Bombay Town Planning Act. 1954<br>No. XXVII of 1955

# Town Planning Scheme Ghatkopar No. III 

## (Final)

Sanctioned to take effect from the 1st April 1953, under Government Notification, Local Self-Government and Public Health Department, No. T. P. B. $3758-\mathrm{M}$, dated the 15 th September 1958 published at page 2815 in Part I-B.D.S. of the Bombay Government Gazette, dated the 25th September 1958.

BOMBAY
printed at the covernment central paess.
[Price : Rs. 1597 or $£ 1-4 s$.]
1961

## TOWN PLANNING SCHEME, GHATKOPAK No. III.

ERRATA.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Page } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Serial <br> No. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Column n } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | For | ' | Read * |
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| 5 | Date at bottom. | the | . $\quad .$. |  | 10th June 195 |  | 10th June 1958 |
| 12 | Form " B " 17 | .. | 2 |  | -Narandas Jamnad Haai, |  | Narandas... Halai. |
| 17 | 33 | ... | 10(a) |  | 96, 36 | ... | 96, 316 |
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| 20 | 43 | ... | 2 |  | Shri Manilal Punj bha Patel |  | Shri Manilal Patel |
| 23 | Heading |  | 10(a) |  | refe ence | . | reference |
| 35 | Heading | .. | 13 |  | 50 per cent. |  | 50 per cent. of |
| 42 | 118 |  | 3(a) |  | $\frac{226}{\text { H. No. }}$ |  | $\frac{226}{\text { H. No. } 5}$ |
| 48 | 136 | . | $6(a)$ |  |  | .. | 302 |
| 66 | Paragraph 4 | .. | Line 5 |  | playground; | .. | playground |
| 67 | Paragraph 9 | -• | Line 3 |  | 126 wh ch | .. | 126 which |
| 69 | Paragraph 17 | .. | Line 2 |  | representat ve | .. | representative |
| 69 | Paragraph 17 |  | Line 3 |  | dec ded | . | decided |
| 69 | Paragraph 19 |  | Line 3 |  | accord ng | .. | according |
| 69 | Paragraph 19 | .. | Last line |  | p pes | .. | pipes |
| 70 | Paragraph 1 | . | Line 2 |  | remain ng | . | remaining |
| 70 | Paragraph 7 | .. | Line 5 |  | cou d | . | could |
| 70 | Paragraph 7 | .. | Line 6 |  | hav ng grind ng | $\ldots$ | having grinding. |
| 70 | Paragraph 8 |  | Line 2 |  | app y | $\cdots$ | apply. |
| 70 | Paragraph 8 | .. | Line 3 |  | exist nce | .. | existence. |
| 71 | Paragraph 4 | . | Line 4 |  | these levels | . | the level |
| 74 | Paragraph 30 | .. | Line 3 |  | shou d |  | should |
| 74 | Paragraph 30 | . | Line 4 |  | F nal | . | Final |
|  | - Paragraph 9 | . | Line 5 |  | by him $n$ the |  | by him in the |
| 77 | Paragraph 11 |  | Line 6 |  | TPB- 753 |  | TPB-3753 |
| 78 | Paragraph 1 | $\cdots$ | Line 2 |  | s nction |  | sanction |

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| 78 | Paragraph 1 | .. | Line 3 | .. | build ng |  | building. |
| 78 | Paragraph 9 | .. | Last but line. | one | juri diction |  | jarisdiction |
| 80 | Paragraph 20 | . | Line 14 | .. | We would theref |  | We would therefore |
| 80 | Paragraph 21 | .. | Line 1 | - | cons dering | - | considering. |
| 80 | Paragraph 21 | .. | Last line |  | ncrease |  | increase |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { F. P. Nos. } \\ \text { 158, } \\ 164 . \end{array}$ | $157$ and | Reasons | . | ra ons |  | reasons |

## TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR No. III.

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# TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR No. III 

## Brief History of the Scheme

This Scheme comprises of an area of about 208 acres of land bounded roughly on the North by the Central Railway, on the East and South by the Creek land and on the West partly by Mahatma Gandhi Road and partly by the Town Planning Scheme Ghatkopar No. I. "About half of this area, lying on the East and South-East is lowlying land requiring a certain amount of filling before it can be developed. The remaining ares is fairly' high, in level with the already developed area onits West, except that in some places it is somewhat uneven and in a fow other places it is rather sloping. The South-Western quarter of this area flariking on Mahatma Gandhi Road is already plotted out into plots of various sizes large and medium with access by roads as narrow as $20^{\prime}$. in width. One of these roads called "Tilak Road" runs North-South parallel to the Mahatma Gandhi Road through the middle of this part and the others are passages from the said main road easi ward across this part and sorve as access to the interior plots. A certain number of these plots are also built-over. The North-West quarter of the Scheme area, which adjoins the area of the Town Planning Scheme No. 1 and the Ghatkopar Railway Station and its yard is being built-up without any plan in a haphazard manner because of the numerous irregular shaped holdings both small and large in different ownerships. The structures are generally of a temporary nature mostly for residential use for low income groups. It has, therefore, become a very bad slum with insanitary conditions.

In order to develop the land comprised in this Scheme on proper lines a suggestion was made by the Collector of Bombay Suburban District to the Ex-Ghatkopar Municipality as far back as 1935 to prepare a Town Plamuing Scheme under the provisions of the Bombay Town Planning Act. This, however, could not be done immediately on account of the intervention of War and circumstances arising therefrom till the War was over." The Ex-Ghatiopar Municipality thereafter declared its intention to make the Town Planning Scheme under section 9 (1) of the Bombay Town Planning Act, 1915, on 29th March 1947. After the area was City Surveyed, the Government of Bombay sanctioned the making of the Scheme on 13th April 1951 by which time the Ghatkopar Municipality was amalgamated with the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

The Draft Scheme was duly prepared and published by the Bombay Municipal Corporation on 9th April 1953 which was sanctioned by Government on 10th June 1954 and on 17 th August 1954 Shri G. J. Desai, B.E., F.R.I.C.S., M.T.P.I. (London), (Retired Consulting Surveyor to the Government of Bombay) was appointed Arbitrator of the Scheme under Section 29 of the Bombay Town Planning Act, 1915.

Shri G. J. Desai, drew up and published the Final Scheme on 31st December 1956 and forthwith made proposals under Section 32 of the Bombay Town Planning Act, I of 1915 to the President of the Tribunal of Arbitration for further action. In the mean time the Bombay Town Planning Act of 1915 was repealed and replaced by the Bombay Town Planning Act of 1954 No. XXVII of 1955, from 1st April 1957. The Board of Appeal which was duly constituted subsequently as provided under the Town Planning Act, 1954 and the rules made thereunder met on 21 st February 1958 and subsequent dates and gave its decision on 12th April 1958 on matters which lay within its jurisdiction.

The Final Scheme as now drawn up provides for the construction of new roads with necessary storm-water drains on the sides of the roads, certain public sites within the area such as School, Playground, Market, Maternity Home etc., apart from the reconstitution of the boundaries of the original plots in such a way as to render them well suited for building purposes. The construction of new reads, the provision of public sites, the removal of slums, the reconstitution of the boundaries of the criginal plots, etc. will provide for the development of this part of the Suburb on proper lines.


Arbitmator.

Bombay, 10th June 1958.

# BOMBAY TOWN PLANNING ACT No. XXVII OF 1955 

## town planning scheme, ghatkopar No. III

Final Scheme

WHEREAS, I, GOPALJI JIWANJI DESAI, the Arbitrator appointed under Government Resolution, Local Solf-Government and Public Health Department, No. TPB-1054, dated 17th August 1954 in respect of the above Scheme, have done all that is required to be done in that behalf under section $30(1),(2),(3),(3-A),(3-B),(3-C),(3-D)$, (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) of the Bombay Town Planning Act No. I of 1915, as amended from time to time and rules thereunder, and drawn up and published the Final Scheme on 31st December 1956 and forthwith made proposals under gection 32 of the Bcmbay Town Planning act No. 1 of 1915, to the President of the Tribunal of Arbitration in matters arising out of clauses (3-A), (3-B), (3-C), (4), (5), (6) and (9) of section 30 of the said Act AND WHEREAS the Bombay Town Planning Act of 1915 was thereafter repealed and replaced by the Bombay Town Planning Act, 1954 No. XXVII of 1955 from 1st April 1957 AND WHEREAS the Board of Appeal as provided under the latter Act No. XXVII of 1955, have given their decision in all matters arising out of clauses (v), (vi), (viii) (ix), ( $x$ ) and (xiii) of sub-section ( 1 ) of section 32 of the Bombay Town Planring Act, 1954 No. XXVII of 1955, 1 hereby draw up the Fival Scheme as required by section $32(1)$ (xiv) and 43(2) of the said Act and thereto affix my hand and seel.

## Statoment of works to be constructed under the Scheme

## ROADS

The roads, the boundaries of which are shown on Plan numbered 4 and which are mentic nod in the Schedule hereunder shall be constructed in the manner indicated in the Abstract of Estimetes for rads annexed to the Scheme.

| Serial <br> No. | Name of Road. | Prescribed width of road in feet. | Nature of Road Work. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Main Road-North South from Jawahar Road to Mnhatma Gandhi Road. | 60 | Now Road on embankment wherever nenesmary with stone foundation and metalling painted over with bitumen for a 24 ' Central Curriageway. |
| 2 | Hingwala Lane-Extension Eastward from No. 1 above to 30' Road North-South. | 50 | Levelling ground, providing metalling over stone foundation and painting with bitumen for a 24' c.arriageway. |
| 3 | Vallabh Baug Lane-Extension Eastward of Road No. I up to F. P. No. 194. | 50 | Do. do. |
| 4 | Tilak Road-from Vallabh Baug Lane, Southward to Scheme Boundary. | 40 | Widening existing portion providing embankment for new extension, metalling over stone foundation and painting surface with bitumen for $20^{\prime}$ carriageway. |
| 5 | Waghji Lano-Extension up to Road No. 1 .. .. | 40 | Levelling ground, providing metnl over foundation and painting with bitumen for a $20^{\prime}$ carriageway. |
| 6 | Jamahar Road-Extension Eastward to School (F. P. No. 286). | 40 | Do. do. |
| 7 | Vallabh Baug Lane-Extension from Tilak Road to Road No. 1. | 33 | Do. do. |
| 8 | Vallabh Baug Lane between Mahatma Gandhi and Tilak Roads. | 33 | Widening the existing Rond providing metalling over foundation and painting the surface with bitumen to make up a 20 ' Carringeway. |
| 0 | Road-West and South of F. P. No. 45 (Garden) to Tilak Road. | 30 | Levelling ground, providing metalling on foundation and painting with bitumen for a $16^{\prime}$ carriagoway. |
| 10 | Road-South of F. P. Nos. 31-34 .. .. | 30 | Do. do. |
| 11 | Road-North of F. P. No. 64 (Garden) from Tilak Extension to Road No. 1. | 30 | Do. do. |
| 12 | Road-South of F. P. Nos. 118 to 126 connecting Roads Nos. 1 and 4 above. | 30 | Do. do. |
| 13 | Road-North-South between Road Nos. 11 and 12 | 30 | Do. do. |
| 14 | Road-North of F. P. Nos. 101 to 105, connecting Road Nos. 4 and 13 above. | 30 | Do. do. |
| 15 | Road-South of F. P. Nos. 152-156 between Tilak Road and Road No. 1. | 30 | Do. do. |
| 16 | Derasar Lane Extension Eastward to Road No. 1 | 30 | Do. do, |
| 17 | Hingwala Lane Extention to Road No. 1 .. | 30 | Do. do. |
| 18 | Jethabhai Lane Extension to Road No. 1 .. | 30 | Do. do. |
| 19 | Jethabhai Lane Extension beyond Rond No. 1 op to F. P. No. 296. | . 30 | Do. do. |

## ROADS-contd.

| Serial <br> No. |
| :---: |



Note-The Pucka and Katcha Roads are shown in distinguishing washes on the Scheme Plan No.:4.

## Drainage

Open Storm Water Drains on the sides of all the roads except the Katcha roads (item Nos. 32 to 37) for which only cross drains of hume pipe shall be constructed in the manner indicated in the Abstract of Estimates for Roads and Storm Water Drains annexed to the Scheme.

All the above works shall be carried out in accordance with the specifications of the Bombay Municipal Corporadion and completed and opened for use within the periods given below :-
Central 60 feet Road and those to the West of it

... | Two years from the date the Final Scheme |
| :--- |
| comes into force. |



Bombay, 10th June 1958.

4

## TOWN PLANNING SCHEME, GHATKOPAR No. III

## Allotments or reservation of Sites for Public or Municipal purposes

The plots enumerated in the Schedule hereunder are allotted for the purposes shown against them and shall vest in the Local Authority.

| Serial No. | F. P. No. shown on plan Nos. 3 and 4. | Ares in Sq. yds. | Purpose. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plots wholly beneficial to owners or residents within the area of the schens. |  |  |  |
| 1 | 64 | 5,205 | Garden. |
| 2 | 195 | 7,710 | Playground. |
| 3 | 286 | - 1,918 | School. |
| 4 | 300 | 3,102 | Garden. |
| 5 | 325 | 590 | Open Space. |
| Plots partly beneficial to owners or residents within the area of the scheme and partly to the general public. |  |  |  |
| 6 | 45 | 3,671 | Garden. |
| 7 | . 65 | 4,018 | School. |
| 8 | 69 | 590 | Maternity Home. |
| 9 : | 184 | 507 | Stalle. |
| 10 | 252 | 12,880 | Playground. |
| 11 | 273 | 6.518 | Parking. |
| 12 | 274 | 10,709 | Market. |

The F.P. No. 186 admeasuring 71 square yardsin area at the extreme North-West corner of the Scheme is allotted for a Police Chowky-a purpose wholly beneficial to the owners or residents within the area of the Scheme and shall vest in the Bombay State Government-Police Department.

In addition to the above sites allotted for public or Municipal purposes, strips of land in Final Plot Nos. 1, 7, $15,18,19,22,23,24,31,35,37,38,42,43,44$ and 48 along the East of Mabatma Gandhi Road, as well as in F. P. Nos. 139, 147, 152, 157 and 163 along the East of the Northern part of Tilak Road, shown marked in red dotted lines on plan Nos. 3 and 4 accompanying the Scheme, are-reserved for the future widening of the respective roads: The land so reserved shall remain in the ownership of the respective owners till they are taken over by the Local Authority for the said purpose, by giving one month's notice in writing to the owner or owners concerned. Any compensation payable for the strips of land so reserved, shall be determined by mutual agreement or failing tbat, under the provisiona of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, subject always to the condition that the land so reserved and acquired, shall be valued as having been earmarked for road already under the Scheme.


Arbitrator.

Bombay, 10th June 1958.

## TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR No. III

## Regulations controlling the development of the area under the scheme

The Building Regulations and Bye-laws framed by the Local Authority for the Suburban Area within the limita of the Municipal Corporation for Greater Bombay, under the provisions of the Bombay Municipal Corporation Act of 1888 as amended uptodate, and such other Building Regulations or Bye-laws as may be made or amended by the Local Authority from time to time will hold good within the area of this Scheme in respect of buildings to be erected or reerected hereafter. But in addition to them, the following Special Regulations shall also hold good, provided that, in any case in which any of the undermentioned regulations is inconfict with the above mentioned Building Regulations and/or Bye-laws or with any other laws or Bye laws by any authority made, except by an Act of the Central Legislature of the Republic of India, the provisions of the undermentiored regulations shall prevail:-

1. The uscr of the plots in the Scheme shall be as mentioned hereunder :-
(a) F. P. Nas. 1 and 7 for residence of the staff of and as a Salt check weighment Station of the Salt Department.
(b) F. P. Nos. 46, 55 and 310 for "Service Industries".
(c) Final Plot No. 194 for "Cinema".
(d) Buildings facing frontages of plots verged blue on Plan No. 4 of the Scheme viz.. F. P. Nos. 6, 14, $21,28,41,47,54,56,112,118,128,136,139,144,151,156,168,170,179,182,183,184,185,187-\mathrm{A}, 187-\mathrm{B}$, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194 Pt., 196, 206, 218, 236, 237, 238, 248, 249, 265Pt., 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 275, 281, 282, 288, 296, 301, 306, 317, 318, 347, 353 Pt., and plots fronting the Mahatma Gandhi Road viz. F. P. Nos. 1, 7, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 31, 35, 37, 38, 42, 43, 44 and 48 for shops on the ground floor and for residences above.

There will be no concession in marginal open spaces in respect of these shop plots which will accordingly be required to leave the usual open spaces as in the case of the other plots.
(e) The remoining plots excluding those allatted for Public or Municipal purposes, for residences.
2. In the plots allotted for gardens and playgrounds, ground floor structures (for recreation purposes) such as a pavilion, band stand, public convenience, etc. may be permitted by the Municipal Commissioner.
3. In cases where two or more contiguons plots are amslgamated into one plot with the written permission of the Municipal Commissioner as provided in the bye-laws of the Local Authority, the side marginel open spaces shall be 20 feet.
4. A Final plot on the outskirts of the Scheme may be amalgamated with the adjoning land outside the Scheme with the previous permission of the Municipal Commissioner in which case he may condone the usual requirements of marginal open spaces, built up area of the Final plot as may be required.
5. No hut or shed whether for residential user or otherwise, or temporary movable shops on wheels or such other temporary structures shall be allowed within the area of the Scheme.
6. No trees shall be cut down nor any excavations made, anywhere within the area of the Scheme without the pormission of the Local Authority.
7. While constructing approachos to the individual plots from the roads alongside, proper provision shall be made for the drainage of storm water through the side drains by a Hume Pipe or a masonry culvert below such approaches, with the permission of the Local Authority.
8. Any person or persons, contravening any of the aforesaid regulations or any of the provisions of the Scheme, shall on being convicted for such contravention, be liable to fine which may be extended to Rs. 100 and in case of continuing contravention of the aforesaid regulations or provisions, he or they shall be liable to an additional fine which may extend to Rs. 10 for each day during which such contravention continues, after conviction for the first such contravention.,


Arbitrator.


