

Bombay Government Gazette.

Published by Authority.

[No. 46]

THURSDAY, 16TH NOVEMBER 1893.

Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	Pages.		Pages.
Part I.—Government Notifications, Appointments, &c. 1061—1088		Part VI.—Government of India Bills.	
Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c. 1089—1091		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
Part I-A.—Notifications under the Bombay Local		Part VII.—Trade Returns, Bombay and Sind.	
Boards and District Municipal Acts 93, 94		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
Part II.—Miscellaneous Notices and Advertisements. 1502—1527		Part VIII.—Commissariat Notices 150—163	
Part III.—Miscellaneous Supplements 1420—1431		Part IX.—Maráthi Acts, &c.	
Part IV.—Acts passed by Government of India and		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
Government of Bombay		Part X.—Gujaráti Acts, &c.	
<i>Not published this week.</i>		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
Part V.—Proceedings of the Legislative Council.		Part XI.—Canarese Acts, &c.	
<i>Not published this week.</i>		<i>Not published this week.</i>	
		Part XII.—Hindustani Acts, &c. 30—38	

PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1893.

No. 7008.—The Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 25 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, to sanction for a further period of one year the continuance of the punitive police post which was sanctioned for a period of one year by Government Notification No. 5624, dated the 11th October 1892, in the village of Tankária in the Broach Taluka of the Broach District.

1.—310

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 7121.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Home Department is republished for general information:—

“JAILS.

Simla, the 7th November 1893.

No. 626.—Under the provisions of Section 21 of the Prisoners Act, 1871, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare the House of Correction at Bombay to be a prison in which persons sentenced to be kept in penal servitude may be confined.

(Signed) C. J. LYALL,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

15th November 1893.

error in Council considering the conduct of the inhabitants of the village of a Police force in the Jambusar Taluka district, it is expedient to direct the ordinary force quartered thereabouts, is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 25 (1) of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, to direct that an additional Police force of the strength and cost mentioned below be employed in the said village for a period of one year, and that the cost thereof be defrayed by a local rate charged on the said village under Section 25, clause 2, of the said Act:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
1 Head Constable, Second Class ...	19	6	0
3 Constables, First Class ...	29	1	0
3 Constables, Second Class ...	26	2	6
Monthly cost...Rs.	74	9	6
	x 12		

Annual cost...Rs. 895 2 0

Add—

Pension contribution at one-twelfth of above ...	74	9	6
6 per cent. on account of European supervision ...	53	11	4
Hutting allowance at 8 annas per man per mensem ...	42	0	0
Clothing grant at Rs. 6 per head per annum ...	42	0	0

Total annual cost ...Rs. 1,107 6 10

No. 7156.—In modification of entries 9 and 10 in the list of Police Stations in the Ahmedabad District contained in Government Notification No. 6844, dated the 3rd October 1885, His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that, from the 1st December 1893, the local areas to be included in the Police Stations of Dhandhuka and Dholera shall comprise respectively the villages specified below:—

No.	Name of Police Station.	Taluka.	Local area to be included in Police Station.
9.	Dhandhuka ...	Dhandhuka ...	The following villages:— 1. Dhandhuka Kasba. 2. Haripara. 3. Khadol. 4. Khasta. 5. Raika. 6. Adival. 7. Bājardā. 8. Zānzarkā. 9. Sarwāl. 10. Chharodia. 11. Jālia. 12. Kotdā. 13. Vasnā. 14. Jaskā. 15. Unehadi. 16. Penpul. 17. Parahdi. 18. Zinzar. 19. Tagdi. 20. Aniali (Bhimjini). 21. Padānā. 22. Chhasiānā. 23. Bhal-gāmdā. 24. Kothdiā. 25. Rojkā. 26. Vānkāner. 27. Samadhiālā. 28. Karad. 29. Mota Trādia. 30. Nānā Trādia. 31. Chandarwa. 32. Vejalka. 33. Bādi. 34. Barwālā. 35. Kundal. 36. Timblā. 37. Polārpur. 38. Chārunki. 39. Bhimnāth. 40. Muldharai. 41. Pānni (Barwala Division). 42. Belā. 43. Kha. 44. Bagad. 45. Rojet. 46. Rampura. 47. Vaiā. 48. Jalilā. 49. Khāmbhdā. 50. Chācharia. 51. Gundā. 52. Godhāvātā. 53. Alāoo. 54. Sālangpur. 55. Refdā. 56. Rānparā. 57. Rānpur. 58. Deradi. 59. Chormirā. 60. Kundali. 61. Bubāvāv. 62. Moti Vāvdi. 63. Nani Vāvdi. 64. Lohiā. 65. Bhudlā. 66. Alampur. 67. Rājpurā.

No.	Name of Police Station.	Taluka.	Local area to be included in Police Sta																																																		
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By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Name of Village.	Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers.
<i>Táluka Dhulia</i> —continued.	
Henkalwádi (Lalinge) ...	21 to 25.
Vyáhála ...	55, 56, 58 to 65, 68, 70 (i), 71 (i), 53, 54, 57, 66, 67.
Pádálda ...	24, 25, 27, 28, 30 to 33, 35 to 42, 45 to 48, 50 to 63, 29, 49, 26, 31, 43, 44.
Gotána ...	112, 113, 115 to 120.
Balhána ...	4 to 14, 83, 84, 88 to 91, 77.
Dahána ...	Portion of 86.
Ráver ...	16 and portion of 42
Sitod ...	48.
Morána ...	74.
Sánjori ...	79.
Udána ...	65 to 86, 102, 125.
Kandána (Varkheda) ...	7.
Biládi ...	168, 171 to 174, 176.
Nagaon ...	151 to 157, 179, 187 to 196, 202, 203, 226, 233, 230, 234, 236, 237, 238 to 245, 250 to 257, 261 to 264, 266 to 272, 274, 275, 277 to 282, 284 to 287, 291 to 294, 336, 229.
Dhodi ...	92.
Dbandhána ...	26, 51 to 63, 76 to 79.
Deobhána ...	319.
Borsul ...	27.
Náthri ...	7 to 11, 18, 19, 21 to 39, 47 and 51.
Chinchwár ...	274.
Kothada ...	1 to 16, 27, 36, 37.
Lámhkáni ...	393.
Satála ...	39, 31, 41, 42, 51, 32.
Shirdhána ...	125 to 138, 140, 141, 163, 164, 166, 168 to 171, 174 to 179, 181 to 193, 195, 198, 235, 236, 264 to 275.
Nurnagar ...	89 to 98, 100, 101, 108.
Aklád ...	134 to 137, 139 to 141, 143, 144, 151, 152, 153.
Kawthi ...	36 to 39, 43 to 46, 48, 50 to 55, 58, 59, 61 to 65, 67 to 85, 87 to 89, 98 to 119, 122 to 140, 142 to 144, 147 to 149, 151 to 153, 156 to 159, 231, 47, 57, 56, 60, 66, 180, 121, 141, 145, 146.
Nawlána ...	109, 110 to 112, 118 to 122, 144 to 150, 153, 154, 159, 160, 207, 209, 210.
Gondur ...	229, 230, 241, 242.

(i) Corresponding to Old Survey No. 67, portion south of present first-class reserve.

I.—311

Name of Village.	Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers.
<i>Táluka Dhulia</i> —cont.	
Bhokar ...	86, 95, 126.
Valwádi ...	126.
Deopur ...	33 to 35, 37, 10.
Sávali ...	84.
A'niboda ...	166.
Návri ...	41.
Vadgaon (Dángri) ...	31.
Nandána ...	197 to 200, 205, 279, 201, 202.
Songir ...	51 to 54, 212, 214, 217, 218, 221, 223, 225, 226 and portion of 216, 215.
Dápuri ...	44.
<i>Táluka Pimpalner.</i>	
Phopra ...	104 to 110, 110 to 145, 150 to 153.
Loukheda ...	19.

No. 8210A.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His

No. 3084, dated 30th May 1881, published at page 286 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 2nd June 1881, Part I.

No. 1802, dated 27th February 1884, published at page 159 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 28th idem, Part I.

No. 6361, dated 8th September 1890, published at pages 926—927 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 11th idem, Part I.

Forest in the Khándesh District from the 15th December 1893:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers.
<i>Táluka Dhulia.</i>	
Songir ...	214, 215, 217, 218, 221, 223, 225, 226, 212 and northern portion of 216 (277 acres 11 gunthas).
Nandána ...	197 to 202, 205, 226, 179 and northern portion of 279 (1,228 acres 7 gunthas).
Deobhána ...	294 to 296, 299, 299, 310.
Sáyana ...	235, 236, 161, 175, 176, 181, 234, 188, 160, 174.
Burzad ...	113, 214, 215.
Vadna ...	42 and 43.

	Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers.	Name of Village.	Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers.
<i>ulia</i>	—continued.	<i>Tábuka Dhulia</i>	—continued.
...	103 to 106, 116, 65, 53, southern portion of 114 (80 acres 20 gunthas), southern portion of 64 (101 acres 10 gunthas).	Chimnapuri ...	76.
...	276, 284 to 289.	Gondur ...	229, 230, 241, 242 and 239.
Boresul ...	Southern portion of 47 (3 acres 32 gunthas).	Bhokar ...	95, 96, 114, 115, 121 to 126.
Lámhákáni ...	Southern portion of 393 (1,852 acres 34 gunthas).	Valvadi ...	126.
Kothada ...	1 to 16, 27, 36, 37, 17, 31, 35.	Nagaon ...	151 to 157, 187 to 196, 202, 203, 230, 233, 234, 236 to 245, 250 to 257, 261 to 264, 266 to 272, 277 to 280, 284 to 286, 291 to 294, 336, 299, 300, 318, 288, 301, 305, 307.
Satála ...	30 to 32, 41, 53, 42, 54.	Biladi ...	168, 171 to 174 and 176.
Chinchwár ...	261 to 263, 266 to 268, southern portion of 61 (201 acres 8 gunthas) and south-west portion of 274 (5,150 acres 19 gunthas).	Deopur ...	33, 35, 107, 34 and 37.
Shirihána ...	135 to 141, 163, 164, 168 to 193, 195, 196, 235, 236, 263 to 273, 246, 247 and eastern portion of 264 (306 acres 8 gunthas).	Kundána (Varkheda) ...	Northern portion of 7 (240 acres 20 gunthas), western portion of 18 (109 acres 15 gunthas).
Narnagar ...	94, 95, 98 and 100.	Amboda ...	North-east portion of 166 (987 acres 11 gunthas).
A'klád ...	136, 137, 139 to 144, 152, 153 and 151.	Mukti ...	Western portion of 243 (25 acres).
Káwthi ...	43 to 48, 50 to 89, 101 to 103, 107 to 149, 151, 152, 36 to 39, 225 to 231.	Náwri ...	41.
Nawlána ...	109 to 112, 118 to 122, 144 to 150, 153, 154, 159, 160, 207 to 210.	Ajang ...	177, 184, 186 and north-east portion of 187 (820 acres 35 gunthas).
Náthri ...	7 to 11, 18, 19, 21 to 30, 47, 54 and 1.	Kásvilhir ...	44, 38, 39 and southern portion of 45 (773 acres 17 gunthas).
Mebergan ...	70, 71, 61 and northern portion of 72 (63 acres 14 gunthas).	A'mdád ...	16, 32 and western portion of 79 (1,391 acres 37 gunthas).
Suked ...	118, 92, 95, 96, 97, 89, 90 and the remaining portions of Survey Nos. 84 (1 gunthas), 88 (3 gunthas).	Vajirkheda ...	44, 45, 46.
Dhánora ...	76 to 78, 139 portion of Survey No. 55 (now 136) and the remaining portions of Survey Nos. 67 (5 acres 39 gunthas), 69 (4 acres 30 gunthas), 70 (4 acres 7 gunthas), 73 (1 acre 19 gunthas), and 126 (2 acres 13 gunthas).	Anchád ...	67 and 14.
A'pti ...	52 and the remaining portion of Survey No. 26 (4 acres 32 gunthas).	Sávi ...	23, 34, southern portion of 27 (13 acres 2 gunthas) and eastern portion of 84 (477 acres 32 gunthas).
Nágzari ...	46 to 48, 1, 9 to 11, 19, 28, 29, 18 and 20.	Savandnái ...	3 and 22.
Dhodi ...	North-west portion of 92 (393 acres 15 gunthas).	Bábra ...	31 to 35, 72 to 84.
Dhandhána ...	26, 51 to 63, 76 to 78 and south-east portion of 79 (1,201 acres 10 gunthas).	Kundána (Velhána) ...	83 to 86 and 102.
Vadel ...	Southern portion of 40 (536 acres 35 gunthas).	Velhána Budruk ...	274, 275 and north-west portion of 273 (1,065 acres 39 gunthas).
		Sávkheda ...	62.
		Hadsuni ...	116, 117, 86, 110, 111, 114, 115.
		Bábhulvadi ...	66 to 69.
		Káikheda ...	90 to 94, 97, 98, 109, 137 and 110.
		Fánga ...	Southern portion of 147 (325 acres 5 gunthas).
		Savandána ...	138 and eastern portion of 15 (17 acres 37 gunthas).
		Vadadkani ...	3.

