

S U P P L E M E N T

TO

SEPARATE No. 32 of 1842.

BY THE HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL,

BOMBAY CASTLE, 13th JULY 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Compilation of all existing orders under the head "Marches and Routes."

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL,

Lieut. Colonel,

Secy. to Govt.

MARCHES AND ROUTES.

- I. The arrangement and direction of all that relates to marches and the movement of Troops are to be conducted under instructions from His Excellency the Commander in Chief by the Quarter Master General of the Army. Extract from Qr. Mr. Genl's Regns.
- II. All Reports on the movements of Troops are to be made to the Quarter Master General's Department. G. O. C. 29th Jan. 1822.
- III. Whenever a Corps moves from one Station to another, the Officer in Command is to make an immediate Report thereof, for the information of the Commander in Chief. G. O. C. 4th July 1812.
- IV. Officers Commanding Corps or Detachments on march, will report progress, weekly, to the Quarter Master General; and the last Report will state the day on which the Commanding Officer proposes to reach his destination. G. O. C. 24th June 1822.
- V. When Corps are marching through a Foreign Territory and approaching a Foreign Garrison, it is a duty incumbent on the Commanding Officer, to send forward an Officer to apprise the Governor of the approach of the Corps; and if it is intended to halt there, to request permission to do so, in such position as may be agreeable to him. It is also the duty of Officers, on entering a Foreign Garrison, to wait on the Governor and report their arrival. G. O. C. 25th Mar. 1807.
- VI. Whenever any of the Company's Troops are to pass into the Guicowar's Territory, or to move from one part thereof into another, the Commanding Officer of such Corps is to send previous intimation thereof to the Resident at Baroda, specifying also his intended Halting Stations, to the end that the Resident may be able seasonably to advise the Native Government of such movement, and to cause the requisite Notice to be forwarded to the Stations on the march. G. G. O. 22d Apr. 1806.
- VII. Officers Commanding Regiments or Parties of Troops marching through a Station, will notify their arrival to the local authorities, and should the Commanding Officer of the Station be their Superior Officer, a sense both of duty and respect demands that they personally wait upon him and deliver a Return of the Troops under their charge. G. O. C. 16th Feb. 1828.
- VIII. To regulate the Route, and to determine the length of each day's march of Corps and Detachments, in time of Peace, the Quarter Master General shall furnish Officers Commanding Divisions of the Army, with a Table of Military Routes between the different Stations as they stand under this Presidency, specifying the proper places of Halting during their march. G. G. O. 24th Apr. 1807.
- IX. Officers Commanding Corps or Detachments composed of more than one Corps, or single Officers, when ordered to march from one Station to another, are, when required, to be furnished by the Quarter Master General with Routes, for their information and guidance; and in case it should at any time be found indispensably necessary to deviate from the prescribed Route; or that the march should be prolonged by unforeseen or unavoidable causes, the Commander in Chief is to be informed of the particular circumstances which occasion such deviation, and if explained to his satisfaction, the Quarter Master General will report the same to the Governor in Council, in order that the additional Expense incurred thereby, may be admitted.
- X. Officers in Command of Corps or Detachments, when marching over Roads already accurately known and reported on, will not be expected to keep an account of their daily movements; but in case of meeting with any casual obstructions, which may cause a deviation from the established Route, or experiencing delays from any circumstance necessary to be made known, as important in a Military point of view, they will be careful to report the same to the Quarter Master General.
- XI. In cases of sudden movements within, Division Commands, not being in consequence of directions from the Head Quarters, the Officer ordering such movement, will exercise his discretion in directing, or not, a Survey of the Route to be marched, referring to Head Quarters for any information on the subject which the Assistant Quarter Master General, or Division Staff Officer, may not be in possession of.
- XII. The Quarter Master General will, from time to time, transmit to the Officers in Command of Stations or Divisions of the Army, for their information and guidance, a List of such Routes as may have been completely surveyed, at the same time suggesting such Changes in the direction of future Routes as may appear to require examination.
- XIII. Commanding Officers of Corps when marching by order from Head Quarters, by Routes that have not been regularly surveyed, will be authorized, through the Quarter Master General, to employ any Officer under their Command who may be found properly qualified to keep a Journal, or Field Book, agreeably to the prescribed Form.
- XIV. The Names of all Towns, Forts, Rivers, and Villages, when obtainable, are to be inserted; also all Tanks, Ravines, and Jungles on the Route of march, the nature and extent of the Ground of Encampment; and occasional Remarks as to the description of the Road and Country.
- XV. The Bearings of Places and Objects, with their estimated Distance, are also to be put down; more particularly of Forts, Hill-Forts, Towns, and Villages, rocky or broken Ground, remarkable Eminences and Mountains.
- XVI. The Road Distance, whether measured by a Perambulator, or estimated by time, is to be carefully inserted: in the latter case, the time by the Watch between any two Places

