

S U P P L E M E N T  
TO  
GENERAL ORDERS.

SEPARATE No. 39 OF 1842.

BY THE HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL,  
BOMBAY CASTLE, 7th SEPTEMBER 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Compilation of all existing orders under the head "Queen's Troops."

*By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,*

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col:

*Secy. to Govt.*



ERRATUM—In Separate G. G. O. No. 17, 4th May 1842. "COMPENSATION"—  
Para. XLII for Rice third sort *Field Rate* "16 $\frac{3}{4}$  seers or 33 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. per Rupee" read "11 $\frac{3}{4}$   
seers or 23 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. per Rupee." The *Heading* of Field Table B. Para. LIII to be corrected  
from 33 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. to 23 $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. accordingly.



# QUEEN'S TROOPS.

(Under this head it is not deemed generally necessary to include Rules or Regulations which relate to both the Royal and Company's Troops, as they may readily be found in the separate General Orders now printing; nor such of those concerning Queen's Troops exclusively as may be found in the "King's Regulations and Orders for the Army" of 1837; the "War Office Collection" of 1841 and "Explanatory Directions" of 1838; the two abridgments of General Orders of 1831 and 1838; also the Mutiny Act and Articles of War; to all of which there are copious Indices. But as the orders issued by the Commanders in Chief in India and at Bombay in 1839, 1840, 1841 and 1842 up to the present time, are not so accessible for want of an Index, they will be found arranged in a synopsis (A) in the Appendix to this Order.)

## APPOINTMENTS, EXCHANGES, PROMOTIONS, REMOVALS, &c.

### Appointments.

I. Several applications having been made to the Right Honorable the Commander in Chief, for Commissions (Cornetcies or Ensigncies) in His Majesty's Service, His Lordship is pleased to cause it to be notified in General Orders, for the information of the public, that the instructions to the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Army of India, prohibit the filling up of such Appointments, otherwise than by Application through the Military Secretary, Horse Guards, London, to whom candidates must, in future, address themselves direct. G. O. C. I. 26th Nov. 1838.

II. Officers arriving in the Country, who precede the notification of their Appointments, are to be noted on their respective Returns, in a separate Remark, until their Names shall appear in General Orders; the Commander in Chief, however, in the mean time permits them to join, and do duty with their respective Corps. G. O. C. I. 27th July 1821.

### Exchanges and Transfers.

III. (H. C. L. to Madras, 3d Nov. 1815. Para. XCVI.) No Allowances whatever ought to be paid to any Officer transferred from one of His Majesty's Regiments at Ceylon, to one of H. M. Regiments serving on the Continent of India, until the arrival of such Officer at some place subject to your Authority; and we desire that all future cases of this nature may be regulated by this decision. G. G. O. 12th Jan. 1818.

IV. (G. O. G. 12th June 1837.) When Officers of H. M. Service exchange from one to another Regiment in India, they will receive their King's pay at the Presidency under which they may be serving, and should their exchange not be confirmed by His Majesty, the necessary adjustment will then take place with the Presidency from which they may have been so transferred. G. O. C. I. 6th July 1837.

V. (G. O. G. 9th April 1838.) The allowances of Officers of H. M. Service removed from one Presidency to another, shall up to the date of their departure from the Presidency at which they are serving, be governed by the Regulations of that Presidency, and subsequently by those of the Presidency to which they are transferred. G. O. C. I. 26th April 1838.

### Promotions.

VI. The Honorable the Court of Directors having granted the local Rank of Brevet Captain to all Lieutenants in the Service of the Honorable East India Company, who had not attained that Rank after 15 years' Service, as announced in the General Orders by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council under date the 5th of April last, His Excellency the Commander in Chief of all H. M. Forces in India, with reference to the foregoing Resolution, and with a view to prevent supercession when the contingencies of the Service may bring the Officers adverted to, of the King's and Company's Army, together upon duty, is pleased, under authority from His Majesty, to extend a similar indulgence to the Subalterns of H. M. Regiments in India. G. O. C. I. 5th Nov. 1816.

VII. The Commander in Chief desires it may be distinctly understood by the Officers concerned, that the Brevet Rank conferred upon them, is *Local*, and does not give them claim to any increase of Allowances.

VIII. Officers of H. M. Service promoted in India by the Commander in Chief, are not to draw King's Pay of the advanced Rank until the Promotion shall be announced in General Orders, as confirmed by His Majesty. G. O. G. 28th May 1810.

IX. Officers so promoted, however, will be entitled to draw the Hon'ble Company's Allowances of the advanced Rank from the date of their Promotion by the Commander in Chief, as long as they continue to do the duty under such Promotion; while Officers belonging to



Corps in India who may be promoted by His Majesty, will become entitled to the Hon'ble Company's Allowances from the date on which their Promotion shall be notified in General Orders by the Commander in Chief, from which date their performance of the duty of the advanced Rank will of course commence.

G. O. G. G.  
21st Nov. 1834. X. Officers of H. M. Army serving in India, who may be promoted by His Majesty to fill a vacancy on the Indian Establishment occasioned by a casualty occurring in Europe, shall be entitled to draw the arrears of the Honorable Company's Allowances retrospectively, from the date of Promotion, the same as an Officer of the Company's Service: provided that such Officer has bona-fide been serving in India during such retrospect, and subject to the same rules as regulate the Company's Service, so that the Military Auditors General are satisfied there can be no double charge on account of such allowances.

G. G. O. 6th  
May 1822. XI. (*H. C. L. 21st Nov. 1821, Para. II.*) We have resolved to grant to Officers in H. M. Service, who may be promoted in India to the Rank of Major General (by H. M. Brevet) and not placed on the Staff, the full Batta of their Regimental Rank, for the period of their actual residence in India, not exceeding in the whole three months from the date of announcement of the Promotion in General Orders at the Stations where they may be serving.

G. O. C. I.  
6th June 1829. XII. The Right Hon'ble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to direct the publication of the following Extract of a Letter from General Lord Hill, Commanding in Chief in His Majesty's Forces.

XIII. "I have had the honor to submit to the King, and His Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve, and to direct, that, without retrospect, every Lieutenant Colonel of the East India Company's Army, who may now be Commandant of a Regiment of Cavalry, or Infantry, or Battalion of Artillery, or Engineers, be allowed to take the Rank of Colonel by Brevet, in the Territorial possessions of the East India Company, in India only, and that every Lieutenant-Colonel of that Army, who should in future be appointed Commandant of a Regiment or Battalion be allowed to take Rank of Colonel by Brevet, in those Territories only.

XIV. "In conveying to your Lordship the signification of His Majesty's gracious intentions upon this point and the expression of His Majesty's Commands, that the measure be carried into effect, I have the honor to acquaint you, that His Majesty is further pleased to direct, in order to provide for the interest of His Officers, serving in the Territorial possessions of the Company, and to take care that their fair claims are not passed over, in consequence of any particular circumstance attending the promotion of the Officers of the Company's Army, that the Local Rank of Colonel by Brevet, be granted to any Lieutenant Colonel of His Majesty's Army, who would without such grant, be superseded by a Junior Officer of the Company's Service, stationed at the same Presidency, on his promotion to the Rank of Colonel Regimentally.

XV. "That if however, one of His Majesty's Lieutenant-Colonels so promoted at one Presidency be removed to another Presidency, such promotion being no longer valid, another Brevet Commission be granted to him if necessary, to put him on a par with the Officers of the Presidency, to which his services have been transferred."

NOTE.—The promotion to Colonel is now regulated at all the Presidencies by that of the Senior Lieut. Colonel of the Bengal Infantry, (*Vide Separate G. O. No. 37, Para. IV to VIII.*)

G. O. C. I.  
20th Aug. 1840. XVI. (*G. O. G. G. 29th July 1840.*) The Home authorities having disapproved of Clauses 3 and 6, and of the first provision of Clause 5, of the General Orders No. 9 of 1840, dated the 20th of January last, the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, in obedience to the instructions of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, promulgates for general information, the following revised rules for the employment in India of Local Major Generals of Her Majesty's Service.

XVII. Local Major Generals of Her Majesty's Service are eligible, under the appointment of Government, for employment as Brigadiers, where Queen's Troops are stationed, provided that such appointment shall not interfere with the Commands on the General Staff allotted to Company's Officers.

XVIII. The Senior Local Major Generals of the Regiments at each Presidency, are in preference to be so employed.

XIX. The period for which Local Major Generals may retain Brigade Commands is not restricted to any number of years, but they must vacate such Commands on the departure of their Regiments from India, or from one Presidency to another.

XX. Local Major Generals of Her Majesty's Service, who prefer remaining in India, in expectation of succeeding by Seniority to Brigade Commands may do so, selecting their residence within the Presidency in which their Regiments are serving, and receiving the Pay and full Batta of their Regimental Rank.

XXI. Though Local Major Generals of Her Majesty's Service are permitted to remain in India unemployed, they are not precluded from retaining the Command of their respective Regiments, which they may, at their option, continue to exercise, provided there shall be no interference within the Brigade or other Commands allotted to Company's Officers.

G. O. C. I.  
Jan. 1841. XXII. (*G. O. G. G. 6th Jany. 1841.*) The following Extract of a Military letter, No. 10, dated 4th November 1840, from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to the Governor General of India in Council, is published for general information.

XXIII. The principle of the Regulations and Arrangements for the employment of Her Majesty's Local Major Generals in fixed Divisional and Brigade Commands, as specified in Para. 2 of our Despatch of the 2nd June last, and which provides effectually against any inconvenient interference of the Regimental Officers of the Queen's Army with appointments on the Divisional or Brigade Staff is understood by the General Commanding in Chief



and by ourselves to be equally applicable to the employments of those Officers with Field Forces. You will accordingly take care that this principle is applied in all cases when Officers are appointed to Commands as Major, or Brigadier Generals and Brigadiers.

XXIV. In conformity with the principle above referred to Local Major Generals absent from their Regiments are not entitled to resume Regimental Command or Employ, unless such resumption shall be permitted as compatible with your arrangements for the Brigade and Divisional Commands of the Force to which the Regiment is attached.

### *Removals to half pay.*

G. O. C. I.  
9th Oct. 1818.

XXV. All Officers belonging to the Half-Pay Establishment, holding Staff Appointments, and all those of that description employed in the Service of any of the Native Powers in alliance with the British Government, will be permitted to remain in India, until the pleasure of His Majesty, and of the Commander in Chief, shall be known; and Application will be made to the Authorities concerned in Europe, to allow of such Officers drawing their Half-Pay through the authorized Agents in England. The full Pay of Officers remaining in India under this Clause, is to cease on the first of January 1819, from which date they are to consider themselves as belonging to the Half-Pay List, and as having been finally placed on that Establishment.

XXVI. (*G. O. C. 6th June 1828.*) Officers of His Majesty's Service in India who may be reduced to Half-pay, shall, instead of being permitted to draw, as was authorized in General Orders of the 28th June 1822, the Full Batta and House Rent of their rank for three months after the date of the notification of their removal to the Half-pay List, be entitled only to the Half Batta and House Rent of their respective ranks for that period.

G. G. O. 5th  
May 1831.

### *Supernumeraries.*

XXVII. Officers of His Majesty's Service who become Supernumerary to the complement attached to Regiments, are authorized to draw the Half Batta and the House Rent (if not furnished with Quarters) of their Regimental Rank, during the time they may be detained in India, also the usual extra Allowances from the time of their leaving the Station, where their Corps may be, for the purpose of proceeding to the Presidency.

G. G. O. 3d  
Feb. 1817.

## ARMS, APPOINTMENTS AND CLOTHING.

XXVIII. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for general information, the following arrangement concluded with Her Majesty's Board of Ordnance by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, in the year 1832, together with the orders necessary for carrying the same into effect, which are to be strictly attended to by all parties concerned whenever occasion may arise.

G. G. O. 8th  
April 1840.

XXIX. Whenever Queen's Troops are placed on the India Establishment, the Hon'ble Court pay to Her Majesty's Government the value of the serviceable Arms and Equipments then in the possession of the Men excepting such as are found by the Colonels. The Arms thus paid for, are taken to India and used by the Men, as long as they continue serviceable, and when they become unserviceable they are delivered into Store and broken up, and the material disposed of for the Company's benefit.

XXX. It is a condition of this arrangement, that upon the return from India of any of the Queen's Forces, all Arms they may bring Home with them, are to be delivered into the Company's Stores in England.

XXXI. In order to ensure the fulfilment of this condition, the Military Board will issue particular instructions to the Commanding Officers of Queen's Troops about to embark for England, to deliver into the Company's possession on arrival, all Arms and Equipments they may take with them, (except such as are provided by the Colonels out of their Off-reckoning assignments) an inventory of the same being invariably furnished to the Military Board, to be laid before Government for transmission to the Hon'ble Court by the Ships on which the Soldiers return. With a view to avoid expense, the Military Board will be careful that the number of Arms &c. so taken, is restricted within the narrowest limit consistent with Military usage.

XXXII. In the event of any of Her Majesty's Regiments or Detachments being withdrawn from India for the service of other Colonies, the value of the Arms and Equipments they may take with them will be ascertained by a Committee, composed whenever practicable, of an equal number of Queen's and Company's Officers, and an account of such valuation will be immediately submitted to Government by the Military Board, for the Hon'ble Court's information, in order that the amount may be recovered from the public.

XXXIII. (*H. C. L. 30th September 1814. Para. XXVIII.*) As the Colonels of Cavalry Regiments in His Majesty's Service, are paid out of the Off-reckonings of their respective Regiments, for the provision and repair of Saddles and all Horse Furniture whatever, and as the whole Expense of His Majesty's Regiments in India, including the Off-reckonings of those Regiments, are defrayed by the Company; it is quite clear, that any Allowance to the Officer at the Head of one of His Majesty's Regiments in India, for keeping the Saddles and Horse Furniture in repair, is a double charge to the Company and ought to be discontinued.

G. G. O. 11th  
Augt. 1815.

XXXIV. (*Para. XXX.*) We therefore see no reason whatever for making a double Allowance, for the same thing; and we consequently direct, that no Allowance whatever be hereafter made for the repair of Saddles and Horse Furniture of His Majesty's Regiments of Cavalry serving in India.



XXXV. (*Para. XXXI.*) With respect to the expense incurred in conveying Saddlery from the Ports of India, to the several Stations at which His Majesty's Cavalry Regiments may be serving, we shall, as a matter of indulgence, not object to your providing such conveyance at the public expence, through the medium of your Commissariat.

G. G. O. 22d  
Sept. 1823.

XXXVI. Tables for Saddlers and Tailors with His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons, not being authorized Articles of Barrack Furniture, and the whole expence of making up Saddles and Clothing falling to be defrayed by the Colonel of the Regiment, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that those Articles be not in future issued.

G. G. O. 15th  
Jan. 1811.

XXXVII. No charges will be admitted by this Government, for the conveyance of the Clothing of His Majesty's Regiments to the Head Quarters of the Corps, wherever stationed; since all charges of that nature fall to be defrayed by the Colonels of the respective Regiments.

NOTE. *The Colonel of the Regiment naturally looks to his Senior Lieutenant Colonel, as the protector of his interests, all matters therewith connected, should therefore be referred to the decision and orders of the Senior Lieutenant Colonel of the Corps, present with the Army.* (G. O. C. I. 4th May 1827.)

G. G. O. 16th  
June 1817.

XXXVIII. (*H. C. L. 12th April 1815, Para. II.*) Having received from the Military Secretary to His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief, a Statement of such Articles of Equipment and Stores used by His Majesty's Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, serving in the East Indies, as are supplied by their respective Colonels; we transmit a Copy of it to you herewith, for your information and guidance.

XXXIX. (*Para. III.*) All the Articles mentioned in the above Statement, being charged in the Accounts, between the Crown and Company, and paid for in England, you will be careful to avoid any double payment for the same things in India, either by supplying the Articles themselves, or by making any allowance in lieu of them.

NOTE. *The Statement furnished by the Hon'ble Court is omitted, some alteration having taken place in the different articles therein enumerated: and the following Lists, extracted from H. M's. warrant dated 24th July 1841, of Appointments and Accoutrements supplied by the Colonel of Regiments, are substituted. The Articles of clothing are not enumerated in these Lists, because no clothing whatever (except Great Coats for Infantry,) is provided by the Company for H. M. Troops.*

#### XL.

#### *For Light Dragoons and Hussars.*

Men's Appoint-ments.	{	Sword, with Scabbard and Sword Knot.
		Sword or Waist Belt, with Carriages, Plate and Catch, and Brass Hook.
		Pouch.
		Pouch or Carbine Belt, with Pouch Straps, Swivel, Buckle, Tip and Slide.
		Sabre-tache, with Straps.
		Pocket for Percussion Caps.
		Axe, with case and Carriage, for Farrier's Cloak.
		Saddle-tree, with Seat, pair of Saddle Flaps and Thongs.
		Pannel, for Regiments in India.
		Pilch.
Horse Appointments.	{	Girth and Strap.
		Pair of Stirrup Leathers.
		Pair of Stirrup Irons.
		Crupper with Buckles, Chaps, Dees and Thongs.
		Leather Surcingle and Cross Rein.
		Breast-plate.
		Pair of Horse Shoe Cases, and Straps.
		Pair of Wallets and Straps.
		Holster and Straps, for Serjeant-Majors and Trumpeters.
		Pair of Churns, with Straps, for Farriers
		Carbine Buckle, Strap, and Stay Strap.
		Set of three Baggage Straps.
		Pair of Cloak Straps and Thong, or set of three Cloak Straps.
		Sheep-skin.
		Shabraquo.
Bridle complete, with Bit and Bridoon.		
Collar and Collar Chain.		

#### XLI.

#### *For Infantry of the Line.*

Regimental Colours and Belts.		
Staff Serjeants...	{	Sword with Knot and Belt.
		Breast Plate.
		Sash.
Company Serjeants	{	Sword and Knot.
		Pouch with Belt.
		Bayonet Belt with Double Carriage,
		Fusil Sling.
		Breast Plate.
		Sash.
Corporals and Privates.	{	Whistle and Chains for Light Infantry.
		Pouch with Belt,
		Bayonet Belt.
		Breast-plate.
		Firelock Sling.



Drummers and Fifers, { Sword with Knot and Belf.  
Breast-plate.  
Drum Carriage.  
Two Fifes and Cases, for Grenadiers only.

*Set of Pioneer Appointments for 1 Corporal and 10 Privates.*

- |                    |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--|
| 11 Leather Aprons. |  | 11 Bill Hooks, with Cases and Girdles. |
| 11 Pouches.        |  | 3 Saws, with Cases and Belts.          |
| 11 Slings.         |  | 3 Broad Axes, with Cases.              |
| 11 Breast-plates.  |  | 3 Spades, with Cases and Belts.        |

XLII. With reference to the Circular Letter dated Adjutant General's Office Her Majesty's Forces, Head Quarters, Calcutta 1st October 1840, the Commander in Chief having directed a Board of Officers to assemble, consisting of,

The Quarter Master General.	}	Of Her Majesty's Forces.
The Inspector General of Hospitals.		
A Field Officer.	}	Of H. M.'s. 55th Foot.
Two Captains.		
The Quarter Master.		

for the purpose of reporting on the replies thereto, from the General Officers Commanding in Chief at the different Presidencies, as well as those of the Commanding Officers of Corps, in conformity to the instructions framed for its guidance, and with reference to the Royal Warrants of the 30th July 1830 and 12th March 1834. His Excellency directs the following List of Articles of Clothing and Necessaries for the Soldier be strictly adhered to, by all Her Majesty's Regiments and Corps serving in India from the 1st January 1842.

XLIII. *Cavalry.*

- 1 Cap with Line, Plume, and Cover.
- 1 Forage Cap.
- 1 Dress Jacket.
- 1 Undress Jacket.
- 2 Flannel Jackets.
- 4 White Jackets.
- 1 Pair blue Overalls.
- 6 Pair white Overalls.
- 2 Pair Sattrungee Overalls.
- 6 Shirts.
- 2 Pair Drawers.
- 6 Pair Socks.
- 1 Sash.
- 1 Plume.
- 1 Pair Gauntlets.
- 1 Pair Gloves.
- 1 Stock and Clasp.
- 1 Pair Braces.
- 2 Pair white Braces for white Clothing.
- 1 Pair Boots and Spurs.
- 1 Pair Ankle Boots.
- 2 Towels.
- 1 Hair Comb.
- 1 Hair Brush.
- 1 Razor, Brush and Soap.
- 1 Clothes Brush.
- 2 Shoe Brushes.
- 1 Knife, Fork and Spoon.
- 1 Turn Screw, Worm &c.
- 1 Hold-all or Case for small articles.
- 1 Valise.
- 1 Corn Bag.
- 1 Horse Brush.
- 1 Main Comb.
- 1 Horse Pricker.
- 1 Pair Scissors.
- 1 Lock Cover.
- 1 Girdle.
- 1 Button Stick and Brush.
- 1 Tin bottle with Oil.
- 1 Mess Tin and Case.

*Infantry.*

- 1 Dress Cap.
- 1 Forage Cap.
- 1 Coatee.
- 1 Cloth Shell Jacket.
- 4 White Jackets.
- 1 Pair Cloth Trowsers.
- 6 Pair white Trowsers.
- 2 Pair blue cotton Trowsers.
- 6 White Shirts.
- 2 Check Shirts.
- 3 Flannel Waistcoats.
- 2 Flannel Bands.
- 4 Pair Socks.
- 1 Stock and Clasp.
- 2 Pair Braces.
- 3 Pair Boots.
- 2 Towels.
- 1 Hair Comb.
- 1 Hair Brush.
- 1 Razor, Brush and Soap.
- 1 Clothes Brush.
- 2 Shoe Brushes.
- 1 Knife, Fork and Spoon.
- 1 Turn Screw, Worm, Brush and Pricker.
- 1 Hold-all or Case for small articles.
- 1 Knapsack and Straps.
- 1 Haversack.
- 1 Button Stick and Brush.
- Sponge.
- Straps for carrying Great Coat.
- Gun Stopper.
- Mess Tin and Cover.

XLIV.

*Light Marching Order of Infantry.*

- |                        |  |                      |
|------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Canteen and Haversack. |  | 1 Pair Socks.        |
| 1 Shirt.               |  | 1 Pair Boots.        |
| 1 Pair Trowsers.       |  | 1 Flannel Waistcoat. |

The above to be carried inside the Great Coat, by the Slings of the Knapsack.



To enable a Soldier to provide for the safety of his Necessaries, a strong Box, of the following dimensions, will be provided by each Man—

Length, 22 inches.  
Width, 16 „  
Depth, 16 „

The Box to have the name and number of the Soldier, and his Regiment and Troop, or Company, painted on the front,

XLVI. Each married Woman to be allowed a Box of the same size as above; and if there be a family of three Children, a second Box of these dimensions may be granted at the discretion of Officers in Command of Corps.

XLVII. Officers Commanding Corps will report through the respective General Officers under whose orders they serve, completion of this scale of Necessaries and Boxes, on the 1st January 1842, and it is to be clearly understood, that nothing beyond this can, or will be allowed on the line of march,

G. O. C. 15th  
Dec. 1841.

XLVIII. The Commander in Chief directs the republication of the General Order, by His Excellency the Commander in Chief in India, dated Camp Allahabad, 28th October last, with the necessary alterations in paragraphs 3, 5, and 6, and the omission of paragraph 7, to render its provisions applicable to Her Majesty's Troops serving in the Bombay Presidency, in accordance with the instructions contained in the General Order above alluded to.

XLIX. (1.) The Honorable the Court of Directors having upon the representation of His Excellency General Sir Jasper Nicolls, K. C. B., the Commander in Chief, been pleased to authorize the issue of Watch Coats of British manufacture, to H. M.'s Regiments of Infantry, serving in India, which will be furnished by the Government, to the Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers, at the public expense, the following Rules and Regulations as to the issue, care, and the period, which this indispensable article of a Soldier's Equipment is expected to last, are to be strictly observed,

L. (2.) Regiments now in want of a supply of new Great Coats, will cause a Board of Officers to assemble, consisting of the Second in Command of Corps, two Captains and the Quarter Master, to inspect, and report to their Commanding Officer, the state of the Coats in possession, who will transmit in duplicate, to the Deputy Adjutant General H. M. Forces, a Return of the number required.

LI. (3.) Upon the receipt of the Great Coats, they are to be marked with the year issued, distinguishing the quarter periods of delivery,

1841.	1841.	1841.	1841.
1st qr.	2d qr.	3d qr.	4th qr.

LII. (4.) The Great Coats will be taken care of, by the Soldier in the same manner, as his Necessaries, and Officers Commanding Companies, are equally responsible for this article, as for the Arms, Accoutrements, &c and any loss or damage thereof occasioned by his neglect, must be made good by stoppages from his Pay—the fact of such loss or damage to be ascertained by frequent inspections, and the amount of the sum to be stopped, to be fixed by Courts Martial, and the sum remitted to the Military Pay Master, Bombay, with a detailed Statement of the causes by the Corps in the Bombay Presidency, through the Deputy Adjutant General H. M.'s Forces, for the information of the Commander in Chief, and to be submitted to the Secretary to Government, Military Department, if considered requisite.

LIII. (5.) The Great Coat is expected to last six years, under any circumstances, but this period is not to establish a right to expect new Coats, upon its termination; on the contrary, a Board, as previously composed, is to assemble, and cast such Coats only as are unserviceable, or irreparable, when they are to be returned into the nearest public Store.

