



Bombay Government Gazette.

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THURSDAY, 5TH MAY 1892.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1892.

No. 112.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay has accepted the resignation by the Honourable Mr. F. L. LATHAM of his office as an Additional Member of the Council of the Government of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor,

C. H. A. HILL,

Secretary to the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay
for making Laws and Regulations.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 2905.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information:—

“FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 25th April 1892.

No. 732-B.—The following Order which has been published at Zanzibar is hereby republished for general information.

Order bringing into Operation the Indian Act for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

In pursuance of the Zanzibar Order in Council of 1881, it is hereby ordered that the enactment of the Governor-General of India in Council hereinafter specified, as amended or represented for the time being by any other enactment of the Governor-General of India in Council for the time being in force, shall come into operation in Zanzibar on and after the date hereinafter specified, that is to say:—

‘The Indian Act for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, 1890,’ on and after the 1st May 1892.

This Order is to be published in Zanzibar in the same manner as Rules of Procedure in force under the said Order in Council, and is to be published in India in the *Gazette of India* at such times as Her Majesty’s Consul-General for Zanzibar appoints, and is to have effect for the purposes of publication as from the date hereof.

(Signed) SALISBURY,

One of Her Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
February 18, 1892.

(Signed) H. M. DURAND,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 2907.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Legislative Department is republished for general information:—

“LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 27th April 1892.

No. 8.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 3rd day of October, 1872, the provisions of the 3rd of Vict., Chap. 3, Section 1, were declared applicable to the districts of Kohistan, Jhji, Nasirabad, Sujawal, Sehwan, Kakar, Kambar, Jacobabad, Thul, and Kasnor bordering on the frontier of Sind, from Mithi on the Indus to the sea west of Karachi;

And whereas the Governor of Bombay in Council has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft, and the same has received the Governor General’s assent on the 22nd day of April, 1892;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India*:

REGULATION No. III OF 1892.

THE SIND FRONTIER REGULATION, 1892.

CONTENTS.

Preliminary.

SECTIONS.

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6. Effect of decree on finding of Council.
7. Restriction on jurisdiction of Civil Courts.
8. Criminal references to Councils of Elders.
9. Punishment on conviction on finding of Council.
10. Disposal of fines.
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15. Recommendations of Council of Elders.
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19. Arrest without warrant in cases under section 498 of the Indian Penal Code.

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20. Security for the prevention of murder or culpable homicide.
21. Security from families when a blood-feud exists or is probable.
22. Procedure in inquiry.
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26. Further security.
27. Relation of sections 20, 21 and 26 to the ordinary law.

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28. Application of provisions of Indian Penal Code respecting fines and imprisonment.

A Regulation to amend the Law for the Suppression of Crime on the Sind Frontier.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law for the suppression of crime on the Sind frontier; It is hereby enacted as follows:

Preliminary.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Sind Title and commence. Frontier Regulation, 1892; and

(2) It shall come into force at once.

The Sind Frontier Regulation, 1892.

(Preliminary—Section 2. Council of Elders.—Sections 3-10.)

2. (1) The Sind Frontier Regulation, 1884, and section 6 of the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1872, are hereby repealed.

(2) In the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1872, the words 'District Magistrate' shall be substituted for the words 'Collector and Magistrate of the district' and for the words 'Collector and Magistrate' wherever they occur.

3. This Regulation shall be read with, and Regulation to be read taken as part of, the Sind with Regulation V of 1872. Frontier Regulation, 1872.

4. In this Regulation 'Council of Elders' means three or more persons convened according to the Pathan, Baluch or other usage, as the District Magistrate may in each case direct.

Council of Elders.

5. (1) When the District Magistrate is satisfied from a police-report or other information that a dispute exists likely to cause a blood-feud, or murder or culpable homicide not amounting to murder, or mischief, or a breach of the peace, he may, if he considers that the settlement thereof in the manner provided by this section will tend to prevent or terminate the consequences anticipated, and if a suit is not pending in respect of the dispute, make an order in writing, stating the grounds of his being so satisfied and referring the dispute to a Council of Elders.

(2) The reference shall state the matter or matters on which the finding of the Council of Elders is required.

(3) On receipt of a finding of a Council of Elders under this section, the District Magistrate may—

- (a) remand the case to the Council for a further finding, or
- (b) refer the case to a second Council, or
- (c) refer the parties to the Civil Court, or
- (d) pass a decree in accordance with the finding of the Council on any matter stated in the reference, or
- (e) declare that further proceedings under this section are not required.

6. A decree passed under section 5, sub-section (3), clause (d), shall not give effect to any finding or put of a finding which, in the opinion of the District Magistrate, is contrary to good conscience or public policy, but shall—

- (a) be a final settlement of the case so far as the decree relates to any matter stated in the reference, although other matters therein stated may remain undisposed of, and
- (b) have to that extent, and subject to the provisions of this Regulation with respect to revision, the same effect as a decree of a Civil Court of ultimate resort, and be enforced

by the District Magistrate in the same manner as a decree of such a Court may be enforced.

7. A Civil Court shall not take cognizance of any claim with respect to which the District Magistrate has proceeded under section 5, sub-section (3), clause (a), clause (b) or clause (d).

8. (1) If, in the opinion of the Commissioner in Sind or of the District Magistrate, it is inexpedient that the question of the guilt or innocence of any person or persons accused of any offence punishable under the Indian Penal Code with death or transportation for life, or of any of several persons so accused, should be tried by a Court of Session, the District Magistrate may, or, if the Commissioner in Sind shall so direct, shall, refer the question to the decision of a Council of Elders, and require the Council to come to a finding on the question after such inquiry as may be necessary and hearing the accused.

(2) On receipt of the finding of a Council of Elders under this section, the District Magistrate may—

- (a) remand the question to the Council for a further finding, or
- (b) refer the question to a second Council, or
- (c) acquit the accused person or persons, or any of them, or
- (d) in accordance with the finding of the Council on any matter of fact, convict the accused person or persons, or any of them, of any offence of which the facts found show him or them to be guilty.

9. (1) If any person accused under section 8 shall be convicted of any offence punishable under the Indian Penal Code with death or transportation for life, the District Magistrate may pass upon him any sentence of fine, or in lieu thereof, or in addition thereto, of imprisonment for any term not exceeding seven years or of transportation for seven years.

(2) If any person so accused as aforesaid shall be convicted of any offence, the District Magistrate may pass upon him any sentence of fine.

10. (1) The District Magistrate may, when he imposes a sentence of fine, order the whole or any part of the fine recovered to be applied—

- (a) in defraying expenses properly incurred in the prosecution, or
- (b) in compensation for the injury caused by the offence committed, where in the opinion of the District Magistrate such injury can be compensated by money, or
- (c) partly in one of such methods and partly in the other.

*The Sind Frontier Regulation, 1892.**(Council of Elders.—Sections 11-18. Preventive Jurisdiction.—Section 19.)*

(2) At the time of awarding compensation in any subsequent civil suit relating to the same matter, the Court shall take into account any sum paid as compensation under sub-section (1).