Name of Village.	Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers.	Name of Village.	Boundaries as distinguished by Survey Numbers.
<i>Táluka Dhulia</i> —continued.		<i>Táluka Dhulia</i> —concluded.	
Narwahál ...	87 to 93, 95 to 97, 99, 103, 131, 106.	Hingna ...	24 to 27.
Borevihir ...	18 to 22, 25 to 34, 119 to 126, 139 to 141, 145 to 148 and 39.	Ajnála ...	65 to 76, south-west (2,808 acres 22 gunthas).
Junona ...	129 to 131, 136, 137, 168, 169, 170, 141, 142, 167, 135, 138.	Henkalvádi ...	20 to 25.
Ravalja ...	112 to 115, 108 and northern portion of 107 (7 acres 20 gunthas).	Vyábhála ...	53 to 68, 70 and 71.
Hendrun ...	218, 219, 220, 222, 228 to 231, 217.	Arvi ...	396, 285, 290, 292, 316, 317, 318, 320, 387, 388, 390, 391, 392, 393, northern portion of 319 (1 acre 26 gunthas) and northern portion of 315 (3 acres 38 gunthas), northern portion of 385 (3 acres 36 gunthas), and northern portion of 394 (1,069 acres 36 gunthas).
Moghan ...	89 to 93, 100 and northern portion of 82 (137 acres 6 gunthas).	Anakváli ...	114, 115, 119, 125, 135, 136, 143, 146, 147, 151, 158, 159, 165, 166, 169, 170, 23, 24, 42, 63 to 67, 120, 160, 40, 43.
Dedargaon ...	Northern portion of 28 (12 acres 32 gunthas) and north-western portion of 62 (2,347 acres 36 gunthas).	Purneqáda ...	275, 276, 283 to 287, 289 to 291, 302 to 304, 307, 312 to 315, 63 to 65, 146 to 149, 337, 367, 374, 91 to 93, 141, 266, 376 to 378, 390 to 392, 490, 492 to 494, 274, 358, 395, 301, 375 and southern portion of 145 (300 acres 2 gunthas) and eastern portion of 532 (396 acres 3 gunthas).
Tikhi ...	South-east portion of 53 (1,244 acres).	Dhádra ...	263 to 266, 268 to 270 and 258.
Gádutár ...	39.	Kultha ...	264 to 277, 226 to 229, 252, 256 to 262, 282, 189, 200, 230.
Ráver ...	42 and western portion of 48 (458 acres 25 gunthas).	Moredar ...	Easterly portion of 146 (670 acres 4 gunthas).
Sitod ...	45 to 48.	Khordar ...	40, 47, 55, 56, 59, 60, 69 to 73, 77 to 79, 89, 90 and 118.
Dahíána ...	South-east portion of 83 (2,529 acres 15 gunthas).	Dhámangaon ...	64, 65, 67 and 68.
Morána ...	74.	Vani Khurd ...	37 and 38.
Kundána (Vár) ...	42, 43, 48.	Nimgul ...	96, 97, 157, 158, 163 to 166, 168 and eastern portion of 101 (473 acres 27 gunthas).
Sánjori ...	Southern portion of 79 (814 acres 13 gunthas).	Lalzing ...	South-eastern portion of 140* (1,196 acres 25 gunthas) and southern portion of 142* (6 acres).
Udána ...	65 to 86, 88, 102, 89, 92 to 101, 103 to 105, 114 to 122 and 125.	<i>Táluka Pimpalner.</i>	
Balhána ...	4 to 14, 77, 83, 84, 88 to 91 and 66.	Phopra ...	104 to 110, 149 to 145, 150 to 153, 113 to 115 and 19.
Pádalda ...	24 to 63, 153, 154.	Lonekhede ...	19.
Gotána ...	112, 113, 115 to 119, 16, 20 and southern portion of 120 (610 acres 35 gunthas).		
Chowgaon ...	92 to 104, 106, 123, 223 and southern portion of 105 (1,502 acres 37 gunthas).		
Sátmana ...	132 to 141, 14, 16 to 20 and southern portion of 142 (699 acres 10 gunthas).		
Lohogad ...	200, 115, 116, 118, 119, 144, 154 to 156, 159 to 159.		
Deur Khurd ...	105, 136, 37, 38, 133 to 145, 131 to 134.		
Nándra ...	192 to 212, 215, 154, 163 to 171 and western portion of 77 (22 acres 22 gunthas).		
Ubhand ...	135, 118, 119, 121, 134 and eastern portion of 122 (8 acres 35 gunthas).		

Corresponding to that portion of old Survey No. 140 which was notified under Government Notification No. 393, dated 30th May 1891.

The following Notification by the Government of India is republished :—

“FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 31st October 1893.

The following correspondence, together with the Convention between Great Britain and Ecuador for the protection of Trade-marks, is published for general information :

No. 32 (Revenue), dated India Office, London, the 9th March 1893.

—The Secretary of State for India,

to —The Government of India.

I forward, for the information of Your Excellency's Government, copy of a letter from the Foreign Office, enclosing copy of a Convention between Great Britain and Ecuador for the protection of Trade-marks, and I desire to be informed

whether you have any observations to make on Article II as to the Convention being made applicable to India.

Dated Foreign Office, London, the 20th February 1893.

From—Sir T. H. SANDERSON, K.C.M.G., Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs,
To—The Under-Secretary of State for India.

I am directed by the Earl of Rosebery to transmit to you, to be laid before the Earl of Kimberley, a copy of a Convention between Great Britain and Ecuador for the protection of Trade-marks signed at Quito on the 26th of August last.

The ratifications of the Convention were exchanged on the 8th instant; and I am to request that Lord Rosebery may be informed whether the Government of India desires to accede to the Convention under the provisions of Article 2.

CONVENTION BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND ECUADOR RELATIVE TO TRADE-MARKS.

Signed at Quito, August 26, 1892.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, and His Excellency the President of Ecuador, desiring to conclude a Convention for the reciprocal protection of trade-marks and designs, have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, William Henry Doveton Haggard, Esq., Her Britannic Majesty's Minister Resident and Consul-General at Quito, &c., &c.; and

His Excellency the President of Ecuador, Señor Don Pedro José Cevallos, his Minister Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, &c., &c.;

Who, having communicated to each other their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles :

ARTICLE I.

The subjects of each of the Contracting Parties shall have in the dominions and possessions of the other the same rights as are now granted or may hereafter be granted, to native subjects or to subjects of the most favoured nation in all that relates to trade-marks, industrial designs, and patterns.

In order that such rights may be obtained, the formalities required by the laws of the respective countries must be fulfilled.

Su Magestad la Reina del Reino Unido de la Gran Bretaña é Irlanda, Emperatriz de la India, y su Excelencia el Presidente de la República del Ecuador, deseando celebrar una Convención para la reciproca protección de marcas y diseños de comercio, han designado á sus respectivos Plenipotenciarios, á saber :

Su Magestad la Reina del Reino Unido de la Gran Bretaña é Irlanda, Emperatriz de la India, al H. Señor D. Guillermo Enrique Doveton Haggard, Esq., Ministro Residente y Cónsul-General de Su Magestad Británica en Quito, &c., &c.; y

Su Excelencia el Presidente de la República del Ecuador, al H. Señor Dr. D Pedro José Cevallos, Ministro de Estado en el Despacho de Relaciones Exteriores, &c., &c.;

Quienes, habiéndose manifestado respectivamente sus Plenos Poderes, hallados en debida y buena forma, han acordado los siguientes Artículos :

ARTICULO I.

Los súbditos de cada una de las Partes Contratantes tendrán en los dominios y posesiones de la otra los mismos derechos concedidos ó que pudieran concederse á los súbditos nativos ó á los súbditos de la nación más favorecida, en todo lo relativo á marcas de comercio, diseños industriales, y muestras.

Para la obtención de estos derechos será preciso se cumplan las formalidades legales de los respectivos países.

ARTICLE II.

The stipulations of the present Convention shall be applicable to all the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, excepting to those herein-after named, that is to say, except to—

India.
The Dominion of Canada.
Newfoundland.
The Cape of Good Hope.
Natal.
New South Wales.
Victoria.
Queensland.
Tasmania.
South Australia.
Western Australia.
New Zealand.

Provided always that the stipulations of the present Convention shall be made applicable to any of the above-mentioned Colonies or foreign possessions on whose behalf notice to that effect shall have been given by Her Britannic Majesty's Representative to the President of Ecuador within one year from the date of the exchange of ratifications of the present Convention.

ARTICLE III.

The present Convention shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Quito as soon as possible.

It shall come into operation one month after the exchange of ratifications, and shall remain in force until the expiration of one year from the day on which either Party may give notice of its intention to terminate it.

In witness whereof the undersigned have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done in duplicate at Quito, the twenty-sixth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

(Signed)

(L.S.) W. H. D. HAGGARD.

ARTICULO II.

Las estipulaciones de la presente serán aplicables á todas las Colonias extranjeras de Su Majestad Británica que se enumeran á continu-

India.
Dominio del Canadá.
Newfoundland.
Cabo de Buena Esperanza.
Natal.
Nueva Gales del Sur.
Victoria.
Queensland.
Tasmania.
Australia del Sur.
Australia del Oeste.
Nueva Zelanda.

Es entendido que las estipulaciones de la presente Convención se aplicarán á cualquiera de las sobre-dichas Colonias ó posesiones extranjeras, respecto de la que el Representante de Su Magestad Británica lo haya notificado al Gobierno del Ecuador, dentro de un año, á contar del canje de las ratificaciones de la presente Convención.

ARTICULO III.

La presente Convención será ratificada, y las ratificaciones se cangearán en Quito á la brevedad posible.

Entrará en vigor un mes después del canje de las ratificaciones, y permanecerá obligatoria hasta la expiración de un año contado desde el día en que cualquiera de las Partes notificare su intención de denunciarla.

En testimonio de lo cual los Infrascritos han firmado la misma, sellándola con sus respectivos sellos.

Hecho por duplicado, en Quito, á veinte y seis de Agosto de mil ochocientos noventa y dos.

(Firmado)

(L.S.) PEDRO JOSE
CEVALLOS.

No. 130, dated Simla, the 26th April 1893.

From—The Government of India,
To—The Secretary of State for India.

We have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Lordship's despatch No. 32 (Revenue), dated the 9th March 1893, forwarding copy of a Convention between Great Britain and Ecuador for the protection of Trade-marks, and enquiring whether we have any observations to make as to the participation therein of India.

2. We beg to state that, for reasons similar to those stated in paragraph 2 of our despatch No. 233, dated the 6th September 1892, relating to the Convention with Roumania for the protection of Trade-marks, we have no objection to the Convention with Ecuador being made applicable to India.

No. 123 (Revenue), dated India Office, London, 21st September 1893.