LIV. (6.) Recruits on landing at Bombay, will not be supplied with new Great Coats, but will take with them the Coats they were supplied with, on embarkation, and upon the arrival of these Men at the Head Quarters of Corps, they are to be taken into Store, by the Quarter Master, for the use of the Invalids of the season, whose Coats, the property of the Honorable Company, will in like manner be taken into Store for future issue.

LV. (7.) The Great Coats of Recruits of Regiments upon joining, although to be delivered to the immediate charge of the Quarter Masters of Corps, are under the sole control of the Deputy Adjutant General H. M. Forces, who will appropriate annually a portion for the use of the Invalids of Corps, both Cavalry and Infantry.

LVI. (8.) General Officers in making the half yearly confidential Reports of Corps, will minutely examine the Great Coats, and report fully upon their state, and the care which appears to have been taken of them.

NOTE.—The Regulations by the Government of India for the supply of Great Coats, will be found in the Printed Orders issued from the Deputy Adjutant General's Office, Page 11. They were republished by the Bombay Government in G. G. O. No. 216 of 1842.

## DISCHARGE AND TRANSFER OF NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.

G. O. C. 15th  
Feb. 1819.

LVII. Many Complaints having been made by discharged Soldiers that, in consequence of the omission of part of their Service in the Discharges prepared for them, they are either deprived of Pension altogether, or placed upon a lower Rate than that to which their



Services entitle them; and on being requested to state, why they did not object to such omissions before leaving the Regiment, their answer generally being, that they did not know the whole contents of their Discharge; it is now ordered that, in future, every Discharge shall be read and fully explained to the Man, for whom it is intended, in the presence of the Commanding Officer, who is to sign it, and whose duty it is to question the Man particularly whether he is satisfied that the Statement of Service is correct.

LVIII. After this explicit injunction, no Soldier, without it is his own fault, can possibly leave the Corps in which he last served, without every voucher to which he is entitled.

### *Discharge and Transfer of Soldiers.*

LIX. All Applications from Non-commissioned Officers, Trumpeters, Drummers, and Private Soldiers, relative to their Discharge, Transfer to the Honorable Company's or any other Service, Exchanges, and other subjects of a similar nature, are to be made, through the Captains or Officers Commanding the Troops or Companies to which they are attached to the Commanding Officers of their Regiments, who will forward the same to the Adjutant, General of His Majesty's Forces in the usual manner, accompanied by a descriptive Roll of the Individual, stating his age, length of service, character, whether for limited or unlimited service, height, &c. &c. together with his consent in writing, signed and witnessed; and the Commanding Officers of Regiments will, at the same time, state the reasons which have induced them to solicit such Transfers.

G. O. C. I. 10th  
June 1814.

LX. A Duplicate of the consent of the Individual transferred, after the Commander in Chief's order shall be received, if his Corps belongs to the Presidency of Madras, is to be sent to the Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces at Fort St. George; and in belonging to a Corps on the Bombay Establishment, to the Brigade Major to the King's Troops (*now Deputy Adjutant General*.)

LXI. Conditions under which Discharges may be obtained.

LXII. His Majesty having been pleased to direct that Soldiers may be allowed to purchase or obtain their Discharges under certain conditions and limitations; the terms are to be regulated by the following scale, vizt.

Extract from  
H. M. Regns. &  
Orders for the  
Army. 1837.

PERIOD.	FOR MEN SERVING IN THE.	
	CAVALRY.	INFANTRY.
Under 7 years actual Service.....	£ 30	£ 20
After 7 years' ditto ..	25	18
„ 10 „ .....	21	15
„ 12 „ .....	15	10
„ 14 „ .....	12	5
„ 15 „ .....	6	Free Discharge at Home, and in addition Three month's Pay Abroad.
„ 16 „ .....	Free Discharge.	
„ 17 „ .....	Free Discharge, and three month's Pay.	Free Discharge, and in addition six month's Pay at Home, and one year's Pay Abroad.
„ 18 „ .....	Free Discharge and six month's Pay.	Free Discharge, and in addition one year's Pay at Home, and one and a half year's Pay Abroad.
And to 21 „ .....		

LXIII. Soldiers of *Good Conduct*, who may be permitted to purchase, or to obtain free Discharge, at their own request, are allowed by His Majesty's Warrant of the 26th May 1837, to receive their Discharges upon the following terms, instead of those prescribed in the foregoing Table, vizt.

	Cavalry.	Infantry.
Under 5 years service.....	£ 30	£ 20
After 5 years service, and with two years absence from the Detachments Book.....	25	18
After 7 years, with one distinguishing mark.....	20	15
After 10 ditto with ditto.....	15	10
After 12 ditto with ditto.....	10	5
After 14 ditto with ditto.....	5	Free.
After 16 years, with one distinguishing mark.....	} Free, with the right of Registry for deferred pension of 4d. a day.	
After 16 years, with two distinguishing marks, having possessed the second at least 12 months.....		

LXIV. *Serjeants*, if permitted to purchase their Discharges, or to obtain free Discharges at their own request, will be admitted to the benefits above stated, provided their *Good Conduct* shall entitle them thereto under the Regulations of His Majesty's Warrant.

LXV. In the cases of Soldiers who obtain their Discharge by Purchase, no charge is to be allowed by the Public for their Passage from Abroad, nor is any allowance granted to enable them to proceed to their Homes.



Extract from  
War Office, ex-  
planatory direc-  
tions. 1838.

LXVI. The higher rates of Gratuity, fixed by the scale in the 46th Article of the Pension Regulations, dated 14th November 1829, for Men discharged abroad, are not admissible for Men who are sent from foreign stations to be discharged, receiving the Gratuity at Home; those rates are only admissible for Men who are actually discharged abroad to locate or settle in the Colonies.

LXVII. The Gratuities of full pay are to be paid at the respective rates of pay of the Cavalry, Guards, and Infantry of the Line (excluding additional pay for length of Service) but a Non-Commissioned Officer is not to receive his Gratuity at the rate of pay of his rank, unless he shall have served three years in his rank without interruption, and immediately preceding his discharge.

LXVIII. A Gratuity of 6 months pay is to be stated at one-half, and a Gratuity of 3 month's pay at a quarter of the annual amount of the pay of the Soldier for a year, and not according to the number of days in the ensuing 6 or 3 months.

Extract from  
Royal Warrant,  
14th Nov. 1829.

LXIX. Provided that in all the aforesaid cases a period of *not less than 30 days* shall elapse between the Soldier's application and the Commanding Officer's consent to recommend the Discharge, this interval being allowed for the express purpose of giving the Soldier sufficient time for due deliberation. At the same time it shall be clearly explained to him what prospect of permanent Pension he will forfeit, in consequence of accepting a free Discharge at his own request.

LXX. But nothing in this Regulation is to be construed as giving any *right* to a Soldier to claim his discharge by purchase or otherwise, it being intended as an *indulgence* to be conferred upon the deserving Soldier, in proportion to his good conduct and the length of his service.

LXXI. If any Soldier *purchase* his Discharge, or receive a *free Discharge* at his own request, he shall have *no claim* to Pension, and should he subsequently re-enlist, he shall not be permitted to reckon his former Service.

G.O.C.I. 18th  
May 1837.

LXXII. His Excellency the Commander in Chief having observed, that many Soldiers, who have applied for their Discharge from the Service, to be granted as an indulgence under the 46th Article of His Majesty's Warrant of the 14th November 1829, have after authority has been received from the General Commanding in Chief, declined to accept it, some on the plea of their money having in the mean time been otherwise disposed of, or in some manner not forthcoming, His Excellency calls on Commanding Officers to remind the Soldiers, that by Article 48th of the Warrant they are allowed a month (and invariably this period has been granted them) to consider seriously of the step they are about to take, before they bind themselves by their signature of the Return transmitted to the Horse Guards. This Return, however, being signed by the Applicant, he is bound to the consequences, and His Excellency the Commander in Chief will hereafter consider, whether it is for the benefit of His Majesty's Service, that in the event of the application being made to cancel the Discharge, he will sanction it or otherwise.

LXXIII. In cases of Application for Discharge, by purchase, Commanding Officers will take care, that the purchase money is lodged in the hands of the Pay-master, or that responsible security is given for it, with which they are to satisfy themselves, previous to the Application being forwarded for submission to the Commander in Chief.

G.O.C.I. 25th  
Jan. 1838.

LXXIV. Soldiers sentenced to transportation for 7 or 14 years, or for any limited period, are to be considered permanently discharged, and not to be retaken on the strength at the expiration of the period of their sentence.

G.O.C.I. 9th  
Jan. 1841.

LXXV. In all applications for the discharge of Soldiers from the Service, their intended place of Residence, whether in Great Britain or in India, is to be stated.

G.O.C.I. 21st  
July 1838.

LXXVI. The Members of Courts-Martial are desired to recollect that this extreme punishment (viz. Discharge with Ignominy) is not to be had recourse to, excepting in cases where the Culprit has previously received Corporal Punishment; and (if the Soldier is of sufficient length of Service to have claims) has been deprived of all claims of increase of Pay, or for Pension, for Service.

LXXVII. They will however understand, that a Soldier of any standing in the service whether he has served long enough to have claims, or not, is equally liable to be discharged with Ignominy should his offence have been of so disgraceful, or aggravated a nature as to have rendered Corporal Punishment necessary as an example, and his Dismissal from the Service expedient.

G.O.C.I. 15th  
July 1826.

LXXVIII. It having been represented to the Commander in Chief, that the Service has suffered from the too careless admission into Corps remaining in this country, of Volunteers from Regiments ordered home, His Lordship accordingly directs, that no Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier be allowed to transfer his Services from one Corps to another whose constitution is not perfectly sound, or who may have suffered from Visceral complaints, especially those of the Liver, Spleen, Chylopectic organs during his residence in this country. The Surgeon of the Regiment, from which a Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Volunteers, must therefore give his certificate of the Man's perfect soundness, to the entire satisfaction of the Surgeon of the Corps, into which he is to enter, and the latter as well as the Medical Officers, who may be appointed for the examination of Volunteers, must certify accordingly.

G.O.C.I. 14th  
Nov. 1837.

LXXIX. Soldiers permitted to volunteer from one Corps to another, as in the case of Regiment going Home, are to be considered as Transfers, receiving a bounty &c. &c.

G.O.C.I. 23rd  
Oct. 1829.

LXXX. (*G. O. G. 14th Oct. and H. C. L. 13th May 1829, Para. II.*) The instructions conveyed to you in paragraphs 96 to 98 of our letter in this Department, dated the 4th May 1827, were intended to apply to the cases of Men drafted from His Majesty's Regi-



ments ordered home into the Company's Army, who, after a long period of Service in the former, and being nearly worn out, are sent home as Invalids, and recommended for Pensions from the Company, although they may not have served more than four or five years in our Army.

LXXXI. (III) We see no reason to depart from those instructions, and we now again desire that this practice be discontinued, and that no Man transferred from the King's to the Company's Service, be in future recommended for a Pension from the Company, unless his Service has been equally, or nearly equally divided between the two Armies.

LXXXII. (IV.) In a correspondence we have lately had upon this subject with the Lord's Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital, we have expressed our resolution of adhering to this principle, on the ground—that as the Company now pay to His Majesty's Government, the sum of £50,000 annually, to be appropriated in Pensions to King's Officers and Soldiers, who have served in India, all Men whose cases come under the description of those referred to in our letter of the foregoing date, should be provided for, out of that Fund.

LXXXIII. (VI) It is not our intention however, to extend this rule to Men who may be wounded, or injured by accident in our Service, after being transferred from His Majesty's Regiments, and an exception is made in favor of such cases without reference to length of service, by our Pension Regulations of the year 1819, but we desire that on such casualties occurring, the nature of the injuries, and the circumstances which led to them be distinctly explained in the Men's discharges.

LXXXIV. (VI.) We are fully aware of the importance of having steady, diligent, and well conducted Non-Commissioned European Officers for the Staff of Native Corps, and for the various duties enumerated in the letter of the Adjutant General accompanying your despatch, still we are of opinion, that our European Corps may furnish a considerable portion of Men for those duties without materially injuring, as is alledged, the discipline of those Corps. If however, at any time difficulties should arise in providing a sufficient number of Men of this description from our European Establishment, we shall not object to your applying to His Majesty's Regiments for such assistance, and taking upon ourselves the payment of the Pension of such Men, provided that, on their being discharged, their length of service in both Armies shall entitle them to the benefit of the Pension Regulations; but we must at the same time desire, that the practice of obtaining Men from His Majesty's Regiments for Staff Duties in the Company's Service, be as seldom resorted to as possible, for independent of the objection to it, on the score of expense, it is liable to another, in as much as, if carried to any extent, it will have the effect of excluding our own Soldiery from situations to which they have an unquestionable claim, as a reward for faithful and approved services. (*Vide H. C. L. 10th March 1830, published in G. G. O. 14th May 1832.*)

LXXXV: His Excellency the Commander in Chief directs the attention of Officers in Command of Regiments, to the instructions he has received from the Horse Guards, by which all Soldiers transferred from the Honorable Company's, to the King's Service, must be regularly attested for the latter service.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

### *European.*

LXXXVI.

*H. M. 14th Light Dragoons.  
8 Troops in India.*

- 1 Colonel.
- 2 Lieut. Colonels.
- 2 Majors.
- 8 Captains.
- 16 Lieutenants.
- 8 Cornets.
- 1 Paymaster.
- 1 Adjutant.
- 1 Quarter Master.
- 1 Surgeon.
- 2 Assistant Surgeons.
- 1 Veterinary Surgeon.
- 1 Regimental Serjeant Major.
- 8 Troop Serjeant Majors.
- 1 Paymaster Serjeant.
- 1 Armourer Serjeant.
- 1 Saddler Serjeant.
- 1 School Master Serjeant.
- 1 Orderly Room Clerk.
- 32 Serjeants.
- 32 Corporals.
- 1 Trumpet Major.
- 7 Trumpeters.
- 8 Farriers.
- 607 Privates.

745 Total Number.

701 Troop Horses.

War Office  
Letter, 20th February 1841.  
No. 68,500.



1 Recruiting Troop.

1 Captain.  
2 Lieutenants.  
1 Troop Serjeant Major.  
8 Serjeants.  
8 Corporals.  
4 Trumpeters.  
20 Privates.

44 Total.

War Office  
Letter, 31st  
March 1842.  
No. 68,500.

LXXXVII.

*A Regiment of H. M. Infantry.*  
9 Companies in India.

1 Colonel.  
2 Lieut. Colonels.  
2 Majors.  
9 Captains.  
20 Lieutenants.  
7 Ensigns.  
1 Paymaster.  
1 Adjutant.  
1 Quarter Master.  
1 Surgeon.  
3 Assistant Surgeons.  
1 Serjeant Major.  
1 Quarter Master Serjeant.  
1 Paymaster Serjeant.  
1 Armourer Serjeant.  
1 School Master Serjeant.  
1 Hospital Serjeant.  
1 Orderly Room Clerk.  
9 Color Serjeants.  
36 Serjeants.  
45 Corporals.  
1 Drum Major,  
18 Drummers and Fifers.  
950 Privates.

1114 Total Number.

*Depôt Company at Home.*

1 Captain.  
2 Lieutenants.  
1 Ensign.  
1 Color Serjeant.  
5 Serjeants.  
5 Corporals.  
1 Drummer.

16 Total Number.

G. O. C. I.  
31st Mar. 1814.

LXXXVIII. In some instances, the Commander in Chief has observed that attention has not been paid to the Regulations respecting the proper number of Non-commissioned Officers, which must not (without a special permission, to be granted only in some particular emergency) exceed the Proportion allowed by the Standing Orders of the Army. When any considerable Reduction takes place in the Privates of a Regiment, the full Establishment of Non-commissioned Officers is not to be kept up, as a matter of course; the proportion which should be held in view is, one Serjeant for every twenty Rank and File, including one Corporal. By adhering to this calculation, Non-commissioned Officers arriving with any Detachment can at once be taken on the Establishment, without any additional expence to the Public. (*vide Page 173 of H. M. Regulations of 1837*)

G. O. C. I.  
12th Sept. 1839.

LXXXIX. With reference to the G. O. of 1st July, notifying the increase of the Establishment of all Her Majesty's Regiments of Infantry, serving in the East Indies, His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that the total increase of Non-Commissioned Officers shall not be made at one time, but according to the strength of Privates, in accordance with the instructions laid down at Page 173 of Her Majesty's Regulations.

G. O. C. I.  
3d June 1818.

XC. The Staff Serjeants attached to Corps, respectively, are to be considered as independent and exclusive of one Serjeant for every twenty Rank and File, including one Corporal.

G. O. C. I.  
22d Sept. 1813.

XCI. Whenever it may be the wish of Commanding Officers of Corps to enrol Boys, under the authority of the General Order dated Horse-Guards 25th February 1813, Descriptive Rolls of such Boys, specifying their Age, Size, and Parentage, shall invariably accompany the Application; and none are upon any account to be enlisted, without the special authority of the Commander in Chief in India being obtained for that purpose.

G. O. C. I.  
28th May 1830.

XCII. His Excellency the Commander in Chief desires it may be notified to His Majesty's Regiments in India that instructions from the Horse Guards prohibit the enlistment of any Boy under 14 years of Age, for the purpose of being trained as a Drummer, except in urgent cases of charity.



Establishment.		Pay at Half and Full Batta Stations.	Pay and Batta in the Field and Marching.
<i>A Regiment of Cavalry.</i>			
1	Muccadam of Washermen.....	15	18
24	Washermen.....	10	13
24	Watermen, with hand mussacks.....	7 8	10
16	Puckaulies, with bullocks.....	10	13
4	Urino do. do. allowed at Kirkee only.....	10	..
8	Halalcores.....	6	9
3	Sweepers, } None allowed in the Field or mar- Lamp Lighters, } ching.....	4 2 8	..
8	Muccadums of Horse Keepers.....	10	12 8
8	Horse Keepers.....	6	8
8	Muccadums of Grass Cutters.....	10	12 8
8	Grass Cutters.....	5	7 8
1	Do. not mustered, or Forage allowance.....	4	4
1	Bazar Chowdry.....	16	21
2	Do. Peons.....	5	7
Medical Establishment as per Medical Code of 1838. Sections II and V.			
* These numbers, which are calculated for the full Establishment of 701 Men, vary according to the actual strength of the Regiment, as per G. L. 15th June 1842.			
† The numbers of Horse Keepers and Grass Cutters are regulated by the G.G.O. 7th June 1821 for the former, and G.G.O. 25th March 1835 for the latter, vide Sect. Cavalry S.G.O.No.9.			
<i>A Regiment of Infantry.</i>			
1	Muccadam of Washermen.....	15	18
27	Washermen.....	10	13
27	Watermen, with Hand Mussack.....	6 { At Poona } 7 8 { elsewhere. }	10
	Ditto extra allowance to an Acting Muccadam.....	2	2
22	Puckaulies with Bullocks at Poona only.....	10	..
1	Muccadam of Puckaulies with Bullocks.....	10	13
27	Puckaulies with Bullocks.....	10	13
9	Sweepers.....	4	..
2	Halalcores.....	6	..
1	Lamp Boy.....	2 8	..
1	Bazar Chowdry.....	16	21
2	Ditto Peons.....	5	7
NOTE. A Regiment at Deesa is allowed two Extra Halalcores G. L. 4th June 1836. Each Company at Aden is allowed one Sweeper G. L. 4th July 1839. A Regiment at Kurrachia is allowed 4 Halalcores and 9 Sweepers (one per Company) G. L. 31st May 1839.			

INTERIOR ECONOMY AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Orders.

XCIV. A misconception respecting orders having recently fallen under the notice of his Excellency the Commander in Chief, renders it necessary to explain, that orders issued by his command to the King's Army in India are general to all Corps composing it, and are never to be abrogated in any shape, or even modified, except thro' the Office of the King's Adjutant General, whence they originally issued. G. O. C. I.  
20th June 1822:

XCVI. The unity of procedure enjoined by His Majesty throughout the Royal Forces in every circumstance connected with internal Discipline, Dress, and appearance of Officers and Soldiers, as well as respecting their Appointments, and Accoutrements, would be liable to confusion and perplexity, were a line not clearly defined and strictly followed.

XCVII. In the Regulations of the Service, it is distinctly declared to the Troops under the King's Authority, that nothing contrary to their Tenor and Spirit, should be ever enjoined to any part of the Army; therefore His Excellency the Commander in Chief requires alike, the strictest fulfilment in all respects of the Orders and Instructions he has promulgated for the guidance of all Officers and Corps of His Majesty's Service in India.

*Defaulter's Book for Detachments.*

XCVIII. It has been brought to the notice of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, that Detachments of His Majesty's Troops have been frequently marched from their G. O. C. 17th  
June 1837.



port of landing into the interior, and have been sent on detached duties, without the Officers in Command of the Detachments having provided themselves with the regular means for making such formal records of the conduct of the Soldiers under their Command, as the modern alteration in the Pay and Pension Regulations of the Army render necessary.

His Excellency therefore orders.

XCIX. That Every Officer placed in Command of a Detachment about to march, or of a Detachment embarking for England, shall provide himself with a Form, corresponding to the Regulation Company's Defaulter's Book, to be filled up, as circumstances may render necessary, during the march or voyage of the Detachment.

C. On arriving at the place of destination of any Detachment, the Form so filled up are to be transferred, with the other documents, to the Adjutant of the Corps to which the Soldier belongs; who is to bring the same to the immediate notice of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, or Dépôt. The Commanding Officer is to consider them; and to decide what part of the offences which may have been recorded against the Soldiers shall be entered on the Regimental Defaulter's Book, so as to remain as future testimony against the individuals.

CI. The Brigade Major at Fort William will be held responsible, that no Detachment departs from thence without being provided as now ordered; and he is to consider it an imperative duty on his part to caution all Soldiers (and especially Recruits from England) of the important and permanent consequence attending misconduct during a march previous to joining their Regiments; or on a voyage to England.

CII. The Commanding Officers of Regiments will take similar care that all Detachments made from their Corps, shall be provided in like manner; and it cannot be too frequently impressed on the recollections of the Soldiers that future Good Conduct Pay and Pension, must be much influenced by the absence or presence of Crimes recorded against their names.

CIII. Should their Excellencies the Commander in Chiefs of the Madras and Bombay Armies, not have already adopted such measures; they will be pleased to issue the orders they may deem necessary in correspondence with these.

#### *Official and Private Letters of Officers.*

G. O. C. I.  
25th Nov. 1837.

CIV. (*Horse Guards 18th July 1837.*) I have the honor to acquaint you, by direction of the General Commanding in Chief, that as Regulations have been recently established, by which all Letters passing through France, are liable to a charge for postage, it is necessary that persons in India, who have been in the habit of transmitting Letters under Official Covers, should be apprized that all such Letters are now charged with Postage, and that the practice of sending Letters under Official Covers; not actually on the Public Service, should be immediately discontinued.

CV. Lord Hill accordingly desires, that you will be pleased to give the utmost publicity to these directions, in order, that this Department may be relieved from the demands which are made upon it, by Letters being sent under Official Covers, which do not relate to the business of the Office.

G. O. C. I.  
41st Dec. 1840.

CVI. I am to add, that Letters on Official subjects, should be sent by the regular conveyance of Ships and not overland, through the Continental Post Offices, except on very pressing occasions, when despatch may be considered of urgent importance.

CVII. The following Extract of the General Order of the 18th May 1840, is republished, and its marked observance, as well as that of the 3rd Paragraph of the General Order of the 10th September 1840, is desired.

CVIII. The Commander in Chief having reason to know that Officers belonging to Her Majesty's Regiments in this Presidency, are in the frequent practice of addressing their Letters and correspondence to the Secretary to the Government of India, direct, with the view to the subjects thereof being brought under the consideration of Government, His Excellency deems it necessary to prohibit such irregularity for the future, and to enjoin, that Officers of Her Majesty's Service shall, on all occasions, address their communications to Government, through the proper Departments attached to the Commander in Chief."

G.O.C.I. 23rd  
May 1820.

CIX. All Letters are to be prepared on fool's-cap paper, with the regulated margin.

#### *Soldiers Letters:*

G.O.C.I. 14th  
May 1839.

CX. (*L. from S. G. 20th March 1839, Para. 3*) With respect to Soldiers' letters the discretion of forwarding them by Steam, must be with the Commanding Officers. His Honor in Council declines to interfere with the rules which exist, or to publish any prohibition against their being so forwarded. It should however be explained that they will be liable in England to the charge of Steamer Postage, though no demand on that account is made here.

#### *Canteens.*

G. O. C. I.  
28th July 1836.

CXI. It having been represented to his Excellency the Commander in Chief (with reference to the 1st paragraph of the "Regulations for Regimental Canteens" published in the Government General Order of the 5th March last,) that benefit would arise were the whole of the Members of the Quarterly Canteen Committee, not relieved at the same time, and a reference having been made to Government on the subject, His Excellency is pleased to



direct, that only two of the Members shall be relieved Quarterly, leaving one of those, of the previous Quarter, as a Member of the new Committee.

## INVALIDS.

G. O. C. I.  
28th June 1838.

CXII. The inefficient state of some of Her Majesty's Regiments in Bengal as compared with their Numbers on Paper, owing to the retention in the Ranks of ineffective Men, caused by the scruples of Invaliding Medical Committees, has occupied the attention of the Commander in Chief.

CXIII. His Excellency has communicated with the General Commanding in Chief Her Majesty's Army, on the subject; and is now pleased to direct, that the following instructions shall supersede, in the East Indies, all those of anterior date which may be at variance with them.

