

THE ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

THANADEVLI STATE.

FOR THE YEAR 1922-23



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Vasant Vijaya Printing Works—Bhavnagar,

No. of 1922-23

Karbhari's Office,
Thanadevli,

D/-21st April 1923.

TO,

**Meherban Darbar Shri Amra Vala
Saheb, Chief of Thanadevli.**

Darbar Sahab,

In obedience to Your orders, I have the honour to submit the following report of the Administration of the State for the year ending 31st March, 1923.

I have the honour to be

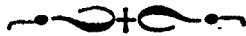
Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

MAGANLAL D. SWADIA

Kamdar, Thanadevli.

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CHAPTER I.

GENERAL and POLITICAL.

Situation. 1. The Taluka of Thanadevli is situated in the Southern part of Kathiawar and is bounded on the North by Gondal, on the East by Nawanagar and Bhavnagar and on the South by Junagadh and on the West, again by Gondal and Junagadh States.

It is divided into four principal divisions viz Thanadevli, Motadevalia, Matirala, and Mendarda.

The Late Darbar Saheb. 2. The most melancholy event, in the very beginning of this official year was the passing away of the wise and sagacious Darbar Saheb, Wala Laxman Meram, C. L. E. Chief of Thanadevli, on 12th May 1922 the Darbar Saheb was, of late suffering from a lingering disease and inspite of the best medical help in the person of Col. Hooten and the medical men that could be secured, he passed away at the age of 74 to the great sorrow of his family, subjects, servants and friends.

The present Darbar Saheb assumed the reins of the Administration of the State on 13th May after going through proper religious ceremonies as prescribed by the Hindoo-Shastras.

3. The late Darbar Saheb was held in very high esteem by all his subjects, brother-rulers, Agency-officers and friends and the telegrams and letters of condolence that continued to pour in, greatly testify to the hold he had on these persons. H. H. the Nabab Saheb of the premier State of Junagadh showed his great regards for the deceased Chief in a most practical & sympathetic manner, by ordering all the offices & schools of Junagadh, to be kept closed, out of respect for the Darbar Saheb and again by sending a deputation to Thanadevli, consisting of H. H.'s Amir of the first rank and other officials, to remove the late Darbar Saheb's mourning on 13-6-1922.

4. The Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar was pleased to give official expression of his tribute of high regards for the late Chief in the Agency Gazettee by his notification No. 26 dated 19-5-22, which was in the following words:—

“ The Agent to the Governor in Kathiawar records with sorrow the death of Darbar Shri Laxman Wala, C. I. E., Chief of Thanadevli. The late Darbar Saheb was a fine old Chief of the old school, who looked after his Estate and his people thoroughly. He was an influence for good throughout Kathiawar, especially amongst the Kathis. Those who had the pleasure of his friendship and acquaintance will mourn him sincerely; and all Kathiawar will mourn the loss of a true friend and an honest gentleman.

5. The past Political Officers of the Kathiawar Political Agency showed their very highest regards and admiration for the late Darbar Saheb as was evinced by letters of condolence from Sir Charles Ollivert, Mr. Fitzgerald, Col. Kennedy, Sir Hill, Mr. Rendall, Sir E. Machonochie, Col. Pottinger, and Mr. Sladen.

6. The present Darbar Saheb, with his usual filial love and affection established “ The Darbar Shri Laxman Wala Memorial Scholarship ” in the Saurastri High School at Rajkot, in which the late Chief used to take a keen interest; the scholarship which is of the amount of Rs. 10 per month is awarded to a student who comes highest in Std. VI. At present the State has already paid the required amount of Rs 120/-but in due course of time, it is proposed to place a sufficient amount of money at the disposal of the High School, the interest of which would realise annually the required amount.

7. The Thanadevli State now consists of 25 Swang villages, the area of which is 102 $\frac{2}{3}$ square miles (excluding Majmu villages in the Jetpur Taluka wherein there are well defined Patis having sole Revenue Jurisdiction) and the population is 12730 souls according to the census of 1921.

8. The gross revenue of the State as based on an average of the **Revenues.** past five years is Rs. 225336

9. It pays tribute of Rs. 6940-11-9 to the British Government and Rs. 760-2-4 as Jortalbi to Junagadh.

10. Soon after the lamentable death of Darbar Shri Laxman Wala Saheb, the most important question of the amalgamation of the Luni Taluka, the patrimony of the present Darbar Saheb, arose; and Government after a most anxious and careful consideration were pleased to order that the Taluka of Luni should merge in the Thanadevli State and Darbar Shri Wala Amra Laxman was formally recognised as Chief of Thanadevli by Government Resolution No. Conf/611-C dated 12th October 1922 which was conveyed by the Political Agent; Sorath in his No. x D/-19-10-22; the best thanks of the Darbar Saheb are due to Government for thus recognising and confirming the succession of D. S. Amra Wala Saheb to the Chiet-ship of Thanadevli, with the Taluka of Luni added to it. The happy and auspicious installation of the Darbar Saheb took place on the 23rd October 1922 and the speeches that were made on the occasion, and which have been reproduced below will give the full idea of this, unique event.

11. The following concessions were announced in the public Darbar, in commemoration of this happy day.

1. Monthly pensions of the aggregate amount of Rs. 25/- to widows for their life.
2. One pay as bonus to each and every servant of the State.
3. Release of all the prisoners.
4. Remittance of Tagavi to the extent of Rs 12000 and odds.
5. Rs 500/- to Jetpur Mahajan.
6. Reduction in the Registration fees of Brahmins of the Jetpur Pati.

The whole town of Thanadevli was en-fete and the Installation day was really a galaday in the history of Thanadevli. Almost all the states of Kathiawar kindly sent deputations, with Poshak to partake in this joyous function and the Government of Baroda, H. H. the Maha Rao Saheb of Cutch and H. H. the Nabab Saheb of Palanpur sent congratulatory messages and the latter two, costly Poshak also.

12. The camp for the Political Agent, and other distinguished guests was arranged just in the proximity of the town, and a line of tents, flags etc. presented a very charming scene.

