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THURSDAY, 8TH NOVEMBER 1849.

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NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1831.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council having sanctioned the publication of a weekly paper to be styled the "BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE," notice is hereby given, that after this day all advertisements and other public papers of the Government will be printed in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE only: and all orders or other public notices appearing in that paper, under the signature of the secretaries, or other public officers of the Government, are hereby ordered and directed to be conformed to and obeyed accordingly.

Bombay Castle, 18th January 1832.

When official notifications from the Government are inserted in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, no communication on the same subject will be made in writing to any department concerned; but all public officers are required to take notice of such official notifications in the same manner as if they had been directly communicated to them by letter from the secretary's office, and as heads of offices alone will be furnished by Government with the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, they will be expected to communicate to their subordinate officers all orders which may in any manner concern them.

The Bombay Government Gazettes furnished by Government to public offices are to be lodged with the records, and are not to be removed from the office.

*Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN BAX, Secy. to Govt.*

NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Bycullah.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified, that the Raja of Deoghur Barrea has reduced the duties on Opium Chests passing through his Districts from annas eight (8) to annas seven (7), for two or three years, with a view to the encouragement of the trade by that route.

*By order of the Right Hon'ble
the Governor in Council,
J. S. D. DEVITRE,
Deputy Collector of Customs,
and Deputy Opium Agent, in charge.*

*Bombay,
Custom House, and Opium Agency, }
3rd November 1849.*

Advertisement.

Passage is required for the conveyance of about (57) fifty-seven Native Convicts, and (12) twelve time-expired Convicts, to Penang. Also (1) one European Convict, either to Calcutta, Madras, or direct to Van Dieman's Land.

Passage to England is required for (4) four Inval Seamen of the Indian Navy.

A Charter-party Passage to England is required for a Gunner of the Madras Artillery.

Parties desirous of tendering are requested to do so without delay.

*By order of the Commodore
Commander in Chief I. N.,*

F. G. BONE, Secretary.

*Commodore's Office,
Bombay, 6th November 1849.*

Notice.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Deputy Commissary General on Monday, the 12th instant, until 2 o'clock P. M., for the conveyance to Calcutta of the following empty Saltpetre Barrels, Copper Hoops, &c., consigned to the Principal Commissary of Ordnance:—

(147) one hundred and forty-seven Packages of empty Saltpetre Barrels, in Staves, with Copper Hoops, &c., the tonnage of which (calculated by measurement at 50 feet per ton) is about 11 tons, 3 feet, 9-04 inches, less or more.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at this Office, daily, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M., Sunday excepted.

W. B. SALMON, Capt.

For Deputy Commy. General.

*Bombay,
Depty. Commy. Gen'l's. Office, }
3rd November 1849.*

Notice.

Any person having claims against the Estate of the late Ensign CARR, attached to the 18th Regiment Native Infantry, are requested to prefer them to the President of the Committee of Adjustment, at Sattara (post-paid), on or before the 1st proximo, after which period no claim will be attended to.

A. MACDONALD, Bt. Capt.,

President of Committee of Adjustment.

Sattara, 4th November 1849.

Notice.

Verbal Tenders will be received at this Office at 3 o'clock, P. M., on Tuesday next, the 13th instant, for the supply of the undermentioned Articles, and such others as may be called for during the intermediate period, viz:—

- 10 (Ten) Coils Rope, Coir, Maldivie, 4 inch, 120 fathoms each.
- 10 (Ten) Coils do. do. 3 inch, 120 fathoms each.
- 1 (One) Spring Balance, Europe, to weigh 28lbs.
- 1 (One) Measure, Winchester, Copper, Europe, $\frac{1}{2}$ Dram.
- 1 (One) Level, Spirit, with Telescope and Stand (good).
- 2 (Two) Barometers, Mountain, with attached and detached Thermometer.
- 27 (Twenty-seven) Yards Buntin, Europe, Green, dark.
- 1 (One) Doolie Hospital, requires to be rattaned.
- 1 (One) Cake Colour, Drawing, Cobalt.
- 460 (Four hundred and sixty) Stocks Musketry, rough, Fuzil.
- 997 (Nine hundred and ninety-seven) do. do. do. Musket,
- 6 (Six) Sheets Paper, Drawing, Atlas.
- 6 (Six) Chairs, require to be rattaned.
- 2 (Two) Desks, require to be covered with green cloth, and slight repairs.
- 3 (Three) Book-cases, require slight repairs.

An immediate deposit of ten per cent. will be required to be made by the lowest bidders upon the amount of their offers, which sum will be forfeited in the event of refusal or delay in making the supply within the limited time. All further particulars may be learnt on application at this Office, from 10 A. M. till 5 o'clock, P. M., daily, Sunday excepted.

E. WHICHELO, Capt.,
Deputy Commy. General.

Bombay, Depy. Commy. Genl.'s Office,
7th November 1849.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

the 22nd September 1849.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 22nd of September 1849.

ACT No. — 1849.

An Act to declare Aden a free Port.

Whereas the trade between the Western Coast of India and the Red Sea and places thereunto adjacent, will be improved by encouraging the resort of Vessels of all nations to the port of Aden in Arabia, It is declared and enacted as follows:—

I. The port and settlement of Aden in Arabia, is a free port and settlement; and no duty of Customs is payable on any Ship or other Vessel, or on any Goods lawfully carried by sea or land to or from the said port and settlement.

II. The said port of Aden shall not be taken to be within the provisions of Act VI. of 1848.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered, that the said Draft be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 22nd day of December next.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

the 29th September 1849.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 29th of September 1849:—

ACT No. — 1849.

For the amendment of Procedure in Cases of Appeal to the Sudder Court.

Whereas inconvenience has resulted from the rule allowing petitions of Appeal to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut from Judgments of principal Sudder Ameens or of the Judges of the Zillah or City Courts, to be presented either in the Sudder Court or in the Court in which the decision was passed, and from the rule allowing the specific objections to the Judgment and detailed grounds and reasons for preferring the Appeal to be, at the option of the party, either stated in the original petition of appeal, or afterwards filed in the Court trying the Appeal, as a separate pleading,

It is enacted as follows, in modification of Section X., Regulation VI., 1793, Section II., Regulation XII., 1797, and Section VIII., Regulation XXVI., 1814, of the Bengal Code:—

I. Every petition of Regular Appeal in a case appealable to the Sudder Court, shall be presented to the Court in which the decision was passed within three months from the day of the decision: such petition of Appeal shall not contain the specific reasons of the Appeal; but shall state shortly that the party, being dissatisfied with the Judgment, is desirous of appealing from it.

II. The proceedings held in the cause of Appeal shall be certified to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut as soon as conveniently may be done; and notice thereof in writing shall be given to the Appellant.

III. Within three months thereafter, the Appellant shall present to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut the specific objections to the Judgment, and detailed reasons for preferring the Appeal; otherwise it shall be dismissed, unless he shall show reasonable cause to the satisfaction of the Sudder Court for his default.

Ordered, that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered, that the said Draft be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India, after the 29th day of November next.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,

the 6th October 1849.

The following Draft of a proposed Act was read in Council for the first time on the 6th of October 1849:

ACT No. — OF 1849.

An Act for regulating the Bombay Ferries.

Whereas it is expedient to regulate the Public Ferries within the Territories subject to the Presidency of Bombay, It is enacted as follows:—

I. The Governor of Bombay in Council may declare by Proclamation what Ferries within any part of the Territories subject to the Presidency of Bombay, shall be deemed Public Ferries, and at any time hereafter, by a like Proclamation, may establish new Ferries where they are needed, and from time to time change the course of any Public Ferry, or discontinue any Public Ferry that is deemed unnecessary.

II. Tolls according to such rates as shall from time to time be settled or approved by the Governor of Bombay in Council shall be levied upon all Passengers, Carts, Carriages, Cattle and other Animals, and on all Goods and Merchandize carried over any Public Ferry.

III. No Tolls shall be leviable from any body of Soldiery on their march.

IV. Boats shall be provided under the authority of the Governor of Bombay in Council for each Public Ferry, and Tindals, Boatmen, and other persons, shall be appointed for their due Navigation.

V. At every Public Ferry-station a Toll-keeper shall be appointed, with a sufficient Establishment, whose duty it shall be to take the lawful Tolls.

VI. A Table of Tolls, written or printed in the English and Native Languages, shall be hung up in some conspicuous place at every Ferry-station, so as to be easily read by all persons crossing the Ferry.

VII. Every Toll-keeper, who shall neglect to hang up and keep in good order and repair such Table of Tolls, or who shall wilfully remove, alter, or deface the same, or allow it to become illegible, shall be liable to a penalty of Ten Rupees.

VIII. Every Toll-keeper, who shall ask or take any Toll other than is allowed by the Table of Tolls, or who shall wilfully delay any Passenger, Cart Carriage, Animal, or Goods, shall be liable to a penalty of Fifty Rupees.

IX. Every person crossing at any such Public Ferry, who shall refuse to pay the Toll, or who, with intent of avoiding payment thereof, shall fraudulently or forcibly pass by or through any Toll-station without paying the Toll, or who shall obstruct any Toll-keeper or any of his Assistants in any way in the execution of their duty under this Act, and also every person who shall maliciously damage any Toll Bar, Boat, or any other thing employed in or about any Public Ferry, or who shall maliciously remove, alter, destroy, or damage any Table of Tolls hung up as hereinbefore directed, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Fifty Rupees, over and above the value of the damage which he has done.

X. All Public Ferry-boats shall be numbered and registered as the Governor of Bombay in Council shall direct, and the names of all Tindals, or persons placed in charge thereof, and of all Toll-keepers, shall likewise be so registered.

XI. The Magistrate of every Zillah in which there shall be a Public Ferry, and any Magistrate of Police of Bombay, whom the Governor in Council may appoint for such purpose within their respective jurisdictions, shall make Rules subject to confirmation by the Governor in Council, fixing the number of Passengers, Carts, Carriages, and Animals, and the quantity of Goods that may be carried in any Public Ferry-boat at one trip, and for the safe and convenient carriage of Passengers and Property, and for keeping the Ferry-boats in good order, and otherwise for the due discharge of their duty by all Tindals, Toll-keepers, and other persons employed at any Public Ferry; and any Tindal, Toll-keeper, or other person, infringing or disobeying any such Rule, shall be liable to make good

any loss or damage which shall have been caused thereby, which may be summarily ascertained by any Magistrate within whose jurisdiction the offence was committed, and the amount thereof may be recovered as any penalty under this Act may be recovered.

XII. The Governor of Bombay in Council may lease any public Ferry by public auction, or private contract, from year to year, or any longer period, not exceeding seven years, on such conditions as he deems advisable; in which case a Contract, setting forth the conditions on which the Ferry is to be held, shall be executed by the Contractor or Farmer, and security shall by him be given for its due fulfilment.

XIII. If a Public Ferry is established between the Island of Bombay and the Mainland, the Ferry-boat shall cross each way at least () daily, unless hindered by stress of weather or other unavoidable accident.

XIV. Every person, who shall convey for hire or other consideration, any Passenger or any Cart, Carriage, Animal, or Goods, the property of any other person, across any River, Stream, Creek, or Arm of the Sea, within the said Presidency, otherwise than across the harbour of Bombay, to any point or place on the opposite bank or coast, by any boat or other means, within a distance of three miles above or below any Public Ferry, without the special license of a Magistrate of the zillah or town in which the Ferry is situated, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Five Hundred Rupees; but this prohibition and penalty shall not apply to any person specially hiring any bunder or other boat for the carriage of himself and family or friends, with their goods and servants, across the Sea between Bombay and the Mainland, nor to the person letting a boat or bunder to hire for such purpose.

XV. All offences against this Act shall be summarily heard and determined by the Magistrate of the zillah within the limits of which the same shall have been committed, and if within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of Bombay, by any Magistrate of Police of Bombay. All penalties shall be recovered in the manner directed for the recovery of the fines specified in Regulation XIX. of 1827, Section XIV., Clauses 1, 2, and 3, of the Bombay Code.

XVI. All Tolls payable on account of any Public Ferry, and all rent payable on account of such of them as are farmed, and all penalties for offences against this Act, shall form a general Fund, which shall be applied in the first instance toward the expenses necessary for keeping up all the Ferries throughout the Presidency of Bombay; and the residue, if any, shall be applied under the directions of the Governor of Bombay in Council in the improvement of the public roads, ways, and thoroughfares, leading to and from any of the said Ferries.

XVII. The Governor of Bombay in Council may appoint such officers and other persons as shall be necessary for carrying this Act into execution, with such salaries as the Governor General of India in Council shall approve to be paid out of the Fund produced by the Tolls and Fines as provided by this Act; and the Governor of Bombay in Council may from time to time delegate any of the powers conferred on him by this Act to any Magistrate or other person, as he thinks fit.

Ordered that the Draft now read be published for general information.

Ordered that the said Draft be re-considered at the first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 6th day of January next.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
HOME DEPARTMENT,
LEGISLATIVE,
the 20th October 1849.

The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council, in the Legislative Branch of the Home Department, under date the 20th October 1849, is published for general information:—

Read a second time the Draft of a proposed Act, dated the 12th May 1849 and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd May 1849, for the more easy recovery of Small Debts and Demands in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

Resolution.—The President in Council resolves that the following amended Draft on the subject be published for general information:—

ACT No. — OF 1849.

An Act for the more easy recovery of Small Debts and Demands in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the constitution and practice, and to extend the jurisdiction, of the several Courts established at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, for the recovery of Small Debts, It is enacted as follows:—

I. The several Courts of Commissioners and of Requests, for the recovery of Small Debts, now holden in the towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, under the authority of the Charter of Justice of King George the Second, and of two Acts of Parliament, severally passed in the thirty-seventh year and fortieth year of the reign of King George the Third, and of the Regulations and Proclamations made, from time to time, for constituting, and for new modelling, altering, and reforming the constitution and practice of the said Courts respectively, and of Act XII. 1848, shall be holden according to the provisions of this Act, from and after such several days as shall be declared within the said towns by proclamation, to be made and published in due form of law in each of the said towns by the Governor in Council.

II. Where in this Act the words "Governor in Council," or "Supreme Court," are used, they shall be taken to apply severally to the person or persons administering the executive Government, and to the Supreme Court, of each of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, with reference only to the Court holden under this Act, in the same Presidency.

III. From and after the day declared in any such proclamation, all provisions of the said Charter of Justice, and Acts of Parliament, and of any Regulation, Act, or Proclamation heretofore made, concerning the constitution or practice of the Court referred to in such proclamation, shall be rescinded and repealed.

IV. The style of the several Courts holden under this Act shall be the () Court of Small Causes, inserting in the blank space, Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, as the case requires.

V. The jurisdiction of the several Courts, holden under this Act, shall extend over the whole district now within the jurisdiction thereof respectively, and over such further district as may, from time to time, be declared by proclamation of the Governor in Council: provided, that no proclamation for extending the district of any of the said Courts be made without the previous sanction of the Governor General of India in Council.

VI. Every Court holden under this Act shall be a Court of Record.

VII. All proceedings commenced in any of the said Courts, before the time when the constitution and practice of such Court shall be altered under this Act, may be continued, executed and enforced against all persons liable thereunto, in the same manner as if they had been commenced according to this Act: and each of the said Courts shall be empowered, in any case of doubt as to the proper manner of continuing, executing, or enforcing any such proceedings, to make such orders thereon as shall appear to the Court to be necessary for giving full effect to this enactment.

