


S U P P L E M E N T
TO
GENERAL ORDERS.



SEPARATE No. 46 of 1842.



BY THE HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.
BOMBAY CASTLE, 2d NOVEMBER 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Compilation of all existing orders under the head " Schools and Clerical duties."

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col.

Secy. to Govt.

EUROPEAN REGIMENTAL SCHOOLS.

I. The Honorable the Governor in Council adhering to the General Order by His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council dated the 5th March 1814, for the establishment of Regimental Schools, and feeling anxious to extend to the European Corps under this Presidency, every encouragement for the support of an Institution so eminently calculated to promote the welfare of the Individual, and the character and interests of the Service, is pleased to grant the undermentioned Allowances in support of them, from the 1st January last, the distribution of the amount being left to the direction of Commanding Officers, subject to the sanction and approbation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief; it being however understood, that the rate of the Head Master's Salary shall not exceed twenty (20) Rupees per month: viz.

G. G. O. 8th
May 1820.

	Rs.	A.	P.	
His Majesty's Regiments, per month.....	61	10	8	
Hon'ble Company's Regiments of Artillery when two Battalions are together, per month.....	60	"	"	
For each Battalion of Artillery.....	45	"	"	G. L. 10th
The two Troops of Horse Artillery, when together, per month.....	30	"	"	May 1827.
Ditto, when separate, each, per month.....	20	"	"	
Hon'ble Company's European Regiment of Infantry, per month.....	61	10	8	G. L. 22d May 1824.

II. The attendance of the Men at the Schools, is to be entirely voluntary, and on no account are compulsory means to be used to oblige Individuals to avail themselves of the benefits of an Institution, the admittance into which they should be taught to consider as the reward of merit.

III. The management and disbursement of the School Fund, are to be under the inspection and controul of the Commanding Officer of the Corps, who will adopt every requisite precaution to secure its faithful appropriation to the purposes for which it is designed. The Head Masters of the respective Schools are, without any additional Allowance, to keep the Accounts incidental to the School Fund.

IV. The Officer in command of the Corps will order such periodical Examinations into the state of the School as he may deem proper, and will also enact such Rules as may be required to promote the object in view, and to preserve order and decorum; a Copy of which Regulations, and of any additions or alterations made from time to time, is to be furnished for the information of the Commander in Chief.

V. On the 1st of January of every year, a List of the Scholars received into the School during the past twelve months, specifying the dates of admission and dismissal, what they have been taught, and the extent of their progress, is to be transmitted to Head Quarters, accompanied by concise observations on the general state of the School, that, by an inspection of it, the Commander in Chief may be able to judge in what degree the Institutions have effected the end for which they were established.

VI. But as all Institutions of this nature will ultimately prove unsuccessful; if not zealously upheld by the Subordinate Authorities, and more especially by those under whose immediate control and superintendence the whole system is to be carried into execution; the Governor in Council earnestly hopes that all the intermediate Authorities will co-operate to promote the success of so useful a measure, and that in particular the Officer Commanding and all the Officers of the Corps, prompted by a sense of duty to their Country and to the Service, and of humanity to the Soldier, will exert themselves to make him sensible of the advantages which are placed within his reach, as well as to excite in him a desire to acquire a knowledge of those Duties, and principles of Conduct, which afford the best security for fidelity to his Employers, and obedience to the laws of his Country.

VII. His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to issue such further orders as he may think proper for carrying the foregoing measures into effect, and for regulating subordinate details.

VIII. With reference to the General Order of the 8th May 1820, the Annual Reports dated 1st of January, called for from Corps, will in future be made to the Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief, instead of the Adjutant General; and they are to be accompanied by detailed Statements of the School Funds, agreeable to a Form which will be furnished by the first mentioned Staff Officer.

G. G. O. 25th
June 1823.

IX. As a further inducement to the Soldiery to take advantage of the instruction to be obtained in the Schools, the Stoppage hitherto made from the Non commissioned Officers, grown up Drummers, and Privates, is to be discontinued from the 1st of next month.

X. Besides the hitherto authorized expenditure for Schooling, and for the very important purposes (which cannot be too much attended to) of teaching the Girls of Regiments Sewing and Knitting, and the Boys, the Trades of Shoemakers, Tailors, &c., the Funds it is ascertained will be sufficient, under careful management, to furnish occasional Prizes in Books for the grown up Pupils and cheap Medals or other little Gratifications for the Children, as well as Clothing to the latter, when necessary from any accidental distress of their Parents.

XI. The following Orders are to be adopted for Rule here, being taken from the Regulations and Orders of His Majesty's Service, promulgated by his Royal Highness the Commander in Chief:—

XII. It being extremely essential that the minds of Children should be impressed with early habits of Order, Regularity and Discipline, derived from a well-grounded respect and veneration for the Established Religion of the Country, the Commander in Chief directs that, with this view, the *Regimental Schools* shall be conducted on Military Principles; and that, as far as circumstances will permit, their Establishment shall be assimilated to that of a Regiment, and formed on a system recommended by the Reverend Dr. Bell, which has been adopted with the most complete success at the Royal Military Asylum.

XIII. The Commander in Chief considers it peculiarly incumbent on the Chaplains, and other Clergymen engaged in the Clerical Duties of the Army, to give their aid and assistance to the Military Officers in promoting the success of these Institutions, by frequently visiting the Regimental Schools of their Divisions and Garrisons; by diligently scrutinizing the conduct of the Serjeant School Masters; examining the progress and general behaviour of the Children; and reporting the result of their observations to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment.

XIV. The Children belonging to Regimental Schools are to be required to attend Divine Service with the Troops, under the care of the Serjeant School Master.

XV. It must ever be remembered, that the main purposes for which the *Regimental Schools* are established, are to give to the Soldiers the comfort of being assured, that the Education and Welfare of their Children are objects of the paternal Solitude of Government; and to raise from their Offspring a succession of loyal Subjects, brave Soldiers, and good Christians.

XVI. Another Benefit arising from these excellent Institutions, is the opportunity they afford to Soldiers, who have not had the advantage of early Education, of gaining that instruction, without which they can have little expectation of rising beyond the station of Private.

N. B. All School Books used in the above System, may be obtained at low prices from the "BOMBAY DISTRICT COMMITTEE OF THE SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE," by application to the Chaplain of the Station, on a Requisition signed by the Commanding Officer.