CXIV. (1.) The Regimental authorities (Commanding Officer and Senior Medical Officer) are authorized to present to the consideration of Invaliding Committees the cases of all Soldiers deemed by them no longer equal to their Duties in India, with the view of ascertaining their actual state as to efficiency-

CXV. (2.) Those Men who appear permanently unequal to the general Duties of Soldiers and are unequal to more than Barrack, or other minor Duties, are not to be retained in India: nor are Soldiers who, though not having any palpable medical defect, still may be deemed totally unequal to, and not likely to be able to resume their Duties.

CXVI. (3.) As it not frequently happens that Soldiers are brought forward for Discharge for reasons not strictly Medical, on which the Invaliding Medical Officers do not agree with Regimental Authorities, or consider that they have not sufficient grounds on which to decide the case in the manner the Regimental Authorities recommend, the following practice is to be followed in all such cases:

CXVII. (4.) A Board is to be assembled (consisting of three Field Officers) by order of the General Officer Commanding the Division in which the Regiment is stationed, and all the cases, in which the Invaliding Committee may not have agreed with the Regimental Authorities, are to be submitted to their consideration, for a final decision.

CXVIII. (5.) In each case, a Roll of the Soldier, containing a Certificate, (see annexed Form) signed by the Commanding Officer and Medical Officer of the Soldier's Regiment, is to be laid before the Board; in which Certificate the nature of the Disability under which the Soldier may labour must be fully set forth: and it must be stated in what manner the Disability may have arisen.

CXIX. (6.) The Board must use the greatest caution and circumspection, so that the decision they may give shall be borne out and confirmed on a fair consideration of all the circumstances of the case, and bear the closest subsequent scrutiny.

CXX. (7.) The Regimental Authorities must be most careful to guard against Malingerers; and never bring forward a Man whose case bears the smallest suspicion of having that tendency; and they and the Committees to be constituted under this order, must carefully keep in mind that Men sent home, who are not Discharged after arrival in England, become a burthen on their Depôts, and there remain to the exclusion of Recruits.

CXXI. (8.) The Certificates, ordered in the 5th paragraph, are to be forwarded by each Regiment, to the Head Quarters of their respective Presidencies with the other Invalid Rolls, for the final orders of the Commander in Chief in each.

CXXII. Roll of A. B. of Her Majesty's \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment of \_\_\_\_\_ who is deemed a fit subject to be brought before the special Invaliding Committee of Field Officers ordered to be assembled at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_

Names and No. of the Soldiers.	Troop or Company.	Rank.	Present Age.		Service in India.		Character,	Disease or reason for proposing his Discharge.	Brief Summary of previous Medical Treatment.	The decision of the Committee and grounds of the opinion formed.
			Years.	Months.	Years.	Months.				

(Signed) G. H.  
Comd. the Regt.

(Signed) J. K.  
Surgeon—Regt.

(Signed) A. B.—President.  
" C. D.—  
" E. F.—} Members.



**CXXIII. NOTE.** The Commanding Officer & Surgeon of each Corps prepare a Return agreeably to the following Form in triplicate, two of which are then forwarded to the Deputy Adjutant General; the third copy is submitted to the General Officer Commanding the Division, who orders a Station Medical Committee.—Should there be any Men in the Return whom the Station Committee may consider not coming under the denomination of Medical cases, a line of red ink is drawn through their names, and the Commanding Officer of the Corps then applies for a Board of Field Officers, agreeably to General Orders of the Commander in Chief in India, dated 28th June 1838, on those Men who, together with the others who may have passed the Station Committee are forwarded to the Presidency for the final Examination of a General invaliding Committee composed of the Deputy Inspector General and two other Medical Officers, and the subsequent approval of the Commander in Chief.—Of course the Men brought before the Board of Field Officers must be considered by that Board, as unfit for further Service before they are ordered to the Presidency.

From,

**CXXIV. RETURN of Men belonging to the** *Regiment of* *Inspected by*  
*and found unfit for the Service of the Regiment.*  
*Head Quarters,*

Numbers.	RANK AND NAMES.	AGE.		SIZE.		SERVICE. In what Corps.	Disease or cause of incapacity.	REMARKS.	
		Years.	Months.	Feet.	Inches.			Years.	Months.

Signature of the Medical Staff Officer,  
Signature of the General Officer.

Signature of the Regtl. Surgeon.  
Signature of the Officer Comdg.

G. O. C. I.  
11th July 1826.

**CXXV.** The Inspector of Hospitals at Head Quarters, and either of the Deputies at the other Presidencies always preside at Boards assembled for Invaliding Soldiers of H. M. Service half the Members for which being of H. M. Service.

G. O. C. I.  
19th Sep. 1822.

**CXXVI.** Soldiers of His Majesty's Service when in Hospital, who are proposed to be invalided are not to be removed therefrom to any other place for the purpose of inspection.

**CXXVII.** Medical Committees will assemble at such Hospitals to make the necessary examination.

**CXXVIII.** General Officers when applying for Committees, or when ordering them as the case may be, will be pleased to have these directions particularly attended to.

G. O. C. 23d  
Aug. 1841.

**CXXIX.** Officers Commanding Divisions, and Stations will assemble Local Invaliding Committees for the purpose of examining such Men of Her Majesty's Regiments as may be considered unfit for further service.

**CXXX.** The arrangements dictated in all former General Orders on this head are to be strictly attended to, and authorities are particularly referred to the General Orders dated Simla, 28th June 1838, directing the assembly of Boards of Field Officers to examine such Men as are unfit for further Service, but who cannot be passed by the Medical Committees.

**CXXXI.** Attention is also called to the 8th paragraph of the above quoted General Order regarding the transmission of certificates and other Invalid Rolls which are invariably to be transmitted in duplicate.

G. O. C. 24th  
Sep. 1840.

**CXXXII.** The General Officers Commanding Divisions, will be pleased to make arrangements so that the Invalids and limited Service Men from their respective Commands may arrive at Bombay on or about the 20th of November, they will likewise take care that the Officer Commanding the Detachment of each Corps be provided with a form corresponding with the Regulation Company's Defaulter's Book, for the purpose of recording (if required) the misbehaviour of any Soldier under his Command, and they will be pleased to direct that each Officer so situated be furnished for his guidance with a copy of the General Order by the Commander in Chief in India, No. 40, of the 17th June 1837.

G. O. C. I.  
3rd Mar. 1836.

**CXXXIII.** In future, previous to any Soldier being embarked from India, on account of Ophthalmia, the strictest enquiry is to be made of the Medical Officers in order, that, it may be ascertained whether the Disease had been produced by improper practices, and that,



a full and detailed Report is in every instance, transmitted with the Men, to England, of a nature to enable the Commissioners, if the Men are ultimately discharged, to decide at once upon their cases."

NOTE. An order dated 15th September 1835, enjoins attention to a War Office Circular regarding insane Men and Women sent home.

CXXXIV. Whenever any of Her Majesty's Troops shall be embarked for England on board the Hon'ble Company's Regular Ships, or in Vessels hired for the occasion, a Committee composed of a Field Officer as President, and two Captains, or Lieutenants, Members of the same, as may be most convenient, with a Medical Officer, will repair on board each Ship, for the purpose of minutely inspecting the Provisions, Medical Comforts and Accommodations, &c. &c. provided for the Men.

G. O. C. I.  
March 1822.

CXXXV. Reports in triplicate, agreeably to the Form laid down in the "General Regulations for the Army," are to be prepared by the President of the Committee, the Originals, and Duplicates of which are to be forwarded, when the respective Embarkations take place from Bengal, to the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces at Head Quartermaster, and the Triplicate is to be sent for record, to the Office of the Quarter Master General.

CXXXVI. The Original of these Documents will be transmitted without delay from the Department of the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces in India, to the Horse-Guards, for the information of His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

CXXXVII. Reports referable to Embarkations which take place under the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay, will, in like manner, be forwarded to the respective Offices of the Deputy Adjutant General, and Deputy Quarter Master General, at the former Presidency, and to the Brigade Major, (now Deputy Adjutant General) Queen's Troops, at the latter, whence the Originals are to be sent to the Adjutant General, Horse-Guards, with a Letter from His Excellency the Commander in Chief at Madras, and in the like manner from His Excellency the Commander in Chief at Bombay, who will be pleased to forward to the Adjutant General's Office at Head Quarters, Copies of the same for record.

CXXXVIII. Their Excellencies the Commanders in Chief at Madras, and Bombay, will be pleased to issue such subsidiary Orders as may appear to them necessary, when the periods shall arrive for embarking Her Majesty's Troop, whether Regiments, or Detachments of Regiments, Invalids, or Service expired Men, and will cause the Medical Board at their respective Presidencies to furnish the Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon, (as the case may be) who will be of the Committee, with Instructions relative to the particular Duty required of Medical Officers on such occasions.

CXXXIX. Serious neglects, or omissions, having occurred on the embarkation of Her Majesty's 11th Light Dragoons, and the Invalids of the season 1837, at Calcutta, His Excellency the Commander in Chief directs attention to be paid to the 385th page of the Regulations and Orders for the Army, 1st June 1837,—and to the following pages to 406.

G. O. C. I.  
5th April 1838.

CXL. His Excellency orders that all parts of those Regulations which are capable of being applied to Her Majesty's Troops arriving at, or departing from, any part of the East Indies, may be so applied; as they would be, in any Part of the United Kingdom."

CXLI. It appears to have been a practice in Calcutta to make the Inspection of the "Medical Comforts" for the use of Sick and Convalescent Soldiers, at the Stores of the Commissariat Department.

CXLII. This is forbid; and every article allowed to the Soldiers, is to be inspected on Board the Transports; so that it may not again occur that Ships go to Sea without Hammocks, or the comforts which are granted for the Soldiers:

CXLIII. When it is found necessary to send Invalided Soldiers to Europe, the Officers Commanding in Chief at the several Presidencies will appoint proper Officers to take charge of them during their Passage, and give them most positive orders that they shall on no occasion quit the Invalids, till they deliver them personally over at Chatham Barracks.

G. O. C. I.  
20th Sept. 1801.

CXLIV. Considerable inconvenience to the Public Service having occurred, by the employment of Invalids and Service-expired Men of Her Majesty's Regiments, as Attendants upon different Individuals during the Passage to England; the Commander in Chief, with a view to prevent any recurrence of similar circumstances, is under the necessity of giving this public Notice, that he cannot in future attend, to applications for the Service of Men of the description alluded to, except such as are made according to the customs of the Service by Officers belonging to the Troops concerned, to attend upon themselves, or their Families, and that indulgence cannot be extended beyond the Voyage.

G. O. C. I.  
3d Sept. 1822.

CXLV. Officers having this convenience, will be held responsible for the regular and speedy appearance of the Men at the proper places in England.

CXLVI. It is to be distinctly understood, that the Soldier of both classes referred to, when appointed to a particular Ship, cannot be removed to another for the convenience of any Officer; and in all cases timely application must be made to the Commander in Chief, through the Office of the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces.

CXLVII. These Rules are to be strictly followed at the other Presidencies, and the Licenses are to be applied for to the local Commanders in Chief, through the Deputy Adjutant General Her Majesty's Forces at Madras, and the Brigade (now Deputy Adjutant General) Major to the Queen's Troops at Bombay.

CXLVIII. The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Copy of a Letter from the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces, and is pleased to di-

G. G. O. 24th  
Nov. 1825.



rect, that the Rules therein prescribed, be considered applicable in cases of the embarkation of Invalids of the Honorable Company's Service, in common with those of Her Majesty's Service,—The Arms and Ammunition in charge of the Honorable Company's Invalids will be made over on their arrival in England, to the Orders of the Honorable Court of Directors.

CXLIX. (*Horse Guards 23d June 1835.*) In having been represented to the Commander in Chief that considerable inconvenience as well as danger have arisen from the frequent occurrence of Mutinies on board the Free Traders coming from India to this Country, I have received His Royal Highness's Command to direct that on all future occasions, when Invalids are embarked on board of these Vessels for England, each Man should be provided with a Pistol and Sabre for defence, and that the requisite quantity of Pistol Ammunition should be embarked at the same time.

CL. It will be understood, that the charge of this Ammunition will be confined to the immediate care of the Captain of the Ship, Instructions to secure it where it shall be inaccessible to any of the Crew, so that upon a Mutiny breaking out, it will be easy to protect the Magazine with the Sabres and to serve out a sufficient portion to each Invalid.— (*Vide G. G. O. 12th Jan. 1841.*)

—•••••—  
LEAVE OF ABSENCE.  
—•••••—

G. O. C. I. 4th  
Mar. 1829.

CLI. His Excellency the Commander in Chief has been pleased to sanction a partial alteration in the existing Regulations respecting leave of absence to Officers generally, and to order that the number required to be actually present with Corps of Cavalry and Infantry shall be fixed as follows.

When proceeding on leave to Europe:

<i>Cavalry.</i>		
Field Officers .....	2	}
Captains .....	5	
Subalterns .....	16	
<i>Infantry.</i>		
Field Officers .....	2	}
Captains .....	7	
Subalterns .....	18	

Inclusive of absent Officers in India.

NOTE. Leave to Europe from the East Indies is granted for any period not exceeding two years (*H. M. Regs. and Orders 1837, Page 67.*)

G. O. C. I.  
4th Oct. 1829.

CLII. With reference to General Orders of the 4th March last, in all Applications for leave of absence to Europe, it is hereafter to be stated before the Numerical Distribution, first line "In the event of this leave being granted there will remain present in India" (number to be inserted)

CLIII. The above number is not to include as present, those for whom an application has been made on sick certificate or otherwise, to which an answer has not been returned.

G. O. C. I.  
8th Sep. 1840.

CLIV. In applications for leave of absence for Officers to proceed to Europe, on their private affairs, Officers Commanding Corps will strictly conform to the General Orders of the 4th March 1829, in which is laid down the number of Officers who must be present with their Corps; as also to the General Orders of the 12th March 1836, particularly the latter paragraph thereof: "In all cases of such applications hereafter, the period that the applicant has done duty with the Service Companies, is to be specifically stated;"—and in Applications for Leave of Absence for Officers to proceed to the Hills, on private affairs, to the General Orders of the 20th February 1835.

H. M. Regs.  
and Orders for  
the Army. 1837.

CLV. Officers, who are permitted to return Home on specific Leave of Absence on their Private Affairs, or at their own requests, are to rejoin the Service Companies, at their own expense, within the periods for which Leave of Absence may be granted them:—They shall not join the Depot, unless ordered and required to do so, through the Adjutant General, by authority of the General Commander-in-Chief.

G. O. C. I. 8th  
Feb. 1841.

CLVI. (*Memorandum dated Adjutant General's Office, 26th January 1841.*) In forwarding the Application for Leave of Absence for Officers of the Corps under your command, it is His Excellency the Commander in Chief's request, that as far as it may be practicable, with reference to the merits of the individual and the wants of the Service, that each Officer may be allowed to have his fair turn for such indulgence.

G. O. C. I. 2d  
July 1828.

CLVII. (*Horse Guards, 31st Dec. 1827.*) The Commander in Chief finds it necessary to remind the Officers of the Army, that on or before the day upon which their leave of absence expires, they are bound to be actually present with their Regiments, or Departments, if they belong to the Staff, whether they be stationed at home, or abroad.

NOTE. The Pay of all Officers who do not join their Regiments on the expiration of their leave of absence is to be withheld (*H. M. Regs. and Orders of 1837. Page 78.*)

G. L. 4th Jan.  
1839.

CLVIII. (*Madras Government Letter 11th December 1838.*) I am also directed in reference to a Despatch in this Department of the 17th of November 1835, No. 3435, to request that in future when an Officer of the Madras Establishment obtains permission from the Government of Bombay to proceed to Europe, or to Sea, on furlough, or on medical certificate, the letter announcing the circumstances to this Government may mention whether he has furnished the prescribed security for any Public demands that may be found against him on his accounts being finally adjusted at this Presidency.



CLIX. Officers who are removed from one Regiment to another in H. M. Army in India, or who obtain Promotion in another Corps, and Gentlemen, in the Country, appointed to Commissions, are directed to have recourse to the readiest means of joining the Regiment to which they are removed, promoted, or appointed, unless the Commander in Chief's special leave shall be obtained in the regular manner, through the Adjutant General of H. M. Forces.

G. O. C. I.  
10th June 1814.

CLX. An Officer who may be on Leave of Absence in India, being promoted into, or removed to another Regiment, such Promotion or Removal cancels the Leave of Absence which he may have received from his former Corps; and a Renewal of Leave can only be obtained, through the Commanding Officer of the Corps into which he is removed, or promoted.

CLXI. The Right Honorable the Commander in Chief finds it necessary to repeat the General Orders of the 10th of June last, upon the subject of Officers having recourse to the readiest means of joining the Corps to which they may be removed, promoted or appointed, the most particular and prompt attention must be given to this Order, and Commandants of Regiments, Officers are removed from, will be held responsible for the due performance of the same, if the Officer be with the Regiment at the time, and will report the date of departure of the Individual or Individuals, as the case may be, to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces and the Commanding Officers of the Corps they join, is also to report, specially the date of arrival.

G. O. C. I.  
17th Dec. 1814.

CLXII. On the subject of Leave of Absence, His Excellency the Commander in Chief feels it incumbent to express his disapprobation at the delays which occur at the three Presidencies, previously to Officers embarking for their respective destinations.

G. O. C. I.  
20th Feb. 1821.

CLXIII. The Leaves are announced for a considerable time, and that every Individual should have the full extent of the Indulgence, two years from the actual date of Embarkation, are specified; but the time spent at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, frequently draw the period of absence from duty, nearer to three years, than to the term announced, which bears hard on those who remain to perform their Regimental Functions.

CLXIV. It would seem that Leaves of Absence are frequently applied for without due consideration, as several Officers, after giving all the previous trouble, and causing the unnecessary expenditure of public Stationery, request permission to relinquish the Licence.

CLXV. After these observations, it is to be hoped, and it is hereby enjoined, that every convenient expedition be used by those who are to embark; and that permission to be absent on account of Private Affairs shall not be applied for, except with a decided intention of the Applicant availing himself of the Indulgence, and that a relinquishment of it will only occur under the most unexpected circumstances.

CLXVI. All Officers belonging to His Majesty's Service, who have obtained Leave of Absence to return to Europe, to proceed to Sea, or to visit any distant Colony, or Station, and for which purpose they have arrived at Fort William, Fort St. George, Bombay, or any other place of Embarkation, are required to avail themselves of the first opportunity to proceed to their respective Destinations, in failure of which, the Commander in Chief will be under the necessity of cancelling their Leaves, respectively, and of directing them to rejoin their Corps without delay.

G. O. C. I.  
17th July 1821.

CLXVII. Many instances having recently occurred, of Officers, who have received Leave of Absence to visit Calcutta, for the period requested by their Commanding Officers, making application for a renewal thereof to the Adjutant General, direct, such practice is prohibited, and Officers are clearly to understand that, when they receive Leave of Absence, they are to return to their Corps within the period specified.

G. O. C. I.  
7th Jan. 1841.

CLXVIII. Officers on leave from the Commander in Chief in one Presidency, are not, excepting under very pressing and especial circumstances, to apply for an extension of such leave to the General Officer Commanding in another Presidency, or to any, but the General Officer first granting the Indulgence.

G. O. C. I.  
17th Oct. 1827.

CLXIX. The Commanders in Chief at Madras and Bombay are recommended to grant at once to Officers quitting those Presidencies, such leave, as may appear calculated to answer all purposes; without making applications for renewal; but should such applications be nevertheless made, they must be addressed to the Head Quarters of the Presidency from which the original leave was granted, to which the applicant's Corps belongs, and where his claims to such indulgence, are of course better known.

CLXX. There being a Chief Medical Officer of His Majesty's Service at each of the Presidencies in India, it is the Commander in Chief's desire, that every Officer of His Majesty's Army applying for a certificate of ill health, upon which Leave of Absence out of India may be required, is to appear before a Board of Medical Officers, of which the Inspector of Hospitals of the King's Army in India may preside at this Presidency, and either of the Deputies at Madras and Bombay; and that sick Leave of Absence to quit India may not be given except upon the certificate of one of these Officers.

G. O. C. I.  
11th July 1822.

CLXXI. In the case of unavoidable absence of either of these Medical Gentlemen, the examination of, and certificate to, any of His Majesty's Officers will be conducted and granted as heretofore.

CLXXII. Officers of Her Majesty's Service on arriving on sick certificate at Bombay, or other Military Station, will report themselves to the Deputy Inspector General of Her Majesty's Hospitals; or in his absence to the Senior Medical Officer Queen's Troops, who will afford Medical Aid, and report the state of health of such sick Officer, with the name and Rank of the Medical Officer in charge, to the Deputy Inspector General, for the information of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

G. O. C. I. 6th  
Aug. 1841.







CLXXXVIII. (VI.) To Officers of all Ranks proceeding to India in charge of Recruits or Drafts, provided the selection of this charge be made from Officers who may be returning to their Regiments in India, after the expiration of leave of absence on account of ill health.

CLXXXIX. (VII.) Every Officer appointed upon the General Staff in India, or as Aide-de-Camp to any Commander in Chief or General Officer on the Staff, who may have drawn the Allowance for his Passage, and may afterwards from any cause whatever decline proceeding to his Station, shall refund the amount received by him.

CXC. *Cases in which Passage Money from India will be granted.*

CXCI. (I.) To all Officers returning to England on their Regiments quitting India.

CXCII. (II.) Subalterns returning to England on account of ill health, certified to the Governor in Council of the Presidency to which they may be attached.

CXCIII. (III.) To Officers ordered to England on Courts-Martial, or any other public Duty on which their presence is absolutely necessary, on the case being attested to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council of the Presidency to which they may be attached.

CXCIV. Officers promoted in India to the Rank of Captain, but not confirmed from Home, are not, in consequence of the want of confirmation, entitled to the passage money allowed to sick Subalterns. But should such promotion be cancelled, they will then have a claim.

G. L. 29th  
May 1827.

CXCV. Passage money is allowed to Half Pay or Supernumerary Officers ordered home in consequence of reductions in the Establishment.

G. L. 12th  
Feb. 1816, and  
26th June 1818.

CXCVI. When an Officer, belonging to a Regiment on Foreign Service, shall be permitted to exchange to another Regiment, or to the Half Pay, or to retire from the Service, for his own convenience and not from necessity arising from age, ill health, or bodily infirmity, he will be expected to defray the Expense of the Passage of the Officer who shall be ordered to join the Service Companies in his place in conformity to the Declaration prescribed in Page 67 of the Regulations and Orders of the Army.

H. M. Regns.  
and orders for  
the Army 1837.

CXCVII. When an Officer doing duty, with, or belonging to, the Service Companies of a Regiment abroad shall exchange with another Officer of the same Rank, whether from Full or Half Pay, for mutual convenience, the Officer appointed to that Regiment shall proceed to the Service Companies without expense to the Public, in order to replace the Officer with whom he exchanged, and such exchange shall not interfere with, or derange, the Roster of Officers of that Rank at a Depôt.

CXCVIII. Misconception having arisen, as to the period to which an Officer under orders for Europe may remain in India, and still have a claim to Passage Money, it is hereby declared that any Officer remaining in India after the departure of his Regiment for England, or a Half Pay Officer after his transfer to the Half Pay List beyond a period of three months from the date on which he shall have ceased to draw Indian Allowances under the above circumstances, shall forfeit every claim to Passage Money, or to a Passage being provided for him at the public expense.

G. O. G. G.  
28th June 1822.

CXCIX. (H. C. L. 23d May 1798, Para. LXXI.) Upon application being made to your Government, by any of H. M. Officers to be allowed Passage Money, on account of their return to Europe on Recruiting Service, we direct that you signify to them, it will be requisite for such Officers to obtain Certificates from the Commander in Chief at your Presidency, stating such to be the reason of their quitting India, and upon its being verified to us by the Secretary at War, that those Officers are effectually posted to the Recruiting Companies of their several Regiments in England, and have been ordered home upon that Service, we shall be disposed to grant the usual Allowance of Passage Money, according to their respective Ranks, but not otherwise.

G. O. 30th  
Sep. 1798.

CC. (H. C. L. 7th Sep. 1808, Para. XVI.) We think it necessary to direct, that where King's Officers proceed to England upon the Recruiting Service, under the permission granted in the (LXXI. Para.) of our Military Letter of your Presidency of the 23d May 1798, this Indulgence must be restricted to one Officer, of each Rank, composing the Recruiting Troop or Company of the several Regiments left in England.

G. G. O. 11th  
March 1809.

CCI. (H. C. L. 23d January 1828, Para. II.) We have on various occasions received applications from Officers of His Majesty's Service, claiming to receive the amount of their Passage Money, after their arrival in India.

G. G. O. 23d  
June 1828.

CCII. (Para. III.) As the circumstances which entitle some of His Majesty's Officers to a free passage are only known to the Military Authorities at the Office at the Horse Guards, Whitehall, we direct that all Officers making applications of this nature be desired to forward them direct from India to the Military Secretary of the Commander in Chief at that Office, for consideration; the transmitting them to us in the first instance being productive of delay.

CCIII. Instances having of late occurred of Officers belonging to certain Infantry Regiments preferring a claim to Passage Money, on the plea of being ordered home for the purpose of assuming the Command of the Depôt of their Corps, his Excellency The Right Honorable the Commander in Chief desires, that Officers Commanding Regiments of Infantry, will withhold all such Applications from Officers under their Command, unless under special instructions to that effect, from the Authorities at the Horse Guards.

