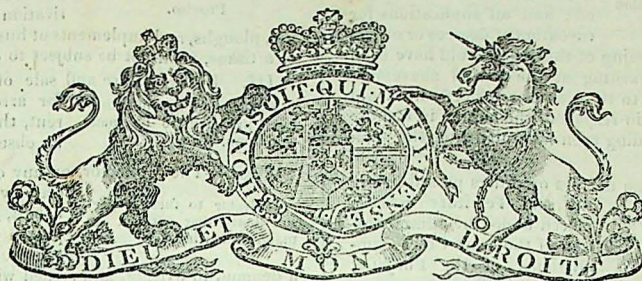


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NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1831.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council having sanctioned the publication of a weekly paper, to be styled the "BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE," notice is hereby given, that after this day all advertisements and other public papers of the Government will be printed in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE only: and all orders or other public notices appearing in that paper, under the signature of the Secretaries, or other public officers of the Government, are hereby ordered and directed to be conformed to and obeyed accordingly.

Bombay Castle, 18th January 1832.

When official notifications from the Government are inserted in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, no communication on the same subject will be made in writing to any department concerned; but all public officers are required to take notice of such official notifications in the same manner as if they had been directly communicated to them by letter from the Secretary's office, and as heads of offices alone will be furnished by Government with the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, they will be expected to communicate to their subordinate officers all orders which may in any manner concern them.

The Bombay Government Gazettes furnished by Government to public offices are to be lodged with the records, and are not to be removed from the office.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN BAX, Secy. to Govt.

NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Bycullah.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

Legislative Council of India.

18th December 1858.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 11th December 1858 (communicated to the Legislative Council on the 18th idem), and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XXXVIII. OF 1858.

An Act to Repeal Regulation V. 1832 of the Bengal Code, and to make certain Provisions rendered necessary by the Transfer of the Delhi Territory to the Administration of the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab.

Whereas the whole of the Delhi Territory, except such part thereof as is specified in the Schedule to this

Preamble.

Act annexed, has been placed under the administration of the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, and it is expedient that Regulation V. 1832 of the Bengal Code should be repealed; It is enacted as follows:—

I. Regulation V. 1832 of the Bengal Code is hereby repealed, except as to that part of the Delhi Territory

which is mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed.

II. All suits and proceedings which were pending in any Court or before any Officer within any part of the said Territory, except as aforesaid, at the time when the

Suits and proceedings pending at the time of the transfer of the Territory.

same was placed under the administration of the said Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, and which have been or shall be transferred to the Courts or Officers which have been or shall be established or appointed for the administration of Civil and Criminal justice, and the collection of the Revenues therein, shall be deemed to have been lawfully transferred to such Courts and Officers according to their respective jurisdictions; and

Suits instituted subsequently. any suits or proceedings which, subsequently to the time when the said Territory

was so placed under such administration, shall have been instituted in any such Court, or before any such Officer, shall be deemed to have been lawfully instituted.

III. Any suit which, prior to the time when the said Territory was placed

Suits determined before the transfer, but which may be remanded by an Appellate Court. under the administration of the said Chief Commissioner, had been determined, and which hath been or shall be

remanded by any Appellate Court, shall be tried before the Court which, for the time being, would be competent to try such a suit if instituted after the passing of this Act.

IV. All appeals or proceedings now pending in the Court of Sudder Dewanee

Appeals or proceedings now pending before the Sudder Court or Board. Adawlut, or in the Court of Nizamut Adawlut, or before the Sudder Board of Revenue for the North-Western Provinces, shall be deter-

mined by such Court or Board, in the same manner as if this Act had not been passed; and all applications for execution of decrees or orders which, but for the passing of this Act, would have been made to any Court existing at the period abovementioned, shall be made to the Court or Officer who would have had jurisdiction in respect of the matter in dispute had the suit or proceeding been instituted after the passing of this Act.

V. All appeals from decrees or orders passed before the said Territory was so placed under the administration of the said Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, which were not pending when the said Territory was so placed under the administration of the said Chief Commissioner, shall be received, heard, and determined by the Courts or Officers who would have had jurisdiction over such appeals, had the decrees or orders to which they relate been passed after the passing of this Act; and all decisions or orders passed by any such Courts or Officers on any appeals which may have been preferred between the date on which the said Territory was so placed under the administration of the said Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, and the date of the passing of this Act, shall be of the same force as if such decisions or orders had been passed after the passing of this Act.

SCHEDULE.

The tract commonly called the Eastern Pergunnah, lying on the left bank of the Jumna.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council of India.

18th December 1858.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 11th December 1858 (communicated to the Legislative Council on the 18th idem), and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XXXIX. of 1858.

An Act for the better Recovery of Arrears of Revenue under Ryotwar Settlements in the Madras Presidency.

Whereas difficulties occur in applying the rules of Regulation XXVIII. 1802 of the Madras Code to lands under Ryotwar Settlements, or otherwise subject to a Khas collection on the part of Government, and it is expedient to modify those rules; and whereas it is necessary to provide that the Collector shall, at his discretion, proceed to realise arrears of such Revenue by the sale of either the moveable or immoveable property of defaulters; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

I. Act XXIII. of 1856 (*for the better Recovery of Arrears of Revenue under Ryotwar Settlements in the Madras Presidency*) is hereby repealed, except so far as relates to indemnity for anything done before the passing of that Act.

II. Whenever the Revenue or rent of any such lands is withheld beyond the day on which it falls due according to the Kistbundy, or other engagement, or, where no particular day is fixed, then beyond the time when such Revenue or rent becomes payable, agreeably to local usage, the Collector shall have authority to proceed for the recovery of such arrears by the distress and the sale of the moveable property, or the sale of the immoveable pro-

perty of the defaulter, wherever found. Provided that bullocks, necessary to the cultivation of a tenant's holding, ploughs, and implements of husbandry, and the tools of artisans, shall not be subject to distraint or sale.

III. In the seizure and sale of moveable property for arrears of Revenue or rent, the following rules shall be observed:—

First.—The Collector, or any other Officer empowered by the Collector in that behalf, shall furnish, to the person employed to distraint the property of a defaulter, a demand in writing, and signed with his name, specifying the amount of the arrear for which the distress may be issued, and the date on which the arrear fell due.

The person so deputed shall produce the writing as authority for making the distress, and, on the day on which the property may be distrained, shall deliver a copy of such writing to the defaulter, endorsing thereon a list or inventory of the property distrained, and the name of the place where it may be lodged or kept.

Second.—The writing shall further set forth that the distrained property will be immediately brought to public sale, unless the amount and the expense of the distress be previously discharged.

Third.—When a defaulter may be absent, a copy of the writing, with the endorsement, shall be fixed or left at his usual place of residence before the expiration of the third day, calculating from the day of the distress.

IV. Where a defaulter, on receiving notice, may neglect to pay the amount due, or to give satisfactory security for early payment, or where a defaulter may have absconded, or may be otherwise not forthcoming, so that the notice cannot be served upon him, the distrainer shall, in either case, transmit an inventory of the property distrained to the nearest public Officer empowered to sell distrained property, in order that it may be publicly sold for the discharge of the arrear due.

V. Where a defaulter may tender payment of the arrear demanded, after his property may have been distrained, and prior to the day fixed for sale, together with payment of the necessary expenses attending the distress, the distrainer shall receive the amount of such arrear and expenses immediately upon the same being tendered, and shall forthwith release the property.

VI. The distrainer attaching the crops or ungathered products of the lands belonging to a defaulter, may cause them to be sold when fit for reaping or gathering, or, at his option, may cause them to be reaped or gathered in due season and stored in proper places until sold. In the latter case, the expense of reaping or gathering and storing such crops or products shall be defrayed by the owner upon his redeeming the property, or from the proceeds of the sale in the event of its being sold.

VII. The distrainer shall not work the bullocks or cattle, or make use of the goods or effects, distrained; he shall provide the necessary food for the cattle or live-stock, the expense attending which shall be defrayed by the owner upon his redeeming the property, or from the proceeds of the sale in the event of its being sold.

VIII. Where property

Officer responsible for neglect in respect to distrained property.

or damage shall be made good by the Officer whose neglect occasioned the loss or damage.

IX. The distress levied shall not be excessive,

Distress to be proportionate to the arrear.

that is to say, the property distrained shall be as nearly as possible proportionate to the amount of the arrear.

X. Distress shall be made after sunrise and before sunset, and not otherwise.

Time for distress.

XI. Where a defaulter may make a fraudulent conveyance of property to prevent the distress for arrears, the Zillah Court, upon proof thereof, shall summarily cause the property to be delivered up to the distrainer, and may impose on the parties to the fraud such fine, not exceeding one-half of the value of the property, as it may think proper.

Penalty for fraudulent conveyance of property to prevent distress.

cause the property to be delivered up to the distrainer, and may impose on the parties to the fraud such fine, not exceeding one-half of the value of the property, as it may think proper.

XII. Where a person, not being a defaulter or responsible for a defaulter, may claim a right to the property distrained, and the distrainer may, notwithstanding, cause the same to be sold, the claimants, on proof of such right in the Zillah Court, and in the event of the distrainer being unable to prove the responsibility for the arrear of Revenue or rent on account of which the property may have been sold, shall recover from the distrainer the full value of such property, with costs and damages, according to the circumstances of the case. But claims to crops upon the ground, or to gathered products of the ground attached, in the possession of the defaulter, whether founded upon a previous sale, mortgage, or otherwise, shall not bar the prior claim of Revenue or rent due from the ground upon which such crop or product may have been grown.

Claims to property distrained and sold.

may, notwithstanding, cause the same to be sold, the claimants, on proof of such right in the Zillah Court, and in the event of the distrainer being unable to prove the responsibility for the arrear of Revenue or rent on account of which the property may have been sold, shall recover from the distrainer the full value of such property, with costs and damages, according to the circumstances of the case. But claims to crops upon the ground, or to gathered products of the ground attached, in the possession of the defaulter, whether founded upon a previous sale, mortgage, or otherwise, shall not bar the prior claim of Revenue or rent due from the ground upon which such crop or product may have been grown.

XIII. Where it may be proved to the satisfaction of the Zillah Court that any person has forcibly or clandestinely taken away property once distrained, the Court may cause such person to be imprisoned for a period not exceeding six months, or until he sooner restore the property, or make good the value of it to the distrainer, and may also impose on him a fine not exceeding the value of such property.

Penalty for forcibly or clandestinely taking away distrained property.

Court may cause such person to be imprisoned for a period not exceeding six months, or until he sooner restore the property, or make good the value of it to the distrainer, and may also impose on him a fine not exceeding the value of such property.

XIV. The distrainer shall have power to force open any stable, cow-house, golah, granary, godown, out-house, or other building, as also to enter any dwelling-house, the outer door of which may be open (excepting the apartments in such dwelling-house appropriated for the Zenana, or residence of women), and to break open the door of any room in such dwelling-house for the purpose of attaching property belonging to a defaulter and lodged therein.

What places distrainer may force open.

also to enter any dwelling-house, the outer door of which may be open (excepting the apartments in such dwelling-house appropriated for the Zenana, or residence of women), and to break open the door of any room in such dwelling-house for the purpose of attaching property belonging to a defaulter and lodged therein.

XV. Where a distrainer may have reason to suppose that the property of a defaulter is lodged within a dwelling-house the outer door of which may be shut, or within any apartments appropriated to women which, by the usage of the country, are considered private, such distrainer shall represent the same to the head Officer of the Police (within whose jurisdiction the house may be situated), and on such representation, the head Officer of the Police shall send a Police Officer to the spot, in the presence of whom the distrainer may force open the outer door of such dwelling-house, in like manner as they

Powers of distrainer to force open doors in the presence of a Police Officer.

or within any apartments appropriated to women which, by the usage of the country, are considered private, such distrainer shall represent the same to the head Officer of the Police (within whose jurisdiction the house may be situated), and on such representation, the head Officer of the Police shall send a Police Officer to the spot, in the presence of whom the distrainer may force open the outer door of such dwelling-house, in like manner as they

may break open the door of any room within the house except the Zenana; the distrainer may also, in the presence of the Police Officer, after due notice given for the removal of women within a Zenana, and after furnishing means for their removal in a suitable manner (if they be women of rank who, according to the customs of the country, cannot appear in public), enter the Zenana apartments for the purpose of distraining the defaulter's property deposited therein; but such property, if found, shall be immediately removed from such apartments, after which they shall be left free to the former occupants; and nothing in this Act shall be understood to authorise a distrainer or his agent to force open the door of a dwelling-house, or to enter the apartments of women which, by the usage of the country, are considered private, in any other mode than is herein prescribed.

XVI. Persons entering the apartments of women, or forcing open the outer door of dwelling-houses, contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding six months.

Punishment for unlawful entry.

shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding six months.

XVII. The Public Officer empowered to sell distressed property shall cause to be affixed to the outer door of the defaulter's house a list of the property to be sold, with a notice specifying the place where and the day and hour at which the distressed property will be sold, and shall cause proclamation of the intended sale to be made by beat of drum in the village to which the lands, on which the arrear has accrued, may belong, and in such place or places as the Collector may consider necessary to give due publicity to the sale. No sale shall take place until after the expiration of a period of fifteen days from the date on which the notice may be so affixed.

Proclamation to be made of the time of sale, and of the property to be sold.

a list of the property to be sold, with a notice specifying the place where and the day and hour at which the distressed property will be sold, and shall cause proclamation of the intended sale to be made by beat of drum in the village to which the lands, on which the arrear has accrued, may belong, and in such place or places as the Collector may consider necessary to give due publicity to the sale. No sale shall take place until after the expiration of a period of fifteen days from the date on which the notice may be so affixed.

XVIII. At the appointed time, the property shall be put up in one or more lots, as the distrainer may consider advisable, and shall be disposed of to the highest bidder. Where the property may sell for more than the amount of the arrear, the overplus, after deducting expenses of process and interest, shall be paid to the defaulter.

