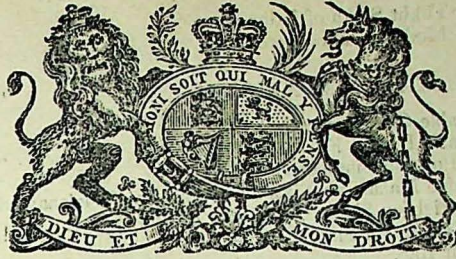


THE



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NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Bhyculia.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

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GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS TO THE PUBLIC.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following notification, issued by order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, dated Agra the 17th November 1866, is republished for general information:—

“STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION,

AGRA, VICEREGAL CAMP,

Saturday, the 17th November 1866.

On Friday, the 16th November, at half-past twelve o'clock, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, as Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, held an Investiture of the

said Order, for the purpose of investing with its Insignia the following Chiefs, Officers of Government, and other Persons, nominated by Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, and Sovereign of the Order, to be Knights Grand Commanders, Grand Commanders, and Companions of the Order:—

KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.

Maharajah Tukht Singh of Jodhpore.
Maharajah Muddun Pal of Kerowlee.

KNIGHTS COMPANIONS.

The Honorable Cecil Beadon.
The Honorable Donald Friell McLeod, C.B.
Maharajah Purkash Singh of Deo.
The Honorable Maharajah Viziamam Gujputtee of Vizianagram.
Maharajah Drighbijay Singh, Talookadar of Bulranpore.
Maharajah Jyemungul Singh of Gidhore.
Rajah Dinkur Rao.
Rajah Radhakunt Deb.
Rajah Deo Narain Singh.
Rajah Sahib Dyal Misser.
Rajah Nehal Singh Chachee.

COMPANIONS.

Fleetwood Williams, Esq.
Nuwab Foudar Khan.
Rajah Bundesree Pershad Singh of Sirgooja.
Arthur A. Roberts, Esq., C.B.
Rajah Shuttoshurn Ghosal.
Cudbert B. Thornhill, Esq.
Rajah Bhowany Singh of Mynpoorie.
Colonel Crawford Chamberlain.
Rajah Sheoraj Singh of Kasheepore.
Rajah Teekum Singh of Moorsau.
Colonel Reynell Taylor, C.B.
Rajah Juswunt Rao of E'awah.
Rajah Muhpal Singh of Bansee.
Rajah Hurdeo Buksh of Kutayaree.
Richard Temple, Esq.
Rajah Dirghbijay Singh of Morarmow.
John W. Sherer, Esq.
James D. Gordon, Esq.
Dewan Moulah Buksh.
Sirdar Soorut Singh.
Syud Azeem-ood-deen Hussun Khan Bahadur.
Colonel Richard J. Meade.
Major W. MacNeile.
Bahoo Prosunno Coomar Tagore.

His Highness the MAHARAJAH SCINDIA, Her Highness the SECUNDER BEGUM OF BHOPAL, His Highness the MAHARAJAH OF JEYPORE, and His Excellency SIR WILLIAM MANSFIELD, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Forces in India, as Knights Grand Commanders of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, assisted at the Investiture.

They were received with the usual honours and salutes.

His Honour the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of the North-Western Provinces, and the Members of the Council of the Governor General present at Agra, attended the Installation.

The following Chiefs were present to witness the ceremony; and on their approach the salutes due to their respective ranks were fired from the Ramparts of the Fort of Agra:—

Kotah,	Oorcha,
Kishengurh,	Pertabgurh,
Kerowlee,	Duttia,
Burtpore,	Sumpthur,
Ulwur,	Chirkaree,
Tonk,	Bijawur,
Dholepore,	Chuterpore.
Jhalawar,	

The Chief Civil and Military Officers in the North-Western Provinces, and Representatives from the Panjab, and from the other Presidencies and Dependencies of the Empire, and the Principal Members of the Non-official community, European and Native, were invited to the Assembly.

As the GRAND MASTER, wearing the Robes and Insignia of the Order, and attended by his Staff entered the Durbar Tent, the Guard of Honor presented arms, and a Royal Salute was fired.

When the GRAND MASTER had taken his seat upon the Throne, the SECRETARY OF THE ORDER, by desire of His Excellency, read first in English and then in Hindoostanee, the Queen's letters of appointment nominating their Highnesses the Maharajahs of Jodhpore and Kerowlee to be Knights Grand Commanders of the Order.

The MAHARAJAH OF JODHPORE was then conducted to the GRAND MASTER, by the JUNIOR KNIGHT in attendance and by the SECRETARY of the Order. Having invested His Highness with the Insignia of the Order, the GRAND MASTER addressed the Maharajah, in the Hindoostanee language, to the following purport:—

“MAHARAJAH TUKHT SINGH, MAHARAJAH OF JODHPORE!

“I am empowered by HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND AND INDIA to invest Your Highness with the Insignia of the first Class of the Order of the Star of India. I am sure that Your Highness must highly appreciate this great honour; and I trust that it will prove an incentive to you to exert yourself in the good management of Marwar, which has descended to you from ancestors illustrious in the annals of Rajwarra. A Chief who ranks so high among the Rulers of that famous country, should also take among them a similar position for justice, for benevolence, and for the excellence with which its affairs are managed. It is my earnest desire that this should be the ambition of Your Highness.

“MAHARAJAH! I now invest you with the Insignia of a Knight Grand Commander of the Star of India; and by the authority of HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, declare you to be a KNIGHT GRAND COMMANDER of that Illustrious Order.”

With the same ceremonial, the MAHARAJAH OF KEROWLEE was led to the Throne, and was by the Grand Commander invested; whereupon His Excellency spoke as follows:—

“MAHARAJAH MUDDUN PAL, MAHARAJAH OF KEROWLEE!

“It is with great satisfaction that I have received the Commands of HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND AND INDIA to invest Your Highness with the Insignia of the Star of India. Your Highness has obtained the First Class of this Illustrious Order in consequence of your fidelity and good service during the mutiny of 1857. In those days, when some Chiefs hung back from doing their duty to the British Government, and when many were overwhelmed with fear, your Highness came forward like a true Rajpoot, and your brave clansmen performed good service in the field, fighting side by side with the English Troops. I herewith invest you with the Insignia of a KNIGHT GRAND COMMANDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA, and by the commands of Her Majesty the illustrious Queen of England, declare that you have been enrolled as a Knight in that Order.”

The two Maharajahs having taken their seats to the left of the throne as Grand Commanders, the SECRETARY OF THE ORDER read aloud Her Majesty's letter appointing CECIL BEADON and DONALD FRIEL McLEOD, Esquires, to be Knight Commanders of the Order. They were then presented successively, by SIR WILLIAM MANSFIELD and by the SECRETARY OF THE ORDER to the GRAND MASTER, and by HIS EXCELLENCY invested with the Insignia of the Order, and declared to be Knights Bachelor of these Realms.

THE SECRETARY proceeded to read in the Hindoostanee language, HER MAJESTY's letter appointing the several native Chiefs and Gentlemen before enumerated to be Knights Commanders of the Order. They were then successively introduced to the Grand Master by the JUNIOR GRAND COMMANDER and by the SECRETARY; and by the Grand Master duly invested and Knighted.

When investing the Maharajah of Bulrampore, the GRAND MASTER said:

“MAHARAJAH DRIG BIJEY SINGH, CHIEF OF BULRAMPORE!

“It is with greatest pleasure that in the name of HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND, I invest you with the Insignia of the Second Class of the Order of the Star of India.

YOUR HIGHNESS was one of those few Chiefs in Oude who remained faithful to the English Government during the general disaffection in 1857 in that Province. The services which you then performed in saving the lives of Sir Charles Wingfield, and other English Gentlemen entitled you to the regard and consideration of all my countrymen.

As the Chief of foremost rank in Oude, I trust that you will always set a good example by the way you manage your large Estates, and the manner with which you treat the people who reside on them, respecting the just rights of all, however poor and helpless. This is a certain road to honor and respect in the eyes of the English Government.”

The Knights Grand Commander, and Knights Commander having been all duly invested, and installed in their respective places, the SECRETARY OF THE ORDER called up and presented, successively, the gentlemen, European and Native, appointed to be COMPANIONS, or Members of the Third Class of the Order.

In delivering to the Rajah of Morarimow the Insignia of the Order, the GRAND MASTER addressed him in effect as follows:—

“RAJAH DRIG BIJEY SINGH OF MORARIMOW!

“I have great satisfaction in investing you with the Insignia of the Third Class of the Star of India, conferred on you by HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND, in recognition of your services in saving

the lives of the English Officers and soldiers who escaped from Cawnpore in 1857. Your noble conduct on that occasion should endear your name to the hearts of all Englishmen. It was an act, at that time, which could only have been performed from the highest feelings of humanity, and it entitles you to our cordial esteem and gratitude."

Their badges having been by the Grand Master presented to each Companion. His Excellency rose and, still in Hindoostanee, addressed the Assembly :--

" MY FRIENDS,

Time has not admitted of my addressing individually each Chief and Gentleman who has this day received, from my hands, the honors which Her Gracious Majesty, THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND AND INDIA has conferred on him. But I have the pleasure of heartily congratulating you all on this auspicious occasion.

The Order of the Star of India has been created mainly with the view of recognizing the services of the Princes, and Nobles, and Rulers, and Administrators of India, of all creeds and classes, and thus uniting them together in one common interest. The Order is presided over by HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN herself, and has for one of its Knights, the PRINCE OF WALES, the Heir Apparent to England's Throne. It can already reckon also in its ranks, the foremost Chiefs of India, and some of the most distinguished Englishmen now alive, who have served in this country; and its honors may be an object of honorable ambition to those who have not yet attained the distinction.

To me it is an especial satisfaction, that I find enrolled in the Order some of my oldest and best friends, both Native and English."

When THE GRAND MASTER had concluded these words, His Excellency descended from the Throne, and under a Royal salute left the Durbar.

The newly invested Grand Commanders and Knights received the congratulations of the high Officers of Government around the Throne; and the native Princes and Chiefs were conducted to their respective carriages by the FOREIGN SECRETARY.

Whereupon the Assembly broke up,

By order of THE GRAND MASTER,

W. MUIR,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India."

By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,

Bombay Castle, 28th November 1866.

Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The following amended Notification is published in supersession of Notification dated 9th December 1859 :--

NOTIFICATION.—Measuring fees leviable under the provisions of Act XXXI. of 1857 are applicable to Boats or Vessels of every description whether Harbour Craft, Coasting or Sea-going Craft, European or Native of whatever rig or denomination, registered under any Law for the time being in force with respect to such registration, and will be levied at the following rates that is to say—

On every Craft exceeding (4) four Bombay Candies or (1) one Ton and not exceeding (20) twenty Bombay Candies or (5) Tons	Rs.	a.	p.
	8	0	0
On every Craft exceeding (20) twenty Bombay Candies or (5) Tons and not exceeding (40) forty Bombay Candies or (10) ten Tons	6	0	0
On every Craft exceeding (40) forty Bombay Candies or (10) ten Tons and not exceeding (200) two hundred Bombay Candies or (50) fifty Tons ..	10	0	0
On every Craft exceeding (200) two hundred Bombay Candies or (50) fifty Tons, and not exceeding (400) four hundred Bombay Candies or (100) one hundred Tons	20	0	0
On every Craft exceeding (400) four hundred Bombay Candies or (100) one hundred Tons and upwards	30	0	0

By order,

F. S. CHAPMAN,

Chief Secretary to Government,

Bombay Castle, 23rd November 1866.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

With reference to the Notification published in the *Government Gazette* of the 16th August 1866, page 441, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to notify, that from inquiries made by a Commission appointed by Government to ascertain the wishes of the Inhabitants of GOOLUDGOOD, Talooka Badamee of the Kulludghee Collectorate, relative to the introduction of Act No. XXVI. of 1850, it would appear that the Towns people are desirous that Taxes should be imposed for Municipal purposes.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is therefore pleased to declare Act No. XXVI. of 1850 in force in the Town of GOOLUDGOOD, Talooka Badamee, from the 1st January 1867.

By order,

F. S. CHAPMAN,

Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 24th November 1866.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The following List of Subscriptions received through the Departments of Her Majesty's Service in the Bombay Presidency, in aid of the Fund for the relief of sufferers from Famine on the West Coast of the Bay of Bengal, is published for general information:—

Names of Officers and Departments.	Amounts promised.			Amounts paid.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Amount of Subscription as per list published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> of the 22nd November 1866	50,174	4	9	39,387	10	10
<i>Intimations of further Subscriptions received in the General Department during the last week.</i>						
Punch Mahals (promised Subscriptions paid.)				1,183	0	0
Ditto Ditto (further subscriptions.)	217	13	7	217	13	7
Kattywar Political Agency (further subscriptions.)	349	4	0	349	4	0
Office of the Executive Engineer Northern Koncan	106	12	0			
Professors, Teachers, and Students of the Poona Civil Engineering College (promised subscriptions paid.)				128	11	2
Total....Rupees	50,848	2	4	41,266	7	7

By order,

F. S. CHAPMAN,

Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 28th November 1866.

GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTAL NOTICE.

NOTIFICATION BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

1. An examination of Candidates for the office of Pleader in the High Court will be held annually, at the High Court House in Bombay, in the month of February, on a date of which due notice will be given by advertisement in the *Government Gazette*.

2. The examination shall be in English, and the Committee for the examination will consist of such persons as shall be appointed by the Chief Justice and the Judges of the High Court for that purpose.

3. Every candidate on presenting himself shall pay to Government, on admission to the examination, a fee of Rs. 20, and every person who shall pass the examination, and who shall desire to be admitted as a Pleader, shall, on applying for a Sunud, pay to Government a further sum of Rs. 20.

4. Bachelors of Laws of the University of Bombay will, under the Court's Rule of 16th June 1866, be admitted as Pleaders in the High Court without examination, on payment of the above fee of Rs. 20.

5. Every other candidate for the examination for a Pleadership in the High Court must, on appearing as a candidate, present the following Certificates:—

(A) If a resident in Bombay—

(1) From the Head Master of the Elphinstone or other English School, or from a Judge of the Small Cause Court, or the Registrar on either side of the High Court, that he is satisfied that the candidate is not less than 21 years old, is of respectable character, and has sufficient knowledge of English to speak and write correctly and to plead fluently in that language.

(2) From the Law Professor, Elphinstone College, that he has attended the Law Lectures during one year.

(B) If a resident in the Mofussil—

From the Judge of the District where he has been residing, in the following form:—

"I hereby certify that I have examined the bearer, A. B., of _____, and find that he is (not less than 21) years of age, of respectable character, and can speak and write English correctly and plead fluently in that language, that he has attended my Court for one year, and I consider him fit to appear before the Committee to be examined for a 1st Class Pleader's certificate."

6. The giver of a certificate, whether in Bombay or in the Mofussil, must satisfy himself by personal examination of the candidate's acquirements, and as to his character (when not personally known to him) by inquiry or by requiring the production of reliable testimonials.