or Points of Observation, is to be put down to the nearest minute; and the rate at which the Person is supposed to have been moving, is also to be noticed. When the Distance is thus estimated, a Line is to be drawn through the Column every time a Halt shall take place, and the number of minutes during which the Halt continues, is to be noticed. The time passed during Halts, need not be inserted in the Copy of the Routes sent to the Quarter Master General.

XVII. To obtain an accurate Measurement of the Roads, and of the Routes of march of the Troops, a proportion of Perambulators and Compasses will be provided at the public Expense, and sent by the Quarter Master General, to each of the principal Stations of the Army, for the use of Corps which may be detached from those Stations; and whenever a Corps is ordered to march, the Commanding Officer is to apply to the Commanding Officer of the Station, for the use of a Perambulator and Compass, provided there be any Officer in the Corps qualified to undertake to keep a Journal or Field Book in the manner above directed.

XVIII. Officers so employed, will be permitted to draw an extraordinary Allowance at the Rate of one hundred Rupees per month, from the commencement of the march to its conclusion, upon producing from the Quarter Master General, a Certificate of the Journal or Field Book having been kept with attention and accuracy; and that the Survey delivered in, is entirely, or in part, descriptive of New Routes, or Tracts of Country, relative to which there is no information on the Records of his Department, or possessing information of greater extent or superior importance to that on the Records.

XIX. The Field Books are to be transmitted to the Quarter Master General, and the Officers keeping them are to comply with such instructions as may be conveyed to them, for their guidance, by that Officer.

XX. Returns of Perambulators and Compasses, to be transmitted quarterly to the Quarter Master General by the Officers in charge of them, according to a Form laid down in the Quarter-Master General's Code.

XXI. The Quarter Master General will furnish the Military Auditor General with Copies of the Tables of Military Routes, to enable him to audit thereby the Expenses incidental to such movements.

XXII. As the information contained in the Journals, or Field Books of Corps, or Sketches, may occasionally be useful in the Survey Department, it is to have access to all such received by the Quarter Master General; and on application, the Originals are to be forwarded to the Survey Department, which will return those Papers to the Quarter-Master General. In like manner, the Quarter-Master General is to have reciprocal access to all information obtained in the Survey Department.

XXIII. The March Routes to be furnished by the Quarter Master General's Department, shall point out the most eligible Situations for Encampment; but as circumstances may occur, which may at various seasons of the year, render it necessary for Corps or Detachments to prolong or shorten the distance of a day's march, for the convenience of Water, Forage, or from the state of the Roads and Cattle, the Instructions given to Officers Commanding, are to leave to their choice the Distance of each day's march, provided the whole be completed at an average of 12 Miles per day, with a Halt after every three days' march, unless the weight of an Equipment, or Convoy, should render it expedient for the Commander in Chief to order shorter marches, and more frequent Halts.

A. G. L. 30th
May 1829. Ex-
tract from Qr.
Mr. General's
Regus.

XXIV. The Commander in Chief, or Commander of the Forces for the time being, will give such further Orders as he may think necessary for the Quarter Master General's Office respecting Returns and Reports of Details detached from Head-Quarters;

XXV. With a view to guard against sickness among the Troops when marching from one station to another, and to ascertain the most eligible encamping grounds on the several routes, His Excellency the Commander in Chief directs that the following Rules be observed by all European and Native Corps and Detachments.

XXVI. Particular care must be taken to prevent the Men exposing themselves to the night-air by sleeping outside their Tents, and those on night duty should be ordered to wear their Watch Cloaks.*

XXVII. In selecting the ground of encampment preference should be given to elevated and dry situations which are not immediately in the vicinity of Villages or large Towns, or within the influence of swamps or pools of stagnant Water.

XXVIII. Short marches, with few or no halts, are to be left discretionary with Officers proceeding in Command, who are to forward to the Quarter Master General, along with the usual report of progress, a Memorandum agreeably to the annexed Form.

XXIX. The Column of Remarks on encamping grounds should notice the several encamping grounds upon the route, stating their advantages and disadvantages as regards their salubrity, supplies of water, and forage, together with such observations connected with the health and convenience of the Troops as may be relevant to the desired object.