Sale how to be conducted.

as the distrainer may consider advisable, and shall be disposed of to the highest bidder. Where the property may sell for more than the amount of the arrear, the overplus, after deducting expenses of process and interest, shall be paid to the defaulter.

XIX. The property shall be paid for in ready money at the time of sale, or as soon after as the Officer holding the sale shall appoint, and the purchaser shall not be permitted to carry away any part of the property until he has paid for the same. Where the purchaser may fail in the payment of the purchase money, the property shall be resold, and the defaulting purchaser shall make good to the distrainer any loss arising, as well as the expenses incurred on the re-sale.

Payment on the purchase of distressed property how to be made.

the purchaser shall not be permitted to carry away any part of the property until he has paid for the same. Where the purchaser may fail in the payment of the purchase money, the property shall be resold, and the defaulting purchaser shall make good to the distrainer any loss arising, as well as the expenses incurred on the re-sale.

XX. When a defaulter shall not have any moveable property of which distress can be made, or when, after the moveable property of such defaulter shall have been distrained and sold, the arrear due with interest and all expenses of the distress and sale is not liquidated by the proceeds of such sale, the Collector shall have authority to proceed against and sell the immovable property of the defaulter for the amount due, with interest and all expenses attending such sale.

When Collector may sell the real property instead of, or in addition to, the personal property of the defaulter.

after the moveable property of such defaulter shall have been distrained and sold, the arrear due with interest and all expenses of the distress and sale is not liquidated by the proceeds of such sale, the Collector shall have authority to proceed against and sell the immovable property of the defaulter for the amount due, with interest and all expenses attending such sale.

XXI. Immediately on the occurrence of an arrear, or at any subsequent period, the Collector shall have authority to attach, at his discretion, the whole or such portion of a defaulter's immovable property as he may deem sufficient to answer the amount in arrear, but the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue shall, in all cases, be necessary for the sale of immovable property.

Previous sanction of the Board of Revenue necessary for the sale of immovable property.

the Collector shall have authority to attach, at his discretion, the whole or such portion of a defaulter's immovable property as he may deem sufficient to answer the amount in arrear, but the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue shall, in all cases, be necessary for the sale of immovable property.

XXII. The provisions of Sections XI., XII., XIII., XV., XVI., and XVII., Regulation XXVI. 1802, shall be applicable to sales of immoveable property under this Act, but a Persian translation of the sale advertisement shall not be necessary.

XXIII. When the immoveable property of a defaulter is first attached and sold, if the arrear due, with interest, expenses of attachment, and sale, and all other just charges, be not fully liquidated by the sale, the Collector may cause the moveable property of the defaulter to be distrained and sold for the recovery of the balance thereof, with interest and all expenses of distress and sale.

XXIV. When arrears of Revenue or rent, with interest and other charges as aforesaid, may not be liquidated by the sale of the property of the defaulter, and the Collector shall have reason to believe that the defaulter is wilfully withholding payment of the arrears, or has been guilty of any fraudulent conduct in order to evade payment, it shall be lawful for him to cause the arrest of the defaulter, in the manner prescribed in Section XIII. of Regulation XXVII. 1802; but no person shall be imprisoned on account of an arrear of Revenue for a longer period than two years, or for a longer period than six months if the arrear does not exceed five hundred Rupees, or for a longer period than three months if the arrear does not exceed fifty Rupees.

XXV. Persons aggrieved by the Collector's acts, under the preceding Section, may proceed in the Zillah Court according to the provisions of Sections XI. and XII. Regulation XXVII. 1802. The provisions of the said Sections shall be applicable to such proceedings, and no other proceeding in any Court shall be had or taken against the Collector.

XXVI. Interest at one per centum per mensem shall be charged on all arrears of rent or Revenue under this Act, from and after thirty days after the arrear has accrued.

XXVII. Regulation V. 1822 shall not be applicable to sales of property under this Act.

XXVIII. Arrears of Revenue due to Government, other than land Revenue, and demands recoverable as arrears of Revenue, shall hereafter be recoverable in the same manner as arrears of land Revenue may be recovered under the provisions of this Act.

XXIX. Regulation XXVIII. 1802 shall be inoperative as respects arrears of Revenue recoverable under this Act.

XXX. The amount of any fine, imposed under this Act, shall be recoverable by the Collector in the manner prescribed in this Act for the recovery of arrears of Revenue or rent.

XXXI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to prevent parties, aggrieved by any proceedings under this Act, except as hereinbefore provided, from applying to the Courts of Adawlat for redress.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council of India.

18th December 1858.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 11th December 1858, (communicated to the Legislative Council on the 18th idem), and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XL. OF 1858.

An Act for making better Provision for the Care of the Persons and Property of Minors in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for the care of the persons and property of Minors, not brought under the superintendence of the Court of Wards; It is enacted as follows:—

I. Regulation I. 1800, Clause 8 and the six following Clauses of Section XXIX. Regulations repealed. Regulation VIII. 1805, Section V. Regulation XVII. 1805, and so much of Sections II. and III. Regulation V. 1799, and of Clauses 2 and 3 Section XVI. Regulation III. 1803, as restrict the interference of the Civil Courts in cases of inheritance by Minors, are repealed.

II. Except in the case of proprietors of estates paying Revenue to Government, who have been or shall be taken under the protection of the Court of Wards, the care of the persons of all Minors (not being European British subjects), and the charge of their property, shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Civil Court.

III. Every person who shall claim a right to have charge of property in trust for a Minor, under a Will or Deed, or by reason of nearness of kin, or otherwise, may apply to the Civil Court for a Certificate of administration; and no person shall be entitled to institute or defend any suit connected with the estate of which he claims the charge, until he shall have obtained such Certificate. Provided, that when the property is of small value, or for any other sufficient reason, any Court having jurisdiction may allow any relative of a Minor to institute or defend a suit on his behalf, although a Certificate of administration has not been granted to such relative.

IV. Any relative or friend of a Minor, in respect of whose property such certificate has not been granted, or, if the property consist in whole or in part of land or any interest in land, the Collector of the District may apply to the Civil Court to appoint a fit person to take charge of the property and person of such Minor.

V. If the property be situate in more than one District, any such application as aforesaid shall be made to the Civil Court of the District in which the Minor has his residence.

VI. When an application shall have been made to the Civil Court, either by a person claiming a right to have charge of the property of a Minor, or by any relative or friend of a Minor, or by the Collector, the Court shall issue notice of the application, and fix a day for hearing the same. On the day so fixed, or as soon after as may be convenient, the

Who may apply to Court to appoint a person to take charge of the property, &c. of a Minor.

To what Court application to be made, if property be situate in more than one District.

Inquiry to be made by Court on application.

Court shall inquire summarily into the circumstances, and pass orders in the case. Provided always, that it shall be competent to the

Proviso.

Civil Court to direct, and Court subordinate to it to make, such inquiry, and report the result.

VII. If it shall appear that any person claiming a right to have charge of the property of a Minor is entitled to such right by virtue of a Will or Deed, and is willing to undertake the trust, the Court shall grant a Certificate of administration to such person. If there is no person so entitled, or if such person is unwilling to undertake the trust, and there is any near relative of the Minor who is willing and fit to be entrusted with the charge of his property, the Court may grant a Certificate to such relative. The

Court may appoint such person Guardian.

Court may also, if it think fit (unless a Guardian have been appointed by the father), appoint such person as aforesaid, or such relative, or any other relative or friend of the Minor, to be Guardian of the person of the Minor.

VIII. The Court may call upon the Collector or Magistrate for a report on the character and qualification of any relative or friend of the Minor who may be entrusted with the charge of his property or person.

IX. If no title to a Certificate be established to the satisfaction of the Court by a person claiming under a Will or Deed, and if there be no near relative willing and fit to be entrusted with the charge of the property of

the Minor, and the Court shall think it to be necessary, for the interest of the Minor, that provision should be made by the Court for the charge of his property and person, the Court may proceed to make such provision in the manner hereinafter provided.

X. If the estate of the Minor consist of moveable property, or of houses, gardens, or the like, the Court may grant a Certificate to the Public Curator appointed under Section XIX. Act

XIX. of 1841, or, if there be no Public Curator, to any fit person whom the Court may appoint for the purpose

XI. Whenever the Court shall grant a Certificate of administration to the

Appointment of Guardian. estate of a Minor to the Public Curator or other person as aforesaid, it shall at the same time appoint a Guardian to take charge of the person and maintenance of the Minor. The person to whom a Certificate of administration has been granted, unless he be the Public Curator, may be appointed Guardian. If the person appointed to be Guardian be unwilling to discharge the trust gratuitously, the Court may assign him such allowance, to be paid out of the estate of the Minor, as under the circumstances of the case it may think suitable. The Court may also fix such allowance as it may think proper for the maintenance of the Minor; and such allowance, and the allowance of the Guardian (if any), shall be paid to the Guardian by the Public Curator or other person as aforesaid.

XII. If the estate of the Minor consist, in whole or in part, of land, or any interest in land, the Court may direct the Collector to take charge of the estate, and thereupon the Collector shall appoint a Manager of the property of the Minor, and a Guardian of his person, in the same manner, and subject to the same rules in respect of such appointments, and of the duties to be performed by the manager and

the Guardian respectively, so far as the same may be applicable, as if the property and person of the Minor were subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Wards.

XIII. In all inquiries held by the Civil Court under

Payment of costs.

this Act, the Court may make such order as to the payment of costs by the person on whose application the inquiry was made, or out of the estate of the Minor, or otherwise, as it may think proper.

XIV. Whenever one or more of the proprietors of

an estate, which has come under the jurisdiction of the Court of Wards on account of the disqualification of all the proprietors, ceases to be disqualified, and the estate, in consequence, ceases to be

subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Wards, notwithstanding the continued disqualification of one or more of the co-proprietors, the Collector of the District in which the estate is situate may represent the fact to the Civil Court; and the Court, unless it see sufficient reason to the contrary, shall direct the Collector to retain charge of the persons and of the shares of the property of the still disqualified proprietors, during the continuance of their disqualification, or until such time as it shall be otherwise ordered by the Court. The Collector shall in such case appoint a Guardian for the care of the persons, and a manager for the charge of the property, of the disqualified proprietors, in the manner prescribed in Section XII. If the property be situate in more than one District, the representation shall be made by

Provision for case of estates situated in more than one District.

the Collector who had the general management of the property under the Court of Wards to the Civil Court of his own District, and the orders of the Court of that District shall have effect also in other Districts in which portions of the property may be situate.

XV. The proceedings of the Collector in the charge

of estates under this Act shall be subject to the control of the superior Revenue Authorities.

XVI. The Public Curator, and every other Administrator to whom a Certificate

shall be granted under Section X. shall, within six months from the date of the Certificate, deliver in Court an inventory of any

immoveable property belonging to the Minor, and of all such sums of money, goods, effects, and things, as he shall have received on account of the estate, together with a statement of all debts due by or to the same. And the Public Curator, and every such other Administrator, shall furnish annually, within three months from the close of the year of the era current in the District, an account of the property in his charge, exhibiting the amounts received and disbursed on account of the estate, and the balance in hand. If any relative or friend of a Minor, or any Public Officer, by petition to the Court, shall impugn the accuracy of the said inventory and statement, or of any annual account, the Court may summon the Curator or Administrator, and inquire summarily into the matter, and make such order thereon as it shall think proper, or the Court at its discretion may refer such petition to any subordinate Court.

XVII. All sums received by the Public Curator or such other Administrator, on account of any estate, in excess of what may be required for the current expenses of the Minor or of the estate, shall be paid into the public Treasury on account of the estate, and may be invested from time to time in the public securities.

Public Curator, &c. to pay proceeds of estates into Treasury. Surplus funds to be invested in public securities.

When the estate consists of land, Court may direct Collector to take charge of estate.

XVIII. Every person to whom a Certificate shall

Powers of person to whom Certificate has been granted in the management of a Minor's estate.

to have been granted, under the provisions of this Act, may exercise the same powers in the management of the Estate as might have been exercised by the proprietor if not a Minor, and may collect and pay all just claims, debts, and liabilities due to or by the estate of the Minor. But no such person shall have power to sell or mortgage any immoveable property, or to grant a lease thereof for any period exceeding five years, without an order of the Civil Court previously obtained.

XIX. It shall be lawful for any relative or friend

Relative or friend may sue of a Minor, at any time for an account.

of a Minor, at any time during the continuance of the minority, to sue for an account from any Manager appointed under this Act, or from any person to whom a Certificate shall have been granted under the provisions of this Act, or from any such Manager or person after his removal from office or trust, or from his personal representative in case of his death, in respect of any estate then or formerly under his care or management, or of any sums of money or other property received by him on account of such estate.

XX. If the disqualification of a person for whose

Continuance of suit instituted under this Act after disqualification shall have ceased.

benefit a suit shall have been instituted under this Act cease before the final decision thereof, it shall be lawful for such person to continue the prosecution of the suit on his own behalf.

XXI. The Civil Court, for any sufficient cause, may

Recall of Certificate.

recall any Certificate granted under this Act, and may direct the Collector to take charge of the estate, or may grant a Certificate to the Public Curator or any other person, as the case may be; and may compel the person, whose Certificate has been recalled, to make over the property in his hands to his successor, and to account to such successor for all monies received and disbursed by him. The Court may also, for any sufficient cause, remove any Guardian appointed by the Court.

Removal of Guardian.

XXII. The Civil Court may impose a fine not exceeding Five hundred Rupees

Penalty for neglect or refusal to deliver accounts or property.

on any person who may wilfully neglect or refuse to deliver his accounts, or any property in his hands, within the prescribed time, or a time fixed by the Court, and may realise such fine by attachment and sale of his property under the rules in force for the execution of decrees of Court, and may also commit the recusant to close custody until he shall consent to deliver such accounts or property.