13. The Installation-Darbar was held in a spacious Shamiyana pitched in the Darbargadh and very beautifully decorated; about five to seven hundred seats were provided; 11 A. M. was the Darbar time; Mr. Maganlal D. Swadia, was deputed to the Political Agent's camp to fetch him in the Darbar Shamiyana the Political Agent arrived at the Shamiyana exactly at 11 and his arrival was announced by booming of guns; the Political Agent, was received by the Darbar Saheb as soon as he alighted from his carriage & four; a procession was then formed which proceeded to the dias; the political Agent, then delivered his speech, Gujrati translation of which was read by Mr. Kadri the Deputy Political Agent, Sorath; the Darbar Sahib read his reply, Gujrati translation of which was read by Mr. Maganlal.

14. The Darbar Saheb then received congratulations from the Political Agent, as well as from the distinguished guests and deputations of several states. Poshaks were then received and distribution of Pan-Gulab then followed; the Darbar Saheb, the Political Agent, and other guests were then garlanded and photographed and the proceedings then terminated with all due ceremony.

15. A show of fireworks was held at night on a grand scale and a banquet was also held the same night; the programme was a crowded one but all was joy and merriment.

16. Major A. S. Meek, the Political Agent, delivered the following memorable speech.

DARBAR SHRI AMRA VALA.

It is my privilege to-day as your Political Agent, to hand over to you a letter from the Agent to the Governor in Kathiawar, and to offer you congratulations on the recognition by Government of your succession to the Gadi of Thanadevli.

The Talukdar of Luni in your own right, you have succeeded to the Gadi of the Thanadevli Taluka as the adopted son of the late Chief Vala Laxman C. I. E., and you carry into the Thanadevli Taluka the Taluka of Luni under the special orders which Government have been pleased to issue. The facts of your adoption, of your succession to the Thanadevli Chiefship and of the amalgamation of Luni with Thanadevli have provoked the opposition of the other members of your family who have sought to have applied the common rules of partition pertaining to the Kathis of this province. It may be expecting too much of human nature to hope that contention in this disagreement will not be continued as a matter of personal animosity, but I do hope that your collaterals will treat the case as one of principle and not look upon you personally as the arch enemy. They will not ascribe it as a crime to you that Darbar Shri Laxman Vala selected you as his adopted son, and I trust that when they have exhausted their remedies constitutionally they will accept the hand of friendship which I know you will extend to them. I would take occasion here to remark that while the more important of the Kathi Chiefs have recognised the importance of adopting the rule of primogeniture foreign to the family law of the race there is still a general desire among Kathi Landed proprietors to retain the Kathi law of partition of estates, while at the same time they seek not only the retention of the status of Chiefship, but the augmentation of their powers and privileges as such; they regard the Talukas and jurisdictional powers attaching thereto in a manner which it seems to me is not compatible with true chiefship, as matter merely of personal property which can be valued in money.

It is usual on such occasions for a Political Officer to offer advice to a young Ruler ascending the Gadi. I have offered such advice at similar functions, but I have become a little mistrustful of the habit, feeling that the advice is regarded often merely as a part of the ceremonial applicable for the day only. And on this occasion we have in you a chief assuming the reins of Government who has already been administering another Taluka. I am confident however, Darbar Shri Amra Vala, that you would like me to say something as to the work that lies before you.

The late Chief was one of the finest figures in Kathiawar. Regarded as a leader among the Kathis he was held in general esteem. Gifted with an oldworld generosity and courtliness of bearing and of heart, he took great pride in his alliance with and allegiance to the British Crown, and his dominant idea was that of co-operation with Government. He was further a master of tact. I can wish nothing better for you, Darbar Sahab, than that you emulate in these respects. But while, I extol the good qualities of feeling of the late Chief I wish to point

to the need for a more efficient administration in some departments than has formerly existed. The resources of the Taluka have not been well developed, the revenues have not been carefully accounted for. These facts, coupled with a lavish hospitality, made impossible the extension of education, of the provision of roads, of the improvement of village sanitation, of medical relief. If it be a question of material advancement in an Indian state without kindly rule, or a kindly rule without advancement, then I would choose the kindly rule; but here in Thanadevli I am confident that you, the new Chief, will aspire to combine the two and to add to the kindness of Darbar Shri Laxman Vala's Chiefship the efficiency required by modern conditions. Keep your administration in tune with the essential spirit of the times. And in your efforts to build gradually upon your father's mansion let me ask of you to remember his position, outside his own Taluka, his position as a leader of the Kathi community. I hope, that you will keep continually before you the need for amelioration of the common lot of the community which is bound in fetters of custom and unable to take as a body a proper part in the general advancement of the province. The Kathi Girassia class is I fear a drag on progress and it is now for the leaders, for Jaadan and for Thanadevli especially to inculcate the lesson that all healthy men should be useful working members of society, contributing each in his own way to the common good and to the welfare of the realm.

I wish you a long, useful and happy life and add to my official, my very warm personal congratulations.

17 The Darbar Sahib's reply was as follows:—

MAJOR MEEK, SHRI YUVRAJ SAHEB, DARBAR SAHEBS,

VAZIR SAHEB, MY BELOVED SUBJECTS AND

GENTLEMEN.

I request you Major Meek to convey to His Excellency the Governor my deep sense of gratitude for his recognition of my succession to the Taluka of Thanadevli and the merging of the Taluka of Luni thereunder; will you also convey to His Excellency my assurances of abiding loyalty to the Throne and person of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor. ?

It was my ardent desire to receive His Excellency's recognition at the hands of Col. Wood, who has always proved himself a staunch friend of the Indian States; My personal debt of gratitude to him is considerable for the kind solicitous interest he has ever evinced in my welfare. The pressing call of his exalted office has unfortunately deprived me of this pleasure at the moment. I hope however that the pleasure is merely postponed and that we shall soon have the honour of welcoming amongst us and entertaining Col. Wood. I also hope that as a reward of this, although compulsory patience, I shall have the added pleasure of also welcoming Mrs. Wood.

Your presence amongst us today, Major Meek, is to me a source of very great pleasure. You have always not only maintained a kindly

interest in my career, but have always been ready to help me with valuable advice and guidance whenever occasion demanded. I look upon this kind interest of yours as a valuable support in future career of added responsibility.

