

THE



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NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Byculla.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

CONTENTS.

Government Notifications to the Public.

From the Revenue Department ..	1975
From the Financial Department ..	1976
From the Judicial Department ..	1977
From the Marine Department ..	1978
Sindhee translation of Notification about Debiture Loans	1980

NOTIFICATIONS—

By the Commissioner of Customs.	1983
By the Revenue and Police Com- missioner N. D. and S. D.	1983
By the Commissioner in Sind....	1983

General Orders by H. E. the Governor in Council.

Military Department	1984
Civil Appointments, &c.....	1988

Miscellaneous Notices, Advertisements, &c.

Summary of Deaths and Births in Bombay.....	1990
List of Insolvents	1991
Notice from Insolvent Court ...	1995
Maps for Sale	1996
Notice about Third Session of Oyer and Terminer	1997
Statement of Silver Balance in the Mint	1998
Passage required	1998
David Sassoon Reformatory In- stitution	1998
Opium Memorandum	1999
Statement of Deposits in Presi- dency Pay Office	1999
Price Current of Articles in Dhoolia	2000
Auction Sales.....	2000, 2001
Statement of Affairs Bank of Bombay	2001
Notice from Bank of Bombay ..	2002
Notice from Commissioner of Paper Currency	2002
Currency Notes lost.....	2002
Private Advertisements	2002

Notifications.

By the Accountant General.....	2005
By the High Court of Judicature .	2005
By the Revenue and Police Com- missioner N. D.....	2005
By the Commissioner in Sind....	2005
By the Acting Judge of the Sudder Court in Sind	2006
By Principal Inspector General, Medical Department	2006
Post Office Notifications	2007

Supplements.

Traffic Statements.	
Commissariat Notices (See separate File).	
Bombay Act No. I. (See separate File)	
Bills of the Government of India (See separate File).	

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS TO THE PUBLIC.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Under Section 6 of Act XX. of 1866, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that the Sub-District of Hydrabad, in the District of Hydrabad in Sind, comprises the City and Talooka of Hydrabad.

By order,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1867.

1976

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The following letter from the Acting Cotton Commissioner, Bombay, is published for general information:—

No. 796 OF 1867.

From W. WALTON, Esq.,

Acting Cotton Commissioner, Dharwar,

To the Honorable M. J. M. SHAW STEWART,

Chief Secretary, Her Majesty's Government, Bombay.

Dharwar, 1st June 1867.

SIR,—Referring to orders of Government in the Revenue Department, No. 633, dated 15th February last, I have the honour to report for the information of Government that in February last, I forwarded to the Cotton Supply Association in Manchester, through their Bombay Honorary Agents, Messrs. Peel, Casels, and Co., a fair average sample from the crop of Peruvian Cotton grown by me in Dharwar during the season 1866-67.

2. The Association through the same channel has favoured me with the following opinion and valuation:—
“Bright, clean, staple coarse, fair length, and strong, worth from 12½d. to 12¾d. per lb.”

In order to allow of a fair comparison with other Cottons, the Association adds, “the value of Middling Orleans at same date (April 24th) was 10½d. per lb.; Middling Saw-Ginned Dharwar 10½d., Oomrawuttee 9d., Dhollerah 9d., Peruvian 11d., and Egyptian 12½d.”

Under date the 26th April last, Mr. Watts, the Secretary of the Cotton Supply Association, informs me that he “has written to Peru for a quantity, which will be available for next year.” The Association wish to send the stock out to Bombay, and I would respectfully suggest that requisitions for supplies be at once invited and registered.

With this view, and to encourage experiments with Peruvian Cotton, I would beg leave to suggest that if Government see proper, this Report and the orders upon it be circulated for general information.

I may add that all the acclimatized Peruvian seed available (both from the Dharwar Jail and my own experiments) has been distributed to applicants this season, as well as all the Exotic seed of the description that could be got hold of; the supply unfortunately falls far short of the demand; the requisitionists include many private individuals in addition to public officers, and the Indents are far in excess of any previous season. The full particulars will be submitted in due course, with my annual report on the distribution of Cotton Seeds.

I have the honour to be, &c.,

(Signed) W. WALTON,

Acting Cotton Commissioner.

By order,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 10th June 1867.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, to the address of the Accountant General of Bengal:—

“No. 197.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.—FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Pensions and Gratuities.

To the ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, Bengal.

Simla, the 23rd May 1867.

SIR,—In reply to your letter dated 10th April 1867, No. 67, I am directed to state that when an Un-covenanted Servant pensioned on reduction of establishment, is subsequently re-employed on a permanent establishment, there can be no objection to his former service being allowed to count towards a higher pension, and that a refund of the pension drawn by him in the interval between the two periods of service, is not necessary. This, of course, does not affect the present rule requiring the refund of gratuity in a similar case.

I have the honour to be, &c.,

(Signed) E. H. LUSHINGTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.”

By order,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 7th June 1867.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The following Notifications by the Government of India are republished for general information:—

"The 31st May 1867.

No. 521.

The following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, in March 1867, is published for general information:—

	CALCUTTA.			MADRAS.			BOMBAY.		
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined and examined during the month, valued in Rupees.
	Govt.	Merchants.		Govt.	Merchants.		Govt.	Merchants.	
1867.									
In March	23,672	19,79,180	27,89,923	..	14,973	..	7,945	23,850	99,974

No. 552.

In continuation of Notification No. 2169, dated the 18th April 1867, the following Statement of Cash Balances, as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India, at the close of the month of March last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information:—

	MARCH, 1865.	MARCH, 1866.	MARCH, 1867.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government of India	1,22,79,877	1,79,33,009	42,42,432
Bengal	2,34,03,738	1,92,82,193	2,11,57,016
British Burmah	31,27,847	27,00,641	24,51,861
North-Western Provinces	2,24,89,080	1,74,02,064	1,54,78,698
Oudh		35,18,995	34,29,108
Punjab	1,33,84,103	1,03,90,178	97,40,746
Bombay	2,04,22,786	3,83,39,109	2,32,01,987
Central Provinces	40,41,105	38,36,701	40,31,836
Deccan	38,11,831	53,88,552	44,58,088
Madras	2,30,26,915	2,58,22,067	2,50,95,860
Total Rupees ..	12,64,87,287	14,46,13,509	11,32,87,632

Published by order of the Governor General in Council,

(Signed) E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1867.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

With reference to the Notification of 5th November 1866, published at page 1724 of the *Government Gazette* of 8th idem, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, under the provisions of (Bombay) Act No. III. of 1866, Section I. clause 1, to direct that (Bombay) Act No. III. of 1866, "An Act for the prevention of Gambling in certain places in the Presidency of Bombay," shall from the date of the publication of this notification apply and be in force in the cities and towns hereinafter specified, that is to say, in—

Ahmednuggur, including the limits of the Cantonment.

Belgaum, including the limits of the Cantonment.

Sattara, including the limits of the Military Station.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 11th June 1867.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Pursuant to the provisions of the XXI. Section of (Bombay) Act XII. of 1866, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased hereby to order that so much of the 1st Section of (Bombay) Act XII. of 1866, as refers to the constitution of the Sudder Court in the Province of Sind, as the highest Court of Appeal in Civil matters in the said Province, within the meaning of the Code of Civil Procedure, be from the date of this Notification, extended to that portion of the Province of Sind which is now in charge of the Political Superintendent of Thurr and Parkur.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,

Bombay Castle, 11th June 1867.

Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Referring to Notification of 22nd May 1863, published in the *Government Gazette* of the 4th June 1863, page 1063, authorizing the yearly levy, as Registry fee, of a tonnage rate of 4 pies per maund of 80 lbs. on every vessel plying on the River Indus and its tidal channels within the Province of Sind, His Excellency in Council is pleased to direct that the fee on Steamers be raised to ten (10) pies per maund of 80 lbs.

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel,

Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1867.

जाहीरनामा.

रेविन्यू डिपार्टमेंट.

हिंदुस्थानचा नोंदण्याचा आक्ट द्याणून सन १८६६ चा २० वा आक्ट आहे त्यातील ८० वे कलमा अन्वये रजिस्ट्रार जनरल यांणी खाली लिहिलेला अणखी नियम तयार केला आहे तो बंदेगान आलीनवाब मुस्तताब हजरत रैट आनरबल गवरनर साहेब बाहादुर दर इजलास कौन्सिल यांणी मंजूर केल्यावरून सर्व लोकांस जाहीर होण्यासाठी प्रसिद्ध केला असे.

जो लेख नोंदण्यास घेतला असेल त्या लेखावर ६६ वे व ६७ वे व ६८ वे कलमांत सांगितलेले शेर व सर्टिफिकेट लिहिण्या पुरती कोरी जागा असली पाहिजे. साधारण प्रसंगी ६ इंच लांब व ५ इंच रुंद कोरी जागा असली द्याणजे पुरे. परंतु लेख लिहून देणारे पक्षकार पुष्कळ असतील तेव्हा त्या मानाने जितकी जागा लागेल तितकी जागा कोरी ठेवावी. नोंदणारे अमलदारांनी सर्व शेर व सर्टिफिकेट लेखावरच लिहावे. आणि ज्या लेखावर सदरील शेर वगैरे लिहिण्या पुरती कोरी जागा नसेल तो लेख नोंदण्यास नाकबूल करण्यास त्यांस अधिकार आहे.

बमुजबे हुकूम बंदेगान आलीनवाब मुस्तताब हजरत रैट

आनरबल गवरनर साहेब बाहादुर दर इजलास कौन्सिल

मैकल जान् म्याक्सवेल या स्टुअर्ट साहेब बाहादुर,

आर्किंग चीफ सेक्रेटरी निसबत सरकार यांची सही.

मुकाम जंजिरे मुंबई,

तारीख ४ थो जून सन १८६७.

(True translation.)

VENAYEK WASSOODEW,

Oriental Translator to Government.

જાહેરનામું.

રેવેન્યુ ડિપાર્ટમેન્ટ.

હિંદુસ્તાનનો નોંધવાનો આક્ટ એ નામનો સન ૧૮૬૬ નો ૨૦ મો આક્ટ છે તેની ૮૦ મી કલમ પ્રમાણે રજિસ્ટર જનરલ હેઠળ લખેલા વળી ખાલી મિયમ તૈયાર કર્યો તે બંદેગાન અલીનવાબ મુસ્તતાબ હજરત રૈટ આનરબલ ગવરનર સાહેબ બાહાદુર દર ઇજલાસ કૌન્સિલ મંજૂર કર્યો તે સધળા લોકોને જાહેર થવા સાથે છપાવીને પ્રસિદ્ધ કર્યો છે.

જો લખ નોંધવા સાથે લીધો હોય તે લખ ઉપર ૬૬ મી ૬૭ મી અને ૬૮ મી કલમમાં કહેલા શેરા તથા સર્ટીફિકેટ એટલે લખવા લખાય તેટલી કોરી જગ્યા જોઈએ. સાધારણ પ્રસંગે ૬ ઇંચ લાંબી અને ૫ ઇંચ પહોળી કોરી જગ્યા હશે એટલે

پڌر نامون

فيڊنشنل ڊيپارٽمينٽ

مقام جزيرو بمبئي تاريخ ۱۸ مھينو اپريل سنه ۱۸۶۷

هيٺون لکيل تاريخ ۱۱ مھني اپريل سنه ۱۸۶۷ نمبر ۲۰۱۰ وارو هنڌ جي سرڪار جو پڌر نامون سڏي

ماڻھن جي سڏ ۽ وري ڇا پائي پڌرو ٿو ڪجي

پڌر نامون

فيڊنشنل ڊيپارٽمينٽ

مقام ڪلڪته تاريخ ۱۱ مھينو اپريل سنه ۱۸۶۷

نمبر ۲۰۱۰

جئن ته منبئي ۾ بمبئي ماڻھن جي سڏاري ڪيترن ڪن ۽ هنڌ جي ڪيترن ڀاڱن ۾ پاڻي ڏٺو جا ڪي ڪم سرڪار جي منظورئي سان ڪرڻ ۽ ذمه ڪيا ويا آهن تن ڪن جي ڪرڻ ۽ پئيسن جي ٽچويز ڪرڻ مناسب آهي تهڪري جناب نواب مستطاب معلی القاب حضرت رٽ آئربل گورنر جنرل صاحب بهادر در اجلاس ڪونسل ٺهراو ڪيلو آهي ته مٿي ڪم ۽ ڏند ڪروڙ رپين جا ۵ ڊينچر جاري ڪجن تن تي وياج ورهيه ورهيه ۾ پنج ربي سوجي حساب ملندو ۽ اٺون جا پورا پئسا هيني لکي وانگر ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا يعني :-

تاريخ پھري مھني جون سنه ۱۸۶۷ کان وٺي پنجن ۵ ورهين پوري ڏيڻ کان پوءِ ۴۰ (چاليهه) لک

تاريخ پھري مھني جون سنه ۱۸۶۷ کان وٺي ڏهن ۱۰ ورهين پوري ڏيڻ کان پوءِ ۵۰ (پنجاھ) لک

تاريخ پھري مھني جون سنه ۱۸۶۷ کان وٺي پنڌرن ۱۵ ورهين پوري ڏيڻ کان پوءِ ۶۰ (ست) لک

تهڪري هيٺيان لکيل سڀئي دستاويز يا منچيون ڪيترا دستاويز پيسن جي عيوض ۾ لکائي وٺڻ جي ڄاڻي مرضي هجي ٽچي درخواست کان وٺي ايندڙ مي مھني جي (۲۰) وهي تاريخ جي سانچي تان ڪلڪتي ۾ فيڊنشنل سرڪري صاحب جي آفيس ۾ وٺڻ ۾ ايندي - يعني :-

(۴۰) چالوي لکي رپي جا ڊينچر - تن جو وياج ورهيه ۾ سوت ۾ پنج رپي جي حساب ڇپي ڇپي

مھني ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو ۽ تن جا پورا پئسا تاريخ پھري مھني جون سنه ۱۸۷۲ جي موٽائي ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا

(۵۰) پنجاھ لکي رپي جا ڊينچر - تن جو وياج ورهيه ۾ سوت ۾ پنج رپي جي حساب ڇپي ڇپي

مھني ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو ۽ تن جا پورا پئسا تاريخ پھري مھني جون سنه ۱۸۷۷ جي موٽائي ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا

(۶۰) ست لکي رپي جا ڊينچر - تن جو وياج ورهيه ۾ سوت ۾ پنج رپي جي حساب ڇپي ڇپي

مھني ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو ۽ تن جا پورا پئسا تاريخ پھري مھني جون سنه ۱۸۸۲ جي موٽائي ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا

جور ۱۵۰۰۰۰۰ (هڪ ڪروڙ پنجاھ لک) رپيا

ڊينچرن جي پٽ تي شرح لکي آهو ڊينچر جهڙي نالي وٺي تهجي نالي ڪري ڏيڻ جو اختيار مالڪ کي آهي - ڊينچرن جو وياج تاريخ پھري مھني جون سنه ۱۸۶۷ کان وٺي هلندو - آهو وياج - جنه تاريخ آهي ڊينچر جا مور جا رپيا ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا ته تاريخ تان ڇپي ڇپي مھني ڊسمبر مھني جي پھرين تاريخ ۽ جون مھني جي پھرين تاريخ ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو درخواست جي منظور ٿيڻ کان پوءِ جي ڊينچر ڪلڪتي ۾ پوزيڊنسي جي ماڻھن کي ڪري ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا ٽچو وياج ڪلڪتي جي جنرل ٽورزي منچان ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو ۽ جي ڊينچر مدراس پوزيڊنسي جي ماڻھن کي ڪري ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا ٽچو وياج مدراس جي جنرل ٽورزي منچان ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو ۽ جي ڊينچر ممبئي پوزيڊنسي جي ماڻھن کي ڪري ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا ٽچو وياج ممبئي جي جنرل ٽورزي منچان ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو -

* ڊينچر قبض جو قسم - جهڪري ڪا ڪڍي پئسا آڌار وٺي

جن وٽ اهي ڊيپنچر هُجن ٽنڪي سرڪاري محصول يا ڀل يا خراج بابت سرڪار ۾ پيسا پرتا هُجن ۽ اُهو اهي ڊيپنچر هُند ۾ ڪنھ سرڪاري خزاني منجهه ڏيندا ته وٺا ۽ اُنهن ڊيپنچرن يا ڊيپنچر جا موڙ جا پيسا ۽ جو وڄ چڙهيون هُوندو سو سرڪار جي لهُڻي ۾ انڪي مڃرا ملندو انهي طرح سرڪار جي محصول جي پڙي ڊيپنچرواڻن ۾ ايندا اُهي ڊيپنچر — جنھ تاريخ کان وٺي هلندا تنھ تاريخ کان وٺي سيڪھ ورهيه جي پوين ۾ مھن ۾ ڏيڻ ۽ چوندا ته اُهي وٺڻ ۾ ايندا — هنن ڊيپنچرن جي مالڪن جي مرضي هوندي ته اُنهن کي پڇاڻن ڊيپنچرن جي وڃاڇ جي عيوض ۾ گورنمينٽ لونس جي وڃاڇ ڏيڻ بابت جي قانون ۽ قاعدا هاڻي جاري آهن يا هڪان پوءِ جاري ٿيندا تن قانونن ۽ قاعدن موجب بنگال بئانڪ منجهه ۽ مدراس بئانڪ منجهه ۽ ممبئي بئانڪ منجهه جنرل آئزري ٽي در سني هُندي لڏن شهر ۾ جا انڊيا آفيس اُهي اُتان ملندي —