XXIII. The Civil Court may permit any person to

Civil Court may permit whom a certificate shall have resignation of trust, &c.

been granted under this Act, not being the Public Curator, and any Guardian appointed by the Court, to resign his trust, and may give him a discharge therefrom on his accounting to his successor, duly appointed, for all monies received and disbursed by him, and making over the property in his hands.

XXIV. The Public Curator, and every other Admi-

Remuneration of Public Curator, &c.

nistrator to whom a Certificate shall have been granted under Section X. shall be entitled to receive such commission not exceeding five per centum on the sums received and disbursed by him, or such other allowance, to be paid out of the Minor's estate, as the Civil Court shall think fit.

XXV. Every Guardian appointed by the Civil

Guardians of Minors to provide for their education.

Court, or by the Collector, under this Act, who shall have charge of any male Minor, shall be bound to provide for his education in

a suitable manner. The general superintendence and control of the education of all such Minors shall be vested in the Civil Court or in the Collector, as the case may be; and the provisions of Act XXVI. of 1854

Act XXVI. of 1854 declared applicable.

(For making better provision for the Education of Male Minors subject to the super-

intendence of the Court of Wards) shall, so far as is consistent with the provisions herein contained, be applicable to the Civil Court, or to the Collector, as the case may be, in respect to such Minors, and to every such Guardian.

XXVI. For the purposes of this Act, every person

Persons under the age of 18 years to be held Minors for the purposes of this Act.

shall be held to be a Minor who has not attained the age of eighteen years.

XXVII. Nothing in

Act not to authorise the appointment of Guardians of certain married women and other persons.

this Act shall authorise the appointment of a Guardian of the person of a female whose husband is not a Minor, or the appointment of a Guardian of the person

of any Minor whose father is living and is not a Minor; and nothing in this Act shall authorise the appointment of any person other than a female as the Guardian of the person of a female. If a Guardian of the person of a Minor be appointed during the minority of the father or husband of the Minor, the Guardianship shall cease as soon as the father or husband (as the case may be) shall attain the age of majority.

XXVIII. All orders passed by the Civil Court, or by

Appeals.

any Subordinate Court under this Act, shall be open to appeal under the rules in force for appeals, in miscellaneous cases, from the orders of such Court and the Subordinate Courts.

XXIX. The expression "Civil Court," as used in

Interpretation.

"Civil Court."

this Act, shall be held to mean the principal Court of original jurisdiction in the District, and shall not include the Supreme Court; and nothing contained in this Act shall be held to affect the powers of the Supreme Court over the person or property of any Minor subject to its jurisdiction.

Number.

Unless the contrary appears from the context, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number, and words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

Gender.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council of India.

18th December 1858.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th December 1858, and was referred to a Select Committee, who are to report thereon after the 22nd of March next:—

A Bill to Amend Act XVIII. of 1848 (for the Administration of the Estate of the late Nabob of Surat, and to continue Privileges to his Family.)

Whereas it is expedient to amend Act XVIII. of

Preamble.

1848, in order that the proceedings of the Governor of Bombay in Council in respect to the administration to and distribution of the Estate of the late Nabob of Surat may be subject to such appeal as is hereinafter provided; It is enacted as follows:—

I. So much of Section II. of Act XVIII. of 1848

Part of Section II. Act XVIII. of 1848 repealed.

as enacts that "no act of the said Governor of Bombay in Council, in respect to

the administration to and distribution of such property as is therein referred to, from the date of the death of the said late Nabob, shall be liable to be questioned in any Court of Law or Equity," is repealed.

II. No act of the said Governor of Bombay in

No act of Governor of Bombay in Council, in respect to the administration of the late Nabob's Estate, to be questioned in any Court, or to be appealable, except as provided by this Act.

be subject to any appeal, save as is hereinafter provided.

III. All orders and decisions of the said Governor

Decisions of Governor in Council, respecting the administration of the Estate, to be deemed judicial decisions, and to be subject to appeal to Her Majesty in Council.

sions of a Court of Justice, and shall be subject to appeal to Her Majesty in Council, it being intended that the said orders and decisions shall be open to appeal in like manner as orders passed by the said Governor in Council under the provisions of Clause I. Section V. Regulation XXIX. 1827 of the Bombay Code.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council of India.

11th December 1855.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 4th December 1855, and was referred to a Select Committee, who are to report thereon after the 15th of February next:—

A Bill to Amend the Law for the Trial of Officers of the Bengal Pilot Service for Breach of Duty.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the law for the trial of persons employed in the Pilot Service of Government, at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, when accused of breach of duty; It is enacted as follows:—

I. Act XXIV. of 1845 (*For Establishing a Court for the Trial of Officers of the Pilot Service accused of Breach of Duty*) and Act I. of 1851 (*For the Appropriation of Fines levied under Act XXIV. of 1845*), are hereby repealed.

II. When any person employed in the Pilot Service of Government at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal shall be accused of having committed any breach of duty while engaged in such Service, and it shall appear to the Superintendent of Marine, or to the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, that such person ought to be brought to trial for such breach of duty, such person shall be brought to trial upon a charge or charges framed by the said Superintendent of Marine, or such other person as the said Lieutenant Governor shall direct, before a Court constituted under the provisions of this Act.

III. The Lieutenant Governor of Bengal shall appoint a fit person to be Judge of the said Court.

IV. When the Judge of the said Court shall be about to hold a trial under this Act, he shall summon, by writing under his hand, three persons, two of whom shall be Merchants of Calcutta and one a Master of a Merchant Ship lying in the Port of Calcutta, to sit as a Jury at the said trial. If any such person, when duly summoned, shall, without lawful cause, neglect or refuse

to attend at the time appointed, or to remain in attendance until the trial shall be completed, it shall be lawful for the said Judge to impose upon any such person a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every such default; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter under a warrant to be issued for that purpose by the Judge. Such warrant may be transmitted by the Judge to any Magistrate of Police for the town of Calcutta, and thereupon such Magistrate shall endorse the same, and shall cause it to be executed in the same manner as if the warrant had been issued by such Magistrate.

V. The Lieutenant Governor shall appoint such person as he may think proper, to conduct the proceedings before the Court as Prosecutor on the part of Government.

VI. The Judge of the said Court shall give sufficient notice to the Prosecutor, and to the party accused, of the time and place at which it is proposed to hold the trial.

VII. Before the commencement of any trial under this Act, the persons summoned and attending as Jurors shall be sworn by the Judge of the Court to give a true verdict according to the evidence.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the Judge of the said Court, at the instance of the Prosecutor, or of the party accused, or of his own motion, by writing under his

hand, to summon any person to attend as a witness at a time and place to be specified in the summons, for the purpose of being examined at any trial before the said Court; or if such person shall be about to depart from

Calcutta, so as to be unable to attend at such trial without serious inconvenience, then to be examined before the Judge of the said Court before the day fixed for the trial: provided always, that due notice of the time and place of such examination shall be given to the accused party; provided also, that such witness may nevertheless be examined at the trial, if he shall be able to attend thereat, in which case his previous examination may also be read at the trial.

IX. If any person who shall have been duly summoned to attend as a witness shall, without sufficient excuse, neglect or refuse to attend, or, attending, shall refuse to give evidence, or to answer any question which may be lawfully put to him, such person shall forfeit and pay such fine, not exceeding five hundred Rupees, as the Judge of the said Court shall order; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person ordered to pay the same, in the manner prescribed in Section IV. of this Act.

X. The evidence of every witness examined before the said Court shall be given on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, according to the rules in force in the Supreme Court.

XI. Upon the completion of the trial, the Jurors shall give their verdict upon the charge, or, if there be more than one, upon each separate charge. The verdict shall be according to the opinion of the majority of Jurors.

XII. If, by such verdict, the accused person is found guilty of the charge, or of any one or more of the charges preferred against him, the said Court shall give the sentence of Court if the accused be found guilty.

the Judge of the Court shall sentence him to be dismissed from the said Pilot Service, or shall award such other punishment, by loss of rank or pay, or by suspension from employment for a specified period, as to the Judge shall appear fit. The Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, may prepare a Schedule of offences and punishments (such punishments being of the same nature as those hereinbefore mentioned) for the guidance of the said Court; and if such Schedule be prepared and sanctioned, and the charge proved before the said Court is an offence specified in such Schedule, the Judge of the said Court shall award such punishment as is prescribed for such offence in the said Schedule, and no other. If by such verdict as

Schedule of offences and punishments to be prepared.

being of the same nature as those hereinbefore mentioned) for the guidance of the said Court; and if such Schedule be prepared and sanctioned, and the charge proved before the said Court is an offence specified in such Schedule, the Judge of the said Court shall award such punishment as is prescribed for such offence in the said Schedule, and no other. If by such verdict as aforesaid the accused person is found not guilty of the charge or charges preferred against him, the Judge shall declare him acquitted of the same.

Acquittal.

XIII. The Proceedings of the Court shall be sent by the Judge to the Superintendent of Marine for submission to the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal; and no sentence of punishment, pronounced by the Judge of the said Court, shall be final until it has been approved of by the said Lieutenant Governor. The said Lieutenant Governor may remit the whole or any part of such sentence, or may direct the substitution of any mitigated punishment in lieu of the punishment awarded by the said Court, as he shall think fit.

Government may remit sentence, or mitigate punishment.

substitution of any mitigated punishment in lieu of the punishment awarded by the said Court, as he shall think fit.

XIV. If it shall appear to the Judge of the said Court that the verdict of the Jurors is manifestly contrary to the evidence, or that the trial is otherwise insufficient, the Judge, instead of passing sentence on the accused person, or declaring him acquitted, as the case may be, may certify the same to the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal. If the verdict of the Jurors be a verdict of acquittal, the said Lieutenant Governor may either direct that no further proceedings shall be taken in the case, or may order a new trial before another Jury, as he shall think fit. If the verdict be a verdict of conviction, the said Lieutenant Governor shall order a new trial before another Jury.

If verdict of Jurors be manifestly contrary to evidence, or trial be otherwise insufficient.

the Judge, instead of passing sentence on the accused person, or declaring him acquitted, as the case may be, may certify the same to the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal. If the verdict of the Jurors be a verdict of acquittal, the said Lieutenant Governor may either direct that no further proceedings shall be taken in the case, or may order a new trial before another Jury, as he shall think fit. If the verdict be a verdict of conviction, the said Lieutenant Governor shall order a new trial before another Jury.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal to make such rules as he shall think proper, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for conducting the proceedings and regulating the practice of the said Court.

XVI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to restrict the Marine Authorities or the Government from passing such orders as may be deemed proper, upon any charge of breach of duty preferred against any person employed in the said Pilot Service, when it shall not be deemed necessary that such person should be brought to trial for such breach of duty under the provisions of this Act.

Service, when it shall not be deemed necessary that such person should be brought to trial for such breach of duty under the provisions of this Act.

XVII. The provisions of this Act shall extend to all persons employed in the Pilot Service at the said Presidency, and borne on the rolls of the Government establishment, whether such persons receive fixed salaries, or are remunerated by a portion of the Pilotage charged on the vessels piloted by them, or in any other manner.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Contract for the FERRY between PANWELL and BOMBAY, in the Tanna Collectorate, from 10th February 1859 to 31st September 1859, under Act XXXV. of 1850, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on Tuesday, the 1st February 1859, at the Magistrate's Office at Tanna.

The Conditions of Sale, and other particulars, may be learnt on application at the above Office.

J. R. MORGAN,
Acting Magistrate.

Tanna, Magistrate's Office,
Dhysur, 7th January 1859.

जाहिरखबर.

दिह्नी जाते जे जिन्हा ठाणें एथें पनवेल आणि मुंबईचे दरम्यान तर आहे त्या तरीचा मक्ता सन १८५० चा आक्ट ३५ प्रमाणे तारीख १० वे फेब्रुवारी सन १८५९ त गाईत तारीख ३० वे माहे सप्टेंबर सन मजकूरपर्यंत मुदतीचें लेलांव ठाणें एथें माजिस्ट्रेट साहेब यांचे कचेरीत तारीख १ ली फेब्रुवारी सन १८५९ मंगळवार रोजी होईल.

सदहू मक्याचे संबंधी सर्व हकीगत सदरी लिहिलेले कचेरीतून समजेल.

J. R. MORGAN,
अक्टींग माजिस्ट्रेट.

तारीख ७ वे माहे जानेवारी सन १८५९ इसवी.

No. 77 OF 1857.

Notice

Is hereby given, that a small supply of ADHESIVE ENVELOPES, referred to in the undermentioned Notice of the Officiating Director General of the Post Office in India, dated Calcutta, the 29th November 1856, have been received by this Department from Calcutta. Officers in charge of Local Depôts, requiring any, should prefer their Indent to this Department, as directed in the above notice.

"NOTICE.

"The Officers in charge of Treasuries and Depôts or the custody and sale of Postage Stamps are informed that Adhesive Envelopes, stamped with the value of One Anna, have been received from England, and, being now in charge of the Superintendent of Stamps, Calcutta, are now available on Indent.

"2. These Envelopes are in packets of 16, and each packet is enclosed in a wrapper, on which is marked the price, Rs. 1-2-0.

"3. The Rules for the sale of Postage Stamps are applicable to the sale of the Stamped Envelopes; but discount is allowed on the actual value of the latter, and not the extra charge of 2 annas on every 16 Envelopes, which is added to cover the cost of the paper and manufacture.

"4. The Superintendent of Stamps will not supply the Stamped Envelopes in a smaller quantity than one Ream at a time, which consists of 30 Packets, and is of the value of Rs. 33-12-0, including the extra charge of 2 annas on each Packet."

J. W. MUSPRATT,
Superintendent of Stamps.

Bombay, General Stamp Office,
4th February 1857.

GENERAL REGISTER of Sums Deposited in the Accountant Military Department on account of the Estates of Deceased Native Officers and Sepoys, &c. (under the General Orders of Government dated 3rd July 1823), from 1st May to 31st October 1858.