G. L. 19th
Oct. 1824.

XVII. The Governor in Council has directed that in future, in substitution of the former plan, the sum of three hundred and thirty six Rupees per annum be allowed for the purchase of Bibles, &c. for Hospitals, and four hundred and six Rupees per annum for Books for Regimental Schools, to be disbursed under the authority of the Venerable the Archdeacon.

Military Asylum, under the Education Society, Bombay.

G. G. O. 18th
Dec. 1840.

XVIII. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council has been pleased to approve of the following revised Regulations of the Military Asylum, under the Education Society of Bombay.

Rule 1st—The Bombay Education Society engages to receive into the Central Schools at Bombay, the Children of all subscribers, who shall have contributed to the Society according to the following scale, from twelve months after their arrival in India, to the date of their death or departure.

Rule 2d—The following is the scale of subscription for all Officers and Soldiers, to take effect from the 1st of January 1842.

Commissioned Officers.....	Optional.
Conductors.....	1 8 0
Sub-conductor.....	1 0 0
Serjeants.....	0 8 0
Rank and File, married.....	0 4 0
Ditto ditto unmarried.....	0 2 0

Rule 3d—The only exception to the above is, that all married Men at present Non-Subscribers, who have come into the Country previous to January 1841, shall, provided they become subscribers before the 1st April 1841, have the option of joining the institution, by paying up their arrears of subscription, from the date of their marriage only, which will entitle them to the full benefits.

Rule 4th—The children admitted under these proposals, are to be maintained and educated in the Central Schools, Bombay, subject to the Rules and Regulations of the Institution.

Rule 5th—Children of subscribers of an age to be admitted into the Schools, although the Father may be living and effective, may yet be admitted on a further monthly payment, the amount to be determined by the Committee according to circumstances.

Rule 6th—The amount of subscriptions and monthly payments mentioned in Rule 5th, are to be collected in the Pay Department of the Army.

Rule 7th—Returns according to the Forms appended, are to be made regularly to the Secretary to the Education Society, from H. M. s. Regiments, and the Hon'ble Company's Artillery and European Regiments.

Rule 8th—The Senior Officer, and the Brigade Major of Her Majesty's Troops, the Adjutant General of the Army, and the Commandant of Artillery, are added as Ex-Officio Members of the Managing Committee of the Education Society.

CX. The annual allowance granted for Prizes shall be laid out in the purchase of useful Books; to be procured from the Native Education Society by the Officer or Officers in charge of the Regimental School, and distributed in due proportions; as a mark of honor. at the hands of the Inspecting Officer, to the Men and Boys who have made the greatest progress during the year.

CXI. While it is wished to refrain from interference in the amount of consideration payable by the Pupils to their Master for the trouble and time devoted to their instruction it is still essential that a standard should be fixed, to limit the demands of the latter. It is therefore directed, that no Private shall pay more or less than two annas per mensem to the Teacher, and that no Havildar or Naik shall be charged more or less than four annas per mensem, for the period of his instruction. The Recruit Boys of the Regiment shall receive instruction free of all charge; but all other Boys in the Regiment sent to be instructed must be paid for by their Parents, or Guardians, as Sepoys.

CXII. The study of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Men and Un-enlisted Boys is to be entirely voluntary, but it is to be fully explained to all Boys who offer to enlist, that they shall regularly attend the Regimental School, and in case of declining to do so, or of manifesting subsequently inattention, or incorrigible Dullness, they are to be struck off the Strength, and others enlisted in their room. Inspecting Officers will notice in their Reports whether this has been regularly enforced, and in these annual documents they are directed to give a full account of the progress made by the Pupils of the Regimental Schools, (whether Adults or Children) accompanied by a Nominal Return of all who have attended, and a notice opposite the names of those who have gained prizes.

CXIII. Such provision being made for the instruction of the Men in the essential knowledge of Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, to qualify them for an efficient discharge of their Duties as Non-Commissioned Officers; it is declared that, from and after the 1st day of January 1830, Sepoys who have been enlisted since 1826 and have acquired the elementary knowledge expected of Non-Commissioned Officers, will in all ordinary cases be preferred for promotion to Men of like standing in the Service who can neither read nor write, when the merits of the individuals as Soldiers are nearly equal, but that the Rule will not be made to apply to old Soldiers, nor to others who may distinguish themselves by bravery in the Field, or by other meritorious services, and Commanding Officers are desired to have this order most fully explained, and to make the old Soldiers understand that it is not in contemplation to overlook the fair claims to consideration, derived from length of Service. Register Rolls of the Commissioned and Non-Commissioned to accompany the Review Reports, specifying opposite the name of each individual whether he can read, write, and keep accounts.

CXIV. The consideration which has been given to this subject, will tend, it is hoped, to impress strongly upon the minds, not only of Commanding Officers and Interpreters, but also of every European Officer, the necessity of furthering, to the utmost of their ability, the benevolent intentions of Government to the Native Army; and, for the accomplishment of these designs, the Commander in Chief looks forward to their zealous co-operation, both on the grounds of the facility it must afford to Officers and Men in the intercourse of Official duties, and on a conviction also of the pride and satisfaction which every British Officer must feel in the improvement and intelligence of the Soldier under his command.

CXV. His Excellency is further pleased to direct that this order shall be most fully explained to every Native Corps and Department in the service, at three successive Parades, and that a translation of it shall be given in Mahratta and Hindoostanee by the Interpreters to each Troop or Company, to be read, Men at Roll Calling, and afterwards to be hung up in a conspicuous part of the Barracks or place of Arms.

CXVI. The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that a Pundit be maintained with the Gun Lascars attached to each Battalion of European Artillery.

CXVII The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that a Mahratta Pundit on a salary of Fifteen Rupees per mensem be entertained for the purpose of instructing the Sons of the Men at Head Quarters of the Native Veteran Battalion, and that an allowance of Five Rupees per month be drawn for the rent of a School Room.

CXVIII. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council has sanctioned the following allowances, in addition to those published in G. O. by the Commander in Chief of the 9th instant, for the Native Regimental Schools of this Presidency.

	Monthly.	Annually.
Allowance for annual Prizes in Native Books.....	Rs	84
Ditto.. for Books to use in the School	„	50
Ditto.. for Stationery and School Materials.....	„ 3	36
Ditto.. for School Room, or Shed	„ 5	60
Total..	8	230

CXIX. Adverting to the arrangement lately sanctioned for Regimental Schools, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize an advance to be made of twelve or eighteen months established Allowance for a School Room or Shed, at Stations where there may be no accommodation available for Native Regimental Schools. The advance to be made under a Certificate from the Commanding Officer that it is actually requisite to promote the object in view and on condition that Government be put to no further expense on that account during the period for which such advance may be made.

