



Military Department.

1851.

Accountant General.

Bombay Government Gazette

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NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1831.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council having sanctioned the publication of a weekly paper to be styled the "BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE," notice is hereby given, that after this day all advertisements and other public papers of the Government will be printed in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE only: and all orders or other public notices appearing in that paper, under the signature of the Secretaries, or other public officers of the Government, are hereby ordered and directed to be conform'd to and obey'd accordingly.

Bombay Castle, 18th January 1832.

When official notifications from the Government are inserted in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, no communication on the same subject will be made in writing to any department concerned; but all public officers are required to take notice of such official notifications in the same manner as if they had been directly communicated to them by letter from the Secretary's office, and as heads of offices alone will be furnished by Government with the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, they will be expected to communicate to their subordinate officers all orders which may in any manner concern them.

The Bombay Government Gazettes furnished by Government to public offices are to be lodged with the records, and are not to be removed from the office.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN BAX, Secy. to Govt.

NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Byculla.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office, at Noon, on Friday the 13th February next, for supplying cleaned Gram and Mutt to the Commissariat Department at Poona and Kirkee, from the 1st March 1852 to the 28th February 1853.

The Grain must be of unexceptionable quality, of the description usually furnished to this Department, and delivered daily, free of expense beyond the stipulated price, into the Commissariat Stores, or at the Cavalry or Horse Artillery Lines, at Poona or Kirkee, as may be ordered. If any Grain tendered is considered objectionable by the Executive Commissariat Officer, or the Indenting Officers, and is not immediately exchanged by the Contractor, the required quantity will be purchased at his risk, and in every such instance he will be liable to be fined (50) fifty Rupees, or (30) thirty per cent. on the amount of the expenses so incurred, at the option of the Executive Commissariat Officer; but the Contractor, if he thinks that the rejected Grain ought to have been received, can claim to have it examined by a Committee of Officers, whose decision thereon shall be final.

The Contract will only extend to Poona and Kirkee, but in the event of any of the mounted Corps, or public Cattle moving, the Contractor must supply one month's Grain for use on the march, if required.

Biddings for the Contract will be in the Company's Rupee. No person will be permitted to bid who has not previously deposited in this Office Rupees (3,160) three thousand one hundred and sixty, which sum will be forfeited

in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal on the part of any bidder to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, when required to do so, in the event of his offer being accepted. Bonded Security to the further amount of Company's Rupees (12,640) twelve thousand six hundred and forty, in addition to the above-mentioned deposit, will also be required, previous to the execution of the Contract, and the whole will be held as a guarantee for its due fulfilment.

Sums retrenched by the Military Board will be recovered from the first Bill subsequently presented for payment by the Contractor; if such retrenchments are eventually remitted the amount will be refunded to him.

The annual outlay on account of the Contract is estimated at Rupees 63,206, viz:—

For Grain, Rupees 62,290; and for Mutt, Rupees 916.

Persons who, after offering for the Contract, fail to furnish the necessary Security, will be interdicted from bidding on future occasions, unless they can produce a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand security for the due performance of the Contract.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

Further particulars will be made known on application at this Office, any day from 10 to 5 o'clock, Sundays excepted.

G. POPE, Captain,

Assistant Commissary General, P. D. A.

Poona, Commissariat Office,

17th December 1851.

Of deceased Officers and Seamen of the Indian
Navy. 2, 323, 1286, 1287, 1305, 1356, 1484,
1708, 1848, 2100
Of deceased European Officers and Soldiers
Service of the Hon'ble Company
1287, 1305, 1356, 1484, 1500
Of Artificer
and P
Ors

REGISTER of Sums deposited in the General Treasury, Bombay, on Account of the Estates of deceased Officers and 'Seamen
Navy, for the Month of November 1851.

Date of Deposits.	Amount of Deposits.	By whom deposited.	On account of whose Estates.	Number.	Rank.	What Vessel or Ship.	
1851	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>						
Nov. 5th	181 13 11	Mr. W. S. B. Headly, Clerk in charge S. "Elphinstone."	Joseph Neal .....	....	Able Seaman	H. C. Sloop "Elphinstone" ..	August 12 th
" 7th	1,254 8 3	Mr. L. J. Ford, Indian Navy	Alfred Harris .....	....	Assist. Surgeon .....	.....	Died at sora, June
" 11th	150 0 0	Commander J. F. Jones, Indian Navy	J. L. Kennedy .....	....	Ditto	Of the B. E.	
" 12th	87 3 4	Mr. H. Williams, Clerk in charge "Ajdaha."	John Larey	3043	Sailmaker	H. C. S. P. "Ajdaha"	May 17th
" "	20 4 9	Ditto ditto	Thomas Peacock	277	Boy, M. A.	Ditto ditto	Ditto.
" 25th	8,249 8 8	Mr. R. W. Taynton, Purser of the "Hastings."	J. C. Hawkins .....	....	Captain	Indian Navy	August 25th
	9,943 6 11						

N. B.—All applications connected with the Estates of deceased Officers and Seamen of the Indian Navy are to be preferred to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department.

Bombay, Accountant General's Office, 22nd December 1851.

(Errors excepted)

E. E. ELLIOT, Accountant General.

REGISTER of Sums deposited in the General Treasury at Bombay, on account of the Estates of deceased European Commissaries, Warrant Officers, and Soldiers in the Service of the Honorable Company, for the Month of November 1851.

Date of Deposits.	Amount of Deposits.	By whom deposited.	On account of whose Estates.	General Number.	Rank.	Corps.
1851 Nov. 3rd	<i>Rs. a. p.</i> 1,967 8 5	Major W. T. Whitley, Commanding 3rd Troop H. B.....	W. Ogilvie.....	....	Lieut. Colonel....	Judge Advocate General.
" "	119 14 1	Captain J. H. Pelly, 8th Regt. N. I., and President of the Committee of Adjustment.	Thomas Ballantine.....	....	Assistant Surgeon..	29th N. I.
" 7th	13 13 0	Captain P. T. French, Town Major.....	John Webb.....	....	Surgeon.....	Public Works Depart.
" "	2 12 6	Ditto ditto.....	Daniel Linahan.....	....	Recruit.	
" 10th	5 0 0	The Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer.....	H. Franklin.....	....	Lieutenant.....	2nd Grenadier N. I.
" 12th	106 1 10	Captain H. Forster, Commanding 1st Troop H. B.....	John Robert Percy	2372	Gunner.....	1st Troop Horse Brigade.
" 15th	949 2 5	Military Secretary to Government.....	A. G. Tawse .....	....	Ensign.....	25th N. I.
" "	17 10 4	Captain T. C. Pownell, 2nd Company 2nd Battalion Artillery.	E. Evings.....	....	Gunner.. ..	2nd Company 2nd Battalion Artillery.
" 26th	115 7 5	Captain T. S. Kempt, of the 1st Fusiliers.....	Edward Peter Tobin.....	....	.....	Bombay Ordnance Department.
	<u>3,297 6 0</u>					

N. B.—All applications connected with the Estates of deceased Officers and Soldiers of the Army are to be preferred to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department.

Bombay, Accountant General's Office, 22nd December 1851.

(Errors excepted)

E. E. ELLIOT, *Accountant General.*

LIST OF REMITTANCES forwarded from the Military Accountant's Office to the other Presidencies, during the Month of November 1851.
Published as per Government Letter No. 3159, dated 7th November 1849.

Date of the Remittance Lists.	From what Pay Office received.	By whom made.	In whose favour.	To what Presidency.	Date of receipt in the Military Accountant's Office.	Amount.	Date when forwarded.
1851 Sept. 1st	Pay Office Poona Division of the Army.	Paymaster 3rd Battalion Artillery.....	To the Brigade Major, on account of a Recruiting Party of the 3rd Battalion Artillery.		1851- Nov. 3rd	<i>Rs. a. p.</i> 250 0 0	1851 Nov. 6th
Oct. 1st	Presidency Pay Office.....	Private Noorung Sing, 14th Regiment Native Infantry.....	Naique Rugnath Sing, No. 6 Company Shekarwattee Battalion, stationed at Merzapore.	Agra.....	" 6th	50 0 0	" 7th
Nov. 1st	Ditto ditto.....	Captain P. T. French, Town Major..	The Officer Commanding C Troop Horse Artillery, on account of Serjeant R. Collins.	"	" 13th	22 7 0	" 14th
" 11th	Pay Office Southern Division of the Army.	The Officer Commanding 4th N. I....	To the Staff Officer, being the amount of Six Months' Punjaub Donation Batta, and Hutting Money for Quarters at Mooltan, on account of Gunness Sing, Naique, Pensioner, late of the Bombay Rifles.	Madras...	" 18th	33 0 0	" 20th
" 1st	Presidency Pay Office.....	Subedar Major Mahomed Shariff, Marine Battalion.	To Mohomed Moosa, son of Mohomed Somur, late of the 5th M. L. C.	"	" 21st	18 0 0	" 25th
Oct. 15th	Pay Office Northern Division of the Army.	Naique Doorgah Dhobay, 13th N. I..	Matta Deen Dhobay.....	Agra.....	" 24th	50 0 0	" 28th
" "	Ditto ditto.....	Havildar Moorley Sing, ditto	Mohomehur Sing	"	" "	50 0 0	" "
						Rupees... ..	473 7 0

[4]

Bombay Castle, Military Accountant's Office, 23rd December 1851.

(Errors excepted)

C. PRICE, Acting Military Accountant.

Notice.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Mint Engineer's Office, daily, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., for the supply of Coal, to the extent of Six Hundred Tons, or less, for the use of the Mint.

Each party tendering is requested to forward, with his Tender, a sample of the Coal proposed to be supplied; and the price per Ton is to include all charges for weighing, and delivering at the Mint.

J. H. BURKE, Captain,
Mint Engineer.

*Bombay, Mint Engineer's Office,
25th June 1851.*

Notice

Is hereby given, that Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office at Noon, on Saturday the 10th proximo, for the supply of about 9,000 Cwt. of good dry Kurbee, without roots, of unexceptionable quality, and of the description called Shalloo, or Nilva, to be delivered free of all expense to Government beyond the stipulated price, at the Poona Commissariat Stores, or Camel Lines, as may be ordered. If the quality of the Kurbee tendered be considered inferior by the Executive Commissariat Officer, it will be rejected, and the required quantity purchased, wherever procurable, at the risk and loss of the Contractor, who will, in such cases, be liable to a Fine of (20) twenty Rupees, or 30 per cent. on the amount of expense so incurred, at the option of the above-mentioned Officer; but the Contractor, if dissatisfied with his decision as to the quality of the Kurbee, may claim to have it examined by a Committee of Officers, whose decision shall be final.

The whole quantity of Kurbee to be delivered on or before the 30th April 1852.

No person will be allowed to tender for the Contract unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Rupees (190) one hundred and ninety, in Cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, when required to do so on the acceptance of his offer, and, on executing the Contract, further bonded Security to the extent of (760) seven hundred and sixty rupees will be required, which, together with the first mentioned sum, will be held as a guarantee for the due performance of the Agreement.

Persons who, after offering for the Contract, fail to furnish the necessary Security, will be interdicted from bidding on future occasions, unless they produce a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand security for the due performance of the Contract.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

Further particulars will be made known on application at this Office, any day from 10 to 5 o'clock (Sundays excepted).

G. POPE, Captain,
Assistant Commissary General, P. D. A.

*Poona, Commissariat Office,
18th December 1851.*

FORT WILLIAM, HOME DEPARTMENT, LEGISLATIVE, the 21st November 1851.

The following Act is passed by the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council, on the 21st of November 1851, with the assent of the Most Noble the Governor General of India, which has been read and recorded.

Ordered, that the Act be promulgated for general information.

ACT No. XV. OF 1851.

An Act for the better suppression of Frauds in respect of Cotton in Bombay.

For the better suppression of fraudulent practices in the Cotton Trade in Bombay, It is enacted as follows:

I. Any person who, in the Islands of Bombay or Colaba, shall fraudulently mix Cotton of a good and bad description or quality in one bale, usually termed false packing, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour.

II. Any person who, in the Islands of Bombay or Colaba, shall fraudulently deteriorate Cotton by exposing it by night to heavy dews, or by putting with it uncleaned Cotton, commonly called Kuppas, or by means of dirt, stones, earth, water, or any other substance, or liquid, or who shall in any other way fraudulently deteriorate it with the view of making it heavier, and packing it in that state, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour.

III. Any person who, in the Islands of Bombay or Colaba, shall fraudulently sell, or offer for sale, under false sample, or otherwise, any Cotton mixed or adulterated, as in the first and second Sections of this Act mentioned, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour.

IV. Any person who, in the Islands of Bombay or Colaba, shall knowingly and wilfully have in his possession any such mixed or adulterated Cotton as aforesaid, with a view to any fraudulent sale or disposition thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour.

V. Any person committing a misdemeanour against this Act, shall be tried summarily for the same before the Court of Petty Sessions at Bombay, and, on conviction, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees One Thousand, or imprisonment, with or without hard labour, not exceeding twelve months, and at the discretion of such Court to both fine and imprisonment: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Chairman of the said Court to commit, or hold to bail, any person charged with any misdemeanour under this Act to take his trial in the Supreme Court.

VI. All Cotton in the Islands of Bombay or Colaba, which shall be fraudulently mixed, as mentioned in the first Section of this Act, or which shall be fraudulently deteriorated, as mentioned in the second Section of this Act, shall be liable to confiscation.

VII. The said Court of Petty Sessions, upon credible information on oath, of any Cotton liable to confiscation under this Act being in Bombay or Colaba, may order the seizure thereof, and the Chairman of such Court may issue a warrant for searching for, and seizing the same, and upon the same being proved to the satisfaction of the said Court to be liable to confiscation, may order the confiscation thereof, whereupon the same shall be confiscated, and the said Court of Petty Sessions shall cause an intimation of every such confiscation to be forthwith given to the Collector of Customs at Bombay, who shall forthwith cause a valuation of the confiscated Cotton to be made, and furnish the same to the said Court of Petty Sessions, who shall thereupon make over the confiscated Cotton, with the valuation thereof, to the Bombay Government, and the said Government shall keep the said confiscated Cotton, and shall, from time to time, export the same to Europe, to be there disposed of as adulterated or deteriorated Cotton.

VIII. All fines, levied and recovered under this Act, shall be paid into the General Treasury at Bombay.

IX. The said Court of Petty Sessions as to any fine paid to such Court, or Cotton confiscated by its order under this Act, and the Supreme Court as to any fine on conviction in such Court, respectively, may award the whole or any part of the fines recovered, and any portion of the valuation by the said Collector of Customs of confiscated Cotton, not exceeding two-thirds of the amount of such valuation, to be paid to the informer or informers whose information shall have led to the conviction of the offender, or confiscation of the Cotton respectively, and may grant such informer or informers an order on the General Treasury at Bombay for the amount so awarded.

X. Nothing in this Act shall affect the Civil rights of any parties defrauded by any offender against this Act, but they may sue for the same as if this Act had not been passed.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,
the 5th December 1851.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 5th December 1851.

ACT No. — OF 1851.

An Act to facilitate the Enforcement of Judgments in Places beyond the Jurisdiction of the Courts pronouncing the same.

I. Every judgment passed by any Court of Her Majesty, or of the East India Company, in any Presidency, or in any extra Regulation Province or Territory possessed by the East India Company, before the 22nd day of April 1834, shall be recognized, enforced, and carried into execution in manner hereinafter mentioned, by any other of the said Courts.

II. Every party who has obtained a judgment in any of the said Courts, and cannot enforce or obtain execution of the same within the jurisdiction of such Court, and is desirous of enforcing or obtaining execution of the same in any other Presidency, or in any other Province or Territory as aforesaid, shall apply to the Court which has pronounced such judgment for a Roobakarree, or letter of request, to the Court of the place where he is desirous of enforcing or obtaining execution of such judgment, requiring such last mentioned Court to enforce or obtain execution of the same, and the said last mentioned Court, on receipt of such Roobakarree, or letter of request, shall proceed to enforce or obtain execution of such judgment according to the tenor thereof, in the same manner as if such judgment had been pronounced by such last mentioned Court.

III. When any of the said Courts shall enforce or execute the judgment of any other Court as aforesaid, the Court so enforcing or executing the same shall proceed so to do according to its own laws and mode of procedure in like cases, and the last mentioned Court shall take cognizance of, and punish all wrongful acts or irregularities done or committed in enforcing and executing such judgment, and all persons disobeying or obstructing the enforcement or execution of any such judgment shall be punishable by such last mentioned Court, in the same manner as if the said judgment had been pronounced by such Court.

IV. Every Roobakarree, or letter of request, and judgment aforesaid, shall be signed by a Judge of the Court which passed or pronounced such judgment, and shall also be sealed with the seal of such Court, if such Court has a seal.

V. Each of the said Courts shall recognize, enforce, and execute any final judgment passed by any Court in any extra Regulation Province or Territory acquired by the East India Company, after the said 22nd day of

April 1834, and shall, upon the receipt of a Roobakarree or letter of request from any Court in any extra Regulation Province or Territory acquired by the East India Company after the said 22nd day of April 1834, requiring them to enforce or obtain execution of a final judgment, proceed to enforce or obtain execution of the same, according to the tenor thereof, in the same manner as if the said judgment had been pronounced by their own Court.

VI. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something either in the subject or context repugnant to such construction; that is to say, the word "judgment" shall include any final decree, order, or judgment, and the words "extra Regulation Province or Territory" shall include any Province or Territory to which the Regulations and Acts of the Supreme Government of India have not been extended.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered, that the said Draft be re-considered at the first meeting of the Legislative Council of India, after the 5th day of March next.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,
the 5th December 1851.

The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council in the Legislative Branch of the Home Department, under date the 5th December 1851, is published for general information.

Read a second time the Draft of a proposed Act, dated the 25th July 1851, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th July 1851.

Resolution.—The President in Council resolves that the following amended Draft on the subject be published for general information.

ACT No. — OF 1851.

For constituting Commissioners for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta.

Whereas Act XVI. of 1847, for constituting Commissioners for the improvement of the town of Calcutta has been found inconvenient and ineffectual for the intended purposes thereof, It is enacted as follows:

I. Act XVI. of 1847 is repealed, except as to anything done, or forborne to be done, under the said Act before the passing of this Act, but not so as to revive Act XX. of 1840. Provided always that the taxes leviable under Act XVI. of 1847 on the owners or users of Carriages, Carts, and Horses, may still be assessed and imposed on such owners or users for the last quarter or part of a quarter previous to the passing of this Act, and all taxes and arrears of taxes assessed and imposed on the owners or users of Carriages, Carts, and Horses under Act XVI. of 1847, and not collected at the time this Act comes into operation, may be levied and recovered as if the said Act XVI. of 1847 were not repealed.

II. The scheme of election agreed upon by the owners and occupiers of assessed houses, buildings, and lands in each division of the town, and the Rules made by the Commissioners, severally approved by the Deputy Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and President of the Council of India in Council, in pursuance of the said Act, are rescinded and annulled. Provided always, that all taxes and arrears of taxes assessed and imposed on the owners or users of Carriages, Carts, and Horses under Act XVI. of 1847 and Section I. of this Act, and not collected at the time this Act comes into operation, may be levied and recovered as if the said Rules were not repealed.

III. For the purposes of this Act the town of Calcutta shall be divided into two divisions; that is to say, a northern and southern division, by a line passing from the river Hooghly at the old Fort Ghaut along the centre of Fairlie Place, Clive Street, the street on the northern side of Tank Square, Loll Bazaar, Bow Bazaar and Boitaconnah, or such other two divisions as the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, from time to time, may appoint; and, whenever any such new division shall be made, the provisions of this Act, with respect to the divisions herein defined, shall be deemed to apply thenceforth to such new divisions.

IV. There shall be four Commissioners for executing the powers of this Act, who shall be styled the Commissioners for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta, of whom two shall be appointed by the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and two shall be elected as hereinafter provided, that is to say, one for each division of the said town.

V. The Commissioners shall enter upon their office on the first day of January in each year, and shall hold their office regularly for one year, or until their successors are duly constituted; and until the first constitution of Commissioners under this Act, the Commissioners now acting in the execution of the said Act XVI. of 1847 shall exercise the powers of this Act, and shall be deemed Commissioners under this Act.

VI. Every person is entitled to one vote in the election of a Commissioner under this Act, who is the owner of a house, building, or ground in either division of the said town, and is assessed at not less than ten rupees tax in the whole for a quarter of a year, in respect of such house, building, or ground, and who, on or before the 20th day of November in each year, has paid all such taxes due from him up to the last day of June, in the same year.

VII. Every person is entitled to one vote in the election of a Commissioner under this Act, who is the occupier of any house, building, or ground in either division of the said town, and who pays a monthly rent of not less than rupees seventy in respect of such house, building, or ground.

VIII. Each voter is entitled to vote in that division only in which he is assessed to the amount which constitutes his qualification; but any person who is assessed, or pays rent to the qualifying amount in each division, may be entitled to vote in both. No person shall be entitled to two votes in any one division by reason of his being both an owner and occupier to the qualifying amounts respectively in such division.

IX. All elections under this Act shall be under the management of the Sheriff of Calcutta, who shall appoint a sufficient number of Deputies to help him in presiding thereat; and every Deputy, while so acting for the Sheriff, shall have the same powers and duties as the Sheriff with respect to the division for which he is acting.

X. The elective Commissioners shall be chosen yearly, on a day between the first and twentieth days of December, to be appointed in each year by the Sheriff of Calcutta, of which day, and also of the place of election, the Sheriff shall give notice, by advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette*, fifteen days at least before the day of election.

XI. The place of election for each division of the town shall be the Town Hall of Calcutta, or such other place as the Sheriff, with the sanction of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, shall, from time to time, appoint.

XII. The voting shall begin at eight of the clock in the morning, and end at five of the clock in the afternoon of the appointed day.

XIII. Every person qualified to vote in the election, and none other, is qualified to be a candidate for election as a Commissioner.

XIV. Every candidate shall, ten days at least before the day of election, give notice thereof in writing

to the Sheriff, naming the division for which he is a candidate, and shall at the same time produce to and leave with the Sheriff a certificate from the Secretary to the Commissioners that he is qualified to be a candidate, which certificate the Secretary shall be bound to give without fee or charge, on personal application, to any person duly qualified.

XV. All expenses of the election of Commissioners, including the expense of advertising the time and place of election, shall be defrayed by the candidates; and every candidate shall, at the time when he produces to the Sheriff his certificate of qualification, deposit with the Sheriff the sum of two hundred rupees toward the expenses of the election, and in default thereof shall not be qualified to be elected.

XVI. If the whole amount so deposited shall not be spent by the Sheriff in such election, the residue shall be returned to the candidates in equal proportions; and if the whole amount so deposited is not enough to defray the expense of such election, the Sheriff shall be entitled to receive from each candidate his proportionate share of the surplus expense, and in default of payment may sue for, and recover the same, as money spent on behalf of such candidate.

XVII. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared, in each year, correct alphabetical lists of the owners qualified to vote in each division of the town, and also an alphabetical list of the occupiers qualified to vote in each of the said divisions, who shall, on or before the 1st day of November in each year, apply to the Commissioners to have their names entered in such lists, and the said lists shall be open for inspection at the office of the said Commissioners, on or before the first day of December in each year, during all reasonable hours of the day, until the day of election, when the said lists, or copies thereof, shall be taken to the place of election, for the use of the Sheriff and his Deputies.

