# EAST INDIA (FINANCIAL STATEMENT).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 13 May 1892;—for,

COPY

OF THE

# EAST INDIAN FINANCIAL STATEMENT

For 1892-93.

India Office, 16 May 1892.

GEORGE N. CURZON, Under Secretary of State for India.

(Sir Richard Temple.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed, 17 May 1892

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1892-93.

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# COPY OF THE EAST INDIAN FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1892-93.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1892-93

#### PART I.

#### IMPERIAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

# PRELIMINARY.

Part I of the Financial Statement of 1892-93 deals with Imperial Revenue and Expenditure only.

The object of dealing with Imperial Revenue and Expenditure in a separate section of the Statement is to render it possible to present in brief compass an intelligible outline of the financial position of the Government of India.

Those who wish for further information regarding Imperial, Provincial, or Local Finance will find it in Part II.

- 2. The financial transactions of the Government of India will, as usual, be considered under the following heads:—
  - (1.) The accounts of the financial year 1890-91, which have been finally closed;
  - (2.) The Revised Estimate of the financial year 1891-92, which ends on 31st instant;
    - (3.) The Budget Estimate of the coming year-1892-93.

#### SECTION I .- ACCOUNTS OF 1890-91.

3. The Budget Estimate of 1890-91 showed a surplus of Rx. 270,400.

The Revised Estimate of the same year, issued in March last, showed a surplus of Rx. 2,787,100, and it was said at the time that the Final Accounts would show a further improvement.

This expectation has been realised, and the Accounts of 1890-91 have closed with the very substantial surplus of Rx. 3,688,171.

Foremost among the causes which have contributed to the great surplus of 1890-91 must be placed the rise in Exchange which took place during the year. The average rate of the year was 1 s. 6 089 d. as against a Budget Estimate of 1 s. 4 55 d., and fully one-half of the total surplus was due to this cause alone.

The total Imperial Revenue received in India proved to be almost the same as in the Budget Estimate, for, though there was a fairly satisfactory growth of general Revenue during the year, it was largely counterbalanced by some falling off in Opium Revenue, and by other reductions of income which I need not specify in detail.

In expenditure incurred in India the Accounts show an improvement over the Budget of Rx. 808,356, due mainly to reduction of Expenditure in the Railway Account (Rx. 481,850), short Expenditure on Special Defences (Rx. 173,402), and a poor opium crop (Rx. 123,620).

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In England there was an improvement in Revenue of 146,509 *l.*, due to special causes, and a reduction in Expenditure of 350,925 *l.*, of which 141,230 *l.* was under Special Defences, and 179,975 *l.* was under Army, and was due to short supply of magazine rifles. In both cases, therefore, the saving was a mere postponement of a charge which must be incurred sooner or later.

4. I have dwelt upon the facts stated in the preceding paragraphs, in order to make it clear that the large surplus of 1890-91 did not indicate what may be called the permanent financial position of the Government of India at the close of that year; and I think it necessary to do so because it has been urged in some quarters that, with so large a surplus, the Government of India should have reduced taxation or undertaken other fiscal reforms of an important nature.

The surplus of 1890-91 was not a surplus which could be expected to recur in future years. The rise in Exchange, which gave half that surplus, has been lost, and a further fall has taken place which adds at least Rx. 700,000 more to the expenditure of the Government of India. The special receipts of 1890-91 affected only the income of that year, and the temporary saving arising from a poor opium crop, and from short expenditure on Special Defences, and on the purchase of magazine rifles, did not indicate any improvement in the financial position.

# SECTION II.—REVISED ESTIMATE OF 1891-92.

5. From what I have just said it will be understood that no important remission of taxation or other great fiscal reform involving a serious sacrifice of Revenue was possible in the Financial Statement of 1891-92. Exchange was taken for 1891-92 at 1 s. 5½ d. the rupee, and the Government of India were able to show a small surplus of Rx. 115,600 in the Budget Estimate, after setting aside an additional sum of Rx. 448,000 in order to raise the Famine Grant to the full amount of Rx. 1,500,000.

The Revised Estimate for 1891-92 now shows a deficit of Rx. 80,000, as against the surplus of Rx. 115,600 shown in the Budget Estimate; and, though no doubt the Final Accounts will show an improvement, and it is more than probable that we shall yet secure equilibrium, it is clear that, if any considerable remission of taxation had been made last year, the Government of India would now have had to face a serious deficit. In comparison with the total Revenue and total Expenditure, the difference between a surplus of Rx. 115,600 and a deficit of Rx. 80,000 is of little importance, as in both cases practical equilibrium between Revenue and Expenditure is secured. But, although the Revised Estimate gives almost the same net result as the Budget Estimate, the year 1891-92 is remarkable, even in Indian finance, for the wide departures from the figures of the Budget Estimate that have occurred under particular heads.

6. In explaining how an estimated surplus of Rx. 115,600 has been converted into a deficit of Rx. 80,000, it will be convenient to take net figures for Opium and under the Railway Revenue Account, and for Army; that is, in the case of Opium, Expenditure will be deducted from Revenue and only net Revenue shown, and in the case of Railways and Army I shall deduct Receipts from Expenditure and show only net Expenditure. Other Heads of Revenue and Expenditure will be taken gross.

In dealing with each head of the Accounts I shall also, as far as po-sible, exclude variations due to Exchange, and I shall show Exchange as a separate item of

the Account.

7. Among the favourable influences of the year, the foremost place must be assigned to the increase of Railway Traffic, and consequently of net Revenue from Railways. In the budget it was estimated that under the Imperial portion of the Railway Revenue Account there would be a net receipt of Rx. 6,071,600 in India, and a net Expenditure of 5,689,800 l. in England. The corresponding figures of the Revised Estimate are Rx. 7,394,000 and 5,652,000 l., showing improvements of Rx. 1,322,400 and 37.800 l. respectively. These figures exclude the effect of the tall in Exchange, which, as I have said, will be dealt with separately. If the effect of the fall in Exchange on the Railway Revenue Account be taken into account, the total improvement is reduced to Rx. 1,122,400.

The increase of Revenue from Railways is largely due to increased exports of wheat and seeds. The following figures show the increase in the export of these arricles that took place in the first 10 months of the present year as compared with past years:—

17					w heat.	Seeus.
				*	Cwt.	Cwt.
1889-90 (10 months)	-	_	•• .	_	12,876,000	13,869,000
1890-91 ( ,, )	-		-	•	12,926,000	11,940,000
1891-92 ( ,, )		<b>-</b>			27,135,000	16,303,000

- 8. The net Revenue from Opium has increased by Rx. 821,500 minus 300 l.; this is not an unmixed gain, even from the financial point of view, as Rx. 388,800 of the increase is due to another short crop.
- 9. For some years we have been in the habit of expecting a steady increase of receipts every year under certain Principal Heads of Revenue, but, unfortunately, in the current year the important head of Land Revenue shows a falling-off, due to scarcity in certain Provinces; the Revenue under Salt, Stamps, and Excise, has, however, shown the usual rate of growth.

The falling-off in the Imperial share of Land Revenue comes to Rx, 657,000, though the total falling-off (Imperial, Provincial, and Local) is only Rx. 518,800. This somewhat singular result is due to the fact that adjustments between the Government of India and the various Local Governments are made through the medium of the Land Revenue Head. In the current year the Government of India have made certain payments to Bengal which were not provided for in the Budget, and which have had the effect of transferring Rx. 162,300 of Land Revenue from Imperial to Provincial. Similar payments, but of much smaller amounts, have also been made to other Provinces.

10. The Imperial share of the increases under Salt, Stamps, and Excise, is as follows:—

	•	·			•		Rx.
Salt -	_			_	· 🕳 , "	Na n	282,100
Stamps	-	.,			= -,	%_ 1 -	21,100
Excise	-		وسعيد وسا	-			104,700
• •		.,		Тота	_	R	407,900
				TOIM	_		7. 701,000

The increase of Revenue in England, excluding Army, Opium, and the Railway Revenue Account, in respect of which I take net figures, is 33,900 l., and the increase of Revenue in India, excluding the heads in respect to which net figures are taken, and also Land Revenue, Salt, Stamps, Excise, which are dealt with separately, is Rx. 188,200. The head which chiefly contributes to this result being Telegraph, under which there is an increase of Rx. 137,800 in Indiau receipts.

11. The total increase of Revenue in England and India may then be calculated as follows:—

```
Railways (net) - - - - 1,322,400 plus 37,800
Opium (net) - - - - 821,500 minus 300
Salt - - - - - 282,100
Stamps - - - - 21,100
Excise - - - - - 104,700
Other Heads, excluding Army and Land Revenue - - - Rx. 2,740,000 plus £. 71,400
```

Against this increase must be set a falling-off of Rx. 657,000 under Land Revenue. Deducting this amount from the figures just stated, the resulting improvement is Rx. 2,083,000, plus 71,400 l.

12. Of the unfavourable influences affecting the Indian finances during the current year, the chief was increased Expenditure under Army.

In the Budget the net Expenditure in India under Army was taken at Rx. 13,815,500, and in England at 4,625,500 l. These figures have been increased in the Revised Estimate by Rx. 1,095,500 and 123,100 l. respectively.

13. The

13. The increase of Military Expenditure in India was chiefly due to Frontier Expeditions, and to the sanction of certain measures considered necessary for the efficiency of the Army.

The Budget Estimate of 1891-92 provided Rx. 155,000 for Expeditions. During the year further Expenditure on Expeditions was sanctioned to the amount of Rx. 720,000:—

				•					Кx.
Chin-Lushai		n	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,000
Manipur Ope	rations -		-	-	- <b>-</b>	-	-	-	300,000
Wunthoo Ex	pedition -		•	-	-	-	-	_	50,000
Hazara	· ,,		·- ·	-		-	-	_	60,000
Meranzai	,, -			-	-	_	-	_	140,000
Cold weather	operations	s in	Burm	a .		-	-	-	120,000
			•	To	TAL	-		Rx.	720,000

It is characteristic of the uncertainties of Indian Finance that in last Financial Statement I should have called attention to what I then considered the high scale of Expenditure on Frontier Expeditions of Rx. 374,400 in 1888-89, of Rx. 421,000 in 1889-90, and of Rx. 352,600 in the Revised Estimate of 1890-91, and expressed a hope that Expenditure of this nature was about to fall off.

A grant of Rx. 80,000 was also sanctioned during the year for additional transport mules, and Rx. 52,100 for additional remounts and ordnance mules, while the Revised Estimate for 1891-92 provides Rx. 213,400 under Army for Expenditure in India on preparations to facilitate mobilization.

- 14. The excess in the Home Expenditure under Army is due to the payment of 211,000 l. not provided for in the Budget, being arrears and increase of effective charges on account of British Forces serving in India, reduced by savings under other heads.
- 15. Putting on one side the Expenditure under Opium, the Railway Account, and Army, in respect to which we have found it more convenient to deal with net figures, the increase of gross Expenditure shown in the Revised Estimate amounts to Rx. 222,200 in India, and 127,000 l. in England. With regard to the increase of Expenditure in India, I need only explain that it is the net result of a number of increases and decreases which individually are not of very great magnitude.

The chief increases are Rx. 51,700 under Political, Rx. 138,000 under Famine Relief and Insurance, Rx. 48,200 under Irrigation, Rx. 80,900 under Military Works, and Rx. 65,900 under Civil Works. And the chief decreases are Rx. 74,900 under Police, and Rx. 60,600 under Special Defences. These items of increase and decrease are explained in Part II., which, it should be recollected, deals with Provincial and Local Revenue and Expenditure as well as

with Imperial Revenue and Expenditure.

In England the chief increase in Expenditure has been 232,000 l. under Interest, and the chief decrease 175,500 l. under Special Defences. The increase is due to the Secretary of State having issued India Stock at a discount, which has thrown a charge of 255,000 l. on the Revenue of the year. The decrease under Special Defences is, as usual, a mere postponement of Expenditure.

16. Bringing together the whole of the items of Revenue and Expenditure with which I have just dealt, and still continuing to exclude Exchange, we get the following result:-

20. The

The sum of Rx. 765,300 in rupees very considerably exceeds 178,700 l. in sterling, and we thus see that, notwithstanding the great increase of Military Expenditure and the falling-off in Land Revenue, the Revised Estimate gives a result which shows a satisfactory improvement over the Budget-Estimate if Exchange be excluded.

17. There now remains Exchange to be dealt with.

The increase of net Expenditure on this account is Rx. 782,200, partly due to increased Sterling Expenditure, but mainly to the average value of the rupee having proved to be 1 s. 4.713 d. instead of 1 s. 51 d., the rate taken in the Budget Estimate.

Deducting from the increased expenditure under Exchange the figures at the end of the preceeding paragraph, we find the Revised Estimate to be worse than the Budget by Rx. 178,700\* plus Rx. 16,900 (782,200 minus 765,300), or Rx. 195,600. As the Budget Estimate showed a surplus of Rx. 115,600, a deterioration of this magnitude brings out a deficit of Rx. 80,000, being-Rx. 195,600 minus Rx. 115,600.

18. The whole case may then be stated briefly and with sufficient accuracy in the following manner:—

The Railway Revenue Account and Opium, Salt, Stamps, Excise, and other Heads of minor importance, have given an improvement in 1891-92 over the Budget Estimate of not much less than three crores of rupees.

Of this improvement 1½ crores have been balanced by increased Military Expenditure; the fall in Exchange and reduction in Land Revenue account for nearly 1½ crores more, and increased Expenditure under Heads of minor importance in England and India is sufficient to do rather more than swallow up the remainder of the improvement, thus converting a surplus of Rx. 115,600 into a deficit of Rx. 80,000.

# SECTION III.—BUDGET ESTIMATE OF 1892-93.

19. In the Financial Statement for 1891-92, I made the following remarks:—

"So far as can be judged, our financial position during the next two years depends on two factors, Military Expenditure and Exchange. It is of great importance to the Indian finances that Exchange should not fall materially below the present rate for a year or two, that is, until we have experienced some relief from the heavy Military charges which we are now bearing. If Exchange falls materially within the next year or two, we may find ourselves in a difficult position, though I believe the difficulties would prove to be only temporary."

Since this passage was written Exchange has fallen heavily, and in the Budget Estimate for the coming year a rate of 1 s. 4 d. the rupee has been taken as against 1 s. 51 d. in the Budget Estimate of the current year. It would be a tedious process to calculate the exact loss due to this heavy fall, but for present purposes it will be sufficient to take it, in round figures, at Rx. 1,708,000. The sterling expenditure of the coming year is almost the same as the estimated sterling expenditure of 1891-92, and yet the net charge of the columns headed "Exchange" has increased by no less than Rx. 1,708,000.

On the other hand, there has been no reduction in total Military Expenditure, as the following figures will show:—

÷. ————————————————————————————————————	Budget,	1891–92.	Budget, 1	1892–98.		
•	Rx.	£.	Rx	£.		
Military Works (net)	1,075,400	8,200	1,084,100	- 88,400		
Army (net)	13,815,500	4,625,500	14,825,000	4,556,300		
Special Defences	360,000	350,000	270,900	229,100		
TOTAL	15,250,900	4,983,700	15,680,000	4,823,800		

<sup>•</sup> On making the adjustment for Exchange, the sterling symbol (£) is changed to Rx.

191.

- 20. The difficulty which I foresaw twelve months ago has, therefore, come upon us, and the problem of the Budget of 1892-93 has been the overcoming of that difficulty. If we have not succeeded in dealing with it in a wholly satisfactory manner, we have at least done better than could have been hoped this time last year, and the Budget Estimate of 1892-93 shows a surplus of Rx. 146,600.
- 21. In explaining how this result has been obtained, I shall take as starting point the Budget Estimate of 1891-92, and a comparison of the figures of that Estimate with the figures of the Estimate for 1892-93 will show how the loss of Rx. 1,708,000, due to the fall in Exchange from 1 s. 5½ d. to 1 s. 4 d. has been covered, and equilibrium between Revenue and Expenditure secured.
- 22. In the first place I may say at once that in the comparatively small item of sterling receipts in England there is not much difference between the Budget of 1891-92 and the Budget of 1892-93, there being merely a reduction from 212,600 *l.* to 200,800 *l.*, or by 11,800 *l.*; as there is an increase of 2,100 *l.* in receipts under Army, the decrease, excluding Army, is 13,900 *l.*

23. Under principal heads of Revenue (excluding Opium) there is an increase of Revenue amounting to no less than Rx. 1,091,600. This large increase is due partly to substantial increases under Salt, Excise, and Forests, but above all to an increase of Rx. 673,800 under Land Revenue. The latter figure requires

special explanation.

The current Provincial Contracts terminate on 31st March 1892. They have lately been revised and continued for another period of five years, and the revision has been made in such manner as to give the Government of India additional Revenue to the amount of Rx. 466,300 yearly, and, I regret to sav, as a necessary consequence, to contract the resources of the Local Governments by an equal amount. It is no doubt satisfactory that Local Governments should have been in a position to make a contribution to the resources of the Empire at a period of pressure, and thus, possibly, avoid the necessity of imposing further taxation. But it would have been still more satisfactory if the Government of India had been in a position to allow them to retain the whole or the greater portion of this amount for expenditure on the improvement of the internal administration of the several Provinces of India. This adjustment in favour of the Government of India increases the Imperial share of the Land Revenue by Rx. 466,300. The amount so with drawn may seem large, but, as the total increase of Provincial Revenue during the last five years has been Rx. 2,042,700, it follows that the Government of India have now withdrawn only 23 per cent. of the increase of the last five years, leaving the remaining 77 per cent. for expenditure by Local Governments.

The Imperial share of Land Revenue in the coming year has also been increased by ordinary growth of revenue and by postponements of revenue collections from the current year in consequence of drought and scarcity. As has already been stated, the total increase of the Imperial share of Land

Revenue due to all causes is Rx. 673,800.

- 24. Net Opium Revenue for 1892-93 is taken at Rx. 81,200 above the Budget Estimate for 1891-92; although the price of the drug has risen and the expenditure is expected to be somewhat less than the average, the short crops of recent years have told on the Opium Reserve, and the quantity to be sold has already been reduced by a Notification in the "Gazette of India" dated 26th June 1891.
- 25. The Receipts from Interest in India, less the corresponding Expenditure, have increased by Rx. 238,100; this very satisfactory result is due to our not having borrowed in recent years, and to the investment of another crore of the Paper Currency Reserve.

In England the charge for interest is reduced by 11,500 l.

- 26. The net Receipts in India from the Railway Revenue Account are estimated to increase by Rx. 606,700, while the increase of sterling expenditure in England under the same head is 51,800 l.
- 27. Excluding the Principal Heads of Revenue, Interest, and the Railway Revenue Account, with which we have already dealt, and also the Revenue under the Heads of Military Works and Army, with which I shall deal hereafter, there is an increase of Revenue in India, under various Heads, of Rx. 375,700.

Excluding

Excluding Expenditure under Interest, Opium, and the Railway Revenue Account, and Military Expenditure of all kinds (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences), there is an increase of Expenditure in India which amounts to Rx. 235,100, and in England of 95,700  $\ell$ .

28. Net Military Expenditure of all kinds in India has increased by Rx. 429,100, of which Rx. 205,000 is due to the calculation of the pay of the British Soldier serving in India at a lower rate of Exchange. In England the net Expenditure under Military Works has increased by 30,200 l., and decreased under Special Defences by 120,900 l., and under Army by 69,200 l., giving a net decrease of 159,900 l. in Military Expenditure of all kinds.

29. Bringing together the different items with which we have just dealt, we get the following result:—

Increase under the Railway Revenue Account 606,700 minus 51,80 Improvement under Interest in India, net 238,100 Reduction of Interest charge in England Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India - 375,700 Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) 159,90  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £. Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100 Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70				
Ordinary increase under Principal Heads of Revenue, excluding Opium - 625,300 Increase in net Opium Revenue - 81,200 minus 10 Increase under the Railway Revenue Account - 606,700 minus 51,80 Improvement under Interest in India, net - 238,100 Reduction of Interest charge in England - 11,50 Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India - 375,700 Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) - 159,90  Total - Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100 Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various Heads - 235,100 plus 95,70	Gain.	Rx.		£.
Ordinary increase under Principal Heads of Revenue, excluding Opium - 625,300 Increase in net Opium Revenue - 81,200 minus 10 Increase under the Railway Revenue Account - 606,700 minus 51,80 Improvement under Interest in India, net - 238,100 Reduction of Interest charge in England - 238,100 Reduction of Revenue under various Heads in India - 375,700 Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) - 159,90  Total Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100 Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various Heads - 235,100 plus 95,70	Revision of Provincial Contracts -	466,300	-	
of Revenue, excluding Opium - 625,300 Increase in net Opium Revenue - 81,200 minus 10 Increase under the Railway Revenue Account - 606,700 minus 51,80 Improvement under Interest in India, net - 238,100 Reduction of Interest charge in England Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India - 375,700 Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) - 159,90  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100 Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Ordinary increase under Principal Heads			
Increase in net Opium Revenue - 81,200 minus 10 Increase under the Railway Revenue Account - 606,700 minus 51,80 Improvement under Interest in India, net - 238,100 Reduction of Interest charge in England Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India - 375,700 Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) - 159,90  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100 Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	of Revenue, excluding Opium	625,300		
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Account Improvement under Interest in India, net Reduction of Interest charge in England Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences)  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70			•	5 5 5 6
Reduction of Interest charge in England Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences)  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70		606,700	minus	51,800
Reduction of Interest charge in England Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India 375,700 Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) 159,90  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100 Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Improvement under Interest in India,			
Increase of Revenue under various  Heads in India  Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences)  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss.  Rx.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70		238,100		
Increase of Revenue under various Heads in India Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences)  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Reduction of Interest charge in England	· · · —		11,500
Reduction of net Military Expenditure in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) 159,90  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Increase of Revenue under various	· , · , · ,	1 1 1	
in England (Military Works, Army, and Special Defences) 159,90  TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 * plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Heads in India	375,700		
TOTAL Rx. 2,393,300 plus 119,50  Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads - 235,100 plus 95,70	Reduction of net Military Expenditure			· · · · · · · ·
Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads - 235,100 plus 95,70	in England (Military Works, Army,			
Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads - 235,100 plus 95,70	and Special Defences)	· <del></del>		159,900
Loss. Rx. £.  Increase of net Military Expenditure in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads - 235,100 plus 95,70		<del></del>		
Increase of net Military Expenditure in India 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Total Rx.	2,393,300	plus	119,500
Increase of net Military Expenditure in India 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Loss	Rx.		£
in India - 429,100  Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts) - 13,90  Increase of Expenditure under various Heads - 235,100 plus 95,70	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Reduction in sterling Receipts in England (excluding Military Receipts)	in India	429,100		
England (excluding Military Receipts) 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various Heads 235,100 plus 95,70				
Ceipts) 13,90 Increase of Expenditure under various - 235,100 plus 95,70	England (excluding Military Re-			
Increase of Expenditure under various  Heads 235,100 plus 95,70				13.900
Heads 235,100 plus 95,70	Increase of Expenditure under various			
		235,100	กในร	95,700
			P	
Total Rx. 664,200 plus 109,60	Total Rx.	664,200	plus :	109,600

Deducting the loss from the gain, we get a net gain of Rx. 1,729,100 plus 9,900 l.

30. On the other side must be put the net loss by Exchange, which, as I have said, amounts to Rx. 1,708,000. It follows that the Budget Estimate of 1892-93 is better than that of 1891-92 by Rx. 21,100 (1,729,100-1,708,000) plus Rx. 9,900,\* or Rx. 31,000 in all. As the surplus of the Budget Estimate of 1891-92 was Rx. 115,600, and as the Budget Estimate of the coming year is, on the whole, better by Rx. 31,000, the estimated surplus of 1892-93 is Rx. 146,600, being Rx. 115,600 plus Rx. 31,000.

31. The manner in which the very heavy charge of Rx. 1,708,000, which falls on the finances next year in connection with Exchange, has been met, may now be stated in a few words.

The additional charge of Rx. 1,708,000 on account of Exchange has been met almost entirely by contributions from Local Governments (Rx. 466,300), by increase of Revenue under Principal Heads (Rx. 625,300), and by growth of Railway Revenue (Rx. 606,700 minus 51,800 l.); there has also been a substantial improvement under Interest in India, owing to our having been able to avoid borrowing for some time, and to increase of the Paper Currency Investment by one crore of rupees.

Net Military Expenditure of all kinds is somewhat heavier, and net Opium Revenue is slightly better, for 1892-93 than for 1891-92, while the growth of Revenue under various Heads, not of the first importance, almost exactly balances the growth of other Expenditure in England and India.

<sup>•</sup> The sterling symbol (£) is altered to Rx. when the adjustment for Exchange is made.

# SECTION IV.—PROSPECTS OF THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE.

32. In the financial Statements of the last three years I have dwelt at some length on the general financial position of Government as it presented itself to me at the time, and have endeavoured to indicate the prospects of the immediate future.

Thus, in the Financial Statement for 1889-90, after a series of years of deficit, I ventured to predict that our financial difficulties were, for the time, at an end.

This forecast was amply justified, as the Accounts of the year 1889-90 gave a surplus of Rx. 2,612,000, though the sum of Rx. 460,255 had been set aside with a view to begin the restoration of the Famine Grant to its full amount of Rx. 1,500,000.

In the Financial Statement for the succeeding year, 1890-91, I looked forward to still further improvement, but expressed the opinion that 1890-91 was not likely to prove so prosperous, from a financial point of view, as

In point of fact, the Accounts of 1890-91 now show a larger suplus (Rx. 3,688,100) than that obtained in the preceding year; but the greater portion of this surplus was due to what has proved to be a speculative rise in Exchange and to other accidental causes, and all that can be said of 1890-91 is that it was a year of, on the whole, satisfactory financial progress.

33. As the result of two years' financial prosperity, the Government of India were able to restore the Famine Grant to its full amount of Rx. 1,500,000 in the Budget of 1891-92; but I pointed out that, while there were encouraging features in the position, there was also some danger of financial difficulties arising from a fall in Exchange taking place before Military Expenditure of a special character was reduced.

The difficulties to which I drew attention have actually come upon us, and we have had, besides, in the current year, a considerable loss of Land Revenue -

owing to drought and scarcity.

We should have had to face a heavy deficit in 1891-92, but for a remarkable increase in Railway\_Revenue, and considerable improvement under Opium. As it is, the Revised Estimate of 1891-92 shows a deficit of Rx. 80,000; but I have little doubt that improvement will yet take place, and that the Accounts of 1891-92 will close with a moderate surplus.

- 34. Although the three forecasts which I have ventured to make of the progress of Indian Revenue and Expenditure have, considering the nature of the subject, proved fairly accurate, I must admit that the result which I anticipated was sometimes not attained in the way I expected. For example, I had expected that the expenditure on Special Defences would, by this time, have come to an end, and this hope would have been fulfilled if the works could have been constructed and the armament provided as rapidly as the money was forthcoming. Unfortunately this has not proved to be the case, and the Estimates of the coming year are burdened with a charge of Rx. 614,500 on account of Special Defences, and a similar charge must be borne for another year or two. I could give other instances in which I have been disappointed, but what I have said is sufficient to show the necessity for caution in forecasts regarding Indian Revenue and Expenditure.
- 35. The circumstances of to-day are such as to make special caution necessary.

Exchange has fallen heavily and rapidly, and, though now steady, it is impossible to conjecture whether the next move will be upwards or downwards.

Railway receipts have largely increased in the current year, and for 1892-93 we have calculated on retaining a portion of this improvement; but no one can at present say whether Railway traffic is likely to be heavy or the reverse in 1892-93.

The price of Opium, after falling very low, has risen suddenly and rapidly, but it is impossible to say how long this rise will be maintained.

Above all, certain portions of the country are suffering from drought and scarcity, and already the collections on account of Land Revenue have shown some falling-off. The extension of Railways in recent years has greatly reduced reduced the risks from famine; and, if the periodical rains, which are due about June next in the affected tracts of Madras, Bombay, and Upper Burma, in Rajputana and Behar, are received indue season, and are not insufficient, we shall in all probability have nothing worse than severe scarcity to meet. On the other hand, if the rains are delayed or are insufficient in the tracts in question, scarcity may deepen into famine, and the loss of Revenue and increase of Expenditure that must follow such a calamity cannot be calculated. Meteorological conditions, I understand, are not unfavourable at present for the occurrence of a timely monsoon.

36. Under the circumstances just stated, I refrain from making a forecast of probable financial progress during the coming year, and must content myself with saying that, putting aside the possibility of the occurrence of famine, there is, to the best of my judgment, no ground at this moment for any special anxiety regarding 1892-93. The Currency question, however, appears to be approaching the acute stage, and it is impossible to foresee what may happen in this connection within the next few years.

#### PART II.

# IMPERIAL, PROVINCIAL, AND LOCAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

#### SECTION I.—ACCOUNTS OF 1890-91.

37. The Revised Estimate for the year 1890-91, published in March last, showed a surplus of Rx. 2,787,100. In August the Under-Secretary of State for India announced in Parliament that the surplus would be nearly Rx. 900,000 in excess of that sum. The Accounts of the year show a surplus of Rx. 3,688,171.

38. Explanations of the variations under the several heads will be found in the Appropriation Report, published in the "Gazette of India" of the 12th March. The following statement gives a general comparison of the Revised Estimates with the Accounts of the year:—

85,221,551 392,009	423,251	
392,009	422,251	
392,009	1 203,201	
1 '	3,909	
128,089	1,989	<b>-</b> .
85,741,649	428,149	-
·	] , ]	-,
61,596,086	306,614	· -
198,627	_	114,178
15,568,875	232,225	_
5,087,144	48,256	, <b>–</b>
82,053,178	472,922	_
	901,071	_
0	0 82,053,478 0 8,688,171	

1890-91. General Results.

39. The improvement in the Revenue and Expenditure in India was thus Rx. 728,865, of which Rx. 114,173 occured in the Provincial and Local sections of the Accounts, and Rx. 614,692 in the Imperial section. The addition to the latter sum of the improvement of Rx. 286,379 in the Revenue and Expenditure in England, including Exchange, makes up the increase in the surplus of the year to the sum of Rx. 901,071, shown above.

Revenue in India.

40. Increased receipts under the Principal Heads of Revenue, Rx. 243,734, and from Railways, Rx. 228,298, account for the improvement of Rx. 422,251 shown in the Revenue in India. The more important increases under the Principal Heads occurred under Land Revenue, Rx. 130,609, and Salt, Rx. 70,168, while of the chief Principal Heads the only one under which the Actuals were less than the Revised Estimate was Stamps. The only important decrease in the Accounts, compared with the Revised Estimate, was one of Rx. 70,092 in Military Receipts.

Expenditure in India.

The decrease of Rx. 306,614 in the Expenditure in India, as compared with the Revised Estimate, occurred mainly under the groups Direct Demands on the Revenue, Rx. 83,985; Railways, Rx. 101,039; and Buildings and Roads. Rx. 82,161.

Expenditure in England.

41. The saving of Rx. 280,481, including Exchange, in the expenditure in England, occurs mainly under the groups Miscellaneous Civil Charges, Rx. 48,855; Army, Rx. 190,560, and Special Defence Works, Rx. 20,561.

Expenditure not

42. The capital outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works, not charged to charged to Revenue. Revenue, was less than assumed in the Revised Estimate by Rx. 123,768.

# SECTION II.—REVISED ESTIMATES OF 1891-92.

43. The following Statement gives a general comparison of the Budget and Revised Estimates of 1891–92.

	Budget.	Revised.	Revised Better.	Revised Worse.
Revenue	•		<del> </del>	-
India Rx.	85,729,500	88,219,400	2,489,900	_
England £.	212,600	255,200	42,600	_
Exchange Rx.	83,200	111,300	28,100	-
TOTAL Rx.	86,025,300	88,585,900	2,560,600	_
· Expenditure.	-			
Imperial, Provincial, and Local Rx.	64,516,000	65,873,700	-	1,357,700
Adjustment of Provincial and Local Surplus or Deficit - Rx.	828,400	-461,500		366,900
England £.	15,972,100	16,193,400		221,300
Exchange Rx.	6,250,000	7,060,300		810,300
	85,909,700	88,665,900	_	2,756,200
Total Rx.				-

1891-92. General Results.

44. The small surplus of the Budget Estimate has become in the Revised Estimate a small deficit. The salient features of the year may be stated as, on the one hand, a large increase of net Railway Revenue, and improvements in most other heads of Revenue; and, on the other hand, a large increase of Military

Military Expenditure, a fall in the rate of exchange, and some falling-off in Land Revenue. The increase of Revenue is greater than that of Expenditure, apart from Exchange; if the rate of Exchange had not fallen below the rate assumed in the Budget Estimate, there would have been an improvement, instead of a deterioration in the general result.

45. The Revenue in India is now expected to be Rx. 2,489,900 more than Revenue in India. was anticipated last March.

46. The larger part of this occurs under Railways, the receipts from which show an improvement of no less than Rx. 1,781,100. The revival of Railway in India. Increases of Revenue traffic which began towards the close of last financial year continued and developed to an unexpected extent in the present year. There are now some signs of the improvement coming to an end; but in all probability the high figure taken in the Revised Estimate for Railway Revenue will be realised. Almost all the important lines of Railway have contributed to this satisfactory

Most of the other heads of Revenue also show increases, the more important being the following:--

		4			٠.	· ` .	. *			Rx.
Opium	_` .	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b> .	-		-	` <b>-</b>	•	-	432,700
Salt -	<b>-</b> ,	<b>-</b> , · - · ·		-	-	<b>-</b> ,	- '	-	`; <u>;</u> =	277,200
Stamps	-	<b>-</b>	•	-			<b>-</b> .	-	-	78,700
Excise			-	• 🕳 🕖	-	-	-		-	143,100
Telegrap	h ·		-			-	-	-	· · · -	137,900
Irrigation	ı, Majo	r Works	-	<i>-</i>	-	-		-	-	147,900

The larger part of the increase under Opium occurs in Bengal, where the receipts exceed the Estimate by Rx. 324,200; this is due to the average price realised at the sales of Bengal opium having been Rs. 1,058 a chest, against a price of Rs. 1,000 a chest assumed in the Budget Estimate. There is also an increase of Rx. 110,000 in Bombay, due to the number of chests of Malwa Opium exported being higher than assumed in the Budget Estimate.

The rest of the increases may be ascribed to the general progress of the country.

47. Against those increases must be set the falling-off in Land Revenue and Provincial Rates, due to the scarcity in Madras. The collections of Land Decreases of Revenue in India. Revenue, including that due to Irrigation, are now expected to be less than the Budget Estimate by Rx. 585,500, and those of Provincial Rates by Rx. 54,400, the reductions in Madras being Rx. 603,000 and Rx. 66,300.

The only other important decrease in Revenue is one of Rx. 85,000 under Mint. It is due to the coinage being much below the average.

48. The increase of the Revenue in England is not great; more than half of it occurs under interest, the Secretary of State having been able to realise Revenue in England. higher rates of interest than he anticipated on his temporary investments of cash

1891-92.

49. For the large increase of expenditure in India shown in the statement in paragraph 43, amounting to Rx. 1,357,700, the two heads Army and Railways are responsible.

1891-92. Expenditure in India. Increases under Army and Rail-

The increase in Railway Expenditure is a necessary accompaniment of the increase in the Railway Revenue. It amounts to Rx. 489,000 on State Railways Working Expenses, and to Rx. 151,500 on Guaranteed Railways Surplus Profits, Land and Supervision.

The increase in the expenditure on the Army amounts to Rx. 1,059,500. The causes of this increase are (a) the cost of expeditions not contemplated when the Budget Estimate was framed, amounting to Rx. 725,300; (b) the sanction given to an expenditure of Rx. 213,400 on measures designed to facilitate mobilisation; and (c) the sanction given to an expenditure of Rx. 132,100 for the purchase of additional mules and remounts.;

191.

50. The

1891-92. Expenditure in Other variations.

50. The sum of the increase in the Expenditure on Railways and of the increase in the Expenditure under Army being in excess of the increase of the total Expenditure in India, it follows that under the remaining heads of Expenditure there must have been, on the whole, a decrease. The following are the more important increases and decreases of Expenditure under these heads:-

Decreases. R	x.	Increases.	Rx.
Land Revenue 54,	,200   Political	,	50,700
Opium 388,	800 Reduction	of Debt 8	02,800
Police 133,	,100 Trrigation	Minor Works -	58,400
Miscellaneous 109,	,400		00,400
Construction of Protective		orks	80,900
Construction of Protective Railway 680,	Military W	orks	80,900

1891-92. diture in India.

51. The larger part of the decrease under Land Revenue occurs in Decreases of Expen- Bombay, Rx. 35.900, and is due partly to too high a margin having been allowed in the Estimate of Expenditure, and partly to provision having been made for a scheme of reorganisation of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, which was not fully brought into operation in the year. There are also decreases in the Central Provinces Rx. 9,400, Assam Rx. 8,200, and India General Rx. 4,200 (all of these three decreases occurring mostly in Settlement charges); while there are increases in Bengal Rx. 4,200 (due to increased expenditure on Survey and Settlements), and in Lower Burma Rx. 4,100 (due to higher charges for the collection of the Revenue, which is expected to exceed the Budget Estimate).

