# GOVERNMENT RESOLUTION <br> ON THE <br> Revenue Administration <br> OF THE <br> <br> UNITED PROVINCES OF-AGRA AND OUDH <br> <br> UNITED PROVINCES OF-AGRA AND OUDH <br> For the Revenue year 1922-23, ending 30th September, 1923. <br> <br> PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY. <br> <br> PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY. <br>  <br> ALLAHA』AD: <br> Painted br ter Scperintevdrit, Governyent Purss, United Proviscee, 1924. 

## - COVERNMENT RESOLUTION

ON THE

# Revenue Administration 

OF THE

## UNITED PROVINCES OF AGRA AND OUDH

For the Revenue year 1922-23, ending 30th September, 1923.


No. 2751/IB-825-1923. RESOLUTION.

Revende (B) departaent.
Dated Allahabad, the 3rd July, 1924.
Read-
Reports by the District Officers revjewed by Commissioners of divisions on the revenue administration of the United Provinces for the year ending September, 1923, and by the Board of Revenue on Government estates, rent and revenue litigation, and : setticment.

## L-GENERAL CONDITIONS OF TEE YEAR.

Obserfations.-1. The monsoon of 1922-23, on which the agricultural fortunes of the year under review chiefly depended, was described in the Revenue Administration Report of 1921-22: The winter rains mere well distributed and suffeient for the standing rabi crops, and, except in Bundelkhand, heavy rain, in excess of the normal, fell in nearly all districts during the last three weeks of February.

The monsoon of 1923 began with slight showers in June, and after a moderately wet July, became active in August, giving rain in exoess of normal, though unerenly distributed, everywhere except in the Gorabhpur division. After a lull in the first half of September, the jear closed with heary rain, which slightly retarded the harresting operations in the first week of October. The season as a whole was less unfavourable to kharif crops than the preceding year, but floods mashed amay or caused the failure of the crops in $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the sown area, which was 4 per cent. below the normal.

Calamities. 2. In certain areas these floods were on a disastrous scale. At the end of September the Gumti reached a higher level than ever before reoorded, and in Kheri, combined with inundations from the Katna and Ul rivers, caused widespread injury to the crops and damage to bridges, roads and houses. There was some loss of human life and many cattle were drowned. The same river caused further damage in the Pawayan tahsil in Shahjahanpur, while the floods in and around Lucknow were unprecedented, and will not soon be forgotten. Further down-stream and earlier in the month floods destroyed kachcha houses in Jaunpur and injured the riverside orops.

The Ghogra flooded large areas in Bara Banki, Gonda and in Bahraioh, causing the loss of nine human lives and some thousand cattle. Over 5,000 houses are said to have been destroyed in the last-named district, and in 170 villages a loss in excess of eight annas is reported in the liharif orops.

In Mirzapur the erops of 52 villages suffered from the flooding of the Sone. In the west of the provinces the Chambal and the Jumna ran higher in Etawah than they had run since 1857 , injuring about 30 riverine villages and doing much damage to houses. The former river caused similar damage in some 25 villages in Cawnpore, while the Jumna and Betwa washed away some villages early in August in the Hamirpur district.

Moradabad, Ghazipur (where six feet of water was reported in the town), Ballia, Basti, Unao, Hardoi also suffered from floods. To afford temporary relief to sufferers and to enable them to re-stock their farms, liberal grants of takavi were given.

Irrigated area.
3. Two years' abundant rainfall produced its natural results, and the fall in the irrigated area noticed in last year's report was practically maintained. Only 9,161 masonry wells were sunk in the Agra province (a decrease of nearly 2,000 ) and 3,456 in Oudh (a decrease of some 400). .The reports of the year show 29 per cent. of the cultivated area in Agra and 26 per cent. in Oudh as irrigated, 50 per cent. being irrigated by wells and 25 per cent. by canals.

Cultivated area, cropped area, and outturn.
4. With such climatic conditions it is not surprising that the Deputy Director was able to report that the oultivated area wàs practically normal. The area under kharif crops fell short by $7 \cdot 2$ per cent. of the normal area, and of the area under kharif in the preceding yoar by 6 per cent. This deorease, due to heary and incessant rain in August and September, 1922, was shared by most districts; it was most marked in Banda and Jalaun, and was appreciable in Hamirpur, Fatehpur,

Allahabad, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Ballia and Unao. On the whole the season was favourable for rice, though early rice was somewhat injured by excessive rain. Sugarcane, despite damage in the low-lying lands, produced gur and rab of excellent quality, but the cotton crop for the third year in succession fared ill, particularly in some districts of the Rohilkhand, Allahabad, Jhansi and Lucknow divisions. Tho outturn of the principal kharif crops was, taking 100 as the normal yield, estimated by the Deputy Director as below:-

Early rice 75 , late rice 85 , juar and bajra 80 each, mandua and maize 65 each, til 75 , sugarcane 90 , and cotton 70 .

In the rabi, however, extensive sowings-the largest for the last five years - fully oompensated for any shortage in the area under kharif crops, the area sown being $1,500,000$ acres, or 7 per cent. in excess of the area of the preceding year and 56 per cent. above the normal area. Conditions for wheat were good throughout, but, as the crop was ripening, hot winds caused damage in some districts, so that the yield was less than the appearance of the standing crop suggested. Barley also did well, and for gram the season proved most favourable. Linseed and rape-seed were injured by hail in some places, and in others by strong winds and rust.

Taking 100 as the normal yield, the Deputy Director estimates the outturn of the rati as follows :-

Wheat 85 , barley 95 , gram 100 , linseed, rape-seed and opium 90 each.
5. The figures for the holdings area, as classified in Appendices XXXIVA and XXXIVB, show no very striking variations. The sir area has for the last twelve years been diminishing owing to the transfer of proprietary rights, and in Agra there was again a decrease of 19,222 acres. But the recent changes in the lav in Oudh have added over four hundred thousand acres to the land classed as sir in that province, where sir rights now exist in 85 per cent. of the total holdings area, arainst 121 per cent. in Agra. The khudkasht area in both prorinces again increased slightly, doubtless owing to the high profits still obtainable from cultivation. The occupancy area in Agra would have again fallen as a result of the normal wastage, but for an addition of some 82,000 acres in the Muttra and Agra districts, in which the accrual of occupancy rights came to light in the revision of the records. The recognition of these rights explains the decrease in the non-occupancy ares in Agra. The portion of this area held by tenants for over 12 years rose from 4,240,511 to 4,279,110 acres as against a rise in the preceding year of 133,712 acres,
but it would be hazardous to attempt to explain the diference. In Oudh the changes in the tenancy law have given life-tenancies to tenants holding an area amounting to 693 per cent. of the total holdings area. The total rental demand fell by Rs. $31 \frac{1}{2}$ lakhs against a rise of Rs. $63 \frac{3}{4}$ lakhs in the preceding year; crop rents having decreased by Rs. 60 lakhs and cash rents having risen by Rs. 30 lakhs. The percentage of collection also fell by 8 per cent. in Agra and 5 per cent. in Oudh. Low collections are attributed to the poor kharif; in certain distriots zamindars certainly found difficulty in obtaining payment, but the failure of zamindars to record collections is also a very possible explanation.

Prices
. There was a marked drop in the price of food grains during the year and, at its close, after seasonal fluctuations, while the monsoon was still undeclared, they ruled lower than for years past. The resulting economic relief to the urban population has been welcome, and, as some District Officers report, has probably had a steadying effect politically. Graindealers have suffered; having held up stocks with a view to bigher prices, they have had difficulty in unloading without serious loss; Hapur traders, it is said, lost as much as Rs. 45 lakhs. To the cultivator the fall in prices is of more arguable advantage. As one District Officer notes, they have in some cases "found themselves in possession of abundant food, but a reduced supply of legal tender." Large stocks, following on years of high prices, have, however, enabled the cultivator himself to hold up grain ; and in part of the Ghazipur district it is reported that cultivators have "arranged small granaries in their own houses and keep the grain all through the rains and only bring it to the market after sowing the rabi in the autumn.' New tenants who, tempted by high prices, took up land on high rentals have undoubtedly been hit by the fall in prices; but the labouring population has been practically unaffected, as the fall in prices has been more rapid than that of wages.
Trade. 7. On the other hand the general slackness of trade throughout the province during the year is clear from the reports of District Offioers. The trade of Cawnpore according to a note supplied by Mr. J. G. Ryan, Seoretary of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce, also suffered from a general depression. At the end of the year the position there was still uncertain, but the Commissioner considered that there were grounds for anticipating an improvement.
Cattle. 8. Though early in the year prices were high, fodder was ample, and this may have contributed to tha absence of any widespread epidemics among cattle; such local outbreaks as
occurred appear to have caused few deaths. The figures for inoculation show great variations from district to district; success is largely dependent on the attitude of the people, which the Governor in Council regrets to note is still, in many cases, apathetic. The veterinary staff is small, and as the Commissioner of Kumaun says, cattle disease in India is too widespread to be dealt with by a small staff. But it rests with the people to utilise the facilities, small though they may be, at their disposal. The action taken by several Distriot Officers to secure the prompt reporting of any outbreals of disease deserves to be more widely adopted.
9. The year was healthy, and there was a decrease in the number of deaths reported from all divisions except that of Meerut, where an outbreak of plague in the Meerut and Bulandshabr districts caused a slight rise in the mortality. A weloome indication of the breaking down of old prejudice is to bo found in the comments of the Commissioner of Goralh. pur on the larger number of inoculations carried out in the Basti district. But while deaths from plague in the province rose from ' 18 per mille in $1921-22$ to 76 per mille, cholera and fever claimed fewer victims than in the preceding year, the mortality from these diseases showing a fall of 19,447 and 323,978 respectively. Dengue fever appeared in many districts, but generally without fatal results. The total number of reported deaths fell from 1,377,999 to 1,081,193. As last year, several District Offioers complain that these figures are not reliable, and think that this is partly due to the reduction in the number of chaukidars. The Commissioner, Benares, however, states that "there is no indication that the reduction of chaukidars has impaired the accuracy of the statistics." The Governor in Council agrees that the present reporting agency is weak; but until a practioal substitute is suggested, improvement in the recording of vital statistics must depend largely on the co-operation of the people and the spread of education among the villagers.

## II,-FINANCIAL.

10. Statements I to XVII are concerned with the financial aspects of land revenue administration, and bring out clearly the heary responsibilities of the land revenue stalf.
11. The total demand on account of all souroes of land revenue dealt with in the reports amounted to nearly Re. 935 labhs, or approximately Rs. $24 \frac{1}{2}$ lakhs less than in the previous ycar. The whole of this deorease occurred under the heads "Arrears of Land Revenue" (Rs. $5 \frac{1}{2}$ lakbs) and "Advances

Public
health.

Ceneral. nader tho Agriculturists' Loans Act" (Rs. $19 \frac{1}{4}$ lakhs), and is

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clearly the result of the satisfactory conditions of the previous year. After allowing for remissions of Rs. $3 \frac{3}{4}$ lakhs, almost entirely under Act XII of 1884, the net demand amounted to Rs. e293 lakhs and was collected in full except for a balance of $15 \frac{1}{1}$ lakhs. Of this balance nearly Rs. $12 \frac{1}{2}$ lakhs were due under Act XII of 1884 and Act XIX of 1883. The land revenue on the roll rose by Rs. 58,000 , principally on account of settlements in Muttra and progressive enhancements in Etawah. Revisions of demand in Bundelkhand and in alluvial mahals, and summary settlements of land relinquished and resumptions of revenue-free grants explain (after the deduction of revenue reduced for similar reasons) the remaining increase.

The slight relief which it was found necessary to give during the year by suspensions (Rs. 70,000) and remissions (Rs. 22,000) of land revenue was almost entirely on acoount of floods.

Malikana. Statement IV.

Occupiers" rate. Statements V and VI.
12. The remaining statements deal with the detailed heads of demand. - The collections of malikana were satisfactory, but the undisbursed balance of Rs. 68,069 is still high ; no less than Rs. 30,378 still remained to be paid in the Gorakhpur district. Recipients of malikana are said to wait until a substantial sum has accumulated to their credit before claiming it. Remittance by money rorder is suggested by the Commissioner of Benares; and where claimants make undue delay it may be found necessary to adopt some such remedy.
13. The enhanced demand for ocoupiers' rate of some three lakhs of rupees was confined to the Meerut, Agra and Allahbad divisions, and appears to have been due not only to the rise in rates, but also to the large area sown with cane. Collections were satisfactory, but there were heavy outstandings in the Meerut, Bulandshahr, Saharanpur and Banda districts. The demand on account of occupiers' rate (Statement V) was realised nearly in full. Collections in some districts have been delayed by late receipt of the jamabandis-a cause of complaint which the Governor in Council hopes will cease-and by the concession recently introduced by which a lambardar is allowed 90 instead of 60 days for realising and paying irrigation rates.
14. Matation fines have increased by over Rs. 12,000 . It is remarbable that, in spite of the importance, from the point of viev of the people most concerned, of correct and up-todate kherrats, they should still be unpunctual in reporting and incur these fines. Collections have been fair, but the balances
in Hardoi (Rs. 3,548), Basti (Rs. 1,745), and Gorakhpur (Rs. 1,558 ) call for the attention of District Officers.

The decrease of over Rs. 14,000 in the demand for partition faes was to some extent due to the suspension of partitions in Muttra and Partabgarh on account of settlement operations. Ti:e collections have improved and Meerut, Gorakhpur, Basti and Azamgarh show no outstandings. The large balances in Ghazipur (Rs. 8,689). Fyzabad (Rs. 7,042), Mainpuri (Ks. 5,454), Saharanpur (Rs. 4,556), Moradabad (Rs. 3,980), Sitapur (Rs 3,898), Gonda (Rs. 3,482), and Banda (Rs. 3,262) will, it is hoped, disappear in the current year.
i5. With a favourable monsoon there was little demand for takari, except in Budaun, Fatehpur, Lucknow, Unao, Sitapur, Hardoi, Kheri, Fyzabad, Gonda. Bahraich and Bara Banki. These districts suffered from floods and took loans for the purchase of seed and bullocks to the extent of Rs. $13,84,000$ out of the Rs. 15,93,000 advanced under Act XII of 1884. Urder Aot XIX the advances during the year amounted to only Rs. $1,38,000$, bringing the total of loans outstanding under both Acts to Rs. 1,04,32,000. Of this sum, Rs. $57,67,000$ was due for collection within the year, or, -allowing for suspensions (Rs. 30,000 ), Rs. $57,37,000$. Only 73 per cent. of the demand, namely, Rs. 17,24,000 under Act XIX and Rs. 24,53,000 under Act XII, was collected, learing a balance still to be realised of Rs. $15,60,000$. This, having regard to the agrioultural conditions, was bardly satisfactory. Takavi is a demand which should, specially when conditions are favourable, be promptly collected. Inoluding remissions, surplus and advance colleotions and refunds, the principal outstanding was reduced to H . $62,21,000$.

More than half the adrances under Act XIX were taken by Hardoi (Rs. 42,000), Meerat (Rs. 25,000), and Aligarh (Rs. 10,000 ) ; from 14 districts there was no demand. Ihe greater part of the money lent was spention masonry wells, but tro tube wells were begun in Bijnor and one in Pae Bareli. Tho Gorernor in Conncil regrets that greater use was not made of the opportunity to construct irrigation works, which will prore a raluable insurance againot scarcity in less farourable years.

Under Act XII the provinces, apart from the oleven districts mentioned in paragraph 15, took advances of only Rs. 2,09,000; no loans were taken in 15 districts. The bulk of the adrances ras given for seed, only Ris. 4,73000 bring required for cattle. An adrance of Rs. 20,000 was taken by

Agricultural loans. Statementa XIII and XIV.

Sheikh Wahid-ud-din Khan Bahadur, of Meerut, for a dépôt for seed and agricultural implements-an example which might well be followed by other landlords who are in a position to start suoh concerns, but find difficulty in financing them.

The collections of the Rs. 23,43,000 due under Act XIX during the year amounted to 74 per cent., leaving Rs. $6,13,000$ overdue ; the distriots with the heaviest balanoes being as usual Muttra (Rs. 3,00.000), Agra (Rs. 65,000), and Etah (R.s. 1,19,000). Muttra is hampered by the heavy adranoes given between the years 1911-12 and 1916-17 which it is not easy to recover ; but the Governor in Counoil is glad to observe that the present Collector has paid special attention to this matter. In Agra and Etah also efforts have been made to clear the balances. The wells built during the years of lavish advances will, it is hoped, help to secure large areas from drought, and, if so, will compensate for the heary remissions which have been found necessary. The dangers of too lavish andill-considered a distribution of takavi have been emphasised by an ill-judged campaign for well construction in Jaunpur, and the Governor in Council, while endorsing the policy of a liberal distribution of advances under Aot XIX, would call the attention of all Revenue officers to their responsibility for seeing that the works for which money are given are suitable and that they are actually constructed. They should remember, too, that the advances are loans which their suocessors will have to recover. Sixteen districts collected 100 per cent. of the sums due, the largest demand realised in full being Rs. 59,000 in Aligarh, for which the staff deserves credit.

Under Act XII, of a net demand of Rs. 34 lakhs, only 72 per cent. was collected and Rs. $9,47,000$ remained overdue. Out of this balance, Muttra was responsible for Rs. 6,03,000, Agra for Rs. 96,000, and Etah for Rs. 48,000. The arrears of Muttra date back to 1911-12-1916-17. No less than Rs. $3,25,000$, out of a total for the year of Rs. $3,40,000$, were remitted in this district. Apart from Etah and Agra, in which districts the overdue balances amounted to Rs. 48,000 and Rs. 96.000, respectively, and Muttra, the remaining districts collected some 90 per cent. of the demand, but only twelve districts secured repayment in full. Aligarh again deserves mention for collecting Rs. 1,91,000, or only Rs. 455 short of the full demand. Unao, Hardoi and Kheri also realised large amounts, leaving small balances.

Under Act XIX Rs. 11,530 and under Act XII Rs. 3,40,000 were remitted, the bulk of the remissions being in the Muttra district. Proposals for remission have in several cases been
submitted in an unsatisfactory manuer. In oue case Rs. 21,000 was reported as irrecoverable, although subsequently all but Rs. 6,000 was recovered. It should be unnecessary to repeat that before an arrear is reported as irrecoverable, it is the duty of the Collector to satisfy himself that it is actually so. The state of the accounts in certain districts has given rise to anxiety, and the Governor in Council trusts that acoounting will receive the attention of District Officers. The question of simplifying the present somewhat intricate system is under consideration.
16. As was natural in a year of favourable conditions, nothing was added to the small opening balance (R3. 79,000) under the head aided works. Collections of 88 per oant. of the demand falling due reduced the closing balance to just over half a lakh.
17. The only remaining head, under tine loan account, is advances under the Bundelkhand Encumbered Estates Aot. The year opened with a demand of Rs. $5,49,000$ on account of principal, and Rs. 15,958 were advanced in Etawah and Mirzapur. Of this sum, Rs. $1,63,000$ were due for colleotion and 96 per cent. of the demand was recovered. The net result of the operations of the year was to reduce the principal outstanding to Rs. $4,51,000$. In the estates held by the proprietors themselves under sections $21(a)$ and $21(b)$ of the Act Rs. 95,000 were collected out of a demand of Rs. $1,01,000$; allowing for credits to interest, advance collections, etc., the principal outstanding had fallen at the close of the year to Rs. 2,56,000. In estates under direct management under section 21 (c). of the Act a sum of Rs. 62,000 was recovered out of a demand of Rs. 63,000, the balance due from tenants being only Rs. 751. The principal still outstanding at the end of the year after credits to interest, deduction of oost of management (Rs. 27,000) and similar adjustments was Rs. 1,95,000.
18. The Board of Revenue are still in charge of State properties, and their report on the management of them is printed as Appendix A to this resolution. The Governor in Council entirely agrees that it is desirable to dispose of small isolated properties, which only add to the trouble and cost of management with no adequate return. The administration of the larger estates has been eatisfactory. The fact that an appreciable amount of the expenditure is devoted to objects, such as schools, roads, and the like, for the benefit of the tenantry is often lost sight of, though oxing to the need for economy the amount so expended during the year under review was less than has been usual. The Gorernor in Council cannot,

Alded works.

The Bundel
khand Encumbered Estates Act.

Government estatea. Statement $X$.

Coercive
processes.
Statement
$\mathbf{X V I}$.
however, admit that the prowision of schools is a first oharge upon the revenues derived from these estates. In their capacity as landlord Government contribute to the cost of edu. cating the peasantry, but primary education is essentially $a_{0}$ matter for the district boards, assisted by grants from the provincial exchequer, into which the recaipts from the estates are paid. The form of the budgets of the estates is being revised with a view to a clearer presentation of the facts.

As remarked by the Board, the outstanding balance due in estates attached under the Land Revenue Act is high, but the explanation is adequate; the fall in the cost of management in these estates shows that they have received careful attention.
19. The large demands, for the oollection of which the revenue staff is responsible, cannot be recovered without the aid of coercive processes, of which 11,129 more were issued than in the preceding year. The favourable season led to special efforts to clear old outstandings. While land revenue proper accounted for half the inorease, almost as many processes were issued for the collection of miscellaneous demands recovered as land revenue; these demands, such as debts due to co-operative banks in liquidation, are peculiarly difficult to collect. To the variations in the number of the different kinds of processes issued the Governor in Council attaches but little importance. The nature of the process whioh should be issued. depends not only on local conditions, but on the charaoter of the individual defaulter: and he relies on the discretion of District Officers in this matter. Warrants were still most common in the Gorakhpur division, and the Commissioner suggests that in pattidari villages attachments might form a useful substitute. Attachments are undoubtedly an effective method of dealing with bad payers; for though there were 11,807 attachments of movables for land revenue proper, only 138 sales took place, and none of the 142 immovable properties attached were sold. The outstandings of mutation fines referred to in paragraph 14, and the large number of processes which have to be issued for their recovery, suggest that greater efforts might be made, when the parties are actually present, to recover the dues then and there.

## IIL.-LITIGATION.

20. The Board of Revenue have supplied an interesting commentary on the litigation under the Agra Tenancy and Oudh Rent Acts (Appendix B).

In Agra the most noticeable features were the rise in enbancemeut suits from 18,280 to 35,101 and in ejectment
Eitigation under the
Agra Ten.
ancy and
Oudh Rent
Acts. State.
ments XXA
to XXD and XXIA to
$\mathbf{X} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{C}$.
suits from 129,654 to 155,303 . To the former increase various causes appear to bave contributed-the greater independence, in some areas, of the teoants, who refuse to pay more than the recorded reats, the discovery by landlords that enhancements can be obtained on the ground of a rise in prices, the institution of suits which had been suspended on account of the agrarian agitation, and, in Basti, the ruling of the Board in regard to seven-year leases with a right of reentry, and the disoorery of concealed rents. For the latter rise the Board hare suggested no explanation, but the figures are an eloquent testimony to the need for a revision of the law which will improve the relations betreen landlords and tenants, and relieve the courts of an immense rolume of litigation.
21. The Board think that the Oudh Rent Act bas to some extent been effective in beeping down litigation, but point out that sec ion 62A, which deals with the ejectment of statutory tenants, has not yet come into full operation so far as ejectment on the ground of subletting is concerned. The number of applications under section 30A rose from $3: 2$ to 968 , but District Officers continue to administer this section very carefully, and in only 259 cases were ejectment orders passed. Opinions differ as to the reasons which hare led landlords to make these applications. Some officers think that in most cases the object is to put pressure on the tenant to vacate his holding or to agree to an enhanced rent. The Commissioner of Fyzabad, how ever, considers that landlords have begun to realize that they must show that the land applied for is really needed. Apprehensions are expressed regarding the opportunities for ejectment given by sections 62A (1), (2) and (e), and the provisions of section 67 are generally condemned. The Act has been in force for a period too short to make a final opinion regarding these provisions possible, but the results are being and will continue to be closely watched.

The Governor in Council has noted with appreciation the good work done by the many honorary assistant collectors whose names bave been mentioned by the Board; Baba Murari Lal and Munshi Shaikh Mabammad deserse special commendation. In general, both quality and outturn have improved, and honorary assistant collectors are becoming year by year a more raluable addition to the stipendiary staff.
22. The courts dealt saccessfully in both provinces with the heary burden of case-work, and despite large institutions the peading fie fell. There were, homever, though several aduitional Commiosioners were appointed, large arrears at the
olose of the year in the Courts of Commissioners, Benares heading the list with no less than 2,208 appeals. Arrangements have recently been made which will, it is hoped, reduce the total to a reasonable figure. The Board have rightly laid stress on the importance of dealing promptly with applica. tious for execution of decrees, and of due attention on the part of the courts to the recovery of the sums which they themselves have decreed.

Action
taken to avert sale of ancestral land
Statements

## $X X X A$ and

$\mathbf{X X X B}$.
23. Closely allied with the subject of litigation is the aotion taken by the Revenue courts to mitigate the effects of the deorees of civil courts. The number of decrees affecting ancestral property with which Collectors had to deal on transfer from the civil courts rose by nearly 400 ; the inorease was common to all divisions, but was most marked in the Meerut division. There was no undue delay in dealing with these decrees, but in only about 3 per cent. of them were Colleotors successful in saving the property wholly or in part from sale. The best results were obtained in Budaun and Hardoi. In Oudh the Collector was rather more successful, and in nearly 7 per cent. of the cases sale was averted wholly or in part. Sale was allowed in 184 out of the 255 applications filed during the year under rule 20 of the Oudh Laws Act ; but only 43 sales took place.

## IV.-SETTLEMENT.

24. Since the close of the year settlement operations have been stopped, except in Muttra, owing to the refusal of the Legislative Counoil to vote the funds required, and it has been decided that the question whether they shall be resumed should be oonsidered along with the other issues raised by the report of the Settlement Committee. The periodical revision of the records, however, is essential for reasons quite independent of settlement policy, and record operations are in progress in the Agra, Budaun, Lucknow, Unao, Rae Bareli, Hardoi, Partabgarh and Bara Banki districts. The procedure has been simplified by a change which will relieve the proprietor and the cultivator from unnecessary attendance at the court of the Land Records officer for formal attestation. In the Gonda, Bahraich and Kheri districts special officers have been appointed for the determination of fair and equitable rates under section 51D of the Oudh Rent Act.

## V.-MISCELLANEODS.

Total work in district offices.
Statement KXXII.
reported on by most District Officers, but some misgivings are expresscd. It is too early yet to express any definite opinion on the change. The statement of business is chiefly remarkable for a continued deorease in the receipts and issues of English correspondence. This, however, does not represent the volume of work for disposal, as correspondence of an unimportant or temporary nature is no longer registered. The Commissioner of Benares even remarks that this statement might be abolished as being now of no value whatever. A decrease in correspondence with the military authorities, which during the War and after assumed formidable proportions, brought relief to several districts, and generally there has been a satisfactory reduction in the pending file. District Officers are clearly alive to the importance of simplifying work, where possible, without loss of efficiency; and it is boped that they will make full use of the new inspectorate under the oharge of the Chief Inspector of Offices, whose first report bas recently been published. There is undoubtedly still room for simplifying metbods and economising time and labour.
26. The comments of the Board of Revenue on the state of revenue buildings in their charge and the inadequacy of the allotments at their disposal give ground for "some concern. Demands from districts, the Board report, indicate the urgent necessity of special repairs, delay in the execution of which may involve heavier outlay in the future on new works. The Governor in Council regards the adequate maintenance of revenue buildings as essential, and the question of providing funds will receive special attention when the buaget for 192526 is being prepared. District Officers have commented in guarded terms on the change in the agency for the maintenance of departmental buildings: they appear to regard it with small enthusiasm, and the Board consider that it has still to justify itself.
27. The remaining activities of the Revenue department may be dismissed in a few sentences. More than half of the 14,135 acres taken up under the Land Acquisition Act was acquired for canals, in particular the Sarda canal, and most of the remaining area for the Mirzapur Colonisation Soheme, Railways, the Lucknow Improvement Trust and afforestation schemes. Only 63 acres were secured by private negotiation.
28. There were no important territorial changes. A small part, however, of the boundary between Nepal and Kheri was demarcated, and a boundary dispute with the Samthar State was settled by mutual agreement.

## Revenue

buil dings.

Acquisition of land. Statement XXXI.

## Territoria

 changes.Working of the Bundelkhand Land Alienation Act.
29. There has been no change in the areas to which the Bundelkhand Land Alienation Act has boen applied. It is generally popular, and from one district it is reported that any altempt to tamper with it would arouse violent opposition. Agriculturists have gained generally, but in Jhansi the demand for land by them is weak. In Banda the inorease in land held by agriculturists, and specially by the three chief castes of agrioulturists, during the last ten years has been ma ked; the price of land has risen, and the Act is said to have caused little or no contraction of credit. It was last year reported that the Act had adversely affected credit in Jalaun, but ia that district it now appears to be the popular view that credit has suffered rather by the abuse of the Insolvenoy Act than by the policy of the Bundelkband Land Alienation Act. In general the Act has worked smoothly and has been tactfully administered, and there is little doubt that it has done much to secure the beneficent results which its framers had in view.

## VI.-CONCLUSION.

30. The year was one of undoubted prosperity for the agricultural community. Prices fell heavily towards the close of 1923, but the effects of the fall were mitigated by the abundant creps harvested, and rents and the relations between landlords and tenants were less affected than might have been anticipated. Extensive sowings stimulated. the demand for labour, and wages, whether from the increased power of combination shown by the labourers, or from mere coonomio friotion, fell much less than prices. In parts of the province wages are now at a level which has added to the diftioultions of thuse oastes which rely on hired labour. Trade was dull, but there are already some signs of an impending revival.

In conclusion, the Governor in Council desires to express his indebtedness to the Board of Revenue for their careful and successful administration of the departments still in their charge, and to the Commissioners, Distriot Officers and their staffs for a series of informing reports and a year of reconstruction and good work.

Order.-Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Seoretary to the Board of Revenue, United Provinces, for the information of the Board.

Ordered also that this resolution be published in the United Provinces Government Gazette.

By order of the Governor in Council, C. E. D. PETERS,

Secretary to Government, U. P.

## APPENDIX A.

## State Phoperties.

1. The year opened with 473 properties held over from the previous State properties. year, and closed with 461 , as 25 properties passed ous Statement X. of the possession of Government and 13 new proper(a) General. ties were acquired. Of these 140 are in Bundelkhand, 200 in Oudh and 121 in the rest of the province. From 1918 in has been the policy of Government to dispose of small and isolated properties the management of which requires trouble altogether disproportionate to their value. There kas, therefore, been a progressive decline in the number of properties under Government management every year as will be apparent from the following figures:-

| 1917-18 | - | . | .. | - | .. |  | 544 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1918-19 | .. | .. | $\cdots$ | -. | - | -. | 514 |
| 1919-20 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. | . | . |  | 505 |
| 1920-21 | .. | . | - | . | .. | . | 479 |
| 1921-22 | . | .. |  | . | .. | .. | 473 |
| 1922.23 | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

But the decline is not sufficiently marked, and the Board think that there are still many small properties which may be profitably disposed of. In Bundelkband 10 eslates were restured to original proprietors, five were sold, three brought under direct Government management and three transferred to the Forest department. In Oudh ons property was disposed of and five were acquired.

