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SOCIO-ECONOMIC REVIEW
AND
DIVISIONAL STATISTICAL ABSTRACT
OF
BOMBAY DIVISION.

1962-63 AND 1963-64



BUREAU OF ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS
GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA
BOMBAY

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OF
MAHARASHTRA

:-*:-

:SOCIO - ECONOMIC REVIEW:

AND

STATISTICAL ABSTRACT:

OF

B O M B A Y D I V I S I O N

FOR

1962-63 & 1963-64

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REGIONAL OFFICE
BUREAU OF ECONOMICS & STATISTICS
B O M B A Y

-(i):-

B O M B A Y D I V I S I O N
A T A G L A N C E

-:oOo:-

Sr. No.	Item.	Unit.	Particulars.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

I - LOCATION:

1.1 North Latitude	Degrees	= { 22° 20' to 15° 30'
1.2 East Longitude	Degrees	= { 72° 45' to 76° 28'

II - AREA AND POPULATION (1961 CENSUS):

2.2 Area	Sq. Kms.	68,641
2.2 Number of districts	No.	6
2.3 Number of Talukas & Mahals	No.	77
2.4 Number of Towns	No.	81
2.5 Number of Villages-(A) Inhabited	No.	9,340
(B) Un-Inhabited	No.	284
2.6 Total Population	No.	95,10,265
2.7 Rural Population	No.	76,68,339
2.8 Urban Population	No.	18,41,926
2.9 Percentage of Rural Population to Total Population.	Percentage	80.65
2.10 Percentage of Urban Population to Total Population.	Percentage	19.35
2.11 Density of population	Persons per Sq. Km.	139
2.12 Population of Scheduled Castes	No.	2,51,766
2.13 Population of Scheduled Tribes	No.	16,64,774
2.14 Total Number of Workers.	No.	44,60,635
2.15 Total Non-Workers	No.	50,49,630
2.16 Literacy Percentage:-		
(a) Males	Percentage	41.45
(b) Females	Percentage	15.95
(c) Total	Percentage	28.65

III - AGRICULTURE (1962-63):

3.1 Total geographical area by village papers	'00 Acres	1,745
3.2 Gross Cropped area	'00 Acres	862
3.3 Net Cropped Area	'00 Acres	811
3.4 Gross Irrigated Area	'00 Acres	41
3.5 Net Irrigated area	'00 Acres	34
3.6 Area under Forest.	'00 Acres	4,967

Continued --- (ii)

-(ii):-

Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Particulars
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
IV - ANIMAL HUSBANDRY - (1961 CENSUS):			
4.1	Total Live Stock	No.	56,60,881
4.2	Total Cattle	No.	35,98,353
4.3	Total Buffaloes	No.	6,75,919
4.4	Total Sheep and Goats	No.	13,03,545
4.5	Total Horses and Ponies	No.	22,580
4.6	Other Live Stock	No.	60,484
4.7	Poultry (Total)	No.	32,87,434
4.8	Oil Engines with Pumps for Irrigation Purposes	No.	18,020
V - CO-OPERATION - (1963-64):			
5.1	Co-operative Societies of all types	No.	6,976
5.2	Membership of all societies	('000) No.	1045
5.3	Working Capital of all Societies	('000) Rs.	4,50,980
5.4	Share Capital of all Societies	('000) Rs.	1,08,741
5.5	Loans Advanced	('000) Rs.	3,07,017
VI - EDUCATION - (1963-64)			
6.1	Primary - (a) Institutions	No.	10,741
	(b) Students	No.	13,46,495
	(c) Teachers	No.	33,889
6.2	Secondary - (a) Institutions	No.	647
	(b) Students	No.	2,14,506
	(c) Teachers	No.	8,260
6.3	College (Higher) - (a) Institutions	No.	20
	(b) Students	No.	9,619
	(c) Teachers	No.	545
6.4	Special - (a) Institutions	No.	137
	(b) Students	No.	7,991
VII - MEDICAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH (1963):			
7.1	Number of Hospitals	No.	21
7.2	Number of Dispensaries	No.	168
7.3	Number of Rural & Primary Health Centres	No.	116
7.4	Number of Maternity Homes	No.	51
7.5	Number of Doctors	No.	306
7.6	Number of Beds	No.	2,853
7.7	Number of Total Births	No.	3,19,982
7.8	Number of Total Deaths	No.	1,42,442
VIII - TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS:			
8.1	Total Railway Length (as on 31-3-'64)	Kms.	916
8.2	Total Road Length (as on 31-3-'64)	Kms.	16,610
8.3	Number of Motor Vehicles in operation (as on 31st Jan: 1963)	No.	10,475
8.4	No. of Post Offices	No.	1,929

Continued------(iii)

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Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Particulars
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<u>IX - ELECTRICITY - (1963-64):</u>			
9.1	Electricity generated	KWH.	14,148.70
9.2	Electricity consumed	KWH.	1,874.80
9.3	Total Number of Villages Electrified (as on 31-3-1964)	No.	283
9.4	Total Number of Towns Electrified (as on 31-3-1964)	No.	61
<u>X - INDUSTRY AND MINING: (1963-64)</u>			
10.1	Number of working factories	No.	1,403
10.2	Average daily attendance of workers (1963).	No.	95,495
<u>XI - EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE STATISTICS (1963-64)</u>			
11.1	Number of Employment Exchange	No.	6
11.2	Number of Registrations	No.	64,692
11.3	Number of Placements	No.	8,389
11.4	Number of vacancies notified	No.	13,802
11.5	Number on Live Register as on 31-3-64	No.	46,228
<u>XII - MISCELLANEOUS:</u>			
12.1	No. of Municipalities (1963-64)	No.	54
12.2	No. of Village Panchayats (1963-64)	No.	4,282
12.3	No. of Zilla Parishads	No.	6
12.4	No. of Joint Stock Companies (1964)	No.	106
12.5	No. of Banking Offices (1964)	No.	287
12.6	Small Savings - Net Collection. ('63-64Rs.		2,00,07,000

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PART-I

DIVISIONAL SOCIO-ECONOMIC REVIEW:

1962-64

BOMBAY DIVISION

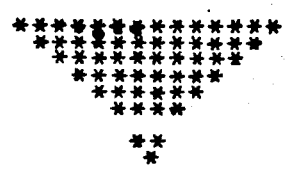
DIVISIONAL SOCIO-ECONOMIC REVIEW:

1962-63 & 1963-64

-: BOMBAY DIVISION :-

C O N T E N T S

Chapter Number.	Title of the Chapter	Page-Number.
(1)	(2)	(3)
I	Introduction	1
II	Population	15
III	Agriculture	47
IV	Animal Husbandry, Forests and Fisheries	62
V	Industry, Mining and Electricity	72
VI	Co-operation	82
VII	Medical and Public Health..	90
VIII	Education	99
IX	Transport and Communications	105
X	Local Self Government	110
XI	Plan and Community Development.	112
XII	Prices	121
XIII	Miscellaneous	125



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BOMBAY DIVISION
A SOCIO ECONOMIC REVIEW

CHAPTER-I

I N T R O D U C T I O N .

1. The Bombay Division of Maharashtra State comprising six Districts viz. Thana, Kolaba, Ratnagiri, Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon is somewhat crescent-shaped. Unlike other Divisions, it is particularly marked with length rather than breadth. Peculiarly this Division spreads throughout the whole length of nearly 700 kms. or 440 miles of Maharashtra State, touching the far north and south ends of the state. Whole of the western portion of Maharashtra, Thus, is belted by Bombay Division.

2. LOCATION AND BOUNDARIES: The Bombay Division is situated between 22°-2' and 15°-30' north latitude and 72°-45' and 76°-28' east longitude. Its northern Portion is formed by Districts of Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon which seem to have clustered to some extent, whereas the southern half of the Division is nothing but a strip of about 65 kms. or 40 miles, breadth, formed by the districts of Thana, Kolaba and Ratnagiri talling one another.

At its north, the Bombay Division is bounded by Madhya Pradesh, and at its south there are the States of Mysore and the Union Territory of Goa separated by Terkhol creek. The east portion of the Division is adjacent to the Districts of Buldhana, and Aurangabad from Aurangabad Division, and Ahmednagar, Poona, Satara, Sangli and Kolhabur districts of Poona Division. Whole of the length of about 720 Kms. of the Arabian Sea-coast of Maharashtra State at its west-side is shared by this Division. At the north-west corner of this

Division there lies ~~Surat district~~ of Gujrat State, and Union Territory of Daman. The Natural ~~boundaries of this~~ Division are provided by Arabian sea towards the west, Sahyadri-Ranges towards the north-west and east of the southern half, Satpurus towards the north and Terekhol creek at the south.

Geographically the Bombay Division can be sub-divided in two zones, (Konkan, comprising maily Thana, Kolaba and Ratnagiri Districts and (2) Ghat or Desh, constituted by the Districts of Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon. This break-up of this Division conveniently designed by the nature itself, is again confirmed by the district socio-economic features. The districts of Konkan have many things in common such as nearness to sea open sea-coast, crcks, mountaineous ranges, damp weather, heavy rainfall etc. On the contrary the Desh Districts are situated in plain tracts, and have meagre rainfall, dry weather.

3. TOPOGRAPHY:- While considering topography of the Bombay Division, the two zones of Konkan and Desh are necessary to be kept in view. The three characteristics of the topography of Konkan at once come to the forefront. (1) on the coastal line lies, almost parallel to it the plain strip of about 15-20 miles breadth which is locally known as "Khalati". Most of this portion is a sight of flat low lying rice tracts. At many places the plain belt is broken by numerous crcks. The average height of this tract above the mean sea level is rarely above 100 ft. Apart from rice cultivation, noticeable feature, in the economy of this "Bunder Patti" or Khalati is the fodder cultivation which is accounted for by flourishing trade in grass and hay particularly in the talukas of Dahanu and Plaghar of Thana District. Another noticeable feature of the coastal strip is the fishing industry - carried, on, on a large scale, in the vailage around the coast.

This tract owing to its nearness to sea and the peculiar climatic conditions prevailing there are facilitates for the plantation of coconut and bellenuts, which apart from contributing to the economy of this tract, enhances its natural beauty, (ii) On the east side of the "khalati" stretches the rocky strip of about 15 miles breadth. This tract almost lying parallel to the Khalati rises upto the bottom of "Sahyadris" and is known as 'valati'. The average height of this tract is 700 to 800 fts. above the mean sea level. The fields in the valati or Madhyam Patti are more fertile and are under rice cultivation. Crops such as Ragi and wari are grown on hill slopes. Along the river banks in this area, vegetation can be seen. The noticeable feature of this tract is that whatever industrialization in the backward region of Konkan has taken place, pertains to this area. Particularly in Thana District, organised industries of different types such as manufactures of Rayon, silk, bricks, medicines, chemicals etc., have been located. In the districts of Ekhaha and Ratnagiri also, industrial belts are being formed. (iii) On the east of Valati stand the mountainous ranges of the Sahyadri. This hilly strip of Sahyadri has about 5 miles breadth and these ranges at some points rise more than 3000 fts above the mean sea level. The land is well watered in Rainy season and well wooded. The slopes of Sahyadris are well clothed with teak, Ain Khari, Sesum and other species and the ranges have fine evergreen grove. On all sides, hills rise from plain bold in outline and during the rainy season, the country near the foot of Sahyadri is specially beautiful. The forest industry gives seasonal employment to labour in this area. Most of the area in this tract has been classified as a scheduled area as it is inhabited by Adiwasis comprising of Warli, Katkari, Thakur, Dhondia, Dhala, Dher Koli and Mahadeo Koli, etc. This tract is mostly—

is a depressed economy pocket as the local population subsists on the meagre returns. These Adiwasis having distinct social characteristics and culture have been the constant pin-points of attention both of Government and the social workers.

As in the case of the Konkan the topographical study of the Desh brings forth three main features. Towards the western border on the Nasik and to west and south of Dhulia District lie the ranges of Sahyadris. The northern borders of Dhulia and Jalgaon are bounded by the steep southern face of the "Satpuras". There are high mountain peaks in these ranges rising from 1800 ft. to 3000 ft. The mountainous ranges are full of forest inhabited by wild life and Adiwasis. Considering the backward character of the tract and its people, the President under the constitution has declared this area as the scheduled area. From the slopes of Sahyadris and Satpuras spreads long plain tract scarcely unbroken by hillated spots. In Dhulia and Jalgaon Districts most of the portion of these plains come under an upland basin, drained into the Tapi river and her tributaries. In these plains cultivation is wide-spread and the region is quite rich with production of food crops as well as cash crops.

HILLS:- The hills of the lofty sahyadri Ranges are quite picturesque. From the point of Balvatgad on Sahyadris Ranges located near about Igatpuri and Kasara, to the extreme south of Thana District the Sahyadris stretch in an irregular line. All along the eastern border of Konkan a mighty wall of Sahyadris 2000 to 4000 ft. high stretches, its sheer back cliffs broken by narrow horizontal belts of grass and forest and its crest rising in places in isolated peaks and rock butts from 1000 to 15000 ft. above its general level.

~~Besides the main range of the Sahyadris wild ranges of hills~~ and striking peaks rise over the whole. In thana District the lofty peaks of Takmak, Tagar, Kaman-durg, Kaladurg, in Kolaba, Rayagad, Karnala, Dronagir, Sadhagad, Avachitgad, Sarasgad, Sagargad, Tale, Chalsale, Kanakeshwar etc. catch one's sight.

There are flat-topped as well as peak topped mountains in Desh Region. The height of Selebari Range in Nasik varies from 3100 to 4200 ft. The peak of Kalasubai near Igatpuri is the highest one in this district being 5460 ft. high. The mountains of Salher Mulher, Ramshej, Chacherej etc. have added to the beauty of the landscape.

The hills in Dhulia District belong to the ranges of Sahyadri as well as Satpura, and possess height of 3000 to 3300 ft. The highest peak in these ranges in Dhulia District is Toranmal having the height of 3318 ft.

In Jalgaon district, there are three chief hill ranges, the Satpura in the north, the Hattis in the south-east and the Ajantha also known as Chandor or Satmala in the south. In the Satpura, the Chief peaks that rise over about 3000 ft. are pancha Pandav and Mondhiamal over looking Yawal Taluka. Apart from these, hills of Shirsoli in Erndol Tal. and Ghodasgaon in Bhusaval taluka also deserve mention.

RIVERS:- Rising in the western slope of Sahyadris, at the farthest not more than 50 miles from the sea, none of the Konkan rivers drain large enough area to gain any size or importance. Dashing over the black trap sczraps of the Sahyadri their waters gather at the base of the cliffs and along rocky deepcut channels, force a passage from among hills.

~~During the rains they bring to the sea large volume of water~~ but in fair seasons, the ~~channels of most of them~~ are mere chains of pools, divided by walls of rocks. The size and importance of these rivers increase only in proportion to the distance upto which they are tidal and navigable.

The most important river in Thana District is Vaitarna rising in Trimbak hills. The other important river in this district is Ulhas rising a little to the north of Bhor pass. These west flowing rivers, particularly Vaitarna offer suitable dam and storage sites and enormous possibilities of power generation. The Vaitarna and Tansa lakes are important sources of water supply to the cities of Thana and Greater Bombay. The scheme of Vaitarna Hydro Electric power is also being implemented in the Third Five Year Plan.

Out of about 16 rivers in Kolaba district the important ones are Savitri, Kundlika, Amba, Kal Bhogavati, Patlganga, Pej, Ulhas and Gandhari. The rivers of Pej, Ulhas, Kundlika and Patalganga are specially called as boons to the cultivators as they facilitate the growing of summer paddy and vegetables by means of minor irrigation. The rivers of Pej, Kundalika and Patalganga receive the waters from the three major power stations of Tatal located in this district and hence unlike other rivers in Konkan continue to flow with drains of water round the year.

There are in all about 21 small and big rivers flowing through Ratnagiri District. Seven of these are major and Navigable during fair season. These are Savitri, Vashisthi, Jagbudi, Muchakundi, Rajapur, Kharepatan and Karli.

The rivers of ~~Desh region bear far more importance in~~ making the soil fertile by depositing silt on either sides of their banks. Most of these rivers remain flowing throughout all the seasons and provide major medium and minor irrigation facilities to the region. Except Tapi which enters Gujarat State after passing through Jalgaon and Dhulia Districts to meet Arabian sea, the other important rivers flow eastward. The important rivers in this region are Godavari, Girna, Donna, Mosam, Tapi and Purna. There are also a number of tributaries such as kadwa, Bori Barai, Panzara, Kan, Arunavati, Gamal feeding the main rivers at a number of places.

CREEKS: Creeks form an important aspect of the Konkan region. Creeks are formed mainly by reaching the sea water deep inland. All along the ~~Konkan coast~~ are many Creeks, some of these are broad at their mouth and deep, others becoming narrow within ten miles of coast. These creeks provide for inland waterways and navigation so also for fishing industry. Some of these important Creeks are Thana- Bassain Creek, Satpati, Datiware, Manor, Kalyan Creek in Thana Dist. In Kolaba District also such as Revas Dharamtar, Nagothana Creek, Revdanda Creek, Rajpuri Creek etc. Play important role in inland water transport and fishing. In Ratnagiri District, there are a number of major and minor Creeks such as Bankot, Dabhol, Purnagad, Jaitapur, Vajray durge, Depgad and so on.

SOIL:- The natural and geographical conditions in Konkan cause four-fold classification of its area according to its soil. (1) The land along the coastal line composed of loams consisting of fertile mixtures of sand, clay and humus coming from the sea,

~~Excluding the garden and groves belts, large area containing~~
 a heavy clay soil is extended from the sea to the feet of the hills. In some places the soil does not even grow good grass, as its impervious nature allows the rain water to remain on it, and softens the upper soil. In some places the fertile alluvial soil bears the credit for good agricultural produce. The alluvial deposits are also found along the banks of large rivers. (2) The land on the terrances of the hills and in the graves contain the deposits of black clay soil of considerable depth. At some places there are merely bleak rocks rendering cultivation difficult. (3) The Khar land popularly known as "Kajans" caused by tides in the Creeks. During most of the period the land on the sides of Creeks remain wet and moist. In most of the fields of Khajan cultivation is impracticable, while in some of them only some inferior variety of paddy can be grown. A major problem before the Konkan districts has been to reclaim the cultivable land from these Khajans. (4) There are stretches of black-clay soil, elsewhere in the tract, the low laying lands are interspersed with patches of shallow, clays and brown and red trap soils. The upland generally consists of an open trap soils which is reddish brown in colour and specially adopted for forest growth and fodder grasses. The black clay soil is well-adopted for rice cultivation.

The Dash region is proud in having much superior and fertile land. Broadly the soil of this region can be classified into three major tracts. In the northern tract except for a ~~xxx~~ small strip of three to four miles along the foot of Satpura and about a mile near the bank of Tapi river, can be found rich black cotton soil. In the central tract three types of soils are found viz. deep black, red and brown. The deep black soil is most fertile and yields rich crops.

The lighter red soil though not so fertile, it sufficiently good for raising cash crops such as cotton and groundnut. The general quality of soil in the southern tract is however, inferior to that of the general or northern tract.

4. TERRITORIAL CHANGES:- Since the commencement of East India Company's rule in "Dakhan" a number of territorial changes have been effected in the area. Around 1617, Konkan happened to be comprised of only two Districts, viz. north Konkan District with its head quarters at Thana, and south Konkan with its headquarters first at Bankot and later at Ratnagiri. For some time south Konkan was made a sub-ordinate Collectorate under Thana. In 1833, the two were again made full fledged districts and named as Thana and Ratnagiri Dists. In 1853, the three southern sub-division (Shanksi, Rajuri and Raigadh) together with Kolaba agency consisting of Underi and Revdanda sub-divisions were formed into the sub-collectorate of Kolaba which was placed under Thana. In 1869, the sub-collectorate of Kolaba was separately from Thana and made a full-fledged district. In 1883, Panvel taluka with (Uran) Karjat Peta was transferred to Kolaba District. Karjat taluka was also transferred to Kolaba before, 1891. In 1920 the salsettee taluka was divided into north Salsettee and south Salsettee ~~in talukas~~ ~~South Salsettee~~ taluka consisting of 84 villages was separated from Thana and included in the newly created Bombay suburban District. The north Salsettee taluka was made a mahal under Kalyan taluka in 1923, and re-constituted as Thana taluka in 1926. Twenty-seven villages and eight towns from Borivali taluka and one town and one village from Thana taluka were transferred to Bombay suburban District in the year 1956. In the year 1960, the taluka of Unbergaon with 47 villages and 3 towns was ---

~~transferred to Surat District of Gujarat State and its~~
remaining 27 villages were first included in Daharu taluka
and later on made into the new Talasari mahal in 1951.

The territory now included in Nasik District was formerly
partly in Khandesh district and partly in Ahmednagar District.
In 1837-38, parts of Ahmednagar District consisting of Sinner
Chandor, Dindori, Nasik including Igatpuri and the Peint State
were made into a sub-collectorate under Ahmednagar. The Sub-
Collectorate of Nasik was however, abolished in 1856 and its
talukas incorporated in Ahmednagar District. In 1869, however,
Nasik was made a full-fledged district with eight sub-division
of Ahmednagar, three Sub-Divisions of Khandesh and Peint
State. Shortly afterwards Akola taluka included in Nasik Dist.
was returned to Ahmednagar district. In 1950, 11 enclave
villages which formed part of Nandgaon taluka were transferred
to Aurangabad district. Two villages from Surat district were
added to Nasik.

The two districts of Dhulia and Jalgaon had come to be
administered as one district of Khandesh upto the year 1905.
In 1906 the bifurcation of Khandesh was effected after
separating 13 talukas and then districts of East Khandesh and
West Khandesh came into being. In 1950 four villages from
Nasik district and one village from Broach District were added
to the West Khandesh, and two villages from it were transferred
to Broach district. In the same year 13 villages which formed
part of Chalisgaon taluka of East Khandesh were transferred
to Aurangabad district. In 1960, 38 villages from Navapur
Taluka, 38 villages from Nandurba, 43 villages from Taloda
and 37 villages from Akkalkuwa taluka in West Khandesh were
transferred to Gujarat State. From the year 1961, these Dists
of east and West Khandesh have been named after their ----

respective head quarters as Jalgaon and Dhulia.

The total geographically area of the six districts of Bombay Division is 26502.1 sq. miles or 68641.5 sq. kms. Out of this total area, Urban area constitutes only 500.4 sq. miles or 1286.1 sq. kms. and the rest (26002.1 sq. miles or 67345.4 sq. kms.) is the rural area.

5. ADMINISTRATION SET UP:- A Division comes next to State while considering various levels of administrative set up. In most of the branches of administration, first, the activities are usually brought down to the level of the Division. The Head quarter of the Bombay Division is Greater Bombay which is the head-quarters of the Divisional Commissioner and where most of the Divisional offices are situated. The general administration of the Division and maintenance of law and order are vested with the Divisional Commissioner. The activities in the division pertaining to various branches of Government are looked after by the respective Divisional Heads.

A Division is comprised of districts. The activities of maintenance of law and order in a district are descended to the Collector of the District. The District is further divided for administrative convenience into sub-division or cant and is made up of talukas, mahals or petas usually numbering 2-4. At the level of taluka there is Mamlatdar and for a Mahal there is Mahalkari. Apart from their usual functions categorised under the revenue Department, these Mamlatdars and Mahalkaris are responsible for maintenance of law and order at the taluka/mahal level. The taluka or mahal is a group of villages. The ultimate revenue agency responsible for the village is talathi. The talathi is incharge of a "Saja".

which is a group of about ~~10 villages~~ for the sake of administrative convenience, "circles" are formed of these "Sajas" and ~~formed and have~~ the jurisdiction of Circle Inspectors. For every village there is a Police Patil who looks to the work of maintaining law and order in the village and keeping some primary records such as that of Births and Deaths registration.

Since the advent of Zilla Parishads, under the Democratic Decentralization, from 1st May, 1962, the new administrative set up has come into existence in the district of Maharashtra State. Under the Zilla Parishad act, the old Local self Govt. in the districts, such as District Local Boards, District School Boards, etc. have given place to the Zilla Parishads and Panchayat Samities. The Zilla Parishads and Panchayat Samities are bodies formed by elected members as peoples' representatives, at district and taluka levels respectively. These Zilla Parishads and Panchayat Samities are more or less autonomous bodies. They are statutory rather than merely advisory bodies. With the absorption of most of the district level Governmental offices in the Zilla Parishads, majority of the developmental functions have now been transferred to these bodies. This inception of Democratic Decentralization has facilitated the "three tier system" of local self administration. These three steps are (1) village panchayats at village level, (2) Zilla Parishad at the apex at district level. (3) Panchayat Samities at Taluaka ~~Block~~ Level.^a

The over all administration and executive responsibility of the Zilla Parishad and its constituencies viz. Panchayat Samitis is vested with the chief Executive Officer who is assisted by the Deputy Chief Executive Officer and district

heads of various departments. At the Panchayat Samiti level, there is the Block Development Officer, who is also the Secretary of the Panchayat Samiti. The Block team comprising of Extension Officers etc. who are technical personnel in various fields such as Agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Co-operation, Education, works etc., assist the Block Development Officer in discharging functions of Panchayat Samiti in General and community Development Programme in particular. In the revised pattern the talathis have been designated as Asstt. Gram Sevaks and their jurisdiction is spread over not the "sajas" but the villages coming under the respective Gram Panchayats. The village level workers are mainly Sr. Gram Sevak, Asstt. Gram Sevak and Junior Gram Sevak. The main functions of the Asstt./Junior Gram Sevaks are Land revenue collection developmental works in the villages and Secretarial functions of Gram Panchayats.

c. CLIMATE: On the coastal line, equable conditions prevail during summer but during cold season the range is slightly greater indicating cool nights and even cooler early mornings. Climate of Konkan is sultry and even though it is moist and damp, on the whole it can be said to be healthy one, excepting some areas particularly in the talukas of Marbad, Shahapur and Modhada in Thana District which are somewhat malarious especially from the close of rains to the end of December. The range of temperature between the maximum and minimum is comparatively small. The maximum temperature in the hot season seldom rises to above 37° C, while minimum temperature in the cold season rarely falls below 15°C. In the hot season the heat is very aggressive during the day, but many times the nights are not unpleasant. The hilly area of the East with large forest

- 14 -

and heavy rains is quite humid during rainy seasons, but the hill tops are having pleasant climate during the summer due to the West winds. Humidity is greater on the coast than in the interior. It reaches its maximum during the South West monsoon.

The climate of Desh is dry except in Monsoon. It is not temperate, the daily variations in the day and night temperatures being as high as about 12°C . The year can be divided into a dry hot period during February and March, summer during April May and June, rainy season from July to September, a sultry period in September and October and winter in November December and January. April is normally the hottest month when temperature rises even upto 46°C . While Jan. is unusually the coldest month when it falls upto 6°C .

RAINFALL:- The South West monsoon brings rains to this Division. The Western Sea-coast stands first in experiencing onset of monsoon. The monsoon setting in June spreads all over the division and gradually gets weakened in the month of September. During this period rains are very important because this makes the beginning of agricultural operations over a wide area. Particularly in Konkan, the main season of which is kharif, and where Rabi season is virtually insignificant.

Along the coastal line the rainfall is about 1800 mms whereas in the interiors of Konkan it is near about 2500 mms. On the slopes of Sahyadri Hills it is more and at the peaks it reaches even the magnitude of 5000 mms.

The normal rainfall figures show that the rainfall is usually uniformly, distributed throughout the Desh region, ranging from 640 mms. to 800 mms. The Western, South-Western / Northern parts of Desh receive more rainfall than the plains. Whereas in Konkan during most of the rainy season there are incessant heavy downpours, in the Desh the rains are intermittent.

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CHAPTER II

P O P U L A T I O N

INTRODUCTION: Human factor is by far of the most importance, determining the socio-economic conditions of a country. In its turn it is affected by the geographical, natural and physical environments. The varied aspects of population such as density, urban rural classification; sex ratio, livelihood, migration pattern literacy etc. deserve careful study while considering socio-economic characteristics of an area. Most of these aspects of population are universally studied in the population censuses which take place decennially. Some important aspects are also studied by conducting sample censuses or demographic surveys. Vital statistics from records of births and deaths registration can shed much light on the rate of growth of population, if a regular and systematic study of them is undertaken.

Growth of Population: The total number of persons in the six districts of Bombay Division, enumerated in the last census conducted in 1961, stands at 9,510,265. It is 24.1% and 2.2% of total population of Maharashtra State and India respectively. Records of earlier census conducted reveal that the population of these six districts in 1951 was 7,865,164. Thus there is a total increase in population of 1,645,101 in the decade. This increase works out to 20.9 per cent.

Districts	1951 - Census			1961 - Census			Increase		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Thana	668138	614438	1282572	861117	791561	1652678	192979 (28.9)	177127 (28.8)	370106 (28.9)
Kolaba	445580	463503	909083	514534	544321	1058855	68954 (15.5)	80818 (17.4)	149772 (16.5)
Ratnagiri	769635	942329	1711964	816804	1010399	1827203	47169 (6.2)	68070 (7.2)	115239 (6.7)
Nasik	730927	698989	1429916	953531	901715	1855246	222604 (30.4)	202726 (29.0)	425330 (29.7)
Dhulia	538226	522052	1060278	689942	664294	1351236	148716 (27.6)	142242 (27.2)	290958 (27.4)
Jalgaon	746452	724899	1471351	902001	863046	1765047	155549 (20.8)	138147 (19.0)	293696 (20.0)
BOMBAY DIVISION TOTAL:	3898958	3966206	7865164	4734929	4775336	9510265	835971 (21.4)	809130 (20.4)	1645101 (20.9)

Note:- The figures in brackets denote percentage increased

Table-No.1

The following table gives comparative figures of population enumerated in the censuses of 1951 and 1961.

The annual expected average rate of increase in the population of India was worked out, as to the tune of 2.0%. It seems that this rate is fairly applicable to the growth of population of this division during the last decade of censuses. It can be seen that the percentage increase in population during 1951-61, is much lower in the Konkan district except Thana. Thana district presents the higher percentage of population increase in this division. This may perhaps be due to many factors, proximity to Bombay main among them, most of the towns in Thana district have wider employment opportunities opened by the large scale industrialization. These industrial towns in Thana attract persons not only from within but also from the other parts of the country. This fact goes a long way in explaining the comparatively lower rate of percentage increase in the population in other Konkan districts, particularly Ratnagiri the population of which has increased only by 6.7% during the census decade. The highest % age rate of population growth is given by Nasik District. The districts of Dhulia and Jalgaon have the percentage growth rate of population which is fairly equal to the annual average percentage rate of population growth of India which is 2.0%.

The variations in population of the districts in Bombay Division, during the last 60 years are detailed in the following table.

Table No. 2

District	Year	Population	Decade	% age decade variation	% age variation during 60 yrs. i.e. 1901-1961
1	2	3	4	5	6
Thana	1901	665326	..	..	..
	1911	721323	+ 55997	+ 8.42	..
	1921	713228	- 8095	- 1.12	..
	1931	787664	+ 74436	+ 10.44	..
	1941	882321	+ 94657	+ 12.02	..
	1951	1282572	+ 400251	+ 45.36	..
	1961	1652678	+ 370106	+ 28.86	+ 148.40
Kolaba	1901	721083	..	..	..
	1911	714371	- 6712	- 0.93	..
	1921	677586	- 36785	- 5.15	..
	1931	756315	+ 78729	+ 11.62	..
	1941	805157	+ 48842	+ 6.45	..
	1951	908083	+ 103926	+ 12.91	..
	1961	1058855	+ 149772	+ 16.48	+ 46.84
Ratnagiri	1901	1387074	..	..	..
	1911	713371	..	..	..
	1911	1422199	+ 35125	+ 2.53	..
	1921	1361884	- 60315	- 4.24	..
	1931	1534540	+ 172656	+ 12.68	..
	1941	1627225	+ 92685	+ 6.04	..
	1951	1711964	+ 84739	+ 5.73	..
1961	1827203	+ 115239	+ 6.73	+ 31.73	

Contd -----

1	2	3	4	5	6
Nasik	1901	1327070	---	---	---
	1911	915898	+	92618 + 11.25	---
	1921	845783	-	69915 - 7.64	---
	1931	1009583	+	163800 + 19.37	---
	1941	1127597	+	118014 + 11.69	---
	1951	1429916	+	302319 + 26.81	---
	1961	185246	+	425330 + 29.75	+ 125.40
<hr/>					
Dhulia	1901	448432	---	---	---
	1911	575519	+	111087 + 24.77	---
	1921	594191	+	34672 + 6.20	---
	1931	714998	+	120807 + 20.33	---
	1941	845766	+	130768 + 18.29	---
	1951	1060278	+	214512 + 25.36	---
	1961	1351236	+	296958 + 27.44	+ 204.32
<hr/>					
Jalgaon.	1901	954077	---	---	---
	1911	1028126	+	74049 + 7.76	---
	1921	106956	+	71530 + 4.04	---
	1931	1198260	+	128604 + 12.02	---
	1941	1320074	+	131814 + 10.17	---
	1951	1471351	+	151277 + 11.46	---
	1961	1765047	+	293696 + 19.96	+ 85.00
<hr/>					
Bombay Division.	1901	4999072	---	---	---
	1911	5361236	+	362164 + 7.24	---
	1921	5262328	-	98908 - 1.84	---
	1931	6001360	+	739032 + 14.04	---
	1941	6608140	+	606780 + 10.11	---
	1951	9510265	+	1645101 + 20.92	---
	1961	7865164	+	1257024 + 19.02	+ 90.24

During the last 60 years the population of the Division is increased by 70.24%. The population of Maharashtra State has more than doubled (+103.97%) in the last sixty years. Thus compared to the growth of population of the State 1901-1961, that of the Division is less.

-20-

The decade growth rate has been generally rising after 1921 and the growth of population has reached the highest rate during the last decade. During the decade 1911-1921, the population of the Division decreased by 1.84 p.c. the % age rate of decrease being more marked in districts of Kolaba, Ratnagiri and Nasik.

Dhulia district has had the maximum increase (201.32%) between 1901 and 1961 not only in this Division but throughout the whole State excluding Greater Bombay. Thana and Nasik districts also exhibit remarkable growth of population. The districts of Kolaba and Ratnagiri have the lowest percentage growth of population during 1901-61, in the Bombay Division as well as in the whole State.

Urban - Rural Break up: There are in all 81 towns and 9340 inhabited and 284 uninhabited villages in the six districts of Bombay Division as per 1961 census. The total urban population of these six districts is 18,41,926 and the rural population is 76,68,339. The following table shows the districtwise urban rural position of population in Bombay Division as per 1961 census.

Table No. 3

District	No. of towns	No. of inhabited villages.	Urban Population	Rural Population.	Total Population
Thana	20	1599	499328 (30.2)	1153350 (69.8)	1652678 (100)
Kolaba	12	1778	106661 (10.1)	952174 (89.9)	1058855 (100)
Ratnagiri	13	1516	147858 (8.1)	1679345 (91.9)	1827203 (100)
Saak	15	1652	474982 (25.6)	1380264 (74.4)	18255246 (100)
Dhulia	7	1360	215856 (16.0)	1135380 (84.0)	1351236 (100)
Walgaon	14	1435	397221 (22.5)	1367826 (77.5)	1765047 (100)
Total for Bombay Division.	81	9340	1841926 (19.3)	7068339 (80.7)	9510265 (100)

(Figures in bracket denote percentage of rural/Urban population to total population).

It can be seen that the Ratnagiri district has the lowest percentage of urban population (8.1) and consequently the highest percentage of rural population (91.9) to total population, in the Division. The highest percentage of urban population to total population, in this division.,

-22-

pertains to Thana district. Evidently this is due to the highest degree of industrialization and urbanization of this district. Nasik district follows Thana in urbanization which has about $\frac{1}{4}$ of its population residing in urban areas. Jalgaon district also depicts more inclination towards urbanization. A comparative position of urban-rural pattern of Bombay Division with those of its co-divisions and the State and country is exhibited in the following table.

Table No. 4
(as per 1961 Census)
(Figures in '000)

Item	Bombay Division.	Poona Division.	Aurangabad	Nagpur Division	Maharashtra State.	India
1) Urban Population.	1842 (19.3)	2306 (22.3)	794 (12.6)	2069 (28.4)	11263* (28.2)	78937 (18.0)
2) Rural Population	7668	8055	5503	7165	28391	360298
3) Total Population.	9510 (100)	10360 (100)	6297 (100)	9234 (100)	39554 (100)	499235 (100)

(Figures in brackets denote, % ages of urban/rural population to total population).

(* The urban population of Maharashtra State is inclusive of population of Greater Bombay. Hence the 3% age of urban population of the State is higher compared to these its division.

It is clear from the above table that devoid of Greater Bombay, the population of which is over 41,52,000, and which is not considered for this Review the Bombay Division stands third in the State in Urbanization, the Poona and Nagpur divisions taking the lead. The population of Greater Bombay gives much weight to Maharashtra State. Its percentage of urban population to total population rises to 28.2. The percentage of urban population to total population of the Bombay Division, however, can be read in good comparison with that of the country.

Density:- Density measures concentration of population in any area. It is the man-land ratio, and is expressed as so much population per square mile Or square Kilo meter .

The total area of the Bombay Division (excluding Greater Bombay) is 26,502.5 square miles or 68641.5 sq.kms. The total population of the six districts of this division is 95,102265. The density of population of the division thus comes to 358 per sq. mile or 138 per sq.km.

The following table shows districtwise density of population in the Bombay Division as per 1961 census.

Table No. 5

District	Density of population					
	Urban		Rural		Total	
	Persons per. sq. Km.	Persons per sq. miles	Persons per sq. km.	Persons per sq. miles	Persons per sq. km.	Persons per sq. miles
Thana	2636	6829	128	332	179	465
Kolaba	996	2580	137	356	150	390
Ratnagiri	987	2553	131	341	140	367
Nasik	1494	3886	90	234	119	309
Dhulia	1421	3682	91	237	107	279
Jalgaon	1045	2707	124	322	155	402
Bombay Dn.	1421	3680	113	295	138	358

The table suggests that the districts of Thana and Jalgaon which are more industrialised in Bombay Division show the higher density of population. Within these districts density in urban areas is much more higher. So far as rural areas are concerned Kolaba district followed by Ratnagiri, seems to be comparatively more densely populated. These two districts have lowest urban density in the Division.

The lowest rural density of population in the division is formed in Nasik and Dhulia Districts.

Konkan Region of the Bombay Division seems to have been more densely populated than the Desh. The density of population of the three districts of Konkan is calculated to be 155 per sq.km. or 403 per sq.miles. The corresponding figures for the three Desh districts are 125 and 325 respectively.

A comparative position of density of population of this division with those of other divisions of the State can be seen in the following table.

Table 6.
(as per 1961 Census)

Division/State/India	Density	
	Persons per sq. kms.	Persons per sq. miles.
1) Bombay Division	138	358
2) Poona Division	138	359
3) Aurangabad Division	97	252
4) Nagpur	94	245
5) Maharashtra State	129	334
6) India	138	358

The density of population of Bombay Division is almost equal to that of the Poona Division, while it is

-:26:-

much less in the remaining two divisions, viz. Aurangabad and Nagpur. The density of the State is also less than the Division. The Division, however, equals to the country in respect of density of population.

Sex -Ratio:- The sex-ratio can be taken as an index measuring the magnitude of inequality in the male and female population. It is quoted as so many females per thousand males. The total population of males and females in the six districts of the Bombay Division enumerated in the 1961 census is 47,34,929 and 47,75,336 respectively. The sex-ratio comes to 1008. This means that the females out-number males by 8 in per thousand population position. Thus it can be said that more or less equal position exists as regards male and female population. The sex-ratio for the Bombay Division as per 1951 census was 1017. The conclusion can be drawn from this that during the decade of the censuses the increase in males is more than that in females.

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The Districtwise position of sex-ratio in the Bombay Division is shown below:

Table No.7

(as per 1961 census)

District	Urban			Rural			Total		
	Male	Female	Sex-ratio	Male	Female	Sex-ratio	Male	Female	Sex-ratio
Thana	273895	225433	823	537222	566128	964	861117	791561	919
Kolaba	54916	51765	942	459618	492556	1072	514534	544321	1058
Ratnagiri	74412	73445	987	742392	936953	1262	816304	1010899	1237
Nasik	253394	221588	874	700137	880127	971	953531	901715	945
Dhulia	112815	103041	913	574127	561253	978	686942	664294	967
Jalgaon	206877	190344	920	695124	672702	968	902001	863046	1057
Total of Division.	976309	865617	887	3758620	3909719	1040	4734929	4775336	1008

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The sex-ratio of ¹²⁸Ratnagiri District, which amounts to 1237 is the highest not only in this Division but throughout the whole State. The sex-ratio of Kolaba district is 1057. The sex-ratios of Konkan and Desh are 1070 and 955 respectively. The aspect of females, out-numbering the males in Konkan is reasoned by the migration of males in Kolaba and Ratnagiri districts in search of livelihood to the big cities of Bombay, Poona etc. The sex-ratio of Thana district is the lowest in this Division. This is to be explained by the industrialisation of this district, which attracts male population from other area.

In the following table the sex-ratios of other Divisions, State and country are compared with that of the Bombay Division.

Table No. 8

(as per 1961 census)

Division/State/Indian	Sex Ratio (Females per '000 males)
Bombay Division	1008
Poona "	965
Aurangabad Division	963
Nagpur "	958
Maharashtra State	936
India	941

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Thus the Bombay Division has the highest sex-ratio in Maharashtra State. This higher sex-ratio of Division is the result of the high weightage given by the two Konkan Districts, viz. Kolaba and Ratnagiri, as regards the number of females.

Economic Classification:- A person could be considered for being treated as a "worker" according to 1961 census if his activities added to his household income either directly or indirectly and in cash or in kind. As such a person who did only household work such as sweeping his house, cooking in his household, looking after the children in his house could not be considered as worker. Similarly such persons as pensioners, land-lords, rentiers etc. who have income without doing any 'work' could not be considered as workers.

In the 1961 census, the population was classified into eight livelihood classes and each class was further divided with reference to economic status, into (i) self-supporting persons, (ii) earning dependents and (iii) non-earning dependents. The concept of dependency has been abandoned for economic classification at the 1961 census. Instead, the population classified into workers and non-workers are classified into the following nine categories of economic activity.

- 30-
- I As cultivator
 - II As agricultural labourer.
 - III In Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing
Hunting and Plantations, Orchard, and allied
activities.
 - IV At household Industry.
 - V In Manufacturing other than household Industry.
 - VI In construction.
 - VII In Trade and Commerce.
 - VIII In Transport, Storage and Communications.
 - IX In other services.

The total working population of the six districts of the Bombay Division, according to 1961 census, is 44,60,635. This constitutes 46.9% of the total population which is 95,10,265.

