# EAST INDIA: ACCOUNTS AND ESTIMATES. 1894-95.

# EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

BY THE

## SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA.

Presented to both Mouses of Parliament by Command of Mer Majesty.



#### LONDON:

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### EAST INDIA. ACCOUNTS AND ESTIMATES, 1894-95.

Memorandum by the Secretary of State for India, relating to the Accounts of the Government of India for 1892-93, and the Estimates for 1893-94 and 1894-95.

[Note.—With the view of marking clearly the distinction between Pounds sterling and Tens of Rupees, the notation of £ for the former and Rx for the latter has been adopted in the Accounts and Estimates.]

The following are the documents laid or to be laid before Parliament this year, in respect of the Financial Position of India:—

Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India for 1892-93 (on which the formal Resolution to be submitted to the Committee will be based).

Home Accounts of the Government of India: Account for 1892-93, with Estimate for 1893-94, &c. (No. 110 of 1894).

Estimate of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Government of India for 1893-94, compared with the Results of 1892-93 (No. 109 of 1894).

Net Income and Expenditure, 1883-84 to 1892-93 (No. 217 of 1894).

Returns of Loans raised in India and in England (Nos. 433 and 496 of 1893, and 55 and 190 of 1894).

Indian Financial Statement for 1894-95 (No. 92 of 1894).

Statement of the Trade of British India from 1888-89 to 1892-93 [C.-7280].

Administration Report on the Railways in India for 1893-94.

Statistical Abstract relating to British India from 1883-84 to 1892-93.

Statements exhibiting the Moral and Material Progress and Condition of India from 1882-83 to 1891-92, and during 1892-93 (Nos. 43 and 199).

### REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

The Gross Revenue and Expenditure of the Government of India for the three years are as follows:—

Gross Revenue and Expendit	ure.	Account, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	
Revenue	_	-	Rx 90,172,438	Rx 90,429,500	Rx 92,024,900
Expenditure chargeable thereon	•	-	91,005,850	92,222,300	92,326,800
Deficit -	•	-	833,412	1,792,800	301,900

Apart from other considerations, the Revenue and Expenditure of the country are continually increasing through the opening of additional railways and canals; and, therefore, a clearer view of the financial condition may be gathered by a reference to the net Revenue and Expenditure (in the form given at page 66 of the Financial Statement\*); the net Revenue being the amount received from the principal sources, after deducting the cost of collection, &c., and the net Expenditure being the charges of the various departments, after deducting the receipts of those departments. The following are the net figures:—

Net Revenue and	l Expendi	ture.	Account, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	
Net Revenue -	•	•	-	R <b>x</b> 51,605,681	Rx 50,253,100	Rx 50,943,500
Net Expenditure -	-	-	-	52,439,093	52,045,900	51,245,400
Deficit	-	-	-	833,412	1,792,800	301,900

The following is a more detailed explanation of the foregoing figures.

#### Account, 1892-93.

Net Revenue and	ture.		Budget Estimate, March 1892.	Revised Estimate, as published in March 1893.	Modification of the Revised Estimate, as shown in the Explanatory Memorandum.	Account.	
Net Revenue				Rx 49,581,800	Rx 51,473,400	Rx 51,591,400	Rx 51,605,681
Net Expenditure -	-	-	-	49,435,200	52,555,300	52,378,200	52,439,093
Surplus	-	-	-	146,600	-		_
Deficit	-	-	•		1,081,900	786,800	833,412

The variations from the Budget Estimate resulted in an increase of the net revenue by Rx 2,023,881, and of the net expenditure by Rx 3,003,893, making the result worse by Rx 980,012.

<sup>\*</sup> See page 50 of the Appendix to this Memorandum.

The increase of Rx 2,023,881 in the net Revenue is due in a great measure to the large augmentation of the net receipts from Opium, but there was also a satisfactory improvement under almost all other heads; the following are the details:—

	Net	Revenue.		$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{x}$	Remarks.
Land Revenu	e -	~~ .	-	+316,683	Increase of revenue Rx 229,828; reduction of expenditure
		•		•	Rx 86,855.
Opium -	**	•	-	+990,849	Increase of revenue Rx 358,580, the higher prices in Calcutta
<u>1</u>				•	having more than counterbalanced the diminution of the
					amount sold; reduction of expenditure Rx 632,269, through
•					the partial failure of the crop.
Salt -	_	_	-	+160,011	Increase of revenue Rx 111,404; reduction of charge Rx 48,607.
Stamps	-	-	-	+211,832	Increase of revenue.
Excise -	-	-	-	+151,490	Mainly increase of revenue.
Forest -			-	+129,322	Chiefly reduction of expenditure.
Other heads	_	-	-	+63,694	•
Total increase	e of ne	et Revenue	:	•	,
Imperia		+1,477,643		-2,023,881	
Provinc	ial -	<b>546,238</b>	; } →	-2,020,001	:

Of the increase of Rx 3,003,893 in the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue, Rx 1,818,479 is due to Exchange on sterling Expenditure, and Rx 158,814 to Exchange on remittance transactions; dividing the Exchange among the various heads, the increase of charge may be thus explained:—

the increase of charge may be thus explained:—
Net Expenditure. Rx Remarks.
Interest - +438,436 Increase in India Rx 136,342, owing to alteration of dates for payment in consequence of conversion of 4½ into 4 per cent. debt, and to less receipts on capital overdrawn by railway companies; increase in England £38,174, owing to discount on loan; increase of charge for exchange Rx 263,920.
Telegraph $\frac{47,270}{86,628}$ Increase of revenue.
Mint 80,028 J Police 65,822 Chiefly reduction of charge, especially in Bombay and Burma.
Marine + 139,554 Reduction in India Rx. 59,080; increase of expenditure in England, owing to larger payments for construction of vessels, £112,776; and in exchange Rx 85,858.
Political - + 70,517 Increase of charge in India.
Civil Superannuation + 274,801 Increase in India Rx 11,449; in England £59,746, through monthly payments being adopted; and for exchange Rx 203,606.
Exchange on Remittance trans-
actions + 158,814 Less gain on receipts in India from guaranteed Railways, and increased charge for family remittances owing to fall in exchange.
Famine Relief 59,159 Reduction of charge in Madras.  Railway Revenue Account - +272,552 Improvement of net receipts Rx 178,697; reduction of ex-
penditure in India Rx 103,199, and in England £18,310; increase of charge for exchange Rx 572,758.
Irrigation 181,223 Increase of revenue.
Civil Works - 130,233 Reduction of expenditure Rx. 86,619; increase of receipts Rx 43,614.
Army  - +1,395,291 Increase of expenditure in India Rx 474,048, chiefly for special expeditions, transport, and higher price of food; in England £286,120, owing to payment of arrears, and the adoption of the system of issuing furlough and retired pay monthly; and exchange Rx 635,123.
Special Defence Works 156,440 Reduction of expenditure in England.
Other heads 3,638
Total increase of net Expenditure:  Imperial - $+2,457,655$ Provincial - $-438,103$ $+2,019,552$
But the improvement belonging
to the Provincial Governments, by reason of the above-mentioned increase of their part of the net Revenue by Rx 546,238, and reduction of the net Expenditure by Rx 438,103, was  The position of the Provincial Governments was better than had been estimated to the following extent:—Madras, Rx 314,421; Burma, Rx 261,279; Bombay, Rx 158,521; North-west Provinces, Rx 83,122; Bengal, Rx 61,986; Central Provinces, Rx 52,147; Assam, Rx 36,950; Punjab, Rx 13,366; and India General, Rx 2,549.
Consequently, the net Expendi-
ture charged on the Revenue, was increased by 3,003,893
···· ,
And, deducting from this the increase of Rx 2,023,881 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is seen to be worse by

980,012

be worse by

### Revised Estimate, 1893-94.

Not Reve	nue and I	Expenditur	e			Budget Estimate.	Revised Estimate.	Increase.
Net Revenue -	-		•		-	Rx 50,103,200	Rx 50,253,100	Rx 149,900
Net Expenditure -		•	•	•	-	51,698,300	52,045,900	347,600
Deficit	-	. •	•	-	-	1,595,100	1,792,800	Worse 197,700

There is an estimated increase of Rx 149.900 in the net Revenue, and of Rx 347,600 in the net Expenditure, so that it is anticipated that the position will be worse by Rx 197,700.

The increase of Rx 149,900 in the net Revenue is expected to occur in the following manner:—

	Net	Revenu	æ.		Rx	Remarks.
Land Revenue		•	-	+	392,600	Chiefly increase of Revenue, particularly in Madras and Bombay.
Opium		•	•	-	251,600	Reduction of Revenue Rx 621,700, owing to the diminution in the sales at Calcutta by 351 chests, and the fall in price from an estimate of 1,250 to an average of 1,109 rupees per chest; reduction of charge Rx 370,100, the crop in Bengal having been below the average.
Salt		· <b>-</b>	-		199,400	Reduction of Revenue.
Stamps -		• -	. •	+	105,200	Increase of Revenue.
Excise -	-		-	+	209,900	Increase of Revenue.
Provincial Rate	s	-	•	<del>-</del>	223,900	Reduction of Revenue in Madras.
Forest -		•	-	+	156,800	Increase of Revenue, especially in Burma, Rx 88,300; decrease of charge, particularly in Madras and Bombay, Rx 68,500.
Other heads -		~	-	, — ′	39,700	
Increase of net Imperial Provincial	•	nue: +138,3 + 11,6	- 7	· + ·	149,900	

The increase of Rx 347,600 in the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue is thus explained:—

Net Expenditure.	Rx	Remarks.
Interest	+ 385,300	Increase in India Rx 157,500, in England £114,500, and in Exchange Rx 113,300.
General Administration - +	+ 76,900	General increase, except in Bombay and the Central Provinces.
Law and Justice	+ 70,900	Increase of expenditure, chiefly in the North-West Provinces and the Punjab.
Police	-120,900	General reduction of expenditure, especially in Bombay.
Political •	+ 98,100	Mainly owing to the increase of the subsidy of the Amir of Afghanistan, and the mission to Kabul.
Railway Revenue Account	-397,100	Net receipts better Rx 483,800; Exchange worse Rx 94,000; other charges less Rx 7,300.
Buildings and Roads: Civil Works-	-167,500	General reduction of expenditure, except in Assam and the North-West Provinces.
Army	+346,100	Increase in India Rx 285,200; reduction in England £8,300; increase in Exchange Rx 69,200.
Special Defence Works	-194,600	Reduction in India Rx 89,000, in England £66,000, and in Exchange Rx 39,600.
Other heads	- 22,000	
Total increase of net Expenditure:  Imperial - $+336,000$ Provincial - $-260,800$	+ 75,200	

Rx75,200 Brought forward But there is a credit due to the Provincial Governments, in consequence of the increase of their portion of the net Revenue by Rx 11,600, and the reduction of their net ex-penditure by Rx 260,800, 272,400 amounting to So that the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue is increased by 347,600

According to the revision of the estimate for 1893-94, Bombay was expected to be better by Rx 159,500, Bengal by Rx 133,000, the Punjab by Rx 48,200, Assam by Rx 38,900, the North-West Provinces by Rx 36,800, and the Central Provinces by Rx 31,100; on the other hand, India General is worse by Rx 200, Burma by Rx 39,500, and Madras by Rx 135,400.

And, setting against this the increase of Rx 149,900 in the net revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is, on the whole, worse by

197,700

The Approximate Accounts show an improvement of Rx 64,600 over the Revised Estimate. The land revenue is expected to be better by Rx 75,500, and excise by Rx 32,100; but salt is worse by Rx 123,700, opium by Rx 66,900, and stamps by Rx 42,400; in other respects there is an improvement of Rx 74,000 in the net revenue, which is, therefore, on the whole, worse by Rx 51,400. In the net expenditure there is a reduction of Rx 157,400 under buildings and roads, and Rx 151,000 under army, and under other heads an increase of Rx 192,400, the result being a net reduction of Rx 116,000. The deficit, therefore, is expected to be Rx 1,728,200.

#### Budget Estimate, 1894-95.

•				
Net Revenue and Expenditure.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 189495.	Comparison.	
Net Revenue	Rx. 50,253,100	Rx 50,943,500	Rx +690,400	
Net Expenditure	52,045,900	51,245,400	-800,500	
Deficit	1,792,800	301,900	Better 1,490,900	

There is an estimated increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, and reduction of Rx 800,500 in the net Expenditure, so that, according to the Budget Estimate, the position will be improved by Rx 1,490,900.

The following statement shows the manner in which the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue is expected to arise, the principal measure being the imposition of a general duty of 5 per cent. on imports into India, excluding cotton manufactures.

Ne	t Revenue.		Remarks.
Land Revenue	•	Rx + 83,600	Increase of Revenue, especially in I Provinces, Rx 211,300; increase
Opium	• •	- 671,300	ricularly in Bombay, Madras, Provinces, Rx 127,700.  Reduction of Revenue, Rx 300,800 of sales at Calcutta by 1,053 chery
Salt Customs		+ 235,500 +1,154,300	n lower price; increase of Expowing to anticipation of a normal concrease of Revenue.  Increase of Revenue Rx 1,214,200,
Forest	-	- 93,600	import duties; increase of Expend Reduction of Revenue, chiefly in
Other heads -		- 18,100	increase of charge Rx 62,500.
Increase of net Rev			•
Imperial - Provincial -	Rx +1,028,400 - 338,000	+ 690,400	

Burma and the Central e of Expenditure, par-and the North-West

), owing to diminution ests, and expectation of penditure Rx 370,500,

crop.

through imposition of liture Rx 59,900.

Burma, Rx 31,100;

If the reduction of Rx 800,500 in the net Expenditure, which is chiefly due to the diminution of the grant for Protective Works, the following are the details:—