## GHATKOPAR No. III

Stutement-Form B

(a.0.P.) мо-4 P 3489-2


( $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{P}$.) AO-A P $3489-20$


| PLOT |  |  |  | Contribution $(+$ ) Compensation( - ) under section 67. Column g(b) minus Column 6(b). | Increment (Section 65). Column $10(a)$ minue Column 8(a). | Contribution (Section 66). 50 per cent. of Column 12. | Addition to ( + ) or deduction from (一) contribution to be made under other sections; | Net domand from( + ) or by (一) owner being the addition of Columns 11, 13 and 14. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Valdix in Rupies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undeve | loped. | Develo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without reference to value of structures. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inolusive } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { atructures. } \end{gathered}$ | Without reference to value of struotares. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inolusive } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { structures. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9(a) | 9(b) | 10(a) | 10(b) | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| R\%. | Rs. | Rs. |  |  | R8. | $\mathrm{R}^{\mathbf{8}}$. | R8. | R8. |  |
| 778 | 778 | 4,668 |  |  | 3,800 | 1,945 |  |  |  |
| 778 | 778 | 4,668 |  |  | 3,890 | 1,945 | - . |  |  |
| 667 | 667 | 4,002. |  |  | 3,335 | 1,687 |  |  |  |
| 803 1,200 | 803 1,200 | 5,219 $\mathbf{5 , 2 0 0}$ |  |  | 4,416 4,000 | 2,208 2000 |  |  |  |
| 1,134 | 1,134 | 4,530 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 |  |  |  |
| 1,134 | 1,134 | 4,536 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 |  |  |  |
| 1,134 | 1,134 | 4,536 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 |  |  |  |
| 1,134 | 1,134 | 4,536 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 |  |  |  |
| 1,134 | 1,134 | 4,536 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 |  |  |  |
| 1,134 | 1,134 | 4,636 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 | . |  |  |
| 1,167 | - 1,167 | 4,688 |  |  | 3,501 | 1,750 |  |  |  |
| 1,556 | 1,656 | 5,446 |  |  | 3,880 | 1,045 |  |  |  |
| 1,556 | 1,556 | 5,446 |  |  | 3,880 | 1,945 |  |  |  |
| 1,556 | 1,558 | 5,446 |  |  | 3,890 | 1,045 |  |  |  |
| 3,104 | 3,104 | 7,760 |  |  | 4,656 | 2,328 |  |  |  |
| 3,702 | 8,792 | 0,054 |  |  | 6,162 | 3,081 |  |  |  |
| 3,912 | 3,012 | 9,780 |  |  | 5,868 | 2,934 |  |  |  |
| 19,011 | 10,011 | 63,864 |  |  | 34,853 | 17,426 |  |  |  |
| 4,084 | 4,584 | 12,033 |  |  | 7,449 | 8,724 |  |  |  |
| 6,003 | 6,003 | 12,006 |  |  | 6,003 | 3,001 |  |  |  |
| 17,700 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 17,700 | 20,650 |  |  | 8,850 | 4,425 |  |  |  |
| 48,405 | 48,406 | 72,007 |  |  | 24,202 | 12,101 | , |  |  |
| 178 | 173 | 173 |  |  | ...... | ...... |  |  |  |
| 96,850 | 95,850 | 1,72,530 |  |  | 70,680 | 38,340 |  |  |  |
| 18,788 | 18,788 | 28,182 |  |  | 0,304 | 4,097 |  |  |  |
| 1,060 | 1,506 | 8,067 |  |  | 3,601 | 1,760 |  |  |  |
| 1,818 | 1,612 | 4,014 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 |  |  |  |
| 1,012 | - 1,512 | 4,014 |  |  | 3,402 | 1,701 |  |  |  |
| 2,208 | 2,268 | 6,202 |  |  | 3,024 | 1,012 |  |  |  |
| 2,840 | 2,340 | 6,240 |  |  | 3,000 | 1,050 |  |  |  |
| 3,806 | 8,805 | 8,000 |  | - | 4,674. | , 2,337 |  |  |  |
| 7,116 | 7,116 | 14,232 |  |  | 7,116 | 3,658 |  |  |  |
| 3,010 | 3,010 | 7.740 |  |  | 4,730 | 2,305 |  |  |  |
| 2,01,390 | 2,01,300 | 0,34,376 |  | -36,607 | 2,72,080 | 1,30,487 | ...... | +00,800 |  |





| PLOT |  |  |  | Contribution (+) <br> Compensasation (-) under Section 67 Column 9(b) minus Column 6(b). | Incroment (Section 65) Column 10(a) minus Column 9(a). | Contribution (Section 68) 50 per cont. of Column 12. | Addition to ${ }^{-}$ $(+)$ or deduction from (一) contribution to be made under other sections. | Net demand from ( + ) or by ( -1 owner being the addition of Columns 11, 13 and 14. | Remarie. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value in Rupeeg. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undev | loped. | Deve | loped. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without reforence to value of structures. | Inolusive of structures. | Without reference to value of structures. | Inclugive of struotures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9(a) | $9(b)$ | 10(a) | 10(b) $\mid$ | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| - Rs. | Rs, | Re. |  | Rs. | Rs, | Rs. |  | Rs. |  |
| 3,515 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,515 \\ & +\mathbf{x} \end{aligned}$ | 6,327 |  | -210 | 2,812 | 1,406 |  | +1,196 |  |
| 3,632 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,632 \\ +\mathbf{X} \end{array}$ | 6,356 |  |  | 2,724 | 1,362 |  | +1,362 |  |
| 6,875 | $\begin{aligned} & 6,875 \\ & +X \end{aligned}$ | 10,575 |  | $-400$ | 4,700 | 2,350 |  | +1,950 |  |
| 4:168 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,168 \\ & +X \end{aligned}$ | 7,294 |  |  | 3,126 | 1,563 | . | +1,563 |  |
| 2,208 | 2,268 | 6,293 |  |  | 3,024 | 1,512 |  |  |  |
| 2,208 | 2,268 | ¢,292 |  |  | 3,024 | 1,612 |  |  |  |
| 2,208 | 2,208 | 6,292 |  |  | 3,024 | 1,512 |  |  |  |
| 6,804 | 6,804 | 16,876 |  | -2,436 | 9,072 | 4,636 |  | +2,100 |  |
| 19,197 | 10,197 | 23,403 |  |  | 4,266 | 2,133 |  |  |  |
| 6,735 | 6,735 | 10,323 |  |  | 4,588 | 2,294 |  |  |  |
| 11,676 | 11,076 | 18,348 |  |  | 6,072 | 3,330 |  |  |  |
| 30,008 | 30,608 | 02,134 |  | $-430$ | 15,626 | 7,763 |  | +7,333 |  |
| 27,243 | $\begin{array}{r} 37,243 \\ +X \end{array}$ | 30,324 |  |  | 9,481 | 4,540 |  |  |  |
| 8,250 | 8,250 | 14,437 |  |  | 6,187 | 3,003 |  |  |  |
| 12,640 | 12,640 | 10,750 |  | - | 7,110 | 3,555 |  |  |  |
| 48,133 | $\begin{array}{r} 48,133 \\ +X \end{array}$ | 70,611 |  | $-0,118$ | 23,378 | 11,188 |  | +6,070 |  |

[^1]




| PLOT |  |  |  | Contribution （十） <br> Compensa． tion（一） under Section 37 Column 9（b）minus Column 6（b）． | Increment （Section 65） Column $10(a)$ minus Column 9（a）． | Contribution （Section 68） ［50 per cent 0. Column 12. | Addition to （＋）or deduction from（一） contribution to be made under other sections． | Net domand from（＋）or by（－） owner being the additions of Columns 11， 13 and 14. | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value in Rupers． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undeve | oped． | Deve | oped． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without reference to value of structures． | inclusive of structures． | Without reforence to value of structures． | Inclusive of structures． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9（a） | $9(b)$ | 10（a） | 10（b） | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| Rs． $\cdots$ | Rs． $\ldots$ | Rs. |  | Rs． | Ps． | R3． $\cdots$ |  | Rs． <br> －1 | Absorbed in the Road． |
| 2，451 | 2，451 | 6，127 |  |  | 3，676 | 1，838 |  |  |  |
| 2，451 | 2，451 | 6，127 |  |  | 3，676 | 1，838 |  |  |  |
| 2，451 | 2，451 | 6，127 |  |  | 3，676 | 1，838 |  |  |  |
| 4，952 | 4，952 | 12，999 |  |  | 8，047 | 4，023 |  |  |  |
| 12，305 | 12，305 | 31，380 | ， | $+449$ | 19，075 | 9，537 |  | ＋9，986 |  |
| 2，295 | 2，295 | 5，355 |  | ＋359 | 3，080 | 1，530 |  | ＋1，889 |  |
| ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  |  | ．．．．．． | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |
| ＊．＊＊ | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  |  | ．．．．． |  |  |  |  |
| ．．．．． | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | ， |  | ．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  |  |  |
| ．．．．．． | ．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  | －4，006 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  | －4，006 |  |
| 24，380 | 24，380 | 28，037 |  |  | 3，657 | 1，828 | － | － |  |
| 7，343 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,343 \\ & +x \end{aligned}$ | 11，539 |  |  | 4，196 | 2，098 |  |  |  |
| 6，972 | 6，972 | 10，956 | － |  | 3，984 | 1，982 |  |  |  |
| 38，695 | $\begin{aligned} & 38,695 \\ & +X \end{aligned}$ | 50，532 |  | －4，104 | 11，837 | 5，918 | ＊ | ＋1，814 |  |
| ． 8,416 | －8，416 | 13，676 |  | － | 5，260 | 2，630 |  |  |  |
| 28，430 | $\begin{gathered} 28,430 \\ +X \end{gathered}$ | 35，537 |  |  | 7，107 | 3，553 |  |  |  |
| 36，846 | $\begin{aligned} & 36,846 \\ & +X \end{aligned}$ | 49，213 |  | －8，190 | 12，367 | 6，183 |  | －2，007 |  |





[^2]

(0.0.р.) мо-А P 3480-4a


| PLOT |  |  |  | Contribution $(+)$ <br> Compensation <br> (一) <br> under Section 67 Column $9(b)$ minus Column 6(b). | Inorement (Section 65) Column 10(a) minus Column 9(a) | Contribution (Section 66) 60 per cent. of Column 12. | Addition to $(+)$ or deduction from (-) contribution to be made under other sections. | Net demand from ( + ) or by (一) owner being the addition of Columns 11, 13, and 14. | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underbrace{\text { Valde }}_{\text {Undeveloped. }}$ in |  | Rupees. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Deve | oped. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without reserence to value of structures. | Inolusive of structures. | Without reference to value of structures. | Inclusive of struotures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9(a) | $9(b)$ | 10(a) | 10(b) | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 10 | 16 |
| Rs. | R' | Hs. |  | Rs. | $\mathrm{R}_{3}$. | Rs. |  | Rs |  |
| 26,490 | 26.490 $+X$ | 40,618 |  | -100 | 14,128 | 7,064 |  | +0,964 |  |
| 6,997 | 6,997 | 10,729 |  | -50 | 3,732 | 1,866 |  | +1,8:6 |  |
| 4,104 | 4,104 | 8,208 |  | +1,194 | 4,104 | 2,052 |  | +3,246 |  |
| 64,186 | $\begin{gathered} 64,186 \\ +X \end{gathered}$ | 79,469 |  | -754 | 15,283 | 7,641 |  | +6,887 |  |
| 15,768 | 15,768 | 23,652 |  |  | 7,884 | 3,942 |  |  |  |
| 14,700 | 14,700 | 23,100 |  |  | 8,400 | 4,200 |  |  |  |
| 5,016 | $\begin{gathered} 5,016 \\ +X \end{gathered}$ | 10,032 |  |  | 5,016 | 2,508 | - |  |  |
| 4,290 | 4,290 | 9,295 |  |  | 5,005 | $2,502$ |  |  |  |
| 39,774 | $\begin{gathered} 39,774 \\ +\mathbf{X} \end{gathered}$ | 66,079 |  | +2,408 | 26,305 | 13,152 |  | +15,560 |  |
| 4,344 | 4,344 | 9,412 |  |  | 5,068 | 2,534 |  |  |  |
| 2,308 | 2,308 | 5,643 |  |  | 3,335 | 1,667 |  |  |  |
| 3,024 | 3,024 | 6,720 |  |  | 3,696 | 1,848 |  |  |  |
| 5,328 | 5,328 | 13,320 |  |  | 7,992 | 3,996 |  |  |  |
| 5,994 | 5,904 | 13,320 |  |  | 7,326 | 3,663 |  |  |  |
| 20,908 | 20,098 | 48,415 |  | -6,590 | 27,417 | 13,708 |  | +7,118 |  |
| .....* | ...... | ...... |  | -120 | ...... | *.... |  | -120 |  |





( $0.0 . \mathrm{P}$.) мо-А Р $3489-5$



| $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Serial } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Name of Owners. | Tenure. | ORIGINAL PLOT |  |  |  |  | TINAL |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | - |  |  | Vilue | R Rupers |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Survey } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area in } \\ & \text { sq. yds. } \end{aligned}$ | Without reference to value o structures. structures | Inclusive of structuree. | Number. | Area in日q. yds. |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 3(a) | 4 | 5 | 6(a) | 6(b) | 7 | 8 |
| 90 | $\underset{\text { Bharmal. }}{\text { Shri }} \underset{\text { Kaliji }}{ }$ | $\cdots$ | $\frac{242-\mathrm{A}}{\text { H. } \mathrm{N} \text { O. } 1 .}$ | 101 | 2,420 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rs. } \\ 19,360 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rs. } \\ 19,360 \end{gathered}$ | 165 | 2,300 |
| 91 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ccc} \text { Shrimati Mary } & \text { Paul } \\ \text { Shinde. } \end{array}\right.$ | ... | $\frac{243}{\mathrm{H} . \text { No. } 8 .}$ | 102 | 393 | 1,965 | 1,965 | 168 | 606 |
| 92 | Shri Shankar Ramohandra Sawant. | ... | $\frac{243}{\text { H. }}$ | 105 | 3,298 | 16,480 | 16,480 | 188 | 731 |
|  | Shri Hari Ramohandra Sawant. | ... | $\frac{243}{\text { H. No. 13. }}$ |  |  |  |  | 199 | 779 |
|  |  |  | $\frac{243}{\text { H. No. } 14 .}$ |  |  |  |  | 200 | 779 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3,296 | 16,480 | 16,480 | ..... | 2,279 |
| 93 | Shri Karamsi Premji ... | ... | $\left\|\frac{233}{\mathrm{H} \cdot \mathrm{No.16(P)}}\right\|$ | 107 | 786 | 2,358 | 2,358 | 213 | 721 |
| 94 | Shri Ibhwarlal Karsondas. <br> Shri Hasmukhlal <br> Karsondas. <br> Shri Haribohandra <br> Karsondas. | ... | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 243 \\ \left.\begin{array}{c} \text { H. Nos. } 3,4 \\ \text { and } 9.4 \end{array} \right\rvert\, \end{gathered}\right.$ | 112 | 2,631 | 14,470 | 14,470 | 188 | 947 |
|  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 233 \\ \hline \mathrm{H} \cdot \mathrm{Nos.6.} \mathrm{GA} \\ 8,12 \mathrm{Pand} \\ 21 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | 121(r) | 3,841 | 16,364 | 16,364 | 206 | 778 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8,472 | 29,834 | 20,834 | ... | 3,148 |
| 95 | ShrimatiMahadeo Nivelkar. | - | $\stackrel{233}{13(\overline{\mathrm{P})}-1}$ | 123(P) | 380 | 1,280 | 1,280 | 224 | 304 |
|  |  |  | $\frac{233}{22}$ <br> $\frac{233}{12(P)}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{c}124 \\ 121(\mathrm{P})\end{array}\right\}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96 |  | -• | $\frac{243}{\text { H. } \mathrm{No} \cdot \mathrm{C}}$. | 113. | 272 | . 1,224 | 1,224 | 167 | 488 |




| PLOT |  |  |  | Contribution (+) <br> Comprnsation(一) ander section 67, Column 9(b) minus Columin 0(b). | Increment (Section 65,) Coliumn 10(a)minus Column (9a). | Contribution (Section 66) 50 par cent. of Column 12. | Addition to <br> $(+)$ or dedaction from (-) contribution to be mede undar other seotions. | Net demendfrom ( + ) orby (-)owner beingthe additionof Clumns11,13and 14. | - Remarks, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vatie in Rupees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ondeveloped |  | Developed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without roference to value of atructures. | Inclusive of structures. | Without reforenco to value of structures. | Inclusive of struotures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9(a) | 9(b) | 10(a) | 10(b) | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| Re. <br> 3,672 | Ro. <br> 3,672 | R.s. <br> 7,958 | - | Rs. | Rs. $4,284$ | Rs. $2,142$ |  | Re. |  |
| 4,002 | 4,002 | 8,337 |  |  | 4,335 | -2,167 |  |  |  |
| 4,080 | 14,080 | 8,100 | - |  | 14,080 | 2,040 |  |  |  |
| 2,334 | 2,334 | 4,608 |  |  | 2,334 | 1,167 |  |  |  |
| 4,578 | 4,578 | 9,106 |  |  | 4,578 | 2,289 |  |  |  |
| 10,880 | 10,880 | 16,320 |  |  | 5,440 | 2,720 |  |  |  |
| 5,232 | 5,232 | 11,336 |  | - | 6,104 | , 3,052 |  |  |  |
| 5,328 | 5,328 | 10,656 |  |  | 5,328 | 2,664 |  |  |  |
| 2,337 | 2,337 | 4,674 | , |  | 2,337 | 1,168 |  |  |  |
| 2,334 | 2,334 | 4,668 |  |  | 2,334 | 1,167 |  |  |  |
| 2,334 | 2,334 | 4,663 |  |  | 2,334 | 1,167 |  | 1 |  |
| - 4,005 | 4,005 | 8,010 |  |  | 4,005 | 2,002 |  |  |  |
| 3,000 | 3,000 | 6,600 |  |  | 3,600 | 1,800 |  |  |  |
| ... 3,335 | 3,335 | 6,670 |  |  | 3,335 | 1,667 |  |  |  |
| 57,451 | 67,451 | 1,11,879 |  | -43,449 | -54,428 | 27,212 | .... | -16,237 |  |
| 4,002 | 4,002 | 8,004 |  |  | 4,002 | 2,001 |  |  |  |
| 4,470 | 4,476 | 8,952 | - |  | 4,476 | 2,238 |  |  |  |
| 3,730 | 3,730 $+\times$ | 7,460 |  |  | 2,730 | 1,865 |  |  | - |
| 12,208 | 12,208 $+\times$ | 24,416 |  | -797 | 12,208 | 6,104 | -... | +5,307* | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \#Lessor }=\text { Yil, } \\ & \text { Lessee }= \pm 5,307 . \end{aligned}$ |




[^3]