11. Any sentence passed under section 9 shall be executed in the manner provided for sentences passed by a Court of any of the classes mentioned in section 6 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

Manner of enforcing sentences.

12. The powers conferred by section 8 on the Commissioner in Sind and the District Magistrate may be exercised by them respectively in cases committed to the Court of Session at any time before the trial before that Court has commenced, and in cases pending before any Court inferior to the Court of Session at any time before an order of committal to the Court of Session has been made.

Time for exercising power of reference to Council of Elders.

13. (1) In any trial before a Court of Session, the public prosecutor may, when instructed in writing in that behalf by the Commissioner in Sind or the District Magistrate, at any time before the order of conviction or acquittal has been made with respect to any accused person, withdraw from the prosecution of that person in order that the case may be referred to a Council of Elders.

Motion by public prosecutor in view of reference to Council of Elders.

(2) The Sessions Judge shall thereupon stay proceedings with respect to that person, and the District Magistrate shall refer the case to a Council of Elders.

(3) A person in respect of whom the Sessions Judge has stayed proceedings under this section shall not be liable to be tried again before a Court of any of the classes mentioned in section 6 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, either for the same offence or on the same facts for any other offence.

14. The powers conferred by section 8 as limited by section 12 may be exercised against, and the withdrawal of a prosecution under section 13 may have reference to, one or some only of two or more persons jointly accused of an offence.

Case of persons jointly accused of an offence.

15. (1) When a Council of Elders to which a reference has been made under this Regulation makes any recommendation to which effect might be given if it were a finding on a matter or question referred to the Council under this Regulation, the District Magistrate may deal with the recommendation or any part of it as if the recommendation or such part thereof were a finding under section 5 or section 8.

Recommendations of Council of Elders.

(2) When the District Magistrate deals with a recommendation under sub-section (1), he may pass any such decree as is authorized by section 5, or any such sentence of fine as is authorized by section 9, and the decree or sentence shall have the

same effect and be enforced in the same manner as if it were a decree or sentence passed under section 5 or section 9, as the case may be.

16. (1) When the District Magistrate passes under this Regulation a sentence of fine exceeding two hundred rupees, or of imprisonment for a term exceeding three months, or of transportation, he shall make a record of the facts of the case, of the offence committed, and of his reasons for passing the sentence.

Record of District Magistrate.

(2) The record shall be made by the District Magistrate in English and in his own hand, unless he is prevented by any sufficient reason from so making it, in which case he shall record the reason of his inability, and shall cause the record to be made from his dictation in open Court.

17. (1) No appeal shall lie from a decree or sentence passed under this Regulation.

Revision of decrees and sentences.

(2) The Commissioner in Sind may call for the record of any proceeding under this Regulation and revise a decree on the ground that it is contrary to good conscience or public policy, or a sentence on the ground that it is illegal or excessive.

(3) When the Commissioner in Sind finds it necessary to revise a decree or sentence in any case under sub-section (2), he may pass any order in the case which the District Magistrate might have passed.

(4) The provisions of this Regulation with respect to the effect of, and the mode of enforcing, a decree or sentence of the District Magistrate shall apply to a decree or sentence as revised by the Commissioner in Sind.

13. Whenever a reference is made to a Council of Elders under this Regulation, the District Magistrate may order that the parties and their witnesses shall appear before the Council of Elders in person at a place and time specified in the order.

Attendance of parties and witnesses before Council of Elders.

Preventive Jurisdiction.

19. (1) When there is reason to believe that any person has committed or attempted to commit an offence punishable under section 498 of the Indian Penal Code,

Arrest without warrant in cases under section 498 of the Indian Penal Code.

an officer in charge of a police-station may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest that person on the requisition of the husband of the woman, or, in his absence, of any person having the care of her on his behalf, or, in the absence of both the husband and every such person as last aforesaid from the village in which the woman resides, on the requisition of a headman of the village.

Penal Code, an officer in charge of a police-station may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest that person on the requisition of the husband of the woman, or, in his absence, of any person having the care of her on his behalf, or, in the absence of both the husband and every such person as last aforesaid from the village in which the woman resides, on the requisition of a headman of the village.

(2) A police-officer making an arrest under sub-section (1) shall, without unnecessary delay, take or send the person arrested to the nearest Magistrate having jurisdiction.

*The Sind Frontier Regulation, 1892.**(Security for Good Behaviour.—Sections 20-26.)*

(3) The Magistrate may, in default of bail being furnished to his satisfaction, detain the person arrested for such period not exceeding fifteen days as may be necessary to enable the husband, or, in his absence, any person who had care of the woman in his behalf, to make a complaint.

Security for Good Behaviour.

20. (1) When the District Magistrate or the Commissioner in Sind is of opinion that it is necessary for the purpose of preventing murder or culpable homicide not amounting to murder to require any person to execute a bond for good behaviour, he may, on the conditions and in the circumstances mentioned in this section, order such person to execute a bond, with or without sureties, for his good behaviour during such period, not exceeding three years, as the District Magistrate or the said Commissioner, as the case may be, may fix.

(2) The District Magistrate may make an order under sub-section (1)—

(a) on the recommendation of a Council of Elders, or

(b) after enquiry as hereinafter provided.

(3) When any person has been convicted in accordance with the finding of a Council of Elders of an offence mentioned in section 106 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, or punishable under section 302, 304, 307 or 308 of the Indian Penal Code, the District Magistrate at the time of passing sentence, or the Commissioner in Sind at the time of revising the sentence, may make an order under sub-section (1) with respect to that person.

(4) When the District Magistrate makes an order under sub-section (1) on the recommendation of a Council of Elders, he shall record his reasons for acting on the recommendation.

21. When a blood-feud or other cause of quarrel likely to lead to bloodshed exists, or in the opinion of the District Magistrate is likely to arise, between two families, the District Magistrate may, on the recommendation of a Council of Elders, or after inquiry as hereinafter provided, order all or any members of both families or of either family to execute a bond, with or without sureties, for their good behaviour during such period, not exceeding three years, as he may fix.

22. (1) An inquiry for the purposes of section 20 or section 21 may be conducted, so far as may be necessary, out of Court.

(2) Every person from whom it is proposed to require a bond under section 20, and the principal members of any family from which it is proposed to require a bond under section 21, shall have an opportunity of showing cause in Court why such

bond should not be required, and of having his or their witnesses examined there, and of cross-examining any witness not called by himself or themselves who may testify there to the necessity for the execution of such bond.

(3) Sections 112, 113, 115 and 117 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, shall not apply to an inquiry under this section, but the District Magistrate shall record his order with the reasons for making it.

23. (1) The commission or attempted commission, or the abetment, by any person who has given security for good behaviour under section 20 of any offence punishable under Chapter XVI of the Indian Penal Code with imprisonment for a term of one year or upwards shall be a breach of the bond.