From—The Secretary of State for India.

To—The Government of India.

In reference to your letter No. 130 (Finance and Commerce), dated 26th April last, I forward, for the information of Your Excellency's Government, copy of a letter from the Foreign Office, and enclosures, stating that the Convention

between Great Britain and Ecuador has been made applicable to India.

Dated Foreign Office, London, the 9th September 1893.

From—The Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs,

To—The Under-Secretary of State for India.

With reference to your letter of the 8th June last, I am directed by the Secretary of State for Foreign

Mr. A. St. John, No. 11-T., dated 29th July 1893.

Affairs to transmit to you, to be laid before the Earl of Kimberley, a copy of a despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Quito respecting the accession of India to the Trade-mark Convention between Great Britain and Ecuador of the 26th August 1892.

No. 11 Treaty, dated Quito, the 29th July 1893.

From—A. St. John, Esq., Her Britannic Majesty's Minister at Quito.

To—The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

With reference to Your Lordship's despatch No. 10 of this series of the 10th ultimo, I have the honour to transmit herewith to Your Lordship copy and translation of a note I have received from the Equatorian Minister for Foreign Affairs enclosing copy of a decree, of which I also enclose a copy and translation, whereby the Trade-mark Convention between Great Britain and Ecuador of the 26th of August last is made applicable to India.

Dated Quito, the 29th July 1893.

From—Señor LIZARZABUEN, Minister for Foreign Affairs for the Republic of Ecuador,

To—Her Britannic Majesty's Minister at Quito.

With reference to the note which the Charge d'Affaires of Great Britain addressed to this Department on the 26th instant, and in accordance with Article II of the Trade-mark Convention signed on the 26th of August 1892, and ratified on the 3rd of February of this year, the English East India Colony is hereby included in the operation of the said Convention, and entitled to the privileges accruing thereunder. Let it be registered, communicated, and published.

(Signed) W. J. CUNNINGHAM,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 8241.—The following Resolution of the Government of India is republished :—

"REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

No. $\frac{15}{342}$

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department (Revenue),—dated Simla, the 26th October 1893.

Read again—

Resolution of the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department, No. 6—340—50-G., dated 8th December 1881, regarding the purposes and duties of Agricultural Departments in India.

RESOLUTION.

Circumstances having occurred during the last few years which indicate that in more than one

Province the functions of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture as a Department of Land Records have not been fully understood, the Government of India desire that the following explanation of their views and intentions in connection with this subject should be communicated to all Local Governments and Administrations.

2. The formation of the Departments was first required by the Resolution of the 8th December 1881, in which the general scheme under which effect was to be given to the recommendations of the Famine Commissioners was laid down. In the 7th paragraph it was advised that the new Departments should be in some form connected with settlement administration with the view of maintaining up to date the land-records upon which settlements were made. But it was expressly stated that—

'It is neither necessary nor advisable that the new Department should either exercise independent authority or should interfere with the responsibility

of the local officials who are at present charged with the duty of maintaining any system of agricultural records and observation. The Department may undoubtedly be utilized by the governing authorities in assisting them to control and maintain any organization required for the continuous supply of agricultural information, yet its chief duty will be to deduce from the facts and figures thus supplied those conclusions or suggestions which the Famine Commissioners have shown to be necessary to the administration of a Province.

3. The Government of India apprehend that, notwithstanding the clear injunction that no interfering authority was to be exercised by the new Department, yet that the use of the word 'control' may have led to a misapprehension on the subject. Their intention was that the Department should control the scheme under which land-records are maintained, but not the establishments or agency responsible for maintaining them. When, however, the Departments were first organized, the Directors were in some Provinces allowed to assume considerable authority over the district establishments, and they have even been permitted by some recent Provincial rules to require the punishment or dismissal of officials on the land-record staff. In such cases it has become necessary for the Government of India to request the alteration of the rules with the object of securing to the district and divisional authorities the full executive control over the establishments with which it was not intended to interfere.

4. The functions of the Director in connection with land-records may be classed under three heads—

I.—Organization.

II.—Inspection.

III.—Collation of results.

Under the first head it is his duty to bring before the superior revenue authorities proposals for the maintenance of maps and records in the most efficient and economical manner. The main objects with which land-records, including maps, are required to be kept up to date are—

- (a) to simplify and cheapen periodical settlement operations;
- (b) to provide a record-of-rights for the protection of all who hold interests in land;
- (c) to reduce, simplify, and cheapen litigation in the Revenue and Civil Courts; and
- (d) to provide statistics necessary for sound administration in all matters connected with the land.

It is the duty of the Director both to advise the superior revenue authorities under what arrangements these objects can best be attained, or in what manner the land-records establishments should be organized, trained, and tested so as to ensure the required results, and to point out from time to time any defects in the system which may have already been adopted.

5. Under the second head, Inspection, it is the duty of the Director to inspect the land-records staff and their work in each district, and to bring

to the notice of the district officer any irregularities in practice, or any shortcomings on the part of officials whose work has been inspected. In Provinces in which there is a Divisional as well as a District Officer it has been found a convenient practice for the Director to submit his notes to the latter officer, who forwards them to the Commissioner, with any orders which he may pass thereon. The Director himself is debarred from issuing any orders other than such verbal instructions and explanations on technical matters as he may communicate to the officials whose work he inspects.

Similar functions would be exercised by any Assistants to the Director. The Government of India, however, would prefer that functions of this kind should be assigned to those officials only who are of sufficient rank and status to be recognized as acting on behalf of the Director rather than as his subordinates, and that other inspecting officers, if above the position of District Inspectors, should be subordinate to the Commissioner or other controlling revenue authority rather than to the Director himself. It is apprehended that otherwise the authority of Divisional Officers may be weakened, and that proper relations between the Director and District Officers may be disturbed.

6. Under the third head little explanation of the duties of the Director is needed. The main objects which the collection of agricultural statistics was intended by the Famine Commissioners to secure must be prominently held in view. These are fully stated in the 8th, 9th, and 10th paragraphs of the Resolution of 1881, and have in subsequent resolutions and correspondence been summed up under the term 'district analysis.' In this, as in other branches of their work, no control can be exercised by the Director over the District and Divisional staff beyond drawing the attention of the authorities to any errors or shortcomings in the statistics and returns supplied to his office in accordance with rules sanctioned by the Local Government, or to any defects in agricultural circumstances and conditions which may appear to call for preventive or remedial action. His chief duty is to see that full effect is given to the instructions of Her Majesty's Secretary of State quoted in the 1st paragraph of the Resolution, viz. :—

'To secure the more complete and systematic ascertaining and rendering available of the statistics of vital, agricultural, and economic facts for every part of India in order that Government and its officers may always be in possession of an adequate knowledge of the actual condition of the country, its population, and resources.'

7. In conclusion, it is requested that a statement showing the staff employed under the direct orders of the Director of the Land Records Department and the rules prescribed for the control of the establishments connected with land-records may be submitted to the Government of India before the 1st of January next with an explanation of any departure from the principles laid down in this Resolution.

8. Nothing in this Resolution is intended to affect the duties or position of the Director of Land Records if, in addition to the office of Direc-

is entrusted with the control of settle-
the separate capacity of Settlement Com-

-Ordered, that the above Resolution be

Government of Madras. forwarded to
" " Bombay. the Local Gov-
" " Bengal. ernments and
" " the North- Admini s t r a-
Western Provinces and Oudh. tions noted in
Secretary to Government of the Punjab. the margin
Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces. for informa-
" " Burma. tion and guid-
" " Assam. ance.
Resident at Hyderabad.

Ordered also, that the above Resolution be
Chief Commissioner, Coorg. forwarded to
" " Ajmere. the adminis-
trations mar-
ginally mentioned for information.

Ordered also, that it be published in the Supple-
ment to the *Gazette of India*.

[True Extract]

(Signed) E. C. BUCK,
Secretary to the Government of India."

Bombay Castle, 13th November 1893.

No. 8805.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for inclusion in Reserved Forest, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the land specified in the subjoined schedule is required within the village of Sindola in the Mahábaleshvar Five-mile Ring, Sátára District:—

Name of Khatedar.	Survey No.	Nature of land.	Boundaries.
Dhaw bin Vitlu.	7 measur- ing 39 gunthás.	Jirát	North East South West
			Survey No. 34.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 8308.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forest in the Tásgaon Taluka of the Sátára District:—

Schedule referred to

Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g
Wasagde	223	19 22
	341	22 3
	367	7 38
		49 23

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Sátára, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 8373.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of Bombay in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipality of Bombay for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a slope and breast-wall for securing a portion of the Gibbs Road between Malabár Hill Reservoir and Govália Tank Road in the City of Bombay; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less 1,794.57 square yards and which forms a portion of the new Revenue Survey under No. 7310, bounded on the north, south and east by the ground belonging to the Trustees of the Pársi Pancháyat and on the west by Gibbs Road, is required within the aforesaid City of Bombay.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern, who are hereby warned not to obstruct or interfere with persons employed on the land.

A plan of the abovementioned plot can be seen at the office of the Collector of Land Revenue, Customs and Opium, Bombay.

No. 8390.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished:—

"FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Non-Judicial Stamps.

Exemptions, &c., under the Act.

Simla, the 7th November 1893.

No. 4917-S.R.—Whereas under the terms of the Resolution in the Finance and Commerce Department No. 3648,* dated the 13th November 1880, the Municipality of Ahmedabad has paid into the Government Treasury the sum of Rs. 100 as composition for the stamp duty chargeable on a sum of Rs. 20,000, which the said Municipality was authorised to borrow, and which is to be raised by the issue of debentures Nos. 1 to 40, dated the 1st October 1893, of Rs. 500 each, in

* Republished at page 945 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 18th November 1890.

exercise of the power conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, the Governor General in Council has exempted the said debentures from any stamp duty with which they might otherwise be chargeable, whether on issue, renewal, sub-division, or consolidation.

(Signed) J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th October 1893.

No. 117.—The following information received from the Collector and Political Agent, Kolaba, is published for general information :—

The red buoy on the north side of the "Whale Reef" off Rajpuri Point at the entrance of the Janjira harbour was replaced on the 9th instant.

Bombay Castle, 31st October 1893.

No. 118.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information :—

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST.

Rangoon River—Change in position of Western Lump Buoy.

Information has been received from the Port Officer, Rangoon, that the Western Lump Buoy in the entrance to Rangoon river has been removed and relaid 600 feet E.N.E. from its former position in 21 feet of water reduced.

The least water between the Centre Spit and Western Lump Buoys is 16 feet and Western Lump and Upper Spit Buoys 18 feet reduced.

Bombay Castle, 1st November 1893.

No. 119.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information :—

WEST COAST OF INDIA.

NORTH KANARA COAST. ...

Buoys placed in position. ...

Information has been received from the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and A'bkari

I.—313

that the following buoys were placed in position on the dates specified against them :—

Murdeshwar buoy ... 6th October 18

Bhatkal buoy ... 12th October 1

No. 120.—The following Notice to issued by the Port Officer, Rangoon, on the 26th October 1893 is published for general information :—

BAY OF BENGAL—GULF OF MARTABAN.

Rangoon River Entrance.

It is hereby notified for general information that the F. L. V. "Colombo" stationed off the spit below Elephant Point will be brought up to town on 1st November 1893 for repairs, and a schooner-rigged vessel painted red, with "Spit" in white letters on her sides, will be moored in her place.

There will be no alteration in the light.

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 121.—In continuation of Government Notification No. 113, dated 18th ultimo, the following information received from the Port Officer, Karachi, is published for general information :—

"A permanent red light has now been fixed for use at the extreme end of the Manora breakwater."

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 122.—The following Notice to Mariners issued by the Port Officer, Rangoon, on the 3rd November 1893, is published for general information :—

Notice to Mariners.

BAY OF BENGAL.

Gulf of Martaban.

Cargo boat No. 260 with mast standing and half full of water is reported drifting at the entrance of Rangoon river, and was last seen about five miles distant from the Pilot brig.

