—Mr. N. B. Baxter, Assistant Engineer, on relief by Mr. Kadambi Shrinivasachar, Executive Engineer, will remain attached to the West Khándesh District.

Poona, 8th November 1909.

C. N. CLIFTON,

Superintending Engineer, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

No. 4694.—The following transfers are ordered for the benefit of the public service:—

Mr. V. Narasinha Swamy, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the Kánara District to the office of the Superintending Engineer, S. D.

Mr. N. D. Shenolikar, Overseer, Second Grade, from the office of the Superintending Engineer, S. D., to the Bijápur District.

W. L. STRANGE,
Superintending Engineer, S. D.

Belgaum, 8th November 1909.

BY THE SUPERINTENDING
ENGINEER, INDUS RIGHT
BANK DIVISION.

No. 6170.—Mr. E. P. Watson, Assistant Engineer, appointed to the Indus Right Bank Division under Government Notification No. E.-2449, dated the 19th October 1909, is posted to the Karáchi Canal District.

Karáchi, 1st November 1909.

No. 6283.—The following transfer has been ordered for the benefit of the public service:—

Mr. B. F. Beverley, Assistant Engineer, from the Karáchi Canals District to the Shikárpur Canals District.

Karáchi, 5th November 1909.

D. W. HERBERT,
Superintending Engineer,
Indus Right Bank Division.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL
OF POLICE.

No. 16925-A.—The following promotions and appointments are ordered:—
(To have effect from the 1st November 1909.)

I.—(Vice Second Grade Police Inspector Abaji Sakharam Deshmukh, deceased)—

(a) Third Grade Inspector James William Foster, General No. 3, of the G. I. P. Railway, to be substantive *pro tem.* Second Grade Inspector.

(b) Fourth (*Acting Third*) Grade Inspector Balwant Laxman Kadam, General No. 87, of the Ratnágiri District, to be Third Grade Inspector.

(c) Fourth Grade Inspector Shankar Sadashiv, General No. 94, of the Sholápur District, to act as Third Grade Inspector vice Inspector Kadam, promoted.

(d) Second Grade Sub-Inspector Ramchandra Appaji, General No. 141, of the Násik District, is appointed substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade Inspector with effect from the date of retirement of Inspector Bhimrao Keshav and is posted to the same district.

No. 16929-A.—Fourth (*Acting Third*) Grade Inspector Narayan Diwakar Patil, General No. 91, of the Dhárwár District Police, died on the 4th October 1909.

II.—The following promotions, appointment and transfers are ordered with effect from the 1st November 1909 vice Fourth (*Acting Third*) Grade Inspector Narayan Diwakar Patil, deceased:—

(a) Fourth Grade Inspector Malaya Ganpat, General No. 95, of the Police Training

School, Násik, to act as Third Grade Inspector vice Inspector Patil.

(b) First (95 Rs.) Grade Sub-Inspector, G. I. P. Railway (*Acting Fourth Grade Inspector* in the Sátára District), Nagaya Ramchandra, General No. 126, to be substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade Inspector.

(c) Second Grade Sub-Inspector (*Acting Fourth Grade Inspector*) Imam Mahamad, General No. 357, of the Sholápur District, to continue to act as Fourth Grade Inspector vice Acting Inspector Nagaya Ramchandra, promoted, from the date Inspector Bhimrao Keshav returns to duty from long leave, and to do duty in the Belgaum District.

Transfer.

III.—The following transfer is ordered on public grounds:—

Third Grade Police Inspector Domingo Rozario Mascarenhas, General No. 65, is transferred from the Kánara to the Dhárwár District as Prosecuting Inspector vice Inspector Patil, deceased.

No. 16931-A.—The following promotions and appointment are ordered vice Second Grade Inspector Bhimrao Keshao, retired:—

(To have effect from the date Inspector Bhimrao Keshao retires)—

(a) Third (*Acting Second*) Grade Inspector Banemiya Shaik Amirali, General No. 43, of the Poona District, to be Second Grade Inspector.

(b) Third Grade Inspector Sayad Hussein Muktum, General No. 45, of the Kánara District, to act as Second Grade Inspector vice Inspector Banemiya, promoted.

(c) Fourth (*Acting Third*) Grade Inspector Shaikh Ismail Karim, General No. 88, of the Sholápur District, to be Third Grade Inspector.

(d) Fourth Grade Inspector Maruti Tukaram Kamte, General No. 96, of the Criminal Investigation Department, to act as Third Grade Inspector vice Inspector Shaikh Ismail Karim, promoted.

(e) Second Grade Sub-Inspector of the Sholápur District (*Acting Fourth Grade Inspector in the Belgaum District*) Imam Mahomed, General No. 357, to be substantive *pro tem.* Fourth Grade Inspector.

(f) First Grade Sub-Inspector Bhanu Jayu, General No. 333, of the Kánara District, is appointed to act as Fourth Grade Inspector with effect from the date of assumption of charge vice Acting Inspector Imam Mahomed, promoted, and is posted to the same district as Circle Inspector vice Inspector Mascarenhas, transferred.

M. KENNEDY,
Inspector-General of Police.

Poona, 8th November 1909.