

Bombay Bovernment Gazette.

Bublished by Authority.

TUESDAY, 31st AUGUST 1869.

Separate Paging is given to this Part, in order that it may be filed as a separate Compilation.

PART IV.

ACTS PASSED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

The following Act of the Governor of Bombay in Council received the assent of the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay on the 15th July 1869, and the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 7th August 1869, and is published for general information :--

BOMBAY.

Act No. VI. of 1869.

An Act to provide for the periodical Inspection of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers attached thereto in the City of Bombay.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the Inspection by Preamble. competent Inspectors of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers attached thereto, in the City of Bombay, with a view to the security of persons and property : It is enacted as follows :--

The following words and expres-I. sions in this Act shall Interpretation. have the meaning hereby assigned to them, unless where a contrary intention shall appear from the context: that is to say-

The word " Boiler" shall include any cylinder or vessel for " Boiler." generating steam under pressure.

The words " Prime Mover" shall include any Steam En-gine, Fly-wheel, first " Prime Mover." Driving Shaft, and Pulley attached to any such Engine.

The word "Owner" shall include any Agent or hirer using "Owner." any Boiler or Prime Mover.

II. The Government shall be empowered from time to time Inspectors to be apto appoint one or more Inspectors for pointed. the purposes of this Act, and from time to time to remove the same or any of them. It shall be the duty of the Inspectors to inspect all Boilers and Prime Movers attached thereto in the City of Bombay in the manner hereinafter provided.

III. It shall not be lawful for the owner Prohibition of the use of a Boiler or Prime Mover without a Certificate.

of any such Boiler or Mover as Prime aforesaid to use the same in the said City

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unless a Certificate shall have been duly. granted in respect thereof in the manner hereinafter provided; and it shall not be lawful for such owner to continue to use such Boiler or Prime Mover after the period for which such certificate shall have been granted.

IV. The owner of any such Boiler or

On Notice from owner, an Inspector to examine Boiler or Prime Mover. Prime Mover as aforesaid in respect whereof a certificate shall not be in force

in manner hereinafter described shall, before using the same, give notice to an Inspector appointed under this Act, of his intention to use or continue to use the same. The Inspector to whom such notice shall be given shall appoint a time between sunrise and sunset, and within forty-eight hours after such notice, for the inspection of such Boiler or Prime Mover, and at such time shall carefully examine such Boiler or Prime Mover and every part thereof, and the owner or person in charge thereof shall afford to such Inspector all reasonable facilities for such examination, and all such information as may reasonably be required.

V. An Inspector, making an inspection under this Act of any

Inspector to give a such Boiler or Prime Certificate to the owner Mover as aforesaid, on payment of fee. if he be satisfied that such Boiler or Prime Mover is in good condition, shall, on payment by the owner or person in charge thereof, of such fees as shall be fixed in the Rules hereinafter mentioned, give to the owner a certificate signed by him to that effect, in the form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, and such certificate shall Duration of Certificate. state the period for

which such Boiler or Prime Mover may be used, and shall cease to be in force on the expiration of such period.

VI. Government shall from time to Appointment of Com- time appoint a Commission. mission for hearing appeals as hereinafter provided, and also, under such rules as may from time to time be framed by Government, for controlling the Inspectors appointed under this Act. Such Commission shall consist of not less than 5 members of whom 3 shall be professional Engineers, and all or any of them shall be removeable at the pleasure of Government.

VII. If an Inspector refuse to give a Refusal by an Inspector to give Certificate. Certificate to the owner of any Boiler or Prime Mover under

Section V. of this Act, he shall be bound to give to such owner, in writing, his reasons for such refusal, and any owner aggrieved by the decision of the Inspector may within one month from the date of the said refusal appeal to the Commission appointed under Section VI. of this Act. The Commission shall forthwith inquire into and determine such appeal, and shall, if it think fit, grant a certificate. If the Commission are of opinion that any appeal is unfounded or frivolous, they shall have the power of awarding any sum not exceeding Rs. 50 as costs to be paid, which sum shall be disposed of as directed by Section XIII. of this Act. The inquiry shall be held in public, and the decision of the Commission shall be final.

VIII. The Commission appointed under

Revocation of Certificates. Section VI. of this Act may revoke any certificate granted

under this Act, in any case in which there shall be reason to believe that such certificate has been fraudulently obtained or erroneously granted, or has been granted without sufficient inspection, or in case there shall be reason to believe that the Boiler or Prime Mover in respect whereof such certificate shall have been granted, since the granting such certificate has sustained injury or is not in good condition. After such revocation the Boiler or Prime Mover in respect whereof a certificate has been revoked shall not again be used until a further inspection shall have been made as in Section IV. of this Act, and until a certificate shall have been granted by the Inspector with the countersignature of a majority of the said Commission.

IX. Government shall from time to Rules to be made. time frame Rules regulating the fees payable for certificates, and the duties of the Commission and of Inspectors appointed under this Act; such Rules shall not have effect until they shall have been published in the Bombay Government Gazette for a period of six weeks, and shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

X. The owner of any such Boiler or Owner to produce certificate when called upon by Magistrate or authorised person. all reasonable times, during the period for which the same may be in force, be bound to produce such certificate when called upon to do so by any Magistrate having jurisdiction within the City of Bombay, or by any person authorised in writing by such Magistrate to demand its production.

XI. The owner of any such Boiler or

Penalty for using Boiler or Prime Mover without a certificate. Prime Mover as aforesaid who shall use the same in the said City without a certificate duly obtained and in

duly obtained and in force in respect thereof under this Act, shall be punished with a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees; and to continue to use the same after such fine shall have been imposed shall be held to be a separate offence, and shall be punished in like manner. No proceeding shall be taken to enforce this penalty before such day after this Act shall have come into operation as Government shall fix by notification in the Bombay Government Gazette.

XII. This Act shall not apply to any Act not to apply to Railway Engines nor to Steam Vessels. Locomotive Engine used upon any Railway in the City of

Bombay, or to any Steam vessel in the Port of Bombay.

XIII. All costs and penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered in the manner prescribed by Act XIII. of 1856 (for regulating thePolice of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay) and Act XLVIII. of 1860, (to amend Act XIII. of 1856,) or any other Act for regulating the Police of the City of Bombay in force for the time being.

Disposal of Penaltics. All costs and penaltics to be levied under this Act shall be disposed of in such manner as Government from time to time shall direct.

XIV. No charge shall be brought Charges within what period to be brought. Act except within six months after the commission of the offence, nor shall such

charge be brought without the authority of the Commission appointed under this Act. XV. This Act shall come into opera-

Commencement of Act. tion on such day as Government shall fix by Notification in the Bombay Government Gazette.

XVI. This Act may be cited as "The Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1869."

(Schedule Referred to in Section V.) FORM OF INSPECTOR'S CERTIFICATE.

Name of Owner.	Descrip- tion of Boiler and age.	Descrip- tion of Prime Mover and age,	Power.	When and where made,	When and where last repaired.	REMARKS.
	•					

I, the undersigned, certify that I have examined the above-named Boiler (or Prime Mover), and to the best of my judgment the Boiler (or Prime Mover) as shown in the above Statement is in good condition.

A. B.,

Inspector.

By order of the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

JOHN JARDINE,

Poona, 28th August 1869.

Acting Under-Secretary to Government.

Printed and Published for Government at the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS, Byculla.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 13th day of August 1869, and was promulgated for general information in the *Gazette of India* of 16th August 1869:—

Act No. XVIII. of 1869.

THE GENERAL STAMP ACT, 1869.

CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I. PRELIMINARY.

SECTION.

- 1. Short title.
 - Extent of Act. Commencement of Act.
- 2. Repeal of enactments.
- · 3. Interpretation-clause.

CHAPTER II.

STAMP DUTIES CHARGEABLE UNDER THIS ACT.

- 4. Scheduled duties chargeable.
- 5. Duties how levied.
 - (a.) By adhesive stamps.
 - (b.) By impressed stamps.
- 6. Duties by whom payable.
- 7. Duties on bills of exchange.
- S. Bills drawn out of British India.
- 9. Instruments reserving interest.
- 10. Consideration expressed in foreign currency.
- 11. Optional stamps where value of subject-matter is indeterminate.
- 12. Bond, &c., for payment of annuity. Consideration an annuity.
- 13. Several instruments used in a single transaction.
- 14. Instruments coming within two or more of the definitions.
- 15. Instruments exempt from duty.
- 16. Power to lower rates of stamp-duty.
- 17. Saving of judicial stamp-duties.

CHAPTER III.

UNSTAMPED OR INSUFFICIENTLY STAMPED DOCUMENTS.

18. Instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in evidence.

Except in criminal proceedings.

- 19. Foreign bill unstamped or with stamp uncancelled.
- Powers of Civil Courts as to unstamped or insufficiently stamped instruments. Penalty.
- 21. Registration of payments and penalties levied by Civil Courts.
 - Returns to Collector.
 - Payments to Collector.
- 22. Impounding unstamped instruments in Civil or Criminal Courts.
- 23. Impounding unstamped instruments in public office.
 - IV.-55 b

- SECTION.
 - 24. Powers of Collector as to unstamped or insufficiently stamped instruments. Prosecution.

Remission of penalty.

- 25. Validity of instrument for which Collector levies penalty.
 - Loss of instruments sent under sections 22, 23, 24, or 25.
- Power to stamp instruments chargeable with one anna.
 Procedure where receipts are required.
- 27. Procedure where receipts are required. Refusal to give receipts.
- 28. After-stamping when inadmissible.

CHAPTER IV.

CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

- 29. Penalty for executing instrument on paper not duly stamped.
- 30. Penalty for presenting, &c., unstamped foreign bills or notes.
- 31. Cancelling stamps on foreign bills by holder. Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps.
- 32. Penalty for not drawing full number of bills or marine policies purporting to be in sets.
- 33. Cancellation of adhesive stamp by maker or executant.
 - Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps.
- Consideration to be stated. Mortgage-money to be deemed purchasemoney.
 - Penalty for not stating consideration.
- 35. Penalty on attorneys, &c., not inserting true consideration.
- 36. Abetment.
- 37. Recovery of fines.
- 38. Reward to informers.

CHAPTER V.

JURISDICTION.

- 39. Adjudication of doubt as to proper stamp.
- 40. Revision of Collector's certificates and orders.
- 41. Reference to High Court.
- 42. Power to remit penalties.
- 43. Institution and conduct of prosecutions.
- 44. Jurisdiction of Magistrate.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- 45. Refund in case of useless or spoiled stamped paper.
- 46. When stamped paper shall be held to be spoiled.
- 47. Suit where consideration is not stated.
- Power to make rules for sale of stamps. Approval and publication of rules. Penalty for disobeying rules.
- 49. Employment of single impressed stamp.
- 50. Employment of several stamped papers.
- 51. Act to be translated, indexed, and sold cheaply.

SCHEDULES.

- SCHEDULE I.—Instruments chargeable with ad valorem stamp duties.
 - ,, II.-Instruments chargeable with fixed stamp duties.

" III.-Enactments repealed.

INDEX.

An Act for imposing Stamp Duties on certain Instruments.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called 'The General Stamp Act, 1869.'

Extent of Act.

It extends to the whole of British India.

And it shall come into

Commencement of Act. force on the first day of January 1870.

2. On and after that day, the enactments speci-

Repeal of enactments. repealed to the extent specified in the third schedule specified in the third column of the same schedule.

3. In this Act and the first and second Interpretation clause. schedules hereto annexed, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1). 'Affidavit' includes every declaration in writing, on oath or affirmation, made before a person authorized by law to administer an oath:

(2). 'Award' includes every decision in writing by an arbitrator or umpire :

(3). 'Bill of Exchange' includes a hundi and every other instrument (except a cheque) whereby a person is ordered to pay to another a specified sum of money:

(4). 'Bill of Lading' includes every instrument signed by the owner of a ship or his agent, acknowledging the receipt of goods therein described, and undertaking to deliver them at a port and to a person therein mentioned, or indicated :

(5). 'Bond' includes every instrument whereby a person obliges himself to pay money to another, on condition that the obligation shall be void if a specified act is performed, or is not performed, as the case may be:

(6). 'Bottomry Bond' includes every instrument whereby the master of a sea-going ship borrows money on the security of the ship to enable him to prosecute her voyage:

(7). 'Charter-party' includes every instrument (except an agreement for the hire of a tug-steamer) whereby a ship or some principal part thereof is let for the specified purposes of the charterer:

(8). 'Cheque' includes every instrument whereby a bank, banker, or person acting as a banker, is 'ordered to pay, on' demand a specified sum of money:

(9). 'Collector' means within the limits of the towns of Calcutta, 'Madras, and Bombay the Collector of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, and, without those limits, the Collector of a District, and includes Deputy Commissioner or any officer having jurisdiction equivalent to that of a Collector of a District: (10). Composition-deed'includes every instrument executed by a debtor, whereby the debtor conveys his property for the benefit of his creditors, or whereby payment of a composition or dividend on their debts is secured to the creditors, or whereby provision is made for the continuance of the debtor's business, under the supervision of inspectors or under letters of license, for the benefit of his creditors:

(11). 'Conveyance' means any instrument (except a transfer of a share in a Company or Association, a mortgage-deed, a settlement, a lease, an instrument of reconveyance of mortgaged property, a composition-deed, an instrument of gift, or an instrument of exchange, or partition-deed, where no money is paid for equality of exchange or partition) by which property is conveyed *inter vivos*:

(12). 'Counterpart' means the duplicate of a conveyance, settlement, mortgage-deed, or lease, such duplicate not being executed by the grantor, settlor, mortgagor or lessor, but by some other party to the instrument: it includes a kabúliyát in cases where a lease has been granted :

(13). 1 Dock-warrant' includes every instrument evidencing the title of any person therein named or his assign, or the holder thereof, to the property in any goods lying in or upon any dock, warehouse, or wharf, such instrument being signed or certified by or on behalf of the company or person in whose custody such goods may be:

(14). 'Impressed' includes 'printed' and 'lithographed.'

(15). 'Lease' includes every instrument (not being a counterpart) by which one person lets, or agrees to let, or takes or agrees to take, immoveable property to or from another :

(16). 'Letter of Credit' includes every instrument by which one person requests another to give credit to the person in whose favour it is drawn :

(17). 'Letter of License' includes every agreement between a debtor and his creditors that the latter shall, for a specified time, suspend their claims and allow the debtor to carry on business at his own discretion :

(18). 'Mortgage-deed' includes every instrument evidencing a pledge of property for securing the payment of money :

(19). 'Negotiable Instrument' includes Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, and Cheques :

(20). 'Notarial act' means any instrument, endorsement, note or entry made or signed by a Notary Public in the execution of the duties of his office, and includes every like instrument, endorsement, note or entry made or signed by a consul, attorney, or other person authorized by law to act as a Notary Public:

(21). 'Paper' includes vellum, parchment, or any other material on which an instrument may be written:

(22). 'Partition-deed' means any instrument whereby persons interested in immoveable property jointly, or in common, or as co-parceners, or as members of an undivided Hindú family, divide or agree to divide such property in severalty, and includes a batwárá : (23). 'Policy of Insurance' means any instrument by which one person, in consideration of a -premium, engages to indemnify another against loss, damage, or liability arising from an unknown or contingent event: it does not include a policy on life:

(24). 'Power of Attorney' includes every instrument (except a proxy) empowering a person to act in the stead of the person executing it :-

(25). 'Promissory Note' includes every instrument whereby the maker engages absolutely to pay a specified sum of money to another at a time therein limited, or on demand, or at sight:

(26). 'Property' means property being in British India:

(27). 'Protest' means a declaration in writing made by a Notary Public, or other person authorized to act as such, attesting the dishonour of a Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note:

(28). 'Protest of the Master of a Ship' includes every declaration of the particulars of her voyage, drawn up by him with a view to the adjustment of losses, or the calculation of averages, and every declaration in writing made by him against the charterers or the consignees for not loading or unloading the ship:

(29). 'Proxy' means an instrument whereby a person authorizes another to vote for him at a meeting:

(30). 'Release' includes every instrument whereby a person renounces a claim upon another person, or against any specified property :

(31). 'Respondentia-bond' includes every instrument securing a loan on the cargo laden or to be laden on board a ship, and making re-payment contingent on the arrival of the cargo at the port of destimation; and

(32). 'Settlement' means any instrument (other than a Will) whereby the destination or devolution of moveable or immoveable property is settled or agreed to be settled.

CHAPTER II.

STAMP DUTIES CHARGEABLE UNDER THIS ACT.

4. For every instrument mentioned in the first and second schedules 'Scheduled duties charge- hereto, and executed in

able.

hereto, and executed in British India on or after the 1st day of January 1870,

or executed out of British India on or after that day, but relating to any property within British India,

there shall be payable to the Government of India, as stamp duty, the amount indicated in the first or second schedule hereto annexed, to be the proper duty for such instrument.

5. (a).-All instruments chargeable under this

Duties how levied. Act with a duty of one anna, bills of exchange and promissory notes drawn or made out of British India, and transfers by endorsement of shares of Companies and Associations may (subject to the provisions hereinafter

By adhesive stamps.

contained) be stamped with adhesive stamps. (b).—The stamp on every other instrument By impressed stamps. chargeable under this Act shall either be impressed

on the paper whereon the instrument is written or be otherwise denoted by the Collector or the Superintendent of Stamps in accordance with such rules as the Governor General of India in Council may from time to time prescribe in this behalf.

6. In the absence of an agreement to the contrary, the expense of providing the proper stamp shall be borne-

1st.—In the case of any instrument mentioned in the first schedule to this Act (other than a policy of insurance, a mortgage-deed, a settlement, a conveyance, a lease, an instrument of exchange or partition-deed where money is paid for equality of exchange or partition, an appraisement or valuation, an award and a copy, duplicate or extract), by the person drawing, making, or executing such instrument:

2nd.—In the case of a policy of insurance, by the insured :

3rd.—In the case of a settlement, by the settlor: 4th.—In the case of a conveyance, mortgage-

deed, or lease, by the grantee, mortgagor, or lessee :

5th.—In the case of a counterpart of a lease, by the lessor:

6th.—In the case of a partition-deed, by the parties thereto, in proportion to their respective shares in the property comprised therein; and

7th.—In the case of an exchange where money is paid for equality of exchange, by the person paying such money.

7. The duty imposed by this Act on bills of Duties on bills of exchange. India, (b) on all bills drawn and payable in British India, (b) on all bills drawn in, but payable out of, British India, aud (c) on all bills drawn out of, but accepted, or paid, or endorsed, transferred, or otherwise negotiated within British India.

8. The holder of any bill of exchange or pro-Bills drawn out of missory note drawn or made out of British India, and not stamped as required by this Act, shall, before he presents the same for acceptance or for payment, or endorses, transfers, or otherwise negotiates such bill or note, affix thereto the proper adhesive stamp or stamps for denoting the duty with which it is chargeable under this Act.

9. Where interest is expressly made payable Instruments reserving interest. by the terms of an instrument, such instrument shall not be chargeable have been chargeable had no mention of interest been made therein.

10. When the consideration set forth in Consideration expressed in foreign currency. or the amount secured by any instrument chargeable under this Act is

expressed in pounds sterling, pounds currency, francs, or dollars, such consideration or amount

shall, for the purposes of this Act, be estimated according to the following scale :-

One pound sterling or pound currency is equivalent to ten rupees.

One hundred francs are equivalent to forty rupees

One Mexican or China dollar is equivalent to two rupees four annas.

One Mauritius dollar is equivalent to two rupees. 11. When the amount or value of the subject-

Optional stamps where value of subject-matter is indeterminate.

matter of any bond, mortgage-deed or settlement chargeable under this Act with an ad valorem stamp

duty, and referred to or mentioned in section six, cannot be ascertained, the proper stamp to be borne by such instrument may be determined by the person bound under that section to bear the expense of providing the stamp:

Provided that, under such instrument, nothing shall be recoverable more than the highest amount or value for which, if stated in an instrument of the same denomination, the stamp actually used under such option would have been sufficient.

12. The whole amount secured for the pay-Bond, &c., for payment

ment of an annuity, or other sum payable periodically for an indefinite

time, by a bond, promissory note, or mortgage-deed shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be ten times the amount of the payment calculated for one year.

Where the consideration for a conveyance is an

Consideration an annuity.

of annuity.

annuity or other sum payable periodically for an indefinite time, such con-

sideration shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be ten times the amount of the payment calculated for one year.

13. Where more instruments than one are re-

Several instruments used in a single transaction.

quired for the completion of any transaction involv-

in a single transaction. ing the execution of a mortgage-deed, settlement, conveyance, or lease, the proper stamp required by this Act for such mortgage-deed, settlement, conveyance, or lease, shall be borne by the principal instrument executed in such transaction, and each of the other instruments shall bear a stamp of one rupee.

The parties may determine for themselves which of such instruments shall for the purposes of this section be deemed to be the principal instrument : Provided that, where the instruments are liable to different rates of duty under this Act, the instru-ment liable to the highest of such rates shall be deemed to be the principal instrument.

14. An instrument so framed as to come with-

Instrument coming with-in two or more of the definitions in section 3.

in two or more of the definitions in section three shall, when the instruments to which those de-

finitions apply are liable to different rates of duty under this Act, be charged with the highest of such rates :

Provided that when any one instrument purports, for distinct considerations, to convey by way of sale, to lease, to give, or to mortgage two or more subject-matters,

or to convey by way of sale, to lease, or to give one subject-matter and to mortgage another,

such instrument shall be chargeable with the aggregate amount of the duties to which instruments effecting separately each of such conveyances, leases, gifts, or mortgages would be liable under this Act.

15. Nothing in this Act shall render the following instruments charge-Instruments exempt from duty. able with duty :-

(1). Receipt or discharge granted to a cultivator for the rent of land paying revenue to Government, or (in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay) of inam lands.

(2). Receipt given for money or securities for money deposited in any Bank or in the hands of any Banker or person acting as a Banker to be accounted for :

Provided the same be not expressed to be received of or by the hands of any other than the person to whom the same is to be accounted for :

Provided further, that this exemption shall not extend to a receipt or acknowledgment for any sum paid or deposited for, or upon a letter of allotment of a share, or in respect of a call upon any scrip or share of or in any Company, or Association or proposed or intended Company or Association.

(3). Receipt or discharge endorsed on or contained in any instrument duly stamped according to the law in force in British India at the date of its execution, acknowledging the receipt of the consideration-money therein expressed, or the receipt of any principal money, interest, or annuity or other periodical payment, thereby secured.

Transfer by endorsement of a negotiable (4).instrument or a policy of marine insurance or of insurance against fire.

Letters of hypothecation accompanying a (5). bill of exchange.

(6). Transfers of securities of the Government of India.

(7). Bond to Government for the due performance of the duties of any salaried office.

(8).Agreement or memorandum of an agreement for or relating to the sale of goods or merchandize.

(9). Lease granted to a cultivator, unless a fine or premium be paid in consideration of such lease.

