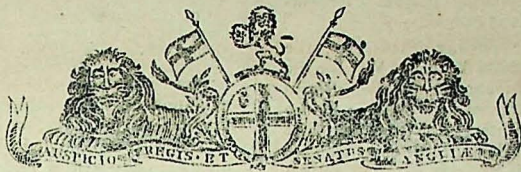


THE



Bombay Government Gazette.

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NOTIFICATION.

Bombay Castle, 4th August 1831.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council having sanctioned the publication of a weekly paper, to be styled the "BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE," notice is hereby given, that after this day all advertisements and other public papers of the Government will be printed in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE only; and all orders or other public notices appearing in that paper, under the signature of the Secretaries, or other public officers of the Government, are hereby ordered and directed to be conformed to and obeyed accordingly.

Bombay Castle, 18th January 1832.

When official notifications from the Government are inserted in the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, no communication on the same subject will be made in writing to any department concerned; but all public officers are required to take notice of such official notifications in the same manner as if they had been directly communicated to them by letter from the Secretary's office, and as heads of offices alone will be furnished by Government with the BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, they will be expected to communicate to their subordinate officers all orders which may in any manner concern them.

The Bombay Government Gazettes furnished by Government to public offices are to be lodged with the records, and are not to be removed from the office.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN BAX, Secy. to Govt.

NOTICE.

The Government Printing and Lithographing Departments having been transferred to the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY, all Printing and Lithographing required by any Department should be sent to the Office at Bycullah.

Bombay, 5th April 1848.

J. G. LUMSDEN, Secy. to Govt.

Legislative Council.

12th April 1856.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 11th April 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. IX. OF 1856.

An Act to amend the Law relating to Bills of Lading.

Whereas by the custom of Merchants a Bill of Lading of goods being transferable by endorsement, the property in the goods may thereby pass to the endorsee, but nevertheless all rights in respect of the contract contained in the Bill of Lading continue in the original shipper or owner, and it is expedient that such rights should pass with the property; and whereas it frequently happens that the goods in respect of which Bills of Lading purport to be signed have not been laden on board, and it is proper that such Bills of Lading in the hands of a *bond fide* holder for value should not be questioned by the Master or other person signing the same, on the ground of the goods not having been laden as aforesaid: It is enacted as follows:—

I. Every consignee of goods named in a Bill of Lading, and every endorsee of a Bill of Lading to whom the property in the goods therein mentioned shall pass, upon or by reason of such consignment or endorsement, shall have transferred to and vested in him all rights of suit, and be subject to the same liabilities in respect of such goods as if the contract contained in the Bill of Lading had been made with himself.

II. Nothing herein contained shall prejudice or affect any right of stoppage in transitu, or any right to claim freight against the original shipper or owner, or any liability of the consignee or endorsee for valuable goods to have been shipped against Master, &c. on board a vessel, shall be conclusive evidence of such shipment as against the Master or other person signing the same, notwithstanding that such goods, or some part thereof, may not have been so shipped, unless such holder of the Bill of Lading shall have had actual notice, at the time of receiving the same, that the goods had not in fact been laden on board. Provided that the Master or other person so signing may exonerate himself in respect of such misrepresentation, by showing that it was caused without any default on his part, and wholly by the fraud of the shipper, or of the holder, or some person under whom the holder claims.

ginal shipper or owner, or any liability of the consignee or endorsee for valuable goods to have been shipped against Master, &c. on board a vessel, shall be conclusive evidence of such shipment as against the Master or other person signing the same, notwithstanding that such goods, or some part thereof, may not have been so shipped, unless such holder of the Bill of Lading shall have had actual notice, at the time of receiving the same, that the goods had not in fact been laden on board. Provided that the Master or other person so signing may exonerate himself in respect of such misrepresentation, by showing that it was caused without any default on his part, and wholly by the fraud of the shipper, or of the holder, or some person under whom the holder claims.

III. Every Bill of Lading in the hands of a consignee, &c. conclusive evidence of the shipment as against Master, &c. on board a vessel, shall be conclusive evidence of such shipment as against the Master or other person signing the same, notwithstanding that such goods, or some part thereof, may not have been so shipped, unless such holder of the Bill of Lading shall have had actual notice, at the time of receiving the same, that the goods had not in fact been laden on board. Provided that the Master or other person so signing may exonerate himself in respect of such misrepresentation, by showing that it was caused without any default on his part, and wholly by the fraud of the shipper, or of the holder, or some person under whom the holder claims.

Proviso.

representation, by showing that it was caused without any default on his part, and wholly by the fraud of the shipper, or of the holder, or some person under whom the holder claims.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

12th April 1856.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 11th April 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. X. OF 1856.

An Act to repeal the 122nd Article of War for the Native Army, and to substitute a new Article in lieu thereof.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Articles of War

Preamble.
for the Native Army, by including therein every attempt to commit murder; It is enacted—

That, from and after the passing of this Act, the 122nd Article of War for the government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in the Military Service of the East India Company shall be repealed, except as to offences committed before the passing of this Act, and, in lieu thereof, the following shall be the 122nd Article:—

“or of wounding or otherwise, by any means whatsoever, causing any corporal injury to any person with intent to murder, whether the person wounded or otherwise injured be the person whom the offender intended to murder, or another; or of attempting to commit murder by any means whatsoever.”

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

12th April 1856.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 11th April 1856, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

Act No. XI. of 1856.

An Act for the better Prevention of Desertion by European Soldiers from the Land Forces of Her Majesty and of the East India Company in India.

Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for apprehending and detaining European deserters from the

Preamble.

Land Forces in the Service of Her Majesty and of the East India Company in India, and for punishing persons who aid and encourage such deserters; It is enacted as follows:—

I. If it shall appear that any officer or soldier, being a deserter from the said Forces, has been concealed on board any merchant vessel, and that the master or

person in charge of such vessel for the time being, though ignorant of the fact of such concealment, might have known of the same but for some neglect of his duty as such master or person, or for the want of proper discipline on board his vessel, such master or person shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees. Provided always, that no conviction for such

Proviso.

the same shall be stated in the charge which the party is called upon to answer; and in such charge, it shall be lawful to state in the alternative, that the party has either knowingly harboured or concealed a deserter on board his vessel, or has, by neglect of duty, or by reason of the want of proper discipline on board the vessel, allowed such deserter to be so concealed.

II. Any person, whether a European British subject or not, who shall be guilty of an offence punishable under this Act, shall be punishable for the same by any Justice of the Peace for any of the Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, or for any of the Settlements of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate in any Port within the Territories of the East India Company within whose jurisdiction the offence may have been committed, or such person may have been apprehended or found, whether the offence shall have been committed within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such officer or not; and any person hereby made punishable by a Justice of the Peace shall be punishable on summary conviction.

Jurisdiction.

able under this Act, shall be punishable for the same by any Justice of the Peace for any of the Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, or for any of the Settlements of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate in any Port within the Territories of the East India Company within whose jurisdiction the offence may have been committed, or such person may have been apprehended or found, whether the offence shall have been committed within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such officer or not; and any person hereby made punishable by a Justice of the Peace shall be punishable on summary conviction.

III. No conviction, order, or judgment of any Justice of the Peace shall be quashed for error of form or procedure, but only on the merits; and it shall not be necessary to state on the face of the conviction, order, or judgment, the evidence on which it proceeds; but the depositions taken, or a copy of them, shall be returned with the conviction, order, or judgment, in obedience to any writ of *certiorari*; and if no jurisdiction appears on the face of the conviction, order, or judgment, but the depositions taken supply that defect, the conviction, order, or judgment shall be aided by what so appears in such depositions.

IV. Nothing in this Act contained shall prevent Saving of proceedings under Act No. XIV. of 1849. any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, or other Officer having authority in that behalf, from committing for trial any person who shall be charged with an offence punishable under Act No. XIV. of 1849, or any other Act hereafter to be in force, notwithstanding that such offence may be also punishable under this Act. Provided that no proceedings shall have been had against such person in respect of the same offence under this Act.

Proviso.

V. Whenever, on information given on oath or solemn affirmation, where by law a solemn affirmation may be used instead of an oath, to the Commanding Officer of any fort, garrison, station, regiment, or detachment, at any port or place within the Territories of the East India Company, in which no person lawfully exercising magisterial powers can be found, which oath or affirmation the several persons abovenamed shall severally under this Act have power to administer; or whenever, on such information as aforesaid, given to any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate, having jurisdiction within such port or place, there shall appear reason to suspect that any European officer or soldier belonging to the said forces, who may have deserted or be absent without leave, is on board any ship, vessel, or boat, or is concealed on shore at any such port or place within the Territories of the East India Company, it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer or Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate as aforesaid, to issue a warrant authorising the person or persons to whom such warrant may be addressed, to enter into and search, at any time of the day or night, any such ship, vessel, or boat, or any house or place on shore, and to apprehend any such officer or soldier, and to detain him in custody in order to his being dealt with according to law.

VI. The warrant to be issued under the preceding Section may be addressed to any European officer or soldier of the said forces, or to all Constables, Peace Officers, and other persons who may be bound to execute the warrant of any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate, and acting in the execution of this Act; and all such persons shall be bound to execute, perform, and obey such warrant.

VII. Every person who shall be apprehended under any warrant under the 5th Section of this Act shall be brought without delay before a Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or person lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate, in or near the place wherein such person shall have been arrested, who shall examine such person, and, if he shall be satisfied, either by the confession of such person or the testimony of one or more witness or witnesses, or by his own knowledge, that such person is a

deserter from the said forces, shall cause him to be delivered, together with any depositions and papers relative to the case, to the Commanding Officer of the regiment, corps, or detachment to which he shall belong, if the same shall be in or near the place of such arrest, or, if otherwise, then to the Commanding Officer of the nearest military station, in order that he may be dealt with according to law.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Legislative Council.

12th April 1856.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 12th April 1856, and was referred to a Select Committee, who are to report thereon after the 16th of July next:—

A Bill relating to Trespasses by Cattle.

Whereas loss and injury are suffered by cultivators and occupiers of land from damage done to crops and other produce of land, by the trespass of cattle; and whereas it is expedient to authorise the seizure and detention of cattle doing damage, and to make provision for the punishment of persons wilfully causing such damage; it is enacted as follows:—

I. Section IV. Regulation V. 1830 of the Bengal Code is hereby repealed; and such parts of Sections XII. and LII. Regulation XI. 1816 of the Madras Code, and of Sections XIX. XLV. and LIII. Regulation XII. 1827 of the Bombay Code, as authorise the Magistrates or Police Officers to take charge and dispose of stray cattle, are declared subject to the following modifications.

II. It shall be lawful for the cultivator or occupier of any land to seize, or cause to be seized, any cattle trespassing on such land, and doing damage to any crop or produce thereon, and to convey them to the pound established for the village in which the land is situate. Village and other Police Officers, when called upon, shall give their aid to cultivators and occupiers making such seizures.

III. Pounds shall be established at the thannahs or district Police stations, and at such other places as the Magistrate, under the orders of the Local Government, may determine. The village or villages by which every pound is to be used shall be determined, and notified by the Magistrate; and when a pound is intended for the use of more than one village, the site shall be so fixed that it shall not be necessary to drive cattle more than five miles for the purpose of impounding them.

IV. The pounds shall be under the control of the Magistrate of the district, and for each pound a pound-keeper shall be appointed, who shall keep such registers and furnish such returns as the Local Government shall direct. Provided that, in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay, the heads of villages and Police Patells shall be *ex officio* the keepers of village pounds.

V. When cattle are brought to a pound, the pound-keeper shall enter in his register the number and description of the animals, the name and residence of the seizer, and the name and residence of the owner if known, and shall give a copy of the entry to the seizer. The pound-keeper shall take charge of and feed the cattle until disposed of as hereinafter directed.

VI. If the owner appear and claim the cattle, and

his claim be attested by some person known in the place in which the pound is established, they shall be delivered to him on payment of a fine for each head of cattle, according to the following scale:—

	Annas.
Camel or Buffalo	8
Horse or Tattoo, Bull, Bullock, or Cow	4
Calf or Ass	2
Sheep or Goat	1

together with the expense of feeding the cattle, at such daily rate as may be fixed by the Magistrate under the orders of the Local Government. The owner, on taking back his cattle, shall give the pound-keeper a receipt for them, countersigned by the person who attests his claim.

