

Census of India, 1941

VOLUME XXII

JAMMU AND KASHMIR

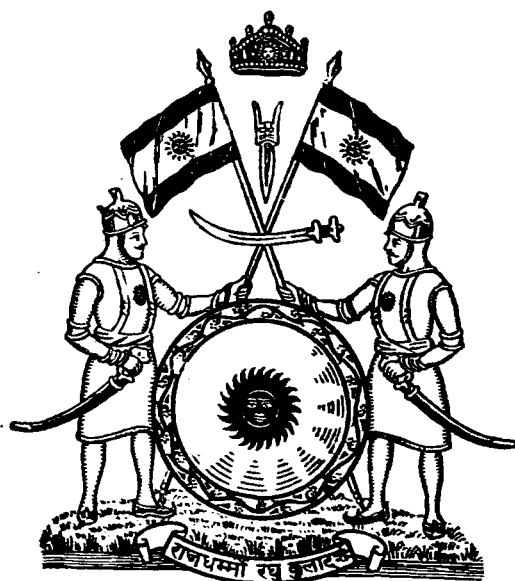
PART III

VILLAGE TABLES AND HOUSING STATISTICS

BY

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CENSUS COMMISSIONER, JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATE



JAMMU:

Printed under the supervision of
J. Sharma. c. p. c. Tech., M. P. G. (Manchester), Superintendent, The Ranbir Govt. Press.

VILLAGE TABLES AND HOUSING STATISTICS 1941.

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ERRATA.

Page 92, in column 2 against serial No. 83 *for* word "Tehr" *read* "Deher".

Pages 300 and 302, in the column pertaining to spellings adopted in Village Tables 1941 against serial No. 53 *for* word "Trihgam" *read* "Trehagam", and in the same column on page 302 against serial No. 417 *for* the words "Lali Shath" *read* "Lati Shath" and against serial No. 130 *for* the words "Kuhun Babagund" *read* "Kunanbabagund".

Page 304, in column 2 against serial No. 17 *for* the words "Raj ora Thandakasi" *read* "Rajpora Thandakasi".

Page 312, in column No. 2 against serial No. 232 *for* the words "Mengirpora Makhama" *read* "Nengirpora Makhama".

Page 340, in the column pertaining to spellings adopted in Village Tables 1941 against serial Nos. 342 and 468 *for* the words "Ropora Wamtahal" and "Dragum Khasipora" *read* "Ropora-namtahal" and "Dregam Khasipora".

Page 382, in the column for spellings adopted in Village Tables 1941 against serial No. 3 *for* the words "Porayat Gangangir" *read* "Porayat Gagangir".

Page 398, in column 1 just under serial No. 298 *for* the figures "399" *read* the figures "299".

Page 424, in the column for spellings adopted in Village Tables 1941 against serial No. 291 *for* the words "Darnan Dubedar" *read* "Darnan Dubdrah".

Page VI (Introductory), in the headings *for* the word "diference" in column 4 *read* the word "difference".

Page 481, in line 5 of paragraph 3 of the first column *for* the word "mountainons" *read* the word "mountainous".

INTRODUCTORY.

Village Tables have been produced in the past as a sort of by-product ; they were given no place in the several volumes which constituted previous Census Reports. Whilst the main volumes of the Report were well produced and well printed in English, the Village Tables did not receive the same attention and were printed in Persian characters on rather inferior paper. When the Census Commissioner for India decided that Provincial and State Census Reports on this occasion should consist of an essay of about one hundred pages or less—as distinct from a detailed discussion of each Imperial Table chapter by chapter running into about 400 pages—it was decided to develop the Village Tables into a volume of greater local interest and to give therein notes on the more important aspects of village life. As Provincial and State Census Commissioners were requested to collect information regarding drinking-water supply, markets, fairs and housing conditions etc., the development of the old Village Tables into a part of the main Census Report became essential if proper use were to be made of all the material available. Thus, 'Village Tables and Housing Statistics' at this Census become Part III of the Census Report.

At an early stage we experienced difficulties. When the Village Tables for 1931 were scrutinised it was found they contained many errors in the spelling of village names due, presumably, to clerical and printing errors. The Director of Land Records and the Revenue Commissioner were both asked to supply a list of villages in each district of the State correctly spelt in English. As neither office possessed such a list, the Revenue Commissioner instructed all District Officers to send lists of all villages in the tehsils within their respective districts to the Direction Office of the Census Department as promptly as possible ; in due course all were received. In presenting these Village Tables we have endeavoured to reconcile the spelling of village names adopted on this occasion in English with those given in the 1931 Tables in the Vernacular by means of notes. But it is beyond doubt that many names are still wrongly spelt inspite of all our efforts. The spelling of place names given in the lists supplied by District Officers differs in many cases not only with the spelling given in 1931 but also with the spelling given on the enumeration slips and again with that given on the latest territorial maps of the Jammu and Kashmir State produced

by the Survey Department of the Government of India. It is impossible to produce these tables with village names correctly spelt in the absence of an authoritative list of villages spelt in English according to the spelling given on Survey of India maps or that accepted as correct by His Highness' Government.

District notes precede each set of Village Tables which are given by tehsils for each district ; separate tables are given for the two cities, Jammu and Srinagar. The details given in these notes have been taken partly from the tables themselves, as will be obvious, and partly from reports collected from Charge Superintendents, Tehsil Census Officers and District Census Officers, local representatives of the public and from personal knowledge of local conditions. The figures taken from the tables are naturally accurate but the same cannot be claimed for all details taken from the many notes received although every effort has been made to avoid error or mis-statement. Those with special and detailed knowledge of any subject or locality will detect such mistakes as there may be with respect to the number of schools, dispensaries etc.; but it must be realised that these notes relate to conditions obtaining at the time of the Census operations, that is to say, up to the end of 1940. Since additions, changes and improvements are taking place continuously, it is quite impossible to bring such notes up-to-date before going to press.

In discussing the means of subsistence and indebtedness we have not had access to any upto-date information on the subject such as a report based on a detailed economic survey directed to elicit the facts ; we have had to rely on Settlement Reports which are out of date and even when written did not claim accuracy in this respect. In addition, we have had the benefit of local opinion which in every case denied ability to give any exact information. In these circumstances, it is not surprising if we have had to be content to draw conclusions and to generalise.

The figures for literates were taken from the Enumerators' Abstracts whereas those given in Imperial Table XI were extracted by tabulation from the actual enumeration slips ; for this reason there are bound to be some differences. The differences represent the difference in opinion

between the many individual enumerators and the staff of the Tabulation Office as to the interpretation of the definition of literacy. As the staff of the Tabulation Office were obliged to adhere strictly to the interpretation given to them, the figures in Imperial Table XI must be accepted as correct and those here produced held to be defective to the extent of the difference exposed. As the matter is of considerable local interest a statement is produced at the end of these introductory notes setting forth the differences by tehsils and districts.

It is hoped that nothing in the district notes will be construed as criticism of His Highness' Government but the facts had to be stated candidly; any other approach would destroy entirely any value the notes may have. Few have had a better opportunity than the writer to ponder the conditions obtaining in each district and to appreciate what great improvements have been brought about by His Highness' Government in a comparatively short time. Since the accession of His Highness Maharaja Shri Harisinghji Bahadur in 1925 tremendous changes have been made for the better administration of the State and for the amelioration of the conditions under which His Highness' subjects live. Development takes time and costs money and improvements in connection with roads and communications, irrigation, education, medical facilities, drinking-water supplies etc., etc., can not be effected without large expenditure of both. Conditions of life have changed rapidly in the last few generations and the leeway of half a century cannot be made up at once. Even since the district notes produced in this volume were written His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur has issued commands for important projects to be undertaken to improve conditions which have been the subject of criticism and suggestion in

these notes, *c. g.*, the construction of a bridge over the Ujh river on the road between Jammu and Kathua and the provision of a special grant amounting to Rs. 25,000 from His Highness' private funds to improve the supplies of drinking water in Kandi Illaqa. The district notes have reference to a period ending with the year 1940. In the short period since that date some of the beneficent intentions of His Highness' Government have been translated into fact. Educational and medical facilities are being improved continuously, new roads are under construction in several districts. If the present tempo is maintained a vast improvement will have been effected by the end of 1950 when the next Census will become due.

This volume of Village Tables with its District Notes and Housing Statistics constitutes a departure in Census work in the State and an endeavour to give in handy form a considerable amount of local information about each district. It has its limitations and defects; these are realised by no one more fully than the author. At the next Census it should be possible to remedy the more obvious defects, give more exact information on the subjects dealt with and extend the scope of this volume.

The production of the Village Tables in their present form and the preparation of the district notes which accompany them have involved an enormous amount of extra work—far more than was anticipated. The credit for any success which has been achieved must go in great measure to my staff who have had to work very hard to make it possible to produce this part of the report within a reasonable time; detailed reference to their efforts is made in Part IV of the report—Administration.

R. G. WREFORD,

CENSUS COMMISSIONER,

His Highness' Government, Jammu and Kashmir.

SRINAGAR; }
May 6th 1942. }

A comparative statement of the figures for literates as given in the Village Tables and Imperial Table XI respectively.

Name of Tehsil.	Village Tables.	Imperial Table XI.	Difference.
Jammu District	45681	43760	1921
Jammu City	22863	22412	
Jammu Tehsil	7232	7507	
Samba	4885	3958	
Sri Ranbirsinghpura	6796	6294	
Akhnur	3905	3589	
Kathua District	10259	9631	628
Kathua	3065	3040	
Jasmergarh	2859	2682	
Basohli	4335	3909	
Udhampur District	16386	15201	1185
Udhampur	4138	4201	
Kishtwar	3388	2919	
Ramban	2680	2352	
Ramnagar	2902	2426	
Bhadrawah	3278	3303	
Reasi District	10838	9053	1785
Reasi	5409	4837	
Rampur Rajouri	5429	4216	
Mirpur District	29005	25873	3132
Kotli	5719	5207	
Mirpur	11578	10349	
Bhimbar	11708	10317	
Chenani Jagir	347	388	-41
Chenani Jagir	347	388	
Poonch Jagir	26674	22913	3761
Bagh	10385	8527	
Sadhnuti	6043	5472	
Haveli	7287	6410	
Mendhar	2959	2504	
Baramulla District	26758	23827	2931
Uttarmachipura (Handwara)	13195	11900	
Baramulla	8410	7402	
Sri Pratapsinghpura (Badgam)	5153	4525	
Anantnag District	75258	67606	7650
Srinagar City	45542	41556	
Khas Tehsil	4967	4620	
Pulwama (Awantipura)	6077	5680	
Kulgam	7245	6094	
Anantnag	11425	9656	

Name of Tehsil.					Village Tables.	Imperial Table XI.	Diference.
Muzaffarabad District	..	..	..	..	15257	13805	1452
Muzaffarabad	..	..	..	..	8788	8360	
Uri	..	..	..	..	4501	3708	
Karnah	..	..	..	..	1968	1737	
Ladakh District	..	..	..	..	5050	4592	458
Ladakh	..	..	..	..	2484	2454	
Kargil	..	..	..	..	1210	1105	
Skardu	..	..	..	..	1356	1033	
Astore District	..	..	..	..	667	573	94
Astore	..	..	..	..	667	573	
Gilgit (Leased Area)	..	..	..	..	1186	1162	24
Gilgit (Leased Area)	..	..	..	..	1186	1162	
Gilgit Agency	..	..	..	..	1155	Information not available.	
Chilas	..	..	..	..	376		
Nagar	..	..	..	..	139		
Hunza	..	..	..	..	249		
Punial	..	..	..	..	118		
Ishkoman	..	..	..	..	31		
Yasin	..	..	..	..	65		
Kuh Ghizar	..	..	..	..	177		

CENSUS OF INDIA 1941

VOLUME XXII

JAMMU & KASHMIR STATE

PART III

VILLAGE TABLES

JAMMU DISTRICT

Jammu District consists of the four tehsils Akhnoor, Jammu, Sri Ranbirsinghpura and Samba running in that order roughly from the north-west of the district to the south-east. The Bhimber Tehsil of the Mirpur District lies to the west and partly to the north of Akhnoor Tehsil; on the north-east of Akhnoor lies Reasi. On the north the district is bounded by parts of both Reasi and Udhampur Tehsils. On the east it is bounded partly by the Ramnagar Tehsil of Udhampur District and partly by the Jasmergarh Tehsil of Kathua District. The southern boundary of Akhnoor Tehsil, the western boundary of Jammu Tehsil, the west and south of Ranbirsinghpura and the south of Samba Tehsil all march with the Sialkot District of the Punjab. Jammu, though a comparatively small district in area, 1147 sq. miles, thus touches all the other four districts of the Jammu Province and all its tehsils border the Punjab. The areas of the four tehsils are Akhnoor 317 sq. miles, Jammu 346, inclusive of Jammu City which is roughly $\frac{1}{2}$ sq. mile, Sri Ranbirsinghpura 157 and Samba 327. In the whole State only Kathua District is smaller than Jammu. Sri Ranbirsinghpura is the smallest tehsil in the State. The whole area is included in the Natural Division known as 'The Sub-montane tract'. Sri Ranbirsinghpura and the southern parts of Akhnoor and Samba are practically a part of the Punjab plains whereas the centre and northern part of Samba and most

of the Akhnoor and Jammu Tehsils are typical foothills country. Jammu City on the edge of the foothills stands at an elevation of 1030 ft. above sea level.

The climate of the whole area is similar to that of the adjacent Sialkot District of the Punjab except that Jammu being nearer to the mountains, is cooler at night in the summer. The period from November to March is pleasant. Rainfall is not always sufficient and timely; a considerable percentage of the crops in the vicinity of the canals is irrigated but large tracts of Kandi areas suffer considerably for lack of water. The rivers of the district are the Chenab and the Jammu Tawi. Canal systems take water from both. The Tawi flows through the centre of Jammu Tehsil. The Chenab enters Akhnoor Tehsil from Reasi and flows on between the Akhnoor and Jammu Tehsils to enter the Punjab north of Sialkot. There are many small streams in the district typical of all foothills country; they are mostly of little use for irrigational purposes and are practically dry except in the rains when for a short while they become raging torrents and cause considerable damage to property by inundation and erosion.

Jammu City is at the terminus of a branch line of the North Western Railway which runs from Sialkot and passes through the Sri

Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil. The main road from the Punjab to Kashmir is parallel to the railway as far as Jammu City. It then crosses the splendid bridge over the Tawi, the largest bridge in the State, and continues through the Jammu Tehsil to the Udhampur District and onwards over the Pir Panjal range by the Banihal Pass to Kashmir. A good motor road from Jammu City crosses the Chenab over a fine bridge near Akhnoor and leads to Akhnoor town. There is a fair-weather road from Jammu through Samba Tehsil to Kathua but it is impassable for wheeled traffic in the rains as it is cut at right angles by a number of nullah beds. Jammu is connected with Reasi District by a good motor road as far as Katra. Roads and communications other than those mentioned are mostly useless for modern transport. Jammu City is the capital of the State and the centre of Dogra culture. In addition to being the winter headquarters of His Highness' Government, the District and Jammu Tehsil headquarters are located there. The headquarters of the other tehsils are located at the towns bearing the same names. There is an aerodrome at Satwari (Jammu Cantonment) also a wireless station.

2. Population.—The population of the district at the recent Census was 431,362 against 375,240 in 1931 giving an increase of 14.95% against 10.29% for the whole State. The figures separately for the four tehsils are Jammu (inclusive of Jammu City) 156,556 against 132,840, Samba 89,464 against 79,181, Sri Ranbirsinghpura 96,521 against 82,788 and Akhnoor 88,821 against 80,431. The figures for Jammu City alone are 50,379 against 38,613. These figures give a percentage increase of 17.85 in the case of Jammu Tehsil (including Jammu City), 12.98 for Samba, 16.58 for Sri Ranbirsinghpura, 10.43 for Akhnoor and 30.47 for Jammu City. The separate figures for Jammu Tehsil, excluding Jammu City, are 106,177 against 94,227 in 1931; in this case the percentage increase is 12.68. From the figures given it is clear that the percentage increase in every unit of this district is higher than the average for the State very much so in the case of Jammu City and Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil. The number of occupied houses and the details for each village etc., can be seen by a reference to the tables.

There is no obvious reason for the big increase of population. It is probably due to several different factors. Firstly, epidemics such as plague and small-pox did not levy such a heavy toll as in the previous decade; epidemics occurred but were brought under control quickly. The rate of mortality connected with child-birth

amongst both women and infants is believed to have been reduced considerably. Improvements to the road to Kashmir *via* Jammu and Banihal from the Punjab have increased the importance of Jammu as a trade centre. There has been considerable development in Jammu City and adjacent areas and a good deal of building activity to meet an increasing demand for accommodation.

If we examine the composition of the population of the district by communities we find there are 248,173 Hindus, of whom 51,120 belong to the Scheduled Castes, 170,789 Muslims, 9,151 Sikhs, 2,262 Indian Christians, 895 Jains and 92 Others. Hindus thus form over 57% of the population, Muslims over 39% and Sikhs just over 2%. The Hindus are mostly Dogra Rajputs and a large number of the Muslims are Rajputs too. Gujjars are an important element of the Muslim community; only 1,328 of the Muslims are Shias. Jains are nearly all in Jammu City. In Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil the Hindus only slightly exceed Muslims in numbers; in other areas the predominance of Hindus shown for the whole district obtains with slight differences in ratio.

The Dogra element, both Hindu and Muslim, is almost entirely indigenous to the area; perhaps a small percentage have come to the district from Kangra and other centres of the Dogra community in adjacent districts of the Punjab. Dogri is the language of the majority; Punjabi is in common use owing to the close affinity of many of the non-Dogra elements to Punjabi families. This is specially so in the Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil. Ethnologically, the Dogras are different to the inhabitants of both Kashmir and the Punjab. Maharaja Gulabsinghji, the illustrious founder of the Ruling Family of the Jammu and Kashmir State, commenced the consolidation of his Kingdom at Jammu.

3. Migrations.—There is little movement of the population that has any permanent effect. Kashmiris come into the area in the autumn on their way to the Punjab in search of employment and again in the spring on their way back to Kashmir. In the Kandi tracts there is scarcity of water and fodder in the summer from Baisakh onwards and grazing is insufficient; zamindars then take their flocks and herds to areas where fodder, grazing and water are available and return to their homes when the rains commence. A certain number of Bakarwals move into the hilly tracts of Akhnoor for the winter. Many inhabitants of the Kandi and Pahari tracts are unable to support themselves and their families

throughout the year from the resources of their own villages and go to the Punjab in search of employment to eke out their slender means of subsistence. There has been some industrial development in and near Jammu, particularly in Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil, and this has attracted labourers and others to both the city and to Ranbirsinghpura. There is considerable traffic through the district in the spring when visitors from all parts of India pass through Jammu on their way to Batote, Bhadarwah and to Kashmir, mostly to the latter, and again in the autumn when these summer visitors return to India. None of these movements has any permanent effect on the population.

A good percentage of the population in all districts belongs to what may be termed, for the sake of convenience, the martial classes, mostly Rajputs, both Hindu and Muslim. These elements are recruited for the army both in the State and in British India and their absence from their homes on military duty has a small effect on the permanent population. As this Census coincided with the war and considerable recruiting activity, the population of some villages and localities with military service connections may well have been affected more than usual.

4. Agriculture.—All areas of the district except Jammu City, Jammu Cantonment and the few towns are dependent on agriculture. Wheat, maize, bajra, rice and barley are the chief grain crops. Sugar-cane is a cash crop and cotton also to a small extent. Wheat production is sufficient to meet local requirements in Akhnoor Tehsil and short in Samba; it is in excess and available for export from the Sri Ranbirsinghpura and Jammu Tehsils. It is sold chiefly for consumption in the towns; the zamindar uses the sale proceeds to pay his revenue dues. Maize is available for export from most Pahari and Maidani tracts but in short supply in all Kandi tracts. Barley is adequate for local requirements throughout the district; much of this crop is cut green for use as fodder. Bajra is sufficient in the Pahari and Maidani tracts and in excess in the Kandi tracts throughout the district. Gram and Goji are sufficient for local requirements everywhere. Maize, bajra and goji are the staple food grains for the majority. Rice is sufficient in the Maidani tract of Akhnoor, in excess of local requirements in the Nehri and Maidani circles of Jammu and Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsils and in short supply in all other parts of the district.

The District Officer gives approximate figures for the areas under vegetables and orchards;

he puts the former at 728 acres and the latter at 779 acres. It is believed these figures are an under-estimate. The figures for vegetables are 321, 311 and 96 acres for Jammu, Ranbirsinghpura and Samba respectively; Akhnoor is shown as having no area under vegetables. The figures given for areas under orchards are 372, 272, 80 and 55 acres for Jammu, Ranbirsinghpura, Samba and Akhnoor respectively. In the absence of a special survey it is very difficult to arrive at accurate figures for the areas under vegetables and fruit. The chief vegetables grown are carrots, chillies, turnips, potatoes, cucumbers, bhindi, karela, chaingen, onions, karam, palak-sag, tomatoes, kaddu, tinda and cabbages. Melons, turmeric, spices of various kinds and tobacco are grown in small quantities. Amongst tree and bush fruits the mango is by far the most plentiful and wide-spread. Oranges and lemons, both imported and indigenous kinds, are grown to a small extent. There is room for considerable expansion in the cultivation of both vegetables and fruit on an organised basis, particularly in areas near to Jammu City which provides an excellent market not only for local consumption but for export to Srinagar.

In the matter of irrigation Ranbirsinghpura is the most fortunate; in this tehsil the problem is not a scarcity of water but water-logging as a result of excess supply and seepage from canal distributaries. The Maidani tract of the Jammu Tehsil is fairly well off with respect to irrigation and similar tracts in Akhnoor to a less extent. The chief sources of supply are the Chenab and Tawi rivers; irrigation by wells is also carried on wherever possible in the absence of canal supplies. Samba Tehsil and the Kandi and Pahari tracts of Jammu and Akhnoor Tehsils are largely dependent on adequate, timely and well distributed rainfall; if these exacting requirements are fulfilled crop conditions in the district as a whole are satisfactory but they seldom are fulfilled throughout the district and there is usually partial crop failure in some area or areas.

5. Industries and Labour.—Nearly all the industries are located in Jammu City and at Miran Sahib in the Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil which is on the railway. Jammu City is the centre of trade in the Province and has a number of small industries amongst which the more important are hosiery manufacture, leather works, ice making, furniture making, soap making, metal works and cotton weaving. The Government Silk Factory is the most important. His Highness' Government have recently opened a Drug Research Laboratory and the manufacture of drugs may

well develop into an important industry in the near future.

At Miran Sahib in Ranbirsinghpura His Highness' Government have started three industries which promise well; these are a factory for the manufacture of a building material known as Indianite, a Rosin factory and the Kashmir Willows Company for the manufacture of cricket bats and other sports articles. A limited liability company has recently been formed to instal and operate a sugar mill. In other parts of the district cotton and wool spinning and weaving are carried on as cottage industries on a small scale. Samba used to have a small calico printing industry but this is believed to have fallen on evil days due to the market being flooded with cheap machine made goods of all kinds.

There are no forests in the district to give employment. There is a limited market for labour on the Sialkot-Jammu railway and on P. W. D. road construction and maintenance and building operations. In Akhnoor Tehsil a limited amount of employment is available in connection with timber collection on the Chenab and on canal maintenance work on the Akhnoor-Jammu Canal.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—

In the absence of reliable details it is not possible to say with any claim to accuracy what is the average income per head of the population. The District Officer puts the income of an average family of 6 at Rs. 150 per annum or about Rs. 2 per month per head. The consensus of the opinions of the many Charge Superintendents from whom details were collected in each tehsil indicates an average family income of Rs. 240 per annum; this works out at a little over Rs. 3 per head per month. The correct figure is probably somewhere between the two, say about Rs. 3 per head per month and probably varies according to area from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3-8-0. These figures relate to the rural population; no general statement can be offered for the urban elements.

The price levels for agricultural produce obtaining during the decade compare favourably with the assessment rates fixed for land revenue payments. High price levels for agricultural produce obviously do not benefit the landless or those having insufficient land; rather the reverse. Although wheat is an important crop in all tehsils most of it is not consumed by the producers; those able to sell their wheat do so to get money to pay their land revenue dues and themselves live mostly on the cheaper grains.

A good price for wheat in the chief centres and markets, Jammu City in particular, does therefore benefit those producing wheat. Trade in Jammu City has developed a good deal during the past decade and this must have had favourable repercussions in all areas in the vicinity.

Whilst agriculture is the chief means of subsistence except in urban areas, the rural population has other sources of income. The Rajputs and other classes accustomed to join the army form a considerable part of the population and pensions and pay for military service constitute an appreciable addition to the family funds in many homes. The production of dairy produce is usually only sufficient for home consumption but the Gujjars produce ghee for sale. Silk-worm rearing and cocoon production provides a valuable supplement to incomes. Many men in the district obtain employment in various capacities in government departments and as domestic servants or casual labourers in Jammu City and other smaller centres of trade and employment. Agricultural labourers earn about five annas a day and casual labourers about six annas. Labourers on the railway, chintz makers, silk factory workers, coolies on canal and road construction and maintenance work earn about eight annas a day. Blacksmiths, potters and calico printers average ten annas a day and skilled workmen such as carpenters, masons and gold and silver smiths from Re. 1 to Rs. 1-8-0. With the development of trade and industries, particularly during the latter half of the decade, increased building activities and road construction work and favourable prices for agricultural produce it is believed that the means of subsistence were greater for the majority of the people at the end of the decade than at the beginning. With increased facilities for travelling and some improvement in the amenities of life the standard of living has probably risen slightly.

It is reported that there is a good deal of extravagance in connection with social and religious observances especially those connected with marriage, death, chaubarsi and pilgrimages. There is also a good deal of litigation. These are the main causes of indebtedness. There is no recent information at our disposal to indicate the actual position. We can only discuss out-of-date figures and draw conclusions. The amount of unsecured debt per cultivated acre and per head in the case of proprietors and occupancy tenants in the Kandi tract of the Jammu Tehsil is given in the Settlement Report for the area published in 1924. These figures are admittedly out of date but give us some indication. The figures for proprietors are given at Rs. 4.1 per

cultivated acre and Rs. 25 per head; for occupancy tenants at Rs. 24.9 per cultivated acre and Rs. 36.3 per head. Figures for Samba, according to the Settlement Report for that tehsil published in 1914, were 11.4 per cultivated acre and Rs. 11.8 per head of the whole population excepting the inhabitants of Samba town. In the report for Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil published in 1916, the figures were Rs. 8.3 per cultivated acre and Rs. 9.5 per head of the agricultural population. The Settlement Report for Akhnoor is more recent and was published in 1931. This gives the figures for proprietors at Rs. 5 per cultivated acre and Rs. 26 per proprietor and for occupancy tenants at Rs. 15 per cultivated acre and Rs. 27 per occupancy tenant. None of these figures are recent enough to be of real value but they do give some idea of indebtedness in the district. It is probable that the Rajput element, and they predominate as proprietors, understated their indebtedness when the various Settlement Officers made their enquiries, due to a disinclination, based on pride, to admit the full extent of their indebtedness. Pay and pensions in the military and other services have improved, price levels for agricultural produce are better, trade and industry have developed, His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur has encouraged in every way he could the discontinuance of wasteful and harmful customs. Spread of education has probably broken down some of the more orthodox extravagant and conservative customs. Taking all these factors into consideration the opinion is hazarded that there has been a reduction in debt during the past two decades in the district as a whole.

7. Education.—Educational facilities are considered by local officers to meet the requirements of the district except for the lack of a High School in Ranbirsinghpura. The absence of a High School in the rural areas of Jammu Tehsil is not of immediate importance since the tehsil is a small one and Jammu City with its ample educational facilities is in the centre of the district. But the policy of steady expansion of educational facilities adopted by His Highness' Government is required. Full details of the local distribution of educational institutions throughout the district are lacking but from information received it appears that Jammu Tehsil, excluding Jammu City, has three Middle Schools and twenty-eight Primary Schools. Jammu City has the Prince of Wales College, three High Schools, one Basic School, a Sanskrit College known as the Sri Ranbir Patshala, an Academy for Rajputs and a considerable number of Middle Schools and Primary Schools for both boys and girls. Full details for Samba are not

available but it has one High School, a Technical School, a number of Middle Schools and Primary Schools for boys and one Middle School and several Primary Schools for girls. Ranbirsinghpura has five Middle Schools and some twenty Primary Schools some of which are for girls. Akhnoor has one High School, two Middle Schools, one for boys and one for girls and thirty-seven Primary Schools for boys and six for girls. In addition there are the Pathshalas, Maktabas and other institutions under the control of various societies. Jammu is obviously and naturally the centre of education and culture for the whole of the Jammu Province.

The Village Tables show that in the whole district there is a total of 45,681 literates; of these 35,579 are males and 10,102 females. These figures give a percentage to the whole population of 10.59. The total figures for each tehsil separately are 30,095 for Jammu Tehsil including Jammu City, 4,885 for Samba, 6,796 for Sri Ranbirsinghpura and 3,905 for Akhnoor. The separate figures for Jammu City are total literates 22,863, males 15,611 and females 7,252. The percentages of total literates to the population in each tehsil are Jammu Tehsil, including Jammu City, 19.22, Samba 5.46, Sri Ranbirsinghpura 7.04 and Akhnoor 4.39. The percentages for Jammu City alone are males and females together 45.38, males to the total population 30.98, females to total population 14.39. The percentage of male literates for male population only (29,817) is 52.35 and the percentage of female literates for female population only (20,562) is 35.26. It will be seen at a glance that the very high figures for Jammu City, both male and female, bring up the average for the whole district considerably, so much indeed as to make them outstanding. The percentage for the whole district excluding Jammu City works out at 5.98. This figure I think represents the position in rural areas. The figures for Jammu City are so high, both for male and female, compared with any other centre in the State—even with Srinagar—that one is forced to the conclusion that the Census staff in Jammu City were not trained to comprehend exactly what constitutes literacy for the purpose of the Census. The figures for literacy in Jammu City are so high that they cannot be accepted as accurate until they have been subjected to searching check and scrutiny. It is true that at the time the Census was taken His Highness' Government was at Jammu and the normal population was increased by the presence of many officials of every status and grade, the majority of whom are literate. But even so the figures are too high to accept as correct without further close investigation.

8. Health and Water Supply.-- Health conditions on the whole are not unsatisfactory. The percentage increase of population is considerably higher than the average for the whole State. Epidemics of plague and small-pox during the decade have been kept in check. Death from child-birth and infantile mortality appear to have been reduced. Malaria is the main cause of sickness and the whole district is subject to this scourge every year in varying degrees of virulence. Jammu City is the most healthy unit of the district although it does not escape malaria and other epidemics. The rural areas of Jammu Tehsil are also malarial. Guinea-worm disease is prevalent in the Kandi tract. Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil is not as healthy as other parts of the district. The area is low-lying and in many parts water-logged. Malaria is widespread and persistent. Samba on the whole is healthy but it is not free from malaria. Child-birth seems to be one of the main causes of death amongst women. The people of Akhnur have a reputation for their sturdiness but there is too much malaria for the tehsil to be described as healthy. Snakes take their toll of life in all tehsils of the district but apparently they are more of a menace in Akhnur than elsewhere. All tehsils are subject to the same epidemics and mostly to the same diseases. Degrees in the standard of health chiefly depend on the amount and severity of malaria and in this respect Sri Ranbirsinghpura and Akhnur are reported to suffer most. The next most common cause of sickness is bad water supply and in this respect Sri Ranbirsinghpura and the Kandi tracts suffer most; the former from swamp conditions and the latter from drought.

Medical facilities are naturally best in Jammu City. Vaid and Hakims and indigenous treatment are available throughout the district. The provision of hospitals and dispensaries in Jammu City includes the State Hospital, Zenana Hospital, Chemical Laboratory for blood tests etc., a Dispensary for tubercular cases, privately owned Ayurvedic dispensaries and an Unani aided dispensary. Jammu Tehsil (excluding Jammu City) has a government dispensary at Chak Kahna. Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil has two government dispensaries, one in the town of that name and one at Ramgarh. There are three dispensaries in Akhnur Tehsil; one is at Akhnur, another at Hamirpur Sidhar and a subsidised one at Pallanwalla. Except in Jammu City facilities are said to be inadequate and to be receiving the attention of the medical authorities.

A good supply of pure drinking water is a problem in this district everywhere except in

Jammu City where the supply is good and plentiful. The City is built on a slope and enjoys a natural drainage system. This factor and its good water supply are mainly responsible for its good health during the past decade. In the rural areas of the Jammu Tehsil drinking water supplies are not good; in the Kandi tract they are poor and the use of stagnant water in dried up tanks, ponds and swamps is responsible for the prevalence of the guinea-worm disease. There is too much water too near the surface in Sri Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil with the result that though plentiful the water is not good.

Samba suffers from a scarcity especially in the hot weather. The supply is not good and in summer is responsible for guinea-worm infection. In Akhnur the Pahari and Maidani tracts have sufficient water but the Kandi tracts have not and suffer from the same disabilities as those in the Kandi tracts of Jammu and Samba. His Highness' Government have had this difficult problem of drinking water supply under consideration for some years past. At the end of the decade the Rural Development Department was tackling the problem. Progress is bound to be slow but 'something attempted is something done' as the proverb has it.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) Fairs held in the district usually have little connection with the sale and interchange of agricultural produce; mostly they have connection with some religious festival. The more important are:—

- (i) Ramanavami Fair held in Chet and Assuj. (Jammu City).
- (ii) Holi in Phagan.
- (iii) Shiva Ratri in Phagan.
- (iv) Baisakhi on the first of Baisakh.
- (v) Dussehra.
- (vi) Jharri Fair in Katik (Jammu Tehsil).
- (vii) Vir Mela at Batada.
- (viii) Ramanavami Fair at Bahu Fort in Chet and Assuj.
- (ix) Rathoha Fair in Katik.
- (x) Dussehra, Ramanavami and Baisakhi held in the Ranbirsinghpura Tehsil.
- (xi) The Cattle Fair held at Ranbirsinghpura

in Chet each year under arrangements made by the Civil Veterinary Department has become a popular event in the life of the tehsil and is one of the few fairs which has a definite connection with agriculture.

- (xii) Fairs at Puramandal, Uttarbhani and Har Mandir in Samba each year are largely attended and provide occasions for the marketing of agricultural produce.
- (xiii) Baisakhi Fair held at Akhnoor and Hamirpur Sidhar.

(b) There are many places of interest in the district, particularly to Hindus.—

- (i) Pirkhoh and Panjvaktar temples in Jammu City are said to be very old.
- (ii) Ranaverishwari temple attracts many Hindu visitors.
- (iii) Shri Raghunathji temple is the largest temple in the State and is said to be one

of the largest of its kind in India.

- (iv) Bahu Fort, situated on a spur about two miles from Jammu City, contains a Hindu temple and has important associations for the Rajputs of Jammu.
- (v) The temple at Puramandal in Samba has historic associations.
- (vi) Buildings in Samba known as Mohan Garh, Bapner Garh, Der Garh and Bharath Garh are said to date back to Humayun's time and to be of archaeological interest.
- (vii) Akhnoor Fort and Kabeth Fort have local historical associations.
- (viii) Kameshwar Mahadev temple which is in ruins is said to be a relic of the Pandavs period.
- (ix) Ziarat Bog Gora has local fame in that a visit by the believer is said to cure rabies.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Jammu

Jammu City

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Pakki Dhakki		262	1	1	1140	610	530	2	
2	Darbargarh		204			506	293	213	32	19
3	Bazar Upperla		190			790	475	315	23	8
4	Panjtirthi		240			1320	776	544	47	21
5	Dhounthli		68			443	260	183	16	10
			964			4199	2414	1785	120	58
6	Mohallat Ramnagar		4	2		33	29	4	1	
7	Staff Quarter-Quarter Bagh Mohallat		11			45	36	9	13	
			15			78	65	13	14	
8	Nagbani Farm		37	3		118	78	40	52	23
9	Hazuri Bagh		4			14	11	3	2	
			41			132	89	43	54	22
10	Deorhi Mubarak		2	4		23	2	21		
			2			23	2	21		
11	Mohalla Ustad Gous		348	5		2093	1204	889	739	522
12	Mohalla Naranian		232			1236	693	543	163	111
13	Rehari		381			1782	1008	774	55	35
			961			5111	2905	2206	957	668
14	Kachi Chhowni		438	6		2753	1551	1202	232	161
15	Bhitta Talab		280			1592	900	692	76	51
			718			4345	2451	1894	308	212
16	Central Jail		12	7		411	389	22	241	13
			12			411	389	22	241	13
17	Bhabrian		427	8		1992	1119	873	29	16
18	Kali Janni		271			1249	709	540	33	1
19	Chowgan Fatu		197			1046	585	461	120	67
20	Talab Rani Sahib		165			744	522	222	110	19
			1060			5031	2935	2096	292	103
21	Rajput Military School		8	18		87	81	6	2	4
			8			87	81	6	2	4
22	Zenana Hospital		1	9		35	7	28	3	10
			1			35	7	28	3	10
23	Julabka		851	10		5131	2843	2288	991	753
24	Mastgarh		231			1267	711	556	501	380
			1082			6398	3554	2844	1492	1133
25	Dhakki Sarajan		275	11	2	1415	771	644	185	169
26	Lakhdata		56			539	293	246	53	46
27	Ghumaran		133			676	382	294	107	76
28	Purani Mandi		280			1904	1037	867	58	53
29	Malhotrian		107			612	337	275	107	69
30	Gujran		105			514	316	198	55	42
31	Paharian		266			1154	688	466	22	
			1222			6814	3824	2990	527	453

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		589	514	19	16					386	239
		240	181	21	13					208	124
		451	306	1	1					263	89
		721	520	7				1	3	482	227
		193	145	5				46	28	55	17
		2194	1666	53	30			47	31	1394	696
		28	4							22	1
		23	9							19	4
		51	13							41	5
		21	15	2	1			3	1	6	2
		9	3								
		30	18	2	1			3	1	6	2
		2	21							2	20
		2	21							2	20
3	2	400	302	12	5			50	58	492	197
		479	394	47	35			4	3	305	143
		853	667	29	12			71	60	363	140
3	2	1732	1363	88	52			125	121	1160	480
4	1	1253	977	60	53			2	10	1015	600
		764	604	56	29			4	8	602	319
4	1	2017	1581	116	82			6	18	1617	919
		129	9	14				5		156	5
		129	9	14				5		156	5
		815	611	53	43			222	203	741	429
		616	490	60	49					411	215
		432	357	29	29			4	8	325	118
		355	178	57	25					264	86
		2218	1636	199	146			226	211	1741	918
		79	2							71	1
		79	2							71	1
		3	16		1			1	1	1	5
		3	16		1			1	1	1	5
10	13	1688	1391	33	30			131	114	1783	877
		196	163	3				1		365	170
10	13	1884	1554	36	30			132	114	2148	1047
		568	465	17	10			1		488	269
		225	188	13	11			2	1	170	102
	4	252	200	19	12			2	2	192	109
7	3	937	795	35	16					665	392
	1	208	188	18	16			4	1	209	108
		241	151	16	3			4	2	195	90
		484	325	182	141					250	78
9	8	2915	2312	300	209			13	6	2169	1148

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
32	Saddar Hospital ..		16	12		70	45	25	7	3
			16			70	45	25	7	3
33	Jogi Darwaza ..		173	13		977	611	366	477	285
34	Residency ..		60			251	184	67	164	57
35	Baba Jewan Shah ..		375			1654	926	728	900	710
36	Gorkandan ..		81			556	325	231	301	214
37	Kucha Raja Hussain Khan ..		122			801	461	340	378	265
38	Dalpatian ..		134			849	512	337	438	266
39	Pirmitha ..		378			2357	1383	974	1329	935
			1323			7445	4402	3043	3987	2732
40	Rughnath Pura ..		309	14		1486	1004	482	52	2
41	Gummat ..		141			779	495	284	66	20
42	Chowni Gandoo ..		84			403	219	184	17	9
43	Thati Khakroban ..		136			810	456	354	3	
44	Panjvaktar ..		125			716	386	330	152	128
45	Alaf Shah ..		255			1413	885	528	517	304
46	Dennis Gate ..		422			1992	1264	728	141	74
			1472			7599	4709	2890	948	537
47	Vinaik Misar ..		283	15		1009	683	326	199	105
48	Mulahan ..		57			206	155	51	81	14
49	Canal Road ..		232			816	560	256	161	55
			572			2031	1398	633	441	174
50	Police Chowki Panjthirthi ..		3	16		23	23		7	
51	Parade ..					196	191	5	92	5
52	City Thana ..		3			38	37	1	14	
53	Police Chowki Pirmitha ..		9			20	20		4	
54	Police Chowki Chabutra ..					10	10		5	
55	Police Chowki Rehari ..		3			10	10		3	
			18			297	291	6	125	5
56	Station Saddar Police ..		4	17		65	65		9	
57	Police Chowki Nawabad ..		3			17	17		12	
58	Police Chowki Pul Tawi ..		7			32	32		16	
			14			114	114		37	
59	Prince of Wales College Hostel ..		34	19		159	142	17	61	
			34			159	142	17	61	
TOTAL ..		38474	9535			50379	29817	20562	9676	6130

*Others—Indian Christians 517M, 440F ; Other Christians 2M, 3F ; Jains 412M, 372 F ; Parsees 6M, 4F ; Primitive tribe 'Others' 3M.

(i) No separate Village Tables for Jammu City were prepared in 1931. The figures for the City were included with the Village Tables 1931 for Jammu Tehsil. Therefore the 1931 population cannot be given for each Mohalla; the 1931 total for the City is given instead.

(ii) The names of Mohallas are shown under column 'Name of Village' in the Village Tables 1941.

(iii) To facilitate census work separate Charges for the City were created. Charges are serially numbered for Jammu District exclusive of Jammu City. Jammu City was a separate Census district.

(iv) Nagbani Farm and Hazuri Bagh serial numbers 8 and 9 of the Village Tables 1941 have been recently acquired by the Private Department; the census of these areas was conducted by the President Municipal Committee Jammu as District Census Officer for Jammu City at the recent Census because Palace areas were included with the City. They were shown in the Village Tables for Jammu Tehsil in 1931.

(v) The numbering of Census Divisions in the City was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the charges in the Tables for the City follow each other in correct sequence the circles do not. The circle numbers in the City run from 1 to 19. All are shown in the Tables but they do not run consecutively with the charges.

II

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		36	22	2						24	13
		36	22	2						24	13
1		102	62	9	3			22	16	239	85
		18	9					2	1	73	18
13	8	11	10	1				1		506	318
9	5	10	9					5	3	174	105
		43	34	39	35			1	6	178	105
		74	71							121	53
		49	35					5	4	533	308
23	13	307	230	49	38			36	30	1824	992
1		881	445	59	29			11	6	688	225
		302	209	94	44			15	11	302	137
		184	157	18	18					119	58
		418	327	35	26				1	279	117
		230	196	4	6					202	111
		245	134	68	47			55	43	328	103
9	2	746	391	133	47			235	214	402	103
10	2	3024	1859	411	217			316	275	2320	854
		473	218	7				4	3	277	34
2		59	33					13	4	48	9
		367	191	20	6	1		11	4	286	97
2		899	442	27	6	1		28	11	611	140
		16								14	
13		77		8				1		123	2
1		14		8	1					26	1
		16								8	
		5								3	
		7								8	
14		135		16	1			1		182	3
		55		1						28	
		4		1						3	
		16								20	
		75		2						51	
		73	17	7				1		93	4
		73	17	7				1		93	4
75	39	17803	12761	1322	813	1		940	819	15611	7252

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Jammu**Tehsil Jammu**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Chhua ..	310	65	1	1	313	188	125	102	74
2	Nagrada ...	284	47			256	134	122	131	119
3	Bhata ..	144	31			170	89	81	72	63
4	Jandyal ..	1516	360			1826	938	888	426	406
5	Ramgarh ..	51	9			43	26	17	24	16
6	Agor ..	382	71			389	207	182	44	48
7	Chak Singha ..	139	38			162	85	77	50	46
8	Ranjan ..	1757	384			1773	918	855	544	522
		4583	1005			4932	2585	2347	1393	1294
9	Ambh ..	1281	315	2		1258	653	605	159	131
10	Kainkh ..	1625	326			1634	858	776	556	526
		2906	641			2892	1511	1381	715	657
11	Dhar Dhrochan ..	431	84	3		434	233	201	101	78
12	Seri Panditan ..	378	104			427	215	212	11	7
13	Chak Bhalwal ..	386	97			370	210	160	120	99
		1195	285			1231	658	573	232	184
14	Baran ..	946	210	4		1117	575	542	418	405
15	Kengdel ..	306	85			345	186	159	40	29
		1252	295			1462	761	701	458	434
16	Bhalwal ..	2886	705	5		3105	1679	1426	951	827
		2886	705			3105	1679	1426	951	827
17	Kot ..	2440	650	6		2809	1478	1331	640	582
		2440	650			2809	1478	1331	640	532
18	Marh ..	340	100	7	2	417	227	190	123	109
19	Bagh Marh Sarkari ..		9			33	19	14	15	14
20	Chak Kalasa ..	136	39			177	96	81	53	51
21	Halqa ..	190	45			194	100	94	26	26
22	Chak Hira ..	106	28			117	65	52	12	11
		772	221			938	507	431	229	211
23	Chhani Mamaliyan ..	176	43	8		184	112	72	83	54
24	Har-Seh Tokriyan ..	254	70			319	199	120	159	103
25	Chak Jafar ..	408	90			441	262	179	220	144
		838	203			944	573	371	462	301
26	Paryal ..	203	51	9		219	128	91	10	7
27	Bajyal ..	289	80			313	169	144	130	102
28	Chak Natun ..	130	35			174	92	82	61	50
29	Kalyanpur ..	409	122			458	253	205	38	27
30	Chak Shaman ..	576	160			623	325	298	47	52
31	Gorah Singho ..	327	88			375	204	171	40	34
32	Chak Mahani ..	14	5			20	11	9		
		1848	541			2182	1182	1000	326	272
33	Gharota ..	2009	466	10		2141	1111	1030	151	135
34	Malpur ..	802	168			813	439	374	259	233
35	Dom ..	311	71			339	187	152	105	74
36	Gorah Patan ..	329	75			328	180	148	55	37
		3451	780			3621	1917	1704	570	479

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		86	51							8	1
		3	3								
		17	18								
		512	482							103	10
		2	1							3	
		160	134	3						42	13
		35	30						1		
		374	333							49	
		1189	1052	3					1	205	24
	2	494	472							81	8
		302	250							78	4
	2	796	722							159	12
		132	123							4	
		204	205							17	1
		90	61								
		426	389							21	1
		157	137							24	
		146	130							22	1
		303	287							46	1
		725	598	3	1					132	10
		725	598	3	1					132	10
		799	706	38	40			1	3	55	1
		799	706	38	40			1	3	55	1
3	4	101	77							6	1
		4								2	
		43	30							1	
		74	68							3	
		53	41							1	
3	4	275	216							13	1
		29	18							5	
		39	17					1		20	2
2		40	35							49	7
2		108	70					1		74	9
		118	84							3	
		39	42							13	
		31	32							6	
		215	178							14	
		271	237	7	9					41	2
		164	137							5	
		11	9								
		849	719	7	9					82	2
		922	868	33	23			5	4	224	34
		180	141							15	
		82	78							6	
		125	111							20	3
		1309	1198	33	23			5	4	265	37

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
37	Panjod	257	80	11		248	150	98	47	33
38	Dab-Karamdin	280	74			284	152	132	105	85
39	Dab-Dira	229	50			184	106	78	67	55
40	Dab-Sudan	197	63			235	126	109	107	88
41	Manihal-Brahmana	114	31			139	70	69	4	4
42	Rajpora	281	93			326	184	142	91	70
		1358	391			1416	788	628	421	335
43	Chak Kahna	789	251	12		1036	579	457	264	225
44	Laliyal Jagir	293	86			356	203	153	72	62
45	Matiyal	192	47			212	112	100	44	42
46	Jaswan	164	40			185	102	83	11	11
47	Khade	188	56			258	150	108	103	83
48	Suyi	167	33			170	93	77	20	13
49	Sanbli	106	24			134	77	57	37	20
		1899	537			2351	1316	1035	551	462
50	Gangu Chak	261	64	13		324	177	147	4	3
51	Gol-Patan	353	85			368	214	154	114	74
52	Chak Umra	53	8			34	21	13	16	8
53	Beli Azmat	95	21			89	44	45	38	34
54	Ghatlah	132	30			114	60	54	15	13
55	Deode Napu	243	60			291	152	139	58	53
56	Chhatha Jagir	479	99			517	279	238	170	127
		1616	367			1737	947	790	415	312
57	Bhator	149	46	14	3	217	112	105	90	80
58	Gajansu	978	309			1137	588	549	195	162
		1127	355			1354	700	654	285	242
59	Galwade Chak	566	144	15		623	329	294	21	21
		566	144			623	329	294	21	21
60	Saharan	395	96	16		431	227	204	44	35
61	Chak Budhu	92	25			133	76	57		
62	Chak Bhula	50	17			65	31	34		
63	Chak Astran	72	14			80	44	36	13	6
64	Chak Singha	146	32			167	83	84		
65	Rattanpur-Gordiyal	143	35			162	85	77	2	4
		898	219			1038	546	492	59	45
66	Salalpur	70	24	17		102	61	41	10	3
67	Krapal Jatan	103	25			115	66	49	35	26
68	Chak Magna	60	22			90	47	43	18	19
69	Behli Bahkayan	125	29			139	75	64		
70	Behli Dhoran	57	17			87	41	46		
71	Dhankot	213	42			249	141	108	36	19
72	Chanor	533	127			692	397	295	196	145
		1161	286			1474	828	646	295	212
73	Subagni	216	39	18		211	118	93	8	6
74	Bhangor	146	33			179	97	82	2	2
75	Machhyal	50	15			85	49	36	5	4
76	Chakdali	371	75			412	227	185	19	17
77	Thub	182	75			392	227	165	62	37
78	Kekdiyan	184	64			309	160	149	20	21
		1149	301			1588	878	710	116	87
79	Gho-Manhasan	1002	290	19		1112	597	515	238	211
80	Sandwan	222	38			183	106	77	15	14
		1224	328			1295	703	592	253	225
81	Tikri Akwalan	105	33	20		136	77	59	17	10
82	Tikri Diyalan	76	20			93	55	38		
83	Chak Taru	107	24			118	66	52		
84	Chak Lahori	253	59			286	166	120	7	3
85	Ratua	314	77			326	181	145	36	36
		855	213			959	545	414	60	43

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		103	65							10	
		47	47							12	
		39	23							7	
		19	21							7	
		66	65							3	
		93	72							3	
		367	293							42	
		286	213	22	1			7	4	137	49
		131	91							7	2
		68	58							14	
		91	72							7	1
		47	25							7	1
		73	64							8	2
		37	31					3		3	1
		733	554	22	15			10	4	183	56
		173	144							5	
		100	80							5	
		5	5							1	
		6	11							1	
		45	41							1	
		94	86							9	
		109	111							9	
		532	478							21	
		21	22	1	3					10	8
		385	378	8	9					59	5
		406	409	9	12					69	13
		301	268					7	5	24	4
		301	268					7	5	24	4
		176	164					7	5	8	
		76	57							3	
		31	34							1	
		31	30							6	
		83	84							7	
		83	73							7	
		480	442					7	5	25	
		51	38							1	
		31	23							1	
		28	23	1	1					3	
		75	64							3	
		41	46							6	
		103	85	2	4					8	
		201	150							8	
		530	429	3	5					19	
		108	83					2	4	2	
		95	80							1	
		44	32							3	
		206	166					2	2	4	
		158	125					7	3	4	
		140	128							4	
		751	614					11	9	14	
		356	299					3	5	7	
		91	63							3	
		447	362					3	5	10	
		60	49							4	
		55	38							3	
		66	52							3	
		159	117							2	
		145	109							8	
		485	365							20	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
86	Bhalwal Harmakund	264	65	21		294	167	127	16	13
87	Ratanpur Paras	12	1			1	1			
88	Chak Chuhan	176	33			166	92	74	7	7
		452	99			461	260	201	23	20
89	Dhatriyal	406	100	22		438	242	196	116	107
90	Deodi Kahne	102	26			113	63	50	13	9
91	Shehzadpur Marhata	32	19			93	52	41	3	1
		540	145			644	357	287	132	117
92	Parwah	125	33	23	4	153	73	80	3	2
93	Phalora Nagbani	247	74			296	158	138	20	16
94	Chak Jagir	29	12			56	31	25	21	18
95	Qalyal Brahmana	54	14			80	47	33	11	6
96	Chak Dina	15	3			21	13	8		
97	Ismailpur	207	51			237	128	109	36	32
98	Shahzadpur	94	36			168	92	76	6	5
99	Tikri Kehni	68	15			75	42	33	9	5
100	Chak Bathali	106	26			132	76	56		
101	Lador	118	38			167	94	73	20	16
102	Ladwri	3	2			10	8	2	5	1
103	Wandgahi	5	1			6	5	1	5	1
		1071	305			1401	767	634	136	102
104	Raipur Domana	2291	566	24		2454	1279	1175	535	492
105	Thathar	402	90			458	235	223	185	173
106	Kheri	341	76			383	194	189	167	165
107	Keran	712	159			777	390	387	115	105
108	Chanor	378	76			403	208	195	142	127
109	Chak Chandgwan	266	53			301	153	148	136	131
		4390	1020			4776	2459	2317	1280	1193
110	Udhowala	99	39	25		171	102	69	20	11
111	Mothi	479	140			556	316	240	120	92
112	Darmal	149	46			168	99	69	19	14
113	Barnayi	395	130			534	281	253	30	20
114	Batoli Brahmana	251	77			313	168	145	17	17
115	Gorah Brahmana	187	52			258	132	126	94	88
116	Machliyan	192	44			129	76	53	1	
117	Gaje Singhpora	119	32			106	63	43	3	
		1871	560			2235	1237	998	304	242
118	Palora	1715	411	26		1925	1017	908	388	329
119	Batoli Mangotriyan	273	66			342	181	161	5	3
120	Top Sher Khaniyan	949	246			1240	708	532	177	163
121	Jammu Khas	410	271			866	509	357	148	142
122	Nawabad Jammu	1494	152			833	499	334	231	134
123	Rajpora Mangotriyan	385	130			434	234	200	12	10
124	Gorah Chhabiyani	58	14			99	55	44		
		5284	1290			5739	3203	2536	961	781
125	Gol	540	162	27		731	401	330	193	175
126	Gajral	175	57			262	148	114	105	74
127	Chak Gulami	47	10			55	26	29	16	20
128	Trilokpur	204	55			235	136	99	19	9
129	Ranjitpur	55	18			76	46	30	23	14
130	Suhawda	315	21			78	44	34	7	9
131	Khiyadiyan	113	34			141	84	57	11	7
132	Dhamwal	100	31			139	69	70	12	10
133	Kharpuzah	8	2			11	7	4		
		1557	390			1728	961	767	386	318
134	Sangrampur	134	50	28		194	110	84	46	38
135	Chak Dargu	100	26			133	78	55	7	9
136	Aqilpur	776	188			848	456	392	265	216
137	Patniyal	301	81			346	184	162	52	40
138	Gangwan	71	13			72	38	34		
139	Sa oda	436	103			500	265	235	30	32
		1818	461			2093	1131	962	460	335

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		151	114							2	
		85	67							1	
		237	181							3	
		123	86	3	3					22	
		43	39	7	2					2	
		49	40							5	2
		215	165	10	5					29	2
		70	78							4	
		135	120					3	2	17	
		10	7								
		36	27								
		13	8								
		92	77							3	
		86	71							7	
		33	28							3	
		76	56							2	
		74	57							1	
		3	1								
		628	530					3	2	37	
		723	666	21	17					196	63
		50	50							1	
		27	24							36	3
		275	282							1	
		66	68								
		17	17								
		1158	1107	21	17					234	66
		82	58							3	
		196	148							30	3
		80	55							28	
		251	233							35	4
		151	128							22	
		38	38							7	
		75	53							3	
		60	43								
		933	756							128	7
		629	579							95	19
		176	158							24	2
		529	369					2		77	3
		347	202	13	13			1		72	13
		255	194	4				9	6	86	22
		222	190							17	
		55	44							25	5
		2213	1736	17	13			12	6	396	64
		207	151	1	4					7	1
		43	40							3	
		10	9								
		114	90	3						4	
		23	16								
		37	25								
		73	50							3	
		57	60								
		7	4								
		571	445	4	4					17	1
		54	41	7	1			3	4	8	
		71	46							9	
		189	176					2		56	1
		132	122							9	
		38	34							2	
		231	202					4	1	14	2
		715	621	7	1			9	5	98	3

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
140	Khanpur Bhawan ..	91	26	29		127	71	56	36	26
141	Bhadrod ..	390	98			458	250	206	137	109
142	Sair Rakwalan ..	89	29			127	72	55	32	25
143	Chak Laldin ..	148	28			148	83	65	45	31
144	Chak Reyi ..	339	77			390	203	187	55	54
145	Chak Poniwand Brahmana ..	227	53			253	136	117	7	1
146	Chak Poniwand Waziran ..	121	30			130	78	52	21	10
		1405	341			1631	893	738	333	256
147	Chak Panotra ..	80	21	30	5	89	46	43		
148	Pahladpur ..	301	73			300	170	130	64	57
149	Chak Gandu ..	141	27			148	91	55	75	45
150	Thalwal ..	84	31			127	63	64	10	13
151	Chhani Nanak ..	85	22			111	66	45	27	16
152	Nandpur Akwalan ..	23	8			35	18	17	17	17
153	Ghasetpur ..	16	10			38	18	20	12	15
		730	192			846	472	374	205	163
154	Suhanjna ..	472	143	31		509	291	218	50	32
155	Alora ..	247	65			277	144	133	9	6
156	Chak Bhurah ..	183	48			187	92	95	4	2
157	Haripur Manhasan ..	128	34			130	75	55	35	27
158	Chak Bindrali ..	26	10			49	22	27	20	27
159	Tiko Teda ..	26	4			8	8		7	
160	Chak Habib ..		2			7	4	3		2
161	Karwal ..	196	51			205	106	99	82	85
		1278	357			1372	742	630	207	181
162	Teda ..	245	51	32		247	132	115	25	18
163	Bharmali ..	149	38			176	100	76	7	3
164	Maradpur ..	158	43			156	89	67	3	5
165	Makwal ..	938	257			1099	592	507	232	186
166	Jhumian Bhawan ..	233	36			185	105	80	4	6
167	Sangoteda ..	5				13	9	4	4	1
		1723	430			1876	1027	849	275	219
168	Chak Malikha ..	160	42	33		187	100	87	71	66
169	Jawalapur ..	44	15			97	50	47	17	11
170	Sum ..	370	82			356	191	165	51	44
171	Top Manhasan ..	210	50			249	130	119	5	2
172	Lachmanpur ..	101	12			73	39	34	3	2
173	Kahliyan ..	85	12			55	32	23		2
174	Dangah ..	17	4			21	10	11	6	6
175	Chak Sardar Desa Singh ..	139	33			146	73	73	21	24
176	Chak Sheru ..	21	1			7	2	5		
		1147	251			1191	627	564	174	157
177	Khandwal ..	374	80	34		394	208	186	27	20
178	Shehzadpur Gojran ..	4	19			110	58	52	36	33
179	Nandpur Gojran ..	17	45			235	125	110	65	59
180	Chak Manga ..	56	16			81	45	36	27	25
181	Chak Alam ..	106	24			132	76	56		
182	Nandwal ..	212	56			246	131	115	33	28
183	Laliyal ..	111	27			152	86	66		
184	Wandpur ..	56	11			62	36	26	10	6
185	Mokhra ..	65	17			83	49	34	23	18
		1001	295			1495	814	681	221	189
186	Chak Lalushah ..	15	7	35		22	13	9	6	2
187	Nandni ..	41	12			43	26	17	24	17
188	Chak Sardar Attar Singh ..	45	11			63	33	30	10	6
189	Karpalpur Charkan ..	125	32			130	76	54	25	17
190	Mandal ..	212	45			182	107	85	30	15
191	Chak Gosain ..	63	16			61	34	27	10	6
192	Chak Jogi ..	52	6			21	11	10	1	
193	Chak Bhopat ..		1			1	1			
194	Chak Nawade ..	41	7			44	25	19	12	13
195	Sapurapur ..	53	10			40	22	18	2	1
196	Rambagh ..	129	30			150	91	59	67	37
197	Chak Sagoda ..	92	32			109	63	46	36	26
		268	209			278	502	374	223	140

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		35	30							1	
		111	96					2	1	5	
		40	30							3	
		36	34	2						3	
		148	133							7	
		129	116							4	
		57	42							2	
		556	481	2				2	1	25	
		46	43							1	
		105	73	1						5	
		16	10								
		53	51							3	
		39	29								
		1								1	
		6	5								
		266	211	1						10	
		236	183					5	3	23	
		135	127							16	
		88	93							10	
		40	28							3	
		2									
		1								2	
		2	1	2						3	
		24	14								
		528	446	2				5	3	57	
		106	97	1						9	
		93	73							2	
		83	62	3						2	
		346	302	14	19					77	6
		101	74							5	
		5	3								
		734	611	18	19					95	6
		29	21							3	
		33	36								
		139	121	1						10	1
		125	117							2	
		36	32								
		29	19	3	2					1	
		4	5								
		52	49								
		2	5								
		449	405	4	2					16	1
		175	163	6	3					12	
		22	19							1	
		60	51							7	
		18	11							7	1
		76	56							2	
		98	87								
		24	25					62	41	3	
		26	20							1	
		26	16							1	
		525	448	6	3			62	41	34	1
		7	7								
		2									
		23	24							1	
		47	34					4	3	2	1
		77	70								
		24	21								
		10	10								
		1									
1		12	6								
		20	17								
		24	22								
		27	20								
1		274	231					4	3	3	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
198	Chak Ganeshu	272	72	36	6	279	149	130	77	74
199	Chak Daulat	..	5	..	..	15	9	6	5	6
200	Raipur	738	33	..	..	148	80	68	44	41
201	Satwari	533	76	..	..	215	172	143	45	36
202	Bhor	272	59	..	..	299	158	141	88	73
203	Hakal	493	169	..	..	548	304	244	137	109
204	Chhata	337	85	..	..	408	224	184	82	63
205	Rakh Chhata	..	1	..	..	6	5	1	2	1
206	Rakh Raipur	410	43	..	..	146	96	50	32	8
		3055	543			2164	1197	967	512	411
207	Khwas Khan	19	16	37		80	42	38	42	38
208	Gadar Galiyan	289	59	..	..	301	156	145	124	119
209	Dadp	157	44	..	..	200	118	82	3	2
210	Bawaliyana	178	59	..	..	224	133	91	70	39
211	Geegial	149	39	..	..	160	105	55	63	32
212	Dongiyana	95	130	..	..	633	331	302	263	241
213	Deli	586	109	..	..	590	316	274	220	186
214	Rakh Gari Garh	41	26	..	..	50	37	13	14	
		1514	482			2238	1238	1000	799	657
215	Subawda	60	73	38		348	186	162	113	99
216	Chak Lala	255	41	..	..	250	122	128	15	16
217	Sultanpur	103	24	..	..	119	65	54	3	2
218	Bahadur Khan	99	27	..	..	128	63	65	38	39
219	Katli Charkan	256	60	..	..	315	166	149	38	39
220	Nawgaran	291	56	..	..	311	172	139	40	23
221	Prathipur	217	53	..	..	246	144	102	31	16
222	Sikanderpur	144	27	..	..	116	70	46	7	3
223	Ismailpur	128	32	..	..	165	81	84	44	48
		1553	393			1998	1069	929	329	285
224	Sonjawan	1692	339	39		1631	840	791	613	555
225	Chwadi	810	160	..	..	954	522	432	324	248
226	Chak Ratnu	352	64	..	..	290	171	119	37	22
227	Chak Jalu	182	29	..	..	168	89	79		
228	Chak Kalu	89	18	..	..	104	55	49	18	15
		3125	610			3147	1677	1470	992	840
229	Bahu	754	180	40		833	417	416	12	17
230	Reka	145	32	..	..	158	74	84	73	84
231	Dongiyana	585	46	..	..	137	77	60	67	50
232	Langad	788	167	..	..	968	508	460	493	444
233	Chhani Raman	614	116	..	..	589	316	273	190	177
234	Chhani Himat	646	140	..	..	684	336	348	71	62
235	Chhani Beja	107	24	..	..	117	63	54	26	25
236	Narwal Bala	279	124	..	..	490	255	235	127	111
237	Chhani Kamala	161	38	..	..	189	88	101	12	
238	Nawabad Rakh Bahu	..	72	..	..	379	205	174	175	156
		4079	939			4544	2339	2205	1246	1126
239	Railway Station Jammu	158	69	41-42		171	103	68	48	26
		158	69			171	103	68	48	26
240	Dhok	359	85	43	7	350	188	162	33	33
241	Setni	38	7	..	..	26	13	13	9	10
242	Khanpur	207	49	..	..	235	130	105	22	28
243	Kamini	87	20	..	..	85	48	37	1	1
244	Nagrota	472	182	..	..	655	354	301	50	33
245	Narain	85	24	..	..	97	55	42		
246	Chak Rakwalan	52	23	..	..	72	38	34	8	8
		1300	390			1520	826	694	123	113
247	Katal Batal	461	98	44		440	237	203	95	87
248	Nandor	251	55	..	..	288	160	128	43	26
249	Kur	141	40	..	..	177	88	89	58	65
		853	193			905	485	420	188	178
150	Dhami	236	53	45		248	129	119	78	71
251	Jagti	993	224	..	..	1086	582	484	342	287
		1229	277			1314	711	603	420	323

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	24
		72	56							4	
		4								1	
		36	27								
		95	84	32	23					19	
		70	68							4	
		156	122	11	13					18	2
		141	121	1						9	2
		2		1							
		51	32	13	10					42	19
		627	510	58	46					97	23
		32	26							1	
		38	24	77	56					8	
		63	52							2	1
		42	23							4	
		68	61							8	
		96	88							4	
		23	13							3	
		362	287	77	56					31	1
		73	63							5	
		107	112							2	
		62	52							4	
		22	25					3	1	1	
		128	110							5	
		132	116							18	3
		113	86							16	
		63	43							4	2
		37	36							2	
		737	643					3	1	57	5
		227	236							31	
		198	184							14	
		134	97							16	
		89	79							10	
		37	34							14	
		685	630							85	
		405	399							78	8
		1									
		10	10								
		15	16							107	23
		124	94							38	1
		265	286					2	2	79	11
		37	29							1	
		128	124								
		76	101							2	
		30	18							1	
		1091	1077					2	2	306	43
		47	32	1	1			7	9	34	10
		47	32	1	1			7	9	34	10
		155	129							27	3
		4	3							16	6
		108	77								
		47	36							99	12
		304	268							6	
		55	43								
		30	26								
		703	581							148	21
		142	116							10	1
		117	102							5	
		30	24							6	
		289	242							21	1
		51	48							3	
		240	197							38	
		291	245							41	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
252	Kheri Darmal	31	7	46		27	17	10		
253	Bangali	165	31			185	91	94	45	55
254	Shaba	543	108			505	276	229	213	180
255	Dhmoni Jagir	96	35			139	76	63	41	40
256	Drabi	286	64			300	148	152	67	72
257	Dong	145	38			166	84	82	56	50
258	Marh	269	64			273	152	121	67	47
259	Bamyal	671	186			802	431	371	273	245
		2206	533			2397	1275	1122	762	689
260	Seri Kalan	186	43	47		163	82	81	49	38
261	Seri Khurd	34	11			36	22	14		
262	Panchgarain	259	62			253	128	125	49	49
263	Ban	266	81			411	221	190	134	96
		745	197			863	453	410	232	183
264	Tadah	544	133	48		573	293	280	136	141
265	Janakh	281	42			137	79	58	6	4
266	Sandrot	131	37			131	69	62	29	27
267	Jhad	50	15			73	39	34	7	5
268	Dansal	341	88			269	134	135	7	6
		1347	315			1183	614	569	185	183
269	Pinjol		40	49		172	86	86	22	18
270	Kotli	429	75			255	131	124	20	16
271	Badola		10			33	15	18	12	16
272	Dhami	121	37			153	94	59	40	21
273	Chhudtah	609	53			233	128	105	10	6
274	Gleen		51			184	101	83	13	13
275	Mohda Taranjali		49			165	86	79	14	15
276	Sukheter	223	79			264	142	122	24	27
		1382	394			1459	783	676	155	132
277	Pahli	255	62	50	8	292	148	144	48	49
278	Hurlani	72	21			69	43	26	18	8
279	Bhage	64	21			82	43	39	6	5
280	Chhadali	154	133			143	80	63	58	44
281	Badsu	325	121			389	203	186	128	128
282	Samral	75	52			82	42	40	10	9
		946	310			1057	559	498	268	243
283	Tridalah	66	23	51		83	41	42	11	10
284	Makwal	66	19			67	37	30	18	14
285	Mathin	57	12			41	25	16	2	5
286	Kanalah	462	98			450	232	218	118	90
287	Sahele	184	44			205	109	96	71	58
288	Kah	58	22			80	41	39	12	14
289	Bhawta	76	27			115	59	56	16	11
		969	245			1041	544	497	248	202
290	Jandrah	718	192	52		660	341	319	55	43
291	Chlahad	284	49			229	122	107	55	58
		1002	241			889	463	426	110	101
292	Charangal	28	10	53		29	18	11		
293	Karal	29	8			26	14	12	2	2
294	Nagona	36	14			42	22	20	6	9
295	Sari Khurad	19	5			25	14	11		
296	Bhagwani		1			4	1	3		
297	Jib	29	10			30	12	18		
298	Suhawda	64	9			40	23	17	7	6
299	Sari Kalan	81	32			88	48	38		
		286	89			282	152	130	15	17
300	Dhan	123	32	54		111	60	51	6	5
301	Kalyan	26	4			20	15	5		
302	Sahan	173	43			187	96	91	33	33
303	Dhansu	58	12			50	25	25	2	2
		380	91			368	196	172	41	43

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhist		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	20	19	21	22	23
		17	10							6	
		46	39							9	
		63	49							15	
		35	23							1	
		81	80							12	1
		28	32							5	
		85	74							16	1
		158	126							16	
		513	433							80	2
		33	43							2	
		22	14								
		79	76							5	
		87	94							2	
		221	227							9	
		157	139							5	
		73	54							15	
		40	35							1	
		32	29							1	
		127	129							75	39
		429	386							97	39
		64	68							11	
		111	108							21	1
		3	2							3	
		48	38	6						27	4
		118	99							9	
		88	70							14	1
		72	64							5	
		118	95							25	5
		622	544	6						115	11
		100	95							8	
		25	18							1	
		37	34							1	
		22	19							1	1
		75	58							7	1
		32	31							1	
		291	255							19	2
		30	32								
		19	16							2	
		23	11							1	
		114	128							8	
		38	38							11	
		29	25							2	
		43	45							3	
		296	295							27	
		286	276							85	44
		67	49							5	
		353	325							90	44
		18	11							3	
		12	10							1	
		16	11							1	
		14	11								
		1	3								
		12	18								
		16	11							2	
		48	38							14	3
		137	113							21	3
		54	46							3	
		15	5								
		63	58							5	1
		23	23							1	
		155	132							9	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
r	s	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
304	Khadta	293	68	55		135	70	65	3	1
305	Gorakh Laliyal	242	49			243	135	108	39	27
		535	117			378	205	173	42	28
306	Leyi Pera	34	7	56		33	17	16		
307	Dahani	21	4			13	8	5		
308	Jandli	60	18			58	30	28		
309	Patyadi	87	23			92	44	48	2	
310	Jamil	95	17			87	49	38	17	9
311	Panjana	48	12			38	23	15		
312	Thana	16	7			25	12	13		
313	Batona	40	11			42	20	22	2	2
		401	99			388	203	185	21	11
314	Ponthal	110	24	57		126	68	58	7	2
315	Blahad	13	5			60	34	26	27	18
316	Cholanah	101	32			90	47	43	3	6
317	Sangad	80	17			69	37	32	2	
318	Badgah	146	46			161	80	81		
319	Chak Chilah	27	6			37	26	11	17	6
320	Dhabad	12	3			10	6	4		
321	Trijiad	74	14			61	34	27	10	10
322	Kanhal	16	4			8	3	5		
323	Saroin Sar	442	108			450	224	226	28	26
324	Chillah	203	58			233	119	114	20	10
		1224	317			1305	678	627	114	78
325	Rangal	3	1	58		1		1		
326	Badwal	1	1			1	1			
327	Pathwad	95	23			99	49	50		
328	Ghangriyal	67	19			66	35	31		
329	Matlahad	16	5			21	13	8	4	3
330	Biral	111	25			125	55	70		
331	Sagon	306	74			361	195	166	43	36
332	Panjoa	238	67			233	117	116	18	19
		837	215			907	465	442	65	58
333	Jammu Cantt: (Military	2884	1291	59-60	9-10	3922	3922		561	
	Civil	1297				3572	2112	1460	545	308
	M. P.	2884	1291			3922	3922		561	
		1297				3572	2112	1460	545	308
334	Rakh Bahu Nawabad— Upper Raipur— Military Population		91	61		3	3		1	
	Civil Population					433	216	217	144	143
335	Narwal Pain	518	73			283	148	135	74	75
336	Sikligran		106			255	151	104	54	43
		518	179			971	515	456	272	269
	M. P.		91			3	3		1	
337	Karloop Jagir	613	181	1	19	552	302	250	74	50
338	Raipur Purana Jagir	239	75			324	181	143	54	42
		852	256			876	483	393	128	92
	TOTAL	91482	22306			102252	55228	47024	21580	18264
	M. P.	2884	1382			3925	3925		562	
	GRAND TOTAL	94366	23688			106177	59153	47024	22142	18264

*Others 219M, 164F; Indian Christians 135 M, 111F; Other Christians 18M, 12F; Jains 66 M, 41F.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		67	64							4	2
		96	81							4	2
		163	145							4	2
		17	16								
		8	5							5	
		30	28							9	
		42	48							2	
		32	29							1	
		23	15							1	
		12	13							1	
		18	20							1	
		182	174							18	
		61	56							9	
		7	8							3	
		44	37							6	
		35	32							6	
		80	81							16	3
		9	5							3	
		6	4								
		24	17								
		3	5								
		196	200							17	7
		99	104							21	1
		564	549							81	11
			1								
		1									
		49	50								
		35	31								
		9	5								
		55	70							2	
		152	130							3	
		99	97							2	
		400	384							7	
4		3316		35		1		5		2294	
	2	1488	1083	23	16			56	51	87	230
4		3316		35		1		5		2294	
	2	1488	1083	23	16			56	51	87	230
		2									
		68	69							15	1
		74	60				1	4	4	29	3
		23	9	74	52					10	
		165	138	74	53			4	4	54	4
		2									
		221	196	7	4					14	
		124	101	3						4	
		345	297	10	4					18	
6	8	32969	28243	459	345			214	164	4217	721
4		3318		35			1	5		2294	
10	8	36287	28243	494	345	1		219	164	6511	721

(1) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.		Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.	
Serial No.	Name.	Serial No.	Name.
2	Kodga Sahal	305	Gorakh Laliyal
10	Nagola	294	Nagona
41	Blahad	329	Matlahad
46	Bathin	285	Mathin
48	Salya	287	Sahele
59	Chapad	267	Jhad
63	Sukhetar Bhatan	276	Sukheter
73	Rator Dhok	240	Dhok
83	Kheri Dadiyal	252	Kheri Darmal
91	Jhuwa	1	Chhua
96	Chak Ningah	7	Chak Singha
130	Thanger	232	Langad
168	Gol Khas	125	Gol
121	Rajpora	123	Rajpora Mangotriyan
192	Gangwan Darchan	138	Gangwan
197	Smailpur Manhasan	97	Ismailpur
224	Garah Bhango	31	Gorah Singho

(ii) Majra Kotli serial number 64 of the Village Tables 1931 has recently been acquired by the Government and amalgamated with the Shikargah. The village had ceased to exist in 1941.

(iii) Rakh Nagbani and Bagh Hazuri serial numbers 200 and 169 of the Village Table 1931 for Jammu Tehsil having recently been acquired by the Private Department, the Census of these areas was conducted by the President Municipal Committee Jammu as District Census Officer for Jammu City at the recent Census because Palace Areas were included with the City. These have therefore been shown against serial numbers 8 and 9 respectively in the Village Tables 1941 for Jammu City.

(iv) Jammu Khas serial number 121 of the Village Tables 1941 represents the population of the water mills etc., in the area adjacent to Pir-Kuh. This area is on the borders of Jammu City but outside the municipal limits.

(v) Pinjol, Badola, Gleen, Mohda Taranjali and Sikligran serial numbers 269, 271, 274, 275 and 336 of the Village Tables 1941 are not traceable from the Village Tables 1931. Probably they were included with some other villages.

(vi) Bagh Marh Sarkari, Chak Habib, Sangoteda, Chak Bhopat, Chak Daulat, Rakh Chhatha and Bhagwani serial numbers 19, 160, 167, 193, 199, 205 and 296 of the Village Tables 1941 were unoccupied in 1931.

(vii) Chak Lalu Shah serial number 186 of the Village Tables 1941 was shown as Chak Hussain Ali serial number 167 in the Village Tables 1931. The village has recently been purchased by Lalu Shah and it has been named after his name with Government sanction.

(viii) Nawabad Rakh Bahu and Rakh Bahu Nawabad-upper Raipur serial numbers 238 and 334 of the Village Tables 1941 are not traceable from the Village Tables 1931. It is to be presumed these have been brought under cultivation and occupation recently.

(ix) Panjnandpur serial number 190 of the Village Tables 1931 was unoccupied at this Census and does not appear in the Village Tables for 1941.

(x) The villages Karloop Jagir and Raipur Purana Jagir serial numbers 337 and 338 of the Village Tables 1941 belong to Poonch Jagir. The population of these has been included with Jammu Tehsil as these villages are situated within this Tehsil. The fact that they belong to the Poonch Jagir does not alter the fact that they are in the area of the Jammu Tehsil.

(xi) Separate Village Tables for Jammu City have been prepared in 1941. The figures for the City were included with Jammu Tehsil in the Village Tables 1931. The total population for the Tehsil given in 1941 Village Tables is, therefore, the total for the tehsil shown in the Village Tables 1931 less the City population for 1931.

(xii) The Charge number (19) and Circle number (1) shown against Karloop Jagir and Raipur Purana Jagir, items 337 and 338 respectively, are the Census division numbers allotted to these villages by the District Census Officer for Poonch Jagir who controlled the Census work in these Jagir villages. These villages are under the administration of the Poonch Jagir.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT JAMMU, TEHSIL SAMBA.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Jammu**Tehsil Samba**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
r	s	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Sahal Jagir	96	22	1	14	97	50	47	19	24
2	Aitham	788	174			771	395	376	40	27
3	Bahid Garan	26	6			23	12	11	6	6
4	Pargalata	285	67			320	161	159	32	41
5	Khana Chhorgal	1364	302			1390	726	664	333	319
6	Chak Ladgan	337	56			301	158	143		
7	Kopar	103	27			109	59	50	3	2
8	Malhori Jagir	46	18			60	34	26	2	
9	Bain Majjal	327	87			379	203	176	124	112
10	Sidhra	248	70			302	174	128	102	71
11	Majhin	214	56			263	144	119	73	54
12	Rangora	299	59			284	162	122	145	112
13	Dwara	94	23			90	52	38	52	38
		4227	967			4389	2330	2059	931	806
14	Deawan	533	115	2		613	307	306	121	110
15	Katwalta	810	182			810	404	406	186	190
16	Purmandal	831	247			801	406	395	12	10
17	Khara Madhana	1094	238			1115	595	520	250	229
18	Sombli	281	56			287	140	147	116	122
		3549	838			3626	1852	1774	685	661
19	Talhar	39	8	3	13	44	18	26		
20	Padal	58	15			80	38	42		
21	Rajoul	92	26			137	71	66		
22	Kami	110	27			108	56	52	6	5
23	Khathar Brahmana	51	15			57	33	24		
24	Hardu Beli	116	19			116	67	49	4	6
25	Bartal	65	11			57	34	23		
26	Mahur Garh	238	45			210	124	86	47	30
27	Darbar Garh	63	13			59	31	28		
28	Panir Garh	130	23			112	60	52	3	3
29	Ret	28	3			34	20	14		
30	Badla Deoniyan	102	14			62	38	24	4	3
31	Badla Brahmana	51	13			46	24	22	12	11
32	Gahani Abalata	92	18			97	53	44		
33	Sarna	69	18			77	45	32	5	5
34	Kherdi	121	24			123	63	60	29	28
35	Baron	101	21			118	64	54	8	5
36	Nangal	150	27			121	68	53	15	11
37	Patiyari	27	7			31	18	13	14	8
38	Sarain	139	27			174	98	76	29	21
39	Jamyudah	55	10			57	29	28	1	
40	Papad Abtara	68	6			29	12	17		
41	Gogar	25	5			33	19	14		
42	Kali Nawi	156	58			214	109	105		
43	Kali Purani	340	63			319	159	160	49	35
44	Tondah	22	8			33	22	11		
45	Teri	92	18			98	51	47	51	47
46	Gawal Chorah	12	1			15	10	5		
		2612	543			2661	1434	1227	277	218
47	Papad Brahmana	46	14	4		60	34	26		
48	Bharath Garh	314	79			333	177	156		
49	Kard	67	15			63	35	28	3	3
50	Jatah	34	11			45	27	18		
51	Rewar	92	23			111	63	48		
52	Har Duliyan	129	37			169	96	73	26	15
53	Bagun	166	27			196	110	86	64	52
54	Jed	99	19			86	49	37	3	
		947	225			1083	591	472	83	79

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
55	Samotha	94	25	5		100	62	38	9	3
56	Beli	66	10			60	38	22	14	8
57	Kanunhata	14	5			20	10	10		
58	Phogal	27	5			38	19	19	5	5
59	Sodam	150	31			188	105	83	65	49
60	Sanoura	101	23			99	54	45	22	16
61	Bian	95	17			80	44	36	2	6
62	Khabal	64	6			54	32	22		
63	Dandwal	76	15			100	55	45		
64	Badwana	105	19			105	63	42	2	
65	Goran	172	43			144	75	69	7	6
66	Sarlah	6	2			3	2	1		
		970	201			991	559	432	126	93
67	Talour	300	72	6		369	199	170	65	47
68	Matarkoli	132	30			131	69	62	9	5
69	Samilnah	49	14			58	35	23	24	15
70	Patiyari	306	50			312	173	139	26	21
71	Douniyan	152	34			144	66	78		
72	Piyur	98	20			101	59	42		
73	Nand	35	7			47	19	28		
74	Kanir	91	15			92	51	41	9	8
75	Tabal	61	10			43	28	15	12	6
76	Baletar	398	91			398	201	197		
77	Bhoran	47	14			52	31	21		
78	Paswal	35	7			45	24	21	8	7
79	Chandli	35	14			89	51	38		
80	Chanori	113	23			125	65	60	65	60
81	Palai	54	14			65	34	31	34	31
82	Nentar	133	30			153	72	81	34	38
		2089	445			2224	1177	1047	286	238
83	Wadwi	235	36	7		231	133	98		
84	Dhantah	49	10			49	28	21	20	15
85	Sah	130	29			139	77	62		
86	Balour	180	35			216	114	102	101	92
87	Mananun	116	22			135	77	58		
88	Paltha	97	21			107	56	51		
89	Satah	95	22			115	61	54	9	6
90	Kaloha	130	36			120	75	45	5	3
91	Dhorah	66	14			84	41	43	15	10
92	Kopri	112	26			134	66	68	4	4
93	Malhata	68	13			88	51	37	43	30
94	Need	65	15			75	40	35		
95	Amla	66	15			79	39	40		
		1409	294			1572	858	714	197	160
96	Irazi Samba	44	28	8		77	48	29	20	14
97	Dhalout	30	5			32	17	15	1	
98	Wabeka	94	13			93	51	42		
99	Nabti	202	42			227	116	111	45	43
100	Nihari	252	49			268	129	139	112	116
101	Bhangwal	162	33			222	119	103	80	69
102	Kotera	22	8			36	22	14	8	7
103	Samlah	150	30			210	107	103	46	49
104	Anmbala	95	15			100	57	43	54	40
105	Bedi	80	13			77	41	36	10	2
106	Parel	66	19			58	34	24	7	6
107	Mandi Dansal	71	16			74	41	33		
108	Mandi Thalora	382	103			470	249	221	1	
109	Mandi Garh	273	62			344	175	169	2	
110	Mandi Paswalian	522	141			663	337	326		
111	Mandi Ghorgalian	646	115			617	313	304	4	5
112	Mandi Dargaliyan	32	7			33	22	11		
113	Mandi Sadwalian	129	38			143	81	62	9	3
114	Mandi Kotli	149	33			157	85	72	3	
115	Chak Manga Rakwal	134	69			344	181	163	22	13
116	Mandi Keli	499	153			676	361	315	2	
		4034	992			4921	2586	2335	426	367
117	Katli	1471	277	9	16	1698	914	784	466	413
118	Rahian	978	167			1058	547	511	321	309
119	Chak Jangi	106	17			103	53	50	47	44
120	Chak Girdhari	35	7			48	23	25	23	25

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
121	Sargwal	168	30			162	85	77	30	31
122	Khanwal	105	26			122	77	45	47	26
		2863	524			3191	1699	1492	934	848
123	Rakh Ambh-Tahli	219	58	10		283	163	120	72	50
124	Karandi	96	17			104	51	53		
125	Ramnagar	457	81			497	274	223	211	186
126	Datial Katlan	82	18			82	41	41	4	3
127	Sadhu	160	32			193	94	99	27	27
128	Gangwala	116	31			161	91	70	76	54
129	Rakh Kangwala	61	11			86	50	36	42	29
130	Suchetgarh	189	44			238	130	108	96	72
131	Balori	183	35			209	111	98	49	56
132	Chhani Jasu	287	48			338	179	159	128	112
		1850	375			2191	1184	1007	705	589
133	Suchetpur	115	26	11		149	76	73	42	41
134	Chak Faqira	211	42			283	150	133	135	122
135	Chak Barkha	60	9			67	35	32	11	12
136	Galahad	265	61			357	204	153	17	17
137	Been	283	40			287	149	138	39	39
138	Surhari	103	25			135	78	57	78	57
139	Bhangdur	291	58			338	170	168	24	23
140	Raipur	261	61			313	165	148	73	81
141	Katlai	155	32			185	102	83	56	49
		1744	354			2114	1129	985	475	441
142	Devakh	178	38	12		201	118	83	109	73
143	Belah Samba	4	8			8	8		8	
144	Manohar Gopala	156	35			189	108	81	90	63
145	Chak Mehanga Gojar	227	45			249	148	101	127	88
146	Belah Manohar	1	1			1	1			
147	Mandera	216	54			265	144	121	115	102
148	Chak Nanak	137	32			153	81	72	67	60
149	Nandni	50	9			63	29	34	27	31
150	Badheri	345	72			402	213	189	139	140
		1314	294			1531	850	681	682	557
151	Bari Kamila	421	73	13		469	248	221	160	156
152	Daghor	821	167			919	491	428	226	191
153	Chak Medu Rawalia	91	16			120	64	56	24	20
154	Mangtha	106	19			137	63	74	1	
155	Paswal	338	75			419	232	187	113	92
156	Chak Medu Basotra	43	6			47	23	24	12	6
157	Chak Jaba Khurd	37	8			51	30	21	8	5
158	Badah	283	52			337	162	175	42	53
159	Chak Mehtab Singh	77	17			98	54	44	15	11
160	Chak Batal	9	1			11	8	3		
161	Chak Chaban Kalan	171	42			211	105	106	17	19
162	Chak Jawahir Singh	58	11			67	33	34	2	2
163	Chhajwal	204	22			144	76	68	21	16
164	Sojawan	117	79			425	225	200	33	29
		2776	588			3455	1814	1641	674	600
165	Mandhak	260	49	14	14	246	132	114	39	28
166	Chak Ramchand	197	10			45	21	24		
167	Chak Khod Singh	184	37			207	101	106	16	17
168	Burj Sheru	96	23			87	48	39	5	4
169	Chak Bagbanan	118	34			139	83	56	67	38
170	Chak Katlan	172	29			195	106	89	78	70
171	Rattanpur	340	77			340	170	170	68	63
		1367	259			1259	661	598	273	220
172	Barota	169	24	15	15	173	95	78	82	66
173	Khanpur	344	75			411	231	180	174	146
174	Bajawati	80	11			72	37	35		
175	Kajjal Kalan	72	15			88	47	41	11	11
176	Kajjal Khurd	157	36			163	89	74	69	54
177	Chak Parthal	87	20			103	55	48	52	46
		904	181			1010	554	458	323	323

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		55	46								
		30	19								
		765	644							113	2
		91	70							10	2
		51	53							3	
		63	37							19	7
		37	38								
		67	72							1	
		15	16							3	
		8	7							2	
		34	36							3	
		62	42							7	
		51	47							4	
		479	418							52	9
		34	32								
		15	11								
		24	20								
		186	136					1		1	
		110	99							1	
		64	63	82	82					1	
		86	67	6							
		46	34								
		565	462	88	82			1		4	
		9	10							4	
		18	18							1	
		21	13								
		1									
		29	19							4	
		14	12							1	
		2	3								
		74	49							2	
		168	124							17	
		88	65							16	1
		265	237							76	27
		40	36							1	
		62	74							1	
		119	95							21	
		11	18								
		22	16								
		120	122							35	3
		39	33							12	
		8	3							1	
		88	75		12					2	
		1		30	32					3	1
		33	32	22	20					10	
		112	93	80	78					18	
		1008	899	132	142					196	32
		46	37	47	49					8	
		12	11	9	13					2	
		85	89							3	
		43	35							5	
		19	18							10	2
		28	19							25	13
		102	107							29	3
		332	316	56	62					82	18
		13	12							12	1
		57	34							23	2
		37	35								
		33	28							8	1
		20	20					3	2	14	11
		3	2								
		163	131					3	2	57	15

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
178	Chak Paras	309	59	16		366	185	181	52	44
179	Rangour	181	38			227	124	103		
180	Makour	211	49			258	146	112	104	79
181	Magwal	185	43			226	134	92	103	69
182	Chak Abdulla	5	4			12	8	4		
183	Rajpur Labana	102	23			117	64	53		
184	Chhajwal	373	76			444	224	220	184	169
185	Balhar	112	16			117	51	66	51	66
		1478	308			1767	936	831	494	427
186	Dadial	112	22	17		132	72	60	50	42
187	Chak Bhimun	72	15			105	59	46	56	45
188	Nathwal	234	40			211	94	117	79	94
189	Beral	279	57			314	171	143	132	119
190	Nangah	996	193			1037	514	523	333	347
191	Jagatpur	371	76			480	247	233	196	171
192	Majrah	211	39			242	126	116	100	86
		2275	442			2521	1283	1238	946	904
193	Bhakri	223	60	18		338	183	155	79	70
194	Kho Manhasan	470	91			520	285	235	189	160
195	Sheikhupura	216	40			240	134	106	108	90
196	Rajwal	159	28			160	90	70	65	54
197	Palawatah	324	62			359	189	170	97	76
198	Chak Jhanda Singh	54	10			57	29	28	18	17
199	Mahko Mera	37	3			19	11	8	11	8
		1483	294			1693	921	772	567	475
200	Chak Bamun	103	27	19		120	74	46	5	3
201	Chak Jastu	344	68			389	204	185	177	169
202	Sanmadu	257	47			276	144	132	105	89
203	Manhaspur	284	56			327	169	158	113	97
204	Jagwal	289	59			387	194	193	120	109
205	Khandral	209	37			230	119	111	86	84
206	Chak Alia	47	9			66	33	33	33	33
207	Jar Thabal	125	72			387	205	182	115	100
208	Abtal Salarian	348	12			85	50	35	18	12
209	Dhup Saddi	56	13			57	33	24	22	15
210	Chak Khokhran	250	52			329	174	155	141	125
211	Chak Bakain Kani	211	32			213	114	99	82	76
212	Rakh Thabal	336	66			443	251	192	40	34
213	Mandial	163	30			205	114	81	51	34
		3022	580			3514	1878	1626	1108	980
214	Chak Jawahir	73	14	20		84	34	50	34	50
215	Jerdah	335	65			341	168	173	129	135
216	Chak Devli	380	84			428	221	207	175	176
217	Narainpur	212	56			348	179	169	156	142
218	Chamlial	114	30			191	107	84	82	63
219	Chhani Fatwal	740	146			797	429	368	323	296
220	Sri Partapsinghpora	170	35			192	113	79	58	47
221	Maharajpur	149	28			186	99	87	5	4
		2173	458			2567	1350	1217	962	913
222	Chak Nazir	97	21	21		126	66	60		
223	Khor	427	100			480	255	225	214	189
224	Chak Chataka	416	88			507	270	237	122	113
225	Chak Shaman	93	16			89	42	47	7	8
226	Chak Hiran	162	33			194	97	97		
227	Kotli Tikralian	300	56			273	143	130		
228	Pharri	279	49			302	156	146	115	107
229	Rajpur Jatan	143	24			152	79	73	2	5
230	Chak Balotriyan	125	28			164	73	91	2	6
		2042	415			2287	1181	1106	462	428
231	Kalah	146	31	22		153	84	69	20	11
232	Chak Goran	88	21			104	52	52		
233	Jhang	424	45			198	108	90	11	8
234	Rakh Jhang	199	95			497	238	259	78	90
235	Sri Partapsinghpora	99	19			98	52	46	52	46
236	Suankh	483	107			615	331	284	50	51
237	Redwan Kalan	263	55			315	140	175	57	59

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
238	Redwan Khurd	273	54			307	156	151	46	41
239	Chak Salarian	125	26			145	78	67		
		2100	453			2432	1239	1193	314	306
240	Karali Kalan	296	64	23		317	185	132	124	96
241	Karali Khurd	182	43			220	118	102	104	89
242	Bindral	347	65			368	188	180	3	5
243	Kahranwali	79	9			60	33	27	18	21
244	Jar Sarwah	36	9			49	29	20	11	7
245	Trandi Singara	114	16			107	53	54	48	49
246	Trandi Rajoura	380	75			422	234	188	157	139
247	Ram Garh	1038	224			1152	589	563	410	402
248	Jar Redwan	12	2			18	12	6	1	3
249	Ramluh Redwan	330	55			339	165	174	60	63
250	Ramluh Brahmana	261	47			287	151	136	6	4
251	Mahal Kalandrian	170	29			197	97	100	27	26
252	Mahal Shaban	304	47			334	176	158	12	10
		3549	685			3870	2030	1840	981	914
253	Aika Majona	55	17	24		81	41	40	41	40
254	Dwal	63	12			65	31	34		
255	Rakh Labanah	470	100			477	235	242	5	3
256	Gho Manhasan	52	16			57	28	29		
257	Gho Rakwalan	395	74			443	235	208	15	8
258	Gho Brahmana	380	79			448	230	218	26	11
259	Chak Daulat	135	32			183	96	87		
260	Jhumian	86	15			106	55	51	30	27
261	Sarwah	378	80			474	255	219	88	68
262	Shahzadpur	322	63			337	169	168	60	63
		2336	488			2671	1375	1296	265	220
263	Galwal	285	57	25	14	300	147	153		
264	Badali	305	62			300	138	162	16	20
265	Kamala	324	62			350	170	180	37	43
266	Najwal	70	12			67	39	28	9	8
267	Devokh Kaka	206	47			240	123	117	7	8
268	Dabooj Shahzada	213	41			228	115	113	23	22
269	Rada	455	106			540	261	279	31	38
270	Radi	426	81			512	268	244	45	30
		2584	468			2537	1261	1276	168	169
271	Ghagour	271	52	26		302	161	141	66	50
272	Tarapur	20	4			15	6	9	5	9
273	Garwal	619	153			721	388	333	12	14
274	Chak Baglan	299	90			331	193	138	36	18
275	Rampur	148	38			197	107	90	14	10
276	Chak Bania	304	72			338	209	129	159	101
277	Chak Salarian	134	39			196	104	92	90	75
		1795	438			2100	1168	932	382	277
278	Rakh Barotian	146	24	27		194	109	85	109	85
279	Thori Brahmana	254	47			328	169	159	91	85
280	Thori Gojran	239	44			305	158	147	145	136
281	Bajpur	345	76			462	247	215	105	98
282	Sri Partapsinghpora	68	14			87	44	43	37	43
283	Chhani Manhasan	329	71			417	206	211	142	156
284	Samlahri	163	43			207	108	99	75	56
285	Gopwal	167	39			218	108	110	69	62
286	Anwal	290	60			317	156	161	114	115
287	Bhekari	291	41			240	132	108	72	65
288	Nathwal	100	20			99	70	29		
		2392	479			2874	1507	1367	959	901
289	Tangar	279	71	28		299	163	136	8	13
290	Sadral	199	46			263	142	121	37	39
291	Anandpur	393	90			425	241	184	30	27
292	Motliyan Kalan	249	51			259	139	120	25	34
293	Motliyan Khurd	72	14			81	40	41	29	29
294	Badhwal	408	77			488	269	217	165	139
295	Gorah Salathian	1507	405			2019	1060	959	97	85
296	Nagrota	311	62			333	175	158	64	53

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
297	Bagona	963	214			1085	572	513	292	230
298	Sangwal	526	103			597	295	302	132	137
		4907	1133			5847	3096	2751	879	795
299	Bagla	4115	588	29		3248	1665	1583	546	475
300	Marhun	141	35			151	75	76	2	3
		4256	623			3399	1740	1659	548	478
301	Tarod	434	104	30		495	240	255	3	5
302	Pati	595	124			648	338	310	53	51
303	Batli	60	12			60	28	32		
304	Gawal	122	21			122	61	61	11	25
305	Kishenpur	12	1			2	2			
306	Rakh Baroi	2	5			24	14	10	2	3
307	Baroi	62	12			63	38	25	9	7
308	Khandargal	144	30			159	86	73	10	9
309	Ismailpur	887	219			1045	525	520	60	48
310	Badhori	779	146			891	449	442	185	178
311	Bari	519	109			657	330	327	239	232
312	Mahin Charkan	569	105			612	329	283	167	105
		4185	888			4778	2440	2338	739	663
313	Mahin Sarkar	649	121	31		749	412	337	285	243
314	Martholi	684	140			726	387	339	161	168
315	Birpur	1951	401			2129	1096	1033	516	474
316	Rajpur Kuhlar	472	92			519	276	243	165	132
317	Rakh Rajpora	49	7			40	22	18	11	7
318	Basi Khurd	310	52			351	183	168	91	78
319	Palli	504	151			618	326	292	52	43
		4619	964			5132	2702	2430	1281	1145
320	Samba (Town)	2917	644	32	17	3287	1718	1569	633	613
		2917	644			3287	1718	1569	633	613
	TOTAL	79181	16840			89464	47103	42361	18843	16799

*Others—Indian Christian 71M, 65F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name	S. No.	Name
588	Sahil Jagir	1	Sahal Jagir
607	Dabar Garh	27	Darbar Garh
674	Tandwal	63	Dandwal
718	Rakh Gangwala	129	Rakh Kangwala
740	Chek Medu Sadralia	153	Chak Medu Rawalia
794	Kartholi Jagir	314	Martholi
847	Tehbal	208	Abtal Salarian
899	Sanjwan	164	Sojawan
906	Chak Kaklan	170	Chak Katlan
920	Chak Sidharah	10	Sidhra

(ii) Rakh Chadak, Chak Rakwalan and Chak Diyala serial numbers 790, 862 and 904 respectively of the Village Tables 1931 were occupied at the recent Census. They therefore do not appear in the Village Tables for 1941.

(iii) The numbering of Census Divisions in Tehsil Samba was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the Circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the Charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 13 to 17. All are shown in the Tables but they do not run consecutively with the Circles. Circle totals are given but owing to the defect referred to, total for Charge 14 cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of various separated Circles forming this Charge.