The districtwise statistics of working and non-working population in Bombay Division is reflected in the following table.

Table Contd.....

Table-9
(As per 1961 Census)

District	Working Population			Non-Working Population			TOTAL POPULATION		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
1) Thana	172722 (34.6)	605034 (52.5)	777756 (47.1)	326606 (65.4)	528316 (47.5)	874922 (52.9)	499828 (100)	1052573 (100)	1052573 (100)
2) Kolaba	35550 (33.3)	460275 (38.3)	495825 (46.9)	71131 (86.7)	491399 (51.6)	563030 (53.1)	196681 (100)	952174 (100)	1058355 (100)
3) Ratnagiri	46945 (31.7)	773831 (46.0)	820776 (44.8)	100913 (68.3)	905514 (54.0)	1006127 (55.2)	147858 (100)	1679345 (100)	1827203 (100)
4) Nasik	166074 (35.0)	747983 (54.1)	914057 (49.3)	308908 (65.0)	632281 (45.9)	941189 (50.7)	474982 (100)	1380264 (100)	1855240 (100)
5) Dhulia	72949 (33.8)	565899 (49.8)	638848 (47.3)	142907 (66.2)	569481 (50.2)	712388 (52.7)	215856 (100)	1135380 (100)	1351236 (100)
6) Jalgaon	131827 (33.2)	681546 (49.8)	813373 (46.2)	265394 (66.8)	686280 (50.2)	951674 (53.8)	397221 (100)	1367825 (100)	1765047 (100)
DIVISION TOTAL:	626067 (34.0)	3834568 (50.0)	4460635 (46.9)	1315859 (66.0)	3833771 (50.0)	5049630 (53.1)	1841926 (100)	7668339 (100)	9510265 (100)

(Note:- Figures in brackets denote corresponding percentage to total population.)

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34% of the total urban population and 50% of the total rural population of the Division is constituted by workers. Nasik district tops the list in the Division in having the highest percentages of urban, rural and total working population and is seconded by Dhulia in respect of total working population. However, as regards the percentage of urban and rural working population separately, Thana District is next to Nasik, Ratnagiri district has the lowest percentages of working population, urban, rural and total in the Division.

The following table shows the districtwise economic classification of population into the nine categories in the Bombay Division.

Table Continued

Table No.10

(as per 1961 Census)

Industrial Category	Thana			Kolaba			Ratnagiri		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
I A Cultivator	6706	370448	383156 (49.2)	3435	326133	329567 (66.5)	6164	610253	616417 (75.1)
II Agricultural Labourer	3094	115103	118277 (15.2)	851	53102	54033 (10.9)	1047	48929	49976 (6.1)
III In Mining, etc	7010	29940	37550 (4.8)	3635	24303	28018 (5.6)	8264	15390	23654 (2.9)
IV Household Industry.	3875	13195	17070 (2.2)	2075	8823	10899 (2.2)	2594	20361	22955 (2.8)
V In manufacturing other than Household Industry.	1981	19065	21046 (10.4)	3859	7329	11188 (2.3)	3802	9420	13222 (1.6)
VI In construction:	3604	3320	6924 (0.8)	685	2762	3447 (0.7)	2411	7085	9502 (1.2)
VII In trade & Commerce	25794	11635	33429 (4.8)	6769	7922	14691 (2.9)	5798	14454	20252 (2.5)
VIII In transport	18408	10270	28678 (3.7)	3016	4902	7998 (1.6)	3675	5466	9461 (4.2)
IX In other Services	41648	25970	67618 (8.9)	11224	24760	35984 (7.3)	13184	42153	55337 (6.7)
Total workers	172722 (22.2)	605034 (77.8)	777756 (77.2)	35550 (92.8)	460275 (100.)	495825 (100)	46945 (5.7)	773831 (94.3)	820776 (100)

-33-

Table No.10

Industry Code	Nasik			Dhulia			Jalgaon			BOMBAY DIVISION TOTAL		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
I.	8582	402050	491432 (53.7)	5524	288703	294227 (40.1)	19777	326245	346022 (42.5)	50190	2410631	2460821 (8.0) (62.7) (55.2)
II.	5432	175303	180735 (19.8)	9329	222504	231833 (36.5)	21086	274741	295827 (36.4)	40009	190082	931821 (6.5) (23.2) (20.0)
III.	1651	15430	17081 (1.8)	1027	7451	8478 (1.3)	1505	8752	10257 (1.3)	23092	101354	125046 (3.8) (2.6) (2.9)
IV.	15070	21381	36451 (4.0)	7029	15539	22568 (3.5)	10972	23415	34387 (4.2)	41616	102714	144330 (6.6) (2.7) (3.2)
V.	52704	9509	62213 (6.9)	12054	2004	15538 (2.4)	14450	5045	20295 (2.5)	140450	54052	203502 (23.0) (1.5) (4.5)
VI.	4338	6799	11137 (1.3)	2135	2137	4272 (0.7)	2069	7219	9288 (1.2)	16548	20222	36770 (2.0) (0.8) (1.0)
VII.	20284	8020	29104 (3.2)	11084	8252	19936 (3.1)	17059	10603	28462 (3.5)	80100	61086	141186 (141) (1.7) (3.3)
VIII.	11335	4131	15466 (1.7)	4787	1225	6012 (0.9)	15143	3101	18244 (2.2)	50364	29495	79859 (9.1) (0.8) (1.9)
IX.	46170	23700	69870 (7.6)	18780	16124	34904 (5.5)	28166	21625	49791 (6.2)	159100	154332	313432 (25.4) (24.0) (7.0)
Total	160074	147983	914057 (100)	72949	565899	638848 (100)	131027	661586	813373 (100)	620067	3834568	4460635 (100)

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The table suggests that 76.1 % of the total working population of the Bombay Division is engaged in Agriculture. Even in Thana, Nasik and Jalgaon the industrially advanced districts, of the Division, these percentages are as high as 64.5; 73.5 and 78.9 respectively. The percentage of population engaged in Mining Quarrying etc. to the total workers higher in Konkan area than the Desh. This can be explained by the fact that large mineral deposits such as Manganese, Bauxite etc. are found in Konkan. It seems that the Household industries provide comparatively more employment to Desh districts than Konkan. In Manufacturing other than Household Industries Thana district has the highest percentage of employment of 10.4 to the total working population in the Division. Nasik follows Thana in the respect which has the corresponding percentage of 6.9.

Out of the total working population of 4460635 of this Division, 2554441 or 57.3% are male and 1906194 or 42.7% are female persons. The sex-ratio of the working population (number of working females per thousand working males) will come to 746. The following table gives district wise distribution of working male and female population in the Bombay Division.

Table Contd.....

Table No.11

(as per 1961 Census)

District	Number of working males	No. of Working females	Sex-ratio of working population (females per '000males)
Thana	488209 (56.7)	289547 (36.6)	593 51
Kolaba	272991 (52.1)	222834 (40.9)	816
Ratnagiri	394631 (48.3)	426145 (42.2)	1080
Nasik	535483 (56.1)	378574 (42.0)	707
Dhulia	379449 (55.2)	259399 (39.0)	684
Jalgaon	483678	329695	682

(Figures in Brackets denote % ages to total male/females population).

The highest percentage in the division of working males to total males is presented by Thana district. As regards the working females the percentages in Thana is the lowest. It can be guessed that a sizable portion of male population in Ratnagiri District is not working. This is to be attributed to the large scale migration of working male population from this district to outer areas in search of employment. This

is further resulted in number of working females out growing that of working males, Sex-ratio of working population in Ratnagiri thereby being greater than unity.

The Sex-ratios (females per 10000 males) among the different categories of workers in the different categories of workers in the six districts of the Division are worked out in the following table.

Table No.12
(as per 1961)

District/ Division.	Workers in the categories								Total workers	Non-workers	
	I.	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII			IX
Thana.	938	928	445	935	91	137	124	44	270	593	1346
Kolaba.	1059	1064	402	524	123	210	363	26	275	816	1331
Ratnagiri	1402	1483	224	805	66	183	482	38	283	1080	1384
Nasik	882	1170	397	558	294	222	143	35	316	707	1251
Dhulia	612	1208	224	423	118	173	109	30	227	684	1317
Jalgaon.	746	1128	270	351	15	226	107	19	180	682	1275
Bombay Division	958	1139	356	545	177	195	192	33	240	746	1315

37

A more or less equable distribution of male and female population exists only in Agriculture. In other categories the number of females, per 1000 males is far less, particularly in "Transport, Communication and storage" the number of working females per 1000 males is meagre. Second to agriculture "Household Industry" seems to absorb thinkable portion of female population.

Literacy:- As per the definition adopted for 1961 census a "Literate" is a person who can both read and write a simple letter. In 1951 census the number of literates was counted on the basis of a ten percent sample and the educational standardwise figures were published in the district census, Hand Books for various talukas, grouped into tracts. In the 1961 census information on literate population was collected on universal basis. The total literate population of the six districts of the Bombay Division comes to 2724367 i.e. 28.6% of the total population.

The districtwise urban/rural literate population of the Bombay Division is shown in the following table.

Table Contd.....

- 39 -
Table No. 13.

(as per 1961 census)

District	Literate and educated population.			%age of literate population to total population.		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
Thana	265598	239107	504705	53.2	20.7	30.5
Kolaba	54497	205584	260081	51.1	21.6	24.6
Ratnagi- gi	74618	445920	520538	50.5	20.6	28.5
Nasik	218646	280260	498906	46.0	20.3	26.9
Dhulia	96178	243615	339793	44.6	21.5	25.2
Salgaon	183759	416585	600344	46.3	30.5	34.0
Bombay Division	693296	1831071	2724367	48.5	23.8	28.6

Naturally the literacy percentage in urban area is much higher than in rural area. In the Konkan districts, above 50% percent of urban population seems to be literate whereas in the Desh the urban literacy percentage is below 50%. The highest total and rural literacy percentages in the Division can be located in Salgaon District, which are 34.0 and 30.5 respectively, well above the corresponding percentage of the co-districts and the Division.

The sex-wise literacy of population of the six districts in the Division is shown below:-

Contd.....

- 40 -
Table No. (14)

District	Literate educated			%age of literate persons to total persons.	
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Thana	353853	150852	504705	41.1	19.1
Kolaba	187138	72943	260081	36.4	13.4
Ratnagiri	344332	176206	520538	42.2	17.4
Nasik	375266	123640	498906	39.4	13.7
Dhulia	257120	82673	339793	37.4	12.5
Jalgaon	444864	155480	600344	49.3	18.0
Bombay Division	1962573	761794	2724367	41.4	15.9

Thus a wide disparity in the literacy percentages of male and female population is apparent. The percentage of literate male population in the districts of Bombay Division varies from 36 to 50, the highest being in Jalgaon where nearly half of the male population is literate. The percentage of literate females to total females is the lowest (12.5) in Dhulia district and highest (19.1) in Thana.

In the following table the sex-wise literacy percentage of the Bombay Division is depicted with those of other Divisions, state and the country.

Table Contd.....

§: 41 :-

Table No.15.

Division/State/ country	Literacy percentage		
	Male	Female	Total
Bombay Division	41.1	19.1	28.6
Poona Division	42.0	16.1	29.3
Aurangabad Division	26.5	5.8	16.3
Nagpur Division	41.1	14.1	27.9
Maharashtra State	42.0	16.8	29.8
India	34.4	18.0	24.0

In respect of literacy percentage, Bombay Division without Greater Bombay stands second in the State, the first being the Poona Division. Compared with the Country, however, the Division has higher rate of literacy. The literacy percentage among the males of the Division can be stated to be more or less equal to those of other Divisions except Aurangabad, and that of the State. The literacy among the women, however, in Bombay Division seem to be the highest compared with the other co-divisions state or the country.

Scheduled castes and scheduled tribes:- Certain classes of people are declared by president's orders issued under Articles 341 and 342 of the constitution of India, as

~~scheduled castes or scheduled tribes~~ A few of them are so declared for the whole State but others only for specified areas. Under Articles 46 of the constitution, the State has to promote, with special care, the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, and in particular, of the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes and has to protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation. For ensuring adequate representation to these classes, seats are also reserved for them in the Lok Sabha and in the State Legislative Assemblies.

The main scheduled castes in the Bombay Division are Chambhar, Bhangi, Dhor, Mehar, Mang-Garudi etc. and the chief scheduled tribes are Bhil, Dhodia, Duple, Gamit, Kathodi or Katkari, Kokna, Varli, Koli-Mahar, Mahadev Koli or Dongar Koli, Ka Thakur and Ma Thakur etc.

The total persons of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in Bombay Division enumerated in 1961 census are 251766 and 1664774 respectively. Thus the percentage of scheduled castes population, to total population is 2.6 and that of the scheduled tribes is 17.6.

The districtwise figures of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in Bombay Division are given in the following table:-

Table Contd.....

Table No. 16

(as per 1961 Census).

District	Scheduled castes			Scheduled tribes		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Thana	11907 (1.4)	10815 (1.4)	32722 (1.4)	253601 (39.4)	246957 (31.2)	500558 (39.3)
Kolaba	7177 (1.4)	6710 (1.2)	13887 (1.3)	49195 (8.6)	46159 (3.5)	95354 (9.0)
Ratnagiri	18420 (2.3)	19519 (1.9)	37939 (2.1)	1622 (0.2)	1479 (0.2)	3101 (0.2)
Nasik	34504 (3.6)	33341 (3.7)	67845 (3.7)	230965 (24.2)	222742 (24.7)	453707 (24.5)
Dhulia	24230 (3.5)	23824 (3.6)	48054 (3.5)	258749 (37.7)	254595 (38.2)	513344 (38.0)
Jalgaon	31161 (3.4)	30158 (3.5)	61319 (3.5)	49867 (5.5)	48843 (5.7)	98710 (5.6)
Bombay Division	127399 (2.7)	124367 (2.6)	351768 (2.6)	843999 (17.8)	820775 (17.2)	1664774 (17.5)

(Figures in brackets denote percentages to total population.)

In the Bombay Division scheduled castes form minute portion of the total population, particularly so in the Konkan districts. The distribution of scheduled castes population among males and females seems to be in favour of males, the sex-ratio of the scheduled castes population being 976.

A significant portion of the population of the Bombay Division is formed by the scheduled tribes. The Districts of Thana,

Nasik and Dhulia, abounding in forests, reasonably have abodes of Adiwasi. The percentage of scheduled tribes to total population in Dhulia district rises as high as 38.0. The corresponding percentages for Thana and Nasik districts are 30.3 and 24.4 respectively. The magnitude of scheduled tribes population in Ratnagiri district is comparatively insignificant. As in the case of scheduled castes, the male population of scheduled tribes in the Division seems to outnumber that of the female, the sex-ratio of scheduled tribes population being 972.

The urban-rural pattern of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in the districts of Bombay Division are noted in the following table:-

Table No. 17
(as per 1961 Census)

District	Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes.		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
Thana	8852 (38.9)	13870 (61.1)	22722 (100)	17900 (3.6)	482658 (96.4)	500558 (100)
Kolaba	2415 (17.4)	11472 (82.6)	13887 (100)	1741 (1.8)	93613 (98.2)	95354 (100)
Ratnagiri	2363 (6.2)	35576 (93.8)	37939 (100)	86 (2.8)	3015 (97.2)	3101 (100)
Nasik	18789 (27.7)	49056 (72.3)	67845 (100)	15672 (3.4)	438036 (96.6)	453707 (100)
Dhulia	11625 (24.2)	36429 (75.8)	48054 (100)	15849 (3.1)	497495 (96.9)	513344 (100)
Jalgaon	14040 (22.9)	47279 (77.1)	61319 (5)	5360 (5.1)	93350 (94.6)	98710 (100)

Table contd--

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45 -

District	Scheduled Castes			Scheduled tribes		
	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total
Bombay Division.	58085 (23.1)	193682 (76.9)	251766 (100)	56607 (5.4)	1608167 (94.6)	1664774 (100)

(Figures in brackets denote % ages)

These figures well-speak about the urbanization of these backward classes. In the case of scheduled castes about 23.1% of the population in the Division is urbanised. The percentage of scheduled caste urbanization is the highest (38.9) in Thana, and lowest (6.2) in Ratnagiri. The urban population of scheduled tribes in the Division is comparatively tiny, being only 3.4%. The highest percentage of urban scheduled tribes population can be found in Jalgaon, which is 5.4%. This low rate of urbanization of these scheduled tribes is suggestive of the depressed position of these tribes.

The following table shows comparative position as regards backward classes in the 4 divisions, State and India.

Table No. 18
(as per 1961 Census)

Division/State/ Country.	% age to total population	
	Scheduled castes	Scheduled tribes.
Bombay Division	2.6	17.5
Poona Division	8.5	2.6
Aurangabad Division	10.0	1.6
Nagpur Division	3.8	4.3
Maharashtra State	5.6	6.1
India	14.7	6.9

(This Row % age of scheduled tribes is due to the weightage given by the population of Greater Bombay).

-: 46 :-

~~Thus compared with other Division and the State~~
and the country the percentage of scheduled castes in this
Division is very low. The high percentage of scheduled
tribes in this Division, however, catches one's sight
at one, when in compar with other Divisions, State as
well as the country.

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CHAPTER III

AGRICULTURE

Introduction

The pattern of Agricultural Economy in Bombay Division is different in Konkan and Desh regions owing to variations in weather, rainfall and soil conditions which exercise great influence over total area cultivated as well as the nature of crops sown in each region.

Seasons

There are two main agricultural seasons in Bombay Division i.e. 1) Kharif and 2) Rabi. The kharif season commences in June or July and terminates in September or October draws its rainfall chiefly from the south west monsoons. The kharif crops are generally sown from middle of June to middle of July and are harvested from middle of September to the end of November. The Rabi season commences from September and lasts till February-March. The period of two months between Rabi and Kharif seasons is utilised for preparation of lands for next sowing. The Rabi season is virtually insignificant in Konkan region as practically no crops are grown in this season except vaigan rice in Kolaba district.

Soil

As explained earlier in Chapter I, the general quality of soil in Konkan region is inferior to that of the Desh region where the soil is black and fertile.

Rainfall

Over the whole Bombay Division the chief supply of rain is from the south west monsoons, which set in about the middle of June and last till the end of September. The normal

date of the onset of the monsoon and the date of its weakening or disappearance are important in determining the dates of sowing, the length of the growing season and the dates of harvesting.

Famine scarcity conditions

Though certain villages in Dhulia district of this Division were occasionally affected by scarcity due to crop failures, partial or even complete on account of the vagaries of the mansoons there are no large tracts which ^{are} frequently affected. The fact finding committee appointed by the Government of Bombay in 1960 had concluded that the entire Dhulia district may be regarded as free from scarcity.

Land Utilisation

The study of land utilisation statistics reveals the manner in which the total geographical area of the region is exploited for various purposes either agricultural or non-agricultural. As per the record in 1962-63 the total geographical area of the Bombay Division was 174, 54,300 acres. The detailed classification of this area according to different heads of land utilisation and its percentage distribution for the period 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63 is shown in the following table.

(area in '00 acres)

Area	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
1	2	3	4
Geographical area	174248	174256	174543
Area under forest	39675 (22.8)	39687 (22.8)	39943 (22.9)
Barren and uncultivation land.	22022 (12.6)	22017 (12.6)	21805 (12.5)
Land put in non-agriculture uses	1034 (0.6)	1042 (0.6)	1316 (0.8)

Contd....

	1	2	3	4
Cultivable waste	10307 (5.9)	10405 (6.0)	9621 (5.5)	
Land under tree, crops and grooves	1744 (1.0)	1452 (0.8)	1711 (1.0)	
Permanent pasture and grass land	5718 (3.3)	5719 (3.3)	5691 (3.3)	
Current fallows	4477 (2.6)	4384 (2.5)	3768 (2.2)	
Other fallows	9093 (5.2)	9295 (5.3)	9588 (5.5)	
Net area sown	80178 (46.0)	80255 (46.1)	81100 (46.5)	
Gross cropped area	86029 (49.4)	86254 (49.5)	86361 (49.5)	

(The figures in bracket represent percentage as compared to total geographical area in the Division)

The gross cropped area of the Division during 1962-63 was 86,46,000 acres out of which 564200 acres of land was cropped more than once. (Hence the net cropped area of the Division for the year comes to 8081800 acres) The percentage of gross cropped area and net cropped area to the total geographical area in 1962-63 was 49.5 and 46.3 respectively. As compared to respective percentage for 1960-61 (i.e. 49.4 and 46.0) an additional area of 0.1% of total geographical area was brought under cultivation during the period 1962-63. The area under forest in the Division constituted 22.9% of the total geographical area. Barren and un-cultivable area comes next in importance to forest. The area under this head formed 12.5% of total geographical area of the Division in 1962-63. The area under cultivable waste constituted 5.5%.

The land under fallows was 7.7% of the total geographical area of the Division in 1962-63.

The percentages of net area sown in different districts in 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63 as compared to the total net area sown in the Division is given below -

District	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
1) Thana	8.9	8.9	9.2
2) Kolaba	6.6	6.6	6.7
3) Ratnagiri	11.0	11.0	11.0
4) Nasik	28.0	28.0	28.0
5) Dhulia	20.7	20.7	20.5
6) Jalgaon	24.8	24.8	24.6

Cropping-Pattern -

The Table below gives the area under different food and non-food crops in the Division in 1961-62 and 1962-63

	(Area in '00 Acres)			
	1961-62		1962-63	
	Area	%	Area	%
Rice	12104	14.0	12094	14.1
Wheat	3787	4.4	3728	4.3
Jowar	11166	13.0	10676	12.3
Bajari	13668	15.8	13939	16.1
Ragi	3801	4.4	3795	4.4
Maize	122	0.1	150	0.2
Other Cereals	2776	3.2	2683	3.1
<u>Total Cereals</u>	<u>47424</u>	<u>55.0</u>	<u>47165</u>	<u>54.6</u>

	1961-62		1962-63	
	Area	%	Area	%
Tur	798	0.9	801	0.9
Gram	962	1.1	860	1.0
Other pulses	8787	10.2	8465	9.8
<u>Total pulses</u>	<u>10547</u>	<u>12.2</u>	<u>10126</u>	<u>11.7</u>
<u>Total cereals +Pulses</u>	<u>57971</u>	<u>67.2</u>	<u>57291</u>	<u>66.3</u>
Fruits and Vegetable	1316	1.5	1259	1.5
<u>Total Food crops</u>	<u>59287</u>	<u>68.7</u>	<u>58550</u>	<u>67.7</u>
Ground nut	7826	9.1	7474	8.6
Seasamum	565	0.7	458	0.5
<u>Total oil seed</u>	<u>8474</u>	<u>9.8</u>	<u>8010</u>	<u>9.3</u>
Sugarcane	385	0.5	278	0.3
Co-conut	188	0.2	190	0.2
Cotton	8265	9.6	8045	9.3
<u>Total Non-Food crops</u>	<u>26967</u>	<u>31.3</u>	<u>27910</u>	<u>32.3</u>
Gross Cropped area	86254	100.0	86460	100.0

The above table reveals that 67.7% of the total cropped area in the Division is under food crops. The main crops of the Division are Bajri, Rice, Jowar, Pulses, oil seeds and cotton. The areas under the remaining crops are not significant. The area under cereals and pulses constitute 54.6% and 11.7% respectively of the gross cropped area.

The distribtwise position of the area under food crops is as below :-

1962-63		
: Area in '00 acres : %		
Thana	5184	8.8
Kolaba	4398	7.5
Ratnagiri	6209	10.6
Nasik	18955	32.4
Dhulia	12409	21.2
Jalgaon	11395	19.5
	58550	100.0

While Rice constitutes the chief food crop of the Konkan district, Bajri, Jawar and wheat form the chief food crops of the Desh districts. Among the principal crop while Rice is grown in kharif season in the Konkan district, Jawar is grown in Desh districts in both the seasons i.e. Kharif and Rabi.

Among the principal non-food crops, cotton and groundnut constitute 9.3 and 8.6 percent respectively of the total cropped area in the Division. Both these crops are grown mainly in Desh districts. The acreage under sugarcane is insignificant in the Division (i.e. 0.3% of the gross cropped area) The available acreage under sugarcane is limited to Nasik district and to a much lesser extent in Dhulia and Jalgaon districts.

Survey of principal Crops

Total cereals claimed 54.6% of total gross cropped area in Bombay Division during 1962-63. Of the total acreage under cereals in the Division during 1962-63. Cereals claimed are: Bajri constitutes 29.6% Rice 25.9%, Jawar 22.6% and wheat 7.9%. While Rice claimed acreage in all the districts of

the Division predominantly in Konkan districts Bajri, Jawar and Wheat claimed acreage only in Dash districts of Nasik Dhulia and Jalgaon. Pulses oil seeds and cotton constituted the other principal crops in the Division with respective percentages 11.7, 9.3 and 9.3 of the total cropped area.

The following table gives districtwise acreage of principal crops in the Division.

1962-63								
	Rice		Bajri		Jawar		Wheat	
	Acreage	%	Acreage	%	Acreage	%	Acreage	%
Thana	3713	30.7	-	-	10	0.01	-	-
Kolaba	3322	27.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ratnagiri	3249	26.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nasik	978	8.1	8886	63.8	2244	21.0	2228	59.8
Dhulia	725	6.0	3376	24.2	4233	39.7	861	23.1
Jalgaon	107	0.3	1677	12.0	4189	39.2	639	17.1
	12094	100.0	13939	100.0	10676	100.0	3728	100.0

	Pulses		Oil seeds		Cotton		Fruits & Vegetables	
	Acreage	%	Acreage	%	Acreage	%	Acreage	%
Thana	389	3.8	13	0.1	-	-	86	6.8
Kolaba	291	2.9	39	0.5	-	-	52	4.2
Ratnagiri	354	3.5	137	1.7	-	-	224	17.9
Nasik	2524	24.9	1581	19.8	432	4.8	424	33.8
Dhulia	2208	21.8	3693	46.3	2031	22.7	70	5.6
Jalgaon	4360	43.1	2522	31.6	6482	72.5	398	31.7
	10126	100.0	7985	100.0	8945	100.0	1254	100.0

Rice

Rice has greatest percentage in Thana, Kolaba and Ratnagiri district i.e. 30.7, 27.5 and 26.9 percent respectively

Bajri

Bajri is an important crop predominantly grown in Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon, the percentage of acreage being 63.8, 24.2 and 12.0 respectively.

Jawar

Next in importance comes Jawar which also is mainly grown in Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon. While the percentage of acreage of Jawar in Dhulia and Jalgaon is 39.7 and 39.2 that in Nasik district is 21.0.

Wheat

Wheat is grown only in the Desh districts of Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon. Wheat has greater percentage acreage in Nasik district i.e. 59.8%, whereas the ^{acreage} in Dhulia and Jalgaon it is 23.1 and 17.1 respectively.

Pulses

Jalgaon district has the greatest percentage of area under pulses (i.e. 43.1%) Nasik and Dhulia districts have 24.9 and 21.8 percent. respectively. The percentage of area of pulses in Konkan district is in significant.

Oil seeds

Dhulia has the largest share under oil seeds i.e. 46.3 percentage, Jalgaon and Nasik districts have 31.6 and 19.8 percent of area x respectively. The percentage of area under oil seeds in Konkan is negligible.

Cotton

Jalgaon district has the highest acreage under cotton i.e. 72.5%, Dhulia district has 22.7%, Nasik district has only

4.8%. Cotton is not grown at all in Konkan districts.

Fruits and Vegetables

The acreage of fruits and vegetables in Nasik, Jalgaon and Ratnagiri districts constitutes 33.8, 31.7 and 17.9 percent respectively of the total cropped area. Among the fruits, Nasik is renowned for grapes, Jalgaon for Bananas and Ratnagiri is famous for Mangoes.

Irrigation

The Bombay Division suffers from lack of irrigation facilities as is seen from the table below which gives the percentage of gross irrigated area to the total cropped area in each district of Bombay Division in 1962-63.

Districts	Year	Total cropped area (acres)	Total irrigated area (Acres)	Percentage of irrigated area to total cropped area.
Thana	1960-61	7416	117	1.6
	1961-62	7333	102	1.4
	1962-63	7781	113	1.5
Kolaba	1960-61	5601	75	1.3
	1961-62	5604	87	1.6
	1962-63	5721	93	1.6
Ratnagiri	1960-61	9101	315	3.5
	1961-62	9068	328	3.6
	1962-63	9151	340	3.7
Nasik	1960-61	23974	1553	6.6
	1961-62	24172	1586	6.6
	1962-63	23990	1634	6.8
Dhulia	1960-61	18660	944	5.1
	1961-62	18828	935	5.0
	1962-63	18588	961	5.2
Jalgaon	1960-61	21277	1073	5.0
	1961-62	21249	1163	5.5
	1962-63	21228	1075	5.1
Total for the Division.	1960-61	86029	4077	4.7
	1961-62	86254	4201	4.9
	1962-63	86460	4216	4.8

The following table gives the area irrigated by different sources of irrigation during the year 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63.

Sources of irrigation.	1960-61		1961-62		1962-63	
	Area irrigated	% of total area irrigated	Area irrigated	% of total area irrigated	Area irrigated	% of total area irrigated
	1	2	3	4	5	6
Canals	863	27.0	859	25.6	883	26.0
Wells	2219	69.2	2364	70.5	2377	70.0
Tanks	38	1.2	37	1.1	41	1.2
Other sources	86	2.6	92	2.8	97	2.8
Net area irrigated	3206	100.0	3352	100.0	3398	100.0

It is observed that out of the available sources of irrigation in Bombay Division wells constitute the major source; next in order comes the canals. It is also seen that irrigation by the tanks is negligible. The following table shows the analysis of the irrigated area under major crops of the Division for the years 1960-61, 1961-62, and 1962-63

	1960-61			1961-62		
	Total (Acres)	Irrigated (Acres)	%	Total (Acres)	Irrigated (Acres)	%
Rice	12050	389	3.2	12104	391	3.2
Wheat	3981	927	23.3	3787	1005	26.5
Jowar	11540	2	0.02	11166	2	0.02
Pulses	11243	125	1.1	10547	133	1.3
Oilseeds	8161	35	0.4	8474	33	0.4
Sugarcane	436	436	100.0	385	385	100.0
Cotton	7022	111	1.6	8265	193	2.3

1962-63			
	Total	Irrigated	%
	(Acres)		
Rice	12094	355	2.9
Wheat	3728	1067	28.6
Jowar	10676	2	0.02
Pulses	10126	94	0.09
Oilseeds	8010	22	0.3
Sugarcane	278	278	100.0
Cotton	8945	371	4.1

Production of crops

The production of different major crops in the Division for the years 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63 is shown in the following statement.

Production of different major crops (in '00 tons)

	State			Bombay Division			Percentage production in Bombay Dn. as compared to that in state.		
	60-61	61-62	62-63	60-61	61-62	62-63	60-61	61-62	62-63
Rice	13476	14856	10790	5668	6356	4773	42.1	42.8	44.2
Wheat	3948	4158	4556	674	824	840	17.1	19.8	18.4
Jowar	41568	29198	30570	3633	2745	3205	8.7	9.4	10.4
Bajri	4809	4252	6416	2104	1938	2215	43.8	45.6	40.9
Pulses	9733	8412	8531	1623	1506	1446	16.7	17.9	16.9
Sugarcane	11379	11334	9952	982	901	821	8.6	7.9	8.2
Cotton	15991	9576	12769	2146	2310	2890	13.4	24.1	22.6

Yield rate of different major crops in Lbs/Acre

	State			Division		
	60-61	61-62	62-63	60-61	61-62	62-63
Rice	940	1021	760	1054	1178	1050
Wheat	395	415	451	379	487	498
Jqwar	600	430	468	705	551	813
Bajri	267	228	297	349	318	357
Pulses	375	314	345	323	320	323
Sugarcane	6634	6657	3773	5045	5242	5164
Cotton	101	56	74	120	110	136

The production under Rice, wheat, Jqwar, Bajri, Pulses, Sugarcane and Cotton has increased in 1961-62 as compared to the preceding year. In the year 1962-63 while the production under Rice, Pulses, Oil seeds and Sugarcane has decreased, the production under wheat, Jqwar, Bajri and Cotton has increased.

Although the production of Rice in this Division has decreased in the year 1962-63 as compared to the preceding years the percentage of production as compared to that of the Maharashtra state has increased from 42-1% in 1960-61 to 42-8% and 44.2% in 1961-62 and 1962-63 respectively. Similarly while the percentage of production under wheat to that the state in 60-61, was 17.1,. The respective percentages for 1961-62 and 1962-63 were 19.8 and 18.4. Again, the percentages of production under Jqwar as against that of the state for the years 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63 were 8.7, 9.4 and 10.4 respectively. In the case of production under Bajri while the percentage in 61-62 was 45.6 as against 43.8 in 1960-61 the same decreased to 40.9 in 1962-63.

Area production and yield per acre of different major crops in Bombay Division.

Crop	1960-61			1961-62			1962-63		
	Area	Pro-duc-tion	Yield per acre	Area	Pro-duc-tion	Yield per acre	Area	Pro-duc-tion	Yield per acre
	5668								
Rice	12050	1054		12104	6356	1178	12094	4773	1050
Wheat	3981	674	379	3787	824	487	3728	840	498
Jqwar	11540	3633	705	11166	2745	551	10676	3205	813
Bajri	13517	2104	349	13668	1938	318	13939	2215	357
Pulses	11243	1623	323	10547	1506	320	10126	1446	323
Oilseeds	8161	2306	-	8474	2132	-	8010	1956	-
Sugarcane	436	982	5045	385	901	5242	278	821	5164
Cotton	7022	2146	120	8265	2310	110	8945	2890	136

Area in '00 Acres. Production in '00 tons except Cotton (Lint in '00 bales of 392 Lbs. each) Yield per acre in Lbs.

Area per Agricultural worker per pair of Bullocks per plough.

The following table gives the districtwise area per agricultural worker, area per pair of bullocks and area per plough in Bombay Division during the year 1961-62.

District	Net area under cultivation '00 Acres.	Cultivators and Agricultural Labourers ('0051 Census	Area for Agricultural work-ers ('0051 Census	Total of Bull-Stock in '00 Census	Area for pair of bull-ocks (in '00)	Total of Live-Stock Census (in '00)	Area for plough (in '00)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Thana	7142	5014	1.4	968	7.4	109	65.5

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Kolaba	5302	38361	1.4	745	7.1	846	6.3	
Ratnagiri	8789	6664	1.3	1745	5.0	2276	3.9	
Nasik	22510	6722	3.3	1768	12.7	1620	13.9	
Dhulia	16590	5721	2.9	1220	13.7	1141	14.5	
Jalgaon	19922	6419	3.1	11268	15.7	671	29.7	
Divisional Total	80255	33926	2.4	7714	10.4	6663	12.0	
Maharashtra State	446107	132470	3.4	30500	14.6	20710	21.5	

It is seen that the area per agricultural worker for the Division works out to 2.4 acres as against 3.4 for Maharashtra-State. The area per agricultural worker is lesser in Konkan-District as compared to that of Desh-Districts.

Area per pair of working bullocks for the Division was 10.4 acres as against 14.6 acres for Maharashtra-State. The area per pair of bullocks in Konkan-District is lesser than the Desh-Districts.

Area per plough worked out to 12.0 acres in the Division as against 21.5 acres for the State.

Agricultural Wage Rates -

Agricultural wage rates are being collected at the selected centres by the Dist. Statistical Officers in the Division.

Agricultural-wage-Rates for the year 1963

(Figures in Rs.)

District	Male		Female		Child	
	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum
Thane	3.00	1.12	1.50	0.87	0.87	0.75
Nolaba	2.25	2.00	2.00	1.50	0.75	0.75
Hatnagiri	2.50	2.03	1.06	1.00	-	-
Nasik	1.50	1.00	1.50	0.72	1.25	0.62
Dhulia	1.75	1.00	2.00	0.75	1.00	0.37
Jalgaon	1.50	1.00	1.00	0.75	0.75	0.62

The wage rates in the Division ranged between from Rs. 1.00 to Rs. 3.00 for Male workers, from Rs. 0.72 to Rs. 2.00 for Female workers and Rs. 0.37 to Rs. 1.25 for Children during the period June 1963 to December 1963.

Wage rates for Male and Female workers are higher in Konkan District as compared to Desh-Districts. On the other hand the wage rates for Children in Desh-Districts are higher than those of Konkan District.

CHAPTER IV

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, FORESTS AND FISHERIES.

BULLOCKS:-

In a non-mechanised industry like agriculture the importance of livestock can be hardly be over-emphasised. The ploughing operations are carried out mainly with the help of bullocks. The bullocks therefore ~~acquire top most importance~~ among the livestock.

The number of bullocks (Males and females all aged) in Bombay Division rose from 32.74 lakhs in 1956 to 35.98 lakhs in 1961, ~~denoting an increase of 9.93 %~~. Out of 35, 98, 353 bullocks, 20, 80, 81 that is ~~58.09 % were males of all aged~~. The number of bullocks above three years was 16.40 lakhs of which 94.11 % were used for work. The number of bullocks used for work also recorded an increase of 8.51 % over the 1956 census. The net area sown in Bombay Division during ~~1962-63~~ was ~~81.10 lakhs acres~~. This works out to one pair of bullock for every 10.5 acres of cultivated land.

The No. of females was 15,009 lakhs of which 70.64 % were above three years. Out of the females above 3 years, 3.54 lakhs i.e. 30.4 % were in milk as on 15-4-1961.

Out of 16.40 lakhs total males over 3 years and 10.65 lakhs females over 3 years, 3,800 males and 7,42,000 females were used for breeding purposes. This shows that the % of breeding males and females to their respective total number over three years is found to be 0.23% for males and 69.62 % for females.

BUFFALONES:-

The No. of buffaloes including males and females of all ages was 6.76 lakhs as per 1961 census. Out of these 2.19 lakhs ^{were} males and the rest were females denoting the majority of females over males.

~~83~~

Out of total 2.19 lakhs males, 148 lakhs were above 3 years. The No. of working males was 13.2 lakhs which shows that 89.40% of males above 3 years were used for working purposes.

Out of 4.57 lakhs females, 3.31 lakhs were above 3 years and 1.43 lakhs of them being in milk as on 15.4.61. This shows that only 43.3% of females over 3 years were in milk.

The total number of buffaloes including males and females of all ages was 6.35 lakhs which increased to 6.76 lakhs showing an increase of 6.4%.

SHEEP AND GOATS:-

The total population of sheep was 2.24 lakhs in 1956 which rose to 2.36 lakhs denoting an increase of 5.2% during the period of 5 years.

The Districtwise population of sheep shows that Nasik has the largest number i.e. 1.32 lakhs while Thana has the lowest i.e. 1300 sheep only.

GOATS:-

Total no. of goats in Bombay Division increased to 10.68 lakhs in 1961 denoting an increase of 1.3% over the previous census. The goat population is concentrated in Nasik District having 3.49 lakhs goats, while Kolaba has the lowest number viz, 62,000.

HORSES AND PONIES.

The total population of horses and ponies in Bombay Division decreased from 33,000 in 1956 census to 23,000 in 1961, the percentage of decrease being 31.6. On a close examination of the population in different districts it is seen that the no. of horses and ponies in Nasik Dist. decreased from 9,700 in 1956 to 5700 in 1961 census. No specific reason can be given for this decrease.

The number of horses and ponies is the greatest in Dhulia District, The number being 8424, while it is the lowest in Ratnagiri having only 336 horses and ponies.

The horses and ponies are not used in agricultural farms in this Division. They are only used for transport purposes, such as tongas.

OTHER LIVESTOCK:-

The remaining livestock comprised of different minor categories like Mules, Donkeys, and pigs. The total number of donkeys and pigs in the division according to 1961 Census was 11210 and 48974 respectively.

POULTRY:-

Under this item fowls and ducks are the two main kinds. The total poultry population in this division was 32.87 lakhs according to 1961 census. Out of this 32.66 lakhs were fowls and 19,000 were ducks remaining being poultry of other kinds.

Out of 32.66 lakhs only 33500 that is, 1.0% were improved variety and the rest being Deshi. In Bombay Division mainly two varieties of improved birds viz. Rhod Island Red and White leg horn are used. Of these two varieties only Rhod Island Red is grown in Konkan region.

Out of 33500 improved birds the largest number is found in Ratnagiri, Thana and Nasik Districts, the percentage being 24.4 21.6, and 20.6 respectively.

The total no. of fowls in this division was 31.29 ^{lakhs} in 1956 which increased to 32.66 lakhs in 1961 showing an increase of 4.4%. The no. of ducks increased to 19,400 in 1961 showing an increase by 3%.

DAIRY SOCIETIES.

At present there are about 161 milk societies in all districts of the division. They procure the milk from

individuals and distribute on co-operative basis. There are four milk unions with similar purpose. Besides this Town Milk Supply Scheme has been implemented by Govt. at Nasik. Scaled bottles of milk are sold to the consumers.

In Thana district there are 3 milk centres in Thana Town. The supply of milk is done by Govt. Milk Scheme and then it is distributed by Co-operative Societies at these centres.

The response to the Milk Co-operatives is poor in Rantnagiri District where only one society has been registered.

The supply of milk by these societies is not sufficient to meet the demands of the consumers.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES STATISTICS:-

There are 36 recognised slaughter houses in Bombay Division, which are located in urban areas only.

The No. of recognised slaughter houses is large i.e. 14 in Nasik District while in Rantnagiri there is not a single slaughter house.

VETERINARY FACILITIES.

There are 3 veterinary hospitals, koy villogo centre and 78 veterinary dispensaries in Bombay Division. The veterinary dispensaries are under the control of District Animal Husbandary Officer of the Zilla Parishad.

The objects of these facilities, are

- 1) to maintain the health of livestock by treatment of preventive and curative medicines.
- 2) a good quality breed is spread by replacing the low quality animals by improved varieties like pedigree bulls, improved birds and artificial insemination.
- 3) To control the outbreaks of contagious diseases.

The response to these facilities in Desh districts is more than in Konkan districts. The average attendance of animals treated in Konkan is very poor. The modern method of castration is not followed by majority of the people for their bulls. The reason may be poor condition of cattle stock in Konkan and lack of confidence in people in respect of modern facilities.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. :-

The main agricultural implements used by the cultivators in this division are Iron or wooden ploughs, oil engines, electric pumps and tractors have been put into use recently. A comparative position of the implements in 1956 census and 1961 census is given as below:

Name of implement	1956	1961	Increase
<u>PLOUGHS</u>			
wooden	651107	605740	(-)45367
Iron	43812	60371	(+)16559
Total ploughs.	694919	666111	(-)28808
Carts	267135	289708	(+)22573
Sugarcane crushers	1986	2032	(+)46
Oil engines with pump	7056	18020	(+)11010
Electric pumps	181	562	(+)381
Tractors	153	181	(+)28
Ghanis	1467	1152	(-)315

From the table it can be seen that the No. of wooden ploughs has decreased by 45367 during the period of 5 years which goes to denote the tendency of agriculturists to use the improved and superior implements. The overall reduction in No. of ploughs (Both types) by 28808 while the No. of tractors has increased.