VIII. The Governor in Council shall appoint one, two, or three persons to be Judges of the Court, one of whom shall be a Barrister at Law, or Advocate of one of the Supreme Courts of India, or of the Court of Session in Scotland.

IX. No Judge appointed under this Act shall, during his continuance as such Judge, practise as an advocate, attorney, or vakeel in any of the Queen's Courts, or in any Court of the East India Company, or trade or traffic for his own benefit, or for the benefit of any other person, or be the partner of any person so practising, trading, or trafficking.

X. The Governor General of India in Council may remove any such Judge on the application of the Governor in Council.

XI. Any Judge or Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature, who shall consent to aid in the execution of this Act, may exercise all the powers of a Judge appointed under this Act, and suits may be tried by him under this Act in like manner as if he were a Judge of the Court of Small Causes.

XII. There shall be a Clerk for every Court holden under this Act, whom the Judges of the Court shall appoint, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council, and may remove, subject to the like approval: if necessary, additional Clerks may be appointed with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

XIII. The Clerk of each Court shall issue all summonses, warrants, precepts, and writs of execution, and keep an account of all proceedings of the Court, and shall take charge of, and keep an account of all Court fees, and fines payable or paid into Court, and of all monies paid into, and out of Court, and shall enter an account of all such fees, fines, and monies in a book belonging to the Court, to be kept by him for that purpose, and shall monthly, or at such other times as shall be directed by the Governor in Council, submit his accounts to be audited or settled in such manner as the Governor in Council, from time to time, shall direct.

XIV. The Judges of every such Court shall, from time to time, appoint a sufficient number of persons to be Bailiffs of the Court, not exceeding the number, from time to time, allowed by the Governor in Council, and may at their pleasure suspend or dismiss any Bailiff so appointed.

XV. The Bailiffs shall attend every sitting of the Court, for such time as shall be required by the Judges, and shall serve all the summonses and orders, and execute all the warrants, precepts, and writs, issued out of the Court; and shall, in the execution of their duties, conform to all such general rules as shall be, from time to time, made for regulating the proceedings of the Court.

XVI. Every Clerk, or other Officer of any such Court, who shall, by himself or by any partner, or in any way, directly or indirectly, be concerned or act as attorney, or vakeel, or be concerned in any trade or profession on his own account, or for any other person, shall forfeit and pay the sum of Five Hundred Rupees to any person who shall sue for the same in the Supreme Court by action of debt or on the case.

XVII. The Clerk and Bailiffs shall give security for such sum, and in such manner and form, as the Governor in Council, from time to time, shall order, for the due performance of their several offices, and for the due accounting for and payment of all monies received by them under this Act, or which they may become liable to pay for any misbehaviour in their office.

XVIII. There shall be payable in the Courts holden under this Act the fees set forth in the annexed Schedule beside the sum of two annas in the rupee on the amount of the sum claimed, which fees shall be paid over to an account to be termed the General Fund of the Court.

XIX. The rateable fee or commission shall be paid by the plaintiff before the summons issues; the other fees on every proceeding shall be paid in the first instance by the plaintiff or party on whose behalf such proceeding is to be had, on or before such proceeding: if the plaintiff recovers a less sum than he has demanded, the defendant shall not, in any case, be required to repay to him more than the fees and commission calculated upon the sum recovered. If the case is settled by agreement of the parties, before hearing, half the amount of the fees paid up to that time shall be returned to the parties by whom they have been severally paid. The Judges of the said Court may at their discretion grant summons to poor plaintiffs without deposit, or with a partial deposit of fees and commission, and also may remit costs wholly or partially to poor suitors.

XX. The Governor in Council may, at any time, lessen the amount of the fees to be taken in the Courts holden under this Act in such manner as to him shall seem fit, and may again increase such fees, so that the scale of fees given in this Act be not in any case surpassed.

XXI. The Governor in Council shall, from time to time, make such rules as to him shall seem meet for securing the balances, and other sums of money in the hands of any Officers of every Court holden under this Act, and for the due accounting for and application of all such balances and other sums of money.

XXII. The Courts shall sit daily, except on Sundays, Christmas-day, and Good Friday, and on Native or other Holidays, which the Governor in Council shall direct the Court to observe; and each of the Judges may sit, apart from the others or with either of them, at the same time or at different times; and any one or two of the said Judges so sitting apart shall have all the judicial authority which is herein given to all the Judges.

XXIII. A Seal shall be made for every Court holden under this Act, under the direction of the Governor in Council, and all summonses and other process issuing out of the Court shall be sealed or stamped with the seal of the Court; and every person who shall forge the seal or any process of the Court, or who shall serve or enforce any such forged process, knowing the same to be forged, or deliver or cause to be delivered to any person any paper falsely purporting to be a copy of any summons, or other process of the said Court, knowing the same to be false, or who shall act or profess to act under any false colour or pretence of the process of the said Court, shall be guilty of felony.

XXIV. All suits, where the debt or damage claimed or value of the property in dispute is not more than Five Hundred Rupees, whether on balance of account or otherwise, may be brought in the Court of Small Causes; and all such suits brought in the said Court shall be heard and determined in a summary way. Provided always, that the Court shall not have jurisdiction in any matter concerning the revenue, or concerning any Act ordered or done by the Governor, or Governor General, or any Member of the Council

of India, or of any Presidency in his public capacity, or done by any person by order of the Governor General or Governor in Council, or concerning any Act ordered or done by any Judge or Judicial Officer in the execution of his office, or by any person in pursuance of any judgment or order of any Court, or any such Judge or Judicial Officer, or in any suit for libel or slander.

XXV. On the application of any person desirous to bring a suit under this Act, the Clerk of the Court shall issue under the seal of the Court a summons, which shall be numbered, and shall set forth the names of the plaintiff and defendant, the cause of action, with such particulars as shall be, from time to time, directed by the Rules of the Court, and the amount sued for, and shall be served on the defendant, so many days before the day on which the Court shall be holden at which the cause is to be tried as shall be directed by the rules for regulating the practice of the Court; and delivery of such summons to the defendant, or in such other manner as shall be specified in the rules of practice, shall be deemed good service; and no misnomer or inaccurate description of any person or place in any such summons shall vitiate the same, if the person or place be therein described so as to be commonly known.

XXVI. No mis-statement of the cause of action in the summons issued under this Act, shall vitiate the same, and the Judges of the Court may, in their discretion, rectify such mis-statement as soon as discovered, and alter the record accordingly, and if the defendant, or one of the defendants be present in Court at the time of such discovery, the hearing of the cause after the record shall have been so altered, shall be proceeded with as if no such mis-statement had happened, but in the absence of the defendant or of all the defendants, a new summons of the same number and date as the original summons shall be issued, with the altered statement of the cause of action.

XXVII. All persons shall be deemed within the jurisdiction of the Court, who dwell or carry on their business or work for gain within the district of the Court at the time of bringing the action, or who did so dwell or carry on their business or work therein at the time when the cause of action arose, or within six months before the time of bringing the action for causes of action which arose within the same time.

XXVIII. Any summons or other process of any of the said Courts, service of which is needed out of the district of the Court, may be exhibited in any Court of Law, or before any Magistrate, and shall be thereupon endorsed by the Magistrate or Judge of such Court; and, when so endorsed, may be served in like manner as any order or process from such Court or Magistrate; and such service shall be as valid as if the same had been made by the Bailiff of the Court out of which such summons or other process shall have issued within the jurisdiction of the Court for which he acts.

XXIX. Service of any summons or other process of the Court, which shall require to be served out of the district of the Court, may be proved by affidavit, or solemn affirmation, purporting to be sworn or made before any Judge or Magistrate; and, in every case of the unavoidable absence of the Bailiff by whom any summons or other process of the Court has been served, the service of such summons or other process may be proved, if the Judges think fit, in the same manner as a summons served out of the district of the Court.

XXX. Any minor may prosecute a suit in any Court holden under this Act for any sum of money not greater than Five Hundred Rupees, which may be due to him for wages or piecework, or for work as a servant, in the same manner as if he were of full age.

XXXI. The jurisdiction of the Court shall extend to the recovery of any demand, not exceeding the sum of Five Hundred Rupees, which is the whole or part of the unliquidated balance of a partnership account, or the amount or part of the amount of a distributive share under an intestacy, or of any legacy under a will.

XXXII. Any executor or administrator may sue and be sued in any Court holden under this Act, in like manner as if he were a party in his own right; and judgment and execution shall be such as in the like case would be given or issued in the Supreme Court in the like case: but no executor or administrator shall be summoned in that capacity within six months after the death of the person whose executor or administrator he is.

XXXIII. A plaintiff shall not be allowed to divide any cause of action, for the sake of bringing two or more suits in any of the said Courts; but any plaintiff, having cause of action for more than Five Hundred Rupees, may abandon the excess, which shall be entered in the Plaintiff book and stated in the summons, and thereupon the plaintiff shall, on proving his case, recover to an amount not exceeding Five Hundred Rupees; and the judgment of the Court shall be in full discharge of all demands in respect of such cause of action; and entry of the judgment shall be made accordingly.

XXXIV. The Governor General, and Members of the Supreme Council of India, the Governors and Members of Council of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, respectively, and the Chief Justices and Judges of the several Supreme Courts established therein by Royal Charter, shall not be liable to arrest, or imprisonment by process issuing out of any Court holden under this Act, and no writ or process shall be sued out of the said Court against any of the persons privileged by Act No. 1, 1844, or Act No. XVIII. 1848, without the consent of the Governor in Council.

XXXV. Where any plaintiff shall have any demand recoverable under this Act, whether founded on contract or wrong, against two or more persons jointly answerable, it shall be sufficient if any of such persons be served with process, and judgment may be obtained and execution issued against the person or persons so served, notwithstanding that others, jointly liable, may not have been served or sued, or may not be within the jurisdiction of the Court; and every such person against whom judgment shall have been obtained under this Act, and who shall have satisfied such judgment, shall be entitled to demand and recover in the Court, holden under this Act, contribution from any other person jointly liable with him; and in all cases of misjoinder of defendants, the Judges may order the suit to proceed against such of the defendants only against whom cause of action appears, and may give judgment against them only; giving also judgment for costs for the defendants improperly joined.

XXXVI. The Judges of the Court shall be empowered to determine all questions as well of fact as of law, in all cases which they have authority to try.

XXXVII. On the day in that behalf named in the summons, the plaintiff shall appear, and thereupon the defendant shall be required to appear to answer; and on answer being made in Court, the Judges shall proceed in a summary way to try the cause, and give judgment, without further pleading or formal joinder of issue.

XXXVIII. A defendant, having any cause of action against the plaintiff, whether or not the same exceeds Five Hundred Rupees, shall be entitled to set the same against the plaintiff's demand, and if judgment is given in such case for the plaintiff, shall be entitled to sue the plaintiff for the balance only of his

original demand; after deducting the amount of debt or damages and costs recovered against him under this Act.

XXXIX. The Judges may, in any case, with the consent of both parties to the suit, order the same, with or without other matters within the jurisdiction of the Court in dispute between such parties, to be referred to arbitration, to such person or persons, and in such manner, and on such terms as they shall think reasonable and just; and such reference shall not be revocable by either party, except by consent of the Judges; and the award of the arbitrator or arbitrators, or umpire, shall be entered as the judgment in the cause, and shall be as binding and effectual to all intents, as if given by the Judges; provided, that the Judges may, if they think fit, on application to them at the first Court held after the expiration of one week after the entry of such award, set aside any such award, or may, with the consent of both parties, revoke the reference, or order another reference to be made in the manner aforesaid.

XI. The Judges of each Court, holden under this Act, subject to the approval of the Judges of the Supreme Court, shall have power to make and issue all the general rules for regulating the practice and proceedings of the Court, and also to frame forms for every proceeding in the Court for which they shall think it necessary that a form be provided, and also for keeping all books, entries, and accounts to be kept by the Clerk of the Court, and, from time to time, to alter any such rule or form; and the rules so made and the forms so framed, shall be observed and used in the Court of that Presidency, and shall be sent to the Supreme Court for approval, but shall be of force until disapproved; and in any case, not expressly provided for herein, or by the said rules, the general principles of practice in the Supreme Court may be adopted and applied at the discretion of the Judges, to actions and proceedings in their Court.

XLI. If upon the day of the return of any summons, or at any continuation or adjournment of the said Court, or of the cause for which the said summons shall have been issued, the plaintiff shall not appear, the cause shall be struck out; and if he shall appear, but shall not make proof of his demand to the satisfaction of the Court, the Judges may nonsuit the plaintiff or give judgment for the defendant; and, in either case, where the defendant shall appear and shall not admit the demand, may award to the defendant, by way of costs and satisfaction for his trouble and attendance, such sum as they, in their discretion, shall think fit; and such sum shall be recoverable from the plaintiff by such ways and means as any debt or damage ordered to be paid by the same Court can be recovered: provided always, that if the plaintiff shall not appear when called upon, and the defendant, or some one duly authorized on his behalf, shall appear, and admit the cause of action to the full amount claimed, and pay the fees payable in the first instance by the plaintiff, the Court, if it shall think fit, may proceed to give judgment, as if the plaintiff had appeared.

XLII. If on the day so named in the summons, or at any continuation or adjournment of the Court, or cause in which the summons was issued, the defendant shall not appear or sufficiently excuse his absence, or shall neglect to answer when called in Court, the Judges, upon due proof of service of the summons, may issue a writ of attachment to compel the appearance of the defendant; or, in their discretion, may proceed to the hearing or trial of the cause on the part of the plaintiff only; and the judgment thereupon shall be as valid as if both parties had attended; provided always, that the Judges in any such case, at the same or any subsequent Court, may set aside any judgment so given in the absence of the defendant, and the execution thereupon; and may grant new trial of the cause, upon such terms, as to payment of costs, giving security

for debt or costs, or otherwise, as they think fit, on sufficient cause shown to them for that purpose.

XLIII. The Judges may in any case make orders for granting time to the plaintiff or defendant to proceed in the prosecution or defence of the suit, and also may, from time to time, adjourn any Court, or the hearing or further hearing of any cause, in such manner as to them may seem fit.

XLIV. The defendant in any action brought under this Act, for the recovery of money, whether for debt or damages, within such time as shall be directed by the rules for regulating the practice of the Court, may pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think a full satisfaction for the demand of the plaintiff, with the costs incurred by the plaintiff up to the time of such payment; and the said sum of money shall be paid to the plaintiff; but, if he shall elect to proceed, and, if the plaintiff shall recover no further sum in the action than shall have been so paid into Court, the plaintiff shall pay to the defendant the costs incurred by him in the said action after such payment; and such costs shall be settled by the Court, and an order shall thereupon be made by the Court for the payment of such costs by the plaintiff.

XLV. On the hearing or trial of any action or any other proceeding under this Act, the parties thereto, their wives, and all other persons, may be examined, on behalf of either the plaintiff or defendant, subject nevertheless to the Acts and Regulations in force, with respect to the examination of women of a rank and situation in life, which, according to the customs of the country, would render it improper to compel them to appear in a Court of Justice.

