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The following Notification by the Governor-General.

READ a letter from the Controller General of Accounts reporting the result of the Tenders for Debentures of the 11th April last, which were opened by him.

Read also Lists of accepted Tenders of subscriptions payable at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, on the 1st June 1867, for Debentures payable fifteen, ten, and five years after date; also excerpts from those lists of the subscriptions towards the Debentures which are payable at the General Treasuries at Madras and Bombay on 1st June 1867.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm the acceptance of the Tenders mentioned in the lists.

ORDERED that this Resolution, the Statement of Debenture Loans, and the Abstract Statement of the Debenture Loans payable in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, together with the Lists of accepted Tenders, be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

Ordered also, that a copy of this Resolution, with the Statements and Lists of accepted Tenders, be forwarded to the several Local Governments, with a request that this Notification and its general results may be translated into the Vernacular, and published in the Local Vernacular *Gazettes*.

Ordered further, that a copy be forwarded to the Controller General of Accounts; the Accountants General at Madras and Bombay; and the Secretaries and Treasurers, Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, for information and guidance.

Statement of Debenture Loans of 1st June 1867.

LOAN AT	No. of Allottees.	Amount.	Average price.	Proceeds.
		Rs.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.
15 years	76	60,53,000	101 0 8	61,15,908 12 0
10 "	66	49,56,000	100 5 9	49,73,692 8 0
5 "	37	37,89,000	100 1 3	37,91,946 4 0
Total accepted..	179	1,47,98,000*	100 9 0	1,48,81,547 8 0
	32	7,38,000	Tendered at 8 annas premium to fifteen years, loan in excess of amount allotted. Tenders not accepted at and above par.	
Total Tenders at and above par	211	1,58,53,000		
	7	2,97,000	Tendered below par.	
Total Tenders..	218	1,61,50,000		

					Rs.
* Allotted payable at Calcutta	..	..	..	..	99,95,000
Ditto ditto at Madras	..	..	..	..	5,23,000
Ditto ditto at Bombay	..	..	..	..	42,80,000

Rs. 1,47,98,000

(Signed) EDWARD F. HARRISON,
Controller General of Accounts.

Abstract Statement of Debenture Loans of 1st June 1867.

YEARS.	Calcutta.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
15 years	45,50,000	1,68,000	13,35,000	60,53,000
10 "	34,97,000	3,55,000	11,04,000	49,56,000
5 "	19,48,000	....	18,41,000	37,89,000
Total ..	99,95,000	5,23,000	42,80,000	1,47,98,000

(Signed) EDWARD F. HARRISON,
Controller General of Accounts.

Office of Controller General of Accounts, Central Accounts Branch,
The 29th May 1867.

Government of India Debenture Loan of 1867.

DEBENTURES PAYABLE (10) TEN YEARS AFTER DATE.

List of accepted Tenders of subscriptions payable at the General Treasuries at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay on 1st June 1867, towards Debentures issuable under a Notification of the Government of India, Financial Department, published in the "Gazette of India Extraordinary" of 11th April 1867.

No.	NAME.	Amount of Debentures subscribed for.	Rate.		Amount Payable.	
		Rs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.		
1	John-Wachsel	1,000	103	0	1,030 0	
2	H. Roberts	7,000	102	0	7,140 0	
3	W. S. Seton-Karr	5,000	....		5,100 0	
4	Rasbeharry Bose	1,000	....		1,020 0	
5	Isser Chunder Mittre	6,000	....		6,120 0	
6	Grindlay & Co.	4,000	....		4,030 0	
7	Bank of Madras, per Bank of Bengal	1,00,000	101	8	1,01,500 0	
8	Ram Chunder Mitter	1,000	....		1,015 0	
9	Govindo Chunder Borah	3,000	....		3,045 0	
10	Oriental Bank Corporation	1,000	101	0	1,010 0	
11	J. W. Mirfield	10,000	....		10,100 0	
12	Serjeant E. Gleeson	1,000	....		1,010 0	
13	Surgeon-Major Parr	5,000	....		5,050 0	
14	N. W. Mackenzie	1,000	100	9	1,005 10	
15	A. Y. Watt	15,000	....		15,034 6	
16	J. Beckwith, Agent East-India Land and Credit Co.	50,000	....		50,281 4	
17	Bholagir Mangir	25,000	100	8	25,125 0	
18	W. F. Fergusson for A. T. T. Peterson	1,00,000	0	8	1,00,500 0	
19	W. F. Fergusson	10,00,000	0	8	10,05,000 0	
20	Oriental Bank	2,000	....		2,010 0	
21	Peter Mackinnon	10,000	....		10,050 0	
22	Remington and Co.	75,000	100	8	75,375 0	
23	Bank of Bengal	4,000	....		4,020 0	
24	Crooke, Rome, and Co.	25,000	....		25,125 0	
25	Bank of Bengal	15,000	....		15,075 0	
26	Bank of Bengal	10,00,000	....		10,05,000 0	
27	Poslin Chunder Roy	25,000	....		25,125 0	
28	Chartered Mercantile Bank—of this 2,50,000 is payable in Bombay		3,00,000	100	6	3,01,125 0
29	National Bank	5,00,000	100	5	5,01,562 8	
30	Oriental Bank	1,00,000	100	4	1,00,250 0	
31	Colvin, Cowie, & Co.	26,000	100	4	26,065 0	
32	Schilizzi & Co.	1,00,000	....		1,00,250 0	
33	Colvin, Cowie, & Co.	25,000	....		25,062 8	
34	Kartie Chunder Boral	25,000	....		25,062 8	
35	Major W. H. Hawes	5,000	....		5,012 8	
36	J. H. Fergusson	15,000	....		15,037 8	
37	James Mackilligan	15,000	100	2	15,018 12	
38	National Bank	2,00,000	100	1	2,00,125 0	
39	Koylash Chunder Shaha	25,000	at par		25,000 0	
40	Grindlay & Co.	1,000	....		1,000 0	
41	A. L. Agabeg	50,000	....		50,000 0	
42	David Sassoon & Co.	2,00,000	....		2,00,000 0	
43	Deputy Commissioner, Baraitch	20,000	....		20,000 0	
44	C. H. Lushington	1,00,000	....		1,00,000 0	
45	Chartered Mercantile Bank	2,50,000	....		2,50,000 0	
46	Oriental Bank Corporation	14,000	....		14,000 0	
47	Dassai Chunggunloll Santokean	50,000	....		50,000 0	
48	F. Lincoln	1,000	....		1,000 0	
Carried forward....		45,14,000	....		45,31,567 8	

Debentures payable ten years after date—concluded.

No.	NAME.	Amount of Debentures subscribed for.	Rate.	Amount payable.
		Rs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
	Brought forward....	45,14,000		45,31,567 8
49	Girderdoss Govindoss	25,000	at par	25,000 0
50	Purmanundoss Anundoss	10,000	....	10,000 0
51	J. A. Chambers	3,000	....	3,000 0
52	Harekrishnakhass Nabis	1,000	....	1,000 0
53	Moonshee Kifayut Allee	6,000	....	6,000 0
54	Dowlut Roy, Government Pleader, Bareilly	7,000	....	7,000 0
55	Oriental Bank	2,000	....	2,000 0
56	Arbuthnot & Co.	1,00,000	....	1,00,00 0
57	J. Beckwith	18,000	....	18,000 0
58	Nusserwanjee Pestonjee	4,000	....	4,000 0
59	Captain E. O. Tandy	2,000	....	2,000 0
60	Major C. M. Longmore	9,000	....	9,000 0
61	Dr. Rutherford	17,000	....	17,000 0
62	Theodore Thomas	10,000	....	10,000 0
63	Nuzzeer Ahmed	2,000	....	2,000 0
64	Commissioner of Mysore	2,00,000	....	2,00,000 0
65	Commissioner of Fyzabad and Deputy Commissioner of Baraitch	1,000	....	1,000 0
66	Radhanath Shaha and Co.	25,000	100 8	25,125 0
	Total....Rs.	49,56,000		49,73,692 8

(Signed) EDWARD F. HARRISON,
 Controller General of Accounts,
 For the Financial Secretary.

Fort William, the 5th June 1867.

Government of India Debenture Loan of 1867.

DEBENTURES PAYABLE (5) FIVE YEARS AFTER DATE.

List of accepted Tenders of subscriptions payable at the General Treasuries at Calcutta and Bombay, on 1st June 1867, towards Debentures issuable under a Notification of the Government of India, Financial Department, published in the "Gazette of India Extraordinary" of 11th April 1867.