As per 1961 census the average works out to one plough for 3.03 cultivators, as against 3.54 cultivators in 1956.

The No. of bullock carts in the division has increased by 22573 during the period from 1956 to 1961, which works out to one cart for every 29.21 cultivators in 1961, as against 8.49 cultivators in 1956. The rise in the No. of oil engines is indicative of the improvements in agricultural industry.

The increase in No. of tractors is not so significant. There is absolutely no scope for tractors in Konkan region on account of its topography and uneconomic land holdings. It may be seen that there was not a single tractor in Ratnagiri district in 1956, and there is only one tractor in 1961.

Due to rural electrification the scope for electric pumps has been enhanced, the No. of pumps is therefore on the increase.

FOREST:-

The area under forest in Bombay Division according to land utilisation statistics was 3967500 acres in 60-61 3968700 in 1961-62 and 3994300 in 1962-63. From these figures we can see that the increase is only during 1962-63. The increase is by only 626800 acres i.e. 0.67% which is not so much noticeable.

The following table shows the area under forest in different districts in this division (in 1962-63).

District	Area(00) acres	%to the total forest in the division.
Thana	8762	21.94
Kolaba	4086	10.23
Ratnagiri	593	1.48
Nasik	8429	21.10
Dhulia	13593	34.03
Jalgaon	4480	11.22
Total	39943	100.00

It is observed that Dhulia District has the largest area under forest covering 13.56 lakhs acres of land and Ratnagiri has the lowest covering 5950 acres only.

The forest are under the control of the Forest Department, having two circles for execution of protection, enrichment and development of new forests. One circle is with head quarters at Thana and the other with head quarter at Nasik. The Thana circle has jurisdiction over the area in Thana, Kolaba and Ratnagiri and Nasik circle is having the control over Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon districts. The area under forest in each circle is as follows:-

Thana circle	14,34,200 acres	39.33%
Nasik circle	22,11,900 -do-	60.67%
Total	36,46,100 -do-	100.00%

This shows that the Nasik circle having upghat districts is richer in forest.

The area under forest in different districts during 1963-64 as per classification is given in the following table.

District	in acres.			Total
	Reserved	Protected	Unclassified	
Thana	714977	243926	2746	961669
Kolaba	277366	33412	69469	380247
Ratnagiri	5504	-	86746	92250
Nasik	722987	60645	8068	821700
Dhulia	894188	-	-	894188
Jalgaon	496600	-	-	496600
Total	3141622	337983	167029	3646654
Percentage to total forest	86.15	9.27	4.58	100.00

It is seen that the forest in Dhulia and Jalgaon Districts are all reserved while that in Ratnagiri is either reserved or unclassified.

The percentage of reserved forest in the division is significant i.e. 86.15% and the percentage of unclassified forest, ---

is lowest 4.58, the remaining being protected forest.

~~Timber and fuel~~ are the main forest products in this division. Along with these products sandalwood also is found in Jalgaon districts. The varieties of Ain, Dhavda, Kinjal, Khair are found in Thana and Kolaba Districts. Moreover minor products like Apta and temburni leaves are also found in the forests.

In Thana and Kolaba district coal is manufactured in forests and exported to Bombay on large scale. The transport is done by sea and rail. The following are the figures showing Forest produce removed or utilised.

District	Figures in (000 Rs.)		
	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
Thana	13049	14956	14626
Kolaba	2583	NA	Na
Ratnagiri	665	296	163
Nasik	6838	4406	7524
Dhulia	4916	4373	21141
Jalgaon	445	472	608
Total	28496	24503	44062

It is seen that while the forest produce in the division has decreased in 1962-63, the same has increased considerably in 1963-64. While the forest produce has decreased in 1962-63 in Ratnagiri, Nasik and Dhulia districts, it has increased substantially in Thana district and to a lesser degree in Jalgaon district. However, the produce in Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon districts has increased 1963-64, the same has decreased in Thana and Ratnagiri districts. The increase in Dhulia is appreciable, the percentage being 330.

Forest labour contract societies are established in all districts. The number of societies in Thana district is 57, the largest number being in Dhulia and Jalgaon.

INLAND RIVERS/ LAKES USEFUL FOR FISHERIES:-

The Konkan area being coastal area and not having perennial rivers or lakes there is practically no scope for inland fisheries in this region. On the other hand the fishery in Desh districts is only in land one. The rivers and lakes are the main sources for obtaining fish. The fish is available in rivers viz. Tapi, Godavari, Darna, Dadva, Mosam and its tributaries such as Girna, Purna and Waghur, the No. of perennial lakes is very few. There are tanks in villages. Mhaswa, Hartale, Velhale, Bodwad in Jalgaon District. The varieties of fish available are Male, Maral, Vam etc.

Improvement of inland fisheries by storing of ~~t~~ tanks by fingerlings has been under taken by the govt. of India. The fingerlings are brought from Calcutta and are stocked and nourished in tank by giving them proper food. The fish available by such method is always fresh. Such 50,000 fingerlings were supplied in Nasik district.

Major part of fisheries is covered by marine fisheries. This is done in Thana Kolaba and Ratnagiri districts. This area supplies fish to Bombay and other parts of Maharashtra State.

The fishing is generally done in shallow water even though some of fishermen go in deep sea. Govt. has advanced loans and subsidies to the needy fishermen. There are 1800 vessels mechanised, under this scheme.

There are 6927 boats engaged in fishing industry in Konkan Districts.

The estimated catch of fish every year is as follows:-

District	Weight in metric Tonnes	Value in Crores of Rs.
Thana	60,000	2.10
Kolaba	30,000	0.70 (estimated)
Ratnagiri	50,000	1.00
Total	140,000	3.80

The fish which is exported is cured or processed. But the facilities for cold storage are hardly available. The curing of fish is done by salt. There are 21 curing yards in Ratnagiri district. One yard has been established at Murud in Kolaba district.

The cold storage facilities are rare. One cold storage plant has been established at Satpeti District. Thana Two ice factories are being constructed one at Alibag, Dist. Kolaba and other at Ratnagiri.

CANNING:-

In Ratnagiri district there are two fish canning factories. The third at Malwan is under construction.

While the number of fishery co-operatives is very small in desh districts, it is larger in Konkan districts. The number of fisheries co-operatives in Thana are 36, Ratnagiri 31, and Kolaba 26.

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CHAPTER V

INDUSTRY, MINING AND ELECTRICITY.

The following table gives the ~~districtwise data in~~ regard to the No. of workers employed in the registered factories per lakh of population.

District	Total population (1961 census)	Persons engaged in Manufacturing other than Household Industry.	Workers per lakhs of population.
Thana	16,52678	81046	4911
Kolaba	10,58855	11188	1057
Ratnagiri	18,27203	13222	724
Nasik	18,55246	62213	3353
Dhulia	13,51236	15538	1150
Jalgaon	17,65047	20295	1150
Divisional Total	95,10265	203502	2140
Maharashtra State	3,95,53718	1303355	3298

According to 1961 population census, there were 203502 workers engaged in manufacturing industries in Bombay Division. The number of workers per lakh of population work out to 2134 as against 3298 in Maharashtra State. The highest number of workers per lakh of population is found in Thana district as the industries are concentrated in that district. The next in rank comes Nasik District. The lowest number of workers per lakh of population is found in Ratnagiri which is industrially the most backward district in the Division.

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District	1963			1962			1961	
	Data	Ranking		Data	Ranking		Data	Ranking
		State	Divn.		State	Divn.		
Thana	2757	2	1	2349	1		2142	1
Kolaba	393	20	5	320	5		278	5
Ratnagiri	90	24	6	98	6		97	6
Nasik	1098	8	2	1044	2		977	2
Dhulia	683	10	4	684	4		649	4
Jalgaon	821	9	3	831	3		916	3

FACTORY ESTABLISHMENT.

The following table gives districtwise number of registered working factories in the Division during the year 1963. The factories have been grouped under power operated and non-power operated, each sub-divided into large scale and small scale factories.

NO. of Registered working factories in 1963.

District	Power operated			Non-power operated			Total		
	Large scale	Small scale	Total	operated			Large Scale	Small Scale	Total
				Large scale	Small Scale	Total			
Thana	133	326	459	4	71	75	137	397	534
Kolaba	12	37	49	-	23	23	12	60	72
Ratnagiri	6	29	35	1	3	4	7	32	39
Nasik	24	200	224	26	58	84	50	258	308
Dhulia	36	147	183	1	10	11	37	157	194
Jalgaon	63	174	237	-	19	19	63	193	256
Total	274 (13.2)	913 (16.3)	1187 (15.5)	32 (20.4)	184 (14.6)	216 (15.3)	306 (13.8)	1097 (167)	1403 (15.4)
Mahara- shtra State.	2078	5597	7675	157	1258	1415	2235	6855	9090

It is observed that the total number of registered working factories in Bombay Division during 1963 was 1403 out

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of which 1187 are power operated and 216 are non-power operated. Again ~~306 are large scale and 1097 are small scale~~ factories.

The total number of registered working factories constitute only 15.4% of the registered working factories in the Maharashtra State.

Out of the power operated factories numbering 1187, the largest number i.e. 459 is situated in Thana district. 237 in Jalgaon, 224 in Nasik 183 in Dhulia, 49 in Kolaba and 35 in Ratnagiri District.

Out of 306 large scale factories in the division 137 were in Thana, 63 in Jalgaon 37 in Dhulia 50 in Nasik 12 in Kolaba and 7 in Ratnagiri districts.

The following table gives No. of factory workers in the registered workers in the division during 1963.

District	Power operated			Non-power operated			Total power & Non-power operated.		
	Large Scale	Small Scale	Total	Large Scale	Small Scale	Total	Large Scale	Small Scale	Total
Thana	36251	6024	42275	791	2532	3293	3742	8526	45568
Kolaba	2794	732	3526	-	638	638	2794	1370	4164
Ratnagiri.	876	561	1437	115	95	210	991	656	1647
Nasik	1627	3221	13048	4768	2559	7327	14395	5980	20375
Dhulia	5977	2686	8663	110	460	570	6087	3146	9233
Jalgaon	11285	2700	13985	-	523	523	11285	3223	14508
Divin. Total	66810	16124	82934	5784	3777	12561	72594	22901	95495
	(80.6)	(19.4)	(86.8)	(46.0)	(54.0)	(13.2)	(76.0)	(24.0)	(11.1)
666									
Maha-rash-tra State.	682852	107222	790074	37787	68706	713771			858780
			30919				145009		

It is seen that the total number of workers in the power operated and non-power operated working factories in the Division was 95495 as against 858780 for the Maharashtra State

which works out to 11.1% only. Out of 95495 workers 86.8% were engaged in power operated and 13.2% in non-power operated factories. Again 76.0% were engaged in large scale and 24.0% in small scale factories.

Out of the total No. of factory workers in the Division Thana claims the highest. Next comes Nasik and then Jalgaon District.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION OF IMPORTANT ITEMS IN BOMBAY DIVISION.

The data regarding the industrial production is xxx available to a very limited extent, The figures will made cotton yarn produced and mill made cotton cloth produced, figures of soap, sugar and paper manufactured in the Division during the year 1962 and 1963 is given in the following table.

District		Cotton yarn (Mill made in lakh Kgs.)	Cotton cloth (Mill made in lakh metres).	Sugar (in 1000 Tonnes)	Soap (in tonnes)	Paper (in M. Tonnes.)
Thana	1962	-	324.0	-	-	1028
	1963	-	289.0	-	-	1196
Kolaba	1962	-	-	-	-	7803
	1963	-	-	-	-	8511
Ragnagiri	1962	-	-	-	-	-
	1963	-	-	-	-	-
Nasik.	1962	-	-	383876	1390	-
	1963	-	-	243070	1333	-
Dhulia.	1962	0.90	242.8	-	5694	-
	1963	1.25	225.7	-	4938	-
Jalgaon.	1962	8.72	59.8	-	-	-
	1963	8.74	56.2	-	-	-
Division Total.	1962	9.62	625.8	393876	7084	8831
	1963	9.99	570.9	243070	6274	7707
% of increase decrease over 1962		(+)3.8	(-)8.8	(-)38.3	(-)11.5	(+)9.9

(Source:- District Statistical Abstract.)

It is seen that the production of cotton yarn in the division has increased from 9.62 lakhs Kg. in 1962 to 9.99 lakhs kg. in 1963 the percentage of increase being 3.8. The

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78
 production of mill made cotton cloth in the division during the same period has decreased from 625.8 lakh mts. to 570.9 lakh mts. percentage of decrease being 8.8. The production of sugar and soap has also decreased by 38.3% and 11.5% respectively during the same period. The production of paper has increased from 8851 Million tonnes in 1962 to 9707 Million tonnes in 1963 which works out to an increase of 9.9 percent.

While cotton yarn is produced in only Dhulia and Jalgaon district the mill made cotton cloth is produced in Thana, Dhulia and Jalgaon district. Sugar is produced only in Nasik district. Soap in Nasik and Dhulia districts and paper in Thana and Kolaba districts.

Industrial Estates.

The object of the Industrial Estates is to encourage the establishment of groups of near small scale factories and also the establishment of small scale industrial units which are ancillary to and supported by large and medium industries.

The position of Industrial Estates (IIIrd Plan period) as at the end of 3/64 is given below:

District	Industrial Estate	Area	No. of Plots	No. sheds	Type of Industry	Remarks
Thana	1) Bassien	25.24		-		
	2) Palghar	----		-		
Kolaba	3) Panvel	34.00		-		
	4) Khopoli	27.11		-		
Ratnagiri	5) Ratnagiri	10.22		-		
	6) Sawantwadi	52.17		-		
	7) Kudal	16.15		-		
	8) Chipalun	----		-		
Nasik	9) Nasik	----		11		
	10) Malegaon	----				
	11) Manmad	----				
Dhulia	12) Dhulia	19.29		10		
Jalgaon	13) Jalgaon	45.00		4		
	14) Bhusawal	16.00		-		

Till the end of 31st March, 1964 an amount of Rs. 16.78 lakhs was spent against the plan out lay which was

revised from Rs. 104.50 lakhs to 63.20 lakhs.

(77)

The No. of sheds given in the above table were all under construction. The construction of sheds in some of Estates were not taken up as the preliminary formalities were not completed.

COTTAGE AND SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES.

In the sphere of cottage and small scale industries cotton weaving (Bower loom, Handloom) production and rearing of live stock, fishing, rice husking, carpentry, pottaries, bidi manufacturing, producing Bamboo, cane products wood and wooden products and printing and publishing industry are the important industries in the Division. The No. of persons engaged in these industries is given in the following tables.

Name of Industry/ Districts.	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Divn. Total
1) Cotton weaving (powerloom)	14965	-	-	24023	4094	28000	71700 (33.4)
2) " (Handloom)	626	-	-	-	-	-	-
3) Spining Weaving of Silk Textile.	6988	-	-	-	-	-	6988 (3.3)
4) Production & Rearing of live stock.	6132	-	-	11302	7672	-	25106 (11.8)
5) Fishing	8943	7704	11841	-	-	-	28488 (13.3)
6) Rice mill	1694	1266	759	1630	1144	-	6493 (3.0)
7) Carpenters	4706	1833	4523	-	-	-	11062 (5.1)
8) Fruits & Nut in Plantation & orchards.	-	2783	4450	-	-	-	7233 (3.4)
9) Production of fuel	-	5232	-	-	-	-	5232 (2.4)
10) Basket weaving	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11) Batters	-	1014	-	-	-	-	1014 (0.5)
12) Bidis	-	-	3092	8908	-	-	11910 (5.5)
13) Manufacturing of products Bamboo, cane etc.	-	-	4691	-	2261	-	8107 (3.8)
14) Miscellaneous Textiles	-	-	-	6393	4481	-	10874 (5.1)
15) Woollen Products Industry.	-	-	-	7746	6429	-	14170 (6.6)
16) Printing & Publishing Ind.	-	-	-	6409	-	-	6409 (3.0)
17) Cast making.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source:-

Contd.....

It is seen that the largest number of workers are engaged in powerlooms and handlooms, constituting 33.1% of the total workers in the Division. Next in order comes number of workers engaged in fishing industry in Thana, Kolaba and Ratnagiri districts constituting 13.3% of the total workers. The number of workers employed in production and rearing of live stock constitute 11.7%. The no. of workers employed in work and woaden products industry is 6.6% and that of carpentry is 5.1%. The no. of persons engaged in Bidi manufacturing is 5.5%.

INDUSTRIAL COOPERATION

The object of Industrial Cooperation is to help artisans, craftsmen, persons engaged in the traditional cottage and small scale industries and Handicrafts to organise themselves on cooperative basis and to assist them in all respect.

For the third Five Year Plan a provision of Rs.18.58 lakhs was earmarked for Bombay Division. As against the plan provision, excepting the utilization of funds in respect of schemes transferred to Zilla Parishad the utilization of the Division during the year 1961-62 to 1963-64 was Rs.5.48 lakh. The following table gives the position of Industrial Cooperation for the years 1961-62 to 1963-64.

Item / Year	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
1. Organisation of Industrial Societies.	52	45	35
2. Subsidy to Industrial Societies	88	14*	10*
3. Loans to members for purchase of shares.	-	169	174
4. Subsidy to Handicraft Societies	4	1*	20*
5. Share capital to Industrial	-	16	13

* Schemes transferred to Zilla Parishad.

It is seen that by the end of 1963-64 -132 industrial cooperative were organised.

MINING

The important mining activities in Thana, Kolaba, Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon districts are confined only to Quarrying of stones. According to 1961 census 2814 persons,

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were reported to be engaged in Quarrying of stones in Thana district and 1443 persons in Nasik and 561 in Dhulia district. Besides while manganese, copper and iron ores are found in Thana district. Bauxite is found in Kolaba district.

The Southern part of Ratnagiri district contains ~~xxx~~ such ore of Iron which is exploited in Vengurla taluka. Another important mineral Ilmenite which occurs at many places along the coast. The mineral next in importance is chromite which is found near Kankavli. Bauxite ores occur in the upghat regions of Amboli. Manganese ores occur almost side by side with the belts of Iron ores in the District. Deposits of Limestone occur in the South West of Phonda Ghat. Silica sand deposits occur from Goa border to Dargad. A Kaolin deposit occurs near Malvan port. The clay is of good quality and is ~~xxxx~~ slightly plastic. The deposits mica are found in a number of places in the district. Besides the above mentioned minerals occurrences of copper, soap stone, field spar Quartz, Abestos or, Building materials etc. are reported in various places in the Dist.

According to 1961 census 5992 persons were engaged in Mining and Quarrying activities.

There are no mining Industry in Jalgaon Dist.

The following table gives the mineral production and its value in Kolaba and Ratnagiri districts of this Division.

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Minerals/Year	1962		1963		1964	
	Outturn (in Tonnage)	Value (in 8000Rs.)	Outturn (in Tonnage)	Value (in Rs.000)	Outturn (in Tonnage)	Value (in 1000Rs.)

KOLABA DISTRICT

Bauxite	2770	25	3373	37	902	14
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RATNAGIRI DISTRICT.

Iron Ore	382857	5891	394186	6868	N.A.	N.A.
Magneese	-	-	382	20	-	-
Quartz & Silica	15514	110	17354	130	19501	134

ELECTRICITY.

Electricity is one of the basic requirement for Industrial development for the further of Industrialisation availability of chief, and easy electric power, is very essential. Electric power is also benefificial for Agricultural purposes.

The No. of villages and towns electrified in Bombay Division are given in the following table.

NO. OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES ELECTRIFIED IN BOMBAY DIVISION.

District	As on 31-3-1963				As on 31-3-1964.			
	No.	Popula- tion in lakhs.	No.	Popu- la- tion in lakhs	No.	Popu- la- tion in lakhs	No.	Populati- -on in lakhs.
Thana.	12	3.40	36	1.04	14	4.54	46	1.16
Kolaba.	9	0.81	49	0.62	11	1.02	93	0.86
Ra'giri	0	1.14	15	0.41	8	1.19	21	0.54
Nasik	15	4.59	6	0.60	15	5.74	25	1.22
Dhulia	4	2.01	1	0.14	4	2.01	1	0.14
Jalgaon	12	3.46	49	1.86	13	3.97	97	2.62
Divisional	60	15.41	56	4.67	64	18.47	283	6.54
Total								

Contd.

The following table shows the generation and purposewise consumption of Electricity in the Division.

	Unit in lakh of KWT.	Year		
		1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
I) Electricity Generator	-do-	15536.23	14125.25	14148.7
II) Electricity purchased.	-do-	788.19	978.90	1296.47
III) Electricity sold to public for				
i) Domestic purpose	-do-	197.55	234.58	272.41
ii) Commercial Light and small power	-do-	180.26	206.23	259.23
iii) Industrial power	-do-	675.44	855.97	1107.09
iv) Public purpose	-do-	64.14	86.35	123.62
v) Other purpose	-do-	106.71	115.21	112.45
Total for i to v	-do-	1244.10	1498.24	1874.80

(Source:- District Statistical Abstract)

It is seen that while the generation of electricity has increased slightly during the year 1963-64 as compared to the previous year. The consumption of electricity during the same period has increased considerably.

It is also observed that the consumption of Electricity is considerably more under Industrial Consumption i.e. 57.1% and 59.1% of the total consumption, during the year 1962-63 and 1963-64 respectively. The consumption for domestic purposes and commercial light and small power constitute 14.6% and 13.8% in 1962-63 and 14.5% and 13.8% in 1963-64 respectively.

The bulk of the Electricity generation in Kolaba district is consumed by the Industries on Greater Bombay and neighbouring areas and the Railways for Electric Traction on Bombay-Poona Section.

The consumption of electricity per head in the B. Division during the years 1961-62, 1962-63, 1963-64 works out to 15.8 K.W.H, 19.0 K.W.H, and 23.8 K.W.H. respectively.

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CHAPTER-VICo-o p e r a t i o n

The co-operation movement in Bombay Division continued to forge ahead in its different sectors and the progress made was quite satisfactory as it can be seen from the table given below:-

Item	Year		
	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
1. No. of Societies	6700		6976
2. <u>No. of Membership</u>		6762	
a) Total	924000	974000	1045000
b) average per society	138	144	150
3. <u>Share Capital (Rs. in lakhs)</u>			
a) Total.	740.94	858.46	1067.41
b) Average per Society	0.11	0.13	0.16
4. <u>Working Capital (Rs. in lakhs)</u>			
a) Total	3207.15	3557.84	4509.80
b) Average per Society	0.48	0.57	0.65
5. <u>Reserve & Other funds</u> (Rs. in Lakhs)			
a) Total	301.41	335.37	423.77
b) Average per Society	0.05	0.05	0.06
6. <u>Loan Advanced (Rs. in Lakhs)</u>			
a) Total Loan	2289.05	2577.67	3070.17
b) Average loan per Credit Society.	0.34	0.37	0.44

There has been considerable increase in the number of co-operative Societies in the Division during the period from 1961-1962 to 1963-64. The total number of societies grew from 6,700 in 1961-62 to 6,976 in 1963-64 showing an increase of 4.1 percent.

The magnitude of the extension of co-operative movement can be judged not only from the increase in the Co-operative societies but also from the membership of the

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- Co-operative institutions. In this respect Bombay Division has shown steady progress during the period 1961-62 to 1963-64. The membership rose from 924000 to 1045000 from 1961-62 to 1963-64. The average membership per society rose from 138 in 1961-62 to 144 in 1962-63 and 150 in 1963-64.

The business of the co-operatives has increased in the Division to a sizeable extent. With an increase in the No. of societies and membership there is to be an increase in the share capital of the Societies. The share capital of all the Societies increased from 3207.15 lakhs in 1961-62 to 3857.84 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs.4509.80 lakhs in 1963-64, the average per society being Rs.0.48 lakhs, Rs.0.57 lakhs, Rs.0.65 lakhs respectively.

The Reserve and other Funds also increased from Rs.301.41 lakhs to Rs.335.37 lakhs and Rs.423.77 lakhs during 1961-62, 1962-63 and 1963-64 respectively, the average per society being Rs.0.05 lakhs, Rs.0.05 lakhs and Rs.0.06 lakhs respectively.

The loan advances have also shown steady progress during the period 1961-62 to 1963-64. The loans increased from 2289.5 lakhs to 2517.67 lakhs and Rs.3070.17 lakhs in the respective years. The average loan per credit society rose from Rs.0.39 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs.0.44 lakhs in 1963-64.

CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE BANKS.

The central Co-operative banks are the main financing institutions, financing Agri. Credit to the Co-operative Societies in the districts.

A comparative position of the Central Co-operative Banks in the Division during the years 1962-63 and 1963-64 is given in the following table.

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CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE BANKS

6.2

District	No. of Banks	No. of Societies	No. of Individuals		Share capital (Rs. in Lakhs)		Working Capital (Rs. in lakhs)	
			62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64
Thana	1	794	151		13.75	15.61	129.88	178.56
Kolaba	1	649	384		14.12	17.68	110.24	148.53
Ratnagiri	1	707	138		9.21	12.06	98.74	138.05
Nasik	1	1386	2664		60.26	65.98	568.31	629.62
Dhulia	1	1126	-		51.16	54.02	405.23	414.27
Jalgaon	1	1134	3141		54.43	61.88	696.36	700.71
Divisional Total	6	6005	6478		202.93	227.23	2007.96	2209.74

District	Deposits		Reserve and other Funds		Loans advanced.	
	62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64
Thana	111.29	156.04	0.39	1.15	395.65	429.87
Kolaba	73.90	198.15	0.34	1.02	173.10	282.37
Ratnagiri	88.55	116.41	0.27	0.93	282.13	442.98
Nasik	257.56	325.95	8.54	12.79	1108.85	1439.78
Dhulia	200.54	229.68	5.61	7.99	773.51	814.83
Jalgaon	472.42	523.90	43.61	49.21	1285.95	1066.99
Div. Total	1204.40	1450.13	58.76	73.15	4019.18	4526.82

It is seen that the Central Co-operative Banks in the Division have shown considerable progress, during the period under review. The total share capital and working capital of the Central Co-operative Banks in the Division has increased from Rs. 202.93 lakhs during 1962-63 to Rs. 227.23 lakhs and Rs. 2007.96 lakhs in 1962-63 to 2209.74 lakhs in 1963-64 respectively. The respective percentages being 12.0 and 10.0.

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The deposits have risen from Rs. 1204.40 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs. 1450.13 lakhs in 1963-64 which works out 20.4 percent. The reserve and Other Funds have increased from 58.76 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs. 73.15 lakhs in 1963-64 (i.e. 24.5 percent). The Loan advanced increased from Rs. 4019.19 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs. 4526.02 lakhs in 1963-64, the percentage being 12.6.

Land Development Banks:-

Another institutions helping the agriculturists on the improvement of the lands is " Land Development Banks ". The comparative figures showing the financial position during the years 1962-63 and 1963-64 is given as under.

LAND DEVELOPMENT BANKS

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri.	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	DIVISION.
1) No. of -	62-63	1	1	-	1	1	2	6
-ks.	63-64	1	1	-	1	1	2	6
2) Memberstip.	62-63	3446	658	-	21797	6810	22926	57618
	63-64	3446	1088	-	42619	12093	25344	84590
3) Share-Capital.	62-63	0.85	0.25	-	05.85	16.52	8.81	32.76
	63-64	0.85	0.53	-	15.85	26.86	15.55	59.64
4) Borrowing.	62-63	8.99	1.04	-	70.11	172.81	101.58	354.53
	63-64	8.07	3.15	-	138.15	259.09	163.98	572.44
4) Working-Capital.	62-63	10.46	1.29	-	76.93	190.33	112.45	391.63
	63-64	9.88	3.68	-	156.85	288.97	182.81	642.29
5) Loan - Advanced	62-63	1.01	1.41	-	51.38	105.77	61.37	220.94
	63-64	-	2.17	-	82.22	95.11	79.11	258.63
6) Outstanding	62-63	8.65	1.41	-	79.85	204.75	108.52	403.18
	63-64	7.56	3.22	-	152.94	279.45	178.55	621.72
7) Over-Lies.	62-63	0.95	-	-	2.05	9.67	3.32	16.93
	63-64	1.25	0.04	-	4.80	13.14	6.18	25.41

The total member-ship of Land Development Banks in the Division has risen from 57618 in 1962-63 to 84590 in 1963-64.

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-Which works out an increase of 46.80. The share capital also has shown considerable progress which rose from Rs.32.76 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs.59.64 lakhs in 1963-64 that is 82.1%. The working capital rose from Rs.391.63 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs.642.29 lakhs in 1963-64 showing an increase of 64.0%. The loans advanced rose from Rs.220.94 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs.258.63 lakhs in 1963-64.

PRIMARY AGRICULTURAL CREDIT SOCIETIES

The progress of primary agricultural credit societies in Bombay Division is shown in table No.20 of the abstract. These societies cover 99.8% of the villages in the Division with 37.3% of Rural population by the end of 1963-64. The number of Societies rose from 4555 in 1962-63 to 4590 in 1963-64 in the whole division. The membership rose from 608290 in 1962-63 to 634477 in 1963-64. The share capital rose from Rs.479.37 lakhs in 1962-63 to Rs.550.28 lakhs in 1963-64. The working capital rose from Rs.210247 lakhs to Rs.2351.03 lakhs in 1963-64. The reserve and other funds grew from Rs.149.49 lakhs to Rs.173.47 lakhs.

The short term loan per member during 1962-63 works out to Rs.208.94 and the short term loan per gross cropped area works out to Rs.13.58 np. in the whole division.

SHORT TERM LOAN

District	per member (Rs) 1962-63.	Per gross cropped areas (in Rs.) 1962-63
Thana	66.81	5.38
Kalaba	89.67	1.01
Ratnagiri.	36.19	0.44
Nasik	319.57	13.92
Dhulia	300.70	15.96
Jalgaon	290.60	17.22
Div. Total.	208.94	13.58

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According to the ^{b7} latest audit classification available for 1961-62, 70.9% of the societies were classified under A & B, 16.9% under C class 5.7% under 'D' class, 1.3% were unclassified and 5.2% were unaudited.

AUDIT CLASSIFICATION.

1961-62					1962-63					District.
A&B Class	C Class	D Class	Un class	Un Audited.	A&B Class	C Class	D Class	Un Class	Un Audited.	
308	148	54	-	16	345	140	60	NA	29	Thana.
366	57	39	-	23	357	96	49	NA	33	Kolaba.
269	113	74	25	121	343	162	65	NA	45	Ratnagiri.
806	73	16	30	24	892	79	5	NA	7	Nasik
576	129	20	-	21	773	300	56	NA	5	Dhulia
620	101	33	-	13	648	130	29	NA	16	Jalgaon
2945	701	236	55	218	3358	907	264	-	135	Div. Total

NON-AGRICULTURAL CREDIT SOCIETIES.

The Position of non-Agricultural Credit Societies is given in table No.20 of the abstract. The number of societies rose from 351 in 1962-63 to 363 in 1963-64 with a membership increase from 150622 to 136351 in the respective years. While the increase in share capital was from Rs.127.85 lakhs to Rs.133.85 lakhs the increase in working capital was from Rs.687.17.lakh to Rs.727.98 lakhs in the respective years. The loans and advances have also shown considerable increase from Rs.938.33 lakhs to Rs.1207.82 lakhs during the same period.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CREDIT SOCIETIES.

The position of Agricultural Non-Credit Societies in Bombay Division is for the years 1962-63 and 1963-64 is as under. The increase in societies from 594 to 671 was accompanied with a corresponding increase in membership from 114951 to 135605 during the same period. While the increase in share capital was from Rs.

R. 169.82 lakhs to R. 168.68 lakhs, the increase in working capital was R. 667.99 lakhs to R. 899.76 lakhs. The Loans advanced has kept pace showing an increase from R. 150.87 lakhs to R. 227.40 lakhs.

Non-agricultural Non-Credit Societies:-

The position of Non-agricultural Non-Credit Societies during the years 1962-63 and 1963-64 is in table No. 20 of the Abstract. The number of societies rose from 1252 to 1342 showing membership increase from 130565 to 136281 during the same period. The State Capital increased from R. 91.47 lakhs to R. 114.60 lakhs with a corresponding increase in Working-Capital from 401.24 lakhs to R. 531.51 lakhs. The Loan advanced decreased from R. 78.17 lakhs to R. 73.11 lakhs.

Marketing Societies:-

The following table indicate the position of Marketing Societies in Daryat Division during the years 1962-63 and 1963-64.

		MARKETING SOCIETIES} (Rs. in Lakhs)					
District	No. of Societies		Membership		Paid Up Share capital		
	62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64	
Thana	13	15	371	598	3.19	4.09	
Kolaba	17	17	327	383	2.23	3.67	
Waranagiri	18	20	362	455	3.71	5.03	
Nasik	19	20	793	1990	8.25	10.63	
Phulia	11	15	612	853	8.30	10.05	
Jalgaon	44	45	890	1153	28.68	35.18	
DIVISION TOTAL:		122	125	3375	4662	54.36	68.65

Continued (89)

	Working Capital		Value of Sales		Agril. requisites, distributed.	
	62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64	62-63	63-64
Thana	10.60	6.31	21.75	88.69	5.29	3.30
Kolaba	7.99	13.74	17.20	162.62	2.12	56.08
Ratnagiri	12.16	32.73	22.91	141.80	12.83	30.16
Nasik	38.26	82.72	114.71	475.77	101.70	277.46
Dhulia	38.59	43.86	261.93	493.99	80.30	124.49
Jalgaon	93.63	154.51	756.81	1077.46	139.10	224.61
Div. Total	206.23	343.87	1195.31	2440.23	341.33	701.10

The number of societies increased from 122 to 125 with a corresponding increase in membership from 3375 to 4662. The increase in paid up share capital was from Rs.54.36 lakhs to Rs.68.65 lakhs, the increase in the working capital being the difference from Rs.206.23 lakhs to Rs.343.87 lakhs. The Value of sales rose from Rs.1195.31 lakhs to Rs.2440.23 lakhs.

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CHAPTER VIIMEDICAL AND HEALTHMEDICAL FACILITIES:-

The position of medical facilities as available in Bombay Division during the years 1961, 1962 and 1963 is given in the following table.

I t e m s	Y e a r		
	1961	1962	1963
1) No. of Hospitals	21	21	21
2) No. of Maternity Home	46	49	51
3) No. of Dispensaries	159	165	168
4) No. of Primary Health Centres	78	85	116
5) No. of Doctors	272	289	306
6) No. of Nurses	412	747	818
7) No. of Beds	2407	2591	2853
8) No. of Indoor Patients	63370	73248	69719
9) No. of Outdoor Patients	164251	1855787	1979666

It is observed that while the ^{number} of Hospitals has remained the same the number of Maternity Homes, Dispensaries, Primary Health Centres has shown an increase during 1963 as compared to the previous years. The number of beds has increased by 7.6% in 1962 over 1961 and 10.1% in 1963 over 1962.

The number of Medical Institution, Doctors and nurses etc. as worked out per lakh of population in the Division is given below :-

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I t e m s	Y e a r		
	1961	1962	1963
1) Hospitals	0.22	0.22	0.22
2) Maternity Homes	0.48	0.52	0.54
3) Dispensaries	1.67	1.74	1.77
4) Primary Health Centres	0.82	0.89	1.22
5) Doctors	2.86	3.04	3.22
6) Nurses and Midwives.	4.33	7.86	8.60
7) Beds	25.31	27.24	30.00

It is seen that Medical Facilities in the Division are very meagre. However there has been slight improvement in these facilities during 1963 as compared to previous years.

PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES:-

The Primary Health Centres were instituted from the Block funds under Community Development. The administrative supervision is carried out by the Panchayat Samiti and the Technical Supervision is done by the Public Health Officer. Each Primary Health Centre has two to three sub-centres where a Nurse/ Midwife gives treatment including help in maternity cases.

The number of Primary Health centres in the Division rose to 116 during 1963 as compared to 85 in 1962 and 78 in 1961.

LEPROSY CENTRES:-

In every district there are two to three leprosy centres. The work done in these centres is three fold, viz. Survey, Education and Treatment. With the help of the local offices in villages the lists of Leprosy affected persons is prepared.

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The people are then educated about the precautions to be taken to avoid the spread of this disease. At the same time it is also made known that the disease is curable at a certain stage. The treatment is given by the leprosy technicians. Besides this, some leprosy orientation camps are also held in the districts.

The total number of leprosy centres opened in the Division by the end of 1964 was 41. The total number of cases detected during the year 1964 were 2549 as against 1447 in 1963 and 2072 in 1962. Out of 2549 cases detected in 1964, the number of cases brought under treatment was 2150, as against 1221 cases treated in 1963 and 1748 treated in 1962.

RECENT EPIDEMICS AND STEPS TAKEN :-

Cholera and Small Pox are the worst epidemics which take heavy toll of lives. The main season for outbreak of Cholera is the rainy season, but occasionally it breaks out in summer also, when there is scarcity of water. The sanitary staff and temporary staff of inoculations perform anti-cholera inoculations in villages situated on river sides or threatened every year by cholera. The total number of cases attacked by cholera in the Division during the year 1963 was 3283 as against only 31 in 1962 and 647 in 1961. Cholera took a toll of 843 lives in 1963 as against 14 in 1962 and 258 in 1961. As a measure to prevent Cholera 19,09,556 inoculations were given in 1963 as against 29,0,023 in 1962 and 8,99,105 in 1961.

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Small pox prevails every year in a mild epidemic form and the disease is brought under control mainly by means of mass vaccinations. In 1963, the cases attacked by Small Pox were 5057 as against 1159 in 1962 and 3150 in 1961. In 1963, the cases proved fatal were 1443, as against 194 in 1962 and 432 in 1961. The cases of primary vaccination in 1963 were 2,83,229 as against 2,77,848 in 1962 and 3,05,607 in 1961. The cases of re-vaccination in 1963 were 25,23,451 in 1963 as against 14,39,490 in 1962 and 18,32,715 in 1961.

MALARIA ERADICATION

The Malaria eradication scheme is carried out by the units established in each district. There are 9 malaria eradication units in Bombay Division. The scheme is implemented in three stages, namely, Attack, Consolidation and Maintenance.

At present most of the area in Bombay Division is in consolidation phase. Only some area in Thana district is in Attack phase and only a small area in Nasik district is in Maintenance phase.

The work of detection is carried out by the three methods, viz. Active, Passive and Mass. The work carried out by these three methods during 1963 and 1964 is given below:-

Year	Active		Passive		Mass		Total	
	No. of slides collected	Positive cases detected & treated	No. of slides collected	Positive cases detected & treated	No. of slides collected	Positive cases detected & treated	No. of slides collected	Positive cases detected & treated
1963	611911	1368	98098	116	144628	442	854705	1926
1964	668510	688	121948	49	185135	521	676323	1258

* (Figures of Ratnagiri District are not available and therefore not included.)

B. C. G. VACCINATION :-

B.C.G. Vaccination protects against Tuberculosis. Under the National T.B. Control programme it is administered to all susceptible persons after making house to house approached. The progress of the scheme in Bombay Division during the years 1962, 1963 and 1964 is given, below:-

District.	1962				1963			
	Total tested	Total positive	Total Negative	Total Vaccination	Total tested	Total positive	Total negative	Total vaccination
Thane	7162	24699	20215	19991	193	27	98	90
Kolaba	20089	8971	5223	262	4474	1149	2047	2025
Ratnagiri	-	-	-	-	51180	18625	24142	23852
Nasik	145818	57822	60888	60566	48230	19251	14786	14781
Dhulia	71891	34220	24105	24104	-	-	-	-
Jalgaon	256318	108106	82772	82036	430	410	15	15
Total	544718	233818	195203	193959	104507	40062	41088	40764

District.	1964			
	Total tested	Total positive	Total Negative	Total Vaccination
Thane	7162	2139	1978	1919
Kolaba	-	-	-	-
Ratnagiri	75359	29338	23784	25159
Nasik	7693	3513	2981	2721
Dhulia	56246	21754	22843	22674
Jalgaon	245639	89222	82547	81822
Total	392099	146766	134098	134265

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The number of cases tested during 1964 in the Division were 31,2,000 as against 96,507 in 1963 and 5,44,718 in 1962. The total number of positive cases during 1964 were 1,46,766 as against 4,0,062 in 1963 and 2,33,818 in 1962. The total number of negative cases during 1964 were 134098 as against 41088 in 1963 and 195203 in 1962. The total number of vaccination during 1964 was 134295, as against 40764 in 1963 and 193959 in 1962.

FAMILY PLANNING:-

The scheme of Family Planning has assumed vital importance in the context of rapidly growing population and poor economic conditions. Rural Family Planning Centres were opened in association with Primary Health Centres, Maternity and child Health Centres. The family planning units started during the year 1960-61 were 18 as against 40 each in 1962-63, and 1961-62. The sterilisation operations performed during 1963-64 were 7100 as against 5673 in 1962-63 and 5506 in 1961-62. The no. of tubectomy operations performed during 1963-64 were 5442 as against 5444 in 1962-63 and 4628 in 1961-62.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS:-

The total births and total deaths in Bombay Division for the years in 1961-1962 and 1963 is given below:-

Year	Total Births	Increase in birth over '61	Total deaths	Increase in Deaths over '61'	Net increase in population
1961	227080	-	127081	-	-
1962	21113	15333	129602	12521	2842
1963	21102	20902	127870	789	20113

It is seen that the net increase in population in 1962 over 1961 was 2842 and the net increase in 1963 over 1961 was 20118. It is evident that the birth rate outpaced the death rate. The reasons may be ~~attributed~~ ^{ascribed} to increasing medical facilities and improved health conditions. However, the percentage of infant deaths to total deaths in Bombay Division for 1962 works out to 19.56 as against 19.22 in 1962 and 18.52 in 1961.

The deaths due to important causes in Bombay Division during the years 1961, 1962 and 1963 is given below:

Causes	No. of deaths		
	1961	1962	1963
Cholera	228 (0.18)	108 (0.08)	591 (0.54)
Small Pox	872 (0.69)	919 (0.65)	2469 (1.93)
Plague	-	-	-
Fever	45740 (35.99)	52894 (37.89)	33508 (26.28)
Diarrhoea & Dysentery	4563 (3.59)	4730 (3.39)	5445 (4.26)
Respiratory Diseases	18532 (14.58)	20642 (14.79)	18213 (14.24)
Other causes	57146 (44.97)	60309 (43.20)	57444 (52.75)
Total Deaths	127081 (100.00)	129602 (100.00)	127870 (100.00)

The majority of the total deaths were due to other causes, the percentage of deaths being 44.97 in 1961, 43.20 in 1962 and 52.75 in 1963. The next important cause of deaths was fever claiming 35.99% of total deaths in 1961, 37.89% in 1962 and 26.28% in 1963. Another important cause of death was Respiratory Diseases denoting 14.58% of total deaths in 1961, 14.79% in 1962 and 14.24% in 1963.