(iv) Charges in this Tehsil run from 13 to 17. The Charges should have run from 12 to 16, as Karloop Jagir, which is in the administrative jurisdiction of the Poonch Jagir and was censused by them, has wrongly been included as a charge in the Jammu Tehsil. This increased the charge numbers by one but there is no charge numbered 12 in the Jammu District.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
6	4	274	270							59	1
		163	165							2	1
6	4	2206	1951	2				3	1	641	84
		1119	1108							239	9
		73	73							7	
		1192	1181							246	9
		237	250							1	
		285	259							6	
		28	32								
		50	36							2	
		2									
		12	7								
		29	18								
		76	64								
		464	472	1						114	1
		264	264							3	
		91	95							2	
		162	178							4	
		1700	1675	1						132	1
		127	94							1	
		226	171							2	
		579	559	1						107	1
		111	111								
		11	11								
		88	87								
		274	249					4	3	4	
		1416	1282	1				4	3	17	
		1020	885	26	29			39	42	822	360
		1020	885	26	29			39	42	822	360
127	114	27066	24413	996	970			71	65	4177	708

District Jammu

Tehsil Sri Ranbirsinghpura

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Sri Ranbirsinghpura (Town) ..	2024	479	1	17	2150	1213	937	592	468
		2024	479			2150	1213	937	592	468
2	Sri Ranbirsinghpura Railway Station ..	56	36	2	18	49	40	9	27	5
		56	36			49	40	9	27	5
3	Serota ..	261	59	3		315	173	142	151	126
4	Geegian ..	347	99			451	250	201	165	143
5	Khumb ..	31	12			56	35	21	21	19
6	Purana Pind ..	355	81			436	232	204	166	136
7	Kotli Gala Bana ..	84	18			85	49	36	37	24
8	Poad Bhan ..	155	32			158	76	82		
9	Rangpur Sadri ..	276	62			306	155	151	122	116
10	Sidhar ..	245	54			241	131	110	95	77
		1754	417			2048	1101	947	757	641
11	Mohta ..	299	63	4		334	168	166	152	143
12	Sandeh ..	153	32			171	87	84	70	73
13	Rangpur Balaniyan ..	344	66			364	197	167	153	130
14	Kotli Meroyan ..	153	30			151	89	62	74	49
15	Bahochpur ..	191	38			230	112	118	97	102
16	Kaloye ..	235	43			246	127	119	86	84
17	Korutana Kalan ..	332	62			371	187	184	156	155
18	Dher ..	248	55			282	153	129	137	121
19	Traliyan Khurd ..	137	30			146	76	70	60	53
		2092	419			2295	1196	1099	984	916
20	Najawat Pur ..	61	16	5		73	37	36	33	33
21	Koru Tana Khurd ..	361	85			431	233	198	96	81
22	Suchetgarh ..	905	207			1059	544	515	354	339
23	Phalora ..	336	85			375	196	179	126	127
		1663	393			1938	1010	928	609	580
24	Abdalian ..	268	73	6		350	192	158	10	3
25	Chak Chandu ..	404	87			447	232	215	204	186
26	Lian ..	127	28			173	93	80	75	60
27	Bedipur Jatan ..	283	52			315	165	150	145	135
		1082	240			1285	682	603	434	384
28	Sangral ..	65	14	7		78	46	24	42	22
29	Kotli Qanungoan ..	90	19			100	59	41	6	5
30	Kutmarian ..	77	17			102	55	47		
31	Bega ..	264	83			352	190	162	118	88
32	Berah ..	205	56			275	141	134	132	114
33	Choga ..		3			5	4	1		
34	Raipur Seedan ..	305	78			355	183	172	116	99
35	Kotli Khokan ..	48	13			71	36	35	21	23
36	Baspur ..	249	60			291	169	122	122	89
37	Barslapur ..	96	18			104	56	48	49	46
		1399	361			1725	939	786	608	488
38	Shahpur Tanknanwali ..	245	56	8		277	156	121	106	78
39	Kotlah Manhasan ..	159	60			225	114	111	104	96
40	Magral ..	159	32			177	105	72	90	62
41	Chak Hansu ..	205	42			250	129	121	4	4
42	Fatehpur Salarian ..	228	65			311	165	146	128	125
43	Sakhala ..	289	54			297	150	147	128	123
		1285	309			1537	819	718	560	488

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		580	443	19	6			22	20	497	196
		580	443	19	6			22	20	497	196
		9	3					4	1	9	2
		9	3					4	1	9	2
		21	16					1		17	4
		82	58					3		19	2
8		6	2							9	8
		66	68							20	11
		12	12							5	
		76	82							3	
		33	35							9	4
		36	33							11	
8		332	306					4		93	29
		16	23							6	
		17	11							7	
		45	31							6	
		15	13							24	
		12	12					3	4	15	
		21	17					20	18	11	
		25	23					6	6	8	
		16	8							77	
		16	17							1	
		183	155					29	28	25	
		4	3					10	11	34	
		127	106					86	60	16	
		103	115	1	1			11	7	76	
		59	45							18	
		293	269	1	1			107	78	5	
		175	144	7	11					2	
		20	24					8	5	4	
		18	20							29	
		20	15							1	
		233	203	7	11			8	5	2	
		4	2							4	
		53	36							3	
		55	47							1	
		72	71							8	
		9	20						3	2	
		4	1							4	
22	33	45	40							1	
		15	12							8	
		47	33							2	
		7	2							29	
22	33	311	264						3	3	
		50	43							1	
		10	15							5	
		15	10							2	
		115	117	10						5	
		37	21	10						2	
		22	24	10						3	
		100	100	10						19	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	*Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
44	Fatehpur Brahamana	251	66	9		333	178	155	8	3
45	Chak Agra	624	159			737	419	318	138	90
46	Chak Janjua	86	21			120	71	49	71	49
47	Kharkhola	62	10			59	32	27	32	26
48	Chak Khana	191	49			189	100	89		
49	Langrial	149	29			152	87	65		
		1363	333			1590	887	703	249	168
50	Sangial	206	40	10		274	145	129	19	16
51	Bikraman	340	72			418	225	193	9	3
52	Barial Brahmna	1190	268			1293	662	631	170	162
53	Kadyal	187	50			290	155	135	25	22
54	Jasour	246	65			313	160	153	134	135
55	Kotli Arjansingh	293	73			382	194	188		
		2462	568			2970	1541	1429	357	338
56	Khapar	240	47	11		257	137	120	105	101
57	Nari	184	50			246	127	119		
58	Gazipur	257	65			254	135	119	111	89
59	Mhalu Wala	129	34			143	73	70	39	43
60	Khotian	142	35			172	92	80	60	49
61	Chak Talab	249	52			206	103	103	66	73
62	Baga Marh	149	47			160	92	68	24	25
63	Kotli Shahdola	217	68			244	127	117	48	39
64	Thikrian	166	38			158	85	73	72	58
		1733	436			1840	971	869	525	477
65	Drawati	129	32	12		167	86	81	58	64
66	Chuhalah	1002	242			1091	592	499	395	336
67	Bagazina	305	81			305	180	125	123	91
68	Jindhar	365	89			414	209	205	174	164
69	Sunderpur	154	30			155	81	74	68	59
70	Chak Salam	186	45			198	108	90	36	21
		2141	519			2330	1256	1074	854	735
71	Chak Musa	148	47	13		206	106	100	3	1
72	Barial Qazian	966	236			989	499	490	97	88
73	Mokhey	197	39			200	98	102	76	81
74	Talia	193	42			215	115	100	92	80
75	Makhdum	98	16			115	55	60	47	51
76	Bad Bhains	68	22			94	60	34		
		1670	402			1819	933	886	315	301
77	Rakh Phalora		2	14		8	8		5	
78	Satowali	481	105			522	280	242	158	139
79	Dhohana	150	31			175	91	84	63	67
80	Traliyan Kalan	149	34			175	95	80	85	72
81	Haripur	293	65			319	165	154	119	125
82	Sadrah	48	9			52	32	20	29	19
83	Rakh Haripur	88	45			246	141	105	4	4
84	Chodey Bhains	75	17			76	39	37	37	37
85	Chak Fatu	546	115			648	324	324	278	272
		1830	423			2221	1175	1046	778	735
86	Chakroi	1589	366	15		1934	999	935	585	523
		1589	366			1934	999	935	585	523
87	Chak Wahabdin	206	53	16		222	113	109	90	90
88	Dangri	172	34			158	88	70	58	45
		378	87			380	201	179	148	135
89	Bokadi	192	45	17		193	97	96	64	63
90	Seer	169	34			165	92	73	75	57
91	Balah	261	63			297	156	141	117	107
92	Bago Wali	455	107			524	276	248	205	187
93	Chak Baja	194	38			186	101	85	75	62
		1271	287			1365	722	643	536	476
94	Dabhar	696	196	18		759	389	370	37	44
95	Chak Mohd. Yar	337	70			399	196	203	160	171

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		170	152							32	5
		263	207	18	21					68	12
			1							4	1
		100	89							5	
		87	65							18	1
										2	
		620	514	18	21					129	19
		97	90	29	23					4	
		216	190							3	
		405	394	82	72					143	6
		52	42	78	71			5	3	16	
		26	18							11	
		83	70	111	118					52	6
		879	804	300	284			5	3	229	12
		32	19							7	
		121	111	6	8					4	
		24	30							10	4
		34	27							3	1
		32	31							3	
		37	30							12	4
		34	17	34	26					15	2
		37	36	42	42					20	8
		13	15							17	2
		364	316	82	76					91	21
		28	17							7	
		197	163							42	
		57	34							22	4
		35	41							10	1
		13	15							5	
		72	69							8	1
		402	339							94	6
73	79	30	20							21	6
312	327	90	75							111	9
		22	21							1	
		23	20							1	
8	9	60	32		2					10	16
										8	
393	415	225	168		2					152	21
		2						1		1	
		89	79					33	24	48	5
		12	9					16	8	8	
		10	8							5	
		46	29							24	7
		3	1							3	
		137	101							14	1
								2		1	
		25	31					21	21	81	19
		324	258					73	53	185	32
		315	348	4	3			95	61	261	116
		315	348	4	3			95	61	261	116
		23	19							33	22
		30	25							14	4
		53	44							47	26
		22	21							4	
		17	16					11	12	8	
		39	34							29	1
		71	61							59	1
		26	23							9	
		175	155					11	12	109	2
		200	160	152	166					52	
		33	27					3	5	4	

Seria No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
96	Chak Bukhtawar	181	47			207	105	102	70	68
97	Gondla	210	52			226	118	108	96	93
98	Agwan	124	39			167	88	79	75	68
		1548	404			1758	896	862	438	444
99	Mehlu	177	51	19	19	201	120	81	70	48
100	Jandhar Kalan	286	79			321	166	155	98	95
101	Qutub Din	228	67			234	120	114	97	87
102	Rethana	489	177			621	338	283	120	96
103	Chak Nanak	157	45			191	100	91	74	65
		1337	419			1568	844	724	459	391
104	Chak Bala	268	58	20		290	155	135	119	107
105	Chak Preman	90	15			94	50	44	16	17
106	Bhaler	209	44			209	115	94	91	71
107	Kotli Mufti	106	27			110	59	51	7	5
108	Biaspur	276	73			365	193	172	15	14
109	Kalyana	582	138			793	448	345	91	73
110	Tarapur	132	26			197	108	89	69	53
		1663	381			2058	1128	930	408	340
111	Nanu Wali	118	24	21		128	66	62	58	56
112	Hansa	177	41			214	114	100	89	74
113	Naman	216	48			241	133	108	103	74
114	Kotli Araiyan	538	119			610	324	286	282	245
115	Pralah	592	150			793	408	385	136	124
		1641	382			1986	1045	941	668	573
116	Diwangarh	180	46	22		243	128	115	71	52
117	Barey	51	12			54	31	23	28	20
118	Pindi Sarochan	392	88			473	242	231	145	134
119	Jangwal	170	41			210	96	114	70	88
120	Mulu Chak	487	116			597	318	279	64	54
		1280	303			1577	815	762	378	348
121	Bheta	48	14	23		62	38	24	28	18
122	Khushalpur	122	28			138	65	73	56	61
123	Abdal	335	83			388	221	167	155	123
124	Mulowal	87	16			69	32	37	27	32
125	Gulabgarh	245	49			231	118	113	3	4
126	Sri Partap Kot	33	18			93	47	46	6	4
127	Ghrana	476	119			605	304	301	28	16
		1346	327			1586	825	761	303	258
128	Khang	49	14	24		68	32	36	26	26
129	Fatehpur Shekhan	180	64			234	124	110	81	75
130	Bhoman	24	14			53	31	22	29	22
131	Kapur Pur	124	46			172	93	79	92	79
132	Nawan Pind	177	54			220	110	110	89	85
133	Hamrah	44	15			58	31	27	31	27
134	Chak Veru	56	10			58	30	28	30	28
135	Gharani	276	76			280	158	122	137	114
		930	293			1143	609	534	515	456
136	Jawda	445	151	25		609	313	296	168	166
137	Ateywali	244	68			320	181	139	150	115
138	Chak Chogna	124	29			154	87	67	49	42
139	Nikowal	847	271			1053	523	530	372	391
140	Bedipur Awanan	35	12			68	33	33	24	24
		1695	531			2202	1137	1065	763	738
141	Sai Kalan	480	137	26		633	342	291	242	212
142	Sai Khurd	571	135			697	359	338	245	235
143	Jajwal	114	30			132	73	59	55	42
144	Rahman Garh	44	10			40	26	14	26	14
		1209	312			1502	800	702	568	503
145	Toguwali	162	44	27		206	108	98	80	67
146	Sri Gulabsinghpura	96	24			112	56	56	56	56

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
147	Chak Bola	659	148			771	396	375	281	264
148	Jeowal Kalan	550	115			587	305	282	219	215
		1467	331			1676	865	811	636	602
149	Jeowal Khurd	353	72	28		403	225	178	147	123
150	Chak Jandran	176	38			200	111	89	87	70
151	Ajpur	88	21			118	58	60	9	7
152	Kotli Qazian	221	34			204	109	95	85	81
153	Chak Shera	152	35			214	104	110	85	94
154	Talhad	417	88			455	262	193	197	155
155	Panchgarain	208	48			250	150	100	70	4
156	Ladwal	69	14			76	42	34	9	8
157	Mohanpur	95	22			115	61	54	28	27
		1779	372			2035	1122	913	717	613
158	Tarapur	89	21	29		115	71	44	39	18
159	Pindi Sarochan Khurd	90	23			126	65	61	26	25
160	Bhati	211	39			255	126	129	106	110
161	Lalupur	84	19			109	60	49	51	42
162	Trewah	461	117			591	316	275	196	181
163	Rangpur Trewah	601	143			767	399	368	243	226
164	Kot Kuba	118	38			156	73	83	46	56
165	Jandrah	56	9			69	38	31	34	27
166	Chak Goriyan	51	16			66	34	32	34	32
		1761	425			2254	1182	1072	775	717
167	Kotha	251	60	30		330	169	161	43	46
168	Chahnana	139	30			185	100	85	64	53
169	Pindi Charakan Khurd	324	72			376	201	175	33	36
170	Kudwal	163	32			181	93	88	1	
171	Kotli Bag Banan	223	60			297	164	133	137	111
172	Chanqiya	331	81			373	204	169	14	7
		1431	335			1742	931	811	292	253
173	Arnia	2819	686	31		3545	1813	1732	413	398
		2819	686			3545	1813	1732	413	398
174	Marhol	79	20	32		114	57	57	9	8
175	Khwaspur	130	28			149	71	78	61	69
176	Karyal Khurd	135	38			159	85	74	22	16
177	Allah	1170	413			1384	761	623	268	238
		1514	499			1806	974	832	360	331
178	Kohl Kalan	364	69	33		351	191	160	5	8
179	Kohl Khurd	169	41			183	90	93	9	8
180	Chak Ramdass	62	14			71	36	35		
181	Puwal	115	26			145	74	71		
182	Sohagpur	283	74			320	158	162		
183	Pachel	113	30			152	88	64	24	18
		1106	254			1222	637	585	38	34
184	Chak Kiman	570	186	34		684	383	301	319	248
185	Chak Majra	221	67			267	149	118	117	98
186	Chak Fateh Khan	38	15			55	30	25	12	12
187	Kotla	175	78			255	133	122	30	28
188	Sheikhu Pora	235	77			284	159	125	123	95
189	Kilach Pur	106	28			147	76	71	57	54
190	Adlhed	250	75			312	169	143	123	108
		1595	528			2004	1099	905	781	643
191	Pindi Charakan Kalan	862	204	35	20	979	532	447	253	224
192	Sri Gulabsinghpura	289	76			381	197	184	110	100
193	Partap Garh	240	56			238	126	112		
194	Duhayi	160	40			211	106	105	7	14
		1551	376			1809	961	848	370	338
195	Nandpur	146	42	36		203	112	91	96	80
196	Ranjitpur	86	23			118	67	51	62	46
197	Bahadurpur	411	99			464	255	209	18	19

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
198	Kathar	309	77			356	203	153	50	41
199	Chak Shibu	144	42			193	112	81	5	
		1096	283			1334	749	585	231	186
200	Bamial	237	46	37		248	126	122	5	7
201	Syed Garh	271	64			306	172	134	39	20
202	Muzaffarpur	216	45			268	139	129	59	64
203	Chak Chamnan	229	51			254	147	107	90	65
204	Chak Phagwana	70	21			121	59	62		
		1023	227			1197	643	554	193	156
205	Atmapur	87	20	38		106	54	52	49	43
206	Chak Kesab	57	9			64	31	33		
207	Chak Bhana Jatan	92	16			97	58	39	3	3
208	Mojoa Takhmi	203	51			232	131	101	18	12
209	Majoa Uttami	309	59			321	166	155	6	3
210	Rakh Mangal	71	10			43	18	25	15	17
211	Chak Umra	190	31			220	121	99	99	84
212	Chak Jawahir Singh	88	16			111	61	50	2	5
213	Sangal	164	42			193	96	97		
		1261	254			1387	736	651	192	167
214	Kalwal	92	20	39		115	56	59		
215	Chak Mian Sahib Singh	23	6			35	20	15	4	8
216	Karyal Brahmana	303	77			369	186	183	5	14
217	Gadwal	59	17			70	42	28		
218	Chak Mian Sukha Singh	264	51			239	130	109	24	17
219	Sangli	125	21			141	72	69	7	7
220	Chak Suba	123	25			136	70	66	9	7
221	Chak Qadar	168	22			105	58	47	55	44
222	Chak Patyadi	44	6			42	20	22		
223	Dulhain	39	12			51	29	22		
224	Khojipur	338	69			355	191	164	52	43
		1578	326			1658	874	784	156	140
225	Saror	1089	230	40		1119	590	529	100	78
226	Najwal	90	19			123	60	63		
227	Kheri	1165	287			1442	771	671	267	177
		2344	536			2884	1421	1263	367	255
228	Rihal Kalandrial	217	46	41		225	116	109	17	13
229	Rihal Dhamalian	610	139			702	375	328	54	40
230	Nandwal	142	26			134	80	54	32	18
231	Shahpur Brahmana	303	63			311	159	152	10	9
		1272	274			1373	730	643	113	80
232	Badipur Salarian	133	42	42		154	82	72	67	65
233	Morchapur	185	47			206	117	89	91	60
234	Pagal	396	89			432	231	201	190	179
235	Pandori Manhasan	225	53			236	127	109	43	37
236	Kirmal Manhasan	425	92			484	241	243	123	135
237	Traf Brahmana	91	26			122	65	57	8	8
238	Chak Hasil	144	44			188	97	91	30	29
239	Chak Wazir Brahmana	126	27			132	72	60	11	5
		1725	411			1954	1032	922	563	518
240	Jhomian Jatan	174	40	43		219	121	98	9	5
241	Jhomian Brahmana	209	59			238	136	102	69	50
242	Chak Marar	431	95			529	281	248	92	74
243	Ratnal	491	103			555	307	248	50	47
244	Laliyana Sri Pratapsinghpura	197	40			214	114	100	71	60
		1502	337			1755	959	796	291	242
245	Dhende Khurd	180	46	44		216	114	102	68	60
246	Chak Abtara	195	40			197	107	90	2	
247	Jindar Khurd	278	72			307	169	138	126	102
248	Mohmudpur	227	53			238	120	118	109	109
249	Chak Chuha	80	18			92	53	39	6	5
250	Chak Jaralan	235	49			238	117	121	28	32
251	Bagh Jogian	274	60			312	172	140	170	140

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
252	Kanhal ..	468	96			520	242	278	11	21
253	Bhatiyari ..	316	64			398	216	182		
254	Fatwal ..	228	51			216	126	90	7	4
		2481	549			2734	1436	1298	527	473
255	Chak Baniya Brahmana ..	211	50	45		245	132	113	45	33
256	Chorli ..	254	58			307	168	139	92	82
257	Har-Seh Dhabar ..	535	134			665	365	300	111	135
		1000	242			1217	665	552	248	250
258	Bishnah ..	1670	390	46		1993	1073	920	226	191
		1670	390			1993	1073	920	226	191
259	Makhanpur Charkan ..	400	95	47		503	230	273	2	1
260	Laswada ..	712	166			780	430	350	123	119
261	Devli ..	723	198			830	426	404	122	107
262	Pandori Brahmana ..	286	53			272	144	128	2	6
		2121	512			2385	1230	1155	249	233
263	Salaher ..	1128	319	48		1360	728	632	163	139
264	Chak Tahir ..	277	59			241	129	112	49	31
265	Chak Jagtoo ..	227	51			264	146	118	37	23
266	Gandli ..	427	92			443	228	215	94	87
		2059	521			2308	1231	1077	343	280
267	Khod ..	671	123	49		792	418	374	82	87
268	Phindhar ..	1466	267			1582	873	709	644	535
269	Kotli Mian Bhagwan Singh..	101	20			149	87	62	3	3
270	Raipur Gojran ..	181	59			187	113	74	74	47
271	Kolan ..	235	57			257	135	122		
272	Chak Harni ..	71	19			95	56	39	31	25
		2725	545			3062	1682	1380	834	697
273	Kalas ..	148	32	50		146	80	66	60	53
274	Nihalpur Simbal ..	390	83			471	229	242	50	68
275	Dhende Kalan ..	257	62			236	128	108	93	78
276	Makhanpur Gojran ..	219	62			320	164	156	115	110
277	Malikpur ..	288	41			204	107	97	75	64
278	Mamka ..	141	43			183	95	88	78	73
279	Ratian ..	309	70			324	178	146	28	24
280	Kir Pind ..	763	201			974	511	463	72	58
281	Tanda ..	308	81			441	221	220	132	137
		2823	675			3299	1713	1586	703	665
282	Ban Sultan ..	384	129	51		486	327	159	149	95
283	Kharian ..	227	59			257	131	126	87	88
284	Maraliya ..	172	51			242	150	92	71	45
285	Kotli Mian Fateh ..	328	70			385	206	179	21	19
286	Langotian ..	165	41			192	101	91	67	65
287	Baina Garh ..	139	33			153	89	64	6	7
288	Bhaw ..	217	55			270	141	129		
289	Chak Shaian ..	126	28			134	65	69	58	62
290	Chak Alawal ..	106	25			110	55	55	40	39
291	Gazia ..	117	32			164	96	68	47	31
292	Tutrey ..	190	46			211	117	94	99	82
293	Darsopur ..	221	70			364	235	129	168	87
294	Ganda ..	129	31			147	78	69	40	29
295	Maheshian ..	108	22			117	67	50	48	43
		2629	692			3232	1858	1374	801	692
TOTAL		82788	20005			96521	51400	45121	23935	21061

*Others—473M, 346F; Indian Christian 452M, 332F; Sansis 10M, 8F; Jains 3M, 1F; Parses 8M, 5F.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		231	257							53	2
		216	182							15	
		119	86							5	
		909	825							117	2
		87	80							6	
		76	57							13	
		254	165							18	1
		417	302							37	1
		842	724	1	2			4	3	267	74
		842	724	1	2			4	3	267	74
		134	151	94	121					16	
10	4	271	207	26	20					8	
		304	297							18	
		142	122							62	7
10	4	851	777	120	141					104	7
		558	488					7	5	30	2
		80	81							18	3
		109	95							27	
		134	128							19	
		881	792					7	5	94	5
		194	157	135	124			7	6	90	3
		229	174							25	
		71	51	13	8					8	1
		39	27							4	
		28	31	107	91					30	6
		25	14								
		586	454	255	223			7	6	157	10
		20	13							3	2
		174	165	2	7			3	2	48	4
		35	30							5	1
		49	46							8	2
		32	33							18	10
		17	15							8	6
		145	120					5	2	44	18
		169	143	270	262					157	40
		49	52	35	27			5	4	25	19
		690	617	307	266			13	8	316	102
		168	63	7				3	1	94	7
		44	38							14	1
		79	47							36	4
		185	160							23	
		34	26							7	4
		62	43	21	14					15	6
		81	80	60	49					35	
		7	7							15	12
		15	16							3	2
		44	34	5	3					22	4
		18	12							8	1
		65	42	2						50	17
		38	40							9	5
		19	7							16	2
		859	615	95	66			3	1	347	65
466	487	24736	21539	1790	1688			473	346	5812	984

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Tables 1931

S. No.	Name.
944	Bangial
954	Manhaspur Simbal
971	Dasopur
997	Raipur Gajral
1000	Qutub Nizam
1067	Bhateya
1099	Badripur Awanan
1134	Qadirpur
1179	Chak Tawar

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.
50	Sangial
274	Nihalpur Simbal
293	Darsopur
270	Raipur Gojran
101	Qutub Din
121	Bheta
140	Bedipur Awanan
110	Tarapur
221	Chak Qadar

(ii) Choga and Rakh Phalora serial numbers 33 and 77 of the Village Tables 1941 were unoccupied in 1931.

(iii) Rakh Jawda and Chak Wazira Arainyan serial numbers 1098 and 1119 of the Village Tables 1931 were unoccupied at the recent Census. These villages therefore do not appear in the Village Tables for 1941.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT JAMMU, TEHSIL AKHNUR

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Jammu**Tehsil Akhnur**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Adgan	72	19	1	21	73	36	37	13	19
2	Khakhial	70	14			61	30	31	2	2
3	Manoh	164	48			149	78	71	8	9
4	Giur	317	69			314	157	157	52	45
5	Manoha	151	40			174	88	86	4	3
6	Kathar	311	75			334	179	155	35	33
7	Arohan	211	49			262	145	117	55	51
8	Dahara	294	72			311	153	158	50	57
9	Pail-Becharag	5	4			4	4		4	
10	Kaha	59	18			66	37	29	14	15
		1654	408			1748	907	841	237	234
11	Gosain	424	104	2		477	251	226	31	23
12	Jakh	87	21			107	56	51	1	
13	Nore	209	40			196	101	95	3	1
14	Mund	211	50			249	134	115	8	6
15	Garatal	361	81			413	214	199	143	83
16	Mera Jagir	403	93			446	228	218	78	78
17	Rahani Jagwal	197	41			209	108	101	25	30
18	Pian	540	118			550	286	264	150	128
19	Mandrian	292	66			295	150	145	1	
20	Nardi	1054	234			1259	642	617	361	355
		3778	848			4201	2170	2031	801	704
21	Godhan	378	79	3		433	239	194	127	100
22	Kandi	391	72			427	211	216	211	216
23	Barool	458	103			549	265	284	44	54
24	Gargal	159	34			174	98	76	26	17
25	Kotli	448	82			470	240	230	166	166
26	Gandharwan	1158	234			1197	629	568	206	188
27	Sangani	255	48			320	164	156	71	65
28	Barola	143	24			156	78	78	22	21
		3390	676			3726	1924	1802	873	827
29	Balgara	356	81	4		408	221	187	165	142
30	Dehar Gaha	169	35			170	93	77	91	74
31	Targwal	659	153			738	384	354	182	154
32	Anmbaran	1265	320			1438	768	670	476	414
		2449	589			2754	1466	1288	914	784
33	Sanehal	468	104	5		549	294	255	130	128
34	Dasgal	614	140			655	341	314	168	150
35	Bandral Kalan	700	175			851	456	395	310	269
36	Bhardah Khurd	133	33			167	84	83	15	11
37	Bhardah Kalan	614	132			704	370	334	263	218
38	Manda	220	63			224	119	105	40	31
		2749	647			3150	1664	1486	926	807
39	Kot	468	112	6		455	241	214	117	101
40	Dab	33	5			24	15	9	15	9
41	Airn Pur	33	24			74	43	31	5	8
42	Bhatiari	126	35			150	72	78	66	70
43	Gurah Brahmana	814	199			964	490	474	142	121
44	Karora	291	88			334	175	159	22	14
		1765	463			2001	1036	965	367	323
45	Kangial Sangial	2351	514	7	22	2717	1425	1292	531	462
46	Palwan	76	16			76	43	33	1	1
		2427	530			2793	1468	1325	532	463

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TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Female	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		23	18								
		28	29							2	
		70	62							8	
		105	112							5	
		84	83							5	
		144	122							26	
		90	66							10	
		103	101							10	
		23	14							1	
		670	607							67	
		220	203							22	
		55	51							1	
		98	94							3	
		126	109							1	
		71	116							5	
		149	137					1	3	13	
		83	71							15	
1		135	136							23	
		149	145							10	
		144	126	137	136					25	
		1230	1188	137	136			1	3	118	
		104	87	8	7					1	
		221	230							2	
		72	59								
		74	64							9	
		376	349	47	31					17	1
		93	91							3	
		56	57							18	
		986	937	55	38					50	1
		56	45							5	
		2	3							7	
		202	200							6	
		291	256	1						39	
		551	504	1						57	
		164	127							29	
		173	164							25	
		146	126							14	
		69	72							6	
		107	116							9	
		77	74					2		14	2
		736	679					2		97	2
		124	113							3	
		38	23							1	
		6	8							5	
		348	353							1	
		153	145							32	1
		669	642							48	1
		894	830							63	1
		42	32								
		838	862							63	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	Occupied houses 1941	1931 Population	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)-	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
47	Devipur	..	304	75	8	369	192	177	59	45
48	Fatwal	..	82	17		101	53	48	37	32
49	Kangral	..	230	41		237	111	126	44	48
50	Nad	..	43	13		52	27	25	1	1
51	Kainkh	..	975	194		1034	534	500	277	268
52	Chak Badialan	..	192	46		212	120	92	85	74
53	Sangrampur	..	142	32		137	69	68	37	44
54	Bamhal	..	136	22		167	81	86	30	34
			2104	440		2309	1187	1122	570	546
55	Gurah Jagir	..	742	155	9	821	422	399	208	199
56	Chak Krapalpur	..	229	60		218	122	96	8	6
57	Dalpat	..	95	20		67	38	29	24	19
58	Bhor	..	107	24		104	59	45		
59	Chak Biasa	..	31	8		32	16	16	3	3
60	Khundpur	..	58	12		46	23	23	18	19
			1262	279		1288	680	608	261	246
61	Dahoke Jagir	..	606	127	10	655	335	320	219	213
62	Bargal Khurd	..	102	18		108	55	53	9	11
63	Bargal Kalan	..	234	56		272	135	137	1	
64	Pingari	..	806	179		1078	566	512	310	265
65	Chak Raja	..	200	46		245	129	116		
66	Manani	..	245	52		266	134	131	1	1
67	Garh	..	238	50		212	125	87		
68	Jamatian	..	237	58		271	139	132		
			2758	586		3106	1618	1488	540	490
69	Chohara	..	538	116	11	494	262	232	3	1
70	Bandral Khurd	..	288	69		297	156	141	5	9
71	Nara	..	62	12		65	32	33		
72	Chigial	..	101	27		106	44	62	6	6
73	Bain Bahar	..	30	8		22	12	10		
74	Gangal	..	175	41		178	90	88	17	9
75	Karial	..	55	12		50	33	17	2	
76	Goru Bajorian	..	25	7		25	16	9		
77	Balsaro	..	84	26		115	59	56		
78	Phagal	..	119	21		99	47	52		8
79	Lathery	..	70	16		57	28	29		
			1547	355		1508	779	729	33	33
80	Budhy	..	82	24	12	85	40	45		
81	Chariai	..	30	8		40	23	17		
82	Kanchri	..	187	40		178	94	84		
83	Rameen Makhian	..	115	25		95	47	48		
84	Tulgaru	..	74	15		73	38	35		
85	Jothal	..	33	8		33	15	20		
86	Choki	..	133	40		152	85	67		
87	Lila	..	34	8		25	11	14		
88	Dana	..	290	61		346	175	171		
			978	229		1029	528	501		
89	Dori	..	609	129	13	711	342	369	3	8
90	Dagir	..	406	108	23	460	224	236	9	9
91	Majboor	..	469	120		527	273	254	1	
92	Ghar	..	443	121		480	214	266	2	5
			1927	478		2178	1053	1125	15	22
93	Sandel	..	221	51	14	230	112	118		
94	Saliohat	..	823	183		935	496	439	422	371
95	Harde Malwara	..	333	77		346	181	165	15	12
96	Rah	..	536	115		500	284	276	183	170
			1913	426		2071	1073	998	620	553
97	Mala	..	877	229	15	889	441	448	6	3
98	Pukharni	..	396	89		429	209	220	14	23
99	Nathal	..	782	183		843	455	388	8	9
100	Bali	..	145	31		164	70	84		
101	Kitial Simbal	..	302	64		325	170	155		
102	Chajwal	..	187	41		190	99	91	15	20

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
103	Kharah	545	130			626	326	300	85	69
104	Kalah	318	78			356	190	166	1	
		3602	845			3812	1960	1852	129	124
105	Mawa Brahmana	799	185	16		857	428	429	10	10
106	Chahjar	143	34			168	87	81	8	4
107	Jogiani	100	25			117	65	52		
108	Basiara	276	61			322	152	170	3	4
109	Lohara	131	35			147	75	72	2	3
110	Lahar	208	49			249	120	129		
111	Thandi Choi	261	53			262	132	130		
112	Sabar	419	91			487	234	253	7	8
		2337	533			2609	1293	1316	30	29
113	Dahok Khalsa	988	214	17		1183	626	557	469	418
114	Kandial	464	97			505	236	269	198	223
115	Rajwal	463	102			543	277	266	231	225
116	Chak Bhagwan	307	68			339	174	165	59	53
117	Poth Kandial	306	79			391	191	200	156	172
118	Rakh Dhok	245	60			294	172	122	108	81
		2773	620			3255	1676	1579	1221	1172
119	Bhalwal Brahmana	828	164	18	24	867	468	399	182	161
120	Bhary	568	113			590	310	280	188	178
121	Jad	857	192			1004	534	470	316	294
122	Nazala Chak	162	36			190	102	88	79	73
		2415	505			2651	1414	1237	765	706
123	Chak Skandar	54	17	19		71	41	30	36	28
124	Bandwal	294	69			298	153	140	51	37
125	Seetrial	194	38			183	94	89	23	20
126	Maira	388	96			394	211	183	4	1
127	Rattanpur	90	21			129	70	59		
128	Chak Bhawan	222	56			281	143	138	11	11
129	Rakh Muthi	85	17			97	55	42		
130	Muthi	292	90			336	179	157	80	71
		1619	404			1789	951	838	205	168
131	Paragwal	1707	394	20		1768	951	817	292	224
		1707	394			1768	951	817	292	224
132	Seedharwan	307	83	21		355	182	173	69	57
133	Gakbral	512	114			481	276	205	46	26
134	Lahrian	210	41			238	109	129	94	109
135	Jajial	262	57			271	150	121	45	40
136	Rakh Khoroon	43	10			48	25	23	22	23
		1334	305			1393	742	651	276	255
137	Nakowal	277	56	22		285	147	138	89	84
138	Chhani Tana	232	51			203	109	94	69	61
139	Najwal	393	105			448	255	193	57	40
140	Mal Johda	28	9			27	16	11		
141	Paragpura	87	22			102	59	43	21	11
142	Bhalwal Bharath	448	111			500	268	232	126	108
		1465	354			1565	854	711	362	304
143	Chak Tagwal	18	4	23		20	12	8		
144	Rajpur	394	106			432	239	193	79	53
145	Pindi	198	47			188	104	84	43	43
146	Phagwari	91	20			94	55	39	14	10
147	Bhalwal Moolo	832	207			763	418	345	131	102
148	Baila Jamana	377	115			441	254	187	93	76
		1910	499			1938	1082	856	360	284
149	Gurah Manhasan	539	101	24	26	557	307	250	123	91
150	Tagwal	114	24			134	87	47	36	18
151	Diawrah	319	71			404	222	182	147	116
152	Chak Phagwari	84	13			66	35	31	5	1

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		241	231							19	2
		189	166								
		1831	1728							101	2
		418	419							17	
		79	77							1	
		65	52							1	
		149	166							4	
		73	69							1	
		120	129							2	
		132	130							4	
		227	245							1	
		1263	1287							31	
		157	139							47	4
		38	46							22	2
		46	41							45	1
		115	112							13	
		35	28							8	
		64	41							19	3
		455	407							154	10
		286	238							11	1
		122	102							3	
		187	152	31	24					18	
		23	15							3	
		618	507	31	24					35	1
		5	2							5	
		107	103							5	
		71	69							7	
		207	182							8	
		70	59							7	
		132	127							6	
		55	42							4	
		99	86							4	
		746	670							42	
		657	590					2	3	130	27
		657	590					2	3	130	27
		113	116							8	
		221	173	1	3			8	3	26	
		15	20							4	
		105	81							8	
		3								4	
		457	390	1	3			8	3	50	
		58	54							7	1
		40	33							5	
		198	153							14	
		16	11							1	
		38	32							6	
		142	124							6	
		492	407							33	1
		12	8								
		154	131	4	4			2	5	8	
		61	41							1	
		41	29							43	1
		286	243					1		4	
		150	99	11	12					4	
		704	551	15	16			3	5	56	1
		184	159							20	
		51	29							9	
		75	66							11	
		23	23	7	7						

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Male	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
153	Sarwal ..	423	93			442	261	181	141	87
154	Gawar ..	159	40			214	117	97	46	67
155	Sajwal ..	361	90			439	232	207	84	44
		2009	432			2256	1261	995	582	424
156	Gari Nanda ..	99	22	25		103	55	48	24	10
157	Sri Ranbirsinghura (Gari Bishana) ..	93	20			89	57	32	3	3
158	Badhan ..	176	50			220	98	122	70	96
159	Manchak ..	256	56			249	131	118	45	32
160	Dahou Chak ..	184	50			229	112	117	45	35
161	Dadora ..	261	63			288	136	152	87	108
162	Bakor ..	324	85			382	195	187	56	25
163	Indri ..	46	10			66	37	29		
164	Chak Kora ..	103	31			131	72	59	6	7
		1549	387			1757	893	864	336	316
165	Danpour ..	358	35	26		184	101	83		
166	Bahopur ..	210	47			243	129	114	20	20
167	Datial ..	190	94			411	209	202	16	15
168	Dohal ..	111	22			104	58	46		
169	Matoo ..	333	87			384	205	179	10	11
		1202	285			1326	702	624	46	48
170	Chhani Zulfoo ..	288	51	27		301	177	124	156	105
171	Chak Takho ..	340	75			377	208	169	123	99
172	Sri Ranbirsinghpura ..	718	175			746	392	354	46	34
173	Sidhar ..	275	65			290	158	132	45	34
		1621	366			1714	935	779	370	272
174	Kharota ..	220	50	28		236	119	117	90	92
175	Magial Lalu ..	186	41			203	107	96	76	73
176	Magial Abtara ..	167	35			208	103	105	39	37
177	Garar ..	416	93			452	244	208	101	80
178	Sainth ..	444	100			476	254	222	12	10
		1433	319			1575	827	748	318	292
179	Dehrian ..	473	101	29		513	281	232	54	48
180	Pangali ..	711	175			820	420	400	136	126
181	Hamirpur Nawan ..	961	210			966	504	462	157	129
182	Hamirpur Khanah ..	455	121			604	357	247	257	206
183	Gujral ..		1			1	1		1	
184	Kotli Manhasan ..	39	10			61	33	28	24	25
		2639	618			2965	1596	1369	629	534
185	Badwal ..	286	58	30		320	160	160	46	29
186	Rakh Sri Partapsinghpura ..	181	42			197	109	88	107	88
187	Geegarial ..	697	158			773	414	359	245	223
188	Doian ..	313	62			368	185	183	157	160
189	Rawan ..	130	41			193	107	86	86	78
190	Dhalan ..	131	27			178	98	80	26	17
191	Bhar Dial ..	74	17			100	50	50	50	50
		1812	405			2129	1123	1006	717	645
192	Khore ..	1861	363	31		2274	1209	1065	619	552
193	Nandwal ..	477	64			347	188	159	25	19
194	Kalian ..	148	34			147	79	68	21	11
		2486	461			2768	1476	1292	665	582
195	Dhangar ..	393	88	32		441	233	208	166	139
196	Kaleeth ..	607	128			678	344	334	47	51
197	Khohara ..	37	7			37	21	16	1	
198	Chak Malal ..	788	166			788	393	395	161	161
199	Taroti ..	220	46			232	131	101	62	41
200	Danwal ..	297	59			336	177	159	122	103
201	Malal Ahjal ..	104	25			110	49	61	18	17
		2446	519			2622	1348	1274	577	517
202	Pahari Wala ..	973	191	33	25	1047	537	510	261	250
203	Kot Maira ..	1405	287			1552	811	741	337	307

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
204	Laham	142	47			214	117	97		
205	Khunda	175	37			187	89	98	19	23
206	Marchangi	380	81			423	219	204	32	29
207	Nikian	376	88			448	249	199	47	39
		3451	731			3871	2022	1849	696	648
208	Panjiooi	770	185	34		870	470	400	133	108
209	Palaian	420	99			464	252	212	18	12
210	Chhani Diwanan	883	216			1024	550	474	324	273
		2073	500			2358	1272	1086	475	393
211	Bhagwan Chak	671	114	35		755	410	345	137	111
212	Pallan Wala	1864	320			2093	1075	1018	274	269
213	Dar	154	38			175	81	94	27	23
		2689	472			3023	1566	1457	438	403
214	Jogwan	304	88	36		367	182	185		
215	Barroh	433	112			469	226	243	24	21
216	Chaprial	524	168			685	377	308	59	26
217	Sahamuna	684	107			595	270	325	154	153
218	Kachrial	212	57			301	152	149	35	27
		2157	532			2417	1207	1210	272	227
219	Akhnur (Town)	3007	755	37	27	3398	1799	1599	852	712
		3007	755			3398	1799	1599	852	712
TOTAL		80431	18195			88821	46503	42318	17302	15309

*Others—Indian Christian 74M, 74F; Sansis 2M.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
575	Tandel	93	Sandel
576	Amlot	94	Saliohat
577	Arah	96	Rah
407	Mor Brahmana	105	Mawa Brahmana
584	Garri	82	Kanchri
583	Rattan Makhan	83	Rameen Makhian
365	Bain Lahad	73	Bain Bahar
351	Rohan Jagir	7	Arohan
350	Peel Charag	9	Pail-Be-Charag
428	Nigani Jagir	27	Sangani
430	Badwi	28	Barola
426	Dasnel	33	Sanehal
409	Sad	121	Jad
402	Said	112	Sabar
387	Panjtoot	208	Panjiooi
521	Palatan	209	Palaian
522	Wad	213	Dar
566	Sanjwal Jagir	155	Sajwal
486	Nandwal	124	Bandwal
451	Mandah	38	Manda

(ii) Gujral serial number 183 of the Village Tables 1941 was unoccupied in 1931. It has only one occupied house and one person living.

(iii) Chak Agwar serial number 540 of the Village Tables 1931 was unoccupied at the recent Census. This village therefore does not appear in the Village Tables for 1941.

(iv) The numbering of Census Divisions in Akhnur Tehsil was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the Circles in the Village Tables for the Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the Charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 21 to 27. All are shown in the Tables but they do not run consecutively with the Circles.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		117	97							16	3
		70	75							2	
		187	175							10	1
		202	160							49	
		1326	1201							117	5
		331	285	6	7					15	2
		234	200							13	
		195	175	31	26					40	
		760	660	37	33					68	2
		273	234							16	
		801	749							84	6
		54	71								
		1128	1054							100	6
		180	185	2						3	
		195	214					7	8	10	
		318	282							25	1
		116	172							14	
		117	122							2	
		928	975	2				7	8	54	1
		900	837	38	43			9	7	694	199
		900	837	38	43			9	7	694	199
		28745	26580	378	355			76	74	3468	437

KATHUA DISTRICT.

Kathua District is bounded on the south by the Gurdaspur and Kangra Districts of the Punjab, on the east by the Kangra District and Chamba State, on the north by the Ramnagar and Bhadarwah Tehsils of the Udhampur District and on the west by the Samba Tehsil of the Jammu District. The Ravi flows along its eastern and southern borders from the north-east in a south-westerly direction. The only other river of importance is the Ujh which flows through the western half of Basohli and then south between Kathua and Jasmergarh.

The district has an area of 1,023 sq. miles ; it is the smallest in the State. It consists of the three tehsils Kathua, Jasmergarh and Basohli the areas of which are 224, 185 and 614 sq. miles respectively. Jasmergarh, the smallest tehsil in the State, excepting Sri Ranbirsinghpura, lies to the west and south of the district, Kathua is in the centre and south and Basohli to north and east. Kathua and Jasmergarh are in the natural division designated 'The Sub-montane tract' whilst Basohli is in 'The Outer Hills' division. This classification indicates the extent of the difference in the physical features of Basohli as compared with Kathua and Jasmergarh. The district offices and the headquarters of the Kathua Tehsil are in Kathua town. The headquarters of Jasmergarh is at Hiranagar and of Basohli in the town of that name.

The climate of Kathua and Jasmergarh except in the winter is hot and dry ; the latter is slightly less so than Kathua. Both are malarial. Neither tehsil has any forest land. Erosion has become a serious problem in some areas. The crops of both depend on rainfall to a very large extent. The river Ujh supplies the canal systems of both tehsils ; the Kathua Tehsil also gets water from the Ravi. In both areas smaller streams and springs are of some importance for irrigational purposes. Rainfall is not always sufficient, timely and well distributed.

Basohli, which is larger than the other two tehsils put together, is mostly made up of mountains and foothills. There are plateaux and flat areas to the south of the tehsil. Mountain ranges which are known by different names in different localities, separate the tehsil from Ramnagar, Bhadarwah and Chamba State in the north-west, north and north-east respectively. The centre of the area is a mass of foothills thrown out at different angles from the main ranges. The Ravi passes the tehsil on its eastern borders but

its waters are of small use to agriculture. The Siawa, the main tributary of the Ravi, is used for floating out timber. The Ujh, rising in the Ramnagar Tehsil passes through a part of Basohli on its way south. Numerous mountain torrents dissect the area to join the Ravi or the Ujh but are of little value for irrigation. The tehsil possesses good forests in the hilly areas to the north. It is much better off as regards rainfall than the other two tehsils though rain is not always ample and timely in the localities where it is most required. The higher elevations are naturally cold in winter and cool in summer. The lower elevations are hot and dry in summer.

Roads and communications in the district are poor. A road from Jammu to Basohli passes through tehsils Samba, Jasmergarh and Kathua. The tehsil headquarters of the two first named are a few miles off the road. The road itself is cut by river beds and is impassable by car for considerable periods in the rains. Although it has received some attention in recent years there is still ample room for improvements. The Ujh should be bridged.

2. Population.—The population of the district in 1931 was 161,232 and at the recent Census 177,672, an increase of 10.19 per cent. ; this is only slightly under the average increase for the whole State. The 1941 population for the three tehsils was Kathua 47,378, Jasmergarh 59,670 and Basohli 70,624 against 43,299, 51,957 and 65,976 respectively in 1931. The percentage increases are 9.42, 14.84 and 7.04 in the order mentioned. The increase in the case of Jasmergarh is considerably above the average for the whole State whilst for the other two tehsils it is below, considerably so in the case of Basohli.

Kathua has suffered seriously from malaria for generations and to this may be attributed the fact that the increase in this tehsil is below the average for the State but the increase at this Census compares favourably with past Censuses. Jasmergarh is malarial too and it is not easy to suggest adequate reasons for the high percentage increase. Possibly, the number of Bakarwals in the area at the time of the Census was higher than usual. Recent medical efforts are believed to have reduced the virulence of malaria. The small increase in Basohli is probably due to several reasons. The annual winter move of Bakarwals to Kathua and Jasmergarh may have been of greater proportions ; larger numbers than usual may have gone to the Punjab in search of labour ; malaria and venereal diseases may have

been particularly virulent during the decade. In the past, traffic in women was considerable and this may be a factor. In recent years His Highness' Government have taken active measures to combat this nefarious trade.

Hindus form the majority of the population in all three tehsils; Rajputs predominate; Muslims come next in importance; the majority are Gujjars. The Hindu preponderance is highest in Basohli and lowest in Kathua. The Muslim minority is largest in Kathua and smallest in Basohli. There are only 31 Shias in the whole district out of a Muslim population of over 45,000. There is a mere smattering of Sikhs; they total less than 450. 'Others' number just over 200. Ethnologically, the district is a Dogra Rajput area. Dogri is the most important language; Gojari is next in importance.

3. Migrations.—There has been no emigration or immigration during the decade worth the name. Such movements as there are, are temporary. Considerable numbers of agricultural labourers move into Kathua Tehsil each year from Pathankot and even Kangra. Agricultural labour is insufficient for the cultivation of rice in the Andhar tracts and without this influx of labour the land owning classes would be unable to cultivate their holdings. Men from the Kandi illaqa villages of the district also go to the rice growing areas to work as agricultural labourers. Rajputs from Kathua are recruited in fair numbers for the Indian Army. The inhabitants of the dry tracts of the Kandi illaqa of Jasmergarh, whose crops are entirely dependent on rainfall, eke out a precarious existence. Many of the men go to the Punjab every year in search of employment to supplement the meagre incomes they extract from their lands. Some have no land at all. There is little movement from Basohli to the Punjab; a few of the Kashmiri inhabitants of Koti Chandhar go in search of work in the winter. Bakarwals in large numbers enter the Kathua and Jasmergarh Tehsils at the beginning of the winter from Bhadarwah, Kishtwar and Basohli. They return to their summer grazing grounds in the spring as soon as weather conditions permit.

4. Agriculture.—The chief crops and staple food grains of the district as a whole are maize, wheat, rice and bajra. Production is more than sufficient for local consumption and considerable quantities of rice are exported to markets in the Punjab. Wheat is also exported as it gets a better price than other grains which the producers consume themselves. Barley, goji, jawar, bajra, gram, oilseeds and pulses are also grown. A

large proportion of the crops is dependent on sufficient, timely and well distributed rains; only a small percentage of the area is irrigated.

In Kathua Tehsil rice, wheat and maize, in the order named, are easily the most important crops. The Wazir of the district estimates that 150,000 maunds of rice are exported annually. Other crops are barley, goji, gram, bajra and pulses. In Jasmergarh the chief crops are rice, bajra, wheat, barley and goji. As in Kathua production is sufficient to support the population. Wheat and rice are exported to the Punjab. Bajra, goji and wheat are the staple food grains for the majority. Maize is also used in some areas of the Tehsil. In Basohli maize is the chief crop but rice and wheat are important, followed by barley. Maize is mostly grown in the hilly areas where it is the staple food; in other areas rice and wheat are the staples. Production is sufficient and there is little import or export. Pulses and oilseeds are also grown.

Fruit and vegetable growing is not organised. Kathua and Jasmergarh are each said to have about 150 acres under gardens and orchards. Apparently, there are practically no areas set aside for fruit and vegetables in Basohli although fruit trees are scattered about the area. Mangoes, citrus fruits and bananas are said to grow well in Kathua and Jasmergarh, particularly in Kathua. There are numbers of mango groves and citrus trees in Kathua but little interest appears to be taken in their proper cultivation or to produce good quality. Most of the fruit is said to be of inferior quality. This is unfortunate. The same remarks apply to Jasmergarh. It seems there is ample scope for a well-organised fruit industry in Kathua and Jasmergarh if attention were concentrated on good quality mangoes and citrus fruits. The same applies to selected areas in Basohli. Besides mangoes and citrus fruits, bananas and mulberries grow in Kathua and Jasmergarh and apricots, walnuts and mulberries in Basohli. Sugar-cane is grown in Kathua and Jasmergarh but is said to be of poor quality. With the introduction of improved quality and more attention this crop appears to have possibilities. The production of vegetables is just as neglected as fruitgrowing. Reports indicate that whilst some vegetables are grown in Kathua very little is grown in Jasmergarh and practically none in Basohli. It is understood that the cultivation of potatoes and green vegetables could easily be extended very considerably with profit to the growers and general benefit to the people of the area who would enjoy a more balanced diet. There are no markets in the district for the sale and interchange of agricultural produce.

Kathua is probably the most important centre.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no organised industries. Spinning and weaving of cotton and wool are cottage industries. There is a small cotton weaving factory in Basohli. The manufacture of shawls used to be a local industry in Basohli but this has died. There would appear to be good prospects for increased wool growing in Basohli; grazing for sheep is ample. As the mulberry tree grows well throughout the district the rearing of silk-worms and the production of cocoons would appear to offer scope for expansion. In Kathua and Jasmergarh the growing of fruit and vegetables and the cultivation of sugar-cane seem to offer excellent possibilities as organised industries. In the absence of industries there is little scope for non-agricultural employment. Casual labourers earn six annas a day and ordinary artizans, such as shoe-makers and blacksmiths, eight annas. In Basohli Tehsil a few men obtain employment in the forests and on road construction. A well-planned scheme for the improvement of roads throughout the district and for the provision of bridges over the rivers at important points, especially the Ujh on the road between Samba and Kathua, would benefit the district out of all proportion to the expenditure involved. No industry can flourish in the absence of good communications and transport facilities.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—The population of the whole district is almost entirely dependent on agriculture and since only a small percentage of the cultivated area is irrigated the great majority are at the mercy of adequate and timely rains. In discussing migrations it has been recorded that numbers of men go to the Punjab in the winter in search of employment to supplement the income from their lands more particularly from the dry tracts of Jasmergarh and from Koti Chandhar in Basohli. Numbers of men from the dry tracts also go to the irrigated tracts to work as agricultural labourers, especially in Kathua where, as already stated, labour is in short supply. The report of the first Regular Settlement of Basohli Tehsil was issued in 1914 A. D.; revision operations were carried out in Kathua and Jasmergarh about ten years later and the reports issued in 1924 A. D.

Prices realised in the past decade compared favourably with assessment rates. In 1931 they were low but showed a steady improvement throughout the second half of the decade and have probably since risen further due to the war. But a rise in prices for agricultural produce does not benefit all producers; it only benefits those

who have a surplus for disposal and even the latter, in debt as most of them are, do not necessarily derive much benefit since most of the profit is reaped by the sahuakar. Further, in the absence of good communications internal as well as with Jammu and the Punjab, full benefit cannot be derived owing to the high costs of handling and transport always associated with poor communications.

In the absence of an economic survey and reliable data it is quite impossible to give any accurate figures relating to indebtedness. When the Settlement report for Kathua was issued in 1924 A. D., it was estimated that 50 per cent. of the landowners of Kathua Tehsil were in heavy debt, that the average amount of annual interest payable was 20 per cent., that interest alone represented an annual charge of Rs. 2-8-0 per cultivated acre and that debt was increasing. The report for Jasmergarh issued in 1924 calculated debts then existing in a different way. Returns were prepared for each village and the debt on total area and cultivated area calculated; this worked out at an average for the whole tehsil of Rs. 23.1 per cultivated acre. It was estimated that 58 per cent. of the peasantry were in debt and only 42 per cent. able to sell their surplus grain at will. The Settlement report for Basohli issued in 1914 is obviously out of date but the figures may be quoted in the absence of more reliable data. Calculations then made showed that the average debt for the whole tehsil was Rs. 11.7 per cultivated acre and Rs. 10.88 per head of the population excluding those living in Basohli town. It is doubtful if there has been any improvement in any area of the district since the figures given were published; it is more than likely that indebtedness has increased in the past two decades.

The Wazir of the district states that the big landlords of Kathua Tehsil find it difficult to pay their land revenue after providing for their families and in the case of small landholders, says the produce is not sufficient to support their families and great poverty exists everywhere. The people of Jasmergarh are described as being buried in debt. In the majority of families expenditure is said to exceed income; this can only mean gradually increasing indebtedness. The inhabitants are said to be getting poorer and poorer every day. The conditions in Basohli Tehsil would appear to be slightly better than in the other two tehsils.

The average income per head per month is given as Rs. 2 in the case of Kathua and Jasmergarh with expenditure slightly in excess of this

amount. The average for Basohli is stated by the Wazir to be about Rs. 4 per head per month with expenditure about the same.

All the facts at our disposal indicate that throughout the whole district poverty is the common lot, indebtedness is large and the standard of living poor. The area is backward in every way and cut off from more prosperous localities. The most urgent requirement is improved communications.

7. Education.—The district is educationally backward. There is only one High School in the whole area; this is located at Kathua. In addition this tehsil has two Middle Schools for boys, one Middle School for girls and thirteen Primary Schools for boys. Jasmengarh has two Middle Schools for boys, twenty-three Primary Schools for boys and four Primary Schools for girls. Basohli has four Middle Schools for boys, twenty-six Primary Schools for boys and two Primary Schools for girls. Although progress in opening new schools has been made during the decade and continues the number of educational institutions is clearly too small. More Primary Schools are required in all tehsils and additional Middle Schools too, particularly in Jasmengarh. If a High School could be provided at Hiranagar, the headquarters town in Jasmengarh, and an extra Middle School too the requirements of higher education in this tehsil would probably be met for the present. Basohli also should have its own High School. The tables show that the number of literates in the district is only 10,259 out of a population of 177,672; of these 9,046 are males and 1,213 females. This gives a percentage of 5.77; the percentages for the tehsils individually are Kathua 6.47, Jasmengarh 4.79 and Basohli 6.13. The position is poor for all tehsils but particularly so in the case of Jasmengarh. The whole district is cut off from Jammu except in fair weather owing to poor communications in spite of recent improvements. This isolation as much as any other factor accounts for the neglect of this district in the past and its present educational backwardness.

8. Health and Water Supply.—Health conditions in the district as a whole are poor. The riverain and lower tracts of Kathua and Jasmengarh are full of malaria, particularly the former. In Basohli too malaria is bad in the Padhrote illaqa and in Basohli town. The Kandi illaqa villages are better off climatically; the people there are healthier and of better physique but they suffer a great deal from lack of good drinking water. The tanks frequently dry up and in the words of the Settlement Commissioner in the

review of the last Settlement report for Kathua "the poisonous pools from which the people are forced to drink engender the noxious disease known as narwa (guinea-worm)". Guinea-worm is common throughout Kathua and Jasmengarh. Basohli Tehsil has an infinitely better climate than the other two tehsils except in the Badhrote illaqa already mentioned. But if Basohli is for the most part free of malaria, venereal diseases are a serious menace to the health of the people. Tuberculosis is said to be widespread and pneumonia a common cause of death.

Medical facilities and equipment are inadequate throughout the district. Some progress is believed to have been made in recent years but there is much that requires urgent attention. Hospitals and dispensaries are insufficient. The existing deficiencies with respect to medical facilities are probably due to poor communications as much as any other cause; this disadvantage makes the provision of more dispensaries and the improvement of existing ones essential and urgent.

Drinking water supply is good and sufficient in Basohli except in the Padhrote illaqa and in the locality of Basohli town itself. In Kathua and Jasmengarh the water is sufficient, except in the Kandi illaqa, but not good. Reference has already been made to conditions in the Kandi illaqa. It is said that the water from the Ujh river is injurious to health; this assertion should be the subject of investigation and analysis before acceptance. It would seem that active steps are necessary to improve the drinking water supply in Kathua, Jasmengarh and in those parts of Basohli specially mentioned.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) The principal fairs held in the district are:—

- (i) Dussehra at Kathua.
- (ii) Nauratra festival in the Balasundri Deviji Temple at Mirpur—Ram village in Kathua.
- (iii) Baisakhi and Shiv Ratri fairs at Shiva-ji's Temple, in Airwan (Kathua).
- (iv) Janamashtami festival in Bhadon and Rathayatra in Poh in Shri Narsinha Deviji temple at Ghagwal in Jasmengarh.
- (v) Nauratra festival twice a year at Mahanpore in Basohli.

- (vi) Qadam fair at Seri in Basohli.
 - (vii) Socha Devi fair in Bhadon at Basohli.
 - (viii) Devi Katas fair at Deher in Basohli.
 - (ix) Baisakhi fair at Billawar in Basohli.
 - (x) Fairs are held at Billawar, Jandrayali and Bani in Basohli Tehsil in connection with wrestling matches.
- (b) Places of archaeological and local interest are :—
- (i) The ruins of the palaces of the Jasrota rulers are in Kathua.
 - (ii) Jasmergarh fort is of local interest.
 - (iii) In ancient times Basohli Tehsil was the scene of internecine wars between the numerous petty Rajput chiefs of the area. Ruins and ancient forts remain to commemorate those days at Ramkot, Garhi Sumarta, Billawar, Bhadu and Agli Dhar.
 - (iv) Sukral Deviji's temple and a temple at Mahanpur are said to be of interest to the antiquarian (Basohli).
 - (v) Shiva Ji's temple at Billawar is believed to belong to very ancient times.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Kathua**Tehsil Kathua**

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	S	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Chelak	1502	309	1	3	1544	825	719	90	68
		1502	309			1544	825	719	90	68
2	Katli	737	151	2		767	424	343	55	61
		737	151			767	424	343	55	61
3	Mangloor	1094	218	3		1225	640	585	111	106
		1094	218			1225	640	585	111	106
4	Dinga-Amb	1025	240	4		1014	561	453	179	120
5	Kopar	91	19			88	51	37	14	11
		1116	259			1102	612	490	193	131
6	Bhorthain	983	219	5		1036	544	492	192	169
7	Jakhole	367	93			408	211	197	73	86
		1350	312			1444	755	689	265	255
8	Rakh Hushiari	137	35	6-7		126	81	45	36	22
9	Forlain	1918	385			2025	1098	927	305	243
		2055	420			2151	1179	872	341	265
10	Nanan	326	70	8	4	381	208	173	110	88
11	Bandrahr	559	130			649	341	308	127	114
12	Kalna	94	46			181	94	87	42	37
13	Merth	408	97			492	274	218	9	4
14	Nagrota	302	92			366	199	167	26	17
15	Dabwal	445	14			41	26	15		
		2134	449			2110	1142	968	314	26
16	Palli	282	74	9		349	193	156	68	57
17	Thandoon	134	37			173	93	80	56	40
18	Kanora	30	8			46	29	17	13	10
19	Jandore	144	39			171	82	89		
20	Budhi	1335	268			1422	774	648	417	338
		1925	426			2161	1171	990	554	445
21	Chatha	6		10						
22	Bagial	123	23			147	75	72	70	69
23	Chak Shehzada	78	16			100	51	49	51	49
24	Chak Mansabdar	76	17			93	50	43	50	43
25	Narainpur	90	16			75	42	33	12	10
26	Trihara	187	58			175	92	83	19	20
27	Kangrial	17	4			23	13	10	8	6
28	Nihalpura	228	44			240	129	111	102	84
29	Chhatiyal	75	13			75	43	32	7	7
30	Muthi Rakhwalan	8	9			71	43	28	43	28
		888	200			999	538	461	362	316
31	Sher Tamber	25	15	11		27	19	8	16	8
32	Muthi Jagir	327	88			305	161	144	65	52
33	Bhadiyari	312	98			403	214	189	88	85
34	Jawalapur	30	22			41	25	16	7	4
35	Chak Aidal	22	8			21	12	9	11	9
36	Falote	772	222			675	368	307	117	105
37	Bhakhrial		5			7	5	2	5	2
38	Chak Bhagta	75	17			43	26	17	23	15
39	Mahi Chak	110	35			100	64	36	28	18

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
40	Suraj Beli	24	2			6	3	3		
41	Bharthiyal	21	6			31	15	16	13	16
		1718	518			1659	912	747	373	314
42	Dadoli	101	26	12		134	66	68	25	25
43	Muthi Khurd	13	2			2	2		2	
44	Nangal	102	33			98	59	39	33	23
45	Chhajiyal	83	20			115	64	51	27	28
46	Amargarh	87	20			122	68	54	20	14
47	Narroha	12	2			8	5	3		
48	Drallan	66	22			83	40	43	8	6
49	Jamraal	75	15			71	44	27	33	21
50	Airwan	92	22			98	54	44	16	13
51	Barmora	43	6			36	21	15	15	11
52	Bharariyal	92	14			59	26	33	3	5
53	Bharmori	97	24			90	52	38		
		863	206			916	501	415	182	146
54	Chak Poorab	47	5	13		30	14	16	14	16
55	Pidri Bala		1			3	2	1	2	1
56	Pidri Pain	9	1			7	2	5	2	5
57	Pamwal	107	34			155	85	70	33	23
58	Gownd	229	54			269	146	123	71	60
59	Matore	47	8			47	25	22	18	13
60	Syedpore	86	19			57	36	21	14	2
61	Kangriyal	215	40			171	97	74	20	14
62	Pitho Pain	77	12			42	23	19	15	13
63	Tarf Pain	979	253			986	523	463	167	135
64	Tarf Bala	702	199			671	367	304	95	91
65	Mirpur Jagoo	172	41			169	97	72	16	18
		2670	667			2607	1417	1190	467	391
66	Mirpur Ram	961	322	14		953	523	430	222	175
67	Pitho Bala	116	43			145	80	65	45	34
68	Lakhnote	51	24			52	30	22	27	21
69	Kirpaal	345	86			333	188	145	78	60
70	Khukhiyal	453	128			504	278	226	165	135
71	Narolian	217	59			216	127	89	50	36
72	Saipar Sipla	56	5			8	7	1	4	1
73	Tarf Sanjli	68	8			31	15	16	14	16
		2267	675			2242	1248	994	605	478
74	Tarf Tajwal	3014	740	15	5	3451	1953	1498	584	491
		3014	740			3451	1953	1498	584	491
75	Tarf Bajwal	563	97	16		442	251	191	49	36
76	Tarf Manjli	1666	356			1693	912	781	394	357
		2229	453			2135	1163	972	443	393
77	Chak Diwan Kripa Ram	60	10	17	6	58	30	28	22	23
78	Chak Drab Khan		14			55	33	22	25	16
79	Chak Gadadhar	196	35			166	100	66	49	26
80	Badaala	227	78			369	218	151	66	53
81	Changraha	429	128			593	305	288	170	176
82	Chak Sardar Desa Singh	459	107			549	300	249	150	124
83	Chak Sujampur	11								
		1382	372			1790	986	804	482	418
84	Chak Nanak	26	12	18		43	28	15	17	11
85	Chak Bhaga	41	8			44	24	20	24	20
86	Chak Gokal	65	11			45	24	21	24	21
87	Rakh Lachmipura	213	47			240	134	106	134	106
88	Bigwan	279	63			282	159	123	94	81
89	Jakhbar	485	109			504	288	216	128	98
90	Sherpur	71	17			47	27	20	1	1
		1180	267			1205	684	521	422	338
91	Sahaar	390	103	19		480	258	222	149	135
92	Logate	492	101			602	317	285	83	73
93	Chak Ramchand	205	42			281	155	126	150	126

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
94	Chak Charuhn	91	19			100	46	54	46	54
95	Saniyari	5	4			19	12	7	12	7
96	Uttri	756	167			830	447	383	221	175
97	Barwal	1028	253			1299	708	591	36	30
		2967	689			3611	1943	1668	697	600
98	Sanghan	39	10	20		68	36	32	11	14
99	Sher Kotla	153	34			167	96	71	31	22
100	Daral	39	9			41	22	19	4	3
101	Fafal	138	26			138	77	61	45	25
102	Kathera	244	66			189	105	84	24	21
103	Androt	119	28			152	83	69	30	21
104	Bhed Blore	311	59			357	194	163	66	46
		1043	232			1112	613	499	211	152
105	Kumala	49	4	21		17	10	7	5	4
106	Kadyar	48	11			29	15	14	11	
107	Chak Sajjan	355	78			426	235	191	162	128
108	Chak Luddan	52	8			52	25	27	25	27
109	Janglote	1591	377			1817	988	829	506	409
		2095	478			2341	1273	1068	709	568
110	Chak Sohna Nupa	89	23	22		162	88	74	10	10
111	Chak Gainda	89	19			105	56	49	31	27
112	Tarf Tajwal		14			68	38	30	16	23
		178	56			335	182	153	57	60
113	Rajiani	1	1	23		3	3		2	
114	Chak Phula	30	5			17	10	7		
115	Chak Partap Singh	2								
116	Chak Hari Singh	55	8			40	23	17	23	17
117	Chak Shei Khan	25	5			30	19	11	16	8
118	Chak Khuni	61	12			57	33	24	33	24
119	Tarf Bajwal		19			86	44	42	27	27
120	Tarf Manjli	47	55			256	134	122	92	91
		221	105			489	266	223	193	167
121	Jrai	236	40	24		193	117	76	53	34
122	Makhsoospur	50	9			40	22	18	13	5
123	Rer	34	4			10	7	3	4	2
124	Majra	26	6			33	19	14	6	2
125	Bhag Thali	121	31			113	70	43	38	21
126	Chak Devia	11	3			16	13	3	6	3
127	Jhumber Mahataba	9	6			21	21			
128	Gandial	180	50			251	142	109	52	53
129	Keeriyal	332	82			410	238	172	117	84
130	Ramnagar	21	12			35	33	2	6	2
		1020	243			1122	682	440	295	208
131	Bhatoli	41	11	25		45	25	20		
132	Baroi	12	2			7	4	3		
133	Mehtabpur	351	87			408	216	193	69	65
134	Chak Ram Singh	31	6			29	16	13	9	7
135	Govind Sar	478	98			536	284	252	10	18
136	Maroli	76	17			100	53	47	45	35
137	Gehtarwan	65	11			60	27	33		
138	Kalspur	120	26			135	67	68	8	13
139	Kothi Jagir	62	15			80	38	42	34	42
140	Kharot	820	210			998	557	441	126	108
		2056	483			2399	1287	1112	301	288
141	Dilwan	63	85	26		481	266	215	75	51
142	Jamalpur	32	6			33	18	15		
143	Bijjat	75	15			97	50	47		
144	Khaniyara	95	15			89	47	42	1	
145	Rakheh	56	12			77	45	32	16	6
		321	133			777	426	351	92	57
146	Manjli		10	27		55	30	25	1	
147	Sawla	97	23			145	73	72	7	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total				
						Persons	Males	Females	Muslim (others)	
									Males	Females
148	Dukhat	172	29			204	114	90	17	10
149	Rasooh	191	39			246	130	116	41	38
150	Badholi	65	17			89	40	49	1	
151	Bhugat	28	5			24	14	10	2	
152	Hathi	359	69			377	196	181	18	13
		912	192			1140	597	543	87	61
153	Tridwan	436	95	28		520	288	214	77	62
154	Hote	98	25			109	61	48	10	5
155	Broh Andohi	124	24			133	72	61	37	20
156	Mangota	72	13			66	39	27	10	11
		730	157			810	460	350	134	98
157	Nonaal	186	53	29		247	131	116	29	20
158	Karroh	222	41			242	137	105	25	24
159	Lakhanpur	3	2			6	5	1	4	1
160	Jandore	179	31			184	100	84	1	
161	Tarraha	98	18			104	63	41	16	11
162	Mahaa	334	62			323	177	146	35	35
163	Matandi	71	16			75	45	30	14	18
164	Chak Gusann	12	2			6	3	3	2	2
165	Jagatpur	210	48			225	126	99	42	33
166	Chak Gota	52	10			50	23	27	23	27
		1367	283			1462	810	652	191	171
167	Bharrah	76	19	30		71	38	33	2	2
168	Basantpur	118	28			115	66	49	13	14
169	Dakhnaka	43	12			49	27	22	20	18
170	Katlehr	59	17			97	55	42	36	33
171	Barihndi	77	17			107	59	48	30	29
172	Barni	124	25			129	71	58	7	7
173	Danna	286	48			213	124	89	22	27
174	Dhanore	402	81			425	228	197	93	72
		1185	247			1206	668	538	223	202
175	Kasori	118	16	31		83	49	34	32	19
176	Kehnta	162	32			154	79	75	38	17
177	Gharti	138	25			131	64	67	41	40
178	Domaar	386	62			408	208	200	102	96
179	Theh	215	39			157	97	60	11	
180	Nora	61	18			133	100	33	62	10
		1080	192			1066	597	469	286	182
TOTAL		43299	10132			47378	25954	21424	9319	7688

*Others—Indian Christian 71M, 68F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Table for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Table we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Table 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Table 1941.

S. No. 1328 Name. Chatha Rakh Sarkar

S. No. 21 Name. Chatha

(ii) The following villages each appear against two different numbers:—

Tarf Tajwal .. at 74 and 112.
Tarf Bajwal .. at 75 and 119
Tarf Manjli .. at 76 and 120

Numbers 74, 75 and 76 are included in Kathua Town Area and numbers 112, 119 and 120 shown as villages in rural areas. Each of these three villages has been wrongly split in two by the local census officers contrary to instructions issued in this connection.

(iii) Chatha, Chak Sujampur and Chak Partap Singh serial numbers 21, 83 and 115 respectively of the Village Table 1941 though occupied in 1931 were unoccupied at the present Census.

(iv) Bhakhrial, Pidri Bala and Chak Drab Khan serial numbers 37, 55 and 78 respectively of the Village Table 1941 though occupied in 1941 were unoccupied at the last Census.

(v) The Charges are shown serially in the Kathua District but the numbering of Charges is not in accordance with the numbers allotted to the Tehsils. This was due to an error in method adopted by the District Census Agency at the time of the creation of Census Divisions. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. The Charge numbers run in each Tehsil as under:—

Kathua Tehsil .. 3 to 6

Jasmergarh Tehsil .. 1 to 2

Basohli Tehsil .. 7 to 13.

Instead of Charge numbers starting from Kathua Tehsil they commence from Jasmergarh Tehsil. This defect in no way affects the detail for individual Charges.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		97	80							4	
		89	78							26	
		39	49							3	
		12	10							1	
		178	168							61	4
		510	482							108	6
		211	152							11	1
		51	43							1	
		35	41							1	
		29	16								
		326	252							13	1
		98	94	4	2					3	
		112	81							3	
		1									
		99	84							3	
		47	30								
		142	111							7	
		31	12								
		1	1							1	
		84	66								
		615	479	4	2					17	
		36	31							12	2
		53	35							2	
		7	4							4	1
		19	9							2	
17		12	19							2	
		64	51							2	
		100	58	2	4						
		132	125	3						5	
		423	332	5	4					29	3
		17	15							1	
		41	58							3	
		23	27							1	
		106	104							3	
		86	60							16	
		38	23							1	1
		311	287							25	1
24	7	16499	13632	41	29			71	68	2660	405

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Kathua**Tehsil Jasmergarh**

Serial No	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Sohanda	245	47	1	1	271	142	129	121	113
2	Chhan Kahna	47	9			51	27	24	17	14
3	Jatwal	442	99			439	216	223	52	46
4	Balooni	272	44			245	121	124	51	64
5	Sungaali	431	74			470	236	234	140	132
6	Nonaath	1142	246			1276	664	612	350	308
		2579	519			2752	1408	1346	731	677
7	Randowal	138	35	2		185	100	85	12	12
8	Jasaath	408	100			530	275	255	53	31
9	Harsaath	756	183			900	456	444	19	20
10	Ghagwal	298	72			400	231	169	23	23
11	Gurah Jattan	349	61			417	197	220	11	14
12	Chhan Matlani	359	75			436	220	216	73	67
13	Tapiyal	303	70			380	202	178	51	37
		2611	596			3248	1681	1567	242	204
14	Surara	677	140	3		749	391	358	8	3
15	Charwal	474	36			173	96	77		
16	Ratwana	456	70			358	174	184	35	37
17	Kannah	185	39			199	102	97		
18	Sohaal	89	22			97	46	51		
19	Said	309	61			343	167	176	16	7
		2190	368			1919	976	943	59	47
20	Koohtah	1284	298	4		1608	809	799	214	208
21	Patta Rassana	169	37			230	105	125	42	52
22	Gurah Mehtian	209	46			245	126	119		
23	Dhamiyal	298	35			166	76	90		
24	Stoora	366	80			491	243	248	6	2
25	Gara	269	49			301	159	142	11	5
		2595	545			3041	1518	1523	273	267
26	Bhayia	19	57	5		354	168	186	58	48
27	Gurah Baildaran	289	80			448	244	204	129	110
28	Gurah Mondian	606	192			961	492	469	143	82
29	Maila	659	170			722	351	371	39	36
30	Feru Chak	107	25			114	54	60		
31	Arjan Chak	101	28			110	55	55		
32	Dhangroli	99	22			101	52	49		
		1880	574			2810	1416	1394	369	276
33	Juwaloo Chak	56	12	6		50	27	23	9	6
34	Suba Chak	265	76			302	160	142	4	
35	Thuthi Chak	107	18			107	56	51	3	2
36	Gurah Balu	74	18			125	64	61	13	16
37	Dhandowal	42	10			58	30	26		
38	Basi Jamwal	235	60			237	130	107	16	9
39	Chak Jahlla	72	18			100	51	49	11	13
40	Jandi	585	179			645	344	301	77	62
41	Katal Gujran	197	59			275	148	127	135	113
42	Sher Pur Bala	173	51			213	111	102		
43	Saniyal	269	77			261	148	113	4	2
44	Allu Chak	7	2			24	24		2	
		2082	580			2395	1293	1102	274	223
45	Muthi-Hardo-Dunga	96	32	7		157	89	68	31	26
46	Paniyal	141	23			150	85	65	25	17
47	Chhan Moraan	228	57			285	132	153	14	17
48	Behri	20	9			35	23	12	6	2
49	Chhan Khatriyan	268	59			276	159	117	10	5

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
50	Chak Sukhu	180	33			182	107	75	88	62
51	Katal Brahmanan	202	56			266	146	120	11	6
52	Malaahni	118	28			188	89	99	5	
53	Chhan Dhanu	3	5			11	11		7	
54	Raghu Chak	120	34			155	87	68	13	7
55	Makwal	50	32			205	108	97	93	78
56	Chhan Prohtan	140	30			147	78	69	78	69
57	Bijeypur	181	37			213	125	88	93	65
		1747	435			2270	1239	1031	474	362
58	Sanoora	795	267	8		923	481	442	110	90
59	Badiyal	127	29			137	72	65	15	9
60	Ploona	194	47			179	92	87		
61	Chhan Mlagar	140	26			173	78	95	15	16
62	Treli	35	14			55	28	27		
63	Madoon	411	116			473	253	220	87	63
		1702	499			1940	1004	936	227	178
64	Rajli	45	7	9		27	13	14	6	7
65	Mandhera	212	46			220	111	109		
66	Muthi Kalan	165	42			169	79	90	6	
67	Nahran	187	33			179	98	81		
68	Muthi Khurd	179	48			205	101	104	5	8
69	Sagal	132	25			171	92	79	46	44
70	Radiyal	77	10			52	20	32	1	4
71	Gangith	101	24			112	62	50		
72	Bhatiari Katlan	185	82			421	223	198	51	52
		1283	317			1556	799	757	115	115
73	Matore	19	4	10		27	15	12	11	9
74	Khanak	85	17			89	52	37	8	6
75	Mava	470	101			562	294	268	157	129
76	Madwal	262	57			304	159	145	51	32
77	Angal	84	19			113	66	47	5	1
78	Falora	138	32			156	85	71	22	15
79	Chak Faroza	32	10			40	17	23	4	6
80	Ragaal	260	58			283	149	134	11	8
		1350	298			1574	837	737	269	206
81	Rajpura	810	210	11		1084	566	518	136	136
82	Dohlian Gujran	107	29			124	73	51	66	43
83	Sarti Klan	186	48			232	141	91	78	53
84	Sjhna	306	83			383	206	177		
		1409	379			1823	986	837	280	237
85	Sarti Khurd	144	30	12		182	91	91	25	28
86	Nadahla	195	54			230	120	110	6	8
87	Jhaliyari Khurd	99	25			147	82	65	8	6
88	Jhaliyari Kalan	301	73			357	190	167	139	127
89	Shal	151	35			205	110	95	17	11
90	Chachwal	612	140			723	401	322	165	120
		1502	357			1844	994	850	360	300
91	Mango Chak	350	67	13		378	209	169	51	35
92	Chak Dulma	240	47			250	121	129		
93	Sadwal	238	58			341	171	170		
94	Chak Bhagta	152	36			213	123	90	27	20
95	Jrain	155	47			209	107	102	7	5
96	Chak Lala	136	34			171	91	80	48	38
97	Panjgrain Sainian	18	7			32	20	12		
98	Chak Daia		52			289	137	152	7	4
		1289	348			1883	979	904	140	102
99	Muthi Chahru	150	38	14		197	101	96	25	25
100	Sherpur Pain	124	38			195	99	96	37	40
101	Panjgrain Brahmanan	233	54			292	157	135	2	4
102	Loundhi	615	117			681	377	304	206	160
103	Bobia	414	82			431	243	188	53	25
104	Thakurpur Grore	20	12			84	41	43	10	12
105	Banni Chak	53	17			71	45	26	3	1
		1609	358			1851	1083	823	223	273

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		19	13							11	1
		135	114							15	
		84	94							10	
		4								1	
		74	61							13	
		15	19							14	4
										5	1
		32	23							6	
		765	669							120	9
		371	352							91	23
		57	56								
		92	87							2	1
		63	79							2	
		28	27							2	
		166	157							2	
		777	758							97	24
		7	7							2	
		111	109							5	
		73	90								
		98	81							2	
		96	96							3	
		46	35							2	
		19	28								
		62	50								
		172	146							8	
		684	642							22	
		4	3								
		44	31							1	
		137	139							27	
		108	113								
		61	46							2	
		63	56							1	
		13	17								
		138	126							16	
		568	531							47	
		430	382							13	
		7	3								
		63	38								
		206	177							5	
		706	600							18	
		66	51		12					1	
		100	90	14	12					1	1
		74	59							1	
		51	40							5	
		93	84							2	
		236	202							15	4
		620	526	14	24					25	5
		158	134							22	1
		121	129							14	
		171	170							28	
		96	70							9	2
		100	97							20	2
		43	42							18	1
		20	12								
		130	148							15	
		839	802							135	6
		76	71							5	
		62	56							12	
		155	131							3	
		171	138							29	
		190	159		4					16	1
		31	31								
		42	25							2	
		527	411		4					67	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
106	Jhajarth ..	128	32	15	2	129	66	63		
107	Dhalli ..	259	50			257	136	121	5	5
108	Bhatiari Brahmanan ..	413	41			209	104	105	6	2
109	Chak Bannun ..	32	14			65	28	37		
110	Qasba ..	33	9			57	36	21		
111	Sahllan ..	459	124			444	226	218	61	52
112	Chak Balunda ..	19	8			37	22	15	15	13
113	Dhalta ..	106	31			85	48	37	38	33
114	Kore Qasba ..	111	28			87	50	37	18	15
115	Khurar ..	47	12			56	25	31	3	3
116	Spreen ..	97	20			84	43	41	7	2
117	Rakh Sarkar Bagni ..	3	.							
118	Balaahr ..	397	82			495	241	254	107	116
		2104	451			2005	1025	980	260	241
119	Thakarpur Rajputan ..	126	39	16		138	60	78		
120	Chandwan ..	212	54			282	143	139		
121	Sehswan ..	643	152			762	394	368	131	118
122	Thath ..	253	56			312	166	146	65	69
123	Bann ..	435	92			539	289	250	196	175
124	Kishanpur Kandi ..	322	75			365	194	171	77	65
125	Dhandiyari ..	399	85			439	230	209	154	129
		2390	553			2837	1476	1361	623	556
126	Chhan Rorian ..	1249	342	17		1405	749	656	488	441
127	Gurah Suraj ..	107	30			124	73	51	46	28
128	Dhaloti ..	384	84			420	232	188	121	108
129	Amala ..	617	135			645	320	325	18	17
130	Dhamaal ..	140	62			356	181	175	34	41
		2497	653			2950	1555	1395	707	635
131	Kharroh ..	22	7	18		33	13	20	12	19
132	Bhagwal ..	161	27			132	74	58	1	2
133	Balahn Pain ..	81	16			73	41	32	41	32
134	Khatriyal ..	73	16			66	41	25	1	
135	Balahn Bala ..	125	33			164	89	75	48	50
136	Chak Khaloo ..	98	15			84	48	36	19	14
137	Chak Fatoo ..	199	43			194	102	92	6	9
138	Gehr ..	414	94			464	252	212	105	95
139	Barkhwal ..	30	7			44	24	20		
140	Chak Ganga Ram ..	208	45			247	115	132	103	123
141	Ladhwal Khurd ..	59	13			58	31	27	7	4
142	Ladhwal Kalan ..	159	29			173	93	80	6	4
143	Chapaki Kalan ..	207	47			253	141	112		
144	Chapaki Khurd ..	160	37			174	101	73	18	18
145	Gudiyal ..	156	28			174	95	79	52	41
146	Chak Rangi ..	34	7			41	22	19	22	19
147	Rakh Sarkar Ladwal ..	49	8			54	33	21	33	21
148	Chak Gusaown ..	7	3			13	8	5		
149	Chak Nathal ..	118	25			153	86	67	67	54
150	Chak Chhaban ..	17	7			28	17	11	14	11
		2377	507			2622	1426	1196	555	516
151	Chhan Ranga ..	41	6	19		29	13	16		
152	Chhan Datial ..	241	55			281	125	156		
153	Chak Sadda ..	183	125			528	272	256	36	22
154	Langriyal ..	15	4			20	13	7		
155	Chak Diyalla ..	80	15			94	53	41	7	7
156	Pathwal ..	479	111			504	272	232	8	11
157	Kariyala ..	93	26			107	61	46	9	9
158	Barmal ..	49	12			70	37	33	11	10
159	Gharwal ..	169	12			59	30	29		
		1350	366			1692	876	816	71	59
160	Bhati Mehru ..	109	29	20		113	62	51		
161	Ladwal ..	69	11			62	31	31	6	5
162	Khanak ..	238	55			320	166	154		
163	Spalwan ..	308	74			365	173	192		
164	Bhagwan Chak ..	421	106			573	298	275	17	20
165	Chak Frohtan ..	243	48			310	175	135	89	65
166	Korhl Buddu ..	192	38			239	127	112	52	39
167	Krohl Krishna ..	115	25			172	82	90	47	53

Serial No	Name of Village.	Occupied houses		No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
		1931 Population	1941			Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
168	Krohl Bathrian	113	30			163	78	85	13	12
169	Tanda Neknam	46	11			53	27	26	21	22
170	Gangu Chak	51	17			65	36	29	16	13
		1905	444			2435	1255	1180	261	234
171	Gurah Sarkari	39	12	21		48	26	22		
172	Hira Nagar	1348	460			1586	827	759	127	108
173	Kunthal	187	47			183	102	81	9	6
174	Murli Chak	56	17			81	51	30	16	9
175	Chak Jangi	23	9			49	30	19	26	19
176	Rattan Chak	95	19			96	49	47	11	8
177	Baliyan	706	6			40	23	17	16	11
178	Rakh Sarkar Hira Nagar	34	6			33	17	16	10	11
179	Chhan Chhakri	3	2			11	5	6	5	6
180	Mathra Chak	32	11			35	15	20	9	16
181	Chakra	95	24			135	68	67	1	1
		2618	613			2297	1213	1084	230	195
182	Chhan Tanda	151	43	22		234	127	107	122	106
183	Chak Changa	236	57			307	150	157	28	26
184	Chak Gojar	81	14			109	55	54	19	22
185	Kadiyal	101	21			108	56	52	26	28
186	Maniari	347	81			383	201	182	71	65
187	Ganjnal	90	21			111	66	45	61	38
188	Pansar	360	108			419	248	171	125	78
189	Rathua	42	11			60	36	24		
190	Thaggali	46	15			85	49	36		
		1454	371			1816	988	828	452	363
191	Chak Bhohalan	32	5	23		35	18	17	13	13
192	Paharpur	72	19			82	57	25	19	6
193	Mada	71	19			91	45	46	19	15
194	Maharajpur	42	19			77	41	36	15	14
195	Chhan Mian Lal Din	56	18			68	28	40	6	5
196	Haripur Sainiyan	34	14			41	21	20	7	8
197	Chak Handa	86	33			128	68	60	6	2
198	Chak Haria	180	48			167	102	65	59	36
199	Sultanpur	73	17			46	24	22		
200	Chak Sardar Attar Singh	113	33			157	92	65	2	
201	Kishanpur Andhar	18	8			23	14	9	5	3
202	Chak Dhiyota	53	10			61	36	25	32	20
203	Chak Shama	154	38			161	98	63	6	9
204	Chak Kahna	97	27			108	60	48	27	19
205	Chak Dhari	77	21			79	45	34	14	7
		1158	329			1324	749	575	230	157
206	Chak Debo	298	58	24		252	139	113	1	3
207	Chak Jawahir	129	26			130	72	58	33	30
208	Mandleyal	266	57			345	177	168	13	5
209	Chak Bathal	60	14			78	39	39	18	19
210	Hor	24	8			33	18	15	6	6
211	Haripur Brahmanan	219	48			236	114	122	23	18
212	Padal	113	29			194	106	88	23	21
213	Chak Gupala	120	27			139	69	70	7	10
214	Rughnath Pora	192	45			243	121	122	61	59
215	Chak Mahesha	58	15			64	34	30	7	7
216	Ramgarh	18	6			13	5	8		
		1497	333			1727	894	833	192	178
217	Changi	487	113	25		536	288	248	105	89
218	Wand Manhas	48	11			52	33	19	18	14
219	Chak Charakh	72	21			111	61	50	32	29
220	Marhin	700	197			774	405	369	38	30
221	Mandahla	188	46			230	127	103	4	1
222	Naun Chak	214	56			247	153	94	26	21
223	Lachhmipur	146	41			200	98	102	33	42
224	Khanwal	97	25			114	61	53		
225	Mukundpur Lunanian	354	34			133	67	66	2	1
226	Mastchak	141	42			155	79	76	3	6
		2447	586			2552	1372	1180	281	233
227	Barsoo Chak	25	7	26		9	8	1	8	1
228	Gota Ruha	35	16			60	31	29	5	5

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
229	Malwan ..	36	8			40	23	17		
230	Parthal ..	59	16			64	35	29	10	5
231	Chak Desa Choudharian ..	326	86			356	179	177	33	31
232	Sukhdev Pur ..	40	15			43	27	16	12	11
233	Bandhor ..	134	33			149	78	71	51	46
234	Parso Chak ..	13	9			35	19	16	19	16
235	Khanpur ..	221	56			210	110	100	23	22
236	Bakhrak ..	7								
237	Chak Wazir Lahbju ..	120	26			83	53	30	26	9
238	Barnoo ..	80	17			49	27	22	4	1
239	Spral Pain ..	6								
		1102	289			1098	590	508	191	147
240	Wazire Chak ..	110	15	27		71	38	33	17	7
241	Sande Chak ..	39	9			83	47	36	32	28
242	Hamipru ..	39	97			428	224	204	26	24
243	Muthi Hardu ..	361	74			354	189	165	26	20
244	Karandi Kalan ..	22	15			69	35	34	34	34
245	Karandi Khurd ..	15	4			13	7	6	6	6
246	Sunjwan ..	66	15			71	37	34	10	10
247	Ladwal ..	15	5			8	8		4	
248	Dhangdev Pur ..	117	24			85	54	31	10	5
249	Jugial ..	13	10			36	20	16	10	6
250	Chak Wazir Chand ..	6	7			29	14	15		
251	Bhambarwan ..	151	30			126	70	56	13	19
		1354	305			1373	743	630	188	159
252	Mukundpur ..	125	58	28		324	177	147	73	55
253	Rampur ..	105	15			71	40	31	13	12
254	Salalpur ..	328	61			297	168	129	40	21
255	Khandwal ..	51	12			68	40	28	31	20
256	Dohlian Jattan ..	394	85			357	214	143	49	28
257	Kore Punoo ..	330	76			328	178	150	20	11
258	Pandori ..	183	36			139	71	68	11	15
259	Jugial ..	310	77			322	175	147	104	79
260	Chak Chhabba ..	43	9			30	17	13	17	13
		1869	429			1936	1080	856	358	254
261	Chak Budhu ..	7								
TOTAL		51957	12393			59670	31433	28237	8728	7394

*Others—Indian Christian 10M, 10F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Table we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The lists of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Table 1931.

S. No.	Name.
1792	Chhan Matloti
1659	Chak Duria

Spelling adopted in Village Table 1941.

S.No.	Name.
12	Chhan Matlani
98	Chak Daia

As separate population was available for Chak Daia, it has been shown separately as in 1931 when it was unoccupied though its population should be included in Chak Nathal serial number 149.

(ii) Rakh Sarkar Bagni, Bakhrak, Spral Pain and Chak Budhu serial numbers 117, 236, 239 and 261 respectively of the Village Table 1941 though occupied in 1931, were unoccupied at the present census.

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		23	17								
		25	24							9	
		146	146							4	1
		15	5								
		27	25								
		87	78								
		27	21							2	
		23	21								
		399	361							17	1
		21	26								
		15	8							4	
		198	180							3	
		163	145								
		1									
		1									
		27	24								
		4									
		42	26	2						1	
		8	10	2						1	
		14	15								
		57	37								
		551	471	4						9	
		104	92							6	
		27	19								
		128	108							9	
		9	8								
		165	115							12	
		158	139							15	2
		60	53							1	
		71	68							4	
		722	602							47	2
		22518	20663	177	170			10	10	2651	208

CENSUS:
VILLAGE

District Kathua**Tehsil Basohli**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Raulka	411	74	1	10	443	212	231	1	1
2	Daulka	276	57			305	162	143	3	2
3	Barmota	450	93			489	265	224	48	42
		1137	224			1237	639	598	52	45
4	Sandroohn	354	67	2		344	194	150	20	8
5	Bhandar	444	82			451	235	216	1	1
6	Kalore	163	29			151	83	68		
7	Asooh	236	53			286	151	135	4	2
		1197	231			1232	663	569	25	11
8	Sandhi	248	48	3		262	142	120		
9	Fatehpur	396	84			451	244	207	30	31
10	Satti	370	83			417	217	200	2	2
		1014	215			1130	603	527	32	33
11	Bani	428	119	4		489	274	215	32	29
12	Gatti	439	89			435	238	197	36	32
		867	208			924	512	412	68	61
13	Banjal	184	43	5		235	117	118	11	6
14	Kachir	322	75			351	183	168		
15	Dharor	105	27			121	63	58	17	20
16	Kardoh	113	20			94	47	47		
17	Siyara	120	24			126	62	64		
18	Chilla	208	36			191	99	92		
		1052	225			1118	571	547	28	26
19	Surjan	841	193	6		889	442	447	50	54
20	Chalog	442	107			467	243	224	42	31
		1283	300			1356	685	671	92	85
21	Koti	442	89	7		567	281	286	230	243
		442	89			567	281	286	230	243
22	Duggan	451	96	8		524	261	263	22	18
23	Bari	427	101			457	236	221		
24	Kanthal	810	186			1055	534	521	4	1
		1688	383			2036	1031	1005	26	19
25	Lawang	621	176	9		764	376	388	213	207
26	Chandal	541	136			621	319	302	15	8
		1162	312			1385	695	690	228	215
27	Dhaggar	549	140	10		547	258	289		
		549	140			547	258	289		
28	Bholri	255	59	11		280	134	146		
29	Begoga	367	88			389	193	196	4	8
30	Dhman	183	43			200	101	99	57	61
31	Dulangal	226	72			293	153	140	1	
32	Madhota	156	36			154	79	75	11	11
		1187	298			1316	660	658	73	80
33	Mlar	273	57	12	11	270	132	138	10	8

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
34	Malhar	1050	154			940	435	505	169	246
35	Marhoon	591	115			642	323	319	11	8
		1914	326			1852	890	962	190	262
36	Baggan	1152	232	13		1257	624	633	97	90
		1152	232			1257	624	633	97	90
37	Kindli	264	81	14		288	141	147	74	71
38	Badnota	823	227			957	476	481	81	80
39	Thall	776	187			763	334	429	148	239
		1863	495			2008	951	1057	303	390
40	Sadhrota	608	135	15		681	348	333	53	50
41	Machhedi	963	192			1018	502	516	77	117
		1571	327			1699	850	849	130	167
42	Najot	475	100	16		559	275	284	81	85
43	Sukral	294	71			370	206	164	32	29
44	Billawar	1155	262			1480	849	631	93	72
		1924	433			2409	1330	1079	206	186
45	Kishanpur	743	169	17		772	419	353	19	11
46	Tilla	257	63			314	169	145	6	7
47	Dewal	312	79			405	207	198		
		1312	311			1491	795	696	25	18
48	Lahri	585	131	18		563	276	287	27	23
49	Bathri	283	64			273	136	137	15	12
50	Rampur	348	71			339	183	156	30	31
51	Malti	564	142			686	363	323	36	19
		1780	408			1861	958	903	108	85
52	Kauhag	737	180	19	13	851	441	410	65	48
53	Mandli	311	63			230	119	111	3	2
54	Drung	520	131			612	345	267	153	122
55	Dungara	681	139			718	360	358	22	21
		2249	513			2411	1265	1146	243	193
56	Bhatwal	377	74	20		339	176	163	29	24
57	Bhtodi	633	134			849	354	295	48	45
58	Dhanunparol	704	132			766	397	369	140	128
59	Godufal	423	87			443	239	204	57	50
		2137	427			2197	1166	1031	274	247
60	Ucha-pind	636	187	21		617	305	312	36	33
61	Lakhri	368	99			463	250	213	70	13
		1004	286			1080	555	525	106	46
62	Tharakalwal	654	167	22		689	329	360	11	12
		654	167			689	329	360	11	12
63	Kah	290	59	23		277	148	129	17	10
64	Dan Jasdhar	404	112			482	240	242	14	15
65	Kohnoo	156	38			183	94	89		
		850	209			942	482	460	31	25
66	Kachihr	297	68	24		324	167	157	4	3
67	Slor Jagir	501	104			489	237	243	18	4
68	Kandharnu	327	88			372	187	185	22	20
		1125	260			1176	591	585	44	27
69	Amowala	378	88	25		417	222	195	57	47
70	Ramkot	1166	253			1145	594	551	140	124
		1544	341			1562	816	746	187	178

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		266	259							4	
		312	311							1	
		700	700							6	
		527	543							44	4
		527	543							44	4
		67	76							3	
		395	401							8	
		186	190								
		648	667							11	
		295	283							8	
		425	399							14	
		720	682							22	
		194	199							4	
		174	135							113	4
		750	550	3	3			3	6	274	37
		111	884	3	3			3	6	391	41
		400	342							30	1
		163	138							30	
		207	198							37	2
		770	678							97	3
		249	264							1	
		121	125							1	
		153	125							8	
		327	304							16	1
		850	818							26	1
		376	62							115	8
		116	109							29	
		492	145							44	3
		338	337							55	10
		1022	953							243	21
		147	139							1	
		306	250							19	
		237	241							21	1
		182	154							5	
		892	784							46	1
		269	279							53	1
		180	200							7	
		449	479							60	1
		318	348							30	1
		318	348							30	1
		131	119							13	
		226	227							8	1
		94	89							15	
		451	435							36	1
		163	154							1	
		219	239							28	1
		165	105							11	
		547	558							40	1
		165	148							28	4
		452	426					2	1	188	83
		117	574					2	1	216	87

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
71	Galak	842	169	26		887	475	412	56	58
72	Makinal	662	162			651	360	291	26	20
		1504	331			1538	835	703	82	78
73	Agli Dhar	346	93	27		418	231	187	41	39
74	Sialna	472	108			490	247	243	35	39
75	Derli	145	42			166	88	78	26	20
76	Rajwalta	570	114			568	295	273	49	42
		1533	357			1642	861	781	151	140
77	Komla	151	33	28	12	156	78	78	7	7
78	Kalyal	759	197			909	462	447	139	124
79	Thanthoo	200	46			235	118	117	12	15
80	Harnota	237	30			94	41	53		
81	Barota	205	91			381	201	180	23	23
		1552	397			1775	900	875	181	169
82	Dharmkot	532	118	29		571	297	274	5	6
83	Tehr	493	88			416	217	199	19	22
84	Beral	303	69			313	169	144	86	72
		1238	275			1300	683	617	110	100
85	Bhadu	1153	355	30		1255	674	581	91	64
		1153	355			1255	674	581	91	64
86	Juthana	988	175	31		1065	605	460	329	241
87	Bauhra	635	96			591	320	271	139	130
		1623	271			1656	925	731	468	371
88	Dharatta	691	139	32	7	678	347	331	129	142
89	Salladi	125	25			120	66	54	16	8
90	Parnala	480	111			519	258	261	20	22
91	Pahlan	388	93			344	177	167	32	30
		1684	368			1661	848	813	197	202
92	Seri	328	78	33		318	157	161	13	10
93	Moni	304	73			333	168	165		
94	Plehl	282	67			319	170	149	3	3
95	Dambrah	692	173			760	369	391	22	23
		1660	391			1730	864	866	38	36
96	Patti	576	135	34		578	305	273	31	22
97	Kailtri	253	59			247	128	119	11	5
98	Chanera	276	68			296	135	161	22	18
99	Dhamlahr	302	81			348	183	165	51	42
100	Nawshehra	251	76			259	151	108	21	17
		1658	419			1728	902	826	136	104
101	Mahanpore	845	233	35		910	473	437	78	48
102	Athoon	344	60			345	193	152	107	95
103	Athyalta	616	96			743	387	356	231	208
		1805	389			1998	1053	945	416	351
104	Ponda	521	116	36	8	558	300	258	79	64
105	Barot	68	24			96	49	47	15	12
106	Sobar	642	146			686	354	332	119	106
107	Bera	221	49			265	135	130	68	61
		1452	335			1605	838	767	281	243
108	Preta	606	122	37		625	341	284	92	74
109	Thana	705	159			748	403	345	24	18
110	Plakh	702	159			709	378	331	76	75
111	Khagrod	485	100			456	237	219	37	29
112	Plasi	87	24			103	65	38	7	4
		2585	564			2641	1424	1217	236	209

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Totaal literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		419	354							85	4
		334	271							16	
		753	625							101	4
		190	148							2	
		212	204							9	3
		62	58							1	
		246	231							2	
		710	641							14	3
		71	71							4	
		323	323							26	
		106	102							7	
		47	53							4	
		178	157							3	
		719	706							44	
		292	268							14	
		198	177							12	1
		83	72							19	
		573	517							45	1
		574	513			2				7	4
		574	513			2				7	4
		276	219							5	
		181	141							9	
		457	360							14	
		218	189							4	
		50	46							2	
		238	239							20	
		145	137							20	2
		651	611							46	2
		144	151							4	
		168	165							22	
		167	146							17	
		347	368							49	5
		826	830							82	5
		274	251							77	2
		117	114							6	
		113	143							4	
		132	123							8	2
		130	91							11	
		766	722							106	4
		395	389							112	12
		86	57							12	
		156	148							17	
		637	594							141	12
		221	194							7	
		34	35							2	
		235	226							47	5
		67	69							5	
		557	524							61	5
		249	210							24	1
		379	327							67	1
		301	256	1						51	2
		200	190							11	
		58	34							21	2
		1117	1017	1						174	6

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
113	Rehn	274	65	38		281	152	129	10	4
114	Mandla	253	61			323	170	153	17	20
115	Kothi	453	98			471	270	201	69	45
116	Plahi	778	163			713	394	319	78	68
		1758	387			1788	986	802	174	137
117	Basohli Town	2092	542	39		2383	1303	1080	241	219
		2092	542			2383	1303	1080	241	219
118	Sandar	735	182	40		755	419	336	15	11
119	Smahn	387	94			454	243	211	79	70
120	Jhankar	355	85			404	209	195	33	22
		1477	361			1613	871	742	127	103
121	Dharmahanpur	499	117	41	9	500	263	237	52	47
122	Hraat	442	91			414	207	207	13	12
123	Kohr-Dhar	381	83			378	183	195	13	20
124	Dhar-Jhankar	855	179			860	432	428	30	33
		2177	470			2152	1085	1067	114	112
125	Dhehota	588	126	42		644	320	324	3	2
126	Hotaar	507	105			592	298	294	98	90
127	Dhar-Duggnoo	937	180			956	485	471	81	104
		2032	411			2192	1103	1089	182	196
128	Ghooral	439	77	43		474	242	232	3	1
129	Nagaali	327	58			348	186	162	48	34
130	Siyalag	337	72			378	200	178	16	10
131	Bhakar	260	60			280	150	130		
		1363	267			1480	778	702	67	45
132	Bhoond	317	80	44		313	172	141	29	25
133	Jandrayali	292	77			292	158	134		
134	Dodala	166	43			172	93	79	10	14
		775	200			777	423	354	39	39
135	Draman	858	252	45		852	444	408	19	20
136	Danna	158	38			159	79	80		3
137	Janu	373	93			351	195	156	40	31
		1389	383			1362	718	644	59	54
138	Khaddi	235	45	46		201	108	93	24	26
139	Hutt	628	195			665	365	300	51	44
		863	240			866	473	393	75	70
	TOTAL	65976	15073			70624	36747	33877	6284	5770

*Others—Indian Christian 22M, 23F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Table for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Table we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Table 1931.

