

Bombay Government Gazette

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Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART IV.

ACTS PASSED BY THE COVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 15th February, 1895, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. VI of 1895.

An Act to amend the Dekkhan Agriculturists'
Relief Acts, 1879 to 1886.

Whereas it is expedient to amend in manner hereinafter appearing the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Acts, 1879 to 1886; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1895; and it and the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Acts, 1879 to 1886, may be cited collectively as the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Acts, 1879 to 1895.
- (2) This Act shall come into force on the first day of May, 1895;
 - 2. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

"section" means a section, and "Chapter" a Chapter of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879.

Repeal

3. Sections 8,9,14,15, 19 and 73 are hereby repealed.

- 4. To section 1 the following shall be added after the words "Presidency of Bombay," namely:—
- "or to any part or parts of any other such districts."

Substitution of new section for section 2.

5. For section 2 the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"2. In construing this Act, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context, the following rules shall be observed, namely:—

"1st.—'Agriculturist' shall be taken to mean a person who by himself or by his servants or by his tenants earns his livelihood wholly or principally by agriculture carried on within the limits of a district or part of a district to which this Act may for the time being extend, or who ordinarily engages personally in agricultural labour within those limits.

"Explanations.—(a) An agriculturist who, without any intention of changing his status as such, temporarily ceases to earn his livelihood by agriculture or to engage personally in agricultural labour as aforesaid, or who is prevented from so earning his livelihood or engaging in agriculture by age or bodily infirmity or by necessary absence in the military service of Her Majesty, does not thereby cease to be an agriculturist within this definition.

"(b) An assignee of Government assessment or a mortgagee is not as such an agriculturist within this definition.

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"2nd .- In Chapters II, III, IV and VI, and in section 69, the term 'agriculturist,' when used with reference to any suit or proceeding, shall include a person who, when any part of the lia-bility which forms the subject of that suit or proceeding was incurred, was an agriculturist within the meaning of that word as then defined by law.

"3rd.—An agriculturist shall be deemed to reside where he earns his livelihood by agriculture or personally engages in agricultural labour as aforesaid.

"4th.- 'Money' shall be deemed to include agricultural produce, implements and stock.

"5th .- 'Lease' shall be deemed to include a counterpart, kabuliyat, an undertaking to cultivate or occupy and an agreement to lease.

"6th.- 'Standing crops' shall include crops of all sorts attached to the soil, and leaves, flowers and fruits upon and juice in trees and shrubs."

6. In section 7, before the word "unneces-Amendment of section 7, sary" the word "clearly" Amendment of section 7. shall be added; and at the end of the same section the following shall be inserted, namely :-

" Explanation .- The compulsory examination of the defendant shall not be dispensed with merely by reason of the fact that the defendant has filed a written statement."

Addition of new section after section 13.

After section 13 the following section shall be added, namely :-

In certain cases rent may be charged in lieu of profits.

"13A. Where the mortgaged property is in the possession of the mortgagee or his tenants other than the mortgagor, and

the Court is unable to determine what profits have been actually received, it may fix a fair rent for such property and charge to the mortgagee such rent as profits for the purpose of section 13:

Provided that, if it be proved that in any year there was an entire or serious failure of the crops, an abatement of the whole or part of such rent may be allowed for the year."

Addition of section after section 15A.

After section 15A the following section shall be added, namely :-

Power of Court to name some future date for payment by the mortgagor.

"15AA. So far as it may be consistent with the provisions of this Act, every decree for redemption or foreclosure of any mortgage, and every de-

cree or order for the sale of any mortgaged property made at the instance of a mortgagee thereof, shall name such future day, not being less than six months after the date of such decree, as the Court may think reasonable for the payment by the mortgagor of the money payable under the decree, and no such foreclosure shall be made absolute nor shall any such sale take place before the day so named."

- 9. To section 15B the following shall be added, namely :-Addition to section 15B.
- "(3) In passing a decree for redemption or foreclosure in any such suit as aforesaid, the Court may direct that the Power to continue the mortgagee in possession. amount payable by the mortgagor shall be discharged by continuing the mortgagee in possession for such further period as will enable him to recover his principal with reasonable interest, and that on the expiry of such period the property mortgaged shall be restored to the mortgagor.
- "(4) When the amount payable to a mortgagee in possession has been determined in any such suit as aforesaid, the Court may in its discretion, in-stead of making an order for payment thereof, direct that the mortgagee be continued in possession for such period (to be specified by the Court) as will in the opinion of the Court be sufficient to enable him to recover from the profits the amount payable by the mortgagor together with reasonable interest, and that on the expiry of such period the property mortgaged shall be restored to the mortgagor."
- 10. In section 22 the words "other than his standing crops" shall be Amendment of section 22. omitted, and in the same section after the word "subsists" the following words shall be inserted, namely :-

"For the purposes of any such attachment or sale as aforesaid standing crops shall be deemed to be moveable property."

11. In section 36, after the words "or misconduct of the Village-munsif" Amendment of section 36. and before the words "and pass," the following words shall be added, namely :--

"or on the ground that the Village-munsif has exercised a jurisdiction not vested in him by law."