7. If the candidate have not attended the District Court as above, he will be required to produce in addition a certificate that he has practised in a Subordinate Court for one year: such certificate to be given by the Judge of that Court.

8. The examination will comprise the following subjects:—

DIVISION I.

The Hindoo Law of Inheritance, Successions, and Adoption.

Mahomedan Law.

The Indian Succession Act (X of 1865).

DIVISION II.

The Code of Civil Procedure.

The Law for the Limitation of Suits.

DIVISION III.

The Indian Penal Code.

The Code of Criminal Procedure.

DIVISION IV.

The Law of Contracts, of Evidence, and of Torts.

TEXT BOOKS.

The Regulations and Acts applicable to Bombay.

Strange's Hindoo Law.

Macnaghten's Mahomedan Law.

Goodeve or Norton, on Evidence.

Smith on Contracts.

Collett's Law of Torts.

Josiah Smith's Manual of Equity.

Reported Decisions of the High Court of Bombay.

9. No candidate will be passed unless he obtain 75 per cent. of the marks allotted to the subjects altogether, and not less than 40 per cent. in any one division of the subjects for examination.

10. In the event of a candidate failing the Examiners shall state in what respect he is most deficient, and how soon he may again present himself for examination.

11. Candidates desiring to be admitted to practise as Pleaders in Courts subordinate to the High Court will be examined by the same Committee and at the same time, but for the present under the rules now in force, and each candidate will be required on admission to the examination, to pay to Government a fee of Rs. 7, and on applying for a Sunud a further fee of Rs. 7.

By order of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature,

WILLIAM HEURTLEY NEWNHAM,

Acting Registrar.

Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Bombay, 14th November 1866.

The Honorable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have issued a Sunud to the undermentioned person, authorising him to practise as a Pleader in the District set forth against his name:—

No.	Name.	Date of the Sunud.	Where to practise.
1	Mr. Richard Morgan	November 1866.	Poona.

J. McLEOD CAMPBELL,

Deputy Registrar.

Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature,
Bombay, 28th November 1866.

GENERAL ORDERS

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd November 1866.

No. 652 of 1866.—The leave of absence for 18 months to proceed to Australia, on medical certificate, granted in G. O. No. 489, dated 22nd August last, to Conductor J. Budd of the Commissariat Department, is cancelled.

No. 653 of 1866.—General Order No. 596, dated the 29th October 1866, is cancelled, and the following substituted:—

In continuation of G. G. O. No. 475 of 1866, the issue of the following articles to European Troops is sanctioned:—

Coffee Roaster, one per Garrison Battery, Troop, or Company; two per Battery of Horse Brigade or Field Artillery.

Coffee Mills as Coffee Roasters.

Coffee Pots or Tea Strainers, one per every ten men, *not one of each.*

Bombay Castle, 24th November 1866.

No. 654 of 1866.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to modify paragraph 10 of G. G. O. No. 271, dated 6th June 1864, by directing that the Royal Artillery Officers on the establishment of 3rd Class Commissaries of Ordnance shall be such as have passed the probationary grade, and that one additional officer shall be attached to the Grand Arsenal as a probationer to fill the first vacancy. The duration of this officer's term of probation to be determined according to the system enforced in Bengal.

No. 655 of 1866.—Referring to G. O. No. 654 of this date, the following Officers are confirmed as 3rd Class Commissaries of Ordnance:—

Captain G. Napier, R. A.

Captain A. R. Hoskins, R. A.

No. 656 of 1866.—The following Officer, having applied for admission to the Staff Corps under the provisions of paragraph 7 of G. O. G. I. No. 531, dated 27th June 1864, is appointed to the Bombay Staff Corps from the date specified opposite his name, subject to the approval of H. M.'s Secretary of State for India:—

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Staff Appointment.	Date from which admitted.
Lieutenant Theodore Methven Ward.	Royal Artillery	Supernumerary Assistant Superintendent Tanna and Ruanagherry Revenue Survey.	9th November 1864.

Bombay Castle, 26th November 1866.

No. 657 of 1866.—The following appointment is notified:—

Kurrachee Volunteer Rifle Corps.

David Ross, Esq., to be 1st Lieutenant of No. 2 Company, vice Tavenor, resigned.

Bombay Castle, 27th November 1866.

No. 658 of 1866.—The following Officers having applied for admission to the Staff Corps, under the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of G. O. G. I. No. 808, dated the 26th September 1866, are admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the 12th September 1866, subject to the approval of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India:—

Rank and Names.	Cadre.
Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Charles Richard Baugh	9th Regiment N. I.
" " " James John Combe	18th Regiment N. I.
Captain and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel William Legh Cahusac	11th Regiment N. I.
Captain and Brevet Major Benjamin Robert Whittaker	2nd European Regiment
" " Robert Deey Hassard	2nd European Regiment.
" " Evelyn Waddington	23rd Regiment N. L. I.
" " James Campbell	22nd Regiment N. I.
" " William Abercromby Dick	3rd Light Cavalry.
" " John Henry Bloomfield Dennis	1st Light Cavalry.
" " John Bates	8th Regiment N. I.

Rank and Names.		Cadre.
Captain	Robert Frederick Williams.....	30th Regiment N. I.
"	Henry Pelham Close.....	31st Regiment N. I.
"	Frederick George Steuart.....	9th Regiment N. I.
"	Thomas Rose Nimmo.....	28th Regiment N. I.
"	Charles Henry Hunter Forbes.....	14th Regiment N. I.
"	James Annesley Smith.....	6th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant and Brevet Captain	Lester Horatio Sibthorpe.....	9th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant	Charles Edward Blowers.....	10th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant	Lechmere Russell.....	16th Regiment N. I.

No. 659 of 1866.—The undermentioned Officers, having completed twenty-six years' service, to be Lieutenant Colonels from the 12th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Charles Richard Baugh.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel James John Combe.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel William Legh Cahusac.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed twenty years' service, to be Majors from the 12th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain and Brevet Major Benjamin Robert Whittaker.

Captain and Brevet Major Robert Decy Hassard.

Captain and Brevet Major Evelyn Waddington.

Captain and Brevet Major James Campbell.

Captain and Brevet Major William Abercromby Dick.

Captain and Brevet Major John Henry Bloomfield Dennis.

Captain and Brevet Major John Bates.

The undermentioned Officer, having completed twelve years' service, to be Captain from the 12th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Lester Horatio Sibthorpe.

Bombay Castle, 28th November 1866.

No. 660 of 1866.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 12th November 1866, No. 936, is republished:—

"No. 936 of 1866.—With reference to Government General Order, No. 611 of the 17th July 1866, it is hereby notified that leather bootings will be continued to be supplied to Her Majesty's Mounted Artillery and Cavalry in India, as at home.

The General Order above referred to is hereby cancelled.

(Signed) H. K. BURNE, Lieutenant Colonel,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 661 of 1866.—The undermentioned Out-Pensioner of Chelsea Hospital having been permitted to reside and draw his stipend in this Presidency, payment of pension is to be made and charged accordingly:—

Name.	Late		Amount of pension per diem.	Proportion of pension chargeable to the Indian and Imperial Revenues.		Dated of commencement of pension.
	Rank.	Regiment.		Indian.	Imperial.	
Hugh McMillan	Serjeant.	Royal Artillery.	2s. 0d.	$\frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	From the date on which he ceased to draw Pension in Madras.

J. MACDONALD, Major,

Acting Secretary to Government.

1993

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th November 1866.

No. 31 of 1866.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed:—

By Commander G. T. Robinson, Officiating Superintendent of Marine.

Lieutenant W. L. Searle, Dock Master, was employed on special duty in the "Goolanar," replacing buoys, and marking the passage over the Bar of Bancoot River, from the 5th to the 8th of November 1866 inclusive.

J. MACDONALD, Major,

Acting Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th November 1866.

Captain James Currie, Her Majesty's Bombay Staff Corps, has been appointed to act as Assistant to the Political Superintendent of Sawunt Waree, and as 2nd in command of the Waree Local Corps.

Lieutenant H. B. Abbott, Acting 2nd Assistant to the Political Resident at Aden, has been appointed to act as 1st Assistant Resident from the 21st August last, and during such time as Lieutenant G. R. Goodfellow may officiate as Resident.

Dr. J. Rimington, Residency Surgeon at Baroda, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month to proceed to the Presidency.

Captain L. C. Barton resumed charge of the Office of Political Agent in the Rewa Kanta on the 26th November 1866.

By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,

Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 27th November 1866.

Mr. J. B. Richey to be First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Poona, continuing to act as Talookdaree Settlement Officer in Guzerat.

Mr. J. MacFarlan is confirmed in the appointment of Extra First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Ahmednuggur.

Erratum.—In the Notification dated 19th September 1866, regarding the appointments of Registrars and Sub-Registrars under the Indian Registration Act, for "Mr. Ramchandra Nileunt," read "Mr. Ramchandra Dinkur."

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th November 1866.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Municipal Committee at Neriad in the Kaira Collectorate as Committee for the management of the Dispensary in that Town.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th November 1866.

The following Notification by the Government of India is republished:—

Camp Agra, the 10th November 1866.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Notification.

No. 4.

Appointment.—Mr. E. W. S. Login to be Controller of the Money Order Office at Bombay.

(Signed) E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order,

F. S. CHAPMAN,
Chief Secretary to Government.

**NOTIFICATION BY THE REVENUE AND POLICE COMMISSIONER,
NORTHERN DIVISION.**

Whereas application has been made that Act XXVI. of 1850 be put in force in the Town of SHENDOORNEE, Talooka Loharra, in the Khandeish Collectorate, for the improvement of roads, water supply, and drainage, and for other Municipal requirements of the said town, as well as preventing nuisances arising in it; Notice of the application aforesaid is hereby given, and all inhabitants of Shendoornee are also hereby informed, that such of them as are minded to declare themselves for or against the adoption of the Act XXVI. of 1850 in the said town of Shendoornee for the purposes described in the application aforesaid, or any of them, may declare themselves accordingly before the Magistrate F. P. of Khandeish at any time during the usual office hours, within two months from this date.

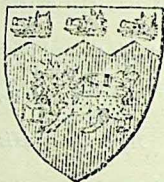
A. ROGERS,

Revenue and Police Commissioner, N. D.

Tanna, 21st November 1866.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES, ADVERTISEMENTS, &c.

Notification of the University of Bombay.



No. 1323 OF 1866-67.

I.—EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF M.A.

Meetings of the several sets of Examiners, presided over by the Dean of the Faculty of Arts, will be held in the Town Hall, on *Saturday*, the 1st December, to determine the results of the Examinations, as follows:—

- (1) The Examiners in Mathematics and Natural Philosophy will meet at 1½ P.M.
- (2) The Examiners in History and Philosophy will meet at 2 P.M.
- (3) The Examiners in English and Latin will meet at 2½ P.M.

By order,

GEORGE BIRDWOOD, M.D.,

University Registrar.

Bombay, 27th November 1866.

No. 1324 OF 1866-67.

II.—EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF LL.B.

A meeting of the Examiners, presided over by the Dean of the Faculty of Law, will be held in the Town Hall, on *Saturday*, the 1st December, punctually at 4 P.M., to determine the results of the Examination.

By order,

GEORGE BIRDWOOD, M.D.,

University Registrar.

Bombay, 27th November 1866.

No. 1325 OF 1866-67.

III.—THE MANOCKJEE LIMJEE GOLD MEDAL FOR 1866.

The author of the Competitive Essay on the "Advantages and the Means of Diffusing a Scientific Practice of Medicine in India," for the Manockjee Limjee Gold Medal for 1866, will receive back his Essay on his making application to the Registrar and informing him where it should be sent.

By order,

GEORGE BIRDWOOD, M.D.,

University Registrar.

Bombay, 27th November 1866.

**SUMMARY of DEATHS and BIRTHS on the Island of Bombay for the Week ending Tuesday
the 27th November 1866.**

Division.	Section or Sub-Section.		Population by Census of 1864	Still-born.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Measles.	Fever.	Disease of Nervous System.	Vascular System.	Respiratory System.	Alimentary System.	Urinary System.	Sexual System and Child-bearing.	Locomotive and Tegumentary System.	Cachexy and Debility.	Leprosy, Tubercular and Arterial.	Dropsy.	Accident and Violence.	Other and Unknown Causes.	Total exclusive of Still-born.	Total of Reported Births during the Week exclusive of Still-born.
A	1	Colaba.....	19,161	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	4
	2	Fort, Southern	2,455	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
	3	Fort, Northern	39,258	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	2
	3	Esplanade	7,869	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2
B	1	Market	75,402	..	2	..	..	11	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	9
	2	Mandwee	41,152	3	..	..	..	13	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	4
	3	Chukla	41,442	2	..	..	..	17	..	..	3	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	23	5
	3	Oomburkharce	63,020	1	1	..	..	21	3	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	11
C	1	Dongree	60,259	2	..	..	..	10	..	..	4	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	18	..
	1	Dhobetulao	71,795	1	1	..	..	5	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	3
	2	Phuneswaree	22,529	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	4
	2	Bhoolesthuur	50,282	..	1	..	..	10	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	8
D	3	Kharatulao	23,451	2	2	..	..	10	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	19	5
	3	Koombarwara	23,085	..	..	..	..	5	2	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	11	6
	4	Khetwaree	21,505	2	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	7	3
	4	Girgaon	29,177	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	2	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	8	1
E	1	Chaoputee	6,184	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2
	2	Walkeshwur	10,094	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	3
	3	Mahaluxmee	9,144	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1
	1	Mazagaon	21,781	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	4
F	2	Tarwaree	9,462	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	4
	3	Kamatheepoor	81,673	..	..	..	..	9	2	..	2	5	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	22	1
	4	Parel	7,002	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
	5	Seorree	5,042	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
G	1	Seo	12,078	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	4
	2	Mahim	19,459	..	..	1	..	7	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	3
	3	Wurlee	10,211	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
	3	Harbour	32,582	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	3	..
Non-Resident & Unknown..			..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	1	2	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	..
Bombay			8,16,562	15	8	1	..	154	17	..	27	30	1	1	..	12	1	..	6	1	259	95
Mean of the corresponding weeks in the preceding five years.....				7	26	2	1	180	13	1	16	31	..	3	2	29	1	1	7	..	313	..

RACE OR CASTE.																					
Boodhist—Jain, &c.	1	2	..	..	8	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	2	
Brahmun.	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	1	
Lingaet.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Bhatia.	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	
Hindoo of other Caste	8	4	1	..	67	7	..	13	10	..	1	..	6	..	1	..	10	60	..	..	
Hindoo Out-caste	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	121	4	..	..	..	
Moosulman.	4	1	..	..	39	3	..	5	9	..	..	1	..	1	..	59	15	..	..	..	
Parsee	..	..	..	..	4	2	..	1	4	..	..	1	..	1	..	13	13	..	..	..	
Jew	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Native-Christian	..	..	..	..	5	1	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	1	11	..	..	..	..	
Indo-European	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	
European.	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	
Negro-African	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	
Chinese	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	
Other and Unknown Race	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	
All Races....	15	8	1	..	154	17	..	27	30	1	1	..	12	1	..	6	1	259	95	..	
Total of the corresponding Week, } ending 29th November, 1865.	5	5	2	3	198	13	..	14	21	..	..	3	25	..	2	13	..	299	..	..	