هيني لکيل نموني موجب ڊيپنچرن جي ملڻ بابت درخواست ڪرڻ گهرجن ۽ اُنهن تي فينلشڊل سڪريٽري آئزري بلڊينگ مقام ڪلڪته اهڙو سرنامو لکڻ گهرجي ۽ ٻن مھريٽيلن لقائن ۾ درخواست موڪلڻ ڪپڻ ۽ ٽنهي ٻاهران هلائين پالين منجهان هڪڙي ڳال اکڻ گهرجي

جن ڊيپنچرن جا پيسا پنجن ورهين جي مڏت کان پوءِ ملندا تن بابت درخواست

جن ڊيپنچر جا پيسا ڏهن ۱۰ ورهين جي مڏت کان پوءِ ملندا تن بابت درخواست

جن ڊيپنچرن جا پيسا پندرهن ۱۵ ورهين جي مڏت کان پوءِ ملندا تن بابت درخواست

جي درخواست آي هوندي سي اينڊ سي مهني جي تاريخ (۲۱) ايڪٽي ڪنٽرولر جنرل آف اڪائونٽس صاحب — يا سرڪار جنھ ٻئي عملدار کي مقرر ڪندي سوکولي پڙهندو

جن جي درخواست قبول ڪرڻ ۾ ايندي ٽنڪي اُنهن جا سڀ پيسا سنه ۱۸۶۷ ۾ جون مهني جي تاريخ پوري ڪلڪتي جي يا مدراس جي يا ممبئي جي خزاني ۾ ڏيڻ گهرجن

پيسن ڏيڻ کان پوءِ بئانڪن منجهان سڪرپ رسيد ملندي سڀ پيسا ملي رهڻ کان پوءِ اُهي رسيد سٽ موني وٺي وٺي ڊيپنچر ڪري ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا

برابر پورو هڪ هزار ۽ ۲ هزار ۽ ۳ هزار اُنهي موجب ڏهن هزارن رپين ۽ ڊيپنچر هيني لکلي نموني وانگر ڪري ڏيڻ ۾ ايندا ۽ اُنهن تي سنه ۱۸۶۷ جي جون مهني جي تاريخ پوري لکڻ ۾ ايندي

جن درخواستن ۾ ڊيپنچرن جو اگهه وڌيڪ ڏيڻ ۽ لکيو هوندو سي پوريا ۽ قبول ڪرڻ ۾ ايندي — جن در خواستن ۾ ڊيپنچرن جو اگهه ٿوري کان ٿورو وڪڻڻ مقرر رقم کان گهٽ لکيو هوندو سي در خواست نامنظور ڪرڻ ۾ ايندي اهو ٿوري کان ٿورو اگهه ڪاغذ تي لکي اهو ڪاغذ مهربند لقاني ۾ وجهي رکبو ۽ اهو لقانو در خواستن جي کولڻ وقت پڻبو — جيڪڏهن به يا وڌيڪ ماڻهو هڪجيٽري اگهه ڪن رقم جي ملڻ ۽ درخواست ڪندا ۽ اوترين در خواستن جي پوري ڪرڻ ۽ رقم بس نه هوندي ته اُنهن کي گهٽ رقم قبول ڪرڻ گهرجن ۽ اُهي اُنهن کي سندن درخواستن ۾ لکيلن اگهن موجب واپس ڏيڻ ۾ ايندي

قبول ڪيلن درخواستن جي ياداشت ايندڙ مهني جي (۲۰) رهي تاريخ کان پوءِ سٽ بنگال جي مدراس جي ۽ ممبئي جي بئانڪن منجهه جنرل آئزري ۾ لڳائي ڇڏي —

(مذبح) اي ايچر ليشينگٽن صاحب بهادر

سڪريٽري سرڪار هند

۽ سڪرپ — ڪنھ ڪهڻي کي ٿوري جي پيسن ڏيڻ بابت سرٽيفڪٽ

درخواست جو نمونو

خدمت ۾ جناب سڪريٽري صاحب بهادر سرڪار هند جي

فيڊنشنل ڊيپارٽمينٽ

مقام ڪاڪٽه

عرض هي آهي ته
 شرطن موجب سرڪار تاريخ پوري مهيني جون سنه ۱۸۶۷ کان وٺي
 تن ڊينچرن بابت في سو رپئي جي اگهه آءِ
 جيڪڏهن مهيني درخواست قبول ٿيندي ته اها رقم آءِ
 اندر ڏيندس
 لکن رپين جي جن ڊينچرن جا پليسا تاريخ ۱۱ مهيني اپريل جي پندر نامي جي
 ورهين کان پوءِ ڏيڻ واري آهي
 رپيا ڏيڻ لاءِ تيار آهيڻ —
 جي بيانڪ ۾ مقرر ڪيل تاريخ جي

(مسيح) الف بي

رهڻ جي جائزيءَ درخواست جي تاريخ لکي

ڊينچر جو نمونو

هند جي سرڪار جو ڊينچر

رپيا ۱۰۰۰

هن ڊينچر جي تاريخ کان وٺي پنجن ورهين پوري ڏيڻ کان پوءِ بنگال * بيانڪ جي ملڪه معظمه جي جنرل ٽروري

منجهان هڪ هزار رپين جي گهرڻ جو هن ڊينچر موجب

* ڏهه ورهيه يا پنڌره ورهيه
 يا ممبئي يا مدراس

جرحق آهي يا اوچهنجي نالي هي ڊينچر ڪري ڏيندو ته جيحق آهي —

هن ڊينچر جو وياج ورهيه ورهيه ۾ پنج رپئي سو جي حساب ڇهي ڇهي مهيني ڪلڪتي جي يا ممبئي جي يا مدراس

جي جنرل ٽروري منجهان ڏيڻ ۾ ايندو

سرڪاري محصول بادل يا خراج بابت جي پليسا پورٽا هجن تڏهي پيئي هي ڊينچر هند جي سرڪاري سپڪه

خزاني ۾ ڏبو ته وٺڻ ۾ ايندو هڪڙي هزار رپين جي رقم ۽ وياج جو چتر هي هوندو سو — انهي کاتي مچرا ملندو

آني وانگر هي ڊينچر تاريخ پوري مهيني جون کان وٺي شروع ٿيندو سپڪه ورهيه جي پوين ٽن مهينن ۾ ڇڏڻ ڏبو ته

وٺڻ ۾ ايندو —

(مسيح) ڪ ڊ

سڪريٽري سرڪار هند

جناب نواب حضرت رائيٽ انريبل گورنر صاحب بهادر دراجلاس ڪونسل جي حڪم سان

(مسيح) ف س چا پمان صاحب بهادر

چيف سڪريٽري سرڪار

(True translation)

W. SOUTHEY, Lieut. Colonel,
 Sindee Translator to Government in Sind.

NOTIFICATION BY THE OFFICIATING COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, AND OPIUM.

It is hereby notified, in supersession of former notifications, that, under the provisions of Sections LVIII, CXVIII, and CLII. of Act VI. of 1863, that the hours every day, with the exception of Sundays and authorized Holidays, appointed for the landing and shipping of Import and Export goods at or from the authorised Ports and wharves throughout the Presidency, inclusive of the Port of Bombay, but exclusive of the Ports of Sind, shall be from sunrise to sunset.

A. F. BELLASIS,
Officiating Commissioner of Customs.

Bombay, Office of Commissioner of Customs, 12th June 1867.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE REVENUE AND POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Rao Bahadoor Jorabhaee Dwarkadas is appointed a member of the Municipal Committee of Neriad.

Rao Bahadoor Jorabhaee Dwarkadas is appointed a member of the Talooka Local Fund Committee of Neriad.

A. ROGERS,
Revenue and Police Commissioner, N. D.

Matheran, 7th June 1867.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Mohideen wullud Hoosaince Awtee has been appointed a member of the Municipal Committee for the Town of Bublehwur, in the Kulladghee Collectorate, in the room of Annapa bin Nursapa Jakatee, deceased.

Mr. Atmaram Anunt, Moonsiff of Marheh, has been appointed Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Marheh, in the Sholapoor Sub-Collectorate, in place of Mr. Venaik Apajee, Moonsiff, transferred.

Sudashevappa wullud Roodrappa has been appointed a member of the Municipal Committee for the Town of Beejapoor, in the Kulladghee Collectorate, in the room of Goorungapa wullud Mulkapa Jagoor, deceased.

Mujleshwur wullud Khandirshaw has been appointed a member of the Municipal Committee for the Town of Boblad, in the Kulladghee Collectorate, in the room of Buslingappa bin Shettappa, deceased.

J. W. HADOW,
Police Commissioner, S. D.

Camp Mahabuleshwur, 3rd June 1867.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

Meer Wullee Dad Khan, Extra Assistant Collector and Magistrate, is appointed a Member of the Municipality of Larkhana.

Meer Amcerally Khan, Extra Assistant Collector and Magistrate, and Valeidina, son of Alahwaraya, are appointed Members of the Municipality of Shikarpoor, vice Mirza Rahmutollah and Mahomed Khan Barukzade, resigned.

Commissioner's Office, Kurrachee, 1st June 1867.

Moolo, son of Hurdass, is appointed a member of the Municipality of Ninda-ke-Shur, in the Hyderabad Collectorate, vice Hurdass Mookhee, deceased.

Commissioner's Office, Kurrachee, 4th June 1867.

J. MOORE,
Assistant Commissioner in Charge, Sind.

GENERAL ORDERS

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 6th June 1867.

No. 371 of 1867.—Lieutenant E. J. Wynch, Madras Staff Corps, is allowed furlough to Europe for twenty months, on medical certificate.

No. 372 of 1867.—Conductor D. Wallace, of the Ordnance Department, is allowed furlough to Europe for twelve months, on medical certificate.

No. 373 of 1867.—The following Officers are allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate :—

Captain E. H. Ashe, Staff Corps.....	For twenty months.
Lieutenant C. Fitz H. L. Way, Staff Corps ..	} For eighteen months.
Lieutenant E. M. V. James, Staff Corps.....	

No. 374 of 1867.—The services of Lieutenant S. S. Jacob, Staff Corps, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

Bombay Castle, 7th June 1867.

No. 375 of 1867.—From after the 30th instant the Offices of the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department, Southern Mahratta Circle, and Mhow Division, will be abolished.

The local administrative duties connected with the Southern Mahratta Circle will devolve on the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals Indian Medical Department, Poona Division, with the exception of the stations hereinafter mentioned ; and those of the Mhow Division on the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department, Northern Division.

The Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department, Presidency Division, will, in addition to his present duties, take those of the following stations hitherto belonging to the Southern Mahratta Circle and the Poona and Northern Divisions :—

Honore	Dapoolie.
Karwar	Broach.
Vingorla	Bulsar.
Rutnagherry	Surat.

No. 376 of 1867.—Colonel J. G. Petrie, Royal Artillery, is appointed to act on the Brigade Staff, with the temporary rank of Brigadier General, during the absence of Brigadier General Montgomery on medical certificate to Europe.

Bombay Castle, 10th June 1867.

No. 377 of 1867.—The following promotions are ordered in the Commissariat Department, to have effect from 1st May last, the date of departure of Colonel W. B. Salmon, Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, to the Neilgherries and the Coast, on medical certificate :—

Captain M. W. Willoughby, Acting Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, to be Acting Assistant Commissary General 1st Class.

Captain E. L'Estrange, Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, to be Acting Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class.

Major J. Thacker, Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, to be Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st Class.

Captain J. B. Fenwick, Sub-Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, to be Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class.

Lieutenant A. M. Shewell, Acting Sub-Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, to be Acting Sub-Assistant Commissary General 1st Class.

Bombay Castle, 11th June 1867.

No. 378 of 1867.—Conductor T. Glover, Cutler, Medical Store Department, is promoted to the rank of Deputy Assistant Commissary.

No. 379 of 1867.—Serjeant D. M. Smith, of the Unattached List, is promoted to Sub-Conductor.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1867.

No. 380 of 1867.—The provisions of the following Order by the Commander in Chief in India are made applicable to this Presidency, in continuation of G. G. O. No. 455, dated 29th August 1865:—

"ARMS.—In continuation of G. O. C. C. of the 29th May last, the following statement of articles required for the repair of Sharpe's Breech Loading Carbine, which is machine-made and interchangeable, and the prices to be paid for each article is, with the sanction of Government, published for the information of Corps and Departments concerned.

STATEMENT.

Description.	Value of Article.		Amount to be paid by Soldiers for repairs required through carelessness.		Percentage for one year.	Remarks.
	A	B	C			
	s. d.	£ s. d.	No.			
Front Sights	9 1	0 0 3	..			
Sight Leaves (sets)	2 6	0 0 1	5			
Receivers	16 8	0 0 4	0½			
Tong Screws (Front and Rear)	0 2	0 0 1	2			
Slides	9 4½	0 0 4	4			
Cones	0 2½	....	10			
Joggles	0 6	....	2			
Do. Screws (sets)	0 4	....	10			
Lever	2 6	....	2			
Lever, Springs	0 5	0 0 4	5			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	....	5			
Do. Keys	1 0½	0 0 2	5			
Do. do. Springs and Stoppers	0 2	....	2			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	....	5			
Do. Catches	0 8½	0 0 2	2			
Do. do. Pins	0 1	0 0 2	2			
Do. do. Springs	0 4	0 0 2	5			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	0 0 2	5			
Lock Plates and Primer, Magazine	5 0	0 0 1	..			
Do. Screws (in sets)	0 3	....	10			
Magazine Covers	0 9	0 0 2	2			
Do. do. Catches	0 4	0 0 1	4			
Do. do. Screws	0 1½	....	5			
Primer Feeding Springs	0 5	0 0 3	5			
Do. Holding do.	0 2½	0 0 3	5			
Do. do. do. Screws	0 1½	....	5			
Hammers	2 6	....	5			
Tumblers	1 0½	....	5			
Do. Swivel and Pin	0 2	0 0 1	5			
Bridles	0 10	....	2½			
Sears	0 10	....	5			
Main Spring (Sear Spring attached)	1 3	....	10			
Side Screws (Front and Rear)	0 2	....	1			
Butt Plates	1 6½	0 0 1	0½			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	....	2			
Swivel Bars	1 0½	0 0 2	1			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	....	2			
Do. Rings	0 2	....	1			
Bands	1 0½	0 0 1	2			
Do. Screws	0 0½	....	10			
Stock Butts	5 0	0 0 4	..			
Do. Tips	1 8	0 0 3	..			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	....	1			
Tip Screw Escutcheons	0 1½	....	0½			
Patch Box Covers	1 0½	....	1			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	....	3			
Do. do. Springs	0 3	....	2			
Do. do. Screws	0 2	....	1			
Triggers	0 5½	....	2			
Do. Screws	0 0½	....	2½			

Additional List of spare parts and special Tools for Sharpe's Breech Loading Carbine, obtainable on Indent:—

Barrels, Bouching, clamp and rod.

Do. Bouching.

Stoppers, brass mounted, and steel.

Screw-drivers with cone and wrench."

No. 381 of 1867.—Captain A. R. Hoskins, R.A., 3rd Class Commissary of Ordnance, is appointed to the charge of the Arsenal at Aden during the absence of Captain Napier on medical certificate to Europe.

Lieutenant F. W. M. Spring, R.A., is appointed to act as 3rd Class Commissary of Ordnance on the Establishment.

No. 382 of 1867.—A gratuity of Rupees 50 for each widow, and Rupees 25 for each orphan, of soldiers dying in India, is sanctioned, provided they embark for England within six months from the date of casualty.

No. 383 of 1867.—Surgeon Major M. Style is appointed to act as Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Sind Division, with effect from 2nd April last.

Surgeon Major G. M. W. Maitland is appointed to act as Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Southern Maratha Circle, with effect from 1st April last.

No. 384 of 1867.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 28th May 1867, No. 566, is republished :—

“No. 566 of 1867.—The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

*Date of arrival at
Fort William.*

Captain H. C. B. Tanner, of the Bombay Staff Corps, Assistant Revenue Surveyor, 4th } 11th May 1867.
or Chanda Division Central Provinces. }

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.”

No. 385 of 1867.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 28th May 1867, No. 573, is republished :—

“No. 573 of 1867.—The following alterations of rank are made consequent on the regimental rank of Lieutenant Colonel T. E. Kennion, Royal (Bengal) Artillery, having been antedated to the 20th September 1865, in the *London Gazette* of the 15th January 1867, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

BREVET.

Rank, Name, and Corps.	To rank from	In succession to
* * * *		
Lieutenant Colonel John Joseph Laurie, Bombay Staff Corps.	21st Dec. 1865 ..	Lieutenant General D. Sim, Royal (Madras) Engineers, deceased.
* * * *		
Lieutenant Colonel Henry Hastings Affleck Wood, Bombay Staff Corps.	29th October 1866.	Major General Sir G. St. P. Lawrence, K.C.S.I., C.B., Bengal Staff Corps, retired.
* * * *		
Lieutenant Colonel Winkworth Scott, Bombay Staff Corps.	4th Nov. 1866 ..	Lieutenant General W. D. Robertson, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
* * * *		

No. 386 of 1867.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 28th May 1867, No. 574, is republished :—

“No. 574 of 1867.—The following promotions and alterations of rank are made subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

BREVET.

Promotions.

Rank, Name, and Corps.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to
Major Richard Harte Keatinge, C.S.I., V.C., Bombay Staff Corps.	Lieut. Colonel.	18th Jan. 1867.	General C. Herbert, C.B., Madras Infantry, deceased.
* * *			
Major John Henry Bloomfield Dennis, Bombay Staff Corps.	Lieut. Colonel.	12th Feb. 1867.	Lieutenant General G. J. Wilson, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
* * *			
Major Francis Adam Ellis Loch, Bombay Staff Corps.	Lieut. Colonel.	26th Feb. 1867.	Major General A. Abbott, Royal (Bengal) Artillery, deceased.
* * *			
Captain Henry Pelham Close, Bombay Staff Corps.	Major	11th Mar. 1867.	Major General J. E. G. Morris, Bombay Infantry, deceased.”

