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NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1831.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council having sanctioned the publication of a weekly paper, to be styled the "BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE," notice is hereby given, that after this day all advertisements and other public papers of the Government will be printed in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE only: and all orders or other public notices appearing in that paper, under the signature of the Secretaries, or other public officers of the Government, are hereby ordered and directed to be conformed to and obeyed accordingly.

Bombay Castle, 18th January 1832.

When official notifications from the Government are inserted in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, no communication on the same subject will be made in writing to any department concerned; but all public officers are required to take notice of such official notifications in the same manner as if they had been directly communicated to them by letter from the Secretary's office, and as heads of offices alone will be furnished by Government with the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, they will be expected to communicate to their subordinate officers all orders which may in any manner concern them.

The Bombay Government Gazettes furnished by Government to public offices are to be lodged with the records, and are not to be removed from the office.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN BAX, Secy. to Govt.

NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Bycullah.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that the Monthly Mails to Suez, and Mid-monthly Mails to Aden, are intended to be despatched on the undermentioned dates, viz:—

On the 28th April to Suez.
On the 10th May to Aden.
On the 23rd May to Suez.
On the 20th June to Suez.
On the 20th July to Suez.
On the 30th August to Suez.
On the 10th September to Aden.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col.,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 12th March 1853.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, from 11 to 12 o'clock, noon, on Friday the 22nd July 1853, for the exclusive privilege of selling Country Liquor and Intoxicating Drugs for the Town and Cantonment of Sholapoor, for one year from the date on which the sanction of the Military Board may be received at this Station.

2. The Troops composing the Cantonment of Sholapoor are as follows:—

Resident Population	10,000
1 Regiment of Native Light Cavalry, and Followers	962

1 Regiment of Native Infantry	873
1 Company of Native Foot Artillery, with No. 2 Light Field Battery attached	164

3. No deduction will be allowed, except for Troops who may leave the Cantonment.

4. Detachments of 500 Men moving or stationed within the Command are to be supplied with Liquor and Drug Shops by the Contractor.

5. Troops moving from the Station to be supplied with Liquor Shops by the Contractor, which are to remain until replaced by others from the Station they halt at.

6. The amount to be paid by the Contractor shall not be increased or decreased as Troops arrive in or depart from the Cantonment, except in cases where the strength of such Troops exceeds one-fourth the number of Sepoys and Followers stationed at the time of concluding the Contract.

7. It is hereby declared, that the Contractor is to take the Contract with all its advantages and drawbacks, as he will not be considered entitled to any remission in consequence of failure of seasons, or any other cause save those distinctly specified in the Contract. All petitions for remission of monthly payments will consequently not be attended to.

8. The Contractor to remain always with the Bazar Department, and have agents wherever, within the local limits of the said Command, they be required by order of the Superintendent of Bazars and Police; and the said Contractor will be held responsible for his or their agents fulfilling the terms of this Contract.

9. The Contractor shall not sell or permit to be sold any Liquor or Drugs whatever at any lower rates than those contained in his Contract.

10. The Tenders, &c. to be in Company's Rupees; and no person will be allowed to tender for the Contract unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Company's Rupees (1,500) one thousand and five hundred, in cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, should the offer be accepted, in which case he must be prepared to add thereto such amount as shall complete a month's rent, to be deposited in the Collector's Treasury, until the expiration of his Contract.

11. The tenderer will be required to sign and execute the Deed of Contract, which will have been previously prepared, and to furnish at the same time two competent persons as securities for the due performance of the whole Contract.

12. Should the Contractor appear to the Officer Commanding the Station to have any interest or concern, either directly or indirectly, with any person whom Government may declare unworthy of being dealt with in the management of this Contract, or if he shall at any time fail in any one of the conditions of this Contract, it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer of the Station, by order, to put an end to this Contract, without prejudice to the right of the said Company to damages on account of antecedent breach of contract; and in such case such money as shall have been advanced by the said Contractor shall not be repaid to him, but may be retained by the said Company.

13. The power is reserved to Government to reject even the best bid, should it see fit to do so.

14. The Contractor to defray the expenses of maintaining a Preventive Police, when and wherever it may be found necessary by the Commanding Officer, for suppressing clandestine sale of Spirits to European Troops.

15. The Contractor is bound to abide by the provisions of paragraphs 23, 24, 25, and 26 of G. O. C. dated 28th August 1852.

16. People exempted from the spirit of para. 23 of the above General Order are prohibited from taking out of the Shops any quantity of Liquor exceeding (1) one bottle, without a written pass from the Superintendent of Bazars and Police.

17. After these Shops are closed at 9 o'clock p. m. no Liquor whatever shall be clandestinely sold to any individual, on pretence of accident, sickness, or other necessity, without a pass from the Kotwal of the Camp Bazar.

18. Further particulars will be made known to any person or persons on application at this Office, every day, from 10 A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., Sundays excepted.

W. BUCHANAN, Lieutenant,
Superintendent of Bazars and Police.

Police Office, Cantonment Sholapoor,
25th June 1853.

Notification.

Whereas the Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased to cancel all Licences granted to certain individuals for the Assaying and Stamping of Gold and Silver, notice is hereby given, that parties who may wish to have tested the purity of any Gold or Silver, in whatever

shape, whether in Ornaments, Plate, or Bullion, may, on application at the Office of the Assay Master, have the same assayed and stamped, on payment of the following fees:—

On Silver Bullion, Ornaments, &c.

	Rs. a. p.
For every single Assay, the parts of 100 only reported	1 0 0
For a double Silver Assay, the parts of 100 as well as the halves and quarters reported	2 8 0

Gold.

For every Assay of Gold, the parts of 100 only reported	3 0 0
For every double parting Assay, the parts of 100 as well as halves and quarters reported	5 0 0

Musters of Bullion should not be of less weight than 24 grains troy of Silver, and 15 grains troy of Gold, if of unworked metal.

On Plate, Jewels, Ornaments, and other Articles.

	Rs. a. p.
For every Gold Ornament, &c. of less weight than one tola	0 1 0
For every Gold Ornament, &c. of one tola and upwards of ten tolas, per tola ...	0 0 9
All above ten tolas at the rate of per tola ...	0 0 6
For every Silver Ornament, &c. of less weight than ten tolas	0 1 0
All above ten tolas, per ten tolas	0 0 5

Plate, Jewels, and other delicate articles, will be assayed on the principle in use at Goldsmiths' Hall, London.

Form of Application.

To the Assay Master,
Bombay Mint.

Sir,

Being desirous of knowing the quality of the Gold (or Silver, as the case may be) composing the accompanying (here describe the Bullion, Plate, or Ornaments), belonging to myself, I shall be obliged by your assaying the same, and causing it to be stamped according to its value.

I am, Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

(Signed) P. W. LEGEYNT,
Senior Magistrate of Police.

The above Notification is republished for general information.

A. K. CORFIELD,
Senior Magistrate of Police.

Bombay, Police Office,
25th June 1853.

બહુરનાંબુ.

એહુવુને શેનુ તથા રૂપુ કશીને હાપવા
શાર નેઓનો પરા આપા છુ તે શરવે યાંદ
ગાંન અલીનવાય મુશતેતાય હનરત રાઈટ
હનરાયલ ગવરનર શાહેય યાહાકુર દરઈ

જલાશ કોશલે રદ કરા છે તે ઊપરથી બહુરખપર આપવાનાં આવે છે ન કાંઈએ શેનાનાં અથવા રૂપાનાં દાગીના અથવા વાંશણ અથવા લગડીએને કચીને પરીખશા કરાવાને નએાની પુશી હશે તેએાએ આશે માયતરની કચેરીનાં અરજ કરેથી તેના કચની પરીખશા કરીને નીચે લખેલી દશવુરી આપા ઊપરથી છાપી આપશે.

રૂપાની લગડીએ તથા દાગીના વીગેરે.
૩. આ. પા.

એકેરી આશણી કરવાની હોએ તે શેા કચનાં ને ભાગ ઊતરશે તે ભાગ પરનાંએ અરધા પા આંજીશે ગણાવગર કચ આપશે તે દરએક આશણીને ૧ ૦ ૦

ખીજ આશણી કરવાની હોએ તે શેા કચનાં ને ભાગ ઊતરશે તે પરનાંએ અરધા પા આંજીશે શાથે ધરીને કચ દેશે એવા દરએક આશણીનાં ૨ ૮ ૦

શેાનુ.

એકેરી આશણી કરવાની હોએ તે તેનાં શેા કચના ને ભાગ ઊતરશે તે પરનાંએ અરધા પા આંજીશે ગણાવગર કચ આપનાં આવશે તે દરએક આશણીનાં ૩ ૦ ૦

ને શેાનાંનાં રૂપાને ભેગ હશે તેની ખીજ આશણી કરવાની હોએ તે તે નધે શેા કચનાં ને ભાગ ઊતરશે તે પરનાંએ અરધા પા આંજીશે શાથે ધરીને કચ દેશે એવા દરએક આશણીનાં ૫ ૦ ૦

લગડીના નમુના લાવેા હોએ તે રૂપાનાં હોએ તે વર્જનનાં ઠરોઇવેટના ૨૪ ગરેન કરતાં એાછા ન નોઇએ તથા શેાનાંના હોએ તે વર્જનનાં ઠરોઇવેટના ૧૫ ગરેન કરતાં એાછા ન નોઇએ એ ઘડા વગરનુ શેાનુ તથા રૂપુ નીણુ.

વાંશણે તથા દાગીના તથા ખીજ નેણુશેાઊપર.

૩. આ. પા.

શેાનાંના દાગીના વીગેરે એક તોલાકરતાં વર્જનનાં કચી હોએ તે દરએકના ૦ ૧ ૦

શેાનાંના દાગીના વીગેરે એક તોલાથી તે દશ તોલાશુધી વર્જનનાં હોએ તે તે દરએકના દર તોલાના ૦ ૦ ૮

દશ તોલાકરતાં ને દાગીના વીગેરે વર્જનનાં વધારે હોએ તે દરએક તોલાના ૦ ૦ ૬

રૂપાના દાગીના વીગેરે દશ તોલાકરતાં ને વર્જનનાં કચી હશે તે દરએક દાગીનાના ૦ ૧ ૦

દશ તોલાકરતાં વધારે વર્જનના શરવે દાગીના દર દશ તોલાના ૦ ૦ ૫

વાંશણ તથા દાગીના તથા ખીજ જણી નેણુશનેા કચ લંનડંન શેહેરનાં ગોલડશની થ હાલ (એટલે શેાનીલોકાના કારખાનાનાં નેરોતે આશણી કરીને કચ કાહાડે છે તે પરનાંએ આશણી કરીને છાપી આપશે.

અરજ કરવાનેા મુશદા.

અર્જન આશે માયતર શાહેય નીશયત ઠંકશાલ.

મુકાંમ મુંબઇ

શાહેયની ખીજનતનાં (નાંમ લખવુ) મા રાએાનીશાથે અનારી (લગડી અથવા વાંશણ અથવા દાગીના ને કાંઈ હોએ એવા લખવા) નેકલા છે તેના શેાનાનેા (અથવા રૂપાનાં હોએતેા રૂપાનેા કચ શુ છે તે નેણુવાની નારી ઇછા છે વાચતે શાહેય નેરખાંની કરીને તેના કચની પરીખશા કરી કીન ત પરનાંએ છાપી આપવુ એન અરજ.

શહી.

તારીખ મહીનેા શંને

ખનોએ હુકંમ ખંદગાંન અલીનવાય મુશતેતાય હનરત રોઇટ હનરાયલ ગવરનર શાહેય ખાહાકુર દર ઇન લાશ કોશલ.

શહી.

પી. કમલીઊ. લીનટ,

પોલીશનેા શીનીઅર માલયતરેટ.

શદરહુ બહેરનાંમુ શરવેનેા નાલંમ થવા શાર કરીથી બહેર કરેહુ છે.

નીયાંણી.

એ. કે. કારફીલડ,

પોલીશનેા શીનીઅર માલયતરેટ.

તારીખ ૨૫ મી માહે જુન શને ૧૮૫૩ ઇશવી મુકાંમ મુંબઇ પોલીશ કચેરી.

जाहिरनामा.

ऐसाजे सोने व रुपें कसून छापण्याकरिता ज्या लोकांस पटे दिव्हे आहेत ते सर्व बंदिगान आलीनवाव मुस्तताब हजरत रैट हनराबल गवरनर साहेब बाहादुर दर इजलास कौंसल याणी रद्द केले आहेत याकरिता जाहिरखबर दिव्ही जाते जे सोने अथवा रुपें यांचे दागिने अथवा भांडी अथवा लगडी यांचा कस काय आहे याची परीक्षा व्हावी म्हणून ज्यांची खुषी असेल त्यांणी आसे मास्तर याचे कचेरीत अर्ज केले असता त्यांचे कसाची परीक्षा करून खाली लिहिलेल्या दरांप्रमाणे दस्तुरी दिव्ही असता छापून दिव्हा जातील.

रुप्याच्या लगडी व दागिने वगैरे.

रुपये. आणे. पै.

एकेरी चांचणी करावयाची असेल आणि तीमध्ये शंभर कसाचे जितके भाग नजरेस आले असतील तितकेच वरील निमे किंवा पाव हिसा न धरिता कस छापून दिव्हे जातील त्या दर चांचणीस १ ० ०

दुसरी चांचणी करावयाची असेल आणि तीमध्ये शंभर कसाचे जितके भाग नजरेस आले असतील तितकेच वरील निमे किंवा पाव हिसा धरून कस छापून दिव्हे जातील त्या दर चांचणीस २ ८ ०

सोने.

एकेरी चांचणी करावयाची असेल आणि तीमध्ये शंभर कसाचे जितके भाग नजरेस आले असतील तितकेच वरील निमे किंवा पाव हिसा न धरिता कस छापून दिव्हे जातील त्या दर चांचणीस ३ ० ०

ज्या सोन्यांत रुपें मिसळलें असेल त्याची चांचणी करावयाची असेल आणि तीमध्ये शंभर हिशाचे जितके भाग नजरेस आले असतील तितकेच वरील निमे किंवा पाव हिसा धरून कस छापून दिव्हे जातील त्या दर चांचणीस ५ ० ०

लगडीचे नमुने आणिले असतील ते रुप्याचे असल्यास वजनांत ट्रायवेटाचे २४ घेनापेक्षा कमी नसावे व सोन्याचे असल्यास वजनांत ट्रायवेटाचे १५ घेनापेक्षा कमी नसावे हें विन घडलेले सोन्यारुप्यावीशी जाणावें.

भांडी व दागिने व दुसऱ्यां जिनसा यांवर.

रुपये. आणे. पै.

सोन्याचे दागिने वगैरे एका तोळ्याहून वजनांत कमी असल्यास त्या दरएकास ० १ ०

सोन्याचे दागिने वगैरे एका तोळ्यापासून दाहा तोळे पर्यंत वजनाचे असतील त्या दरएकास दर तोळ्यास ० ० ९

दाहा तोळ्याहून जे दागिने वगैरे वजनांत अधिक असतील त्यांस दर तोळ्यास ० ० ६

रुप्याचे दागिने वगैरे दाहा तोळ्याहून कमी असतील त्या दरएक दागिन्यास ० १ ०

दाहा तोळ्याहून वजनांत ज्याजती असतील

त्या दरएक दाहा तोळ्यांस ० ० ५

भांडी व दागिने व दुसऱ्या नाजूक जिनसा यांचा कस लंडन शहरांत गोल्डस्मिथ हाल म्हणजे सोनारांचे पेटीच्या कारखान्यांत ज्या रीतिने चांचणी करितात त्यारीतिने चांचणी करून छाप मारविला जाईल.

अर्जांचा मसुदा.

अजम आसे मास्तर साहेब निसबत टंकसाळ,
जांबिरे मुंबई.

अर्जो वोग (नाव ल्याहॉवें) या बरोबर आमचे (लगडी अथवा भांडी अथवा दागिने जे काहीं असेल ते ल्याहॉवें) पाठविलें आहे त्याचे सोन्याचा (अथवा रुपें असल्यास त्याप्रमाणे ल्याहॉवें) कस काय आहे तो जाणावयाची माझी इच्छा आहे या करिता आपण मेहरबानी करून त्याचे कसाची परीक्षा करून किमतीप्रमाणे छापवून देववावें हा अर्ज.

सही.

तारीख माहे संन

बमोजीवे हुकूम बांदिगान आलीनवाव मुस्तताब हजरत रैट हनराबल गवरनर साहेब बाहादुर दर इजलास कौंसल.

सही.

पो. डब्ल्यु. लिजेट,

पोलिसचे सिनीयर म्याजिस्ट्रेट.

सदहू जाहिरनामा सर्वीस मालुम होण्याकरिता पुन्हा प्रगट केला असे.

निशाणी.

ए. के. कारफील्ड,

पोलिसचे सिनीयर म्याजिस्ट्रेट.

तारीख २५ जून सन १८५३ इसवी

मुकाम मुंबई पोलीस कचेरी.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Advertisement.

The undermentioned Maps and Books are on sale at the Quarter Master General's Office in Bombay :—

A Route Map of the Bombay Presidency	Rs. 15
A Route Book do. do.	do. 15
Map of the Hyderabad Collectorate, mounted on Cloth, scale 2 miles to an inch	do. 30
Map of the Kurrachee do. do.	do. 15

The money must be paid into the Office of the Presidency Pay Master, and the Receipt presented at the Office of the Quarter Master General, before the Maps or Books can be issued.

W. S. ADAMS, Major,
Deputy Quarter Master General.

Quarter Master General's Office,
Bombay, 25th April 1853.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

The 27th May 1853.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 27th of May 1853 :—

Act No. — of 1853.

An Act to confer certain Powers on the Municipal Committees for improving the several Stations in the Straits of Malacca.

Whereas it is expedient that the Municipal Committee of each of the stations of Penang, Singapore, and Malacca should be invested with the powers hereinafter mentioned ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

I. The said Municipal Committees may, subject to

confirmation or disallowance by the Governor of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, nominate, appoint, and employ, respectively, such surveyors, inspectors, and other necessary officers and servants, as may be necessary or proper for the execution of the powers hereby vested in them ; and such surveyors, inspectors, officers, and servants shall receive such salaries as to the Governor of the Straits shall seem meet.

II. The management and control over all the streets

and roads within the said stations of the said Settlement, existing at the time of the passing of this Act, and of all parts of the said streets which shall hereafter become streets and roads, and the

pavements and other materials therein, and all erections and buildings, materials, implements, or other things provided for the said streets and roads by or under the authority of the Governor of the Straits, or by the Magistrates of the Settlements, or by the said Municipal Committees ; and also the management and control of the public tanks, aqueducts, and canals, and of all sewers and drains, whether public or private, now made, or hereafter to be made, within the said stations, are hereby vested in the said Municipal Committees for the purposes of this Act.

III. The said Municipal Committees, by and with

the consent of the Governor of the Straits, may lay out, make, build, and construct streets within the said stations, and may alter and widen narrow streets, regard being had to the compensation of owners of lands which may be required to be vested in the said Municipal Committees for any such purposes.

IV. The said Municipal Committees, with the consent

and approbation of the Governor of the Straits, shall pave and water such of the public streets, existing in the said stations at the time of the passing of this Act, or at any future time, as

they shall think fit, and it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees to excavate and provide convenient tanks or runs of water through the said stations, and to sink wells, and lay, erect, and place pipes, gutters, conduits, and pumps, in any of the said streets, and may remove and alter the same, when, and as the said Municipal Committees, respectively, shall think proper.