Interest - + 197,000  Mint - + 145,400  Law and Justice - + 83,700  Police + 175,400  Education - + 163,200  Construction of Protective Works  Consequence Account - + 582,000  Increase of Large  Increase of Large  Converge in Exchange  Cowing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Order Revenue.  Reduction of receipts, through the loss of seignorage on silver.  Increase of Expenditure, largel on Exchange compensation allowance.  General increase of Charge.  Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.  Order large of the purpose.  Increase of net receipts Rx 59,200; increase of charges in Exchange compensation allowance, which ceuted in Exchange compensation allowance, on Exchange compensation allowance, which ceuted in Exchange compensation allowance in Exchange compensation allowance, or 189,700 and Increase of Revenue and India Rx 143,000, Bunding Rx 31,600, North-West which courted in the past year, to the following extent:—Bandy Rx 21	Net Expenditure.	•	Remarks.
Mint		$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{x}$	icentarius,
Law and Justice - + 83,700  Police + 175,400  Education + 175,400  Education + 175,400  Education + 175,400  Civil Superannuation - + 166,200  Construction of Protective Works  Construction of Provincial Rail-  ways	Interest	+ 197,000	Reduction in India Rx 293,800; increase in England £184,000, and in Exchange Rx 306,800
Police	Mint	+ 145,400	Reduction of receipts, through the loss of seignorage on silver
Folice + 175,400 Glivil Superannuation - + 80,700 Civil Superannuation + 80,700 Construction of Protective Works Construction of Provential Railways	Law and Justice	+ 83,700	increase of Expenditure, largely owing to payment of
Civil Superannuation	Police	+ 175,400	General increase of Expenditure, except in Burma
Civil Superannuation — 166,200 Construction of Protective Works — 532,900 Railway Revenue Account — + 532,900 Rilitary — 184,100 Civil — - 243,300 Army — - 484,700 Civil — - 361,600  Special Defence Works — 189,700 Other heads — - 189,700 Other heads — - 12,000  But, in consequence of the reduction of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of — - 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  Civil — - 800,500  Civil — - 184,100 Special Defence Works — 189,700 Civil — - 240,300 Civil — - 240			General increase of charge.
Construction of Provincial Railways Revenue Account -	Civil Superannuation		Chiefly in Exchange.
Railway Revenue Account - + 532,900  Irrigation 94,100  Buildings and Roads:  Military 184,100 Civil 242,300 Army + 361,600  Special Defence Works 189,700 Other heads 187,000  Total reduction of net Expenditure:  Total reduction of net Expenditure:  Rx Imperial462,500 Provincial - 367,600  But, in consequence of the reduction by Rx 338,000 of the portion of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 705,600  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  Increase of net receipts Rx 59,200; increase of charges in India Rx 195,500; reduction in England £4,700; increase in Exchange Rx 401,300.  Increase of Revenue.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Increase in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an increase in Exchange, Rx 227,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Increase in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an increase in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Increase in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an increase in Exchange, Rx 227,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Increase in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange for 1894-95 shows a reduction of the Provincial balances in excess of that which occurred in the past year, to the following extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200, Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,000, and Assam Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 85,000, One extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provinces Rx 43,000, India Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.	Construction of Provincial Rail-		Owing to absence of surplus Revenue for the purpose.
Irrigation Buildings and Roads: Military Civil			•
Irrigation Buildings and Roads:  Military	Railway Revenue Account	+ 532,900	India Rx 195,500; reduction in England £4,700; increase
Buildings and Roads:  Military	Tuntan		in Exchange Rx 401,300.
Civil 242,300 Army - + 361,600  Special Defence Works 189,700 Other heads + 12,600  Total reduction of net Expenditure.  Total reduction of net Expenditure:  Rx Imperial 462,500 Provincial - + 367,600  But, in consequence of the reduction by Rx 338,000 of the portion of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 705,600  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Increase in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Expenditure in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Expenditure in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Expenditure companies in Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an increase of Rx 202,300; reduction in England £59,600; increase in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Schange in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an increase of Rx 202,300; reduction in England £59,600; increase in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Schange in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange in Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an increase of Rx 202,300; reduction in England £59,600; increase in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Schange in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Schange in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange in Exchange in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  Schange in India Rx 149,900, owing to payment of Exchange in Exchange in Exchange in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.	Buildings and Roads:	_	Increase of Revenue.
Army + 361,600  Special Defence Works 189,700 Other heads 189,700 Other heads 189,700 Other heads 189,700 Total reduction of net Expenditure:  Rx Imperial 402,500 Provincial - + 367,600  But, in consequence of the reduction by Rx 338,000 of the portion of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, ttey have to bear a charge of 705,600  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better			Reduction of Expenditure.
Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an increase of Rx 202,300; reduction in England £59,600; increase in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Total reduction of net Expenditure:  Rx Imperial462,500 Provincial - +367,600}  But, in consequence of the reduction by Rx 338,000 of the portion of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of			
Special Defence Works Other heads + 189,700 Other heads + 12,600  Total reduction of net Expenditure: Rx Imperial462,500 Provincial - +367,600 Provincial - +367,600  But, in consequence of the reduction of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 705,600  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Revenue is better  Increase of Rx 202,300; reduction in England £59,600; increase in Exchange, Rx 271,300.  Reduction of Expenditure.  As compared with the Revised Estimate for 1893-94, the Budget for 1894-95 shows a reduction of the Provincial balances in excess of that which occurred in the past year, to the following, extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200, Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.		,,	Exchange compensation allowance, which causes an
Special Defence Works Other heads Other he		•	increase of Rx 202,300; reduction in England £59,600;
Other heads		<b>A</b>	increase in Exchange, Rx 271,300.
Imperial			Reduction of Expenditure.
Imperial	Total reduction of net Expandi-		
Imperial462,500 Provincial - +367,600 } - 94,900  But, in consequence of the reduction by Rx 338,000 of the portion of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 705,600 {  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500 }  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  As compared with the Revised Estimate for 1893-94, the Budget for 1894-95 shows a reduction of the Provincial balances in excess of that which occurred in the past year, to the following extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200, Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.		•	
But, in consequence of the reduction by Rx 338,000 of the portion of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 800,500  Consequently, the reduction of the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  As compared with the Revised Estimate for 1893-94, the Budget for 1894-95 shows a reduction of the Provincial balances in excess of that which occurred in the past year, to the following extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200, Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provinces Rx 43,000, Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Bengal Rx 30,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.		1	
duction by Rx 338,000 of the portion of the net Revenue belonging to the Provincial Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 705,600 Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500 And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  Budget for 1894-95 shows a reduction of the Provincial balances in excess of that which occurred in the past year, to the following extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200, Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provincial balances:—Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.	Provincial - +367,600	} — 94,900	-
Budget for 1894-95 shows a reduction of the Provincial balances in excess of that which occurred in the past year, to the following extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200, Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provinces Rx 43,000, Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Burma Rx 180,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.	But, in consequence of the re-	· · · ·	As compared with the Revised Estimate for 1893-94, the
Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 705,600  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better    Description of the Imperial Government is better   Statistics in the case of the following extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200, Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provinces Rx 43,000, Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.			Budget for 1894-95 shows a reduction of the Provincial
Governments, and the increase of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of 705,600  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  Bengal Rx 193,500, Burma Rx 158,400, North-West Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provinces Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Gentral Provinces Rx 43,000, Ilengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.		*.	
of their net Expenditure by Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of - 705,600  Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to - 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  Provinces Rx 85,900, Punjab Rx 31,600, Assam Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provincial balances:—  Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.			year, to the following extent:—Bombay Rx 215,200,
Rx 367,600, they have to bear a charge of - 705,600   Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to - 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  Rx 13,300, and Central Provinces Rx 12,600; while in the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provincial balances:—  Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.			Provinces Ry 95 000 Dunish Dr. 21 600 Access
a charge of - 705,600 the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4,700, and India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Revenue amounts to - 800,500 Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better			Rx 13.300 and Central Provinces Rx 12.600, while in
Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provincial balances:— Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Idengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.		— 705,600 <del>\</del>	the case of Madras the reduction is less by Rx 4.700, and
Consequently, the reduction of the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better  explained by the following special contributions made to the Imperial Government from the Provincial balances:— Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Idengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.			India General by Rx 200. To some extent this is
the net Expenditure charged on the Revenue amounts to 800,500   Surma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better	Consequently, the reduction of	Ĭ	explained by the following special contributions made to
Provinces Rx 50,000, Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Hengal Rx 30,000, Madras Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000, making a total of Rx 405,000.  And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better		, [	the Imperial Government from the Provincial balances:—
And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better	the Revenue amounts to	- 800,500	Burma Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, North-West
And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better		,	Tlongol By 20 000 Moduus By 20 000 and Assembly
And, adding this to the increase of Rx 690,400 in the net Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better	•	}	Rx 16.000, making a total of Rx 405 000
Revenue, the position of the Imperial Government is better	And, adding this to the increase		and topolog maning in total of the todgood.
Imperial Government is better		•	
py 1,490,900		1 400 000	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ъу	1,480,800	

### Principal Changes in the last Three Years.

The Account of the year 1891-92 ended with a surplus of Rx 467,500, and the Budget Estimate for 1894-95 shows a deficit of Rx 301,900, the difference being Rx 769,400. The following tables show the principal changes that have taken place since March 1892.

Net Revenue and Expenditur	e.	Account, 1891-92.	Budget, 1894–95.	Increase.	Decrease.
Net Revenue	- R	49,969,900	50,943,500	973,600	_
Net Expenditure: India: Imperial ,, Provincial England Exchange	- R2 - R2 - £	13,601,800	11,563,90°1 12,928,900 15,605,600 11,147,000	4,337,900	1,847,900 672,900 74,100
Total of Net Expenditure	- Rx	49,502,400	51,245,400	1,743,000	_
Surplus (+) or Deficit (-) -	- Rx	+467,500	-301,900	Worse	- 769,400

The following is an explanation of the increase of Rx 973,600 in the net Revenue:—

Net Revenue.

				_	
				$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{x}$	
Land Revenue	•		• -	+1,398,900	Increase in Madras Rx 709,400, Burma Rx 241,200, Bombay Rx 171,900, Punjab Rx 147,900, Assam Rx 125,000, Central Provinces Rx 84,100, and elsewhere Rx 15,300; reduction in Bengal Rx 82,100, and in the North-West Provinces Rx 13,800.
Opium -	•	•	• •	<b>-2</b> ,01 <b>2,400</b> -	Reduction in receipts at Calcutta Rx 1,426,800, owing to diminution of amount sold by 13,950 chests, the effect of which is partly counteracted by the rise in price from Rs. 1,058 to an estimate of Rs. 1,070 per chest; reduction in excise and miscellaneous receipts Rx 17,700; reduction on Malwa opium Rx 174,300, owing to the duty being expected to be paid on about 2,850 fewer chests; increase of charge Rx 393,600, the payments in 1891-92 having been unusually low.
Salt -	-	•	` -	- 62,900	Reduction of Revenue Rx 7,000; increase of Expenditure Rx 55,900.
Stamps -		-		254,200	)-
Excise -	_	_		185,900	Increase of Revenue.
	•	-	-	1,104,200	Increase expected from reimposition of duty on imports.
Customs -	-	-			
Assessed Taxes	-	-		<b>86,100</b>	Increase of Revenue.
Other heads	-	•		19,600	
Total increase of	f net R	evenue : Rx	•		
Imperial • Provincial	-	+1,646,5 -672,9	00}	973,600	

The increase of Rx 1,743,000 in the net Expenditure is entirely attributable to the fall in Exchange from 16.733 pence to an estimate of 14 pence per rupee. Including the soldiers' pay and remittance transactions, but excluding Rx 1,113,300 given as Exchange compensation allowance to officers, this has caused an addition of Rx 4,588,700; so that in other respects there is a reduction of Rx 2,845,700 in the net Expenditure, of which Rx 1,076,200 is due to the absence of grants of surplus revenue for famine insurance. The following are the details, including exchange, and also the Exchange compensation allowance, under the several heads:—

### Net Expenditure.

		Rx	
Interest	· _	+318,900	In India, reduction of charge Rx 517,400, and increase of receipts Rx 44,100; in England, increase of charge £43,500, and reduction of receipts £48,500; increase of net charge for Exchange Rx 788,400.
Mint	•	+113,300	Diminution of receipts, owing to suspension of free coinage of silver.
General Administration -	-	+188,200	Increase in India Rx 112,600, in England £3,400, and in Exchange Rx 72,200.
Law and Justice -		+248,700	Increase of Expenditure in India, Rx 124,300 being for Exchange compensation allowance.
Police	• .	+157,100	Increase of Expenditure generally, except in Burma; Exchange compensation allowance costs Rx 53,600.
Marine	· •	+154,300	Increase of net Expenditure in India, owing to smaller receipts, Rx 30,100; in England, owing to payment to Admiralty for manning and maintaining Government defence vessels, £50,700; and in Exchange Rx 73,500.
Education - •	•	+118,900	Increase of Expenditure, particularly in Madras, Bombay, and Burma.
Medical		+113,700	Increase of Expenditure, especially in Bombay.
Political	~	+ 216,700	Increased Expenditure in India, mainly arising from the increase of the subsidy of the Amir of Afghanistan, and from the fact that he did not draw the full amount in 1891-92.
Scientific and Minor Depar		<b>—</b> 72,900	In 1891-92 there was special Expenditure in taking the Census.
Territorial and Political Pe	nsions	<b>—</b> 73,000	Reduction in India Rx 14,200; in England 43,100 <i>l.</i> , in connection with Maharajah Dulcep Singh's pension, of which large arrears were paid in 1891–92; and in Exchange Rx 15,700.
Civil Furlough -		+ 81,200	Mainly owing to increase in Exchange Rx 65,100.
Civil Superannuation -	-	+658,200	Increase of net charge in India Rx 102,100, and in England £58,900; Exchange worse Rx 497,200.
Stationery and Printing -	-	+ 76,000	Increase of net charge in India Rx 57,300, in England £4,200, and in Exchange Rx 14,500.
Exchange on Remittance	trans-		2
actions		-118,500	Gain on the capital transactions of the Railway Companies working with fixed rates of Exchange, especially in connexion with the Assam-Bengal Railway.
Carried forward		+2,180,800	•
a 81649.			В

Brought forward - +2,180,800	Reduction of Thurson Manner on Minister In 11 6.1. 11. 40.400
Famine Relief and Insurance 1,213,300	Reduction of Expenditure on Famine Relief by Rx 13,400, and in allotments for construction of Protective Works or Reduction of Debt by Rx 1,199,900. The net charge for the working of the Indian Midland and Bengal-Nagpur Railways, included in the Railway Revenue
	Account, is increased by Rx 137,100.
Construction of Railways (beyond grant under Famine Insurance) — 138,800	Reduction of Expenditure on the Mayavaram-Mutupet and Hyderabad-Umarkot Railways.
Railway Revenue Account - +1,814,000	Net receipts better Rx 283,500; charges increased in India Rx 366,200, in England £86,200, and for Exchange
Irrigation 227,400	Rx 1,645,100.  Reduction of Expenditure Rx 35,600; improvement in Revenue Rx 191,800.
Buildings and Roads:	
Military Works 204,700 Civil Works 517,000	Reduction of Expenditure.  Reduction of Expenditure, especially in the North-West Provinces and Bengal; increase in Assam and Burma.
Army: Effective + 531,600	Increase of net Expenditure in India Rx 417,300 (pay of
Effective + 531,600	European soldiers owing to fall in Exchange heavier by Rx 369,300, and of officers for Exchange compensation
•	allowance Rx 465,800); reduction in England (owing to smaller demand for stores) £321,300; increase in Exchange Rx 435,600.
Non-effective + 918,200	Reduction of net Expenditure in India Rx 22,200; increase in England £198,700, and in Exchange Rx 741,700.
Special Defence Works 452,500 Other heads 4,400	in England 2136,700, and in Exchange its 741,700.
Total increase of net Expenditure:	
$ \begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & \\ \text{Imperial} & - & +2,415,900 \\ \text{Provincial} & - & +270,600 \\ \end{array} + 2,686,500 $	
To this increase of Rx 270,600	
in the Provincial Expenditure must be added the decrease of	The amount spent by the Provincial Governments from
Rx 672.900 in the Provincial	their balances beyond their income was Rx 240,900 in
Revenue, so that the portion of the net increase of charge to be	1891-92, and is estimated to be Rx 1,184,400 in 1894-95, of which Rx 405,000 is their special contribution to the
borne by the Provincial	Imperial Government.
Consequently the increase in the net Expenditure charged on the	
Revenue is +1,743,000	
And, setting against this increase	
the improvement of Rx 973,600 in the net Revenue, the Imperial	•
position is, on the whole, worse	
by 769,400	
The difference in the marilian Cur	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

The difference in the position of the two years may be thus summed up. The additional charge directly caused by the fall in Exchange was Rx 4,609,300\*; but the compensation allowance which it was found necessary to give to the officers amounted to Rx 1,113,300; so that altogether the Budget of 1894-95 is worse through Exchange by Rx 5,722,600 than the Account for 1891-92. The net revenue from opium, apart from Exchange, is worse by Rx 2,008,200. The total deterioration from these two causes, amounting to Rx 7,730,800, has been thus met, omitting charges connected with Exchange which are included charge. with Exchange which are included above: -Land Revenue is better by Ex 1,480,800; Customs, owing to the new tariff, by Rx 1,108,400; other heads of Revenue by Rx 530,600; Expenditure has been reduced by Rx 2,898,100, mainly under Famine Insurance, Interest, and Public Works of all kinds; and the Provincial Balances by  $\mathbf{Rx}$  943,500; the net result being that the Imperial Government's position is worse by Rx 769,400.

In the following table the principal causes are shown of the improvement or deterioration in the Accounts for 1892-93, and the Estimates for 1893-94 and 1894-95, when compared with the Accounts for 1891-92. A great improvement has taken place in the Land Revenue, and the other main sources of revenue, except Opium, which is very much worse than in 1891-92, owing partly to reduced sales and partly to heavy expenditure anticipated from the crop being normal. The net receipts from

<sup>\*</sup> Rx 4,588,700 in net Expenditure and Rx 20,600 in net Revenue.