No. 387 of 1867.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 30th May 1867, No. 579, is republished :—

“No. 579 of 1867.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 859, dated 11th October 1866, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify, under instructions from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, that whenever Staff Officers, for whom public quarters are not generally provided, and who, when

stationed at Presidency Towns, are entitled to the superior or Presidency rate of house-rent, may occupy public quarters (which, when available, they should be required to do), they are to forfeit Presidency house-rent in full payment of the rent of such quarters.

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 388 of 1867.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 31st May 1867, No. 585, is republished:—

"No. 585 of 1867.—With the sanction of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to notify that all Officers of the late Indian Brigades of Artillery, who may have served or who may hereafter serve at the depôts in England, shall be allowed to count as service for pension, the whole time they may have so served, provided they are not in excess of the authorized Establishment of those depôts.

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 389 of 1867.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 31st May 1867, No. 586, is republished:—

"No. 586 of 1867.—The following Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information:—

Military.
No. 119.

INDIA OFFICE, London, the 25th April 1867.

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

SIR,—PARA. 1. With your Military letter No. 39, dated 28th February, paragraph 2, you transmit correspondence relative to the qualifying service for promotion of Majors and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonels under the Royal Warrant of 31st January 1859.

2. As the Commander-in-Chief considers the point raised open to question, you state you are desirous of being informed whether the decision contained in your Officiating Secretary's letter No. 339, dated 11th February, is accurate, *viz.*, that no portion of the time passed on leave by a Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel (for field service) Commanding a Regiment, can count as qualifying service for promotion to Colonel, under the provisions of Clause 10 of the Royal Warrant of 31st January 1859.

3. The clause referred to is as follows:—

'That the rank of Colonel be given to Officers who obtain the rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel for services in the field after eight years of actual service with that rank.'

4. When the period qualifying the Lieutenant-Colonel, for the rank of Colonel, which had been fixed by the Royal Warrant of 1854 at three and six years respectively, was raised by the Warrant of 1858 to the periods of five and eight years, it was understood that no deductions from the extended periods were to be made on account of leaves of absence. It was subsequently determined (July 1860) that in respect of Lieutenant-Colonels in India, a limit should be placed 'on the period of absence to be reckoned as part of the five years qualifying for promotion to Colonel; and that fifteen months, being one-fourth of the whole period of five years, will be the term allowed, exclusive of leave obtained on medical certificate in consequence of wounds received in action.'

5. This Regulation was to apply both to Her Majesty's British and Indian Forces serving in India.

6. Very shortly afterwards your Government were informed that, on a reference to the General Commanding-in-Chief, it had been ruled that leave of absence taken by a Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, who had obtained that rank for service in the field, was to reckon as part of the eight years' service required, under the Warrant of 31st January 1859, to qualify for the rank of Colonel. This decision was published in orders by your Government on the 21st September 1860.

7. You were informed recently that the practice under which leave of absence had been deducted from the five years' qualifying period, was to cease; and that the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief had seen the necessity of rectifying the position of all Colonels promoted since October 1858, who might have had their promotion retarded by the practice of limiting the leave of absence to fifteen months in the five years.

8. Your Government were directed to adopt a similar course in respect to the Colonels of Her Majesty's Indian Forces.

9. Your Government will thus observe that, although a limit was at one time placed on the leave of absence to be taken by a Lieutenant-Colonel qualifying under the five years' rule, it has at no time been intended that any deduction on account of leave of absence should be made from the service of the Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel qualifying under the eight years' rule, under Clause 10 of the Royal Warrant. The only qualification required under this Clause is that an Officer should continue to serve on full pay for the period of eight years from the date on which he obtained the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel for service in the field.

10. The questions put by Sir William Mansfield to your Government, were as follows:—

1st.—Whether the period passed on leave by a Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Commanding a Native Regiment, is to be reckoned under Clause 10 of the Royal Warrant of 31st January 1859?

2nd.—Whether leave of absence, which has been allowed to count as service for pension, is to be deducted from the qualifying service of Captains and Majors holding command of regiments with the army rank of Lieutenant Colonel?

11. With regard to these questions I have to remark as follows:—

12. Under the decision communicated to your Government on the dates noted in the margin, the command 27th October 1859, No. 380. of Native Regiments held by substantive Majors being Brevet Lieutenant Colonels, 31st December 1863, No. 445. is to qualify for promotion to the rank of Colonel under the five years' rule, in accordance with the provisions of Clause 9 of the Royal Warrant. Under the rulings of the Secretary of State for War, published in Orders in India on 13th January 1865, in respect to Clause 9, a regimental Major being a Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, can only count the period he actually held command of a regiment towards the five years. On ceasing to exercise the command, he would, if a Brevet Lieutenant Colonel for service in action, be in the same position as the Captain and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel referred to in Sir Charles Wood's Despatch of 17th November

1864, No. 356, paragraph 5, that is, he would revert to the 10th Clause of the Warrant whilst on leave. The decision of the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief to this effect was communicated to you in Lord de Grey's Despatch dated 31st May 1866, No. 115. In this Despatch you were informed that, by the rules which govern the promotion of Officers of the British Service, the period during which an Officer, not a substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, is absent from his command on any account whatever, can only be allowed to reckon as qualifying for the rank of Colonel under the eight years' rule.

13. The privilege under which leave of absence is, in certain cases, allowed to count as service for pension, relates to retirement on full pay only, and has no bearing on promotion under the Royal Warrants.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) STAFFORD H. NORTHCOTE.

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 390 of 1867.—Surgeon J. H. Sylvester has been appointed Professor of Physiology and Acting Second Physician to the Jamsjee Jejeebhoy Hospital.

No. 391 of 1867.—The following extracts from the *London Gazette* of 14th May 1867, are published for general information:—

"War Office, Pall Mall, 14th May 1867.

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Michael Kavanagh Kennedy to be Colonel, vice Colonel and Major General Turner, to fixed establishment. Dated 1st March 1867.

Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Alfred DeLisle to be Colonel, vice Tremenheere, promoted. Dated 1st March 1867.

Captain John Salusbury Trevor to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel Kennedy. Dated 1st March 1867.

Captain Henry St. Clair Wilkins to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel DeLisle. Dated 1st March 1867.

Second Captain John Richard Maunsell to be Captain, vice Trevor. Dated 1st March 1867.

Second Captain Harry Pym to be Captain, vice Wilkins. Dated 1st March 1867.

Lieutenant Alfred Thomas Mander to be Second Captain, vice Maunsell. Dated 1st March 1867.

Lieutenant Joseph Herbert Bedford to be Second Captain, vice Mander. Dated 1st March 1867.

The undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank to take place in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces, consequent on the death of General Charles Arthur Grenado Wallington, Bengal Infantry, on the 28th February 1867.

* * * * *

Major General John Coussmaker Heath, Bombay Infantry, on the 24th March 1867:—

* * * * *

To be Major Generals.

Colonel Henry Willoughby Trevelyan, C. B., Royal (late Bombay) Artillery. Dated 25th March 1867.

* * * * *

Colonel Sir H. M. Durand, C.B., K.C.S.I., Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, who attained the rank of Colonel in the Army previously to 18th February 1861, having been promoted to the rank of Major General, the undermentioned officers have been placed on the fixed establishment of General Officers of the Army (Royal Engineers), and the following promotions have been made in accordance with the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 3rd February 1866:—

To be Lieutenant Generals.

Major General Sir Robert Napier, K.C. B., Dated 1st March 1867.

Major General and Colonel Commandant Walter Scott. Dated 1st March 1867.

To be Major Generals.

Major General and Colonel Commandant William Barclay Goodfellow.

Colonel, with the rank of Colonel Commandant and Major General, Henry Blois Turner.

Colonel Charles William Tremenheere, C.B. Dated 1st March 1867."

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel,

Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1867.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Colonel W. L. Merewether, C.B., to be Commissioner in Sind, continuing for the present to perform his duties as Resident at Aden.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. H. Havelock to act as Commissioner in Sind until Lieutenant Colonel Merewether joins the appointment, or till further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1867.

Azum Shreeneewaras Shreeneewas, Probationary Mamlutdar of the Kuruighee Talooka, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class in the Dharwar District.

Bombay Castle, 11th June 1867.

Major W. Bannerman, appointed temporarily to conduct the duties of Cantonment Magistrate at Sholapoor, is appointed a Deputy Magistrate in the Poona District, and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure in that District, and with Civil Jurisdiction under Act III. of 1859.

Lieutenant G. B. Simpson acted as Superintendent of Police, Punch Mahals, from the 1st January to 28th February 1867, during the absence of Major Bonnor on privilege leave.

Mr. R. M. Lambert, Deputy Collector, Hyderabad, and Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class, is invested with powers to commit cases to the Sessions in the Hyderabad District.

Azum Balcrisna Babajee Nagnath, Officiating Mamlutdar of Kurjut, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class in the Tanna District.

Chutamul, son of Dewan Wadhumul, Mooktyarkar of Nasirabad in the Shikarpoor District, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class in that District.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1867.

Azum Mansookhram Pranjeewandass, First Carcoon of the Anund Talooka, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the Second Class in the Kaira District.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,

Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1867.

The following transfers are made in the Cotton Frauds Department :—

Mr. J. H. Merritt, Cotton Inspector, Surat and Broach, to be Cotton Inspector in Bombay.

Mr. Hewett, Cotton Inspector in Khandeish, to be Cotton Inspector at Surat.

Mr. F. Turner to be Cotton Inspector in Khandeish, but to continue to act for Mr. Wilkinson at Bombay.

Mr. Pearson to act as Cotton Inspector in Khandeish.

Mr. C. Wilkinson, Cotton Inspector, Bombay, is allowed leave of absence for one year, under Section XI. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th June 1867.

Dr. W. Collum, Assay Master of the Bombay Mint, acted as Mint Master, Bombay, from the 2nd to 16th April 1867.

By order,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 6th June 1867.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Captain C. B. F. Penny, R.E., to act as Executive Engineer for Irrigation in the Sholapoor Collectorate.

Mr. W. C. L. Brown to be in charge of the Office of the Executive Engineer for Irrigation in Khandeish during the absence of Captain Penny, or until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 10th June 1867.

Mr. G. J. Molecey received charge of the Office of the Architect to Government from Mr. W. Paris on the evening of the 18th May 1867.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

M. K. KENNEDY, Colonel, R.E.,

Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th June 1867.

H. Maxwell, Esq., is appointed a Member of the Bombay Harbour and Pilotage Board, vice Mr. Gumpert, resigned.

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

1990

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES, ADVERTISEMENTS, &c.

SUMMARY of DEATHS and BIRTHS on the Island of Bombay for the Week ending Tuesday, the 11th June 1867.

Division.	Section or Sub-Section.	Population by Census of 1864.	Still-born.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Menses.	Fever.	Disease of Nervous System.	Vascular System.	Respiratory System.	Alimentary System.	Urinary System.	Sexual System and Child-bearing.	Locomotive and Tegumentary System.	Cachexy and Debility.	Leprosy, Tubercular and Articular.	Dropsy.	Accident and Violence.	Other and Unknown Causes.	Total exclusive of Still-born.	Total of Reported Births during the week exclusive of still-born.
A	1 Colaba.....	19,161	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	9	4
	2 Fort, Southern ..	2,455	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	3 Fort, Northern ..	39,258	..	..	..	..	5	2	1	1	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	12	8
B	1 Esplanade	7,869	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	5
	2 Market	75,402	..	1	5	1	4	2	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	24	15
	3 Mandwee	41,152	..	..	..	..	6	3	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..
C	1 Chukla	41,442	1	..	4	..	4	4	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	5
	2 Oomburkharee ..	63,020	..	1	5	..	13	1	14	4	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	41	9
	3 Dongree	60,259	1	..	5	..	14	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	4
D	1 Dhoobetulao ..	71,795	..	..	2	..	11	4	5	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	26	4
	2 Phunuswaree ..	23,529	1	..	1	..	3	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	8	..
	3 Bhoolshwur ..	50,282	1	..	..	..	4	2	1	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	12	1
E	1 Kharatulao ..	23,454	..	..	4	..	9	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	20	4
	2 Koombarwara ..	23,085	1	..	3	..	7	1	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	9
	3 Khetwarce	29,177	..	..	..	..	7	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	10	..
F	1 Gurgaon	21,505	1	..	3	..	1	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	10	..
	2 Chaoputee	6,184	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
	3 Walkeshwur ..	10,094	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
G	1 Mahaluxmee ..	9,144	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
	2 Mazagon	21,784	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1
	3 Tarwaree	9,462	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
H	1 Kamatheepoora ..	81,675	4	3	12	..	21	3	2	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	1	..	..	54	5
	2 Parel	7,002	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	9	2
	3 Seoree	5,042	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
I	1 Seo	12,078	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	2 Mahim	19,459	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4
	3 Wurlce	10,211	..	..	1	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	2
J	1 Harbour	32,582	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
	Non-Resident & Unknown..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Bombay		816,562	13	6	47	1	126	27	2	63	28	..	..	3	22	..	..	8	..	333	86
Mean of the corresponding weeks in the preceding five years.....			8	44	31	7	209	14	..	17	31	..	2	2	22	1	2	6	1	389	..
RACE OR CASTE.																					
Boodhist—Jain, &c.			1	..	2	..	3	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	1
Brahmun.			..	..	..	1	5	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..
Lingnet			..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
Bhatia			..	..	..	..	3	1	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	7	5
Hindoo of other Caste			10	3	23	..	56	13	..	24	12	..	..	15	..	..	5	..	..	151	38
Hindoo Out-caste			1	..	6	..	15	1	..	3	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	27	7
Moosulman			1	3	12	..	33	4	..	21	9	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	86	16
Parsee			..	..	1	..	8	3	..	3	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	18	16
Jew			..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
Native-Christian			..	..	3	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	9	2
Indo-European			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
European			..	..	..	..	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	6	..
Negro-African			..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
Chinese			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other and Unknown Race			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
All Races.....			13	6	47	1	126	27	2	63	28	..	..	3	22	..	..	8	..	333	86
Total of the corresponding week in the preceding year, week ending 12th June 1866.			8	8	33	9	210	12	..	10	28	1	3	..	25	..	1	7	2	349	115

T. G. HEWLETT,
Health Officer.

The Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors.

Notice is hereby given, that the Petitions of the several Persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, Bombay, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the Eleventh Year of Victoria, Chapter XXI.:-

Names.	Profession or Occupation.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Dates of Petitions filed.		
				Day.	Month.	Year.
Hasum Soomar	A dealer in parched Grain.	Mahomedan..	In Bungalipoora, without the Fort.	22nd	May	1867.
Rowjee Girdhur	Lately traded in partnership with Munjee Girdhur, under the name and Firm of Munjee Girdhur, as a Piece Goods dealer.	Hindoo.....	In Babajee Shamset Street, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Marcelino Fernandes	A Baker	Christian	Lately in Camatipoora, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	27th	"	"
Henry Cowley.....	A Cotton Inspector	European.....	Lately at Bori Bunder, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	"	"	"
Pandoorung Govind.....	An English Writer.....	Hindoo.....	In Lowerchawl, without the Fort.	29th	"	"
Meeya Mahomed Ally bin Abdool Guffer Fusatay.	Unemployed	Mahomedan..	Lately in Bhendy Bazar, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	30th	"	"
Dwarkanath Jugonath ..	An English Writer	Hindoo.....	On the Girgaum road, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Wasoodew Trimbuckrao..	An English Writer	Hindoo.....	On the Girgaum road, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Madhowrao Shamrao	An English Writer	Hindoo.....	In Witulwady, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Bhicoo Manickjee	A Carpenter	Hindoo.....	At Chowpatty, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Sucaram Sowjee	Lately a Hay dealer	Hindoo.....	In Colebhat Wady, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Burjorjee Rustomjee	A Carpenter	Parsee	Near Bazaar Gate, within the Fort.	"	"	"
Govind Balcrustna	None	Hindoo.....	At present in the Bombay Gaol.	1st	June	"
Seedick Soolaman	A Guzerathi Clerk.....	Mahomedan..	Lately in Sas wala Molla, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	"	"	"
Visram Witojee	A Painter	Hindoo.....	Lately at Marbowdi, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	30th	May	"
Ahmed Casum	A Fruit Seller	Mahomedan..	Lately in Coalsa Molla, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	"	"	"
Madon Raghowjee	A Cloth Merchant.....	Hindoo.....	Lately in Market, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	3rd	June	"
Casidass Jaikisondass....	A Broker	Hindoo.....	At Bhooleshwur, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Bhasker Bhayeesett	An English Writer.....	Hindoo.....	In 1st Carpenter Street, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Mohunjee Carson	A Hawker	Hindoo.....	At Nul Bazar, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Dadabhoy Dhunjeebhoy..	A dealer in Liquor.....	Parsee	Near Grand Portuguese Church, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Raghoonath Kesow.....	A Barber.....	Hindoo.....	In Bhoiwada, without the Fort.	"	"	"

Names.	Profession or Occupation.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Dates of Petitions filed.		
				Day.	Month.	Year.
Saboodin Abdool Rahimon.	A Labourer in the Service of the G. I P. Railway Company.	Mahomedan.	In Dontar Molla, without the Fort.	3rd	June	1867.
Anundjee Dewjee	A Broker	Hindoo.	Lately in Chuckla, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	"	"	"
Luckhoobhaee Doolubdass	A Broker	Hindoo.	Lately at Moombadavee, without the Fort (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	"	"	"
Jadhowjee Nanjee	Cleaner of Saltpetre	Hindoo.	At Vud Gady, without the Fort.	"	"	"
Mooljee Dyal	A dealer in Piece Goods	Hindoo.	In Witulwady, without the Fort.	4th	"	"

Orders in the matters of the above-named Insolvents' Petitions, that the real and personal Estates and Effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Section VII. of the said Act, have been duly made.