V. The said Municipal Committees, by and with the

consent of the said Governor of the Straits, may, by agreement, or in conformity with the provisions of Act XXII. of 1847, purchase, or take absolutely, or on lease, for such terms as they may think fit, any water works, streams of water, lands, fixtures, or other property, which the said Municipal Committees may deem it necessary to purchase or take for any work

or purpose which they are required or authorized to do and execute under this Act, or the Act No. of

185 ; and when the said Municipal Committees take and purchase any lands for the purposes of this Act, otherwise than with the consent of the owners and occupiers thereof, they shall, in exercising the powers so given, be subject to the provisions and restrictions contained in the said Act No. XXII. of 1847, and the said Municipal Committees shall make to the owners and occupiers of, and all other parties interested in, any such lands, taken for the purposes of this Act, full compensation for the value of the lands so taken, and for all damages sustained by such owners, occupiers, and other parties, by reason of the exercise, as regards such lands, of the powers vested in the Municipal Committees by this Act, and the amount of such compensation shall be determined in the manner provided by the said Act No. XXII. of 1847, for determining questions of compensation with regard to lands purchased or taken under the provisions thereof ; and all provisions of the said Act No. XXII. of 1847 shall be applicable to determine the amount of any such compensation, and to enforce the payment, or other satisfaction thereof. Provided, and it is enacted, that on the application of the provisions of Act No. XXII. of 1847 to any of the purposes of this Act, the same shall be read and interpreted, as if instead of any word or words therein used, importing a Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Magistrate or Magistrates of Calcutta, words had been used designating a Justice or Justices of the Peace of the said Settlement, and as if instead of any words therein used importing the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, or any Judge or Judges of the said Court, words had been used designating the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, or the Recorder of the said Court ; and as if instead of any word or words therein used importing the Sheriff or Coroner of Calcutta, words had been used importing the Sheriff or Coroner of the said Settlement, or any deputy to be appointed by such Sheriff ; and as if instead of words importing a jury of Calcutta, words had been used in the said Act importing a jury of the said Settlement, or any of the said stations there.

VI. The Municipal Committees, by and with the

consent of the Governor of the Straits, may sell or dispose of any lands or other property vested in or acquired by them under the powers

herein contained, which it may appear to the Municipal Committees may be properly sold or disposed of ; and for completing and carrying any such sale of lands into effect, the Municipal Committees may make and execute a conveyance of the lands sold and disposed of as aforesaid, unto the purchaser, or as he shall direct ; and such conveyance shall be under the hands of three of the Members of the Municipal Committees, and under the seal of the Municipal Committees, and a receipt, under the hands of three of the Members of the Municipal Committees, shall be a sufficient discharge to the purchaser of any such lands for the purchase money in such receipt expressed to be received, and the money to arise from such sale shall be applied to such of the purposes of this Act as the Municipal Committees shall think fit.

VII. The said Municipal Committees may, from

time to time, as they shall see fit, widen, deepen, embank, alter, arch over, amend, clean and scour out all or any of the sewers or drains, within the said stations,

as may be necessary, and also cleanse and drain off into any sewers or drains, or otherwise abate all stagnant pools, ditches, tanks, and other receptacles of foul water and filth, existing within the said stations, whether the same be the private property of any person or persons, or otherwise ; and the said Municipal Committees, if they shall think fit, may take up, stop, fill in, and discontinue any sewers or drains, which they

shall deem useless or unnecessary; Provided always, that the expenses incurred in respect of any such works done or executed on the private property of any person, if not defrayed by such person on demand thereof, may be recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person; and any two of the said Members of the Municipal Committees may issue their warrant of distress accordingly.

VIII. Every Municipal Committee, and the Surveyor

to the Municipal Committees, with such subordinate officers or persons as they may require, shall, when it shall be necessary or convenient, for the purpose of making any survey or examination of any sewers or drains, or of making, or repairing, or cleansing any sewers, drains, or works, within the said stations, or of carrying into execution any of the powers entrusted to the Municipal Committees by this Act, have full power and authority, at all reasonable hours in the day time, to enter, examine, and lay open, or to direct their subordinate officers to enter, examine, and lay open, any house, building, or other erection, or any lands, without being liable to any action at law, or suit in equity, or any other legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever, for or on account of such entry, examination, or works, or of anything done, or to be done in any part of such house, building, erection, or land, in pursuance of this Act. Provided always, that except in cases of emergency, none of the persons above mentioned shall enter, examine, or lay open any house or building, or other erection, or lands which may be occupied at the time, unless with the consent of the occupier thereof, without previously giving the said occupier twenty-four hours' notice of their intended entry, and of the object thereof. Provided also, that compensation shall be made for any damage occasioned by such entry and works to all persons other than the owners and occupiers of any land or building in respect of which any private drain or sewer, or the state of drainage shall be inspected, cleansed, or repaired, and other than the owners or occupiers of any premises where any nuisance may exist, and other than the person who may have caused such nuisance; and provided also that in case no nuisance shall be found to exist in or on the house, building, or other erection, or land so entered, examined, and laid open as aforesaid, the said Municipal Committees shall, out of the rates and taxes aforesaid, cause the said house, building, or other erection, or lands, to be restored to the same state and condition in all respects as the same were in before they were so entered, examined, or laid open.

IX. If any house, building, or wall, or anything affixed thereon, within the limits of the said stations, be deemed by the Municipal Committees, or their Surveyor, to be in a ruinous state, or badly built, or likely to fall, and also dangerous to passengers, or the occupiers of neighbouring buildings, such Surveyor shall immediately cause a proper board or fence to be put up, for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner of such house, building, or wall, or other thing, if he be known and resident within the said limits, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of the said premises, or otherwise to be given to the occupier thereof (if any), requiring such owner or occupier forthwith to take down, secure, or repair such house, building, wall, or other thing, as the case shall require; and if such owner or occupier do not begin to repair, take down, or secure such house, building, wall, or other thing, within the space of three days after such notice has been given or put up as aforesaid, and complete the same as speedily as the nature of the case will admit, the said Municipal Committees shall, with all convenient speed, cause all, or so much of such house, building, wall, or other thing, as shall be in a ruinous condition, or badly built, or likely to fall, and also dangerous

as aforesaid, to be taken down, repaired, rebuilt, or otherwise secured, in such manner as shall be requisite; and all the expenses of putting up every such fence, and of taking down, repairing, rebuilding, or securing such building, wall, or other thing, shall be paid by the owner thereof, if such owner can be found within the said limits, and if, on demand of the expenses aforesaid, he neglect or refuse to pay the same, then such expenses may be levied by distress on the goods and chattels of the owner of the said house, building, wall, or other thing, and any two Members of the Municipal Committees may issue their warrant of distress accordingly.

X. If any such house, building, wall, or other thing, or any part of the same, be pulled down by virtue of the powers aforesaid, the Municipal Committees may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be pulled down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred in respect of such house, building, wall, or other thing, and the Municipal Committees shall restore any overplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, building, wall, or other thing, on demand; nevertheless the Municipal Committees, although they sell such materials for the purposes aforesaid, shall have the same remedies for compelling the payment of so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale, as are hereinbefore given to them for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

XI. The said Municipal Committees, by and with the consent of the Governor of the Straits, may construct, make, and lay, or cause to be constructed, made, and laid, such reservoirs, canals, aqueducts, channels, tanks, sewers, drains, bridges, banks, conduits, machinery, engines, waste-gates, stop-gates, stop-cocks, sluices, tunnels, water-pipes, and other works, as shall, in their opinion, be necessary and proper for obtaining water and supplying the same to the said stations, and for the effectual draining and cleansing of the said stations, and for the properly flushing and cleansing out such sewers, in, under, or across all or any of the streets therein, whether dedicated to the public use or not, and if needful through and across all under-ground cellars and vaults which they may find under any of the said streets, doing as little damage as may be; and also to cause such and so many rings and openings to be made or left in the sides of the said sewers, as will be sufficient for the making or branching any drain or drains from any or all of the houses built, and which may probably be built, adjoining or near thereto, into any of the said sewers, as the said Municipal Committees shall think necessary for that purpose; and in case it shall be found necessary for completing any of the aforesaid works to build, carry, or continue the same in, into, through, or over any enclosed lands, or other place, not being a public way, it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees to build, carry, or continue the same in, into, through, or over the said lands or other places accordingly, and the said Municipal Committees shall cause such sewers to communicate with, and empty themselves into any public river, stream, canal or water-course, whether within or without the said stations, or shall cause the refuse from such sewers to be conveyed by an appropriate channel to the most convenient site for its deposit, collection, and sale, and its application as manure for agricultural purposes or otherwise, as they shall deem most expedient, but so that the same shall in no case become a public nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood.

XII. If any building within the said settlement, by reason of abandonment, or of disputed ownership or other cause, shall remain untenanted, and thereby become a receptacle for thieves and vagabonds, and be complain-

Power to Municipal Committees in case of ruinous or dangerous buildings.

Power to Municipal Committees to make canals, aqueducts, sewers, drains, &c.

Power to Municipal Committees to make canals, aqueducts, sewers, drains, &c.

Power to Municipal Committees in case of untenanted or abandoned houses.

ed of by the neighbours as a nuisance, the Municipal Committees shall cause notice in writing to be put on the door or other conspicuous part of such building, requiring those concerned therein, whoever they may be, to take down or to secure the said building, in such manner as that strangers may not have access thereto; and if such notice be not complied with within a reasonable time from the date of such notice, the said Municipal Committees shall cause the necessary work to be executed, and all expenses incurred by the Municipal Committees in the execution of such work, whereby the nuisance caused by such building may have been removed, shall be levied in the manner hereinbefore provided in Section IX. of this Act.

XIII. The Municipal Committees shall cause all hedges lining public roads and foot paths to be cut and clipped, so that they may not exceed a height of six feet, or overhang the road in a manner to form obstructions to the traffic thereon, and to damage the said roads, and shall give notice to owners and proprietors of such hedges to reduce the same when requisite, and in the event of such notice not being complied with, within one week from the date of such notice, the Municipal Committees or their collector may cause the said hedges to be cut and clipped, in the manner required, and all expenses incurred in so cutting and clipping shall be paid by the owners and proprietors of the said hedges, and in the event of the said expenses not being paid by the said owners or proprietors within three days from the date of demand, the same shall be levied by distress on the goods and chattels of the said owners and proprietors.

XIV. The Municipal Committees shall cause to be exactly defined the proper limits of the towns of Penang, Singapore and Malacca, and shall cause a notification to be published in the local papers, so defining such limits, and from the date of the passing of this Act, the said Municipal Committees shall prevent any dwelling-house, shed, or other building, which shall hereafter be erected within such limits, from being covered with attaps, leaves, or grass, and the said Municipal Committees, or their collector, may cause the coverings of any such buildings so erected, after the passing of this Act, and so covered, as aforesaid, to be removed, at the expense of the person or persons so covering the same, such expenses to be recovered in the manner provided by Section IX. of this Act.

XV. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees, their collector, surveyor, or other officer, subject to the restrictions in this Act contained, to enter upon the lands of any corporation or person adjoining to, or being within the distance of one hundred yards of the works by this Act authorized to be made, or any part thereof, for the purpose of depositing upon such lands, or any part thereof, any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the formation of the said works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit, the said Municipal Committees, their collector, surveyor, or other officer, doing as little damage as may be in the exercise of the several powers hereby granted to them, and making compensation for such temporary occupation or temporary damage of the said lands to the owners and occupiers thereof, from time to time, and as often as any such temporary occupation shall be taken or any such temporary damage done, and making compensation to the owners also for the permanent injury (if any) to such lands; and in case the parties differ respecting the amount of the compensation, or the respective shares of several claimants of compensation, then and in every such case the said disputes respectively shall be settled and adjusted by arbitration, or by

the verdict of a jury summoned and assembled in manner provided in Act No. XXII. of 1847, to be interpreted in the manner pointed out by Section V. of this Act. Provided always, that before the said Municipal Committees make any such temporary use as aforesaid of the lands adjoining or lying near to the said works, they shall give fourteen days' notice of such their intention to the owners and occupiers of such lands, and shall separate and set apart by sufficient fences so much of the lands as shall be required to be used as aforesaid from the other lands adjoining thereto.

XVI. The said Municipal Committees, when executing any works hereby authorized to be made, shall, at their own expense, make and provide a sufficient number of convenient roads, ways, watering-places, wells, water-courses, drains, and channels for the irrigation and for the use of the adjoining lands, and for irrigating the same in those parts where the present roads, ways, watering-places, wells, water-courses, drains, and channels shall and may be taken away, or interrupted, injured, or rendered inconvenient or useless by reason of the execution of the said works, and in case of any difference arising between the said Municipal Committees and the owners of such adjoining lands, such difference shall be settled by arbitration, or by the verdict of a jury summoned and assembled in manner provided in Act No. XXII. of 1847, to be interpreted as aforesaid.

XVII. The said Municipal Committees shall make full compensation out of the rates and taxes to be levied by them to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Municipal Committees, or their officers or servants, under and by virtue of this Act.

XVIII. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees to direct any prosecution before any Court of Justice of the Peace for any public nuisance whatsoever, which shall be permitted, suffered, or committed, within the said station, and to order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Act, and to direct and order the expenses of such prosecutions and other proceedings to be paid and borne by and out of the Funds placed at their disposal, under the provisions of this or any other Act.

XIX. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees, if they shall not think fit to take any other proceedings prescribed by this Act, to prefer any bill of indictment or information, or to take any other proceedings against any person who shall obstruct or molest the said Municipal Committees, or their collector, surveyor, or other officer or servant, or any workman, or other person employed by them in the performance and execution of their or his duty, under, or by virtue, or in consequence of this Act, or who shall steal, take, or carry away, or wilfully deface or injure any property, article, or thing belonging to the said Municipal Committees, and in every such case it shall be sufficient to state generally the property, article, or thing, in respect of which such proceeding shall have been taken, to be the property of the said Municipal Committees.

XX. It shall be lawful for any of the Municipal Committees, their collector, surveyor, superintendents, overseers, or any servants or persons employed by them, and for any Superintendent of Police, or policeman employed in the said stations, and such other person or persons whom he or they shall call to his or their

Power of Municipal Committees to cut and clip all hedges lining public roads and foot paths.

Power of Municipal Committees to define the proper limits of the towns of Penang, Singapore and Malacca, and to prevent houses being covered with attaps.

Power to Municipal Committees to enter on lands adjacent to works, &c.

Municipal Committees, when executing works, to provide convenient roads, drains, &c. for use of adjoining lands, when present roads, &c. are stopped, &c.

Power to Municipal Committees to make compensation out of rates, &c.

Power to Municipal Committees to prosecute in certain cases.

Power to Municipal Committees to prefer bill of indictment in certain cases.

Power to Municipal Committees to arrest unknown offenders without warrant.

assistance, without any summons or warrant, or other authority than this Act, to seize and detain any unknown person who shall commit any offence against the provisions of this Act, and to take him immediately to a police station, where he shall be detained, in default of bail, until he can be taken before any Justice of the Peace, who is hereby required to proceed and act with respect to such offender according to the provisions of this Act.

XXI. The Municipal Committees, or any one of their Members, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, may at all reasonable times, with or without assistants, enter into and inspect any market, building, shop, stall, or place, kept or used for the sale of butcher's meat, poultry, fish, or vegetables, or as a slaughter-house, and may examine any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables which may be therein; and in case any animal, carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables appear to be intended for the food of man, and to be unfit for such food, may seize, remove, and destroy the same, at the expense of the owner thereof, or the owner, occupier, or farmer of any such public market, bazar, or slaughter-house, or private shop, or stall, within the stations wherein the same shall be exposed, or allowed to be exposed for sale.

XXII. The Municipal Committees, or their surveyor, shall have full power and authority to remove or order the removal of any wall, fence, rail, post, or other obstruction or encroachment, erected or being without lawful excuse in any street, or in or over any drain, sewer, or aqueduct, within the said stations.

XXIII. When any private tank or low marshy ground shall appear to the Municipal Committees to be offensive to the neighbourhood, or unwholesome, it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees to require, by notice in writing, the owner thereof to cleanse or fill up the same, and if the said tank shall remain uncleansed or not filled up for seven days after such notice, it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees to enter into and upon the adjoining lands, and to cleanse or fill up the said tank as they shall think fit, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such tank, to be recovered in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXIV. The Municipal Committees may affix on or to the wall of any house or compound, or in or to any wall within the said stations, as they shall think fit, any board or metal plate, to indicate the name of the street in which such house, compound, or wall is situate, or any lamp for the purpose of lighting the street.

XXV. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees, or their subordinate officers, as they shall think fit, to kill and destroy, or to order to be killed and destroyed, all dogs that may be found loose in the said streets, and not accompanying their owners or some person in charge of them.

XXVI. The said Municipal Committees shall, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, keep in good and sufficient repair every street now or at any future time existing in

the said-stations.

XXVII. When any of the streets, sewers, or drains in the said stations are being made, or shall be under repair, the Municipal Committees, or their surveyor or other subordinate officer, shall take proper pre-

cautions against danger, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses, and shall fix and place, or cause to be fixed and placed, such and so many bars, chains, or posts, across or in any of the said streets, to prevent the passing and repassing of carriages, carts, or other vehicles, cattle, or horses, during the time of such works and repairs being carried on as shall be necessary, and the said Municipal Committees, and their said surveyor, shall cause any sewer, or drain, or other works, during the construction or repair thereof by them, to be well and sufficiently lighted during the night, to prevent accidents.

XXVIII. The said Municipal Committees, so far as the funds at their disposal will admit, shall provide lamps, for lighting such parts of the said stations as the said Municipal Committees shall consider to require the same, and shall keep the said lamps in fit order for public use, and shall keep and employ a sufficient number of persons to cleanse, prepare, repair, and light the same, and shall also, from time to time, as shall be required, increase or otherwise alter the number and situation of the said lamps, as to them shall appear necessary for the lighting of the said station.

XXIX. The said Municipal Committees, and their Municipal Committees shall cause all the public streets of the said stations, together with the foot pavements, or foot-paths therein, from time to time, to be properly swept and cleansed, and all dust, dirt, soil, ashes, rubbish, and filth of every sort, which may be found thereon, to be collected and removed therefrom at convenient hours and times, and shall cause all or any of the privies, cess-pools, and drains, within the said stations, to be cleansed and emptied in a sufficient and proper manner by the owners or occupiers of the premises; and the said surveyor, or other subordinate officer of the Municipal Committees, shall give such orders and directions to the owners and occupiers aforesaid, as to the said surveyor or other officer as aforesaid, acting under the orders and control of the said Municipal Committees, shall appear proper and necessary, and the said Municipal Committees may, in their discretion, order and direct where and in what places, and how and in what manner, the dust, dirt, soil, night-soil, ashes, rubbish, and filth collected in the said stations, shall be deposited and disposed of.

XXX. The owners of any private drains in the said stations shall, by providing proper traps or other coverings, or by ventilation, or by such other ways and means as shall be practicable for that purpose, prevent as far as possible the effluvia of sewers and drains from exhaling from gully-holes, gratings, or any other openings whatsoever of drains or sewers, in streets or other places; and in case the owner of any private sewer or drain shall neglect or delay so to do, the surveyor of the said Municipal Committees shall give him notice to prevent as far as possible the effluvia of such sewer or drain from so exhaling, and if the same shall not be done by such owner within ten days after such notice shall have been given to him, the said surveyor shall forthwith provide and apply proper traps or other coverings, or such other means as aforesaid, so as effectually to prevent such effluvia from exhaling, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such sewer or drain, to be recovered in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXXI. If upon the representation of the surveyor of the Municipal Committees, and after inquiry by such other ways and means as the Municipal Committees may think fit to direct, the said Municipal Committees shall certify such certificate to be published in the local papers of the station, that any burial-ground situated

Power to Municipal Committees to enter and inspect bazars, slaughter-houses, &c., and to seize unwholesome articles exposed for sale.

Power to Municipal Committees to remove obstructions in streets.

Power to Municipal Committees to fill up unwholesome tanks.

Power to Municipal Committees to affix boards or plates to houses.

Power to Municipal Committees to kill dogs.

Municipal Committees to repair streets, &c.

Municipal Committees to take precautions when streets and drains under repair.

Municipal Committees to light the stations.

Municipal Committees to keep town clean, remove dirt, &c.

Owners to prevent effluvia from drains, &c.

Municipal Committees to issue certificates, prohibiting improper burial places.

within the said stations is in such a state as to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof, or that any church, or other place of public worship within the station, is dangerous to the health of persons frequenting the same, by reason of the state of the vaults or graves within the walls of, or underneath the same, and that sufficient means of interment exist within a convenient distance from such burial-ground, church, or place of public worship, it shall not be lawful, after a time to be named in such certificate, to bury, or permit or suffer to be buried, any further corpses or coffin in, within, or under the ground, church, or place of worship to which the certificate relates, except in so far as may be allowed by such certificate; and whosoever, after notice of such certificate, buries, or causes, permits, or suffers to be buried, any corpse or coffin, contrary to this enactment, shall for every such offence be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred Company's Rupees.