[^4]



| PLOT: |  |  |  | Contribution$(+)$Compensa-tion $(-)$ander Section67 Column$9(b)$ minusColumn $6(b)$. | Increment (Seotion 65) Column $10(a) \operatorname{minus}$ Column (8a). | Contribution(Section 66)50 per cent. ofColumn 12. | Addition to ( + ) or deduction from(-) oontribution to be made under other seotions. | Net demandfroma( + ) orby (-)owner beingthe additionof Columns11,13and 14. | Remarkt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valdi in Ruparis. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undev | loped. - | Devel | oped. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without reference to value of etrdotures. | Inclusive of stractures. | Without reference to value of structares. | Inolusive of structures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9(a) | $9(b)$ | 10(a) | 10(b) | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 18 |
| Re. | Rs. | Rs. |  | Re. | Res. | Rs. |  | Rs. |  |
| 8,535 | 3,835 | 7,070 |  |  | 3,535 | 1,767 |  |  |  |
| 8,465 | 3,465 | 6,435 |  |  | 2,970 | 1,485 |  |  |  |
| 8,094 | 3,094 | 5,525 |  |  | 2,431 | 1,215 |  |  |  |
| 4,182 | 4,182 | 9,409 |  |  | 5,227 | 2,613 | , |  |  |
| 3,793 | 3,793 | 8,851 |  |  | 5,058 | 2,529 |  |  |  |
| 18,069 | 18,069 | 37,290 |  | -54,391 | 19,221 | 9,609 |  | -44,782 |  |
| *...* | *....• | *....* |  | -3,144 | *..... | .....• |  | -3,144 |  |
| 2,170 | 2,170 | 4,557 |  | -1,189 | 2,387 | 1,193 |  | +4 |  |
| 3,507 | 3,507 | 7,014 |  | -4,479 | 3,507 | 1,753 |  | -2,726 |  |
| 3,500 | 3,500 | 9,187 |  |  | 5,687 | 2,843 |  |  |  |
| 3,568 | 8,586 | 8,890 |  |  | 5,334 | 2,867 |  |  |  |
| 4,940 | 4,040 | 11,856 |  |  | 6,916 | 3,458 |  |  |  |
| 3,840 | 3,840 | 11,040 |  |  | 7,200 | 3,600 |  |  |  |
| 2,687 | 2,667 | 8,001 |  |  | 5,334 | 2,667 |  |  |  |
| 2,631 | 2,031 : | 8,381 |  |  | 6,700 | 2,850 |  |  |  |






[^5]






[^6]

Bombay, 10th June 1958.

| 20T |  |  |  | $\|$Contribution <br> $(+)$ <br> Compensation <br> $(-)$ <br> 1nder section <br> 67, Column <br> $9(b) \min u s$ <br> Column $6(b)$. | Increment (section 65). Column 10(a) $\min u s$ Column 9(a). | Contribution (rection 60) 50 per cent. of Column 12. | Addition to ( + ) or deduotion from (一) contribution to be made under other sections. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Net demand } \\ \text { from ( }+ \text { ) or } \\ \text { by ( }(-) \\ \text { owner boing } \\ \text { the addition } \\ \text { of Column } \\ 11,13 \\ \text { and } 14 . \end{array}$ | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valus in Rupaes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undeve | oloped | Deve | ped |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without Reference to value of structures. | Inclusive of structures. | Without Reforence to value of structures. | Inclusive of struotures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9(a) | 9(b) | 10(a) | 10(b) | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| Re. | Rs. | Ra. |  | Re. | Re. | Rs. |  | Rs. |  |
| ...... | ...... | - ...... |  | -588 | $\ldots$ | .... |  | -588 |  |
| ..... | .... | ...... |  | -543 | ...... | ...... |  | -543 |  |
| $\cdots$ | *.... | ..... |  | $-165$ | ...... | $\ldots$ |  | -165 |  |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ...... |  | ...... | ...... | ...... |  | ...... | Site for Poliee Chowly. |
| 12,848 | 12,848 | 12,848 |  | +12,848 | ...... | $\ldots$ |  | +12,848 | Site for Garden. |
| ..... | ...... | ...... |  | ...... | ...... | ...... |  | ...... | Site for Garden. |
| 2,009 | 2,009 | 22,099 |  | $+2,009$ | 20,090 | 5,022 | - | +7,031 | Site for School. Incremental contribution at half the percentage rate proposed for the phole scheme. |
| 442 | 442 | 3,982 |  | +442 | 3,540 | 1,327 |  | $1 / 769$ $\because$, $\vdots$ | Site for Maternity Home. Incremental contribationat threc-foorths the percentage rate proposed for the whole scheme. |
| 2,388 | 2,388 | 6,865 |  | +2,388 | 4,477 | 1,119 |  | +3,507 | Site for Stalls. Incremental contribution at half the percentage rate proposed for the whole scheme. |
| ;-..* | ...... | ...... |  | .... | ..... | .... |  | ...... | Site for Playgrourd. |
| 19,320 | 19,320 | 19,320 |  | +19,320 | ... | ...... |  | +10,320 | Site for Playground. |
| 39,108 | 39,108 | 84,734 |  | +39,108 | 45,626 | 17,100 |  | +56,217 | Sito for Parking. Incremental contribution. at three-fourthe the percentage rate proposed for the whole scheme. |
| 48,190 | 48.1'0 | 1,55,280 |  | +48,190 | 1,07,090 | 40,158 | . | +88,348 | Site for Markef. Incremental contribation st three-fourths the percentage rate proposed for the whole achcme. |
| $\cdots$ | *..... ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | ...... |  | ...... |  |  |  | ........ | Sito for Sohool. Sito for Garden. |
| ...... | ...... | ...... |  |  | .....* |  |  | ...... | Site for Open |
| 1,24,305 | 1,24,305 | 3,05,128 |  | +1,24,305 | 1,80,823 | 64,735 |  | +1,89,040 |  |
| 26,85,032 | 26,85,032 | 47,83,884 |  | -4,70,469 | 20,48,852 | 9,96,809 |  | +5,26,340 |  |

1. All rights of mortgagors or mortgagees, if any, existing in the original plots are hereby traneferred to their corresponding final plots.
2. All rights of passages, if any, hitberto existing over any land included in the Scheme are hereby extinguished.
3. All rights of lessors and lessees in the original plots are horeby transferred to their corresponding final plots irrespective of change in areas, if any.
4. Agreementsin respect of original plots between the owner on one part and the Local Authority and/cr Goverrment cn the other, are horeby trankfered to the corresponding final plots, aubject to minor modifications in areas unless otherwiec providrdin the agreements themsolves.
5. The tenures of all original plots are hereby transferred to the corresponding final flots provided that if an original plat is composod of separate arcas on different tenures, the corresponding final plot allotted in substituticn thereof, will aleo be subject to th: same different tenure in the same proportion of areas.
6. The owners of the original plota whose final plots are not identical with their original plote, are allowed to remove and take away the materials, if any, of their compound wall, wire-fencing, hedges, sheds, huts or other structures etc. existing on their originaj plots and notincluded within the boundaries of the finalplote allot ted to them within three months frem the date on which the final scheme comes into force, provided that they shall fill up at their cost any hollows created during the action of the removal of the aforesaid materials.
7. Strips of land out of F. P. Noe. $1,7,15,18,19,22,23,24,31,35,37,38,42,43,44$ and 48 along the oast side of Mahatma Gandhi Road, as well out of F. P. Nos. 139, 147, 152, 157 and 163 along the Fast bide of the northern part of Tilak Road, shown marked in Red dotted line on Plan Nos. 3 and 4 of the Scheme, are reserved for widening of the respective roads. The land so reserved in Red dotted line on Plan Nos. 3 and 4 of the Scheme, are reserved for widening of the respective roads. The land so reserved
shall remain in the ownership of the respective owners, till they ari taken over by the Local Authority for the said purpobe, but no shall remain in the ownership of the respective owners, till they ars taken over by the Local Authority
building or excavation shall be made thereon, nor on the land within 15 feet on the East of such strips.
8. The F. Ps. allotted for public furposes under the Scheme shall vest in the Local Authority and that body shall keep them in sanitary condition and shall utilise them for the specific purposes mentioned against each in column No. 16 of Form 'B'. The site for the Police Chowky (F. P. No. 18\%) shall be transferred to the Police Department for the purpose for which it is allotted.
9. F. P. Nos. $45,64,273,300$ and 325 shall bs kopt permanently open, except for a ccapound wall enclosing cach plot, ard a ground floor sanitery block and/or a pavilion within, if necessary, and shall in no circumstances be put to any use other then that forwhich each is specifically allotted.
10. All huts, shods, stables and such other temporary structures, including those which do not conform to the regulations afthe Scheme, shall be removed within one ycar from the date the final scheme comes into force.


Bombay, loth June 1958.

FORM " C "
(Rules 17 and 29)
Finance of Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. III

| Expenses under section $18(2)(b),(c),(d),(f),(g)$ and $(h) .$. | .. | .. | $\therefore$ | Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6,90,800$ |  |  |  |  |

Other expenses-
Expenses shown in the re-distribution and valuation statement (total of Col. 11 of Form B). 4,70,469
Cost of publication under section $22(2)$ and under section $23(1)$ or (2) (Rules 12 to 14) .. 37,500

| Compensation under section $29(2)$ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | ... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Legal expenses under section $64(1)(e)$ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1,000 |
| Compensation under section $69 \quad .$. | .. | .. | .. | . | .. | .. |

Cost of demarcation, salaries of Town Planning Officer and Board of Appeal and their $\quad 70,000$ staff and other expenses under section 42 (2).
(a) Total $\dot{\text { To ta }} \quad 12,69,769$

## Total of increments (Col. 12 of Form B) .. .. Rs. 20,48,652

Proportion of increment to be contributed by each holder (section 66) 50 per cent.



Arbitrator.

Bombay, 10th June 1958.
[Section 18 (2) (c) and ( $j$ )]



Bombay, 10th June 1958.

TOWH PLANKIMG SOHEME, GHATKOPAR NO. III
Abstract of Estimates for Roads and Storm-Water Drains

| $\begin{gathered} \text { - Soris! } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | Neme of Road. |  | Length Roadin feot | Road making. |  |  |  | Storm Wator Draing. |  | Total. | Remarke. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Type of Road work. | Width of the saphalted carriageway. | Rate per <br> R. tt. of Rosd. | Amoant. | Rate per R.ft. of drain on each side. | Amoant. |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5. | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 18 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Re. | Re. | Rs. | Re. | Rs. |  |
|  | Main Road-NoylhSouth from Jawahar Road to Mahatma Gandhi Road. | 60 | 4,880 | Lovelling the ground to required oamber, providing metalling over dry rabble atone foundations and painting the yoad surface with 2 coats of bitumen for the oarriageway complete with puoos 8. W. Drains on sides. | 24 | $19 \cdot 1$ | 95,809 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 40,006 | 1,42,216 |  |
|  | Hingwala Lane Extension Eastward from Road No. 1 sbove to 30 feet Road North-South. | 60 | 250 | Do. do. | 24 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 4,776 | 4.7 | 2,850 | 7,125 |  |
|  | Fallabh-Baug Lane Extension Eastward of Road No. 1 up to F. P. No. 194. | 80 | 260 | Do. de. | 24 | $19 \cdot 1$ | 4,968 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 2,444 | 7,410 |  |
|  | Tilak Road from Vallabh-Baug Lanne, Southward to Soheme boundary. | 40 | 1,850 | Do. do. | 20 | 16.8 | 30,165 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 17,890 | 47,645 |  |
| 5 | Waghji Lane Extension up to Rond No. 1 ... | 40 | . 185 | Do. do. | 20 | 16.8 | 2,690 | 4.7 | 1,651 | 4,241 |  |
| 6 | Jawahar Road Extension Eastward up to F. P. No. 280 (Sohool). | 40 | 820 | Do. do. | 20 | 16.3 | 18,366 | 4.7 | 7,708 | 21,074 |  |
| 7 | Vallabh-Beng Lane Extonsion from Tilak Road to Road No. 1. | 38 | 670 | Do. do. | 20 | 10.8 | 10,021 | 4.7 | 0,298 | 17,810 |  |
| 8 | Vallabh-Baug'Lang between Mahatma Gandhi Road and Tilak Road. | 33 | 670 | Lovelling additional width to proper camber, metailing over dry rubblo foundation and painting surface with bitumen to make up required carriageway, complete with 8. W. Drain on widened side. | 20 | $8 \cdot 6$ | 8,768 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 8,140 | 8,911 |  |
| 9 | Road on West and South of F. P. No. 45 (Oarden) to Tilak Road. | 30 | 855 | Levelling the ground to required cambor, providing metalling over dry rubble stone foundations and painting the rosd surface with 2 ooats of bitumen for the oarriagoway complete with pucea 8. W. Drains on sides. | 10 | 18.6 | 7,408 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 8,917 | 12,710 |  |
| 10. | Koad South of F. P. Nos. 81.34 ... ... | $\mathbf{3 0}$ | 830 | Levelling the ground to proper oamber and metalling over dry rubble stone foundation, painting the surface with bitumen for the required oarriagemay and 8 . IT. Drains oomplete. | 16 | 18.5 | 7,156 | $4 \cdot 7$ | 4,982 | 12,187 |  |





## TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR No. III

Estimate for Providinig Embankment for certaini roads as recessary
Abstract



Arbitrator.

Bombay, 10 June 1958.

TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR NO. II
Estimate for providing Embankments for certain roads
Measurement




Arbitrator.

Bombay, 10 June 1958.

# TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR No. III 

## Proceedings

## 21st February 1958

The hearing of appeals in respect of Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. IIl, commenced at 11 a.m., on 21st February 1958. At the outset, the President asked the owners to urge general objections they had if any, to the Scheme.

Shri Khona argued that the cost of the proposed Scheme as worked out by the Arbitrator was shown as Rs. $12,69,460$ out of which an amount of Rs. $10,58,000$ was proposed to be collected from the property owners. Thus the owners were called upon to pay nearly 80 per cent. of the total cost of the Scheme. He also obsorved that the original draft scheme had provided for drainage in the Town Planning Scheme but the Arbitrator has subsequently ruled in his Award that the cost of the drainage should be borne by the Corporation and even then the total cost of the Scheme shown was Rs. $12,69,460$. He asked as to how this was done when under the Act they had to bear only 50 per cent. of the expenses. It was pointed out to Shri Khona by the President that the contention urged by Mr. Khona was not correct. The Corporation was authorised under the Act to recover from the owners of the plots wholly or in pari the cost of the scheme. The only restriction placed on the Corporation was that the sum recovered from the owners shall not in any case exceed 50 per cent. of the total increment levied. As the total increment was about 21 lakhs of rupees it seemed that the proposed incremental charges were within the limit.

Shri Khona then argued that he could produce evidence to show that the prices of materials taken by the Arbitrator in working out the cost of the scheme were on an average 25 per cent. higher than those on the date of the declaration of the scheme. He thought that this was perhaps, because of the fact, that the Arbitrator had taken the prices prevailing at the time of the declaration of the Award and not at the time of the declaration of the scheme. He said that if prices prevailing on the date of the declaration of the scheme had been taken as basis, the total cost would have been much lower than the present figure and consequently the owners' share would have been reduced. The President pointed out that the Board had no jurisdiction to go into this matter and hence could not take the same into consideration.

Shri Khona then pointed out that Ghatkopar Scheme No. III was the first in which there was provision for garden, playground, etc. No garden or playground was provided in the two earlier Schemes. He argued that though the people of the entire town of Ghatkopar were likely to avail of the amenities, the expenses were proposed to be recovered from the residents of this Town Planning Scheme. It was pointed out to him that only 25 per cent. of the cost of the garden and playground ; etc., was charged to the residents of this Scheme and the rest was to be contributed by the Municipal Corporation.

Shri Khons further argued that it was proposed under the Scheme not to allow any shops on the Mahatma Gandhi Road. Instead, it was proposed to give right to establish shops on the new road proposed. As the plots on this new proposed road were fully built-up (i.e., $33 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent.) he doubted whether it would be possible in view of the municipal restrictions to utilise the right. He therefore pleaded that increment should not be charged for these plots.

Shri K. T. Divecha appearing on behalf of Serial No. 13 said that he fully agreed with the opinion expressed by Shri Khona that the prices of materials should be as on the date of the declaration of the scheme. As there was bound to be a difference between the prices of materials on the date of the declaration of the scheme and the prices on the date that was taken as the basis by the Arbitrator the owners were likely to be asked to pay more than was due.

He also stated that the scheme as conceived by the Corporation was a half-hearted one, with provision for some kuttcha roads and some pucca roads. He feared that the owners may be called upon to pay further contributions in future, to provide amenities which have not been included in the scheme.

He then argued that the new road which was expected to relieve the traffic jam on the Mahatma Gandhi Road was going to benefit the people of the entire Town of Ghatkopar. It was also going to benefit the people of Chembur. Even then the residents within the scheme area were saddled with the entire cost of the road. He prayed that only proportionate cost should be recovered from them.

Sbri Bapat appearing on behalf of the Corporation argued that that the contention of Shri Khona that there were no gardens provided in the earlier schemes was not correct. There was a garden provided in the amended scheme No. I, and in Scheme No. II a plot was reserved for garden which was acquired by the Government in war time under the Defence of India Rules. The Corporation had recently acquired it back from the Government and would shortly provide a garden on this plot.

General objections having concluded individual plot numbers and Serial numbers were then called out to hear appeals filed by owners in respect of individual plot3.

## Sorial No. 1, Final Plot No. 1, 7.-No appearance.

Serial No. 3, Final Plot No. 2.-Shri K. D. Shah appeared for the owner of this plot. He said that besides the objections for some plots which he would make when those particular numbers were called out for hearing he had general objection to raise applicable to all the plots represented by him. It was that the increment levied and proposed to be recovered from the owners should be 25 per cent. of the total increment calculated by the Arbitrator and not 50 per cent. as has actually been done in view of the fact that the benefits proposed to be given by the execution of the Scheme would be enjoyed by all the people of the town. He said that the final values of the plots were not disputed. (Shri K. D. Shah represented following Serial Numbers : $3,7,9,10,11,17,28,29,30,45,46,48,50,57,62,67,68,69$, $70,71,73,76,83,85,88,96,100,109,129,131,137)$.