Railways were very low in 1892-93, but in the later years have recovered. The Military Expenditure is considerably reduced, as well as the outlay on Civil Buildings and Roads; and in the Budget for 1894-95 there are special improvements from the additional Customs dues, the absence of expenditure for Famine Insurance, and the contributions made by the Provincial Governments. In the estimate for 1894-95 there is an additional charge exceeding Rx 5,700,000 in connexion with the charge for Exchange, beyond that incurred in 1891-92; but the final position is werse by only Rx 769,400:—

Net Revenue	and Expenditure better (+) or worse (-) than in 1891-92.	Account, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.
Other figures apart from	all accounts, including Exchange compensa- zance.  Land Revenue  Opium  Customs  Other principal heads of Revenue  Famine Relief and Insurance  Railways (including construction out of Revenue, in addition to that under Famine Insurance).  Military Expenditure (including Military and Special Defence Works).  Special contributions by the Provincial Governments.  Other Charges	Rx -3,086,400 + 847,900 + 240,100 - 99,800 + 652,600 + 153,600 - 718,600 + 267,200 + 466,300 - 23,800	Rx -3,671,600 +1,315,100 -1,340,700 - 50,000 + 370,600 + 129,400 + 48,800 + 530,600 + 407,500	Rx -5,722,600 +1,480,800 -2,008,100 +1,108,400 + 530,600 +1,212,600 + 27,800 +1,165,400 + 405,000 +1,030,700
		-1,300,900	-2,260,300	- 769,400

#### Famine Relief and Insurance.

In accordance with the policy adopted in 1881, respecting Famine Insurance, it was decided annually to set aside Rx 1,500,000 from Revenue, for the actual relief of famine, for the construction of works calculated to protect the country from famine, or for the reduction of the existing Debt, or avoidance of Debt otherwise about to be incurred, so as to form a set-off against the borrowing that might be expected in a year when famine arose. From 1886–87, however, to 1890–91, it was found impracticable to make the entire grant as intended, without imposing fresh taxation for the purpose. In 1891–92, 1892–93, and 1893–94, the full grant was again provided, but in 1894–95 there is no surplus of revenue available for the purpose. The following table shows to what extent the Revenue has been so appropriated:—

•			Construction of		of Protective ways.	Reduction or	
Years.	Famine Relief.		Protective Irrigation Works.	Charged under Famine Relief and Insurance.	Charged under Railway Revenue Account.	avoidance of Debt.	Ťotal.
,		Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx
1881-82 -	-	34,883	135,449	682,403	-	715,151	1,567,886
1882-83 -		22,103	263,443	-133,129		1,343,555	1,495,972
1883-84 -	• -	9,205	283,223	649,248	i I	581,137	1,522,813
1884-85 -	-	7,350	253,046	946,457	_	341,504	1,548,357
1885-86 -	-	40,695	186,807	589,000	29,271	683,498	1,529,271
188687	-	1,041	107,979	200,000	151,812	_	460,832
1887-88 -	-	402	91,006		285,199		376,€67
1888-89 -	-	7,799	70,537		430,182		508,518
1889-90 -		68,288	71,457		462,009	460,255	1,062,009
1890-91 -	-	5,579	74,392	-	482,351	520,029	1,082,351
1891–92 <i>-</i>	-	23,423	77,931	481,795	231,681	682,170	1,500,000
1892-93 -	-	70,841	60,793	984,469	383,897		1,500,000
Revised Esti 1893-94.	mate,	2,800	55,800	1,079,700	361,700		1,500,000
Budget, 1894-95	; <b>-</b>	10,000	45,000	-	368,800		428,800
Total of 14 ye	ars -	304,409	1,776,863	5,482,943	3,186,902	5,327,299	16,078,416

### Upper Burma,

The following is a statement of the net Expenditure and Revenue on account of Upper Burma, including the local payments and receipts:—

	Account, 1891-92.	Account, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.
Net Expenditure.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx
Police	666,900	636,700	626,500	610,600
General Administration -	19,500	20,000	22,700	21,700
Law and Justice	90,200	94,400	92,400	99,800
Marine	30,300	42,100	41,200	39,300
Medical	16,700	18,200	19,400	19,900
Political (including pensions) -	48,000	47,400	53,900	51,800
Other Civil Charges	3,800 -	3,200	2,760	8,500
Railway Revenue Account -	19,700	42,000	52,500	53,300
Irrigation Works	101,000	112,500	• 48,000	50,000
Buildings and Roads: Military	123,100	132,500	144,500	94,500
" Civil -	337,100	272,300	313,100	276,000
Extra Army Charges	529,200	502,500	460,000	502,500
	1,985,500	1,923,800	1,876,900	1,827,900
Net Revenue.				
Land Revenue	412,400	450,900	462,000	526,400
Stamps	23,600	27,900	28,800	30,300
Excise	46,200	53,600	50,000	50,000
Forest	95,300	163,500	179,900	139,900
Tributes	34,300	39,600	28,900	28,900
Other Heads '	12,600	12,200	12,400	12,300
	624,400	747,700	762,000	787,800
Net Charge	1,361,100	1,176,100	1,114,900	1,040,100

### Exchange.

The following Table shows the amount of the net sterling expenditure in England in recent years, the average rate at which the remittances from India have been effected, the amount under the head of Exchange involved in that sterling expenditure, the further charge or gain in India on remittance transactions, the additional estimated payment to the British soldiers arising from the fall in exchange, the amount of the compensation allowance granted to officers in consequence of that fall, and the total charge on the revenues on account of Exchange.

Yeurs.	Net Sterling Expenditure.	Average Rate at which Re- mittances wero effected.	Exchange on Net Sterling Expenditure.	Exchange in India on Remittance Transactions.	Additional Payment to European Soldiers on account of Exchange (approximate).	Exchange Compensation Allowance to Officers paid by Imperial Revenues.†	Total Charge for Exchange.
	£	d.	Rx	Rx	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{x}$	Rx	Rx
				(+charge, -receipt)			
1881-82 -	14,029,700*	19 · 895	2,894,300	+ 91,200			2,985,500
1882-83	13,692,200*	19.525	3,140,900	+ 64,600		·	3,205,500
1883-81 -	14,764,100*		3,373,700	- 60,800	46,000		3,358,900
1884-85	13,844,000	19.308	3,364,000	- 12,400	184,300	·	3,535,900
1885-86 -	13,755,700	18.254	4,329,900	- 264,400	224,300		4,289,800
1886-87	14,172,300	17:441	5,329,700	+ 26,300	275,800		5,631,800
1887-88 -	15,128,000	16.898	6,356,900	- 744,500	436,900		6,049,300
1888-89	14,652,600	$16 \cdot 379$	6,817,600	- 951,500	517,000	<u> </u>	6,383,100
1889-90 -	14,513,200	16.566	6,512,800	- 380,700	631,900		6,758,000
1890-91 -	15,176,000	18.090	4,959,000	- 78,200	587,200	_	5,468,000
1891-92	15,716,800	16.733	6,825,200	- 31,500	407,200		7,200,900
1892-93	16,114,200	14.985	9,694,800	19,700	612,200		10,287,300
Revised Esti-					, •		
mate, 1893-94	15,721,900	14.600	10,122,300	- 102,000	852,200	401,300	11,273,800
Budget, 1894-95	15,657,100	14.000	11,183,700	- 150,000	776,500	712,900	12,523,100

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding transactions connected with the military operations in Afghanistan and Egypt.

† Part of the Exchange Compensation Allowance is borne by the Provincial Governments, and does not affect the Imperial position.

### Home Charges.

The following is an analysis of the net Expenditure in England charged on the Revenues of the year, with the Exchange added:—

	Ac	count, 1892-	-03.	Revise	l Estimate,	1893-94.	В	udget, 1894	95.
Net Expenditure.	Sterling.	Ex- change.	Equivalent of Sterling Payments.	Sterling.	Ex- change.	Equivalent of Sterling Payments.	Sterling.	Ex- change,	Equivalent of Sterling Payments
Interest and Management of Debt (ex- cluding Interest charged in Railway Revenue Account)	£ 2,457,770	Rx 1,478,657	Rx 3,936,427	£ 2,535,100	Rx 1,632,200	Rx 4,167,300	£ 2,720,900	Rx 1,943,500	Rx 4,664,400
Railway Revenue Account	5,723,260	3,443,258	9,166,518	5,743,900	3,698,100	9,442,000	5,739,200	4,000,400	9,838,600
Civil Administration: Phyments on account of Departments in India, passage, outfit, &c.	28,369	17,068	45,437	84,100	21,900	56,000	29,500	21,100	50,600
Postal Subsidy	59,900	36,037	95,937	61,500	39,600	101,100	60,600	43,300	103,900
Telegraph: Red Sea Company's Annuity	18,027	10,846	28,873	18,000	11,600	29,600	18,000	12,900	30,900
" Indo-European	29,125	17,522	46,647	32,300	20,800	53,100	27,500	19,600	47,100
Zanzibar-Mauritius		_		2,500	1,600	4,100	10,000	7,100	17,100
Public Works: Civil Engineering College	480	289	769	4.000		]		"	
Other Charges	6,144	3,696	9,840	4,900	3,100	8,000	. 1,400	1,000	2,400
Marine Her Majesty's ships in Indian	, 0,144	9,000	0,0%0	5,100	3,300	8,400	5,500	3,900	9,400
Sens -	52,083	31,334	83,417	50,200	32,300	82,500	50,000	35,700	85,706
" Indian Government Defeuce Vessels	50,00C	30,081	80,081	59,300	38,200	97,500	59,600	42,600	102,200
., Other Charges	2,265	1,364	3,629	2,500	1,600	4,100	2,000	1,400	3,400
Civil Service : Allowances to Candidates,					, ,,,,,,,,	}	_,,,,,	1,200	, 5,200
Examinations, &c.	15,738	9,468	25,206	12,600	8,100	20,700	8,700	6,200	14,900
Lunatics: Maintenance	6,569	3,952	10,521	5,100	3,300	8,400	5,200	3,700	8,900
Political charges: Persian Mission	7,000	4,211	11,211	7,000	4,500	11,500	7,000	5,000	12,000
Diplomatic and Consular Establishments in China	12,500	7,520	20,020	12,500	8,000	20,500	12,500	8,900	21,400
, Pensions: territorial and political	29,218	17,578	46,796	22,000	14,200	36,200	11,100	F 000	70.000
, Other Charges -	2,500	1,504	4,004	2,100	1,400	3,500	-	7,900	19,000
India Office; Salaries of Establishment -	135,382	81,449	216,831	134,100	86,300	220,400	2,500 132,900	1,800	4,300
" Auditor's Department	6,507	3,915	10,422	6,700	- 4,300	- 11,000	6,900	94,900	227,800
" Store Department	27,075	16,288	43,361	• 27,000	17,400	44,400	25,000	4,900 17,900	11,800 42,900
" Stationery, postage, tele-					-1,240		20,000	11,500	12,000
grams, and other charges - Army : Effective : Home Charges of British	22,662	13,634	36,296	26,100	16,800	42,900	23,800	17,000	40,800
Forces serving in India " Troop Service and Trans-	975,751	587,037	1,562,788	751,800	84,000	1,235,800	783,000	559,800	1,342,300
port	215,764	129,809	345,573	248,400	359,900	408,300	235,600	168,300	403,900
" Other Charges	18,664	11,229	29,893	22,000	14,200	86,200	16,500	11,800	28,300
Stores: Civil and Public Works.	214,847	129,257	311,104	200.000	100.000		, ,		ĺ
, Telegraph	79,664	47,928	127,592	200,000	128,800	323,800	186,400	. 133,100	319,500
" Marine	186,128	111,979	298,107	81,500 132,700	52,500	134,000	62,800	44,900	107,700
" Military	902,873	543,191	1,446,064	834,000	85,400	218,100	72,500	51,800	124,300
" Special Defence Works (including		010,101	3,520,003		537,000	1,371,000	683,800	488,400	1,172,200
Establishment)	126,332	78,005	202,337	108,700	70,000	178,700	22,600	16,200	58,800
,, Miscellaneous Charges	-61	-57	-98	7,700	5,000	12,700	8,900	6,400	15,300
Furlough: Civil and Marine	207,826	125,033	332,850	200,200	128,900	329,100	208,000	148,600	356,600
" Military	349,637	210,351	559,988	326,000	209,900	535,900	335,000	239,300	574,300
, Telegraph	5,830	3,508	9,338	5,200	3,400	8,600	5,400	8,900	9,300
, Public Works	40,204	29,602	78,806	51,000	32,800	83,800	52,000	*37,100	89,100
	1,053,683	651,971	1,735,654	1,061,200	683,200	1,744,400	1,066,400	761,700	1,828,100
. , Military Total	3,005,591	1,808,242	4,813,836	2,886,900	1,858,700	4,745,600	2,958,400	2,113,200	5,071,600
10(41 • • .	16,114,308	9,694,776	25,809,084	15,721,900	10,122,300	25,844,200	15,657,100	11,183,700	28,840,800

There is a reduction in the Budget for 1894-95, as compared with the Account for There is a reduction in the Budget for 1894-95, as compared with the Account for 1892-93, of £472,783 on Stores, chiefly for the Army, Marine, and Special Defence Works, of £175,079 in the Army Effective Charges (which were swollen in 1892-93 by arrears), of £61,477 in the Non-Effective charges (which in 1892-93 were exceptionally increased by the alteration of the dates of payment), and of £7,999 on other accounts, while under Interest there is an increase of £263,130, owing to the payments for temporary debt; so that there is a net decrease of £457,208 in the sterling payments, while the charge for Exchange is higher by Rx 1,488,924. The Expenditure in England not charged on the Revenues of the year, according to the Accounts and Estimates, is as follows:—

•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Account, 1892-93.		Revised Estimate, 1893-94.			Budget Estimate, 1894-95.			
• :	Expenditure.	Sterling.	Ex- change.	Equivalent of Sterling Payments.	Sterling.	Ex- change.	Equivalent of Sterling Payments.	Sterling.	Ex- change.	Equivalent of Sterling Payments
Canital author	on construction of State	£	Rx	Rx	£	Rx	Rx	£	Rx	Rx
Capital outlay	Railways	1,034,673	622,486	1,657,159	782,000	503,500	1,285,500	800,000	614,300	1,474,300
n . n	on Irrigation Works	5,808	3,494	9,302	14,000	9,000	23,000	5,000	8,600	8,600
	Total	1,040,481	625,980	1,666,461	796,000	512,500	1,308,500	865,000	617,900	1,482,900

#### RAILWAYS.

The sanctioned mileage of Railways in India on the 31st of December 1893 was 20,394, of which 18,345 miles were open for traffic. The additional length opened in 1893 was 636 miles, of which 265 were on the East Coast Railway, 73 on the Jodhpore line, 57 on that from Dharmavaram to the Mysore frontier, 49 on the railway from Lucknow to Rae Bareli, 46 on that from Jetalsar to Rajkot, and 146 on other lines. The length sanctioned during the year was 136 miles, namely, 70 from Rajkot to Jamnagar, 61 from Oodeypore to Chitor, and 5 for other lines.

Including Capital Expenditure on Steam-boat Service and Suspense Account, but excluding other indirect charges, the following are the general results of working the

Railways for the last three calendar years:-

	<del></del>	' '1891.	1892.	1893.
	Miles open at end of year	17,211	17,709	18,345
	Capital outlay at end of year - Rx	219,375,123	225,442,210	232,895,499
	Average cost per open mile - ,,	12,746	12,730	12,695
	Number of passengers carried -	122,611,345	127,230,914	135,289,330
	Number of tons of goods carried -	26,048,793	26,260,040	28,200,694
:	Gross receipts Rx	23,980,761	23,187,544	23,827,781
	Working expenses - ,, .	11,258,498	10,860,913	11,168,749
	Net receipts ,,	12,722,263	12,326,631	12,659,032
	Percentage of net receipts on	•		' ' '
	capital cost	<b>5</b> ·80	5.47	5.44

While, however, the Railways gave in India a return of about  $5\frac{3}{4}$  or  $5\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. on their capital cost, the expense of paying in England the interest in gold is so heavy, that the result of the Railway Revenue Account is to impose a considerable burden on the Government; in 1891-92, when the net charge was only Rx 315,864, this was less than in any year since 1883-84, but the subsequent fall in Exchange has greatly added to the expenditure, as will be seen from the following statement:—

				Account, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.
				Rx	Rx	Rx
Receipts -		-	-	19,077,103	20,206,500	20,408,400
Expenditure -			-	20,924,155	21,803,500	22,538,300
	Net Charge	-	-	1,847,052	1,597,000	2,129,900

This result is arrived at after charging in the Railway Revenue Account the following sums on account of Exchange:—

t .					. IX
Account, 1892-93 -	-	- ,	-	-	3,443,258
Revised Estimate, 1893-94	-	-	•	-	3,698,200
Budget Estimate, 1894-95	•	· <b>-</b> -	-	-	4,099,500

### IRRIGATION WORKS.

The following is the financial result of the works of Irrigation during the three years to which the statement refers:—

	Account, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	•
Major Works: Direct receipts Portion of Land Revenue due to	Rx 1,510,730	Rx 1,333,600	Rx 1,391,600	
Irrigation	722,306	792,000	868,500	
Total Revenue Working expenses	2,233,036 793,951	2,125,600 771,700	2,260,100 769,200	
Net Revenue Interest on Debt	1,439,085 1,138,386	1,353,900 1,165,800	1,490,900 1,193,500	
Net Receipt Minor Works and Navigation : net Charge	300,699 822,276	188,100 724,800	297,400	ing the
Total net Charge -	521,577	536,700	445,600	

The direct receipts, of which nine-tenths consist of rates for irrigation, are chiefly derived from the large canals in Upper India; namely, the Ganges, Lower Ganges, Agra, and Eastern Jumna canals, in the North-West Provinces, the Bari Doab, Western Jumna, and Sirhind Canals, in the Punjab, and the Son project in Bengal. Of the portion of the land revenue credited to irrigation works, nearly two-thirds is derived from those in the deltas of the great rivers in Madras, especially the Godávári and Kistna.