XVIII. The Secretary to the Commissioners, on the written application of any person qualified to vote as aforesaid, signed by himself, specifying the division, street and number, or other description of every house or building, or the land in respect of which the claim is made, and delivered to the Secretary on some day between the 1st and 30th day of November, both inclusive, with, where the applicant is an owner, the receipted assessment bills, showing that the applicant has paid the taxes required by this Act to qualify him to vote, or with, where the applicant is an occupier, the receipted rent bills, showing that such occupier has paid the rent required by this Act to qualify him to vote, shall give to such person a voting ticket, according to his qualification. The voting tickets shall be numbered and signed by the Secretary to the Commissioners, and shall be in one of the forms contained in the first Schedule annexed to this Act, or in such other form as shall be from time to time adopted by the Commissioners, with the approval of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal. The Secretary to the Commissioners shall keep a Register of such voting tickets, which shall specify the number of each voting ticket, the name of the voter, and the premises in respect of which such voting ticket is given, and the said Secretary, on the day of election, shall take the said Register to the place of election, for the use of the Sheriff and his deputies.

XIX. The voting ticket shall be conclusive evidence that the person named therein is entitled to vote at the next election of a Commissioner in the division for which the ticket is given, according to the tenor thereof.

XX. At the time and place appointed for the election, the Sheriff or his Deputies shall attend with two closed boxes, with openings in each box for the reception of voting tickets, and distinguished from each other by having marked or painted legibly in English and Bengallee characters, the word "northern" on one box, and the word "southern" on the other.

XXI. Every voter, having obtained his voting ticket in each division in which he is qualified to vote, and

having written thereon the name of the candidate for whom he wishes to vote, and having signed the same, shall personally attend at the place of election, and shall deliver his voting ticket to the Sheriff, or one of his Deputies presiding at the election for that division, who, on being satisfied of the identity of the person tendering the voting ticket with the person whose signature it bears, shall deposit such voting ticket in the box of the division.

XXII. The Secretary, Assessors, Collectors, and Collecting Sircars of the Commissioners, and, if required by any candidate, an agent appointed by writing under his hand on his behalf, shall attend at the place of election during the continuance thereof, for the purpose of assisting in identifying the persons who shall tender voting tickets.

XXIII. The decision of the Sheriff, or his Deputy, admitting or rejecting any disputed vote tendered at any election, shall be conclusive as to the reception of the vote.

XXIV. At the close of the poll for any division, the Sheriff, or his Deputies, in the presence of the candidates, or such of them as choose to be present, or of scrutineers appointed in writing under their several hands, shall ascertain the number of votes given for each candidate in each division; and the Sheriff shall thereupon publicly declare the name of the candidate in each division for whom the greatest number of votes has been given in such division, and shall declare such candidate to be duly elected a Commissioner for the improvement of the town of Calcutta.

XXV. If two or more candidates at the head of the poll in any one division of the town shall have the same number of votes, the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal shall appoint one of the candidates, having such equal number of votes, to be one of the elected Commissioners for the improvement of the town of Calcutta.

XXVI. The result of every election shall be certified by the Sheriff to the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, who will cause notice thereof to be given in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

XXVII. If any vacancy, from any cause whatever, happens before the month of December in any year, among the Commissioners, the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal shall appoint a person qualified to be elected to fill such vacancy, and the Commissioner appointed to fill such vacancy shall be a Commissioner, as if he had been elected at the then last general election of Commissioners.

XXVIII. The 158th Section of the Act of Parliament passed in the 33rd year of the reign of King George the Third, and numbered Chapter 52, is hereby repealed, and the powers and duties which by the said Act were conferred and imposed on the Justices of the Peace within or for the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, in regard to the collection, levying, and disbursement of the taxes thereby authorized to be assessed by them on the owners or occupiers of houses, buildings, and grounds, shall be exercised and performed by the said Commissioners, instead of the said Justices of the Peace; and the powers and duties by Act XXII. of 1847, or any other Act, conferred on, or belonging to the Commissioners constituted under the said Act XVI. of 1847, and their Officers, shall be transferred to, and belong to the Commissioners constituted under this Act, and their Officers respectively.

XXIX. The Justices of the Peace within and for the said town of Calcutta shall make a quarterly assessment at the rate of six and one quarter per cent., or one anna in the rupee, on the owners of houses, buildings, and grounds within the said town, according to the gross monthly rental thereof, or on the gross monthly rental at which the same might, in the estimation of the said Justices, reasonably be expected to let.

XXX. Of the two Commissioners yearly appointed by the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in

Bengal, one shall be President of the Commissioners. In the absence of the President, such other Commissioner shall act as Chairman of the meetings of the Commissioners as shall be chosen by those present. On all questions on which the Commissioners present are equally divided in opinion, the President shall have a secondly or casting vote. No meeting of the Commissioners shall be held without 24 hours' notice being given to all the Commissioners, and two Commissioners shall be necessary to constitute a meeting.

XXXI. The Commissioners shall severally receive such monthly salaries, not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees each, to be paid out of the taxes levied under the said Act of Parliament, and Act XVI. of 1847, and this Act, as the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, with the approval of the Governor General of India in Council, shall from time to time appoint.

XXXII. The Commissioners shall appoint a Secretary, subject to the approval of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and shall also appoint a sufficient number of Assessors, Collectors, Inspectors, Appraisers, Bailiffs, and such other Officers as they may deem necessary for assessing, collecting, or levying the taxes imposed on the owners or occupiers of houses, buildings, and grounds under the authority of the said Act of Parliament, and of this Act, and also the taxes and penalties herein mentioned, and may appoint the same persons to act both as Assessors and Collectors, and may prescribe such rules, and take such security for the due execution of the duties of such Secretary and Officers as they may deem expedient; and the Secretary and Officers of the Commissioners shall receive such salaries, to be paid out of the said taxes, as the Commissioners from time to time may appoint, subject to the approval of the said Governor. The Secretary and every other Officer shall be removable at the pleasure of the Commissioners, subject, in the case of the Secretary, to the approval of the said Governor.

XXXIII. All rates and taxes assessed on the owners of houses, buildings, and grounds, and penalties imposed under the authority or colour of the said Act of Parliament, and Act XVI. of 1847, before this Act comes into operation, may be demanded, and, if not duly paid, may be levied and recovered by the Commissioners acting under the authority of this Act, in the same manner, and by the same forms, or by forms to the like effect, as if they had been imposed under the authority of this Act.

XXXIV. The owners of houses, buildings, and grounds, within the said town, shall pay such sums of money as shall be assessed upon them by the said Justices, according to the said rate of six and a quarter per cent., or one anna in the rupee.

XXXV. Where there is land wholly or partly covered with houses or buildings, which do not belong, or which belong only in remainder or reversion, to the owner of the land, and rent is covenanted to be paid to the owner of the land, wholly or partly irrespective of the value of the said houses or buildings, the said Justices may assess the owner of the land separately, in respect of the land, and the owners of the houses and buildings, according to their value, after deduction of the value of the land in respect whereof the owner thereof is separately assessed.

XXXVI. The said Justices in their discretion may omit from their valuation and assessment any tenement of very small value, unless where there are many such belonging to the same owner, which can be conveniently valued and assessed together.

XXXVII. Where any house, building, or ground, within the said town, has been vacant for sixty consecutive days in any quarter of a year, the rates for that quarter shall be remitted, provided that the owner of such house, building, or land, shall have given notice in writing of the vacancy thereof to the Secretary of the

Commissioners, within seven days next after the day on which it becomes vacant.

XXXVIII. The first assessment to be made under this Act shall be made on or after the day of 1852, for the months of

and 1852; and, when made, shall be taken to supersede and annul any previous assessment made by the Justices for the same period, or any portion thereof; and every following assessment shall in like manner be made prospectively at the commencement of the quarter of a year in which it is made.

XXXIX. The assessment of the taxes specified in this Act shall be made by the said Justices, or any of them, but shall in every case require to be confirmed at a subsequent Meeting of the said Justices; and the said Justices shall cause such assessments, when made and confirmed, to be entered in books to be kept in their office, and the entries for such assessments in the said books, authenticated by the signatures of the Justices, or any two of them, shall be conclusive evidence of the several assessments therein specified.

XL. The Justices shall give at least fourteen days' notice by advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette*, of the day and hour when they will meet in their office, for the purpose of revising and confirming the said assessment; and every person who deems himself aggrieved in any respect by the said assessment, and is desirous of appealing against the same, must attend such meeting; and the Justices may adjourn such meeting, if necessary, from day to day; and, after hearing and determining all objections to the assessment, may make such amendments therein as to them may appear just, and finally confirm the same as so amended.

XLI. The books containing the proposed assessment shall be in the office of the Justices during the said period of fourteen days, or more, open at all reasonable times to the inspection of all persons assessed therein.

XLII. The taxes specified in this Act shall be due and payable from and after the end of the quarter of a year, or other period for which they are made.

XLIII. When the taxes specified in this Act shall be due and payable, or as soon after as convenient, the said Commissioners shall send, or cause to be sent, to the persons severally liable to pay any of such taxes, a statement or bill, in the form (A) contained in the second Schedule annexed to this Act, or to the like effect, of the sums due from such persons respectively in respect of the said taxes.

XLIV. When any person shall be in arrear of the payment of the said taxes specified in this Act, the said Commissioners, or any one of them, or their Officer duly authorized by them, may issue, or cause to be issued, and served upon such person, a Notice of Demand, in the form (B) contained in the second Schedule annexed to this Act, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within five days from the service of such Notice of Demand, pay the arrear due from him, according to the tenor of such Notice of Demand, the said Commissioners, or any one of them, or their Officer duly authorized by them, may issue and serve, or cause to be issued and served, upon such person, a Summons to Pay, in the form (C) contained in the second Schedule annexed to this Act, or to the like effect, requiring such person to appear before the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, on a day and at an hour and place to be named in such summons.

XLV. On the appearance of the party summoned, the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, may make such further inquiry into the case as to them or him seems just, and may make such order for the payment of the whole or any part of the demand, as to them or him seems just; and, in case of the non-appearance of the party summoned, the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, on proof of service of the said summons, and on making such further inquiry into the case as to them or him seems just, may decide the claim in like manner as if the said party were present, and may make such order for the payment of the

demand, together with such costs, as to them or him may seem reasonable.

XLVI. In order that the Justices and Commissioners may be better informed of the value of any house, building, or ground, or in any other matter relating to their duty under this Act, and the execution thereof, the Justices or Commissioners, or any one of them, or their Officer duly authorized by them, may issue a summons, in the form (D) contained in the second Schedule annexed to this Act, to any person whom they are desirous of examining for that purpose; and any one or more of the said Justices or Commissioners may examine such person so summoned concerning the value of such house, building, or ground, or other matter relating to the assessment; and such examination shall be taken down in writing, in such manner as the Justices or Commissioners may order; and in case the answers of such person so examined shall appear to the said Justices or Commissioners to be evasive or untrue, or in case the party summoned shall refuse to answer any lawful question of the said Justices or Commissioners, or any one of them, or shall be proved to have refused to receive, or to have wilfully destroyed, defaced, or unlawfully detained any Bill, Summons, or Notice of Demand served upon him, with intent to evade being lawfully rated to the full amount of any of the said taxes due from him, or with intent to avoid, or delay payment thereof, or shall be proved knowingly, or through gross negligence, to have given any false information, either verbally or in writing, to the said Justices or Commissioners, or any of them, or any of their Assessors or Officers, whereby they, or any Assessor or person employed by them shall be misled in making any assessment; or in case the party summoned shall refuse, or without lawful excuse neglect to appear before the said Justices or Commissioners, in pursuance of such summons, such person shall, for any of the abovementioned offences, be liable to such penalty, not exceeding one hundred rupees, as shall be set on him by the said Justices or Commissioners, or any one of them.

XLVII. All arrears of taxes and penalties due under the said Statute 33 George III., Act XVI. of 1847, and this Act, and the costs and charges of recovering the same, may be recovered at any time after the day on which the person liable to pay such arrears has been summoned to appear before the Commissioners, or any one or more of them, as provided by Section XLIV., under a warrant to be issued for that purpose, under the hand and seal of one of the said Commissioners, by distress and sale of any goods and chattels within the town of Calcutta, belonging to the person liable to make good or pay the same, or being at any time within the house or building, or upon the ground in respect of which any such assessment is made; and every such Warrant of Distress may be in the form (E) contained in the second Schedule annexed to this Act, or to the like effect.

XLVIII. The Bailiff shall make an Inventory of all goods and chattels seized under any such Warrant, and shall give a notice in writing in the form (F) contained in the second Schedule annexed to this Act, or to the like effect, to the person in possession thereof, at the time of the seizure, that the said goods and chattels will be appraised and sold in manner therein mentioned.

XLIX. If the warrant is not in the mean time discharged or suspended by one or more of the said Commissioners, the goods and chattels seized shall be appraised and sold, and the proceeds thereof shall be applied in discharge of the arrears, or penalty, and costs, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned, on demand, to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure; and the fees upon every such proceeding shall be such as are contained in the Table contained in the third Schedule annexed to this Act.

L. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of the rates, taxes, or penalties under the said Statute 33 Geo. III., Act XVI. of 1847, or this Act, the

Commissioners, or any one or more of them, if they think fit, may authorize any Collector or other person to sue the person liable to pay such rates, taxes, or penalties, for any arrears of such rates, taxes, or penalties, in the Calcutta Court of Small Causes; and all such suits may be prosecuted by such Collector or other person in the name of the Commissioners; and the costs, if any, incurred in any such suit, which are not recovered in the suit, may be defrayed out of the taxes levied under this Act.

LI. When any Bill, Notice of Demand, Summons, or other proceeding of any kind whatsoever with respect to any taxes under the said Statute, Act XVI. of 1847, or this Act, is to be issued to the owner of any premises, if his name be not certainly known, it shall be sufficient to address such proceeding to him by the description of the "Owner" of the premises (naming or describing them) in respect of which such proceeding is issued, without further name or description of such owner, and such proceeding may be duly served as hereinafter mentioned; and every Bill, Notice, Summons, or Notice of Demand, may be served personally upon the person to whom the same is addressed, or left with his door-keeper, or some inmate of his place of abode; and when any person shall, by keeping his place of abode or business closed, or by absconding, or by violence or threats, prevent any Officer or servant of the said Commissioners from serving any Bill, Notice, Summons, or Notice of Demand as herein directed, such Bill, Notice, Schedule, Summons, or Notice of Demand, shall be duly served by fixing the same conspicuously on some part of the outer wall, gate, or door of the house or place of business, or of the enclosure in which it stands. In case the place of abode of the owner be not within the limits of the said town, it shall be sufficient for the Commissioners to transmit any Bill, Notice, Summons, or Notice of Demand, directed to him by name through the Post.

LII. No distress levied under the authority of this Act shall be unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser on account of any defect or want of form in the Notice, Bill, Summons, Notice of Demand, Warrant of Distress, Inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall he be a trespasser from the beginning on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him.

LIII. The said Commissioners shall from time to time, subject to the approval of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, make rules for regulating their proceedings under this Act, and for the regulation of the time and manner of demanding and collecting the taxes specified in this Act, and for altering any of the forms set forth in the Schedules hereunto annexed, and the said Justices shall from time to time, subject to the like approval, make Rules for regulating their proceedings under this Act, and for the regulation of the time and manner of assessing the rates specified in this Act.

LIV. The goods and chattels of the owner of any house, building, or ground rated under the said Statute 33 Geo. III., Chapter LII., Section 158, Act XVI. of 1847, or this Act, shall be liable to be distrained anywhere (except goods and chattels concealed as hereinafter mentioned) for deficiency in the payment of rates; and it shall not be necessary in any assessment, rate, or tax, or warrant of distress under the said Statute, Act XVI. of 1847, or this Act, to specify the names of the owners of houses, buildings, or grounds; but it shall be sufficient if the house, building, or ground, in respect of which the tax is assessed, be identified, and in the case of houses numbered in any street, that the name of the street and the number of the house be specified.

LV. All goods and chattels which shall be found upon any premises rated, shall be liable to be distrained for any penalties incurred by any owner thereof, or for any arrears of rates or taxes assessed in respect thereof; and if the said goods and chattels belong to the occupier

of such premises, such occupier may deduct the amount of the levy made upon his goods and chattels, or of any payment made by him in order to prevent such levy, from the following payments of his rent. If they belong to any person other than the occupier of the premises, or if no further rent is payable by such occupier, he may in such case recover the amount so paid or levied by suit in the Calcutta Court of Small Causes from the owner of the premises, as for money paid on his behalf.

LVI. Every person shall be entitled to have from the Secretary to the Commissioners, on application at their Office, and on payment of a fee of four annas, a certificate, specifying the last quarter in respect of which the taxes on account of any house, building, or ground are paid.

LVII. When there is reason to believe that goods and chattels, liable to distress under the said Statute, Act XVI. of 1847, or this Act, are concealed in any zenana, the officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall make a special report to the Commissioner granting the same, who shall thereupon follow as closely as may be the rules for the seizure of goods and chattels in like cases adopted by Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature.

LVIII. Every person who wilfully obstructs or molests the said Commissioners, or any one of them, or their Secretary, or any of their Officers or servants, in the performance of their respective duties, under the said Act of Parliament, Act XVI. of 1847, or this Act, shall be liable, on summary conviction before a Justice of the Peace on his own confession, or the oath of one or more witnesses, to forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees.

LIX. No suit shall be brought against the Justices, or Commissioners, or any of them, or their Officers, for anything done under authority or colour of this Act, until twenty-one days' notice thereof has been given in writing to the person against whom the suit is intended to be brought, nor after sufficient satisfaction or tender thereof has been made to the person aggrieved, nor after three calendar months next after the act committed for which such suit is brought.

LX. In any such suit the defendant may plead the general issue, and give this Act and any special matter in evidence on the trial; and, if the act complained of shall appear to have been lawfully done under authority of this Act, or if it shall appear that such suit was brought before such notice given thereof as aforesaid, or that sufficient satisfaction was made or tendered as aforesaid, or if any such suit shall be begun after the end of the said period of three calendar months, judgment shall be given for the defendant.

LXI. If in any such suit judgment be given for the defendant, or if the plaintiff be nonsuited, or discontinue the said suit, the defendant shall be entitled to his costs as between attorney and client, and shall have such remedy for recovery thereof as any defendant has for his costs in any other case by law.

LXII. The whole proceeds of the said taxes, after paying all salaries, establishments, and incidental expenses of the said Commissioners, shall, with such monies as the Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, with the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, may direct to be paid to the said Commissioners, be applied by them to the following purposes, that is to say:

1st. Cleansing, repairing, lighting, and watering the roads and streets.

2dly. Constructing new drains and sewers, and cleansing and repairing, or filling up and abolishing old drains and sewers.

3dly. Filling up stagnant pools of water, holes in the earth, and all receptacles for filth and rubbish, and removing obstructions in or on the roads, and to the free circulation of air.

4thly. Formation of tanks and aqueducts for the conveyance of water to all parts of the town.

5thly. Opening of streets and squares in crowded parts of the town.

6thly. Improving and embellishing the said town generally.

LXIII. In construing this Act, all words used in the singular number shall be held to include several persons and things, and words in the plural shall be held to include the singular number, and all words importing the masculine gender shall extend and be applied to females as well as males, unless there is something in the context inconsistent with such construction.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Form 1.

Form of Voting Ticket.

No.

Division.	Name of Rate-payer.	Aggregate value of Houses, Buildings, or Grounds for which he is assessed.	Total Assessment.

Entitled to vote.

Secretary.

Reverse.

I, the undersigned, being the rate-payer within described, do hereby give my vote for _____ as Commissioner for the (_____) Division.

Calcutta, }
The 18 . }

Signature.

Form 2.

No.

Division.	Street.	No. of House.	Name of Occupier.

Entitled to vote.

Secretary.

Reverse.

I, the undersigned, being the occupier within described, do hereby give my vote for _____ as Commissioners for the (_____) Division.

Calcutta, }
The 18 . }

Signature.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(A)

House Tax Bill.

Division No.	Premises No. _____
Street No.	_____ Dr.
Remit	To Assessment on the abovementioned Premises for _____
	Quarter. Rated at Rupees " " per Month, Quarterly Assessment, Rs. " " "
	Received Payment, _____
	Calcutta, 18 Collector.

(B)

Notice of Demand.

Number
Division
Street
House

Take Notice that I, on behalf of the Collector of Assessments, have demanded and demand from you the arrears of Taxes assessed upon you as owner of the premises mentioned in the margin, for the Quarter 18 _____ under the provisions of Act 1852, amounting to Rupees _____ and that if the same be not paid into the Collector's Office within five days after this demand, you will be reported to the Commissioners, and will be liable to the expenses of any further proceedings.

For the Collector,

Collecting Sircar.

Calcutta, }
This day of }
18 . }

(C)

Summons to pay.

No.

To

Number
Division
Street
House
Quarter

You are hereby summoned to appear personally before the Commissioners for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta, or such one or more of them as shall be at their office at _____ o'clock on the _____ day of 18 _____ to answer to a complaint made against you by the Collector of Assessments for non-payment of the Taxes imposed on you as owner of the premises mentioned in the margin, under the Provisions of Act 1852, for the (Quarter) that is to say: the months of _____ amounting to Rupees _____

Commissioners' Office.

No.

Given under my }
hand this day }
of 18 . }

A. B.

(D)

Summons to give Evidence.

To

Under the authority of Act 1852, you are hereby summoned to appear personally before the Commissioners for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta, or such one or more of them as shall be at their office at _____ o'clock on the _____ day of 18 _____ (here set out the cause of Summons.)

Commissioners' Office.

Given under my hand }
this day of 18 . }

A. B.

(E)

DISTRESS WARRANT.

Town of } To
Calcutta. } One of the Bailiffs for the Commissioners for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta.

Number Whereas of in the
No. of the said Town is this day duly convicted
Division before of the Commissioners
Street for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta,
House for that the said
doth refuse or neglect to pay, and hath not yet paid, the Taxes on houses, buildings, and lands, mentioned in the margin, to which he is assessed under the Provisions of the Act 1852, for the (_____) quarter, that is to say, for the months of (_____) amounting to _____

to the sum of Co.'s Rs. although the said sum has been demanded of him, and five days have lapsed since such demand, this is to command you to distrain the Goods and Chattels of the said

within the said Town, or any Goods and Chattels which you may find on the premises in respect of which the said Taxes are due, to the amount of Co.'s Rs.

and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of making such distress; and if within five days next after such distress the said sum of Co.'s Rs.

shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said Goods and Chattels, and having paid out of the money arising by such sale, the said sum of Co.'s Rs.

to the Collector of Assessment for the said Commissioners, and having deducted the necessary charges of taking, keeping, and selling the said distress, to return the overplus, if any, on demand, to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said Goods and Chattels.

Given under my hand and seal, this day of 185 .

One of the Commissioners for the Improvement of the town of Calcutta.

(F)

INVENTORY.

Quarter Number No. of Division Street House An Inventory of the several Goods and Chattels distrained by me Bailiff, situated in No. for the sum of Company's Rupees Annas Pies being Arrears of Assessment due up to the day of last, for Taxes under the Provisions of Act (or being the amount of a penalty imposed on by of the said Commissioners) with the costs and charges for enforcing payment of the same.

To

Take Notice that I have this day distrained the several Goods and Chattels specified in the Inventory for Taxes under the Provisions of Act 1852 (or being the amount of a penalty imposed on by one of the said Commissioners), and that unless you pay the said sum, with the charges of distraining, into the Office of the Collector of Assessment, within five days from the date hereof, the said Goods and Chattels will be sold according to Law.

Arrears, Rs. Costs, " Co.'s Rs. Witness my hand, this day of 18 . Bailiff.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Table of Fees to be taken for proceedings under this Act.

For every Summons to pay 1 Rupee.

In Distraints.