S. No.	Name.
1471	Patwal
1517	Dereta
1543	Harlota
1544	Barnota

Spelling adopted in village Table 1941.

S. No.	Name.
56	Bhatwal
83	Deher
80	Harnota
81	Barota

(ii) The numbering of Census Divisions in Basohli Tehsil was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the Circles in the Village Tables for the Tehsil follow each other correctly in sequence the Charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 7 to 13. All are shown in the tables but they do not run consecutively with the Circles.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		142	125							17	1
		153	133							1	
		201	156							7	1
		316	251							26	
		812	665							51	2
		1048	848	4	1			10	12	745	336
		1048	848	4	1			10	12	745	336
		404	325							14	
		164	141							7	
		176	173								
		744	639							21	
		211	190							9	
		194	195							2	
		170	175							1	
		396	395							3	
		971	955							15	
		317	322							6	
		200	204							16	
		404	367							12	2
		921	893							34	2
		230	231							5	
		138	128							4	
		184	168							13	
		150	130							5	
		711	657							27	
		143	116							10	
		158	134							6	1
		83	65								
		384	315							16	1
		425	388							22	
		79	77							1	
		155	125							10	1
		659	590							33	1
		84	67							2	
		314	256							80	6
		398	323							82	6
		30431	28080	10	4			22	23	3735	600

UDHAMPUR DISTRICT.

Udhampur, with an area of 5,070 sq. miles, is easily the largest district in either of the Jammu and Kashmir Provinces of the State. It comprises the five tehsils Udhampur, Kishtwar, Ramban, Ramnagar and Bhadarwah the areas of which are 383, 3,021, 588, 525 and 553 sq. miles respectively. Kishtwar, which is the biggest tehsil in the Jammu and Kashmir Provinces, forms most of the northern and eastern part of the district. To the north and east this tehsil is bounded by the Kargil Tehsil of the Ladakh District and on the west by the Anantnag Tehsil of the Kashmir Province with which it is connected by a path over the Sinthan Pass (12,300 ft.) and by other less known routes. Ramban, Udhampur and Ramnagar Tehsils running from north to south in that order, form the remainder of the western part of the district; they are bounded on the west by the Reasi and Jammu Districts. To the south the Ramnagar and Bhadarwah Tehsils march with the Jammu and Kathua Districts. In the south-east, Bhadrawah Tehsil and the south-eastern tip of Kishtwar Tehsil are bounded by Chamba State in the Punjab.

The whole district, which is in the Natural Division designated 'The Outer Hills' is mountainous. The Great Himalaya Range separates Kishtwar Tehsil in the east from the Suru and Zanskar illaqs of the Ladakh District and the Pir Panjal Range to the west of Kishtwar and the north of Ramban separates both from the Kashmir Province. As the height above sea level varies from about 3,000 ft. to nearly 15,000 ft. in each of the five tehsils, it is obvious that the district, and each tehsil, experiences a climate varying according to elevation and the seasons semi-tropical in summer in some parts and almost arctic in winter in others. All tehsils possess splendid forests. Chil pine, blue pine, deodar and fir flourish according to locality, aspect and altitude. Oaks and other broad-leaved trees are plentiful, in some areas, at suitable elevations; above the limits for deodar there are forests of silver fir and, higher up still, juniper and birch.

The chief river of the district is the Chenab, known locally in Kishtwar as the Chandrabhaga. It enters the Kishtwar Tehsil from Chamba State at an elevation of 7,500 ft. and after traversing the whole tehsil passes between the Ramban, Bhadrawah and Udhampur Tehsils. Ramban is on its right bank and parts of Bhadrawah

and Udhampur Tehsils on the left bank. It enters the Reasi District a few miles from the village Ramban. The Chenab and its tributaries are of little use to the district for irrigation purposes but are valuable as the means of floating out timber from the Kishtwar, Ramban and Bhadrawah forests to the Punjab. The Jammu Tawi and the Ujh both rise in Ramnagar Tehsil; the former rises in the north and flows through the Udhampur Tehsil and onwards to Jammu; the Ujh rises in the east and goes south through the Kathua District. The whole area is a mass of hills, ravines, rocks and forests.

The main road from Jammu to Kashmir, known as the Banihal Road, passes through the Udhampur and Ramban Tehsils; it crosses the Chenab at Ramban village. The road to Bhadrawah taking off at Batote, was under construction as a motor road at the end of the decade. A road to Ramnagar branches off near Udhampur, this is a fair-weather motor road. Elsewhere in the district there are tracks and bridle paths fit only for pedestrians and pack animal transport; in some places they are difficult enough for men and animals. The headquarters of the district is at Udhampur and of the five tehsils at the places after which they are named.

2. Population.—The population of the district in 1931 was 273,688; at the recent Census it was 294,217 representing an increase of 7.5 per cent. against 10.29 per cent. for the whole State. The percentage increase is the lowest for any district in the two provinces Jammu and Kashmir; only the Ladakh District is lower. The population of the five tehsils separately at this Census was Udhampur 52,937, Kishtwar 60,893, Ramban 75,793, Ramnagar 60,076 and Bhadrawah 44,518 against 48,880, 56,496, 71,043, 55,666 and 41,583 respectively in 1931. The percentage increases are Udhampur 8.29, Kishtwar 7.78, Ramban 6.68, Ramnagar 7.9 and Bhadrawah 7.05. It is difficult to give specific reasons for an increase or decrease in population in any area with assurance unless the question has been the subject of close investigation over a period but there seems to be little doubt that the main reason in this case is the prevalence of venereal diseases throughout the whole district and of malaria in most of the more populated areas.

Details regarding the number of occupied houses in any village, the communal composition

and the sex ratio may be easily seen in the tables. Taking the district as a whole we find that Hindus predominate and Muslims come next; the rest are negligible. The actual figures are Hindus, including 21,645 belonging to the Scheduled Castes, 164,820, Muslims 128,327, Buddhists 520, Sikhs 445, Indian Christians 89 and Others 16. Hindus, the majority of whom are Rajputs, form 56.01 per cent. of the population and Muslims 43.61 per cent; the whole of the rest make up only .38 per cent. Examination of the Village Tables for each tehsil will show that Hindus predominate in Udhampur, Ramnagar and Bhadrawah and Muslims in Kishtwar and Ramban; the predominance of Hindus is most marked in Ramnagar and of Muslims in Ramban. The two communities are closest in ratio in Bhadrawah. There are only 44 Shias shown in the whole district. All the Buddhists except one were censused in the Kishtwar Tehsil which marches with the Ladakh District, to the Zaskar locality of which these Buddhists really belong.

Ethnologically, a considerable number of the inhabitants of Kishtwar, Bhadrawah and Ramban Tehsils belong to Kashmiri stock; nearly all the rest in this area and practically the whole population of Udhampur and Ramnagar are Dogra by race. One might generalise and say that in the south of the district the people have affinity with the people of Jammu and Kathua and in the north with Kashmir. The linguistic division is roughly much the same. In Kishtwar, Ramban and parts of Bhadrawah Kashmiri is widely spoken and many Kashmiri families have been settled in these areas for generations past.

3. Migrations.—There is little movement of the population which has any permanent effect. Seasonal migrations of the Bakarwal element take place as in other districts. The large Rajput element, especially in Ramnagar, provides recruits for the military services in the State and the army in British India. There is some movement from all tehsils to Jammu and the Punjab each autumn in search of employment but most of these temporary emigrants return to their homes each spring.

4. Agriculture.—The great majority of the population is dependent on agriculture; live-stock and flocks are maintained to supplement cultivation. The chief grain crops are maize, wheat, rice, barley and trumba. Oilseeds, pulses and miscellaneous crops are grown to a small extent in all tehsils. Maize is the staple food grain except in Udhampur where wheat

holds first place. Of the miscellaneous crops sugar-cane is grown in Udhampur and Ramnagar and cotton in Ramnagar. The opium poppy grows well in Ramban and Udhampur; the area under this crop is controlled by the Customs Department which purchases the produce. Tobacco is grown in Udhampur and Ramban. Saffron is cultivated to a small extent in the Kishtwar Tehsil.

None of the tehsils is self-supporting except Ramnagar which usually has a surplus of maize for export. Of the rest Udhampur is best off but usually imports rice from Kashmir. Bhadrawah comes next; in a good year the production of staple food grains is sufficient but usually the people have to import rice and maize from neighbouring localities. Ramban and Kishtwar are never self-supporting. The Banihal locality of Ramban usually produces sufficient but the rest of the tehsil does not and imports from Kashmir. Kishtwar imports maize and rice in considerable quantities from Kashmir.

Irrigated areas depend entirely on small streams and mountain torrents fed by melting snows or local rain; the larger rivers in the area flow between steep banks and are of little use for irrigation. In these circumstances timely, well-distributed and adequate rainfall is essential; a partial failure in the rains means poor crops. In the matter of irrigational facilities Kishtwar and Bhadrawah are best off followed by Ramban, Ramnagar and Udhampur. Ramnagar gets the heaviest rainfall; sometimes it is so heavy as to be the cause of damage and loss. Rainfall in Ramban is probably less than in any other tehsil.

Gardens and orchards are conspicuous by their absence throughout the district except for small areas in Bhadrawah. A species of white pomegranate called Darruni grows well in Ramban and Udhampur; anardhana is exported. Mangoes and oranges are grown in Udhampur and a few bananas too. Ramnagar produces mangoes, apricots, mulberries and walnuts. Peaches, apricots, apples, pears, mulberries, quinces, grapes and walnuts grow well in Bhadrawah and Kishtwar; apples, peaches, apricots, and walnuts in Ramban. The existing fruit trees are mostly scattered or in small groups; there has been little attempt to grow fruit on an organised and well-planned scale. Bhadrawah and Kishtwar are well suited for the cultivation of fruit of all kinds grown in Kashmir. When the motor road from Batote to Bhadrawah has been completed and is open to regular traffic fruit-growing in Bhadrawah should become an important part of agriculture in that tehsil.

The position as regards vegetables is the same as in the case of fruit. Negligible quantities are grown and those only for home consumption. Chillies, potatoes and cabbages are grown in small quantities in Udhampur for the local urban population. Similar is the case in the neighbourhood of the towns Kishtwar, Bhadrawah and Ramnagar. As in the case of fruit, vegetables of all kinds, as grown in Kashmir, could be grown successfully in Kishtwar and Bhadrawah. With the opening up of communications with Jammu there should be scope in Bhadrawah for growing the more expensive kinds of vegetables as a cash crop for export to Batote and Jammu. Ghee is produced in fair quantities by the Gujjar and Bakarwal elements throughout the district. Honey is produced in Kishtwar and Bhadarwah. Banafsha and guchhis are collected for sale from the forest areas of all tehsils. There are no fairs or markets held for the specific purpose of facilitating the sale and interchange of agricultural produce.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no organised industries in the district other than those connected with the Forest Department. The spinning and weaving of wool is a cottage industry in most areas; the materials produced are for local use. The rearing of silk-worms and the collection and delivery of cocoons to the Jammu Silk Factory gives some employment in Udhampur and Ramnagar. The collection of resin, under the control of the Forest Department, has developed in the past decade and is a small cottage industry in Udhampur and Ramnagar. The collection of minor forest produce such as kuth, banafsha and guchhis is carried on in suitable areas in all tehsils. The extraction of timber by contractors holding leases from the Forest Department is an important industry in Kishtwar, Bhadrawah and Ramban; the forests of Udhampur are not so near to good floating water and those of Ramnagar are reported to have been over-exploited in the past. Employment on road construction and maintenance works under the Public Works Department is available to those willing to work in the Udhampur and Ramban Tehsils living near the Banihal Road and to those of the Ramban and Bhadrawah Tehsils living in the vicinity of Batote and the line of the new road leading to Bhadarwah. The men of Ramnagar and Kishtwar have little opportunity to get employment on road construction and maintenance work. There are a few small industries which provide some employment. In Udhampur a little cotton spinning and weaving is done and brick kilns employ a few men. In Kishtwar there are the sapphire mines at Padar;

apiculture and the collection of honey is a small local industry; saffron is grown in a small area. In Ramban a sheep-breeding farm at Banihal is in its infancy; the opium poppy is grown in the Doda locality under the control of the Excise Department. Ramnagar produces bamboos. Sheep breeding is carried on in Bhadrawah and there is a fairly good trade in ghee. If forest exploitation works be excluded it is correct to say there are no real industries in the whole district.

The wage of a labourer varies from four annas to eight annas a day according to the nature of his work. Unskilled workers in the forests are said to average about five annas a day, shepherds and blanket makers six to eight annas, road coolies from five to eight annas, and workers employed on tapping the chil pine for resin in Udhampur and Ramnagar from four to eight annas according to results.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—

The rates obtaining for agricultural produce during the decade and at the end of it compare favourably with assessment rates for revenue payments but since only Ramnagar Tehsil is self-supporting in the matter of food grains a high price is of little benefit to the great majority of producers. Those with produce surplus to their requirements obviously benefit but those without sufficient to support themselves and their families and the landless would naturally prefer a low level of prices. The whole area is dependent on good rains and is subject to partial crop failure except perhaps in Ramnagar. All areas except Ramnagar, and occasionally Bhadrawah have to import food grains and if price levels are high, the standard of living must be proportionately reduced because wage levels, except perhaps in the towns, usually do not increase to the same extent as price levels. Those living near good motor roads are better off during a time of shortage of food grains than others owing to cost of transport. The new Batote-Bhadrawah road should do much to ease the position in the area it serves and open up Ramban, Bhadrawah and Kishtwar to quicker relief and cheaper transport. The distance of most of the district from good markets has made the successful development of small industries in the past difficult; better communications and improved educational facilities should contribute considerably to a better standard of living in the future. The majority still lead a hand to mouth existence.

In the absence of up-to-date and reliable information it is difficult to say what is the average income per head per month. Local

opinion varies from Re. 1 to Rs. 4 per head; the majority opinion puts the figure between Rs. 2 and Rs. 3. The actual figure is probably Rs. 2-8-0. The local opinion is unanimous that in most cases expenditure exceeds income and that indebtedness is increasing.

We have no economic survey or recent investigations giving information on the subject of indebtedness. The Settlement reports for the area are old and out of date in this respect but they may be quoted in the absence of any more recent information. At the same time we must quote the Settlement Officer's opinion that it is difficult to get correct figures for debt as the Rajput elements are inclined to conceal their debts whereas the lower classes exaggerate theirs. The Settlement Officer for Udhampur Tehsil, in his report published thirty years ago, put average debt per acre cultivated at Rs. 9-13-5 in cash and 17 seers of grain and the debt per head for owner and tenant classes together at Rs. 10-9-7 in cash and 19 seers of grain. The same Settlement Officer in discussing unsecured debt in Kishtwar three years later gave the average debt per cultivated acre as Rs. 6-8-0, and per head of the agriculturist population Rs. 4-4-8; he gave similar figures for Ramban at Rs. 8-3-11 per cultivated acre and Rs. 5-4-8 per head of the agriculturist population and for Ramnagar at Rs. 13-12-0 per cultivated acre and Rs. 13-1-0 per head of the agriculturist population. No figures are available for Bhadrawah. It must be realised that the figures given are so old as to be of little value except as a basis for discussion. Large debt is not necessarily a sign of poverty; frequently it is the reverse; the better the credit the larger the debt and *vice versa*; the very poor have little credit and small debts. In the past, throughout the district, the system of cash advances for repayment by agricultural produce, valued at a rate usually much below normal prices, reduced the majority of zamindars to the position of serfs, producing crops to hand over in liquidation of cash advances previously received. The system is referred to by the Settlement Officer as the *musaida* system; it is obviously the same as that known in Kashmir as Wadh. This system involves payments equivalent to very high rates of interest; it is obviously much more pernicious than the sahkars straight forward money-lending business with interest at 25 per cent. per annum. In the last two decades several Acts have been passed by the legislature to limit the scope of operations of these blood suckers; rates of interest recoverable at law are limited and the recovery of agricultural produce in payment of debts is no longer enforceable in the courts. These measures are calculated

to restrict the zamindars credit and may make his position uncomfortable for a period but they are in his best interests. If he cannot borrow he must go without and so be protected against his tendencies to extravagant expenditure on social and religious ceremonies on a scale out of all proportion to his income.

There has perhaps been some improvement during the decade in the average standard of living but probably little in the means of subsistence or reduction of debt. The decade 1941-50 holds some promise of improvement with the opening up of the district with good roads, the increase of medical and educational facilities and the development of local industries suited to the district.

7. Education.—The district is educationally backward and facilities are inadequate. At the end of the decade Udhampur Tehsil had one High School and seventeen Primary Schools for boys and one Middle and two Primary Schools for girls; Kishtwar had one High School, one Technical School and twenty-two Primary Schools for boys and one Middle and one Primary School for girls; Ramban had two Middle and nineteen Primary Schools for boys and four Primary Schools for girls; Ramnagar had one Middle and nineteen Primary Schools for boys and one Middle and one Primary School for girls; Bhadrawah had one High School and nineteen Primary Schools for boys and one Middle School for girls. There is no High School in either Ramban or Ramnagar. It must be recognised that His Highness' Government for the past fifteen years have been giving more and more attention to educational facilities and everything cannot be done at once. The first essential is good roads and communications; it is not practical to have a school in every village but the aim is to have one in every village of a reasonable size. In a district such as the one under discussion, which is a mass of mountains, hills, streams, ravines and forests it is obvious that schools must be more numerous than in a plains district if the educational requirements of the children of the district are to be adequately served. This has been recognised by His Highness' Government and if the present speed of expansion in the number of schools is maintained the position at the next Census will show a great improvement as compared with the end of the past decade.

At the time of the Census the number of literates in the whole district was 16,386 of which 14,232 were males and 2,154 females. The figures for the tehsils separately are Udhampur

3,322 males and 816 females, Kishtwar 2,942 males and 446 females, Ramban 2,532 males and 148 females, Ramnagar 2,583 males and 319 females and Bhadrawah 2,853 males and 425 females. The percentage of literates in the whole district works out at 5.56 and for the tehsils separately at Udhampur 7.81, Kishtwar 5.56, Ramban 3.53, Ramnagar 4.83 and Bhadrawah 7.36. The percentage of literates is highest in Udhampur; this is probably due to the fact that it is the headquarters of the district and the most important trade centre. The figures for Ramban and Ramnagar Tehsils are definitely poor; as remarked above, there is no High School in either of these tehsils and it seems, as is mentioned in other notes, that the existence or otherwise of a High School has a direct bearing on the percentage of literacy in any area.

8. Health and Water Supply.—Health conditions throughout the district leave room for much improvement. Venereal diseases are a serious menace and malaria is prevalent in all areas of medium and low elevation. Other causes of sickness and death are much the same as elsewhere in the province. Existing medical facilities are clearly inadequate to meet the special requirements of the area in spite of the fact that particular attention was given to the treatment of venereal diseases during the past decade. In Udhampur Tehsil there are government dispensaries at Udhampur, Khabni and Batote and there is a sanatorium for tubercular cases at Batote. In addition there are some subsidised indigenous medical practitioners. Kishtwar has one standard government dispensary at Kishtwar town and two subsidised dispensaries in the mofussil. In addition there are several subsidised vaidas and hakims. There are three dispensaries in the Ramban Tehsil at Ramban, Doda and Banihal. Ramnagar which seems to require most medical attention has the least; there is one itinerant dispensary and one subsidised dispensary in the whole tehsil. Bhadrawah is probably the healthiest tehsil in the district but this may be attributed to its climate. There is one government dispensary in Bhadrawah town and a recently established subsidised dispensary. It will be noticed that practically all the dispensaries are on the main road or at the different tehsil headquarters. It is quite impossible for these to serve the inhabitants of villages far distant over mountainous country and bad roads. Local opinion is unanimous in clamouring for better facilities, supplies and equipment. Kishtwar, Ramnagar and Bhadrawah require first attention. More standard government dispensaries, located at centres specially selected to serve as big an area as possible, are urgently required in

these tehsils as well as more itinerant dispensaries permanently based on the fixed dispensaries. An itinerant dispensary is not a satisfactory substitute for a permanent fixed dispensary. In Ramnagar the itinerant dispensary has performed good work but local opinion is to the effect that in distant places, where venereal disease is a serious menace to the population, those infected cannot be cured as existing facilities for them to undergo the full course of treatment are inadequate. One report received from a Charge Superintendent in Ramnagar Tehsil said that men in his area were dying heirless as a result of the ravages of venereal disease. The difficulty of the problem of treatment on a large scale over such an enormous area as the Udhampur District for a prolonged period, such as is necessary if cases are to be successfully treated, is obvious and has been receiving the attention of His Highness' Government for some years past but it is clear that the present measures are not adequate.

Drinking water supplies on the whole seem to be sufficient and good but some localities experience difficulty at times. In Udhampur Tehsil the chief supply is from springs many of which are not protected from contamination. This is a matter in which the Rural Development Department can give prompt and valuable assistance as it has already done elsewhere. In Kishtwar the main source of supply comes from mountain streams and springs. With the exception of villages at high altitudes, which sometimes experience difficulty, the supply is said to be both good and adequate. In Ramban Tehsil supplies are sufficient in most villages. During the rains some villages experience great difficulty owing to the streams becoming muddy and undrinkable. Possibly some method of filtering could be contrived at places like Ramban and Banihal which are centres of some local importance. Ramnagar's drinking water is reported to be unsatisfactory. Several local reports say that there is great scarcity at times even at the tehsil headquarters, Ramnagar town. In the reports referred to it is represented that tube wells are required and that these cannot be sunk without government aid. This would appear to be a case for investigation by the Rural Development Department. On the whole conditions in Bhadrawah Tehsil are satisfactory but the drinking water of Bhadrawah town, though adequate, is said to be of poor quality. The villages located in the Charges 41 to 45 are said to suffer from scarcity always.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) The chief places of interest in the district are:—

- (i) A temple and fort at Kirmchi (Udhampur).
- (ii) Old forts at Jaganoo, Kotlibala and Udhampur.
- (iii) An ancient temple of Shivaji at Lohrta (Kishtwar).
- (iv) The Bimla Nag temple at Londri.
- (v) The ruins of ancient palaces at Patnasi.
- (vi) The Gajpat and Doda forts (Ramban).
- (vii) A Khanqah at Doda.
- (viii) A temple at Mahala.
- (ix) The old palaces of Dogra and Bindral Rajputs (Ramnagar).
- (x) The ruins of an ancient temple at Tholre.
- (ix) The temple at the Chani Mansar Lake.
- (xii) The Sobarnag and Maheshonag temples.
- (ii) Ashta Dasha Bhuji Devi's festival at Sarthal in Kishtwar held in Assuj.
- (iii) Astanbala Ziarat fair in Har.
- (iv) Chandi Devi fair held at Gulab Garh in Bhadon and Assuj.
- (v) Baisakhi and Chetar Chaudashi fairs (Ramban).
- (vi) Baisakhi fairs at Barmien, Amvara, and Ghorri in Ramnagar Tehsil.
- (vii) Rathayatra fair at Dhanuta.
- (viii) Chani Mansar Lake fair in Har.
- (ix) Wrestling matches at Thial in Har.
- (x) Baisakhi and Dussehra fairs at Bhadrawah.
- (xi) Id at Bhadrawah.
- (xii) Vasuki Nag fair held at Bhadrawah proper in the month of Bhadon.
- (xiii) Rihoshwari Devi temple fair in Sawan.
- (xiv) Kailash Yatra fair in Sawan held near the mountain peaks of the same name.
- (xv) Folk dances known as 'Kuds' are held in the autumn in Bhadrawah and Udhampur Tehsils.

Throughout the Bhadrawah Tehsil and in parts of Kishtwar there are numerous small temples dedicated to snakes (Nag). This snake-worship is believed to have been common to the areas mentioned and to Kashmir in early Hindu times.

(b) There are no markets in the district for the special purpose of the sale and interchange of agricultural produce. The fairs and festivals all have some religious significance. The more important are :—

- (i) Baisakhi festival at Udhampur.

(c) There are hot springs in the Kishtwar Tehsil at Kaharnala in the locality of Duchhan, at Tatapani in Padar and at Rannei in Wardwan which might be worth examination and improvement so that their medical qualities are made available to the local people to the fullest extent.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT UDHAMPUR, TEHSIL UDHAMPUR

District Udhampur

Tehsil Udhampur

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Khanga	489	67	1	1	347	208	139	44	26
2	Pernote	272	43			234	144	90	5	6
3	Gandri	287	54			240	122	118	77	80
4	Batli	133	26			120	65	55	36	30
5	Metra Gobindpura	617	158			700	398	302	126	102
		1798	348			1641	937	704	288	244
6	Pari Jagir	15	4	2		21	8	13		
7	Dothan Jagir	93	24			118	62	56		
8	Kothi Jagir	224	72			242	120	122	18	18
9	Bhathan	163	34			175	85	90	26	31
10	Kahbi Jagir	192	45			228	124	104	78	57
11	Thanger Jagir	329	67			266	143	123	79	74
12	Badhol	23	8			34	21	13	14	8
13	Bandhera Jagir	81	13			69	40	29	13	7
		1120	267			1153	603	550	228	195
14	Badhotta	603	125	3	2	570	314	256	48	42
15	Sadhota	121	27			135	73	62	9	9
16	Galhot	617	117			633	372	261	90	78
		1341	269			1338	759	579	147	129
17	Kansal	114	25	4		149	77	72		
18	Lander Baranda	214	50			237	123	114	19	20
19	Majara Rasyalan	16	4			22	9	13		
20	Digge	191	45			182	93	89	10	7
21	Dandota Jagir	293	65			329	178	151	25	20
22	Malti	29	8			27	15	12	1	1
23	Puri Bhuti	189	47			211	105	106	23	26
24	Kotla	143	31			139	76	63	14	9
		1189	275			1296	676	620	92	83
25	Kotti	586	119	5		604	304	300	8	11
26	Ochsuba	18	5			23	14	9	5	1
27	Bhirye	47	11			44	24	20		
28	Kutlehan Payir	138	36			194	97	97	7	11
29	Kulehan Bala	275	59			243	118	125		
30	Panwal	45	12			69	29	40		
31	Lutyar	446	91			474	248	226	1	
		1555	333			1651	834	817	21	23
32	Chulna	801	183	6		837	462	375	97	81
33	Mir	888	182			870	463	407	6	14
		1689	365			1707	925	782	103	95
34	Laray	27	4	7	3	34	17	17	17	17
35	Balli	1026	196			995	521	474	189	159
36	Mohar	197	41			195	112	83	38	27
37	Chatara	136	24			124	66	58	8	8
38	Manta	196	41			217	120	97	12	13
39	Gorhi	124	12			113	63	50	9	5
		1706	318			1678	899	779	273	229
40	Samroli	256	59	8		266	143	123	30	22
41	Ghumti	78	15			77	37	40		
42	Narsuh	256	54			247	136	111	21	18
43	Kithar	321	68			342	169	173		
44	Jhirri	396	75			379	199	180		
45	Ladha	593	118			647	323	324	27	19
		1900	389			1958	1007	951	78	59

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhis		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		164	113							16	1
		139	84							8	
		45	38							9	3
		29	25							1	1
		262	195	10	5					137	34
		639	455	10	5					171	39
		8	13								
		62	56								
		102	104							1	
		59	59							2	
		46	47							1	
		64	49							3	
		7	5								
		27	22							1	
		375	355							8	
		266	214							2	
		64	53							2	
		281	183					1		4	
		611	450					1		8	
		77	72								
		104	94							2	
		9	13								
		83	82							1	
		153	131							3	
		14	11								
		82	80							2	
		62	54							1	
		584	537							9	
		296	289							1	
		9	8								
		24	20								
		90	86							1	
		118	125								
		29	40								
		247	226							3	
		813	794							5	
		365	294							7	
		457	393							6	
		822	687							13	
		332	315							3	
		74	56							9	
		58	50							5	
		108	84							5	
		54	45							17	
		626	550							41	
		113	101							2	
		37	40								
		115	93							8	
		169	173							1	
		199	180							3	
		296	305							2	
		929	892							16	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
46	Naror	261	55	9		279	138	141	14	4
47	Bathi	376	83			385	194	191	13	13
48	Bhangara Khalsa	133	32			122	58	64	12	11
49	Bhangara Jagir	209	54			233	117	116	37	39
50	Sorop	225	52			207	106	101		
51	Mansar	215	55			232	118	114	26	37
52	Hemrah	126	25			129	68	61	6	5
53	Tirshi	220	49			253	139	114	12	10
54	Gandala Jagir	247	61			266	135	131	19	16
55	Kirmichi	257	74			308	163	145	30	18
56	Jar	80	13			86	45	41	37	34
		2349	553			2500	1281	1219	206	187
57	Dabryah	119	39	10	4	225	124	101	51	33
58	Mela	21	4			17	8	9		
59	Top	25	7			33	15	18		
60	Bhatla	51	15			62	28	34		
61	Chak Rakwalan	560	146			576	298	278	66	57
		776	211			913	473	440	117	90
62	Kolta	149	43	11		142	75	67	15	13
63	Parhanu	128	36			132	77	55	3	1
64	Jib	837	213			811	413	398	31	25
		1114	292			1085	565	520	49	39
65	Badali	135	29	12		144	81	63	16	10
66	Delichak	63	16			62	35	27	5	4
67	Sansah	59	31			147	82	62	47	35
68	Rakh Sansuh	12	2			5	4	1		
69	Kothi Panyir	66	12			63	33	30	2	
70	Maghan	169	32			199	105	94	30	30
71	Khateryar	78	19			64	22	42		
72	Rahmbal	616	147			674	354	320	44	34
		1198	288			1358	716	642	144	113
73	Mangyote	118	29	13		136	72	64	15	14
74	Farna	59	14			58	32	26		
75	Takoli	28	4			24	12	12		
76	Sayal Jattan	119	26			126	61	65	1	
77	Lansi	88	25			114	66	48	18	9
78	Bali	67	8			53	26	27	5	4
79	Suyi	85	21			104	49	55		
80	Sambal	171	37			175	100	75	1	2
81	Jhakar	259	58			267	125	142	29	37
		994	222			1057	543	514	69	66
82	Kallarhemity	139	29	14	5	164	80	84	28	29
83	Dandyal	37	13			55	28	27	6	9
84	Karlyi Kahanglu	75	8			50	30	20		
85	Karlyi Suki	72	8			41	22	19	9	8
86	Roant	36	5			23	12	11		
87	Dhanori	188	40			145	80	65		
88	Omara	124	31			134	68	66	1	5
89	Bararyan		16			59	28	31		
90	Rakh Kathyala	1	4			18	8	10		
		672	154			689	358	333	44	51
91	Shajalta	138	17	15		100	52	48	40	39
92	Jhakkan	190	38			209	111	98	69	63
93	Dalah	124	20			100	51	49	21	17
94	Gangeva	105	26			93	49	44	49	44
95	Sangar	30	3			10	6	4		
96	Sayalsalan	109	24			80	48	32	25	15
97	Karlayi Khalki	14	8			26	12	14	6	9
98	Thanda Padar	74	23			109	46	63		
99	Nagrota	159	32			115	60	55	20	15
100	Rathan	707	168			794	432	362	57	39
101	Chahni	18	3			27	10	17		
102	Gorri	14	7			34	17	17	4	4
103	Sutan	62	14			64	31	33	4	3
104	Paryan	221	28			177	89	88	12	11
		1965	411			1938	1014	924	307	259

1941 P. PULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		124	137							6	
		181	178							5	
		46	53							5	1
		80	77							2	
		106	101							8	3
		92	77							13	6
		62	56							7	
		127	104							1	
		116	115							3	2
		133	127							64	18
		8	7								
		1075	1032							114	30
		73	68							8	
		8	9								
		15	18								
		28	34								
		232	221							12	5
		356	350							20	5
		60	54							7	
		74	54							4	
		382	373							63	7
		516	481							74	7
		65	53							5	
		30	23							9	
		35	30							3	
		4	1							3	
		31	30							1	
		75	64							26	1
		22	42							2	
		282	252	28	34					51	9
		544	495	28	34					100	10
		57	50							12	
		32	26							2	
		12	12								
		60	65							8	
		48	39							2	
		21	23							7	
		49	55							2	
		99	73							6	
		96	105							8	
		474	448							47	
		51	55							15	
		22	18								
		30	20							5	
		13	11							2	
		12	11							3	
		80	65							1	
		67	61							4	
		28	31							3	
		8	10								
		312	282							33	
		12	9							1	
		42	35							3	
		30	32								
		6	4							1	
		23	17							2	
		6	5							3	
		46	63							5	
		40	40							12	2
		375	323							12	
		10	17								
		13	13							2	
		27	30							3	
		77	77							3	
		707	665							47	2

Seria No.	Name of Vill age	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
105	Omala	109	30	16		127	77	50	2	
106	Thali	9	3			12	7	5	6	5
107	Mansu Jagir	6	1			3	2	1		
108	Navah Jagir	15	7			32	16	16		
109	Bashyal Rayjolian	16	2			17	6	11		
110	Chantal	6	2			9	5	4		
111	Bashyal Jattan	8	5			21	11	10		
112	Savil Jagir	32	9			41	17	24		
113	Kah Jagir	28	13			31	19	12		
114	Kashirah	139	38			179	91	88		
115	Chari Jagir	77	15			74	35	39	3	6
116	Baryal	144	31			138	72	66	18	18
117	Kawa Jagir	353	91			393	223	170	18	12
		942	247			1077	581	496	47	41
118	Manpa Jagir	116	32	17		108	53	55	10	9
119	Balyan	206	54			260	135	125	47	32
120	Barbaryan	264	69			299	161	138	6	5
121	Thil	296	64			382	200	182	25	25
122	Roun	213	56			215	106	109	17	10
123	Sunthan	151	31			162	86	76	27	16
		1246	306			1426	741	685	132	97
124	Garnyai	588	135	18		659	348	311	64	59
125	Malohar	813	174			808	408	400	47	49
		1401	309			1467	756	711	111	108
126	Bhttal	660	146	19	6	662	343	319	127	115
127	Godhar	319	77			348	192	156	107	75
128	Darsuh	501	104			537	285	252	165	146
		1480	327			1547	820	727	399	336
129	Koperla	78	20	20		95	54	41		
130	Dhalpar	318	65			362	191	171	49	55
131	Johan	238	41			213	101	112	27	23
132	Batta	236	58			275	149	126	1	
133	Dodar	35	5			31	14	17		
134	Shapper	86	16			95	50	45		
135	Kuh	328	109			517	260	257	3	
136	Ritti	238	34			87	52	35		
		1557	348			1675	871	804	80	78
137	Thanaha	403	94	21		541	277	264	104	68
138	Kah Sarotaryan	25	8			48	25	23	11	10
139	Karao	121	28			123	66	57	8	7
140	Jaganu	766	203			739	375	364	67	65
141	Bhagpur	159	38			174	80	94	2	5
142	Ser	100	15			72	34	38		
143	Maror	67	17			57	27	30		
144	Sanal	112	34			154	76	78	10	13
145	Mandolat	65	38			173	89	84	47	35
146	Basan	158	44			197	99	98	7	7
		1976	519			2278	1148	1130	256	210
147	Kotli Bala	114	32	22	7	174	99	75	30	20
148	Harsuh	107	24			118	63	55	3	4
149	Laddan	142	36			132	70	62	10	6
150	Osuh Jagir	368	99			442	236	206	5	1
151	Pakhlayi	502	100			565	288	277	48	36
152	Charhat	390	85			443	224	219	3	4
153	Dhargadiyan	200	48			247	124	123		
154	Barat	92	26			131	61	70	12	20
		1915	450			2252	1165	1087	111	91
155	Nagulta	586	116	23		565	297	268	24	32
156	Dhandar	516	113			600	290	310	15	17
157	Kahri	99	26			90	44	46		
158	Siyana	348	70			341	184	157	18	18
159	Satyalta	687	157			740	368	372	6	4
		2236	482			2336	1183	1153	63	71

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		75	50							11	
		1									
		2	1								
		16	16							3	
		6	11							3	
		5	4								
		11	10							1	
		17	24							5	
		19	12								
		91	88							15	1
		32	33							6	1
		54	48							22	3
		205	158							30	2
		534	455							96	7
		43	46							2	
		88	93							8	
		155	133							3	
		175	157							17	
		89	99							1	
		59	60							5	
		609	588							36	
		284	252							32	
		361	351							7	
		645	603							39	
		216	204							51	7
		85	81							6	
		120	106							10	
		421	391							67	7
		54	41								
		142	116							14	
		74	89							7	
		148	126							4	
		14	17								
		50	45							2	
		257	257							10	
		52	35							2	
		791	726							39	
		173	196							18	2
		14	13								1
		58	50							7	
		308	299							188	74
		78	89							8	1
		28	35	6	3					4	
		27	30							10	
		66	65							7	
		42	49							10	
		92	91							20	
		886	917	6	3					272	78
		69	55							1	
		60	51							1	
		60	56							1	
		231	205							5	
		240	241							4	
		221	215							6	
		124	123								
		49	50							2	
		1054	996							20	
		273	236							9	
		275	293							4	
		44	46							9	
		161	133	5	6					11	
		362	308							8	
		1115	1076	5	6					41	

IIO

Serial No.	Name of Village	Occupied houses 1941	1931 Population	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)		
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	
1	2	4	3	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
160	Baharyan	..	80	58	24-25	8	266	137	129	5	10
161	Udhampur	Udhampur Town	3633	944			4400	2507	1893	575	377
			3713	1002			4666	2644	2022	580	387
162	Rote	..	623	134	26	9	726	387	339	143	130
163	Payota	..	808	166			841	445	396	233	203
			1431	300			1567	832	735	381	333
164	Magota	..	700	135	27		759	418	341	281	218
165	Sarak	..	270	49			316	150	166	121	131
166	Parbal	..	349	67			398	222	176	138	98
			1319	251			1473	790	683	540	447
167	Goha	..	221	47	28		266	134	132	9	7
168	Mothi	..	523	104			574	294	280	148	144
169	Jhambal	..	445	81			495	244	251	27	28
			1189	232			1335	672	663	184	179
170	Sarsi	..	388	63	29		360	192	168	131	118
171	Paryote	..	618	131			732	389	343	69	34
172	Ganglovar	..	80	23			113	69	44	15	3
173	Khaleni	..	416	78			400	223	177	32	22
			1502	295			1605	873	732	247	177
174	Saras	..	175	30	30		186	100	86	10	2
175	Hadd	..	242	55			260	135	125	7	3
176	Malhori	..	453	97			467	258	209	39	28
			870	182			913	493	420	56	33
177	Thopal	..	222	55	31	10	237	127	110	35	25
178	Dharalta	..	78	28			127	64	63	6	6
179	Chakwah	..	168	47			195	101	94	7	6
180	Lodhwal	..	167	43			206	115	91	21	17
181	Kathri	..	56	15			58	34	24	3	
182	Bandhera	..	89	18			72	41	31	6	4
183	Tringla	..	146	44			170	98	72	26	19
184	Barthal	..	69	13			49	27	22	11	10
185	Dharmond	..	343	75			396	196	200	68	70
			1338	338			1510	803	707	183	157
186	Batote	..	573	162	32		652	372	280	185	144
187	Shanpa	..	469	126			601	338	263	84	58
188	Chilla	..	8	3			19	9	10		
189	Sana	..	951	195			1079	599	480	90	38
			2001	486			2351	1318	1033	359	240
190	Balwat	..	398	81	33		473	248	225	57	52
191	Papryah	..	138	36			172	84	88		
192	Karman	..	106	22			127	67	60		
193	Savni	..	361	70			379	210	169	40	20
194	Kanfar	..	194	36			180	95	85	75	65
195	Chander Kote	..	207	31			166	83	83	49	52
			1404	276			1497	787	710	221	189
TOTAL		..	48865	11045			52937	28065	24872	6116	5036

*Others—6M, 2F Other Christians; 21M, 12 F Indian Christians; 1M, 2F Jains.

III

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		132	119							62	28
22	2	1870	1487	19	13			21	14	1295	550
22	2	2002	1606	19	13			21	14	1357	578
		244	209							31	1
		207	193							42	2
		451	402							73	3
		137	123							14	
		29	35							2	
		84	78							6	
		250	236							22	
		125	125							17	
		146	136							9	
		217	223							15	1
		488	484							41	1
		61	50							4	
		320	309							30	1
		54	41							16	1
		287	155	2						56	6
2		622	555	2						106	8
		90	84							13	
		128	122							20	
		219	181							44	3
		437	387							77	3
		92	85							17	
		58	57							10	
		94	88							11	
		87	69	7	5					40	4
		31	24							9	
		35	27							10	
		72	53							25	
		16	12							8	
		128	130							32	
		613	545	7	5					162	4
		176	134	5				6	2	85	21
		244	198	10	7					51	11
		9	10							8	
		509	442								
		938	784	15	7			6	2	144	32
		191	173							6	1
		84	88							2	
		67	60							1	
		169	149	1						6	1
		20	20							5	
		34	31							4	
		565	521	1						24	2
24	2	21804	19745	93	73			28	16	3322	816

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

S. No.	Name.
2132	Thanger
2133	Bandhera
2136	Dothan
2137	Kothi
2147	Kati
2148	Kinal
2191	Parail
2204	Bant
2206	Osuh
2212	Gangrah
2222	Torbari
2251	Ajmal
2254	Manpa
2255	Kothi Pain
2256	Hagin
2275	Chari
2285	Makarathi
2295	Sothian

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.
11	Thanger Jagir
13	Bandhera Jagir
7	Dothan Jagir
8	Kothi Jagir
25	Kotti
17	Kansal
166	Parbal
154	Barat
150	Osuh Jagir
94	Gangeva
39	Gorhi
72	Rahmbal
118	Manpa Jagir
69	Kothi Panyir
70	Maghan
115	Chari Jagir
82	Kallarhemity
103	Sutan

(ii) Bararyan serial number 89 of the Village Tables 1941 is not traceable in the Village Tables 1931. Probably this was included with some other village.

(iii) Villages Occhnallah, Rakh Thandeh and Rakh Nirahnal serial numbers 2151, 2326 and 2327 respectively of 1931 Village Tables were unoccupied at this census and do not therefore appear in the Tables for 1941.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT UDHAMPUR, TEHSIL KISHTWAR

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Udhampur**Tehsil Kishtwar**

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied huses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total				
						Persons	Males	Females	Muslim (others)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Sukhnaie ..	223	30	1	11	229	120	109	120	109
2	Rekenwas ..	132	19			111	59	52	59	52
3	Gumri ..	175	25			175	100	75	100	75
4	Margi ..	294	47			309	174	135	173	135
5	Basmana ..	240	52			235	107	128	106	128
6	Aftee ..	185	41			238	124	114	124	114
7	Aftee Kozaz ..	86	16			109	53	56	53	56
8	Choye Draman ..	113	32			190	106	84	105	84
9	Mungli ..	167	35			188	102	86	101	86
10	Barayan ..	174	25			165	88	77	88	77
11	Anshan ..	296	47			285	173	112	172	112
12	Mulwarwan ..	220	38			193	105	88	105	88
		2305	407			2427	1311	1116	1306	1116
13	Nawgam ..	181	36	2		200	114	86	106	86
14	Nopachi ..	762	116			870	498	372	480	372
15	Dharie ..	125	22			139	75	64	75	64
16	Changam ..	902	139			952	515	437	479	396
		1970	313			2161	1202	959	1140	918
17	Pathgam ..	643	100	3		644	337	307	336	307
18	Irdi ..	589	101			708	384	324	355	323
		1232	201			1352	721	631	691	630
19	Rinaie ..	824	121	4		833	439	394	427	392
		824	121			833	439	394	427	392
20	Kadarna ..	915	135	5		941	493	448	489	448
21	Tiler ..	310	60			360	199	161	188	161
22	Dehriana ..	751	89			748	416	332	415	330
23	Hanzal ..	134	23			151	91	60	16	9
		2110	307			2200	1199	1001	1108	948
24	Lupara ..	739	133	6	12	824	424	400	125	108
25	Chicha Dachhan ..	425	70			460	235	225	86	68
		1164	203			1284	659	625	211	176
26	Lohrna ..	792	162	7		1050	550	500	233	190
27	Janakpur ..	696	123			749	399	350	185	143
		1488	285			1799	949	850	418	333
28	Sonder ..	1073	162	8		1060	551	509	387	319
		1073	162			1060	551	509	387	319
29	Palmar ..	2133	330	9		2259	1188	1071	706	626
30	Bhanderkoot ..	71	13			79	45	34	17	11
		2204	343			2338	1233	1105	723	637
31	Toggod ..	586	94	10		599	320	279	11	13
32	Moolchetar ..	610	106			624	341	283	228	167
33	Sigdee ..	2088	347			2187	1121	1066	910	830
34	Bhata ..	196	35			241	128	113	128	113
		3480	582			3651	1910	1741	1277	1123
35	Chingam ..	1585	273	11	13	1715	909	806	507	439
36	Indarwal ..	1872	313			1943	1007	936	706	624
		3457	586			3658	1916	1742	1213	1063

Serial No.	Name of Village.	Occupied 1931 Population	houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
37	Chhatroo	2183	372	12		2320	1220	1100	1030	909
38	Dichar	181	28			175	89	86	89	86
39	Udil Gojran	228	31			211	109	102	106	102
		2592	431			2706	1418	1288	1225	1097
40	Kuchal	1144	192	13		1205	629	576	555	514
41	Rahalthal	593	120			721	391	330	297	250
42	Darbeel	740	136			780	399	381	252	237
43	Haorna	395	82			399	221	178	68	57
44	Dhar	420	77			426	219	207	89	82
		3292	607			3531	1859	1672	1261	1140
45	Thiller	712	123	14	14	874	457	417	259	215
46	Dharbadan	285	56			340	167	173	25	27
47	Pakalan	182	40			222	130	92	40	22
48	Saranwan	365	64			361	188	173	123	107
49	Seergwar	115	18			98	57	41	57	41
50	Keshwan	970	178			1043	563	480	481	406
51	Anjol	163	35			163	82	81	13	17
		2792	514			3101	1644	1457	998	835
52	Ohli	127	29	15		141	79	62	52	39
53	Batkoot	200	39			213	102	111	15	25
54	Hadar	95	25			96	48	48	12	15
55	Birshala	28	5			43	21	22	13	10
56	Shandri	141	17			68	37	31		
57	Akrhing	68	15			83	42	41	16	18
		659	130			644	329	315	108	107
58	Kutal	94	15	16		109	62	47	34	24
59	Nagbhatna	59	13			53	33	20	21	13
60	Malie	52	10			54	31	23	3	3
61	Halor	145	25			134	70	64	7	7
62	Sangna	107	17			96	47	49	8	14
63	Prishmula	65	15			68	37	31	1	1
		522	95			514	280	234	74	62
64	Bhandera	201	34	17	15	174	88	86		
65	Bhutna	163	23			170	98	72	46	41
66	Salna	149	40			174	93	81	12	11
67	Badhat	193	40			203	97	106	40	46
68	Lushana	73	13			60	36	24	2	
69	Bhagru	270	40			275	146	129	111	100
70	Duga	76	17			93	52	41	28	19
71	Kohri	63	17			70	37	33	12	10
72	Dhar	88	18			82	37	45	5	5
73	Las	125	18			140	77	63	75	63
74	Baroti	130	27			140	73	67	16	20
		1531	287			1581	834	747	347	315
75	Chamoti	139	29	18		151	80	71	58	58
76	Balgram	263	49			241	131	110	34	20
77	Tipri	234	41			237	121	116	63	47
78	Mori	332	47			343	182	161	150	127
79	Kewa	431	53			416	206	210	135	134
		1399	219			1388	720	668	440	386
80	Jwalpur	238	50	19		280	143	137	107	112
81	Nali	255	56			274	145	129	116	102
82	Jirwar	89	16			104	54	50	33	27
83	Benun	345	54			376	190	186	170	166
84	Patnazi	977	173			1148	584	564	505	488
85	Kither	159	22			178	92	86	92	86
		2063	371			2360	1208	1152	1023	981
86	Sharoti	149	20	20		148	80	68	7	8
87	Loondri	245	35			235	122	113	65	62
88	Tatani	350	58			426	213	213	165	162
89	Kukarwas	73	17			103	51	52	14	20
90	Kinarthara	70	17			79	39	40	2	3
91	Niju	233	41			243	133	115	28	20

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		190	191							49	2
		3								4	
		193	191							5	
		74	62							58	2
		94	80							43	3
		147	144							35	
		153	121							28	
		130	125							8	
		598	532							9	
		198	202							123	3
		129	128	13	18					30	
		90	70							29	
		65	66							4	
		82	74							4	
		69	64							2	
		633	604	13	18					9	
										7	
		27	23							85	
		87	86							1	
		36	33								
		8	12								
		37	31								
		26	23								
		221	208							4	
		28	23							5	
		12	7							9	
		28	20							7	
		63	57							1	
		39	35							3	
		36	30							4	
		206	172							1	
		88	86							1	
		52	31							1	
		81	70							4	
		42	38	15	22					11	
		34	24							3	
		30	23	5	6					22	
		24	22							1	
		16	17	9	6					2	
		32	40							2	
		2								1	
		57	47							1	
		458	398	29	34					48	
		22	13							7	
		97	90							18	1
		58	69							23	2
		32	34							18	
		71	76							13	
		280	282							79	3
		36	25							17	4
		29	27							18	2
		21	23							18	
		20	20							25	2
		79	76							47	
										3	
		185	171							128	8
		73	60							5	1
		57	51							12	
		48	51							31	1
		37	32							18	1
		37	37							10	
		102	94	3	1					21	1

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
92	Mandar	137	19			151	75	76	46	46
93	God	67	11			65	29	36	15	16
94	Chalasu	122	19			123	66	57	9	6
95	Kalchanda	106	18			133	70	63	5	3
		1552	255			1711	878	833	356	348
96	Chandali	152	29	21		173	92	81	61	56
97	Pora	99	20			130	69	61	57	54
98	Gahan	221	38			274	141	133	47	38
99	Krool	971	155			983	504	479	354	314
100	Agral	335	64			315	153	162		
101	Darab	200	41			216	92	124		
102	Lawa	152	25			150	68	82	11	16
103	Ganwas	248	53			262	135	127	43	34
		2378	425			2503	1254	1249	573	512
104	Kishtwar (Town)	3335	564	22	16	3235	1759	1476	1250	1066
		3335	564			3235	1759	1476	1250	1066
105	Kishtwar		107	23	17	702	381	321	224	178
106	Trigam	572	104			612	324	288	111	84
107	Lachkhazana	266	61			306	166	140	6	5
108	Lach Dayaram	537	109			631	333	298	266	247
		1375	381			2251	1204	1047	607	514
109	Hariyal	294	66	24		293	151	142	35	32
110	Matta	644	141			735	387	348	86	77
		938	207			1028	538	490	121	109
111	Poochal	1351	256	25		1460	780	680	441	376
		1351	256			1460	780	680	441	376
112	Dool	707	131	26	18	802	415	387	314	307
113	Kwarlenji	224	43			217	109	108	40	55
114	Cherjee	268	46			325	161	164	67	59
115	Samna Bhata	204	32			199	109	90	54	47
116	Ajna	151	28			191	96	95	39	41
117	Chicha Nagsain	136	18			129	67	62	67	62
		1690	298			1863	957	906	581	571
118	Bagna	460	85	27		534	283	251	151	131
119	Damji	31	5			34	19	15		
120	Bhatin	162	20			128	61	67		
121	Dachla	126	21			171	84	87	22	12
122	Changnana	175	27			166	90	76		
123	Galharbhata	245	36			242	121	121	28	17
124	Pyas	98	14			106	57	49	57	49
125	Chandna	58	10			64	33	31		
		1355	218			1445	748	697	258	209
126	Sazar	103	12	28	19	118	62	56	2	4
127	Kidru	14	3			18	11	7	11	7
128	Kadail	65	17			92	50	42		
129	Jar	162	30			218	123	95	4	4
130	Aphani	352	67			389	219	170	155	123
131	Luder	153	32			168	84	84	5	3
132	Kundal	432	89			498	256	242	6	6
133	Atholi	367	78			419	212	207	58	52
		1648	328			1920	1017	903	241	199
134	Layee	76	16	29		79	39	40		
135	Muthal	174	35			165	88	77		
136	Gulabgarh	301	62			291	147	144	2	2
137	Livindi	181	32			171	95	76	1	
138	Ligri	524	93			537	296	241	2	5
139	Pandel	144	28			183	94	89		
140	Garh	319	50			354	199	155		
141	Masu	223	33			193	107	86		
		1942	349			1973	1065	908	5	7

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		29	30							5	
		14	20							4	
		57	51								
		65	60							2	
		519	486	3	1					108	4
		31	25								
		12	7								
		94	95							5	
		150	165							9	
		153	162							25	
		91	118	1	6					4	
		57	66							5	
		92	93							4	
		680	731	1	6					52	
		504	405	5	5					753	271
		504	405	5	5					753	271
		157	143							117	37
		213	204							14	
		160	135							47	
		67	51							46	3
		597	533							224	40
		116	110							36	4
		297	269	4	2					177	73
		413	379	4	2					213	77
		339	304							113	1
		339	304							113	1
		101	80							45	
		69	53							15	
		94	105							24	
		55	43							3	1
		57	54							3	
		376	335							102	2
		132	120							41	6
		19	15							5	
		61	67							3	
		62	75							2	
		90	76							14	1
		93	104							7	4
		33	31							3	
		490	488							75	11
		60	52								
		50	42							1	
		119	91							1	
		64	47							7	
		79	81							15	
		247	234			3	2			10	
		154	155							23	1
		773	702			3	2			68	13
		39	40								
		88	77							4	
		145	142							8	
		94	76							17	
		294	236							7	
		94	89							11	
		199	155							8	1
		107	86							13	
		1223	801							68	1

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
142	Palali	313	59	30		331	178	153		
143	Chashoti	97	14			111	57	54		
144	Hamori	76	9			72	33	39		
145	Hangu	95	18			101	46	55		
146	Machail	85	17			113	51	62	4	
147	Losain	176	26			182	95	87	8	
		842	143			910	460	450	12	
148	Kaban	129	26	31		164	78	86		
149	Sohal	316	59			299	146	153	3	1
150	Ongayee	187	34			208	114	94		
151	Chatoh	258	44			232	132	100		
152	Tyari	246	42			264	136	128	5	2
153	Ishtahari	416	65			457	230	227		
154	Batwas	90	12			106	59	47		
155	Chag	104	17			104	55	49		
156	Mathal	70	10			72	36	36		
157	Tun	117	18			100	49	51		
		1933	327			2006	1035	971	8	3
TOTAL		56496	9915			60893	32077	28816	18830	16490

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :-

As shown in Village Tables 1931.		Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.	
S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
1854	Sonda	28	Sonder
1883	Nar Keshwan	50	Keshwan
1904	Laba Dayaram	108	Lach Dayaram
1906	Kwartenji	113	Kwarlenji
1910	Chicha	117	Chicha Nagsain
1920	Laba Khazana	107	Lach Khazana
1922	Paryal	109	Hariyal
1945	Bogadana	69	Bhagru
1948	Joshana	68	Lushana
1949	Dhonga	70	Duga
1951	Dhar Rode	72	Dhar
1954	Choti	75	Chamoti
1972	Miti	156	Mathal
1977	Halu	141	Masu

(ii) The Village Kishtwar appears against two different numbers in the Village Tables 1941. It is partly shown as Town Area under serial number 104 and partly as Village Area under serial number 105. This village has been wrongly split into two by the local Census Officer contrary to the instructions issued in this connection.

(iii) The Villages Batwal, Makol, Dalber, Diller, Marh, Derein, Garh, Batwarah, Buton and Gorean Nala serial numbers 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1867, 1868, 1869 and 1870 respectively of the Village Tables 1931 have been wrongly merged by the local census agency with Chhatroo. This village appeared as serial number 1866 in the 1931 list and is serial number 37 of the Village Tables 1941.

Similarly villages Losain and Sosan serial numbers 1984 and 1985 of the Village Tables 1931 appear as one under Losain serial number 147 in the Village Tables 1941. The figures given for 1931 represent the total of the equivalents for 1941 in each case.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		178	153							3	
		57	54							2	
		33	39							1	
		47	62			46	55			7	2
		12				75	87			9	
		327	308			121	142			22	2
		7	6			71	80				
		143	152							6	
		114	94								
		132	100							1	1
		131	126								
		230	227							2	
		59	47								
		55	49								
		36	36								
		907	837			49	51			9	1
						120	131				
		12946	11985	57	66	244	275			2942	446

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Udhampur**Tehsil Ramban**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Maho	706	125	1	22A	704	326	378	326	378
2	Mangat	1123	199			1090	514	576	514	576
3	Targam	1908	307			2017	1034	983	1032	983
		3737	631			3811	1874	1937	1872	1937
4	Khari	2060	376	2		2329	1237	1092	1224	1081
5	Bankote	677	116		20	585	320	265	320	265
		2737	492			2914	1557	1357	1544	1346
6	Karawa	507	65	3		531	272	259	268	256
7	Chachahal	378	65			337	179	158	179	158
8	Kaskoot	511	97			527	271	256	271	256
9	Zanhal	275	46			286	156	130	156	130
10	Ashar	415	71			384	192	192	192	192
		2086	344			2065	1070	995	1068	992
11	Charel Lamber	1264	229	4		1233	641	592	641	592
12	Gund Thathar	208	47			233	115	118	115	118
13	Naugam	242	37			237	124	113	124	113
		1714	313			1703	880	823	880	823
14	Thathar	1406	225	5		1508	800	706	786	706
15	Chanchloo	611	103			586	303	283	303	283
		2017	328			2092	1103	989	1089	989
16	Deogool	284	88	6	21	373	217	156	141	112
		284	88			373	217	156	141	112
17	Nagam	444	107	7	20	534	295	239	295	239
18	Dolegam	1786	317			1811	973	838	971	838
		2230	424			2345	1268	1077	1268	1077
19	Gund Adalkoot	803	197	8		936	533	403	503	379
20	Chamalwas	1622	285			1814	973	841	965	838
		2425	482			2750	1506	1244	1468	1217
21	Leh	1397	244	9-10	22 B	1471	784	687	760	671
22	Bohar Dhar	1088	224			1259	655	604	640	589
23	Dhanmasta	1452	281			1527	810	717	629	548
24	Pogal	2732	491			3004	1562	1442	1353	1249
		6669	1240			7261	3811	3450	3382	3057
25	Shagam	577	89	11	22A	587	329	258	311	246
26	Sarbhangni	515	81			523	271	252	250	198
27	Panchal	642	125		22B	712	388	324	204	180
28	Sojmatna	1571	268			1647	867	780	697	605
		3305	563			3469	1855	1614	1462	1229
29	Marog	366	45	12	23	266	143	123	80	62
30	Gam	127	30			133	69	64	4	6
31	Teli	78	16			74	38	36	6	3
32	Seri	420	90			523	275	248	152	136
33	Damote	355	80			413	223	190	45	46
34	Ahdwa	171	46			220	117	103	44	35
35	Sancha	74	16			86	44	42	16	19
36	Balhoto	307	60			364	187	177	62	65
37	Ganote	446	69			499	271	228	112	89
		2344	452			2578	1357	1211	521	431

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	#	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
38	Bhangara	420	72	13	22B	480	248	232	206	196
39	Ahlahas	393	74			465	238	227	142	146
40	Hoochak	559	113			611	338	273	112	96
41	Paristan	540	90			597	315	382	247	220
42	Seripati	560	122			639	319	320	141	218
		2472	471			2792	1458	1334	848	876
43	Ramban	815	169	14	24	667	387	280	110	56
		815	169			667	387	280	110	56
44	Nera	245	31	15	23	203	108	95	35	13
45	Kenthe	467	93			550	279	271	52	54
46	Kandi	157	32			175	87	88	11	11
47	Seldhar	322	52			324	164	160	59	51
48	Dhandnat	1024	184			1143	621	522	391	337
		2215	392			2395	1259	1136	548	466
49	Dhar	68	21	16		88	45	43		
50	Jhatgali	487	96			512	265	247	18	18
51	Deswal	16	4			19	10	9		
52	Balnota	512	114			556	288	268	108	98
53	Tanger	64	18			81	39	42	15	15
		1147	253			1256	647	609	141	131
54	Rajgarh	443	112	17		511	275	236	109	101
55	Daramen	171	37			183	89	74	30	21
56	Ghani	221	44			248	122	126	63	69
57	Kamet	479	91			549	274	275	117	120
		1314	284			1471	760	711	319	311
58	Desa	1551	253	18		1849	910	939	270	248
		1551	353			1849	910	939	270	248
59	Dhandal	1465	271	19	25	1675	832	843	533	531
		1465	271			1675	832	843	533	531
60	Tapnel	174	35	20		236	120	116	113	108
61	Chaka	1272	255			1343	667	676	306	280
62	Chil	225	50			238	121	117	11	11
63	Samti	438	101			449	223	226	88	95
64	Gagla Natwas	266	48			234	112	122	3	1
		2375	489			2500	1243	1257	521	495
65	Kotli	271	41	21		248	136	112		1
66	Mund-dhar	1460	241			1658	866	792	544	486
67	Kastigarh	231	34			245	119	126	71	62
68	Mandole	208	14			221	112	109	35	30
		2170	330			2372	1233	1139	650	579
69	Ganeka	135	26	22		162	89	73	28	24
70	Bajarni	1845	281			1910	1005	905	558	483
71	Malwas	61	14			70	40	30	40	30
		2041	321			2142	1134	1008	626	537
72	Bhagwa	1277	217	23		1276	646	630	369	367
73	Gawi	570	105			665	363	302	138	102
		1847	322			1941	1009	932	507	469
74	Kaloochand	603	121	24	26	674	353	321	145	116
75	Bhart	964	192			1012	538	474	482	416
76	Bagla	327	64			320	166	154	95	97
77	Khonos	97	14			113	64	49	55	41
		1991	391			2119	1121	998	777	670
78	Udianpura	695	115	25		727	400	327	370	304
79	Gadiavi	188	32			185	103	92	45	37

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
80	Al	180	18			186	92	94	92	94
81	Abgad	266	37			275	137	138	91	72
		1329	202			1383	732	651	598	507
82	Koti	718	117	26		803	429	374	308	254
83	Bholi	358	66			407	215	192	118	99
		1076	183			1210	644	566	426	353
84	Doda	1049	230	27	27	1312	710	602	418	374
		1049	230			1312	710	602	418	374
85	Barshla	724	150	28	26	792	419	373	281	253
86	Shavian	171	30			171	92	79	71	58
87	Dashnan	254	39			301	146	155	117	118
88	Dhar	414	71			464	222	242	145	160
89	Arnora	667	127			676	349	327	158	147
90	Bahhova	344	61			374	195	179	99	103
		2574	478			2778	1423	1355	871	839
91	Jajote	306	52	29		323	172	151	50	50
92	Sel	95	18			115	58	57	35	33
93	Chakri	13	3			15	8	7	2	3
94	Bhandas	77	12			73	40	33	32	26
95	Kalihand	379	69			394	201	193	133	119
96	Tatna	436	83			440	225	215	155	129
97	Ladna	592	91			610	322	288	271	247
		1898	328			1970	1026	944	678	607
98	Gundna	572	98	30	28	647	339	308	300	276
99	Aml Maneri	214	43			219	118	101	91	76
100	Gadetar	821	169			910	496	414	225	177
101	Malwana Jagir	1182	217			1164	628	536	435	386
102	Pankhar	12	2			4	2	2	2	2
		2801	529			2944	1583	1361	1053	917
103	Roti Padarna	498	96	31		505	251	254	163	148
104	Hancha	245	43			248	133	115	133	115
105	Dhava	880	159			894	513	381	370	275
		1623	298			1647	897	750	666	538
106	Jodhpur	508	107	32		536	292	244	9	7
107	Jatheli	476	93			458	245	213	98	87
108	Dongras	96	22			97	54	43	40	31
109	Asesi	96	27			86	51	35	28	20
110	Dorna	323	61			353	193	160	16	13
111	Charote	283	39			261	134	127	132	125
		1782	349			1791	969	822	323	283
112	Parehoola	377	77	33		450	232	218	115	99
113	Dhalkankoot	227	38			226	112	114	85	88
114	Mahala	354	87			397	209	188	83	68
115	Bhakhna	173	35			210	97	113	55	68
116	Bhalwana	253	34			187	97	90	22	18
117	Barehla	390	74			440	235	205	38	31
		1774	345			1910	982	928	398	372
118	Nageenpura	654	143	34	22A	662	346	316	346	316
119	Chatergam	122	31			125	62	63	62	63
120	Waltango	819	176			849	479	370	479	370
121	Orial	379	85			394	193	201	188	199
122	Pachgam	325	50			310	170	140	170	140
123	Naubug	182	38			177	96	81	96	81
124	Karaloo	467	96			449	222	227	221	227
125	Thathoo	97	19			93	51	42	51	42
126	Razloo	543	120			587	319	278	319	278
127	Batango	159	44			984	108	76	107	76
128	Hakarwah	90	22			92	51	41	51	41

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
129	Chakwazoo	109	35			115	60	55	60	55
130	Waripura	240	72			261	126	135	126	135
		4186	931			4308	2283	2025	2276	2023
TOTAL		71043	13176			75793	39750	36043	28248	25422

*Others—13M and 14F Indian Christians; Others 1M.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.		Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.	
S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
2017	Neil	21	Leh
2043	Slahar	47	Seldhar
2050	Balirota	52	Balnota
2060	Gagla Batoras	64	Gagla Natwas
2065	Ganika Pinderas	69	Ganeka
2066	Bajawati	70	Bajarni
2067	Bhagora	72	Bhagwa
2072	Kohnoon	77	Khonos
2079	Maloras	71	Malwas
2082	Shabarman	86	Shavian
2086	Bayore	90	Bahhova
2095	Amlī Bansri	99	Amlī Maneri
2096	Gazthebara	100	Gadetar
2098	Paneehar	102	Pankhar
2099	Dhara	105	Dhava
2106	Kordah	110	Dorna
2114	Geenpura	118	Nageenpura
2116	Dalango	120	Waltango

(ii) After the formation of census divisions, it was found that charge 22 in Ramban Tehsil was big and unwieldy. The charge therefore was split into two. As the splitting was likely to upset the numbers allotted to the charges throughout the Udhampur District it was decided to allot sub-numbers viz., 22A and 22B to the Charge.

(iii) Circle No. 2 is partly situated in charge 20 and partly in charge 22A. Similarly, circle No. 11 is partly shown in charge 22A and partly in charge 22B. The defect was due to the creation of Census Divisions contrary to the instructions issued in this connection.

(v) The numbering of Census Divisions in Ramban Tehsil was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties.

As a result, whilst the circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 20 to 28. All are shown in the Tables but they do not run consecutively with the circles. Circle totals are given but, owing to the defect referred to, the total for charges other than charges 20, 22A and 22B cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated circles forming each charge.

Total for charges 20, 22A and 22B can be worked out only by collecting the figures of the various villages forming each charge for the reasons referred to in footnote (iii).

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		7	2							2	2
		11459	10589	29	18			14	14	2532	148

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Udhampur**Tehsil Ramnagar**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Amrothi	350	77	1	29	347	178	169	30	18
2	Sera	736	163			793	400	393	36	43
3	Lathi	789	183			810	401	409	90	90
		1875	423			1950	979	971	156	151
4	Chapper	869	211	2		865	443	422	35	40
5	Pehoand	1129	276			1144	574	570	19	20
		1998	487			2009	1017	992	54	60
6	Jakhad	586	220	3		642	354	288	82	66
7	Dudu	409	178			403	207	196	21	15
8	Pader	287	111			285	149	136	52	50
		1282	509			1330	710	620	155	131
9	Blotha Uppralla	453	114	4	30	478	235	243	25	16
10	Basantgarh	723	173			684	350	334	92	95
11	Ladhra	169	53			194	95	99	49	52
12	Rai Chak	67	17			57	31	26	19	17
13	Kadwa	133	30			149	72	77	24	38
		1545	387			1562	783	779	209	218
14	Khanad	289	68	5		243	105	138	104	138
15	Punara	239	57			314	157	157	100	108
16	Mang	492	97			451	222	229	20	17
17	Pleai	145	32			142	74	68		
18	Siameri	314	63			350	178	172	45	29
		1479	317			1500	736	764	269	292
19	Chagal	395	90	6		366	182	184	4	3
20	Resaligadarin	472	106			491	234	257		
21	Reasli Thakari	387	94			396	209	187	13	6
22	Chatari	487	103			500	258	242	4	3
23	Ratohal	117	26			104	53	51		
		1858	419			1857	936	921	21	12
24	Pattangarh	449	97	7	32	442	226	216	6	5
25	Mritlowa	472	96			473	238	235		
26	Gharian Khurd	538	117			485	253	232	5	2
27	Gharian Kalan	485	116			557	285	272	12	9
28	Khasar	56	12			56	33	23		
		2000	438			2013	1035	978	23	16
29	Bermeain	841	233	8		987	516	471	55	52
30	Bindla	471	115			514	264	250	70	65
31	Labhair	283	64			322	167	155	6	8
32	Mahni	466	119			538	270	268	76	84
33	Satialta	558	116			593	303	290	24	18
		2619	647			2954	1520	1434	231	227
34	Ghori Khas	1347	246	9		1424	728	696	142	142
35	Nagrotta Ghori	165	42			146	70	76	2	1
36	Ghori Jagir	434	77			492	256	236	77	83
37	Surni	414	82			434	230	204	4	3
38	Nalla Ghorian	927	191			1066	541	525	27	33
		3287	638			3562	1825	1737	252	262
39	Nalla Malion	447	82	10	31	513	253	260	55	60
40	Reasian	452	96			511	240	271	9	9

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
41	Kotwalat	443	84			520	261	259	2	3
42	Jandroal	953	215			1085	542	543	5	7
43	Bearnoon	343	89			462	216	246	36	37
		2638	566			3091	1512	1579	107	126
44	Kella	257	60	11		298	152	146	16	17
45	Snljan	207	50			235	121	114		
46	Satian	326	67			381	197	184	42	36
47	Lodhna	506	95			609	326	283	131	125
48	Prey	436	88			467	242	225	32	25
49	Teagan	221	59			226	123	103	40	25
		1953	419			2216	1161	1055	261	228
50	Bari	515	113	12		565	296	269	45	36
51	Kea	464	104			438	238	200	20	19
52	Blotha Chagla	430	99			350	185	165	47	33
53	Incha	306	68			316	164	152	2	3
54	Umrow	419	108			508	266	242	12	4
		2134	492			2177	1149	1028	126	95
55	Jophar	484	119	13	33	531	293	238	68	54
56	Mottu	279	41			248	137	111	25	13
57	Chohan	633	119			678	363	315	117	85
58	Lehair	389	74			400	195	205		5
59	Ghar Sawana Banj	770	138			804	423	381	144	131
		2555	491			2661	1411	1250	354	288
60	Martha	712	175	14	34	779	420	359	5	5
61	Sownather	836	166			912	451	461	11	4
62	Kermuim	584	147			672	336	336	22	23
63	Dhari	583	139			678	350	328	54	33
		2715	627			3041	1557	1484	92	65
64	Bhaka Jagir	171	35	15	33	168	82	86		
65	Conain	189	48			213	104	190		
66	Dherian	242	55			263	129	134		
67	Beraliata Sawana Banj	280	66			335	178	157	1	
68	Dhanwalth	344	72			383	190	193	13	14
69	Phoral	205	45			225	125	100	56	44
		1431	321			1587	808	779	70	58
70	Bebaian	450	84	16		494	280	214	109	71
71	Amwartha	363	59			378	195	183	127	109
		813	143			872	475	397	236	180
72	Blain	335	91	17	37	367	193	174	4	5
73	Udhal	130	27			131	75	56		
74	Rang	442	104			463	258	205	4	3
75	Thalk	201	39			214	106	108		
76	Ghohar Marh	344	87			372	195	177	7	6
77	Basianta	318	74			342	170	172		
78	Pingar	367	109			408	206	202	34	32
		2137	531			2297	1203	1094	49	46
79	Goghot	679	165	18	35	745	379	366	15	8
80	Phattary	518	128			616	299	317	21	17
81	Khathil Gango	532	110			567	313	254	6	6
82	Pularian	59	16			78	41	37		
83	Rumoian	129	36			141	73	68	7	10
		1917	455			2147	1105	1042	49	41
84	Bhug Tharian	340	83	19	35	397	228	169	1	2
85	Choumtha	567	141			625	320	305	51	44
86	Sear Bahala	430	94			503	246	257	6	4
87	Sear Mohana	456	100			471	231	240	44	48
88	Punj Garian	479	122			607	307	300	44	45
		2272	540			2603	1332	1271	148	143

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		259	256							14	
		537	536							24	
		180	199							17	
		1405	1453							78	1
		136	129							5	
		121	114							12	
		155	148							18	
		195	158							13	
		210	200							37	9
		83	78							6	
		900	827							91	9
		251	233							5	
		218	181							3	
		138	132							4	
		162	149							5	
		254	238							3	
		1023	933							20	
		225	184							1	
		112	98							1	
		246	230							2	
		195	200							1	
		279	250							14	
		1057	962							19	
		415	354							25	2
		440	457							38	1
		313	313	1						31	2
		296	295							53	3
		1464	1419	1						147	8
		82	86								
		104	109							2	
		129	134							10	
		177	157							3	
		177	179							1	
		69	56							6	2
		738	721							22	2
		171	143							20	
		68	74							3	1
		239	217							23	1
		189	169							9	
		75	56							3	
		254	202							40	2
		106	108							5	
		188	171							15	
		170	172							16	
		172	170							8	
		1154	1048							96	2
		364	358							14	
		278	300							19	1
		307	248							19	1
		41	37							1	1
		66	58							1	1
		1056	1001							54	3
		227	167							6	
		269	261							19	1
		240	253							10	
		172	192	15						11	1
		261	255	2						41	4
		1169	1128	17						87	6

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
89	Dhandol	688	161	20		792	409	383	120	143
90	Sarsu	156	42			159	83	76		
91	Peroya Jagir	250	60			234	122	112	5	7
92	Sriglar	541	117			544	293	251	29	24
93	Herterian	711	173			769	384	385	46	35
		2346	553			2498	1291	1207	200	209
94	Gandari	302	71	21	34	339	174	165	15	16
95	Thaplal	303	74			382	181	201	6	8
96	Kanah	453	113			519	281	238	47	45
97	Budhorar	493	127			580	295	285	7	7
98	Dalsar	301	68			358	188	170	19	10
99	Sewati	23	7			28	17	11	13	9
100	Khein	181	26			204	104	100		
		2056	486			2410	1240	1170	107	95
101	Ramnagar (Town)	1904	497	22		2442	1285	1157	138	120
		1904	497			2442	1285	1157	138	120
102	Chani	296	65	23	36	376	179	197	34	39
103	Thalora	374	115			445	227	218	37	35
104	Satararthar	261	70			277	157	120	11	6
105	Nagrotta Tajoor	117	51			270	138	132	42	24
106	Tajoor	330	54			261	132	129	9	8
		1378	355			1629	833	796	133	112
107	Buttal	349	105	24		385	197	188	37	27
108	Seralchowa	152	42			154	71	83	16	17
109	Chani Mansar	652	157			701	382	319	48	32
110	Bhati Badi Ghar	359	85			349	174	175		
111	Kacray	150	42			110	54	56		
112	Beraltha	158	35			169	83	86	8	5
		1820	466			1868	961	907	109	81
113	Mujaltha	309	67	25		275	144	131	2	
114	Puany	235	69			281	139	142		
115	Kathel Dongu	280	67			296	164	132	25	17
116	Pelather	197	50			194	105	89	16	11
		1021	253			1046	552	494	43	28
117	Haripur	340	73	26	37	260	133	127	4	
118	Nagrota Lala	75	19			79	39	40		
119	Jasnal	312	67			282	156	126	6	8
120	Ghar Pamasta	219	44			228	118	110	3	3
121	Jagnal	110	27			118	66	52	7	6
122	Dumma	147	38			143	76	67		
		1203	268			1110	588	522	20	17
123	Pernarra	231	59	27		253	137	116	38	29
124	Shahpur	83	24			85	35	50		
125	Neali	214	59			230	125	105	6	5
126	Thial	428	111			368	191	177		
127	Blaspur	176	49			192	105	87	3	1
		1132	302			1128	593	535	47	35
128	Suail	227	62	28	38	287	151	136	26	15
129	Kail	123	24			136	76	60	5	7
130	Seal	487	114			560	291	269	66	53
		837	200			983	518	465	97	75
131	Danot	192	52	29		191	96	95		
132	Puthwar	582	116			666	350	316	137	118
133	Jakhanu	262	63			234	120	114		
		1036	231			1091	566	525	137	118
134	Palnun	313	65	30		335	172	163	23	17
135	Amora	356	75			328	170	156	26	21

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
136	Sunala	444	107			462	224	238	36	29
137	Naki	329	56			327	159	168	61	53
		1442	303			1450	725	725	146	120
138	Kothar	983	293	2	19	992	502	490	36	27
		983	293			992	502	490	36	27
TOTAL		55666	13057			60076	30908	29168	4073	3676

*Others—20M, 9F Indian Christians; 3F Jains.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.		Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.	
S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
2332	Lai	3	Lathi
2346	Palti	17	Pleai
2383	Barmalta Samna Banj	67	Beraliata Sawana Banj
2389	Udakh	73	Udhal
2393	Balita	77	Basianta
2411	Gorhi Dewan Danpatrai Jagir	36	Ghorl Jagir
2420	Leer Bahala	86	Sear Bahala
2421	Leer Mujla	87	Sear Mohana
2424	Ramin	83	Rumoian
2428	Lennti	99	Sewati
2439	Barialtha Mangote	112	Beraltha
2458	Khal Banda	129	Kail
2461	Dayot	131	Danot
2351	Pachond	5	Pehoand

(ii) The village Kothar serial No. 138 of the Village Table 1941 belongs to Poonch Jagir. The population of the village has been included with Ramnagar Tehsil, as it is situated within this Tehsil. The fact that this village belongs to the Poonch Jagir does not alter the fact that it lies within the Ramnagar Tehsil.

(iii) The charge number 19 and circle number 2 shown against Kothar serial No. 138 are the Census Division numbers allotted to this village by the District Officer for Poonch Jagir who controlled the census work in the Karloop Jagir villages. This village inclusive of other villages of Karloop Jagir is under the administration of the Poonch Jagir.

(iv) The numbering of Census Divisions in the Ramnagar Tehsil was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and circles by Tehsils. The charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 29 to 38. All are shown in the Tables but they do not run consecutively with the circles. Circle totals are given, but owing to the defect referred to, the total for charges cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated circles forming each charge.

1941 POPULATION.

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		188	209							10	
		98	115							5	
		579	605							39	
		465	463	1						58	3
		465	463	1						58	3
3		26785	25474	26	6			20	12	2583	319

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Udhampur

Tehsil Bhadrawah

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bhadrawah (Town)	2895	528	1	39	2989	1549	1440	1064	998
1a	Nagar		156			557	291	266	112	99
		2895	684			3546	1840	1708	1176	1097
2	Penda	107	24	2	40	86	33	53		
3	Kotli	133	43			150	76	74	40	38
		240	67			236	109	127	40	38
4	Chanota	156	50	3		182	96	86	58	51
5	Banjala	42	10			39	18	21		
6	Shankoja]	23	6			29	12	17		
7	Chakka	216	52			237	118	119	81	81
8	Mattiala	180	43			181	96	85	11	5
9	Noori	58	12			46	25	21		
10	Chakka Och	13	3			19	10	9		
11	Thamli	26	9			25	12	13		
12	Hanga	58	18			75	37	38		
13	Dhran	16	3			10	4	6		
14	Dhalwala	93	17			89	49	40	1	
		881	223			932	477	455	151	137
15	Udrana	895	321	4		952	484	468	230	194
16	Gotha	573	197			573	289	284	127	102
17	Sarnah	132	33			124	61	63	54	58
18	Dhar	92	20			88	45	43		
19	Madsoo	22	7			24	12	12	12	12
		1714	578			1761	891	870	423	366
20	Bhadrote	60	14	5	41	49	22	27	6	7
21	Satingle	93	39			111	57	54	42	39
22	Monda	102	18			108	49	59	23	28
33	Nalthi	204	57			248	127	121	41	35
24	Sungli	140	42			169	80	89	37	41
25	Paneja	289	77			320	177	143	94	74
26	Bhasti	69	15			55	25	30	14	11
		957	262			1060	537	523	257	235
27	Dhawanda	116	23	6		100	54	56		
28	Mauthala	100	22			116	63	53	2	3
29	Dosala	53	8			53	29	24		
30	Pawara	65	17			75	35	40	2	
31	Dendi	146	26			145	70	75		
32	Kalain	109	14			106	58	48		
33	Dalain	58	11			75	37	38		
34	Kansar	96	22			108	50	56		
35	Bharsi	67	10			76	41	35		
36	Hadal	73	14			81	38	43		
		883	167			943	475	468	4	3
37	Botla	250	59	7		306	154	152	43	44
38	Bhega	223	44			273	147	126	20	16
39	Thanala	300	52			329	180	149	180	149
40	Bamlakhi	64	15			62	28	34		
41	Katyara	281	53			280	136	144	82	88
		1118	223			1250	645	605	325	297
42	Seeri	68	16	8	42	58	29	29	5	2
43	Mehrda	40	5			25	13	12	2	1
44	Thata	32	6			27	12	15	4	7
45	Randah	46	7			49	29	20	5	5
46	Barwah	81	15			73	42	31	35	20

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
47	Kursari	324	58			328	173	155	81	72
48	Gutasa	129	25			121	61	60		
49	Durndha	95	17			96	46	50		
50	Jahnana	35	6			21	11	10		
51	Neota	323	49			233	118	115	6	5
52	Kharothi	52	10			28	13	15	4	3
53	Dranga	158	31			148	71	77	5	3
54	Chhna	61	11			54	28	26	6	7
55	Karyan	55	11			64	33	31		
		1499	267			1325	679	646	153	125
56	Gajotho	427	94	9		392	193	199	44	51
57	Panjgrain	95	22			95	52	43	13	12
58	Darbeen	109	22			94	46	48	38	35
59	Thalodi	125	22			105	50	55	23	29
60	Derka	50	16			72	37	35	5	3
61	Thalangla	21	7			14	5	9		
62	Dhala	89	18			95	46	49	22	28
63	Duga	56	10			46	21	25	21	25
64	Bhagrotta	63	12			71	32	39	10	15
65	Bhatei	78	12			58	31	27		
66	Dalka	34	6			25	16	9		
		1147	241			1067	529	538	176	198
67	Terote	60	9	10		47	25	22		
68	Khellani	211	50			245	121	124	28	27
69	Bhatoli	39	8			33	14	19		
70	Bhara	115	23			99	49	50	13	10
71	Sotha	61	19			74	36	38	10	12
72	Danda	91	22			88	44	44	16	10
73	Dharfra	200	42			202	104	98	5	5
74	Dugli	253	50			285	137	148	80	78
75	Molotho	184	28			134	66	68	22	22
76	Chelli	57	6			58	32	26		
		1271	257			1265	628	637	174	164
77	Darondi	68	17	11		57	31	26	15	13
78	Thalsara	44	12			38	25	13	9	4
79	Kotta	36	13			36	20	16	17	12
80	Kumarri	89	21			68	34	34	7	11
81	Shaugroo	161	32			158	78	80	21	18
82	Banjai	56	14			47	24	23	6	11
83	Bhasti	101	26			85	48	37	27	25
84	Jagrote	80	18			96	52	44	8	4
85	Masri	64	14			71	39	32	15	10
86	Pranu	54	16			53	35	18	32	16
87	Phangota	144	25			117	69	48		
88	Rivara	118	32			125	64	61	1	
89	Naidangri	49	24			54	31	23	10	5
90	Kotchri	78	17			69	39	30	22	17
91	Saronda	85	22			80	42	38	17	19
92	Ibrakh	64	17			72	34	38	13	25
93	Bhatri	39	4			31	18	13		
94	Tarowa	177	34			173	89	84	64	56
95	Altu	22	6			36	14	22	13	19
		1529	364			1466	786	680	297	265
96	Masrunda	35	8	12	43	40	17	23		
97	Gangatah	29	6			41	21	20	18	16
98	Rahi	74	16			80	46	34		
99	Shewa	283	61			262	125	137	76	108
100	Kehtoli	69	13			71	40	31		
101	Sdhuada	70	12			70	34	36		
102	Haleja	54	8			60	33	27	10	5
103	Hamirpuri	30	6			28	13	15	10	14
104	Mechrala Khurd	32	4			16	9	7		
105	Mechrala Kalan	25	5			15	8	7		
106	Bhadra	29	5			20	11	9		
107	Shaja	94	15			109	55	54		
108	Kukrasu	5	1			3	3			
109	Shaerna Kalan	71	15			76	39	37		
110	Shaerna Khurd	61	12			62	29	33		
111	Balasu	33	6			32	24	8		
112	Dharara	83	13			81	36	45		
		1077	206			1086	543	523	114	143

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total Literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		92	83							29	
		61	60							2	
		35	40	11	10					7	
		11	10							1	
		112	110							14	
		9	12							5	
		66	74							12	
		22	19							3	
		33	31							7	
		515	511	11	10					83	
		149	148							44	1
		39	31							7	
		8	13							11	
		27	26							7	
		32	32							1	
		5	9							2	
		24	21							11	
										5	1
		22	24							1	
		31	27							1	
		16	9							1	
		353	340							91	2
		25	22							1	
		93	97							32	
		14	19								
		36	40							2	
		26	26							4	
		28	34							2	
		99	93							5	
		57	70							6	
		44	46							20	2
		32	26							4	1
		454	473							76	3
		16	13							6	
		16	9							4	
		3	4							3	
		27	23							5	
		57	62							11	3
		18	12							3	
		21	12							6	
		44	40							9	1
		24	22							3	
		3	2								
		69	48							9	
		59	58	4	3					8	
		21	18							8	
		17	13							2	
		25	19							4	
		21	13							1	
		18	13								
		25	28							4	
		1	3								
		485	412	4	3					86	4
		17	23							3	
		3	4							3	
10		46	34							13	
		39	29							32	
		40	31							5	
		34	36							7	
		23	22							3	
		3	1							2	
		9	7								
		8	7							4	
		11	9							2	
		55	54							3	
		3									
		39	37							4	
		29	33							5	
		24	8							4	
		36	45							8	
										98	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
113	Bhalra	164	40	13		173	85	88	5	3
114	Nagni	91	11			44	23	21		
115	Misratah	61	24			108	64	44	30	23
116	Manawa	95	18			79	39	40	8	7
117	Khalu	118	22			120	62	58	19	20
118	Sharora	104	22			103	55	48	16	13
119	Dige	105	20			104	43	61	11	10
120	Pendku	61	10			44	24	20		
121	Koundra	94	27			81	37	44		
		893	194			856	432	424	89	76
122	Sengol	50	10	14		49	23	26		
123	Himote	150	31			169	88	81		
124	Chhatra	180	33			173	87	86	28	33
125	Kahri	106	19			102	50	52		
126	Cheka	175	40			183	92	91	37	36
127	Gharaha	271	30			273	140	133	29	30
128	Darsu	17	7			30	16	14		
		949	170			979	496	483	94	99
129	Tribbe	96	24	15		122	53	69	4	6
130	Lanchan	39	9			53	26	27		
131	Chenchori	161	24			146	69	77		
132	Chhani	146	32			147	67	80	19	25
133	Talga	51	10			50	22	28		
134	Pehi	69	20			80	43	37	21	15
135	Dugah	147	24			183	95	88		
136	Naslia	79	23			107	53	54	21	24
137	Balote	81	20			103	52	51	9	8
		869	186			991	480	511	74	78
138	Berru	181	91	16		237	142	95	79	60
139	Kathiara	62	13			90	46	44	7	11
140	Choudri	47	18			35	20	15		
141	Chakr Bhati	162	23			144	77	67	59	53
142	Barasu	163	42			185	89	96	38	33
143	Tandoora	30	5			25	13	12		
144	Sindra	134	24			148	81	67	3	1
145	Dandi	39	4			24	14	10	9	6
146	Tajinda	46	11			46	23	23		
147	Kungla	48	9			55	29	26	29	26
148	Chabri	8	1			8	4	4		
149	Brhampuri	26	6			27	11	16		
150	Tenisma	138	23			118	57	61		
151	Sobra	63	9			56	30	26	26	24
152	Mandelah	36	8			43	19	24	1	
153	Kandosa	111	17			92	48	44	10	5
154	Kahla	86	15			90	44	46	30	33
155	Chek Batoli	49	9			49	28	21		
		1429	328			1472	775	697	291	252
156	Sharni	61	10	17	44	51	23	28		
157	Puhali Khurd	66	10			63	27	36		
158	Puhali Kalan	106	19			108	52	56	3	
159	Balian	225	41			225	104	121	11	18
160	Gasti	167	39			196	106	90	63	58
161	Amritgarh	53	11			59	34	25	29	19
162	Sunarthawa	209	34			199	105	94	40	38
163	Bachhra	42	13			47	23	24	14	14
164	Brandla	85	18			95	53	42	32	24
165	Bajah	172	38			175	80	95	44	63
166	Sahan	73	12			83	40	43		
167	Dhallah	57	13			75	34	41	7	4
168	Deyohi	100	19			106	50	56	42	41
		1416	277			1482	731	751	285	279
169	Kawaki	59	14	18		63	32	31		
170	Malota	172	49			189	93	96	21	21
171	Pemasa	176	32			169	97	72		
172	Kewegah	41	7			38	19	17		
173	Chegsu	165	37			157	79	78	6	6
174	Gurebra	83	15			91	45	46		
175	Bhela	524	172			480	246	244	69	55

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
176	Shebuote	24	9			25	16	9		
177	Droujawin	71	16			72	36	36		
178	Drouilurawi	88	21			90	47	43		
179	Herani	47	11			42	22	20		
180	Paruote	139	37			146	74	72		
181	Hagooka	58	11			58	34	24		
182	Panthan	62	16			57	31	26		
		1709	447			1685	871	814	96	82
183	Bhalara	212	39	19		205	110	95	5	6
184	Grondra	80	16			71	33	38		
185	Jasolah	44	11			52	27	25		
186	Chagna	50	13			46	24	22		
187	Kundi	70	15			73	36	37		
188	Nai	66	15			69	40	29	20	4
189	Puneja	238	47			229	118	111		
190	Kothi Pain	46	7			54	29	25	14	10
191	Kothi Bala	45	9			50	21	29		
192	Thajka	21	10			32	16	16		
193	Shakla	23	5			23	12	11		
194	Jagota	116	28			126	70	56	2	2
195	Kdai	44	8			23	7	16		
196	Jaudani	67	11			73	39	34	20	17
197	Darori	25	6			18	11	7		
198	Dehra	94	11			47	25	22		
199	Natwas	45	6			46	21	25		
200	Aeraka	26	7			45	20	25	11	16
201	Madren	10	1			7	3	4		
202	Thrlela	177	29			184	101	83	69	46
		1499	294			1473	763	710	141	101
203	Kandote	235	51	20		228	118	110	1	
204	Indrota	147	31			166	92	74	3	2
205	Shahrote	125	37			132	74	58	1	2
206	Perikha	101	24			103	52	51		
207	Hanejo	35	9			44	22	22		
208	Kahla	77	15			67	35	32		
209	Fagsu	466	108			548	306	242	273	217
210	Jangalwar	133	47			153	75	78	45	43
211	Kathawa	102	16			99	52	47	35	33
212	Dadian	55	11			101	69	32	41	15
213	Nardua	203	42			216	114	102	53	46
214	Chira	110	24			120	66	54	46	38
215	Chulehri	20	4			22	12	10	4	3
216	Mahri	58	12			69	36	33	18	15
217	Thatri	539	125			595	325	270	202	172
		2406	556			2663	1448	1215	722	586
218	Suranga	87	20	21	45	96	49	47	10	10
219	Haja-Bhala	98	20			123	65	58	43	45
220	Jia	57	16			49	25	24	1	1
221	Ranota	112	21			116	60	56		
222	Budhi	83	17			81	52	29	28	16
223	Jorakalan	219	42			208	102	106	51	47
224	Shahindalain	48	11			48	26	22	13	9
225	Jora Khurd	179	35			192	96	96	66	62
226	Galoo	70	15			89	49	40	11	9
227	Kalaran	37	11			33	22	11	10	5
228	Sichal	235	46			242	110	132	48	63
229	Kenchu	112	21			121	65	56	65	55
230	Gugara	119	25			148	78	70	78	70
231	Bhatala	119	23			135	74	61	59	56
232	Nagni	36	9			37	16	21	16	21
233	Mulana	113	32			127	74	53	74	53
234	Kahikandal	134	24			121	64	57	47	39
235	Gaela	93	21			104	52	52	52	52
236	Tanta	327	69			401	216	185	201	174
237	Botagra	114	17			143	64	79	61	77
238	Chahha	103	20			132	74	58	74	58
		2495	515			2746	1433	1313	1068	922
239	Indlu	70	20	22		98	52	46	16	17
240	Bhotoli	85	17			100	56	44	43	33
241	Dharyotha	304	73			336	182	154	103	88

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
242	Piakal	74	19			65	30	35	13	13
243	Kathiara	116	16			77	41	36	3	1
244	Dichhal	21	11			52	25	27		
245	Kanso	113	25			132	62	70	22	15
246	Chalri	313	49			316	162	153	136	122
247	Bathri	344	62			406	216	190	207	182
248	Amritpora	62	10			64	39	25	39	25
249	Chanias	208	34			236	117	119	117	119
250	Belechinaira	209	32			193	95	98	55	60
251	Bhatras	319	62			336	166	170	98	102
252	Jabias	269	45			252	139	113	76	57
		2507	475			2663	1383	1280	928	834
253	Mans	317	55	23		366	182	184	108	115
254	Hadad	106	23			140	79	61	61	48
255	Charrupal	286	48			258	137	121	58	51
256	Chillebala	372	61			437	215	222	152	161
257	Chillepain	291	52			328	168	160	111	124
258	Muksias	151	30			238	122	116	117	107
259	Sanwara	241	38			270	136	134	101	104
260	Bhatoli	346	48			313	150	163	96	109
261	Gando	464	71			573	263	310	200	230
262	Budhli	106	19			98	55	43	35	25
263	Tendala	203	33			257	131	126	131	126
264	Taloo garh	161	27			192	100	92	100	92
		3044	505			3470	1738	1732	1270	1292
265	Shingni	184	25	24	46	200	98	102	44	42
266	Gwalo	159	30			185	95	90	24	23
267	Batara	113	19			113	62	51	9	3
268	Dharyari	339	45			382	188	194	152	154
269	Trithla	141	23			139	75	64	39	26
270	Gnwari	168	33			191	97	194	63	66
271	Kako	100	14			118	67	51	51	36
		1204	189			1328	682	646	382	350
272	Rajpura	33	5	25		62	53	9	35	8
273	Luddu	76	26			102	54	48	17	19
274	Chonri	134	17			202	95	107	45	45
275	Bhaga	37	10			51	23	28		
276	Dalaw	85	24			98	49	49	40	39
277	Anguol	69	18			90	41	49	26	32
278	Darai	142	24			129	66	63	9	4
279	Kharangal	234	45			262	134	128	53	39
280	Rola	72	7			65	34	31	5	9
281	Sunoodalari	91	17			83	46	37		
282	Ghil	23	5			33	17	16	9	5
283	Kunan	82	13			88	46	42	21	21
284	Kandlu	139	25			135	58	77	16	27
285	Bhargi	267	54			286	140	146	82	79
286	Dhedhali	359	39			347	182	165	172	157
		1843	339			2033	1038	995	530	484
287	Chawsar	58	5	26		82	39	43		
288	Mandhan	45	7			38	20	18		
289	Chochla	40	5			28	16	12		
290	Inharra	146	28			151	70	81	16	18
291	Gurekra	75	14			86	40	46	10	10
292	Paratela	156	28			170	85	85	4	3
293	Samai	93	24			133	63	70	8	11
294	Kilotrain	449	72			554	278	276	255	252
295	Changa	345	60			434	220	214	220	214
296	Kilakan	206	42			261	128	133	122	119
297	Tantali	197	35			239	117	122	66	73
298	Porapain	205	34			222	119	103	57	51
299	Gando	169	24			152	83	69	41	30
		2184	378			2550	1278	1272	780	781
300	Ganstana	76	17	27		89	43	56	16	18
301	Gangota	255	40			283	148	135	47	38
302	Kahal Jagasar	357	68			394	191	203	27	25
303	Chanti Pain	58	15			70	42	28	8	6
304	Chanti Bala	93	14			76	36	40	18	24

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
305	Batwas	80	16			86	47	39		
306	Halor	102	22			140	70	70	53	52
307	Dhesa	204	40			202	100	102	4	6
308	Bharti	244	54			298	145	153	126	128
309	Achher	138	16			140	75	65	64	55
310	Dudwar	318	60			422	224	198	209	185
		1925	362			2210	1121	1089	572	537
TOTAL		41583	8754			44518	22808	21710	10571	9821

*Others—1M Other Christian.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name	S. No.	Name.
2531	Malsri	85	Masri
2536	Tenna	150	Tennisna
2538	Sehara	151	Sobra
2540	Gorakha	127	Gharaha
2548	Jajinda	146	Tajinda
2526	Sarunda	96	Masrunda
2559	Khala Darbara	117	Khalu
2562	Kahlot	100	Kehtoli
2571	Sarirna Kalan	109	Shaerna Kalan
2573	Agarkah	200	Aeraka
2578	Dawar	197	Darori
2582	Kolahi	195	Kdai
2587	Jaba Jakah	192	Thajka
2590	Rukali Khurd	157	Pubali Khurd
2592	Kawani	169	Kawaki
2596	Kamegah	172	Kewegah
2597	Gor Bakra	174	Gurebra
2601	Darun Karani	178	Drouilurawi
2605	Hagona	181	Hagooka
2609	Renkha	206	Perikha
2616	Nandnah	213	Nardua
2618	Chuteri	246	Chalriri
2624	Banola	164	Brandla
2630	Deoki	168	Deyohi
2639	Tarli	129	Tribbe
2641	Talga	133	Talga
2644	Naska	136	Nashia
2563	Singaye	122	Sengol
2670	Bheja	38	Bhega
2676	Punoja Chamda	189	Puneja
2702	Lerrote	67	Terote
2734	Dalha	66	Dalka
2744	Bharni	308	Bharti
2746	Chaner	287	Chawsar
2752	Kittan	283	Kunan
2757	Anhi-Gangota	97	Gangatah
2765	Chanpal	255	Charripal
2791	Dhedkahi	286	Dhedhali
2795	Dlean	276	Dalaw
2811	Halaran	227	Kalaran
2817	Mulanun	233	Mulana
2818	Kahi	234	Kahikandal
2819	Gohela	235	Gaela
2821	Botogarh	237	Botagra
2822	Chaba	238	Chahha
2823	Indnu	239	Indlu
2835	Batyas	251	Bhatras
2836	Jakyas	252	Jabias

(ii) In checking these tables it was found that the village Nagar had not been included as part of Bhadrawah Town in Imperial Table V but had been included with Bhadrawah Town in the Village Tables. To reconcile the population of Bhadrawah Town as shown in the Village Tables and in Imperial Table V Nagar village has been shown separately in the Village Tables and given a sub-number.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		47	39							4	
		17	18							7	
		96	96							4	
		19	25							2	
		11	10							11	1
		15	10		3						
		549	549		3					35	1
13	2	12184	11848	38	39	1			1	2853	425

REASI DISTRICT.

Reasi District is bounded on the east by the Ramban and Udhampur Tehsils of the Udhampur District and the Chenani Jagir, on the west by the Poonch Jagir and the Mirpur District, on the north by the Kulgam Tehsil of the Kashmir Province and the Poonch Jagir and on the south by the Jammu and Akhnur Tehsils of the Jammu District and the Bhimber Tehsil of the Mirpur District. It is included with the Natural Division designated 'The Outer Hills'. It consists of only two tehsils—Reasi and Rampur Rajouri—both of which are considerably larger than any other tehsil in the Jammu Province except Kishtwar.

The area of the whole district is 1,789 sq. miles and that of the tehsils Reasi and Rampur Rajouri 983 and 806 sq. miles respectively. Reasi Tehsil lies to the east of the district and Rampur Rajouri to the west. The small locality on the borders of the Kulgam Tehsil in Kashmir named Nandimarg, is on the Kashmir side of the Pir Panjal watershed which is the natural boundary line between the Jammu and Kashmir Provinces. Nandimarg is practically cut off from the rest of the Reasi District in winter by deep snow. Although belonging to Reasi the actual Census operations in Nandimarg were under the control of the Tehsildar Kulgam. The Reasi District extends from the edge of the Jammu and Mirpur foothills, at a little over 1,000 ft. elevation to the crest of the Pir Panjal range, some of the peaks of which exceed 15,000 ft. The whole district is hilly and broken and intersected in all directions by small streams and ravines. The Chenab is the only large river; it enters Reasi Tehsil a few miles from Batote by a deep gorge and after passing through the Reasi Tehsil flows into the Akhnur Tehsil of the Jammu District. There is a very large number of small streams, usually fordable, which are converted by a few days rain into raging torrents which are impassable.

Communications are poor. Katra is connected by a good metalled road with the main Jammu-Kashmir road 29 miles from Jammu but otherwise there are only fair weather roads, most of which are little better than tracks and footpaths. Communications with Kashmir direct are by the passes over the Pir Panjal range Konsar Nag (13,250 ft.) and Gulabgarh (12,530 ft.); these routes are little used except by Bakarwals and their flocks and herds. Communications between the district and its neighbours on the south and west are by routes existing for many generations

which were perhaps good enough in olden days but are not adequate in these days of motor transport.

With such large variations in altitude as there are a big range in temperatures is inevitable and climatic conditions differ widely according to elevation and aspect. At the higher elevations on the mountain slopes and margs the climate is cold in winter and cool in summer. The lower levels of Reasi Tehsil are hot and dry. Rain-fall is high compared with the rest of the State but the water runs off quickly. The climate of Rampur Rajouri Tehsil at the higher elevations is cold in winter and pleasant in summer as in similar areas of Reasi but at the lower elevations it is hot, damp and malarial except during the short winter.