> The decrease under Opium is caused by the produce of the season's crop having been much less than was assumed in the Budget Estimate. Estimates are framed at a time when the produce of the crop cannot be gauged with accuracy.

> The decrease under Police is due to provision having been made in Bombay for large Expenditure on a scheme for the re-organisation of the Police which has not yet been brought into operation, and to the Expenditure in both Upper and Lower Burma having been largely over-estimated. These decreases are partially counterbalanced by increased Police charges in the South Lushai country.

> The decrease under Miscellaneous occurs in Madras. About half of it is nominal being due to the transfer of Local Sanitation charges from this head to Medical; while the remainder is due to the Madras Government having provided in the Budget Estimate a large sum under this head as a "reserve."

> The decrease under Protective Railways and Special Defence Works is due merely to the rate of Expenditure having been slower than was anticipated.

1891-92. diture in India.

52. The increase under Political is due mainly to the Amir of Afghanistan Increases in Expen- having drawn a portion of his subsidy for last year in arrears. If the Amir again allows his subsidy to fall into arrears, the increase under Political will almost entirely disappear in the actuals for the year.

> The amount entered for Reduction of Debt is the sum required to make up the Famine Insurance Grant of the year to Rx. 1,500,000. It is composed of the sum of Rx. 680,100, the amount shown above as the decrease under Construction of Protective Railways, and of Rx. 166,900, being the amount by which the net loss on the Bengal-Nagpur and the Indian Midland Railways is now expected to be less than assumed in the Budget; diminished by the increases under the two other heads included in the grant, namely Rx. 30,400 under Famine Relief and Rx. 13,800 under Construction of Protective Irrigation

The increase under Irrigation is caused by the opening of Famine Relief Works in Ajmere, Upper Burma, and Madras.

The increase under Military Works is accounted for by the sanction given during the year to expenditure of Rx. 30,000 for the restoration of buildings at Quetta damaged by rain; and of Rx. 61,600 for works designed to facilitate mobilisation in time of war. Smaller expenditure on other works diminishes to some extent the above excess.

53. The sum of Rx. 366,900 entered opposite "Adjustment of Provincial and Local Surplus and Deficit" represents the amount by which the reduction of their accumulated balances by Local Governments has been less than they proposed when the Budget Estimates were framed.

Provincial and

54. The more important variations accounting for the increase of 221,300 l. Expenditure in in the Expenditure in England are the following:-

England.

Inc	REAS	SES.			DECREA	SE.
*				£.		£.
Interest	-	-	-		Special Defence Works	175,500
Army -	-	-	-	130,800	]	•

The excess in the Interest payments is caused by the payment of discount on the issue and sales of India Stock, for which no provision was made in the Budget Estimate. The public loan of 2,600,000 l. was issued at an average rate of 94 l. 10 s. 21 d. per cent., and the discount, including that paid on payments towards the loan in anticipation of due date, amounted to 153 478 l. The subsequent sales of stock to the amount of 2,000,000 l. were effected at a price of 95 l. per cent., and a further charge for discount of 101,522 l. was incurred. This total increase of 255,000 l. was partially counterbalanced by a saving in the interest charge in consequence of the loan having been issued later than was intended.

The report of Lord Northbrook's Commission on the claims of the War Office on account of British Forces serving in India necessitates the payment this year of 211,000 l. in excess of the amount provided in the Budget Estimate; this payment accounts for the increase of expenditure under Army, and covers arrear charges for the four years 1887-88, 1888-89, 1889-90, and 1890-91, and the full payment likely to be due under the award of the Commission for the current year. The payments already made for the years 1887-88, 1888-89, and 1889-90, are respectively 655,000 l., 665,000 l. and 720,000 l., or in all 2,040,000 l. The amount due under the award of the Commission for those three years is To close the account to March 1890, an arrear payment of Owing to the increase in the payments on 116,000 l. is therefore required. account of deferred pay, it is anticipated that the amounts due for each of the years 1890-91 and 1891-92 will be 760,000 l., against 700,000 l. paid in 1890-91 and 725,000 l. provided in the Budget Estimate of 1891-92, necessitating a further payment of 95,000 l. for these two years. The addition to the Budget Estimate for payments to the War Office is therefore 211,000 l. in all. On the other hand, it is anticipated that the payments for the Troop Service will be less by 29,300 *l*. owing chiefly to the new machinery for the "Euphrates" not having been supplied, and that the payments for stores will be less by 62,000 l.; these reductions are mere postponements of expenditure, not real savings.

The decrease under Special Defence Works is due to Stores required for these works not being provided as rapidly as was anticipated.

55. The net charge for Exchange on the Revenue and Expenditure in England is Rx. 6,949,000, as against the Budget estimate of Rx. 6,166,800, Exchange. being worse by Rx. 782,200. This may be said to be due to the fall in the rate of Exchange from 1s. 5.25 d. to 1s. 4.713 d. the rupee, a small portion only being on account of the variations in the amount of Sterling Revenue and Expenditure.

# SECTION III.—BUDGET ESTIMATE OF 1892-93.

56. The following statement compares the Budget Estimate for 1891-92 with that for 1892-93:—

			<del></del>			
		·	1891-92.	1892-93.	1892–93 better than 1891–92.	1892-93 worse than 1891-92.
	REVENUE.					
India		- Rx.	85,729,500	88,066,700	2,337,200	_
England -	•	- £.	212,600	200,800	-	11,800
Exchange -		- Rx.	83,200	190,400	17,200	<u> </u>
	Total -	Rx.	86,025,300	88,367,900	2,342,600	_
Ex	PBNDITURE.					
India-						
•	ovincial, and L	*	64,516,000	65,457,400		941,400
Adjustment Local Sur	of Provincial e plus or Deficit	and Rx.	828,400	1,161,700	<b>333,3</b> 00	<del></del>
England -		- £.	15,972,100	15,950,400	21,700	_
Exchange -	• •	- Rx.	6,250,000	7,975,200		1,725,200
	TOTAL -	Rr.	85,909,700	88,221,300		2,311,600
	Surplus -	Rx.	115,600	146,600	31,000	

1892–93. General Results. 57. A surplus of Rx. 146,600 means practical equilibrium between Revenue and Expenditure. A considerable development of Revenue is expected, which is, however, absorbed partly by increases in expenditure, but chiefly by the fall in the rate of Exchange from  $1 ext{ s. } 5\frac{1}{4} ext{ d.}$ 

1892–93. Revenue in India. 53. The Revenue in India in 1892-93 is expected to exceed the Budget Estimate for 1891-92 by Rx. 2,337,200. The more important increases are the following:—

Rx

		•.									. ALA.
Land Reve	nue, ir	ıcludi	ing th	at du	e to ]	rriga	tion	-	-	-	224,400
Salt -	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	- \	201,200
Stamps -	-	_		-	-	_	-	• .	-	-	81,400
Excise -	-	_	-	-	_	. <del>-</del> (		_	-		148,700
Provincial.	Rates	<b>~</b> ,	-	_	-	-		_	-	-	92,200
Forests -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,100
Interest.	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	108,800
Post Office	-	-	-	_	_	- `	_	-	-	.=	74,500
Telegraph	-	_	-	-	•	-	_	-	-	-	129,300
XXÎV-E		ge	٠.	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	137,100
State Raily		-	-	-	-	-	· <b>-</b>	-	-	-	883,900
Guaranteed	Kailv	vays	-	-	-	- 1	_	- '		-	80,000
Irrigation I	Major i	Work	8.	-		-	-	-	-	-	99,500
_	•										

1892–93. Increases in Revenue in India. 59. The increases under Land Revenue and Provincial Rates are partly due to new settlements, but to a larger extent merely represent the portion of the heavy remissions in Madras this year, which, it is hoped, will be recovered next year on the assumption that the season will be normal.

Of the increase under Interest, Rx. 38,000 is due to the increase of the currency investment by one crore; Rx. 40,600 is on account of interest on overdrawn capital of Railway Companies—a charge of the same amount occurs in the Railway Revenue Account; and the remainder is obtained from the growth of interest on loans to Municipalities, other local bodies, and cultivators.

The estimated increase under Railway Revenue, which amounts to over 40 per cent. of the total increase in Revenue, is justified by the good results of the current year; the Railway Revenue is taken at a considerably lower figure than in the Revised Estimate for the present year.

The increase under XXIV.—Exchange is due chiefly to the fall in the rate of Exchange, which has the effect of increasing the apparent receipts under

this head.

The other increases may be ascribed to the general progress of the country.

60. The only important decrease is one of Rx. 68,300 under Army; it is due mainly to the discontinuance of the employment of State agency in Madras Revenue in India. and Bombay for the supply of malt liquor to soldiers, and should involve a corresponding decrease in the charges.

Decreases in

61. The falling-off of 11,800 l. in the Revenue in England is accounted for by decreases under Interest, the Secretary of State anticipating that the loans from his cash balance will be less than this year, and under Telegraph, due to a change in the method of bringing to account the transactions with Telegraph Companies.

1892-93.

The increase in the receipts from Exchange on Sterling Revenue is due to the fall in the rate of exchange.

62. The following are the more important of the increases and decreases which result in the increase in the Expenditure in India of Rx. 941,400, shown Expenditure in India. in the statement in paragraph 56:—

1892-93

Increases. $R_x$ .	DECREASES.
Land Revenue 143,500 Forest 65,200 Post Office 83,900 Education 69,900 Medical 96,000 Famine Relief 127,000 37.—Construction of Railways - 91,000 State Railways, Working Expenses 224,600	Interest 166,900 Scientific and other Minor Departments 161,600 Miscellaneous Railway Expenditure 68,800 Civil Works 238,800 Special Defence Works - 89,100
State Railways, Interest 137,300	
Army 441.20	

1892-93.

63. The increase under Land Revenue is distributed over all the Provinces except Assam. The more important increases are, in Bengal Rx. 50,600, Increases of Expenditure in Rx. 42,900 being for larger expenditure on Survey and Settlements, some of India. it in Behar, and Rx. 9,000 for improved sanitation on Government estates: in Madras Rx. 38.300, most of this is due to the gradual introduction of a scheme for the revision of Village establishments under which the Village officers are paid by fixed salaries, and recoveries effected by means of a Local Cess: in Burma Rx. 28,200, being increased expenditure on Survey and Settlement; in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Rx. 11,700, mostly in charges for District administration; and in Bombay Rx. 10,700, for arrears of allowances to Village officers, and for the reorganisation of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

The increase under Forest is a consequence of the expansion of the operations, and of improvements in the organisation of the Department.

accompanied by an increase of Revenue.

Most of the increase shown under Post Office is nominal, being due to the transfer of certain Printing and Stationery charges, amounting to Rx. 64.200, to that head, as explained in paragraph 76 in Section IV.: the remainder is the normal annual increase due to the expansion of operations.

The increase under Education occurs in all Provinces, the largest increase

being in the Local Expenditure in Madras.

Under Medical more than half of the increase shown above is nominal, being due to the transfer to this head from Miscellaneous of Local Sanitation charges in Madras; the remainder is distributed over all the Provinces except Bengal, where there is a small decrease.

In view of the scarcity in Madras, the Madras Government think it necessary to provide for an expenditure of ten lakhs of rupees under Famine Relief. The Bengal Government has also provided two lakhs under the head, and the Bombay Government one lakh.

191. C 2 The The increase under the head 37, Construction of Railways, is mainly the result of a special provision of Rx. 118,300 to be expended in carrying out the Railway programme of the Government of India, and of an increase of Rx. 61,900 in the Provincial Expenditure on the Mayaveram-Mutupet Railway in Madras, counterbalanced by a decrease of Rx. 92,000 in that on the Hyderabad Umarkot Railway in Bombay.

The increase under State Railways, Working Expenses, is required in conse-

quence of the anticipated increase in traffic and Railway Receipts.

The increase in State Railways, Interest, is a transfer from the Interest on Ordinary Debt, and follows, as a matter of course, the increase of the Capital

Expenditure on Railways.

The increase under Army is accounted for by an increase of Rx. 205,000 in the pay of the British soldiers due to the fall in the rate of exchange, the soldier's pay varying with that rate: by an increase of Rx. 94,500 due to the occupation of the Chin-Lushai country and of Manipur, the cost of feeding troops in those outlying stations being high; and by an increase of about Rx. 230,000 on various measures designed to improve the efficiency of the Army: these increases are partially counterbalanced by a smaller provision for Expeditions.

1892-93.
Decreases of
Expenditure in
India.

64. The decrease under Interest represents the transfers from Ordinary to Public Works Debt of Interest on the Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works.

The decrease under Scientific and other Departments is due to the practical

completion of Census Work this year.

The decrease under Miscellaneous occurs in Madras: nearly half of it is due to the transfer to Medical of Local Sanitation charges, and the remainder to the omission of the "reserve" which was made by the Madras Government last year.

The decrease under Miscellaneous Railway Expenditure occurs because

smaller provision is required for Railway Surveys.

Under Civil Works the Expenditure is reduced by Rx. 110,000 in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Budget Estimate of 1891-92 having made special provision, amounting to Rx. 120,000, for water-supply and sanitation projects; and in Madras there is a reduction of Rx. 122,400, as the Local Government is restricting the expenditure in consequence of the strain thrown on its finances by the scarcity. There are also decreases in Bombay Rx. 63,000, Bengal Rx. 91,100, (the decreases in Bombay and Bengal are due partly to the revision of the Provincial Contracts rendering it necessary for the Local Governments to reduce for a time the high Public Works Expenditure which accumulated balances had enabled them to incur); the Punjab Rx. 22,300; and the Central Provinces Rx. 28,700; while increased expenditure is contemplated in Burma Rx. 46,000, Assam Rx. 98,900, and the smaller Provinces under the Government of India Rx. 53,800, the last being due partly to the necessity of providing relief works in Ajmere.

The grant for Special Defence Works has been fixed at a lower amount than

for 1891-92.

65. The increase in the deductions shown in the table in paragraph 56 on account of the "Adjustment of Provincial and Local Surplus or Deficit" represents the amount by which Local Governments propose to increase their Expenditure from accumulated balances. Most of this increase may be ascribed to the revision of the Provincial Contracts explained in Section VI., by which a portion of the surpluses of Provincial Revenues is resumed by the Government of India. Notwithstanding the revision, most of the Local Governments are able to continue their expenditure on much the same scale as in the current year.

1892-93. Expenditure in England.

: .

66. The Expenditure in England in the two years does not differ much. The only variations which need be noticed are those under Army. The expenditure on Military Stores, chiefly Ordnance, is expected to be less next year than this by 115,500 l.; and a saving is anticipated in the Troopship Service of 27,200 l.; while the charges of the War Office for British Forces in India are increased by 35,000 l., Furlough allowances by 10,000 l., and the Non-Effective charges by 31,600 l.

The increase of Rx. 1,725,200 in the Exchange on Expenditure in Eugland Exchange. is due to the fall in the rate from 1 s.  $5\frac{1}{4}$  d. to 1 s. 4 d. This heavy loss is the main reason why the prospects of 1852-93 are not considerably better than were those of 1891-92.

1892-93

SECTION IV .- EXAMINATION OF THE ESTIMATES UNDER THE MORE IMPORTANT HEADS OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

# LAND REVENUE.

67. The Estimates for 1891-92 and for 1892-93, and the Actuals for the three preceding years, are shown in the following statement:-

		•			٠,	*
	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised . Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue, including that due to irrigation.	Rx 23,687,445	Rx. 24,671,165	Rx. 24,754,205	Rx. 25,155,500	Rx. 24,570,000	Rx. 25,379,900
Expenditure	3,513,957	3,624,194	3,676,596	3,887,400	3,833,200	4,031,000
Net	20,173,488	21,046,971	21,077,609	21,268,100	20,736,800	21,348,900

The scarcity in Madras and Upper Burma is the cause of the falling-off in the Revenue in 1891-92. It is expected that the scarcity will reduce the collections below the Budget Estimate by Rx. 603,000 in Madras and by Rx. 48,900 in Upper Burma.

In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh also the Revenue is expected to be less than the Budget Estimate by Rx. 77,600. About Rx. 20,000 of this is due to remissions in a few districts necessitated by floods, inroads of wild cattle, and hail-storms: the rest is due to the expectation of the recurrence of arrears; the Budget Estimate for the current year was framed in the anticipation that the arrears from the previous year would be recovered in addition to the Revenue of this year, but the Local Government now expects that the arrears of this year will be heavy, though not so heavy as were those of the preceding

In all other Provinces except the Central Provinces and India General the collections will be above the Budget Estimate, the increase in Lower Burma being Rx. 88,400.

The increase of Revenue shown in the Budget Estimate for 1892-93 is partly due to the normal growth of Revenue, notably in the Punjab as the result of Settlement operations, but also to a large extent to the expectation that some portion of the suspensions in the current year will be recovered next year. The scarcity this year will therefore improve the Revenue next year, so far as can be now foreseen. But this is based on the hope that next year will be a normal season. Should there be any failure of the rains in the coming season, the Budget Estimate may not be realised.

The areas in which agricultural conditions give rise to anxiety are four: first, the Deccan districts in Madras and Bombay, part of the States of Mysore and Hyderabad, and some Madras districts to the south and east of these; second, Rajputana and some of the British districts on its borders in the Bombay Presidency; third, Behar; and fourth, some districts in Upper Burma. Whether matters will improve or grow seriously worse cannot be known with any certainty till June next. The Estimates have been framed in the hope that the serious calamity of a famine will not occur. If a famine should occur, not only will the Land Revenue be reduced, but other Revenue also will suffer, and Expenditure must be increased under many heads beyond the amounts provided in the Estimates.

#### OPIUM.

# 68. The figures are—

	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue	Rx. 8,562,319 2,597,905	Rx. 8,583,056 1,605,107	Rx. 7,879,182 2,180,797	Rx. 7,593,400 2,274,600	Rx. 8,026,100 1,886,200	Rx. 7,634,600 2,234,800
Net	5,964,414	6,977,949	5,698,385	5,318,800	6,139,900	5,399,800

The average price of Bengal Opium in 1891-92 has been R1,058 a chest, whereas in the Budget Estimate a price of R1,000 a chest only was assumed. The Bengal receipts will consequently be higher than the Budget Estimate by Rx. 324,200.

The exports of Malwa Opium through Bombay have been larger than was anticipated, and the receipts in Bombay have improved by Rx. 110,000.

In accordance with Notification No. 2686, dated 26th June 1891, the number of chests of Bengal Opium to be sold in 1892-93 is smaller than in the current year. But nevertheless the rise in price justifies the placing of the Budget Estimate somewhat higher than that for this year. For Bombay the Estimate is placed at the same amount as for 1891-92.

The Expenditure in the current year will be lower than the Budget Estimate, the crop of opium having been smaller than expected. The Estimate of Expenditure for 1892-93 is based on the assumption that an average crop will be obtained. The reports regarding the crop indicate that it may be below the average; but it is not considered safe to act on this assumption in framing the Estimates.

SALT.

#### 69. The figures are -

	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890–91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue	Rx. 7,675,634	Rx. 8,187,739	Rx. 8,523,368	Rx. 8,343,500	Rx. 8,620,709	Rx. 8,544,700
Expenditure	412,979	412,766	429,013	466,900	459,600	497,500
Net	7,262,655	7,774,978	8,094,355	7,876,600	8,161,100	8,047,200

The Salt Revenue in the current year has increased above the expectations of the Budget Estimate in all Provinces with the exception of Madras. In Madras the quantity of salt consumed has increased as in other Provinces, and the decrease in Revenue is due to the allowance made for the exceptional increase in cash payments in 1890-91, mentioned in paragraph 34 of Part II. of the Financial Statement of March last, having proved to be insufficient. The Estimate of Revenue for next year is moderately framed at an amount lower by Rx. 76,000 than the Revised Estimate of this year.

The consumption of salt since 1888-89 has been as under:—

·								Maunds.
1888–89	_	-	-	-	- '	-	-	31,395,000
1889-90	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	33,086,000
1890-91	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	33,320,000
and in 11 months of 1891_99	_	_	_		_	_	_	31 159 000

#### STAMPS.

#### 70. The figures are—

	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889–90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget, Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue	Rx. 3,927,088	Rx. 4,087,908	Rx. 4,068,969	Rx. 4,148,200	Rx. 4,226,900	Rx.' 4,229,600
Expenditure	154,172	134,373	130,019	132,400	136,100	140,900
Net	3,772,916	8,953,535	3,938,950	4,015,800	4,090,800	4,088,700

The Stamp Revenue fell off in the closing months of 1890-91, and the Revenue of that year was lower than that of the previous year. But the ground lost is expected to be more than made up in the current year.

### Excise.

#### 71. The figures are—

	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate. 1892-93.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Revenue	4,705,846	4,891,894	4,947,780	4,953,700	5,096,800	5,102,400
Expenditure	137,941	156,739	175,053	188,700.	188,900	206,100
Net	4,567,405	4,785,155	4,772,727	4,765,000	4,907,900	4,896,300

The increase in the Excise Revenue is distributed over all the Provinces, with the one exception of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh. The increase this year is largest in Bengal.

#### Customs.

# 72. The figures are—

	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue	Rx. 1,332,784	Rx.	Rx.	Rx. 1,700,900	Rx.	Rx.
Expenditure	183,897	135,021	134,652	140,600	187,200	142,800
Net	1,198,887	1,371,665	1,608,566	1,560,300	1,549,800	1,549,500

The rice duty realised in 1890-91 was, owing to special conditions, abnormally large, and the reduction this year has been even greater than was assumed in the Budget Estimate. The trade at present is active and, unless the next monsoon rains in India should be deficient, in which case Burma rice will be required to supplement local deficiencies, the Estimates should be fully realised. The import revenue shows a normal increase.

## Assessed Taxes.

## 73. The figures are-

	Accounts, 1888-89	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890–91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx. 1,645,200
Expenditure	27,128	27,681	29,246	81,600	29,700	31,800
Net	1,493,812	1,667,593	1,588,150	1,578,700	1,614,900	1,613,400

The receipts from Income Tax are increasing yearly with the growth in wealth and population.

# FOREST.

# 74. The figures are—

<u></u> ,	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
	Rx	' Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Revenue	1,849,047	1,486,308	1,448,002	1,511,100	1,497,800	1,567,200
Expenditure	792,000	780,035	784,113	905,700	879,800	970,500
Net	557,047	706,268	663,889	605,400	618,000	596,700

The financial results of Forest administration are expected to remain much the same as was estimated in March last. There has been a considerable increase of Revenue compared with the previous year, but the Expenditure has also increased. For next year a similar result is expected.

# INTEREST. 75. The Interest receipts since 1888-89 are shown below:

		•	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1899-91.	Budget, Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue :		Rx.	643,310	676,703	710,552	764,700	799,200	873,500
England	-	£.	135,477	135,638	166,194	80,000	58,000	25,000
Exchange	-	Rx.	63,035	60,865	54,804	11,700	25,800	12,500
TOTAL	_'	Rx.	841,822	878,201	981,050	806,400	882,500	911,000

The moderate and steady rate of progress in the receipts in India continues. The increase in the Revised Estimate is accounted for by the receipt of Rx. 39,700 as interest on overdrawn Capital of Railway Companies, the other receipts being slightly reduced owing to the sums placed at the disposal of Local Governments for loans to Municipalities and other bodies not having been fully utilised. Of the increase in the Budget Estimate, Rx. 40,600 is for interest on overdrawn Capital, Rx. 38,000 is in consequence of the increase of

the Currency investment by one crore in accordance with the Notification in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 4,861, dated 3rd December 1891, and the remainder comes from the loans to Municipalities and other bodies.

The Secretary of State obtained higher rates of interest on the temporary investments of his cash balance than he was able to count on in the Budget Estimate. During next year the cash balance available for investment will be smaller than this year.

The Expenditure under Interest (other than that charged to Railways and

Irrigation Works) has been as follows since 1881-82:-

•	Yı	EAR.				India.	England.	Exchange.	Total.
		-			 	Rx.	£.	Rx.	Rx.
1881-82	-	-	-	-	-	1,827,369	2,513,126	518,461	4,858,956
1882-83	-	-	•	•	-	1,718,857	2,481,978	569,349	4,770,184
1883-84	-	-		-	-	1,516,887	2,447,333	559,241	4,523,461
1884-85	-	-	-		-	1,371,347	2,612,657	634,855	4,618,859
1885-86	-	-	• •	-	-	1,136,962	2,429,243	764,656	4,330,861
1886-87	-	<u>-</u>	-	, <b>-</b>	-	736,495	2,597,193	976,715	4,310,403
1887–88	-	•	-	-	-	662,025	3,365,509	1,414,220	5,441,754
1888-89	-	-		<b>-</b> .	-	811,191	2,662,331	1,238,737	4,712,259
1889-90	-	-	-			760,375	2,402,478	1,078,110	- 4,240,963
1890-91	-	•	-	•	-	861,180	2,513,000	821,124	4,195,304
1891-92, B	ludget	-	-	•	-	517,600	2,407,500	942,100	3,867,200
1891–92, R	evised	•		-	-	543,600	2,639,500	1,150,900	4,334,000
1892–93, B	udget	-	•	_	-	383,100	2,396,000	1,198,000	3,977,100

The decrease in the Expenditure in India is the consequence of the transfers from Ordinary to Public Works Debt.

The increase in the Expenditure in England in the Revised Estimate is on account of discount paid on the loan raised in England and on sales of stock, as explained in paragraph 54.

# Post Office.

#### 76. The figures are—

	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue	Rx. 1,281,540	Rx. 1,301,247	Rx. 1,402,503	Rx. 1,423,900	Rx. 1,453,200	Rx. 1,198,400
Expenditure Net Revenue (+) Expenditure(-)	1,342,452 }60,912	1,376,619 -75,372	+5,759	1,459,000 35,100	-56,800	1,555,400 57,000

In 1890-91 for the first time the Post Office transactions as recorded on the Finance and Revenue Accounts showed a small surplus. A similar small surplus would have appeared on the Revised Estimate for 1891-92 and on the Budget Estimate for 1892-93, had it not been for a recent decision to charge to 191.

the Post Office the expenditure on printing and stationery incurred on its account in the Central Press and Stationery Office, as well as the portion incurred directly by Post Office officials, which latter has always been so charged.

#### TELEGRAPH.

77. The figures for the Capital Account and the Revenue Account of the Telegraph Department are:—

		Accounts, 1888-89.	1	ı	17.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	
Telegraph Capital Account:	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Expenditure	256,338	158,858	162,090	179,928	190,600	195,600	217,700
Net Expenditure	256,107	157,667	162,080	179,928	190,600	195,600	217,700
Telegraph Revenue Account:							
Revenue	763,655	740,957	766,865	781,035	779,500	910,900	892,600
Expenditure	530,289	545,234	569,275	582,870	601,800	636,700	659,500
Net Receipts	233,366	195,723	197,590	198,165	177,700	274,200	233,100

The increase in receipts during the current year is chiefly due to the large expansion of traffic from India and other Eastern countries to Europe, and to the development of press and other private traffic in India. There is also a special increase caused by telegrams relating to Military Expeditions.

# MINT.

# 78. The figures are-

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Accounts, 1888–89.	Accounts,	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Revenue	Rx. 221,138	Rx 269,512	Rx. 354,152	Rx. 266,300	Rx.	Rx. 227,000
Expenditure	99,967	120,530	121,888	116,700	98,200	115,300
Net	121,171	148,982	232,264	149,600	83,100	111,700

The coinage in 1890-91 was unprecedentedly large. This year it has fallen much below the average. Hence the reduction in the Revenue and Expenditure shown in the Revised as compared with the Budget Estimate. A coinage more nearly equal to the average is assumed in 1892-93.

The value of silver bullion presented at the Mints for coinage has been as under in the last few years:—

								Try.
1884-85	-	-	-	•	_	-	_	5,610,880
1885-86	-		•	-	-	_	-	8,838,580
1886-87	-	-	-	·-	-	_	•	3,822,170
1887-88	-		-	•	_	-	-	7,135,860
1888-89	-	-	-		_		-	6,550,852
1889-90	-	-	-	-	-	_ `	-	8,006,370
1890-91	-	-	-	-	-		-	12,547,736
1891-92	(estin	mated	) -	- 1	-	_	•	5,750,000

# CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.

79.	The	figures	of Expe	enditure f	for thi	s group	are—
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··· .	Accounts, 1888–89.	Accounts, 1889–90.	Accounts, 1890–91.	Budget Estimate, 1891–92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
	Rr.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
General Administration	1,745,156	1,759,193	1,740,465	1,763,800	1,786,700	1,831,600
Law and Justice:			•			
Courts	2,694,252	2,716,275	2,759,431	2,844,200	2,831,700	2,860,600
Jails	834,183	857,691	866,460	916.100	891,20ò	908,900
Police	3,754,294	9,887,564	3,859,683	3,938,500	- 3,805,400	3,910,000
Marine (including River Navigation)	578,284	657,865	559,257	710,600	663,800	780,200
Sducation	1,293,660	1,316,286	1,371,735	1,426,900	1,414,500	1,496,700
Seclesiastical	156,856	161,068	166,005	169,900	161,000	169,300
Medical	772,233	785,243	806,937	833,100	876,800	931,100
Political	756,193	655,254	770,541	764,800	821,500	771,600
Scientific and other Minor Depart- ments -	428,432	438,967	485,747	608,600	611,000	472,500
Total	13,013,543	13,235,406	19,386,261	13,976,500	13,863,600	14,132,500

A considerable part of the increase under General Administration occurs in the Exchange on Sterling Expenditure; the remainder is distributed over the Expenditure in England, and of the Government of India and most of the local Governments.

The provision made in the Budget Estimate of this year for Judicial Establishments has proved to be more than was required in Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, and the increase of those establishments in the two former Provinces will not be so great as was anticipated last March. On the other hand, it has been necessary to increase the expenditure in the Central Provinces, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjal.

The saving shown in the Revised Estimate of this year under Jails occurs chiefly in Bengal and Burma, the greater part of the saving in Bengal being under Manufactures, and being more than counterbalanced by a falling-off in the receipts. On the other hand, there has been a large excess in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, where the jail population is high.

The saving shown in the Revised Estimate under Police has been explained in paragraph 51. The expenditure in Burma will be smaller also in 1892-93; but that saving is nearly swallowed up by renewed provision in all other Provinces for increasing the efficiency of the Police.

The reduction in the Revised Estimate under Marine occurs in Burma and England. In Burma it has not been possible to complete the construction of a vessel required for the Baragua Flats. In England the subsidy to the Admiralty mentioned in paragraph 29 of Part II. of the Financial Statement of March last will not be payable for the whole year, owing to there having been delay by the Admiralty in taking over charge of the Defence vessels, this swing being partly absorbed by increased expenditure on the purchase of stores. In 1892-93 the vessel for Burma will be paid for, the Admiralty subsidy will be payable for the whole year, the expenditure on English stores will be as high as this year, and there will also be an increase in the charges of the Imperial Marine Department in India owing chiefly to the establishment of ferries on the Indus for Military purposes.

The increase in Expenditure on Education and for medical purposes continues. But Rx. 50,000 of the increase under Medical is nominal in both years, being due to a change in the classification in the accounts of Local Sanitation charges in Madres

Under Scientific and other Minor Departments there will be a large reduction next year, as but little Census Expenditure will remain to be met. The 101.

D 2 reduction

reduction would have been greater, had it not been for the recent sanction to the establishment of a civil Veterinary Department.

# MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL CHARGES.

#### 80. The figures for this group are—

<u>-</u>	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate. 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Territorial and Political Pen-	Rx. 543,657	Rx. 585,582	Rx. 527,569	Rx. 580,000	Rx. 568,000	Rx. 530,200
sions.  Civil Furlough and Absentee Allowances.	318,418	297,476	232,717	292,100	279,800	314,500
Superannuation Allowances and Pensions.	3,114,823	3,140,361	3,051,541	3,218,500	8,384,900	8,497,600
Stationery and Printing -	524,372	558,730	592,486	572,000	599,200	576,800
Miscelluneous	888,106	282,185	274,223	860,300	263,600	245,800
TOTAL	4,884,376	4,814,283	4,678,516	4,972,900	3,045,000	5,170,900

The increase in the Revised Estimate under Territorial and Political Pensions occurs in England, where the arrears of the stipend of his Highness Maharaja Dhuleep Sing were paid, the payments to the Maharaja being also increased by a reduction in the rate of interest on the advances to him.

The amounts of the payments on account of Furlough Allowances fluctuate with the rate of exchange.

The charges for Pensions are increasing, a part of the increase in this year and next being due to the decision to pay certain pensions at the minimum rate of 1 s. 9 d. the rupee.

Estimate of 1892-93 under Stationery and Printing would have been much larger, had it not been for the decision mentioned in para. 76 to charge the Post Office with the cost of all its printing and stationery. This has had the effect of transferring from the head Stationery and Printing to Post Office Rx. 62,300 in the Revised Estimate, and Rx. 64,200 in the Estimate for next year. There is therefore a considerable real increase of Expenditure under this head to be explained. While there has been some increase in the amount of printing done and of stationery used, the main reason of the rise under the head is to be found in the orders issued some years ago to substitute, as far as possible, the use of paper manufactured in India for paper procured from England. In the present year the purchases of paper in India have shown a marked increase, as the stocks of paper in the Calcutta Stationery Office procured from England under the old procedure have hitherto met a large portion of the demands, and those stocks have only now been exhausted. The exhaustion of the stock of English paper was not sufficiently allowed for in framing the Budget Estimate. The stocks of English paper having been exhausted, the local purchases must continue on the higher level in future years. The reduction of the sterling charges in England caused by the substitution of Indian-made for English-made paper took place some years ago, when the indents for paper were reduced: the corresponding increase in the charges in India has only now reached its full extent.

The reduction in the Expenditure under Miscellaneous, both in the Revised Estimate of 1891-92 and in the Budget Estimate of 1892-93, as compared with the Budget Estimate of 1891-92, has been explained in paragraphs 51 and 64.

### FAMINE RELIEF AND INSURANCE.

## 81. The figures are-

Expenditure.	Accounts, 1888-89.	Accounts, 1889-90.	Actuals, 1890 91.	Budget Estimate, 1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.
Famine Relief	Rx.	Rx. 68,298	Rx. 5,579	Rx.	Rx.	Rr. 130,000
Construction of Protective Railways	_	- "	-	975,000	- 1 2	1,011,700
Construction of Protective Irrigation Works	70,537	71,457	74,392	65,000	78,800	65,000
Reduction of Debt	<b>-</b>	460,255	520,029	-	802,800	-
Total	78,336	600,000	600,000	1,043,000	1,209,900	1,206,700
Net charge on account of the Bengal-Nagpur and the In- dian Midland Railways	430,182	462,009	482,351	457,000	290,100	293,300
Total Expenditure Chargeable to the Famine Grant	508,518	1,062,009	1,062,351	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000

In accordance with the policy announced in the last two Financial Statements, the Famine Grant has been raised to its original amount of Rx. 1,500,000 in the present year, and will be maintained at that amount in 1892-93.

The scarcity in Madras and Rajputana has caused the Expenditure on Famine Relief to exceed the Budget Estimate; and the Bombay Government has provided for some expenditure in the latter months of the year, while for next year the Madras Government has provided Rx. 100,000, the Bengal Government Rx. 20,000, and the Bombay Government Rx. 10,000.

It may be mentioned here that the provision made in Madras for Famine Relief has the effect of reducing the Madras Provincial balance below the prescribed minimum of Rx. 200,000. As the minimum balances of Local Governments were prescribed in order that there might be a reserve to meet Expenditure caused by famine, the reduction of the Madras balance is in this instance unobjectionable. This increase of Expenditure on direct Famine Relief is but a small portion of the effect produced on the finances by the scarcity. In addition to the loss of Land Revenue mentioned in para. 67, it has been necessary to open Famine Relief works in Madras, Ajmere, and Upper Burma, which will involve considerable expenditure both this year and next; but the expenditure on them is charged to the heads of account proper to the particular works opened.

The excess expenditure shown in the Revised Estimate on Protective Irrigation Works is on account of the more vigorous prosecution of the Rushikulya project in Madras.

The reduction under Protective Railways and the increase under Reduction of Debt shown in the Revised Estimate are in consequence of it having been found impossible to spend the full amount of the grant provided in the Budget Estimate for Capital Expenditure on Railways.