XXX. The Column of Remarks relating to the appearance of Fever, Cholera, or any other *epedemical* disease among the Troops or Followers should state all the circumstances as to the time and place of such disease breaking out, and remarks upon the localities or other causes which may be supposed to have occasioned it.

NOTE. *When encamped in damp or marshy ground, or when marching in wet weather, straw to be provided for the floors of the Tents, vide Separate G. O. No. 26 Paras, 187 & 188.

XXXI. Memorandum of march from _____ to _____ of _____ Regiment.

DATE.	Names of Villages.	Time of Starting.	Time of Arrival.	Distance.	Remarks regarding encamping ground whether high and good &c. &c.	Remarks as to time and place of the slightest appearance of Cholera, Fever, or any other disease.
1829		half an hour after 4	$\frac{1}{2}$ past 8 o'clock..	7 miles..		
10th March..		9 o'clock...	9 o'clock..	9 miles..		
11th do.....		do.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ past 9 o'clock..			
12th do.....		do.....	o'clock..	10 miles..		
13th do.....		Halt.....	Halt.....	Halt.....	The old encamping ground at this place is in a very dirty state and requires much to be cleared.	

A B.
Officer Commanding.

XXXII. Detachments of Troops, together with their Baggage and Followers of every description, marching through the Hon'ble Company's Territories, shall be passed over the Rivers that lay in their Route of march, when not fordable, at the public expence, The Commanding Officer of the Detachment on approaching a River, will forward an application in sufficient time, accompanied with a Return of the number of Men under his Command, to the Officer Commanding the District through which he is proceeding, and the latter will direct the Assistant Commissary General of the Division to supply the required number of Boats. The Commanding Officer of the Detachment after having crossed the Ferry, will certify as to the number of Trips the Boats have been employed in passing over the Men and Baggage, which Certificate is to be forwarded to the Assistant Commissary General, as a voucher for his Charge.

G. G. O. 23th
May 1816.

XXXIII. When Parties of Sepoys pass Ferries on duty, which may be farmed out to Individuals under this Presidency, a Certificate of the numbers passed, from the Commissioned or Non-commissioned Officer in Charge, shall be a sufficient document to ensure the disbursement of the Charge thus incurred, and it is to be presented to the nearest Collector for payment.

G. G. O. 11th
June 1822.

XXXIV. For transport of Troops across the Harbour of Bombay on duty, an application must be preferred to the Quarter Master General of the Army, from the Commanding Officers of Corps, stating the number of Men to be accommodated.

XXXV. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that whenever Guides shall be employed by Troops marching through the Country, they be paid at the rate of a Cutcha Pyse per mile or a Pucka Pyse per Cass.

G. G. O. 11th
Aug. 1827.

XXXVI. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that unless some urgent necessity or public emergency shall require diviation from the rule, the period of passing the Jungles separating the Deccan, Candeish, and Guzerat, from Malwa, shall be limited from the 15th of January to the 15th June, for all Troops or Officers proceeding on duty or leave.

G. G. O. 11th
Oct. 1839.

XXXVII. With reference to the General Order dated 11th October last, No. 527, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the period for passing the Jungles between Malwa and the Presidency, shall this year commence from the 20th instant.

G. G. O. 30th
Dec. 1839.

XXXVIII. The authority formerly vested in the Collectors and their Native Officers, and in the Magistrates and their Police Officers, to assist in procuring Coolies for the purpose of facilitating the march of Detachments of Troops, or the progress of individual Travellers, having operated to encourage the highly injurious practice which prevails, of forcibly pressing certain Classes of the Inhabitants of the Towns and Villages, under the denomination of Bigaries or Coolies, for the purpose of carrying Baggage or other Loads from Stage to Stage or from Village to Village; and the Governor in Council having deemed it expedient to adopt measures for the entire suppression of the said highly objectionable practice. Such part of the Regulation as authorized the Collectors and their Native Officers, or the Magistrates and their Police Officers, to give their Official aid in procuring Coolies for the purpose of facilitating the march of Troops, or the progress of Civil and Military Officers, or other Individuals travelling through the Country, either on the public Service or on their private Affairs, are now rescinded.

