Consumer incomes in U.S.

August 1938

CONSUMER INCOMES IN THE UNITED STATES

CONSUMER INCOMES IN THE UNITED STATES

THEIR DISTRIBUTION IN 1935-36

NATIONAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

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NATIONAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

NORTH INTERIOR BUILDING

WASHINGTON

May 27, 1938

The President,

The White House.

MY DEAR MR. PRESIDENT:

We have the honor to transmit herewith a Report on the Distribution of Consumer Income in 1935-36, prepared under the direction of our Industrial Committee by Dr. Hildegarde Kneeland and her staff. This report provides the first estimates in this field based on a nation-wide canvass of family incomes. These estimates have been developed from data on over 300,000 families obtained through A Federal Works Project on the study of consumer purchases conducted by the Bureau of Home Economics and the Bureau of Labor Statistics with the cooperation of the National Resources Committee.

The report provides for the first time an authoritative, broad, national picture of division of income among the American people. The facts disclosed are significant not only to business men concerned with the market for consumers' goods, but also to all citizens concerned with problems of economic opportunity in a democracy.

Sincerely yours,

HARRY H. WOODRING, Secretary of War,

HENRY A. WALLACE, Secretary of Agriculture.

E. K. Burlew, Acting Secretary of the Interior.

R. C. Patterson, Jr.
Acting Secretary of Commerce.

C. V. McLaughlin,
Acting Secretary of Labor.

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Works Progress Administrator.

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The report is based primarily on data from the Study of Consumer Purchases, a Works Progress Administration project conducted by the Bureau of Home Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture and the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor. The plans for the project were formulated by the National Resources Committee and the two operating bureaus, with the cooperation and advice of the Central Statistical Board and the Works Progress Administration, and the study was administered under the guidance of a committee representing the five cooperating agencies. Grateful acknowledgment is made of the generous cooperation given by the two bureaus in making the data from the project available for use in this report. Appreciation is especially due to Dr. Day Monroe, Director of the Study in the Bureau of Home Economics, and to Dr. A. D. H. Kaplan, Director of the Study and Dr. Faith M. Williams, Chief of the Cost of Living Division in the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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APPENDIX A

SOURCES AND METHODS USED IN THE STUDY

HE material presented in this appendix describes the sources of data used as a basis for preparing the estimates of income distribution shown in the preceding pages, and the methods employed in constructing the estimates. The procedures adopted at each stage of the work are set forth in considerable detail, so that readers interested in the more technical aspects of the study can interpret and evaluate the findings.

In the first section of this appendix, the major definitions and classifications used in the study are brought together, for convenience in reference. In the second section, the Study of Consumer Purchases—the major source of basic data—is briefly described. The following sections discuss the construction of the sample distributions for various groups of the population, the methods used to extend them to cover all of the American people, and the methods of estimating average and aggregate incomes.

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APPENDIX B

STATISTICAL TABLES FOR REFERENCE USE

HE 35 tables presented in this section have been grouped under 4 general headings, which are largely self-explanatory.

In the first group, Tables Used as Basis for Charts in Parts I and II, are included seven tables containing the basic data for charts 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, and 12. The basic data for other charts in the report have been presented in text tables.

The second group of tables, Frequency Distributions Corresponding to Percentage Distribution Tables in Part II, present the frequency distributions from which were calculated the percentage distributions given in text tables 5, 8, 10, and 12.

The third group, Percentage Distributions for Component Groups of Families and Single Individuals, includes the income distributions prepared for certain of the minor component groups of families, which were used in building up the income distributions for major groups of families but were not presented separately in the main body of the report. These distributions are, in many instances, based on sample data too scanty to insure estimates that are as reliable as those presented

in the report itself. Accordingly, the distributions for these groups should not be used without careful attention to the limitations of the sample data, which are discussed in Appendix A. Particular attention is called to the limitations of the regional comparison of incomes, discussed on pages 18, 22–23, 36, 55, and 56.

The 12 tables included under the heading, Population Weights, show the numbers and percents of consumer units belonging to various component groups of the population for which income distributions have been prepared. Nonrelief families in the United States are classified by type of community and region, by colornativity, by family-size groups, and by occupational groups; and relief families by type of community and region. Single individuals are classified by relief status and sex, and institutional residents by type of institutional group and region.

Additional tables, containing more detailed information on the population weights applied against the sample income distributions for various groups of families, are to be found in sections 3, 4, and 6 of Appendix A.

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Table 1B.—Share of aggregate income received by each tenth of Nation's consumer units and by upper 5 percent, 1935-36

\$59, 259

•			~ 9			p.,	
	Basis	for ch	arts	3 and	1]		

Personal - F A 12	ţ	Aggregate income						
Proportion of families and single Individuals	Income range	Amount (in millions)	Percent in each group	Cumula- tive percent				
Highest I percent	\$9,100 and over	\$8,178	13. 8					
Highest 2 percent	S. Smand over	10.904	18. 4					
Highest 3 percent	\$4,325 and over	12,859	21.7					
Highest 4 percent	\$3,500 and over	14, 518	21. 5					
Highest 5 percent	\$1,100 and over	16, 118	27. 2					
Highest tenth	\$2,000 and over	\$21, 452	36. 2	100. 0				
Ninth tenth	\$1,927-\$2,600	8, 593	14. 5	63. 8				
Eighth tenth	\$1,540-\$1,925	6, 815	11.5	49, 3				
Seventh tenth	\$1.275-\$1.540	5, 511	9.3	37. 8				
Sixth tenth	\$1,070-\$1,275	4, 444	7. 5	28, 5				
Fifth tenth	\$550-\$1,070	3, 911	6.6	21.0				
Fourth tenth	\$720-\$880	3, 259	5.5	14. 4				
Third tenth	\$545 \$720	2, 548	4.3	8.9				
Second tenth	\$340-\$545	1, 719	2.9	4.6				
Lowest tenth.	Under \$340	1,007	1.7	1. 7				

Table 2B.—Proportion of Nation's consumer units receiving each tenth of aggregate income, 1935–36 [Basis for chart 5]

		Families and single individuals						
Proportion of aggregate income	Income range	Number	Percent in each group	Cumula- tive percent				
-	\$4,900-\$14,600 \$3,100-\$4,900 \$2,375-\$3,100 \$1,950-\$2,375 \$1,610-\$1,950 \$1,320-\$1,610 \$1,940-\$1,320 \$760-\$1,040 Under \$760	3, 985, 000 5, 130, 000 6, 550, 000 12, 745, 000	0.5 1.9 4.1 5.7 1.8 7 10.1 13.0 16.6 32.3	100. 0 99. 5 97. 6 93. 5 87. 8 80. 7 72. 0 61. 9 48. 9 32. 3				
Total		39, 458, 000	100.0					

Table 3B .- Families and single individuals in each third of Nation, by type of consumer unit, 1935-36 [Basis for chart 6]