Days appointed for hearing the Petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents.

Names.	Time.		
	Day.	Month.	Hour.
Ahmed Casum	3rd Monday	June instant	11 o'clock.
Visram Witoojee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Meeya Mahomed Ally bin Abdool Guffoor	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Fusatay	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Seedick Soolaman	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Marcelino Fernandes	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Henry Cowley	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Madon Ragoojee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Anundjee Dewjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Luckhoobhaee Doolubdass	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Bhicoo Manickjee	1st Monday	July next	Ditto.
Wasoodew Trimbackrao	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Dwarkanath Jugonath	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Burjorjee Rustomjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Madowrao Shamrao	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Bhowani Luxumon, and Dhondoo Bhowani.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Jadhowjee Nanjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Veerjee Purshotum	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Sucaram Sowjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Hasum Soomar	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ruckmajee bin Gunoojee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Dadabhoy Dhunjeebhoy	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

The above-named Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects in my Office. Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees at my Office at least three days before the Hearing.

*Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay,
this 4th day of June 1867.*

T. B. FERGUSON,
Acting Clerk of the Court.

નાદાર દેવાદારોની કોરટ મંદે.

જાહેર ખર્ચર એ ઉપરથી આપવામાં આવે છે ને, વીગતસાથે એની હેડલ ને જુદી જુદી આરામીઓના નામો લખેલા છે તેઓએ સુખધની નાદાર દેણદારોના છુટકા કરનારી કોરટને ચરજીઓ આપી છે તેમાં એક એકની ચરજ એવી છે ને વીક્ટોરીઆના અગીઆરમં વરસે ને ધારો કરીને ઠરાવો છે તેના એકવીશમાં બાબતોના ધલાલ અમોને મળે.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	સુખધ મંદે રહેવાનું ડેકાણું.	ચરજીઓ દાખલ કરાની તારીખ.		
				દાહાડા	માસ.	વરસ.
હારામ શુમાર.....	રોકેલા ચણા મમરાનો ધંધો કરનાર.	સુશલમાન.	બાહારકોટ બંગાલી પુરામાં.	૨૨ મે.	મે.	૧૮૯૭.
રાવજી ગીરધર	ચોડા દાહાડા ઉપર મેનજી ગીરધરની સાથે ચારામાં મેનજી ગીરધરને નામે તથા પેહુડીએ કાપડનો ધંધો કરનાર દાખલ વેહેવાર કરતો હતો.	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ બાબાજી રાંમ શેઠના મોહિલામાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
મારશીલીનો ફરનાનડીરા.	ભડીઆરો	કીરાચીઆન.	ચોડા દાહાડાઉપર બાહારકોટ કામાડીપુરામાં હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	૨૭ મે.	એન.	એન.
હેનરી કવલી	રૂઢોના ધનરાપેકટર	યુરાનીઆન.	ચોડા દાહાડાઉપર બાહારકોટ બોરી બંદર આગલ હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
પાંડુરંગ ગોવીંદ	અંગરેજી લખનાર.....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ લુવારઆલમાં.	૨૬ મે.	એન.	એન.
મીઆ મહમદ આલી ખીન અબદુલ ગજુર ફરાટ.	બેકાર	સુરાલમાન.	ચોડા દાહાડાઉપર બાહારકોટ ભીંડી બજારમાં હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	૩૦ મે.	એન.	એન.
દુવારકાનાથ જગંનાથ ..	અંગરેજી લખનાર.....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ ગીરગાંમના રસાતાઉપર.	એન.	એન.	એન.
વાશુદેવ ત્રીખકરાવ	અંગરેજી લખનાર.....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ ગીરગાંમના રસાતાઉપર.	એન.	એન.	એન.
માધવરાવ રામરાવ	અંગરેજી લખનાર.....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ વીહલવાડીમાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
ભીકુ માણેકજી	શુતાર	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ આપાડી આગલ.	એન.	એન.	એન.
રાકારામ રાવજી	ચોડા દાહાડા ઉપર શુકા ગાંરાનો ધંધો કરનાર.	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ કોલમા વાડીમાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
ખરજોરજી ફરાતમજી ..	શુતાર.....	પારશી.	કોટમાં બજારગેટ આગલ.	એન.	એન.	એન.
ગોવીંદ બાલકરાણા	કંઈનઈ	હીંદુ.	હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	૧ જુન.	એન.	એન.
શીદીક શુલમાન	ચુલરાતી લખનાર.....	સુશલમાન.	ચોડા દાહાડાઉપર બાહારકોટ શારાવાલા મોહિલામાં હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
વીરાશમ વીડોજી	ચંચારી	હીંદુ.	ચોડા દાહાડાઉપર બાહારકોટ માહાર બાવડી આગલ હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	૩૦ મે.	મે.	એન.
આમદ કારામ	ગેવા વેચનાર	સુરાલમાન.	ચોડા દાહાડાઉપર બાહારકોટ કોલમા મોહિલામાં હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
મદન રાધવજી	કાપડનો વેપારી.....	હીંદુ.	ચોડા દાહાડાઉપર બાહારકોટ મારકોટમાં હાલ સુખધની તુરંગમાં.	૩ જુન.	એન.	એન.
કાશીદાર નેકીરાનદારા ..	દલાલ	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ ભુવેશવર આગલ.	એન.	એન.	એન.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	સુંબઈમધે રહેવાનું કે કાણું.	અરજીઓ દાખલ કરાની તારીખ.		
				દાહોડો.	માસ.	વરસ.
બારાકર બાઈરોડ.....	અંગરેજી લખનાર.....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ ૧ લા કારપેટરના મોહિલામાં.	૩ જો.	જુન.	૧૮૧૭.
મોહનજી કરશન.....	ફેરીઓ.....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ નજબજાર આગલ.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
દાદાભાઈ ધનજીભાઈ ..	દાર્જો ધંધો કરનાર.....	પારશી.	બાહારકોટ સોટા પોરકુગી રાના દેવલ આગલ.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
રઘુનાથ કેરાવ.....	હળમ.....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ ભાઈવાડામાં..	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
શાશુદીન અબદુલ રહી-જી.	આઈ. પી. રેલવે કંપનીની માન.	મુસલમાન.	બાહારકોટ દેનતાડના મોલામાં.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
આનંદજી દેવજી.....	દલાલ.....	હીંદુ.	થોડા દાહાડા ઉપર બાહારકોટ ચકલામાં હાલ સુંબઈની તુરંગમાં.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
લખુભાઈ દુલભદારા ..	દલાલ.....	હીંદુ.	થોડા દાહાડા ઉપર બાહારકોટ સુંબાદેવી આગલ હાલ સુંબઈની તુરંગમાં.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
બદવજી નાનજી	શુરોખાર શાક કરનાર....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ વડની ગાદી આગલ.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
સુલજી દમાલ.	કાપડનો ધંધો કરનાર....	હીંદુ.	બાહારકોટ વીઠલ વાડીમાં.	૪ થો	એજ.	એજ.

ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓની બાબતોમાં ઘટતી રીતે હુકમ ચમ્પા છે જે ઉપર લખેલા ધારાની સાતમી કલમ પરમાણે નાદાર દેવાદારો-મચકુરોની યાવર તથા જંગમ મીલકત તથા ચીજવસ્તુ આ નામદાર દેવારની આશીર્વાચ આલ આસાએનીના તાબામાં આપે.

નીચે લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓ સાંભળવાસાર ઠરાવેલા દીવસ.

નામ.	વખત.		
	દાહોડો.	માસ.	કલાક.
હામદ કારામ	૩ જો સોમવાર.	ચાલતો જુન.	૧૧.
ધરિરામ વીઠાજી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
મીઆ માહમદઅલી ખીન અબદુલગજુર ફરાટે	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
શીદીક શુલેમાન	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
મારશીલીનો ફરનાનડીરા	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
હેનરી કાવલી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
મદન ગાધવજી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
આણંદજી દેવજી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
લખુભાઈ દુલભદારા	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
ભીખુ માણેકજી	૧ લો શામવાર.	આવતો જુલાઈ.	એજ.
વાશુદેવ ત્રીબકરાવ	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
દુવારકાનાથ જગનનાથ	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
ખરજોરજી રાતમજી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
માધવરાવ શાંભરાવ	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
ભવાની લખમણ તથા ઠોડુ ભવાની	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.

નામ.	વખત.		
	દાહાડો.	માસ.	કલાક.
બદલજી નાનજી	૧ લો શામવાર.	આવતો જુલાઈ.	૧૧.
વીરજી પરસોતમ.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
રાકાશંમ રાવજી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
હારામ શુમાર.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
રૂખમાજી ખીન ગણુજી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
દાદાભાઈ ધનજીભાઈ	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.

આગ્ર આવનાર લેણદારોએ યોગમાં યોગ સાંભળવાના તથા દાહાડ અગાઉ સોગણનામાંથી શાખીત કરેલા પોતાના દાવા અમારી આશીરામાં દાખલ કરવા નોંધ્યે તથા શીરસ્તા પરમાંથી તેઓએ શી આપવી નોંધ્યે. ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોએ પોતાના દેવાની તથા માલમીલકતની ટીપા અમારી આશીસમાં દાખલ કરાવી છે.

મુંબઈના કોર્ટમંચે કોર્ટની હવેલીમાં કોર્ટના કલારકની આશીસમાં,
તારીખ ૪ થી જુન રાને ૧૮૯૭.

ટ. બ. ફરગુસન,
કોર્ટના આક્ટીંગ કલારકની સહી.
(A true translation)
NARAYAN DINANATH,
Second Translator.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, Bombay.

In the matter of the Petition of HORMUSJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER, an Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the abovenamed Insolvent, being a trader within the meaning of the Bankrupt Laws, did, on the third day of June instant, file his Petition in my Office, praying that he might be discharged from all liability in respect of the debts or claims established or which might by law be proved in the matter of his insolvency; and that the Court on the said third day of June made an order nisi for his discharge in the nature of a Certificate; and that the Court appointed the first Monday in the month of August next, One thousand Eight hundred and Sixty-seven, for the further hearing of the said Petition.

Any Creditor wishing to dissent from the said insolvent having his discharge, must give notice in writing thereof to me at my Office, at least three clear days before the hearing; and all Creditors who shall not have given such notice will, at the expiration of the abovementioned time, be taken to have assented thereto.

T. B. FERGUSON,
Acting Clerk of the Court.

Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort,
Bombay, this 4th day of June 1897.

મુંબઈની નાદાર દેવાદારોના છુટકા કરનારી કોર્ટમંચે.
હોરમજી અશ્બર્નરના આશીસમાં નાદારની અરજીની બાબદમાં.

આ ઉપરથી અગર આપવામાં આવેલે ને નાદર લેખિકાના કામેદાના અગર પરમાણે ઉપર લખેલો નાદાર દેવાદાર વેહેપારી
GAZETTE—6

છતાં તેણે ચાલતા જુન મહીનાની તારીખ ત્રીજીને દીને આમારી આશીસમાં પોતાની અરજી દાખલ કરી છે તેમાં તે એવી અરજ કરે છે ને ફરિયા કરજ અથવા દાવા બાબદ અથવા પોતાની નાદારીની બાબદમાં કોર્ટમંચે કામદા પરમાણે ને કરજ અથવા દાવા પુરવાર થશે તે શરવે બાબદના નોંધમાંથી તેનો છુટકા થાય અને કોર્ટે જુન મહીનાની મળકુર તારીખ ત્રીજીને દીને શરૂશરૂ દાખલ તેનો છુટકા કરવા રાઈ નાઈ રાઈ (એટલે કારણ દેખાડવાનો) હુકમ કરે અને મળકુર અરજ આગળ સાંભળવા રાઈ રાને એક હજાર આશીસ રાઈ રાઈના આવતા આગરાઈ મહીનાનો પેહિલા શોમવાર કોર્ટે ફરિયા.

મળકુર નાદારનો છુટકા થવાશરૂ કોઈ લેહેણદારની મરજી નહી હોય તે સાંભળવા રાઈ દાહાડો નીચો છે તેના એછામાંએછા ત્રણ ચોખા દાહાડોની આગમય આમારી આશીસમાં અગર તે બાબદની લખેલી અગર આપવી નોંધ્યે અને ને લેહેણદારો એવી અગર નહી આપશે તો ઉપર લખેલો વખત પુરો થયાથી તે શરવેની તે બાબદ મરજી છે એવું ચમત્તવામાં આવશે.

ટ. બ. ફરગુસન,
કોર્ટના આક્ટીંગ કલારકની સહી.

મુંબઈના કોર્ટમંચે કોર્ટની હવેલીમાં
કોર્ટના કલારકની આશીસમાં
તારીખ ૪ થી જુન રાને ૧૮૯૭.

(A true translation)
NARAYAN DINANATH,
Second Translator.

Notice.

The undermentioned Maps are for Sale at the Office of the Chief Engineer at the Presidency. Orders must be accompanied with remittance.

Requisitions from Officers in the Service should be preferred through their respective controlling offices ; otherwise they will be treated as private requisitions.

Applications to be made to the undersigned.

Names of Maps.	Scale.	Price of each.		
		Un-Coloured.	Coloured.	Mounted on Cloth.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Map of the Dharwar Collectorate	1 Inch to 4 Miles	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Do. Belgaum do.	Ditto	2 8 0	3 8 0	4 8 0
Do. Sholapoor do.	Ditto	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0
Do. Rutnagherry do.	Ditto	2 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0
Do. Poona do.	Ditto	2 0 0	3 0 0	3 8 0
Do. Tanna do.	Ditto	2 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0
Do. Ahmednuggur do.	Ditto	2 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0
Do. Khandeish do.	Ditto	2 8 0	3 8 0	4 8 0
Do. Ahmedabad do.	Ditto	1 8 0	2 8 0	3 8 0
Do. Surat do.	Ditto	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Do. Broach do.	1 Inch to 2 Miles	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Do. Kaira do.	Ditto	1 8 0	2 8 0	3 8 0
Do. Peint State	{ 1 Inch to 4 Miles	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0
	{ 1 Inch to 2 Miles	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0
Do. Guzerat	1 Inch to 10 Miles	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0
Do. North Canara	1 Inch to 8 Miles	0 3 0	0 5 0	0 8 0
Do. Rajpeela District	1 Inch to 1 Mile	3 0 0	4 0 0	6 0 0
Map of Roads in the Bombay Presidency .	{ 1 Inch to 16 Miles	4 8 0	6 0 0	7 0 0
	{ 1 Inch to 15 Miles	4 8 0	6 0 0	7 0 0
Do. Scinde	1 Inch to 8 Miles	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0
Do. Gulf of Persia	1 Inch to 30 Miles	1 0 0	1 2 0	2 0 0
Do. Maritime Arabia	1 Inch to 60 Miles	2 0 0	2 2 0	3 0 0
Do. Poona and Kirkee Cantonment ..	1 Inch to 2 Furlongs ..	1 2 0	2 0 0	2 8 0
Do. Island of Bombay	1 Inch to 600 Feet	5 0 0	8 0 0	10 0 0
Plan of the Peninsula or Cape of Aden ..	1 Inch to 200 yards	2 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0
Do. Matheran Hill	1 Inch to 1 Furlong ..	2 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0
Chart of Sedashighur Bay	1 Inch to 1,000 yards ..	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Map of the Manderdow Hill range sheet No. 1.	1 Inch to 220 yards .....	.....	.....	5 0 0
Do. do. do. do. No. 2.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	4 0 0
Index Paper for do. do. do. No. 2.	1 Inch to 2 Miles .....	.....	.....	0 7 0
Map showing Scinde, B. B. and C. I., and G. I. P. Railways	1 Inch to 32 Miles	0 8 0	0 10 0	1 0 0
<i>Mahabeshwur Hill Ranges.</i>				
Sheet I.	1 Inch to 220 yards .....	.....	.....	7 0 0
Do. II.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	5 10 0
Do. III.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	5 0 0
Do. IV.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	3 8 0
Do. V.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	5 0 0
Do. VI.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	3 8 0
Do. VII.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	5 8 0
Do. VIII.	Ditto .....	.....	.....	4 4 0
Index.....	1 Inch to 2 Miles .....	.....	.....	1 4 0

W. ABRAHAM,

Superintendent Drawing and Lithographic Branch Chief Engineer's Office.

Bombay, Chief Engineer's Office,
9th January 1867.

PROCLAMATION.

BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby Proclaim and give Notice, that the Third Sessions of 1867 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on THURSDAY, the 27th day of June instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other Felonies, Perjuries, Trespasses, and other Crimes, Misdemeanors, and Offences, had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine in the like manner all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed, by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place, will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences, and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give Notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give Notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators, and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the Limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated the 10th day of June 1867, and in the Thirtieth year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

VENAYEK WASSOODEW, Sheriff.

जिल्ह्याचा.

