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Separate paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government Notifications, Appointments, &c.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 5582.—It is hereby notified that in response to a telegram sent on behalf of the Presidency of Bombay by His Excellency Lord Harris to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales on the morning of the wedding of their Royal Highnesses The Duke of York and The Princess May of Teck, His Excellency has been directed, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to convey the gracious acknowledgments of Their Royal Highnesses The Prince and Princess of Wales for the message of congratulation.

No. 5597.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information:—

“FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 15th September 1893.

No. 1978-E.—The following Order of Her Majesty the Queen in Council is republished from

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the *London Gazette* of the 21st July 1893, for general information:

AT THE COURT AT WINESOR.

The 17th day of July 1893.

Present:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

Lord President.

Lord Steward.

Marquess of Ripon.

Sir Edmund Monson.

Whereas by Treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, and other lawful means Her Majesty the Queen has jurisdiction in Zanzibar:

Now therefore Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by 'The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890,' or otherwise in Her Majesty vested, is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order may be cited as 'The Zanzibar (Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1893,' and shall be construed as one with 'The Zanzibar Order in Council, 1884,' and 'The Zanzibar Order in Council, 1888' (herein respectively referred to as the Order of 1884 and the Order of 1888).

2. (1) Natives of any Protectorate of Her Majesty which is outside Zanzibar shall, when within Zanzibar, be deemed to be British-protected persons within the meaning of the Orders in Council relating to Zanzibar.

(2) Such of the provisions of those Orders as refer to British subjects shall extend also to Zanzibar subjects, but in so far only as by Treaty, Convention, grant, usage, or other lawful means Her Majesty has jurisdiction in Zanzibar in relation to Zanzibar subjects.

3. Article eight of the Order of 1884 is hereby amended, and from and after the commencement of this Order chapter thirty-three of the Act therein referred to as the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882), which relates to criminal proceedings against Europeans and Americans, shall not be applicable to Zanzibar.

4. The Order of 1884 and the Orders amending the same shall be read and construed as if the expression 'Consular Judge' had been substituted for 'judicial assistant' wherever that expression occurs; provided that if the Consular Officer heretofore acting as judicial assistant is appointed to be Consular Judge, all past acts of that officer as judicial assistant shall have the same validity as if on the commencement of the Order of 1884 he had been appointed to be Consular Judge.

5. (1) The Secretary of State may appoint one of Her Majesty's Consular Officers in and for Zanzibar to be Assistant Consular Judge, and the Consul-General may in case of emergency appoint one of such officers to act temporarily as and for such Assistant Consular Judge.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Order and to any directions of the Secretary of State, the Assistant Consular Judge shall have and exercise all the same powers and jurisdiction which under this Order and the Order of 1884 can be exercised by the Consular Judge.

6. So much of Article nine of the Order of 1884 as relates to the judicial assistant is hereby repealed, and in the application of the Code of Criminal Procedure and other enactments in that Article referred to the Assistant Consular Judge shall be deemed to be the Magistrate of the district, and the Consular Judge shall be deemed to be a Joint or Additional Sessions Judge.

7. The powers conferred upon the Consul-General by Article two of the Order of 1888 shall extend, and be deemed to have extended, to regulations for enforcing the observance of any Treaty, Convention, or International Agreement to which Her Majesty is, or may hereafter be, a party, whether the Sultan of Zanzibar is or is not a party thereto.

8. A copy of this Order shall forthwith be affixed and exhibited in the public office of the Consulate at Zanzibar, and the day on which it

is so exhibited is herein referred to as the commencement of this Order, provided that any appointment authorized by this Order may be made at any time after its passing.

9. Save as by this Order provided, expressions used in this Order and in the Order of 1884 have the same meaning as in that Order.

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Rosebery, K.G., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein.

C. L. Peel.

(Signed) W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,

Acting Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th September 1893.

Proclamation.

No. 3331.—His Excellency Lieutenant-General C. E. NAIRNE, C.B., Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army, has this day in the afternoon taken upon himself under the usual Salute the execution of his office as Second Member of the Council of this Presidency, in pursuance of his appointment by Her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that report of deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant officers on the dates specified has been received in the Military Department :—

Corps or Department.	Rank and Name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.
Sub-Medical Department.	Sub-Assistant C. J. Hanson, Apothecary.	13th August 1893.	Kuldana.
Indian Staff Corps.	Colonel C. Wodehouse, C.I.E.	18th August 1893.	At Sea between Aden and Suez.
Royal Artillery.	Lieutenant-Colonel R. W. Kaye.	18th August 1893.	Do.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM, Brigadier-General,

Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (RAILWAY).

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 29A.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information :—

"No. 344.—The following is published for general information :

No. 924-R.C., dated 15th September 1893.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Terms on which the Government of India are prepared to consider offers for the construction by the agency of private companies of branch line or extensions of existing railways to be worked, when constructed, by the main line administrations.

Read—

Government of India Circular Resolution No. 1366-R.C., dated 30th December 1887.

OBSERVATIONS.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has had under consideration the question of the extension of railways in India, and has determined to provide additional encouragement for the investment of private capital in the construction of branch lines and extensions of existing railways. It has been resolved accordingly to revise the concessions previously offered to persons willing to embark upon such undertakings, and to publish for general information the terms and conditions on which projects will be entertained.

2. The concessions offered are—

- (1) the free use of land ;
- (2) the provision of rolling stock and the maintenance and working of the new lines at favourable rates by the main line administrations ;
- (3) the free use of surveys, etc., made at State expense ;
- (4) the carriage of stores and materials over State lines at favourable rates ;
- (5) the grant of a limited rebate from the main line earnings towards ensuring the proprietors of the new lines a dividend of 4 per cent. per annum on the approved capital expenditure.

3. In addition to the above, if it can be legally arranged, authority will be given to charge to the capital account of the branch railway during construction and until the close of the half-year next following the half-year in which the branch railway may be fully opened for traffic such sum as, together with any net receipts from working, will suffice to pay interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum on the paid-up capital. The payment of interest out of capital as a part of the constitution of a company cannot, however, at present be recognised except under parliamentary sanction. The question of applying to Parliament for power to enable the Secretary of State for India in Council to recognise such payments in respect to Indian undertakings is under consideration.

4. It is not the intention of the Government of India to grant in every case the *maximum* concessions mentioned in this Resolution. Each project presented will be separately examined, and will be treated on its merits. No concession will be given for any project unless it is shown to possess reasonable prospects of financial success. His Excellency the Governor General in Council deems it essential to insist in all cases in view of the extent to which the new lines will be subsidised at the cost of State revenues, and in order to secure a proper return for that expenditure, that the new lines shall be worked as if they were part and parcel of the main line undertakings, and in a manner that will give the public the benefit of cheap transport over them, and at the same time attract new traffic to the main lines. For that purpose ultimate control over the rates and fares charged for the carriage over the new lines of passengers and goods will be retained in the hands of the Government.

5. The Government of India are prepared to undertake the construction by its Department of Public Works of branch lines or extensions of existing railways on behalf of persons who may have provided the necessary capital.

6. Applications for concessions to construct branch lines or extensions under the terms of this Resolution should be submitted in the form prescribed by memorandum (A) hereto attached to the address of the Secretary to Government of India, Public Works Department.