100. 0

	Nu	Number of consumer units in-				age of co	nsume r u	nits in—	Percentage of group in-			
Type of consumer unit	All income classes	Lower third, incomes under \$780	Middle third, incomes of \$780 to \$1,450	Upper third, incomes of \$1,450 and over	All income classes	Lower third	Middle third	Upper third	All in- come classes	Lower third	Middle third	Upper third
Not receiving relief: 1 Single individuals:												
Single individuals: Men	5, 500, 262 3, 063, 201	1, 714, 138 1, 590, 226	2, 176, 205 940, 020	1, 618, 910 532, 955	13. 9 7. 8	13. 0 12. 1	16. 5 7. 2	12. 3 4. 1	100.0 100.0	31, 1 51, 9	39. 5 30. 7	29. 4 17. 4
Total	8, 572, 463	3, 304, 364	3, 116, 225	2, 151, 874	21.7	25. I	23. 7	16. 4	100.0	38. 5	36. 4	25. 1
Families of— 2 persons. 3-4 persons. 5-6 persons. 7 or more persons.	6, 668, 850 11, 170, 365 4, 804, 379 2, 269, 583	2, 017, 505 2, 314, 794 959, 222 501, 885	2, 274, 486 3, 699, 034 1, 604, 467 780, 180	2, 376, 859 5, 156, 537 2, 240, 690 927, 518	16. 9 28. 3 12. 2 5. 7	15. 3 17. 6 7. 3 4. 3	17. 3 28. 1 12. 2 5. 9	18. 1 39. 2 17. 0 7. 0	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	30. 3 20. 7 20. 0 24. 7	34, 1 33, 1 33, 4 34, 4	35. 6 46. 2 46. 6 40. 9
Total	24, 913, 177	5, 853, 406	8, 358, 167	10, 701, 604	63. 1	44. 5	63. 5	81.3	100.0	23. 5	33. 5	43.0
Receiving some relief: ¹ Single individuals	1, 485, 572 4, 487, 080	1, 383, 313 2, 611, 681	102, 259 1, 576, 113	299, 286	3.8 11.4	10. 5 19. 9	12.0	2.3	100. 0 100. 0	93. 1 58. 2	6. 9 35. 1	6.7
Total	5, 972, 652	3, 994, 904	1, 678, 372	299, 286	15. 2	30. 4	12.8	2.3	100.0	66.9	28.1	5.0
All consumer units: 3 Single individuals. Families	10, 058, 035 29, 400, 257	4, 687, 677 8, 465, 087	3, 218, 484 9, 934, 280	2, 151, 874 11, 000, 890	25. 5 74. 5	35. 6 64. 4	24. 5 75. 5	16. 4 83. 6	100, 0 100, 0	46.6 28.8	32 0 33 8	21. 4 37. 4
Total	39, 458, 202	13, 152, 764	13, 152, 764	13, 152, 764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	33. 3	33. 3	33. 4

Families are classified as receiving relief if they received any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. Many such families were dependent on relief for part of the year only, and then may have been only partially dependent. The incomes of the relief group therefore include earnings from regular employment and other non-relief income as well as direct relief, in cash and kind, and work-relief earnings. For further explanation, see p. 42.

Excludes institutional groups. See table 16.

Table 4B.—Nonrelief families 1 in three income groups, by type of community and by occupational group, 1935-36 [Basis for charts 7 and 8]

	Number of families in—				Perc	entage o	f families	in—	Percentage of community or occupational group in—			
Type of community and occupational group	All income groups	Lower group incomes under \$780	Middle group incomes of \$780 to \$1,450	Upper group incomes of \$1,450 and over	All income groups	Lower group	Middle group	Upper group	All Income groups	Lower group	Middle group	Upper group
Metropolises: 3												
1,500,000 population and over	2, 806, 916	297, 372	762, 362	1, 747, 182	11.3	8.1	9.1	16. 3	100.0	10.6	27. 2	62. 2
Large cities: 100,000 to 1,500,000 population. Middle-sized cities:	4, 666, 708	710, 553	1, 401, 892	2, 554, 263	18.7	12.1	16.8	23. 9	100.0	15. 2	30.1	54.7
25,000 to 100,000 population	2, 607, 589	493, 383	914, 581	1, 199, 625	10.4	8.4	10.9	11.2	100.0	18. 9	35. 1	46.0
2.500 to 25.000 population	4, 079, 741	870, 129	1, 453, 588	1, 756, 024	16.4	14.9	17.4	16 4	100.0	21.3	35.6	43. 1
Rural nonfarm communities		1, 165, 481	1, 647, 568	1, 772, 616	18.4	19. 9	19.7	16. 6	100.0	25. 4	35.9	3 7
Farms	6, 166, 558	2, 316, 488	2, 178, 176	1, 671, 894	24.8	39.6	26.1	15.6	100 0	37. 6	35.3	27. 1
Total	24, 913, 177	5, 853, 406	8, 358, 167	10, 701, 604	100. 0	100.0	100. 0	100. 0	100.0	23 5	33.5	43.0
Wage-earning	9, 459, 277	2, 301, 803	3, 849, 214	3, 308, 260	37.9	39.3	46.0	30.9	100 0	24.3	40.7	35.0
Farming.	6, 166, 558	2, 316, 488	2, 178, 176	1, 671, 894	24.8	39.6	26.1	15.6	100.0	37.6	35.3	27.1
Clerical		284, 694	1,066,106	2, 275, 425	14.5	4.9	12.8	21.3	100.0	7.9	29.4	62.7
Business Professional	3, 485, 261 1, 330, 158	448, 363 65, 808	834, 844 217, 625	2, 202, 054	14.0	7.7	10.0	20. 6	100.0	12.9	23.9	63.2
Other 3	845, 698	436, 250	212, 202	1, 046, 725 197, 246	5. 4 3. 4	1.1 7.4	2.6 2.5	9, 8 1, 8	100.0 100.0	4. 9 51. 6	16. 4 25. 1	7×.7 23.3
Total	24, 913, 177	5, 853, 406	8, 358, 167	10, 701, 604	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	23.5	33 5	43.0

TABLE 5B .- Average incomes per consumer unit and per capita for each type of consumer unit, 1935-36

[Basis for chart 9]

	Consume	r units	Average income (mean)		
Type of consumer unit	Number	Percent	Per con- sumer unit	Per capita	
Not receiving relief: 1 Single individuals:					
Men Women	5, 509, 262 3, 063, 201	13. 9 7. 8	\$1,331 1,188	\$1, 331 1, 188	
Total	8, 572, 463	21.7	\$1,280	\$1, 250	
Families of— 2 persons	6, 668, 850 11, 170, 365	16. 9 28. 3	\$1,549 1,864	\$774 542	
5-6 persons 7 or more persons	4, 804, 379 2, 269, 583	12. 2 5. 7	1, 905 1, 787	355 221	
Total	24, 913, 177	63. 1	\$1,781	\$463	
Receiving some relief: Single individuals Families	1, 485, 572 4, 487, 090	3. 8 11. 4	\$407 740	\$407 165	
Total	5, 972, 652	15. 2	\$657	\$182	
All consumer units !	39, 458, 292	100.0	\$1,502	\$470	

Families are classified as receiving relief if they received any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. Many such families were dependent on relief for part of the year only, and then may have been only partially dependent. The incomes of the relief group therefore include earnings from regular employment and other nonrelief income as well as direct relief, in cash and kind, and work-relief earnings. For further explanation, see p. 42.

1 Excludes institutional groups. See table 16.

[Basis for chart 11]

		Aggregate Income			
linth tenth	Income range	Amount (In mil- lions)	Percent in each group	Cumu- lative percent	
Highest tenth Ninth tenth Eighth tenth Seventh tenth Sixth tenth Fifth tenth Fourth tenth Third tenth Lowest tenth Total	\$2,050-\$2,800 \$1,675-\$2,050 \$1,375-\$1,675 \$1,176-\$1,375 \$970-\$1,160 \$901-\$970 \$410-\$910 Under \$410	\$17, 164 7, 009 5, 102 4, 577 3, 624 3, 194 2, 527 2, 163 1, 383 906	36. 0 14. 7 10. 7 9. 6 7. 6 6. 7 5. 3 4. 6 2. 9 1. 9	100. 64. 49. 38. 29. 21. 14. 9. 4.	

Table 7B.—Proportion of Nation's families receiving each tenth of aggregate family income, 1935-36

Basis for chart 12]

Proportion of aggregate		Families			
income	Income runge	Number	Percent In each group	Cumula- tive per- cent	
Highest tenth Ninth tenth Eighth tenth Seventh tenth Sixth tenth Fifth tenth Fourth tenth Third tenth Lowest tenth Total	\$2,525=\$3,300 \$2,075=\$2,525 \$1,725=\$2,075 \$1,410-\$1,725	147, 000 588, 000 1, 205, 000 1, 705, 000 2, 117, 000 2, 499, 000 3, 116, 000 3, 793, 000 4, 969, 000 9, 261, 000	0. 5 2. 0 4. 1 5. 8 7. 2 8. 5 10. 6 12. 9 16. 9 31. 5	100.0 99.7 97.8 93.4 87.6 80.4 71.9 61.3 48.4	

Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.
 Families are classified according to occupation from which largest amount of family earnings was derived, rather than according to occupation of the principal earner. For further explanation, see pp. 25 and 44.
 Metropolises of this size are in North Central Region only (New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit).
 Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.
 Includes families with no income from earnings during the year, and village and city families with major earnings from farming.

