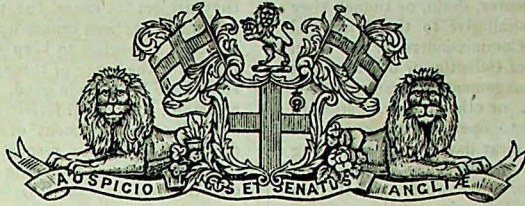


THE



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NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1831.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council having sanctioned the publication of a weekly paper, to be styled the "BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE," notice is hereby given, that after this day all advertisements and other public papers of the Government will be printed in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE only; and all orders or other public notices appearing in that paper, under the signature of the Secretaries, or other public officers of the Government, are hereby ordered and directed to be conformed to and obeyed accordingly.

Bombay Castle, 18th January 1832.

When official notifications from the Government are inserted in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, no communication on the same subject will be made in writing to any department concerned; but all public officers are required to take notice of such official notifications in the same manner as if they had been directly communicated to them by letter from the Secretary's office, and as heads of offices alone will be furnished by Government with the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, they will be expected to communicate to their subordinate officers all orders which may in any manner concern them.

The Bombay Government Gazettes furnished by Government to public offices are to be lodged with the records, and are not to be removed from the office.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN BAX, Secy. to Govt.

NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Byculla.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

Legislative Council.

21st February 1857.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 13th February 1857, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. V. OF 1857.

An Act to confer certain Powers on the Oriental Gas Company, Limited.

Whereas a Joint Stock Company has been lately formed for the purpose of introducing Gas-works into India, which Company having been completely registered in England under the Act of Parliament of the Eighth year of the Reign of her present Majesty, Cap. 110, has since been registered in England under "The Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1856," with limited liability, and has duly obtained a certificate of Incorporation under the name of the Oriental Gas Company, Limited; and whereas the said Company has erected Gas-works on land granted for that purpose by Government in the vicinity of the Town of Calcutta, and is engaged in the preparation of apparatus and materials for the manufacture and supply of Gas for lighting the said Town; and whereas it is expedient that powers and facilities should be given to the said Company to enable them to carry out their undertaking of lighting with Gas the said Town of Calcutta, which powers and facilities may hereafter be extended to the operations of the said Company in other Towns and places; It is enacted as follows:—

I. In the Town of Calcutta and its environs, and in any other Town or place Power to break up streets, to which the provisions of

&c. under superintendence, this Act may hereafter be and to open drains. extended, by a law to be

passed for that purpose, the Oriental Gas Company, Limited, under such superintendence as is hereinafter specified, may open and break up the soil and pavement of the several streets and bridges, and may open and break up any sewers, drains, or tunnels within or under such streets and bridges, and lay down and place, within the same limits, pipes, conduits, service-pipes, and other works, and from time to time repair, alter, or remove the same, and also make any sewers that may be necessary for carrying off the washings and waste liquids which may arise in the making of the Gas; and, for the purposes aforesaid, may remove and use all earth and materials in and under such streets and bridges; and they may in such streets erect any pillars, lamps, and other works, and do all other acts which the said Company shall from time to time deem necessary for supplying Gas to the inhabitants of the said Town of Calcutta and its environs, or other Town or place as aforesaid, doing as little damage as may be in the execution of the powers hereby granted, and making compensation for any damage which may be done in the execution of such powers.

II. Provided always, that nothing herein shall

authorise or empower the said Company to lay down or place any pipe or other works into, through, or against any building or in any land not dedicated to public use, without the consent of the owners and occupiers thereof; except that the said Company may at any time enter upon and lay or place any new pipe in the place of an existing pipe, in any land wherein any pipe hath been already lawfully laid down or placed in pursuance of this Act, and may repair or alter any pipe so laid down.

III. Before the said Company proceed to open or

Notice to be served on persons having control, &c. before breaking up streets or opening drains.

break up any street, bridge, sewer, drain, or tunnel, they shall give to the Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Calcutta, or other persons under whose control or management the same may be, or to their Clerk, Surveyor, or other officer, notice in writing of their intention to open or break up the same, not less than three clear days before beginning such work; except in cases of emergency arising from defects in any of the pipes or other works, and then so soon as is possible after the beginning of the work, or the necessity for the same shall have arisen.

IV. No such street, bridge, sewer, drain, or tunnel

Streets or drains not to be broken up, except under superintendence of persons having control of the same.

shall, except in the cases of emergency aforesaid, be opened, or broken up, except under the superintendence of the persons having the control or management thereof, or of their officer, and according to such plan as shall be approved of by such persons or their officer, or, in case of any difference respecting such plan, then according to such plan as shall be determined by a Magistrate; and such Magistrate may, on the application of the persons having the control or management of any such sewer or drain, or their officer, require the said Company to make such temporary or other works as they may think necessary for guarding against any interruption of the drainage during the execution of any works which interfere with any such sewer or drain.

If persons having the control, &c. fail to superintend, Company may proceed with the work.

Provided always, that if the persons having such control or management as aforesaid, and their officer, fail to attend at the time fixed for the opening of any such street, bridge, sewer, drain, or tunnel, after having had such notice of the said Company's intention as aforesaid, or shall not propose any plan for breaking up or opening the same, or shall refuse or neglect to superintend the operation, the said Company may perform the work specified in such notice without the superintendence of such persons or their officer.

V. When the said Company open or break up the

Streets broken up to be reinstated without delay.

road or pavement of any street or bridge, or any sewer, drain, or tunnel, they shall with all convenient speed complete the work for which the same shall be broken up, and fill in the ground, and reinstate and make good the road or pavement, or the sewer, drain, or tunnel, so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby; and shall at all times, whilst any such road or pavement shall be so opened or broken up, cause the same to be fenced and guarded, and shall cause a light, sufficient for the warning of passengers, to be set up and maintained against or near such road or pavement where the same shall be open or broken up, every night during which the same shall be continued open or broken up; and shall keep the road or pavement which has been so broken up in good repair for three months after replacing and making good the same, and for such further time, if any, not being more than twelve months in the whole, as the soil so broken up shall continue to subside.

VI. If the said Company open or break up any

Penalty for delay in reinstating streets.

street or bridge, or any sewer, drain, or tunnel, without giving such notice as aforesaid, or in a manner different from that which shall have been approved of or determined as aforesaid, or without making such temporary or other works as aforesaid, when so required, except in the cases in which the said Company are hereby authorised to perform such works without any superintendence or notice; or if the said Company make any delay in completing any such work, or in filling in the ground or reinstating and making good the road or pavement, or the sewer,

drain, or tunnel so opened or broken up, or in carrying away the rubbish occasioned thereby; or if they neglect to cause the place where such road or pavement has been broken up to be fenced, guarded, and lighted, or neglect to keep the road or pavement in repair for the space of three months next after the same shall have been made good, or such further time as aforesaid, they shall forfeit to the persons having the control or management of the street, bridge, sewer, drain, or tunnel, in respect of which such default is made, a sum not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence, and they shall forfeit an additional sum not exceeding fifty rupees for each day during which any such delay as aforesaid shall continue after they shall have received notice thereof.

VII. If any such delay or omission as aforesaid

In case of delay, other parties may reinstate, and recover the expenses.

take place, the persons having the control or management of the street, bridge, sewer, drain, or tunnel, in respect of which such delay or omission shall take place, may cause the work so delayed or omitted to be executed; and the expense of executing the same shall be repaid to such persons by the said Company; and the amount of such expenses shall, in case of any dispute about the same, be ascertained and recovered, in Calcutta, and in any other Town or place subject to the jurisdiction of any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature, in the manner in which expenses are ascertained and recovered under Act XIV. of 1856, and in any Town or place not within the jurisdiction of any of Her Majesty's Courts, in the same manner as damages are recoverable under this Act.

Expense how to be ascertained and recovered.

VIII. The Clerk, Engineer, or other Officer duly

Power to enter buildings for ascertaining quantity of Gas consumed.

appointed for the purpose by the said Company, may, at all reasonable times, enter any buildings or place lighted with Gas supplied by the said Company, in order to inspect the meters, fittings, and works for regulating the supply of Gas, and for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of Gas consumed or supplied; and if any person hinder such Officer as aforesaid from entering and making such inspection as aforesaid, at any reasonable time, he shall, for every such offence, forfeit to the said Company a sum not exceeding fifty rupees.

IX. If any person supplied with Gas, or any person

Recovery of rents due for Gas.

to whom any meter or fitting shall have been let for hire by the said Company, neglect to pay the rent due for the same to the said Company, the said Company may stop the Gas from entering the premises of such person, by cutting off the service-pipes, or by such means as the said Company shall think fit, and recover the rent due from such person, together with the expenses of cutting off the Gas, by action in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

X. In all cases in which the said Company are

Power to take away pipes when supply of Gas discontinued.

authorised to cut off and take away the supply of Gas from any house or building or premises under the provisions of this Act, the said Company, their agents or workmen, after giving twenty-four hours' previous notice to the occupier, may enter into any such house, building, or premises, between the hours of nine in the forenoon and four in the afternoon, and remove and carry away any pipe, meter, fittings, or other works, the property of the said Company.

XI. Any meter or fitting let for hire by the said

Meters not liable to distress for rent, &c.

Company shall not be subject to distress for rent or revenue, or any rate due upon the premises where the same may be used, nor be taken in execution under any process of a Court of law or equity, or any proceeding in Insolvency against the person in whose possession the same may be.

XII. Every person who shall lay, or cause to be

Penalty for fraudulently laid, any pipe to communicate with any pipe belonging to the said Company, without their consent, or shall fraudulently injure any such meter as aforesaid, or who, in case the Gas supplied by the said Company is not ascertained by meter, shall use any burner other than such as has been provided or approved of by the said Company, or of larger dimensions than he has contracted to pay for, or shall keep the lights burning for a longer time than he has contracted to pay for, or shall otherwise improperly use or burn the Gas, or shall supply any other person with any part of the Gas supplied to him by the said Company, shall forfeit to the said Company the sum of fifty rupees for every such offence, and also the sum of twenty rupees for every day such pipe shall so remain, or such works or burner shall be so used, or such excess be so committed or continued, or such supply furnished; and the said Company may take off the Gas from the house and premises of the person so offending, notwithstanding any contract which may have been previously entered into.

XIII. Every person who shall wilfully remove,

Penalty for wilfully damaging pipes. destroy, or damage any pipe, pillar, post, plug, lamp, or other work of the said Company for supplying Gas, or who shall wilfully extinguish any of the public lamps or lights, or waste or improperly use any of the Gas supplied by the said Company, shall, for each such offence, forfeit to the said Company any sum not exceeding fifty rupees, in addition to the amount of the damage done.

XIV. Every person who shall carelessly or accidentally break, throw down, or damage any pipe, pillar, or lamp belonging to the said Company, or under their control, shall pay such sum of money by way of satisfaction to the said Company for the damage done, not exceeding fifty rupees, as any Magistrate shall think reasonable.

Satisfaction for accidentally damaging pipes.

XV. If the said Company shall at any time cause

Penalty for causing water to be corrupted. or suffer to be brought, or to flow into any stream, reservoir, aqueduct, pond, or place for water, or into any drain communicating therewith, any washing or other substance produced in making or supplying Gas, or shall wilfully do any act connected with the making or supplying of Gas, whereby the water in any such stream, reservoir, aqueduct, pond, or place for water, shall be fouled, the said Company shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding one thousand rupees; and they shall forfeit an additional sum not exceeding five hundred rupees for each day during which such washing or other substance shall be brought or shall flow, or the

act by which such water shall be fouled shall continue, after the expiration of twenty-four hours from the time when notice of the offence shall have been served on the said Company, by the person into whose water such washing or other substance shall be brought or shall flow, or whose water shall be fouled thereby; and such penalties shall be paid to such lastmentioned person.

Daily penalty during the continuance of the offence.

XVI. Whenever any Gas shall escape from any

Daily penalty during escape of Gas after notice. pipe laid down or set up by or belonging to the said Company, they shall, immediately after receiving notice thereof in writing, prevent such Gas from escaping; and in case the said Company shall not, within twenty-four hours next after service of such notice, effectually prevent the Gas from escaping, and wholly remove the cause of complaint, they shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of fifty rupees for each day during which the Gas shall be suffered to escape, after the expiration of twenty-four hours from the service of such notice.

XVII. Whenever any water shall be fouled by the

Penalty if water be fouled by Gas. Gas of the said Company, they shall forfeit to the person whose water shall be so

fouled, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees, and a further sum, not exceeding one hundred rupees, for each day during which the offence shall continue, after the expiration of twenty-four hours from the service of notice of such offence.

XVIII. For the purpose of ascertaining whether

Power to examine Gas-pipes to ascertain cause of water being fouled. such water be fouled by the Gas of the said Company, the person to whom the water supposed to be fouled shall

belong may dig up the ground, and examine the pipes, conduits, and works of the said Company; provided that such person, before proceeding so to dig and examine, shall give twenty-four hours' notice in writing to the said Company of the time at which such digging and examination is intended to take place, and shall give the like notice to the persons having the control or management of the road, pavement, or place where such digging is to take place, and they shall be subject to the like obligation of reinstating the said road and pavement, and the same penalties for delay, or any nonfeasance or misfeasance therein, as are hereinbefore provided with respect to roads and pavements broken up by the said Company for the purpose of laying their pipes.

XIX. If, upon any such examination, it appear that

Expenses to abide result of examination. such water has been fouled by any Gas belonging to the said Company, the expenses

of the digging, examination, and repair of the street or place disturbed in any such examination shall be paid by the said Company; but if, upon such examination, it appear that the water has not been fouled by the Gas of the said Company, the person causing such examination to be made shall pay all such expenses, and shall also make good to the said Company any injury which may be occasioned to their works by such examination.

XX. The amount of the expenses of every such

How expenses to be ascertained. examination and repair, and of any injury done to the said Company, shall, in case

of any dispute about the same, together with the costs of ascertaining and recovering the same, be ascertained and recovered in the manner prescribed for the ascertainment and recovery of expenses in Section VII. of this Act.

XXI. Nothing in this Act contained shall prevent

Liability to indictments for nuisance. the said Company from being liable to an indictment for nuisance, or to any other

legal proceedings to which they may be liable in consequence of making or supplying Gas.

XXXII. A copy of the original Deed of Association

Copies of the original Deed of Association, and of every other instrument registered under the said "Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1856," as constituting the Regulations of the said Company, and a copy of every special resolution of a General Meeting whereby any change shall have been, or at any time shall be made in the Regulations of the said Company, shall be kept at the Office of the said Company in Calcutta, and shall there be open to the inspection of all persons during the usual hours of business of the said Office; and a copy of such original Deed of Association, and of every other such instrument, and of every special resolution as aforesaid, shall also be deposited by the said Company as soon as it can be done after the passing of this Act, or after the making of any such special resolution hereafter to be made,

in the Office of the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, or, if there be no such Officer, in the Office of the Keeper of the Records of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William, and shall there be filed; and an examined copy of any such filed copy as aforesaid, certified by and under the hand of the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, or of the Keeper of the Records of the said Supreme Court, shall be good and sufficient evidence of each such original Deed, instrument, or special resolution, in all actions, suits, and proceedings whatsoever, whether Civil or Criminal, to be had in any Court of Justice, or before any Magistrate or Revenue or other Officer, and whether acting judicially or in any proceeding preliminary to a judicial inquiry, throughout the Territories of the East India Company.