When deposited.	By whom deposited.	Where deposited.	On account of whose Estate.	Of what Troop or Company.	Of what Regiment.	When Died.	Amount.	Total.	Grand Total.	Remarks.
			<i>Half Year ending 31st October 1858.</i>				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1858 Oct. 27th	The Paymaster Native Veteran Battalion.	Presidency Pay Office	Private Dhondoo Maloonker ..	8th Co.	N. Veteran Batt.	Jan. 18th		23 15 8		
			" Heera Swamee	2nd "	Ditto ..	Feb. " 1st		7 15 0		
			" Posettee	3rd "	Ditto ..	Mar. 11th		10 6 7		
			" Bhowaneeden Passee ..	7th "	Ditto ..			94 2 8		
									136 7 11	
May 31st	Brevet Captain Taylor, Paymaster 22nd Regt. N. I.	Poona Pay Office..	Private Gheesawien	Gr. Co.	22nd Regt. N. I.	April 18th	57 5 10			
			" Mohun	7th "	Ditto ..	" 24th	21 6 5			
								78 12 3		
			Gol. Private Ameer Khan		4th Batt. Arty..	Nov. 4th	96 8 3			
			" Gunness Tewarree		Ditto ..	Dec. 1st	27 15 6			
			" Ball Govind		Ditto ..	Jan. 13th	156 4 11			
			" Jeyram Morier		Ditto ..	Feb. 11th	1 1 0			
			" Chundre Alwai		Ditto ..	June 22nd	36 10 7			
			Gun Lascar Bussawun		Ditto ..	Aug. 14th	77 9 0			
			Gol. Private Chuddee Lall Tewarree.		Ditto ..	Nov. 19th	21 4 9			
July 31st	Lieutenant D. J. Kinloch, Acting Paymaster 4th Battalion Artillery	Ditto	Naique Peetambur Khan		Ditto ..	Sept. 6th	26 10 3			
			Gol. Private Fooruntee Ahier ..		Ditto ..	Nov. 20th	40 14 3			
			Driver Gopall Ahier		Ditto ..	" 19th	28 10 1			
			Gol. Private Casseeram Dhobay		Ditto ..	Dec. 8th	7 4 0			
			" Gooljar Sing		Ditto ..	Jan. 20th	46 6 4			
			" Boodee Ahier		Ditto ..	" 29th	74 8 1			
			" Deen Dyal Tewarree		Ditto ..	Feb. 25th	43 0 2			
			" Gokol Lodh		Ditto ..	April 6th	70 7 5			
			" Bhikaree Dixat		Ditto ..	" 8th	52 15 2			
			" Boosee Oopadia		Ditto ..	" 14th	23 3 2			
			" Matta Deen Bhot		Ditto ..	July 14th	90 3 10			
			" Sewdeen		Ditto ..	Dec. 6th	112 5 5			
Carried over .. Rs.							1,223 3 1	78 12 3	136 7 11	

When deposited.	By whom deposited.	Where deposited.	On account of whose Estate.	Of what Troop or Company.	Of what Regiment.	When Died.	Amount.	Total.	Grand Total.	Remarks.
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
						Brought over	1,223 3 1	78 12 3	136 7 11	
						1857				
					4th Batt. Arty.	Sept. 17th	61 5 5			
					Ditto	" "	67 14 6			
					Ditto	Dec. 16th	130 15 9			
						1858				
					Ditto	Jan. 2nd	114 10 4			
					Ditto	" 7th	160 13 1			
						1857				
					Ditto	Dec. 24th	48 1 11			
						1858				
					Ditto	Feb. 10th	15 0 0			
						1857				
					Ditto	Sept. 17th	45 12 4			
					Ditto	" "	196 8 3			
					Ditto	" "	88 6 4			
						1858				
					Ditto	Feb. 16th	293 11 2			
						1856		2,257 1 3		
					3rd Regt. L. C.	Dec. 20th	12 8 1			
					Ditto	Nov. 25th	69 12 6			
					Ditto	Dec. 9th	53 15 10			
					Ditto	" "	68 13 10			
					Ditto	" 10th	27 0 10			
					Ditto	" 21st	16 3 8			
						1857				
					Ditto	Jan. 25th	24 4 9			
					Ditto	" 27th	26 5 0			
					Ditto	" 25th	7 14 11			
						1856				
					Ditto	Dec. 19th	12 11 2			
						1857				
					Ditto	Feb. 8th	60 6 2			
					Ditto	" 9th	42 4 2			
						1856				
					Ditto	Aug. 17th	43 3 10			
					Ditto	July 11th	27 1 3			
						1857		492 10 0		
					Gr. Co. 6th Regt. N. I.	Aug. 8th		192 2 10		

When deposited.	By whom deposited.	Where deposited.	On account of whose Estate.	Of what Troop or Company.	Of what Regiment.	When Died.	Amount.	Total.	Grand Total.	Remarks.
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
						Brought over		603 1 4	3,372 7 10	
						1856				
			Private Saddoosing Gour	4th Co.	18th Regt. N. I.	April 13th	28 11 4			
			" Guyadeen Sookul	" "	Ditto ..	Dec. 31st	13 4 8			
			" Veomsing Jenwar	" "	Ditto ..	Sept. 6th	4 10 6			
			" Bhoorah Pattuck	" "	Ditto ..	" 14th	107 2 6			
1858	Lieutenant Ashburner,	Southern Pay				1855				
Aug. 9th	Paymaster 18th Regt. N. I.	Office	" Bhowanee Coorie	7th "	Ditto ..	Oct. 23rd	30 2 5			
						1857				
			" Mooteeram	Gr. "	Ditto ..	April 6th	31 1 0			
			" Gungadeen 1st	" "	Ditto ..	June 27th	200 1 0			
			" Surwar Ahier	" "	Ditto ..	July 26th	20 5 4			
								435 6 9		
						1858				
" 10th	Lieutenant Kettlewell,	Ditto	Private Baluck Tewary	2nd Co.	20th Regt. N. I.	April 6th		23 4 7		
	Acting Paymaster 20th Regt. N. I.									
Oct. 12th	Lieutenant Goodfellow,		Naique Gungadeen	8th Co.	15th Regt. N. I.	Jan. 18th	273 8 0			
	Acting Paymaster 15th Regt. N. I.	Ditto	Private Ramrutun Ahier	2nd "	Ditto ..	" 7th	69 13 1			
			" Bindee Tewary	7th "	Ditto ..	Dec. 15th	67 14 6			
						1857		411 3 7		
						1856			1,473 0 3	
			Subedar Golab Khan	6th Co.	11th Regt. N. I.	June 18th	12 0 0			
			Jemedar Guzras Sing	3rd "	Ditto ..	Feb. 16th	79 3 3			
May 29th	Captain D. Boyd, Com-	Northern Pay				1856				
	manding 11th Regt. N. I.	Office	Naique Hoolas Tambole	Gr. "	Ditto ..	Jan. 19th	115 0 3			
			Private Pandoo Mutkur	4th "	Ditto ..	Jan. 31st	12 14 2			
						1857		219 1 8		
Aug. 2nd	Major T. T. Christie,		Private Macun Tumbole	4th Co.	17th Regt. N. I.	Feb. 1st	32 13 3			
	Commanding 17th Regt. N. I.	Ditto	" Har Mehter	Lt. "	Ditto ..	" 7th	16 7 0			
			" Purvuttee Ahier	1st "	Ditto ..	Jan. 25th	39 6 3			
								88 10 6		
						1858			307 12 2	
May 3rd	Acting Cantonment Ma-	Pension Pay Office,	Jemadar Bhowanee Sing, Regis-	4th Co.	3rd Batt. Arty.	April 11th		10 14 4		
	gistrate of Ahmed-abad.	Surat.	tered No. 147.							

Notice.

All Persons having Claims against the Estate of the late Lieutenant Colonel F. B. LUCAS, 3rd Regiment Madras Light Infantry, or being indebted to, or holding Property belonging to the Deceased, are requested forthwith to forward their Claims, pay their Debts, and deliver up such Property to Colonel F. ADAMS, H. M.'s 28th Regiment Foot, Colaba, President of the Committee of Adjustment.

All letters to be Post-paid.

FRANK ADAMS, Colonel,
And President Committee of Adjustment.
Bombay, 12th January 1859.

Notice.

The following PASSAGES are required :—From Bombay to England, for ELEVEN (11) Invalid Seamen; from Bombay to England, for ONE (1) European Convict; from Bombay to Western Australia, for ONE (1) European Convict; from Bombay to Calcutta, for TWENTY-THREE (23) Recruits for the East Indian Rifle Corps.

By order of the Commander in Chief I. N.,
F. G. BONE, Secretary.

Office of the Commander in Chief I. N.,
Bombay, 4th January 1859.

Notice to Mariners.

THE "CAIRNSMORE" ROCK.

The position of this Rock, upon which the British Ship *Cairnsmore*, of Liverpool, John Bragg, Master, bound from Hongkong to Shanghai, was totally wrecked, on the 26th of June last (see *North China Herald*, July 3rd), is given as follows, by Lieut. Ward, R. N., in charge of H. M.'s Yacht *Emperor*, from observations taken whilst the Wreck was upon it:—

"The *Cairnsmore* Rock lies in Latitude 30° 42' 10" North, and Longitude 122° 34' 40" East, very nearly in mid-channel between the Parker Islands and the Saddle Group. The following are the Bearings of the most conspicuous objects seen from the Rock:—

South-east point of Senhouse Island . South.	
A small rugged rock close to the	
South-east point of Raffles Is-	} S. 59° W.
land, and in a line with the point.	
The Northernmost Rock of the	
Group off Chesney Island (very	
conspicuous)	} N. 59° W.

On approaching this dangerous Rock, the lead can give no warning whatever, as the Rock is very small, apparently not more than 30 or 40 feet in diameter, and rises very abruptly.

It will be prudent, in future, for vessels navigating this channel, to keep on the Saddle Island side. When, *going North*, the Bit rock opens South of South Saddle Island, they will be to the Northward of the *Cairnsmore* Rock, and, when *going South*, the same Rock opens to the Northward of the South Saddle, they will be to the Southward of it."

"NORTH CHINA HERALD" OFFICE, Shanghai,
10th July, 1858.

Published by order of the Commander in Chief
I. N.,

F. G. BONE, Secretary.
Office of the Commander in Chief I. N.,
Bombay, 8th September 1858.

Oct. 15th. Superintendent of Bazars, Hyderabad.	Ditto	Jemadar Haanoonna Sing, Registered No. 14642.	1st Regt. S. I. H. Oct. 10th.	1857	7 12 11
Sept. 17th. Brigade Major, Ahmedabad.	Ditto	Private Bhowance, Registered No. 19196.	8th Co. 2nd Gr. Regt. N. I.	1858	89 9 5
Oct. 9th. By sale of Effects recovered by the Mam-lutdar of Malwan.	Pension Pay Office, Southern Konkan.	Itto Purrub, Havildar	6th " 24th Regt. N. I.	Mar. 30th	108 4 8 12 8 11
					Rupces 5,274 1 10

(Errors excepted)

H. P. ST. G. TUCKER,
Acting First Assistant Accountant General, Military Department.

Bombay, Accountant General's Office, 6th January 1859.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

Notice is hereby given, that the Petitions of the several Persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, Bombay, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the Eleventh Year of Victoria, Chapter XXI:—

Names.	Profession.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Dates of Petitions filed.		
				Day.	Month.	Year.
William Sutton	A Compositor in the Bombay Education Society's Press.	European ..	Without the Fort, on Bellasis Road.	23rd	December	1858
Motiram Soorutram ..	Formerly carried on Business in Partnership with Ramdayal Buctavarmul, and lately in his own Name, as Carpenter.	Hindoo	Without the Fort, in Hunooman Gully.	27th	"	"
Gunnoo Hurry Rotker, and Jancoobace, Widow of the late Hurry Gunnoo Rotker.	Unemployed	Ditto	Without the Fort, in Colebhat Wady.	29th	"	"
Succaram Hurriba, & Narroo Bhugwant.	Dealers in Oil	Ditto	Without the Fort, in Coombar Wada.	3rd	January	1859
Ramchunder Narra-yen.	A Clerk in the Dockyard ..	Ditto	Without the Fort, in Colebhat Wady.	"	"	"
Gujanun Gopall Wur-day.	A Clerk in the Quartermaster General's Office.	Ditto	Without the Fort, on Calcadary Road.	"	"	"
Bhana Luckmidass, & Moti Bhana.	Carpenters	Ditto	Without the Fort, near Moombadavi Chowky.	"	"	"
Hurrydass Sunkerjee.	A General Merchant	Ditto	Within the Fort, near Bazar Gate.	"	"	"
Bhasker Madowjee ..	Unemployed	Ditto	Lately without the Fort, in Barbhoy's Street (at present in the Bombay Gaol).	"	"	"
Sewsunker Bapoojee ..	Unemployed	Ditto	Lately without the Fort, in Wittulwady (at present in the Bombay Gaol.)	"	"	"
Antonio Manoel Gorin.	Unemployed	Portuguese ..	Without the Fort, at Calcadary.	4th	"	"
Bhoola Kadur, Mahomed Kadur, and Vullee Kadur.	Bakers	Mahomedans.	Without the Fort, in Bhuttiarwada.	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Insolvents' Petitions, that the real and personal Estates and Effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Clause VII. of the said Act, have been duly made.

Days appointed for Hearing the Petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents.

Names.	Time.		
	Day.	Month.	Hour.
Sewsunker Bapoojee	3rd Monday	January instant	11 o'clock.
Gujanun Gopall	1st Monday	February next	Ditto.
Soomar Oosman	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Hurrydass Sunkerjee	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Gunnoo Hurry Rotker, & Jancoobace, Widow.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Reuben Smith	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
William Sutton	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ramchunder Narra-yen	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Antonio Manoel Gorin	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Jumnadass Hurgowundass	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees, at my Office, at least three days before the Hearing. The abovenamed Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects, in my Office.