RESOLUTION.—Proposals for the construction of branch lines or extensions of existing railways made by persons who satisfy the Government that they are in a position to command substantial financial support will be considered on the undermentioned terms and conditions, viz. :

- (1) The proposed railway (hereinafter called 'the branch railway') must be built in accordance with the fixed and moving dimensions for the time being prescribed by the Governor General in Council, and on plans and estimates that have been approved by that authority.
- (2) The extent and details of the concessions to be granted in each case will be settled by agreement.

Lines to be connected with State Railways.

The following terms will apply to projects for the construction of branch railways to be connected with State railways:—

- (3) Access will be given, on application and free of charge, to all information, plans, or estimates in the possession of Government that relate to railways whose construction the Government is prepared to entrust to companies; but no responsibility will be accepted by Government for the accuracy of any information, plan, or estimate thus made available.
- (4) The use of such land as is necessary, in the opinion of the Government of India, for the construction of the branch railway and for the stations, station yards, offices, warehouses, houses for employés, conveniences, and works necessary or proper for the purposes of the railway, as well as for quarrying, ballast, brick-fields, and kindred purposes, will be provided by Government free of charge.
- (5) The branch railway will be maintained and worked by the main line administration during the full currency of the contract to be entered into for the purpose at a fixed ratio of expenses to earnings in each half-year. The ratio will, when the branch railway is of the same gauge as that of the working railway, usually be that obtaining on the whole system, including the branch railway, and will not ordinarily exceed 50 per cent. of the gross earnings of the branch from all sources, and will be inclusive of charges for the use of the main line rolling-stock. Charges for Home Board direction of the branch railway will be excluded from the arrangement, and will have to be defrayed out of the share of the earnings pertaining to the branch railway.
- (6) Railway materials for the branch railway will be carried over State lines at the special rates prescribed for such materials belonging to State railways.
- (7) A return will be made to the branch line by the main line of such a sum from the traffic interchanged with it as shall out of the gross earnings of the main line, together with the branch company's share of branch earnings, be sufficient to give the branch company a dividend of 4 per cent. per annum on the actual expenditure charged in the capital account of the branch railway company as entered in the Company's books in India; provided always that the return so made to the branch company shall in no case exceed 10 per cent. of the gross earnings of the main line from traffic interchanged between the main and branch lines. This rebate will be granted from the first earning of revenue by the branch line, such payment being calculated at the close of the 'calendar' year, payments on account, however, subject to adjustment, being permissible at the close of the first-half of each year.
- (8) Funds for the execution of new works—properly chargeable to capital—found necessary after the branch railway has been opened to traffic shall be provided by the branch railway company. Such works and their cost must be agreed upon between the branch railway company and the main line administration before they are put in hand. In the event of any difference of opinion arising between the branch line and the main line administration as to the necessity for and the cost of any new work, the matter will be referred to the Director General of Railways as arbitrator, and his decision shall be final.
- (9) Rates and fares upon the branch railway shall be within the limits of the schedule of maximum and minimum rates that may be from time to time authorised by Government for the main line, and shall be controlled by the main line administration. Ordinarily the rates and fares charged on the branch railway shall be not more than the highest nor less than the lowest mileage rates charged for the time being for similar traffic on the main line. Deviations outside of these mileage rate limits will not be permissible except with the special sanction of Government in each case.
- (10) Government will have the right on giving twelve months' notice to purchase the branch railway either—
 - (i) at the expiration of 21 years from the date of opening to traffic of the branch railway, and thereafter at successive intervals of 10 years, at 25 years' purchase, based on the average net earnings of the branch for the five years immediately preceding the purchase, provided that the price shall not in any case exceed the total capital expenditure by more than 20 per cent., and shall not be less than the capital expenditure; or
 - (ii) at the expiration of 50 years from the date of opening to traffic of the branch railway on payment of the actual capital expenditure.
- (11) Electric telegraphs and telegraphic appliances will be supplied and maintained by the Government of India: the charges for rent, maintenance, and inspection of telegraphic works and appliances will be included in the working expenses. Free passes shall be granted over the branch railway for persons employed by the Government of India on the construction, maintenance, working, and inspection of the telegraphs.
- (12) The rates and arrangements in force on State railways in the matter of services rendered to the Postal Department, to the Military, Police, and other Departments of the State, and to high Government officials shall be applicable to the branch railway.

(13) The general character of the supervision and control that will be exercised by the Government of India over the branch railway, apart from the provisions of the Railway Acts and the preceding provisions of this Resolution, is indicated in the following paragraphs:

(i) The route of the line and the situation of the stations, and other similar details, will be determined by the Government of India.

The line, while under construction, shall be inspected when and so often as an Inspecting Officer appointed for that purpose by the Government of India shall consider desirable with a view to ensure the construction of the line up to the standard agreed on.

(ii) The branch railway company, if required, shall keep capital accounts and statistics in forms approved by the Secretary of State, and shall render, free of cost, all accounts and statistics required by Government. The accounts and books will be subject to audit on behalf of Government.

(iii) No capital expenditure by the branch railway company will be allowed as between the Secretary of State and the company unless the prior sanction of the Secretary of State has been obtained.

(iv) The company shall have no power to increase its share or stock capital without the sanction of the Secretary of State, or to borrow money except within a fixed limit and on specified conditions.

Lines to be connected with Railways belonging to, or worked by, Guaranteed or Assisted Companies.

As regards branch railways connecting with railways belonging or leased to Guaranteed or Assisted Companies:

(14) Land necessary, in the opinion of the Government of India, for the purposes of the railway will be provided by Government free of charge as indicated in para. (4) above.

(15) The terms under which the branch railway will be maintained and worked by the main line administration will be subject in each case to agreement between the main line and branch line companies and to the approval of Government. The Government will endeavour to obtain for the branch railway company terms approximating to those that would be granted under the terms of this Resolution if the branch railway were connected with a State railway.

(16) Other relevant concessions and stipulations contemplated by this Resolution in the case of branch railways connecting with State railways will be applied.

Alternative terms and surveys.

2. The Government of India will be prepared to consider proposals for working branch lines on terms other than the above which may be put forward by promoters.

3. If, after consideration of the question on its merits, it be decided that the gauge of any branch line shall be different from that of the main line, the question of the ratio of expenses to earnings at which the branch shall be worked will be subject to arrangement in each case, but in such cases the branch line must be fully supplied with necessary rolling-stock and workshops by the branch railway company.

When application is made for permission to construct a branch line which the Government is inclined to entrust to a Company on a route which has not been surveyed, the survey will, if so desired, be carried out by the Public Works Department of the Government of India on the applicants undertaking to pay the cost of such survey and depositing the estimated amount thereof on the understanding that, if permission is eventually given for the construction of the line, the actual cost of the survey may be included in the capital cost of the undertaking.

4. Applications for permission to survey for the construction of a branch line should be submitted to the address of the Secretary to Government of India, Public Works Department, in the form prescribed by memorandum B hereto attached.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab.
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, and Assam.
The Residents at Hyderabad and in Mysore.
The Agents to the Governor General in Central India, Rajputana and Baluchistan.
The Accountant General, Public Works Department.
The Director General of Railways.
The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow, Central Division, and Assam.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to Local Governments and Administrations and to the officers marginally noted for information, and to the Department of Finance and Commerce; also that it be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

Enclosure No. 1 (with Annexures) to Government of India Resolution No. 924-R.C. of 1893.

