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NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1831.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council having sanctioned the publication of a weekly paper to be styled the "BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE," notice is hereby given, that after this day all advertisements and other public papers of the Government will be printed in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE only: and all orders or other public notices appearing in that paper, under the signature of the Secretaries, or other public officers of the Government, are hereby ordered and directed to be conformed to and obeyed accordingly.

Bombay Castle, 18th January 1832.

When official notifications from the Government are inserted in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, no communication on the same subject will be made in writing to any department concerned; but all public officers are required to take notice of such official notifications in the same manner as if they had been directly communicated to them by letter from the Secretary's office, and as heads of offices alone will be furnished by Government with the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, they will be expected to communicate to their subordinate officers all orders which may in any manner concern them.

The Bombay Government Gazettes furnished by Government to public offices are to be lodged with the records, and are not to be removed from the office.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN BAX, Secy. to Govt.

NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Byculla.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Verbal Tenders for the exclusive privilege of selling Arrack and Country Liquor to the Troops and Followers at this Station, for the period of (12) twelve months, from the 1st of May 1852 to the 30th of April 1853, will be received at the Superintendent of Bazaars' Office, Dapoolie, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the 2nd April 1852.

2. Sealed Tenders for the privilege above-named will also be received at the Commissary General's Office at Bombay, on the day and hour above mentioned, after which no Tenders will be received.

3. The Troops and Followers of this Cantonment are as follows:—

Strength.

A Detail of the Native Veteran Battalion.. 206
Residents of Camp and Bazaars of Dapoolie. 4,111

4. No person will be allowed to bid or tender for the Contract unless he deposits with his offer the sum of Company's Rupees 300 (three hundred), which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, and two unexceptionable Securities will also be required from the bidders to guarantee the fulfillment of the terms of the Contract.

5. The amount to be paid by the Liquor Contractor shall not be increased nor decreased as Troops arrive in or depart from the Cantonment, except in cases where the strength of such Troops exceeds one-fourth the number of Men of the Battalion stationed at the time of concluding the Contract.

6. No Liquor will on any account be allowed to be sold to any European Soldiers, or Eu-

ropeans, without a written pass, bearing the signature of the Superintendent of Bazaars.

7. The conditions of the Contract shall not be considered binding or in force in any respect until the same be confirmed by the superior Authority.

8. The person whose Tender may be accepted will be required, ere entering on the performing of his Contract, to deposit the amount of one month's stipulated payment as his personal Security for the due execution of his Agreement.

9. Further particulars relative to the Contract will be made known on application at the Office of the Superintendent of Bazaars at Dapoolie, and that of the Commissary General of the Army at Bombay, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted).

10. No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

S. C. BALDWIN, Captain,
Superintendent of Bazaars.

Superintendent of Bazaars' Office,
Dapoolie, 25th February 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that persons desirous of entering into a Contract with this Department for the supply of Drugs and Country Medicines, for the term of one year from the date of the acceptance of the offer, may, on application at this Office, from 10 A. M. till 5 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a List of Prices, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

Verbal Offers for the Contract will be received at this Office on Tuesday, the 30th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M., when persons will be required to bid

a per-centage above or below the prices exhibited in the above-mentioned List, on the understanding that the articles to be supplied under this Contract are to be of unexceptionable quality, according to musters which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the Indenting Departments in good condition, free of all further expenses, in such number or quantity as may from time to time be demanded; and the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers appointed on the part of Government.

The person or persons whose offer may be accepted will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the above-mentioned List, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them, in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers as aforesaid, the Drugs and Country Medicines, or such other articles as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his or their risk and cost; and in all such cases an advance of Rs. (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, will be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may in all such cases be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No person will be allowed to bid for the Contract unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Rupees (1,075) one thousand and seventy-five in cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, should his offer be accepted, in which latter case he must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded Security to the extent of Rupees (4301) four thousand three hundred and one, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood, that Bills for the quantities of the articles included in the above-mentioned List supplied, shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable. The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills preferred for payment by the Contractor; but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The parties who, after offering for the Contract, fail to furnish the necessary security, will be interdicted from bidding on future occasions, unless they can produce a Certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand security for the due performance of the Contract.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees (21,509) twenty-one thousand five hundred and nine, or thereabouts. All further particulars will be communicated on application at this Office, or at the time of bidding, and no

reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

Particular notice is given, that the above Sale will take place on the date stated, at 2 o'clock p. m. precisely, and that any person attending after that hour will not be allowed to bid.

E. WHICHELO, Major,
Deputy Commissary General.
Bombay, Deputy Comm'y. Genl.'s Office,
10th March 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office on Friday the 19th instant, precisely at 2 o'clock p. m. (any delivered after that hour will be rejected,) from such persons as are desirous of entering into a Contract with this Department for supplying Provisions, Teas, &c. to the European Troops, Commissariat Department, Indian Naval Department, House of Correction, and County Gaol, and for such other purposes as may from time to time be required by the Commissariat Department, for the service of Government, for the term of one year from the 1st day of April next.

All persons desirous of tendering for the Contract may, on application at this Office from 11 a. m. till 5 p. m. daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a List of the rates, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

The Tenders must specify, both in words and figures, the rates per cent. above or below the prices in the list above adverted to at which they will undertake to furnish the articles therein embraced, of unexceptionable quality, according to Musters, which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the Indenting Departments in good condition, free of all further expenses, in such number or quantity as may from time to time be demanded; and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers, appointed on the part of Government.

The party or parties whose Tender may be accepted will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the above-mentioned List, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them, in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the Provisions, Teas, &c. or such others as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his or their risk and cost, &c. in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, will be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may in all such cases be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No Tenders for the Contract in question will be received unless accompanied by a cash deposit of Rupees (4700) four thousand and seven hundred, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract; should any Tender be accepted, the Tenderers must be prepared to give unexception-

able bonded Security to the extent of Rupees (18,802), eighteen thousand eight hundred and two, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood, that the Bills for the quantities of the articles included in the above-mentioned List supplied shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board from the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills presented for payment by the Contractor, but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The parties who, after tendering for the Contract fail to furnish the necessary security, will be interdicted from tendering on future occasions, unless they can produce a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand security for the due performance of the Contract.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees 94,012, or thereabouts.

All further particulars will be communicated on the receipt and opening of the Tenders, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.

E. WHICHELO, Major,
Deputy Commissary General.

Bombay, *Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,*
10th March 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, on Friday the 26th instant, precisely at 2 o'clock p. m. (any delivered after that hour will be rejected,) from such persons as are desirous of entering into a Contract for supplying Europe Cloths to this Department, for the term of One Year from the date of the acceptance of the Tender.

All persons desirous of tendering for the Contract may, on application at this Office, from 11 a. m. till 5 p. m. daily, (Sundays excepted) obtain a List of the articles, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

The Tenders must specify, both in words and figures, the rates per cent. above or below the prices in the List above adverted to, at which they will undertake to furnish the articles therein embraced, of unexceptionable quality, according to musters which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the Indenting Departments in good condition, free of all further expenses, in such number or quantity as may from time to time be demanded, and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers appointed on the part of Government.

The party or parties whose Tender may be accepted will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the above-mentioned List, and will meet other demands

of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them, in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the articles of Europe Cloths, or such others as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his or their risk and cost; and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, will be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may in all such cases be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No Tenders for the Contract in question will be received unless accompanied by a cash deposit of Rupees (247) two hundred and forty-seven, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract. Should any Tender be accepted, the Tenderers must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded Security to the extent of Rupees (988) nine hundred and eighty-eight, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood that Bills for the quantities of the articles included in the above-mentioned List supplied shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board from the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills presented for payment by the Contractor, but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The parties who, after tendering for the Contract, fail to furnish the necessary Security, will be interdicted from tendering on future occasions, unless they can produce a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand Security for the due performance of the Contract.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees 4,944, or thereabouts.

All further particulars will be communicated on the receipt and opening of the Tenders, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.

E. WHICHELO, Major,
Deputy Commissary General.

Bombay, *Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,*
10th March 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that two hundred and seventy-five (275) Packages of Dates, intended for shipment on board the Barque "Chinsurah," for Penang, are now lying unclaimed on the Musjeed Bunder, and that if they are not claimed within one month from this date, they will be sold by Public Auction.

A. D. ROBERTSON,
Deputy Collector of Customs.

Bombay, *Custom House,*
25th February 1852.

जुडेर नामा

जुडेरुने पीनांग नोकलवायार वांडांशु
नांने अनशुरा जपर मजुरनां वांडाडीयां
२७५ यशाने पंयितेर जुडडा११वातो धरादे
डतो ते वांडाडीयां डाल दवाे करा पगर न
शुधे यंदर जपर पडेलां छे नाटे आननी
तारी मथी अेक मडीनानी अंदर कोठे दवाे
नडी करशे तो ते जुडेर डीलांग करीने वेअ
वानां यापशे *

नीशांणी.

आरसीयालड. डेवीड. रायरेटयंग,
कशटंननो डीपुटी कलेकटर *

तारी मर ५ मी नाडे शेरपरवारी सुंने १८५२
धेशपी सुकांन सुयधे नांडपी *

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहिर नामा

रेशजे पीन्यांग येथे पाडविण्याकरितां गलवत वनाम चीनसु
रा बाजवर खजुराचे ठेले २०५ अक्षरी दोनशें पंथाहानर चड
विण्याचा हरादा वाना ते ठेले हासो दावा कोखावाचुन मसोद
बंदर येथे पडले आचेत त्यास आजचे तारिखे पासुन एक मांज
न्याचे आंत कोणी दावा न केला तर ते जाहिर लेलांव करुन
विकले जातोल.

निमाणी

आर्चीबाल्ड. डेवीड. रायरेटयंग

कशमचे डेपुटी कालेकटर

तारिख १५ माचे फेब्रीवारी सन १८५२ इसवी
सुकाम सुवई मांडवी.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

PROCLAMATION.

BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Pre-
cept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and
give notice, that the Sessions of Oyer and Termi-
ner, and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden
before the Supreme Court of Judicature at Bom-
bay, at the Court House, on Thursday the 18th of
March instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon,
for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other
Felonies, Perjuries, Trespasses, and other Crimes
and Misdemeanors, had, done, or committed with-
in the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits
thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto;
and also to inquire, hear, and determine in like
manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forge-
ries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemean-
ors, Trespasses, Wrongs, Oppressions, had,
done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's
British Subjects in any of the Territories which now
are subject to, or dependent upon, the said Gov-
ernment of Bombay, or within any of the Domi-
nions of the Native Princes of India in alliance
with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will
be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of
all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Tres-
passes, Misdemeanors, and other Crimes and
Offences, had, done, perpetrated, or committed
on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound
to prosecute and give evidence at the above
Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that
they are to attend at the time and place above
mentioned, and not to depart without leave of the
Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the
Peace, Coroners, Escheators, and also all Chief
Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of
Bombay, and the Limits thereof, that they be then
and there in their own persons, with their Rolls,
Records, Indictments, and other Remembrances,
to do those things which to their offices in that be-
half appertain to be done.—Dated this 1st day of
March 1852, and in the Fifteenth year of the
Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

J. L. JOHNSON, Sheriff.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be re-
ceived by the Deputy Commissary General, for
the conveyance to Calcutta and Madras of the fol-
lowing Military Stores:—

2 (Two) Barrels, containing Experimental Gun-
powder, the Tonnage of which (calculated by
measurement at 50 Feet per Ton) is about 5
Feet and 5.76 Inches, less or more, consigned to
the Principal Commissary of Ordnance at Cal-
cutta.

10 (Ten) Barrels, containing Gunpowder, the Ton-
nage of which is about 41 Feet and 4.32 In-
ches, less or more, consigned to the Principal
Commissary of Ordnance at Calcutta.

10 (Ten) Barrels, containing Gunpowder, the Ton-
nage of which is about 41 Feet and 4.32 Inches,
less or more, consigned to the Principal Com-
missary of Ordnance at Madras.

2 (Two) Boxes of Medicine, consigned to the
Medical Storekeeper at Fort George, No. 1—
weighing gross 93 lbs., and No. 2, 92 lbs.

Further particulars may be learnt on applica-
tion at this Office, daily, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., Sun-
days excepted.

E. WHICHELO, Major,
Deputy Commissary General.

Bombay, Depy. Commy. Genl's Office,
9th March 1852.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,

LEGISLATIVE,
the 13th February 1852.

The following Act, passed by the Governor
General of India in Council on the 13th February
1852, is hereby promulgated for general informa-
tion:

ACT No. XI. OF 1852.

An Act for the Adjudication of Titles to certain
Estates claimed to be wholly or partially Rent-
free in the Presidency of Bombay.

Whereas in the Territories of the Deccan,
Kandeish, and Southern Mahratta Country, and
in other districts more recently annexed to the
Bombay Presidency, claims against Government
on account of Inams and other Estates wholly
or partially exempt from payment of Land Re-
venue are excepted from the cognizance of the
ordinary Civil Courts, and incapable of being
justly disposed of under the Rules for the deter-

mination of Titles, and the Rules of Procedure contained in Chapters IX. and X. of Regulation XVII. of 1827 of the Bombay Code and their Supplements; and whereas it is desirable that the said claims should be tried and determined without further delay, it is declared and enacted as follows:—

I. The Rules in Chapters IX. and X. of Regulation XVII. of 1827, and in Clause 1 of Regulation VI. of 1833 of the Bombay Code, do not apply to any of the Districts of the Bombay Presidency which were not brought under the General Regulations of Government by Regulation XXVIII. of 1827 of the Bombay Code; and no order hitherto passed regarding the continuance or resumption of lands in any of the said Districts held or claimed from Government as wholly or partially free of assessment, shall be liable to be questioned in any Court of Law, on the grounds of any interpretation or construction of the law, which may be inconsistent with the declarations made and the Rules prescribed by this enactment.

II. The Governor of Bombay in Council may appoint in any Zillah or other division of the Territories subject to the Presidency of Bombay, which were not brought under the General Regulations of Government by the said Regulation XXVIII. of 1827, an Inam Commissioner, with so many Assistants, and such subordinate Establishment, as may be necessary for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

III. The duties of each Inam Commissioner and his Assistants shall be discharged according to the Rules in Schedule (A) annexed to this Act.

IV. In the adjudication of claims to exempt lands or interests therein, the titles of claimants shall be determined by the Rules in Schedule (B) annexed to this Act.

V. Each Inam Commissioner and his Assistants shall have the same authority to procure the attendance of witnesses, and to take evidence, as now is, or from time to time may be, by law vested in the ordinary Civil Courts; and so far as concerns the penalties for not giving evidence for false testimony, for resistance of process, contempts, and other like matters, connected with cases under cognizance by any one of the said Officers, his Office shall be held to be a Court of Civil Jurisdiction of the same authority as the superior Civil Court of the Zillah or District in which his Office from time to time shall be established. Provided that all complaints against, or appeals from the proceedings of the Inam Commissioner, or any of his Assistants, in exercise of the authority conferred on them respectively by this Section, shall be made under the second Rule of Schedule (A) annexed to this Act, and shall not be cognizable by any other authority, or in any other manner, than as therein specified.

VI. Bribery, extortion, and generally all acts of abuse, or misapplication of authority, or other misconduct, committed by any Officer belonging to the Establishment of the Inam Commission, or temporarily employed therein under the provisions of this enactment, shall be punishable as criminal offences, with fine and ordinary imprisonment, without labour, for a period not exceeding five years, and the receipt of a present, directly or indirectly, by any such Officer from any person against whom or in whose behalf he may be officially employed, shall be considered extortion. And no penalty or punishment adjudicated under

this clause shall preclude any other Civil prosecution to which the offender may be liable.

VII. No decision or order of the Inam Commissioner, or of any of his Assistants, or of the Governor in Council under the provisions of this enactment, so long as the same shall be in force under such provisions, shall be questioned or avoided in any Court of Law; and no Commissioner, or Assistant Commissioner, or other person acting under the provisions of this Act, shall be liable to be sued in any Civil Court for any act *bonâ fide* done, or ordered to be done, by him in pursuance of the said provisions.

SCHEDULE A.

Rules for defining the Duties of each Inam Commissioner, and his Assistants.

1. The duty of the Inam Commissioner and his Assistants shall be to investigate, in the manner prescribed by this enactment, the titles of persons holding or claiming against Government the possession or enjoyment of Inams, or Jagheers, or any interest therein, or claiming exemption from the payment of Land Revenue, and generally to act according to the instructions of Government in all matters not specifically provided for in this enactment.

2. All orders of the Assistant Commissioners shall be appealable to the Inam Commissioner, who shall also have the authority of revising and of modifying, reversing or annulling, if necessary, their orders and proceedings; and the orders and proceedings of the Inam Commissioner shall be in like manner appealable to, and subject to modification, reversal, or annulment by the Governor of Bombay in Council, whose order shall in every case be final.

3. The Inam Commissioner or his Assistants shall receive from the persons holding or claiming to hold lands or any interest therein exempt from the payment of Revenue, statements explaining the nature of the title by which the lands or interests are so held, and shall take and record the evidence offered in support of such statements.

4. These statements may be received, either directly by the Officers of the Inam Commission, or through the medium of the Revenue Authority of the Talooka in which the land or interest so held or claimed as exempt is situated, or in which the alleged proprietor resides, without any previous procedure, except a general invitation to such landholders of the District who shall hold or claim to hold lands exempt as aforesaid, to state the nature of their titles.

5. But when such general invitation is not sufficiently attended to, a notice may be issued to any party holding or claiming to hold any lands or any interest therein wholly or partially exempt as aforesaid, requiring him personally, or by his Agent, to show his title. The notice issued in such cases shall state the nature of the investigation which is intended, and shall call upon the alleged proprietor of the exempt lands or interest held or claimed to be held exempt as aforesaid, to attend, either personally or by an authorized Agent, at a specified place, and within a specified period (which shall never be less than two months from the date of the notice being served), to explain the nature of his title to hold such lands or interest exempt as aforesaid, and to produce all the evidence forthcoming to prove it. The notice shall further explain that a failure to comply with its terms will render the

land or interest to which it relates liable to attachment.

6. The notice shall be served upon the party holding or claiming to hold the land or interest exempt as aforesaid, or, if his place of residence be not known, upon the person acting for him, or, in default of such, upon the person in charge of the land or interest.

7. If such persons cannot be found, a notice shall be posted in the Office of the Native Revenue Officer of the District, and in the Chouree, or most public place of the village, where the land or interest under inquiry is situated, calling on any person who may claim as proprietor, to appear, either personally or by his Agent, to prove his title within six months from the date of the notice, under penalty of the attachment of the land or interest, and on failure of the appearance of a claimant, the land or interest shall be liable to attachment.

8. The attachment provided for by Rules 5 and 7 shall be enforced by the Collector or Chief Revenue Authority of the District, in which the land to which it relates is situated, at the written requisition of the Inam Commissioner, or his Assistant, which shall be a sufficient warrant to the Collector for the attachment of the land, and for the collection of the rents accruing therefrom on account of Government during its attachment.

9. As soon as possible after the receipt of the statements in each District, and of the evidence by which they are supported, they shall be tested by the entries in the Government accounts and State records, and by any other evidence procurable, whether in favour of Government or of the claimants, and decisions shall then be passed on them as to the continuance, resumption, or full or partial assessment of the lands.

10. In cases where the notices provided for in Sections 5 and 7 fail to procure the attendance of the persons to whom they are addressed, and no claimant appears to prosecute his claim, the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner shall proceed to ascertain the facts of the case from such evidence as may be forthcoming or procurable, and shall pronounce such decision thereupon as to him shall seem just regarding the lands or interests to which the notices referred.

11. An attachment enforced under Rule 8 shall be removed by the Collector or Chief Revenue Authority by whom it was made, on receipt of a communication from the Inam Commissioner or his Assistant, certifying that he considers the attachment to be no longer necessary; but the rents collected from the land during its attachment shall in no case be restored to the alleged proprietor, except under the general or special instructions of Government.

12. Certified copies of decisions made according to the provisions of Rule 9 shall be delivered, as soon as possible after each decision is passed, to the persons on whose claims the decisions shall have been pronounced, or their agents; and copies of all decisions made in the absence of any claimant, according to the provisions of Rule 10, shall be sent to the Mamildar, or other Revenue manager of the Talook in which the lands to which they relate are situated, who shall deliver them to the parties affected by them, should they be discoverable, or otherwise cause them to be publicly posted in the village to which the lands in question belong.

13. Decisions, affecting any lands, or any interests therein, passed under this enactment, shall be carried into execution by the Collector or Chief Revenue Authority of the District in which the lands to which they relate are situated, at the requisition of the Inam Commissioner, or his Assistant, in any manner which may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Governor of Bombay in Council.

14. In all cases where a person may be desirous of appealing against any decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants, he shall apply by a petition, addressed to the authority by whom, according to Rule 2, his appeal is cognizable, which petition shall be presented to such authority within one hundred days from the date of the decree appealed against, a copy of which must accompany the petition of appeal, and no appeal which is not so made shall be admitted, without proof of the existence of a just and necessary cause for its not having been preferred in due time; and it is hereby provided, that no decree passed by the Inam Commissioner, or any of his Assistants, shall be liable to be set aside for want of form in the proceedings, but only for matters affecting the justice of the decision.

SCHEDULE B.

Rules for the adjudication of Titles to Estates claimed as Inam, or exempt from payment of Land Revenue.

1. All lands held under a specific and absolute declaration by the British Government, or any competent Officer acting under it, that they were to be continued hereditarily or in perpetuity exempt, wholly or partially, from the payment of Revenue, are to be so continued according to the purport of such declaration.

Provision 1st.—If any question shall arise as to the competency of the Officer to make or give such declaration as aforesaid, the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner is to suspend his judgment, and report the circumstances of the case to the Governor of Bombay in Council, to whom a power is hereby reserved of determining finally whether such Officer was competent to make or give such declaration, and the Commissioner, or Assistant Commissioner, upon receiving the determination of the said Governor in Council, shall decide accordingly.

2. Any land held under a sunnud declaring it to be hereditary, shall be so continued according to the terms of the sunnud.

Provision 1st.—Provided that the grant was either made, or specifically recognized, by authority competent to alienate Government Revenue in perpetuity, the question of which recognition and competency is to be referred to and determined by Government, in the manner prescribed by Provision 1st Rule 1.

Provision 2nd.—And provided that there be nothing in the conditions of the tenure which cannot be observed without a breach of the laws of the land, or the rules of public decency.

Provision 3rd.—And provided that the grant was not afterwards revoked or disallowed, or an alter-

ation of its terms ordered or recognized by a competent authority.

3. All lands uninterruptedly held as wholly or partially exempt from assessment for a period of sixty years before the introduction of the British Government, and then in the authorized possession of a grandson in male descent, or male heir of the body of such grandson of the original grantee, shall continue to be so held so long as there shall be in existence any male heir of the body of the person who was incumbent at the introduction of the British Government, tracing his lineage from such incumbent through male heirs only.

4. All lands, uninterruptedly held as wholly or partially exempt from assessment, for a period of forty years before the introduction of the British Government, and then in the authorized possession of a son, or male heir of the body of a son of the original grantee, are to be continued for one succession further than that of the person who was incumbent at the introduction of the British Government, that is, until the death of his last surviving son.

Provision 1st.—The authorized possession contemplated by Rules 3 and 4 does not involve the necessity of proving any specific authority from, or recognition by, the Government or paramount power. The mere entry of the holding, as continued in the genuine accounts of the District Officers (even in those not audited and passed by the Government of the time being), will be sufficient to bring it under the heads of "uninterrupted" and "authorized" so far as regards the purposes of this Rule, provided only that there are no entries in the Collectorate accounts which show that the holding of such lands exempt as aforesaid must have been unauthorized by the Government or paramount power.

Provision 2nd.—If there be not evidence forthcoming to disprove a claimant's assertion that his holding has been undisputedly enjoyed for the number of years and descents requisite to fulfil the conditions of Rules 3 and 4 respectively, his prescriptive right shall be admitted.

Provision 3rd.—The introduction of the British Government is to be reckoned from the time the East India Company became the Government or paramount authority over each District as regards its Inams. In the Territories ceded by or conquered from the Peshwa, therefore, whether Khalasat, Mahals, or Serinjams, &c., held exclusive of Inams, &c., the introduction of the British Government will date from the close of that of the Peshwa. But in case of the lapse of an independent Principality, or of a Jagheer more ancient than the Peshwa's Government, and over the Inams of which he did not claim any authority, the introduction of the British Government should be reckoned only from the date at which the general management of the Districts may have come into the hands of the Company, and in case any question shall arise as to the precise date when the East India Company became the Government over any district, or when the general management of any district came into their hands, such question shall be referred to and determined by Government in the manner prescribed by Provision 1st, Rule 1.

6. Land held as wholly exempt from payment of Revenue, or on partial Assessment, the possession of which is not continuable under the preceding

Rules, is to be resumed on the demise of the incumbent.

Provision 1st.—In case the incumbent at the time of the introduction of the British Government may have died, the permission to hold for life is to be extended to the person in whose name the land may be continued when the investigation is commenced, if there be no fraud apparent, nor other reason for withholding this indulgence.

Provision 2nd.—When land is evidently held by fraud recently committed, (as when an Inam which was resumed under the late Government has been re-occupied under the present Government, without authority, or as when a pretended Inam is found to have originated since the introduction of this Government with the connivance of District or Village Officers), it shall be at once resumed, not being continuable under this or any of the preceding Rules.

7. All lands held for the support of Mosques, Temples, or similar Institutions, of the permanent character of which there can be no doubt, are to be continued permanently, even though their permanent continuance may not have been expressly provided for when they were granted.

Provisions 1st, 2nd, and 3rd.—The same as the corresponding Provisions of Rule 2 of this Schedule in those cases in which Title Deeds or other Records proving the circumstances of the original grant, or its specific recognition by competent authority, are forthcoming.

Provision 4th.—When there is no proof forthcoming to show whether or not an Inam, coming under the Provisions of this Rule, was granted, or even specifically recognized by a competent authority, still, if it has been undisputedly enjoyed for a period of forty years before the introduction of the present Government, it shall be permanently continued, and enjoyment proved by the mere entry of the Inam, as continued in genuine accounts of the District Officers, (even in those not passed by the Government of the time being,) is to be considered sufficiently "uninterrupted" to give an Inam the benefit of this Provision, if there be no entries in the Government accounts which show that it must have been unauthorized by them.

Provision 5th.—If the forthcoming Records do not go far enough back to test the existence of enjoyment of the duration contemplated in Provision 4th as establishing full prescriptive title in such Inams, still, if so far as they do go they are not opposed to the claimant's assertion that sufficient enjoyment has taken place, the prescriptive title of the Inam shall be admitted according to his assertions, unless there be other evidence forthcoming to disprove them.

Provision 6th.—The peculiar advantages of this Rule shall not apply to the holdings of individuals in their own names for the performance of ceremonial worship, claims to which must be decided under the Rules for personal claims.

Provision 7th.—When claims of the denomination coming under this Rule are found to be unsupported by proof of original valid title, and are proved void of sufficient prescriptive enjoyment, they are to be adjudicated according to Rule 6.

8. All lands authorizedly held by an official tenure, which it is evident from local usage was meant

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

the 13th February 1852.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 13th of February 1852:

ACT No. — of 1852.

An Act for the abolition of the Poll Tax, and for levying a Tax on Lands covered by Dwelling houses in Akyab and Kyouk Phyou, in Arracan.

Whereas it is expedient to abolish the Poll Tax now levied within the Towns of Akyab and Kyouk Phyou in the Province of Arracan, and instead thereof to levy a tax upon land covered by dwelling-houses within the said Towns, It is enacted as follows:

I. From and after the day of 1852, the levy of a Poll Tax, within the Towns of Akyab and Kyouk Phyou, in the Province of Arracan, shall cease.

II. From and after the said day of 1852 the Commissioner in Arracan for the time being shall, from time to time, as he shall think fit, make an assessment on the owners of land covered by dwelling-houses within the Towns of Akyab and Kyouk Phyou, at the rate of one pie and a half a year for every square cubit of land covered by such dwelling-houses, and the amount of the said assessment shall be payable by the owners or occupiers of such lands by half-yearly payments at a moiety of the same, and the said half-yearly payments shall be made in advance, that is to say, at the commencement of each half-year in respect of which the same is due.

III. In case of non-payment of the amount of the said assessment, or any part thereof, within eight days after the same shall have been demanded from the owner or occupier aforesaid by the said Commissioner, or other Officer appointed by the Commissioner to collect the amount of the said assessment, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioner, or other Officer as aforesaid, to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels to whomsoever belonging found in or upon the lands so assessed, or the dwelling house thereon, and in case the amount of the said assessment, or any part thereof, shall be paid by any tenant or occupier, or the same is levied by seizure and sale of his goods and chattels, such tenant or occupier may deduct the amount of the payment or levy from the following payment of his rent to his landlord.

IV. The Government of Bengal may at its discretion exempt any building from assessment.

V. No assessment made under the authority of this Act shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person liable to assessment, or of any thing chargeable with assessment, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with, and no proceedings or other matter or thing had or done under this Act shall be quashed or set aside for want of form or error of procedure in any Court of Justice, but only on the merits.

VI. For the purposes of this Act the following shall be the boundaries of the Towns of Akyab and Kyouk Phyou, viz:

The boundaries of Akyab.—To the North the Charoogva Creek. To the West the said Creek, and a Road running West and South until it joins the Bund called Morton's Band, which leads down to the Seashore. To the South the Sea. To the East the Akyab River and Harbour.

The boundaries of Kyouk Phyou.—To the North the Sea. To the East Oon Khyoung or Salt Golah Creek. To the West the Cantonments. To the South Kulabadong Lands, Kanygeendun Village, and Nga Tsoung's Grant.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

to be hereditary, and has been so considered heretofore, even though there be no sunads declaring it to be so,—for instance, Inams which form the authorized emoluments of any hereditary office, as of Kazees, Village Joshces, &c., and are not merely personal,—are to be continued permanently.

Provisions 1st, 2nd, and 3rd.—The same as the corresponding Provisions of Rule 2 of this Schedule in those cases in which Title Deeds or other Records, proving the circumstances of the original grant, or its specific recognition by competent authority, are forthcoming.

Provision 4th.—When there is no proof forthcoming to show whether or not an Inam, coming under the Provisions of this Rule, was granted, or even specifically recognized by competent authority, still, if it has been undisputedly enjoyed as an official and not merely personal holding, from the earliest period to which the forthcoming evidence does relate, it shall be continued permanently as official emolument, unless the claimant's own statement renders this course improper.

Provision 5th.—The provisions of this Rule are not in any way to apply to emoluments continued for service performed to the State, as the Service Wuttuns of Desaees, Surdesaees, Nargowdas, Deshpandes, Patells, Cookurnees, Mhars, Tulwars, whose claims are to be disposed of according to the Rules which are or may be established for the regulation of such holdings.

Provision 6th.—It is to be understood that mere length of enjoyment of land as Inam by an official person is not of itself sufficient to entitle a claim to be brought under this Rule.

Provision 7th.—If a holding, claimed under this Rule, be found incapable of permanent continuance under it, the claimant shall be allowed the advantages of any of the preceding Rules of this Schedule which may be applicable to his case.

9. On the resumption of any lands under the Rules of this Schedule, a moiety, or other portion, may be continued to the Widows of the last incumbents during their lives, in cases of proved poverty and destitution.

Provision 1st.—In the case of a holding, which is recognizable as an hereditary personal Inam, the widow of a proprietor who dies without surviving male issue, or other heirs to whom his Inam will of necessity descend, is by right his sole heir, and during her life the Inam cannot be regarded as having lapsed to Government: it should, therefore, in such a case, be continued undiminished during the widow's life.

10. These Rules shall not be necessarily applicable to Jageers, Serinjams, or other tenures for service to Government, or tenures of a Political nature, the titles and continuance of which shall be determined as heretofore, under such Rules as Government may find it necessary to issue from time to time.

11. Any of these Rules may be relaxed in favor of claimants under instructions from the Governor of Bombay in Council, in whom shall also be vested the power of interpreting the precise meaning of any of the Rules respecting which a question may arise.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Regarding Provision for the Widows of the last incumbents of resumed holdings.

Rules of this Schedule, a moiety, or other portion, may be continued to the Widows of the last incumbents during their lives, in cases of proved poverty and destitution.