Town Water Supply

The town water supply schemes were completed in 11 towns. Among these schemes only one scheme viz. 'Improvement of Water Supply in Bhivandi' was completed in 1932-34. The details of this scheme are as under:

- 1) Estimated cost Rs. 3,68,000
- 2) Population served Rs. 47,630
- 3) Water Supply before the scheme was implemented - 0.5 million gallon per day.
- 4) Water Supply after scheme is completed - 0.8 million gallon per day.

Village Water Supply

During 1932-34 only one scheme viz. Shahapada rural water supply scheme was completed. 53 villages in Kolaba district having population of 30652 were covered by this scheme. Besides, the following schemes were completed.

District	Taluka	No. of villages	Population served.
Thane	Kasare	1	930
	Bhivandi	1	6000
	Kalyan	13	9339
	Wada	1	5132
Kolaba	Shahapada	53	30652
	Khopoli	1	1012
	Teenveera	31	9388

Villages without adequate water supply

A special division at Akola was established to find out the difficult areas. The difficult areas are those areas where the water source is either not available or it is of dirty water. Of the latter category, such villages are found on the sea shore where there is salt water.

The Engineering Survey was carried in all the villages in the Division and the details regarding difficult areas were found. The difficult areas in Bombay Division are given in the following table.

Sr. No.	District	Total No. of village	Popula- tion as per 1961 census	No. of difficult villages where special measures are required	Popln. of difficult villages as per 1961 census.	% of Popu- lation of difficult villages to total pop- ulation.
1.	Thana.	1599	1153350	21	71789	6.47
2.	Kolaba	1778	52174	266	222214	24.34
3.	Ratnagiri	1516	1679345	84	140886	8.38
4.	Nasik	1652	1380264	256	353990	25.64
5.	Dhulia	1360	1135380	100	168274	14.11
6.	Jalgaon	1435	1367826	303	436934	31.87
T O T A L		9340	7669339	1030	1394087	18.38

It is seen that Jalgaon district is having large number of difficult villages i.e. 303 villages, while the no. of such villages is least in Thana District (21 villages).

The difficulty is solved by the supply of tap water from outside.

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99
CHAPTER VIII

E D U C A T I O N

The following gives a comparative position of literacy in Bombay Division during the 1951 and 1961 Census.

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>1951 Census</u>	<u>1961 Census</u>
I <u>Population (in '000)</u>		
Males	3899	4735
Females	3966	4775
Total	7856	9510
II <u>Literates (in '000)</u>		
Males	1320	1962
Females	407	762
Total	1727	2724
III <u>Literacy percentage (in percentage)</u>		
Males	33.84	41.45
Females	10.26	15.95
Total	21.96	28.65

The percentage of literacy for the total population increased from 21.96 in 1951 to 28.65 in 1961 as compared to percentage of literacy in Maharashtra State from 20.9 to 29.8 for the corresponding years. While the percentage of literacy in Males rose from 33.84 in 1951 to 41.45 in 1961 as against the corresponding figures of 31.4 and 42.0 for Maharashtra State, the percentage of literacy in Females increased from 10.26 in 1951 to 15.95 in 1961 as against the corresponding figures of 9.7 and 16.8 for Maharashtra State.

The Districtwise position of literacy is given in the following table.

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(In Percentage)

District	1961			1951		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
Thana	30.5	41.1	19.1	24.3	33.5	14.2
Kolaba	24.6	36.4	13.4	19.2	29.4	9.4
Ratnagiri	28.5	42.2	17.4	17.7	28.7	8.8
Nasik	26.9	39.4	13.7	21.4	33.2	9.1
Dhulia	25.2	37.4	12.5	19.2	30.6	7.4
Jalgaon	34.0	49.3	18.0	27.9	43.6	11.8
Divi. Total	28.7	41.5	16.8	22.0	33.8	10.3
Maharashtra State.	29.8	42.0	16.8	20.9	31.4	9.7

The highest percentage of literacy is found in Jalgaon District which rose from 27.9 in 1951 to 34.0 in 1961. The next in order is Thana District where the percentage of literacy rose from 25.5 to 30.5. The progress of literacy in Ratnagiri District has been much steep, the increase ⁱⁿ the percentage of literacy being 28.5 in 1961 as compared to 17.7 in 1951.

PRIMARY EDUCATION

The total number of Primary schools in the Division has increased from 10216 in 1961-62 to 10461 in 1962-63 and it was 10741 at the end of 1963-64. This accounts for 5.1% increase in the Primary Schools over the period of last two years. Similarly the strength of schools going boys and girls shows considerable increase. The strength of the Boys increased from 782,000 in 1961-62 to 800,800 in 1962-63 and it was 836436 in 1963-64, registering an increase of 7.0% over last two years. The strength of school going Girls also increased from 473600 in 1961-62 to 482,800 in 1962-63 and it was 507990 in the year 1963-64. The percentage increase

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~~in the strength of the girls~~ works out to 7.2% over last two years. The total No. of students ~~in primary schools~~ increased from 1255,700 in 1961-62, to 1283,600 in 1962-63 and 1346,500 in 1963-64 indicating an increase 7.2% over last two years.

With the increase in number of primary schools and schools going Boys and girls, the strength of the teachers in primary schools also increased from 30428 in 1961-62 to 31641 in 1962-63 and 33889 in 1963-64 denoting an increase of 11.4%, over last two years.

SECONDARY EDUCATION:

Total number of Secondary Schools in the Division has increased from 535 in 1962-62 to 595 in 1962-63- and it was 647 at the end of 1963-64. This accounts for 20.9% increase in the Secondary Schools over the period of last two years. Similarly the strength of schools going Boys and girls shows considerable increase. The strength of the Boys increased from 127383 in 1961-62 to 143948 in 1962-63 and it was 159875 in 1963-64 registering an increase of 25.3% over the last two years. The strength of schools going girls also increased from 40334 in 1961-72 to 47384 in 1962-63 and it was 54631 in 1963-64. The percentage increase in the strength of the girls works out to 35.4% over last two years. The total No. of students in Secondary Schools increased from 167917 in 1961-62 to 191332 in 1962-63 and it was 214506 in 1963-64 indicating an increase of 27.7% over last two years.

With the increase in the No. of Secondary Schools and students, the strength of teachers in Secondary Schools also increased from 5623 in 1961-62 to 7466 in 1962-63 and 8269 in 1963-64 denoting an increase of 26.8% over last two years.

:102;-

HIGHER EDUCATION:

Total No. of Colleges in this Division has increased from 17 in 1961-62 to 18 in 1962-63 and it was 20 by the end of 1963-64. The strength of colleges going boys and girls has shown considerable increase. The strength of boys increased from 5615 in 1962-62 to 6992 in 1962-63 and 8982 in 1963-64 registering an increase of 47.5% over the last two years. The strength of college going girls has also increased from 768 in 1962-62 to 975 in 1962-63 and 1337 in 1963-64. The percentage increase in the strength of the girls works out to 74.1% over the last two years. The total No. of students in Higher Education increased from 6353 in 1961-62 to 7967 in 1962-63 and 9619 in 1963-64 indicating an increase of 50.7% over last two years.

With the increase in the number of colleges and students, the strength of teachers in higher institutions also increased from 300 in 1961-62 to 460 in 1962-63 and 545 in 1963-64 denoting an increase of 81.7% over last two years.

There is no University in this Division (Greater Bombay is excluded) and all the colleges are affiliated to the University of Poona. Among all the colleges in the Division, Arts and Science colleges claim the majority. There is no medical or Engineering College in the Division. All Arts and Science Colleges are privately run institutions.

SPECIAL EDUCATION:

The No. of special schools in the Division decreased from 179 in 1962-63 to 137 in 1963-64. Similarly the No. of students in special schools decreased from 14804 to 7991 denoting a decrease of 46%.

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION

For the all round economic development of the region, an adequate provision of transport and communication facilities is essential. The total road mileage in Bombay Division is classified into National^{al} Highways, State Highways, Major Dist. Roads, Other Dist. Roads and village Road's. The following table indicates the total Road Mileage under different categories for the years 1962, 1963 and 1964.

Types of Roads	Road Mileage during the year		
	1962-62	1962-63	1963-64
National Highways	469.00	470.41	471.04
State Highways	1543.00	1593.96	1631.51
Major Dist. Roads	1952.00	1885.56	2002.34
Other Dist. Roads	1756.00	1893.84	1673.02
Village Roads	3700.00	3612.16	4074.44
Total Mileage	9429.00	9455.93 (0.28%)	10052.35 (6.31%)

(The figures obtained from P. & C. Deptt. are tentative).

The total mileage shown in the above table pertains to the roads both under Buildings and communications Department and the Zilla Parishads. It is seen that the increase in the total road mileage from 1961-62 to 1962-63 is very meagre, as it rose only by 0.28%. However, the road mileage rose from 9455.93 in 1962-63 to 10052.35 in 1963-64 which works out to 6.31%

A review of the Roads on the basis of materials used for construction is given in the following table.

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Type of surface	Length of roads during the year (in miles)			% increase over 1962.
	1962	1963	1964	
Cement Concrete	320.69	355.55	375.20 (3.64)	13.8
Black Topped	851.67	992.21	1116.82 (10.82)	31.1
Water Bound Macadam	3863.26	3721.77	3962.62 (38.40)	2.6
Granular Material	2794.17	2729.50	3069.50 (29.74)	9.9
Natural Soil	1681.92	1747.21	1765.23 (17.40)	6.8
Total	520.71	9562.24	10320.47 (100.0)	8.4

It is seen that the road mileage under Black topped surface has increased by 31.1% in 1964 over that of 1962.

Percentage of increase under cement concrete, granular material and natural soil during the same period is 13.8, 9.9 and 6.8 respectively.

Of the total road mileage of 10320.47 during 1964 38.4% consisted of water bound macadam surface, 29.7% granular material 17.4% natural soil surface, 10.82% Black topped and 3.64% cement concrete surface.

Road mileage per lakh of population and per Sq. mile in Bombay Division as at the end of 1963 and 1964 is given below:

Type of road	Road Mileage			
	per lakh of population		Per SQ. mile	
	1963	1964	1963	1964
1) National Highway	4.95	3.95	0.02	0.02
2) State Highway	16.76	17.16	0.06	0.06
3) Major Dist. Roads	19.83	21.05	0.07	0.08
4) Other Dist. Roads	19.91	19.70	0.07	0.07
5) Village Roads	37.98	42.84	0.14	0.15

The Road Mileage per lakh of population during 64 in respect of National Highways is the same as that during 63. The Road mileage in the case of state Highways slightly increased from 16.76 in 1963- to 17.16 in 1964. The Road Mileage per lakh of population in the case of Major Dist Roads has increased from 19.83 in 1963 to 21.05 in 1964. The Road Mileage in the case of other Dist. Roads has decreased from 19.91 in 1963 to 19.70 in 1964. The reason may be ascribed to the conversion of other Dist. Roads into Major Dist. Roads. The Road mileage per lakh of population in respect of village Roads has increased from 37.98 in 1963- to 22.84 in 1964.

RAILWAYS

The Bombay Division is served with Central and Western Railways. The routes under the Central Rly. are 1) Bombay-Bhusawal-Itarsi, 2) Bombay-Bhusawal-Nagpur, 3) Bombay-Poona, 4) Neral-Matheran, 5) Karjat-Kheroli, 6) Chalisgaon-Dhule, 7) Fackera-Jajner, 8) Mahad-Dhond. Under the Western Railways the routes are 1) Bombay-Ahmedabad, 2) Bhusawal-Surat.

The Bombay-Bhusawal-Itarsi is the main line of the Central Railways which emanates from Bombay, runs North-East through Thane, Nasik and Jalgaon Districts.

The total Railway mileage in Bombay Division by the end of 1964 is 916 of which 633 is under Broad Gauge, 16 under meter gauge and 67 under narrow gauge. The Railway mileage per lakh of population in the Division works out to 9.6. On an average there is one Railway station per 7.57 mile in the Division.

WATER TRANSPORT:

There is no inland water ways in the Division. Coastal transport is carried on between Bombay and Kolaba and

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Ratnagiri Districts. There is a long route of Coastal transport which starts from Bombay and goes upto Vengurla in Ratnagiri district, covering 13 ports. The B.S.N. Company and the Chawgule Company ply their Steam-ships on this route. Another route is Bombay-Dabhol which covers two ports in Kolaba district and two ports in Ratnagiri district. This route is covered by only B.S.N. Company and one Steamship plies daily along this route. The Coastal Transport is suspended during the monsoon season i.e. from June to September.

The villages situated on the bank of creeks are contacted by country crafts. The distance covered by this way is sometimes 20 miles.

AIRWAYS:-

There is no Air-port in Bombay Division.

ROAD TRANSPORT:-

The Maharashtra State Road Transport Corporation in Bombay division has its divisions at Thana, Ratnagiri, Nasik and India, each Division having 5 to 6 Depots under it. The number of routes and route mileage etc. are given below.

Item.	Unit	Year		Percentage Increase
		1962	1964	
1) No. of routes.	No.	896	1015	13.3
2) Route Mileage.	Miles.	27251	28043	2.9
3) Average Daily Earnings.	Rupees.	155045	189520	22.2
4) No. of Passengers travelled.	No.	251019	313263	24.8

It is observed that the number of routes have been increased from 896 in 1962 to 1015 in 1964 i.e. by 13.3 percent. The route mileage has increased from 27251 in 1962 to 28043 in 1964, the percentage of increase being 2.9. The average daily earnings have increased from Rs. 155045 in 1962 to 189520 in 1964 which works out to 22.2 percent. The number of Passengers have increased from 251019 in 1962 to 313263 in 1964, the percentage of increase being 24.8.

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Motor Vehicles:-

-:107:-

There are two regional offices in Bombay Division, one at Thana and the other at Nasik. The position of Motor Vehicles in the Division for the years 1961, 1962 and 1963 is given in the following table.

Item.	Thana Region			Nasik Region			DIVISION TOTAL:.		
	1961	1962	1963	1961-1962-1963			1961	1962	1963
Motor Cycles	142	186	248	1109	1596	1617	1151	1782	1865 (4.7)
Motor Cabs.	1205	1015	1188	1307	1361	1657	2512	2376	2855 (19.7)
Taxi-Cabs.	116	106	107	214	259	265	330	365	372 (1.9)
Private Carriers.	175	285	259	62	82	133	277	367	422 (6.8)
Public-Carr- -iers.	2092	1834	1848	1852	2033	2137	2944	3867	3985 (3.0)

It is revealed that there has been an increase in the Motor Vehicles in Bombay Division in 1963 over the previous years. The Motor Cycles increased by 4.7 percent, Motor-cabs by 19.7 percent, Taxi Cabs by 1.9 percent, Private Carriers by 6.8 percent and Public Carriers by 3.0 percent. The Motor Cabs show the largest number of increase among all the vehicles. The reason for low number of vehicles in Thana region may be ascribed to inferior roads in Konkan region specially in Ratnagiri.

Post and Telegraph:-

The number of posts and Telegraph and other particulars are given in the following table.

Item.	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
1) No. of Post Offices.	1681	1827 (8.7)	1929 (5.6)
2) No. of Telegraphs.	182	195 (7.1)	202 (3.6)
3) No. of Letter Boxes.	4880	5090 (4.3)	5207 (2.3)
4) No. of Postment.	832	927 (11.4)	956 (3.1)
5) No. of Telephone Offices.	54	65 (20.2)	76 (16.9)
6) No. of Telephones.	3590	3668 (2.2)	5276 (43.8)
7) No. of Radio Licences	51164	72231 (41.2)	76367 (5.7)

---:108:--

The number of Post Offices in the Division has increased by 8.7 percent in 1962-63 and 5.6 percent in 1963-64 over the previous years. The percentage increase of Telegraphs in 1962-63 and 1963-64 is 7.1 and 3.6 respectively. The number of Letter-Boxes and Postmen have increased by 4.3 percent and 11.4 percent in 1962-63 over 1961-62 and 2.3 percent and 3.1 percent respectively in 1963-64, as against 1962-63. The number of telephones has increased by 2.2 percent in 1962-63 over the previous year and by 43.8 percent in 1963-64 as against 1962-63. The number of Radi-Licenses Issued (including Reviewed Licenses), increased by 4.2 percent in 1962-63 as against 1961-62 and by 5.7 percent in 1963-64 over 1962-63.

The average number of Post Offices per Lakh of Population in 1963-64 works out to 20.3 as against 19.2 in 1962-63 and 17.7 in 1961-62. The number of Post-men ~~xxxxk~~ per Lakh of population works out to 10.1 in 1963-64 as against 9.8 in 1962-63 and 8.8 in 1961-62. The number of Post Boxes per lakh of population works out to 54.8 in 1963-64 as against 53.5 in 1962-63 and 51.3 in 1961-62..

---:109:--

Zilla Parishad:-

The financial position of the Zilla Parishads in this division is revealed by the following table.

Particulars.	1962-63	1963-64
1) No. of Zilla Parishads.	6	6
2) Total Income (Rs. in Lakhs)	1,023.07	1,591.62
3) Total Expenditure (Rs. in Lakhs)	781.13	1,429.68
4) Average Income per Zilla Parishad (Rs. in Lakhs)	170.51	265.27
5) Average Expenditure per Zilla Parishad (Rs. in Lakhs)	130.19	238.28

The above table shows that the average income of Zilla Parishads is more than the expenditure per annum. It suggests that the financial position of the Zilla Parishads is sound and satisfactory.

The above table also indicates an increase of Rs. 568.55 Lakhs in total income during the year 1963-64 over the year 1962-63. It further indicates that the Increase in Expenditure is more than proportionate to the increase in the Income of the Zilla Parishads.

The increased figures of Income and Expenditure of the Zilla Parishads in the Division disclose how the Zilla Parishads are expanding their activities to attend the objectives for which they were formed.

Municipalities:-

The number and financial position of the municipalities in the Division is indicated in the following table.

Particulars	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
1. No. of Municipalities.	54	54	54
2. Total Income (Rs. in Lakhs)	458.76	419.34	475.46
3. Total Expenditure (-do-do-)	423.29	369.33	402.26
4. Average Income per Municipality (Rs. in Lakhs)	8.50	7.77	8.80
5. Average Expenditure per Municipality (Rs. in Lakhs)	7.84	6.84	7.45

CHAPTER-XLOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT

A comprehensive system of Local Self Government is indispensable for the success of democracy. It offers the widest possible opportunity for the political education of the people. It is also essential in successful administration of many of the welfare services undertaken by the State. The units of Local Self Government are (i) Village Panchayats, (ii) Panchayat Samities, (iii) Zilla Parishad and (iv) Municipalities.

VILLAGE PANCHAYATS:-

The Village Panchayat is the basic unit of Local Self Government. The total number of Village Panchayats in the Division increased from 4,100 in 1961-62 to 4,263 in 1962-63 and 4,282 in 1963-64 indicating 4.4 percent increase of Village Panchayats over the last two years.

The financial position of Village Panchayats as revealed by their total income and expenditure for the years 1961-62, 1962-63 and 1963-64 is given below.

Table-X(1)

Particulars.	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
1) No. of V. Panchayats.	4,186	4,264	4,336
2) Total Income (Rs.in'000)	18,022	22,015	33,528
3) Total Expenditure (Rs.in'000)	17,040	18,571	27,985
4) Average Income per Gram Panchayat (Rs.in'000)	4.3	5.2	7.7
5) Average Expenditure per Gram Panchayat (Rs.in '000)	4.1	4.4	6.5

The above table shows that the average income of Village Panchayats is more than the expenditure per annum. It suggests that the financial position of village Panchayats in the Division is sound and satisfactory on an average.

The above table also indicates an increase of 46.11 lakhs in total income during the year 1962-63 over the year 1961-62 and Rs. 114.14 lakhs during the year 1963-64 over the year 1962-63. Although there was an increase in the total income and total expenditure during these years the increase in expenditure was not quite proportionate to the increase in income of the Village Panchayats.

-111-

The above table denotes that the average Income of the Municipalities is more than the Expenditure per annum which shows that the financial position of the Municipalities in the Division is sound and satisfactory on the whole.

The above table also indicates a decrease of Rs. 23.65 Lakhs in total Income during the year 1962-63 over the year 1961-62. However the Income during the year 1963-64 has been increased by 12.81 Lakhs in total Income over the year 1961-62. The Expenditure during the respective years is more or less proportionate to the incomes in the respective years.

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CHAPTER-XI

PLAN AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

The Third Plan of the State represents a phase in a programme of long term development which seeks to improve the economy. It aims at building up of Agro-Industrial society in the State, which will help in generating high rate of growth in income and employment and rectify the various imbalances and even out the disparities that exist today.

Size of the State Plan:- The size of Third Plan for the State has been fixed at about Rs. 390 crores comprising of Rs. 224 crores to be shared by the State and Rs. 166 crores of Central assistance. The size of the Second Plan of the state was Rs. 204.41 crores.

Apart from above, provision of Rs. 125 crores has been made by Government of India for the Centrally Sponsored schemes such as Reserve Bank of India on share capital participating in the Co-operative Structure, All India Commodity Committees on Agricultural Schemes, All India Boards on Industrial Schemes, Land Development Banks on Schemes of Minor-Irrigation etc. etc.

Dist: and Divisional Level Schemes:- Out of the 499 schemes formulated in the State's Third Plan 194 schemes involving total plan outlay of Rs. 83.72 crores have been provided for District and Divisional Level Schemes of Bombay Division. Of these 194 schemes, 115 are District-Level Schemes with a provision of Rs. 36.98 crores and 79 are Divisional Level Schemes having a plan provision of Rs. 46.74 crores. The District Level Schemes included in this Division are exclusive of the schemes to be implemented in Greater-Bombay for which a separate provision of Rs. 32.83 crores was made.

The distribution of Plan allocation is as under:

Name of the Dist:	Total Plan Allocation (Rs. in Crores)
1) Thana	6.25
2) Kolaba	5.29
3) Ratnagiri	8.05
4) Nasik	5.89
5) Dhulia	5.59
6) Jalgaon	5.91
Total for Dist:Level Sch:-	36.98
7) Total for Div:Level Sch:-	46.74
Total allocation for Bombay Division(Dist: & Divisional Level Schemes)	83.72

Progress of Expenditure:- The actual expenditure incurred on the District and Divisional Level Schemes of the Bombay Division during the first three years of the Third Plan was to the tune of Rs. 3049.93 lakhs, thus utilising as much as 36.40 percent of the total which was behind the normal phasing which should have been 48 percent in the first three years. This shortgall was due to the late starting of the schemes, lack of technical guidance and curtailment of programme as a result of the declaration of national emergency. The table below, gives the expenditure incurred during the first three years of the Plan period according to the different heads of development.

(Rs. in Lakhs.);

Major Head of Development.	Plan Provision.	Expdtr. Incurred up-to 31-3-1964.	Percentage of expenditure with Plan allocation.
I Agricultural Programme	1,519.94	614.37 (382.53)	40.4 (25.2)
II Co-ordination and Community Development.	1,054.65	516.53 (328.62)	49.0 (31.2)
III Irrigation and Power	3,663.26	736.85 (675.17)	0.2 (0.2)
IV Industry and Mining.	203.01	38.81 (19.40)	19.1 (9.6)
V Transport and Communications.	710.10	586.99 (446.26)	82.7 (62.8)
VI Social Services.	1,238.11	555.96 (312.72)	45.6 (25.7)
VII Miscellaneous.	2.71	0.42 (0.37)	15.5 (12.7)
GRAND TOTAL:-	8,371.78	3,049.93 (2165.07)	36.4 (25.9)

Notes:- (Figures in bracket represent progress upto 31-3-1963)

The above table reveals that the expenditure under all the major heads was far from satisfactory except that in case of Transport and Communication where 82.7 percent of the total provision was utilised. The progress of expenditure under Agricultural Programme was not to the mark because of the additional programme which was to be included to meet the additional

agricultural production, arising out of the National Emergency. It can be seen that rate of expenditure was considerably increased during the year 1963-64 under agriculture. The Progress of expenditure under Irrigation and Power could not be assessed in the absence of relevant plan progress reports.

Progress Achieved (A) Divisional Level Schemes:-

Head of Development	Total No. of Schemes		Plan Out-lays (Rs. in Lakhs)		Expendtr. incurred up-to 31-3-'64 (Rs. in Lakhs)	Percent- age of Expdt: to Plan Out-lay
	Total	Impl-emen- ted	For all Schemes	For Imp- lemented Schemes.		
1)Agricultural Prog:	12	10	33.42	32.42	99.47	Exceeded the Plan Provision
2)Co-ops & C.D.	5	5	60.66	60.66	31.82	52.5
3)Irrigation & Power	18	7	3663.26	752.66	736.85	0.2
4)Industry and Mining.	4	4	140.45	140.45	30.53	21.7
5)Transport and Communication	2	1	145.00	133.00	286.89	Exceeding Plan Prov.
6)Social Services	37	24	622.72	582.03	345.78	55.5
& Miscellaneous	1	1	2.71	2.71	0.42	15.5
TOTAL:-	79	52	4674.22	1703.43	1531.76	32.8

PROGRESS OF ACHIEVEMENT - (A) Divisional Level Schemes:-

Since the inception of the Third Five Year Plan in Bombay Division an amount of Rs. 15.32 crores was spent up-to 31-3-1964 for the implementation of the 79 Divisional Level Schemes which works out to be 32.8 percent of the total Plan Provision i.e. Rs. 46.74 crores provided for these schemes. However, it may be mentioned that major part of the provision i.e. 45.8 percent of the total was made for the implementation of Irrigation and Power Schemes.

(i) Agricultural Programme:- There were in all 12 Divisional Level Schemes under the Head Agricultural Programme. Total Plan outlay provided was Rs. 33.42 lakhs. Of these 12 schemes, 2 schemes were not implemented till 31-3-1964 and expenditure incurred on the implemented schemes was Rs. 99.47 lakhs which had exceeded the plan provision.

The programme under this head aims at increasing agricultural production in the region from the land already under cultivation by way of increasing the yield per acre by under-taking measures such as supply of improved seeds, establishment of seed farms for demonstration purposes, better agronomic practices, supply of fertilizers etc. for development of oil seeds etc. The provision was made for plant protection measures, maintenance of Divisional Workshop, Opening of New Agricultural Schools where the students will be trained in the improved agricultural practices with better facilities of Irrigation, Land Improvement, Soil Conservation and Crop Pattern to meet the short-falls in the day to day food problems.

The sanction for most of the schemes for instance General Horticultural Development Scheme was received as late as December, 1962. Only 2 Schemes Ah-6 i.e. Cattle Breeding Farms and Bull Depot: and AH-17 Development of Hill Cattle under the Sub-Head 'Animal Husbandry' were not implemented.

(ii) Co-operation and Community Development:- The programme under this head aimed at the opening of 7 Cotton Processing Factories, 20 Oil Mills, 18 Rice Mills, one Cold Storage Plant at Nasik, 2 Sugar Factories and Organisation of 12 Labour Contract Societies.

Total provision for the above mentioned schemes was Rs. 60.66 lakhs. Out of this provision an amount of Rs. 31.82 lakhs (52.5 percent) was spent upto 31-3-1964. By the close of 31st March, 1964 one Cotton Processing Factory and Three Rice Mills were organised.

(iii) Irrigation and Power:- There were in all 18 Schemes under this head, 11 under Irrigation Projects and 7 under Power Projects. Out of the total provision of Rs. 3663.26 lakhs an amount of Rs. 736.85 lakhs was spent upto 31-3-1964. Out of 11 Schemes under Irrigation only 5 schemes were implemented. It was intended that during the Third Five Year Plan an additional area of 1.79 lakhs acres would be brought under Irrigation. List of the Projects under-taken in this Division are as under.

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1118

LIST OF PROJECTS UNDER TAKEN IN BOMBAY DIVISION:-

1. Masam River,
2. Gangapur Stage-II,
3. Girna,
4. Upper Tapi Project Stage-I,
5. Storage in Upper Girna Cantonment Area,
6. Panjara Project,
7. Gangapur Stage-I,
8. Karwad Project,
9. Godavari Project Stage-I (Karajwan Project),
10. Irrigation Tank at Malegaon Stage-I,
11. Kal River Project.

Total irrigation potential created by the close of 31st March, 1964 was 7,785 acres.

(iv) Industry and Mining:- Under this head there were 4 Divisional Level Schemes, one under 'Large and Medium Industries' and 3 under 'Small Scale Industries' having a total plan provision of Rs. 140.45 lakhs. The programme under this head aimed at the promotion of co-operative Industries, that is, to encourage dispersal of industrial growth by assisting the undertakings of Industries based on local resources for catering to the production requisite of agriculture and small industries by Rural co-operatives.

The schemes consist in assisting to such co-operatives by way of matching share capital contribution upto 20 percent of the total capital cost of the project and arranging for long term loan upto 60 percent of the total cost from Industrial Finance Corporation under Government.

As against the total plan outlay of Rs. 29 lakhs an amount of Rs. 3 lakhs were utilised for sanctioning share capital to Bhusawal spinning mill from Jalgaon District. It was proposed to start six more spinning mills in the coming years 2 each in Thane and Nasik and one each in Dhulia and Jalgaon.

Under the sub-head Small Scale Industries total Plan provision was Rs. 174.01 lakhs, of which Rs. 35.69 lakhs i.e. 20.5 percent was spent towards the organisation of 11 Co-operative Societies into Industrial Estates and financial assistance to the extent of Rs. 6.78 lakhs was given to 4 societies at Ratnagiri, Nasik, Dhulia and Jalgaon and 2 more were

expected to be started at Malogaon and Kudal in the districts of Nasik and Ratnagiri respectively. An amount of Rs. 9 lakhs was earmarked for the Marol estate, (District Thana), Preliminaries for the construction of Factory Sheds at Palghar, Bassain, Panyel and Sawantwadi were completed. Total amount spent on these Industrial estates in this Division was Rs. 76.28 lakhs as against the provision of Rs. 104.50. Under the Scheme, "Subsidy on Consumption of Electric Power by Cottage and Small Scale Industries" which aimed at disbursement of subsidy, 300 Small Scale units in this division were benefited and the amount disbursed was Rs. 1.54 lakhs as against the provision of Rs. 2.69 lakhs.

(v) Transport and Communication:- There were two schemes viz "State High-ways" and "Roads of Economic Importance" for which a provision of Rs. 145.00 lakhs was made. As against this, an amount of Rs. 286.89 lakhs was spent which exceeded the plan provision for the construction of new roads, bridges and improvement of existing Roads, Bridges etc.

(vi) SOCIAL SERVICES:-

(a)-General Education:- There were in all 11 Divisional Level Schemes under this Sub-Head out of which only 5 schemes were implemented up-to 31-3-1964. The schemes under General Education aimed at giving assistance to secondary schools, colleges for building, Hostels, Equipments, Conversion of High Schools into Higher Secondary Schools, Development of existing Colleges, Training of Teachers, Provision of Scholarships and expansion of H.C.S. / A.C.C. etc. etc. Total expenditure incurred till 31st March, 1964 was Rs. 48.00 lakhs, the percentage being 41.8.

(b) Technical Education:- Under this sub-head provision of Rs. 0.50 lakhs was made for the implementation of the scheme "Open Merit and Loan Scholarship for Degree and Diploma Courses" as an encouragement to the students to take up the professional courses to meet the demand of Technicians. The scheme was not implemented till 31-3-1964.

(c) Medical and Nursing:- The programme for Medical and Nursing envisaged an outlay of Rs. 15.50 lakhs for the Divisional Plan of Bombay Division viz MED-6, Providing Staff and Necessary equipment in the Hospitals and MED-9 Post Examination Training in Civil Hospital. By the close of 31-3-1964 only one Scheme MED-6 had started functioning and the amount spent up to 31-3-1964 was Rs. 5.60 lakhs (i.e. 35.4 percent)

(d) Public Health:- At Divisional Level only one scheme PH-5 "Leprosy Control" was included during the Third Five Year Plan of the Division. As against the provision of Rs. 12.00 lakhs expenditure to the tune of Rs. 0.43 lakhs (i.e. 3.6 percent) was incurred towards the starting of 26 units of Survey, Education and Treatment in the Division.

(e) Urban Development:- Out of the total provision of Rs. 37.50 lakhs under this sub-head for preparation and implementation of developmental plans of local bodies an amount of Rs. 3.87 lakhs i.e. 10.3 percent was spent during the period under review.

(f) Water Supply and Drainage:- There were two Divisional Level schemes with a total plan outlay of Rs. 218.00 lakhs of which Rs. 68.85 lakhs i.e. 31.6 percent of plan provision were spent during the first three years of the Plan.

In this sub-head 68 works were included, comprising 26 spill-over and 42 new ones, Of the Spill-over Schemes, 17 were completed, and the remaining were in progress.

(g) Welfare of Backward Classes:- The Scheme for Welfare of Backward Classes envisages provision of educational facilities for backward class students with special assistance to Agriculturists and Non-Agriculturists under-taking of Co-operative Housing Scheme and similar measures for scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Division. During the three years of the Plan period expenditure to the tune of Rs. 30.03 lakhs as against the total of Rs. 182.22 lakhs was incurred.

(h) Social Welfare:- The Social Welfare programme which were implemented by voluntary organisation with the assistance of the Central and State Government include amongst others welfare extension projects undertaken by the Central and State Social Welfare Board. A Provision of Rs. 15.56 lakhs was made for the implementation of 8 Divisional Level Schemes and an amount of Rs. 10.66 lakhs i.e. 68.1 percent was spent during the last three

(i) Labour and Labour Welfare:- There were only two schemes which were implemented at Divisional Level.. Total provision for these two schemes during the Third Plan was Rs. 2.46 lakhs. The schemes aimed at undertaking Youth Employment Services and Expansion of Labour Welfare Activities. Till 31-3-1964 only an amount of Rs. 0.03 lakhs i.e. 1.2 percent of the total provision had been spent.

(j) Miscellaneous:- The scheme for Educationally Backward Classes for which a sum of Rs. 24.20 lakhs was provided in the plan of the Division was making good progress. This concession was given to the children whose parents income was 1,200/- per annum. An amount of Rs. 75.01 lakhs was already spent in the last three years of the plan. Under this scheme 41,200 students were to be benefited by being provided with educational concession, during the plan period. Till 31-3-1964 nearly 30,000 students were benefited.

Thus under the Head-Social Services for which a provision of Rs. 622.72 lakhs was provided for the implementation of 37 Divisional Level Schemes, amount spent up to 31-3-1964 was Rs. 345.78 lakhs which works out to 55.5 percent of the total.

(vii) Miscellaneous:- Under this Miscellaneous Head only one Scheme under Sub-Head Information and Publicity is included i.e. Rural Broad Casting Programme. A provision of Rs. 2.71 lakhs was made and expenditure to the extent of Rs. 0.42 lakhs was incurred till 31-3-1964, towards the distribution of 843 Radio Sets in the Division.

(B)-District Level Schemes:-

The following table gives the progress of the Schemes implemented at the District Level in Bombay Division.

Out of the total financial allocation of Rs. 3,697.46 lakhs for the implementation of 115 District Level Schemes, a sum of Rs. 1,518.08 lakhs was spent up to 31st March, 1964,

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TABLE SHOWING THE PROGRESS OF THE DISTRICT LEVEL SCHEMES
IN BOMBAY DIVISION UPTO 31ST MARCH, 1964

Name of the District (1)	Plan Outlays. (2)	Expenditure incurred - up-to 31st March, 64 (3)	Percentage of Expd: (Col 3 to 2) (4)
1) Thana	624.96	190.75	30.5
2) Kolaba	528.62	178.76	33.8
3) Ratnagiri	804.83	356.29	44.3
4) Nasik	588.92	314.58	53.4
5) Dhulia	559.06	301.37	53.9
6) Jalgaon	591.17	176.33	29.8
GRAND TOTAL:- 3,697.56			
		1,518.08	41.1

From the above table it is evident that Jalgaon and Thana districts were not making good progress as compared with other districts of this Division where percentage of the expenditure was only 29.8 percent and 30.5 percent respectively of the total provision.

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CHAPTER-XII

P R I C E S

12.1. CEREALS:-

The retail prices of Rice Medium and Coarse indicated upper trend in all the districts of this Division during the period from November, 1962 to December, 1963. While the prices of Medium Rice was the highest in Thana District, it was the lowest in Ratnagiri District. The price of medium rice in Thana district recorded a rise from Rs. 0.84 in December 1962 to Rs. 1.00 in December, 1963. The prices of the Coarse Rice also recorded a rise from Rs. 0.75 to Rs. 0.82 during the same period. The fluctuation in Ratnagiri during the same period recorded a rise from Rs. 0.65 to Rs. 0.75 in the case of Medium rice. The range of fluctuation in the prices of Rice from December, 1962 to December, 1963 was from 1 to 24.3 percent and 1 to 40.3 percent in respect of Medium and Coarse Rice.

In the case of wheat the price of medium and coarse quality showed an upper trend in Thana, Kolaba, Dhulia and Jalgaon districts while it remained constant in Ratnagiri and Nasik Districts. The range of fluctuation in regard to Medium and Coarse wheat was 1 to 14.0 percent and 1 to 24.0 percent respectively.

The prices of white Jowar showed a downward trend in all the districts except in Dhulia where the prices were fluctuating from Rs. 0.47 in November, 1962 to Rs. 0.39 in December, 1962 and again Rs. 0.40 in January, 1963 and Rs. 0.36 to February, 1963 onwards up-till May, 1963 where it rose to Rs. 0.39 and continued to rise to Rs. 0.44 thereafter. The range of fluctuation in the downward trend of white jowar was from 1 to 20.0 percent and the range in the upward trend of white Jowar was from 1 to 10.3 percent.

No wide variations were observed in the prices of Bajri during the period under review.

12.2. PULSES:-

The prices of Masur, Gram-Dal, Arhar and Mug showed an up-ward trend in all the districts during the period under review. The fluctuations in the prices of Masur, Gram-dal,

-122:-

Arhar and Mug ranged from 1 to 17.6 percent, 23.6 percent, 35.6 percent and 21.3 percent respectively.

12.3. SUGAR AND GUR:-

The prices of Sugar Showed an up-ward trend fluctuating from 1 to 11.6 percent.

The prices of Gur rose considerably. The fluctuation being 1 to 95.1 percent.

12.4. EDIBLE OIL:-

The prices of ~~Ground-nut~~ and Vansapati also showed an upward trend. The prices fluctuated from 1 to 12.5 percent and 10.9 percent respectively.

12.5. CLOTHING:-

The prices of clothing also showed an up-ward trend showing a fluctuation from 1 to 7.9 percent in the case of Dhotis and 1 to 8.0 percent in the case of Saris.

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CHAPTER-XIII

M I S C E L L A N E O U S :

13.1. Police and Crimes:-

The primary functions of the police are prevention and detection of crimes, maintenance of Law and Orders, apprehension of offenders, escorting and guarding of prisoners, prosecution of criminals and control of traffic etc.

There were six District Superintendents of Police in Bombay Division one for each district. There were three Assistant Superintendents in 1961 and two in 1963. However the number of Deputy Superintendents of Police was eight in 1961 which rose to ten in 1963. The number of Inspectors increased from 56 in 1961 to 58 in 1963. The number of Sub-Inspectors rose from 227 in 1961 to 234 in 1963. The number of Head-Constables and Constables also increased from 2,008 in 1961 to 2,241 in 1963 and from 7,486 in 1961 to 8,048 in 1963 respectively.

The number of Cognizable Crimes declined from 41,296 in 1961 to 36,075 in 1962 and rose to 45,273 in 1963 and the number of Non-Cognizable offences increased from 50,050 in 1961 to 62,775 in 1962 and 71,157 in 1963.

13.2. Courts:-

The District Judge is the highest judicial authority in each district and presides over the District Court situated at District Head-Quarter. The District Court is the principal court of original jurisdiction in the district and it is also the court of appeal from all decrees and orders passed by the sub-ordinate courts from which an appeal can be preferred. The district judges exercise general control over all the subordinate Civil Courts and their establishments situated at taluka headquarters and inspect the proceedings of these courts in the district.

The District Judge of the District is also the Sessions Judge of the district. He tries criminal cases which are committed to his court by the judicial magistrates after preliminary enquiry and hears appeals and revision applications against decisions of the subordinate magistrates.

On Civil Side (Original) the number of regular cases decided decreased from 18,024 in 1961 to 17,553 in 1963. The miscellaneous cases decided while increased from 9,001 in 1961 to 17,064 in 1962, decreased to 16,356 in 1963.

On the appellate side while the number of regular cases decided increased from 1,697 in 1961 to 1,994 in 1962 and 2,089 in 1963, the number of miscellaneous cases decreased from 486 in 1961 to 323 in 1962 and 312 in 1963.

On the Criminal side (Original) the number of regular cases showed an increase from 1,66,871 in 1961 to 1,74,907 in 1962 and 1,78,451 in 1963. The number of Miscellaneous cases showed a decrease from 6,640 in 1961 to 5,595 in 1962 and an increase to 6,306 in 1963.

On Criminal side (Appellate) the cases have decreased from 2,061 in 1961 to 1,781 in 1962 and 1,535 in 1963. The Miscellaneous cases decreased from 610 in 1961 to 605 in 1962 and increased to 675 in 1963.

13.3 Journals and Presses:-

In all the six districts in Bombay Division only one daily (in Marathi) was being published in Nasik by the end of 1963. In 1962 one more daily was started in Jalgaon district but was discontinued in the same year.

The number of Journals published in Marathi rose from 57 in 1961 to 65 in 1962 and 70 in 1963. There is no English daily or other journal published in the Division. The no. of Journals published in other languages were only three in 1961, six in 1962 and 7 in 1963.

The number of printing presses in the Division rose from 264 in 1961 to 299 in 1962. Out of those one press was closed down in 1963.

13.4 Cinemas:-

There were about 80 permanent Cinema Theatres with the capacity to accommodate about 28,000 persons. There were about 25 touring talkies with the capacity of accommodating 15,000 persons. There was one Tamasha Theatre in Jalgaon district.

13.5 Fairs:-

Most of the Fairs held in the districts are associated with important deities and religious festivals. These fairs were held besides the weekly markets.

13.6 Employment:-

There was one Employment Exchange in each district of Bombay Division. The number of registrations in the Employment Exchange Offices in the Division rose from 50,665 in 1961-62 to 61,905 in 1962-63 and 64,692 in 1963-64. The number of Live Registers for the corresponding years was 33,750, 43,390 and 46,228 respectively. The number of vacancies notified also showed an increase from 10,105 in 1961-62 to 11,888 in 1962-63 and 13,802 in 1963-64. The placements also rose from 6,564 in 1961-62 to 7,208 in 1962-63 and 8,389 in 1963-64.