J. A. McKENZIE,

Clerk of the Court.

Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 4th day of January 1859.

નાદાર દેવાદારોની કોરટ મંથે.

જાહેર ખાખર એ ઉપરથી આપવામાં આવે છે જે, વિગત સાથે હેતી હેકળ જે જુદી જુદી આરામીઓનાં નાંમો લખેલાં છે, તેઓએ મુંબઈની નાદાર દેવાદારોનાં છુટકા કરનારી કોરટને અરજીઓ આપી છે, તેમાં એક એકની અરજ હેતી છે જે વિકેટરીયાના અગિયારમે વરસે જે ધારો કરીને કરાવ્યો છે, તેના એકવિસમાં આખમાંનો ધલાજ હમોને મળે.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	મુંબઈમંથે રહેવાનું હેકળું.	અરજીઓ દાખલ કરાની તારીખ.		
				દાહાડા	માસ.	વરસ.
હલીઅમ સઠન	મુંબઈના ધજીકેશન સોસાઈટી એટલે કેલવણી કરનારી મંડલીના છાપખાનામો બી-આ ગોઠવનાર.	ધરોતીઅન.	કોટખાહર ખેલાશીરાના રસ્તા ઉપર.	૨૩ મે	ડીસેમ્બર.	૧૮૫૮.
મોતીરામ શુરતરામ	આગલ રામ દયાલ અખતાવર મલની સાથે ભાગમોવેપાર કરતો હતો અને થોડા દાહાડા ઉપર પોતાને નામે શુથારના.	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહર હનુમાન ગ-લીમો.	૨૭ મે	એન.	એન.
ગનુ હરી રોટકર તથા મર-નાર હરી ગનુ રોટકરની વીધવા જનકુખાઈ.	બેકાર	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહર કોલભાટ વા-ડીમો.	૨૯ મે	એન.	એન.
સખાસમ હરીયા તથા નાઈ ભગવંત.	તેલનો વેપાર કરનારાઓ . .	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહર કુંભાર વાડામો.	૩ જુન	જાનેવારી.	૧૮૫૯.
રામચંદર નારાએણુ	ગોદીમો લખનાર	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહર કોલભાટ વા-ડીમો.	એન.	એન.	એન.
ગજનંદ ગોપાળ વરેડે	કુવારર માસ્તર જનરલની હાશીરામો લખનાર.	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહર કાળકા દેવીના રસ્તા ઉપર.	એન.	એન.	એન.
ભાણુ લખમીદાર તથા મોતી ભાણુ.	શુથાર	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહર મામા દેવીની ચોટીની પારો.	એન.	એન.	એન.
હરીદાસ રાંકરજી	રાગલી વસ્તુનો વેપારી	હીંદુ.	કોટખાહર જાજરના રસ્તા-પારો.	એન.	એન.	એન.
બારાકર માધવજી	બેકાર	હીંદુ.	થોડા દાહાડાઉપર કોટખાહર બારભાઈના મોલામો ને હાલ મુંબઈના તુરંગમાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
શીવરાંકર આપુજી	બેકાર	હીંદુ.	થોડા દાહાડાઉપર કોટખાહર વીઠલવાડી ને હાલ મુંબઈના તુરંગમાં.	એન.	એન.	એન.
અંતોનીઓ મેનીએલ ગો-રીન.	બેકાર	શીરંગી.	કોટખાહર કાલકા દેવીપારો.	૪ થો	એન.	એન.
જુલા કાદર તથા મહમદ કાદર તથા વલી કાદર.	બટીઆરા	મહમદીઅન.	કોટખાહર બટીઆરા વા-ડામો.	એન.	એન.	એન.

ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓની ખાખતોમાં ઘટતી રીતે હુકમ થયો છે, જે ઉપર લખેલા ધારાની સાતમી કલમ પ્રમાણે નાદાર દેવાદાર મચકુરોની સ્થાવર તથા જંગમ મિલકત તથા ચીજવસ્તુ આ નામદાર કોરટનાં આક્રિસિઆલ આસામેનીના તાખામાં આપે.

હેકળ લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓ સાંભળવારાઈ કરાવેલા દીવસ.

નામ.	ખાખત.		
	દાહાડા.	માસ.	કલાક.
શીવરાંકર આપુજી	૩ જુન શોમવાર.	ચાલતો જાનેવારી.	૧૧.
ગજનંદ ગોપાળ	૧ જુન શોમવાર.	આવતો ફેબ્રુવારી.	એન.
સુમાર ઉસમાન	એન.	એન.	એન.
હરીદાસ રાંકરજી	એન.	એન.	એન.

નામ.	વપત.		
	દાહાડ.	માસ.	કલાક.
ગનુ હરી રોઠકર તથા જનકુમાર વીધવા	૧ લો શોમવાર.	આવતો ફેબ્રુવારી.	૧૧.
રૂબીન સ્મીથ	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
બુલીઅમ સટન	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
રામચંદર નારાયણ	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
અંતોનીઓ મેનીઅલ ગોરીન	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
જમનાદાસ હરજીવન દાસ	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.

આજ આવનાર લેણદારોએ યોગમાં યોગ સાંભળવાના તથા દાહાડ અગાઉ સોગયુનાંમાથી સાબીત કરેલા પોતાના દાવા હમારી આશીસમાં દાખલ કરવા જોઈએ, તથા સિરસ્તા પ્રમાણે તેઓને શી આપવી જોઈએ. ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોએ પોતાના દેવાની તથા માલ સિલકતની ટીપો હમારી આશીસમાં દાખલ કરાવી છે.

જે. એ. મેકનજી,
કોર્ટેના કલાર્કની રાહી.

મુંબઈનાં કોર્ટમધે, કોર્ટેના કલાર્કની આશીસમાં,
લખી તારીખ ૪ થી જાનેવારી સને ૧૮૫૯.

(A true translation)
J. FLYNN, Chief Translator.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the SUM on account of the ESTATE of the undermentioned DECEASED NATIVE SEAMAN, of the Ship specified herein, has been received into my Office, and the same will be paid by me to his legal representative, on application with full particulars (post-paid):—

Seaman's Name.	No. of Register Ticket.	From what Port held.	Capacity..	To what Ship belonged.	Of the Port of	Amount.
John de Silva.....	20,491	Bombay	Seacunny....	Faiz Allum	Bombay ..	Rs. a. p. 36 10 8

W. R. HAYMAN,
Acting Registrar of Merchant Seamen.
Register of Seamen Office, Bombay, 4th January 1859.

Annuncio.

Tem se recebido neste meo Escritorio, por conta do Estado do finado MARINHEIRO (NATIVO), abaixo nomeado, a seguinte SÔMA, qual será paga àquelle que se me apresentar legalmente habilitado para recebela, fornecendo me com os devidos promenores, francos de porte:—

Nome do Marinheiro.	Numero do Registro.	Em que Pôrto empregado.	Officio.	A qual Navio pertencente.	Do Porto de	Sôma.
John de Silva.....	20,491	Bombaim ..	Sucaô	Faiz Allum.....	Bombaim..	Rs. a. p. 36 10 8

(Assignado) W. R. HAYMAN,
Registrador interino dos Marinheiros.

Escritorio do Registrador dos Marinheiros,
Bombaim, 4 de Janeiro de 1859.

(True translation)
N. FERNANDES,
Portuguese Translator to Government.

WEEKLY SUMMARY OF DEATHS ON THE ISLAND OF BOMBAY.

CASTE OR RACE.	Still-born.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Measles.	Fever.	Disease of Nervous System.	Vascular System.	Respiratory System.	Alimentary System.	Urinary System.	Sexual System, and Child-bearing.	Locomotive & Tegumentary Systems.	Cachexy and Debility.	Leprosy, Tubercular and Articular.	Dropsy.	Accident and Violence.	Other and Unknown Cause.	Total—exclusive of Still-born.
Buddhist—Jain, &c.	..	..	..	..	8	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	12
Brahmun.	..	1	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6
Lingaet and Bhatia	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	5
Hindoo of other Caste	..	2	4	4	81	9	..	9	8	..	..	1	1	1	1	2	..	121
Hindoo Out-caste	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	18
Moosulman	..	1	..	1	36	2	1	7	6	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	55
Parsee	..	..	..	..	1	4	..	1	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	12
Jew	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Native-Christian..	..	..	2	..	6	2	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13
Indo-European	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
European	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Negro-African	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Other and Unknown Caste or Race	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
All Castes and Races....	4	4	8	1	158	14	1	20	26	1	2	1	10	1	1	2	..	250
Mean of the corresponding Weeks in the preceding Ten Years ..	..	73	7	3	136	10	..	29	48	..	2	1	12	1	4	2	1	329

Bombay, 12th January 1859.

A. H. LEITH,
In charge of Mortuary Returns.**Notification.**

It is hereby notified for general information, that the duty of examining Candidates for Diploma of Qualification in Hindoo and Mahomedan Law, performed for some years past by the Examination Committee, has been transferred, under instructions from the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, to the Sudder Adawlut.

By order of the Sudder Adawlut,
R. WHITE,
Acting Registrar.

Bombay, Sudder Adawlut,
20th December 1858.

जाहिरखबर.

सर्वीस कळविण्याकरिता ही जाहिरखबर देण्यांत येते कीं हिंदुशास्त्र व महमदीयान शरा यांचा अभ्यास करून जे उमेदवार परीक्षा देण्यास येत होते त्यांची परीक्षा घेऊन त्यांस सर्टिफिकेट देण्याचें काम किती एक वर्षे शाली एकझामिनेशन कमिटी करित होती तें काम बंदीगान अली नवाब मुस्तताब हजरत रैठ हनरावल गवरनर सहिब बाहादुर दर इजलास कौंसल यांचे हुकमावरून सदर अदालतीस सोंपिलें आहे.

सदर अदालतीचे हुकमावरून.

R. WHITE,
Acting Registrar.

मु॥ मुंबई सदर अदालत तारीख २० वी
माहे डिसेंबर सन १८५८ इसवी.

अह्दरे अखर.

सखेने मालम थवा साह आ अह्दरे अखर आपवाभां आवि छेले हीं शास्त्रां तथा महमदीयान शरा अहेलेनो अलीयास करीने ले उमेदवारो परीक्षा आपवाने आपवा हाता तेओनी

परीक्षा लहने तेओने शरीरीकरो आपवानुं काम छेलेला
अेक वररा थयां अेकअलीनेशन कमीरी करती हती ते कांम
बंदीगान अली नवाब मुस्तताब हजरत रैठ हनरावल
गवरनर शाहेब बाहादुर दर इजलास कौंसलनां हुकमथी
शहर अदालतने शोधुं छे.

शहर अदालतनां हुकमथी.

R. WHITE,
Acting Registrar.

मु॥ मुंबईनी शहर अदालत तारीख २० वी
डिसेंबर सने १८५८ इसवी.

إشتہار

ظاہر إشتہار دادہ میشود کہ ہر کسے امیدوار
از مسلمان و ہندو قابلیت و مہارت از
علوم شرع محمدی و شاستر ہندوار حاصل
کرده بکچہ امتحان در اکرامی نیشن کہامٹی
چند سال سے آمدے و متحن شدہ سرٹیفکیٹ
مہ یافتہ و حالا آن دستور امتحان از حکم
ہندگان عالی نواب مستطاب حضرت ریت
ہنراہل گورنر صاحب بہادر در اجلاس کونسل
بطرف صدر عدالت عالیہ منبئی مغوض
گشت است

از حکم صدر عدالت

R. WHITE,
Acting Registrar.

تقریر تاریخ بیستم ماہ دسمبر

سنہ ۱۸۵۸ عیسویہ

BANK OF BOMBAY.**DISCOUNT.**

On Government Bills.....	8 per cent.
On Private Bills at or within 3 } Months	12 ditto.

INTEREST.

On Fixed Loans on Government } Notes and Railway Shares..	10 per cent.
On Open Loans on ditto.....	11 ditto.
On Cash Credit Accounts	11 ditto.
On Loans on Security of Goods..	12 ditto.

Bills payable within one month are discounted under the above rate, and Discount at 3 per cent., under the rate charged, will be refunded on all Bills paid before maturity, for the unexpired portion of the time such Bills may have to run.

The Rate of Advance on deposit of 5 per Cent. Government Notes is 85 per cent., on 4 per Cent. Government Notes 75 per cent., on Railway Shares *three-fourths* the paid-up value of the Shares, and on Goods *three-fourths* the approved value.

Loans on Goods, &c.

Advances are granted on the security of Goods not of a perishable nature, deposited in private Godowns situated either in the Fort, or in Grant Buildings, Colaba.

Government Agency.

The Bank undertakes the safe custody of Government Securities, Bank Shares, and other Indian Stock Certificates; also the purchase or sale of the same, and realises the Interest and Dividends as they become due; and is also authorised to transact the business hitherto carried on by the Government Agents for the public Creditors of Government and others, and to remit the Interest, Dividends, and Principal by *Bills of Exchange payable in England* to Constituents, Shareholders, and others, whether resident in Europe or elsewhere.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JOHN STUART,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bombay, 3rd January 1859.

Notice.

The following Extract paragraph 2nd of a Resolution by Government, No. 2 of 1859, dated 3rd January 1859, Territorial Department, Finance, is published for the information and guidance of all Officers who furnish Monthly Statements of Decreases effected in their Establishments:—

Paragraph 2. "The Civil Auditor, after allowing a reasonable time for the receipt of* Returns from Subordinate Offices, should make up the General Return on a fixed date; and any Officer, owing to whose neglect there may be omissions or errors in the General Return, will be held responsible."

A. K. CORFIELD,

Civil Auditor.

Bombay, 4th January 1859.

OPIUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Tuesday, 11th January 1859.
INDORE.