The capital outlay on the principal Works of Irrigation has been as follows:---

en e	To the close of	During	Estimated in		Total to end	Percentage of net Revenue in 1892-93	
***************************************	1891–92.	1892–93.	1893–94.	1894-95.	1894–95.	on capital outlay.	
	Rx	$R_{\mathbf{x}}$	Rx	Rx	Rx		
Bengal: Orissa Project	2,460,666	36,322	35,300	24,000	2,556,288	09	
Midnapore Series -	825,871	<del></del>	900	,	826,771	1.13	
Son Canal	2,573,209	5,625	19,000	5,000	2,602,834	1.38	
NW. Provinces: Ganges Canal -	2,701,966	10,970	14,100	14,000	2,741,036	7.88	
Lower Ganges	3,121,562	20,763	29,700	22,100	3,194,125	3.78	
Canal.	,,	, , , , , ,		,		}	
Agra Canal -	851,663	2,424	4,100	5,900	864,087	3.48	
Eastern Jumna	325,009	2,913	1,800	2,000	331,722 .	22.07	
Canal.	<b>1</b>					•	
Betwa Canal -	397,498	949	1,400	1,100	400,947	40	
Punjab: Western Jumna Canal -	1,067,149	11,746	19,000	22,400	1,120,295	6.31	
Sirsa Branch Canal (State outlay).**	116,686	61,184	47,800	30,000	255,670	_	
Bari Doab Canal	1,582,529	25,186	51,900	19,000	1,678,615	10.92	
SirhindCanal (State outlay)*		15,609	22,600	5,500	2,290,650	7.85	
Chenab Canal	905,451	152,556	220,500	183,000	1,461,507	- 42	
Swat River Canal	348,589	-179	2,200	<u> </u>	350,610	5.61	
Madras: Godavari Delta System -	1,090,937	165	600	800	1,092,502	16.47	
Kistna Delta System -	973,763	30,659	38,300	34,000	1,076,722	13.70	
Sangam Anicut System -	299,636	1,872	5,900	3,000	310,408	3.92	
Kurnool Canal	2,164,167	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,164,167	08	
Periyar Project	376,858	131,355	129,300	76,000	713,513		
Rushikulya Project -	247,473	49,558	40,000	30,000	367,031	33	
Bombay: Eastern Nara Works -	521,582	18,054	36,700	90,000	666,336	6.14	
Mutha Canals	607,993	4,220	12,600	8,000	632,813	2.28	
Nira Canal	497,678	10,384	10,800	13,700	532,562	58	
Other Works	2,015,828	10,059	25,500	26,300	2,077,687		
·	28,320,704	602,394	770,000	615,800	30,308,898	5.00	

The chief grants in 1894-95 are for the Chenab Canal, the Periyar project, and the Eastern Nara works.

<sup>\*</sup> In addition to Rx 1,376,486 contributed by Native States towards the Sirbind Canal, and Rx 75,530 towards the Sirsa Branch Canal, to the end of 1892-93.

### TRADE.

The following is an abstract of the principal figures of the Trade returns for the three years ended 31st March 1894:—

	1891–92.	1892–93.	1893–94.
Imports of Private Merchandise Government stores	Rx 66,587,457 2,844,926	Rx 62,605,030 3,660,247	Rx 73,961,620 3,064,475
Total merchandise	69,432,383	66,265,277	77,026,095
Treasure	14,722,662	17,009,810	18,461,256
Total imports	84,155,045	83,275,087	95,487,351
Exports of Indian Produce and Manufactures Foreign goods (re-exports) Government stores	103,550,831 4,485,179 137,582	101,945,707 4,590,290 59,478	102,024,177 4,434,898 55,779
Total merchandise	108,173,592	106,595,475	106,514,854
Treasure	3,286,686	6,958,924	4,100,192
Total exports	111,460,278	113,554,399	110,615,046
Total trade	195,615,323	196,829,486	206,102,397
Analysis of the Imports of	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893–94.
Private Merchandise.	R <b>x</b> 293,257	Rx 300,673	Rx 305,054
I. Animala, living	293,201	300,073	303,034
II. Articles of food and drink: Fruits and vegetables Grain and pulse Liquors Provisions Salt Spices Sugar Tea Other articles	134,255 215,590 1,442,095 1,771,793 627,953 797,196 2,561,996 443,161 182,758	143,552 122,359 1,447,263 1,862,055 576,694 623,633 2,625,683 443,336 106,244	95,780 131,632 1,458,204 1,782,856 791,420 873,655 2,824,190 571,946 128,350
Total	8,176,797	7,950,819	8,658,033
Copper Iron Lead Steel Tin Zinc or spelter - Brass, quicksilver, and unenumerated metals - Hardware, cutlery, and plated ware Machinery and millwork Railway plant and rolling stock (other than Government stores) -  Total  IV. Chemicals, drugs, &c.:	2,089,024 2,321,283 170,908 459,525 264,331 192,614 157,388 1,238,994 2,111,597 1,484,173	1,768,757 2,423,434 155,707 385,184 296,034 185,877 167,025 1,217,754 2,359,103 1,032,939 9,991,814	2,382,510 2,428,880 166,328 622,776 327,572 192,875 157,615 1,301,690 2,518,038 1,242,977
Chemicals	286,408 650,425 598,383	507,649 662,815 644,633	356,813 771,404 708,865
Total	1,535,216	1,615,097	1,837,082

	1891–92.	1892–93.	1893-94.
Y 0:1-	Rx	Rx	Rx
Y. Oils:  Kerosine		2,515,874	3,09 <b>4,</b> 735
	<b>2,200,966</b>	211,186	267,595
Vegetable, not essential Other kinds	- 250,469 - 184,520	192,102	207,858
			·
Total	- 2,635,955	2,919,162	3,570,188
J. Raw materials and unmanufactured articles:  Coal, coke, and patent fuel	- 1,250,493	1,141,450	977,588
Cotton	- 177,273	261,820	223,639
Gums and resins	- 115,207	104,372	134,924
Ivoŕy	- 274,343	234,857	288,759
Precious stones and pearls, unset	- 142,364	207,340	154,411
Seeds	- 79,794	125,027	102,610
Silk	- 1,264,003	1,016,080	1,359,696
Wood	85,119	82,124	127,504
Wool	118,204	126,204	141,385
()ther articles	321,253	305,004	384,706
Total	3,828,053	3,604,278	3,895,222
I. Articles manufactured and partly manufactured :			
A. Yarns and textile fabrics:	0.714.000		
Cotton twist and yarn	3,514,620	2,683,850	3,108,941
" piece goods -	24,770,897	22,514,362	28,778,957
" sewing thread	166,120 237,835	164,405	177,488
,, other sorts	190,514	263,248 209,263	312,181 215.41
Flax, hemp, and jute	1,750,695	1,801,571	215,414 1,827,874
Silk	1,762,031	1,523,243	1,892,042
Wool  B. Apparel, including boots and shoes	1,398,027	1,383,830	1,578,049
C. Other manufactured articles:	206,517	225,775	265,714
Arms, ammunition, &c	221,594	230,564	248,63
Books, maps, charts, &c. Building and engineering materials	173,010	140,211	168,95
Cabinetware and furniture -	113,258	96,062	111,990
Candles	126,777	148,426	151,98
Clocks and watches	_ 140,283	115,789	154,554
Corals	168,113	121,046	167,35
Earthenware and porcelain -	273,573	251,593	251,61
Glass	728,203	670,804	788,48
Instruments and apparatus	252,583	240,725	278,88
Jewelry and plate	90,100	93,443	134,73
Leather, excluding boots and shoes	191,449 331,689	179,545	200,76
Matches -	292,859	358,957	375,13
Paints and colours, and painters' materials	470,339	299,518	324,236 494,20
Paper and pasteboard	110,417	436,098 116,478	121,70
Soap Stationery (excluding paper)	245,567	262,042	267,73
Toys and games	161,394	152,475	180,38
Umbrellas	414,942	441,145	480,93
Other articles	1,124,936	1,098,719	1,295,85
Total	39,628,342	36,223,187	44,354,78
Total Private Merchandise	- 66,587,457	62,605,030	73,961,62
Government Stores.			
Railway plant and rolling stock -	1,021,298	1,289,051	1,091,58
Arms, ammunition, &c	502,017	567,998	176,30
Books, maps, and charts	- 65,490	65,574	90,44
Coal	58,098	100,507 123,523	62,68
Hardware and cutlery	- 108,906 - 68,361	118,732	88,99
Metals -	378,471	433,850	449,13
Paper, pasteboard, and stationery	68,764	80,804	72,77
Ships, parts of	8,258	186,205	227,65
Telegraph materials	95,188	70,531	74,38
Woollen manufactures	112,865	150,845	136,38
Other stores	- 357,210	472,627	471,26
Total	- 2,844,926	3,660,247	3,064,47

### Analysis of the Exports of Indian Produce and Manufactures.

	1891–92.	1892–93.	189 <b>3</b> –94.
	Rx	Rx	Rx
. Animals, living -	101,878	137,307	122,913
· Animak, name			
. Food and drink:			
Coffee	1,998,659	2,066,862	2,002,171
Rice -	13,386,743 14,380,462	12,408,719 7,440,383	10,388,633 5,193,063
Wheat	928,475	713,870	742,629
Provisions	776,531	775,802	873,90
Spices	408,978	514,675	456,110
Sugar	508,417 5,968,129	507,915 6,292,348	892,74 6,585,830
Tea	100,560	90,373	104,614
Other articles			
Total	38,456,954	30,810,947	27,239,712
. Metals and their manufactures	77,019	84,407	76,691
. Metals and then mandactures	77,013	02,207	10,05
	•		
. Chemicals, drugs, dyeing materials, &c.:	_		
Opium	9,562,261	9,255,014 168,108	8,019,42 139,47
Tobacco	136,688 97,986	85,898	46,22
Other drugs, chemicals, &c	96,710	122,938	104,70
Cutch	317,296	382,484	337,89
Indigo	3,214,077	4,141,179 336,709	4,182,12
Myrabolams	393,690 53,723	82,820	415,16 88,14
Other thank and tanning materials			
Total	13,872,431	14,575,150	13,333,15
Oils:			
Castor	342,123	266,748	236,90
Cocoa nut	154,939	183,193	109,319
Other	86,749	145,627	189,672
Total	583,811	595,568	535,893
. Raw materials:			<u> </u>
	117,237	130,782	125,91
			13,302,28
Caoutchouc	10,754,312	12,743,679	
Caoutchouc	10,754,312 91,889	96,116	77,05
Caoutchouc	10,754,312 91,889 64,360	96,116 79,155	77,05 143,73
Caoutchouc	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13
Caoutchouc	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.)	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.)	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,941,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor earthnuts	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851 6,793,440	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,941,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,414 1,063,034 5,526,297	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed , mowa	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84 211,82 614,08
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed , mowa ,, poppy ,, rape	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851 6,793,440 55,574 406,514 1,708,952	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034 5,526,297 15,489 345,493 1,835,042	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13' 43,46 8,525,60 280,81; 190,90 338,10; 602,72; 959,72' 7,508,84 211,82' 614,08;
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed , mowa ,, poppy ,, rape ,, til or jinjili	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851 6,793,440 55,574 406,514 1,708,952 1,765,340	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034 5,526,297 15,489 345,493 1,835,042 2,092,316	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84 211,82 614,08 4,734,96 1,930,48
Caoutchouc Cutton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed , mowa ,, poppy , rape , til or jinjili ,, other sorts	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851 6,793,440 55,574 406,514 1,708,952 1,765,340 209,324	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034 5,526,297 15,489 345,493 1,835,042 2,092,316 202,389	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84 211,82 614,08 4,734,96 1,930,48 191,04
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed ,, mowa ,, poppy ,, rape ,, til or jinjili , other sorts Silk	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851 6,793,440 55,574 406,514 1,708,952 1,765,340	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034 5,526,297 15,489 345,493 1,835,042 2,092,316 202,389 617,574 570,102	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84 211,82 614,08 4,734,96 1,930,48 191,04 698,09 457,44
Caoutchouc Cutton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed , mowa ,, poppy , rape , til or jinjili ,, other sorts	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,831 6,793,440 55,574 406,514 1,708,952 1,765,340 209,324 518,627 474,852 103,224	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034 5,526,297 15,489 345,493 1,835,042 2,092,316 202,389 617,574 570,102 90,236	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84 211,82 614,08 4,734,96 1,930,48 191,04 698,09 457,44 103,30
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed ,, mowa ,, poppy ,, rape ,, til or jinjili , other sorts Silk Wood: teak other timber, and ornamental Wool	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,851 6,793,440 55,574 406,514 1,708,952 1,765,340 209,324 518,627 474,852 103,224 1,013,864	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034 5,526,297 15,489 345,493 1,835,042 2,092,316 202,389 617,574 570,102 90,236 1,116,578	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84 211,82 614,08 4,734,96 1,930,48 191,04 698,09 457,44 103,30 1,079,77
Caoutchouc Cotton Gums and resins Hemp Hides and skins Horns Jade stone Jute Manures (bones, &c.) Rice-bran Saltpetre Seeds: castor , earthnuts ,, linseed ,, mowa ,, poppy ,, rape , til or jinjili , other sorts Silk Wood: teak other timber, and ornamental	10,754,312 91,889 64,360 2,367,043 333,762 52,122 6,848,494 236,814 235,961 365,618 449,037 875,831 6,793,440 55,574 406,514 1,708,952 1,765,340 209,324 518,627 474,852 103,224	96,116 79,155 2,638,172 252,639 67,025 7,944,223 250,642 232,525 438,940 566,444 1,063,034 5,526,297 15,489 345,493 1,835,042 2,092,316 202,389 617,574 570,102 90,236	77,05 143,73 2,567,48 188,13 43,46 8,525,60 280,81 190,90 338,10 602,72 959,72 7,508,84 211,82 614,08 4,734,96 1,930,48 191,04 698,09 457,44 103,30

	1891–92.	1892-93.	1893–94.
II. Articles manufactured and partly manufactured:		1	<del>. </del>
A. Yarns and textile fabrics:	Rx	Rx	$\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{x}}$
Cotton twist and yarn	5,771,033	6,773,482	4,974,133
,, piece goods	1,214,502	1,268,694	1,218,893
, other sorts	49,501	58,481	49,583
Flax and hemp	1,545	4,270	488
Jute: gunny bags	2,195,238	2,853,310	2,870,624
", ", cloths, rope, twine, &c, -	317,862	384,684	571,162
Silk	183,957	197,178	242,417
Wool	94,789	120,080	148,429
B. Apparel (excluding hosiery) C. Other manufactured articles:	119,204	145,426	130,198
Coir manufactures	244,929	232,279	213,602
Hides and skins, dressed or tanned	2,818,958	2,956,438	3,233,877
Lac	750,531	780,163	960,228
Oilcake	104,520	118,495	140,378
Other articles	412,877	531,777	588,392
Total	14,279,446	16,424,757	15,342,404
Total Indian Produce and Manufactures -	103,550,831	101,945,707	102,024,177

### Analysis of the Re-exports of Foreign Merchandise.

,	1891–92.	1892–93.	1893–94.
			2d %
,	Rx	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{x}$	$\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{x}}$
Apparel	100,038	118,608	126,811
Cotton: twist and yarn	113,665	90,822	79,966
,, manufactures, piece goods	1,787,859	1,703,073	1,620,318
,, other sorts	29,306	29,806	25,687
Gums and resins	68,785	67,208	70,349
Hardware and cutlery	69,583	70,824	76,874
[vory	151,280	111,865	111,329
Metals	229,353	291,558	152,509
Provisions	117,552	146,264	124,562
Silk and its manufactures	104,480	108,989	105,689
Sugar	192,628	328,080	338,162
rea	315,741	328,151	343,158
Wool and its manufactures	709,141	656,267	683,182
Other articles	495,768	538,775	576,302
Total	4,485,179	4,590,290	4,434,898

