

DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS IN RAJASTHAN

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IN RAJASTHAR



(A thesis submitted to the University of Poons
for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy)

bу

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PREFACE

This thesis is the work of a Research that I undertook while I was a Ford Foundation Research Fellow at Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Poona. Most of the writing and a bulk of the Statistical work were accomplished there. However, it was still unfinished when I joined the Staff of National Defence Academy, Kharakvasla, and the rest of the work was completed during my stay at Kharakvasla.

The main objective of the thesis has been to consolidate the scattered data for the population of Rajasthan by studying the different censuses and to analyse them fully with a view to drawing useful conclusions by tracing the trend in respect to growth, birth, death, marriage, fertility and mortality of the population.

Attempts have also been made to construct Life Tables exclusively for Rajasthan for two decades from 1931 to 1951, and to make an estimate of the future population. The scope of the study has been further enlarged by studying the trends of population growth in the four natural regions of Rajasthan, and the effects of natural factors on the population.

It may be noted that none of the surveys conducted in India and none of the censuses present a detailed analysis of the regional trends for a particular section of India's population. An attempt has, therefore, been made throughout this thesis to view the State and its regions against the background of population developments and economic conditions

elsewhere, and to find out in what ways the State is unique and in what respects it has common patterns with other parts of India.

In the past the Census Superintendents were content with presenting the population data collected at each decennial census. Although general conclusions at the country level were made. no detailed analysis was made at the State level. But for regional planning it is very essential to know the peculiar population trends of the region in detail. if we want to raise the standard of living and to alleviate pain, prolong life and postpone death, we must know the men for whom the plans are drawn. Our knowledge of even the basic population and other vital data for Rajasthan in the past was neither completely correct nor comprehensive. The statistics are also devoid of regularity and uniformity. With the merger of twenty-one States of Rajputana and the emergence of greater Rajasthan, the need has been increasingly felt to draw plans for the economic development of this part of the country which is still backward in several respects.

we have, therefore, fully analysed the data from the census volumes, despite great limitations. The Statistical techniques used in America and European countries, have been used in these analyses as far as possible. New methods have been evolved, wherever necessary, in order to suit the data available. Advantage has been taken of the published works of several authors which have been acknowledged at their proper places. We were confronted with some

difficulties and bottlenecks also which have been mentioned at their appropriate places.

India's population is increasing by more than two percent every year, and this is one of our greatest problems. A great majority of our population is denied even the bare requisites of life, and the fabulous growth of population is further lowering the standard of living. Inspite of great efforts in the Plans and the advances in modern science and technology, our food problem is still a nightmare. It is obvious, therefore, that a restrictive population plicy based on family planning is envisaged.

It is hoped that this independent study may do something to fill the gap in the basis of planning for Rajasthan, and to stimulate a better understanding and discussion of the most basic of the numerous population problems of Rajasthan.

I most sincerely express my debt of gratitude to Prof. N.V. Sovani for his kind and sympathetic guidance and for going through the whole of the dissertation. The discussions I had with him and the comments offered by him have been of immense help to me in writing this thesis.

I am also grateful to Prof. P.N. Mathur, Professor of Statistics, Gokhale Institute for his valuable suggestions, specially in connection with the Statistical treatment of the data. Prof. Mathur was also kind enough to read through the entire draft of the thesis and to guide me.

My grateful thanks are also due to Shrimati Kumudini Dandekar, Professor of Demography, Gokhale Institute for kindly reading the thesis very thoroughly and critically. Without her invaluable suggestions, this work would not have taken the present form.

I had the benefit of discussions on specific problems with Prof.D.R. Gadgil and I sincerely thank him for this. I must also record my deep sense of appreciation for the authorities and staff of the Gokhale Institute for their kind co-operation and encouragement throughout my stay in Poona.

Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics, POONA (India).

December 31, 1959.

Jobhaghanain hualtur

(Sobhag Narain Mathur)

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