CXX. The Regulations regarding Regimental Schools, are extended to the Guzerat Provincial Battalion.

NOTE.—For the School of the Sappers and Miners vide Engineers.

G. G. O. 13th
June 1829.

G. G. O. 14th
Sept. 1829.

G. L. 20th Feb.
1829.

G. G. O. 4th
April 1829.

G. G. O. 17th
Feb. 1832.

CI. When the distribution is completed, Officers Commanding Regiments will forward to the Adjutant General of the Army, a list of the books allotted to their respective Corps, with a view to such additions being made to each Regimental Library, from the remains of certain cases of books recently received from the Honorable the Court of Directors as may appear necessary.

NATIVE REGIMENTAL SCHOOLS.

G. O. C. 9th
Feb. 1829.

CII. From a perusal of the several Confidential Reports upon the Native Regiments for the past year, the attention of the Commander in Chief has been particularly attracted to the state of the Regimental Schools. The General Order published by Government, under date the 22d November 1821 authorizing a Pundit to be entertained in every Native Battalion for instructing the Sepoy Boys in reading, writing, and arithmetic, does not appear to have produced the degree of Improvement contemplated, even among the enlisted Boys to whom it seems to have been chiefly confined, without reference to the extent of instruction among the Men, with a view of removing any erroneous impressions on this subject, and of combining the latter most important object with the former, the following Rules, sanctioned by the Hon'ble the Governor in Council, for the future conduct of Instruction in the Native Corps, are published for the information of the Army.

CIII. The establishment and Expenses sanctioned for a School in each Regiment of Cavalry, Infantry, and for the Golundauze, Veteran and Extra Battalions, are as follows:—

	Monthly
1 Maratha Pundit (as at present).....	Pay 15.....
1 Havildar to teach Hindoostanee in addition to his Regiment Pay of Rs 14 do.	5.....
1 Assistant to the Maratha Pundit, a Sepoy, in addition to his Regimental Pay of 7 Rupees.....	do 3.....

CIV. Composed as the Majority of the Bombay Army now is, of Men recruited from the provinces of this Presidency, the Instruction is to be imparted chiefly through the medium of the Maratha Language, and adhering to the orders directing the Recruiting to be carried on hereafter within the limits of this Presidency, and the more general use that will consequently ensue of the Maratha Language in this Army, it is to be considered of primary importance, and its acquisition to be encouraged, even among the Sepoys from the Bengal Provinces who show any disposition to learn it, an intelligent Maratha Sepoy in each Corps is to be appointed as an Assistant to the Maratha Pundit, and in addition to the duty of teaching it shall be required of this person to take charge of the Regimental School Room and Books and Materials. To provide for the Education of the large number of Men, in the Army recruited from Hindoostan, a Havildar, a native of the upper Provinces, is to be selected in each Regiment, for his capacity and intelligence, to conduct the instruction of his Countrymen in the Hindoostanee Language.

CV. The degree of attainment expected of the Non-Commissioned Officers, and Sepoys, is purely elementary, but those who display Superior talents, and inclination to learn, are not to be precluded from further acquirement through the tuition of the Pundit. It is fully to be understood, that whether for instruction through the medium of Maratha or through that of the Hindoostanee Language, the character to be used in the Schools shall be the Sunkrit, or what is chiefly known on this side of India under the name of Balbodh, and under that of Devanagari in the Province of Bengal.

CVI. The immediate Establishment of the Regimental Schools under the foregoing plan, and their future interior management, is vested in the Interpreter where there is only one such Officer in a Regiment, but in Regiments having separate Interpreters for Hindoostanee and Mahratha, the management of the two branches of instruction in those Languages is to be divided respectively between them, and of course under the Controul and Superintendance of the Officer Commanding the Regiment.

CVII. The teachers to be mustered, paid, and accounted for, in the Acquittance Rolls, and drawn for separately in the Abstracts by name. The Books, &c. to be accounted for and the statements of Receipts and Issues exhibited to the Inspecting Officer at the annual Inspection and Review; and Quarterly Reports of their state and condition are to accompany the monthly Returns of Regiments, on the 1st of January, 1st April, 1st July and 1st October, specifying also the number of Men and Boys of each Rank, or class, under instruction in either Language.

CVIII. It is expected that the Pundit shall be a man of respectable character, and fully competent to the duties of teaching. The Officer Superintending the Maratha branch of the Regimental School will be held responsible that the Office is not filled by any one deficient in either of these essential points, and if a fit person cannot be procured, or prepared on the spot, for the Situation, intimation is to be made Officially (through the Adjutant General of the Army) to the Secretary to the Native Education Society at the Presidency, under whom a Master will be put in training, to supply the deficiency as soon as possible. Besides the duty of directing the Maratha studies of the Men in the Corps, the Pundit will be required to attend all Courts Martial or Courts of Enquiry, to swear in the Hindoo Members of the Court and the Hindoo Evidences, as well as to administer the Oath of allegiance to all Recruits of the same faith, with the usual solemnities in front of the Colours, after they have been three months at Drill, by which time the Recruits will have acquired a strong sense of the obligation.

CIX. In the absence of the teachers, except in cases of Sickness or Official engagement the person, or persons officiating as Teachers, shall receive the monthly salary, and Payments made by the Men & Boys,

LIII. 3d. But to avoid inconvenience, and guard against the possibility of misunderstanding, we think it desirable that for every circle of Stations the Lord Bishop should be requested to frame a plan, determining the periods at which each place shall be visited by the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain, officiating in such circle, which plan being approved by Government, shall continue in force till varied by the same authorities. As minute local information will be necessary to the successful formation of such plan, we can only offer a few suggestions on the subject. The frequency of Ecclesiastical visits should be Governed in a great degree by the extent of the Christian population of the place to be visited. A place may contain not more than 3 or 4 members of the English Church, and though it might not be right to exclude these few persons from the benefit of Christian ordinances, it is obvious that, in the present state of our Ecclesiastical establishment, such a place could not be visited frequently without injury to others of greater importance—an annual visit might in some cases be all that could reasonably be afforded, while to others, visits twice, thrice, or four times, a year might be expedient, and to others, again which might be more populous, it might be desirable that visits should be made once in six weeks, or once a month.