T. B. JOHNSTONE, M.D.,
Superintendent Registrar of Births and Deaths.

Days appointed for Hearing the Petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents.

Names.	Time.		
	Day.	Month.	Hour.
Babajee Ninoo, Gopala Ninoo, and Suddoo Ninoo	3rd Monday	December next.....	11 o'clock.
Dhunjeebhoy Dinshaw	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Naserwanjee Cowasjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Apa Wittoo.....	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Madhowrao Thimbuckrao	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Vincent Manuel	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Bhicajee Khundoojee.....	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Salvador de Souza	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Pandoo Mahadjee and Gopal Pandoo	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Wamon Ramchunder.....	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Kondajee Saloojee and Gungabace (<i>alias</i> Bhagoobace), widow	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Dinajee Casinath	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Chapsey Purshotum	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Tricumdas Dhunjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Atmaram Nundlall	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Tharia Najuk and Abdoola Tharia	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Laljee Coorsey, Hemraj Coorsey, Tejpal Coorsey, and Kurpal Coorsey	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Manockjee Shapoorjee Kaka	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

The abovenamed Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects in my Office. Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees at my Office at least three days before the Hearing.

T. B. FERGUSON,

Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay,
this 20th day of November 1866.

Acting Clerk of the Court

નાદાર દેવાદારોની કોર્ટમંઘે.

જાહેર ખચર એ ઉપરથી આપવામાં આવે છે ને, વીગતસાથે એની હેકળ ને જુદી જુદી આરામીઓનાં નામો લખેલાં છે તેઓએ મુંબઈની નાદાર દેણદારોના છુટકા કરનારી કોર્ટને અરજીઓ આપી છે તેમાં એક એકની અરજ એવી છે ને વીરોદ્ધારીઓના અગીઆરમે વરો ને ધારો કરીને કરાવે છે તેના એકવીસમાં બાબમાંનો દલાલ અમોને મળે.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	મુંબઈમંઘે રહેવાનું ઠેકાણું.	અરજીઓ દાખલ કરાની તારીખ.		
				દાહોગ્રી.	માસ.	વરસ.
દીનાજી કાશીનાથ	ખેકાર લખનાર	હોંદુ.	બાહારકોટ બાજીપાલાના મેહિલામાં.	૧૩મો.	નવેમ્બર.	૧૮૬૬.
વીનજેનટ માનીઉએલ	મેથરસ મેકકારલન તથા ચી-નને તાંદાં લખનાર.	પોરટુગીસ.	બાહારકોટ નવા શાનાપુરના મેહિલામાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
થારીઆ નાજક તથા અ-બુલ્લા થારીઆ.	બાલવાના લાકડાનો ધંધો કરનાર.	મુસલમાન.	બાહારકોટ ખડક આગલ.	૧૪મો.	એન.	એન.
શાલવાહર દી શાલા....	શેકરેતારીની આશીરામાં ચો-પડીઓ બાંધનાર.	પોરટુગીસ.	બાહારકોટ ઉમરખાડીમાં.	૧૫મો.	એન.	એન.
ગુણાજી બાળાજી તથા બાળાજી આપાજી તથા શખારાંમ ગોવિંદ થા રતના એથુજી તથા શંત્રુ ભીખાજી.	થુયાર.	હોંદુ	બાહારકોટ ગીરગાંમના રસ્તા આગલ.	એન.	એન.	એન.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	મુખ્યમથકે રહેવાનું કે કાળું.	અરજીઓ દાખલ કરાવે તારીખ.		
				દાહો.	માસ.	વરસ.
આતમારામ નંદલાલ ..	બાપુ શાભારામની ચાકરીમાનો શાની	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ વચલા ભોધવાડામાં.	૧૫મો.	નવેમ્બર.	૧૮૬૬.
ધનજીભાઈ દીનશા ..	ચેકાર	પારશી.	બાહારકોટ ધોભી તલવ આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
નરારવાનજી કાવરાજી ..	દીનશા કાવરાજીની ચાકરીમાં.	પારશી.	બાહારકોટ મોહોરા મોહોલામાં.	૧૭મો.	એવ.	એવ.
ત્રીકમદાસ ધનજી ..	ચાંદુ મુલજીની ચાકરીમાનો મેતો.	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ મેહેમમાં	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
માધવરાવ ત્રીબકરાવ ..	અંગરજી લખનાર	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ દાદીશેઠની અગીઆરીના રસ્તા આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
વામન રામચંદર	ચેકાર	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ લુવારઆલમાં.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
ચાંદલાલ માહમદ	કરાઈ	મુસલમાન.	બાહારકોટ કાજી મોહોલામાં.	૧૬મો.	એવ.	એવ.
શાશ્વદીન શેક માહમદ ટેનડેલ	રાજકુરુર.	મુસલમાન.	બાહારકોટ નાગપાડા આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
માહમદ રાઈએદ કુકરદીન. રાઈકુની આજીરામાં શીપાઈ.	પાંડુ માહમદજી તથા ગો. લેમનેટ તથા શાડા વાટરનો પાલ પાંડુ.	મુસલમાન.	બાહારકોટ કાજી મોહોલામાં.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
લાલજી કોરશી તથા હેમ-લાલજી કોરશીની કંપનીને રાજ કોરશી તથા તેજ-પાલ કોરશી તથા કોર-પાલ કોરશી.	ધંધો કરનાર. નામે તથા પેહડીએ રાજે ચીજના વેપારી દાખલ ધંધો ચલાવેછે.	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ મરીદ પાંદર આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
કાશીનાથ મકુંદશેઠ	તંબોલી	હીંદુ.	થોડા દાહાડા ઉપર બાહારકોટ કાલકા દેવીના રસ્તા ઉપર હાલ મુખર્જીનો તુરંગમાં.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
ગોવીંદ મકુંદશેઠ	તંબોલી	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ કાલકાદેવી આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
કોડાજી રાણુજી	ટોપલી બનાવનાર	હીંદુ.	થોડા દાહાડા ઉપર બાહારકોટ અડક આગલ. હાલ મુખર્જીનો તુરંગમાં.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
ગંગાભાઈ ઉરફ બાચુભાઈ તે મરનાર રાણુજી બ-અરજીની વીધવા.	ટોપલી બનાવનાર.	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ અડક આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
વેરાતનજી જીવાજી ..	પાગડી બાંધનાર	પારશી.	કોટમાં યોરા બનરના મેહોલામાં.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
બાબાજી નીનુ તથા ગોપા-લા નીનુ તથા રાદુ નીનુ.	મોચી	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ અડક આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.
શોરાબજી ભીંમજી	ચેકાર	પારશી.	બાહારકોટ કુત્તાળા આગલ.	એવ.	એવ.	એવ.

ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓની બાબતોમાં ઘટતી રીતે હુકમ થયા છે જે ઉપર લખેલા ધારણી સાતમી કલમ પરમાણે નાદાર દેવાદારો મચકુરોની યાવર તથા જંગમ મીલકત તથા ચીજવસ્તુ આ ન મદાર કોટની આશીર્વાદ આલ આસાએનીના તાબામાં આપે.

नीचे ल जेला नादार देवादाशेनी अरु जेला सांभगवासाइ ठरावेला दीवस.

नाम.	व्ययत.		
	दाहाडा.	भारा.	कलाक.
भाभाजु नीनु तथा गोपाःला नीनु तथा सहु नीनु	३ जे रोमवार.	आवतो डीरोवर.	११ कलाक.
धनजुभाई दीनरा	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
नशरवानजु कावराजु	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
आपा धीकु	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
माधवारव त्रीमयकराव	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
वीनशेनठ मानीकुम्बेल	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
भीपाजु अंजुजु	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
शालवाडेर डी. शे.अ.	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
सांडु महाधजु तथा गोपाण पांडु	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
वामन रामचंदर	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
डोंडजु सावजु तथा गंगाबाई ठरकु भायुभाई वीधवा	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
दीनाजु काशीनाथ	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
सांपशी परशोतम	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
त्रीकमदरा धनजु	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
आनमारास नंदलाजु	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
यारीआ नाजक तथा अय्यदना यारीआ	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
लालजु कुरशी तथा हेमराज कुरशी तथा तेजपाज कुरशी	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.
तथा करपल कुरशी.			
माजुकजु शापुरजु काका.	जे.न.	जे.न.	जे.न.

आज आवनार जेजुदाशेमे थोडमां थोडा सांभगवाना तजु दाहाडा अगाडि सोगलुनामांथी सांपीत करेला पोताना दावा अमाशी आशीसामां दाखल करेला जेजुदाशेमे तथा शीरस्ता परमांथी तेजुदाशेमे शी आपनी जेजुदाशेमे. डिपर ल जेला नादार देवादाशेमे पोताना देवानी तथा माळभीलकतनी छीपा अमाशी आशीसामां दाखल करानी छे.

मुंअर्चना डोटभे डोटनी हुवेलीमां डोटना इलारकनी आशीसामां

तारीख २० मी नवेमबर राने १८९६

६. अ. इरगीडिसन,
डोटना आकटींग इलारकनी वती जेमस. न. इरनीन सही.

(A true translation)

J. FLYNN,
Chief Translator.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received up to Noon of *Monday* the 10th proximo, for the disposal of H. M.'s Steamers "GOOLANAR" and "LADY FALKLAND."

The "Goolanar" is Teak Built, Coppered and Copper fas ened, of 215 Tons, Paddle Side Lever, Engines by Forester of Liverpool, of 40 Nominal Horse Power, Boiler Iron, with Brass tubes, lately undergone thorough repair, both Engines, Boilers, and Hull in first rate condition.

The "Lady Falkland" is Teak Built, Coppered and Copper fastened, of 200 Tons, with Paddle Side Lever, Engines by Forester of Liverpool, of 40 Horse Nominal Power, Boiler Iron, with Brass tubes, in fair condition.

Both of these Vessels will be made over to their respective purchaser with Masts, Yards, Sails, Rigging and Equip, Cables, Anchors, Tanks, Ballast, Paddle Box Beas, &c. &c. &c., as they now stand, for further particulars apply to the undersigned.

G. T. ROBINSON, Commander I. N.,
Marine Storekeeper.

Marine Storekeeper's Office, Bombay,
5th November 1866.

Bank of Bombay.

Notice is hereby given, that a GENERAL MEETING of PROPRIETORS will be held under Section 16 of Act X. of 1863, in the Bank's Office in the Fort, on *Monday*, the 10th day of December 1866, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing two Directors in room of A. J. McDonald, Esq., who retires by rotation, and Cowasjee Manckjee, Esq., who has resigned.

By order of the Board of Directors,
D. ROBERTSON,

Officiating Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, November 1866.

Notice.

This is to certify that during the month of October 1866, the ordinary cost of Cart Hire in the Poona Districts was in excess of twelve annas a day for two-bullock cart, carrying ten or twelve maunds.

E. P. DOWN,

Collector.

Poona, 27th November 1866.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the following Articles have been washed ashore at the undermentioned places in the Tanna and Rutnagherry Zillas; they will be sold by Public Auction, if not claimed within two months from this date, in conformity with Section 57 of Act VI. of 1863. Parties having a right to the said property are requested to apply to the Sir-Carkoons of Customs at the undermentioned places, within the prescribed period, after which no applications will be attended to:—

ZILLA TANNA.

TALOOKA TARRAPOOR.

Bunder Dantivra.

- 1 Log of Eyen-wood, measuring 12½ feet in length by 4½ feet in girth.

TALOOKA OORUN.

Bunder Morah.

- 3 Pieces of a Boat.

ZILLA RUTNAGHERY.

Bunder Anjunwell.

- 2 Pieces of Deal-wood.

W. H. PAYNE,

Deputy Commissioner of Customs, S.D.

Tanna, Deputy Commissioner's Office,
29th October 1866.

जाहिरनामा.

डिपुटी कमिशनर आफ् कस्टम्स सान्ट् एंड ओपिएम प्रांत कोंकण यांचे कचेरींतून केला जातो ऐसाजे, दर्यातून वाहून आलेला माल ठिकाणवार खाली लिहिल्या प्रमाणे आहे त्याचा कोणी वारस असल्यास या नोटीशीचे तारखे पासून दोन महिन्यांचे आंत ज्याचे त्या तालुक्याचे सरकारकून कचेरींत हजर होऊन पुरावा करावा. मुदतींत पुरावा न झाल्यास पुढें कोणती एक सबब न ऐकतां सन १८६३ चा आक्ट ६ कलम ५७ प्रमाणें लेलांव करून उत्पन्न सरकार जमा केलें जाईल.

जिल्हा ठाणें.

तालुके तारापूर.

बंदर दांतिवरे.

- १ ऐनी लांकडाचा तुकडा १ लांब फुटी १२५६ वेड फुटी ४०६.

तालुके उरण.

बंदर मोरें.

- ३ ज्याली बोटीचे धडपे फळ्या जडलेल्या.

प्रत धडपे	लांबी फुटी	रुंदी फुटी.
१ प्रत एक	१६०८	२०३
१ प्रत एक	१३०३	२०११
१ प्रत एक	१२०१०	२

३

जिल्हा रत्नागिरी.

तालुके अंजनवेल.

बंदर अंजनवेल.

- २ दवदारी लांकडे दोन.

- १ प्रत लांकूड एक लांब फुटी ४ निशाणी खिळ्याची छिद्रें ६ आहेत.

- १ प्रत लांकूड एक लांब फुटी ५ याजवर सदहें
प्रमाणें छिद्र एक आहे.

२

- ६ एकूण नंग सहा आहेत.

डिपुटी कमिशनर आफ् कस्टम्स सान्ट् एंड ओपिएम प्रांत कोंकण मुकाम ठाणें, तारीख २९ अक्टोबर सन १८६६ इसवी.

W. H. PAYNE,

Deputy Commissioner of Customs, S.D.

Notice

Is hereby given that a CANOE measuring 14 feet in length, 2½ in breadth, and 1½ feet in depth, having been washed ashore at Bunder Tarrapoor in the Tanna Zilla, will be sold by Public Auction, if not claimed within two months from this date, in conformity with Section 57 of Act VI. of 1863. Parties having a right to the said property are requested to apply to the Sir-Carkoon of Customs at Tarrapoor, within the prescribed period, after which no applications will be attended to.

W. H. PAYNE,

Deputy Commissioner of Customs, S.D.

Tanna, Deputy Commissioner's Office,
10th November 1866.

जाहिरनामा.