No.	NAME.	Amount of Debentures subscribed for.	Rate.	Amount Payable.
		Rs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1	Oriental Bank.. ..	10,000	105 0	10,500 0
2	Ditto	1,000	105 0	1,050 0
3	Major De S. Barrow	5,000	102 0	5,100 0
4	J. H. Blakeman.. ..	2,000	101 8	2,030 0
5	Oriental Bank.. ..	9,000	101 0	9,090 0
6	Nanoo Mull.. ..	25,000	101 0	25,250 0
7	Grindlay and Co.	1,000	101 0	1,010 0
8	Bank of Madras, per Bank of Bengal	1,00,000	101 0	1,01,000 0
9	Gungokaunt Mookerjee	1,400	100 8	1,005 0
10	G. H. Lawrence	3,000	100 4	3,007 8
11	J. Beckwith, Landholders and Commercial Association.. ..	6,000	100 3	6,011 4
12	Ditto East India Land Credit Co.. ..	30,000	100 3	30,056 4
13	Chartered Mercantile Bank	4,00,000	100 2	4,00,500 0
14	A. J. Watt	15,000	100 2	15,018 12
15	National Bank	5,00,000	100 1	5,00,312 8
16	Dasai Chugunloll Santakean	50,000	par	50,000 0
17	J. H. Fergusson.. ..	15,000	..	15,000 0
18	Kosuldoss Luchmeedoss	4,000	..	4,000 0
19	Manockjee Jamsetjee Moody	1,000	..	1,000 0
20	Major-General Frank Adams, C. B.	5,000	..	5,000 0
21	W. F. Fergusson	50,000	..	50,000 0
22	Ditto Agent for Colonel W. Anderson	75,000	..	75,000 0
23	Oriental Bank	18,000	..	18,000 0
24	Oriental Bank	10,00,000	..	10,00,000 0
25	Remington & Co.	75,000	..	75,000 0
26	Major Napper	1,000	..	1,000 0
27	S. Mortimer	1,000	..	1,000 0
28	Nusserwanjee Pestonjee	4,000	..	4,000 0
29	Kartik Chunder Boral	25,000	..	25,000 0
30	Bank of Bengal, payable in Bombay	10,00,000	..	10,00,000 0
31	Ramnarain	1,000	..	1,000 0
32	Major H. J. Hawes	2,000	..	2,000 0
33	D. Sassoon & Co.	2,00,000	..	2,00,000 0
34	Major L. B. Jones	3,000	..	3,000 0
35	Gladstone, Wylie, and Co.	1,00,000	..	1,00,000 0
36	Crooke, Rome, and Co.	50,000	..	50,000 0
37	Oriental Bank	1,000	100 8	1,005 0
Total Rupees....		37,89,000		37,91,946 4

(Signed) EDWARD F. HARRISON,

Controller General of Accounts,

For the Financial Secretary.

Fort William, the 5th June 1867.

Government of India Debenture Loan of 1867.

List of accepted Tenders of subscriptions payable at the General Treasury, Madras, on 1st June 1867, towards Debentures issuable under a Notification of the Government of India, Financial Department, published in the "Gazette of India Extraordinary" of 11th April 1867.

No.	NAME.	Amount of Debentures subscribed for.	Rate.	Amount payable.
	<i>Debentures payable 10 years after date.</i>	Rs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
45	Chartered Mercantile Bank (in part)	20,000	par	20,000 0
49	Girdur Doss Gobend Doss	25,000	..	25,000 0
50	Permanund Doss Anund Doss	10,000	..	10,000 0
56	Arbuthnot & Co.	1,00,000	..	1,00,000 0
64	Commissioner of Mysore	2,00,000	..	2,00,000 0
	Total Rupees	3,55,000	..	3,55,000 0
	<i>Debentures payable 15 years after date.</i>			
12	Girdir Doss Vurjee Loll Doss	12,000	102 0	12,240 0
	Ditto Ditto	12,000	101 8	12,180 0
	Ditto Ditto	12,000	101 0	12,120 0
	Ditto Ditto	9,000	100 8	9,045 0
30	Arbuthnot & Co.	50,000	101 0	50,500 0
64	Ditto	73,000	100 8	73,365 0
	Total Rupees	1,68,000	..	1,69,450 0

(Signed) EDWARD F. HARRISON,
Controller General of Accounts,
For the Financial Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM, }
The 5th June 1867. }

Government of India Debenture Loan of 1867.

List of accepted Tenders of Subscriptions payable at the General Treasury, Bombay, on 1st June 1867, towards Debentures issuable under a Notification of the Government of India, Financial Department, published in the "Gazette of India Extraordinary" of 11th April 1867.

No.	NAME.	Amount of Debentures subscribed for.	Rate.	Amount payable.
<i>Debentures payable 5 years after date.</i>				
4	J. H. Blakeman	Rs. 2,000	Rs. a. 101 8	Rs. a. 2,030 0
15	Agent, National Bank of India	5,00,000	100 1	5,00,312 8
16	Dassai Chuggunloll Santakean	50,000	par	50,000 0
18	Koosuldoss Luchmiedoss	4,000	..	4,000 0
19	Manockjee Jamsetjee Moody	1,000	..	1,000 0
20	Major-General Frank Adams, c. B.	5,000	..	5,000 0
25	Remington & Co.	75,000	..	75,000 0
28	Nusserwanjee Pestonjee	4,000	..	4,000 0
30	Bank of Bengal	10,00,000	..	10,00,000 0
33	D. Sassoon & Co.	2,00,000	..	2,00,000 0
		18,41,000		18,41,342 8
<i>Debentures payable 10 years after date.</i>				
17	Bholagir Mangir.. .. .	25,000	100 8	25,125 0
22	Remington & Co.	75,000	100 8	75,375 0
28	Chartered Mercantile Bank (in part)	2,50,000	100 6	2,50,937 8
29	Agent, National Bank of India	5,00,000	100 5	5,01,562 8
42	D. Sassoon & Co.	2,00,000	par	2,00,000 0
47	Dasai Chuggunloll Santakean	50,000	..	50,000 0
58	Nusserwanjee Pestonjee	4,000	..	4,000 0
		11,04,000		11,07,000 0
<i>Debentures payable 15 years after date.</i>				
9	G. Foggo.. .. .	10,000	102 0	10,200 0
13	Oriental Bank.. .. .	20,000	101 8	20,300 0
26	Ditto	5,00,000	101 0	5,05,000 0
40	Kawasjee Eduljee	5,000	101 0	5,050 0
56	Chartered Mercantile Bank (in part)	3,00,000	100 10	3,01,875 0
58	Agent, National Bank of India	5,00,000	100 9	5,02,812 8
		13,35,000		13,45,237 8

(Signed) EDWARD F. HARRISON,
Controller General of Accounts,
For the Financial Secretary.

Fort William, the 5th June 1867.

Published by order of the Governor General in Council,

(Signed) E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Government of India."

By order,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 2nd July 1867.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The Governor in Council is pleased, in pursuance of Act I. of 1859, Sections C. to CIII., to appoint R. B. BARRON, Esquire, Acting Chief Magistrate of Police, and Captain METHVEN, to conduct an investigation into the circumstances connected with the stranding of the Ship "BOMBAY," on Caranja Shoal, while in charge of a Pilot.

The investigation will be held at the Fort Police Office, on Thursday, the 11th instant, at 2 P.M.

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 3rd July 1867.

GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following Notification by the Government of India, dated 21st June 1867, No. 1634, is republished:—

"No. 1634.

With reference to the Notification No. 3205, dated the 5th April 1865, which appeared in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th idem, the Governor General in Council directs the publication of the following extracts from a Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 12, dated the 16th May 1867:—

"I have had under my consideration in Council your Despatch dated the 14th of March last, No. 3, on the subject of the compulsory retirement from the service, in October next, of the Reverend—, and suggesting, for my approval, that the rule of the enforced retirement of Chaplains should not come into operation until after five years from the date of its promulgation in India, *i. e.*, until the 8th April 1870.

I am unable to comply with your present recommendation, but am willing to extend the period of the operation of the rule till the 8th of April next, when a full three years' notice in India will have expired. Mr.—'s case, therefore, must be governed by this decision."

By order of the Governor General in Council,

(Signed) E. C. BAYLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India."

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 2nd July 1867.

NOTIFICATION BY THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

The Honorable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have issued Sunuds to the undermentioned persons, authorising them to practise as Pleaders in the Districts set forth against their names:—

No.	Names.	Date of the Sunuds.	Where to practise.
1	Doolubhram Duyaram Thakur	2nd July 1867.	Ahmedabad.
2	Choonilal Maneklal	Ditto.	Surat.

KHANDERAO C. BEDARKAR,

Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature,
Bombay, 2nd July 1867.

Deputy Registrar.

GENERAL ORDERS

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 29th June 1867.

No. 420 of 1867.—With reference to General Order No. 95, dated 21st February 1863, the Office allowance of the Brigade Major of Artillery is reduced to Rupees one hundred and thirty-five per mensem, with effect from the 1st July next.

Bombay Castle, 2nd July 1867.

No. 421 of 1867.—In conformity with G. O. G. I. No. 370, dated 4th April 1867, the Medical arrangements at the Presidency will be as follows :—

Surgeon W. G. Hunter, F.R.C.S., Principal of the Grant Medical College, Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery, First Physician to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, and Ophthalmic Surgeon.

Surgeon F. S. Stedman, Professor of Medicine, and Second Physician to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, and, during the absence on Medical Certificate of Surgeon Hunter, Acting Principal of the Grant Medical College, and Acting First Physician to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital.

Surgeon J. H. Sylvester, F.G.S., Professor of Physiology Grant Medical College, and during the absence on medical certificate of Surgeon Hunter, Acting Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery, and Acting Ophthalmic Surgeon, and Acting Second Physician to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital.

Assistant Surgeon J. T. Mackenzie, M.B., Professor of Surgery Grant Medical College, Senior Surgeon Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, and Acting Professor of Comparative Anatomy, Grant Medical College.

Assistant Surgeon J. B. Lyon, Professor of Chemistry, Grant Medical College, and Chemical Analyzer to Government.

Assistant Surgeon W. Gray, M.B., Professor of Anatomy, Curator of Museum Grant Medical College, and Second Surgeon to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital.

Surgeon Major F. Broughton, Presidency Surgeon Third District, and in medical charge of the County Jail, House of Correction, and Byculla Schools.

Surgeon Major W. Davey, Principal Medical Storekeeper, and Professor of Materia Medica Grant Medical College.

Surgeon A. V. Ward, Presidency Surgeon First District, and Professor of Midwifery Grant Medical College.

Surgeon A. M. Rogers, M.D., Presidency Surgeon Second District, and Professor of Medical Jurisprudence Grant Medical College.