## RAILWAYS.

82. The following table shows the main features of Railway Revenue Account since 1888-89:-

	1	REVENUE.					-	Expanditure.						
	Actuals, 1683-69.	Actuals, 1889–90.	Actuals, 1890-91.	Budget, 1891–92.	Revi≋d, 1891-92.	Budget, 1893-93.		Actuals, 1858 89.	Actuals, 1889-90.	Actuals, 1890–91.	Budget, 1891-92.	Revised, 1891-93.	Budget, 1892–93.	
	Rx. 15,520,359	Rx.	Rs. 17,234,698	Rx. 17,872,100	Rx. 19,653,200	Rx. 18,831,100	India -	Rz. 9,471,958	Rx. 10,331,564	Rx. 10,357,861	Rx. 11,457,600	Rx. 12,065,800	Rx. 11,794,400	
	230	293	965	200	1,200	1,100	England -	5,653, <b>2</b> 10	5,609,417	5,702,207	5,690,000	5,653,20u	5,741,800	
	107	131	315	100	500	500	Exchange	2,629,890	2,517,221	1,863,201	2,236,500	2,464,700	2,571,000	
loss on the Railway Account.	2,233,399	1,852,601	687,391	1,501,700	528,800	1,574,500								
TOTAL -	17,754,088	18,458,202	17,923,269	19,374,100	20,183,700	20,407,200	TOTAL -	17,754,068	18,458,202	17,923,269	19,374,100	20,183,700	20,407,200	

Railways in 391**–**9ž,

It will be seen that the net loss on the railway account, which was estimated in the Budget of the current year at Rx. 1,501,700, is in the Revised Estimate placed at only Rx. 528,800, being an improvement of Rx. 972,900. The increase in the net traffic receipts of State Railways is Rx. 1,019,100, and the increase in the net traffic receipts of Guaranteed Railways Rx. 283,000; on the other hand, the fall in exchange, which increases the equivalent of the sterling payments of interest in England, causes an additional charge of Rx. 238,200, and the surplus profits payable to Companies are increased by

The Miscellaneous Railway Expenditure is now expected to be less than the

Budget Estimate by Rx. 39,800.

The gross traffic receipts of State Railways will probably exceed the amount entered in the Budget by Rx. 1,508,100, while the excess in working expenses will be Rx. 489,000.

The principal fluctuations in net receipts are the following:—

		•	<b>-</b> .		_ (	tevised Estimate more (+) or less (—) than the Budget Estimate.  Rx.
East Indian Railway -	-	-	-	-	-	+365,000
North-Western Railway	-	-	-	-	-	+300,000
Rajputana-Malwa Railway	-	_	_	-	-	+ 197,500
Bengal Nagpur Railway	-	-	-		-	+158,000
Indian Midland Railway	-	-	-	-	<b>-</b> _	<b>+ 22,000</b>
Oudh and Rohilkhand Raily	vay	-	-	· <u>-</u>	-	+ 60,000 .
Southern Mahratta Railway		-	-	-	-	+ 15,500
Bengal and North-Western	and	Tirb	oot R	ailwa	ys	<b> 97,500</b>
Eastern Bengal State Raily	vay	-	-	-	-	—102,500

On all the lines showing a considerable increase, the principal cause of the increase is the largely augmented traffic in wheat and seeds carried to Calcutta, Bombay, and Karachi, for export to Europe. Scarcity in Rajputana and high prices in Hyderabad and the Southern Mahratta country have caused considerable movement in food-graius. Part of the increase on the East Indian Railway is due to the continued expansion of the coal traffic.

In coaching traffic the chief contributors to the increase are the North-Western and Oudh and Rohilkhau I Railways, on account of fairs at Hardwar, and the Bengal-Nagpur, which shows a satisfactory development in the whole

The decrease in net receipts on the Bengal and North-Western and Tirhoot Railways is chiefly due to provision being made for payment to the Company of their share of net earnings for three half-years, as their share for the second half-year of 1890 was not paid in 1890-91, and so became an unexpected charge against 1891-92; there is also a slight falling-off in the earnings, due to scarcity in Tirhoot.

tate Railways, . 891-92.

The Eastern Bengal State Railway has suffered from the partial failure of the jute crop, but the main cause for the falling off in net receipts is the large renewals which have been carried out, and which were not anticipated when the Budget Estimates were framed.

The gross receipts of the Madras Railway are Rx. 30,000 below the Budget Guaranteed Railways, 1891-92. Estimate.

The Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway and the Great Indian Peninsula Railway are now expected to yield, respectively, Rx. 55,000 and Rx. 258,000 more than the net receipts entered in the Budget Estimate. The improvement is all in goods traffic, and is due to the causes just mentioned in connection with State Railways.

Excluding Exchange, on which account a sum of Rx. 406,300 is provided in Railways in 1892-93. excess of that entered in the Revised Estimate, the net result on the Railway account for 1892-93 is Rx. 639,400 worse than the Revised Estimate of the current year. It is not considered safe to estimate for such exceptional traffic as has been secured in 1891-92; and there is a considerable increase in the charge for interest owing to increase of Capital outlay.

In 1892-93 the gross receipts of State Railways are estimated at State Railways, Rx. 624,200 less than in the Revised Estimate of 1891-92. The most 1892-93. noticeable fluctuations occur on the East Indian Railway (—Rx. 280,000); Rajputana Malwa Kailway (-Rx. 243,800); Bengal-Nagpur Railway (+Rx. 32,000); Eastern Bengal State Railway (+Rx. 35,000); Bengal and North-Western and Tirhoot Railways (+Rx. 35,000); North-Western Railway -Rx. 340,000); South Indian Railway (+Rx. 91,000).

The net traffic receipts of the Guaranteed Railways are taken at Rx. 203,000 Guaranteed Railways, 1892-93. below the Revised Estimate of 1891-92; this is entirely due to the Estimates for 1892-93 being framed on the basis of a normal year with an allowance for natural expansion, and not on the very high receipts of the current year. Surplus profits, Land and Supervision are expected to diminish by Rx. 150,500.

#### IRRIGATION.

#### 83. The figures are-

		Actuals, 1888-89.	Actuals, 1889-90.	Actuals, 1890-91.	Budget, 1891-92.	Revised, 1891-92.	Budget, 1892-93.
	_	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rr.
Revenue	•.	1,900,718	1,991,078	2,172,578	2,160,600	2,249,600	2,216,700
Expenditure -	-	2,622,964	2,652,707	2,742,128	2,883,100	2,963,200	2,919,500
Net Expenditure	-	722,246	661,629	- 569,550	722,500	718,600	702,800

The improvement in Revenue during the current year is due to the irrigated area in the North-Western Provinces and Punjab having been larger than was anticipated in the Budget Estimate for 1891-92.

The Budget for the ensuing year shows that the revenue is expected to fall off by Rx. 32,900. The decrease occurs in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, where it is not anticipated that the season of 1892-93 will be so favourable for artificial irrigation as those of the previous two years. (In the other hand, increases are expected from the growth of irrigation in the Punjab and Madras.

The increase in the Expenditure in the current year is mainly due to Famine Relief Works in Upper Burma, Madras, and Rajputana. The Budget provides for a decrease in expenditure, owing to the curtailment of outlay on Minor Irrigation Works in Madras and the cessation of Famine Works in Upper Burma.

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#### BUILDINGS AND ROADS.

# 84. The figures are—

#### REVENUE.

	Actuals, 1888–89.	Actuals, 1889–90.	Actuals, 1890–91.	Budget, 1891-92.	Revised, 1891–92.	Budget, 1892-93.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Military and Civil Works	604,753	650,398	649,289	597,100	615,700	606,400

#### EXPENDITURE.

	Actuals, 1888–89.	Actuals, 1889-90.	Actuals, 1890–91.	Budget, 1891-92.	Revised, 1891-92.	Budget, 1892-93.
Militury Works	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Civil Works	4,202,526	4,273,726	4,510,231	4,978,800	5,033,500	4,736,300

The slight improvement in revenue in the Revised Estimate of 1891-92 is chiefly due to increased receipts from tolls on ferries and roads maintained from Local Funds.

The increase of Rx. 84,900 in the Military Works expenditure in the Revised Estimate is mainly due to special expenditure on the restoration of buildings at Quetta damaged by rain, and to outlay of Rx. 61,600 on measures intended to facilitate the speedy mobilization of the army in time of war. The increase of Imperial expenditure in 1891-92 under Civil Works amounts to Rx. 74,800, and is due to special expenditure on buildings at Quetta and Famine Relief Works in Upper Burma and in Rajputana. There is a decrease of Rx. 83,400 under Provincial.

An increase of Rx. 63,300 occurs under Local, for Public Works under the control of Local Boards.

The Budget for the ensuing year provides for a decrease of Rx 52,400 in the Imperial (Military and Civil Works) expenditure: the special expenditure of 1891-92 will not recur next year.

The figures for the Provincial portion of the Civil Works expenditure are—

	-	Actuals, 1888–89.	Actuals, 1889-90.	Actuals, 1890-91.	Revised, 1891-92.	Budget, 1892-93.
		_		D-	<b>D</b> -	D-
•		Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Provincial Civil Works Outlay	-	1,814,931	1,945,626	2,188,276	2,490,800	2,198,500

#### ARMY.

85. The figures are—

YEARS.					India.	England.	Exchange.	TOTAL	
·			·		Ì	Rx.	£.	Rx.	Rx.
1888-89	•	-	*	-	-	14,812,591	3,746,205	1,743,045	- 20,801,841
1889-90	-	-	•	•	-	14,944,095	8,957,708	1,776,016	20,677,814
1890 91	•	-,	-	-	-	14,799,128	4,440,125	1,450,815	20,690,068
ì891-92 {	(Budge (Revis		- -	• .	- 	14,565,500 15,625,000	4,661,600 4,792,400	1,824,100 2,089,500	21,051,200 22,506,900
1892-93	Budg	e <b>t -</b>	-	_	-	15,006,700	4,594,500	2,297,300	21,898,500

The variations in the figures are explained in paragraphs 49, 54, 60, 63, and 66.

# SPECIAL DEFENCE WORKS.

86. The following table shows the Expenditure on "Special Defence Works":—

To end of 1885-8	6 -	-	-	-	-	•		137,811
1886-87	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	325,626
1887–88	•	-	-	+	-	-		456,017
1888-89	-	_		•	-	•	•	789,595
1889-90	-	-	, 🗕	•	-	<b>-</b> ,		689,481
1890-91	` <b>-</b> ,	-	-		-	-	`-	491,837
1891-92 Budget	t Esti	mate	-	_		,~	-	847,000
1891-92 {Budget Revise	d	>>		<del>-</del> -			_	550,000
· 1892-93 Budge	4	"	-	-	,	. •		614,500

As has usually been the case in the past, the grant for this expenditure will not be fully utilised in the current year; and a smaller grant has been given for 1892-93. The lapse is chiefly on the English grant, and the slower progress in England involves less outlay in India.

The total expenditure on Special Defence Works being estimated at Rx. 5,000,000, if the amounts shown above for 1891-92 and 1892-93 are spent, there will remain Rx. 945,133 to be incurred in 1893-94 and future years.

# UPPER BURMA.

87. The following tables give the Revenue, the Expenditure, and the net Expenditure, on account of Upper Burma, from the year following the annexation:—

#### REVENUE.

			• '	,		Land Revenue.	Other Civil Revenue.	State Railway Receipts.	Total.
<del></del>						Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
886-87	-	•	-	•	-	167,200	55,800	-	222,500
887-88		.•	-		-	378,800	123,500		č02,800
888-89	<b></b> .	-	-		- ]	436,000	284,600	31,900	752,500
889-90 -	. <u>-</u>	•	•	-	`-]	539,600	333,500	161,400	1,034,500
89091 -	-	-	-	-	-	616,000	819,400	193,300	1,128,700
1891-92 (	Revised	i) -	-	-	-	606,100	304,400	195,000	1,105,500
892-93 (	Budget	:) -	-	-	-	655,000	876,700	80,000	1,061,700

#### EXPENDITURE.

_	Police.	Other Civil Expen- diture.	Railways (including Interest on Capital).	Military Works.	Civil Works.	Irrigation.	Army Special Expendi- ture.	TOTAL
ten i e e e	Rz.	Rz.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rz.	Rx.	Rx.
1886-87	849,000	165,100	-	74,000	171,500	13,800	1,517,800	2,291,200
1887-88	709,200	265,700	<b>–</b> ".	314,800	343,000	12,600	1,475,300	3,120,600
1888-89	794,900	436,700	103,300	160,900	295,900	24,800	631,600	2,448,100
1889-90	861,700	393,700	218,700	142,500	296,800	19,200	435,800	2,368,400
1890-91	735,800	435,600	227,500	141,500	292,700	28,200	350,300	2,211,600
1891-92 (Revised) -	672,400	489,600	234,000	159,000	330,000	67,500	400,000	2,372,500
1892-93 (Budget) -	664,800	538,400	84,000	150,000	300,000	50,000	480,000	2,267,200

#### NET EXPENDITURE.

1886–87.	1887-88.	1888–89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891–92 (Revised).	1892–93 (Budget).
Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
2,068,700	2,618,300	1,695,600	1,333,900	1,082,900	1,267,000	1,205,500

# SECTION V.—EXPENDITURE NOT CHARGED TO REVENUE.

88. The following table gives the figures of the Estimates for 1891-92 and 1892-93 for Capital Expenditure on Railways, exclusive of sums found by Local Governments out of Provincial resources, the amounts charged to the Famine Grant and to the head "37—Construction of Railways" being included for convenience, although charged to Revenue:—

			India.	England.	Exchange.	TOTAL.
			Rx.	£.	Rx.	Rx.
1891-92, Budget Estimate	-	-	2,266,600	1,192,000	468,400	3,925,000
1891-92, Revised Estimate	-	-	1,825,200	870,000	379,300	3,074,500
1892-93, Budget Estimate	-	-	2,542,000	1,382,000	691,000	4,615,000

Of the totals shown above, the following amounts are taken as charges against the Famine Grant for Protective Railways, namely, in the Budget Estimate of 1891-92, Rx. 975,000; in the Revised Estimate of 1891-92, Rx. 294,900; and in 1892-93, Rx. 1,011,700. In 1892-93, Rx. 118,300 is also charged under 37—Construction of Railways.

The Capital Expenditure on Railways in 1891-92 will be less than the Budget grant by Rx. 850,500. Of this lapse, Rx. 170,400 has been utilised for increased Capital Expenditure on Irrigation Works, and the remainder appears in the reduction in the Revised Estimate of the Expenditure on Protective Railways. The heaviest expenditure has been on the East Coast, the Mu Valley, the Godra-Rutlam, South Indian (including Villupuram-Guntakal), and the Dharmaveram-Hindupur Railway. The Chaman Extension of the Sind-Pishin Railway has been completed during the year, and also the Mianwali-Mari Branch of the North-Western system, while a start was made on the Barsoe-Kishengunge, the Lucknow-Rai Bareli-Jaunpur, the Bengal-Assam, the Bareilly-Rampur-Moradabad, the Mari-Attock, and the Muskhaf-Bolan Railways.

The provision for 1892-93 will, it is hoped, practically complete the Villupuram-Guntakal Section of the South Indian Railway and the Dharmaveram-Hindupur Extension, while large grants have been provided for the Godra-

Rutlam,

Rutlam, the Bareilly-Rampur-Moradabad, the Mari-Attock, the Lucknow-Rai Bareli-Jaunpur, gradient improvements of the North Western Railway, the Mu Valley, the Bengal-Assam, and the Jherria Extension of the East Indian Railway.

The following figures show the rate at which railways have been constructed at the cost, or on the responsibility, of the Government since 1880:—

Date.					•			<u>.</u> - 1.		Number of Miles Open.
31st March	1880	-	-	<del>.</del>	•	-	-	-	•	- 8,382
93	1881	•	-	-		_	_		_	- 9,134
<b>55</b>	1882	-	_	•	<b>-</b> ,	-	-	- · î ,	_	- 9,437
,	1883	-	_	-	••	-	. <del>.</del> .	-		- 9,748
22	1884	-	-	-		_	-		-	- 10,230
	1885		-	-	• ,		_	<b>.</b>	<u>-</u>	11,283
27	1886		-	-	<b>:</b>	-	-	_ `	<b>~</b> .	- 11,634
	1887	-	• •		-	. 🕳 💉	-	:		- 12,536
<b>59</b>	1888	• '	-	<u>-</u> ·	-	_	<b>-</b> ·		_	- 13,448
<b>,</b> - 1	1889	-	-	"	-	- '	· <b>-</b>	-	•	- 14,184
<b>33</b>	1890	-			-	_		-		- 14,832
,,	1891	<b>-</b> _	_			_	-	-	-	- 15,621
	L8 <b>92</b>	(Esti	mate	)	- , .	-	-		-	- 15,818

The following table gives the total Capital Outlay on Railway Construction up to date:—

						State Railwaya,	State Railways Constructed through the Agency of Companies.	Guaranteed Railways.	Total.	Annual Progress.
To end	of—					Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
	79-80	-	-	-	٠-	27,983,837	_	96,829,969	124,813,896	7 <del>11</del> 7 ×
189	80-81	• 1	-		-	67,201,066	_	66,348,478	133,549,544	8,735,738*
18	81-82	•	-	-	· -	70,546,309	· _ ·	67,021,758	137,568,065	4,018,521
18	834-83	-	•	-	-	72,776,870	468,270	67,431,448	140,676,588	3,108,523
 189	83-84	-	•	-	-	. 76,629,723	704,155	68,769,369	146,103,247	5,426,659
189	84-85		•	-		81,365,833	3,126,906	69,904,427	154,397,166	8,293,919
189	85-86		•	•		90,839,553	4,775,059	67,883,682	163,498,294	9,101,128†
18	86-87	-	-	-	_	108,456,220	7,915,378	57,048,325	173,417,923	9,919,629‡
18	87-88	- '		-	-	110,788,941	12,979,680	57,694,898	181,463,519	8,045,596
18	88-89	-	•	-	-	111,990,360	18,097,843	58,313,774	188,401,977	6,938,458
. 18	89-90	-	•	• .	-	124,058,103	20,410,257	49,385,293	193,853,653	5,451,676
18	90-91	-	<b>-</b> , ,	_	-	131,920,346	21,793,709	45,091,263	198,805,318	4,951,6655
18	91- <b>92</b> , I	Revised	•	٠.	-	135,177,446	22,760,009	45,155,063	203,092,518	4,287,200
18	92-93, E	Budget		-	-	139,975,646	24,137,709	45,477,963	209,591,318	6,498,800

Includes Rx. 2,790,140 on account of past expenditure on the East Indian Railway, which must be deducted to arrive at the normal annual progress.

<sup>†</sup> Includes Rz. 294,987 on account of Eastern Bengal Railway.

<sup>‡</sup> Includes Rx. 1,007,244 on account of Scinde Punjab and Delhi Railway Company.

<sup>§</sup> Includes Rx. 207,104 on account of South Indian Railway Company.

Capital Expenditure on Irrigation Works.

89. The figures of the Accounts and Estimates for Capital Expenditure on Irrigation Works not charged to Revenue are:—

Actuals, 1888-89.	Actuals, 1889–90.	Actuals, 1890-91.	Budget, 1891–92.	Revised, 1891-92.	Budget, 1892–93.
Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rr.	Rx.
459,890	378,932	483,849	550,000	720,400	550,000

The increase of Rx. 170,400 in the Expenditure of the current year is due to a portion of the lapse on the Railway Capital grant having been utilised to secure the earlier completion of the Chenab Canal Works.

# SECTION VI.—REVISION OF THE PROVINCIAL CONTRACTS.

90. It has long been the policy of the Government of India to delegate some of its powers in respect of certain Revenues and Expenditure to Local Governments.

The first step in this direction was taken in 1870, when certain heads of Expenditure were made Provincial, the Local Governments being given, under conditions, the powers possessed by the Government of India in the matter of sanctioning expenditure, and the financial responsibility of Local Governments being enforced, by requiring them to keep the total Provincial Expenditure within the amount assigned for all the heads, plus any savings from that amount effected in previous years.

This policy was subsequently extended by making Provincial also some heads of Revenue, the financial responsibility of the Local Governments remaining as before, with the addition that they were allowed to spend any increases of Revenue obtained by them during the period for which the arrangement was made.

Still later, in restriction of the power of spending savings of previous years, Local Governments were required to maintain minimum balances of amounts fixed for each Province, to be drawn against in the event of pressure, such, for example, as the opening of works for the employment of labour in time of scarcity.

The arrangements with Local Governments to give effect to the delegation of powers as above explained are made for fixed periods, at the end of which the arrangements are subject to revision, as well in respect of the heads of Revenue and Expenditure made Provincial, as in respect of the assignment, including Revenue, made to the Local Government to cover the Provincial Expenditure.

- 91. The existing arrangements described in general terms in the preceding paragraph, commonly called contracts, come to an end with the close of the current year, having been made for the five years 1887-88 to 1891-92; and it has been necessary to settle the terms of the contracts to be in force during the next five years. The Government of India have been in correspondence with all the Local Governments concerned during the year. The final result of that correspondence is as follows.
- 92. The new contracts are framed on the same general lines as the preceding ones. The terms of the contract for each Province are contained in two Resolutions. The first of these is reprinted as an Appendix to this Statement; it consolidates and re-enacts, with some modifications, the general rules relating to the powers of Local Governments under the scheme of provincial finance. In the second the heads of Revenue and Expenditure which are made provincial

are stated, it being declared that Revenue and Expenditure classified in the Accounts under those heads, and no other, is Provincial; and the amount of the addition to, or the deduction from, the Provincial Revenue which is required to place the Province in equilibrium is stated.

93. The following statement shows the total Provincial Expenditure and Revenue, as estimated for the new contracts, and the amount of the adjusting addition to or deduction from the Revenue of each Province:—

	Central P rovinces.	Burma (Lower).	Assam.	Bengal.	North- Western Provinces and Oudh.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.
Ordinary Revenue, being a share of certain receipts -	Rx. 567,600	Rx. 1,427,500	Rx. 657,700	Rx. 4,249,300	Rx. 3,403,500	Rx 1,370,400	Rx. 2,479,300	Rx. 3,123,900
Adjustment	220,500	414,300	112,700	143,900	<b>—250,600</b>	348,500	325,400	771,400
Total Revenue	788,100	1,841,800	545,000	4,105,400	3,152,900	1,718,900	2,804,700	3,895,300
Expenditure	. <b>7</b> 88,100	1,841,800	545,000	4,105,400	3,152,900	1,718,900	2,804,700	3,895,300

94. The Revenue and Expenditure shown in the above statement are estimates of the amounts which may be taken as fairly representing, generally, the normal Revenue and Expenditure of each Province at the existing stage of growth. The actual Revenue and Expenditure will, of course, vary from year to year; but the amount of the adjustment is fixed for the five years.

95. The amount of the adjustment shown in paragraph 93 is not an index either of the financial position of the province or of the effect on the provincial finances of the revision of the contract. It is merely the amount required to place in equilibrium the Revenue and Expenditure which it has been found expedient to make provincial.

96. The financial effect of the revision of the contracts is the resumption by the Government of India of the following surpluses from Provincial Governments:—

•			-		`	:	•	45.0		Rx.
Central Prov	inces	-	<b>,-</b>	-	-	-	- :	-	-	22,700
Lower Burm	a	-		-	<b>-</b>	<b>=</b> -:	<b>-</b> .		-	58,900
Bengal -	-	-	-	- '	-		<u>-</u> 1	٠.	-	51,900
North-Weste	rn Pro	ovince	s and	Oudh	-	-	-		-	56,900
Punjab -	· -	-	<i>-</i>	` <b>-</b>	-	-	-	-	-	41,000
Madras -	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> :	-	`, <b>-</b>	-	-	103,800
Bombay -	-	-	. <b>-</b>	- `	-		-	-	-	131,100
•					To	TAL		<b></b> ,	Rx.	466,300

97. These surpluses are the share of the increase in Revenue in the past five years which the needs of Imperial Revenues require the Government of India to resume from Local Governments. The statement below shows to what extent the Provincial Revenues have increased in each Province since the estimate for the contracts now coming to an end was framed. The statement

also show the extent to which the Local Governments have used their increased Revenues in the five years, and the closing balance of each year:

	• •	Estimate for Contract		Acc	Revised.	Increase of Revenue in the Revised as compared		
_	of 1887-88 to 1891-92,	1887-88.	1888-89.	1689-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	with the Contract Estimate.	
		Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rr.	Bx.	Rx.	Rx.
-	Total Revenue, including		Dia.		1			
CENTRAL PRO-	adjustments	696,900	706,400	720,600	770,600	742,100	918,100	119,200
VINCES.	Total Expenditure	696,900	693,300	698,000	782,900	778,700	799,100	
	Closing balance		209,200	231,800	219,500	187,900	204,900	
	Total Revenue, including adjustments	978,600	1,094,900	1,077,000	1,220,300	1,290,900	1,313,500	384,900
Burma (Lower)	Total Expenditure	971,900	1,017,800	1,065,400	1,156,300	. 1,184,700	1,262,900	_
	Closing balance	_	148,800	160,400	224,400	330,600	881,200	· -
	Total Revenue, including adjustments	464,000	501,800	495,900	510,200	526,800	568,800	99,800
· · MABBA	Total Expenditure	464,000	494,100	469,500	490,100	544,700	555,800	
•	Closing balance	· ;	78,100	102,500	122,600	104,700	- 112,700	_
	Total Revenue, including	3,768,400	8,918,000	3,956,800	4,191,600	4,077,200	4,986,100	517,700
BENGAL	Total Expenditure	3,768,400	8,782,000	4,022,600	4,089,100	4,197,500	4,333,400	
	Closing balance	_	380,900	265,100	867,600	247,300	200,000	
٠	Total Revenue, including	Ĺ				`.	j'	] .
N. W. P. AND	adjustments	3,240,100	3,217,000	8,255,600	8,102,100	8,128,800	8,303,400	63,300
OUDH.	Total Expenditure	<b>3,212,</b> 100	8,970,100	8,209,600	2,999,400	3,136,400.	8,827,400	1 -
,	Closing balance		380,700	428,700	529,400	516,800	499,800	
, .	Total Revenue, including	1,583,300*	1,576,400	1,632,500	1,675,700	1,696,800	1,778,700	195,400
Punjab	Total Expenditure	1,580,200=	1,564,000	1,600,800	1,646,500	1,665,400	1,784,200	_
	Closing balance	_	186,000	218,200	247,400	278,800	273,300	
	Total Revenue, including			ŀ				
	adjustments -	2,563,600	2,785,400	2,827,300	2,941,100	2,782,900	2,876,800	313,200
MADRAS	Total Expenditure	2,563,600	2,630,000	2,718,300	2,796,600	2,899,700	8,184,900	· ·
	Closing balance		639,100	658,100	- 797,600	660,800	402,700	
	Total Revenue, including adjustmente	3,680,500	8,789,900	8,874,200	3,929,600	<b>3,834,800</b>	4,079,700	899,200
BOMBAY	Total Expenditure	3,680,500	8,814,500	8,855,900	3,888,200	3,958,700	4,151,700	
	Closing balance	-	524,400	542,700	684,100	460,200	888,200	-: -
٠.				<del> </del>		<del></del>	<u>                                     </u>	}
	Total Revenue, including adjustments	16,975,400	17,584,800	17,839,900	18,341,200	18,055,300	19,018,100	9,049,700
Total - ·	Total Expenditure	16,987,600	17,265,800	17,684,600	17,849,100	18,360,800	19,349,400	
	Closing balance		2,395,200	2,600,500	8,092,600	2,787,100	2,455,800	
	<del>-</del>				1	٠ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1 `

Actuals of 1886–87.

Note.—In this statement Railway Revenue and Expenditure have been taken net.

98. It will be seen from the foregoing statement that the increase of revenue in the past five years has in every Province been much greater than the amount of the surplus which is now to be resumed. The difference the Local Governments have been allowed to retain to enable them to meet the increase of Expenditure which has occurred in the five years. It would have been desirable, if possible, to allow the Local Governments to retain the whole of the increase, as all of them have many needs on which money could be beneficially spent. But, as stated in Part I. of this Statement, this could not have been done without imposing additional taxation, and it is a less evil to restrict to some extent the progress of useful Provincial Expenditure than to impose additional taxation. The total increase in-Provincial Revenue for all Provinces has been Rx. 2,042,700. The surplus resumed by the Imperial Government is Rx. 466,300, or less than one-fourth. The amount to be resumed has been fixed in every case on a careful consideration of the circumstances of each Province.

#### SECTION VII.—WAYS AND MEANS.—HOME TREASURY.

99. The Budget and Revised Estimates of the transactions of the Home Treasury for 1891-92 compare as follows:—

	Budget, 1891-92.	Revised, 1891–92.
Net Receipts.	£.	£.
Council Bills	- 16,000,000	16,200,000
3 per Cent. Stock issued	- 2,600,000	4,600,000
Capital Receipts from Railway Companies	- 2,716,800	987,700
Deposits and advances -	4,700	1,600
Add,—Opening Balance	8,532,473	3,835,050
Total £	24,853,978<	25,624,350
Net Outgoings.		
Excess of Expenditure over Revenue	- 15,759,500	15,938,200
Capital expenditure of Government in England	- 1,196,400	878,200
Permanent Debt-	The second of th	
Discharge of 3½ per Cent. Debentures	1,386,000	1,386,000
Discharge of Oudh and Rohilkhund and South Indian Railway Debentures.	h 117,100	117,100
4 per Cent. Stock discharged - ,	in the second se	2,500
Issues to Railway Companies on Capital Account	2,974,000	3,126,400
On account of remittance from India	- 1,195,300	914,900
Add,—Closing Balance	2,225,678	3,261,050
Total 4	24,853,973	25,624,850

The total estimate of the Secretary of State's drawings for the two years Council Bills. 1891-92 and 1892-93 is 33,200,000 l. It is now expected that £: 16,200,000

will be drawn during the current year.

As explained in paragraph 68, page 46, of the last Financial Statement, the 3 per cent. sterling loan of 2,600,000 l. proposed in the Budget was required partly for the repay-loan issued. ment of a portion of the India 3½ per Cent. Debentures which fell due on 16th August 1891, and partly for advances to Railway Companies under the Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway Purchase Act. The loan was issued at an average rate of 94 l. 10 s.  $2\frac{1}{2}d$ . per cent. During the year the Secretary of State decided to issue additional 3 per Cent. Stock to the amount of 2,000,000 l. This was required (a) for the discharge of 911,900 l. debentures of the Southern Mahratta Railway Company, which expired on the 1st October 1891; in the Budget Estimate it was anticipated that additional capital would be received from the Company for this purpose; (b) for the discharge of 1,000,000 l. Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway debentures which will expire on 1st April 1892; and (c) for the discharge of 600,000 l. debentures of the Southern Mahratta

(c) for the discharge or 500,000 l. described Railway Company expiring on 1st April 1892.

A sum of 302,143 l. of the loan of 2,600,000 l. remained unappropriated, Capital Receipts and a total sum of 2,302,143 l. is therefore available for the discharge of the to Railway Companies.

debentures just described, amounting to 2,511,900 l. The balance will be met from the loan to be raised in 1892-93. The additional stock of 2,000,000 l. was issued at a price of 95 l. per cent.

100. The details of the estimated transactions of the Railway Companies are as follows:—

AG	Budget.	Revised.
RECEIPTS.	·	
On account of Subscribed Capital:		
State:	£.	£.
Rohilkund and Kumao	160,000	<u> </u>
Southern Mahratta Railway	1,000,000	
Guaranteed:		
Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway	556,500	536,000
Great Indian Peninsula Railway	900,300	331,300
Madras Railway	100,000	112,400
On account of Transfer and Miscellaneous Refunds -	_	8,000
Total £.	2,716,800	987,700
, Issues.		<u> </u>
For discharge of Debentures:	_	
State:		]-
Southern Mahratta Railway	1,445,000	1,956,900
Guaranteed:		
Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway .	88,500	68,000
For Stores, Establishment Charges, &c.: State:		
Bengal-Nagpur Railway	360,000	349,300
Indian Midland Railway	117,300	91,400
Other Railways	53,200	54,300
Guaranteed:		,
Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway	150 000	140.000
	150,000	149,900
Great Indian Peninsula Railway	636,000	311,000
Madras Railway	124,000	145,600
Тотац £.	2,974,000	3,126,400

These transactions are liable to heavy fluctuations on account of changes in the programme of the Companies. As regards the receipts, the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway, instead of paying 160,000 l. in England, paid its equivalent in India in exercise of an option given to the Company by the Contract. The receipt of 1,000,000 l. from the Southern Mahratta Railway Company was intended to replace debentures to be paid off in the year, but 88,100 l. out of those debentures were renewed, and 911,900 l. paid off with funds raised by the issue of 3 per Cent. Stock, as above explained. The difference between the Budget and Revised, of 20,500 l., in the case of the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway represents debentures renewed. The requirements of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway were reduced by 569,000 l., but, on the other hand, a sum of 12,400 l. was received from the Madras Railway Company in 1891–92, which it was expected to receive in 1890–91.

The

The variations in the Estimates of payments for discharge of debentures are due (1) to partial provision towards paying off 600,000 l. debentures of the Southern Mahratta Railway, and (2) to the renewal, instead of discharge as originally provided for in the Budget, of debentures amounting to 88,100 l. and 20,500 l., respectively, of the Southern Mahratta and the Bombay Baroda Companies.

The large reduction in the net payments on account of Remittances from India occurs chiefly in the advances for purchase of stores for the Rajputana-Malwa and South Indian Railways, and also in the payments on account of Indian Money Orders.

101. The following is the Budget Estimate of the Ways and Means of the Home Treasury for 1892-93:—

		, 4.
		Budget. 1892–93.
	Net Receipts.	£.
	Council Bills	17,000,000
	Three per Cent. Stock to be issued	1,800,000
-	Capital Receipts from Railway Companies	1,788,200
	Deposits and advances	4,600
	Add,—Opening Balance	3,261,050
	Тотац 2.	23,853,850
	Net Outgoings.	
-	Excess of expenditure over revenue	15,749,600
	Capital expenditure of Government in England .	1,385,700
	Permanent Debt:-	
	Discharge of Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway Debentu res	1,770,300
	South Indian Railway Debentures	150,000
	Issues to Railway Companies on Capital Account	1,430,300
	On account of remittances from India	1,191,800
•	Add, -Closing Balance	2,176,150
•	Тотаl £.	23,853,850

The loan of 1,800,000 *l*. is required partly for the discharge of the Southern Mahratta and Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway Debentures, and partly for advances to Railway Companies. At present it is estimated that the drawings on India in the year will be 17,000,000 *l*. It should be understood that, in stating the present intentions of the Secretary of State, no sort of pledge is given that he will adhere to the programme above explained, and that the amounts to be obtained by bills or by loans may be varied from time to time as may seem expedient.

# WAYS AND MEANS.—INDIA. 102. The Ways and Means Estimate of India is as follows:—

	189	1-92.	1892–93.
	Budget.	Revised.	Budget.
Net Receipts.			
Excess of revenue in India over the expenditure charged against it	22,041,900	22,807,200	23,771,000
2. Public Loan	-		_
S. Increase of the Unfunded Debt—mostly Savings Banks Deposits	583,000	905,700	869,000
4. Appropriation from Revenue for Reduction of Debt		802,800	_
5. Other Items	350,800	999,900	671,500
For remittance to Secretary of State -	1,214,800	906,300	1,175,700
Add,—Opening Balance	16,797,121	17,876,244	16,750,044
Тотай	40,987,621	44,298,144	43,237,244
NET OUTGOINGS.			
7. Expenditure charged to Provincial Balances	828,400	461,500	1,161,700
8. Capital Expenditure of Government in India -	1,835,500	2,238,900	1,956,500
9. Loans to Municipalities, &c	1,008,300	935,300	611,500
0. Issues on Capital Account to Railway Companies	184,200	214,200	408,500
1. Council Bills—Sterling Account	16,934,400	16,914,800	17,166,500
2. Ditto Exchange	6,626,500	7,211,800	8,633,700
Add,—Closing Balance	13,570,321	16,750,044	13,298,844
Total •	40,987,621	44,298,144	43,237,244

The headings in *italics* are connected with, and explained by, the corresponding figures of the Secretary of State's account in England. The others refer to purely Indian transactions.

Public Loans.

The Estimates do not provide for the issue of any loan in India in 1892-93. But the Government of India are unable to say positively that there will or will not be a loan, and full liberty is reserved, as usual, to modify the present Estimates to any extent which may be expedient, and to issue a loan if one is required.

The

The fact that no loan has been raised for two years, and that it has been considered possible to frame the Estimates for a third year on the assumption that there will be no loan, is due to the following causes:-

- (1) The large surpluses of 1889-90 and 1890-91.
- (2) The provision made for reduction of debt since 1889-90.
- (3) The large increase in the Savings Banks deposits.
- (4) The fact that the Secretary of State hopes to receive in 1892-93 considerable Capital Receipts from Railway Companies, only a portion of which will be required for expenditure next year.
- (5) The fact that the Secretary of State intends to meet a portion of his expenditure in 1892-93 by drawing on his cash balance.

104. The following are the usual details of the transactions of the Savings Savings Banks. Banks during the last few years:—

YEAR.	Net Additions to Deposits (Cash).	Interest.	Total Addition.		
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.		
1887-88	656,300	-224,000	880,300		
1888-89	685,200	261,800	947,000		
1889-90	362,900	272,200	<b>—90,700</b>		
1890-91	250,700	279,700	580,400		
1891-92, Budget	229,500	805,100	534,600		
1891-92, Revised	530,000	805,400	835,400		
1892-98, Budget	459,400	883,800	793,200		

The Post Office Savings Banks deposit snow show a steady increase, in spite of the reduction of the limits for deposits. The Budget Estimate of these deposits is framed with moderation, and allowance has been made for some falling-off next year owing to the expectation of scarcity and dearness of provisions in some Provinces.