डिपुटी कमिशनर आफ् कस्टम्स, सान्ट्, एंड ओपिएम प्रांत कोंकण यांचे कचेरींतून केला जातो ऐसाजे, दर्यातून वाहून आलेला माल ठिकाणवार खाली लिहिल्या प्रमाणे आहे. त्याचा कोणी वारस असल्यास या नोटीशीचे तारखे पासून दोन महिन्यांचे आंत ज्याचे त्या तालुक्याचे सरकारकून कचेरींत हजर होऊन पुरावा करावा, मुदतींत पुरावा न झाल्यास पुढें कोणती एक सबब न ऐकतां सन १८६३ चा आक्ट ६ कलम ५७ प्रमाणें लेलांव करून उत्पन्न सरकार जमा केलें जाईल.

जिल्हा ठाणें.

तालुके तारापूर.

बंदर तारापूर.

- १ होडी एक लांकडी लांब फुटी १४ रुंदी फुटी २०४
ओडी फुटी १०२ असोन नंबराचे जागी (सुरत)
इतकीं अक्षरें दिसतात, नंबराचे आंकडे दिसत नाहीं.

- १ एकूण नंग एक आहे.

डिपुटी कमिशनर प्रांत कोंकण, मुकाम ठाणें,
तारीख १० नवेंबर सन १८६६ इसवी.

W. H. PAYNE,

Deputy Commissioner of Customs, S.D.

Notice.

On and after Saturday, 1st December 1866, the business of the Government Savings' Bank will be conducted in the new premises of the Bank of Bombay, Elphinstone Circle.

By order of the Directors,

D. ROBERTSON,

Officiating Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bombay, 28th November 1866.

Notice.

To be sold by Public Auction on *Friday*, the 14th proximo, at 1 p.m., at the Dockyard, a quantity of Condemned Stores, comprising Boat Awning Yards, Old Rope, and other miscellaneous Articles, belonging to the Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port Department.

Terms of sale.—A deposit of 25 per cent. for all lots above 10 Rupees to be paid immediately the lots are knocked down, the remainder to be paid and the articles cleared away on or before the 3rd day after the sale, otherwise the deposit will be forfeited, and the lots resold at the risk and loss of the first purchaser.

All Lots of 10 Rupees and under are to be paid for as soon as the Lots are knocked down to the purchaser.

J. EVERARD C. PRYCE,

Acting Master Attendant and
Conservator of the Port.

*Office of the Master Attendant and Conservator
of the Port, Bombay, 23rd November 1866.*

Notice

Is hereby given, that from the 1st proximo wholesale operations will be resumed as an experiment, and a discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on purchases of books exceeding Rupees (500) five hundred cash. Branch Book Depot-keepers will be allowed 5 per cent. commission on wholesale, and ten per cent. on their retail transactions.

MADHAVA N. SHIRGOANKER,

Curator.

*Government Central Book Depot,
Bombay, 16th October 1866.*

Notice.

The attention of the holders of all Sunnuds creating an interest in immovable property of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards, situated in the Surat Collectorate, is drawn to Sections 49 and 100 of the Indian Registration Act XX. of 1866, and they are requested to have their Sunnuds duly registered before the 2nd April 1867 next, through the Collector of Surat.

The holders of those Sunnuds only which have been issued by the British Government or by officers acting under the orders of that Government will be exempted from the payment of any other than the nominal fee of 1 anna.

J. M. DUFF,
Acting Collector.

Surat Collector's Office, 30th October 1866.

LARGE SALE OF ANAMALLAY TEAK.

At Ponany.....2,746 Dockyard planks.

At Coimbatore { 100 do.
 { 129 Logs.

At foot of Govern- }
ment Timber Slip } 500 Dockyard planks.
near Anamallay .. }

The planks are from 12 to 35 feet long, 8 to 15 inches broad, and 5 to 12 inches in depth, and average from 12 to 25 cubic feet each.

The timber is all ready for inspection at the depôts.

Tenders will be received for the purchase of all or any portion not less than 1,000 cubic feet by the undersigned up to the 31st of December.

Tenders must be made at so much per cubic foot outside measurement.

Terms of Payment.—Payment in full on the completion of measurement and before the removal of the timber.

(Signed) R. H. BEDDOME, Captain,
Officiating Conservator of Forests, Madras.

20th October 1866.

Notice.

Tenders will be received at the Office of the Officiating Superintendent of Marine up to Noon on *Tuesday*, the 4th proximo, from persons willing to supply Ship Tonnage for the conveyance from Mangalore to Calcutta of about 70 Tons of Coir, be the same more or less.

2. The Tenders must specify the rate per Ton of (4) four Candies or (2,240) Two thousand two hundred and forty Pounds, and the time when the Vessel will be at Mangalore to receive the Coir.

3. The Coir will be placed on board in bundles which must be preserved entire, and be delivered at Calcutta in like good order and condition according to weight.

4. The Master of the Vessel or authorized Agent for the Owner at Mangalore will be required to see the Coir weighed and the bundles counted, and to sign the Bills of Lading or such other document connected with the Lading of the article as the Collector of South Canara may require of him.

5. The freight will be paid in Calcutta on the completion of the delivery of the Coir in conformity with the terms of the Bill of Lading.

6. The Superintendent of Marine reserves to himself the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning cause for so doing.

By order of the

Officiating Superintendent of Marine,

G. INGLE,

Secretary.

*Superintendent's Office, Bombay,
26th November 1866.*

NOTICE.—The partnership between myself and Mr. A. LYLE was dissolved by mutual consent on 26th May last.

J. LARKIN.

Bombay, 23rd November 1866.

**Bombay Brick and Tile Company,
Limited, in Liquidation.**

A Second Dividend of Rupees 6-6-4 per Share will be paid on or after the 1st December on production of Allotment letters at the Company's Office, Rampart Row.

A. D. GRANT,
T. H. MOORE,

Liquidators.

24th November 1866.

Notice.

In the Matter of Act XXVIII. of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India and in the matter of HURGOVANDASS PRANJEEVANDASS who lately carried on business in his own name and in partnership with DOLUTCHUND HOOKAMCHUND, PRANJEEVANDASS HURJEEVANDASS, and GOPALRAO BULVANT under the name and firm of HURGOVANDASS PRANJEEVANDASS and COMPANY, and in partnership with PRANJEEVANDASS HURJEEVANDASS, DOWLUTCHUND HOOKAMCHUND, GOPALRAO BULVANT, NALCHUND MOOKAMCHUND, DEVCHUND HEMCHUND, BAE SOMBEE PRANJEEVANDASS and LULLOOBHAY PRANVULUBHDASS under the name and firm of PRANJEEVANDASS HURGOVANDASS and COMPANY.

In pursuance of the advertisements which appeared in accordance with the provisions of said Act in the *Bombay Gazette*, the *Times of India*, the *Bombay Jami-Jamshed*, and the *Bombay Samachar*, a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Hurgovandass Pranjeevandass, trading as aforesaid, was held on Saturday, the 24th day of November instant, at 12 o'clock in the noon at the Office of Messrs. DALLAS, LYNCH LANGDALE, No. 5, Church Lane, Fort, Bombay, when a large proportion of Creditors being present the following Resolutions were duly proposed, seconded, and carried:—

1. That Mr. R. T. PRICE do take the Chair.
2. That the Estate of Hurgovandass Pranjeevandass, who lately carried on business in his own name and in partnership with Dowlutchund Hookamchund, Pranjeevandass Hurjeevandass, and Gopalrao Bulvant, under the name and firm of Hurgovandass Pranjeevandass and Company, and in partnership with Pranjeevandass Hurjeevandass, Dowlutchund Hookamchund, Gopalrao Bulvant, Nalchund Hookumchund, Devchund Hemchund, Baee Sombee Pranjeevandass and Lulloobhoy Pranvullubhdass, under the name and firm of Pranjeevandass Hurgovandass and Company, ought to be wound up under the management of Trustees, and that an application be made to the High Court for the purpose.
3. That Messrs. CHARLES CLIFTON, M. R. DE QUADROS, ATMARAM BALCHRISTNA, and AMBARAM KEVELRAM be appointed Trustees, and their remuneration be 2½ per cent. upon the assets realized, and that no security be required from them.—Dated this 26th day November 1866.

R. T. PRICE,
Chairman of the Meeting.

**In the High Court of Judicature at
Bombay.**

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of Act XXVIII. of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India and in the matter of HURGOVANDASS PRANJEEVANDASS who lately carried on business in his own name and in partnership with DOLUTCHUND HOOKUMCHUND, PRANJEEVANDASS HURJEEVANDASS, GOPALRAO BULVANT under the name and firm of HURGOVANDASS PRANJEEVANDASS and COMPANY and in partnership with PRANJEEVANDASS HURJEEVANDASS, DOWLUTCHUND HOOKUMCHUND, GOPALRAO BULVANT, NALCHUND MOOKUMCHUND, DEVCHUND HEMCHUND, BAE SOMBEE, PRANJEEVANDASS and LULLOOBHAY PRANVULUBHDASS under the name and firm of PRANJEEVANDASS HURGOVANDASS and COMPANY.

ROBERT THOMAS PRICE—Petitioner.

Upon reading the petition of Robert Thomas Price filed in the above matter, and upon reading a copy of the Resolutions, which were adopted at a Meeting of the Creditors of the abovenamed Hurgovandass Pranjeevandass, trading as aforesaid, held on the twenty-fourth day of November instant, all of which have been duly filed in this Court, and being satisfied that the same Resolutions were duly carried, and that the terms are reasonable and calculated to benefit the general body of Creditors of the estate of the said Hurgovandass Pranjeevandass, and upon hearing Mr. LYNCH, of the firm of Messrs. Dallas, Lynch, & Langdale, for the petitioner, I do order that the said Resolutions be confirmed, and I direct that this order be forthwith advertised in two English daily newspapers published in Bombay, namely the *Bombay Gazette* and the *Times of India*, and in two of the Vernacular newspapers also published in Bombay, namely, the *Bombay Jami-Jamshed* and the *Bombay Samachar* and in the next publication of the *Bombay Government Gazette*.—Dated this 27th day of November 1866.

M. R. WESTROPP.

DALLAS LYNCH & LANGDALE,

Petitioners' Attornies.

**International Financial Corporation
Limited, in Liquidation.**

SECOND DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second distribution of Assets of this Company amongst the registered Shareholders thereof, at the rate of RUPEES TEN (Rs. 10.) per share (subject as to shareholders indebted to the Company to the payment of all debts due from them to the undersigned) will be made on and after Monday the 3rd December next daily, between the hours of 12 and 3 at my Office, in the Elphinstone Circle. Shareholders are required to produce their Share Certificates when applying for the Dividend.

A. C. GUMPERT,
Official Liquidator.

Dated Bombay, this 17th November 1866.

Notice.

In the matter of Act XXVIII. of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India, and in the matter of CAWASJEE PESTONJEE, RUSTOMJEE JEHAANGEER, RUSTOMJEE DADABHOY POCHAJEE, and ARDASEER MERWANJEE, who lately carried on business in Bombay together in partnership, under the name and firm of CAWASJEE RUSTOMJEE POCHAJEE AND COMPANY.

Whereas the said Cawasjee Pestonjee, Rustonjee Jehangeer, Rustonjee Dadabhoy Pochajee, and Ardaseer Merwanjee, trading as aforesaid, having declared themselves unable to pay their debts, and being desirous that their estate should be vested in Trustees and liquidated in accordance with the provisions of Act XXVIII. of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India, Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of Section IV. of the said Act, that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Cawasjee Pestonjee, Rustonjee Jehangeer, Rustonjee Dadabhoy Pochajee, and Ardaseer Merwanjee, trading as aforesaid, will be held at Apollo House in Apollo Street, Fort, on *Monday*, the 3rd day of December 1866, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of proposing Resolutions that the estate of the said Cawasjee Pestonjee, Rustonjee Jehangeer, Rustonjee Dadabhoy Pochajee, and Ardaseer Merwanjee, trading as aforesaid, ought to be wound up under the management of Trustees, and that an application should be made to the High Court for that purpose; and upon such Resolutions being adopted, it is proposed that the meeting should proceed to nominate three or more Trustees for the liquidation of such estate and to fix the amount or rate of salary or remuneration to be paid to such Trustees, and the amount of security (if any) to be given by such Trustees. Dated this 24th day of November 1866.

CLEVELAND & PEILE,

Attorneys to the Insolvents abovenamed.

Estate of Rughoonath Witoba-

NOTICE.—CREDITORS on this Estate are requested to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned, within fifteen days from the date hereof. At the expiration of that time, the Trustees will proceed to wind up the Estate without reference to any claim that may be made subsequently thereto.

J. C. TEASDALE,

J. GRAY,

J. A. SHEPHERD.

Bombay, 16th November 1866.

Act XIX. of 1857.

In the matter of the BOMBAY CONTRACT AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

All debtors of the above Company are requested forthwith to pay their several debts, and all persons claiming to be creditors are hereby required to forward their claims and vouchers for adjustment to the undersigned, at No. 6, Rampart Row, Bombay.

HENRY GAMBLE,

J. BEATTIE,

Official Liquidators.

Bombay, 20th November 1866.

Indo-Egyptian & London Bank, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Meeting of the Registered Shareholders of the Indo-Egyptian and London Bank, Limited, will be held at No. 9, Rampart Row, on *Monday*, the 17th December, at 3 o'clock, to receive the Report of the Liquidator, and also to confer upon him the power of compromising debts, &c., due to the Bank, as required by Sections 173 and 174 of Act X. of 1866.

D. HOGARTH,

Liquidator.

26th November 1866.

Kattywar Trading Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at No. 6, Rampart Row, on *Monday*, the 3rd December 1866, at 3 P. M., for the transaction of the following business:—

1st.—To receive the Report of the Directors and the Balance Sheet up to 30th June 1866.

2nd.—To consider an Extraordinary Resolution to the following effect:—"That it having been proved to the satisfaction of the Company that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business, that the Company be wound up voluntarily."

3rd.—And if such Resolution be duly passed, to appoint Liquidators and fix their remuneration.

M. ROONAN,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 21st November 1866.

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AT THE

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS.

[Stamp] Postal Stamps may be sent for payment of Small Sums.]

Now published, price Three (3) Rupees.

MANUAL

OF THE

LAW OF EVIDENCE

IN

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REVISED TO 1st NOVEMBER 1866.

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MILITARY PAY TABLES,

Applicable to the three Presidencies, including Tables showing the Rates of Pay of all ranks of British Troops in and out of India, carefully corrected up to the latest dates. With a Ready Reckoner and Exchange Tables. By W. SWANSEGER.

POST OFFICE NOTIFICATIONS.

Changes of Address.—All communications on the Subject should be made to the POST MASTER of Bombay, or other POST MASTERS, and not to the POST MASTER GENERAL. The name of the Post Town to which letters will be found addressed should be stated in the application.

Complaints requiring redress, such as Surcharge of Postage, Mis-sending, or Delay in the Delivery of letters, &c., should be made to the Post Master General, accompanied by the Envelopes of the letters referred to.