XLVI. Every person shall be examined on oath, or, when exempt by law from taking an oath in any Court of Justice, on solemn affirmation, and every person, who, in any examination upon oath or solemn affirmation under this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false evidence, shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

XLVII. Either of the parties to the suit or any other proceeding under this Act may obtain, at the office of the Clerk of the Court, summonses to witnesses, with or without a clause requiring the production of books, deeds, papers, and writings in their possession or control, and in any such summons any number of names may be inserted.

XLVIII. Every person, on whom any such summons shall have been served, either personally or in such other manner as shall be directed by the general rules or practice of the Court, and who shall refuse or neglect, without sufficient cause, to appear, or to produce any books, papers, or writings required by such summons to be produced, and also every person present in Court, who shall be required to give evidence, and who shall refuse to be sworn and give evidence, shall forfeit and pay such fine, not exceeding One Hundred Rupees, as the Judges shall set on him; and the whole or any part of such fine, in the discretion of the Judges, after deducting the costs, may be applied towards indemnifying the party injured by such refusal or neglect.

XLIX. The Judges of any Court established under this Act, in all suits where the debt or demand exceeds the sum of Thirty Rupees, upon proof before them that any defendant against whom a summons has been taken out, conceals himself from, or otherwise evades process of the Court, or is disposing of his property and effects with intent to defraud the plaintiff, or his creditors generally, or is about to withdraw his person or effects from the jurisdiction of the Court, may issue a warrant for the apprehension of such person, and may commit him to gaol until he shall find security for his appearance in the said Court from time to time, until judgment shall be pronounced in the

suit commenced by such summons, and for payment of the amount and the costs which may be decreed against him therein.

L. Payment of any fine imposed by any Court under the authority of this Act may be enforced upon the order of the Judges, in like manner as payment of any debt adjudged in the said Court, and shall be accounted for as herein provided.

LI. All the costs of any action or proceeding in the Court, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be paid by or apportioned between the parties, in such manner as the Judges shall think fit; and, in default of any special direction, shall abide the event of the action; and execution may issue for the recovery of any such costs, in like manner as for any debt adjudged in the said Court.

LII. Every order and judgment of any Court holden under this Act, except as herein provided, shall be final and conclusive between the parties; but the Judges shall have power to nonsuit the plaintiff, in every case in which satisfactory proof shall not be given to them, entitling either the plaintiff or defendant to the judgment of the Court; and shall also in every case whatever have the power, if they shall think fit, to order a new trial to be had, upon such terms as they shall think reasonable, and in the mean time to stay the proceedings.

LIII. No cause commenced in any Court, holden under this Act, shall be removed from the said Court into the Supreme Court by any writ or process, unless the debt or damage claimed exceeds One Hundred Rupees, and then only by leave of a Judge of the said Supreme Court, on proof to his satisfaction that some question of law is likely to arise therein, which, by reason either of its difficulty, novelty, or general importance, or of some erroneous course of decision on the same point in the Court of Small Causes, may appear to him fit to be tried in the Supreme Court, and upon such terms as to payment of costs, giving security for debt or costs, or otherwise, as he shall think fit.

LIV. The Judges of the Court of Small Causes may, in their discretion, reserve any question of law on which they entertain doubts, or which they shall be requested by either party to the suit to reserve, for the opinion of the Judges of the Supreme Court, and shall give judgment contingent upon the opinion of the said Supreme Court on a case which they shall thereupon be entitled to state to the said Court. If only two Judges sit together, and shall differ in opinion, the question on which they differ shall be so referred.

LV. The Judges may make orders concerning the time or times, and by what instalments, any debt, or damages, or costs, for which judgment shall be obtained in the said Court, shall be paid; and all such monies shall be paid into Court, unless the Judges shall otherwise order.

LVI. If there be cross judgments between the parties, execution shall be taken out by that party only, who shall have obtained judgment for the larger sum, and for so much only as shall remain after deducting the smaller sum; and satisfaction for the remainder shall be entered, as well as satisfaction on the judgment for the smaller sum; and, if both sums shall be equal, satisfaction shall be entered upon both judgments.

LVII. Whenever the Court shall have made an order for the payment of money, the amount shall be recoverable, in case of default or failure of payment thereof forthwith, or at the time or times and in the manner directed, by execution against the body or the goods and chattels of the person against whom such order is made, without further notice or order; and the Clerk of the said Court, at the request of the person prosecuting such order, shall issue under the seal of the Court a writ of execution to one of the

Bailiffs of the Court, which shall be his warrant to take the body of such person in execution, or to levy, or cause to be levied, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person such sum of money as shall be so ordered, wheresoever they may be found within the district of the Court, and also the costs of the execution; and all Constables and other Peace Officers within their several jurisdictions shall aid in the execution of every such writ.

LVIII. If the Court shall have made any order for payment of any sum of money by instalments, execution upon such order shall not issue until after default in payment of some instalment according to such order; and execution or successive executions may then issue without further notice or order for the whole of the said sum of money and costs then remaining unpaid, or for such portion thereof as the Court shall order, either at the time of making the original order, or at any subsequent time, under the seal of the Court.

LIX. Whenever any warrant shall issue for taking in execution the body of any person under this Act, the Bailiffs of the Court shall be empowered, by virtue thereof, to take and convey him to any prison, appointed by the Governor in Council to be the prison of the Court, there to remain for such term as shall be directed by the warrant, not longer than six calendar months, or until he shall sooner perform the order of the Court.

LX. No person shall be imprisoned twice under the same judgment, nor shall execution against the body and goods issue at the same time under the same judgment.

LXI. Every person suing out a warrant of execution against the body of any other person under this Act shall deposit with the Clerk of the Court, at the time of the issue of the warrant, diet money for one week, after the rate of one anna and a half for each day, which shall be paid by the Clerk to the keeper of the prison at the time of the execution of the warrant.

LXII. Notice of the execution of every such warrant shall be forthwith given to the person at whose suit it issued, who shall thereupon deposit with the keeper of the prison, diet money for the remainder of the month in which the warrant is executed, after the same daily rate, and shall continue thereafter to deposit monthly with the said keeper, in advance, diet money at the same daily rate, for each month which the debtor is liable to be kept in prison at his suit.

LXIII. The diet money shall be employed for the subsistence of the prisoner; and if, by default of the detaining creditor, such diet money is not paid, the prisoner shall be entitled to his discharge by order of the Court.

LXIV. All diet money, which shall be spent in providing subsistence for any prisoner, shall be costs in the cause, and all diet money which shall not be so spent, shall be repaid to the creditor advancing the same.

LXV. Whenever any prisoner shall offer good and reasonable security for payment of any debt or damage and costs, either in full, or by instalments, as the Court shall think reasonable, the Court may order him to be discharged on giving such security.

LXVI. Upon payment of the debt or damage and costs in full, the prisoner shall be entitled to be forthwith discharged.

LXVII. If the debt or damage and costs are not paid, the imprisonment shall not extinguish the liability to pay the same; but all property then belonging to or afterwards acquired by the prisoner shall be liable to be taken in execution after his discharge from prison for satisfaction thereof, or of so much thereof as

is not paid, including the diet money actually expended for subsistence of the prisoner.

LXVIII. Every Bailiff executing any process of execution issuing out of the said Court against the goods of any person, may, by virtue thereof, seize and take any of the goods of such person, (excepting the necessary wearing apparel and bedding of such person or his family, and the tools and implements of his trade,) and may also seize and take any money or bank notes, and any cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, specialties or securities for money belonging to any such person against whom any execution shall have issued as aforesaid.

LXIX. The Bailiff shall forthwith deliver any cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, specialties, or other securities for money, which shall have been so seized or taken as aforesaid, to the Clerk or other person appointed by the Judges to receive the same, who shall hold them as a security or securities for the amount directed to be levied by such execution, or so much thereof as shall not have been otherwise levied or raised for the benefit of the plaintiff; and the plaintiff may sue in the name of the defendant, or in the name of any person in whose name the defendant might have sued, for the recovery of the sum or sums secured, or made payable thereby, when the time of payment thereof shall have arrived.

LXX. If it shall, at any time, appear to the satisfaction of the Court that any defendant is unable, from sickness or other sufficient cause, to pay and discharge the debt or damages recovered against him, or any instalment thereof ordered to be paid as aforesaid, the Judges, in their discretion, may suspend or stay any judgment, order, or execution given, made, or issued in such action, for such time and on such terms as they shall think fit, and so, from time to time, until it shall appear by the like proof as aforesaid that such temporary cause of disability has ceased.

LXXI. No sale of any goods, which shall be taken in execution as aforesaid shall be made, until after the end of five days at least next following the day on which such goods have been so taken, unless such goods be of a perishable nature, or upon the request, in writing, of the party whose goods have been taken.

LXXII. Until such sale the goods shall be deposited by the Bailiff by whom they were taken in some fit place, or they may remain in the custody of a fit person approved by the Judges to be put in possession by the Bailiff.

LXXIII. The Judges, from time to time, as they shall think proper, may appoint such and so many persons for keeping possession, and so many of their Bailiffs or other fit persons to be sworn brokers and appraisers for the purpose of selling or valuing any goods, chattels or effects taken in execution under this Act, as shall appear to them to be necessary, and may direct security to be taken from each of them, for such sum and in such manner as they shall think fit, for the faithful performance of their duties, without injury or oppression; and the Judges may dismiss any person, broker or appraiser so appointed.

LXXIV. No goods taken in execution under this Act shall be sold for the purpose of satisfying the warrant of execution; except by one of the brokers or appraisers so appointed.

LXXV. The costs to be demanded or taken for such appraisement and sale shall be one anna in the rupee on the produce of the goods sold; and the Judges may apply the sum so raised as costs towards payment of the contingent charges and remuneration of the said brokers and appraisers in such manner as shall be approved by the Governor in Council.

LXXVI. The Clerk of the Court shall keep an account of all sums received upon such sales, distinguish-

ing the amount paid to the party entitled to the benefit of the execution, and the amount levied and retained as costs, and also of all sums allowed to the brokers and appraisers upon such sales.

LXXVII. Whenever any defendant against whom judgment shall have been given in the Court of Small Causes, shall go before execution thereof out of the jurisdiction of the Court, the Judge of any zillah or town where he shall be found, upon receiving from the plaintiff either in person or by vakeel, an application in writing setting forth these facts, with a duly authenticated copy of the judgment of the Court, shall execute the said judgment in the manner prescribed by law for execution of his own decrees; unless the defendant shall allege any reasonable cause why the judgment should not be executed, and shall give security to such amount as the Judge of such zillah or town shall deem reasonable, that he will, within such time as shall be allowed him for that purpose, either satisfy the judgment, or produce a duly authenticated copy of an order of the Judges of the Court of Small Causes, discharging their former judgment.

LXXVIII. No judgment or execution shall be stayed, delayed or reversed upon or by any writ of error or *supersedeas* thereon, to be sued for the reversing of any judgment given in any Court holden under the provisions of this Act, unless the amount recovered exceeds One Hundred Rupees, and then only after the person suing out such writ shall become bound with two sufficient sureties to be approved by the Clerk of the Court, in treble the sum adjudged to be recovered in the former judgment, to prosecute the said writ with effect, and also to satisfy and pay, (if the writ be not prosecuted, or if the judgment be affirmed,) the debt or damages and costs adjudged, and all costs and damages to be awarded for the delay of execution.

LXXIX. Upon every warrant of execution issued against the goods and chattels of any person, the Clerk of the Court shall cause to be stated the sum of money and costs adjudged, with the sum paid for such warrant; and if the party against whom such execution shall be issued, shall, before an actual sale of the goods and chattels, pay or cause to be paid or tendered unto the Clerk of the Court, or to the Bailiff holding the warrant of execution, such sum of money and costs, as aforesaid, or such part thereof as the person entitled thereto shall agree to accept in full of his debt or damages and costs, together with the fees herein directed to be paid, the execution shall be superseded, and the goods and chattels of the said party shall be discharged and set at liberty.

LXXX. The Clerk of every Court holden under this Act shall cause a record of all summonses, and of all orders, and of all judgments and executions, and returns thereto, and of all fines, and of all other proceedings of the Court, to be fairly entered, from time to time, in a book or books belonging to the Court, which shall be kept at the Office of the Court; and shall be duly authenticated by one or more of the Judges; and such entries in the said book or books, or a copy thereof bearing the seal of the Court, and purporting to be signed and certified as a true copy by the Clerk of the Court, shall be admitted in all Courts and places as evidence of such entries, and of the proceeding referred to by such entry or entries, and of the regularity of such proceeding, without any further proof.

LXXXI. The Clerk of every such Court shall, in the month of *March*, in each year, make out a correct list of all sums of money belonging to suitors in the Court, which shall have been paid into Court, and which shall have remained unclaimed for five years before the first day of the month of *January* then last past, specifying the names of the parties for whom or on whose account the same were so paid into Court; and a copy of such list shall be put up and remain

during Court hours in some conspicuous part of the Court house, and at all times in the Clerk's Office; and all sums of money which shall have been paid into any such Court, to the use of any suitor or suitors thereof, and which shall have remained unclaimed for the period of six years before the passing of this Act, and which are now in the hands of any Commissioner or Officer of such Court, or otherwise held in trust for such suitors, and all further sums of money, which shall hereafter be paid into such Court to the use of any suitor or suitors thereof, shall, if unclaimed for the period of six years after the same shall have been so paid into Court, be applicable as part of the fees receivable on account of the Court, and shall be carried to the same account; and no person shall be entitled to claim any sum which shall have remained unclaimed for six years; but no time during which the person entitled to claim such sum shall have been an infant, or married woman, or of unsound mind, or out of the Territories under the Government of the East India Company, shall be taken into account in estimating the said period of six years.

LXXXII. If any person shall wilfully insult any Judge, Clerk, or Officer of the said Court, for the time being, during his sitting or attendance in Court, or shall wilfully interrupt the proceedings of the Court, or otherwise misbehave in Court, it shall be lawful for any Bailiff or Officer of the Court, with or without the assistance of any other person, by the order of the Judges, to take such offender into custody, and detain him until the rising of the Court; and the Judges shall be empowered, if they shall think fit, by a warrant under their hands, and sealed with the seal of the Court, to commit any such offender to any prison to which they have power to commit offenders under this Act, for any time not exceeding seven days, or to impose upon any such offender a fine, not exceeding Fifty Rupees for every such offence, and in default of payment thereof to commit the offender to any such prison as aforesaid, for any time not exceeding seven days, unless the said fine be sooner paid, or instead of inflicting summary punishment under this Act, may cause the offender to be indicted in the Supreme Court, if the offence be an indictable misdemeanour.

LXXXIII. If any Officer or Bailiff of any Court holden under this Act shall be assaulted while in the execution of his duty, or if any rescue shall be made or attempted to be made of any person arrested, or goods levied under process of the Court, the person so offending shall be liable to a fine, not exceeding One Hundred Rupees, to be recovered by order of the Court, or before a Magistrate, as hereinafter provided; and the Bailiff of the Court, or any Peace Officer, in any such case, may take the offender into custody, (with or without warrant,) and bring him before such Court, or Magistrate accordingly.