This is an unique occasion not only in the history of Thanadevli but in the annals of the whole Kathi community. It promises a new era in the world of Kathi Chiefships. We, Kathis look upon this province with special pride. We claim that we have not only given it a new name but we have enriched the pages of its history by deeds of valour and chivalry that will live for many a century yet to come. At our first advent in the province we carved out for ourselves no paltry kingdoms. In those days when our strength was our sword, we could well afford to be generous. Whatever territory one powerful Kathi subjugated, he divided equally among his sons; relying upon our ancient traditions and the courage and the strength of his sons, he was easy in his mind as to their future, as he knew every one of them would be capable of extending his territories if he was so inclined or succumb in the attempt. Thanks to the British Government and their kindly intervention in the province we can now face the future without any misgiving in a reign of peace and prosperity. Our energy which was once directed towards the formation, retention and extension of our principalities we can now afford to divert towards the translation of the welfare and happiness of our subjects. Our ambitions and aspirations have changed. New sentiments are born; our custom must keep pace with times. To-day the equal apportionment of Taluka spells disintegration not only of our lands, but also of our dignity, prestige and importance, all of which we had won and bought at the supreme sacrifice of blood and life. If we are to be worthy custodians of the position and prestige bestowed upon us by our distinguished ancestors, we must maintain our principalities in tact. That great statesman and wise ruler Darbar Shri Ala Khachar of Jasdai was the first to perceive this pressing need of the Kathi Chiefs, the presence of whose successor amongst us today I am honoured to note with pleasure. The advocacy of this wise and sagacious policy of Darbar Shri Laxman Vala C. I. E. also shared these views. That his attempts were crowned with success we witness to-day. The day's occasion we owe more specially to the benevolent intentions of the British Government to further support and extend this policy. This mark of Government's intention to strengthen the Kathi Chiefs we all hail with profound gratitude. The honour that the leading and enlightened Kathi Chiefs have done me to-day by personally gracing the occasion at such short notice is the testimony of the warmth of our gratitude to the British Government.

I wish to thank Darbar Shri Mulu Vala of Pithadia for whom I entertain feelings of respect for kindly honouring me with a visit on this occasion. I thank you all my brothers and friends, the Kathi Darbars who have given me great pleasure by your presence. If I may individualise one-Darbar Shri Vira Vala of Bagasra-all my life he has been a source of great strength and support. Ever since my earliest college life, as my companion he has evinced the keenest interest in my wellbeing for which I shall ever remain most grateful.

Turning to my own sentiment today; this is the beginning of a new and more responsible life. I hope and pray that I shall prove equal to it. My succession as you mentioned, Major Meek, marks the triumph of principle over prejudice. Such battles inevitably result in the disappointment of some; that I should supply the cause of disappointment to any would be a source of great regret to me. That I am not guilty of such a crime I am grateful to you for asserting. My hand of friendship shall ever remain extended to my collaterals and the day they accept it, will be one of supreme pleasure to me.

I succeed to-day a noble and distinguished Chief who by the power of his own personality placed himself in the leading ranks of the Kathi Chiefs. That I should succeed such a glorious heritage is to me a source of no small pride. To live upto the high reputation and traditions established by Darbar Shri Laxman Vala will be my sacred duty; that I may succeed, in whatever small measure, will be my continual prayer. My gratitude to the late lamented Darbar Shri Saheb is unlimited. The inexhaustible flow of parental care and extreme kindness that he ever directed towards me shall ever live with me as long as I live, as the sweetest memories of my life. One of the proudest and pleasantest of the heritages that I inherit today is the one that secures for me the task of maintaining and cultivating the kindly intentions of a wide circle of friends; That I should see amongst the distinguished assemblage today, representatives of important states of Kathiawar is a pleasure and privilege with which no former Chief of Thanadevli has been blessed. I welcome here the distinguished representative of the Limdi State. There always existed between His Highness and the late Darbar Saheb a cordiality and warmth of relationship which has secured for me the kindly interest of the Thakor Saheb as a mark of which kindness he has been good enough to depute the Yuvraj Saheb to attend this function. I am obliged both to the Thakore Saheb and the Yuvraj Saheb whom I have known from my earliest college days.

The connection between the Thanadevli and Kotda Taluka is both ancient and warm. It is therefore always a pleasure to welcome the Thakore Saheb of Kotda and the pleasure is greatly enhanced that I am able to entertain him at such an important occasion. The premier State of Kathiawar is represented by its premier Amir and Officer. I appreciate all the more the presence of such an exalted personage as he happens to be one who is not only exalted in office but one who possesses the exalted qualities of head and heart, which have endeared him not only to the subjects of Junagadh but also to his wide circle of friends in which I hope I may claim a place. Vazir Sahib, I thank you for gracing this occasion.

To the Maharaja Saheb of Porbandar I am most thankful for deputing a deputation as strong in personnel as the strength and prestige of the Porbandar State which has attained today a height unknown in the past.

I thank one and all once again for the honour you have done me by gracing this occasion as a mark of your sincere and kind wishes for my future wellbeing. That I may prove worthy of trust is my eternal prayer.

- 18 Thus was celebrated this most eventful occasion."
- 19 Darbar Shri Amravala now holds a greater part of Jetpur than any other share-holder of Jetpur and presides as a senior member in the Jetpur Taluka Court, which exercises the jurisdiction of the fifth class. The **The State** Thanadevli State is separated and declared independent and enjoys 3rd class jurisdiction. There are three big Thanas viz Chital, Mendarda, and Bilkha under the Jetpur, Taluka Court. In Chital & Mendarda, the greater part belongs to the Darbar Sahab.
- 20 The Darbar Sahab is in his 27th year and has one son, K. S. Ram Wala aged 3, and one daughter Kunvari Shri Nanbai aged 5; he has two Ranis all continued in good health, throughout the year.
The Ruler & His Family
- 21 The Girasias of Mota-devalia, Dudhala, Luni, Shedubhar, Ghughrala, Khajuri, Lunki, Pania, Devalki, and Mendarda pay **Levies from and to the State** Sudhara Varad while Uhdad & Jama are received from Simasi, Khorasa, Jhalansar & Isapar under Junagadh and Hathigadh under Babra, and Jama from Mota-devalia respectively; the levy called, Choth is recovered from Sanala, Luni, and Mandarda annually, while the Taluka has to pay Mamuli from Chital & Ghee Kori from Mendarda to Junagadh.
- 22 The relations of the Darbar Sahab with the representatives of the Paramount Power are proverbially cordial; and equally satisfactory are his relations, with his Bhayats and Mulgirasias, as well as with neighbouring States.
- 23 The state's attitude towards its Bhayats and Mulgirassias is liberal and conciliatory; one of its Bhayats Vala Hathia **Relations of the State with the Agency & others** Ebhal of Devalia has no less than two dozen small & big disputes with the state; in order to avoid costly litigations the State accepted his request to hear and settle all these disputes, so far as possible, in a miscellaneous way and the hearing was fixed; but unfortunately the Bhayat fell ill and could not be present; the matter is to be taken up at the earliest possible moment.
24. The State also proposes to settle boundary disputes with Junagadh, Gondal, and Baroda, by private amicable settlement and the Devan Sahebs of the respective States, have already been communicated with, in this connection.
25. Major A. S. Meek-our popular Political Agent, visited Thanadevli on the 27th May 1922 and 22nd October 1922, all these visits were of very brief durations but they were nonetheless, less profitable, as they gave ample scope for friendly exchange of views on important matters
26. Mr K. Barlee-the Judicial Assistant, visited Thanadevli on 19-2-23 and also on 27-2-23.