(2) If, while a bond executed under section 21 is in force, the life of any member of either family is unlawfully taken or attempted to be taken by, or with the abetment of, any member or members of the other family, the District Magistrate may declare the bond of all or any of the members of the other family, and their sureties (if any), to be forfeited.

24. (1) If any person ordered to give security for good behaviour under section 20 or section 21 does not give security on or before the date on which the period for which the security is to be given commences, he may be committed to prison, or, if he is already in prison, be detained in prison, until that period expires, or until within that period he has given the required security to the officer who made the order requiring it or to the officer in charge of the jail in which he is detained.

(2) Imprisonment for failure to give security under section 20 or section 21 may be rigorous or simple as the officer requiring the security may in each case direct.

25. No person who has suffered imprisonment for three years for failure to give security for good behaviour under section 20 or section 21 shall be again required to give security unless or until a fresh order has been passed in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter or of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

26. (1) Any person who has under section 20 or section 21 given security, or been imprisoned for failure to give security, may be brought before the District Magistrate if, on the expiry of the period for which security was required to be given, the District Magistrate shall so direct.

(2) When the District Magistrate thinks it necessary for the purpose of preventing bloodshed to require security for a further period from any person so brought before him, he shall record a proceeding to that effect.

*The Sind Frontier Regulation, 1892.**(Security for Good Behaviour.—Section 27. Supplemental.—Section 28.)*

(3) Such proceeding may be founded on the facts on which the original order to give security was founded, and it shall not be necessary to prove any fresh facts to justify an order to give security for a further period under this section, and such order, if passed, shall have the same effect and be enforced in the same manner as an original order to give security under section 20 or section 21.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in this section, no person shall suffer for failure to give security under section 20 or section 21 continuous imprisonment for more than six years, or, without the sanction of the Commissioner in Sind, for more than three years.

27. Sections 20 to 26 (both inclusive) shall be read with and construed as part of Chapter VIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, which shall, except when the contrary is expressed or implied, be applicable, so far as may be, to cases of requiring or giving security under section 20, 21 or 26.

Supplemental.

28. (1) The provisions of sections 60, 63, 64 and 65 and of sections 68 to 74 (both inclusive) of the Indian Penal Code and, subject to the provisions of sub-section (3) of this section, the provisions of section 67 of the said Code shall apply to sentences passed under this Regulation, or under section 7 or section 9 of the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1872.

(2) Any offence punishable under section 9, sub-section (1), of this Regulation shall, for the purposes of sections 64 and 65 of the Indian Penal Code, be deemed to be punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten years.

(3) Any imprisonment imposed by the District Magistrate in default of payment of a fine may be rigorous or simple at his discretion.

(Signed) S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 2933.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on the undermentioned officers the powers of a First Class Magistrate within the limits of the Pálanpur Superintendency:—

(a) The Assistant Political Superintendent, Pálanpur.

(b) The Personal Assistant to the Political Superintendent, Pálanpur.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th April 1892.

No. 2295.—The Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 25 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, to direct that the punitive police post established by Government Notification No. 4677, dated the 28th August 1890, and continued by Notification No. 2556, dated the 8th May 1891, at the villages of Pathardi and Dhamangaon in the Shevgaon Taluka of the Ahmednagar District, be continued for a further period of three months from the 1st May 1892.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 2368.—The following Rule framed by the Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of the High Court, Bombay, under Section 2 of the Destruction of Records Act III of 1879, in substitution of the Rule now in force appertaining to Small Cause Courts, has been confirmed by the Government of Bombay and sanctioned by the Governor General in Council and is published for general information:—

"II. Small Cause Courts.

(a) Where room is required, the papers and proceedings (other than proceedings in execution), with the exception of the plaint or application, the decree or final order, and exhibits produced by the parties, may be destroyed after the expiration of six years from the date of final decision or disposal.

(b) Rule I (d) above applies to all Small Cause Courts and Rule I (b) i applies to Small Cause Courts in the Mofussil."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th April 1892.

No. 3730.—Gradation List of Commissioners and Senior and Junior Collectors as it stood on the 1st January 1892 :—

Appointment.	No.	Holder of the Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of Acting Appointment in Grade.	Date of Appointment to act in Grade.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Commissioners— First Grade: 3 appointments on Rs. 3,500 including the Commissioner of Customs.	1	Mr. Nugent	...	Serving under the Government of India.	Mr. Spence	... 26th April 1891.
	2	Mr. Carey	...	Serving under the Government of India.	Mr. Loch	... 6th Nov. 1891.
	3	Mr. James	...	Acting Commissioner in Sind.	Mr. Reid	... 2nd Dec. 1891.
Second Grade: 1 Appointment on Rs. 3,000.	1	Mr. Spence	...	Acting Commissioner, N. D., First Grade.	Mr. Fleet	... 2nd Dec. 1891.
Third Grade: 1 Appointment on Rs. 2,325.	1	Mr. Ozanne	...	.....	.....	.....
Collectors—	1	Mr. Keyser	...	.....	Mr. Sinclair	... 1st Dec. 1891.
	2	Mr. Candy	...	.....	Mr. Charles	... 29th April 1891.
	3	Mr. Reid	...	Acting First Grade Commissioner, C. D.	Mr. Campbell	... 13th May 1891.
Senior: 12 appointments on Rs. 2,325 including the appointment of Collector of Land Revenue and Customs, Bombay.	4	Mr. Fleet	...	Acting Second Grade Commissioner, S. D.	Mr. Cooke	... 20th May 1891.
	5	Mr. Vidal	...	Furlough for 18 months from 7th April 1891.	Mr. Frost	... 22nd May 1891.
	6	Mr. Porteous	...	.....	Mr. Ommanney	... 5th Dec. 1891.
	7	Mr. Muir	...	Furlough for 2 years from 1st May 1891.	.....	.....
	8	Mr. Ebdon	...	.....	.....	.....
	9	Mr. Loch	...	Acting First Grade Commissioner of Customs.	.....	.....
	10	Mr. Winter	...	Furlough for 1 year from 23rd May 1891.	.....	.....
	11	Mr. Crawley-Boevey.	...	.....	.....	.....
	12	Mr. Allen	...	.....	.....	.....
Junior: 8 appointments on Rs. 1,800 including the appointment of Collector of Salt Revenue.	1	Mr. Sinclair	...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Pollen	... 22nd May 1891.
	2	Mr. Charles	...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Woodward	... 1st June 1890.
	3	Mr. Lely	...	Serving under the Government of India.	Mr. Woodburn	... 22nd May 1891.
	4	Mr. Campbell	...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Davidson	... 27th May 1891.
	5	Mr. Cooke	...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Silcock	... 1st July 1891.
	6	Mr. Monteath	...	Furlough for 22 months and 27 days from 6th December 1890.	Mr. Cumine	... 23rd May 1891.
	7	Mr. Frost	...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Snow	... 4th June 1891.
	8	Mr. Ommanney	...	Acting Senior Collector.	Mr. Orr Mr. Weir	... 29th Nov. 1891. ... 5th Dec. 1891.