(10). Counterpart of such loase.

(11).Surrender of land executed by a cultivator to his landlord.

Affidavit made for the sole purpose of (12).enabling any person to receive any pension or charitable allowance.

(13). Copy of any paper which a public officer is by law required to make or furnish in his official capacity.

(14). Copies made for the private use only of any person having the custody of the original instrument, or of his counsel, attorney or vakil.

(15). Receipt or other instrument executed by or on behalf of Government, in cases where the Government would but for this exemption be liable to pay for the stamp thereon.

(16). Letter of cover or engagement to issue a policy of insurance :

Provided that, unless such letter or engagement bear the stamp prescribed by this Act for such policy of insurance, nothing shall be recoverable thereunder, nor shall it be available for any purpose except to compel the delivery of the policy therein mentioned.

16. The Governor General of India in Council

may, from time to time, by order published in the Power to lower rates of stamp duty. Gazette of India, reduce

or remit in the whole or any part of British India the duties chargeable under this Act on all or any of the instruments mentioned in the first and second schedules hereto annexed, or on any particular class of such instruments, or on any of the instruments belonging to such class, or on any of the instruments mentioned in the said schedules when executed or granted by or to any particular class of persons, or by or to any members of such class,

and may in like manner cancel or vary such order to the extent of the powers hereby given.

Every such cancelment or variation shall be published in the Gazette of India.

17. Nothing in this chapter or in the schedules

hereto annexed shall be Saving of Judicial stamp deemed to affect the duties. stamp duties chargeable under Act No. XXVI. of 1867, section six, or under any other enactment relating to stamps used in judicial proceedings.

CHAPTER III.

UNSTAMPED OR INSUFFICIENTLY STAMPED DOCUMENTS.

18. (a).-No instrument chargeable with stamp

Instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in evidence.

duty shall be received in any court of justice, or by any person having by law or consent of parties au-

thority to receive evidence, as creating, modifying, transferring or extinguishing, or purporting to create, modify, transfer or extinguish, any right or obligation,

or as evidence in any civil proceeding,

or shall be acted upon in any such court, or by any such person as aforesaid, or by any public officer,

or shall be registered by any officer acting under any law for the registration of assurances, or in any public office,

or shall be authenticated by any public officer,

unless such instrument bears a stamp of a value not less than the amount of the duty with which it is chargeable under the law in force in British India at the time of its execution.

(b) .- Every instrument chargeable with stamp

duty shall be admitted in evidence in any criminal Except in criminal proceedings. proceeding (other than proceedings under Chapter XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure) although it may not have the stamp required by law impressed thereon or affixed thereto.

19. Subject to the provisions contained in section twenty-six, no per-son taking a bill of

Foreign bill unstamped or with stamp uncancelled.

exchange or promissory note requiring a stamp under section eight, either in payment or as a security, or by purchase or

IV.-55 C

otherwise, shall be entitled to recover thereon, or to make the same available for any purpose, unless at the time when he so takes it, the proper stamp is affixed thereto and cancelled in manner directed by this Act.

20. When any instrument chargeable with

Powers of civil courts as to unstamped or insuffi-ciently stamped instruments.

stamp duty executed on paper not bearing the stamp required by the law in force in British India at the time of its

execution is produced in a Civil court, the court, if satisfied that the omission to execute such instrument on paper bearing the proper stamp, did not arise out of any intention to evade payment of the proper duty, and on payment of such duty, or, in the case of an insufficiently stamped instrument, of the sum required to make up the full amount chargeable on such instrument,

together with a penalty of the following amount (that is to say) :-

if the instrument is pro-Penalty. duced within one year from the date of its execution, five times, or, if it is produced after one year from such date, twenty times, such proper stamp duty or deficient portion thereof as aforesaid,

shall certify by endorsement on such instrument that the proper stamp duty has been levied thereon.

Provided that no such penalty shall exceed one thousand rupees.

Such certificate shall be conclusive evidence as to the amount of stamp duty leviable on such instrument, and the said instrument shall thereupon be admissible as if originally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp.

21. (a) .- An entry of every such payment Registration of payments showing the amount and penalties levied by civil thereof shall be made in courts. a book to be kept by the Court, and shall also be endorsed on the instrument in respect of which the payment is made, and such endorsement shall be signed by the presiding officer.

(b) .- The Court shall at the end of every month

make a return to the Returns to Collector. Collector of the money (if, any) which it has so received, distinguishing between the sums received by way of penalty and the sums received by way of duty, stating the number and title of the suit, the name of the party from whom the money was received, and the date (if any) and description of the instrument.

(c) .- The Court shall pay over all money so received to the Collector Payments to Collector. or to such person as he

may from time to time appoint to receive the same.

22. If it appear to a Civil or Criminal Court

Impounding unstamped instruments in civil or criminal courts.

that any instrument filed or exhibited in such Court was executed on unstamped or insuffi-

ciently stamped paper with the intention of evading payment of the stamp duty required by the law in force in British India at the time of its execution, the Court may impound the instrument and send it to the Collector, and he shall thereupon prosecute the offender.

When any instrument is produced before 23.

Impounding unstamped instruments in public office.

any registering officer, or in any public office other than a Civil or Criminal Court, if it appear to the

registering officer, or to the head of such public office that the instrument is chargeable with stamp duty under the law in force in British India at the time of its execution, but that it does not bear a stamp of a value equal to or exceeding the value of the stamp prescribed therefor by that law, he shall impound the instrument, and send it forthwith to the Collector.

24. (a) .- When any instrument is produced before the Collector, other-Powers of Collector as to unstamped or insuffi-ciently stamped instruwise than for the purpose of obtaining an adjudicaments. tion under section thirtynine, or has been sent to him under section twenty-three, he shall either proceed in accordance with the provisions of section twenty, exercising the powers thereby conferred on a civil court; or if it appear to him that the instrument was executed on unstamped, or insufficiently stamped, paper with the intention of evading payment

Prosecution.

of the proper stamp duty, he shall prosecute all the

persons that have executed the said instrument, or such of them as to him may seem fit;

· or if it appear to him that the instrument is properly stamped, or that it is not chargeable with stamp duty under the law in force in British India at the time of its execution, he shall certify by endorsement thereon that it is properly stamped, or that it is not so chargeable (as the case may be); and he shall thereupon return such in-strument to the registering or other public officer by whom it was sent, or to the person by whom it was produced, and, subject to the provision con-tained in section forty, it shall be deemed to be properly stamped or not chargeable (as the case may be).

(b) .- Provided that, in any case coming under this section, if the instru-Remission of penalty. ment is brought within one year from the date of its execution to the Collector, or other public officer by whom it has been sent to the Collector under section twenty-three, and if the Collector is satisfied that such instrument has not been duly stamped previously to being signed or executed by reason of accident, mistake, inadvertence, or urgent necessity, he may remit the whole or any part of the penalty prescribed by section twenty.

(c) .- Provided also that, in any case coming under this section in which an instrument, other than a bill of exchange or promissory note, purports to have been executed out of British India, if the Collector is satisfied that the instrument was so executed, and also that it has been brought to him within the three months next after its arrival in British India, he shall, on payment of the duty with which such instrument would have been chargeable if executed in British India, certify by endorsement thereon that the proper stamp duty has been levied upon it.

(d) .- Subject to the provision contained in section forty, such certificate shall be conclusive evi-"dence of the amount of stamp duty leviable on the instrument, which shall thereupon be admissible as if criginally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp.

25. When the Collector elects to proceed under section twenty, he shall (if he imposes a Validity of instrument for which Collector levies penalty), after endorsing penalty. on the instrument the certificate thereby directed, or (if he remits the whole of the penalty) after endorsing on the instrument a certificate to that effect, return such instrument to the registering or other public officer by whom it was sent or to the person by whom it was produced.

Subject to the provision contained in section forty, the said instrument shall thereupon be, and be deemed to have been, as valid as if it was originally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp.

In case any instrument sent or returned under

Loss of iastruments sent under sections 22, 23, 24, or 25.

sections twenty-two, twenty-three, or twenty-four, or the former part of this section, be lost,

destroyed, or injured during transmission, the Court or officer sending or returning the same shall not be liable for such loss, destruction, or injury.

26. (a) .- When any bill of exchange, promissory note, cheque, or order for the payment of money on demand Power to stamp instruments chargeable with one anna. by any banker or person

acting as a banker, chargeable hereunder with the duty of one anna, comes to his hands unstamped, he may affix thereto the necessary adhesive stamp, and cancel the same in the manner required by this Act, and upon so doing, may charge the duty against the person who ought to have paid the same, or deduct such duty from the sum so directed to be paid.

(b).-Such bill, note, cheque, or order shall, so far as relates to the stamp duty chargeable thereon, be valid; but this shall not relieve any person or firm from liability to the penalty which he or it may have incurred by issuing or giving the said bill, note, cheque, or order unstamped.

27. (a).-Any person, or the agent of any person, from whom money ex-Procedure where re-. ceeding in amount twenty ceipts are required. rupees is due or claimed

to be due, and who shall have paid such money, may provide a piece of paper with an adhesive stamp of one anna affixed thereto, and may require of the person entitled to such money or any agent to whom the same shall have been paid, a receipt for such money, and also the value of the said stamp.

Refusal to give receipts.

rupees.

(b).-If any one to whom money shall have been so paid refuses to give such receipt upon demand thereof, or to pay the value of the said stamp thereon, he shall be liable for every such offence to a fine not exceeding one hundred

28. 'Except as provided in sections eight and twenty-six, ino stamp After-stamping when shall be affixed to, or inadmissible. impressed on, any bill of exchange, or promissory note, or any instrument

chargeable hereunder with the duty of one anna, subsequent to the execution thereof, nor shall the provisions of sections twenty and twenty-four apply to any such instrument.

CHAPTER IV.

CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

29. Any person or firm making, signing,

or issuing, or, except as provided in section Penalty for executing instrument on paper not twenty-six, accepting, enduly stamped.

dorsing, paying, or re-ceiving payment of any bill of exchange, promissory note, cheque, or other similar instrument liable to any of the duties hereby imposed, without the same being duly stamped,

and any person making, executing, or signing otherwise than as a witness any other instrument liable to any of such duties without the same being duly stamped,

shall, for every such offence, be liable to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees,

or, if ten times the value of the proper stamp exceeds one hundred rupees, to fine not exceeding ten times such value,

or, where an insufficient stamp has been used, if ten times the deficient amount exceeds one hundred rupees, to fine not exceeding ten times such amount.

30. Any person or firm presenting for acceptance

Penalty for presenting, &c., unstamped foreign bills or notes.

or for payment, or accepting, paying, endorsing, transferring, or in any manner negotiating any

·bill of exchange or promissory note drawn or made out of British India whereon there is not such stamp as is required by this Act, shall be liable for every such offence to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

31. Any person or firm presenting for accept-

ance or payment a bill of Cancelling stamps on foreign bills by holder.

exchange or promissory note, which an adhesive stamp has been affixed under se tion eight,

and any person or firm endorsing, transferring, or in any manner negotiating such bill or note,

shall, before delivering the same out of his or its hands, custody, or power, cancel the stamp so affixed,

in such manner as to show that the stamp has been made use of, and so that the same shall not admit of being used again.

Any person or firm who or which ought, as direct-

ed by this Act, to cancel Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps. such stamp in manner aforesaid, and refusing or

neglecting so to do, shall be liable for every such offence to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Penalty for not drawing full number of bills or marine policies purporting to be in sets.

32. Any person or firm drawing or executing within British India a bill of exchange, or a policy of marine insurance purporting to be drawnor exe-cuted in a set of two or

more, and not at the same time drawing or executing on paper duly stamped as required by this Act the whole number of bills or policies of which such bill or policy purports the set to consist, shall, for every such offence, be liable to fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.

33. Whenever an adhesive stamp is used as

Cancellation of adhesive stamp by maker or executant.

hereinbefore authorised, the person making or executing the instrument to which such stamp is

affixed shall, before delivering the instrument out of his hands, custody or power, cancel the stamp so used so that it cannot be used again.

Any person making or executing such instrument

and failing to cancel the Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps. stamp affixed thereto in manner aforesaid shall, for every such offence, be liable to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

34. (a).-When any moveable or immoveable Consideration to be property is sold, the full consideration-money di-rectly or indirectly paid stated. or secured, or agreed to be paid or secured, for the same, shall be truly set forth in words at length in the principal or only instrument whereby the property sold is conveyed to, or vested in, the pur-

chaser or in any other person by his direction.

(b).-When any property is sold and conveyed subject to any mortgage, Mortgage money to be deemed purchase money. or bond, or other debt, or to any gross or entire sum of money, such debt or sum shall be deemed the consideration-money or part of the considerationmoney (as' the case may be) in respect whereof the duty chargeable under the first schedule to this Act shall be paid,

notwithstanding the purchaser is not or does not become personally liable for such debt or sum,

or does not agree to pay the same or to indemnify the seller against the same.

(c).-If the full consideration-money is not set forth as aforesaid, the purchaser and the seller

Penalty for not stating consideration. shall each be liable to fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and shall also pay a fine of five times the amount of the excess of duty with which such instrument would have been chargeable under this Act, if the full considerationmoney had been duly set forth in such instrument, in addition to the duty actually paid for the same.

Penalty on attorneys, c. not inserting true &c. not inst consideration.

35. Any attorney, vakil, pleader, mukhtár, or other person employed in or about the preparing of any instrument in or upon which the full considera-

tion-money is hereby required to be truly set forth,

or employed for any of the parties thereto in anywise about or relating to the transaction therein mentioned,

who knowingly inserts or sets forth, or causes to be inserted or set forth, in or upon any such instrument any other than the full considerationmoney,

shall, for every such offence, pay a fine not less than five hundred rupees and not exceeding five thousand rupees.

Every attorney, vakil, pleader, and mukhtúr con-victed under this section shall, from the date of such conviction, be disabled to practise as an attorney, vakíl, pleader, or mukhtár:

Provided that no person shall be liable to any penalty or disability under this section, unless the duty actually paid for the instrument is less than would have been payable for the same in case the consideration-money had been truly set forth as aforesaid.

36. Whoever abets within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code any

Abetment. offence made punishable by this Act shall be punished with the punishment hereinbefore provided for such offence.

37. All fines imposed under this Act may be recovered, if for offences committed outside the Recovery of fines.

local limits of the towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, in the manner prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure, and if for offences committed within those limits, in the manner prescribed by any Act regulating the Police of such towns in force for the time being.

In the case of a firm, the Magistrate imposing the fine may issue a warrant for the levy of the amount by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the firm, or to all or any of the members thereof.

38. Whenever an offender is sentenced to pay a fine under this Act, the Reward to informers. convicting Magistrate

may award any portion not exceeding one-half to the person on whose information the offender has been convicted.

CHAPTER V.

JURISDICTION.

39. When any instrument chargeable with

this

stamp-duty under Adjudication of doubt Act, whether previously to proper stamp. Act, whether previously as to proper stamp. to the Collector, and the person bringing it desires to have the opinion of that officer as to the duty with which it is so chargeable, and pays a fee of five rupees, the Collector shall assess and charge the duty to which, in his judgment, the instrument is liable; and upon payment of such duty or of such a sum as, with the duty already paid thereon, is equal to the duty so assessed and charged, and of the penalty, if any, incurred through the instrument having been executed on insufficiently stamped paper, shall certify by en-dorsement on such instrument that the full duty with which it is chargeable under this Act has been paid.

The instrument shall thereupon be deemed to be duly stamped and shall be receivable in evidence or otherwise in all courts and public offices as if originally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp:

Provided that nothing contained in the former part of this section shall authorise the Collector to make any such endorsement on bills of exchange, promissory notes, or instruments chargeable with the stamp duty of one anna when brought to him on unstamped or insufficiently stamped paper subsequent to the drawing or execution thereof.

40. All certificates and orders of the Collector under this Act, shall be

Revision of Collector's certificates and orders.

open to revision on appeal or otherwise by the chief

controlling Revenue Authority to which the Collector is subordinate.

Provided that no order passed on such revision shall invalidate any registration or other proceeding previously made or taken of or upon an instrument endorsed by the Collector under section twenty-four or section twenty-five.

41. (a).-The chief controlling Revenue Authority may state any case coming before it under High Reference to

Court. this Act and refer such case with its own opinion thereon, if the case arise in the Presidency of Fort Saint George or the Presidency of Bombay, to the local High Court, and if it arise in any other part of British India, to the High Court at Fort William.

(b) .- Every such case shall be decided by at least three Judges of the High Court to which it is referred, and in case of difference the opinion of the majority shall prevail.

(c).-If the High Court is not satisfied that the statements contained in the case are sufficient to enable it to determine the questions raised there-by, the Court may refer the case back to the Revenue Authority by which it was stated, to make such additions thereto or alterations therein as the Court may direct in that behalf.

(d).-The High Court upon the hearing of any such case shall decide the questions raised thereby, and shall deliver its judgment thereon, containing the grounds on which such decision is founded; and it shall send to the Revenue Authority by which the case was stated, a copy of such judgment under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar, and the Revenue Authority shall, on receiving the same, dispose of the case conformably to such judgment.

42. The chief controlling Revenue Authority Power to remit penalties.

of prosecutions.

may, upon petition, remit wholly or in part any penalty imposed under this Act.

43. All prosecutions in respect of any offence punishable by this Act, Institution and conduct

shall be instituted and conducted by the Col-

lector or such other officer as the local Government generally, or the Collector specially authorises in that behalf.

44. Offences punishable under this Act may be tried within the limits of Jurisdiction of Magisthe towns of Calcutta, trate.

Madras, and Bombay by a Magistrate of Police, and beyond those limits by the Magistrate of the District or a person exercising the powers of a Magistrate (as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure), or of a Subordinate Magistrate of the first class: Provided that, in imposing penalties under this Act, no such person shall exceed the limits of jurisdiction prescribed for him by the said Code.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Refund in case of uscless or spoiled stamped paper.

45. If any person possessing any stamped paper which has been obtained in the manner allowed by this Act or Act No. X. of 1862 (to consoli-

date and amend the Law relating to Stamp Duties), or any paper on which the stamp has been denoted by the Collector or the Superintendent of Stamps, does not require the same for use,

or if the paper so possessed becomes spoiled or unfit for use as hereinafter mentioned,

the Collector of the District in which the paper has been purchased may, upon application made to him, within one year after such purchase, and upon delivery to him of such paper, refund the amount paid to Government for the same, whether by the applicant or any other person;

or in case the owner of the paper so spoiled or unfit for use, desires to be supplied with stamped paper of similar or equal value, the Collector may cause such paper to be delivered to him or his agent upon payment of the value of the paper on which the new stamp or stamps shall be impressed.

46. Stamped paper and paper on which the Stamp has been denoted by the Collector or the Superintendent of Stamps, shall be held to be spoiled or unfit for use within the meaning of section forty-five when—

by accident happening to the same before any writing thereupon has been finally signed and executed, it is rendered unfit for use;

or when, because of some error in the drawing up or copying of any writing thereon, discovered before such writing has been finally signed and executed, it is rendered of no avail;

or when, by reason of death or refusal of the party whose signature may be necessary to effect the transaction intended by such writing, it remains incomplete and of no avail;

or when, by refusal of any office or trust granted by a writing thereon, it has failed of the purpose intended;

or when, by reason of failure of consideration, the transaction intended to be effected or evidenced by a writing thereon cannot be effected or evidenced;

or when the transaction intended to be effected by a writing thereon has been effected by some other instrument duly stamped;

or when, in the case of a negotiable instrument, such instrument is, by reason of non-delivery to the payee or person acting in his behalf, or other cause, never brought into use;

or when, in the case of a bill of exchange other than a bill drawn in a set, it has not been presented for acceptance or payment.

47. Where in case of a sale, or an exchange upon which money is paid for equality of exchange, or a lease for 'a premium, the full consideration-money is not truly set forth in the manner hereby directed, the purchaser, or the person paying money for equality of exchange, or the lessee (as the case may be), or his representative in interest, may sue for and recover back from the seller, or the person receiving such money, or the lessor (as the case may be), or his representative in interest, so much of the consideration-money as is not set forth as aforesaid, or the whole thereof, if no part of the same is so set forth;

And in such suit, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, the conveyance, instrument of exchange, or lease shall be admissible in evidence.

48. Every Local Government shall frame rules for regulating the sale of sale of stamps. and stamped paper required by this Act or by Act No. XXVI. of 1867 (to amend the law relating to stamp daties) for determining the persons by whom such sale is to be conducted, and for fixing the remuneration of such persons within the territorics subject to its control; and may from time to time alter and add to such rules.

Any person appointed to sell such stamps and Penalty for disobeying rules. ished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or with both.

49. When an impressed stamp is used under Employment of single impressed stamp. Section five to denote the amount of duty with which any instrument is chargeable, such amount shall be denoted by a single stamp, except when such amount exceeds one thousand rupees, in which case it may be denoted by two or more impressed stamps of which the aggregate amount is the amount so required :

Provided that, when a single impressed stamp of any amount less than one thousand rupees is not procurable on application to the Gollector or stamp-vendor appointed under section forty-eight, it shall be lawful, on such officer making a certificate to that effect, for the person requiring such stamp to denote the amount by two or more impressed stamps, of which the aggregate amount is the amount so required.

50. When more stamped papers than one are used under section fortynine for an instrument chargeable with stampduty under this Act, each paper so used shall contain a part of the instrument.

51. Every Local Government shall cause this Act to be translated, indexed, and sold cheaply. Act and the schedules hereto annexed to be carefully translated into the principal vernacular languages of the territories subject to its control.

A full alphabetical index shall be added to every such translation, and the translation and index shall be printed and sold to the public at a price not exceeding four annas per copy.

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SCHEDULE I.