VII. If the cattle be not claimed within seven days, the pound-keeper shall make his report to the Darogah or District Police Officer, who shall stick up in a conspicuous part of the Police Office a notice containing a statement of the number and description of the cattle, the place where they were seized, and the place where they are impounded, and shall cause proclamation of the same to be made by beat of drum in the village, and at the market place, nearest to the place of seizure. If the cattle be not claimed within ten days from the date of the notice, they shall be sold by public auction by the Darogah or District Police Officer, or an officer of his establishment deputed for the purpose.

VIII. If the owner appear, and refuse or omit to pay the fines and expenses, the cattle, or as many of them as may be necessary, shall be sold by public auction for the recovery of such fines and expenses by the Darogah or other officer as aforesaid; and the remaining cattle, and the balance of the purchase money, if any, shall be delivered to the owner, together with an account showing the number of cattle seized, the time during which they have been impounded, the charge for fines and expenses, the number of cattle sold, the proceeds of sale, and the manner in which those proceeds have been disposed of; and the owner shall grant a receipt for the cattle delivered to him, and for the balance of the purchase money paid to him (if any) according to such account.

Provido. Provided always, that if a complaint against the seizure shall have been preferred under the provisions of Section XVI. of this Act, no sale shall be made until the case shall have been decided, nor otherwise than according to the order which may be passed in such case.

IX. Police Officers and pound-keepers are prohibited, on pain of dismissal from office, from becoming purchasers of any cattle sold under this Act.

X. When cattle are sold under the provisions of this Act, the fines leviable under this Act, and the expenses of feeding, according to the rates fixed by the Magistrate, together with the expenses of sale, if any, shall be deducted from the sale proceeds. The fines so recovered, as well as all fines received by the pound-keepers under Section VI. shall be transmitted by the Darogah, or District Police Officer, to the Magistrate, who shall carry the same to the credit of Government. The expenses of feeding realized by sale shall be paid over to the pound-keepers, who shall also retain and appropriate all sums received by them on account of such expenses under Section VI. The surplus proceeds of the sale of unclaimed cattle shall be transmitted to the Magistrate, who shall hold them in deposit for three months, and if no claim to them be preferred and established within that period, shall, at its expiry, carry the amount to the credit of Government.

XI. The Local Government may assign salaries to pound-keepers, to be paid out of the sums credited to Government on account of fines and the sale of unclaimed cattle.

XII. A Schedule of the fines leviable under this Act, and of the rates of charge fixed by the Magistrate for the expense of feeding impounded cattle, shall be stuck up in a conspicuous place on or near to every pound; and any pound-keeper who shall demand or receive as fine a larger sum than is prescribed by this Act, or shall charge the expense of feeding any cattle at a higher rate than that fixed by the Magistrate, shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to both.

XIII. Any pound-keeper who shall release any cattle brought to him for the purpose of being impounded, without receiving from the owner or claimant the fine prescribed by this Act, unless release shall have been ordered by the Moonsiff under Section XVI. of this Act, or shall omit to bring to account in the register and return, which he shall be required by the Local Government to keep and furnish, any fine received by him for the release of impounded cattle, shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to the penalty or penalties prescribed in the last preceding Section.

XIV. Any pound-keeper who shall neglect to feed any cattle made over to his charge shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, the whole or any portion of which may be made over to the owner in compensation for any loss or injury that may occur from such neglect, and the same may be inquired into and adjudged by a Magistrate on the complaint of the owner of the cattle, or on the information of any other person.

XV. Every person who shall forcibly oppose the seizure of cattle doing damage to crops or other produce of land; or shall forcibly rescue the same after seizure either from a pound or from the seizer when conveying or about convey them to a pound, shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to both. Offences under this Section shall be dealt with by the Police Officers according to the provisions of Section XXV. Regulation XX. 1817 of the Bengal Code, and Section XLIII. Regulation XI. 1816 of the Madras Code, and Section XLIII. Regulation XII. 1827 of the Bombay Code.

XVI. Any person whose cattle shall have been seized and detained, as doing damage to crops or other produce, may prefer a complaint against the seizure to the Moonsiff, at any time within fifteen days from the date thereof. The complaint may be either verbal, in which case the substance of it shall be taken down in writing by the Moonsiff, or written upon plain paper, and shall be preferred by the complainant in person, or by an agent personally acquainted with the circumstances. The Moonsiff, if, on examination of the complainant or his agent, he shall see reason to believe the complaint to be well founded, shall summon the party complained against, and shall proceed to make a summary inquiry into the case. If the seizure be adjudged illegal, the Moonsiff shall award to the complainant such damages, not exceeding in any case the sum of one hundred rupees, as he may deem to be a reasonable compensation for any loss or injury sustained from the unlawful seizure and

detention, together with all expenses incurred by the complainant in procuring the release of the cattle; or, if the cattle have not been released, the Moonsiff, in addition to the award of damages, shall make an order for their release, and shall direct that the fines and expenses leviable under this Act shall be paid by the party who made the seizure. All decisions passed by the Moonsiffs under this Section shall be final, and not open to appeal unless the ground of appeal be a question of law, or some other ground on which a special appeal would lie in a regular suit.

XVII. Any person who shall wilfully damage, or cause or permit to be damaged, any crop or other produce of land, by driving or allowing cattle to trespass thereon, shall be liable for

such offence to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to both. The aforesaid penalties may be adjudged by a Magistrate on the complaint of any person authorised to seize cattle under Section II. of this Act, or any person who may have made advances for the cultivation of the land and delivery of the produce, and the fine may be recovered by sale of the cattle by which the trespass was committed, or any portion of them, whether the cattle were seized in the act of trespassing or not, and whether such cattle are the property of the person convicted of the offence, or were only in his charge when the trespass was committed. All fines recovered under this Section may be appropriated in whole or in part to compensate the complainant for damage proved to the satisfaction of the Magistrate.

XVIII. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to prohibit any person, to institute a suit for the recovery of damages in any competent Court, whose crops or other produce of land shall have been damaged by trespass of cattle, from instituting a suit for the recovery of damages in any competent Court.

Proviso. Provided that any compensation which may have been paid to any such person under the last preceding Section shall be set off and deducted from any sum claimed by or awarded to him as damages in such suit.

XIX. The Local Government, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, may exclude from the operation of this Act any district or tract of country to which its provisions may be judged unsuitable.

XX. In the construction of this Act, words importing the singular number shall include the plural, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular; words importing the masculine gender shall include females; the word "Magistrate" shall include a Joint Magistrate, or other Officer lawfully exercising the powers of a Magistrate; the word "Moonsiff" shall, in the Presidency of Fort St. George, mean a District Moonsiff, and in the Presidency of Bombay, and elsewhere, shall include any Sudder Ameen, Principal Sudder Ameen, or other Judicial Officer, having original jurisdiction in places where there is no Moonsiff.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Notice

Is hereby given, that a sum of Rupees 10-1-5, also some other articles, on account of the ESTATES of the late BIGGAREES below mentioned, have been received into my Office:—

Vitnac Womnac, 1 rupee in cash, 4 brass rings, 1 tin pot, 1 small leather bucket, 1 old pugry, and 1 old white jacket.

- Nagnac Womnac, Rs. 3-1-5 in cash, and 1 old pugry.
- Binda Purdasee, Rs. 4 in cash, 1 leather bucket, and 1 brass lota.
- Abdoola Momin, Rs. 2 in cash, 1 copper pot, 1 tin pot, and 1 tin plate.

The same will be paid and delivered by me to their legal representatives, on application, with full particulars.

F. WEMYSS, Captain,
Engineer to the Dockyard.

- Bombay, Dockyard Engineer's Office,
7th August 1855.

ખાહરનામુ.

અહેવાલ નીચે લખેલા ચુલરી ગમેલા બેગારીઓનાં ઇસ્ટેટ વીરો રૂ. ૧૦-૧-૫ તથા પરચુરંજી સામાન મારી કુચેરીમાં આવે છે.

- ૧ વીટનાક ઉમનાક રૂ. ૧ રોકડો તથા પીતલની વીટી ૪ તથા કલધનું વાંરાણું ૧ તથા નાની ચાંમડાંની બાલદી ૧ તથા જુની પાગડી ૧ તથા જુનો રહેત અંગરખો ૧.
- ૧ નાગનાક ઉમનાક રૂ. ૩-૧-૫ રોકડા જુની પાગડી ૧.
- ૧ પીનડા પરદેશી રૂ. ૪ રોકડા તથા ચાંમડાંની બાલદી ૧ તથા પીતલનો છોટો ૧.
- ૧ અબદુલા મોમીન રૂ. ૨ રોકડા તથા તાંબાનું વાંરાણું ૧ તથા કલધનું વાંરાણું ૧ તથા દીનપલેટ ૧.

કામ્પેદા પ્રમાણે શદરહુ માણુશોના ને વારસો હરો તેઓએ સર્વ મજકુર શુધાં અરજ કરેલી અંમે શદરહુ રૂપઆ તથા સામાન આપીશુ.

(સહી) એફ. ઉવેમીરા, કપતાન,
ગોદીના ઇન્જિનિયર.

તારીખ ૭ મી માહે આગસ્ટ સને ૧૮૫૫ ઇસવી
મુબૈઈ ગોદીના ઇન્જિનિયરની કુચેરી.

જાહિરનામા.

ऐसा जे खाली लिहिलेले मयत बिगारी यांचे इस्टेटा पैकीं रु. १०-१-५ आणि दुसरें किरकोळ सामान आमचे कचेरींत आलें आहे.

विठनाक उमनाक रोख रुपया १ व पितळेच्या आंगठ्या ४ व कथलाचें भांडें १ व लाहान चांमड्याची बालदी १ व जुनी पागडी १ व जुना सफेद अंगरखा १.

नागनाक उमनाक रोख रुपये ३-१-५ व जुनी पागडी १. बिंडा परदेशी रोख रुपये ४ व चांमड्याची बालदी १ व पितळेचा लोटा १.

आबदुला मोमीन रोख रुपये २ व तांब्याचें भांडें १ व कथली भांडें १ व दीन प्लेट १.

कायद्याप्रमाणे सदहू मनुष्यांचे जे वारस आसतील त्याणी सर्व मजकुरासहीत अर्जे केला असतां त्यास आम्ही सदहू रुपये व सामान देजें.

सही.

एफ. वेमिस, कपतान,
गोदीचे इंजिनियर.

तारीख ७ माहे आगस्ट सन १८५५ इसवी मु।।

मुंबई गोदीचे इंजिनियरची कचेरी.

VENAYEK WASSOODEW,
Oriental Translator to Govt.

OPIMUM MEMORANDUM for the Week ending Tuesday, 6th May 1856.