MEMORANDUM A.

For the guidance of persons or syndicates desirous of submitting proposals for the construction of railways in India.

1. All applications for leave to construct a railway in any part of British India are to be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department.
2. All such applications shall be printed, and shall be drawn up, as far as may be, in form A attached hereto, and shall specify—
 - (a) the company, person, or persons by whom the application is preferred; the proposed amount of capital, the number of shares, and the amount of each share;
 - (b) all the termini, together with the names of all the principal towns from, through, into, or near which the railway is intended to be constructed, as well as the names of each civil division and district to be traversed by the proposed alignment;
 - (c) the length, so far as known, of the proposed railway;
 - (d) the gauge, the weight of rails, &c.;
 - (e) the motive power to be employed;
 - (f) the maximum tolls, rates, and fares proposed to be charged on the projected railway;
 - (g) the proposals for working the railway when constructed; and if any agreement is under contemplation, or has been provisionally arranged with any existing Railway Administration under which the proposed line, when constructed, is to be leased out for working by such Railway Administration, the exact nature and terms of such agreement;
 - (h) any further information that may be required to enable Government to thoroughly understand the scope of the proposals.
3. Every such application shall be accompanied by a map to a scale of one mile to one inch, with the line of the proposed railway delineated thereon, so as to show its general course and direction, and also by an estimate as correct as may be of the works proposed to be authorised.
4. When the applicants draw up their own detailed plans and estimates, these documents are invariably to be prepared in strict accordance with the rules for the preparation of railway projects issued under the authority of the Government of India, of which copies may be obtained on payment from the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.
5. List of all routes in British India along which new lines of railway have at any time been proposed, and which have for railway purposes been either reconnoitred or surveyed may be had on application to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of Rs. 5.
6. Upon written application to the Director General of Railways, permission will also be accorded to inspect at all reasonable hours the detailed plans, sections, and estimates at the disposal of Government in regard to any particular route already surveyed, provided that they relate to railways the construction of which the Government is prepared to entrust to Companies; and copies of such plans, sections and estimates will be furnished on payment of the cost of copying.
7. But in regard to all such information, statistics, plans, sections, or estimates which may be furnished, it is to be recognized that the information thus offered to any person interested in the matter is simply the best information of the kind at the disposal of Government, and that Government cannot accept any responsibility whatever in regard to the accuracy of any of the documents.

Form A.

To accompany all applications for leave to construct railway to any part of British India.

	Nature of particulars to be specified.	Particulars.
1	The name of the Company, person, or persons by whom the application is preferred; the proposed amount of capital, the number of shares, and the amount of each share.	
2	The termini, together with the names of all the principal towns from, in, through, or into, or near which the railway is intended to be constructed.	Reference to an Appendix (vide Appendix A) may be here given if necessary.

3	The length, as far as known, of the proposed railway.	
4	The gauge proposed and weight of rails, &c.	
5	The motive power to be employed.	
6	The maximum tolls, rates, and fares intended to be charged on the proposed railway.	Reference to an Appendix (vide Appendix B) may be here given if necessary.
7	Details of any agreement which may have been provisionally arranged, or which it is desired to enter into, under which the proposed line, when constructed, is to be leased out for working to any existing Railway Administration.	Reference to an Appendix (vide Appendix C) may be here given if necessary.
8	Any further information that may be required to enable the Government of India to thoroughly understand the scope of the proposals.	

Appendix A.

Alignment of proposed railway.

Termini of main line of proposed railway _____ and _____.

Branches—(1) From _____ on the main line to _____.

(2) From _____ on the main line to _____.

Principal towns and districts or provinces through which the projected railway will pass—

	Towns.	Districts or Provinces.
Main line		
Branch No. 1		
Branch No. 2		

Appendix B.

Schedule of maxima and minima rates and fares intended to be charged on the proposed railway.

					Maximum. Pies per mile.	Minimum. Pies per mile.
<i>Passenger Fares—</i>						
1st class	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
2nd class	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
Intermediate class	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
3rd or lowest class	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
					Maximum. Pies per maund per mile.	Minimum. Pies per maund per mile.
<i>Luggage</i>	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
					Maximum. Pies per mile.	Minimum. Pies per mile.
<i>Carriages—</i>						
Single carriages	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
					Maximum. Pies per truck.	Minimum. Pies per truck.
Two or more carriages on one truck	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
					Maximum. Pies per mile.	Minimum. Pies per mile.
<i>Horses—</i>						
Single horse	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
					Maximum. Pies per 50 miles or portion thereof.	Minimum. Pies per 50 miles or portion thereof.
<i>Dogs—</i>						
Each	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
					First 100 miles. Annas.	Every additional 100 miles. Annas.
<i>Parcels—</i>						
Not exceeding 5 seers or 1 cubic foot...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
" " 10 " 2 cubic feet...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
" " 20 " 4 " "	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
" " 30 " 6 " "	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
" " 40 " 8 " "	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
For every additional 10 seers or 2 cubic feet, or por- tion of 10 seers or 2 cubic feet	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
					Maximum. Pies per maund per mile.	Minimum. Pies per maund per mile.
<i>Goods rates—</i>						
5th class	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
4th "	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
3rd "	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
2nd "	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
1st "	...	...	...	...	.....	.....
Coal, edible grain, and other low-priced staples to be carried at special rates	...	...	...	...	.....	.....

Appendix C.

Working of proposed Railway.

No agreement has yet been arranged with any existing Railway Administration under which the projected railway is to be worked, but, when completed, it is proposed to offer the working to the _____ Railway Company on the following terms :

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(iii), &c. _____

Or,

It has been provisionally arranged with the _____ Railway Company to work the projected railway, when completed, on the following terms :

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(iii), &c. _____

Enclosure No. 2 to Government of India Resolution No. 924-R.C. of 1893.

MEMORANDUM B.

For the guidance of persons or syndicates desirous of obtaining authority to carry out surveys for lines of railway in India.

1. All applications for leave to survey proposed railway routes in any part of British India are to be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department.
2. All such applications shall specify—
 - (a) the company, person, or syndicate by whom the application is preferred ;
 - (b) all the termini, together with the names of all the principal towns from, through, into, or near which the survey is intended to be carried, as well as the names of each civil division and district to be traversed by the proposed alignment ;
 - (c) the length, so far as known, of the proposed railway ;
 - (d) the gauge and the motive power to be employed ;
 - (e) the intentions of the applicants as to the working of the railway when constructed. If it is intended that the working shall be leased to any existing railway administration, the nature of the contemplated agreement shall be specified.
3. Every such application shall be accompanied by a map to a scale of one mile to one inch, with the line of the proposed survey delineated thereon, so as to show its general course and direction.
4. If the detailed plans and estimates are submitted to Government, these documents are invariably to be prepared in strict accordance with the rules for the preparation of railway projects issued under the authority of the Government of India, of which copies may be obtained on payment from the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.
5. List of all routes in British India along which new lines of railway have at any time been proposed, and which have for railway purposes been either reconnoitred or surveyed, may be had on application to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of Rs. 5.
6. Upon written application to the Director General of Railways, permission will also be accorded to inspect at all reasonable hours the detailed plans, sections, and estimates at the disposal of Government in regard to any particular route already surveyed, provided that they relate to railways the construction of which the Government is prepared to entrust to companies ; and copies of such plans, sections, and estimates will be furnished on payment of the cost of copying.
7. But in regard to all such information, statistics, plans, sections, or estimates which may be furnished, it is to be recognized that the information thus offered to any person interested in the matter is simply the best information of the kind at the disposal of Government, and that Government cannot accept any responsibility whatever in regard to the accuracy of any of the documents.