### Movement of Treasure.

					,	1891–92.	1892–93.	1893-94.
Gold: imports	•	- -	-	-	-	Rx 4,118,929 1,705,137	Rx 1,781,789 4,594,472	Rx 3,146,530 2,505,284
	Net imports	-	-	-	-	2,413,792	-2,812,683	641,246
Silver: imports exports		-	· •	-	-	10,603,733 1,581,549	15,228,021 2,364,452	15,314,726 1,594,908
	Net imports	-	-	-	-	9,022,184	12,863,569	13,719,818
Net imports of tre	easure -	-	-	-		11,435,976	10,050,886	14,361,064
Amount of silver	coined at Calcu	tta and B	ombay	-	-	5,553,970	12,611,528	4,946,045

# Shipping.

	1	1891-92.		1893-94.		
Shipping:	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Vessels with cargoes entered: steamers -	1,617	2,561,855	1,585	2,544,440	1,625	2,613,606
" " " sailing -	2,153	455,262	<b>2,23</b> 8	442,105	2,025	453,067
Total	3,770	3,017,117	3,823	2,986,545	3,650	3,066,673
,, ,, cleared: steamers -	2,157	3,427,402	1,803	2,846,657	1,851	2,999,532
,, ,, sailing -	2,551	708,371	2,782	759,331	2,460	700,438
Total	4,708	4,135,773	4,585	3,605,988	4,311	3,699,970

### Balance of Trade (approximate).

	1891–92.	• 1892–93.	1893–94.
Exports of merchandise	Rx 108,173,000	Rx 106,595,000	Rx 106,515,000
" gold	1,705,000	4,595,000	2,505,000
,, silver	1,582,000	2,364,000	1,595,000
Total	111,460,000	113,554,090	110,615,000
Imports of merchandise	69,432,000	66,265,000	77,026,000
,, gold	4,119,000	1,782,000	3,146,000
,, silver	10,604,000	15,228,000	15,315,000
Total	34,155,000	83,275,000	95,487,000
Net exports of merchandise	38,741,000	40,330,000	29,489,000
" imports of gold	2,414,000	-2,813,000	641,000
" " silver	9,022,000	12,864,000	13,720,000
Excess of exports	27,305,000	30,279,000	15,128,000
Rupee paper enfaced for payment of interest in England -	775,000	-1,572,000	1,692,000
Total surplus exports	28,080,000	28,707,000	13,436,600
Remittances by the Government:  Payments in India for bills (including telegraphic transfers)  drawn to defray Home charges -	23,948,000	26,977,000	16,423,000
Bills drawn on India for interest on enfaced rupee paper -	1,070,000	960,000	955,000
	25,018,000	27,937,000	17,378,000
Excess of surplus Exports over remittances by Government -	3,062,000	770,000	-3,942,000
Charges not defrayed by India: Equivalent (at average rate of exchange on remittances) of amount borrowed in sterling	_	_	12,221,000

#### DEBT AND PUBLIC WORKS.

The following is the net debt incurred, or to be incurred, during the three years, according to the Account and Estimates:—

,							Account, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.
In India In England	-	a •	-	•	-	Rx £	245,235 621,640	2,618,100 7,434,700	- 451,006 2,300,000

In 1892-93, for the third time in succession, the Government of India was able to dispense with a public loan; but Rx 250,000 was borrowed, at 4 per cent., from the Rampur State, towards the construction of a line of railway from Moradabad to Bareilly through Rampur; and, debt being discharged to the amount of Rx 4,765, the net increase was Rx 245,235. In England a loan of £1,300,000 India 3 per cent. stock, which was subscribed on the 29th of April 1892, at an average price of £96 18s. 4d. per cent., was issued for the discharge of £920,300 railway debentures bearing  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. interest, while £1,340 India stock at a higher rate was also paid off, in addition to £1,000,000 Oude and Rohilkund Railway debentures which fell due on the 1st of April 1892, and for the discharge of which money had been provided in 1891-92; there was, therefore, a net reduction of debt in England in 1892-93 to the amount of £621,640.

In 1893-94 the Government of India raised for the discharge of the outstanding portion of their  $4\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. Rupee Debt, and for the prosecution of public works, a loan in India of Rx 3,499,100, bearing interest at  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per cent., which was subscribed at 96.21; and they also borrowed a further sum of Rx 220,000 from the Rampur State for the construction of the railway through its territory, while Rx 400 of debt on old loans was paid off.

In England railway  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. debentures were discharged amounting to £1,249,200, for which purpose India 3 per cent. stock was issued to the amount of £1,300,000, the loan being raised at £98 17s. 3d. per cent.; this involved an addition of £50,800 to the debt.

Owing to the failure to sell bills on India, it became necessary to issue India debentures for five years bearing  $3\frac{1}{4}$  per cent. interest for £1,386,000, and a new form of security was also created, termed India bills, payable in sterling at six months' date, similar in description to Treasury bills, by means of which £6,000,000 was raised at intervals, the average rates of interest being £2 16s. 7d. on £2,000,000 in November 1893, £2 12s. 3d. on £1,500,000 in December, and £2 7s. 7d. on £2,500,000 in February 1894. Thus, after deducting £2,100 of old debt discharged, the net increase of permanent and temporary debt in England in 1893–94 was £7,434,700.

In December 1893 power was given by the Act, 56 & 57 Vict. ch. 70, to borrow £10,000,000. On the 20th of May 1894, £6,000,000 India 3 per cent. stock was issued at £99 18s. 3d. per cent. Out of the proceeds of this loan India bills for £1,500,000 due on the 21st of June were discharged; and on the 3rd of August it is intended to pay off the £2,500,000 due on that day. Thus, in 1894–95, while the permanent debt is increased by £6,000,000, temporary debt amounting to £4,000,000 is discharged, and a net sum of £2,000,000 will, by the 3rd of August 1894, have been raised under the power given by the Act 56 & 57 Vict. c. 70.

The £2,000,000 of India Bills, which expired on the 12th of May 1894, were renewed for 12 months, at an average interest of £1 18s. 6d. per cent.

During the three years to which this statement relates, the outlay from revenue, from borrowed money, and from the balances, on the construction of Railways and Irrigation Works, is as follows:—

	Account, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.
State Railways	Rx 4,779,155 602,394	Rx 4,104,500 770,000	Rx 3,474,400 615,800
In addition to this, the outlay by Companies guaranteed or	5,381,549	4,874,500	4,090,200
subsidized by the Government (sterling payments being converted into Indian currency) is	1,309,000	1,393,400	1,762,800
Total	6,690,549	6,267,900	5,853,000

### Assets and Liabilities.

The following is a statement of the Assets and Liabilities of the Government of India. As Indian and English figures cannot be correctly added together without Exchange, the totals of the two sets of figures are shown separately:—

### Assets and Liabilities, March 31st, 1894.

#### IN INDIA.

Assets.		Liabi	lities.	1	
Railways constructed by the State Irrigation Works Loans to Municipalities, &c. Cash Balances	Rx 80,754,000 29,693,000 10,994,000 26,252,000	Debt Other Obligations	,		Rí 105,556,600 18,558,000
	147,693,000 124,114,000			,	124,114,000
Excess of Assets over Liabilities -	23,579,000		i		7

#### IN ENGLAND.

Assets.	Liabilities.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Purchased railways 59,236,000 Advances to Railway Companies - 4,863,000 Cash Balance - 960,000	Debt	£ 114,114,000
65,059,000		114,114,000 65,059,000
	Excess of Liabilities over Assets -	49,055,000

There is, therefore, uncovered debt in England to the amount of £49,055,000; but in India there are surplus assets to the extent of  $\mathbb{R}x$  23,579,000.

### BURDEN OF TAXATION.

In the following rough calculation, the burden of the taxation on the people of British India is shown.

	•				Account, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.
Salt Stamps Excise Provincial rates Customs Assessed taxes Registration		Total			Rx 8,656,100 4,448,500 5,242,400 3,706,500 1,617,600 1,686,100 430,100	kx 8,346,200 4,551,000 5,357,900 3,486,300 1,658,700 1,730,300 427,500 25,557,900	Rx 8,629,200 4,561,800 5,317,600 3,525,300 2,872,900 1,740,900 440,000
for the increase	as 221,173 se of popu that the	3,000. On tallation, the whole of the	91, the populat his basis, and all payment per he he taxation from s of British India	owing ad, on salt,	Rupee, Annas, Pies, 1 2 6	Rupee. Annas. Pics. 1 2 1	Rupee, Annas, P

If to this taxation be added the payment of Land Revenue, which is in the three years R 1 ,, 1 ,, 10, R 1 ,, 2 ,, 1, and R 1 ,, 2 ,, 1 respectively, the payments to the Government per head, for Land Revenue and Taxes taken together, amount to Rs. 2 ,, 4 ,, 4 in 1892-93, Rs. 2 ,, 4 ,, 2 in 1893-94, and Rs. 2 ,, 5 ,, 1 according to the Budget for 1894-95.

India Office, July 23rd 1894. HENRY H. FOWLER, Secretary of State.

### APPENDIX.

STATEMENT showing the Principal Figures in the Indian Accounts for 1891-92 and 1892-93, and Estimates for 1893-94 and 1894-95, with Explanations.

[Note.—£ denotes sterling; Rx denotes tens of Rupees.]

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891–92.	Accounts, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	1
Revenue	89,143,300	90,172,400	90,429,500	92,024,900	h '
Expenditure charged on the Revenue of the Year.	88,675,800	91,005,800	92,222,300	92,326,800	The result of 1892–93 is worse than that of 1891–92, by Rx 1,300,900.  The estimated result of 1898–94 is worse than that of 1892–93, by Rx 959,400.
Surplus	467,500	<u></u>			The estimated result of 1894-95 is better than that of 1893-94 by Rx 1,490,900.
Deficit	-	- 833,400	-1,792,800	- 301,900	
		-			
Total Expenditure, Imperial and Provincial, during the Year.	88,91 <b>6,</b> 700 /	91,188,200	92,701,100	93,511,200	In 1891-92 and 1892-93, and according to the Estimates for 1898-94 and 1894-95, the Provincial Governments spent, or are expected to spend (including in 1892-93
Portion thereof spent by Provincial Governments from their Balances.	- 240,900	- 177,400	<i>– 478,</i> 800	- 1,154,400	and 1894-95 special contributions to the Imperial Government), from their accumulated balances, a portion of the unspent income of former years, in addition to the income of the current years.
	88,675,800	91,005,800	92,222,800	92,326,800	

STATEMENT showing the Principal Figures in the Indian Accounts for 1891-92 and 1892-93,

REVINUE.	Accounts, 1891–92.	Accounts, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE:	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rж	
	•		ļ		
·	1				
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	,	•			·
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	;	. •		•	•
	1				
Land Revonue	23,965,800	24,905,800	25,492,300	25,703,600	The increase in 1892-93 arose chiefly in Madras and Burma. In 1893-94 it was general; in 1894-95 it is anticipated
			,		in Burma, the Central Provinces, and Assam.
,			·		
			:		
	•	, •			
				•	-
	·				
Opiui	8,012,400	7,993,200	6,694,400	6,393,600	The number of chests sold monthly in Calcutta was 4,750 in 1891, 4,500 from January to September 1892, 3,642 from October 1892 to December 1893, and 3,525 subsequently. The average price per chest was about
		,			1,058 rupees in 1891-92, 1,247 rupees in 1892-93, 1,109 rupees in 1893-94, and is estimated at 1,070 rupees in
					1894-95. The number of chests of Malwa opium paying duty was 30,654 in 1891-92, 27,846 in 1892-93, and is estimated at about 27,750 in 1893-94, and the same in 1894-95. The duty has been 600 rupees a chest since the 5th of July 1890. The reduction of revenue
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				in 1893-94 and 1894-95 is owing partly to the diminution of the amount sold at Calcutta, and partly to the lower price realised or expected.

and Estimates for 1893-94 and 1894-95, with Explanations-continued.

 				<u> </u>	
EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891–92.	Accounts, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
DIRECT DEMANDS ON THE REVENUES: Refunds and Drawbacks-	Rx 254,400	Rx 257,300	Rx 259,700	Rx 231,600	In the Net Statement on page 50 this charge is distributed among the various heads of revenue to which it relates. The reduction expected in 1894—95 is largely owing to the absence of certain exceptional refunds made in the pre-
			•		vious years.
Assignments and Compensations.	1,531,900	1,567,800	1,559,800	1,576,600	The increase in 1892–93 was caused by an exceptional adjustment in Bombay.
CHARGES IN RESPECT OF COLLECTION:				·	
Land Revenue	3,835,100	3,936,300	4,053,800	4,186,800	In 1892-93 the increase was caused by the appointment of subordinate magistrates in Madras, extension of surveys in Burma and Bengal, and payment of arrears in Bombay. In 1893-94 it was due to the survey and settlement operations in the North-West Provinces and Madras, and to larger payments in Burma in consequence of the increased collection of revenue. In 1894-95 it is expected to occur principally through survey and settlement operations in the North-West Provinces and Upper Burma, allow-
	-1				ances to district and village officers in Bombay and Madras, and increase of establishments in Assam.
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Opium	1,861,800	1,602,500	1,884,900	2,255,300	In the first three years, and especially in 1892-93, the payments to cultivators and manufacturing charges were small, owing to the partial failure of the crop in Bengal. In 1894-95 they are based on the estimate of a normal
			•		crop. The reserve has been greatly reduced in consequence of the poor crops of recent years, and was only 1,814 chests at the end of 1893.
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REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1898–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE—continued.		-			-
	Rx	Rx	Rx 8,346,200	Rx 8,629,200	The duty on selt is 01 suppose a mound
Salt	8,636,200	8,656,100	0,040,200	0,023,200	The duty on salt is $2\frac{1}{2}$ rupees a maund throughout India (except in British Burma, where it is one rupee a maund, and in some of the Trans-Indus districts, where the duty varies from 5 to $6\frac{1}{4}$ annas). In 1893-94 the reduction was partly due to a diminution in the Sambhar salt manufacture, owing to heavy rainfall, and partly to purchasers in Madras availing themselves of the option to defer the payment of the duty for six months, on lodging security.
Stamps	4,262,100	4,448,600	4,551,000	4,561,800	In 1892-93 the increase was principally in Madras and Bengal, and in 1893-94 in Bengal.
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Excise	5,117,800	5,242,400	5,357 <b>,</b> 900	5,317,600	The increase in 1892-93 occurred chiefly in Burma, Bengal, and the North-West Provinces. In 1893-94 there was a very large reduction in Burma, owing to the restrictions on the sale of opium, and the diminution in the quantity of liquor imported from Madras; but this was more than covered by the increased receipts in Madras, Bengal, and Bombay. In 1894-95 a further great reduction is expected in Burma.
	:				
Provincial Rates	8,502,800	<b>8,7</b> 06,500	3,486,300	3,525,300	The bulk of the rates being levied on the land, they are affected in much the same way as the land revenue. The fluctuations in 1892-93 and 1893-94 arose chiefly in Madras.
			•		:
Customs ~	1,701,300	1,617,600	1,658,700	2,872,900	In 1892-93 there was a large reduction in the export of rice from Burma. The improvement in 1893-94 occurred mainly at Bombay. The large increase in 1894-95 arises from the re-imposition of the duty on imports generally, excluding cotton goods.
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EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92,	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
DIRECT DEMANDS ON THE REVENUES— continued.			•	•	
CHARGES IN RESPECT OF COLLECTION—continued.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	· Singari
Salt	459,000	458,700	473,300	518,600	The increase in 1894–95 arises chief from the strengthening of the establishments in Madras.
			•		establishments in Madras.
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Stamps	138,400	141 800	150.000	180.000	m
Stampe	138,400	141,300	159,000	179,000	The increase in 1893-94 was main for stores in England, and exchan thereon; and the addition in 1894- arises in the same manner.
· .					arises in the same mainer.
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Excise	190,100	193,000	194,100	205,200	In 1894–95 the increase occurs chies in Madras,
					m mauras.
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Provincial Rates -	58,700	55,700	56,700	53,000	
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Customs	136,400	140,600	145,300	209,500	The increase in 1894-95 is owing to the additional establishments needed consequence of the new duties in posed on imports.
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REVENUE	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Rudget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
				•	
PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE—continued.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rz	
Assessed Taxes	1,652,800	1,686,200	1,730,300	1,740,900	An Income Tax of 5 pies in the rupee
	,	1	,,,,,,,,,	3,110,000	(equal to 6½d. in the £, or 2.6 per cent.) is imposed on incomes of 2,000 rupees a year and upwards, and a tax of 4 pies in the rupee (equal to 5d. in the £, or about 2 per cent.) on incomes below 2,000 rupees and not less than 500 rupees a year, if derived from salaries, pensions, profits of companies, or interest on securities; other incomes are assessed on a scale varying from 1½ to 2½ per cent.; incomes derived from agriculture, being already liable to pay the rates imposed on land in 1877—78, are exempted from this Income Tax.
	Albania Salahan Maria Salahan Maria				exempled from this flicture 18x.
Forest	1,490,600	1,591,300	1,677,100	1,646,000	In 1892-93 there was a large increase
	•	•			in Burma, where the season was exceptionally favourable for operations. In 1893-94 it arose chiefly in Madras and Bombay. The reduction in 1894-95 is due to a moderate estimate of the receipts in Burma.
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Registration	399,800	480,100	427,500	440,000	The increase in 1892–93 and in 1894–95 occurs chiefly in Madras and Bengal.
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Tributes from Native States	776,000	790,100	792,500	775,200	The increase in 1892-93 was due to the realization of arrears from the Shan States. In 1893-94 there was a payment of arrears by Manipur.
		·			
Total - Rx	59,517,100	61,067,400	60,214,200	61,606,100	
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EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1898-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	RRMARKS.
DIRECT DEMANDS ON THE REVENUES— continued.	,				
CHARGES IN RESPECT OF COLLECTION—continued.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx ´	
Assessed Taxes	29,600	80,200	81,500	82,700	
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Forest	843,900	865,200	921,000	984,400	The increase in 1892-93 was main Burma, and in 1893-94 in Bomba and it is expected in the present yoin Madras, Bombay, Burma, and Central Provinces.
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Registration	207,900	213,100	222,500	229,900	
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Total - Rx	9,547,200	9,461,700	9,961,100	10,662,600	•
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REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
INTEREST	Ex 879,500	<b>R</b> x 869,700	Rx 874,600	Ræ 856,800	In 1892-93 an improvement of Rx 41,600 arose from the increased investment of the paper currency reserve in Government securities, the amount thus invested having been raised from six to eight crores, but in both that year and 1893-94 there was a reduction in England through the smaller cash balance available for investment.
		,			The reduction in 1894-95 is anticipated in Bombay, owing to the repayment of loans by the Port Trust and Municipality.
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	ence de la companya d	•			
POST OFFICE, TELE-GRAPH, AND MINT.					
Post Office	1,446,400	1,488,900	1,549,700	1,595,000	The increase occurs in the sale of ordinary postage stamps, and is due to the normal expansion of the department.
Telegraph	919,300	987,700	960,400	993,800	The increase arises on the traffic in India.
Mint	210,000	810,500	228,100	67,700	In 1892–93 the coinage of silver was exceptionally heavy. The reduction in 1893–94 and 1894–95 is due to the closing of the mints to free coinage of silver on the 26th of June 1893.
Total - Rx	2,575,700	2,736,900	2,788,200	2,656,500	or butter on the zold of built 1639.

EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
		·			to the least of the second
' interest.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	' <del>-</del>
Interest on Debt, other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works.	<b>3,</b> 839,800	3,857,500	3,883,800	4,105,700	In 1892-93 there was an extra payment in India of Rx 65,400 owing to the conversion of loans, but otherwise a reduction of Rx 159,900, mainly attributable to transfer to the Public Works portion of the debt, no loan having been raised in India; the charge in, England was reduced by 205,800l., owing to the diminished payment for discount on the issue of stock; but the payment for Exchange
			•		was higher by Rx 318,000. In 1893-94 the charge in India was reduced by Rx 182,900 through the conversion of debt and transfer to the Public Works account; in England there was an increase of 64,800l. owing to the temporary debt created in consequence of the failure to sell bills on India; and the charge for Exchange was increased by
•					Rx 144,400. In 1894-95 it is anticipated that the charge in India will be further reduced by Rx 270,200 through transfer to the Public Works Account, and avoidance of discount as no loan is to be raised; in England an increase is expected of 184,400l.; and the estimate for exchange is higher by Rx 307,700.
Interest on other Obliga- tions.	475,400	516,800	548,400	505,700	The increase in 1892–93 and 1893–94 is chiefly in the interest on deposits in the Savings Banks. The diminution in 1894–95 is expected in consequence of the rate of interest being reduced
	*****				from $3\frac{3}{4}$ to $3\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
Total - Rx	4,315,200	4,374,300	4,432,200	4,611,400	Fo Fo.
POST OFFICE, TELE-GRAPH, AND MINT.	1,493,400	1,518,500	1,560,200	1,608,100	The increase is attributable to the
203.0000	1,130,100	,	1,000,200	1,000,100	development of the department, and the fall in Exchange.
				• ·	•
Telegraph	838,700	875,100	<b>914,</b> 500	919,600	The increase in 1892-93 and 1893-94 arose from the construction of more lines and the maintenance of additional offices in India, especially in Kashmir.
Mint	97,100	112,000	83,100	68,100	See remark on the opposite page.
Total - Rx	2,429,200	2,505,600	2,557,800	2,595,800	·

REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1898-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
CIVIL DEPART-	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	
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Law and Justice	1	686,600	690,800	702,600	,
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Police	881,600	396,000	407,700	898,800	In 1892–98 there was a special payment
. Fonce	801,000		,207,100	000,000	of arrears by the Bombay Port Trust, and in 1893–94 and 1894–95 there are
•					unusual receipts on account of punitive police in the North-West Provinces.
•					Provinces.
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Marine -	222,400	156,900	157,900	138,200	The reduction in 1892–93 was due to an alteration in the system of accounting
	•				for receipts on account of dockyard services. In 1894-95 it is owing to a lower estimate of the sale proceeds of
•	.				stores.
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Education	211,700	210,300	217,100	213,800	
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	EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891–92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
	CIVIL DEPART- MENTS: General Administration -	Rx 1,791,300	Rx 1,871,800	Rx 1,959,500	Rx 1,979,500	More than half of the increase in 1892-93 arose from Exchange; and the remainder was chiefly due to an alteration in the system of account, by which charges were transferred to this head from others. Of the increase in 1893-94, Rx 18,600 was caused by Exchange, and Rx 37,200 by the grant of exchange compensation allowance to officers; and 12,000l. was incurred in England, owing to the passage and outfit allowance of the Governor-General, and a large supply of currency notes, the remainder being distributed over all the provinces. In 1894-95 the additional charge for exchange and exchange compensation allowance is estimated at Rx 69,800; and in other respects there is a saving of Rx 49,800.
	Law and Justice	3,739,800	3,795,200	<b>3,9</b> 08,400	4,003,900	In 1892-93 the increase occurred chiefly in Madras and Bengal, and in 1893-94 in Bengal and Bombay. The exchange compensation amounts to Rx 73,200 in 1893-94, and to Rx 124,300 in 1894-95; in the latter year there would otherwise have been a considerable reduction of charge.
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	Police	3,868,600	3,873,600	<b>3,876,500</b>	4,043,000	The exchange compensation amounts to Rx 30,600 in 1893-94, and Rx 53,600 in 1894-95.
	Marine	<b>628,000</b>	857 <b>,</b> 100	777,100	698,000	In 1892-93 there was a reduction in India of Rx 44,700, owing to changes in the system of accounts; and an increase in England of 157,100l., of which 44,000l. was for the subsidy to the Admiralty for manning and maintaining the Indian Government defence vessels, and 109,000l. for stores, mainly the cost of the local troopships "Warren Hastings" and "Minto," and a dredger; and in Exchange of Rx 116,700. The reduction in 1893-94 and 1894-95 occurs in payments in England for stores, and Exchange thereon.
	Education	1,424,800	1,437,000	1,468,400	1,545,300	In 1893–94 the increase took place chiefly in Madras, Burma, and Bom- bay; in 1894–95 it is general, but principally in Bombay.
	Ecclesiatical	161,600	168,100	175,600	<b>1</b> 86,700	
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REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891–92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.	
CIVIL DEPARTMENTS  -continued.	Rx 63,100	Rx 71,900	Rx 71,800	Rx 70,800	,	
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Scientific and other Minor Departments.	90,200	86,200	90,800	88,500	•	
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Тотац - Кх	1,656,200	1,607,900	1,636,100	: 1,611,700	<b>€</b>	
MISCELLANEOUS:	et is grade	:				
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Superannuation -	861,500	362,500	869,700	363,700	•	
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Stationery and Printing -	88,400	80,800	83,200	84,800		
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EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
CIVIL DEPARTMENTS —continued.	· Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	
Medical	884,700	941,700	971,800	1,005,600	In 1892-93 the increase was general; it occurred chiefly in Bombay, the North-West Provinces, the Punjab, and Bengal. In the following years it arises mainly from Exchange compensation allowance, which amounts to Rx - 23,000 in 1893-94, and Rx 39,500 in 1894-95.
Political	767,700	842,100	933,800	984,400	The increase in 1892-93 was mainly owing to the subsidy of the Amir of Afghanistan being drawn in arrears,
					to special expenditure in the North Lushai agency, to the administration of the Kurram Valley, and to the visit of the Prime Minister of Nepal. In 1893-94 it was caused chiefly by the increase of the Amir's subsidy,
					the Kabul Mission, and the expenses of the Gilgit agency. In 1894-95 the payment of the full subsidy of the Amir, Rx 180,000, is provided for, while Rx 27,500 is due to Exchange compensation.
Scientific and other Minor Departments.	• 587,400	473,300	488,600	512,800	In 1891-92 there was special expenditure in connection with the census. Exchange compensation amounts to Rx 10,600 in 1893-94, and Rx 15,000 in 1894-95.
		j	<u>l</u>		
Total - Rx	13,853,900	14,259,900	14,559,600	14,959,200	
MISCELLANEOUS: Territorial and Political	557,900	541,600	513,000		
Pensions.		041,000	313,000	485,000	In 1891-92 there was a large payment of arrears in England. The reduction in the subsequent years is due to the death of Maharajah Duleep Singh, and to a pension in Bombay being undrawn.
Civil Furlough Allow- ances.	276,400	334,200	330,100	357,600	In 1892-93 there was an unusual increase of the officers of the various special departments on furlough, and the charge for Exchange was higher by Rx 41,500. In 1894-95 the Exchange is increased by Rx 19,700. Furlough allowances are now in general paid at 1s. 6d. the rupee.
Superannuation -	3,324,100	3,781,000	3,824,300	8,984,500	In 1892-93 there was an increase of Rx 32,700 in India, 84,500l. in England, mainly owing to the payments being made monthly instead of quarterly (which brought in charges that otherwise would have fallen into the following year), and Rx 339,700 in Exchange. The increase under the last head is Rx 52,100 in 1893-94, and Rx 129,700 in 1894-95.
Stationery and Printing -	602,900	647,900	689,600	679,800	In 1892-93 the increase occurred chiefly in Bombay, and in stores from Eng- land and Exchange on their cost. In 1893-94 it was almost entirely in Bengal and Bombay.
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REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891–92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
MISCELLANEOUS —continusd.	Rx .	Rx	Rx	Rx	, .
Exchange	£1,600	19,700	102,000	150,000	The entry under Exchange is the net result of the Government undertaking the duty of making remittances on various accounts at specified rates. The receipts are consequent mainly on the capital transactions of the subsidised railway companies, and on the rate of exchange at which they are brought to account. In 1892-93 there was a gain on the transactions of the Assam-Bengal and Bengal-Nagpur railways, but it was exceeded by the charge on the miscellaneous remittances. In 1893-94 the improvement arose in counection with the
Miscellaneous	420,800	414,000	406,000	384,700	former Company's operations, and in 1894-95 with that and the Indian Midland and Southern Mahratta Company's withdrawals of capital.  In 1891-92 there were exceptional sums received from the Bombay Port Trust.
Total - Rx	897,300	877,000	960,900	982,700	•
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EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS
MISCELLANEOUS — continued.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	•
					•
				•	
					•
Miscellaneous	285,300	233,100	262,100	247,100	In 1891-92 there was an exceptional charge on account of the money stolen from the Manipur treasury at the time of the outbreak. In the Estimates for 1893-94 and 1894-95 there are included charges of
	*	·			Rx 12,000 and Rx 4,000 for the Hemp Commission, and Rx 10,000
TOTAL - Rx	5,046,600	5,537,800	5,619,100	5,754,000	and Rx 2,500 for the moiety of the cost of the Opium Commission.
FAMINE RELIEF AND INSURANCE:					
Famine Relief	23,400	70,800	2,800	10,000	The expenditure in 1891-92 was for relief in Madras and Ajmere, and in 1892-93 also in Bengal. In the Estimates for 1893-94 and 1894-95 some
Construction of Protective Railways.	484,800	984,500	1,079,700	-	slight provision is made in Bengal.  The butlay in 1891-92 and 1892-93 was on the construction of the East Coast railway, which is calculated to protect the country against famine. In 1893-94 it is for the same line and the South Indian and Guntakul-Hindupur Railways. In 1894-95 there is no surplus of revenue which can be allotted under this head to the con-
	•	·		<i>(</i> -	struction of railways. In the four years sums of Rx 231,700, Rx 383,900, Rx 361,700, and Rx 368,800, respectively, though included in the Railway Revenue Account, are treated as chargeable against Famine Insurance, as they represent the net charge on account of the Indian Midland and Bengul-Nagpur Railway Companies, which were constructed as protective railways through the agency of companies.
Construction of Protective Irrigation Works.	77,900	60,800	55,800	45,000	The outlay is chiefly on the Rushikulya Project and Nira Canal.
Reduction of Debt -	682,200		-	_	This is surplus revenue appropriated to the construction of public works, the ordinary loan for that purpose being diminished accordingly.
TOTAL - Rx	1,268,300	1,116,100	1,138,300	55,000	Including the sums above mentioned for Protective Railways, the appropriation for Famine Relief and Insurance in each of the first three years was Rx 1,500,000, and in 1894-95 is estimated at Rx 423,800.
CONSTRUCTION OF RAILWAYS (charged against Revenue in addition to that under	163,200	339,500	77,100	24,400	The allotments are chiefly for the Mayavaram-Mutupet and Hydera- bad-Umarkot railways, and in 1892-
Famine Insurance).	!	l	17 12	'	93 also for the East Coast line.

REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
RAILWAYS:	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	
State Railways (G. Receipts).	16,411,900	15,814,800	16,775,300	16,939,900	In 1892-93 the unusual traffic in wheat and seeds, which had prevailed in
					1891-92, was not continued, and reductions occurred of Rx 750,300 on the North-Western, on which line not only was there a great diminution of the traffic, but also breaches were caused by floods, Rx 110,000 on the East Indian, Rx 34,000 on the Bengal-Nagpur, and Rx 33,400 on the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway; but there was an increase of Rx 79,100 on the Burma, Rx 71,600 on the South Indian, Rx 49,500 on the Bengal and North-Western, Rx 42,500 on the
					Rajputana-Malwa, Rx 36,500 on the Eastern Rengal, and Rx 51,400 on other railways. In 1893-94 a recovery of Rx 410,100 occurred on the North-Western Railway, and there were also improvements of Rx 202,700 on the East Indian, Rx 106,900 on the Southern Mahratta, Rx 77,100 on the Eastern Bengal, Rx 70,000 on the newly opened East Coast Railway, Rx 46,700 on the Bengal-
					Nagpur, Rx 39,100 on the Oudh and Rohilkhand, Rx 32,400 on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, and Rx 48,100 on other lines; but there was a diminution of Rx 72,600 on the Burma Railway. In 1894-95 allowance is made for reductions of Rx 90,000 on the East Indian, and Rx 40,000 on the Eastern Bengal Railway; while increases are expected of Rx 67,500 on the Burma, Rx 50,000 on the South Indian, Rx 45,000 on
				,	the East Coast, Rx 38,500 on the Godhra-Rutlam, Rx 30,000 on the Bengal-Nagpur, and Rx 63,600 on other lines.

EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
RAILWAY REVENUE ACCOUNT:	Rx 8 914 500	Rx 7.044.000	Rx	Rx	To 1900 02 4
State Railways: Working Expenses.	8,214,500	7,944,900	8,259,100	8,401,800	In 1892-93 there were reductions of Rx 141,600 on the North-Western, Rx 64,700 on the Eastern Bengal, and Rx 52,600 on the Rajputana-Malwa railway, and an increase of Rx 42,000 on the Mu Valley, and Rx 47,200 on other lines. In 1893-94 an increase took place of Rx 88,100 on the North-Western, Rx 50,000 on the North-Western, Rx 50,000 on the newly opened East Coast, Rx 46,200 on the Southern Mahratta line, and Rx 34,100 on other railways. An increase in anticipated in 1894-95 of Rx 55,100 on the East Indian, Rx 30,000 on the East Loast, Rx 22,500 on the Bengal-Nagpur, Rx 20,000 on the Oudh and Robilhand, and Rx 49,300 on other lines. The payments to companies for their share of surplus profits or net earnings of the lines worked by them, including contributions to the Provident Fund, are, for the four years, as follows:—    Railways.   1891-92   1892-93, Revised   Budget 1894-95.     Railways.   1891-92   1892-93, Revised   Budget 1894-95.     Railways.   1891-92   1892-93, Revised 1894-95.
State Railways: Interest on Debt.	4,427,900	4,779,100	4,967,500	5,164,800	Bengal Central -   10,600   7,800   7,700   8,000
State Railways: Annuities in purchase of Railways.	2,428,800	2,717,400	2,787,000	<b>2,918,900</b>	The increase is almost entirely caused by the fall in Exchange.
State Railways: Interest chargeable against Companies on Advances.	226,500	328,500	356,500	375,300	This is that portion of the interest on debt which is charged in the accounts against the Southern Mahratta, Indian Midland, Bengal-Nagpur, and Bengal Central railway companies, on account of advances made to them for the construction of lines through their agency, or for the discharge of debentures, instead of the companies raising the money by the issue of their debentures guaranteed by the Government. In the three years the increase amounts to 61,000l. in interest, and Rx 87,800 in Exchange.

REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	'Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
RAILWAYS—sontinued.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	
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Guaranteed Companies (Net Traffic Receipts).	8,493,100	8,244,400	3,397,500	8,445,500	In 1892-93 the net receipts of the Madras Railway increased by Rx 54,400, and those on the Bombay
					and Baroda Railway by Rx 33,500, but a reduction of Rx 336,600 took place on the Great Indian Peninsula line. In 1893-94 the Bombay and Baroda improved by Rx 111,700, and
					the Madras by Rx 67,700, while there was a further reduction on the Great Indian Peninsula of Rx 26,300. In 1894-95 an improvement of Rx 85,000 is expected on the last-mentioned
	l	·		,	line, while on the others reductions of Rx 35,000 and Rx 2,000, respectively, are anticipated.
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Subsidized Companies (repayment of Advances of Interest).	33,000	17,900	33,700	23,000	The figures represent the recovery in India from the Mysore State on account of the excess of interest on the capital outlay upon its line over the net receipts of the railway, and also in 1891-92 a repayment in England by the Rohilkhand-Kumaon Railway Company from its surplus receipts.
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Total - Re	19,938,000	19,077,100	20,206,500	20,408,400	
			=====		

		44-47				
1	EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1898-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
	RAILWAY REVENUE ACCOUNT—continued.	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	i .
	State Railways: Interest on Capital deposited by Companies.	1,004,700	1,086,100	1,149,100	1,199,800	The figures represent interest on the capital of the Indian Midland, Southern Mahratta, Bengal-Nagpur, Assam-Bengal, South Indian, Bengal Central, and Lucknow-Bareilly Railway Companies. Of the increase of Rx 195,100 in the three years, Rx 189,700 arises in Exchange.
			·	•		22 23 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Guaranteed Companies: Surplus Profits, Land, and Supervision.	756,900	611,300	605,800	651,600	The moiety of surplus profits payable to the Companies appears as follows in the accounts and estimates:
		•				1891-92, 1892-93, 1893-94, 1894-95,   1894
				•		South Indian 14,600 — — — — — 737,600 581,900 570,900 615,000
				·		
	Guaranteed Companies: Interest.	<b>3,069,400</b>	3,438,600	3,544,400	8,697,000	In 1892-93, 1893-94, and 1894-95 the accounts and estimates show an increase of Rx 372,600, Rx 96,600, and Rx 151,600 for Exchange.
	Subsidized Companies: Land, &c.	33,100	29,000	22,900	19,100	This includes compensation for land taken up for the Bengal and North-Western, Delhi-Umballa-Kalka, Nilgiri, Dobars, and Rohilkhand-Kumaon Railways, subsidies to
						the Dibru-Sadiya and Rohilkhand- Kumaon Companies, and advances of interest to the Nilgiri Railway Com- pany.
						,
	Miscellancous Expendi- ture.	92,100	<i>– 10,</i> \$00	111,200	110,000	Chiefly for surveys, and for Director- General's and other Establishments. The principal charges for surveys occur in Burma, and for the Zhob Valley, Kashmir, Frontier, Sambulpur- Khurda, Cuttack-Midnapur-Calcutta,
						Delhi-Minchinabad, Kalka-Simla, Rutlam-Muttra, and Madras-Bezvada lines. In 1892-93 there was a credit, owing to the repayment by the Assam-Bengal Railway Company of the cost of surveying the line trans- ferred to them.
	m	20.05				
	TOTAL - Rx	20,253,900	20,924,100	21,803,500	22,538,300	
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REVENUE,	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
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	<u> </u>		4		·
,	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	
IRRIGATION:					
Major Works Direct Receipts.	1,404,700	1,510,700	1,833,600	1,391,600	In 1891-92 and 1892-93 the improve- ment occurred chiefly on the Bari
			ž		Doab and Sirhind canals. In 1893-94 there was a great reduction of the receipts from the latter canal owing
					to excessive rain. In 1894-95 an improvement is expected on the Sirbind
,					Western Jumna, and Chenab canals.
Major Works: Postion of Land Revenue due	673,200	722,300	792,000	868,500	A reduction occurred in 1891-92 from
to Irrigation.			:	1	the transfer of certain revenue in the Punjab to the head of Direct receipts; but this was covered by improve-
					ment in Bombay. In 1893-94 the improvement resulted from certain credits on the Bari Doab canal. In
			!		1894-95 a considerable increase is
				,	expected from the introduction of a new settlement in Tanjore.
Minor Works and Navi- gation.	194,100	185,900	194,000	203,700	
	•		·		
	,		:	,	
Total - Rx	2,272,000	2,418,900	2,319,600	2,463,800	
BUILDINGS AND ROADS:					
Military Works	49.900	45,300	46,900	46,800	The receipts are usually derived from the rents of buildings and sale of old
					materials.
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Civil Works	577,300	607,900	607,100	582,400	The receipts are mostly derived from rents, sale of stores, proceeds of work-
	~		ı		shops, tolls, and ferries. In 1892-93 there were some exceptional re-
• .					ceipts in the North-West Provinces, and in 1893-94 there was an arrear receipt from the profits of the Darji-
			•	<u>†</u> 	ling-Himalayan Railway.
				,	-
Total · Rx	627,100	653,200	654,000	629,200	·
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Major Works: Interest on Debt.  Minor Works and Navigation.  Total - Rx  BUILDINGS AND ROADS:  Military Works - 1,214,500  I,196,800  I,196,800  I,191,000  I,191,000  I,191,000  In 1891-92 there was heavy expenditure on famine relief works in Rajputana, Madras, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawaddy embankments. In 1892-93 the Madras Government on 1893-94 the reduction occurred chiefly in Burma.  An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India, besides, in most cases, Rx 184,000 for Upper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-92 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Quetta, and for the accommodation of the restoration of damaged buildings at Quetta, and for the accommodation of the provision for improving the works appeal in 1893-93 a further grant was made for the year and in 1893-94 there was special provision for improving the was spe	EXPENDITURE   Accounts   1891-92   Resimate,   1894-94   Estimate,   1894-95   Resimate,   1894-95   Resimat	 					
REIGATION: Major Works: Working Expenses.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  1,009,700 1,138,400 1,165,800 1,193,500 The increase arises from further capital onthe Chenab and Sthirld cannel, and the reduction in 1893-94 on the Bari Dobb cansal.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  Misjor Works: Inter	REIGATION: Major Works: Working Expenses.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  1,007,700 1,138,400 1,165,800 1,193,500 Interest on Debt.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  Misjor Works: Interest on Debt.  1,007,700 1,008,100 1,165,800 Interest on Debt.  Misjor Works and Navigation.  Misjor Works and Naviga	EXPENDITURE.			Estimate,	Estimate,	REMARKS.
Minor Works and Navigation.  Minor Works and Navigation.  1,073,800   1,008,100   918,800   946,700   In 1891-92 there was heavy expenditure on famine relief works in Rightana, Madras, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawaddy embankments. In considerably curtain its expenditure. In 1893-94 the reduction occurred chiefly in Burma.  Total - Rx   2,945,000   2,940,500   2,856,800   2,909,400    BUILDINGS AND ROADS:  Military Works -   1,214,500   1,196,800   1,191,000   1,006,800   An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India, beside, in most cases, Rx 150,000 for Upper Burma, Special processing the connection with mobilisation, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Questa, and for this hast purpose; and both in that year and in Rx 100,000 for Upper Burma.  Civil Works -   4,994,200   4,649,700   4,749,300   4,482,800   In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bangal, the North-West Provinces, Upper Burma, Burma there was a considerable increase. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable increase. In 1893-94 their excess took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable reduction in every province, except Bengal where it in very given, except Bengal where it in very given.	Minor Works and Navigation.  Minor Works and Navigation.  1,073,800  1,008,100  918,800  918,800  1,1891-92 there was heavy expenditure on famine relief works in Rsiputana, Madray, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawardly embankments. In Rodards, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawardly embankments. In Rodards, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawardly embankments. In Rodards, and Upper Burma, Bulliding and International Expenditure, In 1893-94 the reduction occurred chiefly in Burma.  Military Works  1,214,500  1,196,800  1,191,000  1,006,800  An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India, besides, in most cases, Rx 150,000 for Upper Burma, Special on Connexion with excommedation of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further and was and for this hast purpose; and both in that year and in India. Province of the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a transport of the construction and restoration of damaged buildings at Questa, and for the seconmedation of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further and was made for this hast purpose; and both in that year and in Deen found that has year and in Deen found paracticable to allot more than Rx 100,000 for Upper Burma.  Civil Works  4,994,200  4,649,700  4,749,300  4,482,800  In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bengal, the North-Yest Frovinces, Upper Burma, Burma here was a considerable increase. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 it has considerable increase. In 1893-94 their is a considerable increase.	Major Works: Working			•		on the Chenab and Sirhird canals, and the reduction in 1893-94 on the
on famine relief works in Rajputans, Madras, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawaddy embankments. In 1892-94 the reduction occurred chiefly in Burma.  Total - Rx 2,945,000 2,940,500 2,856,300 2,909,400  BUILDINGS AND ROADS:  Military Works - 1,214,500 1,196,800 1,191,000 1,006,800 An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India seides, in most cases, Rx 150,000 for Upper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-29 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-39 a further grant was made for this law purpose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special provision for improving the water supply in cantonments. In 1894-35 the another found practicable to silot more than Rx 100,000 for Upper Burma.  Civil Works - 4,994,200 4,649,700 4,749,800 4,482,300 In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the first provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much refused by the provincial expenditure. Which had been generally enlarged in the previous year. Which had been gen	on famine relief works in Rajputans, Madras, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawaddy embankments. In 1893-94 the reduction occurred chiefly in Burma.  Total - Rx 2,945,000 2,940,500 2,856,300 2,309,400  BUILDINGS AND ROADS:  Military Works - 1,214,500 1,196,800 1,191,000 I,006,800 An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India special proper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-29 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Queta, and for the accommodation of trops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further grant was made for this larprose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special propose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special propose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was the water supply in cantonments. In 1894-95 the suppose; and both in the previous year, was much reduced by the suppose of the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year; was much reduced by the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year; was much reduced by the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year; was much reduced by the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year; was much reduced by the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year; was much reduced by the reduced provincial expenditure, which had been generally in Regal, the North-West Provinces, the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable reduction in every province, excellengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a considerable reduction in every province, excellengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a considerable reduction in every province, excellengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a considerable reduction in every province, excellent the reduction of the previous		1,109,700	1,138,400	1,165,800	1,193,500	
BUILDINGS AND ROADS:  Military Works 1,214,500 1,196,800 1,191,000 1,006,800 Indian, besides, in most cases, RX 150,000 for Upper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-92 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Quetta, and for the accommodation of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further grant was made for this last purpose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special provision for improving the water supply in cantonments. In 1894-95 it has not been found practicable to allot more than Rx 100,000 for Upper Burma.  Civil Works 4,994,200 4,649,700 4,749,800 4,482,800 In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much north-west Provinces, Upper Burma, and Madras, but in Assam and Lower Burma there was a considerable feducion. in every province except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a material increase.	BUILDINGS AND ROADS:  Military Works 1,214,500 1,196,800 1,191,000 1,006,800 India, besides, in most cases, Rx 150,000 for Upper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-92 for improving the water supply in cantonments. In 1894-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much North-West Provinces, Upper Burma.  Civil Works 4,994,200 4,649,700 4,749,800 4,482,800 In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much north-West Provinces, Upper Burma.  Civil Works - In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assum. In 1894-95 the is a considerable recurse. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assum. In 1894-95 the is a considerable reduction. in every province except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a material increase.		1,078,900	1,008,100	918,800	946,700	on famine relief works in Rajputana, Madras, and Upper Burma, and on the Irrawaddy embankments. In 1892-93 the Madras Government considerably curtailed its expenditure. In 1893-94 the reduction occurred
ROADS:  Military Works 1,214,500	ROADS:  Military Works 1,214,500  1,196,800  1,191,000  1,006,800  1,006,800  An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India, besides, in most cases, Rx 15,000 for Upper Burms. Special grains were made in 1891-92 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Quetta, and for the accommodation of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further grant was made for this last purpose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special provision for improving the water supply in cantonments. In 1894-95 it has not been found practicable to allot more than Rx 100,000 for Upper Burms.  Civil Works 4,994,200  4,749,300  4,749,300  4,482,300  In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bengal, the North-West Provinces, Upper Burma, and Madras, but in Assam and Lower Burna there was a considerable reduction. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable reduction: in every province, except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a material increase.	Total - Rx	2,945,000	2,940,500	2,856,300	2,909,400	oniony in Darman
Military Works 1,214,500  1,196,800  1,191,000  1,006,800  1,006,800  An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India, besides, in most cases, Rx 150,000 for Upper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-29 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Quetta, and for the accommodation of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further grant was made for this last purpose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special provision for improving the water supply in cantoments. In 1894-95 it has not been found practicable to allot more than Rx 100,000 for Upper Burma.  Civil Works 4,994,200  4,649,700  4,749,300  4,482,300  In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bengal, the North-West Provinces, Upper Burma, and Madras, but in Assam and Lower Burma there was a considerable increase. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable reduction, in every province, except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where thore is a material increase.	Military Works 1,214,500  1,196,800  1,191,000  1,006,800  1,006,800  An average sum of Rx 1,000,000 a year is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India, besides, in most cases, Rx 150,000 for Upper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-29 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Quetta, and for the accommodation of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further grant was made for this last purpose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special provision for improving the water supply in cantoments. In 1894-95 it has not been found practicable to allot more than Rx 100,000 for Upper Burma.  Civil Works 4,994,200  4,749,300  4,749,300  4,749,300  4,482,300  In 1892-93 the provincial expenditure, which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bengal, the North-West Provinces, Upper Burma, and Madras, but in Assam and Lower Burma there was a considerable increase. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable reduction, in every province, except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a material increase.						·
which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bengal, the North-West Provinces, Upper Burma, and Madras, but in Assam and Lower Burma there was a considerable increase. In 1893–94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894–95 there is a considerable reduction in every province, except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a material increase.	which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bengal, the North-West Provinces, Upper Burma, and Madras, but in Assam and Lower Burma there was a considerable increase. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable reduction in every province, except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a material increase.	ROADS:	1,214,500	1,196,800	1,191,000	1,006,800	is granted for the construction and repair of military works throughout India, besides, in most cases, Rx 150,000 for Upper Burma. Special grants were made in 1891-92 for works in connexion with mobilization, for the restoration of damaged buildings at Quetta, and for the accommodation of troops on the Chin hills. In 1892-93 a further grant was made for this last purpose; and both in that year and in 1893-94 there was special provision for improving the water supply in cantonments. In 1894-95 it has not been found practicable to allot more than
Total - Rx 6,208,700 5,846,500 5,940,300 5,489,100	TOTAL - Rx 6,208,700 5,846,500 5,940,300 5,489,100	Civil Works	4,994,200	4,649,700	4,749,300	<b>4,482,3</b> 00	which had been generally enlarged in the previous year, was much reduced, especially in Bengal, the North-West Provinces, Upper Burma, and Madras, but in Assam and Lower Burma there was a considerable increase. In 1893-94 the increase took place mainly in Burma and Assam. In 1894-95 there is a considerable reduction in every province, except Bengal where it is very slight, and Madras where there is a
		Total - Rx	6,208,700	5,846,500	5,940,800	5,489,100	

REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
ARMY SERVICES: Army: Effective -	Rx 704,200	Rx 784,400	Rx 788,900	Rx 722,200	In 1892-93 there was a considerable increase in the sales of malt liquor
	•	:			In 1892-93 there was a considerable increase in the sales of malt liquor, and an exceptional credit for horses taken to Egypt by the 7th Dragoon Guards. In 1893-94 there was a smaller sale of ordnance stores in India, but unusually high receipts in England for articles brought home by regiments transferred to the British establishment.
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Army: Non-effective -	76,200	79,900	86,500	87,500	
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	•	•			
Total - Rx	780,400	864,300	825,400	809,700	

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	EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.
	LONG ADDRIANA		<u>r</u>	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	
	ARMY SERVICES:	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	F- 1000 00 (1
	Army: Effective	18,257,500	18,662,800	18,733,700	18,807,100	In 1892-93 there was a reduction of Rx 26,700 in Upper Burma, and
-			}	ł		of Rx 563,900 for special expedi-
ı				,		tious; there was an increase of Rx 205,000 in the pay of the British
I						troops owing to the fall in Exchange;
ı				ļ ·		transport arrangements in Kashmir
ı			·			cost Rx 86,700, the new system of clothing to the British troops caused
ı				<b>!</b>		an increase of Rx 10,900, ordnance
1	•			1		establishments and stores Rx 65,900, and other charges in India were
ı	!			Ì		heavier by Rx 79,700. In England
ı		_	,		-	the charges were enhanced by 53,000l.
-			:		_	owing to deferred pay, and, in accord- ance with the final award of the Earl
1			i			of Northbrook's Commission, arrears
ı	•			,		of 212,500l. were paid to close the accounts to the 31st of March 1892;
- 1			,			the furlough pay was higher by
ł	•	j j	:	<u> </u>	,	44,600l., but the charge for stores
J	•			;	•	was reduced by 197,800 <i>l.</i> , and other payments by 22,200 <i>l</i> . Under Exchange
J		1	;	;		there was an increase of Rx. 457,600.
1				,		In 1893–94 the addition to the pay of British troops through the fall in Ex-
		.:		·		change was Rx 240,000; there was
-	,					a saving of Rx 239,800 on special expeditions, and of Rx 42,600 in
						Upper Burma; Exchange compensa-
				. '		tion allowance to the officers cost
				ļ		Rx 263,500; the Gilgit Agency Rx 48,200; horses and mules
	•	!	1	·		Rx 26,700; there were extra charges
				1	·	of Rx 46,300 for the Ordnance De- partment, and of Rx 82,100 in other
			1	Í		respects in India. In England the
				<u> </u>	· ·	charges were less by 225,700l. for
			i			payments to the War Office, and 60,000 <i>l</i> . for stores, but increased by
			ł	1		6,500l. in other respects; and Ex-
			}		ļ	change was reduced by Rx 74,300. In 1894-95 there are additions of
ı		,	}		1 :	Rx 95,700 for Exchange compensa-
			,			tion allowance, Rx 42,500 for Upper Burma, Rx 49,000 for increased cost
- 1		!!			1	of food, Rx 51,100 in railway and
		·		į	ļ	transport charges, and Rx 1,100 in
	,					other respects, while there is a reduction of Rx 75,700 in the estimate
						of the extra pay to the British troops
1	•	1				arising from the fall in Exchange.  In England the charge for stores is
-	ı					reduced by 158,500 <i>l</i> ., while other
ı						payments are higher by 14,500l.; and
	A-mm - Non-offective	4,023,100	4,756,300	4,680,100	4,952,600	Exchange is heavier by Rx 53,700.  From the 1st of April 1884, the system
ı	Army: Non-effective -	±,020,100	2), 00,000	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,002,000	of paying, in respect of officers and
j		,		}		men of the British Forces, the capita- lised value of the share of India in
						each pension when granted, was aban-
	,					doned, and the charge borne by India
					,	during the year was henceforward to be her portion of each pension accord-
1			ŀ			ing to actuarial tables of life. The
J						result was a decrease of 705,000/. at first, but the amount has been
ı	· !		1	] :	,	gradually rising again for many years.
1	·			,		In 1892–93 there was a reduction of Rx. 9,700 in India, but an increase of
					.	239.2001, in England, and Rx 503,700
ı						in exchange, of which amounts 165,000% with Rx 103,500 exchange
ļ		,				was due to the introduction of the
1						system of paying Indian officers
ł						monthly instead of quarterly, which brought in payments that otherwise
						would have fallen into the following
					,	year. In 1893-94 there is a reduction of Rx 1,600 in India, and 106,700l. in
						England, owing to the absence of the
		[				exceptional charge, but Exchange was heavier by Rx 32,100. In 1894-95
						a reduction in India of Rx 6,300
						is estimated, but in England the expenditure is larger by 68,900l., and
	Total - Rx	22,280,600	23,419,100	23,413,800	23,759,700	Exchange is increased by Rx 209,900.
- 1	•	<del></del>	ı————	)	,	1

REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.	REMARKS.
	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx	
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TOTAL REVENUE RX	89,143,300	90,172,400	90,429,500	92,024,900	

EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate,	REMARKS.
				1894–95.	
SPECIAL DEFENCE   WORKS.	Rx 604,900	Rx 458,100	Rx 842,000	Rx 152,300	The expenditure is incurred on redoubts, military posts, blockhouses, and roads,
TOTAL EXPENDITURE, Imperial and Pro- vincial	88,916,700	91,183,200	92,701,100	98,511,200	on the North-West Frontier, on defences at Aden, Bombay, Karachi, and Rangoon, and in the Hooghly, and on guns and stores in England. As the work draws to a conclusion, large reductions have been effected; in 1892-93 of Rx 49,000 in India, 82,900 <i>l</i> . in England, and Rx 14,900 in exchange; in 1893-94 of Rx 92,400 in India, 17,700 in England, and Rx 6,000 in Exchange; and in 1894-95 of Rx 49,800 in India, 86,100 <i>l</i> . in England, and Rx 53,800 in Exchange.  There is an increase of Rx 4,594,500 in the estimate for 1894-95 over 1891-92, including Rx 4,370,200 in
•			soldiers of change of exchange in India, primarily for Famir Rx 1,210 Interest, under Ar Rx 138,8 under Ir account Rx 389,20 and Justic Rx 119,5 Rx 85,40 Post Office	wing to the fall impensation all in the expendi and 144,400l. due to the abse is Insurance, us 300, but there Rx 785,100 un imp, Rx 192 00 under Con igation; on t is worse by 00, Collection 00, Education 00, Medical by 00 by Rx 71,6	the charge for exchange on sterling for addition to the pay of the British in Exchange, and Rx 1,113,300 for Exclowance to officers; so that, apart from ture has been reduced by Rx1,113,900 in England. The saving in India is ince of any allotment of surplus revenue nder which head there is a reduction of is also a diminution of Rx 517,500 under nder Buildings and Roads, Rx 407,000 a,200 under Special Defence Works, istruction of Railways, and Rx 55,700 the other hand, the Railway Revenue Rx 495,600, Opium Expenditure by of Land Revenue by Rx 269,900, Law,900, Forest by Rx 120,100, Police by Rx 192,900, Superanuation by Rx 79,000, Telegraph by Rx 72,200, 500, Customs by Rx 68,700, and other
				·.	
PROVINCIAL ADJUST- MENTS:					
Deficits: Expenditure by Provincial Govern- ments from their balances.	<b>– 240,900</b>	<b>–</b> 177,400	— 478,800 	-1,184,400	In each of the four years the Provincial Governments spent, or are expected to spend, besides the whole of their annual allotments, sums which had accumulated in their balances from the savings of previous years, such expenditure, however, including the special contributions, antiounting to Rx 405,000, made to the revenues of the Government of India in 1894-95.
				.	of which Burma contributes Rx 180,000, Bombay Rx 56,000, the North-West Provinces Rx 50,000, the Central Provinces Rx 43,000, Bengal and Madras each Rx 30,000, and Assam Rx 16,000. In 1892-93 the Government of India, under the quinquennial arrangement made with the Provincial Governments, resumed
Surpluses: Allotments to Provincial Govern- ments unspent by them.	_	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del> -	-	from them portions of their annual surpluses amounting to Rx 466,300, of which Bombay contributed Rx 131,100, Madras Rx 103,800, Lower Burma Rx 58,900, the North-West Provinces Rx 56,900, Bengal Rx 51,900, the Punjab Rx 41,000, and the Central Provinces Rx 22,700. According to the Accounts and Estimates of the four years, the Government of Madras will have reduced its balances by Rx 1,080,100; Burma Rx 260,600; Bombay Rx 224,200;
TOTAL EXPENDITURE Charged against the Rx	88,675,800	91,005,800	92,222,300	92,326,800	the Punjab Rx 183,200; the Central Provinces Rx 126,400; the North- West Provinces Rx 84,900; Bengal
	Imperial and Provincial  PROVINCIAL ADJUST- MENTS:  Deficits: Expenditure by Provincial Governments from their balances.  Surpluses: Allotments to Provincial Govern-	Imperial and Pro- vincial	ROVINCIAL ADJUST- MENTS:  Deficits: Expenditure by Provincial Governments from their balances.  Surpluses: Allotments to Provincial Govern-	Imperial and Provincial - Surpluses: Allotments to Provincial Govern-	Imperial and Provincial S8,916,700   91,183,200   92,701,100   93,511,200    expenditure, Rx 369,300 soldiers owing to the fall change compensation at exchange, the expenditure in India, and 144,400 (primarily due to the abset for Faunie Insurance, under Army, Rx 198 Rx 138,500 under Corunder Interest, Rx 785,100 under Corunder Interest, Rx 389,200, Collection and Justice by Rx 138 Rx 119,900, Education Rx 884,400, Medical by Post Office by Rx 71, charges by Rx 179,800    Provincial Governments from their balances.

REVENUE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.	REMARKS.	
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and Estimates for 1893-94 and 1894-95, with Explanations—continued.

EXPENDITURE.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892–93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.			REMAI	RKS.		
EXPENDITURE NOT CHARGED TO REVENUE: Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works:	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx				<del>-</del>	
State Railways -	2,770,300	3,455,200	2,947,700	3,450,000					1.
			,		The total outlay on the c	constructi follows :	on of State	e Railway	s during
·			.,	<b>\.</b>	<u></u>	Accounts, 1891–92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894-95.
			. 1		From Borrowed Money - From Revenue -	Rx 2,770,300 672,700 3,443,000	Rx 3,455,200 1,324,000 4,779,200	Rx 2,947,700 1,156,800 4,104,500	Rx 3,450,000 24,400 3,474,400
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			- 1 7 x		DISTRIBUTION.  East Indian Eastern Bengal Tirhoot Oudh and Rohilkhand Lucknow - Rae Barelli Benares. Bareilly-Rampur-Morada-	-78,100 196,600 36,000 2,100 36,500 18,600	367,100 135,100 124,800 	541,100 109,400 18,300 48,500 84,300	240,000 90,000 80,000 74,300 10,000
					bad. Rajputana-Malwa North-Western Mushkaf-Bolan Mari-Attock Frontier Railways Reserve Material. Peshawar Railway Reserve	85,700 292,200 182,400 87,900 24,000	58,500 445,200 267,200 211,100 30,100	47,500 364,100 516,200 82,600 13,700	91,200 285,500 576,600 50,000 1,200
		-	/	,	South Indian Guntakul-Hindupur Burma Mu Valley Assam-Bengal East Coast	176,900 111,700 46,900 506,200 47,900 1,303,700	-202,600 460,500 50,900 447,700 -23,600 1,233,600	72,500 10,400 62,200 289,100 80,000 996,800	60,000 5,000 40,000 322,800 40,000 760,000
		, ! 			Godhra-Rutlam Mayavaram-Mutupet Hyderabad-Umarkot Other Lines Stores and Reserve, and Lapses.	204,500 42,700 117,200 19,400 62,600	633,300 91,900 42,200 29,000 27,800	428,000 66,400 8,200 54,700 -476,400	132,000 17,500 6,000 94,100 859,600
	,		'		TOTAL Rx	3,443,000	4,779,200	4,104,500	3,474,400
Irrigation Works	729,700	531,100	695,400	550,000	The outlay occurs on th	e followin	ıg Irrigati	on works	1.
Total - Rx	3,500,000	3,986,300	3,643,100	4,000,000	<u> </u>	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893–94.	Budget Estimate, 1894–95.
				-	From Borrowed Money - From Revenue -	Rx 729,700 103,400	Rx 531,100	Rx 695,400	Rx 550,000
·					Total - Rx	833,100	71,300 602,400	74,600	65,800
					DISTRIBUTION.  Orissa Canals Hidgellee Tidal Canal Son Canals Ganges Canal Lower Ganges Canal Western Jumna Canal Bari Doab Canal Sirhind Canal Chenab Canal Chen	38,900 23,500 20,400 16,990 21,700 4,700 56,800 2,100 35,500 350,600 110,300 8,500 64,190 11,800 28,400 833,100	36,300 3,800 5,600 11,000 20,800 11,700 61,200 25,200 152,600 131,400 131,400 10,400 10,400 602,400	35,300 3,200 19,000 14,100 29,700 11,000 51,900 22,600 220,500 38,300 129,300 36,700 40,000 10,800 770,000	24,000 12,600 5,000 12,000 22,100 22,400 30,000 19,000 183,000 34,000 90,000 30,000 13,700 84,000 615,800
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### NET REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

#### NET REVENUE.

Gross Revenue, deducting Refunds and Drawbacks and Charges of Collection.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Bevised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate 1894-95.
	Řx	Rx	Rx	Rx
Land Revenue	20,066,200	20,914,000	21,381,500	21,465,100
Opium	6,150,600	6,890,500	4,809,500	4,138,200
Salt	. 8,139,000	8,167,400	7,840,600	8,076,100
Stamps	4,076,500	4,258,500	4,337,700	4,330,700
Excise	4,896,800	5,017,200	5,124,900	5,082,700
Provincial Rates	8,438,700	3,643,000	3,424,600	3,467,600
Customs	1,517,900	1,418,200	1,467,800	2,622,100
Assessed Taxes	1,608,500	1,640,400	1,677,500	1,694,600
forest	641,000	728,600	752,600	659,000
Registration	190,600	215,600	203,700	208,800
Tributes from Native States	776,000	790,100	792,000	775,200
	51,501,800	53,173,500	51,812,400	52,520,100
Peduct: Assignments and Compensations -	1,581,900	1,567,800	1,559,300	1,576,600
.Net Revenue Rx	49,969,900	51,605,700	50,253,100	50,943,500

### NET EXPENDITURE.

Gross Expenditure, deducting Receipts.	Accounts, 1891-92.	Accounts, 1892-93.	Revised Estimate, 1893-94.	Budget Estimate 1894-95.
• 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Rx	Rx ·	Rx	Rx
Interest	8,435,700	3,504,500	8,557,600	3,754,600
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint -	146,500	-231,300	<b>—180,400</b>	-60,700
Civil Departments	12,197,700	12,652,000	12,923,500	13,347,500
Miscellaneous Civil Charges	4,149,800	4,660,800	4,658,200	4,771,300
Famine Relief and Insurance	1,268,300	1,116,100	1,138,300	55,000
Construction of Railways (charged against Revenue, in addition to that under Famine Insurance).	163,200	339,500	77,100	24,400
Railway Revenue Account	815,900	1,847,100	1,597,000	2,129,900
rrigation	678,000	521,600	536,700	445,600
Buildings and Roads	5,581,600	5,193,300	5,286,300	4,859,900
Army Services	21,500,200	22,554,800	22,588,400	22,950,000
Special Defence Works	604,900	458,100	842,000	152,300
	49,743,800	52,616,500	52,524,700	52,429,800
Provincial Adjustments	- 240,900	-177,400	- 478,800	-1,184,400
Net Expenditure - Rx	49,502,400	52,439,100	52,045,900	51,245,400
Surplus (+) or Deficit (-) Rx	467,500	- 833,400	-1,792,800	-301,900