LXXXIV. If any Bailiff of the said Court, who shall be employed to execute any warrant of the Court, shall, by neglect, or connivance, or omission, lose an opportunity of executing such warrant, then upon complaint of the party aggrieved by reason of such neglect, connivance, or omission, (and the fact alleged being proved to the satisfaction of the Court,) the Judges shall order the Bailiff to pay such damages as it shall appear that the plaintiff has sustained thereby, not exceeding in any case the sum of money for which the said execution is issued, and the Bailiff shall be liable thereto; and upon demand made thereof, and on his refusal so to pay and satisfy the same, payment thereof shall be enforced by such ways and means as are herein provided for enforcing a judgment recovered in the said Court, without prejudice, nevertheless, to the execution of the original warrant.

LXXXV. If any Clerk, Bailiff, or Officer of the Court, acting under colour or pretence of the process of the said Court, shall be charged with extortion or

misconduct, or with not duly paying or accounting for any money levied by him under the authority of this Act, the Judges may inquire into such matter in a summary way, and for that purpose may summon and enforce the attendance of all necessary parties, in like manner as the attendance of witnesses in any case may be enforced, and may make such order thereupon for the repayment of any money extorted, or for the due payment of any money so levied as aforesaid, and for the payment of such damages and costs as they shall think just; and also, if they shall think fit, may impose such fine upon the Clerk, Bailiff or Officer, not exceeding One Hundred Rupees for each offence, as they shall deem adequate; and in default of payment of any money so ordered to be paid, payment of the same may be enforced by such ways and means as are herein provided for enforcing a judgment recovered in the said Court.

LXXXVI. Every Clerk, Bailiff, or other Officer employed in putting this Act, or any of the powers thereof, in execution, who shall wilfully and corruptly exact, take or accept any fee or reward whatsoever, other than his lawful salary, for any thing done or to be done by virtue of this Act, or on any account whatsoever, relative to putting this Act into execution, shall, upon proof thereof before the said Court, and in the case of a Clerk, on confirmation of the finding of the Court by the Governor in Council, be for ever incapable of serving, or being employed under this Act in any office of profit or emolument, and shall also be liable for damages as herein provided.

LXXXVII. If any claims shall be made to, or in respect of, any goods or chattels taken in execution under the process of any Court holden under this Act, or in respect of the proceeds or value thereof, by any person not being the party against whom such process has issued, the Clerk of the Court, upon application of the Officer charged with the execution of such process, as well before as after any action brought against such Officer, may issue a summons calling before the said Court, as well the party issuing such process as the party making such claim, and thereupon any action, which shall have been brought in the Supreme Court in respect of such claim, shall be stayed, and any Judge of the Supreme Court, on proof of the issue of such summons, and that the goods and chattels were so taken in execution, may order the party bringing such action to pay the costs of all proceedings, had upon such action after the issue of such summons out of the Court of Small Causes, and the Judges of the Court of Small Causes shall adjudicate upon such claim and make such order between the parties in respect thereof, and of the costs of the proceedings as to them shall seem fit, and such order shall be enforced in like manner as any order made in any suit brought in such Court.

LXXXVIII. The powers of Act No. VII. 1847, to regulate distresses for small rents in Calcutta, shall be extended to the recovery of all arrears of rent not exceeding Five Hundred Rupees, and the Judges of every Court of Small Causes under this Act shall be empowered to exercise within their several jurisdictions the extended powers of the said Act: and the said Act shall be construed as if instead of Calcutta and the Settlement of Fort William in Bengal, the limits of the jurisdiction of the Court had been therein mentioned, and the Judges of the Court of Small Causes under this Act, instead of the Commissioners of the Court therein mentioned, and the amount of Five Hundred Rupees instead of One Hundred Rupees, and the forms contained in the Schedule annexed to the said Act shall be altered accordingly, and shall refer to this Act instead of Act No. VII. 1847.

LXXXIX. The affidavit of arrear required by the said Act No. VII. 1847, may in every case be made either by the person entitled to such arrear or by his or

her lawfully constituted attorney, and a warrant of distress may issue on such affidavit.

XC. Where any person shall hold or occupy any house, land, or tenement, of which the value or the rent payable in respect thereof does not exceed the rate of Five Hundred Rupees by the year, without leave of the owner, or under a lease or agreement which is ended, or duly determined by a legal notice to quit, and such tenant, or, if such tenant do not actually occupy the premises or occupy only a part thereof, any person by whom the same or any part thereof shall be then actually occupied, shall neglect or refuse to quit and deliver up possession of the premises, or of such part thereof respectively, the owner or his agent may take out a summons from the Court directed to such tenant or occupier, to show by what title he claims to hold or occupy the premises or part thereof.

XCI. If the tenant or occupier shall not thereupon appear at the time and place appointed, and show cause to the contrary, and shall still neglect or refuse to deliver up possession of the premises, or of such part thereof, of which he is then in possession, to the said owner or his agent, such owner or agent may give to the Court proof of the holding, and of the end or other determination of the tenancy, if any had existed, with the time or manner thereof, and of the right by which he claims the possession.

XCII. Upon proof of due service of the summons, and of the neglect or refusal of the tenant or occupier, as the case may be, the Judges may issue a warrant under the seal of the Court, to any Bailiff of the Court, requiring and authorizing him within a period to be therein named, not less than seven, or more than ten clear days from the date of such warrant, to give possession of the premises to such owner or agent, and such warrant shall be a sufficient warrant to the said Bailiff to enter upon the premises with such assistants as he shall deem necessary, and to give possession accordingly; Provided always, that entry upon any such warrant shall not be made on a *Sunday, Good-Friday, or Christmas-day*, or any other day observed by the Court as a Holiday, or at any time except between the hours of six in the morning and six in the afternoon: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to protect any person by whom any such warrant shall be sued out of the Court of Small Causes from any action which may be brought against him by any such tenant or occupier for such entry and taking possession, where such person had not, at the time of suing out the same as aforesaid, lawful right to the possession of the same premises.

XCIII. Such summons as last aforesaid may be served either personally, or by leave of the Court, upon proof that the tenant or occupier is not to be found within the jurisdiction of the Court, by leaving the same with some person, being in and apparently residing at the place of abode of the person or persons so holding over as aforesaid; or if the place of abode of such person or persons shall either not be known, or admission there-to cannot be obtained for serving such summons, by posting the said summons on some conspicuous part of the premises so held over.

XCIV. No action or prosecution shall be maintainable against the Judges or against the Clerk of the Court, by whom such warrant as aforesaid shall have been issued, or against any Bailiff or other person by whom such warrant may be executed or summons affixed, for issuing such warrant, or executing the same respectively, or affixing such summons, by reason that the person by whom the same shall be sued out had not lawful right to the possession of the premises.

XCV. Where the owner, at the time of applying for such warrant as aforesaid, had lawful right to the possession of the premises, or of the part thereof so held over as aforesaid, neither the said

owner nor his agent, nor any other person acting in his behalf, shall be deemed to be a trespasser, by reason merely of any irregularity or informality in the mode of proceeding for obtaining possession under the authority of this Act; but the party aggrieved may, if he think fit, bring an action on the case for such irregularity or informality, in which the damage, alleged to be sustained thereby, shall be specially laid, and may recover full satisfaction for such special damage with costs of suit: Provided that, if the special damage so laid be not proved, the defendant shall be entitled to a verdict, and that, if proved, but assessed at any sum, not exceeding Ten Rupees, the plaintiff shall recover no more costs than damages, unless the Judge, before whom the trial shall have been holden, shall certify that in his opinion full costs ought to be allowed.

XCVI. In every case in which the person by whom any such warrant shall be sued out of the Court of Small Causes, had not at the time of suing out the same lawful right to the possession of the premises, the suing out of any such warrant as last aforesaid, shall be deemed a trespass by him against the tenant or occupier of the premises, although no entry shall be made by virtue of the warrant; and in case any such tenant or occupier will become bound with two sufficient Sureties, to be approved by the Clerk of the Court, in such sum as to the Judges shall seem reasonable, regard being had to the value of the premises and to the probable cost of such action, to sue the person by whom such warrant was sued out with effect and without delay, and to pay all the costs of the proceeding in such action, in case a verdict shall pass for the defendant, or the plaintiff shall discontinue or not prosecute his action, or become nonsuit therein, execution upon the warrant shall be stayed until judgment shall have been given in such action of trespass; and, if upon the trial of such action of trespass, judgment be given for the plaintiff, such judgment shall supersede the said warrant.

XCVII. Recovery of the possession of any such house, land, or tenement, shall be no bar to the institution of a regular suit for trying the title thereunto, which may be brought in the Supreme Court as if this Act had not been passed.

XCVIII. Every bond given on the removal of any action out of the Court of Small Causes or upon staying, delaying, or reversing any judgment or execution awarded therein, or the execution of any such warrant of possession as aforesaid, or on moving for a new trial, or to set aside a verdict, judgment, or nonsuit, shall be made to the other party to the action, and shall be approved by the Judges and attested under the seal of the Court; and if the bond so taken be forfeited, or if upon the proceeding for securing which such bond was given, the Judge before whom such proceeding shall be had shall not certify upon the record in Court, that the condition of the bond hath been fulfilled, the party to whom the bond shall have been so made may bring an action of debt and recover thereon: Provided always, that the Court in which such action as last aforesaid shall be brought may, by a rule of Court, give such relief to the parties liable upon such bond as may appear to him reasonable, and such rule shall have the nature and effect of a defence to such bond.

XCIX. All actions and proceedings, which before the passing of this Act might have been brought in the Supreme Court, where any Officer of the Court of Small Causes shall be a party, except in respect of any claim to any goods and chattels taken in execution of the process of the Court, or the proceeds or value thereof, may be brought and determined in the Supreme Court, at the election of the party suing or proceeding, as if this Act had not been passed.

C. If any action shall be commenced after the passing of this Act in the Supreme Court, for any cause other than those lastly herein before specified, for which

a summons might have been taken out from a Court holden under this Act, and a verdict shall be found for the plaintiff for a sum less than Five Hundred Rupees, if the said action is founded on contract, or less than One Hundred Rupees, if it is founded on wrong, the plaintiff shall have judgment to recover such sum only, and no costs; and if a verdict shall not be found for the plaintiff, the defendant shall be entitled to his costs as between attorney and client, unless in either case the Judge, who shall try the cause, shall certify on the back of the record that by reason of the difficulty, novelty, or general importance of the case, or of some erroneous course of decision on like cases in the Court of Small Causes, the action was fit to be brought in the Supreme Court.

CI. If any person shall bring any suit in the Supreme Court in respect of any grievance committed by the Clerk, Bailiff, or Officer of any Court holden under this Act, under colour or pretence of the process of the said Court, and upon the trial of the action, no greater damages shall be found for the plaintiff than the sum of Five Hundred Rupees, no costs shall be awarded to the plaintiff in such action unless the Judge shall certify in Court upon the back of the Record, that the action was fit to be brought in the Supreme Court.

CII. All penalties, fines and forfeitures by this Act, inflicted or authorized to be imposed, (the manner of recovering and applying whereof is not hereby otherwise particularly directed,) upon proof before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate having jurisdiction where the offender shall reside or be, or the offence shall be committed, either by the confession of the party offending, or by the oath or affirmation of any credible witness, shall be levied, with the costs attending the summons and conviction, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party offending, by warrant under the hand of any such Justice or Magistrate, and the overplus (if any) after such penalties, fines and forfeitures, and the charges of such distress and sale are deducted, shall be returned, upon demand, unto the owner of such goods and chattels.

CIII. If any such penalties, fines, and forfeitures, respectively, shall not be paid forthwith upon conviction, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Magistrate to order the offender so convicted to be detained in safe custody until return can conveniently be made to such warrant of distress; unless such offender shall give sufficient security to the satisfaction of such Justice or Magistrate for his appearance before him on such day as shall be appointed for the return of such warrant of distress, such day not being more than eight days from the time of taking any such security, which security the Justice or Magistrate shall be empowered to take by way of recognizance or otherwise, as to him shall seem fit.

CIV. If, upon return of such warrant, it shall appear that no sufficient distress can be had thereupon, or in case it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Justice or Magistrate, either by confession of the offender or otherwise, that he hath not, within the jurisdiction of such Justice or Magistrate, sufficient goods and chattels, whereon to levy all such penalties, forfeitures, costs and charges, the Justice or Magistrate may, at his discretion, without issuing any warrant of distress, commit the offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, for any time not exceeding three calendar months, unless such penalties, forfeitures and fines, and all reasonable charges attending the recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

CV. The monies arising from any such penalties, forfeitures, and fines as aforesaid, when paid and levied, shall, (if not by this Act directed to be otherwise applied,) be from time to time paid to the Clerk of the Court, and shall be applied in like manner as the fees thereof.

CVI. In all cases in which by this Act any penalty or forfeiture is made recoverable before a Justice or

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Collector of Malabar will purchase all such Salt, the produce of Bombay, or the places subordinate thereto, as may be required for the use of the undermentioned Gollahs, until the 30th November next, at the rates detailed below:—

Per Garce of
120 Ind. Md.

Cannanore, as much as will be required to fill all the Store-rooms, at.....	Rs. 30
Tellicherry.....do.....do.....do.....	„ 30
Calicut.....do.....do.....do.....do.....	„ 32
Ponany.....do.....do.....do.....do.....	„ 35
Chowghaut.....do.....do.....do.....do.....	„ 30

H. CONOLLY,
Collector.

Calicut, 19th Oct. 1849.

ಅಡ್ಡೆರ ನಾಶು

ಅಡ್ಡೆವುನ ಶುಂಭಣೆ ನಾಂ ಅಥವಾ ಶುಂಭಣೆ ನಾಡೆಲಾ
ತಾಪಾನಾನಿ ಜಗಾನಾಂ ಪಾಕೆಲಾಂ ನಿನಕನಾಂನಿ ನಿನಿ
ಮೆ ಲಪೆಲಾ ಗೊಲಾ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ನೆಡ್ಡು ನಾಂನಿ ತೆಡ್ಡು
ನಿನಕ ಮಲಪಾರನಾಂ ಕಲೆಕರ ಶಾಡ್ಡೆಪ ತಾರೀಖ
೩೦ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ಶುಂನೆ ೧೮೪೯ ಮುಖಿ ನಿನಿ ಲಪೆಲಾ
ಲಾಪ ಪರನಾಂನಿ ವೆಚ್ಚಾತು ವೆಣಿ *

ಕಾನಾನೋರನಿ ಶರವೆ ವಪಾರೊ ಲರವಾನೆ
ಲಾಗ್ಗಿ ತೆಡ್ಡು ೧೨೦ ಪುಂಗಾಲಿ ಮಣ್ಣಾಂ
ಓರ ಗಾರಶನಾಂ ೩ಪಿಪ್ಪಾ... ೩೦ ಪರನಾಂನಿ
ತಾಲಮೇರಿ...೩೫ ಪರನಾಂನಿ ೩೦ ಪರನಾಂನಿ
ಕಾಲಿಕೊಡ...೩೫ ಪರನಾಂನಿ ೩೨ ಪರನಾಂನಿ
ಪೊನಾನಿ...೩೫ ಪರನಾಂನಿ ೩೫ ಪರನಾಂನಿ
ಪೊನಾನಿ...೩೫ ಪರನಾಂನಿ ೩೦ ಪರನಾಂನಿ

ನಿಶಾಣಿ
ಅಪ್ಪ—ಕಾನಲಿ,
ಕಲೆಕರ *

ತಾಂ ೧೯ ಅಕ್ಟೋಬರ್ ಶುಂನೆ ೧೮೪೯
ಶೆಶವಿ ಶುಕಾಂ ಕಾಲಿಕೊಡ *
C. J. ERSKINE, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

जाहीर नामा

ऐसाजे मुंबईत अथवा मुंबई ताब्यांतोल जाग्यांत पिकलेले कि
उपेकीं खालीं लिहिलेले गोळ्या करितां जितके पाहिजे तितके
सोड मसुबार येथील कलेकटर साचेव तारोख ३० नवेबर स
न १८४९ पर्यंत खालीं लिहिलेले दर प्रमाणे खरोद घेतोल
कानानोर येथील सर्वे वखारो भरावयाच लागिले तितके येकशें
बोस वंगालो मणाचे दर गारसास रुप ये३० प्रमाणे
तासुचेरो किता किता ३० किता
कालिकोड किता किता ३१ किता
पोनानी किता किता ३५ किता
चौघाट किता किता ३० किता

निशाणी
एच. कानली
कलेकटर

तारोख १९ माचे अक्टोबर सन १८४९ इसवी मुकाम का
लिकोड
C. J. ERSKINE, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Magistrate, he may summon before him the party com-
plained against, and on such summons may hear and
determine the matter of such complaint; and, on proof
of the offence, may convict the offender, and adjudge
him to pay the penalty or forfeiture incurred, and pro-
ceed to recover the same, although no information in
writing shall have been exhibited before him; and all
such proceedings by summons without information in
writing shall be as valid and effectual, to all intents
and purposes, as if an information in writing had been
exhibited.