Table 6B.—Share of aggregate family income received by each tenth of Nation's families, 1935-36

TABLE 8B .- Frequency distributions of nonrelief families 1 of four sizes, by income level, 1935-36

[Basis for table 5]

		Families of—					
Income level	All fami- lies	2 persons	3-4 persons	5-6 persons	7 or more persons		
Under \$250	703, 705	341, 075	235, 503	83, 255	43, 932		
\$250-\$400	1, 950, 545	713, 209	755, 452	301, 704	180, 180 299, 473		
\$500-\$750. \$750-\$1,000.	2, 818, 654	855, 371 946, 034	1, 163, 131 1, 409, 705	500, 679 645, 466	335, 955		
\$1,000-\$1,250	3, 337, 160 3, 277, 862	903, 707	1, 473, 399	609, 354	291, 402		
-							
\$1,250-\$1,500	2, 689, 634	674, 560	1, 236, 963	536, 044	242, 067		
\$1,500-\$1,750	2, 255, 358	548, 830	1,071,380	437. 188	197, 960		
\$1,750-\$2,000	1, 829, 835	420, 423	896, 221	370, 306	142, 880		
\$2,000-\$2,250	1, 361, 403	311,750	652, 304	284, 180	113, 169 79, 821		
\$2,250-\$2,500	1, 006, 568	230, 806	488, 890	207, 051	19, 021		
\$2,500-\$3,000	1, 304, 010	251, 03/1	648, 614	283, 347	121, 013		
\$3,000-\$3,500	743, 559	149, 381	360, 775	165, 442	67, 961		
\$ 3,500- \$ 4,00 0 .	435, 428	80, 397	216, 657	103, 455	37, 919		
\$4,000-\$4,500	249, 148	46, 378	108, 864	68, 793	25, 913		
\$4,500-\$5,000	152, 647	33, 208	69, 582	32, 186	17, 671		
\$5,000-\$7,500.	322, 950	61, 912	152, 821	77, 487	30, 730		
\$7,500-\$10,000	187, 060	41, 995	93, 941	39, 470	11, 654		
\$10,000 and over	283, 791	58, 773	136, 163	58, 972	29, 883		
All levels	24, 913, 177	6, 668, 850	11, 170, 365	4, 804, 379	2, 269, 583		

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

Table 9B .- Frequency distributions of nonrelief families 1 in six types of community, by income level, 1935-36

[Basis for table 8]

			F	amilles li	ving in—		
			Urban co		Rural com- munities		
Income level	All families	Metropolises, ² 1,500,000 population and over	cities,	Middle- sized cities, 25,000 to 100,000 popula- tion	Small cities, 2,500 to 25,000 popula- tion	Non- farm 3	Farm
Tinder \$250 \$250-\$500 \$500-\$750 \$750-\$1,000	703, 765 1, 950, 545 2, 818, 654 3, 337, 160	77, 468 144, 735	203, 443 356, 471 490, 445	143, 236 246, 144 354, 908	258, 129 419, 513 565, 640	409, 306 543, 391 659, 790	858, 963 1, 108, 400 1, 027, 044
\$1,000-\$1,250 \$1,250-\$1,500 \$1,500-\$1,750 \$1,750-\$2,000 \$2,000-\$2,250	3, 277, 862 2, 689, 634 2, 255, 358 1, 829, 835 1, 361, 403	308, 117 302, 198 272, 917	496, 022 466, 650 422, 211 321, 733	302, 523 251, 767 222, 108 158, 791	384, 661 319, 119 238, 273	529, 995 416, 492 296, 259 233, 157	601, 571 433, 590 297, 221 188, 336
\$2,250-\$2,500 \$2,500-\$3,000 \$3,000-\$3,500 \$3,500-\$4,000 \$4,000-\$4,500	1, 006, 568 1, 304, 010 743, 559 438, 428 240, 948	238, 091 133, 346 80, 336 47, 115	255, 208 332, 087 196, 578 125, 829 73, 101	140, 029 81, 743 43, 770 26, 254	214, 524 126, 685 68, 164 34, 821	201, 352 104, 462 60, 446 37, 262	177, 927 100, 745 59, 883 31, 395
\$4,500-\$5,000 \$5,000-\$7,500 \$7,500-\$10,000 \$10,000 and over	152, 647 322, 950 187, 060 283, 791	60, 316	44, 141 83, 130 49, 579 79, 626	15, 788	22, 098 43, 132 23, 614 23, 683	61, 943 29, 594	39, 715
All levels	24, 913, 177	2, 806, 916	4, 666, 708	2, 607, 589	4, 079, 741	4, 585, 665	6, 166, 558

Table 10B .- Frequency distributions of nonrelief families 1 in seven occupational groups, oy income level, 1935-36

[Basis for table 10]

			Far	nílies in-			
Income level	Wage-	Farm-	Clerical	Busine	ss group		ssional oup
	earning group	g ing group	Inde- pendent	Sala- ried	Inde- pend- ent		
Under \$250 \$250-\$500 \$500-\$750 \$750-\$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,250 \$1,250-\$1,500 \$1,500-\$1,750 \$1,750-\$2,000 \$2,000\$2,250	712, 252 1, 133, 992 1, 533, 853 1, 543, 175 1, 199, 484	858, 963 1, 108, 400 1, 027, 044 793, 250 601, 571 433, 590 297, 221	62, 218 166, 746 333, 501 426, 946 435, 289 441, 478 399, 800	3, 684 14, 380 31, 780 56, 371 64, 723 101, 111 103, 375	145, 151 216, 255 250, 884 293, 496 232, 330 214, 801 181, 611	16, 403 30, 333 47, 036 67, 407 89, 832	1, 377 4, 248 8, 713 17, 422 15, 801 13, 002 16, 809
\$2,250-\$2,500 \$2,500-\$3,000 \$3,000-\$3,500 \$3,000-\$4,000 \$4,000-\$4,000 \$4,500-\$5,000 \$5,000 and over	301, 608 368, 421 159, 137 79, 918 35, 029 15, 831 19, 259	152, 309 177, 927 100, 745 59, 883	256, 873 322, 217 180, 624 97, 815 50, 373 27, 369	86, 085 130, 848 101, 998 68, 234 40, 004 27, 748	104, 183 147, 450 89, 834 56, 589 42, 693 28, 096	77, 077 105, 256 69, 435 50, 962 28, 019 19, 727	31, 309 27, 556 17, 050 14, 786
All levels	9, 459, 277	6, 166, 558	3, 626, 225	1, 112, 614	2, 372, 647	989, 225	340, 933

Table 11B.—Frequency distributions of wage-earning families ¹ (nonrelief)² in five types of community, by income level, 1935-36

[Basis for table 12]

			Fan	ailies livin	g in—	
Income level	All fami- lies	Metropo- lises, ¹ 1,500,000 popula- tion and over	Large cities, 100.000 to 1,500,000 popula- tion	Middle- sized cities, 25,000 to 100,000 popula- tion	Small cities, 2,500 to 25,000 popula- tion	Rural com- munities
Under \$250	280, 697	14, 081	39, 976	34, 098	87, 212	105, 330
	712, 252	41, 067	117, 936	88, 293	164, 272	300, 684
	1, 133, 992	85, 377	218, 618	175, 457	285, 043	369, 497
	1, 533, 853	156, 764	317, 855	250, 960	385, 370	422, 904
	1, 543, 175	193, 737	332, 963	242, 646	396, 922	376, 907
\$1,250-\$1,500		196, 992	276, 468	183, 535	277, 649	264, 840
\$1,500-\$1,750		171, 299	236, 168	141, 346	210, 821	166, 668
\$1,750-\$2,000		140, 750	198, 826	106, 139	163, 700	90, 337
\$2,000-\$2,250		96, 928	127, 362	67, 600	107, 168	51, 509
\$2,250-\$2,500		71, 214	86, 380	43, 576	74, 960	25, 478
\$2,500-\$3,000	368, 421	104, 913	109, 002	42, 818	81, 784	29, 904
\$3,000-\$3,500	159, 137	47, 758	47, 508	17, 050	38, 273	8, 548
\$3,500-\$4,000	79, 918	24, 647	25, 158	7, 377	19, 495	3, 241
\$4,000-\$4,500	35, 029	10, 542	10, 923	3, 573	6, 780	3, 211
\$4,500-\$5,000	15, 831	4, 979	4, 240	2, 635	2, 722	1, 255
\$5,000 and over	19, 259	7, 393	5, 760	2, 472	3, 634	2, 220, 313

Families are classified according to occupation from which largest amount of family earnings was derived, rather than according to occupation of the principal earner. For further explanation, see pp. 25 and 44.

Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

Metropolises of this size are in North Central Region only (New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit).

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

1 Metropolises of this size are in North Central Region only (New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit).

1 Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families iving in the open country but not on farms.

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

¹ Families are classified according to occupation from which largest amount of family earnings was derived, rather than according to occupation of the principal earner. For further explanation, see pp. 25 and 44.

¹ Includes families living on farms in rural areas only.

Table 12B — Percentage distributions of families in five geographic regions, by income level, 1935-36

Income level	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region
Under \$250. \$250-\$500 \$500-\$750. \$7,50-\$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,250.	5.0 11.3 16.3	3. 2 6. 9 10. 1 14. 7 14. 5	5. 3 17. 7 18. 3 14. 0 10. 2	6. 0 11. 5 15. 5 15. 1 11. 9	3. 2 6. 1 9. 2 13. 4 14. 6
\$1,250-\$1,500 \$1,500-\$1,750 \$1,750-\$2,000 \$2,200-\$2,250 \$2,250-\$2,500	9.1 7.3 5.2	10. 9 8. 9 7. 3 5. 4 4. 0	7.4 5.9 4.4 3.5 2.7	9.0 7.4 5.8 4.6 2.9	10. 5 9. 6 8. 5 6. 5 4. 3
\$2,500-\$3,000 \$3,000-\$3,500 \$3,500-\$4,000 \$4,000-\$4,500 \$4,500-\$5,000	2.1 1.3	5.1 2.8 1.6 .9	3.5 2.2 1.4 .9	3.8 2.4 1.2 .7	5. 4 2. 7 1. 5 1. 0
\$5,000-\$7,500. \$7,500-\$10,000. \$10,000-\$25,000. \$25,000-\$50,000. \$50,000-\$100,000.	1.0 1.2	1.1 .8 1.1 .2	1.2 .4 .4 (2)	1.0 .4 .4 (*)	1.0 .8 .9 .2
\$100,000 and overAll levels	(³) 100. 0	100.0	(2)	(1)	100.0

¹ Includes both relief and nonrelief families.

3 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 13B.—Percentage distributions of nonrelief families in five geographic regions, and of relief families, by income level, 1935-36

1						
Income level	New England region	North Central region	South- ern region	Moun- tain and Plain region	Pacific region	Relief families ¹
Under \$250 \$250-\$500 \$700-\$750 \$750-\$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,250	1. 1 3. 5 8. 4 14. 6 16. 2	1. 9 4. 3 8. 5 13. 2 14. 2	4. 3 15. 3 17. 4 13. 8 10. 5	5. 5 7. 6 11. 6 13. 8 12. 9	2. 1 4. 2 7. 6 11. 2 14. 1	10. 2 23. 7 21. 9 21. 0 13. 5
\$1,259-\$1,500 \$1,500-\$1,750 \$1,750-\$2,000 \$2,000-\$2,250 \$2,250-\$2,500	13. 3 10. 3 8. 3 6. 0 4. 0	12. 1 10. 2 8. 4 6. 1 4. 6	8.0 6.5 4.9 3.9 3.1	10. 8 8. 9 7. 0 5. 4 3. 6	11. 5 10. 9 9. 7 7. 4 4. 9	3. 9 2. 0 1. 5 1. 3
\$2,500-\$3,000 \$3,600-\$3,560 \$3,500-\$4,000 \$4,000-\$4,500 \$4,500-\$5,000	4.7 2.5 1.5 .8	6.0 3.3 1.9 1.0	4.1 2.5 1.7 1.0	4.7 3.0 1,5 .9	6. 2 3. 1 1. 8 1. 1	. 2
\$5,000-\$7,500 \$7,500-\$10,000 \$10,000-\$25,000 \$25,000-\$50,000 \$50,000-\$100,000	1. 2 1. 5 . 2 . 1	1.3 .9 1.2 .2 .1	1.4 .4 .5 (2)	1.3 .5 .5 .5 (4)	1. 2 1. 0 1. 1 . 2	
\$100,000 and over All levels	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100. 0

¹ The relief group includes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. The nonrelief group includes all other families. For further explanation, see p. 42.

² For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 14B.—Percentage distributions of nonrelief families in large cities (100,000 to 1,500,000 population) in five geographic regions, by income level, 1935-36

Income level	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region
Under \$250 \$250-\$500.		1.5	3.2	1. 4 2. 8	2 0 3. 9
\$500-\$750		2.7 5.7	11.2	6.4	6.8
\$750-\$1,000		9.7	10.8	10. 8	10. 4
\$1,000-\$1,250	15. 4	12.5	9.6	13. 5	13. 9
\$1,250-\$1,500	11.9	11.6	8.0	10.7	11.1
\$1,500-\$1,750	9. 5	10. 8	8.3	10.3	10.8
\$1,750-\$2,000	8. 2	9. 7	7.5	8.5	10. 2
\$2,000-\$2,250		7. 2	6.3	7. 7	7. 7
\$2,250-\$2,500	3.6	5.6	0.1	5.1	5.4
\$2,500-\$3,000	4, 8	7. 7	7.0	7. 5	7, 0
\$3,000-\$3,500	2.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	3, 2
\$3,500-\$4,000.	1.7	2.7	3.6	2.9	1.9
\$4,000-\$4,500	.9	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.3
\$4,500-\$5,000	.5	.9	1.3	1.0	.7
\$5,000-\$7,500	1. 3	1.9	2.1	2.7	1. 1
\$7,500-\$10,000	1. 8	1.4	.4	.6	. 9
\$10,000 and over	3. 0	2.1	[4]	1.6	1. 7
All levels	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

¹ For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.

Table 15B .- Percentage distributions of nonrelief families 1 in middle-sized cities (25,000 to 100,000 population) in five geographic regions,2 by income level, 1935-36

Income level	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Mountain and Plains region	Pacific region
Under \$250. \$250-\$500. \$500-\$700. \$500-\$70. \$750-\$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,250.	3.7 8.6	1. 6 4. 0 8. 6 14. 7 15. 1	5. 8 11, 2 13, 2 10, 4 8. 8	0. 8 3. 1 6. 7 9. 3 12. 0	2. 1 4. 0 7. 6 12. 6 16. 6
\$1,250-\$1,500. \$1,500-\$1,750. \$1,750-\$2,000. \$2,000-\$2,250. \$2,250-\$2,500.	10. 1 8. 6 6. 1	12.5 10.1 8.7 6.2 4.6	7. 0 7. 4 7. 5 5. 3 4. 3	14.7 11.9 11.2 8.0 6.2	12. 7 10. 9 9. 1 6. 7 4. 6
\$2,570-\$3,000 \$3,000-\$3,500 \$3,500-\$4,000 \$4,000-\$4,000 \$4,500-\$5,000	2. 5 1. 1	5.3 2.7 1.5 .9	5.7 4.4 2.4 1.6	6. 6 3. 7 1. 9 1. 0	5. 6 3. 2 1. 3 . 8
\$5,000-\$7,500. \$7,500-\$10,000. \$19,000 and over	l a	1. 1 	2. 6 . 5 1. 0	1. 1 . 6 . 6	.7 .6
All levels	100.0	100.0	1000	100.0	10

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

¹ For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.

³ For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.