LIV. 4th. When a circle of stations may from the deficiency of Establishment, or any other cause, be left without a resident clergyman, we are of opinion that the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain, of a neighbouring district should, as desired by the Lord Bishop be appointed to visit the station thus deprived of clerical services. In such cases the most convenient course will be for the Lord Bishop to bring the subject to the notice of Government, and submit a plan of visitation, such plan being approved, the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain, who can most conveniently discharge the required duty, should be specially appointed thereto, and thence forward be entitled to draw travelling allowances in conformity with the provisions of the plan, and in accordance with our Financial Despatch of the 30th October 1839.

LV. 5th. As it has already been explained that it was not our intention that our Chaplains and assistant Chaplains should be subjected to expense in the discharge of their duties, we desire that up to the period of our present orders being carried into effect, they be considered entitled to travelling allowances at the ordinary rate for all journeys performed under the orders of Government. This being our view it is unnecessary that we should enter into individual cases.

LVI. 6th. We should lament that the practice of visiting stations at which no Clergyman is permanently resident should be discontinued, and it would be unjust to subject the Clergy to the expense attendant on such visits—under these impressions we deem it proper to sanction the payment of such reasonable charges not exceeding those authorised in our Despatch of the 30th October 1839, before referred to, and we are encouraged in this view by the fact that altho' chaplains, and Assistant Chaplains, when absent from their duty, are subjected to the same deductions as Civil Servants, no charge is incurred in providing for the duty of the absentee. The deductions may thus be regarded as a fund, meeting to a certain extent the extra charges incurred by occasional or periodical visits of the Clergy to stations at which they do not reside.

Extract from a letter from the Lord Bishop dated the 27th September 1842.

LVII I submit to your Excellency in Council the subjoined list of Circles of Stations with the number of visits, which, I would with deference, recommend should be made to them by the Chaplains.

LVIII 2d. The Chaplain of Candeish, residing at Malligaum to visit Dhoolia eight times, and Asseerghur four times in the year.

LIX. The Chaplain of Mhow to visit Indoore eight times, Mundlaysir twice; Bhopwar once, and Mahidpoor twice in the year; but on account of the great distance of Mahidpoor from Mhow, and the number of Christians residing there, that he should remain at that place for two Sundays at each visit.

LX. The Chaplain of Ahmedabad, to visit Hursole four times, and Kaira twice in the year.

LXI. The Chaplaincy of Ahmedabad being now vacant, it is recommended, that the Chaplain of Deesa should visit that station four times in the year.

LXII. The Chaplain of Malcolm Peth, and Sattarah, to visit Sattarah once a month during the fine weather, and to reside at Sattarah during the monsoon; also to visit the Southern Concan four times in the year, until a Chaplain can be appointed to that District.

LXIII. The Chaplain of the Southern Konkan to reside at Dapoolie and to visit Rutnagherrie eight times in the year.

LXIV. The Chaplain of Sholapoor to visit Kalladghee, twice a year, and to remain there for two Sundays at each visit.

LXV. The Chaplain of Belgaum to visit Dharwar, once in the month.

LXVI. The Chaplain of Bhoos, to visit Rajcote four times in the year until a Chaplain can be assigned to Kattywar.

LXVII. (L. G. G. 21st June 1837.) It is not the practice in the Bengal Presidency to acknowledge at present, any connection between the salary and emoluments of the Hon'ble Company's Chaplains, and Military Pay and Batta, although the consolidated salary of Chaplains, was originally fixed with reference to the Pay and allowances of Major.—The circumstance of a station being a half or full Batta station, does not regulate the Pay of Ecclesiastical Officers, under this Presidency nor were any of these Officers affected by the Orders recently or by those previously received, for reducing full to half Batta stations, and making charges in this respect.

G. L. 31st
Dec. 1837.

LXVIII. No compensation is allowed in any case of removal of a Chaplain from station to station, nor are travelling charges allowed, except when a Chaplain first joins his station, or when he may be ordered for Government purposes, to a different station. The rules of the Civil Service on this point, have been applied to Ecclesiastical Officers.

NOTE. *For the Absentee Rules respecting Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains, vide section "Staff."*

G. L. 24th
Jan. 1834. LXXIX (*H. C. L. dated the 4th July 1832*) It would be totally inconsistent with our practice to sanction the payment to a Chaplain of Field Allowances in addition to the Salary of his Station.

G. G. O. 12th
Mar. 1835. LXX. It has been resolved that no fees shall henceforth be required of Military person or their families for sacred offices, under this Presidency.

G. L. 30th
Jan. 1836. LXXI. The charge for the carriage Supplied for the use of the Lord Bishop, is to be debited to the Ecclesiastical Department of this Presidency.

G. L. 28th
April 1838. *Extract of a letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors in the Ecclesiastical Department, No. 2 dated the 24th January 1838.*

LXXII. We have taken into consideration the subject of a provision for the expences of the visitations of the Bishops of Madras and Bombay in conformity with the Act 3 and 4 Wm. 4 Cap. 85, Sec. 100; and we have determined to sanction the same amount of allowances which has been heretofore granted to the Bishop of Calcutta, vizt. 1,000 Rupees per mensem during the period the Bishops of Madras and Bombay shall be absent for the purpose of pursuing their visitatorial functions in their respective Dioceses within the Territories subject to our Government. We also sanction the provision of Lascars and Tents for their Lordship's use, during their progress as have been customary on the visitations of the Bishop of Calcutta.

LXXIII. If the Bishop of Bombay should desire the aid of a Chaplain during his visitations, he will be at liberty to select one to accompany him; who will during the necessary period of absence, be relieved from all other Ecclesiastical duty, and be entitled to an allowance for travelling charges of 200 Rupees per month.

LXXIV. We are of course desirous that no time should be unduly consumed, and that as much economy should be exercised as is consistent with the due discharge of the Episcopal functions,

LXXV. The arrangement which we now communicate, is made under the impression that the visitations will not take place more frequently than once in three years.

G. L. 26th
Nov. 1839. LXXVI. With reference to your letter, dated the 2nd instant, No. 388 on the subject of salary and tent allowance to chaplains beyond the Frontier, I am directed to inform you, that the Hon'ble the Governor in Council has been pleased to sanction the salary of such Chaplains to be fixed at Rupees 800 eighth undred a Month, and that of the Assistant chaplain at Kar-rack at Rupees 630 Six hundred and thirty.

LXXVII. With respect to Tentage, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is of opinion that Chaplains should be allowed to draw Majors Tentage Rs. (120) one hundred and Twenty each, and the Assistant Chaplain that of a Captain Rupees (75) Seventy five per Month.