XXIII. All services of mesne or other process, and all notices whatsoever, which, Service of process, by law or by the practice of any Court wherein the said Company shall sue or be sued, are required to be made, served, or given for any purpose whatsoever to the said Company, shall and may be made, served, and given in addition to all ways and means by which the same may otherwise be legally made, served, and given, by leaving the same addressed to the Managing Agent of the said Company at the Office in Calcutta of the said Company.

XXIV. All penalties and forfeitures imposed by this Act, and all damages and expenses the recovery of which is not specially provided for, may be recovered by summary proceeding before a Magistrate.

XXV. All penalties, forfeitures, damages, and expenses adjudged due under this Act, if the amount be not otherwise paid, may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party liable to pay the same, and the overplus arising from such goods and chattels, after satisfying such amount, and the expenses of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose goods shall have been distrained; or, instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realise by distress the whole or any part of any penalties, forfeitures, damages, or expenses imposed or incurred under the provisions of this Act, the person claiming such penalty, forfeiture, damage, or expenses may sue the person liable to pay the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

XXVI. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the summons, conviction, warrant of distress, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall any such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfaction for the special damage in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

XXVII. The following words and expressions used in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction (that is to say)—

Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number only shall include also the singular number.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

The word "person" shall include a corporation, whether aggregate or sole.

The word "street" shall include any square, court, or alley, highway, lane, road, thoroughfare, or public passage or place.

The word "Magistrate" shall include any Magistrate of Police, and any Joint Magistrate or other person law-

fully exercising the powers of Magistrate, acting at or for the place or district where the matter requiring the cognisance of any such Magistrate arises.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

21st February 1857.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 21st February 1857, and was referred to a Select Committee, who are to report thereon after the 25th of April next:—

A Bill to amend the Law regarding the Provision of Carriage and Supplies for Troops and Travellers, and to Punish unlawful Impressment.

Whereas the habitual impressment by the Civil Power, under the Regulations in force in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, of carts, cattle, boats, boatmen, and bearers, in order to facilitate the passage of troops through the Districts of that Presidency, is unnecessary and oppressive; and whereas such impressment is always liable to abuse, and therefore should never be resorted to except on occasions of emergency, when it may be impossible, even by the offer of more than the common rates of hire, to procure sufficient carriage in time to meet the emergency; and whereas it is unnecessary to authorise travellers to require the assistance of Officers of Police in procuring means of transport, or supplies of provisions or of other articles during their journeys, and such assistance, when given, is oppressive, and liable to abuse; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. Sections II. and VIII. and Clause 7 Section IX. of Regulation XI. of 1806 of the Bengal Code are repealed. Sections III. IV. VI. and VII. of the said Regulation, and Regulation VI. of 1825, of the same Code, are modified, and their operation restricted in the manner following.

II. Except as hereinafter provided, all Collectors and Magistrates, and Officers subordinate to them, are prohibited from impressing any carts, cattle, boats, boatmen, bearers, or any other means of transport whatsoever, for any purpose whatsoever; anything in Regulation XI. of 1806, or Regulation VI. of 1825, of the Bengal Code, to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Whoever, being an Officer of Revenue or Police subordinate to a Collector or Magistrate, impresses or attempts to impress any cart, cattle, boat, boatman, bearer, cooly, or other means of transport, contrary to the provisions of this Act, or otherwise without authority of law; or impresses or attempts to impress any workman, labourer, or cooly, without authority of law; or enforces or attempts to enforce the delivery of supplies of provisions or other articles to travellers or others, without authority of law,—shall be liable to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding three months, and shall also be liable to fine. And the conviction of an offender under this Section shall not bar the right of any person, directly or indirectly injured by any such illegal act, to redress by Civil action.

IV. It shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council, and for any Lieutenant Governor, and for any Chief Civil Officer of any province under the immediate jurisdiction of the Government of India, within their respective jurisdictions, by an order stating

In cases of emergency, Military Officers in command of troops may, by an order, be authorised to require Collectors and Magistrates to aid in procuring carriage, supplies, &c.

that a case of emergency has arisen, and that it is impossible, even by the offer of double the common rates of hire and prices, to obtain the carriage, and to arrange for the provision of supplies for the troops required to meet the emergency, to authorise any Military Officer commanding a body or detachment of troops to call upon the Collectors and the Magistrates of Districts or places from, through, or near to which such troops are ordered to march, to aid in procuring all necessary carriage, whether by land or water, and supplies, and to facilitate the progress of the troops through his jurisdiction by the preparation of boats, or temporary bridges instead of boats, when necessary for crossing streams upon the line of march. Upon the receipt of such

On receipt of requisition, Collectors and Magistrates how to act.

requisition, made in accordance with such order, all Collectors so called upon shall proceed in the manner prescribed by Section III. Regulation XI. of 1806 of the Bengal Code; and all Magistrates so called upon shall proceed in the manner prescribed in Section VI. of the same Regulation; and thereupon the provisions of Sections III. IV. VI. and VII. of the same Regulation, and the provisions of Regulation VI. of 1825 of the aforesaid Code, shall apply to all Revenue and Police Officers, Landholders, Farmers, Tehsildars, or others having the management of land, and to all other persons concerned, in the same manner as if this Act had not been passed. Pro-

Carriage and supplies not to be impressed and provided other than or in excess of the quantity and description authorised by the General Orders of Government.

description of carriage and supplies now or hereafter to be authorised by the General Orders of Government, according to the number and description of the troops moving.

V. Whenever it is certified to any Collector or Magistrate as aforesaid, by a Com-

manding Officer as aforesaid, that a body or detachment of troops under such Officer's command has been ordered suddenly to take the field, or to proceed to some place in order to preserve the peace of the country, and that it is

impossible, even by the offer of double the common rates of hire and prices, to obtain the carriage, or to arrange for the provision of the supplies, or to make the preparations for facilitating the movement required to meet the emergency, and that there is not time to apply for the order described in Section IV. of this Act, such Collector or Magistrate shall proceed in the manner prescribed in the said Section, in order to the obtaining of carriage, or the provision of supplies, or the preparations for facilitating the march, or any or all of these objects, as the case may be; and thereupon the provisions aforesaid of the Regulations aforesaid shall apply in the same manner as is in Section IV. of this Act provided.

VI. Except in the cases provided for by Sections

IV. and V. of this Act, the provisions of Sections III. IV. VI. and VII. of Regulation XI. of 1806, and of Regulation VI. of 1825 of the aforesaid Code, shall cease to have any force or effect.

VII. When carriage

is impressed, or supplies of provisions and other articles are provided, in the manner authorised by Section IV. or Section V. of this Act, such carriage, provisions, and

other articles shall be paid for by the Civil Officer con-

cerned at double the common rates of hire and prices current at the time and place. And in the case of carriage, the carts, cattle, boats, boatmen, or bearers, shall be paid for from the day on which they are impressed; and the pay shall be the same for days on which the carriage is stationary as for the days on which it is in motion. And where it is customary to charge back-hire, such back-hire also shall be charged at double the current rate of the time and place. Impressed land-carriage shall never, unless when it is unavoidable, be retained beyond the first halting-place without the jurisdiction of the Civil Officer under whose authority it is impressed. Whenever land-carriage so impressed is retained, otherwise than by agreement, beyond the District in which it was impressed, a treble instead of a double rate of hire shall be paid for the time during which it may be so retained.

VIII. In all cases of dispute, the Collector of the

District shall settle the Collector to settle amount of hire, &c. in cases of dispute, and to fix the greatest weight to be carried by each cart, &c.

District shall settle the amount of hire and other sums due, according to the last preceding Section. And in regard to carriage of all descriptions, the Collector

shall fix beforehand the greatest weight to be carried by each cart, boat, man, or beast employed; which shall in no case exceed the loads commonly so carried according to the means of conveyance. If this load is exceeded,

notwithstanding the remonstrance of the party aggrieved, Extra rate of hire in cases of excess load.

a day's extra rate of hire,

according to the common rate of the time and place, shall be paid to the party so aggrieved, for every day on which the load was in excess, by the Civil Officer concerned.

IX. When a Collector issues an order under Section

IV. or Section V. of this Act, Collectors to depute proper Native Officers to accompany the troops through their Districts.

he shall be held strictly responsible for the selection of a proper person as the credit-

able Native Officer whom he is required by Section III. Regulation XI. of 1806 to depute to accompany the troops through his jurisdiction. The Native Officer so deputed shall be paid in no case at a rate of less than one Rupee a day, commencing on the day of his first employment, and continuing to the time of his discharge, with such travelling allowance as may be authorised for Revenue Officers of his class. When more than one Regiment moves in a body, there shall be one such Officer deputed for each Regiment or part of a Regiment so moving. It shall be a part of the duty of such Officer to make such payments as he may be authorised by the Collector to make; to take care that the loads fixed by the Collector are in no case exceeded; and to hear all complaints made by the men impressed for carriage, and to redress them, when well founded, if he can; or otherwise to report them to the Military Officer in charge of the baggage, or to the Officer commanding the troops, and finally, if not then redressed, to the Collector.

X. This Act shall extend to all the Districts of

the Presidency of Fort Wil-

liam in Bengal; and to all

other Provinces under the administration of the Lieutenant-Governor of Agra or the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal; and to all Provinces under the immediate administration of the Governor

General of India in Council;

and this Act shall commence to have effect on and

from the day of 1857.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

7th March 1857.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 23th February 1857, and was

referred to a Select Committee, who are to report thereon after the 11th of June next :—

A Bill to amend Act IX. of 1850.

Whereas it is expedient that the rate of diet money required to be deposited for the subsistence of a person imprisoned under a judgment of a Court of Small Causes should be varied on due cause being shown; It is enacted as follows :—

I. It shall be lawful for a Judge of a Court of Small Causes, holden under Act IX. of 1850, on due cause

money to be deposited for persons imprisoned under Small Cause Court judgments.

being shown, to order that the diet money to be deposited for the subsistence of a prisoner taken in execution under a warrant of the Court shall be deposited after a rate of not less than one anna nor more than four annas for each day. Every such order may from time to time be revised and altered on due cause being shown.

II. This Act shall be read with, and taken as a part of, Act IX. of 1850.

Construction.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

Notice is hereby given, that the Petitions of the several Persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, Bombay, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the Eleventh Year of Victoria, Chapter XXI. :—

Names.	Profession.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Dates of Petitions filed.		
				Day.	Month.	Year.
Sewjee Dewjee.....	Goldsmith.....	Hindoo.....	Without the Fort, in Coombarwadda, near Khetwady.	6th	March	1857
Hurrychund Narronjee.	Attorney's Clerk.....	Ditto	Without the Fort, at Lowhar Chawl.	7th	"	"
Narron Tookaram, Gainoo Tookaram, and Suckoobaer, Widow of Tookaram Bhawoo.	Basket Makers.....	Ditto	Without the Fort, on Khuduck.	9th	"	"
Nowrojee Byramjee, and Sorabjee Byramjee.	Trading under the Name and Firm of Sorabjee Byramjee, as China Merchants.	Parsees.....	Within the Fort, near Mody Khana.	14th	"	"
Dewoobaee, Widow...	Labourer.....	Hindoo....	Lately without the Fort, at Girgaum, in Moogbhatwaddy (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	16th	"	"
Bapoo Sonjee and Surruswutteebaee.	Liquor Sellers.....	Ditto	Without the Fort, on Girgaum Road, near Mangulwady.	"	"	"
Dinkar Wamounrao ..	Clerk in the Assistant Engineer's Office.	Ditto	Without the Fort, in Wittulwady.	"	"	"
Syed Goolam Hoossain wulud Hakeem Goolam Mohideen.	Priest.....	Mahomedan..	Without the Fort, in Bhendy Bazar.	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Insolvents' Petitions, that the real and personal Estates and Effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Clause VII. of the said Act, have been duly made.

Days appointed for Hearing the Petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents.

Names.	Time.		
	Day.	Month.	Hour.
Hormusjee Dadabhoy	1st Monday....	April next.....	11 o'clock.
John Vincent Lobo	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Bhawoodeen (otherwise called Fuzloodeen) bin Kootboodeen Toongakur.	3rd Monday....	Ditto	Ditto.
Aaron Solomon Gindill and Mayer Solomon Gindill.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Hurrychund Narronjee.....	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Sewjee Dewjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Syed Goolam Hoossain wulud Hakeem Goolam Mohideen.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Bapoo Sonjee Dewbaee, Widow, and Surruswutteebaee, Widow.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ballajee Heerajee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees, at my Office, at least three days before the Hearing. The abovenamed Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects in my Office.

J. A. McKENZIE, Clerk of the Court,
By W. J. BROOKFIELD.

Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 17th day of March 1857.

નાદાર દેવાદારોની કોરટ મધે.

જાહેર ખર્ચર ખર્ચે ઉપરથી આપવામાં આવે છે જે, વિગત સાથે હેની હેઠળ જે જુદી જુદી આશામીઓનાં નામો લખેલ છે, તેઓએ મુખ્યધની નાદાર દેવાદારોનાં છુટકા કરનારી કોરટને અરજીઓ આપી છે, તેમાં એક એકની અરજ હવે છે જે વિક્ટોરીયાના અગિઆરમે વરસે જે ધારો કરીને કરાવ્યો છે, તેના એકવિશમાં બાબતોનો ધલાવ હમોને મળે.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	મુખ્યધનિધે રહેવાનું કે કાણું.	અરજીઓ દાખલ કરાની તારીખ.		
				દાહાડા	માસ.	વરસ.
શીવજી દેવજી	શોનીનો	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહાર એતવાડીની પા- સે કુંભાર વાડામો.	૬ ડો.	માર્ચ.	૧૮૫૭.
હરીચંદ નારાયણજી	વકીલને તાંહાં લખનાર	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહાર હુવારચાલીમાં..	૭ મો	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
નારાયણ દુકારામ તથા ગનુ દુકારામ તથા રામચંદ તે દુકારામ ભાઈની વિધવા.	રોપલી કરનારાં	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહાર ખડક ઉપર ..	૮ મે	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
નવરોજજી ખેરામજી તથા શોરામજી ખેરામજી.	ચીનના વેપારી તરીકે શોરામ- જી ખેરામજીને નામે તથા પેડીએ વેપાર કરે છે.	પારશી.	કોટમ મોંદી ખાનાની પારો.	૧૪ મો	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
દેઉખાઈ વિધવા	મજૂરી	હીંદુ.	આગલ કોટખાર ગીરગામ- માં મુગભાટ વાડીમો ને હાલ મુખ્યધની તુરંગમાં.	૧૯ મો	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
બાપુ શોનજી તથા રામશ્વ- તીખાઈ.	દારૂવેચનારાં	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહાર ગીરગામના ૨- સ્તા ઉપર માંગલ વા- ડીની પારો.	૨-એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
દીનકર વામનરાવ	આસિરદન ઇંછની અરજી હા- શીસમાં લખનાર.	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહાર વીંડલ વાડીમો..	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
રાધાચંદ યુલામ હુરોન વલદ હકીમ યુલામ મોહીદીન.	મુલાં	મહમદીઅન.	કોટખાહાર ભીડીબજારમો.	એપ્ર	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.

ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓની બાબતોમાં ઘટતી રીતે હુકમ થયો છે, જે ઉપર લખેલા ધારાની સાતમી કલમ પ્રમાણે નાદાર દેવાદાર મજૂરોની સ્થાવર તથા જંગમ મિલકત તથા ચીજવસ્તુ આ નામદાર કોરટનાં અધિક્ષિતમાલ આશાએનીના તાબામાં આવે.

નીચે લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓ સાંભળવારાહ કરાવેલા દીવસ.

નામ.	વખત.		
	દાહાડા.	માસ.	કલાક.
હોરમજી દાદાખાઈ	૧ લો સોમવાર.	આવતો અપ્રેલ.	૧૧.
જન વીનશૈટ લોખો	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
ભાઈદીન ઉરફ ફજલુદીન ખીન કુતબુદીન ટુંગાકર	૩ જો સોમવાર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
એઆરન સાલેમાન ગીનડીલ તથા મેજર સાલેમાન ગીનડીલ.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
હરીચંદ નારાયણજી	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
શીવજી દેવજી	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
રાધાચંદ યુલામ હુરોન વલદ હકીમ યુલામ મોહીદીન	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
બાપુ શોનજી તથા દેવખાઈ વિધવા તથા સરસ્વતી ખાઈ વિધવા..	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.
બાલાજી હીરાજી	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.	એપ્ર.

આજ આવનાર લેખદાસેએ, થોડામાં થોડા સાંભળવાના તણ દાહાડા અગાઉ, સોગણનાંમાથી સાખીત કરેલા પોતાના દાવા હમારી આશીસમાં દાખલ કરવા જ્યેષ્ઠિ, તથા સિરસ્તા પ્રમાણે તેઓને શી આપવી જોઈએ. ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોએ પોતાના દેવાની, તથા માલ મિલકતની, ટીપો હમારી આશીસમાં દાખલ કરાવી છે.

મુખ્યધનાં કોરટમધે, કોર્ટના કલાર્કની આશીસમાં,
લખી તારીખ ૧૭ મી માર્ચ સને ૧૮૫૭.

જે. એ. મેકેનજી,

કોર્ટના કલાર્કની વતી વ. પરકશીડડ,

(A true translation)

NARAYEN DINANATHJEE, Acting Chief Translator.

STATEMENT OF DEPOSITS made at the General Treasury at Bombay, on account of the Estates of Deceased European Comrissioned, Warrant, and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers, and Seamen, of the East India Company's Service, during the Month of February 1857.

Date of Deposits.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General No.	Date of Decease.	Amount of Deposits.
MILITARY.						<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
1857						
Feb. 10th	R. Hosken	Surgeon	Medical Establishment		Nov. 30th, 1856	3,002 8 0
" 12th	William Henry Monk	Private	3rd Bombay Eur. Regt	841	Dec. 8th "	69 8 9
" 16th	T. A. Mackenzie	Captain	3rd Light Cavalry		Oct. 4th "	525 7 4
" 24th	T. A. Mackenzie	Ditto	Ditto		Oct. 4th "	448 9 9
" 28th	W. Christie	Store and Park Corporal	Ordnance Department		Jan. 4th, 1857	66 15 10
" "	John Niblo	Private	2nd Eur. Regt. L. I.	951	Jan. 30th, 1856	21 15 2
" "	Dennis Hegarty	Ditto	Ditto	1603	Mar. 16th "	63 8 1
" "	Peter Young	Ditto	Ditto	2353	Nov. 21st, 1855	32 1 11
" "	Alexander Willoughby	Ditto	Ditto	2183	Mar. 11th, 1856	16 15 6
" "	Edmond Treadaway	Serjeant	Ditto	849	May 1st "	204 12 4
" "	John Pagan	Private	Ditto	1913	June 14th "	15 10 0
" "	James Giltrass	Ditto	Ditto	2266	June 9th "	69 1 6
" "	William Bruce	Ditto	Ditto	1935	Mar. 28th "	31 1 7
" "	John Walker	Ditto	Ditto	2546	Apr. 28th "	51 10 7
" "	William Williams	Ditto	Ditto	1024	June 7th "	25 2 5
MARINE.						
1857						
Feb. 4th	Duncan Robert Campbell	Acting Quarter Master	Flat "Ethersey"			571 10 5
" 13th	J. Kennedy	Engineer Apprentice	Indus Fotilla		Oct. 20th, 1856	49 7 11
" 27th	John Wyld	Quartermaster	"Ajdaia"	3743	Dec. 10th "	9 3 10

Claims against the above Estates are to be preferred to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department within twelve months from the date of the death of the party, after which period all payments will cease to be made in India.

P. M. MELVILL, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

TENDERS FOR COAL.

Notice is hereby given, that the Mint Master is prepared to receive TENDERS for the SUPPLY of 500 tons of COAL, or of any smaller quantity, not less than 50 tons, for Mint use.

The Coal is to be the best steam coal, and certificates of its quality and description, with a sample, should be forwarded with the tender.

The rate tendered should include all landing and other charges, and also the expense of weighing and of storage on the Mint premises.

The coal shall, if deemed necessary by the Mint Master, be subject to the inspection and approval or otherwise of a Committee of Government Officers, and be at the risk of the tenderer until actual delivery and receipt at the Mint.

The form of tender below given should be adopted without alteration, and Government reserves to itself the right to reject, without assigning reason, any tender, although it may appear to be the lowest.

(Form of Tender.)

To the MINT MASTER, Bombay.

SIR,

With reference to the Notice in the Bombay Gazette dated the 9th October 1856, we hereby tender, for the service of Government, Coal of the undermentioned description, and at the price hereunto annexed:—

Description of Coal.	Per what Ship.	No. of Tons.	Price per Ton of 20 cwt. including all charges.			Amount in Words.
			Rs.	a.	p.	

We agree to each and all of the conditions contained in the Notification above referred to.

We are, &c.

Bombay (Date).

J. H. BURKE, Captain,
Mint Master.

Bombay Mint, 9th October 1856.

જાહેર નામુ.

કોમ્પેલા પુરા પાડવા વિશેના અરજી.

એહુને ટંકશાલના કામસાર ૫૦૦ ટન અથવા એહામાં એહા ૫૦ ટન કોમ્પેલા પુરા પાડવા વિશેના અરજી મીટ માસ્ટર લેશે.

ખાફે અન લાએક સારા અવલ જાતના કોમ્પેલા જોઈએ અને તે ફેલે છે તથા કહી જાતના છે એ વિશેની સરકારી તથા તેના નમુનો અરજ સાથે મોકલવા.

અરજમાં ભાવ લખવા તે કોમ્પેલા કીનારે ઉતારવાનો તથા જોખીને ટંકશાલમાં ભરી આપવા વગેરે સર્વે ખર્ચ કુધાં લખવા.

મીટ માસ્ટરને જરૂર પડે તો સરકારી અંમલદારની કામેડી પાસે કોમ્પેલાની તપાસ કરાવીને પરાંદ કરીને લેશે અને ટંકશાલમાં કોમ્પેલા જોખીને સોપવામાં આવશે તાંહાં શુધીનું જોખમ અરજદારને માથે રહેશે.

અરજનો નીચે નમુનો લખો છે તે પ્રમાણે કોઈ ફેરફાર ન કરતાં અરજ કરી જોઈએ અને એકાદી અરજમાં લખેલા દર સર્વેથી કમી હશે તો એપણ તેનું કારણ કહાવગર તે અરજ રદ કરવાને સરકાર મુખત્યાર છે.

અરજનો મસુદો.

મુખધના મીટમાસ્ટર સાહેબ જોગ.

સને ૧૮૫૬ ઈસવીના અક્ટોબર મહિનાની નવમી તારીખ.

ના મુખધગ્યાજીના વર્તમાનપત્રમાં જાહેરખબર છાપી છે તે ઉપરથી નીચે લખેલી જાતના તથા ભાવથી કોમ્પેલા સરકારી કામ સારૂ આપવાને અમે રાજી છીએ.

કોમ્પેલાની જાત.	ફેલો વાહન આવા.	અમુક ટન.	સર્વે ખર્ચ મુધાં ૨૦ હજારે રૂપિયા ટંકનો ભાવ.	અંક.
			રૂ. આ. પે.	

સદરજૂ જાહેરખબરમાં લખેલી સર્વે સર્તો અમારે કબૂલ છે.

અરજ કરનારની સહી.

મુકામ મુખધતા.

મીટ માસ્ટર કપતાન જેમ્સ હેનરી બર્ક

સાહેબ બાહાદુરની સહી.

જાહિરનામા.

કોલસે પુરવિણ્યા વિષયી અર્જ.

એસા જે ટાંકશાલેતીલ કામાકરિતાં ૫૦૦ ટન કિંવા કર્મીત કર્મી ૫૦ ટન કોલસે પુરવિણ્યાવિષીંચે અર્જ મિંટ માસ્ટર ધેતીલ.

વાફેચે યંત્રાલયક ચાંગલે ઉત્તમ પ્રતીચે કોલસે અસાવેત આણિ તે કસે આહેત વ કોળતે પ્રતીચે આહેત યાવિશીંચીં સર્ટિફિકેટ વ ત્યાવા નમુના અર્જો બરાબર પાઠવાવા.

અર્જીત દર લિહિણે તો કોલસે કિનાયાસ ઉતરણ્યાચે વ જોલૂન ટાંકસાલેત મરૂન દેણ્યાચે ચર્ચા સુધાં લ્યાહાવા.

મિંટ માસ્ટર યાંસ જરૂર વાટેલ તર સર્કારી અંમલદારાચે કર્મીટી જવઢૂન કોલસાચી પાહળી કરૂન પસંત કરૂન ધેતીલ આણિ ટાંકસાલેત કોલસે સોપડન દેણ્યાંત યેત તોપર્યત ત્યાચે જોલૂમ અર્જદારાચે માર્થી રાહીલ.

અર્જીંચા ચાલીં નમુના લિહિલા આહે ત્યા પ્રમાણે કાહીં ફેરફાર કેલ્યા વાંચૂન અર્જીં કેલી પાહિજે આણિ એવાદે અર્જીંત લિહિલેલા દર સર્વહૂન કર્મી અસેલ તથાપિ કારણ સાંગિતલ્યા વાંચૂન તો અર્જ રદ કરાયાસ સરકાર મુખત્યાર આહે.

અર્જીંચા મસુદા.

મુંબઈંચે મિંટ માસ્ટર સાહેબ યાંસ.

સન ૧૮૫૬ ઈસવીચ્યા અક્ટોબર મહિન્યાચ્યા નવે તારલેચ્યા મુંબઈં ગ્યાલેટ યા નાવાચ્યા વર્તમાનપત્રાંત જાહિરખબર છાપલી આહે ત્યાવરૂન ચાલીં લિહિલેલે. પ્રકારચે વ દરને કોલસે સર્કારી કામાકરિતાં દેણ્યાસ આમ્હોં રાજી આહોંત.

કોલસાચા પ્રકાર.	અમુક તોલ વચન આવા.	અમુક ટન.	સર્વે ખર્ચા મુધાં વીસ હજારે રૂપિયા ટંકનો ભાવ.	રકમ અલરી.
			રૂ. આ. પે.	

સદરજૂ જાહિર ખબર લિહિલેલ્યા સર્વે શર્તો આમ્હાસ કબૂલ આહેત.

મુા મુંબઈં તારીખ

અર્જ કરનારાચી સહી.

મિંટ માસ્ટર કપતાન જેમ્સ હેનરી બર્ક સાહેબ બાહાદુર યાચી સહી.

VENAYEK WASSOODER,
Oriental Translator to Govt.

MINT NOTICE.

Summary of the Rules for the Receipt of Bullion in the Bombay Mint. (Published under the authority of the Mint Committee.)

1. Tenders of Gold or of Silver Bullion will be received from Merchants or from individuals at the Bombay Mint, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. daily (Sundays and Holidays excepted), provided the parcel of Gold shall not be less than Fifty Tolas in weight, and the parcel of Silver not less than One thousand Tolas in weight, and provided such parcels be of a malleable quality, adapted for coinage.

2. Bullion or Coin must be tendered by the proprietor in the following form, lithographed copies of which will be supplied on application at the Mint:—

To the MINT MASTER, Bombay.

Sir,

I beg to tender for coinage, at the Mint rate, the undermentioned Bullion, for which I request you will have the goodness to grant a Bullion Certificate, payable at the Treasury at twenty days' sight after the said Bullion shall be received and registered, and its actual out-turn value ascertained at the Mint.

Marks on Boxes.	Mark on Silver.	No. of Boxes.	Description of Bullion.	Assumed Amount in Tolas.	Actual Weight in Troy lbs.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

Bombay,

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3. All Gold and Silver Bullion and Coins that may be tendered to the Mint for coinage, must be melted and cast into Bars by the Mint Premelting Establishment, prior to their being received or assayed.

4. No transfer of Bullion from the name of one proprietor to that of another proprietor can be permitted, after such Bullion has once been tendered to, and actually deposited in the Mint. No Bullion can be withdrawn previous to registry, except sweepings and spillages of Bullion that may have been melted, without the payment of a fee of Rupees two for each Pass permitting such withdrawal.

5. It is to be understood that, until the Bullion or Coin shall be delivered after premelting to the Mint, at the Mint Scales in the Bullion Receiving Room, it is to be considered in the custody and at the risk of the importer, to whom, however, every facility will be afforded for securing it in the Bullion Strongholds.

6. On the receipt of the Assay Report, an account current, which shall be verified by the Assistant Bullion Keeper, showing the net produce of the Bullion or Coin with reference to its weight and Assay value, after deducting the authorised amount of Mint Duty, of Refining, and of Premelting charges, will be submitted to the importer for

his examination and signature, after which shall have been obtained, a Bullion Certificate on the General Treasury, prepared in the Mint Master's Office, will be delivered to him, authorising the holder to receive the amount at twenty (20) days' sight, calculated from the date of the registry or final receipt by the Mint of the Bullion.

7. The Seignorage to be levied on the Coinage of Gold Bullion or Coin will be at the long-established rate of one per cent. on the ascertained standard out-turn value thereof. The Seignorage to be levied on the recoinage of Silver Sicca Rupees will be at the rate of one per cent. on the out-turn value. There will not be any Seignorage levied on the recoinage of short-weight Madras, Furruckabad, or Company's Rupees.

The Seignorage to be levied on the Coinage of all other descriptions of Silver Coins and Bullion will be at the rate of two per cent. on the ascertained out-turn standard value.