Table 16B.—Percentage distributions of nonrelief families 1 in small cities (2,500 to 25,000 population) in five geographic regions, by income level, 1935-36

Income level	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region
Under \$250. \$250-\$700 \$500-\$750 \$750-\$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,250	0.6 1.6 6.9 14.3	2. 7 4. 9 9. 6 15. 4 15. 4	5. 9 12. 4 14. 7 12. 4 12. 3	1. 2 3. 5 7. 9 12. 3 14. 4	1. 7 3. 2 6. 4 10. 1 14. 8
\$1,250-\$1,500 \$1,500-\$1,750 \$1,750-\$2,100 \$2,000-\$2,250 \$2,250-\$2,500	14. 2 10. 1 7. 8 6. 3 4. 4	11.6 10.0 8.3 5.8 4.1	8.7 7.0 5.8 4.5 3.0	11. 0 11. 2 8. 6 7. 7 4. 6	11. 7 11. 7 10. 5 8. 3 5. 4
\$2,500-\$3,000 \$3,000-\$1,500 \$3,500-\$4,000 \$4,600-\$4,500 \$4,500-\$5,000	4.7 2.4 2.5 .6	8.1 3.1 1.4 .7	5. 0 2. 6 1. 8 1. 1	6. 6 4. 9 1. 7 1. 2	6. 4 4. 1 1. 8 1. 2
\$5,000-\$7,500 \$7,500-\$10,000 \$10,000 and over	1.7 1.5 2.7	.8 .5 .2	1. 1 . 4 . 7	1.5 .6 .4	1. 2 . 5 . 3
All levels	100. 0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100. 0

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10.

For discussion of limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.

Table 17B .- Percentage distributions of rural nonfarm families 1 (nonrelief)2 in five geographic regions,2 by income level, 1935-36

Income level	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region
Under \$250	6, 1 13, 1	2. 0 6. 8 12. 0 17. 7 17. 6	5. 0 13. 9 13. 1 11. 4 10. 4	1. 4 5. 2 12. 0 14. 1 12. 5	1, 8 4, 4 8, 1 12, 0 14, 4
\$1,250-\$1.500. \$1,500-\$1,750. \$1,750-\$2,000. \$2,000-\$2,250. \$2,250-\$2,500.	11.7 9.4 7.2	12.6 8.8 5.9 4.5 2.9	9. 3 8. 1 5. 5 5. 0 3. 5	13, 2 10, 7 8, 3 5, 5 4, 1	12. 7 12. 3 10. 1 7. 2 3. 9
\$2,500-\$3,000. \$3,000-\$3,500. \$3,500-\$4,000. \$4,000-\$4,500. \$4,500-\$5,000.	3. 3 1. 1	3.5 1.6 .8 .5	4.8 2.9 1.9 1.1	5. 5 2. 4 1. 5 . 8 . 4	5.7 1.9 1.2 .6
\$5,000-\$7,500	.5	. 8 . 6 1. 1	2. 0 . 7 . 5	1. 0 . 5 . 9	1. 1 . 7 1. 4

¹ Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families

Table 18B .- Percentage distributions of farm families 1 (nonrelief) 2 in five geographic regions,3 by income level, 1935-36

	New		Sot	ithern re	gion	Moun-	
Income level	Eng- land region	North Central region	Total	Oper- ators •	Share- crop- pers 4	tain and Plains region	Pacific region
Under \$250. \$250-\$400. \$500-\$750. \$750-\$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,250.	1. 2 5. 2 12. 6 17. 4 18. 5	2. 2 5. 5 11. 3 16. 1 15. 8	3. 4 20. 7 23. 8 17. 4 10. 7	1. 8 15. 4 21. 6 18. 4 12. 4	8. 5 37. 9 30. 4 13. 9 5. 3	13. 1 13. 9 15. 9 16. 2 12. 5	3. 3 6. 0 10. 8 13. 7 12. 0
\$1,250-\$1,500 \$1,500-\$1,750 \$1,750-\$2,000 \$2,000-\$2,250 \$2,250-\$2,500	10. 6 11. 6 7. 0 5. 0 4. 4	13. 5 10. 4 7. 4 4. 3 3. 9	7. 3 4. 7 2. 9 1. 9 1. 4	8. 9 5. 8 3. 7 2. 5 1. 8	2. 5 1. 0 . 5	8. 2 5. 4 3. 8 3. 0 1. 9	10. 6 8. 6 7. 4 5. 6 3. 9
\$2,500-\$3,000 \$3,000-\$3,500 \$3,500-\$4,000 \$4,000-\$4,500 \$4,500-\$5,000	3.5 1.0 .4 .4	4. 2 2. 2 1. 4 . 5 . 2	1. 9 1. 1 . 7 . 5 . 3	2.5 1.5 .9 .6		2.0 1.8 .7 .3	4.8 3.1 2.2 1.3
\$5,000-\$7,500 \$7,500-\$10,000 \$10,000 and over	.8	.6 .4 .1	.6 .2 .5	.8 .3 .7		.8	1.7 2.3 1.8
All levels	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Includes families living on farms in rural areas only.

Table 19B.—Percentage distributions of wage-earning families 1 (nonrelief)² in five geographic regions, by income level, 1935-36

Income level	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Mountain and Plains region	Pacific region
Under \$250. \$250-\$300. \$500-\$750. \$750-\$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,250.	0. 6 3. 2 9. 4 18. 4 19. 9	1. 3 4. 3 9. 6 16. 5 17. 4	8. 4 18. 6 19. 4 15. 0 11. 4	1. 4 6. 0 13. 1 18. 1 16. 5	1. 2 3. 8 8. 4 13. 8 18. 7
\$1,250-\$1,500. \$1,500-\$1,750. \$1,750-\$2,000. \$2,000-\$2,250. \$2,250-\$2,500.	16. 0 10. 6 8. 6 5. 1 3. 0	13. 7 10. 8 8. 3 5. 4 3. 8	7. 9 6. 3 4. 3 2. 7 1. 9	14. 8 10. 8 6. 6 4. 8 2. 6	14. 6 12. 4 10. 4 6. 3 3. 8
\$2,500-\$3,000. \$3,000-\$3,500. \$3,500-\$4,000. \$4,000-\$4,500. \$4,500-\$5,000.	2. 7 1. 3 . 7 . 3 . 1	4.8 2.1 1.0 .5	2.2 .8 .7 .2	3.0 1.6 .5 .1	4. 4 1. 4 . 4 . 3
\$5,000 and over	.1	.3	.1	(4)	

¹ Families are classified according to occupation from which largest amount of family earnings was derived, rather than according to occupation of the principal earner. For further explanation, see pp. 25 and 44.

2 Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

2 For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.

4 Less than 0.05 percent.

includes anomes awing in communities with population under 2,556, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

3 Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

4 For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.

Includes families inving on farms in rural areas only.
 Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.
 For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the regional comparison, see pp. 18, 22-23, 54 and 57.
 For definitions of operator and sharecropper, see footnote 11, p. 43.

Table 20B .- Percentage distributions of white and Negro farm and rural nonfarm families 1 (nonrelief)2 in the South,2 by income level, 1935-35

			Farm f	amilies			Rural n	onfarm
Income level		White			Negro		fami	
Income rever	Total	Oper- ators 4	Share- crop- pers	Total	Oper- ators	Share- crop- pers 4	White	Negro
Vnder \$250 \$250-\$500 \$500-\$750 \$750-\$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,250	1.0 12.5 21.7 19.1 13.3	0. 7 10. 2 19. 5 19. 0 14. 1	2.6 27.0 34.7 19.4 8.4	8. 5 38. 4 28. 5 13. 7 5. 1	5. 4 33. 0 29. 3 16. 5 6. 5	12. 4 45. 1 27. 6 10. 3 3. 2	0.8 5.0 11.6 12.9 12.4	21. 6 48. 4 19. 3 5. 6 2. 7
\$1,250-\$1,500 \$1,500-\$1,750 \$1,750-\$2,000 \$2,000-\$2,250 \$2,250-\$2,500	6. 1 3. 9 2. 6	10. 1 6. 8 4. 4 3. 1 2. 3	4.8 2.0 1.1	3.0 1.5 .8 .3	4.7 2.4 1.3 .5	.9 .4 .1	11. 5 10. 1 6. 9 6. 2 4. 4	.9 .3 .3 .1
\$2,500-\$3,000 \$3,000-\$3,500 \$3,500-\$4,000 \$4,000-\$4,500 \$4,500-\$5,000	1.6 1.0	3. 2 1. 9 1. 1 . 8 . 5		.1 (5) (5) (6) (7)	(5) (5) (6)		5.9 3.6 2.3 1.3 1.1	.3 .1 .1 (3)
\$5,000-\$7,500. \$7,500-\$10,000. \$10,000 and over	. 3	1.0 .4 .9		(1)	(4) (3)	 	2.5 .9 .6	(f) (f) (f)
All levels	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ The rural nonfarm group includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

² Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any

TABLE 21B.—Percentage distributions of white and Negro families (nonrelief)¹ in three sizes of cities in the South,² by income level,