27. As this report goes to the Press, the capital of the State is visited by Shaikh Saheb Mahmudbhai-the Vazir Saheb of the Junagadh State; the Vazir Saheb arrived here in the evening of the 13th April and left on the 15th; his two days' stay here was a source of great mutual pleasure; he was entertained with all due hospitality becoming an officer of high rank of the greatest State of Kathiawar.

The Devan Saheb of Junagadh and Porbandar also paid brief visits to the State.

28. Soon after his accession to the Gadi the Darbar Saheb visited most of the villages of the distant Mendarda Division and in the end of November 1922 he visited almost all the important villages of Devalia and Matirala side and personally ascertained the conditions of the people who were found quite happy and contented.

29. He paid several visits to Rajkot and spent the whole period of the Red Cross Fete there, making handsome contributions amounting to Rs. 3000/ in round figures.

30. It is with great pleasure that I have to note here that handsome Jivais have been provided for the three step-mothers of the Darbar Saheb and they are quite satisfied with the arrangement.

31. The Darbar Saheb had been to Bombay in the beginning of February where he spent about 12 days; he visited almost all Darbar Saheb's the Political Officers of Government and H. E. the Governor, Sir, George Amrose was also pleased to grant him an interview on the 6th February. The Darbar Saheb's visit to Bombay and specially his interviews with H. E. and the Leading Government Officers, was productive of great good to him in many ways.

32. The Darbar Saheb enjoyed his Bombay trip very much and an intelligent and shrewd chief like him, turned to the best possible account, all what he saw in this urban primus of *India*.

33. He also attended the Kathiawar-races which were held from the 12th to the 16th February at Rajkot; he freely mixed with all the prominent visitors, including H. H. the Aga Khan who had then been staying in Rajkot; an at-home-party was given on a magnificent scale by the Darbar Saheb on the race-course on the 14th February.

34. The Darbar Saheb is a member of the Free-mason-lodge and to mark his auspicious Installation-day, he had given a sumptuous dinner at the Rajkot-lodge on his first visit there after the Installation.

35. The birth-day of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor was celebrated as a public holi-day and though the King-Emperor's estate was in mourning on account of the demise Birth-day. of the late Darbar Saheb, general rejoicings were observed.

36. The 28th of November, being the Darbar Saheb's birth-day was observed as a great holiday and a public Darbar **Other-festivities.** was held in Thanadevli, when several promotions to servants of the State and charities to the poor were announced.

37. 12th of December was observed as a coronation holiday and the Armistice Day was observed on the 11th November 1922,

38 The following donations were paid by the State:—

Rs. 5000/—Major Hooton's Rays Apparatus Installation.

Rs. 1500/—Red-Cross-Fund, Kathiawar.

Rs. 500/—Red-Cross-Fund, Bombay.

Rs. 500/—Jetpur Mahajan.

Rs. 600/—Mayne Memorial Fund.

Rs. 400/—Kathiawar horse show (promised).

39. The native-gymkhana having approached the Darbar Saheb for granting expenses of a new well on the gymkhana **Donations.** ground, the expenses have been promised.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION.

40. Darbar Shri Vala Amra Laxman is the supreme ruling authority exercising the full powers of a third-class State, the **General.** Darbar Saheb himself regularly attends office, where he hears petitioners personally whereby the work is expedited and the people have the great satisfaction of presenting their complaints to their master, thus leaving little scope for any mischief being played by Lower officials. In other matters, Heads of Departments pass suitable orders on their own initiative and in important matters they make a reference to the Kamdar and in more important matters, orders of the Darbar Saheb are obtained. The office-work has become a pleasure with the Darbar Saheb and he is proverbially punctual in his office work.

41. Mr. Maganlal D. Swadia was appointed Kamdar in November 1922.

42. The whole Revenue Department was practically over-hauled; Mr. **Revenue Administration.** Kanji Chatur, formerly Agency Manager, of important Talukas, and mature in age and experience, was appointed Revenue-officer, in the year under report; he introduced, with the approval of the Darbar Saheb, improved methods of revenue-administration; they are simple and still suitable and convenient; systematic accounts are now maintained by Vahivatdars; the Revenue Officer, personally visited almost all the villages of the State and made important suggestions, as a result of his district-tours, and these suggestions are receiving careful attention of the Hazur.

43. The collection of the land revenue is conducted on the time honoured system of Bhagbatai.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

Legislation. 44. Appendix II shows the list of Laws & regulations in force in the State.

45. There is no regular Military-force in the Taluka, but 95 Pasaitas, 16 Police-Patels, 20 Jivaidars, and other 106 men forming Sir-Bandi are kept for the protection of the Darbar Gadh and the villages of the State.

Military. 46. The village-Police-Patels and the Pasaitas are paid either in cash or kind.

47. The Serviceable guns, are as Shown in Appendix III, for purposes of Salutation when Political officers or any distinguished personages visit the State.

Guns.

48. There are 20 police-men; they are trained in drill and are equipped with arms; they are posted as Jail-guards and perform general police-duties;

49. There were two Police-Fozdars one at Mota-Devalia and another at Mendarda; Now one Naib-Fozdar has been newly appointed and he keeps his Head-quarters in Thanadevli; thus the work is being done expeditiously and naturally with greater efficiency.

The total cost of the Police is Rs. 4292.

50. Appendix V shows the working of the Police during the year. The number of offences reported to the Police (including those of last years) was 34 & the persons arrested by them this year were 37. Of these 37 arrested, 34 were sent for trial, in which 22 were convicted and 13 were discharged;

Crime.