The sum of Rx. 802,800, credited in the Revised Estimate under "Appropriation ation for Reduction of Debt," represents the amount charged to Revenue to raise the Famine Grant to Rx. 1,500,000. Provision was made in the Budget Estimate of the current year for an expenditure of Rx. 975,000 out of the Famine Grant on construction of Protective Railways, but, only a portion of the amount having been spent, the above amount has been set free for appropriation for reduction of debt.

The net amounts to be advanced to Municipalities, Presidency Corporations, Loans to Municipalities, documents during 1801-02 and 1802-03 are Ry 035 300 and Ry 611 500 cipalities, &co. and others, during 1891-92 and 1892-93, are Rx. 935,300 and Rx. 611,500. These include Rx. 471,300 and Rx. 432,700, respectively, placed at the disposal of Local Governments under the Provincial Advance and Loan Scheme, referred to in paragraph 62 of Part II. of the Financial Statement of March 1890. They also include Rx. 410,000 and Rx. 65,600 required by the Calcutta and Bombay Port Trusts for the Kidderpore and Victoria Docks. The approaching completion of the Kidderpore Docks is the chief cause of the reduction of the aggregate. 191. F 2

amount of advances provided for in 1892-93. The following is an account of the advances to the Calcutta and Bombay Port Trusts on account of the docks:—

		Calcutta.	Bombay.
Up to 1890–91	•	Rx. 2,194,566	Rx. 878,622
Advances in 1891-92		390,000	20,090
Advances in 1892-03	-	<b>5</b> 5,600	10,000
Total to end of 1892-93 -	•	2,640,166	908,622

Capital of Railway Companies.

expected to result in a net receipt in India of Rx. 214,200, instead of a net payment of Rx. 184,200 anticipated in the Budget Estimate. This is due partly to the payment in India, instead of in Fingland, by the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway Company, of the equivalent of 160,000 l. referred to in paragraph 100, and partly to smaller capital expenditure in India.

Cash Balance.

106. The current year is now expected to close with a cash balance of Rx. 16,750,044, instead of Rx. 13,570,321 estimated in the last Financial Statement. The year 1892-93 is expected to close with a cash balance of Rx. 13,298,844.

#### SECTION VIII.—SUMMARY.

- 107. The principal features in this Statement are:
  - (a.) The Accounts of 1890-91 have closed with a surplus of Rx 3,688,171.
  - (b.) The Revised Estimates of 1891-92 show a deficit of Rx. 80,000, against the surplus of Rx. 115,600 shown in the Budget Estimate of the year. The increase in Military Expenditure, caused mainly by expeditions and measures designed to facilitate mobilisation in time of war, the fall in the rate of exchange from 1 s. 5½ d. to 1 s. 4.713 d. the rupee, and the falling off in Land Revenue, are the causes of the deterioration. The loss due to those causes is nearly made good by a remarkable improvement in Railway Revenue, by an increase in net Revenue from Opium, and by improvements under other heads of Revenue.
  - (c.) The Budget Estimates of 1892-93 show a surplus of Rx. 146,600.
  - (d.) For 1892-93 the Rate of Exchange is taken at 1 s. 4 d. the rupee, giving an increased charge of Rx 1,708,000. The Estimate of net Revenue from Opium is taken at Rx. 5,399,800, being slightly higher than the Budget Estimate for 1891-92. It is anticipated that a portion of the improvement in Railway Revenue will be retained next year, and that most of the improvements in other Heads of Revenue which have been secured this year will be maintained. A sum of Rx. 466,300 out of the increase in Provincial Revenues secured by Local Governments in the past five years has been resumed by Imperial Revenues on the Revision of the Provincial Contracts.
  - (e.) The expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works (not charged against Revenue) is estimated at Rx. 3,500,000 in 1891-92, and at Rx. 4,035,000 in 1892-93; this is in addition to Rx. 294,900 in the former, and Rx. 1,130,000 in the latter year charged against the Famine Grant and under Head 37—Construction of Railways.

(f.) It

- (f.) It is expected that the Secretary of State in 1892-93 will sell Council Bills to the amount of 17,000,000 l., and raise a loan of 1,800,000 l. The loan is required for the discharge of certain Railway Debentures and for advances to Railway Companies. These announcements are accompanied by the usual reservation of entire liberty to the Secretary of State to vary the amounts to be obtained by bills or raised by loan, as he may find occasion.
- (g.) The Estimates do not provide for the issue of any loan in India in 1892-93. The surpluses of 1889-90 and 1890-91, the sums provided for Reduction of Debt in 1889-90, 1890-91, and in 1891-92, and the increase in the Savings Banks Deposits, are the main reasons why the Government of India consider that it may be possible for a third year to meet the Capital Expenditure not charged to Revenue without borrowing. No pledge, however, is given that the Government will not borrow in India next year.
- (h.) The financial prospects of 1892-93 are considered to depend largely on the degree of scarcity or famine that may be experienced in the coming year. The currency question is a source of much anxiety as regards the future.

D. Barbour.

Calcutta, 18 March 1892.

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### APPENDICES

#### APPENDIX I.

### ACCOUNTS AND ESTIMATES.

ACCOUNTS - - - 1890-91.

REVISED ESTIMATES - - 1891-92.

BUDGET ESTIMATES - - 1892-93.

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General Statement of the Accounts and Estimates of the Revenue and Expenditure and Receipts and Disbursements, of the Government of India, in India and in England	
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GENERAL STATEMENT of the Accounts and Estimates of the Government of India,

	nent		RECE	IPTS.	
	For Detail, vide Stutement	Accounts, 1890-91.	Budget Estimate, \1891-92.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget Estimate, 1892–93.
EVENUE: Principal Heads of Revenue:	-	Rr.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Land Revenue	Α.	24,045,209	24,399,300	23,880,500	24,675,500
Opium	_ ]	7,879,182	7,593,400	8,026,100	7,634,600
Salt	-	8,523,368	8,343,500	8,620,700	8,544,700
Stamps	-	4,068,969	4,148,200	4,226,900	4,229,600
Excise	· _	4,947,780	4,953,700	5,096,800	5,102,400
Other Heads	- \	9,425,726	9,488,100	9,475,200	9,681,600
TOTAL, PRINCIPAL HEADS	ا ر	58,890,234	58,926,200	59,326,200	59,868,400
a vanny a manyatan amang -	-	OUJUSUE,	00,020,000	00,020,200	, 65,500,200
Interest	· <b>A</b> .	981,050	806,400	882,500	911,000
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint	.	2,537,689	2,469,700	2,545,400	2,618,000
Receipts by Civil Departments	."	1,612,069	1,571,300	1,643,600	1,615,800
Miscellaneous	"	927,127	-821,400	891,100	959,900
Railways	27	17,295,978	17,872,400	19,654,900	18,832,700
Irrigation -	97	2,172,578	2,160,600	2,249,600	2,216,700
Buildings and Roads	ý)	649,289	597,100	615,700	606,400
Receipts by Military Department	,,	785,685	800,200		
, a	"		<u></u>	776,900	789,000
TOTAL REVENUE	-	85,741,649	86,025,300	88,585,900	88,367,900
	_ `				
BET, DEPOSITS, AND ADVANCES:		·		- 	
Permanent Debt (net incurred)	c l	6.293.714	1,091,400	3,048,900	127,700
Unfunded Debt (net incurred)		595,480	583,000	905,700	869,000
Deposits and Advances (net)	, te	1,051,693		958,100	000,000
Remittances (net)	17	_,,000,	19,500	546,700	<del>-</del>
Secretary of State's Bills drawn -	"	15,969,034	16,000,000		17,000,000
	"		l <del></del>	16,200,000	· -
TOTAL RECEIPTS	_	109,651,520	103,719,200	110,240,300	106,364,600
Belance on 1st April—India		14,748,821	¯ 16,797,121	17,876,244	16,750,044
Rngland		-5,402,873	3,532,473	3,835,050	8,261,050
GRAND TOTAL	<b>-</b> _	129,803,214	124,048,794	131,951,594	126,375,694

REVENUE and EXPENDITURE, and RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, of the in India and in England.

	DISE					
	For Detail, `vide Statement	Accounts, 1890–91.	Budget Estimate, 1891–92.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.	
Expenditure:		Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	
Direct Demands on the Revenues	В.	9,536,015	10,035,400	9,599,300	10,286,600	
Interest	,,	4,195,304	3,867,200	4,934,000	3,977,100	
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint	,,	2,282,612	2,368,100	2,440,500	2,547,900	
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments	"	13,386,261	13,976,500	13,863,600	14,132,500	
Miscellaneous Civil Charges	,, \	4,678,516	4,972,900	5,045,000	5,170,900	
Famine Relief and Insurance	99	600,000	1,043,000	1,209,900	1,206,700	
Construction of Railways (charged against Revenue, in addition to that under Famine		4 910	970 500	100,000	901 500	
Insurance)	"	-4,812	210,500	182,600	301,500	
Railway Revenue Account	>>	17,923,269 2,742,128	19,374,100 2,883,100	20,183,700 2,963,200	20,407,200	
Irrigation	"	5,730,907	6,109,100	6,248,700	2,919,500	
Buildings and Roads	w .	20,690,068	21,051,200	22,506,900	5,920,100 21,898,500	
Special Defence Works	· #	491,837	847,000	550,000	614,500	
Total Expenditure, Imperial		82,252,105	86,738,100	89,127,400	89,383,000	
Add,—Provincial Surpluses, that is, portion						
of Allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year	End of B.	+ 169,981	_	+ 100,000		
Deduct,—Provincial Deficits, that is, portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from Provincial Balances	ъ.	<b>— 368,608</b>	<b>— 828,400</b>	<b> 561,500</b>	1,161,700	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE charged \	"		020,100	002,000	1,101,700	
against Revenue}	-	82,053,478	85,909,700	88,665,900	88,221,300	
EXPENDITURE NOT CHARGED TO REVENUE:		9 965 639	9 500 000	B 700 000		
Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works	End of B.	3,365,632	3,500,000	3,500,000	4,035,000	
Capital Charge involved in Redemption of Liabilities		4,692,557	_	/		
	, `					
DEBT, DEPOSITS, AND ADVANCES:					-	
Deposits and Advances (net)	c.	_	459,000	1.	F00 F0 =	
Loans to Native States and Presidency Corpo-	L.	,	438,000		799,700	
rations, &c. (net Advances)	,,,	456,368	484,700	464,000	178,800	
Loans and Advances by Provincial Governments	,,	275,692	523,600	471,300	432,700	
Capital of Railway Companies (net Payments) -	,,	2,654,210	441,400	1,924,500	50,600,	
Remittances (net)	"	122,278	<b> </b> -	<b>—</b>	16,100	
Secretary of State's Bills paid	,,	14,471,699	16,934,400	16,914,800	17,166,500	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	-,	108,091,920	108,252,800	111,940,500	110,900,700	
Balance on 31st March—India	-	17,876,244	13,570,321	16,750,044	13,298,844	
England	-	3,835,050	2,225,673	3,261,050	2,176,150	
GRAND TOTAL	-	129,803,214	124,048,794	131,951,594	126,375,694	
P		-Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	
Revenue		85,741,649	86,025,300	88,585,900	88,367,900	
Expenditure chargeable thereon		82,053,478	85,909,700	88,665,900	88,221,300	
Surplus (+) or Deficit (-)		i	+ 115,600			

Stephen Jacob, Comptroller General. J. F. Finlay, Secretary to the Government of India.

### A .- STATEMENT of the REVENUE of INDIA, in INDIA and in ENGLAND.

<del> </del>	1 .	ACC	COUNTS, 18	90-91.	<del>_</del>		REVISED
HEADS OF REVENUE.	I	ndia.				11	ndia.
	Imperial.	Proviocial and Local.	England.	Exchange.* 1 s. 6 089 d.	M	Imperial.	Provincial and Local.
PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE:  I — Land Revenue	Rx. 15,484,115 7,879,182 8,485,035 1,192,633 3,697,511 528 1,727,480 926,579	Rr. 8,561,094 38,333 2,876,336 1,250,269 3,490,712 15,738 690,817	£.	Rx.	Rx. 24,045,209 7,879,182 8,523,358 4,068,969 4,947,780 3,491,240 1,743,218	8,026,100 8,590,200 1,239,600 3,810,900 600 1,671,800	.Rx. 9,459,200 - 30,500 2,987,300 1,285,900 3,475,900 15,200
IX.—Forest X.—Registration XI.—Tributes from Native States	733,172 183,929 760,421	714,830 181,520			1,617,396 1,448,002 365,449 760,421	745,500 196,500	704,600 752,300 193,900
Total	11,070,585	17,819,649			58,890,234	40,421,400	18,904,800
XII.—INTEREST	612,645	` 97,907	166,194	54,304	931,050	689,600	109,600
POST OFFICE, TELEGRAPH, AND MINT: XIII.—Post Office XIV.—Telegraph XV.—M at	1,396,141 761,136 354,075	6,362 323 	14,754 58	4 821 19	1,402,503 781,034 354,152	1,445,800 892,500 181,300	7,400 400
Total	2,511,352	6,685	14,812	4,840	2,537,689	2,519,600	7,800
RECEIPTS BY CIVIL DEPARTMENTS:  XVI.—Law and Justice   Courts	20,740 36,242 18,582 99,044 1,362 442 6,750	334,783 242,151 350,801 126,563 202,383 56,669 69,884	33,646 780	10,994	355,522 278,393 369,383 225,606 203,745 101,751 77,669	23,300 39,500 21,000 96,600 1,200 400 9,500	\$49,600 \$61,300 \$61,200 134,500 \$10,700 59,000 71,900
ments.  Total	183,162	1,383,232	34,426	11,249	1,612,069	191,500	1,448,200
MISCELLANEOUS:  XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, &c.  XXIII.—Stationery and Printing  XXIV.—Exchange  XXV.—Miscellaneous	166,081 28,332 78,198 101,198	56,292 64,140 290,028	101,838	33,292  1,891	357,553 92,472 78,193 898,904	164,300 26,600 49,200 92,000	51,300 53,300 295,300
Total	373,809	410,460	107,675	35,183	927,127	332,100	399,900
RAILWAYS:  XXVI.—State Railways (Gross Receipts) -  XXVII.—Guaranteed Companies (Net Traffic Receipts).	11,791,566 3,501,274	1,911,353	230	75	13,703,224 3,501,274	3,463,000	2,041,700
XXVIII.—Subsidised Companies (Repayment of Advances of Interest).	30,505 	1,911,353	735 965	315	31,480	22,400 	2,041,700
Total IRRIGATION:	10,020,050		300				
XXIX.—Major Works: Direct Receipts  Portion of Land Revenue due to Irrigation.	615,787 708,996	668,896		= =	1,284,683 708,996	653,700 689,500	717,900
XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation Total	35,187 1,359,970	143,712 812,608			2,172,578	1,386,600	863,000
BUILDINGS AND ROADS: XXXI.—Military Works XXXII.—Civil Works	44,045 12,815	558,021	25,934	8,474	44,045 605,214	47,500 10,200	520,400
Total	£6,860	558,021	25,934	8,474	649,289	57,700	520,400
RECEIPTS BY MILITARY DEPARTMENT: XXXIII.—Army: Effective Non-effective	675,117 54,791	: :	34,720 7,283	11,344 2,380	721,181 64,454	655,700 58,300	
Total	729,908		42,003	13,724	785,635	714,000	
TOTAL REVENUES	62,221,636	22,99,915	392,009	128,089	85,741,649	63,924,000	24,295,400
		<del></del>			hiah inaluda t		

The columns headed "Exchange" show, under the several heads of Revenue and Expenditure which include transactions in England, Exchange thereon calculated in accordance with the average rate obtained, or estimated to be obtained, for Bills and Telegraphic Transfers sold during the year.

## A.—STATEMENT of the REVENUE of India, in India and in England.

'IMATE, 1891-92.		Increase + Decrease -		BUDGET ESTIMATE, 1892-93.				Increase + Decrease of Budget,	Increase + Decrease -	
ngland.	Exchauge.* 1 s. 4·713 d.	TOTAL	of Revised, as compared with Budget Estimates, 1891–92.	Imperial.	Provincial and Local.	England.	Exchange.	Тотац	1892–93, as compared with Budget Estimates, 1891–92	of Budget, 1892-93, as compared with Revise Estimates, 1891-92
£.	Rx.	Rz.	Rz.	Rs.	Rr.	£.	Rx.	Rz.	Rz.	Rs.
-		23,880,500 8,026,100	— 518,800 + 492,700	15,752,100 7,634,600	8,923,400			24,675,500 7,634,600	+ 276,200 + 41,200	+ 795,000 - 391,500
-	1	8,620,700	+277,200	8,512,500	32,200			8,544,700	201,200	<b>— 76,000</b>
-	: :	4,226,900 5,096,800	+ 78,700 + 143,100	1,116,300 3,862,000	3,113,300	1: :		4,229,600 5,102,400	十 81,400 十 148,700	+ 2,700
_		3,476,500	— 54,400	600	3,622,500			3,623,100	+ 92,200	+ 5,600   + 146,600
-		1,687,000 1,644,600	- 13,900 + 84,300	1,676,000 943,800	15,800 701,400	-		1,691,800 1,645,200	<b>一 9,100</b>   <b>十 34,9</b> 60	+ 4,800
_		1,497,800	+ \$4,300 13,300	909,200	658,000			1,567,200	+ 56,190	+ 69,400
-	• •	390,400	+ 20,500	197,400	194,800			392,200	+ 22,300	+ 1,800
-		778,900 59,326,200	+ 13,900	762,100	18,501,800		1 -	762,100 59,868,400	- 2,900 + 942,200	- 16,800 + 542,200
<b>-</b> 3.000	0-000	000 500	<u> </u>			97.300	1 70 500 1			1
58,000	25,300	882,500	+ 76,100	743,100	130,400	25,000	12,500	911,000	+ 104,600	+ 28,500
	- <u></u>	1,453,200	+ 29,300	1,491,700	6,700		[ - <u>  </u>	1,498,400	+ 74,500	+ 45,20
12,500	5,500	910,900 181,300	+ 131,400 - 85,000	884,000 227,000	300	5,500	. 2,800	892,600 227,000	+ 113,100 - 39,300	— 18,30   + 45,70
12,500	5,500	2,545,400	+ 75,700	2,602,700	7,000	5,500	2,800	2,618,000	+ 148,300	+ 72,60
<del>*** ~</del>	<u> </u>	•	<u>                                     </u>	<u>"</u> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>		<u> </u>	1
• .		372,900 300,800	+ 19,100 - 20,200	20,700 42,600	343,800 268,000			364,500 310,600	+ 10,700 - 10,400	- 8,40 + 9,80
Ξ	: :	382,200	+ 25,200	17,000	349,500			366,500	+ 9,500	— 15,70
		231,100	+ 32,000	88,600	130,900		- ,-,,	219,500	+ 20,400	11,60
2,200	1,000	211,900 62,600	+ 8,300   - 900	1,400 400	212,100 60,500	2,200	1,100	213,500 64,200	+ 9,900 + 700	+ 1,60 + 1,60
500	200	82,100	+ 8,800	7,700	69,000	200	100	77,000	+ 3,700	5,10
2,700	1,200	1,643,600	+ 72,300	178,400	1,433,800	2,400	1,200	1,615,800	+ 44,500	27,80
00,800	43,900	300,300	+ 10,100	159,300	47,000	98,400	49,200	353,900	+ 5,700	- 6,40
- <b>-</b> .		79,900	+ 10,600	24,500	49,500			74,000	+ 4,700	5,90
10,000	4,400	- 49,200 401,700	+ 7,800 + 41,200	178,500 - 68,400	281,400	2,500	1,200	178,500 353,500	+ 137,100 - 7,000	+ 129,30 - 48,20
10,800	48,300	891,100	+ 69,700	430,700	377,900	100,900	50,400	959,900	+ 138,500	+ 68,80
200	100	16,168,100 3,463,000	+ 1,508,100 + 283,000	14,604,100	939,500	200	100	15,543,900 3,260,000	+ 883,900 + 80,000	- 624,200 - 203,00
1,000	400	23,800	- 8,600	27,500		900	400	28,800	<b>— 3,600</b>	
1,200	500	19,654,900	+ 1,782,500	17,891,600	939,500	1,100	500	18,832,700	+ 960,300	+ 5,00 - 822,20
1,200	507	15,002,500	7 1,102,000	17,031,000	1 000,000	1,100		10,002,100	1 300,000	022,20
-		1,371,600 689,500	+ 147,900 66,700	705,200 704,400	618,000		: :	1,323,200 704,400	+ 99,500 - 51,800	- 48,400 + 14,900
		188,500	+ 7,800	42,500	146,600			189,100	+ 8,400	+ 60
•		2,249,600	+ 89,000	1,452,100	764,600	•		2,216,700	+ 56,100	- 33,9 0
26,200	11,400	47,500 568,200	+ 4,000 -+ 14,600	42,100 10,500	512,200	27,700	13,900	42,100 564,300	- 1,400 + 10,700	- 5,40 - 3,90
26,200	11,400	615,700	+ 18,600	52,600	512,200	27,700	13,900	606,400	+ 9,300	- 9,30
	† [		1	<u>"</u> 	<u>                                     </u>	! } .	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>
36,300 7,500	15,800 3,300	707,800 69,100	18,400 4,900	627,400 54,300	: :	30,200 8,000	15,100 4,000	672,700 66,300	- 53,500 - 7,700	- 35,10 - 2,80
43,800	19,100	776,900	- 23,300	681,700		38,200	19,100	739,000	— 61,200	- 37,90
155,200	111,300	88,585,900	<u> </u>	65,399,500	22,667,200	200,800	100,400		<u> </u>	218,00

### B .- STATEMENT of the EXPENDITURE chargeable on the

ARCT DEMANDS ON THE REVENUES:  1.—Refunds and Drawbacks 165,922 69,741 235,663 175,800 74,400 2 1,510,092 570,300 964,900 (Charges in respect of Collection, viz.:  3.—Land Revenue 339,558 3,336,578 347 113 3,676,596 370,900 3,461,300 4.—Option (including Cost of Production) - 2,180,290 390 127 2,180,797 1,885,100 5.—Salt (including Cost of Production) - 416,352 12,173 368 120 429,013 442,600 15,400 6.—Stamps 130,308 44,673 54 18 175,053 144,300 47,500 8.—Provincial Rates 130,308 44,673 54 18 175,053 144,300 47,500 10.—Assesed Taxes 15,151 14,995 134,652 52,200 84,900 11.—Forest 15,151 14,995 29,246 15,400 14,300 11.—Forest 361,549 419,900 2,008 650 784,113 411,000 467,800 12.—Registration 4,510,008 5,176,407 37,385 12,215 9,536,015 4,166,800 5,379,500 (Errert Total 4,510,008 5,176,407 37,385 12,215 9,536,015 4,166,800 5,379,500 (Total 48,937 2,154 188 61 451,340 474,500 1,900 (Total 797,118 64,062 2,513,000 821,124 4,195,304 465,800 77,800 (Total 797,118 64,062 2,513,000 821,124 4,195,304 465,800 77,800		ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.					REVIS		
Imperial   Provincial   Provi	HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	In	dia.		Rychange		In	dia.	
Imperial			l .	England.		m		<u> </u>	
### Rec. Demands on This Bayandra:    Rec.	·	Imperial.				1	Imperial.	Provincial	
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks		1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
2.—Assignments and Compensations	RECT DEMANDS ON THE BEVENUES:			£.	Rx.	Rx.			
Charges in supect of Collection, viz.:  4.—Optima including Cost of Production.)  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  4.—Optima including Cost of Production.)  4.—Optima including Cost of Production.)  4.—Optima including Cost of Production.)  4.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  4. 16,323  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  4. 16,320  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  4. 16,320  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  5.—Excise  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  5.—Excise  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  5.—Cost of Production.  5.—Sair (including Cost of Production.)  5.—Cost of Production.  6.—All (including Cost of Production.)  6.—Total Cost of Production.  6.—Total Cost of Production.  6.—All (including Cost of Production.)  7. 10			69,741	l			175,800		
33-Inal Reremse — 239,555 2,589,787 347 113 3,770,506 379,000 3,461,000 15. Control of the contr	2.—Assignments and Compensations	562,808	947,284		\	1,510,092	570,300	964,900	
33-Inal Reremse — 239,555 2,589,787 347 113 3,770,506 379,000 3,461,000 15. Control of the contr	Charges in respect of Collection wir .			i .	į			}	
44—Optimu including Cost of Production) - 2,189,280   12.17   3309   137   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   2,180,797   1,855,100   15,000   1,800,797   1,855,100   15,000   1,800,797   1,855,100   15,000   1,800,797   1,855,100   15,000   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,800,797   1,855,100   1,800,797   1,800,	S.—Land Revenue	839,558	3.336.578	347	113	3 876 598	370 400	9.461.300	
5.—Salt (inclusing Cost of Preduction) - 416,522   12,173   368   120   429,0013   442,000   88,000    6.—Stapp - 1,8740   88,000   46,070   54   18   17,000   112,001   14,1300   44,000    8.—Porvincial Rates - 13,008   46,070   54   18   17,000   14,1300   44,000    8.—Porvincial Rates - 15,151   14,090   54,000   134,002   20,000   14,000    8.—Porvincial Rates - 15,151   14,090   2,000   6.56   78,1113   11,000   47,000    11.—Accesed Three - 30,1,460   41,9900   2,000   6.56   78,1113   41,000   47,000    11.—Forest - 30,1,460   41,9900   2,000   6.56   78,1113   41,000   47,000    11.—Registration Total - \$8,123   48,181   61,900   5,176,407   37,385   12,215   9,356,015   4,166,800   5,376,000    12.—Registration Total - 448,037   2,154   188   61   451,340   474,500   1,000    13.—Interest on other Obligations - 448,037   2,154   188   61   451,340   474,500   1,000    14.—Interest on other Obligations - 448,037   2,154   188   61   451,340   474,500   1,000    15.—Post Office - 1,181,118   111,113   178,774   25,739   1,300,744   1,263,300   113,000    17.—Wint - 10,144   1,242   13,142   30,314   1,263,300   113,000   177.—Wint - 10,144   1,263,300   1,2	4.—Opium (including Cost of Production) -		-						
7.—Excise R.—Provincial Rates 1.30,000 1.3.—Castoms 4.8,102 1.5.—Castoms		416,352	12,173		120			15,400	
8.—Provincial Rates								89,400	
10.—Agreed Taxes		130,308					141,300		
10.—Assessed Taxes		48 102		1 -	i		59 900		
11 Provest   381,549   419,500   2,008   650   784,113   411,000   105,									
Total				2,008	656				
Total - 4,310,038 5,176,407 37,895 12,215 9,356,015 4,166,800 5,379,000 13	12.—Registration								
13.—Interest on Debt   other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works.   14.—Interest on other Obligations	M-4-1	4.010.000		97.005	\ <del></del>		4 3 6 0 0 0 0	5 050 500	
13.—Interest on Debt of other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works.   14.—Interest on other Obligations	10tat	4,310,008	5,176,407	37,385	12,215	9,536,015	4,166,800	5,379,500	
14.—Interest on other Obligations		<del></del>	<del>}</del>		<del>'</del>	<u> </u>		<u>'</u>	
Total	13.—Interest on Debt † other than that charged	348,181	61,908	2,512,812	821,063	3,743,964	<b>— 8,700</b>	75,900	
TOPPICE   TELBORAPH   AND MINT:   1.18   1.18   111,113   78,774   25,739   1.305,744   1.228,300   118,300   17.—Vint   105,184   121,808   30,814   763,380   601,800   400   17.—Vint   105,184   121,500   4,114   121,808   82,400   400   17.—Vint   10.05,184   121,500   4,114   121,808   82,400   400		448,937	2,154	188	61	451,340	474,500	1,900	
T OPPICS, TELBORAFH, AND MINT:  1.18-1.18   111,113   78,774   25,739   1.305,744   1,228,300   118,200   117.—Vilint   105,184   112,590   4,114   121,888   82,400   4.00   117.—Vilint   106,184   125,900   4,114   121,888   82,400   4.00   117.—Vilint   10.013   2,867,578   633   207   282,612   1,942,600   113,700   2,722,000   12,184   10.013   2,867,578   633   207   2,739,431   103,700   2,722,000   738,000   20.—Police   10.013   2,867,578   633   207   2,739,431   103,700   2,722,000   738,000   20.—Police   10.013   2,867,578   418,147   115,742   37,819   5,952,77   286,000   738,000   23.—Echasistical   106,600   106,400   24.—Modical   1.864,600   132,600   163,400   24.—Modical   1.864,600   133,600   133   133,000   133,00	Total	707 118	64.069	9 513 000	891 194	4 195 904	465 800	77 800	
15.—Post Office		707,110	01,002	2,010,000	001,102	1,130,002	200,000	17,000	
10. Telegraph   105,184   12,588   30,814   763,380   601,800   400   17.	T OPPICE, TELEGRAPH, AND MINT:					-		110 000	
Total									
Total 1,888,310 111,423 213,212 63,067 2,282,612 1,942,500 113,700  ARTES AND EXPRESSES OF CIVIL DEPARTMENTS:  18.—General Administration - 592,784 819,515 247,346 80,820 1,740,465 604,100 824,500  19.—Law and Justice (Courts 101,013 2,657,578 633 207 2,753,451 105,700 2,722,400  19.—Law and Justice (Courts 101,013 2,657,578 633 207 2,753,451 105,700 2,722,400  20.—Police 1318 150,887 715,653 - 860,460 125,600 736,000  21.—Marine (including River Navigation) 257,649 148,147 115,742 37,819 559,257 280,000 1763,400  23.—Ecclasisation 10,648 1,350,062 1,528 499 1,371,755 22,000 160,400  24.—Medical 34,776 763,026 6,433 2,102 806,957 55,50 160,400  25.—Political 6,347 76,340 25,365 7,828 770,541 19,6400  25.—Political 34,776 763,026 6,433 2,102 806,957 55,50 831,300  26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments 312,842 144,937 21,000 6,888 485,747 411,000 155,600  Total 3,139,291 9,693,552 417,122 136,296 13,386,961 3,270,300 9,931,200  CELLAM BOUS CIVIL CHARBES: 7.—I erritorial and Political Pensions 18,39 174,040 65,868 293,747 1,100 155,800  28.—Civil Furlough and Absentes Allowances 18,390 174,040 65,868 293,747 1,100 155,800  29.—Superanustion Allowances and Pensions 18,390 174,040 65,868 293,747 1,100 1,574,484 548,108 1,501,444 1,501,444 1,501,444 1,501,444 1,501,444 1,501,444 1,501,444								400	
ARTER AND EXPENSES OF CIVIL DEPARTMENTS:  18.—General Administration - 592,784		100,104		12,090	4,114	121,000	02,400		
18.—General Administration	Total	1,888,310	111,423	213,212	69,067	2,282,612	1,942,500	113,700	
18.—General Administration	ARIBS AND EXPRISES OF CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u></u>	
19.—Law and Justice Courts	18.—General Administration	592,784	819.515	247.346	80,820	1,740,465	604,100	824,500	
20.—Police 21.—Marine (including River Navigation)	19.—Law and Justice Courts								
21.—Marine (including River Navigation)  22.—Education  10,618 11	Jails			-, -					
22.—Education	20.—Police								
23.— Ecclesiastical 165,466 763,626 406 133 166,005 160,400 24.—Medical 34,776 763,626 6,433 2,102 806,937 35,500 831,300 25.—Political 684,455 54,302 23,956 7,828 770,541 722,800 55,500 26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments 312,842 144,937 21,000 6,888 485,747 411,000 155,800 702. 141,000 155,800 702. 141,000 150,800 702. 141,000	22.—Forestion								
24.—Medical			1,550,092						
25.—Political - 684,455			763.626					831,300	
Total - 3,139,291 9,693,552 417,122 136,296 13,386,261 3,270,300 9,931,200	25.—Political				7,828				
### Relief	26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments -	312,842		21,080	6,888	485,747	411,000	155,800	
CRILLAMEOUS CIVIL CHARGES:   27   1 crritorial and Political Prinsions   506,361   15,985   5,223   527,569   490,200   28   Civil Furlough and Absentee Allowances   1,839   174,040   56,868   232,747   1,100   767,500   29 Superannuation Allowances and Pensions   85,882   740,103   1,677,448   548,108   3,051,541   82,200   767,500   30   Stationery and Printing   52,030   184,329   28,539   9,325   274,223   38,100   171,100   171,100   170,100   171,100   170,100   171,100   170	Total	3.139.291	9.693.552	417,122	136,296	13,386,261	3,270,300	9,931,200	
27.— 1 erritorial and Political Pensions - 28.— Civil Furlough and Absentee Allowances - 1,839 - 174,040 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 58,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500 56,868 232,747 1,100 767,500			0,000,000			1 1		<u> </u>	
28.—Civil Furlough and Absentee Allowances - 1,839	CELLANEOUS CIVIL CHARGES:				-			- 2	
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions - 85,882 740,103 1,677,448 548,108 3,051,541 82,200 767,500 30.—Stationery and Printing - 107,190 49,828 16,281 592,436 84,200 455,500 32.—Miscellaneous - 52,030 184,829 28,539 9,325 274,228 38,100 171,100 Total - 753,302 1,343,569 1,945,840 635,805 4,678,516 695,800 1,394,100 31,900 34.—Construction of Protective Railways - 294,900 35.—Construction of Protective Irrigation Works 74,392 5,579 1,500 31,900 36.—Reduction of Debt 520,029 - 500,029 502,800 - 500,000 1,178,000 31,900 Carried over - 11,482,450 16,394,592 5,126,559 1,675,107 34,678,708 11,719,200 16,028,200 Under Railway Revenue Account Under Irrigation Works 322,891 Under Railway Revenue Account Under Irrigation Works 322,891 1,081,438 Under Railway Revenue Account 1,428,450 1,081,438 Under Irrigation Works 322,891 1,081,438 Under Railway Revenue Account 1,428,450 1,081,438 Under Railway Revenue Account 1,428,450 1,081,438 Under Irrigation Works 1,081,438	27 I erritorial and Political Pensions	506,361	1		5,223			-	
30.—Stationery and Printing 107,190 419,137 49,828 16,281 592,436 84,200 455,500 12,2436 82,200 171,100 17	28.—Civil Furlough and Absentee Allowances -		<b>]</b>		56,868				
32.—Miscellaneous 52,030 184,529 28,539 9,325 274,223 38,100 171,100  Total - 753,302 1,343,569 1,945,840 635,805 4,678,516 695,800 1,394,100  #INE Relief - 5,579 - 5,579 1,500 31,900 34.—Construction of Protective Railways - 520,029 - 520,029 - 520,029 802,800 - 520,029 802,800 - 500,000 1,178,000 31,900  Carried over - 11,482,450 16,394,592 5,126,559 1,675,107 34,678,708 11,719,200 16,028,200  **The "Interest on Debt" is distributed as follows:- 11,482,450 16,394,592 5,126,559 1,675,107 34,678,708 11,719,200 16,028,200 1,478,900	29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions -		740,103	1,677,448	548,108	3,051,541			
Total - 753,302 1,343,569 1,945,840 635,805 4,678,516 695,800 1,394,100  ### Interest on Debt " is distributed as follows:    The "Interest on Debt " is distributed as follows:   Interest on Debt " is distributed as follows:   India	32.—Miscellaneous					974 928			
Sime Relief	•	<del></del>		<del></del>			<del></del>	<u></u>	
23. — Construction of Protective Railways — 5,579	Total	753,302	1,343,569	1,945,840	635,805	4,678,516	695,800	1,394,100	
23. —Faulne Relief — 5,579	AINE RELIEF AND INSURANCE	<del></del>		<u>'</u>	 	<u> </u>			
34.—Construction of Protective Railways 35.—Construction of Protective Irrigation Works 36.—Reduction of Debt  Totalt	23 Pawine Relief		5.579	- • -		5,579		31,900	
35.—Construction of Protective Irrigation Works 36.—Reduction of Debt 520,029	34.—Construction of Protective Railways			_	A= 3,5, -				
Totalt 594,421 5,579 600,000 1,178,000 31,900  Carried over 11,482,450 16,394,592 5,126,559 1,675,107 34,678,708 11,719,200 16,928,200  ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.  India. Rngland. Exchange. TOTAL.  Interest on Debt other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works) as above Under Railway Revenue Account Under Irrigation Under Irrigat	35.—Construction of Protective Irrigation Works	74,392	]:			74,392			
Carried over 11,482,450   16,394,592   5,126,559   1,675,107   \$4,678,708   11,719,200   16,028,200    ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.  India. Rngland. Exchange. TOTAL.  Interest on Debt "is distributed as follows:— Interest on Debt (other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works) as above Under Railway Revenue Account Under Irrigation   1,081,439   988,187   322,891   1,081,439   1,081	50.—Reduction of Debt	520,029			4.7	320,029	- 502,600		
Carried over 11,482,450   16,394,592   5,126,559   1,675,107   34,678,708   11,719,200   16,928,200    ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.  India.   Rngland.   Exchange.   Total.    Interest on Debt "is distributed as follows:—	Totalt	594,421	5.579			600,000	1,178,000	31,900	
ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.  India. Rngland. Exchange. TOTAL.  Interest on Debt "is distributed as follows:— Interest on Debt (other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works) as above Under Railway Revenue Account Under Irrigation  ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.  India. Rngland. Exchange. TOTAL.  82, 1820-93.  821,063 3743,964 4167,597 1,081,439				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.  India. Rngland. Exchange. TOTAL.  Interest on Debt "is distributed as follows:— Interest on Debt (other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works) as above Under Railway Revenue Account Under Irrigation  ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.  India. Rngland. Exchange. TOTAL.  82, 1820-93.  821,063 3743,964 4167,597 1,081,439	Carried over	11 482 450	16 394 592	5.126.559	1.675.107	34.678.708	11,719,200	16,928,200	
India. Rngland. Exchange. TOTAL.    The "Interest on Debt" is distributed as follows:—   Interest on Debt (other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works) as above   Rx.   2,512,812   821,063   322,891   1,081,439   1,081,43		,		7,,			<u> </u>	-	
The "Interest on Debt" is distributed as follows:			•			ACCO	UNTS, 1890-S	)1.	
The "Interest on Debt" is distributed as follows:		<del></del>	<del></del>		Ī	India Rngla	nd. Exchans	e. TOTAL.	
Interest on Debt ("her than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works) as above Under Hailway Revenue Account Under Irrigation  Under Irrigation  1,089 2,512,312 32,691 3,743,964 4,187,591 1,081,439		<u> </u>							
Interest on Debt (other than that charged to Railways and Irrigation Works) as above 988,187 988,187 988,187 322,891 4,187,595 1,081,439	The "Interest on Debt" is distrib	ruted as follows	3 : `			Rr. 5.	Rs.		
Under Irrigation - 1,081,439 1,081,439 1,081,439	Interest on Debt (other than the	at charged to	Railways and l	Irrigation Wo	ks) as above	2,876,517 988.1	87 322,89	1 4.187.598	
1 2 500 000 1 142 054 9 019 99	Under Irrigation			-, -			<u> </u>	- 1,081,43	
Transaction of the second seco									