The current demand fell from Rs. 4,15,460 to Rs. 4,12,98.7. The decrease is chiefy due to the fall in the income of the contiscated estates, Allahabad and Dudhi Estate, Mirzapur. Including arrears the total demand stood at Rs. 4,26,381 of which Rs. 4,11,744 or 96.6 per cent. were collected. The incidence is the same as in the previous year. Of the outstanding balance Rs. 14,520 is recoverable and Rs. 117 irrecoverable. For the recoverable portion the Agra, Allahabad, Banda, Lackanw, Bae Bareli and Gonda districts are maiuly responsible. The incidence of the cost of management was 7.5 per cent.

The Dudhi Estate consists of 144 whole mahals. Its cultivated area increased from 47,070 acres to 72,691 acres during the year. Eleven villages were taken unter Kham
(u) Dudhi. management owing to the resignations by Sipurdars, and one village was courerted into forest as its teuants ran away and the village became waste. On the whole the fear was favourable from an agricultural point of riv wand the distribution of rain was even throughour the tahsil. The kharif crops were fair and the prospects for the rabi excellent. Ten schouls were maintained by the estata during the year. The question of bruging the pay of the teachers engaged in these schools to the level of that of District Buard teach rs is at present un ter the considuration of Government. The grant for improvements on the estate has been severely cut down in recent gears, and nothing important in this respect could be undertaken during the sear. The total income of the estate amounted to R.s. $57,2,2$ and erpenditure to Rs. 23,843 against Rs. 59,530 and Ris. 22, Ü̈ respectively. Rupees 25,384 againet Kis. 37,752 in the previous year werocredited to provincial revenue. The decrease is due to the

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expenditure of Rs. 6,000 incurred on the metalling of one mile of the Dudhi-Wyndhamganj road and to the non-receipt of any abnormal item like Rs. 4,000 recovered in the previous year on account of recoupment of extra advances. On the whole the results of the year's management were satisfactory.

The total cultivated area of the estates decreased by 61 acres, 2 roods,
(c) Government and 34 poles and the total current rental demand fell confiscated estates, from Rs. $1,43,119$ to Rs. $1,39,382$. The decrease Allahabad. in the former case is due solely to the alienation of the laud in favour of Mirza Muhammad Naqi under G. O. no. 1995-1-157, dated the 25th September, 1922, and in the latter case partly to the said alienation and partly to a large portion of kachhar land in five villages being cut away by diluvion. The rental and sayar collections wera excellent, but those of decreed debts were not satisfactory; and it is hoped that next year will show better results. The percentage of the cost of management worked out at 12.05 against 12.46 per cent. in the previous year. The question of the retention or removal of the services of one out of two Sarbarahkars is under enquiry, and if one Sarbarahkar is considered suffcient for the work, expense will decrease. Out of an expenditure of Rs. 2,506 incurred on improvements R.s. 1,408 were spent on repairs of wells and houses. No original work could be taken in hand. The condition of the tenantry was excellent and the management satisfactory and careful.
2. At the commencement of the year ${ }^{*} 177$ estates were under direct Properties attached management in ascordance with the provisions of under the Land the Land Revenue Act. During the year 258 Revenue Act. properties were attached and taken under direct management and 297 released, leaving 138 under management at the close of the year. Of the properties attached during the year under the provisions of the Land Fievenue Act, 81 were attached under section 45 , 164 under section 150, 6 under section 146 (d), 1 under section 185 and 5 on account of takavi and partition fees, etc. One property was attached under section 83 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The demand for the year amounted to Rs. $1,44,805$, of which Rs. 82,888 or $57 \cdot 3$ per cent. against 57.9 per cent. in the previous year was collected, leaving Rs. 61,917 outstanding at the close of the year. Of the collections Ris. 60,700 were credited to land revenue and cesses, Rs. 917 to priacipal and interest of takavi debts, Rs. 1,529 to canal rates and Rs. 4 to dispensary subscription. The cost of management was 7.5 per cent. against 10.4 per cent. in the previous year. The size of the uncollected balances is due to the fact that many estates were attached towards the end of the year.

## APPENDIX B.

## Litigation onder the Tenancy and Rent Acts.

3. Nominally the number of suits and applications increased from

Litigation in Agra. Statements
XXD and XXIA.
(i) General. 409,234 to 451,801 , but there were holidays in the last few days of September, bath in the jear under report as well as in the preceding year. If adjnstment is made on account of suits filed just after the close of the jear on account of these bolidays, the real rise which has taken

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## ( 3 )

place is from 430,901 to 504,374 . This is a record figure and beats all figures during the last 10 years, the previous highest tigure being 470,586 in 1919-20. The heavy strain cast by this enormous volume of litigation on the revenue courts thus continues unabated. The increase was shared by all divisions except Kumaun, where there was a slight fall of 17.

Suits for arrears of rent increased from 197,930 to 202,000. The greatest increase $(+2,649)$ took place in Allahabad

## (ii) Suits for arrears of rent.

 division, Jhansi coming next ( $+1,218$; , while Rohilkhand divisions respectively. The increase in suits of thiskind is attributed to falling prices.Applications for ejectment for decreed arrears increased from 43,085 (iii) Ejectment for to 49,641. The increase is consequential on the decreed arrears. increase in suits for arrears of rents.

Suits for enchancement of rent increased apparently from 14,111 to 24,802, but if adjustments are made on account of (iv) Enhancement of suits filed after the holidays, the real figures stand rent Euits. at 18,280 for 1921-22 and 35,101 for 1922-23, or an increase of 92 per cent. All the divisions share in this increase without exception, though thero are a few districts in which decreases have taken place. As for example Saharanpur reports a decrease of 540 due to the cessation of past settlement activity. Fatehpur reports a decrease of 167, bub no explanation has been given for this. Jhansi and Jalann report decreases of 160 and 170 respectively. Those are primarily due to the fact that previous year's figures were swolien on account of sxits based on prices. The institution of fresh suits on th:s basis has now receired a set-back on account of the general fall in prises which bas taken place. The Collector of Jalaun also reports that the fall in enhancement suits in his district is partly attributable to a romour which spread in the district that the Board do not view suits based on prices with favour. The greatest increase in any individual district is that of 3,668 in Allababad. This is attributed to the growing independence of the tenantry who refuse to pay more than the recorded rents. The zamindars have been forced to come out in the open and to file regular suits for enhancement. It is more likely to be due to the fact that the local zamindars have only recently discovered that they can obtain large enhancements by suis on tho ground of rise in prices. The figures have also been swelled by the institations of suits which should have been filed long ago in the ordinary course, but were suspeuded on account of agrarian agitation. Substantial iacreases in the number of enhancement suits have taken place in most of the distrits of the Benares division also. Similarly Banda reportz an increase of 1,021 cases, mostly on account of suits based on prices. The Commissioner of Jhansi reports that the suits in Banda possess good justification in spite of tho recent fail ia prices, as the existing occupancy rents were largely fixed in 1874 when prices were very muchlower than to-day. Cawnpore reports a nowinal iacrease of 778 cases, but if corrected figures are taken the real increawamounts to 421 only. The Collector is of opinion that zamindars haviag eshausted all possibilities of securing enhancements through ejectments hare onig now turned their attention to the filing of regular suits for the enbancement of occupancy rents. The Commissioner of Meerut thinks that the revenue courts in Saharanpur and Bulandshabr have got on to wrong lines in bandl.ng enkancemont suits and that they require a

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great deal of supervision. Specially good work was done in Aligarh in clearing off old files of enhancement suits. There were 379 of them dating from 1914-15 to 1920-21 and 276 files of 1921-22 pending at the beginning of the year. All of them, together with those instituted on 2nd October, 1922, have been disposed of and only 218 files of the 1923 season were pending at the end of the year in spite of the fact that institutions were fairly heavy and amounted to 915 . Manlvi Abdur Rabb is specially mentioned as deserving credit for arduous work. Out of 180 enhancement suits decided in Budaun no less than 142 were compromised and judgment had to be delivered only in one, the other cases being apparently otherwise disposed of. The rules framed by the Board last year for guidance of courts in suits based on prices are reported to have worked on the whole satisfactorily. The Collector of Banda criticises the rules because they do not provide for differences in cost of production on account of the presence or absence of irrigation facilities, and states thab exactly similar rents had to be fixed in canal irrigated as well as dry villages. His remarks appear to be based on a misunderstanding, but the Board refrain from discussion as the matter may come before them in appeal.

The Collector of Ghazipur questions the atility of local inspections in all enhancement suits based on prices and would limit them to only such cases where specific allegations are made regarding special conditions existing on the spot, and the Commissioner agrees with this view. The rules do not make local inspections compulsory. Care must, however, be tak on that the land in suit is inspected where issues regarding its physical condition are raised.

It is somewhat curious that though ejectment suits are more numerons in Gorakhpur than in Basti, enhancement suits are far more common in Basti. No altogether satisfactory explanation has yet been found for this fact, but it is thought that the Ba:ti figures of enhancement suits have been swollen recently, firstly, on account of the recent ruling of the Board Whereby seven yeata leases with a right of re-entry were declared to be illegal. This has necessitated the filing of regular suits for enhancements which would otherwise have been obtained on the renewal of the leases. And secondly, to the discovery of concealed rents which necessitated suits by zamindars for legalising their informal enhancements.

Surrenders increased from 11,023 to 14,136 . Robilkhand and Allah(v) Surrenders. abad divisions show an increase of 1,492 and 1,466 respectively, while Gorakhpur division shows a fall of 545. It is difficult to explain these figures. The Collector of Allahabad assigns the disappearance of agrarian agitation and the re-establishment of the zamindars' ${ }^{\prime}$ guthority as one of the causes for the increase of over 100 per cent, which took place in relinquishments in his district. There was a decrease of 711 applications in Basti, which is attributed partly to the growing independence of the tenantry and partly to the special steps which were taken there for discouraging "farzi" surrenders.

The number of ejectment suits nominally increased from 112,261
(vi) Ejectment on to 134,591. But if adjustments are made on grounds other than account of institations after holidays, the real tigures decrees for arrears. are 129,654 for 1921-22 and 155,303 for 1922-23. All the divisions except one share in this increase, Jhansi alono showing a decrease of 1,167 . Although Meerut division shows an increase of

2,493 on the nominal figures it shows a decrease if the real figures are taken into consideration. The Commissioner of Meerut is of opinion that reform in the law and procedure for ejectment suits is overdue and would benefio both the agricultaral community as well as Government's fnances. "Ejectment litigation," he says, "has now degenerated into a dreary struggle with an issua in many cases rendered uncertain by pist failures to appreciate the true interpretation of the law. The landowner has to tight to preserve what remains to him of the land at his free disposal and the tenant resists in many cases because he is not sure which pluts, he is being asked to surrender, and in many others in the hope of gaining benefit from recent interpretations. The machinery is cumbrous and expensive and not very certain in its action." The Commissioner of Gorakhpur, too, thinks that a reform of the Tenancy Act is clearly overdue. The ideal solution in his opinion would be one in which the village was parcelled into sir and occupancy areas, the latter being not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of the whole. He, lowever, admits that this is hardly practical politics and would think that the amendments contemplated in the proposed bill of 1916 should effect a considerable improvement. Government have already announced their intention of preparing legislation to deal with the problem. The Collector of Shahjahanpur reports that many zamindars of alluvial villages are glad to see the accrual of occupancy rights to tenants as they have begun to realise that this means more stable rents for themselves.
4. The Naini Tal district beiug excluded, the total area held by Protection afforded tenants with occupancy rights slightly increased to tenants by the from $10,096,859$ to $10,125,291$ acres. Idcreases agra Tenancy Act. occurred in Dehra Dun, Bulandshahr, Muttra and Agra. The reason for the increase in Bulandshahr is probably the same as mentioned in last year's report, namely, the invalidation of a number of seven years leases owing to the existence of a condition in them regardiug the zamindar's right of re-entry. The increases in Muttra and Agra are probably due to the revision of records which is taking place there in connection with settlewent operations, but there is no explanation for the increase in Dehra Dun. Non-occupancy land held for 12 years or more also rose from $4,207,350$ to $4,246,852$. The total area of laud thus beld by occopancy tenants and non-occupancy tenants with a period of over 12 years shows a rise of about 4 per cent. agaiaso -5 per cent. last year. The area under leases for not less than seven years increased from $975,6 \mathrm{~J}$ to $1,018,836$ acres. The area in Shahjahanpur under this kiud of leases after showing a continuous fall from 26,700 acres in 1324 fasli to 9,089 acres in $132 \triangleleft$ fasli has been showing signs of recovery during the last two years, and is now 9,538 acres as compared with 9,219 acres last year and 9,089 acres in the year before last. If all these forms of prutecion are taken together the grand total of the protected area comes to $15,340,979$ acres or a litule over 73 per cent. of the total area held by tenants. In 1901-2 the protected area amounted to $12,531,022$ acres and the percentage was $63 \cdot 5$.
5. The old forms of statements XX-B and XXI-B which were

Litigation in Oudh. prescribed under the old Oudh Rent Act are no Stateuents XX-B, longer suitable for the amended Act. Revised XXD., and XIIB. statements for the year noder report have not been prepared as delay would be caused, but they will be undertaken in the current year. The information which has been supplied ly tho District Offcers in the old forms is thus not so reliable as it should be,

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and a certain amount of uncertainty exists as to what kinds of suits and applications have been included by aach officer in the various columns.

The total number of suits and applications of all kinds under the Oudh Rent Act amounted to 78,346 as against 64,482 (corrected figure) last year. Increases have taken place in all districts, except Lucknow, Unao and Bara Banki which report decreases of $913,1,097$ and 651 cases respectively. The largest increase, viz., 3,077 , took place in Kheri, Althongh the total volume of litigation this year is much above that of last year, still it is considerably lower than the figure of $1920-21$ when it amounted to 99,091 cases. As the executive order of Government which beld up ejectment applications during the previous year was not in force in the year under report this drop in litigation since 1920-21 is worthy of notice. It indicates that the amended Oudh Rent Act has been effective in keeping down litigation to a certain extent. It must, however, be remembered that section 62A, which deals with ejectment of statutorg tenants, has not yet come into full opration so far as ejectment on the ground of sub letting is concorned. In cannot yet be estimated how far the total volume of litigation under the amended Act will remain lower than that under the old Act.

The total number of suits under class I (arrears of rent) does not show much variation over the figures of the two preceding years. Lucknow division shows a decrease of 1,871 cases compared with 1921-22 whereas Fyzabad division shows an increase of 2,271 , the net result being that the number of suits of this class increased by 400 for the whole province in the year. The figures supplied by districts are not, however, quite reliable as those for Bara Banki certainly include suits for ejectment on the ground that arrears have accrued (section 61) under class I (arrears of rent) as well as under class III (ej ectoent) and other districts also may have followed the same practice. Suits under class II (enhancement) numbered 59 against 57 in the previous year. The total number of suits for ejectment (elass III) increased from 9,288 to 14,590 during the year. The figure for 1920-21 was 1,361 only. The reason of the rise in the number of suits of this kind is that under the law as it now stands ejectment in cortain cases has to be effected by a suit, in tead of by application. Suits to contest enbancement or ejectiment (class VI) which dropped last year from 6,170 to 2,625 agaia increased this year to 4,568 . The causes for this rise are not very clear as the number of applications for ejectment under section 55 only inereased from 12,843 to 14,102 . The number of applications for relinquishment under section 20(2) (class XI) increased from 1,668 to 2,342 . The principal increases occurred in Gonda 202 and Bahraich 215. The increase in Bahraich has been attributed to the increasing activity of tenants in ejecting sub-tenants. Many sub-tenants, it is explained, surrendered their holdings of their own accord in order to save themselves the costs of ejectment. The figures in this year's statement XXI-B are not, however, reliable as 377 applications relating to ejectment of statutory tenants and 547 applications under section 69 are shown in it. As the amended Act was in force throughout the year no applications could have been filed in respect of statutory tenants under section 55 or under section 69 . For section 55 applies to tenants mentioned in clause 2 of section 53 only, whereas section 69 has been altogether repealed. Applications under section 60(1) which fell in the previous year from 22,335 to 7,030 increased in the year under report to 8,960 . This is accounted for partly by action being taken in a pplications for ejectment

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which had been held up and partly on account of the activity of tenants in ejecting sub-tenants. Statement XXI-B also shows 822 applications under section 61. These figures are obviously wrong as under the new Act no applications can be iustituted under section 61 , proceedings under that section having to take the form of regular suits. The total number of euits as well as applications for ejectment under all sections amounted to 29,514 against 22,402 in 1921-22 and 39,525 in 1920-21.

A statement ( XXBa ) showing the working of section 30A is appended to this report. The total number of applications filed under this section rose to 963 from 392 in the previous year. Adding the number pending at the beginning of the year, the total for disposal amouuted to 1,025 . Out of these 987 were disposed of leaving a balance of 38 agaiust 57. Out of these in 259 cases only ejectuent orders were passed; the total area thus acquired by zamindars being $8 \mathbf{5 i} 4$ acres against 1,125 acres. This section continues therefore to be very carefully administered by the district officers. But if applications under this section continue to increase in future they will cast a very heavy burden on District Officers. For the fields concerned are often situated in remote and scattered villages and if the Deputy Commissioner has to make local inspection in every case the strain cast on him will be excessive. The Deputy Commissioner of Sitapur suggests that inspections should be allowed to be made by subordinate officers and the Deputy Commissioner of Unao also complains that the present procedure absorbs too much of his time. The figures for individual districts disclose very uneven activity on the part of zamindars in this matter. Whereas 209 applications were filed in Partabgarh and 162 in Fyzabad, only 10 were Gled in Sitapur and 14 in Bahraich, The Daputy Commissioner of Kheri states that in the majority of applications under this section the object of tiling the application appears to be merely to put pressure on the tenant either to vacate his land or to agree to an enhancement and says that it is a section which is very liable to be abused and should be modified or repealed. The Deputy Commissioner of $O$ nao is of the same opinion and says that the large majority of applications in his district were filed simply and solely because the applicant thought that the new section presented him with a new weapon in lieu of the ejectment by notice abolished by the Amendment Act. Very frequently the object of the desired ejectment was to obtain an enhanced rent. The Deputy Commissioner of Bari Banki thinks that there can be little doubt that this section is much abused by unscrupulous landlords and that clauses ( $f$ ) and ( $g$ ) might be re-considered if not repealed. The Commissioner of Fyzabad, however, says that section 30A has been generally worked with discretion by the Deputy Commissioners and landlords have begun to realise that it cannot be freely used as a substitute fur ordinary ejectuent and that they must show a geauine necessity for the laud. The Board of Revenue desire to note that orders of the Commasioners under section 20 A are final, and there is a danger that the priveciples laid down in their a ppellate orders may differ, aud cannot be harmonized by ang higher court. The Commissioner of Fyzabad further observes that thero is at present no outcry for hereditary rights, but th re aro apprebensions as to tho extent to which landlords will take adrantage of the opportunities of ejectment given by section $62 \mathrm{~d}(1)(b)$ and (e), viz., ejectment of statutory tenants who have sublet any part of their holdings or are non-resident and by section 67 which denies statatory

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rights in their tenancy holdings to persons who have under-proprietary rights in the same village. The Board of Revenue have issued instructions pointing out the need for care in the use of these provisions in the case of estates managed by the Court of Wards, bat the Commissioner of Fyzabad doubts if their example will be followed by other land-holders generally. Officers seem to $\mathrm{b}_{3}$ generally unanimous in condemuing the provisions of section 67. The hardship, is especially felt when a tenant with a large bolding has a very small under-proprietary share. Scme teuants are transferring their under-proprietary rights in sucb cases to relatives. The ejectment of non-resident tenants is also likely to work very inequitably in many cases. A large number of suits for ejectment is anticipated in the current year, as a period of two years has elapsed since the passing of the new Act. Deputy Commissioner, Bara Banki, points out that ejectment will work very hardly in the case of high casts tenants such as Brabmans and Rajputs who do not work with their own hands and cannot secure agricultural labourers unless they sublet small portions of their holdings for cultivation either without rent or with a nominal reno. No discretion is given to the Court as in the Agra Tenancy Act, section 66, to allow the tenant-in-chief an opportunity of ejecting the sub-tenant and taking the land into his own cultivation, nor does there seem to be any provision as in Agra whereby ejectment can be restricted to the portion of the holding which is sub-let. If so the Act would seem to require a mendment.
6. New institutions under the Kumaun Tenancy Rules decreased

Litigation in Kumann.
Statements XXA, XXC, XX-D and XXI.C from 566 to 483 . The decrease was shared by all the districts, but Almora shows the greatest fall namely of 67 . The chief decrease occurred in arrears of rent suits. Institucions under the Agra Tenancy Act in Kashipur tahsil were nearly the same as last year.
7. The total number of suits and applications institated under Act II Disposal of work in of 1901 increased from 409,234 to 451,801 as already courts of original juris. diction.
(a) Agra.

Statements and XXI.A. stated above. Adding 133,304* cases pending at the beginning of the year the total for disposal amounted to 585,105 against 594,609 last year. The total disposals amounted to 471,953 against 461,359 exceeding the new institutions by no less than 20,152 . The pending balance at the close of the year decreased consequently from 133,304 to 113,152. The number of cases pending for over three months (excluding section 59 applications for which no figures are available) also fell from 6,1444 to 2,288 . This balance is better than all previous figures since 1917-18. The previous minimum was 1,315 in 1915-16. All the districts show decreases in the pending balances except Farrukhabad $(+624)$, Jaunpur ( +532 ), Benares $(+393)$, Ghazipur $(+209)$ and Ballia $(+87)$. The increase in Farrukhabad is partly accounted for by an increase of 1,366 in institutions, but the number of cases pendiug for over three months in this district also shows an increase of 11. The increases in Benares and Ghazipur are almost entirely due to heavy institutions in the last quarter of the year as not more than two cases were pending for over three months in Benares' and only one such case was pending in Gbazipur. The increases in Jaunpur and Ballia, however, are not quite satisfactory. In Jaunpur the total disposals decreased doring the year from 10,817 . to 10,734 and in Ballia the number of cases
pending for over three months increased from 1 to 330 . Out of these cascs 367 were enhancement suits nhich could not be disposed of owing to the absence of any officer with enhancement powers in the district during the gear. The number of cases pending for over threa months at the end of the year also iacreased considerably in Basti $(+131)$ and Agra $(+81)$. Substantial decreases tock place in the pending balances in Fatehpur ( $-2,034$ ), Moradabad ( $-1,622$ ), Gorahhpur ( $-1,597$ ), Etawah ( $-1,578$ ), Allahabad ( $-1,525$ ), Budaun ( $-1,402$ ) and Aligarh ( $-1,3842$ The figures of Allababad are all the more creditable as the decrease took place in spite of an increase of 8,852 in new institutions this jear, and was accompanied by a decrease of 194 in the number of cases pending for over three montts. In Aligarh exceptionally good work was done in clearing old cases which wera pending for orer three months. There were actually 1,036 cases pading for over one year (under both Tenancy and Revenue Arts) at the beginning of the year tesides $\overline{5}, 343$ cases of the fear 1921-22. Out of these 6,379 cases no less than 6,274 cases were disposed of. In this connection the Collector mentions specially Munshi Abdur Rabb Sahib nho disposed of 3,459 cases including beth - old and new ones during the year in spite of the fact that he was away on leave for some time. A good reduction in the number of cases pending for over three months also took place in Gorakbpur where they fell from 2,494 at the beginning of the year to 334 , which figure, however, is still high. No cases were pending for over three months in Azamgarb, Band', Etah and Jhansi. The number was also less than 10 in Ghazipur, Benares, Jalaun, Saharaupur, Mainpuri, Jaunpur, Dehra Dun and Etawah. The Collector of Meerut thinks that "it would really be more efficient ia a large district like Meerut to separate criminal work from the revenue, and to depute special officers from the staff for ejectment, enhancement aud partition work. As it is profits cases are alwajs delayed and badly tried and revenue work suffers generally."

The total number of cases instituted under the Oudh Rent Act (b) Ouaih. amounted to 78,346 as already stated in paraStatements XX-D graph 5. AdJing 4,584 (corrected figares) cases and XXI-B. pending at the beginning of the sear the tytal for disposals amounted to 82,930 . Out of these 79,527 were disposed of leaving a peoding file of 3,403 against $4,5 \leqslant 4$ last year. The number of suits rending for over three months decreased from 614 to ECS. The number howeser was unduls large in Gonda, nhere it amounted to no less than 237, as against 87 only last year. Hardoi comes next with 124 against 78 last jear. On the other hand no case was pending for more than three months at all in Eabraich, and Partabgarh and Sultanpur al:o report 1 and 4 such casas respectively.
8. The number of new applications for execution procifdings instituted during the gear increased from li6,610 Execution of decrees. to 195,529. The total number for disposal amounted to 215,500 against 206,646 . The number of disposals amounted to 196,861 and was thus well above that of new institutions. The pending balance at the end of the year consequently decreased from 19,5©1 to 18,5"9. The number of applications pending for over thre manths also substantially decreased from 4,432 to 3,493 . The peading files were reduced substantially in the district of Aligari ( -514 ), Etah (-662) and Gorakhpur ( -364 ). The districts nhich had
the largest number of applications pending for over three months were Bulandshahr 440, Muttra 303, Meerut 246, Aligarh 222 and Allababad 215. The amount recoverable on the total cases for disposal was Rs. $93,20,965$ whereas the amount recoverable in the case of applications actually disposed of during the year was Rs. $72,97,344$. Of this Rs. $39,34,275$ or $53 \cdot 9$ per cent. were recovered. The best results were secured in Bulandshahr and Etah where the whole amounts recoverable on account of the cases disposed of during the year were actually recovered. It is also noteworthy that these amounts were not small in size. In Bulandshahr the amound was Rs. $3,33,542$ and in Etah Rs. 2,19,620. Both these districts are to be soundly congratulated on their results. The worst result was in Naini Tal where only Rs. 863 were recovered out of Rs. 12,773 involved in 114 cases or below 7 per cent. of the demand. The percentages wese also below 20 per eent. of the demand in Cawnpore ( 13 per cent.) and Sitapur ( 19 per cent.). The oldest case now pending is of 23rd November, 1917, in Gonda. The Collector of Etah remarks that most revenue courts fight shy of the routine work involved in dealing with execution files, that Ahlmads are but too glad to do the work of their officers with benefit to themselves at the expense of the litigants and that any amount of written orders on this point are not likely to achieve much unless the Collector takes the trouble to see that his orders are carried out by means of frequent inspections of subordinate courts. The Board agree in this view.
9. The number of appeals for disposal by Collectors in the Province

Appeals to Collectors and Deputy Commis. sioners.
Statemont XXII. of Agra fell from 6,048 to 5,771. These include the appeals transferred to Collectors by Commissioners also. The Collectors who had the heaviest work were Farrukbabad (437), Ghazipur (312), Saharaupur (308) and Ballia (300). 796 against 682 in the previous year were pending at the close of the year and of thess only 31 were pending for more than three months. No less than 22 , however, of these belong to Bulandshahr and this is attributed to three changes in the post of the District Officer during the year. The number of appeals for disposal by Deputy Commissioners in Oudh increased from 893 to 1,028 . The number of appeals pending at the end of the year was 100 out of which only 7 were for more than three naonths. The number of appeals for disposal in Eumaun numbered 75 against 78 last year, all of which but 9 were decided. Four of them were, however, more than three months old and belonged to Garhwal. For the whole of the Province the percentage of appeals filed to appealable cases decided doring the year was nearly 4.4 per cent. against 5 per cent. last year and the orders of the lower courts were reversed or modifed or the cases were remanded in 40.1 per cent. of the appeals decided against 37.6 per cent. last year.
10. The total number of appeals filed before District Judges from the Appeals to District orders of revenue courts rose from 1,949 to 2,141 Judges. Statement XXIII. and represents 12.2 per cent. of the sumber appealable against $11 \cdot 9$ last year. It is noticeable that this percentago is always higher than that of appeals Gled before Collectors. But it is satisfactory to find that in only 38.7 per cent. of the ${ }_{i}$ decided appeals the orders of the lower courts were reversed or modified or the cases were remanded, the corresponding tigure for appeals before the Collectors being 40.1 per cent. as stated in the preceding paragraph. The total number for disposal was 3,505 of which 1,576 remained pending at the end of the year. Ont of these 976 appeals were pending for over 3 months as against 802 last year.
11. The number of appeals filed before the Commissioners during the year rose from 9,433 to 10,384 and the total

Appeals to Commis. sioners under the Tenancy Act, Kumaun Rules and the Oudn Rent Act.
Statement XXIV. for disposal a mounted to 18,185 . Only 9,192 cases however were disposed of during the jear with the result that the pending file increased from 7,808 to 8,993 , out of which no less than 5,683 wero pending for over three months. Commissioners (including Additional Commissioners) themselves decidd 7,741 cases and 1,432 were transferred to Collectors for decision by the Commissioners of Allahabad (488), Meerut (393), Agra (322) and Gorakhpur (229). Tbe total of such appeals for disposal by Collectors including arrears of last year amounted to 1,557 out of which 898 appeals were disposed of leaving 659 pending at the end of the year, 263 out of these were pending for more than three months in the Collectors'courts. The largest output of work was in Meerut division where the Commissioner and Additional Commissioner disposed of 1,532 cases between them. Of these the Addrtional Commissioner disposed of 981 cases and the Commissioner's share amounted to 551 only. The next best figure is that of Allahabad, amounting to 1,052 cases, of which the Commissioner decided 827 cases and 225 cases were decided by the Commissioner of Bundelkhand, who worked as Additional Commissioner of Allahabad for one month during the year. The only other divisions in which the numbers exceeded 1,000 are Gorabhpur and Agra, with 1,027 and 1,007 cases, respectively. But in both these divisions too an Additional Commissioner was working for some time. Mr. Morris acted as Additional Commissioner, Gorakhpur, for six weeks and decided 263 cases and Mr. Way who acted as Additional Commissioner of Agra for one month decided 192 cases during the year. Deducjing appeals decided by Additional Commissioners the best figure is that of Commissioner, Eyzabad, who disposed of 998 cases without help, the Commissioner, Allahabad coming next with 827 cases to his credit. The pending fle was largest in Benares (2,208). It was also heary in Meerut ( 1,540 ), Gorakhpur ( 1,458 ), Allababad ( 1,385 ) and Robilkhand ( 1,304 ). The disposals in Benares amounted to only 612 against new institations of 1,617 during the year and an opening balance of 1,203 . The total ponding file in this dicision is thus nearly four times the output of this year. Ths pending file in Meerat is heavy on account of the large arrears at the beginning of the year and the paucity of cases disposed of by the permanent Commissioner. In Gorakhpur, Allahabad and Rohilkhand the cases decided were fewer than the new institutions, with the results that pending fles are now more numerous than last year. Work in Robilkhand was reduced by the fact that the Commissioner had to spend neary six weeks in deciding election appeals. In Allahabad new institutionsl increased from 1,107 to 1,746. The increase in the pending file in Gorakhpur is however regrettable as not only did the number of new appeals decrease during the year from 1,883 to 1,780 , but an additional Commissioner was also working in this division for siz weeks. Moreover, 229 cases were transferred to Collector, Basti, for disposal. The increased pending file in Benares is partly due to the fact that no appeals could be transferred by the Commissioner to Collectors as none of them with any leisure had more than teu years' service. The rigijity of this rule has now been relaxed, and the Commissioner will be able to transfer appeals to any oficer whom he thinks fit. Nerertheless, it is obvious that any relief which this may bring to the fending fle will only be a small one and the Commissioncr must tiuself decide more cases if work is to