Surgeon F. G. Joynt, Surgeon to the European General Hospital.

Assistant Surgeon W. Dymock, B.A., Assistant Surgeon European General Hospital, and Professor of Pathology Grant Medical College.

Surgeon W. Niven, M.D., Superintendent Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, and Marine Surgeon.

Surgeon W. A. Shepherd to continue to act for Dr. Niven, absent on leave.

Dr. G. M. Birdwood, Professor of Botany in the Grant Medical College.

Dr. Sidney Smith, Surgeon to the Coroner, Surgeon to the Police, and Health Officer to the Port.

Mr. Eccles, Professor of Hygiene in the Grant Medical College.

No. 422 of 1867.—Lieutenant H. French, Staff Corps, Wing Subaltern Her Majesty's 29th Regiment N. I., is allowed furlough to Europe for twenty months, on medical certificate, under the provisions of G. O. C. No. 392, dated 22nd April 1865.

No. 423 of 1867.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 17th June 1867, No. 629, is republished:—

"No. 629 of 1867.—The following promotions are made from the dates specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 632 of the 4th August 1864, paragraph 69, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BREVET.

To be Colonels.

* * * * * *

Lieutenant Colonel Charles Fortunatus Grant, Bombay Infantry, 10th June 1867.

* * * * * *

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India."

No. 424 of 1867.—In supersession of the present practice, Indents on Divisional Arsenal and Magazines for Military Stores for the use of Troops, will in future bear dates the 1st April, 1st July, 1st October, and 1st January, in each year.

Bombay Castle, 3rd July 1867.

No. 425 of 1867.—The undermentioned man of the Royal Regiment of Artillery having been recommended to be discharged, in consequence of his being found unfit for further service, and having been authorized to reside at the Cape of Good Hope, is permitted to draw his pay and allowances in this Presidency, pending his embarkation for that Colony:—

No. 389 Gunner Peter Michels, E Brigade, R. H. A.

No. 426 of 1867.—Assistant Apothecary Edward Mackenzie (General No. 125) is transferred to the Military Department from the 29th ultimo, his services being no longer required in the Bombay Marine.

No. 427 of 1867.—The following Officer, having applied for admission to the Staff Corps under the provisions of paragraph 5 of G. O. I. No. 331, dated 27th June 1864, is appointed to the Bombay Staff Corps from the date specified opposite his name, subject to the approval of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India:—

Rank and Name.	Corps	Staff Appointment.	Date from which admitted.
Lieutenant Doveon Valentine Treasure Grant.	33rd Foot . . .	Wing Subaltern 17th Regt. N. I.	4th April 1866.

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

M A R I N E D E P A R T M E N T.

Bombay Castle, 3rd July 1867.

No. 18 of 1867.—Assistant Apothecary Edward Mackenzie (General No. 125) is transferred to the Military Department, from the 29th ultimo, his services being no longer required in the Bombay Marine.

No. 19 of 1867.—The following arrangements are confirmed, viz:—

On the requisition of the Political Resident at Aden.

Lieutenant Colonel W. L. Merewether, C.B., Political Resident, Aden, was accommodated at the Commander's table on board the "Victoria," while proceeding from Aden to Mussowah and back, between the 23rd February and 5th March 1867, both days inclusive.

The Bishop of Galla was accommodated at the Commander's table on board the "Victoria," while proceeding from Mussowah to Aden, between the 7th and 11th February 1867, both days inclusive.

Surgeon Major Turner was accommodated at the Commander's table on board the "Victoria," while proceeding from Aden to Mussowah and back, between 23rd February and 5th March 1867, both days inclusive.

Mr. Talbot, First in Charge of Abyssinian Expedition, was accommodated at the Commander's table on board the "Victoria" from 7th February till 13th March 1867, both days inclusive.

On the requisition of the Political Resident at Bushire.

The undermentioned Officers were accommodated on board the Gun Boat "Clyde," when proceeding on duty between Bassadore, Lingar, and Bushire, at the respective tables as noted below :—

Lieutenant Colonel Lewis Pelly, Political Resident Persian Gulf, from 10th to 17th November 1866, both days inclusive	} Commander's table.
Captain A. C. Way, First Assistant Political Resident Persian Gulf, from the 11th November to 5th December 1866, both days inclusive ..	
A. N. Hojel, Esq., Second Assistant Political Resident Persian Gulf, from 10th to 17th November 1866, both days inclusive	
Mr. Lucas, Interpreter, from 10th to 17th November 1866, both days inclusive	
	} Engineer's table.

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel,

Secretary to Government.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th June 1867.

Mr. S. H. Phillpotts to act as Senior Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Surat, for the detached station of Broach, until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 29th June 1867.

Mr. R. H. Pinhey, Judge and Session Judge of the Konkan, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months, under Section 6 Chapter 2 of the Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules.

Bombay Castle, 2nd July 1867.

Mr. S. H. Phillpotts, Acting Senior Assistant Judge, and Mr. A. L. Spens, Senior Assistant Judge of Kaira, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Kaira Adawlut, on the 21st June, after office hours.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to confirm the following appointments, made by the Honorable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Bombay :—

Mr. Jayasatyabodhrao Trimubrao Inamdar, to be Canarese and Marathi Translator and Interpreter, vice Mr. Virabhadra Madivolaya.

Mr. Sarvothum Sakham, the 6th Translator and Interpreter on the Permanent Establishment, to be additional Guzerathi and Marathi Translator and Interpreter on the Temporary Establishment.

Mr. Sokar Bapoojee, Assistant Translator, to act for Mr. Sarvothum Sakham on the Permanent Establishment.

Mr. Muncherjee Bomanjee, Assistant Translator, to be additional Guzerathi and Marathi Translator and Interpreter on the Temporary Establishment.

Mr. Framjee Manockjee to be Acting Assistant Translator, in the place of Mr. Sokar Bapoojee.

Mr. Gunputrao Shreekrishna to be additional Assistant Marathi Translator on the Temporary Establishment.

Mr. Ball Bapoo to be Assistant Guzerathi and Marathi Translator and Interpreter on the Permanent Establishment, vice Mr. Muncherjee Bomanjee, transferred to the temporary Establishment.

Mr. Jamsetjee Rustomjee Setna to be Assistant Guzerathi Translator and Interpreter on the Temporary Establishment.

Mr. Burjorjee Cowasjee to be Assistant Guzerathi and Marathi Translator and Interpreter on the Temporary Establishment.

Bombay Castle, 3rd July 1867.

Lieutenant F. J. Wise to act as First Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khandeish, until further orders.

Lieutenant G. B. Simpson, Acting Superintendent of Police, Shikarpoor, is invested with the powers of a Magistrate in that District.

Meer Walidad Khan, Extra Assistant Collector of Larkhana, is invested with the powers of a Magistrate in the Shikarpoor District.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

C. GONNE,

Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 27th June 1867.

The appointment of Captain E. W. Trevor as 3rd Class Deputy Collector in Sind, vice the late Mr. A. M. Boulton, is to have effect from the 21st October 1866.

Bombay Castle, 3rd July 1867.

The Services of Mr. J. R. Daniell, of the Madras Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

Mr. N. B. Beyts, Deputy Superintendent Guzerat Revenue Survey, to Act as Superintendent of that Survey during Major Prescott's employment as Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 27th June 1867.

Mr. Rooghnathdass Roopchund has been appointed a Money Order Agent at Kaira, vice Oomiamram Wullubram.

By order,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd July 1867.

Captain J. G. T. Griffith, R.E., received charge of the office of the Executive Engineer, Ahmednuggur Collectorate, from Major W. R. Houghton, on the forenoon of the 2nd May 1867.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

M. K. KENNEDY, Colonel, R.E.,

Secretary to Government.

HARBOUR AND PILOTAGE BOARD.

Bombay, 1st July 1867.

Mr. G. A. List has been appointed Master of the Outer Light Vessel "Colaba," vice Mr. Ralph, discharged.

By order,

HENRY MORLAND, Lieutenant late I. N.,

Secretary.

NOTIFICATION BY THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

No. 17.

In supersession of the instructions contained in paragraph 2 of this office Notification No. 34, dated 16th January 1865, Officers in charge of Civil Treasuries are informed that contributions for Local Works to be executed by Public Works Officers should be credited under "Local Funds Public Works," in the same manner as sums received for Works to be executed by Civil Officers.

Funds on account of the Works to be executed by Public Works Agency should still be obtained in the manner prescribed in the Notification above referred to.

J. L. LUSHINGTON,

Accountant General.

Bombay, Accountant General's Office, 29th June 1867.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE REGISTRAR GENERAL OF ASSURANCES.

Mr. C. W. Bell and Mr. J. E. Oliphant respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Registrar of Assurances at Poona, on the 22nd June 1867.

Mr. Balkrishna Abbajee and Mr. W. Spiers respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Sub-Registrar of Assurances at Mazagon, in the Bombay District, on the 18th June 1867.

Mr. Parbhoodas Revadas and Mr. Mansookhram Pranjeevan, 1st Carkoon, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Sub-Registrar of Assurances at Anund, in the Kaira District, at 12 noon of the 19th June 1867.

Mr. Hurikusundas Juggiwandas and Mr. Purbhoodas Revadas, 1st Carkoon, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Sub-Registrar of Assurances at Boresud, in the Kaira District, in the afternoon of the 20th June 1867.

Mr. Ramchandria Shivram and Mr. Hurvutchram Sutvatchram respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Sub-Registrar of Assurances at Wugra, in the Broach District, on the 25th June 1867.

J. B. PEILE,

Registrar General.