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

2. PROMISSORY NOTE PAYABLE OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND For every Rs. 2,500 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 2,500 up to Rs. 10,000 For every Rs. 5,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 10,000 up to Rs. 30,000 And for every Rs. 10,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 30,000	p. 0 0 0 0 0			o, for	or ca	ach	t			
1. BILL OF EXCHANGE PAYABLE OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND When the amount of the Bill or Note does not exceed Rs. 100 bat does not exceed R. 200 0 0 2. PROMISSORY NOTE PAYABLE OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND " " 900 " " 1,200 " " 1,200 0 0 2. PROMISSORY NOTE PAYABLE OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND " " 900 " " 1,200 0 0 3. POLIOY OF INSURANCE When the amount insured docs not exceed Rs. 1,000 0 1 3. POLIOY OF INSURANCE When the amount insured docs not exceed Rs. 1,000 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0			s. 1			P		for ca f the s	
3. POLICY OF INSURANCE	000000			0 1 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2	1 2 3 5 6 8 2 2 8	p- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Rs. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2345880	p. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
3. POLICY OF INSURANCE	vn sii	ingly.		I	If dr	rawn		luplic: h par		en for
3. POLICY OF INSURANCE	a.	. p.					Rs.	a.	p.	
And for every further sum of Rs. 1,000 insured, or for every part thereof	4	0		1			0	2	0	
CWhen the amount paid for such share does not exceed Bs. 100.	4	0	· .				0	2	0	
When the amount paid for such share does not exceed Bs. 100	1.1	PRO	PER S	STA	MP	Du	UTY.		1	
CWhen the amount naid for such share does not exceed Bs. 100		Rs	s.	a.	-		р.	181		3-3
a deal Provide Provide and an and the part thereof in excess of Re 100 up to	-	0		4			0			
BS- 1000		0	•	4			0			
• Note.—The stamp duty chargeable on the instrument marked* may be denoted by an adhesive stamp when the transfer is n			rsome	4			0 -			

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5.	BOND for any specified amount, other than an Administration Bond	When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 25 0 2 0 When such amount exceeds Rs. 25 but does not exceed Rs. 50 0 4 0 50 100 0 4 0
6.	BOTTOMRY BOND	For every Rs. 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to Rs. 1,000 0 8 0
7.	RESPONDENTIA BOND	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
8.		 (a). When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 1,000 (b). When such amount exceeds Rs. 1,000 Five Rupees.
9.		 (a). When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 3,000
10.	MORTGAGE DEED, when Possession of the Property comprised therein is not given by the Mortgagor at	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the
	the time of execution	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the amount secured is chargeable (No. 5).
12.	BOND OR MORTGAGE DEED for the due execution of an office, or to account for Money received by virtue thereof	 (a). When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 3,000
13.	Assignment of ANY INTEREST SE- CURED BY A BOND OR MORTGAGE DEED	 (a). When the amount of such interest does not exceed Rs. 3,000
14.	SETTLEMENT	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the amount or value of the property thereby settled is chargeable (No. 5).
15.	CONVEYANCE	Rs. a. p.
16.	MORTGAGE DEED-When Possession of the Property comprised therein is given by the Mortgagor at the time of execution	When the amount paid or secured does not exceed Rs. 50 0 8 0 When such amount exceeds Rs. 50 but does not exceed ,, 100 1 0 0 For every Rs. 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to Rs. 1,000 0 0 ", 500 ", ", 1,000 ", 10,000 ", 10,000 ", 10,000 5 0 0 ", 1000 ", 10,000 ", ", 30,000 50 0 0 ", 10,000 ", ", 30,000 ", 100,000 50 0 0
17.	INSTRUMENT OF FURTHER CHARGE on such Property, whether by In- dorsement or otherwise	", ", 20,000 ", ", ", 1,00,000

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

	DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.	PROPER STAMP DUTY.
18. INSTRUMENT OF EXCHANGE OR PAR- TITION OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY when money is paid for equality of Exchange or Partition		The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the amount so paid is chargeable (No. 15), in addi- tion to the Stamp-duty with which an instru- ment of exchange of immoveable property or a partition-deed is chargeable under Schedule II.
	(a). Where the lease is expressed to be for a term of less than one year	(The Stamp-duty with which a Bond (No. 5) for the total amount payable under such lease is chargeable.
	(b). Where the lease is expressed to be for a term of not less than one year but not more than three years	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the total amount payable under such lease during the first year of the term is chargeable.
19. LEASE	(c). Where the lease is expressed to be for a term exceeding three years, or where no term is expressed	The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the total amount payable under such lease during the first year of the term is chargeable.
a printer and	d). Where the lease is granted in consideration of a fine or premium, and where no rent is reserved	The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the amount so paid is chargeable.
	(e). Where the lease is granted in consideration of a fine or premium, and also of a rent	The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the amount of the fine or premium is chargeable, in addition to the Stamp-duty with which the lease would be chargeable in case no such fine or premium had been paid.
20. Surrender of Lease	a). Where the amount of Stamp-duty chargeable on the lease does no exceed Rs. 16	able (110. 19).
	b). In any other case	Sixteen Rupees.

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SCHEDULE I.- continued.

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.	PROPER STAMP DUTY.
21. APPRAISEMENT OR VALUATION— Of any property or of any interest therein	}Eight Annas. One Rupee.
 22. AWARD	One Rupee.
duplicate, or extract (b). If the duty chargeable on the original exceeds Rs. 5 but does not exceed Rs. 20 (c). If such duty exceeds Rs. 20 but does not exceed Rs. 50	1.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, the amount of which does not exceed Rs. 2,00,000.

	the look				Р	ROPER STAN	MP DUT	ч.	
			er en Kild Er di	If drawn	singly.	If drawn in two, for ea of the	ch part	If drawn in three, for o of the	each part
When the a	mount exce	eeds but	does not exceed	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
Rs.			Rs. 100	0	1	0	1	0	1
	100		200	0	2	0	1	0	1
	200		300	0	3	0	2	0	1
	300		600	0	6	.0	3	0	2
	600		900	0	9	0	5	0	3
	900		1,200	0	12	0	6	<u> </u>	4
	1,200		1,500	0	15	0	8	0	5
	1,500		2,500		• 8	0	12	• 0	8
	2,500		5,000	3	0	1	8	1	0
	5,000		7,500	-4	8	. 2	4	1	8
8	7,500		10,000	6	0	3	0	2	0
. 0	10,000		15,000	9	0	4	8	. 3	0
	15,000		20,000	12	0	6	0	4	0
	20,000	• • • • •	25,000	15	0	7	8	5	0
	25,000		30,000	-18	0	9	0	6	0
	30,000		40,000	24	0	12	0	8	0
	40,000		50,000	30	0	15	0	10	0
	50,000		60,000	36	0	18	0	12	0
	60,000		70,000	.42	0	21	0	14	0
	70,000		80,000	48	0	24	0	16	0
	80,000		90,000	54	0	27	0	18	0
	90,000		1,00,000	60	0	30	0	20	0
17	-55 e				1				

189 p

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

					р	ROPER STA	MP DUT	ч.	
				If drawn	singly.	If drawn in two, for ea of the	hch part	If drawn i three, for of the	each part
When the	amount excee	eds	but does not exceed	Rs.	a.	Rs.	. a.	Rs.	a.
Rs.	1,00,000		Rs. 1,10,000	66	0	33	0	22	0
and the	1,10,000		1,20,000	72	0	36	0	24	0
	1,20,000		1,30,000	78	0	39	0	26	0
the states	1,30,000		1,40,000	84	0	42	0	28	0
	1,40,000		1,50,000	90	0	45	0	30	0
	1,50,000		1,60,000	96	0	48	0	32	0
	1,60,000		1,70,000	102	0	51	0	34	0
	1,70,000		1,80,000	108	0	54	0	36	0
	1,80,000		1,90,000	114	0	57	0	38	0
	1,90,000		2,00,000	120	0	60	0	40	0

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, the amount of which does not exceed Rs. 2,00,000-concluded.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on Bonds for any sum not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000.

			PROPER ST.	AMP DUTY	
When such sum e	vaoada	but does not exceed	Rs.	a.	
in the second	Areeus		0		
Rs 25		Rs. 25		2	
50	••••	50	0	4	
100		100	0	8	
		200	1	0	
200		300	1	8	
300		400	. 2	0	
400		500	2	8	
-500		600	3	0	
600		700	3	8	
700		800	4	0	
800		900	4	8	
900	• • • •	1,000	5	0	
1,000		1,500	7	8	
1,500		2,000	10	0	
2,000		2,500	12	8	
2,500		3,000	15	0	
3,000		3,500	17	8	
3,500		4,000	20		
4,000		4,500	20	0	
4,500		5,000		8	
5,000		5,500	25	0	
5,500		6,000	27	8	
6,000			30	0	
6,500		6,500	32	8	
0,000		7,000	35	0	

189 q

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on Bonds for any sum not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000-continued.

				PROPER STA	MP-DUTY.
When such sum exceed	s į	out does not exceed	-	Rs.	a.
Rs. 7,000		Rs. 7,500		37	8
7,500		8,000		40	0
8,000		8,500	1	42	8
8,500		9,000		45	0
9,000		9,500		47	8
9,500		10,000		50	0
10,000		11,000		52	8
11,000		12,000		55	0
12,000		13,000	1	57	8
13,000		14,000		60	0
14,000		15,000	W III	62	8
15,000	•••••	16,000		65	0
16,000		17,000		67	8
17,000		18,000		70	0
18,000		19,000	4	72	8
19,000	••••	20,000		75	0
20,000		21,000	1	77	8
21,000		22,000		80	0
22,000		23,000		82	8
23,000		24,000		85	0
24,000		25,000		87	8
25,000		26,000		90	0
26,000	*	27,000		92	8
27,000		28,000	-	95	0
28,000		29,000		97	8
29,000		30,000		100	0
30,000		40,000		112	8
40,000		50,000		125	0
50,000		60,000		137	8
60,000		70,000	3	150	0
70,000		80,000	1	162	8
80,000		90,000	-	175	0
90,000		1,00,000	1	187	8
1,00,000		1,10,000		200	0
1,10,000		1,20,000	-	212	8
1,20,000		1,30,000	-	225	0
1,30,000		1,40,000	-	237	8
1,40,000		1,50,000	-	250	0
1,50,000		1,60,000	-	262	8
1,60,000		1,70,000	a la	275	0
1,70,000		1,80,000		287	8
1,80,000		1,90,000	all.	300	0
-,,			1		

189 r

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

PROPER STAMP-DUTY. but does not exceed When such sum exceeds Rs. a. 312 8 Rs. 1,90,000 Rs. 2,00,000 2,00,000 325 0 2,10,000 8 2,10,000 337 2,20,000 0 2,20,000 350 2,30,000 8 362 2,30,000 2,40,000 0 375 2,40,000 2,50,000 8 2,50,000 2,60,000 387 0 2,60,000 400 2,70,000 8 412 2,70,000 2,80,000 425 0 3,00,000 2,90,000 8 3,00,000 3,10,000 437 0 450 3,10,000 3,20,000 462 8 3,20,000 3,30,000 475 0 3,30,000 3,40,000 487 8 3,40,000 3,50,000 3,60,000 500 0 3,50,000 3,60,000 3,70,000 512 8 3,70,000 3,80,000 525 0 3,80,000 3,90,000 537 8 4,00,000 3,90,000 550 0

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on Bonds for any sum not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000.—concluded.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Conveyance the consideration-money set forth in which does not exceed Rs. 4,00,000.

	0 .	10 m		• • • • •		PRO	OPER SI	TAMP-DUTY.
	When	the amount of such con money exceeds	nsideration-	but does not	exceed	20,00	Rs.	a,
	- 8	Rs	000.00	-Rse	50	0.00	0	8
		50	····	10	00	10,01	1	0
		100	00000	2	00 00	0,112	2	0
	· 0	200		3	00	1. 60 ·	3	0
	. 3.	300	120,0%	. 4	00 0	50,00	4	0
		400	C.0.04	5	00	N.J.B.	5	0
		500	-000, I.I.	6	00	102013	6	. 0
		600	000.01.1	70	00	1,06,00	7	0
	8	510 700	0.0000.1	80	00	1,186	8	0
	0.	800	100.00.1	90	00	00,08,1	9	0
		. 900		1,00	00	1,30,00	10	0
	0	1,000	Aug. 02.1	1,50	00	1,40,00	15	0
		1,500	000.01.1.		0	1,50,00	20	0
		2,000	0000094		0	1.60,00	25	0
5		2,500	000,09.1.		0		30	0
		3,000	-400.00.L.	3,50	100 million (100 million)		35	0

189 s

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Conveyance the consideration-money set forth in which does not exceed Rs. 4,00,000-continued.

			PROPER STAN	AP-DUTY.
When the amount of such		but does not exceed	Rs.	a.
consideration-money exceeds Rs. 3,500		Rs. 4,000	40	0
4,000		4,500	45	0
4,500		5,000	50	0
5,000		5,500	55	0
5,500		6,000	60	0
6,000		6,500	65	0
6,500		7,000	70	0
7,000		7,500	. 75	0
7,500		8,000	80	0
8,000		8,500	85	0
8,500		9,000	90	0
9,000		9,500	. 95	0
9,500		10,000	100	0 '
10,000		11,000	105	0
11,000		12,000	110	0
12,000		13,000	115	0
13,000		14,000	120	0
14,000		15,000	125	0
15,000		16,000	130	0
16,000		17,000	135	0
17,000		18,000	140	0
18,000		19,000	145	0
19,000		20,000	150	0
20,000		21,000	155	0
21,000	"	22,000	160	0
22,000	· ····	23,000	. 165	0
23,000		24,000	170	0
24,000		25,000	175	0
25,000		26,000	180	0
26,000		. 27,000	185	0
27,000		28,000	190	0
28,000		29,000	195	0
29,000		30,000 .	200	0 *
30,000		40,000	250	0
40,000		50,000	300	0
50,000		60,000	- 350	0
60,000		70,000	400	0
70,000		80,000	450	0
80,000		90,000	500	0
90,000	· · · · ·	1,00,000	550	0
1,00,000		1,20,000	625	0
1,20,000		1,40,000	700	0
1055f	No Fill		参照 网络1	

189 t

SCHEDULE I.-concluded.

				PROPER STA	MP-DUTY
When the am onsideration-	ount of such money exceeds	Sec. 1	but does not exceed	Rs.	a.
Rs.			Rs. 1,60,000	775	0
	1,60,000	· · · · · ·	1,80,000	850	0
	1,80,000		2,00,000	925	0
	2,00,000		2,20,000	1,000	0
	2,20,000		2,40,000	1,075	0
	2,40,000		2,60,000	1,150	0
	2,60,000	····	2;80,000	1,225	0
	2,80,000		3,00,000	1,300	0
	3,00,000		3,20,000	1,375	0
	3,20,000		3,40,000	1,450	0
Constant Al	3,40,000		3,60,000	1,525	0
	3,60,000	·	3,80,000	1,600	0
	3,80,000		4,00,000	1,675	0 '

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Conveyance the consideration-money set forth in which does not exceed Rs. 4,00,000—concluded.

SCHEDULE II.

Instruments chargeable with fixed Stamp-duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.

PROPER STAMP-DUTY.

1.-BILL OF EXCHANGE, PROMISSORY NOTE, CHEQUE OR ORDER for the payment on demand of an amount exceeding twenty rupees.

- 2.-LETTER OF CREDIT
 3.-AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT relating to the sale of any Government Security, share in a Company or Association, or Bill of Exchange.
- 4.—CERTIFICATE OR OTHER DOCUMENT purporting to denote the right or title of the holder thereof, or any other person, either to any shares, scrip, or stock in or of any Company or Association, or proposed Company or Association, or to become proprietor of shares, scrip, or stock in or of any such Company or Association.
- 5.—Note or MEMORANDUM written in any book or written on a separate paper, whereby any account, debt, or demand, or any part of any account, debt, or demand therein specified, and amounting to twenty rupees or upwards, is expressed to have been balanced, or is acknowledged to be due.
- 6.-SHIPPING ORDER for or relating to the conveyance of goods on board of any vessel.
- 7.—RECEIPT OR DISCHARGE given for or upon the payment of money, or delivery of goods, in satisfaction of a debt, the amount or value of which money or goods exceeds twenty rupees.

One Anna.*

* This duty may be denoted by an adhesive stamp.

SCHEDULE II.—continued.	
DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS. PROPER STAMP-DU	TY.
8.—PROXY to vote at any one meeting of—	
 (a.) — Members of a Company or Association whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares and transferable. (b). — Municipal Commissioners. (c). — Justices of the Peace, being a body corporate. (d). — Proprietors, members or contributors to the funds of any institution. 	
9BILL OF LADING	
10Dock WARRANT	
11ANY AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT not otherwise provided for by this Act.	
Provided that where two or more letters are offered in evidence to prove any agreement between the parties who shall have written such letters, it shall be sufficient if any one of such letters shall be stamped as an agreement	
12 NOTICE OF PROTEST by the Master of a ship Eight Annas	•
13.—Fower-of-Attorney to present for registration-	
 (a.)—A single instrument. (b.)—Any number of instruments required for the completion of a single transaction. 	
14AFFIDAVIT not made for the immediate purpose of being produced in any Court.	
15COLLATERAL INSTRUMENT not otherwise provided for by this Schedule	
16.—COUNTERPART OF ANY INSTRUMENT chargeable with Stamp Duty under this Act: Provided that the counterpart shall not be available unless the Collector or such other officer as he may authorize in that behalf shall certify that the proper Stamp-duty on the original instrument has been paid. Such certificate shall be endorsed on the counterpart on the same being produced together with the original instrument, and on the whole being duly executed and duly stamped in other respects	
17INSTRUMENT OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP	
18.—Power-or-Attorney for the performance of a single act when the value of the matter to be dealt with does not exceed five hundred rupees.	
19.—Power-of-Attorner for the performance of a single act when the value of the matter to be dealt with exceeds five hundred rupees.	
20.—BOND OR MORTGAGE-DEED executed as a collateral security for the performance of any act where such performance is secured by some instrument previously executed on stamped paper in accordance with the law in force in British India at the time of its execution.	
21INSTRUMENT EVIDENCING AN AGREEMENT to secure the repayment on or be- fore the expiration of three months from the date of such instrument of a loan and a loan and be upon the deposit of title-deeds or other valuable security.	is.,
22CHARTER PARTY	
23NOTARIAL ACT	
24 PROTEST OF A BILL OF EXCHANGE OR PROMISSORY NOTE	
25 PROTEST OF THE MASTER OR OWNER OF A SHIP	
26INSTRUMENT OF CO-PARTNERSHIP	
27.—RE-CONVEYANCE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY when the original Mortgage-deed has been stamped in accordance with the law in force in British India at the time of its execution.	es.

* This duty may be denoted by an adhesive stamp.

189 u

189 v

SCHEDULE II.-concluded.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS. PI	ROPER STAMP-DUTY.
28Composition. Deed	.]
29.—Letter of License	er anno anno anno anno anno anno anno ann
30Release	. Eight Rupees.
31INSTRUMENT PURPORTING TO CONFER AN AUTHORITY TO ADOPT	
32.—Power-of-ATTORNEY not otherwise provided for by this Schedule	.]
33.—Articles of Association of a Company	.]
34MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION of a Company	
35.—APPOINTMENT in execution of a power, whether of Trustees, or of property, moveable or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a Will.	
36.—DECLARATION OF ANY USE OR TRUST of or concerning any property, moveable or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a Will.	Sixteen Rupees.
37INSTRUMENT OF GIFT OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY	
38.—INSTRUMENT OF EXCHANGE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY where no money is paid or agreed to be paid for equality of exchange.	
39.—PARTITION-DEED relating to immoveable property where no money is paid or agreed to be paid for equality of exchange.]
40.—PETITION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A SPECIFICATION OF AN INVENTION, or for the extension of the term of the exclusive privilege of making, using, or selling such invention in India.	One hundred Rupees.
41.—ARTICLES OF CLERKSHIP or contract whereby any person shall first become bound to serve as a clerk in order to his admission as an Attorney in any High Court.	Five hundred Rupees.

SCHEDULE III.

Enactments repealed by Section 2.

No. and date of Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of repeal.
Act X1V. of 1840	An Act for rendering a written memoran- dum necessary to the validity of certain promises and engagements by extending to the territories of the East India Com- pany, in cases governed by English law, the provisions of the Stat. 9 Geo. IV., cap. XIV.	
" XVIII. of 1856	An Act relating to the administration of the public revenues in the Town of Calcutta.	So much of the preamble as relates to stamp duty, and section 2.
" XIX. of 1858	An Act to provide for the authentication of stamped paper issued from the Stamp Office in Calcutta.	The whole.
" XLI. of 1858	An Act to amend Regulation X. 1829, of the Bengal Code (for the collection of stamp duties).	The whole.
,, XV. of 1859	An Act for granting exclusive privileges to inventors.	Section 37.
" X. of 1862	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp-duties.	Sections 1 to 25, both inclusive, sections 27, 28, 29, sections 34 to 57, both inclusive, and schedule A.
" XXVI. of 1967	An Act to amend the law relating to Stamp- duties.	Section 5.

33

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INDEX.

(Nothing hereinafter contained shall be deemed to have the force of law.)

- Abetment of offences punishable ander Act, sec. 36.
- Accident, omission to stamp by, spc. 24, clause (b). to stamped paper, sec. 46. Account, stamp on note evidencing balance of, schedule
- II. No. 5. Acknowledgment of sum paid on letter of allotment or
 - call, sec. 15, clause (2). of debt, stamp on, schedule II. No. 5.
- Adhesive stamp, sec. 5, clause (a). ,, ,, tish India, sec. 8.
 - may be affixed to instrument charge-,, able with one anna, sec. 26.
 - may be affixed to paper for receipt, ,, sec. 27.
 - 23
 - presenting bill wanting, sec. 30. holder of foreign bill to cancel, sec. 31. ,,
 - executant to cancel, sec. 33.
- Administration-bond, schedule I, No. 5.
- Admissibility, see Evidence.

,,

33

33

,,

- Adoption, see Authority to adopt. Affidavit' defined, sec. 3, clause (1).
 - to enable a person to receive a pension, exempt, sec. 15, clause 12. ,,
 - stamp on, schedule II, No. 14.
- After-stamping when inadmissible, sec. 28.
- Agent of person from or to whom money is owing or paid, sec. 27. of owner of useless or spoiled stamped paper,
- sec. 45. Agreement for hire of tug-steamer not included in
 - ' charterparty,' sec. 3, clause 7. for sale of goods, exempt, sec. 15, clause 8.

 - 23 relating to sale of Government securities, ** shares, or bills, stamp on, schedule II. No. 3.
 - stamp on one of several letters proving an, ... schedule II, No. 11.
 - to repay at short date loan on deposit, stamp on, schedule II. No. 21.
 - not otherwise provided for, stamp on, sche-dule II. No. 11. 22
 - Sec Engagement.
- Allotment, see Letter of Allotment.
- Annuity, duty on bond, &c., for payment of, sec. 12. ,, duty on conveyance where consideration is an, ib.
 - exemption of receipt for instalment of, sec. 15, clause (3).
- Appeal from Collector's decision, sec. 40. Appointment, stamp on, schedule 11. No. 35.
- Appraisement, stamp on, schedule I. No. 21.
- Approval of Rules to be made by Local Governments, sec. 48.
- Articles of Association, stamp on, schedule II. No. 33.
- Articles of clerkship, stamp on, schedule II. No. 41.
- Assignment of interest secured by bond or mortgage deed, stamp ou, schedule I. No. 13.
- person to pay stamp on, sec. 6.
- Attested copy, duplicate or extract, stamp on, schedule I. No. 23
- Attorney, exemption of copies made for use of, sec. 15, clause (14).
 - not stating true consideration, sec. 35.
 - See Articles of Clerkship.
- Authentication, not of instruments not duly stamped, sec. 18.
- Authority to adopt, stamp on, schedule II. No. 31. 'Award' defined, sec. 3, clause (2). ,, stamp on, schedule I. No. 22.
- Balance of account, stamp on note expressing, schedule JI. No. 5.