Detail of Exports from 5th to 11th January 1859.											
YEARS.	PASSES GRANTED.			IMPORTED INTO BOMBAY.			EXPORTED BY SEA.			Balance.	
	Up to 4th Jan. 1859.	From 5th to 11th Jan. 1859.	Total.	Up to 4th Jan. 1859.	From 5th to 11th Jan. 1859.	Total.	Up to 4th Jan. 1859.	From 5th to 11th Jan. 1859.	Total.		
AT INDORE.											
For 1856-57 Chests.	29,582½	..	29,582½	29,574½	..	29,582½	29,554	63	29,554½	20	
" 1857-58 "	37,031	..	37,031	36,880½	150½	37,031	36,231½	63	36,294½	585½	
" 1858-59 "	13,467	1,375	14,842	10,343½	895	11,242	5,547½	1,036½	6,583½	4,654½	
FOR THE SEASON 1856-57.											
Per Steamer "Ottawa"											Chests. 1
FOR THE SEASON 1857-58.											
Per Steamer "Ottawa"											61
Purchased by Government											2
FOR THE SEASON 1858-59.											
Per Steamer "Ottawa"											1,036½
FOR THE SEASON 1857-58.											
None.											
FOR THE SEASON 1858-59.											
Per Steamer "Ottawa"											48½
										Total..	1,148½

General Orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, 5th January 1859.

No. 3 of 1859.—Lieutenant E. M. Hare, of the 28th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, and Second in Command 5th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, is allowed a furlough to Europe for fifteen months on medical certificate, under the New Furlough Regulations.

No. 4 of 1859.—Lieutenant Keays, Sub-Assistant Commissary General in charge of Commissariat duties at Aden, is appointed an Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General from the 1st of December last, and until further orders.

No. 5 of 1859.—The following alteration in the Regiment of Artillery is made :—

That portion of G. G. O. No. 1192, dated the 9th instant, relating to Captain H. P. B. Berthon, deceased on the 30th September 1858, is cancelled, and Captain G. G. Brown is brought on the established strength of the Regiment of Artillery, vice Jacob, promoted.

Supernumerary Captain Frederick Conybeare is brought on the established strength of the Regiment of Artillery, in succession of Woosnam, promoted.

Bombay Castle, 6th January 1859.

No. 7 of 1859.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following General Order by the Governor General of India, dated Allahabad, 13th of December 1858 :—

“The Right Honorable the Governor General is pleased to extend, until further orders, to the Presidencies of Fort Saint George and Bombay, so far as they may be applicable, the provisions of Government General Order No. 698, dated 19th May 1857, authorising certain functionaries in the Bengal Presidency to reward Native Soldiers for gallantry and fidelity to the State.”

Bombay Castle, 7th January 1859.

No. 8 of 1859.—Sub-Conductor W. Brabazon, of the Public Works Department, is allowed a furlough to Europe for two years, on private affairs.

No. 9 of 1859.—The undermentioned Officers are allowed a furlough to Europe on medical certificate :—

Second Captain T. M. Harris, of the Regiment of Artillery	} For eighteen months, under the New Furlough Regulations.
Lieutenant G. T. Estridge, of the 24th Regt. N. I.	
Lieutenant C. G. T. Rooke, of the 12th Regt. N. I.	
Captain W. A. Ross, of the Bengal Artillery	} For three years, under the Old Furlough Regulations.
Brevet Captain C. C. G. Cowper, of the 8th Regt. N. I.	

No. 10 of 1859.—The services of Lieutenant F. E. Innes, 31st Regt. N. I., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

Bombay Castle, 8th January 1859.

No. 11 of 1859.—The following Order is confirmed :—

Dated 6th October 1858.—By Major General Michel, C.B., appointing Captain St. John, Her Majesty's 92nd Highlanders, to act as Assistant Quartermaster General to the Malwa Division, on the departure of Lieutenant Holland, until the arrival of Captain Ballard, C.B.

No. 12 of 1859.—The following promotion is made :—

24th Regiment N. I.

Ensign Herbert Bruce Jacob to be Lieutenant, from the 13th December 1858, vice Hobson, deceased.

No. 13 of 1859.—The following Native promotions are made :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank Promoted.	From what Date.	In whose Room.
2nd Regt. Jacob's Rifles	Jemedar Doorga Pursaud Te-waree	Subedar	} 4th Dec. 1858	} To fill vacancies.
	Havildar Coonj Lall Tewaree..	Jemedar		
Corps of Store Lascars	1st Tindal Narroo Bhuckoo ..	Syrang	5th ditto ..	Nursoo Lookajee, deceased.

No. 14 of 1859.—The following promotions are made :—

Corps of Engineers.

Lieutenant Colonel (Brevet Colonel) W. Scott to be Colonel, from the 23rd November 1858, vice Waddington, deceased.

Captain G. B. Munbee to be Lieutenant Colonel, from the 23rd November 1858, vice Scott, promoted.

Supernumerary Captain John William Playfair is brought on the established strength of the Corps of Engineers, in succession to Munbee, promoted.

No. 15 of 1859.—The following Order, by Captain Lambton, dated Indore, 18th June 1858, is confirmed :—

Dr. Chisholm, Residency Surgeon, will take medical charge of the Detachment from the 8th instant.

No. 16 of 1859.—The following Gentlemen are admitted to the Service, in conformity with their appointments as Cadet of Infantry and Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment :—

<i>Infantry.</i>	<i>Date of Arrival at Bombay.</i>
No. 43, Mr. Cecil FitzHenry Lewis Way	28th December 1858.

Medical Establishment.

No. 3, Mr. Frederick Hodgkinson Smith.....	28th ditto.
--	-------------

Major H. Vincent, of the 10th Regt. N. I., has returned to his duty, without prejudice to his rank, by permission of Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for India in Council. Date of arrival at Bombay, 28th December 1858.

Bombay Castle, 10th January 1859.

No. 17 of 1859.—Captain (Brevet Major) J. C. Graves, 3rd Regiment Light Cavalry, has been allowed, by the Home Government, leave of absence on medical certificate, for six months.

No. 18 of 1859.—Captain F. G. Newnham, of the 23rd Regt. N. L. I., is appointed Fort Adjutant of Bombay.

No. 19 of 1859.—The following Order is confirmed :—

By Major General Michel, C.B., Commanding, Malwa Division, Mhow, 4th December 1858.—Captain Warden, 4th Rifles N. I., is appointed Interpreter to the Major General, subject to confirmation, with effect from the date he left Mhow to join. He is further to hold charge of the Camel Corps until joining Head Quarters Malwa Division of the Army.

No. 20 of 1859.—The undermentioned Officers are allowed a furlough to Europe on medical certificate, under the New Furlough Regulations :—

Captain (Brevet Lieutenant Colonel) G. H. Robertson, of the 25th Regt. N. L. I., and Deputy Judge Advocate General, Northern Division, for fifteen months.

Lieutenant F. A. Whish, of the Regiment of Artillery....	} For eighteen months.
Lieutenant M. C. Newall, ditto ditto	
Lieutenant F. Lloyd, ditto ditto	

Bombay Castle, 11th January 1859.

No. 21 of 1859.—Captain H. W. Holland, Acting Assistant Commissary General, Southern Division of the Army, is allowed privilege leave of absence for thirty days, to proceed to Bombay, on private affairs; Lieutenant Clements, Sub-Assistant Commissary General at Belgaum, performing Captain Holland's duties during his absence, on his responsibility.

No. 22 of 1859.—The following temporary appointment is made :—

Lieutenant Robinson, 20th Regt. N. I., to officiate as Staff Officer and First Class Commissariat Agent at Dharwar, without prejudice to his Regimental appointment.

No. 23 of 1859.—Assistant Surgeon W. E. Wood has been appointed Civil Surgeon at Bushire; and the services of Assistant Surgeon J. M. Bowie are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 6th January 1859.

No. 2 of 1859.—With reference to General Order No. 201, dated 22nd October 1857, paragraph 2nd, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm Mr. Jehangeer Nowrojee in the appointment of Master Builder of the Dockyard.

No. 3 of 1859.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the House Rent Allowance, granted by Art. 1 Section XII. of the Indian Naval Pay and Audit Code, be in future designated "Sick Allowance," and be admitted from the date an Officer leaves his Ship on medical certificate until reported fit for duty.

Bombay Castle, 7th January 1859.

No. 4 of 1859.—Lieutenant J. Clarkson is allowed a furlough to Europe for eighteen months, on medical certificate, under the New Furlough Regulations.

Bombay Castle, 8th January 1859.

No. 5 of 1859.—The undermentioned Officers, of the Indian Navy, have been granted, by the Home Government, extensions of leave for the period of six months, for the recovery of their health, viz :—

Mr. B. Bardin	} Midshipmen.
Mr. C. L. Lane.....	

Mr. Montague H. Jones, Midshipman, has been permitted to resign the Service from the 8th October 1858.

Mr. H. S. Mercer, a 1st Class Engineer in the Indian Navy, has been granted a further extension of leave for three months, for the recovery of his health.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

Civil Appointments, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 10th January 1859.

Lieutenant H. F. Disbrowe, Assistant Resident in the Persian Gulf, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months, from the 1st November 1858 to 28th February 1859.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th January 1859.

Khan Bahadoor Manockjee Pestonjee, Principal Sudder Ameen of Surat, is granted leave of absence on sick certificate for fifteen days, from the 17th November to 1st December 1858, both days inclusive.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
H. L. ANDERSON, *Secretary to Government.*

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE.

Bombay Castle, 7th January 1859.

Lieutenant Colonel G. Pope has been appointed Special Commissioner to inquire into the claims of the Thakoor of Bhownuggur on account of Land and Sea Customs, and assumed charge of this duty on the 4th instant.

Bombay Castle, 8th January 1859.

Mr. J. W. Hadow, Collector of Ahmedabad, has been permitted to proceed into the Districts of that Collectorate, on duty, from the 6th ultimo.

Bombay Castle, 10th January 1859.

Mr. G. Waddington, Civil Service, to be Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Sattara.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

FINANCE.

Bombay Castle, 12th January 1859.

Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has permitted Mr. Henry Ingle, Foreman of the Bombay Mint, to return to his duty.

Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has granted an extension of leave to Mr. Robert Keays, and Mr. Fergus Macnaghten, of the Civil Service, for six months each, on sick certificate.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
B. H. ELLIS, *Acting Secretary to Government.*

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th January 1859.

The appointment of Assistant Surgeon F. Broughton, Civil Surgeon, Kolapore, to act as Assistant Garrison Surgeon at Bombay, as notified under date the 24th December 1858, is cancelled; and his appointment as Assistant Garrison Surgeon, from the 24th ultimo, is now notified.

Bombay Castle, 12th January 1859.

Surgeon E. D. Allinson, of the Royal Artillery, received charge of the Civil Medical duties of Dharwar from Surgeon W. Neilson, of the 20th Regt. N. L., on the 1st January 1859.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th January 1859.

Lieutenant Mathew, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is appointed a Second Class Assistant Engineer.

Overseer Ballajee Gunesh availed himself, from the 18th December 1858, of the leave of absence for three months granted him under date the 23rd idem.

Captain Sprot, Acting Executive Engineer in Rajpootana, is appointed an Acting Third Class Executive Engineer, from the date of his assumption of his present duties.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th January 1859.

The Reverend J. Churchill, Senior Chaplain of Belgaum, is allowed a month's leave, on medical certificate, from the 27th December 1858, to proceed to Bombay, preparatory to his applying for a final certificate to England.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
H. YOUNG, *Chief Secretary.*

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The attention of all Government Officers is directed to the Notification, dated 27th January 1858 (published at pages 213, 278, and 306 of the *Government Gazette* for 1858); relative to the transmission of Service Messages, and they are reminded—

1st.—That the Telegraph is not to be used except on urgent occasions, and more especially when a letter *by post* will answer equally well.

2nd.—That Officers having occasion to send Messages by Telegraph are not to write Despatches, but simply to give items of intelligence, or to give their opinions, or ask for instructions, in the fewest possible words; taking care, however, to avoid obscurity, and, above all, ambiguous expressions.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

H. YOUNG,

Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 5th January 1859.

NOTIFICATIONS

BY THE

DIRECTOR GENERAL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay, 11th January 1859.

No. 2.—Acting First Hospital Assistant Daniel Benjamin (No. 328) is transferred from the Guzerat Cooly Police Corps, to the Guzerat Bheel Corps.

No. 3.—Second Hospital Assistant Sewajee Jadow (No. 451), on General Duty, Sind, is appointed to the Jacobabad Jail, and directed to join.

No. 4.—First Grade Apprentice Yacoojee Samueljee (No. 617), of the Marine Battalion, is attached to the Civil Hospital, Sattara, and directed to join.

By order of the Director General,
W. C. COLES, M.D., Assist. Surgeon,
Secretary.

MILITARY

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

1858

ARRIVALS.

- 3rd Jan.—Lieutenant J. M. Greig, Engineers, on duty, from Aden.
- 4th „ Deputy Inspector Her Majesty's Hospitals Charles Whyte, Medical Department, on duty, from Poona.
- 5th „ Veterinary Surgeon V. H. W. Holloway, 2nd Madras Light Cavalry, on leave, from Sholapoor.
- „ „ Ensign R. A. C. Hunt, 5th Regt. N. L. I., on medical certificate, from Ahmednugur.
- „ „ Captain H. J. Harness, 10th Regt. M. N. I., on medical certificate, from Madras.
- „ „ Assistant Surgeon F. Broughton, on duty, from Kolapore.
- 7th „ Assistant Surgeon T. Day, 2nd M. H. C., on duty, from Aurungabad.
- „ „ Captain W. C. Stilleman, Assistant Quartermaster General, on duty, from Poona.
- 8th „ Major E. Baines, 20th Regt. N. I., on leave, from Dharwar.
- „ „ Major T. L. Jameson, 29th Regt. N. I., on leave, from Belgium.
- „ „ Major Bull, 58th Regiment, on leave, from Belgium.
- „ „ Captain H. W. Holland, Assistant Commissary General, on leave, from Belgium.