Bombay, General Registry Office, 3rd July 1867.

STATEMENT of Appointments made under Sections 9, 10, 11, and 12 of the Registration Act XX. of 1866, by the Branch Registrar General in Sind, during the week ending the 15th June 1867.

No.	Persons appointed.	To what duties.	At what place.	REMARKS.
1	Sesana Mull.....	Sub-Registrar	Kohistan	Appointed consequent on Yacob's proceeding on leave.
2	Chelaram	Ditto.	Jattee	Appointed consequent on Jeckchund proceeding on leave.
3	Chutha Mull	Ditto.	Ghorabaree	Appointed consequent on Lallchund proceeding on leave.
4	Mohun Lall.....	Ditto.	Shahbunder	Appointed consequent on Pertabrai's transfer to Sehwan, pending the arrival of his successor.

J. MOORE,

Branch Registrar General in Sind.

Branch General Registry Office, Kurrachee, 21st June 1867.

POST OFFICE NOTIFICATIONS.

Changes of Address.—All communications on the Subject should be made to the POST MASTER of Bombay, or other POST MASTERS, and not to the POST MASTER GENERAL. The name of the Post Town to which letters will be found addressed should be stated in the application.

Complaints from Residents of Bombay requiring redress as to surcharge of postage, missending, or delay in the delivery of letters, &c., should be made to the Post Master, accompanied by the envelopes of the letters referred to.

Similar complaints in the Mofussil should be made to the Inspecting Post Master of the Division, also accompanied by the envelope.

An appeal against the decision of the Post Master of Bombay, or of the Inspecting Post Master, can always be made to the Post Master General.

No request for alteration in the destination of letters can be attended to in the Bombay Post Office after the Overland Mail is signalled.

Overland Mails.—The P. and O. Steam Navigation Company's Steamers, with the homeward Overland Mails, will, in future, leave this Port in the Afternoon instead of in the Morning, as heretofore, on the dates already fixed and notified for their departure. The Mails at the General Post Office will be closed on those dates at 2 P.M. An after packet, for late letters, with fee of 8 Annas each, being kept open until 3 P.M.

Registered Letters will be received up to 1 P.M.

Overland Mails.—The two next Overland Mails per P. and O. Company's Steam Packet will be closed at the dates and hours below named:—

Tuesday, 9th July 1867, 2 P.M. } After Packet until 3 P.M.
Wednesday, 24th July 1867, do. }

After-Packet Letters will not be forwarded unless an 8-anna stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage.

Registered Letters will be received until 1 P.M.

Overland Mails.—The dates of departure of the P. & O. Company's Contract Mail Steamers, during the year 1867, for *Suez*, will be the 14th and 29th of each month at 5 P. M., except in the monsoon months, when they will start on the 9th and 24th, as detailed below, at the same hours.

June9th and 24th.
July9th and 24th.
August9th and 24th.
September9th.

The Mail Steamers for *China* will leave Bombay on the 15th and 30th throughout the year at 9 A.M.

China Mail.—The Post Office Packets for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, and HONGKONG, per P. & O. Company's Steamer will be closed on Sunday, 14th July 1867, at 6 o'clock P.M. A Packet for late Letters will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until 7 A.M. on the 15th instant.

MAURITIUS, CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, and AUSTRALIAN MAILS will be made up by this opportunity only.

Rates of Postage to China.—The rate of Postage Chargeable on letters conveyed from India to Hongkong or other British Post Offices in China by Her Majesty's Mail Steamers or by the French Mail Steamers will be four annas on every letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight, and an additional sum of four annas per every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce.

Overland Mails.—The rates of Letter, Newspaper, and Book Postage are as follows:—

LETTERS.		POSTAGE.	NEWSPAPERS.		POSTAGE.	BOOKS AND PATTERNS OR SAMPLES OF MERCHANDISE	POSTAGE.
Weight.		Rs. a. p.	Weight.		Rs. a. p.	Weight.	Rs. a. p.
By Marseilles	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce	0 6 8	Under 4 oz.		0 2 0	Under 4 oz.	0 4 4
	" 1 "	0 13 4	" 8 "		0 4 0	" 8 "	0 8 8
	" 2 "	1 10 8	" 12 "		0 6 0	" 12 "	0 13 0
	" 3 "	2 8 0				" 1 lb.	1 1 4
	" 4 "	3 5 4				" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 5 8
	" 5 "	4 2 8				" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 10 0
By Southampton	" 6 "	5 0 0				" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 14 4
	Under $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce	0 4 0	Under 4 oz.		0 1 6	" 2 "	2 2 8
	" 1 "	0 8 0	" 8 "		0 2 0	Under 4 oz.	0 3 0
	" 2 "	1 0 0	" 12 "		0 3 0	" 8 "	0 6 0
	" 3 "	1 8 0				" 12 "	0 9 0
	" 4 "	2 0 0				" 1 lb.	0 12 0
	" 5 "	2 8 0				" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	0 15 0
	" 6 "	3 0 0				" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 2 0
						" $1\frac{1}{2}$ "	1 5 0
						" 2 "	1 8 0

Kurrachee and Scinde Mails, per Steamer "Penang," will be closed twelve hours after the arrival of the Overland Mail.

Ocean Mails.—The following Ocean Mails will be made up and despatched at the times named:—

	Date of departure.	Mails will close.	An after Packet will be made.
China	15th and 30th.	6 p.m. previous evening.	7 A.M. on the day of departure.
Ceylon			
Penang			
Singapore			
Hongkong			
Australia	15th.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Cape of Good Hope			
Mauritius			
Natal			
Reunion			
St. Helena	3rd and 17th.	12 noon on the day of departure.	None.
Muscat			
Persian Gulf			
Bussorah			
Bagdad			
Malabar Coast and Calcutta	1st and 15th.	12 noon.	None.

TABLE of the Expected Arrival and Departure of the Ocean Mails for the week ending Thursday, 11th July 1867.

ARRIVAL.	DEPARTURE.
China Mail, 6th July 1867. Overland Mail, 10th July 1867.	Overland Mail, 9th July 1867.

Mauritius and Cape of Good Hope Mails.—Under instructions from H. M.'s Post Master General, London, it is hereby notified that a new Mail Packet line has been established between Point de Galle and Port Louis (Mauritius), direct, instead of between Suez and Mauritius *via* Aden, as formerly. Letters and Papers for Mauritius, Natal, Reunion, Cape of Good Hope, &c., will accordingly be despatched *via* Point de Galle by the China Mail Steamer leaving Bombay on the morning of the 15th of each month, so as to be in time for the Mail Steamer which is appointed to leave Point de Galle for Port Louis on the 22nd idem.

Mails from the above places will likewise be received at Bombay by the aforementioned route. The packet leaving the Cape on the 17th will sail from Port Louis on the 6th of each month, and be due at Point de Galle on the 17th and at Bombay (with the China Mail) on the 22nd of each month.

Postage Stamps.—The following reductions have been made in the selling price of the undermentioned description of Postage Stamps:—

A Packet of 16 One-Anna Envelopes, from 1 Rupee 2 Annas to 1 Rupee 1 Anna.

A Packet of 16 Half-Anna Notepaper, from 12 Annas to 10 Annas.

Changes in Mail Trains.—In consequence of the alterations in the Departure and Arrival of the Mail Trains on the Lines of the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways, the following changes will take place on and after the 9th and 10th June 1867 respectively, in the hours of Closing of Mails at the General Post Office:—

DESPATCH OF MAILS.

MAILS.	Latest hour for Posting.	
	Ordinary Letters and Papers.	After Packet Letters.
For Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Khandaish, Malwa, Berar, Central Provinces, Punjab N. W. Provinces, and Bengal.....	5 P.M.	5, 30 A.M.
For Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Poona, the Deccan, S. M. Country, and Madras Presidency	12 noon	1 P.M.
For Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Stations on the Railway Line as far as Poona	8 A.M.	.....
For Post Towns on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, <i>i.e.</i> for Post Offices on the Railway Line, Guzerat, Scinde, Kattiawar, and Kutch.....	7 A.M.	8. A.M.

Registered Letters and Banghy Parcels for despatch by all Mails will be received, except on Sundays from 7 to 8 A.M. and from 12 (noon) to 5 P.M.

Inland Postage on Colonial Letters.—Under orders from Government, no Indian Inland postage will in future be levied on letters received for delivery from and despatched by Her Majesty's Mail, or French Mail Steamers, to Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, China, Hongkong, Australia, Mauritius, Port Louis, Natal, Reunion, Port Elizabeth, Cape of Good Hope, Saint Helena, Ascension Malta, and Gibraltar.

Book Post.—Except in respect of the articles noted in the margin,* there is no restriction whatever

- * 1. Letters or Communications of the nature of a Letter which are not printed.
2. Explosive or dangerous material or substance.

as to the articles which may be sent from one part of India to another by Book or Packet Post.

CIRCULAR.

No. 26 of 1867.

TO ALL POST OFFICE OFFICIALS,

The following Postal Notice is published for general information and guidance:—

“Adverting to the recent augmentation* of the limit of weight for Book Packets sent by post from one place of India to another, it is hereby notified for general information that, with the concurrence of Her Majesty's Post Master General, a corresponding increase† has been made in the limit of weight for Book and Pattern Packets passing between India and the United Kingdom.

* From 120 Tolas to 200 Tolas.

† From 3 lbs. to 5 lbs.

(Signed) A. M. MONTEATH,

Director General of the Post Office of India.

Simla, the 1st June 1867.