8. The Refinage charge on Silver below six pennyweights in Assay worse than the Indian Standard will be at the rate of .04 per cent. per pennyweight of worseness. The Refinage charge on Gold will be at the rate of one-half per cent. for every five carat grains of worseness below the Indian Standard.

9. The Premelting charge on Gold will be at the rate of Company's Rupees three and Annas twelve per one thousand tolas of Standard Gold, and on Silver at the rate of one Company's Rupee per one thousand Standard tolas.

10. Importers of Bullion or Coin will be at liberty to withdraw the same within the day following the receipt of the Assay Report, or within the day following the registry thereof, but at no later period, on payment of an Assay fee of four Rupees for each Assay of Gold Bullion, and of two Rupees for each Assay of Silver Bullion, independent of the payment of the Premelting charges above laid down on the gross weight of such Bullion.

11. Should Bullion, after having been premelted, prove to be brittle, and not adapted for coinage, it will be returned to the proprietor, and passed out of the Mint, under a written Pass, signed by the Mint Master and by the Assistant Bullion Keeper, and the proprietor will have to pay the charges for premelting the same at the prescribed rate, calculated on the gross weight in tolas of the Bullion so rejected.

J. H. BURKE, Captain,
Mint Master.

Bombay Mint, 23rd December 1856.

બહરનામું.

એહું ને મુંબઈની ટંકરાલમાં રોનું તથા ચાંદી લેવા વિરોની કાનું ન મિટ કમિટિના હુકમ ઉપરથી પ્રસિદ્ધ કરી છે તે.

૧. આદિતવાર તથા છુટીના દાહાડ સિવાય દરરોજ રવારનાં દસ વાગ્યાથી તે બપોર પછી ત્રણ વાગ્યાં સુધી રોનું તથા ચાંદી વેપારી પાસેથી અથવા ખાન લોકો પાસેથી મુંબઈની ટંકરાલમાં લેરો. ત્રણ રોનું પચાસ તોલા કરતાં ઓછું ન લેખિએ તથા ચાંદી હજાર તોલા કરતાં ઓછી ન લેખિએ તથા સદહુ રોનું તથા ચાંદી શિકો પાડવા લાયક નરમ લેખિએ.

૨. રોનું અથવા ચાંદી અથવા નાણું ટંકરાલમાં આપવું તે માલકે હેઠળ લેખિએ મુસદ્દા પ્રમાણે અરજ લખાવી

आपणुं. अरंजनी छपेली नकलो टंकशालमां मांगवाथी मलरो.

मुंअधना मिंट मास्तर जोग.

नीचे लखेणुं रोननुं (अथवा यांदी) टंकशालना दर प्रमाणे शिको पाडवासाइ हावर इहे छुं ते रोननुं (अथवा यांदी) टंकशालमां लघने नोंधाने तेनी वाज्जणी किमत इराथी दाअल इराथी वीरा दिवसनी मुदतमां तीजोरीमांथी अवेन मणे ओहेरी खुलिअंन शरदिइइट आपो मेहेरयानी इरीने आपवी.

पेडीओ उपरणी निराखी	यांदी उपरणी निराखी	पेडीनी संख्या.	सोनू तथा यांदीनो प्रकार.	सुमारे वजन तोणा.	प्रत्येक प्रमाणे नकी वजन रतलविगेरे.

सडी.

मुकांम मुंअधतारीअ मांहे सन

३. जे रोननुं तथा यांदी तथा नांखुं शिको पाडवा साइ टंकशालमां आपरो ते लीधानी अगाड अथवा तेनी याराखी काळांनी अगाड ते टंकशालमां प्रथम गालवाना आतामां गालीने तेनी लगीओ इरी जेधंमि.

४. रोननुं अथवा यांदी टंकशालमां अेक वणत आपी युभी अेखे ते अेक मालकना नांम उपरथी भिजनां नांम उपर यहुअवी देरो नही. रोननुं अथवा यांदी नोंध्यानी अगाड टंकशालमांथी काहाडी लघंनवी होय तो काहाडी लघंनवा नी इरी अदल इ. २ शी आप्या वगर काहाडी लघंनवा देरो नही जे रोननुं अथवा यांदी गाली हरो तेनो इयरो अथवा गाल मात्र लेवा देरो.

५. रोननुं अथवा यांदी अथवा नांखुं प्रथम गाला पछी रोननुं तथा यांदी लेवाना कोटडीमां टंकशालना कांय उपर ते शोपी देरो तांहां सुपी ते मालकने नांम छे तथा तेनु जेअंम तेने मांथे छे ओहेणुं समज्जुं जेधंमि. पणु रोननुं तथा यांदी अदोअस्तथी राअ्यानी कोटडीमां ते राअ्याविरो तेने सर्वे प्रकारे अदोअस्त करी आपरो.

६. याराखीनो रपोट आप्या पछी मिंट इरीनो तथा शोधवानो तथा प्रथम गालवाना अर्थनी इरावेची रकम आद इरीने शोनानां अथवा यांदीना अथवा नांखुंना वजन प्रमाणे तथा याराखीनी किंमत प्रमाणे नकी उत्पन्न थारो तेनो हिशाय आपसिरेट खुलिअंन कीपरनी सडीनो मालकने तपारावासाइ तथा सडी करवा साइ आपवो. ते उपर मालकनी सडी थंछे ओखे मिंट मास्तरनी इरीनी मां तुज्यार इरेला नगराज तीजोरी उपरनी खुलिअंन शरदिइइट मालकने आपवी ते ओहेरी के नोंध्यानी तारीअथी ओखे रोननुं अथवा यांदी अथवा नांखुं टंकशालमां नकी इरावीने लीधानी तारीअथी वीरा दिवसनी मुदतनी ते शरदिइइटनी रकम ते जेनी पारो हजे तेहेने मणो ओहेरी मलकुनी शरदिइइट आपवी.

७. रोननुं अथवा यांदी अथवा नांखुंना शिको पाडवा अदल तेनी वास्तवीक इरेली किमत उपर दर रोड्डे अेक टको प्रमाणे लेरो. — शिका इण्माानी यांदीनो इरीथी शिका पाडवा अदल तेनी वाज्जणी किमत उपर दर रोड्डा अेक टको प्रमाणे लेरो. — मद्रासी तथा इरावादी तथा कंपनीना

ओखा वजनना इपैमांनो इरीथी शिको पाडवाने कांय पेरारो नही.

सदुहे शिवाय भिजल इपैमांनां नांखुंना तथा यांदीना शिका पाडवा अदल वाज्जणी इरेली किमत उपर दर रोड्डे मे टका लेरो.

८. भ्रिठिरा इंडिमांना इरावेला टय करतां याराखीमां छ पेनीवेट करतां ओछी नररा यांदी शोधवानो अर्थ पडरो ते अेक पेनीवेट नररा यांदी अदल रोड्डे ०.००४ यार शतांश अे दर प्रमाणे पडरो. रोननुं शोधवानो अर्थ पडरो ते भ्रिठिरा इंडिमांना इरावेला टय करतां दर अेक पांय कचरेट ग्रेन, नररा अदल रोड्डे अर्थो टको पडरो.

९. प्रथम गालवा अदल अर्थ पडरो ते आ प्रमाणे इरावेला टयना अेक हज्जर तोणा रोनाने कंपनी इ. ३ १२ ० पडरो अने इरावेला टयना अेक हज्जर तोला यांदीनो कंपनी इरावो १ पडरो.

१०. रोननुं अथवा यांदी अथवा नांखुं टंकशालमां देनारं माणुसोनी पाखुं काहाडी लघंनवा नी मरछु हरो तो आरोनो रपोट दाअल यथथी छिमा नोंध दाअल यथथी अेक दिवसनी अंर काहाडी लघंनवा ने सुअतीआर छे तयार पछी तेने पाखुं मलनार नही अने सदुहे दिवसनी अंर काहाडीने लघंनरो तयरे प्रथम गालवानो अर्थ उपर लणो छे ते शिवाय वणी शोनानी दरअेक याराखी अदल यार इपैमा अने यांदीनी याराखी अदल मे इपैमा शी देवी पडरो.

११. रोननुं अथवा यांदी प्रथम गाला पछी ते कंय छे तथा ते शिको पाडवा लाअेक नथी ओहेणुं नगरमां आपरो तो ते मालकने पाखुं आपणुं अने मिंट मास्तरनी तथा आपसिरेट खुलिअंन कीपरनी राडीनी लखेली परवानगी विडी उपरथी ते टंकशालमांथी गालार नवा देवी अने रोननुं अथवा यांदी सदुहे प्रमाणे रद करेछुं हरो तेना अरा वजन उपर इरावेला दर प्रमाणे प्रथम गालवानो अर्थ थारो ते मालके आपवो जेधंमि.

सडी.

जमरा हेनरी अर्क कपतान,
मिंट मास्तर.

तारीअ २३मी माहे डिसेंबर राने १८५९, इसवी

मुकांम मुंअधटंकशाल.

जाहिरनामा.

मुंबई एथील टांकसाळेंत सोने व चांदी घेण्याविषयीं कासु मिंट कमिटीचे हुकुमावरून प्रसिद्ध केल्या आहेत त्या.

१. आदितवार व सुटीचे दिवस खेरीज करून दररोज सकाळचे दाहा वाजल्या पासून दोन प्रहराचे तीन वाजत तों पर्यंत सोने व चांदी व्यापाऱ्या कडून किंवा दत्त मनुष्या कडून मुंबईचे टांकसाळेंत घेतील परंतु सोने पंसास तोळयांहून कमी असुं नये व चांदी हजार तोळयांहून कमी असुं नये आणि सदर सोने किंवा चांदी शिका पाडण्या योग्य नरम असावी.

२. सोने किंवा चांदी किंवा नाणें टांकसाळेंत देणें तें मालकाने खाली लिहिलेले मसुद्या प्रमाणे अर्ज लिहून दाखें. अर्जाच्या छापील नकला टांकसाळेंत मागितल्या असता मिळतील.

मुंबई येथील मिंट मास्तर सार्वेच सांव.

खाली लिहिलेले सोने (किंवा चांदी) टांकसाळेंतील दरा-प्रमाणें शिका पाडण्या करितां हजार करितां तें सोने (किंवा चांदी) टांकसाळेंत घेऊन नोंदून त्याची वीस-विक किंमत ठरल्या वर लागू केल्या पासून वीस दिवसांचे

मुदतीने तिजोरीतून ऐवज मिळे-असें बुलियन सर्टिफिकेट आपण मेहरबानगी करून द्यावें.

पेठोवरील निशाण्या.	चांदो वरील निशाण्या.	पेण्यांची संख्या.	सोने किंवा चांदीचा प्रकार.	अज-मास वजन तोळे.	टाय वजना प्रमाणे नको वजन रतल वगैरे.

सही-

मु॥ मुंबई तारीख माहे

सन २

३. जें सोने व चांदी व नाणे शिक्का पाडण्याकरितां टांकसाळेंत देतील तें घेण्यापूर्वी किंवा त्याची चासणी काढण्या पूर्वी तें टांकसाळेंतल प्रथम गाळणारे खात्यांत गाळून त्याच्या लगड्या केल्या पाहिजेत.

४. सोने किंवा चांदी टांकसाळेंत एकदा देऊन ठेविली म्हणजे ती एका मालकाचे नावावरून दुसऱ्याचे नावावर चढवूं देणार नाही सोने किंवा चांदी नोंदल्यापूर्वी टांकसाळेंतून काढून नेणे झाल्यास काढून नेण्याचे चिटी बदल दोन रुपये फी दिल्या वाचून काढून नेऊं देणार नाहीत जें सोने किंवा चांदी गाळिली असेल तिचा कचरा व गाळ मात्र नेवूं देतील.

५. सोने किंवा चांदी किंवा नाणे प्रथम गाळिल्या नंतर सोने व चांदी घेण्याचे खोलीतील टांकसाळीचे काढ्यावर तें सोंपवून देत तोंपर्यंत तें मालकाचे ताब्यांत आहे व त्याचें जोखीम त्याचे शिरावर आहे असें समजलें पाहिजे परंतु सोने व चांदी बंदोबस्ताने ठेवण्याचे खोल्यांत तें ठेवण्याविषयी त्यास सर्व प्रकारें सोई करून देतील.

६. चासणीचा रपोट आल्यावर मिंट ड्यूटीची व शोध-ण्याचे व प्रथम गाळण्याचे खर्चाची ठरविलेली रकम वजा करून सोन्याचे किंवा चांदीचे किंवा नाण्याचे वजना अन्वये व चासणीचे किंमती अन्वये नकी उत्पन्न होईल त्याचा हिशोब असिस्टंट बुलियन कीपरचे सहीचा मालकास तपास-ण्याकरितां व सही करण्याकरितां द्यावा त्यावर मालकाची सही झाली म्हणजे मिंट मास्तरचे कचेरींत तयार केलेलें जनरल तिजोरीवरचें बुलियन सर्टिफिकेट मालकास द्यावें तें असें की नोंदीचे तारिखेपासून म्हणजे सोने किंवा चांदी किंवा नाणे टांकसाळेंत नकी ठरवून घेतल्या तारिखेपासून वीस दिवसांचे मुदतीने त्या सर्टिफिकेटाची रकम तें ज्या जवळ असेल त्यास मिळेल असे मजकुराचें सर्टिफिकेट द्यावें.

७. सोने किंवा चांदी किंवा नाण्याचा शिक्का पाडण्या बदल त्याचे वास्तवीक ठरलेले किमतीवर दर शेकडा एक टका प्रमाणे घेतो.—शिक्का रुप्याचे चांदीचा पुन्हा शिक्का पाडण्या बदल त्याचे वास्तवीक किमतीवर दर शेकडा एक टका प्रमाणे घेतो.—मद्रासी व फरकावादी व कंपनी कमी वजनाचे रुप्याचा पुन्हा शिक्का पाडल्यास काहीं पडणार नाही-सदहू खेरीज इतर रुप्याचे नाण्याचा व चांदीचा शिक्का पाडण्याबद्दल वास्तवीक ठरलेले किमतीवर दर शेकडा दोन टके घेतो.

८. ब्रिटिश इंडियाचे ठरविलेले टचाहून चासणीत साहा पेनेवेटा पेक्षा कमी नरस असणारी चांदी शोधण्याचा खर्च पडेल तो एक पेनेवेट नरस चांदी बदल शेकडा ०० ४ च्यार शतांश या दराने पडेल सोने शोधण्याचा खर्च पडेल तो ब्रिटिश इंडियाचे ठरविलेले टचाहून प्रत्येक पांच वयारेट ग्रेन नरस असल्यास बदल शेकडा अर्धा टका पडेल.

९. प्रथम गाळण्या बदल खर्च पडेल तो येणें प्रमाणे ठरलेले टचाचे एक हजार तोळे सोन्यास कंपनी तेन रुपये बारा आणि पडतील आणि ठरलेलें टचाचे एक हजार तोळे चांदीस कंपनी एक रुपया पडेल.