Serial No. 13, Final Plot Nos. 60 to 63, 70 to 81, 126, 127, 194, 193, 222, 323, 324, 324-B, 353, 353-B, 86, 87, 88 , 92 and 93, 197, 171, 218.-Shri Divecha, Architect, appeared. Sbri Drecha referred to his written appeal and said that the owners have been deprived of land having an area of 74,202 square yards or approximately 25 per cent. of their total area. The compensation payable by the Local Authority to him as determined by the Arbitrator was ïs. 36.597 - which comes to approximately 50 naye paise per square yard. If the valuation of his original plet is considered it would seem that the Arbitratorbas valued it more than 50 nP . per square yard. It was thus clear that he had already contributed indirectly, getting a rate of 50 nP . as compensation for the land acquired while according to the valuation of the Arbitrator the rate was more than 50 nP . per square yard. He pleaded that this should be taken into consideration while considering his appeal for reducing the increment.
-He said that his Final Plot No. 194 had been shown as plot reserved for Cinema. He said that it was however his experience that plots reserved for Cinema are not subsequently approved by the Government for building a Cinema theatre on the ground that the site is not suitable. Hy cited the example of a plot in Mahim Town Planning Scheme wherein a plot that was reserved for Cinema was rejected by the Government as not being suitable. He said he could produce Government's letter to this effect. He stated that if the same is geing to happen in the case of Plat No. 194 in this Scheme there was no use of the reservation of that plot when no Cinema would be persitted to be built on the site and in which case he asked as to why a higher increment should be charged on such a plot.

In case of Final Plct Ncs. 60, 61, 62 he prayed that the inciement should be on the basis of 5 rupees instead of 6 rupees as calculated by the Arbitrator because the appreciation in the value because of the making of the road and the other benefits were not, in his opinion, to the extent of 6 times the original value of the land particularly when the land required for the making of the read was given by him at a very low price. In case of Final Plots 63 and 70 though they are corner plote they are just by the side of the plots mentioned and the increase in increment should be at the most Annas 8 per square yard. He therefore pleaded that the increment for Final Plot Nos. 63 and 70 should be on the basis of Rs. 5-8-0 and not Rs. 6-8-0 as levied by the Arbitrator.
" He further pleaded that for Final Plot Nos. 71, 72, 73, 74, 75 and 76 which are on the same road and are in the saree position as Final Plit Nus. 60, 6162,63 etc. the increment should be on the basis of 5 rupees instead of 6 rupees as calculated by the Arbitrator.

Final Plot Nos. 77, 78, 79 and 80.-The increment was on the basis of Rs. 8. He thought that this was because of the fact that these were situated in a little developed area. He emphasised that the fact that the plote are in a developed area should not be taken into consideration while determining the increment. They were not there as a result of the making of the Scheme. The plots had already that quality before the declaration of the Scheme and therefore no attention shoul be paid to this factor for the purposes of determining its final value. If the plot is more valuable by virtue of its being in a more developed area the quality is reflected in the original and semi-final values. It will be thus seen that there is no difference between Final Plot Nos. 76 and 77 except that the latter one is in a developed $\varepsilon$ rea and therefore both stand to get equal benefits as a result of the Scheme. He therefore requested that 5 rupees should be the basis of the increment instead of 8 rupees as calculated by the Arbitrator.

Final Plot Nos. 81 and 126.-He said that Plot No. 81 could be compared with plot No. 70 which was also a corner plot. The only difference was that plot No. 81 was in a little developed area. He said that if the same argument urged by him about ignoring the quality of the land prior to assessing the final value is applied here, this plot would stand on the same footing as plot No. 70, as Plot No. 81 will benefit to the same extent as Plot No. 70 by the execution of the scheme. According to him the increment should be Rs. $5 \cdot 50 \mathrm{nP}$. per square yard.

Final Plot No. 127 was on the same road as Plot No. 126, opposite the same low-lying area. This plot had a single frontage but has been valued at Rs. 10. He pleaded that the increment should be Rs. 5 .

Plot No. 194 was reserved for Cinema. About this he said he had nothing to add to his earlier argument that when a plot is rèserved for Cinema the owner should be assured of permission to construct cinema on the site. If the owner is not assured of the uzer then there is no point in valuing the plot on a higher basis for particular user.

Final Plot No. 193.-It is a plot on which shops are permitted. If this fact is ignored for a monent and the plot is compared with Final Plot Nos. 81 and 126 it would seem that Plot No. 193 is inferior to Plot Nos. 81 and 126 wh ch are on the most important road of the Scheme. Moreover the kutcha road starts near Plot No. 193 so the dust nuisance is also there. He therefore pleaded that the increment should be the same as that for Plot No. 81, namely 5 rupees. He said that merely because the ground floor could fetch more rent when given for shop purposes did not justify the increment on the basis of 11 rupees. The area that can be used for shop purposes cannot be more than 50 per cent.

Final Plot No. 222.-The plot is on the kutcha road. The situation is more or less the same when compared to Plot Nos. 60 and 61. Mr. Divecha pleaded that the increment should be on the basis of Rs. 4 because the plot is inferior when compared to Nos. 60 and 61.

Final Plot No. 323.-It is a very big plot. Mr. Divecha said that the shape of the plot was such that he could not sub-divide it. The depth in either direction is considerable. This plot is of such a large size that it would take his client some time to dispose it off. He pleaded that the increment should be on the basis of Re. $1 \cdot 25 \mathrm{nP}$. instead of Re. $1 \cdot 50 \mathrm{nP}$.

Final Plot No. 324.-Shri Divecha requested that the increment should be on the basis of Re. $1 \cdot 25 \mathrm{nP}$. instead of Re. $1 \cdot 50 \mathrm{nP}$.

Final Plot No. 324-B.-Shri Divecha pleaded that this is a very small plot. The Town Planning Scheme is neither going to improve the shape of the plot nor the size of it. It being a small strip of land no benefits can be deemed to accrue to the plot as a result of the Town Planning Scheme. He therefore argued that the final value should be the same as original and semi-final value and no increment should be charged on this plot.

Final Plot No. 353.-Shri Divecha requested that the increment should be on the basis of Re. 1•50 nP. instead of Rs. $2 \cdot 25 \mathrm{nP}$.

Final Plot No. 353-B.-He said that the same remarks as for Plot No. 353 app ${ }^{1} \mathrm{y}$ in this case, particularly when this plot has a single fronta;e. He pleaded that increment on the basis of ke. 0.75 nP . should be charged. instead of Re. 1.

Firal Plot Nos. 86,87 and 88.-These plots are behind Plot Nos. 77, 76, 75. They are in the same position as Plot Nus. 77, 76 and 75. In one ar pect they are inferior to these plots in that they are on a minor rad which is 30 feet road. He therefore pleaded that these should be cons dered as equivalent to Plot Nos. 77, 76 and 75 and the increment should therefore be on the basis of 5 rupees instead of 7 rupees.

Finat Plot Nos. 92 and 93.-These plots are behind F'nal Plot Nos. 70 and 71 and are in no way better than Plot Nus. 70 and 71. He therefure requested that increment for Plot No. 92 should be on the basıs of 5 rupees and for Plot No. 93 increment should be on the basis of Rs. $5 \cdot 50 \mathrm{nP}$.

Final Plot No. 197.-This plot can be compared to Plot No. 62. The increment should therefore be on the basis of rupees 8 instead of rupees 11.

Final Plot No. 171.-The increment should be on the basis of Rs. $8 \cdot 50 \mathrm{r}$ P. instead of Rs. 12.
Final Plot No. 218.-If this plot is compared with Plot No. 81 which is also in the same situation, it will bo seen that this plot is little inferior. The increment for this plot should be on the basis of Rs. 6 instead of Rs. $9 \cdot 50 \mathrm{nP}$.

Final Plot No. 18.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 19, 20 and 21.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 22, 27.-Mr. Khona appeared. Mr. Khona said that his original plot bas been divided into two plots. Though the Town Plann ng Scheme will provide entrance to his Plot No. 27 as a result of the new rad no increment should be charged as there is a temple on this plot which is a charitable institution and exempted under the Act. Moreover Plot No. 27 is a plot in the interior, behind Plot No. 88 which is on the Tilak Ruad. Granting that his plot was gettinc a frontas e the increment should not be more than Rs. $2 \cdot \mathrm{E0} 0 \mathrm{nP}$. It was the contention of Shri Khona that the appreciation in the value of the land due to ruad making should be reflected in the semi-final value.

Final Plot No. 15.-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. He said that in addition to the general objection (pleare see Final Plot No. 2) the reconstitution of plots under the Scheme does not increase the buildable possibilities of this plot. Final value should therefore be low.

Final Plot No. 31.-Mr. Khona appeared. Shri Khona faid that before the Town Planning Schrme they could have a shop on the plot. The Town Ylanning Scheme has taken away the right to have a shop. Increment should therefore be reduced proportionately.

Final Plot No. 32.-Right of shop is taken away by the Town Planning Scheme. Increment should therefore be reduced proportionately.
S. No. 30, Final Plot No. 33.-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection (please refer Final Plot No. 2). Right to have shop is taken away. Increment should be reduced proportionately.

Final Plot No. 187-A (S. No. 38).-General objection. (Pleare refer Final Plot No. 2). Shri Khnna appeared. As the plot is fully built up right to have a shop cannot be utilised. He pleaded for reduction of increment.

Fina’ Piot No. 119 (S. No. 46).-General objection. (Please refer Final Plot No. 2).
Fina' Plot No. 121 (S. No. 48 .-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. Genera' ob"ection. • (Please refer Final Plot No. 2).
Final Plot No. 123 (S. No. 50).-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. (Please refer Final Plot No. 2). Final value should be less by Re. 1 per square yard.

Final Plot No. 131 (S. No. 57).-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. ' (Please refer Final Plot No. 2). Final Plot No. 137 (S. No. 62).-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. (Please refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. 52 (S. No. 67).-Shri Khona appeared. He had nothing to add to the grounds of appeal stated in his written appeal filed.

Final Plot No. 53 (S. No. 68).-Shri Khona appeared. He had nothing to add to the grounds of appeal stated in his written appeal filed.

Final Plot No. 54 (S. No. 69).-Shri Khona appeared. He had nothing to add to the grounds of appeal stated in his written appeal filed. He requested that the increment on this plot chould be Rs. 2.

Final Plot No. 146 (S. No. 7O).-Shri Khona appeared. Shri Khons pointed out that this plot formed a portion of a very big plot which was nctincluded in the Scheme. He therefore did not stand to cain the benefits of the Scheme. No increment should therefore be charged on this plot. It was sugfested by Mr. Khona that this might bave been done through errir but he pleaded no increment should be lovied because strictly speaking there would be no increment as it was nut a part of the Sche me evenina practical sense.

Final Plot No. 139 (S. No. 71).-General objection. Refer to Final Plot No. 2.
Final Plot No. 141 (S. No. 73).-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. Final value not disputed. (Refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. 147 (S. No. 76).-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. (Refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. $157^{\prime}$ 'S. No. 83).-Shiri Khona informed the President that the owners of this plot bave already paid Rs. 525 to the ex-Mun cipality for the construction of the Tilak R(rad, and Rs. 241 for the construction of Gurukul Lane. It will be thus seen that the owner has already paid the batterment oharges falling to his share. The Presidont made it clear that these payments could not be ta ken into consideratic $n$ as the improvements effected as a result of the payments will be reflected in the original value.

Final Plot No. 162 (S. No. 85).-Shri Kbona eppeared. He requested that as per grounds of appeal stated in his written appeal the increment should be Rs. 2 instead of Rs. 4.

Final Plot No. 163 (S. No. 88).-Shri Khona apporred. General objection. Final value not disputed (refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. 167 (S. No. 96).-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. Final value not disputed (refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. 202 (S. No. 100).-Shri K. D. Shah appeared. Genersl objection. Final value not disputed (refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. 174-A (S. No. 109).-Shri Khona appeared. He had nothing to add to his written appeal. General objection (refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. 183 (S. No. 129).—Shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. (Plesse refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot No. 185 (S. No. 131).-Shri Khona appeared. He argued that right to have shop is taken away by the Town Planning Scheme. Increment should therefore be reduced propertionately. General cbjection.

Final Plot No. 287 (S. No. 137)._-shri K. D. Shah appeared. General objection. (Please refer Final Plot No. 2).

Final Plot Nos. 89, 90 and 91.-Shri Khona appeared. He requested that increment should be 6 rupees instead of 7 rupaes. He said that the plot was in the interior and therefore did not get the frontage as a result of the new road.

The President at this point recalled that Mr. Divecha had argued thet though the interior plot holders can enjoy quiet and calm atmosphere the factor is ofiset by the fact the frontage is lost as a result of its situation in the interior.

Mr. Bapat at this point rose to say that he had observed that Counsel were comparing the increments of two plots in Rupees, Annas and Pies. That is not the preper basis for comparison. The increment should be on par with the final value of the plot. As the final value of every plot is not likely to be th, $s s m e$, increment of even adjoining plots may not ke the same due to the difference in final value.

Final Plot Nos. 23, 26 and 29.-Shri Khona appeared. He requested that Final value should be 9 rupees. No other objection except those stated in the written appeal.

Final Plot Nos. 172, 203, 204, 205.-Shii Mody appeared. He argued that as his plot was fully devoloped and as the surrounding ares also was fully developed, he dd not stand to gain much, except for the new road, by the Town Planning Scheme. He said that the increment was exhorbitant and should be reduced proportionately.

The proceedings concluded at this point.

## M. A. SAKHARD 1 NDE , Pradidunt.

## 24th February 1958.

Hearing of individual appeals in respect of Town Plann ng Scheme, Ghatkopar No. III, commenced at 11-00 a.m.
Final Plot Nos. 170 232, 233, 253, 322, 320 237, 238 261, 262, 263, $26 \pm 278,215,228$ 229. 244.-The representat ve of Shri Rashid Jamshedji Irani, owner of the above plots, requested for postponement of hearing of his appeal to a later date whereupon it was dec.ded to adjourn the hearing till Thursday the 27th instant. He was further informed that the Members of the Board would inspect the site on Tuesday the 25th February 1958 at 8-30 a.m. and he could accompany them if desired.

Final Plot Nos. 1 and 7.-The representative of The Salt Department requested for an adjournment of hearng of the appeal in respect of their plots. The President replied that the same would be taken up on Thursday the 27th February 1958 and no further adjournment could be granted.

Final Plot No. 18.-The representatives of The Fair Life Co-operat ve Housing Society Ltd. urged that there appeared to have been some mistake in the Arbitrator's Award as regards the area. They further pleadel that they should be given compensation accord ng to the actual area of the plot which accord ng to the sale-deed was 18932 square yards. They further stated that the rate of compensation should be Rs. 10 per square yard instead of Rs. 7 per square yard as decided by the Arbitrator. They further argued that they should be exempted from the levy of betterment charges as the area was fully developed with the necessary amenities such as drainage, water mains, water $p$ pes, etc. or at least the increment, if any, should be Re. 1 only.

The President replied that so far as the rectification of the area was concerned, they had to take up the matter with the Superintendent, City Survey and Land Records, and informed them that the Board had no jurisdiction over this point.

Final Plot No. 28.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 94 and 100.-It was stated on behalf of the Happy Life Co-operative Housing Society Ltd. that the rate of compensation paid to them for the land taken away was very low. It was pointed out to them that this matter was not within the jurisdiction of the Board and could not therefore be cousidered. It was
also argued on behalf of the owners that the plot was already on the Tilak Road and had thus an access from the main road. No benefit would therefore accrue to them by the construction of new road. If the remaining benefits were considered, the increment of Rs. 4 appeared rather high. Request was therefore made to the Board by the appellants to reduce the increment to Rs. 2. It was further argued that even the Municipality in its draft scheme had estimated the increment at Rs. 3. It was made clear that the access was a private access in 1947. The Municipality while it drafted the said scheme had assumed that it was in charge of the ex-Municipality and therefore did not charge on that account. However, as the Arbitrator has ruled that it was a private access, which will be converted into a public road on completion of the scheme, the cost of the road had been charged to the account of those owners who were to come on this road.

Final Plot No. 95.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 96, 97,98, 99.-Shri Ghanekar appeared for these plots. It was argued by him that all the bouldings on these plots had been built up before the Town Planning Scheme came. Prior to 1947, these plots had an access from the road that was passing along these plots. In the Scheme formulated by the Arbitrator this road has been shifted as a result of which tenants of Plot Nos. 97 and 98 have no access. Moreover, consideration of their being the developed plots has not at all been given its due weight in the Arbitrator's Award. He therefore pleaded that the increment for Final Plot Nos. 97 and 98 should be Rs. 2 and for Final Plot Nos. 96 and 99 Re. I as these two plots are already in a good position.

Final Plot.No. 4.-Shri Ghanekar appeared. It was requested that the increment should be Rs. 5 instead of Rs. 6 .

## Final Plot No. 24.-No appearance.

## Final Plot Nos. 38, 39 and 40.-No appearance.

Final Plot Nos. 43, 46.-Shri Khona appeared. He pleaded that increment for Final Plot No. 43 should be Re. 1 instead of Rs. 2-8-0, and for Final Plot No. 46 Rs. 2 instead of Rs. 5. It was pointed out to him that Final Plot No. 46 which was reserved for Service Industries could command much higher price in view of the fact that there were only three plots in the whole of the scheme reserved for Service Industries and this could justify the high increment. Shri Khona admitted that the plot would command a higher price but sad that he cou d only exploit the advantage by hav ng at the most a grind ng mill. On.y the-ground floor was thus likely to be of usi for Service Industries. Shri Khona said that no shops were allowed on this plot. Thus a vital right had been taken away.

The President enquired of Shri Khona whether he would like them to recommend to the Arbitrator that in future, restrictions as regards building of shops should app'y to such plots where the buildings are to be newly constructed or re-erected, and should not apply in cases where the structures had already been $n$ exist. nce. Shri Khona on enquiry stated that the useful life of the structures where the shops are situated is about 35 to 40 years.

Final Plot No. 129.-Shri Narainrao Jivanbhai, Advocate, appeared in this case. He urged that the increment should be Rs. 3 only.

Final Plot No. 48.-Shri Khona appeared. He pleaded that the plot was fully developed. There were shops already existing. The road was also there and hence the plot would not get any material benefit from the proposed scheme and therefore the increment seemed to be on the higher side. The President informed him that he would have now to pay only Rs. 450 instead of Rs. 900 by way of betterment charges and the value of the plot was bound to be much higher on account of the Scheme and the increment levied was quite justified. Shri Khona agreed with it.

Final Plot No. 142.-Shri Khona appeared. He urged that the increment was on the high side and it should be Rs. 3 only.

Final Plot Nos. 148, 149, 150 and 151.-Shri Ghanekar appeared in this case. He requested that the increments in respect of these plots should be as below:-

Final Plot No. 148.-The increment should be Rs. 2 as the plot is already devtlored and there would be no material benefit from the Scheme.

Final Plot No. 149.-The increment, should be Rs. 2 only.
Final Plot No. 150.-The increment should be Rs. 3 only.
Final Plot No. 151.-The increment should be Rs. 3 only:
Final Plot Nos. 152, 153 and 154.-Shrl Khona appeared. He requested that the increment shorld be Rs'. 2 in respect of plot Nos. 152 and 153 and that in respect of Plot No. 154, the increment should be Rs. 3 instead of Rs. 4-8-0.