Years.	For 1852-53	For 1853-54	For 1854-55	For 1855-56	Total
Passes granted at Indore	27,955½	25,206	27,688	19,836	20,430
Up to 29th April 1856.	27,955½	25,206	27,688	19,836	20,430
From 30th April to 6th May 1856.	..	..	..	1,094	1,094
Total.	27,955½	25,206	27,688	20,930	20,430
Imported into Bombay	Up to 29th April 1856.	27,949½	25,262½	27,685½	16,983½
From 30th April to 6th May 1856.	..	..	..	725	725
Lost on the road.	6	3½	2½	3½	17,602
Total.	27,955½	25,266	27,688	17,602	17,602
Exported by sea	Up to 29th April 1856.	27,808½	25,247½	27,602½	13,451½
From 30th April to 6th May 1856.	..	..	6½	903½	903½
Total.	27,808½	25,247½	27,602½	14,354½	14,354½
Balance unaccounted for.	51½	15	76½	3,303½	3,303½
Of the season 1854-55.	Per Ship "Cowasjee Family"	4½	..	..	4½
Per Steamer "Norma"	..	2	..	..	2
Of the season 1855-56.	Per Ship "Cowasjee Family"	309	..	..	309
Per Steamer "Norma"	594½	..	..	..	594½
Total.....Chests	903½	..	..	..	903½
	910	..	..	..	910

R. SPOONER,
Officiating Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium.

Bombay, Office of Commr. of Customs, Salt, and Opium, 7th May 1856.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Whereas it is provided by Act No. XXVI. of 1850, that whenever any application shall be made to the Government for putting the said Act in force in any Town or Suburb, notice thereof shall be given in the *Government Gazette* of the Presidency or place, and also by Proclamation within such Town or Suburb, setting forth the purposes of the application, and giving reasonable time for all Inhabitants of such Town or Suburb to declare themselves for or against the adoption of the said Act therein, for such purposes, or any of them; and whereas application has been made to the Government that the said Act No. XXVI. of 1850 may be put in force within the Town of DADOO, Talooka JONHEE, in the Kurrachee Collectorate, for the purpose of making better provision for making,

repairing, cleaning roads, drains, and tanks, and for improving the said Town, and preventing any nuisances arising therein: Notice of the application aforesaid is hereby given, and all Inhabitants of the said Town of DADOO are hereby informed, that such of them as are minded to declare themselves for or against the adoption of Act No. XXVI. of 1850 in the Town of DADOO, for the purposes described in the application aforesaid, or any of them, may declare themselves accordingly, before the Deputy Collector of Sehwan, at any time during the usual office hours, within two months from this date.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
W. HART,

Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 6th May 1856.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

Notice is hereby given, that the Petitions of the several Persons hereunder named and described have been presented to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, Bombay, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Act made and passed in the Eleventh Year of Victoria, Chapter XXI.:—

Names.	Profession.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Dates of Petitions filed.		
				Day.	Month.	Year.
Gowree Naiqueen, Anondee Naiqueen, Jankee Naiqueen, and Sobasing Luckmonsing.	The former three are Court-tesans.	Hindoos	Without the Fort, near Kalbadavie.	1st	May	1856.
Siddick Ally, Jakaria Ally, and Jacob Ally.	Dyers	Mahomedans.	Without the Fort, in Moorgee Molla Street.	"	"	"
Mahadoo Gunnoo, Ragoo Mahadoo, and Balloo Mahadoo	Bhistees	Hindoos	Without the Fort, on Malabar Hill.	2nd	"	"
Rustomjee Pestonjee Gandhee.	A Manager in the employ of one Dinshaw Shapoorjee.	Parsee	Within the Fort, near Bazar Gate.	3rd	"	"
John Toole	A Pensioned Conductor	European	Without the Fort, in Middle Colaba.	5th	"	"
Limjeebhoy Eduljee.	A Carpenter	Parsee	Without the Fort, in Khetwaddy.	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Insolvents' Petitions, that the real and personal Estates and Effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court, under Clause VII. of the said Act, have been duly made.

Day appointed for Hearing the Petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents.

Names.	Time.		
	Day.	Month.	Hour.
Gowree Naiqueen, Anondee Naiqueen, Jankee Naiqueen, and Sobasing Luckmonsing.	1st Monday	June next	11 o'clock.
Rustomjee Pestonjee Gandhee.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Pestonjee Burjorjee Davur	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

Opposing Creditors must file their Claims, verified by Affidavit, and pay the usual Fees, at my Office, at least three days before the Hearing. The abovenamed Insolvents have filed Schedules of their Debts, Estates, and Effects, in my Office.

Dividends payable in the undermentioned Insolvents' Estates.

John Zacharias Hewett	3rd Monday in May instant,	of 10 per cent.
João Caetano Dias	ditto	ditto of 10 per cent.
Balerustna Rursordjee	ditto	ditto of 10 per cent.
Gunputrao Gungathurjee.	ditto	ditto of 6½ per cent.

Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 6th day of May 1856.

J. A. McKENZIE,
Clerk of the Court.

નાદાર દેવાદારોની કોર્ટ મધે.

જાહેર ખખર એ ઉપરથી આપવામાં આવે છે, જે વિગત સાથે એની હેઠળ જે જુદી જુદી આશામીઓના નામો લખેલાં છે, તેઓએ મુંબઈની નાદાર દેણદારોનાં છુટકા કરનારી કોર્ટને અરજીઓ આપી છે, તેમાં એક એકની અરજ હેવી છે, જે વીક્ટોરીયાના અગિઆરમે વરસે જે ધારો કરીને કરાવ્યો છે, તેના એકવિશમાં બાબતોનો ધલાલ હોતો મળે.

નામ.	ધંધો.	જાત.	રહેવાનું કે કાણું મુંબઈમધે.	અરજીઓ દાખલ કરાની તારીખ.		
				દાડા.	માસ.	વરસ.
ગવરી નાએકણુ તથા અનંદી નાએકણુ તથા જનકી નાએકણુ તથા શોભારીંગ લખમંજીરીંગ.	પેહેલી તણુ જણીઓ કરા-ખંણુ છે.	હીંદુ.	કોટબાર કાલકોદેવી આગલ.	૧ જા.	મેએ.	૧૮૫૬.
શીદીકમ્લી તથા જકરીઆ અલી તથા જાકુબમ્લી.	રંગારીઓ	મુસલમાન.	કોટબાર મુરગી મોલામાં.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
માધુ ગણુ તથા રાધુ માધુ તથા બાલુ માધુ.	ભીરાતીઓ	હીંદુ.	કોટબાર વાલકેશ્વરના કુંગર ઉપર.	૨ જા.	એજ.	એજ.
રશતંમજી પેરાતંનજી ધંધી.	દીનરા શાપુરજીની આકરીમાં કારભારી.	પારશી.	કોટમાં બજારના દરવાજા આગલ.	૩ જા.	એજ.	એજ.
જાનં દુલ	મેઠો મુશારો આનાર કનદકર.	એરોપીઅન.	કોટબાર વચલા કુલાબામાં.	૫ મે	એજ.	એજ.
લીમજીભાઈ એદ લજી.	મુથાર	પારશી.	કોટબાર ખેતવાડીમાં.	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.

ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓની બાબતમાં ઘટતી રીતે હુકમ થયા છે, જે ઉપર લખેલા ધારાની સાતમી કલમ પ્રમાણે નાદાર દેવાદાર મજકુરોની સ્થાવર તથા જંગમ મિલકત તથા ચીજવસ્તુ આ નામદાર કોર્ટનાં આફિસિઆલ આશાએનીના તાબામાં આપે.

નાચે લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોની અરજીઓ સાંભળવાશાહ કરાવેલા દાડા.

નામ.	વખત.		
	દાડા.	માસ.	કલાક.
ગવરી નાએકણુ તથા અનંદી નાએકણુ તથા જનકી નાએકણુ તથા શોભારીંગ લખમંજીરીંગ.	૧ જા સોમવાર.	આવતો જીન.	૧૧.
રશતંમજી પેરાતંનજી ધંધી	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.
પેરાતંનજી બરજોરજી દાવર	એજ.	એજ.	એજ.

આડા આવનાર લેણદારોએ, યોડમાં યોડ સાંભળવાના તણુ દાહાડા અગાઉ, સોગણુનાં માથી સાખીત કરેલા પોતાના દાવા હમારી આશીસમાં દાખલ કરવા જોઈએ, તથા સિરસ્તા પ્રમાણે તેઓને શી આપવી જોઈએ. ઉપર લખેલા નાદાર દેવાદારોએ પોતાનાં દેવાની, તથા માલ મિલકતની, ટીપો હમારી આશીસમાં દાખલ કરાવી છે.

નાચે લખેલા ઈસ્ટેટમાંથી ફાલા આપવાને કરાવીઆ છે તેહેની વીગત.

નામ.	વખત.		
	દાડા.	માસ.	રોકડે ટકા.
જાનં જેકારાઅરા હીઉએટ	૩ જા સોમવાર.	આલતો મેએ.	ટકા ૧૦
જાઉ કધતાંન રીઅરા	એજ.	એજ.	ટકા ૧૦
બાલકશણા રંણુહોડજી	એજ.	એજ.	ટકા ૧૦
ગણુપતરાવ ગંગાધરજી	એજ.	એજ.	ટકા ૧૧

શ્રી મુંબઈના કોર્ટમધે, કોર્ટના ક્લાર્કની આશીસમાં,
લખી તારીખ ૬ ડી મેએ સને ૧૮૫૬.

જે. એ. મકેનજી,
કોર્ટના ક્લાર્ક સહી.

(True translation)

J. FLYNN, Chief Translator.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Under the provisions of Regulation VI. of 1834, the Judges of the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut have sanctioned the closing of the CIVIL COURTS at AHMEDNUGGUR for six weeks, from the 15th instant.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
H. L. ANDERSON,
Secretary to Government.
Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

Notice.

The Judges of the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut have issued four SUNUDS to the undermentioned individuals, authorising them to practice as VAKUELS in the Sudder Adawlut, and the Courts of the Konkun Zillah :—

No.	Names.	Date of the Sunud.	In what Zillah.
		1856	
1	Govindrow Amroo	17th April.	Konkun.
2	Naro Dhakdeo	Ditto.	Ditto.
3	Mr. D. J. McCombie	25th do.	Sudder Adawlut.
4	Venaik Hurry	30th do.	Konkun.

By order of the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut,

M. A. COXON,
Registrar.

Bombay, Sudder Dewanee Adawlut,
6th May 1856.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

DISCOUNT.

On Government Bills..... 8 per cent.
On Private Bills at or within 3 } 10 ditto.
Months }

INTEREST.

On Fixed Loans on Government } 9 ditto.
Notes and Railway Shares.. }
On Open Loans on ditto..... 10 ditto.
On Cash Credit Accounts 10 ditto.
On Loans on Security of Goods.. 11 ditto.

Bills payable within one month, are discounted under the above rate, and Discount at 3 per cent. under the rate charged will be refunded on all Bills paid before maturity, for the unexpired portion of the time such Bills may have to run.

The Rate of Advance on deposit of 5 per Cent. Government Notes is 90 per cent., on 4 per Cent. Notes 75 per cent., on Railway Shares three-fourths the paid-up value of the Shares, and on Goods three-fourths the approved value.

Loans on Goods, &c.

Advances are granted on the security of Goods not of a perishable nature, deposited in private Godowns situated either in the Fort, or in Grant Buildings, Colaba.

Government Agency.

The Bank undertakes the safe custody of Government Securities, Bank Shares, and other Indian Stock Certificates, also the purchase or sale of the same, and realizes the Interest and Dividends as they become due; and is also authorised to transact the business hitherto carried on by the

Government Agents for the public Creditors of Government and others, and to remit the interest, dividends, and principal by Bills of Exchange payable in England to Constituents, Shareholders, and others, whether resident in Europe or elsewhere.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JAMES BLAIR,

Acting Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bombay, 3rd April 1856.

Notice

Is hereby given, that LIGHTS will be exhibited at DEVJUGUN, on the east side of the GULF of CAMBAY, immediately to the North of the Jumbooseer Bar, and on the Beacon at the mouth of the Creek leading to Khoon Bunder, from the 1st of May next until the 15th of June; and that in future they will be shown from the 1st of September to the 15th of June in each year.

R. SPOONER,

Officiating Commissioner of Customs,
Salt, and Opium.

Bombay, Office of Commr. of Customs,
Salt, and Opium, 22nd April 1856.

મહેરનામું.

એહુજે નજુશરના ખારાની ઉતર ખાળુની નજદીક ખંભાએતની ખાડીની પુરવ ખાળુએ દેવનગમાં તથા ખુન બંદરમાં જનારી ખાડીના મોહોડા આગલની ડાંડી ઉપર તારીખ ૧ માહે મેએ રાને ૧૮૫૬ થી તે તારીખ ૧૫ મી માહે જુન રાને મજકૂરશુધી દીવા લગાડવામાં આવશે તથા આગલ દરવરશે તારીખ ૧ માહે રાપટંબરથી તે તારીખ ૧૫ મી માહે જુન શુની પછુ રાદરશુડેકાણે દીવા લગાડવામાં આવશે.

રાજી. રીચરડ, ધરિપુનર,

જકાત તથા મીઠુ તથા અપ્રીયુના આપ્રીશી-

એશીંગ કમીશનર.
તારીખ ૨૨ મી માહે એપ્રીલ રાને ૧૮૫૬
ધરિવી મુકામ મેખર્ધ જકાત તથા મીઠુ
તથા અપ્રીયુના કમીશનર રાહેબની કચેરી.

જાહિરનામા.

એસાજે જુનસરચે વાચાચે ઉત્તરે નજીક સંબાધતચે સ્વાડી. ચે પૂર્વે બાજુસ દેવજગન યેથે આળિ ખુન બંદરાસ જાળારે સ્વા. ડાંચે તોંડાવરીલ દાંડીવર તારીખ ૧ મે સન ૧૮૫૬ પાસૂન તારીખ ૧૫ જૂન સન મજકૂર પાવેતોં દિવે લાવિલે જાતીલ. આળિ પુઠે પ્રતિવર્ષી તારીખ ૧ સપ્ટેમ્બર પાસૂન તારીખ ૧૫ જૂન પાવેતોં હી સદહુ ઠિકાળી દિવે લાવિલે જાતીલ.