13.7 Financial Statistics:-

The number of Banks comprising Scheduled Banks, Co-operative Banks and others in Bombay Division rose from 249 in 1962 to 268 in 1963 and 287 in 1964. Out of 287 banks in 1964 108 were Scheduled-Banks, 178 Co-operative Banks and only one of Other Type. The number of Banking Offices per Lakh of population in the Division works out to 27.86 in 1962, 28.18 in 1963 and 30.18 in 1964.

The number of Towns and Villages having banking facilities (Offices) rose from 130 in 1962 to 143 in 1963 and 153 in 1964. Of all the districts in the Division, Jalgaon has got largest number of banking offices, followed by Nasik district. Kolaba district has the least number of banking offices.

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13.8 Small Savings:-

The net collection under Small Savings in Bombay Division decreased from Rs. 236.44 lakhs in 1961-62 to 151.77 lakhs in 1962-63. However the collection rose to Rs. 200.07 lakhs in 1963-64. Of all the districts, Thana district contributed the largest collections towards Small Savings.

13.9 Land Revenue:-

The demand in Land Revenue in the Division increased from Rs. 169.39 lakhs in 1961-62 to 196.93 lakhs in 1962-63 and Rs. 220.16 lakhs in 1963-64, the percentages of collections for the corresponding years being 95.54, 96.26 and 94.63 respectively.

13.10 Excise Revenue:-

The receipts of Excise Revenue in the Division rose from Rs. 5.04 lakhs in 1961-62 to Rs. 5.91 lakhs in 1962-63 but declined to Rs. 5.84 lakhs in 1963-64.

13.11 Sales Tax:-

The receipts from Sales Tax increased from 101.54 lakhs in 1961-62 to 138.77 lakhs in 1962-63 and 178.73 lakhs in 1963-64.

13.12 Entertainment Tax:-

The receipts from Entertainment Tax also increased from Rs. 22.45 lakhs in 1961-62 to 30.90 lakhs in 1962-63 and Rs. 41.85 lakhs in 1963-64.

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PART-II

DIVISIONAL STATISTICAL ABSTRACT

1962-64

BOMBAY DIVISION

DIVISIONAL STATISTICAL ABSTRACT-1962-64

--:BOMBAY DIVISION:--

C O N T E N T S

Sr. No.	Table No.	Subject	Page No.
1.	P-1	Area and Population by Districts. - 1961	1
2.	P-2	Population according to different workers' classes, - 1961.	2
3.	P-3	Population of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes - 1961.	4
4.	P-4	Literacy by districts - 1961	5
5.	1	Rain-fall and Rainy-Days.	6
6.	2	Temperature.	10
7.	3	Land Utilization.	14
8.	4	Area under different Crops.	16
9.	5	Production of different crops.	20
10.	6	Area Irrigated by different sources of irrigation.	22
11.	7	Area irrigated under different crops.	23
12.	8	Major and Medium Irrigation Projects.	25
13.	9	Yield Rates of Principal Crops.	26
14.	10	Area and Production of Forests.	28
15.	11	Retail Prices of Important Commodities in Bombay Division.	29
16.	12-A	Agricultural Wage Rates.	48
17.	12-B	Non-Agricultural Wage Rates.	50
18.	12-C	Consumers Price Index for Working Class in Bombay and Jalgaon.	52
19.	13	Vital Statistics.	53
20.	14	Deaths due to Important Causes.	54
21.	15	Factory Statistics in Bombay Division.	55
22.	16	Industrial and Mineral Production.	59
23.	17	Electricity Generation and Consumption.	63
24.	18	Electrified Towns and Villages.	64
25.	19	Registration and Placement by Employment Exchanges.	71
26.	20	Co-operative Societies by Types.	72
27.	21	Co-operative Societies districtwise.	76
28.	22	Bank and Banking Offices.	77
29.	23	Joint Stock Companies.	78
30.	24	Insurance Statistics.	79
31.	25	Small Savings.	80
32.	26	Excise, Revenue, Sales Tax and Entertainment Taxes.	81

Statement No. (1)

Statement showing Area and Population by Districts in Bombay Division 1961 (Census)

		Name of Districts					Division	
		Thana	Kolaba	Katnagiri	Nasik	Pfulia	Jalgaon	Total
Area in Square Miles		3552.1	2712.3	4982.8	6013.0	4850.3	4392.0	26671.5
Head Quarters		Thana,	Kolaba	Katnagiri	Nasik	Pfulia	Jalgaon	Bombay
Population of the Head Quarter		101107	9909	31091	131103	98893	80351	452454
Other Urban Units								
No. of Urban Units		11	3	5	7	nil	4	30
Population		220014	14686	33816	131236	nil	53095	454847
Rural	Males	587222	459618	742392	700137	574127	695124	3758620
	Females	566128	492556	936953	680127	561253	672702	3909719
	Persons	1153350	952174	1679345	1380264	1135380	1367826	7668339
Urban	Males	273895	54916	74412	253394	112850	206877	976309
	Females	225433	51765	73446	221588	103041	190344	865617
	Persons	499328	106680	147858	474982	215856	397221	1841926
Total	Males	861117	514534	816804	953531	686942	902001	4734929
	Females	791561	544321	1010399	901715	664294	863046	4775336
	Persons	1652678	1058855	1827203	1855246	1351236	1765047	9510265
Total Population 1951	Males	668138	445580	769635	730927	538226	746452	3898958
	Females	614434	563503	942329	698989	522052	724899	3966206
	Total	1282572	909083	1711964	1429916	1060278	1471351	7865164

Source: - Census of India 1961 - Volume X - Maharashtra-Part-II, General Population tables.

Appendix I

List of other Urban Units

District	Taluka	Name of urban unit	Population
Thana	Dahanu	Kalyan	5656
"	Palghar	Shirgaon	10455
"	Bassein	Virar	9413
"	"	Sandor	5640
"	Kalyan	Ulhasnagar	107760
"	"	Dombivali	18407
"	"	Ambarnath	34509
"	"	Katemanivali	5803
"	"	Mohone	7289
"	Thana	Bhyander	6974
"	"	Kalwa	8108
			<u>220014</u>
Kolaba	Karjat	Matheran	2842
"	"	Neral	5604
Kolaba	Alibag	Revanda	6240
			<u>14686</u>
Ratnagiri	Dapoli	Matheran	
Ratnagiri	Dapoli	Harnai	6479
"	"	Dabhol	5306
"	Chiplun	Pophli	5405
"	Rajapur	Nate	6281
"	Vengurla	Redi	10345
			<u>33816</u>
Na Nasik	Malegaon	Ravalgaon	10398
"	Nandgaon	Manmad	23570
"	"	Manmad(Non M.)	7981
"	Nasik	Trimbak	4814
"	"	Nasik Rd. Deolali	40013
"	"	Deolali Cantt.	37264
"	"	Bhagor	7196
			<u>131236</u>
Dhulia	Nil		
Jalgaon	Yaval	Faizpur	13073
"	Raver	Savda	13124
"	Erandol	Dhorangaon	21772
"	Bhusaval	Kandari	5127
			<u>53095</u>

Statement No.P(2)

Distribution of the population in each District of Bombay Division according to difference workers classes 1961 census.

Livelihood classes	Name of the districts						Divisional Total	Remarks
	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon		
1. Cultivator	383156	329567	616417	491432	294227	346022	2460821	
2. Agriculture Labour	118277	54033	49976	180795	232913	295827	931821	
3. Mining, Ruerring, Livestock, Factory Fishing, Hunting etc.	37558	28018	23654	17081	8478	10257	125046	
4. Household Industries	17070	10899	22955	36451	22568	34387	144330	
5. Manufacturing other than Household industries.	81046	11188	13222	62213	15538	20295	203502	
6. Construction	6924	3347	9502	11637	4272	10088	45870	
7. Trade & Commerce	37429	14691	20252	29104	19936	28462	149874	
8. Transport Communication & Storage	28678	7998	9461	15466	6012	18244	85859	
9. Other Services	67618	35984	55337	69878	34904	49791	313512	
Total workers	777756	495825	820776	914057	638848	813373	4460635	
Non-working Popln.	874922	563030	1006427	941189	712388	951674	5049630	
Total Population	1652678	1058855	1855246	1855246	1351236	1765047	9510265	

Source: Census of India 1961 Volume X - Maharashtra - Part-II A General Population Tables.

Statement No.P(3)

Statement showing the scheduled castes and tribes population in Bombay Division (1961 census)

District		Scheduled castes inclusive of persons returned as Harijans and Others			Scheduled Tribes			Rema
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1) Thana	Rural	13870	6994	6876	482658	244110	238548	
	Urban	8852	4913	3939	17900	9491	8409	
2) Kolaba	Rural	11472	5863	5609	93613	48275	45338	
	Urban	2415	1314	1101	1741	920	821	
3) Ratnagiri	Rural	35576	17150	18426	3015	1576	1439	
	Urban	2363	1270	1093	86	46	40	
4) Nasik	Rural	49056	24648	24408	438036	223061	214975	
	Urban	18789	9856	8933	15671	7904	7767	
5) Dhulia	Rural	36429	18287	18142	497495	250569	* 246926	
	Urban	11625	5943	5682	15849	8180	7669	
6) Jalgaon	Rural	47279	24018	23266	93350	47189	46161	
	Urban	14040	7148	6892	5360	2678	2682	
Divisional Total	Rural	193682	96955	96727	1608167	814780	793387	
	Urban	58084	30444	27640	56607	29219	27388	
	Total	251766	127399	124367	1664774	843999	820775	
Population 1951		56534 566534	278589*	287945*	1078828	548635*	530193*	

* Figures of 1951 population census have been adjusted for the present boundaries of this Division.

Source:- Census of India 1961
Volume X-Maharashtra-Part
II-A. - General Population
tables.

Statement No. P (i)

Statement showing literacy by district in Bombay Division (1961-Census)

District		No. of literates			Percentage of literacy			Remarks
		Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	
1. Thana	Rural	182916	56191	239107	31.15	9.93	20.73	
	Urban	170937	94661	265598	62.41	41.99	53.19	
	Total	353853	150852	504705	41.09	19.06	30.54	
2. Kolaba	Rural	153297	52287	205584	33.25	10.62	21.59	
	Urban	33841	20656	54497	61.62	39.90	51.08	
	Total	187138	72943	260081	36.37	13.40	24.56	
3. Ratnagiri	Rural	298750	147170	445920	40.24	15.71	26.55	
	Urban	45582	29036	74618	61.26	39.53	50.47	
	Total	344332	176206	520538	42.16	17.44	28.49	
4. Nasik	Rural	225745	54515	280260	32.24	8.02	20.30	
	Urban	149521	69125	218646	59.01	31.19	46.02	
	Total	375266	123640	498906	39.36	13.71	26.89	
5. Dhulia	Rural	191351	52264	243615	33.33	9.31	21.46	
	Urban	65769	30408	96178	58.30	29.51	44.56	
	Total	257120	82673	339793	37.43	12.45	25.15	
6. Jalgaon	Rural	319345	97240	416585	45.94	14.46	30.46	
	Urban	125519	58240	183759	60.67	30.60	46.26	
	Total	444864	155480	600344	49.32	18.02	34.01	
Total for the Division.	Rural	1371404	459667	1831071	36.49	11.76	23.88	
	Urban	591169	302127	893296	60.55	34.90	48.90	
	Total	1962573	761794	2724367	41.45	15.95	28.65	
Literate Population for 1951.		1319629	407192	1726821	33.84	10.26	21.96	

Figures of 1951 population census have been adjusted for the present boundaries of this Division.

Source: Census of India 1961 Volume X-Maharashtra- *Page 5*
Part. General Population

Table No.1

Rainfall at selected centres in the Districts of Bombay Division during the year 1961, 1962 and 1963 (Rainfall in mms.)

Month	Year	Dahanu (Thana)		Alibag (Kolaba)		Marnai (Ratnagiri)		Ratnagiri (Ratnagiri)		Deogad (Ratnagiri)		Centre
		R.D. (3)	R.F. (4)	R.D. (5)	R.F. (6)	R.D. (7)	R.F. (8)	R.D. (9)	R.F. (10)	R.D. (11)	R.F. (12)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
January	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1962	-	-	1.	4.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
February	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N.A.	N.A.	
	1962	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1963	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.4	-	-	-	-	
March	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1962	-	1.9	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
April	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1962	-	0.7	1.00	4.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	-	-	
May	1961	-	-	5.0	76.0	4.0	37.0	7.0	180.6	12.0	404.8	
	1962	-	3.01	5.0	57.3	6.0	121.2	4.0	103.4	7.0	245.8	
	1963	-	-	1.0	7.6	1.0	4.0	1.0	7.6	-	8.2	
June	1961	11.0	284.0	20.0	343.2	21.0	825.2	25.0	1013.2	23.0	935.3	
	1962	8.0	156.4	8.0	342.0	8.0	534.2	11.0	423.6	14.0	526.2	
	1963	12.0	222.1	19.0	432.2	25.0	556.3	25.0	940.0	25.0	851.6	
July	1961	29.0	1240.7	16.0	1341.2	29.0	797.3	28.0	856.2	27.0	802.9	
	1962	27.0	1031.6	25.0	901.9	26.0	833.6	26.0	820.0	29.0	974.6	
	1963	22.0	1177.1	20.0	825.8	27.0	1094.7	23.0	1052.2	25.0	937.0	

August - Contd. on next page

Page-6

Table No.1 (Contd..)

Contd...		Rainfall.										
Month	Year	Dahanu		Alibag		Marnai		Ratnagiri		Deogad		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
August	1961	24.0	404.3	22.0	250.0	22.0	391.4	23.0	590.0	22.0	466.6	
	1962	19.0	381.3	482-025	303.1	26.0	535.6	28.0	648.0	25.0	618.2	
	1963	26.0	1036.1	31.0	1035.2	29.0	1390.6	29.0	135.7	29.0	898.1	
September	1961	22.0	241.5	21.0	295.0	23.0	305.3	22.0	238.6	20.0	317.8	
	1962	12.0	396.8	15.0	428.0	19.0	545.4	18.0	445.0	18.0	353.8	
	1963	10.0	111.1	15.0	228.1	15.0	216.0	16.0	236.6	10.0	112.4	
October	1961	3.0	106.8	7.0	89.8	8.0	182.0	10.0	229.8	8.0	N.A.	
	1962	-	2.2	>	3.7	2.0	12.0	6.0	56.6	6.0	74.0	
	1963	1.0	16.6	2.0	16.6	4.0	61.4	9.0	141.4	7.0	110.2	
November	1961	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	3.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	
	1962	1.0	5.9	-	2.5	-	-	-	-	1.0	28.6	
	1963	2.0	56.0	1.0	7.8	1.0	4.6	1.0	25.2	1.0	39.0	
December	1961	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1962	-	-	1.0	52.4	4.0	146.2	4.0	143.6	4.0	201.6	
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total for the year	1961	116.0	2278.5	117.0	2378.8	108.0	2541.2	115.0	3109.4	-	-	
	1962	66.0	1975.1	107.0	2084.3	90.0	2728.2	97.0	2640.2	104.0	3022.8	
	1963	71.0	2528.9	119.0	2445.3	103.0	3229.0	105.0	3762.6	98.0	2965.5	

Table No.1 Contd....
Rainfall -----

Contd..

Month (1)	Year (2)	Vengurla (Ratnagiri)		Malegaon (Nasik)		Deolali A.F. (Nasik)		Nasik (Nasik)		Jalgaon (Jalgaon)	
		R.D. (13)	R.F. (14)	R.F. (15)	R.F. (16)	R.F. (17)	L.F. (18)	R.D. (19)	L.F. (20)	R.F. (21)	L.F. (22)
January	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	7.4
	1962	-	-	-	-	1.0	3.8	-	-	-	-
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
February	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962 ^A	N.A.	N.A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	-	-	1.0	6.4
March	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962	-	-	-	1.0	2.0	13.2	1.0	25.0	6.0	32.7
	1963	-	-	1.0	7.2	2.0	60.2	-	-	-	2.3
April	1961	1.0	5.0	-	-	-	1.5	2.0	18.4	-	-
	1962	-	-	1.0	8.6	2.0	27.5	2.0	44.0	1.0	9.2
	1963	-	-	-	1.2	2.0	45.7	2.0	24.5	-	-
May	1961	10.0	633.4	1.0	7.0	4.0	62.7	4.0	96.2	2.0	10.2
	1962	10.0	254.9	4.0	57.4	5.0	86.3	4.0	15.0	1.0	8.3
	1963	1.0	44.6	-	-	2.0	12.0	1.0	5.0	-	1.2
June	1961	25.0	1062.0	7.0	110.2	5.0	105.6	8.0	183.2	6.0	129.0
	1962	19.0	616.6	1.0	16.3	2.0	13.5	1.0	10.0	3.0	81.6
	1963	25.0	904.0	6.0	107.3	5.0	150.7	3.0	70.5	7.0	139.2
July	1961	30.0	1082.2	10.0	169.9	18.0	242.3	13.0	302.8	16.0	256.7
	1962	30.0	1136.6	10.0	60.7	14.0	134.8	11.0	172.2	10.0	239.4
	1963	20.0	736.7	0.0	67.0	12.0	131.9	10.0	131.8	10.0	214.3

August..Contd. on next page.

Statement No.1. Contd... Rainfall

Contd..

Month	Year	Vengurla		Malegaon		Deolali(A.F.)		Nasik		Jalgaon	
		(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
August	1961	26.0	593.1	2.0	17.8	9.0	70.7	8.0	73.8	12.0	147.9
	1962	26.0	831.7	4.0	104.8	12.0	141.7	14.0	139.7	43.0	45.1
	1963	14.0	404.6	9.0	42.0	7.0	69.4	5.0	30.5	32.7	
	1963	29.0	1142.1	8.0	133.9	18.0	169.0	14.0	202.2	13.0	181.7
September	1961	25.0	606.9	-	8.4	9.0	72.4	7.0	40.0	11.0	133.3
	1962	16.0	609.9	9.0	172.3	5.0	176.1	8.0	209.8	11.0	200.0
	1963	14.0	184.6	3.0	42.0	7.0	69.4	5.0	30.5	7.0	37.7
October	1961	6.0	104.7	6.0	130.4	5.0	67.8	4.0	60.5	5.0	176.4
	1962	5.0	36.7	1.0	4.0	2.0	32.4	2.0	16.0	-	-
	1963	9.0	157.1	4.0	121.2	5.0	70.9	6.0	88.8	3.0	32.8
November	1961	1.0	4.2	1.0	2.6	1.0	48.0	-	-	-	-
	1962	2.0	56.3	3.0	21.6	3.0	19.7	1.0	7.05	3.0	53.3
	1963	2.0	36.9	3.0	57.6	2.0	37.8	2.0	42.0	2.0	47.8
December	1961	-	-	-	2.2	-	-	-	-	1.0	22.6
	1962	4.0	258.8	3.0	91.2	2.0	18.2	N.A.	N.A.	2.0	85.6
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total for the year	1961	-	-	22.0	368.3	51.0	671.0	85.0	561.4	56.0	893.3
	1962	112.0	3861.5	49.0	553.29	50.0	667.2	56.0	591.3	44.0	755.5
	1963	106.0	3206.6	43.0	639.69	45.0	749.4	58.0	576.74	43.0	682.4

Source:- Quarterly Bulletin published by Bureau of Economics & Statistics, Maharashtra State, Bombay and District Statistical Abstract.

Table No.2

Statement showing Temperature at the selected centres in
Bombay Division.

Dist. Thana. Centre: Dahanu

Months	1961			1962			1963		
	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Mean	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Mean	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Mean
January	27.2	17.0	22.1	26.8	15.3	21.1	30.0	17.6	23.8
Feb.	27.1	15.7	21.4	25.4	17.7	23.1	30.2	18.1	24.1
March	30.3	20.5	25.4	29.7	20.4	24.5	31.5	21.6	26.6
April	31.9	23.5	27.7	31.6	24.5	28.0	31.4	24.0	27.7
May	32.4	26.9	29.7	33.0	26.8	29.7	31.5	27.4	29.5
June	32.5	26.6	29.4	32.8	27.1	29.9	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
July	29.2	25.4	27.3	29.8	25.5	27.7	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
August	29.4	25.4	27.4	29.4	25.3	27.3	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Sept.	29.5	24.5	27.1	29.8	24.9	27.3	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Oct.	30.9	22.9	26.9	33.5	22.7	28.1	31.4	26.0	28.7
Nov.	32.3	21.0	26.7	32.3	21.4	26.9	31.8	21.7	26.8
Dec.	29.2	17.5	23.7	29.9	19.0	24.5	30.6	19.1	24.9

Dist. Kolaba : Centre: Alibag.

January	29.1	18.5	23.8	28.2	16.1	22.1	29.6	18.7	24.2
Feb.	27.7	17.2	22.5	29.9	18.7	24.3	30.2	18.8	24.5
March	30.3	21.0	25.6	29.5	20.9	25.2	31.1	22.0	26.5
April	31.0	23.5	27.3	30.7	23.8	27.3	30.9	24.0	27.5
May	31.7	26.6	28.9	32.0	26.2	29.1	31.7	26.3	29.0
June	30.7	25.3	28.0	31.6	26.9	29.2	30.8	25.4	28.1
July	28.2	25.0	26.6	29.0	25.8	26.9	29.2	25.0	27.0
August	29.1	25.1	27.1	29.4	25.1	27.3	28.6	24.3	26.5
September	29.5	24.7	27.1	29.3	24.4	26.9	29.8	24.2	27.0
October	30.3	22.6	26.5	32.5	23.5	28.0	31.5	24.2	27.9
November	31.5	21.7	26.6	31.8	21.5	26.7	31.6	22.1	27.0
December	29.8	19.0	24.4	29.5	19.9	24.7	30.0	19.7	24.9

Dist. Ratnagiri Centre: Ratnagiri

January	30.5	21.5	25.9	30.3	18.6	24.5	32.0	18.7	25.4
Feb.	29.6	19.4	24.5	32.1	21.4	26.7	32.1	18.2	25.2
March	31.0	23.4	27.2	30.6	23.6	27.1	31.8	22.6	26.7
April	31.7	25.6	28.7	31.6	25.7	28.7	31.9	24.5	28.2
May	32.0	25.6	28.8	32.5	27.5	30.0	32.6	26.4	29.5
June	29.6	23.6	26.6	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	30.7	23.5	27.1
July	28.3	24.1	26.2	28.8	N.A.	N.A.	28.8	24.4	26.6
August	28.9	24.5	26.7	28.3	N.A.	N.A.	28.0	23.9	26.0
Sept.	29.4	23.9	26.7	29.2	22.7	25.9	29.6	23.9	26.8
October	30.6	22.5	26.5	32.6	22.5	27.5	30.8	23.9	27.4
Nov.	33.4	21.9	27.7	33.1	20.4	26.4	33.1	22.2	27.7
December	31.9	20.0	25.9	30.8	21.1	25.9	32.3	20.9	29.6

Table No.2 Contd... Temperature.

District: Kolaba. Centre: Bhira *

Months	1961			1962			1963		
	Maxi- num	Mini- num	Mean	Maxi- num	Mini- num	Mean	Maxi- num	Mini- num	Mean
January							34.8	17.6	26.2
Feb.							37.2	15.8	26.5
March							39.2	19.8	29.5
April							39.9	22.6	31.3
May							40.1	25.1	32.6
June							31.3	23.6	27.4
July				27.5	N.A.	N.A.	28.4	23.1	25.8
August				27.5	N.A.	N.A.	26.6	22.5	24.5
Sept.				29.1	26.6	25.9	29.7	22.2	26.0
October				35.5	21.6	28.6	34.7	22.0	28.4
Nov.				34.9	19.0	26.9	35.6	19.2	27.4
December				32.6	18.7	25.7	35.5	17.0	26.3

* Started on 9th June 1962.

Dist: Ratnagiri

Centre: Harnai

January	28.9	22.7	25.8	27.7	21.3	24.5	29.9	23.1	26.5
Feb.	27.1	21.1	24.1	29.5	22.7	26.1	29.6	23.4	26.5
March	29.0	24.0	26.5	28.0	23.5	25.7	29.7	24.7	27.2
April	29.7	25.7	27.7	29.3	25.5	27.4	29.4	25.4	27.4
May	30.5	26.6	28.5	30.8	26.6	28.7	30.3	27.1	28.7
June	29.7	24.8	27.3	30.5	26.5	28.5	30.0	23.5	27.8
July	28.2	24.6	26.4	28.7	24.4	26.6	28.6	24.3	26.5
Aug.	28.2	24.7	26.4	28.1	24.3	26.2	27.7	24.1	25.9
Sept.	28.6	24.6	26.6	28.8	24.3	26.5	29.2	24.3	26.8
Oct.	29.2	23.9	26.5	31.9	25.0	28.4	31.4	25.0	28.2
Nov.	31.5	24.4	27.9	32.4	24.2	28.3	32.3	24.9	28.6
December	29.6	23.2	26.4	29.9	22.6	26.3	30.5	23.9	27.2

Dist: Ratnagiri

Centre: Deogad.

January	30.5	21.4	25.9	29.9	19.1	24.5	30.9	21.6	26.3
Feb.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	30.9	21.3	26.1	31.2	21.4	26.3
March	30.6	33.7	27.1	30.5	23.0	26.7	30.9	24.3	27.6
April	31.6	25.8	28.7	31.8	25.9	28.9	31.2	25.6	28.4
May	31.5	25.8	28.7	32.2	26.5	29.4	32.2	27.2	29.7
June	29.2	24.1	26.7	31.1	25.4	28.3	28.9	24.5	26.7
July	28.1	24.3	26.2	28.7	24.4	26.6	28.3	24.5	26.4
Aug.	28.5	24.8	26.7	28.1	24.1	26.1	27.6	24.1	25.9
Sept.	29.0	24.4	26.7	28.9	23.9	26.4	28.9	24.3	26.6
Oct.	30.6	23.6	27.1	32.9	24.2	28.6	30.1	24.2	27.2
Nov.	32.9	22.7	27.8	32.2	22.3	27.7	31.7	22.6	27.2
December	31.2	21.5	26.3	30.3	21.7	26.0	30.8	22.3	26.6

Dist: Ratnagiri Centre: Vengurla.

Month	1961			1962			1963		
	Maxi- num	Mini- num	Mean	Maxi- num	Mini- num	Mean	Maxi- num	Mini- num	Mean
January	32.4	18.4	25.4	31.1	16.4	23.7	32.5	18.8	25.7
Feb.	30.9	17.5	24.2	32.8	18.6	25.7	32.3	18.3	25.3
March	31.5	21.6	26.5	31.8	20.9	25.3	32.8	22.3	27.5
April	32.7	24.0	28.3	32.3	24.5	28.4	32.8	23.9	28.3
May	32.2	25.1	28.7	32.5	25.3	28.9	33.3	26.1	29.7
June	29.4	23.5	26.5	30.5	24.3	27.4	29.7	24.0	26.9
July	28.4	23.9	26.1	28.9	24.0	25.5	29.3	24.3	26.8
August	29.2	24.5	26.9	28.5	23.7	26.1	28.2	23.7	26.0
Sept.	29.4	23.8	26.6	29.5	23.7	26.5	29.9	23.4	26.7
Oct.	30.3	22.5	26.4	32.3	23.3	27.8	30.4	23.3	27.0
Nov.	33.3	20.6	26.9	32.9	20.1	26.5	33.3	21.2	27.3
December	33.0	19.0	26.0	31.1	19.4	25.3	32.6	20.0	26.3

Dist: Dhulia Centre: Nandurbar

January	31.3	16.8	24.1	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	30.1	16.2	23.2
Feb.	31.4	16.8	24.1	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	35.1	18.3	26.2
March	38.5	22.2	30.3	36.4	20.9	28.7	36.9	21.5	29.2
April	40.4	24.8	32.3	39.3	23.6	31.4	39.1	24.2	31.7
May	40.6	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	40.3	26.1	33.2
June	35.0	N.A.	N.A.	36.4	26.0	31.2	36.2	25.4	30.8
July	30.4	N.A.	N.A.	32.2	24.3	28.3	32.7	23.1	27.9
Aug.	29.8	N.A.	N.A.	30.6	23.8	27.3	29.5	23.4	26.5
Sept.	28.5	N.A.	N.A.	31.2	23.1	27.1	31.5	23.2	27.4
Oct.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	34.7	20.8	27.7	34.8	22.7	28.8
Nov.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	32.9	18.8	25.9	33.0	20.2	26.6
December	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	30.0	17.3	23.7

Dist: Nasik Centre: Deolali

January	30.6	12.3	21.5	29.1	8.5	18.8	30.2	12.0	21.1
Feb.	30.4	10.6	20.5	32.7	12.1	22.4	33.4	12.3	22.9
March	36.8	16.3	26.5	35.2	15.7	25.5	35.5	16.7	26.1
April	35.7	20.1	29.4	37.5	20.3	28.9	36.4	19.6	28.0
May	36.9	23.2	30.1	38.1	23.1	30.6	38.0	22.5	30.3
June	23.9	22.6	27.3	32.5	22.6	27.5	33.0	22.6	27.8
July	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	28.0	22.3	25.2	28.4	22.0	25.2
August	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	27.2	21.5	24.3	26.8	21.6	24.2
Sept.	27.1	20.9	24.0	28.1	20.8	24.5	28.9	20.7	24.8
Oct.	29.9	17.9	23.9	32.0	17.4	24.7	32.3	18.5	25.4
Nov.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	31.0	15.0	23.0	31.3	15.8	23.6
December	29.2	11.7	20.5	28.5	13.3	20.9	30.6	12.6	21.6

Statement No. 2 Contd., , , Temperature

Dist: Jalgaon. Centre: Jalgaon.

Month	1961			1962			1963		
	Maxi- mm	Mini- mm	Mean	Maxi- mm	Mini- mm	Mean	Maxi- mm	Mini- mm	Mean
January	31.8	13.5	22.7	29.6	9.1	19.3	29.9	12.0	21.0
Feb.	32.0	12.1	22.1	33.9	13.6	23.7	35.1	14.0	24.6
March	39.8	19.4	29.6	36.7	18.3	27.5	37.3	19.1	28.2
April	42.0	24.6	33.5	41.2	23.9	32.6	40.3	24.0	32.2
May	42.1	27.7	34.9	43.1	26.9	35.0	42.6	27.2	34.9
June	37.7	25.1	31.4	38.8	25.9	32.3	38.1	25.7	31.9
July	31.5	23.9	27.7	33.8	24.3	29.1	34.7	24.7	29.7
August	31.5	23.7	27.6	32.4	23.6	28.0	30.1	23.8	27.0
Sept.	30.5	22.8	26.7	31.4	22.7	27.1	32.5	23.1	27.8
Oct.	31.8	19.0	25.4	34.0	17.1	25.5	34.7	19.6	27.2
Nov.	32.1	15.9	24.0	32.1	15.2	23.6	32.9	17.0	25.0
December	28.9	12.0	20.5	28.3	14.3	20.9	30.0	12.8	21.4

Dist. Nasik. Centre: Malegaon Camp.

January	31.3	12.4	21.9	29.8	18.8	19.3	29.9	11.5	20.7
February	31.7	10.9	21.3	33.2	12.3	22.7	34.3	13.6	23.9
March	38.5	17.8	28.1	35.8	17.3	26.5	36.4	17.5	31.9
April	40.4	22.1	31.3	39.4	22.4	30.9	38.7	21.3	30.0
May	40.5	24.9	32.7	40.8	24.6	32.5	40.9	24.7	32.8
June	35.1	23.6	39.3	36.9	24.2	30.5	36.1	24.2	30.2
July	30.5	22.9	26.7	31.8	23.5	27.7	32.1	23.3	27.7
August	31.2	23.1	27.1	31.4	22.5	26.9	30.2	22.8	26.5
Sept.	31.1	21.7	26.4	30.9	21.5	26.2	32.6	21.3	27.0
Oct.	31.5	18.2	24.9	32.9	17.6	25.3	33.3	19.2	26.2
Nov.	31.4	16.3	23.9	31.8	15.2	23.5	31.4	16.6	24.0
December	29.5	11.8	20.7	29.5	14.2	21.9	29.7	12.4	21.1

Dist. Nasik. Centre: Nasik.

January	29.7	11.7	20.7	25.9	7.9	16.9	27.6	10.2	18.9
Feb.	29.8	10.9	19.9	29.4	11.5	20.5	31.0	10.8	20.9
March	35.8	16.8	26.3	30.8	15.5	23.1	34.1	15.1	24.6
April	36.9	20.2	28.5	35.3	18.8	27.0	35.6	18.8	27.2
May	35.1	22.5	28.8	35.3	22.6	29.0	37.0	21.0	29.0
June	29.4	22.8	26.1	30.1	22.7	26.4	32.0	22.4	27.2
July	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	26.5	22.4	24.5	27.6	22.2	24.9
August	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	25.8	21.6	23.7	26.2	21.5	23.9
Sept.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	26.9	20.5	23.7	27.8	20.3	24.1
October	28.7	17.9	23.3	31.1	18.4	23.8	31.5	18.7	25.1
Nov.	28.9	15.8	22.3	29.4	14.0	21.7	29.2	15.7	22.5
December	26.5	11.1	18.3	26.3	12.7	19.5	28.1	11.8	20.0

Source:- Quarterly Bulletin Published by Bureau of Economics & Statistics, Maharashtra State, Bombay and District Statistical Abstract.

- Table No 3 -

Land utilization statistics in the District of the Bombay Division in the year 196-61,
1961-62 and 1962-63 (in '00 acres)

Item	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
1. Total geographi- cal area	1960-61	23031	16972	31521	38650	35311	28763	174248
	1961-62	23038	26972	31522	38650	35311	28763	174256
	1962-63	23038	16974	31607	38631	35530	28763	174543
2. Area under forest	1960-61	8874	4086	470	8435	13345	4465	39675
	1961-62	8873	4086	470	8429	13345	4484	39687
	1962-63	8762	4086	593	8429	13593	4480	39943
3. Barren uncultiva- ted land.	1960-61	2274	2974	8675	4191	1904	1904	22022
	1961-62	2279	2976	8681	4191	1903	1987	22017
	1962-63	1926	2978	8808	4226	1890	1977	21805
4. Land put to non- agricultural uses	1960-61	45	55	541	23	342	28	1034
	1961-62	50	55	543	23	342	29	1042
	1962-63	64	55	801	24	342	30	1316
5. Cultivable waste	1960-61	304	1540	6083	1223	926	231	10307
	1961-62	468	1530	6064	1187	926	230	10405
	1962-63	754	1544	5272	923	902	226	9621
6. Land under tree crops and groves	1960-61	201	906	577	34	15	11	1744
	1961-62	30	774	578	34	16	20	1452
	1962-63	280	774	601	22	15	19	1711
7. Permanent pastures	1960-61	1155	314	13	913	1652	1671	5718
	1961-62	1159	305	13	913	1652	1677	5719
	1962-63	1070	342	14	949	1647	1660	5691

Table 3 - (Contd..)

Contd..

Item	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
8. Current fallows	1960-61	1632	628	1372	586	87	172	4477
	1961-62	1459	788	1324	559	87	167	4384
	1962-63	1115	620	1379	443	82	129	3768
9. Other fallows	1960-61	1376	1155	4956	845	493	268	9093
	1961-62	1578	1156	5060	804	450	247	9295
	1962-63	1579	1178	5248	922	419	243	9588
10. Net area sown	1960-61	7170	5314	8834	22400	16547	19913	80178
	1961-62	7142	5302	8789	22510	16590	19922	80255
	1962-63	7488	5397	8891	22694	16640	19990	80255
11. Gross Cropped area,	1960-61	7416	5601	9101	23974	18660	21277	86029
	1961-62	7333	5604	9068	24172	18828	21249	86254
	1962-63	7681	5721	9153	23990	18588	21228	86460
12. Net irrigated area	1960-61	103	75	315	1084	743	886	3206
	1961-62	88	87	328	1098	736	1015	3352
	1962-63	96	93	339	1132	804	934	3359
13. Gross irrigated area.	1960-61	117	75	318	1553	944	1073	4077
	1961-62	102	87	328	1586	935	1163	4201
	1962-63	113	93	340	1634	961	1075	4133

Source:- Basic and Current Agricultural Statistics,
Maharashtra State, Poona.

(Page No. 15.)

TABLE No.4

Area under different crops in the districts of the Bombay Division during 1960-61, 1961-62, 1962-63 (in '00acres)

Crops	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
1. Rice	1960-61	3701	3317	3215	713 942	713	162	12050
	1961-62	3692	3335	3228	980	742	127	12104
	1962-63	3713	3322	3249	978	725	107	12094
2. Wheat	1960-61	-	-	-	2322	881	778	3981
	1961-62	-	-	-	2280	798	709	3787
	1962-63	-	-	-	2228	861	639	3728
3. Bajri	1960-61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962-63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Kharif Jawar	1960-61	11	-	-	470	1393	3798	5672
	1961-62	11	-	-	407	1354	3493	5265
	1962-63	9	-	-	743	1454	3488	5424
5. Rabi Jawar	1960-61	1	-	-	1954	3050	863	5868
	1961-62	1	-	-	2006	3023	871	5901
	1962-63	1	-	-	1771	2779	701	5252
6. Total Jawar	1960-61	12	-	-	2424	4443	4661	11540
	1961-62	12	-	-	2413	4377	4364	11166
	1962-63	10	-	-	2244	4233	4189	10676
7. Bajri	1960-61	-	-	-	8358	3283	1876	13517
	1961-62	-	-	-	8468	3360	1840	13668
	1962-63	-	-	-	8886	3376	1677	13939
8. Ragi	1960-61	648	452	1390	1258	164	3	3915
	1961-62	608	454	1310	1245	184	-	3801
	1962-63	605	459	1326	1208	195	2	3795
9. Maize	1960-61	-	-	-	36	85	8	129
	1961-62	43	-	-	31	83	8	122
	1962-63	18	-	-	31	94	7	150

Table No.4 Contd..

Crops	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
10. Kodra	1960-61	5	32	689	-	132	-	858
	1961-62	4	34	664	-	126	-	828
	1962-63	5	35	665	-	103	-	808
11. Other Cereals	1960-61	354	229	383	446	571	16	2001
	1961-62	347	232	373	400	561	17	1930
	1962-63	358	239	390	430	544	15	1976
12. Total cereals	1960-61	4722	4030	5677	15786	10272	7504	47991
	1961-62	4663	4055	5593	15816	10232	7065	47424
	1962-63	4708	4055	5630	16006	10130	6636	47165
13. Tur	1960-61	101	25	10	182	184	256	758
	1961-62	92	25	11	180	203	287	798
	1962-63	106	26	11	170	190	299	801
14. Gram	1960-61	29	12	1	574	257	115	988
	1961-62	30	11	1	576	244	100	962
	1962-63	32	13	3	529	216	69	860
15. Other Pulses	1960-61	211	240	360	1912	2147	4627	9497
	1961-62	205	237	343	1872	1923	4207	8787
	1962-63	252	252	342	1825	1802	3992	8465
16. Total pulses	1960-61	341	277	371	2668	2588	4998	11243
	1961-62	327	273	355	2628	2370	4594	10547
	1962-63	389	291	354	2524	2208	4360	10126
17. Total Food- grains (cere- als+pulses)	1960-61	5063	4307	6048	18454	12860	12502	59234
	1961-62	4990	4328	5948	18444	12602	11659	57971
	1962-63	5097	4346	5984	18530	12338	10996	57291
18. Sugarcane	1960-61	1	-	4	294	69	68	436
	1961-62	1	-	4	258	65	57	385
	1962-63	1	-	3	201	46	27	278

Table No.4 Contd..

Crops	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
19. Other Sugar	1960-61	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	-	-
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962-63	-	-	-	201	-	-	-
20. Total Sugar	1960-61	1	1	4	294	69	68	436
	1961-62	1	-	4	258	65	57	385
	1962-63	2	-	2	280	45	55	384
21. Fruits & Vegetables (excluding potato)	1960-61	87	52	202	369	55	406	1169
	1961-62	86	52	224	424	65	447	1254
	1962-63	82	53	209	420	65	447	1316
22. Potatoes	1960-61	-	-	-	19	-	-	19
	1961-62	-	-	-	16	-	-	16
	1962-63	-	-	-	24	-	-	24
23. Groundnut	1960-61	-	-	1	1793	3264	2552	7610
	1961-62	1	-	1	1889	3220	2715	7826
	1962-63	1	-	6	1542	3517	2409	7474
24. Sesamum	1960-61	18	39	118	22	170	108	475
	1961-62	19	41	132	21	237	117	565
	1962-63	9	39	131	20	150	100	458
25. Lime-seed	1960-61	-	-	-	10	9	12	31
	1961-62	-	-	-	8	7	8	23
	1962-63	-	-	-	5	5	7	17
26. Costor seed	1960-61	-	-	-	1	19	3	23
	1961-62	-	-	-	1	19	3	23
	1962-63	-	-	-	1	11	2	14
27. Rape & Mustard	1960-61	2	-	-	17	4	1	22
	1961-62	1	-	-	19	19	9	37
	1962-63	3	-	-	33	10	4	47
28. Coconut	1960-61	3	19	168	-	-	-	190
	1961-62	3	19	166	-	-	-	188
	1962-63	3	19	169	-	-	-	191

Table No. 4 Contd..

Crops	Year	Than	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
29. Cotton	1960-61	-	-	-	282	1696	5044	7022
	1961-62	-	-	-	417	2095	5753	8265
	1962-63	-	-	-	432	2031	6482	8945
30. Tobacco	1960-61	-	-	-	1	1	2	4
	1961-62	-	-	-	1	1	2	4
	1962-63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total on the under raps (Gross croppes)	1960-61	7416	5601	9101	23974	18660	21277	86029
	1961-62	7333	5604	9068	24172	18828	21249	86254
	1962-63	7781	5722	9151	23990	18588	21228	86460
Area cropped more than once	1960-61	246	287	247	1574	2113	1364	5851
	1961-62	191	304	256	1662	2238	1327	5976
	1962-63	175	324	261	1296	1948	1338	5842
Net area crop- ped.	1960-61	7170	5314	8834	22400	16547	19913	80178
	1961-62	7142	6302	8789	22510	16590	19922	80255
	1962-63	7606	5398	8889	22694	1664	19990	86241

Source:- Basic and Current Agricultural Statistics,
Maharashtra State, Poona.