1V.-55g

33

Banker, exemption of certain receipts of, sec. 15, clause (2).

may stamp certain instruments chargeable with

any stamp certain instrainents chargenoic with one anna, sec. 26.
 Batwara included in ' partition-deed,' sec. 3, clause (22).
 Bill of Exchange' defined, sec. 3, clause (3).

- when it may be stamped with adhesive stamp, sec. 5, clause (a). person to pay duty on, sec. 6.
- duties on, sec. 7
- drawn out of British India, secs.
- 5, 7, and 8. unstamped or with stamp uncan-celled, holder cannot recover on
 - foreign, sec. 19. brought to Collector on unstamped or insufficiently stamped paper, sec. 39.
 - not presented, sec. 46.
 - payable otherwise than on demand,
 - stamp on, schedule I. No. 1. payable on demand, for amount exceeding twenty rupces, stamp on, schedule II. No. 1.

See Agreement, Letters of Hypothecation, Memorandum,

- Negotiable Instrument, Protest, Set. Bill of Lading' defined, sec. 3, clause (4).
- Bond' defined, sec. 3, clause (5).
- person to pay duty on, sec. 6.
- to Government for performance of duties of sala-. 33 ried office, exempt, sec. 15, clause 7
- for specified sum, stamp on, schedule I. No. 5. ...
- for due execution of an office, stamp on, schedule ,, I. No. 12.
- person to pay duty on, sec. 6. ,,
- as a collateral security, stamp on, schedule II. No. 20.
- See Bottomry-bond, Customs-bond, Indemnity-bond, Respondentia-bond.
- 'Bottomry-bond' defined, sec. 3, clause (6).
 - ,,
- sec. 4.
 - and 8.

Calls on scrip or shares, receipts for sums paid in respect of, sec. 15, clause (2).

- Cancelling adhesive stamps by banker, sec. 26. sec 31.
 - by maker or executant, sec. 33.
- Certificate of Court that duty has been paid on un-stamped instrument, see 20.
 - of Collector that instrument is properly 22 stamped or is not chargeable, sec. 24, clause (a).
 - of Collector that duty has been levied on in-strument executed out of British India, ,, sec. 24, clauses (c), (d).
 - of Collector thatfull duty has been paid, sec. " 39.
 - revision of Collector's, sec. 40. "
 - that impressed stamp is not procurable, 33 sec. 49.
 - of title to shares, scrip, or stock, stamp on, schedule II. No. 4. ,,

in case of counterpart that duty has been paid on original, schedule II. No. 16.

Charitable allowance, exemption of affidavit in case of, sec. 15, clause 12.

- 'Charter-party' defined, sec. 3, clause (7).
 - stamp on, schedule II. No. 22. 23
 - agreement for hire of tug-steamer not included in, sec. 3, clause 7. See Agreement.

person to pay duty on, sec. 6., stamp on, schedule I. No. 6.

- - duty on bills drawn out of, sees. 5, 7,
- British India, duty on instruments executed out of,

- "Cheque' defined, sec. 3, clause (8). , not included in 'Bill of Exchange,' sec. 3,
 - clause (3). when it may be stamped with adhesive stamp, scc. 5, clause (a).
 - for amount exceeding twenty rupees, stamp on, schedule II. No. 1.
- Chief Controlling Revenue Revenue Authority may revise Collector's certificates and orders, sec. 40.
 - may refer questions to High Court, sec. 41.
 - may remit or mitigate penalties, ,, ,, sec. 42.

Civil Court, its powers as to unstamped or insufficiently stamped instruments, sec. 20.

- to keep book for entries of payments, ... sec. 21.
 - to endorse payments, ib.
- to make returns and payments to Collector, ,, sec. 21.
- when to impound unstamped instruments, sec. 22. .,

See High Court.

- Code of Criminal Procedure, instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in proceedings under chapter 22 of, sec. 18, clause (b).
- Collateral instrument not otherwise provided for, stamp on, schedule II. No. 15.
- ,, security, stamp on, schedule II. No. 20. 'Collector' defined, sec. 3, clause (9).

- ...
- may denote stamps, sec. 5, clause (b). monthly return and payment to, of money received by Court, sec. 21. may appoint person to receive such pay-27
- ments, ib. to prosecute executant of unstamped instru-
- ,, ment sent by Court, sec. 22. public officer to send unstamped instrument
- to, sec. 23.
- his powers as to unstamped or insufficiently ., stamped instruments, sec. 24.
- when he may remit penalty, sec. 24, clause (6).
- when he may certify that proper duty has been levied on instrument executed out of British India, sec. 24, clause (c). validity of instrument for which penalty
- levied by, sec. 25.
- to decide doubt as to proper stamp, sec. 39. 15
- revision of certificates and orders of, sec. 40.
- to institute and conduct prosecutions, sec. 43.
- may specially authorize person to prose-33 cute, ib.
- may make refund, or supply new, for spoiled ...
- or useless stamped paper, sec. 45. may authorize officer to certify on counter-. 23 part that duty on original is paid, schedule
- II. No. 16. Commencement of Act, sec. 1.

27

.,

Company, stamp on agreement relating to shares in, schedule II. No. 3.

- stamp on certificate of title to shares in, schedule II. No. 4.
- stamp on proxy to vote at meeting of, schedule II. No. 8.

See Articles of Association, Calls, Memorandum of Association, Scrip, Skare. Composition deed' deüned, sec. 3, clause (10). stamp on, schedule II. No. 28,

- Consideration expressed in foreign currency, sec. 10.

33

- to be stated, sec. 34, clause (a). mortgage-money or sum charged to be deemed, sec. 34, clause (b). ..
- penalty for not stating, sec. 34, clause (c).
- penalty on attorney, &c., not inserting, ... sec. 35.

Consideration, failure of, sec. 46.

- Sec Annuity.
- Conveyance' defined, sec. 3, clause (11). person to pay duty on, sec. 6. stamp on, schedule I. No. 15.

 - duty on, where consideration is an annuity, 12
 - sec. 12.
- Co-partnership, stamp on instrument of, schedule II. No. 26.

See Dissolution.

- Copy of paper which public officer is required to make, exempt, sec. 15, clause (13).
 - for private use, exempt, sec. 15, clause (14). 22
- ,, attested, stamp on, schedule I. No. 23. Counsel, exemption of copies made for, sec. 15, clause (14). ' Counterpart' defined, sec. 3, clause (12). of lease, lessor pays duty on, sec. 6. of lease, lessor pays duty on, sec. 15, c
- - of lease to ryot exempt, sec. 15, clause (10).
 - of instrument chargeable with duty, stamp on, schedule II. No. 16. ,,
- Court .- Sec Civil Court, Criminal Court.
- Criminal Court; when to impound unstamped instruments, sec. 22.
- Criminal proceedings, instruments not duly stamped admissible in, sec. 18.
- Cultivators, exemption of receipts for rent to, sec. 15, clause (1).

Customs-bond, person to pay stamp on, sec. 6.

- stamp on, schedule I. No. S. ,,
- Death of party to transaction intended by writing on stamped paper, sec. 46.
- Debt .- See Acknowledyment. Declaration of use or trust, stamp on, schedule II. No. 36.
- Definitions, instrument coming within two or more, sec. 14.

See Interpretation-clause.

- Denoting of stamps, sec. 5, clause (b). Deputy Commissioner included in 'Collector,' sec. 3, clause (9).
- Destruction of instrument sent to Collector, sec. 23.

Discharge, stamp on, schedule II. No. 7.

- Dissolution of partnership, stamp on instrument of, schedule II. No. 17.
- 'Dock-warrant' defined, sec. 3, clause (13).
- ,, stamp on, schedule II. No. 10. Dollars.--See Foreign Currency.
- Doubt as to proper stamp, adjudication of, sec. 39.

Duplicate, attested, stamp on, schedule I. No. 23-See Counterpart.

- Duty chargeable, sec. 4.
 - when leviable by adhesive stamps, sec. 5, clause ,, (a).
 - levied by impressed stamps, sec. 5, clause (4). 23
 - denoted by Collector or Superintendent of Stamps, ib. ,,
 - on bills and notes drawn out of British India, ,, secs. 5, 8.
 - by whom payable in certain cases, sec. 6. on bills of exchange, sec. 7. 33
 - 22
 - on instrument reserving interest, sec. 9.
 - where value of subject-matter is indeterminate, 32 sec. 11.
 - on bond, promissory note, or mortgage-deed, for ... payment of annuity, sec. 12.
 - on several instruments used in a single transac-,, tion, sec. 13.
 - on instruments coming within two or more of the definitions, sec. 14.
 - .,
- instruments exempt from, sec. 15. See Appeal, Certificate, Reference.

Employment .- See Agreement.

Endorsement of certificate by Civil Court, sec. 20.

Endorsement by Civil Court of payment, sec. 21. ,, of certificate by Collector, secs. 24, 25, 39.

on counterpart, schedule II. No. 16. See Notarial Act, Receipt, Transfer.

Engagement to issue policy, exempt, sec. 15, clause (16). Entry.-See Notarial Act.

Error in writing on stamped paper, sec. 46.

- Evidence, instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in, sec. 18.
 - except in criminal proceedings, ib., clause (b).
 - or in suits where consideration is 23 not stated, sec. 47.

 - in criminal proceedings, sec. 19. as to amount of duty leviable on an instru-ment, secs. 20, 24 (d), 39. instrument certified by Civil Court re-ceivable in, sec. 20. •••

instrument certified by Collector receivable ... in, secs. 24, 39.

Exchange of immoveables, person to pay duty on, sec. 6.

- where money is paid for equality, stamp on, sche-dule I. No. 18.
- where no money is paid for equality, stamp on, sche-dule II. No. 38.

Exemptions from stamp duty, sec. 15.

Extension .- See Petition.

Extent of Act, sec. 1.

Extract, stamp on attested, schedule I. No. 23.

- Fee for decision of doubt as to proper stamp, sec. 39.
- Fine for executing, &c., instrument not duly stamped, sec. 29.
 - for presenting, &c., unstamped foreign bill, sec. 30. ,,
 - on holder not cancelling adhesive stamp, sec. 31. 33
 - for not drawing full number of set, sec. 32. ,,
 - on executant not cancelling adhesive stamp, sec. 33. 22

 - for not stating consideration, sec. 34. on attorney, &c. not stating consideration, sec. 35. ,,
- , how recovered, sec. 37. Fire-policy, transfer by endorsement of, exempt, sec. 15, clause (4).
- Firm, penalties on, secs. 26, 29, 30, 31, 32.

recovery of fines from, sec. 37

Foreign bills, stamp on, secs. 5, 7, 8. ,, cancelling, stamp on, sec. 31.

Foreign currency, duty where consideration or amount is expressed in, sec. 10. Francs.-Sec Foreign Currency.

Further charge, stamp on instrument of, where possession is not given, schedule I. No. 11.

where possession is given, schedule I. No. 17.

Gift of immoveables, stamp on instrument of, schedule 11. No. 37.

Goods .- See Agreement, Memorandum.

Government, exemption of transfers of securities of, sec.

- 15, clause (6). bond to, for due performance of office, ib., clause (7.)
- instruments executed by or on behalf of, sec. 15, clause (15). Government Security.—See Agreement, Memorandum. Governor General in Council may make rules as to

denoting stamps, sec. 5,

clause (b).

may lower rates of stamp

duty, sec. 15. to approve rules for sale

of stamps, sec. 48.

High Court, reference to, by chief controlling Revenue Authority, sec. 41.

Hire .- Sec Agreement. Hundi included in ' Bill of Exchange,' sec. 3, clause (3).

.,

Hypothecation .- See Letter of Hypothecation .

Impounding unstamped instruments produced in Court, sec. 22 'Impressed' defined, sec. 3, clause (14).

stamp, sec. 5, clause (b).

employment of single, sec. 49. Imprisonment of stamp vendor, sec. 48.

- Industriation of Statep vendor, sec. 46. Inadvertence, omission to statep by, sec. 24, clause (b). Inám lands (Madras and Bombay), exemption of re-ceipts to cultivators for rent of, sec. 15, clause (1). Indemnity-bond, stamp on, schedule I. No. 9.
- ", person to pay stamp on, sec. 6. Indexes to vernacular versions of Act, sec. 51.

Informer, reward to, sec. 38. Injury to instrument sent to Collector, sec. 23.

Interest, duty on instrument reserving, sec. 9.

exemption of receipt for, sec. 15, clause (3). stamp on assignment of, secured by bond or

mortgage-deed, schedule I. No. 13.

Interpretation clause, sec. 3.

Judgment of High Court on case referred by Revenue Authority, sec. 41.

Judicial stamps, saving of, sec. 17

Jurisdiction .- See Collector, Chief Controlling Revenue Authority, Magistrate.

Justices of the Peace, stamp on proxy to vote at meet-ing of, schedule II. No. 8.

Kabúliyát included in ' counterpart,' sec. 3, clause (12). Lease ' defined, sec. 3, clause (15).

- person to pay duty on, sec. 6.
- to ryot when exempt from duty, sec. 15, clause ,, (9).
- stamp on, schedule I. No. 19. 22

See Surrender.

Letter of allotment of share, sec. 15, clause (2).

Letter of cover or engagement to issue policy, exempt, sec. 15, clause (16). ' Letter of credit' defined, scc. 3, clause (16).

stamp on, schedule II. No. 2.

Letter of hypothecation accompanying bill of exchange, exempt, sec. 15, clause (5). 'Letter of license' defined, sec. 3, clause (17). , stamp on, schedule II. No. 29.

Letters to prove agreement, stamp on one, schedule II. No. (11).

Local Government may authorize persons to institute prosecutions, sec. 43. to make rules for sale of stamps,

- sec. 48.
- to cause Act and schedules to be translated and indexed, sec. 51.

Loss of instrument sent to Collector, sec. 23.

Magistrate may issue warrants for levy of fines on firms, sec. 37.

may reward informers, sec. 3S.

jurisdiction of, sec. 44.

Marine policy, transfer by endorsement of, exempt from duty, sec. 15, clause (4).

- fine for not drawing full number of set, sec. 32.
 - See Policy.

Merchandise .- See Agreement, Memorandum.

Meeting .- See Proxy.

.,

,,

>>

23

Memorandum of agreement for sale of goods, exempt

Mistake, omission to stamp through, sec. 24, clause (b). 'Mortgage-deed' defined, sec. 3, clause (18).

sec. 15, clause (8.) for sale of Government security, share or bill, stamp on, schedule II. No. 3.

- of balance of account or acknowledge-
- ment, stamp on, schedule II. No. 5. not otherwise provided for, stamp on, schedule II. No. 11-

of Association, stamp on, schedule II. No. 34.

person to pay duty on, sec. 6. stamp on, where possession not trans-

ferred, schedule I. No. 10.

F

P

Mortgage-deed, stamp on, where possession is trans-

- ferred, schedule I. No. 16. for due execution of an office, stamp on, schedule I. No. 12.
- as a collateral security, stamp on, schedule II. No. 20.

See Conveyance, Morgage-money. Mortgage-money to be deemed purchase-money, sec. 34 (6.)

Mukhtár not stating true consideration, penalty on, sec: 35.

- Municipal Commissioners, stamp on proxy to vote at meetings of, schedule II. No. 8.
- 'Negotiable instrument' defined, sec. 3, clause (19).

exemption of transfer by endorse-

- ment of, sec. 15, clause (4).
- never brought into use, sec. 46. See Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note.

'Notarial act' defined, sec 3, clause (20). , stamp on, schedule II. No. 23.

Note evidencing balance on acknowledgment, stamp on, schedule II. No. 5.

Sec Notarial Act.

- Notice of protest of master of a ship, stamp on, sche-dule II. No. 12.
- Office, bond to Government for due performance of duties of, exempt, sec. 15, clause (17). , bond for due performance of duties of, stamp on, schedule I. No. 12.

See Impounding, Refusal.

Optional stamp, sec. 41.

22

- Order for payment on demand, stamp on, schedule II. No. 1
- ' Paper' defined, sec. 3, clause (21).
 - stamps impressed or otherwise denoted on, sec. 50 clause (b). ...
 - not bearing proper stamp, sees. 20, 22, 24, 39. for receipt, sec. 27. refund for spoiled or useless stamped, sec.
 - 45.

' Partition-deed ' defined, sec. 3, clause (22).

- persons to pay duty on, sec. 6.
 - stamp on, when money is paid for equality of partition, schedule I. No. 18.
 - where no such money is

paid, schedule II. No. 39. Partnership.—See Co-partnership, Dissolution.

,,

Patent.-See Petition. Payments by Civil Court to Collector, sec. 21.

Penalty on unstamped or insufficiently stamped instru-

- ments produced in Civil Court, sec. 20.
- validity of instrument for which Collector levies, sec. 25.
- for issuing bill, &c., unstamped, sec. 26. 23
- for executing instrument not duly stamped. 22 sec. 29.
- for presenting or negotiating unstamped bills, ,, sec. 30.
- on holder of foreign bill refusing or neglecting 33 to cancel stamp on bill, sec. 31.
- for not drawing full number of set of bills or ,, marine policies, sec. 32.
- for not cancelling adhesive stamp, sec. 33. ...
- for not stating consideration, sec. 34. 33
- on attorney, &c., not inserting true considera-tion, sec. 35. 33
- power to remit, secs. 24, 42.

....

23

23

on stamp-vendors disobeying rules, sec. 48.

See dbetment, Fine, Magistrate, Prosecution. Pension .- See Affidavit.

Periodical payment, duty on bond, &c., for payment of, sec. 12.

- duty on conveyance where con-35 sideration is a, ib.
 - exemption of receipt for, sec. 15, clause (3).

Petition to Revenue Authority for remission of penalty, sec. 42.

for leave to file specification or for extension of term, stamp on, schedule II. No. 40. Pleader not stating true consideration, penalty on,

sec. 35.

Pledge .- See Mortgage-deed.

Policy of	Insurance	defined, sec. 3. clause (23).
	and the second	person to pay duty on, sec. 6.

,,	,,,	person to pay anot only occi of
"	,,	exemption of transfer by endorse-
		ment of marine or fire, sec. 15,
		clause (4).
>>	,,	exemption of engagement to issue,
		sec. 15, clause (16).
1011		penalty for not drawing full num-
"	33	
		ber of set of marine, sec. 32.
"	»·	stamp on, schedule I. No. 3.
Pounds c	urrency, Po	ounds sterling See Foreign Cur-
rency.		a diamana dia diamana dia diamana dia diamana dia diamana diamana diamana diamana diamana diamana diamana diama
	See Appoin	Imant
Power o	f attorney'	defined, sec. 3, clause (24).
	,, to	present for registration, stamp

- on, schedule II. No. 13. for performance of single act, stamp ,,
 - ,, on, schedule II. Nos. 18, 19.
- not otherwise provided for, stamp on, schedule II. No. 32. ,, ,,

Power to stamp instruments chargeable with one anna, sec. 26.

Price of vernacular versions of Act, sec. 51.

,,

,,

,,

Principal instrument, stamping, sec. 13. Promissory Note ' defined, sec. 3, clause (25).

- person to pay duty on, sec. 6. brought to Collector on unstamped on insufficiently stamped paper, sec. 39.
 - payable otherwise than on demand, stamp on, schedule I. No. 2.
 - payable on demand, stamp on, sche-dule II. No. 1.
- See Negotiable Instrument, Protest. ' Property', sec. 3, clauses (10), (11), (15), (18), (22), (30), (32), sec. 6, defined, sec. 3, clause
 - (26). within British India, instruments relating to, sec. 3, clause (2).

- See Conveyance, Settlement. Prosecution of executants of unstamped or insufficiently stamped instruments, secs. 22 and 24, clause (a).
- institution and conduct of, sec. 43.
- ' Protest' defined, sec. 3, clause (27).

of bill or note, stamp on, schedule II. No. 24.

- Protest of the master of a ship' defined, sec. 3, clause (28).
- stamp on, schedule 11, No. 25.
- Proxy' defined, sec. 3, clause (29)

stamp on, schedule II. No. 8.

- Public Officer.-See Impounding. Public Officer.-See Collector, Copy.
 - Receipt to ryot for rent of revenue-paying land, exempt
 - from duty, sec. 15, clause (1). for money deposited in bank to be accounted for, when exempt, *ib.*, clause (2). for sums paid for letters of allotment or on ,,
 - ,, calls, ib.
 - endorsed on or contained in duly stamped in-,,
 - strument, exempt, ib,. clause (3). by or on behalf of Government, exempt, ib. 22 clause 15.
 - procedure where payee refuses, sec. 27.
 - for money exceeding twenty rupees, stamp on schedule II. No. 7. 33

See Inum lands.

Re-conveyance of mortgaged property, stamp on, schedule II. No. 27.

- ,,

Reference to High Court, sec. 41.

back to Revenue Authority, ib., (c).

Refund in case of useless or spoiled stamped paper, sec. 45.

- Refusal to give receipt, sec. 27, clause (b).
 - of party whose signature is required to writing ... on stamped paper, sec. 46. of office or trust granted by writing on stamped
 - paper, (ib).
- Registering officer not to register instruments not duly stamped, sec. 17.
 - to impound unstamped instrument,
- and send it to Collector, sec. 23. Registration of penalties levied by Civil Courts on
 - unstamped instruments, sec. 21. of instrument afterwards endorsed by Collector, sec. 40.
- 'Release' defined, sec. 3, clause (30). ,, stamp on, schedule II. No. 30.

- Remission of penalty by Collector, sec. 24, clause (b). ,, of penalties by chief controlling Revenue Authority, sec. 42.
- Remuneration of stamp-vendors, sec. 48.

- Repeal of cunatments, sec. 2, and schedule III. Respondentia-bond' defined, sec. 3, clause (31). person to pay duty on, sec. 6. tamp on, schedule I. No. 7. Return to Collector of memory area in duty (iii) Co
- Return to Collector of money received by Civil Court under Stamp Act, sec. 21.
- Revision of Collector's certificates and orders, sec. 40. Reward to informer, sec. 38.
- Rules for denoting stamps, sec. 5, clause (b).
- " for sale of stamps, sec. 48.
- Rvot .- See Counterpart, Cultivators, Lease, Receipt, Surrender.
- Sale of stamps and stamped paper, sec. 48. See Consideration, Conveyance.
- Scrip .- See Calls, Certificate.
- Secondary instruments, stamp on, sec. 13. Securities of Government of India, exemption of trans-
- fers of, sec. 15, clause (6). Service.—See Agreement.
- Set of bills or marine-policies, penalty for not drawing whole number of, sec. 32.
- Settlement' defined, sec. 3, clause (32).
 - ,,
- person to pay duty on, sec. 6. stamp on, schedule I. No. 14. .,

Several stamped papers, employment of, sec. 50. Share.—See Agreement, Calls, Certificate, Letter of Al-lotment, Memorandum, Transfer. Ship.—See Charter party, Protest of Master.