Regarding the exception of certain tenures from the application of these Rules.

applicable to Jageers, Serinjams, or other tenures for service to Government, or

Regarding the modification and interpretation of these Rules.

favor of claimants under instructions from the Governor of Bombay in

Ordered, that the said Draft be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 13th day of April next.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

the 20th February 1852.

The following Act, passed by the Governor General of India in Council on the 20th February 1852, is hereby promulgated for general information :

ACT No. XII. OF 1852.

An Act to repeal Act No. II. of 1848, and to confer certain powers on the Commissioners for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta.

Whereas by Section LXV. of Act No. X. of 1852, it is, among other things, enacted that certain funds therein mentioned should be applied by the Commissioners for the improvement of the Town of Calcutta in cleansing, improving, and embellishing the said Town; And whereas it is expedient that the said Commissioners should be invested with further powers for the effectual accomplishment of the purposes aforesaid, It is hereby enacted as follows :

I. Act II. of 1848, and the Bye-Laws made in pursuance thereof, and the Regulation for the Good Order and Civil Government of the Settlement of Fort William in Bengal, passed in Council on the 28th day of October 1814, are hereby repealed. Act X. of 1852, repealing Act XVI. of 1847, shall not be construed so as to revive Act XXIV. of 1840.

II. The said Commissioners may, subject to confirmation or disallowance by the Governor of Bengal, nominate, appoint, and employ, respectively, such Surveyors, Inspectors, and other necessary Officers and Servants as may be necessary or proper for the execution of the powers hereby vested in them; and such Surveyors, Inspectors, Officers, and Servants, shall receive such salaries as to the Governor of Bengal shall seem meet.

III. The management and control over all the streets within the said Town of Calcutta, existing at the time of the passing of this Act, and of all parts of the said Town which shall hereafter become streets, and the pavements and other materials therein, and all erections and buildings, materials, implements, or other things provided for the said streets, by or under the authority of the Governor of Bengal, or by the Magistrates of Calcutta, or by the said Commissioners, and also the management and control of all public tanks, aqueducts, and canals, and of all sewers and drains, whether public or private, now made, or hereafter to be made within the said Town, are hereby vested in the said Commissioners for the purposes of this Act.

IV. The said Commissioners, by and with the consent of the Governor of Bengal, may lay out, make, build, and construct streets, and may alter and widen narrow streets, and may turn, divert, discontinue, or stop up streets, within the said Town, regard being had to the compensation of owners of lands which may be required to be vested in the said Commissioners for any such purposes, and of owners of lands which may be damaged or deteriorated in value by the turning, diverting, discontinuing, or stopping up of any such streets,—and, in case of dispute, the amount of such compensation shall be ascertained and paid in the manner and accord-

ing to the provisions contained in Act XXII. of 1847, which is hereby declared to be applicable to all claims for compensation made in respect of any acts done by the said Commissioners under the authority of this Act. Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any other person, to make or lay out any new street, unless the same, being a carriage road, be at least 50 feet wide, exclusive of the drains at the sides thereof, or, not being a carriage road, be at least 20 feet wide, exclusive of the drains at the sides thereof.

V. The said Commissioners, with the consent and approbation of the Governor of Bengal, shall pave, metal, and water such of the public streets existing in the said Town at the time of the passing of this Act, or at any future time, as they shall think fit, and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to excavate and provide convenient tanks or runs of water through the said Town, and to sink wells, and lay, erect, and place pipes, gutters, conduits, and pumps in any of the said streets, and may remove and alter the same when and in such manner the said Commissioners shall think proper.

VI. The said Commissioners, by and with the consent of the said Governor of Bengal, may, by agreement, or in conformity with the provisions of Act XXII. of 1847, purchase or take absolutely, or on lease, for such terms as they may think fit, any water-works, streams of water, lands, fixtures, or other property which the said Commissioners may deem it necessary to purchase, or take for any work or purpose, which they are required or authorized to do and execute under this Act, or the said Act No. X. of 1852, and when the said Commissioners take and purchase any lands for the purposes of this Act, otherwise than with the consent of the owners and occupiers thereof, they shall, in exercising the powers so given, be subject to the provisions and restrictions contained in the said Act No. XXII. of 1847; and the said Commissioners shall make to the owners and occupiers of and all other parties interested in any such lands taken for the purposes of this Act, full compensation for the value of the lands so taken, and for all damages sustained by such owners, occupiers, and other parties by reason of the exercise, as regards such lands, of the powers vested in the Commissioners by this Act; and the amount of such compensation shall be determined in the manner provided by the said Act No. XXII. of 1847, for determining questions of compensation with regard to lands purchased or taken under the provisions thereof; and all the provisions of the said Act No. XXII. of 1847 shall be applicable to determine the amount of any such compensation, and to enforce the payment or other satisfaction thereof.

VII. The Commissioners, by and with the consent of the Governor of Bengal, may sell or dispose of any lands or other property vested in or acquired by them under the powers herein, or in the said Act No. XXII. of 1847, contained, which it may appear to the Commissioners may be properly sold or disposed of; and for completing and carrying any such sale of lands into effect, the Commissioners may make and execute a conveyance of the lands sold and disposed of as aforesaid unto the purchaser, or as he shall direct, and such conveyance shall be under the hands of three of the Commissioners, and under the seal of the Commissioners, and a receipt, under the hands of three of the Commissioners, shall be a sufficient discharge to the purchaser of any such lands for the purchase money in such receipt expressed to be received, and the money to arise from such sale shall

be applied to such of the purposes of this Act as the Commissioners shall think fit.

VIII. The said Commissioners may, from time to time, as they shall see fit, widen, deepen, embank, alter, arch over, amend, clean, and scour out all or any of the sewers or drains within the said Town, as may be necessary, and also cleanse and drain off into any sewers or drains, and fill up and level, or otherwise abate all stagnant pools, ditches, tanks, and other receptacles of foul water and filth, existing within the said Town, whether the same be the private property of any person or persons, or otherwise, and the said Commissioners, if they shall think fit, may take up, stop, fill in, and discontinue any sewers or drains which they shall deem useless or unnecessary; Provided always, that the expenses incurred in respect of any such works done or executed on the private property of any person, if not defrayed by such person on demand thereof, may be recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person, and any two of the said Commissioners may issue their warrant of distress accordingly.

IX. Every Commissioner, and the Surveyor to the Commissioners, with such subordinate officers or persons as they may require, shall, when it shall be necessary or convenient for the purpose of making any survey or examination of any sewers or drains, or of making or repairing or cleansing any sewers, drains, or works within the said Town, or of carrying into execution any of the powers entrusted to the Commissioner by this Act, or Act No. X. of 1852, have full power and authority, at all reasonable hours in the day-time, to enter, examine, and lay open, or to direct their subordinate officers to enter, examine, and lay open, any house, building, or other erection, or any lands, without being liable to any action at Law or Suit in Equity, or any other legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever, for or on account of such entry, examination, or works, or of anything done, or to be done, in any part of such house, building, erection, or land, in pursuance of this Act; Provided always, that except in cases of emergency, none of the persons above mentioned shall enter, examine, or lay open any house, building, or other erection, or lands which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of their intended entry, and of the object thereof; Provided also, that compensation shall be made for any damage occasioned by such entry and works to all persons other than the owners and occupiers of any land or building in respect of which any private drain or sewer, or the state of drainage, shall be inspected, cleansed, or repaired, and other than the owners or occupiers of any premises where any nuisance may exist, and other than the person who may have caused such nuisance; and provided also, that in case no nuisance shall be found to exist in or on the house, building, or other erection, or lands so entered, examined, and laid open as aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall, out of the rates and taxes aforesaid, cause the said house, building, or other erection, or lands, to be restored to the same state and condition in all respects as the same were in before they were so entered, examined, or laid open.

X. If any house, building, or wall, or anything affixed thereon within the limits of the said Town, be deemed by the Commissioners or their Surveyor to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, and also dangerous to passengers or the occupiers of neighbouring buildings, such Surveyor shall immediately cause a proper board or

fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner of such house, building, or wall, or other thing, if he be known and resident within the said limits, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of the said premises, or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, secure, or repair such house, building, wall, or other thing, as the case shall require; and if such owner or occupier do not begin to repair, take down, or secure such house, building, wall, or other thing, within the space of three days after such notice has been given or put up as aforesaid, and complete the same as speedily as the nature of the case will admit, the said Commissioners shall with all convenient speed cause all or so much of such house, building, wall, or other thing, as shall be in a ruinous condition, or likely to fall, and also dangerous as aforesaid, to be taken down, repaired, rebuilt, or otherwise secured, in such manner as shall be requisite; and all the expenses of putting up every such fence, and of taking down, repairing, rebuilding, or securing such building, wall, or other thing, shall be paid by the owner thereof, if such owner can be found within the said limits; and if, on demand of the expenses aforesaid, he neglect or refuse to pay the same, then such expenses may be levied by distress on the goods and chattels of the owner of the said house, building, wall, or other thing, and any two Commissioners may issue their warrant of distress accordingly.

XI. If any such house, building, wall, or other thing, or any part of the same, be pulled down by virtue of the powers aforesaid, the Commissioners may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be pulled down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred in respect of such house, building, wall, or other thing, and the Commissioners shall restore any overplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, building, wall, or other thing on demand; nevertheless, the Commissioners, although they sell such materials for the purposes aforesaid, shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale, as are hereinbefore given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

XII. The said Commissioners, by and with the consent of the Governor of Bengal, may construct, make, and lay, or cause to be constructed, made, and laid, such reservoirs, canals, aqueducts, channels, tanks, sewers, drains, bridges, banks, conduits, machinery, engines, waste-gates, stop-gates, stop-cocks, sluices, tunnels, water-pipes, and other works, as shall, in their opinion, be necessary and proper for obtaining water and supplying the same to the said Town, and for the effectual draining and cleansing of the said Town, and for the properly flushing and cleansing out such sewers in, under, or across all or any of the streets therein, whether dedicated to the public use or not, and if needful through and across all underground cellars, and vaults, which they may find under any of the said streets, doing as little damage as may be; and also to cause such and so many rings and openings to be made or left in the sides of the said sewers as will be sufficient for the making or branching any drain or drains from any or all of the houses built, and which may probably be built, adjoining, or near thereto, into any of the said sewers, as the said Commissioners shall think necessary for that purpose; and in case it shall be found necessary for completing any of the aforesaid works to build, carry, or continue the same in, into, through, or over any enclosed lands, or other place, not being a public way, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to build, carry, or continue the same in, into, through, or over the said lands, or

Power to Commissioners to improve and cleanse, or to discontinue drains, &c.

Power to Commissioners to enter, examine, and lay open houses, lands, &c. for that purpose. Compensation in certain cases.

Powers to Commissioners to make canals, aqueducts, sewers, drains, &c.

other places, accordingly; and the said Commissioners shall cause such sewers to communicate with and empty themselves into any public river, stream, canal, or water-course, whether within or without the said Town, or shall cause the refuse from such sewers to be conveyed by an appropriate channel to the most convenient site for its deposit, collection, and sale, and its application as manure for agricultural purposes, or otherwise, as they shall deem most expedient, but so that the same shall in no case become a public nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood

XIII. For the purpose of constructing any aqueducts for bringing water to the Town of Calcutta from any place without the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, or for the purpose of making sewers or drains to communicate with or empty themselves into any public sewer, lake, stream, canal, or water-course without the said limits, it shall be lawful, whenever a plan for any such aqueduct, sewer, or drain shall have been approved by the Governor of Bengal, for every Commissioner, and for the Surveyor and Secretary to the Commissioners, with such Assistants as they may require, to exercise, in the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain throughout the line of country through which the said aqueduct, sewer, or drain is to run, all the powers which by this Act it is lawful for them to exercise within the said local limits, and which may be necessary for the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, without being subject to any action or molestation whatever for so doing; and it shall also be lawful for any Magistrate of any district through which the said aqueduct, sewer, or drain is to run, in furtherance of the construction of such aqueduct, sewer, or drain, to do such acts within the limits of his own district as it is by this Act lawful for a Magistrate of the Town of Calcutta to do, in furtherance of any work to be executed by the said Commissioners within the said local limits.

XIV. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, instead of executing any of the works which by this Act they are authorized to execute by themselves, their servants, and assistants, to execute the same by contract with any individual or company who may be willing to undertake the same, and in that case it shall be lawful for such individual or company to exercise and enjoy all the powers and privileges which by this Act it is lawful for the said Commissioners to exercise and enjoy in the execution of any such works. Provided always, that no Commissioner, or Officer, or servant of the Commissioners, shall be in any wise concerned or interested in any contract or work made with or executed for the Commissioners, and if any such Commissioner, or Officer, or Servant, be so concerned or interested, or shall, under colour of his office or employment, exact, take, or accept any fee or reward whatsoever, other than his proper salary, wages, fees, and allowances, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in the office of Commissioner, or any office or employment under the Commissioners, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of Company's Rupees five hundred, which may be recovered by any person, with full cost-of suit, by action of debt.

XV. The said Commissioners may, with the consent and approbation of the said Governor, contract and agree with any person for supplying the said Town, or any part thereof, with water, and may also, with the like consent and approbation, grant to any person contracting to supply the said Town, or any part thereof, with water, a lease for any term not exceeding twenty-one years, of any water-works, machinery, streams, waters, lauds, tenements, easements,

rights, privileges, and advantages, belonging to or acquired by, or which may belong to, or be acquired by, or be vested in the said Commissioners, under any of the powers or authorities in this or any other Act contained, so as to enable such person or persons so contracting the more effectually and efficiently to procure and supply water in pursuance of any such contract or agreement; and every such lease so to be granted by the said Commissioners may be made subject to such conditions and stipulations as to the supplying water, for the purposes of this Act, or any of them, as may be agreed upon between the respective parties thereto. Provided always, that no lease or contract made in pursuance of the powers hereinbefore contained shall be valid or effectual, for any purpose whatsoever, unless the said Governor's approval of the same shall be testified by writing, endorsed on such lease or contract, under the hand of the Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

XVI. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, their Secretary, Surveyor, or other Officer, subject to the restrictions in this Act contained, to enter upon the lands of any corporation, or person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of the works by this Act authorized to be made, or any part thereof, for the purpose of depositing upon such lands, or any part thereof, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, the said Commissioners, their Secretary, Surveyor, or other Officer, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation or temporary damage of the said lands to the owners and occupiers thereof, from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken, or any such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owners also for the permanent injury (if any) to such lands; and in case the parties differ respecting the amount of the compensation, or the respective shares of several claimants of compensation, then and in every such case the said disputes respectively shall be settled and adjusted by arbitration, or by the verdict of a Jury, summoned and assembled in manner provided in Act No. XXII. of 1847. Provided always, that before the said Commissioners make any such temporary use as aforesaid of the lands adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give fourteen days' notice of such their intention to the owners and occupiers of such lands, and shall separate and set apart by sufficient fences so much of the lands as shall be required to be used as aforesaid from the other lands adjoining thereto.

XVII. The said Commissioners, when executing any works hereby authorized to be made, shall, at their own expense, make and provide a sufficient number of convenient roads, ways, watering places, wells, water-courses, drains, and channels, for the irrigation and for the use of the adjoining lands, and for irrigating the same in those parts where the present roads, ways, watering places, wells, water-courses, drains, and channels shall and may be taken away or interrupted, injured, or rendered inconvenient or useless, by reason of the execution of the said works, and in case of any difference arising between the said Commissioners and the owners of such adjoining lands, such difference shall be settled by arbitration, or by the verdict of a Jury, summoned and assembled in manner provided in Act No. XXII. of 1847.

XVIII. The said Commissioners shall make full compensation out of the rates and taxes to be levied by them to all

compensation out of rates, &c. persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, or their Officers or servants, under and by virtue of this Act.

XIX. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to direct any prosecution before any Court or Justice of the Peace for any public nuisance whatsoever which shall be permitted, suffered, or committed, within the said Town, and to order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and to direct and order the expenses of such prosecutions and other proceedings to be paid and borne by and out of the funds placed at their disposal under the provisions of this or any other Act.

XX. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall not think fit to take any other proceedings prescribed by this Act, to prefer any bill of indictment or information, or to take any other proceedings against any person who shall obstruct or molest the said Commissioners, or their Secretary, Surveyor, or other Officer or servant, or any workman or other person employed by them in the performance and execution of their or his duty, under or by virtue, or in consequence of this Act, or who shall steal, take, or carry away, or wilfully deface or injure any property, article, or thing belonging to the said Commissioners, and in every such case it shall be sufficient to state generally the property, article, or thing, in respect of which such proceeding shall have been taken, to be the property of the said Commissioners.

XXI. It shall be lawful for any of the Commissioners, their Secretary, Surveyor, Inspectors, Overseers, or any servants or persons employed by them, and for any Inspector of Police or policeman employed in the said Town, and such other person or persons whom he or they shall call to his or their assistance, without any summons, or warrant, or other authority than this Act, to seize and detain any unknown person who shall commit any offence against the provisions of this Act, and to take him immediately to a Police Station, where he shall be detained in default of Bail until he can be taken before any Justice of the Peace, who is hereby required to proceed and act with respect to such offender according to the provisions of this Act.

XXII. The Commissioners, or any one of them, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, may at all reasonable times, with or without assistants, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place, kept or used for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables, which may be therein, and in case any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables, appear to be intended for the food of man, and to be unfit for such food, may seize, remove, and destroy the same, at the expense of the owner thereof, or the owner, occupier, or farmer of any such public market, bazar, or slaughter-house, or private shop or stall, within the Town, wherein the same shall be exposed, or allowed to be exposed for sale.

XXIII. The Commissioners or their Surveyor shall have full power and authority to remove, or order the removal of any wall, fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment in any street, or in or over any drain, sewer,

or aqueduct, within the said Town, whether the proprietary right to such street, drain, sewer, or aqueduct, shall be in dispute or not; Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to give the said Commissioners or their Surveyor power to remove such wall, fence, or other obstruction, after the decree or order of any competent Court has declared the land, walled, fenced, or railed in, to be private property.

XXIV. When any private tank, or low marshy ground, shall appear to the Commissioners to be offensive to the neighbourhood, or unwholesome, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to require, by notice in writing, the owner thereof to cleanse or fill up the same, and if the said tank shall remain uncleansed or not filled up for seven days after such notice, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to enter into and upon the adjoining lands, and to cleanse or fill up the said tank, as they shall think fit, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such tank, to be recovered in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXV. The Commissioners may affix on or to the wall of any house or compound, or in or to any wall within the said Town, as they shall think fit, any board or metal plate, to indicate the name of the street in which such house, compound, or wall is situate, or any lamp for the purpose of lighting the street.

XXVI. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or their subordinate Officers, as they shall think fit, to kill and destroy, or to order to be killed and destroyed, all dogs that may be found loose in the said streets, and not accompanying their owners, or some person in charge of them.

XXVII. The said Commissioners shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, keep in good and sufficient repair every street now or at any future time existing in the said Town.

XXVIII. When any of the streets, sewers, or drains in the said Town are being made, or shall be under repair, the Commissioners, or their Surveyor, or other subordinate Officer, shall take proper precautions against danger, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses, and shall fix and place, or cause to be fixed and placed, such and so many bars, chains, or posts across, or in any of the said streets, to prevent the passing and repassing of carriages, carts, or other vehicles, cattle, or horses, during the time of such works and repairs being carried on, as shall be necessary, and the said Commissioners, and their said Surveyor, shall cause any sewer or drain, or other works, during the construction or repair thereof by them, to be well and sufficiently lighted during the night, to prevent accidents.

XXIX. The said Commissioners, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, shall provide lamps for lighting such parts of the said Town as the said Commissioners shall consider to require the same, and shall keep the said lamps in fit order for public use, and shall keep and employ a sufficient number of persons to cleanse, prepare, repair, and light the same, and shall also from time to time, as shall be required, increase or otherwise alter the number and situation of the said lamps, as to them shall appear necessary for the lighting of the said town.

XXX. The said Commissioners, and their said Surveyor and other Officers, shall cause all the public streets of the said Town, together with the foot-pavements or foot-paths therein, from

Power to Commissioners to prosecute in certain cases.

Power to Commissioners to prefer bill of indictment in certain cases.

Power to Commissioners to arrest unknown offenders without warrant.

Power to Commissioners to fill up unwholesome tanks.

Power to Commissioners to affix boards or plates to houses.

Power to Commissioners to kill dogs.

Commissioners to repair streets, &c.

Commissioners to take precautions when streets and drains under repair.

Commissioners to light the Town.

Commissioners to keep Town clean, remove dirt, &c.

Power to Commissioners to remove obstructions in streets.

time to time to be properly swept and cleansed, and all dust, dirt, soil, ashes, rubbish, and filth of every sort, which may be found thereon, to be collected and removed therefrom at convenient hours and times, and shall cause all or any of the privies, cesspools, and drains within the said Town to be cleansed and emptied in a sufficient and proper manner by the owners or occupiers of the premises; and the said Surveyor or other subordinate Officer of the Commissioners shall give such orders and directions to the owners and occupiers aforesaid, as to the said Surveyor or other Officer as aforesaid, acting under the orders and control of the said Commissioners, shall appear proper and necessary, and the said Commissioners may, in their discretion, order and direct where, and in what places, and how, and in what manner, the dust, dirt, soil, night soil, ashes, rubbish, and filth collected in the said Town, shall be deposited and disposed of.

XXXI. The owners of any private drains in the said town shall, by providing proper traps or other coverings, or by ventilation, or by such other ways and means as shall be practicable for that purpose, prevent as far as possible the effluvia of sewers and drains from exhaling from gully-holes, gratings, or any other openings whatsoever of drains or sewers in streets or other places, and in case the owner of any private sewer or drain shall neglect or delay so to do, the Surveyor of the said Commissioners shall give him notice to prevent as far as possible the effluvia of such sewer or drain from so exhaling, and if the same shall not be done by such owner within ten days after such notice shall have been given to him, the said Surveyor shall forthwith provide and apply proper traps or other coverings, or such other means as aforesaid, so as effectually to prevent such effluvia from exhaling, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such sewer or drain, to be recovered in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXXII. If upon the representation of the Surveyor of the Commissioners, and after inquiry by such other ways and means as the Commissioners may think fit to direct, the said Commissioners shall certify, (such certificate to be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in one of the English and Bengalee newspapers respectively usually circulated within the town,) that any burial-ground situated within the said town is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, or that any church or other place of public worship within the town is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of or underneath the same, and that sufficient means of interment exist within a convenient distance from such burial-ground, church, or place of public worship, it shall not be lawful, after a time to be named in such certificate, to bury, or permit or suffer to be buried, any further corpses or coffins in, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate, and whosoever, after notice of such certificate, buries, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried, any corpse or coffin, contrary to this enactment, shall for every such offence be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding Company's rupees five hundred.

XXXIII. No vault or grave shall be constructed or made within the walls of or underneath any church or other place of public worship built in the said Town after the passing of this Act, and no burial-ground shall be made or formed within the said Town after the passing of this Act, without the consent of the Commissioners first had and obtained, and whosoever shall bury, or cause, permit, or suffer to

be buried, any corpse or coffin, in any vault, grave, or burial-ground, constructed, made, or formed contrary to this enactment, shall for every such offence be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding Company's rupees five hundred.

XXXIV. No writ or process shall be issued out against or served upon any Commissioner, or any Secretary, Surveyor, or other Officer or person whomsoever, acting under the direction of the Commissioners, for anything done or intended to be done under the powers of this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered

to him or left at his office or place of abode, explicitly stating the cause of action, and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff, and of his attorney or agent in the cause, and upon the trial of any such action the plaintiff shall not be permitted to go into evidence of any cause of action except such as is stated in the notice so delivered, and unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant, and every such action shall be brought or commenced within three calendar months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards, and if any party shall have committed any irregularity, trespass, or other wrongful proceeding in the execution of this Act, or by virtue of any power or authority hereby given, and if before action brought in respect thereof such party shall make tender of sufficient amends to the party injured, such last-mentioned party shall not recover in any such action when brought, and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action, by leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

XXXV. No matter or thing done, or contract entered into by the Commissioners, or any one of them, or by any Secretary, Surveyor, or other Officer or person whomsoever, acting under the direction of the Commissioners, shall, if the matter or thing were

done, or the contract were entered into *bonâ fide* for the purpose of executing this Act, subject them, or any of them, personally, to any action, liability, claim, or demand whatsoever, and any expense incurred by any such Commissioners, Secretary, Surveyor, or other Officer, or person acting as last aforesaid, shall be borne and repaid out of the funds under the control of the Commissioners.

XXXVI. All the streets existing within the said Town at the time of the passing of this Act, and all parts of the said Town which shall hereafter become streets, and also the pavements, stones, and other materials therein, and all erections and building materials, implements, or other things provided for the said streets, by or under the authority of the Government of Bengal, or by the Magistrates of Calcutta, or by the said Commissioners, and also all public sewers and drains within the said Town, together with all works, materials, and things therewith connected and belonging, existing in the said Town at the time of the passing of this Act, or which shall hereafter be constructed and made therein by the said Commissioners or otherwise, and also all canals, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, water-works, cisterns, pumps, pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and wells, which now are or shall hereafter be provided or lawfully applied to public use, and which are not the property of any private person, together with all buildings, engines, works, materials, and things therewith connected, existing in the said Town at the time of the pass-

No writ to be sued out against them till after one month's notice, &c.; action to be brought in three months; Commissioners may tender amends.

Owners to prevent effluvia from drains, &c.

Commissioners to issue certificates prohibiting improper burial-places.

Commissioners and their servants not to be personally liable when act done *bonâ fide*.

Streets, drains, filth, &c., the property of Commissioners as Trustees.

No vault or burial-place henceforth to be constructed without leave of Commissioners.

ing of this Act, or which shall hereafter be constructed and made therein at the costs of the said Commissioners, or otherwise, and also all lands surrounding and belonging to public tanks, and slips of ground alongside of any street, drain, or aqueduct, not the property of any private person, and also all lands belonging to the late Lottery Committee and not legally appropriated, and also all dirt, dust, dry and liquid filth, ashes, and rubbish, to be collected from the streets, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, and elsewhere within the said Town, shall be the property of and are hereby vested in the said Commissioners as Trustees for the purposes of this Act.

XXXVII. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person which is, or but for this Act would be deemed and adjudged to be a nuisance at Common Law, nor to exempt any person guilty of a nuisance at Common Law from prosecution or action in respect thereof. Provided always, that if any person convicted of an offence under this Act, shall have paid the whole amount adjudged to be paid under such conviction, and the costs thereof, or shall have suffered imprisonment in respect of such offence, in every such case he shall be released from all further or other criminal proceedings for the same offence.

XXXVIII. It shall be lawful for any person, at his own expense, to make or branch any drain into any of the sewers vested in the said Commissioners, or authorized to be made by virtue of this Act, or otherwise acquired by the said Commissioners, such drain being made of such a size, and in such a manner of communication, in all respects, as the said Surveyor of the said Commissioners shall direct, and for that purpose to take up and remove, with the permission of the Commissioners, so much of the pavement and other materials of any street as may be required, unless the said Commissioners shall consent and agree, which they are hereby authorized to do, to form so much and such portion of such drain as shall lead from the point of communication in such sewer to the extremity of such street, and in case any person shall make or branch any drain into any of the said sewers so vested in the said Commissioners, or authorized to be made, under and by virtue of this Act, of a different size, or in a different manner and form of communication than shall be directed or appointed by the said Surveyor, every person so offending shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding fifty rupees, and in default of payment shall be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month, and the said Justice shall order the said person so offending to alter such drain as required by the said Commissioners within ten days, and in default the said Commissioners shall, at the expense of the maker of such drain, alter or destroy the same, as they shall think fit, and in case the expense of making such alteration or destruction shall not be paid by the owner or maker of such drain, the expense incurred thereby shall be recovered in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXXIX. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to contract and agree with the owners of any houses or other tenements within the said Town, that any drains required to be constructed and made by such owners shall be constructed and made by the Surveyor of the said Commissioners, and the cost price of making such drains, (as certified by the said Surveyor of the said Commissioners,) shall be repaid by such owners to the said Commissioners, and in default of

such payment the same may be recovered in the manner hereinafter provided.

XL. Before beginning to dig or lay the foundations of any new house, building, or wall within the said Town, or to rebuild any house, building, or wall therein, contiguous or near to any street, and not being within the compound wall of any premises, and also before making any sewer or drain for the purpose of draining water directly or indirectly from any land or tenement into any sewer under the jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, fourteen clear days' notice in writing shall be given to the Secretary to the said Commissioners, by delivering the same to him, or leaving it at his office, by the person intending to build or re-build such house, building, or wall, or to make such sewer or drain, and every foundation of any such house, building, or wall, and the drains within the same, shall be laid at such level as the Surveyor of the said Commissioners shall direct, and so as that no part of the said house, building, or wall shall project or encroach into or over the adjoining street, drain, or aqueduct, and so as that the said drains may be properly built with reference to the adjoining public drains, and every such branch drain shall be made in such direction, manner, and form, and of such materials and workmanship, as the said Surveyor shall order, and the building or re-building of any such house, building, or wall, shall be under the survey and control of the said Commissioners and their Surveyor, so far as may be necessary to prevent any projection or encroachment in or over any street, drain, or aqueduct, and to insure that the level of the drains within such house, building, or wall shall be properly built with reference to the public drains; and in default of such notice as aforesaid, or if such building or drain shall be begun, or made without, or in any respect contrary to, any order of the said Surveyor, or of the provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cause such building to be demolished, and to cause such drain to be relaid, amended, destroyed, or re-made, as the case may require, and to cause the expenses thereof to be levied and repaid to them from and by the owner thereof, in manner hereinafter provided.

Notice to be given to Commissioners before any new sewer or building is commenced to be built, as Surveyor or shall direct.

XLI. Every person, upon conviction before a Justice of the Peace, on the testimony of one or more credible witnesses, shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Fifty Rupees, or, in default of payment thereof, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding one month, who, within the limits of the said Town, shall commit any one of the following offences, (that is to say,)

1. Every person who shall throw or put, or cause, or order, or allow his servants to throw or put, or from whose premises shall be thrown or put, any dirt, dung, mud, dust, ashes, garden or stable refuse, or rubbish of any kind, or the carcass of any dog or other animal, or any flesh or other part of an animal, or any animal matter, upon any of the public streets, except between the hours of midnight and seven in the morning.
2. Every person who shall throw or put, or cause, or allow to be thrown or put, or from whose premises shall be thrown or put, any broken bottles, glass, china, or crockery-ware upon or into any street, drain, or aqueduct.
3. Every person who shall keep, or allow to be kept, for more than twenty-four hours, any dirt, dung, mud, dust, bones, ashes, night-soil, or other rubbish of a perishable and noisome kind,

Penalties for certain offences in the streets.

For throwing dirt, &c. on streets.

For throwing bottles, glass, &c.

For keeping dirt, &c. in houses.

in or upon any house, out-house, yard, or ground occupied by him.

4. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any private tattee, drain, sewer, cess-pool, tannery, or other receptacle of filth, who shall neglect or refuse to keep the same in a clean and proper state, or to employ proper means to remove any noisome smell, or the filth therefrom, or who shall expose the contents of such privy to the view of the passers-by in the street.

5. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, building, or lands, whether tenantable or otherwise, who shall suffer the same to be in a filthy and unwholesome state, or overgrown with rank and noisome vegetation.

6. Every person who shall cause or allow the water of any sink, sewer, or drain, or other offensive liquid matter belonging to him, or running through, or being on his land, to run, drain, or be carried into or upon any of the streets, tanks, aqueducts, or reservoirs belonging to the Commissioners, or who shall commit or cause any act whatsoever whereby the water provided for the domestic use of the inhabitants of the town shall be in any way fouled or corrupted, or who shall throw, or put, or cause, or order, or allow his servants to throw or put, or from whose premises shall be thrown or put, any dirt, dung, mud, dust, ashes, night-soil, garden or stable refuse, or other rubbish, into any of the public sewers or drains, or into any reservoirs, tanks, aqueducts, or other water-works belonging to the Commissioners.

7. Every person who shall have or keep any common tattee, privy, or urinal, on any ground owned or occupied by him within the Town, without a licence first had from the Commissioners, who are hereby authorized to grant the same under the hand of their Secretary; such licence shall be granted for one year, and shall be renewed or not every year, according to the discretion of the Commissioners.

8. Every person being the owner or farmer of any licensed tattee, privy, or urinal within the said Town, who shall suffer such tattee, privy, or urinal to be kept in a filthy and unclean state, or shall neglect to employ proper means for cleaning and regulating it.