LXXVIII. The Governor in Council further directs me to request that you will cause the necessary adjustment to be made, in regard to the Salary and allowances that have hitherto been paid to the persons above mentioned.

NOTE.—*The allowances of Chaplains on Foreign Service must be in all cases specially referred to Government and decided by them.*

G. G. O. 9th
Sept. 1820. LXXIX. An Allowance of twelve Rupees per month for an officiating Clerk, is authorized to be paid to persons performing those duties at Stations where Divine Service is regularly performed, on the production of Certificates from the Commanding Officers or Chaplain at Head-Quarters of European Regiments, as well as Stations; whether Prayers be read by a Chaplain, or a Regimental Officer in the absence of the former.

G. G. O. 8th
Jan. 1821. LXXX. In cases where the Chaplain may require the services of an European Soldier as an officiating Clerk, out of his own Regiment, the Clerk is allowed a Salary of fifteen Rupees per month, instead of twelve.

G. G. 23d
March 1813. LXXXI. The Governor in Council having directed that fixed Hours be appointed at the Presidency, for the Funerals of deceased Soldiers; it is therefore notified to Commanding Officers of European Corps, that the Hours will in future be at $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6 o'clock in the Morning, or $\frac{1}{2}$ past 5 o'clock in the Evening, at which time a Clergyman will be in attendance.

G. G. O. 9th
Dec. 1825. LXXXII. The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that, whenever European Troops are employed on Field Service, or at Stations where there may be no Chaplain, Commanding Officers are to direct the Brigade Major, or other Staff Officer of each Brigade or Station, or the Officer of the Day with each European Corps, to perform Clerical Duties when requisite, without any separate or distinct Appointment being made.

LXXXIII. The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to sanction an increase of forty Rupees per month to the Allowance granted to the Roman Catholic Priest for attending the Roman Catholic Soldiers on the Island of Bombay; with a view of admitting such a distribution of the whole amount, as will secure the services of two Priests for that duty.

G. L. 30th
Aug., 1825.

LXXXIV. *Number and Pay of Roman Catholic Priests.*

No.	Stations	Monthly Salary.	(Authority.)
One at.....	Poona.....	50	17th Jan. 1824.
Ditto.....	Kirkee.....	50	28th Oct. 1841.
Ditto.....	Bhooj.....	50	} G. L. 6th Sep. 1837.
Ditto.....	Ahmednuggur.....	50	
Ditto.....	Belgaum.....	50	} 19th June 1841.
Ditto.....	Aden.....	50	
Ditto.....	Deesa.....	50	8th June 1829.
Ditto.....	Kurrachee.....	50	1st July 1842.
Ditto.....	Hursole.....	10	27th August 1832.

Detached from Ahmedabad.

LXXXV. (H. C. L. 18th July 1827. Para 10.) Inconvenience having been experienced from the want of Registers of Sacred Offices performed by Laymen at the Out-Stations of the several Presidencies in India, we desire that you furnish us with complete Returns of Baptisms, Marriages and Funerals performed by Civil and Military Functionaries at those Stations where no Chaplains have resided, commencing at as early a period as practicable; and that similar Returns be regularly sent to us in future, Quarterly.

G. G. O. 8th
Jan. 1828.

LXXXVI. In pursuance of instructions received from the Honorable the Court of Directors, the form of Registration of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, at present in use are to be discontinued and the same are from and after the 1st day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty two, to be registered in the forms subjoined.

Govt. Notifica-
tion 24th Nov.
1841.

LXXXVII. Register Books and also Blank forms for the Returns may be had on application at the Office in Rampart Row, of the Ecclesiastical Registrar of the Diocese of Bombay.

LXXXVIII. *Form of Baptisms.*

Baptisms solemnized at

When Baptised.	Said to be Born.	Child's Christian name.	Sex.	Parents Names.		Abode.	Quality, Trade, or profession.	By whom Ceremony performed.
				Christian	Sur-name.			

LXXXIX. *Form of Marriages.*

Marriages solemnized at

When Married.	Names of Parties.		Age.	Condition.	Rank or profession.	Residence at the time of Marriage.	Father's Name & surname.	By Banns or Licence.	Names of witnesses present.	By whom married.
	Chris-tian.	Sur-name.								

XC. *Forms of Burials.*

Burials at.

When Buried	Christian	Surname.	Age.	Quality, Trade or profession &c. &c. &c.	Where Buried.	By whom Buried.
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XCI. With reference to para. 3d of the General Order by the Government of India, republished at Bombay under No. 748 of 1840, the Bengal rule is notified to be, that the pay and allowances of European Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers who may die, shall be drawn up to the date of decease only, and that to meet the charges of interment, a sum equal to one month's pay of the deceased shall be drawn in the pay abstract, under the head of "Extra charges" and designated as "Funeral charges on account of Serjeant or Private A. B." This allowance is not to be drawn for Men-drowned, whose bodies do not receive Sepulture.

G. G. O. 5th
Mar. 1841.

XCII. The Indents on the Commissariat Department for Coffins for European Soldiers are to be discontinued, but that Department will supply Coffins for deceased Women and Children, and Pensioners, as heretofore until further orders,

XCIII. STATEMENT OF ECCLESIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

STATIONS.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Humalls.		Peons & Chup-rassees.		Grave Dig-gers.		Mus-sals.		Blouses.	Singers & Organists.	Stationery, &c.	Lights and incidental Expenses.	Hearse Bullocks.	TOTAL.	
			Number.	Pay to each.	Number.	Pay to each.	Number.	Pay to each.	Number.	Pay to each.							
Bombay and St. Thomas Cathedral.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	{ Paid in Civil Department.
Fort George Barracks.....	12	..	..	1 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	o
Colaba.....	12	6	..	2 6	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	52	o
Harbour.....	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	Ditto.
Byculla.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
Tannah.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
Dapoolie.....	15	..	..	2 5½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	Ditto.
Mahabuleswar.....	12	..	..	1 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	27	Ditto.
Sattarah.....	12	..	..	1 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	Ditto.
Poona.....	40	8	4	6	2	6	..	1	7	6	30	15	30	20	..	192	Ditto.
Kirkee.....	15	8	1	6	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	Ditto.
Ahmednuggur.....	15	8	..	2 5	..	..	..	1	7	..	15	25	..	..	..	80	Ditto.
Malligaum.....	12	..	..	1 5	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	Ditto.
Surat.....	15	..	1	6	1	5	..	..	1	6	..	30	..	10	..	70	Ditto.
Kaira.....	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	Ditto.
Broach.....	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	Ditto.
Ahmedabad.....	12	..	..	1 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	Ditto.
Baroda.....	15	..	1	6	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	36	Ditto.
Deesa.....	15	8	2	6	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	..	56	Ditto.
Rajcote.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
Bhoj.....	12	..	..	1 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	Ditto.
Mhow.....	15	8	2	5	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	53	Ditto.
Matoonga.....	..	..	..	1 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	Ditto.
Karrachee.....	15	..	1	8	1	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	Ditto.
Belgaum.....	{ 15 } 12	8	1	6	2	5	..	..	1	6	..	..	25	..	..	82	{ Including Rs. 15 for a Choir.
Dharwar.....	12	..	..	1 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	Ditto.