Overland Mails.—During the undermentioned months Mail Steamers for *Suez* will start on the 14th and 29th, as detailed below, at 10 A.M.:—

November 29th.

December 14th and 29th.

The Mail Steamers for *China* will leave Bombay on the 15th and 30th throughout the year at 9 A.M.

The two next Overland Mails per P. and O. Company's Steam Packet will be closed at the dates and hours below named:—

Thursday 29th Nov. 7 A.M. } After Packet until 8 A.M.
Friday 14th Dec. do. }

After-Packet Letters will not be forwarded unless an 8-anna stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage.

Registered letters will be received until 6 P.M. of the previous day.

Extra Overland Mails.—The P. & O. Company having intimated their intention of running extra Steamers to *Suez*, commencing in January next, alternating with the Regular Mail Service, it is notified for general information that, Mails will be made up at the Bombay Post Office for Great Britain and the Continent of Europe on the following dates at 6 P.M. An after Packet will be kept open for late letters until 8 P.M. The Steamer will start from Mazagone at 9 A.M. the following morning:—

January 18th	March 18th
February 1st	April 1st
Ditto 18th	Ditto 18th
March 4th	

2. As the extra Steamers are timed to arrive at *Suez* one day before the *Calcutta Steamer*, in order to ensure the Mails being taken on, the service will in reality be a weekly service for India. The weekly Steamers to India are expected to arrive in Bombay on the following dates:—

February 19th	March 22nd
March 7th	April 4th

The rates of Letter, Newspaper, and Book Postage are as follows:—

LETTERS.		POSTAGE.	NEWSPAPERS.		POSTAGE.	BOOKS AND PATTERNS OR SAMPLES OF MERCHANDIZE	POSTAGE.
Weight.		Rs. a. p.	Weight.		Rs. a. p.	Weight.	R a. p.
By Marseilles	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce	0 6 8	Under 4 oz.	Under 4 oz.	0 2 0	Under 4 oz.	0 4 4
	" 1 "	0 13 4		" 8 "	0 4 0	" 8 "	0 8 8
	" 2 "	1 10 8		" 12 "	0 6 0	" 12 "	0 13 0
	" 3 "	2 8 0				" 1 lb.	1 1 4
	" 4 "	3 5 4				" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 5 8
	" 5 "	4 2 8				" $1\frac{3}{4}$ "	1 10 0
By Southampton. .	" 6 "	5 0 0	Under 4 oz.	Under 4 oz.	0 1 6	Under 4 oz.	1 14 4
	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce	0 4 0		" 8 "	0 2 0	" 2 "	2 2 8
	" 1 "	0 8 0		" 12 "	0 3 0	" 4 oz.	0 3 9
	" 2 "	1 0 0				" 8 "	0 6 0
	" 3 "	1 8 0				" 12 "	0 9 0
	" 4 "	2 0 0				" 1 lb.	0 12 0
	" 5 "	2 8 0				" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	0 15 0
	" 6 "	3 0 0				" $1\frac{3}{4}$ "	1 2 0
						" 2 "	1 5 0
							1 8 0

China Mail.—The Post Office Packets for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, and HONGKONG, per P. & O. Company's Steamer "EMEU," will be closed on Thursday 29th November 1866, at 6 o'clock P.M. A Packet for late Letters will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until 7 A.M. on the 30th Idem.

Rates of Postage to China.—From this date (4th April 1866) the rate of Postage Chargeable on letters conveyed from India to Hongkong or other British Post Offices in China by Her Majesty's Mail Steamers or by the French Mail Steamers will be four annas on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, and an additional sum of four annas per every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce in weight.

Kurrachee and Scinde Mails, per Steamer "COMORIN" will be closed twelve hours after the arrival of the Overland Mail.

Persian Gulf Mails.—The British India Steam Navigation Company's Mail Packet Boats will in future leave Bombay on the 3rd and 17th of each month, for Bussora, and resume the direct route by Muscat.

2. Mail bags for Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, and Bussora, also Bagdad and Turkish Arabia, will be closed in future at 12 (noon) on the above dates.

Goa and Malabar Coast Mails will, until further notice, be made for despatch to the stations named below by the Coast and River Navigation Company's Steamer:—

Rutnagherry.	} On Saturdays.	Vingorla.	} On Saturdays.
Goa.		Karwar.	
Compta.		Mangalore.	
Tellicherry.		Cannanore.	
Beypoor.		Calicut.	
Cochin.			

The letter boxes will be closed at 12 noon, up to which time letters can be posted.

Letters intended for despatch by the above opportunity should always have the superscription: "Per Steamer," and are liable to an extra ship postage of one anna per cover on delivery.

Ship Letters Postage.—As letters received or despatched by private ship or steamer are charged with extra, i.e. ship postage of one anna each letter in addition to all other postages due, and which is levied on delivery of the letter, it is requested that letters intended for despatch by private vessels should be always so marked on the cover, otherwise in the absence of such direction they will be forwarded by land, where land communication exists.

Mauritius and Cape of Good Hope Mails.—Under instructions from H. M.'s Post Master General, London, it is hereby notified that a new Mail Packet line has been established between Point de Galle and Port Louis (Mauritius), direct, instead of between Suez and Mauritius *via* Aden, as formerly. Letters and Papers for Mauritius, Natal, Reunion, Cape of Good Hope, &c., will accordingly be despatched *via* Point de Galle by the China Mail Steamer leaving Bombay on the morning of the 15th of each month, so as to be in time for the Mail Steamer which is appointed to leave Point de Galle for Port Louis on the 22nd idem.

Mails from the above places will likewise be received at Bombay by the aforementioned route. The packet leaving the Cape on the 17th will sail from Port Louis on the 6th of each month, and be due at Point de Galle on the 17th and at Bombay (with the China Mail) on the 22nd of each month.

*Amended Time Table of the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, and Mauritius Mail Packet Service,
for part of the Year 1866.*

Approval by Her Majesty's Post Master General on the 28th May 1866.

From Bombay to the Cape of Good Hope, via Ceylon and Mauritius.

No. of Voyage.	Leave Bombay.	Leave Galle.	Arrive at Mauritius.	Leave Mauritius.	Leave Natal.	Leave Port Elizabeth.	Arrive at Table Bay.	No. of Voyage.	Leave Table Bay.	Leave St. Helena.	Leave Ascension.	Arrive at Plymouth.
2	July 15	July 22	Aug. 2	Aug. 3	Aug. 12	Aug. 15	Aug. 18	14	Aug. 19	About Aug. 28	About Sep. 1	Sep. 27
4	Aug. 15	Aug. 22	Sep. 1	Sep. 2	Sep. 11	Sep. 14	Sep. 17	16	Sep. 19	Sep. 28	Oct. 2	Oct. 23
6	Sep. 15	Sep. 22	Oct. 3	Oct. 4	Oct. 13	Oct. 16	Oct. 19	18	Oct. 19	Oct. 28	Nov. 1	Nov. 27
8	Oct. 15	Oct. 22	Nov. 2	Nov. 3	Nov. 12	Nov. 15	Nov. 18	20	Nov. 19	Nov. 28	Dec. 2	Dec. 23
											1867	1867
10	Nov. 15	Nov. 21	Dec. 2	Dec. 3	Dec. 12	Dec. 15	Dec. 18	22	Dec. 19	Dec. 28	Jan. 1	Jan. 27
			1867	1867	1867	1867	1867		1867	1867		
12	Dec. 15	Dec. 22	Jan. 2	Jan. 3	Jan. 12	Jan. 15	Jan. 18	24	Jan. 19	Jan. 28	Feb. 1	Feb. 27

*TABLE of the Expected Arrival and Departure of the Ocean Mails for the week ending
Thursday, 6th December 1866.*

ARRIVAL.	DEPARTURE.
Persian Gulf Mail, 28th November 1866. China Mail, 5th December 1866.	Persian Gulf Mail, 3rd December 1866. Calcutta and Coast Mail, 1st December 1866.

Extension of time in posting Overland Letters.—The Post Master, being frequently unable to obtain early intelligence, on Overland Mail days, of the anticipated time of arrival of the North East Mail Trains, upon which the departure of the Suez Steamer depends, and having in consequence no means of giving the public timely notice of unavoidable detentions of 2 or 3 hours, it is hereby notified that whenever the Suez Steamer is obliged to be put off, notices will be sent to the Secretariat, Chamber of Commerce, and the Public Journals in the Fort, and one will be hung up conspicuously outside the Post Office gates for general information.

To give the public the advantage of posting letters of importance to the latest hour, when such minor detentions occur, the Mail boxes will be kept open for *fully prepaid* letters upon which the after-time fee is affixed, to within 15 minutes of the departure of the Mail Vans, notification of which will be obtained at the Post Office.

Postage Stamps.—The following reductions have been made in the selling price of the undermentioned description of Postage Stamps:—

A Packet of 16 One-Anna Envelopes, from 1 Rupee 2 Annas to 1 Rupee 1 Anna.

A Packet of 16 Half-Anna Notepaper, from 12 Annas to 10 Annas.

Six-Annas Foreign Bill Stamps, when crossed with the word "Postage," will be recognized as Postage Stamps of the value of Six Annas, and can be used in the payment of postage on Overland or other letters and parcels.

Changes in Mail Trains.—In consequence of the alterations in the Departure and Arrival of the Mail Trains on the Lines of the G. I. P. Railway, the following changes will take place on and after the 15th October 1866 in the hours of Closing and Issuing of Mails at the General Post Office:—

DESPATCH OF MAILS.

MAILS.	Latest hour for Posting.	
	Ordinary Letters and Papers.	After Packet Letters.
For Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Khandaish, Malwa, Berar, Central Provinces, N. W. Provinces, Bengal and Punjab,	6 P.M.	7 P.M.
For Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Poona, the Deccan, S. M. Country, and Madras Presidency		
For Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, as far as Poona	8 A.M.	
For Post Towns on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Post Offices on the Railway Line, Guzerat, Scinde, Kattiawar, and Kutch	4 A.M.	5 A.M.
Do. do. do. do. <i>i.e.</i> for the Post Towns of Tarapore, Oomergaum, Damaun, Balda, Pardee, Billimora, Gundehvee and Surat	8 A.M.	

Registered Letters and Banghy Parcels for despatch by all Mails will be received, except on Sundays, from 7 to 8 A.M. and from 12 (noon) to 5 P.M.

DELIVERY OF MAILS.

Three Deliveries will be made at the undermentioned hours, and will include the Mails below mentioned, when received in time:—

First Delivery at 7 A. M.—Mails from the Baroda Line, *i.e.* from Guzerat, Scinde, Kattiawar, Rajpootana, also local Mails from Poona.

Second Delivery at 11 A. M.—Through Mails from Madras, and the South also from Calcutta, Bengal, N. W. Provinces, Punjab, and from the S. E. and N. E. Railway Lines.

Third Delivery at 2 P. M.—Local letters and Sea Mails received after the 2nd Delivery.

The Mails that reach the Post office after the issue of 3rd or 2 P. M. delivery will not be issued the same evening, but Letters and Papers may be had on application at the Post Office until 5 P.M. and not later.

Postage to Denmark, Sweden, and Norway.—Under an additional Postal Convention concluded between Great Britain and Denmark, the following rates of Postage, British, Foreign, and Indian, will be charged upon letters sent from India, *via* Southampton, through the United Kingdom to Denmark, Sweden, or Norway :—

DESTINATION.	Not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Every additional $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Denmark.....	0 6 0	0 12 0	1 2 0	0 6 0
Sweden	0 7 4	0 14 8	1 6 0	0 7 4
Norway	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	0 8 8

2. Letters sent to the above countries *through Great Britain via* Marseilles, will be liable to an additional French rate of two annas and 8 pies for every half ounce.

3. Letters for the above countries, sent through France, but *not* through Great Britain, are liable to the following rates of postage, which may be prepaid or not at the option of the sender. All letters intended for despatch by this route should be marked *via* France :—

DESTINATION.	Not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	Every additional $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Denmark.....	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	0 8 8
Sweden	0 12 8	1 9 4	2 6 0	0 12 8
Norway	0 12 8	1 9 4	2 6 0	0 12 8

4. The prepayment of letters sent through Great Britain is optional ; but unpaid letters will be liable to an increased charge on delivery.

5. Prepaid letters for any of the countries named can be registered on payment in advance of the ordinary Registration Fee of four annas, and an additional Foreign Registration Fee of four annas.

Postage on Letters for Italy.—Letters for any place in the Kingdom of Italy can be prepaid in India at the option of the sender, and will be forwarded with the British Mails to Alexandria, and from thence to their destination, by Brindisi or Ancona.

2. The following table shows the combined Indian Sea and Italian Postage chargeable on letters prepaid in India by means of Indian Postage Stamps :—

	Rs. a. p.
1. On letters weighing less than $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., one rate	0 6 0
2. On letters weighing more than $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., but less than 1 ounce, 3 half-rates	0 9 0
3. On letters weighing more than $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., but less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an ounce, 5 half-rates	0 15 0
4. On letters weighing more than $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., but less than 1 oz., 6 half-rates	1 2 0
5. On letters weighing more than 1 oz., but less than $1\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 8 half-rates	1 8 0

and so on, adding a half rate or three annas for every additional quarter of an ounce, and one rate or six annas for every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce.

3. Unpaid letters from Italy are subject, on delivery in India, to the above rates, and to an additional charge of one penny (eight pies) for each half ounce.

4. Sea and Italian Postage on Newspapers, Books, Printed Papers, and Packets of Samples for Italy cannot be fully prepaid in India, but when posted at any Office except at the port of despatch are liable to Indian Newspaper and Book Post rates, which much must be prepaid.

Postage on Letters to French Post Offices in Turkey.—From the 1st proximo letters posted in India addressed to any French Post Office in Turkey* (except Constantinople), or to the French Post Offices at Tunis and Tangiers, may be sent at the option of the sender either unpaid or paid, and will be subject to the rates of postage to which they would be liable if addressed to France, according to the following table:—

* Alexandretta.	Kerasoun.	Smyrna.
Beyrout.	Latakia.	Sulina.
The Dardanelles.	Mersina.	Tangiers.
Galatz.	Mitylene.	Trebizond.
Gallipoli.	Rhodes.	Tripoli (in Syria)
Ibraïla.	Salonica.	Tultcha.
Ineboli.	Samsoun.	Tunis, or
Jaffa.	Sinope.	Varna.

	Rs.	a.	p.
A letter not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	0	5	4
Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	10	8
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1	0	0

And so on, adding a single rate of postage, As. 5-4, for every additional quarter-ounce or fraction of a quarter-ounce.

N.B.—The above rates include Indian Inland Postage.

2. Postage, if prepaid, must be paid by means of stamps attached to the letter on the side on which the address is written.

3. Unpaid letters received in India will be charged at the rate of As. 8-8 per quarter-ounce.

4. Prepaid letters may be registered, double postage being prepaid in stamps. No separate registration fee will be levied.

Care should be taken to endorse "By French Post" on letters sent under this notice.

Newspapers for the above places cannot be prepaid in India like those for France.