9. Every person who shall wantonly or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any of the lamps or lamp-posts in the said streets, or extinguish any light therein, or abstract or take away from any of the said lamps any oil or other matter or thing therein, or any part thereof, without the order of the said Commissioners, or of their said Surveyor, or who shall wantonly or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any board bearing on it the name of any street, or the number of any building or land within the said Town, or any notice of the said Commissioners fixed or posted up in any place.

10. Every person who shall displace, take up, or make any alteration in the pavements, flags, stones, fences, posts, or other materials of any foot or carriage-way in any street, without the consent in writing of the said Commissioners, or of their said Surveyor, or who shall cause any obstruction to, or make any encroachments upon, any street, or upon any sewer, drain, aqueduct, or space of ground alongside a street, drain, or aqueduct.

11. Every person who shall take down or remove any fences or boards, or any bars, chains, or posts, erected by the said Commissioners, or extinguish any light attached to or connected with the said fences, boards, bars, chains, or posts, without the authority or consent of the said Commissioners or their Surveyor.

12. Every person who shall carry, or cause to be carried in carts, pots, handies, or other vessels, any night-soil, or urine, or other noisome or offensive matter, through the public streets, except between the hours of midnight and eight in the morning, or who shall carry, or cause to be carried, any night-soil or urine in such manner that any offensive smell or drainings issue therefrom, or who shall place or set down in any public place any vessel containing night-soil or urine, or who shall carry or cause the same to be carried in any other than covered carts or vessels, or who shall throw or deposit any night-soil in or upon any street.

13. Every person who shall bathe or wash any part of his person in any public street, or upon, or in any of the tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains belonging to the Commissioners, except in such of the said tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains as the Commissioners shall set apart for the purpose.

14. Every person who shall wash, or cause to be washed, any horse, dog, or other animal, or any cloth, wearing apparel, leather, or skin of any animal, or any foul or offensive thing on any street, in or near any tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains belonging to the Commissioners, or on or in the road adjoining thereto, except in such of the said tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains, as the said Commissioners shall set apart for that purpose.

15. Every person who shall wilfully and indecently expose his person, or who shall commit nuisance in any of the public streets.

16. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, or building within the Town, which has a drain on the same side of the street wherein such house, hut, or building is situate, who shall cause or allow any water, or liquid matter from or on such house, hut, or building to flow or be carried through pipes, gutters, water-spouts or other means on any part of any public street, or on any place but his own land, or the public drain, or who shall refuse or neglect to remove or alter the direction of any such pipe, gutter, or water-spout, after the expiration of ten days' notice for that purpose given by the Surveyor of the said Commissioners; and any person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, or building in the said Town, which has not a drain on the same side of the street as such house, hut, or building, who shall convey the water from the said house, hut, or building, in or upon any public street, through pipes or water-spouts the mouths of which shall be higher than two feet from the ground.

17. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, or building, who shall cause or allow any verandah, balcony, sunshade, or other part of any house, hut, or building to overhang and project into any public street or public place at a height of less than eleven feet from the level of the roadway, or to a distance exceeding four feet from the house, and who shall refuse or neglect to take down and remove such verandah, balcony, sunshade, or other projection, after

the expiration of fifteen days' notice for that purpose given by the Surveyor.

18. Every person who shall, after the passing of this Act, erect or set up any verandah, balcony, sun-shade, or other projection of any kind which may overhang and project into the road at any height and to any distance without licence first obtained from the Commissioners under the hand of their Surveyor.

For projections over streets after passing of this Act.

19. Every person who shall wash or cleanse, or cause, or order, or allow his servants to wash or cleanse any carriage or other conveyance, or horse, or other animal, or whose carriage or other conveyance, or horse, or other animal shall be washed or cleansed in any public street or other public place.

For washing carriages in public streets.

20. Every person who shall place, set up, or build in any public street within the Town any board, scaffolding, post, bar, rail, boards, or other thing by way of inclosure, for the purpose of making mortar, or of depositing, sifting, screening, or slackening any bricks, stone, lime, sand, or any other materials for building, or repairing any house or other building, or for any other purpose whatsoever, without licence first obtained from the Commissioners, who are hereby authorized to grant such licence, under the hand of their Surveyor, or who shall set up or build the same in any other manner, or allow or cause the same to be continued for any longer time than shall be allowed or expressed in such licence, or who shall cause or allow any of the building materials or other things to extend beyond the distance expressed in the licence.

For setting up boards and scaffolding in streets without leave, &c.

21. Every person who shall have been allowed by the Commissioners to set up any scaffolding, or deposit any bricks, stone, lime, sand, or other building materials on the public streets, and who shall not cause a light to be set up every night from sunset to sunrise on every such erection or obstruction.

For lighting obstructions, when allowed.

22. Every person who shall build any wall, or erect any fence or obstruction, or set up any post, so as to be an obstruction in any street, whether the proprietary right to such street shall be in dispute or not.

For erecting obstruction in streets, whether proprietor's right be in dispute or not.

23. Every person who shall set out, place, or expose, or cause to be set out, placed, or exposed, whether for sale or otherwise, any stall, booth, show-board, basket, cask, or meat, fish, vegetable, fruit, groceries, or any other merchandize or goods of any kind, or any stone, bricks, earthenware, hard-ware, timber, or any other thing whatsoever, whether animal, vegetable, or mineral, in or upon any of the public streets, or in or over any drain, sewer, or aqueduct.

24. Every person who shall sift or clean, or cause to be sifted or cleansed, or exposed for any other purpose, any cotton, grain, seeds, rice, coffee, onions, or any other vegetable matter whatsoever, or who shall sift brickdust or lime on any public street, or on, or over any public drain, sewer, reservoir, or aqueduct.

For sifting or cleansing grain, &c. in public streets.

25. Every person who shall keep or leave any carriage, cart, hackery, or other conveyance, or any horse, ox, or other animal, on any public street, or on, or over any public drain, sewer, or aqueduct, so as to cause an obstruction in the streets or public thoroughfare.

For leaving vehicles in public streets, &c.

26. Every person who shall set fire to or burn any straw, hay, seeds, timber, or any other matter, or light any boufire or fire in any public street, or discharge any kind of fire-arms, or any air-gun, or let off, or throw any kind of fireworks, or send up any fire-balloon anywhere in the said Town.

For making fires, and discharging fire-arms and fireworks in streets.

27. Every person who shall beat or sound any musical or sounding instrument, or any brass or metal utensil, in the public streets, except at such times and places as shall be from time to time appointed by the Chief Magistrate, upon application made to him for that purpose.

28. Every person, other than the said Commissioners, or their servants, who shall affix any bill, notice, or any paper against or upon any building, wall, fence, or board, or who shall write upon, deface, or mark with chalk, or paint, or in any way whatsoever, any building, wall, fence, or board, without the consent of the owner or occupier thereof.

For affixing bills, or otherwise defacing houses, &c.

29. Every person who shall expose, or allow to be exposed, within the limits of the said Town, any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables, in a decayed and unwholesome state, and unfit for the food of man.

For exposing unwholesome food, &c.

30. Every person who shall slaughter or cut up any beast, sheep, swine, or other animal in any public street, or so near thereunto that any blood, or filth, or other matter from the same, shall flow or be carried into such street.

For slaughtering in streets.

31. Every person, being the owner, occupier, or farmer of any public market, bazar, or slaughter-house, who shall keep, or allow the same to be kept, in a filthy and unclean state, and shall refuse or neglect, after the expiration of two days' notice, to be given by the said Commissioners or their Surveyor, Overseer, or Bazar Inspector, to cause such market, bazar, or slaughter-house to be properly cleansed, and the filth thereof removed.

For keeping a market unclean, &c.

32. Every person who shall keep in any street, house, out-house, yard, or ground within the Town, any swine, or a flock of more than twenty sheep, goats, or horned cattle.

For keeping swine, &c. in the Town.

XLII. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with the concurrence of the Chief Magistrate, to set apart, at their discretion, certain of the public ghauts on the Calcutta bank of the river Hooghly, for the purpose of being used as bathing places, and every person who shall, by landing goods or merchandize at the said ghauts, or who shall, by anchoring or otherwise fastening or keeping boats or vessels of any description in any manner obstruct or incommode the bathers at any such ghaut, shall be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or, at the discretion of such Justice, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

Bathing places at the river to be set apart.

XLIII. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with the concurrence of the Chief Magistrate, at their discretion, to grant a licence to any person, permitting him to put up posts on the side of any public street for the purpose of affixing thereon lamps to illuminate the said street on occasions of festivals or ceremonies; and any person who shall put up any such post, or affix any such lamp for any purpose, without licence first had and obtained from the Commissioners, under the hand of the Secretary or Surveyor, shall, on con-

Commissioners, and Chief Magistrate, may allow illuminations on streets.

viction thereof before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and, in default of payment, shall be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month.

XLIV. Every person, being the owner, occupier, or farmer of any public market, bazar, or slaughter-house, within the Town, shall cause such market, bazar, or slaughter-house to be registered at the Office of the Commissioners, with a general description of the place, size, number of shops and stalls, and kinds of goods therein exposed for sale; and if he shall refuse or neglect so to register the same, he shall forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, and, in default of payment thereof, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month.

XLV. No place shall be used or occupied as a slaughter-house, within the said Town, which was not in such use and occupation at the time of the passing of this Act, and has not so continued ever since, unless and until a licence for the erection thereof, or for the use and occupation thereof as a slaughter-house, has been obtained from the Commissioners, and every person who, without having first obtained such licence as aforesaid, shall use as a slaughter-house any place within the said limits, not used as such at the time of the passing of this Act, and so continued to be used ever since, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, and, in default of payment, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month.

XLVI. Every person, being the owner, occupier, or farmer of any market, bazar, tannery, or slaughter-house, within the said Town, is required to have such a number of drains therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Commissioners, and shall have all the floors and drains paved with stone or burnt brick, and he shall have also therein a supply of water sufficient, in the judgment of the Commissioners, to keep the whole place in a clean and wholesome state at all times, and in default thereof for four weeks, after notice given to him by the Surveyor, Overseer, or Inspector of Markets, that such market, bazar, tannery, or slaughter-house, is defective in any of the said particulars, shall forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, and, in default of payment, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding two months.

XLVII. Any person who, after the passing of this Act, shall establish any new tannery, or other manufactory, within the said Town, from which an offensive or unwholesome smell may arise, shall forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees, and, in default of payment, shall be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding two months.

XLVIII. All doors and gates put up after the passing of this Act within the limits of the said Town, and which open upon any street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards; and if any such door or gate be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any street, the occupier of such house, building, yard, or land, shall, within eight days after notice from the Commissioners to that effect,

cause the same to be altered, so as not to open outwards, and in case he neglects so to do, the Commissioners may make such alteration, and the expenses of such alteration shall be paid to the Commissioners by such occupier, and shall be recoverable from him in manner hereafter mentioned. And if any such door or gate was before the passing of this Act hung so as to open outwards upon any street, the Commissioners may alter the same, or cause the same to be altered, so that no part thereof, when open, shall project over any public way.

XLIX. Every person, being the owner or occupier of a house in the Town, shall fix at his own expense, in a conspicuous place outside of the house, or of his gate, in the street, the number of the same, as recorded in the assessment books, and no other number, and the said number shall be in legible figures, at least three inches in length, and any person who, after the expiration of three months after the publication of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to have such number affixed, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding fifty rupees.

L. Every person, being the occupier of a house in the said Town, and rated at a gross monthly rental of rupees seventy and upwards for the same, shall fix, at his own expense, in a conspicuous place outside of his house, or if the said house be in a compound, outside of his gate in the street, a lamp, of a pattern to be approved or allowed by the Commissioners, and the said occupier shall keep and maintain a good and sufficient light burning in the said lamp throughout the night, and any person who, after the expiration of three months next after the passing of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to have such lamp affixed as aforesaid, or who shall on any night after the expiration of the said three months, neglect or refuse to keep a good and sufficient light burning therein as aforesaid, shall on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees.

LI. When any person shall have been convicted under the provisions of this Act, and shall not, within seven days after such conviction, discontinue the nuisance or cease to commit the offence for which he was so convicted, such person shall be again liable to the penalties and punishments provided by this Act for such nuisance or offence, and may be again convicted or sentenced under this Act accordingly, and in cases where, by the provisions of this Act, offenders are required to have notice given them to remove the obstruction or nuisance previous to being liable to the penalties imposed by this Act, if such parties being once warned shall be convicted, and shall again offend against the provisions of this Act, it shall not be necessary to repeat the notice aforesaid, but the parties may be summoned at once.

LII. Any person who shall wilfully obstruct or molest the said Commissioners, or any of them, or their Secretary, Surveyor, or other Officer, or Workman employed by them under the provisions of this Act, or any person or company with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, or any person employed by them in the performance or execution of any duty or thing which they are respectively required or authorized to do under this Act, shall, for every such offence, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, or, in the discretion of the said Justice before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment with or without hard labor for a period not exceeding three months.

LIII. No person shall be liable to the payment of any penalty or forfeiture imposed by virtue of this Act for any offence complained of before a Justice of the Peace, unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before such Justice within three months next after the commission of such offence. Provided always, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed so as to prevent the removal at any time of any obstruction or encroachment in or upon any of the streets or lands, or the imposing or levying at any time of any penalty or forfeiture in respect thereof.

LIV. In all cases where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, and the method of ascertaining the amount, or of enforcing the paying thereof, is not provided for, such amount in case of dispute shall be ascertained and determined by arbitration, in like manner as is provided for proceeding by arbitration under Act No. XXII. of 1847, and if the parties cannot agree upon two persons or arbitrators, or the arbitrators fail to pronounce their award as aforesaid, then by any two Justices of Calcutta, and if the amount so ascertained be not paid by the said Commissioners, or by the other party liable to pay to same, as the case may be, within seven days after demand thereof, the amount may be recovered by action of debt or on the case in Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature or the Calcutta Court of Small Causes.

LIV. The said Commissioners shall publish short particulars of the several offences for which any penalty or punishment is imposed by this Act, affecting other persons than officers or servants of the said Commissioners, and of the amount of every such penalty and punishment, and shall cause such particulars to be painted on a board, or to be printed upon paper, and posted on a board, in English and Bengallee, and shall cause such board to be hung up or affixed in some conspicuous place in the Office of the Secretary of the said Commissioners, and, when any such penalties are of local application, shall cause such boards to be affixed in some conspicuous place of the immediate neighbourhood to which such penalties are applicable, or have reference.

LVI. Every penalty or forfeiture imposed by this Act, or any expense incurred by the said Commissioners in respect of any private drains, sewers, doors, or other things as aforesaid, the recovery of which is not otherwise provided for, may be recovered by summary proceeding before any Justice of the Peace of Calcutta, and on complaint being made to any such Justice, he shall issue his summons, requiring the party complained against to appear before him at a time and place to be named in such summons, and every such summons shall be served on the party offending, either in person, or by leaving the same at his usual or last known place of abode, and upon the appearance of the party complained against, or, in his absence, after proof of the due service of such summons, it shall be lawful for such Justice to proceed to the hearing of the complaint, which complaint shall be reduced to writing, and upon proof of the offence, or of the expense having been incurred, either by the confession of the party complained against, or upon the oath or solemn affirmation of one credible witness or more, it shall be lawful for such Justice to convict the offender or party summoned as aforesaid, and, upon such conviction, to adjudge the offender to pay the penalty, or forfeiture, or suffer the punishment, or to pay the expense incurred under the provisions of this Act, as well as such costs attending the conviction

as such Justice shall think fit, which penalty or forfeiture and costs so adjudged may be levied by distress.

LVII. Where in this Act any sum of money, whether in the nature of penalty, or otherwise, is directed to be levied by distress, such sum of money shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party liable to pay the same, and the overplus arising from such goods and chattels, after satisfying such sum of money, and the expenses of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose goods shall have been distrained, or, instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any penalties, forfeitures, or expenses imposed or incurred under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners or any one or more of them, if they think fit, may authorize their Secretary or other person to sue the person liable to pay such penalty, forfeiture, or expenses, or any part thereof, in the Calcutta Court of Small Causes; and the costs, if any, incurred in any such suits, which are not recovered in the suit, may be defrayed out of the taxes levied under the provisions of Act X. of 1852.

LVIII. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the summons, conviction, warrant of distress, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall any such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him, but all persons aggrieved by such defect or irregularity may recover full satisfaction for the special damage in an action on the case in Her Majesty's said Supreme Court, or in the Calcutta Court of Small Causes.

LIX. The Justice of the Peace by whom any such penalty or forfeiture shall be imposed may, when the application there- of is not otherwise provided for, award not more than one-half thereof, or any less sum to the informer, if he shall think fit so to do, and shall award the remainder, or the whole thereof to the said Commissioners, to be by them applied to the purposes of this Act as to them shall appear fit, and shall order the same to be paid over to the Secretary of the said Commissioners for that purpose, whose receipt shall be a good and sufficient discharge to the person so paying the same.

LX. If through any act, neglect, or default, on account whereof any person shall have incurred any penalty imposed by this Act, any damage to the property of the said Commissioners shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage, as well as to pay such penalty, and if the amount of such damage shall not be paid on demand, the same may be recovered by action of debt, or on the case, in the Calcutta Court of Small Causes, or in Her Majesty's said Supreme Court of Judicature.

LXI. It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to summon any person to appear before him as a witness in any matter in which such Justice shall have jurisdiction under the provisions of this Act, at a time and place to be mentioned in such summons, and require from him on oath or solemn affirmation that he will testify the truth in such matter; and if any person so summoned shall without reasonable cause refuse or neglect to appear at the time and place appointed for that purpose, having been paid or tendered a reasonable sum for his expenses, if from distance or any other cause he shall be lawfully entitled to claim such expenses, or if any person appearing shall refuse to be

examined on his oath or solemn affirmation according to law, or to give evidence before such Justice, every such person shall for every such offence forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees, or, at the discretion of such Justice, shall be imprisoned for any term not exceeding one month.

LXII. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction; (that is to say,) words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number; words importing the masculine gender only shall include females; the word "person" shall include corporations, whether aggregate or sole; the words "oath," "affirmation," and "solemn affirmation," when used alone, shall include oath or affirmation or other declaration lawfully substituted for an oath in such case by any Legislative Act of the Governor General of India in Council, or by any Act of the Parliament of Great Britain extended to India; the word "street" shall include any public square, circus, street, court, alley, foot-path, highway, lane, road, thoroughfare, public passage, or other public place within the said Town; the word "lands" shall include messuages, buildings, walls, tenements, and hereditaments of any tenure as well as lands; the words "the said Commissioners" shall mean the Commissioners for the time being appointed or acting under the provisions of Act No. X. of 1852, and the word "month" shall mean calendar month.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

the 20th February 1852.

The following Extract from the proceedings of the Governor General of India in Council, in the Legislative Branch of the Home Department, under date the 20th February 1852, is published for general information:

Read a second time the Draft of a proposed Act, dated the 28th November 1851, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd December 1851, to amend the mode of procedure in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs.

Resolution.—The Governor General in Council resolves, that the following amended Draft on the subject be published for general information;

ACT No. — of 1852.

An Act to amend the mode of Procedure in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs in the Bengal Presidency.

Whereas it is desirable that the mode of procedure in original suits in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs should be assimilated to the mode of procedure in such suits in the Courts of the Judges and Principal Sudder Ameens, It is hereby enacted as follows:

I. Sections XIX., XXI., XXII., XXIV., XXVII., XXIX., XXXV., XXXVII., and Clauses 1, 2, 3, and 5 of Section XXV., and Section LXXIII., so far as it extends Clauses 1, 2, 3, and 5 of Section XXV. and Section XXXV. to Sudder Ameens, of Regulation XXIII. of 1814, and Clause 5, Section V., Clause 3, Section XV., of Regulation V. of 1831, and so much of Clause 3, Section VIII. of the said Regulation V. of 1831, as relates to the Clauses and Sections of Regulation XXIII. of 1814, hereinbefore

mentioned, and Section VI. of the said Regulation V. of 1831, except in so far as it rescinds Sections LVII., LVIII., and LIX. of Regulation XXIII. of 1814, all of the Bengal Code, are hereby repealed.

II. All laws and rules now in force relating to the mode of procedure in the trial and decision of original Civil Suits in the Courts of the Judges and Principal Sudder Ameens, shall also apply to and regulate the mode of procedure in the trial and decision of original Civil Suits in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs.

III. Sections XIII. and XXI. of Regulation III. of 1793, Sections VII. and XI., Regulation VII. of 1795, Sections XVII. and XIX., Regulation II. of 1803, Sections VIII. and IX. of Regulation VII. of 1832, or the Bengal Code, as extended by Act XXI. of 1850, shall be applicable to suits and cases in the Courts of the Moonsiffs. Clause 2, Section IV., Regulation XXVI. of 1814, of the said Code, relating to reviews of judgment, shall also be applicable to the Courts of Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs. Provided always, that if a Sudder Ameen or Moonsiff shall be of opinion that a review of his judgment ought to be granted, he shall report the case to the Judge, who is hereby authorized to permit such review under the same rules as are prescribed by the existing Regulations with respect to similar applications to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.

IV. Every Sudder Ameen and Moonsiff shall have power and authority to try suits in which any Vakeel or Officer of his Court is a party, anything in Section VIII., Act VI. of 1843, and in Clause 2, Section XV., Regulation V. of 1831 to the contrary notwithstanding; and suits under Clause 1, Section XXX., Regulation II. of 1819 of the Bengal Code, may be referred to them by the Zillah Judge for trial and decision under the restrictions as to local jurisdiction and value of property mentioned in Clauses 1, 2, and 3, Section V., and Clause 2, Section XV., Regulation V. of 1831.

V. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed so as to repeal or otherwise affect the rules regarding the dispensing with the use of stamp paper on certain documents in the Courts of the Moonsiffs contained in Clause 2, Section IX., Regulation V. of 1831, or the rules for procuring the attendance of witnesses in the Courts of the Moonsiffs contained in Section II., Act XVII. of 1845.

VI. Applicants for execution of decrees may file with their petitions an authenticated copy of the decree of which execution is sought to be taken out, and in such case it shall not be necessary to compare the petition with the decree contained in the original record of the suit, anything in Clause 7, Section XV., Regulation XXVI. of 1814, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. Original suits referred to a Sudder Ameen under Clause 2, Section XV., Regulation V. of 1831, shall be tried and determined in conformity with the provisions of Regulation XXIII. of 1814, and of this Act, any thing in Clause 3, Section XV., Regulation V. of 1831 to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to affect the mode of procedure in any case pending in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs at the time of the passing of this Act, but the mode of procedure in all such cases shall be governed by the law in force previous to the passing of this Act.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India, after the 20th day of April 1852.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

**FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE.**

the 20th February 1852.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 20th February 1852.

Act No. — or 1852.

An Act for the Registration of Assurances in the Territories under the Government of the East India Company.

Whereas the laws now in force in the Territories under the Government of the East India Company, relating to the Registration of Assurances, require amendment, it is hereby enacted as follows:

I. Regulations XXXVI. of 1793, XXVIII. of 1795, XVII. of 1803, Section XVII. Regulation VIII. of 1805, so far as it relates to Regulation XVII. of 1803, Section XXII. Regulation XII. of 1805, and Regulations XX. of 1812 and IV. of 1824, of the Bengal Code; Regulations XVII. of 1802 and XI. of 1831 of the Madras Code; and Regulation IX. of 1827 of the Bombay Code; and Acts XXX. of 1838, I. of 1843. XIX. of 1843, IV. of 1845, and XVIII. of 1847, are hereby repealed with respect to each of the Presidencies aforesaid, from and after the commencement of Registration under this Act in such Presidencies respectively, but not so as to revive any other Regulation or Act thereby repealed.

II. One public office shall be established in each of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Agra, and Singapore, for the purposes of this Act, to be called "The Chief Register Office;" and one public office shall be established in each of the Districts to be formed and assigned as hereinafter mentioned, for the purposes of this Act, to be called "The District Register Office."

III. The Government of each Presidency or place within the said Territories shall provide and appoint, from time to time, proper buildings for such offices, in convenient places, in such Towns and Districts.

IV. It shall be lawful for the Government of each Presidency or place, from time to time, to appoint for the said Chief Register Office, a Registrar, to be called "The Chief Registrar," and an Assistant to such Chief Registrar, to be called "The Assistant Registrar," and it shall also be lawful for the said Government respectively, from time to time, to appoint, for each of the said District Offices, a Registrar, to be called "The District Registrar."

V. It shall be lawful for each of the said Chief Registrars and District Registrars to appoint for their respective offices such Clerks and subordinate Officers as may be allowed by the Government of each Presidency or place, and may be necessary for the execution of the duties to be performed in such offices, and at pleasure to remove them, or any of them.

VI. Every Chief Registrar to be appointed as aforesaid shall be a Barrister at Law, or an Advocate of the Court of Sessions in Scotland, or a Solicitor of one of Her Majesty's Courts in India, or shall have acted as an Assistant or District Registrar for a period of seven years at least.

VII. In case of the illness, death, or temporary absence of a District Registrar, or during any temporary vacancy in the Office of such District Registrar, it shall be lawful for the Civil Judge of the said District to appoint such person as he shall think fit to act as District Registrar

during such illness, absence, or temporary vacancy as aforesaid.

VIII. Every Chief Registrar, Assistant Registrar, and District Registrar, and such of the Clerks and subordinate Officers, to be appointed as aforesaid, as the Government of each Presidency or

place shall see fit, shall give Security for the due performance of the duties of his or their respective Office or Offices, in such manner, and to such amount, as the said Governments shall respectively deem fit.

IX. Each of the said Registrars, and District Registrars, shall have and keep a Seal, and the Impressions to be taken each of the said Offices by the Government of the Presidency or place in which such Offices are respectively situate, and judicial notice shall be taken in all Courts of the impressions thereof, without any evidence of such Seal having been impressed, or any other evidence in relation thereto.

X. After the first appointment of the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place in the said Territories shall, with all convenient speed, (with the consent of the Government thereof) divide such Presidency or place into Districts for the purposes of this Act, and the said Districts shall be of such extent as may, in his opinion, be convenient for facilitating searches in the separate Registers and Indexes, to be kept as hereinafter mentioned for such District respectively.

XI. The Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place shall, at the expense of the Government of such Presidency or place, provide the Chief Register Office, and each District Register Office therein, with proper books for the Registers, Indexes, and Receipts hereinafter mentioned.

XII. It shall be lawful for the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place, with the consent of the Government thereof, by notice published in the Government Gazette, to appoint a time not earlier than three calendar months from the time of the publication of such notice, when registration under this Act shall commence; and the time so appointed shall be the time of the commencement of registration under this Act.

XIII. All Assurances executed after the commencement of Registration under this Act, by which any lands in the said Territories may be affected at Law or in Equity (except such Assurances as in Section XIV. mentioned) may be registered under this Act by the deposit of the original document, or, where there are duplicate original documents, of one of the duplicate original documents, in the Register Office of the District in which such lands are situate, and by the entry or entries hereinafter required being made in the proper Index or Indexes to be kept under this Act in such Office, and the several documents to be deposited in such Office shall, from time to time, be made up into books or parcels, and numbered and arranged, with references to the said Indexes, in such manner as the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place may direct, and the said books or parcels shall be called "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands."

XIV. After the commencement of Registration under this Act, all leases, or agreements for leases of any lands of any tenure, for any time not exceeding seven years, to commence from the date of such lease or agreement, or from any time not exceeding twelve calendar months from the date of

Leases for seven years and less to be registered in "The Register of Leases" of the District in which lands are situate.

such lease or agreement, in which a Rent shall be reserved or agreed to be reserved, or any Assurance by which any such lease or agreement shall be assigned or otherwise affected, may be registered under this Act by the deposit of the original document, or, when there are duplicate original documents, of one of the original documents, in the Register Office of the District in which such lands are situate, and by the entry or entries hereinafter required being made in the proper Index or Indexes to be kept under this Act in such Offices, and the several documents to be deposited in such Office under this Section shall, from time to time, be made up in parcels or books, and numbered and arranged, with references to the said Indexes, in such manner as the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place may direct, and the said books or parcels shall be called "The Register of Leases."

XV. All Assurances executed after the commencement of Registration under this Act, by which any money or moveable property may be affected at Law or in Equity, shall be registered under this Act by the deposit of the original document, or, where there are duplicate original documents, of one of the duplicate original documents, in the Register Office of the District in which such Assurance is made, and by the entry or entries hereinafter required being made in the proper Index or Indexes to be kept under this Act in such Office; and the several documents to be deposited in such Office shall, from time to time, be made up into books or parcels, and numbered and arranged, with references to the said Indexes, in such manner as the Chief Registrar of such Presidency or place may direct, and the said books or parcels shall be called "The General Register." Any such Assurance may also be registered in manner aforesaid in the Register Office of any other District, where any other Assurance affecting the same money or moveable property is registered.

XVI. All Assurances executed after the commencement of Registration under this Act, by which any lands in the said Territories, and also money or moveable property may be affected at Law or in Equity, shall be registered as hereinbefore mentioned in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," unless such lands are so affected by way of lease or agreement for lease only, in which case such Assurances shall be registered as hereinbefore mentioned in "The General Register," and all such Assurances registered in "The General Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" shall be indexed as hereinafter provided by Section L. of this Act.

XVII. Every Assurance registered as herein-mentioned shall be marked by the District Registrar of the Office in which the same is registered, with the day, and time of the day, when the same was deposited as aforesaid.

XVIII. Where there are duplicate original Assurances, and one duplicate thereof is duly stamped, the other duplicate shall be exempted from stamp duty if registered under this Act; but the Registrar, before he registers any unstamped Assurance, shall satisfy himself that the duplicate thereof is duly stamped, and all memorials and copies to be registered pursuant to this Act, and all copies and extracts of or from any of the documents to be deposited in the Register Office, and all extracts from any of the Indexes to be kept at the Register Office, and all certificates of the result of searches in the said Indexes, and all requisitions for such copies, extracts, and searches respectively, shall be exempt from stamp duty.

XIX. Every person who deposits an Assurance for Registration as aforesaid shall be entitled to receive from the Registrar of the Office in which the same is deposited a receipt acknowledging such deposit, and the day and time of the day when it was made, the date of the Assurance, the names of the parties thereto, and the entries in the proper Index or Indexes in which the same has been indexed. The Government of each Presidency or place shall furnish each District Registrar therein with receipt books for this purpose, and the receipts therein shall be according to the forms in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect, as the case may be, and every such receipt, and the counterfoil thereof, shall be numbered in order from the beginning to the end of the book, each receipt and the counterfoil thereof bearing the same number, and the Registrar shall sign both the receipt and the counterfoil thereof, and shall cut off and deliver to the depositor the counterfoil receipt on the right hand of the said receipt book, retaining the other receipt in the book for reference in the Office.

XX. All Assurances executed after the commencement of Registration under this Act, and mentioned and described in Sections XIII. and XIV. shall be registered in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," or in "The Register of Leases," as the case may be, of the District in which the lands are situate, and in the Registers of no other Districts, and every Assurance not affecting lands, but only money or moveable property, shall be registered in "The General Register" of the District in which such Assurance is made, and also, if the parties think fit, in "The General Register" of any other District where any other Assurance affecting the same money or moveable property is registered.

XXI. Every decree or order of any Court made after the commencement of Registration under this Act, whereby any estate or interest in land in the said Territories is created, declared, transferred, or otherwise affected, and also every decree or order of any Court, made after such commencement, by which any suit, decree, or order as aforesaid is varied or reversed, shall for the purposes of this Act be considered an Assurance affecting such lands, and may be registered as aforesaid in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," or in "The Register of Leases," as the case may be, of the District in which such lands are situate, and in every such case the document to be deposited shall be a memorial of the decree or order, which memorial shall express the date of the decree or order, and the title of the cause wherein the same purports to be made, and shall also set forth the decree or order, or so much thereof as relates to the estate or interest created, declared, transferred, or affected by the decree or order to be registered, or by the decree or order which is varied or reversed by the decree or order to be registered (as the case may be), and every such memorial as aforesaid shall, previously to the same being deposited in the Register Office, be examined with the decree or order by the Registrar, or by some Clerk authorized to give out an office copy of such decree or order, and shall be certified by the signature of such Registrar or Clerk, and every such Registrar or Clerk is hereby required to examine any such memorial, and to certify the same by his signature, at the request of any person, upon being paid the sum of one rupee and eight annas.