G. O. C. I.  
9th Dec. 1834.



H. M. Regns,  
and orders of  
the Army 1837.

CCIV. Officers who may be ordered Home, for the purpose of joining the Depot Companies of their respective Regiments, are to proceed immediately upon landing to the Depot Quarters. In order to prevent unnecessary expense to the Public on account of Passage Allowances, Commanding Officers of Regiments abroad are enjoined to grant Certificates to those Officers only who are ordered Home on being relieved by Officers from the Depot; and Commanding Officers of Depot Companies are also to certify, that such Officers have joined the Depot immediately upon arrival in Great Britain or Ireland.

G. O. 11th  
March 1809.

CCV. (H. C. L. 7th Sept. 1808, Para. XVI.) Upon occasions, where it shall be deemed expedient for an Officer in H. M. Service to be sent to England in charge of Invalids from Queen's Regiments, we consent to your granting such Officer, whatever rank he may hold, the Passage Money of a Subaltern only, provided he has not a less number than thirty Invalids under his charge, on board of whatever Ship he may proceed to this Country; you must, however, be careful that no undue advantage is taken of our indulgence in this respect.

NOTE. Two Officers may be appointed, both drawing Passage Money, if the Invalids exceed 50 Men.

G. O. 23d  
June 1810.

CCVI. (H. C. L. 17th Jan. 1810, Para. LXXI.) "We direct that no Officer be appointed to proceed to Europe in charge of Invalids of H. M. Regiments on board any ship, on which any other of H. M. Officers shall be proceeding to Europe at the Company's expense, but that the Officer already authorized to proceed at the Company's expense, shall receive charge of the Invalids embarked on board his Ship.

G. O. C. I.  
17th June 1833.

CCVII. In pursuance of instructions received from the Right Hon'ble the General Commanding the Army in Chief, the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to direct, that all Officers proceeding to England, on duty in charge of Invalids, shall sign declaration Certificates\* similar to those required from Officers proceeding on leave of absence, as laid down in the General Orders of the 12th June 1827, and 13th January 1830; viz., that in the event of their exchanging to another Regiment, to half pay, or retiring from the Service, they will be responsible for the payment of the Passage of the Officer, who may be ordered out to re-place them.

\* Vide Page 67 of H. M. Regulations and Orders for the Army.

G. O. 29th  
Aug. 1837.

CCVIII. (H. C. L. 28th June 1837, Para. I.) We have to acquaint you, that Regimental Captains of Her Majesty's Service returning to England on sick certificate, and Regimental Captains and Subalterns of H. M. Service again proceeding to India, after a furlough on sick certificate, are hereafter to be entitled to receive the rate of Passage Money which is authorized by H. M. Regulations, for Officers returning from and again proceeding to Ceylon, under similar circumstances, viz. £85 with an allowance to Regimental Captains, of £15 for the passage of Servant, when actually embarked, subject however, to a declaration according to the form used in similar cases by the Bengal Military Fund, that the Officer claiming the Passage allowance does not possess property to the amount of 5000 Rupees.

CCIX. (II.) The Passage Money for the outward voyage, will in all cases be paid in this country, and that for the homeward voyage in India.

CCX. (III.) You will observe, that by the Warrant of the 30th May 1832, Her Majesty's Officers receiving a Passage allowance, sustain a deduction of £5 from their pay, for the period of the voyage. This will apply to all cases as well under the existing Regulations, as under those now communicated to you.

#### Form of Declaration.

CCXI. "I A. B. Her. Majesty's \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment. do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare, that I do not possess the sum of Rupees (5000) Five Thousand or convertible property of any description, which can raise my means to that limitation, and being on Sick Certificate to Europe, agreeably to my Furlough, as published in General Orders of the \_\_\_\_\_ I claim Passage Money under the Regulation dated 29th August 1837.

Station and Date.

A. B. Captain.  
H. M. \_\_\_\_\_

G. L. 18th Ju-  
ly and H. C. L.  
10th Apl. 1838.

CCXII. (H. C. L. Bengal, 14th March 1838, Para. IX.) The following are our replies to the questions proposed in this letter.

CCXIII. (X) Payment of Passage money, the rates of which are fixed in Sterling, is to be made at the rate at which we have uniformly adjusted in this country claims to Passage money for the voyage from India to England, viz. at the rate annually fixed for the Adjustment of transactions between the Queen's and the Company's Government of which you are duly apprized.

CCXIV. (XI) Officers of the rank of Captain availing themselves of the Services of an Invalided Soldier returning to England are not entitled to draw the allowance of £15 for the Passage of a Servant.

CCXV. (XII) The deduction of £5 made by the Queen's Regulations from the Pay of an Officer who draws passage allowance if not made in India from the advance of Pay for the voyage, will be made from the issue of pay in arrears in this country, notice of the deduction not having been made in India is to be inserted in the last pay certificate given to the Officer on embarkation.

G. O. C. I.  
1st Sep. 1840.

CCXVI. (G. O. G. G. 26th Aug. 1840.) Inconvenience having been found to result from the unconditional advance of passage money, made by Government to Officers pro-

\* NOTE—No deduction is made from Cavalry Officers H. C. L. 29th Aug. 1838, & G. L. 6th March 1839.



ceeding to Europe on furlough, on medical certificate, the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to resolve, that the usual passage money shall be granted only on the following conditions; viz.

CCXVII. That if an Officer, having received passage money, shall die before having taken his passage on board ship, the amount shall be made good to Government from the estate of such Officer.

CCXVIII. That if an Officer having received passage money, shall die after having taken his passage, but previous to embarkation, or on board the vessel at any time before the Pilot quits at Sea, a moiety of the amount shall be refunded by the owners of such vessel, on account of Government.

CCXIX. Officers who may, after this date, draw passage money under existing regulations when proceeding to Europe, on medical certificate, will be careful to take their passages, subject to the foregoing condition of eventual refund.

CCXX. NOTE. At Bombay the Commander of the vessel draws the Passage Money, who is liable to refund half of the same in case of the death of the Officer, before the ship sails.

Passage Money granted to the Wife of an Officer, subject to approbation of the Honorable Court.

CCXXI. (H. C. L. 6th October 1824. Para. XXXII.) No Allowance of this kind is ever made to Officers in the Company's Service, and we cannot sanction any such grants to His Majesty's Officers.

G. G. O. 8th April 1825.

CCXXII. (XXXIII.) A Fund has been established, by subscription, for the relief of the distressed Widows and Children of His Majesty's Officers dying in India, to which we have expressed our readiness to contribute, if the Fund shall also be made to embrace the cases of the Wives and Children of Officers in His Majesty's Service compelled to return to Europe by ill health, or the unavoidable return of their Husbands, and whose Husbands do not possess the means of defraying the expense of their Passage.

CCXXIII. (XXXIV.) We are of opinion that in cases similar to the present, application ought hereafter to be made to the Managers of the Fund above alluded to.

CCXXIV. (G. O. V. P. in C. Fort William, 17th November 1826.) Resolved, that the following Paragraphs of a Military General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, under date the 24th of May 1826, be promulgated for the information of the Officers of His Majesty's Service in India.

G. G. O. 14th Dec. 1826.

The grant of Passage Money to the Widow of an Officer reported as a special case.

(XVI.) It appears from the documents annexed to these paragraphs, that Lieutenant — had been so short a time in India, that he was probably not aware of the Fund established for the relief of the Widows and Families of Officers in His Majesty's Service dying in India, and consequently had not subscribed to it.

CCXXVI. (XVII.) We desire that you will take measures for acquainting all Officers of His Majesty's Service with the existence of this Fund, immediately on their arrival at any of the Presidencies, and with our determination not to provide maintenance or passage, hereafter, for the Widows or Families of any of His Majesty's Officers dying in India.

CCXXVII. The Commander-in-Chief is requested to issue such instructions for making all Officers of His Majesty's Service, on their arriving at any of the Presidencies, acquainted with the determination of the Honorable Court expressed in the foregoing Extract, as may appear necessary to His Excellency.

CCXXVIII. (H. C. L. to the S. G. 27th January 1830, Para. VIII.) When Military or Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, Mauritius, } Medical Officer of Her Majesty's Service proceed to your Presidency from any of the Colonies alluded to, and are entitled to Passage at the Public Expence, under the Regulations established in our Letter of 15th December 1819, we authorize you to pay to them Passage money according to the following rates;—From the Cape of Good Hope, New South Wales, or the Isle of France, to any of the Indian Presidencies five eighths; and from Ceylon to any of the Indian Presidencies one Sixth of the established Rates of Passage money from England to India, as fixed in our Military Dispatch of the 15th December 1819.

G. G. O. 6th July 1830.

CCXXIX. (Para IX.) In such cases no issue of Passage Money will be made in this Country.

CCXXX. (Letter from Colonial Secretary at Sydney, New South Wales, 18th April 1837.) The Vessels taken up for the 17th Regiment having been expressly chartered for the service and consequently looked upon as transports, the Officers were only entitled, according to the instructions of the Treasury to Rations without messing allowance.

G. L. 12th Sep. 1837.

CCXXXI. Adverting to the usage which has hitherto existed of permitting Officers indiscriminately, to draw Table Allowance when removed from a Regiment in Bengal to one at either of the other Presidencies, the Governor General in Council directs that henceforward, no Officer shall, on such removals, be entitled to Table Allowance or Passage Money, unless the removal has taken place on public grounds; of which a certificate will accompany the Bill, under the signature of the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces in India, or other competent authority.

G. O. G. C. 11th Apl. 1822.

CCXXXII. Table Money is not allowed to Officers of Her Majesty's Service when removed from a Regiment serving under this Government, to one at either of the other Presidencies, unless it appears that the removal has taken place on public grounds, of which a certificate under the signature of the Brigade Major of King's Troops, or other competent authority, must accompany the Bill for that Allowance.

G. G. O. 17th Oct. 1822.



*Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers.*

G. O. C. I.  
3d Mar. 1820.

CCXXXIII. With reference to General Orders, dated Horse Guards 14th March 1818, the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that when in pursuance of the Instructions therein conveyed, Non-commissioned Officers are required to be sent to Europe from Regiments in India to fill Vacancies in the Recruiting Establishment, a report thereof is to be made to the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces, through the prescribed channels, with a view to His Excellency's pleasure being taken, and to Passages being applied for in the regular manner, for the Individuals selected for the duty.

G. O. C. I.  
27th Jan. 1823.

CCXXXIV. (G. O. G. G. 29th December 1822.) The Wife of the European Soldier, of whatever class she may be, and his child, whoever may be the Mother, have an undoubted right to accompany their Husband and Father when returning to Europe, or when proceeding to another Presidency or Settlement.

G. O. C. I.  
17th Jan. 1833.

CCXXXV. Soldiers who obtain their Discharge by purchase, on payment of the regulated compensation, whether under or over seven year's Service, are not entitled to a Passage at the public expense.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

G. O. C. 12th  
June 1832.

CCXXXVI. (H. C. L. to the S. G. dated the 8th December 1824. Para. VI.)—We desire that in future, it be considered a general rule, that arrangements promulgated by His Majesty's Government at home, are not to be carried into effect by you unless duly communicated to you through the Court of Directors.

War Office  
collection 1841.

CCXXXVII. British Daily Pay of Queen's Troops.

*(H. M. Warrant, 20th March 1837. Schedule No 1.)*

	Dragoons			Infantry.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Lieutenant Colonel.....	1	3	0	0	17	0
Major.....	0	19	3	0	16	0
Captain.....	0	14	7	0	11	7
Ditto having higher Rank by Brevet.....	0	0	0	0	13	7
Lieutenant.....	0	9	0	0	6	6
Ditto after 7 years Service as Lieutenant.....	0	0	0	0	7	6
Cornet.....	0	8	0	0	0	0
Ensign.....	0	0	0	0	5	3
Paymaster.....	0	12	6	0	12	6
Ditto after 5 years Service in that Rank on Full Pay.....	0	15	0	0	15	0
Ditto after 15 .. .. ditto.....	0	17	6	0	17	6
*Ditto after 20 .. .. ditto.....	1	0	0	1	0	0
*Ditto after 25 .. .. ditto.....	1	2	6	1	2	6
†Adjutant.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Surgeon.....	0	13	0	0	13	0
*Ditto after 10 years Service on Full Pay.....	0	15	0	0	15	0
*Ditto after 20 .. .. ditto.....	0	19	0	0	19	0
*Ditto after 25 .. .. ditto.....	1	2	0	1	2	0
Assistant Surgeon.....	0	8	6	0	7	6
*Ditto after 10 years Service on Full Pay.....	0	10	0	0	10	0
Veterinary Surgeon.....	0	8	0	0	0	0
*Ditto after 3 years Service.....	0	10	0	0	0	0
*Ditto after 10 .. ditto.....	0	12	0	0	0	0
*Ditto after 20 .. ditto.....	0	15	0	0	0	0
Quarter Master.....	0	8	6	0	6	6
Ditto after 10 years Service in that Rank on Full Pay.....	0	10	6	0	8	6
Ditto after 15 .. .. ditto.....	0	12	0	0	10	0
Serjeant Major (Regimental).....	0	3	6	0	3	0
Troop Serjeant Major.....	0	3	0	0	0	0
Quarter Master Serjeant.....	0	0	0	0	2	6
Colour Serjeant.....	0	0	0	0	2	4
Paymaster Serjeant.....	0	2	0	0	1	10
Ditto after 10 years Service as such.....	0	2	8	0	2	4
Regimental Orderly Room Clerk.....	0	2	2	0	1	10
Ditto after 10 years Service as such.....	0	2	8	0	2	4
School Master Serjeant.....	0	2	2	0	1	10
Ditto after 10 years Service as such.....	0	2	8	0	2	4
Armourer Serjeant.....	0	2	2	0	0	0
Saddler Serjeant.....	0	2	2	0	1	10
Hospital Serjeant.....	0	2	2	0	1	10
Trumpet, Drum, or Bugle Major.....	0	2	2	0	1	10
Serjeant.....	0	2	2	0	1	10
Corporal.....	0	1	7½	0	1	4
Private or Farrier.....	0	1	3	0	1	0
Boys till they attain the age of 15 years.....	0	0	10	0	0	10
Trumpeter, Bugler, Drummer, or Fifer.....	0	1	7	0	1	1½

\* Some further modification in regard to former Service in other Ranks will be found in Pages 12 and 13 of the War Office collection of Warrants and Regulations of 1841.

† Adjutants receive in the Cavalry 2s. 6d. per diem, in the Infantry 3s. 6d. per diem, in addition to the Pay of their Regimental Rank, as Cornet, Ensign or Lieutenant, as follows;



	<i>Dragoons.</i>	<i>Infantry.</i>
Being Lieutenant.....	0 11 6	0 0 0
„ Ditto above 7 years.....	0 0 0	0 11 0
„ Ditto under 7 years.....	0 0 0	0 10 0
„ Cornet or Ensign.....	0 10 6	0 8 9

CCXXVIII. NOTE. When British Pay is drawn in arrears or in advance by Officers, arriving from, or returning to Europe (they not being in receipt of Indian allowances for the same period) it is paid at the exchange of 2s. 0½d. per Company's Rupee.

CCXXXIX. When the same is drawn by Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers under similar circumstances, a stoppage of six-pence. (6d) per diem, is made for victualling on ship board; and the balance is paid at the same rate of exchange (2s. 0½d.)

CCXL. When Officers or Soldiers have received at home an advance of British Pay beyond the period of the voyage, they commence drawing Indian Pay and Allowances from the date of arrival; and the over advance of British Pay is deducted at the same rate of exchange.

CCXLI. Officers going home may draw an advance of British Pay at the same rate of Exchange, not exceeding six months.

CCXLII. Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers may receive, on going home, an advance of British Pay not exceeding three months at the same rate of Exchange; six-pence per diem for ship Rations, being deducted therefrom.

CCXLIII. Soldiers while on board ship, proceeding to, or returning from a Foreign Station, shall be subject to a stoppage of six pence a day from the rates of Pay stated in Schedule No. 1,\* if they are supplied with rations at the expense of Government, or of the East India Company, and are not serving as Marines. (Extract from H. M. Warrant 20th March 1837.)

\* Vide Page. 238.

CCXLIV. Officers proceeding to India from England receive an advance of Pay of 170 days.

CCXLV. Soldiers embarking for India are allowed such an advance of Pay not exceeding 140 days, as may be found actually requisite to provide them with necessaries during the voyage.

CCXLVI. His Excellency the Commander in Chief has great pleasure in announcing to the Royal Forces serving in India, that the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to sanction to all time-expired Soldiers and Invalids of Her Majesty's Service, when returning to Great Britain, an advance of Three (3) Months Pay being drawn for them, thus insuring these Veterans in effect, as far as it is practicable, every comfort and attention to their relative wants, on their long and trying voyage to their native land, and His Excellency feels assured, that this mark of the indulgent consideration of Government to their welfare will be gratefully acknowledged by evincing a steady course of Soldier-like conduct while on Ship Board.

CCXLVII. His Excellency further announces, that the indulgence of Three Months Pay in advance has also been sanctioned by Government, to all Regiments of Her Majesty's Service on returning to England, or on being relieved or withdrawn from this Country.

CCXLVIII. In order to add to the comfort of Her Majesty's Troops when returning to Europe, whether Invalids, time-expired Soldiers, or entire Corps, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased, in pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Supreme Government, to authorize an advance of three Months Pay in such circumstances, the prescribed deduction of Ship Board rate, six pence per day, being made for the Soldier's provisions.

CCXLIX. The advances for unattached Men are to be drawn and paid by the Major of Brigade Queen's Troops, and for Corps, when such are ordered to return to Europe, by the Regimental Paymaster, in either case, however, the Bill or Abstract is to be submitted for previous Audit.

CCL. The Drawers of all Bills, or Abstracts, of the nature in question, are enjoined to notify in the Clearance Rolls of the relative Individuals, the rates at, and the dates to which they have been severally paid up, in advance, to preclude the possibility of over payments on the arrival of the parties at the Depot.

### *Pay and Regimental Allowances of Commissioned Officers in India.*

CCLI. The pay of European Troops at the three Presidencies having been assimilated, and the Government of India having authorized the issue of the same in arrear, agreeably to the practice observed under the Bengal Presidency, the following rules are laid down for the gradual accomplishment of that object.

(NOTE. The Paras. of this G. G. O. which relate to Company's Troops are omitted in this place.)

CCLII. Her Majesty's Troops, both Officers and Men, of Regiments now on this Establishment, and all who may hereafter join those Regiments from Europe or elsewhere, will continue to draw pay in advance as at present, but those belonging to Regiments placed on the Establishment after the 1st May 1841, will draw pay in arrear.

CCLIII. The aggregate monthly amount of the pay and allowances of the Officers of the relieving Regiments will be precisely the same as that drawn by Company's Officers of corresponding ranks, the following Tables shew the items included in the aggregate sum.

War Office  
collection 1841.

War Office  
Explanatory  
Directors 1838.

G. O. C. 1. 19th  
Dec. 1826.

G. G. O. 5th  
Feb. 1825.



CCLIV, TABLE OF PAY AND GARRISON ALLOWANCES.

DRAGOONS.	Queen's Pay and Company's Half Batta making an aggregate equal to Company's Pay and Half Batta.			Gratuity.	Tentage.	House rent.	Horse allowance.	Total at Stations within 200 miles of Bombay.		
	Rs.	As.	P.					Rs.	As.	P.
Lieutenant Colonel.....	582	10	..	..	150	100	120	952	10	..
Major.....	461	1	10	..	120	80	120	781	1	10
Captain and Surgeon.....	270	11	4	36	75	50	90	521	11	4
Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon.....	170	6	..	24	50	30	60	334	6	..
Cornet.....	142	15	10	12	50	25	60	289	15	10
INFANTRY.										
Lieutenant Colonel.....	547	14	..	..	150	100	..	*797	14	..
Major.....	410	14	6	..	120	80	..	*610	14	6
Captain and Surgeon.....	213	1	..	36	75	50	..	374	1	..
Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon.....	121	12	..	24	50	39	..	225	12	..
Ensign.....	94	5	8	12	50	25	..	181	5	8

\* Exclusive of Horse Allowance Rupees 30.

CCLV. TABLE OF PAY AND FIELD ALLOWANCES.

DRAGOONS.	Amount of Garrison Pay and Allowances.			Additional Half Batta less House rent.			Total at Stations beyond 200 miles from Bombay, or when in the Field or marching.			
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
Lieutenant Colonel.....	952	10	..	204	6	..	1,157	6	..	
Major.....	781	1	10	148	4	6	929	6	4	
Captain and Surgeon.....	521	11	4	41	5	..	563	..	4	
Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon.....	334	6	..	30	14	..	365	4	..	
Cornet.....	289	15	10	20	10	6	310	10	4	
INFANTRY.										
Lieutenant Colonel.....	797	14	..	204	6	..	*1002	4	..	
Major.....	610	14	6	148	4	6	*759	3	..	
Captain and Surgeon.....	374	1	..	41	5	..	415	6	..	
Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon.....	225	12	..	30	14	..	256	10	..	
Ensign.....	181	5	8	20	10	6	202	5	2	

\* Exclusive of Horse Allowance Rupees 30.

CCCVI. TABLE OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES TO REGIMENTAL STAFF.

DRAGOONS.	Queen's Pay & Company's Half Batta.	GARRISON.								FIELD.																								
		Horse Allowance.				STAFF ALLOWANCES.				Total at Stations within 200 Miles of Bombay.	Additional Half Batta less House Rent.	Total at Stations beyond 200 Miles from Bombay; or in the Field, or when marching.																						
		Gratuity.	Tentage.	House Rent.	Horse Allowance.	Staff Pay.	Office Allowance.	Horse Allowance.	Office Tent.																									
Paymaster. { Under 5 years. 243 8 ..	36 75 59 90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41 5 ..	601 2 4																						
Above 5 273 15 ..													65 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	631 9 4												
" 15 " 304 6 ..																							..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	662 .. 4		
" 20 " 334 13 ..																																	..	..
" 25 " 365 4 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	722 14 4																								
Adjutant { Lieutenant... 170 6 ..											24 50 30 60	..	..	60 55 30 30	..	..	..	..	..	30 14 ..	540 4 ..													
Cornet..... 142 15 10																						12 50 25 60	..	..	60 55 30 30	..	..	..	..	20 10 6	485 10 4			
Quarter Master. { Under 10 years. 124 12 8											12 50 25 60	..	..	62 55 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20 10 6											409 7 2		
Above 10 " 149 2 3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..												433 12 9												
" 15 " 167 6 6																							..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	452 1 ..
Adjutant { Under 3 years. 158 4 5											24 50 30 47 13 3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30 14 ..											370 15 8		
Above 3 " 182 10 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..												395 5 3												
Veterinary Surgeon. { " 10 " 200 15 7																							..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	419 10 10
" 20 " 243 8 ..																																		
Interpreter.....											60 40 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	D 100 ..													
INFANTRY.																																		
Paymaster. { Under 5 years. 243 8 ..	36 75 50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41 5 ..	524 7 8																						
Above 5 273 15 ..													78 3/4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	554 14 8											
" 15 " 304 6 ..																								..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	585 5 8
" 20 " 334 13 ..																																		
" 25 " 365 4 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	646 3 8																							
Adjutant { Lieutenant... 121 12 ..												24 50 30	..	..	122 55 30 30	..	..	..	..	..	30 14 ..	493 10 ..												
Ensign..... 94 5 8																							12 50 25	..	..	122 55 30 30	..	..	..	..	20 10 6	439 .. 2		
Quarter Master. { Under 10 years. 140 0 2												24 50 30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30 14 ..											C 359 14 2	
Above 10 " 164 5 9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	C 384 3 9																							
" 15 " 182 10 ..																							..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		C 402 8 ..
Interpreter.....												60 40 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	D 100 ..												

A. Inclusive of Office Rent or Office Tentage and in lieu of Writers, Stationery and all contingencies (G. G. O. Nos. 90 and 65 of 1835.

B. Palankeen allowance—drawn only when in the performance of Regimental duty.

C. Quarter Masters receive in addition when in the Field or when marching Rs. 30 allowance, but not when Stationary at a full Batta station.

D. With Pay and Allowances of Regimental Rank.



(Applicable only to Infantry Regiments in India on the 1st May, 1841 which draw Pay in Advance vizt. H. M. 2nd, 17th and 40th Foot.)

CCLVII.

TABLE of Pay and Allowances to the Commissioned Officers of H. M. Regiments of Infantry in Garrison in arrears for 30 and advance for 31 days.