Sum Distrained for.	Fee.	
	Rs.	As.
Under 5 Rupees	1	4
5 and under 10 Rupees	2	0
10 " 15 "	2	8
15 " 20 "	3	8
20 " 25 "	4	4
25 " 30 "	5	0
30 " 35 "	5	8
35 " 40 "	6	8
40 " 45 "	7	12
45 " 50 "	8	8
50 " 60 "	10	0
60 " 80 "	11	8
80 " 100 "	13	0
Above 100 "	15	0

The above charge includes all expenses except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case 4 Annas must be paid daily for each man.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be reconsidered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 5th day of February 1852.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY, Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM, HOME DEPARTMENT, LEGISLATIVE,

the 5th December 1851.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 5th of December 1851.

ACT No. — of 1851.

An Act for improving and regulating the Streets, Roads, and Drains within the Town and Local Limits of Madras.

Whereas many of the Streets, Thoroughfares, Drains, and Public Places within the Town and limits of Madras require to be widened and improved, and whereas it is expedient that better provision should be made for the removal of nuisances and obstructions within the said Town and limits, It is enacted as follows:

I. The Justices of the Peace acting within and for the said Town and limits of Madras, with the sanction of the Governor of Fort Saint George for the time being in Council, shall at all times have power and authority to require any lands within the said town and limits to be sold or given up, by all parties interested in such lands, for the purpose of widening, altering, or improving any existing public Road, Street, or other Thoroughfare or Drain, or for making any new public Road, Street, or other Thoroughfare or Drain.

II. When the said Justices shall require to purchase Notice of in- or take any of the lands which by this tention to take Act they are authorized to purchase or ground. take, they shall give notice thereof in writing to all the parties interested in such lands, or to the parties enabled by this Act to sell and convey or release the same, or such of the said parties as shall, after diligent inquiry, be known to the said Justices, or their Surveyors, and by such notice shall demand from such parties the particulars of their estate and interests in such lands, and of the claims made by them in respect thereof; and every such notice shall state the particulars of the lands so required, and that the said Justices are willing to treat for the purchase thereof, and as to the compensation to be made to all parties for the damage that may be sustained by them by reason of the execution of the works.

III. All notices required to be served by the said Justices upon the parties interested in such parties, or left at their last usual place of abode, if any such, after diligent enquiry, can be found, and in case any such parties shall be absent from the Presidency of Madras, or cannot, after diligent enquiry, be found, shall also be left with the occupiers of such lands, or, if there be no such occupier, shall be affixed upon some conspicuous part of such lands.

IV. It shall be lawful for the said Justices to agree with the owners of any lands by this Act authorized to be taken, and which shall be required for the purposes of this Act, and with all parties having any estate or interest in such lands, or by this Act enabled to sell and convey the same, for the absolute purchase, for a consideration in money, of any such lands, or such parts thereof as they shall think proper, and of all estates and interests in such lands of what kind soever.

V. It shall be lawful for all parties, being seised, possessed of, or entitled to any such disability enabled lands, or any estate or interest therein, to sell and convey to the said Justices, and to enter into all necessary agreements for that purpose; and particularly it shall be lawful for all or any of the following parties so seised, possessed, or entitled as aforesaid, so to sell, convey, or release; (that is to say) all corporations, tenants in tail or for life, married women seised in their own right or entitled to dower, guardians, committees of lunatics and idiots, trustees or feoffees in trust for charitable or other purposes, executors and administrators, and all parties for the time being entitled to the receipt of the rents and profits of any such lands in possession, or subject to any estate in dower, or to any lease or interest for life, or for lives and years, or for years, or any less interest; and the power so to sell and convey or release as aforesaid may lawfully be exercised by all such parties, other than married women entitled to dower, or lessees for life, or for lives and years, or for years, or for any less interest, not only on behalf of themselves and their respective heirs, executors, administrators and successors, but also for and on behalf of every person entitled in reversion, remainder, or expectancy after them, or in defeasance of the estates of such parties, and as to such married women, whether they be of full age or not, as if they were sole and of full age, and as to such guardians, on behalf of their wards, and as to such committees, on behalf of the lunatics and idiots of whom they are the committees respectively, and that to the same extent as such wives, wards, lunatics, and idiots, respectively, could have exercised the same power under the authority of this Act if they had respectively been under no disability, and as to such trustees, executors, and administrators, on behalf of their cestui que trusts, whether infants, issue unborn, lunatics, femes covert, or other persons, and that to the same extent as such cestui que trusts, respectively, could have exercised the same powers under the authority of this Act, if they had respectively been under no disability.

VI. The purchase money or compensation to be paid for any lands to be purchased or taken from parties under any disability or incapacity, and not having power to sell or convey such lands, except under the Provisions of this Act, and the compensation to be paid for any permanent damage or injury to any such lands, shall not, except where the same shall have been determined by the verdict of a jury, be less than shall be determined by the valuation of two able practical surveyors, one of whom shall be nominated by the said Justices, and the other by the other party; and if such two Surveyors cannot agree in the valuation, then by such third Surveyor as the said Governor in Council

shall, upon application of either party, after notice to the other party, for that purpose nominate; and each of such two Surveyors, if they agree, or, if not, then the Surveyor nominated by the said Governor in Council, shall annex to the valuation a declaration in writing, subscribed by them, or him, of the correctness thereof; and all such purchase money or compensation shall be deposited with the Sub-Treasurer of the Government of Fort Saint George, with the privy of the Accountant General of the said Presidency of Madras, for the benefit of the parties interested, in manner hereinafter mentioned.

VII. If, for twenty-one days after the service of such notice, any such party shall fail to state the particulars of his claim in respect of any such land, or to treat with the said Justices in respect thereof, or if such party and the said Justices shall not agree as to the amount of the compensation to be paid by the said Justices for the interest in such lands belonging to such party, or which he is by this Act enabled to sell, or for any damage that may be sustained by him by reason of the execution of the works, the amount of such compensation shall be settled in the manner hereinafter provided for settling cases of disputed compensation.

VIII. Before the said Justices shall issue their Warrant for summoning a Jury for settling any case of disputed compensation, they shall cause their Surveyor to value the lands required, and the said Surveyor, if the land is private property, or, being land of the East India Company, any substantial improvement shall have been made in the value thereof, shall cause an estimate to be made of such private property, or of any such improvement, and the said Justices shall then give not less than ten days' notice to the other party of their intention to cause such Jury to be summoned, and in such notice the said Justices shall state the sum of money at which the same has been valued as aforesaid, and which they are willing to give for the interest in such lands sought to be purchased by them from such party, and for the damage to be sustained by him by the execution of the works; and if such sum of money be accepted by such party, the same shall be paid to him on his executing a conveyance of the said lands as hereinafter mentioned.

IX. In every case in which any such question of disputed compensation shall be required to be determined by the verdict of a Jury, the said Justices shall issue their Warrant to the Sheriff, requiring him to summon a Jury for that purpose, and such Warrant shall be under the hands and seals of such Justices, or any two of them, and if such Sheriff be interested in the matter in dispute, such application shall be made to the Coroner of Madras, and every such Sheriff or Coroner shall have power, if he think fit, to appoint a deputy or assessor.

X. Throughout the enactments contained in this Act relating to the reference to a Jury, where the term "Sheriff" is used, the provisions applicable thereto shall be held to apply to every Coroner, or other person lawfully acting in his place.

XI. Upon the receipt of such Warrant, the Sheriff shall summon a Jury of twenty-four indifferent persons, duly qualified to act as petit jurymen in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras, to meet at a convenient time and place, to be appointed by him for that purpose, such time not being less than fourteen nor more than twenty-one days after the receipt of such Warrant, and such place not being more than eight miles distant from the lands in question, unless by consent of the parties interested, and he shall forthwith give notice to the Justices of the time and place so appointed by him.

XII. Out of the Jurors appearing upon such summons, a Jury of twelve persons shall be drawn by the Sheriff, in such manner as Juries for trials of issues joined in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras are by law required to be drawn, and if a sufficient number of Jurymen do not appear in obedience to such summons, the Sheriff shall return other indifferent men duly qualified as aforesaid, of the bystanders, or others that can speedily be procured, to make up the Jury to the number aforesaid, and all parties concerned may have their lawful challenges against any of the Jurymen, but no such party shall challenge the array.

XIII. The Sheriff shall preside on the said enquiry, and the party claiming compensation shall be deemed the plaintiff, and shall have all such rights and privileges as the plaintiff is entitled to in the trial of actions at Law, and if either party so request in writing, the Sheriff shall summon before him any person considered necessary to be examined as a witness touching the matters in question, and on the like request the Sheriff shall order the Jury, or any six or more of them, to view the place or matter in controversy, in like manner as views may be had in the trial of actions in the said Supreme Court.

XIV. If the Sheriff make default in any of the matters hereinbefore required to be done by him in relation to any such trial or enquiry, he shall forfeit five hundred Rupees for every such offence, and such penalty shall be recoverable by the said Justices by action in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras; and if any person summoned and returned upon any Jury under this Act, do not appear, or if appearing he refuse to make oath, or in any other manner unlawfully neglect his duty, he shall, unless he show reasonable excuse to the satisfaction of the Sheriff, forfeit a sum not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and every such penalty payable by a Sheriff or jurymen shall be applied by the said Justices in satisfaction of the costs of the enquiry, so far as the same will extend, or to the account of the assessment fund; and in addition to the penalty hereby imposed, every such jurymen shall be subject to the same regulations, pains, and penalties as if such Jury had been returned for the trial of an issue joined in the said Supreme Court.

XV. If any person duly summoned to give evidence upon any such enquiry, and to whom a tender of his reasonable expenses shall have been made, fail to appear at the time and place specified in the summons, without sufficient cause, or if any person, whether summoned or not, who shall appear as a witness, refuse to be examined on oath touching the subject matter in question, every person so offending shall forfeit to the party aggrieved a sum not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

XVI. Not less than ten days' notice of the time and place of the enquiry shall be given in writing by the said Justices to the other party.

XVII. If the party claiming compensation shall be resident within the said Presidency of Madras, and shall not appear at the time appointed for the enquiry, the Sheriff and the said Jury shall proceed in the said enquiry *ex-parte*, and the party claiming compensation shall be bound by such *ex-parte* proceedings, and the verdict and judgment recorded thereon, as if he had been present thereat.

XVIII. Before the Jury proceed to enquire of and assess the compensation or damage in respect of which their verdict is to be given, they shall make oath that they will truly and faithfully enquire of and assess such compensation or damage, and the Sheriff shall administer such oaths, as well as the oaths of all persons called upon to give evidence.

XIX. Where such enquiry shall relate to the value of lands to be purchased, and also to compensation claimed for injury done or to be done to the lands held therewith, the Jury shall deliver their verdict separately for the sum of money to be paid for the purchase of the lands required for the works, or of any interest therein belonging to the party with whom the question of disputed compensation shall have arisen, or which, under the provisions herein contained, he shall be enabled to sell and convey, and for the sum of money to be paid by way of compensation for the damage, if any, to be sustained by the owner of the lands, by reason of the severing of the lands taken from the other lands of such owner, or otherwise injuriously affecting such lands, by the exercise of the powers of this Act.

XX. The Sheriff before whom such enquiry shall be held, shall give judgment for the purchase money or compensation as recorded. The verdict and judgment shall be signed by the Sheriff, and being so signed shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace among the records of the General or Quarter Sessions of the said Town of Madras, and such verdicts and judgments shall be deemed records, and the same or true copies thereof shall be good evidence in all Courts and elsewhere; and all persons may inspect the said verdicts and judgments, and may have copies thereof, or extracts therefrom, on paying for each inspection thereof eight annas, and for every one hundred words copied or extracted therefrom four annas, which copies or extracts the Clerk of the Peace is hereby required to make out, and to sign and certify the same to be true copies.

XXI. On every such enquiry before a Jury, where the verdict of the Jury shall be given for a greater sum than the sum previously offered by the said Justices, all the costs of such enquiry shall be borne by the said Justices, but if the verdict of the Jury be given for the same, or a less sum than the sum previously offered by the said Justices, or if the owner of the lands, being resident within the said Presidency, shall have failed to appear at the time and place appointed for the enquiry, having received due notice thereof, one-half of the costs of summoning, empannelling, and returning the Jury, and of taking the enquiry, and recording the verdict and judgment thereon, in case such verdict shall be taken, shall be defrayed by the owner of the lands, and the other half by the said Justices, and each party shall bear his own costs, other than as aforesaid, incident to such enquiry.

XXII. The costs of any such enquiry shall, in case of difference, be settled by the Taxing Officer of the said Supreme Court at Madras, on an order of the same Court, to be obtained on petition in a summary way, on application of either party, and such costs shall include all reasonable costs, charges, and expenses incurred in summoning, empannelling, and returning the Jury, taking the enquiry, the attendance of witnesses, the employment of Counsel and Attornies, recording the verdict and judgment thereon, and otherwise incident to such enquiry.

XXIII. In all cases when money shall be paid or required to be paid by the said Justices to any person, as a compensation, or in respect of costs under this Act, the same shall be paid by the said Justices out of the assessment fund, and the said money paid as a compensation as aforesaid, shall be subject to the same use or uses, and the same charges, liens, or incumbrances in all respects, as the interest or property for which such compensation shall be paid were subject at the time of the payment thereof.

XXIV. If any such costs shall be payable by the said Justices, and if within seven days after demand such costs be not paid to the party entitled to receive the same, such party may

Jury to be empannelled.

Sheriff to preside; Witnesses to be summoned.

Penalty on Sheriff and Jury for default.

Penalty on Witnesses making default.

Sums to be paid for purchase of lands and for damage, to be assessed separately.

Verdict and judgment to be recorded.

Costs of the enquiry how to be borne.

Particulars of the costs.

Out of what fund Justices to pay compensation and costs.

Payment of costs.

apply to any Judge of the said Supreme Court for an order directed to the said Justices, and requiring them to pay the said costs out of the assessment fund, and any Judge of the said Supreme Court shall issue such order accordingly, and in default of payment, the said costs shall be recoverable by distress of the goods and chattels of the said Justices, or any one of them, and any Judge of the said Supreme Court may issue his warrant of distress accordingly; and if any such costs shall be payable by the owner of the lands, or of any interest therein, the same may be deducted and retained by the said Justices out of any money awarded by the Jury to such owner, and the payment or deposit of the remainder, if any, of such money, shall be deemed payment and satisfaction of the whole thereof, or if such costs shall exceed the amount of the money so awarded or determined, the excess shall be recoverable by distress, and the said Justices shall issue their warrant accordingly.

XXV. The said Sheriff shall be allowed for every Sheriff's fees. warrant to his bailiff for summoning every Jury, ten rupees and no more, and for every return of a Jury four rupees and no more, and for attending the said Jury, or the empannelling thereof, fifteen rupees and no more, and such fees shall be paid as hereinbefore provided.

XXVI. The purchase money or compensation to be paid for any lands to be purchased or taken by the said Justices from any party who, by reason of absence from the said Presidency, is prevented from treating, or who cannot, after diligent enquiry, be found, and the compensation to be paid for any permanent injury to such lands, shall be such as shall be determined by the valuation of such able practical Surveyor as two Justices shall nominate for that purpose, as hereinafter mentioned.

XXVII. The said two Justices, upon such proof as shall be satisfactory to them that any Two Justices to nominate a such party is, by reason of absence from treating, or cannot, after diligent enquiry, be found, after due notice to him for that purpose, shall, by writing under their hands, nominate an able practical Surveyor, not being the Surveyor of the said Justices, for determining such compensation as aforesaid, and such Surveyor shall determine the same accordingly, and shall annex to his valuation a declaration in writing, subscribed by him, of the correctness thereof.

XXVIII. Before such Surveyor shall enter upon the duty of making such valuation as Declaration to be made by the Surveyor. such Justices, or one of them, make and subscribe the declaration following at the foot of such nomination (that is to say),

" I, A. B., do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I will faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my skill and ability, execute the duty of making the valuation hereby referred to me.

" A. B.

" Made and subscribed in the presence of ."

And if any Surveyor shall corruptly make such declaration, or having made such declaration shall wilfully act contrary thereto, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

XXIX. The said nomination and declaration shall be annexed to the valuation to be made by such Surveyor, and shall be preserved together therewith by the said Justices, and they shall at all times produce the said valuation and other documents, on demand, to the owner of the lands comprised in such valuation, and to all other parties interested therein.

XXX. All the expenses of and incident to every such valuation shall be borne by the said Justices out of the assessment fund.

XXXI. In estimating the purchase money or compensation to be paid by the said Justices, in any of the cases aforesaid, regard shall be had by the Justices, or Surveyor, as the case may be, not only to the value of the land to be purchased or taken by the said Justices, but also to the damage, if any, to be sustained by the owner of the lands, by reason of the severing of the lands taken from the other lands of such owner, or otherwise injuriously affecting such other lands by the exercise of the powers of this Act.

XXXII. If the purchase money or compensation which shall be payable in respect of any land or any interest therein purchased or taken by the said Justices from any corporation, tenant for life or in tail, married woman seised in her own right or entitled to dower, guardian, committee of lunatic or idiot, trustee, executor or administrator, or person having a partial or qualified interest only in such lands, and not entitled to sell or convey the same except under the provisions of this Act, or if conflicting claims are set up to such money or compensation, the same shall be paid to the Sub-Treasurer of the Government of Fort St. George, with the privity of the Accountant General of the said Presidency, to be placed to the account there of such Accountant General *ex-parte* the said Justices; and such monies shall remain so deposited until the same, under some decree or order of the said Supreme Court of Madras, be ordered to be paid or otherwise applied to, or for the benefit of the parties entitled thereto; and the receipt of the said Accountant General shall be a sufficient discharge to the said Justices for the monies so paid by them as aforesaid.

XXXIII. Such money may be so applied as aforesaid upon an order of the said Supreme Court of Madras, made on the petition of the party who would have been entitled to the rents and profits of the lands, in respect of which such money shall have been deposited; and until the money can be so applied, it may, upon the like order, be invested by the said Accountant General, in the purchase of Government or real securities, and the interest, dividends, and annual proceeds thereof, may be paid to the party who would for the time being have been entitled to the rents and profits of the lands.

XXXIV. All sums of money which may be payable by the said Justices in respect of the taking, using, or interfering with any lands under a contract or agreement with any person who shall not be entitled to dispose of such lands, or of the interest therein contracted to be sold by him, absolutely for his own benefit, shall be paid to the said Sub-Treasurer, with the privity of the said Accountant General, in manner aforesaid, and it shall not be lawful for any contracting party, not entitled as aforesaid to retain to his own use any portion of the sums so agreed or contracted to be paid for, or in respect of the taking, using, or interfering with any such lands, but all such monies shall be deemed to have been contracted to be paid for and on account of the several parties interested in such lands, as well in possession as in remainder, reversion, or expectancy; provided always, that it shall be in the discretion of the said Supreme Court to allot to any tenant for life, or for any other partial or qualified estate, for his own use, a portion of the sum so paid to the Sub-Treasurer as aforesaid, as compensation for any injury, inconvenience, or annoyance which he may be considered to sustain, independently of the actual value of the lands to be taken, and of the damage occasioned to the lands held therewith, by reason of the taking of such lands, and the making of the works.

XXXV. Where any purchase money or compensation paid to the Sub-Treasurer as aforesaid, under the provisions of this Act,

Supreme Court may direct appli-

cession of money in respect of leases or reversions as they may think just. shall have been paid in respect of any lease for a life or lives or years, or for a life or lives and years, or any estate in lands less than the whole fee simple thereof, or of any reversion dependent on any such lease or estate, it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court of Madras, on the petition of any party interested in such money, to order that the same shall be laid out, invested, accumulated, and paid in such manner as the said Court may consider will give to the parties interested in such money the same benefit therefrom as they might lawfully have had from the lease, estate, or reversion in respect of which such money shall have been paid, or as near thereto as may be.

XXXVI. Upon deposit with the Sub-Treasurer, in manner hereinbefore provided, of the purchase money or compensation agreed or awarded to be paid in respect of any lands purchased or taken by the said Justices under the provisions of this Act, the owner of such lands, including in such term all parties by this Act enabled to sell or convey lands, shall, when required so to do by the said Justices, duly convey such lands to the said Justices, or as they shall direct; and in default thereof, or if he fail to adduce a good title to such lands to their satisfaction, it shall be lawful for the said Justices, if they think fit, to execute a deed poll, under the hands and seals of the said Justices, or any two of them, containing a description of the lands in respect of which such default shall be made, and reciting the purchase or taking thereof by the said Justices, and the names of the parties from whom the same were purchased or taken, and the deposit made in respect thereof, and declaring the fact of such default having been made, and thereupon all the estate and interest in such lands of or capable of being sold and conveyed by the party between whom and the said Justices such agreement shall have been made, or as between whom and the said Justices such purchase money or compensation shall have been determined by a Jury, or by a Surveyor appointed by two Justices as herein provided, and shall have been deposited as aforesaid, shall vest absolutely in the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said Town and limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act, and as against such parties, and all parties on behalf of whom they are hereinbefore enabled to sell and convey, the said Justices shall be entitled to immediate possession of such lands.

XXXVII. If the owner of any such lands purchased or taken by the said Justices, or of any interest therein, on tender of the purchase money or compensation either agreed or awarded to be paid in respect thereof, refuse to accept the same, or neglect or fail to make out a title to such lands, or to the interest therein claimed by him, to the satisfaction of the said Justices, or if he refuse to convey or release such lands, as directed by the said Justices, or if any such owner be absent from the Presidency, or cannot, after diligent enquiry, be found, or fail to appear on the enquiry before a Jury, as herein provided for, it shall be lawful for the said Justices to deposit the purchase money or compensation payable in respect of such lands, or any interest therein, with the Sub-Treasurer, in the name and with the priority of the Accountant General of the said Presidency, to be placed to his account there, to the credit of the parties interested in such lands (describing them so far as the said Justices can do) subject to the control and disposition of the said Supreme Court.

XXXVIII. Upon any such deposit of money as last aforesaid being made, the said Sub-Treasurer shall give to the said Justices, or to the party paying in such money by their direction, a receipt for such money, specifying therein for what and for whose use (described as aforesaid)

the same shall have been received, and in respect of what purpose the same shall have been paid in; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices, if they think fit, to execute a deed poll, under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, containing a description of the lands in respect whereof such deposit shall have been made, and declaring the circumstances under which, and the names of the parties to whose credit such deposit shall have been made, and thereupon all the estate and interest in such lands of the parties for whose use and in respect whereof such purchase money or compensation shall have been deposited, shall vest absolutely in the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said Town and limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act, and as against such parties they shall be entitled to immediate possession of such lands.

XXXIX. Upon the application by petition of any party making claim to the money so deposited as last aforesaid, or any part thereof, or to the lands in respect whereof the same shall have been so deposited, or any part of such lands, or any interest in the same, the said Supreme Court may, in a summary way, as to such Court shall seem fit, order such money to be laid out, or invested, or may order distribution thereof, or payment of the dividends thereof, according to the respective estates, titles, or interests of the parties making claim to such money or lands, or any part thereof, and may make such other order in the premises as to such Court shall seem fit.

XL. If any question arise respecting the title to the lands in respect whereof such monies shall have been so paid or deposited as aforesaid, the parties respectively in possession of such lands, as being the owners thereof, or in receipt of the rents of such lands, as being entitled thereto at the time of such lands being purchased or taken, shall be deemed to have been lawfully entitled to such lands, until the contrary be shown to the satisfaction of the said Supreme Court; and unless the contrary be shown as aforesaid, the parties so in possession, and all parties claiming under them, or consistently with their possession, shall be deemed entitled to the money so deposited, and to the dividends or interest of the securities purchased therewith, and the same shall be paid and applied accordingly.