XXXII. No vault or grave shall be constructed or made within the walls of, or underneath any church, or other place of public worship, built in the said stations after the passing of this Act, and no burial-ground shall be made or formed within

No vault or burial place henceforth to be constructed without leave of Municipal Committees.

the said stations after the passing of this Act, without the consent of the Municipal Committees first had and obtained, and whosoever shall bury, or cause, permit, or suffer to be buried, any corpse or coffin in any vault, grave, or burial-ground, constructed, made, or formed contrary to this enactment, shall, for every such offence, be liable, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penalty not exceeding Company's Rupees five hundred.

XXXIII. No writ or process shall be issued out against, or served upon any Municipal Committees, or any collector, surveyor, or other officer, or person whomsoever, acting under the direction of the Municipal Committees, for anything done or intended to be done under the powers of this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered to him, or left at his office or place of abode, explicitly stating the cause of action, and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff, and of his attorney or agent in the cause; and upon trial of any such action the plaintiff shall not be permitted to go into evidence of any cause of action, except such as is stated in the notice so delivered, and unless such notice be proved, the Court shall find for the defendant; and every such action shall be brought or commenced within three calendar months next after the accrual of the cause of action, and not afterwards; and if any party shall have committed any irregularity, trespass, or other wrongful proceedings in the execution of this Act, or by virtue of any power or authority hereby given, and if before action brought in respect thereof such party shall make tender of sufficient amends to the party injured, such last mentioned party shall not recover in any such action when brought; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant in such action, by leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

No writ to be sued out against them till after one month's notice, &c., action to be brought in three months. Municipal Committees may tender amends.

XXXIV. No matter or thing done, or contract entered into, by the Municipal Committees, or any one of their Members, or by any collector, surveyor, or other officer or person whomsoever, acting under the direction of the Municipal Committees, shall, if the matter or thing were done, or the

Municipal Committees and their servants not to be personally liable when act done *bona fide*.

contract were entered into *bona fide*, for the purpose of executing this Act, subject them or any of them personally to any action, liability, claim, or demand whatsoever, and any expense incurred by any such Municipal Committees, collector, surveyor, or other officer, or person acting as last aforesaid, shall be borne and repaid out of the funds under the control of the Municipal Committees.

XXXV. All the streets existing within the said stations at the time of the passing of this Act, and all parts of the said stations, which hereafter become streets, and also the pavements, stones, and other materials

Streets, drains, filth, &c., the property of Municipal Committees as Trustees.

therein, and all erections, and building materials, implements, or other things provided for the said streets, by or under the authority of the Government of the Settlements, or by the Magistrates of the said stations, or by the said Municipal Committees, and also all public sewers and drains within the said stations, together with all works, materials, and things therewith connected and belonging, existing in the said stations at the time of the passing of this Act, or which shall hereafter be constructed and made therein by the said Municipal Committees, or otherwise; and also all canals, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, water-works, cisterns, pumps, pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and wells, which now are or shall hereafter be provided, or lawfully applied to public use, and which are not the property of any private person, together with all buildings, engines, works, materials, and things therewith connected, existing in the said stations at the time of the passing of this Act, or which shall hereafter be constructed and made therein at the cost of the said Municipal Committees or otherwise; and also all lands surrounding and belonging to public tanks and slips of ground alongside of any street, drain, or aqueduct, not the property of any private person; and also all lands not legally appropriated, and also all dirt, dust, dry and liquid filth, ashes, and rubbish, to be collected from the streets, houses, privies, sewers, and cess-pools, and elsewhere within the said stations, shall be the property of, and are hereby vested in, the said Municipal Committees, as Trustees for the purposes of this Act.

XXXVI. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person, which is, or but for this Act would be deemed and adjudged to be a nuisance at Common Law; nor to exempt any person guilty of a nuisance at Common Law from prosecution or action in respect thereof. Provided always, that if any person convicted of an offence under this Act shall have paid the whole amount adjudged to be paid under such conviction, and the costs thereof, or shall have suffered imprisonment in respect of such offence, in every such case he shall be released from all further or other criminal proceedings for the same offence.

XXXVII. It shall be lawful for any person at his own expense, to make or branch any drain into any of the sewers vested in the said Municipal Committees, or authorized to be made by virtue of this Act, or otherwise acquired by the said Municipal Committees; such drain being made of such a size and in such a manner of communication in all respects as the said surveyor of the said Municipal Committees shall direct, and for that purpose to take up and remove, with the permission of the Municipal Committees, so much of the pavement and other materials of any street as may be required, unless the said Municipal Committees shall consent and agree, which they are hereby authorized to do, to form so much and such portion of such drain as shall lead from the point of communication in such sewer to the extremity of such street, and in case any person shall make or branch any drain into any of the said

Act not to exempt parties guilty of nuisance from prosecution or action.

Parties may make branch drains into public sewers, as Surveyor of Municipal Committees shall order. Penalty for offences against this Section.

sewers, so vested in the said Municipal Committees, or authorized to be made under and by virtue of this Act, of a different size, or in a different manner and form of communication than shall be directed or appointed by the said surveyor, every person so offending shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees, and in default of payment shall be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month; and the said Justice shall order the said person so offending to alter such drain as required by the said Municipal Committees within ten days, and in default the said Municipal Committees shall, at the expense of the maker of such drain, alter or destroy the same, as they shall think fit; and in case the expense of making such alteration or destruction shall not be paid by the owner or maker of such drain, the expense incurred thereby shall be recovered in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXXVIII. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees to contract and agree with the owners of any houses or other tenements within the said stations, that any drains required to be constructed and made by such owners shall be constructed and made by the surveyor of the said Municipal Committees, and the cost price of making such drains (as certified by the said surveyor of the said Municipal Committees), shall be repaid by such owners to the said Municipal Committees, and in default of such payment the same may be recovered in the manner hereinafter provided.

XXXIX. Before beginning to dig or lay the foundations of any new house, building, or wall, within the said stations, or to rebuild any house, building, or wall therein, contiguous or near to any street, and not being within the compound wall of any premises, and also before making any sewer or drain for the purpose of draining water directly or indirectly from any land or tenement into any sewer under the jurisdiction of the said Municipal Committees, fourteen clear days' notice in writing shall be given to the Collector to the said Municipal Committees, by delivering the same to him, or leaving it at his office, by the person intending to build or rebuild such house, building, or wall, or to make such sewer or drain; and every foundation of any such house, building, or wall, and the drains within the same, shall be laid at such level as the surveyor of the said Municipal Committees shall direct, and so as that no part of the said house, building, or wall shall project or encroach into or over the adjoining street, drain, or aqueduct, and so as that the said drains may be properly built with reference to the adjoining public drains, and every such branch-drain shall be made in such direction, manner, and form, and of such materials and workmanship as the said surveyor shall order; and the building or rebuilding of any such house, building, or wall, shall be under the survey and control of the said Municipal Committees, and their surveyor, so far as may be necessary to prevent any projection or encroachment in or over any street, drain, or aqueduct, and to insure that the level of the drains within such house, building, or wall shall be properly built with reference to the public drains; and in default of such notice as aforesaid, or if such building or drain shall be begun or made without, or in any respect contrary to, any order of the said surveyor, or of the provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees to cause such building to be demolished, and to cause such drain to be relaid, amended, destroyed, or re-made, as the case may require, and to cause the expenses thereof to be levied and repaid to them from and by the owner thereof, in manner hereinafter provided.

XL. Every person, upon conviction before any Justice of the Peace, on the testimony of one or more credible witnesses, shall be liable to a

Penalties for certain offences in the streets.

penalty of not more than fifty rupees, or in default of payment thereof, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding one month, who, within the limits of the said stations, shall commit any one of the following offences (that is to say):

1. Every person who shall throw or put, or cause, or order, or allow his servants to
 - For throwing dirt, &c. in streets.
 - throw or put, or from whose premises shall be thrown or put, any dirt, dung, mud, dust, ashes, garden or stable refuse, or rubbish of any kind, or the carcase of any dog or other animal, or any flesh or other part of an animal, or any animal matter, upon any of the public streets, except between the hours of midnight and seven in the morning.
2. Every person who shall throw or put, or cause or allow to be thrown or put, or
 - For throwing bottles, glass, &c.
 - from whose premises shall be thrown or put, any broken bottles, glass, china or crockery-ware, upon or into any street, drain, or aqueduct.
3. Every person who shall keep, or allow to be kept, for more than twenty-four hours,
 - For keeping dirt, &c. in houses.
 - any dirt, dung, mud, dust, bones, ashes, night-soil, or other rubbish of a perishable and noisome kind, in or upon any house, out-house, yard, or ground occupied by him.
4. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any private tatty, drain, sewer, cess-pool, tannery, or other receptacle of filth, who shall neglect or refuse to keep the same in a clean and proper state, or to employ proper means to remove any noisome smell, or the filth therefrom, or who shall expose the contents of such privy to the view of the passers by in the street.
5. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, building, or lands, whether tenantable or otherwise, who shall suffer the same to be in a filthy and unwholesome state, or overgrown with rank and noisome vegetation.
6. Every person
 - For allowing offensive liquids to drain into tanks or water-works.
 - who shall cause or allow the water of any sink, sewer, or drain, or other offensive liquid matter, belonging to him, or running through, or being on his land, to run, drain, or be carried into or upon any of the streets, tanks, aqueducts, or reservoirs, belonging to the Municipal Committees, or who shall commit or cause any act whatsoever whereby the water provided for the domestic use of the inhabitants of the stations shall be in any way fouled or corrupted, or who shall throw or put, or cause, or order, or allow his servants to throw or put, or from whose premises shall be thrown or put, any dirt, dung, mud, dust, ashes, night-soil, garden or stable refuse, or other rubbish, into any of the public sewers or drains, or into any reservoirs, tanks, aqueducts, or other water-works belonging to the Municipal Committees.
7. Every person who shall have or keep any common tatty, privy, or urinal, on any ground owned or occupied by him within the said stations, without a license first had from the Municipal Committees, who are hereby authorized to grant the same under the hand of their Collector; such license shall be granted for one year, and shall be renewed or not every year, according to the discretion of the Municipal Committees.
8. Every person, being the owner or farmer of any licensed tatty, privy, or urinal, within the said stations, who shall suffer such tatty, privy, or urinal to be kept in a filthy and unclean state, or shall neglect to employ proper means for cleaning and regulating it.
9. Every person who shall wantonly or willfully destroy, injure, or deface any of the lamps or lamp posts in the said streets, or extinguish any

For destroying lamps or street-boards, &c.

light therein, or abstract or take away from any of the said lamps any oil, or other matter or thing therein, or any part thereof, without the order of the said Municipal Committees, or of their said surveyor, or who shall wantonly or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any board bearing on it the name of any street, or the number of any building or land within the said stations, or any notice of the said Municipal Committees fixed or posted up in any place.

10. Every person who shall displace, take up, or make any alteration in the pavements, flags, stones, fences, posts, or other materials of any foot or carriage-way, in any street, without the consent in writing of the said Municipal Committees, or of their said surveyor, or who shall cause any obstruction to, or make any encroachments upon, any street, or upon any sewer, drain, aqueduct, or space of ground alongside a street, drain, or aqueduct.

11. Every person who shall take down or remove any fences or boards, or any bars, chains, or posts erected by the said Municipal Committees, or extinguish any light attached to, or connected with, the said fences, boards, bars, chains, or posts, without the authority or consent of the said Municipal Committees, or their surveyor.

12. Every person who shall carry, or cause to be carried, in carts, pots, handies, or other vessels, any night-soil or urine, or other noisome or offensive matter, through the public streets, except between the hours of midnight and eight in the morning, or who shall carry, or cause to be carried, any night-soil, or urine, in such manner that any offensive smell or drainings issue therefrom, or who shall place or set down in any public place any vessel containing night-soil or urine, or who shall carry, or cause the same to be carried, in any other than covered carts or vessels, or who shall throw or deposit any night-soil in or upon any street.

13. Every person, who shall bathe or wash any part of his person in any public street, or upon, or in any of the tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains, belonging to the Municipal Committees, except in such of the said tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains, as the Municipal Committees shall set apart for that purpose.

14. Every person, who shall wash or cause to be washed any horse, dog, or other animal, or any cloth, wearing apparel, leather, or skin of any animal, or any foul or offensive thing on any street, in or near any tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains, belonging to the Municipal Committees, or on or in the road adjoining thereto, except in such of the said tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, water-works, or drains as the said Municipal Committees shall set apart for that purpose.

15. Every person who shall wilfully and indecently expose his person, or who shall commit nuisance in any of the public streets.

16. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, or building within the stations, which has a drain on the same side of the street wherein such house, hut, or building is situate, who shall cause or allow any water or liquid matter from or on such house, hut, or building to flow or be carried through pipes, gutters, water-spouts, or other means on any part of any public street, or on any place but his own land, or the public drain, or who shall refuse or neglect to remove or alter the direction of any such pipe, gutter, or water-spout, after the expiration of ten days'

notice for that purpose given by the surveyor of the said Municipal Committees; and any person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, or building in the said stations, which has not a drain on the same side of the street as such house, hut, or building, who shall convey the water from the said house, hut, or building in or upon any public street through pipes or water-spouts, the mouths of which shall be higher than two feet from the ground.

17. Every person, being the owner or occupier of any house, hut, or building, who shall cause or allow any verandah, balcony, sun-shade, or other part of any house, hut, or building, to overhang and project into any public street or public place, at a height of less than eleven feet from the level of the road-way, or to a distance exceeding four feet from the house, and who shall refuse or neglect to take down and remove such verandah, balcony, sun-shade, or other projection after the expiration of fifteen days' notice for that purpose given by the surveyor.

18. Every person who shall, after the passing of this Act, erect or set up any verandah, balcony, sun-shade, or other projection of any kind which may overhang and project into the road at any height, and to any distance, without license first obtained from the Municipal Committees, under the hand of their surveyor.

19. Every person who shall wash or cleanse, or cause or order to allow his servants to wash or cleanse any carriage or other conveyance, or horse, or other animal, or whose carriage or other conveyance, or horse or other animal shall be washed or cleansed in any public street or other public place.

20. Every person who shall place, set up, or build in any public street within the stations any board, scaffolding, post, bar, rail, boards, or other thing by way of inclosure for the purpose of making mortar, or of depositing, sifting, screening, or stacking any bricks, stone, lime, sand, or any other materials, for building or repairing any house or other building, or for any other purpose whatsoever, without license first obtained from the Municipal Committees, who are hereby authorized to grant such license, under the hand of their surveyor, or who shall set up or build the same in any other manner, or allow or cause the same to be continued for any longer time than shall be allowed or expressed in such license, or who shall cause or allow any of the building materials or other things to extend beyond the distance expressed in the license.

21. Every person who shall have been allowed by the Municipal Committees to set up any scaffolding, or deposit any bricks, stone, lime, sand, or other building materials on the public streets, and who shall not cause a light to be set up every night from sunset to sunrise on every such erection or obstruction.

22. Every person who shall build any wall or erect any fence or obstruction, or set up any post, so as to be an obstruction in any street, whether the proprietary right to such street shall be in dispute or not.

23. Every person who shall set out, place, or expose, or cause to be set out, placed, or exposed, whether for sale or otherwise, any stall, booth, show board, basket, cask, or meat, fish, vegetable, fruit, groceries, or any other merchandise, or goods of any kind, or any stone, bricks, earthen-ware, hardware, timber, or any other thing whatsoever, whether animal, vegetable, or mineral, in or upon any of the public streets, or on or over any drain, sewer, or aqueduct.

24. Every person who shall sift or clean, or cause to be sifted or cleansed, or exposed for any other purpose any cotton, grain, seeds, rice, coffee, onions, or any other vegetable matter whatsoever, or who shall sit brickdust or lime on any public street, or on or over any public drain, sewer, reservoir, or aqueduct.

25. Every person who shall keep or leave any carriage, cart, hackery, or other conveyance, or any horse, ox, or other animal, on any public street, or on or over any public drain, sewer, or aqueduct, so as to cause an obstruction in the streets or public thoroughfare.

26. Every person who shall set fire to or burn any straw, hay, seeds, timber, or any other matter, or light any bonfire, or fire in any public street, or discharge any kind of fire-arms, or any air-gun, or let off or throw any kind of fire-works, or send up any fire-balloon anywhere in the said stations.

27. Every person who shall beat or sound any musical or sounding instrument, or any brass or metal utensil, in the public streets, except at such times and places as shall be from time to time appointed by the sitting Magistrate upon application made to him for that purpose.

28. Every person, other than the said Municipal Committees, or their servants, who shall affix any bill, notice, or any paper against or upon any building, wall, fence, or board, or who shall write upon, deface, or mark with chalk, or paint, or in any way whatsoever, any building, wall, fence, or board, without the consent of the owner or occupier thereof.

29. Every person who shall expose or allow to be exposed within the limits of the said stations any animal carcase, meat, poultry, game, flesh, fish, or vegetables in a decayed and unwholesome state, and unfit for the food of man.

30. Every person who shall keep in any street, house, out-house, yard, or ground within the towns of the said settlement any swine, except in styes erected on the sea side over ground covered by water at high-water mark.

31. Every person who shall keep as above any horned cattle, sheep, or goats, without the special permission of the said Municipal Committees, and every person having such permission, who shall allow the said cattle, sheep, or goats to be loose, and to stray in the streets and thoroughfares of the said Towns.

32. Every person who shall drive from the shafts of any vehicle, or from the inside of a palankeen carriage, unless a syce or horse-keeper be at the same time at the horse's head.

33. Every owner or driver of a buffalo that may be found on the public streets and highways, without a piece of wood fastened across its horns, according to a model in the office of the Municipal Committees.

34. Every driver of a buffalo or bullock cart, whose halter, or nose string, or other rope for guiding and controlling the animal, shall be found defective.

35. Every person detected in publicly fighting cocks or gambling in any other manner, or joining as a spectator of such cock-fighting or gambling.

36. Every person who may be found abroad with any kees, spear, or other offensive weapons, unless specially permitted by the chief civil authority of the stations.

XLI. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Committees, with the concurrence of the sitting Magistrate, at their discretion, to grant a license to any person, permitting him to put up posts on the side of any public street, for the purpose of affixing thereon lamps to illuminate the said street, on occasions of festivals or ceremonies; and any person who shall put up any such post, or affix any such lamp for any purpose, without license first had and obtained from the Municipal Committee, under the hand of the collector or surveyor, shall, on conviction thereof before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and in default of payment shall be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month.

XLII. Every person, being the owner, occupier, or farmer of any public market, bazar, or slaughter-house within the station, shall cause such market, bazar, or slaughter-house to be registered at the office of the Municipal Committees, with a general description of the place, size, number of shops and stalls, and kinds of goods therein exposed for sale; and if he shall refuse or neglect so to register the same, he shall forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, and in default of payment thereof shall be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month.

XLIII. No place shall be used or occupied as a slaughter-house within the said stations, which was not in such use and occupation at the time of the passing of this Act, and has not so continued ever since, unless and until a license for the erection thereof, or for the use and occupation thereof, as a slaughter-house, has been obtained from the Municipal Committees, and every person who, without having first obtained such license as aforesaid, shall use as a slaughter-house any place within the said limits not used as such at the time of the passing of this Act, and so continued to be used ever since, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, and in default of payment shall be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month.

XLIV. Every person, being the owner, occupier, or farmer of any market, bazar, tannery, or slaughter-house, within the said stations, is required to have sufficient drains therein as shall be considered sufficient by the Municipal Committees, and shall have all the floors and drains paved with stone or burnt brick, and he shall have also therein a supply of water sufficient, in the judgment of the Municipal Committees, to keep the whole place in a clean and wholesome state at all times, and in default thereof for four weeks after notice given to him by the surveyor, overseer, or superintendent of Police that such market, bazar, tannery, or slaughter-house is defective in any of the said particulars, shall forfeit and pay, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, and in default of payment shall be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding two months.

XLV. Any person who, after the passing of this Act, shall establish any new tannery, or other manufactory, within the said stations, from which an offensive or unwholesome smell may arise, shall forfeit and pay, on conviction before a

For sifting or cleansing grain, &c. in public streets.

For leaving vehicles in public streets, &c.

For making fire and discharging fire-arms and fireworks in streets.

For sounding musical instruments or metals in streets.

For affixing bills, or otherwise defacing houses, &c.

For exposing unwholesome food, &c.

For keeping swine in the town.

For keeping horned cattle, sheep, or goats.

For driving furiously, &c.

Buffaloes not having a piece of wood across their horns.

Buffaloes' leading string found in a defective state.

Fighting cocks or gambling.

Offensive weapons found on any person.