	Accounts, 1890-91.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.	
Indian Midland Railway Bengal-Nagpur Railway	<i>Rx.</i> 244,190 238,161	Rx. 225,800 64,300	Rx. -220,100 73,200	
TOTAL	482,351	290,100	293,300	-

### REVENUES of India, in India and in England.

ESTIMAT	ſB, 1891-92	•	Increase + Decrease-		BUDGE	r estima	ГВ, 1892-03	<b>!.</b>	Increase + Decrease - of Budget,	Increase+ Decrease-
England.	Exchange.*	TOTAL.	of Revised as compared with Budget Estimates, 1891-92.	100 - 11	Provincial and Local.	England.	Exchange.	TOTAL.	1892-93, as compared with Budget Estimates,	of Budget, 1892-93, as compared with Revised Estimates, 1890-91.
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1891-92.	<u> </u>
£.	Rx.	<i>Rx.</i> 250,200 1,535,200	# 12,800 + 12,800	<i>R</i> ≠. 175,200 543,700	//æ. 67,500 972,000	£.	Rx.	R#. 242,700 1,515,700	# 11,300 - 6,700	<i>Rx.</i> 7,500 19,500
700 800	300 300	3,833,200	<b>— 54,200</b>	360,200	3,669,700	700	400	4,031,000	+ 143,600	+ 197,800
1,100	500 500	1,886,200 459,600	-388,400 - 7,300	2,233,900 429,900	67,300	600 200	300	2,234,800 497,500	- 39,800 + 30,600	+ 348,600 + 37,900
33,500	14,600	136,100	+ 3,700	26,200	113,100	36,000	18,000	140,900	+ 8,500	+ 4,800 + 17,200
100		188,990 56,800	+ 200 + 5,000	155,800	50,300 59,500			206,100 59,500	+ 17,400 + 7,700	+ 17,200
100	-	137,230	<b>– 3,4</b> 00	52,100	90,100	100		142,300	+ , 1,700	+ 5,100
700	300	29,700 879,800	- 1,900 25,900	16,200 532,400	15,60J 435,600	1,700	800	31,800 970,500	+ 200 + 64,800	+ 2,100 + 90,700
÷		204,400	+ 4,500	107,600	106,200	- 3	- 500	213,800	+ 11,900	+ 7,400
37,000	16,000	9,599,300	<b>—436,100</b>	4,580,800	5,646,900	39,300	19,600	10,286,600	+ 251.200	+ 687,300
2,639,300	1,150,800	3,857,300	+464,400	<b>—215,700</b>	92,500	2,395,800	1,197,900	3,470,500	+ 77,600	- 386,800
200	100	476,700	+ 2,400	501,300	2,000	200	100	506,600	+ 32,300	+ 29,900
2,639,500	1,150,900	4,334,000	+ 166,800	288,600	94,500	2,396,000	1,198,000	3,977,100	+ 109,900	- 356,900
	<u> </u>	- [		<u> </u>			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ತ್ವಕ್ಷಾ 🏭		3 3 3 3 4 5 3
96,400   160,200	42,000 69,900	1,510,000 832,300	+ 51,000 + 39,900	1,294,500 642,300	115,500 400	96,900 156,300	48,500 78,200	1,555,400 877,200	+ 96,400 + 81,800	+ 45,400 + 44,900
11,000	4,800	98,200	— 18,500	95,800	400	13,000	6,500	مررة 115,300 عن	1,400	+ 44,900 + 17,100
267,600	116,700	2,440,500	+ 72,400	2,032,600	115,900	266,200	133,200	2,547,900	+ 179,800	+ 107,400
040,400	100 500	7 - 20 - 20	30,000	200 000	000 000	040 700	1		15 2 N S 14 .	
249,400 700	108,700 300	1,786,700 2,831,700	.+ 22,900 12,500	620,800 112,200	837,800 2,742,100	248,700 4,200	124,300 2,100	1,831,600 2,860,600	+ 67,800 + 16,400	+ 44,900 + 28,900
	- :	891,200	<b>24,</b> 900	156,000	752,900			908,900	<b> 7,200</b>	+ 17,700
145,100	63,300	3,805,400 663,800	133,100 46,800	720,400 351,900	3,189,600	177 700	00 000	3,910,000	— 28,500	+ 104,600 + 116,400
1,800	800	1,414,500	- 12,400	23,300	161,700 1,471,000	177,700 1,600	88,900 800	780,200 1,496,700	+ 69,600 + 69,800	+ 110,400 + 82,200
400	200	161,000	8,900	168,700		400	200	169,300	600	+ 8,300
7,000 25,900	3,000 11,300	876,800   821,500	+ 43,700 + 56,700	40,400 679,600	878,300 58,800	8,300 22,100	4,100 11,100	931,100 771,600	+ 98,000 + 6,800	+ 54,300 - 49,900
30,800	13,400	611,000	+ 2,400	250,400	164,000	38,700	19,400	472,500	_ 136,100	<b>— 138,500</b>
461,100	201,000	13,863,600	112,900	3,123,700	10,256,200	501,700	250,900	14,132,500	+ 156,000	+ 268,900
							, ,		1-	3.2245783
54,200	23,600	568,000	+ 58,000	500,400		23,900	11,900	536,200	+ 6,200	<b>— 31,809</b>
193,700 1,730,600	84,500 754,600	279,300 3,334,900	- 12,800 +116,400	1,000 83,200	792,100	209,000 1,748,200	104,500 874,100	314,500 3,497,600	+ 22,400 + 279,100	+ 35,200 + 162,700
41,400	18,100	599,200	+ 27,200	97,700	408,900	46,800	23,400	576,800	+ 4,800	- 22,400
37,900	16,500	263,600	<b>— 96,700</b>	38,500	165,200	28,100	14,000	245,800	<b>— 114,500</b>	17,800
2,057,800	897,300	5,045,000	+ 72,100	720,800	1,366,200	2,056,000	1,027,900	5,170,900	+ 198,000	+ 125,900
		33,400	+ 30,400	· <u> </u>	130,000			130,000	+ 127,000	T 08 eu
	Ī [	294,900	680,100	1,011,700				1,011,700	+ 36,700	十 96,600 十716,800
		78,800	+ 19,800	65,000		•	. ~ .	65,000	-	<b>— 13,809</b>
		802,800	+802,800	1.078.700	190,000	<b>-</b> -,,		3 900 700	1.759.500	802,800
		1,209,900	+166,900	1,076,700	130,000	- 1		1,206,700	+ 163,700	- 3,200
5,463,000	2,381,900	36,492,300	+229,200	11,823,200	17,609,700	5,259,200	2,629,600	37,321,700	+1,058,600	+ 829,400
	REVISED EST	TMATE, 1891-9			BUDGET EST	TIMATE, 1899	-95-			
India.	Rugland.	Exchange.	TOTAL	India.	Kngland.	Exchange	TOTAL			
Rz. 67,200 2,999,300 1,109,600	£. 2,639,300 1,163,900	Rs. 1,150,800 507,400	Rs. 3,857,300 4,670,500 1,109,600	Rx. 123,300 3,160,300 1,138,900	£. 2,395,800 1,237,200	Rs. 1,197,900 618,600	Rs. 3,470,500 5,016,10 1,138,90	0`		
	2 002 000	1 070 000			2 622 000	1 010 500		<del></del> '		
4,176,000	3,803,200	1,658,200	` 9,637,400 `	6,176,000	3,633,000	1,816,500	9,625,50	<del>,</del>		

### B.—STATEMENT of the EXPENDITURE chargeable on the

					· -	<del>,</del>	
		ACC	OUNTS, 1	1890-91.			REVISED
HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	Inc	lia.		Exchange.		Inc	dia.
	Imperial.	Provincial and Local.	England.	1 s. 6·089 d.	TOTAL	Imperial.	Provincial and Local.
Brought forward	Rx. 11,482,450	Rx. 16,394,592	£. 5,126,559	Rx.	Rx. 34,678,708	Rx	Rx. 16,928,200
37.—Construction of Railways (charged against Revenue in addition to that under Famine Insurance).	• •	4,812			-4,812		182,600
RAILWAY REVENUE ACCOUNT:  38.—State Railways: Working Expenses Interest on Debt	5,807,449 2,363,625	964,491 493,477	865,342 1,690,632 122,845	552,415	6,771,940 4,005,195 2,243,047 162,985	2,474,000	1,317,900 505,800 
Advances.  Interest on Capital deposited by Companies 39.—Guaranteed Companies: Surplus Profits, Land, and Supervision.	19,415 516,322		669,258		907,354 516,322	750,500	
Interest 40.—Subsidised Companies: Land, &c. Advances of Interest 41.—Miscellaneous Railway Expenditure	7,597 21,662 — 119,080	14,626 — 30,117	2,354,130	769,214	3,130,941 36,288 — 149,197	38,500 22,400 900 78,800	14,400
Total	8,855,150	1,502,711	5,702,207	1,863,201	17,923,269	10,217,500	1,848,300
IRRIGATION:  42.—Major Works: Working Expenses  Interest on Debt	376,781 565,246 <b>2</b> 79,523	381,632 516,193 619,855	2,184	714	758,413 1,081,439 902,276	589,300	384,500 520,300 722,500
Total	1,221,550	1,517,680	2,184	-!	2,742,128	<del></del>	1,627,300
Buildings and Roads;  44.—Military Works	1,190,117 596,751 1,786,868	3,788,371 3,788,371	23,033 94,297 117,330	30,812	1,220,676 4,510,231 5,730,907	720,400	4,170,500
ARMY SERVICES:  46.—Army: Effective	13,836,963 962,165	-	2,341,493 2,095,632		16,947,521 3,742,547		
Total	14,799,128	·	4,440,125		ļ	15,625,000	-
SPECIAL DEFENCE WORKS: 47.—Special Defence Works —	252,398		180,470	58,969	491,837	299,400	
Total Expenditure, Imperial and Provincial	38,397,544	23,198,542	15,568,875	5,087,144	82,252,105	41,116,800	24,756,900
Add,—Portion of Allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the Year	-	+169,981			+ 169,981		+100,000
Deduct,—Portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from Provincial Balances		-368,608			- 368,608		-561,500
Total Expenditure charged against Revenue J		22,999,915			82,053,478		24,295,400
				A	COUNTS	, 1890-9	ı.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		India.	England.	Exchange.	Total.
EXPENDITURE NOT CHA Capital Outlay on Rs 48.—State Railway 49.—Irrigation Wo	ilways and I s: Construc	rrigation W	erks:	Rx. 1,459,032 474,156	£. 1,072,357 7,306	Rx. 350,394 2,387	Rx. 2,881,783 483,849
50.—Capital C	HARGE	TOTAL	N B=	1,933,188	1,079,663	352,781	3,365,632 4,692,557
DEMPTION	OF LIABIL	TIES.			T,002,007		±,002,001

<sup>\*</sup> See foot-note to Statement A.

### EVENUES of INDIA, in INDIA and in ENGLAND-continued.

TIMATE	, 1891-92.		Increase +		BUDGET	ESTIMAT	E, 1892-93.		Increase + Decrease - of Budget,	Increase + Decrease -
England.	Exchange.•	TOTAL	of Revised, as compared with Budget Estimates, 1891-92.	Inc	lia. Provincial	England.	Exchange.	TOTAL.	1892-93, as compared with Budget, Estimates	of Budget, 1892-93, as compared with Revised Estimates,
£. ,403,000	Rx. 2,381,900	Rx. 36,492,300	Rz.	Rs.	Rx. 17,609,700	£. 5,259,200	Rx. 2,629,600	Rx. 37,321.700	1891-92.  Rx. + 1,058,600	1891-92.  Rx. + 829,400
		182,600	<b>—</b> 27,900	118,300	183,200			301,500	+ 91,000	+ 118,900
									<u>                                     </u>	
,006,000 ,693,400 157,909	433,600 733,300 63,800	8,143,200 4,424,400 2,431,700 226,700	+ 489,000 + 21,300 + 75,400 + 1,500	7,522,600 2,930,900 	356,200 210,000 	1,017,400 1,696,600 219,800	508,700 848,300 109,900	7,878,800 4,667,000 2,544,900 329,700	+ 224,600 + 263,900 + 188,600 + 104,500	- 264,400 + 242,600 + 113,200 + 103,000
681,700 -	257,200	1,006,000 750,500	+ 38,100 + 151,500	31,200 600,000		662,900	331,500	1,025,600 600,000	+ 57,700 + 1,000	+ 19,600 - 150,500
,114,200  	921,800  	3,074,500 36,800 900 89,000	+ 85,000 - 13,300 + 900 - 39,800	38,600 26,800 3,200 60,000	14,900	2,145,100 - - -	1,072,600	3,256,300 41,700 3,200 60,000	+ 266,800 - 8,400 + 3,200 - 68,800	+ 181,800 + 4,900 + 2,300 — 29,000
,653,200	2,464,700	20,183,700	+ 809,600	11,213,300	581,100	5,741,800	2,871,000	20,407,200	+1,033,100	+ 223,500
300	100	772,800 1,109,600 1,080,800	+ 19,100 + 2,600 + 58,400	390,000 605,200 362,700	381,000 533,700 645,900	700	300	771,000 1,138,900 1,009,600	31,900	
300	100	2,963,200	+ 80,100	1,357,900	1,560,600	700	300	2,919,500	+ 36,400	- 43,700
10,700 99,300	4,700 43,300	1,215,200 5,033,500	+ 84,900 + 54,700	1,126,200 712,000	3,894,300	38,400 86,700	19,200 43,300	1,183,800 4,736,300		
110,000	48,000	6,248,700	+ 139,600	1,838,200	3,894,300	125,100	62,500	5,920,100	— 189,000	— <b>328,600</b>
2,640,700 2,151,700	1,151,400 938,100	18,474,300 4,032,600	+1,351,700 + 104,000	14,082,100 924,600		2,397,400 2,197,100	1,198,700 1,098,600	17,678,200 4,220,300		
1,792,400	2,089,500	22,506,900	+1,455,700	15,006,700	-	4,594,500	2,297,300	21,898,500	+ 847,300	- 608,400
174,500	76,100	550,000	— 297,000	270,900		229,100	114,500	614,500	<b>— 232,500</b>	+ 64,500
3,193,400	7,060,300	89,127,400	+2,389,300	41,628,500	23,828,900	15,950,400	7,975,200	89,383,000	- -2,641,900	+ 255,600
		+ 100,000	_	-	_	_	_			_
	-	<b>— 561,500</b>	<u>.</u> .		—1,161,700			-1,161,700	-	_
	• •	88,665,900	-		22,667,200			88,221,300		
R	EVISED ES	TIMATE, 189	01-92	В	DGET EST	IMATE, 18	92-93.	-		
India.	England.	Exchange.	TOTAL	India.	England.	Exchange	TOTAL.	-		
Rx. 1,530,300 708,600	£. 870,000 . 8,200	,Rx. 379,300 3,600	Rs. 2,779,600 720,400	R#. 1,412,000 544,500	£. 1,382,000 3,700	Rx. 691,000 1,800	Rx. 3,485,000 550,000		•	

1,385,700

692,800

4,035,000

3,500,000

1,956,500

382,900

878,200

#### C.-STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS

·	ACCO	OUNTS, 18	90-91.	REVISEI	ESTIMAT	r <b>E</b> , 1891–92.	BUDGET	ESTIMATI	3. 1892–93.
	India.	England.	TOTAL.	India.	England.	TOTAL.	India.	England.	Total.
	1	!		<del>                                     </del>		-			AUIAL.
REVENUE (from Statement A.) -	Rx. 85,221,551	£. 392,009	85,613,560	<i>Rx</i> . 88,219,400	£. 255,200	88,474,600	Rx. ~	£. 200,900	88,267,500
· Exchange added to Revenue -	128,089	`	128,089	111,300		111,300	100,400	200,300	100,400
· Excusing andea to rectain	- 220,000	,		,		111,000	100,400		100,400
						Į.			
	07.040.040		1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						
Total	85,349,640	392,009	85,741,649	88,330,700	255,200	88,585,900	88,167,100	200,800	88,367,900
PERMANENT DEST INCURRED:			]-						
Sterling Debt:		E 400 000			4 600 000		-	1 200 200	
3 per Cent. Stock		5,400,000	]	]	4,600,000			1,800,000	
Debentures and Debenture Stock.	-	1,495,000	,		_		-	-	<del></del>
		-					1	-	
Rupee Debt :		,							:
4 per Cent. Rupes Loan -	75		_	_ `	_	_	_	_	·
Loan from Rampur State -				1			250,000		_
		-							
		• ,		<u> </u>	- ·				,
		*						,	
									-
· .				<b>)</b>			]	].	
		,		·					-
		-							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Total Net	75	6,895,000	6,895,075		4,600,000	4,600,000	250,000	1,800,000	2,050,000 127,700
Met			6,293,714			3,043,900			121,100
UNFUNDED DEBT:		J				-			-
Treasury Notes	1,500	-		2,000		<u> </u>			_
Deposits of Service Funds -	129,593			131,400			132,900	_ `	<b>-</b> .
Savings Bank Deposits	3,482,396	- `-	-	3,776,900			3,775,200		-
Total	3,613,489		3,613,489	3,910,300		3,910,300	3,908,100		3,908,100
Net			595,430			905,700		-	869,000
DEPOSITS AND ADVANCES:	.			[			l		
Balances of Provincial Allotinenta Appropriation for reduction of Debt.	169,981 520,029			100,000 802,800	<u> </u>	\	= .	_	=.
Excluded Local Funds Political and Railway Funds -	701,017 241,584			705,100 220,000			680,100 319,800	=	_
Deposits of Sinking Funds - Departmental and Judicial De-	15,004,381	<b>L</b> '	] -	15,566,200			9,000	=	=
posits.	16,306,555	3,784		7,366,100	3,300		8,961,300	6,200	`
Suspense Accounts Exchange on Remittance Ac-	166,073 168,615			47,700 737,800			42,000 459,200	=	
counts (net).  Miscellaneous	655,673			107,800	2,000		61,000	_	_
Total	33,933,908	3,784	33,937,692		5,300	25,758,300	25,140,600	6,200	25,146,800
Net			1,051,693			958,100	_	-	-
Carried forward	122,897,112	7,290,793		117,994,000	4,860,500	1	117,465,800	2,007,000	_
	I	,		I	) ;	}			1

### of the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, in INDIA and in ENGLAND.

	,	<u> </u>					<del></del>			
	ACC	OUNTS, 189	90-91.	REVISED	ESTIMAT:	B, 1891–92.	BUDGET	ESTIMAT	B, 1892–93.	
	India.	England.	TOTAL.	India.	England.	TOTAL.	India.	England.	TOTAL.	
	Rs.	£.	-	Rx.	£.		Rx.	£.		
EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL and PROVINCIAL (from Statement B.).			77,164,961	65,873,700		82,067,100	65,457,400	15,950,400	81,407,800	
Exchange, charged as Expenditure	5,087,144	l	5,087,144	7,060,300		7,060,300	7,975,200		7,975,200	
Add,—Provincial Surpluses,	169,981		169,961	100,000		100,000	- `	_	_	
transferred to "Deposits."  Deduct,—Provincial Deficits, charged against "Deposits."	-368,608		\$68,608	<b>561,500</b>		—561,500	-1,161,700		_1,161,700	
Total	66,484,603	15,568,875	82,053,478	72,472,500	16,193,400	88,665,900	72,270,900	15,950,400	88,221,300	
Expenditure not Charged	<del></del>						-	lau I		
TO REVENUE. Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works.	1,993,188	1,079,663		2,238,900	878,200		1,956,500	1,385,700	_	
Capital Charge involved in		4,692,557	<b>–</b> .		-			_".	10 tags	
Redemption of Liabilities.  Add,—Exchange on Expenditure not charged to	952,781			382,900			692,800	_	-	
Revenue.	D 007 000	E 770 000	0.050.000	2,621,800	878,200				4,035,000	
10tat/ - • - ·	2,285,969	5,772,220	8,058,189	2,021,000	1 676,200	3,500,000	2,649,300	1,385,700	, 4,000,000	
PERMANENT DEBT DISCHARGED:										
Sterling Debt:										
India 5 per Cent. Stock - India 4 per Cent. Stock -	l : :	1,306 84,670			2,500	-	1. <u>É</u>	_	= :	
India 31 per Cent. Debentures Oudh and Robilkund Railway		500,000		-	1,386,000 31,000	] = _	<u> </u>	1,770,900	-	
Debentures. South Indian Railway Debentures.					86,100			150,000	-	
Rupes Debt :					1			**		
51 per Cent. Loans	200	_	_		_		_			
5 per Cent. Loans	470 3,876		. –	2,200	_ ¬ _		1,000	l <u>-</u>	·	
4 per Cent. Loans Provincial Debentures	671 9,710	•		43,700 4,500	<u> </u>		500 500	= .	· =-	
Stock Notes	458 15,385	585,976	001 001	100	1 505 600			1	1 000 00m	
Total Net			601,361	50,500	1,505,600	1,556,100	2,000	1,920,300	1,922,300	
بسيه المحادث المحادث		<u>'                                    </u>		<u></u>	<u> </u>		<del></del>	<del></del>		
UNFUNDED DEET:				6 70.	5 5 4 7	155.1 sy	<b>;</b>	}		
Special Loans	809	•	•	100			100	-	-	
Treasury Notes • Deposits of Service Funds -	2,800			1,000		_			_	
Savings Bank Deposits	85,674 2,928,776			88,500 2,915,000			88,500 <b>2,950,500</b>			
- ,	<u> </u>		0.070.050						0.000.00	
Total Net	3,018,059		3,018,059	3,004,600 		3,004,600	3,039,100		3,039,100 0	
Dancers and American						laren iz		<del>i</del>	1	
DEPOSITS AND ADVANCES: Balances of Provincial Allotments	368,608			561,500			7.765.800			
	1		-		•	<b>1</b>	1,161,700	-	-	
Excluded Local Funds	731,118	-	•	691,200	-		690,200	-	_	
Political and Railway Funds	231,040		1	330,400	]	•	305,100		_	
Departmental and Judicial De- posits.	15,009,541			15,523,900		• • • • •	14,610,400	-	_	
Advances	16,311,952	7,498	-	7,391,200	3,000		8,941,400	1,100	_	
Suspense Accounts	166,862		• •	83,900		- "	41,400	<b>—</b> .	_	
Miscellaneous	59,369	11		214,400	700	-	194,700	500	-	
Total	32,878,490	7,509	32,885,999	24,796,500	3,700	24,800,200	25,944,900	1,600	25,946 <b>,500</b>	
Net			0	J _ ^ _		0			799,700	
1165 2 3 3		<u> </u>						<u> </u>	1.00,100	

#### C .- STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS

	ACC	OUNTS, 189	0-91.	REVISED	ESTIMATI	3, 1891–92.	BUDGET	estimati	E, 1892–93.
	· India.	England.	TOTAL.	India.	England.	Toral.	India.	England.	TOTAL.
Brought forward	Rx. 122,897,112	£. 7,200,793		Rx. 117,994,000	£. 4,860,500		Rx. 117,465,800	£. 2,007,000	1
Loans to Native States and Presidency Corporations, &c.	87,933	- ;	87,933 0	114,200		114,200 - 0	98,200		98,200 <b>0</b>
Losns and Advances by Provincial Governments.	235,331		235,331 0	243,900		243,900 0	230,200		230,200 0
Net Capital Receipts from Railway			-	<u> </u>	<u>  • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</u>				U
Companies: On account of Subscribed Capital.		86,400	• •	195,800	979,700		160,000	1,788,200	<del>-</del>
Repayments	1,321,709	5,693	<i>-</i>	1,184,800	8,000		1,110,600		<del></del>
Total	1,341,709	92,093	1,433,802	1,380,600	987,700	2,368,300	1,270,600	1,788,200	3,058,800
Net Remittances:		-	0		•	_ 0		-	0.
Inland Money Orders - Other Departmental Accounts Not Receipts by Civil Treasuries	16,484,723 260,656		-	17,600,000 689,600			19,300,000 654,000		· =
Post Office	617,192 3,575,421			745,900 26,500 3,716,700 132,600			805,400 — 3,379,100	- - -	=
et Receipts from Civil Treasuries by— Telegraph	51,550						5,500	_	
Marine Military	209,710 - 13,816,919 477.068		•	237,500 14,157,000 422,700		-	267,000 13,718,600 810,400		=
emittance Account between England and India.	862,388			1,085,000	187,700	•	1,938,100	125,000	
Total	36,355,627	199,565	36,555,192	38,813,500	187,700	39,001,200	40,278,100	125,000	40,403,10
Net	-		0			546,700		<u>                                     </u>	0
ecretary of State's Bills Drawn.		15,969,034	15,969,034		16,200,000	16,200,000		17,000,000	17,000,00
TOTAL RECEIPTS	160,917,712	23,551,485	<b>-</b>	158,546,200	22,235,900		159,342,900	20,920,200	_
Opening Balance	14,748,821	5,402,873		17,876,244	3,835,050		16,750,044	3,261,050	_
GRAND TOTAL	175,666,533	28,954,358		176,422,444	26,070,950	` <b>-</b>	176,092,944	24,181,250	. —

Fort William, Finance and Commerce Department, 18 March 1892. C. R. C. Kiernander,
Deputy Comptroller General.

#### D.—ACCOUNT of Provincial and Local Savings charged to Revenue, and held

PROVINCIAL AND

Note.—These Balances do not include the Balances

	India.	Central Provinces.	Burma.	Assam.
ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.*  Balance at end of 1889-90 Added in 1890-91 Spent in 1890-91	Rx. 12,579 483	Rx. 297,429 32,166	- Rx. 278,102 117,411	Rr. 124,706 - 2,547
Balance at end of 1890-91	13,062	265,263	395,513	122,159
REVISED ESTIMATE, 1891-92.  Balance at end of 1890-91 (by Accounts)  Added in 1891-92  Spent in 1891-92  Balance at end of 1891-92	13,062	265,269 16,900  281,563	395,513 (a) 71,300 (b) 2,400 464,413	122,159 12,400  134,559
BUDGET ESTIMATE, 1892-93.  Balance at end of 1891-92 (by Revised Estimate).  Spent in 1892-93 Balance at end of 1892-93	13,062 2,000 11,062	281,563 73,600 207,963	464,413 165,200 299,213	134,559 52,200 82,359

<sup>\*</sup> See Appropriation Report, Abstract D.

(a) Lower Burma.

(b) Upper Burma.

Fort William, Finance and Commerce Department, 18 March 1892.

C. R. C. Kiernander,
Deputy Comptroller General.

the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, in INDIA and in ENGLAND-continued.

	ACC	OUNTS, 18	90-91.	REVISE	D ESTIMA	TE, 1891-92.	BUDGET	' ESTIMAT	B, 1892-93.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	India	England.	TOTAL	India.	England.	TOTAL	India.	England.	TOTAL
Brought forward	Rx. 104,682,506	£. 21,934,580		Rr. 102,945,900	£. 18,580,900		Rz. 103,906,200	£. 19,258,000	_
ans to Native States and	544,301		544,301	578,200		<b>578,200</b> .	277,000		277,000
Presidency Corporations, &c. Net			456,368			464,000			178,800
as and Advances by Provincial	511,023		511,023	715,200		715,200	662,900		662,900
lovernments.			275,692			471,300			432,700
nents to Railway Companies n Capital Account: For discharge of Debentures For Expenditure	1,829,580	898,100 1,360,338		1,166,400	2,024,900 1,101,500		1,679,100	138,200 1,292,100	- =
Total	1,829,580	2,258,438	4,088,018	1,168,400	ı ' '—	4,292,800	1,679,100		3,109,400
Nei	[		2,654,216	-		1,924.500			50,600
nittances: uland Money Orders - ther Local Remittances - ther Departmental Accounts Payments into Civil Trea-	16,485,629 33,310 258,084			17,600,000 689,600			19,300,000 654,000	· <u>=</u>	
ries by— Post Office Telegraph Guaranteed Railwnys Issues from Civil Treasuries	617,194 3,572,992	= =		745,900 26,500 3,716,700	-		805,400 9,379,100	= =	
Marine Military	49,473 210,771 13,816,919 546,225 160,583	926,290		237,500 14,157,000 178,700	1,102,600		5,500 267,000 13,718,600 810,400 162,400		1 1 1 1
Total	35,751,180	926,290	36,677,470	37,351,900	1,102,600	38,454,500	39,102,400	1,316,800	40,419,200
Net	-		122,278			0	)		16,100
RETARY OF STATE'S BILLS	14,471,699		14,471,699	16,914,800	-	16,914,800	17,166,500		17,166,500
AL DISBURSEMENTS -	157,790,289	25,119,308		159,672,400			162,794,100		
Closing Balance	17,876,244	3,835,050		16,750,044	3,261,050	4	13,298,844	2,176,150	<u> </u>
GRAND TOTAL	175,666,533	28,954,358		176,422,444	26,070,950	••	176,092,944	24,181,250	-

tephen Jacob, Comptroller General.

Secretary to the Government of India.

he disposal of Provincial Governments under their Provincial Contracts.

#### CAL BALANCES.

eposits and Advances upon Local Fund Accounts.

Bengal.	North Western Provinces and Oudh.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Тотаь
Rx. 590,574	Rx. 561,046	<i>R±.</i> 449,168 <b>34,</b> 337	Rs. 1,403,797	Rx. 906,064	Rx. 4,623,465 169,981
153,877	17,750		94,821	85,197	368,608
436,697	578,796	483,505	1,308,976	820,867	4,424,838
36,697	578,796	483,505	1,908,976	820,867	4,424,838 100,000
83,400	3,400	12,600	387,600	<b>72,100</b>	561,500
53,297	575.396	470,905	921,376	748,767	3,963,338
53,297	575,396	470,905	921,376	748,767	3,963,338
73,200	76,500	121,200	406,700	191,100	1,161,700
80,097	498,896	349,705	514,676	557,667	2,801,638

ephen Jacob,
Comptroller General.

J. F. Finlay, Secretary to the Government of India.

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### E .- STATEMENT of NET REVENUE and Expenditure .- England and India. -

#### NET REVENUE. - - -

		91.			
	Gross Revenue.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Total, after deducting Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges in respect of Collection.	Net Revenue.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rs.	Rx.	Rx.
Land Revenue	24,045,209	49,982	23,995,227	3,676,596	20,318,631
Opium	7,879,182	1	7,879,181	2,180,797	5,698,384
Salt	8,523,368	35,660	8,487,708	429,013	8,058,695
Stamps	4,068,969	46,471	4,022,498	130,019	3,892,479
Excise	4,947,780	30,450	4,917,330	175,053	4,742,277
Provincial Rates	3,491,240	4,257	3,486,983	54,040	3,432,943
Customs	1,743,218	46,178	1,697,040	134,652	1,562,388
Assessed Taxes	1,617,396	16,525	1,600,871	29,246	1,571,625
Porest	1,448,002	5,309	1,442,693	784,113	658,580
Registration	365,449	830	364,619	196,731	167,888
Tributes from Native States	760,421		760,421	<u>.</u> -	760,421
	58,890,234	235,663	58,654,571	7,790,260	50,864,311
Deduct,—Assignments and Compensations					1,510,092
TOTAL NET REVENUE				• •	49,354,219

### . NET EXPENDITURE.

		ACCOUNTS, 1890-91.	
	Gross Expenditure	Receipts.	Net Expenditure.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Interest	4,195,304	931,050	3,264,254
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint	2,282,612	2,537,689	255,077
Civil Departments	13,386,261	1,612,069	11,774,192
Miscellaneous Civil Charges	4,678,516	927,127	3,751,389
Famine Relief and Insurance	600,000		600,000
Construction of Railways (charged against Revenue in	4,812	-	<b> 4,</b> 812
addition to that under Famine Insurance), Railway Revenue Account	17,923,269	17,235,978	687,291
Irrigation	2,742,128	2,172,578	569,550
Buildings and Roads	5,730,907	649,289	5,081,618
Army Services	20,690,068	785,635_	19,904,433
Special Defence Works			491,837
	72,716,090	26,851,415	45,864,675
Provincial and Local Surpluses and Deficits	+ 169,981 - 368,608		<b>— 198,627</b>
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURE			45,666,048
Surplus (+) or deficit (-) -	-		+ 3,688,171
,		-	49,854,219

#### - E .- STATEMENT of NET REVENUE and EXPENDITURE .- ENGLAND and INDIA.

#### - - - NET REVENUE.

	REVISED ESTIMATE, 1891-92.				٠.	BUDGET	ESTIMATE	, 1892–93.	• /
Gross Revenue.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Total, after deducting Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges in respect of Collection.	Net Revenue.	Gross Revenue.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Total, after deducting Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges in respect of Collection.	- Net Revenue.
Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
23,880,500	66,100	23,814,400	3,833,200	19,981,200	24,675,500	47,200	24,628,300	4,031,000	20,597,300
8,026,100		8,026,100	1,886,200	6,139,900	7,634,600	100	7,634,500	2,234,800	5,399,700
8,620,700	37,000	8,583,700	459,600	8,124,100	8,544,700	39,800	8,504,900	497,500	8,007,400
4,226,900	47,400	4,179,500	136,100	4,043,400	4,229,600	47,000	4,182,600	140,900	4,041,700
5,096,800	31,400	5,065,400	188,900	<b>4,876,</b> 500	5,102,400	30,600	5,071,800	206,100	4,865,700
3,476,500	4,500	3,472,000	56,800	3,415,200	3,623,100	5,300	3,617,800	- 59,500	3,558,300
1,687,000	42,700	1,644,300	137,200	1,507,100	1,691,800	55,000	1,636,800	142,300	1,494,500
1,644,600	14,300	1,630,300	29,700	1,600,600	1,645,200	14,200	1,631,000	31,800	1,599,200
1,497,800	5,300	1,492,500	879,800	612,700	1,567,200	2,400	1,564,800	970,500	594,300
390,400	1,500	388,900	206,400	182,500	392,200	1,100	391,100	213,800	177,300
778,900		778,900		778,900	762,100		762,100	-	762,100
59,326,200	250,200	59,076,000	7,813,900	51,262,100	59,868,400	242,700	59,625,700	8,528,200	<b>\$1,097,500</b>
• -				1,535,200	-			:	1,515,700
				49,726,900			-		49,581,800

#### NET EXPENDITURE.

REVI	SED ESTIMATE, 18	91-92.	BUD	GET ESTIMATE, 189	92-93,
Gross Expenditure.	Receipts.	Net Expenditure.	Gross Expenditure.	Receipts.	Net Expenditure.
Rs.	Rx.	Rx.	Rz.	Rx.	Rx.
4,334,000	882,500	3,451,500	3,977,100	911,000	3,066,100
2,440,500	2,545,400	<b>— 104,900</b>	2,547,900	2,618,000	<b>—70,100</b>
13,863,600	1,643,600	12,220,000	14,132,500	1,615,800	12,516,700
5,045,000	891,100	4,153,900	5,170,900	959,900	4,211,000
1,209,900		1,209,900	1,206,700		1,206,700
182,600	• • •	182,600	301,500		301,500
20,183,700	19,654,900	528,800	20,407,200	18,832,700	1,574,500
2,963,200	2,249,600	713,600	. 2,919,500	2,216,700	702,800
6,248,700	615,700	5,633,000	5,920,100	606,400	5,313,700
22,506,900	776,900	21,730,000	21,898,500	739,000	21,159,500
550,000		550,000	614,500		614,500
79,528,100	29,259,700	50,268,400	79,096,400	28,499,500	50,596,900
+ 100,000 561,500 }		<b>— 4</b> 61,500	1,161,700		-1,161,700
		49,806,900			49,435,200
		80,000			+ 146,600
		49,726,900			49,581,800

Stephen Jacob, Comptroller General. J. F. Finlay, Secretary to the Government of India. - (62)

#### APPENDIX II.

#### (No. 1142.)

Government of India.—Finance and Commerce Department.

#### ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.—Provincial Finances.

#### RESOLUTION.

#### Calcutta, 17th March 1892.

Read the following Resolutions and letters of the Government of India in the Finance Department:—

No. 458, dated 28th January 1887.
" 1124, " 4th March 1887.
" 1596, " 30th March 1887.
,, 5228, ,, 30th September 1887.
,, 5703, ,, 25th October 1887.
,, 2848, ,, 30th May 1888.
" 5785, " 12th December 1890.

Resolution,—In supersession of the orders read in the preamble and all other existing orders on the subject, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to lay down, with effect from 1st April 1892, the following rules and conditions regulating the administration by Local Governments of Provincial Revenues and Expenditure.

- 2. The powers vested in Local Governments by this Resolution are subject to the general supervision and control of the Government of India; and His Excellency the Governor General in Council expressly reserves the right of issuing instructions to Local Governments on general or particular matters affecting the transferred revenues and services, when such interference with the discretion ordinarily vested in them seems to him expedient.
- 3. Subject to the limitations hereinafter stated, Local Governments exercise, in respect of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure, all the powers exercised, before the introduction of the system of Provincial Finance, by the Government of India. In the case of Revenue and Expenditure classified under heads which are divided between Imperial and Provincial in fixed proportions, those powers are exercised by Local Governments in respect of the Imperial portion also. The powers vested in Local Governments as above are necessarily limited to the powers possessed by the Government of India. In all very important matters and in certain minor matters, the orders of the Secretary of State are required; and, although some of the limitations, rendered necessary by this restriction on the powers of the Government of India are included in the subsequent paragraphs of this Resolution, it should be understood that all orders, which are now in force, or which may be hereafter issued, which have the effect of requiring the sanction of the Secretary of State in connection with any matter affecting the Revenue or Expenditure, necessarily prevent the Local Governments from issuing, without a reference to the Government of India, final orders in regard to such matter.
  - 4. Without the previous sanction of the Government of India-
    - (1) No additional taxation may be imposed, and no change is made in any existing system of revenue management;
    - (2) No new general service or duty may be undertaken: whenever a Local Government proposes to undertake any such new service or duty it must satisfy the Government of India that it can provide the funds for it, temporarily if the service of duty is temporary, and permanently if it is permanent;
    - (3) No appointment may be created with a pay of more than Rs. 250 a month; and no addition may be made to the pay and allowances of any officer if they exceed, or would, after the addition, exceed Rs. 250 a month;
    - (4) No appointment of which the pay and allowances are more than Rs. 250 a month may be abolished; and the pay and allowances of no such appointment may be reduced;
    - (5) No class or grade of officers may be created or abolished; and the pay of no class or grade of officers may be raised or reduced;

- (6) The rates of discount upon the retail of stamps and court-fees labels must not , be altered;
- (7) The rates of duty on spirits and drugs should not be altered in any case in which the alteration is likely to affect the excise arrangements of neighbouring provinces; and in particular, the sanction of the Governor General in Council must be obtained to any alteration in the rates of duty in any district which borders on another province.
- (8) No addition may be made to the pay or allowances of any individual officer, or class of officers, that may lead to increase in the emoluments of any public servants doing duty in the same province, whose pay and allowances are not charged under one of the transferred heads of service. The Government of India reserves the right to forbid alterations in rates of pay or allowances, which, in its opinion, would produce inconvenience in other provinces.
- (9.) No money may be removed from the public treasury for investment or deposit elsewhere; the Government of India, which is responsible for the provision of ways and means for the public service in all departments, must always retain as at present in its own hands, absolute and unconditional control over all money in the public treasury; a Local Government may not withdraw such money, except for expenditure upon the public service. This order applies to local fund balances as much as to provincial funds. The principle is that no funds contributed from the public revenues or raised by general taxation, such as the district cess funds, and the like, shall be invested without the consent of the Government of India; these orders do not apply to municipal or port funds nor to trust or endowment funds of any kind.
- (10.) No alteration must be made in the form or procedure of the public accounts; in particular Local Governments may not issue orders directing the division of a charge between two or more heads of account; the Comptroller General ordinarily decides the proper classification of an item on the accounts;
- (11.) No services previously rendered to other departments at the charge of the departments made over to the control of the Local Governments may be diminished, and no services previously rendered to these departments at the charge of other departments may be increased.
- (12.) No line of through communication may be abandoned, or allowed to fall out of repair;
- 5. The Provincial Revenues and Expenditure consist of the Revenue and Expenditure recorded, under the heads made Provincial, on the books of the Account Officers of the Province. Inter-Provincial adjustments are forbidden.
- 6. Local Governments are required to maintain balances of the following minimum amounts:—

•		Rs.	1	Rs.
Central Provinces	<u>-</u>	- 8,00,000	N.W., Provinces and Oudh	20,00,000
Lower Burma -	-	- 6,00,000		10,00,000
Assam	-	- 5,00,000	Madras	20,00,000
Bengal	·- \	- 20,00,000	Bombay	20,00,000

A Local Government should not, without the previous sanction of the Government of India, propose any estimates or allow any transactions which involve the reduction of the Provincial balance below the prescribed minimum. Accountants General are required to make a report to the Local Government and to the Government of India when it appears to them that there is any likelihood of the balance being reduced below the minimum.

- 7. Local Governments may sanction loans and advances under the orders contained in Resolutions Nos. 13 and 14, dated 1st January 1889, and Nos. 417 and 419, dated 24th January 1890, but may not, without the special sanction of the Government of India, sanction any other loans of public money.
- 8. When any Local Government proposes to provide in the estimates for Provincial Expenditure largely in excess of the Provincial Revenue of the year, that is, when it is proposed to incur considerable expenditure out of accumulated balances, the proposals should be forwarded to the Government of India for separate consideration in advance of the estimates.
- 9. It is a general condition, precedent to the delegation of all authority to disburse public money, that it shall be bond fide for a public object; nothing must be carried out by means of the public funds for the advantage of any individual or body of private persons, unless in accordance with some declared or established rule or principle recognized by the Government of India. It is the duty of every Audit officer, at all

times, to challenge any infringement of this principle; and every Local Government must submit, for the orders of the Government of India, any representation made to it by any audit officer in accordance with this rule which it does not promptly accept.

- 10. All standing orders and rules of the Supreme Government are to be observed, including, in particular, the rules in the Civil Service Regulations, the Code of the Public Works Department, and the Civil Account Code.
- 11. Local Governments must exercise the powers vested in them by this Resolution, subject to the ordinary rules of the Budget system. The most important of those rules which affect the exercise of the powers conferred by this Resolution, are,-
  - (a) A Local Government cannot sanction any expenditure during a year which will involve an excess over the Budget grant for the year for any Provincial Major head, without effecting re-appropriation, that is, without reducing by the amount of the excess the sanctioned grant under some other Provincial or Local Major head under its control.
  - (b) A Local Government cannot sanction any expenditure which will involve an excess over the Budget grant for the year under a head which is divided in a fixed proportion between Imperial and Provincial, unless it can effect re-appropriation (for the Imperial and Provincial portions of the excess respectively) from Imperial and Provincial or Local heads under its control.
  - (c) A Local Government is required to keep the total Provincial expenditure under all heads within the total Budget grant of the year for that expenditure, unless-
  - (1) It effects re-appropriation from the grants for Local expenditure under its control; or
  - (2) It has obtained the sanction of the Government of India to a supplementary grant.

Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the several Local Governments and Administrations; to all Departments of the Government of India; to the Agent \* Except Comptrollers, Hyderabad and Post Office. to the Governor General, Baluchistan; to the Comptroller and Comptrollers, Auditor General; and to the several Accountants General and Comptrollers\* for information.

Ordered also, that this Resolution be published in the "Gazette of India."

J. F. Finlay, Secretary to the Government of India.

(No. 1146.),

Government of India.—Finance and Commerce Department.

Accounts and Finance.—Provincial Finances.

RESOLUTION.—Calcutta, 17th March 1892.

Letter from the the Government of India, to the Government of Bengal, No. 3752, dated 7th September 1891.

Letter from the Government of Bengal, to the Government of India, No. 5526, dated 26th December 1891.

Resolution.—The letters read in the preamble contain the correspondence regarding the revision, with effect from 1st April next, of the Contract relating to the Provincial Revenue and Expenditure of Bengal. The word "Contract," though open to some objection, is used for the sake of convenience, to describe the arrangements made with the Local Governments, under which the Government of India, in order to secure more efficient administration, delegates to Local Governments, for a time and under conditions, some of its powers in respect of certain Revenue and Expenditure.

2. After considering that correspondence in the light of the Revised Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1891-92, and of the general financial position, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the terms of the Contract relating to the Provincial Revenue and Expenditure of Bengal for the five years commencing 1st April 1892 shall be as follow:

All revenue which is classified in the accounts under the heads named in Column 2 of the Schedule annexed to this Resolution will be Provincial in the proportion stated in Column 3, and all expenditure which is classified in the accounts under the heads named in Column 5 of the Schedule will be Provincial in the proportion stated in Column 6.

From the Provincial Revenues, as just stated, a deduction of Rs. 14,39,000 will be made through the Land Revenue head.

- 3. It has been considered convenient to collect and republish the general rules relating to the powers of Local Governments under the scheme of Provincial finance, with modifications up to date; and this has been done in Resolution No. 1142 of this date, applicable to all Provinces.
- 4. The main terms constituting the Contract are those stated in paragraph 2 and in the Resolution quoted in paragraph 3. The modifications of them, which will apply to Bengal, are the following:—
  - (1) If any considerable charge of an exceptional nature, which ought ordinarily to be borne by one Province, is paid in another Province, the question of a corresponding adjustment between the two Provinces will be specially dealt with. This provision has been rendered necessary by the decision to stop inter-provincial adjustments as a matter of ordinary course;
  - (2) The Government of Bengal will not exercise any administrative or financial powers in regard to the railways of which the receipts and expenditure are shared between Imperial and Provincial;
  - (3) The capital expenditure on the Hidgellee Canal, required to complete the work, will be advanced from Imperial funds, in the manner and on the conditions stated in Letter No. 52 I., dated 7th March 1889, from the Government of India, in the Public Works Department;
  - (4) If the recoveries on account of the Survey and Settlement Operations in Behar fall short of the expenditure which is recoverable from the zemindars and ryots, the difference will be charged to Provincial Revenues.
- 5. The Contract is a consolidated one, of which all the conditions are stated in this Resolution and that referred to in paragraph 3; and it is not a collection of separate contracts for each Provincial Head. His Excellency the Governor General in Council has therefore deemed it inexpedient, in declaring the terms of the Contract as finally settled, to state separate amounts for each head of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure. The representations made by the Government of Bengal regarding each separate head have received careful consideration, and the adjusting figure of Rs. 14,39,000 has been fixed so as to place the Revenue and Expenditure in equilibrium on the basis generally of the existing stage of growth; the Local Government will be expected to maintain all the Provincial Services in a state of administrative efficiency, providing any increased expenditure necessary for that purpose either from savings in expenditure, to be secured by economical administration, or from increases in revenue. The Local Government is not entitled to assistance from Imperial Revenues to meet future increases of expenditure or decreases of revenues of whatever nature classified under Provincial Heads.
- 6. The opportunity of the revision of the Contract has been taken to introduce certain changes affecting the amounts charged to Provincial Heads of Expenditure, chiefly in the direction of correcting errors of classification under the Heads of Account. These will be stated in a letter to be addressed to the Government of Bengal, replying to the letter quoted in the preamble. They have been taken into consideration in settling the adjusting figure fixed in paragraph 2.

Order.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the Home, Revenue and Agriculture, and Public Works Departments; to the Government of Bengal; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to the Accountant General, Bengal.

J. F. Finlay, Secretary to the Government of India.

#### BENGAL.

#### Schedule.

	<u> </u>	Scne	i	~	
` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	REVENUE.			EXPENDITURE.	
l.	2.	3.	. 4	5.	6.
Major Heads.	Minor Heads.	Provincial Share.	Major Heads.	Minor Heads.	Provincial Share.
I.—Iand Revenue	12 per cent, on collections from Government estates. All other Minor Heads, except "Recoveries from Zemindars and Ryots on account of Sur-	The whole.	1.—Refunds	The heads of which the corresponding receipts are wholly or partially Provincial.	The same share as in the case of the cor- responding heads of receipt. The whole.
	vey and Settlement operations in Behar."		Compensations. 3.—Land Revenue -	All except "Survey and Settle- ment."	The whole.
III.—šalt }	"Rents of Warehouses" "Fines and Forfeitures" "Miscellaneous"	The whole.	5.—Salt 6.—Stamps	All	The whole. Three-fourths.
IV.—Stamps	AU	Three-fourths.	7.—Excise 8.—Provincial Rates -	All	One-fourth. The whole.
V.—Excise	A11	One-fourth.	9.— Customs 10.—Assessed Taxes -	All	The whole. One-half.
VI.—Provincial Rates	All "Sea Customs—Miscellaneous"	The whole.	11.—Forest 13.—Registration -	All	One-half.
VII.—Customs	"Warehouse and Wharf Rent" "Miscellaneous"	The whole.	13.—Interest	"Interest on Provincial Advance and Loan Accounts."	The whole.
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	An	One-half.	18.—General Adminis- tration.	"Civil Offices of Account and Audit."	The charges of the Examiner of Local Accounts and his es-
IX.—Forest	A11	One-half.		All other Minor Heads, except "Allowance to Presidency	tablishment. The whole.
X.—Registration -	All	One-half.	19 A.—Law and Justice —Courts of Law	Banks."	The whole.
· · ·	palities and other public bodies (excluding Presidency Corpo- rations)."		19 B.—Law and Justice —Jails. 20.—Police	All	The whole.
XII.—Interest	"Interest on loans to land- holders and other notabilities." "Interest on advances to culti-	The whole.	21.— Marine 22.—Education	All	The whole. The whole.
AII.—Interess -	vators." "Interest on advances under special laws."	Ine whole.	24.—Medical 25.—Political	All	The whole.
	"Interest on Government Se- curities." "Miscellaneous"	Items classified as Pro-		ers" and "Special Political Expendi-	
XVI. A.—Law and Justice —Courts of Law.	All	vincial in 1891–92. The whole.	-(	ture." "Veterinary Charges"	The whole, except the pay and allowances
XVI. B.—Law and Justice —Jails.	A11	The whole.			of officers on the cadre of the Civil Veterinary Depart-
XVII.—Police	AII	The whole.	26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments.	All other Minor Heads, except— "Census"	ment.
XVIII.—Marine	An	The whole.		and "Preservation and Translation of Ancient Manuscripts."	
XIX.—Education -	A11	The whole.	29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions.	"Superannuation and Retired Allowances." "Covenanted Civil Service Pen-	Li
XX—Medical	All	The whole.		sions," "Compassionate Allowances" -	The whole.
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor	A11	The whole.	30.—Stationery and	"Gratuities" "Refunds" "All, except "Stationery pur-	The whole.
Departments.  XXII.—Receipts in aid  of superannus.	"Contributions for pensions and gratuities."	)	Printing. 32.—Miscellaneous	chased for Central Stores. <sup>6</sup> Extraordinary items	Items not in excess of R 10,000.
tion, retired, and compas- sionate allow-	"Family subscriptions of Native Members of the Covenanted Civil Service."	The whole.		All other Minor Heads, except— "Charges for Remittance of Treasure,"	The whole.
ances( XXIII—Stationery and	Miscellaneous	The whole, except re- ceipts for the value	33.—Famine Relief -	"Discount on Bills," and "Loss by Exchange." "Famine Relief Charges"	The whole,
Printing.		of supplies from Cen- tral Stores to rail-	38.—State Railways	Working Expenses, Eastern Ben- gal Bailway system.	One-half.
		ways, and to Local Funds, Municipali- ties, and other inde- pendent bodies.			The whole, except in cases in which the outlay is specially
(	"Extraordinary items"	Items not in excess of Rs. 10.000.	37.—Construction of Railways.	<b>A</b> 11 1	outlay is specially incurred from Im- perial Punds. But Provincial expendi-
VVV VI.	All other Minor Heads, except— "Gain by Exchange," "Premia on Bills,"	The whole.	40.—Subsidised Com- panies.		ture under these heads is permitted only under the special orders of
XXV.—Miscellaneous -	"Unclaimed Bills of Ex- change," and "Recovery of Insurance		41.—Miscellaneous Rail- way Expenditure.	"Surveys"	the Government of India in regard to-
{	and other charges on English Stores."		42.—Irrigation—Major Works.	"Working Expenses"	The whole.
XXVI.—State Railways	Traffic earnings, Eastern Bengal Rulway system.	One-half.	43.—Minor Works and Navigation. 45.—Civil Works -	All	The whole.
XXIX.—Irrigation— Major Works.	"Direct Receipts"	The whole.	TOU TOURS	All, except the following build- ings, namely, Opium, Salt, Mint and Currency, Post Office, Te-	T NG MITOIG
Navigation.	All	The whole.	•	legraph, Government of India Offices, Central Press, Vice- regal residences, Stamp and Stationery, Office, Supressor	
XXII.—Civil Works	An	The whole.		Stationery Office, Surveyor General's Office, and the Bishop's Palace.	
Contributions	Contributions from Local -	The whole.	Contributions	Contributions to Local	The whole.

Nile.- In this Schedule the only heads considered are Imperial and Provincial heads; the Local Revenue and Expenditure are not affected by the orders in this esolution.

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#### APPENDIX III.

### COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL STATISTICS. -

#### TABLE I.—MISCELLANEOUS.

	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1
		i .	1	+
Recorded Revenue compared with the recorded Expenditure, excluding Capital Expenditure on Public Works not charged against Revenue:				
Surplus - '	Rx. 1,879,707	386,446	2,801,726	
Capital Expenditure on Public Works not charged against Revenue.	Rx. 3,574,105	4,226,613	5,275,364	١
Capital Charge involved in Redemption of Liabilities -	£. 566,261	1,314,746	1,086,045	1
Net Public Debt incurred	3,062,953	1,193,924	3,584,979	١
Net Public Debt incurred, including capital transactions with Guaranteed Railway and other Companies.	2,219,364	801,966	7,735,903	_
Value of commodities exported, excluding Gold and Silver - Value of commodities imported, excluding Gold and Silver -	Rx. 88,176,000 ,, 55,279,000	83,255,000 55,703,000	83,881,000 55,656,000	
Excess of Exports over Imports, excluding Gold and Silver -	,, 32,897,000	27,552,000	28,225,000	
Net Imports of Gold Net Imports of Silver	,, 5,463,000 ,, 6,405,000	4,672,000 7,246,000	2,763,000 11,607,000	
TOTAL Net Imports of Gold and Silver	,, 11,868,000	11,918,000	14,370,000	
Excess of Exports over Imports, including Gold and Silver - Frand Total Value of Imports and Exports of all kinds	,, 21,029,000 ,, 157,344,000	15,634,000 154,817,000	13,855,000 156,123,000	
Secretary of State's Bills sold	Rs. 21,62,15,462	17,10,22,119	13,53,25,369	
terling equivalent received	£. 17,509,805 Rx. 3,663,400 d. 51 ½ (Feb.) 2,50 ½ (May and June)	13,758,909 5,794,232 51 (April) 48 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>8</sub> (Feb.)	10,292,632 10,285,567 50 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>15</sub> (May) 46 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> (Jan.) 1 s. 6254 d.	
verage exchange upon Secretary of State's Bills sold per rupes. ixed rate of exchange for the adjustment of transactions	1s. 7:536 d. 1s. 7\d.	1 s. 7:308 d. 1 s. 71 d.	1 s. 6 254 d. 1 s. 74 d.	
between the Indian and Imperial Treasuries.	9 (Mar.)	li (April and May)	9 (May)	
of Hengal, Calcutta.	5	3 (Nov. and Dec.)	4 (From July to Jan.)	
aximum rate of discount at the Bank of England Linimum ditto ditto	4 3	5 (Nov., Pec. & Jan.) 2 (June to Sept.)	4 (Dec.) 2 (May to Nov.)	
I aximum Government Balances at the three Presidency Banks.	Rx. 5,556,700 (Aug.)	5,731,200 (Nov.)	6,486,800 (Dec. )	
linimum ditto ditto	" 3,167,100 (Jan.) i01-1 (April)	2,991,900 (May) 101–12 (June)	3,638,800 (May) 99-14 (July)	
Securities. linimum ditto ditto	94-8 (Feb.)	94-12 (March)	91-12 (May)	٤
Taximum amount outstanding on London Register of Rapee Securities enfaced for interest drafts.	Rx. 21,405,500 (May)	21,003,000 (May)	20,562,400 (April)	:
finimum di to ditto ditto laximum price in London of 4 per cent. (Rupee) Securities, in	,, 20,626,200 (Aug.) 81 (April)	20,594,300 (Frb.) 82½ (May)	19,179,300 (Jan.) 78½ (July)	1
gold.  I nimum ditto ditto	771 (Jan.) 1031 (Nov.) 1011 (June)	74 (March) 1073 (Sept.) 974 (Mar.)	71 (Jan.) 102 (Aug.) 97 (April)	1000
faximum price in London of India 3 per cent. Stock Imimum ditto ditto		961 (Sept.) 88½ (Mar.)	911 (Feb.) 85 (July)	2 20
Taximum Government Paper Currency outstanding	Rx. 14,485,700 (Oct.) ,, 12,109,100 (Jan.) 5.553 203,901	15,762,700 (Nov.) 12,342,500 (April) 5,860 243,268	15,713,500 (Oct ) 13,017,900 (April) 6,198 263,196	62 62 4 4
mount deposited in Savings Banks	R.z. 4,005,930 " 20 " 389,525	4,687,082 19 681,152	5,081,183 19 394,101	4 4

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes Capital charge involved in redemption of Liabilities.

### APPENDIX III.

### COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL STATISTICS.

### - . - TABLE I.-MISCELLANEOUS.

1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget, 1892–93.
	Ì.	<u> </u>	1	1		
		-	•			
	,-	•		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
178,427	2,028,833	37,018	2,612,033	3,688,171	80,000	146,600
5,670,484	2,784,-24	1,638,001	3,173,390	3,365,632	3,500,000	4,035,000
			0,1,0,050			
4,914,546	*	10,336,049		4,692,557		
9,727,538	5,435,799	13,487,881	5,129,018	6,293,714	3,043,900	127,700
9,043,165	4,861,672	9,456,342	3,913,426	3,639,498	1,119,400	77,100
88,470,000 61,777,000	90,544,000 - 65,005,000	97,049,000 69,440,000	109,460,000 69,197,600	100,227,000 71,975,000	_	Ξ
26,693,000	25,539,000	27,609,000	84,263,000	28,252,000		
			01,200,000			
2,177,000 7,156,000	2.992,400 9,229,000	2,814,000 9,247,900	4,615,000 10,938,000	5,636,000 14,175,000	_	=
9,333,000	12,221,000	12,061,000	15,553,000	19,811,000	. <del></del> .	
17,360,000 163,021,000	19,318,000 170,979,000	15,548,000 182,119,000	18,710,000 192,024,000	8,441,000 196,260,000	=	-
16,70,03,150	21,81,23,993	20,89,91,221	22,41,86,638	21,18,69,300	23,26,32,000	25,50,00,000
12,136,279	15,358,577	14,262,859	15,474,496	15,969,034	16,200,000	17,000,000
4.616,537	10,788,425	7,282,255	8,541,158-	13,193,473	403 (7-1-)	
47½ (Jan.) 42 (Aug.)	45 (Dec.) 43 (Mar)	4413 (Sept.) 413 (May)	44% (Jan.) 41% (May)	54§ (Sept.) 43% (April)	46§ (July) (40½ (Feb.)	
1 s. 5·441 d.	1 s. 4:899 d.	1 s. 4·379 d.	1 a. 4 566 d.	1 a. 6 089 d.	1 s. 4.713 d.	1 s. 4 d.
1 s. 6½ d.	1 e. 6 d.	1 s. 5 d.	1s. 4½ d.	1 s. 5 d.	1 s. 6½ d.	1 s. 4 gd.
8 (June, July, Feb. and March)	9 (April and May)	12 (Feb. & Mar.)	11 (Feb. and Mar.)	12 (April)	5 (Jan., Feb. and Mar.)	-
(Nov., Dec ,& Jan.)		4 (May to Sept.)	4 (June, July & Oct.)	3 (Aug. to Feb.)	2 (Aug. and Sept.)	
5 (Dec. and Jan.) 2 (April & May)	4 (Sept. to Jan.) 2 (April to Aug.)	5 (Oct. to Jan.) 2 (April & May)	6 (Jan. and Feb.) 21 (April & July)	6 (Nov.) 3 (April, May, June, Feb. and March).	5 (May) 21 (July, Aug. and Sept.)	=
4,591,600 (June)	3,595,900 (Feb.)	4,385,500 (June)	4,446,400 (March)	4,683,800 (June)	4,743,700 (June)	
3,296,500 (Sept.)	2,861,500 (Dec.)	2,791,900 (Nov.)	2,856,900 (Nov.)	2,937,300 (Oct.)	2,871,600 (Oct.)	
98-2 (Sept.)	190 (Uct.)	101-1 (Sept.)	100-10 (July)	106-6 (Jan.)	108-4 (June)	-
95 (Feb.)	95–4 (April)	96_6 (Jan.)	96–3 (Jan.)	99-7 (April)	104-10 (Feb.)	
19,710,300 (Oct.	20,816,700 (March)	21,875,200 (Oct.)	21,962,100 (Nov.).	26,724,100 (Mar.)	27,921,500 (Feb.)	_
19,56,200 (Mar.) 73½ (Nov.)	. 18,986,100 (Oct.) 70 <del>{</del> (Sept.)	20,972,200 (April) 69‡ (Sept.)	21,586,800 (March) 701 (Jan.)	21,498,800 (April) 90‡ (Aug.)	26,531,800 (Aug.) 781 (July)	=
65) (Âug.)	67 (April)	651 (May)	661 (Sept.)	70] (April)	68¦ (Feb.)	• •
102 (May) 1001 (Sept.)	108 (Mar.) 1001 (Sept.)	1082 (Mar.) 104 (Oct.)	109# (May) 106# (Dec.)	110 (Feb.) 104‡ (Nev.)	_ 108 <sup>2</sup> (April) 103 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> (June)	<del></del> . ·
90 (April)	99g (Mar.)	1001 (Feb.)	102 (Aug.)	100# (April)	97 (April)	· _
85 (Feb.) '	87‡ (April)	96 (May)	99 (April)	91\$ (Nov.)	93 (June)	. <del></del>
14,678,200 (Nov.)	18,610,300 (Nov.)	18,055,900 (July)	16,667,800 (Nov.)	27,660,300 (Jan.)	27,040,700 (July)	
13,779,400 (April)	13,903,200 (May)	14,829,800 (Feb.)	15,466,500 (Dec.)	17,419,600 (April)	22,624,200 (Jan.)	= :
6,230 289,277	6,152 332,176	6,237 383,471	6,546 431 840	6,642 -	_ `	<del>-</del>
		000,211	431,840 -	475,329	_	
5,795,249	6,675,571	7,622,544	7 522 000	0.000.00		2
20	20	20	7,531,868 18	8,062,242 17		
714,066	880,322	946,973	90,676	590,975		

#### APPENDIX III .- continued.

TABLE II.—SEA-BORNE TRADE for the YEAR. (Principal ARTICLES arranged in Order of their DECLARED VALUE.)

0.	EXPORTS.		1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-9
1	Cotton —			<u>                                     </u>		1 2000 00.	1000-8
	Raw: Quantity	Cwt. Rx.	5,432,648 13,468,429	5,374,542 14,412,842	5,331,536 15,045,648	6,320,342 18,668,404	5,913,9 16,502,7
	Average declared value Annas Pence, at average exchange Twist and Yarn:	-	As. 3 6 3.81	As. 3 10 4.05	18. 4 -	4. 4 3 4.4	As. 4
	Quantity	Lbs. Rx. Annas	91,804,244 3,336,861 As. 5 10	113,451,375 4,077,386 As, 5 9	128,906,764 5,207,100	141,949,951 5,748,732	169,275,3 6,543,3
	Other Manufactures : Value	Rx.	945,644	1,150,542	As. 6 6	As. 6 6	As. 6
	per yard Coloured, printed, or dyed - Percentage of manufactures on whole value exported -	Annas "-	As. 1 10 As. 4 7 24 13	As. 1 10 As. 4 5 26.62	As. 1 11 As. 4 7 29.76	As. 1 9 As. 4 6 26.57	As. 1 As. 4 31
	Rice and Paddy: Quantity	Cwt. Rx.	26,879,272 8,836,827	28,534,057 9,291,686	23,144,641 7,915,409	27,098,906 10,110,482	34,963,3 12,877,2
	of husked rice, per cwt. \[ Shillings, at average exchange \] Jute:	-	3 5 - 4·81	3 4 5 4 61	3 7 2 4·71	3 12 1 5·18	3 11 5
	Raw and manufactured—Value - Average declared value   Rupees of raw jute per cwt.   Shillings, at average exchange Percentage of manufactures on whole value exported -	Rx.	6.021,672 5 13 10 8:52 19:13	7,786,739 6 4 3 8·82 22·43	10,468,631 7 7 9 10·21 24·56	11,431,103 8 6 9 11.63 24.42	10,083,9 6 5 9 24
	Seeds: Quantity	Cwt.	15,866,604 9,198,560 5 15 9	16,060,400 9,385,024 5 13 8	15,569,978 9,561,756 5 15 8	15,794,742 10,627,553 6 10 -	14,798, 9,343, 6 2
	of linseed, per cwt \ Shillings, at average exchange Opium;	_ Chests	8·70 95,839	90,096	8·16 87,789	9·15 85,166	85,
	- Value	Rx. Rupees	11,077,669	10,067,764	10,508,081 1,197	10,115,936 - 1,188	9,261, 1,
	Quantity	Cwt.	22,263,320 8,625,864 3 14 -	13,538,169 5,562,373 4 1 9	17,610,081 7,522,676 4 4 4	13,799,224 5,791,377 4 3 2	14,320 6,042 4 8
	Tea: Quantity	Lbs. Rx.	5.63 78,702,857 4,727,992	5.79 87,514,505 5,174,440	5·83 97,011,112 5,267,315	5·8 103,760,104 5,277,650	107,014, 5,219
	Average declared value \( \) Annas  per lb \( \) Shillings, at average exchange		As. 9 7 -87	As. 9 6	As. 8 8 .74	As. 8 2	As. 7
	Hides and Skins : Quantity - Value Percentage of dressed or manufactured on whole value	No. Rx.	31,860,787 5,149,218	30,914,151 4,852,382	32,357,166 <b>4,74</b> 3,546	30,955,168 4,524,261	32,733 4,695
	exported	-	45.4	52:07	55 11	55:79	5
	Quantity - Value - A versue declared value   Rupees per cwt   Sterling, at average exchange	Cuot. Rx. £.	138,596 3,691,677 266 11 11	139,644 3,890,649 278 9 9	142,447 3,948,594 277 3 1	157,116 3,869,084 245 14 -	118, 3,073, 259 8
	Coffee: Quantity	Cust. Rx.	19·38 370,458 1,502,251	19·62 273,775 1,529,680	18·92 365,299 1,884,243	16·97 239,795 1,489,872	233 1,454
	Average declared value   Rupees   Per cwt   Shillings, at average exchange   Wool :	-	40 8 10 58 94	55 14 - 78·68	51 9 4 70·41	62 2 1 85:77	62 5 9:
	Raw and manufactured—Value - Average declared value \( \) Annas - of raw wool per lb. \( \) Pence, at average exchange -	Rx.	985,484 As. 6 2 6·72	1,086,404 As. 6 6 6.86	1,090,858 As. 7 1 7.25	1,211,438 As. 7 3 7.51	1,072 As.
	Lac: Value	Rs.	520,169	501,888	401,078	489,380	781
	Raw and manufactured—Value	Rx.	802,443 3 - 11 - 4·44	860,107 2 15 4 4·17	807,238 2 7 1 3:33	900,539 3 1 - 4·23	724 2 15
	Value Teak Wood:	Rx.	458,812	471,055	430,306	543,945	551,
	Quantity Cubic Value Average declared value   Rupees per cubic ton   Sterling, at average exchange	c Tons Rx.	23,946 223,154 93 3 1	40,446 367,274 90 12 11	52,609 575,263 109 5 7	71,342 762,998 106 15 2	42 425 99 5
	Sugar: Value	£. Rx.	504,803	6·39 465,829	7·46 550,339	7·38 917,179	417,
	Saltpetre: Quantity Value Average declared value   Rupees	Crot. Rx.	397,572 376,091	386,396 364,016	420,503 401,801	492,229 411,276	399, 380,
	per cwt Shillings, at average exchange	-	9 7 4	9 6 9 13·27	9 8 11 13:04	9 11 10 13:45	9 8

#### APPENDIX III .- continued.

TABLE II. - Sea-borne Trade for the Year, &c. - continued.

Vo.	IMPORTS.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888–89.	188.1–90.	1890-91
,	Cotton—					
•	Twist and Yarn:	1,	,			
	Quantity Lbs.	49,014,194	51,543,277	52,587,342	46,383,843	50,973,10
-	Value	3,318,404	3,582,033	3,746,983	3,482,747	3,768,50
- 1	Average declared \( \) Annas value per lb. \( \) Pence, at average exchange	10·83 11·8	11·12 11·74	11·4 11·67	12.01	11.8
-		11.0	1174	11.01	12.43	- 13·9
1	Other Manufactures:  Value	05 059 00 <del>4</del>	00 000 041	07 770 047	DO 000 707	25 242 22
		25,853,827	23,930,241	27,773,247	26,398,597	27,248,39
1	TOTAL COTTON GOODS—Gross Imports - Rx.	29,172,231	27,512,274	31,520,230	29,881,344	31,016,90
	Re-exports-	-		_	N	
-1	Twist and Yarn:			*		-
- 1	Quantity Lbs.	1,319,248	1,058,963	1,601,596	1,270,444	1,243,3
-	Value Rx.	81,146	69,345	111,514	91,382	83,8
-	Other Manufactures:  Value	4.400,800	4.640.040	1202 162	4 74 74 7 74 7	
-	Value Rs.	1,490,700	1,648,312	1,705,167	1,7,98,358	1,710,4
1	Total Re-exports - Rx.	1,571,846	1,717,657.	1,816,681	1,819,740	1,794,2
1	TOTAL COTTON GOODS—Net Imports - Rx.	27,600,385	25,794,617	29,703,549	28,061,604	29,222,6
	,					
2	Metals Value Rx.	4,845,736	5,575,392	4,406,283	5,983,709	6,024,4
9	Sugar	2,080,540	2,113,617	1,790,939	2,200,049	3,399,8
4	Railway plant and rolling stock "	3,327,832	3,826,264	3,693,939	2,907,086	9,236,7
5 6	Oils ,	1,408,430	1,486,791	2,072,825	2,645,213	- 2,634,1
7	Silk (Raw and Manufactured) ,, Machinery and mill-work ,,	2,177,111 1,429,764	2,918,139 1,860,583	2,588,105 2,409,737	2,845,159	2,501,4
<b>8</b>	Woollen Manufactures	1,660,905	1,823,358	1,712,548	2,491,428 1,597,549	2,160,4 1,952,6
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,,,,,	_,,,,,,,,	2,002,0
9	Coal (excluding Coke and Patent Fuel):  Oughtity  Tons	740,155	821,626	049 742	600.010	
1	Quantity Tons Value	1,258,793	1,599,593	843,743 1,921.831	609,218 1,304,591	799,1 1,551,6
- 1	Average declared   Rupees	17:01	19:47	22.78	21.41	1,001,0
İ	value per ton Shillings, at average exchange	24.72	27.42	31.09	29.56	29
0	Provisions Value Rx.	1,179,474	1,504,436	1,588,103	1,596,565	1,476,0
1	Liquors ,	1,474,643	1,506,667	1,508,962	1,489,121	1,438,0
2	Apparel ,	1,001,848	1,156,182	1,156,469	1,200,020	1,235,8
3	Spices ,,	663,845	931,518	855,228	852,350	813,1
4/	Salt:	410 500	, 400 00#	000.030	470.00=	
_ [	Quantity Tons Value	416,592 768,987	423,897 795,521	398,810 882,130	410,808	395,2
Ť	Average declared   Rupees	18.46	18.77	22.12	894,532 21:77	779,0
	value per ton - Shillings, at average exchange	26.83	26.43	30.19	30.05	- 19· 29·

TABLE III.—SEA-BORNE TRADE for the first ELEVEN MONTHS of the Year. (Principal ARTICLES arranged in Order of their DECLARED VALUE.)