Mr. Stewart ceased to act as Junior Collector from 7th December 1891.

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1892.

No. 3520.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to the Govern-

Government Notification No. 5152, dated 28th July 1891, published at page 632 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of 30th idem, Part I.

ment Notification noted in the margin, to declare the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forests in

the Ahmednagar District from 1st June 1892:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Táluka.	Name of Village.	Revision Survey Nos.	Area.
			A. g.
Nevasa ...	Kukáne... ..	50	26 13
Shevgaon ...	Lákhephal ...	210	17 37
		215	17 18
		216	22 39
Sanganner ...	Pemgirl... ..	108	50 35
	Wankute ...	134	6 36
Akola ...	Vithe ...	62 part	4 23
		63 part	2 22
		64 part	7 14
		71 part	1 13
	Bholewádi ...	88 part	13 30
Pimpaldari ...		67	2 23

Name of Táluka.	Name of Village.	Revision Survey Nos.	Area.	
			A. g.	
Akola—continued.	Pisewádi ...	5	15 24½	
	Ekadare ...	185	7 20	
	Pimpalgaon Nákwiinda.	208	12 7	
	Shelwihire ...	139	0 8½	
	Shelad ...		178 part	4 4
			179 part	1 19
	Puruchwádi ...	68	0 34½	
	Pádabne... ..	50 part	3 28	
	Gardani... ..		77 part	12 17
			78 part	2 22
65			14 11	
66			18 35	
71			10 26	
72 part			9 12	
75 part			3 11	
76 part			6 4	
79 part			13 10	
80 part			11 4	
107 part			3 0	
81 part			10 27	
82 part			14 19	
87	23 8			
88	21 8			
89	38 3			
90	47 16			
69	20 0			
70	15 0			
74 part	1 18			
85	0 36			
86	3 28			

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 3864.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Local Funds for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of the Bareja road, in the village of Jetalpur, táluka Daskroi, district Ahmedabad; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified below is required within the aforesaid village of Jetalpur:—

Survey No.	Area.	Assessment.	Occupant's Name.	Boundary.
	A. g.	Rs. a. p.		
280	1 24	8 8 1	Dosukhan Misrikhan ...	To the north—Survey No. 277. To the east—Survey No. 280. To the south—A way leading to Bareja. To the west—A piece of land of Survey No. 280.
103	0 25	3 8 6	Ranchod Morav ...	To the north—Survey No. 104. To the east—A piece of land of Survey No. 103. To the south—Survey No. 155. To the west—A piece of land of Survey No. 103.
94	0 21	3 5 11	Ranchod Morav ...	To the north—Survey No. 93. To the east—Survey No. 104 and a piece of land of Survey No. 94. To the south—Survey No. 103. To the west—A piece of land of Survey No. 94.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

No. 3885.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 6 of Act XXIX of 1857, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition be made to the routes prescribed under the said section by Notification No. 314 of the 15th January 1892 (published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1892, Part I, page 22) as the only routes by which goods liable to the payment of customs-duties under the Indian Tariff Act, (XI of) 1882, or any other Act for the time being in force relating to the levy of customs-duties will be allowed to pass into or out of the Portuguese possession of Goa from or to the Ratnágiri and Belgaum Districts, viz. :—

“ 2. By the Dodámárg Náka.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. MACKENZIE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th April 1892.

No. 37.—With reference to Government Notification No. 12, dated 24th February 1892, the following Notice to Mariners issued by the Port Officer, Rangoon, on the 9th March 1892, is published for general information :—

INDIA—BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA.

Arakan Coast. Intended alteration in the character of Oyster Island Light.

It is intended to alter the character of Oyster Island Light on or about the 20th May 1892. The new light will be dioptric occulting of the first order with an occulting period of 28 seconds light and 2 seconds dark.

The apparatus will illuminate all round the horizon, 345 degrees to be of white light and 15 degrees of red light, the latter covering Oyster Reef, on which the overturned Pile light-house stood prior to 1884, or between the bearings of N. 50° W. and N. 35° W. Magnetic from seaward.

The new light-house, 141 feet high and circular, is constructed of iron and will be painted in alternate bands of black and white. The tower is a true frustum of a cone, *i.e.*, it decreases in diameter gradually and evenly from base to top.

The focal plane of the light will be 130 feet above high water and the range of visibility will be 16 to 18 miles.

The new light-house is situated in Latitude 20° 11' 50" N., Longitude 92° 31' 51" E.

The existing light-house, which is a temporary wooden structure, will be removed and the old light discontinued.

The blue light which is burnt at present every half hour, will be discontinued as soon as the new light is exhibited.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 39.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 74 of the Bombay Port Trust Act the following Bye-law made by the Trustees of the

Port of Bombay, in substitution of Bye-law No. 3 of the Bye-laws for Pilots of Coasting Steamers, approved by Government under Notification No. 72, dated 1st July 1891, is published for the information of all persons whom it may concern :—

Every such Pilot of coasting steamers shall hold a license to Pilot only those steamers that have berths duly allotted to them alongside the Harbour walls of the Prince's and Victoria Docks and the license shall only entitle him to pilot such steamers on the passage between the open sea and the berths in question and between such berths and the Dry Docks and Patent Slip north of Prince's Dock and shall be issued under the signature and seal, and be recoverable at the order of the Trustees of the Port.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 40.—The following Notice to Mariners issued by the Port Officer, Rangoon, on the 19th April 1892, is published for general information :—

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST.

New Oyster Island Light.

After a further examination of Oyster Reef, it has been found necessary to alter the 15° Red Sector which has now been fixed between the bearings of N. 39° W. and N. 54° W. magnetic.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

B. H. POTTINGER, Lieut.-General,
Secretary to Government.

GENERAL ORDERS

By the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 29th April 1892.

No. 223.—The following appointment is made with effect from the 30th April 1892 :—

Captain J. C. Francis, officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Second Circle, to be Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Second Circle, vice Captain J. F. C. Thatcher, whose tenure of appointment is about to expire.

No. 224.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from date of being struck off duty :—

Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. V. Leckie, Staff Corps, Commandant, 19th Bombay Infantry, for one year. Pension service twenty-fifth year, commenced 29th February 1892.

No. 225.—The promotion of Jamádár Dad Sher Khan, 29th Bombay Infantry, notified in G. O. G. No. 165 of 30th March 1892, will have effect from the 1st January 1892 and not from the date therein mentioned.

Bombay Castle, 30th April 1892.

No. 226.—The services of Surgeon-Captain M. B. Braganza, Indian Medical Service, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief with effect from the 18th February 1892.

No. 227.—The undermentioned Medical Officer is brought on the strength of the Bombay Medical Establishment with effect from the 23rd April 1892, the date of his arrival at Bombay :—
Surgeon-Lieutenant W. C. Sprague, M.D.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 228.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* dated 12th April 1892, page 2168, is republished :—

“ Indian Staff Corps.

The undermentioned Colonels are transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List :

* * * *

William Henry Ross. Dated 23rd March 1892.”