G. G. O. 15th
Dec. 1820 and
16th Feb. 1827.

XXXIX. The practice of pressing or compelling Individuals, whether under the denomination of Coolies, Bigaries, or any other denomination to carry Burthens, either for the public Service, or for the convenience of private Individuals, except in cases of obvious public exigency is positively prohibited; and the several Magistrates, and Joint Magistrates are required to adopt all legal means in their power to put an entire stop to the practice in question, unless on such occasions as those above noticed by inquiring fully into all Complaints which may be brought before them, and by subjecting Persons regularly convicted of the Offence, to such Penalties as, on a consideration of the circumstances of the case, may appear to be proper, and consistent with the powers vested in the Magistrates by the Go-

neral Regulations, and all Political and Civil Officers will expose themselves to the serious displeasure of Government if they neglect this important duty.

G. G. O. 29th
Jan. 1821.

XL. The Governor in Council is pleased to extend to the Dominions of those Native Powers in alliance with the British Government, the operations of the above Order, and the attention of the Residents and Political Agents more immediately connected with this Presidency, has been particularly requested to the subject; with directions to report to Government all instances that may be brought to their notice, in which the present Orders may not have been attended to.

G. G. O. 13th
Aug. 1827 and
G. O. C. 18th
Mar. 1826.

XLI. The Commander in Chief is extremely concerned, that a necessity should have occurred to enforce attention on the part of our Army to the various Orders that have from time to time been issued to restrain the practice of molesting the Inhabitants of Towns and Villages by the Troops, whether marching by Corps or Detachments, or Individuals proceeding from Station to Station on duty or leave of absence.

XLII. It must be obvious to the experience of Officers that however contrary to their intentions, and even orders, forcible means will be resorted to when Sepoys are employed in procuring assistance or supplies from the Villages, and that violence to the persons and injury to the property of the Inhabitants must consequently ensue; the Commander in Chief therefore in the strictest manner prohibits the practice of employing Sepoys for such purposes, and is further pleased to publish the following Subsidiary Rules for the observance of the Troops, and to declare that every Officer deviating therefrom will be liable to the most serious responsibility.

XLIII. No Officer, Soldier, or Follower, to press the Inhabitants, their Carts, Cattle, &c. for any purpose whatever, or to commit other irregularities in their transit through the Country.

XLIV. When Guides may be required application is to be made for them to the Head Man of the place. The number demanded to be restricted as much as possible, no burthen to be given them to carry.

XLV. Officers travelling individually will be held responsible for the conduct of their Servants and Followers towards the Inhabitants.

XLVI. Officers in Command of Corps or Detachments on a march will be held responsible in like manner for the conduct of those under them.

XLVII. Officers and Men, whether proceeding in an individual or collective capacity, are expected and enjoined to equip themselves, before setting out from a Station, with all things necessary to enable them to prosecute their march without calling upon the Villagers in their route for aid, either in Carriage* or articles of Consumption, except such ordinary articles as may be within the capacity of the place to supply. Such Supplies are to be duly paid for, and Officers are to satisfy themselves by personal enquiry, that all demands of this nature have been settled, before they leave the place.

XLVIII. Officers in Command of Parties of Troops are to take the precaution of sending on notice to the Head Man of the place, two Stages at least in advance of their approach, and of the articles required to be got ready for them, in order that he may make preparations accordingly to the best of his ability.

XLIX. On the evening before a march a trust-worthy Non-Commissioned Officer with a Party sufficient to furnish Takeedars or Safe Guards at each of the Villages on the road, and for the place of next Encampment, is to precede the Regiment, with orders so to station his Men as to protect the property and fields in the immediate vicinity of the route. The Takeedars posted on the march will join the Rear Guard as it comes up, but those stationed at and near the new ground are not to be withdrawn until the Troops may be clear of it.

L. When a Party about to march is considerable in numbers, timely notice of all requisite particulars is to be also sent to the British Local Officers in charge of Districts through which their route will be (as laid down in the Regulations of the Quarter Master General's Department,) in order that those Officers may give directions for preparations to be made accordingly. But the precaution of the Officer in Command sending on notice two or more Stages in advance, as above directed, is not the less to be observed.

LI. Parties of Troops of the strength of a Company or more, are to take with them from the station whence they march, a proportion of Bunyans or Bazar Establishment, with the means of supply for a few days, whose business it will be to make provision on the march for the supply of the party.

LII. On all occasions of the march of a Party of Troops, the Route furnished for the same will be accompanied with a Copy of this General Order, which is to be particularly and without delay explained to the Men and the strictest attention enjoined thereto.

LIII. Officers Commanding Regiments or Detachments, while in movement, will certify in their Progress Reports to the Quarter Master General of the Army that these Orders as well as all other Regulations issued on the subject have been strictly complied with; in case of any Complaints being made by the Inhabitants the particulars are to be distinctly stated at the same time.