(Signed) F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

F. J. E. SPRING,
Acting Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 15th September 1893.

No. 6699.—*Erratum*.—In the schedule annexed to Government Notification No. 9687 dated 10th December 1892, published at page 1214 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 15th idem, Part I,—

For—

“Portion of 48 in the west of the village”
against the village of Jinsi,

Read—

“Portion of 148 in the west of the village.”

No. 6699 B.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to Government Notification No. 9687 dated 10th December 1892, published at page 1214 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 15th idem, Part I, to declare the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved Forest in the Sávda Táluka of the Khándesh District from the 10th October 1893:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g.
Pál ...	8	12 9
	9	13 1
	10	11 23
	11	9 19
	20	9 6
	21	12 29
	23	12 21
	24	3 21
	25	12 2
	26	6 39
	27	17 2
	28	11 30
	29	11 26
	30	12 10
	31	13 34
	32	14 7
	33	17 0
	34	14 30
	35	6 21
	36	15 28
	37	8 39
	38	10 3
	39	11 22
	40	8 36
	41	9 10
	42	16 8
	43	10 25
	44	12 24
	45	10 17
	46	11 13
	47	10 20
	48	19 18
	49	12 30
	50	17 6
	51	11 24

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g.
Pál—continued ...	52	12 20
	53	16 18
	54	9 3
	55	15 17
	56	12 28
	57	4 5
	58	5 0
	59	7 6
	60	6 34
	61	7 21
	62	12 30
	63	19 17
	64	16 37
	65	9 34
	66	10 27
	67	10 9
	68	10 7
	69	10 35
	70	15 16
	71	13 35
	72	18 30
	73	19 34
	74	15 14
	75	12 30
	76	19 22
	77	19 1
	78	11 16
	79	9 15
	80	17 11
	81	5 26
	82	11 0
	83	10 5
	84	9 12
	Portion of 98 in the south-east of the village.	179 8
	The whole of the portion of 98 to the west of the Suki river.	1,043 31
Merwahál ...	54	17 33
	55	8 14
	56	10 3
	57	13 33
	Portion of 78 in the east and south of the village.	1,684 13
Jinsi ...	75	6 38
	76	17 20
	77	8 33
	78	2 15
	79	7 4
	80	3 3
	81	2 3
	82	18 16
	83	13 38
	84	7 6
	85	18 7
	86	12 2
	87	12 27
	88	7 0
	89	5 15
	141	3 30
	142	8 28
	143	6 32
	144	16 6
	145	13 24
	146	12 19
	147	14 24
	Portion of 148 in the west of the village.	2,207 24

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 6764.—With reference to Government Notification No. 15F of the 1st March 1879 and No. 6240 of 3rd August 1885 His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the land specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall cease from the date of this Notification to be Protected Forest in the Supa Petha of the Kánara Collectorate:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area disforested.
		A. g.
Kulmbuli ...	Part of No. 3	0 2

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

No. 6793.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forest in the Sátára Táluka of the Sátára District:—

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g.
Dare tarf Parali ...	62	35 26
	64	37 11
Rohat ...	172	14 10
Sonawdi ...	20	9 24
Thoseghar ...	44	17 22
	Part 45	10 0
	Part 46	26 6
	76	25 20

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Sátára, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

No. 6797.—With reference to Government

Government Notification No. 4F dated 1st March 1879, published at pages 142 to 160 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 6th idem, Part I.

shall cease from the date of this Notification to be Protected Forest in the Kalyán Táluka of the Thána District:—

Notification noted in the margin His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the land specified in the schedule hereto annexed

Schedule referred to.

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area.
		A. g.
Chargaon ...	The whole of 248 according to original survey.	324 27

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

No. 1998.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Home Department is republished for general information:—

“GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Report of the Royal Commission on the Blind, the Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots and Imbeciles.

No. 8 Education,
296—306

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Education),—under date Simla, the 13th September 1893.

Read—

Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 87 (Public), dated the 15th August 1889, forwarding a copy of a letter dated the 16th July 1889 from Lord Egerton of Tatton, together with the Report of the Royal Commission on the Blind, the Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots and Imbeciles;

Home Department Circular Nos. 498—505, dated the 26th October 1889; and

The replies of Local Governments and Administrations to the above-quoted Circular.

RESOLUTION.

With his Despatch of the 15th August 1889, the Secretary of State forwarded for the consideration of the Government of India the Report of the Royal Commission on the Blind, the Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots and Imbeciles. The views and recommendations of the Commission, briefly stated, were as follows:

- (1) that it is more advantageous for the local Authority or the State to expend its funds in educating the blind than to have to support them through life in idleness or to allow them to live on charity;
- (2) that the parents of the blind, the deaf and dumb, and educable idiots should pay for their education to the extent of their ability;

- (3) that the blind should be compelled to attend school from the age of 5 years to the age of 16 ;
- (4) that the deaf and dumb should be compelled to attend school till they attain the age of 16 years, and should be educated on the purely oral system ; and
- (5) that power should be taken to ascertain whether imbeciles are educable or not, and to provide for such of them as are educable being sent to suitable institutions for their education.

In circulating the Secretary of State's Despatch and the Report of the Royal Commission with the Home Department letter of the 26th October 1889 cited in the preamble, Local Governments and Administrations were asked to state their opinion as to the extent to which the conclusions of the Royal Commission were applicable to the classes referred to in India.

2. Before coming to a final decision the Government of India have awaited the publication of the returns of the census taken in 1891 ; these returns show that out of a population of 274,373,929, the numbers in each of these unfortunate classes are—idiots and persons of unsound mind, 74,289 ; congenital deaf-mutes, 196,861 ; blind persons, 458,868.

3. Local Governments and Administrations are unanimous in agreeing that the recommendations of the Royal Commission are unsuitable for India. The family system in India has caused it to be

generally recognized as an obligation by all able-bodied persons to provide for the support of those members of their families who, from congenital or other defects, are unable to earn their own livelihood. The State has, moreover, not yet succeeded in securing instruction in the rudiments of learning for those classes who suffer from no natural disqualification. As general primary education is still so backward among the masses, the Government of India consider that it would be premature to incur expenditure in endeavouring to train persons who at the best could only very imperfectly respond to the efforts made on their behalf, and whose education would be exceptionally expensive. The Government of India have therefore decided that the assistance of Government in this direction should for the present be limited to grants in aid of public or private charity.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all Local Governments and Administrations for information, and that it be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information.

[True Extract.]

(Signed) C. J. LYALL,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

No. 3241.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following Balance Sheet of the Government Savings Bank, Bombay, for the year 1892-93 :—

"BALANCE SHEET of the Government Savings Bank for the year ended 31st March 1893.

Dr.

Cr.