Ship Masters are warned accordingly.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM, Brigadier-General,
Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1893.

004.—The following Resolution of the Government of India, Home Department (Public) dated 4th October 1893, is republished for general information :—

“No. $\frac{33 \text{ Pub.}}{1406}$.”

from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Public),—dated Simla, the 4th October 1893.

READ—

Home Department Resolution No. $\frac{17 \text{ Public}}{2181-2183}$ dated the 10th November 1892, reviewing the reports on the results of the measures adopted for exterminating wild animals and poisonous snakes in British India during the year 1891.

Read also the following letters from Local Governments and Administrations submitting returns for the year 1892 :—

From the Government of Madras, No. 468-A., dated the 1st June 1893, and annexures; also endorsement No. 2075-A., dated 6th June 1893.

From the Government of Bombay, No. 2995, dated the 25th August 1893, and enclosures.

From the Government of Bengal, No. 2487-J., dated the 30th May 1893, and enclosure.

From the Government of North-Western Provinces and Oudh, No. 1733, dated the 17th July 1893, and enclosures.

From the Government of the Punjab, No. 741, dated the 1st July 1893, and enclosures.

From the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, No. 3645, dated the 13th May 1893, and enclosures.

From the Chief Commissioner of Burma, No. 844—1 W-1, dated the 29th April 1893, and enclosure.

From the Chief Commissioner of Assam, No. $\frac{456 \text{ Mis.}}{5316}$ G., dated the 6th April 1893, and enclosures.

From the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, No. $\frac{96}{455-305}$ dated the 21st January 1893, and enclosures.

From the Resident at Hyderabad, Nos. 110 and 140, dated the 8th April 1893, and the 20th May 1893, and enclosures.

From the Chief Commissioner of Ajmere-Merwara, No. 347, dated the 29th March 1893, and enclosure.

From the Resident in Mysore, No. $\frac{487}{23-30}$ dated the 8th February 1893, and enclosure.

RESOLUTION.

The usual statement showing the mortality caused by wild animals and venomous snakes during the year 1892, and particulars of the measures taken during the year for the destruction of such animals and snakes, is appended to this Resolution.

2. The loss of human life caused by wild animals during 1892 is compared below with that reported during 1891 :—

Province.	No. of persons killed during :	
	1891.	1892.
Madras	229 (a)	316
Bombay	80	48
Bengal	1,584	1,664
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	236	233
Punjab	65	56
Central Provinces	310	317
Burma	121	85
Assam	200	209
Coorg	3	1
Hyderabad Assigned Districts	29	31
Ajmere and Merwara	4	3
Total	2,861	2,963

(a) Revised figure furnished by the Madras Government.

The figures shown under 1891 differ slightly from those entered in the Resolution of the Government of India dated the 10th November 1892, corrections having been reported in the figures for the M^r Presidency. The Provinces in which the loss of life from this cause was highest in proportion to pop in 1892 were, as usual, Assam, the Central Provinces, and the Lower Provinces of Bengal; the mo in these Provinces was one in 25,996, one in 34,020, and one in 42,377 of the population, respec. The average result for all the Provinces taken together was a mortality of one person in every 74th the population, as compared with one person to every 77,339 in 1891. This result differs but lit that reported ten years ago; the proportion in 1882 having been one person killed to every 76,30 population, and in 1881 one person to every 72,124.

3. Altogether 19,025 deaths of human beings from snake-bite were reported in 1892 as compared with 21,389 deaths in 1891. As in previous years, the largest number of deaths from this cause occurred in Lower Bengal and the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, but in both these Provinces there was a considerable decrease in the mortality reported. The average result for all Provinces is that one person in every 11,630 of the population died from snake-bite during 1892 as compared with one person in every 10,345 in 1891. Details for each Province are shown in the following figures:—

Province.	No. of persons killed by snakes during:	
	1891.	1892.
Madras	1,433	1,455
Bombay	1,187	1,038
Bengal	10,031	9,120
North-Western Provinces and Oudh ...	6,013	4,566
Punjab	799	871
Central Provinces	1,099	999
Burma	418	543
Assam	200	208
Coorg	4	0
Hyderabad Assigned Districts... ..	145	189
Ajmere and Merwara	51	35
Bangalore	0	1
Total	21,389	19,025

It is satisfactory that the number of deaths from snake-bite in 1892 is considerably less than that reported in any of the last three years; in 1889 and 1890 the number of deaths amounted to 22,480 and 21,361 respectively, but the average number of deaths a year between 1879 and 1888 was 19,686. The decrease in 1892 can, at present only, be regarded as accidental and temporary.

Altogether 81,668 head of cattle are reported to have been destroyed by wild beasts and snakes as compared with 70,822 in 1891; but these figures can hardly be accepted as having much value.

4. The number of wild beasts destroyed is returned at 15,988 as compared with 16,518 in 1891; the total amounts paid as rewards for their destruction was Rs. 1,07,974 against Rs. 1,06,478 in 1891. The number of snakes returned as destroyed in 1892 was 84,789 as compared with 85,159 in 1891; and the amount of the rewards paid for their destruction was Rs. 9,741 as compared with Rs. 9,163. The statistics of the destruction of snakes are not of much practical value; but it is noticed that in the Bombay Presidency the number of snakes killed in 1889 and 1890 was returned as over 400,000, while in 1892 the number, exclusive of 6,900 snakes killed in Sind without reward, has fallen to 292. Nearly all this decrease has taken place in the Sâtara and Ratnâgiri Districts; and it is said to be due to the reduction from six pice to one pie of the reward for *phursas* in Sâtara, and in Ratnâgiri to the grant of rewards for the destruction of snakes being restricted to the months immediately preceding the breeding season. These changes in the system of granting rewards have, it is explained, discouraged professional snake-catchers from going into the jungle and seeking out snakes, especially during the month immediately following the breeding season, when the young snakes are helpless and less poisonous and can be caught with comparatively little trouble.

5. The number of gun-licenses issued free of cost for the purpose of destroying wild animals remained about the same as in the previous year—69,310 as compared with 69,133. These figures, of course, only include licenses issued expressly for the purpose of destroying wild animals and protecting crops; they do not include the ordinary licenses, which are issued in large numbers on payment of a very small fee.

6. The measures which should be taken for reducing the lamentable mortality caused by wild beasts and snakes have been described at length in the Resolutions issued by the Government of India in the last three years; and there is nothing new to be said. As regards the prevention of mortality by wild beasts, the measures recommended by the Government of India, briefly stated, are that all possible facilities should be given for: obtaining rewards for wild beasts killed, and that Police or Revenue officers in outlying parts

et should, where practicable, be empowered to grant rewards; that arrangements should be made imely offer of special rewards in the case of animals which have begun to take human life or even a practice of attacking cattle; that shooting parties should be encouraged and assisted by local specially in the killing of animals which have shown destructive tendencies; and that licenses Arms Act should be freely given. The reports show that these recommendations have been kept Local Governments and Administrations; and it does not appear practicable to take any further measures for reducing the mortality from this cause. The number of human beings killed by wild cover, though it appears large in the aggregate, is comparatively small relatively to population.

the mortality from snake-bite is far greater, and more difficult for the authorities to deal the Resolution dated the 4th December 1890, the Government of India reviewed in detail the measures which had been adopted under this head in previous years, and came to the conclusion that no system of granting rewards for snakes was likely to have any appreciable effect in reducing the mortality from snake-bite. Much good can be done by removing the jungle and undergrowth which afford cover for snakes in village sites. This measure was recommended by the Government of India in 1890, and it is now engaging the attention of Local Governments and Administrations; in order that it may be carried out on a basis likely to be successful, it is desirable that those villages in particular should be singled out for the experiment in which deaths have actually occurred from snake-bite on the village site, and it contains any dense jungle and undergrowth which is readily removable. In last year's Resolution it was suggested that pictures of poisonous snakes should be procured and circulated in districts where such snakes are common, so that the people might learn to know and readily identify those snakes which are really poisonous. Applications have been received from several Local Governments in reply to this suggestion, and will be forwarded to the Secretary of State in due course, with a request that the pictures asked for may be struck off and sent out. The Government of India will also be ready to forward to the Secretary of State any applications which private gentlemen may desire to make for these pictures: such applications should be submitted through the Local Government. For the rest, the Government of India must leave it to the people themselves to take such steps as are practicable for destroying snakes and diminishing the mortality from snake-bite. Although the Government of India are not prepared to press Local Governments and Administrations to adopt any general system of giving rewards for snakes, it is possible that in some localities a system of rewards will be found to be efficacious. In such cases the Local Governments and Administrations have entire discretion to grant, or to authorize or encourage local bodies to grant, money rewards for snakes destroyed. In the Bombay Presidency it appears that the reduction of the amounts granted and other restrictions in the system of rewards have actually had the effect of discouraging people who formerly made a practice of destroying poisonous snakes; and it is for consideration whether the former system of rewards should not be reverted to, wholly or with modifications, in that Presidency or in any other localities in which similar changes may have been made with the same result. This and similar questions, however, can in all cases be best decided by the Local Governments and officers on the spot.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to Local Governments and Administrations for information and guidance, and that it be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

Also that a copy be communicated to the Foreign Department.

(True extract.)

(Signed) C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India."

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 4060.—It is hereby notified that Government will re-assemble at Bombay on Saturday the 2nd December 1893.

No. 4067.—The following telegram from the Political Resident, Turkish Arabia, and Her Britannic Majesty's Consul General, Bagdad, dated 13th November 1893, is published for general information :—

"Ten days' quarantine imposed on arrivals from Bassorah."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1893.

No. 54.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished :—

"Simla, the 2nd November 1893.

No. 423.

No. 2873-G., dated 2nd November 1893.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Special rules for the retirement of officers of the Engineer Establishment of the Public Works Department.

Read—

Despatch to the Secretary of State No. 65 P. W. dated 2nd November 1892.

Despatch from the Secretary of State No. 31 P. W., dated 27th July 1893.

Resolution by the Government of India, Public Works Department, No. 2523 G., dated 28th September 1893.

RESOLUTION.—In the Resolution read above, the Governor General in Council was pleased to promulgate certain rules and orders regulating the organisation of the grades, the grade pay, and the promotion of Executive and Assistant Engineers of the Public Works Department. The Governor General in Council is now pleased, with the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to publish the following rules permitting the retirement on special pensions of certain officers of the same establishment who entered the Department of Public Works in the years 1874 to 1881 :—

- (i) A certain number of Civil Engineers who joined the service in the years 1874 to 1881 inclusive shall be eligible, after completion of 15 years' total service, to retire with the pension due under the rules applicable to

them, and an additional pension of of their ordinary pension, up to a of Rs. 4,000 per annum.

Provided that no officer who was appointed to the Department below that of Assistant Engineer and who shall not have completed 31st December 1893, 12 years' service from the date of promotion to that grade, shall be eligible for retirement on these terms.

Provided also that no officer on foreign service shall be eligible for retirement on these terms.

- (ii) The Government of India reserve to themselves absolutely the right to refuse the application of any officer to retire under these terms, and to exercise that right without specifying reasons.
- (iii) Subject to rules (i) and (ii), a number not exceeding one-third of the total number of officers on each of the several lists eligible under the terms stated, and also not exceeding in the aggregate 110 men, may be allowed to retire.
- (iv) Applications for leave to retire must be made as follows :
 - (1) By those who have completed 15 years' total service, or more, on the date of this Resolution, within three months of that date.
 - (2) By those who have not completed 15 years' total service on the date of this Resolution,—within three months of the day on which they shall have completed 15 years' total service.
- (v) All applications to retire under these orders must be forwarded to the Government of India for orders through the several Local Governments, with the recommendations of the latter.

The Governments of Madras and Bombay, Public Works Department, General and Railway Branches.

The Governments of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab.

The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, Assam and Coorg.

The Resident at Hyderabad.

The Agents to the Governor General for Rajputana, Central India and Baluchistan.