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to be coped with. A notification was issued by Government in September last empowering the Commissioners of Agra, Rohilkhand, Allahabad and Gorakhpur divisions to transfer certain classes of appeals to Collectors and they have been authorised to make such transfers in all cases where the Collector has sufficient experience of revenue law. The attention of the Commissioners of Meerut and Bedares divisions has also been drawn to the similar notifications already in existence in their divisions. It is hoped that thess measures will result in a considerable diminution of the pending file during the present year. In $2 \mathbf{t}^{\bullet 4}$ per cent, of the appeals decided the orders of the lower courts were reversed or modified or the cases were remanded, in 54 per cent. of cases the orders were confirmed, and 21.5 per cent. of cases were disposed of otherwise.
12. New institutions of appeals under the Tenancy Acts before

Judicial work of the the Board amounted to 2,671 against 2,038 last Board of Revenue year, or an increase of 633. Adding 616 cases under the Tenancy pending at the beginning of the year the total and Rent Acts and number for disposal amounted to 3,287 against Kumaun Rules. 2,446. Of these 1,321 were appeals and 1,691 revisions under the Agra Tenancy Act, while 273 were appeals under the Oudh Rent Act and 2 only were appeals under the Kumaun Rules. In spite of heavier institutions the closing balance was reduced from 616 to 458 . The orders of the lower courts were disturbed in 21 per cent, of appeals and 12 per cent. of the revisions decided, against 17 and 20 per cent., respectively, last year. The proportion of orders modified in appeals varied from 13 per cant. in the Allahabad division to 33 par cent. in Bundelkhand. In revisions the bastit results were from Meerut and Gorakhpur divisions where only 7 per cent, of the applications were successful, while in Benares 24 per cent, of such applications were successful.
13. Twenty-three new Honorary Assistant Collectors were appointed during the year, but 3 resigned, 4 died and 2 ceased to work. The net result was that 143 were serving at the end of the year. Eighteen gentlemen did

## Honorary Assistant Collectors.

 no work during the year and 22 others disposed of loss than 100 cases each. In the districts of Ghazipur and Gonda no cases were sent to Honorary Assistant Collectors although such courts existod in the districts during the year. Only two casas which were pending at the beginning of the year in tho Honorary Assistant Collectors' courts in Ghazipur were decided by them during the year. The Collector of Ghazipur explains this by saying that the appointments of the gentlemen concerned as Honorary Assistant Collectors were made in 1919 for meritorious war services and were more as a sort of title or honour than for work. There is no explanation from Gonda at all. The work done by Honorary Assistant Collectors in Oadh continues to be small compared with that done in the Province of Agra. The total number of cases decided was 61,272 or more by 10,351 than last year's figures. Gora\&hpur district contioues to stand out not only for the quantity, but also for the quality of the oulturn; the total number of cases disposed of by Honorary Assistant Collectors in the district being 14,899 . The largest number of cases disposed of by any individual court was 8,206 by Babu Murari Lal of Gorakhpur. The next best tigure is that of Munshi Shaikh Muhammad again of Gorakhpur district, who had 3,025 cases to his credit. Both the Cullector as well as the Commissioner of Goratbpur commend highly thework of these two gentlemen. Munshi Shaikh Muhammad has been newly appointed, and not much of his work has passed through Commissioner's hands yet but aboat Babu Murari Lal's work he chinks that it is as good in quality as in quantity. It is regrettable that another indefatigable worker of Gorakhpur, namely, Khan Sahib Musshi Hamid Ullah, was unable to work during the year owing to ill-health. Others with over 1,000 decided cases to their credit were Saiyid Azhar Ali (2,763) Budaun, Munshi Muhammad Wazir Khan (1,757) Bahraich, Thakur Sultan Singh $(1,586)$ Etah, Khan Bahadur S. Ali Bahadur ( 1,344 ) Hardoi, Chaudhri Maj Kumar ( 1,340 ) Cawnpore, Mirza Nazir Beg $(1,264)$ Moradatad, and Babu Gulab Chand (1,213) Gorakhpur, Other Honorary Assistant Collectors who have been commended for their work during the year are Munshi Abdul Qayum, Cawnpore, Saiyid Ata Husain and Babu Adya Saran Singh, Fatehpur, Pandit Hirday Narain, Saharanpur, Munshi Muhammad Abdullah, Lala Mangat Rai, Saiyid Muzaffar Ali Khan and Lala Bhagwati Prasad, Muzaffarnagar, Rai Bahadur Babu Chiranji Lal, Meerut, Munshi Sahibdad Khan Sahib, Khan Sabib Saiyid Rahm Husain and Munshi Muhamwad Mustafa, Bulandshahr, Khan Bahadur Saigid Zainul Ibad, Jaunpur, Rai Sahib Lala Khub Lal, Khan Sahib Munshi Mohammad Yousuf ali Khan and Babu Ram Dayal Fuller of Aligarh, Rai Bahadur Pandit Kharagjit Misra and Munshi Muhammad Farid Khan of Mainpuri, Eabu Ram Prasad of Bijnor and Rai Sahib Babu Sbambhu Nath of Bahraich. Almost all the district reports commend the work of these honorary officers who devote much of their time and energy to the public good. There are, however, some practical difficulties in the way of supplying these courts with work regularly which are hampering the progress of this morement. Most of these courts lie in outlying places and parties are not frequently averse to having their cases transferred to them owing to the additional burden of taking their Mukhtars and Revenue Agents from Sudar or Tabsili Headquarters to the places where the courts sit. In spite of such drawbacks it is satisfactory to note that the number of cases decided by unofficial agency is increasing every year and the relief thus afforded to the stipendiary staff is now quite appreciable. The Board are grateful to the gentlemen named above, and to all others who worked as Honorary Assistant Collectors during the year.

## APPENDIX C.

## Litigation under the Revenue Act.

14. The number of new applications under section 184 of the Land

Revenue Act slightly increased from 2,434 to 2,456 during the year. While Agra shows a decline of 97 Oudh reports an increaso of 119 applications. With sa intelligent use of the
Summary recovery of revenue for lambardars. Statement XVIII. backhbandis which is growing in many districts especially towards the cast applications under this section should decrease considerably in the course of time. The following districts had over 100 applinations in the Acra. prorince namely, Meerui 115, Aligarh 17s, Jhansi 113, Landa 131, and Basti 192. Meerut, Alizarh and Basti ran into three figures even last year. But new applications increased considerably in Jiausi and Bunda during the year under report. On the other hand, the Whole of the Benares dicision had only tro applications, namely one each in Ballia and Benares. Filibbit too had one application and Allahabad
and Dehra Dun had two applications each. There were no applications in Gorakhpor and Azamgarh districts. It is curious that the number of applications under this saction is much larger in the Lucknow division than in the Fyzabad division, whereas in the case of applications under section 185 the position is exactly reversed. The explanation perhaps is
1 that the number of pattidars is larger in the former division, while the number of under-proprietors is larger in the latter division. Tha total'amount for recovery in the whole Province was Rs. 1,46,571 giving an average incidence of Rs. 47 per application. Rupees $1,02,839$ or 70 per cent. of the demand was collected against R3. $9 \underset{3}{3} 515$ or 69 per cent. last year.
15. Nêw applications uader section 185 increased enormously from Summary recovery 1,2St to 2,343 of which 2,184 were filed in Fyzof uader-proprietary abal division alone. The number of applications rights in Oudh.
Statement Xix. in the Lacknow division decreased from 221 to 159. and reflects che better relations which prevailed there between the snperior and inferior proprietors. The increase in applications in Fyzabad division is mainly accounted for by the sudden rise from 350 to $\mathbf{1 , 4 6 4}$ in Bara Banki. The tahsil mainly responsible for the high figares of the district was Fatehpur and the majoritg of applications are said to concern a single estate. Tha Deputy Commissioner explains the rise mainly by tha fact that formerly applications used to be filed for the recovery of both the kharif and rabi kists together, whereas now applications are filed separatily for both the kists. As the former practice howevar ceased from 1918 the explanation is hardly convincing. There would certainly seem to be something amiss in the management of estates Which do not prefor to deal directly with inferior proprietors and cannot eollect their own duss. The total number for disposal including last year's arrears for the whole Province was 2,923 against 2,112 last year and 1,856 or 63 per ceat. of these ware decided against 72 per cent. last year. The aggregate amount for reeovery was Rs. 2,15,936 against Rs, $\mathbf{1 , 8 9 , 1 4 4}$ last year, and of this Rs. 1,47,193 or 63 per cent. was recovired. The average incidence per application was Rs. 73 agsiast Rs. 90 . The pending file increased from 585 to 1,072 . These figures show that great dificulty was encountered in collsction, and it appears to the Buard desirable that the Commissioner should be directed to make a special enquiry into the arrears in the Fatehpor tahsil and the best means of recovery of theso dues in future.

## 16. The total number of changes in proprietary rights to which effect

Mutations in the registers of proprietors.
Statement XXVII.
(a) General was given in the registers was 266,856 and shows a fall of 14,874 , or 5 per cent. over the preseding year's figures. This figure is the lowest reached daring the last 5 years, but is still much higher than figure of 1917-18 when the total was 220,344 . The drop is mainly accounted for by snccession cases where there was a decrease of 20,616 . This was connterbalanced to a certain extent by increases in mortgage cases $(+2,092$ ), rederoption of mortgage cases $(+3,077)$ and other cases $(+2,134)$. Although most districts show a fall over last year's figures Sultanpur shows a remarkable rise from 13,464 to 21,183 . This is attriboted to the general amnesty which was given to the patwaris on condition that they reported all old cases within three months. This typisal example indicates how far from perfect village papers generally are, unless special effiorts are made to bring them up to date. The Commissioner, Kumanan dipision, reports that mutation work is lagging behiod in that
division to a great extent owing to the small revenue staff and states that there are over 10,000 cases in Almora district still to be recorded.

The recorded successions fell from 168,828 to 148,212 as stated above. The fall is mainly explaiued by a healthier year and better cortality figures. All the divisions show decreases excert Agra, Jhansi and Kumaun. The increase in the first two divisions is inconsiderable, but the Kamann figures show a substantial increase of 1,424 . Naini Tal district shows a drep of 219, while Almora aud Garhwal report increases of 684 and 958 . No explanation has been given of these increases. Although Benares division shows a fall of 133, Ballia district shows an increase of 593 cases. This is atiributed partly to the activities of the Special Land Records Officer working there and partly to higher mortality during the gear. Sultanpur district also shows an enormous increase of 2,350 cases over last gear's figure. This is explained by the gencral amnesty given to patwaris already. referred to above. The largest falls in divisional Ggures wero in Gorakhpur ( $-5,756$ ), Bohilkhand ( $-5,751$ ) and Meerut ( $-5,426$ ).

Sales of revenue-paying lands by order of courts increased from 2,742 to 3,128 . Similarly sales of reveaue-free lands (c) Sales. courts numbered 5,744 , against 5,377 in the preceding year. The total number of mutations by order of courts increased from 8,203 to 8,966 .

Sales of revenue-paying lands by private transfers again fell this year
(ii) By private trans. from 32,923 to 31,353 . There was a slight fall in fer. the sales of revenue-free lands also, from 1,045 to 1,001. So far as it is possible to draw coy conclusion from these falls, they indicate increased prosperity of the agricultural classes, which is reflected in the sinaller private transfers, and in the increased figures of sales under orders of couris and mortgages (to be noticed in the next paragraph). Applications for execution of decrees are always filed more freely when there is greater hope of realization.

The number of mutations on account of mortgages increased from (iii) Mortgages. 25,472 to 27,564. The largest increase $(+1,220)$ took place in the Fyeabad division.
The number of mutations on account of redemptions increased from
(iv) Redemptions. 23,009 to 26,146. Fyzabad division shows an ia( crease of 3,262 entirely on account of an increase of 3,420 in Sultanpur district alone. No esplanation has teen given for the sudden tise under this head in this district. But, perhaps, this may also be due to the general amnesty to patwaris mentioned abore. Gorakhpur distict shows a fall of 671.
17. The total number of new applications for partition was 3,600 ( 580

## Partitions.

Statement XXVIII. perfect and 3,020 imperfect), or 274 less than last tial decreases of 182 and 131 respectively, whereas Goraktpur shows an increase of 92 . Applications for ferfect partitions decr as d by 289 , whereas those for imperfect partitions increased by 15 . The total uumber for disposal during the year including arrears amounted to 9,216 against 9,572 , The number decuded was 4,201 against 3,959 . The pending file was thus reduced from 5,613 to 5,615 , giving a net decrease of 593, although the fail in new inetitutions amounted to $\mathbf{2 7 4}$

## ( 16 )

only. Meerut, Saharanpur, Muza flarnagar and Gorakhpur continued to have heavy files, the total for disposal in each of these districts being 736, 660, 568 and 536, respectively. In the districts of Meerut and Gorakbpur extra special partition officers are in charge of the whole partition work in their respective districts. Saharanpur has asked for an extra special officer for the purpose and his appointment has been provisionally sanctioned by Government since the close of the year. The file in Jaunpur thongh not heavy in comparison to some of the western districts is still heavy in comparison to the other districts of the division and both the District Officer as well as the Commissioner press for the appointment of an extra partition officer for the district. The largest number of disposals during the year was. 352 in Meerut. Oiher districts which also did well are Gorakhpur (290), Saharanpur (265), Muzaffarnagar (223), Basti (197) and Moradabad (183). The pending filo at the close of the year was heary in Saharanpur (3951, Meerut (384), Muzaffarnagar (345), Jannpur (277), Basti (267), Gorakhpur (246) and Azamgarh (213). It was smallest in Agra (6), after which come Partabgarh aud Dehra Dun with 9 each. Other districts which showed satisfactory decreases in the pending files are Pilibhit (-84), Saharanpur ( -61 ), Cawnpore (-45), Aligarh (-42), Etah (-41) and Agra (-40). It is satisfactory to note that the pending file does not show a large increase in any district. The only districts which show increases of 20 or over are Jaunpur (22), Ghazipur (20) and Moradabad (20). The oldest case pending in the whole Province is dated 1908 and is in Saharanpur. The next two oldest cases are one dated 1912 in Gorakhpur and another dated 1913 in Muzaffarnagar. In the last case even the partition proceedings have not yet been drawn up. For some jears past it has been the policy of the Board that the partilion work should be done by Sub-divisional Officers themselves and it is only in special cases that the concentration of partition work in the hands of one or two officers is allowed. Accordingly partition work was during the year entrusted to one officer in the following districts only, namely (1) Meerut, (2) Gorakhpur, (3) Dehra Dun, (4) Aligarh, (5) Etah and (6) Agra. The cases of Meerut and Gorakhpur are exceptional inasmuch as the work there is extraordinarily heary and the extra partition officer is in addition to the sanctioned cadre. But in the other districts the concentration was achieved by a redistribution of work in the district staff by the Collectors themselves. The Collectors of Agra and Aligarh are of opinion that this system is far more efficient than that of having work done by Sub-divisional Officers. The other Collectors have expressed no opinion on the system. While concentration of partitions in the bands of one specially selected officer is likely to lead to more efficiency, it is important that all Sub-divisional Officers should have experience of this important class of work, and the figures for some of the other districts, e.g., Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Moradabad and Basti do show that a good outturn can be secured without concentrating work in the hands of one max.

There were 332 local inspections by partition officers against 193 last year, and in spite of the remarks made by the Board in several revenue administration reports the number of such inspections continues to be unduly low. It is not suggested that partition officers are generally blind to the advantages of disposing of objections on the spot. The reduction in the touring periods of Sub-divisional Officers has been put forward as an excuse for the small number of inspections in many cases. But as the

Board observed last gear the number of inspections has never been very large. The real explanation appears to be that partition cases can be filed at any time and continue to be heard during the; whole year. Hence they are not necessarily ready for lonal inspection during the cold weather and partition officers should not postpone cases which are otherwise ripe merely for the sake of a local inspection. The Board are not prepared to accept the suggestion of the Commissioner of Fyzabad that it should be compulsory to decide on the spot all otjections ogainst the Amin's proposals in contested partition cases, but they consider that local inspections should be made more freely, even in the hot weather and rains. It is satisfactory to note that Basti again headed the list, wilh 75 local inspections against 59 in the previous year. The smallness of the size of pattis which are asked to be carved out for them by parties in imperfect partition cases continues to be a theme of comment in many district reports. In Shahjahanpur a patti was made with an area of 26 acres and with a revenue of annas ten. In another case in Muzaffarnagar the size of the smallest patti was 4 biswas. The Commissiouers of Barcilly, Benares and Allahabad seem to bave issued administrative instructions with a view to prevent pattis of smaller size than 5 acres, 25 bighas and 10 acres, respectively. But since the law prescribes no limit to the sizo of pattis it is obvious that such iostructions cannot achieve the desired end. Many District Officers report that khet-bat cperations are still the geveral rule, although in some partition proceedings lip service is done to the theory of chak-bat partitions by stating that the partition will be chak-bat as far as possitle. The partics generally are averse to chak bat partitions and the Partition Officers usually meet their wishes on the principle of least resistance. In order to induce the parties themselves to accept chak bat partitions the District Officer of Ghazipur has introduced a plan of asking them to fix their own valuation as far as possible on the different kinds of land in terms of ons anotber; as for example, so many bighas of fallow land are equivalent to so many bighas of occupancy land, and so on. A similar method has been adopted in some of the doab districts with success, and the experiment deserves wide trial.
18. The appellate work in Collectors' courts under the Land Revenus

## Appeals under the

 Land Revenue Act and Kumaun Rules.Statement XXIX.
(a) To Collectors. Act increased considerably during the year. New institutions numbered 8,065 against 7,119 last year aud the total number of appeals for disposal rose from 8,433 to 9,439 . The disposals, however, did not keep pace with the increased work and the pending balauce at the end of the year rose from 1,420 to 1,670 , out of which 347 were over three mouths old, against 213 only last jear. The Cullectors Who had the largest number of appeals to deal with were those of Gorakhpur ( 869 ), Basti ( 678 ), Meerut (575) and Ballia (493). It is satisfactory to note, bowever, that disposslsin all these districts kert face with the increased work with the result that the pending files at the end of the gear decreased in all of them creept Balia. In the last district also no less than 139 out of the $1: 2$ pandigg files related to partition cases which were not et.ll r.pu for bearing. Similarly in Meerut all the 54 cases which were pending for orer three months at the end of the gear related to partition cases which were not ready for hearing. In Basti out of the balance of 57 cases none was pending for over three mouths. The larges pending files at the end of the year were in Bulandshahr (204), Ballia (1:2), Gorakhpur (153), Saharanpur (107) and Dleerut (102). The circumstances of Balia,

Gorakhpur and Meerut have bsen already explained above. Out of the 264 appeals pending in Bulandshahr 127 were appeals transferred by the Commissioner to the Collector for being disposed of with the powers of a Com. missioner. The remaining 137 only properly belonged to the Collector's court. But even out of these 65 were pending for over three months and no explanation has been offered for these high figures. All the 17 cases pending for over three months in Saharanpur related to partition cases which were not ready for hearing. The largest outturn was in the districts of Gorakhpur (716), Basti (621), Meerut (473), Azamgarh (395) and Ballia (327).

New institutions before Commissioners increased from 2,284 to 2,828
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (b) To Commis. } & \text { and the total cases for disposal from 3, } 605 \text { to } 3,697 . \\ \text { sioners. } & \text { The total disposals, however, failed to keep pare wi:h } \\ \text { the new institutions and actually decreased from }\end{array}$ 2,738 to 2,417, with the result that the pending file at the end of the year rose from 867 to 1,280 , out of which as many as 675 or more than 50 per cent. were over three months old. The Commissioners who had the largest number of appeals for disposal were Gorakhpur (722), Benares (553) and Meerut (488). The largest outturn was in Gorakhpur (477), followed by Allahabad (342) and Meerat (317). In Benares disposals decreased by 262, i.e., from 471 to 209. The heaviest pending fle was in Benares (344), out of which 275 were over three months old, Gorakhpur comes next with 245 , out of which 131 were over three months old.
19. New institutions of appeals and revisions under the Land Revenue Board of Revenue's Act before the Board decreased during the year from judicial work.
Land Revenue Act. 713 last year. Disposals increajed from 557 to 606 with the result that the pending file at the end of the year decreased from 156 to 79 only. The orders of the Lower Courts were disturbed in 10 per cent. of appeals and 32 per cent. of revisions. Rohilkhand showed the highest percentage of disturbance in appeals, namely, 33 per cent. and Benares the highest percentage in revisions, namely, $6 \overline{0}$.
20. In addition to rent and revenue work the

Board of Revenue's Board decided seven applications for revision under total judicial work. the old Income-tar Act. The total number of cases for disposal by the Board under all Acts was 3,979 against 3,173 in the previous year.

## APPENDIX D.

## Settlement and hevision of maps and records.

21. Settlement work increased considerably during the year and is Regular settlement. expected to increase still further during the next was going on in the following districts at the beginning of the year, viz., Muttra begun in 1921 and Agra, Unao and Partabgarh begun in 1922.

Jn addition work commenced in Rae Bareli, Bara Banki, Hardoi and Lucknow. In no districts were settlement oparations closed. Hence there were eight districts in which work in connection with settlements was proceeding at the end of the year, In addition a forecast of the re-settlement in Budaun was prepared by the Deputy Director of Land Records and was published in the gazette during the year for general information
and criticism. Goverament sanction to the inception of settlement operations in this district has also been given and preliminary work has started since the close of the year.
(i) The question of simplification of record work was considered by Government, and for the Oudh districts a modified scheme of attestation has now been sanctioned by which the khewats on'y are formally attested and cultivators are given slips showing the details of their hollings to which they have an opportunity of objecting, bat if they hare no objection to make they are not called in for formal attestation. The effect of this change will be that crowds of cultivators will not surround the attestation camps and tho Assistant Record Officer will be able to do his work of settlement of disputes in a more judicial atmosphere.
(ii) Muttra.-This was a third year of the settlement and secoud year of assessment operations in this district. Assessments of tahsil Mahaban were passed by the Board, eanctioned by Government and declared by the Settlement Officer. Tahsils Mat, Sadabad and Chhata were assessed during the year, the latter by Mr. Lane himself, and the two former by Mr. Tennant, Assistant Settlement Officer, under his guidance. The assessment statements of these three tahsils were laid on the table of the Settlement office for criticism of the public and bave since the close of the year been reported and passed by the Board, orders being given on the objections received. The assessment reports have been noted on and forwarded to Government. Only one tahsil, Muttra, remains for assessment in this cold weather. Regular attestation was done in this district and one Assistant Record Offeer for the whole year and one for three months were emploged.

Agra.-This was the record year fur tabsils Etmadpur and Firozabad which came under the ordiaary scheme of attestation and are now being assessed by Mr. Vivian, who was appointed as Settloment Officer in October, 1923. One Assistant Record Officer has been at work since March, 1923.

Unao.-The first tahsil, that of Unao, came under record operations this year and is now being assessed by Mr. Panna Lal, who was appointed Settlement Officer in October, 1923. The record work in two other tahsils was also started, those villages being re-surveyed where the maps were so bad that ordinary revision was not sufficient. Oue Assistant Record Officer was at work during the year.

Partalgarh.-One tahsil, that of Patli, came under record operations during the gear and is now being assessed by Mr. Mudie, who joined as Settlement Officer in October. The two other tabsils of the district are now under record operations and should be assersed next year. One Assistant Record Officer has been working during the year.

Rae Bareli and Bara Banki.- Government sanction to the inception of setilement operations was accorded during the year and the districts placed under record operations. In the tormer district much preliminary work was done by the Special Land Record Officer who took steps to have the khewats brought up to date. An Assistant Recold O円ficer has now been appointed in both districts.

Hardoi and Lucknow.-Forecasts of the re-settlement of both these districts were propared by the Deputy Director of Land Records and have been submitted to the Board after the close of the gear. Measwhile, in
view of the pending settlement Special Land Records Officers have been deputed to both districts in order to do what can be done to bring the village records up to date.
(iii) The case-work in Muttra has been heavy and the pending file

## Case-wort Statement XXVI.A.

 at the close of the year too was rather large. But this has been considerably reduced siuce the close of the year. Disposals of cases in Agra also were somewhat meagre in comparison with the institutions and the pending filo at the end of the year was large. This is partially explained by the fact that a large number of cases were instituted in the last quarter of the year. The figures in connection with the remaining districts do not call for any comment.(iv) The five appeals pending before the Commissioner of Meerut at the end of. last year were disposed of. Seventy
appeals were instituted in the court of the CommisXXVLCals. Statement sioner of Agra out of which 23 were decided. Out of 313 appeals before the Settlement Officer of Muttra only 158 were decided, in consequence of his engagement in the more urgent work of soil classification and assessment. There were only 26 appeals before the Settlement Officer of Agra which were all decided. Only four appeals were instituted in the court of the Settlement Officer of Unao and one in thas of the Settlement Officer of Partabgarh and all were decided.
22. Besides the Gursarai estate thirteen par $\mathbf{g}$ inas in Bundelkhand were assessed under the special rules, resuling in an
Quinquential assess. increase of Rs. 25,524 over the existing demand owing to an increase in the cultivated area.
In one mahal of Pilibh ${ }^{i_{t}}$ and seven of Shahjahanpur short-term settlements were made and in nine of Naini Tal reduction of revenue was sanctioned on account of deterioration.
23. Provisional sanction of Government was accorded to the revision of the current settlement of the settled villages in Miscellaneous. the Bhabar subdivision of the Naini Tal district, and the tract is now under settiement operations.
24. Mr. G. L. Vivizn, I.c.S., was placed on special duty during the cold weather of 1922-23 to advise on the 'measures for the determination of fair and equitable rates of rent under section 51D of the Oudh Rent Act, XXII of 1886, as amended by the Oudh Rent (Amendment) Act, IV of 1921 , in the districts of Conda, Bahraich and Kheri. His reports were received by the Board and submitted to Government for sanction. Rules for the guidance of special officer in the matter were framed by the Board with the previous sanction of the Goveruor in Council and published in their notification no. 626/I-634.C., dated the 8th August, 1923. The preliminary work was started during the year under the supervision of the Deputy Director and one special officer has been appointed to each district since the close of the year.

## LIST OF STATEMENTS.



## ( ii )


( 14) [Land Revenue on the roll : Current.
STATEMENT I.
Demand, collections and balance of land revenue on the roll, 1922-23.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Divel- } \\ \text { sion. } \end{gathered}$ | District. |  | Demand. | Collections. | Balance. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In train of liquida. tion. |  | Irrecoverable. | Nominal. | Total |
| 1 | 2 |  |  | 8 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7. | 8 |
|  |  |  | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
|  | Dehra Dun | . | 1,33,395 | 1,38,295 |  | - | 100 | 100 |
|  | Sabaranpur .. | .. | 19,07,150 | 19,04,039 | .. | * | 3,111 | 8,111 |
|  | Muzafarnagar | .. | 19,14,860 | 19,13,366 |  | -. | 1,494 | 1,494 |
|  | Meerut -. | .. | 29,16,352 | 29,10,395 | 1,621 | $\cdots$ | 4,336 | 5,957 |
|  | Bulandshahr.. | . | 24,68,290 | 24,50,934 | 1,896 | . | 10,460 | 12,856 |
| 离安 | Total | . | 93,40,047 | 93,17,029 | 3,517 | .. | 19,501 | 23,018 |
|  | Aligarh | $\cdots$ | 24,45,570 | 24,44,343 | - | .. | 1,227 | 1,227 |
|  | Muttra .. | $\cdots$ | 14,24,504 | 14,24,164 |  | - | 340 | 340 |
|  | Agra ${ }_{\text {Mainpur }}$ | $\because$ | 17.46,306 | 17,38,739 | 6,255 | $\cdots$ | 1,312 | 7,567 |
|  | Mainpur | $\because$ | $13,56,247$ $12,38,384$ | $18,55,946$ 12,29522 | $\because$ | -3,412 | 301 400 | 801 8.812 |
|  | Total | .. | 82,05,961 | 81,92,714 | 6,255 | 3,412 | 3,580 | 13,247 |
|  | Bareilly | $\cdots$ | 15,21,184 | 15,17,422 |  | $\cdots$ | 3,762 | 3,762 |
|  | Bijnor | .. | 14,65,599 | 14,64,950 | . | .. | 949 | 949 |
|  | Budaun .. | .. | 13,60,773 | 19,58,326 | - | .. | 1,947 | 1,947 |
|  | Moradabad .. | . | (a) 17,87,443 | 17,82,016 | .. | .. | 5,432 | 5,432 |
|  | Shabjuhanpur | . | 11,84,016 | 11,82,684 | - | .. | 1,332 | 1,332 |
|  | Pilibhit .. | . | 7,71,144 | 7,70,953 | ${ }^{-} 8$ | .. | 189 | 192 |
|  | Total | . | 80,90,464 | 80,76,850 | 3 | .. | 13,611 | 13,614 |
|  | Farrukbabad | $\cdots$ | 12,37,684 | 12,35,063 | 923 |  | 1,698 | 2,621 |
|  | Etawah -. | .. | 15,65,866 | 15,64,764 | .. | . | 1,102 | 1,102 |
|  | Cawnpore .. | . | 20,08,822 | 20,06,804 | .. | .. | 2,018 | 2,018 |
|  | Fatehpur .. | . | 14,39,323 | 14,39,174 | .. | .. | 154 | 154 |
|  | Allahabad ... | . $\cdot$ | 24,89,553 | 24,87,729 | . | -. | 1,824 | 1,824 |
|  | Total | . | 87,41,253 | 87,33,534 | 923 | -. | 6,796 | 7,719 |
|  | Jbansi | .. | 6,02,753 | 5,96,035 | 116 | 229 | 6,373 | 6,718 |
|  | Jalaun |  | $8,57,318$ | 8,96,570 | 155 | - | 593 | 748 |
|  | ${ }_{\text {Handa }}^{\text {Hamirpur }}$ |  | 8,97,218 | $8,77,592$ |  | . | 19,626 | 19,626 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | . | 33,66,186 | 39,35,965 | 331 | 229 | 29,661 | 30,221 |
|  | Bensres | . | 8,33,073 | 8,86,724 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1,349 | 1,349 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mirzapur } \\ \text { Jaunpur } & \because \\ \end{array}$ | $\because$ | $6,73,543$ $12,45,077$ | $6,73,267$ $12.44,998$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | 1276 $-\quad 99$ | 276 99 |
|  | Ghas pur | $\because$ | 10,34,783 | 10,23,220 | $\because$ | $\because$ | 11,563 | 11,563 |
|  | Ballia | .. | 6,87,570 | 6,72,093 | .. | . | 15,437 | 15,477 |
|  | Total | . | 45,29,066 | 45,00,302 | $\cdots$ | . | 28,764 | 28,764 |
|  | Gorakhpur .- | . | 84.95,295 | 34,91,602 | -. |  | 3,693 |  |
|  | Azamgarb $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 25,70,833 | 25,70,128 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 766 | 766 |
|  | Azamgarh .- | $\cdots$ | 12,55,132 | 19,52,529 | . | .. | 2,603 | 2,603 |
|  | Iotal | . | 60,21,315 | 80,14,253 | -• |  | 7,062 | 7,063 |

(a) Since revised.