સહી.

રિચર્ડ સુનર,

જકાત વ મીઠ વ આફુચે

આફિસીયેટિંગ કમિશનર.

તારીખ ૨૨ વી માહે એપ્રીલ સન ૧૮૫૬ સસવી

મુકામ મુંબઈ જકાત વ મીઠ વ આફીળીચે
કમીશનરચી કચેરી.

VENAYEK WASSOODEW,

Oriental Translator to Govt.

Notification.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following Notification issued by the Government of India :—

No. 14.

FORT WILLIAM, FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,

The 8th April 1856.

NOTIFICATION.—Whereas it is provided by Section XXXII. of Act VIII. of 1855, that the Government shall have power, from time to time, to make and alter any general Rules and Orders consistent with the provisions of the abovementioned Act, for the guidance and government of the Administrator General in each of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to resolve that the following Rules, entitled “Rules for the Office and Duties of the Administrators General,” be published in the *Calcutta Official Gazette*, and that a copy of this Resolution and of the said Rules be transmitted to the Governments of Fort St. George and Bombay, respectively, with a view to their publication in the *Official Gazettes* of those Presidencies, in pursuance of the directions contained in Section XXXIII. of the Act in question :—

RULES FOR THE OFFICE AND DUTIES OF THE ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL.

Rule I. The Administrator General shall keep the following Accounts and Statements, Nos. 1 to 18 :—

No. 1.—Inventory Book, being a List of Property received as belonging to each Estate, at the time the Administrator General takes charge thereof.

No. 2.—Asset Book, or List of the Assets of each Estate, as the Administrator General obtains information respecting them.

No. 3.—Cash Book, to be balanced daily, and a Monthly Balance to be shown as each month's Accounts are closed.

No. 4.—Receipt Book, in which copies of all Receipts for Cash or Government Securities, or other paper representing money, shall be entered before being signed by the Administrator General, a series of consecutive numbers being written or printed on the Receipts, and copied into the Receipt Book.

No. 5.—Account Current with each separate Estate, showing a detailed debit and credit of items on account of such Estate, with Dependencies at foot thereof.

No. 6.—Claim Registry Book, in which shall be registered claims preferred against each Estate.

No. 7.—Account Current with the Bank of Bengal or the Bank of Madras, or the Bank of Bombay, as the case may be.

No. 8.—Commission Book, showing the amount collected, and also the amount distributed on account of each Estate daily, with the amount of Commission due to the Administrator General.

No. 9.—Bills Receivable Book, for entering Drafts on Account Sales at sight or date.

No. 10.—Register of Payments to the Sub-Treasurer, on account of sums payable through the India House, connected with Estates administered to by the Administrator General, under instructions contained in a Despatch of the Honorable the Court of Directors, No. 10 of 1852, dated 4th February (Form annexed).

No. 11.—Book to contain a copy of all Accounts delivered from the Office of the Administrator General.

No. 12.—Memorandum of Accounts filed in the Supreme Court by the Administrator General (Form annexed).

No. 13.—An Account Book of all Bank Shares and Government Securities deposited in the General Treasury, or retained in the Administrator General's Office.

No. 14.—An Account Current of all Bank Shares and Government Securities sent for renewal or otherwise to the Accountant General's Office.

No. 15.—Schedule of Money, Bonds and other Securities, received by the Administrator General on account of the Estates under his charge, together with the payments made thereout, and the balances in hand, prepared for each half-year under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855, to be drawn up as per Form A annexed.

No. 16.—Schedule of Balances of Administrations paid over by the Administrator General to the persons entitled to the same, prepared for each half-year, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855, to be drawn up as per Form B annexed.

No. 17.—Account of all Cash deposited in the General Treasury on account of Estates having balances of less than 500 Rupees.

No. 18.—Account of Audit Fund, composed of the interest of Funds deposited in the General Treasury under Clause 4, Rule III.

Rule II. Of the foregoing documents, the Cash Book (No. 3) shall exhibit in detail the daily receipts and issues of Cash, Government Securities, &c. as per annexed Form C, and shall be punctually balanced at the close of each day.

Rule III. 1.—The Estate Account (No. 5), that is to say the Account showing the transactions on behalf of each Estate in Cash, Government Securities and Bank and other Shares, shall be prepared as per Form D annexed.

2.—Whenever the Cash Balance belonging to any Estate shall amount to 500 Rupees, after providing for ascertained current demands, it shall be invested by the Administrator General in Government Securities.

3.—In cases of Estates having balances of less than 500 Rupees, in which all registered claims have been satisfied, or remain for any long period unclaimed, such balances shall be paid into the hands of the Sub-Treasurer as deposits, bearing interest at 4 per cent. per annum, to the period at which they may be respectively claimed by the parties entitled to the same, or may lapse to Government under Act V. of 1851, or Act VIII. of 1855.

4.—The Administrator General may from time to time deposit in the General Treasury any portion not less in amount at any one time than 5,000 Rupees of the balance standing to his credit in the Bank of Bengal, or the Bank of Madras or Bombay, as the case may be, which sum, or so much thereof as shall remain in the Treasury for half a year, shall carry interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum for each full half-year that sum shall so remain; such interest to be carried to a Fund to be called AUDIT FUND.

5.—The Administrator General may from time to time, as he shall think fit, by written application to the Accountant General, draw out of such Funds deposited in the General Treasury, under Rule III. Section 4, any amount, being not less at any one time than the sum of 5,000 Rupees.

6.—Assets of Estates not being in Cash, Government Securities or Bank Shares, shall be shown as Dependencies at the foot of the Account.

Rule IV. The Administrator General shall not retain in his hands a larger sum in Cash than 5,000 (five thousand) Rupees; any excess beyond this amount shall be lodged to his credit in the Bank of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, as the case may be.

Rule V. Every payment charged in his general Cash Account shall be supported by a corresponding voucher.

Rule VI. The Administrator General shall make his remittances on account of parties in Europe to the Treasury at the India House by Government Bills, at the rate of exchange annually agreed upon with Her Majesty's Government for the re-payment of advances made in India.

Rule VII. All Government Securities and Bank or other Shares, coming into the possession of the Administrator General, shall forthwith be lodged in the General Treasury for safe custody, except in cases in which it may be necessary for him to retain them for a temporary purpose; and whenever the Administrator General shall have occasion to withdraw any such Securities from the custody of the Sub-Treasurer, he shall distinctly specify in his receipt the purpose for which such Securities are required to be withdrawn.

Rule VIII. The Sub-Treasurer shall keep a separate Account of all Securities belonging to the Administrator General and lodged by him in the General Treasury, entering therein to his credit all Securities deposited by the Administrator General, and granting him his receipt for the same, and charging in the Account all Securities delivered out to the Administrator General; and no Security shall be so delivered out to the Administrator General, excepting on his detailed receipt, specifying the purpose for which such Security is required to be taken out of the deposit from the General Treasury.

Rule IX. 1.—The Accounts of the Administrator General shall be audited once in each half-year by the Auditors appointed under Act VIII. of 1855, and in order to the timely preparation of the two Schedules, which are provided for by Section XXXIV. of that Act, the said Accounts shall be closed twice in each year, viz. for the Schedule which is required to be exhibited in Court on the 1st March up to 31st December preceding, and for that which is required to be exhibited on the 10th day of August up to the preceding 30th June.

2.—The expenses of audit, &c. shall be divided among the whole of the Estates concerned, the portion falling upon Estates with balances of less than 500 Rupees being however defrayed, as far as may be, from the Audit Fund formed for that purpose under the provisions of Clause 4 of Rule III. If the Audit Fund shall be more than sufficient to defray the portion of the expenses of audit, &c. falling upon Estates with balances of less than 500 Rupees, the surplus shall be applied equally towards defraying the expenses of audit, &c. to be borne by Estates with balances of more than 500 Rupees.

Rule X. An asterisk shall be placed opposite every Estate in Schedule A in which the entire balance at credit shall consist of monies set apart for creditors whose claims have been admitted, and the meaning of the asterisk shall be explained by a Note at the head or foot of the Schedule.

FORMS.

Vide Rule
I. No. 10.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Date of payment to Sub-Treasurer.	Name of Estate.	Amount paid to Sub-Treasurer in Company's	Rate of Exchange.	Amount payable in	At what date payable after receipt of Statement at the India House.	Name of Agent to whom the amount is payable.
		Rupees	l.	s.	d.	

MEMORANDUM OF ACCOUNTS filed in the Supreme Court by the Administrator General at

Vide Rule 1.
No. 12.

1	2	3			4		
Date of Filing.	Estate.	Particulars of the last Credit Item.			Particulars of the last Debit Item.		
		Date.	Amount.		Date.	Amount.	

SCHEDULE (A) of all Sums of Money, Bonds and other Securities, received by the Administrator General, on account of each Estate remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout, and the Balances prepared up to the 30th June 18 (or 31st December 18), under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

[illegible]

SCHEDULE (B) of all Administrations whereof the Balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the Amount of such Balances and the persons to whom paid; prepared under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

Vide Rule I.
No. 1G.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	PAYMENTS.						Parties to whom paid.	
		Date of Payment.	Govt. Securities.		Bank or other Stock, Bonds or other Securities not being Govt. Securities.	Cash.			
			Sa. Rs.	Co.'s Rs.		Rs.	A. P.		

Vide Rule II.

C. General Cash Account, 1st January 185

	Bank or other Shares, Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Government Promis- sory Notes.	CASH.		No. of General Ac- count Vouchers.	No. of Estate Account Vouchers.		Bank or other Shares, Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Government Promis- sory Notes.	CASH.		
			Co.'s Rs. A. P.							Co.'s Rs. A. P.		
To Balance of Cash, &c. in hand on the ..												
To ESTATE A.												
Received Rent of House No.												
Street for ..		..	00	0	0				..	900	0	0
To BANK OF BENGAL.												
Amt. of Cheque No. in favour of												
Ditto on account of Estate do. 000												
Ditto on acct. of Estate do. 000												
Ditto do. No. . in favour of												
Messrs. on account of Es- tate E. 000												
To ESTATE B.												
Received from Messrs. the sale of the deceas- ed's household property, as per Account Sale		..	000	0	0							
Amount of a 4 per Cent. Govern- ment Promissory Note No. of 1842-43, purchased from, as per contra.		000										
Total		000	0000	0	0				000	0000	0	0
By ESTATE D.												
Paid Doctor's Fees for Medical Attend- ance on the deceas- ed												
Ditto ditto ditto. 00												
Paid for a 4 per Cent. Government Promissory Note No. of 1842-43, for Co.'s Rs. 00												
Less discount at per cent. 00												
By BANK OF BEN- GAL.												
Amount remitted thither for safe cus- tody												
By GENERAL TREA- SURY.												
Amount of a 4 per Cent. Government Promissory Note Estate of No. 1842-43, sent for safe custody									000			
By ESTATE E.												
Paid Messrs. Rent of House No. Govt. Place, for occupied by the deceased										00	0	0
By Balance in Cash, &c.										000	0	0
Total									000	0000	0	0

D. Cash Account of Estate B.

Vide Rule III.

Date of Receipt.	Bank or other Shares, Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Government Securities.	Cash.	No. of Vouchers.	Date of Payment.	Bank or other Shares, Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Government Securities.	Cash.
To Balance of Cash, &c. in hand on the received from		..	000 0 0			Paid for a 4 per Cent. Government Promissory Note, No. of 1842-43, for Co.'s Rs. 000		
Sale Proceeds of the deceased's household property, as per Ac- count Sale		..	00 0 0			Less Discount at per cent. 00		.. 000 0 0
Amount of a 4 per Cent. Government Promissory Note, No. of 1842-43, pur- chased from ..		000				BY GENERAL TREA- SURY.		
						Amount of a 4 per Cent. Government Promissory Note No. of 1842-43, sent for safe custody		000
						By Balance Cash, &c. on hand		.. 00 0 0
Total		000	000 0 0			Total		000 000 0 0

MEMO.—Bank Shares and Government Securities are to be entered at their *registered principal value*.

DEPENDENCIES, viz.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council,

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

Bombay Castle, 6th May 1856.

W. HART, Secretary to Government.

WEEKLY SUMMARY OF DEATHS ON THE ISLAND OF BOMBAY.