- (Page No. 19) -

Table No. 5

(Page No. 20)

Production of Different-Major Crops in the Districts at the
Bombay Division during 1960-61; 1961-62 and 1962-63
(in '00 tons)

Crops	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratna- giri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jal- gaon	Total for the Divn.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1) Rice	1960-61	1947	1962	1252	356	123	28 28	5668
	1961-62	2344	2010	1415	399	145	43	6356
	1962-63	1335 1335	1850	1135	395	98	22	4773
2) Wheat	1960-61	-	-	-	238	287	199	674
	1961-62	-	-	-	388	232	204	824
	1962-63	-	-	-	417	233	190	840
3) Jowar	1960-61	-	-	-	282	1239	2112	3633
	1961-62	4	-	-	278	941	1522	2745
	1962-63	-	-	-	513	1042	1650	3205
4) Bajri	1960-61	-	-	-	1221	645	238	2104
	1961-62	-	-	-	1014	710	214	1938
	1962-63	-	-	-	1387	589	259	2215
5) Other Cereals	1960-61	293	171	535	594	75	7	1725
	1961-62	271	188	577	598	125	6	1765
	1962-63	219	187	523	534	75	14	1572
6) Total Cereals	1960-61	2240	2133	1787	2691	2369	2584	13804
	1961-62	2619	2198	1992	2677	2153	1989	13628
	1962-63	1554	2037	1656	3186	2037	2135	12605
7) Tur	1960-61	13	3	1	51	51	75	194
	1961-62	11	3	1	49	53	75	192
	1962-63	11	3	1	47	62	79	203
8) Gram	1960-61	4	1	-	69	43	22	139
	1961-62	3	1	-	81	33	15	133
	1962-63	4	2	1	98	62	23	190
9) Other Pulses	1960-61	22	31	36	285	178	738	1290
	1961-62	22	26	33	264	204	633	1181
	1962-63	11	25	23	217	79	700	1053
10) Total Pulses	1960-61	39	35	37	405	272	835	1623
	1961-62	36	30	33	394	290	723	1506
	1962-63	24	30	25	362	203	802	1446
11) Total Food grains	1960-61	2279	2168	1824	3096	2641	3419	15427
	1961-62	2655	2228	2025	3071	2443	2712	15134
	1962-63	1578	2067	1681	3548	2240	2937	14051
12) Groundnut	1960-61	-	-	-	410	1014	825	3249
	1961-62	4	-	-	419	852	794	2066
	1962-63	-	-	3	496	819	577	1895

TABLE No 5 (Contd.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
13) Rape,	1960-61	-	-	-	4	2	1	7
Mustard &	1961-62	-	-	-	3	1	1	5
Linseed	1962-63	-	-	-	5	2	-	7
14) Sesarun	1960-61	2	4	10	2	19	13	50
	1961-62	1	4	12	2	26	14	59
	1962-63	1	4	13	2	19	15	54
15) Sugar-	1960-61	1	-	4	735	116	126	982
cane.	1961-62	1	-	4	691	105	100	901
	1962-63	2	-	3	667	67	82	821
16) Tobacco	1960-61	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962-63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17) Cotton	1960-61	-	-	-	103	496	1547	2146
(Lint)	1961-62	-	-	-	151	680	1479	2310
(in '00 bales of 392 lbs each)	1962-63	-	-	-	183	728	1979	2890

Source:- Basic and current Agricultural Statistics of Maharashtra State 1964.

- (Page 21) -

Table No. 6.

Area irrigated by different sources of irrigation in the districts of Bombay Division during 1960-61, 1961-62, 1962-63 (in '00. areas)

Sources of irrigation	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
1) Govt. canal	1960-61	-	26	6	405	232	37	706
	1961-62	-	37	6	412	233	22	710
	1962-63	-	41	6	415	236	28	726
2) Private canal	1960-61	-	-	130	14	13	-	157
	1961-62	-	-	131	5	13	-	149
	1962-63	-	-	136	6	15	-	157
3) Total canal	1960-61	-	27	137	410	245	38	973
	1961-62	-	37	137	419	246	22	859
	1962-63	-	41	142	421	251	28	883
4) Tanks	1960-61	-	-	15	-	23	-	38
	1961-62	-	-	15	-	22	-	37
	1962-63	-	-	16	-	24	1	41
5) Well's	1960-61	96	39	106	662	470	846	2219
	1961-62	81	39	106	680	467	991	2364
	1962-63	88	44	106	710	525	904	2377
6) Other sources	1960-61	7	10	58	3	5	3	86
	1961-62	7	11	70	1	1	2	92
	1962-63	8	8	75	1	4	1	97
7) Net area irrigated	1960-61	103	75	315	1084	742	886	3206
	1961-62	88	87	328	1098	736	1015	3352
	1962-63	96	93	339	1132	804	934	3398
8) Gross area irrigated	1960-61	117	75	315	1553	944	1073	4077
	1961-62	102	87	328	1586	935	1163	4201
	1962-63	113	93	340	1634	961	1075	4226

Source:- Basic and current Agricultural Statistics, Maharashtra State, for 1964 - District Statistical Abstract.

(Page 28)

Table No. 7

Irrigated area under different crops in the districts of the Bombay Division during the year 1960-61, 1961-62, 1962-63 in ('00 acres)

Crops	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total for the Divn.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1) Rice	1960-61	-	24	121	105	47	92	309
	1961-62	-	37	119	106	56	73	391
	1962-63	-	40	113	90	50	62	355
2) Wheat	1960-61	-	-	-	315	339	273	927
	1961-62	-	-	-	337	370	290	1005
	1962-63	-	-	-	376	410	281	1067
3) Jowar	1960-61	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	1962-63	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
4) Bajri	1960-61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962-63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5) Gram	1960-61	-	-	-	85	19	22	126
	1961-62	-	-	-	93	14	26	133
	1962-63	4	-	-	58	12	18	92
6) Tur	1960-61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962-63	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
7) Sugarcane	1960-61	1	-	3	294	69	68	435
	1961-62	1	-	3	258	65	57	384
	1962-63	1	-	3	201	46	27	278
8) Cotton	1960-61	-	-	-	41	10	60	111
	1961-62	-	-	-	71	13	109	193
	1962-63	-	-	-	190	22	159	371

Contd...

Table No. 7 Contd...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
9) Groundnut	1960-61	-	-	-	35	-	-	35
	1961-62	-	-	-	33	-	-	33
	1962-63	-	-	-	17	5	-	22
10) Tobacco	1960-61	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
	1962-63	-	-	-	-1	1	2	4
11) Gross irrigated area	1960-61	117	75	315	1553	944	1073	4077
	1961-62	102	87	328	1586	935	1163	4201
	1962-63	113	93	340	1634	961	1075	4133
12) Net Irrigated area	1960-61	103	75	315	1084	743	886	3206
	1961-62	88	87	328	1098	736	-1015	3352
	1962-63	96	93	339	1132	804	934	3359

Source:- Basic and current Agricultural Statistics, Maharashtra State, Poona for 1964.

(page No.24)

Table No. 8
Major and Medium Irrigation projects in Bombay Division.

District	As on	No. of projects		Expdr. incurred upto 31-3-63 (Rs. in lakhs)	Irrigation potential created	
		works in progress	completed		upto	Area (in acres)
Thana	31-3-61	nil	nil	nil	31-3-61	nil
	31-3-62	nil	nil	nil	31-3-62	nil
	31-3-63	nil	nil	nil	31-3-63	nil
Kolaba	31-3-61	nil	nil	nil	31-3-61	nil
	31-3-62	nil	nil	nil	31-3-62	nil
	31-3-63	nil	nil	nil	31-3-63	nil
Matnagiri	31-3-61	nil	nil	nil	31-3-61	nil
	31-3-62	nil	nil	nil	31-3-62	nil
	31-3-63	nil	nil	nil	31-3-63	nil
Nasik	31-3-61	3	-	1558.54	31-3-61	65230
	31-3-62	3	-	-	31-3-62	96237
	31-3-63	3	-	-	31-3-63	118261
Dhulia and Jalgaon	31-3-61	4	-	956.15	31-3-61	24769
	31-3-62	4	-	-	31-3-62	72839
	31-3-63	1	-	-	31-3-63	707739
Divisional Total	31-3-61	7	-	2514.69	31-3-61	89999
	31-3-62	7	-	-	31-3-62	169076
	31-3-63	4	3	-	31-3-63	226000

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

(page No. 25)

Table No. 9

Yield rates of principal in the districts of Bombay division during the year 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63

Crops	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Average yield for the Divn.
1. Rice	1960-61	1178	1325	872	847	386	387	1054
	1961-62	1422	1350	982	982	912 438	438 758	1178
	1962-63	1230	1314	818	758	392	691	1050
2. Wheat	1960-61	-	-	-	230	603	573	379
	1961-62	-	-	-	381	651	645	487
	1962-63	-	-	-	388	658	666	498
3. Jowar	1960-61	-	-	-	261	625	1051	705
	1961-62	747	-	-	258	482	781	551
	1962-63	-	-	-	401	561	1289	813
4. Bajri	1960-61	-	-	-	327	440	284	349
	1961-62	-	-	268	473 268	261 473	318 261	318
	1962-63	-	-	-	369	334	337	357
5. Total cereals	1960-61	1063	1186	705	382	517	771	645
	1961-62	1258	1214	798	379	471	631	645
	1962-63	1081	1188	669	428	458	976	672
6. Gram	1960-61	309	187	-	269	375	429	315
	1961-62	224	204	-	315	303	336	310
	1962-63	280	345	-	335	487	454	380
7. Total Pulses	1960-61	256	283	223	340	235	374	323
	1961-62	247	246	208	336	274	353	320
	1962-63	219	231	206	333	294	356	323
8.	1960-61	288	269	224	628	621	656	573
	1961-62	268	269	204	610	585	585	539
	1962-63	235	258	204	593	589	592	529

Contd..

Table No. 9 Contd..

Cropes	Year	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Average yield for the Divn.
9. Total Food-grains.	1960-61	1108	1128	676	376	460	613	584
	1961-62	1192	1153	763	373	434	521	586
	1962-63	738	1079	625	447	443	534	557
10. Groundnut	1960-61	-	-	-	512	696	724	662
	1961-62	-	-	-	497	593	655	591
	1962-63	-	-	1120	769	542	557	598
11. Rape Mustard and Linseed	1960-61	-	-	-	332	345	172	296
	1961-62	-	-	-	354	249	249	303
	1962-63	-	-	-	339	448	249	334
12. Sesamum	1960-61	249	230	190	204	250	270	236
	1961-62	132	219	204	213	246	268	234
	1962-63	280	168	251	249	257	274	254
13. Sugarcane	1960-61	2240	-	2240	5600	3766	4151	5045
	1961-62	2240	-	2240	5999	3618	3930	5242
	1962-63	2240	-	2987	5684	3789	3982	5164
14. Tobacco	1960-61	-	-	-	-	-	1120	560
	1961-62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962-63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Cotton(lint)	1960-61	-	-	-	143	115	120	120
	1961-62	-	-	-	142	127	101	110
	1962-63	-	-	-	182	124	292	136

Source: Basic and current Agricultural Statistic, Maharashtra State 1964.
Agricultural Department.

Table No. 10

Area and produce of Forests in the districts of the Bombay Division during the year of 1961-62, 1962-63, 1963-64.

District	Year	Area under Forest in acres			Total	Produce removed or utilised (values in 000 Rs.)
		Reserved	Protected	Unclosed		
Thana	1961-62	715088	246272	-	961360	13049
	1962-63	717755	245038	2746	961669	14956
	1963-64	714979	243926	2746	961669	14626
Kolaba	1961-62	283870	57826	69470	413166	2583
	1962-63	277366	33440	69469	380285	NA
	1963-64	277366	33412	69469	380247	NA
Ratnagiri	1961-62	5500	-	86753	92253	665
	1962-63	5500	-	86746	92256	296
	1963-64	5504	-	86746	92256	163
Nasik	1961-62	720064	60649	42826	823539	6838
	1962-63	753610	60645	8068	822323	4406
	1963-64	752987	60645	8068	821700	7524
Dhulia	1961-62	904693	nil	nil	904043	4916
	1962-63	894124	-	-	894124	4373
	1963-64	894188	-	-	894188	21141
Jalgaon	1961-62	496692.22	-	-	496692.22	445
	1962-63	496666.22	-	-	496666.22	472
	1963-64	496600.14	-	-	496600.14	608
Total for the Divn.	1961-62	3134193	364747	199049	3691655.22	3691653.22
	1962-63	3145021	339123	164290	3648444.22	3648444.22
	1963-64	3140842	337983	167029	3646660.14	3646660.14

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 11.

Statement showing Monthly average detail prices of important commodities at Bombay Division.

Sr. No.	Commodity	Brief description of quality and variety Brand count etc. (Local trade name)	Unit	District: THANA														
				Retail prices in each month														
				Nov. '62	Dec. '62	Jan. '63	Feb. '63	Mar. '63	Apr. '63	May '63	June '63	July '63	Aug. '63	Sept. '63	Oct. '63	Nov. '63	Dec. '63	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
<u>CEREALS</u>																		
1.	Rice (clean) (fine) chiner	Kilo	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.07
2.	" (Medium) Luchai	"	0.93	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.96	1.00
3.	" (Course) Gurmudia	"	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.72	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.82	0.82
4.	Wheat (medium) Sarbati	"	0.69	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.71	0.75
5.	" (course) Gavrani	"	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.65	0.70
6.	" Flour (white)	"	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
7.	Jowar (white) Ispuri	"	0.63	0.63	0.92	0.65	0.57	0.50	0.60	0.62	0.62	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.55	0.57	
8.	" (Yellow) "	"	0.50	0.50	0.44	0.44	0.39	0.30	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	
9.	Bajzri Gavati	"	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.60	0.62	
10.	Gram (whole) Superior.	"	0.71	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.69	0.62	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.78	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.75	0.75	
11.	" (Dal) Bharwa	"	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.76	
12.	Arnar (") Jalana	"	1.05	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.04	1.05	1.12	1.19	1.20	1.20	1.22	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	
13.	Mug " Local	"	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.16	1.12	1.12	1.21	
14.	Urid " "	"	1.36	1.37	1.36	1.36	1.36	1.33	1.36	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.39	1.30	1.27	1.30		
15.	Masur " "	"	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.92	
<u>Sugar and Gur</u>																		
16.	Sugar (C' Grade	"	1.15	1.15	1.22	1.15	1.22	1.23	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21
17.	Gur Kopergaon	"	1.00	0.97	0.97	0.97	1.00	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.23	1.30	1.30	1.37	1.59	1.31		
<u>Edible oils</u>																		
18.	Groundnut oil	"	2.00	2.00	1.90	2.00	1.90	1.90	2.00	2.12	2.12	2.15	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	
19.	Vanaspati (Dalada)	"	3.25	3.06	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.09	3.15	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	
<u>Meat, Fish and Eggs.</u>																		
20.	Goat Meat	"	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	
21.	Fresh fish	"	2.56	2.56	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.70	3.50	3.50	3.50	NM	3.00	3.00	3.00		
22.	Eggs (Hen)	"	2.25	2.35	2.25	2.16	1.91	2.00	1.95	2.21	2.37	2.29	2.29	2.25	2.25	2.50		

Table No.11 contd..

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Utensils</u>																	
0. Brass Medium Kilo	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
1. Washing Soap Per Bar	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Swastick or 501																	
2. Pan Pochra Nipani 100 No.	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
3. Supari Manglore Kilo	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
4. Tobacco leaf Gujrath "	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.10	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
5. Cigarette (Panama) 10 Nos. or Burkely	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.34	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
6. Bidi Shiwaji 25 No.	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
7. Hair Oil Pure coconut oil (big) Bottle	3.80	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90
8. Penicillion 20 lakhs per blubs	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
9. Quinine Sipla Per Tub. Quinorsole	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10

Source: District Statistical Office.

(page No. 31)

Table No.11

Kolaba.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Condiments & spice</u>																	
23.	Salt white khada		Kilo	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.23	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19
24.	Turmeric, Sangli		"	2.25	2.00	2.00	2.15	2.16	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13
25.	Dry Corneer (Superior local, whole)		"	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
26.	Dry chillies - Local		"	2.27	2.89	3.50	3.25	3.06	2.50	2.50	2.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
<u>Vegetables.</u>																	
27.	Potato Nasik		"	0.50	0.50	0.58	0.62	0.51	0.43	0.49	0.53	0.56	0.62	0.59	0.55	0.57	0.59
28.	Chinch. Local		"	0.35	0.43	0.48	0.50	0.45	0.40	0.38	0.32	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.42
<u>Fruits and Nuts</u>																	
29.	Plantains. Local		Dozen	0.72	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.60	0.60	0.64	0.65	0.63	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
30.	Egg Oranges		"	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<u>Beverages</u>																	
31.	Tea Leaf, Nilgiri P.		Kilo	8.00	8.25	8.50	8.50	8.70	9.00	8.20	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
32.	Coffee Power. Polson		"	6.75	7.19	7.50	7.50	7.20	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
<u>Fuel, Power, Light & Lubricants</u>																	
33.	Kerosine oil. Elephant		Litre	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.48	0.45	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.44
34.	Charcoal		Kilo	7.76	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.51	7.52	6.12	6.00	6.40	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
35.	Match Box (60 stick)		Dozen	0.74	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72
<u>Nargis</u>																	
36.	Fire wood Dhawada.		Kilo	2.70	2.89	2.79	2.90	2.50	2.68	2.60	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.25	2.25	2.75
<u>Clothing</u>																	
37.	Dhoti (specified size 9 x 52 Finaly)		Pair	10.00	10.08	10.02	10.32	10.24	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	8.97	9.54	8.97	6.97
38.	Sari (specified size 30.x 80 Nagpuri)		One	12.88	12.91	13.00	13.00	12.38	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	11.11	11.72	11.72	11.72
39.	Shirting(Breadth) Madras-D-318-White		Metre	1.50	1.41	1.13	1.13	1.23	3.54	3.54	3.55	3.55	3.55	3.54	3.53	3.53	3.53
40.	Coating(Cotton, Tasser, Medium quality 26" wide)		"	-	-	-	-	-	3.26	3.26	3.26	3.26	3.26	3.26	3.26	3.26	3.26
41.	Blouse pieces(specified)"		"	1.50	1.50	1.51	1.51	1.54	1.44	1.44	1.45	1.45	1.46	1.79	2.07	2.07	2.07

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Utensils</u>																		
42. Brass No. specific brand.	Kilo	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
<u>Miscellaneous items of consumption.</u>																		
43. Washing soap (swatik or 510 Bar)	per Bar	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.53	1.53	1.54	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55
44. Pan shirsoli	per 100	0.45	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.39	0.50	0.43	0.35	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.31
45. Supari-anglor	Kilo	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.35	7.75	7.30	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.38
46. Tobacco(leaf) Kalipatti	"	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	6.10	5.13	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
47. Cigaretts (Panama or Burkely)	10 Nos.	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
48. Bidi Camel	25 Nos.	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
49. Hair oil Colagate	One Bottle	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.60	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
50. Penicillin (Injection bulbs of largest or a lakh quantity in large packets Glaxo 2 lakhs. & table)	Per bulb	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03

Sources: District Statistical Office.

Table No.11 Contd.

Sr. No.	Commodity	Brief description and variety Brand etc.	District:	Ratnagiri													
				Retail prices in each month	Unit	Nov. 62	Dec. 62	Jan. 63	Feb. 63	Mar. 63	Apr. 63	May 63	June 63	July 63	Aug. 63	Sept 63	Oct. 63	Nov. 63	Dec. 63
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Cereals</u>																	
1.	Rice (clean)(fine)	chiner	Kilo.	0.80	0.80	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.91	0.97	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.	" (Medium)	Luchai	"	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.71	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
3.	" (course)	Gurmutia	"	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4.	Wheat (Medium)	Sarbatl	"	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.84	0.80	0.82	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
5.	" (Bounses)	Whitex Gavrani	"	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.76	0.75	0.75
6.	" Flour, (White)		"	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
7.	Jowar (white)	Igatpuri	"	0.69	0.66	0.69	0.60	0.54	0.54	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
8.	" (Yellow)		"	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
9.	Bajari	Gavati	"	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10.	Gram (whole)	superior	"	0.80	0.80	0.78	0.70	0.68	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.63	0.65	0.73	0.70	0.70	0.78
11.	" (Dal)	Bharwa	"	0.83	0.83	0.78	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.72	0.75	0.95	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.79	0.80
12.	Arnar	Jalana	"	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.12	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.13	1.15	1.15	1.19	1.22
13.	Mug	Local	"	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.85	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.05	1.05
14.	Urid	"	"	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
15.	Masur	"	"	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.95
<u>Sugar and Gur</u>																	
16.	Sugar "C" Grade.		"	1.16	1.15	1.15	1.19	1.21	1.28	1.24	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.21	1.27
17.	Gur	Kopergaon.	"	0.82	0.66	0.70	0.80	0.82	0.97		1.16	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.16	1.10
10.02																	
<u>EDIBLE OILS.</u>																	
18.	Groundnut oil.		"	2.17	1.98	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.80	1.99	2.10	2.10	2.12	2.28	2.20	2.00	2.00
19.	Vamspati (Dalda)		"	3.30	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.18	3.10	3.19	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.09
<u>EAT. FISH & EGGS.</u>																	
20.	Geat meat		"	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
21.	FRESH MEAT FISH		"	0.32	0.18	0.18	0.50	0.44	0.40	0.97	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	0.37	0.45	0.32	0.24

Ratnagiri

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Meat, Fish and eggs.</u>												2.02					
22.	Eggs (Hen)	Kilo	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	2.00	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
<u>Codiments & spice</u>																	
23.	Salt White Khada	"	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
24.	Turmeric, Sangli	"	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.95	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.92	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
25.	Dry Corneer, (Superior Local, whole)	"	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10
26.	Dry chillies- Local	"	3.59	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.00	3.80	3.10	3.25
<u>Vegetables</u>																	
27.	Potato Nasik	"	0.53	0.50	0.50	0.45	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.60	0.68	0.70	0.58	0.50	0.47	0.70
28.	Chinch. Local	"	0.31	0.33	0.45	0.50	0.44	0.40	0.32	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.38	0.31	0.40
<u>Fruits and nuts</u>																	
29.	Plantains. Local	Dozs	0.59	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
30.	Oranges	"	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<u>Beaverages</u>																	
31.	Tea Leaf, NilgiriP.	Kilo	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75
32.	Coffee powder. Polson	"	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
<u>Fuel, Power, light & lubricants</u>																	
33.	Kerosine oil. Elephan	Litre	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.50	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47
34.	Charcoal.	Kilo	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80	12.80
35.	Match box (60 stick) Nargis	Dozen	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
36.	Fire wood. Dhawada	Kilo	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.94	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Madhupuri

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>CLOTHING</u>																		
37. Dhoti (Specified Size) 9x12 finally.	Pair.	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65	17.65
38. Sari (") 3x80 Magpuri	One.	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
39. Shirting (Breadth) Madras-D-318-White.	Metre.	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
40. Coating (Cotton, tassar, Medium quality 28" wide.	-do-	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	NQ	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63
41. Flange pieces (specify Breadth) Khaty Lcan.	-do-	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91
<u>UTILITIES</u>																		
42. Brass No. Specific Brand	Kilo	8.00	8.75	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50
<u>Miscellaneous Items of Consumption.</u>																		
43. Washing Soap Swastik or 501 Par.)	Per Bar	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
44. Par Shirsoli.	Per 100	0.37	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.34	0.31	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.25
45. Sugar, angler.	100	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
46. Tobacco (leaf) Kalipati	Kilo	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.92	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
47. Cigarettes (Panama or Burkely) Burkely.	10 Nos																	
48. Bidi. Camel.	25 Nos	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
49. Hair oil Colgate Oil	One	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
50. Penicillin (Inj. Bulb) of largest or lakh (un. in large packets.		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
51. Quinine.	Per D. Tablet.	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04

TABLE No. 11 (Contd.) District N A S I K.

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Cereals.</u>																	
1. Rice (Clean) Fine) Kilo Cliner.	1.00	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.90	0.94	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2. (" (Medium) Lachal."	0.80	0.74	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.88	0.90	0.81	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.92	0.92
3. (" (Course) Gurntia"	0.60	0.60	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.65	0.66	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
4. Wheat (Medium) Sarbati"	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.62	0.66	0.56	0.56	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.62	0.62	0.65	0.65
5. (" (Course) Savrani. "	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.53	0.53	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
6. Flour (White). "	0.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
7. Jowar (White) Japuri."	0.50	0.50	0.53	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44
8. (" (Yellow). "	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Bajari. Gavati. "	0.51	0.51	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.48	0.50	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.53	0.53
10. Gran (Whole) Superior"	0.50	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
11. (" (Dal) Bharwa "	0.62	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
12. Arhar " Julwan "	1.00	0.88	0.53	0.81	0.81	0.90	0.96	0.96	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.12	1.12	1.12
13. Mug. " Local. "	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.89	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.90	0.90
14. Urid. " " "	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.17	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.19	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12
15. Masur " " "	0.88	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.85	0.85
<u>Sugar and Gur.</u>																	
16. Sugar "C" Grade 1	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.16	1.22	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.25
17. Gur. Kopergaon."	0.88	0.68	0.70	0.85	0.70	0.85	0.90	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.03	1.06	1.50	1.01	1.01	1.01
<u>Edible Oils.</u>																	
18. Groundnut Oil "	2.12	2.12	1.88	1.88	1.88	1.88	1.59	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.03	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
19. Vanspati (Dalda) "	3.00	3.00	2.88	2.88	2.88	3.00	3.05	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.18	1.35	3.15	3.15	3.15
<u>Meat, Fish, Egg.</u>																	
20. Goat Meat. "	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
21. Fresh Fish. "	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.37	NA	NA	NA	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50
22. Eggs. (Hen) Dozen	2.94	2.18	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12
23. Condiments & Spice Kilo	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
<u>Salt White Khada.</u>																	
24. Turmeric, Sangli. "	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.87	1.87	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
25. Dry Coriander (Spr. " Local, Whole)	2.50	2.50	2.62	2.75	2.75	3.00	3.25	3.25	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
26. Dry Chillies. Local "	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.25	1.25	1.50	1.50

Table No. 11 (Nasik Dist. Contd.) Contd.

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
VEGETABLES																	
17. Potato Nasik	Kilo	0.55	0.42	0.41	0.46	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.46	0.55	0.65	0.50	0.53	0.62		
18. Spinach Local.	do-	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.31	0.31	0.25	0.31	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.31	0.31	
FRUITS & NUTS.																	
19. Plantains. Local	Dozen	0.39	0.31	0.31	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.44	0.44	0.46	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.37	0.39		
20. Oranges.	do-	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	NA	2.00	2.25	2.25	2.50	2.50	NA	NA	NA		
BEVERAGES.																	
21. Tea Leaf, Nilgiri	Kilo	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
22. Coffee powder, Polson	"	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
FUEL POWER, LIGHT & LUBRICANTS.																	
23. Kerosine oil Ele.	Litre	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.45	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42
24. Charcoal	Kilo	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.25	7.50	7.36	7.36	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
25. Match box (60s.) Nargis	do.	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72
26. Fire wood, Dhawada	Kilo	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
CLOTHING.																	
27. Dhot 1 (Specified Size) 9x52, finaly.	Pair	22.00	20.00	21.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
28. Suti "30x80 Nagpur 1	do	36.00	36.00	31.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00
29. Shirting (Breadth) Medium Quality 28" wide	Metre	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
30. Coating (Cotton Tassar)	"	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40
31. Blouse Pieces (Specific)	do.	2.75	2.75	2.75	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	3.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48
UTENCILS.																	
32. Brass No. Specific Brd. K	do.	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF CONSUMPTION.																	
33. Washing Soap (wastic of 501 Bar)	Bar	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
34. Jan Shirts 11.	Per 100	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.50	0.50	
35. Supari (Guler)	Kilo	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.25	8.25	
36. Tobacco (Laf) Kullatti	"	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	

TABLE No.11(Nasik District)Contd.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18

47. Cigarettes(Panama Burkely) Burkely- 10Nos																	
48. Bid Camel. 25Nos	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19
49. Hair Oil Colgate Caster Oil. One Bottle	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62
50. Penicillin(Inj. Bulbs of largest or a lakh quantity in large packets.)	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56
51. Quinine. Pucr. Bulb. per Tablet.	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05

Source:-District Statistical Office.

(Page No. 40)

T A B L E No. 41 (District Bulia) Contd.

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Cereals.</u>																	
1. Rice (Clean) (Fine) Chiner Kilo	1.12	1.12	1.12	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	1.15	1.24	1.10	1.12	1.12	1.12
2. " (Medium) Luckai	0.82	0.81	0.82	0.70	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.94	0.94	2.00	0.87	0.94	0.98	0.98	0.98
3. " (Course) Guirulia	0.64	0.62	0.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.63	0.75	0.81	0.94	0.75	0.72	0.87	0.87	0.87
4. Wheat (Hard) Sarbatl	0.62	0.57	0.61	0.58	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.53	0.59	0.50	0.62	0.50	0.60	0.65	0.65	0.65
5. " (Course) Gavrah	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.62	0.63	0.64	0.56	0.53	0.54	0.62	0.62	0.62
6. " Flour (White)	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62
7. Juar (White) Ispari	0.47	0.39	0.40	0.36	0.36	0.33	0.39	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.41	0.43	0.43
8. " Yellow	0.55	0.55	0.54	0.47	0.42	0.41	0.44	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.41
9. Bajari. Cavati	0.54	0.52	0.49	0.49	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.57	0.57	0.49	0.52	0.52
10. Gram (whole) Superior	0.54	0.52	0.51	0.53	0.51	0.50	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.53	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.50	0.56	0.56	0.56
11. " (Dal) Bharwa	0.62	0.55	0.51	0.50	0.58	0.58	0.57	0.59	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.64	0.68	0.68	0.68
12. Arhar " Jalana	0.94	0.84	0.81	0.86	0.87	0.90	0.94	0.95	0.97	1.01	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.01	1.01	1.01
13. M.G. " Local	0.62	0.60	0.70	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.80	0.99	0.81	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
14. Urid. " "	1.20	1.06	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.12	1.25	1.24	1.19	1.19	1.25	1.22	1.19	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17
15. Masur " "	0.76	0.80	0.79	0.78	0.70	0.72	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.69	0.78	0.75	0.84	0.84
<u>SUGAR AND GUR.</u>																	
16. Sugar "C" Grade	1.14	1.11	1.13	1.15	1.19	1.25	1.17	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.24
17. Gur. Kopergaon	0.79	0.61	0.68	0.69	0.70	0.82	0.93	1.01	1.16	1.23	1.05	1.16	1.32	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19
<u>Edible Oils.</u>																	
18. Groundnut Oil	2.00	1.87	1.72	1.75	1.77	1.82	1.91	2.06	2.06	2.07	2.12	2.12	2.00	1.88	1.88	1.88	1.88
19. Vanaspathi (Laida)	3.25	2.93	2.94	2.87	2.98	2.00	3.30	3.36	3.12	3.18	3.38	3.62	3.45	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
<u>MEAT, FISH & EGGS.</u>																	
20. Goat Meat	2.50	2.50	2.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.65
21. Fresh Fish	1.51	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.70	1.71	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
22. Eggs (Local) Dozen	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	1.90	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.90
<u>CONDIMENTS & SPICE</u>																	
23. Salt (White) Khada Kilo	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
24. Turmeric, Sangli	2.14	2.01	1.97	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
25. Dry Corncor (Superior) (Local Whole)	3.19	3.12	2.81	2.75	2.75	2.94	3.14	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
26. Dry Chillies Local	3.19	3.12	2.81	2.75	2.75	2.94	3.14	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25

T A B L E No.11 (District Dhulia) Contd.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>VEGETABLES.</u>																	
27.	Potato.Nasik	"		0.50	0.54	0.52	0.42	0.39	0.34	0.05	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.61	0.55	0.62	0.62
28.	Chinch.Local	"		0.18	0.28	0.26	0.37	0.33	0.21	0.27	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.34
<u>FRUITS & NUTS.</u>																	
29.	Plantains. Local	Lozen		0.28	0.30	0.31	0.30	0.27	0.28	0.31	N.A.	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31
30.	Oranges.	"	"	0.94	0.75	0.83	1.00	0.75	1.00	1.00	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	1.50	1.50	1.45	1.50
<u>BEVERAGES.</u>																	
31.	Tea Leaf.Nilgiri	p.Kilo		6.95	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
32.	Coffes Powder	"		7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
		Folsen.															
<u>FULL POWER, LIGHT & LULUCANIS</u>																	
33.	Kerosine oil,	Liter.		0.36	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.43	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44
	Elephant.																
34.	Charcoal,	Kilo		0.21	0.21	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21
35.	Match box (10 sticks)																
	Nargis	Dozen		0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
36.	Fire wood																
	Etawads.	1-Kilo		0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
<u>CLOTHING</u>																	
37.	Dhoti (Specify size)			18.50	18.25	18.08	18.00	18.30	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50
	9 x 52 Finaly Pair			18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18							
38.	Sari "30 x 80																
	Nagpuri	One		25.00	25.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
39.	Stirting (Bre. att)																
	Madras-D-216-White Metre			1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.62
40.	Coating (Cotton, 1/2 ssar,																
	Medium quality 28" wide,								2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>Cereals.</u>																	
1. Rice (Clean)(Fine)Kilo Chiner.				1.00	0.95	1.02	1.00	1.01	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2. " (Medium) Luchal. "				0.84	0.86	0.81	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.85
3. " (Course) Gurratia "				0.55	0.57	0.62	0.62	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.63	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.70
4. Wheat(Medium) Sarb- ati.				0.54	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.62
5. " (Course) Gavrani "				0.47	0.46	0.47	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.56
6. " Flour(White). "				0.57	0.59	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.62
7. Jowar(White) Inspuri "				0.37	0.40	0.35	0.34	0.40	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.37	0.37
8. " (Yellow) "				0.37	0.39	0.35	0.34	0.31	0.37	0.31	0.32	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.34	0.35
9. Bajari: Gavati. "				0.46	0.48	0.40	0.44	0.44	0.50	0.50	0.44	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.47	0.49	0.51
10. Gram(Whole) Superi- OR				0.53	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.54	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.61
11. " (Dal) Bharwa "				0.60	0.57	0.55	0.54	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.57	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.61
12. Arhar " Jalana "				0.84	0.77	0.79	0.81	0.81	0.85	0.90	0.94	1.00	0.96	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.96
13. Mug. " Local "				0.73	0.78	0.81	0.81	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.86
14. Urid. " " "				1.00	1.04	1.00	0.87	1.00	1.06	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.06	1.00	1.04	1.00	1.00
15. Masur. " " "				0.75	0.74	0.75	0.75	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.78	0.81	0.81	0.87	0.87	0.87
<u>Sugar and Gur</u>																	
16. Sugar "C" Grade "				1.14	1.15	1.16	1.20	1.20	1.26	1.18	1.18	1.19	1.20	1.22	1.20	1.10	1.25
17. Gur Kopergaon "				0.62	0.69	0.75	0.77	0.73	0.92	0.94	1.00	1.12	1.16	1.10	1.47	1.25	1.20

T A B L E NO. 11. (District Jalgaon). Cont.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>EDIBLE OILS</u>																	
18.	Groundnut Oil	Kilo	1.87	1.85	1.81	1.83	1.76	1.81	1.94	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.16	2.07	1.91	1.92	
19.	Vanaspati (Dalda)	"	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.85	2.90	3.00	3.01	3.08	3.10	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.00	3.00	3.00
<u>MEAT, FISH & EGGS.</u>																	
20.	Goat Meat	"	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.87	3.00	3.00	2.81	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
21.	Fresh Fish	"	2.25	2.37	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.25	2.25	2.25	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
22.	Eggs. (Hen)	"	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87
<u>CONDIMENTS & SPICE.</u>																	
23.	Salt. White Khade.	"	0.12	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
24.	Turmeric, Sangli.	"	1.75	1.87	2.00	2.00	1.79	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.87
25.	Dry Corneer (Superior Local, Whole)	"	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.90	1.00	
26.	Dry Chillies. Local	"	3.00	3.00	3.15	3.25	2.85	2.87	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.85	2.75	
<u>VEGETIBLE.</u>																	
27.	Potato Nasik.	"	0.70	0.58	0.45	0.45	0.37	0.35	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.56
28.	Chinch Local.	"	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.31	0.37	0.20	0.19	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.31	0.37	0.34	0.31	
<u>FRUITS & NUTS</u>																	
29.	Plantains Local	Dozen	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	N.A.	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37
30.	Oranges	"	2.00	2.06	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.30	3.00	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	1.12	1.45	1.25	

T A & P L E NO. 11 (District of Jaipur) Cont.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>LEAVENAGLS</u>																	
31	Tea Leaf Niglgiri P.	Kilo	3.50	3.50	8.50	8.75	8.75	8.62	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
32	Coffee Powder Polson	"	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
<u>FUEL, FUEL, LIGHT & LUBRICANTS</u>																	
33	Kerosine Oil Elephant	Liter	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.44	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42
34	Charcoal	Kilo	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.21
35	Match Box (60 sticks)																
	Nargis	Dozen	0.83	0.82	0.81	0.81	0.71	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69
36	Fire wood Dhawada	Kilo	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
<u>CLOTHING</u>																	
37	Shoti (Specify size)	Pair	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
	9 x 52 Finaly																
38	Sari (Specify size)		14.50	14.50	15.25	15.25	15.25	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
39	Shirting (Breadth)	Metre	2.08	2.07	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.05	2.06	2.06	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13
	Madras-D-318 White																
40	Coating (coating, tassar, medium quality 28" wide)	"	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
41	Blouse (specify)	"	2.85	2.55	2.52	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62	2.62

T A B L E NO. 11 (District Jalgaon) Cont. (Page No. 48)

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<u>UTILITIES</u>																	
42. Brass No. Specific Kilo Brand	7.50	7.50	7.37	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.50	7.87	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
<u>Miscellaneous Items of Consumption</u>																	
43 Washing Soap (Swastik of 101 Bar) Per Bar	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.52	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53
44 Pan Barsoli Per 100	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70
45 supari angkor Kilo	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.39	7.44	7.25	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
46 Tobacco (Deaf) Katti Kilo	3.75	3.75	3.81	4.12	4.12	4.12	4.12	4.12	4.30	4.13	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
47 Cigaretts (Katta) CK Purvally 10 Nos.	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
48 Eidi Camel 25 Nos	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.22	0.22	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
49 Hair Oil Colgate Castor oil One Bottle	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
50. Iodine (Infection) Jules of largest or next quantity in large packets Glaxo 2 L.B.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	0.48	0.48	0.38	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
51 Quinine. Per Tablets	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05

Source:- District Statistical Office,

TABLE NO. 12. A.
Average Agricultural Wage rates at Selected Centres in Bombay Division For June 63 and Dec. 1963.

District	Centre	Taluka	Year	Wage rates for Agricultural (Rupees)													
				Ploughing			Sowing			Harveling			other Agri. Operation				
				Male	Female	Child	Male	Female	Child	Male	Female	Child	Male	Female	Child		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
Thara	Kalyan Badlapur		Jun 63	2.00	1.50	-	1.75	1.25	-	-	-	-	-	1.12	0.87	-	
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.00	-
	Dakhanu Gorke		Jun 63	3.00	-	-	1.50	1.12	0.87	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.37	0.81	
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.25	1.60	0.75
	Wada		June 63	1.25	1.00	-	1.25	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	0.75	1.25	1.12	-
Tolaba	Karjat Moha		June 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	-	-	
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.50	1.50	0.75
	Nagothane		June 63	2.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.50	-	-
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.25	2.00
	Shrivardhan Borli Panchatan		June 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	1.50	-
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	1.50
Jatnagiri Narnai		June 63	2.50	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Navawi Sangameshvar		June 63	2.03	1.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shrirode		June 63	2.06	1.06	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Dec. 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

T A B L E N O. 12 A Cont.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Nasik	Dindar	-	June 63	1.30	1.25	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.25	0.72	0.62
			Dec. 63	1.50	1.50	1.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.50	1.00
Lohona	-	-	June 63	1.25	1.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	0.75	-
			Dec. 63	1.50	1.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.25	0.87
Mullia Songir	-	-	June 63	1.75	-	-	1.75	1.50	-	1.50	1.00	1.00	-	1.50	0.87	0.87
			Dec. 63	1.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.00	1.00
Talsner	-	-	June 63	-	-	-	2.00	-	-	1.50	0.75	0.37	-	1.50	0.75	0.37
			Dec. 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	-	-	2.00	2.00
Ehanore	-	-	June 63	1.00	-	0.62	0.75	0.75	0.50	-	-	-	-	1.00	0.75	0.75
			Dec. 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.25	1.00	0.75	-	1.25	0.75	0.75
Jalgaon Marward	-	-	June 63	1.50	0.75	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	0.75	0.62
			Dec. 63	1.50	1.00	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.25	1.00	0.75
Bolwad	-	-	June 63	1.50	0.75	0.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	0.75	0.62
			Dec. 63	1.50	0.75	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	0.75	0.75
Bhadgaon	-	-	June 63	1.50	0.75	0.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	0.75	0.62
			Dec. 63	1.50	0.75	0.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	0.75	0.62

T A B L E. N O. 12 B

Average , wage rates for Non-Agricultural at Selected Centres in Borbay Division for June&Dec 63.

District	Centre	Taluka	Year	Carpenters		Mason		Black smith		Other skilled workers					
				5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Lansa	Kalyan	Bachapur	June 63	4.00	-	-	4.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.25	-
			Dec 63	4.00	-	-	4.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.50	1.25	0.75
	Bakaru	Gorhe	June 63	5.00	-	-	5.00	-	-	5.00	-	-	2.50	1.35	1.25
			Dec 63	5.00	-	-	5.00	-	-	4.50	-	-	2.50	1.25	1.00
Lansa	Wada		June 63	5.00	-	-	5.00	1.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	5.00	-	-	5.00	-	-	3.75	-	-	1.50	1.25	-
Kolaba	Karjat	Roha	June 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Nagothana		June 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Shrivardhan	Dorli-Panchatan	June 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rajnagiri	Barni		June 63	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Navali	Sanghosh or.	June 63	3.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	3.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Shiroda		June 63	4.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Dec 63	4.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

T A B L E NO. 12 B Cont.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Masik	Dindar	-	June 63	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	3.00	-	-	-	-	-
		-	Dec 63	3.50	-	-	-	-	-	3.50	-	-	-	-	-
	Letonar	-	June 63	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	3.00	-	-	2.00	-	-
		-	Dec 63	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	-	-	-	2.00	-
Dyulia	Songir	-	June 63	2.50	-	1.00	2.50	-	0.87	2.50	-	0.75	1.00	-	0.75
		-	Dec. 63	2.00	-	1.25	2.00	-	1.25	2.00	-	1.25	2.00	-	1.25
	Thaker	-	June 63	3.50	-	-	3.50	1.50	0.75	-	-	-	1.00	1.25	-
		-	Dec. 63	3.50	-	1.50	4.00	-	1.50	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	1.00
	Bhalora	-	June 63	3.00	-	-	3.00	2.00	-	4.00	-	-	1.25	1.00	0.75
		-	Dec. 63	3.00	-	-	3.50	-	-	4.00	-	-	1.25	1.00	0.75
Jalgaon	Marwad	-	June 63	3.50	-	-	-	-	-	3.50	-	-	2.75	-	-
		-	Dec. 63	4.50	-	-	-	-	-	4.00	-	-	3.00	-	-
	Bolvad	-	June 63	2.50	-	-	-	-	-	3.00	-	-	2.50	-	-
		-	Dec 63	4.00	-	-	-	-	-	3.50	-	-	3.00	-	-
	Chugner	-	June 63	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	2.50	-	-	1.50	-	-
		-	Dec. 63	3.50	-	-	-	-	-	3.00	-	-	1.75	-	-

T A B L E N O. 12 C

Consumers Price Index Number for working class in Bombay and N Jalgaon.

