



S U P P L E M E N T
TO
G E N E R A L O R D E R S



SEPARATE No. 17 OF 1842.



BY THE HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL,

BOMBAY CASTLE, 4th MAY 1842.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Compilation of all existing orders under the head "Compensation."

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Col.

Secy. to Govt.

COMPENSATION.

I. (*H. C. L. to Bengal, 16th Feb. 1810, Para. LXXV.*) "As the Company have been put to great and unnecessary expense, by the allowances which have been at different times made by our several Governments, as compensation to Officers for loss of Baggage by Shipwreck, Fire, and Capture; and as every Officer may, if he pleases, ensure his property before he embarks here, or in India, we direct that no Compensation be hereafter made to any Officer for loss of Baggage on board ship, unless such Officer be proceeding on duty by order of Government."

G. G. O. 6th
Oct. 1814.

II. (*H. C. L. 26th September 1827, Para. XLIV.*) As the Rule adopted by us, forbidding the payment to Individuals of Compensation for their losses on the passage to India was not at the time of the sailing of the *Blenden Hall* formally notified to the Passengers, we shall not enforce the refund of the sums paid to them. Our resolution on this head is now communicated to every Individual proceeding in our Service to India, and, as no one can hereafter plead ignorance of it, we particularly direct that it be not departed from in any case whatever.

G. G. O. 8th
May 1828.

III. (*H. C. L. to Bengal, 30th March 1819, Para. XXXII.*) "We have resolved to accede to a revision of the rates of Compensation to Officers who may lose their Baggage and Camp Equipage, while on actual Service."

G. G. O. 3rd
Jany. 1820.

IV. (*Para. XXXIII.*) "We accordingly direct, that the following Rates be allowed to Officers on your Establishment, who may lose their Baggage and Camp Equipage, when on duty in the Field, or when proceeding by Sea under the orders of Government."

Engineers, Artillery, European and Native Infantry.

Subaltern—Personal Baggage	Rupees. 910.
Camp Equipage	540.
Total.	1450.

Captain—Baggage	1214.
Camp Equipage and Carriage	810.
Total.	2024.

Major—Baggage	1517.
Camp Equipage and Carriage	1296.
Total.	2813.

Lieutenant Colonel—Baggage	1517.
Camp Equipage and Carriage	1620.
Total.	3137.

Colonel—Baggage	1820.
Camp Equipage and Carriage	2160.
Total.	3980.

Horse Artillery and Cavalry, European and Native.

Subaltern—Baggage	Rupees. 1062.
Camp Equipage	540.
Total.	1602.

Captain—Baggage	1470.
Camp Equipage	810.
Total.	2280.

Major—Baggage	1820.
Camp Equipage	1296.
Total.	3116.

Lieutenant Colonel—Baggage	1820.
Camp Equipage	1620.
Total.	3440.

Colonel—Baggage	2157.
Camp Equipage	2160.
Total.	4317.

V. (*Para. XXXIV.*) "The Baggage and Camp Equipage of all Regimental Staff Officers, to be valued as those of Subaltern Officers."

VI. (Para. XXXV.) "In no case is Compensation to be granted without a declaration upon Oath from the Officer concerned, that he has sustained the loss for which he claims to be reimbursed, accompanied by a Certificate from his Commanding Officer that at the time the loss was sustained, such Officer was employed on public duty, and that according to the best of his knowledge and belief, the loss did not arise from any fault or neglect of the Officer applying for Compensation."

VII. (Para. XXXVI.) "We also authorize you to make such further allowance to Officers of the Artillery or Engineers, who may lose professional Instruments while on duty in the field, or while proceeding by sea under the orders of Government, as the particular circumstances of each case may appear to require."

G. G. O. 15th Dec. 1814.

VIII. (H. C. L. 6th June 1814, Para. CXC VIII.) "Officers losing any part of their baggage, are to give in similar Certificates according to the best of their belief and judgment, without entering into particulars, by estimating their loss at one fourth, one half, or three fourths of the whole value, according to which they shall be paid the like proportion of the Sums."

G. L. 27th June 1840.

IX. (L. G. I. 3d June 1840.) The grant of compensation cannot be sanctioned to an Officer for loss of Baggage plundered, unless it can be satisfactorily shewn that the loss was actually caused by the Enemy and not by Robbers."