No. 229.—Second Lieutenant A. L. Jacob, 2nd Battalion Gloucestershire Regiment, is appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps with effect from the 21st April 1892.

No. 230.—Second Lieutenant H. Ross, 2nd Battalion Somersetshire Light Infantry, is appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps with effect from the 24th April 1892.

Bombay Castle, 11th May 1892.

No. 231.—The following promotion is made in the Warrant Grade of the Barrack Department Establishment of the Bombay Presidency, with effect from the 1st April 1892, vice Conductor Atherton, retired :—

Sub-Conductor Henry Fletcher to be Conductor.

No. 232.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on private affairs under Rule IX of the Furlough Regulations of 1868 :—

Colonel T. F. Dowden, Royal (late Bombay) Engineers, Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow.

No. 233.—The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for ten months on private affairs under Rule IX of the Furlough Regulations of 1868 :—

Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Hunter, Staff Corps, Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Baroda (in charge Oorkhamand District, and Commandant, Wagheer Corps).

No. 234.—Lieutenant F. C. A. Parsons, Royal Artillery, is appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps with effect from the 26th April 1892.

No. 235.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty :—

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel W. McConaghy, M.D., Indian Medical Service.

Major H. C. E. Lucas, Indian Staff Corps.

No. 236.—The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel C. M. Browne, General List, Infantry, two months, medical certificate.

Captain J. B. R. Butler, Indian Staff Corps, six months, private affairs, including fourteen days previously granted, vide G. G. O. No. 219, dated 27th April 1892.

No. 237.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 402 dated 29th April 1892, is republished :—

“ ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 402.—The tenure of the appointments of Captain K. S. Dunsterville, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 2nd class, and Captain L. G. Watkins, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 3rd class, in the Ordnance Department in India, are extended to the 25th March 1893 and 5th September 1896 respectively.”

No. 238.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 403 dated 29th April 1892, is republished :—

“ ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 403.—Captain J. D. H. Waller, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 3rd class, officiating 2nd class, to be Ordnance Officer, 2nd class ;

Captain E. S. Brooke, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 4th class (on leave), to be Ordnance Officer, 3rd class ;

Captain M. W. S. Pasley, Royal Artillery, officiating Ordnance Officer, 4th class, is confirmed in that class,—

with effect from the 7th April 1892, vice Colonel G. Swinley, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 2nd class, who has been appointed a Colonel on the Staff.”

No. 239.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India No. 412, dated 29th April 1892, is republished :—

“ PROMOTIONS.

No. 412.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

STAFF CORPS.

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel,
10th April 1892.

Richard Salisbury Simpson.

* * * *

Lieutenants to be Captains.—23rd April 1892.

* * * *

George Harvey Turner.

* * * *

No. 240.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 414 dated 29th April 1892, is republished :—

*“ ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.**Bombay.*

No. 414.—Sub-Conductor Frederick Ford, Assistant Overseer, Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, to be Conductor, *seconded* ; Sub-Conductor John Sommerville to be Conductor ; and Store-Sergeant Robert Walmsley to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 12th October 1891, vice Conductor William Kennedy, transferred to the pension establishment. (This cancels G. G. O. No. 78 of 1892.)”

No. 241.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 415, dated 29th April 1892, is republished :—

“ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay.

No. 415.—Sub-Conductor John Arber (on furlough) to be Conductor and Store-Sergeant Jacob Pike to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 26th October 1891, vice Conductor A. Boyce, transferred to the pension establishment.”

No. 242.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 416, dated 29th April 1892, is republished :—

“ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay.

No. 416.—Sub-Conductor John Froggatt, Assistant Overseer, Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, to be Conductor, *seconded*; Sub-Conductor Adolphus Whiten to be Conductor; and Store-Sergeant Andrew William Underwood to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 11th March 1892, vice Conductor James Head, transferred to the pension establishment.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

B. H. POTTINGER, Lieut.-General,
Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 41.—The following Notification by the Government of India, Marine Department, No. 26, dated 29th April 1892, is republished :—

“APPOINTMENTS.

No. 26.—Captain B. P. Creagh, Royal Indian Marine, officiating Presidency Port Officer, Madras, on being relieved by Captain H. A. Street, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed to officiate as Port Officer, Bombay, vice Captain M. Bean, Royal Indian Marine.

Captain R. D. P. Jones, Royal Indian Marine, Assistant Port Officer, Bombay, will officiate as Port Officer, Bombay, until relieved by Captain Creagh.

(Signed) E. H. H. COLLEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

B. H. POTTINGER, Lieut.-General,
Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 30th April 1892.

No. 2336.—The Honourable Mr. F. L. Latham and Mr. Basil Lang respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Advocate General, Bombay, on the 23rd instant, in the forenoon.

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1892.

No. 2347.—The Honourable Mr. Justice Birdwood, C. S., M.A., LL.D. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law, resigned the office of Judge of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Bombay, to His Excellency the Governor in Council under Section 4 of Act 24 and 25 Victoria, Chapter 104, on the 23rd April 1892, in the afternoon.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 2903.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information :—

“*Simla, the 27th April 1892.*

No. 719-G.—With reference to Foreign Department Notification No. 1050-G, dated the 26th June 1890, Mr. C. H. B. Forbes, Consul for Siam at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 19th April 1892.

(Signed) H. M. DURAND,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 25th April 1892.

No. 2200.—Ráo Bahádúr Ganpatrao Amrit Mankar, First Class Subordinate Judge of Ahmednagar, resumed charge of his duties on the 29th February 1892, in the forenoon.

Bombay Castle, 26th April 1892.

No. 2243.—Ráo Sáheb Mahadeo Trimbak Chiplunkar, Mámlatdár of táluka Wáí in the district of Sátára, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

No. 2249.—The Governor in Council is pleased to invest the undermentioned Magistrates of the Second Class in the district of Násik with jurisdiction to try cases arising under Section 62 of the Bombay District Police Act, IV of 1890 :—

Ráo Sáheb Lakshman Moreshwar Sathe, Mámlatdár of táluka Násik.

Ráo Sáheb Narayan Vishwanath Bhat, Mámlatdár of táluka Sinnar.

Ráo Sáheb Bhagwant Narsinh Jog, Mámlatdár of táluka Igatpuri.

Ráo Sáheb Narayan Waman Deobhankar, Mámlatdár of táluka Nándgaon.

Ráo Sáheb Pandurang Waman Rasal, Mámlatdár of táluka Málegaon.

Bombay Castle, 27th April 1892.

No. 2271.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the appointment made by the Honourable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay of Mr. Norman Cranston McLeod, B.A., Barrister-at-Law, to act as Official Assignee of the High Court during the absence of Mr. C. A. Turner on leave or until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 28th April 1892.

No. 2285.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm Mr. Dadabhai Sorabsha in the appointment of Superintendent and Jailor of the District Jail at Karachi, with effect from the 19th March 1892, vice Mr. C. N. Hall, appointed Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Prisons.