	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
To Amount due to 25,714 Depositors ...	79,64,201	9	9	By Cash paid into the Bank of Bombay ...	79,64,201	9	9
Rupees ...	79,64,201	9	9	Rupees ...	79,64,201	9	9

Examined and found correct.

(Signed) W. BEDFORD,
Auditor.

(Signed) A. AGABEG,
Superintendent."

*Government Savings Bank,
Bank of Bombay,
Bombay, 15th June 1893.*

(Signed) J. BEGBIE,
Offg. Deputy Secretary and Treasurer.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL ORDERS

By the Right Honourable the
Governor in Council.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th September 1893.

No. 457.—The following Proclamation issued from the General Department on the 16th instant is republished for the information of the Army:—

"No. 3331.—His Excellency Lieutenant-General C. E. Nairne, C.B., Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army, has this day in the afternoon taken upon himself under the usual Salute the execution of his office as Second Member of the Council of this Presidency, in pursuance of his appointment by Her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India."

Bombay Castle, 18th September 1893.

No. 458.—The Right Honourable the Governor is pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

Captain T. W. Cuffe, Commandant, Bombay Light Horse, to be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

No. 459.—The following extract from General Order by the Government of India No. 878, dated 15th September 1893, is republished:—

"Promotions."

No. 878.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Indian Staff Corps.

* * * *

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 9th September 1893.

* * * *

Claud William Jacob.

* * * *

Philip Alan Smurthwaite.

* * * *

Charles John Melliss.

* * * *

George Christopher McDowal Birdwood.

* * * *

George Alexander Brownrigg.

* * * *

Claude Melville Crawford.

* * * *

Herbert Duncan Merewether.

* * * *

No. 460.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—

Lieutenant E. Saulez, Indian Staff Corps.

Lieutenant H. H. Southey, Indian Staff Corps.

No. 461.—The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—

Captain S. H. Pelly, Indian Staff Corps, three months, medical certificate.

Captain W. A. M. Wilsen, Indian Staff Corps, three months, medical certificate.

Lieutenant N. A. H. Budd, Indian Staff Corps, three months, private affairs.

No. 462.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing, the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Lieutenant G. S. Morris, Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 2nd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, for one year. Pension service ninth year, commenced 23rd May 1893.

No. 463.—The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for the period specified:—

Captain P. Holland, Indian Staff Corps, six weeks, urgent private affairs, without pay, under Rule VIII of Regulations of 1875.

No. 464.—The extension of leave granted to Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Vincent, Indian Staff Corps, in G. O. G. No. 452 dated 11th September 1893, is for thirty-seven days, and not as therein stated.

By order of His Excellency the Right

Honourable the Governor in Council,

C. A. CUNINGHAM, Brig.-General,

Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 5580.—With reference to this Department Notification No. 5029, dated the 19th August 1893, it is notified that Mr. L. P. Walsh, C.I.E., and Lieutenant-Colonel F. M. Hunter, C.B., C.S.I., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Political Agent, Kolhapur and Southern Marátha Country, on the 11th September 1893, before office hours.

By order of His Excellency the Right

Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,

Acting Secretary to Government.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th September 1893.

No. 5826.—Under the provisions of Section 18 of Act II of 1864 (The Aden Courts Act) His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Lieutenant F. W. Wodehouse, acting Fifth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, with all the powers conferred and conferrable on a Magistrate of the First Class under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, for Aden and its dependencies wherein the said Code is in force, and also with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule:—

Power to require security for good behaviour (Section 110).

Power to make orders as to local nuisances (Section 133).

- Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).
- Power to make orders under Section 144.
- Power to hold inquests (Section 174).
- Power to issue process for person within local jurisdiction who has committed an offence outside the local jurisdiction (Section 186).
- Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint, upon police reports and upon information (Section 191).
- Power to try summarily all the offences mentioned or referred to in Section 260.
- Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, &c. (Section 524).

2. Under the provisions of Section 14 of the said Act His Excellency in Council is also pleased to invest Lieutenant Wodehouse with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes as defined in Acts IX of 1887 and X of 1888.

3. Under Section 22 of the said Code His Excellency in Council is further pleased to appoint Lieutenant Wodehouse to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the administration of the Government of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

4. His Excellency in Council is also pleased to appoint Lieutenant Wodehouse to be Cantonment Magistrate at Aden.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 5843.—A'zam Madhaorao Janardan Gupte, acting Head Karkun of taluka Panvel in the district of Kolaba, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule:—

- Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).
- Power to make orders under Section 144.
- Power to hold inquests (Section 174).
- Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 5845.—A'zam Raghavendra Rango Bableshwar, acting Head Karkun of taluka Hungund in the district of Bijapur, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule:—

- Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).
- Power to make orders under Section 144.
- Power to hold inquests (Section 174).
- Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 5848.—Under Section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to place Mr. T. D. Fry, I. C. S., Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Sátara, in charge of the sub-division of that district comprising the talukas of Sátara, Wái, Jávli and Koregaon.

2. Under Section 260 of the said Code His Excellency in Council is further pleased to specially empower Mr. T. D. Fry to try in a summary way all the offences mentioned or referred to in that section.

No. 5851.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointments made by the Honourable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, with effect from the 5th September 1893, vice Mr. C. E. Fox, retired:—

Mr. G. H. Farran, M.A., Commissioner for taking Accounts and Local Investigations, Master and Registrar in Equity and Taxing Officer, High Court;

Mr. A. K. Oliver to be Assistant Commissioner for taking Accounts and Taxing Officer.

No. 5853.—Mr. Nathji Haribhai has been appointed under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to act as Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Jambusar in the Surat District, with effect from the 5th instant, after office hours, vice Mr. Motiram Bhavanidas on sick leave or until further orders.

No. 5854.—Mr. E. C. Cox relinquished charge of his appointment as Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, on the 9th instant, in the afternoon.

No. 5856.—A'zam Raghunath Hari Lele, acting Head Karkun of taluka Chopda in the district of Khándesh, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule:—

- Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).
- Power to make orders under Section 144.
- Power to hold inquests (Section 174).
- Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

No. 5858.—Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the undermentioned Magistrates of the First Class in the district of Ratnágiri are invested with the additional powers mentioned against their names, being some of the powers specified in the fourth schedule:—

Mr. L. C. Crump, I. C. S.	Power to require security for good behaviour (Section 110).
	Power to make orders as to local nuisances (Section 133).
Ráo Rahádúr Shriníwas Swamiráo Kamlapurkar.	Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen (Section 524).
	Power to make orders as to local nuisances (Section 133).
	Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen (Section 524).

No. 5859.—Ráo Sáheb Damodar Waman Bhat and Ráo Sáheb Krishnaji Sadashiv Riswádkar respectively delivered over and received charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Courts at Párner and Shrigonda in the Ahmednagar District on the 5th July 1893, in the afternoon.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

No. 5894.—Under Section 8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the talukas of Bhiwandi and Váda in the district of Thána a sub-division of

that district, and under Section 13 of the Code to place Ráo Bahádúr W. R. Patwardhan, District Deputy Collector and Magistrate, of the First Class in that district, in charge of that sub-division.

No. 5895.—Mr. C. W. Chitty and Khán Bahádúr Cursetji Manekji Cursetji respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay on the 15th instant, in the afternoon.

No. 5897.—Ráo Sáheb Dattatraya Balaji Mangamker, acting Mámátdár of táluksa Siddápúr in the district of Kánara, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district, and is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule:—

Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Section 143).