G. L. 7th Nov. 1839.

X. The following Rates of compensation are allowed to Warrant Officers for loss of Baggage.

For Deputy Assistant Commissaries.....	Rupees	910	0	0
For Conductors	"	578	0	0
For Sub-Conductors.....	"	381	0	0

XI. Besides the abovementioned sum of nine hundred and ten Rupees which is granted to Subaltern Officers for the loss of their personal baggage, the sum of Company's Rs. (540) five hundred and forty is authorized for their Camp Equipage and Carriage, but as Warrant Officers may not be supposed to take with them Camp Equipage to the extent required by Regimental Officers, the compensation on this behalf to Warrant Officers will be determined according to the circumstances of each particular case."

G. L. 26th June 1840.

XII. (L. G. I. 27th May 1840.) Claims on account of clothing, the property of the Colonel of a Regiment, Mess property and Band Instruments are inadmissible, compensation for losses of those descriptions being wholly unknown to the Regulations of the Service."

G. G. O. 15th Dec. 1814.

XIII. "The whole baggage of a Quarter Master of Cavalry shall be estimated at (£40) forty Pounds. A Quarter Master losing the whole or any part of his baggage, must produce Certificates, from the Officer Commanding, and from his Captain, as to the quantity of his Baggage which to the best of their belief and judgment has been lost, according to which he will receive the whole or a proportion, of the above sum of £40."

NOTE.—Applicable to Troop Quarter Masters, Regimental Quarter Masters receive compensation as Subalterns.

XIV. "A Serjeant of Cavalry losing his Necessaries, without any fault of his own, shall receive.....	£	s.	Rs.	A.	P.
Corporal, Trumpeter, or Private.....	2	15.	26	15	0
Serjeant of Infantry.....	2	10.	24	7	10
Corporal, Drummer, or Private.....	2	2.	20	9	2

XV. The Certificates in these cases, to be the same as in the case of the Quarter Master."

G. L. 7th Oct. 1826.

XVI. Rates of Compensation to Native Troops for Loss of Necessaries.

	Rupees.	A.	P.
Subedars.....	75
Jomadars.....	45
Havildars.....	14	14	1
Naiques, Drummers and Sepoys.....	12

XVII. The Abstracts for compensation should be accompanied by the Certificate prescribed by the Court's Letter 6th June 1814, published in General Orders, 26th December following, with reference to European Corps."

G. L. 25th Sep. 1839.

XVIII. In all cases of the loss of private Carriage of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers an investigation of the circumstances under which the losses may have taken place, should invariably be made by a Committee of Officers, whose reports should accompany the claim, in order that it may be seen on what grounds the Commanding Officer's Certificate may have been granted."

G. L. 1st Mar. 1834 and G. L. 14th Aug. 1841.

XIX. Private Guides are allowed compensation for loss of property plundered whilst employed on duty, at the rate of twenty two rupees each. Tent and Store Lacars three fourths of the sum allowed to Native Troops according to their relative ranks."

G. L. 16th June 1834.

XX. (H. C. L. dated the 23d October 1833. Para XV.) We are of opinion that individuals can have no claim upon the public for losses sustained by Fire or other accidents, and we desire that no allowance be made on such occasions, except in very particular cases and after reference to us."

XXI. (L. G. I. 24th August 1838.) In cases of loss sustained by Fire in the lines of Native Troops the only compensation which would be allowed by the Bengal Government would be to replace such articles of clothing supplied from the Off-Reckoning Fund as might have been destroyed on the occasion. G. L. 1st Oct. 1838.

XXII. In conformity with instructions received from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to announce, that all mounted Staff and Infantry Officers drawing Horse allowance, shall be entitled to compensation for the loss of their Horses when killed in action, or wounded, so as to become unserviceable, a Bill on honor for the value of the Horse, at the established rate, is to be preferred to the Pay Department, vouched in the mode prescribed by the Regulations for Compensation to Cavalry Officers under similar circumstances. G. G. O. 1st Jan. 1831.

XXIII. (G. G. O. 27th August 1830.) The Governor General in Council is pleased to notify for general information, that the following revised rates of Compensation for the loss of Chargers killed or disabled in action, or shot in consequence of being infectiously diseased, will hereafter be passed to the several descriptions of Mounted Officers entitled to such indulgence, under the provisions of the orders quoted in the margin. G. G. O. 8th April 1839.