CASTE OR TRIBE.	Still-born.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Measles.	Fever.	Disease of Nervous System.	Vascular System.	Respiratory System.	Alimentary System.	Urinary System.	Sexual System, and Child-bearing.	Locomotive & Teg- umentary Systems.	Cachexy and Debility.	Leprosy, Tubercular and Articular.	Dropsy.	Accident and Violence.	Other and Unknown Cause.	Total—exclusive of Still-born.
Boodhist.—Jain, &c. ..	1	..	..	..	7	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	11
Brahmun ..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	8
Lingnet and Bhatia ..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	7
Hindoo of other Caste ..	2	28	2	..	119	3	..	13	18	..	2	1	6	..	2	..	..	196
Hindoo Out-caste ..	1	..	..	..	14	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	21
Moosulman ..	3	10	3	..	32	2	..	4	15	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	71
Parsee ..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10
Jew ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Native-Christian ..	2	1	..	..	4	..	1	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12
Indo-European ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
European ..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
Negro-African ..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Other and Unknown Caste ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Total ..	5	46	6	..	189	6	1	28	42	..	4	4	14	..	3	2	2	347
Mean of the corresponding Weeks in the preceding Eight Years. .	48	30	3	133	10	..	25	37	..	3	1	11	..	4	1	1	..	309

Bombay, 7th May 1856.

A. H. LEITH,
In charge of Mortuary Returns.

General Orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, 1st May 1856.

No. 405 of 1856.—The following is a Copy of List No. 2 of Rank of Cadets for the Bombay Cavalry and Infantry, received from the East India House:—

FOR THE CAVALRY.

To rank from the date of his departure from Southampton by the Overland Mail, he having proceeded via France to join the same at Alexandria, viz:—

Charles Willoughby Hill 4th March.

To rank from the date of his departure from Southampton by the Overland Route, viz:—

Albert Purcell Currie "Euxine," 4th March.

FOR THE INFANTRY.

To rank from the date of his departure from England, he having proceeded via France to join at Malta the Overland Mail of the 4th February, viz:—

Edward William West. Appointed 6th February.... 7th February.

To rank from the date of their departure from Southampton by the Overland Route, and in the following order, viz:—

Frederick Lewis Farquharson..... } "Alma," 20th February.
William Thomas Brown..... }
Richard Mercer Lloyd "Euxine," 4th March.

To rank from the date of the sailing from Gravesend of the Ship by which he proceeded, viz:—

John Gilbert Erskine Griffith..... "Royal Family," 9th March.

(Signed) PHILIP MELVILL,
Secretary, Military Department.

East India House, 19th March 1856.

No. 406 of 1856.—The following temporary appointment is made:—

Lieutenant W. Dickinson, of the 8th Regt. N. I., to act as Adjutant to the 1st Regiment Sind Irregular Horse, during such time as Lieutenant and Adjutant Macauley may officiate as Second in Command, or until further orders.

No. 407 of 1856.—The following temporary appointment is made:—

Lieutenant D. Huchon, of the 2nd European Regiment Light Infantry, to act as Adjutant to the 1st Belooch Battalion, during such time as Lieutenant Nicholletts may officiate as Second in Command, or until further orders.

No. 408 of 1856.—The undermentioned Officers have returned to their duty, without prejudice to their rank, by permission of the Honorable the Court of Directors:—

Date of Arrival at Bombay.

Captain J. Peyton, 23rd Regt. N. L. I. }
Assistant Surgeon D. Wylie, M.D., Medical Establishment.. } 24th April 1856.

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1856.

No. 409 of 1856.—Captain F. Wemyss, Dockyard Engineer, has been granted privileged leave of absence for thirty days, from the 18th April, to proceed to Mahabeshwur.

No. 410 of 1856.—The following promotions are made:—

Infantry.

Lieutenant Colonel (Brevet Colonel) T. C. Parr to be Colonel.....	} From the 18th March 1856, in succession to Colonel (Lieutenant General) Sir H. Pottin- ger, Bart., G.C.B., deceased.	
Major H. Jacob to be Lieutenant Colonel		
19th Regiment N. I.		
Captain (Brevet Major) E. H. Hart to be Major		
Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) H. J. Day to be Captain of a Company ..		
Ensign E. J. Checkley to be Lieutenant.....		

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1856.

No. 411 of 1856.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following General Order by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council, dated Fort William, 15th April 1856, No. 594:—

"The Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct that the following letter, from the Honorable the Court of Directors to the Government of India, No. 26, dated 20th February 1856, and its enclosures, relating to the principles which should govern the recommendations of Officers for special Brevet, on account of distinguished services, be published for general information:—

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

No. 26 of 1856.

OUR GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

1. Referring to the announcement made in the *London Gazette* of the 8th January 1856, of the promotion by special Brevet of several Officers, and of the ante-date of the Commissions of several others, we now transmit a copy

of the Extract from a letter from Viscount Hardinge to the Right Honorable Sir Charles Wood, dated the 6th October 1853, and of a letter from Major General Yorke, dated the 28th January 1856, expressing the views of the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief as to the principles which should govern the recommendations of Officers for special Brevet on account of distinguished services performed in action whilst in a Subaltern rank.

2. We entirely recognise the justice of the views expressed by Viscount Hardinge in these documents, and we desire that the principles enunciated in them may be duly observed.

We are, &c.

(Signed) E. MACNAGHTEN,
And Nine other Directors.

London, 20th February 1856.

Extract Letter from Viscount Hardinge to the Right Honorable Sir Charles Wood, dated 6th October 1853.

'It is on general grounds very desirable to expedite the promotion of the Seniority Service, provided the individual cases can be so clearly made out that the Brevet promotion conferred upon those who are selected shall not cast any reflection on the Senior Officers of the same Regiment employed in the same Campaign, or in the same Action.

'The Senior Major of a Regiment being recommended for the Brevet Rank of Lieutenant Colonel, and the Senior Captain for the Brevet of Major, is a public recognition of the good conduct of the Regiment, and can cast no reproach when no Senior Officer is superseded by a Junior, or if, when a Senior is superseded, some justifiable cause can afford the necessary explanation.

'If, on the other hand, the Senior Lieutenant be recorded for the Brevet Rank of Major on being promoted to a Company in his Regiment, he at once supersedes, in the Army Rank of Major, every Captain of his Regiment; he obtains two steps at once; and the acts of valour, and of skill, or of good fortune, which can alone entitle him to such a preference, must be of a character so distinct and meritorious as clearly to prove that the preference shown is so manifestly deserved that it can cast no reproach on the Senior Officers of his own Regiment thus superseded.

'During the Sutlej and Punjaub Campaigns several Lieutenants had been employed on separate and distinct services, which caused them, when the War broke out, to be placed in Command of Irregular Corps, and in some instances in the Command of Armies. Majors Edwardes, Lake, Nicholson, and others, were of this Class; also Officers of the Staff performing distinguished services with their Generals, and when Regiments were not in Action, and where no comparative good conduct would be called in question.'

SIR THOMAS REDINGTON,

&c. &c. &c.

SIR,

The promotion of Officers of the East India Company's Service, who had been recommended for Brevet Rank on their becoming Captains, for services performed as Subalterns in the Sind and Sutlej Campaigns, having been carried out in the *Gazette* of the 8th instant, and these claims of long standing having been thus adjusted, I am directed by the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief to state that, in his opinion, it is very desirable that the practice of recording in future Subaltern Officers for promotion, on their attaining the rank of Captain, should be brought under the consideration of the Directors of the East India Company.

Viscount Hardinge, in his letter to Sir Charles Wood, of the 6th of October 1853, recorded his opinion of the principle that must be kept in view in deciding upon such claims, the justice of which has been fully admitted by the Court of Directors. The late promotions above referred to were therefore governed by that principle, and no Officer was then promoted, unless for service performed when detached from his Regiment. But the Field Marshal considers that it is very inexpedient in future to make such a reward as that of conferring at once two steps of rank so common as to grant it to a number of Officers, who may have done their duty well during a Campaign in Staff appointments or in other detached situations, but whose services may not have been of a particularly distinguished character.

Services such as were performed by the present Lieutenant Colonels Edwardes, Lake, and Nicholson, and a few other Officers of the East India Company's Army, while Subalterns, certainly merit every acknowledgment; and in such cases, and others, where a Subaltern Officer may have very particularly distinguished himself when detached from his Regiment, though the service may not have been of the same importance as that rendered by the Officers above referred to, the Field Marshal considers that it would be quite right to confer a step of Brevet Rank on such Subaltern as soon as he may become a Captain; but a reward which ought to be deemed extraordinary should, in His Lordship's opinion, be confined to such cases, and not granted so generally to Staff Officers and others as has lately been the practice.

The Field Marshal would therefore suggest for Mr. Vernon Smith's consideration, that a communication should be made to the Chairs on the subject, and that it should be understood that in future no claim of a Subaltern Officer to be promoted to Brevet Rank on his becoming Captain can be admitted, unless the service, besides having been performed when detached from his Regiment, be of a character so distinguished as to justify what should be deemed an extraordinary reward. The nature of the service should in such case be specified in the recommendation of the Officer, which would be forwarded by the General Officer in Command.

Thus this mode of rewarding Officers would be brought into stricter conformity with the spirit of the provisions of the Promotion Warrant.

I have, &c.

(Signed) C. YORKE.

Horse Guards, 28th January 1856.

(Signed) R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, in the Military Department."

No. 412 of 1856.—Captain J. Ash, of the Invalid Establishment, is allowed a furlough to Europe, for three years, on private affairs, under the Old Furlough Regulations.

No. 413 of 1856.—Lieutenant Pym, Adjutant of the Guzerat Irregular Horse, has been allowed privileged leave from the 4th to the 14th instant.

No. 414 of 1856.—Mr. Edward Cunningham is admitted to the Service, in conformity with his appointment by the Honorable the Court of Directors, as a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment. Date of arrival at Bombay, 24th April 1856.

Bombay Castle, 5th May 1856.

No. 415 of 1856.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following General Order by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council, dated Fort William, 11th April 1856, No. 586 :—

“The Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct that the following Extract from a Military letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors to the Government of India, No. 177, dated 19th December 1855, be published for general information :—

Para. 2. Under the New Rules, Officers absent from duty are allowed to count, to a prescribed extent, time of absence as service for the Pension on Full Pay, whether the time has been passed in Europe, or at the Cape, or at the Sanatorial Hills, or elsewhere; and in order that Officers then in the service might have the *immediate* advantage of this Rule, they are by Rule No. 3 allowed its benefits retrospectively as well as prospectively. Thus, Officers who previously could not count any portion of the time spent in Europe as service for the Pension are enabled to do so, and they claim, in consequence, a rate of Pension which could not otherwise have been claimed in some instances until after two, three, or four years of additional service. Of those who have retired on Full Pay since the Rules were established, a considerable proportion have claimed and received this advantage.

3. On the other hand, Officers who had spent such lengthened periods at the Cape of Good Hope, or elsewhere within Indian limits, as exceed the privileged time allowed by the New Rules, have to consider whether it will be for their advantage to adhere to the Old Rules, and in many instances have determined to do so in virtue of the option allowed to them.

4. If Rule 3 were to be abolished, as now proposed by your Government, the effect would be that Officers adopting the New Rules, who had taken their leaves of absence at the Cape and elsewhere within Indian limits with the enjoyment of Indian Allowances, would count all that time for the Pension; whilst those who had taken their furlough to Europe with Regimental Pay only would be deprived of any such advantage.

5. We cannot admit that this change would be satisfactory, neither can we approve of still further increasing the privileged time of absence by adding to it all leaves of absence in India. We must therefore decline to comply with the prayer of Lieutenant Williamson's memorial.

(Signed) R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India in the Military Department.”

No. 416 of 1856.—The leave of absence to Captain C. A. Moyle, Acting Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad, for three months, announced in General Order No. 898, dated the 26th November 1855, commenced from the 1st of September, and has been extended for thirteen days.

No. 417 of 1856.—The undermentioned Officers have returned to their duty, without prejudice to their rank, by permission of the Honorable the Court of Directors :—

Lieutenant Colonel J. Holland, 28th Regt. N. I., Quarter Master General of the Army	} Date of Arrival at Bombay. 4th May 1856.
Lieutenant W. G. Mainwaring, 1st European Regiment (Fusiliers).	

No. 418 of 1856.—Major J. H. G. Crawford, Engineers, Superintending Engineer Railway Department, is allowed a furlough to Europe, on medical certificate, for fifteen months, under the New Furlough Regulations.