Income level	Large 100,000 po and	pulation	Middle-siz 25,000 to popul	100,000	Small cities, 2,500 to 25,000 population		
	White	Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	
Under \$250	1.6	9. 6	2. 4	15. 5	1. 2	23.	
250-\$5/00	3.5	24.3	3.9	31.7	5.6	37.	
500-\$750	7.7	25.0	7.8	28. 3	12, 2	23.	
750-\$1,000		18, 8	9.7	12.5	13.7	7.	
1,000-\$1,250		9.4	9.8	5. 7	14.8	3.	
1,250-\$1,500		5.0	8.7	2.1	10.7	1.	
1,500-\$1,750	9.4	3.5	9.5	1.6	8.5	i.	
1.750-\$2.000	9.1 i	1. 2	9.7		7. 2		
2,090-\$2,250	7.6	1. I	7,0	.6	5.7	:	
2,250-\$2,500	7. 5	. 7	5.6	.ĕ	3.7	:	
2,500-\$3,000		.7	7.6	.3	6.2	l .	
3,000-\$3,500	5.7	.3	6.0	. i l	6. 2 3. 3		
3,500-\$4,000	4.5	. 1	3.3	. i i	2.2	(4)	
4,000-84,500		. 2	2.2		1.4	1 28	
4,500-\$5,000		(P)	1.3	(9)	.8	(F) (F)	
5,000- 87 ,500		.1	8.5	(4)	L4	(7)	
7,500-\$10,000		(*)	6	8	. 5	l ``	
10,000 and over	. 5	(1)	1, 4	(ð)	.ŏ		
All levels	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.	

Table 22B .- Percentage distributions of white and Negro families (nonrelief)2 in North Central metropolises and large cities, by income level, 1935-36

	1,500,000	Metropolises population a		Large 100,000 to popula	cities, - 1,500,000 ation
Income level	Native white 1	Foreign- born white	Negro	White	Negro
Under \$250 \$250-\$500 \$500-\$750 \$750-\$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,250	1. 4 2. 0 3. 8 6. 0 9. 0	2.0 3.7 6.3 10.8 12.7	2. 1 4. 5 12. 0 19. 7 19. 3	1. 5 2. 6 8. 4 9. 1 12. 2	1. 6 5. 1 16. 1 26. 6 21. 6
\$1,250-\$1,500. \$1,500-\$1,750. \$1,750-\$2,000. \$2,000-\$2,250. \$2,250-\$2,500.	9. 3 10. 2 9. 8 8. 8 6. 5	12.9 11.5 9.9 7.0 5.3	13. 5 9. 9 6. 6 4. 7 2. 9	11. 6 10. 9 9. 9 7. 4 5. 7	11. 8 6. 1 8. 0 2. 4 1. 9
\$2,500-\$3,000. \$3,000-\$3,500. \$3,500-\$4,000. \$4,000-\$4,500. \$4,500-\$5,000.	9.7 5.6 3.3 2.1 1.3	7.5 3.9 2.6 1.3	2.2 1.5 .4 .2 .1	8.0 4.8 2.8 1.6	1.0 .4 .2 .1
\$5,000-\$7,500 \$7,500-\$10,000 \$10,000 and over	3.1 2.5 5.6	1.1 .5 .5	. 2 . 2	2 0 1. 4 2 2	. ! . : (9
All levels	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100. 0

For explanation of native white and foreign-born white classification, see p. 43.
 Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.
 For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the sample data, see pp. 18, 54, and 57.
 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 23B.—Percentage distributions of single men and single women, by income level, 1935-36

Income level	Single men	Single women
Under \$250		
250-\$500	9.5	9.6
\$500-\$750		19.4
750-\$1,000 ti 000 ti 250	15.6	26.7
\$1,000-\$1,250	15.4	16.8
****** ********************************	12.6	8.1
\$1,250-\$1,500		l
01.000-\$1.700	1	5. 5
01.75U~82.UUU	1 7 2	3.4
\$2,000-\$2,250 \$2,250 \$2,500	4.7	2.6
2,250-\$2,500	3.3	1.9
		1.4
\$2,500-\$3,000	20	1.0
#0,000=#0,000	1 1 1	
Φ),(AR/T@2,(AR)		.7
₽7±/AR/=@7±iXR)	1 1	
N,500-\$5,000	.3	1 .3
		.3
\$5,000-\$7,500 \$7,500-\$10,000	1 .	۱ .
		.7
		.5
\$50,000-\$100,000	/n .L	, ,1
		(9)
\$100,000 and over.	(h	1 /
	1 ''	(1)
All levels	100.0	100.0

¹ Includes both relief and nonrelief single individuals. For definition of single individuals, see p. 40.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

⁴ Excludes an families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

⁴ For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the sample data, see pp. 18, 54, and 57.

⁴ For definitions of operator and sharecropper, see footnote 11, p. 43.

⁵ Less than 0.05 percent.

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

¹ For location of communities included in sample, see chart 10. For discussion of limitations of the sample data, see pp. 18, 54, and 57.

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 24B.—Number of nonrelief families 1 in six types of community within five geographic regions, 1935-38

Type of community	All regions	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Mountain and Plains region	Pacific region
Metropolises, 1,500,000 population and over Large cities, 100,000 to 1,500,000 population Middle-sized cities, 25,000 to 100,000 population Small cities, 2,500 to 25,000 population	4, 666, 708	482, 634 366, 018 362, 117	2, 806, 916 2, 073, 631 1, 393, 917 2, 051, 428	1, 149, 292 572, 064 1, 050, 967	180, 397 97, 380 281, 921	780, 754 178, 210 324, 308
All urban communities	14, 160, 954	1, 210, 769	8, 325, 892	2, 781, 323	559, 698	1, 283, 272
Rural nonfarm communities !	4, 585, 665 6, 166, 558	254, 805 146, 001	1, 881, 226 2, 127, 999	1, 737, 561 3, 097, 183	406, 950 544, 290	305, 123 251, 085
All rural communities.	10, 752, 223	400, 806	4, 009, 225	4, 834, 744	951, 240	556, 208
All communities	24, 913, 177	1, 611, 575	12, 335, 117	7, 616, 067	1, 510, 938	1, 839, 480

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42. Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

Table 25B.—Percentage distributions of nonrelief families, 1 by type of community and region, 1935-36

	P	ercentage d	istribution	s by type o	of commun	ity	Percentage distributions by region						
Type of community	All regions	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region	All regions	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region	
Metropolises: 1,500,000 population and over	11.3		22.8				100.0		100. 0				
Large cities: 100,000 to 1,500,000 population	18. 7	29. 9	16.8	15. 1	11.9	42 5	100.0	10. 3	44. 5	24.6	3.9	16. 7	
25,000 to 100,000 population	10. 4	22.7	11. 3	7.5	6.4	9. 7	100.0	14.1	53. 5	21.9	3.7	6. 8	
2,500 to 25,000 population	16.4	22.5	16.6	13. 9	18. 7	17. 6	100.0	8.9	50.3	26.0	6. 9	7.9	
All urban communities	56.8	75. 1	67. 5	36, 5	37.0	69. 8	100.0	8, 5	58.8	19. 6	4.0	9. 1	
Rural nonfarm communities 3.	18. 4 24. 8	15. 8 9. 1	15. 3 17. 2	22. 8 40. 7	27. 0 36. 0	16. 6 13. 6	100. 0 100. 0	5. 6 2. 4	41.0 34.5	37. 9 50. 2	8. 9 8. 8	6. G 4. 1	
All rural communities	43. 2	24. 9	32. 5	63. 5	63.0	30. 2	100.0	3. 7	37. 3	45.0	8. 9	5 2	
All communities	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6. 5	49. 5	30. 5	6. 1	7. 4	

Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42. Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

Table 26B .- Number of relief families in six types of community within five geographic regions, 1935-36