Municipal Committees and sitting Magistrate, may allow illuminations on street.

Slaughter-houses to be registered; penalty for not registering.

Penalty for making and using any new slaughter-house within the stations without the consent of Municipal Committees.

Owners of bazars, tanneries, &c. shall have sufficient drains.

Penalty for establishing any new tannery, &c. in stations.

Justice of the Peace, a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees, and in default of payment shall be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding two months.

XLVI. All doors and gates put up after the passing of this Act, within the limits of the said stations, and which open upon any street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards, and if any such door or gate be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any street, the occupier of such house, building, yard, or land, shall, within eight days after notice from the Municipal Committees to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards, and in case he neglects so to do, the Municipal Committees may make such alteration, and the expenses of such alteration shall be paid to the Municipal Committees by such occupier, and shall be recoverable from him in manner hereafter mentioned. And if any such door or gate was before the passing of this Act hung so as to open outwards upon any street, the Municipal Committees may alter the same, or cause the same to be altered, so that no part thereof when open shall project over any public way.

XLVII. Every person, being the owner or occupier of a house in the stations, shall fix, at his own expense, in a conspicuous place outside of the house, or of his gate, in the street, the number of the same, as recorded in the Assessment Books, and no other number, and the said number shall be in legible figures, at least three inches in length, and any person who, after the expiration of three months after the publication of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to have such number affixed, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding fifty rupees.

XLVIII. Every person, being the occupier of a house in the said stations, and rated at a gross monthly rental of and upwards for the same, shall fix, at his own expense, in a conspicuous place, outside of his house, or if the said house be in a compound, outside of his gate, in the street, a lamp, of a pattern to be approved or allowed by the Municipal Committees, and the said occupier shall keep and maintain a good and sufficient light burning in the said lamp throughout the night, and any person who, after the expiration of three months next after the passing of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to have such lamp affixed as aforesaid, or who shall on any night after the expiration of the said three months, neglect or refuse to keep a good and sufficient light burning therein as aforesaid, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred rupees.

XLIX. When any person shall have been convicted under the provisions of this Act, and shall not, within seven days after such conviction, discontinue the nuisance, or cease to commit the offence for which he was so convicted, such person shall be again liable to the penalties and punishments provided by this Act for such nuisance or offence, and may be again convicted or sentenced under this Act accordingly, and in cases where by the provisions of this Act offenders are required to have notice given them to remove the obstruction or nuisance previous to being liable to the penalties imposed by this Act, if such parties being once warned shall be convicted, and shall again offend against the provisions of this Act, it shall not be necessary to repeat the notice aforesaid, but the parties may be summoned at once.

L. Any person who shall wilfully obstruct or molest the said Municipal Committees, or any of them, or their collector, surveyor, or other officer or workman employed by them under the

provisions of this Act, or any person or company with whom they may have contracted under the provisions of this Act, or any person employed by them in the performance or execution of any duty or thing, which they are respectively required or authorized to do under this Act, shall, for every such offence, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred rupees, or, in the discretion of the said Justice before whom he is convicted, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a period not exceeding three months.

LI. No person shall be liable to the payment of any penalty or forfeiture imposed by virtue of this Act, for any offence complained of before a Justice of the Peace, unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before such Justice within three months next after the commission of such offence. Provided always, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed so as to prevent the removal at any time of any obstruction or encroachment in or upon any of the streets or lands, or the imposing at any time of any penalty or forfeiture in respect thereof.

LII. In all cases where any damages, costs, or expenses are by this Act directed to be paid, and the method of ascertaining the amount, or of enforcing the paying thereof, is not provided for, such amount

shall be ascertained and determined by arbitration, in like manner as is provided for proceeding by arbitration under Act No. XXII. of 1847, interpreted in manner aforesaid, and if the parties cannot agree upon two persons or arbitrators, or the arbitrators fail to pronounce their award as aforesaid, then by any two Justices of the Settlement; and if the amount so ascertained be not paid by the said Municipal Committees, or by the other party liable to pay the same, as the case may be, within seven days after demand thereof, the amount may be recovered by action of debt or on the case in Her Majesty's Court of Judicature or the Court of Requests.

LIII. The said Municipal Committees shall publish short particulars of the several offences for which any penalty or punishment is imposed by this Act, affecting other persons than officers or servants of the said Municipal Committees, and of the amount of every such penalty and punishment, and shall cause such particulars to be painted on a board, or to be printed upon paper, and posted on a board in English, Chinese, and Malays, and shall cause such board to be hung up or affixed in some conspicuous place in the office of the Collector of the said Municipal Committees, and when any such penalties are of local application, shall cause such boards to be affixed in some conspicuous place of the immediate neighbourhood to which such penalties are applicable, or have reference.

LIV. Every penalty of forfeiture imposed by this Act, or any expense incurred by the said Municipal Committees, in respect of any private drains, sewers, doors, or other things as aforesaid, the recovery of which is not otherwise provided for, may be recovered by summary proceeding before any Justice of the Peace of the Settlement, and on complaint being made to any such Justice, he shall issue his summons, requiring the party complained against to appear before him, at a time and place to be named in such summons, and every such summons shall be served on the party offending, either in person or by leaving the same at his usual or last known place of abode, and upon the appearance of the party claimed against, or in his absence, after proof of the due service of such summons, it shall be lawful for such Justice to proceed to the hearing of

Obstruction of Municipal Committees or their officers.

All penalties, not otherwise provided, may be recovered before a Magistrate; form of procedure.

the complaint, which complaint shall be reduced to writing, and upon proof of the offence, or of the expense having been incurred, either by the confession of the party complained against, or upon the oath or solemn affirmation of one credible witness or more, it shall be lawful for such Justice to convict the offender or party summoned as aforesaid, and upon such conviction to adjudge the offender to pay the penalty, or forfeiture, or suffer the punishment, or to pay the expense incurred under the provisions of this Act, as well as such costs attending the conviction as such Justice shall think fit, which penalty or forfeiture and costs, so adjudged, may be levied by distress.

LV. Where in this Act any sum of money, whether in the nature of penalty or otherwise, is directed to be levied by distress, such sum of money shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party liable to pay the same, and the overplus arising from such goods and chattels, after satisfying such sum of money and the expenses of the distress and sale, shall be returned on demand to the party whose goods shall have been distrained; or instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of any penalties, forfeitures, or expenses imposed or incurred under the provisions of this Act, the Municipal Committees, or any one or more of their Members, if they think fit, may authorize their collector or other person to sue the person liable to pay such penalty, forfeiture, or expenses, or any part thereof, in the Court of Requests, and the costs, if any, incurred in any such suit, which are not recovered in the suit, may be defrayed out of the taxes levied under the provisions of Act of 1853.

LVI. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form in the summons, conviction, warrant of distress, or other proceeding relating thereto, nor shall any such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him; but all persons aggrieved by such defect or irregularity may recover full satisfaction for the special damage in an action on the case in Her Majesty's said Court of Judicature, or in the Court of Requests.

LVII. The Justice of the Peace by whom any such penalty or forfeiture shall be imposed, may, when the application thereof is not otherwise provided for, award not more than one-half thereof, or any less sum to the informer, if he shall think fit so to do, and shall award the remainder, or the whole thereof, to the said Municipal Committees, to be by them applied to the purposes of this Act as to them shall appear fit, and shall order the same to be paid over to the collector of the said Municipal Committees for that purpose, whose receipt shall be a good and sufficient discharge to the person so paying the same.

LVIII. If through any act, neglect, or default, on account whereof any person shall have incurred any penalty imposed by this Act, any damage to the property of the said Municipal Committees shall have been committed by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage, as well as to pay such penalty, and if the amount of such damage shall not be paid on demand, the same may be recovered by action of debt, or on the case, in the said Court of Requests, or in Her Majesty's said Court of Judicature.

LIX. It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to summon any person to appear before him as a witness in any matter in which such Justice shall have jurisdiction under the provisions of this Act, at a time and place to be mentioned in such summons, and require from him, on oath

or solemn affirmation, that he will testify the truth in such matter; and if any person so summoned shall without reasonable cause refuse or neglect to appear at the time and place appointed for that purpose, having been paid or tendered a reasonable sum for his expenses, if from distance or any other cause he shall be lawfully entitled to claim such expenses, or if any person appearing shall refuse to be examined on his oath or solemn affirmation, according to law, or to give evidence before such Justice, every such person shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred rupees, or at the discretion of such Justice, shall be imprisoned for any term not exceeding one month.

LX. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction (that is to say): words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number; words importing the masculine gender only shall include females; the word "person" shall include corporations, whether aggregate or sole; the words "oath," "affirmation," and "solemn affirmation," when used alone, shall include oath or affirmation, or other declaration lawfully substituted for an oath in such case by any Legislative Act of the Governor General of India in Council, or by any Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland extended to India; the word "street" shall include any public square, circus, street, court, alley, foot-path, highway, lane, road, thoroughfare, public passage, or other public place within the said stations; the word "lands" shall include messuages, buildings, walls, tenements, and hereditaments of any tenure, as well as lands; the words the "said Municipal Committees," shall mean the Municipal Committees for the time being appointed or acting under the provisions of Act No. of 1853, and the word "month" shall mean calendar month.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered, that the said Draft be reconsidered at the first meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 27th day of August next.

J. P. GRANT,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

The 10th June 1853.

The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Governor General of India in Council, in the Legislative Branch of the Home Department, under date the 10th June 1853, is published for general information.

Read a second time the Draft of a proposed Act, dated the 5th November 1852, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th November 1852, for the amendment of Procedure in Cases of Appeal to the Sudder Courts in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Resolution.—The Governor General in Council resolves that the following revised Draft on the subject be published for general information:—

ACT No. — OF 1853.

An Act for the amendment of Procedure in Cases of Appeal to the Sudder Courts in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Whereas it is desirable to simplify and shorten the procedure and modes of pleading in regular appeals to the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in the said Presidency; it is enacted as follows:

I. Act IV. 1850, and Sections II. III. and IV.,

Act XXX. 1850, are hereby repealed, except as to appeals presented before the passing of this Act.

II. Every petition of regular appeal in a case appealable to the Sudder Court shall be presented to the Court in which the decision was passed within six weeks from the day of the decision; unless the Sudder Court shall, upon sufficient cause shown, extend the time for presenting such appeal. Such petition of appeal shall contain only notice that the party, being dissatisfied with the judgment, is desirous of appealing from it, except in cases of petitions under Section XIII. of this Act.

III. On presentation of a petition of regular appeal to the Court in which the decision was passed, notice thereof to the respondent, as well as a proclamation to the same effect, shall immediately issue from that Court. If the notice cannot be personally served, the proclamation shall at once be fixed upon the door of the respondent's dwelling-house, or in some conspicuous place in the village where he usually resides; or in cases in which the respondent may not have a fixed residence within the jurisdiction of the Company's Courts, the proclamation may be fixed upon the door of his house of business or cutcherry, or the notice may be served on his known local agent. In case the proclamation cannot be fixed or served in the manner above mentioned, it shall be affixed in the Court-house of the said last mentioned Court, and also in such other place, if any, as the said last mentioned Court shall direct. The Nazir shall return the order of notice or proclamation with an endorsement, stating at what times and places it may have been served or fixed up. The return of the Nazir is to be filed in Court, and to form a part of the record of the trial.

IV. The Rule in Section XI. Regulation VI. 1793, which directs copies of all original papers transmitted to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut with the record of an appealed case to be made out and deposited in the Court in lieu of the originals, is hereby modified, and it shall be necessary to copy only the exhibits and any papers of importance which either of the parties may specify, including the pleadings, or any parts of them which may be desired by either of the parties.

V. The appeal record shall be certified to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut as soon as conveniently may be after the presentation of the petition of appeal.

VI. On arrival of the appeal record at the Sudder Court, notice shall be affixed in the Court-house of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, or given in such form and manner as that Court shall order by a Rule to be framed under Section II. Act XVII. 1841, requiring the appellant to file, within four weeks from the date thereof, his grounds of objection to the decision of the Court below. Within the said space of four weeks the appellant shall file in the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut his grounds of objection to the decision. Such grounds of objection shall be stated distinctly and concisely, without any argument or narrative of facts; they shall be numbered consecutively, and shall be on paper bearing the stamp duty prescribed by Article 9, Schedule B, Regulation X. 1829. On failure to file the grounds of objection within the said space of four weeks, the appeal shall be dismissed, unless the appellant shall show reasonable cause to the satisfaction of the Court for his default, in which case the Court may allow him to file his grounds of objection within such further time as the Court may order. A separate paper, containing detailed reasons in support of the grounds of objection, may, at the option of the appellant, be filed on plain paper within the said period of four weeks, or such further time, if any, as may be allowed by the Court for filing the grounds of objection.

VII. On the filing of the grounds of objection by the appellant, notice shall be given to the respondent, in the manner prescribed by the preceding Section of this Act, requiring him to file his grounds of objection, if any, to the decision within four weeks from the date of such notice; and any grounds of objection to the decision, whether involved in the appeal or in the objec-

tions filed by the appellant, or not, may be filed by the respondent within the said space of four weeks, or within such further time as the Sudder Court may allow for that purpose, upon reasonable cause shown to the satisfaction of the Court for such extension of time.

VIII. At the expiration of such last mentioned space of four weeks, or of such extended time as may be allowed by the Court as last aforesaid, the record shall be considered complete, and the case ready for hearing. The grounds of objection, if any, which shall be filed by the respondent, shall be stated distinctly and concisely, without any argument or narrative of facts; they shall be numbered consecutively, and shall be on paper bearing the stamp duty prescribed by Article 9, Schedule B, Regulation X. 1829.

IX. If any of the grounds of objection filed by the respondent shall not be involved in the appeal, on the grounds filed by the appellant, but would be the ground of a separate petition of appeal by the respondent, such grounds of objection shall be on paper bearing, in addition to the stamp above named, the stamp which would have been required on a separate petition of appeal filed by the respondent, unless the respondent shall have presented a separate petition of appeal in the case; Provided that, if the suit in appeal be referred back for further investigation and decision, without a judgment on the merits of the case, the last mentioned stamp duty paid by the respondent shall be returned to him in the same manner as if such stamp duty had been paid on a separate petition of appeal.

X. A separate paper, containing detailed reasons in support of the grounds of appeal filed by the respondent, or in answer to the detailed reasons, if any, filed by the appellant, may, at the option of the respondent, be filed on plain paper within the period of four weeks allowed for filing the respondent's objections, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Court for filing such objections.

XI. Either party may, by leave of the Sudder Court or any Judge thereof at any time before the hearing, amend his grounds of appeal, or add grounds of appeal to those filed, upon such terms and conditions, and within such time as the said Court or Judge may order. The said Court may also, upon the hearing of any appeal, allow either party to amend his grounds of objection, or to add further grounds, or to urge and be heard by himself or his vakeel, in support of any objection to the decision not included in his grounds of objection, upon such terms and conditions as to postponement of the cause, and as to the payment of costs or otherwise, as the Court may think just, to prevent the opposite party or his vakeel from being taken by surprise or otherwise. Without such leave of the Court, neither party shall be allowed to urge or be heard in support of any objection not included in his grounds of objection filed. But the Court shall not be confined to such grounds of objection on deciding the cause.

XII. If the grounds of objection filed by the appellant and respondent shall be upon points of law only, and shall not raise any question of fact, the Sudder Court, upon application on behalf of either party, may fix a day for the hearing and decision of the appeal, without regard to the place in which it may stand in the general list of appeals pending in the Court.

XIII. Appeals by paupers shall be preferred in all respects as heretofore; except that the distinct grounds of objection to the decision of the Court below shall be stated in the manner above mentioned, and written on plain paper, and presented within four weeks from the date of permission to appeal as a pauper. If detailed reasons for preferring the appeal be also presented, they shall be presented within the same four weeks.

XIV. If an appeal be preferred upon points of law only, without disputing any of the facts found by the judgment of the Lower Court, the appellant may give notice of his intention to appeal upon points of law only,

without specifying the points in his petition, and such notice shall bar him from any appeal upon the facts. If the appellant, in an appeal under this Section, shall intend to appeal against the construction put upon any document in the Court below, he shall give notice of such intention in his petition of appeal, in order that the document may be forwarded to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and unless such notice be given, the appellant shall not be at liberty to controvert the legal construction put upon such document in the Court below. The petition of appeal, however, shall merely give notice of the intention, but need not specify the objections to the construction put upon the document. An appeal under this Section shall be especially certified to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut as an appeal of law only. In such appeal it shall not be necessary to forward to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut any part of the record in the Lower Court, except the decree of the Court and the Nazir's return to the order for notice or proclamation of appeal, and any document of which the appellant may, in his petition of appeal, give notice of his intention to dispute the legal construction as above mentioned. In cases under this Section the respondent shall be bound to make appearance in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut within six weeks from the serving of notice, or the affixing of the proclamation of appeal in the manner provided by Section III. of this Act. At the expiration of the said space of six weeks, the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut shall fix such day as it may deem proper for the hearing and decision of the appeal upon objections of law to be laid before it, without regard to the place in which it may stand in the general list of appeals pending in the Court, and the Court shall also fix a day for the parties to bring in and file their grounds of objection.

XV. If upon an appeal preferred upon points of law only, the respondent shall file grounds of objection, raising any question of fact, the Court may hear the appeal upon the questions of law, in the first instance, in the manner pointed out in the last preceding Section; and if their decision of the case upon points of law shall render it necessary to determine the objections on matters of fact, they shall send for the remainder of the record, and the case shall be set down for hearing in the list of regular appeals for decision upon objections on matters of fact, and shall be determined upon such objections, in the same manner as any other regular appeal.

XVI. Upon the hearing of any appeal, the Court shall give judgment according to the justice of the case, without regard to any technical error or defect which does not affect the merits.

XVII. This Act extends only to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be reconsidered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 10th day of July next.

J. P. GRANT,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

The 10th June 1853.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 10th of June 1853:—
Act No. — of 1853.

An Act for amending the Law of Special Appeals.

Act No. III. of 1843 is hereby repealed, except as to cases in which a petition for appeal shall have been presented before the time fixed for the commencement of this Act.

II. If any application for a special appeal shall have been presented before the time fixed for the commencement of this Act, and no order shall have been passed thereon before the time so fixed, such application shall be heard and determined in the same manner as an

appeal presented under this Act; and all the provisions of this Act shall extend to such application and to the hearing thereof, and to all subsequent proceedings thereon; and also to the hearing and determination of the appeal if the same shall be admitted.

III. If any such application shall have been presented, and the appeal admitted before the time so fixed as above mentioned, the appeal shall be heard and determined according to the provisions of the said Act No. III. of 1843, except only that the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, or the Court of Sudder Adawlut, as the case may be, shall determine the appeal without reference to the points certified, and may call for or refer to any part of the proceedings which may be necessary.

IV. A special appeal shall lie to the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Calcutta, Agra, and Bombay, respectively, and to the Court of Sudder Adawlut at Madras, from any decision passed on regular appeal in any of the Civil Courts subordinate to the said Sudder Courts, respectively, on any of the following grounds, namely:—

1st. On the ground that the decision hath failed to determine all matters in difference in the cause, or hath determined the same or any of them contrary to law or usage having the force of law.

2nd. On the ground of a misconstruction of any document.

3rd. On the ground of any ambiguity in the decision in a matter important to a determination of the matters in difference in the cause, upon the merits.

4th. On the ground of any substantial error or defect in procedure, or in the investigation of the case, provided such error or defect be apparent on the record, and shall have produced, or be likely to have produced, any error or defect in the decision of the case upon the merits. Provided always, that no such special appeal shall lie, nor shall any such decision be reversed, altered, or remanded by any of the said Sudder Courts, upon the ground that the decision of any question of fact is contrary to or not warranted by the evidence in the cause, or any probability deduced from the record.

V. A special appeal shall not be admitted unless a petition be presented to the proper Sudder Court within three months from the date of the decision appealed against, or unless the petitioner can show just and reasonable cause to the satisfaction of the said Sudder Court for not having presented it within such limited period, and every such petition shall be accompanied by copies of the several decrees previously passed in the case.

VI. Every petition for a special appeal shall set forth concisely and under distinct heads the particular grounds on which the application is made.

VII. The said Sudder Courts shall cause lists of the petitions which shall be presented for the admission of special appeals to be prepared weekly, and to be affixed in the Court-houses of the said Sudder Courts, respectively. The said lists shall set forth the dates on which such petitions are likely to be brought on for hearing, and the said Sudder Courts shall cause extracts from the said lists to be transmitted to the Courts in which the decisions on regular appeal were passed; such extracts shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the last mentioned Courts, and extracts therefrom shall be transmitted by such Courts to the Courts in which the original suits were instituted, and such last mentioned extracts shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the said last mentioned Courts. The time to be fixed by the Sudder Court for the hearing of any petition shall not be less than six weeks from the date of despatch of the extracts referring to the same from the Sudder Court.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the said Sudder Courts,

Court may order amendment, or may admit or reject special appeal, or may refer it to lower Court for information or explanation.

or any one or more of the Judges thereof, respectively, to hear applications for special appeals, duly presented as aforesaid, in the presence of the special appellant, or his vakeel, and also of the respondent or his vakeel, or such of them as shall attend, and it shall be competent for the said Court, or for such Judge or Judges thereof, to call for and peruse any document forming a part of the record of the cause; or to order the amendment of the petition of special appeal forthwith, or within such time as they or he may order, not exceeding one month from the date of such order; or to make an order of reference to the Court which pronounced the decree appealed from for further information or explanation; or to reject or admit such special appeal; or if it shall appear that the facts have not been sufficiently recorded, or that the case is otherwise so insufficient that the Sudder Court could not, if the appeal were admitted, pass a final decree thereon, to issue an injunction, setting forth the errors, irregularity, or other defects in the decision appealed against, and remanding the same to the Court by which the same shall have been passed, in order that such decision may be reviewed by the last mentioned Court, and such order or decree passed thereon as may be conformable to law. Provided always, that no such remand shall be ordered as aforesaid, except upon grounds whereon a special appeal will lie under this Act. If any such application shall be heard by only two Judges, and they differ in opinion as to admitting the appeal, it shall be admitted.

IX. When any petition for a special appeal shall be rejected as aforesaid, the order shall state the reason for disallowing each of the grounds set forth in such petition, and every such order of rejection may be once reviewed by the same Judge or Judges of the said Sudder Courts, respectively, or by any Judge or Judges sitting for or instead of him or them, if they or he shall think fit to review the same. Provided, that no such review shall be allowed unless application for the same be made within three months from the date of such order.

X. When any special appeal shall be admitted, the same shall be heard and determined by the said Sudder Courts, or any three or more of the Judges thereof, and such hearing and determination shall be upon all the grounds whereon a special appeal will lie under this Act.

XI. The existing Laws and Regulations of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, relating to special appeals, shall continue in force, so far as they are not inconsistent with, or repealed by, this Act.

XII. This Act shall commence and take effect from Commencement of and after the day of 1853.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered, that the said Draft be reconsidered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India, after the 10th day of September next.

J. P. GRANT,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Notice

Is hereby given, that persons desirous of entering into a Contract for supplying fresh Bread, Flour, &c. to the European Troops and Hospitals, Commissariat and Indian Naval Departments, House of Correction, and County Gaol, and for such other purposes as may from time to time be required, for the term of nine months from the 1st day of August next, may, on application at this Office,

from 11 A. M. till 5 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted), obtain copies of the Schedule or List of Prices, and such information relating thereto as they may require.

2. Sealed tenders for the contract will be received at this Office on Friday the 15th proximo, at 2 P. M. precisely. These must specify, both in words and figures, the rates per cent. above or below the prices exhibited in the above list at which the supply will be made, on the understanding that the articles supplied are to be of unexceptionable quality, according to musters which may be seen in this office, or of the sort usually supplied; and are to be delivered, in the first instance at the Commissariat Stores, if required, and afterwards to the indenting Departments, in good condition, free of all charges beyond the stipulated price, in such quantities as may from time to time be demanded; and that the same are liable to examination and rejection by the executive Commissariat Officer, or by the indenting or receiving Officer; or by a Committee of Officers, appointed on the part of Government, in the event of the contractor being dissatisfied with the decision of the above Officers, or either of them; it being understood that the decision of such Committee is to be final, and binding on all parties.

3. No tender will be received unless accompanied by a deposit, in cash, of the sum of Rupees (1,419) one thousand four hundred and nineteen, which sum will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal on the part of the contractor to execute the necessary deed of contract, whenever required to do so, on his tender being accepted; in which latter case he must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded security to the further amount of Rupees (5,676) five thousand six hundred and seventy-six, which, together with the amount previously deposited, will be held as a guarantee for the due fulfilment of his contract.

4. A contractor must comply immediately with all emergent demands, and meet others of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him; in failure whereof, or if any supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the articles, or such others as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department without delay, at his risk and cost, if it be considered expedient to do so; and in all such cases thirty per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of from Rupees (50) fifty to (200) two hundred, at the option of the executive Commissariat Officer, will be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of contract; it being understood that the simple condemnation of any article by a Committee constitutes such a breach of contract, whether the rejected articles be replaced by the contractor or by this Department; in every such case, also, it is to be understood that the contract may be cancelled, at the discretion of the Commissary General, and that if the contract be so cancelled, the cash deposit of Rs. (1,419) one thousand four hundred and nineteen, mentioned in para. 3 of this Notice, will be forfeited to Government.

5. It is also to be understood that any negligence, evasion, or refusal on the part of a contractor to make supplies, or obey orders, or any attempt on his part, or that of his agents, to pass off articles of an inferior quality in lieu of those he is bound to supply, or any neglect to deliver them at the time and place ordered, will subject him, in every instance, to be fined to the extent of twenty-five Rupees, at

Notice

the option of the executive Commissariat Officer, from whose order an appeal may be made to the Commissary General, whose decision is to be final; but in cases when it may be deemed fit to exact any of the penalties provided for in the preceding Clause, no further penalty shall be leviable under this Clause.

6. It is further to be understood that the Contractor, or an accredited Agent on his part, approved of by the executive Commissariat Officer, is to attend at this office during the usual hours of business, *i. e.* from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted, also at such other time or place as may be indicated by the executive Commissariat Officer, when he may consider it desirable for the public service to require such attendance.

7. Any party whose tender is accepted will be required to produce his sureties for the approval of the Hon'ble Company's Solicitor, within 15 days from the date of the acceptance of his tender, or the contract will be resold; no reason will be stated for rejecting any security tendered.

8. Bills for articles supplied under this contract must be preferred within one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which the contractor will forfeit the full value of the supplies for which bills have not been so preferred, unless it clearly appear, to the satisfaction of the Commissary General, that the delay was unavoidable.

9. The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the contractors' bills will be recovered from the first bills preferred for payment; but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount remitted will be refunded.

10. Any party who, after tendering for the contract, fails to furnish the necessary security, as provided for in Clause 7 of this Notice, will be interdicted from tendering on future occasions, unless he produces a certificate from individuals of unexceptionable character and sufficient means, guaranteeing the due execution and performance of the contract on his offer being accepted.

11. The annual outlay on the above contract is estimated at Rupees 28,383.

12. No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any tender.

J. RAMSAY, Captain,
Acting Deputy Commissary General.

Bombay, Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,
29th June 1853.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

DISCOUNT.

On Government Bills..... 4 per cent.
On Private Bills at or within 3 } 7 ditto.
Months..... }

INTEREST.

On Fixed Loans on Government } 5 ditto.
Notes..... }
On Cash Credits and Loans on } 6 ditto.
Government Notes..... }
On Loans and deposit of Goods, &c. 7 ditto.

The rate of advance on deposit of 5 per cent. Government Notes is 95 per cent., on 4 per cent. Government Notes, 90 per cent., and on Goods, *three-fourths* the approved value.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. STUART,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bombay, 1st July 1853.

Is hereby given, that verbal offers will be received at this Office, and sealed tenders at the Commissary General's Office in Bombay, on the 15th proximo, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the exclusive privilege of selling Arrack and Country Liquor, and also for Opium, both for the Town and Cantonment of Ahmednuggur, for one year, from the 1st August 1853 to the 31st July 1854.

The Troops composing the Brigade are as follows:—

Head Quarters 1st Battalion Artillery.
4th Company 2nd Battalion Artillery attached to 1st Battalion Artillery.

Head Quarters 4th Battalion Artillery.. 119
Gun Lascaers and Drivers attached to the 1st and 4th Battalions Artillery.. 145
26th Regiment Native Infantry..... 767
Camp inhabitants and Followers, about 4,500

The Revenue of these respective contracts is apportioned as follows:—

One-half for the Troops and other inhabitants of the Cantonment.

One-half for the City of Ahmednuggur.

No deduction will be allowed except for Troops who may leave the Cantonment.

It will be requisite for each person bidding or tendering for the Liquor contract to deposit the sum of Rupees 800 previous to the commencement of biddings, or at the time of delivering the Tender, which sum will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary deed of contract by the individual whose tender is accepted.

A deposit of Rupees fifty-five will be required on account of the Opium contract, on the above terms.

Each bidder or person tendering for these contracts must be prepared to furnish at the same time two unexceptionable securities for the due performance of the contract, in the event of his tender being accepted.

The necessary articles of agreement to be entered into by the contractors may be seen at this Office, or at that of the Commissary General at Bombay, on every day (Sundays excepted) from 10 A. M till 4 P. M.

The Distillery will be made over to the contractor at the valuation of a Committee of European Officers, should a new contractor take the Liquor contract, and fail to agree with the present owner as to the terms of the transfer.

Only one Shop will be allowed out of the precincts of the Sudder Bazar, which is to be situated opposite to the Police Chokee, at the place called "Mundae"; and for the purpose of suppressing the clandestine sale in this locality of spirituous liquors to the European Troops, the contractor is to defray the expenses of maintaining a permanent Preventive Police, consisting of three men, to be increased when, and placed wherever, the Brigadier Commanding may deem necessary.

The Opium contractor will have the privilege of selling Ganjah and Bojah in the Cantonment.

H. HOLLAND, Lieutenant,
Superintendent of Bazars and Police.

Ahmednuggur, Bazar Office,
21st June 1853.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

ALTERATION in the HOURS of DEPARTURE and ARRIVAL of TRAINS.

The Public are respectfully informed that on SUNDAY the 1st of May, and from that date UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, the Trains will depart from, and arrive at, the several Stations at the Hours named in the annexed Table, viz :—

WEEK-DAY TRAINS.

BOMBAY TO TANNAH.			TANNAH TO BOMBAY.		
	FIRST TRAIN.	SECOND TRAIN.		FIRST TRAIN.	SECOND TRAIN.
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
BombayDeparture	6 30	4 0	TannahDeparture	8 45	6 5
Bycullah"	6 43	4 13	Bhandoop"	9 1	6 21
Sion"	7 5	4 35	Sion"	9 25	6 45
Bhandoop"	7 29	4 59	Bycullah"	9 47	7 7
TannahArrival	7 45	5 15	BombayArrival	10 0	7 20

BOMBAY TO MAHIM.			MAHIM TO BOMBAY.		
	FIRST TRAIN.	SECOND TRAIN.		FIRST TRAIN.	SECOND TRAIN.
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
BombayDeparture	7 45	5 20	MahimDeparture	9 0	6 20
Bycullah"	8 0	5 35	Bycullah"	9 25	6 45
MahimArrival	8 25	6 0	BombayArrival	9 40	7 0

SUNDAY TRAINS.

The FORENOON TRAINS on Sundays will depart and arrive at the same hours as those on week-days.

The AFTERNOON SUNDAY TRAINS will depart and arrive at the hours below named, viz :—

BOMBAY TO TANNAH.			TANNAH TO BOMBAY.		
	SECOND TRAIN.			SECOND TRAIN.	
	P. M.			P. M.	
BombayDeparture	2	30	TannahDeparture	5	30
Bycullah"	2	43	Bhandoop"	5	46
Sion"	3	5	Sion"	6	10
Bhandoop"	3	29	Bycullah"	6	32
TannahArrival	3	45	BombayArrival	6	45

BOMBAY TO MAHIM.			MAHIM TO BOMBAY.		
	SECOND TRAIN.			SECOND TRAIN.	
	P. M.			P. M.	
BombayDeparture	4	0	MahimDeparture	5	40
Bycullah"	4	15	Bycullah"	6	5
MahimArrival	4	40	BombayArrival	6	20

Double Tickets.—First Class will be issued to and from the Terminal Stations, (available to return the same day, and not transferable,) at three-fourths of the ordinary double Fare.

Children.—Infants in arms will be carried free ; Children under 10 years of age will be charged half fares.

Luggage.—100 lbs. of personal Baggage (not Merchandize) will be carried free for each First Class Passenger, 40 lbs. for each Second Class, and 20 lbs. for each Third Class Passenger. All excess over these specified allowances will be charged for.

Further information may be had at the several Stations.

(By order)

Bombay, April 26th, 1853.

D. M. ROCHE, Traffic Manager.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT

OF MEAT, POULTRY, FRUIT, BREAD, FLOUR, ROLONG, SAGO, BUTTER, MILK, FIREWOOD, OIL, CANDLES, SOAP, GHEE, SUGAR, GRAIN, &c. &c.—QUOTED BY THE DEALERS.

ARTICLES.		PRICES.	ARTICLES.		PRICES.	ARTICLES.		PRICES.
BEEF.			PORK, FRESH & SALT (continued).			SUGAR OF SORTS.		
Prime pieces..... 1st sort	6 lbs.	11	Trotters, small	per four	1	Sugar, Pinfa..... per md. of 28 lbs	8	R a. p.
"..... 2nd do.	10 "	1	Pig's Liver & Heart	"	2	" Candy, 1st sort..... "	5	4
"..... 3rd do.	16 "	1	Pork, salt, country	8 lbs	1	" " 2nd do..... "	4	8
Brisket and Round, 1st sort	12 "	1				" " 3rd do..... "	4	4
"..... 2nd do.	14 "	1	POULTRY.			" soft, 1st do..... "	4	4
"..... 3rd do.	16 "	1	Geese..... each	3	8	" " 2nd do..... "	3	2
Meat for Soup	16 "	1	Turkey cock, Bombay	"	2	" brown..... "	2	12
Simn..... large	even.	3	" hen,	"	2	Jugree..... "	2	2
"..... small	"	3	" cock, Goa..... "	"	2	GHEE OF SORTS.		
Ox Tails..... "	"	8	" hen,	"	2	Ghee, Kurrachee, per md. of 28 lbs.	4	8
Tongue..... "	"	3	Fowls, large, Surat..... "	"	1	" "..... "	6	8
"..... large	"	3	" small,	"	1	" Blownuggur..... "	5	8
Heart..... "	"	3	" large, Bombay..... "	"	8	" Bhagnauty..... "	5	4
"..... large	"	3	" small,	"	6	" Ghantee..... "	4	8
"..... small	"	2	Ducks, large..... "	"	8	" Rajapoor..... "	4	8
Marrow-bone..... "	"	1	" small..... "	"	6	" Juffrad..... "	7	4
Ox Palates..... "	"	9	Chickens, large..... per dozen.	2	12	GRAIN OF SORTS.		
Feet..... four	"	4	" small..... "	1	12	Wheat, Hamsia..... } pr. Co. of	22	
Suet..... per lb.	4	4	Hens' Eggs..... each	3	3	" " (8 pharas.....	22	
Tongues (salted, dry), Poona..... each	4	4	Ducks..... "	3	3	" Jambooseer, 1st sort..... "	16	
" (pickled) Bombay..... "	5	5	FRUITS OF SORTS.			" " 2nd do..... "	15	8
VEAL, SMALL.			Pine-apples, Bombay, large..... each	12	12	" Bhowinggur, 1st do..... "	15	8
Hind Quarter..... 1st sort	4 lbs.	1	" " small,	8	8	" " 2nd do..... "	14	8
"..... 2nd do.	5 "	1	" " large,	3	3	" Ghantee..... "	13	
"..... 3rd do.	6 "	1	" " small..... "	12	12	" " 2nd do..... "	13	
Fore Quarter..... 1st do.	4 1/2 "	1	Pomelos..... large,	8	8	" Sindee..... "	12	
"..... 2nd do.	5 "	1	" " small..... "	8	8	" Grain, Jambooseer..... "	16	8
"..... 3rd do.	6 1/2 "	1	Guavas..... large,	8	8	" Ghogaree, new..... "	16	
VEAL, LARGE.			" " small..... "	6	6	" " old..... "	15	8
Hind Quarter..... 1st sort	4 lbs.	1	Oranges..... large,	"	"	" Ghantee, new..... "	15	8
"..... 2nd do.	5 "	1	" " small,	"	"	" " old..... "	15	
"..... 3rd do.	6 "	1	" common..... "	3	3	" Bengal..... "	12	8
Fore Quarter..... 1st do.	5 "	1	Grapes, black..... per seer	"	"	Wooreed, Ghantee..... "	12	8
"..... 2nd do.	6 "	1	" green..... "	"	"	" Malabar..... "	12	
"..... 3rd do.	7 "	1	Melons, water, large..... each	"	"	" Cutch..... "	13	
Head..... 1st do.	each	12	" " small..... "	"	"	" Ghogaree..... "	14	
"..... 2nd do.	"	10	" Musk, large..... "	"	"	" "..... "	12	8
"..... 3rd do.	"	8	" " small..... "	"	"	Mutt..... "	12	8
Feet..... four	"	4	Plantains, red, large..... "	8	8	" Ghantee..... "	12	
Liver & Heart..... each	1	1	" " small..... "	6	6	" Cutch..... "	12	
MUTTON FOR EUROPEANS.			" yellow, large..... "	4	4	Mugg..... "	18	
Saddle..... 1st sort per lb.	3	6	" small..... "	3	3	" Ghogaree..... "	13	
"..... 2nd do.	2	6	Linse, sweet..... "	"	"	Bazaree, Ghantee..... "	12	
"..... 3rd do.	2	6	" sour..... "	1	1	" Bhowinggur, 1st sort..... "	15	
Leg, Loin, Neck, and Shoulder..... 1st do.	2	6	Potatoes, Neighcherries, large, per seer	"	"	" " 2nd do..... "	14	
"..... 2nd do.	2	6	" small..... "	1	1	" Rajapoor..... "	13	
"..... 3rd do.	1	3	" Mahableshwar, large..... "	9	9	Barley..... new..... "	11	
Breast..... 1st do.	2	6	" " small..... "	9	9	" " old..... "	10	
"..... 2nd do.	2	6	" Poona, large..... "	6	6	Toor..... 1st sort..... "	15	
"..... 3rd do.	1	6	" " small..... "	4	4	" " 2nd do..... "	12	
Tongue, Sheep's..... each	6	6	" Surat, large..... "	10	10	Jowree..... "	11	
Brains..... "	6	6	" " small..... "	9	9	Nacheny..... "	10	
Head..... "	2	6	Yams, white..... "	8	8	Vattana..... "	13	
Liver and Heart..... "	1	1	" red..... "	2	2	Chowley..... per phara	12	
Kidneys..... "	1	1	Onions..... "	2	2	Dall, Broach..... "	2	12
Feet..... four	"	4	Ginger..... "	6	6	" Surat..... "	3	12
Suet..... per lb.	4	4	DRY FRUITS OF SORTS.			UNBOILED RICE OF SORTS.		
MUTTON FOR NATIVES.			Plums, fine..... per seer weight.	2	2	Rice, Putney..... per phara	2	
First sort..... 10 lbs.	1	1	" coarse..... "	1	6	" Sindey, red..... "	14	
Second..... 12 "	1	1	Currants, fine..... "	10	10	" raw..... "	14	
Third..... 16 "	1	1	" coarse..... "	8	8	" red..... "	12	
KID, SMALL.			Prunes, new..... "	3	3	BEATEN RICE OF SORTS.		
Hind Quarter..... 1st sort	3 lbs.	1	" old..... "	2	2	Rice, Jersaul, 1st sort..... per phara	3	8
"..... 2nd do.	4 "	1	Almonds, sweet..... "	1	6	" " 2nd do..... "	3	4
"..... 3rd do.	5 "	1	" bitter..... "	2	2	" Vergole, 1st do..... "	2	12
Fore Quarter..... 1st do.	5 "	1	BREAD, &c.			" " 2nd do..... "	2	8
"..... 2nd do.	5 "	1	A loaf, 1st sort..... 13 oz. each.	1	4	" Sindy ratra..... "	3	12
"..... 3rd do.	6 "	1	" " 2nd do..... 13 oz. "	1	2	" Segundee..... "	3	12
Head, Feet, Liver & Heart..... each	4	4	" " brown..... 32 oz. "	1	2	" Putney..... "	2	8
KID, LARGE.			" " 16 oz. "	1	1	" raw..... "	2	4
Hind Quarter..... 1st sort	4 lbs.	1	Flour, wheat..... per seer measure	3	4	MANGALORE RICE OF SORTS.		
"..... 2nd do.	4 1/2 "	1	Rolung..... "	3	4	Rice, unboiled, 1st sort..... per robin.	2	12
"..... 3rd do.	5 1/2 "	1	Sago, fine..... weight.	1	6	" " 2nd do..... "	2	8
Fore Quarter..... 1st do.	5 "	1	" coarse..... "	2	6	" boiled, 1st do..... "	2	8
"..... 2nd do.	5 1/2 "	1	Arrowroot, best..... "	2	6	" " 2nd do..... "	2	4
"..... 3rd do.	6 "	1	" coarse..... "	1	6	BENGAL RICE OF SORTS.		
LAMB, SMALL.			MILK AND BUTTER.			Rice, unboiled, 1st sort..... per bag of	7	
Hind Quarter..... 1st sort	4 lbs.	1	Cows' milk..... per seer measure.	1	4	" " 2nd do..... (168 lbs.	7	
"..... 2nd do.	5 "	1	" butter..... per cup of 2 oz.	1	2	" " 1st do..... "	12	
"..... 3rd do.	5 "	1	Buffaloes' milk..... per seer measure	1	2	" " 2nd do..... "	4	8
Fore Quarter..... 1st do.	5 "	1	" butter..... per cup of 2 oz.	1	1	BHATT.		
"..... 2nd do.	5 1/2 "	1	FIREWOOD.			Bhatt, Putney, per moora of 25 pharas	33	
"..... 3rd do.	6 "	1	Bhool, per candy of 28 mds. 784 lbs.	3	4	" raw..... "	21	
LAMB, LARGE.			Khair..... "	2	10	" red..... "	20	
Hind Quarter..... 1st sort	4 1/2 lbs.	1	Aine..... "	2	8	SUNDRIES.		
"..... 2nd do.	5 "	1	Kurnell..... "	3	4	Saltpetre, Europe, per md. of 28 lbs.	2	8
"..... 3rd do.	6 "	1	OILS, CANDLES, AND SOAP.			" " Bengal..... "	3	
Fore Quarter..... 1st do.	5 "	1	Cocunut oil, 1st sort, pr. md. of 28 lbs.	2	7	" Rajapoor..... "	1	8
"..... 2nd do.	5 1/2 "	1	" " 2nd "..... "	2	6	Pepper, black, 1st sort..... per seer.	1	6
"..... 3rd do.	6 1/2 "	1	Jewglee..... "	2	6	" " 2nd do..... "	1	3
PORK, FRESH AND SALT.			" Ghantee..... "	2	2	" white..... "	3	
Pork, fresh..... 10 lbs.	1	1	Erandia, or Castor Oil..... "	14	14	Garlick, large..... "	6	
Pig, roasting, large size..... each.	1	4	Candles, Europe..... "	18	18	" small..... "	4	
" small do..... "	1	1	" Goa..... "	15	15	Camphor..... per pound	8	
Pig's Head..... 20 lbs.	1	1	" Cochin..... "	16	16	Salt, table..... per seer	1	4
Sausages..... 4 "	1	1	Soap, country..... "	1	8	" common, white..... per seer	1	2
Trotters, large..... per four.	1	4	" Europe, yellow..... "	3	8	" black..... "	1	2
			" white..... "	3	8			