1 was not demanded for trial, and

2 Persons remain under trial, i. e. 1 to be extradited and the other to be tried in the gang dacoity case.

51. The amount of stolen property was Rs. 6267-5-0 and the amount recovered was Rs. 303-3-3 giving a percentage of 4-7 against 10-7 of the last year, as the amount involved in the dacoity case only amounted to Rs. 5886.

Property Stolen.

52. Appendices VII and VIII will show that 34 offences were committed for trial, of which 27 were disposed of.

53. The number of accused persons was 38 of which 22 were convicted and 17 were discharged by the Nyayadhish court.

54. The Nyayadhish is invested with 1st Class Magisterial-powers in Criminal-matters and in Civil cases, he can hear suits to the extent of Rs. 5000/-suits of a higher value were heard by the Darbar Sahab and thus there was

Criminal Justice.

no appeal-court for such suits of higher value; at the same time, in Criminal-matters, if the Nyayadhis had to commit a case to the Sessions-court of the Taluka, some special arrangement had to be made for the disposal of such cases; in order to obviate such a difficulty and with a view to give one Appeal-court to the parties, the Kamdar has been invested with the full powers of the Taluka, both in Civil and Criminal matters and would hear appeals against the decisions of the Nyayadhis-court, the Darbar presiding in the Hazur Court and being the highest court of appeal and revision; practically the Hazur Court would be exercising the powers of a presidency-High-Court, as it were. This arrangement comes into force from the 1st of April 1923 i. e. at the beginning of the new official year and is decidedly, in the interests of justice.

55. Appendix ^X P, relates to Criminal Appeals 3 applications were filed in which 4 persons were concerned. the sentence in 1 case was confirmed while in 2 cases, decisions were modified or reversed.

56 As mentioned in para. 54 the Kamdar being invested with judicial powers, he would be presiding as the Appellate Judge as well as the Original Judge in Civil Suits of higher valuations.

57 The number of civil suits including that of the last year was 103 of which 79 were disposed of. The value of the suits filed during the year was Rs. 4936, while that of the disposed of was Rs. 4148.

Civil Justice

58 The balance at the end of the year of undisposed of suits was—24

59 Of the 79 suits disposed of 5 were ex parte, 15 amicably disposed of, while 15 were struck off the file and 42 otherwise disposed of.

60 Appendix XI relates to the execution of decrees. There were 130 applications on the register, of which 62 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 68 for the current year.

61 The value of 81 registered this year was Rs. 8530, that of disposed of Rs. 4971 leaving a balance of 68 with a value of Rs 11256. Of The Remaining 68 This Year 41. were of under six months while 2 were of under one year and 25 were of above one year.

62. Appendix XII relates to civil appeals. No appeal was presented this year, so it needs no remark.

63. The Bhayati & Rajprakarni court is presided over by the Deputy Kamdar and appeals against his decisions are heard by the Hazur,

Bhayati Court.

64. The reciprocity of the extradition of accused persons between different States and Taluk as with which this Talukahas entered into an agreement works on as harmoniously as hitherto fore and the Agency has also assisted to bring the offenders to a regular trial as usual.

Extradition.

Out of 10 culprits of the last year 7 were extradited and 1 was not surrendered by Baroda, so the demand was to be withdrawn and 2 culprits are still at large; of the 3 culprits apprehended this year 1 is to be surrendered, the other is to be tried in the dacoity case and 1 being surrendered is convicted, but undergoes punishment at Junagadh in a similar case there.

Prison. 65. There is one Jail at Thanadevli as mentioned in the last year's report.

66. There were 2 prisoners at the end of the last year and 3 were admitted during the year under report 3 were released and 2 remain at the end of the year.

The Expenditure Amounts To About Rs. 588-8-4

67. Appendices XIV & XV relate to the registration of documents. ²³ 25- mortgage deeds amounting to Rs. 33665 were presented and all were registered, The fees realised were Rs. 1055-5-6

Registration.

68. There is no regular Municipality in the Taluka but the Thanadevli Doctor is looking after the sanitation of the town; it is proposed to establish a regular Municipality within a short period and Rs 1000/- have been provided for the same.

Municipality.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION, DISTRIBUTION & FINANCES.

69. A reference to appendix XVII will shew that the rainfall registered at Thanadevli was 17 inches and 65 cents, and nearly the same quantity of rainfall over the whole Taluka, so the Aftar and Paster produce was not below the average income as compared with that of the preceeding year.

Rainfall.

70. The average rainfall for 5 years was 22 inches and 28 cents.

71. Appendix XVIII will show that the prices of staplefood have not yet abated as much as they were before the year 1914, and the wages of labour are still the same as in the last year.

72. Labouring classes find ample works in agricultural and public works, as well as in the Gir forest of this Taluka.

73. As Mendarda division borders on the Gir Jungle and there is a big bhara at Mota-devalia where there is a natural growth of Babul trees no reserved forest is kept in the Taluka.

74. There is a white-stone quarry at Zinzuda under Mendarda and black-stone quarry near Jetpur; the State having requested the Devan Sabebs of Porbandar and Dhrangdhra to lend the services of their quarry superintendents to this State, for sometime, they have kindly consented to do so and with their expert advice the State proposes

Stone.
Quarries.

to develop these quarries on scientific lines, which would bring additional profits to the State and provide ample work for labourers.

75. The Mendarda-portion of the great Gir belonging to this State produces grass in considerable quantity; and there are sufficient number of hay-Stacks there.
Grass.

76. People of this Taluka have not yet Started any ginning factory or press, and they lead a general life in ordinary trade and avocation.
Trade & Industry.

77. There is no mint in the Taluka, but the British coins and currency notes are in ordinary use.
Mint.

78. Appendix XIX will show that 7008-10-10 rupees were spent for repairs to public buildings constructing wells and erecting houses for cultivators in villages.
Public Works.

79. As regards the live stock of this Taluka, a reference to appendix XX will show that there is a marked increase in the number of milch animals. This shows that the prevention of export of milch animals and the introduction of Singroti rules have made a healthy effect and it is hoped that not only cultivators will be benefited but the price of milk and ghee which are the chief necessities of life will still be reduced.
Sale of Cattle.

80. Appendix XXI relates to the income of Ganja. There were 4 shops and the income was ₹20-4-0
Intoxicative drugs.

Opium sale is farmed by the Jetpur Taluka Court as usual.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE & FINANCE.