१०. सोने किंवा चांदी किंवा नाणे टांकसाळेंत देणारीं मनुष्यें तें परत काढून नेण्यास इच्छित असतील तर आसेचा रपोट दाखल झाल्यावर किंवा नोंद दाखल झाल्यावर एक दिवसाचे आंत काढून नेण्यास मुखत्यार आहेत मग त्यास परत मिळनार नाही आणि सदहू दिवसाचे आंत काढून नेतील तेव्हां प्रथम गाळण्याचा खर्च वर लिहिला आहे त्या खेरीज आणखी सोन्याचे प्रत्येक चासणी बदल चार रुपये आणि चांदीचे प्रत्येक चासणी बदल दोन रुपये फी द्यावी लागेल.

११. सोने किंवा चांदी प्रथम गाळल्या नंतर ती कडक आहे व शिक्का पाडण्या योग्य नाही असें नजरेस येईल तर ती मालकास परत करावी आणि मिंट मास्तरचे व असिस्टंट बुलियन कीपरचे सहीचे लेखी परवानगी चिटी वरून ती टांकसाळेंतून बाहेर जाऊं द्यावी आणि सोने किंवा चांदी सदहू प्रमाणे रद्द केली असेल तीचे ऐन वजनावर ठराविलेले दरा प्रमाणे प्रथम गाळण्याचा खर्च होईल तो मालकाने दिव्हा पाहिजे.

सही-

जेम्स हेनरी बर्क कपतान,

मिंट मास्तर.

तारीख २३ माहे डिसेंबर सन १८५६ इसवी

मुकाम मुंबई टांकसाळ-

VENAYEK WASSOODEW,
Oriental Translator to Govt.

No. 77 of 1857.

Notice

Is hereby given, that a small supply of ADHESIVE ENVELOPES, referred to in the undermentioned Notice of the Officiating Director General of the Post Office in India, dated Calcutta, the 29th November 1856, have been received by this Department from Calcutta. Officers in charge of Local Depôts, requiring any, should prefer their Indent to this Department, as directed in the above notice.

"NOTICE.

"The Officers in charge of Treasuries and Depôts for the custody and sale of Postage Stamps are informed that Adhesive Envelopes, stamped with the value of One Anna, have been received from England, and, being now in charge of the Superintendent of Stamps, Calcutta, are now available on Indent.

"2. These Envelopes are in packets of 16, and each packet is enclosed in a wrapper, on which is marked the price, Rs. 1-2-0.

"3. The Rules for the sale of Postage Stamps are applicable to the sale of the Stamped Envelopes; but discount is allowed on the actual value of the latter, and not the extra charge of 2 annas on every 16 Envelopes, which is added to cover the cost of the paper and manufacture.

"4. The Superintendent of Stamps will not supply the Stamped Envelopes in a smaller quantity than one Ream at a time, which consists of 30 Packets, and is of the value of Rs. 33-12-0, including the extra charge of 2 annas on each Packet."

J. W. MUSPRATT,

Superintendent of Stamps.

Bombay, General Stamp Office,
4th February 1857.

WEEKLY SUMMARY OF DEATHS ON THE ISLAND OF BOMBAY.

CASTE OR TRIBE.	Still-born.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Measles.	Fever.	Disease of Nervous System.	Vascular System.	Respiratory System.	Alimentary System.	Urinary System.	Sexual System, and Child-bearing.	Locomotive & Tegumentary Systems.	Cachexy and Debility.	Leprosy, Tubercular and Articular.	Dropsy.	Accident and Violence.	Other and Unknown Cause.	Total—exclusive of Still-born.
Boodhist.—Jain, &c. ..	..	..	..	1	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	15
Brahmun. ..	..	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	13
Lingaet and Bhatia ..	..	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
Hindoo of other Caste ..	8	32	3	74	82	5	..	5	14	..	1	1	11	..	1	..	..	229
Hindoo Out-caste ..	1	16	..	7	8	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	34
Moosulman ..	..	4	4	20	40	1	..	6	7	..	3	1	1	..	..	1	..	87
Parsee ..	..	2	..	6	5	4	..	3	1	..	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	24
Jew ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Native-Christian. ..	..	9	1	..	6	1	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21
Indo-European ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
European. ..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
Negro-African ..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5
Other and Unknown Caste ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Total. ..	10	68	9	110	168	12	..	18	32	1	6	3	17	..	2	1	..	447
Mean of the corresponding Weeks in the preceding Nine Years. ..	..	67	37	4	130	10	..	28	38	..	1	1	13	1	4	2	1	338

A. H. LEITH,

Bombay, 25th March 1857.

In charge of Mortuary Returns.

DIRECTIONS

FOR APPROACHING THE SAND HEADS
IN BOTH MONSOONS.

SOUTH-WEST MONSOON.

The South-West Monsoon may be considered to commence on the 15th March, on which date the Pilot Vessels take up their station near the buoy on the Pilot's Ridge as described below. The South-West Monsoon is over by the end of September.

2nd.—False Point Light House is in latitude $20^{\circ} 19\frac{1}{2}'$ north, and longitude $86^{\circ} 47'$ east; and a buoy is placed in $21\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms on the Pilot's Ridge, in latitude $20^{\circ} 49\frac{1}{2}'$ north, and longitude $87^{\circ} 42'$ east: the buoy therefore bears from False Point Light House north $59^{\circ} 49'$ east, true, and distant $59\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

3rd.—A vessel, therefore, after making the Light House at False Point (in passing which she ought not to go into less than 10 fathoms) should bring it to bear about west-south-west 10 or 15 miles distant, when she will be in 11 or 12 fathoms; then steer east-north-eastward, when the soundings will gradually increase to 23 fathoms on the eastern edge of the Pilot's Ridge: she should then regulate her course so as to keep between the Ridge and 27 fathoms, when, by attention to the lead and nature of the soundings, course and distance run from the Light House, it is almost impossible to avoid making the Pilot Vessels, as their cruising ground is immediately to the north-east of the Light Vessel stationed during the South-West Monsoon in close proximity to the buoy on the Ridge.

4th.—The soundings to seaward of the Pilot's Ridge are, in general, a greenish or olive-coloured mud, with occasionally a few bits of broken shells

mixed with it; whilst those on the Ridge are of a shelly sand, or minute gravel, of a reddish or rusty brown colour.

5th.—Vessels approaching the station are earnestly warned to be careful in avoiding collision when communicating with either the Light, or supplying Pilot Vessels; and, on making the former at night, they are strongly recommended to heave to, at a proper distance, till day-light, by which measure they will avoid the probability of passing the supplying Pilot Vessels in the darkness of the night.

6th.—The Eastern Channel Light Vessel is in latitude $21^{\circ} 4'$ north, and longitude $88\frac{1}{2}^{\circ} 14'$ east, and therefore bears from the buoy on the Pilot's Ridge north $63^{\circ} 26'$ east, true; and distant $32\frac{1}{2}$ miles. The Eastern Channel Light Vessel, from the 15th March to the 15th September, burns a blue light every half hour and a maroon every quarter hour during the night, commencing at 7 p. m.; and her standing light is a plain light.

7th.—The Pilot's Ridge Light Vessel shows from the 15th March to the 15th September a plain standing light, and burns a blue light every hour, and a maroon at the intermediate half hours.

8th.—It is important to observe the difference as to the blue lights and maroons shown by the Eastern Channel and the Ridge Light respectively, as, if this is attended to, a vessel, out in her reckoning, or uncertain of her position, cannot possibly mistake one for the other.

THE NORTH-EAST MONSOON.

9th.—This monsoon, which constitutes the fine season in the head of the Bay of Bengal, is considered to commence in October and end in the beginning of March. During this season the

Pilot Station is about the Outer Floating Light situated in the Eastern Channel as above, and vessels coming in should make directly for that mark. The Pilot Vessels cruise in the day-time spreading east and west of, sometimes a little to the southward of, the Light Vessel; and at night anchor in positions not far from her. At this season she shows a meroon or torch-light every half hour and a blue light every hour.

DIVIE ROBERTSON,
Master Attendant.

Fort William, the 1st March 1856.

CLERKS WANTED.

Required, for the QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT in PERSIA, THREE CLERKS. Apply at the Quartermaster General's Office, Bombay.

R. PHAYRE, Major,
Acting Quartermaster General.
Bombay, 21st March 1857.

MINT NOTICE.

The Mint Master, with the sanction of the Mint Committee, begs to notify, with reference to the Mint Notice issued by him on the 23rd of December 1856, that, on account of the recent and expected very large arrivals of London Bar Silver, such Silver will, pending further notice, be received at the Mint without being required to be premelted, and in every respect as such Silver was received prior to the 1st instant, provided the Touch, as per invoice, shall exceed the Standard Indian Touch for Silver, that is, shall exceed 91.66 per cent.

Coins will continue to be premelted as formerly, and premelting charges will be levied on such Bullion only as may actually be premelted.

J. H. BURKE, Captain,
Mint Master.

Bombay Mint, 24th January 1857.

અહરનામુ.

એહરુ ને તારીખ ૨૩ મી માહે ડિસેમ્બર શને ૧૮૫૬ ને દિવસે મિંટ માસ્તરે અહરનામુ પ્રગટ કર્યું છે તે ખાખત મિંટ કમિટિના હુકમથી મિંટ માસ્તર એહરુ અહર કરે છે કે, કંડનના ચાંદીના લાક્ષ હાલ ધણા આપ્યાં છે તથા ધણા આવવાના છે વાસ્તે બિનું અહરનામુ પ્રગટ કર્યામાં આવે ત્યાંહાંસુધી સદ્દુ પ્રકારની ચાંદી પ્રથમ ગલાવીઆ શિવાય તથા ચાલતા મહિનાની પેહેલી તારીખની અગાઉ સદ્દુ પ્રકારની ચાંદી ને રીતે લેતા હતા તેમ ટેકસાલમાં લેરો પણ ધનિવો-ધસિમાં ચાંદીનો ને ટચ લખેલો હોય તે બ્રિટિશ ધડિઆના ડ્રાવેલા ચાંદીના ટચ કરતાં વધતો હોય એવે રોકે ૯૧.૬૬ થી વધતો હોય તો ન લેરો.

નાણું આગલ પ્રમાણે પ્રથમથી ગાલા કરશે અને ને ચાંદી ખરેખરી પ્રથમ ગાલશે તેનો ન માત્ર પ્રથમ ગાલવાનો ખર્ચ લેરો.

સહી.

નેમ્સ હેનરી બર્ક કપતાન,
મિંટ માસ્તર.

તારીખ ૨૪ મી માહે જાનેવારી શને ૧૮૫૭ ઇસવી
મુકામ મુંબઈ ટેકસાલ.

VENAYEK WASSOODIEW,
Oriental Translator to Govt.

OPIMUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Tuesday, 24th March 1857.

YEARS.	PASSENGER GRANTED AT INDORE			IMPORTED INTO BOMBAY			EXPORTED BY SEA			Balance.	
	For 1854-55		Chests.	Total.	From 18th to 24th Mar. 1857.	Up to 17th Mar. 1857.	Total.	From 18th to 24th Mar. 1857.	Up to 17th Mar. 1857.	1854	1855
For 1854-55		Chests.	27,688	27,688	27,688	27,688	27,688	..	27,688	154	184
" 1855-56		"	29,397	29,397	29,397	29,200	29,200	..	29,200	184	43
" 1856-57		"	14,545	14,032	14,015	10,511	10,511	43	10,554	3,476	43

Detail of Exports from 18th to 24th March 1857.

For the Season 1856-57.
Per Barque "Cowasjee Family"..... 43

Bombay, Office of Commr. of Customs, Salt, and Opium, 25th March 1857.

E. L. JENKINS,
Actg. Depy. Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish, for general information, the following Proclamation issued by the Government of Ceylon:—

In the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency Sir HENRY GEORGE WARD, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

L. S.

H. G. WARD.

Whereas by the Passengers Act 1855 (18th and 19th Vict. Chap. 119), "To amend the Law relating to the Carriage of Passengers by Sea," it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor of each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, by any Proclamation to be by him from time to time issued for that purpose (which shall take effect from the issuing thereof), to declare what shall be deemed for the purposes of the said Act to be the length of the voyage of any ship carrying Passengers from such possession to any other place whatsoever, and to prescribe such Scale of Diet for the use of the Passengers during the voyage as he shall think proper, and also to declare what Medicines, Medical Comforts, Medical Instruments, and other matters shall be deemed necessary for the medical treatment of the Passengers during such colonial voyage: Now therefore We, the said Governor, by this our Proclamation issued for that purpose, do declare that the following shall be the rule of computation by which the length of the voyage of any ship carrying Passengers from the Island of Ceylon to the several places hereinafter enumerated shall be computed for the purposes of the said recited Act; that is to say,—

Name of Place.	If the Ships be propelled by Sails alone.
	Days.
New South Wales	100
Ports in other Australian Possessions	80
New Zealand	120
Mauritius	30
Cape of Good Hope	65
Great Britain or France	130

And We, the said Governor, do further declare, that in addition to, and irrespective of, any Provisions of their own which any Passengers may have on board, the Master of every such Ship shall make to each Passenger during the voyage, including the time of detention, if any, at any port or place before the termination of such voyage, the following issues of pure Water, and sweet and wholesome Provisions:—

Dietary Scale for Europeans.

Weekly...	3 Quarts of Water daily	} Per Statute Adult.
	2½ lbs. of Bread or Biscuit, not inferior in quality to Navy Biscuit.	
	1 lb. Wheaten Flour	
	5 lbs. Oatmeal	
	2 lbs. Rice	
	½ lb. Sugar	
	2 oz. of Tea, or 4 oz. of Cocoa or of roasted Coffee	
	2 oz. of Salt	

The following substitutions for articles in the above Dietary Scale may be made, at the option of the Master of any "Passenger Ship," provided that the substituted articles be set forth in the contract tickets of the Passengers: that is to say, 5 lbs. of good Potatoes, or ½ lb. of Beef or of Pork, exclusive of bone, or of Preserved Meat, or ¾ lb. of dried Salt Fish, or 1 lb. of Bread or Biscuit, not inferior in quality to Navy Biscuit, or 1 lb. of best Wheaten Flour, or 1 lb. of split Peas, for 1½ lb. of Oatmeal, or for 1 lb. of Rice; and ½ lb. of Preserved Potatoes may be substituted for 1 lb. of Potatoes; but in vessels clearing out for Scotch or Irish Ports, the Weekly allowance of Oatmeal shall not be less than at the rate of 3½ lbs. for each Statute Adult.

Dietary Scale for Natives.

Weekly..	3 Quarts of Water daily	} Per Statute Adult.
	14 lbs. of Rice.	
	2 oz. of Tea, or 4 oz. of roasted Coffee.	
	1 lb. of Sugar	
	2 lbs. of Salt Fish, or Salt Beef, exclusive of bone	
	2 oz. of Salt	

And lastly, We, the said Governor, do hereby further declare, that the Medicines, Medical Comforts, Medical Instruments, and other matters necessary for the Medical Treatment of the Passengers on any such voyage, shall be as follows, namely:—

Medicines.

For every fifty Statute Adults, and in like proportion for any greater or less number during a voyage of one hundred and twenty days,—

	lb.	oz.		lb.	oz.
Acaciæ Contrit.	0	8	Acid Tartar. Contrit.	0	6
Acid Acetic.	0	4	Alum	0	4
Hydrocyanic	0	1	Ammonia Hydrochlor.	0	4
Sulphuric	0	4	Sesquicarb.	0	4

	lb.	oz.		lb.	oz.
Antimon. Potassio-tart.	0	1	Opii Dari	0	1
Argenti Nitratis	0	0½	Pilul. Hydrargyri	0	2
Camphor	0	4	Plumbi Acetat	0	4
Cerat. Calaminæ	1	0	Potass. Bitartar. Contrit.	0	8
Cetacei	1	4	Nitratis	0	8
Cinchonæ Lancif. Contrit.	1	0	Potassii Iodid.	0	2
Confect. Aromatic	0	2	Pulv. Antimon Jacobi	0	1
Copaib.	0	4	Cretæ Comp.	0	8
Creasote	0	0½	C. Opio	0	4
Cretæ Prep.	0	4	Ipecacuanhæ Comp.	0	3
Cupri Sulph.	0	1	Quinæ disulphat	0	2
Emplast. Cantharid.	0	8	Rhei Contrit.	0	2
Resinæ	1	0	Sennæ	0	8
Extract Colocynth. Comp.	0	2	Sodæ Sesquicarb.	0	8
Gentianæ	0	1	Spirit Ether Nitric	0	2
Hyosciam	0	0½	Sulph.	0	2
Ferri Sulphat	0	1	Rectificat.	0	4
Hydrarg. Bichlorid.	0	0½	Tinct. Camphor Comp.	0	4
Chlorid	0	2	Catechu	0	4
Iodin.	0	0½	Digitalis	0	1
Ipecacuanhæ Contrit.	0	4	Hyosciam	0	2
Jalapæ Contrit.	0	8	Myrrhæ	0	4
Kino	0	4	Opii	0	4
Ligr. Ammonie	0	4	Rhei Comp.	0	8
Plumbi Diacetat.	0	4	Scillæ	0	4
Magnesiæ Carbon.	0	4	Vin. Colchici	0	4
Sulphat	10	0	Ipecac.	0	4
Morphia Hydrochlor.	0	0½	Opii	0	1
Ol. Menthæ Pip	0	0½	Ung. Hydrarg. Port	0	2
Olivæ	0	4	Nitrat.	0	1
Ricini	2	0	Sulphur Comp.	0	8
Terebinth	0	4	Zinci Sulph.	0	1
Tiglii	0	0½	Zingiber Contrit.	2	0

Materials.

Lint, fine.	lbs.	1½	Pewter Urethra Syringes	No.	2
Surgeon's Tow	"	3	Sponges	"	2
Skins of Leather.	No.	1	Bandages, Calico	"	12
Flannel for Fomentation.	Yards	3	Flannel	"	2
Pins	Paper	1	Trusses, Bag	"	1
Grain Scales and Weights	Set	1	Blood Poringers	"	1
Ounce do.	"	1	Tapæ	Piece	4
Graduated Minim Measure	No.	1	Common Splints	Sets	2
Two oz. do.	"	1	Spatulas, Spreading	No.	1
Pewter Ounce Measure	"	1	Bolus Knife	"	1
Bolus Tiles	"	1	Corkscrew	"	1
Composition Mortar and Pestle	"	1	Counter Scissors	"	1
Tin Panakins	"	1	Steel Trusses	"	2
Funnels	"	1	Enema Apparatus	Set	1
Pill Boxes, Paper	Paper	½	Lancets	No.	4
Vials in sorts	No.	12	Amputating Instruments, which should contain a Silver and a Gum Elastic Catheter at least	Case	1
Gallipots, do.	"	6	Pocket Surgical Dressing Case	"	1
Vial Corks	Dozen	2			
Urinals, Pewter	No.	1			
Pewter Bed-pans	"	1			

Medical Comforts.

For every Fifty Statute Adults, and in like proportion for any greater or less number, for 120 days,—

Brandy	6 bottles	Sago	12 lbs.
Sherry	6 "	Arrowroot	9 "
Port Wine	18 "	Barley	28 "
Preserved Meat.	40 lbs.	Rice	50 "
Limejuice	250 "	Marine Soap	112 "
Sugar	280 "	Chloride of Zinc, 15 lbs. for every 100 Tons the vessel measures.	
Tea	6 "		

Given at Colombo, in this said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-fourth day of November, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-five.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 24th November 1855.

By His Excellency's Command,
(Signed) C. J. MACCARTHY,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
W. HART,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 21st March 1857.

General Orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, 19th March 1857.

No. 294 of 1857.—Lieutenant W. Turnbull, of the Invalid Establishment, is permitted to resign the Honorable Company's Service.

No. 295 of 1857.—Lieutenant W. F. Leicester, of the 30th Regiment Bengal N. I., Adjutant 3rd Regiment Sikh Infantry, is allowed a furlough to Europe on medical certificate, for fifteen months, under the New Furlough Regulations.

No. 296 of 1857.—Lieutenant A. Phillips, Assistant Superintendent Rutnagherry Revenue Survey, has been granted privilege leave of absence from the 25th instant to the 25th proximo.

No. 297 of 1857.—Captain J. H. Burke, of the Corps of Engineers, Bombay Mint Master and Mint Engineer, is allowed a furlough to Europe on medical certificate, for fifteen months, under the New Furlough Regulations.

Bombay Castle, 20th March 1857.

No. 298 of 1857.—The following Gentlemen are admitted to the Service, in conformity with their appointments by the Honorable the Court of Directors, as a Cadet of Infantry, and an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment:—

Infantry. Date of Arrival at Bombay.

No. 780, Mr. Arthur Mark Shewell 9th March 1857.

Medical Establishment.

No. 60, Mr. Thomas Miller, M.D. 9th March 1857.

The undermentioned Officers have returned to their duty, without prejudice to their rank, by permission of the Honorable the Court of Directors:—

Date of Arrival at Aden.

Captain G. S. A. Anderson, 13th Regt N. I. 13th February 1857.

Date of Arrival at Bombay.

Captain F. G. Green, 7th Regt. N. I. } 9th March 1857.

Captain J. A. Anderton, 19th Regt. N. I. }

Lieutenant S. Y. Howison, 12th Regt. N. I. 10th " "

Agreeably to G. G. O. No. 968, dated the 23rd December 1856, the undermentioned Officers are to be considered as having returned to duty, without prejudice to their rank, on the 23rd November 1856, the date of the arrival at Bombay of the Overland Mail which left England on the 20th October 1856:—

Captain C. W. Bannister, 2nd Regiment Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant R. L. Bingham, 1st European Regiment (Fusiliers).

No. 299 of 1857.—Referring to G. G. O. of the 17th instant, No. 290, the appointment of Captain Henderson, 29th Regt. N. I., to act as Paymaster Poona Division of the Army, vice Landon, is cancelled.

Bombay Castle, 21st March 1857.

No. 300 of 1857.—Captain J. G. Scott, of the 22nd Regt. N. I., is appointed Line Adjutant at Sattara, from the date of arrival of that Corps at that Station.

Bombay Castle, 23rd March 1857.

No. 301 of 1857.—Lieutenant A. P. Armstrong, of the 72nd Regiment Bengal N. I., Persian Interpreter, is appointed to act as Military Secretary to His Excellency the Commander in Chief, during such time as Colonel Somerset may act as Deputy Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces, or until further orders.

No. 302 of 1857.—The following Officers of the 25th Regt. N. I. are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander in Chief temporarily, for Field Service with the Regiment:—

Captain (Brevet Major) Preedy.

Captain (Brevet Major) Robertson (when relieved of his duty as Paymaster).

Captain Morston.

Lieutenant A. F. Battye.

No. 303 of 1857.—Lieutenant Boughay Burgess, of the 20th Regt. N. I., Cadet of the Season 1842, is promoted to the Brevet rank of Captain from the 15th March 1857.

No. 304 of 1857.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following General Order by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council, dated Fort William, 6th March 1857, No. 371:—

"The following Extracts from the *London Gazette* of the 16th and 23rd January 1857 are published for general information:—

'War Department, 16th January 1857.

BREVET.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in the East India Company's Army, consequent upon the death of Lieutenant General Thomas Morgan, Bombay Infantry, on 6th December 1856:—

To be Lieutenant General.

Major General James Perry, Madras Infantry. Dated 6th December 1856.

To be Major General.

Colonel Henry John Wood, C.B., Bengal Artillery. Dated 6th December 1856.

The undermentioned Officers, of the East India Company's Service, retired upon full pay, to have 1st step of honorary rank, as follows:—

To be Lieutenant Colonels.

Major John Hamilton Kennedy, Madras Infantry. Dated 16th January 1857.

Major George Scott, Bengal Light Cavalry. Dated 16th January 1857.

'War Office, January 22nd, 1857.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Major General Robert John Hussey Vivian, of the Madras Army, late serving with the local rank of Lieutenant General while in Command of the Turkish Contingent, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the 2nd Class or Knights Commanders of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

(Signed) R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Govt. of India in the Military Department."

Bombay Castle, 24th March 1857.

No. 305 of 1857.—The appointment of Lieutenant Kerr to be Second in Command of the Service Troops of the Southern Muratha Irregular Horse, announced in General Order No. 250, dated the 4th instant, is to have effect from the 7th February 1857.

No. 306 of 1857.—Captain W. Scott, Acting Paymaster of Pensions, is directed to take charge of the Military Pay Office at the Presidency from Major Robertson, proceeding on service with his Regiment, and to hold it until the arrival of Captain Leckie, the Officer appointed to act during Major Barr's absence.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

M A R I N E D E P A R T M E N T.

Bombay Castle, 24th March 1857.

No. 56 of 1857.—The following temporary arrangements and appointments are confirmed:—

By Rear Admiral Sir H. J. Leeke, K.H., R.N., Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy.

1. Acting Lieutenant Liardet, of the "Assaye," to be Acting Lieutenant of the "Acbar," from the 16th February 1857, to complete her complement.

2. Lieutenant Fraser, Commanding the "Tigris," to perform the duties of Clerk in charge of that vessel, in addition, from the 19th February 1857, there being no other Officer available.

3. Mr. J. E. C. Pryce, 2nd Assistant Master Attendant, having returned from England, to resume his duty as Acting 1st Assistant to the Master Attendant, from the 24th February 1857.

Aden Squadron Order.

4. Captain J. Frushard to assume Command of the "Elphinstone," and to resume his duties as Senior Naval Officer at Aden, from the 8th February 1857.

Persian Gulf Squadron Orders.

5. Commodore R. Ethersey, from the "Punjaub," to hoist his Broad Pendant on board the "Falkland," from the 16th December 1856, vice Lieutenant Tronson.

6. Lieutenant Foulerton, of the "Punjaub," to the Command of that vessel, from the 16th December 1856, vice Commodore R. Ethersey.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

Civil Appointments, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th March 1857.

Lieutenant C. F. Boulton, of the 17th Regt. N. I., is appointed Acting Second in Command of the Southern Muratha Irregular Horse, during the absence of Lieutenant Bartye with his Regiment on Foreign Service, or until further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th March 1857.

Captain H. F. Davies assumed charge of the Office of Superintendent of Police at Kaira on the 8th instant.

The Honorable the Court of Directors have been pleased to appoint Mr. Arthur J. Lewis to be Advocate General of Bombay.

Bombay Castle, 23rd March 1857.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments :—
 Lieutenant C. E. Naylor, Lieutenant of Police, Hyderabad (Sind), to officiate as Captain of Police in Sind, during Captain E. C. Marston's absence on Service with his Regiment, or until further orders.
 Lieutenant T. Knight, 16th Regt. N. I., to officiate as Lieutenant of Police at Hyderabad (Sind), until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 24th March 1857.

Captain J. Rose assumed charge of the Office of Commandant of the Sattara Local Corps on the 12th instant.

Bombay Castle, 25th March 1857.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to approve of the appointment by the Coroner of Bombay, under the provisions of Act IV. of 1848, of Mr. Alexander Sangster as Deputy Coroner of Bombay.

Erratum.

Mr. J. A. G. Duff to act as Deputy Magistrate in charge of the Shikarpoor Adawlut until further orders.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
 H. L. ANDERSON, *Secretary to Government.*

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

REVENUE.

Bombay Castle, 19th March 1857.

Mr. E. A. Hobson, Supernumerary Assistant to the Superintendent of the Revenue Survey and Assessment in the Southern Muratha Country, is allowed leave of absence, from the 1st April to the 1st June 1857, to proceed to the Presidency, to appear before the next General Examination Committee, for examination in the Murathee language.

Mr. R. Phillipps, Third Assistant to the Collector of Khandeish, has been allowed leave of absence for one month, from the date of his departure from Khandeish, to proceed to the Presidency, on medical certificate.

Bombay Castle, 24th March 1857.

With reference to Government Notification of the 19th instant, Mr. R. Phillipps, Third Assistant to the Collector of Khandeish, is allowed an extension of leave up to the 30th proximo, to proceed to Mahableshwar, on medical certificate.

Mr. Ramchunder Amrit Dugle, Acting Hoozoor Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Ahmednuggur, is allowed leave of absence for three weeks, under Section VI. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Bombay Castle, 25th March 1857.

Mr. C. R. Ovens, Supernumerary Third Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Sattara, assumed charge of his duty on the 11th instant.

Messrs J. B. Richey and W. H. Probert are permitted to proceed from Surat to the Presidency, for the purpose of appearing before the next Vernacular Examination Committee.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

FINANCE.

Bombay Castle, 25th March 1857.

Captain J. H. Burke, Mint Master and Mint Engineer, has been allowed a furlough to Europe for fifteen months, on medical certificate, under the New Furlough Regulations.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
 H. YOUNG, *Offg. Chief Secretary.*

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 23rd March 1857.

Assistant Surgeon G. M. Ballingall, M.D., is confirmed in his appointments as Professor of Surgery in the Grant Medical College, Assistant Surgeon of the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, and Superintendent of Vaccination at the Presidency.

Assistant Surgeon T. M. Lownds, M.D., is confirmed in his appointments as Professor of Anatomy and Physiology and Curator of the Museum in the Grant Medical College, and Assistant Surgeon of the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital.

Bombay Castle, 25th March 1857.

The appointment of Mr. Mugunlal Wukutchund as Deputy Inspector of Schools in the Kaira Sub-Division, notified under date the 4th March 1857, is cancelled, and Mr. Mayaram Shamboonath is appointed to that Office.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.*Bombay Castle, 24th March 1857.*

The Government Notification in the Public Works Department dated 16th March 1857, placing the services of Captains G. W. Price and J. Daun, of the 3rd Europeans, employed in that Department, at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, for duty with their Regiment, is cancelled.

Bombay Castle, 25th March 1857.

Captain H. DeRenzy Pigott, of H. M.'s 83rd Regiment, is appointed an Assistant Executive Engineer in the Sind Province.

Lieutenant E. H. Ashe, of the 8th Regt. N. I., and Lieutenant C. D. Macleod, of the 27th Regt. N. I., assumed charge of their duties as Probationary Assistant Executive Engineers in the Sind Province on the 25th February 1857.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.*Bombay Castle, 20th March 1857.*

The Reverend Robert Easum, M.A., is admitted an Assistant Chaplain on the Establishment of this Presidency, from the 9th March 1857, the date of his arrival in Bombay, and appointed to act as Chaplain at Malligaum, visiting Dhoolia, Kunhur, and Asseerghur, until further orders.

Bombay Castle, 25th March 1857.

The Reverend R. F. Colvin, Junior Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, having resumed charge of his duties at the Presidency on the 19th March 1857, the unexpired portion of the leave of absence on Pastoral Visitation, granted to him under date the 18th February 1857, is cancelled.

*By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,**W. HART, Secretary to Government.***TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
REVENUE.**

Ramchunder Anuajee, 3rd Class Mamlutdar of Kownnee, in the Ahmednuggur Collectorate, to be 2nd Class Mamlutdar of Nassick, in the same Collectorate.

H. REEVES,

Revenue Commissioner S. D.

*Revenue Comr.'s Camp Nehr, 19th March 1857.***MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,
CIVIL.**

No. 42 of 1857.—Second Hospital Assistant Byroo Nimbalker, general duty, Poona, is transferred to the Civil Hospital, Kurrachee.

No. 43 of 1857.—First Grade Apprentice Govind Hurree, Civil Hospital, Kolapore, is transferred to the Charitable Dispensary at Hypurga.
Bombay, Medical Board Office, 23rd March 1857.

By order of the Medical Board,

W. C. COLES, M.D., Assist. Surg.,
Acting Secretary Medical Board.

Notice.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the CONSTRUCTION, by CONTRACT, of the following BUILDINGS in the SATTARA COLLECTORATE:—

An Office for the Electric Telegraph Department, and Out-houses.

An Office for the Collector's Department, and other Accommodations thereto.

2. The Plans of the above are open for inspection at this Office during any hour (on Week-days only) between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., where all other information about the buildings can also be obtained.

3. Any party or parties willing to undertake the Contract will be required to deposit with his

Tender two per cent. of the whole sum estimated for the works, which will be forfeited to Government upon evasion to sign the Contract. The person whose Contract is accepted will be further required to add to his deposit an additional eight per-centage as security for his compliance with the rules in his Contract. The unsuccessful persons will have their deposits returned to them upon application.

4. No security is required from Contractors who prefer to complete the works without advances.

5. Tenders will be received up to the 30th April 1857, and no reasons will be given for the rejection of any of them.

J. SMITH,

Assistant Executive Engineer,
In Charge of Public Buildings.

*Office of the Assistant Executive Engineer,
Satara, 14th March 1857.*

BANK OF BOMBAY.**DISCOUNT.**

On Government Bills.....	7 per cent.
On Private Bills at or within 3 } Months	9 ditto.

INTEREST.

On Fixed Loans on Government } Notes and Railway Shares.. }	7 per cent.
On Open Loans on ditto.....	8 ditto.
On Cash Credit Accounts	8 ditto.
On Loans on Security of Goods..	9 ditto.

Bills payable within one month, are discounted under the above rate, and Discount at 3 per cent. under the rate charged will be refunded on all Bills paid before maturity, for the unexpired portion of the time such Bills may have to run.

The Rate of Advance on deposit of 5 per Cent. Government Notes is 95 per cent., on 4 per Cent.

Loans on Goods, &c.

Government Agency.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN STUART,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bombay, 12th March 1857.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

18th	Mar.—	Captain E. W. Lyons, Staff, on duty, from Khanda-dalla.
"	"	Major A. M. Hazelwood, Superintendent of Police, Khandaish, on leave, from Khundaish.
"	"	Lieutenant A. Mark, Artillery, on medical certificate, from Ahmednuggur.
"	"	Ensign E. S. Ostrehan, 25th Regt. N. I., on medical certificate, from Ahmedabad.
19th	"	Lieutenant W. A. Kerr, Southern Muratha Horse, on leave, from Oolwa.
"	"	Captain J. L. Evans, Staff, on duty, from Kurra-chee.
"	"	Captain J. W. Bristow, 19th Bengal N. I., on medical certificate, from Punjaub.
"	"	Assistant Surgeon F. W. Harris, Medical Establishment, on duty, from Surat.
20th	"	Surgeon Irvine, M.D., Bengal Medical Establishment, on sick certificate, from Kurra-chee.
23rd	"	Cadet Edwards, Infantry, to join, from England.
"	"	Cadet G. T. Hobson, Infantry, to join from England.
"	"	Cadet W. F. F. Waller, Infantry, to join, from England.
"	"	Lieutenant G. W. Macauley, Sind Horse, <i>en route</i> to Persia, from England.
"	"	Cadet F. C. Mytton, Engineers, to join, from England.
"	"	Major E. Wray, Artillery, on duty, from England.
"	"	Cadet G. H. Bonner, Infantry, to join, from England.
"	"	Cadet J. Bonus, Engineers, to join, from England.
"	"	Cadet C. A. Goodfellow, Engineers, to join, from England.
"	"	Lieutenant F. A. Whish, Artillery, on duty, from Aden.
"	"	Captain J. F. Murray, Brigade Major Queen's Troops, on duty, from Mount Abou.
"	"	Lieutenant J. T. Clarke, 34th Madras N. I., to join, from England.

19th Mar.—Captain J. Taylor, Land Transport Corps, on duty, to Persia.

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19th	Mar.—	Lieutenant H. H. Elliot, Staff, on duty, to Oolwa.
"	"	Major C. F. North, Engineers, on duty, to Bushire.
"	"	Lieutenant Macdowell, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General, on duty, to Bushire.
20th	"	Lieutenant W. F. Leicester, 30th Bengal N. I., on medical certificate, to Europe.
"	"	Veterinary Surgeon A. Turnbull, 6th Bengal Cavalry, on leave, to Europe.
"	"	Captain C. Cameron, 24th Regt. N. I., to rejoin, to Ahmednagar.
21st	"	Lieutenant W. A. Kerr, Southern Muratha Horse, to rejoin, to Oolwa.
"	"	Lieutenant J. A. L. Muspratt, 2nd Regiment Light Cavalry, on duty, to Rajkote.
22nd	"	Lieutenant J. Blair, 2nd Regiment Light Cavalry, to rejoin, to Ahmedabad.
23rd	"	Lieutenant R. W. Richards, 10th Regt. N. I., on duty, to Bankote.
"	"	Lieutenant J. C. D. S. Moray, 7th Regt. N. I., on duty, to Vingrola.
24th	"	Captain W. S. Hewett, Deputy Collector, Sind, to join, to Sukkur.
"	"	Lieutenant R. L. Bingham, 1st Fusiliers, to rejoin, to Kurrachee.
"	"	Lieutenant J. C. Cumberlege, 1st Fusiliers, to rejoin, to Kurrachee.
"	"	Lieutenant S. Clay, 1st Fusiliers, to rejoin, to Kurrachee.
"	"	Assistant Surgeon Burns, 1st Fusiliers, to rejoin, to Kurrachee.
"	"	Lieutenant Colonel R. Farquhar, Belooch Battalion, to rejoin, to Kurrachee.
"	"	Lieutenant S. Clay, 1st Fusiliers, to rejoin, to Kurrachee.
"	"	Lieutenant W. R. Alexander, Poona Horse, on Field Service, to Persia.
"	"	Lieutenant G. W. Macauley, Sind Horse, on Field Service, to Persia.

*Bombay, Town Major's Office,
25th March 1857.*

Bombay Agency.

EXCHANGE.

THE CORPORATION grants Drafts on London on Demand and at from one day to six months' sight, and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland on Demand, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, New York, the West Indies, New South Wales, and the Cape of Good Hope.

The current rates of Exchange are :—

On London at 6 months' sight	2s.	1½d.	per Rupee.
" " 3 " "	2s.	1½d.	"
" " 2 " "	2s.	1d.	"
" " 1 " "	2s.	0½d.	"
" " 1 day's sight			
On Scotland on demand	2s.	0½d.	"
On Ireland "			
Circular Notes			
On Paris at 3 days' sight	2s.	0½d.	"

No Draft at six months' sight is granted for sums under £50.
Sums under £20 are only drawn for on Demand.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission, charged by this Agency, on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay is one-quarter per cent. on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation takes charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms:—

If to be registered through the Corporation Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be
charged of 1 per cent.

On returning Government Paper out of safe custody	1 per cent.
Hours of Business	10 to 4
Saturdays	10 to 1

Bombay, 25th March 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Co-PARTNER-SHIP carried on for some time past at Bombay and elsewhere by JOHN TREACHER and JOHN SPARKS, under the FIRM of TREACHER and Co., was, on the 31st day of January last, dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on under the FIRM of TREACHER & Co., by Mr. JOHN TREACHER, who is empowered to discharge and settle all Debts due to and by the said Co-partnership concern. All persons indebted to the late Firm are respectfully requested to make arrangements for the speedy payment of their DEBTS.—Dated the 7th day of February 1857.

JOHN TREACHER.
JOHN SPARKS.

LONDON & EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

HEAD OFFICE, 27, CANNON STREET, LONDON.

CAPITAL—Half a Million, of which 100,000 is paid up.

TRUSTEES, DIRECTORS, AND OFFICERS OF THE CORPORATION FOR 1856-57.

Trustees.

Major General George Brooke, G.C.B., 37, Cannon Street.
Colonel Thomas Chadwick, Parkside Terrace, Hyde Park.
Colonel J. G. W. Curtis, C.B., Farnham, Bury St. Edmund's.

Directors.

John Carme Morris, Esq., F.R.S., Chairman.
Honorable John C. Esling, Deputy Chairman.
Henry Benda, Esq., Robert J. Lattey, Esq.,
Colonel W. P. Waugh, Colonel E. R. W. Yates.
John Edward Stephens, Esq., General Manager.
James Black, Esq., Secretary and Registrar.
Auditors—William Felgate, Esq.; Augustus Walter, Esq.
Standing Counsel—Henry S. Keating, Esq., M. P., Q. C.
Solicitors—Messrs. Olverson, Lavie, and Peachey.

LONDON BRANCHES.

Hyde Park Branch—130, Westbourne Terrace—T. J. A. Jenkins, Esq., Manager.
Pall Mall Branch—20, Pall Mall—Edward King, Esq., Manager.
Mark Lane Branch—41, Mark Lane—John Powell, Esq., Manager.

INDIAN BRANCHES.

CALCUTTA.

John Mackellar, Esq., Manager.
R. D. Turnbull, Esq., Sub-Manager.

BOMBAY.

Charles Morgan, Esq., Manager.
C. F. Barclay, Esq., Sub-Manager.

AGENTS.

The Simla Bank, Simla.
The Delhi Bank, Delhi.
The Uncommenced Service Bank, Agra.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH.

BUSINESS IS TRANSACTED AT THE BOMBAY BRANCH ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

INTEREST.

On Current Accounts (or sums over Rs. 500 and not exceeding Rs. 25,000) 2 per cent.
On deposits for 15 days, and thereafter requiring 15 days' notice previous to withdrawal 3 per cent.
On deposits payable at call, subject to a Commission of 1 per cent. on all sums withdrawn 4 per cent.
For money deposited on the following terms, Bank Post Bills will be given:—

On Deposits for 1 month 3 per cent.
2 months 3½
3 do. 4
6 do. 5
12 do. 6

The Bank does not reserve the right of paying off deposits till the expiry of the term for which they have been received.
Deposits may be withdrawn without the usual notice if taken in the Bank's Bills on London at the advertised rates of the day.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London at 6 months' sight 2s. 1½d. per Rupee.
" 3 " 2s. 1½d. "
" 2 " 2s. 1d. "
" 1 day's " 2s. 0½d. "
Bills on Scotland at 90 days 2s. 0½d. "
" 1 day's " 2s. 0½d. "
Bills on Ireland at 1 day's " 2s. 0½d. "

For the convenience of parties not resident in Bombay, the Corporation undertakes to remit to Europe, by its own Drafts, at the current Exchange, and without any charge for Commission, on receiving the equivalent.

COMMISSION.

On the Purchase or Sale of Government or other Securities One-Quarter per Cent.
On the Collection of Foreign Bills, &c.
On realising Interest or Dividends, &c.

If the funds realised on account of Constituents are to be remitted in Bills of the Corporation, no Commission will be charged.

The Bank undertakes the custody of Government Paper, Bank Shares, and other Securities for Constituents without charge.
The Bank grants Drafts on Calcutta, Agra, Simla, Delhi, &c.

CHARLES MORGAN, Manager.

No. 5, Forbes Street, Bombay, 29th March 1857.

INDIA AND LONDON LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Scales of Premiums of this Company are now greatly reduced, and the Lives of healthy persons, Civil or Military, in any part of the World, are assured at as low rates of Premium as can be taken consistently with perfect security.

Extract from the Tables of Annual Premiums required for an Assurance of Rs. 1,000, or £100, at the Reduced Rates

Age.	CIVILIANS.			MILITARY AND NAVAL.		
	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.
	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.
18	18	20	27	24	26	32
25	22	23	31	28	29	36
30	25	26	34	31	32	39
35	28	30	38	34	36	43
40	31	33	43	37	39	47
45	35	37	48	41	43	52

Prospectuses and every requisite information obtained on application to the Agents of the Company.

GREY & Co.

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AT THE

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS.

Shortly will be ready (in foolscap),

SEPARATE GENERAL ORDERS

ISSUED BY

HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF DURING 1856.

* * The several Sections of the above General Orders, issued from time to time, have been reprinted with the sanction of the Authorities.

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Post Office Notifications.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail, per P. & O. Company's Steamer "SINGAPORE," will be closed on THURSDAY, the 2nd proximo, at 6 o'clock p. m.

An After-Packet will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until two hours before the Steamer is advertised to leave the Harbour.

Letters for the United Kingdom, directed *via* Marseilles or *via* Southampton, may be prepaid or not, at the option of the sender.

The Inland and Steam Postage on Letters for Foreign Europe, *via* Trieste, as well as for places in the Mediterranean, Egypt, and Suez, remains unaltered: eight annas per $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., with Inland Postage, must be prepaid as heretofore.

Letters for the United Kingdom, and for places in the Mediterranean, if insufficiently paid by Stamps, will be forwarded to London *via* Southampton.

Post Office Packets for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, and COCHIN, per P. & O. Company's Steamer "PEKIN," will be closed on TUESDAY, the 31st instant, at 6 p. m.; an After-Packet being kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until two hours before the Steamer is advertised to leave the Harbour.

Post Office Packets for KURRACHEE and SIND, per Bombay Steam Navigation Company's Steamer "VICTORIA," will be closed 12 hours after the arrival of the next Overland Mail.