2. Population.—The population of the district at the recent Census was 257,903 against 235,245 in 1931; this represents an increase of 9.63 per cent. against 10.29 per cent. for the whole State. The figures for Reasi and Rampur Rajouri Tehsils separately were 117,059 against 106,776 and 140,844 against 128,369 respectively. The percentage increase is practically the same as for the whole district in the case of Reasi Tehsil and slightly above that figure for Rampur Rajouri. There are no obvious reasons why the increase should be less in this district than in the rest of the State except that both tehsils are malarial at their lower elevations and venereal disease is said to be widespread. Details of occupied houses and the composition of the population of each tehsil can be seen by a reference to the tables.

The main communities are in the ratio of roughly two to one in favour of the Muslims. The population of Reasi Tehsil is made up of 64,144 Muslims, 52,501 Hindus, 316 Sikhs and 98 Others. Similar figures for Rampur Rajouri are Muslims 111,395, Hindus 28,224 and Sikhs 1,225. The Muslims are in a small majority over all communities in Reasi but in Rampur Rajouri they constitute 79 per cent. of the total population. For the district as a whole Muslims number 175,539 or over 67 per cent. and Hindus 80,725 or over 31 per cent.; Sikhs total only 1,541 and Others 98.

Ethnologically, the district is Dogra Rajput; important elements amongst the Hindus are Thakkars, Brahmins and Jarals. The Gujjars of the district claim descent from Rajputs

according to the Settlement reports for both tehsils. Most of the inhabitants of the Nandimarg area are Kashmiri Muslims; there is a small Pathan colony in the north of Reasi Tehsil. Gujjars live for the most part, but not entirely, in the higher villages and valleys of the district. As elsewhere, they maintain large flocks and herds of sheep and goats and cattle but are excellent cultivators whenever they get the chance to acquire land. Other elements are Rajput Mians, Lohars, Tarkhans and Meghs in Reasi and Jats, Bhattis, Maliks, Syeds and Ghakhars in Rampur Rajouri. The last Settlement reports describe the Thakkars as the most important tribe of land proprietors in Reasi followed by Brahmins and Gujjars with Brahmins as the most important amongst the tenant classes. In Rampur Rajouri the Thakkars again have pride of place as land proprietors followed by Jarals and Brahmins; Gujjars and Brahmins are the most important tenant classes. Conditions may have changed slightly since 1908 and 1906, when the reports referred to were issued, but not sufficiently to upset a general statement of the kind here given.

The people living at the lower elevations have much in common with the inhabitants of the neighbouring Jammu District. The languages in common use are Dogri, Gojari and Pahari. District offices are at Reasi Town together with the headquarters of the tehsil of that name. The headquarters of Rampur Rajouri are at the town of the same name.

3. Migrations.—The district is not affected much by migrations. In the early summer Bakarwals move their flocks and herds to the grazing grounds of Kashmir and in the autumn return again to their own district. Some of the Bakarwals of both Reasi and Rajouri graze their herds in Poonch during the winter. Kashmiri Muslims enter Reasi in considerable numbers at the beginning of winter in search of employment as agricultural labourers and return to their homes, mostly in Kulgam, in April.

4. Agriculture.—The district is almost entirely agricultural. Maize, wheat and rice are the most important crops in both tehsils with maize easily first. Other crops of less importance in Reasi are dhals, goji, barley and pulses. In Rampur Rajouri sarshaf, barley, cotton and pulses are crops of secondary importance. Ginger, turmeric, tobacco and sugar cane are grown in Reasi to a small extent. Maize is the most important staple throughout the district; it seems that wheat, although the second crop in area, is apparently not of very good quality.

In the selection of crops to be grown the zamindar gives preference to maize or rice; a prime factor in the case of the latter being the existence or otherwise of facilities for irrigation. Production of food grains is sufficient for local requirements in both tehsils and in a normal year grain is exported. Crops mostly depend on rainfall; only about 15 per cent. of the cultivated area is irrigated. Rajouri is better off in this respect than Reasi. In spite of rainfall being heavy, as compared with the rest of the State, the Settlement reports indicate that insufficient or untimely rainfall is the usual cause of unsatisfactory harvests.

The exact area under gardens and orchards is not known but it is negligible. Walnuts, apples and peaches are grown in the northern parts of the district in areas adjacent to Kashmir and mangoes and pomegranates in the lower and warmer localities. Potatoes are grown and sold but the production of other kinds of vegetables, whilst general, is on a small scale and some are imported for the more populous centres from Mirpur District in the case of Rajouri and from Jammu by Reasi. Ghee is produced in good quantities particularly by the Gujjar and Bakarwal elements of the population. Rampur, Budhal Thanna in the Rajouri Tehsil are centres for the disposal of ghee, walnuts and anardhana (pomegranate seeds), but can not be termed markets in the proper sense of the word.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no industries in the area worth the name and no outlet for labour. The ancient cottage industry of spinning and weaving cotton and wool on hand looms to meet local requirements continues but is said to be on a smaller scale than formerly. The manufacture of wooden combs and shoe-making are small cottage industries in Rajouri. Valuable mineral deposits are said to exist in the Reasi Tehsil but it has not yet been proved if they can be exploited profitably on a large commercial scale. This question is receiving the attention of His Highness' Government. The greatest need for the whole district is improved roads and communications. Until these be provided no real development is possible. There is no employment of any importance for labour except on agriculture. Neither the Public Works Department nor the Forest Department appear to be active employers of labour in this district. If better communications were provided perhaps the forests could be profitably worked for minor forest products.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—From a statement of prices obtaining for the

chief food grains in each tehsil received from the District officer it would seem that these are well above the rates assumed for purposes of assessment. It is reported that no large fluctuations in prices have occurred in the past few years. In the absence of good communications there are no markets or centres for the free sale of grain surplus to local requirements. The price levels to which reference has been made are probably the bazaar sale prices and not those the zamindar gets from the sa hukar. In existing circumstances, it is inevitable that the trade of the district should be in the firm grip of the sa hukar and it is doubtful if the zamindar actually receives a price much in excess of assessment rates whatever may be the prices in the bazaars or quoted by sa hukars. The absence of roads makes the producer the victim of fluctuating and high rates for transport. The sa hukar and markbhan will always reap most of the benefit from any rise in prices, not the zamindar, until communications are vastly improved.

There are no reliable figures regarding individual incomes. The opinion of local officers is to the effect that the average income per head per month is about Rs. 3 and expenditure a bit higher. This does not suggest any possibility of much progress in the matter of debt reduction. The District Officer has expressed the opinion that the standard of living is stationary as there are no signs of improvement or deterioration. This suggests the absence of any signs of activity or energy. At the time of the last Settlement the average debt per head of the population in Rampur Rajouri was put at Rs. 17 in the case of the land proprietor classes and at Rs. 8 per head for the tenant classes. The Settlement Officer was of opinion that the debts were mainly due to extravagant expenditure on ceremonies connected with marriages and funerals and that once caught the victim seldom escaped owing to the high rates of compound interest charged by the sa hukars. The same Settlement Officer in discussing the debt position in Reasi gave the figures in a different way. He assessed the debt per cultivated acre at Rs. 14-13-0 plus 49 seers of grain. The Settlement Commissioner discussing these figures remarked "unsecured debt is very high, amounting to about Rs. 15 per acre cultivated; the corresponding figure in Rajouri was Rs. 6-8-0 only." The figures for Reasi indicate more than twice the debt per head in Rajouri and, as the average debt per head for proprietor classes in Rajouri was Rs. 17 and for tenant classes Rs. 8, the equivalent in Reasi works out at roughly Rs. 40 per head for the proprietor classes and Rs. 19 per head for the

tenant classes. All these figures are necessarily approximate; there is no proof that debts have not been substantially reduced since the Settlement operations in this district; equally there is no proof that they have been; the probabilities are that the position is much the same.

Considerable numbers of the Rajput elements join the State army and by this means relieve the straitened circumstances existing in the majority of homes.

7. Education.—In the whole of this district of 1,789 square miles there is no High School. In Reasi Tehsil there are four Middle Schools for boys and one for girls and twenty-five Primary Schools for boys and four for girls. Rampur Rajouri has four Middle Schools for boys and thirty-two Primary Schools for boys. The provision must be described as inadequate. The fact that most of the district is cut off from Jammu is probably the main cause for the paucity of educational facilities whereas the poor means of communication within the district itself demand a larger number of schools than would otherwise be required. His Highness' Government in the last few years have given particular attention to the problem of providing an increasing number of schools, particularly Primary Schools. It seems necessary that the provision of two High Schools, one at Reasi and one at Rampur, should receive early consideration. As suggested in other district notes, if fully equipped High Schools cannot be provided at present the question of converting two Middle Schools, one in each tehsil, into combined Middle-High Schools might be considered. This is the only district in the Province where there is no High School at all.

The inadequate provision of schools is reflected in the number of literates. In Reasi Tehsil, out of a population of 117,059, only 5,409 are literate, this gives a percentage of 4.6. The figures for Rampur Rajouri are 5,429 literates out of a population of 140,844 or 3.8 per cent. For the whole district the percentage is 4.2.

8. Health and Water Supply.—General conditions of health are reported to be good on the whole but it is doubtful if this description is justified. At the higher elevations the climate is healthy but all the areas at low altitudes are malarial. A report received about conditions in Reasi Town Area stated that in 1940 over 90 per cent. of the population had suffered from malaria and out of 75 children examined 58 were found to be suffering from enlarged spleens. Venereal disease is said to be wide spread.

Other main causes of sickness and death would appear to be dysentery, typhoid and pneumonia. Guinea-worm is prevalent in those areas where tanks form the main source of drinking water supplies. A certain number of deaths are caused by snake bites.

Medical facilities are not adequate. There are government dispensaries at Reasi and Katra in the Reasi Tehsil and at Rampur and Budhal in Rampur Rajouri Tehsil; at Thanna there is a subsidised dispensary. In addition, indigenous methods of treatment, both ayurvedic and unani, are available in most areas. The problem of covering such a large area with an adequate number of dispensaries must be recognised; the difficulty is aggravated by the absence of good roads. The most practical remedy, until more permanent arrangements can be made, would appear to be the provision of itinerant dispensaries based on Reasi, Katra and Rampur.

Drinking water supplies are reported to be adequate in most areas; naturally they are so in the higher altitudes where many small mountain streams are fed by the melting snows and considerable rainfall. But in the Kandi illaqa supplies are scarce and inferior in quality; those areas dependent on tanks have to use water infected with Guinea-worm. In the Thandapani locality of Rampur Rajouri Tehsil drinking water is scarce in the summer. The Census Charge areas Gul, Bhamag and Katra in Reasi experience difficulty with regard to good and adequate water supplies according to reports received from those responsible for Census operations in these areas.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) Fairs are not held for the purpose of sale and interchange of agricultural produce; they all have some religious significance.

- (i) Baisakhi fair at Pauni is usually attended by some 3,000 people (Reasi).
- (ii) The fair at Dera Baba Banda Sahib held

on Chet Chaudashi is of local importance and is attended by people from the Punjab too (Reasi).

(iii) The fair held in the vicinity of Katra in Reasi in connection with the pilgrimage to Shri Vishnu Devi Ji Shrine in a cave under the Trikta Peaks is by far the most important in the district. His Highness' Government make special arrangements for the crowds who undertake the pilgrimage which continues from Assuj to Poh each year. It is attended by many thousands. It brings wealth to the district and many of those catering for the pilgrims make good profits.

(iv) The only fair of importance in the Rampur Rajouri Tehsil is Khanqah Pir Ghulam Shah Sahib's fair held in the village Shahdra.

(b) (i) Reasi Tehsil is the birthplace of His late Highness Maharaja Sir Pratap Singhji.

(ii) Hot springs at Dalwah in Reasi have some local reputation for their curative qualities.

(iii) Vishnu Devi Ji's Shrine is treated with reverence by all Hindus.

(iv) Rampur Rajouri Tehsil has a number of serais, now in ruins, connected with the old Moghal route to Kashmir.

(v) Budhal in Rampur Rajouri is reputed to be a health resort.

(vi) Tattapani in the neighbourhood of village Marhot is known for the curative qualities of its hot springs.

The waters at Dalwah in Reasi and at Tattapani in Rampur Rajouri might well repay attention and development.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT REASI, TEHSIL REASI

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Reasi.

Tehsil Reasi.

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Majarakund	306	39	1	1	299	159	140	159	140
2	Kundar Dahan	1007	159			1161	602	559	596	554
3	Nand Kot	212	28			183	89	94	65	69
4	Sarsot	364	49			383	198	185	133	131
5	Mamankot	359	63			445	230	215	206	192
6	Jandial Kot	164	30			189	103	86	86	75
7	Sher Garhi	137	25			181	92	89	79	70
8	Sanli Kot	93	13			95	55	40	55	40
9	Thal Kote	218	39			245	130	115	103	97
10	Mali Kote	703	109			782	404	378	238	206
11	Hamoo Shan	128	21			146	80	66	80	66
12	Chanah	582	104			573	291	282	103	92
		4273	679			4682	2433	2249	1903	1732
13	Haana	1102	148	2	4	908	507	401	338	268
14	Nahoosi	235	35			267	144	123	141	117
15	Hasoot	653	108			693	360	333	322	299
16	Banna	699	120			663	367	296	294	223
17	Tuli	1638	275			1689	865	824	640	611
		4327	686			4220	2243	1977	1735	1518
18	Kanthi	795	146	3		961	501	460	248	241
19	Bharnili	114	36			257	160	97	140	77
20	Thalo	332	75			506	276	230	174	133
21	Dabri	206	38			301	163	138	155	127
22	Shakari	840	143			836	439	397	351	320
		2287	438			2861	1539	1322	1068	898
23	Bagan Kote	205	49	4	1	264	134	130	42	39
24	Danda Kote	127	19			132	75	57	3	1
25	Hapoot	1780	361			2092	1060	1032	722	706
26	Ladar	407	127			748	391	357	375	345
27	Badar	455	43			293	140	153	140	153
28	Supras	238	38			319	157	162	157	162
29	Urbis	221	41			305	150	155	150	155
		3433	678			4153	2107	2046	1589	1561
30	Nahoch	547	103	5		634	325	309	325	309
31	Dewal	1574	335			2037	1046	391	1029	978
32	Gulab Garh	595	51			327	176	151	174	151
33	Bharnial	705	119			807	411	396	411	396
34	Lar	288	60			359	190	169	190	169
35	Khoor	403	76			427	220	207	214	207
		4112	744			4591	2368	2223	2343	2210
36	Shadool	360	65	6	2	447	240	207	240	207
37	Taksan	241	42			260	135	125	133	125
38	Saharh	1236	247			1509	819	690	734	600
39	Bathoi	1309	235			1507	765	742	724	697
40	Mahoor	1462	233			1537	823	714	764	673
		4608	822			5260	2782	2478	2595	2302
41	Shajroo	1080	185	7		1162	611	551	499	466
42	Malas	659	117			794	438	356	415	337
43	Jamslan	592	114			753	393	360	353	324
44	Saldhar	740	126			778	437	341	435	341
45	Chaklas	625	110			725	383	342	379	341
46	Budhan	1783	312			1988	1075	913	1048	887
		5479	964			6200	3337	2863	3129	2828

Serial No.	Names of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
47	Dedha	627	128	8	3	720	382	338	352	310
48	And	253	58			272	163	109	111	77
49	Waindang	392	79			431	233	198	212	188
50	Daram	559	112			671	347	324	320	297
51	Gul	1813	372			2111	1117	994	1113	989
52	Kalimasta	444	58			385	217	168	181	136
53	Gondi	475	96			605	295	310	267	285
54	Bahamdasa	147	32			187	100	87	64	53
		4710	935			5382	2854	2528	2620	2335
55	Sonmbar-Barhog	1062	223	9		1489	820	669	606	509
56	Bhajmata	149	27			168	84	84	38	33
57	Famrate	231	43			198	109	89	69	57
58	Asmar	95	24			103	56	47	34	34
59	Molekot	227	45			233	123	110	72	71
60	Bandan	121	23			119	67	52	48	33
61	Sangaldan	146	26			126	72	54	41	32
62	Dalwah	1057	206			1205	644	561	523	456
63	Mahan Kand	608	114			850	448	402	448	402
64	Thatharka	855	135			937	461	476	458	475
65	Chhachhwah	758	131			804	410	394	245	224
66	Seripura	254	45			254	132	122	112	99
		5643	1042			6486	3426	3060	2694	2425
67	Sadalkot	188	34	10	2	228	138	90	58	26
68	Sart'ala	164	29			199	104	95	81	71
69	Khani Kot	296	41			301	154	147	49	53
70	Dhanoi	668	132			726	391	335	223	168
71	Dogah	175	39			177	98	79	43	31
72	Dansal	404	84			501	265	236	178	157
73	Dharote	103	9			61	33	28	24	21
74	Jadha	522	102			555	297	258	218	190
		2520	470			2741	1480	1261	874	717
75	Kanthan	726	143	11		680	389	291	94	52
76	Arnas	147	64			205	129	76	37	25
77	Handar	510	107			589	314	275	77	62
78	Chala	434	85			606	309	297	249	242
79	Tha oo	1901	361			2222	1188	1034	914	813
80	Matloot	296	52			284	155	129	67	54
		4074	812			4586	2484	2102	1438	1248
81	Ghabar	113	26	12	4	154	82	72	39	35
82	Garhi	390	103			557	298	259	140	121
83	Palasah	46	6			17	11	6	4	1
84	Chankah	166	47			186	93	93	26	19
85	Kakrahah	83	18			120	62	58	45	43
86	Baldhanoon	167	46			185	106	79	46	25
87	Thanjal	98	24			103	58	45	9	3
88	Sai Lanjan	160	42			168	97	71	19	8
89	Dharan	275	75			293	165	128	42	26
90	Namal	157	31			184	86	98	15	21
		1655	418			1967	1058	909	385	302
91	Gij	740	148	13		918	465	453	307	300
92	Chakal Saltha	113	21			122	63	59	25	21
93	Thobe	290	66			296	156	140	48	41
94	Thanole	250	54			320	158	162	85	89
95	Patian	98	16			86	52	34	23	18
96	Ladha	130	29			139	83	56	36	21
97	Chakal Hoorlan	196	37			229	115	114	79	71
98	Narhkot	242	47			275	141	134	65	66
99	Prankot	86	19			117	69	48	58	37
100	Dhaki Kot	209	52			250	143	107	72	46
		2354	489			2752	1445	1307	798	710
101	Gondali	99	31	14		179	93	86	42	47
102	Kanotah	83	20			67	35	32	9	8
103	Bayoota	87	23			89	45	54	31	35
104	Dhalyoot	122	28			162	88	74	56	45
105	Bandhar	125	23			148	76	72	43	45
106	Thakarakot	94	21			98	48	50	15	10

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
107	Mataa	134	32			126	71	55		
108	Berigalah	52	13			51	32	19	12	6
109	Samaharh	79	18			92	41	51	22	25
110	Ghoorah	59	19			74	40	34	10	9
111	Chhandi	136	31			172	95	77	48	34
112	Toorchah	38	9			60	25	35	25	34
113	Nahalal	490	106			526	279	247	111	90
		1598	374			1854	968	886	424	368
114	Sangar	459	103	15	5	504	250	254	106	78
115	Kotla	474	110			448	210	238	38	44
116	Sujanpur	172	32			162	79	83	19	16
117	Thiroo	162	35			147	74	73	10	22
118	Ransoo	85	17			67	30	37	13	26
119	Snarhian	168	23			116	70	46	29	12
120	Kalah	109	27			99	44	55		
121	Dhalyoot	139	29			124	67	57	7	7
122	Dekyarhi	86	18			94	48	46	16	22
123	Alyah	180	34			138	68	60	10	9
124	Kalakot	67	24			123	69	54	38	29
125	Poorah Jagir	40	13			40	19	21		
		2141	465			2062	1028	1034	286	265
126	Sadhan	147	35	16		144	69	75		
127	Kathian	338	60			298	152	146	38	27
128	Khera Lehar	224	56			215	116	99	14	25
129	Boyoolian	387	82			441	235	206	150	125
130	Gajoor	336	74			359	208	151	91	54
131	Bharka	841	177			816	439	377	271	234
		2273	493			2273	1219	1054	564	465
132	Garan Jagir	69	23	17		128	65	63	23	20
133	Doodooaa	202	56			274	141	133	37	37
134	Thid	50	10			42	24	18		
135	Litar	425	106			485	240	245	14	12
136	Taryool	56	17			68	33	35	2	2
137	Mangahi Jagir	84	23			79	31	48		
138	Bhagati Jagir	63	15			72	36	36		
139	Bhagate Khalisa	87	22			76	40	36	4	4
140	Bhanmala	186	45			170	79	91		4
141	Kharoti Jagir	33	12			59	29	30		
142	Kote Jagir	67	15			61	29	32		
143	Sadhote	95	22			67	34	33		
144	Sadheri Jagir	68	15			51	26	25		
145	Gudar Khalsa	90	20			121	65	56	23	18
146	Gahi Khalsa	53	13			72	37	35		
147	Gudar Jagir	23	5			36	20	16		
148	Abala Jagir	48	15			61	27	34		
149	Dab Jagir	82	19			86	40	46		
150	Dab Khalsa	186	46			184	93	91		
		1967	499			2192	1089	1103	103	97
151	Marhi	429	75	18		381	190	191	58	59
152	Kalhar	152	41			188	97	91	81	75
153	Pooriya	123	26			123	62	61	43	38
154	Kanba	145	27			109	51	58	1	1
155	Sungal	227	52			219	115	104		1
156	Lehrh	194	51			228	122	106	59	57
157	Kharah	45	15			45	24	21		
158	Kund Kanahrhi	97	27			117	55	62	8	11
159	Khanyarhi	97	17			92	49	43	2	6
160	Jarhari	102	23			90	46	44	9	7
161	Salone	242	71			269	138	131	13	10
162	Dhanwan	93	28			100	54	46	21	11
163	Daroon	93	16			99	54	45	47	42
164	Pauni	876	190			819	413	406	178	171
		2915	659			2879	1470	1409	530	489
165	Nagar	182	56	19		227	120	107	24	20
166	Kolsar	180	39			194	108	86	31	18
167	Gan	216	42			204	106	98	5	
168	Jadh	208	33			179	99	80	99	80
169	Shah Pur	5	4			57	27	30	24	30

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
170	Talwarah	239	58			325	171	154	102	93
171	Kanskhasan	88	11			106	62	44	62	44
172	Patah	94	26			113	62	51	50	43
173	Chhitar	12	3			11	6	5		
174	Kharal	180	43			198	108	90	71	58
175	Gangas	79	18			89	35	54	9	11
176	Kans Brahmana	35	12			51	28	23	22	18
177	Malel	9	4			13	7	6		
178	Jirhi	122	23			96	60	36	16	8
179	Garan Khalsa	38	8			22	14	8	7	5
180	Hambrhi	50	13			61	35	26	10	5
181	Pandhal	71	20			77	43	34	28	21
		1808	413			2023	1091	932	560	454
182	Reasi (Town)	2106	565	20	8	2822	1584	1238	653	444
		2106	565			2822	1584	1238	653	444
183	Bhabar Rasyalan	72	22	21	7	159	85	74	71	59
184	Dosanoon	131	32			120	73	47	22	12
185	Panasa	88	19			54	30	24	6	2
186	Sokitar	209	61			231	124	107	36	34
187	Kundrah	465	112			533	268	265	84	72
188	Bhabar Brahmana	174	41			152	80	72	37	41
189	Mansooh	252	60			251	136	115	115	97
190	Dera Baba Bandha	187	47			179	99	80	15	8
191	Tanda	180	50			198	106	92	34	39
		1758	444			1877	1001	876	420	364
192	Bhaga	546	145	22		619	323	296	76	85
193	Ainji	162	20			115	69	46	50	34
194	Karin	109	27			139	84	55	35	14
195	Kotli Manotrian	672	170			729	400	329	38	24
196	Cham Yara	131	31			135	66	69	8	6
197	Kaharwah	250	62			250	132	118		
		1870	455			1987	1074	913	207	163
198	Sila	371	103	23		328	187	139	89	62
199	Nambal	69	10			26	17	9	6	3
200	Budh	376	77			425	227	198	142	123
201	Dogalah Kalan	18	6			17	11	6	4	4
202	Dogalah Khurd	24	7			37	21	16	21	16
203	Biji Pur	220	60			237	132	105	28	21
204	Aghar Balian	359	84			370	190	180	36	27
205	Marhi	768	196			877	464	413	143	123
206	Tranth	110	31			126	68	58	37	26
207	Gran Baryotran	480	116			599	315	284	134	126
208	Ghialah	64	18			84	49	35	41	31
		2859	708			3124	1681	1443	681	562
209	Samad Khad	13	4	24		12	8	4		
210	Balda	49	11			60	35	25	7	8
211	Ser Sandowan	170	26			170	89	81	17	12
212	Ser Meghan	92	16			88	49	39	2	
213	Bakal	175	32			185	92	73	33	30
214	Sarangdhar	58	8			46	25	21	4	2
215	Kansar	51	6			49	31	18	22	9
216	Salal	858	193			914	476	438	65	54
		1466	296			1504	805	699	150	115
217	Harot Kot	282	65	25	6	317	186	131	98	72
218	Chaura Kot	81	19			93	51	42	20	21
219	Atrana Kot	35	9			32	17	15	1	2
220	Kheri Kot	8	4			14	7	7		
221	Syal Sagarh	5	2			12	7	5	7	5
222	Sujandhar	159	35			165	82	83	9	18
223	Kotli	29	6			34	24	10	4	1
224	Sanmukh	88	21			83	47	36	3	3
225	Gharhoonkote	39	12			65	33	32	5	9
226	Kothroo	76	21			93	48	45	2	3
227	Lamsora	297	56			307	181	126	59	46
		1099	250			1215	683	532	223	122

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		69	61							18	4
		12	8							13	6
		6	5							3	1
		37	32							2	
		26	43							22	2
		5	5							3	
		7	6								
		44	28							5	
		7	3								
		25	21							3	
		15	13							2	
		530	478	1						183	24
		914	786	17	8					738	394
		914	788	17	8					738	394
		14	15							2	
		51	35							3	
		24	22							1	
		88	73							24	
		184	193							28	1
		42	31	1						11	
		21	18							14	
		59	52	25	20					30	9
		70	53	2						3	
		553	492	28	20					116	10
		245	207					2	4	25	
		19	12							1	
		49	41							7	
		362	305							30	
		58	63							4	
		132	118							1	
		865	746					2	4	68	
		98	77							10	1
		11	6								
		85	75							11	
		7	2							3	
		104	84							6	
		154	153							19	7
		321	290							33	4
		31	32							51	4
		181	158							11	1
		8	4							34	1
		1000	881							3	
		8	4							1	
		28	17								
		72	59						10	4	
		47	39								
		59	43							5	
		21	19							2	
		9	9								
		409	377					2	7	49	
		653	567					2	17	61	
		81	59								
		25	21					7		5	1
		16	13					6		1	
		7	7							1	
		64	65							3	
		20	9					9			
		44	33							1	
		28	23								
		41	37								
		113	73					5	5	2	
		40	34					9	7	8	
		40	34					38	12	22	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
228	Charala Kot	226	46	26		250	128	122	72	71
229	Danga Kot	223	45			201	105	96	37	31
230	Phagoorhi	45	8			46	23	23		
231	Sarot Kot	246	47			228	122	104	9	8
232	Ratnot	98	19			105	59	46	11	14
233	Sahri	244	40			237	128	109	15	12
234	Dhrangali	36	3			26	15	11	15	11
235	Toot	162	36			189	94	95	27	23
236	Ghanta	224	57			275	136	139	43	45
237	Thalwal	130	32			175	88	87	7	1
		1634	333			1730	898	832	236	216
238	Parand	125	21	27		109	56	53	34	30
239	Damnot	402	86			405	222	183	47	52
240	Thath Kot	16	6			33	18	15	14	12
241	Rahad Noot	244	46			227	118	109	32	25
242	Lali	203	53			274	111	113	5	10
243	Nali Nikka	81	28			101	54	47	24	22
244	Dobigali	114	30			120	58	62	14	16
245	Mongri	189	45			208	102	106	6	4
246	Basnoot	285	70			342	182	160	40	37
247	Dabka-Bug	50	14			58	33	23	12	12
248	Kalsot	454	101			481	252	229	8	10
249	Dhingi Dhar	101	27			125	67	58	5	10
		2264	527			2431	1273	1158	241	240
250	Panjar	659	129	28		600	323	277	2	1
251	Mall	272	64			293	148	145	3	3
252	Mami	295	63			312	177	135	44	36
253	Ladh	1200	240			1227	632	595	55	53
254	Kothri	237	41			217	119	98	18	19
		2663	537			2649	1399	1250	122	112
255	Barola	847	227	29	10	914	507	407	61	49
256	Hartaryan	1448	336			1596	837	759	191	180
		2305	563			2510	1344	1166	252	229
257	Tikri	909	215	30		771	380	391	35	37
258	Mand	1197	308			1251	615	636	118	120
259	Sin Thakran	538	148			710	442	268	124	34
		2644	671			2732	1437	1295	277	191
260	Daroon	431	186	31		762	388	374	35	29
261	Samool	233	44			225	115	110	45	51
262	Mottal	375	89			407	223	184	60	51
263	Kotli Jijan	329	96			349	189	160	36	30
264	Pata	282	70			270	134	136	1	1
265	Sin Brahmana	393	106			440	225	215	14	10
266	Samundarani	403	101			442	232	210	44	30
		2446	692			2895	1506	1389	235	202
267	Nalhali	181	38	32		175	95	80	1	
268	Serli	81	18			93	50	43	1	
269	Barhooh	136	37			136	72	64		
270	Manoon	174	42			178	85	103	5	2
271	Chak Bhagta	66	18			72	44	28		
272	Tilen	14	4			35	15	23	13	18
273	Jhandwa	170	52			198	116	82	41	29
274	Bhagta	415	92			394	185	209	35	38
275	Dadorah	316	80			356	194	162	66	51
276	Kun Kanyalan	614	156			671	347	324	85	76
		2167	537			2318	1203	1115	247	214
277	Kakarmal	158	46	33	11	169	108	61	11	6
278	Kandyar	397	85			354	190	164	25	19
279	Dharoorh	317	74			348	179	169	61	57
280	Sohli	252	65			291	148	143		
281	Sarha Kotla	274	66			260	137	123	17	11
282	Tareen Meyarhi	227	48			274	124	100	26	26
283	Pamot	297	60			275	123	122	24	27
284	Dhanoorhi	237	81			319	161	158	6	4
		2159	525			2210	1170	1040	170	150

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		56	51							4	
		68	65							3	
		23	23							2	
		113	96							7	
		48	32							1	
		113	97							1	
		67	72							5	
		93	94							2	
		81	86								
		662	616							25	
		22	23							2	
		175	131								
		4	3								
		86	84							1	
		106	103								
		30	25							6	3
		44	46							3	
		95	102	1						11	
		142	123							18	2
		21	11								
		244	219							1	
		62	48								
		1031	918	1						42	5
		321	276								
		145	142							3	
		133	99							1	1
		577	542							4	
		101	79							2	
		1277	1138							10	1
		446	358							92	8
		646	579							83	2
		1092	937							175	10
		345	354							45	4
		497	516							94	20
		318	234							12	
		1160	1104							151	24
		353	345							94	26
		70	59							2	
		163	133							2	2
		153	130							4	
		133	135							9	
		211	205							23	
		188	180							4	
		1271	1187							138	28
		94	80							19	
		49	43							4	1
		72	64							8	1
		80	101							10	2
		44	28							2	
		2	2								
		75	53							18	7
		148	171					2		58	12
		128	111							67	13
		262	248							139	67
		954	901					2		325	97
		97	55							6	
		165	145							11	1
		118	112							15	
		148	143							6	
		120	112							9	2
		98	74							36	1
		99	95							23	1
		155	154							8	
		1000	890							114	5

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total				
						Persons	Males	Females	Muslim (others)	
									Males	Females
285	Katra (Town)	950	205	34	9	1005	539	466	62	52
		950	205			1005	539	466	62	52
286	Katra		49	35	11	245	125	120	10	11
287	Purana Droorh	236	49			214	116	98	2	5
288	Latoori	84	18			73	38	35	17	13
289	Dharti	297	49			231	117	114	4	3
290	Arli Nihali	591	144			684	372	312	23	25
291	Kan Daroorian	381	109			468	246	222	57	47
292	Kotli Bajialan	398	95			463	255	208	35	37
293	Dhar Vishnu Devi	8	3			7	7			
		1995	516			2385	1276	1109	148	141
294	Saroon	97	21	36		98	49	49		
295	Akhli	144	28			131	65	66		
296	Batan	192	51			212	112	100	35	32
297	Pangath	42	5			23	16	7		
298	Aghar Jato	266	74			292	140	152	2	4
299	Bhangal	205	59			255	131	124	9	3
300	Garan	179	41			169	91	78		
301	Pharthal	505	95			536	281	255	61	36
302	Hut	37	10			43	24	19	5	6
		1667	384			1759	909	850	112	81
303	Jhakar	202	48	37		204	116	88	62	46
304	Lahoo	42	11			50	29	21	3	2
305	Dhang	158	34			165	93	72	7	6
306	Gordah	462	113			531	281	250	107	103
307	Rawtah	298	60			363	195	168	20	14
308	Bagani	341	69			357	190	167	161	143
309	Sarna	240	49			264	130	134	29	24
310	Chhianoon	305	72			309	172	137	37	30
311	Kanjli	411	97			391	210	181	46	45
		2459	553			2634	1416	1218	472	413
312	Sarot	1078	223	38		1083	555	528	426	424
313	Padmi	111	22			135	66	69	61	65
314	Galali	160	36			165	93	72	39	24
315	Aurhak	169	33			182	105	77	85	58
316	Bandwal	216	40			217	122	95	108	85
317	Dhanoon	768	100			527	278	249	243	215
318	Keri	720	155			738	399	339	229	219
319	Mathwoor	592	133			612	325	287	2	3
		3814	742			3659	1943	1716	1193	1093
320	Nandi Marg	1557	255	39	12	1576	773	803	773	802
321	Gojripura	219	39			229	110	119	110	119
322	Marg Bal	100	14			102	54	48	54	48
323	Yari Khah	1054	177			1039	527	512	527	512
224	Halan	234	32			251	138	113	138	113
225	Rewton	79	11			79	42	37	42	37
326	Tang Marg	1131	140			1173	652	521	648	521
		4374	668			4449	2296	2153	2292	2152
TOTAL		106876	22251			117059	61858	55201	34016	30126

*Others—54M and 42F Indian Christians, 2M Others.

(i) Katra appears at two places in the Village Tables 1941 against serial number 285 and 286. The former represents the Town Area whereas the latter covers the village rural area. This village has been wrongly split in two by the local Census Officers contrary to the instructions issued in this connection.

(ii) The numbering of Census Divisions in Reasi District was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the circles in the Village Tables for each Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this District run from 1 to 23. All are shown but they do not run consecutively with the circles. Circle totals are given but owing the defect referred to the total for charges cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated circles forming each Charge.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		445	394	21	15			11	15	279	109
		445	394	21	15			11	15	279	109
		115	109							6	
		114	93							21	
		21	22							4	
		113	111							17	
		349	287							61	6
		189	175							23	
		220	171							17	
		7								5	
		1128	968							154	6
		49	49								
		65	66							3	
		77	68							1	
		16	7								
		138	148							10	
		122	121							14	
		91	78							6	
		220	219							22	
		19	13							2	
		797	769							58	
		53	42	1						3	
		26	19								
		86	66							1	
		174	147							4	
1		174	154							35	1
		29	24							5	
		101	110							8	3
		135	107							10	
		164	136							4	
1		842	805	1						70	4
		129	104							42	2
		5	4							1	
		54	48							3	
		20	19							2	
		14	10							3	
		35	34							3	
		155	111	15	9					7	
		323	284							2	
		735	614	15	9					63	2
			1							25	
										4	
										4	
										20	
										7	
		4								5	1
		4	1							26	
										91	1
2		27611	24890	173	143			56	40	4534	875

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Reasi**Tehsil Ranpur Rajouri**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Dareri	574	122	1	13	667	323	344	323	344
2	Dabrot	338	73			360	180	180	180	180
3	Dehri	1301	253			1536	801	735	801	735
4	Patrara	266	67			287	155	132	122	97
5	Dahri Dahra	373	71			364	188	176	182	172
6	Mangalnar	706	144			840	443	397	443	397
7	Sarola	488	98			512	264	248	256	239
8	Rajdhani	1264	247			1314	647	667	647	667
		5310	1075			5880	3001	2879	2954	2831
9	Neli	548	99	2		558	291	267	291	267
10	Munja Kot	224	54			310	147	163	147	163
11	Hiyat Pura	479	99			536	276	260	275	256
12	Kalal	298	71			366	198	168	198	168
13	Jamula	121	34			154	80	74	79	69
14	Galhoti	1048	203			1240	645	595	633	588
15	Kotli Kalaban	724	120			849	441	408	441	408
16	Ghambur	1223	230			1579	794	787	790	787
		4665	910			5594	2872	2722	2854	2708
17	Bharot	728	139	3		630	325	305	325	305
18	Kot	733	159			707	388	319	388	319
19	Bidha Kun	609	133			582	312	270	312	270
20	Bhattian	728	205			668	353	315	351	310
21	Jasot	311	38			134	72	62	72	62
22	Narojal	261	68			282	150	132	122	115
23	Saj	1207	284			1262	663	599	663	599
24	Maharaj Pur	20	3			21	14	7	14	7
25	Palangar	545	108			524	262	262	262	262
		5142	1137			4810	2539	2271	2509	2249
26	Laha	820	135	4		853	435	418	435	418
27	Khablan	582	89			651	338	313	338	313
28	Rajdhani	584	137			720	379	341	379	341
29	Majhur	277	52			289	135	136	135	136
30	Shahdra	700	142			773	421	352	413	341
31	Panghai	714	119			781	411	370	405	365
32	Hasanplot	998	190			1152	623	529	619	528
		4675	864			5219	2760	2459	2742	2442
33	Manialan	437	91	5		513	251	262	251	262
34	Kals	55	13			43	23	20	23	20
35	Karyot	134	28			147	72	75	72	75
36	Ajmatabad	321	67			335	150	185	150	185
37	Alal	450	76			405	212	193	212	193
38	Dhuk	326	51			316	162	154	162	154
39	Dara	330	74			401	211	190	211	190
40	Barhon	188	31			193	106	87	106	87
41	Neli	54	10			48	23	25	23	25
42	Kondyalkot	129	24			119	60	59	60	59
43	Jtheli	86	17			63	35	28	20	28
44	Thanna	807	335			858	445	413	337	305
45	Dana	56	13			77	46	31	46	31
46	Mangota	718	132			773	386	387	386	387
		4091	962			4291	2182	2109	2059	2001
47	Sakroat	190	33	6	14	222	114	108	99	108
48	Darhal	5119	944			5574	2793	2781	2766	2776
		5309	977			5796	2907	2889	2865	2884
49	Kothiri	451	75	7		485	264	221	264	221
50	Nadian	642	99			673	374	299	374	299

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
51	Badhanw	148	25			194	93	101	93	101
52	Hojan	1426	250			1597	836	761	833	761
53	Mankot	111	9			65	33	32	33	32
54	Malhiat	420	61			401	207	194	204	190
55	Lerian	438	78			520	288	232	288	232
		3636	597			3935	2095	1840	2089	1836
56	Sokar	193	32	8		234	128	106	128	106
57	Purori Gujran	617	93			713	367	346	367	346
58	Gora Sarkari	136	20			141	73	68	73	68
59	Gangrot	629	109			681	375	306	355	292
60	Purori Brahamana	131	21			167	87	80	76	70
61	Sakri	345	84			415	230	185	186	160
62	Dhar	616	113			646	342	304	229	225
63	Rehian	849	189			990	564	426	476	360
64	Padhara	95	25			114	67	47	61	37
65	Tarkesi	358	62			375	196	179	196	179
66	Cheni Trehru	321	61			378	211	167	211	167
67	Bondha Nika	215	38			239	113	126	113	126
68	Pind	699	159			776	410	366	410	366
69	Korihd	711	129			703	335	368	335	368
		5915	1135			6572	3498	3074	3216	2870
70	Kodahara	714	121	9	15	768	423	345	333	267
71	Sankari	337	56			409	220	189	220	189
72	Barsala	100	19			113	52	61	52	61
73	Sawan Kot	155	34			215	120	95	113	94
74	Trala Gujran	508	79			555	282	273	282	273
75	Chariah	358	60			414	213	201	207	194
76	Farohala	259	72			517	277	240	247	221
77	Palam	490	65			358	207	151	137	95
78	Kongota	69	15			77	39	38	17	17
79	Nagrota	970	159			1042	564	478	479	411
		3960	680			4468	2397	2071	2087	1822
80	Kalal Khas	473	169	10		570	296	274	192	165
81	Ladot	752	165			790	408	382	354	331
82	Jamula	831	249			956	528	428	297	248
83	Khah	169	190			1060	568	492	260	205
		2225	773			3376	1800	1576	1103	949
84	Badhun	898	198	11		1110	598	512	554	469
85	Thodhi	264	51			317	165	152	141	129
86	Kapa Kah	134	27			125	69	56	69	56
87	Dhanardhedian	263	51			276	147	129	147	129
88	Danhur Gorsian	171	29			213	128	85	128	85
89	Dhana Loharian	226	46			255	139	116	94	75
90	Bhunga	56	9			52	27	25	27	25
91	Ghodrinar	309	64			424	240	184	232	178
92	Rhatal	188	36			226	130	96	118	72
93	Dahanur Jaralan	225	54			372	194	178	191	177
94	Khyora	82	18			114	58	56	58	56
95	Dani Dhar	414	73			453	250	203	249	203
96	Potha Radhi	30	8			29	17	12	9	4
97	Maradpur	643	159			673	381	292	381	292
		3903	823			4639	2543	2096	2398	1950
98	Rampur Rajouri (Town)	2164	558	12	16	2836	1601	1235	884	676
		2164	558			2836	1601	1235	884	676
99	Bathoni	377	93	13	17	487	248	239	175	161
100	Thekrian	151	26			139	75	64	75	64
101	Meari Gujran	354	71			410	225	185	225	185
102	Karaian	293	63			351	162	189	162	189
103	Bharahpura	9	2			9	5	4	5	4
104	Cheneni Bagla	60	13			52	28	24	28	22
105	Talwal	154	33			184	102	82	102	82
106	Pathan Mohra	161	29			174	94	80	94	80
107	Dasal Gujran	174	49			263	139	124	138	124
108	Dasal Jatan	305	59			328	170	158	170	158
109	Dasal Serian	57	15			67	38	29	38	29
110	Phaliana	303	58			281	152	129	136	114

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total Literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		3								3	
		3	4							77	1
		6	4							9	
										5	
										121	2
										1	
										13	
		20	14							1	
		11	10							10	2
		44	25							1	
		113	79							10	1
		88	66							1	
		6	10							27	1
										1	
										5	
										2	
										21	1
										7	
		282	204							100	5
		90	78							28	6
										11	
		7	1							26	11
		6	7							18	1
		30	19							5	
		70	56							5	
		18	17	4	4					65	2
		70	50	15	17					38	
		291	228	19	21					198	20
		104	109							6	
		54	51							5	
		231	180							5	
		308	287							7	
		697	627							23	
		44	43							90	18
		24	23							5	
										1	
										2	
		45	41							4	3
		8	6							69	32
		12	24							2	1
		3	1							74	9
		1								9	
		8	8							2	
										64	9
		145	146							322	72
		692	538	25	21					605	265
		692	538	25	21					605	265
		73	78							67	18
										15	4
										42	9
										58	34
										3	2
			2							12	2
										30	7
		1								11	2
										44	7
										65	15
										6	5
		13	12	3	3					42	8

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
111	Selani	102	21			121	59	62	59	62
112	Bedka	56	15			91	43	48	41	45
		2556	547			2957	1540	1417	1448	1319
113	Ghhowa	308	58	14		323	178	145	165	140
114	Goverdhan Pain	340	75			434	234	200	225	190
115	Manji Dhara	60	13			66	40	26	40	26
116	Goverdhan Bala	598	118			669	340	329	309	310
117	Ati	335	75			365	193	172	193	172
118	Fatehpur	1449	249			1551	810	741	809	741
119	Sensamat	714	126			732	380	352	376	350
120	Dodarsan Pain	335	57			368	206	162	193	154
121	Dodarsan Bala	1438	258			1603	876	727	856	713
		5577	1029			6111	3257	2854	3166	2796
122	Kakora	816	147	15		899	484	415	484	415
123	Katarmal	521	95			580	306	274	306	274
124	Chhabar Dhara	19	4			19	8	11	8	11
125	Erwan Kehtar	156	30			148	67	81	21	27
126	Thandi Kasi	253	48			282	154	128	145	124
127	Panjgrian	2327	464			2514	1281	1233	1214	1169
128	Kankhari	153	32			154	80	74	80	74
129	Tondi Trot	278	60			346	178	168	152	149
130	Naga Nar	124	26			134	71	63	63	54
131	Sadhal	76	15			82	43	39	10	8
132	Makot	219	42			228	118	110	75	81
		4942	963			5386	2790	2596	2558	2386
133	Peolian	414	85	16		454	252	202	252	202
134	Samian	51	14			63	29	34	29	34
135	Namblan	584	113			623	312	311	312	311
136	Dongi Manialan	277	53			265	135	130	135	130
137	Sohana	1856	392			2063	1036	1027	681	644
138	Muthi Dhara	668	141			737	384	353	364	338
		3850	798			4205	2148	2057	1773	1659
139	Chilas	1099	203	17		1182	591	591	572	569
140	Thothali	215	38			228	115	113	115	113
141	Bonthal	164	38			192	98	94	98	94
142	Dharasanwla	326	76			345	182	163	161	150
143	Dongi Brahamana	262	47			241	126	115	110	97
144	Naghun	142	29			144	68	76	68	76
145	Swani	587	115			648	333	315	234	221
146	Sanalkot	250	55			252	129	123	120	116
147	Miari Manialan	148	29			138	75	63	75	63
148	Taradwal	41	13			41	26	15	26	15
149	Keri Manialan	31	7			17	10	7	10	7
150	Shahpur Manialan	106	25			112	57	55	57	55
151	Jatot	144	57			324	174	150	174	150
152	Jandhi Dhara	114	16			131	69	62	69	62
153	Trala Jagir	201	27			135	60	75	42	52
		3830	775			4130	2113	2017	1931	1840
154	Bagla	1282	331	18	18	1552	737	815	663	742
155	Androth	807	163			788	395	393	270	250
156	Nariala	412	73			420	214	206	133	130
157	Rachwa	166	54			217	108	109	26	18
		2667	621			2977	1454	1523	1092	1140
158	Rani Dadetar	397	58	19		342	178	164	174	156
159	Singhpura	394	73			372	193	179	132	120
160	Dohgani	312	64			269	154	115	108	83
161	Darjot	24	8			32	21	11	3	1
162	Hidayat Pura	31	6			44	27	17	27	17
163	Kalar	108	13			71	37	34	37	34
164	Narian	622	139			726	370	356	327	307
165	Kothara Jagir	94	30			135	75	60	75	60
166	Gahwan	165	36			200	102	98	66	65
167	Phali Brahamana	160	30			141	79	62	29	23
		2307	457			2332	1236	1096	978	866

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	10	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		2	3							8	8
		89	95	3	3					14	2
		10	4	3	1					417	123
		8	10	1						9	1
		21	17	10	2					6	
		1								1	
		4	2							38	
		13	8							48	
		20	14							1	
		77	55	14	3					24	
										127	1
										5	
										4	
		45	54	1						1	
		9	4							1	
		67	64							29	
										7	
		26	19							1	
		8	9							2	
		31	29	2	2					2	
		43	29							2	
		229	208	3	2					3	
										55	
										5	
										3	
										4	
		355	383							61	3
		20	15							12	
		375	398							35	3
										14	1
		19	22							4	
										2	
		21	13							3	
		16	18							5	
										27	
		25	28	74	66					5	
		9	7							1	
										1	
										1	
		15	20	3	3					3	
		105	108	77	69					67	1
										56	11
		21	24	53	49					37	2
		11	15	114	128					19	2
		81	75		1					26	13
		82	91							138	28
		195	205	167	178					3	
										9	
		4	8							4	
		61	59								
		38	28	8	4						
		18	10								
		43	49							23	2
										1	
		36	33							3	
		50	39							2	
		()	128	8	4					45	2

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
168	Sialsui	652	147	20	19	797	422	375	261	203
169	Khah	894	30			121	65	56	57	53
170	Kahdarian	377	65			403	208	195	149	146
171	Beli Bhawan	160	33			190	104	86	61	50
172	Banglot	47	14			44	24	20	4	2
173	Dhala	267	63			308	141	167	108	136
174	Sandkhatti	10	3			11	3	8		
175	Jagni	134	25			110	49	61	3	
		2541	380			1984	1016	968	643	590
176	Kora	151	35	21		191	96	95	54	53
177	Marhot	178	36			165	91	74	51	34
178	Araji Garvi	4	2			7	5	2		
179	Bera	435	106			520	266	254	240	229
180	Band Malian	10	4			10	3	7		
181	Keri	56	15			69	39	30	36	24
182	Barmandal	179	43			219	126	93	90	72
183	Jata Mahlian	113	31			115	61	54	10	7
184	Baro Karnalan	216	41			208	108	100	63	64
185	Som	264	50			291	164	127	144	111
186	Kothian	211	44			247	145	102	111	81
187	Owdarni	156	29			137	75	62	10	6
188	Baro Jaralan	197	48			276	143	133	143	133
		2170	484			2455	1322	1133	952	814
189	Godar	587	123	22		557	286	271	199	177
190	Potha	81	32			114	65	49	31	27
191	Ghoralan	67	21			74	40	34	31	21
192	Kadrenu	124	39			147	83	64	58	45
193	Androla	205	49			208	136	72	111	60
194	Ghaki	47	10			99	23	76		45
		1111	274			1199	633	566	430	375
195	Dhanwan	113	29	23		160	88	72	79	65
196	Lurkot	235	44			254	132	122	125	114
197	Khanpur Chingas	188	28			166	86	80	76	68
198	Kothari Jagir	53	11			73	30	43	18	26
199	Jatiari	217	44			292	156	136	115	105
200	Dahrian	91	21			95	50	45	37	37
201	Agrat	463	88			483	247	236	229	222
202	Dhanwant Kot	193	36			200	105	95	63	55
203	Jatiar	311	53			265	142	123	104	82
204	Kalar	199	39			215	123	92	103	78
		2063	393			2203	1159	1044	949	852
205	Saranu	1005	193	24		1006	515	491	416	390
206	Dhangri	871	161			896	477	419	471	415
207	Goni	93	26			109	60	49	20	11
208	Cahrol	77	17			90	52	38	51	38
209	Baljaralan	149	36			157	75	82	66	75
210	Basu Manalan	178	38			189	94	95	79	77
211	Narsinghpura	195	48			212	118	94	39	21
212	Sagot	243	56			237	123	114	14	4
213	Argi	350	72			349	172	177	142	134
214	Sera Jagir	251	48			236	118	118	40	46
		3412	695			3481	1804	1677	1338	1211
215	Salhot	1030	36	25		200	113	87	57	48
216	Dalohri	698	155			793	391	402	176	160
217	Salheri	24	10			32	15	17	2	2
218	Dhanti	36	6			38	23	15	23	15
219	Gharat	212	43			257	132	125	107	97
220	Jata Brahamana	125	24			104	55	49	19	16
221	Sonchal	140	24			138	74	64	54	51
222	Bondal	55	11			60	35	25	32	23
223	Majra Nehoti	13	3			15	8	7	8	7
224	Dangot	286	45			283	151	132	110	100
225	Mangrot	136	42			213	120	93	68	43
		2755	399			2133	1117	1016	656	562
226	Dhelri	148	42	26	21	178	92	84	27	22
227	Gadyok	746	191			1027	545	482	333	283

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		161	172							33	1
		8	3							1	
		58	48	1	1					8	
		43	46							10	
		18	15	2	3					2	
		33	31							2	
		2	6	1	2						
		46	61								
		369	372	4	6					56	1
		37	41	5	1					2	
		40	40							3	
		5	2								
		26	25							5	
		3	7								
		3	6							3	
		36	21							9	
		51	47							3	
		45	36							1	
		20	16								
		34	21							1	
		65	56							2	
		365	318	5	1					34	
		87	94							5	
		34	22							7	
		9	13								
		25	19							12	2
		25	12							3	
		23	31							1	
		203	191							28	2
		8	7	1						4	
		7	8							3	
2	5	8	7							6	1
		12	17							4	
		41	31							3	
		13	8							2	
		18	14							6	
		42	40							1	
		38	41							3	
		20	14							9	
2	5	207	187	1						41	1
		85	90	14	11					21	1
		6	4							29	1
		40	38								
		1								10	
		9	7							5	
		15	18							5	
		79	73							6	
		109	110							3	
		30	43							4	
		78	72							5	
		452	455	14	11					88	2
		56	39							2	
		215	242							6	
		13	15							1	
		25	28							3	
		36	33							1	
		20	13							1	
		3	2								
		41	32							1	
		52	50								
		481	454							15	
		63	62	2						11	
		210	196	2	3					14	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
228	Behi Nambal	344	70			353	195	158	106	90
229	Kanthol	1131	236			1341	714	627	437	370
230	Majra Panj	108	33			137	69	68	25	23
		2477	572			3034	1615	1419	928	788
231	Hubbi	475	91	27	20	582	316	266	296	253
232	Sowarian	1467	286			1618	846	772	557	526
233	Panjnara	159	33			228	121	107	121	107
234	Kandi	1084	189			1249	656	593	633	574
		3185	599			3677	1939	1738	1607	1460
235	Kot Ranka	152	32	28		180	97	83	91	76
236	Janglanoon	540	85			528	281	247	242	211
237	Mohra	729	107			751	398	353	320	296
238	Larkoti	173	26			167	90	77	65	54
239	Draj	924	147			957	497	460	444	390
240	Darmon	423	72			447	233	214	202	187
		2941	469			3030	1596	1434	1344	1214
241	Samot	531	112	29		618	326	292	298	278
242	Shapura	198	28			158	83	75	69	51
243	Phalni	452	80			438	227	211	165	156
244	Targian	1012	148			1035	554	481	546	472
245	Kewal	761	152			790	419	371	324	289
		2954	520			3039	1609	1430	1402	1252
246	Rajnagar	1533	280	30		1688	924	764	702	586
247	Dandwat	539	98			697	368	329	349	311
		2072	378			2385	1292	1093	1051	897
248	Bhela	545	93	31	21	499	250	249	115	102
249	Ghondhi	517	100			586	331	255	236	180
250	Budhal	856	148			827	441	386	283	230
251	Khowas	93	22			125	63	62	28	27
252	Keri Narondan	367	91			494	265	229	124	109
253	Thela Pera	265	60			348	192	156	88	66
		2643	514			2879	1542	1337	874	714
254	Gondha	699	149	32		749	378	371	153	140
255	Owdan	199	44			195	100	95	20	18
256	Kot Chalwal	404	88			427	215	212	97	106
257	Bambal	77	15			99	56	43	25	24
258	Narla	356	99			511	250	261	137	124
259	Khor Bani	249	63			248	118	130	5	2
260	Banglar	292	63			308	153	155	18	13
		2276	521			2537	1270	1267	455	427
261	Chak Mian	61	21	33		124	61	63	28	28
262	Chak Pehi	79	12			63	32	31	8	8
263	Chak Methani	367	72			331	160	171	34	37
264	Hari Chuma	711	134			669	352	317	131	112
265	Nara Majra	38	4			22	9	13		
266	Ghalian	193	53			271	144	127	78	68
		1449	296			1480	758	722	279	253
267	Tareru	2025	389	34	22	1925	1030	895	531	450
		2025	389			1925	1030	895	531	450
268	Jungrial	1276	234	35		1378	701	677	299	286
269	Malhorin	190	36			184	101	83	27	22
270	Thos	52	19			102	50	52	15	13
		1518	289			1664	852	812	341	321
271	Satroh	238	37	36		243	128	115	67	60
272	Dali	818	185			846	421	425	184	177
		1058	222			1089	549	540	251	237

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		89	68							8	
		277	257							11	
		44	45							2	
		683	628	4	3					46	
		20	13							19	1
		289	246							21	
		6	2	17	17					2	
		315	261	17	17					24	
		6	7							66	1
		39	36							11	
		78	57							10	
		25	23							25	
		73	70							1	
		31	27							42	1
										2	
		252	220							91	1
		17	6	11	8					44	10
		14	18							9	
		60	53	2	2					26	5
		7	4	1	5					47	8
		93	82	2						22	1
		191	163	16	15					148	24
		76	60	146	118					163	63
		19	13		5					23	5
		95	73	146	123					186	68
		132	147	3						8	
		89	75	6						7	
		137	150	21	6					13	
		35	35							8	
		141	120							15	
		99	86	5	4					13	
		633	613	35	10					64	
		225	231							10	
		80	77							5	
		118	106							4	
		31	19								
		113	137							3	
		113	128							4	
		135	142							5	
		815	840							31	
		33	35								
		24	23								
		126	134								
		221	205							1	
		9	13							2	
		66	59								
		479	469							3	
		498	436	1	9					40	4
		498	436	1	9					40	4
		402	391							23	
		74	61							3	
		35	39								
		511	491							26	
		61	55								
		237	248							6	
		298	303							6	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
273	Badhog	78	21	37		95	41	54		
274	Hassir	213	60			235	130	105	41	29
275	Kala Kot	145	30			162	87	75	8	8
276	Chainpur	97	16			120	64	56	41	36
277	Dhalhot	325	65			365	195	170	137	120
278	Dhanwan	187	42			271	129	142	106	112
		1045	234			1248	646	602	333	305
279	Panjah	271	53	38	23	279	142	137	41	37
280	Koral	79	26			121	63	58	34	36
281	Korlian	175	28			123	73	50	55	33
282	Gharak	140	37			169	92	77	42	27
283	Anand	122	26			124	65	59	15	10
284	Deolian	41	10			50	28	22	25	17
285	Behtra	130	29			142	70	72	7	7
286	Panjnara	181	51			213	115	98	47	46
287	Garnbala	244	46			269	139	130	99	101
288	Garnpain	157	35			163	88	75	65	58
289	Pathiar	98	21			107	55	52	38	34
290	Peri	8	4			15	9	6		
291	Naritha	32	12			55	32	23	14	11
292	Potha	41	12			47	25	22	8	9
293	Darngar	52	14			59	27	32	11	16
		1771	404			1936	1023	913	501	442
294	Dharamsal	212	61	39		275	155	120	92	70
295	Badhanun	137	26			125	65	60	62	54
296	Brehvi	874	181			886	468	418	291	250
297	Nabukot	453	74			414	209	205	148	147
298	Kalar	104	29			119	61	58	51	51
		1780	371			1819	958	851	644	572
299	Parav	672	176	40		746	388	358	248	220
300	Gehni	640	152			718	374	344	129	111
301	Sehot	203	256			1157	563	594	551	576
302	Bakhar	353	83			349	185	164	41	35
303	Balshaman	389	100			450	216	234	69	79
		2257	767			3420	1726	1694	1038	1021
304	Thandapani	618	123	41		635	325	310	79	83
305	Marchola	350	98			409	207	202	83	84
306	Mawa	123	29			139	68	71	68	71
307	Patwara	382	78			306	145	161	17	17
308	Langar	197	56			256	128	128	68	88
309	Gorah Charala	109	26			131	59	72		
310	Barnara	153	34			139	78	61	12	14
311	Makol	152	36			173	90	83		
312	Nala	118	34			139	77	62	4	2
313	Bathoni	135	30			158	80	78	56	53
		2337	544			2485	1257	1228	387	412
314	Rathal	861	184	42		914	488	426	294	217
315	Khabar	613	111			591	307	284	82	75
316	Keri	681	146			719	381	338	166	145
317	Thangrot	217	45			239	127	112	34	29
318	Basantpur	26	5			26	13	13	5	4
		2398	491			2489	1316	1173	581	470
319	Owna	81	12	43		66	30	36		
320	Bamli	351	81			355	184	171	33	23
321	Ghantha	146	30			132	63	69	5	5
322	Deoli	102	31			135	72	63	9	7
323	Bandrahi	200	49			248	125	123	23	16
324	Devak	404	85			447	230	217	72	54
325	Sehia	318	77			356	178	178	6	7
		1602	365			1739	882	857	148	112
TOTAL	..	128369	26251			140844	73644	67200	58369	52973

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		41	54							7	
		89	76							4	
		79	67							1	
		23	20							4	
		58	50								
		23	30								
		313	297							16	
		101	100							33	3
		29	22							4	
		18	17							1	
		50	50							13	3
		50	49							3	
		3	5							2	
		63	65							6	1
		68	52							12	2
		40	29							19	
		23	17							4	
		17	18							1	
		9	6								
		18	12								
		17	13								
		16	16								
		522	471							98	9
		63	50							39	2
		3	6							8	
		177	168							14	
		61	58							9	
		10	7							1	
		314	289							71	2
23	21	117	117							53	3
	2	245	231							19	
		12	18							12	
		144	129							5	1
		147	155							7	
23	23	665	650							96	4
		193	190	53	37					27	
		107	105	17	13					13	
		128	144							1	
		60	40							5	
		59	72							3	
		66	47							7	
		90	83							8	1
		73	60							2	1
		24	25							4	
		800	766	70	50					70	2
		191	205	3	4					3	1
		225	209								
		215	193							11	
		93	83							4	
		8	9							1	
		732	699	3	4					19	1
		30	36								
		151	148							3	
		58	64							5	
		63	56								
		102	107							10	
		158	163							24	
		172	171							13	
		734	745							55	
25	28	14600	13624	650	575					4688	741

MIRPUR DISTRICT.

Mirpur is the most westerly district of the Jammu Province. On the north it is bounded by Poonch Jagir, on the east by the Reasi District and the Akhnur Tehsil of Jammu District, on the south by the Gujrat District of the Punjab and on the west by the Jhelum District and the southern part of the Rawalpindi District. It has an area of 1627 sq. miles, which is the same as that of Poonch Jagir. The Mirpur and Bhimber Tehsils are included with the Natural Division designated "Submontane and semi-mountainous tract"; the Kotli Tehsil with the 'Outer Hills'. The climate of Mirpur Tehsil and the lower levels of Kotli and Bhimber is hot and dry in summer and pleasant in winter. The Kotli and Bhimber Tehsils are nearer the mountains than Mirpur and thus enjoy a higher average elevation; rainfall is higher and they each possess some forest areas whereas Mirpur has none. Kotli and Bhimber are cooler on the whole in summer and colder in winter.

The areas of the three tehsils constituting the district are Kotli 574 sq. miles, Mirpur 355 and Bhimber 698. None of the rivers is of much value to agriculture within the district. The Poonch River passes through the Kotli and Mirpur Tehsils to join the Jhelum at Jangwan, a few miles above Mangla. The Jhelum flows within the western fringe of the district for a distance of some forty miles until it reaches Mangla where the headworks of the Upper Jhelum Canal have been constructed by the Punjab Government in agreement with the Darbar. Tangrote, the well known mahaseer fishing water, is situated on the Poonch River just above its junction with the Jhelum. There are no rivers of any importance in the Bhimber Tehsil but there is a large number of streams and ravines and the whole district is typical foothills country. The streams which are mostly dry in the cold weather become raging torrents in the rains. Few are of any value for irrigation.

The road to Poonch passes through Mirpur and Kotli. A metalled road runs from Mirpur to Chechian customs post for ten miles and thence on to Jhelum which is 22 miles from Mirpur Town. A good fair weather road has been constructed by the Canals Department of the Punjab Government from the main Jhelum road along the banks of the Upper Jhelum Canal; this is not a public thoroughfare but private cars can obtain a permit to use it. This

route is at present the shortest by car from Jammu to Mirpur, Kotli and Poonch. A more direct route from Jammu is under construction which will pass through the Akhnur and Rampur Rajouri Tehsils to the Mirpur District. There are a number of roads connecting the district with the Punjab and various stations on the North Western Railway by ferries across the Jhelum River. A road from Bhimber leads to Gujrat and Lala Musa on the North Western Railway; the distances are about 30 miles and 26 miles respectively. Cars and lorries use the Bhimber-Gujrat road. The old Moghal road runs through Bhimber to Shopian in Kashmir; it is the oldest road in the district but is only a bridle path. All important places are connected with one another by so-called roads but they are mostly unfit for modern transport. During the second half of the last decade greater attention has been given to roads and communications but much remains to be done before either the main roads or internal communications can be considered satisfactory. District offices are located in Mirpur Town; the headquarters of the tehsil are in the towns of the same name.

2. Population.—At the recent Census the population was 386,655 against 344,747 in 1931; this represents a percentage increase of 12.15 against 10.29 for the whole State. The figures for the three tehsils separately are Kotli 111,037 against 102,787, Mirpur 113,115 against 101,102 and Bhimber 162,503 against 140,858; the percentage increases are 8.02, 11.88 and 15.36 respectively. The number of occupied houses and the composition of the population in each tehsil in detail can be seen by a reference to the tables. There are no obvious reasons for the high increase in Bhimber Tehsil and the comparatively low increase in Kotli. The increase in Mirpur is higher than expected when we take into consideration that this tehsil is nearest to the Punjab and considerable numbers of its men are recruited by the army both in the State and British India and many others go to India and beyond in search of a livelihood. One possible explanation is that many men who have been absent for some years have returned in their homes from places overseas as a result of the war but there is no evidence at our disposal to support this suggestion. The increase in Mirpur Tehsil at least indicates a strong and healthy population during the decade. The low percentage increase in Kotli cannot be explained unless it be due to the

prevalence of malaria in a virulent form in these parts of the tehsil which are malarial. Perhaps partial failure of the crops resulted in the men of the tehsil migrating in larger numbers to British India in search of employment or to join the army. The high increase in Bhimber must be attributed to good health and good crops and to conditions favourable when compared with those obtaining during the decade 1921-30.

If we examine the composition of the population by communities we find that in the whole district there are 310,900 Muslims, 63,576 Hindus, 12,091 Sikhs and 86 Others; these figures give percentages of 80.40, 16.44 and 3.12 respectively for the three main communities. In Kotli and Mirpur the predominance of Muslims is overwhelming but it is not so marked in Bhimber where Muslims constitute 64.79 of the population, Hindus 29.94 and Sikhs 5.19; the remaining population of Bhimber is made up of Indian Christians. The population of the other two tehsils is made up entirely of the three main communities. An unusual feature of the Mirpur Muslim community is that females exceed males; this is exceptional and indicates the large number of men out of the district at the time of the Census earning a livelihood elsewhere.

Ethnologically, the population of the district is made up of tribes having a Dogra Rajput affinity, Gujjars and those having the same racial origin as the population of the adjacent districts of the Punjab. The Muslims consist mainly of Jats, Gujjars and Rajputs and the Hindus of Rajputs, Jats and Brahmins. Muslims, Hindus and Sikhs alike are all members of what is termed the martial classes and all are freely recruited in both the State and British Indian Armies. The majority of the population is racially more akin to the tribes of the Punjab than to Dogra Rajput stock.

3. Migrations.—There is no migration in the correct sense of the term. Agriculture in the Kotli and Mirpur Tehsils can not fully support the people who are strong and virile; there are no industries worth the name. The result is that large numbers of the adult male population of both tehsils, Mirpur in particular, leave the district for periods varying in length in search of employment of all kinds. They join the army in large numbers as well as the mercantile marine operating from Indian ports; some of them are found as traders and seamen all over the world. Bhimber is not affected to the same extent although many of its men join the army. The Gujjar element of the population were immi-

grants to the district centuries ago and have been a part of the permanent population for many generations. The Bakarwals of the district move with their flocks and herds to the grazing grounds of Poonch, Reasi and Kashmir in the spring every year and return in the autumn; these movements are seasonal. Some Bakarwals of the district, particularly from Kotli Tehsil, graze their flocks in Poonch during part of the winter. Numbers of Kashmiris pass through the district every autumn and spring on their way to and from the Punjab.

4. Agriculture.—The chief crops are bajra, wheat and maize. Bajra and wheat are the staple food grains in Mirpur Tehsil; the former is consumed chiefly by zamindars and wheat in the towns, particularly in Mirpur Town. Conditions are much the same in the lower elevations of Kotli but amongst the Gujjars and at the higher elevations maize is the staple food grain. In Bhimber the principal crops are the same as those given for the district. Maize is chiefly produced in the Maidani Balai assessment circle and is entirely dependent on rainfall. Bajra is grown in all the other circles but only to a small extent in Maidani Balai circle. Wheat is grown in all areas. Other crops produced in various parts of the district are barley, pulses, rice, and oilseeds; cotton and tobacco are grown on a small scale. The production of staple food grains is not sufficient for local consumption in any tehsil and quantities are imported from the Punjab as well as from the Reasi District.

The area under irrigation in the district is negligible. In Bhimber it was only .6 per cent. of the cultivated area at the time of the last Settlement operations in the tehsil, the report on which was published in 1935. The Mirpur Tehsil came under revision Settlement operations in the second half of the decade 1921-30; the report was issued in 1933. From this it is clear that the irrigated area had increased by only .1.7 per cent. since the previous Settlement and that in all assessment circles except two the irrigated area was 1 per cent. or less; in Maidani Pain circle it was 11.9 and in Tehsil circle 2.8. In Kotli the position is similar. These figures indicate the great extent to which crops are dependent on rainfall. Consequently, the area is liable to scarcity of grain and fodder and in a bad year, to famine conditions. Good communications with neighbouring districts are therefore very important so that prompt relief measures can be taken when necessary.

The acreage under orchards and gardens is negligible; no figures are available for Mirpur

Tehsil. Kotli Tehsil is reported to have 250 acres under gardens and Bhimber 32. Mango trees are numerous in Bhimber in suitable localities and mulberries in Maidani areas. In Mirpur fruit trees are scarce. The whole district is deficient in this respect. The vegetables grown in limited quantities are kadus, brinjals, karelas, onions, carrots and cabbages. For consumption in the towns potatoes, tomatoes and other vegetables are imported from the Punjab.

Ghee is produced in fair quantities and the sale of it is an appreciable item of income to many.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no industries in the district worth the name. Cotton and wool spinning exist on a small scale. There is no scope for labour in forest industries except to a small extent in Bhimber and on timber floating operations on the Jhelum. Road construction work is at present insufficient to be a factor of any importance in giving employment. A boot factory has been opened at Naloi in Mirpur Tehsil with government aid. The only real outlet for employment at present for the men of Kotli and Mirpur without sufficient land is in British India; the alternative is to join the army. Bhimber is a little better off; mulberry trees are plentiful and the rearing of silk-worms and production of cocoons is a cottage industry that can possibly be developed further. There are said to be bentonite beds a short distance from Bhimber town; intensive exploitation of these might give some local employment. The daily wage of a casual labourer are said to vary from six annas to eight annas.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—The rates obtaining throughout the decade for food grains and for agricultural produce generally compare very favourably with the rates assumed for revenue assessment purposes and at first sight conditions in the district would appear to be entirely satisfactory. But favourable price levels for agricultural produce are not alone a reliable indication that the means of subsistence available to an agricultural population are adequate. In considering the means of subsistence of the majority in the district we must remember that the area is almost entirely dependent on agriculture within the area and on the export of labour and services. It must also be remembered that agriculture in the district is almost entirely dependent on rainfall, that partial crop failure and semi-famine conditions occur at intervals and that the area is not self-supporting in the matter of food grains. Fragmentation of holdings during the past decade is

believed to have occurred to a greater extent than consolidation of holdings. The small zamindar producing food crops is not really interested in the price of grain in the markets at headquarters of the tehsil. In most cases he has no grain for sale; any surplus he may have goes to the sahuکار in liquidation of accumulated debt. The only persons to benefit from high price levels in such circumstances are non-resident landholders taking rent in kind from their tenants, sahuکارs receiving grain at fixed prices, considerably below bazar rates, in liquidation of debts, middlemen and shopkeepers; these classes constitute a very small minority. A prolonged period of good prices is of course advantageous to the producer who is not only self-supporting but normally has a surplus; to the landless and those having insufficient land high price levels for staple foods mean difficulty and a reduced standard of living.

The opinion is hazarded that for the majority of the people dependent on agriculture the means of subsistence is only sufficient for them to eke out a bare existence. Bhimber is the best off in this respect. To supplement the poor means of subsistence there exists what is described above the export of labour and services. By this is meant the departure from their homes of men in large numbers, particularly from Mirpur and Kotli, for service in many capacities outside the district. The total income coming into the district on this account must be very considerable in the form of military pensions and pay, wages from labour and savings from trading etc. It is only by a close investigation by trained staff that the actual figures can be ascertained. The money obtained by their labour and services is the only means by which many in the district can support themselves and their families. From the opinions received from local officers it would appear that the average income per head per month is about Rs. 3 with expenditure slightly in excess of this figure. If indebtedness is not increasing there is nothing to show that any reduction in total indebtedness is being effected.

The Settlement report for Mirpur Tehsil published in 1933 puts the average debts for proprietors at Rs. 7 per cultivated acre and Rs. 233 per head; similar figures for the tenant classes are given as Rs. 26 per acre and Rs. 69 per head. The Settlement report for Bhimber Tehsil published in 1933 gives similar figures; for the proprietor classes they are Rs. 6 per cultivated acre and Rs. 41 per head and for the tenant classes Rs. 20 and Rs. 34 respectively. No claim is made for the accuracy of these figures;

it is clearly stated in the Settlement reports that they are based on the statements of zamindars. It may be that the activities of Co-operative Societies have effected some improvement since the reports were issued and that the Land Alienation Act, Usurious Loans Act and the Agriculturists' Relief Act have given the zamindar some relief and protection but debt reduction is a slow and painful process and it is doubtful whether the position had improved much by the end of 1940. No separate figures are available for Kotli but there is no reason to believe the position is any better.

7. Education.—According to reports received the educational facilities in the district consist of the following:—

Kotli Tehsil.—Two Middle Schools and a third upto 9th class and thirty-six Primary Schools for boys, two Middle Schools for girls, financed by the Arya Samajists and the Sanatanists respectively, and three Primary Schools for girls.

Mirpur Tehsil.—One High School, four Middle Schools and thirty-eight Primary Schools for boys and one High School, one Middle School and five Primary Schools for girls.

Bhimber Tehsil.—One High School, ten Middle Schools (inclusive of two Lower Middle Schools) and forty-one Primary Schools for boys and one Primary School for girls.

In addition there is a private school for boys under the control of the Sikh community for which government aid would appear to be desirable.

It will be noticed that there is no High School in Kotli Tehsil and the provision of Middle Schools is not excessive. The provision of a High School at Kotli town would appear to be desirable and perhaps one more Middle School at a selected centre.

Mirpur Tehsil has a generous provision of schools compared with other tehsils and Bhimber has not been neglected. One more High School in Bhimber Tehsil would be much appreciated even if this were a combined High-Middle School. The provision for girls education in Bhimber does not compare favourably with conditions either in Kotli or Mirpur.

The number of literates in the whole district is 29,005 out of a population of 386,655; the percentage is 7.5. The figures for the tehsils

separately are Kotli 5,719, Mirpur 11,578 and Bhimber 11,708; there are 799, 2,976 and 2,167 female literates in each tehsil in the order mentioned. The percentages for each tehsil for all literates are 5.15, 10.23 and 7.2 for Kotli, Mirpur and Bhimber respectively. It will be noticed that the literates vary according to the provision of educational facilities; this is specially noticeable in the case of Kotli. Since many of the men of Kotli have to leave the tehsil and go to British India to earn a living it would be well to give the area better educational facilities to equip them to earn good wages.

8. Health and Water Supply.—On the whole the district is healthy but parts of Kotli Tehsil are very malarial. The chief causes of sickness are reported to be malaria, small-pox, pneumonia, typhoid fever, guinea-worm infection and pellagra. The latter is a little known disease caused, it is believed, by an unbalanced diet of maize flour; it occurs chiefly in the maize growing areas of Kotli. Guinea-worm infection seems to occur mostly in Bhimber.

Medical facilities consist of three dispensaries in Kotli Tehsil at Kotli, Sinna and Khoiratta, a Zenana Hospital and a well equipped dispensary at Mirpur town and a dispensary at Dadiyal. Bhimber has dispensaries at Bhimber town, Nowshera, Manawar and Watala. In addition to these dispensaries there are doctors, hakims and v aids, subsidised by government, practising in many localities throughout the district. The majority of the people are said to prefer ayurvedic and unani treatment as they are cheaper than western methods of treatment.

Drinking water on the whole is good but in some areas scarcity occurs in the summer; the areas suffering from this scarcity are reported to be Kotli town and Rajdhani in Kotli Tehsil; about one-third of the Mirpur Tehsil and the Kandi and Pabbi tracts of Bhimber. There is a tap-water supply to Kotli town but it is said to be insufficient to meet requirements in periods of drought when the level of the water in wells also goes down. The guinea-worm infection in Bhimber is caused by the drying up of the ponds on which the people in many areas depend for their water. The bulk of the drinking water supply throughout the district is obtained from wells; on the whole it is good and much preferable to that taken from ponds.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) The fairs held in the district are not primarily for the sale and interchange of agricultural produce; they mostly

have a religious significance. The principal ones are :—

- (i) Khanqah Mai Toti Sahiba (Kotli Tehsil).
 - (ii) Ban Ganga.
 - (iii) Bal Brahmanan Khanqah.
 - (iv) Mai Sangli Dhar.
 - (v) A cattle show is held at village Sher Shah (Mirpur Tehsil).
 - (vi) Khaniara Ziarat fair.
 - (vii) Amb Ziarat fair in Jeth.
 - (viii) Devotees visit the Kalikadevi Shrine at Mangla Mai in large numbers.
 - (ix) Many fairs in Bhimber are connected with wrestling matches which are enthusiastically watched by large crowds of Rajputs. The more important centres are Ambriala, Deva and Watala.
 - (x) A large fair is held by the Sikhs at Alibeg Gurdwara in Phagan each year.
 - (xi) Baisakhi fair at Ambriala is an important annual event.
- (b) Places of archaeological interest are few; the following are listed for information :—
- (i) An old fort in Kotli is said to belong to very ancient times.
 - (ii) In Mirpur Mangla Mai Fort, Barjun Fort and Ramkot Fort are said to be of interest.
 - (iii) A Hajira grave at Chaumakh in Mirpur revered by Muslims.
 - (iv) Khamba Fort in Bhimber Tehsil is reputed to be very old.
 - (v) Serais belonging to the time of the Emperor Jahangir are at Anayatpur and Sadabad.
 - (vi) A very old temple and spring at village Kalyal are said to belong to the Mahabharata period.
 - (vii) Forts at Mangla Devi and Baghsar.
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CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Mirpur.**Tehsil Kotli.**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Oin Pana	591	142	1	1	632	307	325	265	294
2	Terehar	794	183			856	394	462	167	210
3	Atkora	1255	275			1285	640	645	603	611
		2640	600			2773	1341	1432	1035	1115
4	Holder	140	35	2		169	87	82	87	82
5	Silos	160	38			178	91	87	91	87
6	Kalah	251	67			291	127	164	127	164
7	Narala	681	167			748	370	378	364	372
8	Dhalot	62	22			88	47	41	47	41
9	Ongar	130	35			156	84	72	84	72
10	Sakrakartot	347	91			374	196	178	196	178
		1771	455			2004	1002	1002	996	996
11	Kharavat	366	114	3		425	231	194	231	194
12	Palat Bala	100	31			127	63	64	63	64
13	Palat Pain	77	27			106	52	54	46	47
14	Kotli Jagir	101	30			117	55	62	55	62
15	Nanb Jagir	42	12			42	16	26	16	26
16	Daggala	34	10			42	22	20	22	20
17	Danga		1			10	5	5	5	5
		720	225			869	444	425	438	418
18	Pihrian Jagir	140	33	4		141	70	71	70	71
19	Pihrian Fateh Sahala	44	11			43	15	28	15	28
20	Nawan	289	68			298	159	139	159	139
21	Bhultian	76	17			98	58	40	58	40
22	Palir	106	23			111	58	53	58	53
23	Tala Piran	158	30			170	96	74	96	74
24	Jaloh	297	76			345	177	168	177	168
		1110	258			1206	633	573	633	573
25	Shini	28	10	5	2	50	31	19	31	19
26	Shakar Kotli	98	22			103	55	48	55	48
27	Tredhi Dhar	599	141			677	370	307	368	305
28	Kherli	289	66			301	172	129	170	129
29	Pichhar	31	8			31	19	12	19	12
30	Mahla	29	7			41	19	22	19	22
31	Bari Gurah	283	61			284	147	137	147	137
32	Balawal	125	28			143	86	57	86	57
		1482	343			1630	899	731	895	729
33	Keni Saidan	359	76	6		406	226	180	210	164
34	Pasarian	68	13			75	44	31	44	31
35	Khatras	673	71			317	158	159	158	159
36	Budheri		52			201	110	91	108	91
37	Athand		39			160	77	83	77	83
		1100	251			1159	615	544	597	528
38	Chameri	250	70	7		305	164	141	135	116
39	Baruthian	47	8			34	22	12	22	12
40	Nar Mando	154	36			163	83	80	83	80
41	Durlia	135	30			139	79	60	77	58
		586	144			641	348	293	317	266
42	Ser Mandi	1350	297	8		1270	671	599	664	592
43	Wand Nurkhani	280	83			339	171	168	171	168
44	Thaliara	87	19			90	46	44	46	44
45	Sarhota	204	46			224	119	105	119	105
46	Chandah	99	22			86	49	47	49	47
47	Trihian	127	44			157	82	75	77	71
		2147	511			2176	1138	1033	1123	1027

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
48	Garhoota	250	58	9		287	155	132	155	132
49	Kathar	853	226			967	478	489	443	457
		1103	284			1254	633	621	598	589
50	Islamabad	312	83	10		333	159	174	159	174
51	Thhal	26	6			31	11	20	11	20
		338	89			364	170	194	170	194
52	Faqrila	163	57	11	1	213	120	93	118	91
53	Chhani	191	47			155	87	68	87	68
54	Narali	15	7			20	10	10	10	10
55	Ratali	15	3			20	11	9	11	9
56	Chhatran	83	22			54	33	21	32	21
57	Sehnsa	161	96			218	114	104	31	22
58	Sahlah	73	22			62	45	37	45	37
59	Narnah	103	29			89	46	43	46	43
		804	283			851	466	385	380	301
60	Badli	107	35	12		158	86	72	86	72
61	Srahoah	204	55			227	107	120	101	111
62	Galjoor	102	30			121	62	59	62	59
63	Chachlar	160	46			205	101	104	101	104
64	Galohatian	239	61			296	147	149	147	149
65	Kotla	197	53			241	129	112	129	112
66	Bihai	192	43			162	79	83	79	83
		1201	323			1410	711	699	705	690
67	Bharand	476	126	13		547	286	261	266	242
68	Mahori	220	50			233	119	114	119	114
69	Bagah	24	5			19	9	10	9	10
70	Jabri	98	34			134	73	61	72	59
71	Kaloor	195	52			221	99	122	95	119
		1013	267			1154	586	568	581	544
72	Anti	737	157	14		799	385	414	385	414
		737	157			799	385	414	385	414
73	Kartoti	58	17	15		62	30	32	30	32
74	Jarahi Saidan	20	9			32	13	19	13	19
75	Kaini	145	35			149	83	66	83	66
76	Siah	529	110			510	254	256	254	256
77	Nain Sukh	164	30			155	78	77	78	77
78	Gagnara	256	56			259	116	143	116	143
79	Oudh	482	123			519	253	266	253	266
80	Chak Toor	230	65			260	135	125	118	116
81	Chhani	158	53			213	104	109	99	105
		2042	498			2159	1066	1093	1044	1080
82	Gala Samiar	478	115	16	3	463	248	215	248	215
83	Panjera	1423	349			1524	760	764	691	707
		1901	464			1987	1008	979	939	922
84	Saruha	123	35	17		142	77	65	77	65
85	Kotla	328	78			336	163	173	139	152
86	Galoin	27	8			38	22	16	22	16
87	Sarsawa	1341	376			1390	711	679	584	572
88	Chak Nasroh	274	67			305	152	153	152	153
		2093	564			2211	1125	1086	974	958
89	Karoin	75	23	18		70	37	33	37	33
90	Lat	143	37			148	72	76	72	76
91	Hill Kalan	527	138			539	265	274	263	273
92	Hill Khurd	44	14			39	19	20	19	20
93	Dheri	152	37			153	74	79	74	79
94	Nebera	186	50			185	89	96	89	96
95	Malhar	119	32			109	50	59	36	44
96	Chakmir	111	31			118	66	52	58	43
97	Sagri	58	15			61	32	29	32	29
98	Panir	98	27			104	58	46	58	46

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total				
						Persons	Males	Females	Muslim (others)	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
99	Wahi	92	24			79	36	43	35	43
100	Akroot	18	7			25	14	11	2	
101	Agwand	21	7			23	11	12	11	12
102	Anohi	336	92			364	175	189	172	179
103	Sarhota	365	91			427	203	224	203	224
		2345	625			2444	1201	1243	1161	1197
104	Tapakh	230	62	19		252	128	124	128	124
105	Athroin	149	38			155	81	74	81	74
106	Kallah	185	42			195	100	95	100	95
107	Chouki	217	51			254	121	133	121	133
108	Tindah	193	42			213	94	119	94	119
109	Dikhari	28	8			36	19	17	19	17
		1002	243			1105	543	562	543	562
110	Kakani Bugha	879	224	20		909	466	443	466	443
111	Kulhar	150	34			143	69	74	69	74
112	Pindhor	331	99			362	149	213	149	213
		1360	357			1414	684	730	684	730
113	Pural	139	26	21	6	119	58	61	58	61
114	Dhanna	110	27			125	63	62	63	62
115	Lehri Saral	292	58			306	168	138	166	135
116	Phagwari	1755	369			1773	929	844	846	776
		2296	480			2323	1218	1105	1133	1034
117	Seri	69	14	22		74	41	33	39	33
118	Gerla	27	7			26	12	14	12	14
119	Palang	97	26			114	57	57	57	57
120	Jabbar Jor	33	4			21	13	8	13	8
		226	51			235	123	112	121	112
121	Chanjora	1085	210	23		1087	562	525	554	516
122	Dhanwan	1784	374			1869	876	993	867	985
		2869	584			2956	1438	1518	1421	1501
123	Dandli	412	85	24		371	183	188	164	170
124	Gawan	466	99			469	235	234	235	234
		878	184			840	418	422	399	404
125	Goi	2371	563	25		2442	1213	1229	1190	1208
126	Kanduit	798	182			878	401	477	401	477
127	Nirali	487	91			520	252	268	252	268
128	Mohar	290	54			371	174	197	174	197
		3946	890			4211	2040	2171	2017	2150
129	Mahrian	416	81	26		445	214	231	214	231
130	Nil Sajoni	314	76			393	188	205	188	205
131	Tapag	1421	215			1133	578	555	571	553
132	Ammurati	1092	242			1114	525	589	521	584
		3243	614			3085	1505	1580	1494	1573
133	Khad Gujran	1062	191	27		1171	609	562	609	562
134	Barmoch	569	122			677	335	342	184	179
135	Newal	296	71			337	171	166	168	159
		1927	384			2185	1115	1070	961	900
136	Dhanan	1955	470	28	4	2182	1120	1062	968	930
		1955	470			2182	1120	1062	968	930
137	Samror	642	177	29		682	355	327	329	295
138	Sarhota	883	231			1040	549	491	532	478
139	Olakar	117	28			135	68	67	68	67
140	Kartot	275	70			306	163	143	157	133
		1917	506			2163	1135	1028	1088	978

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
141	Bang	167	46	30		171	84	87	84	87
142	Kurti	679	176			717	383	334	377	338
143	Ashqali	232	55			261	123	138	123	138
144	Roli	994	265			1094	488	606	485	601
145	Chouki	1301	333			1410	741	669	741	669
		3373	875			3653	1819	1834	1810	1823
146	Mandi	556	152	31		583	317	266	317	266
147	Dhingrot	352	44			157	89	68	89	68
148	Pang Piran	530	148			555	295	260	295	260
149	Mandiari	108	26			120	65	55	61	53
150	Dhamol	1139	251			1155	568	587	568	587
151	Jamalpur Aghar	718	170			745	354	391	354	391
		3403	791			3315	1688	1627	1684	1625
152	Kotli Khas	1537	656	32	5	2151	1158	993	221	198
153	Kotli Baliah	530	98			610	302	308	297	299
		2067	754			2761	1450	1301	518	497
154	Sagiam	519	134	33	9	508	246	262	233	242
155	Dungi	154	37			132	67	65	65	60
156	Dannah	592	152			648	320	328	318	327
157	Badali	1392	411			1496	762	734	759	728
		2657	734			2784	1395	1389	1375	1357
158	Throchi	820	359	34		863	449	414	442	414
		820	359			863	449	414	442	414
159	Nagial	341	78	35		397	194	203	194	203
160	Changpur	412	107			504	266	238	232	212
161	Khawas	387	91			406	212	194	209	189
		1140	276			1307	672	635	635	604
162	Nar Dadlian	1898	379	36	10	1732	876	856	870	854
		1898	379			1732	876	856	870	854
163	Matial	316	65	37		354	185	169	181	169
		316	65			354	185	169	181	169
164	Raj Dhani	962	251	38		1016	515	501	502	492
165	Karmal	32	8			37	22	15	22	15
166	Jarahi	267	73			270	142	128	142	128
167	Tarnot	254	57			247	131	116	131	116
		1515	389			1570	810	760	797	751
168	Doliah Brahmana	218	67	39		308	161	147	130	117
169	Doliah Jattan	521	82			348	197	151	197	151
170	Govand	75	56			248	135	113	135	113
171	Chouk	267	66			289	139	150	133	141
172	Amban	286	76			327	179	148	157	128
		1367	347			1520	811	709	752	650
173	Parai	582	174	40		835	435	400	389	354
174	Palahal Khurd	481	77			336	171	165	126	128
175	Palahal Kalan	678	167			776	386	390	326	324
176	Narmah	502	112			505	241	264	215	237
177	Kala Dab	52	11			64	34	30	27	25
		2295	541			2516	1267	1249	1083	1068
178	Sabaz Kot	571	147	41	9	641	330	311	243	229
179	Panjan	1376	339			1587	754	833	547	627
		1947	486			2228	1084	1144	790	856
180	Banianian	67	15	42		76	42	34	42	34
181	Nara Kot	782	189			865	455	410	405	573

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
182	Barala	104	19			108	52	56	52	56
183	Charohi	722	153			802	400	402	291	289
		1675	376			1851	949	902	790	736
184	Baratla	1712	417	43		1899	974	925	892	858
		1712	417			1899	974	925	892	858
185	Kajlani	1422	333	44		1570	817	753	763	696
		1422	333			1570	817	753	763	696
186	Juna	362	77	45		408	212	196	205	193
187	Kotli Sohlana	1063	229			1073	541	532	458	447
		1425	306			1481	753	728	663	640
188	Bal Brahmana	460	157	46		720	390	330	262	220
189	Bal Jagir	191	5			23	12	11	12	11
190	Chhawala	415	112			566	283	283	266	272
		1066	274			1309	685	624	540	503
191	Khuiratta	2109	495	47	7	2375	1232	1143	989	898
		2109	495			2375	1232	1143	989	898
192	Bandli Jagir	1118	244	48		1293	662	631	600	564
193	Battal Bari	770	169			856	462	394	454	374
		1888	413			2149	1124	1025	1054	938
194	Sewar	148	45	49		177	92	85	92	85
195	Samlahar	870	206			1000	524	476	523	476
196	Phial	1033	199			980	546	434	502	396
		2051	450			2157	1162	995	1117	957
197	Majhwal	1162	332	50		1564	789	775	730	723
198	Fatehpur Dhiari	291	73			289	156	133	146	126
199	Kotla	186	41			217	110	107	91	88
200	Qorjai	256	54			261	138	123	134	117
		1895	500			2331	1193	1138	1101	1054
201	Khor	2757	611	51		3065	1569	1496	1479	1399
		2757	611			3065	1569	1496	1479	1399
202	Gura Bagial	514	132	52		580	288	292	280	281
203	Marhota	83	22			90	52	38	52	38
		597	154			670	340	330	332	319
204	Kutehra Andrala	1791	452	53	8	2043	1069	974	890	801
205	Jogal Pal	839	193			965	487	478	371	358
206	Khad Brahmana	127	35			154	84	70	60	49
		2757	680			3162	1640	1522	1321	1208
207	Chouki Kahuta	384	95	54		449	236	213	207	192
208	Seri Majoral	974	334			1090	574	516	409	358
209	Khanpur	413	100			516	283	233	271	226
		1771	529			2055	1093	962	887	776
210	Tbhala	25	10	55		45	22	23	22	23
211	Darkoot	674	155			725	381	344	341	302
212	Kotehra Khanqueh	1229	308			1414	739	675	700	642
		1928	473			2184	1142	1042	1063	967
213	Tain *	924	220	56		1060	556	504	470	417
214	Kanthi	220	50			263	143	120	130	108
		1144	270			1323	699	624	600	525

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Mslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
215	Janjua Pogla	25	7	57	..	42	26	16	26	16
216	Anwas Bhandar	350	92	..	..	414	218	196	210	190
217	Jajot Bahadur	486	118	..	..	535	304	231	276	208
		861	217			991	548	443	512	414
218	Jajot Kandu	1647	357	58	..	1766	924	842	756	685
119	Darbot	383	98	..	..	461	245	216	236	206
220	Wand Mohra	156	41	..	..	194	96	98	96	98
		2186	496			2421	1265	1156	1088	989
221	Pokharni	524	134	59	..	627	332	295	307	274
222	Rajoa	401	98	..	..	464	252	212	176	140
223	Lam	889	205	..	..	1025	522	503	486	466
224	Mohra Kampla	697	182	..	..	806	428	378	428	378
		2511	619			2922	1534	1388	1397	1258
225	Chak Sarkari	479	5	60	..	14	8	6	8	6
226	Qila Durhal	155	165	..	..	715	353	362	277	282
		634	170			729	361	368	285	288
	Thal Dhar Barotian	848	..	..	..		
	TOTAL	102787	24883			111037	56706	54331	51591	49506

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
3496	Holard	4	Holder
3500	Tarala	7	Narala
3552	Krakraotote	10	Sakrakartot
3503	Peedian Fateh Khan	19	Pihrian Fateh Sahala
3505	Bholistan	21	Bhultian
3508	Dasheni	25	Shini
3517	Kani Maidan	33	Keni Saidan
3525	Daliah	41	Durlia
3543	Faqir Tala	52	Faqirila
3542	Sahalina	57	Sehnsa
3561	Kahodi	68	Mahori
3574	Banerah	98	Panir
3625	Phamroti	132	Ammurati
3672	Kadyal	165	Karmal
3715	Mohra Bamka	224	Mohra Kampla

(ii) Villages Danga, Budheri and Athand serial numbers. 17, 36 and 37 respectively of the Village Tables 1941 were unoccupied at the last Census.

(iii) Thal Dhar Barotian serial number 3721 of the Village Tables 1931 was unoccupied at this Census. It is not a village. In 1931 Census it was a forest workers' camp.

(iv) The number of villages in the Tehsil which appears in the Village Tables is 226. Two of these village *ei...* Kotli Khas and Kotli Baliah serial numbers 152 and 153 of the Village Tables together constitute Kotli Town and have been taken as a single item in Imperial Table III. Therefore Imperial Table III shows 225 villages only.

(v) The numbering of Census Divisions in Tehsil Kotli was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 1 to 10. All are shown in the Tables but they do not run consecutively with the circles. Circle totals are given but owing to the defect referred to total for charges cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated circles forming each charge.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		8	6							5	
		28	23							8	
		36	29							13	
		44	41	124	116					44	7
		9	10							3	
										4	
		53	51	124	116					51	7
		15	9	10	12					18	
		48	50	28	22					33	4
		34	32	2	5					20	
										9	
		97	91	40	39					80	4
		12	18	64	62					1	
		12	18	64	62					52	8
										53	8
66	76	4324	4057	725	692					4920	799

District Mirpur

Tehsil Mirpur.

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Kathar	1526	424	1	11	1659	842	817	803	781
2	Dheri Kasam	592	170			661	354	307	354	307
3	Kaljoor	340	95			381	199	182	199	182
4	Maja Wari	179	52			206	109	97	109	97
5	Pipli	103	24			90	50	40	50	40
6	Barhatti	113	29			127	68	59	68	59
		2853	794			3124	1622	1502	1583	1466
7	Ganair	254	72	2		285	141	144	140	144
8	Nili Saidan	80	21			103	57	46	57	46
9	Malot	69	17			78	46	32	46	32
10	Chak Kot	8	2			6	3	3	3	3
11	Sanwala Piran	240	57			236	130	106	130	106
12	Dagar	142	43			127	66	61	66	61
13	Jamian Sandhiara	33	11			39	21	18	21	18
14	Bandarian Bilagarh	61	15			65	39	26	39	26
		887	238			939	503	436	502	436
15	Rajuha	202	56	3		233	111	122	111	122
16	Baloh	212	62			219	102	117	101	117
17	Chalayar	323	88			359	182	177	182	177
18	Bihari	642	171			626	306	320	286	302
19	Barot	82	23			85	38	47	38	47
20	Phair Saidan	18	5			11	7	4	7	4
21	Sa'uh	43	15			45	23	22	23	22
22	Thob Jagir	263	82			298	146	152	146	152
		1785	502			1876	915	961	894	943
23	Onah	1977	514	4		2181	1030	1151	1026	1148
		1977	514			2181	1030	1151	1026	1148
24	Amb	699	178	5		786	375	411	375	411
25	Mohra Malkan	216	65			219	85	134	85	134
26	Mohra Bakshi Shiv Dayal	85	27			101	44	57	26	57
27	Dudyal	290	118			428	211	217	193	197
28	Sri Pratap Singh Pora	373	99			464	242	222	45	20
29	Bhagal Chak	417	111			410	183	227	183	227
		2080	598			2408	1140	1268	907	1046
30	Rai Pur	222	62	6		227	109	118	109	118
31	Mohra Shershah	205	52			204	103	101	103	101
32	Havali Bagal	368	95			392	180	212	180	212
33	Sochani	332	76			316	148	168	148	168
34	Darruni	326	78			314	125	189	125	189
35	Bathrohi	675	178			763	370	393	370	393
		2128	541			2216	1035	1181	1035	1181
36	Rattah	1622	552	7		1731	769	962	700	913
37	Palohot	412	121			437	223	214	223	214
38	Sahaliah	280	84			276	133	143	130	140
39	Mandi	156	54			199	98	101	98	101
		2470	811			2643	1223	1420	1151	1368
40	Dingal	88	30	8		76	37	39	37	39
41	Kararha Saidan	26	1			5	3	2	3	2
42	Napur	67	15			77	30	47	30	47
43	Bassar	160	39			149	84	65	82	62
44	Tharah	1179	315			1338	674	664	657	636
45	Sandal	347	92			362	172	190	172	190
		1867	492			2007	1000	1007	831	876

1941.