Fish and Vegetables generally sold according to the quantity in the Market, and the choice of them.

Bombay measures by which the articles are sold:—4 Seers are one Pylee—17 Pylees are one Phara—8 Pharas are one Candy—25 Pharas are one Moora. A Robin of Rice averages about 15 Pylees.

Bombay weights by which the articles are sold:—1 Seer is 11 ozs. and 4 drs.—40 Seers are 1 Maund.—1 Maund is 28 English pounds.

Bombay, Monday, 11th July 1853. Published by order of the Board of Conservancy. J. WATSON, Clerk of the Markets.

Notice.

Verbal offers will be received at this Office, at noon precisely, on Monday next, the 18th instant, for the supply of the undermentioned articles, and of such others as this Department may be required to supply during the intermediate period, viz:—

- 20 Coils Rope, Coir, (Amundavie,) 3 and 4-inches.
 - 3 lbs. Caraway Seeds.
 - 5 Benches, small; five require a new Arm each, and two new Legs each.
 - 3 Desks, Writing; all require new Baize, and four new Drawer Locks.
 - 2 Forms, require slight repairs.
 - 1 Table, Compounding, requires new Planking on the top.
 - 1 Table, Dinner, requires planing, and a new side piece.
 - 2 Scissors, large, for Bookbinder.
 - 360 Yards Cloth, Dungaree, double bleached, having two threads each way.
 - 108 Yards Cloth, Dungaree, double, blue.
 - 2 Boards, Teakwood, for Cots.
 - 3 Lanterns, Horn, Hand.
 - 8 Pots, Earthen.
 - 3½ Yards Superfine Black Cloth.
 - 12 Scales, small, to weigh Post-letters.
 - 12 Brooms, Hair, hand (Europe).
- An immediate deposit of ten per cent. on the

amount of his offer (and where the amount of the offer falls short of 2½ Rupees, of 4 Annas) must be made by the lowest bidder for the supply of any article.

When an offer is accepted for making supplies within a specified period, and the tenderer fails to fulfil his agreement, the cash deposit made at the time of sale will be forfeited to Government; but when circumstances render it necessary to receive the articles from him after the stipulated period, a deduction of five per cent. will be made from the amount of the bill for the same.

Bills for articles supplied must be preferred within one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which dealers will be liable to forfeit the full value of the supplies for which bills have not been so preferred, unless it clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

All further particulars may be learnt on application at this Office, from 10 A. M. till 5 P. M. daily, Sunday excepted.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

A. M. LUCAS, Captain,
For Acting Deputy Commissary General.
Bombay, Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,
13th July 1853.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, Bombay, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the Eleventh year of Victoria, Chapter XXI:—

Names.	Profession.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Dates of Petitions filed.		
				Day.	Month.	Year.
Dewjee Sewjee.....	A General Merchant.....	Hindoo.....	Within the Fort, near Thakoordwar.	27th	June	1853.
Natha Metha.....	A Dyer.....	Mahomedan..	Without the Fort, in Jamblee Mollah.	28th	"	"
Mahomed Ismail Rogay.	None.....	Mahomedan..	Without the Fort, in Nakhoda's Mollah.	1st	July	"
Balcrustna Juggonathjee.	Late a Clerk to Mr. Pollock.	Hindoo.....	Without the Fort, in Chawoolwady.	2nd	"	"
Sayed Peerum bin Sayed Dawood.	A Stone Cutter.....	Mahomedan..	Without the Fort, in Gora Mollah.	4th	"	"
Muncherjee Merwanjee.	A Dealer in Fruits.....	Parsee.....	Without the Fort, in Parsee Mollah.	"	"	"
Dorabjee Bhicajee..	Caulker.....	Parsee.....	Without the Fort, near Washerman's Tank.	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the above-named Insolvents' Petitions, that the real and personal Estates and Effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Clause VII. of the said Act, have been duly made.

Days appointed for Hearing the Petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents.

Names.	Time.		
	Day.	Month.	Hour.
Vussonjee Khimjee.....	1st Monday....	August next.....	11 o'clock.
Damjee Woomersey.....	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Cassinath Rungnathjee.....	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Muncherjee Merwanjee.....	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Dorabjee Bhicajee.....	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Balcrustna Juggonathjee.....	Ditto.	Ditto.	Ditto.

Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees, at my Office, at least three days before the Hearing. The above-named Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects, in my Office.

J. A. McKENZIE, Clerk of the Court.

Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 5th day of July 1853.

નાદાર દેવાદારોની કોરટ મધે.

જાહેર ખર્ચ એ જાપરથી આપવામાં આવે છે, જે નામ બચાવનાથે નીચે સમજાવી લખીયા છે, એમને મુંબઈની નાદાર દેણદાર લોકોનાં છુટકા કરનારી કોરટને ચરણએ આપી છે, કે વીકટોરી નાં અગીઆરને વરસે જે ધારો બનાવી પુચાર કરીએ છે, તેના એકવીસમાં બાબ પરનાં જે કીરપા િને હુમોને દાદને પોહોંઆડો.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	રહેવાળું કંકાણું મુંબઈ મધે.	ચરણએ દાખલ કરીઆની તારીખ.		
				જાન્યુ.	માસ.	વરસ.
૧૭ શીવજી	ચરવે સીજનો વેપારી	હોંડુ.	કોરટ મધે ઠાકોરકુ વાર પાસે.	૨૭	જુન.	૧૮૫૩
૧૮ થા નીદા	રંગરેજ	મુશલ માંન.	કોરટ પ્યાર બનલી નોલાનાં.	૨૮	જુન.	૧૧
૧૯ હુંમદ ઇશનાએલ રોગે.	કઈનઈ	મુશલ માંન.	કોરટ પ્યાર ના પ્રદા ના નોલાનાં.	૧	જુલાઈ	૧૧
૨૦ લકુશણ નગનાથજી	આગલની. પાલકને તાંલખનારો.	હોંડુ.	કોરટ પ્યાર એવુલ વાડીનાં.	૨	જુન.	૧૧
૨૧ ઇએદ પીરંમ બીન શલાટ.	મુશલ માંન.	કોરટ પ્યાર ગોરા મુલાનાં.	૪	જુન.	૧૧
૨૨ મચેરજી મેરવાંનજી.	મેવા વેચનાર	પારશી.	કોરટ પ્યાર પારશી નોલા.	૪	જુન.	૧૧
૨૩ રાખજી ભીખાજી.	વાંણને કલકાત કરનાર	પારશી.	કોરટ પ્યાર ઘોલીત લાવ પાસે.	૪	જુન.	૧૧

જાપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની બાબતનાં શીરશતા પરનાં જે હુકમ થયા છે, કે જાપર લખેલા ધા ની સાતની કલમ પરનાં જે નાદાર દેવાદાર નજકુરોની સથાવર તથા નજમ નીલકત તથા સીજવસત ના નામદાર કોરટનાં આફીસીઆલ આશાએનીના તાબામાં આપે *

નીચે લખેલા નાદાર દેણદારની ચરણએ શાંભલવાસાઈ ઠરાવેલા દીવસ *

નામ.	વખત.		
	દીવસ.	માસ.	કલકાં.
૧ વર્શનજી ખીમજી	૧ લો શોખવાર.	આવતો આગસ્ટ	૧૧
૨ દાંમજી જીનરશી	એન	એન	એન
૩ કાશીનાથ રંગનાથજી	એન	એન	એન
૪ મંનચેરજી મેરવાંનજી	એન	એન	એન
૫ દોરાખજી ભીખાજી	એન	એન	એન
૬ બાલકુશણ નગનાથજી	એન	એન	એન

આડા આપનાર લેણદારોએ, થોડાનાં થોડા શાંભલવાના તણ દાહડા અગાજી, શોગણનાં માથી શા નેત કીધેલા પોતાના દાવા હનારી આફીસનાં દાખલ કરવા નાઈએ, તથા શીરશતા પરનાં જે ફી આપવી પાઈએ. જાપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોએ પોતાનાં દેવાની, તથા માલ નીલકતની, ટીપો હનારી આફીસ નાં દાખલ કરાવી છે *

મુંબઈના કોરટ મધે, કોરટના કલારકની આફીસનાં, લખી તારીખ ૫ ની જુલાઈ સને ૧૮૫૩.

જ.—એ.—મકેનજી,
કોરટનાં કલારક મહી.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

REVENUE.

Whereas it is deemed expedient to modify the Rates of Fees levied under Section LXII. of Act I. of 1852, on Goods lying on the Wharfs, Piers, or Sheds of the Bombay Custom House, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to cancel the Provisions, so far as they may have reference to Fees on Goods not removed from the Wharfs within the stipulated periods of Notification J, published in the Supplement to the Bombay Government Gazette dated 9th February 1852, and to publish the following Scale of Rates to be levied as Wharfage Fees, from the 1st August 1853, on Goods which may not be removed, within the time specified below, from the Wharfs, or Piers, or Sheds, or other authorized Landing-places.

TOWN CUSTOM HOUSE.

Dutiable Goods.

On the Pier, after 24 hours }
 Import Side, after 7 days } From the time of depositing or landing.
 Export Side, after 4 days from the time of depositing.

Free Goods.

Import and Export Sides, after 3 days from the time of depositing or landing.

MUSJEEB AND MAHIM BUNDERS.

Dutiable Goods.

Import Side, after 7 days after the time of depositing or landing.
 Export Side, after 3 days after the time of depositing.

Free Goods.

Import and Export Sides, after 3 days from the time of depositing or landing.

In levying the said Fees, allowance will be made on account of Sundays, and other recognized Holidays, which may intervene during the prescribed period.

As regards Goods deposited in Bond (Government Warehouses), the rates of Rent prescribed in the Notification J, quoted above, are to continue in force as heretofore, until further orders.

Nos.	Enumeration of Goods.	Per	Rs. a. p.
			Rent per Week.
1	Alkaline	Cwt.	0 1 0
2	Almonds	"	0 1 0
3	Aloes	"	0 1 0
4	Alum	"	0 1 0
5	Amber	Box.	0 1 0
6	Ambergris	"	0 1 0
7	Annatto	Cwt.	0 1 0
8	Anniseed	"	0 1 0
9	Antimony	"	0 1 0
10	Arrowroot	Case.	0 2 0
11	Arsenic	Case or Package.	0 4 0
12	Assafoetida, or Hingra	Cwt.	0 2 0
13	Bags, Gunny, empty	Hundred.	0 4 0
14	Bangles	Case.	0 2 0
15	Bark, Jesuit's, or Peruvian	Cwt.	0 1 0
16	Barilla	"	0 1 0
17	B'dellium	"	0 1 0
18	Beads	Package.	0 2 0
19	Beef and Pork	Tierce.	0 3 0
20	" "	Barrel or Cask.	0 2 0
21	Beer, in Barrel	Each.	0 2 0
22	" in Hogshead	"	0 4 0
23	" in Pipe, Butt, or Puncheon	"	0 6 0
24	" in Bottles packed in 3 dozen Casks or Cases	"	0 1 0
25	" " " in 4 to 5 " " "	Case.	0 2 0
26	" " " in 6 to 8 " " "	"	0 3 0
27	" " " in 9 to 10 " " "	"	0 4 0
28	Benjamin	Cwt.	0 1 0
29	Betelnut	"	0 1 0
30	Bottles, empty	Crate.	0 4 0

Nos.	Enumeration of Goods.	Per	Rent per Week.
			<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
31	Bread	Bag.	0 1 0
32	Bricks and Tiles	Thousand.	0 6 0
33	Brimstone	Cwt.	0 1 0
34	Camel Hair (<i>vide Wool</i>).		
35	Camphor	Case.	0 2 0
36	Candles	Cwt.	0 2 0
37	Canes, common Rattans	"	0 1 0
38	Cardamoms	"	0 1 0
39	Carriages, four-wheeled	Each.	2 0 0
40	" two-wheeled	"	1 0 0
41	Casks, Pipes, or Puncheons, empty	"	0 6 0
42	" Hogshead	"	0 4 0
43	Cassia Lignea and Buds	Cwt.	0 1 0
44	Castor Seeds	"	0 1 0
45	Cement	Barrel.	0 2 0
46	Cheeses of all sorts	Cwt.	0 1 0
47	Chillies and Chilly Pepper	"	0 1 0
48	China Root	"	0 1 0
49	China Ware	Large Case.	0 4 0
50	" "	Small ditto.	0 2 0
51	Chundroos (Copal)	Cwt.	0 1 0
52	Cinnabar	"	0 1 0
53	Cinnamon	"	0 1 0
54	Cloves	"	0 1 0
55	Cochineal	"	0 1 0
56	Coculus Indicus	"	0 1 0
57	Coffee, in Bags and Casks	"	0 1 0
58	Coir, loose Yarn, and Coir Ropes of all kinds	"	0 1 0
59	Colors and Paints, in Casks	"	0 1 0
60	Columbo Root	"	0 1 0
61	Copra	Robin.	0 3 0
62	Coral	Package.	0 2 0
63	Cordage	Cwt.	0 1 0
64	Cornelians	Package.	0 2 0
65	Cotton	Bale.	0 4 0
66	"	Docra.	0 2 0
67	" Piece Goods	Bale or Case.	0 2 0
68	Cowdas	Hundred.	0 1 0
69	Cowries	Cwt.	0 1 0
70	Cubebs	"	0 1 0
71	Cummin Seeds	"	0 1 0
72	Cuppoor Catcherry	Package.	0 2 0
73	Damner	Cwt.	0 2 0
74	Dates	"	0 2 0
75	Dragon's Blood	"	0 1 0
76	Drugs, including Attary of all sorts	"	0 1 0
77	Duppers, empty	Each.	0 1 0
78	Earthenware	Crate or Cask.	0 4 0
79	Fireworks	1 Pecul Chest.	0 4 0
80	"	Half ditto.	0 2 0
81	Fishmaws (<i>vide Shark Fins</i>).		
82	Flax	Cwt.	0 1 0
83	Flour	Barrel.	0 2 0
84	Frankincense	Cwt.	0 1 0
85	Gallingall	"	0 1 0
86	Galls, or Myrobalans	"	0 1 0
87	Gamboge	"	0 1 0
88	Gentian Root	"	0 1 0
89	Ghee	"	0 1 0
90	Ginger	"	0 1 0
91	Ginsing Root	"	0 1 0
92	Glass, in Crates or Casks	Crate or Cask.	0 4 0
93	Glass Panes, for Window-frames	Box.	0 1 0
94	Grain of all sorts	Cwt.	0 1 0
95	Gums	"	0 1 0
96	Hams, loose	Dozen.	0 3 0
97	Heerabole and Bysabole	Cwt.	0 1 0
98	Hemp	"	0 1 0

Nos.	Enumeration of Goods.	Per	Rent per Week.
			<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
99	Hides or Skins, Buffaloe, Cow, or Ox, &c..	Hundred.	0 12 0
100	Horns	Cwt.	0 1 0
101	Indigo, or Prussian Blue	"	0 1 0
102	Ivory, Elephant and Sea Horse Teeth	"	0 2 0
103	Jagree and Molasses	"	0 1 0
104	Jars of all kinds, empty	Hundred.	3 0 0
105	Junk	Cwt.	0 1 0
106	Lac of all sorts	"	0 1 0
107	Lacquered Ware	Package.	0 1 0
108	Liquorice Root	Cwt.	0 1 0
109	Mace	"	0 1 0
110	Mats, China	Bundle.	0 4 0
111	" Country or Persian	Hundred.	0 2 0
112	Metals, Wrought	Cwt.	0 1 0
113	" Unwrought	Ton.	0 10 0
114	Mother of Pearl Shells	Cwt.	0 1 0
115	Munjeet	"	0 1 0
116	Myrobalans (<i>vide Galls</i>).		
117	Nutmegs	Cwt.	0 1 0
118	Nux Vomica (Jeher Catcherry)	"	0 1 0
119	Oil, Castor, Cocoanut, Jinjeeley, and other sorts	"	0 1 0
120	Oil, Cassia	Chest.	0 2 0
121	" Naptha	Carboy.	0 1 0
122	Oilman Stores	Small Box.	0 1 0
123	" "	Cask or Case.	0 2 0
124	Opium	Chest.	0 2 0
125	Paint (<i>vide Colors</i>).		
126	Paper	Case.	0 2 0
127	Papud Khar	Cwt.	0 1 0
128	Patch Leaves	"	0 1 0
129	Pearls, false	Case.	0 2 0
130	Pepper	Cwt.	0 1 0
131	Pitch	Barrel.	0 2 0
132	Planks	Each.	0 0 6
133	Preserves, China	Case.	0 1 0
134	Raisins or Khismisses	Cwt.	0 1 0
135	Rosin	Barrel.	0 2 0
136	Safflower (or Koosumba)	Cwt.	0 1 0
137	Saffron	"	0 1 0
138	Sago in Bags, Baskets, or Cases	"	0 1 0
139	Salt	"	0 1 0
140	Saltpetre	"	0 1 0
141	Senna	"	0 1 0
142	Shark Fins, and Fishmaws	"	0 4 0
143	Silk, raw, China or Bengal	Bale or Box.	0 2 0
144	" Piece Goods	"	0 2 0
145	Soap	Cwt.	0 1 0
146	Spirits (<i>vide Beer</i>).		
147	Staves, in Packs, Pipe, or Leagar	Bundle.	0 1 0
148	" in Hogsheads	"	0 0 6
149	Sugar, in Bags, Baskets, or Cases	Cwt.	0 1 0
150	Sugar Candy	Doz. Tubs.	0 4 0
151	Tallow	Cwt.	0 1 0
152	Tar, Barrel	Barrel.	0 2 0
153	Tea	Cwt.	0 3 0
154	Terra Japonica	"	0 1 0
155	Tincal	"	0 1 0
156	Tobacco	"	0 1 0
157	" Cheroots	Ten Thousand.	0 2 0
158	Tortoise Shell	Cwt.	0 1 0
159	Turmeric	"	0 1 0
160	Twist and Yarn	Bale.	0 2 0
161	Vermillion	Case.	0 1 0
162	Wax, Bees'	Cwt.	0 1 0
163	" Sealing	"	0 1 0
164	Wines (<i>vide Beer</i>).		
165	Wood, Ebony	Cwt.	0 1 0
166	" Sandal	"	0 1 0