81. It will appear from Appendix XXII that the income and expenditure of the year Samvat 1978 come to Rs. 300225/ and Rs. 302354 respectively.

The Taluka has neither guaranteed nor Government debts.

82. when the present Darbar Saheb assumed the reins of administration of this State, soon after passing away of his revered father. unfortunately the finances of the State were not in a satisfactory condition and he had to meet several extra-ordinary expenses such as the Karaj, Dhro Parayan and Varsi of the late Darbar Saheb; he wished to introduce though gradually but steadily, improved methods of State-administration; he had to incur sufficient expenses on his Installation-Darbar; so, in order to cope with all these requirements he atonce appointed a committee of leading officers of the State to inquire into and report on this and other important matters; the committee sat from day to day and after collecting a mass of information made various suggestions to the Darbar Saheb, who atonce grasped the situation and issued prompt orders in urgent matters; as a result of which several items of expenses were curtailed, while other matters which can brook some delay, are receiving his careful consideration I am right glad to report that the issue of the prompt orders referred

to above, has greatly improved the situation and in due course of time, with the kindly and zealous supervision of the Darbar Sahab, the State, will enter upon an era of prosperity and improvement at no distant date.

CHAPTER VI.

MEDICAL-RELIEF & VITAL STATISTICS.

83. As reported in the last year, there is one dispensary at Thanadevi. The number of outdoor patients treated this year was 1950 giving a daily average of 45.

84 The surrounding villages take advantage of the dispensary and the Darbar Sahab is always generous in providing sufficient stock of medicine.

85 Some native physicians are paid annuities and give advantage of their visits to the people of Thanadevi.

86 The total expenditure comes to Rs. 2462 vide appendix XXIII.

87 Malaria had broken out in some of the Mendarda villages during the monsoon and the Mendarda Majnu Doctor was at once asked to visit all such villages and distribute medicines to the people at the expense of the State, which at once brought this fever under control.

88 Appendix XXIV shows the registration of births and deaths.

89 There is an increase in the number of births while there is also an apparent increase in the number of deaths. This will show that the public health was not satisfactory owing to the break up of Malaria in Mendarda 457 persons were vaccinated this year.

Vital Statistics.

There were only 5 accidental deaths; 3 of them by snake-bite & the 2 by drowning in water. Property worth Rs. 27 was destroyed by accidental fire.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

90 The number of schools in the Taluka is 4 and the expenses of the school at Ghughrala are borne half and half by Vadia and this Taluka. The number of boys comes to 358 (Vide Appendix XXV).

91 Free education is given to the students of this Taluka.

92 This Taluka pays its usual share towards the expenses of the English and Vernacular and Girls schools at Jetpur, Mendarda and Chital.

93 Scholarships to the students at Jetpur, Rajkot, Bombay etc. are given as mentioned in the last years report.

94 Rs. 2500 are set apart for any Kathi boy studying at the Dhandhuka Hostel.

95 It is proposed to open two new schools in two of the villages of the State in the near future.

96 There is no separate Library but leading papers are subscribed for, such as the Times of India, the Kathiawar Library. Times etc., they are sent to the Local Mahetaji of the Vernacular school and the papers are there kept for the use of the public, in a way which may not interfere with the school-work.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

97. As is so well known gangs of dacoits were ravaging several parts of Kathiawar, and this State at once put one **Dacoit Operations.** Ford-Motor-car at the disposal of the Agency Superintendent of Police, for their use, during their operations against these dacoits and made its own Bandobast in the State.

Printing Press. 98. There is no Printing Press in the State.

99. Thanadeveli is noted for its hospitality and the State has kept up its reputation by providing methodical hospitality to its guests. The State maintains a decent Sadavrat for which and for looking after its religious Institutions, the State has kept a small but regular establishment It also provides ready food or grain to the blind disabled or those who are extremely poor and who are bona-fide subjects of the State.

Hostility & Chanties

100. Before concluding this report, it gives me very great pleasure to express my thanks to all the Heads of Departments for the zeal and co-operation with which they have worked and which have so largely helped in establishing the efficient tone of the Administration of the State, my acknowledgements are also due to the subordinate staff of the Departments who have also helped me in their own way.

Conclusion.

Thanadeveli,
31st April, 1923 }

MAGANLAL D. SWADIA.

Kandar, Thanadeveli State.

APPENDIX I.

Name of high officials in the Thanadevli State and Residency officials showing changes in personal during the year 1922-23.

Name of Officer	Appointment	Period		Remarks.
		From	To.	
Durgaprasad Shivprasad Dholakia.	In charge Kamdar	1-4-1922	18-11-1922.	
Maganlal Dolatrai Swadia.	Kamdar	19-11-1922	31-3-1923	
Kanji Chatur	Deputy Kamdar & Revenue Commissioner	Do	Do	
Durgaprasad Shivprasad Dholakia.	Nyayadhish and Treasury Officer	Do	Do	

Thanadevli
Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia
Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX II

List of Laws in force in the Thanadevli State for 1922-23

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
<p>1 Civil and Criminal Acts and rules in force in the Kathiawar Agency.</p> <p>2 Local rules and acts such as gambling, Registration and Sikar Rules for the registration of sales of houses and rules for the supervision of suspected character</p> <p>3 Notification for prevention of sales of minor girls No 29 dated 13-4-19</p> <p>4 Do. for prevention of export of milch cattle No. 294 dated 26-11-19 as modified by notification No. 284 dated 30-8-20 shero No. 315 dated 12-9-20 re shingroti of animals.</p>	Yes	Nil	

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia.

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23

Arm of service.	Number of fighting officers and men,						Details of force at the end of the current year							Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force including followers	Remarks,
	At the end of last year	Recruited this year	Casualties.			At the end of the current year	Number of regiments Battalions, or batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men,						
			Died	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted &c.				European Commissioned officers.	Native commissioned officers.	Non-commissioned officers	Fighting men			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Cavalry	}	2	
Sappers															
Artillery															
Infantry															
Imperial Service troops															
Total...								2							

There is no regular disciplined form except 20 Policemen.