## STATEMENT I.

Deniand, collections and balance of land revenue on the roll, 1922-23-(concluded).

(a) Since revised.

Explanatory memorandum of the ourrent balance of land revenuo on the roll.
In traim of liquidation-under recovery-Rs. 8,485; realized after the close of the year-Rs. 1,621; suspended or postponed-Rs. 70,921

Rs.

Irracavarable.-Remissions on account of damage to crops by hail-Rs. 229; damage to crops by flood-Rs. 22,554
fo ninal.-Reductions of demand on account of diluvion-Rs. 61,111; under Bundelkhand rules-Rs. 7,260; assignments for loyal servicesRs. 39,11s ; acquisition of lands-Rs. 17,818; and other causes-Rs. 2,341..

$$
\text { Total }{ }^{\cdots} \quad \text {.. } \overline{2,31,493}
$$

( 3i ) (Land Revenue on the roll: Arrear.

## STATEMENT II.

Outstanding balance of land revenue on the roll, 1922-23.


Erplanatory memorundum of owtstanding balance of land revenue on the roll.
In train of liquidation-under recovery-Rs. 1,899; suspended or postponed Rs,-313 .. 2,202

Land Revenue not on the roll.] (4A)

STATEMENT III.
Demand, collections and balance of land revenue not on the roll, 1922-23.

|  | Distriet. |  | Demand. |  |  | Collec. tions. | Baladce. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Arrears. | Current. | Total. |  | In train of liquid ation. | Irrecov erable. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nomi- } \\ \text { nal. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. |
| 1 | 2 |  | $3 a$ | 36 | $3 c$ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | Bulandshahr | -• | $\boldsymbol{R s}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } \\ & 373 \end{aligned}$ | Rs. <br> 373 | Rs. <br> 373 | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |  |
|  | Total | -• | - | 373 | 373 | 373 | . $\cdot$ | . | . | . |
|  | Agra .. | . | 19 | . | 19 | 19 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | . |
|  | Total | . | 19 | $\cdots$ | 19 | 19 | . $\cdot$ | . | . | .. |
|  | Bijnor Moradabad Pilibhit |  | $\square$ <br> $\because$ | 23 9 165 | 22 9 165 | 22 9 156 | $\because$ $\because$ $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because 9$ | $\square_{9}$ |
|  | Total | . | . | 196 | 196 | 137 | .. | . | 9 | 9 |
|  | Farrulkhabad Etawah .. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
|  | Total | . | . | 178 | 178 | 178 | $\cdots$ | . | . | .. |
|  | Jhapsi - | . | 2 | 323 | 325 | 325 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . |
| \{ | Hamirpur .. | $\cdots$ | . | 14,571 | 14,571 | 14,571 | . | . | . | . |
|  | Total | $\cdots$ | 2 | 14,894 | 14,596 | 14,896 | . | . | . | .. |
|  | Ballia | . | . | 1,025 | 1,025 | 1,025 | $\cdots$ | .. | . | . |
|  | Total | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1,025 | 1,025 | 1,025 | . | - | . | .. |
|  | Gorakhpur .. | $\cdots$ | . | 760 | 760 | 760 | .. | $\cdots$ | . | . |
|  | Total | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 760 | 760 | 760 | .. | . | . | . |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Naini Tal } & \text {.. } \\ \text { Almora } & \text { Garhwal } \\ \text { G. } \end{array}$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{-46}$ | $\begin{gathered} 419 \\ 854 \\ 48 \end{gathered}$ | 419 400 48 | $\begin{gathered} 419 \\ 343 \\ 43 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{-}{ }_{52}$ | $\because$ <br> $\square$ <br> . | $\because$ | ${ }^{\cdot} \cdot{ }_{52}$ |
|  | Total | . | 46 | 821 | 867 | 815 | 52 | - | .. | 58 |
|  | Totil, Agra | . | 67 | 18,247 | 13,314 | 13,253 | 52 | . | 9 | 61 |

STATEMENT III.
Demand, collections and balance of land retenue not on the roll, 1922-23.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 总 } \\ & \text { 若 } \\ & \text { 1 } \end{aligned}$ | District. |  | Demand. |  |  | Collections. | Balance, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Arrears. | Current. | Total. |  | In train of liquidation. | Irrecoverable. | Nominal. | Total |
| 1 | 2 |  | $3 a$ | 36 | $3 c$ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | Rae Bareli .. <br> Hardoi <br> Kheri |  | 184 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ 1,598 \\ 12 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ 1,782 \\ 12 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ 1782 \\ 12 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total <br> Gonda <br> Partabgarh.. | -• | 184 | 1,630 | 1,814 | 1,814 | . | . | $\cdot$ | - |
|  |  | . | $\cdots$ | 15 | 15 | 15 | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  |  | - | . | 745 | 745 | 745 | $\cdots$ | - | " | - |
|  | Total | -• | . | 760 | 760 | 760 | -• | . | . | * |
|  | Total, Oudh | . | 184 | 2,390 | 2,574 | 2,574 | -• | -• | - | * |
|  | Grand rotal | .. | 251 | 20,637 | 20,883 | 20,827 | 52 | . | 9 | 61 |

Memorandum showing the nature of demand and cause of balance.
Demand.
Outstanding balance of $1821+22$, Rs. 251 ; jama as ses sed on alluvial mahals,
Ns. 16,426 ; resumed mu?f lands, Rs. 2,723; fallow lands, Rs. 1,283; relinquisked lands, Rs. 40 ; and villages assessed annually in Pilibhit, Rs. 165

## Balatte.

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { In train of liquidation-under recovery, Rs. } 52 & \ldots & . . & \ldots & 54 \\ \text { Nominal-Due to otber causes.. } & . . & \ldots & . . & . . \\ 9\end{array}$

## STATEMENT IV．

Dencand，collestions and balance of malikana，1922－23．

| Divi－ sion． | District． | Demand． |  |  | Collec－tions（includ－ingadvancecollec－tionsmadein thepreviousyoar．） | Ba－ lance． | Actual receipts and payments． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ar <br> rears． | Current． | Total． |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Ban } \\ \text { lance } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { hand.t } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Collec． tions during the year． | Total． | Pay． ments． | Ba－ <br> lance not paid． |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  |  | Rs， | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． |
|  | Meerut | － | 1，986 | 1，986 | 1，986 | $\cdots$ |  | 1，986 | 1986 | 1，986 |  |
|  | Bulandshahr．． | ， | 1，441 | 1，441 | 1，441 | ． | 810 | 1，441 | 2，251 | 1，299 | 952 |
|  | Aligarh | － | 36，040 | 36，040 | 36，040 | $\cdots$ | 5，370 | 36，057 | 41.427 | 36，006 | 5，421 |
|  | Muttra | ． | 5，252 | 5，252 | 5，858 | ． | 442 | 5，252 | 5，694 | 2，608 | 3，086 |
|  | Agra | ． | 4，564 | 4，564： | 4，564 | ．． | 3，227 | 4，567 | 7，794 | 7，053 | 736 |
|  | Mainpuri ．． | － | 11，986 | 11，986 | 11，986 | ． | 1，932 | 11，986 | 13，918 | 11，942 | 1，976 |
|  | Etah ．． | ． | 519 | 519 | 519 | ． | 705 | 519 | 1，284 | 1，158 | 66 |
|  | Bareilly | 22 | 2，660 | 2，682 | 2，607 | （a）75 | 2，905 | 2，632 | 5，537 | 4，123 | 1，414 |
|  | Bijnor $\quad$. | ．． | 2，361 | 2，361 | 2，361 | （ | 2，514 | 2，361 | 4，875 | 2，645 | 2，230 |
|  | Moradabad ．．． | $\cdots$ | 17 | 17 4.529 | － 17 | － | ＊ | 17 4.551 | 17 4551 | （b） 17 | 22 |
|  | Shahjahanpur | $\cdots$ | 4，529 | 4，529 | 4，529 | ． | ． | 4，551 | 4.551 | 4，529 | 22 |
|  | Farrukhabad．． | $\cdots$ | 2，994 | 2，994 | 2，994 | － | 11 | 2，992 | 3，003 | 2，994 | 9 |
|  | Etrwah ． | ． | 5，410 | 5，410 | 5，410 | － | 2，123 | 5，399 | 7，522 | 5，270 | 2，252 |
|  |  | ． | 70 | 70 | 70 | ． | 70 | 70 | 140 | 119 | 140 |
|  | Cawnporet | ． | ． 302 | 302 | 302 | ． | 189 | 302 | 491 | 319 | 172 |
|  | Fa＇ehpur ．． | $\ldots$ | 36 | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | ${ }^{36}$ | 36 | （b） 36 | 911 |
|  | Allahabad＂． | ． | 20，003 | 20，009 | 20，009 | ． | 4，272 | 19，851 | 24，123 | 23，212 | 911 |
| 案密 | Jhansi ．． | 14 | 1，215 | 1，229 | 1，124 | （c） 105 | 29 | 1，124 | 1，147 | （d）1，099 | 48 |
|  | Hamirpur ． | －• | 33 | 33 | 39 | （ | ． | 33 | 33 | （b） 33 | ． |
|  | Mirzapur |  | 1，526 | 1，526 | 1，536 | $\cdots$ | 571 | 1，522 | 2，093 | 1，522 | 571 |
|  | Ghazipurt | ． | 890 | 890 | 890 | ． | 1，113 | 890 | 2，003 | 1，377 | 626 |
|  | Ballia | － | 69 | 69 | 69 | ． | 374 | 69 | 443 | 279 | 164 |
|  | Gorakhpur ．． | － | 71，096 | 71，096 | 71，096 | ＊ | 52，231 | 71，118 | 1，23，349 | 92，971 | 30，378 |
|  | Basti | － | 28，975 | 25，975 | 28，959 | （c） 6 | 16，212 | 28，963 | 45，175 | 30，131 | 15，044 |
|  | Azamgarh ．． | $\cdots$ | 1，626 | 1，626 | 1，485 | （c） 141 | 1，269 | 1，485 | 2，754 | 1，280 | 1，474 |
|  | Fyzabad．．．． <br> Partabgarh ． | － | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 454 \\ 45 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 454 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 454 \end{array}$ | ＂． | 222 121 | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 454 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 267 \\ & 575 \end{aligned}$ | 465 | 267 110 |
|  | Tetal | 36 | ＊2，06，103 | $\cdot 2,06,141$ | ＊2，05，314 | 327 | 96，706 | 2，05，722 | 3，02，423 | 2，34，359 | 68，069 |

（a）Nomin： 1.
（b）Credited to Government．
（c）Remitted．
（d）Includes Rs． 318 credited to Government．
tin Ghazipur R3． 890 ore paid annually by Government as malikana to cortain proprietors of the stud lands，and in Cawnpore R3． 302 to proprietors of plots acquired by Government．
－Excludes Rs．1，192 paid by Government in Cawnpore and Ghazipur．

STATEMENT V.
Demand, collections and balance of occupiers' rate, 1922-23.


- Revised figura

STATEMENT VI.
Demand, collections and balance of owners' rate, 1922-23.


* Levied and collected on revenue free and revenue redeamed estates onder Chief Engineor's order na $336317 \mathrm{~B}-64 \mathrm{~W}$, dated the 9th/13th September, 1923.


## STATEMENT VII.

Demand, collections and balance of the local rate, Agra, 1922-23.

acreage and other rates.]

## STATEMENT VIII.

Demand, collections and balance of acreage rate, receipts from surrendered jagirs and - road cess in the permanently-settled districts of the Province of Agra, 1922-23.


$$
\cdot(11 \Delta)
$$

STATEMENT IX.
Demand, collections and balance of the local rate, Oudh, 1922-23.


## STATEMENT X.

Stalement showing the results of management of estates, the properly of Government, $i$ the Únited Provinces during 1922-23.

| District, | Rental demand for the year. |  |  | Collections credited to the budget heads. |  |  |  |  | Charges debited to (5) Land Revenue (Provinci: Allowances to district an village officers, charges o management of Governm Estates. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | B 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { eig } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{J}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{E}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { تin } \\ & \text { En } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | $1:$ |
|  | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | R |
| Dehra Dun | - | 1,971 | 1,371 | 2 | 18 | 1,297 | 1,317 | 54 |  |  |  |  |
| Saharanpur.. | $\ldots$ | 218 | 218 | . | . | ${ }_{2}^{218}$ | $\begin{array}{r}218 \\ 80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |
| Muzaffarnagar Meerut ar | . | 80 103 | 80 108 | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 80 19 | 80 26 | 82 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |
| Aligarh | 230 | 278 | 503 | 4 | 40 | 464 | 509 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Muttra | 93 | 793 | 886 | 21 | 207 | 565 | 793 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
| Agra | 1,684 | 11,238 | 12,922 | 468 | 211 | 10,462 | 11,141 | 1,781 | 2,290 | 41 | 155 | 2,48 |
| ${ }_{\text {Ein }}^{\text {Etah }}$ | $\because$ | 354 2,782 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { 2,784 } \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 12 57 | 117 <br> 570 | - 2,225 | 2,782 | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |
| Budaun | $\cdots$ | 1,736 | 1,736 |  |  | 1,736 | 1,736 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moradabad .. | .. | 1,271 | 1,271 | 43 | 397 | 831 | 1,271 | .. | $\because$ | 2 | $\because$ |  |
| Pilibhit | .. | 873 | 873 | 18 | 180 | 675 | 873 |  | $\cdots$ | .. | .. |  |
| Farrukhabad | .. | 1,644 | 1,644 |  |  | 1,634 | 1,634 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Cawnpore .. |  | 1,540 | 1,540 | 473 | 443 | 624 | 1,540 | -. | 240 | 4 |  | 24 |
| Fatehpur .. |  | 407 | 41.2 | 17 | 170 | 225 | 412 |  |  |  | 12 | 1 |
| Allahabad .. | 2,280 | 1,43,315 | 1,45,595 |  | 69,354 | 72,834 | 1,42,233 | 3,35\% | 16,797 | 2,460 | 2,506 | 21,7 |
| Jhansi | 44 | 6,756 | 6,800 | 225 | 2,278 | 4,203 | 6,706 | 94 | 377 | .. |  | 37 |
| Jalara . | 1 | 7,624 | 7,625 | 251 | 2,506 | 4,869 | 7,625 | .. | 569 |  | 53 | $\mathrm{c}^{2}$ |
| Hamirpur .. |  | 7,164 | 7,164 |  | 477 | 6,687 | 7,164 |  | 640 | 37 | 243 | 92 |
| Banda .. | 476 | 12,294 | 12,770 | 292 | 2,798 | 8,469 | 11.559 | 1,211 | 1,039 | 61 | 605 | 1,70 |
| Mirzapur ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ., | 5,262 | 5,262 | . | .. | 5,262 | 5,262 | .. | .. | .. | .. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dudhi Gort. } \\ & \text { estate. } \end{aligned}$ | . | 57,227 | 57,227 |  | .. | (a) ${ }_{57}$ | 57,227 |  | 981 | 16,181 | 11,731 | 28,8: |
| Jamopur |  | 77 | 77 | 2 |  | 75 | 77 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ghazipur .. | 525 | 34,400 | 34,925 | .. | 13 | 34,624 | 34,637 | 288 | 2,365 | 817 | 882 | 4,06 |
| Bullia | .. | 4,747 | ${ }^{4,747}$ | $\cdots$ | 2 | 4,745 | ${ }_{3}^{4,747}$ |  | ". | ${ }^{\cdot}$ | - |  |
| Gorakhpur ., | .. | 3,226 | 3,226 | $\cdots$ | . | 3,226 | 3,226 | .. | .. | 4 | . |  |
| Azamgarh .. | $\cdots$ | 70 | 70 | .. | $\ldots$ | 70 | 70 | . | . | . | $\cdots$ |  |
| Total, Agra ., | 5,338 | [3,06,855 | 3,12,193 | 1,836 | 79,787 | 2,23,550 | 3,05,223 | 6,970 | 25,248 | 19,607 | 16,186 | 61,0 |
| Lueknow | 1,776 | 5,883 | 7,659 | 114 | 1,155 | 4,276 | 5,545 | 2,114 | 602 | 41 | 1,185 | 1,82 |
| Uiam . . | 762 | 7,745 | 8,507 | 315 | 94 | 7,682 | 8,091 | 416 | 524 | 16 | 66 | 60 |
| Rae Barali . | 1,729 | 6,139 | 7,863 | 96 | 1,440 | 4,621 | 6,157 | 1,711 | 142 | 7 | 35 | 18 |
| Sitapur .. | 23 | 6,984 | 7,022 | 197 | 1,971 | 4,782 | 6,950 | 78 |  | 53 | 30 | 8 |
| Hardoi | 94 | 10,279 | 10,373 | 692 | 6,536 | 3,034 | 10,262 | 111 | 240 |  |  | 24 |
|  | 1,271 | 27,229 | 28,500 | 446 | 2,647 | 24,878 | 27,971 | 529 | 991 | 1,210 | 63 | 2,26 |
| Fyzabai | 803 | 2,950 | 3,753 | 249 | 1,646 | 1,234 | 3,129 | 624 | 228 | 25 |  | 25 |
| crouda | 1,530 | 23,256 | 23,776 | 159 | 2,512 | 19,024 | 21,695 | 2,081 | 1,753 | 11,732 | 430 | 13,9t |
| Eahraich | 41 | 14,026 | 14,067 | 371 | 3,713 | 9,880 | 14,064 | 3 | 1,55\% | 226 | 1,388 | 3,17 |
| Sultanpur .. | 9 | 1,479 | 1,488 | ${ }^{22}$ | 218 | 1,243 | 1,483 | . | 24 | .. | .. | 2 |
| Partalgarh.. |  | 148 | ${ }_{1}^{148}$ | 33 | 35 | (b) 110 | 1,021 |  | .. | . | . | . |
| Bara Bxaki.. | 15 | 1,012 | 1,027 | 33 | 336 | 652 | 1,021 | 6 | .. | . | . | $\ldots$ |
| Total, Oudh.. | 8,058 | 1,06,130 | 1,14,188 | 2,697 | 22,303 | 81,521 | 1,06,521 | 7,667 | 6,062 | 13,312 | 3,247 | 22,6 |
| Grusd torac | (13,396 | 4,12,935 | 4,26,381 | 4,563 | 1,02,090 | 3,05,071 | 4,11,744 | 14,637 | 31,310 | 32,919 | 19,433 | 83,6 |

(a) Credited to "Land Revenue Provincial."
(b) Includes Rs. 18-14-1 credited to Municipal Fand.
(c) Excludes Rs. 690 remitted and Rs. 226 excluded.

## STATEMENT XI．

Demand，collections and balance of Imperial and Provincial land reveaue miscellaneous receipts for 1922－23．

| Dietrict． |  | Demand． |  |  | Collections． |  |  | Balance． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 㮣 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 茄 } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 苞 | ＋ |  |  |  | － |
| 1 |  | $2 a$ | $2 b$ | 2 c | 3 a | 36 | 3 C | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Imperial． |  | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Re． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． |
| Dehra Dun | ． | 14 | 132 | 146 | 14 | 123 | 137 | 9 |  | 41 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ |
| Sabaranpur． | ． | 503 | 3，931 <br> 359 <br> 185 | 4，433 | 497 | 3，529 | 4，026 8,359 | 366 |  | 41 |  |
| Muzaffarnagar | $\because$ | 359 | － 4 4，407 | 2,359 4,766 | 359 | 2,359 3,971 | 2，359 4,330 | 421 |  | 15 | 436 |
| Bulandshabr | $\cdots$ | 656 | 3，162 | 3，813 | 656 | 2，832 | 3，488 | 314 | $\cdots$ | 16 | 30 |
| Aligarb | ． |  | 2，480 | 2，430 |  | 2，480 | 2，450 |  |  | 119 | 235 |
| Muttra | ． | 237 | 883 | 1，120 | 237 | 643 | 885 | 116 | 5 | 119 | 2397 |
| Agra | ． | 525 | 1，966 | 2，491 | 491 | 1，603 | 2,094 1,474 | ${ }_{8}^{334}$ | 5 | 58 | ${ }_{302}$ |
| Matnpuri | ． | ${ }_{6}^{192}$ | 1，644 | 1，836 | 192 | 1,282 1,807 | 1,474 2,952 | 153 | 67 | 69 | 269 |
| Etah ${ }_{\text {Eareill }}$ | $\because$ | 615 249 | 2，623 | 2，621 1,872 | 249 | 1，427 | 1，676 | 156 |  | 40 | 196 |
| Eijnor | ．． | 250 | 1，713 | 1，963 | 250 | 1，563 | 1，818 | 118 | 27 |  | 145 |
| Budaun | ．． | 559 | 3，358 | 3，917 | 559 | 2.317 | ${ }^{2,876}$ | 414 | $\cdots$ | 627 | 1，041 |
| Moradabad |  | 530 | 2，991 | 3，521 | 530 | 2，452 | 2，982 | 949 | ． | 190 | 119 |
| Shah ja hanpur | $\cdots$ | 159 | 1，500 | 1，659 | 159 | 1，381 | 1,540 529 | 102 70 | 359 | 17 | 429 |
| Pilihit | $\cdots$ | 75 | 883 1.616 | 1958 | $\begin{array}{r}75 \\ 256 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1．454 | 1，629 | 183 |  | $\because$ | 183 |
| Farrukhabad | $\because$ | 251 91 | ${ }_{1,231}^{1,616}$ | 1,873 1,322 | 91 | 1，142 | 1，293 | 89 | $\cdots$ |  | 89 |
| Cawnpore | ． | 161 | 1，576 | ${ }_{1,737}^{1,57}$ | 161 | 1，386 | 1，547 | 124 |  | 66 | 190 |
| Fatehpur | ．． | 105 | 995 | 1，100 | 105 | 871 | 976 | 121 |  | 3 | 124 |
| Allahabad | ． | 455 | 2，242 | 2，697 | 455 | 1，884 | 2，289 | 253 | 155 | 3 | 4 |
| Jhansi | － | 18 | 509 | 527 | 18 | 485 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { L03 } \\ 575 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8 | $\cdots$ |  | 89 |
| Jalaun | － | 56 | 603 | 664 | 56 | 519 | 575 | 69 | ．． | － | 8 |
| Hamirpur | ． |  | 664 | 664 |  | 664 | 664 |  | $\because$ | $\because$ | 41 |
| Eauda | ． | 83 | 657 | 740 | 83 | 616 | 699 1,006 | 41 |  | ${ }^{\circ} 8$ | ${ }_{79} 71$ |
| Benares | － | 79 | 1，006 | 1，085 | 79 | 927 | 1，006 | 71 | $\because$ |  | 391 |
| Mirzapur | － | 104 | $\cdot \mathrm{l}$－ 1,546 | 1，650 | 104 | 1,455 <br> 259 | 1,559 2,589 | 391 |  | $\because$ | 391 |
| Jaunpur | － | ．． | 2，589 3,038 | 2,589 <br> 3,038 |  | 1,589 3,038 | 2，589 <br> 3,038 | $\because$ |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |
| Gbagipur | $\because$ | $\stackrel{\square}{283}$ | 3,038 2,199 | 3,033 2,462 | 283 | 3,033 1,712 | 3,038 1,995 | 441 | $\stackrel{4}{4} 6$ | ．． | $\ddot{477}$ |
| Gorathpur | $\cdots$ | ＋1，340 | 4，352 | 5，692 | 1，340 | 2，664 | 4，004 | 1，688 | ．． | ． | 1，688 |
| Basti | $\cdots$ | 743 | 9，980 | 10，723 | 743 | 8,235 | 8.978 | 1，745 | ．． | ． | 1，745 |
| Azamgarh | ．． |  | 3，359 | 3，359 |  | 3，359 | 8，359 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| Naini Tal | － | 207 | 1，176 | 1，383 | 207 | 1，153 | 1，360 | 23 | ． | －． | 23 |
| Almors | ． | $\cdots$ | 4，746 | 4，746 | ．． | 4，746 | 4，746 | ．． | $\cdots$ | ． | $\cdots$ |
| Garbwal | ． |  | 4，986 | 4，986 |  | 4，986 | 4，886 | 156 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 157 |
| Lucknow | ．． | 54 | 1，111 | 1，165 |  | $\begin{array}{r}954 \\ 2.401 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 156 |  | 21 | 311 |
| ${ }_{\text {Lnso }}$ | ． | 143 | 2,712 2,004 | 2，355 | 143 | 2,401 2,604 | 2， 2,54 2,604 |  |  | ．． |  |
| Sitapur | $\because$ | 96 | ${ }_{5,21}$ | － 2,681 | 60 | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{7} 89$ | 649 | 120 | 12 | ． | 182 |
| Hardoi | ．． | 653 | 6，507 | 7，165 | 658 | 2，959 | 3，617 | 3，543 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Kheri | ． | 36 | 439 | 525 | 97 | 478 | 515 | 10 | $\because$ |  | 10 |
| Fyrabad | ．． | 94 | 1，383 | 1，477 | 94 | 1，173 | 1，267 | 197 | －． | 13 | 210 |
| Gond． | ． | 239 | 1，792 | 2，031 | 269 | 1，619 | 1，309 | 153 | ． | 40 | 193 |
| Babraich | ． | 71 | 1，080 | 1，151 | 71 | 945 | 1，016 | 103 |  | 27 74 | 135 511 |
| Eultanpur | ． | 220 | 7，545 | 7，565 | 220 | 7.034 | 7，254 | 437 814 |  | 74 70 | ${ }_{884} 51$ |
| Fartalgarh Bara Banki | ． | 151 | 2,719 881 | 2，870 | 151 | 1,835 781 | 1,986 731 | 814 |  | ro | 884 |
| Total Imperial | ． | ，6s0 | ，14，057 | 1，24，737 | 10，551 | 67，6：0 | 1，03，171 | 14，583 | 661 | 1，522 | 16，5c6 |

[^1]STATEMENT XI.
Demand, collections and balance of Imperial and Provincial land revenue miscellaneous receipts for 1922-23-(concluded).

|  | Demand. |  |  | Collections, |  |  | Balance. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District. |  | Current. | Total. | Arrears. | Garrent. | Total. | In train of liqui. dation. |  |  | \#̈ |
| 1 | $2 x$ | $2 b$ | 20 | $3 a$ | 38 | 3 c | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Promindial (Partition fees). | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Dehra Dun | $\ldots$ | 200 | 200 | $\cdots$ | 200 | 200 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Baharanpur | 574 | 24,224 | 24,798 | 574 | 19,668 | 20,242 | 4,556 | $\because$ | "' | 4,556 |
| Muzaftarnagar | . | 10,422 | 10,422 | .. | 10,422 | 10,422 | ** | * | - | .. |
| Meerat |  | 24,149 | 24,149 |  | 24,149 | 24,149 |  | * |  |  |
| Bulandshahr | 1,078 | 7,851 | 8,429 | 1,078 | 6,693 | 7,770 | 659 | - | . | 659 |
| Aligarh | 926 | 11,234 | 12,160 | 926 | 11,117 | 12,043 | 117 | . | - | 1.17 |
| Muttra | 2,553 | 89 | 2,642 | 2,553 | 89 | 2,642 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Agra | 2,926 | 2,985 | 5,911 | 1,900 | 2,519 | 4,419 | 1,492 | - | $\cdots$ | 1,492 |
| Mainpuri | 965 | 10,310 | 11,275 | 953 | 4,898 | 5,821 | 5,454 | .. | 10. | 5,454 |
| Etah | 4,423 | 8,596 | 13,013 | 2,754 | 7,133 | 9,837 | 2,979 | - | 152 | 3,181 |
| Bareilly |  | 8,720 | 8,720 |  | 8,720 | 8,720 |  |  | - |  |
| Bijnor | 3,753 | 13,469 | 17,222 | 2,486 | 10,738 | 13,224 | 2,793 | 1,200 | * | 3,993 |
| Budsum |  | 14,447 | 14,447 |  | 12,143 | 12,143 | 2,304 | .. |  | 2,304 |
| Moradabad | 4,638 | 12,580 | 17,216 | 4,603 | 8,635 | 13,238 | 3,980 | . |  | 3,980 |
| Shahjahanpur | 640 | 8,877 | 9,517 | 640 | 7,180 | 7,820 | 1,697 | $\cdots$ | . | 1,697 |
| Pilibhit | 167 | 6,314 | 6,479 | 167 | 5,859 | 6,026 | 453 | - | * | 453 |
| Farrukhabad | 47 | 8,553 | 8,600 | 47 | 7,195 | 7,242 | 1,353 | $\cdots$ | . | 1,358 |
| Etawah | 422 | 3,576 | 3,993 | 422 | 3,251 | 3,673 | 325 | - | $\cdots$ | 325 |
| Cawnpore | $\cdots$ | 11,009 | 11,009 |  | 11,009 | 11,009 |  | - |  |  |
| Fatehpur | 2,614 | 7,315 | 9,929 | 2,471 | 5,225 | 7,696 | 2,035 | . | 138 | 2,233 |
| Allahabad | 527 | 9,935 | 10,463 | 527 | 9,635 | 10,162 | 300 |  | 1,162 | 300 |
| Jhansi | 3,314 | 12,066 | 15,380 | 1,932 | 9,604 | 11,536 | 2,682 |  | 1,162 | 3,344 |
| Jalaun | 467 | 4,891 | 5,358 | 467 | 3,591 | 4,053 | 1,300 | - | - | 1,300 |
| Hamirpar |  | 9,349 | 9,34S |  | 9,349 | 9,349 |  | .. | - |  |
| Banda | 2,781 | 6,974 | 9,655 | 2,211 | 4,183 | 6,393 | 3,262 | . | - | 3,262 |
| Benares | 883 | 5,677 | 5,960 | 283 | 5,677 | 5,960 | .. | - | . | . |
| Mirzapur | .. | 1,676 | 1,676 | .. | 1,676 | 1,676 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Jaunpur |  | 10,420 | 10,420 |  | 10,480 | 10,420 |  |  | . |  |
| Ghazipur | 5,783 | 9,959 | 15,682 | 1,745 | 5,245 | 6,993 | 8,689 |  | . | 8,689 |
| Ballia | ${ }^{*} 484$ | 5,940 | 6,484 | 434 | 5,829 | 6,313 | 111 | .. | - | 111 |
| Gorathpur | , | 44,430 | 44,430 | .. | 44,450 | 4 41,430 | .. | . | . | .. |
| Basti | - | 38,727 | 38,727 | -. | 38,727 | 38,727 | ** | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| Azamgarh | . | 32,979 | 32,979 | - | 32,979 | 32,979 | - | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| Naini Tal | $\ldots$ | 30 | 30 | - | 30 | 30 | $\cdots$ |  | . |  |
| Almors | .. | 1,723 | 1,723 | -. | 1,723 | 1,723 | - |  | - |  |
| Garhwal |  | 2,065 | 2,065 |  | 2,055 | 2,065 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Lucknow | 4,867 | 5,230 | 10,147 | 4,804 | 2,923 | 7,632 | 2,515 |  | . | 2,515 |
| Unao | 437 | 3,122 | 3,559 | 437 | 2,937 | 3,374 | 185 |  | 27 | 185 |
| Rae Bareli | 834 | 3,473 | 4,306 | 803 | 2,597 | 3,405 | 87 生 |  | 27 | 901 |
| Sitapar | 3,357 | 6,419 | 9,806 | 1,454 | 4,140 | 5,594 | 3,898 | 23 | 291 | 4,212 |
| Eardoi | .. | 10,078 | 10,075 | .. | 10,078 | 10,078 | .. | $\cdots$ | - | .. |
| Kheri |  | 3,856 | 3,856 |  | 3,856 | 3,656 | 7 | - | $\cdots$ |  |
| Fyzabad | 3,413 | \&,537 | 11,950 | 3,413 | 1,495 | 4,903 | 7,042 | . |  | 7,042 |
| Gouds | 3,299 | 14,583 | 17,838 | 2,920 | 11,400 | 14,320 | 3,482 | $\cdots$ | 80 | 3,562 |
| Bahraich |  | 1,883 | 1,883 | . . | 1,860 | 1,860 | 23 | - | . | 23 |
| Sultanpur -. |  | 5,915 | 5,915 | $\cdots$ | 5,915 | 5,915 |  | * | $\cdots$ |  |
| Partabgarh .. |  | 4,795 | 4,795 |  | 4,670 | 4,670 | 125 | * | . | 125 |
| Bara Banki | 5,653 | 16,602 | 22,255 | 5,218 | 14,534 | 19,752 | 2,503 | - | - | 2,503 |
| Total, Provincial.. | 61,104 | 4,75,701, | , 36,895 | 49,280 | 4,18,234 |  | 67,258 | 1,223 | 1,850 | 70,331 |
| Grand total .. | 71,874 | 5,89,758 | 6,61,633 | 58,831 | [5,15,904 | 5,54,733 | 81,641 | 1,834 | 3,372 | 66,897 |

* Correct figure now reported.