<i>Aden.</i>	<i>Scinde Force.</i>	
15 Clerk.	1 Clerk.....	15
8 Peons.	1 Peon.....	8
8 Hamauls.	1 Hamaul.....	8
10 Contingencies.		
41		31

Regimental Libraries.

G. G. O. 27th Oct. 1836.

XCIV The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following General Order by the Government of India, 18th of July last, and to declare its provisions to be equally applicable under this Presidency.

XCv. The Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council having had under consideration, the reports of Officers Commanding European Corps, on the subject of Soldiers Libraries, and being satisfied that the system under which they are at present established, is not calculated to render them so generally useful as could be desired, deems it necessary to direct that the Books of the several station Libraries shall be divided equally, (with reference to the number of Troops or companies belonging to each) amongst the European Corps quartered in the different cantonments, to serve as a nucleus on which Regimental Libraries may be formed. These Libraries are to be kept up and supported from the portion of the Canteen Fund balances, directed in G. G. O. No. 64, of the 5th March 1835, to be specially set apart for that purpose; and further to encourage these institutions, His Lordship in Council is pleased to authorize the appointment of a Librarian, on a monthly Salary of eight Rupees, to every Regiment of European Cavalry and Infantry, and to every Brigade, Battallion and Division of Artillery, consisting of two or more European Troops or Companies on the Bengal Establishment.

XCvi. The Situation of Station Librarian, authorized by G. G. O. of 21st March 1823, is abolished and the salary is to cease to be passed from the date on which the Books may be made over to Corps.

XCvii. Instructions will be given to the Military Board for providing a suitable place for the reception of the Books, in the Lines of the Several Regiments and His Excellency, the Commander in Chief is requested to issue, such Supplementary Orders as may be necessary for carrying the above arrangement into effect.

G. O. C. 1st Nov. 1836.

XCviii. With reference to G. G. O. No. 458. of the 27th instant, Officers Commanding stations at which Soldiers Libraries may be established will be pleased to assemble Committees of Officers, for the purpose of dividing the books, the property of Government, amongst the different European Corps quartered in their respective cantonments, in the proportions indicated in the General Order above quoted.

XCix. These books are to be considered the property of the Regiment to which they may be assigned, and are to be removed with it when proceeding to a new station, on the occasion of an ordinary relief.

C. Officers Commanding Regiments will select a Librarian for the charge of the books, and they will use their discretion in placing the affairs of the library under a committee of Officers, or in retaining the management in their own hands.

FORMS.

No. 1.

Annual List of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of the _____ Regiment Subscribers to the Military Asylum, Bombay.

Station and date.

No.	Rank.	Names.	Married.	Unmarried.	No. of Children.	Remarks.

No. 2.

Return (to be made annually) of Children entitled to admission in the Central Schools, Bombay, from their Father's being subscribers.

Station and date

No.	Children's name.	Age.	Father's name, Rank & Regiment.	Legitimate or Illegitimate.	Remarks.

No. 3.

Return to accompany application for the admission of Children whose Father having been a Subscriber, is dead or removed to Europe.

Station and date.

No.	Children's name.	Age.	Father's rank	Father's name	Date of his decease or removal.	Legitimate or Illegitimate.

No. 4.

Monthly Return of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers, who have become subscribers in the Month of _____ 18.

Station and Date.

No.	Rank.	Name.	Married.	Unmarried.	No. of Children.	Date of arrival in India.	Remarks.

Casualties which had occurred among the subscribers during the past month.

Serjeant A. B.
Corporal C. D.
Private E. F.

N. B.—On Subscribers applying for the admission of their Children under Rule 5th, an admission Roll according to Form No. 2 is to accompany the application.

XIX. In publishing the following Extracts from the General Regulations and Orders for His Majesty's Forces, the Commander in Chief, is pleased to direct that they shall obtain general application with all European Corps on the Establishment of this Presidency, whether of His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service; and Commanding Officers are enjoined to pay the strictest attention to these essential points of Duty, as far as local circumstances will permit of their being carried into effect.

G. G. O. 25th
April 1817.

"Regulations respecting the Attendance of Regiments at Places appointed for Divine Worship."

XX. "The first four Articles of the first Section of the Articles of War, are declaratory of H. M. Pleasure and Commands, the subject of Divine Worship;—*Two*

" must be frequently read to the Soldiers, and their import and tendency must be enforced by the precept and example of their Officers, for which, as for every other branch of Discipline, the Commanding Officer is responsible."

XXI. " Officers in Command of Brigades or Regiments, to which Chaplains are not appointed, are enjoined to provide for the regular performance of Divine Service, and for the discharge of all Religious Duties towards the Men under their Command.

XXII. " Officers Commanding Detachments and Parties are responsible for the due attendance of the Men under their Command, at the Churches nearest to their Quarters. The Men are to attend Divine Service with their Side-Arms, and they are to be marched with the utmost regularity so, and from, the Church or Place where Divine Service is performed.

XXIII. " His Majesty has been pleased to assign certain Books for the use of the Patients in the Barrack Hospitals, which will be delivered out by the Barrack Master on the application of the Commanding Officer or Officiating Chaplain, who is responsible for their being safely returned into the charge of the Barrack Master.

XXIV. " Commanding Officers of Regiments are to be particularly attentive, that no Soldier professing the Roman Catholic Religion shall be compelled to attend the Divine Worship of the Church of England, but that every such Soldier shall be at full liberty to attend the Worship of Almighty God according to the Forms prescribed by his Religion, when Military Duty does not interfere."

XXV. All Parties attending the Roman Catholic Church, shall be regularly marched to, and from, the Place of Worship.

XXVI. It is expected that all Officers off duty will attend Divine Service.

G. O. C. 23d
May 1820.

G. O. C. 6th
Aug. 1768.

CHAPLAINS AND CLERICAL DUTIES.