No. 2290.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by clause (1) of Section 3 of the Bombay Mámlatdárs' Courts Act, 1876, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize A'zam Dhondo Lakshman Marathe, substantive *pro tem.* Máhalkari of petha Shirála in the district of Sátára, to exercise within that petha the powers of a Mámlatdár under the Mámlatdárs' Courts Act.

No. 2291.—Mr. H. Pogson, acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Rájputána-Málwa Railway, passed on the 8th instant an examination in Law according to the test prescribed in Rule IV, clause 7, of the Rules of the 7th January 1882 for the examination of Police officers.

2. Mr. H. R. Hume, Police Probationer, Ratnágiri, passed on the same date an examination in Law and Maráthi according to the test prescribed in Rule IV, clauses 4 and 7, of the above mentioned rules.

3. Mr. F. L. Clifford, Inspector of Police, Poona, passed on the above date an examination in Law and Maráthi according to the Higher Standard under Rule 13 of the Rules of the 30th June 1873 for the examination of Police officers.

Bombay Castle, 30th April 1892.

No. 2327.—Mr. S. Tagore, Judge and Sessions Judge of Sholápur-Bijápur, was allowed an extension for one day of the privilege leave for one month and eight days granted to him in Government Notification No. 1304 dated the 5th March last.

No. 2334.—Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Ráo Bahádur Bapuji Mahiput Kharkar, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Sátára, to try in a summary way all the offences mentioned or referred to in Section 260 of the said Code.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 2380.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by clause (1) of Section 3 of the Bombay Mámlatdárs' Courts Act, 1876, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize A'zam Vinayak Appaji Godbolé, acting Máhalkari of petha Mulshi in the district of Poona, to exercise within that petha the powers of a Mámlatdár under the Mámlatdárs' Courts Act.

No. 2381.—Ráo Sáheb Sakarlal Nabhulal, substantive *pro tem.* Mámlatdár of táluka Máhim in the district of Thána, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 2382.—Under Section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, Mr. Vasudeo Balkrishna Takalkar, Honorary Magistrate of the Second Class within the Násik City and Násik Táluka, is empowered to pass sentences of whipping.

No. 2383.—Mr. M. H. Scott, C. S., has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension for one year of the furlough granted to him in Government Notification No. 1282 dated the 2nd March 1891.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 2388.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint under Section 6 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887, Major A. Smith, acting Cantonment Magistrate of Ahmedabad, to be the Judge of the Court of Small Causes established within the limits of the Cantonment of Ahmedabad, and under Section 8 of Act XIII of 1889 to declare that the value of the suits which are to be cognizable by him shall not exceed fifty rupees.

No. 2389.—Mr. E. T. Candy, C. S., District Judge and Sessions Judge and Mr. J. L. Johnston, C. S., District Judge, and Sessions Judge, have been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty within the periods of their leave.

No. 2391.—Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Major A. Smith, acting Cantonment Magistrate, Ahmedabad, with power to try summarily the offences referred to in clause (a) of Section 260 of the said Code, and abetments of and attempts to commit any of the said offences. He is also invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the same Code:—

Power to require security for good behaviour (Section 110).

Power to make orders as to local nuisances (Section 133).

Power to issue process for person within local jurisdiction who has committed an offence outside the local jurisdiction (Section 136).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon information (Section 191).

Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, &c. (Section 524).

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 962.—Dr. T. Cooke, C.I.E., and Mr. S. Cooke, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Principal of the College of Science, Poona, on the 16th ultimo, before office hours.

No. 963.—Ráo Sáheb Balvant Ramchandra Sahasrabudhe and Mr. T. B. Kirkham respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Educational Inspector, Central Division, on the 16th ultimo, after office hours.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. LEE-WARNER,
Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1892.

No. 1877.—Mr. S. R. Arthur, C. S., Assistant Collector, Rohri Sub-division, is allowed leave on medical certificate for six months under Article 340 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 1892.—Sayad Nur-ud-din Khán, C. S., Assistant Collector, Surat, is granted an extension by nine months of the leave on medical certificate for three months allowed to him in Government Notification No. 723, dated 16th February 1892.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 1897.—Mr. W. H. McCann, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue in charge Coast Guard Service, is allowed furlough for six months.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. MACKENZIE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th April 1892.

No. 3722.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. G. Scott, District Deputy Collector, Sátára, to act as Huzúr Deputy Collector, Sátára, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Ráo Bahádúr Bápuji Mahipat Khárkar.

Bombay Castle, 29th April 1892.

No. 3743.—Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Ahmedabad District.

Mr. Dulabh Harjivandás, officiating Sub-Registrar of Gogha, from 23rd November 1891 to 18th March 1892.

Kolába District.

Mr. A'tmárám Ganesh, officiating Sub-Registrar of Mángaon, from 14th to 20th March 1892.

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Ahmednagar District.

Mr. Báláji Mahipat, officiating Sub-Registrar of Ahmednagar, from 9th to 13th March 1892.

Khándesh District.

Mr. Dhondo Káshináth, officiating Sub-Registrar of Taloda, from 1st to 23rd March 1892.

Sholápur District.

Mr. Náráyan Rámchandra, officiating Sub-Registrar of Málsiras, from 1st February to 31st March 1892.

Mr. Bálabhái Bápubhái, officiating Sub-Registrar of Máhha, from 22nd February to 21st March 1892.

Dhárwár District.

Mr. Bhisto Lakshman, officiating Sub-Registrar of Ron, from 16th February to 15th March 1892.

Mr. Rango Bhimráo, officiating Sub-Registrar of Ránebennur, from 7th to 11th March 1892.

Kánara District.

Mr. Annáppa Dattátraya, officiating Sub-Registrar of Sirsi, from 12th to 21st March 1892.

Hyderabad District.

Mr. Girdhárás Shevakrám, officiating Sub-Registrar of Mirpur Khás, from 15th to 25th February 1892.

Mr. Gurdásmal, Vadhumal, officiating Sub-Registrar of Sákrand, from 13th to 17th March 1892.

Shikárpur District.

Mr. Jhamandás Showkatrái, officiating Sub-Registrar of Rato-dero, from 14th to 16th January 1892.

Mr. Shewakrám Vilaítarái, officiating Sub-Registrar of Rato-dero, on 18th March 1892.

Mr. Teekchand Hargundás, officiating Sub-Registrar of Labdarya, on 21st January 1892.

Mr. Kewalráam Chandumal, officiating Sub-Registrar of Labdarya, on 20th and 21st March 1892.

Mr. Janjimal Jiandrái, officiating Sub-Registrar of Ubauro, from 9th to 14th February and from 19th February to 17th March 1892.

Thar and Párkur District.

Mr. Metharám Alinchand, officiating Sub-Registrar of Sánghar, from 14th to 29th February 1892.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 3846.—*Erratum.*—In Government Notification No. 3258 dated 7th April 1892, published at page 342 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 14th idem, under Khándesh District: For—

Mr. Raghunath Vithal, officiating Sub-Registrar of Pimpalner, from 7th January 1892 to 6th February 1892;

Read—

Mr. Raghunath Vithal, officiating Sub-Registrar of Pimpalner, from 7th January 1892 to 6th March 1892.