Final Plot Nos. 223, 221, 216, 246, 175, 255, 256, 239, 269, 268, 328 and 329.-Shri J. P. Parekh, Architect, appeared in this case. Shri Parekh first of all pointed out some mistake in respect of area of the plots. He was informed that the matter did not come within the purview of the Board of Appeal and he should take up the same with the D. I. L. R. before the Scheme was finally sanctioned by the Government. He further requested that the increment in respect of these plots should be Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 at the most.
M. A. SAKHARDANDE, -

President.
27th February 1958.
The hearing of the individual appeals in respect of the Town Planning Schene, Ghatkopar No. III, commenced. at 11-00 a.m.

Final Plot Nos. 1 and 7.-Shri D. V. Kirtikar, Supdt. to the Salt Commissioner appeared in this case. At the outset, Shri Kirtikar informed the President that the Department could not get a eanction to engage a legal adviser to deal with this case and he himself would appear as the representative of the Salt Department to. which the president agreed. Shri Kirtikar stated that the betterment charges are in the nature of tax and hence the same could not be levied against the Central Government who are the owners of these properties. He also argued that the proposed road in the Scheme is passing through their property and hence that area could not be used as a space for parking veh'cles. The President however told hum that this question did not come within the iurisdiction of the Board. Shri Kirtikar further referred to Section 66(1) Proviso (iii) of the New Town Planning Act and stated that the same could be made applicable to their properties. The Salt Department would lose quite a large area and hence the contribution levied upon them should be correspondingly less. The increment of Rs. 4 should be reduced, as there would be no material benefits from the Scheme to the plot. So far as the user of Final Plot No. 7 was concerned, Shri Kirtikar was requested to contact the Arbitrator personally to consider this issue on 12th March 1958.

Final Plot Nos. 160, 161, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 251, 240, 241, 257, 258, 231, 230 and 234.-Shri Khona appeared. As regards Final Plot No. 160, Shri Khona stated that the plot would require filling in to the extent of 4'. The plot would remain in the same low position and hence the final value of tois plot should be Rs. 9. He further urged that the increment should be 50 per cent. in respert of all these plots. Shri Khona further said that the Local Authority is going to penalise the owners by making a Town Planning Scheme. The original area of his plota was $84,000 \mathrm{Sq}$. yds. and he has been deprived of about 35 per cent. of the area and that no fair treatment was shown to him. In this connection he referred to Miram's book on valuation ( p . 287) and lastly urged that taking all the points inte account, the increment should be 50 per cent. only. It was pointed out to Shri Khona that most of his plots were vacant plots and no objection was raised as to their acquisition i. e. taking away the same for public purposes.

## Final Plot No. 224.-No appearance.

Final Plot Nos. 170, 232, 233, 259, 322, 320, 237, 238, 261, 262, 263, 264, 278, 245,-Shri N. M. Barai, Architect, appeared. Shri Barai argued that the proposed $60^{\prime}$ road is kept for the advantage of the area to the south of the Scheme and hence contribution for the proposed $60^{\prime}$ road should not be borne by the plot holders at all. He further requested the President to ask the Municipality to fix the level of the roads as these levels of the roads is a material factor for fixing the final values of the plots. $60^{\prime}$ rosd is meant for relieving the congestion on Mahatma Gandhi Road. This is a residential area and $40^{\prime}$ road would serve the purpose. Also $2 / 50^{\prime}$ roads are proposed in the scheme which are ueeless. In connection with the contribution in respect of roads, Shri Barai referred to Mr. Justice Rajadhyakshs's decision in respect of Town Planning Scheme No. III, Ahamedabad (page 166). Shri Barai further observed as followa as regards the playground, market, parking etc:-

## Playground.-It is charged 50 per cent. and should be 25 per cent. only.

Market.-Shri Barai stated that this proposed market is a proft-gaining concern to the Municipality and hence the Mun cipality should be made to contribute more for this market. Since the market is meant for the whole ares and as it is a profit-making business, no contribution should be levied on the owners.

Parking.-Shri Barai pointed out that this parking is meant for persons visiting the market and outsiders where upon the President observed that the parking will not be restricted only to cars but bicycles, Tongas etc. could also be parked. Shri Baraj thereafter admitted that the parking is escential so far se the market is concerned; but he urged that in respect of the parking, 10 per cent contribution only should be cherged.

Stalls.-Shri Baraj further argued that the proposed stalls in the Scheme are a proft making concern, Stalls would be constructed by the Mun cipality and hence the stalls should be fully contributed by the Munioipality or the contrikution, if any, should be 1 per cent. at the most.
As regards the final values of the plots as adopted by the Arbitrator, Shri Barai stated that the final values of the plots would be afiected as the roadlevels were not fixed andit would be better to have an idea of road levels to facilitate filling in of the plots. He further pointed out that the final values have been fixed by the Arbitrator by looking to the sales in the developed areas. 'I he building plinthis required to be kept 2 ' higher than the road level and hence there would be extra cost involved. Shri Rarai therefore pleaded that the final values should be somewhat lees.

Final Plot Nos. 228 229, and 244.-The Chairman of the Surem Field Tenante' Co-operative Housing Society (Lessee) appeared. He submitted a written appeal to the Members of the Board. The Chairman stated that the plots have been leased for 20 years in 1954 subject to the renewal of the lease for a period of further 30 years. The Society is going to put up temporary structures thereon. The Chairman urged that the contribution in respect of these plots should be apportioned between the Lessor and the Lessee. The President observed that under section 66, sub-section (1) Proviso (ii), the decision of the Town Planning Offcer on the question of apportionment is not left to the Board's deoision. As regards the original value of the plote, the Board has also no jurisdiction over tho matter.

## Final Plot No. 243.-No appearance.

Final Plot No. 217.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 277 and 176.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 242-A.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 279 to 284, 288 to 291, 312 to 317, 310, 275, 276, 277, 265, 270, 271, 272, 318.-Shri Khone appeared. Bhri Khona argued that the final plote Nos. 310, 265 and 318 are very huge plots and they would have to be divided into small plots to which the President replied that he could do so with the Municipal permission. Shri Khona further stated that the plots are far away and near the oreek. Filling inis required to be done. The increment of Rs. 4-8-0 was exoessive.

Shri Bapat, representative of the Bombay Municipal Corporation said that so far as the fillingin problem it concerned on an average charges would be Re. 1 per ft. and on an svarage 2 to 3 feet filling in would be required.
(a.0.P.) $\times 0-\perp \mathrm{P} 3480-10$

Final Plot Nos. 285, 293, 299, 294, 295, 296, 297.-Shri Nandlal of M/s. Nandlal \& Co., Solicitors, appeared. Shri Nandlal pleaded that theirs was a charitable trust and all the money would be used for charitable purposes and hence the betterment charges should beless. He further stated that there is a structure standing on the plot which was purchased by him in 1951 under the Court's Decree and the receipt to that effect was produced before the Arbitrator and even then no compensation was granted in respect of this structure.

Shri Lalkaka, the learned Assessor, replying to Shri Nandlal's earlier point regarding the betterment chargea, stated that unless the plot is used for public purposes, no examption could be granted.

Shri Nandlal further argued that the incremental charges were high and should be reduced.

## Final Plot No. 266 (S. No. 134).-No appearance.

Final Plot Nos. 308, 349 (S. No.143).-Shri JoshiD.R.appeared. He argued that his orginal plot has been divided into two plots and a portion of the original plot has been carved out to make a third small plot-No. 309. This has created extraordinary situation. He requested that either he must be given plot No. 307 or adjoining plot No. 311. He also argued that valuation has not been proporly done. The finsl values ca!culated ky the Arbitrator are rather too high. He also stated that a portion of his land viz. 382 sq . yds. has been taken away and no compensation has befn paid to him. It was pointed out to him that the Arbitrator had givenhimeredit on this account while arriving at the final value of his plot.

Final Plot Nos. 227, 176 (S. No. 117).-Shri D. R. Joshi appeared. He requested that final values of the plots are rather high. He requested that in his estimation final value of Plot No. 227 should be reduced from Rs. 11 to Rs. 7 and that of Plot No. 176 should be reduced from Rs. 12 to Rs. 8. The increment should be Rs. 2.

Final Plot Nos. 344, 345, 346, 342 (S. 144)-No. appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 45, 64, 65, 69, 184, 195, 252, 273, 274, 286, 300, 325 (S. No. 161).-Shri Bapat appeared. Mr. Bapat pointed out that Plot Nos. 65, 69, 45, 252, 273, 274 which are reserved for public purposes und ar the Scheme have been charged to the Bombay Municipal Corporation as being partially beneficial. It was his contention that it was the duty of the Municipal Corporation to provide free education and medical aid. T) fulfil this duty these plots had been reserved and they will be solely beneficial to th 3 residents of the Scheme. Similarly fluts reserved for Garden (Plot No. 45) and Playground (Plot NJ. 252) are meant for better envirenment and as such form the essential amenities for human life. No contribution should therefore bs charged to the Municipal C.rporation as the amenitios wera meant solely for the public. He also stated that the cost of the Scheme worked out by the Arbitrator was more than the cost worked by them in the Draft Scheme and thus they were called upon to pay more. In addition the Arbitrator has charged Rs. 1,79,000 approximately to the Municipal Corporation for the above mentioned plots which are reservec for public purposes. Mr. Bapat requested that for all the plets the Corporation should be asked to pay only 10 per cent. of the betterment charges and 90 per cent. should be borne by the residents of the Scheme.

Hearing of appeals in cases where written appeals have been filed concluded at this stage. It was then announced that the Board was prepared to consider additional objections of the owners with reference to the site inspection by the Members of the Board.

Mr. Divecha, Architect, appearing on behalf of Serial No. 13, Final Plot Nos. 194, 75, 76, 87 and 88 repeated his argument about the plot reserved for Cinema. (The argument has been covered in the proceedings of the Board dated 21st February 1958). It was pointed out to him that the plot in question to which he made a reference from the Mahim Town Planning Scheme No. III to support his argument has not been firally reserved for Cinema by the Arbitrator as the Arbitrator has not yet finalised his Award and the pcint raised by him will not therefore arise at this stage. Mr. Divecha thereupon pointed out that under the Bombay Cinemas Act 1953 and under the Rules framed under this Act in 1954 Government has absolute authority to refuse the use of a plot for a cinema. He said he feared that even if the Arbitrator finally decides to reserve the plot (Final Plot No. 194) for a cinema, Government might refuse permission to build a cinema on the site. The President pointed out that under Section 51, and 53 of the Act the rights of the reconstituted plots had been declared as 'subject to the right settled by the Town Planning Officer'. The President said that he felt that even if the permission was refused by the Government he could go to a Court of Law and establish his right which is given by this Act.

Shri Divecha then pointed out that the original price of Final Plot Nos, 76, 75, 87 and 88 had been shown as Re. I while the semi-final value in case of Plot Nos. 75 and 76 is shown at Re. 1-8-0 and for 87 and 88 at Rs. 2. He pleaded that they had benefitted uniformly due to the change in the shape and size. In fact there was no change in shape and size of these plots. He said that by unduly increasing the semi-final value of his plots he was indirectly paying more to the Municipality. This should be taken into consideration while considering his demand for reduction in the increment. He also pointed out that while his original plot had been valued at Re. 1 per square yard the compensation paid by the Arbitrator while taking his land for the road was only 0.50 nP . per square yard. This fact also should be taken into consideration.

The proceedings for the day concluded at this stage.

## 28th February 1958.

M. A. SAKHARDANDE, President.

The hearing of additional objections, with particular reference to the inspection of sites by the Members of the Board on 25th and 26th February, 1958, in respect of the Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. III, commenced at $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.

Shri Khona stated that the cost of the scheme should be taken as on the date of declaration of the scheme it was pointed out to him that the cost has to be taken as near the date as possible of carrying out the scheme and further that this point was never raised by Shri Khnna before the arbitrator. Shri Khona's attention was further drawn to the fact that the Arbitrator has taken lower rates than the Draft Scheme. Shri Khona's attention was further drawn
to Sections 16(1), 16(a) and 16(c) of the Act. Shri Khona also referred to Section 17 of the Town Planning Act, 1915, Shri Kbona stated that the areas of the proposed scheme are such where no material price variations would be expected.

Shri Lalkaka, the learned Assessor, observed that the original plot is not to be valued according to the new plots. It is valued as one big plot on average rate and therefore it may happen that if the original value of the whole large plot is Rs. 10, the semi-final value of a portion may be Re. 14. In several cases it could be seent that the final values were less than the original values and that does not mean that more value is given to the plot to help the Municipality.

Shri Khona pointed out that Final Plct Nos. 152 and 153 have remained the same as original plots when Shri Lalkaka pointed out that the Final Plct No. 152 is the portion of the Original Plot No. 85. Shri Khona further stated that he has been given Original Plot No. 148 ccmprised of four plots. Even in case of these plots, Shri Khona urged that there should be some reduction in the increment charged. Owner of Serial No. 87 has got to pay about Rs. 12,000 by way of difference between the semi-final values. Shri Khona observed that the western side of the scheme is fully developed area and therefore there should be 30 per cent. reduction in the final values and on the other side there should be 40 per cent. reducticn. When asked by the President whether there was any material for euggesting the reduction of the final values, Sbri Khona replied that it was a matter of bargain and no specific reasons could be given for the suggested reducticn in the final values but there should be cverall reduction in the final values. The President pcinted out to Shri Khona that he bad oo material sale instances to show that the final values as assessed by the Arbitrator should be reduced.

Shri C.D. Bapat,representative of the Municipality, referred to Sale Statement 36 where the rate was Rs. 25 per square yard and stated that the Arbitrator's valuation is too low.

Thereafter, the plots in respect of which no written appeals were filed, were called out for hearing :-

## Final Plot Nos. 2-A, 3, 9. No appearance.

Final Plot No. 8.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 11.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 12.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 5, 6, 14, 17, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 66, 67, 68, 44, 47, 311, 350, 319, 351, 352, 242-B, 260.-No appearance.

Final Plot Nos. 353-A, 324-A, 352-A.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 34.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 37.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 36.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos 82,101 to 117.-No appearance.
Final Plot 'NIL', Scrial No. 36.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 83, 84, 85, 191.-No appearance.
Sorial No. 39, Final Plot No. ' Nil'.-No appearance.
Final Plct Nos. 41 and 42 .-Shi Khona appeared. This is a piece cf land on Mahatma Gandhi Road the other end baing on Tilak Reac. It is a narrow piece of land and some portion is being acquired for the purposes of road for gjing to the garden. Shri Khona urged that the final value should be less in this case.

Shri C.D. Bapat, Municipal representative, stated that as regards the Final Plot No. 41, the final value should be Re. I more having regard to the shopping fecility as. generally shop plots should be valued more.

Final Plot No. 138.-Shri Khona appeared. Shri Khona stated that the plot is fully developed and hence the final value of the plot should be Rs. 10 only.

Final Plot No. 135.-Shri Khona appeared. He urged that the final value of the plot should be Rs. 10 only.
Final Plot No. 12O.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 122.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 124.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 125.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 143.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 128.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 130.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 132.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 133.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 134.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 136.-No appearance.

Final Plot No. 49.-Whri Khona appeared. It was pointed out to him that the increment is Ro. 1 only which Shri Khona accepted as fair and reasonable.

Final Plot No. 50.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 51.-Shri Khona appeared and argued that as the plot is fully devoloped the increment should be less.

Final Plot No. 140.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 145.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 144, 187-B, 189, 192, 188.-No appearance.
Sorial No. 79, Final Plot No. 'Nil':-No appearance.
Fisnal Plot No. 159.-Shri Khona appeared in this case and argued that the final value of the plot should be Rs. 10 only as the plot is fully developed.

Shri Mody, Advocate, appeared before the Board of Appeal on behalf of the owner of Final Plot Nos. 172, 203, and 205.
As regards Final Plot No. 172, Shri Mody stated that the plot is without any change and even then value is put at Rs. 12 and for Final Plot Nos. 203 and 204, the value is Rs. 11 which are more or less opposite to Final Plot No. 172 and the increment is Rs. 6. He pleaded that the increments should be the same for all the plots. As regards Final Plot No. 205, Shri Mody stated that it is a "VAGHMUKHI " plot and is inauspicious and hence it should be changed. The increment should be Rs. 4 only as the only benefit is of a road, as the plot had an access from the Hingwala Lané,

Final Plot Nos. 155, 156, 190 and 196.-Shri Khons appeared. He pleaded that $\frac{1}{8}$ rd reduction should be made in the increments charged.
Final Plot No. 158.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 164.-Shri Khona appeared. He stated that the plot is in the fully developed area and henou the increment should be Re. 1 only.
Final Plot No. 165.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 166.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 198, 199, 200.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 213.-Shri Khona appeared. Shri Khons stated that the plot is on the proposed $30^{\prime}$ road. The increment charged is Rs. 5 and the same should be Rs. 3 only.
Final Plot Nos. 168, 169, 207, 206.-Shri Khona appeared and urged that the increments for Final Plot Nos. 169, 206 and 207 are heavy and should be reduced.
Final Plot No. 214.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 215.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 219, 253, 254.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 220.-No appearance.
Serial No. 106.-Unknown.
Final Plot No. 173.-Shri Khona appeared. Being a temple, no increment has been charged.
Final Plot No. 174-B.-Shri Bapat, Municipal representative, stated that there is no increment charged and henos there was nothing to be said about the plot.
Final Plot No. 225.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 247.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 250, 249.-Shri Khona appeared. He urged as regards Final Plot No. 249, the increment should be Rs. 3 and for Final Plot No. 250, the increment should be Rs. 4 only.
Serial No. 114, Final Plot No. 'Nil',-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 180, 235.-Shri Khona appeared. He said that Plot No. 235 is on the proposed $60^{\prime}$ road and hence the increment shou d be Rs. 5. As regards Final Plot No. 180, as the portion of it is included in the Scheme No. I,
there shou d be no increment at all.

As regards Frnal Plot No. 146, Shri Khona stated that a large portion of the plot is outside the scheme area and only a small part of it falls within the proposed scheme and hence no ivcrement should be charged.

Final Plot No. 226.-Shri Khona appeared and urged that the final value of the plot should be Rs. 9 only.
Final Plot No. 178.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 180A.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 179, 177, 181, 236, 248.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. ' Nil', Serial No. 122.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 182.-No appearance.