Postage on Letters to the French Colony of New Caledonia.—Letters posted in India, addressed to the French Colony of new Caledonia, may be sent at the option of the senders either unpaid or paid, and will be subject to the rates of postage to which they would be liable if addressed to France, according to the following table:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
A letter not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	0	5	4
Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	10	8
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1	0	0

and so on, adding a single rate of postage, annas 5 pies 4, for every additional quarter ounce, or fraction of a quarter ounce.

N.B.—The above rates include Indian Inland Postage.

2. Postage, if prepaid, must be paid by means of Stamps attached to the letter on the side on which the address is written.

3. Unpaid letters received in India will be charged at rate of annas 8 pies 8 per quarter ounce.

5. Prepaid letters may be registered, double postage being prepaid in Stamps. No separate Registration Fee will be levied.

Care should be taken to endorse "By French Post" on letters sent under this Notice.

Inland Indian Postage must be prepaid on Newspapers and Printed Papers addressed to the abovenamed Colony.

Books and Patterns to Belgium.—Under an additional Postal Convention concluded between Great Britain and Belgium, Books and Patterns can be sent through Great Britain to Belgium under the following Regulations:—

In future, under the term "Book Packets" may be forwarded not only stitched or bound books, pamphlets, and sheets of music, but also printed proof sheets, with ordinary corrections in writing and manuscript attached to such proofs and having reference to them, as well as legal and other documents in manuscript; photographs and drawings (so long as those articles are not in glass or placed under glass); prints or maps, printed, engraved, or lithographed, and whether in paper, parchment, or vellum; but no letter or communication of the nature of a letter, must be forwarded in such Packets, or in or upon their covers.

Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, publication, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c., be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps; markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of literary or artistic matter, or usually appertains thereto.

Patterns or Samples of Merchandize may also, in future, be sent to Belgium at the same rates of postage as Book Packets, and subject to the following Regulations:—

1st.—The Patterns or Samples must not be of intrinsic value. This Rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature, and, indeed, whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mere use as a Pattern or sample; and the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a Pattern or Sample must not be so great that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

2nd.—There must be no writing or printing, in addition to the address of the person for whom the packet is intended, and the address of the sender, other than a trade-mark and numbers and the prices of the articles; and these particulars must in all cases, be given, not one loose piece of paper, but on small labels attached to the Samples, or the bags containing them.

3rd.—The Patterns or Samples must be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of Examination. Samples, however, of seeds, drugs, and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or other material tied at the neck; or the bags may be entirely closed, provided that they be transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

4th.—No article likely to injure the contents of the Mail bags, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office, may be sent through the Post as a Pattern.

If either of the foregoing Rules be infringed, the packet must not be forwarded.

Pattern and Book Post between India, the United Kingdom, and British Colonies.—

Under the following conditions as to mode of packing, exclusion to all communications of the nature of a letter, and prepayment of Postage by means of stamps, packets of books, patterns, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, Colonial, or Foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or any Colonial Legislature, may be transmitted between any part of the East Indies, Great Britain, Malta, Gibraltar, the Australian Colonies, Hongkong, Ceylon, Mauritius, Aden, Singapore, and Penang, at the rates of Postage given in the subjoined Table.

The following rates of Postage must be paid in advance by means of stamps attached to the packet. No packet exceeding 3 lbs. (120 Tolas) in weight can be sent:—

TABLE A.

SCALE OF POSTAGE CHARGES on packets of books or patterns, not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight, sent by Book-Post between India and Great Britain, Malta, and Gibraltar—

	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
1. For a packet not exceeding 4 ozs. in weight	0 3 0
2. For a packet exceeding 4 ozs. and not exceeding 8 ozs.	0 6 0
3. For a packet exceeding 8 ozs. and not exceeding 12 ozs.	0 9 0
4. For a packet exceeding 12 ozs. and not exceeding one pound	0 12 0
5. For a packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	0 15 0
6. For a packet exceeding 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.	1 2 0
and so on for every additional weight of 4 ozs. an additional charge of 3 annas.	

TABLE B.

SCALE OF POSTAGE CHARGES on packets of books or patterns not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight, sent by Book-Post between India, Hongkong, Ceylon, Mauritius, Aden, Singapore, Penang, and the several Australian Colonies—

	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
1. For a packet not exceeding 4 ozs. in weight	0 2 0
2. For a packet exceeding 4 ozs. and not exceeding ½ lb.	0 4 0
3. For a packet exceeding ½ lb. and not exceeding 1 lb.	0 8 0
4. For a packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	0 12 0
5. For a packet exceeding 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.	1 0 0
6. For a packet exceeding 2 lbs. and not exceeding 2½ lbs.	1 4 0
7. For a packet exceeding 2½ lbs. and not exceeding 3 lbs.	1 8 0

The following conditions are to be observed in sending book and pattern packets by Post:—

1st.—The Postage must be prepaid by means of stamps affixed outside the packet or its cover.

2nd.—Every packet must be sent either without a cover or in a cover open at the ends or sides so as to admit of the enclosures being removed for examination. Samples, however, of seeds, &c. may be enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or other material fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened, or in bags entirely closed, provided that they are transparent, so that the Officers of the Department may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents. If this rule be infringed, the packet will be treated as a letter.

3rd.—A book packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters) photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass), prints or maps, and any quantity of paper, parchment, or vellum; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, engraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these, but no printed matter or prints will be allowed, except such as may be printed on paper, parchment, or vellum. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and in short whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

4th.—The packet must not contain any letter closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor must there be any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed, in any such packet or on its cover. Entries, however, merely stating who sends the book, &c., or to whom it is given, are not regarded as a letter. In the case of packets of patterns the address of the sender, a trade mark and numbers, and the prices of the articles may be written, not on loose pieces of paper, but on the cover or on small labels attached to the samples or bags containing them.

5th.—No book or pattern packet can be received if it exceeds two feet in length, width, or depth.

6th.—The prohibition which has heretofore existed to the transmission as patterns of articles of intrinsic value by the Post between the United Kingdom and India has been withdrawn.

7th.—The rule which forbids the transmission through the Post of an article which might injure the contents of the Mail Bags, or the Officers of the Post Office, is so far relaxed as to permit the transmission of Scissors, Knives, Razors, Forks, Steel-pens, Nails, Keys, Watch Machinery, Metal Tubings, Pieces of Metals or Ore, and such like, as samples, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the Mail Bags and the Officers of the Post Office, while at the same time the samples may be easily examined. If any packet containing such articles as these be posted, which is found not to be sufficiently guarded, it will be stopped.

8th.—Samples of seed and similar articles may be sent in the bags entirely closed if transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may satisfy themselves of the nature of the contents.

9th.—In exception to the rule permitting articles of intrinsic value to be forwarded, it must be understood that such articles cannot be forwarded in the Mails *via* Marseilles.

10th.—Any packet which shall not be open to examination, as required by Rule 2, or shall have any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed, in it or upon its cover, will be charged with Letter Postage.

11th.—If a packet be found to contain any letter not wholly printed, whether closed or open, or any enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other unauthorized enclosure, the letter or enclosure will be taken out and forwarded to the address on the packet, charged with full postage as an unpaid letter, together with an additional book rate; that is, with the postage chargeable on a book weighing not more than half a pound; the remainder of the packet, if duly prepaid with stamps, will then be forwarded to its address.

12th.—In no case can a book packet be sent to the Colonies (except at the letter rate of Postage) through a foreign country.

13th.—Book or pattern packets which are wholly unpaid will be forwarded to their destination, charged with double the amount of Book Postage, and those which are insufficiently prepaid with the amount of the deficiency, and an additional book rate as a fine.

14th.—Book and pattern packets sent to Great Britain *via* Marseilles are subject to an additional French rate of Two Pence (1 anna 4 pie) for every 4 ozs., which must be prepaid.

Pattern Post to Netherlands.—Her Majesty's Post Master General has intimated that, in future, Patterns or Samples of Merchandise may be sent from India to the Netherlands through the United Kingdom, subject to the following Regulations:—

1st. There must be no writing, or printing, in addition to the address of the person for whom the packet is intended, and the address of the sender, other than a manufacturer's or trade mark and numbers and the prices of the articles; and these particulars must in all cases be given, not on loose pieces of paper, but on small labels attached to the samples or the bags or boxes containing them.

2nd. The Patterns or Samples must be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination. Samples, however, of seeds, drugs, and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or other material, tied at the neck, or bags may be entirely closed, provided that they be transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

3rd. No Packet of Patterns must exceed two feet, British, in length, or one foot, British, in width or depth.

No article likely to injure the contents of the Mail Bags, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office, may be sent through the Post as a Pattern; but scissors and other similar articles may be forwarded as Patterns, provided they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the Mail Bags and the Officers of the Post Office, while, at the same time, the Patterns may be easily examined.

If either of the foregoing rules be infringed, the packet must not be forwarded.

The rates of postage (exclusive of the Colonial Inland rate) to be collected will be as follows:—

For a Packet sent via Southampton.

Not exceeding 2 ozs.	Above 2 ozs. and not exceeding 4 ozs.	Above 4 ozs. and not exceeding 8 ozs.	Above 8 ozs. and not exceeding 1 lb.	Above 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lbs.	Above 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
0 2	0 4	0 8	1 4	2 0	2 8

Packets of Patterns will also, in future, be forwarded from the Netherlands to India through the United Kingdom, and will be delivered over without any claim, and, consequently, they will be liable, on delivery, to the Colonial Inland rate only.

Books and Patterns to France and Italy.—Arrangements have been made for the transmission by Post between India and France, and between India and Italy, of patterns and samples of Merchandise of no intrinsic value, under the conditions and at the rates chargeable on books and printed papers addressed to France.

2. Book packets and patterns and samples of Merchandise received from France are liable on delivery to Indian Book Post rates, namely, one anna for ten tolas.

3. Patterns, books, and printed papers posted in India are, in like manner, liable to Indian Inland rates of Book Postage, which must be prepaid.

Indian Inland and Colonial or Foreign Postage.—Agreeably to the subjoined Resolution passed by the Government of India, under date the 17th July last, Indian Inland Postage will in future be leviable on letters, papers, &c., either received for delivery or posted for despatch at a Presidency Town, from and to any of the places below mentioned, in addition to the Colonial or Foreign Postage, paid or due thereon, in the same manner as such postage is now paid or charged on articles addressed to or posted at a Station in the Mofussil:—

Ceylon
Penang
Singapore
China or Hong-Kong
Australian Colonies
Mauritius or Port Louis
Natal
Reunion
Port Elizabeth

Cape of Good Hope
St. Helena
Ascension
Malta
Gibraltar
Italy *via* France
France
Countries *via* France } Papers only.

“HOME DEPARTMENT.

No. 2841.

Simla, the 17th July 1866.

REFERRING to the orders and rules passed by the Governor General in Council under the provisions of Sections 19, 21, 22, and 63 of the Post Office Act of 1866, notified under date the 21st April, it is hereby ordered, under the provisions aforesaid, that Rule V. shall be modified as follows, *viz* :—

FORMER RULE V.

Letters and other articles sent through the Post from or to any part of Great Britain or any British Colony, or any foreign country to or from any places in British India, shall continue to be subject to the rates of Postage now chargeable on such letters and other articles.

NEW RULE V.

Letters and other articles sent through the Post from or to any part of the United Kingdom or any British Colony, or any foreign country to or from any places in British India, shall continue to be subject to the rates of Postage now chargeable on such letters and other articles. *But except in cases in which special Postage rates are chargeable under the provisions of Section 21 of the Post Office Act of 1866, or under any previous order of the Governor General of India in Council, Indian Inland Postage, according to the rates prescribed in that Act, shall be levied on all letters or other articles sent through the Post from or to any foreign country with which a Convention for the mutual collection of Indian and other Postage may not exist, and shall be chargeable in addition to any British or foreign Postage which may be paid or due.*

(Signed) E. C. BAYLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

"Inland Correspondence."—Tables of Postage Rates under the Indian Post Office Act of 1866.
Postage Rates on "Prepaid Letters."

If not exceeding in Weight	Postage.	Number of Rates.
One Quarter Tola	Six Pie	One Rate.
Half a Tola	One Anna	Two Rates.
One Tola	Two Annas	Three Rates.

For every half Tola in weight above one Tola an additional anna. Every *fraction of half a Tola* above one Tola will be charged as one additional half Tola.

Insufficiently Paid Letters will be charged with double the deficient postage. *Unpaid Letters* will be charged with double the prepaid rates.

The sum of one anna in addition is chargeable as Postage on letters conveyed by "*Ship*" not being Mail Ships or Steamers recognised as such by the Governor General of India in Council.

No. 2.

Postage Rates on prepaid "Newspapers," "Books," "Packets of Newspapers," and "Proof Sheets."

If not exceeding in weight	Postage.	Number of Rates.
Ten Tolas	One Anna	One Rate.
Twenty Tolas	Two Annas	Two Rates.

For every ten Tolas in weight above twenty Tolas one additional anna; every fraction of ten Tolas will be charged as ten (10) additional Tolas.

An extra or supplement to any paper bearing the *same date* as the Newspaper, and transmitted therewith *under the same cover*, will be deemed part of the Newspaper.

No newspapers shall be forwarded by Letter Post unless the postage thereof shall be fully prepaid by means of a proper stamp or stamps.

"*Proof Sheets*" marked as such may be sent by the Letter Post at the rates prescribed for Newspapers, provided "*the contents be correctly certified on the cover by the signature in full of the sender*;" otherwise the same will be charged with Postage at the rate which would be charged on an unstamped Letter of equal weight.

If the Postage chargeable on Books, Packets of Newspapers, &c., *be not prepaid* as above, it will be subject to Banghy rates of Postage, but if *partially prepaid* double the deficient postage will be charged.

No. 3.

Postage Rates on Inland Parcels.

For distances	Miles.	If not exceeding in weight									
		20 Tolas.	50 Tolas.	100 Tolas.	200 Tolas.	300 Tolas.	400 Tolas.	500 Tolas.	600 Tolas.		
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Not Exceeding	300	0 4	0 8	0 12	1 8	2 4	3 0	3 12	4 8		
Do. ..	600	0 8	1 0	1 8	3 0	4 8	6 0	7 8	9 0		
Do. ..	900	0 12	1 8	2 4	4 8	6 12	9 0	11 4	13 8		
Do. ..	1,200	1 0	2 0	3 0	6 0	9 0	12 0	15 0	18 0		
Above	1,200	1 4	2 8	3 12	7 8	11 4	15 0	18 12	22 8		

Not more than one Letter can be enclosed in a Banghy parcel, under a penalty not exceeding Rupees (50) fifty.

All book Packets and Parcels *not exceeding ten tolas* in weight sent through the Post Office should be conveyed by Letter Post, and *be charged with Letter Postage, unless specially directed to be sent by Banghy or Book Packet Post.*

No Parcel exceeding 2,000 Tolas in weight shall be received for despatch at any Post Office, and no Parcel exceeding 600 Tolas on any line of Road on which the Banghy Mails are carried by Foot Runners.