XXII. Every decree or order of any Court, made after the commencement of Registration under this Act, whereby any right or interest in money or moveable property only is created, declar-

Assurances affecting money or moveable property to be registered in "The General Register" of the District in which Assurance is made.

Deeds to be registered only in the District where lands affected thereby are situate; in the case of moveable property in the District where Assurance is made.

Decrees affecting lands may be registered.

Decrees affecting moveable property may be registered.

ed, transferred, or otherwise affected, and also every decree or order of any Court, made after such commencement, by which any such decree or order as aforesaid is varied or reversed, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered an Assurance, and may be registered as aforesaid in "The General Register" of the District in which such Court is situate, and, if the party registering such decree shall think fit, in "The General Register" of any other District where any other Assurance affecting the same money or moveable property is registered, and in every such case the document deposited shall be a memorial of the decree or order, which shall be in such form, and shall contain the same particulars as are required by the last Section with respect to memorials of decrees affecting lands, and every such memorial as aforesaid shall be examined by such persons, and in such manner, and upon payment of such charge, as is provided by the last Section.

XXIII. Any person claiming any interest under any equitable mortgage affecting any lands in the said Territories, made by deposit of Title Deeds, after the commencement of Registration under this Act, may register in the Register Office of the District in which such lands are situate, a memorandum, containing a description of the lands and the names of persons by and with whom respectively the Title Deeds are deposited, and expressing the principal sum of money secured by such equitable mortgage, or in case the total amount of the principal money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable upon such equitable mortgage, be limited not to exceed a given sum, the total amount of such money, or in case the money secured by such equitable mortgage be without any limit, that the money secured by such equitable mortgage is unlimited, and, in every such case, the memorandum to be so registered shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered an Assurance affecting such lands, and shall be registered in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands."

XXIV. Where, by reason of the non-payment of purchase-money, a vendor has, after the commencement of Registration under this Act, acquired a lien for such purchase-money on any lands in the said Territories, any person claiming an interest in such lien may register a memorandum, containing such particulars of the conveyance by the vendor as are sufficient to identify the same, and also containing a description of the lands, and expressing the amount of the money for which a lien is claimed, and in every such case the memorandum to be so registered shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered an Assurance affecting such lands, and shall be registered in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" of the District in which such lands are situate.

XXV. In the several cases provided for by the four immediately preceding Sections, the Assurance to be registered shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered to have been made by the person whose right or interest in the lands or property shall be bound or affected by the decree or order, the equitable mortgage, or the lien (as the case may be), and subject to the Regulations to be made under this Act, the same entry or entries shall be made on registering such Assurances as would have been required if the lands or property affected by the decree or order, the equitable mortgage, or the lien (as the case may be) had been so affected by the grant, conveyance, or assignment of such person.

XXVI. Any Will by which lands in the said Territories may be affected at Law or in Equity, where the testator dies after the commencement of Registration

under this Act, may be registered by the deposit of the original Will, or (where there are duplicate original Wills) of one of the duplicate original Wills, in the Register Office of the District in which such lands are situate, and any Will by which only money or moveable property is affected, where the testator dies as aforesaid, may be registered by the deposit of the original Will, or (where there are duplicate original Wills) of one of the duplicate original Wills, in the Register Office of the District in which the testator died; or if any such Will as aforesaid be proved, or Letters of Administration with such Will annexed be granted in any Court in the said Territories having jurisdiction for the Probate of Wills, and such Will be deposited in such Court, the same may be registered under this Act by the deposit in the proper Register Office as aforesaid of a memorial of such Will, mentioning the name of the testator, with his addition (if any) as set forth in the Will, and the Court in which, and the time when, such Will was proved, or such Letters of Administration granted, or by the deposit in such Office of an office or authenticated copy of the Will, duly certified by the Registrar, or other Chief Officer of the Court in which such Will was proved, or Letters of Administration granted; or if such Will be proved, or Letters of Administration with such Will annexed be granted in any Court having jurisdiction for the Probate of Wills in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere out of the said Territories, such Will may be registered under this Act by the deposit in the proper Register Office as aforesaid of a copy of the same; and the copy to be so deposited shall, where there is any Officer authorized to give out an office or authenticated copy from the office or place of deposit of such Will, be an office or authenticated copy, duly certified by such Officer, and all such Wills or Memorials by which lands in the said Territories are affected at Law or in Equity shall be considered as Assurances affecting such lands within the meaning of this Act, and may be registered as hereinbefore mentioned in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," and all such Wills or Memorials by which only money or moveable property is affected at Law or in Equity, shall also be deemed Assurances, and shall be registered in "The General Register."

XXVII. Where any person, having power to affect by Will lands, money, or moveable property in the said Territories, dies after the commencement of Registration under this Act, intestate, Letters of Administration, or certificates granted under Act XX. of 1841, in respect of the estate and effects of such person, may be registered under this Act by the deposit in the Register Office of an office extract of such Letters or Certificates, and any person who claims as heir, representative, or otherwise, any estate, property, or interest in such lands, money, or moveable property, which might have been defeated or affected by the Will of any person dying after the commencement of Registration under this Act, and believes such person to have died intestate, or intestate as to such lands, money, or moveable property, may make and register an Affidavit, hereinafter referred to as an Affidavit of Intestacy, stating that the deponent claims such estate or interest, and stating the time of the death of such deceased person, and that the deponent believes that such deceased person died without a Will, or without any Will other than any Will in such Affidavit mentioned; and all such Letters of Administration, Certificates, Extracts, and Affidavits, relating to, or in any way affecting any lands, shall be deemed Assurances within the meaning of this Act, and shall be deposited and registered as hereinbefore directed in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" of the District in which such lands are situate, and all such Letters of Administration, Certificates, Extracts, and Affidavits, relating to, or affecting only money, or

Liens by reason of non-payment of purchase-money may be registered by depositing a memorandum.

Letters of Administration or Affidavit of Intestacy may be registered.

The Assurance to be considered to have been made by the person whose right, &c. in the lands, &c. shall be bound by the decree, &c.

Registration of Wills.

moveable property, shall also be deemed Assurances within the meaning of this Act, and shall be registered as hereinbefore directed in "The General Register" of the District where such deceased person as aforesaid died.

XXVIII. Every written authority given by any husband to a wife to adopt after his decease any son, such authority being so given after the commencement of Registration under this Act, may be registered by the deposit of the original authority, or (when there are duplicate original authorities) of one of the duplicate original authorities, and every such written authority shall be deemed an Assurance. Where any estate or interest in land may be affected by virtue of such adoption, the written authority shall be registered as hereinbefore mentioned in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" of the District in which the lands are situate, and where only interests in money or moveable property may be affected by such adoption, such written authority shall be registered as hereinbefore mentioned in "The General Register" of the District in which such husband died.

XXIX. Where the original document, or (if there be duplicates) the several original documents, is or are destroyed or lost, a copy of, or (in cases where no copy is known to exist) an extract from the original document, or of or from any one of the duplicate original documents, may, on registering the Assurance, be deposited in the Register Office, in lieu of an original document, and thereupon the Registration of the Assurance shall (so far as respects depositing a document) be as valid and effectual as if an original document had been deposited in the Register Office: Provided always, that in every such case an Affidavit of the destruction or loss of the original document, or (if there have been duplicate originals) of the destruction or loss of the several original documents, and (where an extract only is deposited) of the non-existence, to the best of the deponent's belief, of any copy of the original document, or of any one of the original documents, (as the case may be,) shall be brought to the Register Office with the said copy or extract, to be deposited as aforesaid, and shall be deposited together with the same in the Register Office. Provided always, that in the case of a copy or extract, the Registration of an Assurance shall be effectual only so far as such copy or extract extends, and so far as the same substantially and in material respects agrees with the original document.

XXX. Where any order or rule is made by any Judge or Court, as hereinafter mentioned, respecting the delivery or sending of any document, or copy, or extract, at or to a Register Office, for the purpose of being registered, and the same is not delivered or sent within such time as by such order or rule may be limited in that behalf, such order or rule may be registered in the Register Office, and the registration thereof shall be of the like force and effect as the registration of such document, copy, or extract.

XXXI. Every petition for adjudication of Insolvency in the said Territories, filed of record after the commencement of Registration under this Act, may be registered under this Act by the deposit in the Register Office of a memorandum, mentioning the Court in which, and the time when, such petition was filed, and the name and place of residence or business of the person against whom such petition is presented,

as the same are set forth in the petition, and by the entry hereinafter required being made in the proper Index to be kept in the Register Office; and every appointment or choice of Assignees of any Insolvent in the said Territories made after such commencement may be registered under this Act by the deposit in the Register Office of the District in which such Assignees are appointed of an Office copy of the Certificate of such appointment or choice, and by the entry hereinafter required being made in the said Index; and all such memoranda and copies as aforesaid shall be deemed Assurances within the meaning of this Act. Where any lands may be affected at Law or in Equity by such adjudication or appointment as aforesaid, the same shall be registered as hereinbefore mentioned in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" of the District in which such lands are situate; and where only money or moveable property may be affected at Law or in Equity by such adjudication or appointment, the same shall be registered in "The General Register" of the District in which such petition is to be adjudicated.

XXXII. Where by virtue of any vesting or other order made after the commencement of Registration under this Act by any Court, Commissioner, or Judge, in the said Territories, having jurisdiction in that behalf,—or of any nomination, appointment, or choice of an Official or other Assignee made after such commencement by such Court, Commissioner, or Judge,

or by the Creditors of any Insolvent Debtor,—the Estate and Effects of any Insolvent Debtor become vested in any such Assignee, every such order, nomination, appointment, or choice, may be registered under this Act by the deposit in the Register Office of an office or authenticated copy or certificate of such order, nomination, appointment, or choice, and by the entry hereinafter required being made in the proper Index in the Register Office; and all such copies and certificates shall be deemed Assurances within the meaning of this Act; and where any lands may be affected at Law or in Equity by such order, nomination, appointment, or choice, the same shall be registered in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" of the District where such lands are situate; and where only money or moveable property may be affected at Law or in Equity by such order, nomination, appointment, or choice, the same shall be registered in "The General Register" of the District in which such order, nomination, appointment, or choice is made.

XXXIII. All requisitions for Inhibitions against alienation hereinafter mentioned, and the respective Affidavits delivered therewith, and all Caveats hereinafter mentioned, affecting any lands at Law or in Equity, shall be considered Assurances within the meaning of this Act, and may be registered by the deposit thereof in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" of the District in which such lands are situate; and all requisitions for Inhibitions against alienation, and the respective Affidavits delivered therewith, and all Caveats affecting only money or moveable property, shall also be deemed Assurances, and may be registered by the deposit thereof in "The General Register" of the District in which the Assurance sought to be affected by any use, trust, or confidence mentioned in such requisition, or by any such Caveat, is or is about to be registered; and all such Affidavits delivered with such requisitions for Inhibitions shall be numbered in the respective Registers with the same number as the requisitions.

XXXIV. None of the provisions of this Act shall extend to such Assurances relating to shares in any public or private works or undertaking of any Corporation, Company, or So-

Any order or appointment, &c., of Assignees in Insolvency may be registered by deposit of a copy or certificate, and making the proper entry.

Inhibitions and Caveats may be Registered.

Shares in Companies not to be affected.

ciety, as by virtue of any local or other Act are required to be registered, or otherwise entered or minuted in the books of the Corporation, Company, or Society.

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes not to be affected by this Act.

XXXV. None of the provisions of this Act shall be construed to extend to Bills of Exchange or Promissory Notes.

XXXVI. There shall be provided and kept in each District Register Office in the said Territories, four Indexes of "the Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," to be respectively intitled, the Index of Titles, the Index of the names of Grantors, the Index of Testators and Intestates, and the Index to Insolvents; and the said four Indexes shall respectively be made and kept as next hereinafter mentioned.

XXXVII. All Assurances to be registered under this Act, by which any lands may be affected as aforesaid, shall be indexed in "the Index of Titles" to "the Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," under heads to be respectively designated by numbers or names of Villages or Melials, or otherwise, as the Registrar may think fit; and every entry in the said Index shall express the year and the day of the month when the same is made, and the book or parcel in which the document deposited in the Register Office is made up, and the number of such document in such book or parcel, and such other particulars as under any Regulations to be made as hereinafter mentioned may be directed.

XXXVIII. "The Index of the names of Grantors" to "the Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" shall be an alphabetical index of the names of such Grantors, and, save where otherwise provided by the Regulations to be made under this Act, the name of the Grantor in the Assurance, with his addition (if any) as set forth therein, shall be entered in the Index of the names of Grantors for the district, and an entry shall be made opposite to the name so entered, which entry shall contain a reference to the head under which such Assurance is indexed in the Index of Titles; and where the lands affected by the Assurance are situate in more than one district, like entries shall be made in the Index of the names of Grantors for each such district.

XXXIX. "The Index of Testators and Intestates" to "the Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" shall be an alphabetical index of such testators and intestates, and where any will, letters of administration, certificate, or affidavit of intestacy, is or are registered under this Act, an entry of the name of the testator or intestate, with his addition, if any, as set forth in the will, letters of administration, certificate, or affidavit, shall be made in such index, and opposite to the name of every testator or intestate, whose name is so entered, an entry shall be made, expressing the year and day of the month when such entry is made, and the nature of the document deposited, and the book or parcel in which the will, memorial, copy, office extract of letters of administration, or certificate, or affidavit, is made up, and the number thereof in such book or parcel, and such other particulars as under any Regulations to be made as hereinafter mentioned may be directed.

XL. "The Index of Insolvents" to "the Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands" shall be an alphabetical index of such Insolvents, and where any petition for adjudication of Insolvency, appointment, or choice of Assignees, or any vesting or other order or no-

mination in any Insolvency, is registered under this Act, an entry of the name of the person against whom the petition is presented, or of the Insolvent, with the addition (if any) of such person or Insolvent as set forth in the memorandum, copy, or certificate deposited as aforesaid, shall be made in the said Index to Insolvents; and opposite to the name of every Insolvent whose name is so entered an entry shall be made, expressing the year and day of the month when the same entry is made, and the book or parcel in which the said memorandum, copy, or certificate has been made up, and the number of the same in such book or parcel, and such other particulars as under any Regulation to be made as hereinafter mentioned may be directed.

XLI. The Government of each Presidency or place may cause to be provided for the several districts therein, such Maps as they may approve and deem sufficient for the purposes of Registration under this Act, and for providing such Maps may cause to be made or adopted copies, with

such additions, omissions, or variations, as they may think fit, of such of the Maps made for the Revenue Survey, or by the Trigonometrical Survey, or of such other existing Maps as they may think sufficient, or may cause, in any case, new Maps to be made for the whole or part of any District; and the Maps to be provided or adopted as aforesaid shall be deposited and kept in the respective District Register Offices, and shall be used for the purposes of this Act; and the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place respectively, with the consent of the Government thereof, shall cause to be made for each District an Index or Indexes, in such form as he may approve, of the several lands in the District, having reference to the Map or Maps thereof to be used for the purposes of this Act, and shall make provisions and Regulations for insertion, from time to time, in the Indexes for the several Districts, of the names, or short descriptions of the villages or other estates of whatever tenure therein respectively as cannot be conveniently indicated by reference to such Maps; and the Index or Indexes so to be made for each District shall be deposited and kept in the District Register Office, and shall be "the Land Index" of such District for the purposes of this Act; and from and after the period when such Maps are provided, and such Index or Indexes having references thereto are made as aforesaid in any District, it shall and may be lawful for the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place (with the consent of the Government thereof), in his discretion, to make regulations for the discontinuance in such District of "the Index of Titles" to "the Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands."

XLII. In Districts where a Land Index is made, and an Index of Titles is also continued, if an entry of an Assurance is made in the Index of Titles, an entry shall be made in "the Land Index" for the same District, opposite to the name or number of such land, which entry in the Land Index shall contain a reference to the entry in the Index of Titles, and the said Land Index shall contain such other particulars as under any Regulations to be made as hereinafter mentioned may be directed.

XLIII. There shall be provided and kept in each District Register Office in the said Territories two Indexes of "the Register of Leases," to be respectively intitled "the Index of Titles" and "the Index of Lessors," and the said two Indexes shall respectively be made and kept as next hereinafter mentioned.

XLIV. All Leases, or agreements for Leases, or other Assurances by which such Leases or Agreements shall be as-

Maps may be made or adopted by Government, &c. "Land Index" formed with reference to such maps.

"The Index of Insolvents" to "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands."

Entries made in "The Land Index" to contain references to "The Index of Titles," if the latter Index is continued.

Two Indexes to be kept of "The Register of Leases."

"Index of Titles"

to "The Register of Leases," signed or affected, shall be indexed in "the Index of Titles" to "the Register of Leases," under heads, to be respectively designated by numbers, or names of villages, or estates, or otherwise as the District Registrar may think fit, or as may be directed by the Regulations hereinafter mentioned; and every entry in such Index shall express the year and day of the month when the same is made, and the book or parcel in which the document deposited in the Register Office is made up, and the number of such document in such book or parcel, and such other particulars as under any Regulations to be made as hereinafter mentioned may be directed.

XLV. "The Index of the Names of Lessors" to "the Register of Leases" shall be an Alphabetical Index of the names of such Lessors, and the name of the Lessor in the Lease or Assignment, with his addition, if any, as set forth therein, shall be entered in such Index, and an entry shall be made, opposite to the name to be so entered, which entry shall contain a reference to the head under which such Lease is indexed in the Index of Titles, and such other particulars as under any Regulation to be made as hereinafter mentioned may be directed; and when the lands affected by such Lease are situate in more than one District, like entries shall be made in the Index of each such District.

XLVI. There shall be provided and kept in each District Register Office in the said Territories, three Indexes of "the General Register," to be respectively intitled "the Index of the Names of Grantors," "the Index to Testators and Intestates," and "the Index to Insolvents," and the said three Indexes shall respectively be made and kept as next hereinafter mentioned.

XLVII. The "Index of the names of Grantors" to "The General Register" shall be an Alphabetical Index of such Grantors, and, save where otherwise provided by the Regulations to be made under this Act, shall be made and kept in the manner and form hereinbefore provided for the making and keeping of the "Index of the names of Grantors," to "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," or as near thereto as circumstances will permit, and shall contain such other particulars as under any Regulation to be made as hereinafter mentioned shall be directed.

XLVIII. "The Index of Testators and Intestates" to "The General Register" shall be an Alphabetical Index of such Testators and Intestates, and, save where otherwise provided by the Regulations to be made under this Act, shall be made and kept in the manner and form hereinbefore provided for the making and keeping of "The Index of Testators and Intestates" to "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," or as near thereto as circumstances will admit, and shall contain such other particulars as under any Regulation to be made as hereinafter mentioned shall be directed.

XLIX. "The Index of Insolvents" to "The General Register" shall be an Alphabetical Index of such Insolvents, and, save where otherwise provided by the Regulations to be made under this Act, shall be made and kept in the manner and form hereinbefore provided for the making and keeping of "The Index of Insolvents" to "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," or as near thereto as circumstances will admit, and shall contain such other particulars as under any Regulation to be made as hereinafter mentioned shall be directed.

L. All Assurances by which any lands, and also money or moveable property, are affected, and registered in "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," according to Section XVI. of this Act, shall be indexed in the proper Indexes to "The General Register," as well as in the proper Indexes of "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands."

Assurances affecting both lands and moveable property to be indexed in the proper Indexes of both Registers.

LI. On the registration of any Assurance made by an heir at law, or other person, by way of confirmation of a Will which has been registered under this Act, or of any appointment of new Trustees under any such Will, or of any release or Assurance of any lands or charges on lands comprised in or affected by any such Will, which, in the opinion of the Registrar, may be conveniently indexed with reference to such Will, the Registrar may cause to be entered in "The Index to Testators and Intestates," opposite to, or in connexion with the entry in relation to such Will, a reference to the head or entry under which such Assurance, appointment, or release is entered in the Index of Titles.

LII. Each District Registrar shall cause the entries required to be made on registering or indexing any Assurance under this Act to be made immediately after the Assurance is received at the Register Office, and no Assurance shall be deemed registered under this Act unless and until all the entries required under this Act in respect of such Assurance have been duly made; Provided that when, upon the registration under this Act of an Assurance affecting lands, all the entries which would be required for such registration have been duly made with respect to part only of the lands affected thereby, such Assurance shall, as to the lands with respect to which such entries have been so made, but not as to the residue of the lands affected by such Assurance, be deemed duly registered under this Act.

LIII. Any person having an interest in any lands, money, or moveable property, in the said Territories, under any Assurance by this Act authorized to be registered, which has not been registered, may require any person in possession of the original document, or (where the original document or the several original documents, is or are lost) a copy of, or (in cases where no copy is known to exist) an extract from the original document, or of or from any of the original documents, to deliver or send the same at or to the proper Register Office, for the purpose of its being registered; and in case the person in whose possession the same shall be refuse so to do, it shall be lawful for any Judge of any Court of Civil Judicature, upon a summary application, to make such order respecting the delivery or sending of such document, or copy, or extract as aforesaid, at or to the proper Register Office, for the purpose aforesaid, as to such Judge, in the exercise of his discretion, shall, under the circumstances of the case, appear proper; and on non-compliance with any such order or rule, the same may be registered as in Section XXX. hereinbefore mentioned. Provided always, that this enactment shall not authorize any person to require or enforce the registration of any Assurance, or copy, or extract of an Assurance affecting lands at Law or in Equity, in case any agreement or provision has been made for the non-registration of such Assurance by

him, or by any person from or through whom he derives an interest under such Assurance.

LV. It shall be lawful for the Judge, to whom

Judge may make order as to costs, and may order office copy to be furnished at the expense of the applicant.

any such application is made, to make such order respecting the costs of such application, and the costs incidental thereto, and the costs of registration, as to such Judge shall seem proper; and it shall also be lawful for such Judge, if he think fit, to order that an office copy of the original document, copy, or extract, to be delivered or sent as aforesaid, shall be furnished to the party by whom the same shall be so delivered or sent, at the expense of the party by whom the application is made.

LV. Provided always, that where any Judge of Her Majesty's Courts, or of the

Appeals from such orders.

Courts of Sudder Adawlut, makes or refuses to make any such order as aforesaid, application may be made to the whole Court of which he is a Judge, to rescind or vary such order, or to make such order, as the case may require, and such Court shall hear and determine the matter of such application; and where any Judge of a Small Cause Court makes or refuses to make any such order, application may be made to Her Majesty's Court having jurisdiction in the Town where such Small Cause Court is situate; and where any other Judge makes or refuses to make any such order, application may be made to the Sudder Adawlut of the Presidency in which such Judge has jurisdiction, to rescind or vary such order, or to make such order, as the case may require, and the said Courts of Her Majesty and Sudder Adawlut, as the case may be, shall respectively hear and determine the matter of such application.

LV. Every Assurance by this Act authorized to

Assurances affecting lands authorized to be registered to be void as against purchasers, unless registered.

be registered, other than a Will, decree, or order, shall (so far as regards any lands in the said Territories to be affected thereby) be void as against any person claiming for valuable consideration under any subsequent Assurance duly registered,

unless the prior Assurance have been registered in the manner directed by this Act before the registration of the subsequent Assurance.

LVII. Where any equitable mortgage affecting

Equitable mortgage by deposit of Deeds, and lien for purchase-money, to be void as against purchasers, unless Memorandum registered.

lands in the said Territories is made by the deposit of Title Deeds after such commencement of registration, and where, by reason of the non-payment of purchase-money, a vendor has, at any time after such commencement of registration, acquired a lien for such purchase-money on any lands in the said Territories, such equitable mortgage and lien respectively shall be void as against any person claiming for valuable consideration under any subsequent Assurance duly registered, unless, in the respective case of such equitable mortgage and lien, such Memorandum, as is hereinbefore in such respective cases authorized to be registered, be registered in the manner required by this Act before the registration of the subsequent Assurance.

LVIII. Where any Will, Letters of Administration,

Un-registered Will to be void against purchaser from persons entitled under a registered Will, or, in default of a Will, where Letters of Administration or Affidavit of Intestacy registered.

Certificate, or Affidavit of Intestacy, authorized to be registered under this Act, has or have been duly registered, every other Will authorized to be registered under this Act, made by the person by whom such first-mentioned Will was made, or in respect of whose Estate and Effects such Letters of Administration or Certificate were granted, or with respect to whose Intestacy or alleged Intestacy such Affidavit was made, shall, so far as regards any

lands in the said Territories, be void as against any person claiming for valuable consideration under any Assurance duly registered under this Act, made after the death of the Testator by any person claiming immediately or derivatively under such first-mentioned Will, or such Letters of Administration or Certificate, or by any other person by whom such Assurance might have been made if such other Will as aforesaid had not been executed, unless such other Will be registered before the registration of such Assurance, or such first mentioned Will, Letters of Administration, Certificate, or Affidavit.

Registration of Will within two years after Testator's death effectual.

Provided always, that every Will registered within two years after the death of the testator shall be as valid and effectual as if the same had been registered immediately after the death of the testator: Provided also, that if, by reason of the concealment, suppression, or contesting of any Will, or other inevitable difficulty, any person interested thereunder be disabled from registering the same within such two years, and such person,

the death of the

If concealment of Will contested, party interested may register an affidavit as to Will.

or any person on his behalf, within such last-mentioned period, make and register, in manner herein directed, an Affidavit, stating the name and addition of the testator, the date of his death, and the impediment to the registration of such Will which may be existing at the time of making such Affidavit, then and in such case the registration of such Will in manner directed by this Act, within six calendar months next after all impediments to the registration thereof are removed, shall, unless before such registration, the registration of such Affidavit be cancelled under the provision hereinafter contained, be as valid and effectual as if the same had been registered immediately after the death of the testator; and such Affidavit as aforesaid shall be deposited in the Register Office, and shall be made up and numbered in like manner as hereinbefore directed concerning Registered Wills, and the like entries shall be made in relation to such Affidavit in the "Index to Testators and Intestates" as in the case of a Registered Will, save that in describing the document deposited,

Court may order Registration of Affidavit of a Will to be cancelled.

the same shall be called an Affidavit of a Will: Provided always, that where an Affidavit of a Will is registered under the provision lastly hereinbefore contained, it shall be lawful for the Court of Civil Jurisdiction of the district in the Register Office of which the same is registered, upon the application, by motion or petition, in a summary way, without bill or plaint filed, of any person claiming as Heir, Executor, Administrator, Representative, or otherwise, any estate or interest in lands, money, or moveable property in the said Territories, which might have been deleted or affected by the Will of the person in respect of whose Will or alleged Will such Affidavit is made, in case it appear to the said Court that such Affidavit was made and registered without due cause, or that the cause for making and registering the same has ceased, or otherwise that the registration of such Affidavit should be cancelled, to order such cancellation accordingly; and it shall be lawful for such Court, on any such application, to award such costs, and generally to make such order in relation to the premises, as to such Court may seem fit, and the Registrar shall, where such Court orders such registration to be cancelled, cancel the entries in the Index in relation to such Affidavit.

LIX. Where the first vesting, or other order, or

Purchasers protected against Insolvency, unless appointment of Assignees, &c. be registered.

nomination, appointment, or choice of any Assignees in any Insolvency, under which the estate and effects of the Insolvent becomes vested in any Assignees or Trustee under the Insolvency, is made after the commencement of registration under this Act, such Insol-

veny, or any vesting or other order, nomination, appointment, or choice of Assignees thereunder, shall not, as against any person claiming for valuable consideration under any Assurance duly registered under this Act, made by the Insolvent, or any other person by whom the same might have been made if such Insolvency had not happened, invalidate or affect such Assurance, so far as regards any lands in the said Territories, unless some such vesting, or other order, or nomination, appointment, or choice of Assignees, as is authorized to be registered under this Act, be duly registered before the registration of such Assurance as aforesaid, or within one calendar month after the date of the order, nomination, appointment, or choice under which the estate and effects of the Insolvent have become vested in any Assignee or Trustee under the Insolvency.

LX. No Assurance by an Insolvent affecting lands in the said Territories executed after the commencement of registration as aforesaid, and duly registered under this Act before the advertisement in the Government Gazette of an adjudication of Insolvency, shall, as against any person claiming under such Assurance for valuable consideration, and without fraud, be invalidated, so far as regards any lands in the said Territories, by reason of such adjudication, or of the Act of Insolvency on which such adjudication is founded, or any other act of insolvency, unless the petition for adjudication have been filed of record, or presented after the commencement of Registration under this Act, or have been duly registered under this Act before the registration of such Assurance.

LXI. The priority given by the provisions hereinbefore contained to any person claiming for valuable consideration under a registered Assurance shall not, as respects any person so claiming without fraud, be taken away by any Court, in consequence of such person having been affected with notice; and where, under the provisions hereinbefore contained, priority is given to any person claiming for valuable consideration under a registered Assurance an equitable estate or interest, such priority shall, in favor of any person so claiming without fraud, be enforced in Equity, although the person so claiming under such registered Assurance has been affected with notice.

LXII. Where any estate or interest in lands in the said Territories is vested in any person under any Assurance registered under this Act, no purchaser for valuable consideration not to be affected by notice of uses or trusts not manifested by a registered Assurance, nor by uses or trusts declared by reference to an unregistered Assurance, or some other Assurance duly registered under this Act, before the registration of the Assurance under which such purchaser so claims; and where, in any Assurance registered under this Act, any use, trust, or confidence affecting any estate or interest in lands in the said Territories vested in any person under any Assurance registered under this Act, is declared or created by reference to, and depends for its validity, or for the terms thereof upon some other Assurance executed after the commencement of registration under this Act, no purchaser for valuable consideration, without fraud, claiming under any Assurance made by the person in whom such estate or interest is so vested, shall be affected by such

use, trust, or confidence, unless the Assurance, by reference to which such use, trust, or confidence is so declared or created, be registered under this Act before the registration of the Assurance under which such purchaser so claims.

LXIII. Where any two or more Assurances to be registered under this Act are registered at the same time, such Assurances shall have priority according to the order of time in which the same shall have been executed.

LXIV. Every person who shall claim without valuable consideration, under any person who shall have claimed for valuable consideration, shall be entitled to the same preference, protection, and advantage under the provisions of this Act as the persons who shall have so claimed for valuable consideration.

LXV. In any case in which priority or protection might but for this Act have been given or allowed in Equity to any estate or interest in lands, by reason or on the ground of such estate or interest being protected by or tacked to any legal or other estate or interest in such lands, no such priority or protection shall, after the commencement of Registration under this Act, be so given or allowed to any estate or interest in lands in the said Territories, except as against any estate or interest which shall have existed prior to such commencement; and full effect shall be given in every Court of Equity to this present provision, although the party claiming such priority or protection as aforesaid shall claim as a purchaser for valuable consideration, and without notice.

LXVI. No Assurance affecting lands which would (so far as this present enactment does not operate) have the effect at any time of merging or extinguishing any term of years or other particular estate, or of releasing or extinguishing any charge, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, shall have such effect as against any person claiming for valuable consideration under any subsequent Assurance duly registered, whereby such term of years or other particular estate, or such charge or interest is assigned, or otherwise affected, unless before the registration of such subsequent Assurance an entry of the Assurance which would have the effect of merging, releasing, or extinguishing such term of years or other particular estate, or charge, or interest, or part respectively, be made in the Index of Titles in which an Assurance of such term of years or other particular estate, or charge, or interest, if the same were subsisting, ought, under the provisions of this Act, to be indexed or entered.

LXVII. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed so as to render the registration of such leases or agreements for leases as in Section XIV mentioned, or any Assurance by which any such lease or agreement shall be assigned or otherwise affected, compulsory, or necessary; or to give any such leases, agreements, or assignments as aforesaid, when registered, any priority over other leases or Assurances.

LXVIII. All Assurances affecting only money or moveable property (except Wills, Decrees, and Orders,) shall be utterly void and of none effect unless registered within six months after the execution thereof by the party who conveys, assures, transfers, assigns, or appoints thereby, or unless a

Assurances registered at the same time to have priority according to the time of execution.

The protection of the Act to extend to persons who claim under purchasers for value.

Protection by legal estate and tacking not to be allowed.

An Assurance which would have the effect of merging any interest not to have such effect as against a subsequent purchaser of such interest, unless an entry be made to lead such purchaser to the Assurance.

Registration of leases not compulsory.