TABLES.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		37	36	2						164	96
										48	7
										24	
										14	
										7	
										4	
		37	36	2						281	103
		1								8	2
										2	
										7	7
										1	
										1	
		1								19	9
				1						2	
										8	2
										6	
		9	7	11	11					33	4
										2	
										2	
										2	
										19	
		9	7	12	11					74	6
		4	3							86	1
		4	3							38	1
										37	
										7	
		8		10						9	4
		1	3	17	17					40	8
		38	35	159	167					134	75
										23	
		47	38	186	184					250	87
										7	
										19	
										34	50
										4	
										26	24
										26	
										1	
										116	74
		54	36	15	13					204	156
		3	3							36	24
										28	11
										15	14
		57	39	15	13					283	205
				2	3					1	
		17	28							1	1
										24	
										3	
		17	23	2	3					30	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
46	Surrakhi	989	327	9		1095	546	549	544	546
47	Thala Rajwali Khan	174	56			162	90	72	88	72
48	Chapair	95	38			107	65	42	66	42
49	Phagalian	66	17			62	28	34	28	34
50	Dudh Parat	28	7			28	15	13	15	13
51	Sahin Baroutian	53	24			67	33	34	33	34
52	Bla	291	101			304	165	139	165	139
		1696	570			1825	942	883	938	880
53	Kharari	2381	717	10		2583	1255	1328	1246	1311
		2381	717			2583	1255	1328	1246	1311
54	Hill	584	188	11	12	707	352	355	207	240
55	Ganchoor	142	38			162	86	76	86	76
56	Ankar	1222	317			1350	650	700	592	635
57	Sahar Thalah	389	97			402	195	207	102	204
58	Chak Sharaf Shah	51	13			55	32	23	32	23
59	Chak Bhopa	59	11			42	24	18	24	18
60	Khairi	432	107			461	201	260	201	260
		2879	771			3179	1540	1639	1334	1456
61	Samlothah	390	105	12		463	225	238	221	236
62	Thanpal	520	141			532	243	289	239	289
63	Tajpur	614	158			708	370	338	369	338
		1524	404			1703	838	865	829	863
64	Potha Sher	879	220	13		922	407	515	407	515
65	Jagal	49	16			51	25	26	25	26
66	Khaniara	221	57			304	91	113	91	113
67	Majhuma	81	26			54	23	31	23	31
68	Marchola	83	26			93	48	45	48	45
69	Chak Dhamali	105	28			115	55	60	55	60
70	Kalarwari	728	196			874	438	436	327	330
		2146	569			2313	1087	1226	976	1120
71	Dadyal Saidan	493	133	14		538	249	289	214	240
72	Arah Jattan	295	87			340	173	167	172	167
73	Chomakh	549	167			585	301	284	248	242
		1337	387			1463	723	740	634	649
74	Nathla	98	37	15		102	52	50	51	50
75	Salpur	49	18			61	24	37	24	37
76	Chak Dhiaran	159	50			174	92	82	91	82
77	Pandora Jagir	132	43			148	64	84	63	84
78	Chak Pathanan	70	30			86	44	42	44	42
79	Mohra Agru	149	45			165	80	85	78	85
		657	223			736	356	380	351	380
80	Paith	259	79	16		267	143	124	143	124
81	Siakh	1284	352			1421	674	747	570	662
82	Pail	536	153			613	289	324	259	300
83	Potha Banges	290	79			368	179	189	179	189
		2369	663			2669	1285	1384	1151	1275
84	Chhatroh	1685	459	17		1903	927	976	921	976
85	Batahar	370	101			423	209	214	207	212
86	Behali	436	126			480	248	232	248	232
87	Chana	218	58			240	123	117	123	117
		2709	744			3046	1507	1539	1499	1537
88	Panyam	1639	462	18		1927	945	982	934	972
		1639	462			1927	945	982	934	972
89	Palak	709	164	19		766	376	390	363	380
90	Dullar	240	57			255	125	130	125	130
91	Ganohi	231	61			285	148	137	148	137
92	Kotli Sarsawa	215	63			217	107	110	107	110
		1395	345			1523	758	767	743	757

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
93	Dheri Dhamial	294	85	20		351	181	170	178	169
94	Dheri Mahar Rodu	153	54			215	106	109	106	109
95	Dheri Phalli	1421	344			1476	711	765	708	765
96	Dheri Rampur	220	69			224	124	100	124	100
97	Dheri Kandu Khan	353	82			346	170	176	166	174
		2441	634			2612	1292	1320	1282	1317
98	Pind Khurd	836	212	21		912	451	461	440	446
99	Dheri Thotahl	211	43			208	85	123	82	123
100	Dheri Baruan	349	103			413	204	209	203	207
101	Dheri Barutian	281	68			254	106	148	106	148
102	Dheri Susral	252	67			270	137	133	137	133
103	Chak Sawari	1050	266			1198	580	618	577	618
		2979	759			3255	1563	1692	1545	1675
104	Dhangedev	608	60	22	13	715	345	370	345	370
105	Dhangri Bala	394	113			476	227	249	227	249
106	Boha	1271	322			1424	703	721	699	716
		2273	595			2615	1275	1340	1271	1335
107	Kaneli	747	234	23		833	453	380	452	380
108	Khangal	51	13			70	31	39	2	39
109	Malot	201	52			209	113	96	99	87
110	Barjun	220	54			244	136	108	136	108
111	Sahar	340	88			383	199	184	187	174
112	Mawa	501	128			582	313	269	265	221
		2060	569			2321	1245	1076	1141	970
113	Dungalian	109	35	24		141	79	62	79	62
114	Kalyal Bensi	1394	437			1645	819	826	800	812
115	Jagram	27	8			30	17	13	17	13
116	Bangirila	156	48			186	95	91	95	91
117	Dudal Jagir	622	186			765	375	390	375	390
118	Nandwal	215	68			239	116	123	116	123
		2523	782			3006	1501	1505	1482	1491
119	Dheri Rustam	110	34	25		146	75	71	75	71
120	Potha Bainsi	791	219			909	470	439	470	439
121	Kakra	906	248			1057	530	527	488	498
122	Chak Ghazi	240	58			294	154	140	154	140
		2047	559			2406	1229	1177	1187	1148
123	Damyal	81	29	26		107	53	54	53	54
124	Hardo Sihotha	841	226			995	496	499	496	499
125	Akalgarh	964	277			1150	578	572	578	572
126	Mamnol Bandor	555	162			640	298	342	298	342
127	Haryam Murad Bux	128	30			138	70	68	70	68
128	Rathoha Mahru	112	33			143	72	71	72	71
129	Jural Kalan	156	60			268	137	131	137	131
130	Rathoha Mohamad Ali	501	145			644	325	319	325	319
		3338	962			4085	2029	2056	2029	2056
131	Chak Jawala Shah	11	6	27		21	8	13	6	12
132	Damral	113	21			109	53	56	45	48
133	Jural Khurd	65	12			60	42	38	42	38
134	Thothal	987	262			1263	631	632	630	632
135	Bandral	685	186			841	417	424	415	419
136	Sunnian	193	37			218	113	105	113	105
137	Bharot	304	73			317	156	161	156	161
		2358	597			2849	1420	1429	1407	1415
138	Chak Dharamarth	21	6	28		27	15	12	15	12
139	Bajar	270	77			360	167	193	167	189
140	Andrah Kalan	438	109			517	265	252	265	252
141	Chak Haryam	620	191			757	391	366	391	366
142	Andrah Dharamarth	56	15			55	23	32	23	32
143	Rakhial	193	58			240	108	132	108	132
144	Hardo Uchhi	486	125			581	294	287	248	258
145	Ararha Jagir	47	13			55	29	26	29	26
146	Jamohi	99	36			146	72	74	72	74
		2230	630			2738	1364	1374	1318	1341

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
147	Nakka Chan Shan	109	29	29		120	55	65	43	49
148	Dhalla	365	125			419	213	206	164	165
149	Lakhora	100	32			112	61	51	34	24
150	Jabot	243	81			306	142	164	142	164
151	Kunjri Nawab	87	35			114	54	60	54	60
152	Arah Dharamarth	148	60			176	92	84	92	84
153	Dhangri Bahadur	427	164			527	286	241	286	241
154	Chak Ghayan	185	67			203	112	91	108	89
155	Judhal	375	147			479	265	214	264	212
		2039	740			2456	1280	1176	1187	1088
156	Naloi	593	208	30		710	358	352	358	352
157	Jhang	560	173			687	375	312	371	309
158	Lachmanpura	205	48			201	105	96	105	96
159	Domal	851	222			1010	520	490	512	483
		2209	651			2608	1358	1250	1346	1240
160	Gurah Sultan Ali	162	38	31		168	83	85	83	85
161	Saidan	94	22			97	44	53	44	53
162	Gurah Mani Ram	4	2			7	5	2	5	2
163	Pindora Malyaran	243	68			241	120	121	120	121
164	Fatehpur	641	174			732	366	366	366	366
		1144	304			1245	618	627	618	627
165	Liddar	1574	443	32	14	1816	868	948	868	948
166	Mohra Khanun	57	24			68	35	33	35	33
		1631	467			1884	903	981	903	981
167	Bothi	252	75	33		273	144	129	144	129
168	Chohan	147	53			191	101	90	101	90
169	Moula	257	77			300	158	142	158	142
170	Kharari	143	47			162	98	64	97	64
171	Arnoh	113	32			99	56	43	56	43
		912	284			1025	557	468	556	468
172	Jangwan	190	58	34		209	127	82	127	82
173	Abdullah Pur	689	167			788	380	408	380	408
174	Seri Jagir	168	60			231	99	132	99	132
175	Munda	375	112			415	221	194	184	160
176	Dheri Dewan Chand	136	37			173	85	88	84	86
177	Seb	567	153			730	359	371	359	371
		2125	587			2546	1271	1275	1233	1239
178	Kharak	1160	296	35		1205	564	641	563	641
179	Gurah Sanwla	401	115			485	257	228	257	228
180	Bajothi	85	28			110	50	60	50	60
181	Bhumbal	47	11			50	28	22	28	22
182	Mughal	85	22			85	43	42	43	42
		1778	472			1935	942	993	941	993
183	Sangot	771	214	36		895	473	422	471	420
184	Kunjri Mal	152	53			229	117	112	117	112
185	Balah	557	170			736	377	359	377	359
186	Bhurke	509	143			656	331	325	331	325
		1989	580			2516	1298	1218	1296	1216
187	Mohra Dolu	189	45	37		198	98	100	98	100
188	Khanpur	346	102			376	192	184	191	184
189	Mehta Jagir	257	67			299	144	155	144	155
190	Kalyal Sheru	611	152			642	339	303	339	303
191	Khamahal	392	99			427	232	195	232	195
192	Bhalot	255	67			256	121	135	121	135
193	Barbanni	1003	311			1081	553	528	553	528
		3053	843			3279	1679	1600	1678	1600
194	Dheri Nasur Ullah	273	75	38		339	183	156	183	156
195	Dheri Bhanan	252	70			280	146	134	146	134
196	Thar Chak	150	36			147	71	76	71	76
197	Pail Karim Baksh	164	46			175	90	85	90	85

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
198	Dheri Ramu	431	110			476	251	225	251	225
199	Babyam	427	97			414	206	208	203	208
		1697	434			1831	947	884	944	884
200	Khari Khas	859	193	39		618	331	287	220	205
201	Chak Rai Dewanchand	3	1			2	2		2	
202	Arazi Attar Singh	16	1			8	4	4	4	4
203	Bega Balawal	243	68			270	131	139	131	139
204	Sahib Chak	330	85			352	180	172	175	164
205	Takkipur	67	21			101	54	47	54	47
206	Mohanpur	132	39			178	86	92	86	92
		1650	408			1529	788	741	672	651
107	Kangra	126	33	40		138	80	58	80	58
208	Azizpur	224	63			244	126	118	126	118
209	Lehri	714	202			813	438	375	432	366
210	Bang	205	63			233	120	113	115	102
		1269	361			1428	764	664	753	644
211	Reang	120	39	41		138	75	63	69	57
212	Sunkiah	401	124			422	218	204	218	204
213	Bhaliala	472	123			510	259	251	257	250
214	Kas Kalyal	336	91			374	194	180	186	176
215	Chechian	89	23			88	47	41	37	37
216	Chohan	76	25			78	51	27	32	22
		1494	425			1610	844	766	799	746
217	Chak Thakra	102	29	42	15	102	55	47	55	47
218	Barkat	114	22			98	51	47	51	47
219	Ratali	106	30			112	65	47	64	47
220	Dab	9	9			43	26	17	26	17
221	Khurd	241	60			244	115	129	111	124
222	Chak Doulat	104	26			112	60	52	60	52
223	Chhabrian Gujran	192	54			235	118	117	118	117
224	Pindi Sabarwal	295	76			287	147	140	101	86
225	Chak Raja	54	14			44	26	18	26	18
		1217	320			1277	663	614	612	555
226	Seem	134	52	43		200	105	95	99	91
227	Govindpur	135	49			170	105	65	102	65
228	Dhurnal	111	20			65	32	33	32	33
229	Rangpur	108	34			133	79	54	79	54
230	Lohar		1			5	3	2	3	2
231	Munda	89	26			101	50	51	50	51
232	Chabarian Dattan	32	18			42	21	21	19	19
		609	200			716	395	321	384	315
233	Samwal	599	173	44		555	296	259	223	213
234	Janial	81	26			105	51	54	51	54
235	Datial	152	50			171	81	90	81	90
236	Harchayal	186	58			218	105	113	104	112
237	Naqial	232	59			232	116	116	112	110
238	Banni	534	144			576	283	293	283	293
		1784	510			1857	932	925	854	872
239	Algar	99	25	45		91	47	44	47	44
240	Gurah	71	19			81	37	44	37	44
241	Memonpur	89	20			103	49	54	49	54
242	Ghasitpur Sohlan	165	45			195	93	102	93	102
243	Jangian	160	43			187	101	86	87	73
244	Kotla Dattan	97	21			76	40	36	23	18
245	Chak Sarurni	20	6			23	14	9	14	9
246	Gande	77	16			71	38	33	38	33
247	Chak Mughlani	44	8			29	15	14	15	14
		822	203			850	434	422	403	391
248	Badar	281	63	46		304	155	149	155	149
249	Bains	261	57			230	113	117	113	117
250	Chak Qazi	151	61			194	100	94	98	90
251	Titrot	93	27			115	67	48	67	48

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
252	Burial	126	41			154	85	69	85	69
253	Bhakaral	232	56			217	114	103	103	98
254	Juian	194	54			219	107	112	104	110
255	Saggar	149	32			152	73	79	73	79
256	Dullo Chak	122	24			96	43	53	39	51
257	Chak Langah	170	28			131	65	66	65	66
258	Ghasipur	54	9			47	24	23	24	23
		1833	452			1859	946	913	926	900
259	Sahang	1475	378	47		1768	899	869	890	859
		1475	378			1768	899	869	890	859
260	Sains	143	44	48		161	75	86	75	86
261	Jari	36	3			18	9	7	9	7
262	Mohri	94	30			113	54	59	54	59
263	Balwara	175	52			207	109	98	107	94
264	Chak Sagar	75	22			80	43	37	43	37
265	Shahpur	79	32			85	42	53	42	53
		602	183			672	332	340	330	336
266	Jatle	282	85	49		273	144	129	106	95
267	Gele	145	35			148	71	77	60	63
268	Abdullahpur	262	75			276	148	128	139	113
269	Kalsi	133	22			79	37	42	30	36
270	I ahli	131	41			141	71	70	71	70
271	Hajuran	77	15			86	48	38	48	38
272	Dhorna	176	42			170	89	81	89	81
273	Barutian	114	23			90	35	55	32	49
		1320	338			1263	643	620	575	545
274	Gorian	101	24	50		96	39	57	39	57
275	Mahangraj	39	10			41	25	16	25	16
276	Nougran	162	52			169	88	81	78	73
277	Barsali	92	22			81	42	39	42	39
278	Chatin	253	49			102	56	46	14	12
279	Bhagpur	85	21			96	46	50	46	50
280	Dhamat	75	19			89	46	43	46	43
281	Mughal	59	19			62	38	24	38	24
282	Khokhar	131	30			112	61	51	61	51
		997	246			848	441	407	389	365
283	Dhal Mahmud	172	45	51		160	87	73	80	73
284	Moamar	107	26			109	58	51	58	51
285	Raipur	307	97			373	186	187	182	183
286	Ghasitpur-oran	313	110			364	175	189	171	184
287	Chak Ghaian	154	45			188	87	101	87	101
288	Dhaliala	73	22			109	54	55	54	55
		1126	345			1303	647	656	632	647
289	Mirpur (Town)	7274	2329	52-55	16	8556	4538	4018	1675	1501
		7274	2329			8556	4538	4018	1675	1501
TOTAL		101102	28492			113115	56739	56376	51972	52175

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Male	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
			11							4	
		3	5							10	
			2							6	
				4	2					4	
										9	
										6	
										3	
		16	11	4	2					68	
				9	10					71	28
				9	10					71	28
										4	
				1						1	
		1	4							6	
										2	
										12	
		1	4	1						25	
		13	8	25	26					19	6
				11	14					8	1
		3	6	6	9					26	
		2		5	6					4	2
										7	
										1	
		2	6	1						7	
										4	
		20	20	46	55					76	9
										3	
										8	
		4	3	6	5					9	1
										1	
		26	15	16	19					31	4
										7	
										6	2
										4	
										5	
		30	18	22	24					74	7
										24	7
		6		1						16	6
										61	48
		4	4							68	61
		2	2	2	3					25	27
										14	10
		12	6	3	3					208	159
15	11	2365	2054	483	452					2591	1654
15	11	2365	2054	483	452					2591	1654
92	122	3514	3015	1161	1061					8602	2976

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

S. No.	Name.
3841	Darruni Jagir
3838	Bahlot
3837	Handi
3723	Thala Rajwali
3724	Chapair Jagir
3855	Nanpal
4020	Dhamali
3824	Nathla Dharmarth
4016	Mangoti
4021	Batha
3818	Pail Bakhshi Molraj
3802	Dehinri-Harardu
3786	Jhang-malyaran
3869	Herij-Jagir
3912	Bangreta
3874	Tahmar-chak
3986	Sleem
3969	Gorah-Fazal

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.
34	Darruni
37	Palohot
39	Mandi
47	Thala Rajwalikhan
48	Chapair
62	Thanpal
69	Chak Dhamali
74	Nathla
91	Ganohi
80	Paith
82	Pail
94	Dheri Mahar Rodu
157	Jhang
174	Seri Jagir
116	Bangirila
196	Thar Chak
226	Seem
240	Gurah

(ii) Villages Bela Jangwan, Rupa and Beth Brij Lal serial numbers 3868, 3961 and 4009 respectively of the Village Tables 1931 were unoccupied at the recent Census. These villages therefore do not appear in the Village Tables for 1941.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT MIRPUR, TEHSIL BHIMBAR

CENSUS
VILLAGE

Disrrict Mirpur

Tehsil Bhimbar

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bahmla Ganorha	973	211	1	17	1132	575	557	419	377
2	Tandar	670	157			735	381	354	333	302
		1643	368			1867	956	911	752	679
3	Poona	552	130	2		676	345	331	326	312
4	Barmah	419	105			473	254	219	242	209
5	Bandli	309	72			388	209	179	205	174
		1280	307			1537	808	729	773	695
6	Durhal Gangan	1332	334	3		1580	805	775	800	772
		1332	334			1580	805	775	800	772
7	Haripur	536	134	4		694	337	357	303	327
8	Sariah	665	141			711	351	360	198	184
		1201	275			1405	688	717	501	511
9	Khambah	1850	413	5		2164	1135	1029	654	561
		1850	413			2164	1135	1029	654	561
10	Garhun	808	249	6		917	471	446	345	336
		808	249			917	471	446	345	336
11	Tonin Rijane	1225	359	7		1553	820	733	780	695
		1225	359			1553	820	733	780	695
12	Tonin Raki	1041	272	8		1121	583	538	568	520
		1041	272			1121	583	538	568	520
13	Ramloh		64	9		350	171	179	155	158
14	Samahani	2174	541			2401	1259	1142	1051	953
		2174	605			2751	1430	1321	1206	1111
15	Sarsala	473	122	10		509	261	248	257	247
16	Chonki	756	203			955	491	464	453	420
		1229	325			1464	752	712	710	673
17	Bindi	686	162	11		751	389	362	382	355
		686	162			751	389	362	382	355
18	Baroh	895	214	12		1082	539	543	454	452
		895	214			1082	539	543	454	452
19	Kathiala	880	198	13		999	552	447	494	408
		880	198			999	552	447	494	408
20	Bohani	1001	242	14		1219	601	618	203	174
21	Kanaheat	79	23			99	47	52	46	52
22	Kalsian	791	170			884	461	423	439	402
		1871	435			2202	1109	1093	688	628
23	Laroka	1195	259	15		1317	677	640	657	617
		1195	259			1317	677	640	657	617

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
24	Chahi	1620	386	16		1916	947	969	862	870
		1620	386			1916	947	969	862	870
25	Dab Sandoha	1492	379	17		1809	932	877	874	815
		1492	379			1809	932	877	874	815
26	Bhajnoa	470	112	18		550	269	281	267	277
27	Manpur	293	64			346	173	173	156	150
28	Dhamnaka	365	81			395	211	184	202	182
29	Langar	512	124			583	319	264	311	256
		1640	381			1874	972	902	936	865
30	Ghania	333	81	19		399	181	218	162	185
31	Chouki Handan	1068	238			1218	617	601	596	573
		1401	319			1617	798	819	758	758
32	Gurah Sahib Singh	14	4	20		25	13	12		
33	Nounial	1400	306			1661	871	790	784	716
		1414	310			1686	884	802	784	716
34	Rajpur Kamila	1017	207	21		1016	503	513	486	492
35	Inayatpur	188	34			144	69	75	56	63
		1205	241			1160	572	588	542	555
36	Sudheri	288	69	22	18	347	171	176	159	159
37	Baghsar	274	56			281	151	130	143	117
38	Bagh Chaggan	50	11			66	31	35	25	28
39	Mahtka	21	5			25	15	10		
40	Ghawalian	374	105			509	253	256	212	214
		1007	246			1228	621	607	539	518
41	Rampur Bandala	1895	475	23		2221	1125	1096	1042	1031
42	K'hor	1075	257			1257	630	627	536	527
		2970	732			3478	1755	1723	1578	1558
43	Pandori	543	121	24		570	290	280	238	228
44	Dhing	494	117			559	285	274	208	202
45	Chak Sarkari	63	14			76	35	41	35	41
46	Kalal	887	216			1006	529	477	486	434
47	Mangyot	590	131			607	318	289	156	155
		2577	599			2818	1457	1361	1123	1060
48	Gagrot	1172	282	25		1410	690	720	660	689
49	Durahala	424	95			506	262	244	262	244
50	Hunjana Khanka	636	147			742	369	373	349	350
51	Hunjana Thakra	494	117			677	372	305	278	270
		2726	641			3275	1633	1642	1549	1553
52	Rajal	1417	327	26		1672	834	838	690	723
53	Thhal	218	51			282	147	135	137	130
54	Bagnoti	577	136			683	343	340	330	328
55	Chak Jaralan	201	49			298	148	150	148	150
56	Dundesar	653	138			757	377	380	355	354
		3066	701			3692	1849	1843	1660	1685
57	Qasba Bala	156	49	27		197	109	88	99	75
58	Qasba Pain	471	241			651	379	272	74	34
		627	290			848	488	360	173	109
59	Dabbar	367	83	28		424	223	201	220	196
60	Potha	474	118			521	283	238	236	190
61	Mangal Devi	897	226			976	512	464	230	295
62	Sihal	431	112			480	236	244	106	108
63	Dharat	854	201			946	478	468	316	312
		3023	740			3347	1732	1615	1168	1161

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
64	Lambehri	2015	446	29		2234	1123	1111	985	955
		2015	446			2234	1123	1111	985	955
65	Thhichka	190	55	30		232	116	116	74	79
66	Chak Nawbad	172	46			204	100	104	63	64
67	Mainka	202	51			231	119	112	95	2
68	Kangri	1988	437			2147	1136	1011	694	605
69	Chak Tawela	42	7			50	22	28		
70	Kaldubi	295	73			354	193	161	101	82
71	Changi Kangarial	359	99			431	216	215	97	110
		3248	768			3649	1902	1747	1124	942
72	Tila Tanda	266	62	31		295	152	143	20	21
73	Loharakot	96	29			103	46	57	22	27
74	Bhajwal	2290	570			2627	1313	1314	921	957
75	Phal	80	19			93	43	50		
		2732	680			3118	1554	1564	963	1005
76	Gandeh	37	10	32		44	23	21		
77	Peli	220	58			241	120	121	20	11
78	Dhok Baniar	273	76			296	150	146	58	61
79	Dhar	288	63			253	127	126	11	3
		818	207			834	420	414	89	75
80	Nah	701	169	33		704	369	335	15	118
		701	169			704	369	335	15	118
81	Patni	2565	440	34		2109	1089	1020	750	701
82	Slima Mata		159			821	417	404	233	222
		2565	599			2930	1506	1424	983	923
83	Malot	3665	889	35	19	4199	2069	2130	1530	1584
		3665	889			4199	2069	2130	1530	1584
84	Sangar	409	101	36		503	219	284	214	280
85	Kas Chanater	1111	334			1368	653	715	619	692
		1520	435			1871	872	999	833	972
86	Maghloria	1180	269	37		1248	618	630	581	586
87	Machhora	255	66			285	142	143	142	143
		1435	335			1533	760	773	723	729
88	Pitho Rani	956	227	38		1056	528	528	514	524
89	Salam	262	57			295	153	142	153	142
90	Chak Khurd	18	4			21	8	13	8	13
		1236	288			1372	689	683	675	679
91	Dhandar	1154	286	39		1247	630	617	623	610
92	Kot	665	196			687	346	341	336	336
		1819	482			1934	976	958	959	946
93	Bhoto Sial	250	85	40		304	149	155	149	155
94	Randiam	906	224			1036	539	497	539	497
95	Serla	415	93			410	199	211	198	209
96	Daria	52	19			75	38	37	38	37
97	Bhimber Rijane	58	33			64	31	33	30	33
98	Kasamabad	34	19			77	44	33	34	25
99	Khamb	54	17			62	52	30	52	30
		1769	490			2048	1052	996	1040	986
100	Doura	1698	517	41		1889	957	932	867	950
		1698	517			1889	957	932	867	850
101	Fakrot	684	197	42		758	387	371	387	371
102	Kangra	305	103			416	231	185	231	185
		1049	300			1174	618	556	618	558

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
103	Khadorha	329	110	43		379	200	179	200	179
104	Kamagri	790	208			754	356	308	9	2
105	Jabbi	199	66			211	119	92	114	91
		1318	384			1344	675	669	323	272
106	Selhar	1264	384	44		1432	720	712	530	488
		1264	384			1432	720	712	530	488
107	Kasgumma	1966	490	45		2181	1136	1045	1113	1031
		1966	490			2181	1136	1045	1113	1031
108	Kalari	1200	374	46		1397	688	709	608	660
		1200	374			1397	688	709	608	660
109	Gaggon Mussa	85	38	47		150	66	84	66	84
110	Chhani Raiki	1243	390			1632	970	662	615	560
		1328	428			1782	1036	746	681	644
111	Ghazi Gurah	235	67	48		250	101	149	101	149
112	Gulbahar	370	85			398	198	200	198	200
		605	152			648	299	349	299	349
113	Panjeri	1592	694	49		1794	871	923	846	903
		1592	694			1794	871	923	846	903
114	Dhok Panjeri	1413	399	50		1573	803	770	791	765
115	Sokasan	474	129			500	266	234	266	234
		1887	528			2073	1069	1004	1057	999
116	Dhok Doura	1376	509	51		1695	891	804	884	801
		1376	509			1695	891	804	884	801
117	Pothi	286	89	52		369	208	161	208	161
118	Machhia	102	26			125	59	66	59	66
119	Pandoi	19	7			35	16	19	16	19
120	Lakhpur	338	104			387	185	202	180	200
		745	226			916	468	448	463	446
121	Bhimbar Khas (Town)	2020	505	53	21	2194	1243	951	518	405
		2020	505			2194	1243	951	518	405
122	Jhunja	381	93	54	19	370	196	174	195	174
123	Pindi	1005	281			1089	563	526	544	509
		1386	374			1459	759	700	739	683
124	Mohra Sadda	592	186	55		736	377	359	356	344
125	Barsali	449	115			445	226	219	226	219
		1041	301			1181	603	578	582	563
126	Bharing	1969	597	56		2034	977	1057	877	946
		1969	597			2034	977	1057	877	946
127	Kudhala	773	237	57		1021	525	496	310	277
128	Abhuawala	340	50			228	116	112		
		1113	287			1249	641	608	310	277
129	Ambariala	4251	1115	58		4795	2314	2481	391	420
		4251	1115			4795	2314	2481	391	420
130	Mohkariala	1650	374	59		1851	939	912	353	339
		1650	374			1851	939	912	353	339

1941 POPULATION.

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		280	331	67	65					15	
		5	1							34	2
		285	332	67	65					15	
		138	165	52	59					64	2
		138	165	52	59					64	
		16	12	7	2					80	5
		16	12	7	2					80	5
		38	22	42	27					95	18
		38	22	42	27					95	18
		35	30	320	72					23	8
		35	30	320	72					447	125
										470	133
										29	4
										6	2
										35	6
		25	20							262	92
		25	20							262	92
		12	5							80	6
		12	5							54	
		4	1	3	2					134	6
		4	1	3	2					85	
										85	
										7	
										6	
										1	
		3	2	2						13	1
		3	2	2						27	1
		645	488	61	45			19	13	678	299
		645	488	61	45			19	13	678	299
		1		1						32	15
		8	2	11	15					101	18
		8	2	12	15					133	33
		12	7	0	8					38	5
		12	7	9	8					15	
		12	7	9	8					53	5
		1	2	99	109					174	141
		1	2	99	109					174	141
		153	165	62	54					97	54
		86	96	30	16					19	
		239	261	92	70					116	54
		1384	1472	539	589					358	76
		1334	1472	539	589					358	76
		365	314	221	259					133	60
		323	314	221	259					133	60

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
131	Kharbuza	606	145	60		729	393	336	383	326
132	Barnala	1295	250			1476	748	728	721	708
		1901	490			2205	1141	1064	1104	1034
133	Hazari	732	171	61		841	425	416	245	210
134	Abai	689	178			909	482	427	477	426
		1421	349			1750	907	843	722	636
135	Kanjular	1598	359	62	20	1710	846	864	341	325
136	Chak Hukkam Chand	342	75			403	196	207	11	14
137	Raipur	435	93			478	242	236	32	29
		2375	527			2591	1284	1307	384	368
138	Phadhar	192	40	63		227	125	102	73	57
139	Hir	237	117			614	319	295	315	293
140	Pindi Abdal	559	53			275	138	137	131	131
141	Bhangali	939	178			1037	495	542	42	35
142	Kotal	816	188			974	488	486	242	236
143	Riahana	424	107			508	262	246	246	238
144	Khokhra	260	74			428	214	214	73	62
		3427	757			4063	2041	2022	1049	990
145	Watala	6447	1485	64-66		7294	4013	3281	553	503
		6447	1485			7294	4013	3281	553	503
146	Brahmala	1278	285	67		1531	769	762	181	177
147	Lotal	703	160			826	406	420	70	67
		1981	445			2357	1175	1182	251	244
148	Dewa	5499	1238	68		6533	3305	3228	350	316
		5499	1238			6533	3305	3228	350	316
149	Khadah	419	92	69		469	232	237	110	98
150	Seri Palahi	283	70			303	151	152		
151	Dhakkar	264	70			321	167	154		
152	Battal	194	51			217	108	109	7	4
		1160	283			1310	658	652	117	102
153	Chakla	810	173	70		809	412	397	79	66
154	Mahatarial	677	158			789	386	403	13	10
		1487	331			1598	798	800	92	76
155	Chhamb	3311	803	71		3840	1903	1937	223	221
156	Kherowal	835	182			884	446	438	108	102
157	Chak Nawan	301	70			385	193	192		
		4447	1055			5109	2542	2567	331	323
158	Ghogi	58	14	72		73	46	27		
159	Banian	1008	273			1311	693	618	223	188
160	Pohar	565	137			717	383	334	309	322
		1631	424			2101	1122	979	592	510
161	Devre	314	66	73		335	162	173	91	83
162	Chaner	478	75			424	221	203	192	179
163	Nandpur	320	59			380	186	194	80	77
164	Dhuranwala	544	126			723	388	335	310	293
165	Bokan	266	46			279	139	140	139	140
166	Rohilla	220	47			281	146	135	127	117
167	Tahu	175	41			208	109	97	106	95
168	Kodiar	361	67			400	206	194	199	186
		2687	527			3028	1557	1471	1250	1170
169	Burejal	792	152	74		881	444	417	381	350
170	Tumba	332	67			345	189	156	178	151
171	Bhuseh	325	72			398	202	196	200	195
172	Khisra	210	44			259	136	123	136	123

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
173	Jhandia	748	190			888	449	439	94	85
174	Dalla	367	86			423	213	210	189	185
		2774	611			3174	1633	1541	1178	1089
175	Kharian	59	16	75		79	40	39	37	36
176	Mankotian	304	70			335	154	181	43	35
177	Panjgarian	388	108			468	249	219	183	146
178	Chak Baddu	25	10			31	18	13	13	10
179	Malka Chak	411	91			504	259	245	208	215
180	Gorere	274	76			310	167	143	110	96
		1461	371			1727	887	840	594	538
181	Bali Rampur	338	109	76		386	169	217	6	3
182	Bohani	915	235			1110	547	563	42	48
183	Nagial	398	111			476	257	219	4	1
184	Chak Pandit	589	126			714	369	345	7	4
185	Garhi Dherju	73	29			59	32	27		
186	Raipur	54	18			69	33	36	7	5
		2367	628			2814	1407	1407	66	61
187	Lakho Chak	310	76	77		376	200	176	145	117
188	Arana	123	25			120	62	58	52	49
189	Sadhanwali	25	6			17	10	7	10	7
190	Chak Sabla	68	15			85	43	42	31	27
191	Chambarial	75	16			87	41	46		
		601	138			685	356	329	238	200
192	Manawar (Town)	2120	576	78-79	22	2580	1369	1211	555	479
		2120	576			2580	1369	1211	555	479
193	Nowshera Cantonment—									
	Military Population		154	80-82	23	511	511		15	
	Civil					101	95	6	21	6
	M. P.		154			511	511		15	
						101	95	6	21	6
	TOTAL	140858	35302			161992	82840	79152	53748	51429
	M. P.		154			511	511		15	
	GRAND TOTAL	140858	35456			162503	83351	79152	53763	51429

*Others—49M, 37F Indian Christians; 1M, 1F Other Christians.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
4148	Barjah	4	Barmah
4162	Sanduha	25	Dab Sandoha
4186	Pandori Hinduwan	43	Pandori
4168	Dindaka	28	Dhamnaka
4202	Bahyal	75	Phal
4197	Pitan	81	Patni
4036	Falamrot	101	Fakrot
4042	Dharma	96	Daria
4106	Amotal	147	Lotal
4133	Mangial	183	Nagial

(ii) Ramloh serial number 13 of the Village Tables 1941 is not traceable from 1931 Village Tables. This village was probably included with Samahani serial number 4164 of the Village Tables 1931. Samahani appears under serial number 14 in this table. Similarly Slima Mata serial number 82 of the Village Tables 1941 was probably included with Patan serial number 4197 of the Village Tables 1931. Patni which is correct name for Patan, appears under serial number 81 in this table.

1914 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		349	349	6	5					42	
		24	25							10	1
		448	446	7	6					161	32
1	2	2	1							2	1
		108	143	3	3					19	1
3	6	51	58					12	9	27	4
		5	3							4	
		51	30							56	12
		57	47							2	
4	8	274	282	3	3			12	9	110	18
		163	214							14	1
		459	469	46	46					54	4
		244	206	9	12					12	
		358	337	4	4					34	2
		32	27								
		26	31							2	
		1282	1284	59	62					116	7
13	16	42	43							10	3
		10	9							4	
		12	15							1	
		41	46							6	
13	16	105	113							21	3
		508	473	290	246			16	13	598	242
		508	473	290	246			16	13	598	242
		496								246	
		71		3							
		496								246	
		71		3							
52	56	24649	23521	4341	4108			50	38	9295	2167
		496								246	
52	56	25145	23521	4341	4108			50	38	9541	2167

(iii) The numbering of Census Divisions in Bhimber Tehsil was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the Circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the Charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 17 to 23. All are shown in the Tables but they do not run consecutively with the Circles. Circle totals are given but owing to the defect referred to total for Charge 19 cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated circles forming this Charge.

(iv) The figures for females under Shias and Sikhs are given in these tables as 56 and 4108 respectively whereas the Compilation registers for Imperial Table XIII show the correct figures to be 36 and 4128 respectively. It was not practical at the time the discrepancy was detected to trace the cause of this error in the Village Tables, increasing Shias by 20 and reducing Sikhs by the same number. The figures for Shias are not given separately in Imperial Table XIII but those for Sikhs are. Imperial Table XIII is correct. The figures for total population are not affected.

CHENANI JAGIR DISTRICT.

This Jagir is situated within the limits of the Udhampur Wazarat. It is close to Batote and Kud which are summer resorts on the B. C. Road. The total area is 95 sq. miles. The Raja of Chenani is a hereditary Jagirdar. The Jagir consists of 48 villages.

The lower parts of the area experience high temperatures in summer but on the whole the climate is good. The headquarters of the administration are at Chenani Khas where the Raja Sahib resides.

2. Population.—At the recent Census the population was 11,796 against 10,925 in 1931. This gives an increase of 7.95 per cent. against 10.29 per cent. for the whole State. Hindus form the bulk of the population; there are 2670 members of the Scheduled castes. The higher caste Hindus number 6,911 most of whom are Dogras. There are 2,205 Muslims.

3. Migrations.—During the winter a number of labourers, mostly Baltis, enter the area in search of work and obtain employment as coolies on road construction and maintenance works.

Kashmiris pass through the area on their way to the Punjab in the winter; few of these temporary emigrants stay in Chenani for long as they get better wages in the Punjab. At the time of the Census 93 Baltis and 537 Kashmiri Muslims were enumerated in the area. Bakerwals pass through the area in the spring to their summer grazing grounds and back again in the autumn to their winter quarters. All these migrations are purely temporary and have no permanent effect on the population.

4. Agriculture.—The chief crops are maize, wheat, barley and rice; some trumba is grown too. Maize and wheat are the staple food grains and of these the production is sufficient; some rice is imported.

Local authorities report that prices have been normal. Water for irrigation purposes is reported to be insufficient.

Efforts have been made to induce inhabitants to grow fruit and vegetables to supplement their incomes but to date these efforts have not been successful.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no

real industries. As in most areas of the State the people make blankets etc., on hand looms for their own use. Forest exploitation works provide some employment for the people. Work is also available under contractors on repairs and construction on the B. C. Road which passes through the Jagir. The people of the area are said to be ease-loving and lethargic and not to take full advantage of these opportunities to supplement their incomes.

6. Subsistence and Indebtedness.—Local authorities say that the standard of living varies according to caste but that the differences are so small that it is not possible to differentiate. There are no records on the subject; the figures given are approximate. The average monthly income per head for an earner is put at Rs. 4 and the average per head for all at Rs. 1-8-0. The expenditure per head per month is put at Rs. 3-14-0. This figure makes no provision for payment of revenue, expenditure connected with births, deaths, marriages and other ceremonies. In these circumstances, most of the inhabitants must carry a considerable load of debt. Means of subsistence would appear to be inadequate and the present low standard of living must deteriorate unless remedial measures are taken. Prices for local produce assumed at the time of the Settlement and those obtaining for the past three years are reported to be the same subject to minor fluctuations which have no bearing on the position.

7. Education.—The standard of education in the area is low. There are only three Primary Schools in the whole Jagir. At the time of the Census only 347 persons were returned as literate and even these figures may exaggerate the actual position. It is clear that an improvement in educational activities is much to be desired.

8. Health and Water Supply.—The health conditions in the area cannot be described as good. There is only one dispensary. The chief causes of illness and death are reported to be pneumonia, typhoid fever and malaria. Venereal disease is said to be widespread. This must have an adverse effect on the health and constitution of the people. Drinking water supplies are stated to be satisfactory except in the KOTHARA and MARSUH villages of the RODHAR illaqa. It would appear that there are no springs or streams in the localities mentioned and that the inhabitants have to fetch water from a distance

of 1½ miles. The conditions as regards health, medical facilities and drinking water supply would appear to call for improvement.

9. Miscellaneous.—(i) A comparatively large Hindu religious fair is held at SIDH MAHADEV Maharaj Shivaji Temple at the end of Jeth each year and lasts for four days. The attendance during this period is said to reach ten thousand, including many persons from the Punjab. There are some other minor fairs of no importance.

(ii) The SIDH MAHADEV temple is

reputed to be of some archaeological interest.

A few other ancient temples are found in Chenani Khas, the most important of which is DOSALA. A temple in the Hardwar village of Malwana illaqa is reported to be of Buddhist origin.

(iii) The village of KUD situated on the B. C. Road has recently developed into a summer resort. It is healthy and cool and may well expand considerably during the next decade.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT CHENANI JAGIR, TEHSIL CHENANI

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Chenani Jagir**Tehsil Chenani**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Madah	1004	202	1	1	1043	554	489	93	36
2	Kither	56	16			65	31	34		
3	Ghantwal	417	92			432	224	208		
4	Koorood	38	4			20	12	8	12	8
5	Champiari	127	23			73	41	32	11	7
6	Batna	29	15			49	26	23	18	10
7	Chenani	852	264			876	462	414	64	54
		2523	616			2558	1350	1208	198	115
8	Kud	506	180	2		1229	906	323	485	12
9	Mandlot	190	33			142	72	70		
10	Pachoot	244	57			240	124	116	6	5
11	Ainch	58	14			62	35	27	7	11
12	Khatriad	29	6			28	16	12		
13	Sangoot	47	15			49	20	29	8	5
14	Bushti	122	54			206	114	92	13	10
15	Chaliard	235	65			258	124	134	12	11
16	Basht	260	38			105	54	51	19	19
17	Margana	9	1			9	5	4	5	4
18	Mandir Dosala	35	9			27	13	14	2	3
		1735	472			2355	1483	872	557	80
19	Bachul	189	41	3	2	179	94	85	13	8
20	Kutwalat	260	73			323	157	166	32	34
21	Karlah	482	125			509	264	245	13	13
22	Sudh Mahadev	370	109			378	202	176	20	9
23	Hari Dawar	70	20			77	42	35	2	2
24	Kharwah	62	12			49	22	27	4	8
25	Baien	444	81			401	187	214	58	81
		1877	461			1916	968	948	142	155
26	Ghumarli	103	20	4		98	49	49	8	9
27	Manetalai	232	48			210	111	99	15	9
28	Kohsar	370	74			402	214	188	64	51
29	Bup	393	85			375	194	181	15	24
30	Sarahad	428	97			476	245	231	28	29
31	Gashand	106	22			84	46	38	13	11
32	Jig	99	23			119	59	60	9	16
		1731	369			1764	918	846	152	149
33	Karmeel	88	39	5	3	178	96	82	42	32
34	Ramgarh	140	34			139	74	65	2	1
35	Ghanbuta	78	17			88	48	40	4	1
36	Assur	355	77			368	210	158	58	57
37	Jathi	140	22			172	107	65	100	63
38	Marsoh	75	16			73	49	24	8	1
39	Kuthiara	279	53			271	159	112	28	3
40	Ranka	392	69			378	210	168	1	1
41	Lalhote	44	18			64	39	25		
		1591	345			1731	992	739	243	159
42	Charota	590	149	6		716	359	357	3	7
43	Kharonti	113	34			178	97	81		
44	Buland-Pore	139	32			154	79	75	8	4
45	Seote	252	48			243	137	106	5	7
46	Bardi	196	36			181	92	89	40	38
		1290	299			1472	764	708	56	56
47	Thanda Pani	55								
48	Pata Balga Jagwas	123								
		178								
TEHSIL TOTAL		10925	2562			11796	6475	5321	1348	714

1931

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		461	453							8	
		31	34							1	
		224	208							10	
		30	25							3	
3		8	13							125	17
		395	360							147	17
3		1149	1093							30	
107		311	311	3						2	
		72	76								
		118	111								
		28	16								
		16	12							2	
		12	24								
		101	82								
		112	123							6	
		35	32								
		11	11								
107		816	792	3						40	
		81	77							14	
		125	132							1	
		251	232							14	
		180	167	2						2	
		40	33							1	
		18	19							2	
		129	133								
		824	793	2						34	
		41	40								
		96	90								
		150	137								
		179	157								
		217	202								
		33	27								
		50	44								
		766	697								
		54	50							15	
		72	64							8	
		44	39								
33		116	100	3	1					40	
		6	2	1						12	
		41	23							5	
		131	109							3	
		209	167							11	
		39	25							1	
33		712	579	4	1					95	
		356	350							9	
		97	81							4	
		71	71								
		132	99							1	
		52	51								
		703	652							14	
		75	466	9	1					330	17

(i) Thanda Pani and Pata Balga Jagwas serial numbers 47 and 48 respectively of the Village Tables 1941 though occupied in 1931 were unoccupied at the present Census.

(ii) Ramgarh serial number 34 of the 1941 Village Tables was shown as Pagar in 1931.

(iii) Chakmla, Awani and Khandheri were shown as separate villages in the 1931 Village Tables. As these are only Moharas they will not appear in the 1941 Village Tables. The population of these areas has been included with Assur, serial number 36, in the 1941 Village Tables.

(iv) Village Nalhot of 1931 Village Tables does not appear in the 1941 Village Tables. The population of this area has been included with Kuthiara, serial number 39 of the 1941 Village Tables. It is only a Mohara.

(v) Daragri, Soketar, Halyan Pohni, Kharyas, Mahout and Jatahar were shown as villages in the 1931 Village Tables. As these are only Moharas they do not appear in the 1941 Village Tables. The population of these areas has been added to Charota, serial number 42 of the 1941 Village Tables.

POONCH JAGIR.

The Poonch Jagir lies to the north of the Jammu Province. Its western boundary is formed by the river Jhelum which flows directly south from Kohala to the Mangla canal head works in the Mirpur District. Poonch is on the left or eastern bank of the Jhelum; on the right bank are the Murree and Rawalpindi Districts of the Punjab. To the north of Poonch are the Uri and Badgam Tehsils of the Kashmir Province. On the east it is separated from the Pulwama and Kulgam Tehsils of Kashmir by the Pir Panjal range. To the south it is bounded by the Kotli and Rajouri Tehsils of the Jammu Province. The area of the Jagir is 1,627 sq. miles; this figure does not include the Karloop Jagir the area of which is 4 sq. miles. The villages forming the latter are not a part of Poonch Jagir geographically. They are situated in the Jammu and Ramnagar Tehsils of the Jammu Province and are not adjacent to Poonch. The population of these villages has not been included with Poonch Jagir in the past. For census purposes it is suitable to exclude both the area and population of Karloop Jagir from the figures for Poonch and to include the villages comprising the Karloop Jagir, both as regards area and population, with the tehsils in which they are situated.

The fact that the revenue for the Karloop Jagir villages is paid to the Jagirdar's exchequer does not affect the question. Similarly, the fact that the area and population of these villages are not included with Poonch Jagir does not affect the Jagirdar's rights in any way.

Most of the inhabited villages of Poonch Jagir are situated at elevations ranging from about 2,000 ft. to 4,500 ft. Poonch, the chief town and headquarters of the Jagirdar and the administration, is 3,210 ft. The peaks of the Pir Panjal range, separating Poonch from the Kashmir Province, exceed 15,000 ft. in places. Communication with Kashmir is difficult. The most direct route from Poonch town is that leading over the Haji Pir Pass to Uri. Another route from the Mendhar Tehsil leads over the Pir Panjal Pass to Shupiyani in Kulgam. On the north-east boundary mountain paths lead to Gulmarg, the Kashmir summer hill station. When the new road from Poonch to Uri, now under part construction, is completed communications will be greatly facilitated.

To reach Poonch from Jammu by car at present involves a circuitous journey *via* Jhelum, crossing that river by ferry and thence *via* Mirpur and Kotli. A car can travel by a slightly shorter route if a permit to go *via* the Jhelum Canal bank is obtained from the Jhelum Canal authorities. This is not unreasonably withheld from State officials but it is not available to the general public or to lorries; use of the Canal bank is not permitted by anyone in wet weather. A road from Jammu through Akhnur and Rajouri Tehsils is under construction. If and when carried on to join the Kotli-Poonch road this will do much to make Poonch more accessible and to open up the country through which it passes. From the Bagh and Sudhnoti Tehsils, which are on the border of the Punjab, a number of paths lead to the Jhelum and then by ferry across to Murree and Rawalpindi Districts. The area is mountainous in the north and east and hilly to the south and west. Everywhere it is broken. The country generally slopes from the north-east to the south-west from the Pir Panjal to the foot-hills of the Punjab. At the higher elevations it is naturally cold in winter and temperate in summer. But in the lower valleys and more inhabited areas and the localities bordering the Mirpur District and the Punjab the climate is delightful in winter but very hot in summer. The administration is different to that obtaining elsewhere in the State. At the head is the Jagirdar, the Raja of Poonch, who at the time of the census was a minor. During the minority an Administrator has been appointed by His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur, responsible to His Highness' Government, who performs the duties connected with the practical administration of the Jagir normally performed by the Jagirdar. The Raja of Poonch belongs to a branch of the ruling family of the State. As Jagirdar, he enjoys certain personal rights and privileges but the laws of the State have full force in the Jagir and His Highness' Government retain the right to ensure the maintenance of law and order and good government. The administration has its own officials, some of whom are borrowed from the Jammu and Kashmir services, and carries on without interference from His Highness' Government unless the necessity to do so arises.

There are four tehsils named Bagh, Sudhnoti, Haveli and Mendhar respectively. Roughly

speaking, Bagh lies to the north-west, Sudhnoti to the south-west, Haveli to the north-east and Mendhar to the south-east. Bagh, 321 sq. miles, is the smallest tehsil; next comes Sudhnoti, 348 sq. miles. Haveli and Mendhar are of the same area, each 479 sq. miles. The climate varies not according to geographical position but to altitude and local position. The bottom of a narrow low-lying valley will obviously be hotter in summer than a more open position of the same altitude. The Poonch river flows through the main valley on to Kotli to join the Jhelum near Mirpur.

2. Population.—The population of the Jagir in 1931 was 3,87,384. At the recent Census it was 4,21,828, an increase of 8.89 per cent. against 10.29 for the whole State. The population of the various tehsils at this census was Bagh 1,01,091 against 93,956 in 1931, Sudhnoti 1,08,300 against 1,00,470, Haveli 1,10,733 against 1,01,151 and Mendhar 1,01,704 against 91,807. Details of occupied houses and the composition of the population of each tehsil can be seen by a reference to the tables. The increase is below the average for the whole State. This may be attributed partly to increased migration to the Punjab in the winter, when the Census was taken, in search of employment and enlistment in various units of the Indian army with which this district, especially tehsils Bagh and Sudhnoti, has a close and long established association. The percentage increase is lowest in the Sudhnoti Tehsil and highest in the Mendhar Tehsil. This may reasonably be attributed to the fact that the former is the tehsil nearest to the Punjab, and probably most affected by movement in search of employment and by enlistment, and that the latter is the farthest removed and the people have less incentive to leave their homes.

If we examine the communal composition of the population as a whole we find that Muslims greatly predominate with Hindus next and the Sikhs third. This order obtains in the tehsils individually with the exception of Bagh where the Sikhs outnumber Hindus. Of the Muslims we find there are very few of the Shia sect in Bagh, none at all in Sudhnoti, just over 1,600 in Haveli and a few below 500 in Mendhar. Over 90 per cent. of the total population is Muslim. The majority of the Hindus live in Sudhnoti. Ethnologically, the inhabitants are more closely related to the people of the Punjab than those living in other parts of the State. A large number of the Muslims are of Gujjar stock; most of the others are of the same stock as the Muslims of the neighbouring districts of Mirpur and the Punjab; there are few Rajputs. The Hindus

are by race mostly akin to those living in the Mirpur District; a few are Rajputs, including the Jagirdar and his family. The Sikhs living in the Jagir have more in common with those of the Punjab than with their co-religionists in Kashmir.

3. Migrations.—During the past decade few immigrants have come to stay. The Bakarwals of neighbouring localities, more particularly from Rajouri and Kotli, annually visit Poonch during the winter to graze their flocks. They stay for a short time only. In the summer there is considerable movement of flocks and herds in both directions. That is to say, Poonch herdsmen take their flocks to convenient grazing grounds in the hills of adjacent districts and some herds from outside graze in Poonch.

The other districts between which these movements take place are Baramulla, Muzaffarabad, Kulgam, Reasi and Mirpur; they have no permanent effect on the population. There is some movement in the summer of people living in Poonch Town and in villages at low levels. Those who can do so, and many of them own land or houses at higher altitudes, leave their winter quarters to escape from the heat. These summer migrations chiefly take place from Bagh, Haveli and Mendhar Tehsils; they have no effect on the permanent population. Men in some numbers, particularly from Haveli, go to the Kishenganga valley (Muzaffarabad District) and Bhadarwah and Kishtwar (Udhampur District) for employment in connection with the felling and sawing of timber and the carriage and floating of beams and logs. In the summer men from the Mandi and Kahuta localities of the Haveli Tehsil go over the Pir Panjal to Gulmarg in search of employment in all sorts of capacities. In the winter some Baltis, also carpenters and masons from Kashmir, find their way to Poonch Town in search of employment. They return as soon as the spring comes.

During the winter men from all tehsils go to the plains of India in search of employment. The chief centres to which they migrate are Rawalpindi, Jhelum and Peshawar. The men of Bagh go to Murree in the summer. These migrations to the Punjab and other places in the winter must affect the population figures because the census is usually taken at the end of February or early in March but, as these migrations are annual, only an abnormal exodus in any particular census year would have any effect on the figures for purposes of comparison. It is probable that the figures recorded on this occasion have been affected by these movements and by

enlistment, especially in the case of Bagh and Sudhnoti. In these two tehsils, in particular, the average size of holdings is small, crops are uncertain and outturn inadequate to meet local requirements. The other tehsils are subject to the same difficulties but to a less extent. A considerable number of men from the Bagh and Sudhnoti Tehsils, and in smaller numbers from Haveli and Mendhar Tehsils, enlist in the various units of the Indian army and get employment in various civil departments, especially railways, in British India. Many of them get domestic service in one capacity or another. Most of these men return to their homes at varying intervals. They do not dispose of any land they may have. Few leave the area for good. It is reasonable to suppose that at the recent census a larger number of men than usual were away from their homes at the time of enumeration owing to increased enlistment and the increased demand for labour. It is possible that some of those absent were recorded as in their homes, their 'Usual place of residence.' This, however, would only apply to those likely to be away for a short time and not to those away for an indefinite period as in the case of those enlisting in various units of the army.

4. Agriculture.—The great bulk of the population is dependent on the production of grain crops; livestock and flocks are kept to supplement cultivation.

The chief crops are maize, wheat and rice; a little barley is grown in all tehsils and bajra in Bagh and Sudhnoti Tehsils. Maize is the staple food grain and forms about two-thirds of the total cultivated area. It grows best in Haveli and Mendhar. The maize produced is sufficient to meet local consumption in most areas of the Jagir but in the Bagh and Sudhnoti Tehsils, especially in the Kandi illaqa, it is deficient and has to be imported.

Wheat is second in importance as a staple food grain; about one-sixth of the total cultivated area is under wheat. Mendhar produces the largest crop. Production is not sufficient to meet the requirements of the district and considerable quantities are imported. Rice is grown on a comparatively small scale; it covers about one-tenth of the cultivated area. Production is inadequate. Tehsils Bagh and Sudhnoti draw grain supplies from Haveli and Mendhar to supplement their own inadequate production; the last two named tehsils import to make good the deficiency thus caused. Imports are obtained from the neighbouring tehsils of Rajouri, Uri, Baramulla, Muzaffarabad and Kulgam and

by Bagh to Sudhnoti from adjoining districts of the Punjab. When the new road from Uri to Poonch has been completed the flow of imports will be facilitated. There is some irrigation particularly in Haveli but in other areas crops for the most part depend on adequate and timely rainfall. Bagh and Sudhnoti Tehsils suffer from lack of rain and are subject to drought. If irrigation could be developed conditions in these areas would improve very considerably. There is only a very small area under gardens and orchards. There are some in and near Poonch Town. A few trees are scattered about in villages mostly near to houses. Apples, apricots, plums, peaches, pears, aluchas, alubakharas, guavas, mulberries, grapes, bananas, oranges, lemons, loquats and pomegranates are all grown in limited quantities but for the most part under no proper control. Walnuts and pomegranate seeds (anardana) are exported. The fruit produced is not sufficient for local consumption and quantities are imported from Kashmir and British India. It is believed that well directed efforts in suitable localities would make fruit growing profitable.

Vegetables are not grown as a cash crop except in Poonch Town. In the villages, the inhabitants grow vegetables for their own requirements in a small patch of land near their houses reserved for the purpose. A considerable variety is grown but in quantities insufficient to meet local requirements. Imports are obtained from Mirpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Gujarkhan. It is believed that vegetables could be grown in selected areas as a profitable cash crop. Of those grown the more important are potatoes, onions, garlic, chillies, tomatoes, brinjals, gourds, pumpkin, radish, turnip, carrots, beans, cabbage, peas, cucumbers and melons of local varieties.

The area under both fruit and vegetables is said to be increasing. Regular Land Settlement has been carried out in the Jagir. No fairs are held for the specific purpose of sale or interchange of produce and commodities.

Ghee is produced in fair quantities in Haveli and Mendhar Tehsils, some money crops such as pulses and oilseeds are grown. In Haveli income from other sources is supplemented by the collection and sale of Guchis and banafsha.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no industries worth the name and there is little outlet for labour in the district. In Poonch Town there are a small silk factory, a tannery and two small shoe factories. There is also a

government owned distillery. In Mendhar Tehsil resin is manufactured on a small scale and an effort has been made to establish apiculture as a cottage industry. Wool spinning and weaving on hand looms is carried on throughout the district and cotton spinning and weaving in some areas. The articles are made for domestic use only. Other local cottage industries are pottery, shoe-making, snuff making, soap making and the manufacture of fireworks. The rearing of silk worms and the production of cocoons for the Government silk factory and bee-keeping are carried on in tehsils Haveli, Sudhnoti and Mendhar. In the past the forests were exploited to excess with the result that there is little scope for timber extraction now nor will there be for some time to come. It is unfortunate that this outlet for labour which gave employment in the past no longer exists. There is little road construction or building in progress. The construction of better roads and more roads would provide employment for a limited number for a time. Until conditions change very considerably the bulk of the population must continue to rely almost entirely on agriculture and their able bodied men must continue to leave the district in large numbers to enlist or in search of employment as casual labourers or domestic servants. Men employed in the district as labourers on various kinds of work earn from 4 to 6 annas a day; skilled labour and artisans earn from 0-8-0 to Re. 1-0-0 per day.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—

The rates for agricultural produce now obtaining compare very favourably with the assessment rates fixed at the time of the Settlement nearly 40 years ago. Prices have continued to rise throughout the past decade and those zamindars fortunate enough to have produce surplus to their own requirements should be much better off than they were formerly. But it must be correspondingly more difficult to earn enough to live for those who have no land or insufficient to support themselves and their families. With the tendency prevalent everywhere towards fragmentation of holdings, inseparable from the laws of inheritance governing Muslims, it is more than probable that the majority of the holdings are too small to support their owners and their families. There can be no room for complaint against assessment rates. These were rightly fixed at a low scale. Presumably, the fact that most of the district is dependent on timely rains for good crops was taken into consideration. Bagh and Sudhnoti, especially in the Kandi ill qa, suffer the most from the vagaries of the weather. Since the district as a whole is not self-supporting in food grains but has to import considerable quantities

the price levels obtaining within the district are affected considerably, if not almost entirely controlled, by the price at which the various food grains can be imported from neighbouring districts. At first sight, it would appear that high price levels for agricultural produce in a district almost entirely agricultural must indicate prosperity and a good standard of living. This would be the case if the district as a whole had surpluses for export and zamindars were not in the clutches of moneylenders. There is no surplus; the reverse is the case and the reverse is the case as regards the standard of living. The majority of the people live from hand to mouth and their standard of living is poor and probably deteriorating. Most of them are firm in the clutches of the moneylender. It is difficult to arrive at figures for income, expenditure and indebtedness and without carrying out a close survey by trained investigators in selected areas. The figures given are, necessarily approximate only; no claim is made for their accuracy. Details of the annual income of a family of five persons in Bagh amount to Rs. 93 and expenditure at Rs. 125. A family of six in Sudhnoti Tehsil is shown to have an income of Rs. 143-4-0 with expenditure at Rs. 153-12-0. In Haveli the example is a family of 5. The total income is given as Rs. 116 with expenditure at Rs. 115-15-0. The last example is taken from Mendhar, a family of 6. The total income is shown to be Rs. 88 and expenditure as Rs. 91.

It is not profitable to discuss these figures item by item as the details on which total income and expenditure are based have not been verified. But they may be accepted as representative; they have been collected by a responsible official. The first two examples show gradual but definite increase of indebtedness; the third shows a hand to mouth struggle to live and avoid debt and the last a small excess of expenditure over income. In none of these instances has any provision been made under expenditure for expenses connected with marriages, deaths and other ceremonies which have to be performed and which take a good deal of the peasants' hard earned income. No provision is made for health except in the third example where Rs. 5 is provided for a year. Illness is not covered. From the facts available it seems clear that indebtedness is increasing in this district and the standing of living falling. Service in the army or work away from home seem to be the only means by which most of the population can avoid further debt or pay off some of their existing debts.

7. Education.—In the whole district there are three High Schools, 6 Middle Schools and

nearly a hundred Primary Schools. One of the two High Schools in Haveli is an aided school. In addition there are three private girls' schools and one Pathshala in Poonch Town.

Local opinion is to the effect that there are insufficient Primary Schools in all tehsils. The distances are large and communications poor. It is unreasonable to expect small children of primary school age to go long distances to attend school unless enthusiasm has been aroused. It apparently has not as schools in some districts do not appear to be as well attended as they might be.

Four of the six Middle Schools in the whole district are located in Bagh Tehsil which has no High School. This would appear to be an unusual distribution. It might be feasible to convert one of the Middle Schools of Bagh into a High School. Sudhnoti has one High School and one Middle School. Local opinion does not consider this sufficient. Apparently, there are no Middle Schools in Haveli but two High Schools, both situated in Poonch Town. Mendhar has no High School and only one Middle School. Some better provision would appear to be called for.

If we examine the tables we find 7,958 males and 2,427 females returned as literate in Bagh; this is just over 10 per cent. of the population. The figures for Sudhnoti are not so favourable. They show 5,681 males and 362 females as literate which is a little over 5.5 per cent. In Haveli 6,015 males and 1,272 females are shown as literate. This is a little under 6.6 per cent. Mendhar comes last with 2,823 literate males and 136 females. In this case the percentage is only 2.9. It would seem that literacy increases with the number of High Schools and Middle Schools and that Mendhar is badly supplied in this respect. The benefits of primary education are liable to be lost unless facilities exist for a higher standard of education for those who wish to make further progress. Many of those attending primary schools never obtain and retain literacy. Better educational facilities in all areas should make it easier for the future generation to go out of the district and obtain a satisfactory means of livelihood.

8. Health and Water Supply.—The commonest causes of illness and death are said to be malaria, small-pox, pneumonia, influenza and typhoid fever. Medical aid and facilities appear to be inadequate. Government medical aid consists of one dispensary in Bagh, two dispensaries in Sudhnoti, one small hospital in Haveli (Poonch Town) and one dispensary in Mendhar. This cannot be considered adequate

for a population of over 4 lacs. In Bagh Tehsil lack of medical aid is a cause of complaint. Drinking water supplies are reported to be inadequate in part of the tehsil. Malaria is said to be the cause of much sickness and death in Sudhnoti Tehsil. Small-pox and pneumonia are also frequent causes of death. The two existing dispensaries are said to be entirely inadequate. Drinking water is sufficient and of good quality. Malaria is also severe in Haveli; this, together with pneumonia and small-pox, is said to be the chief cause of sickness and death. Drinking water is reported to be adequate and good but there is general complaint that medical aid is inadequate. In Mendhar also malaria, pneumonia and small-pox are reported to be the chief causes of sickness and death. The one dispensary does not meet local requirements and the inhabitants suffer for want of medical aid. Drinking water supplies are said to be good and sufficient.

There are hot Sulphur springs at Tattapani in Mendhar Tehsil on the right bank of the Poonch river. These are said to have valuable medicinal qualities. Large numbers visit the place to benefit from the waters but the arrangements are primitive and should be taken in hand and vastly improved.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) The principal fairs held in the district are:—

- (i) Baisakhi fair in Sudhnoti.
- (ii) Chet Chaudashi fair at Poonch Town.
- (iii) At Nagali, a sacred place in Haveli, a fair is held on Baisakhi. It is said to be attended by 1,000 people.
- (iv) At Shri Amar Nath fair is held on Rakhari day and is said to be attended by about 3,000 people.
- (v) An Exhibition is held in Poonch Town in Baisakh.
- (vi) Sakhi Sarwan Pir's fair in Mendhar is attended by about 1,500 people.

(b) Places of archaeological and local interest are —

- (i) Brahmpora temple in Sudhnoti Tehsil.
- (ii) At Behramgola in Sudhnoti there are the ruins of an old fort said to belong to Moghal times,

(iii) Ancient ruins at Maliabad in Haveli Tehsil said to belong to Moghal times.

(iv) Amar Nath temple at Mandi in Haveli.

(v) Ruins of a temple at Mandhol village in Mendhar Tehsil.

(vi) A waterfall near Bahramgola on the

old Moghal route to Kashmir is called 'Noori Chhamb.' It is said to be named after Noor Jehan and the word 'Chhamb' derived from Kashmiri and means 'precipice'.

(vii) The sulphur springs at Tattapani, referred to in para. 8 above, deserve attention and are well worth proper development.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT POONCH JAGIR, TEHSIL BAGH

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Poonch Jagir**Tehsil Bagh**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Hilsurang	1433	299	1	1	1375	727	648	602	536
		1433	299			1375	727	648	602	536
2	Patharah	546	126	2		561	282	279	269	271
3	Sangar	574	122			650	342	308	342	308
		1120	248			1211	624	587	611	579
4	Chamyati	1628	374	3		2065	1063	1002	1032	976
		1628	374			2065	1063	1002	1032	976
5	Chamal Kote	912	208	4		956	458	498	451	490
6	Manhasah	494	119			533	263	270	263	270
7	Malal Baglah	345	76			365	183	182	179	181
		1751	403			1854	904	950	893	941
8	Sahlian Dhundhan	1317	280	5		1453	703	750	688	734
		1317	280			1453	703	750	688	734
9	Mandri	854	141	6		984	512	472	512	472
		854	141			984	512	472	512	472
10	Kalas	556	117	7		601	281	320	281	320
11	Khantalriyalah	849	134			636	306	330	306	330
12	Danah	267	70			345	181	164	181	164
		1672	321			1582	768	814	768	814
13	Sesar	561	120	8		592	319	273	289	245
14	Dher	146	34			184	92	92	92	92
		707	154			776	411	365	381	337
15	Fatehpur	285	50	9		283	145	138	135	131
16	Sohawah	1072	198			1046	526	520	526	520
		1357	248			1329	671	658	661	651
17	Charalah	1319	291	10		1323	657	666	617	630
		1319	291			1323	657	666	617	630
18	Nara Kote	1122	235	11		1058	540	518	540	518
19	Singrah	282	71			302	157	145	157	145
		1404	306			1360	697	663	697	663
20	Makhyalah	1551	456	12	2	1734	865	869	839	849
		1551	456			1734	865	869	839	849
21	Narwal	457	158	13		795	399	396	399	396
22	Dhir Kote	714	196			846	440	406	438	406
		1171	354			1641	839	802	837	802
23	Kotli	1372	341	14		1564	780	784	753	760
		1372	341			1564	780	784	753	760
24	Rangoli	794	173	15		861	445	416	414	388
25	Sabo Kote	84	19			81	36	45	36	45
26	Ranglah	1748	380			1988	1031	957	1006	935

1941
TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Maslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		40	45	85	67					134	70
		40	45	85	67					184	70
		13			8					22	5
										26	2
		13			8					48	7
		14	6	17	20					108	16
		14	6	17	20					108	16
		7	4		4					62	25
		4	1							126	110
										18	14
		11	5		4					206	149
		15	16							72	
		15	16							72	
										55	
										55	
										36	4
										18	
										17	1
										71	5
		30	28							134	31
										3	
		30	28							137	34
		8	7	2						11	3
		8	7	2						55	20
		8	7	2						66	23
		10	5	30	31					102	13
		10	5	30	31					102	13
										71	
										5	
										76	
		26	2		18					153	104
		28	2		18					153	104
				2						185	1
				2						164	12
				2						349	13
		27	24							102	30
		27	24							102	30
		30	26	1	2					7	
		25	22							109	12
		25	22	1	2					116	12

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
27	Ghoreker	295	75	16		339	161	178	161	178
28	Chhaprian	392	85			423	204	219	204	219
29	Bhagsar	522	117			552	267	285	267	285
30	Kayati Khurd	67	17			71	37	34	37	34
31	Tahl	99	18			104	51	53	51	53
32	Paddar Mastu	448	134			489	243	256	243	256
		1823	446			1988	963	1025	963	1025
33	Dhak	703	159	17		740	377	363	370	354
		703	159			740	377	363	370	354
34	Pail	1262	305	18		1440	735	705	660	633
		1262	305			1440	735	705	660	633
35	Malot	680	175	19		778	397	381	397	381
		680	175			778	397	381	397	381
36	Chuhr	1235	300	20		1283	602	681	565	637
37	Chhachhari	142	33			130	68	62	68	61
38	Arjah	41	15			50	34	16	25	13
		1418	348			1463	704	759	658	711
39	Sahotah	159	50	21	3	161	81	80	75	75
40	Tamrutah	1182	277			1168	592	576	592	576
		1341	327			1329	673	656	667	651
41	Tain	1991	407	22		2011	981	1030	975	1030
		1991	407			2011	981	1030	975	1030
42	Nar	792	188	23		812	390	422	386	422
		792	188			812	390	422	386	422
43	Thorar	2707	871	24-25		2735	1408	1327	1329	1241
		2707	871			2735	1408	1327	1329	1241
44	Pachhot	3907	803	26-27		4241	2034	2207	2034	2201
		3907	803			4241	2034	2207	2034	2201
45	Hurna Mehrab	2554	541	28-29		2711	1285	1426	1214	1344
		2554	541			2711	1285	1426	1214	1344
46	Kyati Kalan	590	126	30		589	313	276	313	276
47	Muhri Farman Shah	106	44			94	49	45	49	45
48	Dhandi	167	46			177	87	90	87	90
49	Bhanakha	724	176			803	385	418	379	403
50	Sarachh	102	18			90	34	56	34	56
		1689	410			1753	868	885	862	870
51	Nakkar	630	140	31		651	327	324	325	324
		630	140			651	327	324	325	324
52	Banguin	2261	494	32		2320	1155	1165	1155	1165
		2261	494			2320	1155	1165	1155	1165
53	Paddar Mohd. Ali	237	61	33	4	251	129	122	85	74
54	Pamnoti	60	9			59	35	24	35	24
55	Hari Gahl	93	24			89	46	43	1	
56	Mang Bajri	121	31			99	55	44	23	12
57	Kafal Garh	1090	235			1155	577	578	577	578
58	Patratih	296	54			260	112	148	108	147
		1897	414			1913	954	959	829	835
59	Jaglari	1618	349	34		1847	895	952	866	921

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Female
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										9	
										27	
										47	
										7	
										1	
										14	
										105	
		7	9							38	
		7	9							38	
		2	1	73	71					51	2
		2	1	73	71					51	2
										45	7
										45	7
				37	44					60	12
		1								6	
		9	3							13	
		9	4	37	44					79	12
		6	5							13	2
		6	5							88	44
		6								101	46
		6								123	8
		6								123	8
		4								64	
		4								64	
		79	86							72	
		79	86							72	
			6							165	75
			6							165	75
		68	82	3						104	4
		68	82	3						104	4
										77	14
										15	
		6	15							19	3
										56	
										8	7
		6	15							175	24
		2								48	3
		2								48	3
										156	4
										156	4
				44	48					50	16
				44	43					10	6
				32	32					15	6
										20	
		4	1							276	104
		5	1	120	123					65	71
										438	203
				29	31					154	20

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
60	Loonhotar	230	53			237	110	127	89	96
		1848	402			2084	1005	1079	955	1017
61	Bangran	1182	217	35		1325	702	623	637	567
		1182	217			1325	702	623	637	567
62	Thub	2180	393	36		2361	1223	1138	1218	1133
		2180	393			2361	1223	1138	1218	1133
63	Panyali	947	202	37		1034	536	498	416	386
64	Kotehra Mast Kham	568	117			595	285	310	240	257
65	Bani Pasari	919	209			1056	553	503	325	286
		2434	528			2685	1374	1311	981	929
66	Sar	175	45	38		217	114	103	114	103
67	Maira	219	45			208	113	95	113	95
68	Bhurkah	370	85			388	180	208	129	159
		764	175			813	407	406	356	357
69	Ravli	1649	370	39		1728	848	880	777	796
		1649	370			1728	848	880	777	796
70	Kothian	1158	237	40		1258	608	650	425	434
		1158	237			1258	608	650	425	434
71	Topi	2888	523	41		2988	1515	1473	1394	1342
		2888	523			2988	1515	1473	1394	1342
72	Sangola	2647	497	42		2777	1387	1390	1387	1390
		2647	497			2777	1387	1390	1387	1390
73	Naryolah	1196	220	43		1284	628	656	596	635
74	Hular	397	84			471	249	222	249	222
		1593	304			1755	877	878	845	857
75	Kotehri Qandil	274	59	44		316	163	153	122	117
76	Awerah	361	71			352	206	186	206	186
77	Chhatar Maldalayan	485	84			518	297	281	281	268
78	Sarl	420	83			461	231	230	205	185
		1540	297			1747	897	850	814	756
79	Rairban	1290	223	45	5	1431	718	713	718	713
		1290	223			1431	718	713	718	713
80	Bir Pani	1236	207	46		1404	715	689	715	689
81	Dhal	382	82			493	259	234	223	201
		1618	289			1897	974	923	938	890
82	Bani Milwan	689	119	47		730	409	321	409	321
83	Mahl Darah	639	99			672	354	318	354	318
84	Khwahjah	727	139			823	734	389	434	389
85	Ratnoi	931	171			1078	553	525	553	525
		2986	528			3303	1750	1553	1750	1553
86	Sewar Motwali	367	61	48		351	173	178	149	154
87	Sewar Kalu	281	38			304	152	152	152	152
88	Paddar Galsher	202	36			242	126	116	126	116
89	Nandrai	413	76			499	267	232	267	232
90	Kotehri Najam Khan	570	99			699	359	340	255	226
		1833	310			2095	1077	1018	949	880
91	Bagh (Town)	971	260	49		1186	643	543	424	349
92	Kannah Muhri	278	96			348	188	160	80	58
		1249	356			1534	831	703	504	457

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
				21	31					18	
				50	62					172	20
				65	56					54	
				65	56					54	
				5	5					189	38
				5	5					189	38
				120	112					68	24
				45	53					132	88
				228	217					158	60
				393	382					358	172
										67	56
										80	58
				51	49					63	78
				51	49					210	192
		3	3	68	81					113	29
		3	3	68	81					113	29
				183	216					236	7
				183	216					236	7
		4	2	117	129					221	46
		4	2	117	129					221	46
										140	
										140	
14		13	15	5	6					95	6
										37	2
14		13	15	5	6					132	8
				41	36					15	
				16	13					15	
				26	45					30	
				83	94					44	
										104	
										181	50
										181	50
				36	33					28	
				36	33					42	18
										70	18
										3	
										12	
										4	
										4	1
										23	1
				24	24					19	1
										9	
										2	
				104	114					15	7
				128	138					84	1
										129	9
23	18	100	82	96	94					224	83
		2		106	102					107	62
23	18	102	82	202	196					331	145

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
93	Bhaglor	395	82	50		420	230	190	129	125
94	Chak Grolah	5	Unoccupied							
95	Choki	582	101							
		982	183			1062	550	512	379	364
96	Chhatarwarah	472	79	51		520	262	258	200	189
97	Bhont Bhaian	1466	279							
98	Bhont Kannah	136	26							
99	Qadir Abad	281	27							
		2355	411			2474	1257	1217	588	544
100	Kharal Ghayalan	1235	239	54		1506	720	786	720	786
101	Kharal Maldayalan	1380	186							
		2615	425			2731	1363	1368	1363	1368
102	Sahlian Maldayalan	991	183	53		1100	528	572	517	562
		991	183							
		1100	183			1100	528	572	517	562
103	Dharah	1873	319	54		1995	970	1025	641	683
		1873	319							
		1995	319			1995	970	1025	641	683
104	Chhattar Brahmanan	870	158	55		912	487	425	185	155
105	Kotehri Tuglo	236	51							
		1106	209							
		1204	209			1204	627	577	285	259
106	Kathi	417	58	56		413	211	202	110	111
107	Seri	1693	284							
		2110	342			2255	1111	1144	803	831
108	Nar Sher Ali Khan	3004	444	57		3119	1616	1503	1450	1347
109	Sari Mang	485	66							
		3489	510			3624	1874	1750	1708	1594
110	Dhulli	1206	215	58		1277	679	598	395	345
111	Swanj	573	89							
		1779	304			1844	946	889	643	605
112	Samani	860	156	59		955	456	499	373	402
		860	156							
		955	156			955	456	499	373	402
TOTAL		93956	19507			101091	50859	50232	46119	45632

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as appearing in the Census record for 1941.

For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling as verified from the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No. Name.
4631 Narol

S. No. Name.
21 Narwal

(ii) Chak Grolah serial number 94 of the Village Table 1941 though occupied in 1931 was unoccupied at the present Census.

Muslim (Shias.)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
56	27	3	3	42	35					54	24
	3			70	80					101	27
56	30	3	3	112	115					155	51
				62	69					35	27
				566	552					325	220
				41	52					30	36
				689	673					7	5
										407	288
										23	
										21	
										44	
			1	11	9					19	1
			1	11	9					19	1
		18	13	311	329					87	7
		18	13	311	329					87	7
				302	270					112	14
		6	5	34	43					41	
		6	5	336	313					153	14
		7	5	94	86					18	
			1	207	121					159	26
		7	6	301	207					177	26
		7	5	159	151					17	
		7	5	159	151					1	
										18	
		4	3	280	250					381	263
				19	40					220	173
		4	3	299	290					601	436
		1	4	82	93					7	
		1	4	82	93					7	
93	48	611	537	4036	4015					7958	2427

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Poonch Jagir**Tehsil Sadhnuti**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Jhawrah	153	28	1	10	130	73	57	73	57
2	Rakhar	1942	426			1931	917	1014	915	1013
3	Bela Chaner	401	84			444	232	212	232	212
4	Sukhyaldharah	479	91			443	217	226	183	193
		2975	629			2948	1439	1509	1403	1475
5	Phagwati	4212	950	2-3		4155	1999	2156	1558	1725
		4212	950			4155	1999	2156	1558	1725
6	Basari	3315	770	4-5		3594	1688	1906	1688	1906
		3315	770			3594	1688	1906	1688	1906
7	Hamrutah	1594	366	6		1373	664	709	664	709
8	Chhatereri	546	93			391	193	198	193	198
9	Khwas	268	63			265	130	135	130	135
		2408	522			2029	987	1042	987	1042
10	Pakhonar	746	168	7		706	329	377	329	377
11	Kimar	555	148			572	250	322	227	298
		1301	316			1278	579	699	556	675
12	Dhamnan	856	238	8		901	382	519	382	519
13	Manjhari Kalan	527	132			540	232	308	226	304
14	Baloch	325	90			334	150	184	150	184
15	Nursah	372	94			397	197	200	197	200
		2080	554			2172	961	1211	955	1207
16	Chokian	2529	561	9		2726	1229	1497	1223	1497
		2529	561			2726	1229	1497	1223	1497
17	Baryot	915	205	10		949	415	534	367	483
18	Nar Brahmanan	414	86			412	189	223	30	27
		1329	291			1361	604	757	397	510
19	Nairiyan	2617	582	11		2950	1369	1581	1120	1264
		2617	582			2950	1369	1581	1120	1264
20	Kilan	1070	237	12		1166	496	670	396	541
21	Talwari	601	133			612	292	320	287	312
		1671	370			1778	788	990	683	853
22	Ghanjeri	794	177	13	9	922	417	505	388	488
23	Kahalal	2869	646			3040	1419	1621	1419	1621
		3663	823			3962	1836	2126	1807	2109
24	Nale	352	84	14		389	166	223	166	223
25	Sehr	1539	350			1649	768	881	763	867
		1891	434			2038	934	1104	929	1090
26	Tahlian	414	98	15		479	227	252	227	252
27	Ayal	85	16			68	38	30	38	30
28	Panthal	1139	283			1313	668	645	668	645
29	Khambah	350	83			387	195	192	195	192
		1988	480			2247	1128	1119	1128	1119

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
30	Baral	1945	456	16		2068	987	1081	929	1045
		1945	456			2068	987	1081	929	1045
31	Seri	254	65	17		269	133	136	133	136
32	Kayrah	172	49			174	84	90	5	7
		426	114			443	217	226	138	143
33	Braham Pur	832	205	18		916	425	491	112	129
		832	205			916	425	491	112	129
34	Palandari	1875	455	19		2044	1038	1006	831	829
		1875	455			2044	1038	1006	831	829
35	Saler	41	7	20		47	23	24		
36	Namb Peprian	641	141			727	375	352	221	205
		682	148			774	398	376	221	205
37	Jhanda Baglah	1907	424	21		2129	1025	1104	902	964
		1907	424			2129	1025	1104	902	964
38	Gorah	4274	980	22-23	8	4553	2217	2336	1248	1335
		4274	980			4553	2217	2336	1248	1335
39	Garalah	1002	215	24		1105	543	562	453	462
		1002	215			1105	543	562	453	462
40	Balyalah	158	23	25		103	52	51	20	23
41	Tridda Moharah	93	33			105	47	58		
42	Pappa Nar	837	277			1029	487	542	312	362
		1088	333			1237	586	651	332	385
43	Hailan	374	98	26		355	152	203		
		374	98			355	152	203		
44	Kotehrah	378	76	27		483	237	246	168	169
		378	76			483	237	246	168	169
45	Banjonsah	1645	357	28-29		1809	826	983	693	848
		1645	357			1809	826	983	693	848
46	Jandali	1124	260	30		1317	600	717	575	704
		1124	260			1317	600	717	575	704
47	Naryola	319	70	31		374	169	205	147	171
48	Phuljhari	374	74			397	185	212	141	158
		693	144			771	354	417	288	329
49	Narol	413	129	32		443	217	226	129	138
		413	129			443	217	226	129	138
50	Nehari	187	43	33		231	102	129	102	129
51	Bhango	406	86			433	204	229	150	167
52	Dhara Bhanakha	104	29			95	45	50		
53	Bhantani	1309	280			1403	718	685	150	111
54	Chhachheri	97	24			137	76	61	76	61
		2103	462			2299	1145	1154	478	483
55	Kalpur	102	27	34		118	61	57	38	30
56	Nathgalah	182	45			205	91	114	88	106
57	Nakkar	123	27			134	59	75	12	23
58	Kothriyan	582	118			632	312	320	294	300
59	Akhor Ban	750	156			768	385	373	334	333

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		58	36							85	15
		58	36							85	15
		79	83							6	1
		79	83							14	2
		311	352	2						20	3
		311	362	2						86	1
		182	161	25	16					86	1
		182	161	25	16					262	35
		23	24							262	35
		152	147	2						3	
		175	171	2						53	
		123	114							56	
		123	114						26	175	3
		949	988	20	13				26	175	3
		949	988	20	13				26	285	16
		90	100							285	16
		90	100							285	16
		32	28							95	1
		47	58							95	1
		175	180							10	
		254	266							21	
		152	203							66	
		152	203							97	
		69	77							36	
		69	77							36	
		133	135							50	8
		133	135							50	8
		25	13							55	9
		25	13							55	9
		22	34							80	2
		44	34							80	2
		66	82							10	
		79	83	9	5					8	
		79	83	9	5					18	
		16	20	33	42					31	
		32	24	13	26					6	
		139	167	429	407					145	40
		187	211	480	475					8	
		17	20	6	7					8	
		3	8							8	
		18	21	29	31					4	
		16	14							10	
		43	34	8	6			2	6	15	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
60	Maira	428	84			394	197	197	128	144
61	Kailot	133	38			130	67	63	9	6
		2300	495			2371	1172	1199	903	942
62	Hajeera	242	64	35		296	164	132	78	54
63	Katharah	1946	376			2136	1087	1049	897	867
64	Pothi Chhaprian	1124	254			1264	668	596	642	566
65	Pir Kote	1067	174			1010	458	552	234	308
66	Sarari	2345	443			2550	1317	1233	1300	1224
		6724	1311			7256	3694	3562	3151	3019
67	Ali Sojal	3078	539	36	7	3267	1624	1643	1580	1600
		3078	539			3267	1624	1643	1580	1600
68	Pakhar	1494	259	37		1559	783	776	783	776
69	Kahu Kote	784	141			768	408	360	408	360
70	Namnotah	899	166			916	416	500	413	497
		3177	566			3243	1607	1636	1604	1633
71	Motarian	393	77	38		384	171	213	147	181
72	Dothan	1149	300			1357	647	710	321	377
		1542	377			1741	818	923	468	558
73	Chhota Galah	1215	257	39		1346	616	730	323	382
		1215	257			1346	616	730	323	382
74	Kahuian	1276	250	40		1381	668	713	520	571
		1276	250			1381	668	713	520	571
75	Barmang Khurd	493	108	41		542	294	248	276	234
		493	108			542	294	248	276	234
76	Dhamni	3418	787	42		3618	1711	1907	1142	1304
		3418	787			3618	1711	1907	1142	1304
77	Drek	1051	229	43		1144	537	607	518	598
		1051	229			1144	537	607	518	598
78	Kala Kote	628	156	44		799	372	427	363	421
79	Trappi	378	78			441	200	241	68	91
80	Balaha	109	25			125	61	64	14	16
81	Hari	179	37			222	112	110	112	110
82	Manjhari Khurd	234	41			242	107	135		
		1528	337			1829	852	977	557	638
83	Trar	1197	254	45		1429	668	761	422	501
		1197	254			1429	668	761	422	501
84	Rawala Kote	1136	299	46		1488	786	702	621	559
		1136	299			1488	786	702	621	559
85	Kannah	219	48	47	6	246	127	119	111	106
86	Prat	671	159			696	314	382	150	187
87	Pothi Makawalan	1776	403			1932	902	1030	874	1002
		2666	610			2874	1343	1531	1135	1295
88	Kharik	1065	254	48		1275	588	687	560	666
89	Matayal Mehrah	956	214			1054	475	579	398	477
		2021	468			2329	1063	1266	958	1143
90	Sun	820	169	49		878	420	458	404	458
91	Lunj Gran	550	128			647	294	353	291	353
		1370	297			1525	714	811	635	811

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
92	Rehrah	1824	446	50		2147	1077	1070	811	763
93	Androt	683	147			695	348	347	287	280
		2507	593			2842	1425	1417	1098	1043
94	Nar Uri	718	164	51		715	365	350	280	275
		718	164			715	365	350	280	275
95	Chhalar	1442	306	52		1401	671	730	493	534
		1442	306			1401	671	730	493	534
96	Dhar Dharochh	3852	916	53-54		4345	2065	2280	1916	2147
		3852	916			4345	2065	2280	1916	2147
97	Lachhman Pattan	610	237	55		558	277	281	192	218
		610	237			558	277	281	192	218
98	Ram Pattan	1684	390	56-57		1892	955	937	892	876
		1684	390			1892	955	937	892	876
99	Mang	1160	263	58		1312	624	688	564	629
		1160	263			1312	624	688	564	629
100	Kanchri	662	146	59		661	328	333	278	275
		662	146			661	328	333	278	275
101	Dhingroon	903	227	60		1207	661	546	658	540
		903	227			1207	661	546	658	540
TOTAL		100470	22564			108300	52046	56254	43175	46950

*Others 2M 72F have returned no religion.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as appearing in the Census record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling as verified from the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No. Name.
4369 Srari

S. No. Name.
66 Sarari

(ii) Charge numbers and Circle numbers are in reverse order—the former running from 10 to 6 downwards and the latter from 1 to 60 upwards. This is due to an error in method of numbering Charges adopted in this district at the time of the creation of Census Divisions. The numbers given in the tables are the actual numbers allotted to the Charges and Circles shown in this table.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		264	307	2						156	4
		61	67							40	1
		325	374	2						198	5
		85	75							77	
		85	75							77	
		178	196							49	2
		178	196							49	2
		149	120						13	257	5
		149	120						13	257	5
		67	57	18	6					93	25
		67	57	18	6					93	25
		63	61							132	6
		63	61							132	6
		60	59							92	
		60	59							92	
		50	37						21	41	1
		50	37						21	41	1
		3								6	43
		3							6	43	
		6798	7002	2071	2230			2	72	5681	362

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Poonch Jagir**Tehsil Haveli**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied Houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bandi Marchkote ..	542	97	1	11	648	344	304	344	304
2	Khali Dramman ..	1073	229			1239	708	531	692	521
3	Mangora ..	565	63			568	252	316	252	316
4	Namjar ..	616	105			689	341	348	332	341
		2796	494			3144	1645	1499	1620	1482
5	Chhutiya ..	240	43	2		282	159	123	159	123
6	Nakkar ..	439	78			523	264	259	179	189
7	Kote ..	467	79			525	277	248	268	248
8	Tangeran ..	837	161			1028	533	495	529	493
9	Bandi Gopalpur ..	353	82			397	212	185	191	170
		2336	443			2755	1445	1310	1326	1223
10	Chhatrah ..	2378	446	3		2439	1265	1174	967	920
11	Supnag ..	56	12			67	35	32	35	28
		2434	458			2506	1300	1206	1002	948
12	Chafar ..	1272	248	4		1433	759	674	752	671
13	Batole ..	91	21			110	56	54	56	54
14	Dharamsal Troti ..	252	70			286	142	144	55	50
		1615	339			1829	957	872	863	775
15	Polas ..	2688	252	5		1447	781	666	771	660
16	Kurmara ..	617	126			678	363	315	312	267
17	Dharamsal Khari ..	411	144			516	279	237	47	38
		3716	522			2641	1423	1218	1130	965
18	Gulpoore ..	336	58	6		272	145	127	81	76
19	Ajote ..	502	89			500	264	236	234	216
20	Kosaliyah ..	656	132			730	368	362	340	333
21	Degwar Maldayalan ..	972	169			963	530	433	407	373
		2466	448			2465	1307	1158	1122	998
22	Nuri Kote ..	449	95	7		528	297	231	251	191
23	Nakkar Kote ..	559	97			623	324	299	324	299
24	Chiri Kote ..	345	68			410	233	177	230	175
25	Sriyan ..	571	103			609	316	293	204	186
		1924	363			2170	1170	1000	1009	851
26	Chakyas ..	187	34	8		208	115	93	115	93
27	Bandi ..	235	40			230	124	106	124	106
28	Nakkar Shiban ..	360	68			397	207	190	207	190
29	Basti Phulban ..	231	44			253	131	122	131	122
30	Gugdar ..	597	84			598	331	267	331	267
31	Lohiyan ..	353	59			404	206	198	206	198
32	Bhadhal ..	330	47			358	201	157	190	150
		2293	375			2448	1315	1133	1304	1126
33	Jhani Wala ..	221	27	9		193	106	87	105	86
34	Chhambar ..	172	22			151	87	64	87	64
35	Bhata Kote ..	508	64			479	246	233	235	224
36	Bai Dharah ..	437	52			385	196	189	163	151
37	Padhar ..	696	103			688	360	328	357	326
		2034	268			1896	995	901	947	851
38	Khuri ..	448	64	10		430	218	212	218	212
39	Chrun ..	482	63			508	264	244	262	244
40	Naganari ..	438	51			379	190	189	190	189
41	Krun Dhara ..	126	15			131	81	50	79	50

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
42	Karsan Dhara	281	41			297	163	134	163	134
43	Sangal	264	44			281	144	137	136	132
44	Myani Basti	112	20			116	56	60	56	60
		2151	298			2142	1116	1026	1104	1021
45	Dara Khas	181	32	11	12	213	117	96	117	96
46	Chhoi	156	29			197	92	105	92	105
47	Salara	298	51			318	178	140	178	140
48	Dhara Pain	219	27			210	120	90	115	87
49	Tungeri Peeran	209	34			229	123	106	123	106
50	Kain Dhara	53	10			62	33	29	33	29
51	Pallan Chodrian	319	50			309	163	146	163	146
		1435	233			1538	826	712	821	709
52	Pallan Gakhran	185	34	12		201	110	91	110	91
53	Tachhan	252	46			257	123	134	120	133
54	Naban Phulwari	175	26			208	114	94	114	94
55	Kalali	450	76			575	297	278	285	269
56	Kahootah	483	107			531	278	253	189	177
57	Kalsan	341	63			367	200	167	200	167
58	Muri Syed Ali Khan	207	40			257	125	132	125	132
59	Muri Milwan	201	36			248	128	120	128	120
		2294	428			2644	1375	1269	1271	1183
60	Halan north	612	106	13		766	414	352	413	352
61	Halan south	448	88			522	286	236	284	234
62	Basahan	577	95			657	349	308	349	308
63	Jokan	150	31			180	96	84	96	84
64	Sheikh Soli	182	38			264	143	121	143	121
		1969	358			2389	1288	1101	1285	1099
65	Jabbian	303	51	14		315	139	176	139	176
66	Bhangar Bani	198	45			230	104	126	104	126
67	Soli Khas	411	66			401	213	188	208	184
68	Akhori	85	13			79	40	39	40	39
69	Malak Soli	94	18			118	70	48	70	48
70	Bring Ban	550	87			608	302	306	302	306
71	Kala Mala	1178	189			1379	731	648	731	648
		2819	469			3130	1599	1531	1594	1527
72	Kakuri	241	36	15		278	135	143	135	143
73	Nandan	267	42			352	193	159	193	159
74	Maili	186	20			243	116	127	110	127
75	Jarlan	227	40			364	190	174	190	174
76	Orre	370	49			413	224	189	224	189
77	Hillan	414	40			489	248	241	247	241
78	Hundi Khatanan	415	55			481	250	231	250	231
79	Kachar Ban	297	37			373	193	180	193	180
80	Reji	257	32			317	167	150	167	150
81	Kotli	182	38			231	119	112	119	112
82	Kailar	653	102			959	503	456	498	456
		3509	491			4500	2338	2162	2332	2162
83	Haji Bal	195	41	16		227	104	123	104	123
84	Tholan Gar	178	30			173	86	87	86	87
85	Kangran	125	18			121	66	55	66	55
86	Hotar	433	58			425	209	216	208	216
87	Chhanjal	822	131			927	478	449	471	445
88	Fatehpur (Kahootah)	396	67			460	259	201	256	201
		2149	345			2333	1202	1131	1191	1127
89	Renkari Chohan	117	20	17		115	59	56	59	52
90	Renkari Khas	270	43			265	145	120	145	120
91	Renkari Pain	110	14			79	47	32	47	32
92	Hundi Piran	149	23			201	110	91	110	91
93	Degwar Teroan	1726	300			1919	1043	876	1021	858
		2372	400			2579	1404	1175	1382	1153
94	Darah Bagyal	738	126	18		804	480	424	480	424
95	Dhokri	211	39			258	133	125	133	125

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
96	Dalan	416	76			482	257	225	257	225
97	Banwat	721	149			861	441	420	441	420
		2086	390			2505	1311	1194	1311	1194
98	Poonch- (Town)	8152	1600	19-23	13	8608	4951	3657	3062	2186
		8152	1600			8608	4951	3657	3062	2186
99	Kankote	263	53	24	14	280	143	137	143	137
100	Bandi Chechiyan	1187	210			1319	678	641	674	635
101	Qasbah	915	159			964	513	451	464	380
		2365	422			2563	1334	1229	1281	1152
102	Kirni	1339	236	25		1525	807	718	807	718
103	Mandhar	1715	257			1883	941	942	941	942
		3054	493			3408	1748	1660	1748	1660
104	Shahpur	1206	198	26		1324	682	642	682	642
105	Aslam Abad	396	66			398	213	185	203	172
106	Saral	387	80			350	183	167	183	167
107	Nunan Bandi	425	74			463	230	233	230	233
		2414	418			2535	1308	1227	1298	1214
108	Nagali	535	150	27		585	331	254	175	137
109	Janyar	74	28			150	83	67	71	54
110	Dinglah	467	96			542	288	254	288	254
111	Chandak	718	152			751	401	350	379	337
112	Kalai	840	178			974	524	450	524	450
		2634	604			3002	1627	1375	1437	1232
113	Chak Katroh	691	133	28		691	355	336	228	256
114	Timra	156	31			165	91	74	91	74
115	Danna Doiyan	278	55			295	161	134	161	134
116	Sathrah	526	95			519	251	268	239	262
117	Gali Nag	166	28			153	79	74	79	74
118	Jandrolah	303	62			364	170	194	170	194
119	Pindi	184	36			203	96	107	96	107
120	Gali	77	11			72	34	38	34	38
		2381	451			2462	1237	1225	1098	1139
121	Bandi Kaman Khan	368	65	29		399	220	179	220	179
122	Chakrarah	157	24			148	76	72	76	72
123	Seklu	300	52			301	168	133	151	98
124	Slonian	794	122			856	429	427	425	421
125	Azam Abad	608	115			644	310	334	310	334
126	Dhangri	426	66			470	265	205	265	205
		2653	444			2618	1468	1350	1447	1309
127	Chhela	376	45	30		418	211	207	211	207
128	Atauli	176	29			200	100	100	100	100
129	Sarui	67	13			80	38	42	38	42
130	Danugam	347	67			514	259	255	259	255
131	Chhambar Kanariyan	495	69			639	333	306	333	306
132	Sawjian	1022	167			1352	700	652	700	652
133	Gaggrian	994	190			1412	724	688	724	688
134	Bedar Balnai	1027	171			1180	615	565	615	565
		4504	751			5795	2980	2815	2980	2815
135	Mahar Kote	343	45	31		362	192	170	192	170
136	Barachhar	354	43			414	218	196	218	196
137	Loram	2845	409			2942	1476	1466	1474	1463
		3542	497			3718	1886	1832	1884	1829
138	Lohelbelah	505	70	32		533	472	261	272	261
139	Chikri Ban	608	86			618	317	301	306	290
		1113	156			1151	589	562	578	551
140	Jalian	35	9	33		24	16	8	16	8

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
r	s	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
141	Plera	1184	273			1288	682	606	646	574
142	Rajpur	380	109			3.2	202	190	172	161
		1599	391			1704	900	804	834	743
143	Arai	1690	290	34		1770	928	842	928	842
144	Mandi	460	81			480	265	215	74	17
145	Baela	666	122			663	352	331	352	331
146	Tirchhal	87	17			93	47	46	47	46
147	Marnote	37	6			36	13	23	13	23
		2940	516			3062	1605	1457	1414	1259
148	Dhara (Mandi)	664	97	35	15	638	285	353	285	353
149	Fatehpur (Mandi)	366	53			3.1	172	209	172	209
150	Kehnu	247	38			224	112	112	112	112
151	Kalani	257	39			263	149	114	148	114
152	Hari Budhdha	582	91			598	304	294	304	294
153	Danna Dhakkran	180	27			198	96	102	93	102
154	Nerian	367	58			404	207	197	207	197
		2663	403			2706	1325	1331	1321	1381
155	Sehri Khwajah	701	27	36		180	96	84	96	84
156	Sehri Chohan	650	217			1184	642	542	639	533
157	Nabanan	309	64			3.3	216	167	216	167
158	Maidan	115	18			117	66	51	66	51
159	Bachyan Wali	251	44			286	143	143	143	143
160	Kolian	194	75			381	281	100	281	100
161	Shindara	953	129			1056	481	575	481	575
		3173	574			3587	1925	1662	1822	1653
162	Khanetar	2419	433	37		2606	1386	1220	1348	1195
		2419	433			2606	1386	1220	1348	1195
163	Bhenchh	789	137	38		757	404	353	366	314
164	Kanoiyan	1204	204			1254	689	565	668	551
165	Mangnar	1178	236			1120	615	505	242	248
		3171	577			3131	1708	1423	1276	1113
166	Dara Dullian	1872	344	39		2052	1104	948	1093	945
167	Jholas	1287	271			1352	725	627	560	508
		3159	615			3404	1829	1575	1653	1453
168	Salotri	661	149	40		756	404	352	364	324
169	Mendlah	851	150			848	454	394	454	394
		1512	299			1604	858	746	818	718
170	Serkakutah	1413	291	41		1473	762	711	736	679
171	Dawarandi	148	21			151	81	70	81	63
		1561	312			1624	843	781	817	742
172	Gambhir	2709	517	42		2990	1557	1433	1512	1419
		2709	517			2990	1557	1433	1512	1419
173	Madarpur	100	22	43		130	78	52	74	50
174	Tetrinote	2300	468			2511	1319	1192	1048	906
		2400	490			2641	1397	1244	1122	958
TOTAL		101151	18085			110733	58477	52256	53444	48113

*Others—Christians 2M 1F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as appearing in the Census record for 1941.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										61	4
36	32	14	10	16	19					48	8
36	32	14	10	16	19					117	12
187	197	4	1							39	
										66	
										9	
										2	
187	197	4	1							118	
										6	1
										10	
		1								8	
		3								13	
		4								4	
										2	
										2	2
		4								45	3
										2	
		3	9							33	1
										16	
										3	
										5	
										5	
		3	9							64	1
		34	25	4						55	1
		34	25	4						55	1
		38	39							23	2
		21	14							35	6
128	96	131	65	114	96					64	6
128	96	190	118	114	96					122	14
		11	3							20	
		165	119							72	3
		176	122							82	3
		38	25	2	3					13	
										22	
		38	25	2	3					35	
		26	32							48	
							7			6	
		26	32		7					54	
43	14			2						162	19
43	14			2						162	19
		4	2							2	2
120	132	80	145	71	9					213	23
120	132	84	147	71	9					215	25
829	792	2880	2318	1302	1032			2	1	6015	1272

For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling as verified from the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer. The list of such villages is given below:—.