Type of community	All regions	New Eng- land region	North Cen- tral region	Southern region	Mountain and Plains region	Pacific region
Metropolises: 1,500,000 population and over	488, 184		488, 184			
100,000 to 1,500,000 population.	912, 622	92, 199	462, 027	205, 461	36, 895	116, 040
Middle-sized cities: 25,000 to 100,000 population	582, 841	95, 183	300, 706	105, 579	31, 359	50, 014
Small cities; 2,500 to 25,000 population	808, 482	77, 476	455, 847	150, 797	87, 656	36, 706
All urban communities	2, 792, 129	264, 858	1, 706, 764	461, 837	155, 910	202, 760
Rural nonfarm communities 1	1, 094, 305 600, 646	67, 203 8, 236	497, 062 62, 762	344, 952 389, 006	106, 746 118, 297	78, 342 22, 345
All rural communities.	1, 694, 951	75, 439	559, 824	733, 958	225, 043	100, 687
All communities	4, 487, 080	340, 297	2, 266, 588	1, 195, 795	380, 953	303, 447

Includes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42. Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

Table 27B.—Percentage distributions of relief families, 1 by type of community and region, 1935-36

•	Pe	ercentage d	istribution	s by type o	f communi	ty	Percentage distributions by region						
Type of community	All regions	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region	All regions	New England region	North Central region	Southern region	Moun- tain and Plains region	Pacific region	
Metropolises: 1,500,000 population and over	10. 9		21, 5				100.0		100. 0				
Large cities: 100,000 to 1,500,000 population Middle-sized cities:	20. 3	27. 1	20.4	17. 2	9. 7	38. 2	100.0	10. 1	50.7	22.5	4.0	12.7	
25,000 to 100,000 population	13. 0	27. 9	13.3	8.8	8.2	16.5	100.0	16.3	51.6	18. 1	5.4	8.6	
2,500 to 25,000 population	18.0	22.8	20. 1	12.6	23.0	12.1	100. 0	9. 6	56, 4	18.7	10.8	4, 5	
All urban communities	62. 2	77.8	75.3	38.6	40. 9	66.8	100. 0	9. 5	61. 1	16, 5	5. 6	7.3	
Rural nonfarm communities ²	24. 4 13. 4	19.8 2.4	21. 9 2. 8	28. 9 32. 5	28. 0 31. 1	25. 8 7. 4	100. 0 100. 0	6. 1 1. 4	45, 4 10, 4	31. 5 64. 8	9. 8 19. 7	7. 2 3. 7	
All rural communities	37. 8	22. 2	24. 7	61.4	59. 1	33. 2	100. 0	4. 5	33.0	43 3	13.3	5.9	
All communities	100. 0	100, 0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	7.6	50. 5	26.6	8. 5	6.8	

¹ Includes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42. ² Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

TABLE 28B.—Number and percent of nonrelief families 1 in three color groups in five types of community in the South, 1935-36

Type of community and color group	Number of families	Percent
Farm families: White:		
Operators 1	1, 822, 567 290, 520	58.9 9.4
Total	2, 113, 087	68.
Negro: Operators	511, 092 416, 101	16. t
Total	927, 193	29.1
Other color: 1 Operators Sharecroppers	31, 366 25, 537	1.0
Total	56, 903	1.8
Total farm families	3, 097, 183	100.0
Rural nonfarm families:4 White	1, 381, 256 331, 561 24, 744	79. 1 19. 1 1. 4
Total	1, 737, 561	100.
Small city families (2,500 to 25,600 population): White Negro Other color *	838, 111 202, 048 19, 808	79, 1 19, 0 1, 9
Total	1, 059, 967	100.
Middle-sized city families (25,000 to 100,000 population); White	421, 900 141, 480 8, 684	73.1 24. 1.
Total	572, 064	100.
Large city families (100,000 population and over): White	915, 902 207, 562 25, 828	79. 18. 2.
Total	1, 149, 292	100.

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

1 For definitions of operator and sharecropper, see footnote 11, p. 43.

1 For definition of other color, see p. 43.

4 Includes families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

Table 29B.—Number and percent of nonrelief families in three color groups in North Central large cities and metropolises, 1935-38

Type of community and color group	Number of families	Percent
Large city families (100,000 to 1,500,000 population): White	2,009,147 63,331 1,153	94. 8 3. 1 . 1
Total	2, 073, 631	100.0
Metropolis families (1,500,000 population and over): White: Native 1. Foreign-born 1.	1, 535, 523 1, 160, 554	54. 7 41. 4
Total	2, 696, 077	96. 1
Negro Other color ¹	107, 145 3, 694	3.8
Total	2, 806, 916	100.0

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.

¹ For definition of other color, see p. 43.

² For explanation of native white and foreign-born white classification, see p. 43.

Table 30B .- Number of nonrelief families 1 of four sizes in six types of community and in five geographic regions, 1935-38

		Families of—							
Type of community and region	All families	2 persons	3-4 per-	5-6 per- sons	7 and over persons				
Metropolises; 2 1,50),000 population and over. Large cities: 100,000 to 1,500,000 popula-	2, 806, 916	755, 440	1, 3 v 3, 144	502, 941	155, 391				
tion	4, 666, 708	1, 571, 508	2, 133, 199	726, 9 90	235, 01				
25,000 to 100,000 population Small cities:	2, 607, 589	770, 224	1, 217, 842	459, 145	160, 370				
2,500 to 25,000 population	4, 079, 741	1, 149, 986	1, 902, 440	744, 561	282,75				
All urban communities	14, 160, 954	4, 247, 158	6, 646, 625	2, 433, 637	833, 53				
Rural nonfarm communities Farms	4, 585, 665 6, 166, 558		2, 183, 557		201, 72				
All rural communities	10, 752, 223			2, 370, 742					
All communities	24, 913, 177	I =	11, 170, 305	1					
New England North Central	1, 611, 575	457, 297	720, 563	30H), 4H/S	121, 23				
South Mountain and Plains	12, 335, 117 7, 616, 067	1, 578, 229	3, 139, 857	2, 223, 433 1, 730, 321	1, 167, 66				
Pacific	1, 510, 938 1, 830, 480	398, 653 651, 246							
All regions	24, 913, 177		11, 170, 365						

Notes in opposite column.

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.
1 Metropolises of this size are in North Central Region only (New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit).
1 Include families living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

Table 31B.—Percentage distributions of nonrelief families 1 of four sizes, by type of community and region, 1935-36

	P	ercentage dis	tributions b	y size of fami	ly	Percentage distributions by type of community and region					
Type of community and region	All families	2 persons	3-4 persons	5-6 persons	7 and over persons	All families	2 persons	3-4 persons	5-6 persons	7 and over persons	
Metropolises:2 1,500,000 population and over	100.0	26. 9	49.7	17. 9	5. 5	11.3	11.3	12.5	10. 5	6.8	
100,000 to 1,500,000 population	100. 0 100. 0	33. 7 29. 5	45.7 46.7	15.6 17.6	5. 0 6. 2	18.7 10.4	23. 6 11. 5	19. I 10. 9	15.1 9.6	10. 4 7. 1	
Small cities: 2,500 to 25,000 population	100.0	28. 2	46. 6	18.3	6. 9	16.4	17. 3	17.0	15. 5	12.4	
All urban communities	100.0	30.0	46. 9	17. 2	5. 9	56.8	63. 7	59. 5	50. 7	36. 7	
Rural nonfarm communities 3	100. 0 100. 0	28. 1 18. 4	47. 6 37. 9	17. 9 25. 1	6. 4 18. 6	18. 4 24. 8	19. 3 17. 0	19. 6 20. 9	17. 1 32. 2	12. 9 50. 4	
All rural communities	100.0	22. 5	42.1	22.0	13. 4	43. 2	36.3	40. 5	49.3	63.3	
All communities	100.0	26, 8	44. 8	19.3	9, 1	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	
New England North Central South Mountain and Plains Pacific	100.0	28, 4 29, 1 20, 7 26, 4 35, 4	45. 1. 46. 3 41. 3 45. 7 49. 1	19. 0 18. 0 22. 7 20. 2 13. 0	7. 5 6. 6 15. 3 7. 7 2. 5	6. 5 49, 5 30, 5 6. 1 7. 4	6. 8 53. 7 23. 7 6. 0 9. 8	6. 5 51. 1 28. I 6. 2 8. 1	6. 4 46. 3 36. 0 6. 3 5. 0	5, 3 36, 0 51, 5 5, 2 2, 0	
All regions	100.0	26.8	44.8	19.3	9.1	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.
 Metropolises of this size are in North Central Region only (New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit).
 Includes (amilies living in communities with population under 2,500, and families living in the open country but not on farms.