Minutes of Council,
13th March 1795, G. O.
G. G. 19th June 1813.

G. O. G. 4th May
1822.

XXIV. To Horse Artillery and Cavalry Officers, for the loss of a Charger selected from the ranks of Remounts of their respective Corps, a Compensation equal to the price they would have been entitled to receive on returning such a Charger to the ranks, viz, the residue of the original price after a deduction of 10 per cent per annum, for the period that may have elapsed, since the date of selection.

XXV. To all Mounted Officers, for the loss of a Charger, under the provisions of the orders before quoted not selected from the ranks, and purchased at a price not exceeding 900 Sonat Rupees, a Compensation equal to the residue of the price actually paid, after a similar deduction of 10 per cent per annum, for the period elapsed since the date of purchase.

XXVI. For the loss of a Charger purchased at any price above 300 Rupees, a compensation equal to the residue of such price, after the deduction of 10 per cent per annum, provided such residue do not exceed the sum of 300 Rupees, which is the maximum of Compensation to be allowed in any case.

XXVII. Bills for Compensation for the loss of a selected Charger, are to be accompanied by a Copy of the Certificate specified in the 21st clause of G. O. V. P. of the 7th of October 1817, viz, copy of original Certificate, shewing from what Troop the Horse was selected, whether a Stud Horse or not, and the price with the Instalments recovered, and those for compensation for a charger not selected from the ranks by a declaration on honor, specifying the price paid, and the date of purchase.

XXVIII. (L. G. G. 30th Dec. 1839.) The claim of an Officer serving with the Poona Auxiliary Horse in Afghanistan, for Compensation for the loss of a Charger, in consequence of forced marches, would be inadmissible under the Bengal Presidency; the only occasions on which Compensation for Officer's Chargers is granted being when the Animals are killed or disabled in Action, or when they are ordered to be destroyed on account of some infectious disease. G. L. 24th Jan. 1840.

XXIX. The rules established under the Bengal Presidency relating to Compensation for the loss of Chargers do not apply to the case of a Charger directed to be shot, as being totally incapacitated for further service from privations endured on the line of march. G. L. 24th Feb. 1840.

XXX. (L. G. I. 13th May 1840.) Government decline sanctioning the payment of Compensation to an Officer for a Charger stolen from him by the Bolshenios, while on Field Service, his claim being wholly inadmissible under the Regulations of the Service. G. L. 30th May 1840.

XXXI. (L. G. I. 29th July 1840.) Compensation is granted to the Men of the Poona Auxiliary Horse for Horses lost on service in the same manner and to the same extent that Compensation has been granted to the Local Cavalry under the Bengal Presidency. G. L. 6th Sep. 1840.

XXXII. The rate of compensation allowed is Rupees (125) one hundred and twenty five for each Horse, either killed in Action, carried away in an attack by the enemy, or rendered unserviceable, or lost in consequence of wounds, fatigue, or want of forage whilst in Service; no Compensation is granted for Horses destroyed on account of infectious disease.

XXXIII. When Bills are submitted for Compensation for Horses killed by fatigue or destroyed, or disabled in any other manner than by the enemy, certificates will be required from Commanding Officers explaining fully the circumstances of the case and the nature of duty on which the Animal was employed with the authority Civil or Military for so employing it stated: the Commanding Officer will also declare that no neglect or cruelty of the Rider occasioned the loss, and also state that to the best of his knowledge the Horse was in good and sound health and capable of performing his general duties when detached, on this latter point Commanding Officers of Irregular Corps are held responsible.

XXXIV. (L. G. I. 16th Nov. 1840.) The sum of Rupees (125) one hundred and twenty five is allowed, under all circumstances for Horses of Irregular Cavalry killed or disabled in the service of the State without reference to their registered age or value. G. L. 22nd Dec. 1840.

XXXV. (H. C. L. dated 26th February 1833. Para. II.) Whenever a Cantonment at which Officers have drawn only half Batta shall be abandoned, such Officers shall be allowed G. G. O. 30th June 1833.

six months extra half Batta, as a Compensation for loss of Houses; but no Compensation allowance shall be granted to any Officer either on the abandonment or on the first occupation of a full Batta Station; Officers in receipt of full Batta being considered to be in the Field.