XLI. In all cases of monies deposited with the Sub-Treasurer under the provisions of this Act (except where such monies shall have been so deposited by reason of the wilful refusal of any party entitled thereto to receive the same, or to convey or release the lands in respect whereof the same shall be payable, or by reason of the wilful neglect of any party to make out a good title to the land required), it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court to order the costs of the following matters, including therein all reasonable charges and expenses incident thereto, to be paid by the said Justices (that is to say,) the costs of the purchase or taking of the lands, or which shall have been incurred in consequence thereof, other than such costs as are herein otherwise provided for, and the costs of the investment of such monies in Government or real securities, and also the costs of obtaining the proper orders for any of the purposes aforesaid, and of the orders for the payment of the dividends and interest of the securities upon which such monies shall be invested, and for the payment out of Court of the principal of such monies, or of the securities whereon the same shall be invested, and of all proceedings relating thereto, except such as are occasioned by litigation between adverse claimants.

XLI. Conveyances of lands to be purchased under the provisions of this Act, may be according to the form in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will admit, or by deed in any other form which the said Justices may think fit, and all conveyances made according to the form in the

said Schedule, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will admit, shall be effectual to vest the lands thereby conveyed in the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said Town and limits upon trust for the purposes of this Act, and shall operate to merge all terms of years attendant by express declaration, or by construction of law on the estate or interest so thereby conveyed, and to bar, and to destroy all such estates tail, and all other estates, rights, titles, remainders, reversions, limitations, trusts, and interests whatsoever, of and in the lands comprised in such conveyances, which shall have been purchased or compensated for by the consideration therein mentioned; but although terms of years be thereby merged, they shall in equity afford the same protection as if they had been kept on foot, and assigned to a trustee for the said Justices to attend the reversion and inheritance.

XLIII. The costs of all such conveyances shall be borne by the said Justices, and such costs shall include all charges and expenses incurred, on the part as well of the seller as of the purchaser, of all conveyances and assurances of any such lands, and of any outstanding terms or interests therein, and of deducing, evidencing, and verifying the title to such lands, terms, or interests, and of making out and furnishing such abstracts and attested copies as the said Justices may require, and all other reasonable expenses incident to the investigation, deduction, and verification of such title.

XLIV. If the said Justices and the party entitled to any such costs shall not agree as to the amount thereof, such costs shall be taxed by the taxing Officer of the said Supreme Court, upon an order of the same Court, to be obtained on petition in a summary way by either of the parties; and the said Justices shall pay what the said taxing Officer shall certify to be due in respect of such costs to the party entitled thereto, or in default thereof the same may be recovered in the same way as any other costs payable under an order of the said Court, or the same may be recovered by distress, in the manner hereinbefore provided in other cases of costs; and the expense of taxing such costs shall be borne by the said Justices, unless upon such taxation, one-sixth part of the amount of such costs shall be disallowed, in which case the costs of such taxation shall be borne by the party whose costs shall be so taxed, and the amount thereof shall be ascertained by the said taxing Officer, and deducted by him accordingly in his certificate of such taxation.

XLV. No party shall at any time be required to sell or convey to the said Justices a part only of any house or other building, if such party be willing and able to sell and convey the whole thereof.

XLVI. It shall be lawful for the said Justices to purchase or redeem the interest of the mortgagee of any such lands which may be required for the purposes of this Act, and that whether they shall have previously purchased the equity of redemption of such lands or not, and whether the mortgagee thereof be entitled thereto in his own right, or in trust for any other party, and whether he be in possession of such lands by the virtue of such mortgage or not, and whether such mortgage affect such lands solely or jointly with any other lands not required for the purposes of this Act, and in order thereto, the said Justices may pay or tender to such mortgagee the principal and interest due on such mortgage, together with his costs and charges, if any, and also six months' additional interest, and thereupon such mortgagee shall immediately convey his interest in the lands comprised in such mortgage to the said Justices, or as they shall direct, or the said Justices may give notice in writing to such mortgagee that they will pay off the principal and interest due on such mortgage at the end of six months, computed from the day of giving such notice; and if they shall have given any

such notice, or if the party entitled to the equity of redemption of any such lands shall have given six months' notice of his intention to redeem the same, then, at the expiration of either of such notices, or at any intermediate period, upon payment or tender by the said Justices to the mortgagee of the principal money due on such mortgage, and the interest which would become due at the end of six months from the time of giving either of such notices, together with his costs and expenses, if any, such mortgagee shall convey or lease his interest in the lands comprised in such mortgage to the said Justices of the Peace acting within and for the said Town and limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act.

XLVII. If in either of the cases aforesaid, upon such payment or tender, any mortgagee shall fail to convey or release his interest in such mortgage as directed by the said Justices, or if he fail to ad-
Deposit of mortgage money on refusal to accept. duce a good title thereto, to their satisfaction, then it shall be lawful for the said Justices to deposit with the said Sub-Treasurer, in the manner provided by this Act in like cases, the principal and interest, together with the costs, if any, due on such mortgage, and also if such payment be made before the expiration of six months' notice as aforesaid, such further interest as would at that time become due; and it shall be lawful for them, if they think fit, to execute a deed poll, duly stamped in the manner hereinbefore provided, in the case of the purchase of lands by them; and thereupon, as well as upon such conveyance by the mortgagee, if any such be made, all the estate and interest of such mortgagee, and of all persons in trust for him, or for whom he may be a trustee, in such lands, shall vest in the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said town and limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act, and they shall be entitled to immediate possession thereof, in case such mortgagee were himself entitled to such possession.

XLVIII. If any such mortgaged lands shall be of less value than the principal, interest, and costs secured thereon, the value of such lands, or the compensation to be made by the said Justices in respect thereof, shall be settled by agreement between the mortgagee of such lands and the party entitled to the equity of redemption thereof on the one part, and the said Justices on the other part, and if the parties aforesaid fail to agree respecting the amount of such value or compensation, the same shall be determined as in other cases of disputed compensation; and the amount of such value or compensation, being so agreed upon or determined, shall be paid by the said Justices to the mortgagee, in satisfaction of his mortgage debt, so far as the same will extend, and upon payment or tender thereof, the mortgagee shall convey or release all his interest in such mortgaged lands to the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said town and limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act.

XLIX. If, upon such payment or tender as aforesaid being made, any such mortgagee fail to convey his interest in such mortgage, or to adduce a good title thereto to the satisfaction of the said Justices, it shall be lawful for them to deposit the amount of such value or compensation with the Sub-Treasurer, in the manner provided by this Act in like cases, and every such payment or deposit shall be accepted by the mortgagee in satisfaction of his mortgage debt, so far as the same will extend, and shall be a full discharge of such mortgaged lands from all money due thereon; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices, if they think fit, to execute a deed poll, duly stamped, in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of the purchase of lands by them; and thereupon such lands, as to all such estate and interest as were then vested in the mortgagee, or any person in trust for him, shall become absolutely vested in the said Justices from time to time acting

within and for the said limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act, and they shall be entitled to immediate possession thereof, in case such mortgagee were himself entitled to such possession; nevertheless, all rights and remedies possessed by the mortgagee against the mortgagor, by virtue of any bond or covenant, or other obligation, other than the right to such lands, shall remain in force in respect of so much of the mortgage debt as shall not have been satisfied by such payment or deposit.

L. If a part only of any such mortgaged lands be required for the purposes of this Act, and if the part so required be of less value than the principal money interest, and costs secured on such lands, and the mortgagee shall not consider the remaining part of such lands a sufficient security for the money charged thereon, or be not willing to release the part so required, then the value of such part, and also the compensation (if any) to be paid in respect of the severance thereof or otherwise shall be settled by agreement, between the mortgagee and the party entitled to the equity of redemption of such land on the one part, and the said Justices on the other; and if the parties aforesaid fail to agree respecting the amount of such value or compensation, the same shall be determined as in other cases of disputed compensation, and the amount of such value or compensation, being so agreed upon or determined, shall be paid by the said Justices to such mortgagee in satisfaction of his mortgage debt, so far as the same will extend, and thereupon such mortgagee shall convey or release to the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said town and limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act, all his interest in such mortgaged lands, the value whereof shall have been so paid, and a memorandum of what shall have been so paid shall be endorsed on the deed creating such mortgage, and shall be signed by the mortgagee, and a copy of such memorandum shall at the same time (if required) be furnished by the said Justices, at their expense, to the party entitled to the equity of redemption of the lands comprised in such mortgage deed.

LI. If, upon payment or tender to any such mortgagee of the amount of the value, or compensation so agreed upon or determined, such mortgagee shall fail to convey or release to the said Justices, or as they shall direct, his interest in the lands in respect of which such compensation shall so have been paid or tendered, or if he shall fail to adduce a good title thereto, to the satisfaction of the said Justices, it shall be lawful for the said Justices to pay the amount of such value or compensation to the Sub-Treasurer, in the manner provided by this Act in the case of monies required to be deposited with such Sub-Treasurer as aforesaid, and such payment or deposit shall be accepted by such mortgagee in satisfaction of his mortgage debt, so far as the same will extend, and shall be a full discharge of the portion of the mortgaged lands so required from all money due thereon; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices, if they think fit, to execute a deed poll, duly stamped in the manner hereinbefore provided, in the case of the purchase of lands by them, and thereupon such lands shall become absolutely vested in the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said town and limits, upon trust for the purposes of this Act, as to all such estate and interest as were then vested in the mortgagee, or any person in trust for him, and in case such mortgagee were himself entitled to such possession they shall be entitled to immediate possession thereof; nevertheless every such mortgagee shall have the same powers and remedies for recovering or compelling payment of the mortgage money, or the residue thereof (as the case may be) and the interest thereof respectively, upon and out of the residue of such mortgaged lands, or the portion thereof not required for the purposes of this Act, as he would otherwise have had or been entitled to for recovering or com-

pellling payment thereof, upon or out of the whole of the lands originally comprised in such mortgage.

LII. Provided always that in any of the cases hereinbefore provided with respect to lands subject to mortgage, if in the mortgage deed a time shall have been limited for payment of the principal money thereby secured, and under the provisions hereinbefore contained the mortgagee shall have been required to accept payment of his mortgage money, or of part thereof, at a time earlier than the time so limited, the said Justices shall pay to such mortgagee, in addition to the sum which shall have been so paid off, all such costs and expenses as shall be incurred by such mortgagee in respect of, or which shall be incidental to, the re-investment of the sum so paid off, such costs, in case of difference, to be taxed, and payment thereof enforced, in the manner herein provided with respect to the costs of conveyances; and if the rate of interest secured by such mortgage be higher than at the time of the same being so paid off can reasonably be expected to be obtained on re-investing the same, regard being had to the then current rate of interest, such mortgagee shall be entitled to receive from the said Justices, in addition to the principal and interest hereinbefore provided for, compensation in respect of the loss to be sustained by him by reason of his mortgage money being so prematurely paid off, the amount of such compensation to be ascertained in case of difference as in other cases of disputed compensation; and until payment or tender of such compensation as aforesaid, the said Justices shall not be entitled as against such mortgagee to possession of the mortgaged lands under the provision hereinbefore contained.

LIII. If any lands shall be comprised in a lease for a term of years unexpired, part only of which lands shall be required for the purposes of this Act, the rent payable in respect of the lands comprised in such lease shall be apportioned between the lands so required and the residue of such lands; and such apportionment may be settled by agreement between the lessor and lessee of such lands on the one part, and the said Justices on the other part, and if such apportionment be not so settled by agreement between the parties, such apportionment shall be settled by any Judge of the said Supreme Court, and after such apportionment the lessee of such lands shall, as to all future accruing rent, be liable only to so much of the rent as shall be so apportioned in respect of the lands not required for the purposes of this Act, and as to the lands not so required, and as against the lessee, the lessor shall have all the same rights and remedies for the recovery of such portion of rent as, previously to such apportionment, he had for the recovery of the whole rent reserved by such lease, and all the covenants, conditions, and agreements of such lease, except as to the amount of rent to be paid, shall remain in force with regard to that part of the land which shall not be required for the purposes of this Act, in the same manner as they would have done in case such part only of the land had been included in the lease.

LIV. Every such lessee as last aforesaid shall be entitled to receive from the said Justices compensation for the damage done to him in his tenancy by reason of the severance of the lands required from those not required, or otherwise by reason of the execution of the works.

LV. If any such lands shall be in the possession of any person having no greater interest therein than as tenant for a year or from year to year, and if such person be required to give up possession of any lands so occupied by him before the expiration of his term or interest therein, he shall be entitled to compensation for the value of his unexpired term or interest in such lands, and for any just allowance which ought to be made to him by an in-coming tenant, and for any

loss or injury he may sustain ; or if a part only of such lands be required, compensation for the damage done to him in his tenancy, by severing the lands held by him, or otherwise injuriously affecting the same, and the amount of such compensation shall be determined by any Judge of the said Supreme Court, in case the parties differ about the same ; and upon payment or tender of the amount of such compensation, all such persons shall respectively deliver up to the said Justices, or to the person appointed by them to take possession thereof, any such lands in their possession required for the purposes of this Act.

LVI. If any party having a greater interest than as tenant at will, claim compensation in respect of any unexpired term or interest under any lease or grant of any such lands, the said Justices may require such party to produce the lease or grant in respect of which such claim shall be made, or the best evidence thereof in his power ; and if after demand made in writing by the said Justices, such lease or grant, or such best evidence thereof, be not produced within twenty-one days, the party so claiming compensation shall be considered as a tenant holding only from year to year, and be entitled to compensation accordingly.

LVII. The powers and authority by the preceding Sections of this Act given or reserved to the Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within and for the said Town and limits, and the trusts respectively reposed in them as aforesaid, shall be exercised and performed by all the said Justices, or the major part of them, for the time being, acting as aforesaid in sessions assembled, unless the contrary shall be expressly provided by any of such Sections ; and the said Justices shall have a common seal, and shall sue and be sued at law and in equity by the name of the Justices of the Peace acting within and for the Town and local limits of Madras, and the lands purchased and taken under the provisions of this Act shall be held by the said Justices from time to time acting as aforesaid upon trust for the improvement of the said Town and limits, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, and for no other purpose whatever.

LVIII. The said Justices, or any two of them, or their Surveyor, shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner or occupier of any building or land within the said Town and limits from which any gallery, balcony, roof, weather frame, spout, gutter, or other thing shall in future be made, which shall overhang or jut into, or in any way project or encroach upon any public road, street, or other thoroughfare, that he do take down, remove, alter, or regulate the same, in such manner as the said Justices, or their said Surveyor, shall, by the said notice, require, and in case such owner or occupier shall refuse or neglect so to do for the space of fifteen days next after such notice shall have been given to him, the person or persons disobeying such notice shall be punishable on conviction before any two of the said Justices by fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees ; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices, or their Surveyor, to enter any lands or buildings for the purpose of taking down or removing, or causing to be taken down and removed, any such gallery, balcony, roof, weather frame, spout, gutter, or other thing, projecting, overhanging, or encroaching as aforesaid, and to remove or take down the same, or cause the same to be removed or taken down, and to sell and dispose of the materials thereof in like manner as is hereinafter directed concerning the taking down of ruinous buildings ; provided always, that the person or persons to whom such notice shall be given, may, within fourteen days after the receipt thereof, appeal therefrom to the said Justices, or the major part of them, assembled at the General Quarter Sessions, who shall have power to quash, alter, or confirm the same, and to make such order with respect to

the costs thereof as to them shall seem just ; provided also, that tiled roofs or weather frames of at least twelve feet high, above the surface of any public road, street, or other thoroughfare, may be projected to the extent of two feet over the same.

LIX. It shall be lawful for the said Justices, or their Surveyor, with the approbation of the said Justices, so assembled as aforesaid, to give permission in writing to the owner or occupiers of buildings in public thoroughfares, twenty-five feet in width and upwards, and of buildings in exposed situations, within the said Town and limits, to project tiled roofs or weather frames from the upper stories of their houses, to the extent of three feet beyond their foundation, or over any public road, street, or other thoroughfare.

LX. Where any scaffolding shall be used in or near any public road, street, or other thoroughfare, in building, repairing, or altering any house or building within the said Town and limits, it shall be lawful for any two of the said Justices, or their Surveyor, if they or he shall think fit so to do, to give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of such house or building, or other person directing the works, to cause such scaffolding to be masked or covered on the outside thereof so as to prevent anything falling therefrom to the injury of persons passing below, and if the owner, occupier, or other person as aforesaid, shall neglect to obey such notice, within a reasonable time after receiving the same, such offender shall be punishable on conviction before the said Justices, or the major part of them assembled at the General Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, by fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

LXI. The tiles of roofs within the said Town and limits shall be properly secured, so as to prevent their falling, to the injury of passengers, on any public road, street, or other thoroughfare, and the owner or occupier of any house the tiles of which are not so secured, shall, if he neglect to secure the same within one week after having received notice so to do from any two of the said Justices, or their Surveyor, be punishable on conviction before such Justices, or the major part of them assembled at their General Quarter Sessions, by fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

LXII. It shall be lawful for any two of the said Justices, or their Surveyor, to give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any house or building within the said town and limits, from which water may fall on any public road or ground, to put up such gutters, pipes, or channels for catching and conveying the water elsewhere, as may be necessary, and on non-compliance with such notice within one week from the time of receiving the same, the offender shall be punishable before such Justices, or the major part of them, assembled at the General Quarter Sessions, by fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

LXIII. When any building or wall, or any part thereof, at or near any public road, street, or other thoroughfare, in any part of the said Town and limits, shall be considered by the said Justices or their Surveyor to be in a ruinous condition, and dangerous to passengers, or to the occupiers of the neighbouring buildings, it shall be lawful for the said Justices, or their Surveyor, to cause a sufficient boarding or protection to be put up for the safety of all passengers, and the said Surveyor shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner and occupier of the said building or wall, if they or either of them be known and resident within the said limits, and if not, cause a notice to be affixed to the door or other exposed part of such building or wall, requiring such owner or occupier to repair or pull down the same within fourteen days from the date of such notice ; and if such occupier or owner do not begin to repair or take down the same within such term of four-

teen days, and complete the same as soon as the case will admit, it shall be lawful for the Surveyor to the said Justices to cause such building, or so much thereof as may be ruinous, to be taken down, and removed, or repaired, rebuilt, or otherwise secured, in such manner as shall be requisite, and to sell and dispose of the materials thereof, and by and out of the monies arising by the sale thereof to reimburse himself and all persons by him employed for the purpose, all the charges of putting up such boarding, and of taking down and removing such building, and of selling the said materials as aforesaid; and the surplus of such monies, if any, shall be paid to the owner of such house or building, upon personal demand thereof made by such owner; and if no such demand be made, then to the said Justices, for the benefit of the person or persons entitled thereto; and if no demand shall be made to the said Justices for the money so paid in or before the expiration of twelve months from the receipt thereof by the said Justices, the same shall be added to and become part of the said assessment fund.

LXIV. Whenever the money produced by any sale to be made by the Surveyor to the said Justices under this Act shall be deficient to cover the expenses of the said Surveyor, and the persons employed by him, then the said Justices shall pay such deficiency to the said Surveyor out of the said assessment fund, and shall have power to levy and raise the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, as hereinafter is provided.

LXV. In case any part of the land constituting the public streets or roads, or other thoroughfares within the said town and limits shall become useless and unnecessary for the purpose of a public highway, it shall be lawful for the said Governor in Council to direct the Collector of Madras to take possession thereof for the use of the Honorable the East India Company, and the said Collector shall take possession thereof accordingly.

LXVI. Every Head Builder, Master Carpenter, Master Mason, or labourer, who shall, in erecting, rebuilding, or repairing, altering, or adding to any building within the said town and limits, knowingly offend against the provisions of this Act, shall be punishable, on conviction before such Justices, or the major part of them assembled at the General Quarter Sessions, by fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

LXVII. The amount of all fines and penalties, and costs in the nature of fines and penalties, that may be incurred and payable under this Act, shall be levied by Warrant under the hands and seals of two or more of the said Justices so assembled, and when received shall be added to and form part of the said assessment fund; and if on such distress property belonging to such offenders sufficient to make good the penalty be not found, such offender shall or may be committed by Warrant under the hands and seals of two or more of the said Justices so assembled, to the house of correction, with or without hard labour, at the discretion of the said Justices, for any time not exceeding three months, unless the said penalty be sooner paid.

LXVIII. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall the party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in any proceedings relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards done by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover for the special damage only by action on the case, and not by any other action whatever.

LXIX. If any party shall have committed any irregularity, trespass, or other wrongful proceeding in the execution of this Act, or by virtue of any power or authority thereby given, if before action brought in respect thereof such party tender sufficient amends to the party injured, such last mentioned party shall not recover in any such action, and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action, by the leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into Court such sum of money as he shall see fit; thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other actions when the defendant is allowed to pay money into Court.

LXX. No action or suit shall be commenced against any person or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act until twenty-one days after notice in writing of an intention to bring such action or suit has been given to the person or persons against whom such action or suit shall be brought, nor after the expiration of three calendar months next after the act committed, and the defendant in every such action or suit may plead the general issue, and give this Act and any special matter in evidence at the trial, and that the matter or thing for which such action or suit is brought was done in pursuance and by the authority of this Act, and if the said matter or thing appear to have been so done, or if it shall appear that such action or suit was brought before the expiration of twenty-one days after such notice was given as aforesaid, or that sufficient satisfaction was made or tendered before such action was brought, or if any such action or suit be not commenced within the time herein for that purpose limited, then the Court, in every such action or suit, shall find for the defendant therein, and if a verdict be found for the defendant, or if the plaintiff in any such action or suit become non-suited, or discontinue, or suffer a discontinuance of any such action or suit, or if in any such action or suit judgment be given for the defendant therein on demurrer, or by default or otherwise, then, and in any of the cases aforesaid, the defendant shall have judgment to recover double costs of suit, and shall have such remedy for recovering the same as any defendant may have by law for costs in other cases.

LXXI. The following terms and expressions wherever used in this Act shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something either in the subject or context repugnant to such construction; that is to say—

Words importing the singular number only, shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number only, shall include the singular number.

Words importing the masculine gender only, shall include females.

The word "month" shall mean calendar month.

The word "lands" shall extend to lands, tenements, and hereditaments of any tenure, and also messuages and other erections, and buildings thereupon.

The word "lease" shall include an agreement for a lease.

The word "oath" shall include affirmation in the case of Quakers or Hindoos, or other declaration or solemnity lawfully substituted for an oath, in the case of any other persons exempted by law from the necessity of taking an oath.

The words "Assessment Fund" shall mean the monies received by the said Justices by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or of the Legislative Council of India, whereby the said Justices are authorized and empowered to make, raise, and levy an Assessment or Assessments on the owners or occupiers of Houses, Buildings, and Grounds in the said Town and limits.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Form of Conveyance.

I of in consideration of the sum of paid to me (or as the case may be to the Sub-Treasurer in the name and with the privity of the Accountant General of the said Presidency ex-parte "The said Justices of the Peace acting within and for the Town and limits of Madras") pursuant to the Act (here name this Act) do hereby convey to the said Justices of the Peace from time to time acting within the said Town and limits all (describing the premises to be conveyed) together with all ways, rights, and appurtenances thereto belonging, and all such estate, right, title, and interest in and to the same as I am or shall become seised or possessed of, or am by the said Act empowered to convey, to hold the premises to the said Justices from time to time acting within and for the said Town and limits for ever upon trust for the purposes of the said Act, according to the true intent and meaning thereof. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, the day of in the Year of our Lord

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered, that the said Draft be reconsidered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 5th day of March next.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, Bombay, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the eleventh year of Victoria, Chapter XXI:—

Chubildass Vullabdass, Hindoo, residing without the Fort of Bombay, filed 29th November 1851.