Assurances affecting money or moveable property invalid, unless registered within six months, or Caveat entered.

caveat respecting such Assurance be registered within six months after such execution, and such caveat continue in force, or unless a caveat respecting such Assurance be registered as aforesaid, and after such caveat ceases to be in force, such Assurance be registered within six months after such execution, the time during which such caveat is registered and in force being deducted in the calculation of such six months. Provided always, that every such Assurance as aforesaid, affecting money or moveable property registered within six months after the execution thereof as aforesaid, or registered after a caveat has been duly registered as aforesaid, and before such caveat ceases to be in force, or registered after such caveat ceases to be in force, but within six months after such execution as aforesaid, (the time during which such caveat was registered and in force being deducted in the calculation of such six months,) shall be as valid and effectual as if the same had been registered immediately after such execution. All Wills, affecting only money or moveable property either at Law or in Equity, shall be wholly void and of none effect, unless registered within two years after the death of the Testator, but if registered within that time, shall be as valid and effectual as if the same had been registered immediately after the death of the Testator, and it by reason of the concealment, suppression, or contesting of any Will, or other inevitable difficulty, any person interested thereunder be disabled from registering the same within such two years, then such Affidavit of a Will as hereinbefore in Section LVIII. mentioned, or to the like effect, so far as circumstances will admit, shall be made and registered by such person, and the said Courts shall have the like power and authority to order the registration or cancellation of such Affidavits of Wills as are hereinbefore given and conferred by the said Section LVIII. with respect to the Affidavits of Wills affecting lands.

LXIX. Where any person is interested under any use, trust, or confidence, declared or created after the commencement of registration under this Act, and affecting any estate or interest in lands, money, or moveable property in the said Territories, which is vested in any person under any Assurance registered under this Act,

Persons interested under uses or trusts affecting estates or property vested under a registered Assurance may enter an Inhibition against alienation.

and such use, trust, or confidence is not manifested or proved by any Assurance registered under this Act, or is, in any Assurance registered under this Act, declared and created by reference to and depends for its validity, or for the terms thereof, upon some other Assurance not registered under this Act, any person so interested as aforesaid may, by a requisition in writing under his hand, delivered at the Register Office in which such Assurance is registered as aforesaid, together with such Affidavit as hereinafter mentioned, require an Inhibition in respect of any such lands, money, or moveable property, to be mentioned in such requisition, to be entered against any person mentioned in such requisition in whom such estate or interest is vested as aforesaid, inhibiting him from alienating, transferring, charging, or affecting such lands, money, or moveable property by virtue of such estate or interest, without notice being first given by the Registrar to the person signing such requisition, or some person on his behalf, at some office or place mentioned in such requisition, and situate within ten miles of the Register Office, and such requisition shall specify the date of and parties to the Assurance under which such estate or interest is vested, and the entries with respect to the same in the Index or Indexes of the Register in which the same is registered, and the Affidavit to be delivered with such requisition shall be made by the person signing such requisition, and such person shall therein swear that he believes that he is interested under such use, trust, or confidence as aforesaid.

LXX. Where an Inhibition is so required to be entered, an entry shall be made in the Index or Indexes of the Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands, or "the General Register," as the case may be, under the same heads, and expressing the like particulars as are by this Act required in the case of Assurances to be registered in such registers respectively.

LXXI. Any person against whom an Inhibition is entered as aforesaid, or any person interested in the lands, money, or moveable property to which the same relates, may, by writing, signed by such person, and lodged at the Register Office, require the Registrar to cancel the entries in the Indexes of such Inhibition, and the Registrar shall, within two days after the receipt of such writing, give notice thereof to the person on whose requisition the Inhibition was entered, and shall state in such notice, that on the expiration of fourteen days after the service thereof, the Inhibition will be cancelled, and the service of such notice at the office or place mentioned in the requisition for the Inhibition shall be deemed good service thereof, and at the expiration of the said period of fourteen days after such service, the Registrar, unless sooner restrained by the order of a competent Court, as hereinafter mentioned, shall cancel the entries in the Indexes of the said Inhibition.

LXXII. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature of the said Towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, or Singapore, in which any such Inhibition is registered, or for the Court of Civil Judicature of any District in which any such Inhibition is registered, upon the application of any party interested, by motion or petition in a summary way, without bill or plaint filed, to restrain the Registrar from cancelling the entry of any Inhibition entered under this Act; provided always, that the said Courts respectively shall have full power, upon the application of any party, to discharge or vary such order, and to award such costs on such application as such Courts respectively may see fit, and generally to make such order in relation to the premises as to the said Courts respectively may seem just.

LXXIII. "And whereas it may often happen that some time will elapse pending the negotiation for a sale or other contract, and that often, by reason of the illness or absence of parties, or from other causes, the written transfer of property will be delayed for want of due execution by all the requisite parties; and whereas when Assurances affecting lands are executed for a temporary purpose merely, it may often be inconvenient, and occasion unnecessary expense to register an Assurance affecting such lands, containing all the particulars of the transaction," It is further enacted, that any person may, after the commencement of registration under this Act, by a requisition in writing under his hand, delivered at the proper Register Office, require a Caveat against his own acts to be entered in respect of any lands or money or moveable property in the said Territories, to be mentioned in such requisition in favour of any person described therein, for the protection of any Assurance affecting such lands, money, or moveable property which shall have been made and executed, or shall be in progress, or shall have been in contemplation at the time of entering such Caveat.

LXXIV. Where a Caveat is so required to be entered, an entry shall be made in all the Indexes under the same head, and expressing the like particulars, as are under this Act required in the case of an Assurance affecting the lands, money, or moveable property mentioned in the requisition for such Caveat, and made by the person requiring such Caveat to be entered.

Inhibition to be entered in Index of Titles.

Provision for cancelling Inhibition.

Court may restrain Registrar from cancelling Inhibition.

Power to enter a Caveat.

Mode of entering Caveats.

LXXV. Where a Caveat is duly entered under this Act as to any lands in the said Territories, every person claiming for valuable consideration under any Assurance affecting the same lands to be made by the person by whom the entry of the Caveat has been required, or any person claiming under him, to or with the concurrence of the person in whose favour the Caveat was so entered, or his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Representatives, or Assigns, and registered in the manner directed by this Act, within six calendar months after the Caveat has been so entered as to such lands, shall be entitled to the same preference, protection, and advantage under the provisions of this Act as if such Assurance had been executed and so registered as aforesaid at the time of entering the Caveat: Provided always, that no such Caveat shall have any force or effect as against the operation of the Insolvency of the person requiring the same to be entered, or any Act under such Insolvency.

Not to protect against Insolvency.

LXXVI. Subject to such Regulations as may be from time to time made under this Act, the District Registrar shall, upon the application of any person interested under any Assurance, and registering the same under this Act, issue to such person a Certificate of such Registration, and shall thereupon enter in the Index of Titles in which such Assurance is entered a memorandum of such Certificate; and the Registrar shall, upon such Certificate being delivered at the Register Office for that purpose, cancel the same, and enter in the Index of Titles a note of such cancellation; and no Assurance by the person to whom such Certificate is issued affecting the lands to which such Certificate relates, shall be registered until such Certificate has been cancelled; and such Certificate may be deposited by way of equitable mortgage by the person to whom the same has been issued, and any deposit thereof so made shall have the like effect as the like deposit of the Assurance to which the same relates would have had, but it shall not be necessary to register any equitable mortgage made by deposit of such Certificate.

LXXVII. In every case in which, but for this enactment, it would be the duty of any Attorney, Solicitor, or Agent to make any search in any of the Indexes to be kept at the Register Office, such Attorney, Solicitor, or Agent shall, as to any search of the result of which the Registrar may be required by the Regulations for the time being in force under this Act to give a Certificate, be held to have fulfilled his duty in that behalf by delivering at the Register Office a proper requisition for such search, stating therein particularly the object of such search, and by obtaining a Certificate from the Registrar of the Office of the result of the same, and shall not be responsible for any error or mistake in the result of such search as stated in such Certificate; and in all other cases every Attorney, Solicitor, or Agent, shall stand indemnified in relying on the accuracy of any Certificate to be made or given in pursuance of this Act.

LXXVIII. Each District Registrar, save where otherwise provided by the Regulations to be made as hereinafter mentioned, shall transmit at the end of every month to the Chief Registrar of the Presidency in which his District is situated, copies of every Assurance, and of the entries and references thereon, and of the entries in the several Indexes to such Assurances, deposited, registered, or made in the said District Registers or Indexes during such month, and the said

copies shall be written bookwise, or otherwise as the Chief Registrar of each such Presidency shall appoint, and the said Chief Registrar shall cause the said copies of the several Registers and Indexes of each District to be made up into separate books and parcels, and shall number and arrange the same in such manner as shall be directed by the Regulations to be made under this Act as hereinafter mentioned.

LXXIX. Where there are duplicate originals of any Assurance which is registered under this Act, it shall be lawful for any person to bring or send to the Chief or District Register Office any duplicate original which has not been deposited in the District Register Office, in order that the same may be compared with the deposited original, or with the copy thereof in the Chief Register Office, and thereupon the document so brought or sent shall be compared accordingly, and any variances which may be found shall be noted in the margin of such document; and in every such case the seal of the Chief or District Register Office, as the case may be, shall be impressed on each skin or sheet of the document brought or sent to be compared as aforesaid; and a Certificate, signed by the proper Officer of the Chief or District Register Office, as the case may be, shall be written at the head or in the margin of such document, or endorsed on the same, which Certificate shall contain a statement that a duplicate of the document in or upon which the same is written has been deposited in the District Register Office, and shall state the parties by whom the deposited original appears to have been executed, and shall specify the book or parcel in which the same is made up, and the number of the document in such book or parcel; and every document so sealed, with such Certificate thereon, containing such statement, and purporting to be so signed as aforesaid, and whether furnished from the Chief or District Register Office, shall in all cases be evidence that another part of the same Assurance has been deposited in the District Register Office, and is made up in the book or parcel mentioned in such Certificate, and is numbered in such book or parcel as in the said Certificate is specified.

LXXX. Subject to the Regulations to be made under this Act, the Chief or District Registrar, as the case may be, shall cause to be provided, for any person applying for the same, copies or extracts from any document, which has been deposited in the District Register Office, or from the copy thereof transmitted to the Chief Register Office under this Act, and in every case where a copy or extract is so provided, the seal of the Chief or District Register Office, as the case may be, shall be impressed on each sheet of such copy or extract; and a Certificate, signed by the proper Officer of the said Chief or District Register Office, as the case may be, shall be written at the head or margin of such copy or extract, or endorsed on the same, which Certificate shall contain a statement that the copy or extract on which the same is written is an examined copy of or extract from a document deposited in the District Register Office, or from a copy of such document in the Chief Register Office, as the case may be, and shall specify the book or parcel in which such document is made up, and the number of such document in such book or parcel; and every document so sealed, with such Certificate thereon, containing such statement, and purporting to be so signed as aforesaid, and whether furnished from the District or Chief Register Office, shall be evidence that such document is a copy of or

Every document so certified to be received as evidence that another part of the same Assurance has been deposited.

Copies of and extracts from deposited instruments to be provided on application, and to be certified.

The seal of the Office, with a Certificate, to be evidence of such copies and extracts.

The seal of the Office, with a Certificate, to be evidence of such copies and extracts.

extract from a document deposited in the District Register Office, and made up in the book or parcel specified in such Certificate, and number-d in such book or parcel as in the said Certificate is expressed, and of the contents of the document deposited in the District Register Office, or of such part thereof as is purported to be extracted.

LXXXI. Subject to such Regulations as may be from time to time made under this Act, any person interested under any Assurance, or in the matter of any search, on application at the Chief or District Register Office, shall, at or such times as may be limited by the Chief Registrar in this

Searches of the Indexes to be permitted, and inspections of deposited Instruments allowed.

behave, be allowed to inspect and search any of the Indexes, and to examine and inspect any of the documents deposited in the Chief or District Register Offices under this Act, and to take extracts from any such Indexes or documents as aforesaid, and the Chief or District Registrar, as the case may be, shall, upon the delivery of such requisitions as under the Regulations hereinafter mentioned may be required, and, in accordance with such Regulations, make or cause to be made such searches in any of such Indexes, and give such negative or other Certificates of the results of such searches, as by such Regulations may be directed in this behalf; and every such Certificate shall be sealed with the seal of the Register Office from which it is issued, and shall be signed by the Chief Registrar, or Assistant, or District Registrar of such Office, as the case may be.

Searches of the Indexes, and to be made on requisition, and Certificates given.

LXXXII. No document deposited in the District Register Office under this Act, and no copy of a document in the Chief Register Office, shall be removed from the same respectively, except in obedience to legal process for the production thereof, and none of the Indexes to be kept at the said Register Offices, respectively, shall be removed from the same on any account whatsoever.

LXXXIII. Provided always, that where any Will has been registered under this Act by the deposit of the original Will, the District Registrar shall, upon the request of any person entitled to prove such Will, or to take out Letters of Administration to the testator with such Will annexed, or to take out a Certificate under Act XX. of 1841, such request to be testified by some writing, signed by and containing the address of the person making such request, and specifying the Court in which the Will is desired to be proved, or in which administration to the testator with the Will annexed, or a Certificate under Act XX. of 1841 is desired to be taken out, cause such Will, together with a Certificate of the same having been deposited in the District Register Office, which Certificate shall be sealed with the seal of the District Register Office, and signed by the District Registrar, to be transmitted to the Court so specified, in order that the same may be proved in such Court, or that Administration to the Testator with such Will annexed, or that such Certificate as aforesaid, may be granted by such Court; and the Registrar or other the Chief

Wills deposited at the Register Office may be removed for the purpose of being proved, &c.

Officer of the Court to which such will is so transmitted, or his deputy, shall, immediately after such Will has been proved, or Letters of Administration of the Effects of the Testator with such Will annexed or Certificate have been granted in or by such Court, or immediately after the termination of the proceedings in such Court, cause the same Will to be returned to the District Register Office.

After being proved, &c. the Will is to be returned.

LXXXIV. For facilitating the making up into books or parcels of the several documents to be deposited at the respective Register Offices under this Act, and for the convenience of reference thereto, it shall be lawful for the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place, with the consent of the Government thereof, from time to time (either before or after the commencement of registration under this Act), by a notice to be published at least four times in the "Government Gazette" of each Presidency or place, of which the last time shall be not less than three calendar months before the time when the same is intended to take effect, to order and direct that all documents of any description, to be specified in such notice, which shall be brought or sent to the Register Office in order to be deposited in the same under this Act (with any exceptions which shall be specified in such notice), shall be written or engrossed bookwise, or in such manner as shall be specified in such notice, and shall be written or engrossed either on paper, vellum, or parchment, as shall in that behalf be in such notice directed, and to order and direct that such paper, vellum, or parchment shall be of such description, and of such shape and dimensions as in such notice shall be specified; and if, after the time when any notice to be given in pursuance of this power has taken effect, any document within the meaning of such notice be brought or sent to the Register Office to be deposited as aforesaid, which is not conformable with the directions in respect of the same contained in such notice, the person depositing the same shall pay, in addition to the ordinary fee made payable on such deposit, such extra fee as the Registrar may in each case think fit, not exceeding the amount of the said ordinary fee.

Power to the Registrar to order that documents to be deposited shall be written bookwise or otherwise, &c.

LXXXV. It shall be lawful for the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place, with the consent of the Government thereof, from time to time, either before or after the commencement of Registration under this Act, by a notice, to be published not less than four times in the "Government Gazette" of such Presidency or place (of which the last time shall be at least one calendar month before the time when the same shall be intended to take effect), to require that any statements which may appear to the Chief Registrar necessary or proper for directing or regulating the entries to be made on Registration, and for affording information for the making of such entries, shall be made and brought to the Register Office; and it shall also be lawful for the Chief Registrar, with such consent as aforesaid, by any such notice, to specify the form of such statements as aforesaid, and to require that the same shall be signed by the persons respectively requiring the registration, and shall contain the addresses of such persons respectively, and also to require that the same shall be either written or endorsed on the documents to be deposited as aforesaid, or written on separate papers, as the Chief Registrar shall think fit: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall render the Registrar or any other Officer of the Register Office in any way responsible or liable in respect of any loss or damage which may be sustained or incurred by any person, in consequence of the omission of any entry or reference required by this Act to be made in the Register Office, or in consequence of any error in any such entry or reference, in any case where no statement has been sent to the Register Office conformably with any such notice as aforesaid, or in any case where such statement has been so

Additional payment on persons sending documents to be deposited, which shall not be conformable with such order.

Power to the Registrar to require statements for regulating the entries to be sent with Assurances.

No Officer of the Register Office to be responsible for omissions or mistakes occasioned by defects in the statements.

omission of any entry or reference required by this Act to be made in the Register Office, or in consequence of any error in any such entry or reference, in any case where no statement has been sent to the Register Office conformably with any such notice as aforesaid, or in any case where such statement has been so

sent as aforesaid, and entries or references in conformity therewith have been made.

LXXXVI. It shall be lawful for each District Registrar (subject to any Regulations to be made as hereinafter mentioned under this Act) upon such evidence as may appear to him sufficient in this behalf, to correct errors in entries made, and supply entries omitted to be made, under this Act. Provided always, that in the correction of any such entry he shall not erase or render illegible the original entry, and shall, on correcting or supplying any entry, cause an entry to be made, in connexion with the entry so corrected or supplied, of the time when the same was so corrected or supplied; and every correction made, and omission supplied under this provision, shall be as effectual as if made at the time when the same ought to have been made, but not so as to affect any Assurance registered, or act done, previously to the actual time of the correction of the entry, or supplying the omitted entry.

LXXXVII. If any person, making any Affidavit under this Act shall therein wilfully swear falsely, such person shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury; and all Affidavits to be registered, or deposited in the Registrar Office under this Act, shall be sworn before a Chief Registrar, Assistant Registrar, District Registrar, Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate of the District, Town, or place where such Affidavit is sworn, or elsewhere before a Magistrate, and attested by a Notary, or before a British Minister, Resident, Consul, or Vice Consul.

LXXXVIII. If any person shall forge, counterfeit, or imitate, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited, or imitated, or knowingly act or assist in forging, counterfeiting, or imitating, upon any document upon which the seal of the Registrar Office is authorized to be impressed, the impression, or any part of the impression of the Seal of the Registrar Office, or shall knowingly stamp or mark, or cause or procure to be stamped or marked, or knowingly act or assist in stamping or marking, any such document with any forged or counterfeited Seal of the Registrar Office, with the intent to defraud any person whomsoever; or shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly act or assist in forging or counterfeiting the name, signature, or handwriting of any Officer, in any case in which the signature of such Officer is authorized to be made; or shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly act or assist in forging or counterfeiting the name, signature, or handwriting of any person whomsoever, to any instrument or document which is in and by this Act, or shall by the exercise of any power contained in this Act, be required or directed to be signed by such person; or shall, with an intention to defraud any person whomsoever, use any document upon which any impression or part of the impression of any Seal of the Registrar Office shall have been forged, counterfeited, or imitated, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or imitated, or any document the signature of which shall be so forged or counterfeited as aforesaid, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, every such person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be and is hereby declared and adjudged to be guilty of felony, and, being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for life, or for any term not less than seven years, or to be imprisoned (with or without hard labour) for any term not exceeding four years, nor less than one year.

LXXXIX. It shall be lawful for the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place (with the consent of the Government there-

Chief Registrar,
with consent of Go-

vernment, to fix fees to be taken under this Act.

of) to fix the fees to be taken in the several Registrar Offices in such Presidency or place in respect of documents to be registered, entries to be made, searches, certificates, office copies, and other matters to be done in such Office under this Act, and from time to time to vary or wholly abolish any such fees, and fix new fees.

XC. It shall be lawful for the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place, with the consent of the Government thereof, from time to time, to direct that the fees or other payments which shall be received under the authority of this Act, shall be applied, under such Regulations as they shall appoint, in payment of the current or incidental expenses of the said Offices, or any of them.

XCII. Such fees and payments as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may not be applied as lastly hereinbefore mentioned in payment of any of the current or incidental expenses of the Registrar Offices, shall from time to time be paid into the Government Treasury of the Presidency or place in which such Registrar Offices are situate.

XCIII. An Account shall be kept in each District Registrar Office of the fees and other payments received under the authority of this Act, and of the expenses paid thereout as aforesaid; and such account shall, from time to time, be forwarded to and examined, tried, and audited, by the Chief Registrars respectively, as well as the Civil Auditor of each Presidency or place respectively.

XCIV. It shall be lawful for the Governor or Governor in Council of each of the said Presidencies or Places to assign to the Chief Registrar thereof respectively a Salary not exceeding the monthly sum of and to every Assistant Registrar a Salary not exceeding the monthly sum of and to each District Registrar a Salary not exceeding the monthly sum of and to assign to the Clerks and other subordinate Officers of the Registrar Office such Salaries, or other remuneration, as to the said Governments respectively shall seem proper.

XCIV. Every action or suit which shall be brought by any person to recover damages for or by reason of any loss or damage occasioned by any omission or misfeasance of any Officer of the Registrar Office shall be brought against the Chief Registrar as the nominal defendant, and in case in any such action the plaintiff recover final judgment against such nominal defendant, then, upon the prayer of such plaintiff, the Court, or judge, as the case may be, of the Court where such action or suit shall have been brought, shall, and he is hereby directed to certify to the Secretary to the Government of the Presidency or place in which such action or suit is brought, the fact of such judgment having been so recovered, and the amount of damages and costs recovered; and thereupon, or before the expiration of two calendar months after such judgment is so certified, the amount of such damages and costs shall be paid by the said Government to the person recovering the same, his Executors, Administrators, or Representatives. Provided always, that notice in writing of every such action, and of the cause thereof, shall be served upon the Secretaries to Government for the time being, and also upon the Registrar for the time being, one calendar month at

Actions for damages occasioned by the omission or misfeasance of any Officer of the Registrar Office to be brought against the Chief Registrar. If final judgment be recovered, the damages to be paid by Government.

Notice to be given to the Secretaries to Government.

Notice to be given to the Secretaries to Government.

least before the commencement of such action: Provided also that no Chief Registrar, nor the real or personal Estate of any Chief Registrar, shall be in any way chargeable with or upon any

judgment recovered as aforesaid; nor shall any process or notice in or relating to any such action, (except as aforesaid) be served upon the Chief Registrar, but all such processes and notices shall be served upon the Secretary to the Government of the Presidency or place in which such action or suit is brought.

XCV. If in any such action or suit judgment be

Provisions as to costs, if judgment be given for the defendant, or the plaintiff discontinued or become non-suit.

given in favour of the nominal defendant, or the plaintiff withdraw his action or suit, or discontinue, or become non-suit, the plaintiff shall be liable to pay the full costs of defending such action, and the same (when taxed) shall be levied in the name of the nominal defendant by the like

process of execution, as in other actions or suits of the like nature.

XCVI. If at any time before payment to the plaintiff of any damages recovered by any

Provision for case of an appeal.

such judgment as aforesaid, an appeal be made from such judgment,

such damages shall not be paid until the judgment is affirmed; and if after payment to the plaintiff of any damages recovered by any such judgment as aforesaid, such judgment be reversed, the Court by which such judgment is reversed shall award a writ of restitution against the plaintiff in the name of the nominal defendant, or order the plaintiff to pay the same to the nominal defendant; and when the monies thereby directed to be levied, or any part thereof, are brought into Court, the said Court shall order the same to be paid into the Government Treasury to the account of Government.

XCVII. It shall be lawful for the Chief Registrar of

Power to the Chief Registrar to compromise any such action.

each Presidency or place, with the consent of the Government thereof, to enter into and conclude a compromise with any person claiming a right of action or damages by reason

of any loss or damage occasioned by any omission, mistake, or misfeasance of any Officer of the Register Office; and, upon payment thereof, the person receiving the same shall execute to the Registrar a release of the cause of action in respect of which such payment is made, and such release may be pleaded in bar to any action which the person executing the same, or any person claiming under him, shall bring to recover damages for or by reason of any loss or damage occasioned by the same omission, mistake, or misfeasance.

XCVIII. Provided also, that the time which by

Limitations of actions brought under this Act against the Chief Registrar.

the Act and Regulations now in force is limited for commencing or suing actions, shall, so far as respects any action brought in the manner directed by this Act to recover damages for any loss or damage arising

from any omission, mistake, or misfeasance of any Officer of the Register Office, be computed and run from the time when actual loss or damage has arisen from such omission, mistake, or misfeasance as aforesaid.

XIX. Every action which, under the Provisions of this Act, shall be brought

Actions by and against the Registrar not to abate by his death, &c.

by or against any Chief Registrar, shall be so brought by or against him by his name or Office; and no such action shall abate by reason of

the death or removal from Office of any such Chief Registrar.

C. It shall be lawful for the Chief Registrar of each Presidency or place, with the consent of the Government thereof, from time to time, to make such

Regulations, as to him may seem proper, for and in relation to all or any of the matters hereinafter mentioned, viz., for determining the cases in which Assurances are to be indexed in the Index of Titles under new heads and existing heads respectively, and the heads under which Assurances are to be indexed in such Index, and in what cases of Assurances indexed in the Index of Titles, references shall be made under any head in such Index to any other head in such Index, and in what cases of Assurances so indexed, entries in respect thereof shall be made in the Indexes, of the names of Grantors, or in the Index to Testators and Intestates, or in the Index of Insolvencies, (as the case may require,) and providing generally for the convenient classification and arrangement under heads in the Index of Titles of the Assurances to be indexed therein, and the making of such references between any heads of such Index in respect of Assurances connected in Title, and of such entries in the Indexes of the names of the Grantors, the Indexes to Testators and Intestates, and the Index to Insolvencies, and any other Index kept in the Register Office, as may, in the opinion of the Chief Registrar, tend to render searches easy and safe.

The particulars to be entered in the Indexes to be kept in the Register Office where entries are required under this Act, and the form and manner of such entries.

The correction of errors and supplying of omissions in entries made under this Act.

The issue of Certificates of registration in substitution for like Certificates, which may have been lost or destroyed.

The making of Copies of, and Extracts from, deposited documents, and the granting of Certificates with reference thereto, and the restrictions and conditions under which such Copies, Extracts, or Certificates shall be given.

The making of searches of, and providing and issuing extracts from, any of the Indexes to be kept at the Register Office, and granting negative or other certificates with reference thereto, the forms of requisition for such copies, extracts or searches as aforesaid, and the giving of receipts for documents received at the Register Office, the mode in which, and the restrictions and conditions under which searches of the Indexes kept at the said Office, and inspection of documents deposited there, shall be permitted.

And for regulating all other matters and things whatsoever connected with the regulation and management of the said Register Offices, and the execution of this Act not specially hereby provided for, and generally for giving effect to the provisions of this Act, and from time to time to alter, vary, or revoke any such Regulations, and make any new Regulation in relation to the matters aforesaid; and all Regulations to be made under this Act by the Chief Registrar, with such consent as aforesaid, shall be published in the "Government Gazette," and a copy thereof shall be sent to each District Registrar in the said Presidency or place, and such District Registrar shall retain such copy, and permit persons to inspect the same, and to make copies and extracts of and from the same.

CI. The Chief Registrar of each Presidency or

Chief Registrar to report to Government. Reports to be laid before Governor General in Council.

place shall, within one month after the commencement of registration under this Act, send to the Secretary to the Government of such Presidency or place a report of the Districts formed under this Act, and of all other Acts and matters

done by the Registrar preparatory to such commencement of registration, and shall also, in the month of January in every year, send to such Secretary a general report of his proceedings under this Act, and of the business of the Chief Register Office, and of the other District Register Offices subordinate to him, and shall

specify in such report whether any and what difficulties have arisen in or in relation to registration under this Act, or the searches required to be made, or otherwise in the operation of this Act, or any regulations made thereunder, and whether any and what alterations have been suggested which appear to him expedient, or have occurred to him, and whether the same can or cannot be effected without the aid of the Legislature; and may in such report make such observations or suggestions in relation to the matters aforesaid as the Chief Registrar may think fit; and every such report shall be laid before the Governor General of India in Council, within two months after the receipt thereof, by the said Governments respectively.

CII. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, unless such meanings be repugnant or inconsistent with the context, (that is to say,)

Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural, and words importing the plural number only shall include the singular number.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

The Word "Person" shall apply to and include corporations.

The Word "Assurance" shall extend to a feoffment, grant, bargain, and sale, bill of sale, lease and release, deed of covenant, gift, mortgage, lease or agreement for a lease for a longer period than seven years, and any assignment of such lease, and also to a lien, guarantee, contract, agreement, memorandum, or any document by this Act declared to be an Assurance, or any other deed or document whereby any lands, money, or moveable property are conveyed, transferred, appointed, or assigned, except such documents as by Sections XXXIV. and XXXV. of this Act are excepted, and every person claiming deriva-

tively under any Assurance shall be considered as claiming under the same.

The word "Grantor" shall apply to any person by whom lands, money, or moveable property shall be conveyed, transferred, appointed, charged, assigned, or otherwise affected.

The word "District" shall mean a District formed under this Act.

The word "Lands" shall extend to all lands, tenements, and hereditaments of any tenure, and all houses, buildings, and walls thereupon, and any estate or interest in the same, whether legal or equitable.

The word "Title" shall extend to a power or right to convey or otherwise affect lands.

The word "Will" shall extend to a Codicil, Wassuyutnumah, or other testamentary paper, or to an appointment by Will, or by writing in the nature of a Will in exercise of a Power.

The word "Addition," where the addition of any person whose name is required by this Act to be entered in any Index is hereby directed to be entered with such name, shall mean the description as to residence, title, rank, profession, or occupation of such person.

The expression "the District in which such Assurance is made" shall mean the District wherein the party who conveys, assures, assigns, transfers, or appoints by such Assurance executes the same, and where two or more parties thereby convey, assure, transfer, assign, or appoint, the District in which the same is executed by the second or last party who conveys, assures, transfers, assigns, or appoints thereby.

The expression "after the execution thereof by the party who conveys, assures, transfers, assigns, or appoints thereby," when there are two or more of such parties, shall mean the second or last party who conveys, assures, transfers, assigns, or appoints thereby.

SCHEDULE A.

FORMS FOR RECEIPT BOOKS.

FORM 1.

Receipts for "The Register of Titles relating to Lands."

RECEIPT.

No. 20 *Calcutta*, District Register Office.
Assurance deposited in this Office on the 10th day of *January* 1853, at $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 A. M.
Date of Assurance, *9th January 1853.*
Parties to ditto, *Baboo Gooroochurn Ghose of the one part.*
John Brown and Edward Jones of the other part.

Entries in Indexes to "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," }
Index of Titles—No. 2 of 50 *Hastings' Street, Calcutta.*
Index of the names of } *Baboo Gooroochurn Ghose.*
Grantors, .. }
Index of Insolvents, .. }
Index of Testators and Intestates, .. }
Land Index }
(if any) .. }
Signed *John Cox,*
District Registrar.



RECEIPT.


No. 20 *Calcutta*, District Register Office.
Assurance deposited in this Office on the 10th day of *January* 1853, at $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 A. M.
Date of Assurance, *9th January 1853.*
Parties to ditto, *Baboo Gooroochurn Ghose of the one part.*
John Brown and Edward Jones of the other part.

Entries in Indexes to "The Register of Title Deeds relating to Lands," }
Index of Titles—No. 2 of 50 *Hastings' Street, Calcutta.*
Index of the names of } *Baboo Gooroochurn Ghose.*
Grantors, .. }
Index of Insolvents, .. }
Index of Testators and Intestates, .. }
Land Index }
(if any) .. }
Signed *John Cox,*
District Registrar.

N. B.—The words and figures in Italics in this Schedule to be filled up as the case may be, and references must be added to all other Indexes in which the Assurance is registered.

FORM 2.


Receipts for "The General Register."