## STATEMENT XII.

Sums realized as purchase money from the sale of confiscated, escheated and waste lands, 1922-23.

| Distelct. |  | Extant of land sold in acres. |  | Amount for which sold. |  | Amount of purchase money realized. |  |  | Amount of interest realized on parchase money. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 嘔 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{9} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\mathbf{w}} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\|c\|} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  | Rs, | Rs. | Rs. | Ra. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Etawah | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { Less } \\ \text { than on } \end{gathered}$ | . | 203 | - | 203 | $\cdots$ | 203 | $\cdots$ | -• | - |
| Allahabad | . | $\begin{aligned} & \text { acre. } \\ & 62.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | 4,685 | - | 2.015 | - | 2,015 | $\cdots$ | - | - |
| Jalaun . | . | 31.33 | -• | 2,475 | . | 2,475 | . | 2,475 | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ |
| Unao | -• | $118 \cdot 34$ | - | - | $\cdots$ | 1,500 | -• | 1,500 | - | . | - |
| Partabgarh | .. | 18.60 | . | 3,300 | . | 825 | .. | 825 | . | .. | -• |
| Total | .. | $233 \cdot 97$ | .. | 10,663 | - | 7,018 | . | 7,018 | $\cdots$ | -• | - |

* Not yot finally settled.

```
, Advances-Land Improvement Loans Act.]
```


## Account of advances under the Land Improvgment Loans



GENT XIII.
$14 c t$, (XIX of 1883), during the revenue year 1922-23.


Account of advances under the Land Improvement Loan

ct, (XIX of 1883), during the revenue year 1922-23-(concluded).


STATE
Account of advances under the Agriculturists'


- Correct balance reported after sabsequent adjustments.

MEST XIV.
Loans Act (XII of 1884), for the revenue year, 1922-23.


Account of advances under the Agriculturists

*errect balance reported afte: subsequent adjustments.

## MENT XIV．

Loans Act（XII of 1881），for the revenue year，1922－23－（concluded）．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Account of surplus collections． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | － |  | \％ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \ddagger+0.0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 表 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 总 |  | 宦安 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  | － |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 菦 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号品 } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | 号 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
| Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs |
| 2，075 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 737 | 29，030 | 3，214 | 2，483 | 34 | $\cdots$ | 34 | $\because$ | 3 |
| 17，769 | ． | $\cdots$ | ． | 49，271 | 17,769 | 5，863 | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  |
| 13，085 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ．． | 32，500 | 13，035 | 4，862 | ． | ．． | ．． | $\cdots$ | ．． |
| $\cdots$ | 49 | $\because$ | ．． | 4,672 194 | 5,341 $\quad 203$ | ${ }^{586}{ }^{21}$ | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |
| 32，879 | 49 | ． | 737 | 1，16，067 | 30，562 | 13，845 | 34 | ． | 34 |  | 3 |
| 168 | $\because$ | $\because$ | － 9,952 | 15,906 32,152 | 870 1,878 | 1，804 | $\because$ | 17 | 17 |  | 1 |
| ．$\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | － | 123 | 100 | 19 | 3 | ．． | 3 | 3 |  |
| 168 | ． | － | 5，952 | 48，211 | 2，848 | 1，823 | 3 | 17 | 20 | 8 | 1 |
| $\because 235$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\ddot{85,858}$ | 32，818 | 8，891 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | ．． |  |
| 30，176 | ．． | $\ldots$ | ． | 99，646 | 1，59，393 | 16，093 | ．$\cdot$ | ．． | ．． |  |  |
| 30，411 | ．． | ． | ． | 1，85，498 | 1，92，816 | 24，989 | ． | ．$\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | ．． |  |
| 8，20，563 | 2，182 | 3，40，011 | 8，869 | 17，20，305 | 10，22，992 | 2，14，889 | 2，059 | 1，386 | 3，445 | 1，000 | 2，44 |
| 2,318 3706 | 55 1,524 | $\cdots$ |  | 69，926 | 40，158 | 4，619 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 1，922 |  | $\because$ |  | $2,34,121$ 11,682 | 85,030 17,639 | 15，075 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | ． | ． |
|  |  | $\cdots$ | 350 | 60，742 | 17，50 | 1,284 2,284 | $\cdots$ | 12 | 12 | ． | 1 |
| 16，294 | 204 | $\cdots$ | 1，635 | 1，98，599 | 1，12，895 | 14，739 | $\cdots$ | 12 | 12 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 24，143 | ．． | ．． | ．． | 3，45，570 | 1，78，756 | 17，401 | ． |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |
| 43，833 | 1，844 | ．． | 4，233 | 9，20，630 | 4，34，571 | 55，200 | ． | 12 | 12 |  | 1 |
| 6，758 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 1，604 | 10,340 88,929 | 27，704 | 1，447 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | ． |
|  | 7 | $\ldots$ |  | ${ }^{3} 26$ | 29，993 | 4，475 | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 103 | 20 | $\cdots$ |  | 13，435 | 29,963 3,695 | 1，099 | ${ }^{\prime} 7$ | io | 17 | 7 | $\because$ |
| 219 | ${ }^{9}$ | $\cdots$ |  | 13，321 | 6，667 | 831 |  | ．． | ．． | ．． |  |
| － | 1.2 | $\cdots$ | 2，831 | 47，019 | 23，424 | 2，471 |  | $\cdots$ | ．． | ． | $\therefore$ |
| 7，145 | 202 | ．$\cdot$ | 4，495 | 1，73，670 | 1，07，930 | 10，336 | 7 | 10 | 17 | 7 | 1 |
| 56，023 | 2，045 | ．． | 8，723 | 10，94，600 | 5，42，501 | 65，536 | 7 | 23 | 29 | 7 | 2 |
| 9，46，596 | 4，173 | 3，40，011 | ＋17，547 | 23，14，905 | 15，65，433 | 2，50，425 | ＊2，066 | 1，493 | 3，474 | 1，007 | 2，46 |

Account of advances under the Agriculturists＇

|  | District． | Trdịautad jo əourieq suruado | Advanced during the year． |  |  |  |  | 筧 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  | Benares <br> Mirzapur <br> Jaunpur <br> Ghazipur <br> Ballia ．． | Rs． | Rs： | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs | Rs． | Rs． |
|  |  | ＊20，89 | 10，603 | 737 | 32，2 | 30, |  | 30，368 | 28，29 |
|  |  | ＊67，0 |  | $\cdots$ | 67，04 | 67,40 |  | 67，040 |  |
|  |  | － 4,018 | $\ddot{5,095}$ | $\cdots$ | 10，013 | ＋4，672 | $\cdots$ | 4，672 | 4，672 |
|  |  | ＊217 | 180 | ． | 397 | 145 | ．． | 145 | 145 |
|  |  | 1，39，003 | 15，883 | 737 | 1，55，629 | 1，48，160 | ．． | 1，48，160 | 1，15，281 |
|  | Gorak | 16，4 | 300 23,108 | 5，952 | $\begin{array}{r}16,776 \\ 34,060 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15,906 27,043 | $\ddot{650}$ | 15,903 26,398 | 15,903 26,230 |
|  | Azamgarb | 223 |  | ．． | 223 | 123 |  | 123 | 123 |
|  | Total | 16，699 | 28，408 | 5，952 | 51，059 | 43，077 | 650 | 42，4 | 42，253 |
| $\text { 它完 }\{$ | Naini Tal Almora | ＊1，18，670 |  | $\because$ | 1，18，670 | 86，087 | $\cdots$ | 86，087 | 85，852 |
|  | Garhwal | 2，53，644 |  |  | 2，59，644 | 1，29，822 |  | 1，20，822 | 99，646 |
|  | Total | 3，78，314 |  | ．． | 3，78，314 | 2，15，909 |  | 2，15，909 | 1，85，498 |
|  | Total， | 23，94，856 | 3，27，042 | 21，399 | 27，43，297 | 22，65，254 | 5，993 | 22，59，861 | 13，69，293 |
|  | Luckno | 37，003 | 73，07 |  | 1，10，078 | 72，683 |  | 72,689 | 69，371 |
|  | Una\％． | 58，701 | 2，58，302 |  | 3，19，201 | 2，34，105 | ．． | $2,94,105$ 13，543 | 2，30，3995 |
|  | Rase Bar | 19，023 | 10,297 59,650 | $\because{ }_{3} 50$ | 60，792 | 60，442 | ${ }_{50}$ | 60，322 | 60，392 |
|  | Hardoi． | 1，32，944 | 1，76，855 | 1，685 | 3，11，434 | 2，12，994 |  | 2，12，994 | 1，96，700 |
|  | Kheri ．． | 24，326 | 5，00，000 |  | 5，24，326 | 3，60，713 | ．． | 3，69，713 | 8，45，576 |
|  | Total | 2，72，789 | 10，78，179 | 4，233 | 13，55，201 | 9，63，436 | 50 | 0，63，436 | 9，14，55： |
| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { an } \end{aligned}$ | Fygabad <br> Genda ．． <br> Bahraich <br> Sultanpur <br> Partabgarh <br> Bara Banki | 584 | 37，4 |  | 38，044 |  |  | 10，340 | 10，341 |
|  |  | 50，176 | 43，336 | 1，664 | $1,00,176$ 30,319 | 94，023 | 15，706 | 94,023 319 | 87， 314 |
|  |  | 319 $* 14,015$ | 30，000 | $\cdots$ | 17，130 | 13，583 |  | 13，583 | 13，41！ |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{5,500}$ |  | 20，183 | 13，537 |  | 13，537 | 13，311 |
|  |  | 9，393 | 62，819 | 2，331 | 76，043 | 47，554 | 2，933 | 44，616 | 44，611 |
|  | Tota | 89，175 | 1，83，230 | 4，49 | 2，81，900 | 1，95，062 | 18，644 | 1，76，418 | 1，69，27： |
|  | Total，Oudh | 3，61，964 | 12，66，403 | 8，723 | 16，37，101 | 11，59，543 | 18，694 | 11，30，854 | 10，83，82 |
|  | Grand Total | 27，56，830 | 15，93，451 | 30，127 | 43，80，398 | 34，23，802 | 24，037 | 33，99，715 | 24，53，11： |

[^2]MEST XIV．
Loans Act（XII of 1884），for the revenue year，1922－23－（concluded）．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Account of surplus collections． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％ |  | 9 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \＄ | $\pm$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 号： | 号 |  | 邑 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 00 |  |  | ¢ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 家 8 | $\stackrel{\square}{8}$ |  | － |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 菑気 | 旡宮 | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | 呂 | 品 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $5$ |  | E． | 需 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
| Rs． | Ens． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | R |
| 2，075 | －． | $\cdots$ | 737 | 29，030 | 3，214 | 2，483 | 34 | $\cdots$ | 34 |  | 3 |
| 17，769 | － | $\cdots$ | ． | 49，271 | 17，769 | 5，893 | ．． | ． | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| 13，035 | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 32，500 | 13，035 | 4，862 | ．． | ．． | ．． | $\cdots$ |  |
| ．． | ${ }_{49}$ | － | $\cdots$ | 4,672 194 | 5,341 203 | $\begin{array}{r}586 \\ 21 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\because$ | ． | ．． | $\cdots$ |  |
| 32，559 | 49 | ． | 737 | 1，16，0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 15，906 | 870 | 1，804 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 163 | $\because$ | $\because$ | 5，952 | 32，152 | 1，878 |  |  | 17 | 17 |  |  |
| ． | $\cdots$ | ． | － |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |
| 168 | ： | ．． | 5，952 | 48，211 | 2，848 | 1，823 | 3 | 17 | 20 | 3 | 1 |
| $\because 335$ | $\cdots$ | ＂． | $\because$ | $\stackrel{85,852}{ }$ | 32，818 | 8，891 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  |
| 30，176 | ．． | ．． | $\cdots$ | 90，646 | 1，59，383 | 16，093 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |
| 30，411 | ．． | ．$\cdot$ | ． | 1，55，458 | 1，92，816 | 24，969 |  |  | ．． |  |  |
| 8，90，563 | 2，132 | 3，40，011 | 8，869 | 17，20，505 | 10，22，992 | 2，14，899 | 2，059 | 1，356 | 3，445 | 1，000 | 2，44 |
| 2.918 | $\begin{array}{r}55 \\ 1.524 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\cdots$ |  | 69，926 | 40，152 | 4，619 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1，922 | ， 61 | $\cdots$ | 2，103 | 2，34，121 | 85，030 | 15，075 | － | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
|  |  | $\because$ | $\cdots 350$ | 60，743 | 17,635 50 | 1，082 | ． | $\ddot{12}^{12}$ | －12 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 16,294 | 204 | ． | 1，635 | 1，98，539 | 1，12，895 | 14，739 |  |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 24，143 | ．． | ．． | ．． | 3，45，570 | 1，58，756 | 17，401 | ． |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |
| 49，383 | 1，544 | ． | 4，233 | 9，20，630 | 4，34，571 | 55，200 | ．． | 12 | 12 |  |  |
| 6，753 | －• | $\cdots$ |  | 10，340 | 27，704 | 1，447 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{\bullet} 7$ | $\cdots$ | 1，6C4 | 88，9：9 | 11,247 29993 | 4，475 | －＂ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| 163 | 20 | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | 13，435 | －3，695 | 1，099 | 7 | io | 17 | ${ }^{*} 7$ | 1 |
| 219 | 3 172 | － |  | 13，2：1 | 6，567 | 831 |  |  | 17 | ．． | $\ldots$ |
| － | 172 | － | 2，\＄31 | 47，619 | 23，424 | 2，471 |  |  |  | ． | ． |
| 7，145 | 202 | ． | 4，495 | 1，73，570 | 1，07，930 | 10，336 | 7 | 10 | 17 | 7 |  |
| 56，023 | 2，045 | ．． | 8，723 | 10，44，600 | 5，42，501 | 65，536 | 7 | 23 | 29 | 7 |  |
| 9，46，590 | 4，178 | 3，40，011 | ＋17，5：7 | 23，14，905 | 15，65，433 | 2，80，425 | 2，066 |  |  | 1，007 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1，433 | 3，474 | 1，007 | 2，40 |

＊Correct balance reported after subsequent adjustments．
－Difference of Ks． 12,50 between columns 5 and 14 is due to the amount having remained undisbursod with district officers at the clase of the year．

Statement showing recovery of loans and interest under the

|  | On account of loans repayable by equated |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Etawah. | Allababad. | Jhansi. | Jalaun. | Hamirpur. |
| 1 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 1. Arrears of demand outstanding on 1st October, 1922. | 29 | 27 | 800 | 801 | 1,234 |
| 2. Demand for the year .. .. | 9,568 | 2,759 | 29,681 | 25,478 | 18,614 |
| 3. Total demand | 9,597 | 2,786 | 30,481 | 26,279 | 14,848 |
| 4. Remitted during the year .. .- | -• | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 5. Suspended during the year | . | - | 7 | .. | .. |
| 6. Net demand .. | 9,597 | 2,786 | 30,474 | 26,279 | 14,848 |
| 7. Collections :- <br> (a) On account of demand during the year | 9,597 | 2,786 | 29,748 | 24,434 | 12,925 |
| (b) Surplus $\quad \because \quad \ddot{\square}$ | 220 | 1 | 11,815 | -. | 588 |
| 8. Add balance in personal ledger on 1st Ootober, 1922. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 9. Balance not collocted .. | .. | .. | 726 | 1,855 | 1,923 |
| 10. Disposals of items 7 and 8 by credit to :- | 3,582 | 95 | 5,612 | 3,110 | 2,064 |
| (a) Interest ${ }_{\text {b }}$ Principal $\quad$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6,235 | 2,692 | 35,951 | 21,814 | 11,449 |
| (b) Principal ${ }^{\text {(c) }}$ Ost of management (including | -• | -. | -. | .. | .. |
| Government demand, etc.) <br> (d) Balance at the credit in per- | - | - | * | .. | . |
| 11. Total | 9,817 | 2,787 | 41,563 | 24,424 | 13,513 |
| 12. Total principal outstanding on 1st October, 1922. | (a) 59,619 | 2,692 | (b)1,10,554 | (c) 72,218 | 41,514 |
| 13. Credited to principal during the year | 6,235 | 2,692 | 35,951 | 21,314 | 11,449 |
| 14. Balance of principal outstanding on 30th September, 1923. | 53,384 | - | 74,609 | 50,904 | 30,065 |

(a) Includes Rs, 4,379 advanced during the year.
(b) Decrease of Rs. 50 due to transfer of estates from section $21(a)$ to section $21(c)$.
(c) Increase of Rs. 3,552 due $t_{0}$ subsequent adjustments and transfer of est ites from section $21(c)$ to section 21(a).

Bundelkhand Encumbered Estates Act for the revenue year 1922-23.

| instalments. |  |  | On account of estates managed under section 21(c). |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Band. | SIirzapur. | Total. | Jhansi. | Jalann. | Hamirpur. | Banda. | Total |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 190 | " | 3,031 | (1)360 | (i)223 | - | - | 583 |
| 15,872 | 683 | 97,660 | 23,156 | 30,421 | 4,294 | 4,216 | 62,087 |
| 16,062 | 668 | 1,00,741 | 23,516 | 30,644 | 4,294 | 4,216 | 62,670 |
| - | - | $\cdots$ | 15 | 19 | - | - | 34 |
| - | .- | 7 | - | - | - | * | - |
| 16,062 | 685 | 1,00,734 | 23,501 | 30,625 | 4,294 | 4,216 | 62,636 |
| 15,426 | 663 | 95,594 | 23,043 | 30,385 | 4,294 | 4,163 | 61,885 |
| 2 | $\cdots$ | 12,626 | $\ddot{(g) 833}$ | $\cdots{ }^{-} 4$ | (k).. ${ }^{162}$ | "138 | 163 1,020 |
| 636 | - | 5,140 | 458 | 240 | - | 53 | 751 |
| 1,878 | 470 | 16,511 | 6,022 | 5,240 | 326 | (i)306 | 12,394 |
| 13,550 | 218 | 91,409 | 9,657 | 9,813 | 1,634 | (m)1,365 | 22,499 |
| - | .. | - | 7,670 | 15,155 | 2,468 | 2,240 | 27,533 |
| - | - | - | 497 | 226 | 28 | 96 | 847 |
| 15,423 | 688 | 1,08,220 | 23,876 | 30,434 | 4,456 | 4,507 | 63,273 |
| (d)39,558 | (e) 20,962 | 3,47,117 | ( h 1,10,025. | (j)83,776 | 7,136 | ( n )16,869 | 2,17,806 |
| 13,550 | 213 | 91,409 | 9,687 | 9,813 | 1,634 | 1,365 | 22,499 |
| 20,003 | 20,744 | 2,55,509 | 1,00,335 | 73,963 | 5,502 | 15,504 | 1,95,307 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(d) Decrease of Rs. 4,815 due to subsequent adjustments and transfer of estates from Eection 21 (a) to section 21 (c)
(e) Includes Rs. 11,579 adrasced during the year.
(f) Decrease of Rs . 56 due to release of estates during the year.
(g) Docrease of Rs. 168 due to release of estates during the year.
(h) Increase of Rs. 50 due to transfer of estates from section 21(c) to section 21(0),
(i) Decrease of Re. 1 due to release of an estate during the year.
(i) Decrease of Rs. 3,551 due to transfer of estates from section 21(c) to section 21(a).
(i) Decrease of Rs, 47 due to subsequent adjustments,
(l) Lucludes Rss 3 paid bv debtors.
( m ) Includes Rs. 203 paid bydebtors.
(*) Increase of $\operatorname{Gi}, 4,6,3$ due to trinsfer of estates from section $21($ e) to section $21(\bullet)$.

STATEMENT XVI
Coercive processes for recovery of arrears of revenue, 1922-23.

|  | District. | Writs ofdemand. | Citations to appear, | Warrants of arrest, |  | Attachments- |  |  | Transfers. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \\ \text { Annul } \\ \text { ment of } \\ \text { settle- } \\ \text { ment. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Sale of im. movable property. | $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Number. | Cases in which persons were actually detained. | Of movable property. | Cases in which sale took place. : | Of im-movablo property. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 18 | 14 |
|  | Dehra Dun | 64 | - 72 | 19 | $\dot{2}$ | 6 | 1 | - |  |  |  | 20,400 | 688 |
|  | Saharanpur | 1,281 | - 2,332 | 545 | 9 | 579 | ${ }^{*}{ }_{2}$ | . | .. | $\ldots$ |  | 5,59,597 | 5,738 7,990 |
|  | Muzaffarnagar | 1,282 1,473 | 2,578 $-\quad 2,748$ | 570 498 | - $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline 3\end{array}$ | 397 371 | $\begin{array}{r}26 \\ 43 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\because$ | , | $\because$ |  | 3,70,697 $5,96,966$ | 7,990 |
|  | Bulandshighr | 1,073 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 1,937 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 302 | 26 | 1,362 | 41 | $\ldots$ |  | . |  | 5,88,304 | 7,023 |
|  | Total | 6,173 | 9,667 | 1,934 | 77 | 2,715 | 111 | . | . | $\cdots$ |  | 21,24,964 | 28,973 |
|  | Aligarh : | - 380 | : 2,186 | 5. 8831 | 33 | 1,286 | 60 |  |  |  |  | 4,64,747 | 4,949 4,168 |
|  | Muttra . . | $\because 194$ | - 4,535 | 1,480 | 250 | 1,032 2,819 | ${ }_{1}^{221}$ | 3 | 1 |  | ${ }^{\bullet} 29$ | $6,86,645$ $5,80,777$ | 7,103 |
|  | Agra ${ }^{\text {Mainpur }}$ | 884 561 | 3,198 1,614 | 399 | 48 | 1,499 | 91 |  |  | -. |  | 4,18,115 | 3,292 |
|  | Etah | 616 | 1,679 | 291 | 133 | 1,190 | 140 |  |  | .. |  | 2,74,144 | 3,727 |
|  | Total | 2,635 | 13,212 | 2,899 | 477 | 7,826 | 665 | 143 | 1 | *- | 29 | 24, 24,428 | 23,239 |
|  | Bareilly .. | 886 | 8,226 | 631 | 45 | 1,235 | 26 | 82 | . |  |  | 5,04,268 |  |
|  | Bijnar .. | . 615 | 2,014 | 74. |  | 803 | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\cdots$ | -. | . | . | 2,55,455 | 6,387 5,875 |
|  | Budaun . | 1,022 | 4,457 | $894{ }^{\circ}$ | 134 | 2,222 | 49 3 | 14 26 | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $4,80,3 \bigcirc 0$ $4,70,149$ | 5,875 |
|  | Moradabad | 1,512 | 8,051 | 310 | 81 | 1,665 | 3 125 | 26 | $\because$ | $\because$ | 4 | $4,70,149$ $\mathbf{3 , 9 3}, 830$ | 8,699 4,250 |
|  | Shahjahanpur | 812 <br> 221 | 3,991 | 624 18 | 65 | 1,372 $-\quad 65$ | 125 3 | 18 | $\cdots$ | - |  | $3,93,330$ 67,221 | 4,250 3,071 |
|  | Total | 5,018 | 16,950 | 2,551 | 276 | 6,862 | 207 | 90 | . | . | 4 | 21,71,803 | 35,174 |
|  | Farrukhabad | 527 | 2,243 | 181 | 14 | 212 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 2,46,347 | 4,250 |
|  | Etawah .. | 401 | 1,557 | 243 | 17 | 1,167 | 13 | .. | . | - | $\cdots$ | 4,90,942 | 5,023 |
|  | Cawnpore | 659 | 1,550 | 103 | 3 | 408 | 1. | -. | . | $\cdots$ | . | 2,36,673 | 6,728 |
|  | Fatehpar | 287 | 3,443 | 350 | 11 | 686 | 2 |  |  | $\because$ | .1 | 3,31,978 | 4,895 |
|  | Allahabad | 991 | 4,019 | 397 | 10 | 1,314 | 26 | 4 | . | .. |  | 4,38,936 | 8,253 |
|  | Total | 2,865 | 12,812 | 1,279 | 55 | 3,737 | 52 | 4 |  | -. |  | 17,44,876 | 29,149 |



Alterations in the land revenue demand．］

## STATEMENT XVII．

Alterations that have occurred in the demand for land revenue on the roll，1922－23．

|  | District． |  | Land revenue on the roll on the 1st Octo－ ber， 1922. | Increase daring the jear． |  |  | Decrease during the year． |  |  | Difference of columns 6 and 9. | Land revenua on the roll of the 1st Octc ber， 1923. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | －i |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hīn } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1 | 2 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| $\left.\begin{aligned} & \text { 守 } \\ & \text { 甾 } \\ & \text { 思 } \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | Dehra Dun Saharanpur Muzafiarnagar Meerut Bulandshahr <br> Total |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ 1,38,395 \\ 19,07,150 \\ 19,14,860 \\ 29,16,352 \\ 24,63,290 \end{array}$ | Rs ． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． | Rs ． | Rs ． | Rs． | Rs |
|  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  | 786 | － | 41 | 41 | －41 | 1，38，35． |
|  |  |  |  | － | 786 | 786 | ． | 256 | 256 | $+530$ | 19，07，6S |
|  |  |  |  | ． | 7 | 7 | ＊ | 32 | 88 | －25 | 19，14，83 |
|  |  |  |  | $\because$ | 11 | 11 | ＊－ | 635 | 635 | －624 | 29，15，72 |
|  |  |  |  | ． | 364 | 364 | $\cdots$ | － | － | ＋364 | 24，63，65 |
|  |  | －• | 93，40，047 | ． | 1，163 | 1，168 | － | 964 | 964 | ＋204 | 93，40，25 |
|  | Aligarh Muttra | $\cdots$ | $24,45,570$ $14,24,504$ | 38，700 | ＊ | 35，700 | － | 1 | 1 | ＋38，699 | $24,45,57$ $14,63,2 \mathrm{C}$ |
| 它 $\{$ | Agra | ．． | 17，46，306 | 30， | 421 | 421 | －． |  |  | $+38,691$ +421 | $14,63,2 \mathrm{C}$ $\mathbf{1 7 , 4 6 , 7 2}$ |
| － | Mlainpuri | ．． | 13，56，247 | ．${ }^{\text {．}}$ | $\ddot{\square}$ | $\cdots$ | ．． | ${ }^{26}$ | －26 | －26 | 13，56，22 |
| $\checkmark$ | Etahi． | － | 12，33，334 | ． | 270 | 270 | $\cdots$ | 1，237 | 1，237 | －967 | 12，32，36 |
|  | Total | ．． | 82，05，961 | 33，700 | 691 | 39，391 | － | 1，264 | 1，264 | ＋38，127 | 82，44，08 |
|  | Bareilly | ． | 15，21，184 | ． | 1，653 | 1，653 | －． | 3，227 | 3，227 | －1，574 | 15，19，61 |
| 而 | Bijnor | ． | 14，65，899 | ． | 312 | 312 | ． | 1，576 | 1，576 | $-1,264$ | 14，64，65 |
| E | Budann－ | ．． | 13，60，773 | $\cdots$ | 841 | 841 | ． | 717 | 717 | ＋124 | 13，60，88 |
| E | Moradabad | ．． | ＊17， 77,448 | ． | 2，840 | 2，840 | ． | 2，164 | 2，164 | ＋676 | 17，83，1．2 |
| 铟 | Sbahjabaupur | － | 11，84，016 | ． | 481 | 431 | ．． | 3，703 | 3，703 | $-3,222$ | 11，80，75 |
| ¢ | Pilibhit | $\cdots$ | 7，71，1．44 | －． | 685 | 625 | － | 814 | 814 | －189 | 7，70，9E |
|  | Total | ， | 80，90，464 | － | 6，752 | 6，752 | $\cdots$ | 12，201 | 12，201 | －5，449 | 80，85，01 |
|  | Farrukhabad | ＂ | 12，37，684 |  | 1，076 |  | ＊ | 2，461 | 2，461 | －1，395 | 12，36，2 |
| E | Etawsh－ | ．． | 15，65，866 | 1，135 | 2，830 | 3，965 | ． |  | 1， | ＋3，965 | 15，69，8 |
| 畐 $\{$ | Cawnpore．． | ． | 20，08，822 | ． | 751 | 751 | ．． | 1，048 | 1，048 | －297 | 20，08，5： |
| 有 | Fatehpur | $\ldots$ | 14，39，323 | ．． | 24 | 24 | ． | 208 | 202 | －178 | 14，30，1E |
| 曷 | Allahabad |  | 24，89，553 | $\cdots$ | 401 | 401 | $\cdots$ | 1，017 | 1，017 | －616 | 24， 38,9 |
|  | Total | ． | 87，41，253 | ｜1，135 | 5，082 | －6，217 | $\cdots$ | 4，728 | 4，728 | ＋1，499 | 37，42，74 |
| 亩 | Jhansi ．． | $\cdots$ | 6，02，753 | $\cdots$ | 3，525 | 3,525 8,084 | $\cdots$ | 3，758 | 3，758 | －233 | 6，02，5 |
| 尔 | Jalann Hamirpur | ＂ | $8,97,318$ $8,97,218$ | $\cdots$ | 8,084 31,611 | 8,084 31,611 | $\cdots$ | 343 16,559 | 34.3 16,559 | $+7,741$ $+15,052$ | $9,05,0 \leq$ $9,19,97$ |
| 9 | Banda | ． | 9，68，897 | ． | 14，248 | 14，248 | ＊． | 2，417 | 2，417 | $+11,882$ $+11,81$ | 9，30，72 |
|  | Total | － | 38，66，186 | $\cdots$ | 57，468 | 57，468 | － | 23，077 | 2，3077 | ＋34，391 | 34，00，5 |
|  | Benares Mirzapur | $\because$ | $8,88,073$ $6,79,543$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 346 | 346 | －346 | 8，87，72 |
| 㚱 | Jannpur ．． | ．． | 13，45，097 | $\because$ | 14 | 14 | －． | ${ }^{-1}$ | $\cdots$ | －+13 | $6,73,51$ $12,45,11$ |
| 岉 | Ghazıpur．． | ． | 10，84，783 | ． | 1 | 1 | ． | 503 | ． 503 | $-502$ | 10，34， |
| ¢ | Ballia | ． | 6，87，570 | $\cdots$ | 1，025 | 1，025 | ．． | 7，595 | 7，595 | －6，570 | 6，81，0c |
|  | Total | ．$\cdot$ | 45，29，066 | ． | 1，040 | 1，040 | － | 8，445 | 8，445 | －7，405 | 45，21，6t |
| E | Gorakhpur | － | 34，95，295 | ． | 1，757 | 1，757 |  | 3，090 | 3，090 | －1，383 | 34，93，6 |
| E | Basti ${ }^{\text {a }}$＂ | ． | 25，70，888 | ．． | 1，378 | 1，378 | $\cdots$ | 596 | 596 | ＋782 | 25，71，64 |
| 退 | Azamgarh | ． | 19，55，132 | $\cdots$ |  | ．． | ． | 1，405 | 1，405 | －1，405 | 19，53，75 |
| 0 | Total | ． | 80，21，315 | ．． | 3，135 | 3，135 | － | 5，091 | 5，091 | －1，956 | 80，19， 3 E |

[^3]
## STATEMENT XVII.