Bombay Castle, 6th May 1856.

No. 419 of 1856.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for information the following description of the New Limits of the Shikarpoor Cantonment, in supersession of the existing Limits, detailed in G. G. O. dated 11th May 1850 :—

Number of Pillars.	Description.	Bearings.	Distance.
2	From a Pillar marked No. 1 on Plan to a Pillar in a field S. of Camp..	S. 74° 30' E.	774
3	A Pillar south of Race Course	N. 57 30 E.	1,018
4	A Pillar east of Race Course	N. 38 30 E.	555
5	A Pillar north-east. of Race Course, on bank of the Raiswah ..	N. 12 0 W.	488
6	A Pillar north of Race Course, on bank of the Raiswah..	N. 73 30 W.	460
7	A Pillar on bank of the Raiswah, at the Bridge on Khanpoor Road..	N. 60 0 W.	477
8	A Pillar on bank of the Raiswah, north of Artillery Lines..	N. 61 30 W.	443
9	A Pillar north of Camp	N. 62 30 W.	585
10	A Pillar at north-east angle of Residency compound wall ..	S. 59 30 W.	678
11	A Pillar against east wall of Residency compound	S. 13 0 E.	321
12	A Pillar south of said wall	S. 11 0 E.	191
13	A Pillar on south side of Shikarpoor Road, at corner of wall ..	S. 7 0 E.	308
14	A Pillar against north side of Narayndass garden wall..	S. 15 30 E.	510
15	A Pillar on west side of Edgah.. .. .	S. 79 0 E.	64
1	A Pillar on Sukkur Road, at east side of Police compound..	S. 16 30 E.	487
Total...			7,359
Circumference of Cantonment from Pillar to Pillar 4 $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles.			

No. 420 of 1856.—Captain Curtis, Executive Engineer, Shikarpoor Collectorate, has been granted leave of absence, under the New Furlough Regulations, for two months, from the 1st May 1856, to proceed to Bombay and the Deccan, on private affairs.

No. 421 of 1856.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to republish the following General Order by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council, dated the 7th March 1856, No. 395 :—
“ It is hereby notified that Officers proceeding to Europe, whether on medical certificate or on private affairs, may, when an opportunity occurs, embark at Kurrachee direct for Suez.

In cases of Officers proceeding on medical certificate, the final medical examination shall be made at Kurrachee, by Committee of Medical Officers, to be formed under the orders of the Government of Bombay.

Applications for leave to Europe, embarking at Kurrachee, are to be made in conformity with existing rules.

(Signed) R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, in the Military Department.”

No. 422 of 1856.—With reference to the 2nd paragraph of the G. O. G. G. I. No. 395, of the 7th March 1856, republished in G. G. O. No. 421, of this date, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the Medical Committees to be formed at Kurrachee, for the final examination of Officers belonging to, or serving in the Presidency of Bengal, who may purpose to proceed to Europe or elsewhere beyond sea on medical certificate, shall consist of the three senior Medical Officers present at Kurrachee, the Superintending Surgeon being invariably President when available.

2. The medical certificate to be furnished by the Committee is to be prepared agreeably to the following Form :—
FORM.

We, the undersigned, do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare, upon honour, that we are of opinion, from the circumstances detailed in the statement of his case, that it is absolutely necessary (or highly desirable) that (here enter the name and official designation) should proceed by the earliest opportunity to (here specify the place to which it is intended the party shall proceed), for the recovery of his health.

A. B., Superintending Surgeon, and President.
C. D., Surgeon H. M.'s Regiment, and Member.
E. F., Surgeon, Regiment, and Member.

3. The medical certificate, together with the prescribed “ No demand” Certificate, or Security Bond in lieu, when required by the Regulations, are to be enclosed by the Officer, in a letter to the address of the Major of Brigade, applying for furlough agreeably to the Old or New Rules, as the case may be, and forwarded without delay through the local Authorities to the Deputy Adjutant General of the Army at Bombay, for transmission to Government.

4. When the application is duly accompanied with the regulated Certificate as above, the Officer Commanding the Sind Division, or (in his absence from Kurrachee) the Officer Commanding at the Station, is authorised to permit the Officer to proceed wherever recommended by the Medical Committee, in anticipation of the sanction of Government.

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

No. 423 of 1856.—Colonel M. F. Willoughby, C.B., Principal Commissary of Ordnance, is allowed leave of absence, from the 10th May to the 1st June next, to visit Mahableshwur, on private affairs, under the New Furlough Regulations.

No. 424 of 1856.—The undermentioned Officers, of the Engineer Corps, attached to the Sappers and Miners, have been reported to have attained the required proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, and in the knowledge of their Military duties, to render them eligible for detached employment, viz :—

Lieutenant J. LeMessurier.
Lieutenant W. A. Baker.
Lieutenant J. H. White.
Lieutenant C. M. Browne.

No. 425 of 1856.—The undermentioned Officer, of the Engineer Corps, attached to the Sappers and Miners, has been reported to have attained the required proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, and in the knowledge of his Military duties, to render him eligible for detached employment :—

Lieutenant E. B. Holland.

No. 426 of 1856.—Lieutenant J. Bennett (unattached) is confirmed in the appointment of Adjutant to the Native Veteran Battalion.

No. 427 of 1856.—Gunner John Aldridge, Genl. No. 608, of the 1st Company 2nd Battalion Artillery, is allowed a free discharge from the Service, under the provisions of Art. 46, Sect. XXI. page 36, 2nd Appendix to Jameson's Code.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
P. M. MELVILL, Lieutenant Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

M A R I N E D E P A R T M E N T.

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1856.

No. 75 of 1856.—Mr J. A. Keys, Purser and Assistant Indian Naval Storekeeper, is allowed a furlough to Europe, for fifteen months, on medical certificate, under the New Furlough Regulations.

Bombay Castle, 5th May 1856.

No. 76 of 1856.—The following temporary arrangements and appointments are confirmed :—
By Rear Admiral Sir H. J. Leeke, K.H., R. N., Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy.

Mr. Sandison, Acting Master, of the “ Victoria,” to reside on shore, at the Sanitarium, for the benefit of his health, on the 31st March 1856,

Mr. T. W. Hunt to rejoin the Service in the "Acbar," as Acting Master, on the 10th April 1856, for duty on board the "Punjaub."

Aden Squadron Order.

The Officers below named to reside on shore, at Aden, for the benefit of their health :—

Names.	Rank.	Vessel.	Date.
Mr. H. Carey	Midshipman	Of the "Mahi," in charge of Gunboat.	On the 17th February 1856.
Mr. W. S. W. Graham ..	Purser, and Senior Indian Naval Officer's Clerk.	"Elphinstone"	On the 21st March 1856.
Mr. Moorhead	Midshipman	"Elphinstone"	} On the 22nd March 1856.
Mr. A. T. Oswin	Captain's Clerk	"Elphinstone"	

Acting Lieutenant T. H. Barron, of the "Elphinstone," to perform the duties of Store Accountant of that vessel, in addition, from the 1st February 1856, there being no other Officer available.

Acting Lieutenant T. H. Barron, of the "Elphinstone," to perform the duties of Purser of that vessel, in addition, on the 21st March 1856, there being no other Officer available.

Acting Lieutenant T. H. Barron, of the "Elphinstone," to perform the duties of Captain's Clerk of that vessel, in addition, on the 22nd March 1856, there being no other Officer available.

Mr. J. Handley, Captain's Clerk, from the "Elphinstone," to be Clerk in Charge of the "Mahi," on the 12th February 1856.

Lieutenant Lamb, of the "Queen," to perform the duties of Store Accountant of that vessel, in addition, from the 10th January, there being no other Officer available.

Bombay Castle, 6th May 1856.

No. 77 of 1856.—The following temporary arrangements and appointments are confirmed :—

By Rear Admiral Sir H. J. Leeke, K.H., R. N., Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy.

Lieutenant A. Foulerton, of the "Acbar," to the temporary Command of the "Punjaub," from the 5th April 1856.

Mr. W. O'Shea to rejoin the Service in the "Acbar," as Acting 2nd Class 2nd Master, on the 23rd April 1856, for duty on board the "Punjaub."

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

No. 78 of 1856.—The following promotions are made :—

Senior Lieutenant C. H. Berthon to be Commander, vice Montrieux, deceased. Date of promotion, 29th April 1856.

Lieutenant R. Barker to be Senior Lieutenant, and the Senior qualified Mate H. Jackson to be Lieutenant, vice Berthon, promoted. Date of promotion, 29th April 1856.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieutenant Colonel,

Secretary to Government.

Civil Appointments, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1856.

Lieutenant A. Y. Shortt, Second Assistant to the Political Agent in Kattywar, resumed charge of his duties on the 28th March last.

The privileged leave of absence granted to Major J. W. Auld, Political Superintendent of Sawunt Waree, under date the 21st January last, is to have effect from the 24th March to the 8th ultimo, on which latter date that Officer resumed charge of his duties.

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

Captain W. F. Leeson resumed charge of his duties, as Commandant of the Guzerat Irregular Horse, on the 29th ultimo.

Under the leave of absence granted to Lieutenant A. F. Battye, Commanding the Southern Muratha Irregular Horse, on the 7th ultimo, that Officer, on the 26th idem, delivered over Command of that Corps to Lieutenant W. A. Kerr, Acting Second in Command.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st May 1856.

The Honorable G. A. Hobart, Acting Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Ahmednuggur, is allowed leave of absence for one month, to enable him to appear before the Medical Board in Bombay.

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

Meer Mohinooddeen Khan Sadroodeen Khan, City Deputy Magistrate in the city of Surat, assumed charge of his appointment on the 28th ultimo.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

H. L. ANDERSON, *Secretary to Government.*

*TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
REVENUE.*

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1856.

Mr. J. H. Pelly, Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium, Presidency Division, is allowed leave of absence for one month, to proceed to Mahabeshwur, on private affairs, under Section XII. of the Absentee Rules.

Rao Bahadoor Gopallbhaee Luxmeenarayan, Dufturdar to the Collector of Kaira, is allowed leave of absence for fifteen days, to proceed to Ahmedabad, on private affairs.

Bombay Castle, 5th May 1856.

Lieutenant C. J. Griffith, Officiating Inam Commissioner, Northern Division, assumed charge of his duties on the 30th ultimo.

Lieutenant J. Hobson, Assistant to the Superintendent Poona and Tanna Revenue Survey and Assessment, is allowed privilege leave of absence from the 15th instant to the 8th proximo, to visit the Deccan and Bombay, on private affairs.

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

Mr. A. R. Grant, Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of Nassick, is allowed to remain in the Districts, on duty, till the setting in of the monsoon.

*By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
H. YOUNG, Offg. Chief Secretary.*

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd May 1856.

Mr. R. Lodwick, of the Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as a Member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee at their next meeting.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1856.

Mr. A. Faulkner, Assistant Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium, has been appointed to act as a Member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee during its approaching session.

Bombay Castle, 5th May 1856.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Balerustna Chintoba, of the Poona Charitable Dispensary, is allowed leave of absence for one month, from the 15th proximo, to proceed to Bombay, on private affairs, his duties during his absence being performed by Dr. Keith.

Syud Goolam Ali Mahomed Ruza, Foujdar of Broach, has been appointed a Member of the Municipal Committee of that town, in the room of Dhunjeebhaee Motabhaee, deceased.

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1855.

Mr. J. R. Arthur, of the Civil Service, has passed an Examination in the Canarese language.

Assistant Surgeon Maitland, Superintendent of Vaccination Southern Deccan Division, to act as Civil Surgeon at Sattara, and Registrar of Marriages in that Collectorate, during the absence of Assistant Surgeon Wiehe, or until further orders.

Assistant Surgeon Wyllie to be Civil Surgeon at Ahmedabad, and Registrar of Marriages in that Collectorate.

Assistant Surgeon Bayne, Superintendent of Vaccination Sind Division, to be Civil Surgeon at Kaira, and Registrar of Marriages in that Collectorate.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd May 1856.

Captain Curtis, Executive Engineer Shikarpoor Collectorate, has been allowed leave of absence for two months, from the 1st May 1856, under the New Furlough Regulations, to proceed to Bombay and the Deccan, on urgent private affairs.

Lieutenant C. J. Merriman, Assistant Executive Engineer Southern Province, to act as Executive Engineer of the Hyderabad Collectorate, until further orders.

*By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
W. HART, Secretary to Government.*

SUDDER DEWANEE ADAWLUT.