	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.
Value of commodities Exported, excluding gold and silver	Rx. 81,366,106 58,544,193	Rx. 86,405,227 63,363,187	Rx. 92,285,086 62,700,493	Rx. 89,726,199 65,893 996	Rx. 97,136,818 63,224,924
Excess Exports Rx.	22,821,913	23,042,040	29,584,593	23,832,203	33,912,494
Net Imports of silver	8,061,245	7,049,564	9,058,774	13,256,180	6,757,518
Net Imports of gold	2,951,713 11,012,958	2,300,924 9,350,488	4,431,684 13,488,458	5,289,211 18,545,391	2,761,385 9,518,903
GRAND TOTAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS Rx.	153,822,459	162,375 711	171,994,205	178,052,317	175,191,854

TABLE III.—Sea-borne Trade for the first Eleven Months of the Year, &c.—continued.

		ELEV	en Months, 1s	t April to th	E END OF FEB	RUARY.
No.	EXPORTS.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-02.
1	Cotton, Raw:  Quantity Cvot. Value Rx. Average value per lb R.	4,657,287 12,332,010 - 3 9	4,343,723 12,209,711 - 4 -	5,064,849 14,730,222 - 4 2	5,014,020 14,104,585 - 4 -	3,736,932 9,170,458 - 3 6
-	Twist and Yarn:  Quantity Lts.  Value Rx.  Average value per lb R.  Other Manufactures.—Value - Rx.	103,729,341 3,717,994 - 5 9 1,043,887	115,742,920 4,670,1×6 - 6 5 1,089,368	129,785,427 5,270,598 - 6 6 932,973	155,991,420 6,065,325 - 6 3 1,057,389	148,138,696 5,342,563 - 5 9 1,121,840
	TOTAL COTTON (Raw and ) Value Rx.	17,093,891	17,969,265	20,933,793	21,227,299	15,634,861
2	Wheat: Quantity Crot. Value Rx. Average value per cwt R.	13,031,489 5,348,318 4 1 9	16,826,208 7,165,307 4 4 2	13,389,833 5,609,245 4 3 -	13,505,683 5,691,051 4 3 5	28,601,150 13,513,548 4 11 7
3	Seeds:  Quantity Cwt.  Vulue Rx.  Average value per cwt R.  Rice and Paddy:	15,077,692 8,789,736 5 13 3	14,602,851 8,956,138 6 2 2	14,556,904 9,825,845 6 12 —	13,340,316 8,410,665 6 4 11	17,337,793 10,969,411 6 5 3
	Quantity Cvot. Vulue Rx. Average value per cwt R.	22,411,006 7,409,021 3 4 11	17,551,552 6,101,814 3 7 7	21,784,829 8,325,070 3 13 2	28,562,506 10,679,965 3 11 10	27,020,628 10,967,914 4 - 11
5	Jute (Raw and Manufactured) Value Rx.  Opium:	7,259,139	9,722,431	10,693,299	9,272,242	8,843,941
	Quantity Chests Value Rx. Average value per chest R.	82,613 9,232,336 1,117 8 8	79,069 9,460,586 1,196 8 -	79,391 9,483,368 1,194 8 3	79,747 8,632,376 1,082 7 6	80,926 8,783,419 1,085 5 10
8	Tea:  Quantity Lbs. Value Rx. Average value per lb R.  Hides and Skins:	86,831,319 5,137,612 - 9 6	95,823,643 5,209,695 - 8 8	100,815,502 5,150,253 - 8 2	104,560,038 5,103,727 - 7 10	117,579,127 5,862,344 - 8 -
	Quantity Crot. Value ' Rx. Average value per cwt R.	770,128 4,291,598 55 11 7	757,970 4,278,509 56 6 1	712,413 4,104,603 57 9 10	732,613 4,186,839 57 2 5	773,482 4,676,056 60 7 3
. 9	Indigo:  Quantity Cwt. Value Rx. Average value per cwt R.	129,018 3,638,526 282 — 3	183,055 3,740,382 281 1 10	147,377 3,665,579 248 11 6	111,715 2,930,555 262 5 2	121,208 3,120,834 257 7 8
10	Coffee:  Quantity Crot.  Value Rx.  Average value per cwt R.	210,142 1,183,220 56 4 11	285,559 1,426,314 49 15 2	170,096 1,050,866 61 12 6	195,785 1,217,545 68 3 -	211,172 1,336,843 63 4 11
11 12 13	Wool (Raw and Manufactured) Value $Rx$ .  Silk (Raw and Manufactured) , $Rx$ .  Lac , $Rx$ .	992,513 763,774 458,524	1,005,633 713,041 353,398	1,124,592 814,605 410,716	932,654 651,491 693,894	1,017,419 640,023 624,278
14 15 16	Oils ,, Rx. Sugar ,, Rx. Teak Wood:	417,470 424,369	381,316 473,890	509,015 905,818	493,646 935,677	537,775 455,864
10	Quantity Cubic Tons Value Rx. Average value per cubic ton - R.	36,409 323,902 88 15 5	48,476 531,616 109 10 8	65,608 704,932 107 5 7	38,867 386,835 99 <b>8</b> 5	42,119 422,752 100 5 11
17	Saltpetre: Quantity Cwt. Value Rx. Average value per cwt R.	849,851 829,515 9 6 11	387,800 369,517 9 8 5	367,916 357,650 9 11 9	951,749 936,137 9 8 11	397,358 316,687 9 6 2

TABLE III.—Sea-borne Trade for the first Eleven Months of the Year, &c.—continued.

		LLEVE	и Монтня, Ізт	APRIL TO THE	END OF FEBRU	ARY.
No.	IMPORTS.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.
1	COTTON—					
	Twist and Yarn:					
	Quantity Lbs.	46,098,960	48,244,135	41,803,228	46,539,279	46,671,894
	Value	3,189,532	3,446,025	3,152,351	3,446,744	3,255,318
	Average value per lb R.	- 11 1	- 11 5	- 12 1	- 11 10	- 11 2
	Ditto - in sterling, at average ex- change.	11 <b>∄</b> d.	11 <b>₹ d</b> .	1 s1 d.	1 s. 1 g'd.	113 %
	Other Manufactures - Value Rx.	21,593,462	25,234,768	23,682,712	24,859,696	22,787,030
	TOTAL COTTON GOODS—  Gross Imports Rx.	24,782,994	28,680,793	26,835,063	28,300,440	26,042,348
	Re-exports—				-	
į	Twist and Yarn:  Quantity Lbs.	910,704	1,525,894	1,132,224	1,096,760	1,511,233
	Value Rx.	58,858	105,981	81,045	74,171	104,752
	Average Value per lb R.	- 10 4	-11 1	- 11 5	10 10	-11-1
	Other Manufactures - Value Rx.	1,481,772	1,537,878	1,615,772	1,566,313	1,646,303
	Total Re-exports Rx.	1,540,630	1,643,859	1,696,817	1,640,484	1,751,055
			,	3 -		
	TOTAL COTTON GOODS—} Rx.	23,242,364	27,036,934	25,138,246	26,659,956	24,291,293
2	Metals Value Rx.	4,952,260	3,946,321	5,439,002	5,455,500	5,415,282
3	Silk (Raw and Manufactured) - ",	2,688,346	2,399,490	2,645,667	2,925,637	2,781,797
4	Oils ,,	1,337,586	1,889,829	2,374,897	2,833,735	2,379,584
5	Sugar ,,	1,848,829	1,581,145	1,939,813	3,151,785	2,343,206
6	Railway Plant and Rolling , , Stock.	3,322,923	3,504,251	2,623,818	3,007,161	2,316,907
7	Machinery and Millwork - ,,	1,649,858	2,184,992	2,289,336	1,990,591	2,001,364
8	Woollen Manufactures ,,	1,719,112	1,619,654	1,508,594	1,826,269	1,776,798
9	Provisions ,,	1,389,890	1,472,321	1,491,481	1,371,276	1,635,814
10	Liquors ,,	1,349,099	1,971,460	1,337,947	1,305,065	1,307,737
11	Apparel ,,	1,055,797	1,053,751	1,109,106	1,144,296	1,177,132
12	Coal (excluding Coke and Patent Fuel):				- 1	
-	Quantity Tons	708,599	756,732	567,108	721,367	656,629
	Value Rx.	1,367,428	1,726,981	1,214,980	1,409,911	1,100,057
	Average Value per Ton - R.	19 4 9	22 13 2	21 6 9	19 8 9	16 13 1
រេខ	Spices Value Rx.	845,118	755,248	799,190	738,982	722,843
14	Salt:					•
	Quantity Tons	411,158	364,424	817,545	366,090	841,369
	$\forall alue Rx.$	760,708	805,274	754,461	717,839	575,180
	Average Value per Ton - R.	18 8 -	22 1 7	21 11 4	19 9 9	16 13 7

TABLE IV.—WHOLESALE PRICES of TYPICAL COMMODITIES in GOLD and SILVER in London and Calcutta in December in each Year.

(Prices of March 1873 == 100.)

			M	Ceasured	in Gol	d.					Mes	sured	ín Silv	er.*	• ;	
In London-	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887:	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
(Prices quoted from the London "Economist"):	<u></u>						<u>'                                     </u>				<u> </u>	1	-	,		٠
Scotch pig-iron (warrants)	<b>36</b> .	35	37	37	,35	50	40	40	43	45	48	49	50.	68	50	.54
Coals, Hetton, Wallsend (London).	52	51	51	49	51	<b>63</b> .	55	52	62	66	67	66	71	86	69	71
Copper, Chili bars = -	54	45	43	95	87	55	62	52	64	. 58	56	127	121	75	79	70
Straits tin	52	- 64	69	115	68	67	64	63	62	81	· 89	153	95	92	80	85
Wheat	57	55	61	56	55	55	59	71	68`	69	80	.74	78	, 75	74	. 96
Flour, town-made	54	53	56	54	61	57	65	· 66	65	68	71	73	85	78	82	89
Beef, inferior	98	75	75	75	67	87	.70	80	117	95	97	100	95	119	88	108
Cotton, No. 40, mule twist	70	64	60	62	65	64	68	57	83	82	77	84	91	88	85	77
Wool, Southdown hogs -	52	<b>5</b> 1	1 59	55 .	54	59	59	59	63	65	76	73	75	` 8 <b>0</b>	.74	79
Sugar, foreign Muscovado	44	60	42	56	53	45	155	758	52	77	55	75	75	61	69	78
Coffee	66	65	86	102	101	112	118	114	79	83	111	136	142	158	149	155
Saltpetre - ,	81	78	77	77	77 '	78	78	77	97	100	99	103	107	107	99	103
Gold	, <b>-</b> !	٠		- i	-	-	-	· -	119	127	130	184	140	187	126	195
Silver	84	79	-77	75	71.	73	79	74	_	_	- }		-		`\	-
	·		١, ١		( )		1			-				}		
	•	•	· .		7				,		, ,		•	ļ	٠.,	
In Calcutta—(Price	n emek	ad faor	i, n the "	, Calentt	. Price	Current	<b>-</b> /0/4	-		`		``.	· .			
Grey shirtings (8½ lbs.) -	o quoc	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	- ' -	-	-	·	٤	76-	80	81	79	81	76	74	74
Mule twist, white, good, No	40		•		• •	· <u>·</u>			· 72	71	62	72	75	74	71	65
" , Turkey red, No		12 lbs.)	ı <b>-</b>	• •	· 🕌 -	`	• •		.58	57	58	58	57	57	56	57
" " Orange, No. 40		_	•						. 78	78	75	-86	85	85	77	78
Copper, sheathing			÷		•	-	<b>-</b> , •		65	58	- 65	90	99	69	72	72
Iron, flat, bolt, bar, and squ	are -	•	-	<u>.</u>		-			54	. 50	53	59	65	- 79	64	- 64
Spelter, hard			•		_	-			84	97	109	128	107	144	151	151.
Hides, buffalo, slaughtered	\ <u>_</u>		•		٠,_				71	77	80	69	74	Nom.	Nil.	Nil.
· Indigo, good -			_		-	2.0			103	110	72	82	98	76	88	74
Jute, picked					٠.	•			110	118	131	153	192	192	123	219
Shell luc, fine orange			-	;;		` <b>.</b>			56	59	56	68	76	102	76	102
Linseed, fine, bold, clean	•	-	-		. •				95	101	98	94	112	115	-99	112
Rice, Ballam		•,	-		_	•.			159	176	106	118	147	165	159	168
Silk, raw, Cossimbazar	-, -	,=	•			·			60	78	89	64	76	87	71	64
Tea, good Southong .	. · .		; •/			-			55	64	55	50	52	50	48	41
Wheat, Doodish -		_	-	_			<u>.</u> .		66	72	81	76	87	81	86	103
Gold	_ `.	, <u>-</u>				· <u>·</u>	<u> </u>		119	122	123	131	195	131	122	191
	-			•	•		,			1.			1.			

<sup>\*</sup> The values measured in silver in London have been calculated from the values in gold on the basis of the price of standard silver in London.

TABLE V .- STATEMENT showing the true Financial Results to the REVENUES of India of the Guarantee of Interest upon the Capital of GUARANTEED RAILWAY COMPANIES.

	1886-87.	1887–88.	1988–89.	1889–90.	1890-91.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate, 1892–93.
Open Mileage at end of official year.	Miles. 3,896	Miles. 3,912	Miles. • 3,241	Miles. 3,243	Miles. † 2,588	Miles. 2,588	Miles. 2,588
Gross Traffic Receipts	Rx. 7,280,512	Rx. 7,241,465	R.r. 7,403,415	R#. 6,534,567	<i>R±</i> . 6,753,013	<i>Rx.</i> 6,755,000	Rz 6,325,000
Working Expenses	3,633,396	3,604,795	3,753,607	3,365,933	3,251,739	3,292,000	3,065,000
Percentage of Working Expenses on Receipts	49-91	49.78	50-68	51-50	48-15	48-73	48 46
Net Traffic Receipts	3,647,116	3,636,670	3,650,808	3,168,634	3,501,274	3,463,000	3,260,000
Net gain by the remittance to England of Capital Receipts and Disbursements in India at the contract rates of exchange, instead of at the average yearly rates obtained for the Secretary of State's bills			-	_			
TOTAL Revenue	3,647,116	3,636,670	3,650,808	3,168,634	3,501,274	3,463,000	3,260,000
TOTAL REvenue	0,027,110	0,00.,010	0,000,000	0,100,001.	0,001,012	0,100,000	5,200,000
	,	}		-		•	
Gross Guaranteed Interest paid in India Rx.	10,648	25,595	6,672	9,468	7,597	38,500	38,600
Gross Guaranteed Interest paid in London £	2,696,976	2,694,920	2,697,388	2,337,058	2,354,130	2,114,200	2,145,100
				t		•	
Total Guaranteed Interest (sterling payments converted at the	Rz.	Rx.	Ræ.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rz.
average exchange of the year) -	3,721,864	3,852,947	3,959,108	3,895,279	3,130,941	3,074,500	3,256,300
Surplus paid to Railway Com-	534,598	662,622	570,195	441,933	473,334	732,800	550,500
Land and Supervision	66,235	51,436	44,344	30,952	42,987	17,700	49,500
Interest on Revenue Balances -	1,827	2,265	3,288	·	_	. 't	_
Net Loss on Receipts and Dis- bursements of Capital in India, calculated in the same way as the gain -	115,843	78,683	86,909	142,733	87,538	185,100	136,600
Total Expenditure - Rx.	4,439,867	4,647,953	4,663,844	4,010,897	3,734,800	4,010,100	3,992,900
Net Expenditure from the Public Treasury	792,751	1,011,283	1,013,036	842,263	233,526	547,100	732,900

<sup>\*</sup> The Oude and Rohilkund Railway, 692 miles, was purchased by the State on the 1st January 1889, and the mileage is shown under State Railways.

† The South Indian Railway, 654½ miles, was purchased by the State on the 31st December 1890, and the mileage is shown under State Railways.

TABLE VI.—ACTUAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE on STATE RAILWAYS in 1890-91, and ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE on such Works in 1891-92 and 1892-93, and to End of 1892-93.

RAIL WAYS.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget Estimate, 1892–93.	To End of 1892–93.	Sanctioned Outlay.	Balance remaining Unspent.
OPEN LINES.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
East Indian	-14,232	-65,700	140,100	14,390,731		_
Rajputana-Malwa	691	-45,000	11,000	9,275,277	1 ' '	1
Holkar	1,720	2,500	2,000	1,306,590	1 ' '	_
Rewari-Ferozepore	1	1 '	1 -	1	1 ' '	-
Bhopal	1,275	7,500	7,000	1,288,437	1 '	
•	16,912	20,000	27,000	194,969	194,969	_
Warora Colliery	25,095	2,290	26,200	682,297	682,297	
Wardha Coal	. h	27,800	1,500	l)		•
Umaria Colliery	5,446	8,410	5,000	106,242		_
Burms, including Tounghoo-Mandalay -	14,866	51,870	30,000	5,223,054	5,223,054	_
Jorhat	1,187	- <b>4</b> 00	3,900	- 79,195	79,195	
Cherra-Companygunj	404	<del>4</del> 0	1,300	78,641	78,641	<b>l</b> –
Eastern Bengal	237,997	111,160	180,690	8,375,748	8,375,748	
Tirhoot	17,518	1	I			•
Tirhoot - Durbhunga-Bairagnia Branch -	74,927	46,590	22,500	2,394,183	2,394,183	_
Patna-Gya	533	1,600	10,000	446,273	446,273	· · ·
Nalhati	981	700	<b>—35,600</b>	-33	-33	
Kaunia-Dhurla	1,304	1,450	_00,000	97,926	97,926	
Oudh and Robilkhand	1 ' 1			1	1	_
	23,338	15,580	58,560	10,435,886	1	
Cawnpore-Achnera	-45	1,300	10,000	1,157,601	1,157,601	_
Bareilly-Pilibhit	369	·•		512,115	512,115	1 _
Lucknow-Sitapur-Seramau	-36,319	2,300	!	,	- 1	
North Western	570,006	}	<b>l</b> ) .		-	
Chenab Bridge	7,599	> 389,460	433,070	85 450 050	25 450 050	<b>[</b>
Jammu-Kashmir	3,055	J	430,070	35,450,279	35,450,279	
Amritsar-Pathankot	362	640	]			
South Indian	* 5,707,838	200,000	227,000	7,665,011	7,663,011	_
Bezvada Extension	3,460	2,000	1,000	142,759	142,759	
Dhond and Manmad	447	6,000	7,000	1,112,444	1,112,444	· <b>_</b>
TOTAL	6,616,544	731,930	1,169,220	100,413,625	100,413,625	
		<del></del>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
LINES UNDER CONSTRUCTION.	1 1			)		
East Indian—Jherria Extension		<b>-</b> -	160,000	160,000	341,225	181,225
Godhra-Rutlam North Western—Mianwali-Mari Branch -	73,193 69,203	235,000 26,000	450,000 5,000	771,404 120,536	1,500,000 160,003	728,596 39,467
Burma-Meiktila Branch	- ` -	3,650	6,900	10,550	30,342	19,792
Mu Valloy Bengal-Assam	429,390	519,090	502,050	1,611,217	1,611,217	200.000
Eastern Bengal - Barsoe-Kissengunge Branch		103,400 -84,800	800,000 20,000	403,400 104,800	1,200,000	796,600 34,705
Lucknow-Rae Bareli-Jaunpur	- , -	- 36,000	205,000	241,000	1,012,035	771,035
Bareilly-Rampur-Moradabad Petroleum Operations	1,232	25,000 5,100	375,000 1,800	400,000 15,422	678,212 15,422	278,212
Prontier Railway Reserve Material	123,040	27,970	33,500	429,362	429,362	
Peshawar Railway Reserve Mushkaf-Bolan		38,400	350	38,750	38,750	7 960 900
Mari-Attock		130,700 72,500	200,000 285,000	330,700 357,500	1,700,000 1,625,000	1,369,300 1,267,500
East Coast, including Kistna Bridge	288,293	1,250,000	1,088,100	2,629,039	4,800,000	2,170,961
Mayavaram-Mutupet Dharmavaram-Hindupur	28,612 1,907	53,100 113,200	155,000 150,000	236,712 266,876	239,670 280,000	2,958 13,124
Hyderabad-Umarkot	- 2,507	125,400	23,000	148,400	152,000	3,600
TOTAL	1,014,870	2,839,110	3,960,700	8,275,668	15,952,743	7,677,075
Carried forward	7,631,414	3,571,040	5,129,920	108,689,293	116,366,368	7,677,075
• Includes the following—		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	<u></u> ↓	·
Debt created for redemption Leu-Capital deposited b	of Share Capital y the new Compan	y			4,197,557 1,000,000	
Debenture Stock taken over Debentures taken over		· · · ·			3,197,557 425,000 1,070,000	
		-	. 1	Total £	4,692,557	
† Estimated cost of whole project n	ot known.		-			4

### TABLE VI.—ACTUAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE ON STATE RAILWAYS, &c.—continued.

RAILWAYS.	Accounts, 1890-91.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.	To End of 1892–93.	Sanctioned Outlay.	Balance remaining Unspent.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rs.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Brought forward	7,631,414	3,571,040	5,129,920	108,689,293	116,366,368	7,677,075
LINES IN ABEYANCE OR TRANS- FERRED TO COMPANIES.						
Ranaghat-Bhagwangola		•	• •	30,244	30,244	<b>. L</b> .,
Southern Mahratta	-	-	*	<b>•</b> 52,707	52,707	
Bellary-Kistna	2,075	. 50		1,657,553	1,657,553	_
Bilaspur-Etawah	-			7,514	7,514	<u></u>
Vizegapatam-Raipur	_	_		24,504	24,504	
TOTAL	2,075	- 50		1,772,522	1,772,522	_
	-	-				
Stores and Reserve	-24,134	94,880	-331,720	-357,920	<b>—357,</b> 920	- '
						- T
Nagpur-Chhattisgarh Depreciation Account -	<b>—99,827</b>	<b>—19,100</b>		-72,684	72,684	
GRAND TOTAL	7,569,528	3,457,110	4,798,200	110,176,579	117,859,654	7,677,075
Deduct—Probable lapse	<b>4</b> , / <b>4</b>	200,000	-	-200,000		200,000
	7,569,528	8,257,110	<b>4,</b> 798,20 <b>0</b>	109,976,579	117,853,654	7,877,075
Distributed as under :—						
Capital Expenditure on Public Works (not charged against Revenue):	0.007 #00	0 WHO COO	- 40-000	<b>67 70 60</b>	-	
State Railways—Construction  Redemption of Liabilities	2,881,783 4,692,557	2,779,600	3,485,000	65,796,628	_	
	4,092,557			33,553,451	_	
Famine Relief and Insurance: Protective Railways		294,900	1,011,700	4,240,579	energie St	-
Construction of Railways (charged against Revenue in addition to that under Famine Insurance) -	4,812	182,610	301,500	6,385,921	_	
Total as above	7,569,528	9,257,110	4,798,200	109,976,579	117,853,654	7,877,075

<sup>\*</sup> Represents depreciation on works and stores allowed by Government on transfer to the Company.

TABLE VII.—CAPITAL EXPENDITURE on IRRIGATION—MAJOR WORKS, in 1890-91, and ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE on such Works in 1891-92, 1892-93, and to the End of 1892-93.

01 1892-93.		*				
	Accounts, 1890-91.	Revised Estimate, 1891-92.	Budget Estimate,	TOTAL Actual and Estimated Outlay to End	Sanctioned Estimate.	Balance of sanctioned Estimate
		1691-92.	1892–93.	of 1892-93.	Ishaac.	remaining to be Spent.
TODICATION WODES				Ì	<del>'</del>	
IRRIGATION WORKS.  CAPITAL EXPENDITURE NOT CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Rengal.					! <u>.</u>	
Orissa Canals	33,160	41,600	40,000	2,503,988	3,139,622	638,234
	- -				-	}
Midnapore Canal : Old outlay	-4,030			000 753	207.075	,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				822,571	831,677	_
Outlay against Open Capital sauctions -	441	1,600		3,453	5,632	2,179
Hidgellee Tidal Canal:						•
Old outlay	•		]	179,549	177,503	_
Outlay against Supplementary Estimate	15,288	27,100	6,900	54,230	76,915	22,685
			٠,			
Sone Canals: Old outlay	17,136			2,552,800	- 2,788,870	
	17,100				2,755,870	-
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions -	•	21,200	20,000	41,200	_	_
	_					
North Western Provinces and Oudh						
Ranges Canal:		•				
Old outlay	15,473	•		2,685,061	2,923,592	-
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions -		20,500	28,500	49,000	24,724	_
Lower Ganges Canal:					[ ]	
Old outlay	-18,915		-	3,099,851	3,273,832	_
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions -		19,700	25,400	45,100	4,751	_
		·				ł
Agra Canal:		*				
Old outlay	3,393	•` •		849,147	871,752	_
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions -	• •	3,600	5,500	9,100	3,294	-
Eastern Jumna Canal :	•					
Old outlay	4,622			318,507	344,191	
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions		5,900	10,600	16,500	5,752	_:
,	_	<b>0,</b> 000	10,000	10,000	0,.02	
Punjab.		,				· ·
Western Jumna Canal :		,				ł
Old outlay			-	1,056,612	1,078,050	-
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions -	5,844	7,500	20,000	33,344	29,848	-
Western Jumna Canal, Sirsa Branch (State outlay).	46,442	55,200	60,000	175,115	289,269	114,154
				1		
Bari Doab Canal :		,				
Old outlay	•		•	1,577,572	1,579,860	_
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions -	2,821	2,000	30,000	34,821	1,687	
Carried forward	159,505	205,900	246,900	16,106,921	_	_

# TABLE VII.—CAPITAL EXPENDITURE ON IRRIGATION, &c.—continued.

	Accounts, 1890-91.	Revised Estimate, 1891–92.	Budget Estimate, 1892-93.	TOTAL Actual and Estimated Outlay to End of 1892-93.	Sanctioned Estimate.	Balance of sauctioned Estimate remaining to be spent.
Brought forward	Rx. 159,505	Rx. 205,900	Rx. 246,900	Rx. 16,106,921	<i>Rx.</i>	Rx.
Punjab—continued.		*		No. 2	•	•
Sirhind Canal (State outlay):	4		-		и	
Old outlay	26,398	-		2,213,442	2,226,440	<del>-</del>
Outlay against Op-n Capital sanctions -		<b>36,800</b>	20,000	56,800	88,371	31,571
Chenab Canal	188,781	335,000	120,000	1,009,815	998,500	
Madras.	* .					
Godavari Delta System:		. `		] •		
Old outlay	•	-	-	1,083,306	1,108,933	
Outlay against Open Capital sanctions -	<b>97</b> 6	6,700		7,676	9,922	2,246
Kistna Delta System	47,098	42,200	42,300 `	1,015,374	1,391,978	376,604
Sangam Anicut System	1,899	3,100	3,600	304,687	306,500	1,813
Periyar Project	106,017	101,200	84,100	451,910	542,500	90,590
		102,200	0.3.00		0.2,000	- 55,550
Bombay.						
Desert Canal		600		122,901	123,479	1,178
Begari Canal			•	162,561	162,561	_
Eastern Nara Works	7,938	11,800	18,000	542,865	527,670	<b>–</b> .
Mutha Canals	4,713	1,300	13,300	622,583	605,323	-
Other projects	13,955	6,800	22,800	3,287,038		-
.  Deduct,—Outlay incurred from ordinary	504,484	751,400	571,000	26,987,279	_	_
Revenues	20,635	31,000	21,000	5,516,528		
Total	483,849	720,400	550,000	21,470,751	_	-
FAMINE RELIEF AND INSURANCE.					•	
PROTECTIVE IRRIGATION WORKS.						
North Western Provinces and Oudh.			1.0		`	
Betwa Canal	1,297	1,300	3,100	400,907	425,141	24,234
Punjab.	-					
Swat River Canal	3,095	1,000	4,500	353,089	354,581	1,492
<b>342</b>					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.
<i>Madras.</i> Rushikulya Project	45,457	64,000	45,000	292,427	894,000	101,578
		0.,000				102,070
Bombay.						
Nira Canal	23,858	11,800	12,200	509,834	487,938	-
Other projects	685	700	200	410,316	· —	-
Dadwat _ Onlaw in source 3 for 3!	74,392	78,800	65,000	1,966,573	_	
Deduct,—Outlay incurred from ordinary Revenues	-   -			285,434	_	
TOTAL	74,392	78,800	65,000	1,681,139	_	_
GRAND TOTAL	558,241	799,200	615,000	23,151,890	_	_
<u> </u>	l <u>.                                    </u>	f ·	!	<u> </u>	1	

TABLE VIII .- GROSS RECEIPTS, Working Expenses, and Net Traffic Receipts, of GUARANTEED and STATE RAILWAYS, for Five Years ending 1890-91, with REVISED ESTIMATES for 1891-92, and BUDGET ESTIMATES for 1892-93.

The Bellary Branch of the Madras Railway, 33 miles in length, having been transferred to the Southern Mahratta Railway, the mileage is shown under State Railways.

† The Oude and Robilkund Railway, 692 miles, was purchased by the State on 1st January 1889, and the mileage is shown under State Railways.

† The South Indian Railway, 6544 miles, was purchased by the State on the 31st December 1890, and the mileage is shown under State Railways.

† The working of this line was transferred to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway from 1st January 1881; the Government of India only receives a percentage of the gross receipts.

(a) Includes the length of the Oudh and Robilkhand Railway.

(b) Includes the length of the South Indian and Bengal and North Western Railways.