<p>RECEIPT.</p> <p><i>No. 50</i> <i>Calcutta, District Register Office.</i> Assurance deposited in this Office, on the 12th day of <i>January</i> 1853, at 20 minutes past 1 P. M. Date of Assurance, <i>10th January 1853.</i> Parties to ditto, <i>John Cochrane,</i> <i>Offl. Assee. of the 1st part.</i> <i>Hurrishunder Ghose, . . 2nd part.</i> <i>Dwarkanath Bhowe, . . 3rd part.</i></p> <p>Entries in Indexes to } "The General Register," } Index of the } names of } <i>John Cochrane.</i> Grantors, . . } Index of the } <i>Hurrishunder</i> names of } <i>Ghose.</i> Insolvents, } Index of Tes- } tators and } Intestates, . }</p> <p>Signed <i>John Cox,</i> District Registrar.</p>		<p>RECEIPT.</p> <p><i>No. 50</i> <i>Calcutta, District Register Office.</i> Assurance deposited in this Office, on the 12th day of <i>January</i> 1853, at 20 minutes past 1 P. M. Date of Assurance, <i>10th January 1853.</i> Parties to ditto, <i>John Cochrane,</i> <i>Offl. Assee. of the 1st part.</i> <i>Hurrishunder Ghose, . . 2nd part.</i> <i>Dwarkanath Bhowe, . . 3rd part.</i></p> <p>Entries in Indexes to } "The General Register," } Index of the } names of } <i>John Cochrane.</i> Grantors, . . } Index of the } <i>Hurrishunder</i> names of } <i>Ghose.</i> Insolvents, } Index of Tes- } tators and } Intestates, . }</p> <p>Signed <i>John Cox,</i> District Registrar.</p>
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N. B.—The words and figures in *Italics* in this Schedule to be filled up as the case may be, and references must be added to all other Indexes in which the Assurance is registered.

FORM 3.

Receipts for Register of Leases.

<p>RECEIPT.</p> <p><i>No. 10</i> <i>Calcutta, District Register Office.</i> Lease deposited in this Office, on the 10th day of <i>January</i> 1853. Date of Lease, <i>9th of January 1853.</i> Parties to ditto, <i>Muttlyoll Doss.</i> <i>Anunnchunder Ghose.</i></p> <p>Entries in Indexes to } "The Register of Leases," } Index of Titles, } <i>No. 1 of 20 Flag</i> } <i>Street, Calcutta.</i> Index of the } names of Les- } <i>Muttlyoll Doss.</i> sors, }</p> <p>Signed <i>John Cox,</i> District Registrar.</p>		<p>RECEIPT.</p> <p><i>No. 10</i> <i>Calcutta, District Register Office.</i> Lease deposited in this Office, on the 10th day of <i>January</i> 1853. Date of Lease, <i>9th of January 1853.</i> Parties to ditto, <i>Muttlyoll Doss.</i> <i>Anunnchunder Ghose.</i></p> <p>Entries in Indexes to } "The Register of Leases," } Index of Titles, } <i>No. 1 of 20 Flag</i> } <i>Street, Calcutta.</i> Index of the } names of Les- } <i>Muttlyoll Doss.</i> sors, }</p> <p>Signed <i>John Cox,</i> District Registrar.</p>
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N. B.—The words and figures in *Italics* in this Form to be filled up as the case may be.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered, that the said Draft be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India, after the 20th day of May 1852.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, from this date until noon of the 1st April 1852, for the supply of Boats to this Department, for a period of one, two, or three years, to commence from such time as the Military Board may determine upon.

The Contractor will have no right or claim whatever to supply Boats required to convey Troops, Stores, &c. from an Outpost to Kurrachee, the supply being solely confined to this port, (including of course Unnee Bunder, or Gorabarree,) and Government are at liberty to make use of their own or private Steamers for this purpose, without any infringement of the Contract.

Persons tendering for the supply will be required to bid a per-centage above or below the rates exhibited in the Schedule.

The probable annual outlay on account of this Contract is estimated at Rupees 16,000 (sixteen thousand), on which a deposit of Rupees 800 (eight hundred), in cash, must be paid into this Office prior to or at the time of tendering for the supply, which sum will be subsequently forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract. The Contractor must also furnish two unexceptionable bonded Securities, to the extent of Rupees 3,200 (three thousand two hundred), for the due performance of the Contract, on its being intimated to him that his Tender has been accepted by Government.

All further information may be obtained on application to this Office, from 10 to 5 daily, Sundays excepted.

T. G. FRASER,
 Assistant Commissary General S. D.
Kurrachee, Commissariat Office,
8th March 1852.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED PACKAGES IN THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

PACKAGES.	TO WHOM ADDRESSED.	BY WHAT SHIP IMPORTED.
1 Case	Mr. W. Victor, H. M.'s Ship "Cambrian," Bombay	"Braganza."
1 Box	(Arab mark), containing 4 Candlesticks, with Shades	Unknown.
1 Box	Marked B, Wines	"Earl of Hardwicke."
1 Chest	Marked S U N C H E No. F F P R S 1, containing Raw Silk.	"Regina."
1 Package	Lieut. Thorp, Bombay Army	"Sesostris."
1 Package	Muncheerjee Eduljee	"Moozuffer."
1 Small Box	Lieut. W. S. Simpson, 48th M. N. I., Ootacamund, Neilgherry Hills, <i>vid</i> Bombay	Unknown.
1 Package	Containing Old Clothes, marked P B.	"Moozuffer."
1 Parcel	Mr. Walter Shairp, Midshipman I. N., H. E. I. C. Brig "Palinurus," Bombay	"Seaforth."
42 Barrels	No mark, containing Roman Cement	"William Stewart."
1 Case	No mark or address	Unknown.
1 Trunk	R. W. D'Arcy, Esquire	Ditto.
2 Cases	No mark or address	Ditto.
1 Case	Marked Æ H.	"Sulej."
1 Basket	No mark or address, containing 1 dozen of Sherry Wine, and 1 dozen of Porter	Unknown.
1 Cask	Marked B.	"Somnauth."
1 Case	Marked B, Mr. Wm. Balston, Contractor, Bombay	"Singapore."
1 Bag	No mark, containing Cowdees	Unknown.
1 Package	No mark, containing Mother o' Pearl Shells	Ditto.
2 Packages	No mark, containing Gum	Ditto.
1 Case	Marked J.	"Owen Glendower."
1 Case	Marked F. D.	Ditto.
22 Packages	H. Cope, Esquire, Manager Lahore Press, Lahore	"William Watson."
1 Case	Gun Room, "Fox"	"Owen Glendower."
1 Cask	Ditto ditto	Ditto.
1 Box	Marked P	"Sassoon Family."
1 Bundle	No mark or address, containing Tobacco	"Futtelkair."
1 Trunk	Ditto ditto	Unknown.
1 Bag	Ditto ditto, containing Castor Oil Seed	Ditto.
5	Iron Bars.	Ditto.
1	Gun.	Ditto.
1 Trunk	Mr. Smythe, Passenger to Southampton	Steamer "Feroze."
1 Box	Marked M H, containing Glass Beads	"Sagof."
1 Box	R. W. Woods, Esquire, H. M.'s 8th Regiment, Bombay, Eduljee Nusserwanjee	"Earl of Hardwicke."
1 Case	Lieut. Col. R. Napier, Civil Engineer's Office, Army Agent, Lahore, care of Messrs. T. W. Wooler	Ditto.
1 Case	Marked F P, P. and O. Co.'s Agent, Bombay	"Ganges."
41 Bars	Iron	Unknown.
2 Bundles	No mark, containing 25 whole and 3 cut Pieces of Cotton Piece Goods	Picked up at Sea.
1 Parcel	No mark or address, containing printed Books	"John Wickliffe."
8 Packages	No mark or address, containing empty Bottles	Cotia "Rampursad."
1 Box	Containing Europe Piece Goods, marked "Randass," in Goojrattee Characters	Unknown.
1 Bolt	Canvas	Ditto.
1 Case	Lieut. Ryder, 4th Bombay Rifles, Belgaum, care of Messrs. Forbes & Co., Bombay	"Carnatic."
1 Case	Frederick Henry Cooper, Esq., H. E. I. C. Service, Lahore, Punjab	Ditto.
1 Case	The Commanding Officer 8th Regt., Deesa, Bombay	Ditto.
2 Cases	Reverend C. C. Leitch, Travancore	Ditto.
1 Case	The Commanding Officer 1st Battalion 60th Regt. Foot, Kusowlie, <i>vid</i> Bombay	Ditto.
1 Case	The Officer Commanding the 87th Regt., Ferozepore, <i>vid</i> Bombay.	Ditto.
1 Case	The Officer Commanding the 32nd Regt., Jullunder, <i>vid</i> Bombay.	Ditto.
8 Cases	Marked A C S	Ditto.
1 Cask	Marked M C	"Kilblain."
2 Boxes	Marked J	Ditto.
1 Carboy	No mark or address, containing Rose Water	"Briton."
1 Bundle	Ditto ditto, containing Dry Fruits	Ditto.
1 Keg	Ditto ditto, containing Tobacco	"Fattel Rahamany."
3 Boxes	Mr. Kavanagh	Unknown.
3 Slabs	White Stones (no mark)	Ditto.
6	Iron Scrapers	Ditto.
1 Box	Messrs. W. M. Boyce & Co.	"Achilles."
1 Bundle	No mark or address, containing Jetty Mud Wood	Unknown.
1 Box	F. Travers, Esq., M. C. S.	"Auckland."
1 Box	No mark or address, (a Looking-Glass box)	Unknown.
1 Box	Augustus Darling, Esq.	"Achilles."
1 Bundle	No mark or address, containing Tobacco	Unknown.

PACKAGES.	TO WHOM ADDRESSED.	BY WHAT SHIP IMPORTED.
4 Boxes	Marked E A M B F N P T, containing Tea	Unknown.
1 Bundle	No mark or address, containing Clothes	"Achilles."
4 Bundles	Ditto ditto, containing Tobacco	Unknown.
1 Small Box	Ditto ditto, containing Cheroots	Ditto.
1 Bundle	No mark or address, containing Tent Cloth	Ditto.
1	Small Carpets	Ditto.
1	Tobacco Cutter	Ditto.
1 Bundle	No mark or address	Ditto.
3 Packages	Lieut. H. Parker, Bombay	"Ajdaha."
1 Package	Dr. C. Thompson, Passenger to Bombay	Ditto.
1 Package	His Highness the Nawaub Sirajul Mulk, Bahadoor, Haidrabad, care of Ali Muhommud Khan, Justice of Peace, Bombay, care of John Warden, Esquire, Bombay	Ditto.
1 Package	H. J. Williams, Esq., Calcutta	Ditto.
3 Packages	Mr. Durvall, Calcutta	Ditto.

A. D. ROBERTSON,

Deputy Collector of Customs, in Charge.

Bombay, Custom House, 15th March 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, and at that of the Commissary General at Bombay, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 1st April next, for the exclusive privilege of selling Arrack, Country Liquor, and Intoxicating Drugs, within the limits of the Cantonment of Kulladghee, for the period of one year, commencing from the date on which the necessary sanction for the acceptance of the offer may be received at Kulladghee.

2. The Tenders to state, in Company's Rupees, the monthly rate to be paid for the monopoly, and no person will be allowed to tender for the Contract unless he deposits with his offer the sum of Rupees (200) two hundred, which will be forfeited in case of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract; and Bonded Security from two unexceptionable parties must be furnished by the highest bidder, to guarantee his fulfilment of the terms of the Contract.

3. The Troops in the Station consist of one, Native Infantry Regiment.

	Strength.
One Regiment of Native Infantry	872
Inhabitants of Cantonment, including Camp Followers	6,577
Total	7,449

But if it so happen that any alteration takes place in the number of Troops before the date fixed for the sale of the Contract, it shall be entered into for the number actually present on that date.

4. It is to be understood that the arrival in or departure out of the local limits of the Cantonment of Details of Troops shall not affect the liability of the Contractor to perform his Contract, excepting that if, during the existence of the Contract, Native Troops arrive at or withdraw from the Cantonment exceeding in strength one-fourth the number of the Native Troops present at the time of the sale of the Contract, the amount payable by the Contractor shall be increased or decreased, under orders by the Superintendent of Bazars, to such extent as a Committee of Officers,

to be convened and nominated on the part of the Government, shall determine.

5. If it shall appear to the Officer in command of the Station that the Contractor has any interest or concern, either directly or indirectly, with any person whom Government may declare unworthy of being dealt with in the management of this Contract, or if he shall at any time fail in any one of the conditions of this Contract, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of the Station, by order, to put an end to this Contract, without prejudice to the right of the Government to damages on account of antecedent breach of Contract; and in such case such money as shall have been advanced by the Contractor shall not be repaid to him, but may be retained by Government.

6. The conditions of the Contract shall not be considered binding or in force in any respect until the same are confirmed by the superior Authority.

7. The person or persons whose Tenders may be accepted will be required to make the monthly payment in advance, as Security for the due fulfilment of his or their Engagement.

8. The Contractor will be bound to defray the expenses of maintaining a Preventive Police when and wherever it may be found necessary by the Commanding Officer, for suppressing clandestine sale of Spirits to European Troops.

9. The present sum paid for the privilege is Rupees (842-12-0) eight hundred and forty-two, Annas twelve, per mensem. Further particulars relative to this Contract will be made known on application at this Office, and at that of the Commissary General of the Army at Bombay, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. every day, Sundays excepted.

10. The Tenders should simply state the monthly rate offered, with the names of the parties proposed as Securities, and must not be accompanied by conditions of any kind whatsoever.

11. No reasons will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

J. CADENHEAD, Captain,
Superintendent of Bazars.
Police Office, Kulladghee.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL,

Viâ Marseilles.

It is hereby notified for general information, that the regular Monthly Mail, *viâ Marseilles*, will be closed on SATURDAY, the 3rd proximo, at 3 o'clock p. m. An After-Packet will be kept open until 5 o'clock p. m., on the usual terms.

Letters for the United Kingdom, *viâ Marseilles*, cannot be prepaid.

Post Office Packets, for ENGLAND, *viâ Southampton*, as well as for ADEN, SUEZ, and EGYPT, per P. & O. Co.'s Steamer "ACHILLES," will be closed on THURSDAY, the 1st proximo, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Letters and Papers must be superscribed "Per P. and O. Company's Steamer 'Achilles,'" otherwise they will not be forwarded by that vessel.

Post-Office Packets, per Steamer "VICTORIA," for KURRACHEE and SCINDE, will be closed on FRIDAY next, the 19th instant, at 2 o'clock p. m.

All Overland Letters and Papers received at this Office up to 10 o'clock a. m. on the 15th instant, were forwarded by the Steamer "BOMBAY."

Letters superscribed "*Viâ Southampton*," received after the departure of the "BOMBAY," will be despatched by the P. and O. Company's Steamer "ACHILLES," on the 1st proximo. These letters will be liable to Ship Postage in England.

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,
Post Master General.

Bombay, General Post Office,
17th March 1852.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Tenders for the conveyance of the Mails between Bombay and Kurrachee, by Steamer, will be received at the General Post Office, on Thursday the 15th April next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The terms of Contract may be learnt on application at this Office.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,
Post Master General.

Bombay, General Post Office,
17th March 1852.

OPIUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Tuesday, 16th March 1852.

YEARS.	PASSES GRANTED		IMPORTED INTO BOMBAY		EXPORTED BY SEA		Balance unaccounted for.	Details of Exports from 10th to 16th March 1852.
	Up to the 9th March 1852.	From 10th to 16th March 1852.	Up to the 9th March 1852.	From 10th to 16th March 1852.	Up to the 9th March 1852.	From 10th to 16th March 1852.		
For 1846-47. Chests.	19,521	19,521	19,521	19,481	19,481	19,481	104	OF THE SEASON 1850-51.
" 1847-48. "	15,861	15,861	15,861	15,854	15,854	15,854	52	Per Brig "Bride"
" 1848-49. "	16,861	16,861	16,861	16,845	16,845	16,845	141	Brig "Eliza"
" 1849-50. "	15,978	15,978	15,978	15,890	15,890	15,890	791	Steamer "Singapore"
" 1850-51. "	24,052	24,052 & 45 lbs.	24,052 & 45 lbs.	23,892	23,892	23,914	130 & 45 lbs.	Of THE SEASON 1851-52.
" 1851-52. "	16,704	17,161	17,161	9,594	9,594	10,238	4,562	Steamer "Singapore"
								Brig "Bride"
								Brig "Eliza"
								Ship "Janet Willis"
								Chests 1
								" 2
								" 19
								" 22
								" 639
								" 115
								" 134
								" 46
								" 933
								Total
								Chests 955

A. D. ROBERTSON,
Deputy Opium Agent, in charge.

Bombay, Opium Agent's Office, 17th March 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Contracts for the exclusive privilege of selling the following articles in the Otway Cantonment, near Surat, will be sold by Public Outcry, on Thursday the 25th March 1852, at 12 A. M., and Sealed Tenders will also be received at the Commissary General's Office, Bombay, at the above-mentioned hour and date :—

For selling Country Liquor and Toddy.

For selling Opium, Ganjah, Bhang, Kuskhus, (or Poppyhead), &c. &c.

2. Persons to bid the amount in Company's Rupees, to be given per mensem, for 12 months, commencing from 1st May 1852 up to 30th April 1853.

3. The Troops composing the Surat Garrison are as follows :—

	Strength.
Regiment of N. I.....	800
Detachment of Artillery ..	30
Followers	170
	1,000

But should it so happen that any alteration takes place before the day fixed for the sale of the Contracts, they are to be entered into for the number of Native Troops actually present on that day.

4. Previous to the biddings taking place, a deposit of the sum of Rupees (200) two hundred for the Contract for Country Liquors and Toddy, and Rs. (10) ten for that of Drugs, will be required from each bidder, and which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, should their offers be accepted, in which case they will be required to complete the sum equal to one month's amount of their respective Contracts on signing the Agreement, which will be retained as Security for the due fulfilment of their Agreements, besides which, two unexceptionable Securities to be furnished by the Contractors, and to make good all deficiencies in the payment of the same.

5. Further, the Contractors to make the monthly payments of their Contracts in advance, on the 10th of each month, commencing from May 1852.

6. The Liquor Contractor will be required to bind himself to defray the expenses of maintaining a Preventive Police, when and wherever it may be found necessary by the Officer Commanding the Station, for preventing the clandestine sale of Spirits to European Troops.

7. Detachments of 500 Men, moving or stationed within the Command, are to be supplied with Liquor and Drug Shops by the Contractors, but all other Detachments are to obtain their Spirits and Drugs from the Shops licensed by the Civil Authorities, wherever stationed.

8. Troops moving from Division or Station to be supplied with Liquor and Drug Shops by the Contractors, which are to remain until replaced by others from the Division or Station they halt at.

9. The amounts to be paid for the Contracts shall not be increased or decreased as Troops arrive at or depart from the Station, unless the number of arrivals and departures shall exceed one-fourth of the number of Sepoys that may be specified in the Contract, in which case the amount payable shall be increased or decreased to such extent as a Committee of Officers shall determine.

10. The Contractor to remain always with the Bazar Department.

11. No remission will be allowed to the Contractors for any scarcity which may occur during the existence of the Contracts, and no reasons will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

12. No Liquor to be sold to the townspeople during the Mohurram and Hooly Festivals.

13. Heirs, Executors, and Administrators of the Contractors and Securities will be liable to the conditions of the Deeds of Contract and Surety Bonds.

14. In the event of any of the conditions of the Contracts failing, or the Contractor's Heirs, &c., found to have any interest, directly or indirectly, with any person whom Government may declare unworthy of being dealt with in the management of the Contracts, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of the Station to put an end to the Contracts, and in such case the money advanced shall be forfeited to Government.

15. Further particulars will be made known to any person or persons on application at this Office, from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.

T. T. PIERS, Lieutenant,

Superintendent of Bazars.

Superintendent of Bazars Office, Surat,

16th February 1852.

જાહેર ખબર

આપવામાં આવેલું કે શુરતની પાસે આ
હવાની કાંપનાં નીચે લખેલી જનશાનાં ગુ
તા તારીખ ૨૫ ની મારચ અને ૧૮૫૨ ને
વાર ગરેજીને રોજ બપોરના ૧૨ વાગતે હ
રાજ કરવામાં આવશે તથા બીડેલાં માંગણી
પત્ર ઊપર લખેલા વખત તથા દીવશે મુ
ખાઇની કામીશરી જનરાલ શાહેબની આફી
શમાં પણ લેવામાં આવશે *

B. દારૂ તથા તાંડી વેચવાનો પટો *

આફીજ ગાંજા ભાંગ ખશખશ વીગેરે
વેચવાનો પટો *

૨ તારીખ ૧ લી મેએ અને ૧૮૫૨ થી
તે તારીખ ૩૦ ની એપ્રેલ અને ૧૮૫૩ થી
ધી માથ ૧૨ બારની મુદત શુધી દરમાથ
એકે ફૂંપની શીકાના રૂપેઆ ભરવા હોએ
તે રકમની માંગણી કરવી *

૩ શુરતના પલટન ખાતાના માણશો
નીચે પરમાણે છે *

આરેશી પલટનવાલા.....	૮૦૦
ગોલનદાજવાલા.....	૩૦
કાંપ તથા ખબરના રેહનારા	
વીગેરે.....	૧૭૦

કુલ..... ૧૦૦૦

પણ કદાશ પટા વેચવાના દરારેલા દીવશ પે
હેલાં કાંઇ શર બદલી થાએ તો તે તારીખે

Secy. & Treasurer.

J. STUART,

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Goods, three-fourths the approved value.
 The rate of advance on deposit of 5 per cent.
 Government Notes is 35 per cent., and on
 On Loans and deposit of Goods, &c. 6 ditto.
 On Cash Credits and Loans on Government Notes..... 5 ditto.
 On Fixed Loans on Government Notes..... 4 ditto.

INTEREST.
 On Private Bills at or within 3 Months..... 6 ditto.
 On Government Bills..... 4 per cent.

DISCOUNT.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

ચિત્ર ૧૮૫૨.

વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા
 ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા

Supt. of Bazars at Surat.
 Lieutenant,
 T. L. PIERS.

જાણી શરૂ કરવામાં આવે છે *
 ૧૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૧૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૧૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૧૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૨૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૨૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૨૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૨૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૩૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૩૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૩૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૩૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૪૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૪૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૪૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૪૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૫૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૫૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા

જાણી શરૂ કરવામાં આવે છે *
 ૧૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૧૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૧૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૧૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૨૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૨૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૨૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૨૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૩૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૩૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૩૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૩૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૪૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૪૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૪૫ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૪૫ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા
 ૫૦ વાણીઓને જાણવું જોઈએ કે ૫૦ વાણીઓ
 વ્યાજર માસવાર ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા ચૂકવવા

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Collector of Malabar will purchase all such Salt, the produce of Bombay, or other places subordinate thereto, as may be required for the use of the undermentioned Gollahs, from the 1st March to the 30th April 1852, at the rates detailed below:—

Cannanore, at 26 Rupees per Garce of 120 Indian Maunds.

Tellicherry, at 27 ditto	ditto	ditto.
Calicut, at 28 ditto	ditto	ditto.
Ponany, at 29 ditto	ditto	ditto.

It is further notified, that the Salt is measured by Parrahs (of one Indian Maund) of the same capacity as those in use at Bombay.

H. V. CONOLLY,
Collector.

Malabar, Collector's Office,
Calicut, 17th January 1852.

जुडेर नांनु

जेडुवुंन नुंयधनां अथवा नुंयध ता
यानी नंगोनां पाकेलां मोडांनानु नीये ल
येला गोला शार नरुं न्नांये तेरुं नी
कुं नल पारनां कलेकटर शाडुय तारीम १ की
मारय ते तारीम ३० नी अयेरुल शंने १८५२
शुधी नीये ल येला भाव परनांये वेयाव
लेये *

कानानोर १२० थंगाली मणना

६२ गारये३पीया २६ परनांये
तालचेरीयेनंन. २७ येनंन
कालीकोटयेनंन. २८ येनंन
पोनानीयेनंन. २८ येनंन

१की जुडेर करवनां आवेछु न नुय
धनां ६२ थंगाली मणना करथी नीकु नापे
छु तेडुवाल करथी नीकु अडीयां नापेछु.
नीयाशी

अथ.—वी.—कानली,

कलेकटर*

तारीम १७ नी माडे जेनेवारी शंने १८५२

धशवी मुकांम नलपार कलेकटरनी

कथेरी कालीकोट *

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहीर नामा

सेसाजे सुबदत अथवा सुबरी नायातोळ जाग्यात पीकलेले मि
टापेकी खाली लिहिलेले गोळ्याकरितां जितके पादोजे तितके
मिठ मलबार येथील कलेकटर साचेव तारीख १ मार्च पासून
तारीख ३० अप्रील सन १८५२ पर्यंत खाली लिहिलेले दरा
प्रमाणे खरीद घेतोळ

कानानोर	१२० थंगाली मणाचे दर गारसास		
दपये	.. ..	..	२६ प्रमाणे
तालचेरी.	.. ..	किता	२० किता
कालीकोट..	.. ..	किता	२८ किता
पोनानी..	.. ..	किता	२६ किता

आणखी जाहीर खबर दिव्ही जाते जे सुबदत दर थंगाली म
णाचे फथाने मिठ सापतात तशाच फथाने येथे मिठ सापतात.

निशाणी

एच. वी. कानली
कलेकटर

तारीख १० मार्चे ज्ञानेवारी सन १८५२ इसवी मुकांम

मलबार कलेकटरची कचेरी कालिकोट

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

List of Letters on which Steam-postage is due, and which are now lying unclaimed in the General Post Office, Bombay.

- 1 Major Allen, 1st Dragoon Guards.
- 1 Mr. P. C. H. Brands, Bombay.
- 1 Mrs. Gabley, Bombay.
- 2 R. J. G. Hawes, Esq., Naval & Military Hotel, Bombay.
- 1 Hornusjee Jewajee, Mazagon, Bombay.
- 1 Mr. F. Hatch, Seaman, H. C. S. "Hastings," Bombay.
- 2 Thomas Wingfield Hunt, Esq., care of Eduljee & Hornusjee, Apollo Street Bombay.
- 1 Mr. Irens, East India, Bombay, Fort George Barracks.
- 1 Kessowjee Jadowjee, Esq., Bombay.
- 1 Mr. Jno. Lees, Engineer, Marine Factory, Surbaya.
- 2 Narronjee Damodhur, Esq., Bombay.
- 1 Dyall Poonjah, Esq., Bombay.
- 1 J. C. Robinson, Esq., Bombay.
- 3 G. F. Sheppard, Esq., 28th Regt. Bombay N. I., Post Office, Bombay.
- 1 Chas. Turner, Esq., V. S. India.
- 1 Fockersey Dyall, Esq., Bombay.
- 1 Mr. W. Wagner, East India, Bombay Military Square.
- 1 A Sua Signoria Illustoe II. Sig. Andrea Agnis di Nazione Mattese, residente in Bombay.
- 2 Mr. J. Minor, care of the Postmaster General, Post Office, Bombay.
- 1 Captain Bace, H. M.'s 32nd Regiment, Jullunder.

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,
Post Master General.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office,
17th March 1852.

Advertisement.

Tenders are hereby invited for the conveyance to Singapore of about eight tons of Naval Stores, under transmission to the Honorable Company's Steam-frigate "Semiramis."

Particulars as to the nature of the Stores, the size, weight, &c. of the packages, may be learnt by personal application at the Office of the Commander in Chief Indian Navy.

By Order of the Commander in Chief Indian Navy,
F. G. BONE,
Secretary.

Commodore's Office,
Bombay, 16th March 1852.

Advertisement.

Tenders are hereby invited for the conveyance of

- 1 (One) European Convict, either to Calcutta, Madras, or direct to Van Dieman's Land, and of
- 1 (One) Medical Subordinate of the Bengal Establishment, to Calcutta.

By Order of the Commander in Chief I. N.,
F. G. BONE, Secretary.

Commodore's Office,
Bombay, 16th March 1852.

General Orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, 11th March 1852.

No. 173 of 1852.—The services of Brevet Major S. Turnbull, Deputy Principal Commissary of Ordnance, are placed at the disposal of the Commander of the Forces, for duty as a Member of a Special Committee, to be assembled at the Presidency on the 13th instant.

Bombay Castle, 12th March 1852.

No. 174 of 1852.—Assistant Surgeon T. W. Ward is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on Medical certificate.

No. 175 of 1852.—The following arrangements are ordered:—

Captain J. B. Dunsterville, 19th Regiment N. I., who was appointed in Government General Order No. 213 of 1851 Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General, during the absence of Captain Salmon, will continue to act in that grade, during the absence of Captain Shaw.

Major W. Blenkins, C. B., 6th Regiment N. I., Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General, reverts to the rank of Sub-Assistant Commissary General, from the date of Captain Salmon's arrival at the Presidency.

No. 176 of 1852.—The following General Rolls of Remittances to Europe will be forwarded to the Hon'ble the Court of Directors by the next Overland Mail:—

1. General Roll, for the Quarter ending 31st January 1852, of Family Remittances of Commissioned Officers of Her Majesty's Forces serving under this Presidency, from the 83rd and 86th Regiments of Foot.
2. General Roll from the Commissioned Officers of Her Majesty's 78th Highlanders and 83rd Regiment of Foot, on account of Commission Fees.
3. General Rolls, for the Quarter ending 31st January 1852, of Family Remittances of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Forces serving under this Presidency, from the 64th, 83rd, 86th, and 8th Regiments of Foot, 78th Highlanders, 3rd Light Dragoons, and 10th Royal Hussars.
4. General Rolls, for the Quarter ending 31st January 1852, of Effects and Credits of Deceased Commissioned Officers in Her Majesty's Forces serving under this Presidency, from the 83rd Regiment of Foot.
5. General Roll of Effects and Credits of Deceased Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's 8th, 64th, 78th, 83rd, 86th Regiments of Foot, and 10th Royal Hussars.
6. General Rolls, for the Quarter ending 31st January 1852, of Remittances on account of Regimental Necessaries of Her Majesty's Regiments serving under this Presidency, from the 8th, 64th, 83rd, 86th Regiments of Foot, 78th Highlanders, and 10th Royal Hussars.
7. General Rolls, for the Quarter ending the 31st January 1852, of Remittances of Commissioned and Warrant Officers of the Hon'ble Company's Service.
8. General Rolls, for the Quarter ending the 31st January 1852, of Family Remittances of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of the Hon'ble Company's Regiments.

No. 177 of 1852.—Lieutenant Lewis Munro, of the 43rd Regiment Bengal Light Infantry, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on Medical certificate.

Bombay Castle, 13th March 1852.

No. 178 of 1852.—Second Lieutenant F. E. Gammell, of the Bengal Artillery, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on Medical certificate.

Bombay Castle, 15th March 1852.

No. 179 of 1852.—The Hon'ble the Court of Directors have granted the undermentioned Officers extensions of leave, for the period specified:—

Major H. S. Watkin.....	}	For six months.
Captain John Forbes.....		
Lieutenant R. F. Wren.....		
Lieutenant N. J. Newnham.....		

No. 180 of 1852.—Assistant Surgeon Weston has been appointed Surgeon to the Right Hon'ble the Governor, from the date on which Dr. Keith vacated that appointment.

No. 181 of 1852.—Major A. P. LeMessurier, of the 2nd European Regiment Light Infantry, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on Medical certificate.

Bombay Castle, 16th March 1852.

No. 182 of 1852.—Lieutenant Colonel Melvill, Military Secretary to Government, is permitted to proceed to Egypt and Syria, with leave of absence for one year, under Medical certificate.

Major Maughan, 12th Regiment N. I., is appointed to officiate as Secretary to Government in the Military and Marine Departments, during the absence of Lieutenant Colonel Melvill, or until further orders.

No. 183 of 1852.—Colonel G. Moore, Military Auditor General, has leave of absence on private affairs, for six months, to proceed to Egypt and Syria.

The following appointments are made, to take effect from the date of Colonel Moore's departure from India, and to continue during the absence of that Officer, or until further orders, viz:—

- Lieutenant Colonel Jameson to act as Military Auditor General.
- Captain J. G. Forbes to act as Deputy Auditor General.
- Lieutenant S. Dobree, 5th Regiment Native Infantry, to act as Assistant Auditor General.

No. 184 of 1852.—The Honorable the Court of Directors have granted extensions of leave for the period specified to the undermentioned Officers, viz:—

Captain W. E. Evans.....	}	Six months.
Captain C. F. Grant.....		
Lieutenant G. B. Scott.....		

Captain Albert Vaillant has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to retire from the Service, from the 22nd January 1852.

No. 185 of 1852.—The following Order is confirmed:—

An Order by Captain F. F. Taylor, Commanding 3rd Regiment Light Cavalry, dated Neemuch, the 29th November 1851, appointing Lieutenant S. M. Arthur Staff Officer to the Left Wing of the Regiment, from the 1st December 1851, on the departure of the Head Quarters and Right Wing en route to Nusseerabad.