Delivery of Letters.—From and after the 1st June next, there will be six deliveries of paid letters, instead of three, all over the Island of Bombay, at the following hours:—

A. M.	P. M.
8, 10, 11½.	12½, 2, 5,

The delivery of *unpaid* letters will be confined to two hours, viz., at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., and of Bangly Parcels to one hour, 11½ A. M. On Sundays, there will be two deliveries of letters only, at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

Letter Carriers, instead of commencing delivery from the General Post Office in the Fort only, will do so from nine different Branch Post Offices, exclusive of the General Post Office in the Fort, from which light carts will convey the Mails speedily and regularly to the Branch Offices. The Carts will, on each occasion, make a complete circuit of the District Post Offices, both in going and returning, and exchange letter bags with each Branch Post Office. The Local as well as Inland Correspondence will thus be enabled to be delivered all over the Island within one hour if addressed to any street in the same Postal Division, if addressed to a street in any other Division, within two hours.

To effect this, it is only necessary to post letters at detached Letter Boxes within one hour of the time named for delivery, and at Branch Post Offices within half an hour as follows:—

Letters Posted at detached Letter Boxes at 7, 9, 10½, 11½, A. M. 1, 4, P. M.
and at Branch Post Offices „ 7½, 9½, 11, A. M. 12 noon, 1½ 4½, P. M.
will be delivered „ 8, 10, 11½, A. M. 12½, noon, 2, 5, P. M.

It is advisable to write, as part of the address, the name of the street, and Postal Division, for which the letter is intended.

Letters intended for despatch to the Mofussil, should be posted at Branch Post Offices before 5 P. M., and at detached Letter Boxes at 4 P. M., and the same if meant for the first Local Delivery next morning.

No letters will be delivered at the window except to holders of Window Delivery Tickets.

Inspecting Officers have been appointed to supervise and watch the deliveries. To ensure punctuality and speedy delivery, the public are invited to make known either to the Inspector, to the Post Master, Bombay, or to the Post Master General direct, all defects, and irregularities, and every endeavour will be made to rectify these, and to meet the public wants.

Postage to Denmark, Sweden, and Norway.—Under an additional Postal Convention concluded between Great Britain and Denmark, the following rates of Postage, British, Foreign, and Indian, will be charged upon letters sent from India, *via* Southampton, through the United Kingdom to Denmark, Sweden, or Norway:—

DESTINATION.	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Every additional ½ oz.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Denmark.....	0 6 0	0 12 0	1 2 0	0 6 0
Sweden	0 7 4	0 14 8	1 6 0	0 7 4
Norway	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	0 8 8

2. Letters sent to the above countries *through Great Britain via* Marseilles, will be liable to an additional French rate of two annas and 8 pies for every half ounce.

Ship Letters Postage.—As letters received or despatched by private ship or steamer are charged with extra, *i.e.* ship postage of one anna each letter in addition to all other postages due, and which is levied on delivery of the letter, it is requested that letters intended for despatch by private vessels should be always so marked on the cover, otherwise in the absence of such direction they will be forwarded by land, where land communication exists.

3. Letters for the above countries, sent through France, but *not* through Great Britain, are liable to the following rates of postage, which may be prepaid or not at the option of the sender. All letters intended for despatch by this route should be marked *via* France:—

DESTINATION.	Not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	Every addi- tional $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Denmark.....	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	0 8 8
Sweden	0 12 8	1 9 4	2 6 0	0 12 8
Norway	0 12 8	1 9 4	2 6 0	0 12 8

4. The prepayment of letters sent through Great Britain is optional; but unpaid letters will be liable to an increased charge on delivery.

5. Prepaid letters for any of the countries named can be registered on payment in advance of the ordinary Registration Fee of four annas, and an additional Foreign Registration Fee of four annas.

Postage on Letters for Italy.—Letters for any place in the Kingdom of Italy can be prepaid in India at the option of the sender, and will be forwarded with the British Mails to Alexandria, and from thence to their destination, by Brindisi or Ancona.

2. The following table shows the combined Indian Sea and Italian Postage chargeable on letters prepaid in India by means of Indian Postage Stamps:—

	Rs. a. p.
1. On letters weighing less than $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., one rate	0 6 0
2. On letters weighing more than $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., but less than $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 3 half-rates	0 9 0
3. On letters weighing more than $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., but less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an ounce, 5 half-rates	0 15 0
4. On letters weighing more than $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., but less than 1 oz., 6 half-rates	1 2 0
5. On letters weighing more than 1 oz., but less than 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 8 half-rates	1 8 0

and so on, adding a half rate or three annas for every additional quarter of an ounce, and one rate or six annas for every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce.

3. Unpaid letters from Italy are subject, on delivery in India, to the above rates, and to an additional charge of one penny (eight pies) for each half ounce.

4. Sea and Italian Postage on Newspapers, Books, Printed Papers, and Packets of Samples for Italy cannot be fully prepaid in India, but when posted at any Office except at the port of despatch are liable to Indian Newspaper and Book Post rates, which must be prepaid.

Postage on Letters to French Post Offices in Turkey.—From the 1st proximo letters posted in India addressed to any French Post Office in Turkey* (except Constantinople), or to the French Post Offices at Tunis and Tangiers, may be sent at the option of the sender either unpaid or paid, and will be subject to the rates of postage to which they would be liable if addressed to France, according to the following table:—

* Alexandretta.	Kerassun.	Smyrna.
Beyrout.	Latakia.	Sulina.
The Dardanelles.	Mersina.	Tangiers.
Galatz.	Mitylene.	Trebizond.
Gallipoli.	Rhodes.	Tripoli (in Syria)
Ibraila.	Salonica.	Tulcha.
Ineboli.	Samsoun.	Tunis, or
Jaffa.	Sinope.	Varna.

	Rs. a. p.
A letter not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.....	0 5 4
Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0 10 8
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1 0 0

And so on, adding a single rate of postage, As. 5-4, for every additional quarter-ounce or fraction of a quarter-ounce.

N.B.—The above rates include Indian Inland Postage.

2. Postage, if prepaid, must be paid by means of stamps attached to the letter on the side on which the address is written.

3. Unpaid letters received in India will be charged at the rate of As. 8-8 per quarter-ounce.

4. Prepaid letters may be registered, double postage being prepaid in stamps. No separate registration fee will be levied.

Care should be taken to endorse "By French Post" on letters sent under this notice.

Newspapers for the above places cannot be prepaid in India like those for France.

Postage on Letters to the French Colony of New Caledonia.—Letters posted in India, addressed to the French Colony of new Caledonia, may be sent at the option of the senders either unpaid or paid, and will be subject to the rates of postage to which they would be liable if addressed to France, according to the following table:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
A letter not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	0	5	4
Above $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	10	8
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., and not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1	0	0

and so on, adding a single rate of postage, annas 5 pies 4, for every additional quarter ounce, or fraction of a quarter ounce.

N.B.—The above rates include Indian Inland Postage.

2. Postage, if prepaid, must be paid by means of Stamps attached to the letter on the side on which the address is written.

3. Unpaid letters received in India will be charged at rate of annas 8 pies 8 per quarter ounce.

5. Prepaid letters may be registered, double postage being prepaid in Stamps. No separate Registration Fee will be levied.

Care should be taken to endorse "By French Post" on letters sent under this Notice.

Inland Indian Postage must be prepaid on Newspapers and Printed Papers addressed to the abovenamed Colony.

Postage on Letters to Portugal via France.—Her Majesty's Post Master General has intimated that under the terms of a Postal convention concluded between France and Portugal, the prepayment of postage on letters between India and Portugal when forwarded *via* France, will cease to be compulsory. Registered letters may also be sent to Portugal provided the postage be paid in advance.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	0	6	8
" $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	13	4
" $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	1	4	0
" 1 oz.	1	10	8

Books and Patterns to Belgium.—Under an additional Postal Convention concluded between Great Britain and Belgium, Books and Patterns can be sent through Great Britain to Belgium under the following Regulations:—

In future, under the term "Book Packets" may be forwarded not only stitched or bound books, pamphlets, and sheets of music, but also printed proof sheets, with ordinary corrections in writing and manuscript attached to such proofs and having reference to them, as well as legal and other documents in manuscript; photographs and drawings (so long as those articles are not in glass or placed under glass); prints or maps, printed, engraved, or lithographed, and whether in paper, parchment, or vellum: but no letter or communication of the nature of a letter, must be forwarded in such Packets, or in or upon their covers.

Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, publication, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c., be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps; markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of literary or artistic matter, or usually appertains thereto.

Patterns or Samples of Merchandize may also, in future, be sent to Belgium at the same rates of postage as Book Packets, and subject to the following Regulations:—

1st.—The Patterns or Samples must not be of intrinsic value. This Rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature, and, indeed, whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mere use as a Pattern or sample; and the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a Pattern or Sample must not be so great that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

2nd.—There must be no writing or printing, in addition to the address of the person for whom the packet is intended, and the address of the sender, other than a trade-mark and numbers and the prices of the articles; and these particulars must in all cases, be given, not one loose piece of paper, but on small labels attached to the Samples, or the bags containing them.

3rd.—The Patterns or Samples must be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of Examination. Samples, however, of seeds, drugs, and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or other material tied at the neck; or the bags may be entirely closed, provided that they be transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

4th.—No article likely to injure the contents of the Mail bags, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office, may be sent through the Post as a Pattern.

If either of the foregoing Rules be infringed, the packet must not be forwarded.

Pattern and Book Post between India, the United Kingdom, and British Colonies.—

Under the following conditions as to mode of packing, exclusion to all communications of the nature of a letter, and prepayment of Postage by means of stamps, packets of books, patterns, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, Colonial, or Foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or any Colonial Legislature, may be transmitted between any part of the East Indies, Great Britain, Malta, Gibraltar, the Australian Colonies, Hongkong, Ceylon, Mauritius, Aden, Singapore, and Penang, at the rates of Postage given in the subjoined Table.