श्री (मुंबई) महाने जे होकम श्रीधो छे तेहनी शुभ प्रमाणे हुं अतरेथी देहेरी कुर्य तथा अथर आपुंय दे मुंबईना गांम तथा शयुभां तथा तेहनी हदमो तथा मुंबई ताबुकांनां अंग्रेज कोडीवाला देकाळ्यांमो जे जे मोहोरा दगा तथा शुन तथा येरी तथा शुद्ध रापतना वांको तथा तक्षरी तथा भिज युनाह तथा बुडां कर्मो जे थय्यो होय्ये अथवा श्रीधो होय्ये तेहनी छांडलु करवाने शास्त्र तथा ते साये मुंबई सरकारनां अमल नीयेनां तथा तायेनां हरेक मुलकमो तथा हींदु संस्थानमांनां गांम श्रीशाल्यां दे जे मुंबई सरकारसाये मिनायाची रायेछे तेज्योनां हरेक राजमांनांमदार शालुनी हरेक अंग्रेज प्रजाम् जे जे मोहोरा दगा तथा शुन तथा येरी तथा तक्षरी तथा अथर रापतनां वांको तथा रापतगरी तथा बुडां कर्मो तथा शुद्ध रापतनां वांको तथा शुद्ध रापतनां वांको होय्ये ते वीरो पलु शांभलवाने तथा तेहना न्याय करवाने आलता शुन महिनानी तारीख २७ भी अने

शुक्रवारने दीने येहेला पोरेनां १० कलाकने अमले श्री मुंबईनी शुद्धीकरणनी हाई कोर्टमो दे जे घेरमो कोर्ट भराम्ये ते घेरमो आयेर तथा धरमीनर तथा जनरल जेल डीलीवरीनी सने १८६७ नां वरसनी नीळ सेरान येसरो.

अने भिजुं हुं अमल जिल्ह्या कुर्य दे मोहोरा सयुद्धमां जे जे मोहोरा दगा तथा शुन तथा यांच्याया येरी तथा लुट तथा तक्षरी तथा बुडां कर्मो तथा अथर शुद्ध श्रीधो होय्ये तेहना न्याय छांडवाने वास्ते तेज न्याय्ये आडमीराजरी सेरान येसरो जे दरम्यावरदी आतांनां न्यायनी सभा येसरो.

अने हुं अतरेथी कर्मोर्दय तथा होकम कुर्य दे उपर कुरेली सेरानमां जे जे भांगुसोय्ये दावो कुर्यो होय्ये अथवा तेहमां हरेक रीते छलाको रापता होय्ये तेज्योय्ये उपर कुरेला वपते तथा न्यायमो हावर थुं अने कोर्टनी रज वना कोर्टमांथी नवुं नही.

मुंबई शेरिद तथा शयु तथा तेनी हदमांनां न्याय्ये आड श्री पीस, कोरोनर, असेसरी, तथा शुभीय कान-शेयल तथा जेलीक असे सरवेने हुं जिल्ह्या कुर्य दे ते सरवेये अतो, छमादी, कागल पत्रे लावीने ते वपते ताहां हावर थुं तथा पोतापोताना हुं शयु काम अमलवुं.—नामदार शालु वीज्येरीयांनां राजना तीसमां वरसनी तारीख १० भी शुन राने १८६७.

वीनायेक वासुदेव, शेरिफ.

जाहिरनामा.

मुंबईस खबर—मजलाहुकूम दिल्यावरून जाहीर करितों व खबर देतो की अथर आणि टर्मिनर आणि जनरल जेल डिलिवरी यांचें सन १८६७चें तिसरें सेशन मुंबईतील जुडिकेटरचे हाई कोर्टाचे हवेलीत चालत्या जून महिन्याचे २७ वे तारिखस नृक्षतवारी सकाळचे १० वाजतांनां ब्रेजन, खून, चोरी, खोट्या सध्या, खोट्या साक्षी वगैरे अन्याय मिसडिमिनर आणि अपराध जे मुंबई शहर व टापूमध्ये व त्यांच्या सीमामध्ये त्यांच्या हद्दीतील प्याक्टोरीमध्ये केले असतील त्यांचा न्याय करण्याकरितां बसतील. तसेच सर्व प्रकारचे अन्याय जे कोणी राणीचे ब्रिटिश प्रजेनें मुंबईचे गवर्नराचे अमलांतील राज्यामध्ये अथवा त्या सरकाराशीं सत्यानें राहाणारे हिंदुस्थानातील नेटिव राजांच्या राज्यांत केले असतील ते तपासण्या करितां बसतील.

आणखी सदर वेळीं व ठिकाणीं समुद्रामध्ये जे ब्रेजन व खून व चोरी व त्या प्रकारचे दुसरे अन्याय केले असतील त्यांचा इनसाफ करण्याकरितां आडमिरालटीचें सेशन भरलें जाईल. आणि ज्यांस सदर सेशनमध्ये फियाद करणें व साक्षी देणें आगत्य आहे अथवा कोणत्याही प्रकारचा संबंध असेल त्या सर्व लोकांनां जाहीर करितों कीं सदर वेळीं व ठिकाणीं त्यांहीं हजीर असावें आणि कोडताचे रजे शिवाय जाऊ नये.

मुंबई शहर व टापू व त्याचे हद्दीत जस्टीस आफ फि फीस, कोरोनर व एसचीटर व मुख्य कानस्टेबल आणि वेलीफ यां सर्वांस जाहीर करितों कीं त्यां सर्वांहीं खत, यादी, कागद पत्र आणून तेथें त्या वेळीं हजीर असावें व आपआपले हुद्याचें काम करावें.—तारीख १० वी माहे जून सन १८६७ आणि राणी साहेब विक्टोरिया यांचे राज्याचें तिसावें वर्ष आहे.

विनायक वासुदेव, शेरिफ.

Statement of Silver Balance in the Mint.

	Rs.
Balance of Bullion under assay, or remaining to be assayed, on the morning of the	
3rd June 1867	41,51,596
3rd June, tendered .....	....
	41,51,596
Certificates issued	5,59,515
	35,92,081
4th June, tendered	15,000
	36,07,081
Certificates issued	6,60,686
	29,46,395
5th June, tendered .....	....
	29,46,395
Certificates issued	61,676
	28,84,719
6th June, tendered	1,33,000
	30,17,719
Certificates issued	9,97,438
	20,20,281
7th June, tendered	4,25,400
	24,45,681
Certificates issued .....	....
	24,45,681
8th June, tendered .....	....
	24,45,681
Certificates issued	9,80,063
	14,65,618
Add—Difference in value between Tender and Certificate	51,251
Balance of Bullion under assay or remaining to be assayed	15,16,869
NOTE.—Value of Silver ready for Coinage at the end of the week	1,40,77,002
Ditto ditto not assayed	15,16,869
	1,55,93,871
Deduct—Value of Silver belonging to the Currency Department	1,19,00,000
	36,93,871

E. C. S. WILLIAMS, Captain, R. E.,

Officiating Mint Master.

Her Majesty's Mint, Bombay, 10th June 1867.

Advertisement.

The following passage is required:—From BOMBAY to the CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, for (4) Four Time-expired Soldiers.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,
GEORGE INGLE,
Secretary.

*Superintendent's Office, Bombay,
25th April 1867.*

The David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution.

CARRIAGES Made, Repaired, and Painted. All the Springs and Ironwork of Carriages made on the premises.

Heads of Departments requiring good Carpenters and Smiths are earnestly requested to apply at this Institution.

JAMES MILLARD,
Superintendent.

OPIMUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Tuesday, 11th June 1867.

INDORE.

GAZETTE—7

YEARS.	PASSES GRANTED.			IMPORTED INTO BOMBAY.				EXPORTED BY SEA.			Balance.	DETAIL OF EXPORTS. From 5th to 11th June 1867.	
	Up to 21st May 1867.	From 22nd May to 1st June 1867.	Total.	Up to 4th June 1867.	From 5th to 11th June 1867.	Lost on the Road.	Total Imported.	Up to 4th June 1867.	From 5th to 11th June 1867.	Total.			
AT INDORE.													
For 1865-66.... Chests.	..	..	*35,515	..	..	1	*35,514	35,449½	..	35,449½	6½		
„ 1866-67.... „	24,014	910	24,924	23,278½	1,232	2½	24,510½	21,251	712½	21,963½	2,547	Per Steamer "Behar"	712½
AT AHMEDABAD.													
For 1865-66.... Chests.	..	..	*1,806	..	..	..	*1,806	1,791½	..	1,791½	14½	OF THE SEASON 1865-66.	
„ 1866-67.... „	469	..	469	469	..	..	469	438	..	438	31	None.	
												OF THE SEASON 1866-67.	
												None.	
												Total....	712½

* During the whole Season.

N.B.—The Opium Season year commences from 1st October and ends with 30th September.

Bombay Custom House, 12th June 1867.

(Errors excepted) A. TAYLOR,
For Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium, P. D.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the amount on account of the Estate of the deceased Commissioned Officer, as specified in the Statement published below, has been received by the undersigned, to whom all claims by Creditors against the Estate are to be submitted within two calendar months from the date of this notice:—

Statement of Deposit made at the Presidency Pay Office on account of the Estate of Deceased Commissioned Officer of Her Majesty's British Military Service, during the Month of May 1867.

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of moneys accruing from the adjustment of Estate.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estate.	Total Unclaimed Amount Deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.
										Amount Paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.		
												In Com-pany's Rs.	Equiva-lent in Sterling.	
1867 May 28th	Christie.....	Brigadier General.	Bombay Infantry.	....	1867. 5th Jan.	Intestate	Rs. a. p. 2,000 0 0	....	Rs. a. p. 2,000 0 0	....	..	..	..	..

Bombay, Presidency Pay Office,
10th June 1867.

Bombay, 12th June 1867.

(Signed) J. T. ANNESLEY, Major,
Acting Presidency Paymaster.
J. MACDONALD, Major,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

1999

निरखपेठ धुले तालुकें मजकूर जिल्हा खानदेश एथोल
तारीख ३ माहे जून सन १८६७ इस्वी.

जिनसेचें नांव.	वजन किं. किं.	दर रुपयास किती विकले जातान ते.	
		केरो राचे मा- पनि.	ऐशा रुपये भाराचे शेराणे.
बाजरी, एक रुपयास. . .	१	६०	११ १९२०
ज्वारी, एक रुपयास. . .	१	५१	१२ १९५२
गहू, एक रुपयास. . . .	१	६४	८॥ १५२४
तांदूळ, एक रुपयास. . .	१	७१	३॥ ६४८॥
दाळ तुरीची, एक रुपयास.	१	६२	५ ८५७०
दाळ हरभयाची, एक रुप-			
यास.	१	६०	५१ ७५१५
दाळ मुगाची, एक रुपयास.	१	६०	६ १०४०
दाळ मसुराची, एक रुपयास.	१	६०	५ ८५६०
दाळ मठाची, एक रुपयास. . .	..	..	..
नागली, एक रुपयास. . .	..	..	..
बाजरीचें पीठ, एक रुपयास. . .	..	..	१४
कणीक ऊर्फ आटा, एक रुपयास.	..	..	११
मीठ, एक रुपयास. . . .	२	७	८ १६५६
गूळ, एक रुपयास. . . .	..	..	४८४०
गोंडे तेल, एक रुपयास. . .	..	२॥	२०३५
गरम मसाला, एक रुपयास. . .	..	..	१
चिंच, एक रुपयास. . . .	..	..	८
अमसूल, एक रुपयास. . .	..	..	६
मटण, एक रुपयास. . . .	..	..	३
भाजी, एक रुपयास. . . .	..	..	१६
मसि, एक रुपयास. . . .	..	..	४
सर्पण, दर एक गाडीस. . .	रु. १ आ.	८ — रु. २	

E. JAMES,
Assistant Collector.

Khandeish Collector's Office, Dhoolia,
4th June 1867.

Notice.

On Monday, the 10th current, at noon, will be put up for Sale, by Public Auction, at Tanna, a CARGO BOAT, called "Luxumee," owner Babajee bin Manajee, registered Bassein No. 2072, burden 20 Tons, together with her Canoe, Sails, Anchors, Tackle, and every thing belonging to the said vessel, confiscated under Act XXXI. of 1850, Section IV. The whole will be knocked down to the highest bidder.

Also, at the same time and place, a quantity of Salt, about 590 Indian Maunds, more or less, will be submitted to public competition, and sold to the highest bidder, over the upset price of Rupees 1-8 per Indian Maund.

Conditions of Sale.

An immediate deposit of 25 per cent. to be made on the lots being knocked down; the whole to be

paid for and cleared off within three days of the date of Sale, otherwise the lots will be again put up for Sale, at the risk and cost of the first purchaser, and the deposit will be forfeited.

W. H. PAYNE,

Deputy Commissioner of Customs, S.D.

Camp Callian, Deputy Commissioner's Office,
4th June 1867.

जाहिरनामा.

डिपुटी कमिशनर साहेब दक्षिणभाग यांचे हापिसांतोन जाहिरखबर देण्यांत येते कीं,

गलबत लक्ष्मी रजिस्टर वसई नंबर २०७२ वारदान मुंबई खंडी २० तांडेल बाबाजी वान मानाजी व त्याज-बरोबरील होडी व शिडें लायली वगैरे गलबताचें सब सामान सन १८५० चा आवट ३१ कलम ४ आधारावरून जप्त झालें तारीख १० जून सन १८६७ सोमवार रोजी दोनप्रहरी ठाणे येथे उघड लेलावांत ज्याजती बोलणारास विकलें जाईल.

तसे त्याच ठिकाणी व त्याच वेळीं सुमारे ५९० मण मीठ दरमणी १८८ पेक्षा जाजती सिकस्त बोलणारास उघड लेलावांत विकलें जाईल.

लेलावाची शर्त.

लाट घेतल्यानंतर पंचवीस टक्के प्रमाणें तावडताव एवज अमानत भरला पाहिजे सर्व एवज लेलावाचे तारिखेपासून तीन दिवसांत भरून माल नेला पाहिजे. नाहींतर लाट पहिले खरिदीदाराचे जोखमावर पुन्हा फेर लेलावांत विकले जातील व भरलेली सर्व अमानत सरकारजमा केली जाईल.

डिपुटीकमिशनर हापिस मु० कल्याण,
तारीख ४ माहे जून सन १८६७.

W. H. PAYNE,

Deputy Commissioner of Customs, S.D.

Notice.

A quantity of Unserviceable BARRACK STORES will be sold by Public Auction on the 21st instant in Fort George, at 2 P.M. precisely. Purchasers are requested to pay down on the spot the total amount for which separate lots are knocked down, and to clear the same away immediately the sale is concluded, as the Barrack Department will incur no risk or responsibility in the matter.

J. BARNARD, Ensign,

Senior Barrack Master, Presidency.

Bombay, 12th June 1867.

Notice

Is hereby given that the right of occupancy of certain Government waste assessed land below the Hill at Bandora will be sold by Auction, at the Mamlutdar's Cutcherry at Tanna, on the 25th instant.

2. The conditions of Sale and other particulars regarding the land will be obtained on application as the Mamlutdar's Cutcherry at Tanna.

W. H. HAVELOCK,

Collector.

Tanna, Collector's Office, 5th June 1867.

[illegible]

J. STUART,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the undermentioned Unclaimed Articles will be sold by Public Auction, at the Musjeed Bunder Custom House, where they are now lying, in conformity with Sections 56 and 57 of Act V. 1. 1863, on *Saturday* next, the 15th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon:—

- 29 Hogsheads Porter,
18 Empty Casks,
1 Piece Timber,
4 Packages Sulphur,
5 Iron Tanks,
2 Wooden Cots, and
60 Packages Wet Dates.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required, and the goods to be cleared within three days after the day of sale.

A. TAYLOR,

For Deputy Commissioner of Customs.

Bombay Custom House, 12th June 1867.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Farms of Abkaree and Drugs, from 1st of August 1867 to 31st of July 1868, in the Cantonments of Poona and Kirkee, will be sold by Public Auction on the 5th of June 1867, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the Cantonment Magistrate's Office, Poona.

The conditions of sale, and all other particulars may be learned on application at the above office, as also at that of the Collector of Poona.

Four shops are allowed in the City of Poona, the particulars of which may be learnt at the above offices.

No petition or bid will be taken into consideration after closing the sale of the Contract.

G. C. EVEZARD, Major,

Cantonment Magistrate.

*Cantonment Magistrate's Office,
Poona, 1st May 1867.*

Notice.

SALE OF LAND.

Lots of Ground on the Esplanade, available for Building sites, will be sold at fixed rates, after the 15th instant.

Intending purchasers can inspect the plans, and learn all further particulars regarding rates, conditions of building, &c., on application at the Secretary's office in the North Pendall, adjoining the Military Pay Office.

C. W. FINCH, Captain, R.E.,

Acting Secretary, Architectural Improvement
Committee.

Bombay, 13th April 1867.

Notice

Is hereby given that the materials of the Government Tobacco Warehouses on the Musjid Bunder, will be put up to Public Auction on *Saturday*, the 15th instant, at 2 P.M. For further particulars, apply to the Assistant Commissioner of Customs in charge of Musjid Bunder:

A. F. BELLASIS,

Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Bombay, Commissioner of Customs' Office,

4th June 1867.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY CALENDAR for 1867-68, with the Examination Papers for 1866-67.

Price Two Rupees.

THACKER, VINING, & Co., BOMBAY.

Bank of Bombay.

Notice is hereby given that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors of the Bank will be held in the Bank Office, in the Fort, on *Tuesday*, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing a Director in room of MICHAEL H. SCOTT, Esquire, resigned, and also for electing an Auditor in room of the Honorable A. J. HUNTER, resigned, as provided for under Sections XVIII. and XXXVIII. of Act X. of 1863.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JOHN STUART,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 11th June 1867.

Notice.