No. 186 of 1852.—The following appointment is made:—

Lieutenant W. Turnbull, of the Native Veteran Battalion, to act as Interpreter to that Battalion.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

No. 187 of 1852.—The furlough to Europe for three years, on Medical certificate, granted to Lieutenant B. Burgess, of the 20th Regiment Native Infantry, in G. G. O. No. 146, of the 1st instant, is cancelled.

No. 188 of 1852.—The following appointment is made:—

22nd Regiment Native Infantry.

Date of Appointment

Lieutenant G. F. Taylor to be Quarter Master and Interpreter in the Hindoostance and Mahratta languages, vice Campbell, proceeded to Europe..... } 3rd Feb. 1852.

No. 189 of 1852.—The undermentioned Officers are allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on private affairs, agreeably to the Regulations:—

Captain J. C. Graves.....	}	3rd Regiment Light Cavalry.
Lieutenant C. Buckle.....		

No. 190 of 1852.—Captain B. Kay, of the 6th Regiment Native Infantry, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on Medical certificate, with permission to embark from Aden.

No. 191 of 1852.—The rank of the undermentioned Assistant Surgeons having been received from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to assign them Commissions from the dates specified opposite their respective names:—

Medical Establishment.

Date of Rank.

Assistant Surgeon William Edward Wood.....	20th	October	1851.
" " Alexander Fox.....	20th	December	"
" " Alexander Valentine Ward.....	"	"	"
" " Charles Thomson, M. D.....	29th	"	"
" " Henry Roome, M. D.....	"	"	"

No. 192 of 1852.—The following promotion is made:—

Ordnance Department.

Date of Rank.

Sub-Conductor H. Doyle to be Acting Conductor, vice Acting Conductor J. Graham, employed in the Office of the Military Board..... } 2nd March 1852.

No. 193 of 1852.—The following Order is confirmed:—

An Order by Brigadier N. Wilson, K. II., dated Shikarpoor, the 22nd February 1852, placing the services of Lieutenant Pitman, of the 4th Battalion Artillery, at the disposal of the Executive Engineer Upper Scinde, for the execution of a temporary duty in the resumed Districts, on the requisition of the Commissioner in Scinde.

No. 194 of 1852.—The following appointments are made:—

Captain (Brevet Major) F. Jackson, of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, to be a Brigade Major on the Establishment, vice Kay, proceeded to Europe. Date of appointment, 26th February 1852.

Lieutenant T. Thatcher, of the 11th Regiment Native Infantry, is confirmed in the appointment of 2nd in Command of the 2nd Belooch Battalion, vice Grant, proceeded to Europe.

No. 195 of 1852.—The following Native promotion is made:—

Corps of Store Lascars.

Date of Rank.

1st Tindal Cuddaree Guicowar to be Syrang, vice Sewoo Puchajee, pensioned..... 1st January 1852.

No. 196 of 1852.—Captain P. W. Clarke, of the 2nd Grenadier Regiment Native Infantry, is allowed leave of absence for a period of one year, to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills, on Medical certificate.

No. 197 of 1852.—The unexpired portion of the leave to Egypt granted to Captain A. Morris, of the 4th Regiment Native Infantry (Rifles), by G. G. O. No. 228, dated the 19th April 1851, is cancelled from the 8th March, the date of that Officer's return to the Presidency.

No. 198 of 1852.—The undermentioned Officers, who were examined by Committees assembled at Sukkur and Kurrachee, have been reported by the Committee at the Presidency to be qualified as Interpreters, viz:—

In Hindoostance.

- Lieutenant T. Thatcher, 11th Regiment N. I.
- " G. C. Eveyard, 22nd " "

In Scindee.

- Captain J. B. Dunsterville, 4th Regt. N. I. (Rifles).
- Lieutenant E. P. Arthur, 1st Regiment Light Cavalry (Lancers).

No. 199 of 1852.—The following promotions are made :—

	<i>Infantry.</i>	<i>Date of Rank.</i>
Senior Major A. P. LeMessurier to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice LeMessurier, deceased		6th February 1852.
<i>2nd European Regiment Light Infantry.</i>		

Captain (Brevet Major) Robert Shortrede to be Major, Lieutenant Henry Shewell to be Captain, and Ensign David Hutcheon to be Lieutenant, in succession to LeMessurier, promoted	} Ditto ditto.
---	----------------

The undermentioned Officer to be ranked from the date specified opposite his name, and posted to the 2nd European Regiment Light Infantry, vice Hutcheon, promoted :

	<i>Rank as Ensign in the</i>	
	<i>Regiment.</i>	<i>Army.</i>
James Arthur Gayer	6th February 1852.	10th December 1850.

No. 200 of 1852.—Assistant Surgeon F. Manisty is appointed to act as Superintendent of Mahableshwur, during the absence of Surgeon Costelloe, or until further orders.

No. 201 of 1852.—Lieutenant H. Parker, of the Invalid Establishment, is permitted to reside and receive his pay at the Neigherry Hills.

Erratum.

In Government General Order No. 139, dated the 1st instant, making appointments in the Ordnance Department, for "Date of appointment, 12th January 1852," read "Date of appointment, 24th January 1852."

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

M A R I N E D E P A R T M E N T.

Bombay Castle, 10th March 1852.

No. 38 of 1852.—Mr. George Ingle, Senior Supernumerary Captain's Clerk, is brought on the strength of the permanent Establishment, vice Francis, resigned.

** Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.*

No. 39 of 1852.—The Honorable the Court of Directors have granted Lieutenant Q. R. Jolliffe an extension of leave for the period of three months, on account of private affairs.

No. 40 of 1852.—Mr. A. McNeil, 2nd Class Engineer, returned to his duty on the 8th instant, by the steam-vessel "Ajdaha," with the permission of the Honorable the Court of Directors.

No. 41 of 1852.—Lieutenant B. H. Crane returned to his duty on the 8th instant, by the steam-vessel "Ajdaha," with the permission of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

C i v i l A p p o i n t m e n t s , & c .

P O L I T I C A L D E P A R T M E N T .

Bombay Castle, 12th March 1852.

Lieutenant Colonel S. Hennell, Resident in the Persian Gulf, is allowed leave to the Presidency, under Section XI. of the Absentee Regulations, for the period of one month from the 1st instant, on which date he made over charge of his duties to his Assistant, Captain Kemball.

The leave of absence on sick certificate granted to Lieutenant Black, Third Assistant to the Political Agent in Katteewar, on the 31st December last, is extended to the 15th instant.

Bombay Castle, 15th March 1852.

Lieutenant J. Black, Third Assistant to the Political Agent in Katteewar, has been allowed leave of absence from the Military Department, to proceed to Sea and Singapore, for two years, on Medical certificate.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

Mr. Sub-Assistant Surgeon Spencer, in Medical charge at Sawunt Warree, has been granted leave of absence on private affairs, from the 24th December last to the 24th ultimo, on which latter date he resumed charge of his duties.

The following Officers have been appointed Registrars of Marriages in the undermentioned non-Regulation Districts, under Section XVIII. of Act. V. of 1852 :—

- Kutch*.---Lieut. George Skipton, Line Adjutant at Bhooj.
- Kattywar*.---Captain Burdett Richard Powell, Major of Brigade at Rajkote.
- Deesa and Pahlunpoor*.---Captain Thomas Jackson, (Acting) Major of Brigade at Deesa.
- Baroda*.---Captain Andrew Crawford, Major of Brigade.
- Kolhapoor*.---Assistant Surgeon Francis Broughton, Civil Surgeon.
- Sawunt Warree*.---Mr. R. Spencer, Sub-Assistant Surgeon.
- Aden*.---Assistant Surgeon J. Vaughan, Civil Surgeon.
- Persian Gulf*.---Assistant Surgeon J. McAlister, Residency Surgeon.
- Zanzibar*.---Major Atkins Hamerton, Agent and Consul.
- Turkish Arabia*.---Assistant Surgeon J. M. Hyslop, M. D., Civil Surgeon to the Political Agency.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
A. MALET, *Chief Secretary.*

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE.

Bombay Castle, 11th March 1852.

The leave of absence for one month, granted on the 31st January last to Mr. R. H. Pinhey, Acting Third Assistant to the Collector of Poona, under Section VI. of the Absentee Regulations, has been extended to the 31st instant.

Mr. W. T. Cole has been appointed a Deputy Collector in Lower Scinde.

Bombay Castle, 13th March 1852.

Mr. C. J. Manson, Head Assistant to the Inam Commissioner, has been granted, under the provisions of Section XII. of the Absentee Regulations, an extension, up to the 15th instant, inclusive, of the leave of absence allowed him under date the 16th ultimo.

Bombay Castle, 15th March 1852.

Mr. R. Spooner is appointed Acting Collector of Customs, and Acting Opium Agent at the Presidency, and Acting Reporter General on External Commerce.

Mr. J. N. Rose is appointed Collector and Magistrate of Broach, and Acting Collector and Magistrate of Ahmednuggur.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

Assistant Surgeon J. E. Stocks has been appointed Conservator of Forests, and Superintendent of Botanical Gardens, from the date of Dr. Gibson's departure to Europe.

Mr. H. Young, Collector of Customs, Reporter General on External Commerce, and Opium Agent at the Presidency, delivered over charge of his duties to his Deputy, Mr. A. D. Robertson, on the 15th instant.

Mr. T. Ogilvy, Commissioner at Sattara, has been permitted to remain out in the Districts, on duty.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
H. E. GOLDSMID, *Secy. to Government.*

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th March 1852.

The undermentioned Medical Officers are appointed to act as Assessors at the approaching Examination of Candidates for the Diploma of Graduate, at the Grant Medical College :—

- Surgeon Stovell.
- " Watkins.
- Assistant Surgeon Campbell.

Mr. A. Bettington is allowed leave of absence for two years, from the 15th instant, to proceed to England, on sick certificate.

Bombay Castle, 15th March 1852.

Assistant Surgeon Weston to be Surgeon to the Right Hon'ble the Governor, from the date on which Dr. Keith vacated that appointment.

Head Vaccinator Juggonath Wishwanath, Northern Concan, is allowed leave of absence, for one month, to proceed to Rutnagherry, on private affairs.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

The following promotions are made in the Civil Service :—

From the 12th March 1852.

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Mr. George Inverarity..... | } | From the Fourth
to the Third Class. |
| Mr. Claudius James Erskine..... | | |
| Mr. Henry Lacon Anderson..... | | |

From the 11th December 1851.

Mr. Barrow Helbert Ellis	} From the Fifth to the Fourth Class.
Mr. Leighton Hamerton Baker Tucker.....	
Mr. Charles James Manson.....	
Mr. Henry Newton.....	
Mr. Robert Hardy.....	

From the 9th February 1852.

Mr. Walter Adolphus Ritchie	} From the Sixth to the Fifth Class.
Mr. Lionel Robert Ashburner	
Mr. Charles Henry Cameron	
Mr. James Erskine Oliphant	
Mr. James Mackintosh Erskine.....	
Mr. John Frederick Armstrong.....	
Mr. Michael John Maxwell Stewart.....	
Mr. William D'Oyly.....	
Mr. Robert Ferguson Mactier.....	

Captain Schneider assumed charge of the Post Office at Kolapoor on the 6th instant.
 The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council has received a report that Mr. E. P. Robertson, of the Civil Service, has passed an Examination in the Hindoostance language.
 Assistant Surgeon Carter to be Acting Oculist at the Presidency.
 Assistant Surgeon Cole to be Acting Professor of Midwifery in the Grant Medical College, vice Peele, absent on sick certificate.
 Surgeon Morehead, M. D., to be Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in the Grant Medical College, and Superintendent of Vaccination at the Presidency, until further orders, vice Peet.
 Assistant Surgeon Wyllie to be Acting Civil Surgeon of Ahmednuggur, vice Manisty.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

The Judges of the Sudder Adawlut have sanctioned the appointment of Mr. Michael Hearn as Joint Police officer for the Town of Alibaugh.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

The Reverend T. L. Kingsbury to be Chaplain to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop, from the 25th ultimo.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Government.

P A C K E T S .

It is hereby notified, for general information, that Packets are open at this Office for the reception of Letters for dispatch by the following Vessels :—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	AGENTS' NAMES.	DATE OF INTENDED DEPARTURE.	TO WHAT PORT.	WHERE TOUCHING.
Ajdaha.....	Commander in Chief, Indian Navy...	3rd proximo.....	Suez.....	Aden.
Achilles.....	P. & O. S. N. Company	1st ditto.....	Aden.	
Victoria.....	Bombay S. N. Company.....	19th instant.....	Kurrachee.	
G. R. Clerk.....	Ditto ditto.....	19th ditto.....	Canbay.....	Surat.
Dundonald.....	Messrs. Dirom Hunter, & Co.	23rd ditto.....	Liverpool.	
British Empire.....	„ W. Nicol & Co.....	1st proximo.....	London.	
Columbia.....	Ditto ditto.....	Despatch.....	Ditto.	
Elizabeth.....	„ Cardwell, Parsons & Co.....	Ditto.....	China.	
J. K. L.....	Ditto ditto.....	Ditto.....	Liverpool.	
John Wickliffe.....	„ Wallace & Co.....	Ditto.....	China.	

As a general rule, the Packets for Sailing Vessels will be closed on the evening before the dates of departure.

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,

Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 17th March 1852.

Post Master General.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

It has been reported to Government that the undermentioned Gentlemen have passed the prescribed Examination in the languages set opposite their names :—

Captain J. B. Dunsterville, 4th Regiment N. I. (Rifle Corps)	Scindee.
Lieutenant E. P. Arthur, 1st Regiment Light Cavalry (Lancers)	Ditto.
Mr. R. H. Light, Supernumerary Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment Southern Mahratta Country	} Mahratta.
Mr. A. W. Hughes, Acting Head Master of the Jageerdar's College at Belgaum .....		Ditto.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

J. G. LUMSDEN,
 Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT

OF MEAT, POULTRY, FRUIT, BREAD, FLOUR, ROLONG, SAGO, BUTTER, MILK, FIREWOOD, OIL, CANDLES, SOAP, GHEE, SUGAR, GRAIN, &c. &c. — QUOTED BY THE DEALERS.

ARTICLES.		PRICES.	ARTICLES.		PRICES.	ARTICLES.		PRICES.
R.	a. p.		R.	a. p.		R.	a. p.	
BEEF.			PORK, FRESH & SALT (continued).			SUGAR OF SORTS.		
Prime pieces.....	1st sort	10 lbs.	1	Trotters, small.....	per four.	1	Sugar, Pinfa.....	per md. of 28 lbs
"	2nd do.	12 "	1	Pig's Liver & Heart.....	"	2	"	Candy, 1st sort.....
"	3rd do.	16 "	1	Pork, salt, country.....	8 lbs.	1	"	" 2nd do.....
Brisket and Round,	1st sort	12 "	1	POULTRY.			"	" 3rd do.....
"	2nd do.	14 "	1	Geese.....	each	4	"	soft, 1st do.....
"	3rd do.	16 "	1	Turkey cock, Bombay.....	"	4	"	" 2nd do.....
Meat for Soup.....	16 "	1	1	"	hen,	"	"	" brown.....
Shin.....	large	each.	2	"	cock, Goa.....	3	Jagree.....	"
"	small	"	0	"	hen,	"	"	"
Ox Tails.....	large	"	6	Fowls, large, Surat.....	"	1	GHEE OF SORTS.	
Tongue.....	small	"	6	"	large, Bombay.....	7	Ghee, Kurrachee, per md. of 28 lbs.	5 8
Heart.....	large	"	3	"	small,	"	"	Surat.....
"	small	"	2	Ducks, large.....	"	5	"	Bhownggur.....
Marrow-bone.....	small	"	0	"	small.....	8	"	Balchany.....
Ox Palates.....	four.	4	4	Chickens, large.....	per dozen.	2	"	Ghanty.....
Feet.....	per lb.	4	4	"	small.....	12	"	Rajapur.....
Suet.....	each.	5	5	Hens' Eggs.....	each.	3	"	Jaffrad.....
Tongues (salted, dry), Poona.	each.	4	4	Ducks'.....	"	3	GRAIN OF SORTS.	
" (pickled) Bombay.....	5	5	5	FRUITS OF SORTS.			Wheat, Hansia.....	pr. Cdy. of 8 pharas.
VEAL, SMALL.			Pine-apples, Bombay, large.....	each.	1	"	Jambooseer, 1st sort.....	17
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs.	1	"	small,	"	" 2nd do.....	16
"	2nd do.	5 "	1	"	Goa.....	4	"	Bhownggur, 1st do.
"	3rd do.	6 "	1	"	large,	2	"	" 2nd do.
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	1	Pomelos.....	large,	12	"	Ghantee.....
"	2nd do.	6 "	1	"	small,	8	"	Sindee.....
"	3rd do.	7 "	1	Gumvas.....	large,	8	"	Gram, Jambooseer.....
VEAL, LARGE.			"	small,	6	"	"	Ghogaree, new.....
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	5 lbs.	1	Oranges.....	large,	6	"	" old.....
"	2nd do.	6 "	1	"	small,	6	"	Ghantee, new.....
"	3rd do.	7 "	1	"	common.....	3	"	" old.....
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	6 "	1	Grapes, black.....	per seer.	4	"	Bengal.....
"	2nd do.	7 "	1	"	green.....	1 3	Wooreed, Ghantee.....	13
"	3rd do.	8 "	1	Melons, water, large.....	each.	3	"	Malabar.....
Head.....	1st do.	each.	10	"	small.....	2	"	Cutch.....
"	2nd do.	"	8	"	Musk, large.....	3	"	Ghogaree.....
"	3rd do.	"	6	"	small.....	2	"	"
Feet.....	four.	3 0	3 0	Plantains, red, large.....	"	8	"	Ghantee.....
Liver & Heart.....	each.	1	1	"	small.....	6	"	Cutch.....
MUTTON FOR EUROPEANS.			"	yellow, large.....	"	4	Mugg.....	17
Saddle.....	1st sort	per lb.	3	"	small.....	3	"	Ghogaree.....
"	2nd do.	"	2	Limes, sweet.....	"	9	"	Bazaree, Ghantee.....
"	3rd do.	"	1 0	"	sour.....	1	"	Bhownggur, 1st sort
eg, Loin, Neck, and Shoulder.....	1st do.	"	2	Potatoes, Neigherries, large, perseer.....	"	1	"	" 2nd do.
"	2nd do.	"	1 6	"	small.....	8	"	Rajapur.....
"	3rd do.	"	1 3	"	Mahabeshwar, large.....	9	"	Barley..... new.....
Breast.....	1st do.	"	6	"	small.....	6	"	" old.....
"	2nd do.	"	1 3	"	Poona, large.....	4	"	Toor..... 1st sort.
"	3rd do.	"	1	"	small.....	3	"	" 2nd do.
Tongue, Sheep's.....	each.	4	4	"	Surat, large.....	4	Joaree.....	10
Bralne.....	"	4	4	Yams, white.....	"	6	Nachen.....	9
Head.....	"	1 9	1 9	"	red.....	5	Vattana.....	14
Liver and Heart.....	"	1	1	Onions.....	"	2	Chowley.....	per phara
Kidneys.....	"	4	4	Ginger.....	"	8	Dall, Branch.....	2 8
Feet.....	four.	4	4	DRY FRUITS OF SORTS.			"	Surat.....
Suet.....	per lb.	4	4	Plums, fine.....	per seer weight.	2 0	UNBOILED RICE OF SORTS.	
MUTTON FOR NATIVES.			Currents, fine.....	"	"	2 6	Rice, Putney.....	per phara
First sort.....	12 lbs.	1	1	"	coarse.....	2 6	"	Sindee, red.....
Second.....	14 "	1	1	"	coarse.....	2 2	"	raw.....
Third.....	16 "	1	1	Prunes, new.....	"	2 2	"	red.....
KID, SMALL.			"	old.....	"	2 2	BATEN RICE OF SORTS.	
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs.	1	Almonds, sweet.....	"	1 6	Rice, Jersaul, 1st sort.....	per phara.
"	2nd do.	5 "	1	"	bitter.....	2	"	Vergole, 1st do.
"	3rd do.	6 "	1	BREAD, &c.			"	" 2nd do.
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	1	A loaf, 1st sort.....	13 oz. each.	1 4	"	Sindree ratra.....
"	2nd do.	6 "	1	"	2nd do.....	13 oz.	"	Segundee.....
"	3rd do.	7 "	1	"	brown.....	32 oz.	"	Putney.....
Head, Feet, Liver, & Heart.....	4	4	4	"	" 16 oz.	1	"	raw.....
KID, LARGE.			Flour, wheat.....	per seer measure.	3 4	3 4	MANGALORE RICE OF SORTS.	
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs.	1	Rolong.....	"	3 4	Rice, unboiled, 1st sort.....	per robin.
"	2nd do.	5 "	1	Sago, fine.....	weight.	1	"	" 2nd do.
"	3rd do.	5 1/2 "	1	"	coarse.....	1 3	"	boiled, 1st do.
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	1	Arrowroot, best.....	"	2	"	" 2nd do.
"	2nd do.	6 "	1	MILK AND BUTTER.			"	" 2nd do.
"	3rd do.	7 "	1	Cows' milk.....	per seer measure.	1 4	"	" 168 lbs.
LAMB, SMALL.			"	butter.....	per cup of 2 oz.	1 4	"	" 2nd do.
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs.	1	Buffaloes' milk.....	per seer measure.	1 2	"	" 1st do.
"	2nd do.	5 "	1	"	butter.....	per cup of 2 oz.	"	" 2nd do.
"	3rd do.	6 "	1	FIREWOOD.			"	"
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	1	Babool, per candy of 28 mds. 784 lbs.	2 12	2 12	BHATT.	
"	2nd do.	6 "	1	Khaur.....	"	2 12	"	raw.....
"	3rd do.	7 "	1	Aine.....	"	2 4	"	red.....
LAMB, LARGE.			Kurnell.....	"	2 12	2 12	SUNDRIES.	
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	5 lbs.	1	OILS, CANDLES, AND SOAP.			Saltpetre, Europe, per md. of 28 lbs.	2 8
"	2nd do.	6 "	1	Cocconut oil, 1st sort, pr. md. of 28 lbs.	2 3	2 3	"	Bengal.....
"	3rd do.	7 "	1	"	2nd "	2 2	"	Rajapur.....
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	6 "	1	Jeenglee.....	"	3 4	"	Pepper, black, 1st sort.....
"	2nd do.	7 "	1	"	Ghantee.....	3	"	" 2nd do.
"	3rd do.	8 "	1	Erundia, or Castor Oil.....	"	3	"	white.....
PORK, FRESH AND SALT.			Candles, Europe.....	"	30	30	"	Garlick, large.....
Pork, fresh.....	1 1/2 lbs.	1	1	"	Goa.....	18	"	" small.....
Pig, roasting, large size.....	each.	4	4	"	Cochin.....	17	"	"
"	small do.	"	1	Soap, country.....	"	12	"	Camphor.....
Pig's Head.....	20 lbs.	1	1	"	Europe, yellow.....	3 8	"	Salt, table.....
Sausages.....	4 "	1	1	"	" white.....	3 8	"	seer
Trotters, large.....	per four.	1 4	1 4	"	"	3 8	"	common, white.....
								black.....

Vegetables generally sold according to the quantity in the Market, and the choice of the vegetables.

Bombay measures by which the articles are sold:—4 Seers are one Pylee—17 Pylees are one Pharas—8 Pharas are one Candy—25 Pharas are one Moora.

Bombay weights by which the articles are sold:—1 Seer is 11 ozs. and 4 drs.—40 Seers are 1 Maund—1 Maund is 28 English pounds.

Bombay, Monday, 15th March 1852.

Published by order of the Board of Conservancy, J. WATSON, Clerk of the Markets.

**TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
FINANCE.**

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to notify, for general information, that the restriction contained in No. 2 of the List of Classes entered in the Appendix A to the Pension Rules of the 8th of September 1835, by which the services of parties on salaries of Rupees 10 per mensem and under cannot be taken into account in calculating for a Pension, is not to be held applicable to any specific class of Servants, but must be extended to all classes and Departments coming under the operation of the Pension Rules.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
H. E. GOLDSMID,
Secy. to Government.
Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

**TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
REVENUE.**

The following Notification by the Collector of Canara is published for general information :—

TEAK TIMBER.

Notice is hereby given, that about 2,115 Logs of Teak Timber, containing about 4,702 Candies, and 50 End Pieces, will be sold by Public Auction, in the District of Canara, the Sale commencing on the 31st of March 1852.

The Logs are lying, and may be viewed, at the Ports of Sedashigur and Gungawally. The Sale will commence at Gungawally on the 31st of March, and be continued at that place and at Sedashigur till the whole of the Timber is sold.

All particulars, and the terms of sale, may be ascertained by application at the Office of the Collector of Canara, Mangalore, or of the additional Sub-Collector of Canara, at Honore.

F. N. MALTY,
Collector of Canara.

Collector's Cutcherry on Circuit,
Sedashigur, 4th March 1852.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
H. E. GOLDSMID,
Secy. to Government.

Bombay Castle, 17th March 1852.

अहुरेनांमु.

अधुने शागवांनी लाकडांना शिरा आशु रे २११५ तेनु वळन आशु रे ४७०२ पांडी छु तथा छिडाना कटका ५० तारीम ३१ नी नारम शंने १८५२ ना रेनथी कानारा पर गळ्यांमां अहुरे लीलांन करीने वेसवामां आपशे *

अपर लमेला लाकडांना शिरा शदाशीव गड तथा गंगावालीनां छुमळां पडेलां छु तां छु लीवामां आपशे गंगावालीनां मालता मडीनानी तारीम ३१ नीथी लीलांन माधु

थाशे अने ते लगेनां तथा शदाशीव गडनां न्हंछां शुधी शंधा लाकडां वेयाथे रेडुशे तां छु शुधी लीलांन मालशे *

लीलांननी शंधी छुकीगत तथा अिकरारे। कानारा नागवारना कलेकटरनी कचेरीनां अथवा कानाराना आडीशेनल शय कलेकटर नी छानार नाडुली कचेरीनां अरन करेथी नार्थन थाशे *

नीशांणी.

टी.—येन.—मालटवी,
कानारानो कलेकटर

तारीम ४ थो नाडु नारम शंने १८५२
थंशवी मुकान शदाशीवगड कलेकटरनी कचेरी शरकीट *

यमोनये छुर्कन पंडेगान अलीनवाय मुशतेताय छुनरत राथे छुनरायल गवरनर शाडेय पाडुडुर दर थंनला श कुशल *

नीशांणी

अेय.—थं.—गेलडशनीड.

शकरतारी नीशयत शरकार.

तारीम १७ नी नाडु नारम शंने १८५२

थंशवी मुकान न्हंछे मुयथे *

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहीरनामा

ऐमाजे सागवानी लाकडाचे सोटे सुमार २११५ वजन छु मारे छेडो ४७०२ व शंधाचे तुकडे ५० यांचे मेल्याव चालते न दोग्याचो तारिख २१ रे राजापखन कनडाचे जिळ्यांत चालु सारल.

सदरल्ल सोटे सदाशोवगड व गंगावली येथे व्हर्लो पडले आ हेत तेथे जाउन पाचावे—गंगावली येथे चालते मदिन्याचे २१ वे तारीखे पाखन मेल्याव सुरु सारल व त्या जागेत आणी सदा सोवगड येथे जोपयंत सर्वे लाकडे विकून जात तेंपयंत मेल्याव चालेल.

मेल्यावाची सर्वे वकीकत व करार कनडा मंगलोरचे कलेकटरचे वकीकतांत अथवा कनडाचे आडिशनल सब कलेकटरचे दोनार येथील वकीकतांत अर्थ केल्याने समजले जातील.

निशाणी

टी. येन. मालटवी,

कनडा येथील कलेकटर.

तारिख ४ माचे मार्च सन १८५२ इसवी मुकाम सदाशोवगड कलेकटर कचेरी सरकीट,

बमोजीने बुकस बंदीगान आली नवाय सुखताव व जरत रेट वगरावल गवरनर साचेव वाचादर दर ईजलास कोसल

निशाणी

एच. ड. गेलडफीड,

सकतारी नीसवत सरकार

तारिख १० माचे मार्च सन १८५२ इसवी मुकाम मुंबई.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Notice.

Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office on Monday the 22nd instant, at 12 o'clock A. M. for executing by Contract the undermentioned work.

Plan and specification of the quantity of labour and materials to be expended, also the form of Contract to be entered into, will in the mean time remain open for inspection, copies of which may be taken, and any additional information obtained. A deposit of ten per cent. will be required from the lowest bidder, to be forfeited in case of any evasion or delay in signing the Deed of Contract.

WORK.

Making alteration to the Pilot Bunder at Colaba.

C. W. TREMENHEERE, Captain,
Officiating Garrison Engineer, and Civil Architect at the Presidency.

Marine Department,
Garrison Engineer and Civil Architect's Office,
Bombay, 16th March 1852.

जुहुर नातु.

ओपुले नीमे लमेकु कामे धंनराथी कर वावीयेना तुअनयांनी अरना आलता नही नानी तारीम रर भी शानवारने हीने पार वागते गोदीना धंननीअर तथा शीवील आरकीटेकटनी कमेरीनां शंभली लेणे *

नकाशा तथा शानान तथा मजुरी कुटली लागले तेना अन्नायेनी धंआद तथा धंनराना कागलने मुशदे दरमीयांन नः वासाइ ठिधाडो रेहेणे तथा तेनी नकल नी धंनी हुणेते तेपण देवा देणे तथा पीणु कां धं पुषुहु हुणे तो तेपण नालंन थामे *

न शरवथी कंनी आंकडो यालणे तेणे दर शुकडे रका १० इश परनांये अवेन यंना नत राभवा नाधंये ते अवेन धंनराना कागल विपर शडी करवा आनाकांनी अथवा धील करेथी शरकार दाभल थामे *

कान.

कुलापानां पाईलेट पंदर कांई शरकार करवाणु छे *

नीयांणी.

आरलय. ठिदीअंन. ररनेनेहीअर,
कपतान गोदीने धंननीअर *
तारीम १६ नाडे नारय शंने १८५२
धंशवी मुकांन मुयां धं गारीशंन
धंननीअर तथा शीवील आर
कीटेकटनी कमेरी नरीन डीपार
रनेनर *

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहीर नामा

एसाजे खाली लिहिलेले काम सक्कानी करण्या विशीचे सुख अबानी अजं चालते मदिन्याचो तारीख २२ सोमवारचे रोजो बारा बाजतां मुंबई रेथोल ग्यारीसन इजनीयर व सीविल आर्कीटेकटचे कचेरीत एकुन घेतोल.

नकाशा व सामान व मजुरी कीती लागेल त्याचे आकार

ची वाद व सक्क्याचे कागदाचा मसुदा दरम्यान पाहावयाच उ घडा राहील व त्याचा नकला पाहोजे असल्यास घेउदेतिल व अणखो काहीं पुसणें असल्यास तेंही मालुम चोईल.

जो सर्वांपुन कमी बेरीज बेलेल त्याणे दरशंकडा टके दावा प्रमाणे एवज अमानत ठेविला पाहोजे तो एवज सक्क्याचे खता वर सही करण्याच टाळाटाळ अथवा विलंब केल्यास सरकार दाखल चोईल.

काम

पेल्ट बंदर कुलावा येथे काहीं फेरफार करावयाचा आहे निशाणी

चार्लस, उरलीयम ड्रेमेनचीयर, कपतान
मुंबई रेथोल ग्यारीसन इजनीयर व सीविल आर्कीटेकट.
तारीख १६ मार्चे सन १८५२ इसवी
मुकाम मुंबई ग्यारीसन इजनीयर व सी
विल आर्कीटेकटची कचेरी मरीन डोपार्टमेंट.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office on Thursday the 1st proximo, precisely at 2 o'clock P. M. (any delivered after that hour will be rejected,) from such persons as are desirous of entering into a Contract for the supply of Spirits Rectified, or Spirits of Wine, country manufacture, to this Department, or for such other purposes as may from time to time be required, for the term of one year from the date of the acceptance of the Tender.

All persons desirous of tendering for the Contract may, on application at this Office, from 11 A. M. till 5 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a List of the rates, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

The Tenders must specify, both in words and figures, the rate per cent. above or below the price in the List above adverted to at which they will undertake to furnish the article therein embraced, on the understanding that the article to be supplied under the Contract is to be of unexceptionable quality, according to Musters which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the Indenting Departments in good condition, free of all further expenses, in such quantity or quantities as may from time to time be demanded, and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers appointed on the part of Government.