Alterations that liave occurred in the demand for land revenue on the roll, 1922-23-(concluded).

|  | District. |  | Land <br> revenue on <br> the roll on <br> the 1st Octo- <br> ber, 1922. | Increase during theyear. |  |  | Decrease during theyear. |  |  | Difference of columns 6 and 9. | Land revenue on the roll on the 1st Octo ber, 1923. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B. En En |  |  |
| 1 | 2 |  | 8 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|  | Naini Tal Alnora Garbwal .. | $\because$ | Rs. <br> $1,96,098$ <br> $2,53,187$ <br> $1,55,492$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rs. } \\ & . \ddot{~} \\ & \ddot{O} \end{aligned}$ | Rs. <br> 83 <br> 404 <br> 141 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ 83 \\ 404 \\ 141 \end{array}$ | Rs. <br> . <br> $\square$ <br> $\square$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Rs. } \\ 2,506 \\ { }_{4} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ 2,506 \\ { }^{\prime}{ }_{4} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ -2,423 \\ +404 \\ +137 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rs. } \\ \mathbf{1 , 9 3 , 6 7 5} \\ 2,53,591 \\ 1,55,629 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | . | 6,04,777 | $\cdots$ | 628 | 628 | $\cdots$ | 2,510 | 2,510 | -1,882 | 6,02,895 |
|  | Total, Agra | .. | 5,08,99,069 | 39,835 | 75,964 | 1,15,799 | $\cdots$ | 58,280 | 58,280 | +57,519 | 5,09,56,569 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \dot{B} \\ \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}\right\}$ | Luoknow .. Unao Rae Bareli Sitapur Sardoi Hardoi Kheri | $\because$ <br> $\because$ <br> $\because$ <br> $\because$ <br> $\because$ | $8,89,793$ $15,88,507$ $15,57,913$ 16,79688 $16,47,860$ $10,16,747$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \because \ddot{0} \\ 1,071 \\ 1,900 \\ 12 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \ddot{1,071} \\ & 1,900 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 159 \\ 331 \\ 30 \\ 14 \\ 1,594 \\ 503 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 159 \\ 331 \\ 30 \\ 14 \\ 1,594 \\ 503 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -159 \\ +131 \\ +1,041 \\ +14 \\ +{ }_{-406}^{+306} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8,89,634 \\ 115,8,176 \\ 15,5,954 \\ 16,96,9644 \\ 16,48,166 \\ 10,16,256 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Total | . | 83,80,508 | . | 2,983 | 2,933 | . | 2,631 | 2,631 | +352 | 83,80,860 |
|  | Fyzabad .. <br> Gonda <br> Bahraich <br> Sultanpur <br> Partabgarh <br> Bara Banki | $\because$ $\because$ $\because$ $\because$ $\because$ | $14,31,008$ <br> $17,29,095$ <br> $19,02,007$ <br> 14,021959 <br> $13,16,046$ <br> $20,23,947$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 257 \\ 1,748 \\ 130 \\ \ddot{7} \ddot{4} 5 \\ \cdots \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,25 J \\ 1,74 \\ 130 \\ \dddot{7} 45 \\ . . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 699 \\ 997 \\ 506 \\ 1 \\ 7 \\ 17 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 699 \\ 937 \\ 506 \\ 1 \\ 7 \\ 17 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 442 \\ +821 \\ +376 \\ -71 \\ +738 \\ -17 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,30,566 \\ & 177,3,016 \\ & 13,01,631 \\ & 14,1,1,958 \\ & 13,16,784 \\ & 20,23,990 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Total | .. | 92,84,462 | $\cdots$ | 2,830 | 2,880 | . | 2,157 | 2,157 | +723 | 92,85,185 |
|  | Total, Oudh |  | 1,76,64,970 | . | 5,863 | 5,863 | -• | 4,788 | 4,788 | +1,075 | 1,70,60,045 |
|  | Grand Total | .. | 6,55,64,039 | 39,835 | 81,827 | 1,21,662 | .. | 63,06E | 63,068 | +58,594 | 6,80,22,638 |

[^4]
## Recotery of arrears paid by Lambardars.]

## STATEMENT XVIII-(Uniten Provinoes).

Showing the number of cases, with the amount of arrears of revenue, in which the procedure enjoined in section 184, Act JII of 1901, was given effect to, during the year erding 30th September, 1923.

(a) Claim for the remaining sum otherwise disposed of.

## STatement Xvili-United Pronnces.

Showing the number of cases, with the amount of arrears of revenue, in which the procedure enjoined in section 184, Act III of 1901, was given effect to, during the year ending 30th September, 1923-(concluded).

|  | District. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gorakhpur } & \text {.. } \\ \text { Basti } & \text {.. } \\ \text { Azamgarh } & \text {.. }\end{array}$ | $\cdots$ | Rs. .. 787 | 192 | Rs. <br> 4,102 |  | Rs. <br> (a) <br> 8,889 | Rs. <br>  <br> 3,491 | ${ }^{-7}$ | Rs, $\ldots$ 1,213 |
|  | Total | 36 | 787 | 192 | 4,102 | 229 | 4,889 | 3,491 | 41 | 1,213 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Kem- } \\ \operatorname{ACN}, \end{gathered}$ | Naini Tal | . | . $\cdot$ | -. | - | . | . | $\cdots$ | - | - |
|  | Total, Province of Agra | 898 | 24,109 | 1,571 | 70,394 | 1,964 | 94,503 | 67,601 | 337 | 18,568 |
|  | Lucknow | 4 | 371 | 87 | 1,669 | 41 | 2,040 | 967 | 12 | 1,073 |
|  | Un80 | 52 | 3,237 | 171 | 8,116 | 223 | (a)11,353 | 6,495 | 93 | 4,278 |
|  | Rae Bareli $\quad .$. | 2 | 42 | 11 | 768 | 13 | 810 | 619 | 3 | 191 |
|  | Sitapur | 43 | 4,506 | 100 | 5,165 | 143 | 9,671 | 6,737 | 38 | 2,934 |
|  | Hardoi | 110 | 4,150 | 357 | 11,879 | 467 | 16,029 | 11,806 | 164 | 4,223 |
|  | Kheri | 11 | 630 | 11 | 901 | 22 | . 1,581 | 1,051 | 4 | 450 |
|  | Total | 222 | 12,936 | 687 | 23,498 | 909 | 41,434 | 27,705 | 314 | 13,149 |
|  | Freaba | 18 | 709 | 23 | 1,173 | 40 | (a) 1,852 | 1,313 | 9 | 555 |
|  |  | 7 | 332 | 54 | 3,060 | 61 | 3,442 | 2,651 | 25 | 791 |
|  | Bahraich .. | 5 | 165 | 23 | 1,082 | 28 | (a) 1,247 | 1,041 | 1 | 44 |
|  | Saltanpur | 10 | 218 | 67 | 2,060 |  | (a) 2,298 | 1,061 | 26 | 847 |
|  | Pártabgarh | 5 | 167 | 10 | 579 | 15 | 746 | 746 |  |  |
|  | Bara Bantl |  |  |  |  |  | 1,019 |  | 7 | 298 |
|  | Total | 52 | 1,384 | 198 | 8,750 | 250 | 10,634 | 7,533 | 68 | 2,535 |
|  | Total, Ouih | 274 | 14,820 | 885 | 37,243 | 1,159 | 52,068 | 35,238 | 382 | 15,684 |
|  | Geand Total | 667 | 38,929 | 2,456 | 1,07,642 | 3,123 | 1;16,571 | $\overline{1,02,839}$ | 719 | 34,252 |

(a) Claim for the remsining sum otherwise disposed of.

## Recovery of under-proprietary rents.] ( 32 A )

## STATEMENT XIX-(OUda).

Showing the number of cases, with the amount of arrears of rent, in which the procedure enjoined in Bection 185, Act III of 1901, was given effect to, during the year ending 30th September, 1923.


Statement XXA-(Profince of Agra).
Showing the institution of suits and applications under Act II of 1901, during the year ending 30th September, 1923.

(a) Exeludes 14,468 cases which were filed on 1st October, 1923 , owing to 30th Septenuber being a holiday.
(b) Do. 30,105 ditto.

## ISuits and applications under the Tenancy Act，］ <br> （ 34A）

Statement XXA－（Province of Agra）：
Showing the institution of suits and applications under Act II of 1901，during the year ending 30th September，1923－（concluded）．

|  | Distriots． | Class of oase． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 名 | Miscellaneous soits． |  | Applications！ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | H． | ${ }^{\text {cismog }}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | 罾 | －ic | 9 |  | 号 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 哑 | 㱕 | 蜀血 |  | git | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\substack{\text { c }}}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { ars }}{\square}$ | \％ |  | \％g en | ¢ | 号嗡 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 䓪品 |  | 암 | 哭者 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ |  |  | 边 | $\stackrel{\text { ch }}{ }$ | 易宮 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  | O | 岩 | 产品 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 早 |  |  | $1{ }^{\text {H }}$ | 앙 | 家哥 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1{ }^{10}$ |  | － | 为 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 1\％ | ！ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 氝哥 | 氝家 | 或完 | 可品宫品 |  | － |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|  | Flarrukhabad | 8,725 <br> 8,324 | 8962 | 498 | ${ }_{9}^{943}$ | ${ }_{126}^{2}$ | ${ }_{35}^{6}$ | 4 | 3，643 | 33 | 157 87 | 10 | 479270 | ${ }_{2}^{11}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 171 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 87 |  |  |  |
|  | Cawnpore |  | 81 | 293 | 1，449 | $\begin{gathered} \ddot{i} \\ \vdots \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 95 \\ & 42 \\ & 44 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ 1 \\ 57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,136 \\ & 2,598 \end{aligned}$ | 13 | $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ 144 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 | ${ }_{4} 622$ | 148 |
|  | Fatehpar Allababad | 8,930 8,307 | $\because$ | 174 <br> 458 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{261}^{144}$ | 3 | $\begin{array}{r} 422 \\ 1,153 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Total | 33，518 | 182 | 1，584 | 9，290 | 134 | 162 | 133 | 23，380 | 88 | 744 | 17 | 2，984 | 603 |
| 董 ${ }_{\text {¢ }}($ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 936 \\ 1,569 \\ 1,872 \\ 2,177 \end{array}$ | $\cdots$ | 204102 | 109 | ． | 11. |  | $\begin{array}{r}553 \\ 1,554 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1721 | 1848 | － | 65205507 | ${ }_{11} 35$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 122223 | $\begin{array}{r} 494 \\ 1,823 \end{array}$ | 2 | 344 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,540 \\ & 1,544 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 845 | 14 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 息 | Total | 6，554 | － | 651 | 2，608 | 3 | 32 | 19 |  | 5，191 | 60 | 101 | 4 | 1，622 | 60 |
|  | Benares . <br> Mirzapur $\ddot{ }$ <br> Janapur $\ddot{ }$ <br> Ghazipur $\ddot{ }$ <br> Pallia $\ddot{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 1 6 5} \\ & 3,724 \\ & 5,757 \\ & 4,381 \\ & 4,996 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 5 \\ 112 \\ 15 \\ 18 \end{array}$ | 442323432585 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,196 \\ 840 \\ 1,347 \\ 714 \\ 184 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \ddot{6} \\ 20 \end{array}$ | 46  <br> 23 2 <br> 26 72 <br> 9 2 <br> $\mathbf{9}$ 2 <br> 3 3 <br>   |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,632 \\ & 2,130 \\ & 3,651 \\ & 3,945 \\ & 2,118 \end{aligned}$ | 214$\square$9 | 88629814449 | $\square 7$$\cdots$$\cdots$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ 116 \\ 39 \\ 72 \\ 85 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 143 \\ \ddot{27} \\ 137 \\ 235 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | 24，423 | 158 | 225 | 4，231 | 26 | 92 | 79 | 15，476 | 19 | 391 | 7 | 344542 |  |
|  | Gorakhpur .. <br> Basti  <br> Azamgarh $\because$ | 12，271 | 431919 | 14925380 | $\begin{aligned} & 160 \\ & 477 \\ & 527 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 1 . <br> 8  <br> 9 i <br>  . |  |  |  | 251 <br> 416 <br> 293 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 479 \\ & 793 \\ & 793 \end{aligned}$ | 141230299 |
|  |  | 6，858 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,5606,999 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6，771 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | 25，900 | 97 | 432 | 1，164 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 35，171 | 144 | 966 | 8 | 1,334 $73 C$ |  |
| Etm－ | Naini Tal ．． | 96 | 1 | 14 | $\cdots$ | ．$\cdot$ |  | ．．．－ | 84 | ．． |  |  | ． 1. |  |
|  |  | 2，00，000 | 2，256 | 11，433 | $\begin{gathered} (a) \\ 24,802,198 \end{gathered}$ |  | 636 | 772 | （ ${ }^{(6)} 34,51$ | 427 | 6，992 | 343 | 14，136 | 3，56． |

（a）Excludes 14,468 cases which were fled on 1st October，1923，owing to $30 t h$ September being a holiday．
（b）Do． 23,105 ditto
ditto ditto．

STATEMENT XX-B.-(OUDh).
Showing the institution of suits and applications under Act XXIJ of 1886, during - the year ending 30th September, 1923.


ISuits and applications under the Tenancy $\Delta c t$ ]

## Statement XXA-(Profinger of Agra):

Showing the institution of suits and applications under Act II of 1901, during the year ending 30th September, 1923-(concluded).

(a) Excludes 14,468 cases which were fled on 1st October, 1923, owing to 30 th September being a holiday (b)

Do. 83,105 ditto
ditto
ditto.

STATEMENT XX-B.-(OUdH).
Showing the institution of suits and applications under Act XXIJ of 1886, during the year ending 30th September, 1923.


STATEMENT XX-Ba.
Cases $u n d e r$ section, 30 A of the Oudh Rent (Amendment) Act.


## (374) [Suits and Applications under

## STATEMENT XX-C.-(Kumatn).

Showing the irstitution of suits and applications under the Kumaun Tenancy Rules, 1913, during the year ending 30th September, 1923.


- Inclusive of 61 cases instituted onder Government notifoations nos. 1190 of 1916 and 23 of 1917, and rule 57 (4) of partition rules.

Suits and Applications under the Rent Law.

STATEMENT XX-D.Showing the disposal of suits and applications under Act II of 1901 (Agra

Tenancy Rules of 1918 during the

(a) Revised figure.

## (United Provinces).

Tenoncy Act), Act XXII of 1886 (Oudh Rent Act) and the Kumaun year ending 30th September, 1923.

| Number disposed of - |  |  |  |  |  |  | Pending at the close of | Numberpendingmore thanthreemontbs atthe closeof theyear. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Without contest. |  |  | On reference to arbitration. |  | With contest. |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Decreed } \\ \text { on } \\ \text { contession. } \end{gathered}$ | Decreed ex parte. | Dism issed ex parte. | For plaintiff. | $\underset{\text { defendant. }}{\text { For }}$ | Judgment for plaintıff in whole or in part. | Judgment for fefendant. |  |  |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 137 | 203 | 119 | 7 |  | 102 | 19 | 257 | 8 |
| 987 | 3,618 | 633 | 1 |  | 2,141 | 422 | 2,768 | 4 |
| 1,341 | 6,547 | 859 | 4 |  | 1,885 | . 627 | 2,955 | 64 |
| 2,728 1,519 | 8,061 | 884 | 5 |  | 2,658 | -883 | 4,322 | 60 |
| 1,512 | 8,708 | 808 | 2 | 2 | 2,253 | 852 | 3,830 | 445 |
| 6,705 | 27,137 | 3,309 | 19 | 3 | 9,039 | 2,803 | 14,132 | 680 |
| 1,007 | 5,947 | 596 | 16 | 6 | 2,105 | 490 | 2,423 | 81 |
| 1,805 | 4,970 | 401 | 16 | 4 | 1,162 | 456 | 1,773 | 78 |
| 1,004 | 4,991 | 619 | 52 | 13 | 1,932 | 833 | 2,180 | 261 |
| 555 <br> 98 | 3,735 | 678 | 2 |  | 1,145 | 445 | 1,487 | 7 |
| 392 | -6,636 | 470 |  |  | 1,174 | 200 | 993 |  |
| 4,763 | 26,329 | 2,764 | 86 | 28 | 6,608 | 1,974 | 8,856 | 427 |
| 3,113 | 6,187 | 729 | 4 |  | 1,491 | 461 | 3,943 | 80 |
| 1,590 | 4,227 | 663 | 11 |  | 2,037 | 604 | 2,642 | 85 |
| 2,970 | 13,197 | 562 | , |  | 2,355 | 442 | 2,931 | 26 |
| 4,719 | 10,602 | 1,204 |  | $\ldots$ | 1,738 | 639 | 4,081 | 18 |
| 1,791 | 10,050 | 1,199 | 15 |  | 1,230 | 332 | 2,709 | 17 |
| 1,687 | 1,797 | 165 | 48 | ${ }^{*} 1$ | 1,413 | 136 | 717 | 18 |
| 15,369 | 46,060 | 4,522 | 80 | 2 | 9,314 | 2,614 | . 17,023 | 194 |
| 762 | 7,981 | 694 | 8 |  | 1,486 | 417 | 4,136 | 68 |
| ${ }_{2}^{1,087}$ | 5,448 | 593 | 8 | . | 1,010 | 374 | 2,019 | 9 |
| 2,101 1,361 | 7,846 | 980 |  | $\cdots$ | 1,193 | 353 | 4,157 | 42 |
| 1,361 | 4,068 6,954 | 648 1,290 | 1 | 15 | 483 4,582 | - $\begin{array}{r}1,128 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 2,798 e,788 | 10 27 |
| 10,782 | 32,247 | 4,200 | 10 | 15 | 8,754 | 2,535 | 19,899 | 156 |
| 518 | 588 | 76 |  |  | 461 | 88 | 635 |  |
| 1,230 | 1,225 | 414 |  | .. | 353 | 88 | 1,363 |  |
| 1,019 1,166 | 1,569 | 549 | 1 |  | 435 | 141 | 1,688 | 11 |
| 1,16t | 2,058 | 381 | 1 | 2 | 571 | 130 | 1,765 |  |
| 3,933 | 5,980 | 1,420 | 5 | 2 | 1,820 | 447 | 5,451 | 15 |
| 465 | 5.968 | 626 | 2 | - | 1,689 | 512 | 3,548 | 8 |
| 423 | 9.470 | 363 | . | .. | 1,180 | 272 | 1,570 | 15 |
| 765 | 4.931 | 704 | . |  | 1,884 | 313 | 3,128 | 7 |
| 123 | ${ }_{3,681}^{3,405}$ | 1,053 | 6 10 | 17 4 | 2,004 | 527 226 | 3,056 1,749 | 31 |
| 2,667 | 20,299 | 3,301 | 18 | 21 | 7,654 | 1,850 | 13,050 | 415 |

Suits and applications under the Rent Law．］

STATEMENT XX－D．－
Showing the disposal of suits and applications．under Ast II of 1901 （Agra
Tenancy Rules of 1918 during the

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 呙 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{\underline{\theta}} \\ & \dot{A} \end{aligned}$ | District． | Pending at the close of the last year． | Filed during the year． | Total for disposal． | Without trial． | Compro－ mised． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gorakhpur } \\ \text { Basti } \\ \text { Azamarh } & \text {－}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16,912 \\ 7,608 \\ -\quad 5,436 \end{array}$ | 32,149 18,722 15,191 | $\begin{aligned} & 49,060 \\ & 26,330 \\ & 20,627 \end{aligned}$ | 4,235 <br> 3,531 <br> 2,677 | 1,320 641 1,755 |
|  | Total | 29，956 | 66，061 | 96，017 | 10，443 | 3，716 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Ko. } \\ \text { MAUN. } \end{gathered}$ | Naini Tal | 64 | 214 | 278 | 37 | 43 |
|  | Total，Act II of 1901．． | 1，27，165 | 4，02，160 | 5，29，325 | 62，290 | 29，173 |
| $\left.\begin{aligned} & \text { 若 } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { 总 } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Lucknow } & \\ \text { Unao } & . . \\ \end{array}$ | 93 | 2，307 | 2，400 | 561 | 149 |
|  |  | 261 | 3，287 | 3，493 | 583 | 297 |
|  | Rae Bareli | 177 | 3，449 | 3，626 | 639 | 160 |
|  | Sitapur ．－ | 575 | 4，845 | 5,420 7538 | 1，666 | 161 |
|  | Hardoi ．． | 458 | 7，030 | 7，538 | 927 | 724 |
|  | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Kheri } & \text { ．} \\ \\ & \text { Total }\end{array}$ | 106 | 3，077 | 3，183 | 753 | 79 |
|  |  | 1，670 | 23，995 | 25，665 | 5，129 | 1，560 |
|  | Fyzabad．． Gonda Bahraich．． Sultanpur Partabgarh Bara Banki | 197 | 4，261 | 4，458 | 1，219 | 193 |
|  |  | 505 | 5，511 | 6，016 | 1，299 | 445 |
|  |  | 136 | 6，483 | 6，674 | 2，645 | 257 |
|  |  | 151 | ${ }_{5}^{4,244}$ | 4，395 | 859 | 398 |
|  |  | 105 | 5，351 | 5，456 | 2，485 | 150 |
|  |  | 134 | 3，644 | 3，773 | 886 | 286 |
|  | －Total ． | 1，278 | 29，499 | 30，777 | 9，383 | 1，709 |
|  | Total，Act XXII of 1896 | 2，043 | 53，494 | 56，442 | 14，462 | 3，269 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \dot{\Delta} \\ \vdots \\ \text { 号 } \\ \text { 品 } \end{array}\right\}$ | Naini Tal .. <br> Almora .. <br> Garhwal ．． .. | 13 | 95 | 109 | 1. | 13 |
|  |  | 44 49 | 181 207 | （b） 225 .256 | 25 68 | 12 |
|  | Total under Kumaun | 106 | 483 | 589 | 94 | 52 |
|  | Grand Total ．． | 1，30，219 | 4，56，137 | 5，86，356 | 76，846 | 32，494 |

Nore．－As in previous years this statement is exclusive of applications for ejectment，which
（b）Includes 82 cases ander Gorernmont notificatious nos．1190／1－627 and 23／IX－165， the Rent Law.

## (United Provinces).

Tenancy Act), Act XXII of 1886 (Oudh Rent Act) and the Kumaun year ending 30th September, 1923-(concluded).

| Number disposed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  | Pending at the close ofthe year. | Number pending more than three months at the close of the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Without contest. |  |  | On reference to arbitration. |  | With contest. |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Decreed } \\ \text { onfersion. } \\ \text { conf } \end{gathered}$ | Decreed ex parte. | Dismissed ex parte. | $\underset{\text { plaintiff. }}{\text { For }}$ | $\underset{\text { For }}{\text { Fendant. }}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Judgment } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { plaintifi in } \\ \text { whole or } \\ \text { in part. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Judgment for defendant. |  |  |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 9,382 5,225 | 8,753 <br> 5,027 <br> , | 2,760 <br> 1,159 | .$^{8}$ | 5 | 5,244 8,419 | 2,039 768 | 15,315 7,566 | 334 160 |
| 2,283 | 3,615 | 1,785 | 4 | .. | 2,430 | 863 | 5,215 | .. |
| 16,890 | 17,394 | 5,704 | 12 | 5 | 10,093 | 3,664 | 28,0c6 | 494 |
| 64 | 35 | 14 | 2 | . | 18 | 9 | 59 | 7 |
| 61,673 | 1,74,891 | 25,228 | 232 | 76 | 53,300 | 15,896 | 1,06,566 | 2,238 |
| 499 | 424 | 131 |  |  | 356 | 132 | 148 | 13 |
| 278 | 783 | 448 | 1 | 3 | 784 | 185 | 146 | 28 |
| 316 | 967 | 398 |  |  | 627 | 292 | 227 | 18 |
| 934 | 1,036 | 199 |  |  | 815 | 168 | 447 | 53 |
| 667 | 1,517 | 937 | 6 | 164 | 1,765 | 489 | 442 | 124 |
| 278 | 930 | 330 |  | .. | 365 | 238 | 210 | 22 |
| 2,972 | 5,657 | 2,343 | 7 | 167 | 4.712 | 1,498 | 1,620 | 258 |
| 239 501 | 998 925 | 275 421 |  | $\cdots$ | 727 1,114 | 571 486 | 234 825 | 12 237 |
| 473 | 1,992 | 137 | .. | $\because$ | 1,114 | ${ }_{227} 28$ | 103 | 23 |
| 257 | 858 | 408 | . | .. | 882 | 497 | 236 | 1 |
| 162 | 849 1,091 | 666 308 |  |  | 772 | . 329 | 103 | 1 |
| 422 | 1,081 | 308 | 41 | .. | 523 | 89 | 142 | 56 |
| 2,054 | 6,703 | 2,215 | 43 | . | 4,873 | 2,199 | 1,643 | 810 |
| 5,026 | 12,360 | 4,558 | 50 | 167 | 9,585 | 3,697 | 3,263 | 568 |
| 6 7 | 39 36 | 20 7 | $\cdots 2$ | $\ldots$ | 14 54 |  | 15 49 | 20 |
| 19 | 92 | 28 | 2 | - | 112 | 73 | 117 | 31 |
| 66,718 | 1,87,343 | 29,814 | 234 | 243 | 62,997 | 13,666 | 1,03,551 | 2,837 |

are shown in statements XXI-A and XXI-B. It is exclusive also since 1912.13 of applications
under section $C O(1)$ of the Oudh Rent Act nuder sechion Co(1) of the Oudh Rent Act.
dated respectivoly the 30th June, 1916, and 9th January, 1917, and rule 57(4) of Partition Rules.