Final Plot No. 267.-No appéarance.
Sorial No. 127, Final Plot No. 'Nil'.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 321. -Shri Khona appeared and urged that theincrement should be Annas 4 onily instead of Annas 8. Pinal Plot Nos. 185-A, 185-B.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 184-A.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 298.-No appearance.
Serial No. 136, Final Plot No. 'Nil'.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 304, 347.-No sppearance.
Final Plot Nos. 348, 303.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 309.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 326, 327.-No appearance.
Sorial No. 143, Final Plot No. 'Nil'.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 343, 341.-No appearance.
Sorial No. 146, Final Plot No. 'Nil'.-No appearance.
Serial No. 147, Final Plot No. 'Nil'.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 336.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 330, 331.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 339.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 340.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 338.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 332.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 337.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 333.-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 334, 335.-No appearance.
Sorial No. 157, Final Plot No. 'Nil'.-No appearance.
Sorial No. 158, Final Plot No. 'Nil'.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 'Nil', Serial No. 159.-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 186.-No appearance.
Shri K. T. Divecha, while mentioning the additional general objections in respect of Final Plot Nos. 75, 76, 87 and 88 stated that the reason why the Final Plot Nos. 87 and 88 , though interior in situation, have been valued at a higher rate viz. Re. 7 than Final Plot Nos. 75 and 76 is that those plots are at higher level than the adjoining plots. According to Shri Divecha it is no advantage at all. Plot Nos. 75 and 76 appearto be at the same level as the proposed level of the road while plot Nos. 87 and 88 are at a slightly higher level by about 2 feet or so which would not give Re. 1 more per square yard. Shri Divecha therefure urged that the increment would be the same in both the cases. He further pointed out that the plots on opposite sides have different values. Shri Divecha further stated that be could not see any reason why Plot Nos. 87 and 76 should have different values as physically the plots would be the same. Plot No. 77 is at Rs. 8 per square yard while plot No. 76 will be only Rs. 6 . Difference of Rs. 2 is a bigdifference. Shri Divecha further urged that plot Nos. 87 and 88 should be valued at the same rate as for Plot Nos. 75, 76, 77 to 80 . In the valuation put up before the Arbitrator, Shri Divecha stated, he had valued the criginal plota at approximately Rs. $1 \cdot 90 \mathrm{nP}$. and the semi-final values of the land given were practically the same with a difference of 1 nP . However, according to the Arbitrator's figures it appears that the original plot value is reduced. As regards the semi-final values, the Arbitrator has taken the same at Rs. $1 \cdot 39 \mathrm{nP}$. The plots in semi-final condition have increased in value by obout a quarter of a rupee. He further stated that there would be no further advantage by way of shape and size of plots. Shri Divecha further pointed out that in his original valuation, he had valued the final plots at Re. $1 \cdot 90 \mathrm{nP}$. while the Arbitrator has valued them at Re. $2 \cdot 60 \mathrm{nP}$. the net result of this being that Shri Divecha has to pay Rs. $1,07,545$ in cash as net contribution plus about 74,000 square yards of land. He therefore pleaded that $1 / 4$ th of his total area was a sufficient contribution towards the scheme. He bas been given compensation at the rate of As. 8 per square yard. He further pointed out that he has been given land which is in an undeveloped state and without any direct access.

Shri Bapat, representative of the Bombay Municipal Corporation stated that the final values adopted by the Arbitrator are on low side. Plots carmarked for service industries, cinema and shops should bave more values having regard to the stability under the statute. As regards Final Plot Nos. 204 and 205, the increments are Re. 6 and Re. 7 respectively. As regards Final Plot Nos. 206 and 207, the incroment is Rs. 6-8-0 and Rs. 5-8-0. Plet No. 206 is a shop plot and no proference is givon to it being a shop plot. Similarly, for Cincma plet the increment is Re. 5-8-0 but for the opposite plot the increment is Rs. $6-0-0$. Shri Bapat said that this Cinema plot would fetch good premium as thisis tho only plot where cinema could be constructed and there is no other plot in the scheme reserved for cinema purposes. He urged that the quantum of increment should have been double than what has been charged for residential plets as this is the only plet in the whole scheme reserved for a cinema. Shri Bapat further stated that the service industry plots have also beon charged atlow rate and that the valuation in general is on the low side.

Shri Bapat handed over three copies of his general objections to the scheme valuation and pointed out that on the last page of his appeal a request has been made to the Arbitratcr regarding the shops to be allowed on Mahatma Gandhi Road. As regards the pltts reserved f.r Maternity H/me in the scheme, Shri Bapat said that the nomenclature cf this plot would have to be changed in view of the new Sarve doya Hospital recontly constructed in the area. Shri Lalkaka, one of the Assessors, told Shri Bapat that this could be done in consultation with the Arbitrator.

Hearing of appeals in respect of the Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. III, concluded at 2 P. M.

M. A. SAKHARDANDE,<br>President.

## 20th March 1953.

Final Plot No. 44 (Serial No. 12).-No appearance.
Final Plot Nos. 111 to 117 and 101 (Serial No.35 ). -Shri Farkisondas Chhctalal appeared in this cace. He urged that there should be no further increase in increments as he accepted the increments awarled by the Arbitrator. Ho adm tted that there might be some justification to increase the increments in respect of Plot Nos. 101, 111 and 112 as they happened to be corner plets but there was no justificatic.n to increase the increments in respect of Final Plot Nos. 113, 114, 115 and 116 as they were in the intericr. As regards Final Plot No. 117, though it was a corner plot, it was far away from the main road and no increase should be made in respect there of.

Final Plot No. 30 (Scrial No. 27).-Shri H. R. Thakkar, Architect, appeared. He pleaded that proportionate concession should be granted to him in the lery of betterment charges in view of the fact that considorablo amount had been spent by him towards appr(ach r)ads, G. I. pipes and gancral developnent of tho plots. Ho furthor pleaded that he should be paid compensation for the kutcha road at the rate of Rs. 8 instead of Rs. 5 .

The President replied that any expenses incurred after the date of declaration of the scheme were not to be taken into consideration. He then stated that the incremantal rates were alright but still he would request that the betterment charges should be rather on low side.

Shri C. D. Bapat thereafter clarified that the money (Rs. 1,500) paid by the ownor of this plot to the Municipality wes in the nature of a socurity depos towards the fa:thful pr formance of the terms and conditions of the Commencement Certificate and the same was adjustable and not refundable under the new Town Planning Act.

Final Plot No. 136 (Serial No. 61).-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 139 (Serial No. 71).-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 118 (Serial No. 45).-Shri Khona appeared. Sbri Khona raised a point that the Municipality had no right to suggest higher increments at this stage as the valuation of the plot had already been fixed by them at the time of submitting the Scheme to the Arbitrator.

The President stated that the Board felt that the idea that increments suggested by the Arkitrator were likely to be increased by the Board in its jurisdiction to do so, might not have occurred to the parties when they argued their appeals and lost hence they might have been under the wrong impression that increments would either be retained or reduced. The Board had thought it right that a second chance to hear them might he given to them as being in consonance with natural justice.

Shri Khona further urged that the comparison to be made for increasing the increment of a particular plot should be with similarly situated plots and not with the adjoining plots. Shri Khona further argued that the maximum final values of the plotsinthisSchemeshould not exceed Rs• 12 asthe maximum final values of the plots in Scheme No. II-Ghatkopar which was comparatively a developed area were not more than Re.14. Ho was informed that the increment for Final Plot No. 118 was proposed to be increased to bring it in conformity with final Plot No. 112.

Shri C. D. Bapat stated that as against the sale of Rs. 14 quoted by Shri Khons, there is a instance of sale taken by the Arbitrator himself where the rate is Rs. 20.

Final Plct No. 223(Serial No. 86).-Dr. J. P. Parekh, Architect, appeared. He arguod that it is a very large plot and therefore the benefit of the corner would be restricted to a vory small area and looking to the frontage of Final Plot Nos. 222 and 223, the increment of this plot is higher and the same should be Annas 8 at the most.

Final Plot No. 241 (Serial No. 87).-Shri Khona appeared. It was pointed out to Shri Khona that the increment for Final Plot No. 240 which is a non-corner plot is Rs. 6 while the increment for Final Plot No. 241 which is a corner plot is Rs. 5. The increment is therefore proposed to be increased to bring it in conformity with Final Plot No. 240 , the increment in respect of which has been proposed to be reduced. Shri Khona agreed to the proposed increase in increment: *

Final Plot No. 244 (Serial No. 161).-Shri Bapat urged that the increments of the neighbouring plots weie nearabout Rs. 7 and as such the increment should be Rs. 7 instead of Rs. 10 as proposed by the Board. Moreover, a market is a public utility and hence the increment should be low.

Final Plot No. 278 (Serial No. 87).-Shri N. M. Barai, Architect, appeared. Shri Barai urged that this is a sloping plot and not a levelled plot. This plot is a corner plot and not a shop plot. According to the Municipal rules, $15^{\prime}$ open spaces are to be left all round the building and hence it would not be possible for him to build $\frac{1}{3}$ rd area of the plot as the plot admeasures only 600 square yards. Also the internal chowks will not be allowed by the Municipality. He further stated that looking to the shape of the plot, increment as proposed by the Arbitrator is alright.

As regards the internal chowks, Shri Bapat clarified that $14^{\prime} \times 14^{\prime}$ internal chowks are permitted.
Final Plot Nos. 288, 291 and 310 (Serial No. 125).-Shri Khona appeared. He agreed to the proposed increase in increments by As. 8 and As. 4 in respect of Final Plot Nos. 288 and 291 respectively. As regards Final Plot No. 310, he argued that though it is a service industry plot, the proposed increase in increment of Rs. 1-8-0 is high compared to the benefits that would accrue if a service industry is established having regard to the situation of the plot at the ond of the scheme. He therefore requested that the increment should be increased by Re. 1 instead of Rs. 1-8-0 as proposed by the Board.

Final Plot No. 292 (Serial No. 130).-Shri Nandlal, Solicitor appeared. He had no objection to the proposed increase in increment of As. 4.

Final Plot No. 298 (Serial No. 135).-Shri D. R. Joshi appeared. Shri Joshi argued that his plot was far away from the business area and he may be allotted any shop plot in lieu of the present one else the plot should be declared as shop plot. The President replied that his request could not be granted, and the increment was proposed to be increased to bring it in conformity with Final Plot Nos. 297 and 299.

Final Plot No. 308 (Serial No. 140).-Shri Joshi appeared. He stated that the plot is low-level plot. It is a small plot especially when the building area is taken into consideration and the increment charged by the Arbitrator is unduly abnormal. The President replied that the increment was proposed to be increased by As. 8 to bring this plot in conformity with Final Plot Nos. 307 and 309. Shri Joshi further asked as to whether it would be possible to give Plot No. 309 to him in exchange to which the President replied in the negative.

Final Plot No. 309 (Serial No. 141).-No appearance.
Final Plot No. 353 (Serial No. 13).-Shri M. L. Bhakta appeared. He requested for an adjournment of the hearing of this plot as their Architect Shri Divecha was confined to bed, with jaundice. The President granted the adjournment asked for and fixed the hearing of this plot on 11 th April 1958 at 11-00 a.m.

The President declared that the Orders of the Board would be pronounced on the 12th April 1958.

## M. A. SAKHARDANDE

President.

## 11th April 1958.

The Board heard objections in respect of Final Plot No. 353 in Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. III, with regard to the increase in the increment as proposed by the Board. Mr. Divecha stated that the Municipal appeal did not make any submissions to show that the va uation made by the learned Arbitrator was not a fair and reasonable valuation. He further stated that the burden thrown on the owner of this plot was something which was not apparent on the face of it. An increment as shown by him $n$ the statement submitted to the Arbitrator was only As. 4 while the increment charged by the Arbitrator is Re. 1. He further stated that there are certain considerations for the valuation of a plot such as size, position and the physical condition of the plot. The size of the plot in question is not at all suitable for building purposes and also no factories are permissible on this plot. There is no change in the character of the locality which is being developed pure'y for residential purposes. If the plot is to be sub-divided, a layout plan will have to be submitted to the Municipality and it would be necessary to execute such works as are in conformity with the municipal regulations. He therefore submitted a statement showing the financial burden on the owner in respect of construction of roads, sewers with manholes, water mains etc. the cost of which comes to about Rs. 4 per square yard. If this cost is added to the final value as estimated by the Arbitrator it enmes to about Rs. $6-4-0$ per square yard which is more than the final va ues of the plots on opposite side of this Final Plot No. 353 which are valued at Rs. 6 per square yard with no financial burden on the owners thereof. He referred to "Mirams" (page 294) book on valuation, to show that the date when the plot would be available to the owner for disposal has to be taken into consideration while arriving at a final value of the plot. He concluded his arguments by saying that there was no reason why the increment should be increased. According to him, if at all, the increment should be reduced.

## M. A. SAKHARDANDE,

President.

During and on termination of the Praceedings in respect of Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. III, the Board of Appeal held several meetings to consider its decision and deolared its Final Decision in the open Court on 12th April 1958, of which date the parties concerned were duly intimated.