Frederick Parkinson, an Officer in the Customs Flotilla, European, residing on the Kalbadavie Road, without the Fort of Bombay, filed 19th December 1851.

Hajee Hoossein, formerly a Dealer in Pearls, Mahomedan, lately residing in Moody Khana Street, within the Fort of Bombay, (and now in the Bombay Gaol,) filed 22nd December 1851.

Christopher Marriott, an Ensign in the 8th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, European, lately residing on the Esplanade, without the Fort of Bombay, (and now in the Bombay Gaol,) filed 20th December 1851.

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Insolvents' Petitions, that the real and personal Estates and Effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Clause VII. of the said Act, have been duly made.

Days appointed for Hearing.

Lucas Joseph, 1st Monday in January next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Edgar Whitaker, ditto ditto.

Rustomjee Nowrojee, 3rd Monday in January next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dossoo Hamed, and Fatma, widow of Hamed Noorbhoy, ditto ditto.

Patrick Carbery, ditto ditto.

Lowjee Visram, ditto ditto.

Tarr Succoor and Abba Succoor, ditto ditto.

Jacoob Sajun, Soolamon Jacoob, and Khamisa Jacob, 3rd Monday in January next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Hajee Hoossein, ditto ditto.
Christopher Marriott, ditto ditto.

Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees, at my Office, at least three days before the Hearing. The above-named Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects, in my Office.

Dividends.

Purshotumdass Mohundass, 3rd Monday in January next.

Jewraz Heerjee, ditto ditto.
James Kilner, ditto ditto.

W. DE BLAQUIERE,
Clerk of the Court.

Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort.
Bombay, this 23rd day of December 1851.

નવખલા દેવાદારોની કોરટ નધે.

ખબરહીઆથી આપેઆપે આવે છે નની એ લ મેલા શ મ શે ન આએ હાલ મુખાઇ નધે નાદારો દેનદાર લોકોનાં છુટકા કરનારી કોરટને અરજીઓ આપી છે ન વીકટોરી આનાં અગીઆરને વરથે ધારો પશાર થાએ લો છે તેનાં એકવીશના બાબ પરનાં હિતને દાદને પોઆડવા *

છબીલદાશ વલભદાશ હીનડુ રેહુનાર શ્રી મુ ખાઇનાં કોટખાંહાર તેની તારીખ ૨૯ ની નવંમખર શુંને ૧૮૫૧ ને દાડે દામલ કરી છે *

શેરદરીક પારકીનશુંન કશતંન કૃતીલીલાનો આંક્રીશર અંગરેજ રેહુનાર શ્રી મુખાઇ નાં કોટખાંહાર કાલખાદેવીના રમતા ઊ પર તેની તારીખ ૧૯ ની ડીસેમખર શુંને ૧૮૫૧ ને દાડે દામલ કરી છે *

હાલ હુમેન આગલ મોતીનો વેપારી હતો મુ શલનંન થારાદાડા ઊપર શ્રી મુખાઇનાં કોટ નધે મોદી માંના મો રેહુતો હતો ને હાલ મો શ્રી મુખાઇની તુરંગમો છે તેની તારીખ ૨૨ ની ડીસેમખર શુંને ૧૮૫૧ ને દાડે દામલ કરી છે *

કરશયોદર નારોએત મુખાઇ પેદલ માતા ની ૮ ની રીજ મેનટ નો ઇનચાઇન અંગ રેજ થારા દાડા ઊપર શ્રી મુખાઇના કોટખાંહાર મેદાનમો રેહુતો હતો ને હાલ મો શ્રી મુખાઇની તુરંગમો છે તેની તારીખ ૨૦ ની ડીસેમખર શુંને ૧૮૫૧ ને દાડે દામલ કરી છે *

ઊપર લ મેલા નવખલા દેવાદારોની અરજીઓની બાબતનાં હોર્કેન ય આ છે ન તેના આની પોતાની થાવર તથા માથનીલકત તથા

સીલ વશત છે તે આએ નામદાર કોરટના હાકીશીઆલ આશાએનીના તાએયાના ઊ પર લખેલા ધારાની ૭ ની કલંન પરનાંએ આપવું *

શાંલવવાના ઘાડા ઠરાવેલા.

હુકાશ નાએક્ર ૧ લા શોનવાર આવતા બં નીવારી નહીનાનો ૧૧ કલાકે પેહેલેપા રના *

ઇંડગર વીટેકર ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પરનાંએ * રશતંમજ નવરોનજ ૩ ના શોનવાર આવ તાં બંનીવારી નહીનાનો ૧૧ કલાકે પેહે લેપારનાં *

દોશ્ય હાંમદ તથા કાતમા તે હાંમદ ગુરલાઇ ની વીધવા ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પરનાંએ * પાતરીક કારખીરો ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પર નાંએ *

લવજ વીશરાન ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પરનાં એ* તાર ચકુર તથા આખાચકુર ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પરનાંએ *

બકુચ તથા શાંનં શલેગં બકુચ તથા ખનીયા બકુચ ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પર નાંએ *

હાજ હુશેન ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પરનાંએ * કચશટીકર મારીએટ ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પર નાંએ *

આડા આવનાર લેણાદારોએ પોતાના ઘવા શોગંન નાનાથી શાબુત કરેલાં શાંલવ વાની આગમચ આહાનો આહા ૩ ઘાડા અગાઊ હનારી હાકીશનો ઘખલ કરવા ના ઇંએ ને ઠરાવેલી (કી) એટલે દસગુરી પંણ આપવી તે ઊપર કહેલા નાદારોએ પોત પો તાના દેવાની તથા માલ નીલકતનો ટીપો હનારી હાકીશનો મોધાવી છે *

કાલાની વહેઆન.

પરશેતંનદાશ મોહનદાશ ૩ ના શોનવાર આવતા બંનીવારી નહીનાનો *

જવરાન હીરજ ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પરનાંએ * નેમશ કીલનર ઘાડા ઊપર લખા પરનાંએ * શહી. ડખલીઊ.—ડી.—ખલાકીઅર,

કોરટનો કલારક.

શ્રી મુખાઇનાં કોરટને કોરટના ક લારકની હાકીશનો આનં હંને તારીખ ર ૩ ની ડીશેનચર શંને ૧૮૫૧

(True Translation.)

J. VAUPELL, Chief Translator.

Notice.

Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office, on Monday, the 19th January 1852, at 12 o'clock, for executing by Contract the undermentioned works:—

Reports and Estimates of the quantity of labour and materials to be expended, also the form of Contract to be entered into, will in the mean time remain open for inspection, copies of which may be taken, and any additional information obtained.

A deposit of 2 per cent. will be required from the lowest bidder, to be forfeited in case of any evasion or delay in signing the Deed of Contract.

Works.

- Lot 1st Annual repairs to the Public Buildings occupied by Troops, &c. in Fort George, for 1852.
- ” 2nd Ditto ditto in the Castle do.
- ” 3rd Ditto ditto in Garrison do.
- ” 4th Ditto ditto at Colaba do.
- ” 5th Ditto ditto at Out-posts do.
- ” 6th Ditto ditto on the Esplanade do.
- ” 7th Annual repairs to the Public Buildings in the General Department on Colaba, with the repairs in the Ecclesiastical Department for 1852.
- ” 8th Ditto ditto in the Fort for do. with ditto.
- ” 9th Ditto ditto at Out-posts for do. with ditto.
- ” 10th Ditto ditto on the Esplanade with ditto.
- ” 11th Ditto ditto in the Judicial Department for 1852.
- ” 12th Ditto ditto in the Marine Department or Colaba, for 1852.
- ” 13th Ditto ditto in the Fort do.
- ” 14th Ditto ditto on the Esplanade do.
- ” 15th Ditto ditto at Out-posts do.
- ” 16th Annual repairs to the Buildings in the Territorial Department in the Fort, for 1852.
- ” 17th Ditto ditto on the Esplanade do.
- ” 18th Ditto ditto at Out-posts do.
- ” 19th Ditto ditto to the Government House and Buildings at Parell, for 1852.
- ” 20th Ditto ditto at Malabar Point do.

J. ESTRIDGE, Captain,

Garrison Engineer,

and Civil Architect at the Presidency.

Civil and Military Departments,
Garrison Engineer and Civil Architect's Office,
Bombay, 20th December 1851.

બહરે નામું

એહેવુને નીએ લખેલાં કાંને ઇંબરાથી કરવા વીશેના મુખબ્યાની અરજ તારીખ ૧૯ ની બનેવારી શંને ૧૮૫૨ શોનવારને દીને ખાર વાગતે મુખઇનાં ગારીશંન ઇંનજની અર તથા શીવલ આરકીટેકટની કચેરીનાં શાંલકો લેશે *

રપોટ તથા શાંનાં તથા મનુરી કેટલી લાગશે તેના અનનાએશની ઇંઆદી તથા ઇંબરાના કાગલનો મુશદો દરનીઆંન ના વાશાર ઊધાડો રેહેશે તથા તેની નકલ ના

धनी हुआते तोपण देवा देहे तथा भीष्णु
कां धे पुष्टु हुआते तोपण मालंन थासे *

न शरवथी कभी आकडो बोलसे तोहे दर
शेकडे टका (२) ये परनाणे अवेन आनां
नतराभवा नां धे ते अवेन धंनराणा
कागल ठापर शही करवा आनाकांती अथवा
हील करेथी शरकार धाभल थासे *

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|---------------|
| काट | कांभे | |
| १ | कुगरीकीलानांती शरकारी अमारतनां | |
| | शीपाधे वीगरे रेहुछु ते अमारतानी | |
| | शेने १८५२ नी दर सालनी नरानत* | |
| २ | कीलानांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| ३ | गारीशंननांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| ४ | कुलायानांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| ५ | पार ठेकांणी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| ६ | कांभे ठापरनी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| ७ | कुलायानांती नंनरास डीपारठमेनठ | |
| | नांती तथा अेकलीअेअेशरीकाल डी | |
| | पारठमेनठनांती नरानत* | |
| ८ | कीलानांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| ९ | पार ठेकांणी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १० | कांभे ठापरनी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| ११ | गुडीशीआल | डीपारठमेनठनां |
| | नी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १२ | नरीन डीपारठमेनठनांती अथवा कुला | |
| | यानांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १३ | कीलानांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १४ | कांभे ठापरनी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १५ | पार ठेकांणी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १६ | कीलानांती रेरीटारीआल | डीपारठमे |
| | नठनांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १७ | कांभे ठापरनी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १८ | पार ठेकांणी | अेनंन अेनंन* |
| १९ | परेलनांती शरकारी वाडानी तथा धं | |
| | नारतनी | नरानत |
| २० | वालकुशरनांती | अेनंन अेनंन* |

नीशाणी

नं.—अेशरीडन, कपतान.

मुंयधेना गारीशंन धंनअनीअर त
था शीवील आरकीटेकर*

तारीअ २० नी नाहे डीशंनअर शं
ने १८५१ धंशवी मुा. मुंयधे गारी
शंन धंनअनीअर तथा शीवील आ
रकीटेकरनी कअेरी—शीवील तथा
नीलीरेरी डीपारठमेनठ *

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहीर नामा

रेसाजे खालीं लिहिलेलीं कामे मत्तानी करण्यविधीचे मुख
जबानी अजे तारीख १९ जानेवारी सन १८५२ सोसवारचे
रोजी बारावाजनां मुंबद येथील ग्यारीसन इंजिनियर व सिवील
आर्कीटेक्टचे कचेरीत रं कुन घेतोल.

रपोट व सामान व मजुरी किति लागेल त्याचे आकाराच्या
वादी व मत्तयाचे कागदाचा मसुदा दरम्यान पाह्यावयास उघडा
राहोल व त्याच्या नकला पाहजे असल्यास घेव देतोल व दुसरे
काहीं पुढेणे असल्यास तेंही मालुम चारेंल.

ओ सवाहन कमी बेरीज बोल्ले त्याणे दर ग्रेकडा टके २ प्र
माणे एवज अमानत देवला पाहिजे तो एवज मत्तयाचे खताव
र सही करण्यस टाळाटाळ अथवा विलंब केल्यास सरकार
दाखल चारेंल.

लाट	कामें		
१	डोंगरी कीला येथील सरकारी इमारतींत सीपार वगैरे राहातात त्या इमारतींची सन १८५२ चौदरसा लची	सरासत.	
२	कील्यातोल	किता	किता
३	ग्यारीसन येथील	किता	किता
४	कुलावा येथील	किता	किता
५	वाचेर टोकाणातोल	किता	किता
६	कापावरील	किता	किता
७	कुलावा येथील जनरल डिपार्टमेंटातोल व एकलीजी आसटाकल डिपार्टमेंटातोल	किता	किता
८	कील्यातोल	किता	किता
९	वाचेर टोकाणातोल	किता	किता
१०	कापावरील	किता	किता
११	जुडिशोयल डिपार्टमेंटातोल	किता	किता
१२	सरोन डिपार्टमेंटातोल अथवा कुलावा येथील	किता	किता
१३	कील्यातोल	किता	किता
१४	कापावरील	किता	किता
१५	वाचेर टोकाणातोल	किता	किता
१६	कील्यातोल टेरीटोरोरल डिपार्टमेंटातोल	किता	किता
१७	कापावरील	किता	किता
१८	वाचेर टोकाणातोल	किता	किता
१९	परळयेथील सरकारी वायाची व दुसऱ्यांची	किता	किता
२०	वाळकेश्वर येथील	किता	किता

निशाणी

जे. एलोज. कपतान

मुंबद येथील ग्यारीसन इंजिनियर
व सीवील आर्कीटेक्ट

तारीख २० मार्च डिसेंबर सन १८५१ इसवी सुकाम मुंबई
ग्यारीसन इंजिनियर व सिवील आर्कीटेक्टची कचेरी
सिवील व मोलटरी डिपार्टमेंट.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders for the
Contracts for the exclusive privilege of selling
Arrack and Country Liquor, and Intoxicating
Drugs, (Ganjah, Opium, and Khuskhus), to the
Native Troops and Camp Followers at Aden, the
former for the term of one year and eight months,
commencing from the 1st of June 1852, and the
latter for a period of two years, from 1st February
1852 to 31st January 1854, will be received at
the Office of the Superintendent of Bazars at
this Station, and that of the Commissary General
of the Army in Bombay, at 1 o'clock P.M. on
Thursday, the 22nd January 1852, after which
date and hour none can be received.

No person will be allowed to tender for the
Contract unless he deposits with his offer the sum

of Company's Rupees (1200) one thousand and two hundred for the Liquor, and (200) two hundred for the Drug Contracts, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract; and two unexceptionable Securities will also be required from the highest tenderers, to guarantee their fulfilment of the terms of the respective Contracts.

The Troops composing the Station are as follows, viz:—

- 3 Regiment P. Native L. I.
- E Company 5th Battalion Native Artiller.
- B and F Companies Sappers and Miners.
- Camp Followers attached to Corps and Detachments.

But if it so appears that any portion thereof be withdrawn before the date fixed for the sale of the Contracts, they shall be entered into for those actually present on that date.

No Liquors will on any account be allowed to be sold to any European Soldiers, or Europeans, without a written pass, bearing the signature of the Superintendent of Bazaars.

The conditions of the Contracts shall not be considered binding or in force in any respect until the same are confirmed by the superior Authority.

The person or persons whose Tenders may be accepted will be required, ere entering on the performing of their Contracts, to deposit with the Superintendent of Bazaars the amount of one month's stipulated payment, as his or their personal security for the due execution of the Agreements, this is to be in addition to the monthly payment in advance of the sums tendered for the Contracts.

The Contractor or Contractors will be allowed no drawback on account of scarcity, drought, &c.

The arrival in or departure out of the local limits of the said Command of Details of Troops shall not affect the liability of the said Contractor or Contractors, his or their Executors and Administrators, to perform these Contracts, nor shall such arrival or departure affect the rate to be paid by the said Contractor or Contractors, his or their Executors and Administrators, for the exclusive privilege, save as hereinafter mentioned, viz., that if during the existence of this Contract, Native Troops are located or drawn from the local limits of the said Command, exceeding in strength one-fourth the number of the Native Troops herein before specified, the amount payable by the said Contractor or Contractors, his or their Executors and Administrators, for the said exclusive privilege, shall be increased or decreased, under orders by the Superintendent of Bazaars, to such extent as a Committee of Officers, to be convened and nominated on the part of the Honorable East India Company, shall determine.

Further particulars relative to these Contracts will be made known on application at the Office of the Superintendent of Bazaars at Aden, and that of the Commissary General of the Army at Bombay, from 10 o'clock A. M. until 5 o'clock P. M. daily, Sundays excepted, also at the time of receiving Tenders.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

W. F. GORDON, Lieut.,
Superintendent of Bazaars and Police.

Supt. of Bazaars and Police Office,
Camp, Aden, 17th Nov. 1851.

Notice.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Gun Carriage Manufactory, at Colaba, on Monday and Tuesday, the 5th and 6th proximo, at 12 o'clock (noon), Iron Work, Europe, unused, but of obsolete pattern, Iron Bar Swedish, Iron Hoop, Iron Plate, Sheet Lead, and sundry Tools, and other Articles and Implements, all of good quality, but not required for Gun Carriage Department purposes. A List of the same may be seen in the Agent's Office, and the Stores will be on view from Monday the 29th instant, Sunday and Holiday excepted.

A deposit of 25 per cent. to be paid on every Lot being knocked down, and the same to be removed within eight days from the Sale; and all Lots not cleared away as specified will be resold, at the risk and expense of the first purchaser.

J. GRANT, Major,
Agent for Gun Carriages.

Colaba, Gun Carriage Office,
10th December 1851.

બહાર નાંજી

એહુવુજ વીલાએતી વગરવાપરેહુ જુની તરેહેજુ લોહાકાંમ તથા શવીદીશ લોહાના શ લીઆ તથા લોહાનાપાટા તથા લોહાનાં પતરાં તથા શીશાનાંપતરાં તથા પરચુરંજી હુથીઆરો તથા બીજા શાંનાં તથા હુથી આર એ શરવે શારી બતનાં છુ પણ તોપના ગાડાંના કારખાનાનાં તેકાંમનાં આવતાં ન થી તે તારીખ ૫ તથા ૬ બનેવારી શં ને ૧૮૫૨ શાનવાર તથા મંગલવારને દીને શવારનાં બાર વાગતે કુલાયાનાં તોપના ગાડાંનાં કારખાનાનાં બહાર લીલાંમ કરી ને વેચવાનાં આવશે—જીપર લખેલા શાંનાં ની ઇંઆદ એન્જનટની કચેરીનાં નોવા શા ૩ મલશે તથા રવીવાર તથા તેહેવારના દાહાડા શીવાએ ચાલતા મહીનાંની તારી ૫ ૨૯ ની શાનવારને દીનેથી નોવા શા ૩ મલશે *

દર એક લાટ લીધે એટલે દર શેકડે ૨ કાર ૫ પરનાંજી અવેજ આંનાંમતરા મવે નો ઇંએ તથા વેચાણથી આઠ દીવશની અંદર લાટો કાહાડી લઇજવા નોઇએ તથા જીપર લખા પરનાંજી લાટો કાહાડી મહી લઇએ એ તો ફરીથી વેચવાનાં આવશે તથા તેજુ જુમશન તથા મરચ પહેલા મરોદદારને માથે પડશે *

નોશાણી

ન. ગરાંનટ, મેનર.
તોપનાં ગાડાનો એન્જનટ.

તારીખ ૧૦ ની માહેડીશંમચર શં ને ૧૮૫૧ ઇંશવી શુકાંમ કુલાયા તો પનાં ગાડાની કચેરી *

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL,
Viâ Marseilles.

It is hereby notified for general information, that the regular Monthly Overland Mail, *viâ Marseilles*, will be closed on SATURDAY the 3rd proximo, at 3 o'clock P. M. An after-Packet will be kept open until 5 o'clock P. M., on the usual terms.

Letters *viâ Marseilles* cannot be prepaid. There will be no Mail *viâ Southampton*.
Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 17th December 1851.

Post Office Packets, per H. C. Steamer "AUCKLAND," for KURRACHEE and SCINDE, will be closed on FRIDAY next, the 2nd proximo, at 11 o'clock A. M.

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,
Post Master General.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office,
31st December 1851.

Postal Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that Bhangy Parcels for the undermentioned Stations in the Punjab can now be dispatched from Kurrachee through Scinde to their destinations. Parties wishing to avail themselves of that route will have to prepay Outward Ship Postage from Bombay to Kurrachee:—

Ahmedpore.	Lahore.
Bhawalpore.	Peshawar.
Assim Muttinkote.	Attock.
Dhera Ghazee Khan.	Rawalpindee.
Dhera Ismail Khan.	Bunnoo.
Mooltan.	

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,
Post Master General.

Bombay, General Post Office,
23rd December 1851.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

DISCOUNT.

On Government Bills.....	4 per cent.
On Private Bills at or within 3 Months.....	7 ditto.

INTEREST.

On Fixed Loans on Government Notes.....	5 ditto.
On Cash Credits and Loans on Government Notes.....	6 ditto.
On Loans and deposit of Goods, &c.	7 ditto.

The rate of advance on deposit of 5 per cent. Government Notes is 95 per cent., on 4 per cent. Government Notes, 85 per cent., and on Goods, *three-fourths* the approved value.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

WILLIAM SMYTTAN,
Acting Secy. & Treasurer.

Bombay, 31st July 1851.

OPIUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Tuesday, 30th December 1851.

YEARS.	PASSED GRANTED		IMPORTED INTO BOMBAY		EXPORTED BY SEA		Balance unaccounted for.	Details of Exports from 24th to 30th December 1851.
	From 24th to 30th Dec. 1851.	Total.	Up to the 23rd Dec. 1851.	From 24th to 30th Dec. 1851.	Up to the 23rd Dec. 1851.	From 24th to 30th Dec. 1851.			Total.
For 1846-47. Chests.	..	19,521	19,492	19,491	..	19,481	101	Per Ship "Kerata Roodren"..... Chests 3
" 1847-48. "	..	15,861	15,800	15,854	..	15,854	57	Brig "Laurick"..... " 27
" 1848-49. "	..	16,861	16,800	16,845	..	16,845	14	Schooner "Artemis"..... " 79
" 1849-50. "	..	15,978	15,970	15,978	..	15,800	79	Of THE SEASON 1850-51.
" 1850-51. "	..	24,052 & 45 lbs.	24,044 & 45 lbs.	24,052 & 45 lbs.	100	23,481	560 1/2 & 45 lbs.	Per Ship "Kerata Roodren"..... " 45
" 1851-52. "	..	10,121 1/2	8,268	3,712 1/2	108 1/2	4,794	4,007	Brig "Laurick"..... " 552
								Schooner "Artemis"..... " 484
								Of THE SEASON 1851-52.
								Ship "Kerata Roodren"..... " 45
								Brig "Laurick"..... " 552
								Schooner "Artemis"..... " 484
								..... " 1,081 1/2
								Total..... Chests 1,190 1/2

H. YOUNG,

Opium Agent.

Bombay, Opium Agent's Office, 31st December 1851.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT

OF MEAT, POULTRY, FRUIT, BREAD, FLOUR, ROLONG, SAGO, BUTTER, MILK, FIREWOOD, OIL, CANDLES, SOAP, GHEE, SUGAR, GRAIN, &c. &c.—QUOTED BY THE DEALERS.