The party or parties whose Tender may be accepted will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the article included in the above mentioned list, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them; in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers as aforesaid, the Spirits Rectified, or such other as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his or their risk and cost; and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, will be levied, as liquidated damages, for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur, also the Contract may in all such cases be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No Tenders for the Contract in question will be received unless accompanied by a cash deposit of Rupees (68) sixty-eight, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract. Should any Tender be accepted, the tenderer must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded Security, to the extent of Rupees (272) two hundred and seventy-two, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood, that Bills for the quantities of the article included in the above-mentioned list supplied shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the article, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board from the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills presented for payment by the Contractor, but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The parties who, after tendering for the Contract, fail to furnish the necessary Security, will be interdicted from tendering on future occasions, unless they can produce a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand security for the due performance of the Contract.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees 1,362, or thereabouts.

All further particulars will be communicated on the receipt and opening of the Tenders, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.

E. WHICHELO, Major,
Deputy Commissary General.

*Bombay, Deputy Commg. Genl.'s Office,
17th March 1852.*

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, on Friday the 2nd proximo, precisely at 2 o'clock p. m. (any delivered after that hour will be rejected,) from such persons as are desirous of entering into a Contract for the supply of Bamboo Rafters, &c. to this Department, for the term of two years from the 1st day of May 1852.

All persons desirous of tendering for the Contract may, on application at this Office from 11 A. M. till 5 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a List of the Articles, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

The Tenders must specify, both in words and figures, the rates per cent. above or below the prices in the list above adverted to, at which they will undertake to furnish the articles therein embraced, of unexceptionable quality, according to Musters, which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the Indenting Departments in good condition, free of all further expenses, in such number or quantity as may from time to time be demanded, and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers, appointed on the part of Government.

The party or parties whose Tender may be accepted will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the Articles included in the above mentioned list, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them, in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the articles, Bamboo Rafters, &c. or such others as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department without reservation, at his or their risk and cost, and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, will be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may in all such cases be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No Tenders for the Contract in question will be received unless accompanied by a cash deposit of Rupees (213) two hundred and thirteen, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract. Should any Tender be accepted, the tenderer must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded Security, to the extent of Rupees (853) eight hundred and fifty-three, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood, that Bills for the quantities of the articles included in the above-mentioned list supplied, shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board from the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills presented for payment by the Contractor, but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The parties who, after tendering for the Contract fail to furnish the necessary Security, will be interdicted from tendering on future occasions, unless they can produce a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand security for the due performance of the Contract.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees (4,265) or thereabouts.

All further particulars will be communicated on the receipt and opening of the Tenders, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.

E. WHICHELO, Major,
Deputy Commissary General.

*Bombay, Depy. Commg. Genl.'s Office,
17th March 1852.*

LIST of UNCLAIMED ARTICLES de- tained by the Customs Department.

- 1 second-hand Quadrant.
- 1 Box, containing an Electrifying Machine.
- 1 Case Glass Ware, marked W E A 150, imported per Ship "Ferozepoor," from London.

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 2 | Wooden Boxes, or Betelnut Trays. | } Belonging to the Crew of the Steamer "Malta." |
| 1 | Wooden Trough. | |
| 1 | Silk Parasol. | |
| 1 | Looking-Glass. | |
| 40 | Mat Fans. | |
| 1 | Calabash Honey. | |
| 10 | Pairs Socks. | |
| 2 | Bundles Tobacco. | |
| 57 | Pieces Mat Ware. | |
| 2 | China Feather Fans. | |
| 2 | China Paper Fans. | |
| 2 | China Bamboo Stools. | |
| 2 | Country Cribbage Boards. | |
| 4 | Country Looking-Glasses. | |
| 5 | Country Card-Cases. | |
| 1 | Jar Oil. | |
| 4 | small empty China Jars. | |
| 1 | Bundle Sharkfins. | |
| 2 | small Wooden Boxes. | |
| 2 | small Bamboo Stools. | |
| 3 | Bags China Sugar, per Ship "Royal Alice," from China. | |
| 1 | small Case Glass Ware, marked W V J 9, per "Owen Glendower," from London. | |
| 2 | Pairs Persian Shoes. | |
| 1 | Bundle Beads. | |
| 1 | Package Alum. | |
| 2 | Iron Dishes. | |
| 1 | Bundle Mat and Mat Ware. | |
| 2 | Pairs Wooden Clogs. | |
| 2 | Pictures, in frames. | |
| 20 | Rice Paper Paintings. | } Per Ship "James MacVicar," from China, said to belong to the Steward. |
| 1 | Work-Box. | |
| 1 | Fan. | |
| 3 | China Hats. | |
| 1 | Box Preserved Ginger. | |
| 1 | Box Tea. | |
| 1 | Bundle Mats. | |
| 8 | China Cups and Saucers. | |
| 1 | China Sugar Basin. | |
| 1 | China Tea Pot. | |
| 1 | Wash-hand Basin. | |
| 2 | Mugs. | |
| 1 | Tea Caddy. | |
| 1 | Bundle, 8 Canes. | |
| 1 | Walking Stick. | |
| 1 | Package Clay Toys. | |
| 8 | Gutta Percha Whiips. | |
| 10 | Remnants Country Piece Goods. | |
| 1 | small empty Jar. | |
| 3 | small empty Tea Pots. | |
| 1 | Spitfoen. | |
| 2 | Paper Fans. | |
| 1 | Paper Umbrella. | |
| 41 | China Cups. | |
| 1 | Parcel, Mr. U O Young, Senior Court, Cornhill, London Patterns, G S 216 \| 255, from Messrs. Cardwell and Co. Bombay, imported per Ship "Carnatic," from London. | |
| 1 | small Box, marked P, per "Earl of Clare." | |
| 1 | Bundle Cutch Tobacco. | |
| 20 | small Pots Gooracoo. | |
| 1 | Bundle Gooracoo. | |
| 1 | Bundle Tobacco. | |

A. D. ROBERTSON,
Deputy Collector of Customs, in Charge.

Bombay, Custom House,
15th March 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, on Monday the 22nd March 1852, precisely at 1 o'clock p. m., from such parties as are desirous of entering into separate Contracts for the undermentioned Supplies, required by the Commissariat Department at Hyderabad in Scinde, to commence from the 1st of

the month succeeding that in which the sanction of the Military Board is received, unless specially ordered to the contrary, and to terminate on the 31st January 1853 :—

- No. 1, For Bread, &c.
- No. 2, For Fresh Meat, &c.
- No. 3, For Rice, Salt, and Wood.
- No. 4, For Coffee, Sugar, and Tea.
- No. 5, For Liquor, Beer, &c.
- No. 6, For Medical Comforts.
- No. 7, For Country Medicines and Hospital Provisions.
- No. 8, For Hospital Clothing.
- No. 9, For Hospital and Office Furniture.
- No. 10, For Stationery.
- No. 11, For Provisions.
- No. 12, For Miscellaneous Articles.
- No. 13, For Bhoosa, Kurbee, and Straw.
- No. 14, For Tin Ware.
- No. 15, For Tinning Cooking Utensils.
- No. 16, For Puckalee Bullocks.

All persons tendering for the Contracts may, on application at this Office, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily (Sundays excepted), obtain copies of the Lists or Schedules of the rates, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

The Tenders must specify, both in words and in figures, the rates per cent. above or below the prices stated in the Schedules above adverted to at which they will undertake to furnish the articles therein embraced, and it is to be understood that the supplies to be furnished under the Contracts are to be of a good and unexceptionable quality, to be first brought into the Commissariat Stores for inspection, and then delivered to the Indenting Officers or Departments, free of all expenses for Carriage, &c. beyond that agreed upon, subject to the approval of the receiving authorities; and they are to be delivered in such number or quantity as may from time to time be demanded by the Departments requiring them, during the existence of the Contracts.

The Contractors will be required to sign and seal Deeds of Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the abovementioned Schedules, and others of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon them, in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers as aforesaid, the articles, or such others as may be required in lieu of those so condemned, will be purchased at their risk and cost; and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Commissariat Officer at Hyderabad, will be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur, and the Contracts may also, in all such cases, be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

Every person submitting a Tender will be required to lodge with it the sum stated opposite each List or Schedule respectively, which sum will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, should his Tender be accepted; and in case of such acceptance, he must be prepared to furnish unexceptionable bonded security to the further amount stated, which, together with the abover

mentioned deposit, will be held as security for the due fulfilment of every part of the Contract.

No.	Co.'s Rs.	Deposits at the time of sending in Tenders.	Co.'s Rs.	Bonded Security on acceptance of the Tenders.
1	1145		4580	
2	683		2732	
3	603		2412	
4	727		2908	
5	373		1492	
6	20		80	
7	85		340	
8	65		260	
9	65		260	
10	55		220	
11	680		2720	
12	335		1340	
13	115		460	
14	5		20	
15	15		60	
16	180		720	

Parties willing to undertake the Contract for Brandy, Beer, &c. are required to send in two Tenders for the same, viz. one on the usual terms, and the other on the condition of receiving empty Bottles not required for the use of the Commissariat Department at Hyderabad in Scinde, at the following rates:—

Quart Bottles, 1 Rupee per 4 dozens.
Pint ditto, 1 Rupee per 3 dozens.

Government will be at liberty, if necessary, to obtain any portion of these supplies from their Jails, or any Departments &c.

The Tenders will be opened in the presence of such parties as are in attendance at the Commissariat Office on the day and hour specified, with the requisite deposit, and no Tender can be received afterwards.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the Contractors' Bills will be recovered from the first Bills preferred for payment by the Contractors; but in the event of such retrenchments being subsequently remitted, the amount thereof will be refunded to them.

The annual outlay of the above Contracts is estimated as follows:—

No.	Co.'s Rs.	22,894	9	8
2	13,645	1	4	
3	12,060	6	10	
4	14,533	1	9	
5	7,445	1	0	
6	390	8	0	
7	1,690	4	9	
8	1,301	10	10	
9	1,308	10	0	
10	1,984	8	4	
11	13,584	1	11	
12	6,678	10	7	
13	2,290	2	5	
14	104	3	0	
15	317	8	0	
16	3,588	0	0	

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any of the Tenders received.

H. VINCENT, Captain,
Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

Hydrabad, Commissariat Office,
21st February 1852.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court for the Relief of

Insolvent Debtors, Bombay, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the eleventh year of Victoria, Chapter XXI:—

Framjee Hormusjee, a Guzerattee Writer, Parsee, residing near Churney Waddee, without the Fort of Bombay, filed 8th March 1852.

Pandoorung Kessowjee, a Clerk in the Official Assignee's Office, Hindoo, residing near Soonapoor Street, without the Fort of Bombay, filed 11th March 1852.

Dorabjee Nowrojee, who lately carried on trade as a Baker, Parsee, residing on Bhoewadda, without the Fort of Bombay, filed 13th March 1852.

Orders in the matters of the above-named Insolvent's Petitions, that the real and personal Estates and Effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Clause VII. of the said Act, have been duly made.

Day appointed for Hearing.

Dunna Vusta, and Shamjee Vusta, 3rd Monday in April next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Amnabayee, Widow of Jewa
Biyad, and Dawood Jewa, ditto ditto.
Framjee Hormusjee, ditto ditto.
Pandoorung Kessowjee, ditto ditto.

Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees, at my Office, at least three days before the Hearing. The above-named Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects, in my Office.

W. DEBLAQUIERE,
Clerk of the Court.

Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort.
Bombay, this 16th day of March 1852.

નવજા દેવાદારોની કોર્ટ નોંધ

મુખ્ય હીઆંચો આપેઆનો આવે છે ની
એ લ મેલા ય મમે એ મુખ્યાઈની નાદાર દેન
દાર લોકોનાં છુટકા કરનારી કોર્ટને ચર
છ આપી છે ન વીકટોરીઆનાં રાજનાં ચ
ગીઆરને વરમે ને ધારો બનાવી પચાર કી
ધે છે તેનાં એકવીશના બાય પરનાં છે હ નો
ને દાદને પોઆડવા *

ફરામજી હોરમજી ગુજરાતી લખનારો
પારમી રહેનાર શ્રી મુખ્યાઈનાં કોટયાંહાં
ર ચરની પાડી આગલ તેની તારીમ < ની
નારચ મુંને ૧૮૫૨ ને દાડે દામલ કરી છે *

પાંડુરંગ કેશવજી હાંકીચીઆલ આગાએની ની
હાંકીચીનાનો લખનારો હીનકુ રહેનાર શ્રી
મુખ્યાઈનાં કોટયાંહાંર મુનાપોરના નોહો
લા આગલ તેની તારીમ ૧૧ ની નારચ
મુંને ૧૮૫૨ ને દાડે દામલ કરી છે *

જીપર લખેલા નવવા દેવાદારોની ચરણ
ઓની ખાખતનાં હોડકન થયો છે જે તે નવવા
દેવાદારોની પોતાની થાવર તથા માગ મોલ
કત તથા ચોલ વચત છે તે આએ નાનદાર
કોરટના હાકીચીઆલ આશાએનીના તાએ
યાના જીપર લખેલા ધારાનો ૭ મી કલેન પ
રનાં છે આપવી *

શાંભલવાનો દાડો ઠરાવેલો *

દનાવચતા તથા શાનલવચતા ૩ ના શાન
વાર આવતા એપરેલ મહીનાનો ૧૧ કલા
કે પેહેલે પોરનાં *

એનનાયાઈ તેજવાયઆદનો વીધવા તથા
દાલેદલવા દાડો જીપર લખા પરનાં છે *

કુરાનલ હુરનનલ દાડો જીપર લખા
પરનાં છે *

પાંડુરંગ કંચવલ દાડો જીપર લખા પરનાં છે *

આડા આવનારા લેણદારોએ પોતાના
દાવા શાગંજનાનાથી શાબુત કરેલાં શાંભલવા
નો આગનચ આઘાનો આઘા ૩ દાડા અગા
જીહમરી હાકીચીનાં દામલ કરવા જાઇ એ
ને ઠરાવેલો (ફી) એટલે દસવુરી પંણ આપવી
તે જીપર કહેલા નાદારોએ પોત પોતાના દેવા
ની તથા માલ મોલકતની ડીપો હમરી હાકી
ચીનો ભાંધાવી છે *

શુડી. ડયલીજી.—ડી.—યલાકીચર,
કોરટનો કલારક.

શ્રી મુખાઇનાં કોરટમધે કોરટનાં કલાર
કની હાકીચીનો આલ દંને તારી
મ ૧૬ ની મારચ સંને ૧૮૫૨

(True Translation.)

R. X. MURPHY, Chief Translator.

MILITARY

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

- 1852
ARRIVALS.
- 8th Mar.—Captain Morris, 4th Rifles, from Egypt.
 - 10th " Assistant Surgeon Ogilvie, 13th Regt. N. I., on sick certificate, from Baroda.
 - 11th " Ensign I. F. Chapman, 3rd Regt. N. I., on leave, from Poona.
 - " " 2nd Lieutenant DeVitre, Artillery, on duty, from Ahmednuggur.
 - " " Lieutenant W. H. J. Henderson, Artillery, on duty, from Surat.
 - 12th " Lieutenant F. Swanson, Artillery, on sick certificate, from Hyderabad.
 - " " Surgeon J. Fuller, Madras Medical Establishment, on sick certificate, from Bangalore.
 - 14th " Ensign A. Benison, H. M.'s 64th Regt., to join, from England.
 - " " Captain Briggs, 19th Regt. N. I., on leave, from Kolapore.
 - 15th " Lieutenant H. P. B. Berthon, Artillery, on leave, from Baroda.

- 15th Mar.—Ensign D'A. W. Jopp, 9th Regt. N. I., on leave, from Belgaum.
- " " Captain Wingate, Engineers, on duty, from Khan-deish.
- " " Lieutenant Colonel Macan, 24th Regt. N. I., en route to join, from Baroda.
- " " Ensign J. R. P. Dobree, 10th Regt. N. I., on leave, from Decsa.
- " " Ensign J. D. Colburne, 19th Regt. N. I., on sick leave, from Baroda.
- " " Major D. Babington, 17th M. N. I., on duty, from Hoshungabad.
- 10th " Captain J. F. Craicshank, Engineers, to join, from Dharwar.

DEPARTURES.

- 11th Mar.—2nd Lieutenant J. Noding, 4th Rifles, to join, to Belgaum.
- 12th " Major G. Hutt, Artillery, to join, to Belgaum.
- 13th " Captain Crawford, Engineers, on duty, to Malligaum.
- " " Major Jacob, 19th Regt. N. I., on duty, to Kola-pore.
- 15th " Lieutenant W. H. Saulez, Artillery, on duty, to Surat.
- " " Assistant Surgeon A. DeC. Peele, Medical Establishment, on sick certificate, to Cape of Good Hope.
- " " Assistant Surgeon J. Peet, Medical Establishment, on sick certificate, to the Cape of Good Hope.
- 10th " Brevet Major G. S. Brown, 27th Regt. N. I., to rejoin, to Poona.
- " " Lieutenant Colonel H. Macan, 24th Regt. N. I., to join, to Sattara.
- " " Major W. T. Whittle, C. B., Horse Brigade, to re-join, to Poona.

Bombay, Town Major's Office,
17th March 1852.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

- 1852
ARRIVALS.
- 9th Mar.—Steamer Lowjee Family, J. Ranken, from Surat 8th instant.
 - 11th " Steamer G. R. Clerk, J. Woolloy, from Surat 10th instant.
 - " " Passengers—Lieutenant Ross, 18th Regt. N. I., Lieut. Henderson, Artillery; and 20 Natives.
 - " " Ship Kirkman Findlay, D. Muir, from Greenock 4th November.
 - " " Ship Digby, J. Buchanan, from Liverpool 14th October.
 - 12th " Barque Tadnor, A. Bowri, from Greenock 9th November.
 - " " Barque Queen Mab, R. Lamb, from Liverpool 8th November.
 - " " Ship Ben Lomond, P. Meldrum, from Greenock 8th October.
 - " " Steamer Dwarka, F. Banks, from Kurrachee 8th instant.
 - " " Passengers—Mrs. Wright and Child; Colonel Stopford, H. M.'s 64th Regiment; A. W. Wright, Esquire; F. Swanson, Esquire; and 9 Natives.
 - " " Steamer Sir J. R. Carnac, G. M. Beyts, from Tan-karia 11th instant.
 - " " Ship John Knox, R. Davidson, from Sydney 13th November.
 - 14th " Ship Ursula, G. Cobb, from London 29th October.
 - " " Passengers—W. H. Ogilvy, Esq.; and A. Benison, Esq.
 - " " Steamer Phlox, F. M. Ellis, from Surat 13th instant.
 - " " Passengers—112 Natives.
 - " " Barque Herculean, H. Monnsey, from Liverpool 22nd October.
 - 15th " Ship Harrison Chilton, B. Vurill, from Liverpool 4th November.
 - " " Passengers—Mrs. Vurill, and Servant.
 - " " Ship Coriolanus, J. Rhind, from Liverpool 25th October.

DEPARTURES.

- 11th Mar.—H. C. Steamer Zenobia, Commander A. E. Ball, to Madras.
 " " Barque Briton, T. Benwick, to Batavia.
Passengers—Mr. Gasper, and Family.
 12th " Steamer G. R. Clerk, J. Woolley, to Surat.
Passengers—50 Natives.
 " " Steamer Sir J. Jejeebhoy, J. Clark, to Surat.
Passengers—J. H. Pelly, Esq., C. S.; Lieutenants Thomas and Saulez; and 150 Natives.
 " " Steamer Lowjee Family, J. Ranken, to Surat.
Passengers—75 Natives.
 " " Steamer Dwarka, F. Banks, to Kurrachoe.
Passengers—Major Hutt; Lieutenant Noding; and several Natives.
 13th " Ship Roscoe, A. McMurray, to China.
 15th " Ship Carnatic, A. Consitt, to the Cape and London.
Passengers—To the Cape: Mrs. Young, 3 Children, and 3 Native Servants; Mrs. Silver, 2 Children, and 2 Servants; Mrs. Peet, and 1 Servant; H. Young, Esq., Bombay C. S.; J. Silver, Esq., Madras C. S.; Dr. J. Peet, and Servant; and Dr. Peele. To London: Mrs. Strettell, 5 Children, and 2 Servants; Mrs. Pelham; Mrs. Ward, 5 Children, and Servant; Miss Dove; Mrs. King, Child, and European Servant; Mrs. Coleridge, 2 Children, and European Servant; Mrs. Consitt; Major D. Strettell, 20th M. N. I.; Capt. H. Pelham, Native Veteran Battalion; Captain Dove, H. M.'s 94th Regt.; Lieut. S. B. King, I. N.; Lieut. Beaumont, 7th Madras N. I.; Lieut. Coleridge, 20th Madras N. I. *Steerage*: Messrs. Grant, Eddington, and Bullock.
 " " Steamer Bombay, N. W. Haselwood, to Aden.
Passengers—M. Remington, Esq., and Servant; Captain Manson; C. Manson, Esq.; Miss Manson; Ensign Drummond; Hon'ble C. Keith, and European Servant; Lieutenant L. Munro, 43rd Regt. B. N. I.; Dr. Fuller; A. B. Bettington, Esq.; the Rev. E. Hac.
 " " Ship Fattel Rahimon, G. Jellicoe, to Mauritius.
 " " Steamer Sir J. R. Carnac, G. M. Boyts, to Surat.
Passengers—Lieut. Saulez, and Several Natives.
 16th " Ship Horeyna, W. Mason, to China.
Passenger—Mrs. Mason.

A. SPENS,

Senior Magistrate of Police.

Bombay, Police Office,
 17th March 1852.

Notice.

Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office, precisely at 2 o'clock p. m. on Monday next, the 22nd instant, for the supply of the undermentioned articles, and such others as may be called for during the intermediate period, viz:—

- 2 (Two) Desks require new Cloth Covers.
- 2 (Two) Desks, Teakwood.
- 20 (Twenty) Yards Cloth, Tracing, Vellum.
- 1 (One) Lock, Pad, brass, Bramah, 3½ to 4 inches diameter, and from 4½ to 5 inches in length.
- 4 (Four) Cordage Coir Hawasers, of Amundavie Coir, 4 inches, of 120 fathoms each.
- 20 (Twenty) Pounds Sulphate of Iron.
- 1 (One) Gauging Rod.
- 1 (One) Syphon.
- 1 (One) Jar, Europe, capable of containing 73 pounds of Oil.
- 12 (Twelve) Bamboos, large, 15 feet long.
- 50 (Fifty) Bamboos, for Tent Poles, from 3 to 3½ inches in diameter, and 13 feet long.
- 56 (Fifty-six) Pounds Borax.
- 500 (Five hundred) Horn Sheets.
- 30 (Thirty) Pieces Fearnought, country.

- 264 (Two hundred and sixty-four) Yards Rope, Coir, 8 inches, Amundavie.
- 42 (Forty-two) Yards Rope, Coir, 1½ inches, Amundavie.

An immediate deposit of ten per cent. will be required to be made by the lowest bidders upon the amount of their offers, which sum will be forfeited in the event of refusal or delay in making the supply within the limited time.

Whenever offers from dealers are accepted for making supplies within a specific period, and the supplier fails to fulfil the Agreement, the cash deposit made at the time of the sale will be forfeited to Government, and the articles resold; but when circumstances render it necessary to receive the articles, and the dealers supply them after the stipulated period, a deduction of five per cent. will be made from the amount of the Bill for the same. All further particulars may be learnt on application at this Office, from 10 a. m. till 5 o'clock p. m. daily, Sundays excepted.

No reason will be assigned for rejecting any offer.

E. WHICHELO, Major,
 Deputy Commissary General.

Bombay, Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,
 17th March 1852.

NOTICE.—Verbal Tenders will be received at the Office of the Superintendent of Repairs, at 2 o'clock p. m., on Saturday the 20th instant, for the execution by Contract of the undermentioned Work:—

Improving Coombarwada Road, from Duncan Road to Waddington's Bridge, and raising Roadway.

Estimate of the quantity of labour and materials to be expended, and plans and descriptive accounts of the Work, will, in the mean time, remain open for inspection in this Office, where any additional information regarding the same may be obtained.

A deposit of 5 per cent. will be required from the lowest bidder, to be forfeited in case of any evasion in signing the Deed of Contract.

The Superintendent of Repairs does not bind himself to accept the lowest, or any Tender.

H. CONYBEARE,
 Superintendent of Repairs.

Bombay, Supt. of Repairs' Office,
 15th March 1852.

જાહેર નામું

એહેવું નીચે લખેલું કાંમ ઇજરાથી કરવા વીચેના મુખબ્યાંની ચરના ચાલતા નહીલાની તારીખ ૨૦ યજવારના રોજ પાર ઊપર થે વાગતે શુ પરોનટેનડેનટ રીપેરશની કચેરીનાં ચાંબલીલેથે *

કુંભાર વાડાનો રશતો ડંકનરોડથી તેવા ડોંગરણના પુલશુધી શુધારવાનો અને જાંચો કરવાનો *

શાંતાંન તથા મજુરી કેટલી લાગથે તેનો અજનાએશની ઇચાદ તથા નકાયા તથા કાંમના હીચાલ દરનીચાંન શુપરોનટેનડેનટ

रीपरशनी कचेरीनां न्वावा शर उधाडा रेह
 ये तथा ते वीये वीये कांथे पुछुपु छुयेते ते
 पण्ण नार्दन थाये *

ने शरवथी कभी आकडो योलेये तेले इ
 र शिकडे टका प परनांथि अवेन अनानत
 रायवा न्वांथे ते अवेन एंनराना काग
 ल अपर शडी करवा आनांकांनो करेथी श
 रकार हांगल थाये *

ने शरवथी कभी अरन छुये ते अथवा
 वीनी कांथे अरन मंन्युर करयुन अंथु
 शुपरीनटेडेंट हाडुय कयुल करता नथी *

नीशाणी

हुनरी-कानीथी अरे,

शुपरीनटेडेंट रीपरश *

ता. १५ भाडे नारय शी १८५२

धुशवी मुकांन मुंयथे शुपरीनटेडेंट

रीपरशनी कचेरी *

जाहोर नामा

ए साजे खाली लिखिलेले काम सन्धानो करण्वा विशीचे सुख
 जबानो अर्ज चालते महिन्याचो तारोख २० मनवारचे रोजीं
 बाराबर दोन वाजतां सुप्रोनटेडेंट रोपेसचे कचेरीत रेकुन घेतोले
 कुमार याबाचा रक्षा डकन रोड पाखन ते वाडिंग्टनचे पु
 ला पर्यंत सुधारण्वाचा व उंच करण्वाचा.

सामान व सजुरो कीतो लागेल त्याचे आकाराचो याद व
 नकारो व कामाचे दोगेव दरम्यान सुपरीनटेडेंट रोपेसचे कचे
 रीत पाहावयास उघडे रावातोले व त्याविशीं अणखी कांचो पु
 सणे असेल तेचो मालुम चोर्दल.

जो सर्वादुन कसो बेरीज बोलिल त्याणे दर शेंकडा टके पांच
 प्रमाणे ए वज अनानत देवला पाचीजे तो ए वज सन्धाने खताय
 र सही करण्वाच डाळाटाळ केल्यास सरकार दाखल होइल.

सर्वादुन जो अर्ज कसो असेल तो किंवा दुसरा कोणता अर्ज
 मंजुर करव असें सुपरिनटेडेंट साचेव कबुल करित नाहीं.

निशाणी

चेनरो. कानिबीयर,

सुप्रोनटेडेंट रोपेस.

तारीख १५ मार्च सन १८५२ इसवी मुकाम मुंबद.

सुप्रोनटेडेंट रोपेसचो कचेरो.

**ORIENTAL BANK CORPORA-
 TION.**

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Deposits repayable on demand	2 per cent. per ann.
On do. do. } 3 months { at 1 month's notice	3 do.
On do. do. } 6 months { at 3 do.	4 do.

INTEREST AND DISCOUNT CHARGED.

On Government Bills	} 4 per ct. per ann.
Private Bills	
Private Bills secured by Govt. Paper	
Private Bills secured by Goods, &c.	
Not exceeding 3 months.	

Rebate on uncovered Bills allowed at Government Bill rate only.

RATES OF EXCHANGE.

On London at 6 months' sight	1s. 11d. per Rupee.
On " " 3 " " "	1s. 10d. "
On " " 2 " " "	1s. 10d. "
On " " 1 " " "	1s. 10d. "
On " " 1 day's " "	1s. 10d. "
On Ireland 1 " " "	} 1s. 10d. "
On Scotland 1 " " "	
Circular Notes payable throughout Europe	1s. 10d. "

N.B.—The Corporation does not draw at six months' sight for sums under £50; nor for sums under £20, except at one day's sight. No Drafts are issued for less than £5; but small sums are remitted by advice.

For the convenience of parties not resident in Bombay, the Corporation undertakes to remit to Europe, by its own Drafts, at the Current Exchange, and without any charge for Commission, on receiving the Equivalent.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondees payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation, or Order"; and to state as distinctly as possible the name and address of the party to whom the remittance is to be made, and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of COMMISSION charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government and other Securities, negotiable in Bombay, is one-half per cent. on the amount invested or realized; and on the collection of Bills one per cent., and Postage.

JOHN RIACH,

Sub-Agent.

Rampart Row, Bombay,
 17th March 1852.

**ORIENTAL BANK CORPORA-
 TION.**

WITH reference to the Oriental Bank's Advertisement dated 10th Feb. 1851, the undermentioned Notes of the Bank of Bombay (payment of which has been stopped) are still unrecovered.

It is requested that any person to whom any of these may be tendered, will give information thereof at the Police Office, Fort.

Rs. 1000.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 50.	
2148	4512	347	12183	6815
2363	4563	3623	12382	7154
2425	4587	3767	20483	7910
2492	4635	4016		8065
2657	4686	4035		8115
4032	4720			8472
4188	4786			8710
4209	4834			8751
4215	4854			8828
4331	5108			8840
434	5139			9224
4350	5170			9231
4354	5489			9256
4398	6001			9268
4461	6114			9273
4464	6318			9618
4466	6441			9693
4499	6715			10083
4508	6927			11022
				11461
				11486
				11631

Bombay, 1st January 1852.

**INDIA AND LONDON
 LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**

14, Waterloo Place, and
 79, King William Street, London.

Capital, £250,000, in 5,000 Shares, of £50 each.

Directors.

Chairman.—The Chisholm, Erchless Castle, Inverness-shire, and Chapel Street, Grosvenor Place, London.
 Deputy Chairman.—Richard Hartley Kennedy, Esq. (late Physician General, Bombay,) Resington Lodge, Notting Hill.

Colonel Bagnold. John Inglis Jerdein, Esq.
 Henry Stroud Barber, Esq. Frederick Jones, Esq.
 Francis Brodigan, Esq. James John Kinloch, Esq.
 J. William Deacon, Esq. Henry Lawson, Esq.
 H. George Gordon, Esq. R. F. Power, Esq., M. D.
 H. Allan Harrison, Esq. Archibald Spens, Esq.

Manager.—A. R. IRVINE, Esq., 13, Waterloo Place.

AGENTS at CALCUTTA.—Messrs. ALLAN, DEFFELL, & Co.

„ at MADRAS.—Messrs. AMALHIC & Co.

AT BOMBAY.

AGENTS.—Messrs. GREY & Co.

MEDICAL REFEREE.—H. J. CARTER, Esq., H. C. S.

SOLICITOR.—J. JEFFERSON, Esq.

This Company assures the Lives of healthy persons in any part of the world, at as low rates of premium as can be taken consistently with perfect security.

NATIVE LIVES Assured for any amount from Rs. 500 and upwards.

ANNUITIES granted—both *deferred* and *reversionary*.

Extract from the Tables of Annual Premiums required for an Assurance of 1000 Rupees or £100.

Ago.	CIVILIANS.			MILITARY AND NAVAL.		
	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.
	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.
18	20	21	29	30	31	38
25	23	24	33	33	35	42
30	25	27	37	36	37	45
35	28	30	42	39	41	50
40	32	34	47	42	44	55
45	36	39	54	46	49	62

Parties returning to reside in Europe, will be admitted to *Europe* Rates of Premium.

Prospectuses, and every requisite information obtained, on application to the Agents of the Company.

GREY & Co., Agents, Bombay.

By Authority.

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NIZAM'S ARMY LIST,

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