Ecclesiastical Department.

G. N. 25th
April 1837.

XXVII. The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council has been pleased to publish the following Extract of a letter from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in this Department, No. 5 of the 7th December last.

XXVIII. *Para 1.* We apprise you, that Her Majesty has been graciously pleased, in accordance with the Provisions of the Act of the 3rd and 4th William, 4th Cap. 84, to erect the Archdeaconry of Bombay, into a Bishop's see.

G. N. 8th
Feb 1837.

Extract of a letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors. in the Ecclesiastical Department, No. 3 of the 31st August 1836.

XXIX. (*Para 1st.*) Our attention has lately been directed to the state of the Ecclesiastical establishment, and we have communicated to the Government of India, and also to that of Fort Saint George, our determination to make certain changes for the purpose of increasing its efficiency, with the view of extending the benefit of those changes to your presidency as far as circumstances will admit, we have resolved to appoint two additional chaplains and to make the following distributions of Ecclesiastical salaries. The two Chaplains at the Presidency will receive the same amount as at present. Five chaplains will receive Company's Rupees 670 per mensem; and the remaining ten, 500 Company's Rupees per mensem. These salaries are to constitute their entire emoluments from the Company, and we shall on no account sanction the payment of any extra allowances whatever may be the grounds upon which they may be claimed.

XXX. *Para 2nd.* The Chaplains receiving the lower amount of 500 Rupees per mensem will be termed Assistant Chaplains, and in future all appointments will be made to this class. On each of the two vacancies next occurring, two Assistant Chaplains will be appointed in order to complete the allotted number. The Assistant Chaplains will succeed to the higher rank and the higher rate of salary according to seniority as vacancies occur in the superior class after it shall have been reduced by casualties to the prescribed number of five.

XXXI. *Para 3rd.* The principle which we have adopted throughout these arrangements requires that the furlough and retiring allowances shall be modified so as to meet the intended changes. Those allowances will in future be on the following scale,

Furlough Allowances.

After 7 years residence..... £ 191 12 6 per annum.
(Full pay of Captain.)

If compelled by sickness to return to Europe before completing 7 years residence..... £ 127 15 0 ditto.
(Half pay of Captain.)

Retiring Allowances.

After 18 years service (including 3 years furlough).... £ 292 0 0 per annum.
(Full pay of Major.)

After ten years actual service if compelled by ill health to quit the service..... £ 173 7 6 ditto.
(Half pay of Major.)

After 7 years actual service..... £ 127 15 0 ditto.
(Half pay of Captain.)

XXXII. *Para. 4th*—The present Chaplains will be entitled to the existing scale of allowances as well for service as on furlough and retirement, these regulations being wholly prospective and only affecting appointments made after the date of this dispatch.

NOTE.—*Vide Separate G. O. No. 31. Para. 127 and Separate G. O. No. 22. Para. 16.*

XXXIII. *Para. 5th*—The location of the Chaplains under the new arrangements will be best regulated by reference to the opinion of the Lord Bishop.

XXXIV. (*H. C. L. 8th July 1840, Para 6.*) We are disposed to add to the Ecclesiastical Establishment, at your Presidency, six assistant Chaplains, thus making the entire number of Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains, Twenty three. The Two Presidency Chaplains will remain both as to rank and emolument, in the position prescribed by the arrangement of 1838. Of the remaining 21, Five will be Chaplains drawing the allowances then sanctioned for their class, and Sixteen Assistant Chaplains of whom the number drawing Salaries of 500 Rupees per mensem is to be reduced from ten to eight, as vacancies shall occur, and the eight Junior Assistant Chaplains are each to receive 400 Rupees per mensem.

G. L. 3d Oct.
1840.

XXXV. *Para. 7th*—In order that the desired benefits may be secured as early as possible we shall immediately make the intended addition of 6 to the number of Assistant Chaplains. The Senior of the Juniors Assistant Chaplains on your Establishment will succeed to the emolument of the next class, when it shall be reduced by Casualties below the prescribed number of eight at which it is now fixed.

XXXVI. (*H. C. L. 29th July 1840. Para. 1st.*)—We have resolved that the rank of Chaplains hereafter to be appointed shall be determined by their final departure for their destination as in the case of Cadets and Assistant Surgeons.

G. N. 2d Oct.
1840.

XXXVII. *Para. 2d*—You will be furnished from time to time with Lists of Rank agreeably to the practice observed in the Military Department, according to which promotions will be made from the lower to the higher grades.

XXXVIII. *Para. 3rd*—With reference to the immediate augmentation in the number of Chaplains as notified in our Despatch dated the 8th July 1840, we apprise you that these and all future appointments will be to the lower Class of Assistant Chaplains authorized in that Despatch from which Class you will cause promotion to be made upon the occurrence of vacancies in either the first or second Classes of Chaplains until under the arrangements communicated in our despatches of the 31st August 1833, and the 8th July 1840, the Establishment is brought to the fixed number of,

- 2 Presidency Chaplains.
- 5 Chaplains.
- 8 Assistant Chaplains.
- 8 Junior Assistant Chaplains.

XXXIX. *Para. 4th*—Subsequent vacancies will of course be supplied by the promotion of the seniors in the Grade next to that in which the vacancy may occur.

XL. The following Extract of a letter from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to the Government of India, No. 52, dated 4th July 1838, is published for general information.

G. G. O. 15th
Oct. 1838.

Letter dated 22d Nov. 1837, No. 103.

Solicit, in reference to an application from the Directors of the Military Fund, instructions as to relative Rank of Reverend Mr. Etsole, an Assistant Chaplain.

XLI. (*Para. 48.*) We are of opinion, that Chaplains appointed under the new arrangement, should rank as Subscribers to the Military Fund, as Captains, until they have served Fifteen years in India, and subsequently as Majors.

XLII. We have already, in reply to a reference, communicated this opinion to the Government of Madras, as applicable to the Military Fund at that Presidency, and we wish you to make a similar communication to the Government of Bombay.

Public Letter received from, dated the 23d May, No. 39 of 1840.

Paras. 75 @ 79 notifies appointment of the Revd. Mr. Ward to Officiate for Mr. Archdeacon Jeffrey's as Archdeacon and Senior Presidency Chaplain, during his absence in New South Wales, forwards copies of correspondence regarding the Acting Allowances of Mr. Ward & the result of references to Madras and subsequently to the Supreme Government, the latter states, that, it is not in the power of Government to appoint an Acting Archdeacon, but, that the practice in Bengal has been to transfer the conduct of the correspondence, during the absence of the Bishop to the Senior Presidency Chaplain, who receives an allowance of Rupees 200 per month for a Clerk, but not her allowance as Acting Archdeacon, a like arrangement sanctioned on the present occasion. Mr. Ward also receives the stated proportion of allowance of the Presidency Chaplain.