Table 32B .- Number of nonrelief families in eight occupational groups in five types of community and in five geographic regions, 1935-36

Type of community and region	All families	Wage-earn-	Farming	Clerical	Busine	ss group	Professio	Other occu-	
	An ammes	ing group	group i	group	Salaried	Independent	Salaried	Independent	pational groups 4
Metropolises: 4 1,500,000 population and over.	2, 806, 916	1, 368, 441		731, 758	104, 884	297, 006	143, 621	49, 519	111,68
Large cities: 100,000 to 1,500,000 population	4, 666, 708	2, 155, 143	1	1, 114, 569	309, 732	569, 817	264, 565	84,045	168, 83
Middle-sized cities: 25,000 to 100,000 population Small cities:	2, 607, 589	1, 409, 575		483, 714	151, 410	292, 099	125, 686	37, 846	107, 259
2,500 to 25,000 population	4, 079, 741	2, 305, 805	[657, 543	219, 171	488, 503	182, 392	55, 224	171, 10
All urban communities	14, 160, 954	7, 238, 964		2, 987, 584	785, 197	1, 647, 425	716, 264	226, 634	558, 8%
Rural communities *	10, 752, 223	2, 220, 313	6, 166, 558	638, 641	327, 417	725, 222	272, 961	114, 299	286, 813
All communities	24, 913, 177	9, 459, 277	6, 166, 558	3, 626, 225	1, 112, 614	2, 372, 647	989, 225	340, 933	845, 698
New England North Central South Mountain and Plains Pacific	1, 611, 575 12, 335, 117 7, 616, 067 1, 510, 938 1, 839, 480	857, 401 5, 294, 084 2, 198, 435 371, 412 737, 945	146, 001 2, 127, 999 3, 097, 183 544, 290 251, 085	234, 036 2, 016, 594 862, 209 197, 385 316, 001	80, 422 485, 127 359, 090 91, 816 96, 159	158, 065 1, 228, 807 599, 302 161, 331 225, 142	60, 978 531, 105 236, 145 67, 559 93, 438	18, 472 174, 015 90, 418 25, 641 32, 387	56, 200 477, 380 173, 281 51, 504 87, 323
All regions	24, 913, 177	9, 459, 277	6, 166, 558	3, 626, 225	1, 112, 614	2, 372, 647	989, 225	340, 933	845, 698

Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. For further explanation, see p. 42.
Families are classified according to occupation from which largest amount of family earnings was derived, rather than according to occupation of the principal earner. For further explanation, see pp. 25 and 44.
Includes families living on farms in rural areas only.
Includes families with no income from earnings during the year, and village and city families with major earnings from farming.
Metropolises of this size are in North Central Region only (New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit).
Includes, in addition to the 6,166,558 families living on farms, 4,585,665 families living in the open country but not on farms, or in communities with population under 2,500 The latter group includes 137,624 village families deriving the largest amount of family earnings from farming; these are classified as "other occupational groups."

Table 33B.—Percentage distributio, of nonrelief families in eight occup onal groups, by type of community and region, 1935-36

	•	Per	er ces	distribu	tions b	y occup	ational _l	group		Percentage distributions by type of community and region								
Type of community and region	All	Wage-	Farm.			iness oup		sional up	Other	All	Wage-	Farm.	Cleri-		iness oup		ssional que	Other
f	fami- lies group group group 1	i L	'ala-	Inde- pend- ent	Sala- ried	Inde- pend- ent		fami- lies		group,	വി	Sala- ried	Inde- pend- ent	Snln- ried	Inde- pend- ent	occupa- tional groups (
Metropolises: 1 1,500,000 population and over	100.0	48.7		26. 1		10.6	5. 1	1.8	4.0	11.3	14.5		20. 2	9. 4	12.5	1	14.5	13. 2
Large citles: 100,000 to 1,500,000 population Middle-sized cities: 25,000 to 100,000 population		46. 2 54. 1		23. 9 18. 6	6. · 5. 8	2.درا	5.7 4.8	1.8 1.4	3. 6 4. 1	18.7 10.4	22.8 14.9		30. 8 13. 3	27. 9	,	, 7	4.7	20.0 12.7
Small cities: 2,500 to 25,000 population	100.0	56. 4		16. 1	5.4	12.0	4.5	1.4	4. 2	16. 4	24.3		•	•	G	18. 4		
All urban communities	100.0	51.2		21.1	5. 5	11.6	5.1	1.6	3.9	56.8	76. 5	l		(d. 6		ļ		
Rural communities 4	100.0	20.7	57.4	5. 9	3.0	6.7	2.5	1.1	_ n -	_		_	17.6					. 1
All communities	100.0	37. 9	24.8	14. 5	4.5	9. 5	4.0	1.4	1			(U.).					าสโรเ	أمرين
New England	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	53. 2 42. 9 28. 9 24. 5 40. 1	9. 1 17. 3 40. 6 36. 0 13. 7	14. 5 16. 3 11. 3 13. 1 17. 2	5.0 3.9 4.7 6.1 5.2	9.8 10.0 7.9 10.7 12.2	3. c 4. 3 3. 1 4. 5 5. 1	1.2 1.7 1.8	2.3 3.4 4.7	49.5 30 °	9.1 •• f	 - -	,			5.8 6.8 9.4	1.1 26.5 7.5 9.5	6. 6 56. 5 20. 5 6. 1 10. 3
All regions	100.0	37. 9	24.8	14. 5	4.5	9. 5	4.0	1.4	3.				·	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Excludes all families receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. F

² Families are classified according to occupation from which largest amount of family earnings w

For further explanation see, pp. 25 and 44.

² Includes families living on farms in rural areas only.

³ Includes families with no income from earnings during the year, and village and city families with major.

⁴ Metropolises of this size are in North Central Region only (New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Detroit.

⁶ Includes, in addition to the 6,166,558 families living on farms, 4,585,665 families living in the open country but in the latter group includes 137,624 village families deriving the largest amount of family earnings from farming; these

.e p. 42. according to occupation of the principal carner.

gs from farming.

m farms, or in communities with population under 2,500, classified as "other occupational groups." $^{\prime\prime}$

Table 34B.—Number and percent of single individuals, by relief status 2 and sex, 1935-36

Relief status and sex	Number	Percent
Not receiving relief: 1		
Men Women	5, 509, 262 3, 063, 201	64. 3 35. 7
n omen	3,033,201	
Total	8, 572, 463	100.0
Becelving some relief: 1 Men	1,028.461	69. 2
Women	457, 111	30.8
Total	1, 485, 572	100.0
All single individuals: Men	6, 537, 723	65.0
Women	3, 520, 312	35.0
Total	10, 058, 035	100. (

¹ For definition of single individuals, see p. 40.

The relief group includes all single individuals receiving any direct or work relief (however little) at any time during year. The nonrelief group includes all other single individuals. For further explanation, see p. 42.

Table 35B.—Number of institutional reside in nine types of institutional group in five geographic region. 1935-36

Type of institutional group	A): glos:	New Eng- land region	North Cen- tral region	South- ern region	Moun- tain and Plains regi n	Pacific region
Institutions for— Mental defectives Physical defectives Prisoners and delinquent	563, 000 101, 000	52, 000 10, 000	314, 000 56, 000	124, 000 22, 000	32, (6, 00	41, 000 7, 000
adults. Dependent and delin- quent children. Dependent adults	207, 000 160, 000 269, 000	10,000 10,000 17,000	93, 000 94, 000 100, 000	71, 000 40,000 27,000	16, cs. 8, 000 10, 000	17, 000 8, 000 15, 000
Total	1,: 10,000	99,000	657, 000	284, 000	72,000	88, 000
Corps. Labor camps. Military and naval posts. Crews on vessels	412,000 103,000 213,000 72,000	25, 000 2, 000 11, 000	139, 000 22, 000 50, 000	145, 000 33, 000 98, 000	67, 000 14, 000 25, 000	; უც გვ. იძ0 20, 000
TotalAll institutional groups.	800,000	8, 000 46, 000 145, 000	30, 000 211, 000 894, 000	16, 000 292, 000 576, 000	106, 000 178, 000	18, 000 115, 000 203, 000

¹ Classified by region according to port of call.