- Shipping-order, stamp on, schedule 11. No. 6.
- Short title, sec. 1.

Single impressed stamp, employment of, sec. 49. Specification .- See Petition.

- Stamped papers, refund for useless or spoiled, sec. 45.
 - what shall be held to be spoiled, sec. 46. ...
 - rules for sale of, sec. 48. ,,
 - employment of several, sec. 50. See Paper. ...

Stamp-sellers, remuneration of, sec. 48.

- ", penalty on, ib. Stock.—See Certificate.
- Subordinate Magistrate of first class, jurisdiction of, sec. 44.
- Suit where consideration is not stated, sec. 47.

Superintendent of Stamps may denote stamp duty, sec. 5.

- Surrender of land by ryot, exempt, sec. 15, clause (11). of lease, stamp on, schedule 1. No. 20. ,,
- ", ", person to pay stamp on, sec. 6. Transfer by endorsement of negotiable instrument or policy, sec. 15, clause (4.)
 - ,,
 - of share, person to pay duty on, sec. 6. ,, stamp on, schedule 1. No. 4. of securities of Government of India exempt ,, ,, from duty, sec. 15, clause 6.
- Translations of Act, sec. 51.
- Trust.-See Declaration, Refusal.

Tug-steamer .- Sec Agreement.

Urgent necessity, omission to stamp through, sec. 24, clause (b).

Use .- See Declaration.

- Vakil, exemption of copies made for, sec. 15, clause (14). not stating true consideration, sec. 35.
- Valuation, stamp on, schedule I. No. 21.
- ", person to pay stamp on, sec. 6. Warrant for levy of fine on firm, sec. 37.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secretary to the Council of the Governor General for making Laws and Regulations.

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ACTS PASSED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

The following Act of the Governor of Bombay in Council received the assent of the Right Honourable the Governor on the 15th July 1869, and the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 6th August 1869, and is published for general information :—

BOMBAY.

Act No. V. of 1869.

An Act to authorize the destruction of Useless Records in the Courts in the Province of Sind.

WHEREAS it is desirable that authority Preamble. should be given for the destruction of use-

less records in the Courts of Criminal and Civil Jurisdiction in the Province of Sind, and that the power of ordering the destruction of such records should be conferred on the Judge of the Sudder Court in Sind; It is enacted as follows:—

I. It shall be lawful for the Judge of the Sudder Court in Judge of the Sudder Sind, by any rules to be from time to time Court to make rules for the destruction of Useless Records in the made by the said Courts in Sind. Judge, to order the destruction, after such periods and with less Records in the such reservations as may be prescribed by Government, of such records and papers belonging to or being in the said Sudder Court or in the Courts of Civil and Criminal Judicature subordinate to the said Sudder Court, or any of them, as the said Judge may consider useless or unworthy of permanent record, and such records and papers shall accordingly be destroyed, any Regulation, Act, or Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

By order of the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

JOHN JARDINE,

Acting Under-Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 16th August 1869.

Printed and Published for Government at the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS, Byculla. 19.--55 i The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of Ilis Excellency the Governor General on the 11th day of August 1869, and was promulgated for general information in the *Gazette of India* of 14th August 1869 :--

Act No. XVII. of 1869.

An Act to shorten the time for landing Cargo.

WHEREAS the Consolidated Customs' Act (No. Preamble. VI. of 1863), section fiftytwo, provides that if the

importer, owner, or consignee of any goods (except as therein excepted), or his agent, shall not land such goods within fifteen working days after the entry of the vessel importing the same, or within such further period as the bill of lading of such vessel shall specify, the master or commander of the vessel, or the officers of customs on his application, may then carry such goods to the Custom House; And whereas it is expedient to shorten the period of fifteen working days so limited; It is hereby enacted as follows :--

1. Sections LII. LIII. and LIV. of the said Act

New sections substituted for sections 52, 53, and 54 of Act VI. of 1863. are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following shall be substituted:---

"LII. If the importer, owner, or consignee of any

Procedure in respect of goods not landed within time allowed.

goods (except such as shall have been declared by the master or commander as not to be landed), or the

agent of such importer, owner, or consignee, shall not land such goods within such number of working days, not exceeding fifteen, after the entry of the vessel importing the same as the local Government shall from time to time appoint by notification in the official Gazette, or within such further period as the bill of lading of such vessel shall specify,

The master or commander of the vessel, or the officers of customs, on his application, may then carry such goods to the Custom House.

The officer in charge of the Custom House shall thereupon to take charge of and grant receipts for such goods;

and if notice in writing shall have been given that the goods are to remain subject to a lien for freight, primage, general average, or other charges of a stated amount, he shall hold such goods until the said charges shall be paid.

"LIII. If the cargo of any vessel, with the excep-

And in case of goods being landed in time, with exception of only a small quantity.

tion of a small quantity only of goods, shall have been landed within the period so appointed, or such further period as the

bill of lading shall specify, the officers of customs may, on the application of the master or commander of such vessel, direct that such remaining goods shall forthwith be carried in like manner to the Custom House.

"LIV. If any period earlier than the number of

Effect of not discharging cargo in any carlier period specified in the bill of lading.

working days so appointed is specified in the bill of lading of such vessel for the discharge of her cargo or any part thereof, and if

the importer, owner, or consignee of such cargo, or his agent shall not land the same within such specified period, the master or commander of such vessel, or the officers of customs, on his application, may then carry such goods to the Custom House.

The officer in charge of the Custom House shall thereupon take charge of and grant receipts for such goods;

and if notice in writing shall have been given that the goods are to remain subject to a lien for freight, primage, general average, or other charges of a stated amount, he shall hold such goods until the said charges shall be paid."

2. This Act shall be read with and taken as This Act to be read with part of the Consolidated Act VI. of 1863. Customs' Act.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secretary to the Council of the Governor General for making Laws and Regulations.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 13th day of August 1869, and was promulgated for general information in the Gazette of India of 16th August 1869 :---

Act No. XVIII. of 1869.

THE GENERAL STAMP ACT, 1869.

CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

SECTION.

- 1. Short title. Extent of Act. Commencement of Act. 2. Repeal of enactments.
- 3. Interpretation-clause

CHAPTER II.

STAMP DUTIES CHARGEABLE UNDER THIS ACT.

- 4. Scheduled duties chargeable.
- 5. Duties how levied.

 - (a.) By adhesive stamps.(b.) By impressed stamps.
- 6. Duties by whom payable.
- 7. Duties on bills of exchange.
- 8. Bills drawn out of British India.
- 9. Instruments reserving interest.
- 10. Consideration expressed in foreign currency.
- Optional stamps where value of subject-matter 11.
- is indeterminate. Bond, &c., for payment of annuity. 12. Consideration an annuity.
- 13. Several instruments used in a single transaction.
- 14. Instruments coming within two or more of the definitions.
- 15. Instruments exempt from duty.
- 16. Power to lower rates of stamp-duty.
- 17. Saving of judicial stamp-duties.

CHAPTER III.

UNSTAMPED OR INSUFFICIENTLY STAMPED DOCUMENTS.

Instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in 18. evidence.

Except in criminal proceedings.

- 19. Foreign bill unstamped or with stamp uncancelled.
- Powers of Civil Courts as to unstamped or in-20. sufficiently stamped instruments. Penalty.
- 21. Registration of payments and penalties levied by Civil Courts.

Returns to Collector.

Payments to Collector.

- Impounding unstamped instruments in Civil 22. or Criminal Courts.
- Impounding unstamped instruments in public 23. office.

IV.-55 l

SECTION.

24. Powers of Collector as to unstamped or insufficiently stamped instruments. Prosecution.

Remission of penalty.

- Validity of instrument for which Collector 25. levies penalty. Loss of instruments sent under sections 22,
 - 23, 24, or 25.
- 26. Power to stamp instruments chargeable with one anna.
- 27. Procedure where receipts are required. Refusal to give receipts.
- After-stamping when inadmissible. 28.

CHAPTER IV.

CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

- 29. Penalty for executing instrument on paper not duly stamped.
- 30. Penalty for presenting, &c., unstamped foreign bills or notes.
- Cancelling stamps on foreign bills by holder. 31. Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps.
- 32. Penalty for not drawing full number of bills or marine policies purporting to be in sets.
- 33. Cancellation of adhesive stamp by maker or executant.
- Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps. 34. Consideration to be stated.
 - Mortgage-money to be deemed purchasemoney.
 - Penalty for not stating consideration.
- 35. Penalty on attorneys, &c. not inserting true consideration.
- 36. Abetment.
- 37. Recovery of fines.
- 38. Reward to informers.

CHAPTER V.

JURISDICTION.

- 39. Adjudication of doubt as to proper stamp.
- Revision of Collector's certificates and orders. 40.
- Reference to High Court. 41.
- 42. Power to remit penalties.
- Institution and conduct of prosecutions. 43.
- Jurisdiction of Magistrate. 44.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- Refund in case of useless or spoiled stamped 45. paper.
- When stamped paper shall be held to be 46. spoiled.
- Suit where consideration is not stated. 47.
- Power to make rules for sale of stamps. 48. Approval and publication of rules. Penalty for disobeying rules.
- 49. Employment of single impressed stamp.
- 50. Employment of several stamped papers.
- 51. Act to be translated, indexed, and sold cheaply.

SCHEDULES.

- SCHEDULE I .- Instruments chargeable with ad ralorem stamp duties.
 - II .- Instruments chargeable with fixe stamp duties.

III .- Enactments repealed.

INDEX.

An Act for imposing Stamp Duties on certain Instruments.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called 'The General Stamp Act, 1869.'

Extent of Act.

It extends to the whole of British India.

Commencement of Act.

And it shall come into force on the first day of January 1870.

2. On and after that day, the enactments specified in the third schedule

Repeal of ensetments. here to annexed shall be repealed to the extent specified in the third column of the same schedule.

3. In this Act and the first and second schedules hereto annexed, unless there be something

repugnant in the subject or context,--

(1). 'Affidavit' includes every declaration in writing, on oath or affirmation, made before a person authorized by law to administer an oath :

(2). 'Award' includes every decision in writing by an arbitrator or umpire :

(3). 'Bill of Exchange' includes a hundí and every other instrument (except a cheque) whereby a person is ordered to pay to another a specified sum of money:

(4). 'Bill of Lading' includes every instrument signed by the owner of a ship or his agent, acknowledging the receipt of goods therein described, and undertaking to deliver them at a port and to a person therein mentioned, or indicated :

(5). Bond' includes every instrument whereby a person obliges himself to pay money to another, on condition that the obligation shall be void if a specified act is performed, or is not performed, as the case may be:

(6). 'Bottomry Bond' includes every instrument whereby the master of a sea-going ship horrows money on the security of the ship to enable him to prosecute her voyage:

(7). 'Charter-party' includes every instrument (except an agreement for the bire of a tug-steamer) whereby a ship or some principal part thereof is let for the specified purposes of the charterer :

(8). 'Cheque' includes every instrument whereby a bank, banker, or person acting as a banker, is ordered to pay on demand a specified sum of money:

(3). ^c Collector' means within the limits of the towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay the Collector of Calcutta, Madras, cr Bombay, and, without those limits, the Collector of a District, and includes Deputy Commissioner or any officer having jurisdiction equivalent to that of a Collector of a District: (10). Composition-deed'includes every instrument executed by a debtor, whereby the debtor conveys his property for the benefit of his creditors, or whereby payment of a composition or dividend on their debts is secured to the creditors, or whereby provision is made for the continuance of the debtor's lusiness, under the supervision of inspectors or under letters of license, for the benefit of his creditors:

(11). 'Conveyance' means any instrument (except a transfer of a share in a Company or Association, a mortgage-deed, a settlement, a lease, an instrument of reconveyance of mortgaged property, a composition-deed, an instrument of gift, or an instrument of exchange, or partition-deed, where no money is paid for equality of exchange or partition) by which property is conveyed *inter vivos*:

(12). 'Counterpart' means the duplicate of a conveyance, settlement, mortgage-deed, or lease, such duplicate not being executed by the grantor, settlor, mortgagor or lessor, but by some other party to the instrument: it includes a kabiliyat in cases where a lease has been granted :

(13). 'Dock-warrant' includes every instrument evidencing the title of any person therein named or his assign, or the holder thereof, to the property in any goods lying in or upon any dock, warehouse, or wharl, such instrument being signed or certified by or on behalf of the company or person in whose custody such goods may be:

(14). 'Impressed' includes 'printed' and 'lithographed.'

(15). 'Lease' includes every instrument (not being a counterpart) by which one person lets, or agrees to let, or takes or agrees to take, immoveable property to or from another :

(16). 'Letter of Credit' includes every instrument by which one person requests another to give credit to the person in whose favour it is drawn :

(17). 'Letter of License' includes every agreement between a debtor and his creditors that the latter shall, for a specified time, suspend their claims and allow the debtor to carry on business at his own discretion:

(18). 'Mortgage-deed' includes every instrument evidencing a pledge of property for securing the payment of money:

(19). 'Negotiable Instrument' includes Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, and Cheques :

(20). 'Notarial act' means any instrument, endorsement, note or entry made or signed by a Notary Public in the execution of the duties of his office, and includes every like instrument, endorsement, note or entry made or signed by a consul, attorney, or other person authorized by law to act as a Notary Public:

(21). 'Paper' includes vellum, parchment, or any other material on which an instrument may be written:

(22). 'Partition-deed' means any instrument whereby persons interested in immoveable property jointly, or in common, or as co-parceners, or as members of an undivided Hindú family, divide or agree to divide such property in severalty, and includes a batwárá: (23). 'Policy of Insurance' means any instrument by which one person, in consideration of a premium, engages to indemnify another against loss, damage, or liability arising from an unknown or contingent event: it does not include a policy on life:

(24). 'Power of Attorney' includes every instrument (except a proxy) empowering a person to act in the stead of the person executing it:

(25). 'Promissory Note' includes every instrument whereby the maker engages absolutely to pay a specified sum of money to another at a time therein limited, or on demand, or at sight:

(26). 'Property' means property being in British India:

(27). 'Protest' means a declaration in writing made by a Notary Public, or other person authorized to act as such, attesting the dishonour of a Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note:

(28). 'Protest of the Master of a Ship' includes every declaration of the particulars of her voyage, drawn up by him with a view to the adjustment of losses, or the calculation of averages, and every declaration in writing made by him against the charterers or the consignees for not loading or unloading the ship:

(29). 'Proxy' means an instrument whereby a person authorizes another to vote for him at a meeting:

(30). 'Release' includes every instrument whereby a person renounces a claim upon another person, or against any specified property :

(31). 'Respondentia-bond' includes every instrument securing a loan on the cargo laden or to be laden on board a ship, and making re-payment contingent on the arrival of the cargo at the port of destination : and

(32). 'Settlement' means any instrument (other than a Will) whereby the destination or devolution of movcable or immoveable property is settled or agreed to be settled.

CHAPTER II.

STAMP DUTIES CHARGEABLE UNDER THIS ACT.

4. For every instrument mentioned in the

Scheduled duties chargeable. first and second schedules hereto, and executed in British India on or after the 1st day of January 1870,

or executed out of British India on or after that day, but relating to any property within British India,

there shall be payable to the Government of India, as stamp duty, the amount indicated in the first or second schedule hereto annexed, to be the proper duty for such instrument.

5. (a).—All instruments chargeable under this Act with a duty of one

Duties how levied. anna, bills of exchange and promissory notes drawn or made out of British India, and transfers by endorsement of shares of Companies and Associations may (subject to the provisions hereinafter

By adhesive stamps.

contained) be stamped with adhesive stamps. (b).—The stamp on every other instrument by impressed stamps. chargeable under this Act

by impressed stamps. shall either be impressed on the paper whereon the instrument is written or be otherwise denoted by the Collector on the Superintendent of Stamps in accordance with such rules as the Governor General of India in Council may from time to time prescribe in this behalf.

6. In the absence of an agreement to the con-Daties by whom payable. trary, the expense of providing the proper stamp shall be borne—

1st.—In the case of any instrument mentioned in the first schedule to this Act (other than a policy of insurance, a mortgage-deed, a settlement, a conveyance, a lease, an instrument of exchange or partition-deed where money is paid for equality of exchange or partition, an appraisement or valuation, an award and a copy, duplicate or extract), by the person drawing, making, or executing such instrument:

2nd.—In the case of a policy of insurance, by the insured :

3rd.-In the case of a settlement, by the settlor:

4th.—In the case of a conveyance, mortgagedeed, or lease, by the grantee, mortgagor, or lessee :

5th.—In the case of a counterpart of a lease, by the lessor:

6th.—In the case of a partition-deed, by the parties thereto in proportion to their respective shares in the property comprised therein; and

7*th.*—In the case of an exchange where money is paid for equality of exchange, by the person paying such money.

7. The duty imposed by this Act on bills of Duties on bills of exchange. India, (b) on all bills drawn ind payable in British of, British India, and (c) on all bills drawn ont et, but accepted, or paid, or endorsed, transferred, or otherwise negotiated within British India.

8. The holder of any bill of exchange or pro-Bills drawn out of missory note drawn or made out of British India, and not stamped as required by this Act, shall, before he presents the same for acceptance or for payment, or endorses, transfers, or otherwise negotiates such bill or note, affix thereto the proper adhesive stamp or stamps for denoting the duty with which it is charge-bie under this Act.

9. Where interest is expressly made j ayable Instruments reserving interest. by the terms of an instrument, such instrument shall not be chargeable with a duty higher than that with which it would have been chargeable had no mention of interest

10. When the consideration set forth in

Consideration expressed in foreign currency. or the amount secured by any instrument chargeable under this Act is

expressed in pounds sterling, pounds currency, francs, or dollars, such consideration or amount

shall, for the purposes of this Act, be estimated according to the following scale :-

One pound sterling or pound currency is equivalent to ten rupees.

One hundred francs are equivalent to forty rupees.

One Mexican or China dollar is equivalent to two rupees four annas.

One Mauritius dollar is equivalent to two rupees. 11. When the amount or value of the subject-

Optional stamps where value of subject-matter is indeterminate.

matter of any bond, mortgage-deed or settlement chargeable under this Act with an ad valorem stamp

duty, and referred to or mentioned in section six, cannot be ascertained, the proper stamp to be borne by such instrument may be determined by the person bound under that section to bear the expense of providing the stamp:

Provided that, under such instrument, nothing shall be recoverable more than the highest amount or value for which, if stated in an instrument of the same denomination, the stamp actually used under such option would have been sufficient.

The whole amount secured for the pay-10 ment of an annuity, or

Bond, &c., for payment other sum payable periodof annuity. ically for an indefinite

time, by a bond, promissory note, or mortgage-deed shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be ten times the amount of the payment calculated for one year.

Consideration an annuity.

Where the consideration for a conveyance is an annuity or other sum payable periodically for an

indefinite time, such con-sideration shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be ten times the amount of the payment calculated for one year.

13. Where more instruments than one are required for the completion Several instruments used of any transaction involvin a single transaction.

ing the execution of a mortgage-deed, settlement, conveyance, or lease, the proper stamp required by this Act for such mortgage-deed, settlement, conveyance, or lease, shall be borne by the principal instrument executed in such transaction, and each of the other instruments shall bear a stamp of one rupee.

The parties may determine for themselves which of such instruments shall for the purposes of this section be deemed to be the principal instrument : Provided that, where the instruments are liable to different rates of duty under this Act, the instrument liable to the highest of such rates shall be deemed to be the principal instrument.

14. An instrument so framed as to come with-

Instrument coming with-in two or more of the de-finitions in section 3.

in two or more of the definitions in section three shall, when the instruments to which those de-

finitions apply are liable to different rates of duty under this Act, be charged with the highest of such rates :

Provided that when any one instrument purports, for distinct considerations, to convey by way of sale, to lease, to give, or to mortgage two or more subject-matters.

or to convey by way of sale, to lease, or to give one subject-matter and to mortgage another,

such instrument shall be chargeable with the aggregate amount of the duties to which instru-ments effecting separately each of such convey-ances, leases, gifts, or mortgages would be liable under this Act.

15. Nothing in this Act shall render the following instruments charge-Instruments exempt from duty. able with duty :-

Receipt or discharge granted to a culti-(1).vator for the rent of land paying revenue to Go-vernment, or (in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay) of inam lands.

(2). Receipt given for money or securities for money deposited in any Bank or in the hands of any Banker or person acting as a Banker to be accounted for :

Provided the same be not expressed to be received of or by the hands of any other than the person to whom the same is to be accounted for :

Provided further, that this exemption shall not extend to a receipt or acknowledgment for any sum paid or deposited for, or upon a letter of allotment of a share, or in respect of a call upon any scrip or share of or in any Company, or Association or proposed or intended Company or Association.

(3). Receipt or discharge endorsed on or contained in any instrument duly stamped according to the law in force in British India at the date of its execution, acknowledging the receipt of the consideration-money therein expressed, or the receipt of any principal money, interest, or annuity or other periodical payment thereby secured.

(4). Transfer by endorsement of a negotiable instrument or a policy of marine insurance or of insurance against fire.

(5) Letters of hypothecation accompanying a bill of exchange.

(6). Transfers of securities of the Government of India.

(7). Bond to Government for the due performance of the duties of any salaried office.

(8). Agreement or memorandum of an agreement for or relating to the sale of goods or merchandize.

(9). Lease granted to a cultivator, unless a fine or premium be paid in consideration of such lease.

(10). Counterpart of such lease.

(11). Surrender of land executed by a cultivator to his landlord.

(12). Aflidavit made for the sole purpose of enabling any person to receive any pension or charitable allowance.

(13). Copy of any paper which a public officer is by law required to make or furnish in his official capacity.

(14). Copies made for the private use only of any person having the custody of the original instrument, or of his counsel, attorney or vakil.

(15). Receipt or other instrument executed by or on behalf of Government, in cases where the Government would but for this exemption be liable to pay for the stamp thereon.

(16). Letter of cover or engagement to issue a policy of insurance :

Provided that, unless such letter or engagement bear the stamp prescribed by this Act for such policy of insurance, nothing shall be recoverable thereunder, nor shall it be available for any purpose except to compel the delivery of the policy therein mentioned.

The Governor General of India in Council may, from time to time, Power to lower rates of by order published in the stamp duty.

Gazette of India, reduce or remit in the whole or any part of British India the duties chargeable under this Act on all or any of the instruments mentioned in the first and second of such instruments, or on any particular class of such instruments, or on any of the instruments belonging to such class, or on any of the instruments mentioned in the said schedules when executed or granted by or to any particular class of persons, or by or to any members of such class,

and may in like manner cancel or vary such order to the extent of the powers hereby given.

Every such cancelment or variation shall be published in the Gazette of India.

17. Nothing in this chapter or in the schedules

hereto annexed shall be Saving of Judicial stamp deemed to affect the duties. stamp duties chargeable under Act No. XXVI. of 1867, section six, or

under any other enactment relating to stamps used in judicial proceedings.

CHAPTER III.