G. L. 10th
Oct. 1833.

XXXVI. The grant of six months extra Batta should be made without any deduction of House Rent.

G. G. O. 17th
May 1838.

XXXVII. The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that in all cases when an owner of a House may not have left a Station more than six months previous to its abolition as a Military Cantonment, and can shew that he had no opportunity of disposing of his property, that he be allowed the usual compensation of six months Batta, and that the grant be limited to such cases.

G. L. 8th Mar.
1839.

XXXVIII. A reduction of Force at a Station cannot be viewed as the abandonment of the Cantonment which is the only condition on which Compensation for loss of Houses is granted.

G. L. 27th
May 1839.

XXXIX. It is only on the abandonment of a Cantonment that Compensation for loss of Houses is granted, but on temporary vacations of Cantonments, the Houses belonging to the Officers will be taken care of by Government for such period as the Lines may be vacant.

G. L. 11th
July 1839.

XL. (L. G. I. 10th June 1839.) Under the Bengal Presidency, no relaxation of the Regulations prohibiting the grant of Compensation to Officers for Houses abandoned is ever made in favor of either a temporary or permanent reduction in the Strength of a Cantonment at any Garrison Station, nor are that Government competent without the special sanction of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to authorize such a measure.

G. O. C. 22nd
Nov. 1826.

XLI. An application from the Quarter Master of a Regiment to be indemnified for the loss of a sum of money, which had been drawn for the Men, in his capacity of Paymaster, having recently been submitted to the Commander in Chief. His Excellency desires it may be fully understood by the Army: both in order to prevent unnecessary references to himself, and in support of the orders issued by Government on the 22d September last; that it is no less incumbent on all Officers who are entrusted with the charge or disbursement of Public Treasure, to attend personally to its removal from, or deposit in the appointed place of security, than to its receipt and delivery, on every occasion within their control; and that no claims to remuneration for any losses arising from their deputed others to perform this essential duty, will ever be recommended to Government, without evident proof of the actual necessity of a deviation from the rule here enjoined.

G. G. O. 14th
March 1822.

XLII. The Hon'ble the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish until further orders, the following Regulations, authorizing Compensation in money to be paid, according to the annexed Tables A. B. C. to the Native Troops and Regimental Followers under this Presidency, in Field and Garrison, whenever the undermentioned Grains shall at all exceed their respective regulated prices, as follow.-vitz.

<i>Garrison.</i>	<i>Field Rate.</i>
Wheat Flour, coarse, 15 Seers or 30 lbs per Rupee	12 Seers or 24 lbs per Rupee
Rice, third sort . . . 18½ . . . or . . . 37½ do.	16½ or . . . 33½ do.
Badjarée 23½ . . . or 47 . . . do.	16½ or 33 . . . do.

XLIII. The Troops to be allowed one pukka seer, or two pounds, each Man, per day; Sepoy Boys, and Regimental Followers, half the quantity.

XLIV. Compensation to be determined, monthly, by a Committee of the most experienced Officers to be assembled by Officers Commanding Divisions, Stations, or Battalions as the case may be; and with respect to small Detachments that will not admit of a Committee being formed, a Certificate from the Collector or Magistrate of the District must be attached to the Monthly Bills for Compensation, which in all cases, must be framed upon a comparison of the daily average prices of Grain in the Bazar throughout the month: Official Returns of such daily prices being called for, and to be furnished by the Magistrates or Bazar Masters.

XLV. In awarding Compensation, the least expensive of the three Grains above named to be taken, the average price of which Grain, together with the rate of Compensation to be paid, being published in Orders; attested Copies of which Orders, are to be annexed to Bills for this allowance, These Bills to be preferred by Quarter Masters of Corps; and Paymasters are to discharge them upon being vouched by a Return signed by Adjutants, and countersigned by Commanding Officers.

G. G. O. 6th
October 1826.

XLVI. The Committees ordered to be assembled monthly, for the purpose of settling the rates of Compensation, to be issued to the Native Troops, shall in no instance whatever, award a different Rate than is to be found in the Tables laid down for their guidance, which must be strictly adhered to.

XLVII. Having ascertained, from the Nerricks furnished to them, the average price of the Grain on which Compensation is to be granted, they will take the nearest corresponding price inserted in the Tables, and be regulated in their award accordingly.