CVII. In all cases where any conviction shall be
had for any offence committed against this Act, the
form of conviction may be in the words or to the effect
following: (that is to say,) " Be it remembered that on
" this day of
" in the year
" A. B. is convicted before
" a Magistrate
" (or before a
" Judge appointed under Act of 1849) of
" having (state the offence;) and I (or we) the
" said do adjudge the said
" to forfeit and pay for the same
" the sum of [or to be committed
" to for the space of] given under
" hand () and seal ()
" the day and year aforesaid."

CVIII. No order, verdict, or judgment or other
proceeding, made concerning any of the matters afore-
said, shall be quashed or vacated for want of form.

CIX. Where any distress shall be made for any
sum of money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the
distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the
party making the same be deemed a trespasser, on
account of any defect or want of form in the informa-
tion, summons, conviction, warrant of distress, or other
proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the party distress-
ing be deemed a trespasser from the beginning, on
account of any irregularity which shall afterwards be
committed by the party so distressing, but the person
aggrieved by such irregularity may recover full satisfac-
tion for the special damage in an action upon the
case.

CX. All actions and prosecutions to be commenced
against any person for any thing done in pursuance of
this Act, shall be commenced within three calendar
months after the fact committed, and not afterwards,
and notice in writing of such action, and of the cause
thereof, shall be given to the defendant one calendar
month at least before the commencement of the action;
and no plaintiff shall recover in any such action, if
tender of sufficient amends shall have been made before
such action is brought, or if after action brought, a
sufficient sum of money shall have been paid into Court,
with costs by or on behalf of the defendant.

Schedule of Fees.

Sums not above	Every summons or Subpœnâ.	Warrant.
Rupees	Rupees. Annas	Rupees. Annas.
10	0 2	0 2
20	0 4	0 4
50	0 8	0 8
100	1 0	1 0
200	1 4	2 0
300	1 8	3 0
400	1 12	4 0
500	2 0	5 0

Ordered, that the said Draft be re-considered at the
first Meeting of the Legislative Council of India after
the 20th day of December 1849.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders will be received at this Office on Saturday the 10th proximo, until 2 o'clock P. M., from such persons as are desirous of entering into a Contract with this Department, for the supply of Office and Hospital Furniture for the term of two years from the date of the acceptance of the Tender.

All persons desirous of tendering for the Contract, may, on application at this Office from 11 A. M. till 5 P. M., daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a list of the rates, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

The Tenders must specify, both in words and figures, the rates per cent. above or below the prices in the list above adverted to, at which they will undertake to furnish the articles therein embraced, of unexceptionable quality, and in such number or quantity as may from time to time be demanded, on the distinct understanding, that the articles are to be supplied according to musters, which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the Indenting Departments free of all further expenses, and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers appointed on the part of Government.

No Tender for the Contract in question will be received unless accompanied by a cash deposit of Rupees (1,098) one thousand and ninety-eight, in cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary deed of Contract, should his offer be accepted; in which latter case he must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded security to the extent of Rupees (4,396) four thousand three hundred and ninety-six, to be held by Government, for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

The party or parties whose offer may be accepted, will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the above-mentioned list, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them; in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the articles of Furniture, &c., or such other as may be required in lieu thereof, shall be purchased by this Department without reservation, at his or their risk and cost: and in all such cases, an advance of Rupees thirty (30) per cent. upon the amount of expenses incurred, or a fine of Rs. (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, will be levied as liquidated damages, for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may, in all such cases, be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

It is to be distinctly understood, that Bills for the quantities of articles included in the above-mentioned list, supplied under this Contract, shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles; in default of which, the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the Contractors' Bills, will be re-

covered from the first Bills preferred for payment by the Contractors; but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to them.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees 21,978, or thereabouts. All further particulars will be communicated on the receipt and opening of the Tenders.

W. B. SALMON, Captain,
For Deputy Commissary General.

Bombay,
Depty. Comy. Genl's. Office, }
24th October 1849.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

DISCOUNT.

On Government Bills..... 4 per cent.
On Private Bills at or within 3 } 6 ditto.
Months..... }

INTEREST.

On Fixed Loans on Government } 5 ditto.
Notes..... }
On Cash Credits and Loans on Go- } 6 ditto.
vernment Notes..... }
On Loans on deposit of Goods, &c. 6 ditto.

The rate of advance on deposit of 5 per cent. Government Notes is 95 per cent., on 4 per cent. Government Notes 80 per cent., and on Goods, three-fourths the approved value.

By order of the Board of Directors,
J. STUART, Secy. & Treasurer.
Bombay, 26th April 1849.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Contracts for the exclusive privilege of selling Country Liquor and Drugs to the Native Troops and Followers within the limits of this Cantonment, will be put up for Public Competition at this Office, on Thursday, the 15th proximo, at Noon precisely; the Contracts to commence on the 1st December 1849, and to terminate on the 30th November 1850.

The Troops composing the Cantonment of Kurrachee are as follows, and are to be considered as divided into the following Shares:—

2 Wings of European Regts } None.
2 Depots of ditto }
1 Company of Golundanze..... ½
2 Native Regts., at 1 share each 2
Cantonment of Kurrachee 1

Total Shares.. 3½

The biddings to be tendered in Company's Rupees, at so much per Share, and no person will be allowed to bid unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Company's Rupees 500 for the Liquor, and Rupees 100 for the Drug Contracts, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary deeds of Contract, should the offer be accepted; in which case he must be prepared to add thereto so much as shall complete a month's collection, in advance, to be deposited in the Bazar Treasury. They

will also furnish, each, two unexceptionable Securities for the due fulfilment of these Contracts.

The Contractors will be allowed no drawback on account of scarcity, drought, &c., and the Contracts will not be considered binding until confirmed by the Military Board.

All further particulars may be learned at this Office, on application daily from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., Sundays excepted.

H. W. HOLLAND, Lieut.,

Sub. Assist. Comy. Genl. in charge of Bazars.

Camp, Kurrachee, }
Bazar Office, }
8th October 1849. }

Notice.

Tenders will be received at the Adawlut at Rutnagherry up to the 31st of October 1849, from persons willing to contract for the supply of Provisions to the Prisoners (about 400) in the Criminal Jail at Rutnagherry, from 1st January to 31st December 1850. Particulars and conditions may be learnt on application at this Office.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of offers.

A. K. CORFIELD,

Acting Senior Assistant Session Judge.

Rutnagherry, Court of Adawlut,
9th October 1849.

जाहीर नामा

अदालत कोर्टे रत्नागिरी जिष्ठा कोंकण विद्यामार्ग आरथर किंग कारफिल्ड साचेव इसकोयर अकटिंग सिनिथर असिष्टेंट सेसन जज्ज कोर्टे रत्नागिरी याणी कळावया करिनां लिचिल्ला जातो जे रत्नागिरी येथील तुगीतील बंदीवान सुमारे ४०० यांस भाते न्दणजे जेवणाचे साहित्य तांदूळ वगैरे देण्याचा मक्ता इस बी तारीख १ साचे जानेवारी तामायत तारिख ११ साचे डिसेंबर सन १८५० पर्यंत वारमाची खावयाचा तो घेणाची कोणा ची सर्जी असेल तर तारिख ११ साचे अक्टोबर सन १८४९ पर्यंत रत्नागिरी येथील अदालतीत अर्था घेतल्या जातील.

मक्ता प्रकणी सर्व कलमबंदीची याद जास पाचावयाची असेल त्या अफीसांत मागीतलो असतां समजाविण्यांत येईल.

कोणाची अर्जी नाकबूल केली असतां त्याचे कारण समजाविसे जाणार नाहीं.

तारीख ९ साचे अक्टोबर सन १८४९.

A. K. CORFIELD,

Acting Senior Assistant Session Judge.

Notice.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Mint Engineer's Office, daily, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., for the supply of Coal to the extent of 600 tons, or less, for the use of the Mint.

Each party tendering is requested to forward, with his tender, a sample of the Coal proposed to be supplied, and the price per ton is to include all charges for weighing and delivering at the Mint.

J. H. BURKE, Lieut.,

Mint Engineer.

Bombay, Mint Engr's. Office,
21st July 1849.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified, that the Kamavisdar of Godra, under Scindia, has reduced the duties on Opium Chests passing through his Districts, from Rs. 1-10-0 to Rs. 1-8-0, for one year, with a view to the encouragement of the trade by that route.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

J. S. D. DEVITRE,

Deputy Collector of Customs,
and Deputy Opium Agent, in charge.

Bombay,
Custom House, and Opium Agency,
26th Oct. 1849.

अह्तर नातु

अह्तरुंन शीदीआनां दंलाभा माहिलां गी दराणां कमावीसदारनां ताडुकाभांथी अक्षी ऐनी राडादारी वधारे शवाना जेमेदथी ज पर लमेला कमावीसदारे पोतानां ताडुका भांथी रवाने थनां अक्षी ऐ जपर दर पेरी ५ नी नगात ३० ५)१० वेवाती उ ती ते अक वरश शुधी आखी करीने अक ३पीआ आठ आना दरावीछे *

यमुन्य डुकम यंदेगान आली नयाय मुशतताय उवरत रधे उ नरायल गवरनर शाहेय पाडा डुर दर धेनलाश कोयल *

नीशाऐनी

न-अश-डी-उपीतरी,
कशरुंननां डेपुरी कलेकटर तथा अक्षी ऐ नां डेपुरी ऐनंट धेन आरन *
तारीख २६ अक्टोबर शी १८४९
धेशपी मुां मुंयधे माडवी तथा
अक्षी ऐनी कसेरी *

C. J. ERSKINE, Depy Secy. to Govt.

जाहीरनामा

ऐसाजे सींदे इलाक्यातोल गेद्रा येथील कमावीसदाराचे ता लुक्वातून अफीणीची रद्ददारी जाजतो व्हावी या हेतुने सदर कमावीसदार याणी आपले तालुक्यातून जाणारे अफीणीवर दरपेडीस १-१० जकात घेत असत ती येकवर्ष पर्यंत कमी करून १-८ ठरविली आहे

धमोजीचे वृकूम बंदीगान आलीनवाब रुद्रताव वजरत रैट इनराबल गवरनर साचेव वाहादूर दर इ जलास कोसल

निशाणी

जे. एस. डी. डेविची
कलमचे डिपुटी कलेकटर व अफी
णीचे डिपुटी जेजंट ईश्वार्ज
तारीख २६ अक्टोबर सन १८४९ दसवो सुकास सुवई मांडवी
व अफीणीचा कचेरी

C. J. ERSKINE, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

List of Unclaimed Packages in the Custom House.

PACKAGES.	TO WHOM ADDRESSED.	BY WHAT SHIP IMPORTED.
1 Parcel.....	(Publications) Murray, Esq. Bombay.....	"Ann."
1 Ditto.....	Lieutenant John Stewart Talloh, 2nd Company 7th Battalion Bengal Artillery, Ferozepore, care of Lieutenant Colonel Dunsterville, Commissary General.....	Str. "Berenice."
1 Package.....	Alexander Campbell, Esq., Surgeon H. M.'s 22nd Regiment, (Personal Baggage.).....	Str. "Cleopatra."
1 Box.....	No mark or address (Ditto).....	Str. "Semiramis."
1 Case.....	Officers of the 7th Regiment M. B. C.....	"Owen Glendower."
1 Box.....	Lieut. W. W. Anderson, 25th Madras N. I., Sholapore, Bombay.....	"Euphrates," "Brahmin."
3 Kegs.....	Marked G. H., contg. Spirits.....	Unknown.
1 Parcel.....	Mr. W. White, 58, High street, Colchester, Coach, July, containing 28 Volumes of the Psalms of David in the Syriac Language.....	Brig "Lanrick."
3 Boxes.....	Marked W.....	"Ann Martin."
1 Ditto.....	Lieutenant Cameron, Kurrachee, 1st Bombay Fusiliers, care of Messrs. Young and Co., Agents Bombay.....	Unknown.
1 Chest.....	No mark or address.....	"Pantaloon."
2 Boxes.....	Marked G. P. No. 1 and 2, Silk Piece Goods.....	Ditto.
2 Ditto.....	" S. No 3 and 4, ditto ditto.....	Ditto.
1 Case.....	The Officer Commanding the 80th Regiment, Upper Provinces, India, via Bombay.....	"Malabar."
1 Ditto.....	The Officer Commanding the 9th Dragoons, Upper Provinces, India, via Bombay.....	Ditto.
1 Ditto.....	The Officer Commanding the 61st Regiment, Upper Provinces, India, via Bombay.....	Ditto.
1 Ditto.....	The Officer Commanding the 3rd Dragoons, Upper Provinces, India, via Bombay.....	Ditto.
1 Ditto.....	The Officer Commanding the 53rd Regiment of Foot, Upper Provinces, India, via Bombay.....	Ditto.
1 Ditto.....	The Officer Commanding the 29th Regiment of Foot, Upper Provinces, India, via Bombay.....	Ditto.
4 Ditto.....	Marked D. J. S. containing Camphor.....	"Kallibokka."
2 Ditto.....	" " " Rhubarb.....	Ditto.
1 Box.....	" E. N. Bombay.....	"Camperdown."
2 Ditto.....	" C. S. G. containing Silk Handkerchiefs.....	"Prince Albert."
4 Ditto.....	" " " ditto ditto.....	Ditto.
1 Tub.....	Sugar Candy.....	Unknown.
1 Box.....	Containing Sieves.....	Ditto.
1 Pot.....	Jagree.....	Ditto.
1 Box.....	Marked "B. 3, Bombay.".....	Str. "Lady Mary Wood."
1 Package.....	Containing Bees' Wax.....	Unknown.
1 Qr. Cask.....	Contg. Country Spirits, marked B. and G.....	Ditto.
1 Cask.....	Containing Brandy.....	Ditto.
1 Carbee.....	Mowda Spirits.....	Str. "Dwarka."
1 Box.....	Marked G. F. 17 to 19, to be delivered to order at Bombay.....	"Eliza Stewart."
1 Package.....	John Freeman, Esq., care of Messrs. Gisborne and Co., Calcutta.....	Str. "Semiramis."
1 Ditto.....	W. S. Bombay, W. Smith, Esq., Dolphin House, Southampton, via Suez, Saddlery from A. Davis.....	Ditto.
1 Parcel.....	Major Regheleni, Sirdhana, Meerut, via Bombay.....	Str. "Sesostris."
1 Package.....	No mark or address, containing Honey.....	Ditto.
1 Bed.....	Ditto ditto.....	Str. "Acbar."
1 Cut Piece.....	China Gauze.....	Unknown.
2 Pairs.....	China Slippers.....	Ditto.
1 Box.....	No mark or address, contg. empty Bottles.....	Ditto.
1 Ditto.....	C. H. Somerville, contg. specimens of Coal, &c.....	Ditto.
1 Tin Box.....	Miss Rollet, contg. old clothes, &c.....	Ditto.
1 Box.....	Messrs. Eduljee and Hormusjee, Bombay.....	Str. "Atalanta."
45.....	Small Mats, and 54 Earthen Fire-places.....	Unknown.
1 Basket.....	Robert Wight, Esq., Inspector General of Hospitals, Bombay.....	Barque "Chatham."
1 Tin Box.....	M. Mandelick, Esq., care of J. M. Schulloff, Esq.....	Str. "Sesostris."
3 Volumes.....	Of "Watson's Theological Institutes;" on the title-page the name "E. Boyne" is written.....	Unknown.
1 Bag.....	Cowries.....	Ditto.
3 Cases.....	No mark or address.....	Ditto.
1 Box.....	Tea, R. F. Young, Esq., Bombay.....	Brig "Nymph."
1 Package.....	Messrs. Treacher and Co., Bombay.....	Str. "Dwarka."
1 Case.....	Chamberlain, Esq., Kurrachee, Scinde, contg. Glass, to be forwarded by Messrs Butler & Co.....	Str. "Atalanta."