The Public are informed that there are available with the undersigned, the following Currency Notes of the Sind Circle, viz:—

362 Ten Rupees Notes of the Value of Rs.	3,620
153 Twenty Rupees do. do. do.	3,160
107 Fifty Rupees do. do. do.	5,350
248 One Hundred Rupees do. do. do.	24,800
15 Five Hundred Rupees do. do. do.	7,500
189 One Thousand Rupees do. do. do.	1,89,000

The above Notes are a legal tender for all payments within the Circle of Issue, and are payable in Cash or in exchange for other Notes of the same Circle, at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Issue at Kurrachee.

A. GORDON,

Assistant Commissioner of Paper Currency.

Office of Issue of Paper Currency,
Bombay, 3rd June 1867.

CURRENCY NOTES.

Extract from Financial Department Notification,
No. 1004A, dated Simla, 30th July 1866.

Para. 9.—“The person making the statement respecting a lost or destroyed note, or portion of note, will be required to advertise its loss (free of charge) thrice at least in the *Official Gazette* of the Presidency or place where or within which the note is payable, and once in the *Gazette of India*.”

Notice.

STOLEN at Beypore, 19th April 1867, three 100 Rupee Notes (Bank of Bombay), $\frac{c}{34}$ 19th June 1865, Nos. 25841, 43741, 49325.

And at Calcutta, 12th May 1867, one 100 Rupee Note (Bank of Bombay) $\frac{c}{34}$ 19th June 1865, No 44266.

FREDERIC BRINE,

Major, Royal Engineers.

Calcutta, 23rd May 1867.

Lost or stolen the Half of a Government Currency Note for Rs. 10, No. $\frac{c}{99}$ 99380. Intimation of loss has been given to the Paper Currency Department.

T. CRONE,

Chaplain's Clerk, Tanna.

T'anna, 1st June 1867.

LOST (or stolen) Half of the following Currency Note; intimation of loss given to the Currency Office, Bombay. No. $\frac{c}{99}$ 77660, dated 13th June 1865, Rupees (20) Twenty.

C. A. LYONS.

Bombay, 5th June 1867.

Notice under Act XXII. of 1863.

CIVIL ENGINEER'S OFFICE,

2, Rampart Row, Bombay, 30th May 1867.

To the SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT,

Public Works Department.

SIR,—With reference to previous correspondence I have now the honour to submit to His Excellency the Governor in Council this my application for a concession of the right of constructing, upon the term of subsidy, &c., sanctioned by the Secretary of State for Branch Railways, a line of Railway of the standard gauge of 5 feet 6 inches, together with other necessary works appertaining thereto, between NERIAD, MUHOONDA, and KUPPERWUNJ, in the KAIRA Zillah, GOOJERAT.

2. Neriad being a Station on the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, and Kupperwunj a town some 20 miles distant to the north east.

3. It is proposed to construct the Railway upon, and in the neighbourhood of, a road already commenced in the same direction, and with a view to this, the Local Funds Committee of the Zillah has been applied to for a grant of the works completed, in progress, and sanctioned, on the said road.

4. A statement has been submitted showing the estimated cost of the work to be about 15 lacs of Rupees.

5. It is proposed to provide the Funds and carry out the work by means of a Joint Stock Company, and to work the line after completion, or as certain parts may be completed, either independently by the Joint Stock Company, or through the medium of the present Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company.

6. All land required to be taken, and all things required to be done, in connection with this undertaking, will be for the construction of works of public utility, within the meaning of Act XXII. of 1863, and I therefore beg that His Excellency in Council will allow the work to be duly registered under the said Act.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

T. A. BULKLEY,

Civil Engineer.

સને ૧૮૬૩ ના ૨૨ મા આક્ટ સુબ્ય જાહેરનામું.

સીવીલ ઇન્જિનેરની આશીશ,

રામપાર રોડના ૨ ના ઘરમાં, મુંબઈ.

તારીખ ૩૦ મી મે રાત ૧૮૬૭.

પબ્લિક વર્કસને વાસ્તે રાકારના શેકરેટરી નોગ.

શાહેબ મેહેરબાન,

આપણા આગળ પત્રવ્યવહાર પ્રમાણે ખાંચ રેલવેને વાસ્તે રેટ રોકરેટરીએ. પૈસાની કુમક વગેરે આપવાના કારર ઊપર સાંકરના કીધા પરમણે, યુજ્જરાત પ્રાંતમાંથી જીલ્લામાં નરીઅદ, મહુંડ, અને કપડવણુએ ગાંધોની વચ્ચે ૫ કુટ ૬ ઇંચ ઊંચી લઇને રેલવે બાંધવાનું તથા તે સંબંધી ખીલ અગતનાં કામો બાંધવાનો હાકમ મલવા રાહ નામદાર ગવર્નર ઇન કૌનસીલને અરજ કરેલું.

POST OFFICE NOTIFICATIONS.

Changes of Address.—All communications on the Subject should be made to the POST MASTER of Bombay, or other POST MASTERS, and not to the POST MASTER GENERAL. The name of the Post Town to which letters will be found addressed should be stated in the application.

Complaints from Residents of Bombay requiring redress as to surcharge of postage, missending, or delay in the delivery of letters, &c., should be made to the Post Master, accompanied by the envelopes of the letters referred to.

Similar complaints in the Mofussil should be made to the Inspecting Post Master of the Division, also accompanied by the envelope.

An appeal against the decision of the Post Master of Bombay, or of the Inspecting Post Master, can always be made to the Post Master General.

No request for alteration in the destination of letters can be attended to in the Bombay Post Office after the Overland Mail is signalled.

Overland Mails.—The P. and O. Steam Navigation Company's Steamers, with the homeward Overland Mails, will, in future, leave this Port in the Afternoon instead of in the Morning, as heretofore, on the dates already fixed and notified for their departure. The Mails at the General Post Office will be closed on those dates at 2 P.M. An after packet, for late letters, with fee of 8 Annas each, being kept open until 3 P.M.

Registered Letters will be received up to 1 P.M.

Overland Mails.—The two next Overland Mails per P. and O. Company's Steam Packet will be closed at the dates and hours below named:—

Monday, 24th June 1867, 2 P.M.	}	After Packet until 3 P.M.
Tuesday, 9th July 1867, do.		

After-Packet Letters will not be forwarded unless an 8-anna stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage.

Registered Letters will be received until 1 P.M.

Overland Mails.—The dates of departure of the P. & O. Company's Contract Mail Steamers, during the year 1867, for *Suez*, will be the 14th and 29th of each month at 5 P. M., except in the monsoon months, when they will start on the 9th and 24th, as detailed below, at the same hours.

June	9th and 24th.
July	9th and 24th.
August	9th and 24th.
September	9th.

The Mail Steamers for *China* will leave Bombay on the 15th and 30th throughout the year at 9 A.M.

China Mail.—The Post Office Packets for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, and HONGKONG, per P. & O. Company's Steamer "Behar," will be closed on Friday, 14th June 1867, at 6 o'clock P.M. A Packet for late Letters will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until 7 A.M. on the 15th instant.

MAURITIUS, CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, and AUSTRALIAN MAILS will be made up by this opportunity only.

Rates of Postage to China.—The rate of Postage Chargeable on letters conveyed from India to Hongkong or other British Post Offices in China by Her Majesty's Mail Steamers or by the French Mail Steamers will be four annas on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, and an additional sum of four annas per every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce.

Extra Overland Mail.—The Extra Overland Mail Service to *Suez* will be discontinued during the Monsoon, and will terminate with the despatch of Mails from Bombay on the 20th May, and from *Suez* on the 6th June 1867.

Overland Mails.—The rates of Letter, Newspaper, and Book Postage are as follows:—

LETTERS.		POSTAGE.	NEWSPAPERS.		POSTAGE.	BOOKS AND PAT- TERNS OR SAMPLES OF MERCHANDIZE	POSTAGE.
Weight.		Rs. a. p.	Weight.		Rs. a. p.	Weight.	Rs. a. p.
By Marseilles	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce	0 6 8	Under 4 oz.	0 2 0	Under 4 oz.	0 4 4	
	" 1 "	0 13 4	" 8 "	0 4 0	" 8 "	0 8 8	
	" 2 "	1 10 8	" 12 "	0 6 0	" 12 "	0 13 0	
	" 3 "	2 8 0			" 1 lb.	1 1 4	
	" 4 "	3 5 4			" $1\frac{1}{4}$ "	1 5 8	
	" 5 "	4 2 8			" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 10 0	
	" 6 "	5 0 0			" $1\frac{3}{4}$ "	1 14 4	
By Southampton. . . .	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce	0 4 0	Under 4 oz.	0 1 6	Under 4 oz.	0 3 0	
	" 1 "	0 8 0	" 8 "	0 2 0	" 8 "	0 6 0	
	" 2 "	1 0 0	" 12 "	0 3 0	" 12 "	0 9 0	
	" 3 "	1 8 0			" 1 lb.	0 12 0	
	" 4 "	2 0 0			" $1\frac{1}{4}$ "	0 15 0	
	" 5 "	2 8 0			" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 2 0	
	" 6 "	3 0 0			" $1\frac{3}{4}$ "	1 5 0	
					" 2 "	1 8 0	

Kurrachee and Scinde Mails, per Steamer "Penang," will be closed twelve hours after the arrival of the Overland Mail.

Ocean Mails.—The following Ocean Mails will be made up and despatched at the *times named*:—

	Date of departure.	Mails will close.	An after Packet will be made.
China	15th and 30th.	6 P.M. previous evening.	7 A.M. on the day of departure.
Ceylon			
Penang			
Singapore			
Hongkong			
Australia			
Cape of Good Hope	15th.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Mauritius			
Natal			
Reunion			
St. Helena			
Muscat			
Persian Gulf	3rd and 17th.	12 noon on the day of departure.	None.
Bussorah			
Bagdad	1st and 15th.	12 noon.	None.
Malabar Coast and Calcutta			
Rutnagherry	Every Saturday.	12 noon on the day of departure.	None.
Vingoorla			
Goa			
Karwar			
Beypore			
Mangalore			
Cochin			
Calicut			
Cannanore			
Tellicherry			
Kurrachee	12 hours after the arrival of each Overland Mail.		None.

TABLE of the Expected Arrival and Departure of the Ocean Mails for the week ending Thursday, 13th June 1867.

ARRIVAL.	DEPARTURE.
Persian Gulf Mail, 13th June 1867.	Persian Gulf Mail, 17th June 1867. China Mail, 15th June 1867.

Mauritius and Cape of Good Hope Mails.—Under instructions from H. M.'s Post Master General, London, it is hereby notified that a new Mail Packet line has been established between Point de Galle and Port Louis (Mauritius), direct, instead of between Suez and Mauritius *via* Aden, as formerly. Letters and Papers for Mauritius, Natal, Reunion, Cape of Good Hope, &c., will accordingly be despatched *via* Point de Galle by the China Mail Steamer leaving Bombay on the morning of the 15th of each month, so as to be in time for the Mail Steamer which is appointed to leave Point de Galle for Port Louis on the 22nd idem.

Mails from the above places will likewise be received at Bombay by the aforementioned route. The packet leaving the Cape on the 17th will sail from Port Louis on the 6th of each month, and be due at Point de Galle on the 17th and at Bombay (with the China Mail) on the 22nd of each month.

Extension of time in posting Overland Letters.—The Post Master being frequently unable to obtain early intelligence, on Overland Mail days, of the anticipated time of arrival of the North East Mail Trains, upon which the departure of the Suez Steamer depends, and having in consequence no means of giving the public timely notice of unavoidable detentions of 2 or 3 hours, it is hereby notified that whenever the Suez Steamer is obliged to be put off, notices will be sent to the Secretariat, Chamber of Commerce, and the Public Journals in the Fort, and one will be hung up conspicuously outside the Post Office gates for general information.

To give the public the advantage of posting letters of importance to the latest hour, when such minor detentions occur, the Mail boxes will be kept open for *fully prepaid* letters upon which the after-time fee is affixed, to within 15 minutes of the departure of the Mail Vans, notification of which will be obtained at the Post Office.

Postage Stamps.—The following reductions have been made in the selling price of the undermentioned description of Postage Stamps:—

A Packet of 16 One-Anna Envelopes, from 1 Rupee 2 Annas to 1 Rupee 1 Anna.

A Packet of 16 Half-Anna Notepaper, from 12 Annas to 10 Annas.

Six-Annas Foreign Bill Stamps, when crossed with the word "Postage," will be recognized as Postage Stamps of the value of Six Annas, and can be used in the payment of postage on Overland or other letters and parcels.

Changes in Mail Trains.—In consequence of the alterations in the Departure and Arrival of the Mail Trains on the Lines of the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways, the following changes will take place on and after the 9th and 10th June 1867 respectively, in the hours of Closing of Mails at the General Post Office:—

DESPATCH OF MAILS.

MAILS.	Latest hour for Posting.	
	Ordinary Letters and Papers.	After Packet Letters.
For Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Khandeish, Malwa, Berar, Central Provinces, Punjab N. W. Provinces, and Bengal.....	5 P.M.	5, 30 A.M.
For Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Poona, the Deccan, S. M. Country, and Madras Presidency	12 noon	1 P.M.
For Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Stations on the Railway Line as far as Poona	8 A.M.	.....
For Post Towns on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Post Offices on the Railway Line, Guzerat, Scinde, Kattiawar, and Kutch.....	7 A.M.	8 A.M.

Registered Letters and Banghy Parcels for despatch by all Mails will be received, except on Sundays, from 7 to 8 A.M. and from 12 (noon) to 5 P.M.

Delivery of Letters.—From and after the 1st June next, there will be six deliveries of paid letters, instead of three, all over the Island of Bombay, at the following hours:—

A. M.	P. M.
8, 10, 11½.	12½, 2, 5,

The delivery of *unpaid* letters will be confined to two hours, viz., at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., and of *Banghy* Parcels to one hour, 11½ A. M. On Sundays, there will be two deliveries of letters only, at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

Letter Carriers, instead of commencing delivery from the General Post Office in the Fort only, will do so from nine different Branch Post Offices, exclusive of the General Post Office in the Fort, from which light carts will convey the Mails speedily and regularly to the Branch Offices. The Carts will, on each occasion, make a complete circuit of the District Post Offices, both in going and returning, and exchange letter bags with each Branch Post Office. The Local as well as Inland Correspondence will thus be enabled to be delivered all over the Island within one hour if addressed to any street in the same Postal Division, if addressed to a street in any other Division, within two hours.

To effect this, it is only necessary to post letters at detached Letter Boxes within one hour of the time named for delivery, and at Branch Post Offices within half an hour as follows:—

Letters Posted at detached Letter Boxes at 7, 9, 10½, 11½, A.M. 1, 4, P.M.
and at Branch Post Offices „ 7½, 9½, 11, A.M. 12 noon, 1½ 4½, P.M.
will be delivered „ 8, 10, 11½, A.M. 12½, noon, 2, 5, P.M.

It is advisable to write, as part of the address, the name of the street, and Postal Division, for which the letter is intended.

Letters intended for despatch to the Mofussil, should be posted at Branch Post Offices before 5 P.M., and at detached Letter Boxes at 4 P.M., and the same if meant for the first Local Delivery next morning.

No letters will be delivered at the window except to holders of Window Delivery Tickets.

Inspecting Officers have been appointed to supervise and watch the deliveries. To ensure punctuality and speedy delivery, the public are invited to make known either to the Inspector, to the Post Master, Bombay, or to the Post Master General direct, all defects, and irregularities, and every endeavour will be made to rectify these, and to meet the public wants.

Postage to Denmark, Sweden, and Norway.—Under an additional Postal Convention concluded between Great Britain and Denmark, the following rates of Postage, British, Foreign, and Indian, will be charged upon letters sent from India, *via* Southampton, through the United Kingdom to Denmark, Sweden, or Norway:—

DESTINATION.	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Every additional ½ oz.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Denmark.....	0 6 0	0 12 0	1 2 0	0 6 0
Sweden	0 7 4	0 14 8	1 6 0	0 7 4
Norway	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	0 8 8

2. Letters sent to the above countries *through Great Britain via* Marseilles, will be liable to an additional French rate of two annas and 8 pies for every half ounce.

Ship Letters Postage.—As letters received or despatched by private ship or steamer are charged with extra, *i.e.* ship postage of one anna each letter in addition to all other postages due, and which is levied on delivery of the letter, it is requested that letters intended for despatch by private vessels should be always so marked on the cover, otherwise in the absence of such direction they will be forwarded by land, where land communication exists.

3. Letters for the above countries, sent through France, but *not* through Great Britain, are liable to the following rates of postage, which may be prepaid or not at the option of the sender. All letters intended for despatch by this route should be marked *via* France:—

DESTINATION.	Not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	Every addi- tional $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Denmark.....	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	0 8 8
Sweden	0 12 8	1 9 4	2 6 0	0 12 8
Norway	0 12 8	1 9 4	2 6 0	0 12 8

4. The prepayment of letters sent through Great Britain is optional; but unpaid letters will be liable to an increased charge on delivery.

5. Prepaid letters for any of the countries named can be registered on payment in advance of the ordinary Registration Fee of four annas, and an additional Foreign Registration Fee of four annas.

Postage on Letters for Italy.—Letters for any place in the Kingdom of Italy can be prepaid in India at the option of the sender, and will be forwarded with the British Mails to Alexandria, and from thence to their destination, by Brindisi or Ancona.

2. The following table shows the combined Indian Sea and Italian Postage chargeable on letters prepaid in India by means of Indian Postage Stamps:—

	Rs. a. p.
1. On letters weighing less than $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., one rate	0 6 0
2. On letters weighing more than $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., but less than $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 3 half-rates	0 9 0
3. On letters weighing more than $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., but less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an ounce, 5 half-rates	0 15 0
4. On letters weighing more than $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., but less than 1 oz., 6 half-rates	1 2 0
5. On letters weighing more than 1 oz., but less than 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 8 half-rates	1 8 0

and so on, adding a half rate or three annas for every additional quarter of an ounce, and one rate or six annas for every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce.