XLIII. *H. C. L. No. 6 of 1842. 1st.*—We approve of your decision in this case, with regard to the performance of the Archdeaconal duties, and we sanction the Allowance of Rupees 100 a month, to the Revd. Mr. Ward, during the absence of the Archdeacon.

G. L. 7th
Sept. 1842.

XLIV.—*2d.* It appears, however to have escaped notice, that tho' under the existing rules, Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains absent on leave are subjected to the deprivation of a portion of their allowances, there is no provision for Extra Allowances to the Clergyman who may be appointed to Officiate for the absentee. He is not entitled to any addition to his ordinary emoluments, except for Travelling allowances, in cases where he may have proceeded from a distant place; Mr. Ward therefore can only draw the salary attached to his own appointment, but, while Acting as Senior Presidency Chaplain, he will justly be entitled to the use of the House, which appears to be assigned to the Senior Chaplain, on the same terms as enjoyed by him.

XLV. 3d.—Your letter has drawn our attention to the anomalous position of the two Presidency Chaplains, the Senior drawing his salary from the Civil Pay Office, the Junior from the Military. It is highly desirable, that, the whole of the Ecclesiastical Establishment should be subject to one uniform practice, we desire therefore, that the salaries of Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains, be regulated by the orders contained in our Despatch in this Department, dated the 31st August 1836, No. 3, and the deductions from such salaries by the rules sanctioned in our Despatch to the Government of India, in the Financial Department, dated 30th October 1839.

XLVI. 4th.—It appears, that, a very slight difference exists between the amount of Allowances drawn respectively by the Senior and Junior Presidency Chaplains, the former drawing Rupees 1,200 per month, and the latter Rupees 1,180.

XLVII. 5th.—Our Despatch in this Department dated the 8th July, No. 1 of 1840, assumes the expense of the two Presidency Chaplains to be, Rupees 2,180 per month, viz. 1,200 Rupees for the Senior, and 980 for the Junior, which in fact are the Allowances drawn by the Presidency Chaplains at Madras, the additional 200 Rupees to the Junior Chaplain, at your Presidency, appears to have been authorised by our Despatch of the 12th April 1836, as a special Allowance to the Garrison Chaplain, officiating at the Presidency Church.

XLVIII. 6th.—Adverting to the scale of Allowances lately fixed for the Ecclesiastical Establishments, generally, we are of opinion that, 980 Rupees a month is a suitable stipend for the Junior Presidency Chaplain, and we direct, that, in any future appointment to that Station the allowance be restricted to that sum.

Extract from a letter to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta dated the 7th July 1841.

XLIX. Para. 2d.—With reference to your Lordship's Letters dated the 23d June and the 6th Instant, on the subject of travelling allowance to Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains for visiting out stations, and the difficulty, which the Government finds in determining as to whether the Hon'ble Court of Directors have contemplated, since their despatch of the 31st August 1836, the continuance of travelling charges for occasional or periodical visits to out Stations as a permanent contingent expenditure for the Ecclesiastical Establishment, it is proposed to submit the question for the decision of the Hon'ble Court. In the mean time, the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council, can only authorize travelling allowance to be passed to a Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain on his first appointment to a Station, or when he is removed from one station to another, not for his private convenience or when extra duties are imposed upon him, by the order of Government, in the discharge of which he incurs actual expense. It may be doubted that the Hon'ble Court by their letter to the Madras Government dated the 2d June 1840, intended to sanction a distribution of Clerical duties at out stations, which would entail a frequently recurring expense upon the Exchequer, in addition to the fixed Establishment sanctioned in the Despatch of the 31st of August, the object of which is there stated to be "the efficiency of the Church Establishment, by enlarging the number of Chaplains," and in respect to salaries, the Court observe "these salaries are to constitute their entire emoluments from the Company, and we shall on no account sanction the payment of extra allowances whatever may be the grounds upon which they may be claimed."

G. L.
24th Oct. 1842.

L. I am directed to transmit for information and guidance the accompanying copy of a letter (No. 2) dated the 12th April last, from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to the Government of India on the subject of travelling allowances to Chaplains, and Assistant Chaplains, together with an Extract from a letter from the Lord Bishop dated the 27th ultimo, showing the circle of outstations to be occasionally visited by Chaplains, and which have been approved of, and sanctioned by Government.

Letter from 10th October 1838. No. 4 Paras. 15 to 20 Relating to Travelling allowances to Chaplains.

Letter from 16th February 1839. No. 1 Para. 3d on the same subject.

Letter from 14th July 1841. No. 7 on the same subject.

2d* You judged rightly that our orders were not intended to exclude Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains, from receiving either the actual amount of expenses incurred by them in the discharge of extra duties under the sanction of the proper authorities or a reasonable allowance in consideration of such expenses. We approve therefore of your determination on this point, as well as upon the grant of travelling allowances to Assistant Chaplains on their first appointment. In Sec. 27 of the Regulations respecting leave of absence, and deputation, and travelling allowances, which we have recently approved, you will find rule on the subject of travelling allowances, viz. "When a Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain is appointed to a station, and when he is removed from one station to another, he shall be entitled to a travelling allowance, which shall be regulated by the orders contained in our Despatch in this Department, dated the 31st August 1836, No. 3, and the deductions from such salaries by the rules sanctioned in our Despatch to the Government of India, in the Financial Department, dated 30th October 1839."

No. H. C. L. 2 of 1842. LI. 1st.—We take this opportunity of explaining our views with regard to the Travelling allowances of Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains, whether employed in visiting stations within the Circle of their ordinary duties, or on special visits to places beyond s such circle.

LII. 2d. In para. 2^o of a despatch addressed to our Government of Madras on the 12th March 1840, we explained that our orders of the 31st August 1836 were not intended to exclude Chaplains, and Assistant Chaplains, from the benefit of reimbursement where expense was actually incurred by them on this principle we hold them entitled to travelling allowances at the rate sanctioned in Sec. 27 of the rules approved in our despatch in the Financial Department 30th October 1839, when required by the proper authorities to visit places at a distance from that at which they may be stationed, whether such places be within the circle in which they are appointed to officiate, or beyond it.