No. 4.

Ship Postage Rates on Parcels conveyed by means of Her Majesty's Indian Post by Sea.

If not exceeding	Postage.	Number of Rates.
20 Tolas	Two Annas	One Rate.
40 do.	Four do.	Two Rates.
100 do.	Eight do.	Four Rates.

and for every hundred Tolas in weight above one hundred (100) Tolas eight additional annas. Every fraction of one hundred (100) Tolas will be charged as 100 Tolas, and if such parcels, &c., be conveyed by Her Majesty's Indian Post, partly by land and partly by sea, Ship Postage will be charged in addition to Inland Banghy Postage.

Re-directed Postage.

Every Letter or other article re-directed at any Post Office, or forwarded by Post from any place to which it shall have been conveyed by Post, will be charged, in addition to all other Postage paid or due thereon, with the rate of Postage to which it would be liable if posted and prepaid by stamps at the place where it may be re-directed or from which it may be forwarded.

Delivery of Letters.—The delivery of letters being not only retarded, but rendered almost impossible in Bombay and large towns, owing to the imperfect form of address generally adopted, the Public at large are invited to assist the Post Office, when addressing Letters to any Municipal Town, by writing invariably the name of the Street and the number of the House, and informing their correspondents of the same, by heading their Letters inside accordingly.

2. Want of attention to these apparently trifling particulars, not only delays delivery by compelling the Letter Carriers to hunt over the whole length of a street for perhaps a single person, but it affords an excuse for non-delivery, and a temptation to the Letter Carriers to throw away or destroy the Letter, owing to the trouble imposed by the want of proper direction.

3. Besides this, it also places the Post Office Department entirely in the hands of Letter Carriers, upon whose experience of localities it becomes necessary to rely.

जाहीरखबर.

लखोटया वरील पत्ता बरोबर नसल्यामुळे पत्र पोहोचण्यास उशीर लागतो इतकंच नाही परंतु वहुत करून पाहाव-
ण्यास अशक्य असतात सर्व सर्वत्रांस असे कळविण्यांत येत की देशांतरावर पत्र पाठविणे असल्यास लखोटयावर ज्या गावांस
पाठविणे असेल त्या गावांतील रस्त्याचे नांव व घराचा नंबर ल्याहावा, ह्याच प्रमाणे आपले अडत्ये ज्या ठिकाणी असतील
त्यांस कळवावे की जेणेकरून तेही त्याच प्रमाणे पत्र पाठवितील.

वर सांगितल्या प्रमाणे पत्ता नसल्या कारणामुळे पत्र वाटणारा सिपाई यास सर्व गहोतून घरे धुंडावी लागतात व तेणे-
करून पत्र पोहोचण्यास उशीर होतो इतकंच नाही परंतु पत्र वाटणारा सिपाई यास पत्र न पोहोचल्या बदलची सबब सांग-
ण्यास फुरसत मिळती, आणि पत्ता बराबर नसल्या वरून त्यास जी मेहेनत पडती तेणेकरून तो ते पत्र काढून टाकण्यास
व टाकून देण्यास प्रवृत्त होतो.

या खेरीज पोस्ट ऑफिस ही पत्र वाटणारे सिपाई यांवर अवलंबून असते कारण त्यांस लोकांच्या ठिकाणाची पुरी मा-
हितगारी असती ह्याणून त्यांवर विश्वास ठेवणे जरूर पडते.

जुलै २५५२.

लज्जाठ उपरनू ठेकाळुं यशायर नही होतुं अमे मोठे कागल पुगवाने वार लागेछे. अथलुं नही पलु धळुं कडीने पोहोत्याउ-
वानेभी हळत पडे छे, रायभ राये सोडिने नहेर. क्रीधामां आवेछे के देशेदिरा कागल मोडलवाना होतुं तो लज्जाठ उपर
ने गामांमोडलवाना होतुं ते गामना रशतानु नांम तथा घेरनुं नंयर लज्जावे. अल परमाळे पाताना आउतीआतुं
ने ठेकाळुं होतुं तेम्होने उपर परमाळे लभी नलुवावुं के ते सोडुंमी तेन परमाळे कागल मोडलवे.

उपर कडेआ परमाळे ठेकाळुं यशायर नही होतुं रायभ कागल आपनार शीपाईने मोडलाआमां घेर शोधवा पडे
तेथी कागल आपनार शीपाईने पुगारतां वार लागेय अने मेहेनतना रायभथी तेम्हा कारलु जतवेछे, रायभ तेम्हा रशतामां-
झडी नायेय तथा नाभी दयेय.

अमे शीपाईने मोठे आशीरा पाताना कागल लधुनार शीपाई उपर तदन भरोशा रायभो पडेय रायभ तेम्होने सोडिना
घेरना ठेकाळुंनी यशायर अय्यर होतुं वेराते तेनी उपर वीरावारा रायभाने नर पडेछे.

Currency Notes.—Several instances having occurred of the abstraction of Currency Notes from Registered and Un-registered letters, the Director General of the Post Office desires to warn the public against sending entire Currency Notes in letters whether registered or unregistered.

2. This practice, which, notwithstanding the losses which have occurred, appears to be on the increase, not only risks the loss of the letter or its enclosures, but exposes to unnecessary temptation every person through whose hands it passes. Entire Currency Notes should never be sent by Post, if halved and despatched in registered letters on different dates, their safe arrival will generally be secured. But it must be remembered that the registration of a letter is no security against the abstraction of the contents, though it may ensure the delivery of the cover. To protect the contents of a Registered letter, it must be carefully and securely sealed, and not, as is too often the case, enclosed in a flimsy semi-transparent envelope closed with gum.

3. As one successful theft invariably leads to other attempts, the carelessness of one person, who by sending a Currency Note in an unregistered or imperfectly secured letter, has tempted a Post Office subordinate to crime, may cause not only the ruin of the person whom he has tempted, but may also lead indirectly to the organization of a system of robbery which, when once established, it is exceedingly difficult to defeat and punish.

Banghy Post.—The Post Office rule is subjoined regarding the closing of Banghy Parcels:—

"No Parcel shall be received for transmission by Banghy Post unless it be securely packed in cloth, or wax-cloth, or tin; and no such parcel, packed in cloth or wax-cloth shall be received unless seals bearing distinct impressions of some device (not that of a current coin) be fixed at intervals not exceeding three inches along the lines of sewing by which the cover is secured."

Official Franking.—From the 1st of August next, the authority to frank letters on Her Majesty's Service only, which was given to the Officers and others enumerated in the two Franking Lists, is withdrawn, and the following Rules for the payment and settlement of accounts of postage on official correspondence will be in force:—

Privileged Offices.

2. The Public Offices, enumerated in the annexed List, will be privileged to send and receive (without actual payment of postage) all letters and packets *bona fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service. The Post Office will keep an account of the Postage due on the official correspondence of each privileged office.

Official Covers despatched from a privileged Office.

3. Official covers despatched from a privileged Office must be properly tied up, faced, and enclosed in a bag sealed with the seal of the office.

4. Each cover must be endorsed, "On Her Majesty's Service only," under the full signature (autograph or stamp) of the Head Clerk, or some other principal Officer of the Establishment.

5. The address must include the official designation of the Office to which the cover is directed.

6. The bag, when made up, must be sent before the hour fixed by the Post Office for the closing of the Mails for which it is intended.

Official covers addressed to a privileged Office.

7. Official covers addressed to a privileged Office by any Office not included in the privileged List must be endorsed, "On Her Majesty's Service only," under the full signature and official designation of the person by whom they are despatched.

8. The address must include the official designation of the Office to which the cover is directed.

9. The official covers for each Office will be enclosed in the official bag, and sealed and sent out with the ordinary delivery, or given to the messenger of the Office, should one be in attendance.

Official covers not sent by, or addressed to, a privileged Office.

10. Official covers which are not sent by, or addressed to, a privileged Office, will be treated in all respects like private covers. Postage labels, marked with the word "Service," will be made available for the prepayment of such covers.

11. Service labels are never to be used in payment of the postage of any letter which is not *bona fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service. Every cover prepaid by service labels, must be endorsed, "On Her Majesty's Service only," under the full signature and official designation of the person by whom it is despatched. The address must also include the official designation of the Office to which it is directed. If the above conditions be not observed, covers (even though stamped with service labels) will be treated as ordinary unpaid covers.

12. Service labels will be procurable at the Treasury or local Stamp Depôt of each District; Officers requiring such labels will purchase the number required, paying for the same in cash as if they were ordinary postage labels. A receipt for the amount to be given by the Officer in charge of the Stamp Depôt, will serve as a voucher for the charge to be made in the Contingent Bill of the purchaser.

13. As the present supply of service labels is limited, no Public Officer should purchase more than he estimates will be sufficient for one month's supply; and it is to be remembered that service labels are not to be attached to letters addressed to, or despatched from, any privileged Office.

14. All officials who do not belong to privileged Offices, and who have official correspondence with other than privileged Offices, will have to make arrangements for supplying themselves with service labels either by direct purchase or through their departmental superiors.

Correspondence of local officials within the limits of their respective Districts.

15. For the present no change will be made in the arrangements under which the public correspondence of local officials is conveyed, within the limits of their respective Districts, by District Post or by General Post.

List of Public Offices with which the Post Office will keep accounts of Postage on official letters received and despatched, and for which official bags will be made up.

Names of Privileged Offices named in Government Notice No. 2957, dated the 20th July 1866.	Names of corresponding Public Offices in the Bombay Circle.
1. Accountant General or Deputy Accountant General, in a Presidency or Province.	1. Accountant General or Deputy Accountant General.
2. Accountant General, Public Works Department.	2.
3. Adjutant General and Assistant Adjutant General of Division.	3. Adjutant General and Assistant Adjutant General.
4. Army Clothing Superintendent	4. Army Clothing Superintendent.
5. Board of Revenue or Financial Commissioner.	5.
6. Brigade Major or Station Staff	6. Brigade Major or Station Staff.
7. Chief Commissioner and Personal Secretary.	7. Chief Commissioner and Personal Secretary to do.
8. Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department.	8.
9. Chief Inspector of Musketry	9. Chief Inspector of Musketry.
10. Commander-in-Chief and Military Secretary to ditto.	10. Commander-in-Chief and Military Secretary to Ditto.
11. Commissary General.	11. Commissary General.
12. Commissary of Ordnance	12. Commissary of Ordnance.
13. Commissioner of Division of Revenue and Settlement.	13. Commissioner of Revenue and Police.
14. Consulting Engineer.	14. Consulting Engineer.
15. Contoller General of Accounts	15.
16. Contoller General, Military Expenditure ..	16.
17. Contoller of Military Accounts	17. Contoller of Military Finance.
18. Contoller of Public Works Accounts	18. Contoller of Public Works Accounts.
19. Customs' Commissioner	19. Customs' Commissioner.
20. Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance ..	20. Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance.
21. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals ..	21. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals.
22. Director of Public Instruction	22. Director of Public Instruction.
23. Electric Telegraph Office	23. Electric Telegraph Office.
24. Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	24. Examiner of Commissariat, Barrack, and Clothing Accounts.
25. Examiner of Medical Accounts	25. Examiner of Medical Accounts.
26. Examiner of Ordnance, Barracks, Clothing, and Regimental necessaries Accounts.	26. Examiner of Ordnance.
27. Examiner, Pay Department	27. Examiner, Pay Department.
28. Financial Department, Secretary's Office ..	28. Secretary to Government, Revenue, Financial, General, and Separate Departments.
29. Foreign Department, ditto.	29. Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial, and Educational Departments.
30. Gazette, Official Superintendent	30. Gazette, Official Superintendent.
31. General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity.	31. General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity.
32. Geological Survey Superintendent	32. Geological Survey Superintendent.
33. Governor General and Governor, and Private or Military Secretary to ditto.	33. Governor General and Governor, and Private or Military Secretary to Ditto.
34. Home Department, Secretary's Office ..	34.
35. India Office, London	35. India Office, London.
36. Inspector General or Conservator of Forests.	36. Conservator of Forests.
37. Inspector General of Hospitals	37. Inspector General of Hospitals.
38. Inspector General of Jails	38. Inspector General of Prisons.
39. Inspector General of Ordnance	39. Inspector General of Ordnance.
40. Inspector General of Police	40.
41. Inspector General of Military Works	41.
42. Judge Advocate General	42. Judge Advocate General.
43. Legal Affairs Superintendent and Remembrancer.	43. Legal Affairs Remembrancer.
44. Lieutenant Governor and Private Secretary to ditto.	44. Lieutenant Governor and Private Secretary to Ditto.
45. Principal Medical Store-keeper	45. Principal Medical Storekeeper.
46. Military Accountant.	46. Military Accountant.
47. Military Department, Secretary's Office ..	47. Secretary to Government, Military, Marine, and Ecclesiastical Departments.
48. Mint Master, and Head Commissioner or Commissioner for the Issue of Paper Currency at the Presidency.	48. Mint Master.

Names of Privileged Offices named in Government Notice No. 2957, dated the 20th July 1866.	Names of corresponding Public Offices in the Bombay Circle.
49. Post Office 50. Presidency Pay Office 51. Principal Inspector General, Medical Dept. . . 52. Public Works Department, Secretary's Office. 53. Quarter Master General 54. Registrar to the Diocese 55. Registrar of High Court 56. Registrar General of Assurances 57. Resident and Political Agent 58. Secretariat of Local Government or Administration. 59. Secretary to Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces. 60. The Bishop 61. Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery .. 62. Superintending Engineer 63. Surveyor General 64. Superintendent Great Trigonometrical Survey. 65. Superintendent and Commissioner of Survey. 66. Superintendent General and Superintendent of Vaccine 67. Superintendent General and Chief Engineer of Irrigation.	49. Post Office. 50. Presidency Pay Office. 51. Principal Inspector General, Medical Dept. 52. Secretary to Government, P. W. Department. 53. Quarter Master General. 54. Registrar to the Diocese and Archdeacon. 55. Registrar of High Court. 56. Registrar General of Assurances. 57. Govr. Genl's Agent, Resident, & Pol. Agent. 58. Secretary of Local Govt. or Administration. 59. Secretary to Commander-in-Chief of H. M. Naval Forces. 60. The Bishop. 61. Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery. 62. Superintending Engineer. 63. 64. Supt. Great Trigonometrical Survey. 65. Supt. and Commissioner of Survey. 66. Superintendent of Vaccine. 67. Superintendent of Irrigation.

CIRCULAR.

No. 2226 of 1866.

To all Officers privileged to frank Official Letters.

SIR,—With reference to Section 9, marginally extracted, of the orders of the Government of India regarding Official Franking, I beg to acquaint you that delivery of your private correspondence at the Post Office window cannot be made except under the provision of the subjoined Postal Rules, Nos. 35 and 36, passed by the Governor General of India in Council on the 21st April 1866, under the provision of the Post Office Act.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

(Signed) C. A. STUART,

Post Master.