Nos.	Enumeration of Goods.	Per	Rent per Week.
167	Wood, Sapan	Cwt.	0 1 0
168	Wool	Bale.	0 4 0
169	”	Docra.	0 2 0
170	Woollens	Case or Bale.	0 2 0

N. B.—Articles not enumerated in the above List to be assessed as follows:—

Articles, if sold by weight.... 1 anna per Cwt.
 According to the discretion of the Collector. } Ditto in Boxes 1 to 4 annas each.
 } Ditto in Packages 1 to 4 annas each.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
 A. MALET,

Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 11th July 1853.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED PACKAGES IN THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

DATE.	PACKAGES.	TO WHOM ADDRESSED.	BY WHAT SHIP IMPORTED.
1851			
July 18th..	1 Case.....	Marked A H 23.	“Sutlej.”
Oct. 3rd..	2 Casks.....	James McAllister, Esq., Residency Surgeon, H. E. I. C. S. Bushire, Persian Gulf, Bombay	Steamer “Malta.”
Dec. 20th..	1 Box	Marked P, containing 1 pair Copper Scale Plates, with Chain	“Sassoon Family.”
1852			
Mar. 16th..	1 Box	Augustus Darling, Esq., care of Boussier, Esq., Southampton, containing 3 Stone Jars of Snuff.....	Steamer “Achilles.”
June 24th..	20 Cases	Marked W & P 15 to 34, containing Champagne.....	“La Belle Alliance.”
July 29th..	1 Case.....	Revd. J. H. Hughes, Chaplain, Surat, care of Revd. F. Spring, Garrison Chaplain, Bombay	“Forfarshire.”
Sept. 2nd..	1 Case.....	Lieut. Col. Williams, 5th Bengal N. I., Lahore, care of Messrs. Thacker and Co., Bombay	Steamer “Erin.”
Nov. 6th..	3 Packages.....	Marked M	“Euphrates.”
Dec. 13th..	1 Case.....	Marked J B No 2, Messrs. Forbes and Co., Bombay.	“Owen Glendower.”
” ”	1 Case.....	Lieut. Russell, 8th Madras Cavalry, Mhow	Ditto.
1853			
Feb. 12th..	1 Box.....	Marked A M, Bombay	Steamer “Ganges.”
” 22nd..	3 Packages.....	Marked G A M No: 1 to 3, Bombay	“Merchantman.”
” 28th..	2 Carboys	Marked B, containing Flower Oil	“Futtay Allum.”
Mar. 3rd..	1 Case.....	W. R. Gough, Esq., 4th Lancers, Sealkote, Panjaub, India	“Vernon.”
” 15th..	1 Case.....	No mark or address	Steamer “Achilles.”
May 13th..	599 Kegs	Containing Steel	“Gladiator.”
” 28th..	2 Chests.....	Marked S A, 656, containing Snuff	“William.”
June 8th..	1 Package	No mark or address	Steamer “Achilles.”
” ”	4 Packages.....	J. A. Ramsay, Esq., Bombay Army	Ditto.
” ”	1 Half	Chest of Drawers, no mark	Ditto.
” 20th..	1 Box.....	W. Zorn, Esq., Bombay	“Futtel Carim.”
” 29th..	3 Cases	Marked B F P, 1 to 3.....	“John Hamilton.”
July 1st..	1 Case.....	Officers H. M.’s 64th Regiment, care of Eduljee Nusserwanjee Colabawallah, Bombay	“Tartar.”
” 4th..	1 Case.....	J. W. Thoys, Esq., Bombay Infantry, care of Messrs. Remington & Co., Bombay	Ditto.
” 5th..	10 Packages.....	Lieut. H. J. Fairlie, H. M.’s 10th Hussars, Bombay.	“Great Britain.”
” ”	1 Case.....	Dr. Domenichetti, 8th (King’s) Regiment, care of Eduljee Nusserwanjee, Bombay.....	Ditto.
” ”	1 Case.....	Lieut. Col. Coghillan, Bombay Artillery, Ahmednugur, Bombay	Ditto.
” 6th..	1 Case.....	Marked R M, 16, No. 39	“Mary Ridley.”
” 12th..	1 Box.....	Captain McGregor, 21st Native Infantry, care of Messrs. Forbes and Co., Bombay	“Deogaum.”

RICHARD SPOONER,
 Acting Collector of Customs.

Bombay, Custom House, 12th July 1853.

Notice.

Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office on Monday the 18th instant, at 2 P. M., for executing by Contract the undermentioned Work.

Plan and specification of the quantity of labour and materials to be expended, also the form of Contract to be entered into, will in the mean time remain open for inspection, copies of which may be taken, and any additional information obtained.

A deposit of 10 per cent. will be required immediately from the lowest bidder, to be forfeited in case of any evasion or delay in signing the Deed of Contract.

WORK.

Constructing seven Boxes, similar to Sentry Boxes, for the use of the Officers of seven Custom House Chowkies.

J. J. F. CRUICKSHANK, Captain,
Garrison Engineer,
And Civil Architect at the Presidency.

*Territorial Department,
Garrison Engineer and Civil Architect's Office,
Bombay, 12th July 1853.*

अहुरनांनु.

अहुरंनु नीये ल भेधु कांन धंअराथी क रवापीयेना मुअलपांनी अरने आलता न डीनानी तारीअ १८ नी शेअवारने दीने मुअधंनाना गारीशंन धंनअनीअर तथा शी पील आरकीटेकरनी कयेरीनां शांलकी देखे.

नकाशा तथा शांनान तथा नगुरी कटकी लागले तेनी तपशीलवार धंआदी तथा धंअराना कागलने मुअदे दरनीआंन न्वापाशाइ छिधाडो रेडुये तथा तेनी नकल न्वाधंती छु ते तो देवा देखे तथा पीलु कांथे पुछपु छुये तो तेपण नालंन थामे.

न शरवेथी कनी आंकडो योदये तेले दरशेकडे रका १० परनांले अवेअ तरत अ नांनत राभवा तथा ते अवेअ धंअराना कागलछपर शडी करवा आंनकांनो अथवा छील करेथी शरकार धामल थामे.

कांन.

नांडवीनां शात मोडीना अनलदार शाइ पोहारागरेनी छतरी शरमी शात छतरी आंधवानी छु.

नीशांणी.

न. न. अक. कइकशांनक, कपतान.
मुअधंनो गारीशंन धंनअनीअर तथा शीपील आरकीटेकर.

तारीअ १२ नी नाडे ग्जुलधं शंने १८५३ धंशवी मुकांन मुअधं गारीशंन धंनअनीअर तथा शीपील आरकीटेकर नी कयेरी रेरीटोरोआल डीपारटमेनर.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहिरनामा.

ऐसाजे खाली लिहिलेले काम मळ्यानी करण्याविशींचे मुखजबानी अर्ज चालते महिन्याची तारिख १८ सोमवारचे

रोजी मुंबई एथील ग्यारिसन इंजीनीयर व सिविल आर्किटेकटचे कचेरींत ऐकून घेतो.

नकाशा व सामान व मजुरी कितो लागेल त्याचा तपशीलवार याद व मळ्याचे कागदाचा मसुदा दरम्यान पाहावयास उघडा राहिल व त्याच्या नकला पाहिजे असल्यास घेऊं देतील व दुसरे कांही पुसणे असल्यास तेंहि मालुम होईल.

जो सर्वांहून कमी बेरीज बोलेल त्याणे दर शेकडा टके १० प्रमाणे एवज अमानत तुर्त ठेवावा व तो एवज मळ्याचे खतावर सही करण्यास टाळटाळ अथवा विलंब केल्यास सरकार दाखल होईल.

काम.

मांडवीतील सात चौक्यांचे अमलदाराकरितां चौकदार राहावयासाठी सात छेतत्या बांधावयाच्या आहेत. निशाणी.

जे. जे. एफ. कुकपांक, कपतान.

मुंबई येथील ग्यारिसन इंजीनीयर व सिविल आर्किटेकट. तारीख १२ माहे जुलई सन १८५३ झा मुा मुंबई ग्यारिसन इंजीनीयर व सिविल आर्किटेकटची कचेरी टेरिटोरीएल डिपार्टमेंट,

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Notice.

FORAS LAND COMMISSION.

The Commissioners under Act VI. of 1851 will, at 2 P. M. on the 22nd day of July 1853, at the Office of the Collector of Bombay, proceed to sell by Auction, under the powers in the Act, certain Lands in the Mahim Division, being the under-mentioned Numbers and Names in the Commissioners' Books :—

Comrs.' No.	Coll.'s No.	Names of the Proprietors.
925	385	Ignacio Bend Kiny.
934	395	Niclaos Cruza.
1209	50	Bhasker Anunta Bhut.
1278	114	Antonio Joseph Rodrigues.
1851	732	Church of S. N. de Salvação of Mahim.

By Order of the Commissioners,
F. HUTCHINSON,
Secretary Foras Land Commission.

Bombay, Collector's Office,
13th July 1853.

अहुरनांनु.

शेरानी नमीनना कनीशंन.

अहुरंनु शंने १८५१ ना छडा काअेदा छ परथी कनीशंनर शाडेयोने अमतीआर आ पो छ ते छपरथी शदरडु कनीशंनर शाडेयो नाडीन टुकडीनांनी कांथे नमीनो नीये ल मेला नंयरोनी तथा नांनोनी कनीशंनरोनी मोपडीनां छ ते तारीअ २२ नी ग्जुलधं शंने १८५३ ने दीने पार छपर ये वागत मुअ धंनो कडेकरनी कयेरीनां अहुर लीलांन करीने वेअये.

नीशंनरनो कडेकरनो नाकेकु कुनंयर. नंयर. नांन. ८२५ . . . ३८५ . . . धंनोनीओ येन डकीनी.

८३४ . . . ३८५ . . . नीकलाओ क३०५.
 १२०८ . . . ५० . . . लायकर अंनंता
 ल२.
 १२७८ . . . ११४ . . . अंनंतोनीओ ल१
 ल३ इ३रीकश.
 १८५१ . . . ७३२ . . . नाडीननांगु था१
 शाखनेशीअंनंगु
 दे१५.

कमीशनरोना हुकंम अपरथी.

नीशांणी.

अेक. हांमीनशंन,

शुकरतारी नोशयत शैराशनी

न मोनना कमीशंन.

तारीख १३ मी नाडे शुद्ध
 शंने १८५३ ईशवी सुकांम
 सुयधे कलेकटरनी कयेरी.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहिरनामा.

फोय्याचे जमीनीचे कमीशन.

सन १८५१ चे साहावे कायया अन्वये कमीशनर साहेब
 यास अख्यार दिल्ली आहे त्यावरून कमीशनर साहेब मा-
 हिम तुकडीतील काहीं जमीनी खाली लिहिलेल्या नंबरी व नावी
 कमीशनरांचे वधांत अहित त्या तारिख २२ जुलई सन १८५३
 रोजी बारावर दोन वाजतां मुंबई एथील कलेकटरचे कचेरींत
 जाहिर लेलांव करून विकतील.

कमीशनरचेनंबर. कलेकटरचेनंबर. मालकांचे नाव.
 ९२५ . . . ३८५ . . . इग्नासीओ बेंड किनी.
 ९३४ . . . ३९५ . . . नीकलायो कुजा,
 १२०९ . . . ५० . . . भास्कर अनंता भट.
 १२७८ . . . ११४ . . . अंतोनीवो जोझेफ रुद्रिक्स.
 १८५१ . . . ७३२ . . . माहिम एथील साउ सालवे
 सीआंन याचें देऊळ.

कमीशनराचे हुकुमावरून

निशाणी.

एफ. हचीनसन,

सक्रतारी निसबत फोराचे जमीनीचे कमीशनर.

तारिख १३ माहे जुलई सन १८५३ इसवी
 मुक्काम मुंबई कलेकटरची कचेरी.

A. RICHARDSON, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Advertisement.

Messrs. Holder & Co. have on sale on account
 of Government, at Rupees 30 each, copies of the
 New Volume of Morley's Digest of Indian Cases.

Advertisement.

Tenders are hereby invited for the conveyance of
 One European Convict, either to Calcutta, Ma-
 dras, or direct to Van Dieman's Land.

By Order of the Commander in Chief Indian Navy,
 F. G. BONE, Secretary.

Commodore's Office, Bombay,
 13th July 1853.

OPIUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Tuesday, 12th July 1853.

YEARS.	PASSES GRANTED			IMPORTED INTO BOMBAY			EXPORTED BY SEA			Balance unaccounted for.
	Up to the 5th July 1853.	Bombay.	From 6th to 12th July 1853.	Up to the 5th July 1853.	From 6th to 12th July 1853.	Total.	Up to the 5th July 1853.	From 6th to 12th July 1853.	Total.	
For 1840-47.	10,521	..	19,492	19,521	19,481	19,481	19,521	19,481	103	
" 1847-48.	15,861	..	15,860	15,861	15,854	15,854	15,861	15,854	55	
" 1848-49.	16,861	..	16,800	16,861	16,845	16,845	16,861	16,845	14	
" 1849-50.	15,978	..	15,970	15,978	15,890	15,890	15,978	15,890	79	
" 1850-51.	24,052	..	24,044 & 45 lbs.	24,052 & 45 lbs.	24,031 & 45 lbs.	24,031	24,052 & 45 lbs.	24,031	12 & 45 lbs.	
" 1851-52.	26,047	..	26,041	26,047	25,981	25,981	26,047	25,981	45 lbs.	
" 1852-53.	26,255	..	25,801	26,311	17,886	18,005	25,807	18,005	59	
		56			119				7,793	

Details of Exports from 6th to 12th July 1853.

OF THE SEASON 1852-53.

Per Ship "Borderer" Chests 10
 Steamer "Ganges" " 109
 Total..... Chests 119

RICHARD SPOONER,

Acting Opium Agent.

Bombay, Opium Agent's Office, 13th July 1853.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL,

Viâ Marseilles, and Southampton.

The Overland Mail, *viâ Marseilles*, and Southampton, per H. C. Steamer "SEMIRAMIS," will be closed on WEDNESDAY the 20th proximo, at 1 o'clock P. M. precisely.

An After-packet will be kept open, for Bearing Letters only, until 2 o'clock P. M., on the usual terms.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 22nd June 1853.

OVERLAND MAIL,

Viâ Ceylon.

Overland Mails, *viâ Marseilles* and Southampton, to be despatched per P. & O. Company's Steamer "MALTA," to meet the Calcutta Steamer at Point de Galle on her way to Suez, will be closed on SATURDAY the 30th instant, at 6 o'clock P. M.

Packets for Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Australia, Mauritius, and the Cape of Good Hope, for despatch per "MALTA," will be closed on the 30th instant, at 6 P. M.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 13th July 1853.

Packets per P. and O. Company's Steamer "GANGES," for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, AUSTRALIA, MAURITIUS, and the CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, will be closed on SATURDAY the 16th instant, at 6 o'clock P. M.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 6th July 1853

DUNCAN DAVIDSON,
Post Master General.

POSTAL NOTICE.

The following Sections of the Post Office Rules of 30th August 1837 are published for general information:—

"XXIV. Whatever Postage is marked on a Letter, Paper, or Parcel, must be paid at once, on delivery," &c.

"XXXI. The Servants at the several Post Offices are not bound to give Change to parties sending or receiving Letters, in any case."

No Letters will be delivered except on immediate payment of the Postage, and parties sending for their Overland Letters are particularly requested to bear this Rule in mind.

DUNCAN DAVIDSON,
Post Master General.

*Bombay, General Post Office,
21st May 1853.*

POSTAL NOTICE.

Books, &c. posted in England in conformity with the terms of the Postal Notice of 4th May 1853, if sent to the care of Agents in Bombay, become liable, on being re-posted for Inland Stations, to the usual Indian Postage, in addition to the Postage paid in England. To obviate this, the Books, &c. should be addressed to the parties and Stations they are intended for, *direct*.

DUNCAN DAVIDSON,
Post Master General.

*Bombay, General Post Office,
6th July 1853.*

POSTAL NOTICE.

Soldiers' Letters, properly superscribed and franked, when *not more than One Tola in weight*, will, in future, be exempted from Postage. All such Letters above that weight, will be charged with the usual rates of Postage.

DUNCAN DAVIDSON,
Post Master General.

*Bombay, General Post Office,
13th July 1853.*

Postal Notice.

From and after the 1st instant, printed Books, Magazines, Reviews, and Pamphlets, whether British, Colonial, or Foreign, posted in the East Indies addressed to the United Kingdom, or posted in the United Kingdom addressed to the East Indies, may be transmitted by the Post between any part of the East Indies and the United Kingdom, subject to the following Rules, and rates of Postage:—

	s. d.	Rs. as.
For a single volume, not exceeding ¼ lb. in weight	0 6	or 0 4
Ditto ditto exceeding ¼ and not exceeding 1 lb. in weight.....	1 0	or 0 8
Ditto ditto exceeding 1 and not exceeding 2 lbs. in weight	2 0	or 1 0
Ditto ditto exceeding 2 lbs. and not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight... ..	3 0	or 1 8

The above rates of Postage, *which must be prepaid*, will free the Books from all further charge, whether in the East Indies or in the United Kingdom.

No Packet will be received in the Post Office for transmission if it exceeds three pounds in weight, or contains more than one printed Book, or printed Pamphlet, (the several sheets or parts of which, when more than one, shall be sewed or bound together,) or any paper or thing besides a printed Book or Pamphlet; or which, in length, breadth, width, or depth, shall exceed the dimensions of two feet.

Every Packet may be sent without a cover, or in a cover or envelope which must be open at the ends or sides, but it must not contain any writing or marks upon the envelope, or upon or within any part of the contents, other than the name and address of the party for whom the Packet is intended.

W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General, in charge.

Bombay, General Post Office, 4th May 1853.

General Orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, 6th July 1853.

No. 431 of 1853.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following Notification for the information of the Army :—

NOTIFICATION.

The Honorable A. Bell, Esquire, has been permitted to resign the Honorable Company's Service from the 29th ultimo.

(Signed) A. MALET,
Chief Secretary.

Bombay Castle, 5th July 1853.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the honors of his rank, as a Member of Council, shall continue to be paid to the Honorable A. Bell, Esq., until his final departure from India.

Bombay Castle, 7th July 1853.

No. 435 of 1853.—Captain G. S. A. Anderson, of the 18th Regiment N. I., is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, on private affairs.

No. 436 of 1853.—2nd Lieutenant J. A. Ballard, Assistant to the Chief Engineer, is allowed a further extension of leave to the 31st instant, to remain in the Deccan, on Medical certificate.

No. 437 of 1853.—The following appointment is made :—

5th Regiment N. I. I.

Lieutenant C. E. Boodle to be Acting Quarter Master and Interpreter, from the 13th ultimo.

No. 438 of 1853.—An Order by Lieutenant Colonel Delamain, C. B., Commanding Rajpootana Field Force, dated the 27th May last, appointing Lieutenant Rose, of the 25th Regiment N. I., to act as Line Adjutant at Neemuch, from the date of his assuming charge, and during the employment of Lieutenant Nixon on special duty, or until further orders, is confirmed.

No. 439 of 1853.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following Proclamation for the information of the Army :—

PROCLAMATION.