No. 3856.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Ráo Bahádúr Náráyan Chintáman Soman to do duty as District Deputy Collector in the Belgaum District.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 3367.—Mr. Rachappa Sanganbassappa, substantive *pro tem.* Inspector of Registration and Stamps, Third Division, is confirmed in his appointment with effect from 1st January 1892.

No. 3869.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. W. Drew, Indian Civil Service, to act as Collector and District Magistrate, Ratnágiri, and District Registrar, Ratnágiri, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Ratnágiri District, vice Mr. H. E. Winter, Indian Civil Service, pending further orders.

No. 3888.—Mr. C. M. Hodgson, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kánara, passed an examination in Kánarese according to the Higher Standard on the 9th ultimo.

No. 3889.—Mr. C. M. Hodgson, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kánara, passed on the 8th ultimo the examination prescribed in Rule 6 of the Rules published in Government Notification No. 2878, dated 4th June 1880, for the examination of Forest officers.

2. Mr. Hodgson passed the examination in subject No. 1 in Kánarese.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. MACKENZIE,

Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 30th April 1892.

No. 1405.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following promotions with effect from the date of Mr. A. Shewan's reversion to Foreign Service:—

Mr. J. DeC. Atkins, Indian Civil Service, to be First Assistant, vice Mr. Shewan.	} to be Second Assistants.
Mr. G. M. Urquhart, Indian Civil Service,	
Mr. R. Knight, Indian Civil Service,	

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1892.

No. 1419.—Assistant Surgeon Mulchand Gangáram Thadani, I.M. & S., has been appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Shikárpur, with effect from 4th

April 1892, afternoon, during the absence of Surgeon-Captain H. C. L. Arnim on furlough, as a temporary measure.

No. 1422.—Surgeon-Captain Baman Das Basu, Medical Officer, Detachment 6th Bombay Cavalry and Detachment 40th Bengal Infantry, has been appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Jacobabad, in addition to his own duties, with effect from 22nd March 1892, forenoon.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1892.

No. 1438.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Miss I. M. MacDonald, M.B. (London), L.S.A., to act as First Physician, Káma Hospital, during the absence of Mrs. Pechey-Phipson, M.D.; or pending further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. MACKENZIE,

Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1892.

No. 16.—Lieutenant W. F. Tilley, R. E., acted as Executive Engineer, Hyderabad Canals, from 7th to 24th April 1892, both days inclusive.

No. 17.—In consequence of the return to duty of Mr. J. Young, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, Mr. F. L. Sprott reverts to Assistant Engineer, First Grade, with effect from 25th April 1892.

No. 18.—*Ráo Sáheb* Bangalore Krishnarao, B.A., L.C.E., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, passed a colloquial examination in Maráthi on 5th April 1892, according to the standard laid down in para. 13, Chapter II of the Public Works Code.

No. 19.—*Ráo Sáheb* Bangalore Krishnarao is promoted to Assistant Engineer, First Grade, substantive *pro-tem.*, with effect from 5th April 1892.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

W. C. HUGHES,

Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

APPELLATE SIDE.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to admit Mr. Jivanlal Mohanlal Shukla, B.A., LL.B., as a Vakil of the High Court.

The District Judge of Násik granted *Ráo Sáheb* Vishwanath Vinayak Paranjpe, Subordinate Judge

of Pimpalgaon, privilege leave for three days from the 1st to the 3rd April 1892, both days inclusive.

The District Judge of Ahmedabad granted *Ráo Sáheb* Lalubhai Pranvallabh Parikh, Subordinate Judge of Dholka, privilege leave for one month from the 25th January to the 24th February 1892, both days inclusive.

RANCHODLAL K. DESAI,

for Acting Registrar.

Bombay, 2nd May 1892.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Azam Bhawanishankar Mugatram, Head Karkun, acted as Mamlatdar of Gogha in the Ahmedabad District during the absence of Rao Sahib Ramchandra Ichharam on privilege leave from the 17th February to 2nd March 1892, both days inclusive.

Camp Bándra, 30th April 1892.

Mr. L. H. Spence delivered over and Mr. C. E. Frost, C.S., received charge of the offices of the Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad, on the 25th April 1892, in the afternoon.

Camp Bándra, 2nd May 1892.

W. W. LOCH,
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Captain W. B. Piers delivered over and Major E. D. Newnham Smith received charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Poona and Kirkee, on the 19th April 1892, in the forenoon.

Camp Mahábaleshvar, 25th April 1892.

The following arrangements are ordered during the absence of Rao Sahib Narayan Krishna Pendse, Mamlatdar of taluka Valva in the Sátara District, on privilege leave for two months from the 25th instant or such date as he may avail himself of it:—

Rao Sahib Vinayak Narayan Khopkar, Mamlatdar of taluka Koregaon, to be Mamlatdar of taluka Valva and to exercise First Class Magisterial powers.

Mr. Dhondo Lakshman Marathe to act as Mamlatdar of taluka Koregaon.

Camp Mahábaleshvar, 26th April 1892.

Mr. G. D. Panse, Assistant Collector, Sátara, is granted one month's privilege leave of absence from 5th proximo or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Camp Mahábaleshvar, 27th April 1892.

G. B. REID,
Acting Commissioner, C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Azam Venkatraman Mengish, Head Karkun, Ankola, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Ankola in the Kánara District, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Rao Sahib Narayan Venkatesh Chendavarkar, the permanent incumbent, on one and a half month's privilege leave commencing from the date on which he avails himself of it.

In consequence of the appointment of Rao Sahib Anant Raghunath Chitre, Second Grade

Mamlatdar of Ránabennur, to act as Huzur Deputy Collector of Bijapur, the following arrangements are made:—

Rao Sahib Krishnaji Dattatraya Sholapurkar, Second Grade Mamlatdar, is transferred from Kunta to Ránabennur.

Rao Sahib Keshav Vishnu Ghaisas, Third Grade Mamlatdar, is transferred from Panvel to Kunta.

Rao Sahib Amritrao Wannaji, Fourth Grade Mamlatdar, is transferred from Mángaon to Panvel.

Azam Ramchandra Vishnu Bakre, B.A., Mahalkari of Mugud in the Dhárwár District, is appointed to act as Fourth Grade Mamlatdar of Mángaon.

*Kánara Districts,
Camp Bellikeri, 26th April 1892.*

In consequence of Rao Sahib Krishnaji Balwant Moghe's absence on leave without allowances from the 16th March to 15th April 1892, both days inclusive, the following appointment is made:—

Mr. Venkatrao Shankar, Aval Karkun, to be substantive *pro tem* Mamlatdar of Siddapur in the Kánara District during Rao Sahib K. B. Moghe's absence.