The Judges of the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut have made the following transfer and appointment :—

Rao Sahib Shamrow Appajee, Sudder Ameen of Bagulkote, in the Dharwar Zillah, to be Sudder Ameen in the Sholapore Killah.

Rao Sahib Tirmulrow Venkatesh to be Sudder Ameen of Bagulkote, in the Dharwar Zillah.

Bombay, Sudder Dewanee Adawlut, 5th May 1856.

*By order of the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut,
M. A. COXON, Registrar.*

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

It is hereby notified for general information, that, under the provisions of Act XXXV. of 1850, a new PUBLIC FERRY across the Seena River has been ESTABLISHED at WURRUCKPAL, on the cleared road between Sholapore and Beejapoor.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

W. HART,

Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The following Notifications are published in supersession of those published under date 29th March 1856 :—

With reference to the Notification published in the *Government Gazette* of the 12th April 1855, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to notify, that from inquiries made by a Commission appointed by Government to ascertain the wishes of the Inhabitants of the Town of DUNDOKA, relative to the introduction of Act No. XXVI. of 1850, it would appear that the Townspeople are desirous that Taxes should be imposed for Municipal purposes.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is therefore pleased to declare Act No. XXVI. of 1850 in force in the Town of DUNDOKA, from the 1st May 1856, and, under Section VI., to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen Commissioners for giving it effect :—

President.

Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

Vice-President and Member.

First Assistant Magistrate.

Members.

Mulhar Mypat, Mamlutdar.
Mooteelall Umrutlall, Joint Police Amuldar.
Bhugwan Nurtheram, Mooniff.
Kazee Umeershaib Noorullee.
Bappoo Purbhoooram.
Kessowlall Dajeebhaee.
Bappoo Pragjee.
Mooljee Runchore.
Gokul Vurdhman.
Khanjee Dadabhaee.
Pattuk Veethull Bhoga.
Mooljee Rewadass.
Runchore Gopaljee.

With reference to the Notification published in the *Government Gazette* of the 12th April 1855, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to notify, that from inquiries made by a Commission appointed by Government to ascertain the wishes of the Inhabitants of the Town of DHOLLERA, relative to the introduction of Act No. XXVI. of 1850, it would appear that the Townspeople are desirous that Taxes should be imposed for Municipal purposes.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is therefore pleased to declare Act No. XXVI. of 1850 in force in the Town of DHOLLERA, from the 1st May 1856, and, under Section VI., to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen Commissioners for giving it effect :—

President.

Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

Vice-President and Member.

First Assistant Magistrate.

Members.

Bocran Meeya Khoobmeeca, Fouzdar.
Aspuindiarjee Dossabhaee, Sir Karkoon.
Moolobhaee Manabhaee, Grassia.
Wursabhaee Dossabhaee.
Moosajee Khanjee.
Uleebhoy Essubjee.
Bechar Underjee, Shroff.
Kessreechund Veerchund.
Derejee Ghella.
Dolbhaee Vurdhman.
Govindjee Juwhere.
Sowchund Futttychund.
Mooloo Doongur.
Juwhere Munjee.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

W. HART,

Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 7th May 1856.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

CIVIL.

Student-Apprentice J. C. Shaw is allowed leave of absence for one month, from the 8th May to the 8th June 1856, to proceed to Poona, on private affairs.

By order of the Medical Board,

W. C. COLES, M.D., Assist. Surgeon,

Acting Secy. Medical Board.

Bombay, Medical Board Office, 6th May 1856.

MILITARY

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

1856	ARRIVALS.
30th Apr.	Colonel M. F. Willoughby, C.B., Artillery, from leave, from Mahableshwur.
1st May.	Lieutenant J. H. White, Engineers, on leave, from Poona.
" "	Major J. B. Woosnam, Artillery, from leave, from Mahableshwur.
" "	Lieutenant and Adjutant E. M. H. Mainwaring, H. M.'s 83rd Regiment, on leave, from Deesa.
2nd "	Assistant Surgeon J. E. Straker, Artillery, to rejoin, from Mahableshwur.
3rd "	Lieutenant J. S. Carr, 6th Regt. N. I., on duty, from Poona.
" "	Lieutenant C. M. Browne, Engineers, on duty, from Poona.
4th "	Cadet F. L. Farquharson, Infantry, to join, from England.
" "	Lieutenant W. G. Mainwaring, 1st Fusiliers, to rejoin, from England.
" "	Lieutenant Colonel J. Holland, Quarter Master General, to rejoin, from England.
" "	Major S. Turbull, Horse Artillery, on leave, from Poona.
" "	Lieutenant Colonel J. Liddell, 3rd European Regiment, on leave, from Poona.
" "	Lieutenant J. H. P. Malcolmson, Horse Artillery, on sick certificate, from Deesa.
5th "	Assistant Surgeon P. W. Harris, 9th Regt. N. I., on duty, from Tanna.
6th "	Lieutenant W. C. Travers, 11th Light Dragoons, on leave, from Kirkee.

1856

DEPARTURES.

30th Apr.	Assistant Surgeon T. B. Beatty, Superintendent of Vaccination, to join, to Tanna.
1st May.	Lieutenant A. C. Frankland, 2nd European Regiment Light Infantry, on duty, to Poona.
2nd "	Major A. M. Haselwood, Staff, to join, to Dhoolia.
3rd "	Captain W. D. Aitken, Artillery, on leave, to Bandora.
" "	Major H. Boyé, Staff, on duty, to Poona.
" "	Inspector General of Hospitals J. Don, M.D., Staff, on leave, to Mahableshwur.

4th May.—Major A. R. Manson, 4th Rifles, to rejoin, to Poona.
 5th " Lieutenant Colonel H. B. Turner, Engineers, on duty, to Kurrachee.
 " Captain H. P. Tyacke, 2nd European Regiment Light Infantry, on leave, to Poona.
 " Lieutenant H. W. Stockley, Artillery, to join, to Ahmednuggur.
 " Lieutenant Colonel B. Crispin, 8th Regt. N. I., to join, to Baroda.
 6th " Lieutenant Colonel A. Shephard, 22nd Regt. N. I., on medical certificate, to Mahabaleshwar.
*Bombay, Town Major's Office,
 7th May 1856.*

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

1856
 30th Apr.—Ship Cassibelanus, L. Scott, from Aden 4th April.
Passenger—1 Native.
 " " Ship Shooting Star, J. Gillies, from Melbourne 3rd March.
Passenger—Mr. Currie.
 1st May.—Steamer Mountstuart Elphinstone, C. W. Macdonald, from Surat 31st April.
Passengers—Lieutenant Mainwaring; and 100 Natives.
 3rd " Ship Hound, T. Laby, from Suez 26th March.
Passenger—A Native.
 " " Ship John Bright, R. Jackson, from Port Phillip 8th February.
 " " H. C. Steamer Feroze, Captain Rennie, from a cruise.
 " " Steamer Dwarka, J. Woolley, from Surat 2nd instant.
Passengers—Lieutenant Malcolmson; and several Natives.
 4th " P. & O. Co.'s Steamer Cadiz, A. R. Aldham, from Suez 22nd April.
Passengers—Mr. Nisbit; Mr. Steward; Miss Davies; Miss White; Mr. and Mrs. Forster; Mr. G. H. Dodd; Mr. Spencer Compton, and Native Servant; Mr. Mainwaring; Mr. Brett; Mr. H. B. Gilmour; Mrs. Pym; Colonel Holland; Mr. Farquharson; Dr. W. H. Yates; Mr. McCheyne; Mr. and Mrs. Robb; Mr. Oswan; Major Keane; Mrs. Frost, Infant, and Servant; and several Natives.
 5th " Steamer Bombay, G. M. Beyts, from Kurrachee 2nd instant.
Passenger—Mr. Gardner.
 " " Brig Fattay Mombaruck, Nacoda, from Surat 24th April.
 6th " Steamer Sir J. R. Carnac, F. M. Ellis, from Surat 5th instant.
Passengers—Mr. F. Arbuthnot; and several Natives.
 " " Steamer Phlox, J. Clarke, from Surat 5th instant.
Passengers—1 Gentleman; 1 Lady; and 133 Natives.
 " " Ship Theodor, J. Davys, from Adelaide 23rd February.

1856 DEPARTURES.

30th Apr.—Ship Queen of the Avon, T. Davies, to Falmouth.
 " " French Ship Comete, P. Fantum, to Marseilles.
Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Eaton; and Mr. L. Jounga.
 " " Ship Elizabeth, G. Owen, to Glasgow.
 1st May.—Ship Bonaventure, J. Wilkie, to Liverpool.
 " " Ship Leicester, J. Scoullar, to Liverpool.
 " " French Ship Jeanne Dumas, J. Lemastre, to Marseilles.
 2nd " Ship Parsee, E. E. Thomas, to London.
 " " Steamer Sir J. R. Carnac, F. M. Ellis, to Surat.
Passengers—150 Natives.
 3rd " Ship Clarendon, D. McGregor, to Whampoa.
 " " French Ship Soorana, C. Bozanoviz, to Marseilles.
 " " French Ship Precatre, M. Lacombe, to Marseilles.
 " " Ship Fiery Cross, J. Dallas, to Whampoa.
 " " P. O. Co.'s Steamer Norna, J. W. Purchase, to Cochín, &c.
Passengers—Mr. Rouston; Dr. and Mrs. Ogilvie; Mr. J. H. Crawford; Mr. Hill; Mr. Skinner; Mr. Ritherdon; Mr. R. Oakley, and Servant; Mr. Knight; Mr. Phillips; and several Natives.
 4th " Ship Senator, C. F. Lees, to Liverpool.
 5th " Steamer Victoria, P. James, to Kurrachee.
Passengers—Colonel Turner; Lieutenant Frankland; Mrs. Maude; and several Natives.
 " " Steamer Mountstuart Elphinstone, C. W. Macdonald, to Surat.
Passengers—Several Natives.

W. CRAWFORD,
 Senior Magistrate of Police.
Bombay, Police Office, 7th May 1856.

NOTICE.—Mr. DAVID WATSON and Mr. ALEXANDER JOHN HUNTER are jointly authorised to sign our Firm by Procuration, till further notice.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.

Bombay, 23rd April 1856.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

Bombay Agency.

EXCHANGE.

THE CORPORATION grants Drafts on London on Demand, and at from one day to six months' sight, and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland on Demand, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, New York, the West Indies, New South Wales, and the Cape of Good Hope.

The current rates of Exchange are:—

On London at 6 months' sight	2s. 1½d. per Rupee.
" " 3 " "	2s. 0¾d. "
" " 2 " "	2s. 0¾d. "
" " 1 " "	2s. 0¾d. "
" " 1 day's sight	2s. 0½d. "
On Scotland on demand	2s. 0½d. "
On Ireland "	2s. 0½d. "
Circular Notes "	2s. 0½d. "
On Paris at 3 days' sight	2s. 0½d. "

No Draft at six months' sight is granted for sums under £50. Sums of £5 and not exceeding £20 are only drawn for on Demand, and sums under £5 remitted by advice.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government and other Securities negotiable in Bombay, is one-half per cent. on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation takes charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms:—

If to be remitted through the Corporation	Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of	½ per cent.
On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or, when sold, on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a Commission will be charged of	½ per cent.
But if proceeds are remitted through the Corporation	Without charge.
Hours of Business	10 to 4
Saturdays	10 to 1

Bombay, 7th May 1856.

INDIA AND LONDON LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Scales of Premiums of this Company are now greatly reduced, and the Lives of healthy persons, Civil or Military, in any part of the world, are assured at as low rates of Premium as can be taken consistently with perfect security.

Extract from the Tables of Annual Premiums required for an Assurance of Rs. 1000, or £100, at the Reduced Rates.

Age.	CIVILIANS.			MILITARY AND NAVAL.		
	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.	One year.	Seven years.	Whole life.
18	Co.'s Rs. 18	Co.'s Rs. 20	Co.'s Rs. 27	Co.'s Rs. 24	Co.'s Rs. 26	Co.'s Rs. 32
25	22	23	31	28	29	36
30	25	26	34	31	32	39
35	28	30	38	34	36	43
40	31	33	43	37	39	47
45	35	37	48	41	43	52

Prospectuses and every requisite information obtained on application to the Agents of the Company.

GREY & Co.

Post Office Notifications.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail per P. & O. Company's Steamer, which leaves Bombay on MONDAY, the 12th May, at 6 P. M., will be closed on that day at 3 P. M.