Showing the number of suits and applications for ejectment under sections 6:

－（Province of Agra）．
and 59，Act II of 1901，during the year ending 30th Seplember， 1923.

| Total area from which eject－ ment ordered． |  |  | 骨号: | Applications under section 59. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conditionally． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Area from which eject－ ment ordered． |  |  | Ejectment order ed of bon－ocen－ pancy tenants． |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 产总 | 发 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |  | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| Acres． | Acres． | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Acres. } \\ 879 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acres. } \\ & * 917 \end{aligned}$ | 21 | ${ }^{8}$ | 16 | 1 | Acres． | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Acres } \\ 3 \end{array}$ | －${ }_{\text {Acres：}}$ |  | Acres． |
| 75 | 12，998 | 13，073 | 12，611 | 919 | 57 | 912 | 355 | 394 | 1，467 | 1，861 |  | $\cdots$ |
| 1，633 | 12，043 | 13，631 | 11，940 | 1，081 | 70 | 1044 | 267 | 135 | 833 | 1，018 | 1 | 12 |
| ＋88 | 21，779 | 21，787 | 18，854 | 1，836 | 333 | 1，818 | 270 | 147 | 705 | 852 | 16 | 28 |
| 168 | 15，665 | 15，833 | 15，660 | 3，130 | 889 | 3，238 | 688 | ．． | 2，393 | 2，393 | 861 | 1，631 |
| 1，839 | 63，364 | 65，253 | 59，982 | 6，997 | 1，352 | 7，078 | 1，581 | 676 | 5，451 | 6，127 | 378 | 1，671 |
| 146 | 15，420 | 15，566 | ＊17，756 | 2，030 | 606 | 2，193 | 421 | 230 | 2，682 | 2，912 | 87 | 514 |
| 21 | 17，937 | 17，959 | 14，852 | 1，882 | 274 | 1，071 | 364 |  | 2,071 | 2，071 | 38 | 181 |
| 622 | 10，375 | 10，997 | 7,819 | 1，471 | 144 | 1，427 | 429 | 1，413 | 3，288 | 4，701 | 238 | 619 |
|  | 3，588 | 3，588 | 3，165 | 1，573 | 205 | 1，650 | 279 |  | 1，347 | 1，347 | 15 | 26 |
| 143 | 5，501 | 5，649 | 3，257 | 2，511 | 533 | 2，879 | 837 | 1，308 | 3，577 | 4，385 |  |  |
| 937 | 52，821 | 53，758 | 46，349 | 9，467 | 1，762 | 9，220 | ｜2，390 | 2，951 | 12，965 | 15，916 | 378 | 1，34） |
| 116 | 9，640 | 9，756 | 9，226 | 2，417 | 243 | 2，326 | 555 | $\cdots$ | 2，769 | $\stackrel{2,769}{ }$ |  |  |
|  | 13，256 | 13，256 | 12，163 | 1，183 | 128 | 1，128 | 232 | ．． | 1，145 | 1，145 | 6 | 14 |
| 27 | 8，882 | 8，909 | ${ }^{* 9,200}$ | 5，570 | 624 | 5，633 | 983 |  | 2，819 | 2，219 | 469 | 830 |
| 86 | 18，586 | 18，972 | ${ }^{*} 19,625$ | 3，283 | 300 | 3，358 | 622 | 52 | 1，861 | 1，913 | 30 | 69 |
|  | 6，335 | 6，895 | 6，275 | 3，578 | 399 | 3，648 | 1，006 | ．． | 2，726 | 2，726 | 90 | 138 |
| 20 | 2，551 | 2，571 | 2，147 | 857 | （a） 93 | 930 | 436 | ．． | 1，184 | 1，184 |  |  |
| 243 | 60，050 | 60，299 | 58，636 | 16，318 | 1，786 | 17，063 | 3，884 | 52 | 12，504 | 12，556 | 595 | 1，101 |
| 45 | 5，602 | 5，647 | ${ }_{5}^{4,678}$ | 2，236 | 229 | 2，136 | 332 | 6 | 934 | 940 | 94 | 254 |
| 203 | 6，845 | 6，043 | 5，798 | 1，444 | 211 | 1，342 | 229 |  | 750 | 750 | 13 | 11 |
| 39 | 11，640 | 11，679 | 10，935 | 1，145 | 103 | 1，149 | 185 | 110 | 505 | 615 | 94 | 181 |
| 9 | 5，909 | 5，913 | 5，198 | 556 | 18 | 431 | 102 |  | 288 | 283 | 4 | 9 |
| 65 | 15，303 | 15，358 | 12，044 | 1，233 | 103 | 1，224 | 213 | $\cdots$ | 998 | 998 | 13 | 23 |
| 351 | 44，299 | 44，650 | 33，653 | 6，664 | 663 | 6，332 | 1，061 | 116 | 3，475 | 3，591 | 217 | 478 |
|  | 2，160 | 2，160 | 1，635 | 171 | 23 | 166 | 5 |  | 409 | 409 |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | 7，208 | 7，268 | ＊7，310 | 173 | 8 | 154 | 20 | $\cdots$ | 247 | 247 | 2 | 8 |
| 12 | 6，479 | 6，491 | 4，704 | 248 |  | 229 | 94 | ．． | 674 | 674 | 21 | 172 |
| 59 | 4，505 | 4，864 | 4，250 | 244 | 14 | 242 | 79 | $\ldots$ | 454 | 454 | 58 | 313 |
| 71 | 20，712 | 20，783 | 17，899 | 856 | 45 | 791 | 258 | ．． | 1，784 | 1，784 | 11 | 712 |
|  | 8，230 | 3，280 | 2，289 | 1，621 | 194 | 1，656 | 163 |  | 566 | 566 | 73 | 103 |
| ．． | 8，204 | 8，204 | 5，871 | 571 | 70 | 605 | 109 | $\cdots$ | 583 | 583 |  |  |
| － | 2.112 | 2，112 | 1，894 | 654 | 68 | 690 | 45 |  | 76 | 76 | 21 |  |
| － | 1,447 | 1，447 | ${ }^{* 2,238}$ | 1，134 |  | 1，126 | 130 | 85 | 223 | 303 | 39 | 62 |
| ．． | 2，920 | 2，920 | 2，116 | 820 | 25 | 790 | 84 | ．． | 242 | 242 |  |  |
|  | 17，903 | 17，963 | 14，408 | 4，800 | 357 | 4，847 | 531 | 85 | 1，690 | 1，775 | 133 | 191 |
|  | 15.874 | 15，6\％4 | 11，166 | 2.463 | 42 | 2，245 | 239 | $\cdots$ | 383 | 353 | 231 |  |
|  | 10，019 | 10，019 | 8，719 | 1，007 | 63 | 999 | 309 | $\cdots$ | 348 | 348 | 53 | 91 |
|  | 3，160 | 3，161 | 2，317 | 593 | 69 | 618 | 96 | ． | 130 | 130 |  |  |
| 1 | 29，053 | 23，054 | 22，202 | 4，068 | 174 | 3，862 | 643 |  | 861 | 861 | 284 | 138 |
|  | 259 | 259 | 67 | 1 | ． | 1 | 1 | ． | 223 | 223 | 79 | 259 |
| $\cdots$ | 259 | 259 | 87 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 223 | 22 | 79 | 259 |
| 13，493 | 2，88521 | 2，92，019 | 2，58，216 | 49，641 | 6，139 | 49，194 | 10，239 | 3，880 | 38，953 | 42，883 | 9，177 | 5，850 |

Includes area in which ejectment was ordered in prerious year but dectees were executed during the jear．
）Rerised figurs．

Showing the number of applications for ejectment under sections 55 and 61, Act $X X I I$ of 1886, during the year ending 30th September, 1923.


STATEMENT XXI-B.-(OUdh).
Showing the number of applications for ejectment under sections 55 and 61, Act $X X I I$ of 1886, during the year ending 30th September, 1923-(continued).


Ejectment.]
STATEMENT XXI-B.-(OUDH).
Showing the number of applicalions for ejectment under sections 55 and 61, Act XXII of 1886, during the year ending 30th September, 1923-(concluded).


STATEMENT XXI-C.-(KUMAUN).
Showing the number of suits and applications for ejectment under serials 20 and 29 of the First Schedule of the Kumaun Tenancy Rules, 1918, during the year ending 30th September, 1923.

| Divi-sion. | District. | Suits under serial 20. |  |  |  |  |  | Applications under serial 29. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|  | Naini Tal <br> Almora <br> Garhwal <br> Total |  |  |  |  | Acres. | Acres. |  | . |  |  | Acres, |
|  |  |  | 7 | 7 | 2 | 2 |  | . | - | $\cdots$ | - |  |
|  |  |  | 12 | 16 | 9 | 4 | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | - |
|  |  |  | 3 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 22 | 32 | 13 | 7 | 2 | $\cdots$ | . | -• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |

Showing the number of applications for ejectment under sections 55 and 61，Act XXII of 1886，during the year onding 30 th September，1923－（concluded）．

|  | District． | Applioations under section 55． |  |  |  |  | Applications under section 60 （1） for assistance to eject． |  |  | Ejectment for arrears（section 61）． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total number disposed of. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 28 | 24 | 25 | 20 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 82 | 33 | 34 | 35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Acres． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Acres． |
|  | Lucknow | 2 | 1，954 | 1，269 | 870 | 1，425 | 642 | 458 | 1，100 | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 容 | Unam ．．． |  | 1，284 | 1，284 | 1，098 | 2，373 |  | 721 | 721 | $\cdots$ | － | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |
| 智 | Rae Bareii | 4 | 1，301 | 1，301 | 1，204 | 2,843 1,808 | － | 960 | 960 296 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ．． | $\cdots$ | ． |
| 哭 | Sitapur Hardoi | 4 | 192 2,801 | 187 2,801 | 487 1,972 | 1,808 3,761 | $\cdots$ | 296 1,487 | 1，487 | $\cdots$ | $\ddot{7}$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ |
| $\xrightarrow{1}$ | Kheri．． | －． | 813 | 813 | 1，780 | 2，524 | ．． | 1，579 | 579 |  | 778 | 778 | 230 | 1，153 |
|  | Total | 6 | 8，045 | 7，855 | 6，411 | 14，734 | 642 | 4，501 | 5，143 | －• | 778 | 778 | 230 | 1，168 |
|  | Fyzabad | － | 851 | 851 | 788 | 818 |  | 582 | 532 | － | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ＂ |
| $\dot{8}$ | Gonda．： | $\cdots$ | 1，473 | 1，473 | 1，344 | 11，027 | 2 | 1，447 | 1449 | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ． |
| ， | Sahraioh | $\cdots$ | 1，586 | 1，426 | 222 | －294 |  | 1，390 | ＋ 390 | ．． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | －• |
| 号 | Partabgarh | ． | 1，013 | 1，013 | 880 | 1，594 |  | 568 | 568 | －． |  |  | 18 | 39 |
|  | Bara Banki | －． | 764 | 764 | 631 | 893 | 929 | 449 | 1，878 | ． |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | ＊ | 6，057 | 6，057 | 4，820 | 52，490 | 931 | 4，459 | 5，389 | ． | 44 | 44 | 18 | 39 |
|  | Grand totae | 6 | 14，102 | 14，012 | 11，231 | 67，224 | 1，573 | 8，060 | 10，532 |  | 822 | 822 | 248 | 1，192 |

## STATEMENT XXI-C.-(KOMAON).

Showing the number of suits and applications for ejectment under serials 20 and 29 of the First Schedule of the Kumaun Tenancy Rules, 1918, during the year ending 30th Seplember, 1923.

| Division. | District. | Suits under serial 20. |  |  |  |  |  | Applications under serial 29. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 㝘 } \\ & = \\ & =0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}\{$ | Naini Tal <br> Almora <br> Garhwal <br> Total |  |  |  |  | Acres. | Acres. |  |  |  |  | Acres |
|  |  | $\cdots \quad 1$ | 7 | 7 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | $. \cdot \quad: 5$ | 12 | 16 | 9 | 4 | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | - |
|  |  | .. 6 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | .. | .. | . |  |
|  |  | • 12 | 22 | 32 | 13 | 7 | 2 | - |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |

Showing appeals to Collectors from the decrees and orders of Assistant Collectors, second class, under Act II of 1901 (Agra Tenancy Act), Act XXII of 1886 (Oudh Rent Act), and from decrees and orders under the Kumaun Tenancy Rules, 1918 or from orders of Assistant Collectors, during the year ending 30th September, 1923.



Showing anpeals preferred to Judges from the decrees and orders of Collectors and Assistant Collectors, 1st class, under Act 11 of 1801 (Agra Tenancy Act) and Act XXII of 1886 (Oudh Rent Agt) during the year ending 30th September, 1923.

$\stackrel{\sim}{\infty}$

|  | Jhansi ． <br> Sibluaz $\ldots$ <br> Hamirpur $\because$ <br> Banda $\because$ | 3 4 10 8 | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 6 \\ 16 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 10 \\ & 26 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{1}$ | $\ldots{ }^{2}$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | \＃ $\square$ $\square$ | 7 2 $\cdots$ 1 | $\ldots$ | ．． $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 1\end{array}$ | .$^{1}$ | 3 <br> 7 <br> 26 <br> 11 | $\cdots \begin{array}{r}2 \\ \cdots \\ 21 \\ 11\end{array}$ | 83 34 81 74 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | 25 | 40 | 65 | 1 | 2 | ． | ． | ． | － | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 47 | 94 | 272 |
| 鮀 | Benares $\ldots$ <br> MLizapur $\ldots$ <br> Jampur $\ldots$ <br> Chazipur $\ldots$ <br> Ballia . | 8 16 5 41 38 | 20 26 33 86 21 | 23 42 88 77 59 | $\because$ $\cdots$ . . | 3 4 4 3 5 3 | $\because$ $\square$ $\square$ | $\cdots$ | $\square$ <br> $\because$ <br> $\cdots$ <br> 1 | $\because$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ | 12 16 19 32 25 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \because \\ & \because 8 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 5 5 4 5 7 9 | $\begin{array}{ll}\cdots \\ \cdots \\ \cdots & \\ \\ \\ 7\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 18 \\ 6 \\ 18 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \cdots \quad 5 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 248 \\ 111 \\ 241 \\ 138 \\ 79 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | 103 | 136 | 244 | 2 | 13 | 3 | － | 1 | $\cdots$ | 104 | 12 | 30 | 11 | 60 | 26 | 817 |
|  | Gorakhpur <br> Basti ．． <br> Azamgarh | 23 43 43 | 72 50 42 | $\begin{array}{r} 111 \\ 93 \\ 85 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2 1 1 | 9 2 2 2 | 8 5 | 4 1 | 5 | $\cdots$ | 44 41 46 | 1 | 21 22 10 | 3 | 14 21 26 | 2 4 14 | 169 224 97 |
|  | Total | 125 | 164 | 289 | 4 | 13 | 13 | 5 | 5 | $\cdots$ | 131 | 1 | 53 | 3. | 61 | 20 | 490 |
| 莦云 | Naini Tal | $\cdots$ | － | ． | ． | ．． | －$\cdot$ | ． | － | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ．$\cdot$ | ． |  | ． | ． | 3 |
|  | Total，Province of Agra． | 1，103 | 1，592 | 2，785 | 25 | 104 | 39 | 13 | 22 | 2 | 806 | 241 | 262 | 83 | 1，178 | 721 | 14，282 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 12 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 48 \\ 28 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 42 \\ & 28 \\ & 57 \\ & 61 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 50 54 30 65 89 35 | $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ |  | 1 $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because 2$ $\cdots$ $\because$ $\square$ | $\square$ <br> $\cdots$ <br> $\cdots$ <br> $\because$ | 19 9 8 8 12 1 | 1 2 6 $\cdots$ 3 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \\ & 6 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 8 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ 28 \\ 3 \\ 53 \\ 63 \\ 26 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 14 \\ 1 \\ 52 \\ 42 \\ \mathbf{9} \end{array}$ | 156 197 144 414 923 67 |
|  | Total | 77 | 240 | 323 | 2 | 9 | 1 | ． | 2 | ． | 52 | 18 | 30 | 5 | 204 | 129 | 1，901 |
| 家 | Fyzabad $\ldots$ <br> Gonda．． $\ldots$ <br> Brharaich $\ldots$ <br> Sultabpur $\ldots$ <br> Partabgarh $\ldots$ <br> Bara Banki . | 6 37 27 18 2 4 4 | 37 65 60 67 13 56 | 43 102 87 85 20 60 | $\square$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }_{4}^{4} \\ \cdots \\ \cdots \\ { }_{3} \end{gathered}$ | $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ <br> $\square$ <br> $\square$ <br> $\square$ <br> . | 8 23 15 32 15 15 20 | 1 3 3 2 1 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 4 \\ & 1 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \quad{ }^{2} \\ & \cdots \\ & 2 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 23 70 62 31 2 6 | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 53 \\ 50 \\ 13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 141 298 272 919 119 212 |
|  | Total | 94 | 303 | 337 | 10 | 11 | 9 | － | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 113 | 10 | 45 | 5 | 194 | 126 | 1，261 |
|  | Total，Oudh ． | 171 | 549 | 720 | 12 | 20 | 10 | $\cdots$ | 2 | $\cdots$ | 105 | 23 | 75 | 10 | 398 | 255 | ，3，262 |
|  | Grand Total ．． | 1，364 | 2，141 | 3，505 | 37 | 124 | 49 | 18 | 24 | 2 | 971 | 269 | 337 | 98 | 1，576 | 976 | 17，544 |

Showing the disposal of appeals to Commissioners under Act II of 1901 (Agra of 1918, during the year

(a) Excludes 7 cases returned for prescatation to proper court.
(b) Revised figure.

## (53A) 【Appeals under the Rent Law.

## (United Pbovinces).

Tenancy Act), Act XXII of 1886 (Oudh Rent Act), and the Rumaun Rules ending 30th September, 1923.


## STATEMENT XXIV.-

Showing the disposal of appeals to Commisssoners under Act II of 1901 rules of 1918, during the year

(c) Returned for presentation
(d) Revised figure,

## (55A ) [Appeals under the Rent Law.

## (United Provinces).

(Agra Tenancy Act), Act XXII of 1886 (Oudh Rent Act), and the Kumaun ending 30th September, 1923-(concluded).

to the District Judge.

Statement showing the disposal of appeals transferred by Commissioners to Collectors.


## STATEMENT XXV.

Showing the progress of settlement work during the year 1922-23.


STATEDENT XXVI-A:
Showing settlement cases instituted and disposed of during the year 1922-23.
(Class I.-Record cf rights cases.-Class II.-Rent cases.-Class III.Miscellaneous cases).


STATEMENT XXVI－B．
Showing the rumber of settlement appeals instituted and disposed of during the year 1922－23．

|  | District． |  | Officer． |  |  |  | Decided． |  |  |  |  | 员 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 高 } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { rig } \\ \text { d } \\ \text { 品 } \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 商 |  |
| 1 | 2 |  |  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 定 | Muzaflarnagar | ．． | Commissioner ．． | 4 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 3 | 1 | ． | ． | 4 | － |
| 晏 | Bulandshahr | ． | Ditto ．． | 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | ．． | －• | 1 | －． |
| 2 | Muttra |  | Settlement officer．． | 116 | 197 | 313 | 102 | $\cdots$ | 44 | 12 | 158 | 1.55 |
| 㐫 | Agra ．． |  | Ditto ．． | $\cdots$ | 26. | 26 | 13 | $\cdots$ | 13 | $\cdots$ | 26 | ． |
| 4 | Do．．． |  | Commissioner ．． | ． | 70 | 70 | 23 | $\cdots$ |  | － | 23 | 47 |
| Luck. | Unao ．． | ． | Settlement officer | － | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | ＂ | 4 | － |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { FYZ. } \\ \text { ABAD } \end{gathered}$ | Partabgarh | －• | Ditto ．． | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | ． | ．． | 1 | － | 1 | － |

STATEMENT XXVII-
Showing propristary mutations registered under orders of Civil and during the agricultural


## （United Provinces）．

Revenue Courts or by private transfer consequent on sals or mortgage，etc．， year 1922－23．

| By private transfer． |  |  |  |  | spervo egnsqiour fo xequmn | 荌 <br>  | *вesvo лөч |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sale of revenue paying lands． |  | Sale of revenue free lands． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | －${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ | \％${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \& } \\ & \text { E. } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 另 } \\ & \text { 号 } \\ & \text { 总 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 141 \\ 1,906 \\ 1,313 \\ 2,181 \\ 800 \end{array}$ | Ris． | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 28 \\ 100 \\ 62 \\ 66 \end{array}$ | Rs． | $\begin{array}{r} 345 \\ 3,877 \\ 3,012 \\ 4,840 \\ 2,320 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2: 8 \\ 43 S \\ 1,222 \\ \mathbf{8 7 9} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 431 \\ 677 \\ 1,122 \\ 271 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \\ 916 \\ 862 \\ 1,015 \\ 363 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 635 \\ 7,456 \\ 6,467 \\ 10,442 \\ 4,759 \end{array}$ |
|  | 1，079 |  | 277 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 33，303 |  | 441 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15，053 |  | 109 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 23，504 |  | 446 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 31，290 |  | 277 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6，406 | 1，04，242 | 264 | 1，550 | 14，895 | 2，397 | 2，501 | 3，196 | 29，659 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |
| 619 | 20，117 | 39 | 66 | 2，084 | 285 | 251 | 411 | 8，689 |
| 171 | 1，500 | ． |  | 1，061 | 403 | 275 | 538 | 2，448 |
| 583 | 22，525 | 10 | 98 | 2，464 | 281 | 252 | 793 | 4，383 |
| 335 | 8，984 | ．． |  | 1，785 | 63 | 40 | 177 | 2，340 |
| 424 | 4，841 | 8 | 43 | 2，306 | 36 | 67 | 340 | 3，231 |
| 2，132 | 57，967 | 57 | 207 | 9，640 | 1，118 | 885 | 2，259 | 16，091 |
| 637 | 15，953 | 87 | 187 | 1，519 | 92 | 70 | － 728 | 3，083 |
| 1，086 | 23，656 | 39 | 398 | 2，585 | 156 | 126 | 816 | 4，752 |
| 885 | 12，147 | 72 | 181 | 3，030 | 247 | 138 | 693 | 5，065 |
| 1，210 | 17，799 | 396 | 8，049 | 3，206 | 131 | 129 | 9 c 6 | 5，973 |
| 574 | 9，978 | 40 | 53 | 2，257 | 139 | 55 | 244 | 3，309 |
| 223 | 11，778 | 9 | 40 | 432 | 12 | 13 | 235 | 974 |
| 4，615 | 91，316 | 527 | 3，913 | 18，029 | 777 | 531 | 3，683 | 23，161 |
| 534 | 8，394 | 18 | 207. | 2，654 | 83 | 96 | 294 | 3，679 |
| 333 | 10，495 | 3 | 15 | 1，297 | 48 | 61 | 274 | 2，016 |
| 540 | 14，258 |  |  | 2，878 | 55 | 75 | 223 | 3，771 |
| 434 | 12，536 |  |  | 1，789 | 106 | 209 | 252 | 2，7¢0 |
| 550 | 10，991 | 1 | 14 | 3，445 | 203 | 346 | 507 | 5，0：2 |
| 2，391 | 56，604 | 22 | 236 | 12.063 | 495 | 787 | 1，550 | 17，308 |
| 848 | 4，051 |  |  | 1，643 | 80 | 46 | 182 | 2，299 |
| －207 | 2，990 | ．． | － | 1，738 | 87 | 110 | 101 | 2，243 |
| 350 | 4，694 | 22 | 46 | 1，970 | 88 | 92 | 288 | 2，810 |
| 487 | 4，839 |  | ．． | 2，429 | 131 | 253 | 561 | 8，3¢1 |
| 1，392 | 16，674 | 22 | 46 | 7，780 | 336 | 501 | 1，132 | 11，213 |

STATEMENT XXVII-
Showing proprietary mutations registered under orders of Civil and
during the agricultural

[Mutations.
(United Provinces).
Revenue Courts or by private transfer consequent on sale or mortgage, etc., year 1922-23-(concluded).


(a) The difference as compared with last year's balance is due to transfer during the year of cases from
(United Provinces.)
ending 30th Septenber, 1923.

the file of imperfect partitions to that of perfect partitions and vice versa,

STATEMENT XXVIII-
Of perfect and imperfect partitions for the year


[^5](United Provinces.)
enting 30ih Scytember, 1923-(concludet).

|  |  | Imperfect partitions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of mahals. |  | Number of cases pending at the beginning of the year. | Number of new applications filed. | Total for disposal. | Number of partitions actually carried out. | Number of appli cations otherwise disposed of. | Remain ing for disposal. | Date of oldest case pending. | Number of pat tis. |  |
| Before partition. | After partition. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Before partition. | Aftor parti tion. |
| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 2 | 7 | 37 | 19 | 56 | 12 | 13 | 81 | 25th Novr., 1920 | 13 | 59 |
| 9 | 27 | 20 | 6 | 26 | 9 | 2 | 15 | 7th April, 1919 .. | 9 | 22 |
| 5 | 8 | 35 | 46 | 81 | 16 | 14 | 51 | 6th June, 1918 .. | 53 | 132 |
| 4 | 13 | (a) 64 | 54 | 118 | 17 | 17 | 84 | 16th Feb. 1917 .. | 18 | 95 |
| 6 | 16 | 33 | 7 | 40 | 10 | 1 | 29 | 18th May, 1917 .. | 11 | 28 |
| 26 | 71 | 189 | 132 | 321 | 64 | 47 | 210 |  | 104 | 33 |
| 42 | 185 | 306 | 133 | 439 | 200 | 4.5 | 194 | 20th May, 1913 | 647 | 959 |
| 15 | 43 | (a)259 | 173 | 432 | 165 | 16 | 251 | 11th Sepr., 1919 .. | 382 | 1,15: |
| 4 | 10 | (a)190 | 130 | 320 | 81 | 33 | 206 | 7th Feb., 1918 .. | 1,006 | 2,54: |
| 61 | 238 | 755 | 486 | 1,191 | 446 | 94 | 651 |  | 2,035 | .4,655 |
| 2 | 6 | (a) 10 | 11 | 21 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 7th Decr., 1922 .. | 8 | 25 |
| - | .. | 76 | 114 | 190 | 101 | 13 | 76 | 28th April, 1921 .. | .. |  |
| - | . | 39 | 126 | 165 | 79 | 36 | 50 | 7th Jan., 1922 .. | - | - |
| 2 | 6 | 125 | 251 | 376 | 189 | 53 | 134 |  | 8 | 2 |
| 414 | 1,273 | 3,598 | 2,655 | 6,253 | 2,060 | 889 | 3,304 |  | 3,866 | 10,617 |
| 8 | 40 | 25 | 15 | 40 | 11 | 10 | 19 | 9th May, 1921 | 11 | 27 |
| 7 | 25 | (b)75 | 21 | 96 | 22 | 7 | 67 | 8th Aug., 1918 .. | 22 | 11 |
| 4 | ${ }^{2}$ | 20 | 10 | 30 | 11 | 5 | 14 | 22nd April, 1918 .. | 11. | 5 |
| 11 | 10 | (a) 32 | 25 | 57 | 12. | 9 | 36 | 31st Jan., 1923 .. | 4 | $1:$ |
| 11 | 87 | 74 | 39 | 113 | 35 | 25 | 53 | 3rd Aug., 1920 .. | 35 | 200 |
|  | 4 | 40 | 24 | 64 | 4 | 15 | 45 | 16th Juve, 1919 .. | 4 | 16 |
| 33 | 118 | 266 | 134 | 400 | 95 | 71 | 234 |  | 87 | 429 |
| 11 | 43 | 62 | 51 | 113 | 30 | 15 | 68 | 30th Augt., 1820 | 4 | 16 |
| 12 | 32 | 67 | 57 | 124 | 35 | 23 | 66 | 27th Sepr., 1919 .. | 38 | 271 |
| $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 9 | 4 | 30 | 34 | 1 | 11 | 22 | 20th Octr., 1921 .. | 1 | 2 |
| 9 | 30 | (a)78 | 56 | 124 | 41 | 26 | 67 | 16th Decr., 1913 .. | 41 | 213 |
| 10 | 19 | $\stackrel{47}{4}$ | 12 | 39 | 22 | 18 | 4 | 50th Jan., 1922 .. | ¢2 | 77 |
| 10 | 84 | 36 | 25 | 61 | 17 | 17 | 27 | 20th Sepr., 1920 .. | 18 | 95 |
| 52 | 166 | 274 | 231 | 505 | 140 | 105 | 254 |  | 124 | $C_{4}$ |
| 85 | 284 | 540 | 305 | 905 | 241 | 176 | 488 |  | 211 | 1102 |
| 499 | 1,557 | 4,138 | 3,020 | 7,153 | 2,301 | 1,065 | 3,792 |  | 4,077 | 11,719 |

the file of imperiect partitions to that of perfect partitions and vice eersa.

STATEMENT XXIX．－（United Phovinces）．
Showing appeals under the Lind Revenue Act，III of 1901，and the Kumaun Rules for the year ending 30th September， 1923.

|  | District． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 60 | 66 | 60 | $6 d$ | $6 e$ | 7 | 8 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 禺 } \\ \text { 舄 } \\ \text { 思 } \end{gathered}$ | Dehra Dun | 1 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |
|  | Saharanpur | 61 | 263 | 324 | 26 | 8 | 3 | 180 | 217 | 107 | 17 |
|  | Muzaffarnagar | 41 | 179 | 220 |  | 6 | 1 | 209 | 216 | 4 |  |
|  | Meerut | 103 | 472 | 575 |  | 3 | 32 | 433 | 473 | 102 | 54 |
|  | Bulandshahr | （a） 45 | 339 | 384 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 103 | 120 | 264 | 65 |
|  | Collector＇s Court ．． | 251 | 1，256 | 1，507 | 85 | 18 | 38 | 983 | 1，029 | 478 | 156 |
|  | Commissioner＇s Court．． | 119 | 339 | 488 |  | 4 | 200 | 113 | 317 | 171 | 81 |
|  | Total | 400 | 1，940 | 1，995 | 35 | 22 | 233 | 1，051 | 1，346 | 649 | 21.7 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{r} \dot{4} \\ \text { 总 } \\ 4 \end{array}\right\}$ | Aligarh | 44 | 265 | 309 |  | 14 | 5 | 238 | 255 | 54 | ．$\cdot$ |
|  | Muttra | 1 | 54 | 55 | －． |  |  | 47 | 47 | 8 |  |
|  | Agrs | 19 | 150 | 169 | 16 |  |  | 135 | 151 | 18 | 1 |
|  | Mainpuri | 16 | 185 | 201 |  | 5 | 3 | 163 | 171 | 30 |  |
|  | Etah | 14 | 175 | 189 | 4 | 2 | 9 | 150 | 173 | 16 | $\ldots$ |
|  | Collector＇s Court ．．． | 94 | 829 | 923 | 20 | 19 | 17 | 741 | 797 | 126 | 1 |
|  | Commissioner＇s Court．． | 55 | 342 | 397 |  | 10 | 49 | 164 | 228 | 174 | 84 |
|  |  | 149 | 1，171 | 1，320 | 20 | 29 | 66 | 905 | 1，020 | 800 | $85^{\circ}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{0} \\ & \text { 要 } \\ & \text { 句 } \\ & \text { 会 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|cl} \text { Total } & \text { Bareilly } \end{array}$ | 32 | 155 | 187 |  | 9 | 1 | 165 | 175 | 12 | 3 |
|  | Bijuor | 2 | 83 | 85 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 79 | 83 | 12 |  |
|  | Budaun | 9 | 117 | 126 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 93 | 102 | 24 | 4 |
|  | Moradabad | 20 | 156 | 176 | $\cdots$ | 3 | 2 | 152 | 157 | 19 |  |
|  | Shabjuhaupur | 36 | 151 | 187 | $\cdots$ | 11 | 11 | 141 | 164 | 23 |  |
|  | Pilibhit | 5 | 83 | 93 |  | 1 | ．， | 80 | 81 | 12 | 2 |
|  | Collector＇s Court ．． | 104 | 750 | 854 | 3 | 31 | 18 | 710 | 762 | 98 | 21 |
|  | Commissioner＇s Court．． | 52 | 299 | 351 |  |  | 70 | 175 | 245 | 106 | 42 |
|  | Total | 156 | 1，043 | 1，205 | 3 | 31 | 88 | 880 | 1，007 | 198 | 53 |
|  | Frarrukhabad | 45 | 162 | 207 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 164 | 175 | 32 | 6 |
|  | Etawah | 13 | 138 | 151 |  | 5 |  | 132 | 137 | 14 |  |
|  | Canreore | 11 | 168 | 179 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 147 | 158 | 21 | 4 |
|  | Fatehpur | 36 | 133 | 169 |  | 1 |  | 114 | 115 | 54 | 5 |
|  | Allahabad | 37 | 107 | 144 |  | 1 | 2 | 116 | 119 | 25 | ．． |
|  | Collector＇s Court ： | 142 | 703 | 850 | 3 | 14 | 14 | 673 | 704 | 146 | 15 |
|  | Commissioner＇s Court．． | 36 | 374 | 410 |  | 5 | 14 | 323 | 342 | 68 | 21 |
|  | Total | 178 | 1，082 | 1，260 | 3 | 19 | 28 | 996 | 1，046 | 214 | 36 |
|  | Thansi | 7 | 71 | 78 | 2 |  |  | 73 | 75 | 3 | 1 |
|  | Jalaun | 16 | 94 | 110 |  | 3 | 4 | 92 | 99 | 11 | 4 |
|  | Hamirpur | 9 | 64 | 73 |  | ． | 10 | 59 | 69 | 4 | 1 |
|  | Banda | 8 | 114 | 122 |  |  | 61 | 33 | 99 | 23 | 5 |
|  | Collector＇s Court ．． | 40 | 843 | 383 | 2 | 3 | 75 | 262 | 34.2 | 41 | 11 |
|  | Commissioner＇s Court．． | 16 | 112 | 128 | 2 | ． | 16 | 93 | 111 | 17 | ． 11 |
|  | Total | 56 | 45. | 511 | 4 | 3 | 41 | 355 | 453 | 58 | 11 |
|  | Benares | 35 | 93 | 128 |  |  |  | 111 | 111. | 17 | 1 |
|  | Mirzapur | 2 | 78 | 80 |  | ． | 4 | 75 | 79 | 1 |  |
|  | Jannpur | 5 | 150 | 155 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 96 | 103 | 52 |  |
|  | Ghazipur | 52 | 295 | 347 |  | 2 | ．． | 298 | 294 | 53 |  |
|  | Ballia | 64 | 435 | 499 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 316 | 327 | 172 | 94 |
|  | Collectors CourtCommissioner＇s Court． | 158 | 1，051 |  |  | 12 | 9 | 890 | 914 | 295 | 95 |
|  |  | （b） 231 | 322 | 553 | 5 | 3 | 47 | 154 | 209 | 344 | 275 |
|  | Total | 389 | 1，373 | 1，762 | 8 | 15 | 56 | 1，044 | 1，123 | 639 | 370 |

（a）Excludes 43 cases returned to Commissioner
（b）Correct figure now reported．

STATEMENT XXIX.-(United Previsces). Showing appeals under the Land Revenue Act, III of 1901, and the Kumaun Rules for the year ending 30 th September, 19:3-(concluded).