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

S. No.	Name.
4584	Dharha

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.
148	Dhara (Mandi)

(ii) Total population of this Tehsil as shown in the Village Tables for 1931 is 1,01,151 but actually the components exceed the total as there are some printing errors.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT POONCH JAGIR, TEHSIL MENDHAR

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Poonch Jagir**Tehsil Mendhar**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
R		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Battal	1435	285	1	16	1427	751	676	746	671
2	Kannah	411	75			410	214	196	170	162
3	Sehra	862	178			811	442	369	353	291
		2708	538			2648	1407	1241	1269	1124
4	Mandhole	1337	285	2		1297	680	617	562	512
5	Thai	1363	320			1423	712	711	708	704
		2700	605			2720	1392	1328	1270	1216
6	Dara Sher Khan	1371	314	3		1493	766	727	766	727
7	Dabraj	512	87			424	229	195	219	185
		1883	401			1917	995	922	985	912
8	Balnoi	1536	337	4		1698	885	813	882	813
9	Gahni	1702	338			1914	1017	897	1011	887
		3238	675			3612	1902	1710	1893	1700
10	Sagra	923	185	5		902	492	410	379	310
11	Mankote	2360	460			2511	1347	1164	1314	1112
		3283	645			3413	1839	1574	1693	1422
12	Ochhad	1498	339	6		1526	790	736	790	736
13	Selani	541	104			619	321	298	295	271
14	Kasblari	1311	282			1484	775	709	770	705
		3350	725			3629	1886	1743	1855	1712
15	Chhajalah	2445	483	7		2637	1387	1250	1376	1241
		2445	483			2637	1387	1250	1376	1241
16	Maidan	638	133	8		668	334	334	310	318
17	Jagal	263	57			285	153	132	153	132
18	Thera	307	66			296	143	153	143	153
19	Topa	897	185			1003	521	482	521	482
20	Bhati Dhar	802	182			824	439	385	429	377
		2907	623			3076	1590	1486	1556	1462
21	Banola	974	187	9		1033	536	497	536	497
22	Chhatral	294	59			302	171	131	171	131
23	Narol	452	85			498	272	226	272	226
24	Chhungan	1314	226			1410	734	676	734	676
25	Kalaban	955	172			1108	599	509	599	509
		3989	729			4351	2312	2039	2312	2039
26	Pathanantir	384	90	10		484	248	236	248	236
27	Salwah	1914	313			1971	1058	913	1039	900
		2298	403			2455	1306	1149	1287	1138
28	Bhera	851	160	11		918	453	465	445	459
29	Dharanah	1347	279			1469	801	668	666	568
		2198	439			2387	1254	1133	1111	1027
30	Ari	2188	403	12		2340	1204	1136	1082	1029
31	Sarhoti	495	99			584	310	274	307	269
		2683	502			2924	1514	1410	1339	1298

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Female
I	#	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
32	Gohlad	2143	511	13		2344	1214	1130	1170	1108
		2143	511			2344	1214	1130	1176	1108
33	Kotan	426	87	14		484	239	245	233	239
34	Dhargloon	2580	499			2848	1475	1373	1465	1304
		3006	586			3332	1714	1618	1698	1603
35	Ghalhota	2294	454	15		2477	1279	1198	1239	1162
		2294	454			2477	1279	1198	1239	1162
36	Harni	267	68	16		321	185	136	168	131
37	Gorsahi	2185	399			2375	1278	1097	1165	948
38	Parat	406	63			415	220	195	220	195
39	Jaranwali Gali	156	33			205	117	88	117	88
40	Kallar Mohra	614	95			692	360	332	360	332
		3628	658			4008	2160	1848	2030	1694
41	Nakkamanjhari	1174	220	17		1291	713	578	707	570
42	Nar Khas	414	95			572	292	280	292	280
43	Bhata Dhurian	571	114			666	355	311	355	311
44	Sanghoot	801	152			981	500	481	495	476
		2960	581			3510	1860	1650	1849	1637
45	Drabah	1039	190	18	17	1146	613	533	500	435
46	Sohran Kote	862	131			935	494	441	494	441
47	Samhot	929	156			1033	544	489	489	435
48	Pothah	638	120			835	458	377	458	371
		3468	597			3949	2109	1840	1941	1682
49	Sanei	748	136	19		899	470	429	470	429
50	Dhundhak	269	52			347	184	163	184	163
51	Isanah	859	140			1040	540	500	540	500
52	Malhan	268	42			268	132	136	132	136
53	Phaglah	748	125			868	467	401	467	401
		2892	495			3422	1793	1629	1793	1629
54	Hari	1390	223	20		1518	742	776	742	773
55	Dodi	477	62			528	268	320	267	317
56	Marhote	1563	236			1700	826	874	818	867
57	Mo'rah Bachhai	703	128			768	396	370	396	367
58	Lathung	232	37			254	146	108	133	99
		4365	686			4766	2318	2448	2296	2423
59	Kallar Katal	491	85	21		614	322	292	322	292
60	Pamrote	264	51			428	226	202	226	202
61	Guntal	719	110			738	383	355	375	343
62	Sanglah	1140	171			1275	659	616	615	576
63	Dandi Dhar	530	78			533	260	273	260	273
		3144	495			3588	1850	1736	1798	1686
64	Gundi	1719	353	22		2065	1099	966	1086	960
65	Dharah Mohrah	686	124			846	426	420	426	420
		2405	477			2911	1525	1386	1512	1380
66	Sanglani	255	46	23		302	171	131	171	131
67	Bafiyaz	1062	265			1272	642	630	642	630
		1317	311			1574	813	761	813	761
68	Traran Wali	354	70	24		448	238	210	238	210
69	Morah	615	95			736	380	356	380	356
70	Sailan	271	47			325	171	154	171	154
71	Mahra	460	94			526	254	272	254	272
72	Behram Galah	283	59			328	155	173	153	172
		1983	365			2363	1198	1165	1198	1164
73	Chandi Marh	470	125	25		663	328	335	328	335

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Mnslim (other-)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
74	Dogré	120	23			126	67	59	67	59
		590	148			789	395	394	395	394
75	Lanjote	1226	253	26	18	1417	728	689	728	689
76	Bala Kote	1462	302			1682	847	835	847	835
		2688	555			3099	1575	1524	1575	1524
77	Dabsi	2598	532	27		2734	1341	1393	1341	1393
		2598	532			2734	1341	1393	1341	1393
78	Jandrote	2183	480	28		2350	1174	1176	1174	1176
		2183	480			2350	1174	1176	1174	1176
79	Mohra	948	294	29		1417	751	666	742	654
80	Najkyal	367	74			361	185	176	4	3
81	Banalah	585	123			648	358	290	358	290
		1900	491			2426	1294	1132	1104	947
82	Maira	1313	207	30		1104	546	558	543	558
83	Dhrutti	1202	259			1382	735	647	735	647
		2515	466			2486	1281	1205	1278	1205
84	Sandote	582	120	31		642	327	315	327	315
85	Basuni	513	104			604	312	292	312	292
		1095	224			1246	639	607	639	607
86	Dharatti	1106	236	32		1340	668	672	668	672
87	Ramlota	478	113			534	271	263	271	263
88	Sasutah	95	25			122	67	55	67	55
89	Sohala	398	96			528	275	253	275	253
		2077	470			2524	1281	1243	1281	1243
90	Panjani	687	109	33		616	306	310	306	310
91	Bhroti	553	162			881	435	446	435	446
92	Dator	850	172			893	440	453	429	440
		2090	443			2390	1181	1209	1170	1198
93	Palani	810	190	34		845	391	454	391	454
94	Tarkundi	1070	244			1278	671	607	652	592
		1880	434			2123	1062	1061	1043	1046
95	Mathrani	970	246	35		1068	523	545	12	7
96	Mandhetar	894	196			950	492	458	39	19
		1864	442			2018	1015	1003	51	26
97	Manjhan	1923	439	36		2155	1028	1127	995	1080
		1923	439			2155	1028	1127	995	1080
98	Khandar	1117	259	37		1351	654	697	615	666
		1117	259			1351	654	697	615	666
TOTAL	..	91807	18367			101704	52537	49167	49998	46721

*Others—9M 6F have returned no religion.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										2	
										20	
										43	
										60	
										103	
										49	
										49	
										61	9
										61	9
		9	12							42	
		181	173							17	1
										12	
		190	185							71	1
		3								21	
										43	
		3								64	
										9	
										8	
										17	
										36	
										4	
										4	
										9	
										53	
										9	
		11	13							13	
		11	13							13	
										35	
										18	
		19	15							52	
		19	15							70	
		508	536	3	2					27	2
		453	439							26	
		961	975	3	2					53	2
		33	47							46	
		33	47							46	
		39	31							18	
		39	31							18	
390	398	2023	1968	117	74			9	6	2823	136

BARAMULLA DISTRICT.

Baramulla, previously designated Kashmir North in our Census reports, is the largest of the three districts forming the Kashmir Province the total area of which is 8,539 sq. miles; the Baramulla District covers 3,317 sq. miles. It consists of three tehsils named Uttarmachipora, Baramulla and Sri Partapsinghpura; their areas are 2,239 sq. miles, 590 sq. miles and 488 sq. miles respectively.

To the north the district stretches to the Burzil and Kamri passes which lead to the Astore District. To the south and south-west it is bounded by the Pir Panjal range, beyond which lies Poonch and to the north-west and west by the Muzaffarabad District. To the east the Great Himalayan range separates it from the Kargil Tehsil of the Ladakh District; to the south and south-east it marches with the Srinagar Khas Tehsil of the Anantnag District.

The Uttarmachipora Tehsil (2,239 sq. miles) is the largest tehsil in the Kashmir Province. It spreads across the whole northern part of the district. It contains two Niabats; one has its headquarters at Sopore and the other at Gurais. Climate varies according to altitude and position. Some villages in the Gurais Niabat are located at over 8,000 ft.; those are naturally very cold and snow bound in winter but delightfully cool and pleasant in summer. Other villages at a little over 5,000 ft., with a southern aspect such as Zainagir can be unpleasantly hot in summer and not too cold in winter. The tehsil contains many beautiful valleys the best known of which are possibly the high Gurais valley consisting of the upper reaches of Kishenganga river and the Lolab valley. The Wular lake lies at its south-eastern end.

The Baramulla Tehsil (590 sq. miles) is in the centre of the district and lies between the south of Uttarmachipora and the north of Sri Partapsinghpura. It is bounded on the east by the left bank of the Jhelum river and on the west by the Pir Panjal range. The climate at the lower altitudes is warm in summer and fairly cold in winter. The higher altitudes are distinctly cold in winter, and experience heavy snowfall, but delightfully cool in summer. Gulmarg, the well known hill-station, is situated on the slopes of the Pir Panjal; it has a population of probably 4,000 in the summer season but no population at the time the Census is taken except men acting as bungalow chowkidars.

The Sri Partapsinghpura Tehsil with its headquarters at Badgam is the southern part of the Baramulla District. To the west and south-west the tehsil is bounded by the Pir Panjal range; Poonch is on the other side of the water shed. To the east and south-east lie the Srinagar Khas and Pulwama Tehsils of the Anantnag District. The area is 488 sq. miles. The climate is very good.

Taking the district as a whole the rainfall may be said to be adequate but there are areas such as the Kandi tracts of Baramulla and Badgam Tehsils and the Lolab and other smaller valleys of the Handwara Tehsil where partial or even complete failure of crops is frequently due to insufficient rain. The lowlying areas of the Baramulla and Badgam Tehsils on the left bank of the Jhelum river are marshy and subject to flooding and loss of crops during periods of heavy rain.

The headquarters of the district and tehsil of the same name are both located at Baramulla which town is on the main Jhelum Valley Road. The headquarters of the Uttarmachipora and Sri Partapsinghpura Tehsils are at Handwara and Badgam respectively and the tehsils are more frequently referred to by these shorter names.

2. Population.—The population of the district in 1931 was 559,828; at the recent census it was 612,428. In 1931 the figures for the three tehsils were Handwara 247,849, Baramulla 149,009, and Badgam 162,970; at the recent Census they were 274,942, 162,903 and 174,583 in the same order. The number of occupied houses in the whole district at the recent Census was 106,573 to which must be added 536 occupied boats to give us an average family of 5.7 per occupied house or boat. Of the total population 590,936 or over 96 per cent. are Muslims. Of the Muslims 39,524 are Shias; the rest with very few exceptions, belong to the main Sunni sect. Hindus number 12,919, Sikhs 8,458 and Others 115. The great majority of the Hindus belong to the Kashmiri Pandit community. Most of the population are of the same original race. With the exception of a few Pathans, Punjabis and others the Muslims are what are termed Kashmiri Muslims; these and the Kashmiri Pandits are of the same stock and are the true indigenous inhabitants. The ancestors of the present Kashmiri Muslims were Hindus previous to the commencement of conversions to

Islam from 1400 A. D. onwards. Sikhs are for the most part non-indigenous and belong to the Punjab tribes by origin. A very few may be descended from Kashmiri converts to Sikhism. The distribution of communities throughout the tehsils is much the same as the proportion for the whole district. There are only 339 Shias in Uttarmachipora (Handwara Tehsil) out of a total of 265,954 Muslims whereas there are 18,488 and 20,697 Shias in Baramulla and Sri Partap-singhpora (Badgam) out of totals of 155,135 and 169,847 Muslims respectively. Hindus in Handwara and Baramulla at 5,497 and 5,051 respectively are practically equal in numbers but not in proportion since the former has a much larger population. There are only 2,371 Hindus in Badgam. Sikhs total 3,473, 2,630 and 2,355 in Handwara, Baramulla and Badgam respectively. There are 1,385 occupied villages in the whole district; the tehsil numbers are Handwara 562, Baramulla 355 and Badgam 468. For further details a reference is invited to the tables.

The increase in population for the whole district is only 52,600 or 9.39 per cent. against 10.29 per cent. for the whole State. The percentage increases for the tehsils individually are 10.9, 9.13 and 7.1 for Handwara, Baramulla and Badgam respectively. No particular reasons can be given for the lower rate of increase in the case of Badgam. It may be due to an increased exodus of men in search of work in British India during the winter but this is not borne out by the percentage of males and females at the time of the Census. It may be due to the movement of people from villages in this tehsil to Srinagar city which is on its borders since the population of Srinagar City has increased by nearly twice the percentage increase for the whole State. In the absence of clear evidence one cannot be dogmatic on the subject.

3. Migrations.—There have been no migrations during the decade having a permanent effect on the population. Such movement as there is may be termed seasonal. Throughout the district there is little agricultural activity during the winter and there is more than ample labour available to attend to such field work as may require to be done. Large numbers of men from all tehsils go to the Punjab and North Western Frontier Provinces of British India every winter in search of employment as labourers in order to supplement their incomes from their small agricultural holdings. They usually leave in November and return about March. Since there is little work in the nature of cottage industries, or in connection with local industries, this exodus is a good thing. It keeps the men

occupied instead of sitting about in the villages doing nothing and constitutes an export of labour. Since this seasonal migration occurs in the winter the population as recorded by the Census is naturally affected but as the movement has been annual for the past several decades it should not have much effect on the comparison of population figures as a whole for any district for this decade and the last.

Sawyers from Handwara and Baramulla Tehsils go to Karnah in the Muzaffarabad District and to Murree, Swat and other forest areas outside the State in considerable numbers every winter as there is little work for them in their own localities during this season.

Groups of Bhaggats or Bands, the local name for a tribe of itinerant musicians who form a class of their own, visit the Punjab every winter. They specialise in folk dances and are well rewarded for their performances which are reputed to be very popular wherever they go especially amongst audiences of Kashmiris living in the Punjab. A number of professional beggars known as 'Kuli Faqirs' inflict themselves on the Punjab every year and are said to collect good sums of money in the form of alms.

A large number of professional ponymen known as markbhans are engaged in the transport of merchandise, grain, fuel and personal luggage to various other districts of the Kashmir Province and the Frontier Districts. They go to Astore, Gilgit, Skardu, and Leh; in fact to any place if the rate of payment is to their liking. They carry on their itinerant trade throughout the year in those areas where movement is possible.

Much of the labour employed in the factories and workshops of Srinagar is supplied by the inhabitants of the villages of the adjacent Badgam Tehsil. All these movements affect the male element of the population only and are purely temporary.

Immigrants are chiefly the Bakarwals of the Poonch, Mirpur and Rajouri Districts of the Jammu Province who bring their flocks and herds in the early summer to the pastures of the districts as soon as they can and depart again before the winter commences.

A certain number of men come to the district from Kangra in the Punjab in connection with timber floating operations. They are expert in this work and are imported by the various forest contractors operating in the district. A certain

number of Baltis enter the district to work as road coolies.

Sadhus and professional beggars from British India flock to the district in the summer mostly on their way to Srinagar. Their avowed object is to visit the sacred places of Kashmir but they are said to be very successful in the collection of alms from the public on the way.

Every summer there is a large influx of visitors from all over India. A certain number have built houses in and near Baramulla town under the Ijazatnama system and have become annual visitors.

4. Agriculture.—The chief crops are rice, maize and wheat; the area under each is given by the Wazir of the district as 128,518, 127,957 and 55,318 acres respectively. Barley, trumba, pulses and oilseeds are also grown. The Singhara, a species of water-nut, is of local importance in areas bordering the Wular lake.

At the beginning of the decade a large area of the Handwara Tehsil, lying to the west of the Wular lake, was irrigated by the opening of the Zainagir canal which takes its water from the Madmatti stream a few miles to the north of Bandipur. The construction of the canal was commenced in the previous decade when most of the area now irrigated was arid and desolate. Handwara Tehsil as a whole used not to produce more than enough rice to meet local requirements except in a particularly good year and the addition of the area irrigated by the Zainagir canal is of considerable local importance. Maize production in the tehsil is more than sufficient in a normal year and some is exported to the neighbouring tehsil of Karnah and other adjacent localities where there is a demand.

In Baramulla Tehsil rice is the most important crop; maize comes next. Some areas are not self-supporting in the case of rice and for the most part rely on maize as their staple food. This is particularly the case in the Kandi illaqs and in areas where water is insufficient for irrigational purposes or villages are situated at an altitude too high for the production of rice. There is little if any surplus rice for export but maize is exported to the Muzaffarabad and Poonch Districts in considerable quantities. Wheat production is small and some is imported to meet the requirements of bakers in the towns and larger villages where there is a demand for wheat food. The water-nut called Singhara has considerable importance for villages on the Wular lake and is the staple diet for many of those

living in the locality. It is a nutritious food. Some is exported.

In Badgam Tehsil rice is by far the most important crop and the production is well in excess of local requirements. Maize is also an important crop in the unirrigated areas and in villages at an altitude too high to produce rice. Wheat is a poor third. Oilseeds and pulses are produced in fair quantities.

Price levels for food grains were comparatively high at the beginning of the decade due to floods in 1931. Prices fluctuate with the seasons; during the greater part of the period under review they were below the levels for the previous decade. In 1940 sharp increases occurred owing to the general increase of prices due to the world war.

The area under gardens and orchards at the end of the decade is given at 8,168 acres against 8,227 in 1931. This apparent reduction of 59 acres does not reflect the true position. The area under gardens and orchards is probably much in excess of the figure given. During the decade there has been a distinct tendency to plant up any spare land, especially karewas, with fruit trees of various kinds in addition to the conversion of 'Maidani and Banjar' land into gardens and orchards. The misleading figure given for total acreage under gardens and orchards is attributed by the Wazir of the district to the fact that lands shown in the Revenue Records as 'Maidani and Banjar Qadim' according to the classification of soil sanctioned at the time of the last Settlement, are still shown as such and the large areas of land since put under gardens and orchards are not reflected by the figures shown in revenue papers. There would appear to be no doubt at all that land under gardens and orchards is being increased extensively to produce money crops in the form of vegetables and fruit. San Jose scale continues to be a serious fruit tree pest throughout the Kashmir valley in spite of the attention given to the problem of its eradication by the Agriculture Department.

A large variety of vegetables is grown; the more important are potatoes, cabbage, cauliflower, capsicum, beans of all kinds, peas, turnips, spinach, tomatoes, onions and all the kinds indigenous to the district. Fruit produced consists of apples, pears, strawberries, plums, peaches, apricots, cherries, grapes, almonds, walnuts, pomegranates and melons. Plums grow wild and profusely in parts of the lower forest areas of the Handwara Tehsil. This

fact suggests that the locality might be particularly suitable for orchards planted up with good strains of stone fruit. Facilities for marketing leave much to be desired although efforts to improve matters have continued throughout the decade. The district as a whole, and the Tehsils individually, produce ample fruit and vegetables for their own requirements but the people do not eat as much of either as they should to maintain a balanced diet. Fruit, especially apples, is exported in large quantities—also walnuts and almonds. There is room for development in the production, marketing and export of more fruit and vegetables from the whole area.

A number of small fairs is held throughout the year in all tehsils but the purpose of these is not primarily for the sale and interchange of agricultural produce. For the most part they are connected with religious observances.

5. Industries and Labour.—The most important source of income other than agriculture is work in the forests. Handwara Tehsil contains valuable and extensive forests of deodar, pine and fir. Large numbers of the local people are employed in the felling and sawing of timber and in the collection, marking and floating of the resulting logs, beams, scantlings etc. The forests located in the Baramulla and Badgam Tehsils are worked also but they are not so extensive as those in the Handwara Tehsil.

There are mineral deposits in the district but at present these are not worked to any appreciable extent if at all. It has yet to be seen whether they can be worked on a commercial scale.

Baramulla town is the centre of the few existing organised industries. These are the manufacture of matches, the extraction of santonine and by-products from artemisia and the production of half-wroughts from walnut and other woods for supply to the rifle factories in British India. The last named industry is controlled by the Forest Department. Baramulla has also developed into an important centre for the export of fruit and walnuts.

Wool spinning and weaving is a cottage industry throughout the district. Good lois, puttoos and blankets are produced; the blankets and woollen materials made by the villages of Khuihama and Bandipora in the Handwara Tehsil have acquired a reputation for quality.

The rearing of silk worms and the production

of cocoons is another cottage industry; this is under the control of the Sericulture Department in Srinagar.

There are willow plantations in suitable areas and the various operations connected with the production and utilisation of these provides a certain amount of employment for those living in the localities. The people of Badgam in areas adjacent to Srinagar get employment in fair numbers in the Silk Factory at Srinagar.

Markbhans are found in all tehsils in fair numbers but mostly in Handwara and Badgam. Those in Handwara are mostly engaged in the transport of grain and other merchandise to neighbouring hilly areas and to Astore, Gilgit and Ladakh. The Badgam and Baramulla markbhans are chiefly engaged in the carriage of shali and other agricultural produce to collection ghats on the Jhelum River and to Baramulla and Srinagar. They also get employment in connection with the carriage of merchandise and baggage to Gulmarg during the visitors season from May to October each year.

Road construction and maintenance works and the construction of houses and other buildings give employment to some men in all tehsils. A large number from the Badgam and Baramulla Tehsils work during the visitors season as casual labourers and in various capacities in Srinagar, Gulmarg, Baramulla and at other tourist centres.

The rates for unskilled labour vary from six annas to twelve annas per day in connection with forests, roads, factories, quarries, canals, brick-kilns and transport. Agricultural labourers get five to six annas. Weavers, calico printers, gabha makers and embroidery workers earn about eight annas a day. Artizans earn from about Re. 1 per day in the case of blacksmiths to about Rs. 1-8-0 per day for furniture and cabinet makers. Naturally all these rates fluctuate according to the season and the demand. In the summer there is plenty of work for every one but in the winter months most of the population have very little to do.

6. Means of Subsistence and indebtedness.—The absence of reliable data makes it impossible to give any accurate information as to the means of subsistence and the amount of indebtedness. No economic survey has been carried out and until this is done all that is possible is to discuss general tendencies. The Wazir of the district recognises these limitations and claims on accuracy for the figures he has kindly supplied. He estimates the average annual income and

expenditure per head to be Rs. 51 and Rs. 52 respectively. The figures for income cover estimated receipts from land, labour, silk-worms rearing and miscellaneous sources such as weaving, dairy produce and poultry. The figures for expenditure cover cost of food, extras such as tea, tobacco and salt, clothing, ceremonies connected with marriages and deaths, cost of agricultural implements and bullocks and make provision to the extent of Rs. 5 per annum under miscellaneous. Whilst he admits the existence of indebtedness he thinks this is not such as to cause alarm. It must be noticed that the figures quoted cover normal conditions only. Damage by floods, which occur at intervals in some areas, and the failure of timely rains so essential for the success of crops in unirrigated areas, have serious effects on the economy of a village population. Loans may be obtained and taccavi advances sanctioned but these have to be repaid. The expenditure figures make no provision for the liquidation of debts. Indebtedness may not be increasing except at a very small rate but there is no indication that the average zamindar is in a position to liquidate, except at a very slow rate, the heavy load of accumulated debt which he is believed to carry.

Regular Settlement operations have been carried out in all tehsils and the prices then assumed for assessment purposes compare favourably with the price levels obtaining for the main food crops during the decade. From this point of view price levels were satisfactory but the fact remains that they were lower than the average during the decade 1921-30. The cost of all commodities the zamindar requires has risen considerably since Settlement operations and whilst it is correct to say that revenue assessment rates leave no room for complaint there is no reason to believe that prices for all commodities, including agricultural produce, were, on balance, in favour of the zamindar. Prices during the earlier part of the previous decade were high for all commodities as a result of the war of 1914-18 and its repercussions. A similar tendency was noticeable in 1940 and at the time of writing has assumed the proportions of a menace to those not possessing land or possessing too little to support themselves and their families. In discussing price levels for food grains and the means of subsistence for a population which is largely agricultural it must not be forgotten that large numbers of zamindars do not possess a holding sufficient to support themselves and their dependents for the whole year. Further a large number is believed to be in the clutches of money-lenders to such an extent that they get little benefit from improved prices for food grains as

their crops are mortgaged in advance to their creditors. It is doubtful if the district can support an increase in population at the rate of roughly 10 per cent. every decade for long in the absence of increased development of all resources. There is one economy the people can practice without hardship and without difficulty; that is a reduction of expenditure on ceremonies connected with marriages and deaths. The great majority of the people are very conservative and it is by propaganda, education and example rather than by precept that this economy will be brought about.

7. Education.—The number of persons shown as literate for the whole district was 26,758 out of a population of 612,428; this is 4.3 per cent. Of these 24,707 were males and 2,051 females. For the different tehsils the figures are Handwara 13,195, Baramulla 8,410 and Badgam 5,153; females are included in each case. The percentage in each tehsil, to the nearest decimal, is Handwara 4.8, Baramulla 5.2 and Badgam 3. These figures are poor—very poor in the case of Badgam.

The various educational institutions are distributed as follows:—

Handwara .. 1 High School, 4 Middle Schools for boys, 77 Primary Schools for boys, and 1 Middle School and 6 Primary Schools for Girls.

Baramulla .. 1 Intermediate College, 2 High Schools, 4 Middle Schools, 39 Primary Schools for boys and 1 Primary School for girls.

The Intermediate College at Baramulla, St. Joseph's, is under the control of Catholic Mission Society.

Badgam .. 4 Middle Schools, 32 Primary Schools for boys and 2 Primary Schools for girls.

In addition there are 25 Maktabas, 3 Pathshalas and 3 Aided Schools spread throughout the district.

Educational facilities are insufficient, particularly in the case of Handwara and Badgam. Handwara is a large tehsil consisting of many valleys cut off from one another particularly in winter and requires a larger number of schools in proportion to the population than either

Baramulla or Badgam. Baramulla and Badgam are both nearer to the greater educational facilities in Srinagar and both are more compact. Baramulla is clearly the best provided with educational facilities. The figures for Badgam are very poor. The provision of a High School and a considerable increase in the number of Primary Schools would appear to be necessary.

8. Health Condition and Drinking Water.—

Health conditions are said to be good on the whole. There are six government dispensaries, one subsidised dispensary and two subsidised Unani Hakims in Handwara; five dispensaries, one sanatorium for tuberculosis and a number of Unani and Ayurvedic practitioners in Baramulla; three government dispensaries and one subsidised dispensary in Badgam. The existing facilities are said to be inadequate particularly in the case of Handwara. Urgent cases from Badgam and Baramulla can more easily be brought into Srinagar hospitals for treatment. The Tuberculosis Sanatorium, located at Tangmarg, has been provided not for the treatment of cases from Baramulla only but for the whole Kashmir province. Most of the cases treated come from Srinagar City.

The people appear to prefer indigenous methods of treatment as they are cheaper. Except for parts of the Handwara Tehsil there is little malaria; such cases as occur in Baramulla and Badgam are mostly contracted outside their areas. All tehsils are affected by epidemics of small-pox, cholera and typhus. During the decade such outbreaks were kept well in check. The supply of medicines at dispensaries is said to be inadequate.

Drinking water supplies are mostly derived from streams and springs. In Handwara Tehsil supplies are reported to be neither adequate nor good. Tap water has been made available at Pattan and Gulmarg in Baramulla but supplies in the Kandi illaqa of this tehsil are said to be poor and inadequate. In Badgam the supply is generally good; tap water supplies have been made available at Charar-i-Sharif and at Badgam the tehsil headquarters.

9. Miscellaneous.—(i) The following places are of archaeological or religious interests:—

(a) Ruins of Ramkund Temple at Farkian (Handwara).

(b) Shardamai Temple at Guglusa (Handwara).

(c) Nandris Pir's Tomb at Magam near Trehagam (Handwara).

(d) Dhyaneshwar Temple at Simathan (Handwara).

(e) Stone boulders at Nagaradbal and Harnipora (Handwara).

(f) Ancient Hindu temple ruins at Pattan, Kanlibagh, Dewar-Ikmanpura and Sumbal-Indrakot (Baramulla).

(g) Ruins of Buddhist period at Fatehgarh and Budamulla (Baramulla).

(h) Ruins at Chodura (Badgam).

(i) Cave at Biru said to belong to the period of Abhinava Gupta Acharya about 1000 A. D. (Badgam).

(ii) The more important fairs are:—

(a) Baba Abdullah Sahib's fair in Baisakh at Guzarial (Handwara).

(b) Baba Shukar Din Sahib's fair in Har at Watlab (Handwara).

(c) Dhyaneshwar cave fair in Sawan at Simathan (Handwara).

(d) Papachan Nag fair in Chet at Papachan (Handwara).

(e) Singhpora fair on Baisakhi (Baramulla).

(f) Nand Keshvar's fair in Jeth at Seer Jagir (Baramulla).

(g) Ziarat Sayed Haji fair in Maghar, Poh and Magh at Kareri (Baramulla).

(h) Pir Dastgir's fair in Baisakh at Palhalan (Baramulla).

(i) Koti Tirath (Baramulla).

(j) Ziarat Baba Rishi Sahib's fair in Chet (Baramulla).

(k) Ganga Jatan fair in Bhadon (Badgam).

(l) Pushkarpura fair in Bhadon (Badgam).

(m) Charar-i-Sharif fair in Maghar (Badgam).

(n) Pakharpora fair in Bhadon (Badgam).

(o) Iskandarpora fair in Sawan or Bhadon (Badgam). number of other fairs at places having some religious significance in all three tehsils.

(p) Biru cave fair in Har (Badgam). (iii) His Highness' Government have constructed an aerodrome at Damodar Uddar in Badgam some eight miles from Srinagar.

In addition to those mentioned there are a

District Baramulla

Tehsil Uttarmachipura

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Budh Numbal	538	92	1	1	570	304	266	303	266
2	Gund Zun Reshi	372	85			449	252	197	251	197
3	Panjagam	1637	343			1851	992	859	989	859
4	Dardpora Nai Hari	1392	280			1578	796	782	795	782
		3939	800			4448	2344	2104	2338	2104
5	Chowki Bal	146	21	2		142	78	64	78	64
6	Tamina	340	52			310	167	143	167	143
7	Hafrada	828	124			822	433	389	433	389
8	Sher Kot	230	54			231	106	125	106	125
9	Amar Garh	419	93			456	260	236	217	234
10	Manjgam	438	79			481	257	224	245	220
		2401	423			2442	1261	1181	1246	1175
11	Tulwari	125	22	3		110	62	48	62	48
12	Dolipora	349	72			406	214	192	197	180
13	Chora Pawa	118	26			130	63	67	63	67
14	Sunamula	268	62			295	156	139	155	139
15	Kukrusa	498	96			528	268	260	267	260
16	Zaffer Khani	108	20			110	61	49	61	49
		1466	298			1579	824	755	805	743
17	Wilgam	815	174	4		957	513	444	459	400
18	Chak Bakhshi	43	10			49	23	26	23	26
19	Panju Dangri	919	189			959	499	460	497	460
20	Chera Mandi	135	19			115	55	60	55	60
		1912	392			2080	1090	990	1034	946
21	Taratpora	409	66	5		384	179	205	179	205
22	Pachhakot	234	47			226	118	108	118	108
23	Gund Lassa Shah	41	9			46	21	25	21	25
24	Kalmuna	223	37			223	114	109	114	109
25	Dahma	524	108			591	292	299	290	296
		1431	267			1470	724	746	722	743
26	Lun Hari	510	107	6	2	539	288	251	282	243
27	Rashanpura	781	128			807	410	397	405	395
28	Milyal	602	111			644	339	305	339	305
29	Farikhin	356	62			387	210	177	210	177
30	Kachahama	1014	185			963	518	445	516	443
31	Darda, Hare Kharguad	637	142			692	341	351	339	351
		3900	735			4032	2106	1926	2091	1914
32	Warasun	839	155	7		857	467	390	467	390
33	Gazarial	573	97			572	302	270	302	270
34	Dardasun Rishigund	774	149			886	459	427	459	427
35	Karalpora	650	136			760	377	383	376	381
36	Suntipora	289	56			308	144	162	144	162
37	Sulyun	62	11			67	33	34	33	34
38	Sham Nag	246	46			292	146	146	146	146
		3433	650			3740	1928	1812	1927	1810
39	Rawat Pura	461	98	8		477	210	267	210	267
40	Batpur	301	59			286	146	140	146	140
41	Olusa	377	83			389	192	197	192	197
42	Shulura	493	95			548	280	268	275	262
43	Salamat Wari	95	18			77	44	33	8	8
44	Chhampur	133	39			188	87	101	87	101
45	Wowirpur	18	3			18	10	8	10	8
46	Gufa Bal	60	11			58	28	30	28	30

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
47	Chubar Pur	177	26			211	109	102	109	102
48	Padar Gund	71	11			76	36	40	36	40
49	Gugalus	482	101			565	288	277	279	271
50	Bangergund	75	17			77	37	40	37	40
51	Gundi Moman	120	26			147	72	75	72	75
52	Chera Kot	100	20			114	53	61	53	61
		2963	607			3231	1592	1639	1542	1594
53	Trehagam	1636	304	9		1756	886	870	829	845
54	Hauyan Jagir	603	104			641	348	293	348	293
55	Rampura	101	29			166	88	78	88	78
56	Munna Kutpura	411	78			441	236	205	236	205
		2751	515			3004	1558	1446	1501	1421
57	Marhama Jagir	396	80	10		440	236	204	236	204
58	Marhama Khalsa	120	22			129	71	58	69	58
59	Zira Ham	1069	197			1072	562	510	560	510
60	Owar	2220	419			2223	1164	1059	1160	1059
61	Chak Kalilon	287	47			279	152	127	152	127
62	Alacha Zab	145	24			164	89	75	89	75
63	Kaewar	509	95			530	276	254	276	254
		4746	884			4837	2550	2287	2542	2287
64	Ludarwan	619	112	11		734	350	384	343	377
65	Hund	305	62			337	190	147	190	147
66	Gulgam	1496	272			1670	889	781	859	763
67	Hir	822	132			920	493	427	493	427
		3242	578			3661	1922	1739	1885	1714
68	Feyipura	212	38	12	3	248	140	108	140	108
69	Dudawan	250	46			262	130	132	130	132
70	Kupwara	748	191			969	532	437	477	400
71	Sula Kot	567	123			686	361	325	359	322
72	Halmatpora	793	146			882	463	419	463	419
		2570	544			3047	1626	1421	1569	1381
73	Hai Hama	4087	728	13		4575	2467	2108	2461	2107
74	Lasha Dat	168	39			215	116	99	116	99
		4255	767			4790	2583	2207	2577	2206
75	Kalaruch	6090	1100	14		6902	3780	3122	3751	3110
		6090	1100			6902	3780	3122	3751	3110
76	Manigah	969	181	15		1200	655	545	654	545
77	Jangli Kashera	475	73			483	276	207	276	207
78	Khumeryal	1242	219			1419	759	660	749	660
79	Gund Jahangir	184	37			192	115	77	113	77
80	Shumeryal	153	23			206	114	92	109	92
81	Chera Kot	544	99			563	288	275	284	275
82	Duniwari	214	40			235	128	107	128	107
83	Kanthpora	656	109			658	371	287	371	287
		4437	781			4956	2706	2250	2684	2250
85	Putushal	458	109	16		538	295	243	293	242
85	Wawura	520	94			570	311	259	297	251
86	Ganga Bug	124	27			175	87	88	87	88
87	Tanya Chak	297	59			326	170	156	170	156
88	Dharamwari	72	13			69	39	30	39	30
89	Khrusan	493	105			585	318	267	318	267
90	Sogam Jagir	489	97			584	320	264	320	264
		2453	495			2847	1540	1307	1524	1298
91	Surigam	936	135	17		918	494	424	494	424
92	Gagal	1127	167			1147	622	525	622	525
93	Maidanpora	1062	176			1153	621	532	606	528
94	Kuligam	1260	207			1267	709	558	677	529
		4385	685			4485	2446	2039	2389	2038

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
95	Saiwan	217	29	18		260	145	115	145	115
96	Khurhama	1608	245			1601	922	679	916	676
97	Takia Khurhama	266	47			275	156	119	156	119
98	Sewar Thandipora	1038	169			1239	675	564	659	550
99	Warnu	1711	249			1913	1023	890	1021	886
		4840	739			5288	2921	2367	2897	2346
100	Darapora	1026	196	19		1151	591	560	583	550
101	Sogam Khalsa	1193	227			1315	699	616	653	590
102	Chandigam	526	89			554	304	250	281	237
103	Rakhgund Mancher	93	22			141	76	65	76	65
		2838	534			3161	1670	1491	1593	1442
104	Lal Pur	2192	411	20		2406	1280	1126	1239	1085
105	Chraligund	149	33			166	86	80	86	80
106	Ruda Nag	273	50			299	162	137	158	135
107	Hayatpora	286	53			331	170	161	170	161
108	Muqum Lolab	130	30			152	86	66	86	66
		3030	577			3354	1784	1570	1739	1527
109	Thindusa	139	34	21		164	93	71	93	71
110	Dardapora	751	136			856	449	407	448	407
111	Makan Sharief Dar	68	8			49	25	24	25	24
112	Dewarinder Bug	1323	261			1534	830	704	827	704
113	Tekipora	1423	267			1596	879	717	835	685
114	Durachwani	520	102			639	340	299	340	299
		4224	808			4838	2616	2222	2568	2190
115	Tarats	316	64	22	4	330	164	166	163	166
116	Kand Khas	1376	253			1483	818	665	783	640
117	Kigam	433	87			494	272	222	271	222
		2125	404			2307	1254	1053	1217	1028
118	Drugmula	1770	342	23		1913	985	928	977	919
119	Inder Hama	1009	208			1021	521	500	498	486
120	Bama Hama	393	75			416	218	198	206	189
		3172	625			3350	1724	1626	1681	1594
121	Hanjipora	225	32	24		246	133	113	133	113
122	Batargam	554	105			563	291	272	280	264
123	Tikar	387	72			445	235	210	181	173
124	Gund Gush	237	43			247	127	120	58	55
125	Mughalpur	470	69			464	248	216	228	203
126	Pare Pora	124	11			76	48	28	48	28
127	Wari Pur	166	34			184	105	79	105	79
128	Hata Mulla	306	59			420	216	204	216	204
129	Buhi Pura	519	79			598	299	299	299	299
		2988	504			3243	1702	1541	1548	1418
130	Kunanbabagund	306	58	25		376	185	191	185	191
131	Pushwar	145	21			156	89	67	89	67
132	Bali Pura	79	13			79	43	36	43	36
133	Pazi Pur	508	87			645	363	282	356	273
134	Didi Kut	409	73			445	241	204	241	204
135	Getreeng	273	31			269	158	111	69	43
136	Kairhem	389	65			432	236	196	165	136
137	Gush	704	138			830	434	396	429	392
		2813	486			3232	1749	1483	1577	1342
138	Bubar Nag	38	6	26		39	22	17	22	17
139	Wegha Bal	98	14			119	61	58	61	58
140	Haktsar Pur	54	9			62	35	27	3	5
141	Nagr Mal Pur	929	181			1103	585	518	585	518
142	Jagar Pur	500	103			612	330	282	330	282
143	Bramar Jagir	233	52			300	165	135	162	133
144	Shath Muqam	71	9			70	37	33	37	33
145	Bramar Khalasa	369	73			435	224	211	223	211
		2292	447			2740	1459	1281	1423	1257

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
146	Kawa Wari Jagir	286	62	27		355	196	159	196	159
	Boat Population		5			25	14	11	14	11
147	Nut Nu;	1072	214			1209	655	554	649	550
148	Rada Bug	413	80			456	249	207	249	207
149	Shidi Pur	95	22			120	62	58	59	56
150	Watat Khani	191	43			215	118	97	92	74
		2057	421			2355	1280	1075	1245	1046
	B. P.		5			25	14	11	14	11
151	Udhpora	396	69	28		463	247	216	246	216
152	Khan Pora	224	40			260	149	111	149	111
153	Bata Pora Magam	297	54			325	181	144	174	136
154	Nelipora	345	75			428	225	203	225	203
155	Magam	1394	260			1598	870	728	848	709
156	Sodal	241	42			308	169	139	169	139
		2897	540			3382	1841	1541	1811	1514
157	Geri Pora	338	53	29		383	195	188	195	188
158	Askan Pora	174	28			172	89	83	89	83
159	Wagat	199	30			221	117	104	116	104
160	Pazwalpora	126	25			142	65	77	65	77
161	Upazwani	319	62			365	166	199	166	199
162	Pahel Daji	132	28			174	90	84	90	84
163	Pala Pora	142	24			158	81	77	81	77
164	Warapora	304	53			357	192	165	192	165
165	Shoga Pora	179	36			207	109	98	93	87
166	Tam Pora	179	33			212	97	115	97	115
167	Kalipora	84	18			101	53	48	53	48
		2176	390			2492	1254	1238	1237	1227
168	Sarmarg	285	53	30		351	191	160	191	160
169	Lilam	254	48			284	142	142	142	142
170	Waisu Kaw Nar	485	74			419	226	193	226	193
171	Kinal	248	63			303	155	148	155	148
172	Hardunu	329	56			309	157	152	157	152
173	Darel	478	76			489	253	236	249	233
174	Hangni Kot	272	37			307	168	139	168	139
175	Sochal Yari	115	14			117	69	48	69	48
176	Dugripora	409	61			390	200	181	194	181
177	Lacham Pora	348	52			369	188	181	188	181
		3163	534			3338	1758	1580	1739	1577
178	Khai Pora	488	82	31	5	539	290	249	284	248
179	Krim Her	156	32			162	76	86	76	86
180	Sat Kojan	708	111			681	374	307	374	307
181	Behni Pora	675	112			687	366	321	357	311
182	Raj Pora	503	101			597	309	288	309	288
183	Shatigam	246	37			237	124	113	124	113
184	Nicha Hama	289	51			288	153	135	153	135
		3065	526			3191	1692	1499	1677	1488
185	Yamler	196	29	32		188	112	76	112	76
186	Bawan Watsar	429	56			343	200	143	200	143
187	Wara Pora	233	46			269	135	134	135	134
188	Chinja Mula	324	50			293	158	135	155	132
189	Lara Bal	22	5			32	11	21	11	21
190	Path Wader	322	50			324	173	151	173	151
191	Bun Wader	770	114			848	476	372	472	372
		2296	350			2297	1265	1032	1258	1029
192	Lachipora	259	47	33		262	138	124	138	124
193	Wadipora	479	71			408	225	183	209	166
194	Turkapora	451	90			508	266	242	265	242
195	Su'tanpora	76	14			77	36	41	36	41
196	Ahaqam	426	82			421	211	210	211	210
197	Zachaldara	623	111			690	349	341	348	341
		2314	415			2366	1225	1141	1207	1124
198	Bader Heer	369	51	34		373	202	171	202	171
199	Nagrad Nar	193	33			186	107	79	107	79

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
200	Nabad Zab	94	12			94	51	43	51	43
201	Khirman Tilk Chand	375	67			384	204	180	141	120
202	Guri Aker	314	55			360	186	174	186	174
203	Baki Aker	518	104			629	354	275	351	275
204	Dudipora	387	99			550	300	250	295	248
205	Bahadarpora	136	21			146	78	68	78	68
206	Badar Kal	378	62			398	227	171	225	171
		2764	504			3120	1709	1411	1636	1349
207	Braripora	640	135	35		797	436	361	436	360
208	Tuti Gund	111	24			124	61	63	61	63
209	Shihil Hal	387	71			410	220	190	220	190
210	Harnipora	24	4			28	14	14	14	14
211	Rakh Shihil Hal	103	21			114	57	57	57	57
212	Waripora Gunipora	351	72			421	229	192	228	192
		1616	327			1894	1017	877	1016	877
213	Maidan Chugal	1025	190	36		1212	624	588	574	541
214	Chugal	625	91			536	264	272	248	264
215	Kulangam Bagh	482	109			642	341	301	340	301
		2132	390			2390	1229	1161	1162	1106
216	Khirmani Hanud	30	6	37		49	27	22		
217	Khirmani Nand Ram	104	17			108	55	53	21	25
218	Waskura	177	32			224	120	104	120	104
219	Kachwari	64	13			69	42	27	42	27
220	Bagatpora	160	33			184	92	92	85	84
221	Khana Bal	174	39			231	129	102	106	84
222	Handwara	1031	222			1222	704	518	535	422
223	Durashpora		22			167	82	85	82	85
224	Bada Kot Machipora	427	78			484	266	218	245	201
		2167	462			2738	1517	1221	1236	1032
225	Shanu	417	68	38		430	200	230	200	230
226	Shatgund Pain	168	27			161	72	89	72	89
227	Hangah	592	82			576	294	282	293	282
228	Sudargund	154	21			167	80	87	80	87
		1331	198			1334	646	688	645	688
229	Maratgam	436	66	39		467	247	220	208	194
230	Chotipora	288	50			321	161	160	161	160
231	Kargam	299	48			356	178	178	158	155
		1023	164			1144	586	558	527	509
232	Kuhru	333	58	40		370	198	172	194	170
233	Glura	457	82			481	246	235	246	235
234	Kultra	238	36			242	129	113	129	113
235	Batapora	117	16			110	55	55	55	55
		1145	192			1203	628	575	624	573
236	Hanji Shat	145	23	41	6	158	89	69	80	59
237	Pubru Path	467	85			531	274	257	272	256
238	Bunagam	214	42			224	125	99	125	99
	Boat Population		5			26	15	11	14	11
239	Haripora	217	44			261	119	142	119	142
		1043	194			1174	607	567	596	556
	B. P.		5			26	15	11	14	11
240	Kuhnubabagund	306	61	42		336	159	177	145	158
241	Wahiporo	298	48			316	155	161	155	161
	Boat Population		4			31	14	17	14	17
242	Unsu	284	47			278	138	140	137	140
243	Ujaru	200	31			228	119	109	104	97
		1088	187			1158	571	587	541	556
	B. P.		4			31	14	17	14	17
244	Lal Bug	90	18	43		117	61	56	61	56
245	Ganaw Pora	406	80			446	246	200	245	200

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total Literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		63	60							1	
		3								44	
		5	2							19	
										37	
										23	
										9	
										9	
		71	62			2				144	
										32	1
										3	
										8	
										1	
		1								12	
		1								56	1
										111	7
		16	8			50	47			26	
						1				24	
		16	8			51	47			161	7
		27	22							17	8
		34	28							22	
										5	
		7	8							5	
1		22	18							17	4
		147	6			22	20			183	24
		21	17							15	
1		258	169			22	20			264	36
										5	
		1								2	
										25	1
										2	
		1								34	1
		39	26							32	1
		20	23							10	1
		59	49							11	
		4	2							53	2
										12	
										12	
										10	
		4	2							34	
		9	10							8	
		2	1							8	
		1								10	2
		11	11							16	1
		1								42	3
		14	19							7	
										2	
		1								2	
		15	12							5	
		30	31							16	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
246	Lokipora	390	68			404	217	187	209	182
	Boat Population		2			11	8	3	8	3
247	Mala Bagh	153	26			142	85	57	85	57
	Boat Population		1			10	6	4	6	4
		1039	192			1109	609	500	600	495
	B. P.		3			21	14	7	14	7
248	Kachri	98	14	44		125	65	60	65	60
249	Yaru	257	46			268	139	129	139	129
250	Spahan Yaru	164	34			188	96	92	96	92
251	Udipora	294	53			344	182	162	182	162
		813	147			925	482	443	482	443
252	Tulwari	340	61	45		366	178	188	178	188
253	Langet	1329	206			1434	746	688	667	625
		1669	267			1800	924	876	845	813
254	Ptangru	280	62	46		345	141	204	141	204
255	Kalan Chakla	591	103			620	281	339	281	339
256	Chuntipora	238	46			242	97	145	97	145
257	Bata Gund	407	82			483	240	243	202	214
		1516	293			1690	759	931	721	902
258	Mankal	104	16	47		111	61	50	61	50
259	Nawgam	660	120			769	434	335	430	335
260	Wahama	517	98			568	297	271	292	271
261	Lach	572	117			764	426	338	422	335
262	Khudi	217	30			192	121	71	121	71
263	Haidar Mari	61	15			85	46	39	36	39
264	Harel	902	143			987	539	448	539	448
		3033	539			3476	1824	1552	1911	1549
265	Sanzipora	428	74	48		458	242	216	230	207
266	Mawar	300	59			284	129	155	129	155
267	Drungsu	425	76			448	235	213	233	212
268	Adura	429	78			403	181	222	179	222
		1582	287			1593	787	806	771	796
269	Mana Bal	236	40	49		246	136	110	136	110
270	Lahi Kot	357	58			378	202	176	202	176
271	Bandi	282	54			305	163	142	163	142
272	Shilthra	128	23			138	73	65	73	65
273	Duda Kuhl	8	1			9	4	5	4	5
274	Jahama	209	40			207	104	103	102	103
275	She khpora	249	46			248	130	118	126	118
276	Gund Razak	58	15			68	31	37	31	37
277	Shat Gund Bala	233	50			233	103	130	103	130
		1760	327			1832	946	886	940	886
278	Budha Bug	213	43	50		208	89	117	89	117
279	Path Darel	49	15			68	32	36	32	36
280	Buna Darel	131	25			133	75	58	75	58
281	Terima Tantri Gund	219	48			228	110	118	110	118
282	Warapora	114	26			123	58	65	58	65
283	Wajhama	263	53			322	153	169	153	169
284	Otengru	103	17			78	44	34	44	34
285	Ashpur	517	93			501	227	274	227	274
		1609	320			1659	788	871	788	871
286	Markot	52	9	51	7	67	31	36	31	36
287	Hamam	86	15			84	39	45	39	45
288	Duniwari	94	19			90	44	46	44	46
289	Kitar Daji	94	19			100	55	45	55	45
290	Dajana	145	23			168	95	73	95	72
291	Nawpora Jagir	58	9			64	37	27	37	27
292	Pazwalpora	212	38			242	132	110	132	110
293	Tangamula	194	36			235	131	104	132	110
294	Ahangerpura	25	6			29	14	15	14	15
295	Pukhwara	141	23			128	78	50	78	50

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied hctses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
296	Henru	224	39			252	133	119	133	119
297	Kungrusa	299	45			339	171	168	167	168
298	Chatusa	278	52			291	156	135	156	114
299	Satrana	134	34			178	103	73		
300	Zathan	238	36			253	141	112	141	112
		2274	403			2518	1360	1158	1198	1014
301	Muqam Rajwar	112	19	52		80	41	39	41	39
302	Harawat	223	39			215	98	117	98	117
303	Kunel	187	26			217	101	116	101	116
304	Chuka Foran	32	4			28	16	12	16	12
305	Wulrama	468	81			478	265	213	265	213
306	Hajan	300	49			297	153	144	153	144
307	Karala Pora	294	57			316	164	152	164	152
308	Renga Path	663	128			659	353	306	345	302
		2279	403			2290	1191	1099	1183	1095
309	Pazipora	72	11	53		74	42	32	42	32
310	Khawarpora	117	20			115	62	53	50	46
311	Safalpora	189	31			202	103	99	103	99
312	Raban	206	30			170	87	83	87	83
313	Shihilpora	30	4			28	15	13		
314	Path Badrah	409	84			506	253	253	77	80
315	Reshipora	214	40			226	125	101	125	101
		1237	220			1321	687	634	484	441
316	Sonian Said Nar	458	93	54		480	245	235	245	235
317	Fidarpora	254	53			288	147	141	147	141
318	Rawchha	923	176			962	507	455	498	448
319	Dangi Wachha	734	143			781	405	376	405	376
320	Margipora	28	7			40	24	16	24	16
321	Margipora Jagir	52	9			63	39	24	39	24
		2449	481			2614	1367	1247	1358	1240
322	Chipdeji	30	4	55		29	13	16	13	16
323	Mandina Hachinar	101	31			156	77	79		
324	Seen	187	36			184	89	95	89	95
325	Shekhpora	131	20			124	62	62	62	62
326	Hachivipora	83	23			112	52	60	19	24
327	Dugripora	41	12			53	28	25	28	25
328	Dalri	224	48			252	130	122	130	122
329	Hardu Chanam	339	66			379	186	193	115	119
330	Fagipora	75	13			78	46	32	20	13
331	Bakipora Batapora	314	70			357	185	172	185	172
332	Sangrampora	68	11			73	40	33	40	33
333	Waripora	114	22			126	66	60	65	60
		1707	356			1923	974	949	766	741
334	Manchanpora	182	37	56		217	104	113	76	89
335	Wanpora	354	67			424	234	190	116	86
336	Khushipora	285	41			268	149	119	149	119
337	Dachanpora	174	30			157	88	69	88	69
		995	175			1066	575	491	429	363
338	Patusa	391	81	57		481	259	222	177	157
339	Panzala Gund Bal	760	137			855	464	391	286	246
		1151	218			1336	723	613	463	403
340	Huma Dub	54	7	58		48	29	19	29	19
341	Ludhu Lodura	272	41			314	164	150	164	150
342	Ba hama Thakanpora	451	67			470	232	238	184	180
343	Kitru Nari Bal	179	26			179	96	83	96	83
344	Lera Angan	51	5			47	21	26	21	26
345	Sailkot	642	106			710	356	354	136	120
346	Braman	304	43			367	193	174	193	174
347	Gali Bat	28	3			27	12	15	12	15
348	Khah Moh	357	55			452	254	198	246	193
349	Barana Dub	435	65			473	245	228	245	228
		2773	418			3087	1602	1485	1326	1188

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
				4						2	
				103	21					8	
					73					6	1
				162	144					50	1
										6	
										1	
		8	4							2	
		8	4							6	
										1	
										5	1
										4	
										5	
		12	7							24	1
										1	
				15	13					2	
		3	6	173	167					7	2
										59	27
										2	
		15	13	188	180					71	29
										10	
		9	7							2	
										14	
										8c	
		9	7							108	
				77	79					36	12
										2	
				33	36					3	
										10	
		33	42	38	32					34	21
				26	19					7	
										13	
		1								1	
										2	
		34	42	174	168					108	33
		28	24							67	4
				118	104					73	50
										31	
										10	
		29	24	118	104					181	54
				82	65					47	8
		14	4	164	141					216	91
		14	4	246	206					263	99
				48	58					9	3
										21	19
										3	
		3		217	234					1	
										69	31
		8	5							1	
										9	
		11	5	225	292					113	53

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
350	Ohlitra	441	60	59		462	248	214	248	214
351	Shrtlu	943	114			1064	579	485	454	385
352	Wankeri	158	28			181	108	73	85	62
353	Bener Kahdura	718	100			780	411	369	411	369
354	Puna Cheter	92	17			95	52	43	52	43
		2352	319			2582	1398	1184	1250	1073
355	Batapora Najar	136	35	60		200	107	93		
356	Ruhama	1769	341			1917	1004	913	975	891
		1905	376			2117	1111	1006	975	891
357	Chaklu	807	147	61		829	442	387	442	387
	Boat Population		2			23	16	7	16	7
358	Naid Hal	1095	179			1144	609	535	605	531
359	Nawgam	104	18			114	60	54	60	54
360	Sadipora	155	27			179	99	80	99	80
		2161	371			2268	1210	1058	1206	1052
	B. P.		2			23	16	7	16	7
361	Ludura	941	193	62	8	1139	610	529	602	522
362	Kartargarh	4	8			14	13	1	8	
363	Yarbug	216	49			287	147	140	147	140
		1161	250			1440	770	670	757	662
364	Achha Bal	1618	433	63		2012	1060	952	1054	949
		1618	433			2012	1060	952	1054	949
365	Wadipora Lurhama	276	51	64		307	167	140	167	140
366	Paripora	376	73			377	203	174	203	174
367	Raban Ramahama	799	145			890	457	433	457	433
		1451	269			1574	827	747	827	747
368	Hadipora	868	177	65		945	499	446	497	446
369	Chitlora Khalasa	164	28			169	89	80	89	80
370	Gund Mulraj	121	18			121	67	54	67	54
371	Chitlora Jagir	247	45			284	152	132	152	132
		1400	268			1519	807	712	805	712
372	Serepora Budan	440	86	66		520	284	236	274	229
373	Lisar	206	40			247	137	110	137	110
374	Chijhama	663	128			711	368	343	365	339
375	Tregapora	267	53			284	144	140	144	140
376	Shogapora	105	22			102	59	43	59	43
377	Logripora	116	20			106	62	44	62	44
378	Ferozpora	287	45			330	163	167	163	167
379	Dundasa	290	49			307	164	143	164	143
		2374	443			2607	1381	1226	1368	1215
380	Yarbug	414	80	67		480	249	231	177	167
381	Watragrm Jagir	465	71			464	246	218	246	218
382	Watragam Khalsa	537	84			639	340	299	340	299
383	Gund Karim Khan	187	40			227	121	106	121	106
384	Duligund	169	26			183	98	85	98	85
385	Charligund	117	26			162	86	76	9	5
		1889	327			2155	1140	1015	991	880
386	Mala Gunipora	255	29	68		211	114	97	114	97
387	Drusu Jagir	182	29			217	108	109	108	109
388	Drusu Khalsa	126	25			154	78	76	78	76
389	Behrampora	906	193			1178	617	561	617	561
		1469	276			1760	917	843	917	843
390	Mundigam	356	61	69		343	189	154	189	154
391	Khana Gund	84	15			85	51	34	51	34
392	Sahipora	409	81			454	227	227	202	209
393	Wangam	120	23			136	73	63	73	63
394	Kachlu Qazipora	415	70			462	243	219	243	219
		1384	250			1480	783	697	758	679

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslm (ct.crs)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
395	Mangwalpora	83	14	70		115	56	59	56	59
396	Muqam Handwanpora	137	26			142	71	71	71	71
397	Rawalpora	237	49			295	147	148	99	91
398	Buna Badrah	277	54			341	172	169	172	169
399	Rasripora	166	22			127	69	58	69	58
400	Thakarpora		11			58	29	29	29	29
401	Khaipora	280	43			268	150	118	149	118
402	Palapora	227	51			246	134	112	134	112
		1427	270			1592	828	764	779	707
403	Panditpora	444	71	71		483	250	233	250	233
404	Hampora	281	50			261	154	127	151	127
405	Ananwan	151	29			169	86	83	86	83
406	Gund Kamal	143	20			128	70	58	69	58
407	Gund Chabutra	335	65			395	213	182	213	182
		1354	235			1456	773	683	769	683
408	Nihama	154	31	72		190	106	84	67	60
409	Bicherwari	262	51			285	152	133	152	133
410	Krala Gund	407	68			440	222	218	210	214
411	Super Nagam	369	71			396	205	191	204	191
		1192	221			1311	685	626	633	598
412	Sagipora	569	107	73	10	574	304	270	304	270
413	Zalura	1134	204			1140	569	571	527	534
		1703	311			1714	873	841	831	804
414	Nathipora	351	69	74		408	205	203	204	203
415	Nowpora Tujar	171	27			159	89	70	89	70
416	Harwan	770	125			822	433	389	433	389
417	Lati Shath	369	59			399	208	191	194	183
418	Tujar Pahle Har	1260	214			1299	645	654	638	652
		2921	494			3087	1580	1507	1558	1497
419	Wadura	668	112	75		770	414	356	411	356
	Boat Population		3			12	7	5	7	5
		668	112			770	414	356	411	356
	B. P.		3			12	7	5	7	5
420	Bumai	217	38	76		197	100	97	100	97
421	Malapora Panditan	175	29			194	105	89	53	46
422	Idipora	1172	218			1177	630	547	578	513
423	Goripora Darapora	356	65			422	229	193	229	193
424	Yamberzalwari	511	84			563	300	263	300	263
		2431	434			2553	1364	1189	1260	1112
425	Hardushuo	1551	236	77		1609	821	788	816	787
426	Rampora Rajpur	470	73			504	278	226	278	226
		2021	309			2113	1099	1014	1094	1013
427	Chera Har	135	21	78		124	63	61	63	61
428	Mandji	246	41			292	161	131	161	131
429	Takia Khan Mohammad	67	12			91	51	40	51	40
430	Muqam Shaid Mir	303	47			316	169	147	169	147
431	Botingu	961	160			1076	595	481	584	481
432	Mala Mapanpora	348	63			408	224	184	224	184
433	Doru	905	165			1020	531	489	531	489
434	Sempora	215	43			238	120	118	120	118
		3180	552			3565	1914	1651	1903	1651
435	Dangerpora	1658	290	79		1921	1036	885	1032	885
436	Adipora	573	108			685	365	320	365	320
437	Warapora	1102	212			1300	696	604	691	602
438	Path Bug	139	25			161	97	64	97	64
439	Janwara	473	74			490	267	223	267	223
		3945	709			4557	2461	2096	2452	2094

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
440	Hib Dangerpora	522	81	80		584	308	276	308	276
441	Seelo	630	109			782	415	367	415	367
	Boat Population		8			37	18	19	18	19
442	Logripora	224	30			249	122	127	122	127
443	Zoonipora	159	31			185	109	76	100	76
		1535	251			1800	954	846	945	846
	B. P.		8			37	18	19	18	19
444	Saidpora	393	68	81		458	261	197	139	117
445	Bohripora	187	29			216	122	94	73	57
446	Brat	358	60			420	229	191	229	191
447	Gund Brat	372	60			407	213	194	213	194
		1310	217			1501	825	676	654	559
448	Nowpora Kalan	1070	165	82		1140	597	543	596	543
		1070	165			1140	597	543	596	543
449	Bagath	30	15	83	9	148	77	71	77	71
450	Hamlina	33	29			210	112	98	112	98
		63	44			358	189	169	189	169
451	Sopur (Town)	10703	2011	84-87		12691	7059	5632	6397	5190
	Boat Population	279	121			590	327	263	327	263
		10703	2011			12691	7059	5632	6397	5190
	B. P.	279	121			590	327	263	327	263
452	Hath Langu	518	80	88	11	599	327	272	327	272
453	Magripora	82	16			98	55	43	55	43
454	Watlab	554	85			610	347	263	346	263
455	Kihnuch	1085	215			1363	760	603	760	603
456	Ishtengu	889	151			980	536	444	526	444
		3128	547			3650	2025	1625	2014	1625
457	Alusa	2765	464	89		2932	1608	1324	1605	1324
458	Malangam	1835	284			1892	1003	889	1003	889
		4600	748			4824	2611	2213	2608	2213
459	Quil Muqam	1525	250	90		1744	944	800	944	800
460	Mangripora	879	156			1048	561	487	561	487
461	Unagam	1149	184			1253	646	607	646	607
		3553	590			4045	2151	1894	2151	1894
462	Qazipora Patushi	1428	321	91		1808	962	846	962	846
463	Watapora	747	123			870	466	404	466	404
464	Kalusa Nathpora	1487	277			1661	886	775	786	700
465	Kharapora	174	26			222	123	99	60	53
466	Dachigam	299	52			367	190	177	190	177
		4135	799			4928	2627	2301	2464	2180
467	Nawpora	258	44	92		327	186	141	186	141
468	Bandipora	1602	347			1972	1054	918	976	864
	Military Population		51							
469	Nusu	618	106			756	405	351	405	351
470	Papa Chan	267	52			292	154	138	154	138
471	Mader	305	42			370	208	162	188	142
472	Gamru	428	54			465	257	208	256	208
473	Law Dhara	412	57			411	216	195	216	195
474	Gundpora Rampora	407	89			544	297	247	297	247
475	Gund Kaisar	204	30			225	108	117	108	117
476	Kunanbaba Gund	439	67			528	275	253	274	253
		5081	888			5890	3160	2730	3060	2658
477	Nadi Hal	759	129	93		858	459	399	455	399
478	Gund Dachna	272	41			310	157	153	156	153
479	Ca-ura	755	130			826	448	378	446	378
480	Aragam	757	120			810	440	370	415	351

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
481	Chatl Bandi	2079	308			2152	1188	964	1173	952
482	Brar	260	41			287	176	111	176	111
		4882	769			5243	2868	2375	2821	2344
483	Chak Arasala Khan	196	25	94		183	103	80	102	80
484	Takia Ahmed Shah	132	26			167	86	81	86	81
485	Shamler Sukh Baba	1074	192			1196	634	562	629	562
486	Chunti Mula	637	118			789	432	357	431	357
487	Kudara	607	104			654	355	299	355	299
488	Arindardapora	1631	285			1742	943	799	932	791
489	Samathan	25	6			34	18	16	18	16
		4302	756			4765	2571	2194	2553	2188
490	Sunarwani	280	62	95		372	221	151	184	133
491	Aham Sharief	328	52			364	193	171	190	171
492	Botu	91	16			122	65	57	65	57
493	Wewan	108	17			123	74	49	74	49
494	Aath Watu	325	59			413	237	176	237	176
495	Buna Kot	1958	360			2165	1183	982	1168	976
		3090	566			3559	1973	1586	1918	1562
496	Panchigam	330	61	96		395	215	180	215	180
497	Lawipora	500	87			510	275	235	275	235
498	Khaiyar	355	68			415	210	205	210	205
499	Chakri Sherpora	64	10			83	39	44	39	44
500	Ayat Mula	397	78			484	261	223	250	211
501	Ajar	308	54			335	176	159	149	137
502	Mantrigam	1671	265			1644	890	754	874	747
503	Chana Daji	229	21			212	105	107	105	107
		3854	644			4078	2171	1907	2117	1866
504	Machil	138	24	97	12	174	109	65	109	65
505	Pushwari	174	20			192	109	83	109	83
506	Misri Bahak	101	17			147	76	71	76	71
507	Dab Bal	176	29			220	110	110	110	110
508	Dudi	203	22			248	136	112	136	112
509	Chuntiwari	213	39			293	159	134	159	134
510	Hardu Ring	400	58			531	288	243	288	243
511	Dachi	251	33			280	147	133	147	133
512	Janoi	533	85			668	344	324	344	324
		2189	327			2753	1478	1275	1478	1275
513	Foloi	504	88	98		703	368	335	368	335
514	Marnat	207	37			336	184	152	184	152
515	Sardari	308	41			373	197	176	197	176
516	Halmat	300	33			384	197	187	197	187
517	Nikran	42	6			45	19	26	19	26
518	Suti	110	17			114	62	52	62	52
519	Tawa Bat	247	24			213	117	96	117	96
520	Bagtore	374	45			439	227	212	227	212
521	Kurag Bal	26	7			43	31	12	31	12
522	Kazalwan	190	34			233	131	102	131	102
523	Badwan Wampore	669	106			699	363	336	362	336
		2977	438			3582	1896	1686	1895	1686
524	Kahndiyal	334	59	99		336	170	166	170	166
525	Dawar	355	74			426	211	215	211	215
526	Mastan Khopri	85	22			107	59	48	56	47
527	Markot	439	110			454	252	202	244	202
528	Achura Churwan	515	98			595	307	288	301	288
		1728	363			1918	999	919	982	918
529	Gori Kot	528	107	100		633	328	305	328	305
530	Pushwari	60	19			66	30	36	30	36
531	Min Abad	92	20			113	58	55	58	55
532	Minimarg	139	41			229	117	112	116	112
533	Kalsi Bala	301	56			335	175	160	175	160
534	Kalsi Pain	207	39			205	101	104	101	104
535	Barni	174	28			158	80	78	80	78
536	Rudgi	56	12			58	31	27	31	27
537	Purana Tilel	177	28			158	83	75	83	75
		1734	350			1955	1003	952	1002	952

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
538	Dangi Thal	71	14	101		91	53	38	53	38
539	Jarnial	179	41			248	127	121	127	121
540	Manjgund	93	18			90	47	43	47	43
541	Hanru	249	56			298	152	146	152	146
542	Waziri Thal	64	7			39	20	19	20	19
543	Budugam	291	56			316	165	151	165	151
544	Sardab	208	36			242	124	118	124	118
545	Buglander	216	34			208	107	101	107	101
546	Gund Gul Sheikh	47	9			51	25	26	25	26
547	Hassangam	59	20			89	47	42	47	42
548	Malingam	123	19			120	68	52	68	52
549	Baduab	159	35			180	92	88	92	88
550	Gujran	273	57			303	147	156	147	156
551	Abdullun	84	25			113	47	66	47	66
		2116	427			2388	1221	1167	1221	1167
552	Lab Kachal	33								
553	Shanergarh	14								
554	Ghat Watlab	17								
555	Ghat Zafar	57								
556	Ghat Ashtango	80								
557	Ghat Harwalpora	116								
558	Ghat Dano	7								
559	Ghat Naso	55								
560	Ghat Neki Reshi	63								
561	Ghat Kola Hama	32								
562	Ghat Khanoch	69								
	TOTAL	247074	44614			274177	145755	128422	140465	124386
	B. P.	775	151			765	425	340	424	340
	GRAND TOTAL	247849	44765			274942	146180	128762	140889	124726

*Others—9M, 9F; Indian Christian 2M, 2F and Other Christian 7M 7F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
5569	Dardpora	4	Dardpora Nai Hari
5573	Chaira Kan	29	Farikhin
5575	Darda Hari	31	Darda Hari Khargand
5586	Shubpora	42	Shulura
5589	Waripora	45	Wowirpora
5590	Guna Bal	46	Gufa Bal
5591	Chirpora	47	Chubarpora
5597	Trihgam Khalisa	53	Trihgam
5612	Hiri	67	Hir
5857	Kairihama	136	Kair Hem
5837	Unu	242	Unusu
5868	Luber Bagh	138	Bubar Nag
5872	Bariri Jagir	143	Bramar Jagir
5643	Rakh Manchar	103	Rakhgund Manchar
5884	Balahpora	153	Batapora Magam
5885	Telipora	154	Nellipora
5893	Pahaloji	162	Pahel Daji
5865	Warapora	327	Dargipora
5879	Harripora	210	Harnipora
5905	Mangni Kot	174	Hangni Kot
5938	Harbal	264	Harel
6089	Darna	290	Dajana
6090	Nowpora	291	Nowpora Jagir
6037	Balhama	342	Balhama Thakanpora
6043	Guli Bal	347	Gali Bat
5805	Yarbug Gundi Balla Singh	363	Yarbug
6061	Ranan	312	Raban
5831	Lowgam Hamal	259	Nawgam
5828	Bogri Walpora	377	Logripora
5822	Manzbug	380	Yarbug
5787	Yahripora	445	Bohripora
5931	Fanura Dardapora	413	Zalura

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	4	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										4	
										17	
										18	
										16	
										2	
										28	
										26	
										37	
										6	
										14	
										16	
										24	
										4	
										212	
196	143	3244	2252	1841	1632			9	9	12194	1001
		1									
196	153	3245	2252	1841	1632			9	9	12194	1001

5803	Lati Nihath	417	Lali Shath
5736	Paligam	496	Panchigam
5708	Aham	491	Aham Sharief
5677	Karun Neel Kariwan Neel	522	Kazalwan
5910	Tamina Chak	6	Tamina
6007	Paprohat	237	Puhru Path
5996	Shat Pain	226	Shatgund Pain
5835	Kuhun	130	Kuhun Babagund

(ii) Kartar Garh serial number 362 includes the population of Bagh Haps serial number 5821 of 1931. The former is not traceable in Village Table 1931. It was possibly unoccupied at the last Census.

(iii) Lab Kachal, Shankergarh, Ghat Watlab, Ghat Zafar, Ghat Ashtango, Ghat Harwalpur, Ghat Dano, Ghat Naso, Ghat Neki Reshi, Ghat Kola Hama and Ghat Kahnoch appearing in Village Tables for 1931 against serial numbers 5711, 5811, 5759, 5760, 5762, 5764, 5765, 5766, 5767, 5768, and 5761 respectively are not found in the Census record for 1941. Probably they were unoccupied.

(iv) Military details were shown separately in 1931 whereas at this Census troops have been enumerated with Civil population except in the case of cantonments.

(v) Boat population has been shown separately where it was so recorded. This population has no serial number in Village Table 1941.

(vi) Villages Duraapore and Thakarpora, serial numbers 223 and 400 respectively, are not traceable in the Village Table 1931. It must be presumed either that they did not exist in 1931, were unoccupied or were included with some other village.

(vii) The numbering of Census Divisions in Tehsil Uttarmachipura was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the Circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the Charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 1 to 12. All are shown in the tables but they do not run consecutively with the Circles.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT BARAMULLA, TEHSIL BARAMULLA

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Baramulla**Tehsil Baramulla**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charges	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Mirher	141	25	1	13	150	75	75	75	75
2	Fatehgarh	649	144			606	320	286	317	286
3	Badamulla	241	58			260	145	115	104	74
4	Jogiyar	336	73			349	185	164	185	164
5	Zandafaran	293	56			300	158	142	158	142
6	Kitcha Hama	450	90			466	246	220	246	220
7	Sheri Narawaw	485	111			484	268	216	263	216
		2595	557			2615	1397	1218	1348	1177
8	Hardu Khel	373	62	2		414	217	197	217	197
9	Nambalan	224	72			233	126	107	126	107
10	Odura	446	82			411	230	181	230	181
11	Malapora	341	68			377	203	174	203	174
12	Taripora Wansaram	140	36			171	84	87	84	87
13	Dangerpora	255	49			285	145	140	145	140
14	Naraderi	86	21			114	58	56	58	56
15	Kawahar	428	74			437	231	206	229	206
16	Lara Dura	379	79			493	253	240	250	237
17	Raj: ora Thandakasi	129	26			149	84	65	84	65
18	Chudusa	741	139			812	436	376	395	330
19	Khudapora	213	41			241	130	111	130	111
20	Hooni	846	175			942	503	439	497	437
21	Gohanlari Jungle	284	73			358	178	180	86	87
		4885	997			5437	2878	2559	2734	2415
22	Naowgam Kandi	310	50	3		299	164	135	164	135
23	Muran Tangwari	266	45			293	159	134	159	134
24	Shumlaran	279	38			324	182	142	182	142
25	Sherapora Gugaram	369	51			360	161	199	161	199
26	Sulta: pora Kandi	250	43			318	172	146	172	146
27	Duda Bug	275	41			291	146	145	145	145
28	Nelasar	264	43			295	160	135	159	135
29	Takia Yusuf Shah	104	16			121	70	51	70	51
30	Bandi Bala	263	41			289	156	133	154	133
31	Nag Bal	275	44			309	164	145	164	145
32	Dunda Moh	324	53			352	200	152	197	152
33	Haji Bal	1241	239			1325	726	599	726	596
		4221	704			4576	2460	2116	2453	2113
34	Kaku Thal	471	82	4		494	267	227	267	227
35	Kalantra Pain	374	80			386	206	180	201	177
36	Tangwari Pain	69	11			60	30	30	16	20
37	Tangwari Bala	114	25			126	62	64	62	64
38	Managam	701	144			646	354	292	346	285
39	Braza Wasan	116	23			139	80	59	80	59
40	Wahidana	64	14			66	30	36	30	36
41	Kohlina	300	56			322	171	151	171	151
42	Bandi Pain	466	115			528	282	246	282	246
43	Kalantra Bala	374	71			410	221	189	221	189
		3049	621			3177	1703	1474	1676	1454
44	Katian Wali	411	67	5		421	234	187	234	187
45	Khai Tangan	785	134			792	450	342	450	342
46	Huda Pora	179	25			181	103	78	103	78
47	Frasta Dub	171	30			168	94	74	94	74
48	Wulraman	294	50			345	183	162	183	162
49	Weri Nar	59	10			65	28	27	28	27
50	Wagula	259	44			261	142	119	139	118
51	Darahu Frastawari	399	51			329	176	153	176	153
52	Kschumqam	1038	187			1112	607	505	556	465
		3595	598			3664	2017	1647	1983	1606

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle Charge	No. of	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
53	Tilagam	924	196	6		1022	542	480	536	470
54	Chandera Seer	278	40			286	153	133	153	133
55	Khargam	144	29			139	62	77	61	77
56	Wailu Kralpora	528	94			608	332	276	329	270
57	Baba Khaipora	194	18			96	51	45	51	45
58	Mohammad Pora	248	48			265	131	134	131	134
59	Gad Wani	32	8			36	19	17	19	17
60	Rasri Pora	201	34			208	104	104	104	104
		2459	467			2660	1394	1266	1384	1250
61	Shiekh Pora	324	51	7		312	171	141	171	141
62	Harnow Kawachak	272	53			302	156	146	156	146
63	Darda Pora	181	41			215	104	111	26	27
64	Sherapora Tolagam	140	24			142	85	57	85	57
65	Mughal Pora	177	31			174	91	83	91	83
66	Nadir Gund	207	38			229	121	108	118	108
67	Tetran	98	14			94	53	41	53	41
68	Khaipora Pain	221	46			236	124	112	123	112
69	Khaipora Bala	310	47			292	157	135	142	130
70	Faja Pora	68	11			82	48	34	48	34
71	Mula Bangil	117	19			133	62	71	62	71
72	Home	103	19			115	62	53	62	53
73	Tantri Pora	149	22			149	78	71	78	71
74	Hai Pora	82	15			97	54	43	54	43
75	Kharnpora (Kharnipora)	74	17			112	60	52	60	52
		2523	448			2684	1426	1258	1329	1169
76	Wahi Gund	116	22	8	14	138	75	63	75	63
77	Gund Ari Pora	79	17			69	40	49	40	49
78	Kanhama	135	34			196	90	106	35	31
79	Warapora (Wawapora)	188	30			205	103	102	103	102
80	Batu	69	9			79	35	44	35	44
81	Bodipora	142	24			149	75	74	74	74
82	Zeran	50	8			70	39	31	39	31
83	Dewa Dragad	119	22			146	73	73	73	73
84	Watalpora	126	26			140	73	67	73	67
85	Pajwalpora	64	13			80	45	35	45	35
86	Zasapora	55	10			53	26	27	26	27
87	Kohtar	13	3			18	7	11	7	11
88	Turkbatpora	295	46			331	169	162	169	162
89	Batapora Sagri	91	13			96	46	50	46	50
90	Khamanderpora	116	16			123	72	51	72	51
91	Darweshpora	31	4			34	19	15	19	15
92	Hardu Ichlu	261	50			275	145	130	144	130
93	Hardu Madam	188	27			203	117	86	117	86
94	Khachipora	60	10			64	33	31	33	31
		2198	384			2489	1282	1207	1225	1132
95	Meripora	38	12	9		54	28	26	28	26
96	Hardushuru	730	146			804	433	371	430	368
97	Kothipora	99	24			115	61	54	56	50
98	Sontipora	144	28			133	66	67	66	67
99	Bachipora	113	23			101	52	49	52	49
100	Rawatpora	209	45			206	113	93	113	93
101	Atipora Zikar	213	46			246	125	121	122	113
102	Krala Wat	176	34			193	99	94	99	94
103	Hayatpora	134	27			158	79	79	79	79
104	Rawanpora	109	23			100	53	47	53	42
105	Chak Charat Ram	219	38			207	121	86	81	47
106	Biyawa	290	70			309	164	145	66	59
		2474	516			2626	1394	1232	1245	1087
107	Ratnipora	85	16	10		94	52	42	52	42
108	Chack Mirja Jamadar	8	2			8	4	4	4	4
109	Katapora	329	75			358	185	173	178	162
110	Gotlipora	87	19			100	54	46	54	46
111	Kamupora	120	29			132	65	67	62	60
112	Tokalpora	66	14			44	29	15	29	15
113	Hari Utnu	880	198			933	497	436	394	436
114	Solinda	128	23			150	74	76	74	76
115	Badipora	85	17			103	55	48	55	48
116	Marchipora	163	28			176	93	83	93	83
117	Panditpora Bala	226	45			207	117	90	117	90
		2177	466			2305	1225	1080	1211	1062

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		1		5	10					32	4
		1		3	6					38	1
										2	
										16	2
										1	
										3	
										1	
		2		8	18					93	7
										9	
				78	84					9	
										45	27
										2	
		3								2	
		1								2	
		15	5							5	
										9	
										1	
										4	
										4	
										2	
		19	5	78	84					96	27
										2	
		1		54	75					40	39
										2	
		1								4	
										2	
										3	
										4	1
										8	
										1	
		1								1	
										6	
										3	
										13	
		3		54	75					89	40
										1	
		3	3							26	1
		5	4							3	
										2	
										2	
		3	8							5	
										10	
			5							9	
		27	25	13	14					11	
		54	43	44	43					49	5
		82	88	57	57					117	6
										1	
		1	1	6	10					15	9
		3	7							3	
				4						4	
										21	
										2	
										6	
										3	
		4	8	13	19					55	9

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	* Occupied horses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
118	Ferozpora	1462	322	11-A		1715	913	802	874	795
119	Chakthan Chanapora	161	28			176	100	76	100	76
120	Chandi Dura	238	55			298	166	132	152	125
		1861	405			2189	1179	1010	1126	996
121	Gulmarg	31	263	11-B	15	186	186		165	
		31	263			186	186		165	
122	Treran	673	113	12	14	772	415	357	412	357
123	Sharai	358	56			359	190	169	190	169
124	Tanberhama	207	41			235	124	111	124	111
125	Darahama	85	20			93	55	38	54	38
126	Chandil	298	55			284	159	125	152	119
127	Badrakot	348	61			386	205	181	205	181
128	Dara Kashi	459	75			448	246	202	245	202
129	Gogal Dara	222	39			229	122	107	122	107
130	Wanigam Chandil	585	108			631	352	279	340	263
		3235	568			3437	1868	1569	1844	1547
131	Malapora Sangrama	82	21	13		89	47	42	47	42
132	Mulagam	311	69			342	185	157	182	154
133	Awa Lawa	113	20			121	63	58	63	58
134	Ranbirpora	196	40			218	110	108	110	108
135	Gund Muqsud	42	6			47	27	20	27	20
136	Kunchipora	175	35			189	105	84	105	84
137	Druru	346	62			357	200	157	198	157
138	Gokahama	135	27			165	102	63	102	63
139	Reram	289	55			329	187	142	183	137
140	Chanda Bug Narikhar	77	19			78	43	35	43	35
141	Wahipora	83	20			105	56	49	52	49
142	Takia Batapora	240	52			278	154	124	153	124
143	Kunjar	344	74			357	196	161	194	160
144	Panditpora Pain	81	15			69	40	29	40	29
145	Hardu Beni	283	65			336	200	136	181	121
146	Dewa Bug	380	94			397	231	166	230	166
		3177	674			3477	1946	1531	1910	1507
147	Ratnipora Pain	82	18	14	16	91	50	41	50	41
148	Kulhama	113	20			122	59	63	59	63
149	Paris Wani	294	43			318	170	148	170	148
150	Bunagam	329	59			340	179	161	161	137
151	Dewapora (Dardapora)	585	103			642	362	280	362	280
152	Haripora	101	18			125	68	57	68	57
153	Kharapora	91	18			83	50	33	50	33
154	Kech Matipora	104	20			120	64	56	64	56
155	Gonipora	449	90			469	258	211	258	211
156	Hardwapora	1109	251			1116	619	497	619	495
		3257	640			3426	1879	1547	1861	1521
157	Ogmana	614	128	15		707	394	313	391	313
158	Karahama	628	117			648	351	297	331	282
159	Chak Wazir Punoo	102	21			86	40	46	40	46
160	He ng	181	33			149	85	64	85	64
161	Manglara	206	39			212	114	98	113	98
162	Osan Bangil	516	92			463	246	217	229	202
		2247	430			2265	1230	1035	1189	1005
163	Malwah	142	38	16		114	64	50	64	50
164	Gund Dalwach	287	96			297	160	137	160	137
165	Buna Sharan	225	77			215	123	92	123	92
166	Larikpora	161	53			180	105	75	99	68
167	Palapora	330	98			338	185	153	185	153
168	Buna Gund	89	27			92	49	43	49	43
169	Gumpora	420	166			420	245	175	245	175
170	Peerapora	37	16			34	20	14	20	14
171	Bamrad	351	146			377	210	167	210	167
		2042	717			2067	1161	806	1155	899
172	Ari Panthan	1304	440	17		1384	757	627	749	620
173	Badran	680	261			802	441	361	441	361
174	Kandahama	332	110			352	203	149	203	149
		2316	811			2538	1401	1137	1393	1133

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occuied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
175	Hanji Bug	197	36	18		238	127	111	127	111
176	Path Kanihama	407	78			477	255	222	188	174
177	Nowpora Pain	81	14			81	46	35	36	35
178	Batapora Kanahama	510	112			551	295	256	264	228
179	Gund Karahama	375	83			396	226	170	226	170
180	Kawsa	857	164			806	511	395	493	374
181	Mazhama	455	105			518	279	239	209	230
		2882	592			3167	1739	1428	1613	1322
182	Adan	143	38	19		174	95	79	84	70
183	Wata Magam	262	59			256	145	111	40	28
184	Agar Kallan	250	39			288	159	129	159	129
185	Magam	929	221			1120	606	514	85	52
186	Manhama	54	13			61	36	25	10	4
187	Gom Ahmadpora	785	173			869	463	406	34	26
188	Mala Bochan	156	33			184	98	86	98	86
189	Tunjharan	55	11			53	28	25	1	
190	Tantripora	231	51			252	137	115	115	102
		2865	638			3257	1767	1490	628	497
191	Goigam	369	71	20		348	206	142	206	142
192	Pinjra	541	113			531	279	252	279	252
193	Tara Hama	373	85			448	242	206	219	189
194	Uteku	296	53			334	175	159	175	159
195	Burzala	154	32			166	82	84	82	80
196	Waripora Bangil	338	70			372	206	166	203	159
197	Chichlura	585	122			646	346	300	335	291
		2656	546			2845	1538	1309	1499	1272
198	Lalpora	1678	348	21		1838	1000	838	943	801
		1678	348			1838	1000	838	943	801
199	Nolri	497	108	22		573	309	264	74	62
200	Baba Gund	38	9			25	13	12	13	12
201	Mamusa	666	118			687	379	308	378	303
202	Takia Mamusa	56	9			46	19	27	19	27
203	Kanlu	198	35			198	104	94	40	39
204	Sherapora Bangil	689	138			743	419	324	417	324
		2144	417			2272	1243	1029	941	772
205	Chack Narain Dass	88	17	23		125	68	57	6	9
206	Krishama	311	48			320	176	144	147	124
207	Sonim	281	55			303	169	134	19	8
208	Yal	322	65			343	187	156	86	69
209	Chukar	688	93			758	418	340	411	329
210	Kati Bug	164	21			167	85	82	85	82
		1854	299			2016	1103	913	754	621
211	Khamiyar	202	36	24	17	231	121	110	121	110
212	Wanigam Pain	550	119			633	333	300	333	300
213	Malikpora	183	33			176	94	82	94	82
214	Pakipora	171	27			164	85	79	85	79
		1106	215			1204	633	571	633	571
215	Taperwaripora	1072	164	25		1103	598	505	597	505
216	Bochu	220	35			231	128	103	128	103
217	Pocha Nag	182	27			178	89	89	89	89
218	Karewa Kreri	24	1			10	6	4	6	4
		1498	227			1522	821	701	820	701
219	Lolipora	166	31	26		174	90	84	90	84
220	Gosha Bug	860	136			938	489	449	441	423
221	Sultanpora Khai	1011	176			1170	627	543	399	315
222	Aglar	252	46			273	162	111	145	98
223	Usan Khai	420	67			492	263	229	263	229
224	Chaku	233	46			259	146	113	146	113
		2942	502			3308	1777	1529	1484	1262
225	Nilah	116	23	27		133	71	62	71	62

Serial No	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
226	Nihalpora	1238	222			1350	722	628	721	628
227	Daragam	236	27			195	114	81	114	81
228	Palapora Khalsa	167	29			177	92	85	92	85
		1757	301			1855	999	850	998	856
229	Siri Warapora	661	134	28		722	347	375	346	375
230	Dona Dara	139	29			162	86	76	86	76
231	Ochlipora	113	21			115	62	53	29	23
232	Mengirpora Makhama	214	42			215	114	101	114	101
233	Bahrampora	123	22			113	60	53	60	53
234	Shuch Pulapora	277	56			350	187	163	178	161
235	Sargudangerpora	545	110			606	328	278	272	223
		2072	414			2283	1184	1099	1085	1012
236	Palhalan	2769	484	29		2944	1607	1337	1567	1317
237	Sadra Bal	76	13			100	53	47	53	47
		2845	497			3044	1660	1384	1620	1364
238	Pattan (Town)	2691	516	30		3032	1694	1338	1595	1279
239	Amma Buran	253	42			255	146	109	146	109
240	Rakh Buran	130	15			81	51	40	36	29
		3074	573			3378	1891	1487	1777	1417
241	Khore	666	105	31		719	382	337	382	337
242	Hanji Wera	1598	253			1700	947	753	560	429
243	Gund Ibrahim	224	38			240	134	106	7	8
		2488	396			2659	1463	1196	949	774
244	Maharajpora Kanagam Dara	282	61	32		316	172	144	134	112
245	Kanter Bug	188	35			230	124	106		
246	Gund Khawjakasim	275	56			308	163	143		
247	Qasba Malmoh	655	125			683	371	312		
248	Archander Hama	235	48			311	168	143	158	134
249	Ganga Bug	279	54			318	161	157	23	23
		1914	379			2164	1159	1005	315	269
250	Kawsa Jagir	485	121	33		590	332	258	300	241
251	Bodi Bug	351	93			399	218	181	5	11
		836	214			989	550	439	305	252
252	Sangrama Khurad	474	106	34		559	318	241	308	238
253	Matipora	1655	342			1829	999	830	216	186
254	Hara Treth	45	17			81	45	36	44	36
		2174	465			2469	1362	1107	568	460
255	Mira Gund	579	112	35	18	668	374	294	65	95
256	Merchamer	139	30			172	100	72		
257	Ranbirgarh Pratapgarh	573	97			596	307	289	232	213
258	Panji Nara	491	95			511	279	232	279	232
	Boat Population		1			8	6	2	6	2
259	Sarai Dangerpora	804	247			1152	642	510	155	127
		2586	581			3099	1702	1397	731	687
	B. P.		1			8	6	2	6	2
260	Arapora	210	33	36		248	128	120		
261	Doelipora	129	24			130	77	53	7	6
262	Rakh Doslipora	291	53			274	154	120	8	5
263	Gada Kund	315	56			344	198	146	3	1
264	Najin	184	32			208	113	95		
265	Harnara	269	42			238	141	97		
266	Odna	512	91			632	349	283		
267	Khan Peth	369	75			386	202	184	37	28
	Boat Population		9			51	27	24	27	24
268	Dewarya Khmanpora	1215	200			1265	709	556	127	100
269	Balharan	327	60			339	184	155	23	15
	Boat Population		2			18	8	10	8	10
270	Chana Bal	370	71			428	227	199		
		4191	737			4430	2482	2003	253	155

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1931	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	B. P.		11			69	35	34	35	34
271	Ganastan	802	162	37		887	490	397	486	392
272	Gund Khalil	470	95			594	325	269	313	258
273	Tirgam	763	102			547	300	247	280	222
274	Malikpora Tirgam	99	17			117	57	60	21	31
275	Shadipora	481	82			415	226	189	77	61
	Boat Population		3			15	10	5	10	5
276	Rakh Sultanpora	306	61			352	186	166	34	28
	Boat Population		5			28	12	16	12	16
277	Gund Nowgam	124	33			156	81	75		
278	Nowgam	894	189			1031	522	509	8	6
279	Zalpura	372	79			446	240	206	9	9
	Boat Population		1			6	2	4	2	4
		4311	820			4545	2427	2118	1228	1007
	B. P.		9			49	24	25	24	25
280	Shilvat	440	85	38		434	248	186	121	96
	Boat Population		4			18	12	6	12	6
281	Rakh Shilvat	550	82			508	276	232	79	61
282	Sumbal Inderkot	2036	400			2220	1215	1005	656	540
	Boat Population		15			61	31	30	31	30
283	Rakh Asham	75	7			35	18	17	16	14
	Boat Population		6			31	14	17	14	17
284	Markundal	332	63			369	204	165	204	165
285	Zangipora	351	67			414	215	199	215	199
		3784	704			3980	2176	1804	1291	1075
	B. P.		25			110	57	53	57	53
286	Hajin	2517	502	39		2898	1590	1308	1589	1305
	Boat Population		22			116	64	52	64	52
287	Rakh Hajin	649	146			771	434	337	429	333
	Boat Population		50			265	148	117	148	117
288	Gund Prang	386	90			486	263	223	263	223
289	Madwan	366	72			434	238	196	201	171
290	Sri Hari Gund	257	51			323	166	157	166	157
	Boat Population		1			2	1	1	1	1
		4175	861			4912	2691	2221	2648	2189
	B. P.		73			383	213	170	213	170
291	Amcha Kundal	950	182	40		1048	581	467	581	467
292	Shah Gund	1135	227			1395	753	642	753	642
293	Vijiyara	566	104			645	364	281	364	281
294	Pushwari	317	63			371	208	163	208	163
295	Gund Bun	361	61			374	208	166	208	166
		3329	637			3833	2114	1719	2114	1719
296	Tangapora	210	36	41		170	92	78	92	78
297	Kanipora	150	24			163	95	68	86	65
298	Watal Hanji	157	24			165	99	66	99	66
299	Naid Khi	1893	391			1982	1075	907	1062	901
	Boat Population		16			80	47	33	47	33
300	Gundi Jahangir	956	136			784	438	346	438	346
	Boat Population		16			100	54	46	54	46
		3366	611			3264	1799	1465	1777	1456
	B. P.		32			180	101	79	101	79
301	Hamari	450	84	42	19	457	247	210	246	210
302	Indirgam	650	123			654	368	286	368	286
303	Chander Hama	318	55			332	182	150	157	150
		1418	262			1443	797	646	771	646
304	Harhandpora	43	8	43		44	27	17	27	17
305	Wanigam Bala	461	95			498	273	225	273	225
306	Waripora Pain	54	13			67	34	33	34	33
307	Khisipora	175	36			204	118	86	118	86
308	Kreri	1144	253			1222	676	546	675	546
309	Hail Jagir	360	62			348	192	156	192	156

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
310	Dolipora	327	58			367	199	168	161	124
311	Frasta Har Tilagam	233	44			268	153	115	153	115
312	Waripora Bala	222	41			267	149	118	149	118
		3019	610			3285	1821	1464	1782	1420
313	Thindama	195	7	44		50	24	26	24	26
314	Sachipora	41	33			207	111	96	111	96
315	Watragam	723	141			733	387	346	221	213
316	Dura Hama	265	63			256	137	119	137	119
317	Wagura	1099	256			1105	628	477	612	467
318	Wizar	403	82			472	262	210	262	210
		2726	582			2823	1549	1274	1367	1131
319	Shalaqa Wara	672	158	45		772	410	62	362	317
320	Chinar Bitchari Gund	238	46			256	121	135	108	122
321	Nowpora Jagir	1084	213			1146	615	531	576	494
		1994	417			2174	1146	1028	1046	933
322	Salusa	652	112	46		643	359	284	359	284
323	Dompura Dongadara	325	51			345	182	163	182	162
324	Othura	764	144			834	449	385	332	279
325	Chandakot	148	31			175	94	81	93	77
		1889	338			1997	1084	913	966	602
326	Bulagam	377	93	47		419	239	180	162	126
327	Haigam	1225	236			1246	662	584	505	433
328	Tramba Gund	133	33			145	82	63	81	63
329	Renji	335	64			388	206	182	206	182
330	Rakh Haigam	338	94			523	294	229	288	229
	Boat Population		1			1	1		1	
331	Chak Haigam	45	8			33	18	15	18	15
		2453	528			2754	1501	1253	1260	1048
	B. P.		1			1	1		1	
332	Tara Zuea	1540	302	48		1585	887	698	880	698
333	Dara Nambal	290	57			310	172	138	172	138
		1830	359			1895	1059	836	1052	836
334	Churuh	164	30	49		177	91	86	91	86
335	Wagub	463	81			493	267	226	266	226
336	Krank Shivan	723	104			724	388	336	379	327
337	Panjipora	370	59			400	219	181	206	175
338	Gund Bakir	30	6			33	16	17	16	17
		1750	280			1827	981	846	958	831
339	Pathu Kah Muqam	350	59	50		369	206	163	206	163
340	Sangrama	495	96			562	311	251	309	250
341	Lalad	345	55			363	195	168	174	150
342	Amargarh	397	65			405	218	187	213	187
		1587	275			1699	930	769	902	750
343	Seer Jagir	1830	415	51		1992	1064	928	968	859
	Boat Population		30			146	82	64	82	64
		1830	415			1992	1064	928	968	859
	B. P.		30			146	82	64	82	64
344	Dilna	1789	377	52		1933	1003	930	811	759
		1789	377			1933	1003	930	811	759
345	Naji But	273	50	53		297	168	129	101	81
346	Singhpora Kalan	859	165			1030	488	542	215	240
347	Kanspora	698	143			841	445	396	389	333
348	Jahama	465	76			497	268	229	268	229
		2295	434			2665	1369	1296	973	883

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
				38	44					29	31
										2	
										10	
		1		38	44					196	31
166	133									14	
		16	10							45	
										9	
										49	
										17	
166	133	16	10							134	
				48	45					25	
		13	13							11	
		4	5	35	32					26	
		17	18	83	77					62	
										8	
										16	
91	86	26	10							24	
		1	4							3	
91	86	27	24		1					51	
62	40	15	14							19	
156	151	1								31	
				1						1	
		3		3						4	
218	191	19	14	4						55	
		7								82	9
		7								14	
										96	9
		1								7	
		9	9							6	1
		13	6							12	
										9	
										7	1
		23	15							41	2
		2	1							7	
		21	18							12	1
				5						9	
		23	19	5						7	
		93	69	5						35	1
				3							
		93		3						114	
			69	3						114	
151	137	41	34							127	4
151	137	41	34							127	4
				67	48					34	
				273	302					190	91
		1		55	63					50	7
										3	
		1		325	413					272	98

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
349	Fatehpura	507	140	54		711	382	328	233	193
350	Frasta Har	141	22			137	78	59	78	59
351	Kantha Bagh	84	15			96	51	45	51	45
352	Gotiyar	178	34			252	129	123	128	123
353	Janbazpora	380	72			409	189	220	189	220
		1290	283			1605	830	775	679	640
354	Ushkera	2596	132	55	20	932	507	425	378	351
		2596	132			932	507	425	378	351
355a	Ushkera		583			2355	1428	927	790	541
355b	Khan Pura	1674	364			1954	1107	847	956	761
	Boat Population		7			28	15	13	15	13
355c	Maliar Pura	228	54			363	195	168	193	168
355d	Khawah Bagh	766	141			855	457	398	439	382
	Boat Population		10			43	19	24	19	24
355e	Baramulla	6510	1066			7036	3858	3178	3161	2651
	Boat Population	376	20			90	54	36	54	36
		9178	2208			12563	7045	5518	5539	4503
	B. P.	376	37			161	88	73	88	73
	Chaku Ghat	140								
	TOTAL	148653	29740			161796	87990	73806	73587	61953
	B. P.	376	219			1107	607	500	607	500
	GRAND TOTAL	149009	29959			162903	88597	74306	74194	62453

*Others—41M, 45F; Indian Christian 20M, 22F; and Other Christian 21M, 23F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.		Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.	
S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
4904	Frasta Har	311	Frasta Har Tilagam
5046	Sherapora Nilagam	64	Sherapora Tolagam
5055	Tanripora	73	Tantripora
5057	Kharnipora	75	Kharampora (Kharnipora)
4850	Sonlipora	98	Sontipora
4829	Chanda Bug	140	Chanda Bug Nari Khar
4732	Wanigam	130	Wanigam Chandil
4858	Tang Bhagu	249	Gangabug
5067	Sutalapora	304	Harhandpora
5068	Hil Jag	309	Hail Jagir
4984	Sachi But	345	Naji But
4982	Singhpora	346	Singhpora Kalan
4888	Sultanpora	221	Sultanpora Khai
4761	Kawsa Khalsa	180	Kawsa
4936	Dospora	261	Doslipora
4937	Rakh Dospora	262	Rakh Doslipora
4942	Malikpora	274	Malikpora Tirgam
5077	Shankerpura Singhama	232	Nengirpora Makhama
4930	Chatabal	270	Chanabal
4895	Palapora	228	Palapora Khalsa
5004	Rajpora	17	Rajpora Thandakasi
4901	Kerewa Kerewa	218	Karewa Kreri
5074	Srakikawarapora	235	Surgundangerpora
4902	Keri	308	Kreri

(ii) Chaku Ghat serial number 4892 of 1931 Village Tables was unoccupied at this Census.

(iii) The village Ushkera appears against two different numbers in Village Tables 1941. It is partly included in Baramulla Town Area—serial number 355 and partly in village area under serial number 354. This village has been wrongly split up into two by the local Census Officer contrary to instructions issued in this connection.

(iv) Boat population has been shown separately where it is so recorded. This population has no serial number in the Village Tables

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		5	9	145	126					41	5
		1								1	
		6	9	145	126					3	
		1	1	123	73			5		5	
		1	1	123	73			5		40	
		483	284	120	58	1		34	44	40	
		115	60	36	26					294	4
		2								51	1
		18	16							49	
		675	519	22	8					1808	398
		1293	879	178	92	1		34	44	2202	403
10023	8465	2943	2108	1395	1235	1		41	45	7671	739
10023	8465	2943	2108	1395	1235	1		41	45	7671	739

(v) Total 1931 population of the Tehsil is 1,49,009. The figure is correct. But actually components exceed the total as there are some printing errors.

(vi) The number of villages in the Tehsil according to the Census record is 359. Five of these villages viz., Ushkara, Khanpura, Maliarpura, Khwajah Bagh and Baramulla constitute Baramulla Town and have been allotted sub-numbers in Village Tables 1941. As four of these villages have been merged with Baramulla Town Imperial Table III shows 355 villages only.

(vii) The numbering of Census Divisions in Tehsil Baramulla was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the Circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the Charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 13 to 20. All are shown in the tables but they do not run consecutively with the Circles. Circle totals are given but owing to the defect referred to Charge totals cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated Circles forming each Charge.

(viii) The correct number of occupied houses in Gulmarg, serial number 121, at the time of the actual Census was 105 and not 263 as shown. The latter number represents the number of houses numbered for Census purposes at the time of house-numbering. The error was detected at a stage when to change the figure would have upset totals in other tables. As the detail is of little importance, it was decided it would be best to give an explanatory note. Bungalows in Gulmarg are unoccupied in winter except by chowkidars; one man is frequently in charge of several bungalows. Most of the Gulmarg population recorded consists of house chowkidars. It will be noticed no females were recorded in Gulmarg.