XLVIII. Officers preferring Abstracts, and Paymasters of Stations, also, whose duty is to examine the correctness of the charges contained in them, will be held severally responsible for payments made contrary to the principle here laid down.

G. L. 24th
October 1839.

XLIX. The Lascars of the Fire Engine Department not being enlisted Men are not entitled to Compensation for grain.

L. Compensation for the high priced of Grain to Native Troops, instead of 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, &c. Pies per diem, to be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, &c. Pies, and the amount of the daily rate of Compensation to be paid in any month, to be determined with reference to the following Revised Tables:—

G. G. O. 10th
Sep. 1831.

LJ. FIELD RATE, TABLE A.

When the average Market price of coarse Wheat Flour, in the Field Bazar, exceeds one Rupee for 24 lbs. or Rupees 2. 8. 0 for 60 lbs. compensation will be paid as follows, viz.

If 60 pounds of coarse Wheat Flour exceed 2½ Rs. compensation to be paid as follows:		Per day.	Per Month	
			of 30 days.	of 31 days.
If 60 lbs. cost	2 8 1 and under 2 10 6 Compensation	1	2 6	2 7
"	2 10 6	2	5	5 2
"	2 13 0	3	7 6	7 9
"	2 15 6	4	10	10 4
"	3 2 0	5	12 6	12 11
"	3 4 6	6	15	15 6
"	3 7 0	7	1 1 6	1 2 1
"	3 9 6	8	1 4	1 4 8
"	3 12 0	9	1 6 6	1 7 3
"	3 14 6	10	1 9	1 9 10
"	4 1 0	11	1 11 6	1 12 5
"	4 3 6	1	1 14	1 15
"	4 6 0	1	1 2	2 1 7
"	4 8 6	1	2 2 3	2 4 2
"	4 11 0	1	3 2 5 6	2 6 9
"	4 13 6	1	4 2 8	2 9 4
"	5 0	1	5 2 10 6	2 11 11
"	5 2 6	1	6 2 13	2 14 6
"	5 5 0	1	7 2 15 6	3 1 1
"	5 7 6	1	7 2 15 6	3 1 1

LIII. GARRISON RATE, TABLE A.

When the average Market price of coarse Wheat Flour in the Bazar exceeds one Rupee for 15 Pukka Seers, or 2 Rupees for 60 lbs. Compensation will be paid as follows, viz.

If 60 lbs. of coarse Wheat Flour exceed 2 Rs. compensation to be paid as follows, viz.		Per day.	Per Month	
			of 30 days.	of 31 days.
If 60 lbs. cost	2 0 1 and under 2 2 6 Compensation	1		
"	2 2 6	2		
"	2 5 0	3		
"	2 7 6	4		
"	2 10 0	5		
"	2 12 6	6		
"	2 15 0	7		
"	3 1 6	8		
"	3 4 0	9		
"	3 6 6	10		
"	3 9 0	11		
"	3 11 6	1		
"	3 14 0	1		
"	4 0 6	1		
"	4 3 0	1		
"	4 5 6	1		
"	4 8 0	1		
"	4 10 6	1		
"	4 13 0	1		
"	4 15 6	1		

Vide Field Rate, Table A.

LIIII. FIELD RATE, TABLE B.

When the average Market price of Rice of the 3rd Sort in the Field Bazar, exceeds one Rupee for 33½ lbs. or Rupees 2 8 10 for 60 lbs. Compensation will be paid as follows, viz.

If 60 lbs. of Rice of the 3rd Sort exceeds 2 8 10, compensation to be paid as follows.		Per day.	Per Month.	
			of 30 days.	of 31 days.
If 60 lbs. cost	2 8 11 and under 2 11 4 compensation	1		
"	2 11 4	2		
"	2 13 10	3		
"	3 0 4	4		
"	3 2 10	5		
"	3 5 4	6		
"	3 7 10	7		
"	3 10 4	8		
"	3 12 10	9		
"	3 15 4	10		
"	4 1 10	11		
"	4 4 4	1		
"	4 6 10	1		
"	4 9 4	1		
"	4 11 10	1		
"	4 14 4	1		
"	4 17 10	1		
"	5 0 10	1		
"	5 3 4	1		
"	5 5 10	1		
"	5 8 4	1		

Vide Field Rate, Table A.