Power to make orders under Section 144.

Power to hold inquests (Section 174).

Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaint and upon police reports (Section 191).

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. C. WHITWORTH,

Acting Secretary to Government

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th September 1893.

No. 6679.—Mr. R. H. Gunion, Principal, Residency College, Indore, Central India, passed an examination in Hindústání according to the Lower and Higher Standards on the 4th September 1893.

Bombay Castle, 15th September 1893.

No. 6704.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. R. Brendon to act as Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Fourth Class, vice Mr. C. A. Pogson, or pending further orders.

No. 6709.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII of 1878, as amended by Act No. V of 1890, and in supersession of Government Notification No. 4088 dated 5th June 1893, published at page 478 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 8th idem, Part I, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. T. Wingate to be Forest Settlement Officer for the táluks of Kúmta, Ankola, Kárwár, Haliyál and Yellápúr and the Supa and Mundgod Pethas of the Kánara District, and Mr. W. D. Sheppard, I. C. S., to be Forest Settlement Officer for the táluks of Sirsi, Siddápúr and Honávar and the Bhatkal Petha of the said district for the purposes set forth in Section 4, clause (c), and Section 34 of the said Act, and in respect of all lands in the said respective areas up to this date notified as proposed Reserved Forests under Section 4 or as Reserved Forests under Section 34, which have not since been disforested under Section 28 and in respect of which the inquiry into rights contemplated by clause (c) of Section 4 of the said Act has not yet been made.

2. Under Section 16 of the said Act His Excellency the Governor in Council is also pleased to appoint the Collector of Kánara to hear appeals from any orders passed by the said Forest Settlement Officers under Sections 10, 11, 14 or 15 of the said Act.

3. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the inquiry and record in respect of the Protected Forests of the said areas shall be made and prepared by the said Forest Settlement Officers in the same manner and subject to the same provisions and right of appeal as in the case of Reserved Forests.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 6750.—Mr. E. G. Oliver, Divisional Forest Officer, West Khándesh, was in charge of the East Khándesh Division, in addition to his own duties, from 22nd May to 19th June 1893, during the absence of Mr. R. H. Madan on leave on medical certificate.

No. 6772.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. Wingate, I. C. S., C.I.E., on his return from service under the Government of India, to be a Senior Collector on the Bombay Establishment, with effect from 1st September 1893, vice Mr. W. Allen, I. C. S., retired, and to be Collector and District Magistrate, Broach, and District Registrar, Broach.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

No. 6777.—Jivaji Akko, Watandár Kulkarni of the village of Halhalli, táluksa Indi in the Bijápúr Collectorate, having been removed from his office on account of grave misconduct, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

No. 6795.—The privilege leave for three months granted to Mr. J. Boyd by Government Notification No. 5017, dated 11th July 1893, has been commuted by the Secretary of State for India to leave on medical certificate for seven months.

No. 6796.—The following Notification by the Government of India is republished:—

" Simla, the 14th September 1893.

No. 3238-I.—The services of Mr. A. Wingate, I. C. S., C.I.E., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the 1st September 1893.

(Signed) W. J. CUNNINGHAM,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 18th September 1893.

No. 3341.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint under Sections 2 and 3 of the Lunatic Asylums Act XXXVI of 1858 Khán Bahádúr Manekji Kavasji to be a Visitor of the Lunatic Asylum, Poona, vice Ráo Sáheb Narso Ramchandra Godbole, resigned.

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 3359.—Assistant Surgeon Tuljaram Chuni-lal Khandvala, L.M. & S., has been placed on general duty with effect from 31st August 1893, afternoon.

No. 3360.—Assistant Surgeon Lallubhai Bhag-vandas Kaji, L.M. & S., has been placed on general duty with effect from 30th August 1893, afternoon.

No. 3361.—Assistant Surgeon Mulchand Gangaraj Thadani, L.M. & S., is appointed to the medical charge of the Larkhāna Dispensary with effect from 30th August 1893, afternoon.

Bombay Castle, 20th September 1893.

No. 3373.—Assistant Surgeon Phirozshah Palanji Mullan, L.M. & S., is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Broach, with effect from 3rd September 1893, afternoon, during the absence of Surgeon-Major J. McCloghry, appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Ahmedabad.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. W. VIDAL,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 16th September 1893.

No. 44.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments

during the absence of Mr. C. T. Burke on privilege leave or until further orders:—

Mr. G. O. W. Dunn to act as Under Secretary to Government, Public Works Department.

Mr. H. V. M. Phelps to act as Executive Engineer, Ahmednagar.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. D. CRUICKSHANK, Colonel, R. E.,
Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY.)

Bombay Castle, 19th September 1893.

No. 29.—The following Notification by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

"No. 333, dated 12th September 1893.—Mr. W. C. Hickie, Government Examiner of Accounts, Rohilkhand-Kumaon Railway Company, is appointed Examiner of Accounts, Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar Railway."

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

F. J. E. SPRING.

Acting Secretary to Government.

Miscellaneous Notifications, Appointments, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

Mr. Charles E. Fox and Mr. A. K. Oliver respectively delivered over and received charge of the offices of Master and Registrar in Equity, Commissioner and Taxing Master of the High Court on 10th August 1893, in the afternoon.—Dated this 15th day of September 1893.

By order,

G. H. FARRAN,

Master and Registrar in Equity,
Commissioner and Taxing Master.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Mr. Ramchandra Sakharām Barve is appointed to act as Māmlatdār of Bhiwadi in the Thāna District during the absence of Rāo Sāheb Gopal-shankar Venishankar on privilege leave for two months from the 18th instant, or until further orders.

W. PORTEOUS,

Acting Commissioner, N. D.

Ahmedabad, 16th September 1893.

Mr. G. S. Curtis, I. C. S., delivered over and Khan Bahādur Sorabsha Hormasji received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector, Kaira, on the 11th instant, in the afternoon.

G. B. REID,

Commissioner, N. D.

Ahmedabad, 19th September 1893.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Mr. Sesho Shrinivas is appointed to be District Inspector, Third Grade, Kānara, with effect from the 11th July 1893.

A'zam Annaji Vasudeo, Mahālkari of Nargund, acted as Māmlatdār of Nargund in the Dhārwar District from 30th June 1893 to 12th July 1893, both days inclusive.

During the absence on privilege leave for one month and a half from the 13th April to the 27th May 1893 of Rāo Sāheb Venkatrao Subrao Koppikar, late Māmlatdār of Hubli, 'zam Gungo Ragh-vendra Satvik, Mahālkari of Mundargi Petha, acted as Māmlatdār of Hubli from the 5th to the 27th May 1893.

Belgaum, 12th September 1893.

In consequence of the appointment of Ráo Bahádur Anant Raghunath Chitre to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector, Bijápur, from the 24th March 1893, the following temporary promotions are made with effect from that date:—

Ráo S. heb Govind Venketesh Datar, Mám-lat-dár of Hubli, from the 24th March to 22nd June 1893, Ráo S. heb Krishnaji Pandurang Joshi, Mám-lat-dár of Athni, from 23rd June to 29th June 1893, and Ráo S. heb Gangadhar Bhimrao Jambhekar, Mám-lat-dár of Parasgad, from the 1st June until further orders to be substantive *pro tem*. Second Grade Mám-lat-dárs vice Ráo Bahádur Anant Raghunath Chitre, appointed substantive *pro tem*. Sixth Grade Deputy Collector, Bijápur.