B O M B A Y							J A L G A O N					
Base:- Average prices from July 1933 to June 1934 as 100.							Base: Average prices for August 1939 as 100					
Month	Food	Fuel and lighting	Clothing	House rent	Miscellaneous	Consumer price Index.	Food	Fuel and lighting	Clothing	House rent	Miscellaneous	Consumer price Index.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Weights	47	7	8	13	14	89	57	8	12	9	6	92
Proportional to total expd.												
1961 average	515	380	396	106	502	431	534	502	429	100	689	485
1962 "	527	409	396	106	528	444	572	565	462	100	725	519
Jan. 63	527	407	397	106	486	438	566	575	462	100	725	517
Feb. 63	513	405	397	106	494	437	558	573	462	100	721	513
March 63	512	417	397	106	498	448	547	579	462	100	749	508
Apr. 63	520	418	397	106	495	437	554	582	462	100	756	513
May 63	521	417	397	106	512	440	563	580	462	100	761	519
Jun. 63	532	417	397	106	510	446	571	580	462	100	783	525
Jul. 63	537	420	397	106	511	448	579	577	462	100	767	529
Aug. 63	539	422	398	106	505	449	585	574	462	100	760	532
Sep. 63	540	424	397	106	514	454	592	577	462	100	763	537
Oct. 63	546	424	396	106	507	453	588	580	462	100	765	535
Nov. 63	551	424	400	106	499	454	582	583	462	100	766	531
Dec. 63*	567	424	499	182	499	483	586	583	462	100	768	534

*The Index figure for December 1963 have been calculated on the basis of principles laid down by Lakshmi Committee.

Source: Labour Commissioner, Bombay.

Table No.13

Districtwise vital statistics - births and deaths in Bombay Division.

Particulars/ District		Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total
Total	1961	36928	35627	49711	63352	56255	67207	299080
Births.	1962	41547	30491	50809	65747	54397	71542	314443
	1963	44666	27458	50973	72395	47942	76548	319982
Total	1961	13699	14621	21411	27220	23159	27567	127677
Deaths	1962	15758	15533	25179	30446	23381	29846	140143
	1963	15999	13907	22292	31228	24927	34089	142442
Total	1961	2186	2869	2421	7156	4382	4632	23645
Infant	1962	2334	3123	2724	7380	5380	5997	26938
Deaths.	1963	2591	2572	3007	7031	5080	7500	27861

Source:- Director of Public Health, Poona-2.

Table No.14

Deaths due to important causes in Bombay Division

Cause of Death		Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Total
1. Cholera	1961	36	44	3	12	77	56	228
	1962	1	48	10	8	23	18	108
	1963	57	60	2	91	180	301	691
2. Small-pox	1961	283	135	194	149	49	62	872
	1962	170	143	29	76	92	409	919
	1963	226	175	4	333	748	983	2469
3. Plauge.	1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1962	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Fever	1961	4031	5203	5574	8635	9695	12622	49740
	1962	6098	5520	6393	13096	8466	13323	52894
	1963	4338	4747	5405	8860	8706	1552	33608
5. Diarrhoea & Dysentry.	1961	445	920	503	3426	743	929	4563
	1962	427	555	567	1377	920	904	4730
	1963	408	516	642	1460	1140	1279	5445
6. Respiratory Diseases	1961	2048	5596	2827	3761	3686	4624	18532
	1962	3169	1706	3370	4495	3556	4346	20642
	1963	2228	1452	2807	3689	3400	4637	18213
7. Other causes	1961	6856	7123	12330	12642	8917	9278	57146
	1962	5893	7561	14810	10873	10324	10848	60309
	1963	8682	6957	13432	16252	10753	11368	67444
8. Total deaths	1961	13609	14621	21411	26624	23159	27567	127081
	1962	15758	15533	25179	29905	23381	29846	139602
	1963	15939	13907	22292	30685	24927	20120	127870

Source: Director of Public Health, Poona-2.

Table No. 15.
Statement Showing factory Statistics in Bombay Division

Item	TEANA		KOLABA		RATNAGIRI		NASIK		DEULIA		JALGAON		
	No. of factories	No. of Average daily Employment	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
1) Cotton ginning & baling	61 - 62 - 63 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - 17	- - -	26 25 27	- 1682 1878	84 73 67	7704 5636 5731
2) Ginning & baling other than Cotton	61 - 62 - 63 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
3) Spinning, Weaving & Finishing of Cotton textile	61 25 62 213 63 19	- - -	6217 7056 7923	1 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	11 14 14	599 599 966	1 1 1	- 2979 3062	2 4 5	3983 4548 3869
4) Spinning and Weaving and Finishing of other than Cotton textile.	61 188 62 62 63 182	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 2 -	210 177 176
5) Knitting Mills Cordage, Rope Twine Industries & Manufacture of Textiles.	61 11 62 13 63 14	- - -	5072 6530 6249	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 - 1	- - -
6) Rice and Deal Mills.	61 7 62 - 63 4	- - -	- - -	19 18 18	247 28 307	2 1 2	20 19 45	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 1 1	11 21 9
7) Flour Mills	61 - 62 - 63 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - 7	- - -	6 5 6	- 116 110	- - -	1 1 -	11 11 -
8) Sugar Factories	61 4 62 - 63 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 2	- - 27

Table No. 15 (Contd)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
9)Gur Factories.	1961	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
	63	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	51	-	-
10) Manufacture of	61	-	-	-	-	-	122	2623	89	-	93	586
edible oils and	62	-	-	-	-	1	112	1440	103	-	84	929
other than Hydroge-	63	-	-	-	-	-	109	1315	92	1148	74	780
nated oil.												
11) Hydrogenated Oil	61	-	-	-	-	-	18	400	30	-	29	977
Industries	62	-	-	-	-	-	19	483	37	1061	31	989
	63	-	-	-	-	-	18	350	36	1314	34	1377
12) Food (Other than	61	73	1481	21	490	-	-	-	-	-	3	535
Beverages.	62	78	1579	21	463	-	-	-	-	-	3	545
	63	66	1472	20	432	-	-	-	-	-	3	634
13 Beverages	61	-	-	-	-	6	915	2	-	-	4	95
	62	-	-	-	-	6	925	-	-	-	8	123
	63	-	-	-	-	6	878	3	1	17	9	112
14) Tobacco Manufacture	61	3	15	2	140	-	111	-	-	-	-	-
	62	2	-	2	180	-	-	-	-	-	1	8
	63	3	-	2	162	-	-	-	-	-	1	11
15) Saw Mills	61	6	-	-	-	1	54	62	3326	12	8	253
	62	-	-	-	-	1	54	66	2602	11	9	294
	63	5	-	-	-	1	80	68	6451	10	9	303
16) Basic chemicals	61	16	254	-	-	1	10	2	-	-	-	-
including for-	62	18	1360	-	-	1	12	-	-	-	-	-
titiser	63	20	1606	-	-	1	15	-	-	-	-	-
17 Vegetable, Animal	61	1	345	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
oils & fats (other	62	2	298	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
than edible)	63	2	354	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table No. 15 (Cont.)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
18 Manufacture of re of Miscellaneous chemical Products.	61 62 63	19 24 24	4596 4433 5135	3 4 5	409 385 707	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
19 Leather and leather products including footwear.	61 62 63	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 1 1	21 21 21	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 3 5	194 287 372	
20 Manufacture of Bricks & Tiles	61 62 63	24 - 20	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 1 21	26 26 21	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 1 1	- 6 6	
21 Stone dressing & Crusing	61 62 63	9 20 13	1182 1538 1102	5 5 3	178 93 50	- 1 -	- 7 -	- - 1	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
22 Products of petroleum and Coal Manufactur- -ing of class. potteries cement & Non-Metallic minerals, products elsewhere Classified.	61 62 63	5 16 8	478 800 1090	2 - 1	- - -	9 11 11	214 182 217	- - 11	3 - -	- - -	- 119 56	2 7 7	554 108 80
23 Basic Metal Products	61 62 63	10 11 18	1297 942 1073	2 2 1	414 398 380	1 - -	- - -	5 - 4	- - -	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- 4 -
24 Metal projects (other than Ma- chinery & Trsp- -port equipment	61 62 63	17 21 31	566 483 964	2 3 3	129 462 715	2 1 1	42 31 25	9 - 8	- - -	- - -	- - 2	2 2 2	16 17 13

Table No.15(Condt.)

1	X	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
25. Machinery (other than electric Machinery.	61	17	3283	-	-	3	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
	62	20	4283	-	-	1	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
	63	22	4589	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26. Electric ^a Machinery apparatus applican- -cies supplied	61	4	2030	1	10	3	46	-	-	-	-	-	-
	62	16	2224	1	4	3	85	-	-	3	88	-	-
	63	8	2567	1	7	3	40	-	-	2	99	-	-
27. Repair of Motor Vehicles	61	8	226	4	108	8	362	8	-	4	-	4	95
	62	6	329	3	81	8	284	-	-	5	197	4	101
	63	6	288	3	72	8	272	7	-	5	208	4	97
28. Transport equipment.	61	5	1026	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	130
	62	5	1199	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	120
	63	5	1297	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	21	173
29. All the Industries not elsewhere classified.	61	46	1940	16	314	4	9	23	7486	25	-	23	1281
	62	41	1375	18	1206	2	20	91	9304	2	13-	24	682
	63	64	3123	15	1225	5	36	27	9429	7	31	26	660
Total	61	493	21161	76	2934	36	1741	315	14434	178	635	223	16165
	62	514	34680	78	3614	38	1664	302	14323	204	8294	261	14659
	63	534	39303	72	4164	39	1621	308	18523	194	8598	256	14508

Source:-District Statistical Abstract.

Bureau of Economic & Statistics, BOMBAY.

T A B L E - No.16

Statement showing industrial and mineral production of important items in Bombay Division

Sr.No.	I.T.E.M.S	Unit	Year	Thane	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon	Div. Total
				5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1.	Cotton Yarn (Mill-Made)	Lakh Kgs.	1961	-	-	-	-	2.67	8.69	11.41
			1962	-	-	-	-	0.90	8.72	9.62
			1963	-	-	-	-	1.25	8.74	9.99
2.	Cotton Cloth.	Lakh Mts.	1961	346.0	-	-	-	219.03	87.00	622.8
			1962	334.0	-	-	-	242.77	59.04	625.8
			1963	289.0	-	-	-	225.65	56.22	570.9
3.	Sugar	1000 Tonns	1961	-	-	-	312434	-	-	312434
			1962	-	-	-	293876	-	-	293876
			1963	-	-	-	243070	-	-	243070
4.	Soap	Tonns	1961	-	-	-	1.321	7133	-	8454
			1962	-	-	-	1.390	5694	-	7084
			1963	-	-	-	1.333	4938	-	6271
5.	Lanugese	M.Tonns	1961	6044	-	12	-	-	-	6056
			1962	6238	-	-	-	-	-	6238
			1963	6379	-	382	-	-	-	6761
6.	Bulleting Stone.	Tonns	1961	-	-	-	-	-	38686	38686
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	14585	14585
			1963	-	6	6	-	-	NA.	NA.
7.	Gravel	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	24750	24750
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	8956	8956
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
8.	Lime Stone	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	1524	1524
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
9.	Marum	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	1762	1762
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	2265	2265
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.

TABLE No.16 (Contd)

(Page 2)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
10.	Brick earth	Tonns.	1961	-	-	-	-	-	11303	11303
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	11729	11729
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
11.	Ordinary Sand.	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	78760	78760
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	7061	7061
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
12.	Road Metal	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	Nil	Nil
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	3811	3811
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
13.	Ordinary Clay	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	48463	7529
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	7529	7529
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
14.	Mamkar	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	Nil	239
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	239	239
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
15.	Lime Shell	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	Nil	Nil
		-do-	1962	-	-	-	-	-	Nil	Nil
		-do-	1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
16.	Bolders	-do-	1961	-	-	-	-	-	34910	34910
			1962	-	-	-	-	-	594	594
			1963	-	-	-	-	-	NA.	NA.
17.	I.E.Engins	No.	1961	-	-	-	-	5	-	5
			1962	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
			1963	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
18.	V.N.E.Oil	Kgs.	1961	-	-	-	-	7030	-	7030
			1962	-	-	-	-	7783	-	7783
			1963	-	-	-	-	1766	-	1766
19.	Package tea	-do-	1961	-	-	-	4848	496	-	5344
			1962	-	-	-	1184	477	-	1661
			1963	-	-	-	1117	-	-	1117

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
20.	Bauxite.	Kgs.	1961	-	27289	-	-	-	-	27289
			1962	-	2770	-	-	-	-	2770
			1963	-	3373	-	-	-	-	3373
21A	Paper.	M.Tonns	1961	1017	6573	-	-	-	-	7540
			1962	1088	7883	-	-	-	-	8831
			1963	1196	8521	-	-	-	-	9701
22.	P.P.Medicins	Litres	1961	-	7475	-	712	-	-	7475
			1962	-	5986	-	712	-	-	7698
			1963	-	5096	-	658	-	-	5754
23.	Iron ore	Tonns	1961	3225	-	317763	-	-	-	317763
			1962	3885	-	388512	-	-	-	386722
			1963	9059	-	394186	-	-	-	403245
24.	Quartz Silica	--do--	1961	-	-	2730	-	-	-	2730
			1962	-	-	15514	-	-	-	15514
			1963	-	-	17354	-	-	-	17354
25.	Art. Silk Fibres	100 Yrds.	1961	-	-	-	227	-	-	227
			1962	-	-	-	N11	-	-	N11
			1963	-	-	-	N11	-	-	N11
26.	Cosmetic Toilet	Kgs.	1961	-	-	-	405	-	-	405
			1962	-	-	-	875	-	-	875
			1963	-	-	-	1520	-	-	1520
27.	V.N.F.Oils	M.Tonns	1961	-	-	-	957	-	-	957
			1962	-	-	-	809	-	-	809
			1963	-	-	-	N11	-	-	N11
28.	Spirituous Prep- aration.	Litre	1961	-	-	-	59668	-	-	59668
			1962	-	-	-	237376	-	-	237376
			1963	-	-	-	56051	-	-	56051
29.	Dematured Spf- -ritious Pre- paration.	Gallon	1961	-	-	-	2224	-	-	2224
			1962	-	-	-	11310	-	-	11310
			1963	-	-	-	21653	-	-	21653

TABLE No.16 (Contd.)

(Page No.4)

			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
30. Neera.	Gallons	1961	-	-	-	-	29120	-	-	29120
		1962	-	-	-	-	28456	-	-	28456
		1963.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
31. Copper	M.Tonns	1961	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
		1962	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
		1963	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	196
32. Salt.	do	1961	196	-	-	-	-	-	-	178
		1962	174	-	-	-	-	-	-	205
		1963	205	-	-	-	-	-	-	6044
33. Matches	1000 gram Box	1961	6044	-	-	-	-	-	-	6238
		1962	6238	-	-	-	-	-	-	6379
		1963	6379	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA.
34. Rayon & Synthetic fibers,	Kgs.	1961	NA.	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA.
		1962	NA.	-	-	-	-	-	-	11729
		1963	11729	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.53
35. Woolen Fabrics	Lakh	1961	22.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.14
	Mtre.	1962	26.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	43.03
		1963	43.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.35
36. Woolen yarns.	Lakh	1961	15.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	27.68
	H.G.	1962	27.68	-	-	-	-	-	-	41.50
		1963	41.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	

-(Page 62)-

Table No. 17

Statement showing units of Electrical Energy Generate, Purchased and consumed in
Bombay Division.

District	Year	Kilowatt horse power generated.	Kilowatt horse power Purchased	Kilowatt sold to public for					Total
				Domestic consump- tion.	Commercial light and small power	Industrial power	Public purpo- se.	Other purpose	
Thana	61-62	12.82	756.41	102.40	59.52	463.67	9.79	47.11	682.49
	62-63	14.52	947.14	123.95	78.98	580.69	12.17	57.38	853.17
	63-64	14.78	1115.65	140.55	112.92	706.32	12.02	42.76	1014.99
Kolaba	61-62	15127.90	21.15	4.79	4.00	87.54	1.54	0.26	99.30
	62-63	13696.96	19.53	5.43	3.19	125.23	1.55	0.38	138.76
	63-64	13687.38	110.25	18.31	10.22	209.64	5.38	1.36	244.91
Ratnagiri	61-62	17.97	6.25	4.70	4.98	5.23	3.41	-	18.32
	62-63	20.51	7.85	6.31	5.68	5.50	4.04	0.71	22.44
	63-64	24.39	9.13	8.36	6.35	7.45	4.15	0.07	24.38
Nasik	61-62	222.91	4.34	37.48	35.25	83.68	8.48	4.33	166.22
	62-63	223.12	4.38	43.61	32.30	96.65	9.11	4.29	185.96
	63-64	229.87	8.61	45.40	33.04	105.33	9.33	4.50	196.60
Dhulia	61-62	58.27	-	17.07	67.47	16.99	33.26	39.04	48.04
	62-63	63.65	-	19.70	77.60	17.34	51.10	42.85	54.19
	63-64	74.11	-	21.28	77.51	19.18	82.01	41.89	60.60
Jalgaon	61-62	96.27	-	31.11	8.44	17.93	7.69	9.97	75.14
	62-63	106.69	-	35.38	8.48	27.96	8.38	9.60	89.25
	63-64	118.17	52.77	38.51	19.30	19.18	10.73	21.87	145.16
Divisional	61-62	15536.23	788.19	197.55	180.26	675.44	64.14	100.71	1244.10
Total	62-63	14125.25	976.90	234.58	206.23	855.87	86.35	115.21	1448.24
	63-64	14148.70	1296.41	276.41	259.34	1107.09	123.62	112.45	1674.80

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

List of Towns and Villages Electrified in each District
Bombay Division.

District	Taluka	As on 31-3-1963		As on 31-3-1964	
		Towns	Villages	Towns	Villages.
Thana	Dahanu	Dahanu Malyan	Masoli Vadkun(Part) Sarvali (Part)	Dahanu Malyan	Masoli Vadkun(Part) Sarvali(Part)
	Jawahar	Jawahar	Jawahar	Jawahar	
	Palghar	Palghar	Nawali	Palghar	Nawali
	Bessein	Sandor Bassein Virar	Girji Salili Diwanma Navghar Karadi Manikpur Mulgaon Naigaon Wadavali Agashi Sopara Bolinj Gas Gokhivare Kophrad Umrade Wathar Nale(Rajodi) Nawale Wagholi Nirmal Bhuigaon(B) Bhuigaon(K)	Sandor Bassein Virar	Girji Salili Diwanman Navghar Karadi Manikpur Mulgaon Naigaon Wadavali Agashi Sopara Polinj Gas Gokhivare Kophrad Umrade Wathar Nale(Rajodi) Nawale Wagholi Nirmal Bhuigaon(B) Bhuigaon(K)
	Dhivandi		Kaneri Nagaon Kamatghar	Dhivandi	Kaneri Nagaon Kamatghar Taloli Padgha Borivali
	Shahapur	-	Vashind	Shahapur	Vashind Asangaon Shahapur Khutghar Khatiyali Murbad
	Murbad				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Thana	Kalyan	Kalyan	Dadlapur	Kalyan	Dadlapur
		Ultasnagar	Raita	Ultasna-	Raita
				GRT	
		Dombivali	Kulgaon	Dombivali	Kulgaon
		Ambarnath		Ambarnath	Fajimalang
					(Vadi)
	Thana	Thana	Kolshet	Thana	Kolshet
			Manpanda (Part)		Manpanda (Part)
Kolaba	Karjat	Karjat	* Bhisegaon	Matheran,	Bhisegaon
	Neral	Neral		Neral	
	Panvel	Panvel		Panvel	Apte
					*Majiwada
					©Majiwada
					Kalkundra
					Gulsunda
					Kon
					Kasarbhat
					Pasaspe
					Shridon
					Sai
					Turade
	Uran		Uran		Change
					Jasai
			Kegaon		Kegaon
			Karanje		Karanje
			Mora		Mora
					Mulekhand
			Nagaon		Nagaon
	Alibag	Alibag	Pazari	Alibag	Pazari
		Ravande	Poyand	Ravande	Poyand
			Ambepur		Ambepur
			Akshi		Akshi
			Awas		Awas
			Chondhi		Chondhi
			Chawl		Chawl
					Chinchvali
					Charoi
			Dhokwade		Dhokawade
			Kihin		Kihin
			Mandava		Mandava
			Nagaon		Nagaon
					Palav
			Revas		Revas
			Saswane		Saswane
					Soral
			Thal		Thal
					Vaijali
			Varsoli		Varsoli
			Veshvi		Veshvi
			Zirad		Zirad
	Pen	Pen		Pen	Antora
					Famrapur
					Jile
			Uchade		Uchade
			Vadkhal		Vadkhal
			Washi		Washi

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Sulhgad	-		Pali	-	Pali
Roha	Roha Ashtani		Nagothana Pai Kolad Arbewadi Varasgaon Balap Khilli Khamb Kokban	Roha, Ashtani	Nagothana Pai Kolad Arbewadi Varasgaon Balap Khilli Khamb Kokban Nadavali Eotha Stirvali Tise Talvali
Murud				Murud (Janjira)	Dande T. Nandgaon Karnbeli Mazgaon Nandgaon Rajapuri Shighre Usaroli Valvati Vihoor
Malgaoon			Goregaon Ega Indapur Kandalgaon Lakhapale Mangaon Moraba Nizampur Tempale		Goregaon Indapur Kandalgaon Kashene Lakhapale Loneri Mangaon Morba Et Nizampur Ratwad Tempale Tele
Mahad	Mahad		Birwadi Dasgaon Vahoor	Mahad	Birwadi Chandave Dasgaon Rajewadi Vahoor Veer
Shrivardhan	Shriva- rdhan			Shriva- rdhan	Borli Dive-agar
Masala					Khangaon Mondodi
Poladpur					Poladpur

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Ratna- giri	Sawantwadi Vengurla	Sawantwadi Vengurla	- Dabhol Vetore Khanola	Sawantwadi Vengurla	- Dabhol Vetore Khanola Adeli
	Ratnagiri	Ratnagiri	Shirgaon Karle Mirya Hareheri	Ratnagiri	Shirgaon Karle Mirya Hareheri Mazgaon Kelye
	Chiplun	Chiplun Phophali	Kherdi Kond Phan- saone Shirgaon Pedhe Parasram Mundha	Chiplun Phophali	Kherdi Kand Phan- saone Shirgaon Fede Parasram Mundha
	Malvan Khed Kudal	Malvan Khed		Malvan Khed	Kudal Neruru Walwal Lanja
	Lanja Rajapur	Rajapur	Neruru Walwal Lanja	Rajapur	
	Dapoli Gohagar				Depoli Gohagar
Nasik	Igatpuri Malegaon	Igatpuri Malegaon Eavalgaon	Dabhodi	Igatpuri Malegaon Ravalgaon	Dabhodi
	Mandgaon	Man-nad		Manrad	
	Nasik	Bhagur Nasik city Deolali Camp		Bhagur Nasik city Deolali Camp	
	Nasik	Nasik Road Deolali			
	Sinnar	Sinnar			
	Yeola	Yeola			
	Niphad	Lasalgaon	Lenwad Pimpalgaon (E)	Niphad	Sarole

Tasik			Ozar Nandurdi		Chandori Ugaon Kasbe Sukne Palkhed Lonwadi Kumbher Dixi Gorthan Ahergaon Shirwadi Pimpri Khadak Malegaon Davalwadi Datyeave Karguli Ranwad Pimpalgaon(B) Ozar Nandurdi
	Sinnar	Sinnar		Sinnar	Vavi Nadgaon
	Chandor Dimdore	Chandor	Vadheer	Chandor	Vadneer Jaulke
	Yeola	Yeola	-	Yeola	-
Dhulia	Dhulia Nandurbar	Dhulia	Khandhar Khandhar	Dhulia	Khandhar Khandhar
	Shirapur	Shirapur	-	Shirapur	
	Simkhede	Dondaicha		Dondiacha	
	Shahade	Shahade		Shahade	
	Jalgaon	Amalner	Nanded	Amalner	Nanded Savkhede Patonda
	Bhadgaon				Bhadgaon
	Bhusaval	Bhusaval	Sakegaon Varangaon Badwad Acheगाon		Sakegaon Varangaon Badwad Acheगाon Pimpalgaon(B) Pimpalgaon Nargaon Salsinghi Susari Shelwad Bhankhede Sakri Anjansond Fekri

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Jalgaon	Chalisgaon	Chalisgaon	Hathale Waghude Sakadi Ranjangaon	Chalisgaon	Hathale Waghude Sakadi Ranjangaon
	Chopde	Chopde	Vele Akhatwade	Chopde	Vele Akhatwade Akulkhede Chardi
	Edlabad		Kurba Nadhode Edlabad Kothale Changdeo Hartale Chodasgaon		Kurba Vadhode Edlabad Kothale Changdeo Hartale Chodasgaon Mehum Salbardi Parambi Chincholi
	Eronda	Dharangaon Erandoni	Salva Ratwad	Dharangaon Erandoni	Salava Ratwad Toli Lakakoti
	Jalgaon	Jalgaon	Pimprale Manurabad Asode Badli Tarsod Nasirabad	Jalgaon	Pimprale Manurabad Asode Badli Tarsod Nasirabad
	Jambar				Jamber
	Pachora	Pachora		Pachora	
	Parole	Parole	Bahadur-	Parole	Bahadurpur
	Raver	Sawada	Kachoor (BK) Kachoor (RH) Razode Vaghode(BK) Sawada(R) Chinawal Ninbora(KH) Dasnoor Vaghod(Kh) Maskavad(BK) Maskavad(Sin) Vivare(BK) Vivare(Kh) Vaghod	Sawada Raver Razode	Kachoor(BK) Kachoor(KH) Vaghode(BK) Sawada(R) Chinawal Ninbora(KH) Dasnoor Vaghod(Kh) Maskavad(BK) Maskavad(Sin) Vivare(BK) Vivare(Kh) Vaghod

18 conti...

-(Page 70)-

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Jalgaon	Raver		Khorode		Khorode Karjot Singhoor Khamapur Khirdi Balwadi Ainpur Thorgavan Nimbhod Abirwadi Tandalwadi KKhiroda Rasalpur Vilve Rembote Nandurkhede Vadgaon Morgaon Bhirwad Sangave Bhokari Rever (R) Khirwad
Yewal	Faizpur Yawal		Bamnod Amode Bhalod Sangavi Padalse Kothare Atraval	Faizpur Yawal	Bamnod Amode Bhalod Sangavi Padalse Kothare Atravali Nhavi Hamborai Hingone Chimode

Table 19

Statement showing Employment Exchange Statistics in Bombay Division.

Item	Thana			Kolaba			Ratnagiri			Nasik		
	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64
Registrations	14020	17757	18609	2893	3225	3621	4045	5453	5062	13616	14565	13964
Vacancies Notified	2238	2012	2143	1120	1128	1334	1102	1542	2562	3000	3547	4272
Placements	1123	1434	1712	576	551	547	666	720	1009	2448	2473	2567
Number on Live Register at the end of the year	6603	7720	9470	1527	1534	1828	2599	3383	3281	14492	16997	14704
				Dhulia			Jalgaon			Divn. Total		
				61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64
Regi.				6361	7714	7292	9730	13192	16144	50665	61906	64692
Vacancies notified				1165	1555	1510	1480	2104	1981	10105	11888	13802
Placements				838	1074	1244	913	956	1310	6564	7208	8389
Number of Live Reg. at the end of the year.				3012	3969	3139	5517	9787	13806	33750	43390	46228

Source: District Statistical Abstract,
District Employment Offices.

T. A. B. L. E. N. O. 20.

Statement showing Cooperative Societies in Bombay Division.

S. No.	Type of Societies	Year	Name of Districts.							DIV. TOTAL.
			THANA	KOLABA	RATNAGIRI	NASIK	BEULIA	JALGAON	9		10
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
<u>Agricultural Credit Societies.</u>										
1. Number of Societies	01-02	727	485	705	952	768	847	4484		
	02-03	753	517	609	973	762	860	4555		
	03-04	769	519	697	975	760	870	4590		
2. Number of Members	01-02	93000	54547	108609	97616	92612	123000	509444		
	02-03	96000	64234	119204	100829	96388	125825	608290		
	03-04	100000	67742	129476	110721	96838	129721	634477		
3. Share capital (in '000' Rs.)	01-02	4300	2101	2373	10820	9052	12339	41291		
	02-03	4347	2551	3098	12847	11194	13897	47937		
	03-04	4975	3028	3448	15008	12771	15738	55028		
4. Working capital (in '000' Rs.)	01-02	22008	8627	10002	45207	41010	52959	180421		
	02-03	24070	32015	17001	54712	44734	60126	210247		
	03-04	30017	11080	20949	62864	48509	61086	235105		
5. Loans advanced	01-02	8918	6136	7437	33264	31280	37404	124439		
	02-03	11157	5935	9096	40177	29158	37507	133030		
	03-04	15125	7624	11070	40966	31259	428458	148502		
6. Reserved and other funds Rs. 000	01-02	1376	184	662	2372	3488	5726	14008		
	02-03	910	223	939	2799	3642	6436	14949		
	03-04	1387	286	1015	3378	4146	7133	17347		

Contd...

T A B L E N O . 20.

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Non-Agricultural Credit Societies									
1. No. of societies.	C1-C2	101	27	32	81	32	61	334	
	C2-C3	111	28	31	88	32	61	351	
	C3-C4	116	29	32	92	33	61	333	
2. No. of Members	C1-C2	53000	10372	22303	30300	29689	29689	148153	
	C2-C3	51000	12067	22554	21574	12860	30561	150622	
	C3-C4	28050	11473	27304	22999	14385	32148	136351	
3. Share capital (in '000 Rs.)	C1-C2	822	1246	1207	5030	1171	2349	11825	
	C2-C3	1005	1088	1244	5620	1279	2538	12785	
	C3-C4	1179	1658	1338	4965	1479	2706	13385	
4. Working capital (-do-)	C1-C2	4693	5421	16096	14585	7310	22967	68837	
	C2-C3	4948	5412	11194	14585	7075	24003	68617	
	C3-C4	6052	5956	13863	15205	6790	24932	72798	
5. Loans advanced in (-do-)	C1-C2	1155	4544	10179	23527	8949	35360	83714	
	C2-C3	1637	5619	8460	30344	9090	34075	98833	
	C3-C4	2529	8049	11610	61266	12236	33492	129782	
6. Reserved and other funds (-do-)	C1-C2	994	773	1115	651	609	2047	7111	
	C2-C3	1242	820	1225	272	1374	2199	7141	
	C3-C4	1385	871	1330	647	642	23344	7619	

(Page No. 73)

Contd...

T A B L E NO. 20 Contd.....

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
III) Agricultural Non-Credit Societies									
1. No. of societies	61-62	44	42	42	87	215	77	507	
	62-63	46	67	45	101	256	77	594	
	63-64	51	75	42	117	299	87	671	
2. No. of Members	61-62	22000	6906	6314	24340	15697	18545	93004	
	62-63	27000	6265	6347	39109	18576	17592	114951	
	63-64	31000	5508	7509	53510	26241	17737	135005	
3. Share capital (in '000' Rs.)	61-62	3243	575	367	7761	2135	47	14148	
	62-63	3430	838	566	8534	2642	62	16082	
	63-64	3992	940	654	10269	2916	75	18868	
4. Working capital (-do-)	61-62	6213	1290	1737	16245	7701	382	35673	
	62-63	9632	1911	2359	42717	9798	379	66796	
	63-64	11221	2756	3524	61191	11062	222	89976	
5. Loans advanced in (-do-)	61-62	10167	65	-	1751	560	-	12543	
	62-63	8556	472	110	8506	441	2	15067	
	63-64	12906	482	97	8657	619	10	22740	
6. Reserved and other Funds	61-62	984	78	83	1285	1112	209	3751	
	62-63	993	79	67	1636	1246	252	4297	
	63-64	6224	107	92	2283	1572	277	19557	

T A B L E NO.20 Contd...

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Grand Tot.
IV. Non Agricultural Non-Credit Societies.											
1. No. of Societies	61-62	272	192	173	430	233	29	1375	6700		
	62-63	300	104	172	392	255	29	1252	6762		
	63-64	329	109	162	412	262	28	1342	6976		
2. No. of members	61-62	30,000	14934	14080	29400	10547	3053	112214	928615		
	62-63	34,000	17051	17167	27611	21130	3006	120565	994428		
	63-64	35,000	18177	20252	34430	24769	3647	136281	1044712		
3. State capital	61-62	1380	1000	470	1449	1795	120	6830	74094		
	62-63	2126	2344	642	1967	1947	121	9147	85846		
	63-64	2303	3179	646	2065	2309	68	11460	100741		
4. Working capital (in '000')	61-62	4936	12750	1628	6536	6281	1625	35784	320715		
	62-63	7021	14034	1651	10467	4708	1641	40124	385704		
	63-64	6420	20515	2227	13877	6026	2026	53151	450980		
5. Loans advanced (-do-)	61-62	-	6245	-	1	37	6	8289	228985		
	62-63	691	7239	171	176	35	72	7647	251767		
	63-64	103	6621	161	302	21	3	7911	307017		
6. Reserve and c/f Funds	61-62	1934	297	244	1440	497	560	5271	30141		
	62-63	2713	334	253	2011	672	962	7150	33528		
	63-64	2099	421	412	1761	896	124	6654	42377		

Source:- Divisional Joint Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Bombay.

T A B L E NO. 21

Statement showing the Cooperative Societies in the Districts of Bombay Division.

Sr. No.	I T E M S	Year	D I S T R I C T S							DIVISIONAL TOTAL
			THAN.	KOLADA	RATNAGIRI	NASIK	ENULIA	JALGAON		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	No. of Societies	61-62	1144	746	952	1551	1286	1014	6700	
		62-63	1212	716	936	3155	1305	1027	6762	
		63-64	1265	732	953	1606	1374	1046	6936	
2.	No. of Members (in '000')	61-62	1.98	0.87	1.51	1.71	1.41	1.76	9.24	
		62-63	2.06	0.99	1.63	1.95	1.49	1.79	9.74	
		63-64	1.94	1.03	1.64	22.22	1.56	1.84	10.45	
3.	Share capital (Rs. in Lakhs)	61-62	97.59	55.22	44.48	250.80	147.53	145.35	740.94	
		62-63	109.06	66.41	55.50	269.74	170.08	166.08	836.46	
		63-64	124.49	80.08	62.86	329.07	195.73	186.77	1087.41	
4.	Working capital (-do-)	61-62	386.53	280.26	294.63	823.36	630.00	779.43	3297.15	
		62-63	436.77	318.57	322.68	1224.81	671.15	667.49	3857.84	
		63-64	557.20	403.07	403.63	1661.37	723.67	688.06	4509.80	
5.	Loans advanced (-do-)	61-62	202.40	189.90	176.16	585.43	406.26	427.70	2269.85	
		62-63	213.51	194.56	175.37	622.05	393.32	755.86	2517.67	
		63-64	286.62	233.46	229.58	1112.71	441.35	759.63	3970.17	
6.	Reserve and other Funds	61-62	56.68	13.31	23.04	64.66	62.00	65.42	301.41	
		62-63	56.60	14.63	25.10	67.20	71.35	96.40	3435.37	
		63-64	110.95	16.69	26.49	83.91	74.50	109.97	423.77	

Source:- Divisional Joint Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bombay.

Table No. 22.

Statement showing the Banking offices in Bombay Division.

Districts	Year	No. of Towns and villages having the offices.	Scheduled Banks	Cooperative Banks	Others	Total Banks.
Thana	1962	14	20	16	1	37
	1963	15	22	17	1	40
	1964	16	27	18	1	46
Kolaba	1962	9	10	8	1	19
	1963	12	10	12	-	22
	1964	14	11	16	-	27
Ratnagiri	1962	17	23	17	-	40
	1963	18	22	22	-	44
	1964	19	22	23	-	45
Nasik	1962	25	26	29	-	55
	1963	28	25	34	-	59
	1964	30	25	36	-	61
Dhulia	1962	22	10	26	-	36
	1963	25	10	29	-	39
	1964	29	10	34	-	44
Jalgaon	1962	43	12	50	-	62
	1963	45	13	51	-	64
	1964	45	13	51	-	64
Divn. Total	1962	130	101	146	2	249
	1963	143	102	165	1	268
	1964	153	108	178	1	287

Source:- Banks in India 1962 Reserve Bank of India Bombay.

-(Page 77)-

Table No. 23

Joint Stock Companies at work as on 31st March 1962, 1963 and 1964 in Bombay Divn.

Name of the District	Year	Companies limited by shares		Companies limited by gaurantee and Associations for profit		Total
		Public	Private	Public	Private	
Thana	1962	4	22	4	1	31
	1963	3	23	4	1	31
	1964	3	23	4	1	31
Kolaba	1962	5	5	-	-	10
	1963	5	5	-	-	10
	1964	5	5	-	-	10
Ratnagiri	1962	-	-	-	-	-
	1963	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-
Nasik	1962	9	18	1	1	29
	1963	9	17	2	2	30
	1964	8	17	2	2	29
Dhulia	1962	4	4	-	-	8
	1963	4	4	-	-	8
	1964	4	4	-	-	8
Jalgaon	1962	8	18	3	-	29
	1963	7	18	3	-	28
	1964	7	18	3	-	28
Divl. Total	1962	30	67	8	2	107
	1963	28	67	9	3	107
	1964	27	67	9	3	106

Source:- Research and Statistics Division - Department of Company Law Administration Government of India.

Table No. 24

Statement showing Insurance Statistics in Bombay Division.

District	Year	No. of Insurance policies issued	Amount issued (in '000Rs.)
Thana	1962	7536	25953
	1963	8552	27618
	1964	14185	44777
Kolaba	1962	NA	NA
	1963	3478	9789
	1964	3501	10657
Ratnagiri	1962	4025	10481
	1963	487	11762
	1964	4425	11325
Nasik	1962	6495	25681
	1963	487	11
	1963	6681	28409
	1964	6324	28132
Dhulia	1962	4453	19000
	1963	4634	20700
	1964	4300	20200
Jalgaon	1962	7437	25727
	1963	8563	27953
	1964	8590	27508
Divisional Total	1962	30122	109842
	1963	34185	126227
	1964	39331	142599

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 25

Statement showing small saving in Bombay Division (in '000 Rs.)

Name of the District	Year	Gross collection	withdrawal	Net collection
Thana	1961-62	23850	17904	7946
	1962-63	24632	17232	7400
	1963-64	25798	15862	9936
Kolaba	1961-62	6303	4627	1683
	1962-63	6869	4803	2066
	1963-64	7151	5129	2025
Ratnagiri	1961-62	11264	7393	3871
	1962-63	11874	8542	3332
	1963-64	12666	9471	3195
Nasik	1961-62	17272	14315	2919
	1962-63	16208	14597	1611
	1963-64	16100	14208	1892
Dhulia	1961-62	10091	7709	2382
	1962-63	8054	7870	138
	1963-64	775	679	924
Jalgaon	1961-62	13814	9021	4843
	1962-63	12304	11674	630
	1963-64	11519	9484	2035
Divisinal Total	1961-62	82604	58960	23644
	1962-63	79901	64724	15177
	1963-64	80952	60945	20007

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 26

Statement showing receipts of excise revenue Sales Tax and Entertainment-Tax
: Bombay Division (in Rs.)

Name of the Dist.	Year	Receipts of Excise Revenue	Receipts of Sales Tax	Receipts of Entertainment-Tax
Thana	1961-62	142214	353239	696244
	1962-63	1591988	4058219	885922
	1963-64	113071	6589127	1142627
Kolaba et	1961-62	41858	316449	756104
	1962-63	82424	350199	123071
	1963-64	138352	404825	140665
Ratnagiri	1961-62	125312	553941	86117
	1962-63	158309	564038	109
	1963-64	168841	598753	3343
Nasik	1961-62	160417	2636404	637732
	1962-63	209176	2620350	760716
	1963-64	134622	3077432	936087
Dhulia	1961-62	9197	2082692	335764
	1962-63	10251	2903030	652131
	1963-64	7972	3083316	1169018
Jalgaon	1961-62	25117	3311578	498819
	1962-63	31145	3381605	668377
	1963-64	20820	4119950	793928
Divisional Total	1961-62	504215	10154333	2245035
	1962-63	591293	13877444	3090326
	1963-64	583778	17873403	4185668

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 27

Statement showing Land Revenue Collections in Bombay Division (in 1000 Rs.)

District	Land Revenue							
	Demand	Collections	Areas	Demand	Collections	Areas	Demand	Collection
	1961-62			1962-63			1963-64	
Thana	2370	2307	63	2570	2502	69	3251	3120
Kolaba	2601	2448	253	3185	2934	251	3163	2934
Ratnagiri	1683	1636	47	1944	1895	49	2106	2059
Nasik	2141	1912	229	2108	1934	174	2282	1847
Dhulia	3175	2954	221	3896	3751	145	4190	3914
Jalgaon	4969	4927	42	5990	5941	49	7024	6960
Divisional Total	16939	16184	755	19693	18957	736	22016	20834

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

(Page No.82)

Table No. 28

Statement showing No. of documents Registered and Value of Property
Transferred in Bombay Division.

Name of the Dist.	Year	No. of documents registered	Value of property transferred (Rs. in lakh)
Thana	1961	4706	93.48
	1962	5635	165.92
	1963	6846	180.76
Kolaba	1961	4817	49.15
	1962	4954	48.80
	1963	6678	60.35
Ratnagiri	1961	5209	31.60
	1962	8216	26.52
	1963	11133	29.30
Nasik	1961	18458	205.87
	1962	18364	231.40
	1963	27294	266.24
Dhulia	1961	11595	180.18
	1962	7978	140.39
	1963	10025	141.00
Jalgaon	1961	62593	832.38
	1962	19162	311.14
	1963	25903	338.51
Divisional Total	1961	62593	832.38
	1962	64313	924.17
	1963	87879	1016.36

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

Table NO.29

Medical facilities available in Bombay Division.