UNSTAMPED OR INSUFFICIENTLY STAMPED DOCUMENTS.

18. (a) .- No instrument chargeable with stamp

Instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in evidence.

duty shall be received in any court of justice, or by any person having by law or consent of parties au-

thority to receive evidence, as creating, modifying, transferring or extinguishing, or purporting to create, modify, transfer or extinguish, any right or obligation,

or as evidence in any civil proceeding,

or shall be acted upon in any such court, or by any such person as aforesaid, or by any public officer.

or shall be registered by any officer acting under any law for the registration of assurances, or in any public office,

or shall be authenticated by any public officer,

unless such instrument bears a stamp of a value not less than the amount of the duty with which it is chargeable under the law in force in British India at the time of its execution.

(b)-Every instrument chargeable with stamp duty shall be admitted in

Except in criminal proevidence in any criminal ceedings. proceeding (other than proceedings under Chapter XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure) although it may not have the stamp required by law impressed thereon or affixed thereto.

19. Subject to the provisions contained in sec-

tion twenty-six, no per-son taking a bill of Foreign bill unstamped or with stamp uncancelled. exchange or promissory note requiring a stamp under section eight, either in payment or as a security, or by purchase or 1v.-55 m

otherwise, shall be entitled to recover thereon, or to make the same available for any purpose, unless at the time when he so takes it, the proper stamp is affixed thereto and cancelled in manner directed by this Act.

20. When any instrument chargeable with

Powers of civil courts as to unstamped or insuffi-ciently stamped instruments.

stamp duty executed on paper not bearing the required by the stamp in force in British law India at the time of its

execution is produced in a Civil court, the court, if satisfied that the omission to execute such instrument on paper bearing the proper stamp, did not arise out of any intention to evade payment of the proper duty, and on payment of such duty, or, in the case of an insufficiently stamped instrument, of the sum required to make up the full amount chargeable on such instrument.

together with a penalty of the following amount (that is to say) :-

if the instrument is pro-Penalty. from the date of its execution, five times, or, if it is produced after one year from such date, twenty times, such proper stamp duty or deficient portion thereof as aforesaid.

shall certify by endorsement on such instrument that the proper stamp duty has been levied thereon.

Provided that no such penalty shall exceed one thousand rupees.

Such certificate shall be conclusive evidence as to the amount of stamp duty leviable on such instrument, and the said instrument shall thereupon be admissible as if originally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp.

21. (a).-An entry of every such payment showing Registration of payments and penalties levied by civil the amount thereof shall be made in a book to be kept by the courts. Court, and shall also be endorsed on the instrument in respect of which the payment is made, and such endorsement shall be signed by the presiding officer.

(b).-The Court shall at the end of every month

make a return to the Returns to Collector. Collector of the money (if

any) which it has so received, distinguishing between the sums received by way of penalty and the sums received by way of duty, stating the number and title of the suit, the name of the party from whom the money was received, and the date (if any) and description of the instrument.

(c).—The Court shall pay over all money so received to the Collector

Payments to Collector.

or to such person as he

may from time to time appoint to receive the same.

22. Impounding unstamped instruments in civil or criminal courts.

If it appear to a Civil or Criminal Court that any instrument filed or exhibited in such Court was executed on unstamped or insuffi-

ciently stamped paper with the intention of evading payment of the stamp duty required by the law in force in British India at the time of its execution, the Court may impound the instrument and send it to the Collector, and he shall thereupon prosecute the offender.

penalty.

23. When any instrument is produced before

Impounding unstamped instruments in public office

any registering officer, or in any public office other than a Civil or Criminal Court, if it appear to the

registering officer, or to the head of such public office that the instrument is chargeable with stamp duty under the law in force in British India at the time of its execution, but that it does not bear a stamp of a value equal to or exceeding the value of the stamp prescribed therefor by that law, he shall impound the instrument, and send it forthwith to the Collector.

24. (a).—When any instrument is produced before the Collector, other-Powers of Collector as to unstamped or insuffi-ciently stamped instruwise than for the purpose of obtaining an adjudicaments. tion under section thirtynine, or has been sent to him under section twenty-three, he shall either proceed in accordance with the provisions of section twenty, exercising the powers thereby conferred on a civil court; or if it appear to him that the instrument was executed on unstamped, or insufficiently stamped, paper with the intention of evading payment of the proper stamp duty, he shall prosecute all the Prosecution.

persons that have executed the said instrument, or such of them as to him may seem fit;

or if it appear to him that the instrument is properly stamped, or that it is not chargeable with stamp duty under the law in force in British India at the time of its execution, he shall certify by endorsement thereon that it is properly stamped, or that it is not so chargeable (as the case may be); and he shall thereupon return such instrument to the registering or other public officer by whom it was sent, or to the person by whom it was produced, and, subject to the provision con-tained in section forty, it shall be deemed to be properly stamped or not chargeable (as the case may be).

(b) .- Provided that, in any case coming under this section, if the instru-

Remission of penalty. ment is brought within one year from the date of its execution to the Collector, or other public officer by whom it has been sent to the Collector under section twenty-three, and if the Collector is satisfied that such instrument has not been duly stamped previously to being signed or executed by reason of accident, mistake, inadvertence, or urgent necessity, he may remit the whole or any part of the penalty prescribed by section twenty.

(c).-Provided also that, in any case coming un-der this section in which an instrument, other than a bill of exchange or promissory note, purports to have been executed out of British India, if the Collector is satisfied that the instrument was so executed, and also that it has been brought to him within the three months next after its arrival in British India, he shall, on payment of the duty with which such instrument would have been chargeable if executed in British India, certify by endorsement thereon that the proper stamp duty has been levied upon it.

(d) .- Subject to the provision contained in section forty, such certificate shall be conclusive evidence of the amount of stamp duty leviable on the instrument, which shall thereupon be admissible as if criginally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp.

25. When the Collector elects to proceed under section twenty, he shall (if he imposes a Validity of instrument for which Collector levies

penalty), after endorsing penalty. on the instrument the cer-tificate thereby directed, or (if he remits the whole

of the penalty) after endorsing on the instrument a certificate to that effect, return such instrument to the registering or other public officer by whom it was sent or to the person by whom it was produced.

Subject to the provision contained in section forty, the said instrument shall thereupon be, and be dremed to have been, as valid as if it was originally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp.

In case any instrument sent or returned under sections twenty-lwo,

Loss of iastruments sent under sections 22, 23, 24, or 25.

twenty-three, or twentyfour, or the former part of this section, be lost,

destroyed, or injured during transmission, the Court or officer sending or returning the same shall not be liable for such loss, destruc ion, or injury.

26. (a) .- When any bill of exchange, promissory note, cheque, or Power to stamp instru-ments chargeable with order for the payment ments chargeable with one anna. by any banker or person acting as a banker, chargeable hereunder with the duty of one anna, comes to his hands unstamped, he may affix thereto the necessary adhesive stamp, and cancel the same in the manner required by this Act, and upon so doing, may charge the duty against the person who ought to have paid the same, or deduct such duty from the sum so directed to be paid.

(b).—Such bill, note, cheque, or order shall, so far as relates to the stamp duty chargeable thereon, be valid; but this shall not relieve any person or firm from liability to the penalty which he or it may have incurred by issuing or giving the said bill, note, cheque, or order unstamped.

27. (a) .- Any person, or the agent of any per-Procedure where receeding in amount twenty ceipts are required. rupees is due or claimed to be due, and who shall have paid such money, may provide a piece of paper with an adhesive stamp of one anna affixed thereto, and may require of the person entitled to such money or any agent to whom the same shall have been paid, a receipt for such money, and also the value of the said stamp.

(b).--If any one to whom money shall have Refusal to give receipts. give such receipt upon demand thereof, or to pay the value of the said stamp thereon, he shall be liable for every such offence to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

28. Except as provided in sections eight and twenty-six, no stamp After-stamping inadmissible. when shall be affixed to, or impressed on, any bill of exchange, or promissory note, or any instrument

chargeable hereunder with the duty of one anna, subsequent to the execution thereof, nor shall the provisions of sections twenty and twenty-four apply to any such instrument.

CHAPTER IV.

CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

29 Any person or firm making, signing,

or issuing, or, except Penalty for executing as provided in section instrument on paper not twenty-six, accepting, enduly stamped.

dorsing, paying, or re-ceiving payment of any bill of exchange, promissory note, cheque, or other similar instrument liable to any of the duties hereby imposed, without the same being duly stamped,

and any person making, executing, or signing otherwise than as a witness any other instrument liable to any of such duties without the same being duly stamped,

shall, for every such offence, be liable to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees,

or, if ten times the value of the proper stamp exceeds one hundred rupees, to fine not exceeding ten times such value,

or, where an insufficient stamp has been used, if ten times the deficient amount exceeds one hundred rupees, to fine not exceeding ten times such amount.

30. Any person or firm presenting for acceptance

Penalty for presenting, &c., unstamped foreign bills or notes.

or for payment, or accepting, paying, endorsing, transferring, or in any manner negotiating any

bill of exchange or promissory note drawn or made out of British India whereon there is not such stamp as is required by this Act, shall be liable for every such offence to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

31. Any person or firm presenting for accept-

ance or payment a bill of Cancelling stamps on foreign bills by holder. exchange or promissory note to which an adhesive stamp has been affixed under section eight,

and any person or firm endorsing, transferring, or in any manner negotiating such bill or note,

shall, before delivering the same out of his or its hands, custody, or power, cancel the stamp so affixed,

in such manner as to show that the stamp has been made use of, and so that the same shall not admit of being used again.

Any person or firm who or which ought, as direct-

ed by this Act, to cancel Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps. such stamp in manner

aforesaid, and refusing or neglecting so to do, shall be liable for every such offence to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

32. Any person or firm drawing or executing

Penalty for not drawing full number of bills or marine policies purporting to be in sets.

within British India a bill of exchange, or a policy of marine insurance pur-porting to be drawn or executed in a set of two or

more, and not at the same time drawing or executing on paper duly stamped as required by this Act the whole number of bills or policies of which such bill or policy purports the set to consist, shall, for every such offence, be liable to fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.

33. Whenever an adhesive stamp is used as

Cancellation of adhesive stamp by maker or executant.

hereinbefore authorised, the person making or executing the instrument to which such stamp is

affixed shall, before delivering the instrument out of his hands, custody or power, cancel the stamp so used so that it cannot be used again.

Any person making or executing such instrument

and failing to cancel the Penalty for failure to cancel such stamps. stamp affixed thereto in manner aforesaid shall, for every such offence, be liable to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

34. (a).-When any moveable or immoveable property is sold, the full Consideration to be consideration-money di-rectly or indirectly paid

or secured, or agreed to be paid or secured, for the same, shall be truly set forth in words at length in the principal or only instrument whereby the property sold is conveyed to, or vested in, the purchaser or in any other person by his direction.

(b).-When any property is sold and conveyed subject to any mortgage, Mortgage money to be or hond, or other debt, or deemed purchase money. to any gross or entire sum

of money, such debt or sum shall be deemed the consideration-money or part of the considerationmoney (as the case may be) in respect whereof the duty chargeable under the first schedule to this Act shall be paid,

notwithstanding the purchaser is not or does not become personally liable for such debt or sum,

or does not agree to pay the same or to indemnify the seller against the same.

(c).-If the full consideration-money is not set forth as aforesaid, the Penalty for not stating purchaser and the seller

consideration. shall each be liable to fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and shall also pay a fine of five times the amount of the excess of duty with which such instrument would have been chargeable under this Act, if the full considerationmoney had been duly set forth in such instrument, in addition to the duty actually paid for the same.

Penalty on attorneys, c. not inserting true &c. not consideration.

12

35. Any attorney, vakil, pleader, mukhtár, or other person employed in or about the preparing of any instrument in or upon which the full considera-

tion-money is hereby required to be truly set forth,

or employed for any of the parties thereto in anywise about or relating to the transaction therein mentioned,

who knowingly inserts or sets forth, or causes to be inserted or set forth, in or upon any such instrument any other than the full considerationmoney,

shall, for every such offence, pay a fine not less than five hundred rupees and not exceeding five thousand rupees.

Every attorney, vakil, pleader, and mukhtár convicted under this section shall, from the date of such conviction, he disabled to practise as an attorney, vakíl, pleader, or mukhtár:

Provided that no person shall be liable to any penalty or disability under this section, unless the duty actually paid for the instrument is less than would have been payable for the same in case the consideration-money had been truly set forth as aforesaid.

36. Whoever abets within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code any

Abetment. by this Act shall be punished with the punishment hereinbefore provided for such offence.

37. All fines imposed under this Act may be Recovery of fines. recovered, if for offences committed outside the local limits of the towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, in the manner prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure, and if for offences committed within those limits, in the manner prescribed by any Act regulating the Police of such towns in force for the time being.

In the case of a firm, the Magistrate imposing the fine may issue a warrant for the levy of the amount by distress and sale of any moveable property belonging to the firm, or to all or any of the members thereof.

Whenever an offender is sentenced to pay 38.

a fine under this Act, the Reward to informers. convicting Magistrate may award any portion not exceeding one-half to the person on whose information the offender has been convicted.

CHAPTER V.

JURISDICTION.

39. When any instrument chargeable with this

stamp-duty under Adjudication of doubt Act, whether previously stamped or not, is brought as to proper stamp.

to the Collector, and the person bringing it desires to have the opinion of that officer as to the duty with which it is so chargeable, and pays a fee of five rupees, the Collector shall assess and charge the duty to which, in his judgment, the instrument is liable; and upon payment of such duty or of such a sum as, with the duty already paid thereon, is equal to the duty so assessed and charged, and of the penalty, if any, incurred through the instrument having been executed on insufficiently stamped paper, shall certify by en-dorsement on such instrument that the full duty with which it is chargeable under this Act has been paid.

The instrument shall thereupon be deemed to be duly stamped and shall be receivable in evidence or otherwise in all courts and public offices as if originally executed on paper bearing the proper stamp:

Provided that nothing contained in the former part of this section shall authorise the Collector to make any such endorsement on bills of exchange, promissory notes, or instruments chargeable with the stamp duty of one anna when brought to him on unstamped or insufficiently stamped paper subsequent to the drawing or execution thereof.

40. All certificates and orders of the Collector under this Act, shall be

Revision of Collector's certificates and orders.

lector is subordinate.

open to revision on appeal controlling Revenue Authority to which the Col-

Provided that no order passed on such revision shall invalidate any registration or other proceeding previously made or taken of or upon an instrument endorsed by the Collector under section twenty-four or section twenty-five.

41. (a) .- The chief controlling Revenue Authority may state any case coming before it under Reference to High

Court this Act and refer such case with its own opinion thereon, if the case arise in the Presidency of Fort Saint George or the Presidency of Bombay, to the local High Court, and if it arise in any other part of British India, to the High Court at Fort William.

(b)-Every such case shall be decided by at least three Judges of the High Court to which it is referred, and in case of difference the opinion of the majority shall prevail.

(c).-If the High Court is not satisfied that the statements contained in the case are sufficient to enable it to determine the questions raised there-by, the Court may refer the case back to the Revenue Authority by which it was stated, to make such additions thereto or alterations therein as the Court may direct in that behalf.

(d).-The High Court upon the hearing of any such case shall decide the questions raised thereby, and shall deliver its judgment thereon, containing the grounds on which such decision is founded; and it shall send to the Revenue Authority by which the case was stated, a copy of such judgment under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar, and the Revenue Authority shall, on receiving the same, dispose of the case conformably to such judgment.

42. The chief controlling Revenue Authority may, upon petition, remit wholly or in part any pen-

Power to remit penalalty imposed under this ties. Act.

of prosecutions.

43. All prosecutions in respect of any offence punishable by this Act, shall be instituted and Institution and conduct conducted by the Col-

lector or such other officer as the local Government generally, or the Collector specially authorises in that behalf.

44. Offences punishable under this Act may be tried within the limits of Jurisdiction of Magisthe towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay by trate.

a Magistrate of Police, and beyond those limits by the Magistrate of the District or a person exercising the powers of a Magistrate (as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure), or of a Subordinate Magistrate of the first class : Provided that, in imposing penalties under this Act, no such person shall exceed the limits of jurisdiction prescribed for him by the said Code.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

45. If any person possessing any stamped paper which has been Refund in case of useobtained in the manner less or spoiled stamped allowed by this Act or Act paper.

does not require the same for use,

No. X. of 1862 (to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Slamp Duties), or any paper on which the stamp has been denoted by the Collector or the Superintendent of Stamps, or if the paper so possessed becomes spoiled or unfit for use as hereinafter mentioned,

the Collector of the District in which the paper has been purchased may, upon application made to him, within one year after such purchase, and upon delivery to him of such paper, refund the amount paid to Government for the same, whether by the applicant or any other person;

or in case the owner of the paper so spoiled or unfit for use, desires to be supplied with stamped paper of similar or equal value, the Collector may cause such paper to be delivered to him or his agent upon payment of the value of the paper on which the new stamp or stamps shall be impressed.

46. Stamped paper and paper on which the When stamped paper shall be held to be spoiled. Stamp has been denoted by the Collector or the Superintendent of Stamps, shall be held to be spoiled or unfit for use within the meaning of section forty five when—

by accident happening to the same before any writing thereupon has been finally signed and executed, it is tendered unfit for use;

or when, because of some error in the drawing up or copying of any writing thereon, discovered before such writing has been finally signed and executed, it is rendered of no avail;

or when, by reason of death or refusal of the party whose signature may be necessary to effect the transaction intended by such writing, it remains incomplete and of no avail;

or when, by refusal of any office or trust granted by a writing thereon, it has failed of the purpose intended;

cr when, by reason of failure of consideration, the transaction intended to be effected or evidenced by a writing thereon cannot be effected or evidenced;

or when the transaction intended to be effected by a writing thereon has been effected by some other instrument duly stamped;

or when, in the case of a negotiable instrument, such instrument is, by reason of non-delivery to the payee or person acting in his behalf, or other cause, never brought into use;

or when, in the case of a bill of exchange other than a bill drawn in a set, it has not been presented for acceptance or payment.

47. Where in case of a sale, or an exchange upon which money is paid for equality of ex-

Suit where consideration is not stated. truly set forth in the manner hereby directed, the purchaser, or the person paying money for equality of exchange, or the lessee (as the case may be), or his representative in interest, may sue for and recover back from the seller, or the person receiving such money, or the lessor (as the case may be), or his representative in interest, so much of the consideration-money as is not set forth as aforesaid, or the whole thereof, if no part of the same is so set forth;

And in such suit, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, the conveyance, instrument of exchange, or lease shall be admissible in evidence.

48. Every Local Government shall frame rules for regulating the sale of sale of stamps. Act or by Act No. XXVI. of 1867 (to amend the law relating to stamp duties) for determining the persons by whom such sale is to be conducted, and for fixing the remuneration of such persons within the territories subject to its control; and may from time to time alter and add to such rules.

Such rules, alterations, and additions shall, Approval and publication of rules. When approved by the Governor General of India in Council, and after publication in the local official Gazette, have the force of law.

Any person appointed to sell such stamps and Penalty for disobeying rules. ished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or with both.

49. When an impressed stamp is used under section five to denote the amount of duty with which any instrument is chargeable, such amount shall be denoted by a single stamp, except when such amount exceeds one thousand rupees, in which case it may be denoted by two or more impressed stamps of which the aggregate amount is the amount so required :

Provided that, when a single impressed stamp of any amount less than one thousand rupees is not procurable on application to the Collector or stamp-vendor appointed under section forty-eight, it shall be lawful, on such officer making a certificate to that effect, for the person requiring such stamp to denote the amount by two or more impressed stamps, of which the aggregate amount is the amount so required.

50. When more stamped papers than one are used under section fortynine for an instrument chargeable with stampduty under this Act, each paper so used shall contain a part of the instrument.

51. Every Local Government shall cause this Act to be translated, iadexed, and sold cheaply. Act and the schedules hereto annexed to be carefully translated into the subject to its control.

A full alphabetical index shall be added to every such translation, and the translation and index shall be printed and sold to the public at a price not exceeding four annas per copy.

IV.-55 n

SCHEDULE I.

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

Description of In	STRUMENTS.			. 617		PROPER	STAMP	DUTY.			
				If drawn s	ingly.	of t	rawn in vo, for o of the	each	If drawn three, part o	for eac	clı
				Rs. a	. D.		Rs. a.	n	Re	a.	n
When the amount And when the amount	t exceeds Rs. 100 b	does not excee out does not excee	d " 200	0	0		0 1 0 1	0	000	1 1	00
I. BILL OF EXCHANGE PAYABLE ", OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND ",	,, 200 ,, 300 ,, 600 ,, 900	" "	., 300 ,, 600 , 900 ,, 1,200	0 (0 (0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0 () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	23	0
"	" 1,200	37 13	,, 1,500	0 1			0 6 0 8	0	0		0
2. PROMISSORY NOTE PAYABLE , OTHERWISE THAN ON DEMAND For every Rs. 2,500	, 1,500 or part thereof in ex-	cess of Rs 2 500	" 2,500		5 ()		0 12	0	0		0
For every Rs. 5,000	or part thereof in exc	ess of Rs. 10.000 1	in to Rs. 30 000	3	s 0) 0	1 100	0 12	0	1		0
And for every Rs. 10	000 or part thereof in	excess of Rs. 30,			0 0		3 0	0	2		0
				If dra	wn sin	gly.	If		a duplica		n for
				-						2	
					a.	p.		R	ls. a.	p.	
B. POLICY OF INSURANCE	ured does not exceed	Rs. 1,000	••••••••••••••••••	() 4	0			0 2	0	
And for every further	sum of Rs. 1,000 ins	sured, or for every	part thereof) 4	0			0 2	0	
			注 [14] [3]			PROPER	STAM	P DUT	r .		
				102		Rs.	a.	r).	-	
(When the amount pa	id for such share doe	s not exceed Rs.	100			0	4	0			
. *TRANSFER OF A SHARE IN A COM- For every Rs. 100 of	such amount or par	t thereof in excess	of Rs. 100 up to			· ·					
PANY OR ASSOCIATION Rs. 1,000						0	4	C			
And for every Rs. 50 • NOTE.—The stamp duty chargeable on the ins					la hr a	l	4	('		

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189 pp

6.	BOND for any specified amount, other than an Administration Bond BOTTOMRY BOND	When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 25 When such amount exceeds Rs. 25 but does not exceed Rs. 50 """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
8.	CUSTOMS BOND	(a). When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 1,000	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount is chargeable (No. 5). Five Rupees.
9.		 (a). When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 3,000	
10.	MORTGAGE DEED, when Possession of the Property comprised therein is not given by the Mortgagor at the time of execution		The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the
11.	INSTRUMENT OF FURTHER CHARGE on such property, whether by In- dorsement or otherwise	 Warner, Bill Hanne, K. et al. Research in the processing of the processing of the bill. 	amount secured is chargeable (No. 5).
12.	account for Money received by	 (a). When the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 3,000	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount is chargeable (No. 5).
13.	ASSIGNMENT OF ANY INTEREST SE-	 (a). When the amount of such interest does not exceed Rs. 3,000	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for such amount is chargeable (No. 5). Sixteen Rupees.
14.	SETTLEMENT		The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the amount or value of the property thereby settled is chargeable (No. 5).
15.	CONVEYANCE		Rs. a. p.
	MORTGAGE DEED-When Possession of the Property comprised therein is given by the Mortgagor at the time of execution	When the amount paid or secured does not exceed Rs. 50 When such amount exceeds Rs. 50 but does not exceed $,, 100$ For every Rs. 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to Rs. 1,00 , , , 500 $, , , , 1000$ $, 10,000, , 10,000$ $, , 30,000, , 10,000$ $, , 10,000, , 10,000$ $, , 10,000, , 10,000$ $, , 10,000$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
17.	on such Property, whether by In- dorsement or otherwise	" " 20,000 " " " " 1,00,000 ·····	

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SCHEDULE 1.-continued.