## Decision.

1. The Local Authority concerned having by a Resolution declared its intention to make a Town Planning Scheme on 29th March 1947 under section 9(1) of the Bombay Town Planning Act of 1915, by Government Notification, L. S. G. \&. P. H. D., No. 5837/33, dated 13th April 1951, the Government of Bombay sanctioned the making of the Scheme for the Ghatkopar area-Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. III-under the Act. The draft scheme was published by the Bombay Municipal Corporation on 9th April 1953 and the same was sanctioned by Government under Government Notification, L. S. G. \&. P. H. D., No. TPB- 753, dated 10th June 1954 and Shri G. J. Desai was appointed Arbitrator in the matter on 17th August 1954. From the proceedings it appears that the Arbitrator issued notices to the indiv dual plot-holders concerned and after hearing the parties concerned, including the Bombay Municipal Corporation, he declared his Award on 31st December 1956.
2. The Bombay Town Planning Act of 1915 was thereafter replaced by the Bombay Town Planning Act, 1954 but section $90(2)$ of the latter Act provides that " Notwithstanding the repeal of the said Act, any declaration of intention to make a scheme, any application made to the State Government for sanction of the making of the scheme, any
draft scheme published by a local authority, any application made to the State Government for the sanction of the draft scheme, any sanction given by the State Government to the draft scheme, any restrictions imposed upon an owner of land or build ng against the erection or re-erection of any bui ding or works, any commencement certificate granted, any order of suspension of rule, by-law, regulation, notification or order made, any appointment made of an arbitrator, any proceeding pending before the arbitrator, any final scheme forwarded to, or sanctioned or varied by the State Govern-. ment, any recoveries to be made or compensation to be given in respect of any plot under the repealed Act shall; in so far as it is not inconsistent with this Act, continue $n$ force thereunder and provision of this Act shall have effect in relation to such publication, declaration of intention, draft scheme, final scheme, sanction, variation, restriction, proceedings, suspension, recoveries or compensation "; while ection 90(3) of the new Act provides that all proceedings pending before the Tribunal of Arbitration at the date when that Act came into force should be continued before and disposed of by the Board of Appeal under the new Act as if an appeal had been made to it in respect thereof.
3. In accordance with the provisions of section 32 of the new Act, the duties of the Town Planning Officer (who correspends to the Arbitrator under the old Act) have been prescribed on the same general lines as those of the Arbitrator under section 30 of the old Act and by section 33 of the new Act every decision of the Town Planning Officer; except $n$ matters arising out of clauses, ( $v!$, (vi), (viii), (ix), $(x)$ and ( $x i i i$ ) of section $32(1)$ of the new Act has been made final and conclusive and $b$ nding on all persons. In this respect section 33 of the new Act corresponds generally to the provisions of section 31 of the old Act. With reference to matters arising out of clauses (v), (vi), (viii), (ix), (x) and (xiii) of subsect on (1) of section 32 of the new Act the parties aggrieved by the decision of the Town Planning Officer are given a right of appeal to the Board of Appeal constituted under the Act which consists of a Pres dent and two Assessors. In accordance with the said provisions, under Government Notification No. TPB-3757-M, dated 26 th October 1957, I was appo nted President of the Board of Appeal in connection with the Scheme; and on 11th December 1957 under section 35, sub-section (3), I appointed (1) Mr. Minocher Dorabji La kaka, Retired Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Bombay, and (2) Mr. Gajanan Sakharam Gupte, B. A., L. C. E., M. I. E., (x-Superintending Surveyor, Land Records and ex-Special Requisition Officer, Bombay, as Assessors in connection with the Scheme.
4. This Scheme comprises of an area of about 208 acres of land bounded roughly on the North by the Central Railway, on the East and South by the creek land and on the Went partly by Mahatma Gandhi Road and partly by the Town Planning Scheme, Ghatkopar No. I. About half of this area, lying on the East and South-east is low-lying land requiring a certain amount of filling before it can be developed. The remaining area is fairly high, in level with the already developed area on its West, except that in come places it is comewhat uneven and in a few other places it is rather sloping. The South-western quarter of this area flanking on Mahatma Gandhi Road is alseady plotted out into plots of various sizes large and medium with access of roads as narrow as $20^{\prime}$ in width. One of these roads called "Tilak Road" runs North-south parallel to the Mahatma Gandhi Road through the middle of this fart and the other are passages from the said main road eastrard across this part and cerve as access to the interior plots. A certain number of these plots are also built-over. The North-west quarter of the Scheme area, which adjoins the area of the Town Planning Scheme No. I and the Ghatkopar Railray Station and yard has been built-up without any plan in a haphazard manner because of the numerousirregular shaped holdings-bothsmalland large-in different ownerships. The structures are generally of a temporary nature mostly for residential use for low income groups. It has, therefore, become a very bad slum with insanitary conditions.
5. The Board of Appeal met for consideration of matters arising out of the above Scheme on 21st February 1958 and subsequent dates. On the first day the Board asked those who were present whether they desired to urge before the Board, general objections if they had any, to the proposals made by the Arbitrator but confined to the provision of section 32, sub-section (1), clauses (v), (vi), (viii), (ix), ( $x$ ) and (xiii) which limited the scope of the Board's juriediction. The Board inspected the area covered by the Scheme on 25th and 26th February 1958, after due intimation to the parties.
6. We may observe that it was argued by some of the representatives present that the Scheme was not necassary; that in any event it was conceived on a grandiose scale and that their experience as to such schemes was that it takes a good deal of time for the scheme to be finalised and actually brought into being with the result that the ownern are asked to pay for the notional benefits which may in fact never accrue to them. We are unable to take such a pessimistic view of the whole affair. In any event the President ruled that this argument does not fall within the scope of our jurisdiction.
7. It was further urged that the layout of the scheme was not very scientific. The President ruled that this question also does not fall within our jurisdiction having regard to the provisions of sections 32 to 35 of the Bombay Town Planning Act, 1954.
8. Some complaints about discrepancies in the areas of the original plots were sought to be addressed to us on behalf of some of the owners but the President had to draw their attention to the fact that the Board of Appeal had no jurisdiction to go into any such question and that if the owners had any genuine grievances in this respect they must immediately approach the Arbitrator and the Government authorities concerned for the rectification of the orrors, if any.
9. It was next sought to be urged by Mr. Khona and also by Mr. Divecha, who appeared for different owners, that in estimating the cost of the Scheme the Arbitrator had taken the prices for the making of roads etc. prevailing st the time of the declaration of his Award in 1956, while according to them he should have taken such prices as prevailing at the date of the declaration of intention to make the Scheme viz. 29th March 1947, being the material date mentioned under section 17 of the old Act (corresponding with section 65 of the new Act). So far as the ascertainment of the cost of the Scheme is concerned, the Act does not appear to give the Board of Appeal any power to revise the Arbitrator's or Town Planning Officers' estimates made under section 32(1) (xiv) of the new Act [corresponding with section 30(10) of the old Act], which allows him to make variations in the draft scheme prepared by the Local Authority fhowing inter-alia the estimate of the net cost of the scheme to be borne by the Local Authority: vide section $11(d)$ of the old Act [corresponding with section $25(d)$ of the new Act]. However, we may state that even if we had juri diction to revise the estimate of the Arbitrator in this regard, in our opinion, the scheme of both the old and the new Acts makes
it clear that the estimate of the cost to be made by the Arbitrator or the Town Planning Officer must be an estimate of the actual cost of the scheme which the Local Authority would be called upon to bear, so far as the same can be ascertained at the date of ascertainment and not the hypothetical cost for the scheme as if the scheme had been completed at the date of declaration of intention to make it. By the frame of the Acts, the legislature has made express provision for the taking of such a hypothetical date only for the purpose of the valuation of the plots for the calculation of increment, etc., under sections 65 and 67 of the new Act (corresponding with sections 17 and 19 of the old Act); whilo no such provision for any hypothetical date has been made under section 64 of the new Act (corresponding with section 16 of the old Act) which deals with the actual cost of the scheme, which under section 66 of the new Act (corresponding with section 18 of the old Act) has to be met wholly or in part by the contribution to be levied on the plots included in the final scheme.
10. It was further urged by Mr. Divecha that the proposed new wide road which was expected to relieve traffic jam on the existing Mahatma Gandhi Road was going to benefit the people of the entire town of Ghatkopar and would also be a great benefit to the people of Chembar and in consequence the final plot owners in the prezent Scheme should be asked to pay only a proportionate part of the cost of the making of the new road. Of course every road made for a Town Planning Scheme is bound to afford some benefit to persons other than the owners or residents within he scheme area, as the use of any such public road cannot be confined to such owners or residents. We are, however, unable to make any such provision as is desired by Mr. Divecha, because under the scheme of the Town Planning Acts, no provision is made for levying any contribution in respect of roads which are beneficial partly to the owners or residents within the area of the scheme and partly to the general public, such a provision being confined to the case of final plots used, allotted or reserved for a public purpose or purpose of the Local Authority and which are partly beneficial to the general public, in which case a proportionate contribution is required to be levied on such plots under section 66(1) Proviso (iv) of the new Act [corresponding with section 18(1) Proviso (iv) of the old Act].
11. It was next argued and in particular by Mr. K. D. Shah who appeared for some of the owners of the final plots that the Arbitrator has fixed the maximum of 50 percent. as contribution to be paid by the owners on the basis of the betterment charges estimated by him. It was argued that as such proportion was too high we should reduce the contribution by some percentage. The President pointed out that that was not possible to be done in as much as the whole scheme of the Town Planning Act as shown especially by the wording of section $32(1)$ (ix) read in the light of section 66 of the Bombay Town Planning Act, 1954 appears to be that the entire cost of the Scheme shouldif possible be collected from the owners of the properties who are expected to be benefited by the scheme. However, in the event of the betterment charges sought to be collected being found to be more than 50 per cent. of the increment then the Act provides that only 50 per cent. of the increment should be collected from the owners of the property as and by way of betterment charges leaving the balance to be borne by the Municipality concerned. The President ruled that in view of the plain provisions of section 66 of the Town Planning Act, 1954, and having regard to the total increment and cost of the Scheme as estimated by the Arbitrator, the Arbitrator was bound to direct the maximum 50 per cent.
of the contribution to be levied on the individual plot-holders.
12. On behalf of some of the owners an argument was sought to be addressed to us by Mr. Khona on the ground that as their previously existing right to have shops on their land was to be taken away by the Scheme as framed, the increment to be levied in respect of such plots which lose such right and where no provision is made for shops should be reduced proportionately. We are unable to accede to this contention, as the new Act expressly provides by section $70(2)$ [corresponding with section 22(2) of the old Act] that property or a private right of any sort shall not be deemed to be injuriously affected by reason of any provision inserted in a Town Planning Scheme which, with a view to securing the amenity of the area included in such scheme or any part thereof ${ }_{r}$ imposes any conditions and restrictions in regard to any of the matters specified in sub-clause ( $j$ ) of clause (2) of section 18, whichallows the imposition of cond tions and restrictions in regard inter alia to the purposes to which buildinge or specified areas may or may not be appropriated.
13. Mr. Kirtikar, Superintendent to the Salt Commissioner, who was permitted to appear for the Central Governmentas the owner of Final Plots 1 and 7 , argued that the betterment charges which were soughtto be leviedin respect of these plots were in the nature of a tax and therefore they should not be levied against the Central Government under the provisions of the Constitution of India. There appears to be no force in this argument because under the scheme of both the old and new Bombay Town Planning Acts these betterment charges are to be levied on each of the final plots for the specific purpose of meeting the costs of the Scheme, which is taken to benefit the owners of these plots to a considerably larger extent than the valye of such contribution and these amounts are not to be recovered for collecting any general revenues for use for public purposes, or allowing the Local Authority to make any profit out of such contributions. In consequence such contributions cannot be regarded in any sense as a tax which can possibly fall within Article 285 of the Constitution of India.
14. On behalf of the owners of some of the Final Plotsit was argued that on the whole the final values were based on pure speculation and estimates were fixed purely on a notional basis. We are unable to appreciate this argument inasmuch as the very basis of the Act itselfis that the Arbitrator is supposed to estimate the increment on the notional basis that the scheme has been completed on the date of the declaration of intention to make the scheme (vide section 65 of the new Act, corrosponding to section 17 of the old Act). We may observe that the Arbitrator who assisted us at the time when the hearing of the matters was going on informed us that he hadconsidereda large number of instances of sales both in the scheme arca and the adjoining area. After making a careful comparison of the prices both in the Soheme area and the adjoining area, as shown by the instances of sales, some of which were in fact furnished by the individual plot holders, he had come to the estimate as to the final values of individual plots. At the time of the hearing in Court, he also supplied to the parties in response to their demand the particulars as to the instances of sales. We may observe that even the Municipality in its draft Scheme had furnished some instances of sales and it was certainly open to the owners of the plots to give to the Arbitrator whatever instances of cales on which they proposed to rely at the time when they appeared bofore him. In any event, this point now cannot be entertained by us so far as the orginal and semi-final values as ostimated by the Arbitratorare concerned, but so far as the final values are concerned we took a note of this argument for the purposes of arriving at comparative final values and the increment payable by each one of the plot holdors.
(a.o.p.) мо-А P 3489-11 (299-1-60)
15. Mr. Joshi who appeared for the owner of some of the final plots urged that the Arbitrator had not given any reasons for his decision. He relied on Rule 14 of the rules made by the Government under the Town Planning Act, 1915, in exercise of the rule-making powers conferred upon the Government under tho Act. The President ruled that under the said Rule 14, the Arbitrator was required to give reasons only with reference to any conflicting claims made before him or any difference of opinion with regard to any portion of the Scheme. Thero is no roference in the Rule in terms of which the Arbitrator could be called upon to give reasons regarding the various valuations or estimates which he has made. It is advisedly co, as it would rether be an impussible task for the Arbitrator in matters such as these to give detailed reasons for arriving at the final values. It is an estimate which is nade by the Arbitrator and there must be ecope for guess-work in all matters of valuation. We are, however, satisfed from the instances referred to by the Arbitrator and by an examination of the overall situation that the Arbitrator has been on the whole quite fair to the individual plot-holders.
16. It was contended by some of the owners and in particular by Mr. Sanghani that the original and semi-final values were too low. The President ruled that as has been repeatedly held, the Board of Appeal has no jurisdiction to touch the original and the semi-final values which the Town Planning Officer has to fix under section 32(1) (iii) of the new Act corresponding with section 30(3) of the old Act and we do not propose to depart from the viow which has been consistently taken so far. Apart from the decided cases, bowever, we are also satisfied on the wording of sections $32,33,34$ and $35(4)$ of the new Act [corresponding to scctions $30,31,32$ and $33(5)$ of the old Act] that so tar as the Board of Appealis concerned, it can only examine the estimates of the increment made by the Arbitrator under scction 32(1)(viii) of the new Act [corresponding to section 80(4) of the old Act] and that otherwise it cannot $r$ rvise the original and the semi-fnal values as estimated by the Town Planning Offecer or Arbitrator.
17. The Board then took up the consideration of each of the plots in the Scheme and heard arguments as t. the final valurs and the increments proposed and on all other matters arising out of the provisione of section 32, sub-section (1), clauses (v), (vi), (viii), (ix), (x) and (xiii) of the new Act.
18. With regard to final Plot 27, Mr. Kbona contended that noincrement should be charged as there was a temple on that plot and it was a charitable institution. It was however pointed out to Mr. Khona that it was not permissible for the Board of Appeal to go into this question as the statute had left the matter entirely within the jurisdiction of the Arbitrator under section 30(3D) of the old Act [corresponding to section 32(1) (vii) of the new Act] without providing any appeal ãainst the Arbitrator's or Town Planning Officer's determination arrived at under these provisions.
19. On behalf of a Co-operative Housing Socitty which owns Final Plots 228, 229 and 244 it was urged ky the Society's Chairman that as the plots of the Scciety had beenleased for 30 yearsin 1954 subject to renewal for a further period of 30 years, the contributionin respfct of these plots ehould be apportioned between the lessor and the lessees. We may observe that under the old section 18(1) Proviso (ii), this argument could have been taken note of by us, as the Tribunal of Arbitration (which is now replaced by the Board of Appeal under tha present Act) had then the necessary power to consider the propriety of the apportionment made by the Arbitrator. The President, however, ruled that apart from the fact that the leasesin this case were entered into after the date of the declaration of in ention to make the scheme whichis the crucial date under the Act (vide scction 65 of the Town Planning Act, 1054, corresponding to section 17 of the old Act of 1915), under the new Act of 1554 , the jurisdiction to decide the propriety of the apportionment no loncer lies with the Board of Appeal which corresponds to the Tribunal of Arbitration under the old Act: vide section 66(1) Proviso (ii), which requires the Town Planning Off.cer (who corresponds to the Arbitrator under the old Act) to determine in what proportion the lessor and the lessee should bear the contribution levied on the final plot concerned. It was observed by the President that the fact that the provision fiving the power in question to the Tribunal of Arbitration, which was there under the old Act in section 18(1) Proviso (ii), has been substituted in the new Act by giving the same power to the Town Planning Officerinstead of the Tribunal of Arbitration, shows that the lecislature distinctly intended that the Ecard of Appeal should have no say whatsoever on the question after the Town Planning Officer has determined the matter. In there circumstances, we regret we are not in a position to accede to the request made by the Chairman of the Society.
20. With regard to Final Plots reserved for public purposes, the areas of some of these plots are held by the Arbitrator to be wholly beneficial to the owners or residents within the area of the Scheme under section $30(3 \mathrm{~A})$ of the old Act, corresponding to section $32(1)(i v)$ of the new Act; and no increments have been fixed in respect of such final plots. We find that we have been precluded by the new Act frcm going into the correctness of such decision as no appeal is provided against the determination of the Arbitrator or the Town Planning Officer in regard to this matter falling under clause ( $i v$ ) of section $32(1)$ of the new Act. As regards the decision of the Arbitrator holding some of the plots to be partially benefic al to the owners or residents within the area of this Scheme we hold that we have the necessary jurisdiction to go into the question as to the estimate of the proportion of contr bution as made by the Arbitrator, as an appeal is allowed against the decision of the Arbitrator or Town Planning Officer estimating such proportion under clause ( $v$ ) of section $32(1)$ of the new Act. However, after considering all such cases we found that the proportion as estimated by the Arbitrator is justified in all cases except one viz. Final Plot 69 which is reserved for a Maternity Home. In the case of an institution like a Maternity Home more use is likely to be made thereof by the general public as compared with the usefulness of such an institution for the small number of owners or residents within the area of the Sclieme. We would theref re fix the proportion of the contribution to be levied on' the plot at three-fourths instead of half for the benefit of the general public.
21. In cons dering the valuation of the plots by the Arbitrator for estimating the original, semi-final and final values, a note has to be taken of the fact that the area is predominertly suitable for residence. We find the Arbitrator has relied for his valuations mainly on the instances of sales round-about the date of declaration of the making of the Scheme viz. 29th March 1947. It cannot be disputed that the prices of land reached their height about 1949 or so after the partition of India and that before such time they, were considerably lower. Keeping these circumstances in mind we have come to the conclusion that the Arbitrator's estimates with regard to the increments are generally well considered and we have seen no reason to alter the same in most cases. Only in some cases (about 37 per cent. of the total number of final plots) we find it necessary to alter them by reducing the increments and in a few other cases (about 4 per cent. of the total number of final plots) to ncrease the same to some extent.
22. After giving our anxious consideration to the arguments urged by the various plot-holders as regards the valuation of the Final Plots and the estimate of increments which should be charged on them and other matters arising out of the relevant provisions of section 32, we have arrived at the conclusion that although generally the increments as estimated by the Arbitrator appeared to us to be fair and reasonable, in some cases, as we have observed above, the increments so estimated were somewhat low and in some cases the increments were rather high in comparison with the increments estimated for neighbouring plots baving recard to their respective positions and the amenities, etc. to be provided by the Scheme. We have, therefore, as stated above, reduced the increments in some cases and increased theincrements in other cases to bring themin conformity with the increments estimated in respeet of other noighbouring final plots. We may observe that before we decided to increase the increments with regard to a few of the final plots, as urged by the Municipality, we issued fresh notices to the parties concerned so that they could have their say in the matter. Some of the parties have appeared before us and after giving consideration to the arguments urged, we have thought it fit to vary the increments as mentioned in the Schedule annexed hereto and marked " A". Except as to the cases, where we have thought it fit to reduce or increase the increment, we find that on the whole the Arbitrator's estimates are fair to the parties concerned and we have not seen any reason to interfere with his estimates in those cases.
23. Before concluding our decision it is necessary for us to place on record that we have found that Mr. G. J. Desai, Arbitrator, has applied his mind very carefully to each individual case and his Award appears to bear the stamp of considerable industry and care having been brought to bear upon the whole case. We may observe that Mr. Desai kept us informed about every factor afiecting the valuation of plots and rendered us considerable help when the work of the hearing of the matters involved proceeded before us for which we thank him. We are happy to state that the suggestions made by him were found by us to be very careful and well considered and scrupulously fair.
24. We further wish to express our thanks to the Bombay Municipal Corporation for the assistance given especially by Mr. C.D. Bapat, Assistant Engineer, Town Planning (Suburbs) who, with Mr. Iyer to help him, appeared before us on behalf of the Lical Authority. We sincerely appreciate the help given in cur work at the time of the hcaring by Mr. Bapat, as also by all the learned Advocates, Attorneys and Architects who appeared for the different owners.
25. We must express our thanks to Mr. Mehta, the Principal Judge, City Civil Court, Bombay, for having allowed the Court premises to be used for the purposes of conducting these appeals and for locating the office of the Board of Appeal thereby greatly facilitating the work of the Board. Finally, we wish to express our appreciation of the services rendered to us by the staff and in particular by (1) Mr. P. H. Karandikar, (2) Mr. M. G. Vaze and (3) Mr. H. D. Kulkarni whose sincere devotion to duty was commendable.

Room No. 86, 3rd floor,
City Civil Court's Buildings
(High Court Annexe),
Fort, Bombay 1.
Däted 12th April 1958.
M. A. SAKHARDANDE,
President.
M. D. LALKAKA,

Assessor.

## G. S. GUPTE, <br> Assessor.

## TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR No. m

> SCHEDULE "A"
$\substack{\text { Final } \\ \text { Plot No. }}$ Decision as to increments. $\quad$ Reasons. $\quad$.

Rs. 3-0-0 instead of Re. 4-0-0 per square yard .. Inorement reduced to bring it in confonmity with neighbouring plots, as the only advantage the plot gets is an additional short frontage on a 60 foet road, with its existing long frontage on Mahatma Gandhi Road.

Re. 4-0-0 instead of Rs. 5-0-0 per square yard ..?
Rs. $40-0$ instead of Rs. 5-0-0 per square yard .. Rs. 5-0-0 instead of Rs. 6-0-0 per square yard .. . Inorement reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plote, Rs. 5-0-0 instead of Rs. 0-0-0 per square yard Re. 4-0-0 instead of Re. 5-0-0 per square yard
Re. 3-0-0 instead of Rs. 4-0-0 per square yard .. Increment reduced for the same reasons as in the case of Final Plot 1.
Rs. 5-0-0 instead of Rs. 6-0-0 per square yard
Rs. 5-0-0 instead of Rs. 6-0-0 per square yard Rs. 4-0-0 instead of Rs. 5-0-0 per square yard Rs. 4-0-0 instead of Rs. 5-0-0 per square yard Rs. 3-8-0 instead of Rs. 4-8-0 per square yard Re. 4-0-0 instead of Re. 5-0-0 per square yard . Rs. 2-8-0 instead of Rs. 4-0-0 per square yard ... Increment reduced to bring it in oonformity with neighbouring plots, Re. 3-0-0 instead of Rs. 3-8-0 per square yard Rs. 4-8-0 instead of Rs. 5-0-0 per square yard especially tinal Plots 8 to 13 , unline whioh

Re. 2-8-0 instead of Rs. 3-0-0 per square yard Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, especially Final Plot 14.

Rs. 3-8-0 instead of Rs. 4-0-0 per square yard especially Final Plot 19.
so. 3-8-0 instead of Rs. 4-0-0 per square yard .. Inerement reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, especially Final Plot 33.
Re. 4-8-0 instead of Re. 5-0-0 per square yard .. Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plota, Re. 4-8-0 instead of Rs, 5-0-0 per bquare yard .. \} especially Final Plot 26.
Rs. 4-8-0 instead of Rs. 4-0-0 per square yard .. Increment increased to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots,
Rs. 1-8-0 instead of Rs. 2-0-0 per square yard .. Increment reduced as apart from the general advantage, the plot gets no special amenity by the Schome.
Re. 8-0-0 instead of Rs. 2-0-0 per square yard .. Increment incresed to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, as the plot now gets the advantage of three public roads on its three sides.