Items	Unit	Thana			Kolaba			Ratnagiri			Nasik		
		1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963
1. No. of Hospitals	No.	5	5	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	4
2. No. of Maternity Homes	No.	17	20	20	5	5	5	9	9	9	14	14	16
3. No. of Dispensaries	No.	35	37	38	25	28	30	18	19	19	25	25	25
4. No. of Primary health centres.	No.	15	15	15	30	30	31	10	17	26	8	9	17
5. No. of Doctors	No.	67	70	73	38	40	44	39	47	47	52	53	58
6. No. of Nurses (incl. midwives)	No.	17	189	189	50	61	68	104	117	124	117	212	233
7. No. of Beds													
a) Males	No.	194	210	214	76	84	95	378	417	465	415	417	429
b) Females	No.	251	272	276	101	116	129	253	263	288	190	198	249
Total	No.	445	482	490	177	200	224	631	680	753	605	615	678
8. No. of indoor patients													
a) Males	No.	6010	5348	7428	1801	1431	1377	4154	4163	4667	7153	5887	6163
b) Females	No.	8080	10217	10074	1370	1111	1183	5614	5432	6872	8299	8024	10087
c) Children	No.	3732	6122	5841	603	680	719	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	5700	3662	6937
Total	No.	17822	21687	23343	3774	4136	15559	9768	9595	11539	20552	17513	23187
9. No. of outdoor patients.													
a) Males	No.	117579	148635	163358	117613			99228	114029	98988	96851		142189
					137484	159954						123253	
b) Females	No.	93361	148128	154051	67030			90939	100073	99539	80548	93347	
					92707	107067							130859
c) Children	No.	132606	173992	693762	43010	54052	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	98460			154618
					59531						140301		
Total	No.	343946	472055	51117	316471			190167	214102		195800		427776
					289722					198527		356301	

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

Contd... 29

Medical facilities available in Bombay Division

Items	Unit	Dhulia			Jalgaon			Divn. Total		
		1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963
1. No. of Hospitals	No.	1	1	1	2	2	2	21	21	21
2. No. of Maternity Homes	No.	-	-	-	1	1	1	46	49	51
3. No. of Dispensaries	No.	2	2	2	54	54	54	159	165	168
4. No. of Primary health centres	No.	8	10	11	7	14	17	78	85	116
5. No. of Doctors	No.	48	50	51	28	29	33	272	289	306
6. No. of Nurses (incl. midwife)	No.	56	64	72	68	104	132	412	747	818
7. No. of Beds.										
a) Males	No.	82	90	94	170	184	203	1315	1402	1500
b) Females	No.	110	119	125	187	221	286	1092	1189	1353
Total	No.	192	209	219	367	405	489	2407	2591	2853
8. No. of indoor Patients										
a) Males	No.	2599	1994	2359	3427	4707	3768	25153	23533	25762
b) Females	No.	2630	3740	2784	4219	6068	4859	30232	34592	25772
c) Children	No.	1599	2185	2118	1951	2506	3200	12985	15159	18185
Total	No.	6848	7919	7261	9597	13281	11825	68370	73284	69719
9. No. of outdoor patients										
a) Males	No.	103969	110747	124925	93198	95603	96659	648309	409786	786073
b) Females	No.	82144	76359	88107	63344	67527	71522	503444	552464	554855
c) Children	No.	303165	136771	137023	83249	97463	79183	490898	593537	638738
Total	No.	117052	323877	350055	239791	260593	249364	164265	1855787	1979666

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

(Page No. 65)

Table No. 30

District Statistics of Primary Schools in Bombay Division

District	Year	No. of institutions	No. of pupils			No. of teachers.
			Boys	Girls	Total	
Thana	1961-62	1774	115440	72444	187884	4451
	1962-63	1836	118781	74407	193188	5014
	1963-64	1873	124267	78830	203097	5203
Kolaba	1961-62	1408	99300	51118	141418	3647
	1962-63	1462	92453	52870	145323	3843
	1963-64	1513	96073	56174	152247	4219
Ratnagiri	1961-62	2645	169943	114838	284781	6937
	1962-63	2653	172619	115780	288399	6676
	1963-64	2670	178583	119652	298235	7235
Nasik	1961-62	1700	142420	85500	227970	5344
	1962-63	1727	139908	78550	218458	5550
	1963-64	1745	148625	84813	233438	5974
Dhulia	1961-62	1220	102942	53905	156847	4188
	1962-63	1285	106405	58679	165084	4349
	1963-64	1411	109134	58282	167416	4577
Jalgaon	1961-62	1469	160985	95782	256767	5861
	1962-63	1498	170617	102516	273133	6209
	1963-64	1529	181408	110654	292062	6681
Total for the Division.	1961-62	10216	782030	473637	1255657	30428
	1962-63	10461	800783	482802	1283585	31641
	1963-64	10741	836436	507347	1346495	33889

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 30 Contd...

Statistics of Secondary Schools in Bombay Division.

District	Year	No. of institutions	Pupils			No. of teachers.
			Boys	Girls	Total	
Thana	1961-62	94	25781	13020	38751	1520
	1962-63	104	28415	14847	43262	1686
	1963-64	113	31284	17081	48365	1831
Kolaba	1961-62	42	8673	3097	11770	475
	1962-63	48	9672	3523	13195	546
	1963-64	61	10518	3915	14433	614
Ratnagiri	1961-62	116	17760	5669	23429	1045
	1962-63	136	19896	6690	26586	1182
	1963-64	141	22622	7962	30584	1295
Nasik	1961-62	100	29368	8779	38147	1400
	1962-63	106	33971	10449	44420	1640
	1963-64	119	38297	11962	50259	1861
Dhulia	1961-62	66	15498	2955	18453	745
	1962-63	71	17520	3652	21172	845
	1963-64	77	19235	4245	23480	895
Jalgaon	1961-62	177	30553	6814	37367	1338
	1962-63	130	34474	8223	42697	1567
	1963-64	136	37919	9466	47385	1773
Total for the Division	1961-62	535	127583	40334	167917	6523
	1962-63	595	143948	47384	191332	7466
	1963-64	647	159875	54631	214506	8260

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 30 (Contd.)

No. of Colleges in Bombay Division for the year 1962-63, 1963-64.

District	Year	No. of In-stitutes.	Boys	Girls	Total	Teachers.
Thana	1961-62	1	-	57	57	9
	1962-63	1	75	38	113	14
	1963-64	1	289	86	375	14
Kolaba	1961-62	2	203	58	261	26
	1962-63	2	363	98	461	39
	1963-64	2	441	154	595	60
Ratnagiri	1961-62	3	492	155	647	51
	1962-63	3	653	202	855	59
	1963-64	3	724	238	962	63
Nasik	1961-62	3	1635	219	1854	N.A.
	1962-63	3	1683	293	1976	94
	1963-64	4	1869	372	2241	110
Dhulia	1961-62	4	1024	99	1123	89
	1962-63	5	1331	108	1439	110
	1963-64	5	1630	153	1783	129
Jalgaon	1961-62	4	2261	180	2441	125
	1962-63	4	2887	236	3123	144
	1963-64	5	3329	334	3663	169
Total for the Division	1961-62	17	5615	768	6383	300
	1962-63	18	6992	975	7967	460
	1963-64	20	8282	13337	9619	545

Source:- District Statistical Abstract

(Page No. 88)

Table No. 20 (Contd..)

Special School in Bombay Division for the year 1962-63 and 1963-64

District	Institutions		Students				Total	
	1962-63	1963-64	Boys		Girls		1962-63	1963-64
			1962-63	63-64	1962-63	1963-64		
Thana	34	30	637	687	-	-	637	687
Kolaba	12	9	179	111	12	15	191	126
Ratnagiri	32	20	1507	1305	369	588	1876	1893
Nasik	48	39	2883	900	2613	818	5496	1718
Dhulia	19	19	3496	1579	161	117	3657	1696
Jalgaon	34	20	2743	1647	204	224	2947	1871
Total for the Division.	179	137	11445	6229	3359	1762	14804	7991

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 31

List of late colleges in Bombay Division as on
31-3-1964.

District	Taluka	Name of the institution
Thana	Kalyan	1) Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Colleges of Arts, Science and Commerce.
	Alibag	2) Jant. Shikshan Mandal's Colleges of Arts, Science and Commerce.
Ratnagiri	Ratnagiri	1) R.P. College, Ratnagiri.
	Sawantwadi	2) Shri Pancham Khemraj Mahavidyalay, Sawantwado-
	Vengurla	1) Balasahéb Khardekar College, Vengurla. 2) Govt. Polytechnic and Civil Electrical Mechanical, Ratnagiri.
	Nasik	1) Hansraj Prajali Thakrsy College of Arts and Science. 2) Bhikusa Yamasa Kshatriya College of Commerce (Nasik) 3) Arts and Commerce.
	Malegaon	4) Maharaj Sayajirao Gaikwad's College of Arts, Science and Commerce.
Dhulia	Nandurbar	1) S.T.C. Institutes, Nandurbar.
	Shirpur	2) S.P.D..M. Arts and Science College.
	Dhulia	3) Govt. Basic Train of College for Men (Dhulia)
		4) S.S.V.P. Sanstha's Agar Primary Trq. College, Dhulia.
		5) S.S.V.P. Sanstha's S.T.C. Dhulia
		6) Graduate Basic Trag. Institutions, Dhulia.
		7) S.S.V.P. Sanstha's Arts, Science and Commerce College, Dhulia.
		8) Govt. Politechnic.
		9) Dhulia Education Society's Insitute for S.T.C. Dhulia.
Jalgaon	Faizpur	1) Arts & Commerce College, Faizpur.
	Chalisgaon	2) Arts & Commerce College, Chalizgaon
	Amalner	3) Batap College, Amalner.
	Jalgaon	4) M.J. Arts and Science College, Jalgaon.
	Bhusawal	5) Arts & Commerce College, Bhusawal
Total colleges in Division.		24

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.
Regional Deputy Director of Education, Poona.

Table 32

Railway Milage in the District of Bombay Division as on 31st March

District	Year	Railway Milage			Total Railway Milage
		Broad Guage	Meter Guage	Narrow guage	
Thana	1963	131	-	-	131
	1964	131	-	-	131
Kolaba	1963	34	-	13	47
	1964	34	-	13	47
Ratnagiri	1963	nil	nil	nil	nil
	1964	nil	nil	nil	nil
Nasik	1963	200	16	-	216
	1964	200	16	-	216
Dhulia	1963	172	-	-	172
	1964	172	-	-	172
Jalgaon	1963	296	-	54	350
	1964	296	-	54	350
Total for the Division	1963	833	16	67	916
	1964	833	16	67	916

Source: Dist. Statistical Abstract,
Railway Authorities.

Table (33)

Railway Stations in the Districts of Bombay Division
as on 31/3/64.

District :	Taluka :	Railway Stn.:	Rly. Zone :	Tract :	Remarks
Thana	I. Dahanu	Vangaon	Western Rly.	Bombay Surat, Baroda Mathura-Delhi.	
	2. Dahanu Rd.	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	3. Golwad	-do-	-do-	-do-	
३३	II. Palghar	Saphala	-do-	-do-	
	2. Melwa Rd.	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	3. Palghar	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	4. Baisar	-do-	-do-	-do-	Sub
	III. Bassein	1. Naigaon	-do-	-do-	Sub
	2. Bassein Rd.	-do-	-do-	-do-	sub
	3. Nala Sopara	-do-	-do-	-do-	sub
	4. Virar	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	Iv. Shahapur	1. Washind	Central Rly.	North East Main line.	
	2. Asangaon	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	3. Atgaon	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	4. Khardi	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	5. Khasara	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	Iv. Kalyan	1. Dombivali	-do-	-do-	sub
	2. Thakurli	-do-	-do-	-do-	sub
	3. Kalyan	-do-	-do-	S. East Main line	
	4. Shahad	-do-	-do-	N. East Main line	
	5. Titwala	-do-	-do-	N. East Main line	
	6. Khardiwali	-do-	-do-	N. East Main line	
	7. Vithalwadi	-do-	-do-	South East Main line.	Sub
	8. Ulhasnagar	-do-	-do-	-do-	Sub
	9. Ambernath	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	10. Badlapur	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	11. Wangani	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	Vi. Thana.	12. Thana	-do-	S. East Main line	
				N. East Main line	
	2. Kalwa	-do-	-do-	-do-	sub
	3. Mumbra	-do-	-do-	-do-	sub
	4. Diva	-do-	-do-	-do-	sub
	5. Mira Rd.	Western Rly.	-do-	-do-	sub
	6. Bhayander.	Western Rly.	-do-	-do-	sub
Kolaba	1. Karjat	1. Neral	Central Rly.	S. East main line	
	2. Bhiwपुरi Rd.	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	3. Karjat	-do-	-do-	-do-	
	4. Palasdari	-do-	-do-	Karjat- Khopoli	Branch line
	5. Matheran	-do-	-do-	Neral Mathe- ran Line	

(Sub-Suburban Rail Station of Greater Bombay).

District	Taluka	Rl. Station	Rl. Zone	Tract	Remarks
Kolaba	1. Kelawali	Centrl Rly. S. East			
	2. Khalapur	1. Kelawali	Centrl Rly.	Karjat-Khopo.	Branch line
		2. Dotavi	-do-	-do-	
		3. Howjee	-do-	-do-	
		4. Khopoli	-do-	-do-	
Nasik	I Chandor	1. Sumit	Central Rly.	N. East Main line	
	II Nandgaon	1. Manmad	-do-	-do-	
		2. Hisval	-do-	Branch line Dhond	
				Manmad Main line Poona	
				Manmad N. East main line	
		3. Panjhan	-do-	-do-	
		4. Nandgaon	-do-	-do-	
		5. Pimparkhed	-do-	-do-	
		6. Naydongri	-do-	-do-	
	III Nasik	1. Lahavit	-do-	-do-	
		2. Devlali	-do-	-do-	
		3. Nasik Rd.	-do-	-do-	
		4. Odha	-do-	-do-	
	IV Niphad	1. Kherwadi	-do-	-do-	
		2. Kashe Sukene	-do-	-do-	
		3. Niphad	-do-	-do-	
		4. Ugaon	-do-	-do-	
		5. Lasalgaon	-do-	-do-	
	V Yeola	1. Ankal	-do-	Dhond Manmad Branch	
		2. Yeola	-do-	line. Poona Manmad main	
				line. Dhond Manmad	
				Branch line. Poona	
		3. Nagarsol	-do-	Poona manmad M. line	
		4. Tarur	-do-	-do-	
	VI Igatpuri	1. Igatpuri	-do-	N. East main line	
		2. Ghoti	-do-	-do-	
		3. Asvali	-do-	-do-	
Mulga	I. Nandurbar	1. Nandurbar	Wester Rly.	Surat Nandurbar-	
				Amalner-Bhusawal	
		2. Ramald	-do-	-do-	
		3. Dhekwad	-do-	-do-	
		4. Tighi	-do-	-do-	
	II. Sindkheda	1. Sindkheda	-do-	-do-	
		2. Hol	-do-	-do-	
		3. Betival	-do-	-do-	
		4. Narchava	-do-	-do-	
		5. Virdel Rd.	-do-	-do-	
		6. Dhondaicha	-do-	-do-	

Dist.	Taluka	Rl. Station.	Rl. Zone	Tract	Remarks	
Dhulia	III Nawapur	1. Khandhara	Western Railway: Surat			
					Nandurbar	
					Amalner	
					Bhusaval	
	Khatgaon	2. Khatgaon	-do-	-do-		
		3. Chichpada	-do-	-do-		
		4. Nawapur	-do-	-do-		
		5. Kolae	-do-	-do-		
IV	Dhulia	1. Dhulia.	Central Railway: Chalis Br-			
					gaon- anch	
					Dhulia line	
		2. Borvihir	-do-	-do-	-do-	
		3. Shirud	-do-	-do-		
Jalgaon	I Lower Yawal	1. Dushkeda	-do-		N.E. Main	
					Line.	
	Raver	2. Savda	-do-	-do-		
		3. Nimbhora	-do-	-do-		
		4. Raver	-do-	-do-		
		5. Waghoda	-do-	-do-		
II	Amalner	1. Padse	Western Railway: Surat			
					Nandurbar	
					Amalner	
					Bhusaval	
		2. Bhortek	-do-	-do-		
		3. Amalner	-do-	-do-		
III	Erandol	4. Takarkhede	-do-	-do-		
		1. Dharangaon	-do-	-do-		
		2. Chawalkhede	-do-	-do-		
		3. Paldhi	-do-	-do-		
IV	Jalgaon	1. Nhaswad	Central Railway: N.E. Main			
					Line.	
		2. Shirsoli	-do-	-do-		
		3. Jalgaon	-do-	-do-		
Jalgaon	Bhusaval	4. Bhadhi	-do-	-do-		
		1. Bhusaval	-do-	-do-		
		2. Varangaon	-do-	-do-		
		3. Achegaon	-do-	-do-		
		4. Bodwad	-do-	-do-		
VI	Bhadgaon	1. Kajgaon	-do-	-do-		
VII	Pachora	1. Nagardevia	-do-	-do-		
		2. Pardhade	-do-	-do-		
		3. Mahaji	-do-	-do-		
		4. Varkhedi	-do-	-do-	Pachora	
			Pimpalgaon	-do-	-do-	Jamner
VIII	Jamner	1. Pimpalgaon	-do-	-do-	Br. lin	
		2. Shendurni	-do-	-do-		
		3. Pahur	-do-	-do-		
		4. Bhagadaro	-do-	-do-		
IX	Chalisgaon	1. Rouini	-do-	-do-	N.E. Main	
					line.	
		2. Hirapur	-do-	-do-		
		3. Chalisgaon	-do-	-do-		
		4. Vaghli	-do-	-do-		
		5. Bhoras	-do-	-do-	Chalisgaon	
		6. Jawdha	-do-	-do-	Dhulia	
7. Rajwane	-do-	-do-				

Table 31

Statement showing length of road, according to Type of Surface in Bombay Division
(as on 31st March)

Sr.No.	District	Year	Cement concrete	Block topped	Type of surface			Total Milage	Remarks.
					Bound Ma- cadum	Granular Material	Natural soil		
1.	Thana	1962	62.80	181.36	695.08	N.A.	148.23	1087.47	Lower type roads are given.
		1963	67.02	170.97	668.49	N.A.	184.76	1091.24	
		1964	71.32	150.47	666.42	N.A.	184.56	1072.77	
2.	Kolaba	1962	116.98	71.06	469.97	405.21	4.00	1067.22	
		1963	113.76	82.29	491.58	401.21	8.00	1096.84	
		1964	113.76	97.04	812.77	755.56	8.00	1787.13	
3.	Ratnagiri	1962	67.33	62.20	1228.06	1237.77	234.70	2830.06	
		1963	90.44	94.83	1147.39	1166.97	222.86	2722.49	
		1964	105.79	140.56	1114.05	1152.72	222.86	2735.98	
4.	Nasik	1962	64.02	185.2	605.4	357.7	313.3	1525.8	
		1963	64.2	211.3	630.5	357.7	351.7	1621.4	
		1964	64.2	274.1	618.4	857.7	354.4	1668.8	
5.	Dhulia	1962	nil	239.98	353.25	N.A.	711.06	1304.29	
		1963	nil	268.45	312.19	N.A.	735.01	1315.65	
		1964	nil	290.28	279.36	N.A.	781.53	1351.17	
6.	Jalgaon	1962	18.38	111.87	511.50	793.49	270.63	1705.87	
		1963	20.13	164.37	471.62	803.62	244.88	1704.62	
		1964	20.13	164.37	471.62	803.62	244.88	1704.62	
Divisional Total	1962	329.69	851.67	3863.26	2794.17	1681.92	9520.71		
	1963	355.55	992.21	3721.77	2729.50	1747.21	9552.24		
	1964	375.20	1116.82	3962.62	3069.60	1796.23	10320.47		

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

(Page No.95)

Table No. 35

Number of Post Office, Telegraph Offices, Radio Licenses in Bombay Division.

District	Year	No. of Post Offices	No. of Telegraph phs.	No. of letter Boxes	No. of Postmen	No. of Telephone Offices	No. of tele-phones.	No. of Radio Licenses issued (including renewal)
Thana	1961-62	156	29	300	124	4	638	16836
	1962-63	170	33	420	194	5	914	29048
	1963-64	195	38	438	199	6	1419	25993
Kolaba	1961-62	168	27	492	107	3	294	1687
	1962-63	176	26	511	71	5	N.A.	2451
	1963-64	192	26	520	75	11	749	3013
Ratnagiri	1961-62	549	50	2331	213	19	347	3757
	1962-63	594	55	2333	273	22	388	4736
	1963-64	611	55	2385	297	23	502	5310
Nasik	1961-62	305	30	872	171	5	754	11739
	1962-63	327	35	860	170	7	827	15330
	1963-64	357	35	872	172	10	1013	14392
Dhulia	1961-62	176	17	291	94	11	538	5167
	1962-63	211	17	338	98	12	632	6944
	1963-64	208	18	346	68	12	639	8906
Jalgaon	1961-62	325	29	614	123	14	819	11978
	1962-63	353	29	634	121	14	907	13722
	1963-64	367	30	646	145	14	954	18762
Divisional Total	1961-62	1681	182	4880	832	54	3590	51164
	1962-63	1827	195	5090	927	65	3668	72231
	1963-64	1929	202	5207	956	76	5276	76367

Source:- District Statistical Abstract.

Table 36

Statement showing no. of Motor vehicles in operation in Bombay Division as on 1st January.

Sr. No.	Items	Unit	Thana Region			Nasik Region			Total for Division.		
			1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963
1.	Motor Cycles	No	142	186	248	1109	1596	1617	1251	1782	1865
2.	Motor Cabs	"	1205	1015	1188	1307	1361	1657	2512	2376	2845
3.	Taxi cabs	"	116	106	107	214	259	265	320	365	372
4.	Auto Rickshas	"	-	49	24	-	1	3	-	50	27
5.	Stage carried										
	i) Diesel Engine	"	nil	nil	nil	341	408	2	34	408	2
	ii) Petrol Engine	"	51	49	24	nil	-	-	51	49	24
6.	Lorries (Private carriers)										
	i) Petrol	"	82	182	154	11	11	49	93	193	203
	ii) Diesel	"	3	103	105	51	71	84	144	174	189
7.	Public Carriers										
	i) Petrol	"	785	994	999	526	434	446	1311	1428	1445
	ii) Diesel	"	1307	840	849	1326	1599	1691	1633	2439	2540
8.	Ambulance	"	4	5	4	10	10	11	14	15	15
9.	School Buses	"	4	8	7	8	4	8	12	12	13
10.	Private Carrier	"	8	12	32	2	9	9	10	21	41
11.	Trailors	"	94	27	47	3	154	195	124	181	242
12.	Trailors	"	76	22	38	29	216	276	105	238	314
13.	Others	"	80	21	42	121	203	280	129	224	322
	Total	"	2975	3580	3874	5085	6336	6601	8060	9916	10475

Source: Regional Transport Offices, Nasik and Thana.

(Page No. 97.)

Table 37.

Statistics relating to the Nationalised Road Transport in Bombay Division.

Items	Year	Districts					
		Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Dhulia	Jalgaon.
No. of Routs	1962	121	99	198	200	116	162
	1963	125	74	225	202	110	180
	1964	142	90	241	226	128	188
Route Milage	1962	1659.0	3882.0	9283	6144	3018	3265.0
	1963	1797.1	1508.4	10303	6308	3058	3571.5
	1964	1803.6	1914.1	10027	6714	3091	4493.8
Average Route distance	1962	13.3	39.2	46.9	30.0	28.2	20.2
	1963	14.3	20.2	45.6	30.7	27.9	19.7
	1964	12.6	21.1	41.6	31.7	24.1	22.5
Average service Milage per day	1962	17069	12728	18350	199929	9824	11205
	1963	18400	6875	21047	21060	10943	12169
	1964	19947	8515	25815	24360	12792	14885
No. of vehicles on road per day.	1962	165.0	111	149.3	169	752.2	952680
	1963	176.3	54	160.6	172	79.62	101.88
	1964	195.3	64	182.8	190	88.73	117.49
Average daily earnings.	1962	24300.00	25550	32782	34988	17546	19879.00
	1963	26055.70	11874	38828	36610	19000	21582.00
	1964	32896.00	14748	46017	44050	24434	27375.00
Average daily earnings per vehicles on road per day.	1962	147.30	224.30	219.50	203.00	233.32	207.77
	1963	148.56	219.88	241.70	210.00	238.65	211.83
	1964	168.09	239.43	251.80	223.00	275.38	232.98
No. of passenger travelled	1962	91800	23400	29056	48752	24198	33813
	1963	103124	18969	32687	52632	26512	37635
	1964	117603	18207	36853	62288	31399	46913

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

(Page No.98)

Table No. 38

Police Forces and Crimes Statistics in Bombay Division.

Districts	Year	No. of Sup- dts.	No. of Asstt. Sup- dts.	No. of Deputy Sup- dts.	No. of Inspe- ctors.	No. of Sub- Insp- ectors.	No. of Asstt. Sub- Inspe- ctors.	No. of Head Const- ables.	No. of consta- bles.	No. of cogni- zable crimes reported.	No. of Non cogniza- ble crimes reported.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thana	1961	2	1	2	8	66	-	496	1797	12497	22436
	1962	2	2	2	8	66	-	512	1797	12385	27141
	1963	2	-	3	10	71	-	616	2202	21308	30407
Kolaba	1961	-	1	-	30	1	-	238	820	NR	NR
	1962	-	-	1	26	-	-	244	813	NR	NR
	1963	-	-	1	30	-	-	270	863	NR	NR
Ratnagiri	1961	1	-	1	3	25	-	250	823	6524	3691
	1962	1	-	1	3	25	-	250	828	5797	3780
	1963	1	-	1	3	26	-	268	842	4974	4299
Nasik	1961	1	-	2	5	59	-	395	1641	10636	NA
	1962	1	1	2	5	59	-	420	1643	6922	10918
	1963	1	1	2	5	61	-	438	1670	7265	12353
Dhulia	1961	1	-	2	1	38	-	287	1024	7357	15364
	1962	1	-	2	1	38	-	287	1024	6380	11958
	1963	1	-	2	1	38	-	290	1048	6945	15471
Jalgaon	1961	1	1	1	6	38	-	342	1381	4282	8559
	1962	1	1	1	6	38	-	343	1382	4591	8278
	1963	1	1	1	6	38	-	359	1423	4781	9127
Divisional Total	1961	6	3	8	56	227	-	2008	7436	41296	50050
	1962	6	4	9	52	226	-	2056	7487	36075	62075
	1963	6	2	10	58	234	-	2241	8048	45273	71157

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

Table No. 39

Statement showing the number of cases decided in the Court in Bombay Division.

Districts	Year	I Civil				II Criminal			
		Original		Appellate		Original		Appellate	
		Regular	Miscellaneous	Regular	Misc.	Regular	Misc.	Regular	Misc.
Thana	1961	2830	774	343	27	64248	118	317	155
	1962	2717	2879	296	107	48435	-	363	139
	1963	2758	2938	280	114	66677	183	277	149
Kolaba	1961	1300	1318	188	23	6010	1529	167	66
	1962	949	1730	145	11	4344	4129	179	72
	1963	1044	1499	99	7	4289	3210	175	79
Ratnagiri	1961	908	280	181	172	5575	67	219	45
	1962	1024	182	81	8	4184	78	86	19
	1963	866	1097	131	14	3183	78	175	46
Nasik	1961	3790	622	394	43	54077	508	689	158
	1962	3563	606	586	46	70528	528	587	199
	1963	4034	562	634	50	71697	586	449	190
Dhulia	1961	5278	239	263	137	20341	1119	343	93
	1962	3095	2965	331	59	27860	-	189	79
	1963	3175	4731	504	68	15982	1753	125	82
Jalgaon	1961	3918	5768	328	84	16630	3299	326	93
	1962	4205	6702	555	92	19547	860	377	97
	1963	3948	5549	441	59	19633	496	334	129
Divisional Total	1961	18024	9001	1697	486	166871	6640	2061	610
	1962	17553	17064	1994	323	174007	5595	1781	605
	1963	15835	16356	2089	312	172451	6306	1535	675

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

Table 40

Statement showing statistics of Local bodies in Bombay Division

(Rs. in '000)

District	Year	Village Panchayats			Municipalities			Zilla Parishads		
		No.	Total Income	Total expenditure	No.	Total Income	Total expenditure	No.	Total Income	Total Expenditure
Thana	1961-62	775	1820	1455	8	6681	6557	-	-	-
	1962-63	788	2698	1673	8	7255	6911	1	14173	13683
	1963-64	788	4103	3725	8	9534	8645	1	19919	19075
Kolaba	1961-62	516	1812	1818	9	2264	1882	-	-	-
	1962-63	517	2624	2434	9	2089	2022	1	12247	11216
	1963-64	517	3789	3558	9	2436	2316	1	22900	16275
Ratnagiri	1961-62	881	1938	1791	7	2734	2638	-	-	-
	1962-63	881	3117	1984	7	3453	3572	1	18881	16560
	1963-64	889	5100	1157	7	3695	3318	1	22900	25406
Nasik	1961-62	661	3462	3516	11	12833	12724	-	-	-
	1962-63	689	3931	3572	11	15677	15003	1	22706	20218
	1963-64	709	6300	5228	11	14869	14150	1	56422	58806
Dhulia	1961-62	501	3032	3033	6	11719	9351	-	-	-
	1962-63	605	3590	3391	6	5459	4494	1	19160	14830
	1963-64	605	5883	4867	6	5777	3500	1	20692	21075
Jalgaon	1961-62	762	5439	5353	13	9645	9177	-	-	-
	1962-63	783	6154	5517	13	10568	9666	1	18120	1610
	1963-64	784	8353	6250	13	10846	9933	1	24376	2371
Divisional Total	1961-62	4100	17503	16966	54	45876	42329	-	-	-
	1962-63	4263	22114	18571	54	43511	1668	6	102307	78113
	1963-64	4282	32528	27985	54	47157	43662	6	159162	142968

Source: District Statistical Abstract.

(Page No. 101)

Table No. 41

Statement showing Presses, Journals and News Papers in Bombay Division.

Name of the Dist.	Number of printing presses.			Number of papers and journals published in the Division.																
	1961	1962	1963	Marathi			English			Other languages										
				Daily			Others			Daily			Others							
				61	62	63	61	62	63	61	62	63	61	62	63					
Thana	67	* 68	* 68	-	-	-	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	
Kolaba	21	24	25	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ratnagiri	27	* 31	* 32	-	-	-	13	15	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nasik	59	66	75	1	1	1	14	14	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
Dhulia	36	37	38	1	-	-	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Jalgaon	54	53	60	-	1	-	11	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Divisional Total	264	299	298	1	2	1	57	65	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	7

Source:- District publicity Officer and District Statistical Abstract

* Figures are provisional.

(Page No. 102)

Table No. 42

Community Development Programme of Maharashtra State year as on 31-3-64
Coverage

Number of District area in Square miles and Population (1951) of Block in
the Bombay Division.

Sr. No.	Name of the district	By CD/NES		Stage-1 Blocks and M.D. Projects		
		No. of Blocks of CPA pattern	No. of villages included	No. of towns included.	Population of villages and towns in (000)	Area Square miles
1.	Thana	20.75	1999	10	1108	3539.0
2.	Kolaba	17.00	1786	11	894	2708
3.	Ratnagiri	28.50	2593	-	1712	4984
4.	Nasik	22.75	2675	-	2223	5972
5.	Dhulia	19.00	1368	1	986	3274
6.	Jalgaon	21.50	1448	-	1244	4396
Divisional Total		109.00	8817	22	6578	23647.7

Source:- Bureau of Economics & Statistics, Bombay.
District Statistical Abstract.

(Page No.103)

T A B L E NO. 43.

Statement Showing Government expenditure under different Heads of Development by all Blocks in Bombay Division for the year 1961-62, 62-63, and 1963-64 (Figures in 000'Rs.)

Head of Development	THANA			KOLABA			RATNAGIRI		
	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All blocks of CPA Pattern	12.25	16.75	16.75	10.50	14.00	17.00	17.50	23.00	29.50
Project Head- quarter	532	662	807	447	618	645	566	892	803
Animal Husbandry & Agril. Extension	103	248	356	111	103	202	527	265	541
Irrigation & Recla- mation	534	449	626	519	419	639	578	335	443
Health & Rural Sanitation	173	272	352	192	223	347	277	276	442
Education	356	288	399	337	253	358	366	1300	390
Social Education	71	86	63	69	55	54	106	50	170
Communication	261	250	274	73	124	126	132	69	229
Rural Arts, Crafts & Industries	158	47	31	95	54	81	248	63	73
Housing including Rural Housing	196	137	57	97	126	130	305	154	83
Others including dispense etc.	40	273	55	31	107	35	171	101	162
Total	2804	2504	3356	1759	2012	2601	3264	2336	3336
Committed Expendi- ture	311	178	347	215	376	404	380	416	467

Table No. 43. Contd.....

Head of Development	Name of Districts.								
	N.SIK			DEULIA			JALGAON		
	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64	61-62	62-63	63-64
1. All of blocks of CFA	14.75	19.25	21.75	12.50	14.50	19.50		19.00	19.00
2. Project Headquarter	532	653	715	407	669	669	504	822	910
3. Animal Husbandry & Agril. Extension	101	126	195	97	248	450	579	309	443
4. Irrigation and Reclamation	388	564	1197	406	704	806	817	476	539
5. Health and Rural Sanitation	351	457	518	261	323	553	378	118	329
6. Education	282	289	364	145	240	219	207	189	216
7. Social Education	129	103	135	55	136	81	136	67	66
8. Communication	76	130	319	73	167	143	135	65	60
9. Rural Arts, Crafts and Industries	150	50	146	123	117	138	167	93	60
10. Housing including Rural Housing	142	70	132	129	170	172	105	154	129
11. Other including suspense etc.	432	322	68	33	36	6	49	51	23
Total	2570	2547	3722	1645	2825	2937	3177	2344	2770
Permitted Expenditure	284	438	497	272	435	437	301	267	501

Source: District Statistics. The Director, Bureau of Economics & Statistics, Bombay.
(Page No. 105).

T A B L E No. 44

Statement showing Progress of physical achievements under selected items in all blocks in the Bombay Division in the year 1961-62, 1962-63, 1963-64.

Sr. No.	Items	Year	THANA	KCLABA	RATNAGIRI	NASIK	DEUL'A	JALGAON
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Total No. of blocks	61-62	9	10	9	11	10	11
	Stage I, II, III and M.D.P) in the Dist.	62-63	11	12	12	14	11	12
		63-64	15	15	15	16	14	13
1.	Improved seeds B.M.D. distributed (excluding sugarcane)	61-62	13843	4131	12751	10601	25841	64267
		62-63	7048	4557	8361	17494	38908	71725
		63-64	16048	12728	12969	20190	73011	96340
2.	Fertilizer distribution (B.M.Ds.) including all chemical fertilisers oil cakes Mahure, Mixture but excluding green manure seed.)	61-62	121263	87212	76396	373772	117664	349973
		62-63	74539	57865	64046	289745	108945	450481
		63-64	148740	83352	173379	473599	199735	779253
3.	Redigree bulls (No.) supplied.	61-62	1	Nil	5	18	28	23
		62-63	4	11	4	53	62	39
		63-64	10	15	1	56	122	72
5.	Animals castrated	61-62	2308	1395	5572	2575	2673	10385
		62-63	2831	3001	6872	5959	4264	16147
		63-64	2282	2874	5686	6812	4845	22169
5.	Additional area brought under cultivation	61-62	951	571	998	5819	6714	5394
		62-63	635	1052	1414	10399	4182	4881
		63-64	1632	928	2815	18710	20790	13270
6.	Under permanent irrigation (Net)	61-62	-	-	-	-	-	596
		62-63	-	-	-	-	-	-
		63-64	-	-	-	-	-	-

T A B L E NO. 44 Contd....

1r. No.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
7. Area reclaimed (Acres)	C1-62	3374	977	1231	1574	177	-	
	C2-63	2485	3223	1273	1971	452	667	
	C3-64	2262	4350	2755	4185	2261	997	
8. Area Banded	C1-62	18033	23089	973	10094	16707	35352	
	C2-63	13745	27430	1389	52008	18727-43802	44552	
	C3-64	20121	31261	1247	83999	26950	55738	
9. Drinking water well Constructed (No.)	61-62	48	72	160	59	77	59	
	62-63	64	96	222 247	241 146	167	46	
	63-64	109	143	254	200	207	67	
10. Adults made Literate (NO)	61-62	1260	3909	2668	6592	5954	45717	
	62-63	3247	3102	2713	10357	18104	53450	
	63-64	3241	2657	9423	26345	20009	44841	
11. Libraries & read- ing room started (NO.)	61-62	65	43	42	18	28	84	
	62-63	96	27	21	62	60	84 12	
	63-64	53	27	54	80	66	16	
12. Youth Clubs Started (NO.)	61-62	84	156	163	155	26	96	
	62-63	144	176	88	141	105	108	
	63-64	22	37	66	56	132	35	
13. Farmers Union-co- started	61-62	241	313	5466	359	108	245	
	62-63	79	183	165	185	64	42	
	63-64	77	44	680	143	150	135	
14. Mahila Sanitec's started (NO.)	61-62	36	75	95	58	64	36	
	62-63	94	77	84	44	50	59	
	63-64	57	55	94	63	78	35	

T A B L E No. 44. Contd.

1	2	3	4	5				
15. Talwadis & Nurseries started	No.	61-62	15	25	34	15	23	28
		62-63	-	-	-	-	-	-
		63-64	19	36	29	25	61	21
16. New Kacha Road constructed (Furlongs)	61-62	131	227	1437	283	291	529	
	62-63	226	582	1444	319	583	270	
	63-64	271	260	2343	399	842	476	
17. New Paccā road -do- Constructed	61-62	70	-	73	168	62	471	
	62-63	151	90	296	124	62 110	80	
	63-64	731	43	712	139	4	1	
18. Existing Kachha roads improved (Furlongs)	61-62	98	274	1093	201	555	411	
	62-63	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	63-64	43	1480	2956	822	379	3648	
19. Existing Paccā road improved (Furlongs)	61-62	121	13	132	84	208	42	
	62-63	568	262	-	218 17	300	127	
	63-64	261	567	318	96	48	90	
20. School Buildings constructed (No.)	61-62	N.A.	39	42	25	35	54	
	62-63	88	53	64	25	39	34	
	63-64	60	62	42	28	21	10	
21. Primary Health centres constructed (rain centres & Sub-Centres to be shown separately)	61-62	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
	62-63	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
	63-64	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	

T A B L E NO. 44 - Contd...

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
22. Other Dispansaries & No-61-62				N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Mternity Homes Constq. 62-63				N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
				N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
23. People's Contribution (₹)	61-62	405.5		262.5	596.6	321.6	445.7	1656.1	
	62-63	147.8		290.1	392.0	423.9	389.6	422.4	
	63-64	767.2		819.5	1161.9	691.4	634.6	716.6	
24. Total No. of All types of Co-operative socys. functioning at the end of each year (No.)	61-62	643.		474	601	855	811	980	
	62-63	883		596	755	1127	887	830	
	63-64	1049		868	976	1305	278	1408	
25. No. of members of the above Socys (NO)	61-62	71196		48079	97528	89312	74579	141536	
	62-63	101683		62690	125196	115375	83660	155010	
	63-64	137182		90835	171694	120306	13289	414527	
26. No. of Agril Credit, Multi purpose Service & large size Socys at the end of year No.	61-62	376		281	379	609	509	687	
	62-63	189		165	119	61	66	155	
	63-64	265		236	158	226	169	183	
27. No. of members of the above Socys. (No.)	61-62	32494		34611	62342	65078	53483	99739	
	62-63	-		-	-	-	-	-	
	63-64	-		-	-	-	-	-	
28. No. of village Panchayats functioning at the end of each year (No.)	61-62	495		2510	482	410	339	575	
	62-63	724		309	646	565	498	488	
	63-64	709		359	614	488	250	428	
29. No. of village No. covered.	61-62	1073		936	883	1141	741	1088	
	62-63	1423		1218	1150	1507	1079	909	
	63-64	1436		1399	1121	1126	561	607	

Source:- Bureau of Economics and Statistics.

(Page No. 109).

Table No. 45

Statement showing Districtwise information regarding number of Livestock and
Agricultural implements in Bombay Division according to 1961 Census.

Name of District	Cattle					Buffaloes.				
	Male over 3 years	Female over 3 years In milk	Total Breeding cows	Young Total stock Female	Total cattle	Male over 3 years Used for Breeding only.	Total males	Females over 3 yrs. In Milk	Total Breeding Cows	Cow
Thana..	207306	47354	116689	164043	137117	508466	2390	39700	23728	31631
Kolaba	157825	44770	80084	124854	110428	393107	2512	45933	17416	22684
Ratnagiri	378522	60437	135054	195491	152617	726630	3182	28518	26088	31177
Nasik	367154	71377	129644	251021	194698	812873	2306	15328	20738	29613
Dhulia	265188	44519	215136	159655	138087	562930	1425	4852	20156	28746
Jalgaon	263647	55135	115074	170209	160491	594347	1681	3228	35073	43918
Divisional Total	1639643	323592	741680	106572	893438	3598353	13496	147559	143199	187769

(Page No.110).

Contd...

Table No. 45 (Contd.)

Contd..

District	Buffaloes		Total Buffaloes	Sheep	Goats	Horses & Ponies	Total live stock	Total poultry	Ploughs	
	Total Females	Young Stock							Wooden	Iron
Thana	55359	26368	121427	1292	111033	2815	751462	589600	10642	249
Kolaba	40100	25696	111729	2261	61562	994	70484	587346	84468	124
Ratnagiri	57265	35300	135083	1570	85415	336	949203	1186352	225522	2024
Nasik	50351	29393	95072	132410	349490	5689	1415621	373666	137566	24385
Dhulia	48902	30623	84377	41712	232485	8424	948077	313834	100567	13495
Jalgaon	78991	50012	132231	56302	228013	4322	1026034	236634	46975	20094
Total for Division.	330968	197392	675919	235547	787239	22580	5660881	3287434	605740	60371

Dist.	Garts	Sugarcane crushers	Oil engines with pumps for irrigation purposes.	Lec. pumps for irrigation purposes	Tractors	Ghanis.	District
2.	36681	29	806	63	20	157	Thana
	19740	25	477	7	5	62	Kolaba
	4834	38	146	12	1	538	Ratnagiri
	70315	1334	6349	107	56	91	Nasik
	71452	216	3826	81	40	27	Dhulia
	86686	390	6416	292	59	277	Jalgaon.
	289708	2032	18020	562	181	1152	Divisional Total

Source: - Live Stock Census 1961.

(Page No.111).