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

La del State Constant	DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.	PROPER STAMP DUTY.
18. INSTRUMENT OF EXCHANGE OR PAR- TITION OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY when money is paid for equality of Exchange or Partition		(The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the amount so paid is chargeable (No. 15), in addi- tion to the Stamp-duty with which an instru- ment of exchange of immoveable property or a partition-deed is chargeable under Schedule II.
	(a). Where the lease is expressed to be for a term of less than one year	The Stamp-duty with which a Bond (No. 5) for the total amount payable under such lease is chargeable.
11 Property de la company	(b). Where the lease is expressed to be for a term of not less than one year bu not more than three years	t (The Stamp-duty with which a Bond for the total amount payable under such lease during the first year of the term is chargeable.
19. LEASE	(c). Where the lease is expressed to be for a term exceeding three years, o where no term is expressed	The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the total amount payable under such lease during the first year of the term is chargeable.
	(d). Where the lease is granted in consideration of a fine or premium, and where no rent is reserved	The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the amount so paid is chargeable.
· (************************************	(e). Where the lease is granted in consideration of a fine or premium, and als of a rent	The Stamp-duty with which a conveyance for the amount of the fine or premium is chargeable, in addition to the Stamp-duty with which the lease would be chargeable in case no such fine or premium had been paid.
20. Surrender of Lease	 (a). Where the amount of Stamp-duty chargeable on the lease does no exceed Rs. 16	. able (No. 19).
	(b). In any other case	. Sixteen Rupees.

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189 ss

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

Instruments chargeable with ad valorem Stamp-duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.	PROPER STAMP DUTY.
 21. APPRAISEMENT OR VALUATION - Of any property or of any interest therein	}Eight Annas. One Rupee.
used in any building Or of any artificer's work	Eight Annas
 23. COPY, DUPLICATE, OR EXTRACT, attested to be a true copy, duplicate, or extract	Eight Annas.

Taile showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, the amount of which does not exceed Rs. 2,00,000.

		A Bart		PROPER STAMP DUTY.					
				If drawn	singly.	If drawn two, for e of the	ach part	If drawn i three, for of the	each part
When the an	nount exce	eeds bu	it does not exceed	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	Rs.	а.
Rs.			Rs. 100	0	1	0	1	0	1
	100		200	U	2	0	1	0	. 1
	200		300	0	3	0	2	• 0	1
	300		600	0	6	0	3	0	2 .
	600		900	0	9	0	5	0	3
	900		1,200	0	12	0	6	0	4
	1,200		1,500	0	15	0	8	0	5
	1,500		2,500	1	8	. 0	12	0	8
	2,500		5,000	3	0	1	8	1	0
	5,000		7,500	4	8	2	4	1	8
	7,500		10,000	6	0	3	0	2	0
	10,000		15,000	9	0	4	8	3	0
	15,000		20,000	12	0	6	0	4	0
	20,000		25,000	15	0	7	8	5	0
	25,000		30,000	18	0	9	0	6	0
	30,000		40,060	24	0	12	0	8	0
	40,000		50,000	30	0	15	0	10	0
	50,000		60,000	36	0	18	0	12	0
	60,000		70,000	42	0	21	0	14	0
	70,000		80,000	48	0	24	0	16	0
	80,000		90,000	54	0	27	0	18	0
	90,000		1,00,000	60	0	30	0	20	o
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189 tt

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

				Р	ROPER STA	MP DUT	у.	
			If drawn	singly.	If drawn in two, for ea of the	ach part	If drawn in three, for of the	each part
When the amou	nt exceeds	but does not exceed	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a,	Rs.	a.
Rs. 1,00,0	000	Rs. 1,10,000	66	0	33	0	22	0
1,10,	000	1,20,000	72	0	36	0	24	0
1,20,	000	1,30,000	78	0	39	0	26	0
1,30,0	000	1,40,000	84	0	42	0	28	·0
1,40,0	00	1,50,000	90	0	45	0	30	0
1,50,0	00	1,60,000	96	0	48	0	32	0
1,60,0	00,	1,70,000	102	0	51	0	34	0
1,70,0		1,80,000	108	0	54	0	36	0
1,80,0	00	1,90,000	114	0	57	0	38	0
1,90,0	00	2,00,000	120	0	60	0	40	0

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any bill of Exchange or Promissory Nole, the amount of which does not exceed Rs. 2,00,000-concluded.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on Bonds for any sum not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000.

			PROPER STA	MP DUTY.
When such sum exce		but does not exceed	Rs.	a.
Rs	eas	Rs. 25	0	2
25		50	0	4
50		100	0	8
100		200	1	0
200		300	1	8
300		400	2	0
400		500	2	8
500		600	3	0
- ' 600		700	3	8
700		800	4	0
800		900	4	8
900		1,000	5	0
1,000		1,500	7	8
1,500		2,000	10	0
2,000		2,500	12	8
2,500		3,000	15	0
3,000		3,500	17	8
3,500		4,000	20	0
4,000		4,500	22	8
4,500		5,000	25	0
5,000		5,500	27	8
5,500		6,000	30	0
6,000		6,500	32	8
6,500		7,000	35	0

189 uu

SCHEDULE 1.- continued.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on Bonds for any sum not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000-continued.

			PROPER STA	MP-D JTY.
When such sum exceeds	l	out does not exceed	Rs.	a.
Rs. 7,000		Rs. 7,500	37	8
7,500		8,000	40	0
8,000		.8,500	42 .	8
8,500		9,000	45	0
9,000		9,500	47	8
9,500		10,000	50	0
10,000		11,000	52	8
11,000		12,000	55	0
12,000		13,000	57	8
13,000		14,000	60	0
14,000		15,000	62	8
15,000		16,000	65	0
16,000		17,000	67	8
17,000		18,000	70	0
18,000		19,000	72	8
19,000		20,000	75	0
20,000		21,000	77	8
21,000		22,000	80	U
22,000		23,000	82	8
23,000		24,000	85	0
24,000		25,000	87	8
25,000		26,000	90	0
26,000		27,060	92	8
27,000		28,000	95	0
28,000		29,000	97	*
29,000		30,000	. 100	0
30,000		40,000	112	8
40,000		50,000	125	0
50,000		60,000	137	8
60,000		70,000	150	0
70,000		80,000	162	
80,000		90,000		\$
90,000		1,00,000	175	0
1,00,000		1,10,000	187	8
1,10,000		1,20,000	200 212	0
			212	8
1,20,000		1,30,000	2	0
1,30,000		1,40,000	237	8
1,40,000		1,50,000	250	0
1,50,000		1,60,000	262	8
1,60,000	••••	1,70,000	275	0
1,70,000		1,80,000	287	8
1,80,000		1,90,000	300	0

189 vr

SCHEDULE I.-continued.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on Bonds for any sum not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000.-concluded.

		PROPER STAM	P-DUTY.
When such sum exceeds	but does not exceed	Rs.	a.
Rs. 1,90,000	 Rs. 2,00,000	312	8
2,00,000	 2,10,000	325	0
2,10,000	 2,20,000	337	8
2,20,000	 2,30,000	350	0
2,30,000	 2,40,000	362	8
2,40,000	 2,50,000	375	Û
2,50,000	 2,60,000	387	8
2,60,000	 2,70,000	400	0
2,70,000	 . 2,80,000	412 .	8
2,80,000	 2,90,000	425	0
2,90,000	 3,00,000	437	8
3,00,000	 3,10,000	450	0
3,10,000	 3,20,000	462	8
3,20,000	 3,30,000	475	Û
3,30,000	 3,40,000	487	8
3,40,000	 3,50,000	500	0 .
3,50,000	 3,60,000	512	8
3,69,000	3,70,000	525	0
3,70,000	 3,80,000	537	8
3,80,000	 3,90,000	550	0
3,90,000	 4,00,000	562	8

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Conveyance the consideration-money set forth in which does not exceed Rs. 4,00,000.

			PROPER ST.	MP-DUTY.
When the amount of such c money exceeds	onsideration-	but does not exceed	Rs.	il.
Rs		Rs. 50	0	8
50		100	1	0
100		200	2	0
200		300	3	0
300		400	4	0
400		500	5	0
500		600	6	0
600,		700	7	0
700		800	8	0
800		900	9	- 0
900		1,000	10	0
1,000		1,500	15	0
1,500		2,000	20	0
2,000		2,500	25	0
2,500	S (200	3,000	30	0
3,000		3,500	35	0

189 ww

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SCHEDULE I.-continued.

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Conveyance the consideration-money set forth in which does not exceed Rs. 4,00,000-continued.

			PROPER STAT	MP-DUTY
When the amount of such consideration-money exceeds		but does not exceed	· Rs.	a.
Rs. 3,500		Rs. 4,000	40	0
4,000		4,500	45	0
4,500		5,000	50	0
5,000		5,500	55	0
5,500		6,000	60	0
6,000		6,500	65	0
6,500		7,000	70	0
7,000		7,500	75	0
7,500		8,000	80	0
8,000		8,500	85	0
8,500		9,000	90	0
9,000		9,500	95	0
9,500		10,000	100	0
10,000		11,000	105	0
11,000		12,000	110	0
12,000		13,000	115	0
13,000		14,000	120	0
14,000		15,000	125	0
15,000		16,000	130	0
16,000		17,000	135	0
17,000		18,000	140	0.
18,000		19,000	145	0
19,000		20,000	150	0
20,000		21,000	155	0
21,000		22,000	160	0
22,000		23,000	165	0
23,000		24,000	170	0
24,000		25,000	175	0
25,000		26,000	180	0
26,000		27,000	185	0
27,000		28,000	190	0
28,000		29,000	195	0
29,000		30,000	200	0
30,000		40,000	250	0
40,000		50,000	300	0
50,000		60,000	350	0
60,000		70,000	400	0
70,000		80,000	450	0
80,000	-	90,000	500	0
90,000	Series and the	1,00,000	550	0
1,00,000		1,20,000	625	0
1,20,000		1,40,000	700	0

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189 xx

SCHEDULE I.-concluded.

		PROPER STA	MP-DUTY
When the amount of suc consideration-money excee	but does not exceed	Rs.	a.
Rs. 1,40,000	 Rs. 1,60,000	775	0
1,60,000	 1,80,000	850	0
1,80,000	 2,00,000	925	0
2,00,000	 2,20,000	1,000	0
2,20,000	 2,40,000	1,075	0
2,40,000	 2,60,000	1,150	0
2,60,000	 2,80,000	1,225	0
2,80,000	 3,00,000	1,300	0
3,00,000	 3,20,000	1,375	0
3,20,000	 3,40,000	1,450	0
3,40,000	 3,60,000	1,525	0
3,60,000	 3,80,000	1,600	0
3,80,000	 4,00,000	1,675	0 .

Table showing the Stamp-duty chargeable under this Schedule on any Conveyance the consideration-money set forth in which does not exceed Rs. 4,00,000—concluded.

SCHEDULE II.

Instruments chargeable with fixed Stamp-duties.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.

PROPER STAMP-DUTY.

...

1.-BILL OF EXCHANGE, PROMISSORY NOTE, CHEQUE OR ORDER for the payment on demand of an amount exceeding twenty rupees.

3.-AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT relating to the sale of any Government Security, share in a Company or Association, or Bill of Exchange.

2.-LETTER OF CREDIT ...

- 4.—CERTIFICATE ON OTHER DOCUMENT purporting to denote the right or title of the holder thereof, or any other person, either to any shares, scrip, or stock in or of any Company or Association, or proposed Company or Association, or to become proprietor of shares, scrip, or stock in or of any such Company or Association.
- 5.—Note or Memorandum written in any book or written on a separate paper, whereby any account, debt, or demand, or any part of any account, debt, or demand therein specified, and amounting to twenty rupees or upwards, is expressed to have been balanced, or is acknowledged to be due.
- 6.—SHIPPING ORDER for or relating to the conveyance of goods on board of any vessel.
- 7.—RECEIPT OR DISCHARGE given for or upon the payment of money, or delivery of goods, in satisfaction of a debt, the amount or value of which money or goods exceeds twenty rupees.

* This duty may be denoted by an adhesive stamp.

One Anna.*

189 yy

SCHEDULE II.-continued.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS. P	ROPER STAMP-DUTY.
8.—PROXY to vote at any one meeting of—	7
 (a.)—Members of a Company or Association whose stock or funds is or ardivided into shares and transferable. (b).—Municipal Commissioners. (c).—Justices of the Peace, being a body corporate. (d).—Proprietors, members or contributors to the funds of any institution. 	One Anna.*
9BILL OF LADING	.)
10DOCK WARRANT	Four Annas.
11ANY AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT not otherwise provide for by this Act.	d
Provided that where two or more letters are offered in evidence to prov any agreement between the parties who shall have written such letters, shall be sufficient if any one of such letters shall be stamped as an agreemen	it
12NOTICE OF PROTEST by the Master of a ship	Eight Annas.
13.—Power-of-Attorney to present for registration—	
 (a) — A single instrument. (b.) — Any number of instruments required for the completion of a sing transaction. 	le
14AFFIDAVIT not made for the immediate purpose of being produced in any Cour	
15 COLLATERAL INSTRUMENT not otherwise provided for by this Schedule .	
16.— COUNTERPART OF ANY INSTRUMENT chargeable with Stamp Duty under this Ac Provided that the counterpart shall not be available unless the Collector or suc other officer as he may authorize in that behalf shall certify that the prop Stamp-duty on the original instrument has been paid. Such certificate shall endorsed on the counterpart on the same being produced together with t original instrument, and on the whole being duly executed and duly stamp in other respects	er be he One Rupec.
17INSTRUMENT OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP	
18.—Power-or-ATTORNEY for the performance of a single act when the value of the matter to be dealt with does not exceed five hundred rupees-	ie
19.—Power-or-ATTORNEY for the performance of a single act when the value of the matter to be dealt with exceeds five hundred rupees.	ie]
20.—BOND OR MORTGAGE-DEED executed as a collateral security for the performance of any act where such performance is secured by some instrument previous executed on stamped paper in accordance with the law in force in Britis India at the time of its execution.	y l
21.—INSTRUMENT EVIDENCING AN AGREEMENT to secure the repayment on or be fore the expiration of three months from the date of such instrument of a log made upon the deposit of tille-deeds or other valuable security.	Two Rupees.
22CHARTER PARTY	
23Notarial Act	
24PROTEST OF A BILL OF EXCHANGE OR PROMISSORY NOTE	
25 PROTEST OF THE MASTER OR OWNER OF A SHIP]
26,—Instrument of Co-Partnership)
27RE-CONVEYANCE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY when the original Mortgage-dec has been stamped in accordance with the law in force in British India at the time of its execution.	ed > Four Rupees.

7

6

2

* This duty may be denoted by an adhesive stamp.

189 zz

SCHEDULE II.-concluded.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENTS.	PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
28.—Composition.Deed]
29.—LETTER OF LICENSE	
30.—Release	> Eight Rupees.
31INSTRUMENT PURPORTING TO CONFER AN AUTHORITY TO ADOPT	
32Power-of-ATTORNEY not otherwise provided for by this Schedule]
33ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION of a Company]
34MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF a Company	
35.—APPOINTMENT in execution of a power, whether of Trustees, or of prop- moveable or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a Will.	erty,
36.—DECLARATION OF ANY USE OR TRUST of or concerning any property, move or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a Will.	able Sixteen Rupees.
37INSTRUMENT OF GIFT OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY	
38.—INSTRUMENT OF EXCHANGE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY where no money paid or agreed to be paid for equality of exchange.	y is
39.—PARTITION-DEED relating to immoveable property where no money is paid agreed to be paid for equality of exchange.	or
40.—PETITION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A SPECIFICATION OF AN INVENTION, or for extension of the term of the exclusive privilege of making, using, or selling s invention in India.	the such } One hundred Rupees.
41.—ARTICLES OF CLERKSHIP or contract whereby any person shall first beec bound to serve as a clerk in order to his admission as an Attorney in any H Court.	igh Five hundred Rupees.

SCHEDULE III.

1

Enactments repealed by Section 2.

	No. and date of Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of repeal.
Act	t XIV. of 1840	An Act for rendering a written memoran- dum necessary to the validity of certain promises and engagements by extending to the territories of the East India Com- pany, in cases governed by English law, the provisions of the Stat. 9 Geo. IV., cap. XIV.	Section 8.
"	XVIII. of 1856	An Act relating to the administration of the public revenues in the Town of Calcutta.	So much of the preamble as relates to stamp duty, and section 2.
33	XIX. of 1858	An Act to provide for the authentication of stamped paper issued from the Stamp Office in Calcutta.	The whole.
77	XLI. of 1858	An Act to amend Regulation X. 1829, of the Bengal Code (for the collection of stamp dutics).	The whole.
"	XV. of 1859	An Act for granting exclusive privileges to inventors.	Section 37.
33	X. of 1862	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamp-duties.	Sections 1 to 25, both inclusive, sections 27, 28, 29, sections 34 to 57, both inclusive, and schedule A.
"	XXVI. of 1867	An Act to amend the law relating to Stamp- duties.	Section 5.

...

12.2

INDEX.

(Nothing hereinafter contained shall be deemed to have the force of law.)

- Abetment of offences punishable ander Act, sec. 36.
- Accident, omission to stamp by, sec. 24, clause (b). to stamped paper, sec. 46. Account, stamp on note evidencing balance of, schedule II. No. 5.
- Acknowledgment of sum paid on letter of allotment or call, sec. 15, clause (2).
 - of debt, stamp on, schedule II, No. 5.
- Adhesive stamp, sec. 5, clause (a). to be affixed to bill drawn out of Bri-,, 22 tish India, sec. 8.
 - may be affixed to instrument charge-,, able with one anna, sec. 26.
 - may be affixed to paper for receipt, ... sec. 27.
 - presenting bill wanting, sec. 30. ...
 - holder of foreign bill to caucel, sec. 31. ,, 22 executant to cancel, sec. 33.
- Administration-bond, schedule I, No. 5.

...

...

- Administration-bond, schedule 1, 100 0, Administibility, see Evidence. Adoption, see Authority to adopt. 'Affidavit' defined, sec. 3, clause (1). , to enable a person to receive a pension, to enable a person to receive a pension,
 - exempt, sec. 15, clause 12. stamp on, schedule II, No. 14.
- After-stamping when inadmissible, sec. 28.
- Agent of person from or to whom money is owing or paid, sec. 27.
- of owner of useless or spoiled stamped paper,
- sec. 45. Agreement for hire of tug-steamer not included in
 - ^c charterparty, sec. 3, clause 7. for sale of goods, exempt, sec. 15, clause 8. relating to sale of Government securities, ,,
 - ,, shares, or bills, stamp on, schedule II, No. 3.
 - to o, stamp on one of several letters proving an, schedule II, No. 11. to repay at short date loan on deposit, stamp on, schedule II, No. 21. .
 - -
 - not otherwise provided for, stamp on, sche-dule II, No. 11. 11
- See Engagement. Allotment, see Letter of Allotment.
- Annuity, daty on bond, &c., for payment of, sec. 12. ,, daty on conveyance where consideration is an, ib.
- exemption of receipt for instalment of, sec. 15, clause (3). Appeal from Collector's decision, sec. 40.
- Appointment, stamp on, schedule 11, No. 35.
- Appraisement, stamp on, schedule I, No. 21. Approval of Rules to be made by Local Governments,
- sec. 48. Articles of Association, stamp on, schedule II, No. 33.
- Articles of clerkship, stamp on, schedule II, No. 41. Assignment of interest secured by boud or mortgage

deed, stamp ou, schedule I, No. 13.

person to pay stamp on, sec. 6.

Attested copy, duplicate or extract, stamp on, schedule I, No. 23.

Attorney, exemption of copies made for use of, sec. 15, clause (14).

", not stating true consideration, sec. 35. See Articles of Clerkship. Authentication, not of instruments not daly stamped, sec. 18.

Authority to adopt, stamp on, schedule II, No. 31. 'Award' defined, sec. 3, clause (2). "stamp on, schedule I, No, 22.

- Balance of account, stamp on note expressing, schedule II, No. 5.
 - IV.-55 q

- Banker, exemption of certain receipts of, sec. 15, clause (2).
 - may stamp certain instruments chargeable with

", may stamp certain instruments chargeable with one anna, sec. 26. Batwárá included in 'partition-deed,' sec. 3, clause (22). 'Bill of Exchange' defined, sec. 3, clause (3). ", when it may be stamped with

- adhesive stamp, sec. 5, clause (a). ...
 - person to pay duty on, sec. 6. duties on, sec. 7.
- ... drawn out of British India, sees. ... 5, 7, and 8.
 - unstamped or with stamp uncancelled, holder cannot recover on foreigu, sec. 19. brought to Collector on unstamped
 - or insufficiently stamped paper, sec. 39.
- ,,
- see, 03. not presented, sec. 46. payable otherwise than on demand, stamp on, schedule I, No. 1. , payable on demand, for amount exceeding twenty rupees, stamp on, schedule 11, No. 1. See Agreement, Letters of Hypothecation, Memorandum,

Negotiable Instrument, Protest, Set.

- Bill of Lading' defined, sec. 3, clause (4).
 ,, stamp on, schedule II, No. 9.
 Bond' defined, sec. 3, clause (5).
 ,, person to pay duty on, sec. 6.
- to Government for performance of duties of sala-,,
- ried office, exempt, sec. 15, clause 7 for specified sum, stamp on, schedule I, No. 5. 22
- for due execution of an office, stamp on, schedule ,, I, No. 12.
- person to pay duty on, sec. 6. ,,
- as a collateral security, stamp on, schedule II, ,, No. 20.
- See Bottomry-bond, Customs-bond, Indemnity-bond, Respondentia-bond.
- Bottomry-bond' defined, sec. 3, clause (6).
 - person to pay duty on, sec. 6. stamp on, schedule I, No. 6. ,,
- British India, duty on instruments executed out of, sec. 4.
 - duty on bills drawn out of, secs. 5, 7, ,, and 8.