Ráo S. heb Luxman baji Pradhan, Mám-lat-dár of Panvel, from 24th March to 29th June 1893, and Ráo S. heb Krishnaji Gurrao Kalghatgi, Mám-lat-dár of Ratnágiri, from 30th June until further orders to be Third Grade Mám-lat-dárs vice Messrs. G. V. Datar, K. P. Joshi and G. B. Jambhekar, promoted to the Second Grade.

Ráo S. heb Ramchandra Subrao Baidur, acting Fourth Grade Mám-lat-dár of Roha, from 24th March to 19th June 1893, and Rao S. heb Rango Kishna Bhandiwad, acting Fourth Grade Mám-lat-dár of Rájápur from 30th June until further orders to be substantive *pro tem*. Fourth Grade Mám-lat-dárs.

Belgaum, 15th September 1893.

Mr. Anaji Wasudeo, Mahálkari of Nargund in the Dhárwár District, is appointed to act as Mám-lat-dár of Bankipur vice Ráo S. heb S. V. Mangalvedekar, deputed to audit the accounts of the district of Kanara.

Belgaum, 16th September 1893.

J. NUGENT,
Commissioner, S. D.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND A'BKÁRI.

No. 4822.—Khán Sahab Nasarwanji Pestanji Vakil, Distillery Inspector, Surat, on Rs. 150, has been allowed privilege leave of absence for two months from the 1st instant, the following arrangements being made during his absence:

I.—Mr. Nasarwanji Shapurji, City Inspector, Surat, on Rs. 100, and acting on Rs. 125 vice Mr. R. Maidment (vide this Office Notification No. 3034 dated the 20th June last), to act as Distillery Inspector, Surat, on Rs. 150.

II.—Mr. Chagganlal Kahandas, District A'bkári Inspector, Rajápur, on Rs. 70, and doing duty as acting Inspector, Bulsár Division, on relief by Mr. R. Maidment, to continue to act for Mr. Nasarwanji Shapurji and to do duty as Inspector, Olpad Division.

III.—Mr. Ardesir Sorabji Subavala, Distillery Inspector, Ratnágiri, on Rs. 60, and acting on Rs. 70 vice Mr. Chagganlal, is transferred for duty from Olpad to the Surat City, and is to continue to act for Mr. Chagganlal.

IV.—Mr. Cursetji Ratanji, Sub Inspector, Chikhli, on Rs. 50, and acting on Rs. 60 vice Mr. Ardesir, to continue to act in the appointment and to do duty at Chikhli.

Poona, 13th September 1893.

No. 4853. The appointment of

- (1) Mr. Ganpat Pandurang,
- (2) Mr. Shirajudin Amirudin,
- (3) Mr. Abdul Rasul,

(4) Mr. Sheik Hussein valad Sheik Mahomed, made in this Office Notification No. 4193 of the 15th ultimo, published at page 807 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, should be considered as substantive *pro tem*.

No. 4855.—Mr. Wali Lutfulla, District A'bkári Inspector, Khándesh, on Rs. 75, who was appointed District A'bkári Inspector, Surat, on Rs. 100 substantive *pro tem*. vice Mr. Clifford, vide this Office Notification No. 1460 dated the 21st March 1889, published at page 250 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated 28th idem, is confirmed in the appointment with retrospective effect.

Poona, 14th September 1893.

No. 4914.—Consequent on the appointment of Mr. C. R. Brendon to act as Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue on the Goa Frontier, the following temporary promotions and transfer are made:—

Mr. F. G. Hutchinson, Inspector, Goa Frontier, on Rs. 250, to act in the Rs. 300 grade as Superintendent, Main Stores, vice Mr. Brendon, remaining on the Diggi Beat.

Mr. C. Pain, Inspector, Goa Frontier, on Rs. 200, to act in the Rs. 250 grade vice Mr. Hutchinson, and to do duty at Castle Rock.

On Mr. W. F. Jardine rejoining his appointment as Assistant Superintendent, Main Stores, on Rs. 200, doing duty on the Northern Frontier, Mr. J. Lorimer, Inspector, Goa Frontier, on Rs. 175, and doing duty on the Northern Frontier, to continue to act in the Rs. 200 grade vice Mr. Pain.

Mr. Jukes, A'bkári Inspector, Dhárwár, on Rs. 125, who was appointed by this Office Notification No. 4102 dated 9th August 1893, to be Inspector on Rs. 150 on the Goa Frontier, should be directed to join his appointment there forthwith.

Poona, 19th September 1893.

T. D. MACKENZIE,

Acting Commissioner of Customs,
Salt, Opium and A'bkári.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

No. 342.—Sheodas Laxuman, Candidate Vaccinator, Khándesh Zilla, W. D., is appointed Vaccinator, Dángs State, with effect from 26th July 1893, vice Parashram Baburao, transferred.

No. 343.—Dattatraya Appaji is appointed substantive *pro tem*. Candidate Vaccinator, Khándesh Zilla, W. D., with effect from 26th July 1893, vice Sheodas Laxuman, promoted.

No. 344.—The privilege leave granted to Narayan Dhaneshwar, First Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Purandhar Taluka, Poona Zilla, in Notification No. 297 of 23rd August 1893 is converted into furlough and extended up to 27th October 1893.

No. 345.—Govind Mahadaji, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Jámkhed Taluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, is granted sick leave with effect from 14th July to 30th September 1893 inclusive, and Shankar Appaji is appointed to act for him.

JOHN CLARKSON, Surgeon-Major,

Acting Sanitary Commissioner.

Bombay, 20th September 1893.

BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

"No. A.G.-586
21129"

POSTAL ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.

From

THE COMPTROLLER, POST OFFICE;

To

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, BOMBAY.

Calcutta, 1st August 1893.

SIR,—I have the honour to forward a copy of general letter No. 5, dated 18th July 1893, which I have found it necessary to issue to Postal officials regarding unnecessary applications for letters of credit, and to ask the favour of your co-operation in the matter.

2. The unnecessary applications of which I complain are generally the result of friction between Treasury Officers and Postmasters which, it was expected, would be removed by the addition made (by the first list of corrections) to Article 515 of the Civil Account Code.

3. I may explain that owing to the peculiar nature of the business of the Post Office which, as you are aware, includes large and varying transactions on account of Money Orders and Savings Banks, I have absolutely no check over the cash requirements of a Post Office until the accounts of a month are received and audited, and if a Postmaster telegraphs to me to say that he requires a stated sum for Money Order payments or Savings Bank withdrawals, I have no option but to issue a letter of credit for the sum named subject to audit of the accounts when they are received.

4. When the accounts are examined it is however often discovered that the original credit was not exhausted and that the application for an addition thereto was wholly unjustifiable except for the refusal of the Treasury to honour the Postmaster's drafts, on the plea that the amounts Sub-offices are empowered to draw against the Postmaster's credit exceed the balance of that credit. I represented this to the Comptroller General last year with the result that an addition was made to Article 515 of the Civil Account Code which was intended to prevent any interference by the Treasury Officer with the Postmaster's drawings unless the actual recorded payments as shown in the Post Office register of the Treasury exceed the letters of credit; but even this has not prevented Treasury Officers from attempting a control

over the Postmaster's proceedings which I, as Audit Officer, cannot exercise.