*Kánara Districts,
Camp Bellikeri, 28th April 1892.*

J. F. FLEET,
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 74.—Purshotam Moreswar, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Nándgaon Taluka, Násik Zilla, was granted sick leave from 4th January to 3rd March 1892 inclusive, and Gangadhar Konher was appointed to act for him.

No. 75.—Raghunath Bapaji, Joint Municipal Vaccinator, Kalyán and Bhiwandi Towns, Thána Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 29th February to 13th March 1892 inclusive.

No. 76.—Purshotam Padmakar, Municipal Vaccinator, Vengurla Town, Ratnágiri Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 8th April to 7th May 1892 inclusive, and Lalaji Ganesh is appointed to act for him.

No. 77.—Mahadev Gopal, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Akola Taluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, is transferred to Sirur and Purandhar Talukas, Poona Zilla, from 1st May 1892, vice Rawji Madhav, transferred.

No. 78.—Rawji Madhav, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sirur and Purandhar Talukas, Poona Zilla, is transferred to Devgad Taluka, Ratnágiri Zilla, from 1st May 1892, vice Balaji Ganoji, transferred.

No. 79.—Balaji Ganoji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Devgad Taluka, Ratnágiri Zilla, is transferred to Khatáv Taluka, Sátara Zilla, with effect from 1st May 1892, vice Kashinath Vinayak, transferred.

No. 80.—Kashinath Vinayak, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Khatáv Táluka, Sátára Zilla, is transferred to Akola Táluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, from 1st May 1892, vice Mahadev Gopal, transferred.

No. 81.—Narayan Dnaneshwar, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kopargao Táluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, is transferred to Mádhá and Karmála Tálukas, Sholápur Zilla, from 1st May 1892, vice Yeshwant Babaji, transferred.

No. 82.—Yeshwant Babaji, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Mádhá and Karmála Tálukas, Sholápur Zilla, is transferred to Jávli Táluka, Sátára Zilla, from 1st May 1892, vice Shankar Keshav, transferred.

No. 83.—Shankar Keshav, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Jávli Táluka, Sátára Zilla, is transferred to Kopargao Táluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, from 1st May 1892, vice Narayan Dnaneshwar, transferred.

No. 84.—The sick leave granted to Narayan Dnaneshwar, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kopargao Táluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, in Notification No. 45 of 16th March 1892, is extended to 30th April 1892 inclusive.

No. 85.—Ituji Tanaji, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kajadvanj Táluka, Kaira Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 3rd March to 6th April 1892 inclusive, and Maganlal Girdhar, Candidate Vaccinator, was appointed to act for him.

No. 86.—Railusing Atmasing, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Upper Sind Frontier District, is granted privilege leave from 16th April to 15th July 1892 inclusive, and Seumal Virumal, Candidate Vaccinator is appointed to act for him.

No. 87.—Roohiram Suratsing, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Karáchi Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 16th April to 15th May 1892 inclusive, and Wadhmal Totaldas is appointed to act for him.

C. W. MACRURY, Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel,
Sanitary Commissioner.
Bombay, 4th May 1892.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

NORTHERN CIRCLE.

Messrs. R. C. Wroughton, Divisional Forest Officer, Poona, and F. Gleadow, Divisional Forest Officer, Dhárwár, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Poona, on the 21st current, before office hours.

A. T. SHUTTLEWORTH,
Conservator of Forests, N. C.

*Camp Wásiad, Thána District,
27th April 1892.*

SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

Messrs. R. P. Ryan, Assistant Conservator of Forests, and G. A. Hight, Deputy Conservator of Forests, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Dhárwár, on the afternoon of the 27th April 1892.

R. C. WROUGHTON,
Conservator of Forests, S. C.

Belyona, 29th April 1892.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

A'zam Narayan Yeshwant Pradhan, Magistrate of the Third Class in the Násik District, is invested with the following additional powers under the Code of Criminal Procedure:—

- (1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).
- (2) Power to make orders under Section 144.
- (3) Power to hold inquests (Section 174).
- (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint (Section 191).
- (5) Power to take cognizance of offences upon police reports (Section 191).

H. E. WINTER,
District Magistrate.

Harsul, 25th April 1892.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Khán Sáheb Kasamkhan Mahomedkhan Dehlvi, Inspector of Police, Násik District, is granted twenty-five days' privilege leave of absence from the 24th of April 1892, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it. Chief Constable Bhikan Kadu, of the same district, will act as Inspector of Police during his absence.

J. HUMFREY, Lieut.-Colonel,
Inspector-General of Police,
Bombay Presidency.

Poona, 2nd May 1892.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATIONERY.

CIRCULAR.

No. 1360.

Bombay, 30th March 1892.

To
ALL GOVERNMENT OFFICERS.

SIR,

It having been decided that the supply of rubber stamps and ink to all Government offices should be undertaken by the Stationery Department and Government having in their Resolution No. 880 dated 25th February 1892, Financial Department, directed this Office to enter into a contract with the Universal Rubber Stamp Company, Bombay, for the supply for a period of five years of rubber stamps and ink required for use in all Government offices, I have the honour to forward herewith for your information and guidance a copy of the Rules to be observed in using the stamps and ink, as also in preparing indents for them together with three copies of the form of indent.

2. I enclose also for distribution among your subordinate officers _____ copies of the indent form and _____ copies of the Rules; and I request that they may be directed to obtain all the stamps and ink they may require, through this office and not from any other source.

J. M. CAMPBELL,
Superintendent of Stationery.

STATIONERY SUPPLY RULES.

Rubber Stamps.

Indents for the supply of rubber stamps must be made on printed forms which will be supplied by the Superintendent of Stationery.

2. Indents must show the number, size and description of stamps required; also the quantity of ink wanted as a first supply. Inks are of five colours—Red, Violet, Blue, Green and Black.

3. Indents should be submitted in duplicate to the Superintendent of Stationery. In no case should they be sent direct to the manufacturer or be handed to his agent.

4. The indents will be sent by the Superintendent of Stationery to the manufacturer, who, in forwarding the stamps as unpaid parcels direct to the indenter, will enclose receipts in duplicate, which the receiving officer will sign in acknowledgment of the indent being completed, and return, service paid, with as little delay as possible to the manufacturer. The receipts must bear the impress of the seal to which they relate. The receipts will be attached by the manufacturer to his monthly bill on the Superintendent of Stationery.

5. Bills for rubber stamps are not to be paid for direct by indenting officers.

6. Each box containing the stamps will supply a paper giving directions for using the stamps.

J. M. CAMPBELL,
Superintendent of Stationery.

Bombay, 30th March 1892.

Direction for using Rubber Stamps.

1. Pour a little of the ink upon the pad. Do not use any other kind of ink.

2. With the distributor rub the ink till it disappears entirely below the surface of the pad.

3. Place the article to be stamped on an even surface.

4. Ink the surface of the stamp by uniform pressure on the pad.

5. Make the impression with a slight but uniform pressure.

6. Dry the stamps with blotting paper when the work of stamping is over and keep it protected in the pad box to prevent the rubber being eaten up by insects.

J. M. CAMPBELL,
Superintendent of Stationery.