LIV. With a view moreover to ensure a continued and unrelaxed attention to the injunctions against the irregular practise alluded to, it is deemed essential that the Troops should be frequently reminded of the prohibitory Regulations which exist on this subject; and His Excellency the Commander in Chief is therefore pleased to direct, that a Certificate shall be inserted in the Monthly Return of Regiments that the same have been duly

* The rules respecting the Provision of Carriage on the march of Troops will be found in G. G. O. 16th Nov. 1841, separate G. G. O. No. 26 Paras. 18 to 31.

read and explained to the Men by the Interpreters, after each Muster, and also that previous to leave being granted to any Non-Commissioned Officer or Sepoy, the absolute necessity of conforming to this Regulation be fully made known to them. Regimental and Departmental Officers are expected to use every means in their power of detecting offenders and bringing them to merited punishment for any disobedience of these orders.

LV. The following Form is, in future, to be followed for the usual Reports of Arrivals and Departures of Troops from the several Stations of the Army, to the Quarter Master General's Office; and the strictest attention will be expected in filling up the same with due care.

G. O. C. 11th
Dec. 1832.

LVI. Commanding Officers at Stations occupied by a single Regiment or Detachment, are only required to furnish these Reports for Details marching immediately from, or to the Post under their charge, not for such as merely pass through, on route to their Stations.

(Station and Date.)

LVII. Report of Arrivals and Departures this day.

Corps.	Detail.					Arrivals.		Departures.		
						From what Station and on what Service.	Name of Commanding Officer and Remarks.	To what Station and on what Service.	By whose order or requisition.	Name of Commanding Officer and Remarks.

(Signature of Station Commanding Officer.)

LVIII. Several instances having lately occurred in which the Reports of arrivals and departures (ordered to be forwarded to the Quarter Master General's Office as above) have been omitted to be sent, His Excellency desires that in future more attention be paid in the transmission of these documents, and that on every occasion on which Troops on requisition, a copy of the requisition is to accompany the departure Report.

G. O. C. 20th
May 1842.

LIX. (Letter from the Secretary to the Government of India Military Department, dated 26th August 1834.) On all future occasions of a proposed Relief of European Corps under the Bombay Presidency, the arrangement will be submitted for the sanction of the Government of India.

G. L. 13th
Sep. 1834.

LX. It will be desirable to a full understanding of the object of any proposed Relief that the arrangement be accompanied by a Memorandum shewing the Stations which have been occupied by each European Corps for the previous six years, or from the date of their landing at Bombay, in any case when a Regiment has not been so long in India.

LXI. (G. O. G. Fort William, 6th January 1835.) The following Rules are published for the Department of the Surveyor General of India, agreeably with the Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, in order to procure uniformity of principle and practice, by all instructions proceeding from one source.

G. G. O. 7th
Feb. 1825.

LXII. No new Survey shall be undertaken at the Subordinate Presidencies without the sanction of the Supreme Government, in order that an opportunity be given for the Surveyor General to report on the expediency of the Survey, the qualifications of the Surveyor, and the capability of his Instruments.

LXIII. An Officer once appointed to a Survey shall not be removed from it without reference to the authority by which his employment was sanctioned.

LXIV. The Surveyor General of India shall be authorized, under the approbation of the Supreme Government, to name the Scales which shall be used, and the forms and manner of preparing the Memoir of Surveys; to call for detailed Reports of practicable operations, and to issue such instructions as he shall find it necessary thereon.

LXV. All original Surveys, with whatever original Documents may be attached to them, at either of the Subordinate Presidencies, are to be transferred to the Geographical Depot in Bengal—The Deputy Surveyor General retaining Copies of such as may be thought necessary.

LXVI. The last measure, which is prescribed by the 22nd Para. of the Honorable Court's letter of the 3rd June 1814, becomes necessary in consequence of the late instructions for the preparation of a General Atlas on a large Scale, from original Materials.

LXVII. No Survey shall be admitted by the Surveyor General as complete, unless accompanied with a Document explanatory of its authority and construction.

LXVIII. (H. C. L. 6th Feb. 1828, Para. IV.) Having observed that some of our Officers, who have been employed in the Surveying Department, have sent Copies of their Surveys to Europe for publication on private behalf, we desire that you will issue Orders to prohibit such a practice in future,

G. G. O. 23d
June 1828.

LXIX. (Para. V.) All Surveys made at the public expence are public property, and we direct that no Copies of any Surveys so made be delivered to any persons except those appointed by Government to receive them: