



S U P P L E M E N T
TO
G E N E R A L O R D E R S



SEPARATE No. 19 OF 1842.



BY THE HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL,

BOMBAY CASTLE, 11th MAY 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Compilation of all existing orders under the head "Arms and Accoutrements."

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col.

Secy. to Govt.

II. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the established proportion Lists of Stores to be held in Charge of Regiments, as published on the 6th and 16th July 1835, be considered so modified, as to meet the increased establishment of Regiments as notified in General Orders of the 12th July, No 374 of 1834. "Spare" Arms and Accoutrements allowed to Regiments, at a distance from Arsenals, being also calculated at 10 per cent of the Regimental establishment.

G. G. O. 15th
Aug. 1838.

III. Tools, and such Articles as are calculated per Company, are to be indented for according to the established proportion; but Musketry, Belts, and Barrack Furniture, which are calculated per Man, are to be drawn for with reference to the strength of the Corps at the time, which must be shewn on the back of the Indent, thus,

G. G. O. 6th
July 1835.

Present Strength.

Staff Serjeants,
Non-Commissioned and Rank and File.

IV. The Regulation established in the above paragraph is declared applicable only to European Corps; the completion of whose numbers by recruiting is beyond the immediate influence of their respective Commanding Officers.

G. G. O. 7th
June 1838.

V. The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to declare it obligatory on Officers Commanding Regiments, to keep complete, by periodical indent on the Ordnance Department, the proportion of Stores now sanctioned, it being considered essential to the efficiency of the Army, that each portion of it should be prepared, not only to meet all ordinary demands, but also any contingency of Service.

G. G. O. 17th
May 1838.

VI. As the wants of every Corps have been carefully provided for in the Table of Proportions, any Article of Store not therein laid down, or not shewn in the established Proportion Column in Indents, will be issued from Departments only on payment or under special sanction.

G. G. O. 6th
July 1835.

VII. The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the supply and issue of Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition, be hereafter vested in the Military Board, to whom all references and Indents are to be made. In regard to the character or peculiar equipment of the small Arms, it will rest with His Excellency the Commander in Chief to direct such orders as may appear to him desirable, through the Adjutant General, either in the General Orders of the Army or through that Officer to the Military Board, but when the nature of the equipment is once established by the Regulations, the Military Board will act without controul.

G. G. O. 13th
Dec. 1839.

VIII. Relative to correspondence, General Officers Commanding Districts or Divisions of the Army, and all Officers Commanding Stations, Garrisons and Posts, or Divisions and Detachment of Troops marching, are themselves to correspond with the Military Board on all points relative to the equipment and supplying of the Troops, or places under their respective Commands with Ordnance Stores, Arms and Accoutrements under the Regulations of Government.

IX. Spare Stores and such Articles of Barrack Furniture as are not likely to be required on the line of march, are to be delivered over to the Regiment or Detachment relieving by that which may be quitting a Station; on such occasions the Stores will be inspected by a Committee, whose Proceedings will accompany the next following Quarterly Return of the Corps receiving them.

G. G. O. 6th
July 1835.

X. Whenever it may appear advisable to Officers Commanding Stations, that "spare" Stores (vide G. G. O. 6th and 16th July 1835) in charge of one Regiment, should be placed at the disposal of another, the transfer shall be effected under their authority, and through the intervention of a Committee. Surplus Stores in charge of any Regiment, shall invariably be thus transferred, if required by any other Regiment at the station.

G. G. O. 13th
Nov. 1838.

XI. The attention of Commanding Officers is called to that most essential part of their duty, which requires, that they shall be responsible for the Arms and Accoutrements of their Corps.

G. O. C. 17th
July 1812.

XII. Soldiers are, at all times, to keep their Arms perfectly clean and in good order; the inside of the lock must be well oiled; the brasses, bayonet, and ramrod, must be bright and polished; attention must also be paid to keeping the inside of the barrel and socket of the bayonet very clean, otherwise it will be impossible to fix and unfix the latter with the necessary quickness. When Firelocks are not in use, the cocks are to be let down, as keeping them constantly on the half cock weakens the mainspring. The Flints are always to be screwed firm between the plies of a thin piece of lead; besides a good one in his piece, a Soldier must always have two in his pouch, and also a bit of wood, shaped like a flint, to use at exercise in practising the firing motions. Every man to be furnished with a Worm and Turnkey, to clean the inside of the barrel of his Firelock, and for managing the screws of the lock, as the edge of the bayonet must never be used for the latter purpose; small Vices to be also provided for the Soldiers,

B. O. 21th
Dec. 1770.

G. O. C. 31st Dec. 1788. XIII. The Firelocks are to be lettered for the Companies, and numbered for the Men; that when a Man's Musket is mended, he may get the same one again, and not be for ever changing, which gives the Men a careless habit, and is endless in charges and repairs.

G. O. C. 18th Feb. 1817. XIV. The Arms now in use with, and such as may be in future issued to, the several Corps of European and Native Infantry on this Establishment, shall be browned in a similar manner to those of Her Majesty's Regiments.

G. O. C. 18th Feb. 1837. XV. Arms in use with Regiments will be browned by the Ordnance Department except those in use with Troops serving at stations where there may be no Arsenal or Depot, which will in that case be browned under the Superintendance of the Regimental Quarter Master; the materials being procured on Indent from the nearest Arsenal.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR BROWNING ARMS.

Office of Ordnance, 16th June and 27th December, 1815.

G. O. C. 18th Feb. 1817. XVI. The following ingredients, viz.

Nitric Acid.. .. .	1/2 Ounce,
Sweet Spirits of Nitre.. .. .	1/2 ditto,
Spirits of Wine.. .. .	1 ditto,
Blue Vitriol.. .. .	2 ditto,
Tincture of Steel.. .. .	1 ditto,

are to be mixed together, the Vitriol having been previously dissolved in a sufficient quantity of water to make, with the other ingredients, one quart of mixture.

XVII. The Barrel, with the Socket and Neck of the Bayonet only are, to be browned; they should be rubbed over either with a fine File, or with coarse Emery Paper, previous to their receiving the Browning Liquid, in order that its effect may be the greater.

XVIII. Previous to commencing the operation of Browning the Barrel, it is necessary that it be well cleaned from all greasiness and other impurities, and that a plug of wood be put into its muzzle; and the vent well stopped; the mixture is then to be applied with a clean sponge or rag, taking care that every part of the Barrel be covered with the mixture, which must then be exposed to the air for twenty-four hours, after which exposure the Barrel must be rubbed with a steel scratch-brush and rag, to remove the Oxide from the surface. This operation must be performed a second, and a third time (if necessary) by which the Barrel will be made of a perfectly Brown Colour. It must then be carefully brushed, wiped and immersed in boiling water, in which a small quantity of Alkaline matter has been put in order that the action of the Acid upon the Barrel may be destroyed, and the impregnation of the water by the Acid neutralized.

XIX. In removing the Oxide from the surface of the Barrel, &c. a Steel Scratch-Brush will be found more effectual than the hard Hair Brush; the use of the Steel Scratch Brush is therefore to be adopted. This part of the operation must be done with great care as upon it depends the proper Browning of the Barrel.

XX. The Barrel when taken from the water must, after being perfectly dry, be rubbed smooth with a burnisher of hard wood, and then heated to about the temperature of boiling water; it then will be ready to receive a Varnish made of the following Materials:—

Spirits of Wine.. .. .	1 Quart,
Dragon's Blood powder.. .. .	3 Drams,
Shel-lac bruised.. .. .	1 Ounce,

and after the Varnish is perfectly dry upon the Barrel, it must be rubbed with the burnisher to give it a smooth and glossy appearance.

XXI. In moist weather, the operation of Browning must be performed in as dry a situation as possible, for humidity upon the Oxide weakens its effect, which must be carefully guarded against.

XXII. The Locks are on no account to be made of the hardening colour, as the repetition of the operation of hardening has a very injurious tendency.

To Repair and Retain the Brown upon Barrels.

XXIII. When the Barrel is much rubbed from use, a little Vitriolic Acid may be applied to it, and then it must receive the treatment that Barrels undergo in Browning, care being taken to deaden the action of the Acid by means of boiling water.

XXIV. When Brown Barrels are in constant use, the Brown might be continually kept perfect by means of the application of Vinegar, which should remain upon the surface for a day, and then be washed well with boiling water.

XXV. If this operation be repeated monthly, a Barrel which has been properly browned in the first instance, will continue in a perfect state for many years.

G. O. C. 18th July 1835. XXVI. The Commander in Chief desires it may be generally understood, that the issue of repaired Arms and Accoutrements by the Ordnance Department, is perfectly consistent with the Regulations and usages of the Service; and that the circumstance of these articles not being new, when otherwise perfectly serviceable, does not warrant their rejection, when issued in lieu of others returned into Store.

XXVII. His Excellency deems it expedient to notify, for general information, that Military Appointments, when serviceable, are not liable to rejection, nor are they to be thrown back on the Ordnance Department, upon the plea of being of an old pattern.

G. O. C. 22d
Nov. 1833.

N. B.—Ordnance Commissaries have been instructed to issue Old Stores that may be Serviceable in all cases when they may have such in Charge.

XXVIII. In this country, a set of Accoutrements should certainly not become unserviceable in a shorter period, than from five to seven years, according to the nature of the Service they may have undergone.

G. O. C. 17th
July 1812.

XXIX. Commissaries of Stores have been directed to mark with a stamp on every Pouch and Belt the year, and quarter in which they may be issued; and the Committees of Survey, in inspecting unserviceable Accoutrements, will, in their Reports, particularly notice the number that have become so within a shorter period than seven years, and the Commanding Officer will be invariably expected to afford a satisfactory explanation of the cause to which it may be attributed.

G. O. C. 7th
July 1812.

XXX. When Accoutrements are returned unserviceable before having lasted the period prescribed by the Regulations, the Commanding Officers will invariably afford the fullest explanation as to the circumstances which have led to their premature condemnation.

G. O. C. 7th
Sep. 1835.

XXXI. It having been brought to the notice of the Commander in Chief, that Accoutrements and other Articles of Military Equipment have been Indented back into Store as unserviceable, before they have been in use the period prescribed for their duration by the General Orders of the Army (vide G. O. C. 17th July 1812 and G. O. C. 16th August 1827.) without a satisfactory reason being assigned for their thus early becoming so, His Excellency calls the attention of Officers Commanding Divisions, Stations, and Regiments to the orders above quoted; and desires it may be understood that, in all future instances of infringement of the Regulations on this head, without adequate cause being assigned for the deviation, the Commander in Chief will consider it his duty, in order to impress in a more forcible manner, the serious responsibility incurred by Regimental Commanding Officers; by negligence or inattention to so important a part of their duty, to recommend to Government to cause all losses sustained by the public on this account, to be made good from their private pecuniary resources.

G. O. C. 11th
Mar. 1836.

XXXII. Nothing, by way of ornament, shall be put upon the Pouches of the King's or the Honorable Company's Troops, as it is not only totally useless, but even highly detrimental to the Accoutrements; their being well blackened and polished is perfectly sufficient.

G. O. C. 3rd
Sept. 1790.

XXXIII. Heel-ball being very injurious to the Pouches, its use is prohibited, and they are invariably to be cleaned and polished on the outside of the Flaps, and such other parts as are exposed to view with blacking and a shoe-brush; the inner parts being softened, as well as the Flap rendered easy of access, to the individual by occasional applications of Mutton fat.

G. O. C. 11th
Mar. 1836.

XXXIV. The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the issue of Broad Pouch and Bayonet Belts to the European Foot Artillery.

G. L. 26th
May 1811.

XXXV. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Bombay European Regiments may be supplied with Broad Belts of the new pattern.

G. L. 11th
July 1833.

XXXVI. The Bayonet Belts at present in use in the Native Infantry, having been found too short for Men above the ordinary height, a portion of these Belts will in future be made of a greater length; The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is therefore pleased to direct, that whenever these articles are indented for, the number required of the first and second size respectively be specified.

G. G. O. 25th
Nov. 1837.

XXXVII. At stations where there may be an Arsenal or Depot, a returning indent prepared in duplicate according to the prescribed form is established as the Voucher on which Stores requiring repair, or no longer needed by Corps or Departments, are to be returned into Stores, thrice each year, (viz. on the 1st March, 1st September and 1st December) Receiving Officers being required carefully to examine the Stores produced, and to reject any which appear to be tendered on insufficient grounds, unless required to receive them by the Station Commanding Officer, whose signature will in this case be passed upon the Indent.

G. G. O. 13th
Nov 1838.

XXXVIII. Military Stores in charge of Regiments or Detachments, becoming repairable or unserviceable at stations at a distance from an Arsenal or Depot, shall be surveyed by Committees assembled under the orders of Station Commanding Officers on the dates specified in the above para. whose proceedings shall be drawn out in duplicate according to the annexed form, and the confirming authority will on the face thereof, give instructions regarding the disposal of the Stores surveyed; such as can be repaired on the spot are to be so dealt with, and a Contingent Bill preferred under the sanction of the Officer ordering the repairs, for the expense incurred; such only as cannot be thus repaired, are to be returned into Store. Unserviceable Stores (exceptions, vide para. XLII) are to be disposed of by public sale on the spot. A sale list, duly receipted by the Divisional Pay Master, together with a copy of the Contingent Bill, and the Committee's proceedings on which the two documents have been framed, will be forwarded as vouchers to the next Quarterly Return of Stores.

FORM

XXXIX. *Proceedings of a Committee assembled by order of _____ for the inspection of repairable and unserviceable Stores in charge of the (---) Regiment (&c. as the case may be) President Captain A. B.*

Captain C. D. (Members.) Captain E. F.

(Station and date)

Letters.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	NUMBER AND STATE ON THE RETURNS.			D A T E.		Explanation of change of state by the Officer in charge.	S T A T E.			REMARKS BY THE COMMITTEE.
		Serviceable.	Repairable.	Unserviceable.	Of Marks.	When received.		Serviceable.	Repairable.	Unserviceable.	
A	Axes-Pick.....	2	1		None	Mar. 1836.	Gradual wear during two years.	2			Points require to be repaired and Steeled. Broken and useless.
B	Barrels Ammunition, with copper Hoops.....	1			"	Oct. 1835..	Broken in repairing a water course, fair wear.	A	1		
	Belts buff Bayonet.....	6			"	Dec. 1833..	Fair wear.	2	D	4	7 Hoops broken and Staves damaged, the repairable require 10 new Staves.
	Ditto...do.....	10			Old Belts retained from former Committee.....	"	No longer of any use.	B	6		
M	Musketry Muskets with Bayonet and Ramrod..	4			30	May 1830..	Fair wear.	B	10		Perished and rotten.
								C	A		Stocks broken, and Barrels worn out.

The articles marked A. to be sold by Public Outery.
 " " " " B. to be burnt.
 " " " " C. to be transmitted to the Ordnance Department.
 " " " " D. the Copper Hoops to be sent to the ditto.

The repairable Stores to be repaired according to the Regulations.

(Signed) H. L.,
Comdg. (---) Regt.

(Signed) A. B. President.
 " C. D. Member.
 " E. F. Ditto.

Confirmed. (Signed) F. G.
Comdg. D. A.

N. B.—For the form of Committee Proceedings on Camp Equipage, see that Section.

XL. The Commander in Chief calls the attention of Officers Commanding Regiments, to the Form above laid down, which is to be strictly observed upon all occasions of submitting Arms, Accoutrements, Ammunition, and Military Stores, for the inspection of a Committee, care being taken that the period each article has been in use is accurately stated by the Regimental Quarter Master, for the information and guidance of the Committee.

G. O. C. 7th
Sept. 1835.

XLI. His Excellency directs Commanding Officers of Divisions and Stations to be most careful in guarding against a superficial examination in future, of the Public Stores, by calling the particular attention of Officers composing Committees to the necessity of a due regard for the performance of this most important duty.

G. O. C. 6th
Jan. 1834.

XLII. Proceedings of Committees of Survey upon Stores in Regimental Charge with the exception of Ordnance Stores, such as Ordnance Beds, Carriages, Gun Powder, Gyss, Platforms, and Shot and Shell of every denomination shall be confirmed by the Officers under whose authority the Committee may have assembled.

G. O. C. 13th
Nov. 1838.

XLIII. Unserviceable Arms are on all occasions to be returned to the Ordnance Department, unserviceable Accoutrements are to be burnt, in presence of the Survey Committee on being replaced from Store, after the selection of such portions as may be available for making Waist Belts, Knapsack Slings, Straps, &c. or for use in the instruction of Recruits.

XLIV. When Stores are to be returned to the nearest Arsenal or Depot, a package list is to be prepared in triplicate according to the following form one copy of which is to be delivered to the Commissariat Officer, as authority for the transport of the Stores to their destination, the remaining two Copies to be forwarded to the receiving Officer, who will receipt and return one of them to the party, as a voucher for the state in which the Stores may have been received.

FORM

(NUMBER AND DESIGNATION OF THE REGIMENT.)

XLV. Package List of Stores for transmission to the Ordnance Store Department at _____ from _____
(Station and date)

Total Number.	Packages.	Military Stores.				Each Package.					REMARKS BY THE RECEIVING OFFICER.	
	DESCRIPTION.	Number on each.	NAMES.	State.			Dimensions.		Weight.	Weight when examined.		
				Serviceable.	Repairable.	Unserviceable.	Inches.					
							Total.	Length.	Breadth.	Depth.		qrs.	lbs.	qrs.	lbs.
			Committee Proceedings dated.									
3	Deal Cases.....	1	Muskets with Bayonets and Ramrods.....	20	6	14	} 52					
		2	Ditto.....ditto....	20	20							
		3	Ditto.....ditto....	12	12							
			Ditto with Ramrods, without Bayonets....	6	6	6						
			Swords, Drammers.....	5	3	5						
			Committee Proceedings dated.									
4	Musket Ammunition Boxes covered with Gunny.....	4	Cartridges Musket Ball....	700								
		5	Ditto.....	700	2100	2100						
		6	Ditto.....	700								
		7	Balls leaden Musket.....	900	900	900						

(Signed) A. B.
Quarter Master (-) Regiment.

(Signed) C. D.
Major in charge (-) Regiment.

N. B. The Dimension and Weight to be in all cases accurately filled in.

XLVI. Such Arms only as have some material defects, or require serious repairs, beyond the capacity of Regimental Artificers to perform, are to be returned into Stores, or repaired at the public expense.

G. O. C. 11th
Jan. 1800.

XLVII. Ordnance Officers are directed to see that Arms returned by Regiments into Stores are complete in all points; unless the deficiencies are properly accounted for on the face of the vouchers on which the Arms are received, and the value of all missing Articles not satisfactorily explained will be charged against the Regiment by Bills from the Military Board, at double the regulated price.

G. L. 27th
Mar. 1838.

XLVIII. The custom of returning into Store previous to their being worn out, supplies once issued to a Regiment, is considered objectionable, unless where there is no probability of their being again required for Regimental use.

G. O. C. 13th
Nov. 1838.

XLIX. Officers Commanding Stations where there may be unserviceable condemned Stores in charge of more than one Corps or Detachment, shall, for the convenience of purchasers, make arrangements for having the whole or such portion as may appear desirable, collected at an appointed time and place for sale by Auction, under the superintendance of an Officer nominated for the purpose.

G. O. C. 13th
Nov. 1838.

LVI. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the "Ad-
 denda" List of Spare Stores now appended to Regimental Quarterly Returns, be discontinued,
 and all Stores in charge accounted for in the body of the Return, the "established proportion"
 column of which is to be filled in by calculation according to the circumstances under which
 each Regiment may be quartered; a memorandum being entered on the back of the Return
 showing the numbers detached from Head Quarters on permanent duty.

G. G. O. 7th
 June 1838.

LVII. A considerable portion of Stores being occasionally written off in the Monthly
 Returns transmitted by Corps to the Military Board, as "Expended" for "Lost on Service"
 without any further explanation being afforded, the Commanding Officers of His Majesty's
 and of the Honorable Company's Troops are to annex to the Return from their respective
 Regiments or Battalions, Remarks explanatory of the cause of the Expenditure under these
 Heads.

G. O. C. 12th
 Oct. 1811.

LVIII. A Memorandum is to be annexed to all Returns to the Military Board, of the
 number of Desertions in the course of the month, to enable the Board to judge of the ex-
 penditure of articles, by Desertions.

G. O. C. 1st
 Apr. 1811.

LIX. The attention of Officers Commanding & in charge of Regiments, detached Troops
 or Companies, is particularly called to the above articles, and a column for remarks is left
 for that purpose in the form now laid down. Although a column has been left for "lost by
 accident or neglect" it is for the future to be understood, that any articles appearing in it
 will be made chargeable to the Regiment, by Bills from the Military Board Office on the
 Paymaster for recovery. Such articles as may have been lost on Parade, and which the
 Commanding Officer is satisfied were not lost through any negligence, may be borne on the
 column "lost on Service," with the requisite explanation appearing in the column of re-
 marks. To prevent confusion in accounts, it is expressly enjoined that whenever money
 is paid into the Pay Office on account of articles lost by carelessness &c., it is to be noted
 in the end of the Quarterly Return, for the guidance of the Military Board in making out
 Bills on the Paymaster.

LX. Commanding Officers are held responsible for all Stores supplied to their Regi-
 ments or Battalions, and are authorized to place their Men under regular Stoppages, for all
 losses or injury done to the Regimental or Barrack Stores, through carelessness or neglect.

G. O. C. 1st
 Apr. 1811.

LXI. The following revised rates of certain articles of Army Equipment are esta-
 blished in supercession of those fixed in G. G. O. 29th of October 1820; and Commanding
 Officers of Regiments will submit with their Quarterly Returns to the Military Board, a re-
 ceipt from the local Paymasters for the amount value of all articles "lost or damaged by
 carelessness or neglect," which list is the voucher to the Board to sanction Indents for a
 similar number to replace them should it be considered necessary.

LXII. Revised List of Rates of Stoppages for Arms; Accoutrements and Ammunition,
 willfully or carelessly lost or damaged.

NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Per	Amount.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Bags Saddle Cavalry	each.	1	8	..
" " Hussar	"	2	..	..
Bayonets Fuzil N. P. or Light Infantry Musket	"	1	10	7
" " O. P.	"	1	4	10
" " Musket	"	1	10	7
Belts Buff Bayonet Broad for Europeans	"	2	4	..
" " for Natives 1st size	"	1	10	..
" " 2d "	"	1	8	..
" " Fuzil Artillery with hooks and rings.	"	1	15	3
" " Color	"	4	8	..
" " Pouch Cavalry and Horse Artillery	"	1	10	..
" " Infantry for Natives	"	1	2	..
" " Broad for Europeans	"	1	12	..
" " Sword Cavalry	"	2	10	..
" " Infantry for Natives	"	1	10	..
" " Broad for Europeans	"	2	4	..
" " Native Officers	"	4	12	..
" " Waist Cavalry	"	..	12	..
" " Infantry	"	1	..	..
" " Leather Bayonet Infantry	"	1	..	..
" " Pouch Cavalry	"	1	..	..
" " Infantry	"	1	4	..
" " Sword Cavalry	"	1	4	..
" " Infantry	"	..	4	..
" " Waist Cavalry and Infantry	"	..	4	3
Boxes Tin Pouch	"	..	2	10
Buckles for Pouch Belts	"	..	3	1
" Plate for Cavalry Sword Belts . . . . .	"	..	..	4
Cartridges Balled Carbine . . . . .	"	..	..	4
" " Fuzil O. P. . . . .	"	..	..	4
" " N. P. . . . .	"	..	..	5
" " Musket . . . . .	"	..	..	4
" " Pistol . . . . .	"	..	..	6
" " Grape Musket . . . . .	"	..	..	..

LIST OF RATES.—Continued.

NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Per.	Amount.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
" Light Carbine.....	2
" " Fuzil.....	2
" " Musket.....	3
" " Pistol.....	2
Cases Fife Brass.....	..	8	..	..
Clasps Brass for Waist Belts.....	9
Cords and Tassels for Bugles and Trumpets.....	..	2	13	6
Cyphers Pouch Artillery.....	7	4
" Sabretache.....	4	6
" Saddle Bag.....	4	..
Drum Furniture Bass' Bags.....	..	3	8	..
" " " Braces.....	Set.	1	12	..
" " " Cords.....	Each.	1	8	..
" " " Heads.....	..	1	14	5
" " " Hoops Flesh.....	8	..
" " " Red.....	..	1	4	..
" " " Shells wooden.....	..	48	..	..
" " " Slings.....	..	1	12	..
" " " Sticks.....	Pair.	..	12	6
" " Brass or Side bags:..	Each.	1	8	4
" " " Braces.....	Set.	..	14	..
" " " Cords.....	Each.	..	11	4
" " " Heads.....	15	2
" " " Hoops Flesh.....	3	6
" " " Lining.....	14	3
" " " Red.....	..	1	..	..
" " " Shells Brass.....	..	17	14	6
" " " Slings.....	..	1	12	..
" " " Snares.....	3	7
" " " Sticks.....	6	2
" " " Tapes.....	7	4
" " " Wires.....	3	10
Drums Bass complete.....	..	73	2	7
" Brass or side ditto.....	..	28	15	5
" Kettle ditto.....	..	74	15	5
Fifes Europe B.....	..	4	10	..
" " C.....	..	3	10	..
" " B. and C. with Case, Sling, Tassels and Cords complete.....	..	21	3	6
Flints Carbine.....	100	..	5	4
" Fuzil.....	100	..	5	4
" Musket.....	100	..	6	10
" Pistol.....	100	..	4	4
Frogs Pistol Cavalry.....	Each.	..	12	..
Hooks Brass for Artillery Belts.....	2	..
Horns Bugle common.....	..	25	14	..
" " Kent.....	..	50	7	4
Knots Sword Buff.....	8	..
" " " Leather.....	6	5
Lock Furniture Carbine Bridles.....	1	4
" " " Cocks.....	9	..
" " " Hammers.....	8	..
" " " Jaws Cock.....	1	..
" " " Nuts Tumbler.....	2	..
" " " Pins Bridle.....	4	..
" " " Cock.....	1	6
" " " Hammer.....	6	..
" " " Seer.....	4	..
" " " Side.....	10	..
" " " Spring Hammer.....	4	..
" " " " Main.....	2	..
" " " " Seer.....	2	..
" " " Plates.....	..	1	1	6
" " " Seers.....	1	..
" " " Spring Hammer.....	4	..
" " " " Main.....	5	..
" " " " Seer.....	1	6
" " " Tumblers.....	4	6
" " " Bridles.....	1	4
" " " Cocks.....	9	..
" " " Hammers.....	8	..
" " " Jaws Cock.....	1	..
" " " Nuts Tumbler.....	2	..
" " " Pins bridge.....	4	..
" " " " Cock.....	1	6
" " " " Hammer.....	6	..

LIST OF RATES.—Continued.

NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Per	Amount.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
" " " Seer.....				4
" " " Side.....				10
" " " Spring Hammer.....				4
" " " Main.....				2
" " " Seer.....				2
" " " Plates.....				1
" " " Seers.....		1	1	6
" " " Springs Hammer.....				1
" " " Main.....				4
" " " Seer.....				5
" " " Tumblers.....				1
" " " Musket Bridles.....				4
" " " Cocks.....				1
" " " Hammers.....				9
" " " Jaws Cock.....				8
" " " Nuts Tumbler.....				1
" " " Pins Bridle.....				2
" " " Cock.....				4
" " " Hammer.....				1
" " " Seer.....				6
" " " Side.....				4
" " " Spring Hammer.....				10
" " " Main.....				4
" " " Seer.....				2
" " " Plates.....				2
" " " Seers.....		1	2	6
" " " Springs Hammer.....				1
" " " Main.....				4
" " " Seer.....				6
" " " Tumblers.....				1
" " " Pistol Bridles.....				4
" " " Cocks.....				1
" " " Hammers.....				9
" " " Jaws Cock.....				8
" " " Nuts Tumbler.....				1
" " " Pins Bridle.....				2
" " " Cock.....				4
" " " Hammer.....				1
" " " Seer.....				6
" " " Side.....				4
" " " Spring Hammer.....				10
" " " Main.....				4
" " " Seer.....				2
Lock Furniture Pistol Plates.....	each	1	1	6
" " " Seers.....				1
" " " Springs Hammer.....				4
" " " Main.....				5
" " " Seer.....				1
" " " Tumblers.....				4
Locks Musketry Carbine.....		3	9	
" " " Fuzil.....		3	10	
" " " Musket.....		3	12	
" " " Pistol.....		3	9	
Musketry Barrels Carbine.....		3	8	
" " " Fuzil N. P.....		4		
" " " O. P.....		3	12	
" " " Musket.....		4		
" " " Pistol.....		2		
" " Mountings Breech.....		1	12	6
" " " Screw.....				1
" " " Pipes Centre.....				3
" " " Tail.....				8
" " " Upper.....				4
" " " Plates Heel.....				10
" " " Side.....				1
" " " Top.....				1
" " " Swivels and Screws.....				3
" " " Trigger.....				2
" " " Guard.....				10
" " " Plate.....				2
" " Carbine with Ramrod new.....		19	4	2
" " " Repaired.....		16	13	8
" " Fuzil N. P. with Ramrod new.....		22	9	
" " " Repaired.....		19	11	10
" " " O. P. " " New.....		19	11	9
" " " " " Repaired.....		17	4	3

LIST OF RATES.—Continued.

NAMES OF ARTICLES	Per	Amount.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Musket. " " New		18	4	6
" " " " Repaired		15	15	11
" " " " Light Infantry with Ramrod New		24	15	9
" " " " " " Repaired		21	10	5
" " " " Pistol with Swivel Ramrod New		13	9	10
" " " " " " Repaired		11	14	6
Plates Breast Brass Artillery			8	
" " " " Infantry			12	
" " " " Waist with Clasps, and Slides			8	
" " " " " " without			6	
Pouches Buff Fuzil Artillery		1	12	4
" " " " Leather Pistol Cavalry			12	10
" " " " " " Horse Artillery			12	
" " " " Fuzil Infantry		1	2	5
" " " " Musket		1	2	5
Prickers and Brushes Cavalry	100	9	2	5
" " " " " " Infantry	100	9	2	5
Ramrods Musketry Carbine	each		12	
" " " " Fuzil		1		
" " " " Musket		1	4	
" " " " Pistol			4	
Rings Brass for Artillery Belts			4	3
Sabretaches		1		10
Sacks Knap European		3		
" " " " Native		3		
Saddles and Bridles Cavalry and Horse Artillery Complete	Set.	40		
" " " " Hussar		35		
Scabbards Bayonet Fuzil N. P. and Light Infantry Musket	each.		8	6
" " " " " " O. P.			7	3
" " " " Musket			7	1
" " " " Sword Cavalry N. P.		2	12	1
" " " " " " O. P.		3	7	7
" " " " Cutlass		1	8	
" " " " Drummer		1	8	
" " " " Foot Artillery or Havildar O. P.		2		
" " " " Lascars		2		
" " " " Police		2		
" " " " Serjeant or Havildar, N. P.		2	8	
Slides Brass for Waist Belts			1	
Slings Buff Drum		1	12	
" " " " Fife case		2	2	
" " " " Fuzil			8	
" " " " Great Coat	Set.		14	9
" " " " Knap sack		3	8	
" " " " Musket	each.		10	
Slings Buff Sabretache	set.		8	
" " " " Sword long	each.		12	
" " " " " " short			12	
" " " " Leather Drum		1	4	
" " " " Fife case		1	8	
" " " " Fuzil			3	3
" " " " Knapsack		3		
" " " " Musket			3	5
" " " " Pioneer	set.	2		
Springs Bayonet with screw	each.		4	
Stocks musketry Carbine Rough			8	8
" " " " Fuzil			8	8
" " " " Musket Rough			10	8
" " " " Pistol			8	8
Swivels Carbine		1	4	
Swords Cavalry N. P. with Scabbards		8	8	
" " " " " " O. P.		7	12	
" " " " Cutlass with Scabbards		5	12	5
" " " " Drummer		4	3	1
" " " " Foot Artillery " " or Havildar O. P.		6	6	9
" " " " Lascars		5	1	6
" " " " Police		7	14	
" " " " Serjeant or Havildar N. P. with Scabbards		9	6	
Trumpets Cavalry		29	6	3
Turnkeys Carbine			2	5
" " " " Fuzil			2	5
" " " " Musket			2	5
" " " " Pistol			2	5
Whistles Light Infantry		1		
Worms Carbine				10
" " " " Fuzil				10
" " " " Musket				10
" " " " Pistol				10

NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Per	Amount,	
		Rs.	A. P.
REPAIRS. &ca.			
Bayonet Fitting.....	..	1	9
„ Spring screw, new.....	..	10	..
Bolt new.....	..	2	..
Breech Musketry Repairing.....	..	3	..
Browning Arms.....	..	7	..
„ „ and fitting new sight.....	..	10	8
Guards Trigger repairing.....	..	4	..
Hammer hardening.....	..	3	..
Hilts sword new.....	..	2	..
Holes retapped.....	..	2	..
Lock fitting to stock.....	..	1	9
Loop to Barrel new.....	..	3	6
Ramrod musketry repairing.....	..	6	..
Screws drilled out.....	..	1	6
Sight new.....	..	3	8
Stock new fitting to Barrel.....	..	2	8
Tip for Bayonet Scabbard new.....	..	3	..

NOTE—The above are also the Rates at which all such Stores will be issued to Regiments for Payment with an addition of 5 per cent, which is chargeable on all articles supplied to Individuals for private use.

LXIII. The Honorable the Governor in Council, in accordance with the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, is pleased to direct, that the Rank and File of the Light Companies of every Regiment in the Army of this Presidency be supplied with Light Infantry Muskets.

G. G. O. 13th
Sept. 1838.

LXIV. The 19th Regiment Native Infantry will be armed throughout with the Light Infantry Musket.

LXV. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to abolish the present Regulation which restricts the issue of Knapsacks to Troops in the Field only, and directs that each Man, whether in Garrison or in the Field, be allowed to receive from the public Stores, a Knapsack complete with Bull Slings every four years, to be replaced at the expence of the Men if rendered unserviceable within a shorter period, except on proof of unavoidable accident, or loss on service, of which the Commanding Officer will be expected to afford satisfactory explanation.

G. G. O. 16th
Aug. 1837.

LXVI. The Knapsacks are to be painted, and the year and quarter in which they may be issued to be stamped on each Knapsack, which marks are to be duly noticed in all Proceedings of Committees of Survey.

LXVII. The preceding Order is applicable both to European and Native Troops.

LXVIII. A contract for the supply of Knapsacks, both to European and Native Corps at the Head Quarters and Out-stations, having been entered into, the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to resolve, that the demands for the same when required, shall be made on the 31st January and 31st July of each year.

G. G. O. 11th
Nov. 1837.

LXIX. With reference to the General Order No. 46 dated 11th November 1837, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Indents of Commanding Officers of Regiments for Knapsacks, be transmitted to the Secretary to the Military Board, by whom they will be examined and forwarded to the Executive Commissariat Officer, who will communicate with the Contractor.

G. G. O. 1st
May 1839.

LXX. The Commander of the Forces is pleased to direct, that when Officers Commanding Regiments &c. prefer Indents for Knapsacks, upon which the number or device of the Corps is required to be painted, the same is to be specified on the face of the Indent.

G. O. C. 10th
Feb. 1840.

LXXI. The Contractor is bound to deliver Knapsacks required by Regiments, serving within the limits of the Presidency at the Head Quarters of each, without any additional charge to Government, and solely at his own risk; he is also authorized to receive in exchange, the Knapsack previously condemned.

LXXII. On the arrival of a supply of Knapsacks at the Head Quarters of a Regiment, they are to be surveyed by a Regimental Committee, whose proceedings (in duplicate) are to be forwarded to the Military Board, and a receipt passed to the Contractor for such number of Knapsacks, as may have been approved of by the Committee.

M. S. A. L.
No. 22 dated
11th Jan. 1838.

LXXIII. His Excellency the Commander in Chief being of opinion that the State should not bear the expence of conforming to the alterations and improvements suggested by individual tastes in an article of Equipment provided to the Troops gratuitously, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is therefore pleased to direct, that the difference beyond the contract price shall be charged against any of Her Majesty's Regiments to which either Knapsacks or Knapsack Slings of a more expensive pattern than that sanctioned for the use of the Hon'ble Company's Troops, shall be supplied.

M. C. 9th Aug.
1838.

LXXIV. Knapsacks on becoming unserviceable, are to be submitted for the inspection of a Regimental Committee, to be assembled on the 31st January and 31st July of each year, the proceedings of such Committee to be made out in duplicate, one copy being forwarded to the Military Board as an accompaniment to the Indent preferred on the Contractor for Army Accoutrements for the number of new Knapsacks required.

M. S. A. L.
No. 22 dated
11th Jan. 1838.

G. O. C. 7th Dec. 1841. LXXV. Several applications having lately been made by Regiments for new Knapsacks in lieu of others which had been condemned before they had lasted the prescribed period of four years, the attention of Commanding Officers is called to the subject, and it is to be distinctly understood, that no new Knapsacks will be issued to replace condemned articles, unless the latter have been in use the regulated period.

G. G. O. 4th July 1826. LXXXVI. The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Breast and Waist Plates be in future issued to the Native Army at the public expense, and that they accordingly be indented for in like manner as other articles of Public Store.

G. L. 19th Oct. 1832. LXXXVII. Metal Bayonet Scabbards are to be substituted for Leather, in all future Indents for the service of this Presidency.

G. G. O. 3d Dec. 1831. LXXXVIII. The Commanding Officer of the Forces with the sanction of Government, is pleased to direct the substitution of Fuzils instead of Pikes, for the Serjeants of the European Regiment and the Havildars of Native Infantry of the Line.

G. G. O. 16th Oct. 1831. LXXXIX. (H.C. L. to S. G. 2nd March 1831, para. XXXII). In compliance with the representations made to us, we consent that Breast Plates shall be hereafter supplied to the Troops at the public expense.

G. O. C. 18th Mar. 1840. LXXX. With reference to G. G. O. 4th December 1828 and G. G. O. 6th and 16th July 1835, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council has been pleased to sanction the following Scale of articles for the practice of the Sword Exercise, for each Company of European and Native Artillery.

- Swords, Old 26.
- Wire, masks 10.
- Leather Guards 10.
- Sticks 25.

G. G. O. 19th Nov. 1822. LXXXI. Commanding Officers and Quarter-Masters of Regiments and Battalions are held responsible, when indenting back Ammunition Barrels, that they do so with the Copper Hoops complete, and those Officers are strictly answerable for all deficiencies that may take place in this article of Supply while under their charge.

G. O. C. 25th July 1836. LXXXII. Bass Drums are not in future to be issued to Corps, except for payment.

G. G. O. 8th May 1837. LXXXIII. The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the following Tools be attached to all Infantry Regiments under this Presidency, to be used on occasions when Troops may be called upon to aid in extinguishing fires.

LXXXIV. To a European Regiment :—

2 Light Grapnel with 20 fathoms of 3 inch Cable and a strong Chain of 10 feet long, for removing large Choppers, it should have 5 or 6 arms and be of such a weight as may be easily carried up to the slope of a roof and attached to the ridge pole.

1 Drag Rope without cross pieces, from 15 to 20 fathoms of 3 inch Cable with a strong Chain and Hook 20 feet long, to be used for the same purpose as the Grapnel, and also for pulling down walls &c.

2 Light Ladders if possible of Bamboo, from 12 to 13 feet long, to give easy access to the roofs of Buildings.

4 Kentish Bill Hooks for cutting away rafter ties &c.

4 Common Bill Hooks for opening Choppers from the out-side, in order to attach the Grapnel or Drag-rope.

2 Hook Knives on long Poles, to cut Ties which cannot otherwise be reached.

1 Felling Axe.

4 Long handled Sappforks for removing the Choppers of low huts.

8 Crow Bars for undermining or breaking through walls.

16 Pick-axes and Shovels for removing ruins, breaking down walls, throwing earth or burning rubbish &c.

LXXXV. To a Regiment of Native Infantry :—

2 Drag Ropes complete.

4 Kentish Bill Hooks .

4 Common do.

2 Hook knives

4 Sap forks

10 Pick Axes

10 Shovels

2 Ladders

} Of the same description as those for the European Regiments.

G. G. O. 9th June 1837. LXXXVI. The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Tools similar to those attached to Infantry Regiments, under this Presidency, as directed by General Order No. 231 of the 8th ultimo, to be used in extinguishing fires, be also attached to the Artillery and Cavalry Regiments for the same purpose.

LXXXVII. On change of Quarters each Corps will leave its Tools for the relieving Regiment.

G. O. C. 11th Sept. 1835. LXXXVIII. The Commander in Chief desires it may be distinctly understood, that on all occasions of loss of public Stores by Fire, a Committee is to be invariably assembled for the purpose of ascertaining the actual amount of property destroyed, as all future applications to strike off the Returns any articles lost by similar accidents will be rejected unless accompanied by the proceedings of a Committee.

S U P P L E M E N T
TO
GENERAL ORDERS.

SEPARATE No. 20. OF 1842.

BY THE HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 11TH MAY 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Compilation of all existing orders under the head "Prisoners."

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col.

Secy. to Govt.

PRISONERS.

INCLUDING REGULATIONS RELATIVE TO DISMISSED OR SUSPENDED OFFICERS:

- I. WHENEVER an Officer confines a Soldier, he is, within four hours, to write to the Adjutant of the Battalion to which the Prisoner belongs, that the Commanding Officer and the Captain of his Company may be duly informed of the circumstance. This order extends to the Native, as well as European Corps. G. O. 13th
Mar. 1788.
- II. When any Prisoners are confined, they are to be inserted in the General Morning Reports, with the day they were confined, and by whom. G. O. 21st
Feb. 1768.
- III. No Prisoners, under pretence of sickness, are to be sent to the Hospital from the Guard, without being previously examined by a Surgeon, who shall certify that their sickness is real. G. O. 16th
July 1770.
- IV. All Prisoners that have been tried by Courts-Martial, are to be inserted in the Report as "*Under Sentence of a Court-Martial*," during the remaining part of their confinement. G. O. 16th
July 1758.
- V. (*Regulation XXII. A. D. 1827. For the Native Troops.*) When a Civil Officer shall have occasion to confine a Native Officer or Soldier either commissioned or enlisted, he shall as soon as possible forward to the Commanding Officer of the Station, a communication, which shall be in the form of an Extract from any periodical return which may be usually made by such Civil Officer to a superior Authority, in order to denote the nature of the charge and its result.
- VI. And Civil Magistrates and Military Commanding Officers shall mutually, aid each other in the apprehension of offenders subject to their respective authorities, the former by delivering up such as may have been apprehended by them, and the latter by using their utmost endeavours to assist the Magistrate's process against Officers and Soldiers.
- VII. On any occasion when a Prisoner may be made over to a Military Guard, for safe escort, from any of the Zillah Jails, though it is the duty of the Criminal Judge of such Zillah, to furnish proper Hand-Cuffs, Ropes, &c. for securing the Prisoner, yet it is the duty of the Military Officer to see that they are good, and sufficient for the purpose, before he receives them. G. G. O. 15th
Nov. 1822.
- VIII. Instances may certainly occur when Soldiers may be compelled in evident self-defence, or to prevent the escape of a notorious Offender, to have recourse to the most extreme measures; but it can never be justifiable or legal, upon slight grounds, to deprive any Individual, however criminal, of that life, which alone is amenable to the Laws of his Country after his guilt shall have been clearly substantiated. G. O. C. 13th
Feb. 1810.
- IX. The Punishment of Solitary Confinement, is strictly to be enforced.
- X. The Prisoner is to be allowed to walk for an hour in the morning, and one in the evening, in charge of the next adjoining Sentinel, during which time he is not to be permitted to speak to, or hold conversation with any Person. G. O. C. 25th
Mar. 1820.
- XI. The Garrison Staff-Sergeant is to have the immediate charge of the Prisoner, for whom a sum equivalent to Nine Pence per day is to be drawn, for his maintenance; an Allowance not only sufficient for provisioning a Prisoner with food of a wholesome and healthy description, free from articles of luxury, which are not to be permitted, but will amply provide for soap, combing, shaving, and washing clothes; cleanliness of person being essentially requisite for the preservation of health: these points, and all other connected with the fulfilment of the Sentence, will naturally fall under the general superintendance of the Fort Adjutant and Commanding Officer of the Garrison.
- XII. Resolved, that the following Regulations respecting Prisoners of War be adopted:— G. G. O. 2nd
Jan. 1799.
- That the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Privates, be allowed the Net Pay of the corresponding ranks in the Company's Service.
- That Quarters shall be provided, or that the allowance of House Rent shall be paid to the Officers.
- Barrack Furniture, Hospital Charges, and Funerals, to be regulated in the same manner as in the Company's Service.
- XIII. Resolved, that the Commander in Chief's Order, establishing an allowance for the Prisoners of War, (*Natives*) of one seer of rice and two pice a Man, per day, be confirmed. G. G. O. 11th
April 1799.
- Extract from the Hon'ble Court's Military Letter to Bengal, dated 16th February 1810.*
- XIV. (*Para. X.*) "When an Officer shall be detained by the Enemy as a Prisoner of War in India, he shall, during his residence on shore in India, receive the Pay and Half Batta of the rank he may hold at the time of his capture, or may obtain by promotion during his captivity; but upon all other occasions during his captivity, whether on board Ship in India, or ashore, or on board Ship in Europe, he shall receive the Pay of his Rank only." G. G. O. 6th
Oct. 1814.
- XV. By the Mutiny Acts for Her Majesty's Forces and for the Hon'ble Company's European Troops it is enacted, that no Soldier shall be entitled to pay or to reckon service towards Pay or Pension when in confinement, under any sentence of a Court, or during any absence from duty by commitment under the Civil Power on a charge of any offence cognizable by a Civil or Criminal Court, or by reason of any arrest for debt, or as a Prisoner of War, or while in confinement under any charge of which he shall af-

terwards be convicted: But any Soldier acquitted of any offence for which he has been committed shall, upon his return to his duty in his Corps be entitled to receive all arrears of pay due, and to reckon Service during his absence or confinement: and upon rejoining the service from being a Prisoner of War, due enquiry shall be made by a Court Martial, and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of such Court, that the said Soldier was taken Prisoner without wilful neglect of duty on his part, and that he hath not served with or under, or in any manner aided the Enemy, and that he hath returned as soon as possible to the service, he may thereupon be recommended by such Court to receive either the whole of such arrears of pay, or a proportion thereof, and to reckon service during his absence. In Her Majesty's service the Secretary at War and in the Company's service the Government under which the Soldier is serving, may order or withhold the payment of the whole or any party of the Pay of any Officer or Soldier in Her Majesty's service, or of any Soldier in the Company's service, during the period of absence by any of the causes aforesaid.

XVI. The forfeiture of Pay under the above provisions can alone take place on a conviction by a Court Martial or competent Court of Civil or Criminal Judicature, and not in instances of Soldiers placed in confinement without trial by Commanding Officers.

G. G. O. 17th
Aug. 1810.

XVII. When a man is in confinement not regimental, the cause and place thereof, are to be specified against his name in the Pay List; in that situation he is not entitled to Pay or Regimental Allowances, if imprisoned for Debt, or under conviction of a Criminal Offence.

G. O. C. 26th
Jan. 1824.

XVIII. The Commander in Chief takes this opportunity of noticing that, as a sufficiency of places of Confinement have now been provided at each of the European Barracks, it is contrary to his wish that Soldiers shall be sent, as a punishment, to Criminal Gaols, except for very atrocious offences; or in the case of such bad characters as are not likely to come out worse than when they went in.

G. L. 30th Apr.
1824.

XIX. The Honorable the Governor in Council having received information, that instances have occurred of Sepoys being placed under restraint by the Civil Power, without any intimation thereof being given to the Officer in Command of the Battalion to which they may belong, thereby occasioning the Sepoys to be struck off the Strength of their Corps as "Deserted;" in view to obviate this inconvenience in future, notice will be given to Commanding Officers, when it may be necessary to place Native Soldiers in Confinement.

G. O. C. 18th
Dec. 1824.

XX. Where an Officer has a number of Prisoners to account for by a written List, it is but reasonable and proper, that any changes to take place in the distribution of those made over to him, should be communicated to him by proper authority, and in writing. Such authority should be the Adjutant, or, in his absence, the Serjeant Major, in the name of the Commanding Officer or Adjutant.

NOTE. Act No. 23 of 1839. Separate G. O. No. 3 of 1842. Para. 134 authorizes imprisonment to Natives with or without hard Labour. Act No. 2 of 1840, Para. 135 authorizes Judges, Magistrates and Sheriffs &c. to give effect to such sentences.

For Rules respecting sentences of imprisonment on European Soldiers, vide Paras. 87 and 88 of the above Separate G. O.

For Natives Para. 89.

G. L. 28th Apr.
1842.

XXI. Soldiers dismissed with ignominy from the Army can no longer be considered as Soldiers, and are totally unconnected with any military department from the hour of their discharge.

XXII. It remains then for the Civil Power to deal with such Men precisely as with Vagrants or any other class who have never belonged to the Army, and if removed from the country by order or with permission of Government, the Senior Magistrate or Police will be directed to take especial care that they are not embarked in the same Ship with Troops or Invalids to whom the association with such characters would bring unmerited disgrace.

Extract from Hon'ble Court's Letter to Bengal, dated 14th April 1813.

XXIII. (Para. CLVIII.) "We shall not object to your allowing Officers confined for Debt, the Pay, Half Batta, and Gratuity of their respective Ranks, for one year, from the date of their confinement; after which we direct that they they be allowed to draw their Pay only."

XXIV. (Para. CLIX.) "With regard to Officers confined for Criminal Offences, we positively direct that they be allowed to draw their Pay only."

XXV. (H. C. L. 9th September 1829, Para. XVIII.) In reply to your application to us to fix a period beyond which Officers remaining in Gaol shall not be entitled to any Military Pay, and shall be struck off the Strength of the Army. We direct that if an Officer be confined in Gaol more than three successive years, he shall be discharged from the Service.

G. G. O. 12th
Aug. 1812.

XXVI. The Governor in Council having taken into consideration, the distressed situation to which Officers dismissed or removed from the Service, have frequently been exposed by the inadequate allowance of one Rupee per diem allotted under a former regulation, for their subsistence, before they could be sent to England; and the necessity which exists of making some provision for their accommodation on their Passage thither, has been pleased to establish the following Regulations, subject to the approval and confirmation of the Hon'ble Court of Directors, vizt.

XXVII. That a field Officer, Captain, or Surgeon, shall be allowed the sum of 3½ Rs per diem, and all Junior Officers, including Assistant Surgeons, the amount of the Nett Pay allowed to Officers of the rank they held at the time of their removal from the service.

XXVIII. That a Cadet who may be similarly situated, shall be allowed 1½ Rupee per diem,

XXIX. The Governor in Council (in conformity to the repeated orders of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors) having judged it expedient to direct, that all Officers who may be permitted to resign, or who may be dismissed or removed from the Service of His Majesty or of the Honorable Company, shall proceed to Europe by the first opportunity that may offer* the Commander in Chief is requested to give the necessary orders for placing all Persons so circumstanced, under charge of the Town Major of Bombay, for the purpose abovementioned.

* If they do not comply with this they forfeit Passage money and subsistence.

Extract from the Hon'ble Court's Letter to Bengal, dated 12th March 1813.

XXX. (Para. CCCXV.) "Whenever it is our intention that an Officer, restored by us to the Service, shall suffer any loss of Rank in consequence of his having been suspended or dismissed from it we shall be careful so to express ourselves. In all the other cases, we direct our restoration of an Officer to the Service, to be understood as a restoration to the exact situation in which such Officer to the would have stood, had no such Suspension or Dismissal occurred,

G. G. O. 6th
Oct. 1814.

XXXI. As Half Batta and Gratuity in addition to the Net Pay have been granted to suspended Officers of the Bengal Army, without the Honorable the Court of Directors having signified their disapprobation, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the same indulgence to an Officer similarly situated at this Presidency.

G. L. 13th July
1832.



BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by authority.

WEDNESDAY, 11th MAY 1842.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th May 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council has great gratification in republishing for general information the following General Order issued on the 30th Ultimo, by the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India.

*By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
J. P. WILLOUGHBY, Secy. to Govt.*

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

General order by the Right Honorable the Governor General of India.

Head Quarters, Allahabad, April 30th, 1842.

The Governor General has received a report from Major General Pollock, C. B. dated the 16th instant, announcing his arrival at Jelalabad.

The Major General has thus carried into effect the orders of the Government in a manner which entitles him to the highest approbation.

Receiving the command of the army at Peshawar under circumstances of peculiar difficulty, he has in the midst of new and unforeseen embarrassments and disappointments, preserved a firm mind, and justly relying upon his own judgment, he has at last, with equal discretion and decision, accomplished the object he was directed to effect.

The Governor General requests Major General Pollock to accept his acknowledgments of the good service he has thus rendered to the Government of India, and begs he will communicate to the gallant Officers and troops under his command, the entire satisfaction with which their conduct has been regarded on this occasion.

The Governor General has already in communicating the despatch from Major General Sir Robert Sale, K. C. B., dated the 7th instant, expressed his high sense of the services of that Officer and of the garrison of Jelalabad, terminating on that day by a decisive victory, which would have left nothing to desire had Colonel Dennie survived to enjoy it.

The garrison of Jelalabad having on that day achieved its safety by its own prowess, and being now reunited to the army by the movements of the force under the command of Major General Pollock, C. B., it remains only for the Governor General to testify his opinion of the just claims of that garrison to the gratitude of the Government and of their Country.

The Governor General is pleased to direct that the second company of the sixth battalion of Artillery shall bear upon its appointments, and the fifth regiment of Light cavalry upon its standards and appointments, and the thirty-fifth regiment of Native infantry upon its colors and appointments, a mural crown superscribed "Jelalabad," as a memorial of the fortitude, perseverance and enterprize evinced by those several Corps during the blockade of Jelalabad.

The Governor General is likewise pleased, in conformity with the recommendation of his Excellency the Commander in Chief, to direct that "in order to give additional and lasting honors to the 35th Native Infantry, whilst it benefits the service generally, that corps shall hereafter be made a light infantry regiment, the duties of which it is already so well acquainted with and has performed with so much zeal and spirit."

The Governor General is further pleased to direct that a silver medal be made for every officer, non-commissioned officer, and private, European and Native, who belonged to the Garrison of Jelalabad on the seventh of April, 1842, such medals to be all similar, and to bear on one side a mural crown superscribed "Jelalabad" and on the other side the words "April 7th 1842".

The Government of India will present such medal to every officer, non-commissioned officer, and private, European and Native, belonging to their service, and will request the home authorities to lay before her Majesty their most humble prayer that her Majesty will be graciously pleased to permit the Major General Commanding, and the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates in her Majesty's service, who formed part of the Garrison of Jelalabad, to receive and wear a medal similar to that which will be so presented to their brothers in arms.

The Governor General, taking into consideration the many great privations to which the troops composing the garrison of Jelalabad were exposed during the blockade of that place, and the noble fortitude with which all such privations were borne, as well as the various losses the troops sustained, is pleased to direct that a donation of six months batta be made to all the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, European and Native, who composed the garrison of Jelalabad on the 7th of April, 1842.

The Governor General will request his Excellency the Commander in Chief of the Army to give instructions in due time that the several corps composing the garrison of Jelalabad may, on their return to India, be received at all the stations on their route to their cantonments, by all the troops at such Stations, in review order with presented arms.

*By order of the Right Honorable the Governor General of India.
(Signed) T. H. MADDOCK,
Secretary of the Govt. of India,
with the Governor General.*

(True Copy.)
J. P. WILLOUGHBY,
Secretary to Govt.

S U P P L E M E N T
TO
GENERAL ORDERS.

SEPARATE No. 21 of 1842.

BY THE HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 18th MAY, 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Compilation of all existing orders under the head "Indents."

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col.

Secy. to Govt.

INDENTS.

1. Indents for Stores of whatever description the receipt and issue of which are regulated by established proportions, also Returning Indents with the exceptions specified in paras. VI, XI, XXXI and XXXVII, are to be forwarded by Indenting Officers direct to Supplying or Receiving Officers, who are to attend to the requisition after satisfying themselves that the documents have been framed in strict accordance with the Regulations of the Service, being themselves held responsible, that no issues are made, except in conformity thereto, and that the several documents forwarded as vouchers to their accounts, have been drawn out according to the authorized forms. G. G. O. 13th
Nov. 1833.
- II. Should Out-station Commissaries be unable, from the state of their Arsenals, to comply with such Indents, they will transmit the same to the Military Board, who will make the most advantageous arrangements for supplying them with the Stores without delay. G. G. O. 8th
Feb. 1830.
- III. Indents of an ordinary description for Stores, of which no proportion is established, as also emergent Indents, shall be met by departments under the authority and responsibility of Station Commanding Officers, who may, in the instance of the former, refer any, regarding which they entertain doubt, to the Officer Commanding the Division, for decision or reference, and if he deem proper, to the Head of the Department concerned, vizt. G. G. O. 13th
Nov. 1833.
- Indents for Artillery, Ordnance, Engineer, }
or Barrack Stores, Arms, Accoutrements, } The Military Board,
Ammunition and Entrenching Tools. }
Camp Equipage and Carriage. The Quarter Master General.
- IV. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that on all Indents of an extraordinary nature, as also Emergent Indents, the word "Emergent or Extraordinary" shall be written by the sanctioning authority himself. G. G. O. 16th
Oct. 1837.
- V. Regarding the issue of Miscellaneous Stores, any information required, will be afforded by the Military Board, to whom also all Indents for Stores required on payment, are to be submitted. G. G. O. 13th
Nov. 1833.
- VI. All Indents by Corps or Departments at the Presidency for Military Stores or Appointments, with the exception of Camp Equipage and Carriage, are to be sanctioned by the Military Board before they are complied with. G. G. O. 18th
May 1788.
- VII. The Military Board will pass all ordinary applications from Merchants and other Individuals of the Presidency for Stores which can be spared either for Purchase or Loan, excepting when the demand appears to be so great as to require the sanction of Government, but in all cases the Certificate of the Stores having been paid for, given under the hand of the Secretary to the Military Board, to be the necessary voucher for the issue. G. G. O. 8th
Feb. 1830.
- VIII. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that a similar Certificate shall be deemed necessary by all Departments, in order to ensure payment for the Stores and work done for Individuals previously to the Stores being delivered. G. G. O. 20th
July 1832.
- IX. Stores issued on loan to receive the sanction of the Military Board for their return into the Arsenal, and the usual report of their state to be made by the Principal Commissary of Ordnance to the Secretary to the Military Board to regulate his order on the Paymaster for the repayment of the deposit. G. G. O. 8th
Feb. 1830.
- X. His Lordship in Council is further pleased to limit the loan of such Stores (Guns and Muskets) to a period of two years, after the lapse of which the amount deposited as a Security is to be considered forfeited. M. C. 11th Nov.
1834.
- XI. All Indents from Out-station Arsenals for supplies, whether Europe or Country, to be sent for the sanction of the Military Board. G. G. O. 8th
Feb. 1830.
- XII. The Military Board, and all Commandants of Garrisons, Corps, or Detachments, are strongly recommended to make themselves acquainted with the necessity for the Indent they countersign for issue; as from their situation they must be, and are held, equally responsible to the Honorable Company for the propriety of them, with the Person originally indenting; and when by accident he is not forthcoming, they must be held solely answerable. G. G. O. 6th
Oct. 1789 and
14th June 1819.
- XIII. All Indents from detached Brigades, Battalions, and Companies, to be countersigned by the Commanding Officer of the Brigade or Battalion to which the Person indenting is attached, and who will then be considered answerable for the propriety of the Indents, as will the Commandants in like manner at Subordinate. G. G. O. 23d
Apr. 1789.
- XIV. A Returning Indent prepared in duplicate (according to the annexed form) is established, as the voucher on which Stores requiring repair, or no longer needed by Corps or Departments, are to be returned into Store, thrice each year, (vizt. on the 1st March, 1st September, and 1st December). Receiving Officers being required carefully to examine the Stores produced, and to reject any which appear to be tendered on insufficient grounds, unless required to receive them by the Station Commanding Officer, whose signature will in this case be passed upon the Indent. G. G. O. 13th
Nov. 1833.