Bombay, General Post Office, dated 27th July 1866.

XXXV. Any person can rent a private box, and receive his letters &c., at the Post Office window who is willing to pay the appointed fee of twelve rupees per annum, to be paid in advance, and for a period of not less than a year. The same also are the terms for a private bag, except that in addition a charge will be made for the cost of the bag itself, and for conveyance,—the maximum of the latter being five rupees per annum if the bag be conveyed by a rural Messenger, and ten rupees if by a Contractor for a Mail Cart or other Horse Post. The weight of a private bag when empty is limited to one pound. No private bag shall be allowed without the permission of the Inspecting Post Master.

XXXVI. No person living within any town free delivery, or within the limits of a rural post free delivery, unless he rent a private box, can claim to have his letters delivered at the office window if a delivery by Letter Carrier or a despatch by Messenger is about to take place; but letters which arrive by a Mail, after which there is no *immediate delivery* by Letter Carrier or Messenger, may be obtained by any person on application at the office window *so long as the office is open for delivery*. But in order to prevent the additional trouble which is sometimes caused by letters being *directed to a Post Office*, although for persons residing within a free delivery from such office, but who have no private box, a Post Master is authorized, when such letters arrive by a Mail for which there is a delivery from house to house, to refuse to deliver them at the window (even though initials may be substituted for the name), and to send them out by the Letter Carriers.

CIRCULAR.

TO ALL OFFICIALS, CIVIL, MILITARY, &c.

Instances having been brought to notice of Service Labels having been affixed to Official Covers, addressed to privileged Officials, the attention of all Government Officials is drawn to the Government of India's Notice No. 567, dated 4th May 1866, published in the *Government Gazette*, and to the Extracts in margin.* No public letters to privileged Offices from all classes of Officials should be stamped with Service Labels.

* 2. The Public Offices enumerated in the annexed List, will be privileged to send and receive (without actual payment of postage) all letters and packets *bonâ fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service

N.B.—It is to be understood that all Official Letters to and from Offices in the privileged List, are to pass free, i. e. unstamped, subject to the conditions laid down in the above resolution.

Official Franking.—As the obligation to receive official letters by public officers seems to be misunderstood, the orders of the Supreme and local Governments are published for general information :—

Extract from a Resolution of the Supreme Government in the Home Department, dated 13th July 1855.

" 6. His Honour in Council concurs with the Director General in this view of the case, and resolves accordingly that no further relaxation of the Rule be allowed, and that postage due on covers addressed to all other officers,* *bonâ fide* on the Public Service, be paid as heretofore in cash and charged in Contingent Bills."

* All officers, except Secretaries to Government, Private Secretaries to Governors or Lieutenant Governors.

Extract from the Bombay Government Order, dated 17th March 1858.

"It having been brought to the notice of Government, that the Postal Rules regarding the irregular franking of official letters, their receipt by the addresses, and the recovery of postage thereon, have not been properly understood by public officers, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish, for general guidance, the following directions on the subject :—

B. Any letter improperly franked, that is franked by persons not authorized to do so by the Government of India, or not in the prescribed form, will be treated by the Post Office as an unpaid letter, and sent bearing Postage."

By order of the Post Master General,

C. A. STUART,

Post Master.

Bombay, Post Master General's Office, 29th November 1866.

RULES FOR THE CUSTODY, DISTRIBUTION, AND SALE OF POSTAGE STAMP LABELS.

Sanctioned by the Government of India.

1. The Stamp Office in Calcutta, under the Superintendent of Stamps, shall be the Central Depôt for the distribution of Postage Stamps throughout India.

2. Supplies of Postage Stamps for the Madras Presidency, including Mysore and the Post Offices subordinate to Madras in the Nizam's Territory, shall be supplied on the Indent of the Superintendent of Stamps at Madras.

3. Supplies of Postage Stamps for the Presidency of Bombay, including Scinde, Berar, the Nagpore Territory, and Post Offices subordinate to Bombay in the Nizam's Territory, Baroda, and the Southern Mahratta States, shall be supplied on the Indent of the Officer in charge of the distribution of the Judicial Stamps at Bombay.

4. Stamps for the Bengal Presidency, including the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, the Saurgor Territories, Bundelcund, Gwalior, Malwa, Rajpootana, Pegu, Assam, the Tenasserim Provinces, and the Straits Settlements, shall be supplied by the Superintendent of Stamps in Calcutta, on the Indent of the Officers in charge of local Depôts.

5. The Officers in charge of the Central Depôts at Madras and Bombay shall, whenever it is practicable, keep in hand a supply of Postage Labels sufficient for the estimated den and for four months of the several local Depôts supplied by them, and shall Indent* on

* Form 1.

Calcutta, whenever the Stamps in hand are fewer than have been expended during the preceding five months.

6. Every Treasury throughout India, including those attached to Political, Customs, and Salt Agencies, shall be a local Depôt for the sale of Postage Stamps of the value of not less than five Rupees of Labels at one time; provided that the quantity sold shall not include less than One Rupee's worth of any particular value of Stamps. At any station at which there is a Collector of Land Revenue, neither a Salt Agent nor Collector of Customs shall be entrusted with the custody and sale of Postage Stamps.

7. A supply equal to the probable consumption for two months of the District attached to each local Depôt shall be kept in each, and as soon as the number in store has fallen below the number expended during the preceding three months, the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Depôt shall Indent* on the Central Depôt of his Presidency for a number equal to the consumption of the last three months for which accounts have been rendered to the Central Depôt of

* Form 2.

the Presidency. If by any accident the stock of Stamps of any value should run short before the receipt of a fresh supply from the Central Depôt, the Officer in charge of the Treasury will indent on neighbouring Districts for a quantity sufficient to meet the demand, which may be supplied or not according to the discretion and on the responsibility of the Officer indented on, with reference to the wants of his own District. It will be the duty of the Superintendent of Stamps of the Presidency to report to the Director General of the Post Office, for the orders of Government, every occasion on which it may appear from the Monthly Statement, or otherwise, that the store of Stamps of any particular value in any District has fallen below the authorized amount.

8. A supply of Stamps for sale, by retail, shall be kept available at every Post Office, Receiving Houses, Tehsildaree, Thanna, and every Police Station at which letters are received for despatch, and with every licensed Stamp Vendor; and it shall be the duty of the Officer, to whom the person in charge of any of the abovenamed places is subordinate, to take steps to ensure that the supply kept on hand is at all times equal to at least one week's demand.

9. No account current of Postage Stamps shall be kept at any subordinate Depôt. Stamps will be issued on credit from a Presidency Stamp Office to Officers in charge of Treasuries, but those Officers, when selling the Stamps to Post Masters and other vendors for distribution to the public, will invariably require cash on delivery. All Officers of Government, whether employed in the Post Office or otherwise, who are required to vend Postage Labels, may be allowed discount at the rate of one anna in the Rupee, provided that the Labels supplied to any such Officer at one time be of the value of not less than Five Rupees. All other persons, including Officers of Government, who are not required to sell Stamps, will only be allowed discount at the present rate of half an anna in the Rupee.

10. The bulk of Postage Stamps in store at any local Depôt, shall be kept in parcels containing a known number of sheets, in the Treasury or other secure place, in one or more strong chests or presses under double locks; the key of one lock of each chest or press always remaining in the hands of the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Stamps, and the key of the other in the hands of the Treasurer.

11. The remainder of the Stamps in store shall be in the hands of the Treasurer, and shall not exceed the probable demand of fourteen days, estimated according to the average of former sales.

12. The Treasurer shall keep a Day Book of Receipts and Issues* in the Vernacular of the District, in which the transactions of each succeeding day shall be entered consecutively, a balance being struck at the close of each day, and attested by the initials of the Officer in charge of the Treasury.

* Form 6.

13. On the first open day of each month, and on every Monday during the month, the Treasurer shall prepare in the Vernacular, and submit to the Officer in charge of the Postage Stamps, an Indent* for a supply of Postage Stamps for the following week. The Indent, after

* Form 7.

being approved or altered by the Officer in charge of the Postage Stamps, shall be signed by him and complied with as directed in the following rule. The Indent thus signed shall be the warrant for the issue of the Stamps.

14. The Officer in charge of the Postage Stamps shall cause the store under double locks to be opened and the required number to be counted and delivered to the Treasurer in his presence. A Store Book* shall be kept in English, in which the number and value

of the Stamps delivered to the Treasurer shall be entered, and a balance struck at the time of delivery. This balance will be attested by the initials of the Officer in charge and of the Treasurer, both of whom shall invariably be present during the whole time that the store under double locks, or any part of it, remains open. The deliveries shown in the Store Book will agree with the Indent as approved.

15. If the Treasurer require Stamps at any intermediate time, the same process will be observed as is prescribed in the two preceding rules.

16. Stamps will be supplied from the store under double locks only to the Treasurer and on Indent from him; all sales must be made from the supply in the hands of that Officer.

17. As soon as possible after the arrival of a despatch of Postage Stamps from a Stamp Office or from any other District, the Packets or boxes are to be opened one at a time in the presence of the Officer in charge of Stamps. The Stamps contained in each box or

* Form 3.

† Form 4.

packet are then to be immediately counted and compared with the Invoice,* and a Receipt† forwarded by the first Post to the Depot whence they were despatched. Unless the Officer in charge of the Stamps can certify that the Stamps contained in any given packet or box were immediately counted by himself personally, or in his presence, he will be held responsible for the value of any that may be found deficient. The Stamps are then to be placed in the store under double locks and entered in the store books, and no Stamps are to be delivered to the Treasurer or sold to any party without being first brought into store.

18. Officers in charge of Stamps will have the Stamps in Store, both those under double locks and those in the hands of the Treasurer, counted in their presence on the last open days of October and April, in each official year, and will certify having done so in the following terms at the foot of the Monthly Abstract Account of Receipts and Sales for three months furnished to the Superintendent of Stamps:—

“I do hereby certify that I have personally counted the Postage Stamps in store on 18, the actual value of which is Rupees (here enter the amount in words and figures); and that the Rules prescribed by the order of the Government of India, dated , are duly observed.”

19. On occasions of transfer of charge, Postage Stamps will be made over in the same manner, and under the same precautions, as the Cash Balance in the Treasury.

20. The Officer in charge of each local Depot will submit on the 2nd of each month an account* to the Superintendent of Stamps of his Presidency, showing the balance in hand at the close of the preceding month, and the sales effected during that month.

* Form 5.

21. The Superintendent of Stamps of each Presidency will, on the 15th of each month, in addition to any account required by the Accountant, furnish the Director General of the Post Office with a Memorandum* showing the number of Stamps distributed by

* Form 9.

him during the preceding month; and at the close of each quarter he will furnish an Abstract Memorandum† showing the number and value of Stamps in hand, and the total amount of the actual sales of all the local Depots supplied by him.

† Form 10.

H. B. RIDDELL,

Director General of the Post Office of India.

Simla, the 29th September 1866.

FORM 1.

Indent of Postage Stamps required for the District of

DESCRIPTION.	Number of Sheets in Stores.		Number of Sheets sold in preceding 3 Months.		Number of Sheets Indented for.		Amount in Rupees.		
	Sheets.	Labels.	Sheets.	Labels.	Sheets.	Labels.			
1 Anna									
1 Anna									
2 Annas									
4 Annas									
6 Annas									
8 Annas									
1 Anna Note Paper									
1 Anna Envelopes									
1 Anna Envelopes									
Total.....Rupees									

FORM 2.
POSTAGE STAMPS INDENT.

Dated 186 .

I request that the undermentioned Postage Stamps may be sent to me:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DESCRIPTION.	Number in Sudder and Sub-Divisional Treasuries on date of Indent.	Number sold in the last three months, for which accounts have been furnished.	Number sold in the last three months, for which accounts have been furnished in sheets and lables.	Number indented for in reams or sheets.	Explanation of any difference between columns 3 and 5.	Number passed by Superintendent.	DESCRIPTION.	TOTAL VALUE.
Half anna note paper Stamp 480=1 Ream.	Labels.	Labels.	Reams. Sheets.	Reams. Sheets.			Half anna note paper Stamp 480=1 Ream.	
" " Envelope 480= "							" " Envelope 480= "	
One anna " 480= "			Labels. Sheets.	Labels. Sheets.			One anna " 480= "	
Half anna Postage 320=1 Sheet.							Half anna Postage 320=1 Sheet.	
Eight pie " 320= "							Eight pie " 320= "	
One anna " 320= "							One anna " 320= "	
Two " " 320= "							Two " " 320= "	
Four " " 320= "							Four " " 320= "	
Six " " 320= "							Six " " 320= "	
Eight " " 320= "							Eight " " 320= "	
							Total Rs....	

FORM 3.

POSTAGE STAMPS.

INVOICE—.

Stamp Office, the 12th day of June 1854.

Consigned to the Collector of Belgaum.

NUMBER OF SHEETS.	NUMBER OF SHEETS.						$\frac{1}{2}$ Anna Note Paper.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Anna - Enve- lopes.	1 Anna Enve- lopes.	TOTAL VALUE.
	$\frac{1}{2}$ Anna.	1 Anna.	2 Annas.	4 Annas.	6 Annas.	8 Annas.				

I acknowledge to have received the above on the 15th July 1854.

(Signed) A. B. SMITH,
Collector.

N.B.—This Invoice must be signed and returned by Post immediately.

FORM 4.

POSTAGE STAMPS.

RECEIPT.

Stamps forwarded from Bombay on the 12th day of June 1854.

Dated Belgaum, 15th July 1854.

I acknowledge to have received the Stamps described in the accompanying Invoice, the total value of
 which amounts to Rupees (six hundred) 600 0 0

BELGAUM. }
 the 15th July 1854. }

(Signed) A. B. SMITH.,
Collector.

N.B.—As soon as the Stamps arrive, they are to be compared with the Invoice. This Receipt is to be signed and returned immediately.

FORM 5.

Account of Sales and Stock of Postage Stamps at

for the month of

18

	$\frac{1}{2}$ Anna Labels.	1 Anna Labels.	2 Anna Labels.	4 Anna Labels.	6 Anna Labels.	8 Anna Labels.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Anna Note Paper.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Anna Enve- lopes.	1 Anna Enve- lopes.	VALUE.		
										Rs.	a.	p.
Stock on hand at the close of last month												
Received from Superinten- dent of Stamps during the month												
Ditto from												
TOTAL ..												
Sold in this month												
Issued to the												
TOTAL ..												
Balance viz.,												
Stock on hand												
Inefficient.												
Advanced to												
TOTAL ..												

Memorandum.

	R.	a.	p.
Sold this month			
Discount allowed			
Net amount credited in Cash Account.. ..			

FORM 6.

POSTAGE STAMPS.

RECEIPTS.

Treasurer's Daily Account.

SALES.

[illegible]

for the

[illegible]

FORM 10.

POSTAGE STAMPS.

*Account of Sales and Stock in the Presidency of
for the quarter ending*

[illegible]