LIV. GARRISON RATE, TABLE B.
 When the average Market price of Rice of the 3rd Sort in the Bazar, exceeds one Rupee for 37½ lbs. or 1 9 7 for 60 lbs. Compensation will be paid as follows, vizt.

If 60 lbs. of Rice of 3rd Sort exceeds 1 9 7. compensation to be paid as follows.	Per day.	Per Month	
		of 30 days.	of 31 days.
If 60 lbs. cost 1 9 8 and under 1 12 1 Compensation.....	1	2	Vide Field Rate, Table A.
" 1 12 1 1 14 7	2	3	
" 1 14 7 2 1 1	3	4	
" 2 1 1 2 3 7	4	5	
" 2 3 7 2 6 1	5	6	
" 2 6 1 2 8 7	6	7	
" 2 8 7 2 11 1	7	8	
" 2 11 1 2 13 7	8	9	
" 2 13 7 3 0 1	9	10	
" 3 0 1 3 2 7	10	11	
" 3 2 7 3 5 1	11	12	
" 3 5 1 3 7 7	12	13	
" 3 7 7 3 10 1	13	14	
" 3 10 1 3 12 7	14	15	
" 3 12 7 3 15 1	15	16	
" 3 15 1 4 1 7	16	17	
" 4 1 7 4 4 1	17		
" 4 4 1 4 6 7	18		
" 4 6 7 4 9 1	19		

LV. FIELD RATE TABLE, C.
 When the average Market price of Badjaree in the Field Bazar exceeds one Rupee for 33 lbs. or 1.13.1. for 60. lbs. Compensation will be paid as follows, vizt :-

If 60 lbs. of Badjaree exceed 1.13.1. Compensation to be paid as follows.	Per day.	Per Month	
		of 30 days.	of 31 days.
If 60 lbs. cost 1 13 2 and under 1 15 7 Compensation.....	1	2	Vide Field Rate, Table A.
" 1 15 7 2 2 1	2	3	
" 2 2 1 2 4 7	3	4	
" 2 4 7 2 7 1	4	5	
" 2 7 1 2 9 7	5	6	
" 2 9 7 2 12 1	6	7	
" 2 12 1 2 14 7	7	8	
" 2 14 7 3 1 1	8	9	
" 3 1 1 3 3 7	9	10	
" 3 3 7 3 6 1	10	11	
" 3 6 1 3 8 7	11	12	
" 3 8 7 3 11 1	12	13	
" 3 11 1 3 13 7	13	14	
" 3 13 7 4 0 1	14	15	
" 4 0 1 4 2 7	15	16	
" 4 2 7 4 5 1	16	17	
" 4 5 1 4 7 7	17		
" 4 7 7 4 10 1	18		
" 4 10 1 4 12 7	19		

LVI. GARRISON RATE, TABLE C.
 When the average Market price of Badjaree in the Bazar, exceeds one Rupee for 47 lbs. or 1.4.5 for 60 lbs. Compensation will be paid as follows, vizt.

If 60 lbs. Badjaree exceeds 1.4.5 Compensation to be paid as follows.	Per day.	Per month	
		of 30 days.	of 31 days.
If 60 lbs. cost 1 4 6 and under 1 6 11 Compensation.....	1	2	Vide Field Rate, Table A.
" 1 6 11 1 9 5	2	3	
" 1 9 5 1 11 11	3	4	
" 1 11 11 1 14 5	4	5	
" 1 14 5 2 0 11	5	6	
" 2 0 11 2 3 5	6	7	
" 2 3 5 2 5 11	7	8	
" 2 5 11 2 8 5	8	9	
" 2 8 5 2 10 11	9	10	
" 2 10 11 2 13 5	10	11	
" 2 13 5 2 15 11	11	12	
" 2 15 11 3 2 5	12	13	
" 3 2 5 3 4 11	13	14	
" 3 4 11 3 7 5	14	15	
" 3 7 5 3 9 11	15	16	
" 3 9 11 3 12 5	16	17	
" 3 12 5 3 14 11	17		
" 3 14 11 4 1 5	18		
" 4 1 5 4 3 11	19		

NOTE.—For all orders respecting Compensation for Clothing vide "Clothing and Off-Reckonings" the Code recently published. For Compensation for Command Allowance see "Commands."