The Accountant General, Public Works Department.

The Director General of Railways.

The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Central Division, Lucknow and Assam.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the Local Governments, Administrations, and Officers noted on the margin for information and guidance, and that it be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India.*"

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. D. CRUICKSHANK, Colonel, R. E.,

Acting Secretary to Government.

No. 13232 OF 1893-94.

A. ACWORTH, ESQUIRE, C. S.,

Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay;

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,

General Department.

*Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 2nd October 1893.*

SIR,—I have the honour to request on behalf of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, under Act III of 1888, the favour of sanction of Government to the raising from the public of a loan of Rupees Twenty-five and a quarter lakhs for the construction of Drainage and Water Works, Roads, Stables, Chawls, &c., &c., as per accompanying statement, which gives the particulars required by Rule 5 of the rules relating to loans so raised.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. A. ACWORTH,

Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Statement showing particulars pursuant to Rule 5 of the Rules published by the Government of India for the raising of Loans by Local Authorities.

I.—The loan is required for the construction of works as per Statement A attached. The estimate of the cost of the works is Rs. 25,16,758, or say Rs. 25½ lakhs.

II.—The amount which it is proposed to borrow is 25½ lakhs.

III.—It is proposed to borrow the said sum on the security of the general revenue of the Bombay Municipality, aggregating over 62 lakhs (excluding the item of nominal profit on stock adjustment) on the average of the three years ending 1892-93, as per Supplementary Statement B hereto annexed, the last year's income being over Rs. 66½ lakhs.

IV.—The laws under which funds, duties, taxes, rates, cesses, &c., are levied, received or held are Act IV of 1857 and Bombay Acts VI of 1863, V of 1878 and III of 1888.

V.—It is proposed to raise the loan in three instalments as under:—

1st—13 lakhs before 31st January 1894.

2nd—10 lakhs between 1st July and 31st December 1894.

3rd—2½ lakhs between 1st July and 31st December 1895.

VI.—The loan is required for a period not exceeding 40 years. Interest will be paid half-yearly at 4 per cent. per annum (Rs. 50,500 + 50,500 = 1,01,000 per annum) and a sum of Rs. 27,000 will be annually set aside from 1st July 1896 as a Sinking Fund, which with interest accumulations at 4 per cent. will pay off the whole loan on 1st July 1935 (in not more than eighty instalments).

VII.—The yearly proceeds of each separate source of income are shown in the Supplemental Statement B hereto annexed.

VIII.—All expenditure incurred by the Municipality in each of the three years 1890-91, 1891-92 and 1892-93 is shown in the Supplemental Statement C hereto annexed.

IX.—All existing prior charges upon the funds of the Municipality are shown in the Supplemental Statement D hereto annexed.

H. A. ACWORTH,

Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

STATEMENT A.

<i>Drainage.</i>						Rs.
1	Pumps and Steam Engines required for the working of the Love Grove Pumping Station	...	...	...	...	4,60,948
2	Sewerage of Colába	...	...	...	...	7,09,608
3	Storm water drains, &c., in different places	...	...	...	...	24,519
4	Do. in Gilder and Club Streets and Connaught, Sussex, Souther and Morland Roads	...	...	...	...	1,80,204
5	Miscellaneous Extensions and Improvements of Drains	...	...	...	...	36,871
6	Umarkhári Sewerage and Branch Sewers	...	...	...	...	3,49,959
						17,62,109
<i>Water Works.</i>						
7	Covering storage basin of the Bhandúr wáda Reservoir and constructing Filters over it	...	...	...	...	1,15,500
8	Extension of Water Mains in various places	...	...	...	...	30,000
9	Further alterations and improvements at the Malabár Hill Reservoir	...	...	...	...	75,000
10	Road from Vehár to Tulsi...	...	...	...	...	25,000
						2,45,500
<i>Roads.</i>						
11	Wari Bandar Bridge	...	...	...	...	1,32,652
12	Falkland Road Bridge	...	...	...	...	22,000
						1,54,652
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>						
13	Health Department Stables in F and G Wards	...	...	...	...	78,744
14	Do. Biggáries' Chawl at Bori Bandar	...	...	...	...	66,000
15	Purchase of Land on the Flats	...	...	...	...	1,50,000
16	Halálkhor Chawl in F and G Wards	...	...	...	...	33,111
17	Stabling for Bullocks at the Girgaon Night Soil Depót	...	...	...	...	26,642
						3,54,497
Total Rupees						25,16,758
Or, say, Rupees						25,25,000

STATEMENT B.

Income.

Particulars.	Actuals for 1890-91.			Actuals for 1891-92.			Actuals for 1892-93.			Total.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
General Tax at 8 per cent. (including Government and Port Trust Contributions) ...	15,64,962	4	0	17,55,081	8	3	17,73,501	3	3	50,93,514	15	6
Additional at $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. for Fire Brigade Charges ...	1,25,345	0	0	1,64,263	13	2	1,63,838	0	0	4,55,446	13	2
	16,90,277	4	0	19,19,345	5	5	19,39,339	3	3	55,48,961	12	8
Wheel Tax and Tolls ...	3,56,647	15	4	3,42,973	3	7	3,44,905	6	0	10,44,526	8	11
Town Duties... ..	9,79,519	10	1	8,40,223	1	3	9,73,928	3	0	27,93,669	14	4
Licenses:—												
(a) Dangerous and Offensive Trades ...	28,500	0	0	45,872	0	0	48,184	0	0	1,22,556	0	0
(b) Streets and Buildings ...	2,460	0	0	2,860	0	0	2,900	0	0	8,220	0	0
(c) Land Conveyance, Music, &c., Licenses ...	29,491	10	0	26,368	8	0	28,292	1	0	84,152	3	0
Receipts from Government for Liquor Licenses..	1,43,750	0	0	1,43,750	0	0	1,43,750	0	0	4,31,250	0	0
Do. do. for Tobacco Duty ...	1,80,283	15	9	1,86,150	14	0	1,86,703	1	1	5,53,137	14	10
Halalkhor Tax ...	5,27,222	2	0	5,55,877	3	1	6,22,199	14	8	17,05,299	3	9
Market Receipts ...	3,29,276	0	8	3,46,105	2	7	3,57,035	2	1	10,32,416	5	4
Public Gardens ...	30,371	11	7	8,723	12	5	6,967	4	3	46,092	12	3
Tramway Rent ...	36,192	3	10	36,192	3	10	36,192	3	10	1,08,576	11	6
Miscellaneous Fines... ..	7,569	3	0	13,879	3	1	17,541	10	6	38,990	0	7
Do. Receipts ...	1,21,859	0	5	1,30,792	14	9	1,25,082	7	8	3,77,734	6	10
Do. Fees... ..	39,951	6	7	41,856	6	7	50,041	14	1	1,31,849	11	3
Do. Savings ...	50	4	9	2,094	3	6	3,506	5	6	5,650	13	9
Contribution from Municipal Serrants towards Pension, &c., Fund ...	14,820	5	2	15,299	12	10	16,148	5	9	46,268	7	9
Interest and Profit on Loan and Reserve Fund Investments ...	1,45,621	15	4	1,99,733	8	6	3,22,696	4	1	6,68,051	11	11
Interest and Profit on Municipal Building Fund Investment ...	28,281	13	1	27,904	15	5	.....			56,186	12	6
Interest on 5 per cent. Municipal Loans Sinking Fund Investment ...	12,402	9	9	15,814	10	5	20,757	1	3	48,974	5	5
Interest on the Municipal Buildings Fire Insurance Fund ...	113	4	5	274	8	0	386	4	0	774	0	5
Actual profit on sale of Stores to Contractors, &c. ...	7,321	12	4	872	6	9	8,701	10	11	16,895	11	0
Profit on Municipal Workshops ...	.....			312	2	2	2,817	4	1	3,129	6	3
	47,11,984	4	1	49,03,275	2	2	52,58,105	11	0	1,48,73,365	1	3
Water-tax and other Miscellaneous Water Works Revenue ...	11,49,198	2	3	11,81,428	10	0	14,07,081	4	11	37,37,708	1	2
	58,61,182	6	4	60,84,703	12	2	66,65,186	15	11	1,86,11,073	2	5
Nominal profit on Stock adjusted ...	72,175	7	0	37,167	1	10	7,756	2	6	1,17,098	11	4
Grand Total ...	59,33,357	13	4	61,21,870	14	0	66,72,943	2	5	1,87,28,171	13	9

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

SORABJI NAVARAJI COOPER,
Chief Accountant.

STATEMENT C.

Expenditure.

Particulars.	Actuals for 1890-91.		Actuals for 1891-92.		Actuals for 1892-93.		Total
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.
General Superintendence—							
Corporation and Standing Committee's Establishment ...	50,210	5 3	53,974	7 4	55,535	8 11	1,59,7
Municipal Commissioner's Personal Office Establishment ...	54,159	1 1	57,308	0 1	53,448	5 7	1,64,6...
General Office Establishment ...	22,667	15 10	22,410	13 8	25,217	8 1	70,296 5 7
Account and Expenditure Audit Establishment ...	53,160	6 0	57,334	11 3	56,718	6 4	1,69,213 7 7
Assessment and Collection Department—							
Property and Wheel Tax Establishment ...	1,27,664	0 3	1,32,622	8 7	1,42,440	11 9	4,02,736 4 7
Town Duty Collection ...	53,056	4 3	62,464	7 9	58,862	6 9	1,74,383 2 9
Tolls Collection ...	1,680	0 0	1,680	0 0	1,680	0 0	5,040 0 0
Licensing Establishment ...	21,903	13 11	23,278	4 10	26,581	6 2	71,763 8 11
Revenue and Refund Audit Office Establishment ...	19,550	4 0	20,957	4 10	22,548	15 4	63,056 8 2
Fire Brigade ...	1,29,291	0 4	88,671	4 4	1,47,693	15 7	3,65,656 4 3
Maintenance of Public Gardens—							
Victoria Gardens ...	51,792	9 7	56,221	11 0	60,646	11 1	1,68,660 15 8
Do. New Works ...	26,095	13 6	8,187	0 3	24,313	2 2	58,595 15 11
Elphinstone Circle Garden ...	4,322	10 7	4,463	13 4	3,716	9 2	12,503 1 1
Falkland Road Garden ...	508	14 8	522	15 5	490	12 3	1,522 10 4
Northbrook Garden ...	1,862	4 5	2,683	12 8	2,676	6 10	7,222 7 11
Sir C. Jehangir Mahim Garden ...	452	15 4	498	3 1	489	1 10	1,440 4 3
Bazar Gate Street Garden ...	877	5 0	928	5 4	957	11 6	2,763 5 10
Garden on the Flats ...	1,004	12 7	1,127	12 11	1,305	6 9	3,438 0 3
Dick's Tank Garden ...	230	4 11	309	5 4	408	6 11	948 1 2
Malabar Hill Garden ...	636	14 1	2,281	8 9	1,960	4 9	4,893 11 7
Municipal Engineer's Department—							
General Supervision and Miscellaneous Duties.	37,199	10 0	38,603	1 9	40,676	5 6	1,16,479 1 3
Drainage—							
Miscellaneous Drainage ...	88,936	11 8	92,828	15 10	1,01,684	11 10	2,83,450 7 4
Maintenance of Love Grove Pumping Station ...	1,23,628	3 2	82,176	4 10	1,00,074	7 3	3,07,878 15 3
Maintenance of Shuies ...	8,500	6 11	6,409	8 2	4,038	12 5	18,948 11 6
Maintenance of Carnac Bandar Night-soil Pumping Station ...	8,305	3 7	5,602	0 0	7,627	0 7	21,534 4 2
Water-works Maintenance ...	1,65,785	11 3	1,64,133	12 5	2,00,181	15 6	5,30,101 7 2
Streets and Buildings—							
Inspection and Supervision ...	79,557	1 11	82,722	9 8	85,362	8 5	2,47,642 4 0
Public Lighting ...	3,03,882	2 1	3,14,401	6 0	2,99,414	9 4	9,17,698 1 5
Road-watering ...	72,549	11 0	78,967	9 3	66,086	3 8	2,17,603 7 11
Road Repairs and Maintenance ...	4,04,963	10 0	4,34,940	4 4	4,37,267	9 9	12,77,171 8 1
Street Improvements ...	1,66,982	1 1	1,32,725	7 0	1,38,544	13 9	4,38,252 5 10
Cleaning, Lighting and Repairing Port Trust Wharf Roads ...	47,123	8 0	37,642	0 0	37,642	0 0	1,22,407 8 0
New works ...	77,084	6 5	1,09,314	0 1	1,53,910	13 11	3,40,309 4 5
Survey for the completion of the Surface Drainage Scheme ...	2,000	0 5	5,250	5 8	.....		7,250 6 1
Public Health Department—							
General Supervision ...	44,802	14 7	42,028	14 8	43,400	4 11	1,30,232 2 2
Conservancy Branch ...	10,40,378	6 9	10,27,348	9 2	10,32,322	0 5	31,00,049 0 4
Markets and Slaughtering-houses ...	1,20,650	9 10	1,23,330	3 1	1,26,045	6 5	3,70,026 3 4
Registration of Births and Deaths ...	19,865	10 3	18,225	11 10	19,643	6 3	57,734 12 4
Cemeteries ...	5,406	13 4	5,304	1 2	6,386	15 4	17,097 13 10
Laboratory ...	294	12 0	266	14 6	266	7 3	828 1 9
Mahalakshmi Dhobiwada ...	26,113	13 0	31,592	7 2	32,113	11 1	89,819 15 3
Infectious Diseases ...	6,436	8 0	2,976	7 3	9,499	14 8	18,912 13 11
Milch-cattle Stables and Rooms ...	8,276	1 2	10,367	0 6	11,005	11 10	29,648 13 6
Tank Conservancy ...	5,608	0 4	5,850	15 4	5,733	6 4	17,192 6 7
Rustomji Jamsetji Dharmshala, Falkland Road ...	.....		.....		188	14 7	188 14 7
Vaccination Contribution to Government ...	15,259	4 10	16,062	15 4	14,956	5 0	46,278 9 2
Census ...	8,971	4 2	9,174	7 11	.....		18,145 12 1
Police Charges ...	2,58,285	7 0	2,58,285	7 0	3,63,345	0 0	8,79,915 14 0
Alteration in the Paydhuani Police Station ...	.....		.....		280	7 10	280 7 10
Education—							
Primary Education ...	39,500	0 0	51,300	0 0	55,220	0 0	1,46,020 0 0
School for Deaf and Dumb Mutes ...	1,800	0 0	1,650	0 0	1,950	0 0	5,400 0 0
Veterinary College ...	2,509	0 0	2,500	0 0	2,500	0 0	7,500 0 0
Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute ...	10,000	0 0	10,000	0 0	10,000	0 0	30,000 0 0
Victoria and Albert Museum ...	9,428	14 1	9,968	6 11	12,447	12 4	31,845 1 4
Joint Schools Committee Establishment ...	5,417	2 5	5,303	4 7	5,447	9 7	16,163 0 7

Particulars.	Actuals for 1890-91.	Actuals for 1891-92.	Actuals for 1892-93.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Hospitals, &c.—				
Kuldas Tejpal Hospital	32,405 13 4	35,163 9 4	32,698 2 6	1,00,267 9 2
For Sulleman's Dispensary	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	9,000 0 0
Class Leper Asylum at Mátranga	3,194 11 11	12,120 3 3	13,877 11 6	29,192 10 8
Gratuities —				
Gratuities and Compassionate Allowances	32,117 1 8	33,889 13 0	29,845 3 9	95,852 2 5
Discretionary Contingencies	4,526 3 9	10,968 12 8	6,439 13 11	21,934 14 4
Auditor's Allowance	8,000 0 0	9,500 0 0	10,000 0 0	27,500 0 0
Rent of Municipal Office	19,000 0 0	35,487 11 2	31,043 12 0	85,531 7 2
Election expenses	530 2 2	7,623 1 1	499 6 0	8,652 9 3
Payment to Government in settlement of the extra charges arising out of the construction of the Byculla Bridge ... ..	.....	6,356 0 9	.....	6,356 0 9
Cost of insuring for one year the new Municipal Office Building ... ..	.....	656 4 0	.....	656 4 0
Cost of engrossing on vellum and of binding the Address of Condolence to Her Majesty the Queen-Empress on the death of H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale and of telegraphing the purport of the address ... ..	.....	146 10 0	260 0 0	406 10 0
Loss on account of private works irrecoverable bills	6,649 10 6	375 9 0	.....	7,025 3 6
Fee to Mr. Manesergh for advising the Municipality on relative merits of steel and iron water mains ... ..	.....	.....	4,262 2 6	4,262 2 6
Loss on account of Municipal Workshops (the 25 per cent. charges over actuals not covering cost of shop, supervision and repairs, &c., charges)	4,072 7 2	.....	.....	4,072 7 2
Remuneration and travelling and other expenses to Mr. Baldwin Latham whilst engaged in advising on the question of the drainage of Bombay	2,370 13 4	.....	.....	2,370 13 4
Cost of Survey for a scheme for the removal of Town Sweepings	1,164 5 11	.....	.....	1,164 5 11
Contribution towards the cost of entertainment on the occasion of the return visit of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales	9,478 4 3	.....	.....	9,478 4 3
Cost of illumination of the Address presented to H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales and of the Casket to contain the same	4 6 0	.....	.....	4 6 0
Cost of engrossing and enclosing farewell Addresses from the Corporation to H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales, K.G., K.P., H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, K.G., and H. E. the Right Honourable Lord Reay, G.C.I.E., on the occasion of their departure from India, and address of welcome to the Right Honourable Lord Harris, Governor of Bombay	1,717 2 4	.....	.....	1,717 2 4
	39,68,872 15 2	39,70,467 5 0	42,44,892 7 8	1,21,84,232 11 10
Municipal Debt—				
Interest on Loans	11,63,352 5 9	12,40,316 8 10	17,23,715 12 5	41,27,384 11 0
Charges on Loans	7,747 3 10	9,632 8 6	11,066 14 6	28,446 10 10
Payment towards the reduction of Debt Do. do. Investment of Sinking Fund	3,42,177 8 11	2,52,591 2 11	2,73,643 6 7	8,68,412 2 5
Do. do. Interest accrued on Sinking Fund ... ..	.....	1,19,050 0 0	1,68,050 0 0	2,87,100 0 0
	15,13,277 2 6	16,37,404 14 8	21,97,233 2 9	53,47,915 3 11
	54,82,150 1 8	56,07,872 3 8	64,42,125 10 5	1,75,32,147 15 9
Investment—				
Municipal Building Fund	28,906 13 1	27,904 15 5	.....	56,811 12 6
Municipal Building Fire Insurance Fund	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	9,000 0 0
Interest realized on Fire Insurance Fund	113 4 5	274 8 0	386 4 0	774 0 5
Interest on Tansa Loan Interest Fund	38,861 4 11	31,634 5 8	.....	70,495 10 7
Worn-out Main Renewal Fund Investment ... ..	.....	.....	1,00,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0
	70,881 6 5	62,813 13 1	1,03,386 4 0	2,37,081 7 6
Grand Total	55,53,031 8 1	56,70,686 0 9	65,45,511 14 5	1,77,69,229 7 3

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

SORABJI NAVAROJI COOPER,
Chief Accountant.

STATEMENT D.

Statement showing the exact amount of money owed by the MUNICIPALITY, the ANNUAL LIABILITIES (INTEREST AND SINKING FUND) on account of various LOANS, and the dates on which the LOANS will be liquidated.

Nature of Loan.	Principal.	For what time.	Rate of interest.	Balance on 31st March 1893.	Date of re-payment.	At the date of re-payment.
	Rs.			Rs. a. p.		Rs. p.
House Rate and Market Loans of Rs. 17,38,000 (1897-98).	....	....	....	Fully paid off with the exception of Debentures for only Rs. 1,000, which sum has been deposited with the Bank of Bombay and will be paid off next year.	....	....
Bank's Commission for payment of Interest at Rs. 4,000 for a crore..	....	....	....	....	....	2 000
Miscellaneous Loan Charges ..	....	....	....	....	....	....
Vehar Water Works Debt ..	37,30,053	60 years from 1st January 1893.	4 per cent..	25,71,581 3 7	31st December 1952.	1,14,000
The new Consolidated Tulsī Loan ..	58,40,000	30 years ..	4½ per cent..	43,65,048 6 0	....	....
The Drainage Loan of 1878 ..	26,94,000	Not exceeding 40 years.	5 per cent..	22,59,500 0 0	1st January 1918.	1,56,850
The 44 Lakhs Sanitary Works Loan (Rs. 15,00,000 + 8,12,000 + 20,88,000).	44,00,000	Do. ..	Do. ..	38,99,000 0 0	1st July 1925 ..	37,000
The Tansa Water Works Loan of 1 crore and 47 lakhs— Raised in 1896-97.. Rs. 17,00,000 " 1897-98.. " 30,00,000 " 1898-99.. " 25,00,000 " 1899-00.. " 25,00,000 " 1900-01.. " 25,00,000 " 1901-02.. " 25,00,000	1,47,00,000	{ Not exceeding 60 years from 1st January 1893. }	Do. ..	1,47,60,500 0 0	Between 1st January 1928 and 1st January 1953.	900
Sanitary Works Loan of 1897-98 ..	7,60,000	Not exceeding 40 years.	Do. ..	47,01,000 0 8	1st February 1928.	1,900
12 Lakhs Loan for Queen's Road Sewerage Works and Water-supply Improvement ..	12,00,000	Do. ..	Do. ..	112,00,000 0 0	1st January 1928.	71 010
Loan of Rs. 10,08,500 for Markets and other Miscellaneous Works ..	10,08,500	Do. ..	Do. ..	10,08,500 0 0	1st October 1928.	59,025
Loan for House Sullage Water Connections, Agripada ..	2,48,000	Do. ..	Do. ..	22,48,000 0 0	1st July 1929 ..	11,800
35 Lakhs various Sanitary Works Loan ..	35,00,000	Do. ..	Do. ..	35,00,000 0 0	1st July 1930 ..	2,04,000
Municipal Building Loan of Rs. 8 Lakhs..	8,00,000	Do. ..	Do. ..	18,00,000 0 0	1st July 1931 ..	47,000
Loan of 4½ Lakhs for Fire Brigade quarters and stations, of which the balance of Rs. 2 lakhs will be raised before 31st December 1893 ..	4,50,000	Not exceeding 39 years.	4 per cent..	2,50,000 0 0	1st January 1923.	26,100
Loan for repayment of Balance of the Government Consolidated Loan ..	42,00,000	Do. ..	Do. ..	....	1st July 1923 ..	2,43,500
Total ..	4,31,70,553			3,55,01,629 10 4		20,23,775

* The balance of this Loan has been fully liquidated on 1st July 1893 as sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 1969, dated 6th June 1893, General Department, by raising a loan of Rs. 42,00,000 from the Public at 4 per cent.

† The amounts raised are repayable as follows:—

Rs. 2,00,000 on 1st January 1928.
" 50,00,000 on 1st January 1933.
" 25,00,000 on 1st January 1943.
" 17,00,000 on 1st January 1946.
" 10,00,000 on 1st January 1948.
" 43,00,000 on 1st January 1953.

Rs. 1,47,00,000

‡ The invested Sinking Fund on account of these loans up to 31st March 1893 amounted Rs. 6,13,251-15-0.

H. A. ACWORTH,

Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

SORABJI NAVARAJI COOPER,

Chief Accountant.

GENERAL ORDERS

By the Right Honourable the
Governor in Council.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bay Castle, 11th November 1893.

54^o—Second Lieutenant R. L. Benwell, *regt. Guards*, is appointed a Probationer in the Indian Staff Corps in the Bombay Presidency with effect from the 3rd November 1893.

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 544.—The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave on private affairs till 1st February 1894, when he will join the Staff College:—
Captain C. M. Ducat, Indian Staff Corps.

No. 545.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* dated 24th October 1893, pages 5955 and 5956, is republished:—

"Memoranda.

* * * *

Indian Army.

The undermentioned Major-Generals are transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:—
Charles Sheppey Sturt, Bombay Infantry.
Dated 30th September 1893.

* * * *

Indian Staff Corps.

The undermentioned Colonels are transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:—
Reginald Bythell. Dated 2nd October 1893.

* * * *

INDIA OFFICE, 24th October 1893.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Medical Service and admissions to the Staff Corps made by the Governments in India:

Indian Staff Corps.

* * * *

Captains to be Majors.

* * * *

Dated 9th August 1893.

* * * *

Harry Everard Passy.

* * * *

Arthur Mackworth Monteith.

* * * *

Lieutenants to be Captains.

* * * *

Dated 2nd August 1893.

Ralph Wise Nicholson.

* * * *

To be Lieutenants.

* * * *

Second Lieutenant Charles Henry Alexander from the Northamptonshire Regiment. Dated 12th October 1891.

* * * *

The Queen has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned officer to the Half-pay List:

Captain Robert Percy Sanders Barnett, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 26th September 1893.

* * * *

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 546.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 1052 dated 10th November 1893, is republished:—

"ARMY STAFF.

No. 1052.—Colonel T. B. Tyler, Royal Artillery, to be Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery. Dated 28th October 1893."

No. 547.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 1055 dated 10th November 1893, is republished:—

"MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

No. 1055.—The following promotions are made, with effect from the date specified, vice Mr. J. Jones, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st Class, deceased:

Names.	From	To	Date.
Lieutenant P. G. Shewell, Indian Staff Corps.	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.	Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.	31st October 1893."
Lieutenant H. N. Waymouth, Indian Staff Corps.	Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class.	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.	
Lieutenant C. N. Baker, Indian Staff Corps.	....	Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, on probation.	

No. 548.—The following General Order by the Government of India, No. 1058 dated 10th November 1893, is republished:—

"Staff Corps.

No. 1058.—Lieutenant Herbert Cheselden Wooldridge, Worcestershire Regiment, officiating Wing Officer, 23rd Bombay Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 6th April 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India."

No. 549.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India No. 1059, dated 10th November 1893, is republished:—

"No. 1059.—The undermentioned officers appointed to the unattached list of the British Army for service in the Indian Staff Corps are posted as follows, with effect from the date of their arrival in India:

* * * *

Bombay.

Second-Lieutenants—

K. L. W. Mackenzie.

A. K. Heyland.

E. W. Waddington.

A. L. Barrett.

J. E. B. Johnson."

No. 550.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India No. 1064, dated 10th November 1893, is republished:—

"PROMOTIONS.

No. 1064. — The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

* * * *

Charles Edward Yate, C.S.I., C.M.G.,—9th November 1893."

No. 551.—The following appointment is made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor:—

Lieutenant R. M. Poore, 7th Hussars, to officiate as Aide-de-Camp vice Captain Fowle, resigned.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM, Brigadier-General,
Secretary to Government.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 38.—The furlough on medical certificate for six months granted to the Reverend F. N. Hill, M.A., Junior Chaplain, Bombay, by Government Notification No. 23, dated 29th June 1893, has been extended by the Secretary of State for India by one month with effect from 1st January 1894.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM,
Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 6747.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information:—

"Simla, the 9th November 1893.

No. 1851-G.—With reference to Foreign Department Notification No. 1167-G, dated the 6th July 1893, Mr. F. Masotti, Consul for Belgium at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 23rd October 1893.

(Signed) H. DALY, Captain,
for Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 7125.—Under [Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Mr. A. W. G. Chuckerbutty, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Bijapur, with the following additional power, being one of the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—

Power to commit for trial (Section 206).

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 7137.—Rao Sahib Bhagwandas Ramji Gujar, acting Mamlatdar of taluka Pen in the district of Kolaba, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 7149.—Mr. Bhojraj Shewakram is appointed under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to be Clerk of the District Court of Hyderabad during the absence of Mr. Dayaram Udhavdas on deputation, or pending further orders.

No. 7150.—Mr. C. F. G. Lester, Superintendent of Police, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India a further extension for three months of the leave on medical certificate granted to him in Government Notification No. 2953, dated the 3rd June 1892.

No. 7153.—Azam Gurmukhdas Khialdas, Head Munshi of taluka Sanghar in the district of Thar and Parkar, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 2502.—The Honourable Mr. R. G. Oxenham and Mr. K. M. Chatfield respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Director of Public Instruction on the 6th instant, before noon.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th November 1893.

No. 8218.—Mr. F. B. Young, Divisional Inspector, Land Records and Agriculture, C. D., is on furlough for one year from such date in March 1894 as he may avail himself of it.

Bombay Castle, 11th November 1893.

No. 8275.—Vinayak Shankar, officiating Kul-karni of mauze Pangri, taluka Akola in the Ahmednagar Collectorate, having been convicted under Section 420 of the Indian Penal Code, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

Bombay Castle, 13th November 1893.

No. 8291.—Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Bombay District.

Mr. Mahadev Venkatesh, officiating Sub-Registrar of Bombay, on 26th September 1893.

Ahmedabad District.

Mr. Dayabhai Girdhar, officiating Sub-Registrar of Dholka, from 25th to 27th September 1893.

Kaira District.

Mr. Karamchand Jechand, officiating Sub-Registrar of A'nanad, from 10th to 14th and from 17th to 20th September 1893.

Mr. Mansukram Valavdas, officiating Sub-Registrar of Kapadvanj, on 17th and 18th September 1893.

Mr. Chumilal Harjivan, officiating Sub-Registrar of Mahudha, from 18th to 24th September 1893.

Ahmednagar District.

Mr. Gopal Narayan, officiating Sub-Registrar of Pärner, from 12th August to 11th October 1893.

Mr. Krishnaji Gururao, officiating Sub-Registrar of Shevgaon, from 9th to 14th September 1893.

Mr. Purushotam Narayan, officiating Sub-Registrar of Karjat, from 2nd to 8th October 1893.

Nasik District.

Mr. Pandurang Tukaram, officiating Sub-Registrar of Sinnar, from 14th to 17th September 1893.

Poona District.

Mr. Vishvanath Sitaram, officiating Sub-Registrar of Indapur, from 23rd to 29th September 1893.

Sholapur District.

Mr. Abaji Keshav, officiating Sub-Registrar of Pandharpur, from 29th September to 1st October 1893.

Mr. Trimbak Govind, officiating Sub-Registrar of Sangola, from 7th to 12th October 1893.

Belgaum District.

Mr. Ganesh Vishnu, officiating Sub-Registrar of Athni, from 19th to 25th September 1893.

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 8335.—Mr. L. J. Mountford, I. C. S., passed with credit the Lower Standard Departmental Examination on the 13th October 1893.

2. Mr. Mountford passed an examination in Sindhi on the 13th October 1893.

No. 8336.—The undermentioned officers passed the Higher Standard Departmental Examination on the 14th October 1893:—

Mr. A. L. M. Wood, I. C. S.

Mr. R. J. C. Lord, I. C. S.

Mr. L. C. Swifte, I. C. S.

The above names are arranged in the order of merit.

2. Messrs. Wood, Lord and Swifte passed an examination in Gujarati, Marathi and Kanarese respectively on the 14th October 1893.

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 8343.—Mr. W. M. Fletcher, Superintendent, Deccan Revenue Survey, has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India leave without pay for six months on medical certificate in continuation of the furlough for twelve months granted him under Government Notification No. 2808, dated 21st April 1893.

No. 8346.—Mr. C. A. Kincaid, I. C. S., passed with credit the Higher Standard Departmental Examination on the 14th October 1893.

2. Mr. Kincaid passed an examination in Sindhi on the 14th October 1893.

No. 8347.—The undermentioned officers passed the ordinary Higher Standard Departmental Examination on the 13th October 1893:—

Passed with Credit.

(1) Mr. Tikamdás Rajarām, Clerk, Assistant Collector's Office, Larkhana.

(2) Mr. F. C. D'Abreo, Head Accountant, Karachi Treasury.

Passed.

(3) Mr. Mahadeo Damodar, Head Accountant, Hyderabad Treasury.

(4) Rao Sahib Isardas Khushiram, Mukhtiyar of Jacobabad.

2. The above names are arranged in the order of merit.

No. 8348.—Mr. H. F. Silcock, I. C. S., has been allowed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1893.

No. 4018.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr. E. H. Moscardi, I. C. S., promoted :—

Mr. R. A. L. Moore, I. C. S., and } to be First
Mr. H. W. J. Bagnell, I. C. S. } Assistants.
Mr. A. R. Bonus, I. C. S., and } to be Second
Mr. W. D. Sheppard, I. C. S. } Assistants.

Bombay Castle, 14th November 1893.

No. 4048.—Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint as a temporary measure Messrs. A. Shore, W. E. Porrett and J. R. Power to be Inspectors of Factories within the limits of the Hyderabad District. The Inspectors

shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Hyderabad.

No. 4049.—Assistant Surgeon Dorabshah E. Kothavála is allowed privilege leave of absence two months from 15th November 1893.

Bombay Castle, 15th November 1893.

No. 4068.—In supersession of Government Notification No. 4016, dated 8th November 1893, Surgeon-Major J. W. Clarkson is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from the date of his relief by Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. MacRury.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th November 1893.

No. 55.—Consequent on the addition of one Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, to the sanctioned scale of the Department, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to order the following promotions in the Superintending Engineers' Classes :—

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Lieut.-Colonel W. Osborn, R. E.	Suptg. Engr. 2nd Class ...	Suptg. Engr. 1st Class...	Permanent ...	31st October 1893.
Mr. H. M. Thompson, B.A., M.Inst.C.E.	Suptg. Engr. 3rd Class ...	Suptg. Engr. 2nd Class.	Permanent ...	Do.
Mr. S. B. Doig, M.Inst.C.E.	Ex. Engr. 1st Grade ...	Suptg. Engr. 3rd Class.	Permanent ...	Do.
Mr. S. B. Doig, M.Inst.C.E.	Suptg. Engr. 3rd Class ...	Suptg. Engr. 1st Class.	Temporary ...	Do.

Bombay Castle, 13th November 1893.

No. 56.—The services of Mr. A. Hill, F.C.H., are placed at the disposal of the Revenue Department from date of relief of his duties as Executive Engineer, Thána District.

2. Mr. H. J. Landon, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Thána District, during the absence of Mr. A. Hill on deputation, or until further orders.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. D. CRUICKSHANK, Colonel, R. E.,

Acting Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

R. M. Phillips delivered over and Mr. R. received charge of the office of District Attendant of Police, Ahmedabad, on the 4th inst., in the forenoon.

Ahmedabad, 8th November 1893.

Ir. A. L. M. Wood, I. C. S., delivered over Mr. E. H. E. Leggatt, I. C. S., received charge of the office of Assistant Collector, Broach, in charge A'mod Taluka, on the 4th instant, in the afternoon.

Ahmedabad, 11th November 1893.

The following appointments are made during the absence of Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, appointed to act as Deputy Collector, Broach, or until further orders:—

Ráo Sáheb Kirpashankar Bhagwan to do duty as Mámlatdár of Borsad, drawing the Magisterial allowance from date of taking charge. A'zam Bhukandas Jeykisasandas is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of A'nand.

Ahmedabad, 12th November 1893.

Khán Bahádúr Ferozshah Pestonji delivered over and Mr. A. L. M. Wood, I. C. S., received charge of the office of the District Deputy Collector in charge Anklesvar and Vágna Talukas in the Broach District on the 4th instant, in the afternoon.

Ahmedabad, 13th November 1893.

G. B. REID,
Commissioner, N. D.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Messrs. H. W. J. Bagnell and B. A. Brendon respectively delivered over and received charge of the Sirúr Taluka in the Poona District on the 31st ultimo, in the afternoon.

Messrs. J. M. Cursetji and George Scott respectively delivered over and received the Revenue and Magisterial charge of the Pandharpur, Sângola and Malsiras Talukas in the Sholápur District on 30th ultimo, in the forenoon.

Poona, 6th November 1893.

Major T. R. M. Macpherson delivered over and Mr. H. J. H. Henderson received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Poona, on the 7th instant, in the afternoon.

Poona, 13th November 1893.

Mr. Mahadeo Ranganath Jhate, Head Karkún of taluka Bágán in the Násik District, is appointed to act as Mámlatdár of the same taluka during

the absence of Ráo Sáheb Ramchandra Krishna Shahane on privilege leave for three months from the 26th ultimo, or until further orders.

Poona, 14th November 1893.

J. F. FLEET,
Commissioner, in charge C. D.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

The undermentioned employé of the Revenue Department in the Bijápur District was granted examination leave under Article 316 of the Civil Service Regulations:—

Name.	Designation.	Period of Leave.	Examination for which leave was granted.
Ráo Sáheb Govind Venkatesh Datar.	Mámlatdár of Muddelbilál.	5th to 11th October 1892.	To appear for examination in Maráthi.

J. NUGENT,
Commissioner, S. D.

Belgaum, 8th November 1893.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKA'RI.

No. 5844.—*Addendum*.—Add the following proviso to Rule 2 of the Rules prescribed by the Commissioner of A'bkári for the management of the Central Distillery, Mundhwa, Poona, and published under Notification No. 4079, dated 7th August 1893, at pages 764—66 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, of 1893:—

“Provided that it shall be understood that nothing in the above rule is intended to interfere with the existing practice under which the Distillery Inspector in charge is authorized to allow the contractor's workmen on Sundays or other holidays to enter and clean the premises, remove mowra refuse, wash vats and other utensils and turn fermented mowra.”

No. 5850.—Under paragraph 2, Section 6, of the Bombay Abkári Act, 1878, and in virtue of the authority delegated to him by Government, the Commissioner of Abkári hereby invests the undermentioned servants of the licensee of the country spirit farm of the Dáhnú Taluka (including Umbargaon Mahál) of the Thána District with the powers contemplated in Section 37 of the said Act, to be exercised by them within the limits of the said farm, during the currency of the said license and during their employment by the said licensee:—

Hormasji Barjorji.
Narayan Govind.
Ganesh Vithal.
Purshotam Kirparam.
Malu Reo.
Govindram Ramchandra.
Atmaram Pandu.

Bombay, 8th November 1893.

No. 5866.—Mr. A. E. Stanyon, Inspector, Goa Frontier, on Rs. 175, and doing duty as Inspector, Northern Frontier, has been allowed an extension of two months to the leave on medical certificate for four months sanctioned to him under this Office Notification No. 4411, dated 24th August last.

Bombay, 10th November 1893.

No. 5875.—The following transfers of Inspectors are ordered on public grounds:—

1. Mr. H. L. Evezard, Inspector, Goa Frontier, on Rs. 250, and doing duty as Assistant Superintendent, Main Stores, Khairghoda, to join his substantive appointment on the Goa Frontier.
2. Mr. R. L. Sinclair, District A'bkari Inspector, Thana, on Rs. 100, is transferred to the Salt Department as Inspector, Northern Frontier, on the same pay, to do duty as Assistant Superintendent, Main Stores, Khairghoda, vice Mr. Evezard.
3. Mr. R. C. M. Westbrooke, Inspector, Northern Frontier, on Rs. 100, and doing duty on the Goa Frontier, to be District A'bkari Inspector, Thana, on the same pay, vice Mr. Sinclair.

Bombay, 11th November 1893.

T. D. MACKENZIE,

Acting Commissioner of Customs,
Salt, Opium and A'bkari.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 392.—Gopal Krishna, First Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sangameshvar Taluka, Ratnagiri Zilla, is granted privilege leave with effect from 19th October to 18th November 1893 inclusive, and Govind Vithuji is appointed to act for him.

No. 393.—Gulam Hyder Fattch Mahomed, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Karachi Zilla, is dismissed the Service from 9th September 1893.

No. 394.—Verhomal Shiwaram, Municipal Vaccinator, Larkhana Town, Shikarpur Zilla, is appointed Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Karachi Zilla, with effect from 1st October 1893, vice Gulam Hyder Fattch Mahomed, dismissed.

No. 395.—Abdullah Haji Mahomed Shaik, Municipal Vaccinator, Tatta Town, Karachi Zilla, is appointed Municipal Vaccinator, Larkhana Town, Shikarpur Zilla, with effect from 24th September 1893, vice Verhomal Shiwaram, transferred.

No. 396.—Motiram Karamsing, Candidate Vaccinator, Jacobabad District, is appointed Municipal Vaccinator, Tatta Town, Karachi Zilla, from 20th September 1893, vice Abdullah Haji Mahomed.

No. 397.—Jethsing Vadhsing, Candidate Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, is transferred to Jacobabad District.

No. 398.—Jiwatrai Lilaram was appointed Candidate Vaccinator, Jacobabad District, from 27th September to 8th October 1893 inclusive.

No. 399.—Pohumal Kishnomal is appointed Candidate Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, from 9th October 1893, but to continue to act as Candidate Vaccinator, Jacobabad District, until relieved by Jethsing Vadhsing.

No. 400.—Virumal Uardinomal is appointed Candidate Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, as a temporary measure, with effect from 19th October 1893, vice Pohumal Kishnomal.

No. 401.—Pohumal Kishnomal acted as Candidate Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, from 7th to 23rd September 1893 inclusive.

JOHN CLARKSON, Surgeon-Major,
Acting Sanitary Commissioner.

Bombay, 14th November 1893.

BY THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT COMMISSIONER.

Mr. W. D. Wilkins, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, returned from the one year's furlough granted him under Government Resolution No. 2658, dated 29th June 1892, and took charge of his duties in the Konkan Revenue Survey on the 1st instant, in the forenoon.

E. C. OZANNE,

Survey Commissioner and Director,
Land Records and Agriculture.

Poona, 11th November 1893.

BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

No. T.A.M.
21200.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE:

Bombay, 4th November 1893.

From

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY;

To

ALL COMMISSIONERS, COLLECTORS, INCLUDING DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS IN SIND, DISTRICT JUDGES AND MAGISTRATES AND TREASURY OFFICERS.

SIR,—There is diversity of practice among Courts of Justice regarding the payment of allowances for travelling expenses and subsistence to witnesses who are officers of Government. Some Courts refuse these allowances altogether on the ground, probably, that they are unnecessary, as the officer has only to produce the Court's certificate that he appeared on certain days as a witness when allowances were (or were not) paid to him, in order to establish a valid claim to travelling allowance from his Department under the Civil Service Regulations.

2. I have the honour to point out that the allowances to witnesses provided for by the High Court in its Circulars, Civil and Criminal, should always be paid to officers of Government just as they would be to private witnesses. This is necessary for the proper classification of accounts and

adjustment of charges between the different departments of the public service. It also provides the only efficient security that the allowances are not drawn after all and misappropriated by those entrusted with the accounts relating to payments to witnesses.

3. It will be the duty of this office to refuse travelling allowance under the Civil Service Regulations, whenever the Court's certificate shows that no allowances have been given: for such a certificate must be taken to mean either that no reasonable expenses were actually incurred, in which case the claim to travelling allowance would be barred by Article 1057, or that allowances have been refused on grounds affecting the conduct of the witness himself, in which circumstances it would be for special consideration whether Government should pay any allowances whatever.

GENERAL LETTER No. ^{Bk.} 21007

Bombay, 11th November 1893.

From

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY;

To

ALL COLLECTORS AND OFFICERS IN CHARGE OF POLITICAL TREASURIES, ALSO TO CONSERVATORS OF FORESTS AND DIVISIONAL FOREST OFFICERS AND CHIEF ACCOUNT OFFICER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, &C.

SIR,—To enable me to submit the Revised Estimate for the current year and Budget Estimate for 1894-95, punctually on the dates prescribed by Government, I have the honour to request that you will be so good as to transmit the Cash Account and the Second List of Payments, with Vouchers and Schedules complete, for the month of November 1893, on the last working day of the month.

A. F. COX,

Accountant General.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

NORTHERN CIRCLE.

Mr. G. P. Millett, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Fourth Grade, and Mr. T. B. Fry, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Second Grade, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Working Plans, N. C., on the 6th of November 1893, before noon.

F. R. DASAI,

Deputy Conservator of Forests, N. C.

Camp Thána, 10th November 1893.

SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

Messrs. T. R. D. Bell and H. Mainwaring respectively delivered over and received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Bijápur, in the afternoon of 1st November 1893.

Mr. Mainwaring relinquished charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Working Plans' Party-I, Southern Circle, to Mr. C. M. Hodgson in the afternoon of the 1st November 1893.

Messrs. Hodgson and Bell respectively delivered over and received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Working Plans' Party II, Southern Circle, in the afternoon of the 1st November 1893.

J. L. L. MacGREGOR,

Conservator of Forests, S. C.

*Camp Pancel, Kolába Districts,
12th November 1893.*

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, CIVIL
VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Notice.

The Government of Bombay have established a Rearing Depôt at Ahmednagar for the purpose of rearing young horse stock. They are prepared to buy colts and fillies from 15 months old and upwards, but they must be out of big mares and sired by big horses, so that they will grow over 14-2 in height. The following table is given as a guide to breeders to enable them to judge whether their young stock are suitable for Government requirements or not:—

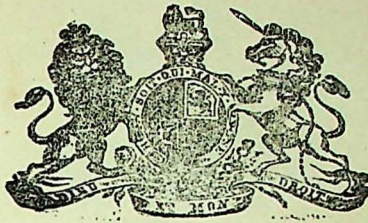
A colt or filly suitable for Government must be at twelve months old 13-2 in height, at eighteen months old 13-3, at twenty-four months 14 hands, at 30 months 14-1 and at 36 months 14-2. Government pay for first class young stock at the rate of Rs. 12-8-0 per mensem, *i. e.*, a colt or filly at 6 months old is worth Rs. 75, at 12 months old Rs. 150, at 18 months old Rs. 225, at 36 months old Rs. 450, but a ratable deduction will be made for inferior stock.

It will be seen from this notice that rayats, who wish to make horse breeding profitable, should only keep big roomy mares above a certain height, *viz.*, 14-2 to 14-3, so that their produce will eventually enter the service. Government are also prepared to buy mules, and owners of small mares should utilize the services of the stallions provided. There is a steady market and constant demand for these animals. They cost little to feed and are most profitable to the owners of small mares. Owners willing to sell should bring their horse stock direct to the Remount Depôt, Ahmednagar, where, if suitable, they may depend on always selling their animals at remunerative prices. But should the depôt be too far from their villages then they may rely on selling to the Government Agent at the fairs of Poona, Ahmedabad, Ahmednagar, &c., as these fairs are established with a view of bringing breeders and purchasers together. Owners are also reminded that Government prefer geldings and whole coloured horses, *i. e.*, bays, chestnuts, blacks, &c., and they should endeavour to keep mares of these colours to breed from, as grey or white horses are objectionable.

J. W. A. MORGAN,

Superintendent, Civil Vety. Dept.,
Bombay Presidency.

Ahmednagar, 15th June 1893.



Bombay Government Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

MONDAY, 20TH NOVEMBER 1893.

 Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART I.

Notification.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th November 1893.

No. 6877.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the BARON HARRIS, G.C.I.E., Governor of Bombay, will arrive in Bombay by train on Monday the 4th December 1893, at 7-52 A.M. (Railway time). His Excellency will alight at the Grant Road Station of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, where a Guard of Honour will be in attendance. The usual salute will be fired from the Saluting Battery to announce His Excellency's arrival.

2. The Heads of Departments are requested to be present. Full dress will be worn on this occasion.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,
Acting Secretary to Government.