Bombay Post Office, 25th March 1857.

W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General.

SHIP LETTERS.

The Ship Letter Office will despatch Letters, under the usual Regulations, by any of the following Ships.

N.B.—The Post Office takes every means in its power to ascertain the exact date on which the vessels enumerated below will leave the Harbour, but it cannot in any way guarantee their departure on the days mentioned in this List.

NAMES OF VESSELS.	AGENTS' NAMES.	DATE OF INTENDED DEPARTURE.	TO WHAT PORT.	WHERE TOUCHING
Pekin	P. & O. Steam Navigation Company ..	1st proximo	Hongkong	Cochin, Galle, Penang, and Singapore.
Singapore	Ditto ditto ..	3rd "	Suez	Aden.
Victoria	Bombay Steam Navigation Company..	12 hours after the arrival of the Overland Mail	Kurrachee.	
Roderick Dhu	Messrs. Edward Bates & Co.	26th instant	Liverpool.	
Minerve	" Vinay, Fils, & Co.	26th do.	Bordeaux.	
Chapultepec	" Rennie, Scovell, & Co.	28th do.	Liverpool.	
Hilton	" Dirom, Hunter, & Co.	2nd proximo	Do.	

As a general rule, the Packets for sailing vessels will be closed the evening preceding the date of departure.

LIST OF PACKETS MADE UP during the last Week at the Bombay Post Office, for despatch by the following Vessels:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	DATE OF DESPATCH.	TO WHAT PORT.
Punjaub	20th instant	Bushire.
Cadiz	18th "	Hongkong.
Carnac	20th "	Surat.
Ganges	20th "	Aden.
Dwarka	24th "	Surat.

Bombay Post Office, 25th March 1857.

W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General.

NOTICE.

The Mid-monthly Mails per Steamer for Sind are discontinued until further notice.

Bombay Post Office, 25th March 1857.

W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General.

NOTICE.

ONE ANNA STAMPED ENVELOPES are for sale at this Office.

Bombay Post Office, 18th February 1857.

W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General.

The Mails from the undermentioned Stations reached the Bombay Post Office in time for despatch by the P. & O. Co.'s Steamer "GANGES," which started on the morning of the 20th March 1857:—

1857	1857	1857	1857
Agra 15 Mar.	Choorroo 10 Mar.	Kaira 16 Mar.	Ootacamund .. 11 Mar.
Allighur 14 "	Cuddalore 12 "	Kherwara 13 "	Oomrawuttee.. 11 "
Ajmere 13 "	Cuddapah 13 "	Kurrachee 16 "	Oosoor 13 "
Asseerghur .. 16 "	Chittoor 11 "	Kurnool 13 "	Peshawar 10 "
Ahmedabad .. 16 "	Coconada 5 "	Khundalla 18 "	Pallee 14 "
Ahmednuggur . 17 "	Chandore 19 "	Kamptee 14 "	Palanpore 16 "
Allahabad 11 "	Delhi 14 "	Kirkee 18 "	Poonn 18 "
Alleppy 8 "	Dhurrungam .. 16 "	Karanjah 13 "	Panwell 18 "
Arrah 7 "	Dhoolia 17 "	Kunhur 15 "	Punderpore .. 16 "
Arurangabad . 16 "	Deesa 15 "	Kurrar 16 "	Paulghaut ... 8 "
Almorah 12 "	Dinapore 10 "	Kisnaghur 11 "	Palanacotta . 9 "
Akote 12 "	Dapoollee 17 "	Kulladgee 15 "	Parola 16 "
Akola 13 "	Dhar 14 "	Kotree 14 "	Ponany 9 "
Augur 15 "	Dhatwar 15 "	Kottah 13 "	Poonumallee.. 11 "
Anuntapore .. 13 "	Dholka 14 "	Kellawaree ... 17 "	Quilon 8 "
Asnee 11 "	Dannoor 12 "	Lucknow 13 "	Rawulpindee . 10 "
Bhopaul 15 "	Dhollera 16 "	Lahore 12 "	Ramghur 10 "
Bignore 11 "	Damaun 17 "	Lingsoogoor . 13 "	Rutlam 15 "
Barrielly 12 "	DeraGazee Khan 8 "	Luchimungur.. 15 "	Roree 12 "
Banda 11 "	Eripoorah .. 14 "	Mercara 11 "	Rutnagherry . 16 "
Boorhanpoor . 16 "	Etawah 13 "	Mowranpoor .. 10 "	Rajamundry .. 9 "
Bhopawar 14 "	Ellichpoor 14 "	Mhow 16 "	Ramandroog .. 14 "
Benares 12 "	Fattyghur 13 "	Mundawa 10 "	Rajcote 16 "
Bellimora 18 "	Futtypore 12 "	Mohona 12 "	Rayghur 11 "
Baroda 17 "	French Rock .. 10 "	Mehidpore 16 "	Rewaree 10 "
Bellary 15 "	Gwalior 15 "	Meerut 14 "	Roorkee 12 "
Bolaram 14 "	Goruckpore .. 10 "	Mooltan 10 "	Sehore 15 "
Buxar 11 "	Ghazeepoor .. 9 "	Murree 8 "	Seepree 15 "
Bangalore 14 "	Gyah 7 "	Mundoosore .. 15 "	Saugor 14 "
Belgaum 15 "	Gohogur 16 "	Malligaum 17 "	Sealkote 10 "
Baitool 13 "	Gogo 16 "	Mount Aboo .. 14 "	Saharunpore .. 10 "
Broach 17 "	Goonah 14 "	Matharan 19 "	Sungumnair .. 17 "
Booldanah ... 11 "	Gootee 11 "	Masulipatam . 11 "	Seerpore 17 "
Bimlipatam .. 15 "	Hooblee 14 "	Mangalore 11 "	Surat 17 "
Bhownuggur .. 16 "	Honore 12 "	Madras 13 "	Sukkur 12 "
Beawur 12 "	Hoomnabad .. 12 "	Mysore 12 "	Sholapore 16 "
Bhewndy 18 "	Hydrabad(Dec.) 14 "	Mahableschwur. 18 "	Sattara 16 "
Bucsaio 19 "	Ditto (Sind) 14 "	Malwan 15 "	Shemoga 13 "
Bindrabin 13 "	Hoosingabad .. 12 "	Mirzapore 12 "	Secunderabad.. 14 "
Beypore 9 "	Hursole 15 "	Madapolam .. 9 "	Seergootty 11 "
Bagulkote 14 "	Hansie 12 "	Mhar 17 "	Sassoor 17 "
Ballapore 13 "	Hawper 12 "	Mundleshur .. 16 "	Sircee 13 "
Bhopaul 15 "	Indore 17 "	Mahim 19 "	Seringapatam.. 9 "
Bassein 19 "	Jooneer 17 "	Mominabad 15 "	Shikarpoor... 12 "
Bulsar 17 "	Jhelum 11 "	Mandvie 15 "	Shajunpore ... 16 "
Bhooj 15 "	Jawud 14 "	Mutra 14 "	Seroor 17 "
Cawnpore 13 "	Jeypore 12 "	Mynpoory 13 "	Tanna 19 "
Cullian 19 "	Julgaum 16 "	Nagpore 15 "	Tarrapore 18 "
Cambay 15 "	Jacobabad 12 "	Nusseerabad .. 13 "	Tatta 13 "
Cullianwarree. 16 "	Joudpore 14 "	Neemuch 15 "	Tellicherry ... 10 "
Cannanore 11 "	Jumbooseer .. 16 "	Nineetal 13 "	Trevandrum .. 8 "
Calicut 10 "	Jaulnah 16 "	Nassick 18 "	Trichinopoly . 12 "
Coonoor 8 "	Jejooree 17 "	Nundoorbar .. 16 "	Tanjore 8 "
Coimbatore .. 12 "	Jawra 16 "	Nuldroog 14 "	Umballa 13 "
Coompta 13 "	Jubbulpore .. 13 "	Nursingapore . 9 "	Vizagapatam .. 8 "
Chuppra 7 "	Jooria 16 "	Nigapatam 10 "	Vingorla 15 "
Chiploon 16 "	Jaunsie 14 "	Nagoda 12 "	Wassind 19 "
Colombo 4 "	Jhoonjhoory . 9 "	Nowshera 10 "	Wagotna 15 "
Campoollee ... 19 "	Jackatala 8 "	Naigong 12 "	Waree 15 "
Calcutta 11 "	Kolapoor 16 "	Nepaul 4 "	Yeolah 15 "
Cochin 9 "	Kotab 13 "	Oojain 13 "	

W. BLOWERS,

Bombay Post Office, 25th March 1857.

Deputy Post Master General.

Time Table of the Arrival of the last Overland Mail and Delivery of Letters and Newspapers.

Time at which the Steamer anchored.		Time at which the first Box was received in the Office.		Time at which the last Box was received.		Time at which the Window Delivery commenced, and the Delivery Peons left the Office.		Time at which Newspapers were sent for Delivery.		Number of Boxes received.	
Month and Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Iron.	Wooden.
1857.	A. M.		A. M.		Noon.		P. M.		P. M.		
Mar. 23rd	10-30	23rd	11-50	23rd	12-35	23rd	2-5	23rd	5-30	57	55

*Bombay Post Office, 24th March 1857.*W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General.

NOTICE.

The Public are informed that arrangements have been made for a new line of Contract Steamers for the conveyance of the Mails, once a month, between England and Australia, *viâ* Suez and Point de Galle.

2. The Steamers will leave Suez on the 27th of each month, are expected to reach Galle on the 14th, Melbourne and Sydney on the 5th and 8th respectively, making Galle on the homeward trip on the 7th and 8th, and Suez on the 22nd and 23rd.

3. The Bombay Mails for Australia will be despatched with the China Mails to Point de Galle, and for the present be received *viâ* Madras.

4. Letters posted in India for conveyance by the Contract Packets must be prepaid at the following rates, which include Inland Postage:—

Not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ an ounce 4 annas.
Exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce and not exceeding 1 ounce 8 do.

and so on, adding 8 annas for every ounce or fraction of an ounce.

5. On Letters posted in Australia for conveyance by the Contract Packets, the only Postage to which they will be liable in India will be the usual Indian Postage.

6. On Newspapers posted in India for the same conveyance, one penny or nine pies, must be prepaid in cash, in addition to the usual Inland Postage when despatched from a Mofussil Post Office or by the *After-Packet*.

7. Newspapers received by the Contract Packets from Australia will be subject to the usual Inland Postage only.

*Bombay Post Master General's Office, 25th February 1857.*E. IMPEY,
Post Master General.

NOTICE.

The Public are informed that the *Transit* rate of Postage on Letters conveyed to and from England and India *viâ* Marseilles is reduced from Five to Three Pence per Quarter Ounce as shown by the following Table:—

Weight.	Combined British and Indian Rate.	Additional or Transit Charge through France.	Total Charge.
	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
Not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ of an ounce	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 6 0
Ditto $\frac{1}{2}$ of an ounce	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8 0
Ditto $\frac{3}{4}$ of an ounce	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 14 0
Ditto 1 ounce	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0

And so on, adding 2 annas for every quarter of an ounce in addition to the combined British and Indian rate chargeable on the Letter.

A corresponding reduction is also made in the Postage on all Prepaid Letters forwarded through the United Kingdom to British Colonies, or Foreign Countries, when sent to the United Kingdom *viâ* Marseilles. It is to be observed, however, that the Postage so paid does not include the Postage between the United Kingdom and the British Colonies, or Foreign Territories.

Her Majesty's Post Master General has intimated that the charges upon Letters conveyed directly between France and India, *viâ* Egypt, have been reduced, but, in future, will be levied in France, and not in India. All such Letters, however, whether on despatch or receipt, will be subject to Inland or Indian Postage, excepting when posted or received at the Presidency Town Post Offices, in accordance with Clause VI. of the Post Office Act of 1854.

29th January 1857.

G. PATON,
Officiating Director General of the Post Office in India.*Bombay, Post Master General's Office, 11th February 1857.*E. IMPEY,
Post Master General.

NOTICE.

The following alterations in the issue of Overland Mails are, under authority, published for general information:—

From and after 1st April next, at which date existing Tickets will cease to have effect, a payment of Rupees Twelve per annum will be required from all individuals or firms who may wish to have private boxes in the Bombay Post Office, or their Letters issued at the Window Delivery by Tickets.

The latter will, on production, entitle holders to receive their Overland Letters and Summaries at any hour of day or night after the distribution of the Mail commences.

Persons not desirous of the privilege will receive their letters and papers, as usual, through the Delivery Peons, but no general distribution will take place from the Post Office after 7 P. M., and unless the Steamer anchors before 5 P. M.

There will be no alteration in the ordinary delivery of 6 A. M., 9 A. M., and 12 noon.

Bombay Post Office, 18th March 1857.

W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby informed that the Post Office at Catagal, in North Canara, has been temporarily closed.

Madras Post Master General's Office, 28th November 1856.

(Signed) R. H. WILLIAMSON,
Post Master General.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 11th February 1857.

E. IMPEY,
Post Master General.

NOTICE.

It is notified for general information, that under instructions from the Director General of the Post Office in India, the Uniform of the Post Office Delivery Peons throughout the Bombay Presidency is to be green Chupkun, Red Turban and Kumberbund, and Black Leather Belt with round Badge; each Peon will also be supplied with a Bell.

2. The particular attention of the Public is requested to the following Clauses of the Post Office Rules, passed by the Governor General of India in Council:—

Clause XVII.—The Delivery Peons are prohibited from going out of their usual course to deliver Immediate payment of Postage Letters, Papers, or Parcels, and from delivering them without immediate payment of the exact amount of Postage, and they are not bound to give change. Should they be subject to detention, they are not to deliver the Letters, Papers, or Parcels, but to return them in the evening to the Post Office for delivery the following day.

Clause XVIII.—Whatever Postage is marked on a Letter, Paper, or Parcel, must be paid at once on delivery, after which any complaints of overcharge will be duly attended to. In all complaints of overcharge, or unnecessary delay in delivering Letters, Papers, or Parcels, the covers or envelopes bearing the Post Office Stamp must be presented for inspection; and when any complaints are preferred against any Peon, the number on his Badge should be specified.

Clause XXIII.—The servants at the several Post Offices are prohibited from giving change to parties sending or receiving Letters in any case.

To facilitate the delivery of Service and Paid Letters and Papers, when there may not happen to be Unpaid Letters for individuals, the Post Master General begs to suggest the plan of having Letter Boxes affixed at suitable places in offices and private houses.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 21st October 1856.

E. IMPEY,
Post Master General.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1348.

FORT WILLIAM, HOME DEPARTMENT—POST OFFICE,
The 9th September 1856.

In modification of the List published by order of the Government of India, in this Department, dated the 29th September 1854, it is hereby declared that Secretaries to Municipal Boards, Commissions, or Committees, are not authorised to send Letters, Packets, or Parcels by Post, on the Public Service, without payment of Postage.

(Signed) CECIL BEADON,
Secretary to the Government of India.