The following rates of Postage must be paid in advance by means of stamps attached to the packet. No packet exceeding 3 lbs. (120 Tolas) in weight can be sent :—

TABLE A.

SCALE OF POSTAGE CHARGES on packets of books or patterns, not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight, sent by Book-Post between India and Great Britain, Malta, and Gibraltar—

	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
1. For a packet not exceeding 4 ozs. in weight	0 3 0
2. For a packet exceeding 4 ozs. and not exceeding 8 ozs.	0 6 0
3. For a packet exceeding 8 ozs. and not exceeding 12 ozs.	0 9 0
4. For a packet exceeding 12 ozs. and not exceeding one pound	0 12 0
5. For a packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	0 15 0
6. For a packet exceeding 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2½ lb.	1 2 0

and so on for every additional weight of 4 ozs. an additional charge of 3 annas.

TABLE B.

SCALE OF POSTAGE CHARGES on packets of books or patterns not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight, sent by Book-Post between India, Hongkong, Ceylon, Mauritius, Aden, Singapore, Penang, and the several Australian Colonies—

	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
1. For a packet not exceeding 4. ozs. in weight	0 2 0
2. For a packet exceeding 4 ozs. and not exceeding ½ lb.	0 4 0
3. For a packet exceeding ½ lb. and not exceeding 1 lb.	0 8 0
4. For a packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	0 12 0
5. For a packet exceeding 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.	1 0 0
6. For a packet exceeding 2 lbs. and not exceeding 2½ lbs.	1 4 0
7. For a packet exceeding 2½ lbs. and not exceeding 3 lbs.	1 8 0

The following conditions are to be observed in sending book and pattern packets by Post :—

1st.—The Postage must be prepaid by means of stamps affixed outside the packet or its cover.

2nd.—Every packet must be sent either without a cover or in a cover open at the ends or sides so as to admit of the enclosures being removed for examination. Samples, however, of seeds, &c. may be enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or other material fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened, or in bags entirely closed, provided that they are transparent, so that the Officers of the Department may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents. If this rule be infringed, the packet will be treated as a letter.

3rd.—A book packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters) photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass), prints or maps, and any quantity of paper, parchment, or vellum; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, engraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these, but no printed matter or prints will be allowed, except such as may be printed on paper, parchment, or vellum. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and in short whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

4th.—The packet must not contain any letter closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor must there be any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed, in any such packet or on its cover. Entries, however, merely stating who sends the book, &c., or to whom it is given, are not regarded as a letter. In the case of packets of patterns the address of the sender, a trade mark and numbers, and the prices of the articles may be written, not on loose pieces of paper, but on the cover or on small labels attached to the samples or bags containing them.

5th.—No book or pattern packet can be received if it exceeds two feet in length, width, or depth.

6th.—The prohibition which has heretofore existed to the transmission as patterns of articles of intrinsic value by the Post between the United Kingdom and India has been withdrawn.

7th.—The rule which forbids the transmission through the Post of an article which might injure the contents of the Mail Bags, or the Officers of the Post Office, is so far relaxed as to permit the transmission of Scissors, Knives, Razors, Forks, Steel-pens, Nails, Keys, Watch Machinery, Metal Tubings, Pieces of Metals or Ore, and such like, as samples, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the Mail Bags and the Officers of the Post Office, while at the same time the samples may be easily examined. If any packet containing such articles as these be posted, which is found not to be sufficiently guarded, it will be stopped.

8th.—Samples of seed and similar articles may be sent in the bags entirely closed if transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may satisfy themselves of the nature of the contents.

9th.—In exception to the rule permitting articles of intrinsic value to be forwarded, it must be understood that such articles cannot be forwarded in the Mails *viâ* Marseilles.

10th.—Any packet which shall not be open to examination, as required by Rule 2, or shall have any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed, in it or upon its cover, will be charged with Letter Postage.

11th.—If a packet be found to contain any letter not wholly printed, whether closed or open, or any enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other unauthorized enclosure, the letter or enclosure will be taken out and forwarded to the address on the packet, charged with full postage as an unpaid letter, together with an additional book rate; that is, with the postage chargeable on a book weighing not more than half a pound; the remainder of the packet, if duly prepaid with stamps, will then be forwarded to its address.

12th.—In no case can a book packet be sent to the Colonies (except at the letter rate of Postage) through a foreign country.

13th.—Book or pattern packets which are wholly unpaid will be forwarded to their destination, charged with double the amount of Book Postage, and those which are insufficiently prepaid with the amount of the deficiency; and an additional book rate as a fine.

14th.—Book and pattern packets sent to Great Britain *viâ* Marseilles are subject to an additional French rate of Two Pence (1 anna 4 pie) for every 4 ozs., which must be prepaid.

Pattern Post to Netherlands.—Her Majesty's Post Master General has intimated that, in future, Patterns or Samples of Merchandise may be sent from India to the Netherlands through the United Kingdom, subject to the following Regulations:—

1st. There must be no writing, or printing, in addition to the address of the person for whom the packet is intended, and the address of the sender, other than a manufacturer's or trade mark and numbers and the prices of the articles; and these particulars must in all cases be given, not on loose pieces of paper, but on small labels attached to the samples or the bags or boxes containing them.

2nd. The Patterns or Samples must be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination. Samples, however, of seeds, drugs, and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or other material, tied at the neck, or bags may be entirely closed, provided that they be transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

3rd. No Packet of Patterns must exceed two feet, British, in length, or one foot, British, in width or depth.

No article likely to injure the contents of the Mail Bags, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office, may be sent through the Post as a Pattern; but scissors and other similar articles may be forwarded as Patterns, provided they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the Mail Bags and the Officers of the Post Office, while, at the same time, the Patterns may be easily examined.

If either of the foregoing rules be infringed, the packet must not be forwarded.

The rates of postage (exclusive of the Colonial Inland rate) to be collected will be as follows:—

For a Packet sent viâ Southampton.

Not exceeding 2 ozs.	Above 2 ozs. and not exceeding 4 ozs.	Above 4 ozs. and not exceeding 8 ozs.	Above 8 ozs. and not exceeding 1 lb.	Above 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lbs.	Above 1½ lb. and not exceeding 2 lbs.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
0 2	0 4	0 8	1 4	2 0	2 8

Packets of Patterns will also, in future, be forwarded from the Netherlands to India through the United Kingdom, and will be delivered over without any claim, and, consequently, they will be liable, on delivery, to the Colonial Inland rate only.

Books and Patterns to France and Italy.—Arrangements have been made for the transmission by Post between India and France, and between India and Italy, of patterns and samples of Merchandise of no intrinsic value, under the conditions and at the rates chargeable on books and printed papers addressed to France.

2. Book packets and patterns and samples of Merchandise received from France are liable on delivery to Indian Book Post rates, namely, one anna for ten tolas.

3. Patterns, books, and printed papers posted in India are, in like manner, liable to Indian Inland rates of Book Postage, which must be prepaid.

Inland Correspondence. Tables of Postage Rates under the Indian Post Office Act of 1866.*Postage Rates on "Prepaid Letters."*

If not exceeding in Weight	Postage.	Number of Rates.
One Quarter Tola	Six Pie	One Rate.
Half a Tola	One Anna	Two Rates.
One Tola	Two Annas	Three Rates.

For every half Tola in weight above one Tola an additional anna. Every *fraction of half a Tola* above one Tola will be charged as one additional half Tola.

Insufficiently Paid Letters will be charged with double the deficient postage. *Unpaid Letters* will be charged with double the prepaid rates.

The sum of one anna in addition is chargeable as Postage on letters conveyed by "*Ship*" not being Mail Ships or Steamers recognised as such by the Governor General of India in Council.

No. 2.

Postage Rates on prepaid "Newspapers," "Books," "Packets of Newspapers," and "Proof Sheets."

If not exceeding in weight	Postage.	Number of Rates.
Ten Tolas	One Anna	One Rate.
Twenty Tolas	Two Annas	Two Rates.

For every ten Tolas in weight above twenty Tolas one additional anna; every fraction of ten Tolas will be charged as ten (10) additional Tolas.

An extra or supplement to any paper bearing the *same date* as the Newspaper, and transmitted there-with *under the same cover*, will be deemed part of the Newspaper.

No newspapers will be forwarded by Letter Post unless the postage thereof shall be fully prepaid by means of a proper stamp or stamps.

"*Proof Sheets*" marked as such may be sent by the Letter Post at the rates prescribed for Newspapers, provided "*the contents be correctly certified on the cover by the signature in full of the sender;*" otherwise the same will be charged with Postage at the rate which would be charged on an unstamped Letter of equal weight.

If the Postage chargeable on Books, Packets of Newspapers, &c., *be not prepaid* as above, they will be subject to Banghy rates of Postage, but if *partially prepaid* double the deficient postage will be charged.

No. 3.

Postage Rates on Inland Parcels.

For distances	Miles.	If not exceeding in weight									
		20 Tolas.	50 Tolas.	100 Tolas.	200 Tolas.	300 Tolas.	400 Tolas.	500 Tolas.	600 Tolas.		
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Not Exceeding	300	0 4	0 8	0 12	1 8	2 4	3 0	3 12	4 8		
Do. ..	600	0 8	1 0	1 8	3 0	4 8	6 0	7 8	9 0		
Do. ..	900	0 12	1 8	2 4	4 8	6 12	9 0	11 4	13 8		
Do. ..	1,200	1 0	2 0	3 0	6 0	9 0	12 0	15 0	18 0		
Above	1,200	1 4	2 8	3 12	7 8	11 4	15 0	18 12	22 8		

Not more than one Letter can be enclosed in a Banghy parcel, under a penalty not exceeding Rupees (50) fifty.