ARTICLES.		PRICES.	ARTICLES.		PRICES.	ARTICLES.		PRICES.	
BEEF.			POPK, FRESH & SALT (continued).			SUGAR OF SORTS.			
Prime pieces.....	1st sort	10 lbs. 1	Trotters, small.....	per four.	2	Sugar, Pinfu.....	per md. of 28 lbs	5 8	
"	2nd do.	12 "	Pig's Liver & Heart.....	"	2	"	Candy, 1st sort.....	"	
"	3rd do.	16 "	Pork, salt, country.....	8 lbs.	1	"	" 2nd do.....	4 4	
Brisket and Round, 1st sort	12 "	1	POULTRY.			"	" 3rd do.....	4 "	
"	2nd do.	14 "	Geese.....	each	3	"	soft, 1st do.....	4 "	
"	3rd do.	16 "	Turkey cock, Bombay.....	"	3	"	" 2nd do.....	2 12	
Meat for Soup.....	16 "	1	"	hen,	3	"	brown.....	2 8	
Shin.....	large	each 3	"	hen, Goa.....	2	Jaggree.....	"	1 4	
"	small	" 2 6	"	hen,	1 12	GHEE OF SORTS.			
Ox Tails.....	large	" 3 6	"	large, Surat.....	" 1 4	Ghee, Kurraichee, per md. of 28 lbs.	5 8		
"	small	" 2 6	"	small,	" 1 4	"	Surat.....	6 "	
Heart.....	large	" 3 6	"	large, Bombay.....	" 9	"	Bhownggur.....	5 8	
"	small	" 2 6	"	small,	" 6	"	Balgahny.....	5 8	
Marrow-bone.....	large	" 1	"	small,	" 6	"	Ghantee.....	5 "	
Ox Palates.....	large	" 6	"	small,	" 6	"	Rajapoor.....	5 "	
Feet.....	four	" 4	"	small,	" 1 12	"	Jaffrabad.....	6 12	
Suet.....	per lb.	4	"	Hens' Eggs.....	each 3	GRAIN OF SORTS.			
Tongues (salted, dry), Poona, each.	"	4	"	Ducks.....	each 3	Wheat, Husia.....	(pr. Cdy. of 8 pharas)	30	
" (pickled) Bombay.....	"	3	FRUITS OF SORTS.			"	Jambooseer, 1st sort.....	16	
VEAL, SMALL.			Pine-apples, Bombay, large, each.	14	"	" 2nd do.....	16		
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs. 1	"	small,	10	"	Bhownggur, 1st do.....	14	
"	2nd do.	5 "	"	Goa.....	5	"	2nd do.....	12	
"	3rd do.	6 "	"	large,	12	"	Ghantee.....	14	
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	"	small,	8	"	Sindee.....	13	
"	2nd do.	6 "	"	large,	8	"	Jambooseer.....	17	
"	3rd do.	7 "	"	small,	6	"	Ghogaree, new.....	15	
VEAL, LARGE.			"	large,	8	"	old.....	14	
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	5 lbs. 1	"	small,	6	"	Ghantee, new.....	15	
"	2nd do.	6 "	"	common,	3	"	old.....	14 8	
"	3rd do.	7 "	"	Grapes, black.....	per seer 4	"	Beugal.....	13	
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	6 "	"	green.....	4	Wooreed, Ghantee.....	13		
"	2nd do.	7 "	"	Melons, water, large, each.	4	"	Mahabar.....	13	
"	3rd do.	8 "	"	small.....	3	"	Catch.....	12	
Head.....	1st do.	each 10	"	Musk, large.....	3	"	Ghogaree.....	14	
"	2nd do.	8 "	"	small.....	8	"	Matt.....	13	
"	3rd do.	6 "	"	Plantains, red, large.....	4	"	Ghantee.....	12	
Feet.....	four	each 3 6	"	small.....	8	"	Catch.....	12	
Liver & Heart.....	each	3 6	"	yellow, large.....	4	"	Mugg.....	13	
MUTTON FOR EUROPEANS.			"	small.....	3	"	Ghogaree.....	13	
Saddle.....	1st sort	per lb. 3	"	Limes, sweet.....	8	"	Bazaree, Ghantee.....	12	
"	2nd do.	" 2	"	sour.....	1	"	Bhownggur, 1st sort	16	
"	3rd do.	" 1 6	"	Potatoes, Neilgherries, large, per seer.	1	"	2nd do.....	13 8	
Leg, Loin, Neck, and Shoulder.....	1st do.	" 2	"	small.....	1	"	Rajapoor.....	15	
"	2nd do.	" 1 6	"	Mahabeshwur, large.....	1	"	new.....	12	
"	3rd do.	" 1 4	"	small.....	3	"	old.....	9	
Breast.....	1st do.	" 1 6	"	Poonia, large.....	4	Toor.....	1st sort.....	16	
"	2nd do.	" 1 3	"	small.....	3	"	2nd do.....	14	
"	3rd do.	" 1	"	Surat, large.....	3	"	Nachley.....	8	
Tongue, Sheep's.....	each	4	"	small.....	1	"	Vattana.....	15	
Brains.....	"	4	"	Yams, white.....	6	"	Chowley.....	per phara 2 8	
Head.....	"	1 9	"	red.....	6	"	Dully, bronch.....	3 4	
Liver and Heart.....	"	1	"	Onions.....	6	"	Surat.....	4	
Kidneys.....	"	1	"	Ginger.....	2	UNBOILED RICE OF SORTS.			
Feet.....	four	each 4	"	Dry.....	0	Rice, Putney.....	per phara	1 14	
Suet.....	per lb.	4	DRY FRUITS OF SORTS.			"	Sindee, red.....	1 10	
MUTTON FOR NATIVES.			Plums, fine.....	per seer weight.	2	"	raw.....	1 8	
First sort.....	12 lbs.	1	"	course.....	1 6	BEATEN RICE OF SORTS.			
Second.....	14 "	1	"	Currauts, fine.....	3	Rice, Jerasaul, 1st sort.....	per phara	3 8	
Third.....	16 "	1	"	course.....	2 8	"	2nd do.....	3 4	
KID, SMALL.			"	Prunes, new.....	2 8	"	Vergole, 1st do.....	2 12	
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs. 1	"	old.....	1 6	"	2nd do.....	2 8	
"	2nd do.	5 "	"	Almonds, sweet.....	1 3	"	Sindee ratra.....	"	
"	3rd do.	6 "	"	bitter.....	3	"	Segudee.....	3 12	
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	"	BREAD, &c.			"	Putney.....	2 4
"	2nd do.	6 "	"	A loaf, 1st sort.....	13 oz. each.	1 4	"	raw.....	2
"	3rd do.	7 "	"	"	2nd do.....	13 oz.	MANGALORE RICE OF SORTS.		
Head, Feet, Liver, & Heart.....	each	4	"	"	32 oz.	2	Rice, unboiled, 1st sort.....	per robm.	3
KID, LARGE.			"	"	16 oz.	1	"	2nd do.....	2 12
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs. 1	"	Flour, wheat.....	per seer measure	3 4	"	boiled, 1st do.....	2 8
"	2nd do.	5 "	"	Rolong.....	"	3 4	"	2nd do.....	2 4
"	3rd do.	6 "	"	Sago, fine.....	weight.	1 6	BENGAL RICE OF SORTS.		
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	"	course.....	"	1 6	Rice, unboiled, 1st sort.....	per bag of 168 lbs.	5 12
"	2nd do.	6 "	"	Arrowroot, best.....	"	1	"	boiled, 1st do.....	4 8
"	3rd do.	7 "	"	course.....	"	2	"	2nd do.....	4 4
Head, Feet, Liver, & Heart.....	each	4	"	"	"	1 6	BHATT.		
LAMB, SMALL.			"	MILK AND BUTTER.			Bhatt, Putney, per moora of 25 pharas	23	
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	4 lbs. 1	"	Cows' milk.....	per seer measure.	1 4	"	raw.....	20
"	2nd do.	5 "	"	"	per cup of 2 oz.	1 2	"	red.....	18
"	3rd do.	6 "	"	"	per seer measure	1 2	SUNDRIES.		
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	"	"	per cup of 2 oz.	1	Saltpetre, Europe, per md. of 28 lbs.	2 8	
"	2nd do.	6 "	"	"	"	1	"	Beigal.....	3
"	3rd do.	7 "	"	"	"	1	"	Rajapoor.....	1 8
Head, Feet, Liver, & Heart.....	each	4	"	"	"	1	"	Pepper, black, 1st sort.....	per seer. 1 6
LAMB, LARGE.			"	"	"	1 6	"	2nd do.....	1 3
Hind Quarter.....	1st sort	5 lbs. 1	"	"	"	1 4	"	white.....	3
"	2nd do.	6 "	"	"	"	2 8	"	Garlick, large.....	6
"	3rd do.	7 "	"	"	"	1 6	"	small.....	9
Fore Quarter.....	1st do.	5 "	"	"	"	1 6	"	Camphor.....	per pound. 9
"	2nd do.	6 "	"	"	"	1 6	"	Salt, table.....	per seer. 1 4
"	3rd do.	7 "	"	"	"	1 6	"	common, white.....	pyice. 1 3
Head, Feet, Liver, & Heart.....	each	4	"	"	"	1 6	"	black.....	1
POPK, FRESH AND SALT.			"	"	"	1 6	FIREWOOD.		
Pork, fresh.....	11 lbs.	1	"	"	"	3	Babool, per candy of 28 mds. 784 lbs.	3	
"	small do.	each. 1 4	"	"	"	3	Khair.....	3 8	
"	large do.	each. 1 4	"	"	"	3	Ajne.....	2 8	
Pig's Head.....	20 lbs.	1	"	"	"	3	Kurnell.....	2 10	
Sausages.....	4 "	1	"	"	"	3	"	2	
Trotters, large.....	per four.	1 4	"	"	"	3	"	2	

Vegetables generally sold according to the quantity in the Market, and the choice of the vegetables.
 Bombay measures by which the articles are sold: — 4 Seers are one Pylee — 17 Pylees are one Phara — 8 Pharas are one Candy — 25 Pharas are one Moora.
 Bombay weights by which the articles are sold: — 1 Seer is 11 ozs. and 4 drs. — 40 Seers are 1 Maund — 1 Maund is 28 English pounds.
 Published by order of the Board of Conservancy,
 J. WATSON, Clerk of the Markets.

Proclamation.

(Seal.)

In the Court of the Zillah of Ahmednuggur.

Whereas Rodmull Wd. Hurreeram, Marwaree, inhabitant of the City of Ahmednuggur, died in the said City on or about the 26th March 1851, leaving the following property in the said Zillah, viz. :-

Debts as follows :

	Rs.	a.	p.
Bonds	4253	13	10
Decrees	2094	7	5
"Khatabakee," or Balance of Current Accounts	3122	1	9
A House purchased by the deceased for	14	5	0
Co.'s Rupees.....	9484	12	0

And whereas no Will of the said Rodmull Wd. Hurreeram has been found, nor is it known if he has any Heirs, This is to give notice to all persons claiming to be Heirs, or to be entitled to receive charge of the said Property, to attend and prefer their claim in the said Court, in order that, on such claim being proved, the said Property may be delivered up to them.

Dated at Ahmednuggur, this 13th day of December 1851.

(Signed) J. W. WOODCOCK,
Acting Judge.

(True Translation.)

C. H. CAMERON,
Assistant Judge.

जाहोर नासा

(सिका)

असदानगर जिह्याचे कोडतातून

कळावेकी शेंवर नगर येथे रोडमल्ल या हत्तीराम सारवाडि हा तारिख २६ साचे मार्च सन १८५१ इसवी रोजी मिरत जाला त्याचो मिल्कत या जिह्यांत आहे तो येणे प्रमाणे

	रुपये	आ.	पे.
रोख्यावरून येणे ते रुपये	४२५३	१३	१०
दुकुसनाम्यावरून येणे ते रुपये	२०९४	७	५
खाते बाकीवरून येणे ते रुपये	३१२२	१	९
मैरताने घर एक जिह्यांत घेतले त्याचो कौमत.....	१४	५	०
	९४८४	१२	०

येणे प्रमाणे सामान आहे आणि मृत्युपत्र सांपडत नाही अणि त्यास कोणो वारस आहे किंवा नाहो हे ठाडक नाहो यास व जर कोणो मेळ्याचा वारस असेल अगद वारशाचो वहीचाट कर्ण्याचा कोणाचा दावा असेल तर त्याणे कोडतात हजर होउन ती गोष्ट खरो करावी नंतर कोडत वारसा त्याचे खाधीन करील आणि तारीख १३ साचे डिसेंबर सन १८५१ इसवी.

(Signed) J. W. WOODCOCK,
Acting Judge.

(True Copy)

C. H. CAMERON,
Assistant Judge.

Notice.

1st. Tenders will be received at this Office until Friday the 9th January 1852, from parties wishing to enter into a Contract for landing Cotton from the Pattimars, Boats, &c., for Weighing and Stowing the same in the Godowns, and for re-shipping it on board vessels bound for England. The Tenders must include the charges for Gunnies, Lashings, &c., per Candy of 784 lbs.

2nd. The quantity of Cotton which is to be shipped for England, as well as all further conditions and particulars, may be learned on application at the Town Custom House.

H: YOUNG,
Collector of Customs.

Bombay, Custom House,
29th December 1851.

अहिरनामु.

१ अहिरनामु इतेमारी तथा वाड्यांविी पीगरे वीपरथी इति वीतारवानो तथा तोकी ने वमारनां अडकी मुकवानो तथा वीदाये त वनारो वाड्यांविी वीपर इरीथी अडुडाव वानो धंअरो वेवानी नय्यानी सुयी होये तेयाना अरना तारीअ नी नाहे अने वारी गंने १८५२ अकरवारना हीन अधी कश टंमना कलेकटरनी कयेरीनां होये ७८४ रत वनी दरमांडीये गुणपार तथा वारडांवी गरेने अरअ लागये तेपण अरनां व मये *

२ कंठु इति वीदायेत अडुडाववानु छे ते तथा अशीवाये वीअ अरवे करार तथा वीणु कांथे पुछु छे तेपण कोटनाहेली नां डपीनां पुछुथी नालंन थाये *

नीशांशी.

हेनरी. यंग.

कशटंमनो कलेकटर

तारीअ २९ नी नाहे डीगंनपर गं ने १८५१ धंशपी मुकांन मुयांथे नांडपी *

H. E. GOLDSMID, Secy. to Govt.

जाहोर नासा

१ एसाजे पतेमाच्या व मलबते वगैरे यांजवरून कापुस उ तरविण्याचा व तोलून वखारोंत रचून ठेवण्याचा व तो विलाय तेस आणारे मलबतांवर पुन्हा चढविण्याचा मक्का करण्याचो व्यालाकांची सुयो असेल त्यांचे अर्ज तारीख ९ व्यानेवारी स न १८५१ शुक्रवारचे रोजा पर्यंत कठमचे कालेकटरचे कचेरींत घेतोल - ७८४ रतसाचे दर खंडिस गाणपटं देया वगैरेचा ख पडेल तोची अर्जांत व्याहावा.

२ केवडा कापुस विलायतेस चढवावयचानो व या खेरीज दुसरे सर्वे करार व दुसरे कांथो पणणे असेल तेची कोटांतोल मां डवींत विचारले असतां मासूम होईल.

निशाणी.

हेनरी. यंग

कठमचे कालेकटर.

तारीख २९ साचे डिसेंबर सन १८५१ इसवी मुकाम मुंबई नांडवी.

H. E. GOLDSMID, Secy. to Govt.

Notice.

The Dukshuna Prize Committee give notice that the Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased, in accordance with their suggestion, to cancel Section 9th of the Notification which appeared in the Government Gazette of the 27th February 1851, and all subsequent Sections, or parts of Sections, dependent on it.

(Signed) H. NEWTON,
Secretary D. P. C.

Poona, 27th December 1851.

जाहीर नामा

दक्षणा कमिटी यां कडून जा जाहीरनामा प्रगट करण्यात येतो एसाजे. नेक नामदार गवरनर साहेब बाहादूर दर इजलास कांमिशन याणी तारीख २० फेब्रुवरी सन १८५१ चे गौरमेथ माजेठ पचात जाहीरनामा प्रसिध्द झाला त्यातील कलम ९ आणी त्या कलमाचे संसंधाची जी पुढे कलमे अथवा काही मजकुर असेल तो सर्व कमिटीचे सुचने बद्दल रद्द केला आहे.

(सही) हेनरी. न्यूटन,
सकनरी दक्षणा कमिटी.

पुणे २० दिसेंबर १८५१

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Notice is hereby given, that Thursday the 1st January 1852, being *New Year's Day*, no business will be transacted at the Bank on that day.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. STUART,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 26th December 1851.

List of Letters on which Steam Postage is due, and which are now lying unclaimed in the General Post Office, Bombay.

- 1 Mr. Robert Anderson, Bombay.
- 2 Monsieur Casimir Gaberel, care of Monsieur Hamilton, Indore.
- 1 Mr. Dashwood, Indian Post Office, to be left till called for.
- 1 Mr. Samnel Davis, Engineer, Dock Yard, Bombay.
- 1 Lieutenant S. W. Sandwith, Bombay.
- 1 Mr. Daniel Turner, Post Office, Bombay.
- 1 Mr. R. Thompson, General Post Office, till called for.
- 1 Mrs. Dashwood Wilkins, "Feroze," Bombay.
- 1 Lieutenant Wyatt, 37th Madras Grenadiers, Kamp-tee, Bombay.
- 1 Mr. Robert J. St. Whilmore, Post Office, Bombay.
- 1 Hardy Wells, Esq., Post Office, Bombay.

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,
Post Master General.

Bombay, General Post Office,
30th December 1851.

Wanted

A person possessing good testimonials, to be employed as a Messman at the Traveller's Bungalow at Scindwa, on the line of the Bombay and Agra Road, in Candeish. Salary, Rupees 10 per month, out of which sum he is expected to provide a Sweeper. Particulars may be learnt on an application, to be made post-paid, to

HENRY W. B. BELL, Lieut.,
Civil Engineer in Candeish.

Malligaum, Civil Engr.'s Office,
13th August 1851.

Notice.

Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office, precisely at 2 o'clock p. m. on Monday next, the 5th proximo, for the supply of the undermentioned Articles, and such others as may be called for during the intermediate period, viz:—

- 1 (One) Set Plotting Scales.
 - 12 (Twelve) Bamboos, Male, of 30 feet.
 - 1 (One) Sieve, or Net, requires a new Bag, and general repairs.
 - 3,000 (Three thousand) Cases of Tin, double plates, 1 foot and 1 inch long, 5 1/2 inches broad, and 3/4 inch deep.
 - 10 (Ten) Horns, Bugle, small, as per muster:
 - 10 (Ten) Yards Cloth, Tracing, Vellum, (36 inches wide).
 - 2 (Two) Barometers, Mountain, (Newman's if procurable).
 - 5 (Five) Cedarwood Medicine Chests, with padlocks and keys.
 - 10 (Ten) Grains Sulphate of Atropine.
 - 600 (Six hundred) Pounds Gum Arabic.
 - 1 (One) Press, Blackwood.
- Desks require to be repaired and re-covered.
- 15-2-2 (Fifteen cwt., two quarters, and two pounds) Tallow, common, country.
 - 49 (Forty-nine) Books, Prayer, as per muster.
 - 4 (Four) Yards Cloth, blue, 2d sort.
 - 56 (Fifty-six) Pounds Borax.
 - 12 (Twelve) Iron Bolts, 2 1/2-inch.
 - 213 (Two hundred and thirteen) Helves, Shovel, as per muster.

An immediate deposit of ten per cent. will be required to be made by the lowest bidders upon the amount of their offers, which sum will be forfeited in the event of refusal or delay in making the supply within the limited time.

Whenever offers from dealers are accepted for making supplies within a specific period, and the supplier fails to fulfil the Agreement, the cash deposits made at the time of the Sale will be forfeited to Government, and the articles resold; but when circumstances render it necessary to receive the articles, and the dealers supply them after the stipulated period, a deduction of five per cent. will be made from the amount of the Bill for the same. All further particulars may be learnt on application at this Office, from 10 A. M. till 5 o'clock P. M. daily, Sunday and Holiday excepted.

E. WHICHELO, Captain,
Deputy Commissary General.

Bombay, Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,
31st December 1851.

Notice

Is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received by the Deputy Commissary General, for the conveyance to Calcutta of the following Military Stores, consigned to the Principal Commissary of Ordnance:—

- 2 (Two) Barrels, containing Experimental Powder, the Tonnage of which (calculated by measurement at 50 Feet per Ton) is about 5 Feet and 5.76 Inches, less or more, consigned to the Principal Commissary of Ordnance at Calcutta.

Further particulars may be learnt on application at this Office daily, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M., Sundays excepted.

E. WHICHELO, Captain,
Deputy Commy. General.

Bombay, Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,
12th November 1851.

General Orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, 26th December 1851.

No. 693 of 1851.—Serjeant James Culhane, of the Corps of Sappers and Miners, is appointed a Supernumerary Sub-Assistant Overseer in the Department of Public Works, from the 1st instant.

Bombay Castle, 27th December 1851.

No. 694 of 1851.—The Hon'ble the Court of Directors have appointed Mr. Trevenen James Holland, now abroad, a Cadet of Infantry upon this Establishment, subject to the usual conditions, and to his being found qualified, agreeably to the test prescribed in General Orders dated the 4th June last, No. 324.

No. 695 of 1851.—Captain J. Eckford, of the Invalid Establishment, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on Medical certificate, with permission to embark from the Malabar Coast.

No. 696 of 1851.—Lieutenant J. H. Henderson, of the 29th Regiment Native Infantry, is allowed a furlough to Europe, for three years, on Medical certificate.

No. 697 of 1851.—Captain P. S. Fearon, of the 14th Regiment Native Infantry, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, agreeably to the Regulations.

No. 698 of 1851.—The undermentioned Officers have been granted an extension of leave by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, for a period of six months:—

- Lieut. Col. E. W. Jones.
- Major R. W. D. Leith.
- Captain T. Westbrooke.
- Lieut. W. S. Jones.
- " R. T. Burton.
- " T. R. Teschemaker.
- " J. R. Palmer.
- Ensign S. Christian.

Bombay Castle, 30th December 1851.

No. 699 of 1851.—The following Orders are confirmed:—

An Order by Brigadier N. Wilson, K. H., dated Shikarpoor, the 28th November 1851, appointing 2nd Lieutenant Pittman to act as Executive Engineer at Shikarpoor; until the arrival of Lieutenant Burrows, or until further orders.

An Order by Major M. G. Western, dated Hyderabad, the 9th December 1851, appointing Captain Wemyss, Executive Engineer, to act as Sub-Assistant Commissary General and Line Adjutant at Hyderabad, during the absence of Captain Vincent, on leave to Bombay, or until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 31st December 1851.

No. 700 of 1851.—The undermentioned Officers have returned to their duty, without prejudice to their rank, by permission of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors:—

	<i>Date of Arrival at Bombay.</i>
Captain H. Weston, of the 14th Regiment Native Infantry.	} 14th December 1851.
Captain G. Wilson, of the 26th Regiment Native Infantry.	
Surgeon B. A. R. Nicholson, of the Medical Establishment.	

No. 701 of 1851.—Lieutenant W. Lodwick is appointed Sub-Assistant Commissary General, vice Vincent, appointed Paymaster in Scinde.

No. 702 of 1851.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following paragraphs of a Despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, dated the 19th November 1851, No. 70:—

“ In our Military Letter to the Government of Bengal, dated 27th November 1850, No. 130, we stated that the limit of Staff Absentees, as regarded Officers of the Regimental Rank of Captain, was first fixed at two per Regiment, since which we have added one Captain to each Regiment of Cavalry and Infantry, for the express purpose of meeting the additional drain for the Staff. The limit may now therefore be considered to be three Captains per Regiment, and we expect that it will not be exceeded without an absolute necessity, the particulars of which are to be specially communicated to us.”

“ We have now to apprise you that this instruction is made applicable to the three Presidencies.”