It is with feelings of deep regret that the Right Honorable the Governor in Council announces the death of the Honorable Alexander Bell, Esquire, late Fourth Member of Council of this Presidency. This melancholy event occurred at Poona yesterday morning.

As a tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased, His Lordship in Council is pleased to direct that the Flag at the Castle be hoisted half-mast high at noon this day, and so remain until sunset; and that fifty-nine Minute-guns, corresponding with the age of the deceased, be fired from the Garrison.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

(Signed) A. MALET,
Chief Secretary.

Bombay Castle, 7th July 1853.

No. 440 of 1853.—The following Orders are confirmed :—

By Lieutenant Colonel Hobson, dated Poona, the 1st December 1852, appointing 1st Lieutenant King to act as Adjutant to the Left Wing of the 1st European Regiment (Fusiliers), during its separation from Head Quarters, or until further orders.

By Major Hume, dated Deesa, the 14th April 1853, appointing Lieutenant Moyle to act as Quarter Master to the 10th Regiment N. I., during the absence on leave of Lieutenant Pelly, or until further orders.

By Major McDougall, dated Bombay, the 3rd June 1853, appointing Lieutenant Mallaby to act as Adjutant to the Left Wing 13th Regiment N. I., stationed at Tannah, vice Lieutenant Thomas, appointed Supernumerary Assistant in the Revenue Survey, and directing Captain St. Clair to perform the duties of Adjutant until the arrival of Lieutenant Mallaby from Poona.

By Brigadier Stalker, C. B., dated Ahmedabad, the 6th June 1853, appointing Assistant Surgeon Peach, Superintendent of Vaccination S. E. D. G., to act as Garrison Surgeon at Surat, until further orders.

By Major Tapp, dated Seroor, the 14th May 1853, appointing Captain Westropp, 2nd in Command Poona Irregular Horse, to perform the duties of Adjutant to that Corps, in addition to his own, on the departure of Lieutenant Beale from that Station.

By the same Officer, dated Seroor, the 20th May 1853, assuming Charge of the Adjutant's Office Poona Irregular Horse, on the departure of Captain Westropp to Khandeish on duty.

By Brigadier General Schuler, dated Belgaum, the 3rd June 1853, appointing Surgeon Barrington, 2nd European Regiment Light Infantry, to act as Superintending Surgeon Southern Division, during the absence of Superintending Surgeon Don on leave to Bombay, or until further orders.

By Major Greathead, dated Deesa, the 7th June 1853, appointing Cornet Kennedy, of the 2nd Regiment Light Cavalry, to act as Interpreter to Her Majesty's 8th Regiment, from the 1st instant, during the absence of Lieutenant Souter on leave.

By the same Officer, dated Deesa, the 8th June 1853, appointing Lieutenant Moyle, of the 10th Regiment N. I., to act as Executive Engineer at that Station, as a temporary arrangement, vice 2nd Lieutenant Playfair, appointed Acting Executive Engineer at Surat.

Bombay Castle, 9th July 1853.

No. 441 of 1853.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following Proclamation for the information of the Army :—

PROCLAMATION.

The Honorable John Warden, Esquire, provisionally appointed by the Honorable the Court of Directors to be a Member of Council at Bombay, has this day taken the Oaths and his seat as Fourth Member of this Government.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
(Signed) A. MALET,
Chief Secretary.

Bombay Castle, 9th July 1853.

Bombay Castle, 11th July 1853.

No. 442 of 1853.—Captain H. Berthon, of the Engineers, is permitted to retire from the Honorable Company's Service, on the Pension of a Major, from the 30th September 1853.

Bombay Castle, 12th July 1853.

No. 443 of 1853.—The following Order is confirmed :—

By Lieutenant Colonel Swinburne, dated Hydrabad, the 9th May 1853, appointing Lieutenant Finimore, Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, to act as Executive Engineer at that Station, during the absence of Lieutenant Southey on leave to Kurrachee, or until further orders.

No. 444 of 1853.—Captain H. J. Margary, Acting Executive Engineer Surat and Broach, and Lieutenant E. Southey, Acting Executive Engineer Hydrabad, are allowed extension of leave to remain at the Presidency, till the 31st instant.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
J. G. LUMSDEN,
Secretary to Government.

M A R I N E D E P A R T M E N T.

Bombay Castle, 7th July 1853.

No. 104 of 1853.—The undermentioned Document will be forwarded to the Honorable the Court of Directors by the next Overland Mail :—

A Supplementary Roll of Family Remittances to Europe, made by the Officers of the Indian Navy, for the Quarter ending the 30th April 1853.

Bombay Castle, 11th July 1853.

No. 105 of 1853.—Mr. Proctor, 1st Class Engineer, is allowed a furlough to Europe for two years, on private affairs, agreeably to the Regulations.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
J. G. LUMSDEN,
Secretary to Government.

Civil Appointments, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th July 1853.

Lieutenant Robert Lawrie, Line Adjutant at Bhooj, has been appointed Registrar of Marriages in Kutch.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

REVENUE.

Bombay Castle, 8th July 1853.

Mr. Alexander Gray, Acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of Colaba, assumed charge of his duties on the 2nd instant.

Bombay Castle, 13th July 1853.

Mr. W. H. Havelock, First Assistant to the Collector of Khandeish, has been allowed leave of absence, under Section XI. of the Absentee Regulations, for one month from the 1st September next, to proceed to Bombay and the Deccan, on private affairs.

Mr. C. W. Richardson, Deputy Collector of Doaba in Scinde, has been allowed leave of absence for one month, to visit Kurrachee, on private affairs.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to authorize the following distribution of the Charges of Districts in the Sholapoor Collectorate:—

- Mr. J. F. Armstrong, Acting First Assistant Collector, to be placed in charge of Hipurga, Indee, and Sholapoor.
- Mr. A. Bosanquet, Acting Second Assistant Collector, to be placed in charge of Kurmulla and Barsee.
- Rao Bahadoor Shreeput Vittul, District Deputy Collector, to be placed in charge of Moodebehal and Mungolee.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

FINANCE.

Bombay Castle, 9th July 1853.

Dr. E. T. Downes, Assay Master, has been allowed leave of absence, for one month, under Section XI. of the Absentee Regulations, to proceed to the Deccan, on private affairs.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
A. MALET, *Chief Secretary.*

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th July 1853.

The Honorable the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to appoint Mr. Edward Arthur as Attorney for Paupers, from the 1st of June last, vice Mr. John Pascal Larkins.

Bombay Castle, 13th July 1853.

Mr. W. Rayer, Deputy Magistrate at Sholapoor, is vested with the power to inflict corporal punishment, under the provisions of Act I. of 1853.

Mr. J. L. Warden, Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Ahmednuggur, has been examined in the Regulations, and found competent to transact public business.

Under the provisions of Act IV. of 1851, Captain W. P. Leeson, Deputy Magistrate in the Ahmedabad Zillah, is vested with the full penal powers of a Magistrate in the Veerungaum District, excepting the powers to flog and to review.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th July 1853.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rustomjee Byramjee is appointed to the Medical charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Bandora.

Under instruction from the Honorable the Court of Directors, the name of Mr. Robert Hardy has been this day struck out from the list of Civil Servants on the Bombay Establishment.

The following promotions are made in the Civil Service:—

From the 12th January 1853.

- William Agnew Goldfinch
 - Charles Forbes
 - Astley Cooper Travers
- } From the Fourth to the Third Class.

From the 13th December 1852.

- Francis Lloyd
- } From the Fifth to the Fourth Class.

From the 9th July 1853.

- Alexander Ronald Grant
 - Alexander Rogers
 - Lestock Reid
 - Charles James Davies
 - Robert Salmon Bagshaw
- } From the Fifth to the Fourth Class.

From the 8th March 1853.

- Francis Stuart Chapman
 - The Hon'ble George Augustus Hobart
 - Richard White
 - Charles Walter
 - Henry Bruce Boswell
- } From the Sixth to the Fifth Class.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
J. G. LUMSDEN, *Secretary to Government.*

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
REVENUE.

*For the guidance of Revenue and Political Officers
under the Bombay Presidency.*

The Annual Returns of extent of Land cultivated
with Cotton are to show the estimated yield both in
cleaned and uncleaned Cotton.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
A. MALET,

Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 9th July 1853.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

From inquiries instituted to ascertain the wishes
of the Inhabitants of the Town of Sattara, in re-
gard to the introduction of Act XXVI. of 1850, it
would appear that the Townspeople are desirous
that Taxes should be imposed for Municipal
purposes.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council
is therefore pleased to declare Act No. XXVI. of
1850 in force in the Town and Environs of Sat-
tara, from the 15th instant, and, under Section
VI., to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen
Commissioners for giving it effect:—

The Commissioner of Sattara, *ex officio*, President.
Members.

1. Crishnasing Ruttonsing Mohity Tanooker Hum-
bur Rao.
2. Keshow Rao Crishna Jossee.
3. Pudmaker Ragonath Paradkum.
4. Neelo Abajee Bhudkumker.
5. Huree Nursecass Pohdar.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
J. G. LUMSDEN,

Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 8th July 1853.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
REVENUE.

Chimun Row Bugwant, 1st Class Mamletdar of
Ahmedabad Duskrohie, to be Mamletdar of
Wagra, in the Broach Collectorate.

Mahsook Nurbeyram, 2nd Class Mamletdar
of Veerungaum, to be 1st Class Mamletdar of
Ahmedabad Duskrohie, in the Ahmedabad Zillah.

Bulwunt Row Gunesh, 3rd Class Mamletdar of
Hansote, in the Broach Collectorate, to be 2nd
Class Mamletdar of Veerungaum, in the Ahmed-
abad Collectorate.

Brijlal Hurreebhaee, 4th Class Mamletdar of
Kurrode, in the Surat Collectorate, to be 3rd
Class Mamletdar of Hansote, in the Broach
Collectorate.

Govind Mahadeo, 3rd Class Mamletdar of
Chourassee, in the Surat Collectorate, to be 2nd
Class Mamletdar of Bulsar, in the same Collec-
torate.

Dajeebhaee Soondurlal, 4th Class Mamletdar
of Surbhone, in the Surat Collectorate, to be 3rd
Class Mamletdar of Chourassee, in the same
Collectorate.

Babajee Ramchunder, 3rd Class Mamletdar of
Thasra, in the Kaira Collectorate, to be 3rd Class
Mamletdar of Unkleswur, in the Broach Collecto-
rate.

Nurputram Sahibram, 3rd Class Mamletdar of
Unkleswur, in the Broach Collectorate, to be 3rd
Class Mamletdar of Thasra, in the Kaira Collec-
torate.

E. G. FAWCETT,
Revenue Commissioner N. D.

Revenue Commissioner's Office,
Poona, 11th July 1853.

PACKETS.

It is hereby notified, for general information, that Packets are open at this Office for the reception of
Letters for despatch by the following Vessels:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	AGENTS' NAMES.	DATE OF INTENDED DEPARTURE.	TO WHAT PORT.	WHERE TOUCHING.
Semiramis	Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy	20th instant	Suez	Aden.
A Steamer	Ditto ditto ditto.	30th August	Ditto	Ditto.
Ganges	P. & O. Steam Navigation Company ..	17th instant	China	Ceylon, Penang, and Singapore.
Malta	Ditto ditto ditto.	31st do.	Ditto	Ditto.
Deogaum	Messrs. Dirom, Hunter & Co.	23rd do.	China.	
Coriolanus	Cardwell, Parsons & Co.	24th do.	Liverpool.	
Alarm	Lancaster & Co.	28th do.	Ditto.	
Hydrosee	Huber & Co.	31st do.	Port Phillip.	
Aunt Mary	Wm. Nicol & Co.	4th proximo	London.	
North Star	Ewart, Latham & Co.	Despatch	Liverpool.	
Borneo	Do. do.	Ditto	Marsilles.	
Beloochee	William Elsam & Co.	Ditto	Liverpool.	
Covenanter	Edward Bates & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.	

As a general rule, the Packets for Sailing Vessels will be closed the evening before the date of departure.

DUNCAN DAVIDSON,
Post Master General.

Bombay, General Post Office, 13th July 1853.

Advertisement.

Passage to London is required for a Gunner of Artillery, also for his Wife, and for (2) two Unfit Seamen of the Indian Navy.

By Order of the Commander in Chief Indian Navy,
F. G. BONE, Secretary.

Commodore's Office, Bombay,
13th July 1853.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy will be prepared to receive Tenders for Coals fit for Steam purposes, for the service of Government.

2. The Coal is to be all of the best quality, and certificates of the quality and description of the Coals are to be forwarded with the Tender.

3. The rate tendered must include all charges till the Coals are delivered into the Government Stores, properly screened there, if required, at the expense of the tenderer, through a screen 1½-inch mesh.

4. The Coal shall be subjected to the inspection of a Committee of Government Officers, and be at the risk of the tenderer until their actual delivery into the Government Stores.

5. The Form of Tender below given must be adopted without alteration, and Government reserves to itself the right to reject, without assigning reason, any Tender, although it may appear to be the lowest.

Form of Tender.

To the Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy,
Sir,

With reference to the Government Notification dated the 30th June 1852, we hereby tender for the service of Government Coals of the undermentioned descriptions, and at the price hereunto annexed:—

Description of Coals.	Per what Ship.	No. of Tons.	Price per Ton of 20 cwt. including all Charges.	Amount in Words.
			Rs. a. p.	

We agree to each and all of the conditions contained in the Government Notification above referred to.

Bombay (date). We are, &c.

By Order of the Commander in Chief Indian Navy,
F. G. BONE, Secretary.

Commodore's Office, Bombay,
30th June 1852.

MILITARY

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

1853

ARRIVALS.

- 7th July.—Physician General John McLennan, Medical Establishment, from leave, from Poona.
- 8th " Ensign P. T. Cornwall, 12th Regt. N. I., from leave, from Kurrachee.
- " " Lieutenant T. A. Mackinnon, H. M. 64th Regt., on sick leave, from Kurrachee.
- 9th " Captain J. W. Renny, 19th Regt. N. I., on sick certificate, from Kolapore.

12th July.—Lieutenant and Adjutant Mallaby, Left Wing 13th Regt. N. I., on leave, from Tanna.

DEPARTURES.

- 7th July.—Captain Montgomery, 14th Regt. N. I., on Medical certificate, to Poona.
- 12th " Lieutenant Cameron, Artillery, on leave, to the Deccan.
- " " Lieutenant J. G. Hort, Marine Battalion, on leave, to the Deccan.

Bombay, Town Major's Office,
13th July 1853.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

1853

ARRIVALS.

- 7th July.—Ship Robina Mitchell, E. Evotts, from Glasgow 16th March.
- 8th " H. C. Steam Frigate Queen, J. Young, Esq., Commander, from Kurrachee.
- Passengers—Lieutenant McKinnis, H. M.'s 64th Regiment, and Servant; Lieutenant Cornwall, 12th B. N. I.
- " " Ship Fattul Barry, B. G. Shipper, from Bushire 20th June.
- Passengers—18 Natives.
- 10th " Ship Padsey Dawson, John Davis, from Liverpool.
- Passengers—Ensign G. E. Huddleston, H. M. 8th Regt.; Mrs. Huddleston; and Miss Newton.

DEPARTURES.

- 6th July.—Ship Montgomery, A. Chisholm, to Liverpool.
- " " Ship Chancellor, J. Turner, to Liverpool.
- " " Ship Talloch Castle, W. Murray, to London.
- 7th " Ship Tartar, J. Guthrie, to China.
- 11th " Ship Great Britain, John R. Pinch, to Tuticorin.
- " " Ship Ann, J. R. Brown, to London.

A. K. CORFIELD,
Senior Magistrate of Police.

Bombay, Police Office, 13th July 1853.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Deposits repayable on demand	2	per cent. per ann.
On do. do. { $\frac{1}{2}$ sum } at 3 months' notice	3	do.
On do. do. { $\frac{1}{2}$ sum } do.	4	do.

N. B.—No Interest is allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000 or above Rs. 50,000.

INTEREST AND DISCOUNT CHARGED.

On Government Bills	} Not exceeding 3 months.	} 3 per cent. per ann.	
" Private Bills			7 " "
" Private Bills secured by Govt. Paper			6 " "
" Private Bills secured by Goods, &c.			7 " "

Rebate on uncovered Bills is allowed at Government Bill rate only.

RATES OF EXCHANGE.

On London at 6 months' sight	2s. 1d.	per Rupee.
" " 3 " "	2s. 0¾d.	"
" " 1 " "	2s. 0¾d.	"
" " 1 day's "	2s. 0¾d.	"
On Scotland 1 " "	} 2s. 0¾d.	"
On Ireland 1 " "		
Circular Notes payable throughout Europe		

N.B.—The Corporation does not draw at six months' sight for sums under £50; nor for sums under £20, except at one day's sight. No Drafts are issued for less than £5; but small sums are remitted by advice.

For the convenience of parties not resident in Bombay, the Corporation undertakes to remit to Europe, by its own Drafts, at the Current Exchange, and without any charge for Commission, on receiving the Equivalent.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondees payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation, or Order"; and to state as distinctly as possible the name and address of the party to whom the remittance is to be made, and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of COMMISSION charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government and other Securities, negotiable in Bombay, is one-half per cent. on the amount invested or realized; and on the collection of Bills one per cent., and Postage.

Bombay, 13th July 1853.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

WITH reference to the Oriental Bank's Advertisement dated 10th Feb. 1851, the undermentioned Notes of the Bank of Bombay (payment of which has been stopped) are still unrecovered.

It is requested that any person to whom any of these may be tendered, will give information thereof at the Police Office, Fort.

Rs. 1000.		Rs. 500.	Rs. 50.
2148	4512	347	6815
2363	4563	3623	7154
2425	4587	3767	7910
2492	4635	4016	8065
2657	4686	4035	8115
4032	4720		8472
4188	4786		8710
4209	4834		8751
4215	4854		8828
4331	5108		8840
4346	5139		9224
4350	5170		9231
4354	6001		9256
4398	6114		9268
4461	6318		9273
4464	6441		9618
4466	6715		9693
4499	6927		10083
4508			11022
			11461
			11486
			11631

Bombay, 1st January 1853.

INDIA AND LONDON LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

14, Waterloo Place, and
79, King William Street, London.

Capital, £250,000, in 5,000 Shares, of £50 each.

DIRECTORS.

Chairman.—The Chisholm, Erchless Castle, Inverness-shire, and Chapel Street, Grosvenor Place, London.

Deputy Chairman.—Richard Hartley Kennedy, Esq. (late Physician General, Bombay,) Resington Lodge, Notting Hill.

Colonel Bagnold, John Inglis Jerdein, Esq.
Henry Stroud Barber, Esq. Frederick Jones, Esq.
Francis Brodigan, Esq. James John Kinloch, Esq.
J. William Deacon, Esq. Henry Lawson, Esq.
H. George Gordon, Esq. R. F. Power, Esq., M. D.
H. Allan Harrison, Esq.

Manager.—A. R. IRVINE, Esq., 13, Waterloo Place.

AGENTS at CALCUTTA.—Messrs. ALLAN, DEFFELL & Co.

" at MADRAS.—Messrs. AMALRIC & Co.

AT BOMBAY.

AGENTS.—Messrs. GREY & Co.

MEDICAL REFEREE.—H. J. CARTER, Esq., H. C. S.

SOLICITOR.—J. JEFFERSON, Esq.

This Company assures the Lives of healthy persons, in any part of the world, at as low rates of premium as can be taken consistently with perfect security.

NATIVE LIVES Assured for any amount from Rs. 500 and upwards.

ANNUITIES granted—both deferred and reversionary.

Extract from the Tables of Annual Premiums required for an Assurance of 1000 Rupees or £100.

CIVILIANS.				MILITARY AND NAVAL.		
Age.	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.
	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.
18	20	21	29	30	31	38
25	23	24	33	33	35	42
30	25	27	37	36	37	45
35	28	30	42	39	41	50
40	32	34	47	42	44	55
45	36	39	54	46	49	62

Parties returning to reside in Europe, will be admitted to *Europe* Rates of Premium.

Prospectuses, and every requisite information obtained, on application to the Agents of the Company.

GREY & Co., Agents, Bombay.

By Authority.

Will be issued on SATURDAY, the 16th instant,

THE

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CORRECTED UP TO THE 13TH JULY.

COMPRISING ALSO

THE INDIAN NAVY LIST,

THE

NIZAM'S ARMY LIST,

AND THE

BOMBAY CIVIL LIST.

PRICE, 2½ Rs., free of Postage.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS, July 14th, 1853.