Pe. 1-8-0 instead of Rs. 2-0-0 per square yard

Rs. 1-8-0 instead of Rs. 2-0-0 per square yard Re, 1-8-0 instead of Re. 2-0-0 per square yard Rs. 4-0-0 instead of Rs. 5-0-0 per square yard

Inorement reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, especially Final Plots 49 and 50.

Inorement reduced os the plot is in low-lying creok land unprotected by the proposed roads ; and even with its reservation for service industries would not be likely to fetoh a comparatively high price.

Rs. 5-8-0 instead of Rs. 6-0-0 per square yard
Rs. 5-8-0 instead of Rs. 6-0-0 per square yard
Rs, 5-8-0 instead of Rs. 6-0-0 per square yard
Rs. $6-0-0$ instead of Rs. 7-0-0 per square yard

Inorement reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, espocially Final Plot 56.

Inorsment reduced for the same reason as in the case of Final PIots 66 to 68. This plot is reserved for a Maternity Home and the proportion of bunefit shall be taken as l/4th beneficial to the owners or residents within the Soheme area and 3/4th to the goneral publio, instead of half and half as estimated by the Arbitrator.

Rs. 5-0-0 instaad of Rs. 6-0-0 per square yard ... Rs. 5-0-0 instead of Rs. $6-0-0$ per bquare yard. Re. 5-0-0 instead of Rs, 0-0-0 per square yard Re. 6-0-0 instead of Rs. 7-0-0 per square yard ...

Inorement reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, especially Final Plots 70 to 77.


SCHEDULE " A "一contd.


## SCHEDULE "A "-concld.

|  |  | 48 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Final } \\ \text { Plot No. } \end{gathered}$ | Decision as to inorements. | Reasons. |
| 274 | Rs. 10-0-0 instead of Rs. 7-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment increased as reservation of the plot for a market most be taken to increase its value vory matorially. |
| 275 | Rs. 7-8-0 instead of Re. 8-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, especially Final Plot 2s1. |
| 276 | Rs. 6-0-0 instead of Re. 7-0-0 per square yard | Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plote, ospecially Final Plot 280. |
| 277 | Rs. 6-8-0 instead of Re. 7-0-0 per square yard |  |
| 278 | Rs. 6-0-0 instead of Rs. 5-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment increased to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, especially Final Plot 280. |
| 279 | Re. 6-8-0 instead of Rs. 7-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment reduced for the same reason as in the case of Final Plot 277. |
| 232 | Rs. 7-8-0 instead of Re. 8-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plota. especially Final Plot 281. |
| 283 | Rs. 6-0-0 instead of Re. 7-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment reduced for the same reason as in the case of Final Plota 276 . and 277. |
| 284 | Rs. 6-8-0 instead of Re. 8-0-0 per square yard |  |
| 287 | Re. 3-8-0 instead of Rs. 4-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plote, especially Final Plots 289 and 290. |
| 288 | Re. 4-8-0 instead of Rs. 4-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment increased to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, ospecially Final Plot 206. |
| 291 | Rs. 3-4-0 instead of Rs. 3-0-0 per aquare yard | ) Incroment increased to bring it in oonformity with neighbouring plota, |
| 292 | Re. 3-4-0 instead of Re. 3-0-0 persquare yard | .. $\}$ have been mado into corner plots by a road leading to the Garden. |
| 307 | Rs. 2-8-0 instead of Re. 3-0-0 per square yard | . . Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plote, ospecially Final Plot 308. |
| 310 | Rs. 3-0-0 instead of Rs. 2-0-0 per square yard | .. Incrament increased as the reservation of the plot for service industries is likely to increase the value considerably. |
| 311 | As. 6 instead of As. 8 per square yard - | .. Increment reduced as the plot, which is on the low-lying creek side unprotected by the proposed roads, is likely to benefit only a little by the Scheme. |
| 312 | Rg. 2-0-0 instead of Rs. 3-0-0 per square yard | ..7 |
| 313 | Do. do. |  |
| 314 | Do. do. | Inorement reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots. especially Final Plots 293 to 295, Final Plots 312 to 316 boing on the other |
| 315 | Do. do. |  |
| 316 | Do. do. | ..J |
| 317 | Re. 2-8-0 instead of Rs. 3-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plote, especially Final Pluts 312 to 316. |
| 318 | Rs. 2-4-0 instead of Re. 3-0-0 per square yard | .. Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots, especially Final Piot 317. |
| 319 | As. 6 instead of As. 8 per square yard | .. Increment reduced for the samo reason as in the case of Final Plot 311. |
| 324-B | Nilinstoad of As. 8 per square yard | .. The proposed ronds to be made at a further date, and for which land is vested in the Municipality, leave this plot as a very small triangular piece of land with hardly any galenble value; so no increment should be levied. |
| 341 | Re. 1-0-0 instead of Re. 2-0-0 per square yard | . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with noighbouring plote, |
| 342 | Do. do. | .. $\}$ especially Final Plots 348 and 349. |
| 348 | As. 12 instead of R9. 1-0-0 per square yard | ..) Incrament reduced to bring it in conformity with noighbouring plots,. |
| 349 |  | $\text { .. }\} \text { ospecially Final Plots } 308 \text { and } 309 .$ |
| 350 | As. 4 instead of As. 8 per square yard | .. Increment reduced to bring it in conformity with neighbouring plots |
| 351 | Do. do. | ospecially Final Plots 311 and 310, which however havo smallfrontagos on kutcha roads. |
| 352 | Do. do. | .. . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 353-B | As. 4 instead of As. 8 per square yard | .. Increment reduced for the same reason as in the case of Final Plots 350 to 352 . |

Dated 12th April 1958.

## M. A. SAKHARDANDE, President.

M. D. LALKAKA, Assersor.
G. s. GLPTE, Assessor.

# URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT. 

## Sachivalaya, Bombay, 18th October 1961. <br> Maharashtra Medical Practitioners Act, 1961. <br> No. MMP. 1061-Unification. - In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b), (c) and (d) of sub-section (2) of secticis 30 of the Maharashtra Medical Practitioners Act, 1961 (Mah. XXVIII of 1961), and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, the Government of Maharashtra hereby after previous publication, makes the following rules, namely :-

## Part I-Preliminary.

1. Short title.-These rules may be called the Maharashtra Board and Facalty of Ayurvedic and Unani Systems of Medicine Rules, 1961.
2. Definitions.-(1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires,-
(a) "Act" means the Maharashtra Medical Practitioners Act, 1961;
(b) "presiding authority" means a person for the time being presiding over a meeting of the Board or the Faculty;
(c) "section" means a section of the Act.
(2) The words and expressions used in these Rules but not defined therein shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

## Part II-Meetings of Board anp Faculty.

3. Ordinary meetings.-The Board and the Faculty shall ordinarily meet for the transaction of business in the first week of each of the months of March and September in each year. The exact date, hour and place of such meetings shall be decided by the President or, as the case may be, the Chairman.
4. Extraordinary meetings.-The President or the Chairman may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a written requisition of not less than one third of the members of the Board or the Faculty, convene an extraordinary meeting of the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be.
5. Notice of meetings.-(1) All meetings of the Board and the Faculty shall be convened by the Registrar by a notice addressed and sent to each of the respective members not less than thirty clear days before the date fixed for an ordinary meeting and not less than ten clear days hefore the date fixed for an extraordinary meeting.

$$
\text { Price-Re. } 0.12 \text { or } 2 \mathrm{~d} .
$$

(G.c.p.) L-A H 4166 ( $2,024-11-61$ )
(2) The notice shall-
(i) state the date, hour and place of the proposed meeting;
(ii) declare the purpose of the meeting i.e. whether it is general business or any (named) special business;
(iii) in the case of an extraordinary meeting, be accompanied by a copy of the agenda for the proposed extraordinary meeting. The agenda shall be prepared by the Registrar under the instructions of the President or, as the case may be, the Chairman;
(iv) in the case of inquiry under section 20 , be accompanied by copies of the relevant documents and evidence.
(3) Not less than ten clear days before the date fixed for an ordinary meeting, the Registrar shall send to the respective members a copy of the agenda for the meeting. The agenda shall be prepared by the Registrar under the instructions of the President or, as the case may be, the Chairman.
(4) At any meeting which is convened for special business, no other business than that specified in the notice shall be transacted, unless the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty, by a resolution at the meeting agrees to consider any further business.
6. Motions for insertion in agenda.-(1) Notice of any motion to be inserted in the agenda for an ordinary meeting of the Board or the Faculty shall be in writing, shall be signed by the member giving it and by another member whe is willing to second the motion and shall be sent so as to reach the Registrar not less than twenty clear days before the date fixed for the meeting. All such notiees shall be placed by the Registrar before the President or, as the case may be, the Chairman, for deciding the admissibility of the motions.
(2) A motion shall not be admissible-
(a) if the notice thereof has not been signed by the proposer and the seconder; or
(b) if the matter to which it relates is not within the scope of the functions of the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be; or
(c) if it raises substantially the same question as a motion or amendment which has been moved and either decided or withdrawn with the leave of the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be, within a period of six months immediately before the date of the meeting at which it is proposed to move the new motion; or
(d) unless it is clearly and precisely expressed and raises substantially only one definite issue ; or
(e) if it contains arguments, inferences, ironical expressions or defamatory statements.
(3) The President or the Chairman shall disallow any motion which in his opinion is inadmissible under sub-rule (2):
Provided that, if a motion can be rendered admissible by an amendment the President or the Chairman may admit the motion in an amended form.
(4) When the President or the Chairman disallows or amends a motion, the Registrar shall inform the member, who gave notice of the motion, of the order of disallowance or, as the case may be, of the form in which the motion has been admitted.
7. Amendments to motions.-(1) Any member who desires to move an amendment to any motion included in the agenda shall send to the Registrar a notice in writing, of such amendment so as to reach the Registrar not less than two clear days before the date fixed for the meeting. All such notices shall be placed by the Registrar before the Sresident or, as the case may be, the Chairman, for deciding the admissipility of the amendments.
(2) No amendment shall be admitted by the President or the Chairman,-
(a) if it is not relevant to, or within the scope of, the motion to which it is proposed;
(b) if it were a substantive motion, it would have been inadmissible under sub-rule (2) of rule 6;
(c) if it has merely the effect of a negative vote; or
(d) if, in the opinion of the President or the Chairman, it is frivolous.
(3) After an amendment has been admitted, the Registrar shall cause a copy of such amendment to be made available for the use of every member at the meeting.

## Part III-Conduct of Business at Meetings.

8. Discretionary power of presiding authority to allow motions or amendments without notice.-Notwithstanding anything contained in rules 6 and 7, the presiding authority may in his discretion allow any member to move at a meeting-
(a) any motion which in the opinion of the presiding authority is of an urgent nature, and of which no notice has been given or the notice given has not reached the Registrar in time for inclusion in the agenda under rule 6;
(b) any amendment to a motion which in the opinion of the presiding authority is of an urgent nature and of which no notice has been given or the notice given was received so late that the Registrar was unable to make available to the members copies of the amendment:
Provided that, such motion or amendment is not inadmissible under sub-rule (2) of rule 6 or sub-rule (2) of rule 7, as the case may be.
9. Manner of taking votes.-(1) Every matter to be determined by the Board or the Faculty shall be determined on a motion moved at the rneeting of the Board or the Faculty, by a member and put to the Board or the Faculty by the presiding authority.
(2) Votes shall be taken by voices, show of hands or division as the presiding authority may direct :
Provided that votes shail be laken by division or by ballot if any member so desires.
(3) The presiding authority shall determine the method of takin votes by division.
(4) The result of the votes shall be announced by the presiding authority.
10. Motions identical in purport.-When motions identical in purport stand in the names of two or more members, the presiding authority shall decide whose motion shall be moved and the other motion or motions identical in purport shall nut thereupon be moved.
11. Motion shall be seconded.-Every motion shall be seconded and, if not seconded, shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.
12. Amendments to motions shall be seconded.-After a motion is moved and seconded, amendments if any, to the motion admitted under rule 7 or allowed under rule 8 may be moved in their serial order. Every amendment shall be seconded and, if not seconded, shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.
13. Withdrawal of motion and amendment.-A motion or an amendment which has been moved and seconded shall not be withdrawn save with the leave of the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be.
14. Adjournment of business and closure.-(1) When any motion or amendment is under debate, no proposal with reference thereto shall be made other than -
(a). an amendment of the motion or of the amendment. as the case may be;
(b) a proposal for the adjournment of the debate on the motion or amendment or both either to a specified time or sine die;
(c) a motion for the closure, namely, a motion that the question be now put.
(2) It shall be in the discretion of the presiding authority to put or refuse to put to the Board or the Faculty a proposal of the nature referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (1).
(3) Unless the presiding authority is of opinion that a motion for the closure is an abuse of the right of reasonable debate, he shall forthwith put a motion that the question be now put and if that motion is carried the substantive motion or amendment under debate shall be put forthwith :

Provided that, the presiding authority shall allow the mover of the sujstantive motion to exercise his right of reply before the substantive motion under debate is put.
15. Right of speech and reply and duration of speech.-(1) When a motion has been moved and seconded, members other than the mover and seconder may speak on the motion in such order as the presiding authority may direct :
Provided that, the seconder may, with the permission of the presiding authority, confine himself to seconding the motion and speak thercon at any subsequent stage of the debate before the final reply.
(2) No member, other than the mover who shall be entitled to a final right of reply, shall speak more than once on any motion except with the permission of the presiding authority and for the purpose of making an explanation or putting a question to the member addressing the Board or the Faculty :
Provided that, a member who has spoken on a motion may speak again on an amendment subsequently moved to the motion.
(3) No member shall, save with the permission of the presiding authority, speak for more than ten minutes:
Provided that, the mover of a motion when moving the same mas speak for twenty minutes.
(4) A speech shall be strictly relevant and confined to the subjectmatter of the motion on which it is made.
16. Member to rise and then speak.-(1) A member desiring to make any observations on any matter before the Board or the Faculty shall rise in his seat, and, if called upon by the presiding authority, address his remarks to that authority. If he is not called upon by that authority, he shall resume his seat :
Provided that, a member disabled by sickness or infirmity may be permitted to address the meeting sitting.
(2) If at any time the presiding authority rises, any member speaking shall immediately resume his seat.
17. Limitations on speech.-No member shall be heard except upon the business before the Board or the Faculty, or with the special permission of the presiding authority in personal explanation in connection with some previous debate.
18. Putting the question, order of amendments and motion.-(1) When an amendment to any motion is moved or when two or more . such amendments are moved, the presiding authority shall before taking the sense of the Board or the Faculty thereon, state or read to the Board or as the case may be, the Faculty, the terms of the original motion and the amendment or amendments proposed.
(2) The presiding authority shall put to vote all the amendments in their serial order and thereafter put to vote the original motion
19. Division of motion.-When any motion involving several points has been discussed, it shall be in the discretion of the presiding authority to divide the motion, and put each or any point separately to the vote as he may think fit.
20. Adjournment of meeting--(1) The presiding authority may at any time for reasons to be recorded in writing adjourn the meeting to any future day or to any hour of the same day.
(2) Whenever a meeting is adjourned to a future day, the Registrar shall, if possible, sent notice of the adjournment to every member who was not present at such meeting.
(3) When a meeting has been adjourned to a future day, the President or the Chairman may change such day to any other day, and the Registrar shall sent written notice of the change to each member.
(4) At a meeting adjourned to a future day any motions standing over from the previous day shall, unless the President or, as the case may be, the Chairman, otherwise directs, take precedence over new matter.
21. Points of order.-The presiding authority shall decide all points of order which may arise.
22. Circulation of proposition, in lieu of meeting.-The President or the Chairman, whenever it appears to him unnecessary to convene a meeting, may instead of convening a meeting circulate by hand delivery or by registered post a written proposition with the reasons for such proposition for the observations and votes of the members of the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty.

## Part IV - Minutes.

23. Minutes of meeting.-(1) The proceedings of the meetings of the Board and the Faculty shall be preserved in the form of printed minutes which shall be authenticated, after confirmation, by the signature of the presiding authority.
(2) The minutes of each meeting shall contain such motions and amendments as have been moved and adopted, or negatived with the names of the mover and the seconder, but. without any comment and without any record of any observation made by any member at the meeting.
24. Copies of minutes to be sent to members.-A copy of the minutes of each meeting of the Board and the Faculty shall be sent by the Registrar to each member of the Board and the Faculty, as the case may be, within sixty days of the meeting and a copy of the minutes shall also be sent to the State Government.
25. Confirmation of minutes of meeting.-The minutes of a meeting shall be deemed to have been confirmed if no objection to their correctness is received by the Registrar from any member within thirty days of the despatch of a copy of the minutes to a member in accordance with rule 24. If any objection is received, confirmation of such minutes shall await the next meeting of the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty.
26. Volumes of minutes of meetings.-The minutes of the meetings of the Board and the Faculty shall, as soon as is practicable after their confirmation, be made up in sheets and consecutively paged for insertion in separate volumes, which shall be permanently preserved.

Part V-Fees for attending Meetings and Traveluing Allowance.
27. Fees for attendance at meetings.-Every member shall be entitled to a fee of Rupees fifteen for each day of attendance at a meeting of the Board or the Faculty.

- 28. Travelling allowance for attending meetings.-The travelling expenses of members for attending meetings of the Board or the Faculty shall be paid as follows :-
(i) Officials who are Government servants may draw the travelling and halting allowances which they may be entitled to claim for travelling on official duties according to their grades under the Bombay Civil Services Rules.
(ii) A non-official member shall draw travelling allowance according to rule 1 (1) (b) in section 1 of Appendix XLII-A to the Bombay Civil Services Rules, Volume II.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Maharashtra,

S. H. FERNANDEZ,<br>Deputy Secretary to Government




# TOWN PLANNING SCHEME GHATKOPAR № III 

FINAL SCHEME PLAN NO1
SITEPLAN
SCALE Z INCHES TO I MILE
NOTE:-
BOUNDARY OF SCHEME VERGED PINK.


TOWN PLANNING SGHEME GHAT.KOPAR NoIII


[^0]:    (a.c.r.) мо-A P 3480-a

[^1]:    (a.O.P.) MO. P 3480-3

[^2]:    G.C.P.) Mrs-4 P 3Ans-4

[^3]:    (0.0.8.) x $10-4 \mathrm{P} 3489-0$

[^4]:    (G.0.P.) мо-А P 3489-0a

[^5]:    . (G.0.е.) 40-4 P 3489-7a

[^6]:    (0.0.P.) м 0.1 P 3489——8