PACKAGES.	TO WHOM ADDRESSED.	BY WHAT SHIP IMPORTED.
1 Box.....	No mark or address	Str. "Victoria."
1 Roll.....	(China Mats) Edward Cooper, Esq., Commander P. & O. C. S. Ship "Pottinger," Bombay, for Mrs. James Poole, West Park, Near Clington, Bristol	Unknown.
1 Case.....	Marked P. & Co., Bombay	"Monarch."
6 Ditto.....	" C. S., (Mineral Water).....	"City of Palaces."
1 Package.....	Of Tobacco	Unknown.
1 Case.....	Revd L. Poynder, Cawnpore, via Bombay, S. P. C. K. Books	"Owen Glendower."
1 Trunk.....	Major A. N. Maclean, Bombay Army, care of Messrs. Forbes & Co., Bombay	Str. "Surat."
1 Case.....	M. & H. I., Bombay, Kurrachee	Str. "Achilles."
1 Cask.....	Marked W. E. P., for Captain C. R. Hogg, consigned to Messrs. Forbes & Co.	"Herculean."
1 Pair.....	Holsters, no mark or address	Str. "Acbar."
1 Leather Case.....	No mark or address	Ditto.
1 Box.....	A. Gabrielli, Esq., Bombay.....	Str. "Victoria."
2 Small Packages.....	Containing Tusby, &c.....	Bugla "Fazel Carim."
1 Package.....	Coffee	Ditto.
1 Ditto.....	Dry Chillies	Unknown.
4 Cases.....	Officers 1st Lancers, Bombay.....	"George Buckham."
1 Cask.....	Ditto ditto	Ditto.
1 Box.....	H. Brown, Esq., Poona, Bombay	Ditto.
5 Casks.....	The Officers of the 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, care of Messrs. Eduljee Nusserwanjee, Colaba Wallah, Bombay.....	Ditto.
14 Cases.....	Officer Commanding the 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Bombay	"Menzies."
1 Parcel.....	Mr. J. A. Tinaway, Bombay.....	"Sophia Moffatt."
4 Bales.....	H. M.'s 60th Regiment, 1st Battalion.....	Ditto.
3 Cases.....	Ditto ditto	Ditto.
1 Box.....	Lieutenant Douglas, Passenger, Bombay	Str. "Acbar."
1 Case.....	(Guns) L. H. B. Tucker, Esq., Civil Service, Amednuggur, Bombay	"Blair."
6 Ditto.....	Marked T. R. L. containing Pickles	Ditto.
1 Tin Box.....	Jewanjee Eduljee, Bombay, containing Sundries	Unknown.
1 Wooden Box.....	No mark or address	Ditto.
2 Bags.....	Dh-all	Ditto.
1 Bag.....	Of Dates	Ditto.
1 Case.....	J. Robinson, Esq., Commercial Bank, Bombay.....	"Ferozepore."
1 Case.....	H. T. Davis, Esq., Lieutenant and Pay Master, Camp Shikarpoor, Scinde, Bombay	Ditto.
1 Ditto.....	W. G. Gordon Cumming, Esq., 17th Regiment, care of Messrs. Forbes & Co	Ditto.
1 Package.....	Miss Lake, care of Mr. Conductor H. Newman, Grand Arsenal, Bombay.....	Str. "Surat."
2 Cases.....	Mrs. Henry Baber, care of Messrs. Bhimjee Dunjee & Co., Bombay	"Eleanor."
2 Casks.....	Marked A. D. containing Tobacco	"Victoria "
1 Box.....	" A. J.	"Prince Albert."
1 Package.....	" A. A. containing Sundries	
1 Pot.....	" " " Dhoopeel Oil	
1 Case.....	" L. addressed 1st Regiment Lancers.....	"Marchioness of Douro."
2 Bales.....	" " "	Ditto.
1 Box.....	Mr. W. B. Alexander, R. N., Midshipman H. M. S. "Cambrian"	"Elora."
23 Cases.....	Marked F. J. containing Wine & Brandy	"Marchioness of Douro "

J. S. D. DEVITRE,

Deputy Collector of Customs in Charge.

Bombay, Custom House, 5th November 1849.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders for the exclusive privilege of selling Arrack and Country Liquor, and also Drugs, to the Troops and Followers composing the Brigade at Poona and Kirkee, under the usual conditions, will be received by the Superintendent of Bazars at Poona, on the 15th day of November 1849, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon.

Tenders specifying the amount to be given, for a year, from 1st January to the 31st Dec. 1850.

The Distillery at Moondwa will be made over to the Contractor, should a new one take the Contracts, at the valuation of a Committee of European Officers.

Any information required can be had by application at this office.

T. R. MORSE, Capt.,
Superintendent of Bazars.

Cantonment Adawlut, Camp,
Poona, 20th Oct. 1849.

Notice.

To be sold by Public Outcry, at the Bombay Dock Yard and New Ground, on Saturday next, the 10th instant, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, a quantity of Refuse Timber and Chips, collected from the Works carried on in the Dock Yard.

TERMS OF SALE.

The Lots to be paid for on the spot when knocked down, and to be cleared away within three days.

J. A. KEYS, Assist. I. N. S.,
For Acting Indian Naval Storekeeper.
Bombay,
Indian Naval Storekeeper's Office, }
6th November 1849.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, up to the 16th instant, for supplying by Contract the undermentioned articles to the Remount Department:—

Gram, for one year, from 1st December 1849 to 30th November 1850.
Hay, do. do., 1st January 1850 to 31st December 1850.

Line and Miscellaneous Articles. do. do.

The sealed Tenders to be accompanied by Deposits as follows:—

For Gram Contract, (100) one hundred Rs.
,, Hay ditto.....(50) fifty Rs.
,, Line and Miscellaneous Articles (50) do. do.

Which sums will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at this Office, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

G. G. MALET, Captain,
Acting Joint Remount Agent.

Remount Office, Bombay,
3rd Nov. 1849.

जुद्धे र नामु

अहोरात्रे रीमाजिउ मातानां नीचे ल मे
हुं शानान धंभरेथी पु३ पाडवा वीमेना
नोडोरयंध अरने आलता नडीनानी ता
रीम १६ नी शुधी रीमाजिउनी क्येरीनां
लेणे *

तारीम १ डीसंयर शंने १८४८ थी तारी
म ३० नवंयर शंने १८५० अेक १२२ शु
धी अेला *

तारीम १ नुनेवारी शंने १८५० थी ता
रीम ३१ डीसंयर शंने १८५० अेक १२२
शुधी धाश *

अेनंन.....अेनंन दोरी तथा पर
सुराश शानान *

नोडोरयंध अरल शथे आमानतनो अ
वन् नोडकलवा तेनी तपशील *

अशानां धंभुरा पदल पायत ३० १००)
अंके शोशो *
धाश.....अेनंन ३० ५०)
दोरी ता० परसुराश शानान अेनंन ३० ५०)
धंभुरानां मतो करोआपवाने वीलंन क
रेथी अथवा आनाकानी अथवा नाकयुल क
रेथी डीपर लमेले अवेन सरकार दामल
थशे *
अेशीवाअे पीनु कधं पुछुपु डोअते रीमा
जिउनी क्येरीनां सवारनां दस कलाकथी ते
शंननां आर कलाक शुधी पुछुथी माजुन
थशे *

नीमाणी

७-७-मालेट, कपतान

आकर्टींग न्हंठ रीमाजिउ अेनंन *

तारीम ३ नवंयर शंने १८४८ धं

शपी मुकाम मुंभं रीमाजिउ क्येरी *

C. J. ERSKINE, Depy Secy. to Govt.

जाहीर नामा

हेमाजे रिमौट खात्यांत खालीं विहितलेले सामान सक्त्याने पु
र विषया विशींचे मोहरबंद अर्ज चालते सच्चिन्याचो तारीख १६ प
थंत रिमौट कचेरींत घेतोल

तारीख १ डिसेंबर सन १८४८ पासून तारीख ३० नवे
बर सन १८५० एकवयें पर्यंत चणे

तारीख १ जानेवारी सन १८५० पासून तारीख ३१
डिसेंबर सन १८५० एकवयें पर्यंत गवत

किता किता दोन्या व किरकोळ सामान
मोहरबंद अर्जावरार अमानतांचा ऐवज पाठवावा
तो येणे प्रमाणे

चण्याचें सक्त्या वदल रपये १०० गंभर

गवत किता किता रपये ५० पन्नास

दोन्या व किरकोळ सामान किता रपये ५० पन्नास

सक्त्याचे खतेकडून देण्यात निल्ला केव्हास अथवा टाळाटाळ
केव्हास अथवा नाकयुल जाव्हास सदर सक्त्या ऐवज सरकार दाख
ल चोईल

याखेरीज दुसरें कांहीं सुमणे असेल तें रिमौट कचेरींत सका
ळचे दाख वाजव्हा पासून सायंकाळचे चार वाजे तों पर्यंत वि
चारलें असतां मासल चोईल

निशाणी

जी जी माल्ट. कपतान

अकर्टींग जादट रिमौट एजंट

तारीख ३ नवेंबर सन १८४८ दमवा मुकाम मुंभं

रिमौट कचेरी

C. J. ERSKINE, Depy. Secy to Govt.

Notice

Is hereby given, that certain unserviceable articles of Dead Stock will be sold by Public Outcry on Friday the 9th instant, at 1 P. M., at the Commissariat Store, Military Store Lane.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash; and the Lots to be cleared away forthwith.

W. B. SALMON, Capt.
For Deputy Commy. Genl.

Bombay,
Depty. Commy. Genl's Office, }
5th November 1849.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

It is hereby notified for general information, that a regular monthly communication has been established between Ceylon and the Mauritius, and that a Schooner leaves Point de Galle within 24 hours after the arrival of the P. and O. Company's Steamer with the Overland Mid-Monthly Mail from Suez, which generally reaches Galle about the 25th of every month.

Letters and Newspapers for the Mauritius, via Ceylon, if forwarded hence by land, will be liable to the regular inland postage to Point Caliniere, in addition to Outward Ship-postage. If sent by Ship or Steamer, Outward Ship-postage only will be charged.

Letters and Papers forwarded in the Consignee's or ship's bag cannot be despatched from Ceylon unless addressed to the care of an Agent there.

Bombay, General Post Office, 9th May 1849.

It is hereby notified for general information, that the Steamers of the Bombay Steam Navigation Company will convey the Mails between BOMBAY and KURRACHEE, on the undermentioned dates, viz:—

From BOMBAY, on the 8th, 18th, and 27th of each month.

From KURRACHEE, on the 2nd, 13th, and 24th, ditto ditto.

The hour of closing the Mails at Bombay will be notified on each occasion.

No Letters or Papers addressed to places in Scinde will be forwarded to Kurrachee, unless the outward ship Postage is prepaid. Letters and Papers on which such Postage has not been prepaid, will be despatched by the usual land route, charged with the higher Inland Postage.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 29th August 1849.

Parties who seek for information, or redress of grievances, in connection with Postal matters, are requested to address the Post Master General, or his Deputy, who will give prompt attention to such requisitions. Communications addressed to subordinates in the General Post Office will not be attended to.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 15th September 1849.

Letters containing Bills, Remittances, or any valuable documents, may, on and after the 1st proximo, be registered at any Post Office under my

control, on the poster paying a fee of half a rupee for every letter.

A. W. RAVENSCROFT,

Post Master General.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office, 16th October 1849.

Post Office Packets per P. & O. Company's Steamer "MALTA," for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, and CHINA, will be closed on SUNDAY, the 18th proximo, at 6 o'clock, P. M.

Bombay, General Post Office, 24th October 1849.

Post Office Packets, per Steamer "SURAT," for KURRACHEE and SCINDE, will be closed TO-MORROW, the 8th instant, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

OVERLAND MAIL,

Via Marseilles, and Southampton.

It is hereby notified for general information, that the Mid-Monthly Mail, via Marseilles and Southampton, will be closed on SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 o'clock, P. M., and that an after-Packet will be kept open (except for pre-paid letters, via Southampton) until 5 o'clock, on the usual terms.

All letters and papers not specially superscribed by any route, will be forwarded via Marseilles, and thus be liable to the higher rates of postage.

W. BLOWERS,

Depy. Post Mr. Genl. in Charge.

Bombay, Genl. Post Office,

7th November 1849.

Notice

Is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders will be received from out-stations, and Verbal Offers from the people at this station, for Contracts for the exclusive privilege of vending Country Liquors and Drugs to the Native troops and followers of the Cantonments at Sukkur and Shikarpore, from the 1st December 1849 to the 30th November 1850, precisely at 12 o'clock, on Thursday, the 15th of November 1849.

The following is the strength of the troops at Sukkur and Shikarpore, and they are to be considered as divided into the following proportions, viz.,

At Sukkur.

27th Regiment N. I..... 1 Share.

At Shikarpore.

29th Regiment N. I..... 1 do.

1 | 3 Artillery..... ¼ do.

1st Belooch Battalion..... 1 do.

Total.... 3½ Shares.