3. Unpaid letters from Italy are subject, on delivery in India, to the above rates, and to an additional charge of one penny (eight pies) for each half ounce.

4. Sea and Italian Postage on Newspapers, Books, Printed Papers, and Packets of Samples for Italy cannot be fully prepaid in India, but when posted at any Office except at the port of despatch are liable to Indian Newspaper and Book Post rates, which much must be prepaid.

Postage on Letters to French Post Offices in Turkey.—From the 1st proximo letters posted in India addressed to any French Post Office in Turkey* (except Constantinople), or to the French Post Offices at Tunis and Tangiers, may be sent at the option of the sender either unpaid or paid, and will be subject to the rates of postage to which they would be liable if addressed to France, according to the following table:—

	Rs. a. p.
A letter not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.....	0 5 4
Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0 10 8
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1 0 0

And so on, adding a single rate of postage, As. 5-4, for every additional quarter-ounce or fraction of a quarter-ounce.

N.B.—The above rates include Indian Inland Postage.

2. Postage, if prepaid, must be paid by means of stamps attached to the letter on the side on which the address is written.

3. Unpaid letters received in India will be charged at the rate of As. 8-8 per quarter-ounce.

4. Prepaid letters may be registered, double postage being prepaid in stamps. No separate registration fee will be levied.

Care should be taken to endorse "By French Post" on letters sent under this notice.

Newspapers for the above places cannot be prepaid in India like those for France.

Postage on Letters to the French Colony of New Caledonia.—Letters posted in India, addressed to the French Colony of new Caledonia, may be sent at the option of the senders either unpaid or paid, and will be subject to the rates of postage to which they would be liable if addressed to France, according to the following table:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
A letter not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	0	5	4
Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	10	8
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1	0	0

and so on, adding a single rate of postage, annas 5 pies 4, for every additional quarter ounce, or fraction of a quarter ounce.

N.B.—The above rates include Indian Inland Postage.

2. Postage, if prepaid, must be paid by means of Stamps attached to the letter on the side on which the address is written.

3. Unpaid letters received in India will be charged at rate of annas 8 pies 8 per quarter ounce.

5. Prepaid letters may be registered, double postage being prepaid in Stamps. No separate Registration Fee will be levied.

Care should be taken to endorse "By French Post" on letters sent under this Notice.

Inland Indian Postage must be prepaid on Newspapers and Printed Papers addressed to the abovenamed Colony.

Postage on Letters to Portugal via France. —Her Majesty's Post Master General has intimated that under the terms of a Postal convention concluded between France and Portugal, the prepayment of postage on letters between India and Portugal when forwarded <i>via</i> France, will cease to be compulsory. Registered letters may also be sent to Portugal provided the postage be paid in advance.			
	Rs.	a.	p.
Not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	0	6	8
" $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	13	4
" $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1	4	0
" 1 oz.	1	10	8

Books and Patterns to Belgium.—Under an additional Postal Convention concluded between Great Britain and Belgium, Books and Patterns can be sent through Great Britain to Belgium under the following Regulations:—

In future, under the term "Book Packets" may be forwarded not only stitched or bound books, pamphlets, and sheets of music, but also printed proof sheets, with ordinary corrections in writing and manuscript attached to such proofs and having reference to them, as well as legal and other documents in manuscript; photographs and drawings (so long as those articles are not in glass or placed under glass); prints or maps, printed, engraved, or lithographed, and whether in paper, parchment, or vellum: but no letter or communication of the nature of a letter, must be forwarded in such Packets, or in or upon their covers.

Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, publication, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c., be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps; markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of literary or artistic matter, or usually appertains thereto.

Patterns or Samples of Merchandise may also, in future, be sent to Belgium at the same rates of postage as Book Packets, and subject to the following Regulations:—

1st.—The Patterns or Samples must not be of intrinsic value. This Rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature, and, indeed, whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mere use as a Pattern or sample; and the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a Pattern or Sample must not be so great that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

2nd.—There must be no writing or printing, in addition to the address of the person for whom the packet is intended, and the address of the sender, other than a trade-mark and numbers and the prices of the articles; and these particulars must in all cases, be given, not one loose piece of paper, but on small labels attached to the Samples, or the bags containing them.

3rd.—The Patterns or Samples must be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of Examination. Samples, however, of seeds, drugs, and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or other material tied at the neck; or the bags may be entirely closed, provided that they be transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

4th.—No article likely to injure the contents of the Mail bags, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office, may be sent through the Post as a Pattern.

If either of the foregoing Rules be infringed, the packet must not be forwarded.

Pattern and Book Post between India, the United Kingdom, and British Colonies.—

Under the following conditions as to mode of packing, exclusion to all communications of the nature of a letter, and prepayment of Postage by means of stamps, packets of books, patterns, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, Colonial, or Foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or any Colonial Legislature, may be transmitted between any part of the East Indies, Great Britain, Malta, Gibraltar, the Australian Colonies, Hongkong, Ceylon, Mauritius, Aden, Singapore, and Penang, at the rates of Postage given in the subjoined Table.

The following rates of Postage must be paid in advance by means of stamps attached to the packet. No packet exceeding 3 lbs. (120 Tolas) in weight can be sent:—

TABLE A.

SCALE OF POSTAGE CHARGES on packets of books or patterns, not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight, sent by Book-Post between India and Great Britain, Malta, and Gibraltar—

	<i>Rs.</i>	<i>a.</i>	<i>p.</i>
1. For a packet not exceeding 4 ozs. in weight	0	3	0
2. For a packet exceeding 4 ozs. and not exceeding 8 ozs.	0	6	0
3. For a packet exceeding 8 ozs. and not exceeding 12 ozs.	0	9	0
4. For a packet exceeding 12 ozs. and not exceeding one pound	0	12	0
5. For a packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	0	15	0
6. For a packet exceeding 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.	1	2	0

and so on for every additional weight of 4 ozs. an additional charge of 3 annas.

TABLE B.

SCALE OF POSTAGE CHARGES on packets of books or patterns not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight, sent by Book-Post between India, Hongkong, Ceylon, Mauritius, Aden, Singapore, Penang, and the several Australian Colonies—

	<i>Rs.</i>	<i>a.</i>	<i>p.</i>
1. For a packet not exceeding 4 ozs. in weight	0	2	0
2. For a packet exceeding 4 ozs. and not exceeding ½ lb.	0	4	0
3. For a packet exceeding ½ lb. and not exceeding 1 lb.	0	8	0
4. For a packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	0	12	0
5. For a packet exceeding 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.	1	0	0
6. For a packet exceeding 2 lbs. and not exceeding 2½ lbs.	1	4	0
7. For a packet exceeding 2½ lbs. and not exceeding 3 lbs.	1	8	0

The following conditions are to be observed in sending book and pattern packets by Post:—

1st.—The Postage must be prepaid by means of stamps affixed outside the packet or its cover.

2nd.—Every packet must be sent either without a cover or in a cover open at the ends or sides so as to admit of the enclosures being removed for examination. Samples, however, of seeds, &c. may be enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or other material fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened, or in bags entirely closed, provided that they are transparent, so that the Officers of the Department may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents. If this rule be infringed, the packet will be treated as a letter.

3rd.—A book packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters) photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass), prints or maps, and any quantity of paper, parchment, or vellum; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, engraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these, but no printed matter or prints will be allowed, except such as may be printed on paper, parchment, or vellum. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and in short whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

4th.—The packet must not contain any letter closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor must there be any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed, in any such packet or on its cover. Entries, however, merely stating who sends the book, &c., or to whom it is given, are not regarded as a letter. In the case of packets of patterns the address of the sender, a trade mark and numbers, and the prices of the articles may be written, not on loose pieces of paper, but on the cover or on small labels attached to the samples or bags containing them.

5th.—No book or pattern packet can be received if it exceeds two feet in length, width, or depth.

6th.—The prohibition which has heretofore existed to the transmission as patterns of articles of intrinsic value by the Post between the United Kingdom and India has been withdrawn.

7th.—The rule which forbids the transmission through the Post of an article which might injure the contents of the Mail Bags, or the Officers of the Post Office, is so far relaxed as to permit the transmission of Scissors, Knives, Razors, Forks, Steel-pens, Nails, Keys, Watch Machinery, Metal Tubings, Pieces of Metals or Ore, and such like, as samples, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the Mail Bags and the Officers of the Post Office, while at the same time the samples may be easily examined. If any packet containing such articles as these be posted, which is found not to be sufficiently guarded, it will be stopped.

8th.—Samples of seed and similar articles may be sent in the bags entirely closed if transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may satisfy themselves of the nature of the contents.

9th.—In exception to the rule permitting articles of intrinsic value to be forwarded, it must be understood that such articles cannot be forwarded in the Mails *via* Marseilles.

10th.—Any packet which shall not be open to examination, as required by Rule 2, or shall have any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed, in it or upon its cover, will be charged with Letter Postage.

11th.—If a packet be found to contain any letter not wholly printed, whether closed or open, or any enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other unauthorized enclosure, the letter or enclosure will be taken out and forwarded to the address on the packet, charged with full postage as an unpaid letter, together with an additional book rate; that is, with the postage chargeable on a book weighing not more than half a pound; the remainder of the packet, if duly prepaid with stamps, will then be forwarded to its address.

12th.—In no case can a book packet be sent to the Colonies (except at the letter rate of Postage) through a foreign country.

13th.—Book or pattern packets which are wholly unpaid will be forwarded to their destination, charged with double the amount of Book Postage, and those which are insufficiently prepaid with the amount of the deficiency, and an additional book rate as a fine.

14th.—Book and pattern packets sent to Great Britain *via* Marseilles are subject to an additional French rate of Two Pence (1 anna 4 pie) for every 4 ozs., which must be prepaid.

Pattern Post to Netherlands.—Her Majesty's Post Master General has intimated that, in future, Patterns or Samples of Merchandise may be sent from India to the Netherlands through the United Kingdom, subject to the following Regulations :—

1st. There must be no writing, or printing, in addition to the address of the person for whom the packet is intended, and the address of the sender, other than a manufacturer's or trade mark and numbers and the prices of the articles; and these particulars must in all cases be given, not on loose pieces of paper, but on small labels attached to the samples or the bags or boxes containing them.

2nd. The Patterns or Samples must be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination. Samples, however, of seeds, drugs, and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or other material, tied at the neck, or bags may be entirely closed, provided that they be transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

3rd. No Packet of Patterns must exceed two feet, British, in length, or one foot, British, in width or depth.

No article likely to injure the contents of the Mail Bags, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office, may be sent through the Post as a Pattern; but scissors and other similar articles may be forwarded as Patterns, provided they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the Mail Bags and the Officers of the Post Office, while, at the same time, the Patterns may be easily examined.

If either of the foregoing rules be infringed, the packet must not be forwarded.

The rates of postage (exclusive of the Colonial Inland rate) to be collected will be as follows :—

For a Packet sent via Southampton.

Not exceeding 2 ozs.	Above 2 ozs. and not exceeding 4 ozs.	Above 4 ozs. and not exceeding 8 ozs.	Above 8 ozs. and not exceeding 1 lb.	Above 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lbs.	Above 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
0 2	0 4	0 8	1 4	2 0	2 8

Packets of Patterns will also, in future, be forwarded from the Netherlands to India through the United Kingdom, and will be delivered over without any claim, and, consequently, they will be liable, on delivery, to the Colonial Inland rate only.

Books and Patterns to France and Italy.—Arrangements have been made for the transmission by Post between India and France, and between India and Italy, of patterns and samples of Merchandise of no intrinsic value, under the conditions and at the rates chargeable on books and printed papers addressed to France.

2. Book packets and patterns and samples of Merchandise received from France are liable on delivery to Indian Book Post rates, namely, one anna for ten tolas.

3. Patterns, books, and printed papers posted in India are, in like manner, liable to Indian Inland rates of Book Postage, which must be prepaid.

Inland Correspondence. Tables of Postage Rates under the Indian Post Office Act of 1866.*Postage Rates on "Prepaid Letters."*

If not exceeding in Weight	Postage.	Number of Rates.
One Quarter Tola	Six Pie	One Rate.
Half a Tola	One Anna	Two Rates.
One Tola	Two Annas	Three Rates.

For every half Tola in weight above one Tola an additional anna. Every *fraction of half a Tola* above one Tola will be charged as one additional half Tola.

Insufficiently Paid Letters will be charged with double the deficient postage. *Unpaid Letters* will be charged with double the prepaid rates.

The sum of one anna in addition is chargeable as Postage on letters conveyed by "*Ship*" not being Mail Ships or Steamers recognised as such by the Governor General of India in Council.

No. 2.

Postage Rates on prepaid "Newspapers," "Books," "Packets of Newspapers," and "Proof Sheets."

If not exceeding in weight	Postage.	Number of Rates.
Ten Tolas	One Anna	One Rate.
Twenty Tolas	Two Annas	Two Rates.

For every ten Tolas in weight above twenty Tolas one additional anna; every fraction of ten Tolas will be charged as ten (10) additional Tolas.

An extra or supplement to any paper bearing the *same date* as the Newspaper, and transmitted therewith *under the same cover*, will be deemed part of the Newspaper.

No newspapers will be forwarded by Letter Post unless the postage thereof shall be fully prepaid by means of a proper stamp or stamps.

"*Proof Sheets*" marked as such may be sent by the Letter Post at the rates prescribed for Newspapers, provided "*the contents be correctly certified on the cover by the signature in full of the sender;*" otherwise the same will be charged with Postage at the rate which would be charged on an unstamped Letter of equal weight.

If the Postage chargeable on Books, Packets of Newspapers, &c., be *not prepaid* as above, they will be subject to Banghy rates of Postage, but if *partially prepaid* double the deficient postage will be charged.

No. 3.

Postage Rates on Inland Parcels.

For distances	Miles.	If not exceeding in weight							
		20 Tolas.	50 Tolas.	100 Tolas.	200 Tolas.	300 Tolas.	400 Tolas.	500 Tolas.	600 Tolas.
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Not Exceeding	300	0 4	0 8	0 12	1 8	2 4	3 0	3 12	4 8
Do. ..	600	0 8	1 0	1 8	3 0	4 8	6 0	7 8	9 0
Do. ..	900	0 12	1 8	2 4	4 8	6 12	9 0	11 4	13 8
Do. ..	1,200	1 0	2 0	3 0	6 0	9 0	12 0	15 0	18 0
Above	1,200	1 4	2 8	3 12	7 8	11 4	15 0	18 12	22 8

Not more than one Letter can be enclosed in a Banghy parcel, under a penalty not exceeding Rupees (50) fifty.

All book Packets and Parcels *not exceeding ten tolas* in weight sent through the Post Office should be conveyed by Letter Post, and be charged with Letter Postage, unless specially directed to be sent by Banghy or Book Packet Post.

No Parcel exceeding 2,000 Tolas in weight will be received for despatch at any Post Office, and no Parcel exceeding 600 Tolas on any line of Road on which the Banghy Mails are carried by Foot Runners.

Ship Postage Rates on Parcels conveyed by means of Her Majesty's Indian Post by Sea.

If not exceeding	Postage.	Number of Rates.
20 Tolas	Two Annas	One Rate.
40 do.	Four do.	Two Rates.
100 do.	Eight do.	Four Rates.

and for every hundred Tolas in weight above one hundred (100) Tolas eight additional annas. Every fraction of one hundred (100) Tolas will be charged as 100 Tolas, and if such parcels, &c., be conveyed by Her Majesty's Indian Post, partly by land and partly by sea, Ship Postage will be charged in addition to Inland Banghy Postage.

Re-directed Postage.

Every Letter or other article re-directed at any Post Office, or forwarded by Post from any place to which it shall have been conveyed by Post, will be charged, in addition to all other Postage paid or due thereon, with the rate of Postage to which it would be liable if posted and prepaid by stamps at the place where it may be re-directed or from which it may be forwarded.

Delivery of Letters.—The delivery of letters being not only retarded, but rendered almost impossible in Bombay and large towns, owing to the imperfect form of address generally adopted, the Public at large are invited to assist the Post Office, when addressing Letters to any Municipal Town, by writing invariably the name of the Street and the number of the House, and informing their correspondents of the same, by heading their Letters inside accordingly.

2. Want of attention to these apparently trifling particulars, not only delays delivery by compelling the Letter Carriers to hunt over the whole length of a street for perhaps a single person, but it affords an excuse for non-delivery, and a temptation to the Letter Carriers to throw away or destroy the Letter, owing to the trouble imposed by the want of proper direction.

3. Besides this, it also places the Post Office Department entirely in the hands of Letter Carriers, upon whose experience of localities it becomes necessary to rely.

जाहीरखबर.

लखोटया वरील पत्ता बरोबर नसल्या मुळे पत्रे पोहोचण्यास उशीर लागतो इतकंच नाही परंतु बहुत करून पोहाचण्यास अशक्य असतात सबब सर्वत्रांस असे कळविण्यांत येत की देशांतरावर पत्रे पाठविणे असल्यास लखोटयावर ज्या गावांस पाठविणे असेल त्या गावांतील रस्त्याचे नांव व घराचा नंबर ल्याहावा, ह्याच प्रमाणे आपले अडत्ये ज्या ठिकाणी असतील त्यांस कळवावे की जेणेकरून तेही त्याच प्रमाणे पत्रे पाठवतील.