All book Packets and Parcels *not exceeding ten tolas* in weight sent through the Post Office should be conveyed by Letter Post, and *be charged with Letter Postage, unless specially directed to be sent by Banghy or Book Packet Post.*

No Parcel exceeding 2,000 Tolas in weight will be received for despatch at any Post Office, and no Parcel exceeding 600 Tolas on any line of Road on which the Banghy Mails are carried by Foot Runners.

Ship Postage Rates on Parcels conveyed by means of Her Majesty's Indian Post by Sea.

If not exceeding	Postage.	Number of Rates.
20 Tolas	Two Annas.....	One Rate.
40 do.	Four do.	Two Rates.
100 do.	Eight do.	Four Rates.

and for every hundred Tolas in weight above one hundred (100) Tolas eight additional annas. Every fraction of one hundred (100) Tolas will be charged as 100 Tolas, and if such parcels, &c., be conveyed by Her Majesty's Indian Post, partly by land and partly by sea, Ship Postage will be charged in addition to Inland Banghy Postage.

Re-directed Postage.

Every Letter or other article re-directed at any Post Office, or forwarded by Post from any place to which it shall have been conveyed by Post, will be charged, in addition to all other Postage paid or due thereon, with the rate of Postage to which it would be liable if posted and prepaid by stamps at the place where it may be re-directed or from which it may be forwarded.

Delivery of Letters.—The delivery of letters being not only retarded, but rendered almost impossible in Bombay and large towns, owing to the imperfect form of address generally adopted, the Public at large are invited to assist the Post Office, when addressing Letters to any Municipal Town, by writing invariably the name of the Street and the number of the House, and informing their correspondents of the same, by heading their Letters inside accordingly.

2. Want of attention to these apparently trifling particulars, not only delays delivery by compelling the Letter Carriers to hunt over the whole length of a street for perhaps a single person, but it affords an excuse for non-delivery, and a temptation to the Letter Carriers to throw away or destroy the Letter, owing to the trouble imposed by the want of proper direction.

3. Besides this, it also places the Post Office Department entirely in the hands of Letter Carriers, upon whose experience of localities it becomes necessary to rely.

जाहीरखबर.

लखोटया वरील पत्ता बरोबर नसल्या मुळे पत्रे पोहोचण्यास उशीर लागतो इतकंच नाही परंतु बहुत करून पोहाचण्यास अशक्य असतात सव्व सर्वत्रांस असे कळविण्यांत येते की देशांतरावर पत्रे पाठविणे असल्यास लखोटयावर ज्या गावांस पाठविणे असेल त्या गावांतील रस्त्याचे नांव व घराचा नंबर ल्याहावा, ह्याच प्रमाणे आपले अडत्ये ज्या ठिकाणी असतील त्यांस कळवावे की जेणेकरून तेही त्याच प्रमाणे पत्रे पाठवितील.

वर सांगितल्या प्रमाणे पत्ता नसल्या कारणामुळे पत्रे वाटणारा सिपाई यास सर्व गल्लींतून घरे धुंडावी लागतात व तेणेकरून पत्रे पोहोचण्यास उशीर होतो इतकंच नाही परंतु पत्रे वाटणारा सिपाई यास पत्र न पोहोचल्या बदलची सबब सांगण्यास कुरसत मिळती, आणि पत्ता बराबर नसल्या वरून त्यास जी मेहेनत पडती तेणेकरून तो ते पत्र फाडून टाकण्यास व टाकून देण्यास प्रवृत्त होतो.

या खेरीज पोस्ट आफिस ही पत्रे वाटणारे सिपाई यांजवर अवलंबून असते कारण त्यांस लोकांच्या ठिकाणाची पुरी माहितीगारी असती ह्याणून त्यांजवर विश्वास ठेवणे जरूर पडते.

जमिंदारपत्र.

जमिंदार पत्रांतु ठेकाळु अश्यावर नही होत असे जमिंदार कागल पुगवाने वार लागे. अश्यावर नही पशु धलु करीने पोहोचताउवानेभी हरकत पडे छे, रायभ राये सोडिने जमिंदार कागलमां आवेछे के देशदिरा कागल मोडलवाना होत तो जमिंदार पत्रने गाभमांमोडलवाना होत ते गाभमां रसतातु नाम तथा घरेनुं नंभर लभवा. असे परमाळे पोताना आउतीआतमे ने ठेकाळु होत तेजोने पत्र परमाळे जमी नलुववुं के ते सोडपी तेज परमाळे कागल मोडलवे.

पत्र कडेमा परमाळे ठेकाळु अश्यावर नही होत रायभ कागल आपनार शीपाधने मोडोलाआमां घेर शोधवा पडे तेथी कागल आपनार शीपाधने पुगारतां वार लागेय अने मेहेनतना रायभथी तेजो कारलु अतावेछे, रायभ तेजो रसतामांझडी नाभेय तथा नापी देमेय.

अशे शीपाधने पोशे आशीरा आताना कागल लडलनार शीपाध पत्र तदन भरोशे रायभ पडेय रायभ तेजोने सोडिना घेरना ठेकाळुनी अश्यावर अश्या होत तेनी पत्र वीरावारा रायवाने नर पडेछे.

Currency Notes.—Several instances having occurred of the abstraction of Currency Notes from Registered and Un-registered letters, the Director General of the Post Office desires to warn the public against sending entire Currency Notes in letters whether registered or unregistered.

2. This practice, which, notwithstanding the losses which have occurred, appears to be on the increase, not only risks the loss of the letter or its enclosures, but exposes to unnecessary temptation every person through whose hands it passes. Entire Currency Notes should never be sent by Post, if halved and despatched in registered letters on different dates, their safe arrival will generally be secured. But it must be remembered that the registration of a letter is no security against the abstraction of the contents, though it may ensure the delivery of the cover. To protect the contents of a Registered letter, it must be carefully and securely sealed, and not, as is too often the case, enclosed in a flimsy semi-transparent envelope closed with gum.

3. As one successful theft invariably leads to other attempts, the carelessness of one person, who by sending a Currency Note in an unregistered or imperfectly secured letter, has tempted a Post Office subordinate to crime, may cause not only the ruin of the person whom he has tempted, but may also lead indirectly to the organization of a system of robbery which, when once established, it is exceedingly difficult to defeat and punish.

Banghy post.—The Post Office rule is subjoined regarding the closing of Banghy Parcels:—

“No Parcel shall be received for transmission by Banghy Post unless it be securely packed in cloth, or wax-cloth, or tin; and no such parcel, packed in cloth or wax-cloth shall be received unless seals bearing distinct impressions of some device (not that of a current coin) be fixed at intervals not exceeding three inches along the lines of sewing by which the cover is secured.”

Official Franking.—From the 1st of August next, the authority to frank letters on Her Majesty's Service only, which was given to the Officers and others enumerated in the two Franking Lists, is withdrawn, and the following Rules for the payment and settlement of accounts of postage on official correspondence will be in force:—

Privileged Offices.

2. The Public Offices, enumerated in the annexed List, will be privileged to send and receive (without actual payment of postage) all letters and packets *bonâ fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service. The Post Office will keep an account of the Postage due on the official correspondence of each privileged office.

Official Covers despatched from a privileged Office.

3. Official covers despatched from a privileged Office must be properly tied up, faced, and enclosed in a bag sealed with the seal of the office.

4. Each cover must be endorsed, “On Her Majesty's Service only,” under the full signature (autograph or stamp) of the Head Clerk, or some other principal Officer of the Establishment.

5. The address must include the official designation of the Office to which the cover is directed.

6. The bag, when made up, must be sent before the hour fixed by the Post Office for the closing of the Mails for which it is intended.

Official covers addressed to a privileged Office.

7. Official covers addressed to a privileged Office by any Office not included in the privileged List must be endorsed, “On Her Majesty's Service only,” under the full signature and official designation of the person by whom they are despatched.

8. The address must include the official designation of the Office to which the cover is directed.

9. The official covers for each Office will be enclosed in the official bag, and sealed and sent out with the ordinary delivery, or given to the messenger of the Office, should one be in attendance.

Official covers not sent by, or addressed to, a privileged Office.

10. Official covers which are not sent by, or addressed to, a privileged Office, will be treated in all respects like private covers. Postage labels, marked with the word “Service,” will be made available for the prepayment of such covers.

11. Service labels are never to be used in payment of the postage of any letter which is not *bonâ fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service. Every cover prepaid by service labels, must be endorsed, “On Her Majesty's Service only,” under the full signature and official designation of the person by whom it is despatched. The address must also include the official designation of the Office to which it is directed. If the above conditions be not observed, covers (even though stamped with service labels) will be treated as ordinary unpaid covers.

12. Service labels will be procurable at the Treasury or local Stamp Depôt of each District; Officers requiring such labels will purchase the number required, paying for the same in cash as if they were ordinary postage labels. A receipt for the amount to be given by the Officer in charge of the Stamp Depôt, will serve as a voucher for the charge to be made in the Contingent Bill of the purchaser.

13. As the present supply of service labels is limited, no Public Officer should purchase more than he estimates will be sufficient for one month's supply: and it is to be remembered that service labels are not to be attached to letters addressed to, or despatched from, any privileged Office.

14. All officials who do not belong to privileged Offices, and who have official correspondence with other than privileged Offices, will have to make arrangements for supplying themselves with service labels either by direct purchase or through their departmental superiors.