RANKS.	NETT PAY OR SUBSISTENCE.								Difference of Pay for any month.	COMPANY'S ALLOWANCES.							
	Per Diem.		Per month of.				Half Batta month of.				Tent Allowance.	Gratuity.	House Rent.	Horse Allowance.	Office Establishment.	Total in arrears for 30 days & advance for 31 days.	
	Sterling	Indian Currency.	28 Days.	29 Days.	30 Days.	31 Days.	28 Days.	29 Days.		30 Days.							31 Days.
Lieutenant Colonel.	171	6 12 10	190 6 5	197 3 2	204	210 12 10	36 8	280	290	300	310	150	100	30	85	827 4 10	
Major.	161	6 6 5	179 3 2	185 9 7	192	198 6 5	36 8	197 13 4	205 5 4	212 13 4	220 5 4	120	80	30	85	641 3 0	
Brevet Major.	13 7 5	6 11 152 2 1	157 9 7	162 15 11	168	168 6 10	36 8	40 6 6	43 6 6	46 6 6	49 6 6	75	36	50	85	375 13 4	
Captains.	11 7 4	10 1 129 11 9	134 5 10	139	143	143 10 2	36 8	64 11 9	67 11 9	70 11 9	73 11 9	50	36	50	85	375 5 11	
Lieutenant.	7 6 3	84	87	90	93	93	36 8	25 9 4	27 9 4	29 9 4	31 9 4	50	24	30	85	226 9 4	
Do.	6 6 2	9 7 72 12 10	75 6 5	78	80	80 9 7	36 8	37 12	39 12	41 12	43 12	50	24	30	85	226 5 7	
Ensign.	5 3 2	1 7 58 12 10	60 14 5	63	65	65 1 7	36 8	26 12 8	28 4 8	29 12 8	31 4 8	50	12	25	85	181 14 3	
Adjutant.	8 6 3	6 5 95 3 2	98 9 7	102	105	105 6 5	36 8	13 6 8	15 6 8	17 6 8	19 6 8	50	24	30	85	463 13 1	
	8 6 3	6 5 95 3 2	98 9 7	102	105	105 6 5	36 8	13 6 8	15 6 8	17 6 8	19 6 8	50	24	30	85	419 10 5	
	1 2 6	9 252	261	270	279	279	36 8	8	8	2 4	3 12	50	24	30	85	608 10 8	
	1	8 224	232	240	248	248	36 8									577 10 8	
Paymaster.	17 6 7	196	203	210	217	217	36 8	84	87	90	93	75	30	50	85	546 10 8	
	15 6	168	174	180	186	186	36 8									515 10 8	
	12 6 5	140	145	150	155	155	36 8									484 10 8	
	10 4	112	116	120	124	124	36 8									373	
Quarter Master.	8 6 3	6 5 95 3 2	98 9 7	102	105	105 6 5	36 8	56	58	60	62	50	24	30	85	354 6 5	
	6 6 2	9 7 72 12 10	75 6 5	78	80	80 9 7	36 8									329 9 7	
	1 2 6	9 240 5	255 1 9	263 14 6	272 11 3	272 11 3	36 8									379 9 9	
	10 4	112	116	120	124	124	36 8									378 5 7	
Surgeon.	10 4	112	116	120	124	124	36 8									377	
	10 4	112	116	120	124	124	36 8									375 11 2	
	13 1 5	3 2 145 9 7	150 12 9	156	161	161 3 2	36 8	28	29	30	31	75	36	50	85	228	
	10 4	112	116	120	124	124	36 8	47 8	50 8	53 8	56 8	75	36	50	85	375 11 2	
Assistant Surgeon.	10 4	112	116	120	124	124	36 8									228	
	7 6 3	84	87	90	93	93	36 8	25 9 4	27 9 4	29 9 4	31 9 4	50	24	30	85	226 9 4	
Interpreter.							36 8									100	

A With Pay and Allowances of Regimental Rank, H. M. 2d and 40th Regiments have each two Interpreters vizt. one in Hindoostance with an Allowance of Rs. 60; the other in Mahratta with an Allowance of 40 Rupees. When the latter situation becomes vacant there will be only one Interpreter with each Corps on the new Allowance of 100, as fixed by G. G. O. 26th April 1839.



(Applicable only to Regiments that draw Pay in Advance, viz. H. M. 2d, 17th, and 40th Foot,  
CCLVIII. TABLE OF FIELD Allowances to Commissioned Officers of H. M. Regts. of Infy,

INFANTRY.	Additional Batta, less House Rent for a Month of			
	28 Days.	29 Days.	30 Days.	31 Days.
Lieut. Colonel .....	180	190	200	210
Major .....	130	137 8	145	152 8
Captain, Surgeon and Paymaster....	34	37	40	43
Lieutenant, Assist. Surg. & Qr. Master..	26	28	30	32
Ensign.....	17	18 8	20	21 8

NOTE.—Quarter Masters when in the Field, or Marching, receive also Horse Allowance Rupees 30 per mensem.

G. G. O. 17th  
Aug. 1835.

CCLIX. The Office Allowance of Quarter Masters of H. M. Horse and Foot is fixed at Rupees 55 per mensem. When a Quarter-master of a Queen's Regiment shall be absent on leave, within the Honorable Company's limits, the Officer acting for him shall draw the Office Allowance only; but, when the leave shall be to Europe, or beyond the Honorable Company's limits, the acting Officer will be permitted to draw the Staff Allowance of Rs. 2 per diem also.

G. G. O. 28th  
Nov. 1835.

CCLX. The Office Allowance (Queen's and Company's) for Paymasters of H. M. Regiments on this Establishment, is to be the same as is drawn by the corresponding grade of H. M. Service in Bengal, viz.

A Paymaster of Light Dragoons..... Rs. 66 5 4  
A Paymaster of a Regiment of Foot..... „ 78 10 8

G. G. O. 17th  
Dec. 1835.

CCLXI. The above Allowances (for Paymasters in Para. 262) are inclusive of Office Rent and Office Tentage, and in lieu of Writers, Stationery, and all Contingencies.

G. G. O. 6th  
Oct. 1818.

CCLXII. (H. C. L. to Bengal, 16th Feb. Para. LXXXVII.) "In consideration of the expense to which Her Majesty's Troops will be exposed from the date of their Debarkation, with reference also to the consideration that the debarkation of Corps, or Detachments of Corps at places other than those to which they may have been destined, is matter of accident or of necessity, not probably within the controul of the Officers Commanding such Corps or Detachments of Corps; we authorize you to pass Company's Allowances to all Corps, or Detachments of Corps, landing in any part of the Company's immediate Territories in India, from the date of the Debarkation of such Corps, provided such Debarkation were made by Order of the established Local Authorities; but we shall not admit Company's Allowances being passed to individual Officers, who shall land in any part of India different from that to which their Duty calls them. Individual Officers have power of obtaining a Passage on our own Ships, to any of the Presidencies in India at which their Regiments may be serving; or in case of Staff Officers, at which their usual and well known Duties call them to reside. If therefore they willfully land at other places, than that to which they ought to have directed their immediate course; or if Corps, or Detachments of Corps, or individual Officers, accidentally land at Ceylon, or any other place in India, where the Troops are not receiving Pay from the East India Company; in all such cases we direct that the Company's Allowances be not passed to them, until their actual arrival at the Presidencies to which they have been appointed."

G. L. 27th  
June 1829.

CCLXIII. (H. C. L. to the S. G. 29th Oct. 1828, Para. XXXIV.) In our Military Letter to Fort St. George, dated 18th June 1828 (Paragraph 121), Copy of which has been forwarded to you in the usual manner, we directed, that as Volunteers form no part off the Establishment of His Majesty's Regiments, no allowances be granted to persons of that denomination hereafter; These Orders are of course equally applicable to all the Presidencies.

G. G. O. 20th  
May 1833.

CCLXIV. (H. C. L. dated the 31st Oct. 1832 Para. I.) In consequence of a communication which we have received from the Secretary at War, we desire that, whenever it shall happen that the Officers of a King's Regiment upon your Establishment shall arrive at your Presidency previously to the expiration of the period for which Pay may have been advanced to them upon embarkation from this Country, you issue the difference between the rate at which the advance was made and the full rate of Pay and Allowances for the intervening time. Vide Para, 2

G. G. O. 20th  
Mar. 1834.

CCLXV. There being no Warrant Officers in the Company's Army, corresponding with Regimental Paymasters, or Quarter Masters, the increase of Pay now authorized for them will be issued in addition to the scale of Indian Allowances at present granted.

G. L. 5th Dec  
1836.

CCLXVI. (H. C. L. 6th July 1836, Para. XIII.) We consider Captain Meldrum to be equitably intitled to Indian Allowances from the date of his arrival at Madras; that Officer having been ordered by the Government of New South Wales to proceed thither on duty, with a Division of His Majesty's 63rd Regiment.

G. G. O. 7th  
Jan. 1833.

CCLXVII. The several Military Pay Masters under this Presidency, within whose range Regiments of H. M. Service may be stationed, are authorized to issue on the first of each month, to the Pay Masters of such Corps, an advance equal to the net Pay of the Officers for that month, which will be adjusted when the Abstracts are sent in; and to effect this, Division Paymasters will make the requisite provision in their Cash Estimates, so as to have a sufficient Balance in hand on first of each month, without the necessity of awaiting the receipt of the usual letters of credit for that month.



CCLXVIII The Hon<sup>ble</sup> the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize an advance of Cash to the Paymasters of King's or European Regiments, on their personal responsibility, on the 1st of every month, equal to the amount of the first week's subsistence of the men the indulgence not being considered to extend to the Officers and followers of the Regiments.

G. L. 19th  
July 1820.

### *Pay and Allowances of N. C. Officers and Soldiers in India.*

CCLXIX. (I) (G. O. G. 8th July 1840.) It having been deemed an object of great importance to equalize the Pay and Allowances of the whole of the European Troops at the several Presidencies, on the same principle as that which guided the recent equalization of the allowances of the Native Soldiery; viz. by taking the allowances fixed for the Bengal Army as the standard for the whole of India, the Right Hon<sup>ble</sup> the Governor General of India in Council, in obedience to the instructions of the Hon<sup>ble</sup> the Court of Directors, issued with the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary at War, is pleased to promulgate the following Orders.

G. G. O. 20th  
Augt. 1840.

CCLXX. (II) From and after the 1st of November next, the European Troops at Madras and Bombay will be victualled by the public, and will receive the same rates of Pay and Compensation for Spirits as are issued to the corresponding classes in the Bengal Army.

CCLXXI. (III) The rates of Pay fixed for Soldiers of Her Majesty's Army by the Royal Warrant dated the 20th March 1837, if converted into Company's Rupees at the intrinsic par value of the two coins, viz. 2s. 0½d. for the Rupee, are less than the rates established for the payment of the same Ranks in Her Majesty's Regiments and in the East India Company's European Artillery and Infantry serving in the Bengal Presidency; but as the Bengal Scale has been enjoyed during a long course of years, it is not deemed necessary or desirable to make any reduction or alteration in it. The Bengal standard, therefore has been followed in the annexed general Table wherein a distinctive issue of compensation for Spirits is omitted, and a consolidated amount declared, the whole of which is to be drawn in Abstract from the Pay Department; and except in some few instances where the Pay is slightly increased in order to preserve the relative proportions between the different ranks, as established by the Royal Warrant, the rates here laid down are precisely the same as now drawn by the Bengal Troops, and are declared to be henceforth applicable to the whole of India.

CCLXXII. (IV) In the introduction of the new Pay Tables at the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay it is directed that in all cases when the Pay and Allowances of the other Presidencies have exceeded those of Bengal; the reductions are to be prospective, and applicable only to Non-Commissioned Officers promoted, or to Men enlisted after the promulgation of this order.

CCLXXIII. (V) An uniform Table of daily rations for the three Presidencies, at all stations and seasons, is established as follows, being the same scale as ordered for H. M. Soldier at Jamaica, with the addition herein granted of Firewood and Salt.

- 1 lb of Bread,
- 1 lb of Meat,
- 4 oz of Rice,
- 1½ oz of Sugar,
- ½ oz of Tea,
- 3 lb of Firewood,
- 1 Chittack of Salt.

(NOTE. For further Regulations on the subject of daily Rations, dry Batta and Spirits, vide the separate G. G. O. No. 1 of 1842. Paras 42 a 53.)

CCLXXIV. (VI) Hospital Stoppages at one established rate, that of Bengal, to be introduced throughout India from the 1st of November viz. Non-Commissioned Officers, including Serjeants, Corporals, Bombardiers, Horse and Foot Artillery, Trumpeters, Drummers, and Fifers, each, Company's Annas (3) three, per diem; Privates and Farriers, Company's Annas (2) two per diem; European and East Indian Women, Company's Annas (1) one per diem.

(NOTE. No stoppage is made from Children. G. G. O. 5th May 1841.)

CCLXXV. (Horse Guards 25th Feb. 1813.) Boys of fifteen years of age and upwards, receive the same Pay as Men.

G. O. C. I. 2d  
Sept. 1813.

CCLXXVI. The Field Pay of European Troops is to be drawn at all Stations beyond 200 Miles from the Presidency, and on occasions of marching it will commence and cease on the same date that the Extra Batta of the Officers doing duty with the Corps commences and ceases.

G. G. O. 5th  
May 1841.

CCLXXVII. H. M. Troops, both Officers and Men of Regiments now on this Establishment and all who may hereafter join those Regiments from Europe or elsewhere, will continue to draw pay in advance as at present, but those belonging to Regiments placed on this Establishment after the 1st May 1841 will draw pay in arrear.

G. G. O. 10th  
June 1841.

CCLXXVIII. Non-Commissioned Officers, whose periods of Service from time to time expire, and who decline re-enlisting, are entitled to the pay of the rank they respectively held at the date of the expiration of their Service, until their final discharge. The vacancies thereby caused among the effective Non-Commissioned Officers are not, however, to remain open, but they are to be filled up from the day on which the Service-expired Non-Commissioned Officers leave their Regiments, in progress to embark for Europe.

G. O. C. I. 2d  
Mar. 1820.

CCLXXIX. Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates serving as Marines on board ship are not to be stopped for the Provisions they receive.

War Office  
Circular 29th  
July 1806.



NOTE. In addition to the Indian Pay, as per Pay Table in Paras 281 & 282, they receive Dry Batta after deducting (because Spirits form a part of the Ship Ration) the value of Spirits included in the Pay, being Rupees 3 11 4 the same for any month, viz.

Amount of Dry Batta.....	6	13	4
Deduct Liquor money included in pay....	3	2	0
	Rupees... 3 11 4		

CCLXXX. TABLE OF PAY FOR THE NON-COMMISSIONED AND RANK AND FILE OF HER MAJESTY'S DRAGOONS.

	Pay and compensation for Spirit rations.											
	For a Month of 28 days.			For a Month of 29 days.			For a Month of 30 days.			For a Month of 31 days.		
AT FIELD STATIONS AND WHEN IN THE FIELD.												
Serjeant Major.....	45	15	8	47	7	9	48	15	10	50	7	11
Troop Serjeant Major.....	37	9	11	38	14	10	40	3	8	41	8	6
Serjeant.....	24	9	5	25	6	4	26	3	2	27	0	0
Corporals.. { above 17 years* .....	19	9	11	20	4	4	20	14	10	21	9	3
{ under do. ,, .....	17	12	0	18	5	5	18	14	10	19	8	3
Trumpeter.....	17	12	7	18	5	8	18	14	10	19	7	11
Privates... { above 17 years* .....	15	2	9	15	10	10	16	2	11	16	10	11
{ under do. ,, .....	13	4	11	13	11	11	14	2	11	14	9	11
IN GARRISON AND CANTONMENT.												
Serjeant Major.....	44	8	4	45	15	7	47	6	10	48	14	1
Troop Serjeant Major.....	36	2	7	37	6	8	38	10	8	39	14	8
Serjeant.....	24	5	5	25	1	6	25	13	6	26	9	6
Corporals.. { above 17 years* .....	19	3	2	19	12	9	20	6	5	21	0	0
{ under do. ,, .....	16	11	9	17	4	4	17	12	11	18	5	6
Trumpeter.....	16	5	3	16	13	6	17	5	10	17	14	1
Privates.... { above 17 years* .....	13	13	4	14	4	7	14	11	10	15	3	0
{ under do. ,, .....	11	13	7	12	3	9	12	9	11	13	0	1
Boy..... (G. G. O. 19th Nov. 1840) Ditto.	5	11	5	5	14	9	6	2	0	6	5	3

\* For length of Service merely. For the additional Pay for Good Conduct, Vide Para. 296.

CCLXXXI. TABLE OF PAY FOR THE NON-COMMISSIONED AND RANK AND FILE OF HER MAJESTY'S REGIMENTS OF INFANTRY.

	Pay and compensation for Spirit rations.											
	For a Month of 28 days.			For a Month of 29 days.			For a Month of 30 days.			For a Month of 31 days.		
AT FIELD STATIONS AND WHEN IN THE FIELD.												
Serjeant Major.....	41	10	3	42	13	1	44	0	0	45	2	10
Quarter Master Serjeant.....	36	9	9	37	6	2	38	2	8	38	15	2
Color Serjeant.....	27	12	3	28	10	10	29	9	5	30	8	0
Serjeant.....	20	11	10	21	7	3	22	2	8	22	14	1
Corporals.. { above 14 years* .....	16	9	2	17	2	5	17	11	8	18	4	11
{ under do. ,, .....	14	11	3	15	3	5	15	11	8	16	3	10
Drummer.....	13	1	10	13	8	10	13	15	10	14	6	10
Privates... { above 14 years* .....	12	11	5	13	2	8	13	10	0	14	1	3
{ under do. ,, .....	10	13	7	11	3	9	11	10	0	12	0	2
IN GARRISON AND CANTONMENT.												
Serjeant Major.....	40	3	0	41	5	0	42	7	0	43	9	0
Quarter Master Serjeant.....	35	2	4	35	14	0	36	9	8	37	5	4
Color Serjeant.....	26	8	8	27	6	6	28	4	3	29	2	0
Serjeant.....	19	8	9	20	3	4	20	13	11	21	8	6
Corporals.. { above 14 years* .....	15	1	10	15	10	9	16	2	8	16	11	1
{ under do. ,, .....	13	3	11	13	11	4	14	2	8	14	10	0
Drummer.....	11	10	6	12	0	8	12	6	10	12	13	0
Privates... { above 14 years* .....	11	4	2	11	10	7	12	1	0	12	7	5
{ under do. ,, .....	9	6	3	9	11	8	10	1	0	10	6	4
Boy..... (G. G. O. 19th Nov. 1840) Ditto.	7	6	10	7	11	1	7	15	4	8	3	7

\* For length of Service merely. For the additional Pay for Good Conduct, Vide Para. 296.

CCLXXXII. (G. O. G. G. 7th October 1840.) The same (now) rates of Pay are to be drawn for Men in Hospital, who will continue to be dictated by the Commissariat as at present, in conformity with the Medical Regulations.

CCLXXXIII. One Month's pay to defray funeral charges as authorized in G. O. G. G. 5th October 1827, will also be drawn at the above rates, for Men deceased, whose bodies require sepulture. (NOTE.—The G. O. G. G. 5th Oct. 1827, directs that the allowance shall be drawn in the abstract under the head of "Additional charges" viz. Funeral charges on account of Serjeant, or Private A, B: And G. O. C. I. 29th November 1826 declares that the Pay drawn for Funeral expenses is an allowance to the Officer Commanding the Company, and that while it exonerates him from loss on that account "it secures to the representative of the deceased Soldier, the full amount of the Effects of which he might be possessed at the time of his death" and which might not always be the case, if the Estate was credited with the Pay and debited with the funeral expenses.)



### Additional Pay for length of Service.

CCLXXXIV. Every Corporal and Private enlisted before the 1st September 1836, (who declines to accept the advantages of the Good Conduct Warrant) having served, after the Age of 18, in the Cavalry, 17 years, or in the Infantry 14 years, is entitled to two Pence additional Pay. (NOTE, *The additional Pay is included in the Table in Para*)

War Office  
Collection 1841  
and Regns. of  
1806.

CCLXXXV. In calculating the additional pay of Soldiers enlisted before the 1st December 1829, Service in the East or West Indies, (other than in West India Regiments,) in Ceylon, the Mauritius, the Western Coast of Africa, St. Helena, and the Bermudas, may be reckoned as three years for every two years of actual Service.

War Office  
Explanatory Di-  
rections 1838.

CCLXXXVI. Serjeants reduced to the Ranks may reckon their Service as Serjeant towards additional pay, as Privates or Corporals.

CCLXXXVII. Every Soldier convicted of desertion thereupon forfeits all claim to additional Pay.

CCLXXXVIII. A Soldier may be sentenced by a Court Martial to forfeiture of his additional Pay for various offences specified in the Mutiny Act, and Articles of War.

CCLXXXIX. Service, as Drummer, Trumpeter or Bugler, does not reckon towards additional Pay,

CCXC. Soldiers, who enlisted prior to the 25th March 1829, are allowed to reckon their Service from the commencement of the Quarter in which they respectively enlisted, but Soldiers enlisted subsequently to that date, are only allowed to reckon from the actual date of attestation.

CCXCI. When a Man becomes entitled to additional Pay for length of Service, the first charge on account thereof is to be vouched by a certified copy of the record of his services.

CCXCII. Soldiers of whatever rank, who served at Waterloo, are allowed to reckon two years in virtue of that Victory.

CCXCIII. The claims of Men enlisted after the 30th November 1829 to the additional two Pence per diem, will commence only after fourteen year's Service actually completed. (*Vide H. M. Warrant 14th November 1829.*)

War Office  
Collection 1841.

CCXCIV. No Soldier shall hereafter reckon as Military Service the time he may have previously served in H. M. Navy (*Ibid.*)

### Good Conduct Pay.

CCXCV. All Corporals, Trumpeters, Drummers, Fifers, Buglers, and Private Soldiers, enlisted or re-enlisted on or after the 1st day of September 1833, shall have no claim to additional Pay after any period of Service, but a reward of additional Pay for good conduct shall be granted to such Soldiers under the following rules. (*Vide the Good Conduct Warrant in the Appendix B.*)

War Office  
Circular 1841.

CCXCVI. Increased Pay for *Length of Service* to Corporals, Privates &c is to be drawn at the rates laid down in the Tables published in G. G. O. No. 520, but the additional Penny, two Pence, three Pence, and four Pence, per diem, termed *Good Conduct Pay*, is to be drawn at the following rates, and it is to be charged in the Pay Abstracts separately, under the head of extra charges.

G. G. O. 4th  
Mar. 1841.

1 Penny per diem . . . . .	.Rs. 1 3 11	}	For any month.
2 Pence . . . . . do . . . . .	2 7 9		
3 Ditto . . . . . do . . . . .	3 11 8		
4 Ditto . . . . . do . . . . .	4 15 6		

CCXCVII. (*War Office Circular, 21st December 1836.*) Soldiers who enlisted before the 1st of September 1836, although they are permitted to declare at any future time, their option of relinquishing for good conduct Pay all right to additional Pay, the issue of the former allowance can only commence in future from the dates on which the claims thereto, shall be preferred.

G. O. C. I. 6th  
June 1837.

CCXCVIII. (*War Office Circular, 27th August 1839.*) Good conduct Pay may be issued Eastward of the Cape of Good Hope without the special sanction of the Secretary at War.

G. O. C. I. 1st  
Feb. 1840.

CCXCIX. (*War Office Circular, 13th September 1836.*) The Service requisite to entitle Corporals, Drummers, Trumpeters, Fifers, Buglers and Private Men to the distinction & rewards granted by this Warrant may include former service in all ranks after the Age of 18.

G. O. C. I. 27th  
Jan. 1837.

CCC. NOTE. *The rule under which 2 years Service in India counted for 3 years, in claims to the additional Pay for length of Service, does not obtain with regard to good conduct Pay.* (G. G. O. 5th May 1841.)

### Pay of Prisoners and Deserters.

CCCI. (G. O. G. G. 7th Oct. 1840.) In continuation of General Orders of the 8th July last, No. 146, the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct, that the consolidated rates of pay therein laid down for the Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of Her Majesty's and Honorable Company's Services, are to be drawn for Men in confinement, the amount being disposed of \* as directed in General Order No. 184, 21st November 1823, and the Prisoner being dieted under the regulations at present in force.

G. O. C. I. 14th  
Oct. 1840.

\* After providing for subsistence and clothing the surplus to be appropriated towards the Regimental School, or otherwise usefully expended for any public and regimental purpose, at the discretion of the Commanding Officer.



At the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, and with reference to the orders noted in the Margin, it is hereby directed, that the surplus Pay and Arrears of European Soldiers, or Non-Commissioned, which may accumulate during their Confinement in Jail, for Criminal Offences, or by the Sentence of Military Court, in Solitary Confinement in Conjee Houses &c. after providing for their subsistence and Clothing during confinement only, shall be appropriated towards the Regimental School, or otherwise usefully expended for any Public Regimental purpose, at the discretion of the Commanding Officer, the same being duly notified in Regimental Orders.

(G. O. G. G. 21st Nov. 1823.)

G. O. G. G. 11th Oct. 1822.

G. O. G. G. 9th May 1823.

(Extract from G. O. G. G. 11th Oct 1822.) That the sum of six Pence per diem shall be paid on account of subsistence for each Non-Commissioned Officer and Private of His Majesty's Service confined in any Jail, Prison or Conjee House by the sentence of a Court-Martial, the pay of such persons being drawn by their Paymasters or the Brigade Major of the King's Troops in full, and the balance beyond six Pence a day appropriated to the purpose of providing such Prisoners with Light Articles of Clothing under the authority of H. E. the Commander in Chief.

(G. O. G. G. 9th May 1823) In advertence to the General Orders of the 11th October 1822, giving effect to the 26th Section of the Mutiny Act of 1822, the following addition is directed to be made after the words "Light Articles of Clothing" viz. "or if necessary towards defraying any extra expense, arising from Local Situation, or otherwise in their victualling beyond the six Pence payable to the Prison-keeper under the authority" &c. &c.

G. O. C. I. 2d  
Feb. 1834.

CCCII. (G. O. G. G. 21st Feb. 1834.) The General Order of the 21st November 1823, having been in some instances understood to warrant deductions from the Pay of European Soldiers placed in confinement without trial, by order of their Commanding Officer, the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that no deduction be made, under the authority of Government, from the Pay of any Soldier confined in virtue of any other authority than the sentence of a Court Martial, or the order of a competent Court of Civil or Criminal Judicature.

G. O. C. I. 24th  
June 1834.

CCCIII. (War Office Circular, 31st October 1833.) The following rules are applicable to the cases of Men placed in confinement or made liable to forfeitures by Sentence of Court Martial, under the provisions of the Mutiny Act.

CCCIV. If a Soldier be Sentenced to forfeiture of Pay, additional Pay, Beer-money or Liquor-money, for a particular period, not specially included in the period of imprisonment, such award is to be considered as in addition to the penalties of imprisonment, and to commence from the termination of such imprisonment.

CCCV. A Soldier already under Sentence of forfeiture, if again Sentenced to imprisonment before the first Sentence is expired, is not to be allowed to reckon the period of such imprisonment towards the completion of the first Sentence. A period of imprisonment cannot be allowed to reckon towards the fulfilment of a Sentence to forfeiture, the Soldier whilst in confinement having no Pay, &c. to forfeit.

CCCVI. If a Soldier is removed into Hospital while undergoing a Sentence of confinement, the period during which he is in Hospital, is to reckon as part of such Sentence.

G. O. C. I. 15th  
Sep. 1835.

CCCVII. (War Office Circular, 12th May 1835.) Any Soldier, who may be imprisoned, on a charge of any Offence, whether Civil or Military, shall forfeit his Pay from the date of commitment, provided he shall be convicted of the Offence for which he may be so committed.

Mutiny Act  
1841.

CCCVIII. The Mutiny Act of 1841 empower Courts Martial to sentence Prisoners to loss of Pay and otherwise subject them to loss of Pay as follows:—

CCCXIX. Clause 7.—A General Court Martial may award "forfeiture of all advantage as to Additional Pay" whether it might have accrued from past Service or might accrue from future Service."

CCCX. Clause 9.—A District or Garrison Court Martial may award forfeiture as above, also Sentence an Offender to be "put under Stoppages, not exceeding two-thirds of his daily Pay, until the amount be made good of any Loss or Damage arising out of his misconduct."

CCCXI. Clause 10.—A Regimental Court Martial may Sentence a Soldier "to be deprived of a Penny a Day of his Pay for any period not exceeding Thirty Days."

CCCXII. Clause 11.—Soldiers found guilty of Desertion by a General or District or Garrison Court Martial, or of Felony by a Civil or Criminal Court of Judicature "shall thereupon forfeit all advantage as to additional Pay."

CCCXIII. Clause 30.—Six Pence per Diem allowed to Goalers &c. for the Subsistence of Deserters.

CCCXIV. Clause 46.—"Any Soldier who shall absent himself without Leave, or who shall desert, shall on conviction by a General or other Court Martial "forfeit his Pay for the Days on which he has so absented himself."

CCCXV. "No Soldier shall be entitled to Pay or to reckon Service towards Pay" when in Confinement under any Sentence of any Court, or during any absence from Duty by commitment under the Civil Power on a charge of any offence cognizable by a Civil or Criminal Court, or by reason of any arrest for Debt or as a Prisoner of War or while in confinement under any charge of which he shall afterwards be convicted."

\* Vide Paras. 15 & 16, Separate G. O. No. 20,



CCCXVI. Any Soldier absenting himself for any period not exceeding five Days shall forfeit Pay during absence at the discretion of his Commanding Officers.

CCCXVII. Provided "that any Soldier, acquitted of any offence for which he had been committed, shall upon return to his Duty in his Corps, be entitled to receive all Arrears of Pay growing due, and to reckon Service during his Absence or confinement." On re-joining from being a prisoner of War, due enquiry is to be made by a Court Martial &c.

CCCXVIII. The Deserter is not to be replaced on the strength of his Regiment, nor to receive pay until the day he joins.

War Office Ex-  
planatory Direc-  
tions 1838.

CCCXIX. The allowance for the subsistence of a Deserter, whether in confinement, or on the march, is six-pence a day.

CCCXX. Every Soldier convicted of desertion thereupon forfeits all claim to additional Pay.

CCCXXI. A Soldier who overstays his furlough, is to be returned as Deserter, unless he satisfactorily account for his absence.

H. M. Regus.  
and Orders for  
the Army 1837.

### Non-Commissioned Staff.

CCCXXII. (G. O. G. G. 1st February 1834) The scale of Pay allowed to Regimental Paymaster Sergeants will be passed with reference to servitude, from the date of authority under which granted, and the Allowance to the Orderly Room Clerks, from the period when they entered on the duties of their situation by Regimental Officers.

G. O. G. 20th  
March 1834.

CCCXXIII. (War Office Circular, 9th July 1830. Para. 17.) Having had under my consideration the situation of the Orderly Room Clerk, I am of opinion, that advantage will result to the Service by selecting a Private Soldier of the Regiment as Orderly Room Clerk, allowing him the difference between the Pay of Private and that of Serjeant, the Soldier thus selected, who shall continue faithfully to discharge his duties for a period of three years, will be allowed to rank and reckon service as a Serjeant, including the three years of probation, but if at any time he shall relinquish the situation without the approbation of his Commanding Officer, or is displaced therefrom in consequence of misconduct, he will revert to the Rank and Pay of a Private Soldier.

CCCXXIV. As a further inducement to good conduct, the Orderly Room Clerk, after having served ten years in that capacity, will receive an additional Allowance of six Pence a day, making his pecuniary advantages the same as those of a Color Serjeant in the Infantry and nearly equal to those of a Troop Serjeant Major in the Cavalry.

CCCXXV. It is not however required that the Non-Commissioned Officers at present employed as Orderly Room Clerks should be displaced, if the Commanding Officer is satisfied with the manner in which the duties are performed, in such case the present Regulation will be applied only when a vacancy shall occur.

CCCXXVI. (Para. 18) Having also adverted to the situation of the Clerk to the Regimental Paymaster, who is borne on the Establishment with the rank and Pay of Serjeant, but who, in the capacity of Paymaster's Clerk, cannot be promoted to be a Color Serjeant in the Infantry, or to Troop Serjeant Major in the Cavalry, I have to acquaint you, that the Paymaster's Clerk, having served ten years as such, may be recommended to the Commanding Officer and Paymaster for an Allowance of six Pence a day, in addition to his Pay as Serjeant, but this additional Allowance will at any subsequent period, be liable to be suspended, or wholly taken away, if the Paymaster's Clerk is guilty of any neglect or misconduct, the circumstances of the case being fully stated to the Secretary at War, by the Commanding Officer and Paymaster, if it should not be deemed expedient to resort to a Court Martial.

CCCXXVII. (War Office Circular, 15th March 1837) I have the honor to acquaint you that with a view to improve the situation of the Regimental School Master Serjeant, by affording a reward for good conduct, it has been determined to extend to the Individuals thus employed, the like additional allowance of six Pence a day after ten years uninterrupted Service, in that capacity, as is granted under the Regulation of 9th July 1830, to the Orderly Room Clerk, and Pay Master Serjeant, for good conduct after the same period of service in those ranks.

G. O. G. 11th  
July 1837.

CCCXXVIII. The claim, in each instance is to be supported by a certified copy of the School Master's verified record of Service, and by the Commanding Officer's recommendation, from the date of which the increased Pay will commence,

CCCXXIX. It is however to be clearly understood, that the allowance is liable to be suspended, or wholly taken away, if the School Master Serjeant shall be guilty of any neglect or misconduct, upon the circumstances thereof being fully stated to this Office by the Commanding Officer, even though it should not be deemed expedient to resort to a Court Martial.

NOTE. The allowance for a Regimental School Mistress granted by Her Majesty's Warrant dated 29th October 1840, is to be considered as included in the Honorable Company's allowance for the School of Her Majesty's Regiments.

CCCXXX. A Serjeant of the Regimental Staff is not to be employed as Pay Serjeant of a Troop or Company.

H. M. Regus.  
and Orders for  
the Army 1837.



Old Pay Table.	CCCXXXI.	Staff Pay to Regimental Non-Commissioned Staff.		
		Serjeant Major.....	Rs. 20	} Included in Pay, vide Para.
		Gr. Mr. Serjeant.....	" 14	
		<i>Dragoons.</i>		
		1 Store-Serjeant.....	Rs. 14 0 0	
		1 Drill Serjeant.....	" 14 0 0	
		1 Drill Corporal.....	" 7 0 0	
		8 Pay Serjeants.....	" 7 each.	
		<i>Infantry.</i>		
		1 Drill Serjeant.....	Rs. 14 0 0	
		1 Drill Corporal.....	" 6 4 0	
		1 Fife Major.....	" 5 0 0	
		9 Pay Serjeants.....	" 7 0 0 each.	

*Miscellaneous Allowances.*

G. G. O. 17th Augt. 1822. CCCXXXII. (H. C. L. 18th Dec. 1819 Para. II.) "Having had under consideration several instances, in which Donations have been granted to King's Regiments quitting India, we have resolved to instruct our several Governments to refrain from making any such grant hereafter."

CCCXXXIII. (Para III.) "It is therefore our positive order, that you do not, upon any plea whatsoever, authorize the grant of a Donation to any Regiment quitting your Presidency; but that, if any circumstances of a peculiar nature shall appear to recommend a Regiment so situated to pecuniary consideration, you will submit the circumstances of the case to our decision."

G. O. C. I. 14th June 1841. CCCXXXIV. (G. O. G. 9th June 1841.) It having come to the knowledge of Government, that the Monthly Allowance granted to the Wives of European Soldiers has, in the recent instance, been paid to parties unprovided with any document to prove their marriage, the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct, that in future, the first Bill drawn for that Allowance on account of the Wife of any Soldier whether of Her Majesty's or the East India Company's Service shall invariably be accompanied by a duly authenticated Copy of her marriage certificate.

H. M. Regns. and Orders 1837. CCCXXXV. The Levelling of Ground in the vicinity of the Camp or Barracks, and making communications between different parts of them, are Duties of fatigue, and are to be performed without any Additional Pay.

CCCXXXVI. *Troop, Company and other Allowances.*

MONTHLY.				
To Captains and Officers in charge of Troops and Companies, in lieu of "Contingent Allowance," and for Stationery, Petty Stores, and repair of Arms (G. G. O. 10th January 1842)....		50	...	
For the Regimental School of a Regiment of Dragoons or Infantry (G. G. O. 8th May 1820)....		61	10	8
HALF YEARLY.				
To the Riding Master of Dragoons £93 4 0 (£186 8 0 per annum) at the exchange of 2s. 3½ l. per Rupee....		813	6	1
ANNUALLY.				
To all the Men of a Regiment of Dragoons enlisted before the 31st August 1830 in lieu of Boots, Spurs, Drawers and Gloves 8s. 6d. paid at the exchange of 2s. 0½ d. per Rupee—being each man (G. G. O. 15th June 1833) ..		4	2	7
OCCASIONALLY.				
Bounty to Men Volunteering to other Regiments on the return of their own Regiments to Europe (£3 3 0) being at the Exchange of 2s. 0½ d....		30	13	8
Bounty Money.	To Boys enlisted into the Cavalry or Infantry by special authority to be trained as Trumpeters, Drummers or Buglers. ....	£ 2	2 0	20 9 1
	To Men enlisted or re-enlisted in the Cavalry. ....	2	12 0	25 7 6
	Ditto ditto in the Infantry. ....	3	0 0	29 6 2

NOTE. Other Allowances common to both services, will be found in the Separate General Orders now in course of publication—such as.

For Officers ...	Mess Allowance.
	Veterinary do.
	Palankeen do. to Medical Officers.
	Command Allowance for Regiments and Detachments.
	Medical Staff Allowance.
	Allowance to Captain of Troop for Head and Heel Ropes.
	Allowance for passing examination in a Native Language.
	Passage Money from Port to Port in Western India.
	Table Money on Ship Board.
	Compensation for loss of Baggage, &c.
For Soldiers ...	Subsistence money to dismissed Officers.
	Allowance to Women and Children.
	Bedding Allowance.
	Hutting Money.
	Allowance for Cumley Cloaks.
	Working Money.
	Allowance in lieu of Punch on rejoicing days.
	Ditto for apprehending Deserters.
	Ditto to an Acting Librarian on the Passage out.



# PAY DEPARTMENT AND ACCOUNTS

## Paymasters.

CCCXXXVII. A Paymaster on a Foreign Station, charged with misdemeanour in the execution of his duty, may be suspended by the Officer Commanding in Chief on the Station but by no other authority upon the Station.

War Office  
Explanatory Di-  
rections 1838.

CCCXXXVIII. Regimental Paymasters on Foreign Service, are in no case to be permitted to hold any Staff situation; such duty being incompatible with that of their Regimental Commission.

CCCXXXIX. The Full Pay of a Regimental Paymaster commences from the time he joins his Regiments, but if the Corps is serving abroad, he is to receive 10 Shillings a day from the day on which he embarks to join his Regiment.

CCCXL. (H. C. L. 21st July 1824. Para. III.) We have to acquaint you that we have obtained the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary at War, to the deposit with the local Government by every Paymaster of a King's Regiment now serving, or that may hereafter serve, in the Company's Territories, of his own separate Security to the Company for five thousand Rupees, and that of another Person in the same sum.

G. G. O. 29th  
Jan'y. 1825.

CCCXLI. (IV.) A Circular communication will be made to Her Majesty's Army, apprizing the several Paymasters of this arrangement, and we desire that you will take immediate measures to possess yourself of the required Security, as respects the King's Regiments serving within the limits of your Presidency.

CCCXLII. The General Order dated the 20th May 1825, which directs that no Officer from whom Security is required shall be permitted to draw his Official Allowances until such Security be furnished, is not intended to apply to King's Regimental Paymasters, but only to Officers who receive a specific Salary in addition to their Pay and Allowances.

G. G. O. 31st  
Octr. 1827.

CCCXLIII. On all applications for permission for Officers to conduct the Pay Department of Her Majesty's Regiments, the Regimental Paymaster or Committee of Paymastership on whose account such Officer is to officiate, shall transmit with the application a written declaration in duplicate, signed in the one case by the Paymaster or in the other by each of the Officers composing the Committee, stating that they hold themselves responsible for the acts of the Officer who undertakes to perform the duties; and if the permission be granted, a notification to that effect from His Excellency the Commander in Chief to the Office of Audit, accompanied by the written obligation above-mentioned, will be the Military Auditor General's authority for recognizing the Acting Paymaster and passing his Allowances.

G. G. O. 20th  
Octr. 1827.

CCCXLIV. The Officer who undertakes to perform the duties of Paymaster must not be a Field or Staff Officer.

H. M. Regns.  
and Orders for  
the Army 1837.  
G.O.C. 1.11th  
July 1812.

CCCXLV. The Commander in Chief in India desires that all Applications from Regimental Paymasters, or from Officers Acting in that capacity, for Leave of Absence, may be accompanied with Statements of the Dates to which the Public Accounts have been rendered and no applications are to be forwarded by the Commanding Officer of any of Her Majesty's Regiments, unless accompanied by a certificate stating that the Accounts of the Regiment have been made up and transmitted to the latest possible period.

G. O. C. I. 31st  
Augt. 1836,

CCCXLVI. Applications have been more than once made to His Excellency the Commander in Chief, by Paymasters of Her Majesty's Regiments about to quit the East Indies, for leave of absence to remain behind their Regiments on a plea of finally settling their pecuniary affairs.

CCCXLVII. His Excellency deems it necessary to remind Paymasters that ample notice is given antecedent to the period of their embarkation for all such settlements, and that a Paymaster's Accounts should always be in such a state as to admit of speedy final adjustment, he therefore desires that similar applications may not be forwarded in future, excepting under very peculiar circumstances; which circumstances are to be detailed.

G. G. O. 12th  
July 1836.

CCCXLVIII. When a Paymaster of one of Her Majesty's Regiments, shall be absent in Europe, the Committee of Paymastership performing the duties, shall draw an allowance of four Rupees per diem with the allowance for Office Establishment.

G. L. 8th Dec.  
1837.

CCCXLIX. No Security is required from the Officers composing the Committee of Paymastership; their Commissions being sufficient security.

War Office  
Collection 1841.

CCCL. (Art. 19 of H. M. Warrant 20th March 1837) To a Regimental Paymaster absent for a period not exceeding twelve months from his Corps when it is on Foreign Service, under a certificate from the Commanding Officer of the Regiment and Senior Medical Officer on the Station, that his health is such that he cannot continue personally to discharge his duty, and that change of climate is absolutely necessary for the re-establishment of his health, a daily Allowance equal to the actual amount, not exceeding Five Shillings a day, which he shall be obliged to Pay to the Officer doing his duty in his absence.

G. L. 23rd Feb'y  
1839.

CCCLI. (H. C. L. 19th Dec. 1838.) We forward in the Packet for your observation and notice copy of a letter received by us from the Deputy Secretary at War explanatory of the amount of Pay to be issued to Paymasters of Her Majesty's Regiments when absent from their duty on sick leave.

CCCLII. (Extract of a Letter dated War Office, 29th Nov. 1838.) The allowance of five Shillings a day granted by Article 19 of the Pay Warrant of the 20th March 1837, to the Regimental Pay Master for the limited period of 12 months is payable under the conditions therein



specified in addition to the rate of full Pay, to which he is entitled by length of Service, and under such circumstances no Committee of Paymastership is appointed but the Paymaster pays to the Officer Acting for him such remuneration as shall be agreed upon between them. Articles 27 and 28 of the explanatory directions contain further provisions on this head; and when the 12 months shall have expired, or in any other instance, in which the Paymaster shall have obtained leave of absence without sick certificate, this allowance is not granted, but the Paymaster is considered entitled to his full rate of pay, he being required to remunerate the Officer Acting in his absence,

War Office  
Explanatory Di-  
rections, 1838.

CCCLIII. Whenever a Paymaster shall be placed under arrest upon charges of defalcation, he is in the same manner, as when applying for leave of absence, to name some Officer to do his duty, and to remunerate such Officer for the same.

CCCLIV. Should the Paymaster be unable to prevail on any Officer to undertake the duty, a Committee is to be appointed to act for him, and if the Paymaster be found guilty, the Allowance of 10 Shillings a Day paid to the Committee is to be deducted from his Pay, but if he is acquitted, the Allowance paid to the Committee is to be charged against the public.

CCCLV. In case of the Paymaster's death or incapacity, his papers are to be taken possession of by the Major, or if the Major is not present, by the Commanding Officer, and by the two next Senior Officers; and the three Senior Officers, not including the Commanding Officer, are to act as a Committee of Paymastership, and to make up the several Pay Lists and accounts at the same periods, and under the same regulations as are prescribed for the Paymaster.

G. L. 6th June  
1840.

CCCLVI. A Paymaster in addition to two other Acting Staff, is never allowed for a wing, as the Acting Quarter Master should perform the duty of Paymaster.

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### Mode of Payment, Accounts, Retrenchments, Muster Rolls.

G. O. C. 1.  
30th Nov. 1829.

CCCLVII. His Excellency the Commander in Chief having received an official notification, that immediate measures are to be taken for assimilating the mode of payment of the British Cavalry, generally as nearly as possible to that of the Infantry, and His Lordship having been requested to carry the same into effect as regards His Majesty's Regiments in this country, it is hereby directed, that after the commencement of the ensuing year, a monthly (instead of a two monthly) settlement of accounts shall take place in all His Majesty's Regiments of Cavalry in India, and that the same shall be notified accordingly in the Monthly Return of each corps.

G. O. C. 1.  
23d Nov. 1840.

CCCLVIII. (G. O. G. 18th Nov. 1840) In settling with Soldiers of Her Majesty's Regiments serving in India, for any gratuities or grants to which they may be entitled by Warrant from the Crown, the amount of such gratuities or grants when expressed in Sterling money, or not otherwise specially provided for, is to be converted into Indian currency at the rate of two Shillings and a half Penny per Company's Rupee.

War Office  
Explanatory Di-  
rections, 1838.

CCCLIX. An Officer who shall leave his Pay in the hands of the Agent or Paymaster for any period beyond the month for which it is due shall not, in the event of the failure or defalcation of either, have any claim to relief from the Public, from the Colonel of his Regiment or from the Paymaster's Sureties.

G. L. 16th  
March 1839.

CCCLX. (G. L. Madras Government 19th Feb. 1839.) Officers of the Madras Presidency proceeding to Europe, to Sea, or to other Presidencies on Furlough, Private affairs or Medical certificate are required before their departure to adjust all retrenchments or public demands against them, or otherwise furnish to the Accountant General collateral security in the following form, failing which, the Paymaster shall withhold from them a last Pay certificate, & as regards their pay and allowances they shall be accounted absent without leave.

#### FORM.

To, Madras ———  
The Accountant in the Military Department  
of the Accountant General's Office,  
Fort Saint George.

Sir,  
A. B. having obtained leave to proceed to ——— I (or we) hereby engage to repay to the Government of Fort Saint George the amount of any demands that may be made by the Military Auditor General or of out-standing balances against him for two years from this date.

(Signed) C. D.

N. B. This rule is applicable to Officers serving in the Eastern Settlements proceeding to Calcutta for the purpose of embarking thence, and to Officers who may be permitted by the Governments of other Presidencies to proceed to Europe or to Sea (who will be required to grant security at those Presidencies for transmission to the Accountant General at Madras) as well as to those who proceed direct from the Eastern Settlements on Medical Certificate to Europe or to Sea.

G. G. O. 7th  
June 1801.

CCCLXI. One set of Disbursements to show the whole of the expenditure for King's Net Pay, as well as the Hon'ble Company's Allowances, to His Majesty's Troops serving under this Presidency.

G. G. O. 22nd  
May 1810.

CCCLXII. The following Regulations are established, for the recovery of Retrenchments, from Officers of His Majesty's Regiments serving under this Presidency.

CCCLXIII. Regimental Paymasters of H. M. Regts. to be answerable to the Military Accountant for all Retrenchments against the Officers, &c. of their respective Corps; and upon the resignation of Regimental Paymasters, as well as previous to the departure of the Regiment from any Station under this Establishment, either for Europe or on Foreign Service; or to remove to another Presidency, the Military Accountant shall require such Paymaster to lodge Security with him for the amount of all Retrenchments, which have been made on Audit against the Officers, &c. of the Regiment to which he belongs.



CCCLXIV. The Paymasters of Her Majesty's Regiments are, therefore, ordered to take measures for recovering the amount of Retrenchments, from the Parties concerned, conformably to the existing Regulations, and are to be accountable to the Military Accountant for the full amount of all sums, which may not be admitted, on the replies or explanations of the Parties by the Military Auditor General.

CCCLXV. (H. C. L. to the S. G. 28th Dec. 1827, Para. XXVI.) In our dispatch in this Department, dated 23rd August 1826, we noticed the difficulty which was experienced in effecting the recovery in this Country of the amount of Retrenchments against Officers in His Majesty's Service; and we have now to add our desire that all cases in which advances are made to King's Officers, of which a proportion is recovered by the Regulations of the Service, no delay be permitted to occur in bringing the charges on your Books, in order to the sums being recovered before the Officers leave India.

G. G. O. 16th  
Feb. 1829.

CCCLXVI. Until further Orders, any alterations that may hereafter be made, in the rate of exchange for Bills drawn in repayment of advances to His Majesty's Service shall not have retrospective effect, but shall come into operation only from the date of the promulgation of the Order announcing the same.

G. G. O. 30th  
Nov. 1830.

CCCLXVII. As His Majesty's Troops serving under this Presidency, receive their Pay and Allowances from the Honorable Company, they are to be mustered monthly by Companies, by the Officers who muster the Honorable Company's Troops at the several Stations; and the Muster Rolls are to be made out by Officers in charge of Companies, agreeably to the established forms;

G. G. O. 7th  
June 1801.

CCCLXVIII.

FORM OF MUSTER ROLL.

H. M. ——— REGIMENT.

MUSTER ROLL OF CAPTAIN  
as taken at

or  
on the day of

184

Company

No.	RANK.		NAMES.		REMARKS.
	Captain	.. .. .			
	Lieutenant	.. .. .			
	Ensign	.. .. .			
	Colour Serjeant	.. .. .			
	Serjeants	.. .. .			
Not drawing extra Pay.	Drawing Extra Pay.		General No.	NAMES.	
	For length of Service.	For good Conduct.			
7 Years.	14 Years.	1st Class. 7 Years.			
		2d Class. 14 Years.			
		3d Class. 21 Years.			
		4th Class. 28 Years.			
					CORPORALS.
					DRUMMERS.
					PRIVATES.
					Absentees.
					Non Effective since last month.







## Remittances.

(Vide separate G. G. O. No. 33 of 1842, for further Orders under this head.)

CCCLXIX. All Sums saved from the Pay, or deducted at the desire of the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's Service, and intended *bona fide* for Remittance to their Families in the United Kingdom, shall be noted for deduction by the Paymasters of Regiments, at the foot of their Monthly Abstracts, or Estimates under the head "*Total of Family Remittance Money.*"

G. G. O. 14th  
June 1823.

CCCLXX. The Paymaster and Officer Commanding the Regiment shall certify underneath, that the Sum so deducted, is *bona fide* for the purpose set forth, and for the use and benefit only of the Parties named in a Sheet to be annexed appropriated for "*Sums deducted.*"

CCCLXXI. In this Sheet, which will accompany each Abstract or Estimate shall be entered:—

(1st) The Names and Rank of the Men making the Remittance.

(2d) The Company.

(3d) The Sums for Deduction and Remittance.

(4th) The full Address and Residence of the Parties to whom each sum is payable by the Regimental Agent, to be signed by the Commanding Officer and Paymaster, respectively.

CCCLXXII. The Paymasters, under the direction of Commanding Officers, should forward to the Agents, a true Copy of the Sheet appropriated to "*Sums deducted.*" with such Memoranda from the Men, under the Signature of the Commanding Officer, or Captains, of Companies relative to the appropriation, as may serve to prevent mistakes on the part of the Regimental Agents, and to fulfil the intention of the facility thus afforded to the Men and their Families.

CCCLXXIII. (H. C. L. 20th May 1835, Para. I.) With reference to our orders dated the 26th January 1825, we direct that you relinquish your present practice of drawing Bills upon us on account of the Family Remittances of Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of King's Regiments and also of the effects of deceased Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's Regiments in India, and that you adopt the preferable plan of sending us Quarterly Rolls of the sums paid into your Treasury on the above accounts by the King's Service, as you already are in the habit of doing in the case of payments on similar accounts by the Company's Service.

G. G. O. 2d  
January 1836.

CCCLXXIV. (II) We further direct, that in future the Family Remittances made through our Treasury by Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's Service, be accounted for separately, and that a distinct Roll of the Remittances from each King's Regiment be drawn out and forwarded to us with the name of the Regimental Agent to whom the amount of the Roll is to be paid in this Country.

CCCLXXV. Family Remittance to Europe by Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers are to be made at the intrinsic par value of the Rupee, viz. 2s 3/4d.

G. G. O. 4th  
March 1841.

CCCLXXVI. In pursuance of Instructions from the Honorable the Court of Directors, it is hereby notified that a Remittance will in future be granted, through the Honorable Company's Treasury, in such cases as it may be desired, for Fees of Commissions in His Majesty's Service; and for proceeds of the effects of Commissioned Officers of the King's and Company's Service, dying in India, and that the Payment will be adjusted at the same rate of Exchange, as is observed in the repayment of Advances made by the Company for His Majesty's Service, fixed annually, in the month of December, by the Lords of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the Honorable Court of Directors.

G. G. O. 11th  
Oct. 1825.

CCCLXXVII. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to extend to the Troops of His Majesty's Service under this Presidency, the same advantage as is enjoyed by those serving under the Supreme Government, in respect to the rate of Exchange at which Remittances are made in payment for the Account Books supplied for the use of the Men, and to direct accordingly, that the course prescribed for Family Remittances, be adopted also in the case of Remittances in payment for the Account Books.

G. G. O. 15th  
Nov. 1831.

CCCLXXVIII. (H. C. L. to the S. G. dated 11th July 1834. Para. I.) We desire that, in future the Effects of deceased Non-commissioned Officers & Privates in the King's Service be at the rate at which their Pay is issued at the respective Presidencies.

G. G. O. 8th  
Jan. 1835.

CCCLXXIX. (II) We also desire that Remittances to pay for necessaries for Non-commissioned Officers and Privates in the King's Regiments serving in India, may be made at similar rates.

CCCLXXX. The Honorable the Governor General of India in Council having been pleased to authorize European Regiments to remit money for the purchase of Books in England for the Soldier's Library, at the same rate of exchange as the Pay is remitted, Commanding Officers of Corps are called upon to give effect to the benevolent intention of Government on all occasions when it may be necessary to send to England for a supply of Books for the Men's Libraries.

G. O. C. I.  
15th May 1835.

CCCLXXXI. His Excellency the Commander in Chief, in conformity with instructions received from the Right Honorable the Secretary at War, publishes the following extract for the information and guidance of Officers Commanding Her Majesty's Regiments in India,

G. O. C. I  
5th Aug. 1839.

CCCLXXXII. "With advertence to the Remittances which Soldiers of Her Majesty's Troops serving in the East Indies are permitted to make to Europe thro' the East India Company's Treasury the sum to be remitted by a Soldier at any one time is to be restricted to the amount of the actual saving of his pay, for a period not exceeding one year since his last Remittance."



CCCLXXXII. "This however is not to interfere with the liberality of the Court of Directors of the East India Company in regard to the property of Invalids going home."

G. G. O. 2nd  
Aug. 1837.

CCCLXXXIV (G. O. G. 10th July 1837) Under instructions from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, His Lordship in Council is pleased to direct, that family remittances from Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of King's Regiments serving in India, be strictly confined to the spirit of the Secretary at War's circular of the 30th April 1822, and 23d January 1827, the former of which gave rise to the indulgence of such remittances from Soldiers.

CCCLXXXV. It was never intended by these regulations, that money accumulated in a long course of years by individuals belonging to Regiments under orders for Europe, should be considered in the light of family remittances, or possess a claim to be forwarded to England through the medium of the Hon'ble Company's Treasuries at any of the Presidencies.

CCCLXXXVI. The object contemplated was, to afford to Soldiers on foreign stations the means of contributing periodically, by bona fide savings from their pay without loss or risk to the support of their families or connexions during their absence, or to send such savings periodically to England, to be held in deposit for their own advantage on their return.

G. G. O. 26th  
Apr. 1842.

CCCLXXXVII. (G. O. G. 6th April 1842.) With reference to General Orders dated 29th 1823, and 3d June 1825, No. 168; permitting the indulgence of remittances to Europe by the Soldiers of Her Majesty's Army, and to General Orders No. 138 dated 10th July 1837, explaining that the indulgence of Family Remittances to them was confined to bona fide savings from their Pay, the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct the publication in General Orders for observance at the three Presidencies, of the following memorandum received from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors dated 1st November 1841, which the Secretary at War has circulated to Her Majesty's Regiments on the Indian establishment, in order to prevent the abuse of the privilege enjoyed by Soldiers remitting money to their Families through the Company's Treasury.

CCCLXXXVIII. (Memorandum War Office 1st November 1841.) Various abuses having taken place in making remittances from India to this country, through the East India Company's Treasury, particularly in the cases of Soldiers who have realized large sums by other means than by savings from their Pay, and a recent case having occurred in which a Serjeant whose Wife had acquired a considerable sum in Trade, remitted nearly £500 by buying up Drafts from Soldiers for the sums sent home by them as deposits for their future benefit, Commanding Officers and Pay-masters are accordingly enjoined to pay the strictest attention in future to the instructions in Lord Palmerston's circular Letter No. 586, dated the 23d January 1827, defining the object and limits of such remittances, as for the due observance of those instructions, they will be held responsible.

G. O. C. I.  
14th Apr. 1840.

CCCLXXXIX. (War Office circular 26th November 1839.) As notwithstanding the arrangements referred to in my circular Letter dated 10th September 1837, No. 320, it is found that Soldiers, on returning from foreign stations, particularly the East Indies, are furnished by the Regimental Pay-master or by the Officer paying the Troop or Company abroad, to which the said Soldiers belong, with receipts or orders for sums to be paid through the Regimental Agent at Home, and that the Men frequently dispose of those documents at a great loss, or raise money upon them at exorbitant interest, I am directed to request that the practice of giving such receipts and orders may be discontinued, and that in future, separate Vouchers for the sums due to the several individuals concerned may be sent from every station abroad, through the Secretary at War, to the Regimental Agents, with the general quarterly statement of Remittances for the use of this Office.

A supply of the Forms of Remittance Voucher is sent herewith.

#### *Effects and Credits.*

War Office  
Explanatory Di-  
rections, 1838.

CCCXC. When Regiments are in India, Quarterly Casualty Returns made up according to the printed form are to be transmitted to the War Office; the Balances of deceased Officers and Men, not paid at the Regiment are to be paid into the Treasury of the East India Company at the Presidency, in order that the same may be paid by the Court of Directors to the Regimental Agent here; and in the Casualty Returns the sums are to be stated in Sterling money.

CCCXCI. By the Act of the 6th of Geo. IV Cap. 61, Officers who, under the authority of the Articles of War, collect or Superintend the collection of the Effects of Officers or Soldiers dying in service out of the United Kingdom may demand and receive such effects, and prosecute any actions for the recovery thereof, without taking out Letters of Administration; and no Registrar of any Court in the East Indies or elsewhere, can in any manner interpose in relation to any such effects, unless required or authorized to do so by the Officer acting under the authority of the Articles of War.

G. G. O. 29th  
Nov. 1838.

CCCXCII. (G. O. G. 1st Oct. 1838.) The following circular letter issued by Her Majesty's Secretary at War, bearing date the 26th February 1838, conveying additional instructions on the subject of the Remittances made to England in behalf of the Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's Service in India received from the Honorable the Court of Directors, is published for the information and guidance of all parties concerned.

War Office  
Explanatory Di-  
rections, 1838.

"With reference to the instructions in Articles 170 and 209 of the explanatory directions dated 1st January 1838, for paying into the Company's Treasury in India, the sums intended to be remitted to Regimental Agents in London by living Officers and Soldiers, and on account of the Effects and credits of those deceased. I have the honor to apprise you, that with the view of effecting more prompt and satisfactory transfers of the said sums to the individuals to whom the same are due, every Return of Remittances from living Officers and Soldiers, and every Casualty Return of Effects and credits periodically



that the Wives, and Children, Country born, as well as European of those who make choice of the Cape of Good Hope for their future Residence, will be permitted provided they bear good Characters, to accompany them thither at the Public Expence; it being clearly understood and you are required to distinctly explain to all concerned, that they will have no Claim whatever to a Passage back to India, should any of them hereafter from the loss of their Husbands, Fathers or any other cause be desirous of leaving the Cape, and returning to their Native Country.

CCCCXXII. To ensure a strict obedience of the above, the Commander in Chief directs Commanding Officers of His Majesty's Regiments recommending Invalids for the above Indulgence, will ascertain that the Men have Marriage Certificates, and which after certifying on the back, as correct, they will direct to be produced by the Invalids on arrival at the Presidency, to the Brigade Major King's Troops, for Record, as no Women, European or Native, will be allowed to proceed to the Cape unless so produced by their Husbands.

Extract from  
Pension certificate  
1839.

CCCCXXIII. This Paper is no Security for Debt.

CCCCXXIV. Any Pensioner convicted of Felony, is legally disqualified from receiving Pension or Prize-money, he will, on discovery of the same, be struck off the List, and forfeit for ever all benefit arising from this Establishment.

CCCCXXV. (H. C. L. 24th Nov. 1841.) Directs that a Gratuity of £5 payable to an Out-Pensioner, at the request of the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital, be charged in the Annual Accounts with the Royal Hospital.

G. L. 26th Jan.  
1842.

CCCCXXVI. No Pensioner to be enlisted.

H. M. Regus.  
and Orders for  
the Army 1837.

CCCCXXVII. In obedience to instructions received from the War Office, and communicated to this Government by the Commander in Chief in India, it is hereby declared that no Soldier receiving Pay from the Honorable Company can at the same time be allowed to draw any Pension or Allowance from His Majesty's Government. This rule must be considered as applying to the cases of the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital serving in the Hon'ble Company's Regiments on this Establishment, and whose Names will cease to be borne on the List of the Royal Forces.

G. G. O. 10th  
Nov. 1823.

CCCCXXVIII. (H. C. L. 11th Nov. 1818, Para. IV.) "In consequence of a communication we have received from the War Office suggesting that no Pensions may be paid to the Widows of Officers of His Majesty's Service dying in India, unless they shall have obtained the Royal Authority for receiving the same; we desire that you will not in future authorize the payment of any such Pensions, until such authority shall have been obtained in conformity with this suggestion."

G. G. O. 18th  
June 1819.

## STAFF.

CCCCXXIX. H. C. L. (7th January 1824. Para. V.) We have resolved that, for the period of the necessary residence in India of a General Officer in His Majesty's Service, upon his removal from the Staff, he be allowed to draw the full Batta of his Regimental Rank until the day of Embarkation. That this period shall, however, in no instance, exceed three months from the date of the announcement of the removal in General Orders at the Station where he may be serving.

G. G. O. 13th  
May 1824.

CCCCXL. It is hereby notified, that a Major General of His Majesty's Service, employed in the Staff of any of the Presidencies, shall be permitted to draw his Staff Salary up to the date of promulgation at the Head Quarters of his Division of the Government General Order announcing the arrival of his Successor, and to no later period.

G. G. O. 20th  
May 1831.

CCCCXLI. (H. C. L. to the S. G. 6th Sept. 1829 Para. XXXII.) The charge to the Company on account of King's Officers holding Staff Appointments, but not attached to Regiments on the Indian Establishment, must be limited to the Staff Pay. If such Officers are upon half pay or are attached to Regiments stationed in other parts, the half Pay or Regimental Pay may be issued in India in exchange for Bills in our favor on the Regimental Agents in England.

G. G. O. 21st  
& 27th May 1830.

CCCCXLII. (Para. XXXIII.) We cannot consent to the issue to Officers so circumstanced of what are termed "Company's Allowances," which are enjoyed by Officers Regimentally and not in virtue of Staff situations.

CCCCXLIII. (H. C. L. 9th Feb. 1831.) We have resolved to limit its operation to the cases of Officers having been appointed from this Country subsequently to the date of this Dispatch, because we are of opinion that Staff Officers so circumstanced might, and we think should be, on the strength of Regiments serving in India, any deviation in respect to Officers of the Royal Engineers and Artillery, who are ineligible to hold a Regimental appointment on the Indian Establishment, can only be allowed on a previous recognition of their appointments by us and our express authority for the charge.

G. G. O. 30th  
June 1831.



G. L. 26th Sept. 1838. CCCCXLV. (H. C. L. 4th July 1838, Para. XXXII.) We have much pleasure in meeting the views of the Commander in Chief as expressed in his minute of the 26th February 1838. We accordingly authorize the appointment of a Deputy Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Troops at your Presidency with a Staff Salary of Rupees 700 per month.

CCCCXLVI. (XXXIII.) We further desire that the charge of unattached Men of Her Majesty's Regiments serving on your Establishment be committed to the Brigade Major of Her Majesty's Troops, and that his Staff Salary be fixed at Rs.\* 124 per month agreeably to the Regulations in Force in Bengal.

\* The present incumbent receives, under the special authority of the Honorable Court of Directors, an extra Salary of Rupees 150 a month.

G. G. O. 18th May 1826. CCCCXLVII. (H. C. L. 24th October 1825, Para. VII.) His Majesty's Government having determined that Medical Inspecting Officers, should be attached to the Staff of His Majesty's Army in India for the purpose of furnishing to His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief, and to the Army Medical Board, Reports on the health of the King's Troops, and the state of their Regimental Hospitals; We have to advise you of the appointment of an Inspector of Hospitals to the Staff of the Commander in Chief in India, and of a Deputy Inspector of Hospitals to that of the Commander in Chief at the Presidencies of Fort Saint George and Bombay, respectively.

G. G. O. 23d Sept. 1829. CCCCXLVIII. (H.C.L. 13th May 1829, Para. III.) We have had under our consideration the amount of allowances at present authorized for the Office of Deputy Inspector of Hospitals of His Majesty's Forces at your Presidency, and we have now to inform you that we have arranged with His Majesty's Government that the pay and allowances of that Officer shall be fixed at an aggregate of Rupees (1838) One thousand eight hundred and thirty eight, per mensem, commencing from the date of the receipt of this Dispatch. This rate is to be inclusive of every allowance whatever, except that of the travelling Batta of a Major whilst travelling on duty.

G. G. O. 7th May 1821. CCCCXLIX. An Assistant Surgeon in H. M. Service is appointed permanently to the charge of the Depôt of H. M. Troops on Colaba, with a Staff Allowance of two Rupees per diem, in addition to such other Allowances as the existing Regulations permit.

### Establishment of H. M. Depôt.

G. L. 26th Feb. 1838.	CCCC. A Writer for the Commanding Officer.....	25 .. ..	
	Staff Pay to the Medical Officer, 2 Rupees a Day.....	60 .. ..	
	1 Staff Serjeant.....	14 .. ..	
	1 Pay Serjeant.....	7 .. ..	
	1 Washerman.....	10 .. ..	
	Native Followers. {	1 Waterman.....	7 8 .. ..
		1 Sweeper.....	4 .. ..
		1 Halalcore.....	4 .. ..
	Allowance for Lights and Stationery including all incidental charges for a Company, Rs. 45, but increased by G.G.O, 10th January 1842 to.....	50 .. ..	
		Rupces.... 181 8 0	

NOTE. The above Establishment is allowed at all times, but Followers are allowed according to the total Strength of the Details at the Depôt in the same proportion as they are allowed for a Company, and the same rule is observed in respect to the "Company" allowance of 50 Rupees, which is proportionably increased whenever the Details exceed a Company, viz: 87 Men, as per G. G. O. 12th October 1839.

The medical Officer also receives Head money.



APPENDIX A.

*Synopsis of the General Orders issued to the Queen's Troops by the Commanders in Chief in India, and at Bombay in the years 1839, 1840, 1841 up to July 1842.*

*The dates and pages given are those of the Orders promulgated from the Office of the Deputy Adjutant General Queen's Troops, Bombay.*

Page.		Page.
COURTS MARTIAL.		
21	Regarding forfeiture of Pay and Pension, and dismissal with Ignominy. Opinion of the Judge Advocate General in England published, 27th April 1839.	
30	Members of Courts Martial who vote for an acquittal of a Prisoner, may nevertheless be called on to vote upon the punishment to be awarded, the same as if they had concurred in the sentence of Guilty, 29th May 1839.	
34	Evidence of previous conviction adduced against a Prisoner should be limited to conviction by a Court Martial, or a Court of Ordinary Jurisdiction, 4th July 1839.	
52	Certificates of ill Health of a Prisoner to be attached to Proceedings of Courts Martial before sentence, is passed (Pages 250 and 251 of H. M. Regns. referred to), 24th Sept. 1839.	
11	Former convictions cannot be brought against a Prisoner unless he receive notice thereof previous to his trial, 5th February 1840.	
92	An informality in framing charges pointed out; also the occasional omission of the Regimental number of the Soldier, 7th Oct. 1840.	
95	Remarks on awards by Courts Martial of long periods of imprisonment and the attention of Courts Martial thereto enjoined, 7th Oct. 1840	
13	Sentence of Solitary Confinement to be awarded by the Lunar month of 28 days not by the Calendar month, 2nd Feb. 1841.	
80	The transportation of Felons from India to New South Wales and Van Dieman's Land being prohibited, Courts Martial are to abstain from passing Sentence of Transportation on any Soldier convicted of Felony, 31st August 1841.	
91	A Commanding Officer may preside at a General Courts-martial on a Man of his own Corps, but it is better to avoid when practicable, 21st September 1841.	
91	Charges against Prisoners should not be read to Witnesses, 21st September 1841.	
61	Mutiny Act and Articles of War of 1842, to be in Force in India till the first day of February 1845, or till further orders, 19th July 1842.	
16	An Officer, whilst a Member of a Court Martial is not exempt from the controul and authority of his immediate Commanding Officer in matters perfectly distinct from his judicial functions.	
CORRESPONDENCE.		
23	Regimental Commanding Officers prohibited from corresponding direct with the Adjutant General at home on questions relating to discipline and the Articles of War. 21st May 1839.	
50	All correspondence hitherto addressed to the Military Secretary and Lists and Returns furnished to his office to be in future transmitted to the Brigade Major-Queen's Troops (now Deputy Adjutant General.) 11th September 1839.	
9	Letters, Returns &c., for the Horse Guards to be sent via Falmouth; exceptions to this rule by General Officers Commanding only in cases of emergency allowed; Private Letters not to be put under Official Covers. 4th February 1840.	
28	Days and Hours fixed for conducting the public business of the Army with the Commander in Chief, 18th March 1840.	
28	Correspondence in a demi-official form to be discontinued; the regular formal official letter to be adopted on all occasions of business. 18th March 1840.	
45	Cessation of the privilege of official Franking notified.. No letter to be addressed to the Horse Guards that is not bonâ fide, on the public service. Instructions of the Lords Commissioners of H. M. Treasury &c. 20th April 1840.	
	Instructions consequent on above, with the view of reducing the weight of official despatches regarding Letters and Returns being compressed and not enclosed in a Separate cover, certain monthly Returns to be made Quarterly. Superfluous Letters &c. to be avoided &c. &c. 20th April 1840.	46
	Letters &c. for the War Office to be sent via Falmouth, not via Marseilles. 12th May 1840.	56
	Officers are not to address the Secretary to Government direct, but thro' the proper departments attached to the Commander in Chief 4th June 1840.	62
	The practice of sending Letters, Returns &c. under cover to the Adjutant General, except those addressed and properly belonging to the Department, to be discontinued. No letter for other Parties to be put under official covers by which the charge for postage is evaded. 10th July 1840.	72
	Prohibition repeated, 31st Augt. do.	82
	Official correspondence to be carried on in official terms and style—each Paragraph to be numbered. 7th October 1840.	92
	Letters to the Adjutant General Calcutta to be dated at the Top and addressed at the Bottom. 25th January 1841.	9
	Applications on behalf of Soldiers for Discharges, Transfers, Exchanges, Enlistment of Boys as Drummers &c. to be made direct to the Adjutant General Calcutta and Deputy Adjutant General Madras and Bombay (circular 8th April 1841).	
	Soldiers letters sent overland are liable to the charge of Steamer Postage. 14th May 1839.	22
DISCHARGES.		
	The Discharge Documents of Men applying for the Out-Pension of Chelsea, including copy of the Surgeon's certificate, to be transmitted direct to the Adjutant General (under the Bombay Presidency to the Deputy Adjutant General.) 21st July 1841.	60
DRESS AND APPOINTMENTS.		
	A Form of Inspection certificate of Clothing prescribed. 4th June 1840.	62
	New Pattern Slings for Knapsacks established. 12th May 1840.	54
	Great Coats to be supplied by the Hon'ble Company. 1st September 1839.	56
	Regulations for the supply of Great Coats by the Hon'ble Company. 13th Nov. 1841.	104
	Ditto re-published with some alterations to adapt the order to the Bombay Presidency. 13th Dec. 1841.	115
	Ditto further orders promulgating the Regulation by the Government of India for the supply of the Great Coats. 17th Feb. 1842.	11
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	Officers referred to the Regulations and informed that they will be held responsible for any breach thereof by allowing themselves to be complimented by Officers or Soldiers under their Command by means of presents of Plate, Swords &c. or any collective expression of their opinion. 30th March 1840.	32
	The Guznee Medal allowed to be worn by Officers and Soldiers. 3d July 1841.	62



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Days and Hours fixed for conducting the public business of the Army with the Commander in Chief, 18th March 1840 . . . . .	28	Ditto re-published with some alterations to adapt, the order to the Bombay Presidency. 13th Dec. 1841 . . . . .	115
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Cessation of the privilege of official Franking notified. No letter to be addressed to the Horse Guards that is not bona fide, on the public service. Instructions of the Lords Commissioners of H. M. Treasury &c. 20th April 1840. . . . .	45	Dress of Officers at Morning and Evening Rides &c. &c. 18th March 1840 . . . . .	28
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	Page		Page
<b>INTERIOR ECONOMY AND MANAGEMENT.</b>		Reports of Troops going home to be despatched to the Quarter Master General, Horse Guards from the first Port the Troops may touch at, 30th March 1840. . . . .	33
Mess contributions from Régiments in India for the use of the Mess of the Provincial Battalions at Chatham are to be restricted to the proportion of Officers allowed for one Company. 27th April 1839 . . . . .	21	Monthly Returns of Women and Children to be furnished to the Quarter Master General Horse Guards according to form given; vacancies in the regulated number of Women how filled up. 7th April 1840. . . . .	40
<b>CANTEEN FUND ACCOUNTS.</b>		Ditto ditto: new Form established with instructions. 10th July 1840 . . . . .	72
Forms, Size of Paper, Docketing, certain former orders to be minutely attended to—Quarterly Abstract not required. 7th Oct. 1840. . . . .	92	Documents accompanying the Half Yearly Return to be of the same size as the Return. All Reports, Returns &c. to be docketed and on Paper never smaller than Foolscap, Monthly Receipts of General Orders and Memoranda to accompany Monthly Returns, 7th October 1840 . . . . .	92
Instructions consequent on the Good Conduct Warrant with respect to Defaulter's Books—Minor Punishments—Mode of estimating offences &c. 11th January 1840 . . . . .	1	In all Monthly Returns the word "Furlough" opposite the names of Officers in England to be left out, and "Leave to England" inserted and the date of the G. O. granting leave to be invariably inserted. 26th January 1841. . . . .	9
Hackeries for the march, furnished by the Commissariat Department for private use, to be unloaded and set at liberty on the day of arrival at their destination. 10th Mar. 1841 . . . . .	23	In Returns of Courts Martial the date and place of Trial, Finding, and Sentence, to be specifically stated at length in each case. 25th January 1841 . . . . .	9
Volunteering (from H. M., 6th Foot) to be conducted in strict conformity to the Rules and principles laid down in former G. O., dated 7th July 1841. . . . .	66	Nominal Return of Prisoners to accompany Monthly Returns of Courts Martial to the Deputy Adjutant General. 26th January 1841 . . . . .	12
Lists of necessaries fixed for Cavalry and Infantry—Light Marching Order of Infantry—Boxes for holding necessaries allowed for each man and for women and families. (21st July 1841. . . . .	69	Condensed Remarks to be given in the Monthly Returns as to the state of health of the Troops &c. 26th January 1841 . . . . .	12
Rules laid down regarding Practice Ammunition. 4th July 1842. . . . .	55	Officers arriving at Bombay or other stations, on sick certificate, are to report themselves to the Senior Medical Officer of Queen's Troops &c. 5th August 1841 . . . . .	73
<b>INVALIDS.</b>		A certificate required to the Monthly Return regarding General Orders having been read and Order Books compared. 5th August 1841 . . . . .	73
Records regarding Invalids &c. to be sent from India to the Regimental Depôts, agreeably to Article 413 of the War Office Explanatory Directions, dated 1st January 1838. 14th April 1840 . . . . .	43	All Printed Forms are to be obtained through Her Majesty's Stationery Office &c. 18th August 1841. . . . .	77
Savings of Invalids may be remitted home thro' the Indian Governments. 24th February 1841. . . . .	20	Rules laid down for Officers reporting their Arrival at, and Departure from, the Presidency. 6th January 1842 . . . . .	1
<b>LEAVE.</b>			
In applications at Home for Leave on private affairs, the period the Applicant has done duty with the Service Companies is to be stated, 25th January 1841 . . . . .	9		
<b>REPORTS AND RETURNS.</b>			
Half yearly Confidential Reports to minutely specify the result of the examination of the Defaulter's Books, 11th January 1840 . . . . .	1		



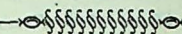
“ forwarded to this Office, according to Regulations, is henceforward to be accompanied by  
“ a receipt from the proper Officer of the East India Company for the actual amount shewn  
“ by such Return to have been paid into the Treasury in India together with his certificate  
“ specifying the precise sum in British Sterling money to be paid by the Court of Directors  
“ in England, on account thereof and the rate of exchange at which the same is calculated,  
“ being the same rate as that at which Queen’s pay for the period shall have been issued to  
“ the Troops.”

“ I am accordingly to request that you will take care that such receipt and Certificate be  
“ duly procured, and annexed to every return of the above description, henceforward ren-  
“ dered to this Office, from the Regiment under your command.

CCCXCIII. The manner in which the effects and Credits of deceased Officers and Sol-  
diers and of Deserters are to be collected and the balances accounted for, is prescribed in the  
Articles of War.

War Office Ex-  
planatory Direc-  
tions, 1838.

CCCXCIV. The practice of employing a Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier in sel-  
ling by auction such of the effects as are not otherwise disposed of, is to be adhered to only  
in cases in which it shall appear to be most advantageous for the estate of the deceased, and  
when much trouble and responsibility shall have been thrown upon a Non-commissioned  
Officer or Soldier, in consequence of being so employed, Commission payable out of the  
effects, at a rate varying from £ 2 to £ 5 per cent on the amount of the produce of the sale ac-  
cording to the greater or less degree of trouble and responsibility thereby caused, may be paid  
to him, and charged in the statement of the accounts of the deceased, annexing the Man’s  
receipt for the amount, and the certificate of the Commanding Officer, that his employment  
as Auctioneer was most beneficial for the estate, and that the duties imposed on him thereby  
justify the remuneration charged.



## PENSIONERS.



CCCXCV. The Commander in Chief in re-publishing for the information of His Ma-  
jesty’s Forces throughout India, the General Order issued by the Governor General in Coun-  
cil under date the 20th instant, is pleased to direct, that all Applications from Invalid Sol-  
diers of the King’s Army under the Bengal Presidency, who, from time to time, may be  
desirous of residing in India, and who strictly come within the spirit and meaning of the  
Hon’ble Court of Directors’ Instructions, as proclaimed in the Government General Order  
above adverted to, be forwarded by Commanding Officers, respectively, to the Adjutant  
General of His Majesty’s Forces, for submission to the Commander in Chief, and for event-  
ual reference to Government. These Applications are in every case to be accompanied by  
a Statement of the Services, Character, and Conduct of the Individual so applying, together  
with any other information it may be in the power of the Commanding Officer to afford on  
the occasion.

G. O. C. I.  
26th Oct. 1821.

CCCXCVI. Extracts from the Proceedings of the Medical Committee by which the  
Men in question have been, or may hereafter be, invalidated, stating the causes of Disability,  
&c. &c. are also to accompany the Application to Head Quarters.

CCCXCVII. In the event of the Individual’s solicitation to remain in India being  
deemed worthy of that indulgence, and the Consent of Government being granted thereto,  
of which due notice will be given to the Corps concerned, the Regulations respecting Re-  
turns and Reports, &c. &c. laid down in General Orders through this Department, are to be  
considered applicable to this Case, and are to be strictly attended to.

CCCXCVIII. Their Excellencies the Commander in Chief at the Presidencies of Ma-  
dras and Bombay, will be pleased to issue such Subsidiary Orders referable to the Invalid  
Soldiers of the above Class, under their Orders respectively, as may be necessary; and they  
will transmit to the Secretary at War the Documents required by the Warrant adverted to,  
despatching at the same time to the Adjutant General of H. M. Forces for the information  
of the Commander in Chief in India, a Nominal List of Men, in which is to be stated the  
Cause of Disability in each Case, &c.

CCCXCIX. (“ G. O. G. Fort William, 20th October 1821.) With reference to Gene-  
ral Orders of the 21st August last, the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify  
“ that in conformity with instructions from the Honorable the Court of Directors, Invalid  
“ Soldiers of His Majesty’s Regiments who, from Wounds or Disorders contracted in the  
“ Service entailing on them a helpless Infirmary or from any uncommon length of Service,  
“ in the course of which they may have conducted themselves with sobriety and attention to  
“ their duty, may appear to have established a fair claim to the Indulgence, will be permit-  
“ ted to reside and draw their Stipend in India, as Out Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, on  
“ a representation of their case being submitted to Government, by His Excellency the  
“ Commander in Chief.”

G. O. C. 15th  
Nov. 1821.

CCCC. Pending such further Regulations as may become necessary under this Presi-  
dency, in regard to the Indulgence granted by the Hon’ble the Court of Directors, as made  
known by the General Orders of the Supreme Government of the 20th October last; those  
pointed out in the above General Orders of the 26th of the same month by the Commander  
in Chief, to His Majesty’s Troops in Bengal, (Commanding Officers addressing the Local  
Staff, instead of the Adjutant General of the Forces) will be strictly complied with here.

CCCCI. Referring to General Orders of the 4th September 1821, and 26th October  
of the same year. Invalid Soldiers of the description therein contemplated, are to apply

G. O. C. I.  
25th July 1822.



for permission to reside at the Cape of Good Hope, or in India, immediately after they shall have been Invalided, as no application for that indulgence will be attended to after they leave their Corps for embarkation.

G. G. O. 17th  
July 1823.

CCCCII. In consequence of recent arrangements between Her Majesty's Government and the Honorable the Court of Directors, for the payment of the Stipends of Out-Pensioners from the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, permitted to reside in India; the Governor in Council is pleased to publish, for the information of Her Majesty's Forces, and of all concerned, the following Extract of a General Letter from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 7th November 1821:—

CCCCIII. (*Para. VI.*) "In the Packet you will receive several Documents, for the purpose of enabling you to authorize the discharge of the amount of Pensions due to the several Out-Pensioners from Chelsea Hospital, who have been permitted to reside in Bombay."

CCCCIV. (*Para. VII.*) "Great care must be taken in paying these Pensions, that the Forms prescribed, are observed; and that the Receipts and Affidavits properly executed, are forwarded to us in Duplicate, in order that payment of the amount issued in India, on this account, may be received by us from the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital."

CCCCV. (*Para. VIII.*) "It is our desire, that the Receipts and Affidavits be accompanied with a List of the Pensioners, the amount of payment to each, and the total amount issued; with a Column of remarks, containing such particulars as it may appear necessary to state, with a view to obviate any difficulty in the adjustment of the Accounts in this Country."

(No. I.)

*Instructions for the information and guidance of the Persons who may be appointed by the Hon'ble the East India Company, to Pay the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital resident in India.*

CCCCVI. Lists will be furnished to the Secretary of the Hon'ble the East India Company, by the Secretary of Chelsea Hospital, of all Out Pensioners of that Establishment to be paid in India, wherein a description of each Pensioner, together with every particular of each service will be given, as taken from his Discharge, with the view to his identity when he applies for his Pension.

CCCCVII. The first payment to be made as soon as convenient, after the arrival of the Lists; these Lists to be the guide for all future Quarterly Payments, which must be made in strict conformity, with the accompanying Scales or Tables for the different Quarters.

CCCCVIII. When any Pensioner is to be paid for any period less than a Quarter, care must be taken to deduct five per-cent. from the gross amount of his Pension, as is required upon all issues of Out-Pension, by an Act passed in the 28th year of the Reign of His Majesty's George the Second.

CCCCIX. Every Quarter's payment is to be made in advance, immediately after the commencement of each Quarter; viz. † upon the Pensioner producing an Affidavit, ‡ drawn up and attested according to the Form set-forth in his Paper of Instructions, which will prove his existence and identity.

CCCCX. The Pensioners are to sign the Receipts according to the printed Form herewith sent, which are to be properly witnessed and filled up with the rate of Pension, Regiment or Corps, amount, number of days, and period, and with the name of the Person making the payment: the Receipts and Affidavits to be taken in triplicate, in order to remedy any loss by miscarriage or otherwise.

CCCCXI. One Set of such Receipts and Affidavits, together with a List or Account of the payments, to be transmitted to the Secretary of the East India Company by the earliest opportunity, duplicates thereof by the next conveyance, and the triplicates to be retained by the Person making the payment.

CCCCXII. Particular care must be observed in paying the Pensioners themselves, as no other person or persons can legally receive the same, under any pretence whatever, if the Pensioner be living.

CCCCXIII. As the Out-Pension is paid in advance, if the Pensioner dies, even on the first day of the Quarter, his Widow or other Representative is entitled, by the Rules and Regulations of Chelsea Hospital, to receive the Amount of Pension for such Quarter. If the Widow make the application, she must produce a Certificate of her Marriage, also a full and sufficient Certificate that the Pensioner died after the termination of the Quarter for which he had received his Pension.—If there be no Widow, but the next of Kin applies, and the sum due be under Five Pounds, an authentic Certificate that the applicant is the next of Kin must be furnished, upon which document the Pension due may be issued; if the sum be Five Pounds or upwards, the person so applying must produce Letters of Administration, or such other document as the Laws of the Country require from Representatives recovering monies due to their deceased relatives, and in every case of demand for Pension due to deceased Pensioners, Certificates of death, and the necessary document before-mentioned, must be annexed to the Receipt: It will be also necessary to report, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital, the death of any Pensioner, in order, that his name may be struck off the Hospital Books.

\* Vide Para. 432.

† 1st January, 1st April, 1st July and 1st October, Vide Para. 426.

‡ Now Declaration, Vide Para. 425.



(No. II.)

CCCCXIV.

British Scale of the Rates of Out-Pensioners.

Payment of the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital for the Quarter, to the 24th March\* after the Deduction of five per Cent as required by the Act of 28th George the Second.

90 Days.

s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
0	5	1	15	7½	2	2	9	5	3
0	6	2	2	9	2	2½	9	8	9½
0	7	2	9	10½	2	3	9	12	4½
0	8	2	17	0	2	3½	9	15	11½
0	9	3	4	1½	2	4	9	19	6
0	10	3	11	3	2	4½	10	3	0½
1	0	4	5	6	2	5	10	6	7½
1	0½	4	9	0½	2	5½	10	10	2½
1	1	4	12	7½	2	6	10	13	9
1	1½	4	16	2½	2	6½	10	17	3½
1	2	4	19	9	2	7	11	0	10½
1	2½	5	3	3½	2	7½	11	4	5½
1	3	5	6	10½	2	8	11	8	0
1	3½	5	10	5½	2	8½	11	11	6½
1	4	5	14	0	2	9	11	15	1½
1	4½	5	17	6½	2	9½	11	18	8½
1	5	6	1	1½	2	10	12	2	3
1	5½	6	4	8½	2	10½	12	5	9½
1	6	6	8	3	2	11	12	9	4½
1	6½	6	11	9½	2	11½	12	12	11½
1	7	6	15	4½	3	0	12	16	6
1	7½	6	18	11½	3	0½	13	0	0½
1	8	7	2	6	3	1	13	3	7½
1	8½	7	6	0½	3	1½	13	7	2½
1	9	7	9	7½	3	2	13	10	9
1	9½	7	13	2½	3	2½	13	14	3½
1	10	7	16	9	3	3	13	17	10½
1	10½	8	0	3½	3	3½	14	1	5½
1	11	8	3	10½	3	4	14	5	0
1	11½	8	7	5½	3	4½	14	8	6½
2	0	8	11	0	3	5	14	12	1½
2	0½	8	14	6½	3	5½	14	15	8½
2	1	8	18	1½	3	6	14	19	3
2	1½	9	1	8½					

\*Except Leap Year in which are 91 days, the same as for the Quarter for the †24th of December.

(No. III.)

CCCCXV.

( — per Diem. )

I — do hereby acknowledge to have received of Thomas Constantine Brooksbank, Esq. Agent to the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, (by the hands of ———) the Sum of ——— Pounds ——— Shillings and ——— Pence ——— being the full amount of my Pay as Pensioner of the said Hospital, for ——— days from ——— day of ——— 18 ———, to the 24th day of ——— both days included; 5 per Cent. being deducted, pursuant to Act of Parliament passed in the twenty eighth year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second.

£ ———  
Witness, ———

CCCCXVI. To give effect to the arrangements contained in the preceding Documents, the following Rules are established, for the guidance under this Presidency of the Officers concerned :

CCCCXVII. Payments, according to the Rules laid down above, will commence on the first quarter day after the receipt of the Lists from Europe, up to which date the Regimental Pay and Allowances received by the several Pensioners named in the List, will be continued to be passed to them.

CCCCXVIII. From the gross amount of each Pension, a deduction of 5 per Cent. is to be made, in conformity with the Act 28th George II.

CCCCXIX. The payment of these Allowances is confined to Military Paymasters, and the Abstracts are to be drawn by the King's Brigade Major (for the Individuals at the Presidency, and by Station Brigade Majors, for those residing at Out-stations; the whole) to be adjusted by the Paymaster of His Majesty's Troops at the Presidency, in like manner with other Payments chargeable to the Crown.

CCCCXX. The Abstracts are to be preferred in † Duplicate, and forwarded with the least practicable delay, accompanied by the Receipt in Duplicate of the Parties, to the Paymaster at the Presidency, who will arrange the same, and transmit them to the Military Accountant as vouchers to his Account Current.

† Now 31st March Vide Para. 427.

‡ Now Triplicate.







APPENDIX B.

GOOD-CONDUCT WARRANT.

DATED 9TH MAY 1839.

VICTORIA R.

Whereas it has been represented to Us that it would materially tend to the encouragement of good conduct in the Army if a reward, to be attained only by the well conducted soldier, were substituted for the additional pay granted to soldiers who have completed certain periods of service; Our Will and Pleasure is, that all Corporals, Trumpeters, Drummers, Rifers, Buglers, and Private Soldiers, enlisted or re-enlisted into Our Service on or after the 1st day of September, 1836, shall have no claim to additional pay after any period of service, but that a reward of additional pay for good conduct shall be granted to such soldiers under the following rules.—

1.—Soldiers who shall have completed 7 years' service shall be entitled to claim 1*d.* a day, and to wear a distinguishing mark, provided their names shall not have entered in the Regimental Defaulters' Book for at least two years immediately preceding such claim.

2.—Soldiers who shall have completed 14 years' service shall be entitled to claim a further reward of 1*d.* a day, and to wear two distinguishing marks, provided they shall have been uninterruptedly in the enjoyment of the 1*d.* a day for at least two years immediately preceding such further claim.

3.—Soldiers who shall have completed 21 years' service shall be entitled to claim a further reward of 1*d.* a day, and to wear three distinguishing marks, provided they shall have been uninterruptedly in the enjoyment of the 2*d.* a day for two years immediately preceding their claim to the third penny.

4.—Soldiers who shall have completed 28 years' service shall be entitled to claim a further reward of 1*d.* a day, and to wear four distinguishing marks, provided they shall have been uninterruptedly in the enjoyment of the 3*d.* a day for two years immediately preceding their claim to the fourth penny.

5.—Soldiers who by their good conduct shall have obtained one or more distinguishing marks, shall be entitled to have the full rate of that good-conduct pay of which they shall have been in uninterrupted possession for five years immediately preceding their discharge, added to the rate of pension, whether temporary or permanent, to which they may have a right under the provisions of the Warrant of Our late Royal Uncle, dated the 7th February, 1833.

6.—Soldiers who have been in the possession of some one or other of the rates of good-conduct pay for five years uninterruptedly, but who have only been in possession of either of the higher rates for some period not less than two years immediately preceding their discharge, shall be entitled, if discharged with two distinguishing marks, to an addition of 1½*d.*; if discharged with three distinguishing marks, to an addition of 2½*d.*; and if discharged with four distinguishing marks, to an addition of 3½*d.*; as an augmentation of the pension to which their services will entitle them.

7.—Soldiers who shall have been in the uninterrupted possession of good-conduct pay for at least three years immediately preceding their discharge for disability, or by reduction, and who shall not have acquired claims to pension, or who shall be entitled only to temporary or conditional pensions, shall have their names registered at Chelsea Hospital; and upon their attaining 60 years of age shall receive, as a reward for their former good conduct, a pension of 4*d.* a day if discharged with one distinguishing mark, and of 6*d.* a day if discharged after having been twelve months in possession of two distinguishing marks; and this reward for former good conduct shall also be extended to soldiers who may be permitted to obtain free discharge at their own request, as an indulgence, after certain periods of service, as described in the 11th Article of this Warrant.

8.—The service requisite to entitle men to the distinction and rewards granted by this Warrant

may include former service in all ranks after the age of eighteen.

9.—Men discharged on reduction, or for disability, and re-enlisting within three years after the date of their discharge, may reckon their former service, provided they shall declare such former service at the time of re-enlistment; but men purchasing their discharges, or receiving free discharges shall not reckon former service.

10.—The forfeiture of Service now attaching to individuals in respect of additional pay, in consequence of the sentence of a Court Martial, or of conviction for desertion, will equally attach to them in respect of good conduct pay.

11.—Soldiers of good conduct, who may be permitted to purchase or to obtain free discharges at their own request, shall be allowed free discharges upon the following terms, instead of those prescribed by the Royal Warrant of the 14th November 1829, and by His late Majesty's Warrant of the 7th February, 1833; but the conditions limitations, and regulations, for granting discharges by indulgence, laid down in the said Warrants, shall, in the cases of all other soldiers, remain in full force.

	Cavalry.	Infantry.
Under 5 years' actual service...	£30	£20
After 5 years' actual service and with 2 years' absence from the Defaulters' Book.	} 25	} 18
After 7 years' actual service, with one distinguish- ing mark .. .. .		
After 10 do .. .. .	15	10
After 12 do .. .. .	10	5
After 14 do .. .. .	6	Free.
After 16 do .. .. .	} Free, with the right of registry for deferred pen- sion of 4 <i>d.</i> a day.	
After 16 years' actual service, with two distinguishing marks, having possessed the second at least 12 months.	} Free, with the right of registry for deferred pen- sion of 6 <i>d.</i> a day.	

12.—Soldiers enlisting since the 1st March, 1833, who are in the enjoyment of two or more distinguished marks, and of the good conduct pay may obtain permanent pension as an indulgence, at the rate fixed in the Warrant of 7th February, 1833, two years earlier than other men who have not earned this distinction and may further receive the same amount of good conduct pay which would have been added to their ordinary pension, under the rules laid down in this Warrant, if they had been discharged as unfit for further service or by reduction.

13.—As it is Our Will and Pleasure that this reward shall be strictly an honourable distinction, to be conferred only upon the well conducted soldier, the Commanding Officers of Regiments are strictly enjoined to enter in the Regimental Defaulter's Book the name of every soldier who, in consequence of misconduct, shall have been subjected to any punishment beyond six days' drill or seven days' confinement to barracks, and the commission of every offence, which shall impose upon the Commanding Officers the necessity of recording the soldier's name in the Regimental Defaulter's Book, shall render the men ineligible for this reward for two years from that date; and if he be already in possession of this distinction, shall deprive him of his distinguishing mark and good conduct pay for one year, and a second recorded offence within twelve months shall render two years of uninterrupted good conduct necessary to obtain a restoration of such reward.

14.—The soldier having two or more distinguishing marks shall, in like manner for the first second, and third recorded offences, forfeit one distinguishing mark, and the good conduct pay allowed with it for one year for each offence; and if a fourth offence be recorded against him in the Regimental Defaulters' Book, within twelve months he shall forfeit all claim in consequence of his pre-



vious good conduct, and shall only be entitled to obtain a restoration of his honourable distinctions by subsequently serving, with uninterrupted good-conduct, for two years to obtain one distinguishing mark, for four years to obtain two distinguishing marks, for six years to obtain three distinguishing marks, and for eight years four distinguishing marks.

15.—Any soldier who, by having been recorded in the Regimental Defaulters' Book, shall have been adjudged to have been guilty of an offence by which he is to forfeit the whole or a part of his reward for previous good conduct, shall, if he denies the Commission of such offence, have the right of appeal to a Court-Martial.

16.—A soldier may, for a first offence of a serious nature, be adjudged, by the sentence of a Court-Martial, to forfeit all or any part of the advantages he had derived from his previous good conduct, either absolutely or for any period not less than eighteen months, according to the circumstances which shall have appeared in evidence.

17.—The distinction and the rewards granted by this Warrant do not extend to sergeants and other non-commissioned officers above the rank of corporal, and they will not be allowed, while serving, any addition to their established pay, but if permitted to purchase their discharges, or to obtain free discharges at their own request, they will be admitted to the benefits of Article II of this Warrant; and if discharged to pension, they may, for peculiarly good conduct, on the special recommendation of our General Commanding in Chief, and by the consent of Our Secretary at War communicated to the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital, be allowed additions of 1*d.*, 2*d.*, 3*d.*, or 4*d.*, a day to their pensions; provided that the aggregate pension shall in no case exceed, for a sergeant 1*s.* 10*d.*, for a quarter master serjeant, 2*s.* 1*d.*, and for a serjeant major 2*s.* 4*d.* a day.

18.—All Soldiers now in Our Service, who enlisted since the 1st March, 1833, but before 1st September, 1836, shall have the option of relinquishing all right to the additional pay of 2*d.* a day to which they are now entitled after the completion of 14 years infantry, or of 17 years' cavalry service, and shall then be entitled, by their good conduct, to claim the 1*d.* a day after seven years' service, and shall be, in all respects, entitled to all the advantages both of good-conduct pay while serving, of pension on discharge, and of deferred pension, which are herein before granted to soldiers enlisted on or after 1st September, 1836.

19.—All soldiers now serving, who enlisted on or before the 1st March, 1833, shall, by relinquishing their right to additional pay for length of service, be entitled to claim all the advantages of good-conduct pay while serving, which are hereby granted; but as the Warrants which were in force at the time of their original enlistment give them a right by higher rates of pension on discharge than those which are to be granted to men enlisted after the 1st March, 1833, they will not be entitled to have their good-conduct pay added to their pensions on discharge.

20.—In special cases, however, of men enlisted on or before the 1st March, 1833, who, by their good conduct, have obtained one or more distinguishing marks, and who, after short service; may be discharged for disabilities, or by reduction, either without pension or with temporary, or conditional, or permanent pensions, (not exceeding

those granted for similar disabilities and services under the Warrant of the 7th February, 1833,) the good-conduct pay may, by the consent of Our Secretary at War, be added to their pensions; and such men, if not placed upon permanent pensions, may be registered at Chelsea for the deferred pension, under the same Rules as the men enlisted after the 1st March, 1833.

21.—All soldiers now serving who enlisted on or before the 1st of September, 1836, and who have completed 28 years' service may on relinquishing their right to additional pay, receive 4*d.* a day good conduct pay, provided their names shall not have been entered in the Regimental Defaulters' Book for at least eight years immediately preceding the exchange.

22.—Soldiers who have completed 21 year' service may, on relinquishing their right to additional pay receive 3*d.* per diem good conduct pay, provided their names shall not have been entered in the Regimental Defaulters' Book for at least six years immediately preceding the exchange.

23.—Soldiers of less than 21 years' service, already in the receipt of additional pay at 2*d.* a day for length of service, on relinquishing their right to additional pay, continue to receive the same amount as good conduct pay, provided their names shall not have been entered in the Regimental Defaulters' Book for at least four years immediately preceding the exchange.

24.—Soldiers who are already in the receipt of additional pay of 1*d.* a day for length of service, may, on relinquishing, their right to additional pay, continue to receive the same amount as good conduct pay provided their names shall not have been entered in the Regimental Defaulters' Book for at least two years immediately preceding the exchange.

25.—Soldiers not yet in the receipt of additional pay for length of service, may by relinquishing their right to the same, receive good conduct pay, on completing the respective periods of 7, 14, 21, and 28 years, provided their names shall not have been entered in the Regimental Defaulter's' Book in the first case, for at least two years; in the second case, for at least four years; in the third case, for at least six years; and, in the fourth case, for at least eight years, immediately preceding.

26.—In establishing their claims to the good-conduct pay, soldiers who were present at the Battle of Waterloo shall be allowed to reckon two years in addition to their actual service, and those who were enlisted before the 1st December, 1829, shall be allowed to reckon three years for two of actual service, after the age of 18, in the East and West Indies (in other than West India regiments), but in claiming their discharge under the 11th Article actual service only will be reckoned.

27.—Soldiers enlisted before the 1st September, 1836, shall be entitled to distinguishing marks, whether they accept or not the option of relinquishing additional pay for good-conduct pay, and they shall be entitled to the same addition to their pensions for the number of distinguishing marks they may severally possess at the period of their discharge, as is allowed to men in receipt of good-conduct pay.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this 9th day of May 1839, in the Second Year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,  
HOWICK.