No. 703 of 1851.—The following promotions are made:—

	<i>11th Regiment Native Infantry.</i>	<i>Date of Rank.</i>
Lieutenant C. F. Kneller to be Captain, and Ensign F. P. F. Brett to be Lieutenant, in } succession to Minster, deceased.		} 20th Dec. 1851.

The undermentioned Officer to rank from the dates specified opposite his name, and posted to the 11th Regiment N. I., vice Brett; promoted:—

	<i>Rank as Ensign in the</i>	
	<i>Regiment.</i>	<i>Army.</i>
George Murray.	20th Dec. 1851.	15th Aug. 1850.

No. 704 of 1851.—Captain T. Gaisford, of the Regiment of Artillery, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, agreeably to the Regulations.

No. 705 of 1851.—Brigadier W. J. Browne, Commanding at Baroda, is allowed leave of absence from the 29th of October to the 28th of November 1851, under the provisions of G. G. O. dated the 14th of April 1851.

No. 706 of 1851.—Lieutenant W. T. Bowen, of the 16th Regiment N. I., is allowed leave of absence, from the 1st of March to the 15th of May 1852, to proceed to Mundleshwar and Nemar, on private affairs.

No. 707 of 1851.—Captain N. H. Thornbury, of the 4th Regiment Native Infantry (Rifle Corps), is permitted to retire from the Service, on the Pension of a Major, from the 1st of January 1852.

No. 708 of 1851.—Lieutenant J. H. A. Campbell, of the 21st Regiment N. I., having been declared incapable of performing the active duties of his profession, is transferred to the Invalid Establishment, at his own request.

No. 709 of 1851.—Captain R. Shaw, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, S. D. A., is permitted to proceed to the Neilgherries, on Medical certificate, and to be absent from the date of his departure from Belgaum on that account for two years.

No. 710 of 1851.—Surgeon General J. A. Sinclair is permitted to retire from the Service of the Hon'ble Company, from the 3rd proximo, on the pension of his rank, agreeably to Article 178, Section XXXIII. of Jameson's Code.

No. 711 of 1851.—Lieutenant J. G. Lightfoot, of the Regiment of Artillery, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, agreeably to the Regulations.

No. 712 of 1851.—The following Orders are confirmed :—

An Order by Brigadier G. J. Wilson, dated Deesa, the 22nd November 1851, appointing Lieutenant J. Shekleton of the 4th Troop Horse Artillery, to act as Interpreter to the 10th Regiment N. I., during the absence of Lieutenant Pelly, on duty to Bombay, or until further orders.

An Order by Major Shawe, dated Sukkur, the 26th November 1851, appointing Lieutenant Taylor to act as Quarter Master and Interpreter to the 22nd Regiment N. I., during the absence of Lieutenant Campbell, on sick leave to Kurrachee, or until further orders.

An Order by Lieutenant Colonel Penney, dated Nusseerabad, the 28th November 1851, appointing Lieutenant C. A. Loch to act as Staff Officer to the Right Wing of the 1st Regiment Light Cavalry (Lancers), whilst separated from Head Quarters.

An Order by Major Scobie, dated Surat, the 1st December 1851, appointing Lieutenant T. Nuttall to act as Adjutant to the 29th Regiment N. I., during the absence of Lieutenant Henderson, on sick leave to Bombay.

An Order by Captain Gell, dated Deesa, the 3rd December 1851, appointing Ensign Bolton to act as Adjutant to the 10th Regiment N. I., during the absence of Lieutenant Moyle, on sick leave.

An Order by Brigadier A. T. Reid, C. B., dated Ahmednuggur, the 4th December 1851, appointing Lieutenant J. T. Annesley, of the 26th Regiment N. I., to act as Executive Engineer at that Station, consequent on the nomination of 2nd Lieutenant D. Nasmyth to be a Second Assistant in the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India.

An Order by Lieutenant Colonel J. M. Shortt, dated Bombar, the 5th December 1851, appointing Lieutenant T. D. Ker to act as Adjutant to the Left Wing 6th Regiment N. I., proceeding to Tanna.

An Order by Lieutenant Colonel H. G. Roberts, dated Sattara, the 7th December 1851, appointing Ensign D. D. Thain to act as Quarter Master and Interpreter to the 24th Regiment N. I., during the absence of Lieutenant McPherson, on leave to Bombay.

An Order by Brigadier B. Trydell, dated Poona, the 9th December 1851, appointing 2nd Lieutenant Glassford, of the 1st European Regiment (Fusiliers), to act as Assistant Superintendent of Bazars at that Station, vice Ensign Mildmay, placed at the disposal of the Government of India, until further orders.

No. 713 of 1851.—The following temporary appointment is made—

Captain J. Bedford, of the Native Veteran Battalion, to act as Interpreter to that Battalion, vice Captain Leeson, appointed Pay Master of Pensioners at Poona.

No. 714 of 1851.—The following appointment is made :—

5th Regiment Native Light Infantry.

Lieutenant M. R. Haig to be Quarter Master and Interpreter in Hindoostance and Mahratta. Date of appointment, 1st December 1851.

No. 715 of 1851.—Major W. Purves, of the 9th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of his rank, from the 1st of January 1852.

No. 716 of 1851.—Lieutenant Colonel J. C. Coffin, of the 6th Regiment Madras N. I., is permitted to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills, with leave of absence on Medical certificate from the date of his departure from Dharwar to the 31st of July 1852.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Colonel,

Secretary to Government.

M A R I N E D E P A R T M E N T.

Bombay Castle, 26th December 1851.

No. 166 of 1851.—The following temporary arrangements and appointments are confirmed :—

By Commodore Stephen Lushington, Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy.

Mr. G. P. Cavendish, Midshipman, having arrived from Cannanore per ship "Owen Glendower," to reside on shore for the benefit of his health, from the 19th November 1851.

Assistant Surgeon Daubeny, of the "Ajdaha," to reside on shore for the benefit of his health, from the 20th November 1851.

The Port Surgeon to afford Medical aid to the Officers and Crew of the Ajdaha, from the 20th November 1851.

Messrs. Nelson and Langdon, 2nd Class Engineers, proceeding on duty to the Mouth of the Indus, to be accommodated with a passage on board the "Berenice," at the Engineers' Mess, from the 13th to the 16th November 1851, and thence transferred to the "Chenab," for passage to Kotree, on the 17th November 1851.

Mr. W. Yates, Midshipman, of the "Euphrates," to reside on shore for the benefit of his health, from the 25th November 1851.

Captain H. B. Lynch, from the shore, to the command of the "Hastings," and to be Superintendent of Pattimars, from the 27th November 1851.

Lieutenant Stroyan, from the "Moozuffer" to the "Palinurus," as Assistant Surveyor, on the 1st December 1851.

Mr. M. A. Sweny, Mate, of the "Palinurus," to be Store Accountant of that vessel, from the 15th November 1851.

Mr. Wood, Mate, of the "Zenobia," to be Store Accountant of that vessel, from the 1st December 1851.

Lieutenant Mitcheson, from the "Zenobia" to the "Hastings," as Store Accountant, from the 5th December 1851.

Mr. Handley, Midshipman, of the "Ajdaha," to reside on shore for the benefit of his health, from the 5th December 1851.

Lieutenant Constable, commanding the "Euphrates," to perform the duties of Store Accountant of that vessel, in addition, from the 1st to 5th December 1851, there being no competent Officer available.

Bombay Castle, 27th December 1851.

No. 167 of 1851.—Mr. Midshipman Clark, of the Indian Navy, is allowed a furlough to Europe, for one year, on Medical certificate.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Colonel,

Secretary to Government.

Civil Appointments, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th December 1851.

Under the leave of absence granted to Captain W. S. Leeson, on the 19th ultimo, that Officer on the 6th instant made over charge of the Guzerat Irregular Horse to Captain Whitehill, Second in Command of that Regiment.

Bombay Castle, 31st December 1851.

Captain S. Whitehill, Second in Command of the Guzerat Irregular Horse, is allowed leave to the Presidency, on private affairs, for the period of one month, under the provisions of the Government General Order No. 541, of the 22nd August 1846.

Under the leave of absence granted to Lieutenant Colonel J. Outram, C. B., on the 15th instant, that Officer delivered over charge, on the 20th idem, of the Office of Resident at Baroda, to his Assistant, Lieutenant M. Battye.

Lieutenant J. Black, Third Assistant to the Political Agent in Kattewar, is allowed leave on Medical Certificate, from the 15th instant, to proceed to the Presidency, under Section IX. of the Absentee Rules.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 29th December 1851.

Mr. M. A. Coxon, First Assistant to the Commissioner at Sattara, has been allowed leave of absence for one week, to proceed to Poona, on private affairs.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

A. MALET, Chief Secretary.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

REVENUE.

Bombay Castle, 27th December 1851.

Mr. Charles Shaw, Acting Third Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Belgaum, assumed charge of his duties on the on the 20th instant.

Bombay Castle, 30th December 1851.

Lieutenant Lambert, Deputy Collector in the Hydrabad Collectorate, has been allowed leave of absence, to proceed to Kurrachee on Medical certificate, from the 12th October to the 1st December 1851, inclusive.

Bombay Castle, 31st December 1851.

Mr. H. Liddell is confirmed in the appointment of Collector of Kaira from the 16th instant, the date following that of Mr. Webb's departure for Europe.

Lieutenant J. T. Jameson assumed charge of his duties as Acting Deputy Collector of Hyderabad, in Scinde, on the 5th ultimo.

Lieutenant L. D. Dunsterville assumed charge of his duties as Acting Deputy Collector of Hyderabad, in Scinde, on the 4th instant.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 27th December 1851.

The services of Captain H. A. Adams, Acting Assistant Civil Engineer in Khandeish, have been placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

Bombay Castle, 30th December 1851.

Sudoba Mahadeo to be Second Grade Apprentice in the Vaccinating Establishment of the S. E. D. Goozerat, vice Soobaram Wishwanath, dismissed the Service.

Assistant Surgeon Johnston resumed charge of the duties of Superintendent of Vaccination in the Concan, on the 11th instant.

Bombay Castle, 31st December 1851.

Lieutenant W. Barber, 33rd Regiment Madras Native Infantry, received charge of the Post Office at Mhow on the 19th instant.

First Grade Apprentice Gunputy Caperney, of the 5th Regiment Native Infantry, is made a Second Hospital Assistant, and attached to the Jail at Ahmedabad.

Acting Second Hospital Assistant Shaik Vullee, to revert to his duties as First Grade Apprentice, and is attached to the Civil Establishment, Ahmedabad.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 31st December 1851.

The Honorable the Judges of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature have granted leave of absence for three months to Mr. J. Vaupell, Chief Translator and Interpreter to that Court, and have been pleased to make the following appointments, to take effect from the date of Mr. Vaupell's departure on leave:—

Mr. R. X. Murphy to act as Chief Translator and Interpreter.

Mr. J. Flynn to act as Mahratta Translator and Interpreter.

Ballajee Pandoorung and Nanabhoy Hurridass to act as Assistant Translators in the Guzerattee, Mahratta, and Marwarce languages.

The leave of absence to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills, granted to Mr. W. J. Hunter, Judge and Session Judge of Ahmednuggur, under date the 25th of April 1850, is further extended till the 1st of April 1852, on Medical certificate.

Lieutenant Fanning, Adjutant of the Guzerat Police Corps, is allowed leave of absence for one month, on private affairs, under the Government General Order No. 541, dated the 22nd of August 1846.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 30th December 1851.

The Reverend F. C. P. Reynolds, Assistant Chaplain at Kirkee, has been allowed leave of absence for ten days from the 22nd instant, on private affairs.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

H. E. GOLDSMID, *Secy. to Government.*

Notice.

The Judges of the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut are pleased to publish for general information the accompanying List of Moonsiffs, and Candidates, who were examined by the Committee assembled in that Court on the 24th November 1851, and have been declared qualified for the appointments of Sudder Ameen and Moonsiff.

J. MORRIS,

1st Assistant Registrar.

*Bombay, Sudder Dewanee Adawlut,
18th December 1851.*

List of Moonsiffs who have appeared before the Committee of Examination assembled in the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut, at Bombay, on the 24th November 1851, and have been declared qualified for the Office of Sudder Ameen.

No.	Names.	Designation.
1	Ballajee Pandoorung	Moonsiff of Dholia.
2	Shaik Goolam Mohedeem	Moonsiff of Oolpar.

List of Candidates for the Office of Moonsiff, who have been declared qualified for the situation.

No.	Names.	Designation.
1	Ramchunder Bajerao	Head Clerk, Rutnagherry Adawlut.
2	Dajee Govind	Government Pleader, Tanmah Adawlut.
3	Narrain Chintamun	Sheristedar, Khandeish Adawlut.
4	Narrain Ballajee	Sheristedar, Ahmednuggur Adawlut.
5	Shaboodeen Wd. Eemoodeen	Nazir, ditto ditto.
6	Ballajee Rugonath	Clerk, Rutnagherry Adawlut.
7	Ardaseer Pestonjee	Unemployed.
8	Maddow Shree Kristna	Teacher in the Elphinstone Institution.
9	Abbajee Bulwunt	Coroner's Interpreter, Bombay.
10	Nursingrao Ramajee	Unemployed.
11	Madowrao Krishna	Karkoon, Moonsiff's Court, Zilla Poona.

J. MORRIS,

1st Assistant Registrar.

*Bombay, Sudder Dewanee Adawlut,
18th December 1851.*

Advertisement.

Tenders are hereby invited for the conveyance to Singapore of about eight tons of Naval Stores, under transmission to the Honorable Company's Steam-frigate "Semiramis."

Particulars as to the nature of the Stores, the size, weight, &c. of the packages, may be learnt by personal application at the Office of the Commander in Chief Indian Navy.

By Order of the Commander in Chief Indian Navy,
F. G. BONE,
Secretary.

*Commodore's Office,
Bombay, 31st December 1851.*

Advertisement.

Tenders are hereby invited for the conveyance of
1 (One) European Convict, either to Calcutta, Madras, or direct to Van Dieman's Land, and of

4 (Four) Unfit Seamen of the Indian Navy, to London.

By Order of the Commander in Chief I. N.,
F. G. BONE,
Secretary.

*Commodore's Office,
Bombay, 31st December 1851.*

Notice

Is hereby given, that persons desirous of entering into a Contract for the supply of Office and Hospital Furniture, &c. to the Commissariat Department at the Presidency, and for such other purposes as may from time to time be required, for the term of two years from the date of the acceptance of the offer, may, on application at this Office, from 10 A. M. till 5 P. M. daily (Sundays and Holidays excepted) obtain a list of prices, and such other information relating thereto as may be required.

Verbal offers for the Contract will be received at this Office at 2 o'clock P. M. on Friday the 16th proximo, when persons will be required to bid a per-centage above or below the prices exhibited in the above-mentioned list, on the understanding that the articles to be supplied under this Contract are to be of unexceptionable quality, according to musters which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the indenting Departments in good condition, free of all further expenses, in such number or quantity as may from time to time be demanded, and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers, appointed on the part of Government.

The person or persons whose offer may be accepted will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the above-mentioned List, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the period stated in the requisitions made upon him or them; in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the articles of Furniture, &c., or such other as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his or their risk and loss, and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the

option of the Executive Officer, may be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may in all such cases be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No person will be allowed to bid for the Contract unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Rupees (1,037) one thousand and thirty seven, in cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, should his offer be accepted, in which latter case he must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded security, to the extent of Rupees (4,149) four thousand one hundred and forty-nine, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood that Bills for the quantities of articles included in the above-mentioned List supplied shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of delivery of the articles, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills preferred for payment by the Contractor; but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The parties who, after offering for the Contract, fail to furnish the necessary security, will be interdicted from bidding on future occasions, unless they can produce a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand security for the due performance of the Contract.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees (20,749) or thereabouts. All further particulars will be communicated on application at this Office, or at the time of bidding, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

Particular notice is given, that the above Sale will take place on the date stated, at 2 o'clock P. M. precisely, and that any person attending after that hour will not be allowed to bid.

E. WHICHELO, Captain,
Deputy Commissary General.

*Bombay, Deputy Commy. Genl.'s Office,
30th December 1851.*

Notice

Is hereby given, that separate Sealed Tenders will be received by this Office, at noon of the 15th January 1852, for the supply of the following articles, as shewn under different heads in the sub-joined list, or such portion of them, more or less, as may from time to time be required, of unexceptionable quality, to the Commissariat Department at Kurrachee, for all purposes, from the 1st February 1852 to the 31st January 1853.

2nd. All parties desirous of tendering may, on application at this Office from 10 to 4 o'clock daily, (Sundays excepted,) obtain any additional information they may require.

The annual outlay on these Contracts is estimated at —

1 Bread, Biscuit, &c.	Rs. 69,217	7	5
2 Coffee, Sugar, and Tea	34,540	15	1
3 Firewood, Rice, and Salt	12,371	10	2
4 Fresh Meat	42,732	11	8
5 Beer, Liquors, &c.	4,522	8	0
6 Hospital Clothing	2,588	13	4
7 Country Medicine, and Hospital Provisions.. . . .	4,474	10	3
8 Stationery	589	2	0
9 Medical Comforts	290	0	0
10 Provisions	3,235	5	9
11 Grain and Forage	30,298	7	2
12 Hospital and Office Furniture	1,474	8	0
13 Miscellaneous Articles	12,291	5	4
14 Tinning Cooking Utensils	330	0	0

On which a deposit of 5 per cent. in cash must be paid in this Office prior to or at the time of sending in the Tenders, for the due fulfilment of the Contracts, viz :—

1 Bread, Biscuit, &c.	Rs. 3,461
2 Coffee, Sugar, and Tea	1,727
3 Firewood, Rice, and Salt	619
4 Fresh Meat	2,137
5 Beer, Liquors, &c.	226
6 Hospital Clothing	129
7 Country Medicine, and Hospital Provisions	224
8 Stationery	29
9 Medical Comforts	15
10 Provisions	162
11 Grain and Forage	1,515
12 Hospital and Office Furniture	74
13 Miscellaneous Articles	615
14 Tinning Cooking Utensils	17

3rd. These deposits will be retained until the Military Board's decision on the Tenders is received, and the parties whose Tenders may be accepted must be prepared to furnish Securities in bond to the extent of 20 per cent. on the probable annual outlay, or for—

1 Bread, Biscuit, &c.	Rs. 13,844
2 Coffee, Sugar, and Tea	6,908
3 Firewood, Rice, and Salt	2,476
4 Fresh Meat	8,548
5 Beer, Liquors, &c.	904
6 Hospital Clothing	516
7 Country Medicine, and Hospital Provisions	896
8 Stationery	116
9 Medical Comforts	60
10 Provisions	648
11 Grain and Forage	6,060
12 Hospital and Office Furniture	296
13 Miscellaneous Articles	2,460
14 Tinning Cooking Utensils	68

4th. The names of the parties, their occupation, and places of residence, who are to stand Securities, to be specified, and a Certificate, as per accompanying Form, should be forwarded with the Tenders, which are to be superscribed "Tenders for _____," as the case may be. Each tenderer to furnish two Securities.

5th. It is not to be binding on Government to take the articles enumerated in this list to the extent specified, but merely such quantity or quantities as may be considered necessary to meet the demands of the Service, whether they be under or over the probable annual consumption quoted. Should the supplies much exceed the probable an-

nual consumption quoted, it is to be clearly understood that the Contractors will be allowed no claim on Government on account of the same.

6th. It is to be also distinctly understood, that every detail of Troops proceeding from this to the interior, whose numerical strength exceeds (7) seven men, is to be accompanied by one or more Bakers and Butchers, to provide Fresh Bread and Meat on the line of march to the Soldiers, which Bakers and Butchers are to be provided by the Contractors, and the Bread and Meat to be supplied at separate rates, as indicated in the list.

7th. All the supplies are to be made in a cleaned state, free from sediment or dirt of any kind, and are invariably to be furnished of the best description of the sort or kind required; and all charges for their conveyance and delivery to the Corps and Departments requiring them to be borne by the Contractors, as no public Carriage will be allowed for that purpose.

8th. The Contractor shall be bound to supply Tea, Black Pouchong, and Green Hyson; also Spirits and Beer, &c. of the best sorts, to the Hospitals and Troops at this Station.

9th. In the event of any of the articles herein named being required either larger or smaller, or of superior quality than the size and description specified, they are to be furnished without hesitation or demur, at rates increased or diminished (as the case may be), proportionally, such charges being passed on the receiving Officer's Certificate.

10th. It is further to be understood, that Government will be at liberty to obtain supplies of all or any of the above articles, by manufacture in their Jails, or from any Departments, &c. notwithstanding any Contract that may be entered into with reference to this list.

11th. Dealers willing to undertake the Contract for "Beer, Spirits, &c." will be required to send in two Tenders for the same, viz. one on the usual terms, and the other on the condition of receiving back the empty bottles not required for the use of the Kurrachee Commissariat Department, at the following rates:—

Bottles, quart, empty, annas 8 per dozen.
Ditto pint, " " 12 " "

12th. The Tenders for these Contracts will be opened in the presence of such of the parties as are in attendance at this Office, precisely on the day and hour specified, and no Tenders can be received afterwards.

13th. Any retrenchments by the Military Board on account of errors in the rates, over-charges, &c. to be recovered from the first Bills presented for payment.

If such retrenchments be subsequently remitted, the amount will be refunded to the Contractor.

Parties who, after tendering for Contracts, fail to furnish the necessary Security, will be interdicted from bidding on any future occasion, unless they produce a Certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand Security for the due performance of the Contract.

FORM OF A TENDER.

I, the undersigned, do hereby tender to furnish the supplies of _____ or such portion of them, more or less, as may from time to time be required, of unexceptionable quality, to the Commissariat Department at Kurrachee, from the 1st

at per cent. the rates exhibited in the Schedule.

In proof of my desire to enter into this Agreement, I have deposited with the Assistant Commissary General at Kurrachee the sum of Rupees and further herewith produce the Certificate of that they will furnish bonded Security to the same Commissariat Officer to the extent of Rupees on its being intimated to me that my Tender has been accepted, and I shall be prepared to ratify at the same time the usual Deed of Agreement between both contracting parties.

(Signed)

FORM OF CERTIFICATE TO ACCOMPANY THE TENDER.

We do hereby certify that in the event of Tender for the supply of being accepted, we will become Securities to the extent of Rupees for the due performance of his Contract for the same, with the Commissariat Department at Kurrachee.

(Signed)

(Signed)

T. G. FRASER, Captain,
Assistant Commissary General, S. D.

Kurrachee, Commissariat Office,
23rd December 1851.

MILITARY

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

1851 ARRIVALS.

- 24th Dec.—Surgeon J. Deas, Medical Establishment, on duty, from England.
- “ “ Lieutenant Colonel J. Outram, 23rd Regt. N. L. I., on leave, from Baroda.
- “ “ Captain Hunter, 2nd Cavalry, to join, from England.
- “ “ Assistant Surgeon Nicholson, 2nd Scinde Horse, from Aden.
- 25th “ Ensign Samwell, 48th Madras N. I., from Quilon.
- “ “ Assistant Surgeon F. W. Harris, 9th Regt. N. I., from Belgium.
- “ “ Ensign Bosworth, 3rd Regt. N. I., on leave, from Poona.
- 27th “ Major A. Park, 29th Bengal N. I., on leave, from Peshawur.
- “ “ Major Dalton, H. M.’s 61st Foot, on leave, from Peshawur.
- “ “ Captain Hallet, Staff, to join, from Kurrachee.
- “ “ Lieutenant and Adjutant J. A. Wright, 70th Bengal N. I., on leave, from Umballa.
- 20th “ Surgeon J. J. Hamilton, Marine Battalion, to join, from the Deccan.
- “ “ Major Hart, Marine Battalion, to join, from Tanna.
- “ “ Surgeon A. Gibson, Civil Employ, on duty, from the Southern Konkan.
- 30th “ Assistant Surgeon J. Crawford, Indian Navy, on duty, from Kurrachee.
- “ “ Lieutenant J. Campbell, 22nd Regt. N. I., on sick certificate, from Sukkur.