Correspondence of local officials within the limits of their respective Districts.

15. For the present no change will be made in the arrangements under which the public correspondence of local officials is conveyed, within the limits of their respective Districts, by District Post or by General Post.

List of Public Offices with which the Post Office will keep accounts of Postage on official letters received and despatched, and for which official bags will be made up.

Names of Privileged Offices named in Government Notice No. 2937, dated the 20th July 1866.	Names of corresponding Public Offices in the Bombay Circle.
1. Accountant General or Deputy Accountant General, in a Presidency or Province.	1. Accountant General or Deputy Accountant General.
2. Accountant General, Public Works Department.	2.
3. Adjutant General and Assistant Adjutant General of Division.	3. Adjutant General and Assistant Adjutant General.
4. Army Clothing Superintendent	4. Army Clothing Superintendent.
5. Board of Revenue or Financial Commissioner.	5.
6.	6.
7. Chief Commissioner and Personal Secretary.	7. Chief Commissioner and Personal Secretary to do.
8. Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department.	8.
9. Chief Inspector of Musketry	9. Chief Inspector of Musketry.
10. Commander-in-Chief and Military Secretary to ditto.	10. Commander-in-Chief and Military Secretary to Ditto.
11. Commissary General.. .. .	11. Commissary General.
12. Commissary of Ordnance	12. Commissary of Ordnance.
13. Commissioner of Division of Revenue and Settlement.	13. Commissioner of Revenue and Police.
14. Consulting Engineer.. .. .	14. Consulting Engineer.
15. Controller General of Accounts	15.
16. Controller General, Military Expenditure ..	16.
17. Controller of Military Accounts	17. Controller of Military Finance.
18. Controller of Public Works Accounts ..	18. Controller of Public Works Accounts.
19. Customs' Commissioner	19. Customs' Commissioner.
20. Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance ..	20. Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance.
21. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals ..	21. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals.
22. Director of Public Instruction	22. Director of Public Instruction.
23. Electric Telegraph Office	23. Electric Telegraph Office.
24. Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	24. Examiner of Commissariat, Barrack, and Clothing Accounts.
25. Examiner of Medical Accounts	25. Examiner of Medical Accounts.
26. Examiner of Ordnance, Barracks, Clothing, and Regimental necessities Accounts.	26. Examiner of Ordnance.
27. Examiner, Pay Department	27. Examiner, Pay Department.
28. Financial Department, Secretary's Office ..	28. Secretary to Government, Revenue, Financial, General, and Separate Departments.
29. Foreign Department, ditto.	29. Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial, and Educational Departments.
30. Gazette, Official Superintendent	30. Gazette, Official Superintendent.
31. General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity.	31. General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity.
32. Geological Survey Superintendent	32. Geological Survey Superintendent.
33. Governor General and Governor, and Private or Military Secretary to ditto.	33. Governor General and Governor, and Private or Military Secretary to Ditto.
34. Home Department, Secretary's Office ..	34.
35. India Office, London	35. India Office, London.
36. Inspector General or Conservator of Forests.	36. Conservator of Forests.
37. Inspector General of Hospitals	37. Inspector General of Hospitals.
38. Inspector General of Jails'	38. Inspector General of Prisons.
39. Inspector General of Ordnance	39. Inspector General of Ordnance.
40. Inspector General of Police.. .. .	40.
41. Inspector General of Military Works ..	41.
42. Judge Advocate General	42. Judge Advocate General.
43. Legal Affairs Superintendent and Remembrancer.	43. Legal Affairs Remembrancer.
44. Lieutenant Governor and Private Secretary to ditto.	44. Lieutenant Governor and Private Secretary to Ditto.
45. Principal Medical Store-keeper	45. Principal Medical Storekeeper.
46. Military Accountant.	46. Military Accountant.
47. Military Department, Secretary's Office ..	47. Secretary to Government, Military, Marine, and Ecclesiastical Departments.
48. Mint Master, and Head Commissioner or Commissioner for the Issue of Paper-Currency at the Presidency.	48. Mint Master.

Names of Privileged Offices named in Government Notice No. 2957, dated the 20th July 1866.	Names of corresponding Public Offices in the Bombay Circle.
49. Post Office 50. Presidency Pay Office 51. Principal Inspector General, Medical Dept. .. 52. Public Works Department, Secretary's Office. 53. Quarter Master General 54. Registrar to the Diocese 55. Registrar of High Court 56. Registrar General of Assurances 57. Resident and Political Agent 58. Secretariat of Local Government or Administration. 59. Secretary to Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces. 60. The Bishop 61. Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery .. 62. Superintending Engineer 63. Surveyor General 64. Superintendent Great Trigonometrical Survey. 65. Superintendent and Commissioner of Survey. 66. Superintendent General and Superintendent of Vaccine 67. Superintendent General and Chief Engineer of Irrigation.	49. Post Office. 50. Presidency Pay Office. 51. Principal Inspector General, Medical Dept. 52. Secretary to Government, P. W. Department. 53. Quarter Master General. 54. Registrar to the Diocese and Archdeacon. 55. Registrar of High Court. 56. Registrar General of Assurances. 57. Govr. Gen's Agent, Resident, & Pol. Agent. 58. Secretary of Local Govt. or Administration. 59. Secretary to Commander-in-Chief of H. M.'s Naval Forces. 60. The Bishop. 61. Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery. 62. Superintending Engineer. 63. 64. Supt. Great Trigonometrical Survey. 65. Supt. and Commissioner of Survey. 66. Superintendent of Vaccine. 67. Superintendent of Irrigation.

Official Franking.—As the obligation to receive official letters by public officers seems to be misunderstood, the orders of the Supreme and local Governments are published for general information:—

Extract from a Resolution of the Supreme Government in the Home Department, dated 13th July 1855.

"6. His Honour in Council concurs with the Director General in this view of the case, and resolves accordingly that no further relaxation of the Rule be allowed, and that postage due on covers addressed to all other officers, *bonâ fide* on the Public Service, be paid as heretofore in cash and charged in Contingent Bills."

* All officers, except Secretaries to Government, Private Secretaries to Governors or Lieutenant Governors.

Extract from the Bombay Government Order, dated 17th March 1858.

"It having been brought to the notice of Government, that the Postal Rules regarding the irregular franking of official letters, their receipt by the addressees, and the recovery of postage thereon, have not been properly understood by public officers, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish, for general guidance, the following directions on the subject:—

B. Any letter improperly franked, that is franked by persons not authorized to do so by the Government of India, or not in the prescribed form, will be treated by the Post Office as an unpaid letter, and sent bearing Postage."

Delivery at Post Office Window.—Delivery of the private correspondence of Officials at the Post Office window cannot be made except under the provision of the subjoined Postal Rules, Nos. 35 and 36, passed by the Governor General of India in Council on the 21st April 1866, under the provision of the Post Office Act:—

XXXV. Any person can rent a private box, and receive his letters &c., at the Post Office window who is willing to pay the appointed fee of twelve rupees per annum, to be paid in advance, and for a period of not less than a year. The same also are the terms for a private bag, except that in addition a charge will be made for the cost of the bag itself, and for conveyance,—the maximum of the latter being five rupees per annum if the bag be conveyed by a rural Messenger, and ten rupees if by a Contractor for a Mail Cart or other Horse Post. The weight of a private bag when empty is limited to one pound. No private bag shall be allowed without the permission of the Inspecting Post Master.

XXXVI. No person living within any town free delivery, or within the limits of a rural post free delivery, unless he rent a private box, can claim to have his letters delivered at the office window if a delivery by Letter Carrier or a despatch by Messenger is about to take place; but letters which arrive by a Mail, after which there is no *immediate delivery* by Letter Carrier or Messenger, may be obtained by any person on application at the office window *so long as the office is open for delivery*. But in order to prevent the additional trouble which is sometimes caused by letters being *directed to a Post Office*, although for persons residing within a free delivery from such office, but who have no private box, a Post Master is authorized, when such letters arrive by a Mail for which there is a delivery from house to house, to refuse to deliver them at the window (even though initials may be substituted for the name), and to send them out by the Letter Carriers.

Instances having been brought to notice of Service Labels having been affixed to Official Covers, addressed to the President of the United States, the attention of the Post Office Department is directed to the fact that the same are not to be so addressed.

* 2. The Public Offices enumerated in the annexed List, will be privileged to send and receive (without actual payment of postage) all letters and packets *bona fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service.

N.B.—It is to be understood that all Official Letters to and from Offices in the privileged List, are to pass free, i. e. unstamped, subject to the conditions laid down in the above resolution.

ed to privileged Officials, the attention of all Government Officials is drawn to the Government of India's Notice No. 567, dated 4th May 1866, published in the *Government Gazette*, and to the Extracts in margin.* No public

Letters to privileged Offices from all classes of Officials should be stamped with Service Labels.

TIME TABLE of ARRIVAL of the CHINA MAIL, and DELIVERY of LETTERS
and NEWSPAPERS.

Name of the Steamer.	This Return exhibits										Number of Boxes received.	REMARKS.
	Steamer anchored.		Mails were landed at the Pier.		First Mail Box was received.		The Window Delivery Com- menced.		The Delivery Peons left the Office with the Delivery of China Letters and Papers.			
	1867	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.		A. M.		A. M.	7 Boxes. 1 Bag.	
" Carnatic".....	June 27	7-30	..	8- 6	..	8-15	..	9-10	..	10-10		
Time occupied ..	..	..	..	0-36	..	0- 9	..	0-55	..	1- 0		

C. A. STUART,
Post Master.

Bombay, General Post Office, 3rd July 1867.