The offers to be at a certain rate per Share, without reference to the strength of the Corps.

No deductions will be allowed except for those who may leave the division.

Detachments of 500 men, moving or stationed within the command, to be allowed Liquor and Drug shops by the Contractors.

The arrival in, or the departure out, of the command of 200 men or under, to have no effect on these Contracts.

All alterations above this number to be adjusted agreeably to the preceding proportions.

No Liquor or Drugs whatever are to be sold to European soldiers.

The Tenders from out-stations to be sealed, and superscribed, "Tender for Liquor or Drugs," as the case may be. These Tenders will be opened at the conclusion of the sale of the Contracts, on the day and hour appointed, and the Contracts will be knocked down to the highest bidders in the presence of such of the bidders as may be in attendance.

The collections on account of Liquor and Drugs to be paid in advance every month.

All further particulars connected with these Contracts may be learned on application at this Office, every day, from 10 to 4 o'clock, Sundays excepted.

P. LANCASTER, Lieut.,
Superintendent of Bazars.

Camp Sukkur,
Superintendent Bazar Office, }
15th October 1849.

List of Unclaimed Articles detained by the Flotilla and Customs Departments.

PACKAGES.	CONTENTS.
2 Tin Canisters...	Unknown.
1 Package..	Country piece goods.
1 Ditto....	Gum Arabic.
1 Calabash..	Honey.
10 Small Packages..	Halwa.
11 Packages....	Old Burdans.
1 Basket.....	Unknown.
1 Package....	Downa.
1 Ditto.....	Dates.
4 Ditto.....	Mat Baskets.
1 Country.....	Iron Grapnel.
400	Small looking Glasses.
28	Mat Baskets.
14	Ditto Jumbuls.
6	Ditto Soopras.
8 Pieces.....	Country cotton piece goods and handkerchiefs.
7 Pieces.....	Europe and cotton piece goods.
1 Package..	Medicines.
8 Small ditto.	Wet dates.
2 Ditto..	Dry dates.
4	Teapots.
34 Packages..	Tapioca.
2 Parcels.....	Unknown, addressed Mr. Howard, per Str. "Achilles."

J. S. D. DEVITRE,
Deputy Collector of Customs in Charge.

Bombay, Custom House,
5th November 1849.

OPIUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Wednesday, the 7th November 1849.

YEARS.	PASSES GRANTED		IMPORTED INTO BOMBAY		EXPORTED BY SEA		Balance unaccounted for.	None.
	From 31st Oct. to 6th Nov. 1849.	Malwa.	From 31st Oct. to 6th Nov. 1849.	Lost on the road.	Up to the 30th Oct. 1849.	From 31st Oct. to 6th Nov. 1849.		
For 1846-47.....	10,321	..	19,521	20	19,327	..	164	
" 1847-48.....	15,801	..	15,801	1	15,683	..	177	
" 1848-49.....	16,801	..	16,801	1	16,132	..	561	
" 1849-50.....	765	1,114	1,925	..	55	..	55	

Details of Exports from 31st October to 6th November 1849.

Bombay, Opium Agent's Office, 7th November 1849.

J. S. D. DEVITRE,
Deputy Opium Agent, in Charge.

Notice

Is hereby given, that persons desirous of entering into a Contract for supplying, for one year, from the 4th day of December next, such Medical Comforts to the Hospitals at Bombay and Colabah, and to the Commissariat Department in the Islands of Bombay and Colabah, as may be required, may, on application at this Office, from 11 A. M. till 5 P. M., daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a List of the prices, and such other information relating thereto, as they may require.

Verbal offers for the Contract will be received at this Office on Friday, the 23rd instant, at 2 o'clock P. M., when persons will be required to bid a percentage above or below the prices exhibited in the List above adverted to, on the understanding that the articles embraced therein are to be of good quality, and delivered in good condition, free of all further expences, in such quantity as may from time to time be required, to the Indenting Departments, and will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers appointed on the part of Government.

The person or persons whose offer may be accepted, will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he, or they, will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the above-mentioned List, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them, in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the Medical Comforts, or such other articles as may be required in lieu of them, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his or their risk and cost; and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expences incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, may be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may, in all such cases, be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No person will be allowed to bid for the Contract in question unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Rupees (125) one hundred and twenty-five, in cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, should his offer be accepted, in which latter case, he must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded security to the extent of Rupees (500) five hundred, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood that Bills for the quantities of articles in the above-mentioned List, supplied, shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills preferred for payment by the Contractor, but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees 2,500, or thereabouts. All further particulars will be communicated on application at this Office, or at the time of bidding; and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

E. WHICHELO, Capt.,
Deputy Commy. Genl.

Bombay,
Deputy Commy. Genl's. Office, }
7th November 1849.

Notice

Is hereby given, that persons desirous of entering into a Contract for supplying Cold-drawn Castor Oil, of country manufacture, to this Department, for the use of the Medical Storekeeper's Department, and for such other purposes as may be required from time to time, for the term of one year, from the 15th day of December next, may, on application at this Office, from 11 A. M. till 5 P. M., daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a List of the rates, and such other information relating thereto as they may require.

Verbal offers for the Contract will be received at this Office on Saturday, the 24th instant, until 2 o'clock, P. M., when persons will be required to bid a percentage above or below the prices exhibited in the above-mentioned List, on the understanding that the article to be supplied under the Contract is to be of unexceptionable quality, according to muster, which may be seen in this Office, and delivered to the Indenting Departments in good condition, free of all further expences, in such quantity or quantities as may from time to time be demanded; and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers appointed on the part of Government.

The person or persons whose offer may be accepted, will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the article included in the above-mentioned List, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the requisitions made upon him or them, in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the Castor Oil, or such other article as may be required in lieu of it, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his or their risk and cost; and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expences incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, may be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may, in all such cases, be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No person will be allowed to bid for the Contract, unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Rupees (54) fifty-four, in cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary Deed of Contract, should his offer be accepted, in which latter case he must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded security to the extent of Rupees (216) two hundred and sixteen, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood, that Bills for the quantities of the article included in the above-mentioned List, supplied, shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the Contractor's Bills, will be recovered from the first Bills preferred for payment by the Contractor; but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees 1,084, or thereabouts. All further particulars will be communicated on application at this Office, or at the time of bidding, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

E. WHICHELO, Capt.
Deputy Commy. Genl.

Bombay,
Deputy Commy. Genl's Office, }
7th November 1849.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

Notice is hereby given, that Moroba Ramchunderjee, a Clerk in the Revenue Department in the Secretariat, Hindoo, residing in Khetwaddee, without the Fort of Bombay, has presented his Petition on the 30th day of October last, praying for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the eleventh year of Victoria, Chapter XXI.

Order in the matter of the above-named Insolvent's Petition, that the real and personal Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Clause VII. of the said Act, has been duly made.

Day appointed for Hearing.

Jewanjee Pestonjee, 1st Monday in December next, at eleven o'clock A. M., in the Court House.

Moroba Ramchunderjee, Ditto Ditto.

Opposing Creditors must file their claims, verified by affidavit, and pay the usual fees at my Office, at least three days before the hearing. The above-named Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects, in my Office.

Dividend.

Hurkissandass Hurjeevandass, 3rd Monday in November.

J. P. LARKINS,
Clerk of the Court.

Hammum Street, Fort, Bombay, }
Clerk of the Court's Office, }
this 6th day of Nov. 1849.

नयला देवादारोनी कोरट नये.

मयर हीच्यांथी आपेच्याने आवेछुन नो रोया रामचंद्ररु शंकरतारीना आंनदानी मातानो लमनारो डीनडु रेडुनार श्री मुया धेनां कोरट्याडार भेतवाडी नये तेने गच्या अ कोरपर नडीनांनी तारीम ३० नी ने हीने

अरु आपी छे न वीकटोरीयांना अगीच्या रने वरये धारो पमार थयेवी छे अकवीय ना याय परनांछे ते धारा परनांछे नने 1849ने पोआडवे *

ओपर लभेला नयला देवादारनी अरुनी यायतनां तेनां पोतानो नाल नीलकत आये नांनदार कोरटनी डोकीशीयाल आया येनी छे तेने ओपर लभेला धारानी ७ नी कडंन परनांछे डुकंन थयेयाउ ते शोपडु शडी *

शालवानी दाडो ठरावेला.

उजंनछ पेशतनछ १ वेा शोमवार आव ता डीसेनयर नडीनाने ११ कला क शवारने पोरे कोरटनी डवेलीने *

नारोया रामचंद्ररु दाडो ओपर लमा परनांछे *

आडा आपनार वेलादारोये पोतानां दा या शोमंननामाथी शायुत करेला शालवानी आगनय ओषांनो ओषा उ दाडानां नारी आक्षीयने दा मल करवा नांछंये ते ठरावेली (डी) अरुवे दशपुरी पण आपवी ते ओपला नादारोये पोतपोतानां देवानी तथा नाल नीलकतनी टीपा नारी डोकीयने ने धावी छे *

झालानी वेडुयांण.

डरकीशंनदय डरउजंनदय तीने शोम वार सालता नवं नयर नडीनाने *

१ न-पी-दारकीनय शयेय, कोरटने कदारक शडी *

डनान नोडोने,

श्री मुयाधेनां कोरटनये कोरटनां कला रकनी डोकीयनां आन हीने तारो म ड ही नवं नयर शंने १८४८

(True translation.)

J. VAUPELL, Chief Translator.

List of Unclaimed Packages lying on the Town Custom House Bunder.

- 21 Pieces of wood.
- 8 Ditto planks.
- Loose staves.
- 1 Cotton boat mast.
- 1 Bundle of straw fans.
- 8 Pieces of Sapan wood.
- 12 Ditto of buffaloe horns.
- 1 Bundle of leather.
- 1 Box (contents unknown).
- 19 Bags of damaged biscuits.
- 13 Cuppas of senna leaves.
- 17 Packages of red ochre.

J. S. D. DEVITRE,

Deputy Collector of Customs in Charge.

Bombay, Custom House,
5th November 1849.

General Orders.

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 1st NOVEMBER 1849.

No. 560 of 1849.—The following appointment is made :—

Commissariat Department.

Date of Appointment.

Acting Sub-Conductor J. White to be Sub-Conductor, vice Stanley, remanded to his Corps... 17th Oct. 1849.

No. 561 of 1849.—The following orders are confirmed :—

An order by Lieutenant Colonel Macan, dated Kolapore, the 11th October 1849, appointing Captain Ponsonby, 17th Regiment Native Infantry, to act as Interpreter to the 12th Regiment Native Infantry, during the absence of Lieutenant Shortt, on sick leave, or until further orders.

An order by Lieutenant Colonel Bulkley, dated Bombay, the 15th October 1849, appointing Lieutenant Law to act as Quarter Master and Interpreter to the 2nd Grenadier Regiment Native Infantry, from the 16th instant, until further orders, consequent on the indisposition of Lieutenant Bolton.

Bombay Castle, 3rd November 1849.

No. 562 of 1849.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following order, by the Most Noble the Governor General of India be re-published :—

Simla, 22nd October 1849.

The Most Noble the Governor General of India is pleased to direct that Her Majesty's 22nd Foot and 60th Rifles shall be transferred from the Bombay to the Bengal Presidency.

These Regiments will be brought on the Bengal Establishment from the 1st proximo.

Her Majesty's 64th and 83rd Regiments, recently arrived from England, are attached to the Bombay Establishment.

(Signed) J. STUART, Colonel,

Secy. to the Govt. of India, Military Department,

With the Governor General.

No. 563 of 1849.—In consequence of the transfer of Her Majesty's 22nd Regiment to the Bengal Presidency, the appointment of Lieutenant Colonel Boileau, as a Brigadier on the Establishment of this Presidency, has terminated.

ERRATUM.

In General Order, No. 551, dated the 27th October 1849, for the "date of Regimental rank 18th October 1848," read "18th October 1849."

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col.,

Secretary to Government.

Civil Appointments, &c.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st November 1849.

The leave of absence for one month granted to Mr. J. G. Lumsden, on the 10th ultimo, is extended for a further period of 14 days, under Sec. XII. of the Absentee Regulations.

Mr. C. J. Erskine, Deputy Secretary to Government, is appointed to act as Secretary in the General and Judicial Departments, during Mr. Lumsden's absence, or until further orders.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd November 1849.

Mr. R. F. Mactier is permitted to proceed to the Presidency, preparatory to passing an examination in the Mahratta language, before the Committee to assemble on the 10th January next.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

A. MALET, Chief Secy. to Govt.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE.

Bombay Castle, 7th November 1849.

Mr. H. W. Reeves received charge of the Collectorate of Belgaum, from Mr. J. D. Inverarity, on the 3rd instant.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

H. E. GOLDSMID, Secy. to Govt.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.*Bombay Castle, 31st October 1849.*

Mr. A. B. Warden to act as Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Dharwar.

Mr. A. Rogers to act as Senior Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Surat, for the detached Station of Broach, as a temporary measure, during Mr. Morgan's detention at Ahmedabad.

Bombay Castle, 5th November 1849.

Mr. L. C. C. Rivett, 3rd Magistrate of Police, is allowed leave of absence for one month, to proceed to Mahabeshwur, from the date on which Mr. Spens may take charge of his appointment of Senior Magistrate.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.*Bombay Castle, 7th November 1849.*

Assistant Apothecary Underwood, now attached to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, to be transferred to the Military Department, and Assistant Apothecary Angel, of Her Majesty's 78th Highlanders, to be attached to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital in his stead.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

C. J. ERSKINE, Depy. Secy. to Govt.

Notice

Is hereby given, that persons desirous of entering into a Contract for supplying good wholesome Fresh Meat to the Commissariat Department, the Crews of the Honorable Company's Ships, and other Vessels of War, and to the Troops at the Presidency, and those proceeding to the Deccan during the march, as also to furnish the Indian Naval Storekeeper's Department with Raw Hides, for one year, from the date of the acceptance of the offer, may, on application at this Office, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M., daily (Sundays excepted), obtain a List of the prices, and such other information relating thereto, as they may require.

Verbal offers for the Contract will be received at this Office on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, when persons will be required to bid a per-centage above or below the prices specified in the List above adverted to, at which they will undertake to furnish at all times the best raw Hides and Fresh Meat, (Beef and Mutton, 1st and 2nd sort,) of approved quality, to the Indenting Departments, in good condition, free of all further expenses, and that the same will be liable to examination and rejection by a Committee of Officers appointed on the part of Government.

The person or persons whose offer may be accepted, will be required to sign and seal a Contract, stipulating to the above effect, and that he or they will comply immediately with all emergent demands for the articles included in the above-mentioned List, and will meet other demands of less urgency within the periods stated in the re-

quisitions made upon him or them; in failure whereof, or if the supply be condemned by a Committee of Officers, as aforesaid, the fresh Meat and raw Hides, or such other articles as may be required in lieu of them, shall be purchased by this Department, without reservation, at his and their risk and cost, and in all such cases an advance of Rupees (30) thirty per cent. upon the amount of expences incurred, or a fine of Rupees (50) fifty, at the option of the Executive Officer, may be levied as liquidated damages for each and every such breach of Contract, as often as the same may occur; also the Contract may, in all such cases, be put an end to on the part of the East India Company.