### TABLE VIII .- RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF RAILWAYS, &c .- continued.

		<b>A</b> 0	COUNT	r 8		Revised Estimate,	Budget Estimate,
	1886–87.	1887–88.	1888-89.	1889–90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
STATE BAILWAYS—continued.	,	·			-		
Working Expenses.	Rx.	Rx.	Rs.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rz.
Past Indian	1,721,762	1,662,581	1,689,946	1,682,537	1,484,563	1,675,000	1,516,500
Dildarnagar-Ghazipur	2,461 980.031	2,245 907,154	2,195 970,424	1,020,867	926,066	1,077,500	995,500
india	19,472 2,556	21,322 4,457	17,703 4,977	3,372 8,458	10,434	9,500	13.600
Varora Colliery	59,627	68,028	61,323	57,343	64,772	12,500	43,800
Wardha Coal	80,370	86,760	127,058	147,176	234,881	20,450 305,000	19,500 325,000
Astni-Umaria	2,5:58 8,149	9,600 2,634	20,363	22,418	23,681	26,000	32,400
Burms Tounghoo-Mandalay	173,250	175,841	189,876 32,545	204,756 120,702	207,845 108,278	231,500 115,700	240,000
Mu Valley	5,376	6,441	5,707	6,231	5,797	6,000	30,000 6,400
Cherra-Companyguni	2,361 507,854	3,716 481,139	2,116 49::,105	2,672 510,317	1,917 542,205	1,950 615,000	2,100 <b>54</b> 0,00 <b>0</b>
Tirnoot Bengal and North Western and Tirhoot	98,583	106,156	96,254	90,553	31,093 131,952	422,500	260,000
Nalhati	6,711 27,898	6,192 24,613	8,541 23,786	7,594 25,395	7,832 23,739	6,000 25,600	24,200
Bengal Central	43,351	67,611	51,147 54,558	45,648	49 263 350,043	\$7,500 280,000	\$3,500 350,000
Benares Branch	8,199	20, 98	69,512	234,086	254,146	293,000	280,000
Bareilly-Pilibhit Lucknow-Sitapur-Scramau	7,675 1,2:/7	6,766 14,998	6,592 18,153	7,300 21,266	7,693 23,529	= -	
Lucknow-Bareilly	1,316,886	1,633,529	1,742,526	1,856,235	4,428 1,749,515	35,000 1,950,000	38,000 1,880,000
Amritsar-Pathankot	- 2,218	]		-	70,577		. –
Villupuram-Guntakal Villupuram-Guntakal Villupuram-Guntakal Villupuram-Guntakal	: :	9,154	27,060	18,369	1,344 17,149	492,000	540,000
Bellary-Kistna	20,144	8,519 42,426	47,744	90,598	96,446	97,200	- 101,000
mysore				6,083	5,837	5,800	6,400 8,250
Bezvada Extension			1		1	1 -	
East Coast	= :	222,138	298.965	330,529	336,715	352,500	<u> </u>
East Coast  Dhond and Manmad*  Southern Mahratta  Hyderabad-Umarkot	125,596	222,138	298,965	330,529	336,715	352,500 -100,000	365,000
East Coast	= :	222,138	298,965 6,059,256	330,529 	336,715 6,771,940	-	365,000 7,703
East Const Ubond and Manmad* Southern Mahratta Hyderabad-Umarkot	125,596		= =		= =	-100,000	365,000 7,703
East Indian  East Indian  East Indian  East Indian	125,596 	5,591,187 2,940,635	6,059,256		= =	-100,000	365,000 7,703 7,878,850
East Indian  East Indian  Didarnigar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa  East Indian  Didarnigar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277 838,329	5,591,187 2,940,635 2,538 791,142	6,059,256 2,781,173 2,109 933,409	6,884,440 } 2,791,493 917,356	6,771,940	-100,000 8,143,200	365,000 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,890
East Const  East Indian Dildarnsgar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa  East Indian Dildarnsgar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa  Eloyal	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277	5,591,187 2,940,635 2,5:8	6,059,256 2,781,173 2,409	6,864,440	6,771,940	-100,000 8,143,200 3,255,300 1,092,500 4,900	365,000 7,700 7,878,850 3,133,900 930,700 3,400
East Indian Dildarnsgar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Bingia Bingia Warora Colliery Wardin Coal	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277 838,339 19,711 949 15,115	2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119	6,864,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844	2,943,932 925,039 -1,657 -26,158	3,255,300 1,092,500 1,992,500 1,900 9,500 5,150	3,133,800 2,400 3,133,800 2,400 12,204 5,500
East Indian  East Indian  East Indian  East Indian  East Indian  Elapourans-Malwa  Sindia  Blopal  Warora Colliery	125,596 5,219,839 2,985,440 2,277 838,339 19,711 949	2,940,635 2,5:8 791,142 24,417 519	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535	6,844,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,581	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 -26,158 84,510	3,255,300 1,092,500 4,900 5,150 313,000	3,133,910 3,133,910 3,133,910 3,400 3,400 3,500 325,000
East Indian  East Indian  East Indian  Bajputana-Malwa  Sindia  Bajputana-Malwa  Sindia  Shopal  Warora Colliery  Wardia Coal  Bengal-Nagpur  Katai-Umaria  Lumaria	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949 } 15,115 51,390 738 -1,276	2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 2,541	6,864,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,581 3,990	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298	-100,000 8,143,200 3,255,300 1,092,500 4,500 6,150 313,000 -2,200	3,133,8M 930,700 2,400 12,200 2,500 9,600
East Const  Net Traffic Receipts.  East Indian  Bihopal  Warora Colliery  Wardia Coal  Bengal-Nagpur  Katai-Umaris  Umaria Colliery  Burma	125,596 5,219,839 2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949 15,115 51,380 738	2,940,635 2,540 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 1,475	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459	6,864,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 542 24,844 70,661 3,990 143,582	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 -26,158 84,510	3,255,300 1,092,500 4,900 5,150 313,000	3,133,9M 930,700 2,400 12,224 5,500 9,600
East Indian  East Indian  East Indian  Bajputana-Malwa  Sindia  Bajputana-Malwa  Sindia  Shopal  Warora Colliery  Wardia Coal  Bengal-Nagpur  Katai-Umaria  Lumaria	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949 } 15,115 51,390 738 -1,276 118,413	2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365	6,864,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,581 3,990	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833	-100,000 8,143,200 3,255,300 1,092,500 4,900 5,150 313,000 -2,200 176,500	3,133,810 3,133,810 3,133,810 930,700 2,400 2,500 9,600 260,000
East Conet  Beat Traffic Receipts  East Indian Didarn gar-Ghazipur  Bajputans-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Bengal-Nagpur Extui-Umaria Umaria Connghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorkat Cherra-Companygunj  Conthon Mandalay  Cherra-Companygunj	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 51,390 738 - 1,276 118,413 - 1,465 - 2,135	2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,613 155,200 -1,473 -2,496	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365 - 644 257 - 1,496	6,864,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 542 24,844 70,661 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437	2,943,932 925,039 -1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,633 85,032 401 -204	-100,000  8,143,200  3,255,300  1,092,500  4,900  5,150 313,000  2,200 178,500 79,300  500	3,133,800 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,800 9,207,700 3,400 12,200 2,500 2,600 2
East Conet  Beat Traffic Receipts  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur  Bajputana-Malwa  Binopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Bengal-Nagpur Exturiousia Colliery  Burma  Tonnghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorkat  Cherra-Companygunj Estera Bengal  Lindia Colliery  Burra Congrand Colliery  Burra Colliery	125,598 5,219,839 2,985,440 2,277 838,339 19,711 949 } 15,115 51,390 738 - 1,276 118,413	2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 - 1,475 8,813 155,200	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365 - 644 257	6,864,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,981 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 401 - 204 677,907 38,633	-100,000  8,143,200  3,255,300  1,092,500  4,900  5,150 313,000  -2,200 178,500 79,300 -500 500 \$30,000	3,133,800 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,800 930,700 12,204 5,500 260,000 200 840,000
East Const  Wet Traffic Receipts.  East Indian D. Idarn gar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia -	125,596 5,219,839 2,985,440 2,277 838,339 19,711 949 } 15,115 51,339 - 1,276 118,413 1,465 2,135 34,223 61,338 1,943	2,940,635 2,5:8 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813 155,200 -1,473 -2,496 477,292 74,330 3,213	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365 - 644 257 - 1,496 590,4-4 74,600	6,864,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,581 3,990 143,562 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 2,860	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 401 - 204 677,907 35,633 188,648 2,176	-100,000  8,143,200  3,255,300  1,092,500  4,900  5,160  313,000  -2,200  178,500  79,300  500  500  520,000  62,500  63,100	3,133,900 7,878,854 3,133,900 930,700 12,200 5,500 260,000 200 640,000 160,000
East Const  Net Trafic Receipts.  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Wardin Coal Companyary Burma Tounghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj E istern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal North Western and Turhoot	125,596 5,219,859 2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949 15,115 51,390 738 - 1,276 118,413 - 1,465 - 2,135 334,223 61,338	2,940,635 2,594,187 21,417 519 9,993 50,717 - 1,475 8,813 155,200 - 1,473 - 2,496 477,292 74,350	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 — 2,541 124,365 — 644 — 257 — 1,496 590,4-4 74,600	\$2,791,493 917,356 3,736 - 542 24,844 70,981 3,990 143,582 40,747 - 185 - 1,437 635,410 129,629	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 - 26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 - 401 - 204 677,907 38,633 186,448	-100,000  8,143,200  3,255,300  1,092,500  4,500  5,150  2,200  178,500  79,300  500  500  62,500	3,133,900 7,878,854 3,133,900 930,704 3,400 12,2,24 5,500 260,000 —————————————————————————————————
East Const  Didace - Probable lapse  Total  Set Traffic Receipts  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardia Coal Bengal Nagpur Katai-Umaria Umaria Umaria Colliery Burma  Tonghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eistern Bengal Eistern Bengal Tirhoot Sengal and North Western and Tirhoot Nalbati Patra-Gya Bengal Central Oudh and Rohilkhand	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 51,390 738 -1,276 118,413 -1,465 -2,135 334,223 61,338 1,943 25,747	2,940,635 2,5:8 791,142 24,417 519 8,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813 155,200 -1,473 -2,496 477,292 74,330 3,213 28,374 7,927	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 — 2,541 124,365 — 644 257 — 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109	\$2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,961 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 - 26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 401 - 204 677,907 38,633 186,648 2,176 28,010	-100,000  8,143,200  3,255,300  1,092,500  4,900  5,150  2,200  176,500  79,300  500  520,000  62,500  3,1,000  34,900	3,133,800 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,800 930,704 3,400 12,204 260,000 9,600 260,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 20,800 21,500
East Const  Wet Trafic Receipts.  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Bengal Nagpur Katini-Umaria Umaria Colliery Burma Tounghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eistern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal Nagrur Estern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal Morth Western and Tirhoot Nalhati Patus-Gra Bengal Central Oudh and Rohilkhand Benares Branch In lian Midland	125,596  5,219,859  2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949  15,115 51,380 738  -1,276 118,413  -1,465 -2,135 334,223 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776	2,940,635 2,594,187 21,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,613 155,200 - -1,473 -2,496 477,293 74,350 3,213 28,374 7,937	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 — 2,541 124,365 — 644 — 257 — 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,249 120,230 28,542	6,884,440 2,791,493 917,358 3,736 542 24,844 70,981 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756 27,343 } 440,811 80,644	2,943,932 925,039 - 1,657 - 26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 - 401 - 204 677,907 38,633 184,648 2,176 28,010 24,764 384,423 77,762	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,992,500  1,900  1,500  2,200  176,500  79,300  500  520,000  62,500  3,1,000  17,500  17,500	365,000 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,800 920,700 12,254 5,500 260,000 200 640,000 160,000 20,800 21,500 480,000
East Conet  Net Trafic Receipts.  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Companyara  Tomach  Tomach  Tomach  Estern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal Morth Western and Tirhoot Nalhati Patus-Gya Bengal Central Oudh and Rohilkhand Bereately-Pilibhit  Burian Midland Breitly-Pilibhit Burians-Stramau	125,596 5,219,839 2,985,440 2,277 838,331 19,711 949 } 15,115 51,390 733 - 1,276 118,413 1,465 - 2,135 334,223 61,338 1,943 25,747 - 8,776	2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 -1,475 8,813 155,200 -1,473 -2,498 477,292 74,330 3,213 28,374 7,927	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365 - 644 257 - 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,249 120,230 620	6,884,440 } 2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,981 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 26,756 27,343 } 440,811	2,943,932 925,039 -1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 38,638 2,176 28,010 24,764 384,428 77,762 2,001 10,200	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  2,500  313,000  -2,200  176,500  500  530,000  62,500  31,000  17,500  480,000  122,000	3,133,800 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,800 930,700 3,400 12,240 5,500 260,000 
East Coast  Dichord and Manmad*  Southern Mahratta  Hyderabad-Umarkot  Didace - Probable lapse  Total  Ret Traffic Receipta  East Indian Didarnagar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Bengal-Nagpur Katai-Umaria Umaria Colliery Burma  Tonnghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eastern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal and North Western and Tirhoot Nalhati Patus-Gya Bengal Central Oudh and Rohilkhand Benares Branch In lian Midland Bareilly-Pilibhit Lucknow-Bareilly North Western  Baren  Lucknow-Bareilly North Western  North Western  Baren  Lucknow-Bareilly North Western  Lucknow-Bareilly North Western	125,596 5,219,839 2,985,440 2,277 838,330 19,711 51,390 733 -1,276 118,413 -2,135 334,223 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776 1,035 2,451 449 1,043,339	5,591,187  2,940,635 2,536 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 — 2,541 1124,365 — 644 257 — 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,242 120,230 28,542 2,765 620 38,542 2,765 830,664	6,884,440 2,791,493 917,358 3,736 542 24,844 70,961 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756 -27,343 } 440,811 80,644 3,655 10,632 1,049,181	2,943,932 925,039 -1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 36,633 186,648 2,176 28,010 24,784 384,423 77,762 2,021 10,200 2,928 881,259 881,259	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,5,150  2,200  178,500  500  500  530,000  62,500  3,1,10,1  34,900  17,500  480,000  122,000  122,000  127,000	365,000 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,890 930,700 12,200 12,200 25,500 260,000 260,000 100,000 20,000 100,000 21,500 100,000 21,500 21,500
East Const  Wedner Mahratta Hyderabad-Umarkot  Undar Probable lapse  Total  Ret Traffic Receipta  East Indian Didarnagar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warona Colliery Wardha Coal Bengal Nagour Katni-Umaria Umaria Cumaria Colliery Burma  Tonnghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eistern Bengal Tirhoot Sengal and North Western and Tirhoot Nalhati Patus-Gra Eengal Central Outh and Rohilkhand Benares Branch Inlian Midland Bernelly-Pilibhit Lucknow-Sitapur-Seramau Lucknow-Sitapur-Seramau Lucknow-Sareilly-Pilibnit Lucknow-Sitapur-Seramau Lucknow-Sareilly-Pilibnit Lucknow-Sareilly-Pilibnit Lucknow-Sareilly-Pilibnit Lucknow-Sareilly-North Western - Amritsar-Pathankot Sorth Indian	125,596 5,219,889 2,985,440 2,277 838,339 19,711 949 } 15,115 51,390 -1,276 118,413 -1,465 -2,135 334,223 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776	2,940,635 2,5:8 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813 155,200 -1,473 -2,498 477,292 74,350 3,213 28,374 7,927 106 10,455 2,792 3,307	2,781,173 2,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 — 2,541 124,365 — 644 257 — 1,496 500,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,242 120,230 620 28,642 7,275	6,884,440 2,791,493 917,358 3,736 542 24,844 70,981 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 1,85 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756 27,343 440,811 80,644 3,645 10,622	6,771,940  2,943,932  925,039  -1,657 -26,158  84,510 -10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 38,633 186,648 2,176 28,010 24,784 384,423 77,742 2,001 10,200 2,928 981,259 981,259 981,255 76,467	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,5,150  2,200  178,500  500  530,000  62,500  3,1,10,1  34,900  17,500  480,000  122,000  -20,500  1,270,000  11,200	3,133,890 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,890 930,706 3,400 260,000 9,600 260,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000
East Const  Wet Trafic Receipts.  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Companyara  Tomakati Patra-Companygunj E stern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal Nath Bengal And Watern and Tirhoot Nalhati Patra-Gya Bengal Central Oodh and Rohilkhand Bereatelly-Pilibhit Lucknow-Baranu Lucknow-Bareily North Western Amritsar-Pathankot	125,596 5,219,839 2,985,440 2,277 838,330 19,711 51,390 733 -1,276 118,413 -2,135 334,223 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776 1,035 2,451 449 1,043,339	2,940,635 2,594,187 21,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813 155,200 -1,473 -2,496 477,292 74,350 3,213 26,374 7,927 106 10,465 2,792 3,307 554,556 7,350	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 — 2,541 1124,365 — 644 257 — 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,242 120,230 28,542 2,765 620 38,542 2,765 830,664	6,884,440 2,791,493 917,358 3,736 542 24,844 70,961 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756 -27,343 } 440,811 80,644 3,655 10,632 1,049,181	6,771,940  2,943,932  925,039  -1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 38,633 184,648 21,176 28,010 24,764 384,423 77,762 2,061 10,200 2,928 981,259 981,259	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,5,150  2,200  178,500  500  500  530,000  62,500  3,1,10,1  34,900  17,500  480,000  122,000  122,000  127,000	3,133,890 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,890 930,706 3,400 260,000 9,600 260,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000
East Const  West Trafic Receipts  Fortal  Begin and Manmad's  Fortal  Fortal  Fest Indian  Didarnigar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa  Sindia  Bhopal  Warora Colliery  Wardin Coal  Bengal Nagpur  Katin-Umaria  Umaria Colliery  Burma  Tonnghoo-Mandalay  Mu Valley  Jorhat  Cherra-Companygunj  E istern Bengal  Tirhoot  Bengal North Western and Tirhoot  Nalhati  Patus-Gra  Bengal Central  Oudh and Rohilkhand  Benares Branch  Indian Midland  Breilly-Pilibhit  Lucknow-Bareilly  North Western  Anrissar-Pathankot  South Indian  Villupuram-Guntakal  Nellore Branch	125,596  5,219,859  2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949  15,115 51,390 733 -1,276 118,413 -1,465 -2,135 324,223 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776 1,035 2,451 449 1,045,339 9,538	2,940,635 2,594,187 21,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813 155,200 -1,473 -2,498 477,292 74,350 3,213 26,374 7,937 106 10,465 2,792 3,307 57,350 -2,338	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 533 27,119 26,459 — 2,541 124,365 — 644 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,242 120,230 620 21,242 120,230 620 21,242 120,230 620 38,542 2,754 7,275 830,664 8,738	6,884,440  2,791,493 917,358 3,736 542 24,844 70,981 3,990 143,582 40,747 -185 -1,437 635,410 120,629 2,650 26,756 27,343  440,811 80,644 3,655 10,622 1,049,181 10,154 -7,085	6,771,940  2,943,932  925,039  -1,657 -26,158  84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 401 -204 677,907 38,633 184,648 2,176 28,010 24,764 384,428 77,762 2,061 10,200 2,928 981,239 11,235 76,467 651 7,111	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,9500  5,180  313,000  2,200  179,300  500  500  530,000  62,500  3,,000  34,900  17,500  480,000  132,000  1,270,000  1,17,000  1,17,000  1,17,000  1,17,000  1,17,000  1,17,000  1,24,200	365,000 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,890 930,790 12,200 12,200 260,000 260,000 160,000 160,000 15,500 160,000 160,000 160,000 1,000 160,000
East Coact  Forthern Mahratos  Britanbad-Umarkos  Foduct - Probable lapse  Total  Ret Trafic Receipts  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur  Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Bengal Nagpur  Katin-Umaria Umaria Colliery Burma  Tounghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eistern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal Andrew Bengal Central Oudh and Rohilkhand Beneral Sanoch Indian Midland Berares Branch Indian Midland Berares Branch Indian Midland Berares Branch Indian Midland Sorth Indian Villupuram-Guntakal	125,596  5,219,859  2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949 15,115 51,380 738 -1,276 118,413 -1,465 -2,135 334,233 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776 1,035 2,451 1,043,359 9,538	2,940,635 2,594,187 21,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,475 8,813 155,200 -1,473 -2,498 477,292 74,350 3,213 25,274 7,937 106 10,465 2,792 3,307 57,350 -2,430 9	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365 - 644 - 257 - 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,242 120,230 21,242 120,230 28,642 2,756 620 830,664 8,738	6,884,440  2,791,493 917,358 3,736 542 24,844 70,481 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756 27,343  440,811 80,644 3,655 10,652 1,049,181 10,154	2,943,932 925,039 -1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 36,633 186,648 2,176 28,010 24,764 384,428 77,762 2,061 10,200 2,928 81,259 981,255 76,467 651	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,5,150  2,200  178,500  500  530,000  62,500  3,1,00  480,000  122,000  1,75,000  1,270,000  1,270,000  1,200	365,000 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,890 930,790 3,400 12,204 5,500 325,000 260,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 21,500 480,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 22,000 100,000 22,000 100,000 23,500 260,000 27,500 28,
East Coast  Dhond and Manmad*  Southern Mahratta Hyderabad-Umarkot  Deduct - Probable lapse  Total  Ret Traffic Receipta  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardin Coal Bengal-Nagpur Kathi-Umaria Umaria Colliery Burma  Tonnghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eastern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal and North Western and Tirhoot Nalhati Patus-Gya Bengal Central Oudh and Rohilkhand Benares Branch In lian Midland Bareilly-Pilibhit Lucknow-Sitapur-Seramau Lucknow-Bareilly North Western Amritsar-Pathankot South Indian Villupuram-Guntakal	125,596  5,219,859  2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949  15,115 51,380 738  -1,276 118,413  -1,465 -2,135 334,233 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776  1,035 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 2,4	5,591,187  2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 - 1,475 8,813 155,200 - 1,473 - 2,498 477,292 74,330 3,213 28,374 7,927 106 10,455 2,792 10,455 2,793 554,556 7,350 - 4,309 - 2,338 9,055	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365 - 644 - 257 - 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,243 120,230 28,642 2,756 8,738 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494	6,884,440  2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,481 3,990 143,582 40,747 -185 -1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756 27,343  440,811 80,644 3,655 10,622 1,049,181 10,154 -7,085 -1,554 24,943	6,771,940  2,943,932  925,039  -1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 38,633 184,648 21,76 28,010 24,764 384,423 77,762 2,001 10,200 2,928 11,225 76,467 7,111 -28,322 1,636 -24,313	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  178,500  79,300  -2,200  178,500  313,000  -2,500  1,17,500  480,000  132,000  -20,500  1,270,000  11,200  224,200  -35,360  27,500  22,750  -29,600	365,000 7,703 7,878,850 930,700 3,133,890 930,700 12,200 9,600 260,000 20,800 20,800 21,500 480,000 160,000 1,000,000 2,200 2,500 2,
East Coast  Dhond and Manmad*  Southern Mahratta Hylerabad-Umarkot  Didact - Probable lapse  Total  Ret Traffic Receipta  East Indian Didarnagar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardha Coal Bengal-Nagpur Katai-Umaria Umaria Colliery Burma  Tonnghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eastern Bengal Tirhoot Bengal and North Western and Tirhoot Nalhati Patus-Gya Bengal Central Outh and Rohilkhand Benares Branch In lian Midland Berarelly-Pitibhit Lucknow-Siapur-Seramau Lucknow-Siapur-Seramau Lucknow-Siapur-Seramau Lucknow-Bareilly North Western Amritsar-Pathankot South Indian Villupuram-Guntakal	125,596  5,219,859  2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949  15,115 51,390 738  -1,276 118,413  -1,465 -2,135 334,223 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776  1,035 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 3,4	5,594,187  2,940,635 2,589 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 -1,473 155,200 -1,473 -2,498 477,293 74,350 3,213 28,374 7,927 106 10,465 2,793 3,307 554,556 7,330 -4,309 -2,338 9,055	6,059,256  2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 -2,541 124,365 -644 257 -1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,249 120,230 620 28,642 2,756 7,275 830,664 8,738	6,884,440  2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,961 3,990 143,582 40,747 — 185 — 1,437 635,410 120,629 26,756 27,343  440,811 80,644 10,154 - 7,085 - 10,588 1,544	2,943,932 925,039 -1,657 -26,158 84,510 -10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 38,633 184,648 2,176 25,010 24,794 384,423 77,762 2,061 10,200 3,928 981,239 111,235 76,467 7,111	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500 1,092,500 1,9500 1,5,150 2,200 178,500 79,300 -500 500 530,000 -62,500 3,1,00 17,500 480,000 132,000 -20,500 1,270,000 11,200 224,200 -23,750 -29,600 1130,600	3,133,890 7,703 7,878,850 3,133,890 930,700 3,4000 260,000 200,000 100
East Const Under Mahmad* Southern Mahratta Hyderabad-Umarkot Under Probable lapse  Total  Ret Traffic Receipta  East Indian Didarnigar-Ghazipur Rajputana-Malwa Sindia Bhopal Warora Colliery Wardha Coal Bengal Nagour Katni-Umaria Umaria Colliery Burma  Tounghoo-Mandalay Mu Valley Jorhat Cherra-Companygunj Eistern Bengal Tirhoot Nalbati Patus-Gra Bengal and North Western and Tirhoot Nalbati Patus-Gra Bengal Central Outh and Rohilkhand Benares Branch Inlian Midland Berners Branch Inlian Midland Berners Branch Lucknow-Sitapur-Seramau Lucknow-Sareilly-Filibhit Lucknow-Sareilly-Filibhit Lucknow-Sareilly-Sareilly-Filibhit Lucknow-Sareilly-Sareilly-Filibhit Lucknow-Sareilly-Sareilly-Filibhit Villupuram-Guntakal	125,596  5,219,859  2,985,440 2,277 838,329 19,711 949  15,115 51,380 738  -1,276 118,413  -1,465 -2,135 334,233 61,338 1,943 25,747 -8,776  1,035 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 1,045 2,451 2,4	5,591,187  2,940,635 2,538 791,142 24,417 519 9,993 50,717 - 1,475 8,813 155,200 - 1,473 - 2,498 477,292 74,330 3,213 28,374 7,927 106 10,455 2,792 10,455 2,793 554,556 7,350 - 4,309 - 2,338 9,055	2,781,173 2,409 933,409 19,377 535 27,119 26,459 - 2,541 124,365 - 644 - 257 - 1,496 590,4-4 74,600 1,918 26,109 21,243 120,230 28,642 2,756 8,738 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494 - 3,494	6,884,440  2,791,493 917,356 3,736 542 24,844 70,481 3,990 143,582 40,747 -185 -1,437 635,410 120,629 2,850 26,756 27,343  440,811 80,644 3,655 10,622 1,049,181 10,154 -7,085 -1,554 24,943	6,771,940  2,943,932  925,039  -1,657 -26,158 84,510 10,298 168,833 85,032 -401 -204 677,907 38,633 184,648 21,76 28,010 24,764 384,423 77,762 2,001 10,200 2,928 11,225 76,467 7,111 -28,322 1,636 -24,313	-100,000  8,143,200  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,092,500  1,5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  5,150  178,500  79,300  -2,200  178,500  313,000  -2,500  1,17,500  480,000  132,000  -20,500  1,270,000  11,200  224,200  -35,360  27,500  22,750  -29,600	365,000 7,703 7,878,850 930,700 3,133,890 9,000 12,200 260,000 260,000 100,000 20,000 480,000 1,000 100,000 22,000 1,000,000 22,000 1,000,000 22,000 1,000,000 22,000 1,000,000 22,000 1,000,000 22,000 1,000,000 22,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000

<sup>\*</sup> The working of this line was transferred to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway from 1st January 1881; the Government of India only receives a

TABLE IX.—GROSS RECEIPTS, Working Expenses, and Net Earnings of Irrigation—Major Works, for Five Years ending 1890-91, with Revised Estimate for 1891-92, and Budget Estimate for 1892-93.

	•			<b>A</b>	CTUAL	s.		Revised Estimate,	Budget Estimate
	<u> </u>		1886-87	1887 88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890–91.	1891–92.	1802-93
	•		Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rr.	$R\dot{x}$ .	Rx.	D
DIRECT RECEIPTS:				22,304	24,351	30,422	34,501	33,800	Rx.
Orissa Canals	, <u> </u>		1	23,438	25,180	27,761	23,720	24,760	33,800 23,500
Midnapore Canal Hidgellee Tidal Canal -				4,186	5,517	4,195	2,804	4,500	6,000
Sone Canals				60,395	84,389	89,750	73,648	81,200	83,500
Ganges Canal		- •		197,254	213,014	199,141	248,974	256,200	213,000
Lower Ganges Canal -	<del>-</del> . , <del>-</del>	<u>-</u> -		106,614 48,148	123,382 46,622	133,309 56,566	140,604 61,390	177,000 59,500	133,000 53,200
Agra Canal	- <u>-</u>		0.,000	70,305	71,154	63,514	83,255	81,000	72,000
Betwa Canal				3,057	7,313	7,585	7,455	10,000	8,000
Western Jumna Canal -				135,366	90,170	113,116	160,321	150,000	135,000
Chenab Canal				25 126,141	3,768 139,232	7,711 139,663	9,793 149,559	10,000	17,000 191,80
Bari Doab Canul Sirlind Canal			,	69,900	113,233	133,917	168,523	200,000	220,000
Swat River Canal	-			10,326	22,753	24,941	25,048	20,000	25,600
Godavari Delta System -				12,431	10,653	11,492	12,236	11,000	11,000
Kistna Delta System -			3,791	4,394	4.669	4,502	5,047	5,000	5,000
Sangam Anicut System -	· •		3,795	9,697	142 7,037	91 5,193	127 2,803	100 2,700	100 4,000
Desert Canal Begari Canal		: :		2,549	5,097	4,404	2,836	2,300	2,700
Begari Canai			1,772	1,599	1,681	1,753	2,206	2,000	1,900
Mutha Canals			18,340	18,958	21,640	20,625	21,881	20,900	21,500
Nira Canal	• •		274	768	1,029	2,756	3,609	4,100	6,000
Other projects			17,041	29,020	39,776	50,177	44,843	47,600	55,600
•	TOTAL		909,824	950,961	1,061,802	1,132,584	1,284,683	1,371,600	1,323,200
	<b>D</b>		,						
Portion of Land Irrigation:	REVENUE	DUE TO		•	- 	-	`		
Ganges Canal	<u> </u>		44,301	44,801	44,301	54,731	66,446	67,700	67,70
Lower Ganges Canal -		-, -	2,	20,783	20,959	20,959	20,959	21,000	21,000
Eastern Jumna Canal -			22,153 5,832	22,154 5,140	22,153 5,275	22,153 4,737	23,292 2,368	24,400	24,400
Western Jumna Canal - Bari Doab Canal		: :	60,497	37,526	40,469	42,467	44,046	24,500	_
Godavari Delta System -				183,853	195,920	200,371	204,703	204,600	210,400
Kistna Delta System -			113,667	132,273	142,362	150,618	167,461	167,900	168,000
Sangam Anicut System -			5,824	8,041	8,541	12,000	12,946	14,800	14,800
Desert Canal			6,072 19,377	8,254 19,391	11,030 25,223	13,120 22,498	12,854 18,922	6,400 15,900	15,100 22,600
Begari Canal			22,753	28,020	34,586	42,908	38,890	44,700	47,900
Mutha Canals	-, -,		-476	468	<i>—562</i>	-538	<u>595</u>	'!	<u> </u>
Nira Canal	•, •		-6	-31	-44 700,000	<i>—1£</i> 8°	-171 96,875	97,600	112,500
Other projects	- <del>-</del>		98,552	93,318	120,828	103,870		<b></b>	
	TOTAL		597,469	602,555	671,041	689,766	<b>7</b> 08,996	689,500	704,400
· · ·				. ,				-	
•					٦			*	
TOTAL REVENUE:						:			-0.00
Orissa Canals			17,961	22,304	24,351	30,422 27,761	34,501 23,720	33,800 24,700	33,800 23,500
Midnapore Canul Hidgellee Tidul Canal -			23,419 5,440	23,438 4,186	25,180   5,51 <b>7</b>	4,195	2,804	4,500	6,000
Sone Canals				60,395	84,389	89,750	73,648	81,200	83,500
Ganges Canal			265,227	241,555	257,315	253,872	315,420	323,900	280,700
Lower Ganges Canal	· • •		126,449	127,397	144,341	154,268	161,563	198,000	154,600
Agra Canal		<u></u>	(/2,000	48,148	46,622	56,566 85,667	61,390 106,547	59,500 105,400	53,200 96,400
Eastern Jumna Canal - Betwa Canal				92,459 3,05 <b>7</b>	93,30 <b>7</b> 7, <b>3</b> 13	7,585	7,455	103,400	8,000
Western Jumna Canal -				140,506	95,445	117,858	162,689	150,000	135,000
Chenab Canal	• , •			25	3,768	7,711	9,798	10,000	17,000
Bari Doab Canal	- "			163,667	179,701	182,130	193,605	192,500 200,000	191,800 220.000
Sirbind Canal	-			69,900 10,326	113,233 22,753	133,917 24,941	168,523 25,048	200,000	25,600
Godavari Delta System -			,-,-	196,284	206,573	211,863	216,939	215,600	221,400
Kistna Delta System -			/	136,667	147,031	155,120	172,508	172,900	173,000
Sangam Anicut System -		٠, -	1 7/17	8,127	8,683	12,091	13,073	14,900	14,900
Desert Canal Begari Canal				11,951	18,067	18,313 26,902	15,657 21,758	9,100 18,200	19.100 25,300
Eastern Nara Works -				21,940 29,619	30,320 36.267	44,661	41,096	46,700	49,800
Mutha Canals			,	18,490	21,078	20,087	21,286	20,900	21,500
Nira Canal	• •			737 122,338	985. 160,604	2,628 154,047	3,438 141,218	4,100 145,200	6,000 168,100
			1 10.093	122.008	100,004	101,04/	474,410	4 40) 600	*****
Other projects	TOTAL		1,507,293	1,553,516	1,732,843	1,822,350	1,993,679	2,061,100	2,027,600

TABLE IX.—GROSS RECEIPTS, WORKING EXPENSES and Net Earnings of Irrigation, &c.—continued.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• .			<b>A</b>	CTUAL	s.		Revised Estimate,	Budget Estimate
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1886-87.	1887–88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890–91.	1891–92.	1892-93
	• • •			_	_	_	_		
Working Expense	<b>6</b> :		Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rs.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Orissa Canals		_	50,193	48,131	38,717	43,170	43,946	39,100	42,00
Midnapore Canal	<b>-</b>		22,637	24,007	20,035	20,067	19,925	26,800	23,00
Hidgellee Tidal Canal -		-	2,284	6,490	7,535	2,572	5,197	5,100	3,90
Sone Canals			58,146	71,731	75,522	69,747	66,059	71,300	68,40
Ganges Canal		_	85,535	88,300	91,931	95,789	104,495	102,500	98,30
Lower Ganges Canal -		_	- 79,186	86,397	96,850	90,792	88,981	84,400	90,40
Agra Canal		-	28,337	24,478	24,113	25,975	23,225	24,700	23,80
Eastern Jumna Canal -		-	20,562	19,266	25,467	24,718	29,804	30,600	31,20
Betwa Canal		-	6,995	8,295	10,444	10,721	10,534	10,000	10,20
Western Jumna Canal -		-	48,869	55,527	47,536	47,917.	56,050	49,500	48,00
Chenab Canal		÷		5,733 _	7,835	9,823	8,951	12,000	19,00
Bari Doab Canal		_	55,781	49,665	56,561	56,970	56,593	71,800	67,50
Sirhind Canal		-	23,071	34,537	53,647	60,404	58,600	55,000	57,50
Swat River Canal		-	5,243	8,375	8,745	9,221	10,247	10,500	7,50
Godavari Delta System -		<b>-</b> ,	48,594	51,680	52,221	46,792	56,050	50,700	49,60
Kistna Delta System -		-	32,514	32,663	32,299	36,552	38,576	40,800	39,40
Sangam Anicut System -	'- , - · -	-	2,577	4,369	4,170	4,830	5,213	4,800	4,30
Desert Canal			4,075	4,041	2,718	3,690	3,715	10,800	7,40
Begari Canal		-	5,300	6,126	6,452	7,583	6,052	6,500	7,10
Eastern Nara Works -		-	6,443	5,474	8,393	8,266	9,375	8,400	9,50
Mutha Canuls		-	6,838	6,034	6,246	7,712	7,085	7,600	7,70
Nira Canal		. <b>-</b>	1,822	1,673	1,716	2,466	2,734	3,600	3,20
Other projects			31,771	84,615	42,523	41,781	47,006	46,300	52,10
	Тотат		626,773	677,607	721,676	727,558	758,413	772,800	771,00
<b></b>	· .								
NET REVENUE:		-	- 32,232	25,827	14,366	12,748	<u> </u>	<i>—5,300</i>	8,20
Midnapore Canal	· · · ·	_	782	569	5,145	7,694	3,795	-2,100	- 50
Hidgellee Tidal Canal -		- <u>-</u>	3,156	-2,304	2,018	1,623	-2,393	-600	2,10
Sone Canals			33,697	-11,336	8,867	20,003	7,589	9,900	15,10
Ganges Canal		-	179,692	153,255	165,384	158,083	210,925	221,400	182,40
Lower Ganges Canal -		-	47,263	41,000	47,491	63,476	72,582	113,600	63,60
Agra Canal			33,001	23,670	22,509	30,591	88,165	34,800	29,40
Bastern Jumna Canal 🥕	,-	-	71,455	73,193	67,840	60,949	76,743	74,800	65,20
Retwa Canal	• • •	-	-4,925	5,238	3,131	-3,136	-3,079		2,20
Western Juinna Canal -		-	40,861	84,979	47,909	69,936	106,639	100,500	87,00
Chenab Canal		-		5,708	<b>-4,067</b> .	-2,112	842	<b>—2,000</b>	2,00
Bari Doah Canal	·	-	133,854	114,002	123,140	125,160	137,012	120,700	124,30
Sirbind Canal		-	12,420	35,363	59,586	73,513	109,923	145,000	162,50
Swat River Canal	- '	•	-2,571	1,951	14,008	15,720	14,801	9,500	18,10
Godavari Delta System -		· -	140,147	144,604	154,352	165,071	160,889	164,900	171,80
Kistna Delta System 🛭 -		-	84,944	104,004	114,732	118,568	133,932	132,100	133,60
		-	3,247	3,758	4,513	7,261	7,860	10,100	10,60
	-, - :-	•	5,732	7,910	15,349	14,623	11,942	· <b>1,</b> 700	11,70
Desert Canal		-	18,621	15,814	23,868	19,319	15,706	11,700	18,20
Desert Canal Begari Canal	. <del>-</del>		18,082	24,145	27,874	36,395	31,721	38,300	40,90
Desert Canal Begari Canal Eastern Nara Works -		-	i .			1000	14001	10000	19 90
Sangam Anicut System - Desert Canal Begari Canal Eastern Nara Works - Mutha Canals	 	-	11,026	12,456	14,832	12,375	14,201	13,300	10,00
Desert Canal Begari Canal Eastern Nara Works - Mutha Canals Nira Canal			-1,554	936	<i>731</i>	162	704	500	13,80 2,80
Desert Canal Begari Canal Eastern Nara Works - Mutha Canals			1.			7	l .		

## CAPITAL ACCOUNT OF GUARANTEED AND SUBSIDISED RAILWAYS.

TABLE X.—ABSTRACT of BUDGET ESTIMATES of CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS of GUARANTEED and Subsidised Railways, 1891-92 and 1892-93.

	AMOUNT IN RUPEES.			AMOUNT OF EXCHANGE.			AMOUNT IN POUNDS STERLING.		
RAILWAYS.	1891-92.		Budget,	1891-92.		Budget,	1891-92.		Budget,
	Budget.	Revised.	1892-93.	Budget.	Revised.	1892-93.	Budget.	Revised.	1892–93.
GUARANTEED RAILWAYS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	£.	£.	£.
RECEIPTS.	23,00,000	02 50 000	01 50 000	1 (10 000		•	1		
Madros	25,50,000 25,50,000	23,50,000	21,50,000	1,92,000	1,96,000	1,79,000	210,800	215,400	197,100
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India - Great Indian Peninsula	68,00,000	26,25,000 79,50,000	27,00,000 72,65,000	2,12,000 5,67,000	2,19,000	2,25,000	233,800	240,600	247,500
Α -					6,62,000	6,05,000	623,300	728,800	666,000
TOTAL	1,16,50,000	1,29,25,000	1,21,15,000	9,71,000	10,77,000	10,09,000	1,067,900	1,184,800	1,110,600
ADVANCES.				_	-			-	
Madras	22,00,000	20,00,000	23,00,000	1,84,000	1,67,000	1,92,000	201,600	183,300 -	210,800
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India -	15,00,000	13,75,000	16,00,000	1,25,000	1,15,000	1,33,000	137,500	126,000	146,700
Great Indian Peniusula	45,00,000	37,00,000	45,70,000	3,75,000	3,08,000	3,80,000	412,500	339,200	419,000
TOTAL	82,00,000.	70,75,000	84,70,000	6,84,000	5,90,000	7,05,000	751,600	648,500	776,500
W Duggynna							. ,		
NET RECEIPTS.	1,00,000	3,50,000	1,50,000	8,000	29,000	13,000	9,200	32,100	13,700
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India	10,50,000	12,50,000	11,00,000	87,000	1,04,000	92,000	96,300	114,600	100,800
Great In lian Peninsula	23,00,000	42,50,000	26,95,000	1,92,000	3,54,000	2,25,000	210,800	389,600	247,000
Total	34,50,000	58,50,000	96,45,000	2,87,000	4,87,000	3,04,000	316,300	536,300	334,100
• •	04,00,000	00,00,000	00,40,000	2,07,000	4,07,000	0,04,000	010,000	000,000	004,100
SUBSIDISED RAILWAYS.  RECEIPTS.							-		
Capital received in India:			•		• .				_
Nilgiri Railway	14,00,000	3,50,000	16,00,000	• •	, <del>-</del> -		140,000	35,000	160,000
Lucknow-Bareilly		20,34,000	•	• •	4,25,630			160,837	_
Gain on Remittances to India: Southern Mahratta				<b>3</b> 9,000	<b>33,</b> 000	1,33,000	<b>—3,</b> 800	-3,300	13,300
Mysore			<u>-</u>				_	_	
Bengal Assam	_ ÷			_	_ `	_	_	_	
Indian Midland	_ :	_		1,07,000	96,000	1,50,000	10,700	-9,600	—i5,000
Bengal Central				800			—80	_	_
Bengal-Nagpur				1,96,000	1,74,000	3,19,000	19,60ó	-17,400	-31,900
Lucknow-Bareilly				21,600	20,000	15,000	-2,160	2,000	1,500
TOTAL '-	14,00,000	23,84,000	16,00,000	3,63,400	7,48,630	6,17,000	103,660	163,537	98,300
WITHDRAWALS.		1	<u> </u>	· · ·	<u> </u>				
Southern Mahratta	5,00,000	2,88,000	2,28,000	83,000	48,000	38,000	41,700	24,000	.19,000
Mysore	, 7,38,000	2,50,000	6,55,000	1,84,500	63,000	1,64,000	55,350	18,700	49,100
Bengal Assam		-	50,00,000			16,67,000	- \ -		333,300
Indian Midland	14,50,000	8,57,000	9,47,000	2,90,000	1,71,000	1,89,000	116,000	68,600	75,800
Bengal Central	8,49,000	1	1	1,00,000	57,000	29,000	24,900	14,300	7,100
Bengal-Nagpur	24,65,000	1	1	5,69,000	8,54,000	5,54,000	189,600	284,600	184,600
Lucknow-Bareilly	4,57,000	1	1	91,000	76,000	30,000	36,600	30,400	12,000
Nilgiri Railway	14,00,000		<u> </u>		10.00.000	20.71.000	140,000	45,000	160,000
TOTAL	73,59,000	f1,25,000	1,10,80,000	13,17,500	12,69,000	26,71,000	604,150	485,600	840,900
Net Withdrawals	59,59,000	37,41,000	94,80,000	9,54,100	5,20,370	20,54,000	500,490	322,063	742;600
GUARANTEED AND SUBSIDISED RAILWAYS.				-					,
Net Withdrawals	25,09,000	-21,09,000	58,35,000	6,67,100	1 '	17,50,000	184,190	-214,237	408,500