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923,

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State,

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength cost discipline and education of the Police in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922—23.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade	Total Cost.	Punishment.			Rewards,		Education		Remarks
				Dismissed	Fined degraded or suspended departmentally	Punished judicially	By promotion	By money	Number able to read and write	Number under instruction	
1 Fouzdar Devalia Division.	1	30 20 horse allowance	360 240	...	...	...	...	...	1		
2 Do. Mendarda Division	1	25 43 15 H. a.	300 110 180	...	...	...	...	...	1		
3 Tapa Fouzdar Thanadevli Division	1	20 15 A. H.	240 180	...	...	...	...	...	1		
4 Naique	1	14½	174	...	...	...	...	...	1		
5 Policemen	19	11×19	209×12 2508	...	...	...	...	...	8		
Total...	23		4292	...	...	...	...	...	12		

Thanadevli,

Dated 19-4-1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922—23.

State	Number of offences		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 and 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year	Past year.	Present year	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Thanadevli	45	34	40	37	28	37	22	22	6	13	55	59.4	78.4	59.4	Of 37, 1 of murder is to be extradited and the other to be tried in the dacoity gang case at Rajkot.

Thanadevli,

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Thanadevli	1594—3—0	6267—5—0	167—0—6	305—3—3	10.07	4.7	This includes Rs 5886 being the amount of dacoity committed at gadhali on 20—3—22 hence this low percentage.

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23

No	Description of offences.	Number of offences			Number of cases disposed of during the past year	Number of cases disposed of during the present year	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted	Number of persons sentenced							Number of persons acquitted or discharged	Number of persons confined being insane	Number of persons died during or before trial	Terms of imprisonment.										Remarks.		
		Balance from past year	Committed during the present year	Total.					Imprisonment		Fine only.	Whipping	Total	Under one month	From 1 to 2 months				From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	Transportation	Capital punishment	Awaiting trial			
									Simple	Rigorous																				Simple	Rigorous
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	Chapter 17 P. C. relating to property.	6	12	18	14	17	25	13	...	...	...	5	8	...	13	10	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	Chapter 16 P. C. relating to life.	...	6	6	6	6	10	4	..	...	2	2	...	...	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	Chapter XXII P. C. relating to Criminal intimidation.	...	3	3	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chapter XI P. C. re-offences against Public servant.	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Offences under gambling act of 1881.	...	1	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chapter XX P. C. relating to marriage.	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	6	23	29	22	26	39	20	...	1	2	7	10	...	20	17	...	...	6	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922—23.

Number	Name of Courts	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.	
		Past year.	Present year.	Remain- ing at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1922-23				Total		Discharg- ed with- out trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.			
					Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant	On summons.	Volun- tarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magis- trate	Past year.								Present year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Appellate Court.	10	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	9	4	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
2	Sessions Court.	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
3	Nyayadhish Court.	23	30	...	19	...	14	...	...	21	33	14	1	16	...	...	...	...
	Total...	33	34	...	25	...	14	...	...	30	39	14	3	20	...	...	2+	+ 1 implicated in murder, to be extradited & 1 of dacoity to be tried in a Gang case.

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX IX

Statement showing the results of appeals against the decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922-23

Tribunals.	Number of Applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.	
		Applications rejected.		Sentences						Proceedings quashed	Referred	Further inquiry &c. ordered		Pending					
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.											
		Persons.	Cases	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Hazur Appellate Court Thanadevli	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	

Thanadevli,

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year received by transfer or on remand.		Total		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance		Suits filed during the present year.							Suits disposed of during the present year.				Remarks.				
	Past year	Percent. year	Past year	Percent. year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Value	Suits related property	Suits for money transaction	Suits for other rights	Number of suits under Rs 100	Number of suits above Rs 100 and under Rs 500	Number of suits above Rs 500 and under Rs 1000	Number of suits above Rs 1000 and under Rs 5000	Number of suits above Rs 5000	Ex-parte.	Admitted and com promised		Struck of the file	Otherwise disposed of	Value.	Average duration
Nyayadhish Court	5	25	72	78	77	103	52	79	25	24	4926	...	75	3	59	16	...	...	...	5	17	15	42	4148	11-8	

Thanadevli.

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XI

Civil work—Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922-23

Tribunals,	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year	Applications brought to the Register			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
Nyayadhish Court.	66	49	7697	52	81	8530	118	130	16227	69	62	4971	49	68	11256	41	3	25	

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XI.

Civil work—Nature and results of appeals in civil suits in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23

Tribunal.	Opening balance		Filed during		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of								Average duration	
													Decisions confirmed	Decisions reversed	Decisions amended	Cases remanded for retrial	Case completed and other wise disposed of					
	Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
Hazur Court.

Thanadevli,

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XIII

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Look-ups in the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922—23

Stations.	No. of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.				
				Past year.	Present year.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thanadevli	1	2	8	13	10	46.1	22.8	2	588	20 days	

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX X.V.

Statement showing registration of documents in the Thanadevi State during the Year 1922-23.

Name of State	Documents presented for registration		Nature of documents presented.						Documents registered		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Mortgages.	Sale-deeds	Wills.	Money bonds	Miscellaneous.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.			
Thanadevi	28	23	28	23	28	23	15243-0-0	33665-0-0	

T/M

Maganlal D. Swadia

Dated 191

Kamdar, Thanadevi State.

APPENDIX XV

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration in the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922—23

Description.	Past year.			Present year.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
Mortgage	28	15243 4 0	641 2 9	23	33665 0 0	1055 3 6	

Thanadevli,
Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,
Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipality in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23

Name.	Opening balances on 1st April,	Receipts during the year.		Total, in current year.	Expenditure during the year		Balance on 31st March	Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.		
Thanadevli	

Thanadevli,

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XVII

Statement of rain fall in the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922—23

Stations.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October	November	December.	January.	February.	March.	Total	Total of the past year	Average of the past 5 years	Remarks.
Thanadevli	0-10	...	1-39	8-14	2-58	4-75	...	...	...	...	0-34	...	17-65	35-88	22-28	

Thanadevli,

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement as to the prices of staple food-grains in the Thanadevi State
during the year 1922-23.

No.	Articles.	Rate per Rupee during March 1921-22			Rate per Rupee during March 1923			Remarks.
		1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Bajri	3	8 12 lbs	0	R. 2	A. 8 8s	0 16T	
2	Juwari	3	0 13	0	1	8 13	0 26	
3	Wheat	4	0 10	0	2	8 8	0	
4	Rice	5	0 8	0	5	0 4	0	
5	Grams	3	8 12	0	2	4 8	0 20	
6	Adas	5	0 8	0	3	8 5	0 20	
7	Mug	5	0 8	0	3	8 5	0 20	

Thanadevi

Maganlal D. Swalia

Dated 19th April 1923.