No person will be allowed to bid for the Contract in question, unless he previously deposits in this Office the sum of Rupees (533) five hundred and thirty-three, in cash, which will be forfeited in the event of delay, evasion, or refusal to execute the necessary deed of Contract, should his offer be accepted, in which latter case he must be prepared to give unexceptionable bonded security to the extent of Rupees (2,133) two thousand one hundred and thirty-three, to be held by Government for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

It is to be distinctly understood, that Bills for the quantities of articles included in the above-mentioned List, supplied, shall be preferred within or before the expiration of one month from the date of the delivery of the articles, in default of which, the Contractor shall be liable to forfeit the full value or amount of the supplies for which Bills have not been so preferred, unless it shall clearly appear that the delay was unavoidable.

The amount of retrenchments made by the Military Board on the Contractor's Bills will be recovered from the first Bills preferred for payment by the Contractor; but in the event of such retrenchments, or any portion thereof, being remitted, the amount, or so much of the amount as shall be so remitted, will then be refunded to him.

The annual outlay on the above Contract is estimated at Rupees 10,665, or thereabouts. All further particulars will be communicated on application at this Office, or at the time of bidding; and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

E. WHICHELO, Capt.,
Deputy Comy. Genl.

Bombay,
Deputy Comy. Genl's Office, }
7th November 1849.

MILITARY

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

1849. ARRIVALS.

- 31st Oct.—2nd Lieutenant D. J. Nasmyth, Engineers, from England.
 " " Surgeon J. Mackenzie, Medical Establishment, from England.
 " " Lieut. S. F. Wilson, H. M.'s 83rd Regt., from England.
 " " Lieut. Col. C. W. Grant, Engineers, from Ootacamund.
 " " Lieut. T. W. Playfair, Engineers, from Ootacamund.
 " " Cornet Therwood, Cavalry, from England.
 " " Assist. Surgeon Cruickshank, Med. Est., from Aden.
 1st Nov.—Assist. Surg. J. A. Vaughan, Med. Est. from do.
 " " Major Conway, Acting Deputy Adjutant General H. M.'s Forces, from Poona.
 " " Lieut. R. Holesworth, 5th M. N. I., from Honore.
 " " Major J. Tait, C. B., 6th Regt. N. I., from England.
 2nd " Lieut. J. B. Landford, Artillery, from Sattarah.
 " " Captain J. Wolley, 14th Regt. N. I., from Poona.
 " " Lieut. C. H. Boye, Staff, from Dapoolee.
 3rd " Major J. B. Bellasis, 9th Regt. N. I., from Mooltan.
 " " Brigadier Twemlow, Nizam's Contingent, from Aurangabad.
 " " Brigadier Soppitt, from Baroda.
 " " Lieut. Col. H. Hancock, Adj. General of the Army, from Poona.
 " " Lieut. Col. N. Campbell, Qr. Mr. General, from Poona.
 5th " Brigadier Genl. A. Manson, C. B., Staff, from Poona.
 " " Captain E. Whicheho, Depy. Comy. Genl., from Kurrahee.
 " " Captain A. C. Honnors, Staff, from Poona.
 6th " Vet. Surgeon E. Battersbie, 1st Lancers, from Mooltan.
 " " Lieut. W. Browne, 9th Regt. N. I., from do.
 7th " Assist. Surg. J. Daubeny, from Suez.
 " " Lieut. Col. T. C. Parr, Infantry, from Europe.

DEPARTURES.

- 31st Oct.—Lieut. Dobree, 5th Regt. N. I., on duty, to Poona.
 1st Nov. Lieut. Col. S. J. Cotton, H. M.'s 22nd Regt., on duty, to Scinde.
 " " Captain J. E. Thackwell, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " D. Anderson, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " Lieut. W. A. Goddard, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " J. H. Graham, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " E. S. W. Smith, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " L. J. Cotton, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " H. V. Pennefather, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " R. Blackall, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " Ensign F. G. King, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " D. P. Bouverie, ditto ditto ditto.

- 1st Nov.—Ensign A. L. Monk, H. M.'s 22nd Regt., on duty, to Scinde.
 " " " J. H. Poole, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " G. O. Deane, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " " Burke, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " Qr. Master W. Young, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " Surgeon S. Currie, ditto ditto ditto.
 " " Assist. Surg. D. P. Barry, ditto ditto ditto.
 3rd " Lieut. S. T. Wilson, H. M.'s 83rd Regiment, on duty, to Poona.
 " " Capt. T. Wolley, 14th Regt. N. I., on leave, to the Coast.
 " " Lieutenant R. H. Molesworth, 5th Regiment M. N. I., on leave, to England.
 " " Lieutenant W. Davidson, Artillery, on sick certificate, to England.
 " " Lieut. W. A. Crommelin, Bengal Engineers, do. do.
 " " Cornet W. W. Farquharson, 1st Lancers, do. do.
 4th " Lieutenant R. D'Arcy, B. N. I., on duty, to Candlish.
 6th " Capt. Aelhmuty, H. M.'s 98th Regt., A. D. C., on duty, to Poona.
 " " Lieutenant Colonel Grant, Engineers, on duty, to Poona.
 7th " Captain H. V. Hill, 9th Regt. M. N. I., to join, to Nagpore.

Town Major's Office, Bombay,
7th November 1849.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

1849. ARRIVALS.

- 30th Oct.—B. S. N. Co.'s Steamer Bombay, N. W. Hazlewood, from Colombo 21st October, and the Coast.
Passengers—Mrs. Grant; Mrs. Taylor, and three Children; Lieut. Col. C. W. Grant, Engineers; Lieut. T. W. Playfair, Engineers; Messrs. Brooks and Taylor; and 30 Natives.
 " " —H. C. S. Frigate Auckland, Lieut. J. W. Ronnie, from Aden 21st Oct.
Passengers—Bt. Major J. Tait, C. B., 6th Bo. N. I.; Surgeon J. Mackenzie, Bo. Army; Com. J. G. Johnstone, I. N.; Lieut. F. S. Wilson, H. M.'s 83rd Foot; 2nd Lieut. D. J. Nasmyth, Bo. Engrs.; Cornet C. Sherwood, Bo. Cavalry; Mr. Walker, Civil Engineer; Messrs. Wood and Carpenter; Assist. Surgeon J. N. Vaughan, Bo. Army.
 1st Nov.—Barque Cumberland, J. Davison, from London 29th June.
 3rd " —Steamer Phlox, P. Duverger, from Surat 2nd inst.
Passengers—Mrs. Soppitt; Miss Curties; Brigadier M. Soppitt; and fifty Natives.
 " " —Steamer Carnac, G. Beyts, from Surat 2nd instant.
Passengers—Mrs. McKie; Lieut. DeVitre, 15th N. I.; Revd. J. McKie; and several Natives.
 5th " —B. S. N. Co.'s Str. Dwarka, E. A. Fisher, from Kurrahee 2nd instant.
Passengers—Captain E. Whicheho, Deputy Commissary General; and eleven Natives.
 7th " —H. C. S. Ajdaha, H. Grounds, Lieut., from Suez 22nd, and Aden 29th ultimo.
Passengers—Mrs. Mitchell; Miss Newton; Miss Sorabjee; Mrs. Powell; Miss Powell; Mrs. Twemlow, and European Servant; Miss Twemlow; Mrs. Bennett; Miss Cheape; Miss Anderson; Mrs. Jourdon; Mrs. Parr and European Servant; Col. Parr, Bombay Army; Com. Kenphorne, I. N.; Mrs. Hadinge; Mr. Lushington, Bengal C. S.; Mr. Harrison, Bombay C. S.; Revd. Mr. Anderson; Mr. Jenkins, Bombay C. S.; Colonel Silici; Mr. Jourdon, and 2 European Servants of Mrs. Jourdon;—From Aden: Lieut. Anderson, Engrs., and two Native Servants; and seven other Native Passengers.

DEPARTURES.

- 1st Nov.—H. C. Str. *Atalanta*, Lieut. F. W. Hopkins, to Kurrachee.
Passengers—Lt. Col. Cotton, Wife, and Child; Capt. Anderson; Lieuts. Goddard, Durham, Cotton, and Magire; Ensigns King, Bouverie, Monk; Ensign Bourke, Wife, and two Children; Qr. Mr. Young, Wife, and Child; Surg. Currie, M. D., H. M.'s 22nd Regt.; Ensign Muttelbury, 29th Regt. N. I.; 2nd Lieut. Pittman, Arty.; Lieut. Thacker, 9th Regt.; and Lt. Streilott, 11th Regt. with Wife.
 " " —H. C. S. Frigate *Moozuffer*, Commr. H. H. Howett, to Kurrachee.
Passengers—Captain Thackwell; Lieuts. Blackwell, Smith, and Pennefather; Ensigns Poole and Dean; Assist. Surgeon Barry, H. M.'s 22nd Regt.; Ensign Prescott, 24th Regt. N. I.
 " " —American Barque Pilot, G. White, to Salem and Zanzibar.
Passengers—Seven Natives.
 " " —Brig *Sefinatulla*, Nacodali, to Muscat.
 3rd " —Steamer Sir J. Jejeebhoy, J. Clark, to Surat.
Passengers—150 Natives.
 " " —H. C. Steamer *Victoria*, Lieut. J. Nesbitt, to Aden and Suez.
Passengers—Mrs. Major L. Brown, and two Children, with a Native Servant; Mrs. Luard, and Child, with an European and Native Servant; Mrs. Danvers, and 2 Children, with an European Servant; Mrs. D'Arcy, and Child, with a Native Servant; Mr. Young, and 2 Children, with a Native Servant; the Hon. Mrs. Butler, and three Children, with an European Servant; Mrs. Barry, and 2 Children; Mrs. Fraser, Miss Lushington; Miss Forster; Miss Brooks; Miss Luard; G. L. Ferrant, Esq., C. S.; Captain Sir T. Munroe, Bart., W. Murray, and Lieut. Lord C. H. S. G. Garval, H. M.'s 10th Hussars; J. C. Farquharson, and J. Young, Esqs.; Lieut. W. Davidson, B. A.; Lieut. W. Crommelin, Bengal Engrs.; Lieut. R. T. Molesworth, 5th M. N. I. 2nd Class; Mrs. Layer, and the Revd. Mr. Layer.
 —To Aden, Hormusjee Manockjee, and Dada-bhoy Ruttonjee.
 5th " —Barque *Ellora*, L. Turnbull, to China.
 6th " —Steamer *Phlox*, P. Duverger, to Surat.
Passengers—100 Natives.
 " " —Steamer *Carnac*, G. Beyts, to Surat.
Passengers—Dr. J. Kinnis, Inspector H. M's. Hospitals; and several Natives.

A. SPENS,

Senior Magistrate of Police.

*Bombay, Police Office,
7th Nov. 1849.*

Private Advertisements.

NOTICE.—Verbal tenders will be received at the office of the Superintendent of Repairs, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Monday, the 12th instant, for the execution by Contract of the under-mentioned works:—

1. Making a main sewer in centre and cross drains, and re-making roadway in Poy-downy Street.
2. Covering the present drain from Bappoo Khote Street to Parell Road at Poy-downy.
3. Converting the present open side gutters of Picquet Road into covered drains.

4. Making covered drain with cross drains on the side of Esplanade Cross Road.

Estimates of the quantity of labor and materials to be expended, and descriptive accounts of the works, will in the mean time remain open for inspection in this Office, where any additional information regarding the same may be obtained.

A deposit of 5 per cent. will be required from the lowest bidder, to be forfeited in case of any evasion in signing the Deed of Contract; and the offers of parties who are not prepared to lodge the deposit at the time of sale will not be registered.

H. CONYBEARE,
Superintendent of Repairs.

*Bombay, Supt. of Repairs' Office,
5th November 1849.*

**INDIA AND LONDON
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**

14, Waterloo Place, and

79, King William Street, London.

Capital, £250,000, in 5,000 Shares, of £50 each.

DIRECTORS.

Chairman.—The Clisholm, Erchless Castle, Inverness-shire, and Chapel Street, Grosvenor Place, London.

Deputy Chairman.—Richard Hartley Kennedy, Esq. (late Physician General, Bombay,) Resington Lodge, Notting Hill.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Colonel Bagnold. | John Inglis Jerdein, Esq. |
| Henry Stroud Barber, Esq. | Frederick Jones, Esq. |
| Francis Brodigan, Esq. | James John Kinloch, Esq. |
| J. William Deacon, Esq. | Henry Lawson, Esq. |
| H. George Gordon, Esq. | R. F. Power, Esq., M. D. |
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AT BOMBAY.

AGENTS.—Messrs. GREY & Co.

PHYSICIAN.—Dr. ROOKE, Member of the Royal College of Physicians, London.

SOLICITOR.—J. JEFFERSON, Esq.

This Company assures the Lives of healthy persons in any part of the world, at as low rates of premium as can be taken consistently with perfect security.

NATIVE LIVES Assured for any amount from Rs. 500 and upwards.

ANNUITIES granted—both *deferred* and *reversionary*.

Extract from the Tables of Annual Premiums required for an Assurance of 1000 Rupees or £100.

Age.	CIVILIANS.			MILITARY AND NAVAL.		
	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.
	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs.
18	20	21	29	30	31	38
25	23	24	33	33	35	42
30	25	27	37	36	37	45
35	28	30	42	39	41	50
40	32	34	47	42	44	55
45	36	39	54	46	49	62

Parties returning to reside in Europe, will be admitted to *Europe Rates of Premium.*

Prospectuses, and every requisite information obtained, on application to the Agents of the Company.

GREY & Co.
Agents, Bombay.

ORIENTAL BANK.

RATES OF INTEREST, EXCHANGE, AND
COMMISSION.

INTEREST.

ON CURRENT DEPOSITS.

Payable on demand.

Not subject to Commission.....	{ 2½ per cent. per annum.
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ON FIXED DEPOSIT.

Allowed	Payable in one sum at 3 months' notice.....	} 4 per cent.
	" " at 1 " " " " "	} 3 " "
Charged	On Government Bills.....	4 " "
	" Private, not exceeding 3 m. dt..	7 " "
	" Ditto exceeding 3 do.....	8 " "
	" Loans on Government Notes.....	6 " "
" Goods, &c.....	7 " "	

EXCHANGE.

On London at 6 months' sight above	£50	at 1s. 10½d. per Rupee.
" " " " " " " "	£20	1s. 10¼d. " "
" " " " " " " "	£20	1s. 9½d. " "
" " " " " " " "	£5	1s. 9¾d. " "

Circular Notes payable throughout	}	1s. 9¾d. "
Europe, and Drafts on Ireland and		
Scotland at 1 day's sight.....		

For the convenience of Parties not resident in Bombay, the Bank undertakes to supply drafts, or to remit to Europe, by its own Drafts on the Union Bank of London, at the Current Exchange, without any charge for commission, on receiving the Equivalent.

Parties desirous to avail themselves of this arrangement are requested to address "The Manager of the Oriental Bank, Bombay;" and when they send an Order or Huddle in payment of the required remittance, to make the same payable to him:—they are also requested to state as distinctly as possible the name and address of the party to whom the remittance is to be made.

COMMISSION.

Charged on the purchase or sale of Government	}	½ per cent.
Notes, Shares in Public Companies or other		
Securities.....		

Rampart Row, Bombay,
29th October 1849.

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