DEPARTURES.

- 26th Dec.—Lieutenant Nicholson, 23rd Regt. N. I., on duty, to Rajkote.
- “ “ Major E. H. Hart, Marine Battalion, on leave, to Tanna.
- 27th “ Lieutenant C. J. Prescott, Civil Employ, from leave, to the Deccan.
- “ “ Captain H. Berthon, Engineers, on duty, to Poona.
- 29th “ Lieutenant J. A. Grant, 34th Madras N. I., to join.

- 29th Dec.—Lieutenant W. H. Saulz, Artillery, on duty, to Poona.
 - “ “ Assistant Surgeon C. C. Meade, European General Hospital, on duty, to Ahmednuggur.
 - “ “ Lieutenant Dobree, Staff, on duty, to Poona.
 - 30th “ Surgeon Ross, H. M.’s 10th Hussars, to join, to Kirkee
 - “ “ Lieutenant J. Jones, Engineers, on duty, to Khandalla.
 - “ “ Captain D’Oyly Compton, Staff, to rejoin, to Sadra.
- Bombay, Town Major’s Office,
31st December 1851.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

1851 ARRIVALS.

- 24th Dec.—Barque Race Horse, J. Porter, from China 4th November.
- “ “ Steamer Phlox, F. M. Ellis, from Surat 23rd instant. *Passengers*—45 Natives.
- “ “ H. C. Steam-frigate Auckland, Commander MacDonald, from Aden 14th December. *Passengers*—Mrs. Hamilton; Mrs. Fawcett; Mrs. Prescott; Mrs. Deas; Mrs. Ferguson, and Child; Miss Butler; Miss Hamilton; Miss Tudor; Major Morse, Bombay Army; Captain Hunter, Bombay Army; Dr. Deas, Bombay Army; Mr. Gordon, 60th Rifles; Mr. Hathway, 10th Hussars; Mr. Sunley, H. B. M. Consul, Comoro Islands; Mr. McLean Lea; Mr. Pigott. *Second Class*: Mrs. Smith; 1 European Maid of Mrs. Fawcett’s; Hajee Mahomed; 1 European Woman, and 4 Children; Several Native Men and Women.
- “ “ Steamer Lowjee Family, J. Rankin, from Surat 23rd instant. *Passengers*—Mr. W. Johnstone; and 65 Natives.
- 25th “ Steamer Dwarka, F. Bauks, from Colombo 19th instant. *Passengers*—Mrs. Price, 2 Children, and 3 Servants; Mrs. Crawford, and Child; A. Reid, Esq.; W. Oughterson, Esq.; Lieut. Samwell, 48th M. N. I.; Dr. Harris, 9th B. N. I.; Mr. T. Cockburn; 2 Second Class; and 30 Natives.
- 26th “ Steamer Bombay, N. W. Haselwood, from Kurrachee 23rd instant. *Passengers*—Mr. Wright, Bengal Army; Captain Crewe; Lieut. Nicholson, 60th Rifles; Major Dalton, Lady, and 2 Children; and Capt. Fatute.
- 27th “ Ship Sir H. Compton, J. Browne, from China 8th November. *Passengers*—Mrs. Browne and Child; Mrs. Deamayne, and Child; and 4 Natives.
- 28th “ Steamer Sir J. Jejeebhoy, J. Clark, from Surat 27th instant. *Passengers*—75 Natives.
- “ “ Barque Maranon, T. White, from London 12th August.
- 30th “ H. C. Steam-frigate Zenobia, Commander A. E. Ball, from Kurrachee 27th instant. *Passengers*—Captain Wemyss; Lieut. Heady, and Servant, H. M.’s 32nd Regt.; Lieut. Harrison, H. M.’s 61st Regt.; Lieut. Cumberland, H. M.’s 96th Regt.; Lieut. Campbell, 22nd Regt. N. I.; Dr. Swift, and Mr. Dagg, H. M.’s 98th Regiment; Mr. Cutler; H. Murphy; the Wife of a Warrant Officer, and 2 Children, Ordnance Department; 2 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, H. M.’s 64th Regiment; 2 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, 1 Woman, and 2 Children, H. M.’s 83rd Regiment; 1 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, Sappers and Miners; 1 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, Artillery; 1 Jemelar, 4 Natives, and 17 Privates, Marine Battalion; 2 Peons, Commissariat Department; 8 Shroffs, in charge of Treasure; and Meer Hussein Notanee, Prisoner of War.

The annual outlay on these Contracts is estimated at —

1 Bread, Biscuit, &c.	Rs. 69,217	7	5
2 Coffee, Sugar, and Tea	34,540	15	1
3 Firewood, Rice, and Salt	12,371	10	2
4 Fresh Meat	42,732	11	8
5 Beer, Liquors, &c.	4,522	8	0
6 Hospital Clothing	2,588	13	4
7 Country Medicine, and Hospital Provisions.. . . .	4,474	10	3
8 Stationery	589	2	0
9 Medical Comforts	290	0	0
10 Provisions	3,235	5	9
11 Grain and Forage	30,298	7	2
12 Hospital and Office Furniture.. . . .	1,474	8	0
13 Miscellaneous Articles	12,291	5	4
14 Tinning Cooking Utensils...	330	0	0

On which a deposit of 5 per cent. in cash must be paid in this Office prior to or at the time of sending in the Tenders, for the due fulfilment of the Contracts, viz :—

1 Bread, Biscuit, &c.	Rs. 3,461
2 Coffee, Sugar, and Tea	1,727
3 Firewood, Rice, and Salt	619
4 Fresh Meat	2,137
5 Beer, Liquors, &c.	226
6 Hospital Clothing	129
7 Country Medicine, and Hospital Provisions	224
8 Stationery	29
9 Medical Comforts	15
10 Provisions	162
11 Grain and Forage	1,515
12 Hospital and Office Furniture	74
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14 Tinning Cooking Utensils	17

3rd. These deposits will be retained until the Military Board's decision on the Tenders is received, and the parties whose Tenders may be accepted must be prepared to furnish Securities in bond to the extent of 20 per cent. on the probable annual outlay, or for—

1 Bread, Biscuit, &c.	Rs. 13,844
2 Coffee, Sugar, and Tea	6,908
3 Firewood, Rice, and Salt	2,476
4 Fresh Meat	8,548
5 Beer, Liquors, &c.	904
6 Hospital Clothing	516
7 Country Medicine, and Hospital Provisions.. . . .	896
8 Stationery	116
9 Medical Comforts	60
10 Provisions	648
11 Grain and Forage	6,060
12 Hospital and Office Furniture	296
13 Miscellaneous Articles	2,460
14 Tinning Cooking Utensils	68

4th. The names of the parties, their occupation, and places of residence, who are to stand Securities, to be specified, and a Certificate, as per accompanying Form, should be forwarded with the Tenders, which are to be superscribed "Tenders for _____," as the case may be. Each tenderer to furnish two Securities.

5th. It is not to be binding on Government to take the articles enumerated in this list to the extent specified, but merely such quantity or quantities as may be considered necessary to meet the demands of the Service, whether they be under or over the probable annual consumption quoted. Should the supplies much exceed the probable an-

nual consumption quoted, it is to be clearly understood that the Contractors will be allowed no claim on Government on account of the same.

6th. It is to be also distinctly understood, that every detail of Troops proceeding from this to the interior, whose numerical strength exceeds (7) seven men, is to be accompanied by one or more Bakers and Butchers, to provide Fresh Bread and Meat on the line of march to the Soldiers, which Bakers and Butchers are to be provided by the Contractors, and the Bread and Meat to be supplied at separate rates, as indicated in the list.

7th. All the supplies are to be made in a cleaned state, free from sediment or dirt of any kind, and are invariably to be furnished of the best description of the sort or kind required; and all charges for their conveyance and delivery to the Corps and Departments requiring them to be borne by the Contractors, as no public Carriage will be allowed for that purpose.

8th. The Contractor shall be bound to supply Tea, Black Pouchong, and Green Hyson; also Spirits and Beer, &c. of the best sorts, to the Hospitals and Troops at this Station.

9th. In the event of any of the articles herein named being required either larger or smaller, or of superior quality than the size and description specified, they are to be furnished without hesitation or demur, at rates increased or diminished (as the case may be), proportionally, such charges being passed on the receiving Officer's Certificate.

10th. It is further to be understood, that Government will be at liberty to obtain supplies of all or any of the above articles, by manufacture in their Jails, or from any Departments, &c. notwithstanding any Contract that may be entered into with reference to this list.

11th. Dealers willing to undertake the Contract for "Beer, Spirits, &c." will be required to send in two Tenders for the same, viz. one on the usual terms, and the other on the condition of receiving back the empty bottles not required for the use of the Kurrachee Commissariat Department, at the following rates :—

Bottles, quart, empty, annas	8 per dozen.
Ditto pint, " " "	12 " "

12th. The Tenders for these Contracts will be opened in the presence of such of the parties as are in attendance at this Office, precisely on the day and hour specified, and no Tenders can be received afterwards.

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If such retrenchments be subsequently remitted, the amount will be refunded to the Contractor.

Parties who, after tendering for Contracts, fail to furnish the necessary Security, will be interdicted from bidding on any future occasion, unless they produce a Certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character, binding themselves to stand Security for the due performance of the Contract.

FORM OF A TENDER.

I, the undersigned, do hereby tender to furnish the supplies of _____ or such portion of them, more or less, as may from time to time be required, of unexceptionable quality, to the Commissariat Department at Kurrachee, from the 1st

at per cent. the rates exhibited in the Schedule.

In proof of my desire to enter into this Agreement, I have deposited with the Assistant Commissary General at Kurrachee the sum of Rupees and further herewith produce the Certificate of that they will furnish bonded Security to the same Commissariat Officer to the extent of Rupees on its being intimated to me that my Tender has been accepted, and I shall be prepared to ratify at the same time the usual Deed of Agreement between both contracting parties.

(Signed)

FORM OF CERTIFICATE TO ACCOMPANY THE TENDER.

We do hereby certify that in the event of Tender for the supply of being accepted, we will become Securities to the extent of Rupees for the due performance of his Contract for the same, with the Commissariat Department at Kurrachee.

(Signed)

(Signed)

T. G. FRASER, Captain,
Assistant Commissary General, S. D.

Kurrachee, Commissariat Office,
23rd December 1851.

MILITARY

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

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 " " Lieutenant Colonel J. Outram, 23rd Regt. N. L. I., on leave, from Baroda.
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 " " Ensign Bosworth, 3rd Regt. N. I., on leave, from Poona.
 27th " Major A. Park, 29th Bengal N. I., on leave, from Peshawur.
 " " Major Dalton, H. M.'s 61st Foot, on leave, from Peshawur.
 " " Captain Hallet, Staff, to join, from Kurrachee.
 " " Lieutenant and Adjutant J. A. Wright, 70th Bengal N. I., on leave, from Umballa.
 29th " Surgeon J. J. Hamilton, Marine Battalion, to join, from the Deccan.
 " " Major Hart, Marine Battalion, to join, from Tanna.
 " " Surgeon A. Gibson, Civil Employ, on duty, from the Southern Koukan.
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 " " Captain D'Oyly Compton, Staff, to rejoin, to Sadra.
 Bombay, Town Major's Office,
 31st December 1851.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

1851 ARRIVALS.

- 24th Dec.—Barque Race Horse, J. Porter, from China 4th November.
 " " Steamer Phlox, F. M. Ellis, from Surat 23rd instant. *Passengers*—45 Natives.
 " " H. C. Steam-frigate Auckland, Commander Macdonald, from Aden 14th December. *Passengers*—Mrs. Hamilton; Mrs. Fawcett; Mrs. Prescott; Mrs. Deas; Mrs. Ferguson, and Child; Miss Butler; Miss Hamilton; Miss Tudor; Major Morse, Bombay Army; Captain Hunter, Bombay Army; Dr. Deas, Bombay Army; Mr. Gordon, 60th Rifles; Mr. Hathway, 10th Hussars; Mr. Stanley, H. B. M. Consul, Comoro Islands; Mr. McLean Lea; Mr. Pigott. *Second Class*: Mrs. Smith; 1 European Maid of Mrs. Fawcett's; Hajee Mahomed; 1 European Woman, and 4 Children; Several Native Men and Women.
 " " Steamer Lowjee Family, J. Rankin, from Surat 23rd instant. *Passengers*—Mr. W. Johnstone; and 65 Natives.
 25th " Steamer Dwaraka, F. Banks, from Colombo 19th instant. *Passengers*—Mrs. Price, 2 Children, and 3 Servants; Mrs. Crawford, and Child; A. Reid, Esq.; W. Oughterson, Esq.; Lieut. Samwell, 48th M. N. I.; Dr. Harris, 9th B. N. I.; Mr. T. Cockburn; 2 Second Class; and 30 Natives.
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 27th " Ship Sir H. Compton, J. Browne, from China 8th November. *Passengers*—Mrs. Browne and Child; Mrs. De-mayne, and Child; and 4 Natives.
 28th " Steamer Sir J. Jejeebhoy, J. Clark, from Surat 27th instant. *Passengers*—75 Natives.
 " " Barque Maranon, T. White, from London 12th August.
 30th " H. C. Steam-frigate Zenobia, Commander A. E. Ball, from Kurrachee 27th instant. *Passengers*—Captain Wemyss; Lieut. Heady, and Servant, H. M.'s 32nd Regt.; Lieut. Harrison, H. M.'s 61st Regt.; Lieut. Cumberland, H. M.'s 96th Regt.; Lieut. Campbell, 22nd Regt. N. I.; Dr. Swift, and Mr. Dagg, H. M.'s 98th Regiment; Mr. Cuttler; H. Murphy; the Wife of a Warrant Officer, and 2 Children, Ordnance Department; 2 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, H. M.'s 64th Regiment; 2 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, 1 Woman, and 2 Children, H. M.'s 83rd Regiment; 1 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, Sappers and Miners; 1 Non-Commissioned Rank and File, Artillery; 1 Jemadar, 4 Natives, and 17 Privates, Marine Battalion; 2 Poons, Commissariat Department; 8 Shroffs, in charge of Treasure; and Meer Hussein Notanee, Prisoner of War.

30th Dec.—Steamer George Russell Clerk, J. Woolley, from Surat
20th instant.
Passengers—50 Natives.
" " Brig Bride, A. D. Doble, from Hong-kong 15th No-
vember.
" " Ship Cassibelannus, J. Armstrong, from China 6th
November.
31st " Ship Anne Armstrong, R. Fitzgerald, from China
17th October.
" " Barque Ocean Queen, P. Rees, from Whampoa 9th
November.
Passengers—14 Natives.

DEPARTURES.

24th Dec.—Barque Chinsurah, J. Furness, to Penang.
Passengers—62 Convicts, and 22 Guards.
" " Ship Constance, J. Marin, to China.
25th " H. C. Steamer Medusa, Lieut. King, to Kurrachee.
" " Ship Duke of Bronte, G. T. Barclay, to Tuticorin.
" " Ship Elizabeth, J. Carlyle, to Singapore.
Passenger—G. Steel, Esq.
26th " Ship California, J. W. Carter, to Maulmain.
" " Steamer Sir J. R. Carnac, G. M. Beyts, to Surat.
Passengers—Dr. Nicholson, and 101 Natives.
28th " Brig Kerata Rodrin, J. Rogers, to Woosung.
" " Ship Mary Anne, G. Rouse, to Calcutta.
" " Steamer Lowjee Family, J. Rankin, to Surat.
Passengers—90 Natives.
" " Steamer Phlox, F. M. Ellis, to Surat.
Passengers—105 Natives.
29th " Steamer Dwarka, F. Banks, to Kurrachee.
Passengers—15 Natives.
30th " Ship James Hall, J. B. Harris, to Madras.
Passenger—Mrs. Crisp.

A. SPENS,
Senior Magistrate of Police.

Bombay, Police Office,
31st December 1851.

**ORIENTAL BANK CORPORA-
TION.**

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Deposits, payable on demand..... } 2 per cent.
On Deposits, payable at 1 month's notice.... } per annum.
On ditto at 3 " " } 3 " "
On ditto at 6 " " } 4 " "

INTEREST AND DISCOUNT CHARGED.

On Government Bills } 4 per cent. per ann.
" Private Bills..... } 7 " "
" Private Bills secured by Govt. } 6 " "
Paper..... } 8 " "
" Private Bills secured by Goods, }
&c..... }
Rebate allowed at Government Bill rate only.

RATES OF EXCHANGE.

On London at 6 months' sight 2s. 1d. per Rupee.
" " 3 " " 2s. 0½d. "
" " 2 " " 2s. 0¼d. "
" " 1 " " 2s. 0½d. "
" " 1 day's " 2s. 0¼d. "
On Ireland 1 " " }
On Scotland 1 " " } 2s. 0d. "
Circular Notes payable throughout }
Europe..... }

N.B.—The Corporation does not draw at six months' sight for sums under £50; nor for sums under £20, except at one day's sight. No Drafts are issued for less than £5; but small sums are remitted by advice.

For the convenience of parties not resident in Bombay, the Corporation undertakes to remit to Europe, by its own Drafts, at the Current Exchange, and without any charge for Commission, on receiving the Equivalent.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondias payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation, or Order"; and to state as distinctly as possible the name and address of the party to whom the remittance is to be made, and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION

Charged on the purchase or sale of Government } ½ per cent.
and other Securities, negotiable in Bombay. }

JOHN RIACH,
Sub-Agent.

**ORIENTAL BANK CORPORA-
TION.**

THE COURT of DIRECTORS do hereby give notice, that on and after the 1st January 1852, the business of this Company will be conducted in the Premises hitherto occupied by the Oriental Bank at Bombay, and will consist of Exchange, Deposit, and Remittance, on the usual terms, and in accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Royal Charter of Incorporation bearing date the 30th day of August 1851.

W. W. CARGILL, Chief Manager.
London, 8th November 1851.

Oriental Bank.

NOTICE is hereby given, that from and after the 31st instant, the business hitherto carried on by this Bank will be discontinued, and the business of the Company will be transacted by the ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, in accordance with the terms of their Charter, granted by HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA, the 30th August 1851.

By order of the Court of Directors,
CHARLES J. F. STUART,
Inspector of Branches.

Bombay, 9th December 1851.

**ORIENTAL BANK CORPORA-
TION.**

WITH reference to the Oriental Bank's Advertisement dated 10th Feb. 1851, the undermentioned Notes of the Bank of Bombay (payment of which has been stopped) are still unrecovered.

It is requested that any person to whom any of these may be tendered, will give information thereof at the Police Office, Fort.

	Rs. 1000.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 50.
2148	4512	347	12183	6815
2363	4563	3623	12382	7154
2425	4587	3767	20483	7910
2492	4635	4016		8065
2657	4686	4035		8115
4032	4720			8472
4188	4786			8710
4209	4834			8751
4215	4854			8828
4331	5108			8840
4345	5139			9224
4350	5170			9231
4354	5489			9256
4398	6001			9268
4461	6114			9273
4464	6318			9618
4466	6441			9693
4499	6715			10083
4508	6927			11022
				11461
				11486
				11631

Bombay, 1st January 1852.

**INDIA AND LONDON
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**

14, Waterloo Place, and
79, King William Street, London.

Capital, £250,000, in 5,000 Shares, of £50 each.

DIRECTORS.

Chairman.—The Chisholm, Erchless Castle, Inverness-shire, and Chapel Street, Grosvenor Place, London.

Deputy Chairman.—Richard Hartley Kennedy, Esq. (late Physician General, Bombay,) Resington Lodge, Notting Hill.

Colonel Bagnold.	John Inglis Jerdein, Esq.
Henry Stroud Barber, Esq.	Frederick Jones, Esq.
Francis Brodigan, Esq.	James John Kinloch, Esq.
J. William Deacon, Esq.	Henry Lawson, Esq.
H. George Gordon, Esq.	R. F. Power, Esq., M. D.
H. Allan Harrison, Esq.	Archibald Spens, Esq.

Manager.—A. R. IRVINE, Esq., 13, Waterloo Place.

AGENTS at CALCUTTA.—Messrs. ALLAN, DEFPPELL, & Co.

„ at MADRAS.—Messrs. AMALRIC & Co.

AT BOMBAY.

AGENTS.—Messrs. GREY & Co.

MEDICAL REFEREE.—H. J. CARTER, Esq. H. C. S.

SOLICITOR.—J. JEFFERSON, Esq.

This Company assures the Lives of healthy persons in any part of the world, at as low rates of premium as can be taken consistently with perfect security.

NATIVE LIVES Assured for any amount from Rs. 500 and upwards.

ANNUITIES granted—both *deferred* and *reversionary*,

Extract from the Tables of Annual Premiums required for an Assurance of 1000 Rupees or £100.

Age.	CIVILIANS.			MILITARY AND NAVAL.		
	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.
18	Co's Rs. 20	Co's Rs. 21	Co's Rs. 29	Co's Rs. 30	Co's Rs. 31	Co's Rs. 38
25	23	24	33	33	35	42
30	25	27	37	36	37	45
35	28	30	42	39	41	50
40	32	34	47	42	44	55
45	36	39	54	46	49	62

Parties returning to reside in Europe, will be admitted to *Europe* Rates of Premium.

Prospectuses, and every requisite information obtained, on application to the Agents of the Company.

GREY & Co., Agents, Bombay.

Bank Notice.

INTEREST ON CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

THE undermentioned Banking Companies hereby intimate, that from and after the 1st January 1852, and until further notice, the rate of Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts will be Two per Cent. per Annum.

For the Oriental Bank,
JOHN RIACH, Acting Manager.

For the Commercial Bank of India,
F. HUTCHINSON, Manager.

For the Agra and United Service Bank,
J. G. H. BROWN, Agent.

Bombay, 12th November 1851.

By Authority.

Will be published early in January 1852.

THE
BOMBAY ARMY LIST,

CORRECTED UP TO THE 1st JANUARY.

COMPRISING ALSO

THE INDIAN NAVY LIST,

THE

NIZAM'S ARMY LIST,

AND THE

BOMBAY CIVIL LIST.

PRICE, 2½ Rs., free of Postage.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS, December 17th 1851.

此種情形，實由於我國政府，對於外國之經濟侵略，未能採取有效之防禦政策，致使我國之經濟，陷於極度之困難。...

我國之經濟狀況

我國之經濟，自抗戰以來，即陷於極度之困難。由於外國之經濟侵略，我國之工業，已陷於停滯狀態。...

工業之停滯

我國之工業，自抗戰以來，即陷於停滯狀態。由於外國之經濟侵略，我國之工業，已陷於停滯狀態。...

農業之困難

我國之農業，自抗戰以來，即陷於極度之困難。由於外國之經濟侵略，我國之農業，已陷於極度之困難。...

交通之阻礙

我國之交通，自抗戰以來，即陷於極度之困難。由於外國之經濟侵略，我國之交通，已陷於極度之困難。...

金融之恐慌

我國之金融，自抗戰以來，即陷於極度之困難。由於外國之經濟侵略，我國之金融，已陷於極度之困難。...

物價之飛騰

我國之物價，自抗戰以來，即陷於極度之困難。由於外國之經濟侵略，我國之物價，已陷於極度之困難。...

政府之政策

政府之政策，自抗戰以來，即陷於極度之困難。由於外國之經濟侵略，政府之政策，已陷於極度之困難。...

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