- For section 44 the following section shall Substitution of new section for section 44.
- "44. (1) When the agreement is one finally disposing of the matter, Procedure when agreethe Conciliator shall forment finally disposes of case and in other circumward the same in original to the Court of the Subordinate Judge of lowest grade having jurisdiction in the place where the agriculturist who is a party thereto resides, and shall at the same time deliver to each of the parties a written notice to show cause before such Judge, within one month from the date of such delivery, why such agreement ought not be filed in such Court.
- The Court which receives the agreement shall in all cases scrutinize the same, and if it thinks that the agreement is a legal and equitable one finally disposing of the matter, and that it has not been made in fraud of the stamp or registration laws, it shall, after the expiry of the said period of one month, unless cause has been shown as aforesaid, order such agreement to be filed; and it shall then take effect as if it were a decree of the said Court passed on the day on which it is ordered to be filed and from which no appeal lies.

- "(3) If the said Court thinks that the agreement is not a legal or equitable one, or that it does not finally dispose of the matter, or that it has been made in fraud of the stamp or registra-tion laws, it shall of its own motion issue process for the attendance of the parties, and if after such inquiry as may be deemed necessary the Court finds that such agreement is a legal and equitable one finally disposing of the matter, and that it has not been made in fraud of the stamp or registra-tion laws, it shall order such agreement to be filed; and it shall then take effect as if it were a decree of the said Court passed on the day on which it is ordered to be filed, and from which no appeal lies.
- If, on the other hand, the said Court finds that the agreement does not constitute a legal or equitable agreement, or that it does not finally dispose of the matter, or that it has been made in fraud of the stamp or registration laws, it shall return the said agreement to the Conciliator, and such Conciliator shall thereupon be bound to furnish on demand to the parties or any one of them a certificate under section 46.
- "(5) The Court may in any case, for reasons to be recorded by it in writing, from time to time extend the period of one month allowed for showing cause under this section."
- 13. In section 51, clause (b), before the word "transfer" the following Amendment of section 51. words shall be added, namely :-

"transfer from the Court of one Subordinate Judge to another any suit or any agreement pending before a Subordinate Judge under section 44 of this Act; or".

Substitution of new section for section 52.

14. For section 52 the following section shall be substituted namely :-

Appointment of Assistant or Subordinate Judges to aid District Judge.

"52. (1) The Local Government may appoint an Assistant or Subordinate Judge to inspect and supervise, subject to the control of the District

Judge, the proceedings of all Subordinate Judges under Chapter II, Chapter IV and Chapter VI of this Act, and of all Village-munsifs and Conciliators in any district or part of a district to which this Act applies:

- "Provided that, if the Local Government thinks fit, the same Assistant or Subordinate Judge may be so appointed for two or more such districts or parts of districts or districts and parts of districts.
- (2) The District Judge may, by order, confer upon any Assistant or Subordinate Judge appointed under this section, as regards any district or part of a district for which he is so appointed, all or any of the powers specified in the order which vest in the District Judge under section 51."

Substitution of new section for section 61.

15. For section 61 the following section shall be substituted, namely :-

Superintendence of Village-registrars and custody and destruction of their records.

"61 (1) The Local Government may appoint one or more officers to exercise by themselves or their subordinates a general superintendence over all Village-registrars, and

may either make rules, or empower such officer or officers to make rules, from time to time consistent with this Act for regulating the proceedings of the Village-registrars and for providing for the custody of their records.

"(2) The Local Government may, by order to be published in the Government Gazette, declare that any documents other than wills remaining unclaimed in any registration office in any district or part of a district to which this Act applies, for a period exceeding two years, may be destroyed."

16. In Chapter XI the

Insertion of section 71 following section shall be inserted, namely :-

"71. The last clause of section 258 of the XIV of Code of Civil Procedure Bar of application of section 258, Act XIV, 1882. shall not apply to pay-ments out of Court made in any proceeding under this Act, in any case wherean acknowledgment by the judgment-creditor for the same is produced, or when the payment is either admitted by him or proved."

After section 71 Insertion of section 71A the following section shall in the Act. be inserted, namely :-

"71A. In taking an account under section 13 or in any suit under this Act Rate of interest allowable where interest is chargeon taking an account. able such interest shall be awarded at the following rates :-

- (a) the rate, if any, agreed upon between the parties or the persons (if any) through whom they claim, unless such rate is deemed by the Court to be unreasonable;
- (b) if such rate is deemed by the Court unreasonable, or if no rate was agreed upon, or, when any agreement between the parties or the persons (if any) through whom they claim, to set-off profits against interest and assessment and similar charges without an account has been set aside by the Court, such rate as the Court may deem reasonable."
- 18. In section 72, after the word "agricul-Amendment of section turist", where that word first occurs, the words "in any of the districts of Poona, Sátára, Sholápur and Ahmadnagar,"

and in the same section, after the same word where that word afterwards occurs, the words "in any of the districts aforesaid,"

shall be added.

J. M. MACPHERSON, Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.