वर सांगितल्या प्रमाणे पत्ता नसल्या कारणामुळे पत्रे वाटणारा सिपाई यास सर्व गल्लींतून घरे धुंडावी लागतात व तेणेकरून पत्रे पोहोचण्यास उशीर होतो इतकंच नाही परंतु पत्रे वाटणारा सिपाई यास पत्र न पोहोचल्या बद्दलची सबब सांगण्यास फुरसत मिळती, आणि पत्ता बराबर नसल्या वरून त्यास जी मेहेनत पडती तेणेकरून तो पत्र फाडून टाकण्यास व टाकून देण्यास प्रवृत्त होतो.

या खेरीज पोस्ट आफिस ही पत्रे वाटणारे सिपाई यांजवर अवलंबून असते कारण त्यांस लोकांच्या ठिकाणाची पुरी माहितीगारी असती ह्यापून त्यांजवर विश्वास ठेवणे जरूर पडते.

जुहूरअपर.

जुहूर उपर जुहूर अशपर नही होय असे माटे कागल पुगवाने वार लागे. असेलुन नही पल धलुकीने पोहोचोवोवानी हुकत पडे छे, रायभ राये सोडोने जुहूर कीधामां आवेछे हे देशेदिस कागल मोडलवाना होय तो जमुठा उपर ने गाममां मोडलवाना होय ते गामना रशतानु नाम तथा घेरनु नंभर लपवो. असे परमांले पोताना आउतीआयमे नुठेकांले होय तेम्माने उपर परमांले लपी नलुपवुं हे ते सोडपी तेन परमांले कागल मोडलशे.

उपर कहेआ परमांले जुहूर अशपर नही होय रायभ कागल आपनार शीपाईने मोडलायामां घेर शोधवा पडे तेथी कागल आपनार शीपाईने पुगोरां वार लागेय अने मेहेनतना रायभली तेम्मां कागल पतावेछे, रायभ तेम्मां रशतामां झडी नाभेय तथा नापी हेम्मेय.

असे शीवायमे पोश्ट आशीरा आताना कागल लधननार शीपाई उपर तदन भरोशो रायभ पडेय रायभ तेम्माने सोडोना घेरना ठेकांलुनी अशपर अपर होय असे वारोते तेनी उपर वीरावारा रायवाने नरु पडेछे.

Currency Notes.—Several instances having occurred of the abstraction of Currency Notes from Registered and Un-registered letters, the Director General of the Post Office desires to warn the public against sending entire Currency Notes in letters whether registered or unregistered.

2. This practice, which, notwithstanding the losses which have occurred, appears to be on the increase, not only risks the loss of the letter or its enclosures, but exposes to unnecessary temptation every person through whose hands it passes. Entire Currency Notes should never be sent by Post, if halved and despatched in registered letters on different dates, their safe arrival will generally be secured. But it must be remembered that the registration of a letter is no security against the abstraction of the contents, though it may ensure the delivery of the cover. To protect the contents of a Registered letter, it must be carefully and securely sealed, and not, as is too often the case, enclosed in a flimsy semi-transparent envelope closed with gum.

3. As one successful theft invariably leads to other attempts, the carelessness of one person, who by sending a Currency Note in an unregistered or imperfectly secured letter, has tempted a Post Office subordinate to crime, may cause not only the ruin of the person whom he has tempted, but may also lead indirectly to the organization of a system of robbery which, when once established, it is exceedingly difficult to defeat and punish.

Banghy post.—The Post Office rule is subjoined regarding the closing of Banghy Parcels:—

“No Parcel shall be received for transmission by Banghy Post unless it be securely packed in cloth, or wax-cloth, or tin; and no such parcel, packed in cloth or wax-cloth shall be received unless seals bearing distinct impressions of some device (not that of a current coin) be fixed at intervals not exceeding three inches along the lines of sewing by which the cover is secured.”

Official Franking.—From the 1st of August next, the authority to frank letters on Her Majesty's Service only, which was given to the Officers and others enumerated in the two Franking Lists, is withdrawn, and the following Rules for the payment and settlement of accounts of postage on official correspondence will be in force:—

Privileged Offices.

2. The Public Offices, enumerated in the annexed List, will be privileged to send and receive (without actual payment of postage) all letters and packets *bonâ fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service. The Post Office will keep an account of the Postage due on the official correspondence of each privileged office.

Official Covers despatched from a privileged Office.

3. Official covers despatched from a privileged Office must be properly tied up, faced, and enclosed in a bag sealed with the seal of the office.

4. Each cover must be endorsed, “On Her Majesty's Service only,” under the full signature (autograph or stamp) of the Head Clerk, or some other principal Officer of the Establishment.

5. The address must include the official designation of the Office to which the cover is directed.

6. The bag, when made up, must be sent before the hour fixed by the Post Office for the closing of the Mails for which it is intended.

Official covers addressed to a privileged Office.

7. Official covers addressed to a privileged Office by any Office not included in the privileged List must be endorsed, “On Her Majesty's Service only,” under the full signature and official designation of the person by whom they are despatched.

8. The address must include the official designation of the Office to which the cover is directed.

9. The official covers for each Office will be enclosed in the official bag, and sealed and sent out with the ordinary delivery, or given to the messenger of the Office, should one be in attendance.

Official covers not sent by, or addressed to, a privileged Office.

10. Official covers which are not sent by, or addressed to, a privileged Office, will be treated in all respects like private covers. Postage labels, marked with the word “Service,” will be made available for the prepayment of such covers.

11. Service labels are never to be used in payment of the postage of any letter which is not *bonâ fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service. Every cover prepaid by service labels, must be endorsed, “On Her Majesty's Service only,” under the full signature and official designation of the person by whom it is despatched. The address must also include the official designation of the Office to which it is directed. If the above conditions be not observed, covers (even though stamped with service labels) will be treated as ordinary unpaid covers.

12. Service labels will be procurable at the Treasury or local Stamp Depôt of each District; Officers requiring such labels will purchase the number required, paying for the same in cash as if they were ordinary postage labels. A receipt for the amount to be given by the Officer in charge of the Stamp Depôt, will serve as a voucher for the charge to be made in the Contingent Bill of the purchaser.

13. As the present supply of service labels is limited, no Public Officer should purchase more than he estimates will be sufficient for one month's supply: and it is to be remembered that service labels are not to be attached to letters addressed to, or despatched from, any privileged Office.

14. All officials who do not belong to privileged Offices, and who have official correspondence with other than privileged Offices, will have to make arrangements for supplying themselves with service labels either by direct purchase or through their departmental superiors.

Correspondence of local officials within the limits of their respective Districts.

15. For the present no change will be made in the arrangements under which the public correspondence of local officials is conveyed, within the limits of their respective Districts, by District Post or by General Post.

List of Public Offices with which the Post Office will keep accounts of Postage on official letters received and despatched, and for which official bags will be made up.

Names of Privileged Offices named in Government Notice No. 2957, dated the 20th July 1866	Names of corresponding Public Offices in the Bombay Circle.
1. Accountant General or Deputy Accountant General, in a Presidency or Province. 2. Accountant General, Public Works Department. 3. Adjutant General and Assistant Adjutant General of Division. 4. Army Clothing Superintendent 5. Board of Revenue or Financial Commissioner. 6. 7. Chief Commissioner and Personal Secretary. 8. Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department. 9. Chief Inspector of Musketry 10. Commander-in-Chief and Military Secretary to ditto. 11. Commissary General 12. Commissary of Ordnance 13. Commissioner of Division of Revenue and Settlement. 14. Consulting Engineer 15. Controller General of Accounts 16. Controller General, Military Expenditure .. 17. Controllor of Military Accounts 18. Controllor of Public Works Accounts 19. Customs' Commissioner 20. Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance .. 21. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals .. 22. Director of Public Instruction 23. Electric Telegraph Office 24. Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts. 25. Examiner of Medical Accounts 26. Examiner of Ordnance, Barracks, Clothing, and Regimental necessities Accounts. 27. Examiner, Pay Department 28. Financial Department, Secretary's Office .. 29. Foreign Department, ditto. .. 30. Gazette, Official Superintendent 31. General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity. 32. Geological Survey Superintendent 33. Governor General and Governor, and Private or Military Secretary to ditto. 34. Home Department, Secretary's Office .. 35. India Office, London 36. Inspector General or Conservator of Forests. 37. Inspector General of Hospitals 38. Inspector General of Jails 39. Inspector General of Ordnance 40. Inspector General of Police 41. Inspector General of Military Works .. 42. Judge Advocate General 43. Legal Affairs Superintendent and Remembrancer. 44. Lieutenant Governor and Private Secretary to ditto. 45. Principal Medical Store-keeper 46. Military Accountant. 47. Military Department, Secretary's Office .. 48. Mint Master, and Head Commissioner or Commissioner for the Issue of Paper Currency at the Presidency.	1. Accountant General or Deputy Accountant General. 2. 3. Adjutant General and Assistant Adjutant General. 4. Army Clothing Superintendent. 5. 6. 7. Chief Commissioner and Personal Secretary to do. 8. 9. Chief Inspector of Musketry. 10. Commander-in-Chief and Military Secretary to Ditto. 11. Commissary General. 12. Commissary of Ordnance. 13. Commissioner of Revenue and Police. 14. Consulting Engineer. 15. 16. 17. Controllor of Military Finance. 18. Controllor of Public Works Accounts. 19. Customs' Commissioner. 20. Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance. 21. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals. 22. Director of Public Instruction. 23. Electric Telegraph Office. 24. Examiner of Commissariat, Barrack, and Clothing Accounts. 25. Examiner of Medical Accounts. 26. Examiner of Ordnance. 27. Examiner, Pay Department. 28. Secretary to Government, Revenue, Financial, General, and Separate Departments. 29. Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial, and Educational Departments. 30. Gazette, Official Superintendent. 31. General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity. 32. Geological Survey Superintendent. 33. Governor General and Governor, and Private or Military Secretary to Ditto. 34. 35. India Office, London. 36. Conservator of Forests. 37. Inspector General of Hospitals. 38. Inspector General of Prisons. 39. Inspector General of Ordnance. 40. 41. 42. Judge Advocate General. 43. Legal Affairs Remembrancer. 44. Lieutenant Governor and Private Secretary to Ditto. 45. Principal Medical Storekeeper. 46. Military Accountant. 47. Secretary to Government, Military, Marine, and Ecclesiastical Departments. 48. Mint Master.

Names of Privileged Offices named in Government Notice No. 2957, dated the 20th July 1866.	Names of corresponding Public Offices in the Bombay Circle.
49. Post Office 50. Presidency Pay Office 51. Principal Inspector General, Medical Dept... 52. Public Works Department, Secretary's Office. 53. Quarter Master General 54. Registrar to the Diocese 55. Registrar of High Court 56. Registrar General of Assurances 57. Resident and Political Agent 58. Secretariat of Local Government or Administration. 59. Secretary to Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces. 60. The Bishop 61. Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery .. 62. Superintending Engineer 63. Surveyor General 64. Superintendent Great Trigonometrical Survey. 65. Superintendent and Commissioner of Survey. 66. Superintendent General and Superintendent of Vaccine 67. Superintendent General and Chief Engineer of Irrigation.	49. Post Office. 50. Presidency Pay Office. 51. Principal Inspector General, Medical Dept. 52. Secretary to Government, P. W. Department. 53. Quarter Master General. 54. Registrar to the Diocese and Archdeacon. 55. Registrar of High Court. 56. Registrar General of Assurances. 57. Govr. Genl's Agent, Resident, & Pol. Agent. 58. Secretary of Local Govt. or Administration. 59. Secretary to Commander-in-Chief of H. M.'s Naval Forces. 60. The Bishop. 61. Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery. 62. Superintending Engineer. 63. 64. Supt. Great Trigonometrical Survey. 65. Supt. and Commissioner of Survey. 66. Superintendent of Vaccine. 67. Superintendent of Irrigation.

Official Franking.—As the obligation to receive official letters by public officers seems to be misunderstood, the orders of the Supreme and local Governments are published for general information:—

Extract from a Resolution of the Supreme Government in the Home Department, dated 13th July 1855.

"6. His Honour in Council concurs with the Director General in this view of the case, and resolves accordingly that no further relaxation of the Rule be allowed, and that postage due on covers addressed to all other officers,* *bonâ fide* on the Public Service, be paid as heretofore in cash and charged in Contingent Bills."

* All officers, except Secretaries to Government, Private Secretaries to Governors or Lieutenant Governors.

Extract from the Bombay Government Order, dated 17th March 1853.

"It having been brought to the notice of Government, that the Postal Rules regarding the irregular franking of official letters, their receipt by the addressees, and the recovery of postage thereon, have not been properly understood by public officers, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish, for general guidance, the following directions on the subject:—

B. Any letter improperly franked, that is franked by persons not authorized to do so by the Government of India, or not in the prescribed form, will be treated by the Post Office as an unpaid letter, and sent meaning Postage."

Delivery at Post Office Window.—Delivery of the private correspondence of Officials at the Post Office window cannot be made except under the provision of the subjoined Postal Rules, Nos. 35 and 36, passed by the Governor General of India in Council on the 21st April 1866, under the provision of the Post Office Act:—

XXXV. Any person can rent a private box, and receive his letters &c., at the Post Office window who is willing to pay the appointed fee of twelve rupees per annum, to be paid in advance, and for a period of not less than a year. The same also are the terms for a private bag, except that in addition a charge will be made for the cost of the bag itself, and for conveyance,—the maximum of the latter being five rupees per annum if the bag be conveyed by a rural Messenger, and ten rupees if by a Contractor for a Mail Cart or other Horse Post. The weight of a private bag when empty is limited to one pound. No private bag shall be allowed without the permission of the Inspecting Post Master.

XXXVI. No person living within any town free delivery, or within the limits of a rural post free delivery, unless he rent a private box, can claim to have his letters delivered at the office window if a delivery by Letter Carrier or a despatch by Messenger is about to take place; but letters which arrive by a Mail, after which there is no immediate delivery by Letter Carrier or Messenger, may be obtained by any person on application at the office window so long as the office is open for delivery. But in order to prevent the additional trouble which is sometimes caused by letters being directed to a Post Office, although for persons residing within a free delivery from such office, but who have no private box, a Post Master is authorized, when such letters arrive by a Mail for which there is a delivery from house to house, to refuse to deliver them at the window (even though initials may be substituted for the name), and to send them out by the Letter Carriers.

Instances having been brought to notice of Service Labels having been affixed to Official Covers, addressed to privileged Officials, the attention of all Government Officials is drawn to the Government of India's Notice No. 567, dated 4th May 1866, published in the *Government Gazette*, and to the Extracts in margin.* No public letters to privileged Offices from all classes of Officials should be stamped with Service Labels.

* 2. The Public Offices enumerated in the annexed List, will be privileged to send and receive (without actual payment of postage) all letters and packets *bona fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service.

N.B.—It is to be understood that all Official Letters to and from Offices in the privileged List, are to pass free, i. e. unstamped, subject to the conditions laid down in the above resolution.

letters to privileged Offices from all classes of Officials should be stamped with Service Labels.

Inland Postage on Colonial Letters.—Under orders from Government, no Indian Inland postage will in future be levied on letters received for delivery from and despatched by Her Majesty's Mail, or French Mail Steamers, to Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, China, Hongkong, Australia, Mauritius, Port Louis, Natal, Reunion, Port Elizabeth, Cape of Good Hope, Saint Helena, Ascension, Malta, and Gibraltar.

Book Post.—Except in respect of the articles noted in the margin,* there is no restriction whatever as to the articles which may be sent from one part of India to another by Book or Packet Post.

- * 1. Letters or Communications of the nature of a Letter which are not printed.
- 2. Explosive or dangerous material or substance.

CIRCULAR.

No. 26 OF 1867.

TO ALL POST OFFICE OFFICIALS,

The following Postal Notice is published for general information and guidance:—

"Adverting to the recent augmentation* of the limit of weight for Book Packets sent by post from one place of India to another, it is hereby notified for general information that, with the concurrence of Her Majesty's Post Master General, a corresponding increase† has been made in the limit of weight for Book and Pattern Packets passing between India and the United Kingdom.

- * From 120 Tolas to 200 Tolas.
- † From 3 lbs. to 5 lbs.

(Signed) A. M. MONTEATH,
Director General of the Post Office of India.

Simla, the 1st June 1867.

TIME TABLE of ARRIVAL of the OVERLAND MAIL, and DELIVERY of LETTERS and NEWSPAPERS.

Name of the Steamer.	This Return exhibits time at which											No. of Bags received.			REMARKS.	
	Steamer anchored.		Mails were landed at the Pier.		The first Mail Bag was received.		The last Mail Bag was received.		Window Delivery commenced.		The Delivery Peons left the Office with the first Delivery of Overland Letters and Papers.		Marseilles : Southampton.	Egypt. Aden.		
"ELLORA." Time occupied	1867 June 9	P. M. 4-5	..	P. M. 4-45	..	P. M. 5-7	..	P. M. 5-25	..	P. M. 6-45	..	P. M. 7-0.	67	43	10	
	..	..	..	0-40	..	0-22	..	0-18	..	1-38	..	0-15				

TIME TABLE of ARRIVAL of the CHINA MAIL, and DELIVERY of LETTERS and NEWSPAPERS.

Name of the Steamer.	This Return exhibits										Number of Boxes received.	REMARKS.
	Steamer anchored.		Mails were landed at the Pier.		First Mail Box was received.		The Window Delivery Com- menced.		The Delivery Peons left the Office with the Delivery of China Letters and Papers.			
	1867	P. M.		P. M.		A. M.		A. M.		A. M.		
"BEHAR"	June 5	10-30	..	11-15	6	0-30	..	6-0	..	8-0	7	
Time occupied ..	..	..	..	0-45	..	1-15	..	5-30	..	2-0		

F. R. HOGG,
Officiating Post Master.

Bombay, General Post Office, 13th June 1867.