An After-Packet will be kept open until 4 P. M., for Bearing Letters only, on prepayment of the usual fee.

Letters for the United Kingdom, directed either *viâ* Marseilles, or *viâ* Southampton, may be prepaid or not, at the option of the sender.

The Inland and Steam Postage on Letters for Foreign Europe, *viâ* Marseilles, or *viâ* Trieste, as well as for places in the Mediterranean, Egypt, and Suez, remains unaltered: eight annas per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., with Inland Postage, must be prepaid, as heretofore.

Letters for the United Kingdom, and for Foreign Europe, if insufficiently paid by Stamps, will be forwarded to London bearing the full amount of Postage due thereon; and Letters for places in Egypt and the Mediterranean will be detained, and treated as Unclaimed Letters.

Post Office Packets for CEYLON, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, and SHANGHAE, per P. & O. Company's Steamer "GANGES," will be closed on MONDAY, the 2nd proximo, at 6 P. M.

Post Office Packets for KURRACHEE and SIND, per Steamer "BOMBAY," will be closed on WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 2 P. M.

During the current year, the P. & O. Company's MAIL CONTRACT STEAM PACKETS, with the OVERLAND MAILS, will be DESPATCHED from Bombay to Aden and Suez on the undermentioned DATES:—

On 12th May.	On 30th July.	On 18th October.
„ 28th May.	„ 13th August.	„ 3rd November.
„ 11th June.	„ 30th August.	„ 17th November.
„ 27th June.	„ 13th September.	„ 4th December.
„ 11th July.	„ 4th October.	„ 18th December.

Bombay Post Office, 7th May 1856.

T. GARRETT,
Officiating Post Master.

SHIP LETTERS.

The Ship Letter Office will despatch Letters, under the usual Regulations, by any of the following Ships.—N.B.—The Post Office takes every means in its power to ascertain the exact date on which the vessels enumerated below will leave the Harbour, but it cannot in any way guarantee their departure on the days mentioned in this List.

NAMES OF VESSELS.	AGENTS' NAMES.	DATE OF INTENDED DEPARTURE.	TO WHAT PORT.	WHERE TOUCHING.
A Steamer	P. & O. Steam Navigation Company ..	12th instant	Aden.	
Ganges	Ditto ditto ditto ..	3rd proximo	China.	
Bombay	Bombay Steam Navigation Company ..	14th instant	Kurrachee.	
Parisian	Messrs. Robert Strong & Co.	10th do.	China.	
Kingston	„ Ditto ditto	10th do.	Do.	
Hanover	„ Nicol & Co.	15th do.	London.	
Chandernagore	„ Pollexfen & Co.	15th do.	Do.	
Cahrgorm	„ Remington & Co.	20th do.	China.	
Constantinople	„ Dirom, Hunter, & Co.	25th do.	Liverpool.	

As a general rule, the Packets for sailing vessels will be closed the evening preceding the date of departure.

List of PACKETS MADE UP during the last Week at the Bombay Post Office, for despatch by the following Vessels:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	DATE OF DESPATCH.	TO WHAT PORT.
Carnac	30th April	Surat.
Norna	3rd May	China.
Victoria	5th do.	Kurrachee.

Bombay Post Office, 7th May 1856.

T. GARRETT,
Officiating Post Master.

NOTICE No. 5601.

Notice is hereby given, for the information of the Public, that a Post Office has been opened at Gurreah Ghaut, about eight (8) miles South of Calcutta, on the road to Burroypore.

Calcutta, 9th April 1856.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 6th May 1856.

J. R. B. BENNETT,
Post Master General of Bengal.

E. IMPEY,
Offg. Post Master General.

NOTICE.

The present system of addressing letters in the Native languages being excessively inconvenient, and not affording in most cases the information most desired by the Post Office, viz. particulars regarding the Addressee, which has been ascertained to be a most frequent cause of the non-delivery of Native letters, the Public, and especially the Native portion of it, are recommended to omit from the superscription of their letters all compliments, and to write simply the full name of the person addressed, the name of the town or village, and the street or quarter in which he resides. These should occupy separate lines; but in all cases the name of the Post Town should be written by itself, in large characters, to prevent mis-sending and delay in sorting.

A model of address is given for guidance:—

To

Sheik Hingum,

Sahib Nazir of the Collector's Court,

Moozuffer Khan's Kuttra,

In the quarter Shahazadee Mundee,

AHMEDABAD.

If the sender wishes the letter returned in the event of the Addressee not being found, he should write his own name and address on the *back*, not on the front of the letter.

Deputy Post Masters and all Subordinates are instructed to explain, and, as far as lies in their power, to induce the general adoption of the above practice.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 3rd May 1856.

E. IMPEY,
Offg. Post Master General.

NOTICE.

The following Table shows the TIME OF CLOSING THE MAILS in the Bombay General Post Office, and the Receiving Houses and Pillar Letter Boxes on the Island:—

Stations.	Hour of Closing the Mails.			Explanatory Notes.
	Letter Mails on Week-days.	Letter Mails on Sundays.	Banghy Dawk.	
For Surat and Kurrachee, and other places in Guzerat and Sind.	5 P. M.	5 P. M.	4 P. M.	On Week-days, Letters and Newspapers may be posted until half-past 5 o'clock, on payment of a fee of half a rupee each. No Banghies can be received after 4 o'clock on Week-days, and none at all on Sundays.
For Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Poona, Ahmednuggur, Sattara, Mahabeshwur, Belgaum, Rutnagherry, and for places on the Malabar Coast.	5 P. M.	5 P. M.	4 P. M.	On Week-days and Sandays, Letters and Papers are received until half-past 5 o'clock, on payment of a fee of half a rupee each. No Banghies can be received after 4 o'clock on Week-days, and none at all on Sundays.
For Tanna, Nassick, Malligaum, Dhoolia, and other places on the route to Indore and North-West Provinces, and Punjab. .	4 P. M.	1 P. M.	4 P. M.	On Week-days, Letters and Newspapers are received until half-past 4 o'clock, on payment of a fee of half a rupee each. No Banghies can be received after 4 o'clock on Week-days, and none at all on Sundays.

Byculla.	Musjid Bunder.
Mumbadery.	Colaba.
Gowalla.	
1. Upper Colaba.	7. Bhendy Bazar.
2. Lower Colaba.	8. Jakria Musjid.
3. Fort Bazar Gate.	9. Mazagon.
4. Native Market.	10. Tardco.
5. Dhobee Tullow.	11. Malabar Hill.
6. Duncan Road.	

N.B.—1. Letters, &c. posted at the several Receiving Houses at the places noted in the margin, one hour before the time specified in the above Table, will be in-time for despatch by any of the Mails, Sundays excepted.

2. And Letters, &c. dropped in the Pillar Letter Boxes fixed at the several localities noted in the margin, an hour and a half before the time specified in this Table, will also be in time for despatch, Sundays excepted.

Bombay Post Office, 28th April 1856.

T. GARRETT,
Officiating Post Master.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, for the information of the Public, that a Post Office has been opened at Amherst, under the control of the Maulmein Post Office.

(Signed) J. R. B. BENNETT,
Post Master General of Bengal.
E. IMPEY,
Officiating Post Master General.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 16th April 1856.

NOTICE.

A GOLD HUNTING WATCH, No. 18004, by James McCABE, Royal Exchange, London, apparently new, and valued at Rs. 350, has been discovered at the Bombay Post Office, under suspicious circumstances, the particulars of which will be given to any party having a claim to it.

T. GARRETT,
Officiating Post Master.

Bombay Post Office, 16th April 1856.

NOTICE.

A Post Office has been opened at Coompta, in North Canara, between the Stations of Sadashegurl and Honore.

Each Post Office will make up a separate Packet for Coompta.

(Signed) F. J. JAMES, Head Assistant,
For Post Master General.
Madras, Post Master General's Office, 11th March 1856.

E. IMPEY,
Officiating Post Master General.
Bombay, Post Master General's Office, 26th March 1856.

NOTICE.

Under instructions from the Government of India, the Director General of the Post Office in India has the honour to request, that all Public Officers who may have occasion during the Rains to despatch Books on the Public Service will send them by the ordinary Banghy Post, packed in tin, and not by "Book Post" in short paper covers open at both ends.

(Signed) H. B. RIDDELL,
Director General of the Post Office in India.
Calcutta, 4th March 1856.

E. IMPEY,
Officiating Post Master General.
Bombay Post Master General's Office, 19th March 1856.

NOTICE.

The following Rules, which, under the orders of the Government of India, have been issued for the guidance of the Officers of the Post Office, are published for general information:—

I. Letters arriving at the Presidency towns by Mail Steamers will be immediately sorted for delivery, without any reference to instructions which may have been received regarding change of address. Such changes will be left to be discovered by the Delivery Officers, and be corrected in the Forward and Unclaimed Departments of the Office.

II. A separate instruction will be required for every change of address, and no instruction will be attended to for more than three months after its receipt.

III. Under Section XXIII. of Act XVII. of 1854, Forward Postage will be charged, in addition to all other Postage due or paid thereon, upon every letter without exception which may be re-directed in any Post Office. For example, if a letter posted in Calcutta, and addressed to Hooghly, is, under instructions which may have been received from the addressee, re-directed in the Calcutta Post Office and sent to Barrackpore, Forward Postage will be charged in addition to the Postage which would have been due had the letter been despatched to Hooghly according to its original address.

IV. The practice of giving instructions to the Officers of the Post Office to intercept and re-direct letters not only imposes much labour upon them, but, in large Offices, seriously retards the delivery and despatch of the Mails. A Register of instructions regarding changes of address will be kept in every Post Office but it must be understood that it is impossible to guarantee that they shall be attended to, except in the case of letters received for delivery.

(Signed) H. B. RIDDELL,
Director General of the Post Office in India.

Camp, 7th November 1855.

NOTICE.

All references regarding Changes of Address intended for the Bombay Post Office, should be made direct to the Post Master of Bombay, and not to the Post Master General.

Much loss of time and inconvenience is frequently occasioned by the latter course being generally pursued.

E. IMPEY,
Officiating Post Master General.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 31st March 1856.

NOTICE.

Travellers can be accommodated with Seats in the Post Office Vehicles running between Indore and Dhoolia, on the following terms:—

By Government Mail Shigram, having a Light Shifting Hood.

One Seat, and 25 seers of baggage, per mile	8 annas.	} Travellers can halt, when and wherever disposed, by naming the places when engaging the Shigram.
Two do. each	do. 6 do.	
Three do. do. 20	do. 4 do.	

By Government Mail Cart.

Only one Seat on each Cart available, and the Traveller must go with the Mail; per mile $2\frac{1}{2}$ annas, luggage 10 seers. } If the Traveller wishes to halt, he can do so, and be taken up by the following Mail. No Mail can be detained for even the shortest period.

~~13~~ Neither Shigrams nor Seat on the Mail Carts can be supplied during the three or four days each Overland Mail is being passed up from Bombay.

(Signed) E. T. BEAUVAIS,
Supt. Govt. Mail Establishment.

<i>Route.</i>			
Indore to Mhow.....	13½	Sindwah..... 15½	
Maunpoor	13½	Pulasnair	14½
Keenerghat.....	3	Seerpoor	16½
Goozree	10½	Nuldanah	12
Ackberpoor or Khul	14½	Soonghier	10½
Koorumpoor	12½	Dhoolia	12½
Jhelwunah.....	15½		
		Total....	165

E. IMPEY,

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 23rd April 1856.

Officiating Post Master General.

The following Notice is republished for the information of the Public and Postal Functionaries:—

NOTICE.

The Public are informed that those Steamer Letters on which Prepayment of Postage is compulsory will, in every Post Office, be received at the Window, by a Clerk, whose duty it will be to return at once to the Poster Covers insufficiently stamped.

(Signed) DUNCAN DAVIDSON,
Post Master General.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 26th May 1855.

21st April 1855.

E. IMPEY,
Officiating Post Master General.

NOTICE.

Post Masters are informed, that a Post Office has been permanently established at Bisssoah, about eight miles from Ramghur, in Shaikhawuty. Letters for the above place should be made up into a separate Packet, or enclosed in the Agra Sorting Packet, as the case may be.

Agra, the 1st April 1856.

(Signed) S. CLARK,
Officiating Post Master General, N. W. Provinces.

Bombay Post Master General's Office, 18th April 1856.

E. IMPEY,
Officiating Post Master General.