- 8th Jan.—Lieutenant F. W. Jones, 18th Regt. N. I., on leave from Belgium.
- „ „ Major H. Boyé, Staff, on duty, from Poona.
- „ „ Lieutenant C. M. Lewis, 1st Grenadiers, to rejoin.
- 9th „ Cadet S. M. Hay, Infantry, to join, from England.
- „ „ Cadet J. H. Gaitskell, Infantry, to join, from England.
- „ „ Cadet W. H. Davidson, Infantry, to join, from England.
- 10th „ Lieutenant J. D. Strange, Royal Artillery, from England.
- „ „ Lieutenant J. L. Sheppard, 4th Rifles, to rejoin, from England.
- „ „ Brevet Major R. Brett, Artillery, sick leave, from Sattara.

1858

DEPARTURES.

- 6th Jan.—Captain G. O. Geach, 13th Regt. N. I., to rejoin, to Neemuch.
- „ „ Lieutenant A. Utterson, 2nd European Regt., on duty, to Poona.
- 7th „ Ensign C. P. Forbes, 3rd European Regt., on duty, to Jhansee.
- 9th „ Lieutenant G. C. Marsh, 28th Regt. M. N. I., to rejoin, to Hoosingabad.
- 10th „ Captain Montrion, 24th Regt. B. N. I., on medical certificate, to England.
- „ „ Captain T. M. Harris, Horse Artillery, on medical certificate, to England.
- „ „ Lieutenant E. M. Hare, 2nd in Command 3rd Infantry, on medical certificate, to England.
- 11th „ Assistant Surgeon J. Day, Madras Medical Service, on duty, to Cochin.
- „ „ Lieutenant Colonel G. H. Robertson, 25th Light Infantry, on medical certificate, to Europe.
- „ „ Cadet J. H. Gaitskell, Infantry, to join, to Poona.
- „ „ Lieutenant C. G. T. Rooke, 12th Regt. N. I., on sick leave, to Europe.

Bombay, Town Major's Office,

12th January 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto existing between us, the undersigned, has been mutually dissolved. All Persons having Claims against the late Firm are requested to forward the particulars thereof to Messrs. ARTHUR & SANGSTER, Solicitors to JACOB HAJEE JAMAL, one of the Partners of the late Firm.

G. SMITH.

J. SYDENHAM.

ચાક્રેય જમાલજીની રાઈ.

(JACOB JAMAL.)

મામુદજી ઇબ્રામની રાઈ છે.

(MAHOMED EBRAM.)

5th January 1859.

With reference to the above, all Persons indebted to the late Firm of SMITH, SYDENHAM, JACOB, & Co., are requested to remit the amount of their Accounts to JACOB HAJEE JAMAL, one of the Partners of the said late Firm of SMITH, SYDENHAM, JACOB, & Co.

G. SMITH.

J. SYDENHAM.

ચાક્રેય જમાલજીની રાઈ.

(JACOB JAMAL.)

મામુદજી ઇબ્રામની રાઈ છે.

(MAHOMED EBRAM.)

Meadow Street, Bombay,

5th January 1859.

NOTICE.—Mr. GEORGE WOODHALL has this day been admitted a PARTNER in MY BUSINESS, which, hereafter, will be conducted under the Name and Style of CHESSON & WOODHALL.

JAMES CHESSON.

Bombay, 1st January 1859.

MR. EDWARD PAKENHAM REPTON is authorised to sign our FIRM from this date.

EWART, LATHAM, & Co.

Bombay, 8th January 1859.

THE Interest and responsibility of Mr. BURJORJEE JAMASJEE LALLA, in our FIRM, ceased, by mutual consent, on and from the 4th June 1858.

Mr. HENRY THOMAS BINKS is admitted a PARTNER in our FIRM from this date.

BROWN, CLOUGH, & Co.

Bombay, 1st January 1859.

NOTICE.—Mr. ROBERT THOMAS CROSSLEY is authorised to sign our FIRM from this date.

SMITH, TAYLOR, & Co.

Apollo Street, January 1st, 1859.

In the Supreme Court of Judicature at Bombay.

EQUITY SIDE.

JAJEE alias KHURSEDAIE,
Widow and Administratrix of
the Estate and Effects of
COOVERJEE HORMUSJEE
BHABHA, deceased Complainant,

versus

CURSETJEE HORMUSJEE, JE-
HANGEER HORMUSJEE, and
MUNCHERJEE HORMUSJEE.. Defendants;

and

CURSETJEE HORMUSJEE, JE-
HANGEER HORMUSJEE, and
MUNCHERJEE HORMUSJEE.. Complainants,

versus

JAJEE otherwise KHURSE-
DAIE, Widow of the late COO-
VERJEE HORMUSJEE, deceased.. Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE, that all or any Persons having Claims, whether as Creditors or next of kin, or otherwise, against the Estate and Effects of HORMUSJEE MUNCHERJEE BHABHA, deceased, who died in the Year 1828, or against the late Firm of HORMUSJEE MUNCHERJEE (the Partners in which Firm were COOVERJEE HORMUSJEE, CURSETJEE HORMUSJEE, MUNCHERJEE HORMUSJEE, and JE-HANGEER HORMUSJEE), up to the time of the death of COOVERJEE HORMUSJEE BHABHA, the Intestate in the pleadings of this cause named, who died on the 30th day of October 1851, are personally, or by their Solicitors, required to come in and prove their Debts or Claims before the Master in Equity of the said Court, on or before the 24th day of January next, in default whereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree.

T. L. JENKINS,

Master in Equity.

Dated this 24th day of December 1858.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

*In the Matter of the ASIATIC
MARINE INSURANCE OFFICE.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that by an Order made in this Matter, bearing date the Seventh day of August last, it is Ordered that such of the Creditors of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office as have not already come in and proved their Debts, do come in and prove their several Claims against the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office on or before the First Saturday in the month of March, One thousand Eight hundred and Fifty-nine.

DENMAN & HATCH,

Attornies for the Official Assignee.

4th September 1858.

For Sale,

A CARGO OF FIRST CLASS MOULMEIN TEAK TIMBER, consisting of Mill and Hand-sawn Logs.

For particulars, apply to

W. NICOL & Co.

27th December 1858.

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BOMBAY AGENCY.

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The current rates of Exchange are:—

On London at 6 months' sight	2s. 0½d. per Rupee.
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" " 3 " "	2s. 0¾d. "
" " 2 " "	2s. 0½d. "
" " 1 " "	2s. 0¼d. "
" " on demand	

On Scotland on demand 2s. 0d. " |

On Ireland " |

Circular Notes " 1s. 11¼d. " |

On Paris at 3 days' sight |

No Draft at six months' sight is granted for sums under £50.

Sums under £20 are only drawn for on Demand.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency, on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is one-quarter per cent., and on the collection of Bills one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation takes charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms:—

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If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of..... ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper out of safe custody ¼ per cent. |

Hours of Business 10 to 4 |

Saturdays 10 to 1 |

Bombay, 12th January 1859.

BOOKS, PORTFOLIOS, and FORMS

ORDERED BY

Adjutant General's Circular No. 7, 13th Feb. 1858.

ARE PREPARED

AT THE

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS,

* * The Adjutant General's Instructions for their preparation can be forwarded to any Officer applying to the Bombay Education Society's Press.

By Authority.

Will be published on or about the 19th instant,

THE

BOMBAY ARMY LIST,

FOR THE FIRST QUARTER OF 1859,

WITH

A LIST OF SERVICES OF THE OFFICERS OF THE BOMBAY ARMY,

CORRECTED UP TO THE 10TH JANUARY 1859;

COMPRISING ALSO THE

INDIAN NAVY LIST,

AND THE

BOMBAY CIVIL LIST,

INCLUDING THE

ECCLESIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

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BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS, *January 12th, 1859.*

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Regimental Forms, OF THE PRESCRIBED PATTERNS, CAREFULLY PREPARED FOR THE VARIOUS CORPS.

Dress Regulations, for the Bombay Army, Section XIII. "Infantry of the Line"—price 4 annas, a few copies also of the other Sections.

Caste Returns, required by Adjutant General's Circular No. 29, of 19th November 1858, and as modified by No. 31, of 8th December 1858.

"Diaries" of Parades, &c. required by G. O. C. of 13th August 1858.

Muster Rolls, on best foolscap.

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Unfit Rolls for Artillery and for European Regts. Rs. 3 for 6 copies.

Unfit Rolls for Native Regts.—All Arms—under and over 15 years' service, Royal paper size, Rs. 3 for 12 copies, less than 12 at 6 annas a copy.

POST OFFICE NOTIFICATIONS.

Overland Mail.—The OVERLAND MAIL, per P. & O. Company's Steamer, will be closed on TUESDAY, the 25th January, at 5 o'clock P. M. An After-Packet will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, till 6 o'clock P. M.

Mauritius.—Letters for the MAURITIUS can be sent by this opportunity.

China Mail.—Post Office Packets for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, and HONGKONG, per P. & O. Company's Steamer "OTTAWA," will be closed on SATURDAY, the 15th January, at 6 o'clock P. M. An After-Packet will be kept open, on payment of the usual fee, until two hours before the Steamer is advertised to leave the Harbour.

Australian and Calcutta Mails.—Mails for AUSTRALIA and CALCUTTA will likewise be sent to Galle by the China Mail.

Scinde Mails.—Mails for KURRACHEE and SCINDE, per Government Steamer, will be closed 12 hours after the arrival of the next Overland Mail.

Persian Mails.—Mails for the PERSIAN GULF, per Brigantine "TIGRIS," will be closed on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Dates of Departure of Mails for Suez and China.—Memorandum showing the dates on which it is intended to despatch the Steamers of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company from BOMBAY to SUEZ and CHINA during the year 1859:—

FROM BOMBAY TO SUEZ.		FROM BOMBAY TO CHINA.	
25th January.	20th July.	15th January	16th July.
9th February.	5th August.	1st February.	31st July.
24th February.	20th August.	16th February.	16th August.
12th March.	12th September.	1st March.	31st August.
25th March.	24th September.	19th March.	16th September.
12th April.	12th October.	1st April.	1st October.
24th April.	25th October.	16th April.	16th October.
12th May.	12th November.	1st May.	31st October.
20th May.	24th November.	17th May.	16th November.
5th June.	12th December.	31st May.	1st December.
20th June.	26th December.	16th June.	16th December.
5th July.		1st July.	

SHIP LETTERS.

The Ship Letter Office will despatch Letters, under the usual Regulations, by any of the following Ships.

N.B.—The Post Office takes every means in its power to ascertain the exact date on which the Vessels enumerated below will leave the Harbour, but it cannot in any way guarantee their departure on the days mentioned in this List.

NAMES OF VESSELS.	AGENTS' NAMES.	DATE OF INTENDED DEPARTURE.	TO WHAT PORT.	WHERE TOUCHING.
Tigris	Superintendent of the Indian Navy ..	13th January 1859	Perian Gulf	Muscat.
Ottawa	P. & O. Steam Navigation Company ..	16th ditto	Hongkong	Galle, Penang, and Singapore.
Victoria	Messrs. Wallace & Co.	20th ditto	London	Cape.
Ganges	" Vinay, Fils, & Co.	20th ditto	Kurrachee.	
Marion	" Rennie, Scovell, & Co.	20th ditto	Mauritius.	
Eastern Monarch	" Remington & Co.	15th ditto	London.	
Julius	" Volkart, Brothers, & Co.	20th ditto	Hampton Road, N.S.	
Tourney	Ditto ditto	20th ditto	Marseilles.	
Ajax	" Vinay, Fils, & Co.	20th ditto	Bourbon and Mauritius.	

As a general rule, the Packets for sailing Vessels will be closed the evening preceding the date of departure.

LIST OF PACKETS MADE UP during the last Week at the Bombay General Post Office, for despatch by the following Vessels:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	DATE OF DEPARTURE.	TO WHAT PORT.
Victoria	5th January 1859	Surat.
Mountstuart Elphinstone	7th ditto	Surat.
Dwarka	10th ditto	Surat.
Victoria	11th ditto	Kurrachee.
Pleiades	12th ditto	Vingorla.
Ganges	11th ditto	Suez.

Bombay Post Office, 12th January 1859.

W. BLOWERS,
Deputy Post Master General.

Cairo.—Letters for Cairo must be PREPAID, but cannot be Registered.

Ionian Islands.—Letters for the IONIAN ISLANDS must be prepaid to Alexandria, whence they will be forwarded *via* Trieste. Postage Four Annas on a letter not exceeding half an ounce.

Jerusalem and Baghdad.—Letters posted in India for JERUSALEM and BAGHDAD for despatch *via* Alexandria, and thence by French Packets to Jaffa, must, in addition to the regular steam-postage of Eight Annas per half ounce, prepay Four Annas, being equal to the postage (the prepayment of which is compulsory) due to the French Government. Newspapers for the same places must each prepay Nine Pies in money, when not exceeding two ounces in weight.

Bombay, Post Master General's Office, 1st September 1858.

Letter Boxes on Board Mail Packets.—Her Majesty's Post Master General has directed that Moveable Letter Boxes may be placed in the Mail Packets employed in the Indian Seas, with the view of affording to passengers and others on board those Packets an opportunity of posting any Letters which they may write during the voyage.

All letters found in the Moveable Boxes are to be charged with postage as if originating at the last Port at which the Packet touched before its arrival at Bombay or elsewhere.

Bombay, Post Master General's Office, 31st August 1858.

Securing Letters with Sealing Wax.—The Public are urgently recommended to close all letters, containing Remittances, Cheques, Bank Notes, or valuable Documents, with *Sealing Wax*. Bank Notes ought always to be divided, one half being sent after the receipt of the other half has been acknowledged.