VILLAGE TABLES

DISTRICT BARAMULLA; TEHSIL SRI PRATAPSINGHPURA (BADGAM)

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Baramulla**Tehsil Sripratapsinghpura (Badgam)**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Sojeth Goripora	860	114	1	21	628	363	265	362	265
	Boat Population		38			215	119	96	119	96
2	Narabal	700	134			756	430	326	430	326
3	Gagarpora	255	53			298	170	128	23	8
4	Gund Khalil	68	8			57	28	29	28	29
5	Yaru Gund	157	31			181	90	91	90	91
		2040	340			1920	1081	839	933	719
	B. P.		38			215	119	96	119	96
6	Gund Hasi Bat	692	133	2		746	395	351	70	70
7	Lawipora	125	25			147	79	68	79	68
8	Rakh Muj Gund	487	83			474	264	210	257	205
9	Malru	423	75			422	224	198	224	198
10	Shalateng	491	47			536	289	247	278	237
	Boat Population					15	12	3	12	3
		2218	363			2325	1251	1074	908	778
	B. P.					15	12	3	12	3
11	Zaina Kot	655	119	3		806	437	369	424	358
12	Kushipora	382	80			479	258	221	70	53
13	Parimpora	277	65			308	170	138	170	138
	Boat Population		23			134	71	63	71	63
14	Chawani Badamsing	14	5			6	6		1	
15	Barthana	169	36			192	112	80	111	80
16	Rakh Gund Aka Shah	2	1			2	2			
17	Arapora	132	26			157	83	74	83	74
18	Kamarwari	154	25			70	53	17	53	17
	Boat Population		14			77	40	37	40	37
		1785	357			2020	1121	899	912	720
	B. P.		37			211	111	100	111	100
19	Haji Bagh	200	38	4		235	133	102	133	102
20	Hanjik	122	30			153	82	71	18	7
21	Sharief Abad	153	33			180	91	89	5	5
22	Bimna	946	259			1207	659	548	9	4
23	Dandusa	314	35			214	115	99		
		1735	395			1989	1080	909	165	118
24	Batamalina	796	178	5		978	532	446	500	424
25	Gulabpora	35	8			42	23	19	23	19
26	Gunga Bug	188	44			273	145	128	145	128
		1019	230			1293	700	593	668	571
27	Barzala	888	231	6-7		1235	637	598	607	577
		888	231			1235	637	598	607	577
28	Aramwari	683	77	8	24	400	225	175	225	175
29	Krusubadshaibagh	1060	292			1521	837	684	826	769
	Boat Population		91			82	43	39	43	39
30	Gund Chandal	76	15			83	47	36	47	36
31	Nowgam Ich	996	195			1104	609	495	603	491
		2815	579			3108	1718	1390	1701	1381
	B. P.		91			82	43	39	43	39
32	Sotengo	556	121	9		627	336	291	321	278
33	Khinhamma	524	105			576	335	241	256	183

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
34	Wangipora ..	85	13			78	42	36	42	36
35	Chukapora Kalan ..	216	50			251	140	111	140	111
36	Gogi Bagh ..	119	27			125	72	53	72	53
37	Chak Dewan Badri Nath ..	220	47			240	131	109	131	109
38	Dangerpora ..	123	37			150	81	69	81	69
39	Kothipora ..	154	27			178	100	78	100	78
		1997	427			2225	1237	988	1143	917
40	Lasjin ..	980	172	10		1109	630	479	629	479
41	Sumarbug ..	418	86			495	282	213	200	144
42	Seer Bagh ..	71	19			115	66	49	65	49
43	Shalina ..	310	61			358	182	176	29	22
44	Bagh Shakur Shah ..	65	12			66	37	29	37	29
45	Zoonipora ..	214	12			76	35	41	35	41
46	Rakh Shalina ..	608	119			643	370	273	163	113
		2666	481			2862	1602	1260	1158	877
47	Paharu ..	1007	210	11		1143	644	499	610	483
48	Gungipora ..	191	39			238	130	108	130	108
49	Wagura ..	752	131			720	377	343	365	340
50	Sothu Kalan ..	295	70			305	162	143	65	43
		2245	450			2406	1313	1093	1170	974
51	Bagat Kanipora ..	316	62	12		330	182	148	181	148
52	Menganwaji ..	109	20			112	59	53	59	53
53	Chak 1, Dewan Badri Nath ..	77	33			155	94	61	77	46
54	Gund Chakupora ..	119	27			134	64	70	48	61
55	Kanipora Kalidar ..	168	27			165	83	82	79	74
56	Manchuwa ..	409	68			443	235	208	235	208
57	Bagh Mahtab Joo ..	74	24			104	59	45	29	16
58	Shamkerpora Ich ..	232	54			279	151	128	136	121
59	Soothu Kitar Bagh ..	214	46			237	132	105	74	51
60	Rakh Soothu ..	24	3			19	11	8	11	8
		1742	364			1978	1070	908	929	786
61	Natipora Jagir ..	2044	518	13		2665	1400	1265	1388	1257
		2044	518			2665	1400	1265	1388	1257
62	Bagat Barzala ..	547	90	14		691	405	286	387	283
63	Rawalpura Ich ..	1050	172			1187	654	533	625	511
64	Haiderpora ..	619	124			755	417	338	408	331
		2216	386			2633	1476	1157	1420	1125
65	Nadir Gund ..	300	73	15	25	363	199	164	199	164
66	Humahama ..	708	146			783	439	344	439	344
67	Watadoru Galwanpora ..	295	57			362	199	163	178	144
68	Lalu Sheshageri Bagh ..	82	16			83	48	35	33	25
69	Narakara ..	691	143			783	403	380	402	280
70	Ganguwa ..	327	67			367	190	177	186	175
		2396	502			2741	1478	1263	1437	1232
71	Ompora ..	1213	244	16	23	1861	751	630	717	605
72	Shekhopora ..	204	31			208	113	95	113	95
73	Batahar ..	158	30			167	87	80	87	80
74	Karipora ..	216	42			209	110	99	110	99
75	Reshipora ..	186	36			178	82	96	82	96
76	Sabdan ..	170	43			218	122	96	78	63
77	Doru ..	123	21			122	67	55	67	55
		2270	447			2463	1332	1151	1254	1093
78	Soyabug ..	1596	299	17	22	1805	956	849	927	832
79	Kamahopora ..	26	5			30	20	10	20	10
80	Faimas ..	345	70			366	207	159	111	77
81	Wara Sangam ..	154	33			193	107	86	107	86
82	Kadipora ..	149	24			164	88	76	27	23
83	Warapora ..	109	23			125	76	49	76	49
84	Haripora ..	205	35			216	126	90	126	90
85	Hakermula ..	160	32			192	104	88	32	58
		2744	521			3091	1684	1407	1426	1225

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
86	Rakh Hakermula	129	29	18	23	135	78	57	78	57
87	Palar	354	73			378	210	168	4	7
88	Nasirullahpora	539	94			618	334	284	333	284
89	Galwanpora	324	61			365	205	160	205	160
90	Tekipora	97	14			92	52	40		
91	Dafpora	138	20			117	60	57	8	8
92	Miragund	101	20			101	53	48		
93	Bodan	125	23			119	73	56		
94	Chowderibagh	105	18			122	69	53	69	53
95	Chak Kali Khan	92	16			84	42	42	42	42
		2004	368			2141	1176	965	739	611
96	Dehramana	622	123	19	22	693	362	331	362	331
97	Gotapora	354	67			434	233	201	230	201
98	Arath	444	92			501	269	232	268	232
		1420	282			1628	864	764	860	764
99	Soofipora	116	31	20		132	73	59	12	11
100	Alawpora	70	14			81	46	35	46	35
101	Shahpora	22	4			34	16	18	16	18
102	Chatabug	238	46			233	122	111	121	111
103	Nadigam	218	35			237	136	101	136	101
104	Shopri Bagh	28	6			29	13	16	13	16
105	Chak Wazir Punu	51	9			50	29	21	29	21
106	Chewa	257	49			251	138	113	136	113
107	Wadwan Jagir	742	143			853	463	390	414	344
108	Watalpora Bandahpora	293	54			317	168	149	168	149
		2035	391			2217	1204	1013	1091	919
109	Rasu	344	60	21		420	220	200	218	200
110	Panchas	178	33			190	97	93	10	8
111	Bandagam	494	81			537	293	244	290	241
112	Wahabpora	599	111			654	341	313	7	7
		1615	285			1801	951	850	525	456
113	Chera Har	199	36	22	21	208	110	98	110	98
114	Rajawan Machuwa	110	27			144	77	67	76	67
115	Harduwamnu	88	17			99	50	49	16	14
116	Lohar Chak	98	17			86	49	37	1	
117	Kantha Bagh	47	7			50	34	16	34	16
118	Sahibpora	169	18			131	66	65	13	15
119	Chak Dewan Badri Nath	173	17			89	47	42	47	42
120	Sanora Kalipora	413	78			444	246	198	246	198
		1297	217			1251	679	572	543	450
121	Chair Giun	243	42	23	27	266	139	127	25	22
122	Sahipora	191	31			227	114	113		
123	Buna Makhama	437	76			475	251	224	251	224
124	Paripora	224	42			247	132	115	132	115
125	Path Makhama	981	215			1183	624	559	613	549
126	Radhabug	93	16			104	60	44	60	44
127	Matipora	50	7			50	30	20	30	20
		2219	429			2552	1350	1202	1111	974
128	Ratsoon	982	182	24		1092	592	500	587	498
129	Ohangam	626	111			692	371	321	371	321
130	Wanhama	233	39			257	137	120	18	22
131	Drager	119	21			124	68	56	68	56
		1960	353			2165	1168	997	1044	897
132	Qasba Beruwa	1499	352	25	30	1587	877	710	851	696
133	Chudara	934	156			858	490	368	489	368
134	Arwoh	626	118			699	369	330	368	326
		3059	626			3144	1736	1408	1708	1390
135	Chak Dewan Lachman Dass	130	28	26	27	127	75	52	75	52
136	Mulamachhama	107	19			101	51	50	51	50
137	Hardu Malapora	365	77			369	212	157	212	157
138	Hanjilwipora	110	17			113	66	47	66	47

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
139	Meripora	367	69			370	208	162	208	162
140	Narawara	319	63			291	160	131	160	131
		1398	273			1371	772	599	772	599
141	Chandapura	430	92	27	22	391	214	177	3	5
142	Nadiwanpora	42	11			63	33	30	33	30
143	Garand Khurd	435	80			494	274	220	274	220
144	Garand Kalan	408	79			429	220	209		11
		1315	262			1377	741	636	310	266
145	Surasyan	81	13	28		84	44	40	44	40
146	Hardubatapura	119	19			129	72	57	72	57
147	Saratpora	70	11			72	39	33	18	12
148	Najlu	143	23			138	72	66	19	12
149	Punichgund	206	39			202	115	87	26	16
150	Mam	156	32			146	86	60	4	4
151	Mulashal	269	51			279	153	126		
152	Charigam	344	54			341	191	150		150
153	Daji Malik Gund	123	21			119	71	48	9	7
154	Buna Hama	334	77			365	200	165		
		1845	340			1875	1043	832	192	298
155	Watilgam	495	97	29	27	491	264	227	257	224
156	Gondipora	380	79			432	236	196	220	184
157	Hayatpora	77	15			92	49	43		
158	Atinu	346	79			411	215	196	21	15
159	Malapura Sakanlu	37	6			42	22	20	22	20
160	Renipora	46	19			110	64	46	33	26
161	Sochan Banit	226	43			243	129	114	129	114
162	Gamahpora	168	29			140	75	65	72	61
163	Bupath	69	13			68	38	30	1	
164	Saihama	105	18			98	55	43		4
		1949	398			2127	1147	980	755	648
165	Labertal	392	81	30	23	376	201	175	40	30
166	Sholipora	972	225			1071	586	485	465	380
167	Parisabadpora	671	111			651	342	309	36	40
		2035	417			2098	1129	969	541	450
168	Brel	182	32	31	27	184	93	91	93	91
169	Gund Ali Naik	427	104			570	312	258	312	258
170	Watra Hail	899	162			793	452	341	451	341
171	Hardu Wail	550	108			620	345	275	258	203
		2058	406			2167	1202	965	1114	893
172	Gund Bumadar	34	12	32		72	46	26	46	26
173	Paharthan Jagir	136	21			148	74	74	74	74
174	Hakalitri	569	109			617	323	294	318	289
175	Chananowpora	120	24			138	75	63	75	63
176	Kralanewa Jagir	275	54			307	170	137	170	137
177	Gund Panah	150	22			165	88	77	88	77
178	Gamgala	103	17			95	52	45	52	45
179	Gund Darwesh Harawani	402	79			433	232	201	232	201
		1789	338			1977	1060	917	1055	912
180	Lasipora Jagir	265	43	33		251	141	110	133	105
181	Danis Jagir	146	22			148	82	66	82	66
182	Sangrampora	38	11			57	31	26	19	12
183	Chura Mujru	249	47			268	151	117	151	117
184	Chanthan Chakpora	316	60			330	177	153	177	153
185	Najan	321	62			308	167	141	167	141
186	Sholi Gund	50	13			61	33	28		
187	Suna Pah	579	120			642	368	274	149	105
188	Pathakot	235	46			267	144	123	144	123
189	Kulahama	194	28			213	124	89	124	89
		2393	452			2545	1418	1127	1146	911
190	Kandora	624	142	34	30	645	362	283	361	283
191	Rinkipora	128	39			195	83	112	14	11
192	Larabal	70	20			93	52	41	52	41

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
193	Uttarpora	238	61			226	116	110	116	110
194	Hardulatinu	273	52			277	159	118	159	118
195	Mashwan	67	16			81	40	41	40	41
196	Dachan	200	55			276	148	128	148	128
197	Alam Suchu	112	19			101	64	37	64	37
198	Bandupora	25	4			33	18	15	18	15
199	Ganj Lalpora	65	15			82	45	37	45	37
200	Zabgalu	64	18			77	37	40	37	40
201	Harinjaru	135	31			153	85	68	85	68
202	Chartu	77	15			73	43	30	43	30
		2078	487			2312	1252	1060	1182	959
203	Goripora	368	58	35		412	223	189	189	160
204	Kanigund	117	21			111	59	52	59	52
205	Seel	667	123			694	383	311	383	311
206	Rawatpora	165	34			195	103	92	103	92
207	Kanchatipora	48	11			57	31	26		
208	Zagipora	94	14			117	64	53	64	53
209	Khandipora Beruwa	162	30			191	103	88	102	88
210	Kangripora	190	35			202	116	86	116	86
211	Pukharpora	31	6			27	16	11	16	11
212	Path Zanigam	172	31			197	115	82	115	82
213	Buna Zanigam	474	98			527	299	228	299	228
		2488	461			2730	1512	1218	1446	1163
214	Kumru	267	46	36	28	304	170	134	39	34
215	Warahgam	478	60			478	272	206	148	124
216	Nandapora	41	6			43	24	19		
217	Hardu Paneho	423	69			391	216	175	132	106
218	Wachho	105	17			109	56	53	56	53
219	Gund Shoga-Taplu	79	15			98	57	41	57	41
220	Khudarawatpora	52	8			57	34	23	34	23
221	Khosapora	127	23			139	75	64	75	64
222	Rakh Wachhu	193	38			214	110	104	110	104
223	Peerapora Saifullah	69	9			81	38	43	38	43
224	Dangerpora	68	12			70	37	33	37	33
225	Machipora	154	28			161	94	67	94	67
226	Zempora	145	25			169	94	75	94	75
227	Gutlipora	70	12			81	41	40	41	40
		2271	368			2395	1318	1077	955	807
228	Rawalpora Berawa	350	63	37		369	194	175	194	175
229	Talapora	198	41			232	125	107	11	7
230	Bug Chal	128	22			136	69	67	6	4
231	Batapora	125	32			162	86	76	19	16
232	Shekha Waripora	86	20			98	53	45	9	6
		887	178			997	527	470	239	208
233	Dalipora	294	50	38		339	188	151	188	151
234	Kharipora	59	12			69	33	36	33	36
235	Khudapora	85	9			96	56	40	56	40
236	Sahnipora	261	42			300	158	142	158	142
237	Fujapora	141	31			161	82	79	82	79
238	Gotipora	166	35			204	109	95		
239	Kanora	176	28			219	125	94	125	94
240	Mulanaru	159	29			164	93	71	93	71
241	Kharapora	95	13			84	46	38	46	38
		1436	249			1636	890	746	781	651
242	Odru	101	20	39	26	100	56	44	27	25
243	Jawalpora	714	135			769	417	352	393	352
244	Kishtwar	277	58			308	177	131	134	102
245	Hayatpora	116	20			115	67	48	58	48
246	Gojra Jagir	290	55			285	147	138	91	47
247	Zazahbug	255	55			252	121	131	39	33
248	Shogapora	184	37			210	120	90	79	50
249	Sundipora	278	54			284	152	132	22	31
250	Patawaw	276	56			266	148	118		1
		2492	490			2589	1405	1184	843	689
251	Braripora	110	26	40		121	70	51	69	51
252	Takia Farookshah	310	64			350	194	156	194	156

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
253	Yari Satru	128	22			143	73	70	13	17
254	Noch Gam	99	18			94	52	42	52	42
255	Nunar	302	63			301	171	130	162	121
256	Fala Chal	333	68			363	198	165	198	165
257	Babapora	72	16			80	44	36	44	36
258	Shuru Jagir	181	46			211	116	95	116	95
259	Howru	172	45			212	121	91	121	91
260	Later Chudara	795	178			791	429	362	425	359
		2502	546			2668	1468	1198	1394	1133
261	Kalshipora	420	76	41	33	414	235	179	235	179
262	Doru	100	17			100	59	41	59	41
263	Khan Sahib	608	106			626	349	277	349	277
264	Khaipora	164	27			175	96	79	95	79
265	Balapora	208	43			210	119	91	113	84
266	Gurweth Khurad	56	13			53	28	25	28	25
267	Raithan	602	109			672	383	289	375	279
268	Keth Raja Gir	333	77			352	189	163	189	163
		2491	468			2602	1458	1144	1443	1127
269	He Udar	89	17	42	23	95	51	44	5	3
270	Jahama	113	22			109	55	54	34	28
271	Mahwara	403	82			379	209	170	1	3
272	Lakhrupora	390	74			377	204	173	107	102
273	Dunsunar	63	11			51	32	19		
274	Dadna	360	58			365	210	155		3
275	Batabagh	71	14			82	50	32	50	32
276	Putlibagh	253	39			264	139	125	89	55
277	Kakinmaran	185	36			194	106	88	16	13
278	Watra Wani	438	82			475	257	218	3	2
		2365	435			2391	1313	1078	305	241
279	Mamat	202	37	43		210	113	97	113	97
280	Razawn Jagir	458	88			439	232	207	232	207
281	Thakurpora Jagir	141	22			120	66	54	66	54
282	Zori Gund	212	40			222	113	109	2	4
283	Khanapora	287	58			295	160	135	73	61
284	Hooru	95	18			103	57	46	54	46
285	Dardpora	79	17			89	47	42	47	42
286	Sri Pratapsinghpura	1155	223			1221	668	553	95	58
		2629	503			2699	1456	1243	682	569
287	Kerawa Damodhar	127	25	44	25	151	78	73	78	73
288	Wahthura	1077	212			1110	605	505	583	491
		1204	237			1261	683	578	661	564
289	Chatergam	1256	217	45		1270	678	592	268	224
290	Zoonipora	99	12			99	56	43	56	43
291	Dooniwari	474	82			484	272	212	272	212
292	Malik Gund	94	15			108	52	56	13	23
293	Zaluwah	249	43			280	164	116	164	116
294	Gopalpora	167	30			173	91	82	91	82
		2339	399			2414	1313	1101	864	700
295	Wowoocha	171	39	46		191	95	96	78	79
296	Handalbagh	28	8			39	24	15	24	15
297	Kralapora	1218	268			1346	738	608	706	585
298	Dharam Bug	604	145			651	360	291	360	291
		2021	460			2227	1217	1010	1168	970
299	Bugam Batapora	871	203	47		845	458	387	453	387
300	Nowbug	395	51			358	191	167	190	166
301	Kaisar Mula	294	51			319	170	149	170	149
302	Dawlatpora	262	43			281	150	131	150	131
		1822	348			1803	969	834	963	833
303	Awanpora	211	38	48	31	221	119	102	119	102
304	Chak Damaju Ganju	28	4			26	18	8	18	8
305	Hosipora	415	79			450	233	217	233	217
306	Chowdora	1132	210			1064	630	434	610	420

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
307	Yar Kalan	232	55			264	140	124	138	124
308	Doyan	93	19			107	65	42	44	42
309	Dora Bug	137	27			161	86	75	86	75
310	Hardu Chati Chakpora	136	21			117	58	59	58	59
		2384	453			2410	1349	1061	1306	1047
311	Hamchipora	45	7	49		36	20	16	20	16
312	Qasba Nagam	1776	346			1880	1043	837	956	764
313	Marbal	57	8			59	36	23	36	23
		1878	361			1975	1099	876	1012	803
314	Badipora	818	158	50		880	468	412	461	406
315	Nowpora	424	89			463	253	210	253	210
316	Karala Wari	467	82			453	251	202	249	202
317	Bana Gund	114	23			142	74	68	74	68
		1823	352			1938	1046	892	1037	886
318	Gund Mahanoor	167	43	51		182	92	90	65	60
319	Gund Wali	108	24			121	72	49	72	49
320	Gund Maksud	127	29			155	82	73	82	73
321	Sogam	917	186			859	476	383	460	373
322	Ranger	745	140			781	434	347	411	329
323	Hashru	299	73			304	175	129	175	129
324	Kather Gund	516	111			545	312	233	312	233
		2879	606			2947	1643	1304	1577	1246
325	Shamanag	179	36	52	33	210	108	102	108	102
326	Dada Ompora	1094	219			1176	627	549	624	547
327	Nowhad	282	50			286	158	128	158	128
328	Khri Gund	537	114			527	270	257	269	257
329	Chana Gund	98	22			104	58	46	58	46
330	Chowdari Gund	125	25			146	74	72	74	72
331	Shupara	121	22			134	77	57	77	57
		2436	488			2583	1372	1211	1368	1209
332	Baruwa	403	93	53	31	442	249	193	249	193
333	Hanjura	595	136			621	338	283	319	263
334	Zuwahama Khandipora	601	125			610	322	288	289	268
335	Patrigam	67	17			81	43	38	43	38
336	Kanir	861	204			879	485	394	483	394
337	Wagam	308	65			341	167	174	131	135
338	Quanungopora	179	38			209	109	100	87	74
		3014	678			3183	1713	1470	1601	1365
339	Chal Ich	125	21	54	26	135	75	60	75	60
340	Pora Wara	140	26			148	76	72	76	72
341	Panzan	583	103			595	340	255	340	255
342	Roporanamtahal	699	142			701	366	335	348	323
343	Gopal Saif	507	93			516	271	245	271	245
344	Langa Panzan	48	11			51	33	18	33	18
345	Ganji Bagh	86	14			83	40	43	30	43
346	Bagh Bichru	187	29			191	102	89	83	80
347	Bichru	391	69			410	227	183	227	183
		2766	508			2830	1530	1300	1493	1288
348	Guda Sathu	438	86	55		476	261	215	261	215
349	Bagh Sahib Ram	4	1			2	1	1	1	1
350	Lal Gam	273	56			300	157	143	138	128
351	Naru	376	68			405	236	169	236	169
352	Ichkot	661	135			677	384	293	339	265
353	Sunar Gund	101	24			95	60	35	60	35
354	Muni Popy	327	75			302	180	122	180	122
355	Chitru Dangerpora	294	55			288	157	131	155	124
356	Lal Gund	42	8			34	20	14	20	14
		2516	508			2579	1456	1123	1390	1073
357	Gojar Gund	80	16	56		64	43	21		
358	Ichgam	2068	609			1816	1013	803	453	373
359	Harji Gund	23	5			20	12	8	12	8
360	Choon	502	106			359	215	144	215	144

Serial No.	Name of Village.	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
361	Nagrad Khah	151	31			151	85	66	85	66
362	Bandi Bagh	140	31			149	71	78	19	24
363	Tilanpora	100	21			88	43	45	43	45
364	Karhama	125	25			127	71	56	71	56
365	Renipora	108	10			66	39	27	39	27
		3297	854			2840	1592	1248	937	743
366	Handajin	167	41	57		198	109	89	109	89
367	Gund Arjan	88	12			90	54	36	54	36
368	Parnewa Jagir	848	194			873	460	413	452	402
369	Kula Bug	262	49			282	152	130	152	130
370	Wager	506	103			500	287	213	287	213
371	Nambalhar	90	25			94	51	43	51	43
372	Harnow	196	37			186	94	92	94	92
373	Kargam Palachithf	569	119			548	279	251	290	245
		2726	580			2771	1504	1267	1489	1250
374	Banderpora	289	56	58	33	290	162	128	160	128
375	Kramsher	664	130			667	364	303	347	296
376	Shala Nar	135	27			144	77	67	77	67
377	Frasta War	275	41			262	143	119	143	119
		1363	254			1363	746	617	727	610
378	Lanura	210	46	59		224	119	105	119	105
379	Bugru	801	169			822	460	362	459	362
380	Yaga Bug	205	45			195	113	82	113	82
381	Arigam	1085	225			1214	667	547	619	502
382	Utra Dalabal	596	142			711	382	329	382	329
383	Nari Gund	141	32			156	92	64	92	64
		3038	659			3322	1833	1489	1784	1444
384	Yara Khah	697	131	60	28	805	431	374	430	374
385	Soznipora	131	18			156	84	72	84	72
386	Kachi Poran	76	16			93	54	39	54	39
387	Chak Shera	120	22			143	79	64	79	64
388	Chak Qadus	86	15			71	43	28	43	28
389	Krala Pathri	185	25			184	110	74	110	74
390	Goja Thaji	241	38			242	138	104	138	104
391	Raiyar Beruwa	464	82			498	265	233	265	233
392	Raiyar Ich	499	89			518	289	229	289	229
393	Traja Khal	118	12			128	68	60	66	60
		2617	448			2838	1561	1277	1558	1277
394	Rakhai	188	44	61		211	121	90	121	90
395	Arzal	380	55			385	214	171	214	171
396	Ringa Zabab	314	44			306	160	146	160	146
397	Jugokharian	1094	198			1165	586	579	581	579
398	Bras	367	51			352	189	163	189	163
399	Chal	443	84			499	271	228	262	225
400	Khaipora Berwa	214	46			205	114	91	114	91
401	Sita Haran	508	99			582	288	294	288	294
402	Suchil Pathri	76	13			74	36	38	36	38
		3584	634			3779	1979	1800	1965	1797
403	Shinglipora	861	125	62		957	520	437	519	437
404	Haberdardalasipora	333	47			334	171	163	171	163
405	Khanpora	241	36			273	146	127	41	30
406	Chakerpora	103	14			120	66	54		
407	Chera Har	120	11			124	67	57	67	57
408	Batapora Drang	206	33			200	112	88	20	13
409	Lachmanpora	84	10			106	56	50	56	50
410	Udura Khudalasipora	256	36			259	136	123	136	123
411	Drang	490	77			505	290	215	289	215
		2894	389			2878	1564	1314	1299	1088
412	Lalpora Beruwa	750	181	63	29	813	411	402	408	400
413	Kalipora	152	19			171	82	89	10	8
414	Nusu	124	18			121	63	58		
415	Malapora Khag	298	60			292	165	127	43	11
416	Narsinghpura	217	43			234	125	109	69	53
417	Khawaja Gund	125	22			123	58	65	58	65

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
				52	54						
570	431	33	20	52	54					20	
		8	11							25	
										1	
										5	
		7	6							1	
		15	17							19	
		2								51	
		17	7							2	
										32	
		19	7							34	
		1								5	
		48	45							17	
										6	
		49	45							49	
		1								29	1
										3	
										109	1
										6	
										1	
										2	
										2	
										3	
										8	
										2	
										24	
										1	
										5	
										1	
										23	
9	3			1						7	
										7	
										7	
										1	
9	3	4		1						52	
		1								10	
105	97									5	
66	54									4	
92	75									4	
										1	
										3	
										14	1
										3	
263	226	2								44	1
		3								45	
72	81									1	
63	58										
122	116									4	2
				56	56					33	16

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
418	Ramdar Chakpora	198	42			215	111	104	111	104
419	Nasirpora	400	95			494	266	228	133	115
		2264	480			2463	1281	1182	832	756
420	Iskanderpora	1057	209	64		1023	558	465	54	50
421	Ichahama	577	139			705	354	351	28	24
422	Hardu Surash	551	105			555	294	261	264	223
423	Panjniari	79	14			84	42	42	42	42
		2264	467			2367	1248	1119	388	339
424	Pathesharan	100	15	65		103	54	49	54	49
425	Lokipora	131	29			135	75	60	75	60
426	Dalwach Khurad	305	63			332	170	162	141	126
427	Pushker	465	83			472	246	226	246	226
428	Alam Nag	172	33			180	106	74	93	62
429	Trapi	336	62			301	143	158	142	155
430	Hamchipora Khag	417	85			443	234	209	232	206
431	Lawahipora	103	15			87	44	43	43	43
432	Nagabal	75	19			98	43	55	43	55
		2104	404			2151	1115	1036	1069	982
433	Khag	1609	345	66		1644	889	755	849	721
434	Awanpora	30	9			51	28	23	28	23
435	Kukar Bagh	350	78			364	191	173	191	173
436	Sogan Yarnar	1083	183			1073	595	478	595	478
		3072	615			3132	1703	1429	1663	1395
437	Kachwari	1968	401	67	33	2044	1134	910	1122	902
438	Laini Lab	439	74			435	252	183	251	183
439	Gurweth Kalan	926	165			955	519	436	518	436
		3333	640			3434	1905	1529	1891	1521
440	Surasyar	1487	319	68	31	1644	921	723	918	723
441	Branwar	1330	242			1415	764	651	763	651
442	Bonian	428	79			466	233	233	233	233
		3245	640			3525	1918	1607	1914	1607
443	Pahadipora	156	27	69	32	176	105	71	105	71
444	Kutabal	77	17			101	54	47	54	47
445	Gugja Pathri	1140	188			1147	632	515	632	515
446	Bujgoh	474	90			506	293	213	292	213
447	Ledan	208	31			207	115	92	113	92
448	Kani Kot	55	12			53	32	21	18	15
449	Wata Kalu	854	174			969	557	412	555	412
		2964	539			3159	1788	1371	1769	1365
450	Hafnu Batapora	850	165	70		894	501	393	500	393
451	Brinjan	652	112			697	398	299	398	299
452	Lulipora Hampora	519	99			573	323	250	323	250
		2021	376			2164	1222	942	1221	942
453	Chalayan Chutinar	881	160	71		997	535	462	535	462
454	Darawannowgam	1012	170			1192	645	547	645	547
455	Barana Pathri	95	19			115	60	55	60	55
456	Shankerpora Nagam	174	32			197	110	87	110	87
457	Mahindpora Nagam	267	43			259	130	129	130	129
458	Pukarpora Nagam	707	160			710	394	316	393	316
		3136	584			3470	1874	1596	1873	1596
459	Gund Shamas	63	11	72		66	33	33	33	33
460	Chari Sharief (Town)	3784	994			4037	2253	1784	2246	1784
		3847	1005			4103	2286	1817	2279	1817
461	Chak Gobindju Dhar	157	18	73		157	94	63	94	63
462	Malapora Dardpora	412	81			458	245	213	245	213
463	Chrawan	344	61			360	195	165	195	165
464	Kharapora	114	23			122	69	53	69	53
465	Charipora Khanpora	329	84			359	185	174	185	174
		1356	267			1456	788	668	788	668

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
466	Tila Sara	374	54	74		407	228	179	228	179
467	Hardu Dalwan	792	138			889	486	403	485	403
		1166	192			1296	714	582	713	582
468	Dregam Khasipora	947	181	75	33	971	558	413	537	398
		947	181			971	558	413	537	398
	TOTAL	162970	32219			174060	94988	79072	81131	67496
	B. P.		166			523	285	238	285	238
	GRAND TOTAL	162970	32385			174583	95273	79310	81416	67734

*Others—4M, 6F; Indian Christian 2M, Jew 2F and Other Christian 2M, 4F.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
5085	Nauret Goripora	1	Sajeth Goripora
5441	Peer Bagh	42	Seer Bagh
5143	Sanora	120	Sonora Kalipora
5329	Kralanalun	176	Kralaniwa Jagir
5316	Man Shooin	195	Mashwan
5345	Malalpora	229	Talapora
5351	Machhapora	237	Fujapora
5468	Bagh Mahadew Joo	57	Bagh Mehtab Joo
5522	Zuwahama	334	Zawahama Khandipora
5485	Pozawan	340	Pora Wara
5489	Namtahal	342	Ropora Wamtahal
5488	Gang Panzan	344	Langa Panzan
5407	Chooni Balapora	360	Choon
5393	Kargam	373	Kargam Palachithi
5520	Talubegpora	338	Quanungopora
5527	Driyagam	468	Dragum Khasipora
5244	Khandipora	209	Khandipora Berwa
5252	Malapora	415	Malapora Khag
5270	Luripora	431	Lavahipora
5281	Peer Dardalasipora	404	Haberdardalasipora
5279	Udhra Lasipora	410	Udhra Khudalasipora
5542	Yolapora	452	Lulipora Hampura
5553	Shankerpora	456	Shankerpora Nagam
5190	Sorenar	145	Surasyar

(ii) Boat population has been shown separately where it is so recorded. This population has no serial number in the Village Tables 1941.

(iii) The villages Hakalitri, Wangipora, Gogi Bagh, Gojra Jagir, Wowoocha and Arath having serial numbers 174, 34, 36, 246, 295, 98 respectively also cover the population of Chak Hakalitri, Chak Fateh Din, Zangi Bagh, Chak Gojra, Amagroo and Rakh Arath respectively which were shown separately in 1931. The figures for 1931 represent the totals of the equivalents for 1941 in each case.

(iv) Census Divisions in the Badgam Tehsil were not created in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the Circles in the Village Tables for this Tehsil are shown correctly in sequence the Charges are not. Charges were numbered by Districts and Circles by Tehsils. The Charge numbers in Badgam run from 21 to 33. All are shown in the tables but they do not run consecutively with the Circles. Circle totals are given but owing to the defect referred to Charge totals cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated Circles forming each Charge.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		1								4	
		1								17	
		21	15							21	
		21	15							43	1
11265	9432	1391	980	1197	1158			4	6	4842	311
11265	9432	1391	980	1197	1158			4	6	4842	311

ANANTNAG DISTRICT.

Anantnag, or Kashmir South as the district was previously named, is bounded on the west by the Baramulla District and the Pir Panjal range; beyond the watershed of the latter lies the Mendhar Tehsil of the Poonch Jagir. On the southern half of its eastern boundary it is connected with the Kishtwar Tehsil of the Udhampur District by the Sinthan Pass (12,300 ft.) whilst on the northern half a road over the Zoji La (11,580 ft.) leads to the Kargil Tehsil of Ladakh. On the south, beyond the Banihal Pass (9,290 ft.), is the Ramban Tehsil of the Udhampur District. The Wular, the largest lake in India, 12½ miles by 5, is at the north-western corner and to the north is Haramukh (16,890 ft.), standing guard over the Sind Valley, and the Uttarmachipora Tehsil of the Baramulla District.

Anantnag District is the area usually known to visitors as the Kashmir Valley although, in fact, it constitutes only the southern and eastern part of it. With the exception of Gulmarg, the Lolab Valley and the Gurais Valley, practically all the better known beauty spots and centres of interest to tourists are in this district. These include the Sind, Lidar and Bringi valleys; the Moghal gardens at Chashma Shahi, Nishat, Shalamar, Nasim, Achhabal and Verinag, Camping sites at Ganderbal, Sonamarg and Pahlgam and the Dal and Manasbal Lakes. The Dal is perhaps one of the most beautiful spots in the world. The colours and tints of the mountains in the near distance and of the trees and vegetation on its shores are constantly changing and always beautiful. The district has an area of 2,814 sq. miles and consists of the four tehsils, Khas, Pulwama, Anantnag and Kulgam the separate areas of which are 743, 449, 1,034 and 588 sq. miles respectively. The separate area of Srinagar City, included with Khas Tehsil, is 11 sq. miles.

The Jhelum river has its source at Verinag and runs through the centre of the district. This is the Hydespes of the ancients and the Vitasta of the Hindus; it is also known to Kashmiris as Veth. The Liddar and Sind are its largest tributaries; the former has its source in the everlasting snows at the head of the Liddar Valley in the neighbourhood of the peaks Amarnath (17,321 ft.) and Kolahoi (17,799 ft.) and joins the Jhelum just below Khanabal on its right bank. The Sind, the most important of all, has its source beyond Sonamarg on the slopes

of the Zoji La and joins it at Shadipur, the place of the marriage of the two rivers. The tributaries on its left bank are of less importance; all rise on the slopes of the Pir Panjal. The largest of these are the Vishau, Rembiara, Romesh and the Dudganga.

The district is well provided with roads. The Jhelum Valley Road leading from Rawalpindi to Srinagar is continued from Srinagar through the heart of the district, over the Baninal Pass to Jammu, passing on its way Pampur, Awantipur and Khanabal. Branch roads lead to Pulwama, Kulgam and Verinag on the left side of the Jhelum Valley and to Tral, Anantnag, Achhabal and Pahlgam on the right. Fair weather roads lead up the Bringi Valley from Achhabal to the Sinthan Pass and from Bijbehara up the right bank of the Liddar river; the main motor road to Pahlgam is from Anantnag up the left bank of the Liddar. The old Moghal road passes near Shopian, which is on the edge of the Rambiara nullah, over the Pir Panjal Pass (11,400 ft.) to Bhimber and the Punjab. It was displaced as a main route many years ago by the Banihal Road and is now little more than a footpath over the Pir Panjal. A good road connects Srinagar with the Sind Valley; it is motorable at present to a point about ten miles from Sonamarg to which place it is proposed to take it in due course. Good motor roads lead from Srinagar to all the Moghal gardens on the borders of the Dal Lake and to most places of local importance.

The headquarters of the district used to be located at Srinagar (5,200 ft.) but a few years ago it was removed to Anantnag for administrative reasons; the Wazir of the district has a camp office at Srinagar for about ten days each month. The headquarters of the Khas Tehsil is at Srinagar and of the other tehsils at the towns bearing the same names—Pulwama, Anantnag and Kulgam. Srinagar City is cut in half by the Jhelum and is situated near the boundary between Khas Tehsil and Badgam. In recent years residential suburbs have developed along the road to Badgam within the area of that tehsil and to the south-east of the city on the road to Anantnag. Srinagar is the summer headquarters of the Government; the summer palace of His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur is situated just outside the limits of the Srinagar Municipal Area, overlooking the Dal.

The south and south-west areas of the

district are separated from the plains of the Punjab by a wall of mountains about 50 miles in breadth. The Pir Panjal Range seems to catch the tail of the Indian monsoon but the Kashmir Valley is beyond its full influence. When there is rain on the Punjab side of the range it does not follow there will be any in the Kashmir Valley. Rain in the district is frequently very local; it may be quite heavy at the southern end whilst Srinagar and areas to the north of the district may be parched with drought and *vice versa*. When clouds gather over the mountains to the southwest and over the Wular to the north simultaneously then the Kashmiri can predict, with some degree of certainty, that there will be general rain over the valley. Continuous rain for 24 hours may cause floods but there is usually a break within a shorter period.

The nights can be unpleasantly hot in Srinagar in July and August and at the same time delightfully cool at Gulmarg and at camps at higher levels in the Sind, Liddar and Bringhi Valleys. The temperature and conditions naturally change with a rise of every few hundred feet in altitude. Spring throughout the district leaves little to be desired but in June, July and August the temperature rises to over 90 in the shade, if there be no rain; in the last two months mentioned the atmosphere becomes muggy and unpleasant and mosquitoes are numerous. A little rain in Srinagar in these two months only adds to the mugginess as soon as the sun becomes strong again but the temperature falls for a few days. In September temperatures begin to come down and the nights are cool. October and November are usually bright and sunny by day and cool or cold by night. The real winter may be said to last from the middle of December to the end of February. Winters vary; some are open and not severe, others produce very heavy snowfall all over the valley and in a hard winter it can be intensely cold. Enclosed as it is on all sides by high mountains, the air of the Punjab and Western Himalayan area does not circulate freely in the valley. It is like a great cup. In the months of July and August the bottom of this cup is hot and muggy whereas on the sides, at higher elevations, the climate is delightful. In a hard winter the whole area is like a huge refrigerator. Spring and autumn are perfect.

2. Population.—The population of the district in 1931 including Srinagar City was 771,943. At the recent Census it was 851,606, an increase of 79,663 or 10.31 per cent. against 10.29 per cent. for the whole State. The figures for the different units are Srinagar City 207,787 against 173,573

in 1931; Tehsil Khas, excluding Srinagar City, 126,094 against 108,884; Pulwama 156,526 against 149,807; Kulgam 157,372 against 146,147. If we include Srinagar City with Tehsil Khas the figures are 333,881 against 282,457. The percentage increase in the case of Srinagar City is 19.17; for Tehsil Khas, excluding Srinagar City, 15.85 per cent; for Pulwama 4.48 per cent; for Anantnag 5.31 per cent; for Kulgam 7.68 per cent. From these figures it is perfectly clear that the increases in the case of Srinagar City and Tehsil Khas are well above the average. For tehsils Pulwama, Anantnag and Kulgam they are small and well below the average. There is no obvious reason for the low increase in the case of these tehsils; they have not suffered particularly from any epidemic during the decade; such epidemics as there were also attacked Srinagar City and Tehsil Khas. The only plausible reason that can be advanced is a greater exodus of men from these three tehsils to the Punjab and other areas in the winter of 1941 than obtained at Census time in 1931. We cannot prove this as the tabulation of the Census record for birthplace and immigrants was not carried out in the Punjab and other parts of India at this Census owing to the war; consequently the figures for Kashmiris present in the Punjab and other provinces at the time of the Census are not available. It is possible, and indeed probable, that there was some movement from mofussil areas to Srinagar City during the last two years of the decade in search of work connected with the war. If this be the case it would not only account partly for the low figures in the three tehsils referred to but also partly for the high increase in Srinagar City. The same factor may have affected the rural areas of Tehsil Khas adjacent to Srinagar and thus partly account for the high increase in Tehsil Khas, excluding Srinagar. The development of suburbs on all sides of Srinagar and the over flow of population from Srinagar City to localities not at present included in the Municipal Area must largely account for the high percentage increase in Tehsil Khas. The military population in the area at the time of the Census was 1,192 against 886 in 1931. This increase affects Tehsil Khas only. The population shown as living in boats at this Census is 9,663 against 12,777 in 1931. The decrease is most marked in tehsils Khas, Pulwama and Anantnag. It is believed there has been no actual decrease in the boat population, rather the reverse, but that the population living in boats tied up near a village has not been shown separately by enumerators in some cases but included with the adjacent village population. This is contrary to the instructions issued but is not of importance so long as they

were counted and included somewhere. Details regarding the number of occupied houses in the different areas and the composition of the population by communities for each unit can be seen by a reference to the tables.

If we examine the composition of the population we find that the predominance of Muslims is very large; they constitute 91.49 per cent. of the population. Hindus come next with 7.84 per cent. and Sikhs a long way behind with .66 per cent. All other communities are negligible in numbers but a feature of the district is that most Europeans living in the State are resident in or near to Srinagar. The Hindu minority consists largely of Kashmiri Pandits, the great majority of whom live in Srinagar. Owing to their high standard of literacy and intelligence as a community they are of much greater importance in the State than is indicated by their numerical strength. The tables give the figures for Shias and other Muslims separately and the distribution of the former as a separate sect can be examined in detail by those who so desire.

Ethnologically, the population is almost entirely Kashmiri. Amongst the Muslims there is a fair number of Gujjars who for the most part are settled in the higher level villages. The ancestors of most of the Sikhs came from the Punjab; there may be some whose forebears were converts and of indigenous stock but these are very few. A small percentage of the Hindus is descended from immigrants from the Punjab who have adopted Kashmir as their domicile. The Kashmiri elements are of the same indigenous stock and previous to the early decades of the fourteenth century were of the same religion. Kashmiri is the language generally spoken throughout the area; the Gujjars have their own language. Hindustani is the usual medium of conversation between those having a different mother tongue and not knowing Kashmiri. English is more freely understood and spoken in this area than anywhere else in the State particularly in Srinagar and its neighbourhood. This is due to the relatively high standard of education obtaining in the district, particularly in Srinagar, and the large influx of English speaking visitors each year with whom the local inhabitants have many contacts and for whose wants they cater.

3. Migrations.—Emigration and immigration have little permanent effect on the population of the district but there are movements of a temporary character which are of importance from a Census point of view. The population of the district is always below normal when the

Census is taken; this is usually at the end of February or early in March. During the winter most zamindars have little or no work to do in the fields; in any case the country is frequently under snow. The poorer amongst them who are physically fit move in large numbers to the Punjab and other areas in search of work to supplement the incomes they earn from their lands. Leaving the country from November onwards they return in the early spring in time to do such work in their fields as remains to be done. This temporary migration chiefly takes place from the tehsils Pulwama, Anantnag, and Kulgam; Tehsil Khas is affected very little. The village inhabitants of the rural areas of Tehsil Khas are more inclined to move into Srinagar in the winter in search of work. They are thus still within the tehsil and the district when the Census is taken and are away from their homes for shorter periods. A certain number of tradesmen and their agents go to British India during the winter to sell their goods and to solicit orders. These are mostly dealers in wood carving, silverware, papier-mache, puttoo, pashmina etc. Government offices are located at Jammu during the winter and hundreds of clerks and chaprassis with homes in Srinagar are at Jammu when the Census is taken. In addition, a certain number of well-to-do persons who have no occupation leave Srinagar for the plains to avoid the most severe part of the winter. A small number of Muslims go on pilgrimage to Mecca or Najaf every year, according to their sect, and these are usually absent at the time of the Census.

There are other temporary migrations which do not affect the Census figures in any way to which a brief reference may be made. In the late spring Bakarwals come into Kulgam and Anantnag Tehsils from the Jammu Province in large numbers with their flocks and herds, *via* the Pir Panjal and Banihal passes, and stay for the summer grazing their flocks. They return to their winter grazing grounds in Reasi, Poonch and Udhampur Districts as soon as the cold weather approaches. Large numbers also come *via* the Jhelum Valley road and moving up the Sind Valley spread over the grazing grounds in that locality. Chowpans (shepherds and cattle herdsmen) take the flocks and herds of local zamindars to the grazing grounds at higher altitudes for the summer and return when crops have been harvested and cultivated areas are available for grazing. The most important temporary increase of population is the annual influx of visitors to Kashmir from all parts of India. The number has increased annually since the beginning of the last decade. The total for the Sambat Year 1996-97, corresponding

roughly to 1940 A. D., was 29,292, consisting of 8,367 Europeans and 20,925 Indians. In 1940 the number of Europeans jumped up by over 3,000 as compared with 1,939; this was a result of the war and shipping difficulties. Many localities up the valleys, which are all but empty in the winter, are full of visitors and their servants in the summer. This annual influx whilst having no effect on actual Census returns is of vast economic importance to the district and provides the means of subsistence for thousands of its inhabitants and thus has an indirect effect on the actual population of the area.

4. Agriculture.—Rice and maize are the chief crops and staple food grains. The Kashmiri prefers rice to any other grain but in the higher altitudes, known as Kandi illaqa, maize is the main crop and staple food; this is particularly so in the case of the Gujjar element of the population. Wheat and barley are grown throughout the district on unirrigated land and in areas unsuitable for rice or maize. Some fields are put under wheat in the autumn after taking a maize crop; other maize land is left fallow. In a normal year the production of rice and maize is more than sufficient for local consumption, except in Tehsil Khas, but in about three years out of ten crops are short owing to one reason or another. The usual causes of partial crop failure are floods, early snowfall, hailstorms and drought. Unfavourable weather conditions, when the rice grains are in a soft and milky condition and in process of forming, produce what is known as 'rye'; the grains shrivel and dry up and what looks like a good standing crop on closer examination will be found to contain a large percentage of empty husks or undeveloped grain. This damage by 'rye' is usually local.

The population of Srinagar City depends entirely on the crops of the Anantnag and Baramulla Districts, more particularly on those of the former. From ancient times the feeding of Srinagar City has been a recurring problem and it is likely to remain so owing to the periodical partial failure of the rice crop. The population of Srinagar is fastidious in its liking for rice and only semi-starvation will induce even very poor people to eat maize or other food grains to any appreciable extent.

In addition to the food grains mentioned dhals and various kinds of oilseeds are grown; also amaranth (ghanhar), buck-wheat (trumba) and millets but the total area under all these, except in the case of oil-seeds, is negligible compared with the main crops rice and maize. A good rice crop naturally depends on an ample

water supply for irrigation and this in turn depends on a good snowfall early in the winter so that the snow will consolidate to a good depth on the higher mountains and provide a constant reservoir in the summer months. Late snow melts too quickly and runs off before the rice crop is ripe. Zamindars put every inch of ground they can under rice and in many cases grow rice in fields not assessed as irrigated land. The result is general shortage of water, and quarrels over what there is, after a winter of late or deficient snowfall. Fields under rice at the tail end of canal systems are bound to dry up in a bad year and be a complete loss whereas if planted up in maize or some other crop requiring little water they would produce at least something to be harvested. Beyond meeting the greater part of the requirements of Srinagar City this district exports grain to Kishtwar and Ramban from its southern tehsils and to Ladakh from Tehsil Khas. In times of plenty grain is also exported to the Jammu Province in the south and to places beyond Baramulla to the north.

Considerable areas of the district are under orchards and gardens. The areas given by the District Officer in notes recently supplied are Tehsil Khas 4,837 acres, Pulwama 3,456 acres, Anantnag 715 acres and Kulgam 16,337 acres. All kinds of fruit grow well but apples are the most important. The 'Amri' which is apparently indigenous, grows particularly well in the Shopian locality of the Kulgam Tehsil and has acquired a market all over India. Imported apples grow well too. Other fruits are peaches, apricots, plums, grapes, cherries, strawberries, pears, melons, mulberries, almonds and walnuts. Apples are exported in large quantities, also almonds and walnuts. The others are of a more perishable nature and the successful marketing of them outside the district more difficult. They are mostly sold to the population of Srinagar and the large number of visitors.

Market gardens for the production of vegetables as a cash crop, as distinct from production for home consumption, are only found on a considerable scale in and near Srinagar. Every kind of vegetable is grown and grows well. Vegetable growers not only meet the requirements of the permanent population of Srinagar but grow the more expensive vegetables introduced from India and Europe to meet the demands of visitors and the well-to-do elements of the city population. There are periods during the year when non-indigenous kinds of vegetables are available in limited quantities or not at all and imports are received from the Punjab. This is particularly

so in the early spring when the winter vegetables are nearly finished and the spring crops are not quite ready.

Ghee and honey are produced throughout the district. Srinagar City gets all kinds of agricultural produce such as milk, eggs, poultry, meat, etc., in ample quantities from neighbouring rural areas. The saffron fields of Pampur and adjacent areas in the Pulwama Tehsil are famous. This crop requires special soil properties and cultivation; it is not at present grown elsewhere in the State except on a very small scale.

5. Industries and Labour.—In discussing industries and labour conditions it is necessary to treat urban and rural areas separately. The urban areas may be taken to consist of Srinagar City and Anantnag town. In rural areas there is no organised industry. Wool growing, spinning and weaving is a cottage industry carried on in most villages. The puttoo and blankets produced are mostly for local consumption but considerable quantities of both find their way to the Srinagar market. The blankets produced at Shopian have acquired a good name and numbers are sent to Srinagar for sale. The All India Spinners Association has opened a centre at Pampur for spinning and weaving; the products are exported. In some areas a little cotton is produced and cotton spinning and weaving is a small cottage industry. The rearing of silkworms and the production of cocoons for the government silk factory in Srinagar is an important cottage industry throughout the district; the cocoons and the silk they produce are handled at Srinagar.

Fruit growing is at present unorganised but is an important industry. For the last two decades it has suffered seriously from the ravages of what is known as San Jose Scale; thousands of trees have been destroyed. The Director of Agriculture has attacked the pest energetically and whilst he cannot yet claim to have achieved success, his staff must be given credit for their efforts. The infection is so widespread and so well-established on hosts other than fruit trees that eradication is a most difficult problem. Kulgam Tehsil is the chief centre for apples. Fruit growing is an important and expanding industry in Tehsil Khas. During the decade considerable areas have been opened up under imported fruits consisting chiefly of apples, pears, cherries, peaches and strawberries.

Vegetable growing has increased considerably in the past decade particularly in Srinagar and

its environs, of which the Dal Lake is one of the most important. Many kinds of vegetables are grown; all requirements are catered for from the ordinary 'Sag' of the masses to asparagus and other exotic kinds for the well-to-do. The Dal and Anchar lakes produce the roots of the lotus lily known as 'Nadru' which is a vegetable much appreciated by the city population.

Apiculture, in accordance with modern principles, is a cottage industry which shows signs of development, more particularly in the Tral area of Pulwama Tehsil, where His Highness' Government have opened a training centre and at Kokarnag in the Bringhi Valley, where an apiculturist has started operations with imported bees. Bee-keeping has been general throughout the district for decades past and there is scarcely a village at a suitable altitude in which bee-keeping is not carried on under primitive but effective methods with indigenous hives.

There are small printing and dyeing industries at Bijbehara.

The transportation of grain and other agricultural produce is the means of livelihood for a considerable number of men, known as markbhans, except in Tehsil Khas where their numbers are small. They own droves of ponies and donkeys and spend their lives transporting produce of all kinds. They are usually paid in kind.

Poultry farming is a growing cottage industry. The Srinagar market is large and central. The thousands of visitors to the valley every year create excellent seasonal markets in the different centres favoured by them.

In addition to the cottage industries mentioned there are a number of minor activities, mention of which is beyond the scope of these brief notes.

Employment is available in all tehsils on road and canal construction and maintenance works, on buildings and in the forests, except in the winter when activities are hindered by frost and snow. Visitors' camps scattered throughout the district provide the inhabitants of many localities with a good source of income throughout the summer not only as suppliers of food, vegetables, fruit, transport and commodities of all kinds but as servants.

Conditions in Srinagar, and to some extent in Anantnag town, are entirely different from those obtaining in the rural areas of the district. Anantnag town has a 'gabba' industry; this

is a kind of floor covering made by a special process which it is unnecessary to discuss here. The industry is largely centred in Anantnag town and has been established for a considerable period. Toys and other wooden articles are made in Anantnag and the neighbouring village of Bhawan. Snuff making is also a small local industry.

Srinagar city is the centre of organised industry in the State. The most important concern is the Government Silk Factory; it is one of the largest silk-reeling factories in the world. The cocoons for the whole Kashmir Province are dealt with here. For many years the silk was only spun into yarn which was sold but recently weaving machinery was installed and a promising industry started. The factory employs a permanent staff of about 400 and daily labourers averaging well over 2,000. It gives employment in the mofussil to about 150 daily labourers and issues silk-worm eggs to over 50,000 zamindars every spring to rear the silk worms and collect the cocoons. There are several private silk weaving factories which in the aggregate employ some hundreds of workers.

Carpet manufacture is a long established industry and there are several factories in the city. During the past decade it passed through difficult times but was kept alive by means of government concessions and subsidies. Towards the end of the decade a recovery in trade seemed assured but this was upset by the war and the factories are now mostly occupied with war work. In the aggregate carpet factories employ about 2,000 workers.

There are several woollen mills which between them probably employ about 1,500 workers.

In recent years the manufacture of sports goods has shown some development.

Of the other industries the more important are wood carving, furniture and cabinet making, papier-mache manufacture, pashmina weaving, embroidery work of all kinds, cotton weaving, dhurree and namda making, flour milling and rice husking, tile manufacture, working in gold and silver, soap manufacture, curing and tanning of hides, dyeing, pottery making, calico printing, tailoring, basket making and willow manufactures.

In addition to industries trade and commerce provide employment on a large scale. There are many transport companies, agencies and general dealers of all kinds to meet the require-

ments of visitors and the large resident population. The provision of accommodation and catering for visitors has become a large scale industry in the past decade. The building industry has been fully occupied in the construction of hundreds of new houses; house-boat builders have enjoyed good employment. A considerable number of local inhabitants get employment as domestic servants with visitors and residents.

The daily wage of the casual labourer in rural areas is about six annas and for a skilled workman or artisan from twelve annas to one rupee. Weavers, embroiderers, gabba workers, namda makers, potters, blacksmiths, and carpet weavers earn from 3 to 5 annas a day in rural areas and masons, gold and silver smiths, tonga drivers and motor drivers from one rupee upwards. In urban areas the scale of wages is probably slightly higher for all these classes but conditions of employment and degrees of skill vary so much that it is quite impossible to give any fixed scale of wages. Rates fluctuate widely according to demand and the briskness or slackness of trade.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—Local Officers have expressed the opinion that the people as a whole were better off, and enjoyed a higher standard of living, at the end of the decade than at the beginning. It is probable that the improvement is more apparent than real. In the absence of any reliable economic survey or investigation of indebtedness by trained staff it is unwise to be dogmatic on the subject. The factors which affect the rural population are not the same as those of greatest importance to the inhabitants of urban areas.

Prices for agricultural produce for the first eight years of the decade were not high; in fact on average they were probably below the levels for the decade 1921-30. At the end of 1938 there was a slight improvement in the price for food grains which was maintained through the first half of 1939. With the outbreak of war prices rose quickly and by the end of the decade had risen so much that close control of food grain stocks and prices became essential. It is therefore correct to say that whatever the economic condition of the zamindar at the beginning of the decade he was getting good prices at the end of it. During the period under review the landholder was granted proprietary rights over his lands and the power to alienate a part of them. This power has been exercised by some but the extent has not been ascertained. In the circumstances, it is reasonable to hazard the guess

that fragmentation of holdings has taken place on a larger scale than consolidation. It is probable that liquidation of debt during the decade has not been greater than the amount of fresh debt incurred so far as the agricultural classes are concerned. There is no reliable data as to the average income per head per month; the opinions received are conflicting. The majority opinion supports an average income in rural areas of Rs. 2-8-0 per head per month with expenditure slightly in excess of this figure. For the land-holding classes the prospects for the first half of the present decade are promising.

During a period of low price levels for food and essential commodities the landless classes in rural areas and inhabitants of urban areas should benefit but it so happens that during most of the period when food price levels were low trade was depressed and there was a good deal of unemployment so that the reduced cost of living was offset to a great extent by reduced earning power for the majority. With the increase of prices at the end of the decade there was not, it is thought, an equivalent increase in wages and earning power. The average income of the landless classes per head per month in rural areas is well below Rs. 2-8-0, in urban areas it is probably about Rs. 4. With unemployment on a considerable scale and prices rising this figure does not provide anything beyond the bare means of existence. Inhabitants of urban areas and the landless classes in rural areas have benefited by increased employment in many occupations as a result of an increasing number of visitors but as a result of increased taxes and reduced spending power individual visitors have less money to spend on non-essentials. Consequently luxury trades in Srinagar have probably not enjoyed increased sales to visitors and they are unlikely to do so during the period of the war. It is possible there will be a short boom in luxury trades after the war.

During the past decade amenities of all kinds increased but it is doubtful if the means of subsistence have improved although the standard of comfort and living may have done. Indebtedness, it is thought, has not been reduced; at the best it has remained stationary.

7. Education.—This district enjoys the best educational facilities in the State. Srinagar is the centre of culture and learning and always has been. At the end of the decade Srinagar had one College, the Sri Pratap College, a Training School for teachers, Convent College for Girls aided by Government, ten High Schools for boys and three for girls, nine Middle Schools for boys and eight

for girls, twenty-eight Primary Schools for boys and eight for girls. It is possible the figures given for Primary Schools are not complete. In other areas of the district there were four High Schools for boys located at Anantnag (3) and Kulgam (1), sixteen Middle Schools for boys located in Tehsil Khas (4), Pulwama (4), Kulgam (2) and Anantnag (6) and two Middle Schools for girls—one at Kulgam and the other at Anantnag. Tehsil Khas had sixteen Primary Schools for boys and four for girls; Pulwama thirty-eight for boys and four for girls; Kulgam forty for boys and seven for girls; Anantnag forty-five for boys and one for girls. It may be that these figures are not exact but they are the figures supplied. A demand exists for increased facilities in Srinagar especially better provision for intermediate and degree classes; this question was receiving the attention of His Highness' Government at the end of the decade. There is a Technical Institute and the question of improving and expanding the facilities for technical education throughout the district is believed to be under consideration. Srinagar has a school for advanced Sanskrit studies. The Police Department has its own Training School and the Military Department a Cadet School in Badami Bagh Cantonment. In addition to the colleges and schools mentioned there is a large number of pathshalas and makhtabs as well as private and denominational institutions.

Education in the State has been under examination for some years past and it was recently decided to introduce what is known as 'Basic Education' as quickly as possible. This involves a considerable change in objects and methods. The question of increasing educational facilities, especially the provision of more Primary Schools, has engaged the close attention of His Highness' Government for many years and the demand for more schools is being met as quickly as circumstances permit. There is no High School in Pulwama Tehsil; a school of this standard would appear to be wanted even if it means converting one of the existing Middle Schools into a joint Middle-High School. Tehsil Khas has no High School outside Srinagar City which is on the edge of the tehsil. If one of the existing Middle Schools, selected to serve the largest part of the rural area, could be converted into a combined Middle-High School it might serve to meet the requirements of the area until better arrangements can be made.

Examination of the tables reveals that at the time of the Census there were 75,256 literates in the whole district out of a population of 851,605, a proportion of 8.84 per cent. The figures for males were 63,291 and for females 11,965. The

totals for each area, males and females together, are Srinagar City 45,542, Tehsil Khas (excluding Srinagar) 4,967, Pulwama 6,077, Anantnag 11,425, and Kulgam 7,245. The percentages of the population literate in each area separately are Srinagar City 21.91, Tehsil Khas 3.94, Pulwama 3.88, Anantnag 5.60, and Kulgam 4.60. The contrast between the figures for Srinagar City and the rest of the district is remarkable. The female literates in Srinagar City numbered 10,233; as the female population for Srinagar is 95,327, this works out at 10.73 per cent. of all females living in Srinagar. The separate figures for males in Srinagar are 35,309 literates out of a population of 112,460 males or 31.39 per cent. Further details can be studied by reference to the tables. The high percentage of literacy in Srinagar is largely due to the considerable number of the Kashmiri Pandit community living in the city, a very large proportion of whom are literate.

8. Health and Water Supply.—Health conditions in the district as a whole were probably better than in 1921-30. Drinking water supplies in several areas have been improved and medical facilities increased. The district is liable to epidemics of cholera and small-pox but cases of both were fewer in the latter half of the decade. Typhoid is common but malaria is not contracted anywhere in the district although, of course, those infected outside the area are subject to bouts of fever whilst living within the district. It appears that the mosquito which infects with malaria those whom it bites is not found in the area or, if found, is not an active agent. An outbreak of cholera in 1934 was brought under control quickly by a unique and most efficiently conducted campaign of mass inoculation. The ravages of tuberculosis in its many forms appear to be increasing. Deaths from childbirth are alarmingly high, especially in Srinagar. A large proportion of the population eats too much rice or maize, and takes too little milk, green vegetables and other articles of food. Their diet is unbalanced. The result is that cases of dyspepsia and other complaints connected with the digestive system are very numerous. The increase in the consumption of machine-husked polished rice, as distinct from hand-husked unpolished rice, is bound to aggravate the position.

There are ample medical facilities in Srinagar with its many hospitals, private practitioners and chemists as well as its hakims and indigenous methods of treatment but facilities are not adequate in most rural areas. Tehsil Khas (excluding Srinagar) has one dispensary—at Ganderbal. The hospital at Badami Bagh

Cantonment is primarily for those connected with the Military Department. Pulwama Tehsil has only one dispensary, located at tehsil headquarters. Kulgam Tehsil has two dispensaries, one at Shopian and the other at tehsil headquarters. Anantnag has better facilities with dispensaries at Anantnag, Achhabal, Bijbehara, Aishmuqam, Doru and a seasonal one at Pahlgam. Increased facilities are obviously required in the rural areas of Tehsil Khas and in Pulwama and Kulgam Tehsils. Two fully equipped itinerant dispensaries in charge of a capable and sympathetic qualified medical officer would give a great deal of relief and be much appreciated. In addition to medical facilities provided by the State the Kashmir Mission Hospitals have given splendid service to the people of Kashmir for over 50 years. There are others too who give their time and skill free to the suffering humanity of the district. A new institution deserving mention is the Kashmir National Hospital whose activities were commenced at the end of the decade by the efforts and devotion of several Kashmiri Pandit residents of Srinagar who, having qualified as doctors, give their services at the Hospital free. During the decade 'The Dais (Midwives) Act' and 'The Compulsory Vaccination Act' were passed by His Highness' Government; these should lead to a reduction in the number of deaths and suffering from childbirth and small-pox respectively. The improved arrangements for the removal of rubbish and night soil, the provision of more public latrines, the widening of roads and the opening up of congested areas have produced better sanitary conditions in the Srinagar Municipal area but much remains to be done to provide remedies for the insanitary conditions which still exist in many localities.

The purity of the drinking water supplies in Srinagar is not open to criticism but Srinagar's population has increased considerably since the water supply scheme was planned. The supply is not now sufficient to meet the needs of this thickly populated area. Drinking water supplies in the towns Anantnag and Bijbehara are not satisfactory. In the rural areas of Tehsil Khas water is sufficient but those dependent on the Jhelum have to drink water which is polluted by the boat population living on the river. The supplies in Pulwama Tehsil are good on the whole but Pampur town experiences difficulty. The Rural Development Department has recently sunk a tube well at Pampur; this has given some relief. In many areas of Kulgam Tehsil drinking water supplies leave much room for improvement. In 'Kandi' illaqa the supply of drinking water is an ever present problem. The deficiencies

referred to are all receiving the attention of the authorities concerned.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) As in other districts of the State the primary object of most fairs held is not for the sale and interchange of agricultural produce although at some held in Srinagar City Tehsil, Khas and Anantnag Tehsil the marketing of some commodities is stimulated. The more important fairs held in the district are:—

Tehsil Khas—

- (i) Tulamula Fair held in Jeth and Har and attended by thousands of Hindus.
- (ii) Sharika Bhagwati Fair held on 30th Har at Hari Parbat is attended by in large numbers by Hindus.
- (iii) Hazratbal Fair held during Ramzan and on the occasion of Urs-i-Chahar-Yar and Id-ul-Milad are attended by thousands of Muslims.
- (iv) Baisakhi Fair at Gupta Ganga and Nishat on 1st Baisakh each year. This is Kashmiri's New Year's Day and is attended by all communities in large numbers.
- (v) Shah Hamdan's Fair in Poh is the most important Muslim fair held in Srinagar City.
- (vi) Chhati Padshahi Fair is held in Har and attended by considerable numbers of Sikhs.
- (vii) Rakhri Fair at Shankaracharya in Sawan.
- (viii) Dussehra is observed as a State Festival in Srinagar.
- (ix) Dastgir Sahib's fair in Srinagar.

Pulwama—

- (x) A large Muslim fair is held at Tral in Poh each year.
- (xi) Jawalamukhi's Fair is held in Har at Khrew and is attended by large numbers of Hindus.

Kulgam—

- (xii) Vishnupad or Kaunsarnag Fair is held

in Bhadon each year. The scene is the Kaunsarnag Lake situated at 13,000 ft.

Anantnag—

- (xiii) The annual pilgrimage to Shri Amarnathji at the head of the Lidder Valley takes place in the month of Sawan. The pilgrimage is organised by His Highness' Government and is attended by thousands of Hindus from all over India.
- (xiv) Achhabal Fair is held in Jeth and is attended by Muslims in large numbers.
- (xv) Resha Mol Sahib's Fair is held at Anantnag town in Maghar each year and lasts for a week. It is attended by both Hindus and Muslims. A feature of the occasion is that no meat is eaten by either community.

(b) There are many places of historic and archaeological interest in the district. The more important are:—

- (i) Martand Temple near Anantnag town. This ruin is of great historic and archaeological interest. It stands on a site commanding a magnificent view of the surrounding country.
- (ii) The ruins at Awantipur are an excellent specimen of early Hindu architecture.
- (iii) Excavations of ruins belonging to early Hindu times at Kakapur.
- (iv) Excavations of early Hindu ruins at Naren Nag.
- (v) Excavations at Harwan exposing ruins of considerable interest of Buddhistic origin.
- (vi) Ancient temple at the top of the hill in Srinagar known to Hindus as Shankaracharya and to Muslims as Takht-i-Suliman.
- (vii) Moghal gardens at Nishat, Shalamar, Chashma Shahi and Nasim in Tehsil Khas and at Bijbehara, Achhabal and Verinag in Anantnag.
- (viii) Shri Amarnathji's cave at the top of

the Liddar Valley.

- (ix) Juma Masjid in Srinagar is a very large mosque and an excellent specimen of Muslim architecture.
- (x) Shah Hamadan's Mosque at Fateh Kadal in Srinagar is of historic interest.
- (xi) At Hari Parbat in Srinagar and in the vicinity there are a number of objects of archaeological and historic interest.
- (xii) Excavations at Pandrethan near Badami Bagh Cantonment of early

Hindu sculptures.

- (xiii) There are springs at Wuyan and Awanti-pur the waters of which are said to possess special curative qualities.

(c) It is not claimed that the lists given of fairs and places of archaeological and historic interest are exhaustive. There are many important festivals not mentioned at all as they are celebrated throughout the country and not at one particular place. Similarly many places of interest are not mentioned. To give the names of all is beyond the scope of these notes.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT ANANTNAG, TEHSIL SRINAGAR CITY

District Anantnag

Tehsil Srinagar City

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Harisingh High Street ..	155	15	1	1	145	81	64	12	9
2	Shahid Ganj ..	1407	268			1835	1051	784	845	650
3	Maharaj Bazar ..	823	150			1099	621	478	477	377
		2385	433			3079	1753	1326	1334	1036
4	Ghuni Khun ..	772	96	2		822	454	368	362	301
5	Wazir Bagh ..	285	107			591	362	229	176	122
6	Gugji Bagh ..	54	25			75	49	26	25	8
7	Ikraj Pura ..	518	68			462	258	204	258	204
8	Lalmundi—Ranbir Bagh ..	41	4			15	15		8	
9	Sarai Bala—Amira Kadal ..	722	109			993	540	453	497	426
10	Saddar Hospital ..		7			56	33	23	21	12
		2391	416			3014	1711	1303	1347	1073
11	Sarai Pain—Amirakadal ..	588	83	3		830	464	366	311	262
12	Batamalina Margh ..	314	16			138	116	22	70	13
13	Batamalina ..	268	159		1	1090	585	505	563	497
14	Batamalina Dhobi Mohalla ..	292	49			384	196	188	196	188
15	Bagh Magarmal-Baran Pather ..	1417	96			507	289	218	158	117
16	Police Lines ..		12			90	90		44	
17	Police Training School ..		2			58	58		35	
18	Central Boarding House ..		40			225	137	88	73	50
		2879	457			3322	1935	1387	1450	1127
19	Batamalina Ziarat ..	1094	333	4		2126	1148	978	1144	971
		1094	333			2126	1148	978	1144	971
20	Lachman Pora ..	1036	202	5		1223	681	542	681	542
21	Haft Chinar ..	730	117			724	418	306	307	253
22	Raja Bagh ..		35			157	91	66	39	16
		1766	354			2104	1190	914	1027	811
23	Solina—Silk Factory ..	912	155	6		1211	669	542	621	511
24	Ram Bagh ..	145	36			198	93	105	89	100
25	Sher Garhi Amirakadal ..	222	63			292	182	110	102	62
26	Kavji Mohalla ..	561	97			754	436	318	298	250
		1840	351			2455	1380	1075	1110	923
27	Sho Pora ..		85	7		418	227	191	218	185
28	Munshi Bagh ..	151	18			28	14	14	5	
29	Bagh Harisingh-Kthi Bagh Residency ..	283	36			181	128	53	40	13
30	Drugjan ..	1601	246			1823	916	907	806	765
31	C. M. S. Hospital ..		9			116	76	40	55	20
32	Nedous Hotel ..		16			70	54	16	25	3
		2035	407			2636	1415	1221	1149	992
33	Rustum Gadi—Gupakar ..	1686	34	8		234	136	98	110	78
34	Dalgate Kohna Khun ..	197	68			449	254	195	248	195
35	Buchwara ..	1100	202			1460	760	720	754	715
36	Gagri Bal ..	249	42			311	165	146	157	134
37	Barbar Shah Sharika Bhawan ..	497	64			384	89	295	16	197
38	S. P. College Boarding House ..		2			256	254	2	212	2
		3729	412			3114	1658	1456	1497	1321
39	Abi Guzar Sheikh Bagh ..	590	110	9		920	525	395	352	286
40	Chinar Bagh—Samander Bagh ..	233	31			131	72	59	59	49
41	Maisuma Bazar ..	778	156			890	522	368	405	300
42	Barrov Ghat ..	657	85			677	376	301	311	260
		2258	382			2618	1495	1123	1127	895

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		54	44	15	11					54	21
101	80	38	24	64	30	3				254	55
		76	35	68	66					254	79
101	80	168	103	147	107	3				562	155
		85	66	7	1					120	50
		128	87	58	19				1	181	78
		12	10	12	8					15	9
		1		6						23	
		30	20	10	6			3	1	2	
		7	3	5	8					244	72
										10	8
		263	186	98	42			3	2	595	217
		122	90	31	14					234	114
		40	1	6	8					101	8
		9	3	7	2	1		5	3	171	78
	8	71	68	60	25					12	
		36		10						140	50
		15		8						62	
5	3	48	32	11	3					45	14
										55	
5	11	341	194	133	52	1		5	3	820	264
		3	4	1	3						
		3	4	1	3					304	51
										304	51
		60	26	47	26			4	1	85	
4	1	32	33	13	1			3	15	114	19
										35	35
4	1	92	59	60	27			7	16	234	54
		24	28	24	3						
		4	5							116	10
8	5	54	33	17	5			1	5	18	
		91	42	45	21			2	5	79	25
										164	38
8	5	173	108	86	29			3	10	377	73
		6	2								
		5	8	2	3			3	4	47	7
								2	3	4	4
		54	20	23	5			11	15	50	31
100	132	6	6					4	4	226	37
		1						15	14	18	8
5		5	3					24	10	25	10
105	132	77	39	25	8			59	50	370	97
		18	9	3							
		3						5	11	21	12
3		1		4	5			1		21	
		2	5					6	7	202	47
		60	80	8	9			5	9	37	7
		40		2						147	39
										33	1
3		124	94	17	14			17	27	461	106
61	62	31	22	28	12			53	13	181	58
3	2	7	3	3	5					18	7
		41	26	74	42			1		183	78
		8	4	57	37					128	18
65	64	87	55	162	96			54	13	510	161

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
43	Maisuma Dubji—Gaokadal Amira-kadal ..	3086	525	10		3963	2207	1756	1993	1633
		3086	525			3963	2207	1756	1993	1632
44	Palace Area ..		11	11		37	26	11	6	
			11			37	26	11	6	
	TOTAL ..	23463	4081			28468	15918	12550	13184	10782
45	Mandir Bagh ..	119	36	12	2	262	158	124	87	78
46	Basant Bagh ..	572	72			560	306	260	277	248
47	Doom Pura ..	753	114			808	444	364	426	344
48	Badiyar Bala-Pain ..	908	139			1217	671	546	110	91
49	Gundalmahar ..	519	85			656	369	287	67	44
50	Ganpatyar ..	771	131			745	424	321	8	5
		3642	577			4274	2372	1902	975	810
51	Malayar ..	657	134	13		961	537	424	39	27
52	Kharyar ..	624	113			905	517	388	39	23
53	Krala Khud ..		113			475	316	159	193	88
54	Shital Nath ..		66			440	233	207	55	59
55	Safriyar ..	224	42			256	135	121	30	24
56	Babapora ..	1145	157			1471	748	723	298	296
57	Sathu Pain ..		128			884	489	395	100	100
		2650	753			5392	2975	2417	754	617
58	Chondo Pora ..	1382	225	14		1560	859	701	449	357
59	Sheli Teng ..	897	140			1021	549	472	191	143
		2279	365			2581	1408	1173	640	500
60	Aga Hammam ..	764	121	15		879	484	395	297	229
61	Shesh Yar ..	800	129			858	477	381	93	60
62	Bagwan Pora ..	416	82			479	263	216	263	216
		1980	332			2216	1224	992	653	505
63	Sadi Qazi Zada-Sathu-Kocha Pain ..	613	95	16		624	337	287	113	97
64	Sadi Qazi Zada-Sathu-Kocha Bala ..	1770	203			1455	794	661	476	402
		2383	298			2079	1131	948	589	499
65	Munwar Abad ..	503	126	17		773	415	358	304	268
66	Mala Pora ..	959	134			1244	654	590	136	134
		1462	260			2017	1069	948	440	402
67	Chinkral Mohalla ..	1475	296	18		2062	1095	967	440	410
68	Madanyar ..	238	37			249	143	106	30	23
69	Shalayar ..	530	86			655	393	262	11	9
		2243	419			2966	1631	1335	481	442
70	Bana Mohalla ..	1293	190	19		1848	1011	837	200	131
71	Narpirastan ..	748	99			866	469	397	215	184
72	Malik Angan ..	1461	211			1976	1067	909	532	473
73	Fateh Kadal ..	823	125			952	505	447	363	321
		4325	625			5642	3052	2590	1310	1109
	TOTAL ..	20964	3629			27167	14862	12305	5842	4884
74	Tanki Pora ..	1282	200	20	3	1515	807	708	775	686
75	Dadi Kadal ..	779	92			786	440	346	212	160
76	Kathi Hal ..	707	115			835	541	394	234	186
77	Malik Bagh ..	825	117			1176	638	538	116	83
		3593	524			4412	2426	1986	1337	1115
78	Zandar Sahib ..	832	97	21		919	499	420	291	219
79	Guru Bazar ..	504	72			646	348	298	292	269
80	Chhota Bazar ..	849	159			1029	559	470	467	388

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		*Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		164	107	45	16			5		438	78
		164	107	45	16			5		438	78
		18	11	2						17	3
		18	11	2						17	3
291	293	1510	960	776	394	4		153	121	4688	1259
37	23	20	13	14	10					19	2
19	5	8	4	2	3					62	11
		15	18	3	2					138	20
		559	455	2						463	160
		302	243							272	89
		413	314	3	2					321	103
56	28	1317	1047	24	17					1275	445
		497	397	1						402	171
		477	365	1						387	204
		121	71	2						118	29
		178	148							148	64
		105	97							92	20
150	142	300	285							293	125
		387	291	1				1	4	324	202
150	142	2065	1654	5				1	4	1764	815
4	3	405	341	1						437	191
		358	329							316	89
4	3	763	670	1						753	280
		187	166							215	24
		384	321							342	90
										25	
		571	487							582	114
		224	190							205	62
		318	259							319	45
		542	449							524	107
111	90									133	13
6	3	510	453	2						376	84
117	93	510	453	2						509	97
114	115	541	442							512	240
		111	83			2				91	31
		382	253							310	72
114	115	1034	778			2				913	343
		810	706	1						644	254
		254	213							245	126
		530	433	5	3					407	83
		141	126	1						164	26
		1735	1478	7	3					1460	489
441	381	8537	7016	39	20	2		1	4	7780	2690
19	9	12	13	1						155	23
		227	186	1						246	73
		305	208	2						314	88
		522	453							402	135
19	9	1068	862	4						1117	319
		207	201	1						256	122
56	29	86	78	6	4					75	7
										196	31

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
81	Karan Nagar	22	48			493	304	189	63	12
82	Bagi Nand Singh	426	67			551	282	269	282	269
		2633	443			3638	1992	1646	1395	1157
83	Khara Duri		14	22		94	49	45	49	45
84	Kani Kadal	767	112			818	464	354	153	104
85	Malikyar	507	57			570	307	263	219	190
86	Reshi Sahib	601	69			502	286	216	159	113
87	Purshayar	1090	157			1696	932	764	91	79
		2965	409			3680	2038	1642	671	531
88	Dalhasanyar	785	98	23		862	480	382	290	234
89	Drabiyar	934	84			1007	554	453	23	11
90	Shala Kadal	804	116			1080	610	470	175	131
91	Karfali Mohalla	1300	132			1478	814	664	460	342
		3823	430			4427	2458	1969	948	718
92	Qazi Masjid	605	80	24		700	390	310	387	307
93	Sona Masjid	1115	139			1131	608	523	314	301
94	Syed Ali Akbar Sahib	720	78			741	417	324	266	206
95	Khana Wari	590	69			651	362	289	362	289
96	Fateh Kadal	502	55			559	304	255	278	237
		3532	421			3782	2081	1701	1607	1340
	TOTAL	16546	2227			19939	10995	8944	5958	4861
97	Dukan-i-Sangeen	789	123	25	4	865	466	399	328	298
98	Khanhan-i-Maula	2035	445			2378	1172	1206	1131	1176
99	Namcha Bal	781	130			896	491	405	367	297
		3605	698			4139	2129	2010	1826	1771
100	Shamswari	1080	198	26		1256	647	609	538	513
101	Kalashpora	340	48			170	81	89	81	89
102	Baba Nand Ganai	323	53			463	235	228	235	228
103	Babademb	270	46			400	211	189	211	189
104	Mukhdom Mandove	304	41			291	161	130	161	130
		2317	386			2580	1335	1245	1226	1149
105	Bazar Masjid	533	75	27		682	338	344	287	303
106	Bohari Kadal	393	80			535	277	258	209	201
107	Qazi Yar	500	129			712	411	301	138	112
108	Chilpan Kocho	477	69			528	309	217	106	69
109	Malik Pura	309	64			359	195	164	168	137
110	Zerab Khana	353	55			372	182	190	182	190
		2625	472			3186	1712	1474	1090	1012
111	Gadayar	239	51	28		345	183	162	179	160
112	Saraf Kadal	305	40			367	207	160	207	160
113	Kamangar Pora	571	9			101	52	49	37	31
114	Qadi Kadal	355	149			970	502	468	359	319
115	Saif-ul-Din Pora	538	120			955	534	421	534	421
116	Jildgari Mohalla	190	34			210	110	100	110	100
		2198	403			2948	1588	1360	1428	1191
117	Gojwara	467	87	29		669	365	304	365	304
118	Ranga Hamam	481	92			506	270	236	270	236
119	Kali Masjid-Haka Bazar	451	45			328	158	170	158	170
120	Shaham Pora	162	31			190	99	91	99	91
121	Syed Pora	248	42			307	168	139	160	139
122	Gankhan	649	90			884	458	426	172	181
		2458	387			2884	1518	1366	1224	1121
123	RadáPora-Aram Masjid	346	48	30		424	215	209	215	209
124	Hamam Bal	409	52			502	257	245	257	245
125	Khaja Bazar	657	135			1243	686	557	686	557
126	Rinda Masjid	188	25			311	156	155	156	155
127	Syed Wari	192	20			262	144	118	144	118
128	Dari Bal	565	78			716	398	318	398	318
129	Gari Masjid	189	25			207	113	94	113	94
		2546	383			3665	1969	1696	1969	1696

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
130	Kalal Duri ..	489	98	31		564	307	257	307	257
131	Rozabal Khanyar ..	392	90			879	445	434	436	434
132	Roshnagar Mohalla ..	353	42			229	141	88	141	88
133	Pandan Mohalla ..	962	198			1229	575	654	575	654
134	Birun Anderwari-Naid Kadal ..	644	119			812	425	387	425	387
135	Suma Kuchabal ..	358	85			367	189	178	189	178
		3198	632			4080	2082	1998	2073	1998
136	Nawpora ..	768	207	32		1045	562	483	562	483
137	Badu Bagh ..	228	40			335	166	169	166	169
138	Tabardar Mohalla ..		68			557	273	284	273	284
139	Aqalmar Khanyar ..	1296	136			1183	630	553	630	553
140	Khalif Pora ..	270	44			320	184	136	184	136
141	Bagh Rup Singh ..	98	22			141	80	61	80	61
142	Daulatabad ..	408	56			518	268	250	214	197
		3068	573			4099	2163	1936	2109	1883
143	Mir Masjid ..	654	121	33		909	476	433	476	433
144	Koli Pora ..	408	69			511	271	240	259	232
145	Darun Anderwari ..	348	31			387	210	177	210	177
146	Sheshgari Mohalla ..	458	69			648	345	303	256	225
147	Anzi Mar ..	371	44			396	193	203	193	203
148	Thanga Mohalla ..	85	15			121	64	57	64	57
149	Rei Teng ..	357	40			428	217	211	217	211
		2681	389			3400	1776	1624	1675	1538
150	Gani Mohalla ..	171	30	34		239	136	103	136	103
151	Pir Haji Mohd. Sahib ..	471	79			704	366	338	361	338
152	Teki Mohalla ..	158	24			257	136	121	136	121
153	Jamia Masjid ..	237	41			292	145	147	145	147
154	Tilwandori-Chondapora ..	444	21			195	104	91	104	91
155	Malik Sahib ..	438	70			581	300	281	300	281
156	Malla Porah ..	232	21			241	150	91	150	91
157	Mir Mohalla-Malarata ..	1224	202			1580	820	760	709	676
		3375	488			4089	2157	1932	2041	1848
	TOTAL ..	28071	4811			35070	18429	16641	16659	15207
158	Malchamar ..	754	89	35	5	814	461	353	347	271
159	Gani Atmanz ..	515	106			487	257	230	233	212
160	Vaza Pora ..	640	95			715	371	344	346	328
161	Sokalipora ..	439	72			451	232	219	222	203
162	Kral Teng ..	496	69			627	327	300	267	242
163	Sheikh Mohalla ..	625	49			470	255	215	200	176
164	Tusi Masjid ..	163	57			455	250	205	101	94
165	Tenki Sarai ..	270	54			275	166	109	106	92
166	Banda Kocho ..	285	61			276	164	113	140	101
		4187	652			4570	2482	2088	1962	1719
167	Maharaj Ganj ..	257	51	36		311	180	131	130	101
168	Bodha Gher ..	476	85			660	360	300	61	54
169	Syed Kocho ..	298	59			418	218	200	127	117
170	Kawa Dara ..	480	94			610	314	296	314	296
171	Bacha Mohalla ..	370	53			406	209	197	200	102
172	Nayid Dori ..	222	46			256	141	115	127	104
173	Rang Teng ..	563	95			626	347	279	92	67
		2666	483			3287	1769	1518	1051	931
174	Batayar ..	941	143	37		1332	724	608	214	199
175	Bulbul Lanker ..	1183	223			1438	792	646	319	250
176	Wangan Pora ..	365	50			472	257	215	228	195
177	Nawa Kadal ..	433	98			710	376	334	350	314
178	Gratabal ..	317	57			352	174	178	174	178
179	Aram Pora ..	441	96			480	246	234	246	234
180	Tengo Pora ..	273	29			307	156	151	156	151
181	Marjan Pora ..	513	97			632	337	295	311	267
		4466	793			5723	3062	2661	1998	1788
182	Lukhriyar ..	428	62	38		508	288	220	278	210
183	Khankai Sokhta ..	890	110			1012	572	440	124	81
184	Safa Kadal ..	758	108			894	464	430	394	354

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
185	Hafat Yarbali	486	55			546	288	258	282	250
186	Malik Sahib	764	96			996	526	470	526	470
187	Pala Yarbali	332	45			402	243	159	243	159
188	Gassi Mohalla	224	33			239	135	104	135	104
189	Syed Mohalla Dana Mazar	501	82			577	324	253	223	253
190	Chandal Pora	263	32			305	162	143	158	143
		4646	623			5479	3002	2477	2463	2024
191	Latar Masjid	291	49	39		419	232	187	223	182
192	Kanth Paristan	402	53			467	246	221	108	141
193	Khandabhawan	849	123			1108	579	529	475	418
194	Abhipora-Tarabal	590	74			698	340	358	328	342
195	Brari Pora	532	84			715	387	328	328	288
196	Seki Dafar	562	130			690	375	315	247	210
197	Id Gah-Ganderpora	631	100			786	440	346	386	296
198	Charri Nambal	101	14			109	62	47	62	47
		3958	627			4992	2661	2331	2217	1924
199	Rath Pora	647	103	40		848	460	388	437	371
200	Resha Har	326	60			390	214	176	193	152
201	Rehi Bhawan		28			236	130	106	127	103
202	Nopora	133	27			169	90	79	90	79
203	Jadi Masjid	241	33			331	162	169	162	169
		1347	251			1974	1056	918	1009	874
	TOTAL	21270	3429			26025	14032	11993	10700	9260
204	Hazari Bazar	583	63	41	6	722	333	389	333	389
205	Sura Teng	383	50			372	183	189	183	189
206	Khaja Syed Pora	228	68			315	168	147	168	147
207	Kondabal	333	55			457	241	216	225	206
208	Ranga Paristan	375	62			466	258	208	193	160
209	Motiyar	391	65			472	259	213	114	89
210	C. M. S. Hospital		5			68	4	64	2	36
		2293	368			2872	1446	1426	1218	1216
211	Kralayar-Mengan Mohalla	955	153	42		1034	592	442	188	130
212	Pandit Pora	270	41			471	259	212	135	106
213	Kocha Nidan Sahib	315	48			437	232	205	141	134
214	Chirman Pora	287	37			379	218	161	72	54
215	Moghal Mohalla	151	21			197	103	94	92	86
216	Baga Degi	455	50			478	273	205	25	22
		2433	350			2996	1677	1319	653	532
217	Devitwali Pora	223	47	43		341	181	160	161	143
218	Zinda Shah Sahib	104	15			106	55	51	55	51
219	Kalwal Mohalla	395	48			442	231	211	231	211
220	Hassi Butt	344	46			282	180	102	180	102
221	Naid Buni	215	30			241	130	111	130	111
222	Naid Yar	672	103			900	490	410	300	264
223	Ghat Jogilanker-Bekayar	486	66			570	321	249	143	111
		2439	356			2882	1588	1294	1200	993
224	Bag Jogi Lanker	1435	261	44		1740	691	779	255	216
225	Chodri Bag	95	20			98	64	34	35	23
226	Dalkawpora	210	28			216	108	108	104	95
227	Keni Mohalla	275	35			288	155	133	83	69
228	Malpora	252	44			329	175	154	175	154
229	Gora Pora	260	58			323	181	142	181	142
		2527	446			2994	1644	1350	833	699
230	Kak Mohalla-Mianshah Sahib	412	39	45		304	162	142	157	142
231	Karapora Khushki	567	75			687	389	298	46	34
232	Kathi Darwaza-Khudapora	317	39			401	212	189	182	159
233	Khuja Yarbali	462	55			633	325	308	324	308
234	Hasan Abad	514	63			661	342	319	10	10
235	Mala Khah	200	32			179	97	82	97	82
236	Tusagari Mohalla	145	21			182	98	84	98	84
237	Central Jail-Lunatic Asylum		13			312	301	11	270	7
		2617	337			3359	1926	1433	1184	826
	TOTAL	12309	1857			15103	8281	6822	5088	4266

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		6	8							49	3
										64	4
										32	6
										5	
		1								49	
		4								21	
94	79	444	374	1						637	139
		9	5							33	4
		78	80							86	18
		104	111							207	68
9	8	3	8							92	18
		59	40							136	17
4	3	121	102	3						135	43
54	50									80	3
										9	1
67	61	374	346	3						778	172
22	17	1								65	
		21	24							78	41
3	3									7	
										8	6
										21	1
25	20	22	24							179	48
231	206	3067	2519	34	8					4496	1510
										75	1
										19	
										12	
		16	10							38	3
31	30	34	18							49	13
		145	124							125	27
		1	10							1	19
					1			1	17		
31	30	196	162		1			1	17	319	63
		404	312							303	99
		124	106							97	42
		91	71							71	3
		146	107							113	12
		11	8							13	
		248	183							195	67
		1024	787							792	223
		20	17							39	13
										31	6
										64	6
										11	
										25	2
2		190	146							158	66
		176	138							150	49
2		386	301							478	142
		704	563	2						555	144
		23	11	6						44	9
		4	5		8						
		72	64							83	30
										21	
										13	1
		803	643	8	8					716	184
		5								43	1
		343	264							263	42
		1		29	30					41	5
		1								52	7
328	309	3		1						44	1
										10	
										6	1
1		15	2	15	2					114	7
329	309	368	266	45	32					573	64
362	339	2777	2159	53	41			1	17	2878	676

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (o	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
238	Behi Bagh ..	71	42	46	7	236	138	98	118	
239	Zaldargar ..	469	73			542	322	220	300	
240	Shah Mohalla ..	1092	142			1317	677	640	664	
241	Syed Mansur-Nawab Bazar ..	907	131			970	522	448	520	
242	Shoragari Mohalla ..	522	80			636	351	285	338	
243	Kachgari Mohalla ..	579	112			803	436	397	436	
		3640	580			4504	2446	2058	2376	1
244	Urdu Bazar ..	714	133	47		756	403	353	403	
245	Arawat ..	293	52			357	188	169	119	
246	Islam Kocho ..	548	118			665	348	317	348	
247	Pathar Masjid ..	375	84			461	239	222	239	
248	Kalamdanpora ..	939	212			879	472	407	472	
		2869	599			3118	1650	1468	1581	1
249	Dalal Mohalla ..	888	168	48		1098	563	535	563	
250	Mukhdum Kocho ..	445	67			647	358	289	358	
251	Siraj Bazar ..	156	26			150	78	72	78	
252	Ishan Sahib ..	362	51			543	317	226	230	
253	Chammar Duri ..	489	63			596	334	262	313	
254	Gorgardi Mohalla ..	673	79			771	424	347	242	
		3013	454			3805	2074	1731	1784	1
255	Jamalata ..	889	141	49		889	507	382	507	
256	Seh Yar ..	809	121			967	508	459	311	
257	Reh Baba Sahib ..	728	108			915	455	460	353	
258	Dab Tal ..	871	137			1150	600	550	590	
259	Qutub-ul-Din Pora ..	905	146			1080	573	507	335	
		4202	653			5001	2643	2358	2096	
260	Syed Hamid Pora ..	645	101	50		837	473	364	473	
261	Kaka Sathu ..	199	29			246	134	112	133	
262	Ganz Khud ..	277	30			286	148	138	148	
263	Kani Mazar ..	1046	172			1215	665	550	658	
264	Tengpora-Charamgari Mohalla ..	605	94			727	393	334	393	
265	Thagga Baba ..	250	38			338	180	158	147	
266	Watal Kadal ..	485	35			528	290	238	288	
267	Diamond Jubilee Zenana Hospital ..		5			64	8	56	3	
		3507	604			4241	2291	1950	2243	
268	Nalbandpora ..	1122	152	51		1334	726	608	703	
269	Danawari ..	670	32			321	183	138	108	
270	Mughal Mohalla ..		63			597	319	278	319	
271	Bagyas ..	688	84			817	440	377	362	
272	Bagi Sunder ..	1275	173			1671	873	798	439	
		3755	504			4740	2541	2199	1931	
273	Patli Pora Pain ..	338	73	52		460	245	215	245	
274	Patli Pora Bala ..	1008	196			1424	739	685	432	
275	Chhanna Mohalla ..	322	78			462	237	225	208	
276	Guzarbal ..	982	163			1149	631	518	631	
277	Arampora ..	77	11			55	35	20	30	
		2727	521			3550	1887	1663	1546	
	TOTAL ..	23835	3915			28959	15532	13427	13557	
278	Rajweri Kadal ..	220	30	53	8	231	123	108	113	
279	Said Sahib ..	324	68			391	227	164	227	
280	Shali Mohalla-Sazgaripora ..	565	73			416	224	192	189	
281	Zedibal ..	399	48			260	133	127		
282	Gasiyar ..	146	30			206	100	106	17	
283	Alamgari Bazar ..	291	63			333	181	152	50	
284	Said Kocho ..		4			35	21	14	21	
285	Nalband Kocho ..		19			67	29	38	21	
286	Kalnath Pora ..		14			132	67	65	67	
287	Shiri Bath Wan ..	157	24			185	102	83	102	
288	Tirgarh Pora ..		40			247	131	116	131	
289	Zahid Pora ..		10			86	43	43	43	
290	Ganai Doori ..	113	27			170	85	85		
		2215	450			2759	1466	1293	1511	

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		14	11					6	5	17	5
		22	19							77	16
		13	15							209	66
		2								131	51
		12	11	1						136	33
										91	31
		63	56	1				6	5	661	202
69	65									96	2
										56	11
										63	10
										40	15
										35	3
69	65									290	41
										144	43
										81	31
										2	
6	2	77	32	4	2					121	23
4	7	17	14							92	11
		181	139	1						200	74
10	9	275	185	5	2					640	182
										76	30
		197	161							168	42
		102	109							134	12
		10	7							139	20
		236	197	2						282	85
		545	474	2						799	189
										100	17
								1	2	13	1
										29	2
		7	7							79	6
			7							15	
		33	26							45	11
		2								31	1
		2	12	2				1	12	1	14
		44	52	2				2	14	313	52
6	5	19	1	4						210	14
		69	58							68	31
										38	
		78	74							157	35
		427	364	7						396	149
6	5	593	497	11						869	229
										68	32
219	230	88	85							183	45
29	29									33	7
										123	16
		4		1						6	
248	259	92	85	1						413	100
333	338	1612	1349	22	2			8	19	3985	995
										23	7
										26	
35	30									31	6
133	127									36	1
83	96									13	1
131	110									45	
										10	4
8	11									8	2
										20	2
										29	8
										23	
85	85										
475	(C)									264	31

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
291	Chirgari Pora	231	80	54		521	260	261	260	261
292	Surnai Mohalla	367	56			397	214	183	214	183
293	Murrid Pora	90	16			119	64	55	64	55
294	Mala Pora	166	36			215	115	100	100	89
295	Kath Maidan	544	106			666	353	313		
296	Dalipora	467	80			658	343	315	343	315
297	Mashali Masjid	159	50			277	157	120	157	120
298	Akhun Sahib	78	20			89	57	32	57	32
299	Mughal Masjid	117	15			203	98	105	98	105
300	Sangin Darwaza	162	15			60	35	25	35	25
301	Ranga Masjid	95	28			147	87	60	74	48
302	Tulawari	133	37			210	114	96	114	96
303	Doompora	88	32			165	92	73	92	73
304	Duni Pora	108	31			171	93	78		
		2805	602			3898	2082	1816	1608	1402
305	Pat Pora	227	33	55		242	121	121	121	121
306	Kani Dewar	167	28			222	121	101	121	101
307	Bhawuldin	192	39			233	127	106	127	106
308	Jabargari Pora	230	39			250	140	110	140	110
309	Madin Sahib	239	54			312	170	142	104	58
310	Syed Afzal Mohalla	130	28			171	90	81		
311	Nabdi Pora	278	59			363	179	184		
		1463	280			1793	948	845	613	496
312	Narwara	1420	127	56		1067	565	502	562	499
313	Wanta Pora	245	48			305	164	141	164	141
314	Shalabagh Shalabagh Margbal	365	25			331	149	182		
315	Gazi Duri	188	28			274	126	148		
316	Kralpora	331	56			388	194	194	89	62
317	Khushalsar	192	67			399	196	203		
318	Bachi Darwaza-Hawal	295	45			389	209	180	209	180
319	Khiwani	377	25			180	101	79	101	79
320	Namadsaz Pora Qutubuldinpora	276	55			375	192	183	192	183
321	Adalat Masjid	99	23			111	55	56	55	56
322	Dangerpora	626	89			691	403	288	403	288
		4119	588			4510	2354	2156	1775	1488
323	Sowara	1027	189	57		1185	634	551	625	549
324	Bahlochi Pora	182	36			229	111	118	111	118
325	Chhanapora	153	38			156	112	44	106	44
326	Babapora Kokerbagh-Zonimar	456	49			353	178	175	178	175
327	Tengapora	316	56			404	202	202	201	202
		2134	368			2327	1237	1090	1221	1088
328	Degdar Har	118	21	58		135	76	59	76	59
329	Zadipora-Hazwal Pora	182	24			130	76	54	76	54
330	Batak Pora	244	9			81	46	35	46	35
331	Makhdoom Pora	144	24			128	62	66	62	66
332	Nalabal Naid Duri	85	50			342	203	139	193	128
333	Vicharnag	373	40			338	193	145	30	25
334	Mukhta Pukhri	84	29			95	46	49	44	47
335	Kakazgari Pora	177	24			208	119	89	117	85
336	Khajapora Nawshera	494	70			442	240	202	240	202
337	Nawshera Gilikadal	116	42			310	167	143	167	143
338	Lukhripora		42			226	123	103	123	103
339	Mandibal	333	63			373	201	172	153	124
340	Aram Pora	236	45			314	150	164	88	85
		2586	441			3122	1702	1420	1415	1156
341	Bagwan Pora	296	50	59		388	200	188		
342	Kachbo Pora	153	36			197	105	92	43	43
343	Amda Kadal	197	32			245	110	135	110	135
344	Naribal	127	21			167	90	77	90	77
345	Gatapora		18			124	74	50	74	50
346	Bota Kadal	178	40			226	125	101	95	76
347	Pukhribal	66	12			74	37	37	37	37
348	Boni Shah Mohalla	215	41			228	130	98	130	98
349	Lal Bazar	319	83			489	262	227	112	96
		1551	333			2138	1133	1005	691	612
	TOTAL	16873	3104			20547	10922	9625	8314	7076

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										8	
										53	5
										20	6
15	11									70	12
353	313									25	2
										10	
										20	4
										8	
										14	
13	12									28	1
										12	
										7	
93	78										
474	414									275	30
										10	
										32	6
										14	
66	84									23	
90	81										
179	184									40	5
335	349									119	11
3	3									113	18
149	182									9	
126	148									22	5
105	132									17	1
196	203									7	
										10	
										9	
										11	1
										6	
										30	8
579	668									234	33
		9	2							84	1
		5		1						9	
		1								8	
		15	2	1						6	1
										107	2
										1	
10	11										
		163	120							120	33
		2	2							7	
		2	4							29	1
										1	
48	48									20	
62	79									11	
167	138	167	126							189	34
200	188									29	
62	49									18	
										7	1
30	25									2	
										4	
150	131									8	
442	323									28	
2425	2421	182	128	1						96	2
										1284	143

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Boat Population.										
1	Ghat Amirkadal to Abi-Guzar		55	60	9	277	146	131	144	127
2	Imperial Bank to Island ..		21			95	48	47	40	34
			76			372	194	178	184	161
3	Ghat Residency to Batwara ..		39	61		180	100	80	93	74
4	Ghunikhan to Kandabag Ghat		183			923	472	451	470	450
			222			1103	572	531	563	524
5	Ghat Amirakadal to Habba-kadal ..		127	62		506	281	225	281	225
6	Ghat Chinkral Mohalla to Zena Kadal Bridge ..		112			546	290	256	290	256
			239			1052	571	481	571	481
7	Ghat Maharaj Ganj to Malik Sahib and Gasi Mohalla ..		169	63		780	421	359	421	359
			169			780	421	359	421	359
8	Ghat Hanuman Mandir to Sehyar ..		148	64		716	383	333	383	333
9	Ghat Kani Mazar to Custom Post ..		39			203	114	89	114	89
10	Ghat Nalbandpora to Nawab Bazar ..		116			538	277	261	277	261
11	Ghat Karfali Mohalla to Gulab Bag ..		116			494	273	221	273	221
			419			1951	1047	904	1047	904
12	Ghat Khujayarbal to Kralyar		51	65		266	141	125	141	125
13	Nawpora to Ghat Kahna Khan near Dal Gate ..		39			208	105	103	105	103
			90			474	246	228	246	228
14	Gagrival to Chinarbagh, Barber Shah ..		112	66		527	303	224	302	223
15	Dalgate bridge to Munshi Bagh		42			250	135	115	134	114
			154			777	438	339	436	337
	TOTAL ..		6981	1369		6509	3489	3020	3468	2994
	GRAND TOTAL ..		170190	28422		207787	112460	95327	82770	71049

*Others—Indian Christians 50M 55F; Anglo Indians 3M 3F, Other Christians 118M 117F; Jains 8M 1F, Parsees 3M 3F; Jews 2M 7F; Others 2F.