Calls on scrip or shares, receipts for sums paid in respect of, sec. 15, clause (2).

Cancelling adhesive stamps by banker, sec. 26. on foreign bills by holder, 38 ,,

- sec 31.
- by maker or executant, sec.33.
- Certificate of Court that duty has been paid on unstamped instrument, sec. 20. of Collector that instrument is properly
 - ... stamped or is not chargeable, sec. 24, clause (a).
 - of Collector that duty has been levied on in-,, strument executed out of British India, sec. 24, clauses (c), (d). of Collector thatfull duty has been paid, sec.
 - ,, 39.
 - revision of Collector's, sec. 40.
 - that impressed stamp is not procurable, ,, sec. 49.
 - of title to shares, scrip, or stock, stamp on, schedule II, No. 4. ,,
 - in case of counterpart that duty has been ,,

paid on original, schedule II, No. 16. Charitable allowance, exemption of affidavit in case of, sec. 15, clause 12.

- ' Charter-party' defined, sec. 3, clause (7)
 - 13
 - stamp on, schedule II, No. 22. agreement for hire of tug-steamer not included in, sec. 3, clause 7. See Agreement.

,,

..

- 'Cheque' defined, sec. 3, clause (8). not included in 'Bill of Exchange,' sec. 3, ... clause (3).
 - when it may be stamped with adhesive ,,
 - stamp, scc. 5, clause (a). for amount exceeding twenty rupees, stamp on, schedule II, No. 1. 31
- Chief Controlling Revenue Revenue Authority may revise Collector's certificates and orders, sec. 40.
 - may refer questions to High Court, ,, sec. 41.
 - may remit or mitigate penaltics, 11 sec. 42.
- Civil Court, its powers as to unstamped or insufficiently stamped instruments, sec. 20.
 - to keep book for entries of payments, sec. 21. ,,
 - to endorse payments, ib.
 - to make returns and payments to Collector, ,, sec. 21.
 - when to impound unstamped instruments, ... sec. 22.
 - See High Court.
- Code of Criminal Procedure, instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in proceedings under chapter 22 of, sec. 18, clause (b). Collateral instrument not otherwise provided for, stamp
- on, schedule II, No. 15
 - security, stamp on, schedule II, No. 20.
- 'Collector' defined, sec. 3, clause (9).
 - may denote stamps, sec. 5, clause (b).
 - ,,
 - monthly return and payment to, of money received by Court, sec. 21. may appoint person to receive such pay-33 ments, ib.
 - to prosecute executant of unstamped instru-... ment sent by Court, sec. 22.
 - public officer to send unstamped instrument ... to, sec. 23.
 - his powers as to unstamped or insufficiently ,, stamped instruments, sec. 24.
 - when he may remit penalty, sec. 24, clause 27 (6).
 - when he may certify that proper duty has been levied on instrument executed out of ,,
 - British India, sec. 24, clause (c). validity of instrument for which penalty levied by, sec. 25. ,,
 - to decide doubt as to proper stamp, sec. 39. revision of certificates and orders of, sec. 40. ...
 - ,,
 - to institute and conduct prosecutions, sec. ,, 43.
 - may specially authorize person to prose-,,, cute, ib.
 - may make refund, or supply new, for spoiled ,,
 - or useless stamped paper, sec. 45. may authorize officer to certify on counter-... part that duty on original is paid, schedule 11, No. 16.
- Commencement of Act, sec. 1.

Company, stamp on agreement relating to shares in, schedule II, No. 3.

- stamp on certificate of title to shares in, 27 schedule II, No. 4.
- ", stamp on proxy to vote at meeting of, schedule II, No. 8. See Articles of Association, Calls, Memorandum of
- Association, Scrip, Share. ' Composition deed' defined, sec. 3, clause (10).
- , stamp ou, schedule II, No. 28. Consideration expressed in foreign currency, sec. 10. , to be stated, sec. 34, clause (a).
 - - mortgage-money or sum charged to be deemed, sec. 34, clause (b). ...
 - penalty for not stating, sec. 34, clause ,, (c).
 - penalty on attorney, &c., not inserting, 37 sec. 35.

- Consideration, failure of, sec. 46. suit when it is not stated, sec. 47. See Annuity.
- 'Conveyance' defined, sec. 3, clause (11). , person to pay duty on, sec. 6. , stamp on, schedule I. No. 15.

 - duty on, where consideration is an annuity, ... sec. 12.
- Co-partnership, stamp on instrument of, schedule II, No. 26.
 - See Dissolution.
- Copy of paper which public officer is required to make, exempt, sec. 15, clause (13).
- , for private use, exempt, see. 15, clause (14). ,, attested, stamp on, schedule I, No. 23. Counsel, exemption of copies made for, sec. 15, clause (14). 'Counterpart' defined, sec. 3, clause (12). of lease, lessor pays duty on, sec. 6.
- - of lease to ryot exempt, sec. 15, clause (10).
 - of instrument chargeable with duty, stamp on, schedule II, No. 16. ,,
- Court.-See Civil Court, Criminal Court.
- Criminal Court, when to impound unstamped instruments, sec. 22.
- Criminal proceedings, instruments not duly stamped admissible in, sec. 18.
- Cultivators, exemption of receipts for rent to, sec. 15, clause (1).
- Customs-bond, person to pay stamp on, sec. 6.

stamp on, schedule I, No. S. >>

Death of party to transaction intended by writing on stamped paper, sec. 46.

A

- Debt.-See Acknowledyment.
- Declaration of use or trust, stamp on, schedule II, No. 36.
- Definitions, instrument coming within two or more, sec. 14.

See Interpretation-clause.

- Denoting of stamps, sec. 5, clause (b). Deputy Commissioner included in 'Collector,' sec. 3, clause (9).
- Destruction of instrument sent to Collector, sec. 23.
- Destruction of instrument sent to concetor, sec. 23. Discharge, stamp on, schedule II, No. 7, Dissolution of partnership, stamp on instrument of, schedule II, No. 17. 'Dock-warrant' defined, sec. 3, clause (13). "stamp on, schedule II, No. 10. Dollars.--Sec Foreign Currency.

- Doubt as to proper stamp, adjudication of, sec. 39.

Duplicate, attested, stamp on, schedule I, No. 23. See Counterpart.

Duty chargeable, sec. 4.

- when leviable by adhesive stamps, see. 5, clause " (a)
- levied by impressed stamps, sec. 5, clause (*l*). denoted by Collector or Superintendent of Stamps, *ib*. ,,
- on bills and notes drawn out of British India, ... secs. 5, 8.
- by whom payable in certain cases, sec. 6.
- on bills of exchange, sec. 7. ,,
- on instrument reserving interest, sec. 9. ,,
- where value of subject-matter is indeterminate, 33
- sec. 11. ,,
- on bond, promissory note, or mortgage-deed, for payment of annuity, sec. 12. on several instruments used in a single transac-
- 33 tion, sec. 13.
- on instruments coming within two or more of 23 the definitions, sec. 14.

instruments exempt from, sec. 15. See Appeal, Certificate, Reference.

Employment .- See Agreement.

Endorsement of certificate by Civil Court, sec. 20.

Endorsement by Civil Court of payment, sec. 21. ,, of certificate by Collector, secs. 24, 25, 39.

- on counterpart, schedule II, No. 16.
- See Notarial Act, Receipt, Transfer.

Engagement to issue policy, exempt, sec.15, clause (16). Entry .- See Notarial Act.

Error in writing on stamped paper, sec. 46.

Evidence, instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in, sec. 18.

- except in criminal proceedings, ib., 33 clause (b).
- or in saits where consideration is ,, ,, not stated, sec. 47.
- in criminal proceedings, sec. 19. as to amount of duty leviable on an instru-ment, secs. 20, 24 (d), 39. instrument certified by Civil Court re-...
- ... ceivable in, sec. 20.
- instrument certified by Collector receivable in, secs. 24, 39. ,,

Exchange of immoveables, person to pay duty on, sec. G.

		where money is paid for
	-	equality, stamp on, sche- dule I, No. 18.
1	-	where no money is paid for

equality, stamp on, schedule II, No. 38.

Exemptions from stamp duty, sec. 15.

Extension .- See Petition.

Extent of Act, sec. 1.

,,

.

Extract, stamp on attested, schedule I, No. 23.

Fee for decision of doubt as to proper stamp, sec. 39. Fine for executing, &c., instrument not duly stamped, sec. 29.

- for presenting, &c., unstamped foreign bill, sec. 30. ,,
- on holder not cancelling adhesive stamp, sec. 31. ,,
- for not drawing full number of set, sec. 32. ,,

on executant not cancelling adhesive stamp, sec. 33.

,, for not stating consideration, sec. 34.

,, on attorney, &c. not stating consideration, sec. 35. how recovered, sec. 37.

Fire-policy, transfer by endorsement of, exempt, sec. 15, clause (4).

Firm, penalties on, secs. 26, 29, 30, 31, 32.

recovery of fines from, sec. 37

Foreign bills, stamp on, secs. 5, 7, 8. ,, cancelling, stamp on, sec. 31.

Foreign currency, duty where consideration or amount is expressed in, sec. 10.

Francs.-See Foreign Currency.

Further charge, stamp on instrument of, where possession is not given, schedule I, No. 11.

where possession is given, schedule I, No. 17. 33

Gift of immoveables, stamp on instrument of, schedule II, No. 37.

Goods .- See Agreement, Memorandum.

Government, exemption of transfers of securities of, sec. 15, clause (6).

- bond to, for due performance of office, ib., ,, clause (7.)
- instruments executed by or on behalf of, sec. 15, clause (15).

Government Security .- See Agreement, Memorandum. Governor General in Council may make rules as to denoting stamps, sec. 5, clause (b).

may lower rates of stamp ,, ,, duty, sec. 15. to approve rules for sale ,, 33 of stamps, sec. 48.

High Court, reference to, by chief controlling Revenue

Authority, sec. 41. Hire.—Sec Agreement. Hundi included in ' Bill of Exchange,' sec. 3, clause (3).

Hypothecation .- See Letter of Hypothecation.

Impounding unstamped instruments produced in Court, sec. 22.

sec. 22. in public office, sec. 23. 'Impressed' defined, sec. 3, clause (14). stamp, sec. 5, clause (b).

- - employment of single, sec. 49.

Imprisonment of stamp vendor, sec. 48.

- Inadvertence, omission to stamp by, sec. 24, clause (b). Inám lands (Madras and Bombay), exemption of re-ceipts to cultivators for rent of, sec. 15, clause (1).
- Indemnity-bond, stamp on, schedule I, No. 9. person to pay stamp on, sec. 6.
- Indexes to vernacular versions of Act, sec. 51.
- Informer, reward to, sec. 38. Injury to instrument sent to Collector, sec. 23.
- Interest, duty on instrument reserving, sec. 9.
 - exemption of receipt for, sec. 15, clause (3).
 - stamp on assignment of, secured by bond or

mortgage-deed, schedule I, No. 13.

- Interpretation clause, sec. 3.
- Judgment of High Court on case referred by Revenue Authority, sec. 41.
- Judicial stamps, saving of, sec. 17. Jurisdiction.—See Collector, Chief Controlling Revenue Authority, Magistrate.
- Justices of the Peace, stamp on proxy to vote at meet-ing of, schedule II, No. 8.

Kabúlivát included in 'counterpart,' sec. 3, clause (12).

- 'Lease' defined, sec. 3, clause (15). ,, person to pay duty on, sec. 6.

 - to ryot when exempt from duty, sec. 15, clause ,, (9).
 - stamp on, schedule I, No. 19.
 - See Surrender.

Letter of allotment of share, sec. 15, clause (2).

Letter of cover or engagement to issue policy, exempt, sec. 15, clause (16). Letter of credit' defined, sec. 3, clause (16).

- , stamp on, schedule II, No. 2. Letter of hypothecation accompanying bill of exchange, exempt, sec. 15, clause (5). 'Letter of license' defined, sec. 3, clause (17).

stamp on, schedule II, No. 29.

Letters to prove agreement, stamp on one, schedule II, No. (11).

Local Government may authorize persons to institute prosecutions, sec. 43.

- to make rules for sale of stamps, sec. 48.
- to cause Act and schedules to be translated and indexed, sec. 51.
- Loss of instrument sent to Collector, sec. 23.

Magistrate may issue warrants for levy of fines on firms, sec. 37.

- may reward informers, sec. 38.
- jurisdiction of, sec. 44.

22

,,

11

- Marine policy, transfer by endorsement of, exempt from duty, sec. 15, clause (4).
 - fine for not drawing full number of set, ,, sec. 32.

See Policy.

Meeting .- See Proxy.

Memorandum of agreement for sale of goods, exempt

- sec. 15, clause (8). for sale of Government security, share or bill, stamp on, schedule II, No. 3.
- of balance of account or acknowledge-,,
- ment, stamp on, schedule II, No. 5.
- not otherwise provided for, stamp on, schedule II, No. 11. ,,
- of Association, stamp on, schedule II, No. 34. "

ferred, schedule I, No. 10.

Merchandise .- See Agreement, Memorandum.

- Mistake, omission to stamp through, sec. 24, clause (b).
- ' Mortgage-deed ' defined, sec. 3, clause (18). person to pay duty on, sec. 6. stamp on, where possession not trans-

· · · ·	89 ddd
Mortgage-deed, stamp on, where possession is trans-	Petition to R
ferred, schedule I, No. 16.	Se
" for due execution of an office, stamp	" for l
on, schedule I, No. 12.	ter
,, as a collateral security, stamp on, sche-	Pleader not
dule II, No. 20.	sec. 35.
See Conveyance, Morgage-money.	PledgeSee
Mortgage-money to be deemed purchase-money, sec.	' Policy of In
34 (b). Mukhtár not stating true consideration, penalty on,	"
sec. 35.	>>
Municipal Commissioners, stamp on proxy to vote at	and the second second
meetings of, schedule 11, No. 8.	
'Negotiable instrument ' defined, sec. 3, clause (19).	,,
exemption of transfer her and and	>>
ment of, sec. 15, clause (4).	
,, never brought into use, sec. 46.	,,
See Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note.	Pounds curre
'Notarial act' defined, sec 3, clause (20).	rency.
" stamp on, schedule II, No. 23.	PowerSee
Note evidencing balance on acknowledgment, stamp on,	' Power of at
schedule II, No. 5.	,,
See Notarial Act.	
Notice of protest of master of a ship, stamp on, sche-	31
dule 11, No. 12.	
Office, bond to Government for due performance of	"
duties of, exempt, sec. 15, clause (17).	Power to stan
,, bond for due performance of duties of, stamp on,	sec. 26.
schedule I, No. 12.	Price of verna
See Impounding, Refusal.	Principal inst
Optional stamp, sec. 11.	· Promissory]
Order for payment on demand, stamp on, schedule II,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
No. 1.))
' Paper' defined, sec. 3, clause (21).	
" stamps impressed or otherwise denoted on,	Aller and star
sec. 50 clause (b).	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
" not bearing proper stamp, sees. 20, 22, 24, 39.	
" for receipt, sec. 27.	"
" refund for spoiled or useless stamped, sec.	See .
45.	' Property', se
' Partition-deed ' defined, sec. 3, clause (22).	rioperty, se
" persons to pay duty on, sec. 6.	
" stamp on, when money is paid for	" with
equality of partition,	S
schedule I, No. 18.	
", where no such money is	Prosecution of
paid, schedule II, No. 39. Partnership.—See Co-partnership, Dissolution.	
PatentSee Petition.	
Payments by Civil Court to Collector, sec. 21.	,, ii
Penalty on unstamped or insufficiently stamped instru-	' Protest' defin
monte produced in Civil Court and 20	" of b

- validity of instrument for which Collector levies, sec. 25. for issuing bill, &c., unstamped, sec. 26. for executing instrument not duly stamped, ,,
- ...
- ... sec. 29.
- for presenting or negotiating unstamped bills, ., sec. 30.
- on holder of foreign bill refusing or neglecting 33 to cancel stamp on bill, sec. 31.
- for not drawing full number of set of bills or marine policies, sec. 32.
- for not cancelling adhesive stamp, sec. 33. ,,
- for not stating consideration, sec. 34. 23
- on attorney, &c., not inserting true considera-tion, sec. 35. ...
- power to remit, secs. 24, 42. on stamp-vendors disobeying rules, sec. 48.

See Abetment, Fine, Magistrate, Prosecution. Pension .- See Affidavit.

- Periodical payment, duty on bond, &c., for payment of, sec. 12.
 - duty on conveyance where con-,, 23 sideration is a, ib.
 - exemption of receipt for, sec. 15, ,, ,, clause (3).

evenue Authority for remission of penalty, c. 42.

eave to file specification or for extension of m, stamp on, schedule II, No. 40. stating true consideration, penalty on,

Mortgage-deed. surance' defined, sec. 3, clause (23).

,,	,,	person to pay duty on, sec. G.
"	"	exemption of transfer by endorse- ment of marine or fire, sec. 15, clause (4).
"	"	exemption of engagement to issue, sec. 15, clause (16).
"	"	penalty for not drawing full num- ber of set of marine, sec. 32.
		stamp on schedule I No 3

որ ney, Pounds sterling .- See Foreign Cur-

- Appointment. torney' defined, sec. 3, clause (24).
- ", to present for registration, stamp on, schedule II, No. 13. for performance of single act, stamp
- on, schedule II, Nos. 18, 19. not otherwise provided for, stamp on, schedule II, No. 32. ,,
- p instruments chargeable with one anna,
- cular versions of Act, sec. 51.
- rument, stamping, sec. 13. Note ' defined, sec. 3, clause (25).
- person to pay duty on, sec. 6. brought to Collector on unstamped on insufficiently stamped paper, sec. 39.
 - payable otherwise than on demand,

- stamp on, schedule I, No. 2.
- payable on demand, stamp on, sche-dule II, No. 1.
- Negotiable Instrument, Protest. cc. 3, clauses (10), (11), (15), (13), (22), (30), (32), sec. 6, defined, sec. 3, clause
- (26).
 - in British India, instruments relating to, ec. 3, clause (2).

- See Conveyance, Settlement. ciently stamped instruments, secs. 22 and 24, clause (a).
 - stitution and conduct of, sec. 43.
- ned, sec. 3, clause (27).
- ill or note, stamp on, schedule 11, No. 24.
- Protest of the master of a ship' defined, sec. 3, clause (28). ,,
- stamp on, schedule 11, No. 25. Proxy' defined, sec. 3, clause (29)
- ,, stamp ou, schedule II, No. 8. Public Officer.—See Impounding. Public Officer.—See Collector, Copy.

- Receipt to ryot for rent of revenue-paying land, exempt from duty, sec. 15, clause (1). for money deposited in bank to be accounted
 - ,, for, when exempt, ib., clause (2). for sums paid for letters of allotment or on
 - ,, calls, ib.
 - endorsed on or contained in duly stamped in-,, strument, exempt, ib., clause (3). by or on behalf of Government, exempt, ib.
 - ,, clause 15.
 - procedure where payce refuses, sec. 27. ,,,
 - for money exceeding twenty rupees, stamp on schedule II, No. 7. ,,
 - See Inim lands.
- Re-conveyance of mortgaged property, stamp on, schedule II, No. 27.

Reference to High Court, sec. 41. ,, back to Revenue Authority, ib., (c).

Refund in case of useless or spoiled stamped paper, sec. 45.

Refusal to give receipt, sec. 27, clause (6)

- of party whose signature is required to writing ... on stamped paper, sec. 46. of office or trust granted by writing on stamped
- paper, (i6).
- Registering officer not to register instruments not duly stamped, sec. 17.
 - to impound unstamped instrument, and send it to Collector, sec. 23.
- Registration of penalties levied by Civil Courts on unstamped instruments, sec. 21.
 - of instrument afterwards endorsed by Col-.....
- Release' defined, sec. 3, clause (30). , stamp on, schedale II, No. 30.
- Remission of penalty by Collector, sec. 24, clause (b). , of penalties by chief controlling Revenue Authority, sec. 42.
- Remuneration of stamp-vendors, sec. 48.
- Repeal of cnactments, sec. 2, and schedule III. 'Respondentia-bond' defined, sec. 3, clause (31).

- ...
- person to pay duty on, sec. 6. stamp on, schedule I. No. 7. ", stamp on, schedule I. No. 7. Return to Collector of money received by Civil Court
- under Stamp Act, sec. 21. Revision of Collector's certificates and orders, sec. 40.
- Reward to informer, sec. 38. Rules for denoting stamps, sec. 5, clause (b).
- " for sale of stamps, sec. 48. Ryot.—See Counterpart, Cultivators, Lease, Receipt, Surrender.
- Sale of stamps and stamped paper, sec. 48. See Consideration, Conveyance.

Scrip .- See Calls, Certificate.

Secondary instruments, stamp on, sec. 13. Securities of Government of India, exemption of transfers of, sec. 15, clause (6). Service.—See Agreement.

- Set of bills or marine-policies, penalty for not drawing whole number of, sec. 32.
 'Settlement' defined, sec. 3, clause (32).
 , person to pay duty on, sec. 6.
 , stamp on, schedule I, No. 14.

Several stamped papers, employment of, sec. 50. Share.--See Agreement, Calls, Certificate, Letter of di-lotment, Memorandum, Transfer. Ship.--See Charter party, Protest of Master. Shipping-order, stamp on, schedule II, No. 6.

- Short title, sec. 1.

Single impressed stamp, employment of, sec. 49. Specification.-See Petition.

- Stamped papers, refund for useless or spoiled, sec. 45.
 - what shall be held to be spoiled, sec. 45. rules for sale of, sec. 48. 33
 - 33
 - employment of several, sec. 50. See Paper. 33
- Stamp-sellers, remuneration of, sec. 48.
- " penalty on, ib. Stock.-See Certificate.
- Subordinate Magistrate of first class, jurisdiction of, sec. 44.
- Suit where consideration is not stated, sec. 47.
- Superintendent of Stamps may denote stamp duty,
- sec. 5.
- Surrender of land by ryot, exempt, sec. 15, clause (11). ,, of lease, stamp on, schedule I. No. 20.
- of fease, stamp on, schedule 1. No. 20.
 person to pay stamp on, sec. 6.
 Transfer by endorsement of negotiable instrument or policy, sec. 15, clause (4).
 of share, person to pay duty on, sec. 6.
 stamp on, schedule J, No. 4.
 of securities of Government of India exempt

 - from duty, sec. 15, clause 6.
- Translations of Act, sec. 51
- Trust.-See Declaration, Refusal.
- Tug-steamer .--- See Agreement.
- Urgent necessity, omission to stamp through, sec. 24, clause (b).
- Use .- See Declaration.
- Vakil, exemption of copies made for, sec. 15, clause (14). not stating true consideration, sec. 35.

Valuation, stamp on, schedule I, No. 21.

- ", person to pay stamp on, sec. 6. Warrant for levy of fine on firm, sec. 37.

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