Kamdar, Thanadevi State.

APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public works in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23

Description of works.	State funds.									Local funds.						Totals.	Remarks.
	Original.			Repairs.			Total.			Original.		Repairs.		Total.			
Repairs to Darbari buildings and constructing wells with masonry works and houses for cultivators &c.	7008	10	10	7008	10	10	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	7008-10-10	

Thanadevli,
 1923
 Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,
 Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural stock in the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922—23

District.	Year.	Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows	Buffaloes.		Horses	Mares.	Colts and fillies	Asses.	Sheep and goats	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding	Load carrying.	
				Male	Female										
Thanadevli.	1922-23	4240	2087	371	2037	141	189	62	247	9368	1576	...	26	843	

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XXI

Statement showing the Excise Shops and Excise Revenue of the Thanadevli State State during the year 1922-23

Name of State	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	
Thanadevli	1	125	...	....	3	95-4-0	...	...	4	220-4-0	Opium sale is farmed by Jetpur Taluka and the amount realised as its share amounts to Re- 5561-1-6

Thanadevli

Date: 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX

Statement showing the Receipts & Expenditure

No	Item.	Amount in Rupees.			Remarks.
		Rs.	As.	Ps.	
	Receipts.				
	Opening Balance	2442	0	0	
1	Land Revenue	2,01,294	8	3	
2	Local cess	28,327	14	6	
3	Sale proceeds of land	38,173	0	5	
4	Opium Revenue	5567	1	6	
5	Abkari Revenue (Bhang, Ganja &c.)	220	4	0	
6	Jama &c. from Bhayats	2720	15	5	
7	Custom receipts	5271	8	0	
8	Forest	2884	9	6	
9	Judicial	2984	3	9	
10	Education (Fees)	526	1	0	
11	Guaranteed rights	790	12	4	
12	Extraordinary receipts	2642	12	4	
13	Other Receipts miscellaneous	5767	8	8	
14	Tagavi	3053	15	6	
	Total.....	302667	3	2	

Thanadevi

Dated 19th April 1923.

No	Items.	Amount in Rupees			Remarks.
		Rs.	As.	Ps	
	Expenditure.				
1	Darbar expenses including Kothar &c.	104227	11	6	This includes payment for 2 years.
2	Tribute, Taluka Court and other Falas	49119	14	6	
3	Extraordinary charges	15501	6	9	
4	Administration charges including Amirs and Jivaidars.	8980	3	0	
5	Revenue Department.	12375	13	9	
6	Judicial Department	2923	2	4	
7	Education Department	5002	11	6	
8	Military [Sirbandbi]	12590	7	0	
9	Police	5373	1	3	
10	Jail	588	9	4	
11	Dispensary [Vaccination]	2451	11	7	
12	Forest Department	2975	2	3	
13	Public Works [Repairs]	7008	10	10	
14	Minor Establishment	6494	13	0	
15	Dharmada (Devasthan)	12526	6	8	
16	Guaranteed rights	260	8	8	
17	Paid in Liquidation of Padhsaba decretal debt	14143	7	7	
18	Miscellaneous	13449	11	0	
19	Nazarana	0	0	0	
20	Purchase of land	1800	8	0	
21	Remission	218	1	6	
22	Relief works	0	0	0	
23	Tagavi	0	0	0	
24	Travelling expenses	3372	1	6	
25	Amount spent in Karaj &c (Obsequious ceremony) of Late D.S. Laxmanwala.	20969	12	10	
	Total....	302354	0	4	
	Closing Balance....	313	2	10	
	Grand Total....	302667	3	2	

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Thanadevli State during the year 1922-23.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated		Results of in-door patients.				Expenditure	Daily average	Remarks.
	Out-door	In-door	Dis charged	Absented.	Died,	Remaining under treat ment.			
Thanadevli	1950	...	...	...	...	...	2462	45	

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Thanadevli State, during the year 1922—23

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 2000 of population.				Remarks.
		Past year	Present year.			Past year	Present year.			Births		Deaths		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	
Thanadevli	13403	292	443	151	...	194	307	113	...	22.8	33.05	15.3	22.9	

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Thanadevli State for the year 1922-23.

No. of schools.		Description of schools	No. of pupils on roll on 31st March		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year		Past year	Present year	Past year.	Present year	High schools	Secondary	Primary.	
3	4	Superior Vernacular Schools at:-								
		Thanadevli	110	120	89.6	84.1	...	...	...
		Motadevalia	105	107.5	106.75	106.75	...	...	5002-11-0	
		Luni	55.0	55.0	...	43.8	...	...
		Matirala	55.5	41.7	37.0	37.0	...	...
		Ghughrala	37.3	34.2	28.7	28.7	...	...
				358.3						

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XXVI.

Statement showing particulars required by Appendix A. (Political relation of the Thanadevli State for the year 1622-23

No.	Name of State	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population	Persons being taught	Persons who have been vaccinated	Supposed gross revenue	Estimated expenditure	Military Force	Remarks
		Amount	To whom Tribute payable							
1	Thanadevli	6940-11-9	Government Tribute	12730	358	457	300225	302354	...	...
		760-2-4	Junagadh Jortalbi							

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923.

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.

APPENDIX XXVII.

Statement showing particulars required in Appendix B (Political relation) of the Thanadevli State, for the year 1922—23

No.	Name of persons belonging to the Royal Family.	Place of Residence	Rank of designation	Caste surname and religion	Age years	How educated	How employed	Whether granted adoption Sanad	Whether the Tilayat or eldest Kumar is entitled to throne ordinarily	Whether there is a mail heir apparent to the throne.	Remarks.
1	Wala Laxman Meram	Thanadevli	Third Class Chief.	Hindu Vala Kathi	75	Educated privately	Governs the state	Yes	Yes	Yes	Died on 12-5-22
2	Amra Vala	Do	Do	Do	27	Educated at the Rajkumar College	Do	...	Yes	Yes	Succeeded the throne on 12-5-22
3	Ram Vala	Do	Heir Apparent	Do	4	...	...	...	...	...	...

Thanadevli

Dated 19th April 1923

Maganlal D. Swadia,

Kamdar, Thanadevli State.