5. Such action on the part of Treasury Officers cannot possibly serve any useful purpose, and as it leads to many unnecessary telegrams and letters, I should be much obliged therefore if you would instruct Treasury Officers not to do more than Article 515 of the Civil Account Code requires of them and, if they consider it necessary in any special case, to telegraph to me direct if the credit should be overdrawn. The arrangements ordered in paragraphs 5 to 7 of my general letter should however render it unnecessary for the Treasury Officer to telegraph to me save in the unlikely case of a Postmaster refusing to do so.

(Signed) R. Roy,
Assistant Comptroller.

7th August 1893."

"GENERAL LETTER No. 5.

From

THE COMPTROLLER, POST OFFICE;

To

ALL POSTMASTERS GENERAL; DEPUTY POSTMASTERS GENERAL; SUPERINTENDENTS; ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS; AND INSPECTORS OF POST OFFICES AND POSTMASTERS OF ALL HEAD OFFICES.

Dated Calcutta, the 18th July 1893.

SIR,—With reference to Chapter 26 (Article 515) of the Civil Account Code which is re-printed under paragraph 77 of my Circular No. 1 dated 1st January 1893, I have the honour to invite attention to the numerous cases of unnecessary applications for supplementary letters of credit which are constantly being received in this office notwithstanding the provisions of the article in question.

2. As explained in paragraph 80 of my Circular No. 1 already quoted, an application for a supplementary letter of credit is only necessary and justifiable when there is a reasonable probability of the existing letters of credit being overdrawn. The balance of a Postmaster's credit at the Head-quarters Treasury on any given date is the amount of the letters of credit issued in his favour for the current month *minus* the cash payments recorded in the "Post Office Register" of the Treasury (see Article 515 of Chapter 26 of the Civil Account Code), no account being taken, until the money is drawn and recorded as a payment in the Post Office Register, of sums which Sub-Postmasters have been empowered (under Article 514 of the Civil Account Code) to draw against the Postmaster's credit.

3. It cannot be too clearly understood that the Postmaster's credit is not divided amongst the Sub-offices having direct dealings with Sub-Treasuries, but that the Sub-Postmasters are merely empowered to draw, within certain limitations, against the Postmaster's letter of credit, the amount of which is not reduced by the issue of an authority to a Sub-Postmaster to draw against it. In considering, therefore, what amount is at a Postmaster's credit, only the actual drawings shown in the Post Office Register are to be taken into account; these recorded drawings, however, include the Sub-Treasury payments of the pre-

vicious month excluded by the Treasury Officer in the monthly verification under Article 520 of the Civil Account Code.

4. Treasury Officers cannot obviously know what has been paid at their Sub-Treasuries until they receive the daily sheets from the Sub-Treasuries, nor do Head Postmasters know what has been drawn by their Sub-Offices until the daily accounts are received from the Sub-Offices, and no useful purpose can be served by a Treasury Officer or a Postmaster troubling himself about the unknown. All that a Postmaster is required to do is to keep a careful watch over the state of his drawing account with the Treasury and to telegraph to this office for a supplementary credit whenever it is really necessary to do so, informing the Treasury Officer that this has been done so as to relieve that officer of any anxiety regarding a possible overdraft.

5. The form of telegram should be in the authorised Code words with, when necessary, a reference to the state of the credit; for example (1) if the Treasury balance is only Rs. 500 and an extra credit of Rs. 5,000 is needed on account of abnormal Savings Bank withdrawals, the message should run thus:—

"five thousand obiter balance five hundred"

or (2) if the Treasury balance has been accidentally overdrawn through abnormal money order payments at Sub-Offices and a further credit of Rs. 5,000 is required, the message should run thus:—

"five thousand minus credit overdrawn."

6. If in an altogether exceptional case it is found, when the accounts of a month are made up, that the Treasury credit has been overdrawn owing to heavy and unexpected payments at Sub-Offices on the closing days of the month, a telegram should be at once sent to this office according to the following formula:—

"(name of month) Treasury credit overdrawn amount"

for example if the credit for March is overdrawn by Rs. 518 the message should run—

"March Treasury credit overdrawn five hundred and eighteen."

7. On receiving such a message my office will at once telegraph to the Treasury and make good the defect within say forty-eight hours of the Postmaster's message, unless a Sunday or holidays intervene when the delay may be a little longer. With reasonably good management a case of this kind is not, however, likely to occur in any month, except perhaps that of March, when the accounts of the Treasuries and Post Offices are held open so as to record the whole of the transactions at outstations up to and including the last day of the month.

(Signed) J. W. H. SANDELL,
Comptroller."

R. 423.
1893

Dated Bombay, 5th September 1893.

Copy forwarded to all Collectors and Treasury Officers for information and guidance.

A. F. COX,
Accountant General.

BY COLLECTORS.

No. 9499.—The undermentioned employes in the Poona District have passed the Sub-Service Departmental Examination prescribed for Probationers by Government Notification dated 22nd June 1890 on 11th September 1893. The names are arranged in the order of merit:—

No.	Names.	How employed.
1	Purshotam Gaintaman.	Karkun, Indapur Mamlatdar's Office.
2	Gopal Ganesh Potdar ..	Karkun, Haveli do.
3	Waman Hari Phatak ...	Do. City Magistrate's Office.
4	Anant Waman Panwalkar.	Do. Haveli Mamlatdar's Office.
5	Pandurang Narayan Tamhankar.	Do. Purandhar do.
6	Kashinath Krishna Vaidya.	Do. Haveli do.
7	Balkrishna Narayan Purandhare.	Do. do.
8	Raoji Laxman. Khare.	Do. Collector's Account Office.
9	Dattatraya Dinkar Gokhale.	Do. Purandhar Mamlatdar's Office.
10	Bhikaji Gopal Padval...	C. B. Commissioner, C. B. Office.
11	Wasudeo Ramchandra Shahane.	Karkun. Bhimthadi Mamlatdar's Office.

F. L. CHARLES,
Collector.

Poona Collector's Office,
19th September 1893.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.

Mr. W. J. Holland, District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, is allowed twenty-five days' privilege leave of absence from the 10th instant or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

H. SCANNELL,
Acting Inspector-General of Police.

Poona, 11th September 1893.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned Horse Shows will be held during 1893-94 on the dates mentioned against each of them in this Presidency and Beluchistan. Liberal prizes will be awarded to stock approved, by the Judging Committee:—

Poona	21st to 27th September 1893.
Quetta Beluchistan ...	4th and 5th October 1893.
Rajkot	17th November 1893 and following days.
Malegaon (Nizam's territory).	28th December 1893 and following days.
Shikarpur (Sind) ...	8th January 1894 and following days.
Saujshro (Sind) ...	29th to 31st January 1894.
Cutch	6th February 1894 and following days.
Sibi (Beluchistan) ...	12th February 1894 and following days.
Chincali, S. M. C. ...	30th to 24th February 1894.
Ahmedabad	24th to 26th do.

J. W. A. MORGAN,
Superintendent, Civil Vety. Dept.,
Bombay Presidency

Ahmednagar, 14th September 1893.