Action taken to avert sale in execution of civil court decrees.]

Statement XXXA. -United Provinces (Kumien excepted).
Showing the action taken in the revenue year 1922-23, under the third schedu'e of the Civil Procedure Code of 1908 , to avert sale of ancestral land in execution of Civil Cuurt decries.

( ils ) (Action taken to avert sale in execution of civil court decrees.
statement XxXa.-United Profinces (Komadn excepted).
Slowing action taken in the revenue year 1922-23, under the third schedule of the Civil Procedure Code of 1908, to atert sale of ancestral land in exccution of Civil Court decrees-'coacluded). .


## Action taken to avert sale in execution ( 72A of Revenue Court decrees.]

## STATEMENT XXXB-Ouda).

Showing the action taken in the revenue year $1922-23$ under the rules in Board's Circular 26-II, to avert sale of ancestral land in execution of Revenue Court decrees in Oudh.


## statement Xix－C．－（United Provinces．）

Shoving the result of proceedings on applications for execution of decrees and orders during the year ending 30 th Seplember， 1923.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 关 } \\ & \stackrel{B}{\square} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | District． |  |  |  |  |  | Date of oldest casc． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rs． | Rs． | Rs． |
|  | Dehra D | 102 | 276 | 321 | 57 |  | 4th July， 1523 | 10，435 | 4，935 | 1，952 |
|  | Suharanpur ．．． | 391 | 2，413 | 2，329 | 480 |  | 17th Jan．， 1923 | 2，14，237 | 67，031 | 51，469 |
|  | Muzafiarnagar | 464 | 7，310 | 7，347 | 427 | 143 | 24th Jan．，1521 | 3，19，799 | 1，29，268 | 58，946 |
|  | Meerut | 1，241 | 11，231 | 11，171 | 1，301 | 246 440 | ${ }^{25 t h}$ April， 1921 | 6．50，107 | 2，42，126 | 1，28，988 |
|  | Bulandshatr | 1，117 | 3，729 | 3，670 | 1，176 |  | 15th July， 1919 | 5，71，230 | 3，33，542 | 2，37，738 |
|  | Total | 3，315 | 24，964 | 24，838 | 2，441 | 836 | ． | 17，65，918 | 7，76，502 | 4，79，093 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{4} \\ & \underset{4}{4} \end{aligned}$ | Aligurh |  | 8，777 | 7，291 | 856 | 222 | 20 th April， 1920 | 7，45，230 | 2，37，856 | ，64，070 |
|  | Muttra | 469 | 3，324 | 3，167 | 626 | 303 | 3rdMar．， 1922 | 2，27，736 | 78，193 | 58，897 |
|  | Agra． | 400 | 2，677 | 2，663 | 409 | 134 | 27th Jan．， 1922 | 2，14，385 | 76，735 | 44，094 |
|  | Mainpuri | 758 | 5，705 | 5，955 | 503 | 56 | 13th Sep．， 1921 | 3，11，299 | 1，54，077 | 52，349 |
|  | Etiah | 1，007 | 4，622 | 5，284 | 345 | 43 | 12th Sep．， 1922 | 3，00，890 | 2，19，620 | 81，270 |
|  | Total | 4，004 | 23，105 | 24，36 | 2，744 | 758 | ． | 17，99，540 | 7，65，981 | 4，00，680 |
|  | Bareilly | 294 | 2，010 | 2，002 | 293 | 74 | 6th Dec．， 1922 | 1，85，093 | 53，965 | 31，773 |
|  | Bijuor | 604 | 6，519 | 6，267 | 856 | 99 | 3rd July， 1922 | 4，20，959 | 1，59，529 | 1，15，297 |
|  | Budaun | 1，462 | 15，122 | 15，240 | 1，344 | 152 | 1914 Dec．， 1922 | 5，50，637 | 2，02，727 | 70，094 |
|  | Moradabad | 1，495 | 14，382 | 15，048 | 1，329 | 192 | 24th Octr．， 1922 | 6，42，146 | 2，49，303 | 1，15，190 |
|  | Shabjuhanpur | 441 | 3，143 | 3，168 | 491 | 68 | 1st April， 1922 | 1，88，442 | 98，643 | 47，304 |
|  | Pilibhit ．． | 106 | 1，956 | 1，933 |  |  | 31st Aug．， 1922 | 58，132 | 23，513 | 25，074 |
|  | Total | 4，402 | 43，623 | 43，658 | 4，372 | 616 | ．． | 20，45，214 | 7，77，679 | 4，04，732 |
|  | Farrukhab | 479 | 3，400 | 3，362 | 523 | 51 | 22nd April， 1922 | 1，76，121 | 96，418 | 41，521 |
|  | Etawah | 317 | 5，184 | 5，077 | 424 | 40 | 22nd Feb．， 1923 | 1，9，277 | 72，794 | 31，966 |
|  | Cawnpore | 543 | 8，543 | 8,524 | 572 | 71 | 21st Jan．， 1921 | 2，53，853 | 1，27，016 | 45，858 |
|  | Fatehpur | 404 | 4，659 | 4，749 | 314 | 18 | 20th Dec．， 1922 | 1，00，295 | 59，443 | 13，317 |
|  | Allahabad | 674 | 8，307 | 8，10 | 872 |  | ${ }^{\text {8th May，} 1922}$ | 1，55，670 | 88 | 30，194 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{w} \\ \stackrel{y}{4} \\ \stackrel{y}{3} \end{array}\right\}$ | Total | 2，427 | 30，099 | 29，821 | 2，705 | 995 | ．． | 8，20，216 | 4，43，917 | 1，62，856 |
|  | Jhansi | 51 | 959 | 945 | 65 | 7 | 4th June， 1923 | 27，671 | 13，115 | 5，040 |
|  | Jahaun | 23 | 1，169 | 1，116 | 76 | 15 | 11th Jan， 1923 | 30，296 | 17，184 | 5，240 |
|  | Hamirpur | 63 | 2，316 | 2，214． | 165 | 30 | 6th Octr．， 1922 | 42，359 | 24，151 | 6，653 |
|  | Banda | 102 | 2，349 | 2，307 | 144 | 10 | 18th April， 1923 | 50，021 | 30，744 | 5，690 |
|  | Total | 239 | 6，793 | 6，582 | 450 | 62 | ． | 1，50，347 | 85，194 | 22，623 |
|  | Benares | 570 | 3，487 | 3，646 | 351 | 21 | 5th Sep．，1922 | l，10，208 | 63，219 | 19，253 |
|  | Mirzapur | ${ }_{7}^{445}$ | 1，481 | 1，587 | 339 | 76 | 3rd Ang，1922 | 95，186 | 35，761 | 16，161 |
|  | Jaunpur | 736 | 4，646 | 4，565 | 817 | 74 | 13th Nor．， 1922 | 3，75，0－4 | 1，35，510 | 64，863 |
|  | Ghazipur | 223 149 | 2,257 2,419 | 2.255 2,327 | 230 241 | 66 | 1st Aug．， 1922 7th Oct．， 1922 | 68,947 91,818 | 21,275 31,571 | 25,490 8,033 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{6} \\ & \stackrel{y}{4} \\ & \stackrel{5}{8} \end{aligned}$ | Total | 2，123 | 14，240 | 14，380 | 1，953 | 240 | ．． | 6，40，723 | 2，87，636 | 1，33，850 |
|  | Gorathpur | 1，163 | 18，375 | 18，739 | 799 | 59 | 14th Feb．， 1923 | 1，78，828 | 94，277 | 29，941 |
|  | Baxti | 183 | 10，813 | $\underset{\substack{10,403 \\ 5 \\ \hline 129}}{ }$ | 193 | 5 | 12th May， 1923 | － $2,02,512$ | 89，674 | 27，173 |
|  | Aza | 1.37 | 5，147 | 5，122 | 212 |  | 3rd Apri， 1923 | 71，171 | 53，129 | 4，906 |
|  | Total | 1，533 | 34，835 | 34，604 | 1，204 | 65 |  | 4，52，511 | 2，37，060 | 62，020 |

## Execution of decrees.] (74a)

Statenent Xxx-C.-(United Provinulis).
Showing the result of proceedings on applications for execution of decrees and orders during the year ending 30th Septernber, 1923-(concluded).

|  | - District. |  |  |  |  |  | Date of oldest case. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rs. | Rs. | Rs, |
|  | Naini Tal ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10 | 115 | 114 | 11 | 3 | 2nd Feb., 1923 | 18,035 | 863 | 5,262 |
|  | Almora | 15 | 79 | 82 | 12 | 3 | 24 th Jan., 1623 | 2,402 | 950 | 567 |
|  | Garhwal | 1 | 68 | 61 | 8 | 1 | 16th Mar., 1923 | 1,698 | 1,216 | 241 |
|  | Total | 26 | 262 | 257 | 31. | 7 | . | 22,135 | 3,029 | 6,070 |
| 安 ${ }_{\text {O }}^{\text {¢ }}$ | Lucknow | 74 | 1,135 | 1,118 | 91 | 9 | 27th Oct., 1922 | 89,000 | 24,891 | 61,317 |
|  | Unao | 135 | 1,320 | 1,315 | 140 | 23 | 18th Now, 1922 | 82,325 | 37,037 | 18,941 |
|  | Rae Bareli | 85 | 1,570 | 1,587 | 63 | 31 | 15th May, 1922 | 72,733 | 16,582 | 12,723 |
|  | Sitapar | 128 | 1,989 | 2,025 | 92 | 28 | 31st July, 1922 | 1,61,503 | 25,360 | 33,640 |
|  | Hardoi | 239 | 2,136 | 2,154 | 221 | 56 | 19th Apr., 1922 | 1,27,070 | 35,346 | 23,499 |
|  | Kheri | 104 | 913 | 926 | 91. | 29 | 20th Dec., 1921 | 1,07,381 | 69,054 | 15,315 |
|  | Total | 765 | 9,063 | 9,125 | 703 | 176 | . | 6,40,012 | 2,03,270 | 1,65,440 |
|  | Fyzabad |  | 1,427 | 1,450 | 62 | 3 143 | 25th Jan., 1923 | 67,175 | 35,749 | 5,039 |
|  | Gonda | 312 103 | 1,402 | 1,413 | 801 | 143 | 23rd Nov., 191 | 2,06,245 | 1,06,743 | 99,004 |
|  | Bahraich | 103 | 1,404 | 1,417 | 95 | 15 | 17th Aug., 192 | 2,51,447 | 79,564 | 22,958 |
|  | Suitanpur | 257 | 1,838 | 1,214 | 211 | 53 | 4th Aug., 1922 | 1,80,249 | 68,978 | 24,178 |
|  | Partabgarh | 63 | 1,477 | 1,483 | 57 | 1 | 17th Mar., 1923 | 181,328 | 21,383 | 4,320 |
|  | Bara Banki . | 197 | 1,462 | 1,494 | 165 | 65 | 11th Mar., 1922 | 1,97,505 | 36,220 | 30,758 |
|  | Total | 1,022 | 9,040 | 9,171 | 891 | 288 | . | 9,34,3.19 | 3,43,537 | 1,96,857 |
|  | Grand Total | 19,301 | 1,05,529 | $\stackrel{(a)}{1,96,861}$ | 13,529 | 3,493 | - "* | 93,20,965 | 30,34,275 | $20,23,62$ |

(a) Amount involved in these oases was Rs. 72,97,3:4.

STATEMENT XXXI．
Compensation for land acquirel for publis purpcses and price realisel for land restorta ly Govern ment during t＇e yarr 1922－23．

| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{E} \\ & \frac{\dot{E}}{E} \\ & \dot{E} \end{aligned}$ | District． |  | Area of land taken tri． |  |  | trecont of com－ pexsation of erery cescription． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 荡 总 点 | －Sinenoduold |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Acres． | Acreä． | Acres． | Es． | Es． | Es． | Acres． 1 | 2s． |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{101}^{62}$ | $\because$ | 62 101 | 23,705 6.464 | －． | $\begin{array}{r}23,705 \\ 6,434 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\cdots 1$ | ＊ |
|  | Mugañarnagar | $\because$ | 17 | $\because$ | 17 | 1，501 | $\cdots$ | 1，501 | 1 |  |
|  | Meerat ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | ． | 8 | ． | 8 | 2，212 | ．． | 2，212 | 83 | 10，36 |
|  | Eulardshahr．． | ．． | ． | ． | ．． | ．． | $\cdots$ | ．． | 1 |  |
|  | Total | ．． | 133 | ．$\cdot$ | 133 | 20.60 | $\cdots$ | 83，502 | 85 | 10，5 |
|  | Aligarh Mutita | $\because$ |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | 21，571 | 2 2 |  |
|  | Agza | $\cdots$ | $\underline{1,171}$ | ． | 1，171 | 80，553 | $\cdots$ | \％0，583 |  | －＊ |
|  | Etainpuri ．． | ． | 15 | ． | 15 | 1，129 | ．． | 1，159 | $\cdots$ | － |
|  | Etah | － | 21 | $\cdots$ | 21 | C，C55 | ． | $\boldsymbol{E}_{2}$ | 13 | 7 |
|  | Total | ． | 1，2：2 | ． | 1，252 | 90，519 | ． | c0，913 | 23 | 4,6 |
|  | Eareilly | ． | 87 | 7 | 54 | 10，639 | 112 | 10，702 |  |  |
|  | Eindara $\quad \because$ | $\because$ | 5 | 2 | ${ }^{7}$ | 1,127 | 175 | 1，022 | ． |  |
|  | Mcadakad $\quad \because$ | $\because$ | 14 6 | ${ }^{10}$ | 14 | $5,6.8$ | $\because 243$ | E， | $\cdots$ | － |
|  |  | $\cdots$ | 2.37 | ${ }_{6}$ | 2，484 | 1， $2,2,477$ | \％${ }^{2}$ | 1， $2,0,132$ | 965 |  |
|  | Pilithit－． | ．． | 2，214 | $2 \geq 4$ | 2.443 |  | 4，611 | 10，045 |  |  |
|  | Total | ．． | 4，725 | 233 | 5，013 | 2，CE，S11 | 5，776 | 271，567 | $5{ }^{5}$ |  |
|  | $\underset{\text { Etawah }}{\text { Farrabad }}$ ． | $\because$ |  | ${ }^{1}$ | 13 |  | ＂ 3 | 2.955 | ${ }^{*} 4$ | $\Sigma$ |
|  | Campore $\quad \because$ | $\because$ | ${ }_{6}$ | ．． | 13 6 | 83，579 | 3 | $36,4.3$ | $\ldots$ |  |
|  | Faterpar－ | ．． |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |
|  | amabad |  |  |  | 7 |  | 143 | 1， |  |  |
|  | Tolal | －• | 22 | 4 | 25 | 62.581 | 152 | 40，70 | 4 | 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\vec{E}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{E} \\ & \stackrel{y}{E} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\cdots$ | ＊ | － |  |  | $\cdots$ | 2 |  | － |
|  | Eamirput $\quad \because$ | ． | 5 |  | 5 | $\mathrm{c}_{3}$ | $\cdots$ | $\epsilon^{2}$ | 123 | $\because$ |
|  | Eaxda | ．． | 1，225 |  | 1，205 | 10，535 | $\cdots$ | 62530 | 1 | 2 |
|  | Tctal | ． | 1，290 | ． | 1，20 | 42，457 | ．． | 42，4：7 | 121 | 5 |
|  | Eemares Inrzapur | $\because$ | 12.2 |  | 1：2 | $2{ }^{2} 51$ |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
|  | Jowner $\quad \because$ | $\cdots$ | $1,4.9$ 1 |  | 4， 1 | 25， 4.5 | $2-3$ | \％i，${ }^{\text {dy }}$ | $\because$ |  |
|  | Glazpar ．． | $\because$ | 15 |  | 15 | 56 | － | 78 | $\because$ |  |
|  | bailia－ | ．． | 83 |  | 63 | ［1，1\％ | ． | 21，20 | $\ldots$ |  |
|  | Tital | －• | 4，731 | 1 | 4，：31 | 1，60，53 | 2：3 | 1，11，02 |  |  |
| 苞 | Garblicr |  | 17 | $\cdots$ | 17 | 63 | $\cdots$ | 6 | \％ |  |
|  | Azäzur $\quad \because$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | $\because$ | 14.3 | ．． |  |
|  | Tital |  | 55 |  | 25 | 2，2t3 |  | ¢，ニ゙う | E |  |

```
Icquisition of land.]
```

( 764 )
STATEMENT XXXI.
Compensation for land acquired for public purposes and price realized for land - restored by Government during the year 1922-23-(concluded).


MEMO.
The following lands, not included in statement XXXI, have been acquired by private negotiation :-

| District. |  | Area appropriated. | Amount of com. pensa tion. | District. |  | - Area appropriated |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acres. | Rs. |  |  | Acres. | Rs, |
| Aligari .. |  | 2 | 132 | Gorakbpur .. | $\cdots$ | 8 | 57 |
|  |  |  |  | Total | * | 8 | 57 |
| Total |  | 2 | 482 | Naini Ta! .. |  |  |  |
| Budaun .- |  | 26 | 517 |  |  |  |  |
| Ehahja haypur |  | 4 | 3,118 | Total | - | 6 | 552 |
| Total |  | 30 | 3,635 | Total, Agra |  | 62 | 16,487 |
| Camprore - | - | 2 | 163 | Fryabad | - | * |  |
| Total | .. | 2 | 163 | Bara Banki .: |  | .. | 81 |
| Jhansi | $\cdots$ |  | 1,001 | Total |  | 1 | 433 |
| Hamirpur $\quad \because$ | .. | 4 | 249 | Total, Oudr |  | 1 | 433 |
| Total | - | 5 | 1,402 | Gramd totas, | Onited | 63 | 16,920 |
| Mirzapur .. | $\cdots$ |  | 9,924 |  |  |  |  |
| Ghazipur .. | . | 8 | 262 |  |  |  |  |
| Ballia .. | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| . Total | .. | 9 | 10,191 |  |  |  |  |

- Area less than half an acre.


## Land Revenve Administration]

## STATEMENT XXXIL.

Land Revenue Administration (inclusive of settlement) for the revenue year 1922.23.


* The difierences as compared with the figures of last year, bave been explained.


## STATEMENT XXXII.

Land Revenus Administration (inclusive of settlement) for the revenue year 1922-23.
. -(concladed).


[^6]
## STATEMENT XXXIII.

Showing the value of assignments or alienations of land revenue in favour of grantees for the revenue year 1922-23.


## ( 81a) [Assignment of land revenue:

## STATEMENT XXXIII.

Showing the value of assignments or alienations of land revenue in favour of grantees for the revenue year 1922-23.-(concladed).


Notes.-(a) All the above grants were made "on other grounds", except 9 acres with land revenue of Rs. 8 assigned to five grantees representing the remission of revenue on Goraits Jagirs in Jongle grant Keotali in Gorakhpur, which come under the class "For the maintenance of public servants."
(b) The difference in fgures since the previons year for Muttra, Bijnor, Farrukhabad, Hamirpar, Gorakhpur, Basti, Fyzabad, Gonda and Partabgarh is due to resumption on account of deaths of grantees and other causes, in Dehra Dun and Almora on account of additional assignments and in Cawnpore on account of re-assessment of reyenue,

: Oiviag to settlement oporations the figures of parganas Chbatta, Mat and Sadabad of the Mu
(Provinct of Agra.)
rental statistics for 1330 Fasli or 1922-23.

| holdings. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rental statistics, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Held without declared rights. |  |  | Total area of holdings (columns 2 to 10). | Uncultivated land included in holdings. | Rent free and nominally rented area (columns 2 to 4). | Land included in holdings on which rent has not bean determined. | Cash-ren ted land. |  |  |
| On lease for not less than 7 years. | Others. |  |  |  |  |  | Held by permanent tenuce-holder fized rate tenants, ex-proprietar: and occapaney tenants. |  |  |
|  | For 12 years or moro. | For leas than 12 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ren |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Area. | Legal. | Excess demand |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| Acres. <br> 18,040 | Acres. 6,251 | Acres. $36,350$ | Acres. | Acres. 10,181 | Acres. $16,982$ | Acres. 566 | Acres. $13,316$ | Ra, 42,476 | 1,28: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 86,763 | 11,872 | 272,746 | 888,957 | 45,191 | 298,116 | 18,183 | 212,201 | 12,26,676 | 3,10] |
| 51,501 | 10.583 | 196,002 | 754,434 | 35,356 | 226,454 | 20,806 | 260,250 | 16,00,359 | 3,511 |
| 78,419 | 64,025 | 226,102 | 1,138,289 | 38,286 | 479,188 | 20,869 | 285,377 | 17,87,247 | 15,921 |
| 120,937 | 17,176 | 148,624 | 927,743 | 43,723 | 180,235 | 10,44S | 457,998 | 29,12,841 | 6,52! |
| 355,660 | 109,907 | 879,624 | 3,800,574 | 172,737 | 1,200,975 | $\cdot 70,872$ | 1,229,142 | 75,69,599 | 30,357 |
| 115,689 | 71,659 | 223,038 | 960,058 | 93,517 | 162,945 | 10,445 | 383,743 | 25,83,070 | 9,45 |
| 33,495 | 115,007 | 202,986 | 742,549 | 36,824 | 190,004. | 3,910 | 196,096 | 10,13,244 | 995 |
| 12, 546 | 192, 005 | 160,403 | 842,823 | 58,172 | 132,938 | 8,319 | 842,994 | 17,02,121 | 10,777 |
| 7,040 | 94,343 | 81,179 | 645,062 | 62,416 | 86,842 | 12,854 | 370,295 | 18,74,425 | 32,203 |
| 31,631 | 146,651 | 109,590 | 772,078 | 92,488 | 94,016 | 9,857 | 386,747 | 17,45,443 | 30,551 |
| 201,004 | 624,965 | 777,201 | 3,962,569 | 283,417 | 666,745 | 45,385 | 1,679,875 | 89,23,303 | 84,013 |
| 31,216 | 123,930 | 184,075 | 824,546 | 66,736 | 58,597 | 5,779 | 409,996 | 20,13,071 | 20,672 |
| 4 5,565 | 120,881 | 225,947 | 729,118 | 90,758 | 99,334 | 46,880 | 214,656 | 13,69,322 | 9,32! |
| 8,133 | 212, 451 | 167,332 | 1,012,546 | 112,578 | 148,590 | 2,869 | 471,212 | 17,39,620 | 34,612 |
| 41,054 | 138,463 | 354,775 | 1,163,901 | 101,256 | 115,348 | 2,814 | 499,143 | 23,74,646 | 21,4.5) |
| 9,533 | 171,618 | 172,930 | 823,616 | 83,505 | 104,690 | 5,894 | 361,995 | 12,99,978 | 10,85 |
| 27,172 | 10t,705 | 121,943 | 451,101 | 55,127 | 20,895 | 2,279 | 162,627 | 7,22,389 | 1,073 |
| 165,973 | 875,063 | 1,227,007 | 5,004,828 | 509,954 | 547,454 | 66,515 | 2,119,629 | 95,18,026 | 98,60) |
| 15,145 | 123,363 | 99,624 | 711,624 | 70,169 | 110,916 | 12,811 | 360,513 |  | 12,11 |
| 5,264 | 4:3037 | 98,364 | 605,102 | 46,617 | 76,202 | 15,057 | 370,576 | 21,36,932 | 64,41 |
| 2,579 | 235,218 | 177,511 | 903,155 | 66,902 | 118,879 | 14,187 | 317,130 | 15,93,897 | 10,33 |
| 1,300 | 5.242 | 97,392 | 641,714 | 78,956 | 81,867 | 21,763 | 395,310 | 19,39,497 | 15,86 |
| 10,817 | 235,744 | 201,262 | 1,235,433 | 207,438 | 161,553 | 34,489 | 620,613 | 31,83,003 | 19,23 |
| 35,102 | 753,404 | 674,153 | 4,097,034 | 470,082 | 549,417 | 98,307 | 2,064,142 | 1,05,19,433 | 1,21,91 |
| 9,052 | 231,662 | 290,421 | 978,649 | 219,263 | 270,152 | 25,106 | 170,001 | 3.03,6?4 | 6,03 |
| 4,1,30 | 126,671 | 183,464 | 659,819 | 52,761 | 197,303 | 6,645 | 146,296 | 5,14,665 | 5,86 |
| 3,539 | 298,060 | 253,416 | 918,272 | -157,309 | 253,511 | 10,846 | 97,579 | 2,64,251 | 1,83 |
| 7,672 | 351,561 | 290,933 | 1,119,999 | 254,772 | 305,250 | -990 | 164,323 | 3,91,501 | 2,10 |
| 25,193 | 1,007,954 | 1,013,239 | 3,676,739 | 654,610 | 1,031,216 | 43,587 | 578,199 | 14,79,241 | 15,93 |
| 15,61.5 | 55,153 | 45,722 | 512,412 | 37,234 | 105,688 | 9,314 | 233,880 | 12,27,711 | 81 |
| 21,596 | 178,495 | 133,075 | 745,823 | 223,042 | 176,715 | 15,669 | 226,076 | 7,61,145 | 51. |
| 4,916 | 95,291 | 34,524 | 709,596 | 62,055 | 131,952 | 33,465 | 422,794 | 18, 43,377 | 1,31 |
| 4,757 | 104,697 | 54,740 | 673,984 | 67,584 | 203,105 | 5,256 | 294,242 | 11,89,099 | 43 |
| 16,796 | 85,174 | 52,592 | 633,103 | 101,177 | 170,117 | 6,914 | 295,868 | 11,56,291 | 2,94 |
| 63,680 | 521,810 | 326,053 | 3,274,874 | 4,6,032 | 792,577 | 70,618 | 1,522,860 | 62,18,513 | 6,0: |
| 70,643 | 157,613 | 312,720 | 2,271,275 |  | 573,625 | 1 | 1,155,521 |  |  |
| 96,623 | 76,464 | 249,026 | 1,362,431 | -55,126 | 440,623 | 1,533 | 1,193,706 | 23,70,259 | 40,0: |
| 4,6i3 | 119,667 | 116,989 | 1957,845 | 57,747 | 333,158 | 14,125 | 364,722 | 19,32,205 | 30,4 |
| 172,219 | 353,744 | 678,735 | 4,591,601 | 284,727 | 1,352,411 | 15,659 | 2,013,949 | 87,79,117 | 2,77,3 |
| 1,197 | 32,253 | 123,851 | 201,949 | 17,820 | 11,952 | 4,581 | 25,117 | 1,19,969 | 4 |
| 11,020,033 | 4,272,110 | 5,710,063 | 23,610,218 | 2,924,439 | 6,152,747 | 415,524 | 11,232,913 | 5,31,27,251 | 6,31.6 |

STATEMENT XXXIV•A:-
Statement ahowing classification of holdings and rental

(Province of Agra).
statistics for 1330 Fasli or 1922-23-(concluded).

district bare not been received for which last year's figures hare been taken to complete the district tutals. and bave no absolute value but serse for purposes of comparison only.

STATEMENT
Statement showing classification of holdings

| 1 | Ares of holdings in acres. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|  | Acres. | Acres. | Acres, | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. |
| Lucknow | 11,666 | 18,884 | 4,463 | 6,640 | 19,149 | 1,588 | 3,483 | 293,431 |
| Unao | 48,581 | 29,978 | 12,599 | 17,077 | 22,317 | 5,476 | 3,898 | 448,937 |
| Rae Bareli | 22,563 | 17,467 | 4,846 | 9,985 | 47,814 | 1,193 | 10,655 | 467,198 |
| Sitapur .. | 20,630 | 41,407 | 8,739 | 12,136 | 17,478 | 3,536 | 2,112 | 868,338 |
| Hardol | 90,471 | 82,316 | 22,306 | 17,362 | 17,941 | 13,738 | 2,252 | 700,304 |
| Eheri | 17,614 | 22,177 | 5,432 | 12,626 | 18,829 | 2,679 | 11,559 | 657,985 |
| Total, Lucknow divi- | 211,520 | 212,229 | 58,385 | 75,826 | 143,528 | 25,260 | 83,959 | 3,436,193 |
| Eyzabad .. | 49,502 | 44,465 | 12,554 | 5,233 | 115,934 | 2,270 | 20,003 | 413,304 |
| Jonda | 42,296 | 67,315 | 164,773 | 6,714 | 64,292 | 2,280 | 11,287 | 789,798 |
| Bahraich | 4,723 | 13,069 | 33,923 | 5,591 | 16,557 | 1,346 | 1,484 | 984,037 |
| jultanpar - .. | 51,848 | 37,149 | 22,633 | 8,143 | 74,638 | 2,720 | 14,727 | 382,027 |
| ? ${ }^{\text {artabgarh }}$ | 31,467 | 20,153 | 7,149 | 6,815 | 53,818 | 2,647 | 13,649 | 371,450 |
| Bara Banki | 38,207 | 24,917 | 10,305 | 10,141 | 23,389 | 3,063 | 6,143 | 605,863 |
| Cotal, Fyzabad divi- | 218,042 | 207,068 | 251,337 | 42,637 | 343,428 | 14,326 | 67,293 | 3,496,434 |
| Total, Oudh | 429,562 | 419,297 | 309,722 | 112,463 | 491,956 | 42,566 | 101,252 | 6,932,677 |

XXXIVB.-(OODH).
and rental statistics for 1330 Fasli or 1922-23.


Statement showing classifcation of holdings and re

N.B.-The figures of collections in colamns 36 to 41 are not compl
$\stackrel{*}{*}$
XISITB.-(OcDa).
statiotics for 1330 Fasli or 1922-23-(concluded).

acil accurato acd hare ro abiclate ralue bet seere for purposes of comparison ouly.



[^0]:    - Corrected unmber.

[^1]:    －Rs 193 last year reported irrecoverabla but since found recorerable．
    $\dagger$ Includer Rs． 416 ditto
    dito.

[^2]:    ＊Correct balance reported after subsequent adjustments

[^3]:    ＊Since revised．

[^4]:    * Since revised.

[^5]:    (a) The difference as compared with last jear's balance is due to transfer during the year of cases from
    (b) Correct number now reported.

[^6]:    - The difícrences, as compared with tho figures of last jear, have been explatued.