Letters closed with gum, or the ordinary wafer, can be opened without any difficulty, or the slightest chance of detection.

Foreign and Colonial Postage.—The Rates of Postage chargeable on Letters sent through the United Kingdom to British Colonies and Foreign Countries can be ascertained, by application, at every Post Office.

Bombay, Post Master General's Office, 5th August 1858.

Packets Plundered.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that Packets, despatched from Khull Post Office to Seerpoor Post Office on the 24th of November 1858, have been PLUNDERED by Rebels between Chowkee Bursalla and Than.

From whence Despatched.	To what place Addressed.	No. of Packets.	From whence Despatched.	To what place Addressed.	No. of Packets.
Mhow	Bombay	1	Mundlesir..	Bombay	1
Do.	Malligum	1	Do.	Seerpoor	1
Do.	Dhoolia	1	Do.	Yeola	1
Do.	Nassick	1	Khull	Nagpore	1
Do.	Seerpoor	1	Do.	Parola	1
Do.	Wassind	1	Do.	Seerpoor	1
Do.	Nuggur	1	Do.	Dhoolia	1
Indore....	Bombay	2	Do.	Poona	1
Do.	Nuggur	1	Do.	Bombay	1
Do.	Dhoolia	1	Do.	Scindwah	1
Do.	Captain Helbert	1			
Do.	Seerpoor	1			
					Total.. 23

Bombay, Post Master General's Office, 2nd December 1858.

Banghy Parcels Plundered.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Banghy Parcels, despatched from Indore to Sehore on the 26th August, have been PLUNDERED on the Sehore Road, on the 30th idem.

List of Parcels despatched from Indore to Sehore.

Originally despatched from	Address.	Destination.	No. of Parcels.	Weight, Tolas.	Description.
Mhow	His Highness Nawab, Secundrubagum.	Bhopal.....	1	65	Bearing.
Bombay ..	Major Hampton, 31st Bengal N. I.	Saugor.....	1	477	Ditto.
Ditto ..	Lieutenant E. T. Williams, 3rd Madras European Regt., care of Commanding Officer Detachment	Ditto	1	422	Ditto.
Ditto ..	Lieut. G. W. Hanson, 9th Regt. N. I. ...	Sehore	1	136	Ditto.
Indore	The Political Agent in Bhopal	Ditto	1	70	Service.

TIME TABLE of the ARRIVAL of the OVERLAND MAIL, and DELIVERY of LETTERS and NEWSPAPERS.

Name of the Steamer.	Time at which the Steamer anchored.		Time at which the first Box was received in the Post Office.		Time at which the last Southampton Letter Box was received in the Post Office.		Time at which the last Mail Box was received in the Post Office.		Time at which the Window Delivery commenced.		Time at which the Delivery Peons left the Office with the first Delivery of Overland Letters and Papers.		Number of Boxes received.	
"Bombay"	1859 Jan. 9	P. M. 10-25	10th	A. M. 2-5	10th	A. M. 3-20	10th	A. M. 3-50	10th	A. M. 5-15	10th	A. M. 6-0	Iron. 79	Wooden. 93

Bombay Post Office, 12th January 1859.

Mail Robbery.—The Mail despatched hence on the 16th ultimo, for Hyderabad, Deccan, was ROBBERED whilst in transit between Sholapoor and Hyderabad.

Bombay Post Office, 3rd January 1859.

Mail Robbery.—It is hereby notified, that the Mail despatched from the Barreilly Post Office on the 4th October has been ROBBERED on the night of the 5th idem, on the Hattrass Road, and the case is in the hands of the Magistrate of Allypurrh.

Bombay Post Office, 12th November 1858.

Malta and Gibraltar.—Letters for MALTA and GIBRALTAR may be prepaid or not, at the option of the sender.

Bombay Post Office, 1st September 1858.

Banghy Parcels for Scinde and the Punjaub.—Notice is hereby given, that all Banghy Parcels for Scinde and the Punjaub, intended to be sent by Sea *via* Kurrachee, must be so marked, that is "Per Steamer," or else they will be subject to be sent by land, and to be charged with Banghy rates of Postage.

Bombay Post Office, 30th August 1858.

Newspapers.—Newspapers RE-DIRECTED are chargeable with FORWARD POSTAGE.

Bombay Post Office, 11th August 1858.

W. BLOWERS,
Depty. Post Master General.

Compulsory Prepayment of Letters to the United Kingdom.—From the 1st of September next the present system of *optional* Prepayment of Letters sent from India to the United Kingdom will be abolished, and from that date the Prepayment of Postage on Letters posted in any part of India for the United Kingdom, whether marked *via* Southampton or *via* Marseilles, will be *compulsory*. The Rates of Postage are as under :—

	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 2 oz.	Above 2 oz. and not exceeding 2½ oz.	Above 2½ oz. and not exceeding 3 oz.	Above 3 oz. and not exceeding 3½ oz.	Above 3½ oz. and not exceeding 4 oz.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
Southampton..	0-4	0-4	0-8	0-8	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	{ And so on, adding 8 Annas for every additional ounce, or fraction of an ounce.
Marseilles ..	0-6	0-8	0-14	1-0	1-10	1-12	1-14	2-0	{ And so on, adding 8 Annas for every additional ounce, or fraction of an ounce, in addition to 2 Annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce, or part of a quarter.

All Letters posted on or after the 1st of September upon which at least a single rate of Postage—that is to say, 4 Annas on a Southampton Letter, and 6 Annas on a Marseilles Letter—has not been paid, will be returned to the senders. But in order to obviate the inconvenience which would be caused to the public by detaining and returning to the senders Letters which, *through inadvertence*, may be posted without the full amount of Postage being paid upon them, Letters insufficiently prepaid, but on which at least a single rate of Postage has been paid, will be forwarded, charged with the deficiency of Postage and a fine of Sixpence, or four Annas.

Prepayment must be made, as now, by Stamps.

Calcutta, June 1st, 1858.

W. GREY,
Offg. Director General of the Post Office.

The Mails from the undermentioned Stations reached the Bombay Post Office in time for Despatch by the P. & O. Co.'s Steamer "GANGES," which started on the 11th January 1859.

Anantapur	27 Dec.	Cullian	10 Jan.	Kurnool	4 Jan.	Omerawattee	6 Jan.
Almorah	30 "	Campoolee	10 "	Kotta	4 "	Peshawar	1 "
Alleppy	31 "	Dindigal	25 Dec.	Kurrachee	5 "	Pathanacote	1 "
Asnee	31 "	Dinapore	29 "	Kottree	5 "	Palace	4 "
Ajmere	4 Jan.	Dowlaisaram	31 "	Kupperwanj	5 "	Pooree	23 Dec.
Allahabad	4 "	D. Ismael Khan	31 "	Kamptee	6 "	Pallanicotta	31 "
Arkot	5 "	D. Gazez Khan	1 Jan.	Kuladglhee	6 "	Pournee	1 Jan.
Akote	6 "	Dumow	3 "	Kaira	7 "	Poonmallee	2 "
Agra	6 "	Dhar	4 "	Karanjah	7 "	Pallanpore	6 "
Anjar	6 "	Delhi	5 "	Khamgaum	7 "	Parola	8 "
Ahmedabad	7 "	Danoor	5 "	Kolapore	8 "	Penn	9 "
Do. Cantonment	7 "	Dohud	5 "	Kurrar	8 "	Poona	10 "
Asseerghur	8 "	Dholka	6 "	Khull	8 "	Panwell	19 "
Ahmednuggur	8 "	Deesa	7 "	Kulliawaree	8 "	Quilon	31 Dec.
Aurangabad	8 "	Dhollera	7 "	Khundalla	10 "	Rassulcouda	26 "
Bhurupore	18 Dec.	Dharramgaum	8 "	Kirkee	10 "	Rammad	30 "
Berhampoor	26 "	Dapoolee	8 "	Luchmonghur	31 Dec.	Ranghur	31 "
Bezora	27 "	Dharwar	8 "	Lahore	3 Jan.	Rajmundry	1 Jan.
Bhimlepatam	28 "	Damaun	9 "	Lucknow	4 "	Ramandrug	2 "
Bhilsa	30 "	Dhoolia	9 "	Lingasoogoor	5 "	Roorkee	2 "
Bussas	30 "	Ellore	1 "	Moaspett	24 Dec.	Rorree	3 "
Beaver	31 "	Etawah	1 "	Moosafferger	28 "	Rajpore	4 "
Buxar	31 "	Erinpoora	5 "	Mallaporem	28 "	Rutlam	5 "
Banda	1 Jan.	Ellichpore	6 "	Murree	30 "	Rajcote	7 "
Beyepore	1 "	Egutpoora	10 "	Mundawn	31 "	Rahoree	8 "
Bhowulpore	2 "	Fyzabad	29 Dec.	Mucktul	1 Jan.	Ratnagherry	8 "
Baitool	3 "	Fattyptee	1 Jan.	Manantody	1 "	Sudashewpett	27 Dec.
Barreilly	4 "	Fattyghur	4 "	Madapolam	1 "	Salem	28 "
Bindrabin	4 "	French Rocks	5 "	Mooltan	2 "	Soobathoo	28 "
Bhundara	4 "	Gungakhair	22 Dec.	Massilipatam	2 "	Serouge	29 "
Benares	4 "	Gopegunje	27 "	Mahanudee	2 "	Sooruglier	30 "
Bolaram	4 "	Ghazepore	31 "	Mercarra	2 "	Sukkar	30 "
Bassim B.	5 "	Gooty	1 Jan.	Moonda	3 "	Sanalcota	30 "
Bhopaul	5 "	G. G.'s Camp	4 "	Mean Mear	3 "	Seranpore	30 "
Bangalore	6 "	Gondaspore	5 "	Mangalore	4 "	Sunbulpoor	2 Jan.
Bellary	6 "	Gwalior	6 "	Mirzapore	4 "	Sealcote	2 "
Booldanah	6 "	Godra	6 "	Mynpoory	4 "	Sirsa	2 "
Bhooj	6 "	Gogo	7 "	Moondra	5 "	Sultanpoor	2 "
Barsee	7 "	Gundavie	8 "	Meerutt	5 "	Shajahanpore	3 "
Bhurva	7 "	Gohagur	8 "	Mundoosore	5 "	Saugor	4 "
Ballapoor	7 "	Hissar	23 Dec.	Madras	5 "	Sukur	4 "
Bunkapoor	7 "	Hursole	25 "	Mayaneram	5 "	Shikarpore	4 "
Baroda	7 "	H.I. Qrs. Camp	30 "	Mandvie	6 "	Sehore	5 "
Beejapore	7 "	Hattras	2 Jan.	Mahidpore	6 "	Secunderabad	5 "
Bhownuggur	7 "	Hoosingabad	3 "	Mominabad	6 "	Shorapore	5 "
Belgaum	8 "	Honore	5 "	Mount Aboo	6 "	Shemogah	6 "
Boorhanpore	8 "	Hyderabad (Dec.)	5 "	Malwan	7 "	Siree	6 "
Bellimora	8 "	Hydrbd. (Scinde.)	5 "	Mundlaur	7 "	Seepree	6 "
Broach	8 "	Hominabad	6 "	Matheran, Govern- nor's Camp	7 "	Saugunnair	7 "
Bulsar	9 "	Hingolee	6 "	Malligaum B.	7 "	Shunner	8 "
Bhewndy	10 "	Hoollee	7 "	Maunpore	7 "	Seerpoor	8 "
Bassein	10 "	Hurryhur	7 "	Mahar	8 "	Surat	8 "
Combacanum	23 Dec.	Indore	8 "	Mhow	8 "	Sholapoor	8 "
Chutterpore	24 "	Jujeram	30 Dec.	Mundlaur	7 "	Sattara	9 "
Colombo	27 "	Jhoonjhoonoo	1 Jan.	Matheran	9 "	Seeroor	9 "
Combacanum	27 "	Jhelum	2 "	Mahableshwar	9 "	Seonee	9 "
Chicacole	27 "	Jeypoor	2 "	Mahim	10 "	Tranquebar	23 Dec.
Chunar	28 "	Joudpore	3 "	Negapatam	28 Dec.	Tanjore	24 "
Chooroo	31 "	Julgaum B.	4 "	Nowulgher	30 "	Tatcorin	28 "
Cocnada	31 "	Jawud	4 "	Nowshera	1 Jan.	Trevandrum	30 "
Calicut	1 Jan.	Jacobabad	4 "	Nagore	2 "	Tellicherry	2 Jan.
Cochin	1 "	Jubulpore	5 "	Nusseerabad	3 "	Tatta	5 "
Calcutta	2 "	Jhansee	6 "	Ninee Tal	4 "	Tillara	6 "
Cannanore	3 "	Jumhooseer	7 "	Nursingpore	4 "	Tarrapore	9 "
Coimbatoor	3 "	Jooria	7 "	Nagode	4 "	Tanna	11 "
Cawnpore	4 "	Jooner	8 "	Neemuch	5 "	Umritsur	3 "
Coonoor	4 "	Jaulgaum	8 "	Narrayeupet	5 "	Umballah	4 "
Cuddapa	4 "	Jaulnah	8 "	Nuldroog	6 "	Vingoria	7 "
Chanda	4 "	Jajooree	9 "	Nagpore	7 "	Vizianagram	30 Dec.
Chundwara	5 "	Kotergerry	18 Dec.	Nandoorbar	8 "	Vellore	30 "
Coomta	5 "	Kottree	29 "	Nagotun	9 "	Vizagapatam	31 "
C. I. F. F. Camp	6 "	Kisnagur	31 "	Nassick	10 "	Wagotia	7 Jan.
Cambay	7 "	Kunhur	2 Jan.	Oodaipore	3 "	Warree	7 "
Chiploon	7 "	Khetty	3 "	Oosoor	3 "	Wace	8 "
Chandore	9 "	Kherwara	4 "	Oojain	6 "	Wassind	11 "
						Yarcand	2 "