WARD No. I.—(i) Bonamsar, which was shown under Ward No. I of Srinagar City in 1931 Village Tables appears under serial number 220 in 1941 Village Tables for Tehsil Khas.

(ii) Rustam Gadi was shown under Ward No. I of City in 1931 Village Tables and Gupakar appeared under serial number 6325 in Tehsil Khas Village Tables in 1931. These are shown together against serial number 33 of City Tables 1941 under the name 'Rustam Gadi—Gupakar'. The population of Durganag and Analteng Mohallas which do not appear as Mohallas anywhere in 1931 Village Tables has also been included with 'Rustam-Gadi—Gupakar.'

(iii) Kohna Khun which appears under Ward II in 1931 Village Tables has been shown under Ward I against serial number 34 as Dalgate Kohna Khun in the Village Tables 1941.

(iv) Buchwara—Gagrival of the Village Tables 1931 have been shown separately as Buchwar and Gagrival under serial numbers 35 and 36 respectively in the Village Tables 1941. The 1931 population amounting to 1,349 has accordingly been arbitrarily split up into 1,100 and 249 for purposes of comparison.

(v) Raja Bagh serial number 22 of the Village Tables 1941 also covers the population of the Convent College.

(vi) Bagh Magarmal and Baran Pather which were shown separately in 1931 Village Tables appear together under serial number 15 as Bagh Magarmal—Baran Pather in the Village Tables 1941. Solina and Silk Factory of 1931 Village Tables appear as Solina-Silk Factory under serial number 23 in the Village Tables 1941. Bagh Harisingh and Kothibagh of 1931 Village Tables appear as Bagh Harisingh—Kothibagh—Residency under serial number 29 in the Village Tables 1941 and Chinar Bagh and Samander Bagh of 1931 Village Tables

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		1	3					1	1	2	4
								8	13	6	11
		1	3					9	14	8	15
								7	6	14	7
								2	1	6	1
								9	7	20	8
										3	
										6	
										9	
										6	
										6	
										5	
										2	
										7	
										4	
										4	
								1	1	16	1
								1	1	1	1
								2	2	17	2
		1	3					20	23	71	25
4669	4482	23887	19139	943	469	7		184	188	35309	10233

appear as Chinar Bagh— Samander Bagh under serial number 40 in the Village Tables 1941. Similarly, Goakadal and Amirakadal of 1931 Village Tables appear as Maisuma Dubji—Goakadal—Amirakadal under serial number 43 in the Village Tables 1941. The figure for 1931 represents the totals of the equivalent for 1941 in each case.

(vii) Saddar Hospital, Police Training School, Central Boarding House, Shoepora, C. M. S. Hospital, Nedous Hotel, S. P. College Boarding House and Palace Area serial numbers 10, 17, 18, 27, 31, 32, 38 and 44 respectively have been shown separately in the Village Tables 1941 as the record was so received. In 1931 these institutions were included with their respective Mohallas.

WARD II.—(i) Krala Khud serial number 53 has been shown separately in the Village Tables 1941 although it was included with Kharyar in the Village Tables 1931.

(ii) Shitalnath serial number 54 appears separately in the Village Tables 1941. It was not shown in Village Tables 1931. Perhaps it was included with some other Mohalla.

(iii) Sathu Pain serial number 57 of 1941 Village Tables is not traceable in the Village Tables 1931. Probably it was partly included with Sadi Qazi Zada Pain and partly with Sadi Qazi Zada Bala.

(iv) Mandir Bawa Dharam Das of 1931 has been merged with Sadi Qazi Zada Bala and appears under serial number 64 as Sadi Qazi Zada Sathu Kocha Bala. The figure for 1931 represents the totals of the equivalent for 1941.

WARD III.—(i) Syed Ali Akbar Sahib and Khanawari which appear in Ward VII in 1931 Village Tables have been shown in Ward III under serial numbers 94 and 95 respectively in the Village Tables 1941.

(ii) Reshi Sahib—Khara Duri of the Village Tables 1931 has been shown separately under serial numbers 83 and 86 as Khara Duri and Reshi Sahib respectively in the Village Tables 1941. This is due to the splitting up of the mohalla.

(iii) Karan Nagar serial number 81 is a new mohalla created as a result of the city extension scheme. In the Village Tables 1941 it covers also the population of Khak Chowk. The latter was shown separately in the Village Tables 1931.

WARD IV.—(i) Kali Masjid of 1931 Village Tables has been merged with Haka Bazar and appears as Kali Masjid—Haka Bazar serial number 119 in the Village Tables 1941; Tilwan Dori and Chondapora of 1931 Village Tables appear as Tilwan Dori—Chondapora under serial number 154 in the Village Tables 1941. Rodapora, which is the correct name for Adapora of 1931 Village Tables, has been included with Aram Masjid and shown as Rodapora—Aram Masjid under serial number 123 in the Village Tables 1941.

Similarly, Birun Anderwari and Naid Kadal of 1931 Village Tables appear as Birun Anderwari—Naidkadal under serial number 134 in the Village Tables 1941. The figure for 1931 represents the total of the equivalents for 1941 in each case.

(ii) Tabardar Mohalla serial number 138 of the Village Tables 1941 is not traceable from the Village Tables 1931. Probably it was included with some other mohalla.

WARD V.—(i) Kawa Dara which appears under Ward VIII in 1931 Village Tables is shown under Ward V against serial number 170 in the Village Tables 1941. The action now taken is correct.

(ii) Abhipora and Tarabal which were shown separately in the Village Tables 1931 appear under serial number 194 as Abhipora—Tarabal in the Village Tables 1941. Id-Gah and Ganderpora of 1931 Village Tables appear as Idgah—Ganderpora serial number 197 in the Village Tables 1941. The figure for 1931 represents the total of the equivalents for 1941 in each case.

(iii) Rehi Bhawan serial number 201 has been shown separately in the 1941 Village Tables. This was apparently included with some other mohalla in 1931.

WARD VI.—(i) Dalkawpora which was included with Chodri Bagh in the Village Tables 1931 has been shown separately under serial number 226 in the Village Tables 1941. The 1931 population of Chodri Bhag (305) has accordingly been arbitrarily split into 95 and 210 and shown against Chodri Bhag serial number 225 and Dalkaw Pora serial number 226 respectively.

(ii) C. M. S. Hospital and Central Jail—Lunatic Asylum have been shown separately under serial numbers 210 and 237 respectively in the Village Tables 1941 as the record was so received. In 1931 they were included with their respective mohallas.

(iii) Kaka Mohalla and Mian Shah Sahib which were separately shown in the Village Tables 1931 appear under serial number 230 as Kaka Mohalla—Mian Shah Sahib in the Village Tables 1941. Ghat Jogi Lanker and Bekayar of 1931 Village Tables appear under serial number 223 as Ghat Jogi Lanker—Bekayar in the Village Tables 1941.

Similarly, Mengan Mohalla of 1931 Village Tables has been merged with Kralayar and shown under serial number 211 as Kralyar—Mengan Mohalla in the Village Tables 1941. The figure for 1931 represents the total of the equivalents for 1941 in each case.

(iv) Khudapora which was shown under Ward VIII in 1931 Village Tables has been merged with Kathi Darwaza and shown as Kathi Darwaza—Khudapora under Ward VI against serial number 232 in the Village Tables 1941.

WARD VII.—(i) Diamond Jubilee Zenana Hospital and Mughal Mohalla have been shown separately under serial numbers 267 and 270 respectively in the Village Tables 1941 as they were received thus in the record.

(ii) Tengapora and Charmgari Mohallas which were shown separately in the Village Tables 1931 appear under serial number 264 as Tengapora—Charmgari Mohalla in the Village Tables 1941. Similarly Syed Mansur and Nawab Bazar of 1931 Village Tables appear under serial number 241 as Syed Mansur—Nawab Bazar in the Village Tables 1941. The figure of 1931 represents the total of the equivalents for 1941 in each case.

WARD VIII.—(i) Mukdom Sahib, Hathi Khan, Ashraf Khan, Moma Khan and Devi Angan which were separately shown under Ward VIII of Srinagar City in 1931 appear under serial number 218 as Sangin Darwaza in the Village Tables 1941 for Tehsil Khas. Sangin Darwaza itself appears under serial number 300 of 1941 Village Tables for the City.

(ii) Lehman Pora which was shown under Ward VIII of the 1931 Village Tables for Srinagar City, is probably the same as Lachmanpora shown under serial number 217 in the Village Tables 1941 for Tehsil Khas. The Census record does not show this mohalla as a part of Srinagar City.

(iii) Takna-Wara Pora which appears under Ward VIII of the Village Tables 1931 does not exist. Presumably this is a wrong name for some other mohalla. Neither the Municipal nor the Revenue Officers have been able to locate this mohalla.

(iv) Kala Mohalla Bahrar which was shown in Ward VIII in the Village Tables 1931 for Srinagar City has apparently been omitted from the Census by the Srinagar Municipal Census staff. This mohalla had a population of 41 persons only in 1931.

(v) Shala Bagh and Shala Bagh Margbal of Ward VIII of the Village Tables 1931 for Srinagar City appear under serial number 314 and Shala Bagh—Shalabagh Margbal in the Village Tables 1941.

(vi) Phamapora Haji Mohalla which was shown in Ward VIII in 1931 Village Tables for Srinagar City, is perhaps the same as Chhanapora shown under serial number 325 in the Village Tables 1941. No mohalla of the name of Phampora Haji Mohalla could be located by the Municipal authorities.

(vii) Banger Teng, Khanpora and Makarpora Mohallas of the Village Tables 1931 have been merged with Narwara and appear as Narwara under serial number 312 in the Village Tables 1941. Bachi Darwaza and Hawal of 1931 Village Tables appears as Hawal-Bacchi Darwaza under serial number 318 in the Village Tables 1941. This includes a small mohalla by the name Jogiwan also.

Nikarpora Zonimar of 1931 Village Tables has been merged with Babapora Kokarbagh; they appear as Babapora Kokerbagh Zonimar under serial number 320 in the Village Tables 1941. Shali Mohalla and Sazgaripora of 1931 Village Tables appear as Shali Mohalla-Sazgaripora under serial number 280 in the Village Tables 1941. Similarly, Namadsaz Pora and Qutub-ul-Din Pora which appear separately in 1931 Village Tables appear as Namadsazpora-Qutub-ul-Din Pora under serial number 320 in the Village Tables 1941. The figure of 1931 represents the total of the equivalents for 1941 in each case.

(viii) Said Kocha, Nalband Kocha, Kalnathpora, Tirgarpora, Zahidpora, Khiwani, Gotapora and Lukhripora serial numbers 284, 285, 286, 288, 289, 319, 345 and 338 respectively appear separately in the Village Tables 1941. The population for these mohallas is not shown separately in the 1931 Village Tables; probably it was included with other mohallas.

WARD IX.—(i) This Ward exclusively deals with boat population in the Village Tables 1941.

GENERAL.—(i) Charges in the Village Tables 1941 for Srinagar City correspond to City Wards.

(ii) Military areas within Municipal limits and Srinagar Fire Brigade of 1931 Village Tables do not appear separately in the Village Tables 1941; they do not constitute mohallas. The military are included with Badami Bagh Cantonment.

(iii) In 1931 the population of the city was 1,73,573. The details shown in the Village Tables 1931 exceed this figure; the discrepancy is probably due to printing errors.

(iv) Charges for Srinagar City were created as this constituted a separate district for Census purposes. The charges of the Anantnag District are numbered serially exclusive of Srinagar City.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Anantnag**Tehsil Khas**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Nilhgrar	224	51	1	12	226	130	96	49	29
2	Sonamarg	312	42			217	122	95	119	92
3	Porayat Gagangir	206	62			398	231	167	230	167
4	Kolan	444	109			574	321	253	250	191
5	Rewal	349	65			363	203	160	203	160
6	Gund Sarsingh	672	128			767	431	336	426	332
7	Faraw Hakhar	693	103			720	386	334	385	334
8	Sumbal Balla	516	71			500	272	228	271	228
9	Sorafaraw	605	109			693	385	308	385	303
		4021	740			4458	2481	1977	2318	1841
10	Hariganwan	1441	218	2		1495	808	687	792	685
11	Mamar	740	113			815	440	375	440	375
12	Drawh Odar	178	22			161	81	80	81	80
13	Acha Hama	270	33			297	156	141	156	141
14	Thewan	826	159			874	491	383	482	381
15	Haian Palpora	774	127			836	453	383	452	383
16	Cherwan	665	118			686	389	297	387	297
17	Strana	358	47			283	150	133	150	133
		5252	837			5447	2968	2479	2940	2475
18	Tengh Chattar	59	12	3		61	32	29	32	29
19	Margund	440	70			425	225	200	225	200
20	Akhal	894	180			1049	577	472	565	472
21	Najwan Nillah	211	29			183	101	82	101	82
22	Kangan	817	174			704	333	371	326	367
23	Kajhara	152	42			191	107	84	106	84
24	Hardopaiyan	344	61			357	181	176	179	176
25	Bamlinah	84	22			112	55	57	55	57
26	Barnibog	472	96			537	282	255	276	255
27	Khanen	351	74			532	291	241	290	241
28	Wangat	1172	199			1481	764	717	764	717
		4996	959			5632	2948	2684	2919	2680
29	Kach Nambal	598	87	4		587	322	265	320	265
30	Gandari	75	15			80	42	38	42	38
31	Barawallah	258	47			294	167	127	163	124
32	Palengh	458	70			434	239	195	239	195
33	Larri	158	22			160	83	77	83	77
34	Arigoripora	623	106			615	339	276	339	276
35	Chatragul	1614	310			1861	1021	840	1016	840
36	Chinar	307	42			264	153	111	153	111
37	Drag Tengo	106	18			92	51	41	51	41
		4197	717			4387	2417	1970	2406	1967
38	Wosan	845	187	5		975	556	419	531	403
39	Haripora	443	76			488	257	231	257	231
40	Arahama	565	106			557	298	259	298	259
41	Andrawan	696	154			791	440	351	438	351
42	Manigam	1852	375			2055	1090	965	1025	890
		4401	898			4866	2641	2225	2549	2134
43	Gothi Bag	174	32	6	14	198	101	97	101	97
44	Woiyal	1260	197			1261	683	578	677	578
45	Hardo Marda Bag	21	4			25	18	7	18	7
46	Bahosipora	130	29			141	78	63	78	63
47	Nunar	997	193			1068	606	462	426	321
48	Chipargund	54	9			58	31	27	9	15
49	Warapash	491	84			529	300	229	297	226
50	Sadrah Bag	84	18			127	75	52	75	52
51	Bodhra Kund	282	53			331	185	146	185	146
52	Bandi Bag	64	13			84	37	47	37	47

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
53	Surach Chudhri-Bag	260	44			257	152	105	143	99
54	Shahpora	121	28			174	98	76	81	70
		3938	704			4253	2364	1889	2127	1721
55	Banihama	395	81	7	12	487	264	223	264	223
56	Bagi Zaman	62	10			63	34	29	34	29
57	Bagi Mahanand	143	26			165	90	75	90	75
58	Watalar	615	106			671	360	311	360	311
59	Chout Waliwaz	909	161			961	511	450	511	450
60	Chanthan Gulabpora	141	22			191	122	69	121	69
61	Qasba Lar	895	171			1086	617	469	472	359
62	Repore	845	145			914	480	434	478	434
63	Wandhama	98	15			130	74	56	36	35
64	Watal Bagh	294	46			264	154	110	150	110
		4397	783			4932	2706	2226	2516	2095
65	Barso	457	86	8	14	493	252	241	243	237
66	Bardalah	101	19			114	65	49	65	49
67	Kranihama	330	70			373	201	172	200	172
68	Dangar Pora	71	10			57	27	30	27	30
69	Thero	459	97			545	298	247	286	242
70	Arch	271	53			294	173	121	173	121
71	Malapora	178	34			188	102	86	102	86
72	Wahidpora	502	98			545	285	260	285	260
73	Gangir Hama	198	42			256	138	118	136	118
		2567	509			2865	1541	1324	1517	1315
74	Ganderbal	803	182	9		923	510	413	461	413
75	Mala Shahi Bag	318	55			344	192	152	192	152
76	Bihama	465	92			535	295	240	294	240
77	Dodhar Hama	467	124			557	321	236	308	225
78	Fatehpore	253	52			281	147	134	147	134
79	Kujar	234	52			267	140	127	140	127
		2540	557			2907	1605	1302	1542	1291
80	Ruial	365	66	10		384	213	171	203	163
81	Nagh Bal	94	17			116	59	57	59	57
82	Drand	118	27			144	85	59	85	59
83	Pandach	658	117			738	401	337	400	337
84	Khalmullah	470	101			552	318	234	318	234
85	Baba Dariadin	131	27			141	79	62	79	62
86	Basarbag	368	67			409	230	179	230	179
		2204	422			2484	1385	1099	1374	1091
87	Rakh Haran	147	11	11		89	51	38	51	38
88	Gadra	269	40			287	149	138	149	138
89	Anchar	1494	280			1669	887	782	872	773
90	Gund Rahman	180	27			193	108	85	108	85
91	Haran	427	70			463	245	218	245	218
		2517	428			2701	1440	1261	1425	1252
92	Salora	1637	296	12		1765	946	819	945	819
	Boat Population		18			90	53	37	53	37
93	Hakim Gund	103	17			130	65	65	65	65
94	Kastoripora	45	10			54	30	24	30	24
95	Gund Momin	53	9			48	28	20	28	20
96	Hatharah	305	57			340	183	157	183	157
		2143	389			2337	1252	1085	1251	1085
	B. P.		18			90	53	37	53	37
97	Tolamullah	2037	374	13	12	2125	1154	971	1000	838
	Boat Population		8			38	21	17	21	17
		2037	374			2125	1154	971	1000	838
	B. P.		8			38	21	17	21	17
98	Zari Gund	39	10	14		47	24	23	24	23
99	Karhama	562	93			587	315	272	315	272
100	Latiwaza	55	13			80	41	39	41	39

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
101	Angora	1213	233			1240	692	548	692	548
102	Zazuh	208	30			222	123	99	123	99
103	Badampura	170	29			173	94	79	94	79
		2247	408			2349	1289	1060	1289	1060
104	Patermolla	201	45	15	13	241	138	103	138	103
105	Chashma Manasbal	146	29			154	89	65	89	65
106	Safapora	2045	413			2361	1244	1117	1213	1061
107	Pahlipora	671	123			771	417	354	417	354
108	Zanipora	118	25			138	72	66	72	66
		3181	635			3665	1960	1705	1929	1649
109	Chiva	603	116	16		689	375	314	374	314
110	Gund Sadra Kot	1326	241			1557	864	693	864	693
111	Chandergair	574	104			648	371	277	371	277
112	Hakhara	1009	219			1170	630	540	629	540
		3512	680			4064	2240	1824	2238	1824
113	Ajas	2472	400	17	13	2791	1536	1255	1519	1246
114	Sadrakot Pain	516	99			577	326	251	325	251
115	Sadhunara Hastikhan Boat Population	1498	254			1922	1046	876	1041	876
		4486	753			5290	2908	2382	2885	2373
	B. P.					29	11	18	11	18
116	Asham	1208	210	18		1191	646	545	626	534
117	Nisbal	631	123			733	403	330	399	330
	Boat Population	224	25			128	69	59	69	59
118	Ahan	129	23			143	72	71	71	71
119	Waskera	300	68			338	185	153	172	138
		2268	424			2405	1306	1099	1268	1073
	B. P.	224	25			128	69	59	69	59
120	Nawab Bagh	114	22	19		103	56	47	56	47
121	Batwana	662	124			713	391	322	391	322
122	Khar Bagh	87	19			95	59	36	59	36
123	Shaikh Zor	111	20			131	78	53	78	53
124	Gozh Hama	173	37			174	100	74	100	74
125	Khan Pora	123	15			100	53	47	53	47
126	Batpora Dab	189	38			213	113	100	91	75
127	Wakora	886	156			899	485	414	443	371
128	Gama Wara	58	8			50	30	20	30	20
129	Rakh Zamber	20	3			19	10	9	10	9
130	Kok Gund	61	11			67	33	34	33	34
		2484	453			2564	1408	1156	1344	1088
131	Dab	733	141	20		600	330	270	12	14
132	Bag Dab	15	59			161	92	69	31	16
133	Sehpora	399	93			464	253	211	253	211
134	Gugji Gund	113	15			116	57	59	57	59
135	Devpora	113	21			104	55	49	55	49
136	Korag Domargh	229	38			266	140	126	140	126
137	Rabi Targundi Roshan	354	69			299	179	120	179	120
138	Narain Bagh	171	33			171	101	70	85	62
		2127	469			2181	1207	974	812	657
139	Chandana Deh Nowabad	343	58	21	13	354	186	168	186	168
140	Shalabug	1007	157			1033	580	453	576	453
141	Takneh Waripora	339	63			368	200	168	200	168
142	Bakshipora Tengpora	519	97			558	291	267	287	267
		2208	375			2313	1257	1056	1249	1056
143	Kreshibal	260	39	22		327	163	164	161	164
144	Bodhi Wodar	59	10			68	33	35	33	35
145	Guripora	296	36			311	150	161	150	161
146	Palpora	253	23			219	113	97	113	97
147	Sangam	364	50			479	249	230	249	230
148	Saidpora Achan	422	53			512	255	257	254	257

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
149	Shonglipora Baghlala Pandit	240	39			329	165	164	164	164
150	Gagar Zoa ..	58	16			111	55	56	40	42
		1952	266			2347	1183	1164	1164	1150
151	Baghwanpora ..	633	133	23	16	749	403	346	403	346
152	Chendi Har ..	289	55			388	211	177	211	177
153	Noor Bagh ..	254	49			280	16	115	165	115
		1176	237			1417	779	638	779	638
154	Auntebhanwan ..	602	118	24	15	786	444	342	439	339
155	Bachpora ..	512	77			583	307	276	307	270
156	Zokura ..	453	105			546	313	233	301	224
157	Rakh Zokura Devipora ..	127	20			113	64	49	64	49
158	Gulab Bagh ..	396	65			401	219	182	190	161
159	Omar Hair ..	475	81			512	282	230	282	230
		2565	466			2941	1629	1312	1583	1279
160	Bagati Shoru ..	778	152	25		906	472	434	472	434
161	Suddher Bal ..	796	145			1014	502	452	481	395
	Boat Population ..		34			62	34	28	34	28
162	Habak Khushki ..	467	84			509	280	229	280	229
	Boat Population ..		8			13	8	5	8	5
		2041	381			2429	1314	1115	1233	1058
	B. P. ..		42			75	42	33	42	33
163	Shahama ..	355	54	26	14	355	193	162	193	162
164	Warpahu ..	144	22			155	86	69	86	69
165	Dadi Nawbug ..	181	28			208	118	90	118	90
166	Saidpora Hamchi ..	375	49			422	221	201	221	201
167	Bakra ..	392	60			466	260	206	260	206
168	Hoderah ..	181	29			204	113	91	113	91
169	Wanihami Bala ..	102	14			106	54	52	54	52
		1730	250			1916	1045	871	1045	871
170	Wanihami Pain ..	146	22	27		157	85	72	84	72
171	Batpora ..	701	127			820	447	373	447	373
172	Gundi Telbal ..	36	8			42	21	21	21	21
173	Gassu ..	264	46			311	175	136	175	136
174	Yender Hama ..	65	13			72	41	31	41	31
		1212	216			1402	769	633	768	633
175	Khimar ..	644	103	28		702	372	330	372	330
176	Takya Sangi Reshi ..	92	13			102	53	49	53	49
177	Chattra Hama ..	736	129			883	483	400	483	400
178	Burz Hama ..	620	113			700	364	336	364	336
179	Ahal ..	62	12			75	44	31	44	31
180	Danihama ..	319	54			345	196	149	185	138
181	Chand Pora ..	153	34			167	97	70	38	31
		2626	458			2974	1609	1365	1539	1315
182	Saidpora Bala ..	292	60	29	15	348	183	165	182	165
183	Faqir Gujir ..	233	43			286	159	127	159	127
184	Dara ..	657	129			798	454	344	450	343
185	Muriandar Bagh ..	663	140			744	413	331	305	242
186	Mufti Bagh ..	289	56			261	145	116	68	54
187	Harwan ..	770	235			1053	597	456	543	426
188	Bagi Chandpora ..	68	14			84	43	41	29	27
189	Pazwal Pora ..	345	90			436	246	190	182	100
		3317	767			4010	2240	1770	1918	1484
190	Tel Bal ..	1153	173	30	15	1305	679	626	679	626
191	Habak Hom Hier ..	1183	232			1374	759	615	742	598
	Boat Population ..		7			34	19	15	19	15
		2336	405			2679	1438	1241	1421	1224
	B. P. ..		7			34	19	15	19	15
192	Shalmar Bagh ..	878	162	31		908	467	441	302	332

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
193	Banigam	830	158			859	466	393	401	383
194	Gupta Ganga	950	181			1041	571	470	542	445
		2658	501			2808	1504	1304	1305	1160
195	Nishat Bagh	438	152	32		953	504	449	500	449
196	Theed	1262	231			1586	831	755	827	754
197	Nawpora	90	14			100	63	37	63	37
198	Lam	185	42			235	123	112	123	112
		1975	439			2874	1521	1353	1513	1352
199	Bren	1659	366	33		2210	1174	1036	1172	1035
		1659	366			2210	1174	1036	1172	1035
200	Pandraithan	499	91	34		650	368	282	279	220
		499	91			650	368	282	279	220
201	Asithial	477	56	35	16	310	178	132	178	132
	Boat Population	9	4			25	10	15	10	15
202	Nawpora	277	86			555	304	251	304	251
	Boat Population	253	42			229	128	101	128	101
203	Karpura	1420	274			1673	855	818	839	803
	Boat Population	76	18			105	59	46	59	46
		2174	416			2538	1307	1201	1321	1186
	B. P.	338	64			359	197	162	197	162
204	Gaw Margh	86	14	36-37	16	95	56	39		
205	Nandhpora	5429	1096			6582	3584	2998	1276	1040
		5578	1110			6677	3640	3037	1276	1040
206	Pantchok	660	162	38		891	500	391	498	390
	Boat Population	191	9			14	7	7	7	7
207	Saimpora	25	5			24	13	11	13	11
208	Ziwan	501	103			552	310	242	266	235
209	Ach Nambal	39	9			47	30	17	30	17
210	Zawarah	216	41			287	160	127	160	127
		1441	320			1801	1013	788	967	780
	B. P.	191	9			14	7	7	7	7
211	Balhama	809	172	39		882	464	418	14	4
212	Khonmoh	1574	321			1784	992	792	939	744
		2382	493			2666	1456	1210	953	748
213	Badami Bagh Cantt. Military	886	546	40		1192	1192		199	
	Badami Bagh Cantt. Civil					617	309	308	128	88
	M. P.	886	546			1192	1192		199	
						617	309	308	128	88
214	Batwara	569	158	41		830	436	394	427	389
	Boat Population	394	49			219	114	105	114	105
		569	158			830	436	394	427	389
	B. P.	394	49			219	114	105	114	105
215	Maisuma State Band		1	42		1	1		1	
216	Narsingh Garh		21			153	88	65	71	55
217	Lachmanpora		11			61	36	25	31	25
			33			215	125	80	103	80
218	Sangin Darwaza		296	43		1727	942	785	873	740
			296			1727	942	785	873	740
219	Sonawar		260	44		1571	848	723	785	694
220	Bonamsar		61			392	213	179	213	177
			321			1963	1061	902	998	871

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
5	10									52	
22	17	7	8							9	
192	136	7	8							114	
		4								84	5
		4	1							85	3
										5	
		8	1							174	8
		1						1	1	111	4
		1						1	1	111	4
89	62									17	
89	62									17	
										3	
										31	5
16	15									20	
16	15									54	5
56	39										
2295	1944	12	14	1						113	5
2351	1983	12	14	1						113	5
2	1									6	
13	7	31								1	
										14	
										3	
15	8	31								24	
445	392	5	22							42	
		52	48	1						65	
445	392	57	70	1						107	
		767		226						499	5
		131	152	46	62			4	6	200	48
		767		226						499	
		131	152	46	62			4	6	200	48
		9	5							42	4
		9	5							42	4
2		13	9	4	1					20	5
		2		1						5	
2		15		9	5	1				25	5
1	16	54	25	14	4					210	13
1	16	54	25	14	4					210	13
		41	9	13	2			9	18	133	24
									2	32	4
		41	9	13	2			9	20	165	28

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
221	Cheshmashahi	..	2							
222	Darah Bagh	..	213							
223	Zeithier	..	491							
224	Gupkar	..	531							
	TOTAL	..	105853	20510		123916	67369	56547	61663	51906
	B. P.	..	2145	222		986	533	453	533	453
	M. P.	..	886	546		1192	1192		199	
	GRAND TOTAL	..	108884	21278		126094	69094	57000	62395	52359

*4M 6F—Indian Christians.
 12M 24F—Other Christians.
 11M 9F—Shins.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
6131	Gangana Gir	3	Porayat Gangangir
6148	Bachwan Patla	21	Najwan Nillah
6152	Kajyara	23	Kajhara
6217	Yatarhola	104	Patermolla
6236	Sheikh Pora	123	Shaikh Zor
6239	Batapora	126	Batpora Dab
6313	Habak Halum Sar	191	Habak Hom Hier
6328	Nandpora Mirbari	205	Nandhpura

(ii) Villages Shanglipora, Hassanabad and Bagh Lala Pandit which were shown separately in the Village Tables 1931 against serial numbers 6263 and 6264 respectively, appear under serial number 149 as Shanglipora—Bagh Lala Pandit in the Village Tables 1941. Similarly villages Rakh Zokura and Devipora serial numbers 6373 and 6372 of the Village Tables 1931, appear under serial number 157 as Rakh Zokura—Devipora in the Village Tables 1941.

(iii) Mukdam Sahib, Hathi Khan, Ashraf Khan, Mama Khan and Devi Angan which were separately shown under Ward VIII of Srinagar City in 1931 appear under serial number 218 as Sangin Darwaza in the Village Tables 1941 for Tehsil Khas. Sangin Darwaza itself appears under No. 300 of 1941 Village Tables for the City.

(iv) Lehmanpora which was shown under Ward VIII of the 1931 Village Tables for Srinagar City is probably the same as Lachmanpora shown under serial number 217 in the Village Tables 1941 for Tehsil Khas. The census record does not show this mohalla as a part of Srinagar City.

(v) Bonamsar which appears under serial number 220 in this Village Table was shown under Ward I of Srinagar City in the 1931 Village Tables.

(vi) Maisuma State Band, Narsingharh and Sonawar appearing under serial numbers 215, 216 and 219 in this Table are actually mohallas of Srinagar City. They do not appear in the Village Tables for 1931 either in the Tehsil Khas Table or in that for Srinagar City.

(vii) Chashma Shahi and Darah Bagh serial numbers 6319 and 6320 respectively of 1931 Village Tables though important villages do not appear in the 1941 census record. They have presumably been merged with some other villages.

(viii) Boat Population has been shown separately where it is so recorded. This population has no serial number in the Village Tables 1941.

(ix) (a) Rustum Gadi which appears under Ward No. I of Srinagar City in 1931 Village Tables and Gupakar which appears under serial number 6325 in Tehsil Khas Village Tables in 1931 are shown together against serial number 33 of City Tables 1941 under the name 'Rustum (adi- Gupakar)'. The population of Durga Nag and Analteng Mohallas, which do not appear as mohallas any where in 1931 Village Tables, has also been included with Rustam Gadi-Gupakar.

(b) Zeithier and Gupakar villages have been acquired and included with Palace areas since 1931 and no longer exist as separate villages. They were shown against serial numbers 6324 and 6325 respectively in Village Tables 1931.

(x) Harwan serial number 187 includes the population of Harwan nursery as in 1931.

(xi) The numbering of Census Divisions in Tehsil Khas was not carried out in accordance with the instructions issued. When the defect was noticed revision was not possible without creating other difficulties. As a result, whilst the circles in the Village Tables for the Tehsil follow each other in correct sequence the charges do not. Charges were numbered by Districts and circles by Tehsils. The charge numbers in this Tehsil run from 12 to 16. All are shown in the tables but they do not run consecutively with the circles. Circle totals are given but owing to the defect referred to charge totals cannot be arrived at except by collecting the totals of the various separated circles forming each charge.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
4044	3417	1532	1107	103	78			27	39	4049	219
		767		226						699	
4044	3417	2299	1107	329	78			27	39	4748	219

(xii) The numbering of charges in the Anantnag District was not carried out by the District Census Agency in accordance with the instructions issued with the result that the Charge numbers do not follow in sequence for the different Tehsils in the order in which the Village Tables are presented. This does not affect the order of Charges and Circles within each Tehsil Village Tables. The Charges should have been numbered 1-25 starting with Tehsil Khas and continuing with Pulwama and Kulgam and ending with Anantnag. The defect was not noticed until it was too late to make a change without giving rise to other difficulties.

VILLAGE TABLES

DISTRICT ANANTNAG, TEHSIL PULWAMA (AWANTIPURA)

District Anantnag

Tehsil Pulwama (Awantipura)

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Hajiarnar	137	21	1	17	118	68	50	68	50
2	Pranigam-Zoastan	211	33			209	112	97	112	97
3	Narastan	368	75			415	223	192	223	192
4	Gotru	444	81			329	257	72	257	72
5	Sowara	962	175			1104	551	553	551	553
6	Khana Gund	526	110			530	303	227	303	227
7	Gotengu	89	47			298	156	142	156	142
8	Laur	500	79			386	213	173	213	173
		3237	621			3389	1883	1506	1883	1506
9	Aripal	395	68	2		377	217	160	217	160
10	Wargami Gund	407	80			412	220	192	220	192
11	Yangwani	71	15			90	45	45	45	45
12	Pethgam Gadapora	266	67			354	192	162	113	92
13	Dharam Gund	137	20			120	53	67	17	12
14	Wagar	406	88			420	237	183	237	183
15	Pasna	860	168			904	499	405	499	405
		2542	506			2677	1463	1214	1348	1089
16	Loru	491	96	3		579	309	270	309	270
17	Lorhgam	771	144			838	453	385	453	385
18	Seer	202	39			241	146	95	146	95
19	Panz Deh	361	60			359	218	141	218	141
20	Monghamaolar	435	84			460	248	212	206	166
		2260	423			2477	1374	1103	1332	1057
21	Khasi Pora	395	78	4		445	244	201	184	145
22	Dewar	464	99			556	285	271	127	118
23	Chatrigam	288	63			316	173	143	61	32
24	Kahlil	1223	222			1336	735	601	680	538
25	Mauch Hama	753	127			748	416	332	416	332
		3123	589			3401	1853	1548	1468	1165
26	Chana Khad	223	31	5		211	130	81	130	81
27	Chira	419	68			415	226	189	222	185
28	Kewar Mola	481	60			412	229	183	229	183
29	Bat Noor Bagh	515	88			517	283	234	278	227
30	Panir Bagh	597	103			618	347	271	322	240
31	Mandora	495	78			486	273	213	267	210
		2730	428			2659	1488	1171	1448	1132
32	Haina	161	28	6		159	82	77	82	77
33	Hafo Hafo Kha	490	106			474	250	224	144	114
34	Pinglish	811	158			908	501	407	461	375
35	Sui Bugh	163	30			176	110	66	107	66
36	Churi Bug	102	15			111	59	52	52	44
37	Ratson	678	129			760	415	345	415	345
38	Quil Shikargah	225	38			272	145	127	132	108
		2630	504			2860	1562	1298	1393	1129
39	Soimoh	826	163	7		908	478	430	298	240
40	Hardumier	270	54			284	157	127	157	127
41	Sangrama	43	8			48	25	23	25	23
42	Khuli	774	130			849	466	383	466	383
		1913	355			2089	1126	963	946	773
43	Tral-i-Bala	1199	263	8		1331	763	568	733	555
44	Tral-i-Pain	2501	519			2551	1434	1117	1353	1060
45	Arigam	398	80			399	212	187	201	181
		4098	862			4281	2409	1872	2287	1796

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TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										1	
										9	
										36	1
										16	
										8	
										70	1
										10	
										16	
						79	70			25	
						36	55			23	
										19	
										16	
						115	125			109	
										18	
										62	2
										2	
		1		41	46					19	1
		1		41	46					33	18
										134	21
				60	56					56	32
3		54	68	101	85					83	16
				112	111					49	14
				55	63					44	14
										25	
3		54	68	328	315					257	76
										2	
4	4									11	
										16	
2	3			3	4					31	
25	25									24	
		6	3							54	2
31	32	6	3	3	4					138	2
										3	
				106	110					66	54
		37	24	3	8					32	2
1		1		1						3	
				7	8					3	2
										20	
				13	19					14	
1		38	24	130	145					141	53
		2		178	190					90	23
										1	
										8	
		2		178	190					99	23
6	4	21	8	3	1					94	
1		80	57	11	6					101	1
										7	
7	4	181	65	14	7					202	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total				
						Persons	Males	Females	Muslim (others)	
									Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
46	Bat Gund	713	123	9		735	428	307	428	307
47	Gam Raj	439	93			477	258	219	190	137
48	Koch Mola	438	86			490	263	227	263	227
49	Nader	136	26			145	80	65	80	65
50	Gwang	104	16			90	48	42	48	42
51	Khul	662	131			704	390	314	361	275
		2492	475			2641	1467	1174	1370	1053
52	Naner	216	58	10	18	233	138	95	102	66
53	Madru	897	206			982	544	438	519	425
54	Khankah	318	78			301	189	112	189	2
55	Gori Kadal	77	16			84	47	37	47	37
56	Lalgam	274	62			284	156	128	156	128
57	Ali Gund	55	12			62	31	31	31	31
58	Khargam Bala	269	63			280	151	109	151	109
59	Khargam Pain	129	26			113	68	45	68	45
		2235	521			2319	1324	995	1263	953
60	Naibing	339	61	11		333	179	154	179	154
61	Wand Battin	328	69			348	191	157	189	152
62	Boli	396	73			333	206	127	206	127
63	Nawdal	294	61			347	166	181	166	181
64	Dadhsar	1279	239			1337	732	605	723	588
		2636	503			2698	1474	1224	1463	1202
65	Lariyar	346	64	12		370	204	166	183	152
66	Bochu	579	101			594	315	279	297	265
67	Bagipora	126	23			122	72	50	72	50
68	Amliar	944	170			980	521	459	520	459
69	Boat Population Chandri Gam	526	111			18	12	6	12	6
		2521	469			2630	1415	1215	1338	1140
	B. P.					18	12	6	12	6
70	Hari Parigam	986	154	13		1012	575	437	550	415
71	Vopalwan	341	37			343	183	160	183	160
72	Begh Gund	246	54			281	165	116	129	86
		1573	245			1636	923	713	862	661
73	Merzapora	33	64	14		328	189	139	189	139
74	Chersu Ghat Chersu	1431	238			1276	727	549	724	549
75	Kaichich Kot	517	47			300	169	131	169	131
		1981	349			1904	1085	819	1082	819
76	Larmoonapora	376	84	15		414	229	185	229	185
77	Doni Gund	140	23			132	84	48	72	41
78	Sail	273	64			316	167	149	167	149
79	Giru	1790	380			1981	1107	874	966	703
		2579	551			2843	1587	1258	1434	1138
80	Rajpora Olar	268	93	16		279	159	120	120	87
81	Kanji Nagh	150	34			167	98	69	98	69
82	Awantipora	1289	380			1487	846	641	808	628
	Boat Population	82				66	34	32	34	32
		1707	507			1933	1103	830	1028	784
	B. P.	82				66	34	32	34	32
83	Larik Pora	575	99	17	19	616	348	268	346	268
	Boat Population	237								
84	Aga Hanji Pora	100	17			103	61	42	61	42
85	Patgam Pora	640	105			676	380	296	379	296
	Boat Population	77	29			121	74	47	74	47
86	Gandi Pora	605	102			602	343	259	342	257
	Boat Population	171	7			35	19	16	19	16
87	Owdi Pora	88	15			74	45	29	45	29
88	Kanil Bagh	60	17			69	42	27	42	27
		2068	355			2140	1219	921	1215	919

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	B. P.	485	36			156	93	63	93	63
89	Bander Pora	338	46	18		276	152	124	152	124
90	Reshi Pora	57	9			65	35	30	35	30
91	Mabhar Ghat	874	166			922	526	396	521	391
	Boat Population	185								
		1269	221			1263	713	550	708	545
	B. P.	185								
92	Kaka Pora	956	223	19		1237	674	563	671	563
	Boat Population	319				130	77	53	77	53
93	Laro	195	42			230	130	100	130	100
94	Kazi Gund	286	52			280	161	119	161	119
95	Satar Gund	106	26			134	70	64	69	64
		1862	343			1881	1035	846	1031	846
	B. P.					130	77	53	77	53
96	Olchi Bag	148	25	20		168	85	83	85	83
97	Sambora	785	137			969	543	426	542	426
98	Pital Bag	416	83			439	242	197	242	197
99	Chand Haro	445	80			496	277	219	277	219
		1794	325			2072	1147	925	1146	925
100	Zew Brari	142	19	21		137	73	64	73	64
101	Barsu	476	77			548	303	245	302	245
102	Let Pora	937	136			870	490	380	490	380
103	Hatipora Chadi Hama	454	21			136	76	61	76	61
		2009	253			1692	942	750	941	750
104	Ledhu	1096	202	22		1118	638	480	560	412
105	Mande Khapal	201	29			224	128	96	128	96
106	Shrar Shali	1145	213			1221	680	541	675	541
		2442	444			2563	1446	1117	1363	1049
107	Satapokhran	199	32	23		226	129	97	129	97
108	Zine Trag	99	14			105	64	41	64	41
109	Nagander	67	11			75	42	33	42	33
110	Batwan	167	25			172	101	71	101	71
111	Khrapoo	2207	424			2367	1294	1073	1169	963
		2739	506			2945	1630	1315	1505	1205
112	Andusa	163	25	24		168	94	74	94	74
113	Ovdan	1159	223			1329	693	636	661	610
114	Moni Pora	187	31			194	103	91	103	91
		1509	279			1691	890	801	858	775
115	Gundbal	101	16	25		86	53	33	53	33
116	Dosr	131	20			120	71	49	62	43
117	Kranchu	114	15			110	66	44	66	44
118	Khanbal	497	79			561	313	248	313	248
119	Chetlam	364	37			330	185	145	185	145
120	Maij	300	50			297	165	132	165	132
		1507	217			1504	853	651	844	645
121	Drangbal	1397	300	26	20	1706	956	750	882	709
	Boat Population	183	24			114	59	55	59	55
		1397	300			1706	956	750	882	709
	B. P.	183	24			114	59	55	59	55
122	Nambalbal-Bagh	1294	243	27		1405	774	631	774	631
	Anayat Ullah	1294	243			1405	774	631	774	631
		1294	243			1405	774	631	774	631
123	Kadla Bal	1007	205	28		1177	657	520	657	520
	Boat Population		11			44	25	19	25	19
		1007	205			1177	657	520	657	520

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	B. P.		11			44	25	19	25	19
124	Kandizal	244	46	29	21	253	138	115	138	115
125	Khader Moh	364	61			378	210	168	210	168
126	Marh Bal	257	54			281	166	115	166	115
127	Nihama	616	115			596	327	269	325	269
128	Ban Gund	183	31			181	105	76	96	62
129	Loli Pora	103	21			109	57	52	57	52
130	Satipora Chata Hama	454	96			422	233	189	227	180
131	Waripora	375	73			322	190	132	172	120
		2596	497			2542	1426	1116	1391	1081
132	Parigam Khalsa	215	45	30		339	126	113	126	113
133	Parigam Jagir	874	189			882	485	397	455	372
134	Thargi Nowpora	86	20			91	50	41	50	41
135	Kozwiera	198	40			222	121	101	119	100
136	Khandah	688	174			624	347	277	97	77
137	Sanzipora	283	54			301	175	126	17	16
138	Gawhar Pora	320	61			377	203	174	170	144
		2664	583			2736	1507	1229	1034	863
139	Bahram Pora	95	19	31		105	59	46	59	46
140	Wan Pora	326	78			438	239	199	239	199
141	Chaki Mahanandjoo Dhar	109	20			117	72	45	72	45
142	Hayat Pora	741	129			709	409	300	407	300
143	Dharamsal Singham	152	30			183	78	105	25	21
144	Wanpora Magam	141	25			112	59	53	59	53
145	Chaki Desa Singh	113	22			98	65	33	65	33
146	Brari Gund	192	33			195	107	88	107	88
		1869	356			1957	1088	869	1033	785
147	Chandora Hasti Khod	542	98	32		572	310	252	240	187
148	Nareh Nowpora	26	7			26	13	13	13	13
149	Qazi Pora	347	57			313	180	133	180	133
150	Chiva Kalan	383	75			389	211	178	211	178
151	Walri Bug	500	111			531	283	248	231	187
152	Losoni	185	23			181	102	79	94	72
153	Duger Pora	57	15			59	37	22	37	22
154	Nawpora Magam	172	35			162	83	79	83	79
		2212	421			2233	1229	1004	1089	871
155	Kalthora	266	50	33		298	159	139	159	139
156	Orwan	302	59			304	163	141	163	141
157	Mala Wari	218	37			197	95	102	95	102
158	Niwah	594	110			622	338	284	306	251
		1380	256			1421	755	666	723	633
159	Haikri Pora	219	50	34		275	152	123	151	123
160	Sango Narabal	398	82			425	239	186	239	186
161	Pingal Gam	138	33			124	69	55	69	55
162	Kati Bug	150	28			139	73	66	73	66
163	Korigam	301	64			319	183	136	183	136
164	Gondi Bag	72	17			66	32	34	32	34
165	Naman	160	42			168	91	77	91	77
		1438	316			1516	839	677	838	677
166	Dehgam	137	19	35		137	79	58	79	58
167	Begam Bag	104	17			114	69	45	69	45
168	Pahu	536	115			641	349	292	347	292
169	Rakhi Pahu	35	9			43	23	20	19	18
170	Kawsi Bag	84	12			80	46	34	46	34
171	Badi Bagh	95	23			115	58	57	58	57
172	Gaudipora	207	33			212	118	94	118	94
		1198	228			1342	742	600	736	598
173	Ayender	635	140	36	22	642	355	287	311	251
174	Gadora	625	125			679	363	316	363	316
175	Wogra Gund	115	21			120	62	58	62	58
176	Karimabad	922	179			855	489	366	485	364
		2297	465			2296	1269	1027	1221	989

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
177	Bara Pora	136	26	37		140	81	59	81	59
178	Prachu	519	96			540	294	246	294	246
179	Gawangra	665	138			713	378	335	62	52
180	Hanji Kahilu	69	15			58	33	25		
181	Wagam	147	33			189	111	78	111	78
182	Urcharsu	236	39			253	140	113	140	113
183	Aurbag	69	14			71	41	30	41	30
		1841	361			1964	1078	886	729	578
184	Penglina	1091	202	38		1214	645	569	608	530
185	Athora	220	47			252	142	110	141	110
186	Mandina	244	44			264	142	122	142	122
		1555	293			1730	929	801	891	762
187	Trach	317	54	39		341	183	158	180	158
188	Narwah	455	78			488	248	240	248	240
189	Rakh Lajora	276	54			319	165	154	165	154
		1048	186			1148	596	552	593	552
190	Ratni Pora	1547	278	40		1742	945	797	912	764
191	Mir Bagh	21	3			24	14	10	14	10
192	Manuji	191	33			201	114	87	114	87
193	Gala Bug	180	29			168	96	72	96	72
		1939	343			2135	1169	966	1136	933
194	Pochal	285	52	41		310	167	143	163	143
195	Kalu	221	40			228	132	96	132	96
196	Mairadoti Pora	290	59			322	175	147	175	147
197	Kariva Lajora	41	21			85	49	36	35	26
198	Lajora	752	147			804	452	352	409	322
199	Malaig Pora	401	64			435	252	183	252	183
		1900	383			2184	1227	957	1166	917
200	Rakh Watalpora	1	1	42		1	1		1	
201	Reshipora Olar	186	37			229	110	119	110	119
202	Toknu	1610	270			1546	944	702	944	702
	Boat Population	65								
		1797	308			1876	1055	821	1055	821
	B. P.	65								
203	Quil	1355	245	43		1412	755	657	712	619
204	Stri Wathro	148	30			159	88	71	76	61
205	Tulan Gam	233	42			266	154	112	154	112
206	Tees Sayo	372	66			437	244	193	228	183
		2108	383			2274	1241	1033	1170	975
207	Tenge Har	230	44	44		264	151	113	150	113
208	Poien	509	110			488	282	206	281	206
209	Malapora Tahab	179	34			168	95	73	94	73
210	Thab Shadipora	1081	205			1112	616	496	521	415
		1999	393			2032	1144	888	1046	807
211	Dasu	194	32	45	23	223	119	104	119	104
212	Tumlahal	355	57			359	193	166	173	152
213	Lasi Pora	206	33			186	111	75	111	75
214	Tantri Pora	121	17			103	61	42	61	42
215	Aramola	263	44			255	147	108	147	108
216	Batapora Chirat	151	30			154	86	68	86	68
217	Chandgam	505	173			856	474	382	474	382
		1795	386			2136	1191	945	1171	931
218	Nangri	403	75	46		436	225	211	203	192
219	Banderpora Shora	164	25			182	108	74	108	74
220	Wokharwan	182	31			197	107	90	3	1
221	Chak	140	30			151	74	77	74	77
222	Renjipora	106	18			107	59	48	59	48
		995	179			1073	573	500	447	392

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Mushim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
223	Nawgam Olar	97	21	47		102	62	40	62	40
224	Khandipora	122	25			137	82	55	82	55
225	Odipora	70	19			77	43	34	43	34
226	Panjgam	893	191			931	537	394	537	394
		1182	256			1247	724	523	724	523
227	Lodreh Mar	219	39	46		228	125	103	125	103
228	Brand Bandand	173	27			192	110	82	110	82
229	Dogripora	838	145			784	464	320	463	320
		1230	211			1204	699	505	698	505
230	Karni	146	18	49		117	61	56	61	56
231	Naina	867	165			900	493	407	491	407
232	Kalam Gundmos	239	41			249	145	104	145	104
233	Rakh Litri	257	52			252	148	104	148	104
		1509	276			1518	847	671	845	671
234	Graw Gund	273	56	50		292	160	132	158	129
235	Chakora	511	123			563	307	256	281	235
236	Zohd Bag	173	28			171	102	69	98	69
237	Litar Shitar	964	199			1024	567	457	567	457
238	Sinzan Showrah	70	12			73	47	26	47	26
		1891	418			2123	1183	940	1151	916
239	Dahipora	276	41	51		285	178	107	178	107
240	Yadri Shawrah	163	27			168	100	68	100	68
241	Wasura	539	107			544	302	242	281	219
242	Shas Haripora.	106	28			119	67	52	67	52
243	Palpora Manfatikir	216	48			228	130	98	115	86
244	Odar Shopiyan	237	42			223	126	97	125	97
		1537	293			1567	903	664	866	629
245	Nilro Chudhribag	331	68	52		301	161	140	161	140
246	Niklora	339	68			334	183	151	154	129
247	Haji Darapora	44	7			41	25	16	25	16
248	Nowpora Pain	233	42			222	137	85	137	85
249	Alai Pora	77	20			80	44	36	43	36
250	Achan	533	109			555	308	247	229	175
251	Panjren	317	64			299	160	139	159	138
252	Gahar Bug	48	8			48	22	26	9	11
253	Peti Pora	175	32			174	101	73	100	73
		2097	418			2054	1141	913	1017	803
254	Nowpora Bala	130	24	53	24	153	87	66	87	66
255	Alupora Shaikhpura	277	35			202	115	87	115	87
256	Ahigam	174	30			168	98	70	98	70
257	Chak Aziz Shah		2			18	5	13	5	13
258	Satran Shopian	79	11			58	35	23	35	23
259	Sarah	49	7			50	25	25	16	19
260	Nawasipora	95	16			109	63	46	59	45
261	Chaki Hakim Baqir	43	5			33	17	16	17	16
262	Kami Gam	729	126			767	434	333	431	333
263	Marbeng	134	20			124	68	56	68	56
264	Herpora	293	46			252	145	107	145	107
265	Chenden	107	17			107	64	43	64	43
		2110	339			2041	1156	885	1140	878
266	Rakh Chenden	93	12	54		87	48	39	45	33
267	Aribal	1239	211			1254	703	551	683	526
268	Arigam Chirath	269	50			247	131	116	131	116
269	Sona Samilo	312	44			319	166	153	166	153
270	Malapur-Bandzoda	527	90			528	289	239	288	239
271	Raj Mahal	60	9			64	33	21	33	21
272	Jandawal	208	40			200	117	83	117	83
		2708	456			2689	1487	1202	1463	1171
273	Naira		85	55		428	240	186	237	182
274	Trachal		162			824	448	376	386	316
275	Magalpora Chirath	562	14			108	53	53	53	53
276	Tenga Pora	484	94			517	277	240	234	201
277	Machh Pora	372	68			368	204	164	203	164
		2180	423			2241	1222	1019	1113	812

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
278	Wahi Bug	266	43	56		317	175	142	169	140
279	Pulwama	2150	392			2211	1223	988	1146	963
280	Sirno	547	100			586	322	264	233	182
		2963	535			3114	1720	1394	1548	1285
281	Kangan	456	76	57		457	246	211	243	211
282	Themna	83	13			68	39	29	39	29
283	Drasu	514	109			552	281	271	221	199
284	Chitripora Balapora	254	40			260	147	113	140	110
285	Chandipora	75	10			61	38	23	38	23
286	Bonrah	341	47			344	179	165	179	165
287	Bebhar	356	71			380	216	164	215	164
288	Kangan Balapora	591	104			629	355	274	354	274
289	South Bug	219	58			218	109	109	109	109
		2889	528			2969	1610	1359	1538	1284
290	Shankarpora Nagam	71	8	58		75	41	34	41	34
291	Dadara	285	49			298	161	137	161	137
292	Moran	1618	287			1687	917	770	745	617
293	Monghama	411	77			385	204	181	182	157
294	Chira Khurad	196	32			185	99	86	99	86
295	Ashamandar	141	26			167	95	72	95	72
		2722	479			2797	1517	1280	1323	1103
296	Dieri	312	62	59		319	171	148	130	111
297	Matrigam	264	49			294	156	138	155	138
298	Potrigam	345	73			341	179	162	162	152
309	Zogigam	204	34			185	109	76	109	76
300	Fasteh Pora	76	13			76	37	39	26	27
301	Gusu	621	109			685	377	308	377	308
		1822	340			1900	1029	871	959	812
302	Frasti Pora	186	25	60		168	95	73	95	73
303	Najain	323	61			361	198	163	198	163
304	Tenghan Moran	41	7			59	28	31	28	31
305	Romu	1279	254			1376	745	631	720	609
		1829	347			1964	1066	898	1041	876
306	Kochi Pora	209	36	61		210	118	92	118	92
307	Sona Chuku	93	19			88	51	37	51	37
308	Pachara	99	21			126	67	59	67	59
309	Awand Gund	189	31			176	100	76	100	76
310	Hardo Hanjar	359	68			380	191	189	191	189
311	Natib Gangagund	279	54			300	163	137	163	137
312	Chana Pora	87	16			76	42	34	42	34
313	Bilowdargund Zerigund	795	171			817	465	352	463	352
		2110	416			2173	1197	976	1195	976
314	Rajpora	1188	229	62		1350	749	601	728	586
315	Aribal	255	45			270	152	118	152	118
316	Nekas	222	45			240	140	100	140	100
317	Uzram Patri	175	39			190	107	83	107	83
318	Drach	203	29			202	112	90	112	90
319	Othu Mola	234	38			206	119	87	119	87
320	GaberPora	180	38			187	95	92	94	92
321	Hawal	340	69			376	208	168	85	58
322	Konju	48	8			49	28	21	28	21
323	Kocho Pora	88	15			91	51	40	28	17
		2933	555			3161	1761	1400	1593	1252
324	Maze Hama	82	17	63	25	88	44	44	44	44
325	Daram Done	367	65			319	181	138	181	138
326	Magal Pora	177	30			169	95	74	95	74
327	Vedhapora	130	27			115	66	49	66	49
328	Chi Gund	95	20			75	44	31	44	31
329	Arwah	80	18			83	48	35	48	35
330	Dompura	173	32			180	89	91	88	91
331	Naid Gund	37	6			48	28	20	28	20
332	Deyarn	437	73			403	213	190	213	190
333	Matipora	98	16			94	62	32	62	32
334	Brathi Pora	796	141			854	463	391	463	391

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
335	Botamaran Wanpora	461	82			480	272	208	272	208
336	Cheki Deyaru	41	9			50	29	21	29	21
		2974	536			2958	1634	1324	1633	1324
337	Kalam Pora	632	131	64		648	358	290	343	282
338	Yaider Shopiyan	161	30			157	88	69	88	69
339	Chimdh Pora	168	35			177	106	71	106	71
340	Dangerpora	143	26			146	80	66	79	66
341	Qasba Yar	762	145			817	440	377	440	377
342	Achugur Hamno	933	182			988	497	491	497	491
343	Kadipora	151	28			176	85	91	85	91
		2950	577			3109	1654	1455	1638	1447
344	Drabh Gam	1240	253	65		1330	720	610	718	610
345	Akhal	206	35			202	114	88	114	88
346	Miragund Thukarpora	356	69			337	176	161	176	161
347	Kamrazi Pora	281	57			291	164	127	164	127
348	Kani Gam	118	22			124	62	62	62	62
349	Aglar	288	69			301	153	148	153	148
350	Cheki Dewan Badri Nath	501	102			511	291	220	291	220
		2990	607			3096	1680	1416	1678	1416
351	Ibhama	698	116	66		711	373	338	371	338
352	Khaigam	663	105			697	375	322	375	322
353	Bagi Sangarwani	180	29			183	99	84	99	84
354	Sangroni	959	143			1025	528	497	528	497
355	Dragi Laran	306	52			338	183	155	183	155
		2806	445			2954	1558	1396	1556	1396
356	Jaman Patri	412	84	67		450	244	206	243	206
357	Pahalipora	708	132			629	328	301	328	301
358	Chwan	459	82			407	259	238	258	238
359	Ranghwar	97	15			82	44	38	44	38
360	Kolar	502	102			578	316	262	313	262
361	Makan Donaru	172	38			195	119	76	119	76
362	Zarkan	382	70			390	218	172	218	172
363	Nasarpora	280	46			232	139	93	139	93
364	Meshwar	379	86			423	232	191	232	191
365	Masat Pora	454	92			456	229	227	229	227
366	Ranbirpora Deh-Nowabad	19	6			33	23	10	23	10
		3864	753			3965	2151	1814	2146	1814
367	Veshru	108	26	68		110	57	53	57	53
368	Tharan Kandi	100	16			115	65	50	65	50
369	Guti Pora	583	106			599	333	266	329	266
370	Kathue Halan	431	83			419	223	196	223	196
371	Daygam	156	36			187	97	90	90	88
372	Zoraba Dhrihama	727	126			753	414	339	404	334
373	Hanlo	477	97			574	302	272	301	272
374	Narapora	267	51			310	169	141	169	141
375	Rakh Narapora	136	25			158	89	69	89	69
376	Kani Pora	130	25			158	87	71	87	71
		3115	591			3383	1836	1547	1814	1540
377	Balapora	309	55	69		290	154	136	154	136
378	Gonapora	314	63			341	202	139	201	139
379	Sandu Sharmal	499	87			440	249	191	248	191
380	Wathu	444	90			470	260	210	260	210
381	Panzer	172	37			185	110	75	96	61
382	Tenga Wani	243	48			273	154	119	154	119
383	Tukru	238	47			257	150	107	149	107
384	Paterwal	120	21			119	73	46	73	46
385	Domewani	54	11			62	36	26	36	26
386	Naznin Pora	120	19			118	68	50	68	50
387	Odura Rampathri	151	27			145	77	68	71	60
		2664	505			2700	1533	1167	1510	1145

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhist		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	20	19	21	22	23
										8	
		1								82	2
				15	8					38	1
										1	
		1								4	
										6	
										14	
										15	
										2	
		1		15	8					90	1
		2								55	3
										5	
										10	
										9	
										7	
										4	
		2								90	3
		2								20	
										7	
										2	
										2	
										3	
		2								34	
										1	
		1								2	
		2		1						11	
										3	
										1	
										6	
										2	
		3		2						16	
										9	
		3		1						1	
		7	2							9	
		5	4	5	1					7	
		1								36	2
										23	
										22	
										1	
										6	
		16	6	6	1					114	2
		1								2	
		1								6	
										5	
				14	14					2	
		1								3	
										6	
		6	8							6	
		9	8	14	14					49	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
388	Ranbir Pora Magam	5								
389	Kanipora Ular	1								
		6								
	TOTAL	148239	28240			155998	86164	69834	81525	65763
	B. P.	1568	71			528	300	228	300	228
	GRAND TOTAL	149807	28311			156526	86464	70062	81825	65991

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below :--

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
6545	Bahun	110	Batwan
6341	Satora	5	Sowara
6342	Hajan Nar	1	Hajiar Nar
6348	Lam	8	Laur
6351	Darganai Gund	10	Wargamigund
6352	Tangwani	11	Yangwani
6358	Noora	16	Loru
6359	Nooragam	17	Lorhgam
6390	Opwan	71	Vopalwan
6714	Gorang	50	Gwang
6360	Patroh	19	Panz Deh
6697	Maudora	31	Mandora
6381	Molmoh	39	Soimoh
6383	Larinar	65	Lariyar
6377	Naibug	60	Naibing
6374	Viranthu	61	Wand Battin
6387	Chandragam	69	Chandri Gam'
6569	Thama	127	Nihama
6605	Kesri Gam	163	Kori Gam
6603	Bahgaligam	161	Pingal Gam
6625	Goripora	172	Gaudipora
6632	Rantipora	190	Ratnipora
6628	Ladarakapora	83	Larikpora
6650	Kawani	230	Karni
6664	Chakar	221	Chak
6667	Banderpora	219	Banderpora Shora
6669	Palapora Shewara	243	Palpora Manfati Kir
6671	Wanpora	241	Wasura
6670	Odora Shawrah	244	Odor Shopian
6681	Bahipora	253	Petipora
6683	Batapora	216	Batapora Chirat
6565	Regam	256	Ahigam
6466	Tanran Mosian	258	Satran Shopian
6461	Peerapora	264	Herpora
6691	Halapora Lohar	209	Malapora Tahab
6715	Paseer	208	Poien
6722	Osora	185	Athora
6728	Hanji Hakhu	180	Hanji Kahilu
6413	Bontra	286	Bonrah
6423	Mongha Hama	293	Monghama
6730	Udharsu	182	Urcharsu
6570	Lonipora	129	Lolipora
6581	Branigund	146	Branigund
6582	Wachipora	131	Waripora
6591	Maza Naupora	148	Nareh Nawpora
6594	Dafar Pora	153	Dugerpora
6422	Mowan	292	Moran
6426	Baba Gund Dieri	296	Dieri
6433	Tanga Har	304	Tengbar Moran
6430	Zaligam	299	Zogigam
6428	Trigam	297	Matrigam
6420	Sangarpora	290	Shankerpora Nagam
6419	Sonabug	289	Southbug
6439	Naib Ganagund	311	Natib Gangagund
6443	Bodargund	313	Bilowdargund—Zerigund
6444	Sohala Kalu	269	Sona Samilo

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1071	865	2336	1951	1232	1255					5678	399
1071	865	2336	1951	1232	1255					5678	399
			6449 Arigam					268 Arigam Chirat			
			6455 Gaharpora					320 Gaberpora			
			6457 Nekas Jwakh					316 Nekas			
			6458 Aundram Patri					317 Uzrampatri			
			6460 Ratalmola					319 Othumola			
			6474 Doja Wani					385 Dome Wani			
			6483 Daramdar					325 Daramdone			
			6484 Baza Hama					324 Maze Hama			
			6485 Bagal Pora					326 Magalpora			
			6533 Kipora					376 Kanipora			
			6493 Prathipora					334 Brathipora			
			6531 Bazapora					374 Narapora			
			6532 Rakh Barapora					375 Rakh Narapora			
			6530 Manlu					373 Hanlo			
			6528 Gulipora					369 Gutipora			
			6526 Wansaru					367 Veshru			
			6527 Naran Kandi					368 Tharan Kandi			
			6522 Azkan					362 Zarkan			
			6518 Galar					360 Kolar			
			6502 Achugurbatno					342 Achugurhamno			
			6511 Khangam					352 Khaigam			
			6512 Bagh					353 Bagi Sangarwani			
			6513 Darla Laran					355 Dragi Larau			
			6519 Thabipora					357 Pahalipora			

(ii) Village Pranigam serial number 6344 and Zoastan serial number 6343 of 1931 Village Tables appear under serial number 2 as Pranigam—Zoastan in the Village Tables 1941; Chersu serial number 6394 and Ghat Chersu serial number 6395 of 1931 Village Tables appear under serial number 74 as Chersu—Ghat Chersu in the Village Tables 1941.

Similarly, village Bagh Anayat Ullah serial number 6556 has been amalgamated with Nambal Bal serial number 6557 of 1931 Village Tables and appears under serial number 122 as Nambal Bal—Bagh Anayat Ullah which is part of Pampur Town, in the Village Tables 1941. The figure for 1931 represents the totals of the equivalent for 1941 in each case.

(iii) Village Malapora shown against serial number 6445 in the Village Tables 1931 is shown as Malapora—Bandzoda against serial number 270 in the Village Tables 1941. Bondozoda is not traceable in the Village Tables 1931. It was possibly unoccupied or may have been included with some other village in 1931.

(iv) Villages Chak Aziz Shah and Naira in circles 53 and 55 respectively are not traceable in the Village Tables 1931. It must be presumed either that they did not exist in 1931 or were unoccupied or were included with some other village in 1931.

(v) Baragam village which appeared in 1931 Village Tables at serial number 6389 has ceased to exist as a separate village and has been included partly with Vopalwan and partly with Begh Gund villages in the present tables at serial numbers 71 and 72 respectively. The 1931 population of Baragam village, amounting to 273, has accordingly been arbitrarily split up into 173 and 100 for purpose of comparison and added to the 1931 population of Vopalwan and Bagh Gund villages respectively. This has arbitrarily increased the 1931 population of these two villages for the purpose of comparison.

(vi) Villages Ranbirpora Magam and Kanipora Ular appearing in the Village Tables 1931 against serial numbers 6596 and 6645 respectively do not appear in the census record for 1941. Probably they were unoccupied.

(vii) The number of villages in the Tehsil which appears in these village tables is 387. Three of these villages viz., Drangbal, Nambal Bal—Bagh Anayat Ullah and Kadla Bal together constitute Pampur Town and have been taken as a single item in Imperial Table III. Therefore Imperial Table III shows 385 villages only.

(viii) Pampur Town has been shown in three different circles viz., 26, 27, and 28 by the local census officers contrary to the instructions issued in this connection at the time of the creation of Census Divisions. The town in fact forms one complete charge viz., charge No. 20.

(ix) The 'Floating Population' for Anantnag District in Imperial Table III is given as 9515. This included 380 for Pulwama Tehsil which represents the boat population for that area. In the Village Tables for Pulwama the boat population is given as 528; this latter figure is correct. The error in Imperial Table III is due to the fact that the figure for boat population in circle 12 of charge 18 and in circle 19 of charge 9—(18 persons and 130 persons respectively) were confused with and included in the Village Totals for circles 12 and 19 respectively. As Imperial Table III had already been adopted by the Census Commissioner for India before the error was detected it was considered best to let the table stand and ignore the error so far as Imperial Table III was concerned since the difference is unimportant.

(x) The figures for boats under circle 12 and 19 have not been shown in the tables as they were omitted in the Compilation registers.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT ANANTNAG, TEHSIL KULGAM

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Anantnag**Tehsil Kulgam**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Wari Pora	79	15	1	8	67	39	28	39	28
2	Hoshang Pora	105	23			99	56	43	56	43
3	Hider Gund	118	27			156	91	65	91	65
4	Rehan Gund-Bharam	413	75			412	217	195	217	195
5	Kawajapora	183	37			192	107	85	107	85
6	Chatragam	572	104			557	309	248	294	234
7	Wachu	245	41			228	134	94	134	94
8	Ali Shah Pora	40	9			42	24	18	24	18
9	Drawni	73	16			79	41	38	41	38
10	Amar Bag	55	17			64	32	32	32	32
11	Gund Darwesh	187	36			197	106	91	106	91
12	Banda Paho	64	11			68	30	38	30	38
		2134	411			2161	1186	975	1171	961
13	Kharwarah	198	41	2		203	118	85	108	80
14	Tulran	191	34			226	128	98	127	98
15	Sangran	191	38			170	97	73	94	73
16	Chaki Sidiq Khan	137	22			143	71	72	71	72
17	Wachu Hallan	104	28			125	75	50	52	39
18	Bara Bagh	410	75			374	214	160	214	160
19	Dali Pora	103	21			101	61	40	58	40
20	Korigam	162	36			162	96	66	96	66
21	Chater Dosh	120	31			129	37	56	73	56
22	Hlowgund Marid	150	33			153	87	66	87	66
23	Gundowwan	47	10			31	15	15	15	16
24	Owwan	126	29			145	82	63	82	63
25	Munihal	205	50			239	113	126	107	123
26	Chotipora	136	24			135	61	74	61	74
27	Hardu Handu	240	48			238	134	104	134	104
		2520	520			2574	1425	1149	1379	1130
28	Torka-wangam	731	108	3		666	381	285	359	204
29	Aripora	151	20			164	91	73	91	73
30	Kongna	165	33			179	103	76	103	76
31	Chatragam—Rampatri	213	37			315	107	208	107	101
32	Noli Poshwari	197	38			193	113	80	113	80
33	Lani	44	9			51	28	23	28	23
34	Kanigam	164	37			137	75	62	74	62
35	Badigam	84	15			80	47	33	47	33
36	Hom Hona	220	38			212	125	87	125	87
37	Urebpora	192	35			206	108	98	108	98
38	Haf Kari	199	47			172	97	75	97	75
39	Mala Der	264	48			280	156	124	153	124
		2624	465			2548	1431	1117	1405	1096
40	Mali Bog	121	22	4		113	61	52	61	52
41	Hari Pora	60	16			45	26	19	26	19
42	Mahind Pora	126	42			136	77	59	76	59
43	Ichorumpora	92	24			80	42	38	42	38
44	Tharan	163	39			168	71	97	71	97
45	Kansu	118	22			120	70	50	69	50
46	Pargochi	212	57			211	118	93	67	52
47	Tranj	742	153			739	410	329	407	326
48	Malo	121	30			118	62	56	62	56
49	Danger Pora	343	67			294	146	148	129	131
50	Sago Handhama	242	52			233	129	104	126	102
		2340	524			2259	1212	1045	1136	982
51	Kalni Maligund	433	102	5		498	276	222	276	222
52	Karwarah	209	43			210	128	82	105	60
53	Pinjora	1083	282			1239	647	592	618	565
54	Aglar Shopian	172	41			155	83	72	83	72
55	Phanu	246	63			251	132	119	132	119
56	Otarpora Phalipore	295	69			266	138	128	134	126
		2438	600			2619	1404	1215	1338	1173

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
57	Kamadlan	261	50	6		287	152	135	151	135
58	Tachlu	125	26			147	73	74	53	57
59	Mauzampora	112	19			139	70	69	70	69
60	Katebpora	124	25			145	85	60	84	60
61	Daga Pora	56	11			70	32	38	32	38
62	Nadi-Gam	466	80			458	251	207	227	185
63	Nawpora Shopian	183	31			195	105	90	105	90
64	Basta Kochan	117	19			128	65	63	51	49
65	Zena Batu	69	15			77	44	33	44	33
66	Losdanu	161	32			172	96	76	95	76
		1674	308			1818	973	845	912	792
67	Hieripora	73	10	7		70	41	29	41	29
68	Lawaragam	92	20			107	52	55	52	55
69	Areh Hama	186	36			199	103	96	103	96
70	Devipora	127	28			146	80	66	80	66
		478	94			522	276	246	276	246
71	Bonagam Shopian	928	195	7-I		1011	536	475	491	442
71a	Batpora Shopian	876	165			954	529	425	305	271
71b	Heragam Shopian	2217	424			2394	1281	1113	1194	1098
		4021	784			4359	2346	2013	1990	1811
72	Gund Hadu	386	80	8		448	221	227	221	227
73	Chowgam	145	21			161	87	74	87	74
74	Kanipora	236	39			213	107	106	107	106
75	Gagran	336	61			341	172	169	172	169
76	Mimander	836	175			852	421	431	413	425
77	Lawahend	86	13			93	44	49	44	49
		2025	389			2108	1052	1056	1044	1050
78	Harapora	1377	272	9		1535	848	687	844	687
79	Sedhav	552	100			659	379	280	376	279
80	Saidpora Paien	335	72			419	230	189	221	180
81	Amshipora	142	65			416	212	204	196	187
82	Saidpora Bala	156	29			190	105	85	101	81
83	Chak Shamshipora	83	15			64	39	25	39	22
		2645	553			3283	1813	1470	1777	1436
84	Makan Dangerpora	34	12	10		46	23	23	21	21
85	Ram Nagri	709	169			842	473	369	428	354
86	Resh Nagri	523	97			550	270	280	242	255
		1266	278			1498	816	682	741	630
87	Karwan	63	14	11		61	29	32	29	32
88	Palpora Shopian	71	23			78	31	47	31	47
89	Chudhri Gund	118	25			116	65	51	30	20
90	Awand	142	29			168	94	74	93	74
91	Bamni Pora	199	42			207	114	93	113	93
92	Rawalpora	247	55			283	170	113	168	113
93	Dashipora	134	31			165	87	78	87	78
94	Shrat Pora	116	23			124	68	56	68	56
95	Gano Pora Arash	372	74			390	217	173	217	173
		1462	316			1592	875	717	836	686
96	Wahil Chatwatan	496	119	12		529	282	247	276	247
97	Hanji Pora	116	30			139	70	69	70	69
98	Kach Doru	284	69			278	147	131	147	131
99	Wangam	168	36			180	91	89	91	89
100	Rakhpora and Naikpora	157	31			122	50	72	50	72
101	Chatri Pora	235	51			207	97	110	97	110
102	Nawgam	277	48			271	142	129	142	129
103	Mangipora	48	11			51	25	26	25	26
		1781	395			1777	904	873	898	873
104	Wangam Sodbarshanpora	294	59	13		314	170	144	165	143
105	Halowpora	52	12			56	26	30	26	30
106	Tekipora	129	21			118	68	50	68	50
107	Ranipora Khasipora	270	43			229	132	97	132	97
108	Ratnipora	167	47			208	103	103	103	103

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
109	Gadapora	146	29			171	94	77	94	77
110	Kani Hama	150	22			134	76	58	76	58
111	Hardu Nagisharam	253	47			254	137	117	137	117
112	Chakora	270	47			292	145	147	145	147
113	Haji Pora	96	21			98	50	48	50	48
		1827	348			1872	1001	871	996	870
114	Landroch	95	17	14		107	57	50	57	50
115	Gahund	98	17			114	69	45	69	45
116	Challan	53	11			62	35	27	35	27
117	Chudigam	149	28			176	94	82	77	64
118	Nilowah	159	32			183	96	87	96	87
119	Rabluna	81	14			79	42	37	19	21
120	Herman	650	125			698	393	305	366	281
		1285	244			1419	786	633	719	575
121	Devikali Pora	532	91	15		542	302	240	300	240
122	Alorah	151	28			166	98	68	98	68
123	Monad Gophan	442	77			495	268	227	266	226
124	Hatipora Naidgam	133	22			145	86	59	86	59
125	Manchu	162	26			195	107	88	107	88
126	Tengdlu	136	25			188	98	90	98	90
127	Tantripora	96	14			89	52	37	52	37
128	Sampora Daivehsar	190	29			197	100	97	100	97
129	Sarsana	151	22			151	75	76	75	76
130	Badimang	78	15			96	46	50	46	50
131	Wawripora	13	2			11	6	5	6	5
132	Naroni	200	33			221	119	102	119	102
133	Batpora Palpora	55	13			58	35	23	25	17
		2339	397			2554	1392	1162	1378	1155
134	Sehpora	38	13	16		46	22	24	22	24
135	Bebi Bagh	320	77			389	217	172	217	172
136	Reshipora Awdan	157	43			188	104	84	104	84
137	Wangipora	47	11			54	27	27	27	27
138	Nawpora Cholend	78	21			91	53	38	53	38
139	Chaki Cholend	251	51			240	127	113	126	113
140	Chak Hanjan	71	16			87	41	46	41	46
141	Door Koot	171	39			194	103	91	101	89
142	Sofi Pora	46	11			51	27	24	27	24
143	Tazi Pora	215	49			236	129	107	129	107
144	Pader Pora	186	38			197	103	94	103	94
		1580	369			1773	953	820	950	818
145	Ariyah	536	110	17	9	591	317	274	269	228
146	Adahnuh	275	55			260	143	117	142	117
147	Bamrot	99	22			138	74	64	74	64
148	Kacho Hallan	110	17			118	56	62	56	62
149	Harigam	220	49			273	145	128	145	128
150	Peth Khandipora	216	48			256	136	120	126	112
151	Batpora	121	24			110	68	42	67	42
152	Suchi	213	49			254	121	133	121	133
153	Oki	489	114			540	293	247	290	247
		2279	478			2540	1353	1187	1290	1133
154	Chansar	380	71	18		453	246	207	246	207
155	Ganosirgam	233	44			248	127	119	126	119
156	Pani Wah	614	129			593	317	276	316	276
157	Ogam	129	18			140	72	68	72	68
158	Zazri Pora	111	20			121	56	65	53	64
159	Kahrot Khalsa	99	15			77	45	32	36	23
160	Kahrot Jagir	203	34			195	105	90	105	90
161	Tamilo	29	2			18	12	6	12	6
162	Chawal Gam	820	218			881	461	420	380	327
		2618	551			2724	1441	1283	1346	1180
163	Hawanand	349	70	19		367	191	176	157	133
164	Chanchwara	262	60			284	145	139	138	133
165	Punipora	99	20			118	56	62	56	62
166	Asthil	177	31			196	111	85	109	85
167	Pranhal	77	16			84	42	42	42	42
168	Gudar	424	111			593	313	280	302	268

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
169	Laisu	253	57			350	188	162	162	143
170	Narsingh Pora	144	15			86	50	36	50	30
171	Laru	197	59			263	143	120	138	115
		1982	439			2341	1239	1102	1154	1017
172	Mirhama	589	119	20		631	338	293	298	257
173	Padergam	196	32			179	98	81	92	75
174	Kakran	187	38			170	97	73	64	51
175	Yunigam	277	57			286	152	134	123	104
176	Tangbal	135	21			155	90	65	68	57
177	Mehi Pora	166	40			203	114	89	114	89
178	Garihama	112	26			139	66	73	66	73
179	Nawah	473	104			471	240	231	240	231
		2135	437			2234	1195	1039	1065	937
180	Awdora	322	77	21		367	200	167	198	167
181	Tang Pora	56	12			60	38	22	38	22
182	Batpora Nildang	76	13			84	47	37	47	37
183	Handsita Pora	131	24			139	75	64	75	64
184	Murad Pora	98	20			115	65	50	65	50
185	Mantri Bog	223	38			229	122	107	122	107
186	Partabpora	97	19			104	57	47	56	47
187	Rei	214	30			151	88	63	84	59
188	Brari Pora	79	17			83	41	42	41	42
189	Rakhama	88	16			98	47	51	47	51
190	Pariwan	365	82			386	197	189	192	185
191	Seh Pora	200	43			209	110	99	107	99
192	Zie Pora	143	43			261	148	113	148	113
		2092	434			2286	1235	1051	1220	1043
193	Teng Gam	57	10	22		57	28	29	28	29
194	Hareh Wat	282	59			266	146	120	146	120
195	Gupal Pora	243	48			242	116	126	116	126
196	Pamaie	207	41			217	120	97	109	91
197	Adjan Dewsar	273	59			317	165	152	157	143
198	Dom Chak	87	11			93	43	50	43	50
199	Khokharhama	41	12			53	28	25	28	25
200	Ladgoram Hama	586	70			378	202	176	189	172
201	Zebanmati Pora	116	36			220	109	111	107	111
202	Nehama	285	54			284	157	127	154	127
203	Samnu	213	47			231	110	121	107	116
204	Lakhri Pora	161	39			174	84	90	84	90
		2551	486			2532	1308	1224	1268	1200
205	Fori Pora	219	41	23		245	136	109	121	94
206	Mandogen	210	58			271	141	130	134	124
207	Persu	217	53			242	128	114	125	112
208	Hiepora Batgund	338	37			170	84	86	75	81
209	Hie Pora	202	32			148	67	81	67	81
210	Kapran	456	86			437	241	196	241	196
211	Pandoshan	194	37			195	87	108	87	108
212	Kanji Olar	291	50			322	165	157	139	133
213	Gadhpora	144	33			162	89	73	85	71
214	Posh Hama	98	20			105	49	56	49	56
215	Oigan Odwan	126	24			145	79	66	79	66
		2495	471			2442	1266	1176	1202	1122
216	Audr	1047	172	24		1106	574	532	556	510
217	Asnur	616	105			647	338	309	337	309
218	Mira Wani	376	63			400	214	186	209	181
219	Korail	349	60			352	198	154	192	151
		2388	400			2505	1324	1181	1294	1151
220	Manzgam	1398	279	25		1574	845	729	812	707
221	Babti Pora	107	21			137	63	74	63	74
222	Chogal Pora	273	70			332	178	154	151	140
223	Dorehama	111	12			74	41	33	41	33
224	Lasar Pora		14			78	43	33	41	33
		1889	396			2193	1170	1023	1108	987
225	Regipora	101	20	26		103	49	54	49	54

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
226	Awil	471	87			506	273	233	221	203
227	Khoni Batpora Khalsa	2042	426			2152	1100	1052	1099	1050
		2614	533			2761	1422	1339	1369	1307
228	Chaj Molla	191	21	27		103	53	50	52	50
229	Watigam	146	36			173	91	82	82	71
230	Yeser Pora	141	35			179	91	88	85	88
231	Gandwana	110	48			232	124	108	122	107
232	Wanipora	140	25			126	73	53	73	53
233	Hardumand Goi	531	125			602	300	302	285	291
234	Chaki Samad Rather	95	19			112	63	49	63	49
		1354	309			1527	795	732	762	709
235	Chaki Ranbirpora	497	96	28		523	264	259	264	259
236	Dambal Hanji Pora	922	225			1039	503	536	478	515
237	Konsarbal	364	71			429	219	210	219	210
238	Thusu	946	206			1132	618	514	609	513
		2729	598			3123	1604	1519	1570	1497
239	Nagam	666	137	29		764	390	374	388	374
240	Rengath	186	39			193	92	101	92	101
241	Qasba Khul	960	198			1019	472	547	469	544
		1812	374			1976	954	1022	949	1019
242	Puwah	691	112	30		687	318	369	316	369
243	Dano Kandimarg	1741	357			1798	875	923	872	923
244	Lagopora	132	26			146	76	70	76	70
		2564	495			2631	1269	1362	1264	1362
245	Chemar	1043	200	31		902	406	496	403	488
246	Nagrah	72	14			79	38	41	38	41
247	Badigahlan	396	83			421	199	222	198	222
248	Kotmarg	322	49			358	180	178	180	178
249	Dandwar	209	40			249	131	118	131	118
		2042	386			2009	954	1055	950	1047
250	Malwan	826	193	32	10	898	458	440	370	395
251	Khulora	130	33			139	61	78	61	78
252	Akbal	448	117			554	273	281	268	281
		1404	343			1591	792	799	699	754
253	Banimulla	462	103	33		476	243	233	243	233
254	Chandargi	157	36			196	101	95	94	95
255	Arigutru	223	44			268	152	116	150	113
256	Chamb Gund	556	120			563	285	278	282	276
257	Batpora Vailoo	76	17			68	32	36	19	22
258	Chatripora	184	41			192	96	96	96	96
259	Gasi Rania	185	44			208	102	106	86	95
		1843	405			1971	1011	960	970	930
260	Zongalpora	582	120	34		629	322	307	322	307
261	Mangalpora	35	6			45	28	17		
262	Pahlu	670	143			691	348	343	348	343
263	Sawosichan	341	62			344	191	153	95	75
264	Lanker Pamai	119	21			121	68	53	67	53
265	Amnu	233	51			227	117	110	101	85
266	Brazlo	113	30			153	83	70	79	67
267	Chakpora Bandora	143	26			177	83	94	83	94
268	Kontchu	124	17			128	77	61	63	55
269	Jadipora Jagir	41	34			170	96	74	96	74
270	Dadi Jagir	110	17			122	53	69	53	69
		2511	527			2817	1456	1361	1307	1232
271	Gandipora	18	3	35		20	13	7	13	7
272	Briegam	483	86			460	241	219	241	219
273	Supat Devsar	476	86			529	285	244	285	244
274	Chuian	533	114			555	304	251	304	242
275	Bona Devsar	855	236			1197	609	588	523	509

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
276	Qasba Devsar	555	85			439	229	210	172	165
277	Dard Gund	262	62			370	207	163	207	163
		3182	672			3570	1888	1682	1745	1549
278	Khara Gund	437	68	36		452	242	210	242	210
279	Chowgam	1554	295			1636	894	742	772	627
280	Brinial Lamer	2147	384			2322	1231	1091	1230	1089
		4138	747			4410	2367	2043	2244	1926
281	Churath	607	118	37		694	378	316	376	313
282	Yur Khushipora	1083	217			1142	606	536	549	505
283	Kurigam	1223	248			1301	728	573	609	522
284	Kanchlu	597	122			572	319	253	319	253
		3510	705			3709	2031	1678	1913	1593
285	Kaimoh	417	95	38		383	214	169	214	167
286	Dampora Chut-molla	283	104			254	148	106	148	105
287	Srano Sempora	302	67			313	174	139	174	139
288	Fanzatwanpora	1153	229			1121	594	527	592	527
289	Lewdora	193	49			242	134	108	69	50
290	Kochpora	86	21			80	40	40	35	40
291	Darnan Dubdrah	386	76			370	212	158	212	158
292	Nasu Badragund	819	181			837	426	411	426	411
293	Yaihama	334	72			370	198	172	198	172
294	Yarbul Bawpora	263	47			262	153	109	153	109
295	Bigam	322	74			329	183	146	183	146
296	Nawa	170	35			138	71	67	71	67
		4728	1050			4699	2547	2152	2475	2091
297	Shangran Devsar	518	114	39		549	294	255	294	255
298	Nishan Gund	85	20			90	48	42	48	42
299	Irath Danjan	428	89			418	214	204	121	162
300	Vesu	818	188			944	498	446	357	316
301	Chandan Pajan	469	100			469	258	211	224	188
302	Mandol	432	107			477	271	206	271	206
303	Yomghal	125	28			130	70	60	70	60
304	Dafteri	40	11			44	25	19	25	19
305	Sodera	890	199			980	529	451	529	431
		3805	856			4101	2207	1894	1939	1679
306	Manigam	422	95	40		420	205	215	205	215
307	Hanjipora Dewsar	67	15			75	40	35	40	35
308	Nawgam Devsar	277	58			256	135	121	135	121
309	Akhran	644	115			691	355	336	337	321
310	Nawpora	187	36			197	105	92	103	91
311	Bomthan	441	95			494	255	239	255	239
312	Zodar	313	66			319	170	149	170	149
313	Forah	606	135			605	324	281	324	281
314	Nipor	748	169			761	409	352	406	352
		3705	784			3818	1998	1820	1975	1804
315	Kelam Bozgam	1257	297	41		1318	677	641	610	570
316	Gund Hokipora	276	60			188	101	87	101	87
317	Malpora Branwari	190	35			173	85	88	85	88
318	Habilshi	368	105			399	214	185	205	180
319	Kadwarah	69	14			71	38	33	36	32
320	Zepora Devsar	121	25			121	67	54	67	54
321	Agru	259	66			275	138	137	138	137
322	Arigam	196	44			150	82	68	80	68
		2736	646			2695	1402	1293	1322	1216
323	Nawpora Tulipora	431	78	42		461	250	211	250	211
324	Bhan	444	89			486	275	211	275	211
325	Khrewan Chidar	700	130			757	411	346	411	346
326	Muthama	488	88			560	292	268	291	268
327	Mah	331	59			396	208	188	208	188
328	Palpora Nandi	244	55			297	156	141	42	28
		2638	499			2957	1592	1365	1477	1252
329	Wazir Pora	42	7	43		34	21	13	21	13

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
330	Danaw	475	122			513	269	244	206	181
331	Makund Pora	163	32			172	97	75	97	75
332	Sopore	157	37			176	92	84	85	67
333	Bogund	577	131			552	291	261	291	261
334	Nani Dug	228	47			269	153	116	153	116
335	Sundhakal Pora	588	117			623	313	310	283	290
336	Ashmji Jagir	865	172			921	498	423	459	378
		3095	665			3260	1734	1526	1595	1381
337	Kanipora Jagir	278	45	44		290	145	145	145	145
338	Surat Jagir	479	102			499	247	252	241	243
339	Kulgam	1988	574			2283	1247	1036	1046	929
340	Laro Jagir	363	66			362	179	183	179	183
341	Sangas	320	66			366	205	161	205	155
		3428	853			3800	2023	1777	1816	1660
342	Mohamad Pora	590	117	45		651	358	293	357	293
343	Bona Khandipora	103	23			113	55	58	55	58
344	Khijogi Pora	575	100			575	306	269	292	264
345	Madi Pora	48	10			42	21	21	21	21
346	Katrusu	565	123			620	314	306	274	279
347	Batsurgam	49	12			59	30	29	8	6
348	Ramgarh	43	10			52	29	23	29	23
349	Yugam	1024	192			1095	582	513	563	486
		2997	587			3207	1695	1512	1599	1430
350	Kaimoh	1359	170	46		1520	875	645	875	645
	Boat Population	93								
351	Bagi Khudwani	759	144			787	421	366	418	365
352	Bagwan Poh	124	23			142	72	70	72	61
353	Mogul Bagh	71	19			101	56	45	23	11
354	Laram Gangipora	983	179			1086	588	498	587	498
355	Bagh Sagloo	67	14			89	52	37	52	37
356	Khrewan Lasipora	301	62			383	204	179	199	174
357	Lalipora Malapora	265	75			323	173	150	170	147
358	Chera Hama	243	50			265	138	127	138	127
359	Naw Wathu	85	14			99	52	47	52	47
		4257	750			4795	2631	2164	2586	2112
	B. P.	93								
360	Sonigam	402	65	47		417	215	202	215	202
361	Shali Pora	285	58			317	159	158	158	158
362	Tasigam Chak	365	75			409	212	197	212	197
363	Khar Brari	177	37			198	115	83	107	77
364	Balsu	193	32			216	116	100	116	100
365	Tarigam Dewsar	655	126			745	381	364	369	351
366	Bachro	341	59			357	195	162	195	162
367	Rampore	86	15			85	45	40	45	40
		2504	467			2744	1438	1306	1417	1287
368	Kotch Brari	39	5	48	II	34	19	15	15	9
369	Shagan Pora	107	17			121	65	56	65	56
370	Wosand	159	28			193	87	106	87	106
371	Nunmaie	408	71			443	235	208	235	208
372	Tarigam	327	56			329	166	163	166	146
373	Kader	323	66			352	175	177	175	177
374	Hanjan	184	31			200	108	92	90	77
375	Matipora Zehan	57	33			175	93	82	93	82
376	Palno Panditpora	61	12			62	32	30	32	30
377	Hardu Hanger	277	52			258	131	127	131	127
		1942	371			2167	1111	1056	1089	1018
378	Boy Braripora	40	10	49		45	24	21	24	21
379	Yaripora	693	175			744	384	360	384	360
380	Mati Bug	366	83			425	234	191	231	191
381	Batehpora Zenapora	98	19			114	57	57	57	57
382	Hangal Boch	165	33			173	99	74	99	74
383	Navi Marg	96	30			109	65	44	1	
384	Kawathpora	304	53			354	187	167	187	167
385	Imrach	336	80			400	209	191	209	191
386	Kanji Kol	245	65			281	145	136	145	136
		2343	548			2645	1404	1241	1337	1197

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		63	63							42	1
		7	17							17	
										10	
										36	
		30	20							7	
		30	45							26	
		139	145							48	2
										187	3
		6	4							4	
		196	107	5						18	
			6							235	24
										8	1
		202	117	5						18	
		1								283	25
		14	5							11	
		40	27							1	
		22	23							18	
		19	27							1	
		96	82							77	5
										12	
										37	1
										157	6
										79	2
		3	1							31	1
		33	9							5	5
		1	34							31	16
										43	
		3	3	5	5					33	
										9	1
		40	47	5	5					1	
										232	25
		1								9	
		8	6							9	
		12	13							14	
										12	
		21	19							24	
										38	
										27	
		4	6							1	
										134	
										4	
										2	
										7	
										18	
			17							15	
		18	15							14	
										12	
										5	
										1	
		22								5	
			38							83	
										1	
		3								82	37
										6	
										1	
		64	44							12	
										8	
										27	4
										14	2
										18	
		67	44							169	43

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
387	Kokar Gund	265	49	50		316	179	137	179	137
388	Hom Shali Bug	413	84			479	253	226	252	226
389	Badru	483	91			517	267	250	266	250
390	Damdulla Tengyan	435	71			472	251	221	244	213
391	Brozlo Jagir	317	57			327	189	138	189	138
392	Kojar	433	70			467	253	214	253	214
		2346	422			2578	1392	1186	1383	1178
393	Chera Marg	199	29	51		238	126	112	126	112
394	Awah Nareh	521	85			584	308	276	308	276
395	Doreb Pora	141	24			157	84	73	83	73
396	Moj Marg	108	19			109	57	52	32	32
397	Babapora	308	63			371	197	174	197	174
398	Sofipora	142	21			141	72	69	72	69
399	Qasba Zenerpora	511	114			655	350	305	220	203
		1930	355			2255	1194	1061	1038	939
400	Haff	482	85	52		515	296	219	293	219
401	Cheli Pora	124	17			116	66	50	28	25
402	Sogan	447	82			388	211	177	211	177
403	Worgar	56	10			57	33	24	33	24
404	Kdshu	221	50			272	155	117	155	117
405	Cheroipora	36	7			39	23	16	23	16
406	Reshipora	317	48			332	185	147	185	147
407	Shermal	222	44			256	137	119	136	119
		1905	343			1975	1106	869	1064	844
408	Aglar Chirat	730	130	53		729	401	328	400	328
409	Sofa Nagri	388	73			407	237	170	237	170
		1118	203			1136	638	498	637	498
410	Wachi	934	158	54		973	549	424	497	388
411	Maimon Danjipora	129	19			141	72	69	72	69
412	Rakh Maimon Danjipora	65	10			71	41	30	40	30
413	Mela Owora	706	128			730	397	333	397	333
		1834	315			1915	1059	856	1008	820
414	Arwani	968	278	55		1127	604	523	603	523
	Boat Population	350				298	160	138	159	138
415	Shereh Pora	357	60			360	197	163	190	163
416	Gund Chal	201	27			195	111	84	111	84
417	Tranji	29	7			33	15	18	15	18
418	Lakhti Pora	257	40			295	163	132	163	132
	Boat Population					55	30	25	30	25
		1812	412			2010	1090	920	1082	920
	B. P.	350				353	190	163	189	163
419	Wanpora	412	83	56		482	259	223	259	223
420	Nawabal	346	66			396	216	180	216	180
421	Chanapora	60	11			69	35	34	35	34
422	Nawpora Kharpora	359	69			385	226	159	226	159
423	Chenehgam	167	28			179	95	84	95	84
424	Frisal	1134	215			1281	705	576	656	536
		2478	472			2792	1536	1256	1487	1216
425	Redwana	960	187	57		1124	611	513	611	513
	Boat Population	418				487	265	222	265	222
426	Bat Tachbu	163	23			158	87	71	87	71
427	Batpora Anantnag	184	29			198	105	93	105	93
428	Odnipora	43	7			53	25	28	25	28
429	Haworah	276	46			335	182	153	182	153
430	Vier Parmoshi Pora	143	27			148	88	60	88	60
431	Kalapora	52	6			60	30	30	30	30
432	Kala Drang	138	23			158	85	73	85	73
		1959	348			2234	1213	1021	1213	1021
	B. P.	418				487	265	222	265	222
433	Kharman Ganish	390	84	58		492	263	229	131	135
434	Sof Gund	148	26			158	88	70	88	70

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
435	Kandi Pahari	500	86			609	312	297	310	291
	Boat Population	74								
436	Batengo	356	68			427	230	197	230	197
437	Kanji Gund	170	26			200	111	89	111	89
438	Shulwan Pora	320	57			330	182	148	182	148
439	Sarsana Anantnag	182	36			221	111	110	111	110
440	Shamsi Pora	400	81			498	268	230	266	226
441	Torkeh Tachbu	329	50			353	196	157	196	157
		2795	514			3288	1761	1527	1625	1423
	B. P.	74								
442	Jabli Pora	971	167	59		1101	620	481	590	448
	Boat Population		3			15	9	6	9	6
443	Gund Nasir	75	11			72	40	32	40	32
444	Woran Hal	857	144			897	490	407	490	407
	Boat Population		2			8	3	5	3	5
445	Subhan Padani	149	25			177	87	90	87	90
446	Hassanpora Bag	389	64			456	242	214	242	214
		2441	411			2703	1479	1224	1449	1191
	B. P.		5			23	12	11	12	11
447	Hassanpora Taviela	574	103	60		657	375	282	375	282
	Boat Population		15			68	40	28	40	28
448	Rakh Hassanpora	65	13			66	37	29	37	29
449	Taleb Khan	369	68			437	246	191	246	191
	Boat Population		2			8	4	4	4	4
450	Naidgund Bahasilil	242	49			279	152	127	152	127
451	Hamzeh Iora	62	13			66	33	33	33	33
	Boat Population		4			20	12	8	12	8
452	Sem Than	391	82			400	233	167	233	167
453	Sangam	142	26			108	63	45	63	45
		1845	354			2013	1139	874	1139	874
	B. P.		21			96	56	40	56	40
	TOTAL	145212	29414			156413	83308	73105	79394	70030
	B. P.	935	26			959	523	436	523	436
	GRAND TOTAL	146147	29440			157372	83831	73541	79917	70466

*Others—Christian 2F.

(1) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
6735	Mirpor	78	Harapora
7063	Otuh	216	Audur
7066	Lorail	219	Korail
7068	Durahama Larapora	223	Dorehama
7071	Rasgipora	225	Regipora
7079	Saro	230	Yeserpora
7073	Khori Batapora	227	Khoni Batpura Khalsa
7078	Gandhwana	231	Gandwana
7076	Waripora	232	Wanipora
7081	Damhal Hanjipora	236	Dambal Hanjipora
7088	Hamir	245	Chemar
7090	Bawanghalan	247	Badigahlan
6907	Gozar	168	Gudar
6906	Paranhal	167	Pranhal
6938	Chanah Gund	256	Chamb Gund
6944	Akhal	252	Akbal
6953	Nakar Nampi	264	Lanker Pamai
6936	Batpora Wahto	257	Batpora Vailoo
6956	Pohnu	262	Pahlu
6952	Shahasichan	263	Sawosichan

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		2	6							6	2
										5	
										4	
										1	
		2	4							3	
										2	
		136	101							128	8
										19	
		30	33							1	
										8	
										3	
										9	
		30	33							40	
										7	
										2	
										1	
										5	
										15	
		1									
132	122	3627	2823	155	128				2	6732	513
132	122	3627	2823	155	128				2	6732	513

As shown in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.
7018	Lur Khushipora
6995	Danpora Chapmulla
7000	Darnan Dobahwarah
7003	Baihama
7004	Yarhol Babapora
7010	Supat Tongapora
6985	Bankhal
6984	Danteri
6988	Zepora
6986	Melipora
6993	Kelam Nurgam
6972	Tawa Parah
6957	Palpora
6924	Karpor Chira
6914	Ashmuji
6884	Batah Kandi Pora
6899	Panoh
6910	Shorat
6950	Dadi Pora
6946	Chak Pora
6912	Tangas
6895	Karot Khalsa
6894	Karot
6870	Choko
7021	Jehi Pora
7002	Banigam
7026	Madargam
7054	Haipora Nalagund
7058	Onchan Odwan
7062	Bando Hashi
6749	Chatripora Garhama
7041	Zehipora Dharmarth
7037	Parpone
6866	Nildorah
6885	Hasigam
7030	Tatribog
6858	Gazlehpura
6754	Palpura
6756	Narwar
6768	Larahand
6782	Kamdalan
6856	Hardu Mayagcharan
7033	Batpora Saldang
7032	Larid Shyapora
6872	Rashipora
7118	Barigam Chak
7137	Boya Brari
7164	Tarigam Dewbog
6798	Sampora Derahpora
6803	Deri Kalipora
6815	Taltaran
6784	Nanzampora
6787	Nowpora
6903	Chhan
6820	Hazampora
6822	Kaisu
6830	Chatragam
6831	Laro
6805	Kargam
6848	Handopoho
7142	Nari Marg
7143	Karhotapora
7145	Kanji Loka
7189	Brazlo
7173	Bat Tachlo
7174	Batpora
7175	Oddipora
7107	Trabji
7113	Darchpora
7110	Zenah Pora
6838	Mala Daper
7124	Safaygari
7105	Kolli Pora
7132	Tola Kihan
7133	Naid Gund Baba Khalil
7135	Hamzah Pora
7181	Subhan Bapari
7148	Sarsana
7152	Taingo
7150	Sofigund Bagagund
7151	Kandibahari Harnag
7153	Torkeh Tachlu
6965	Polipora Malapora
6974	Jodar

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.
282	Yur Khushipora
286	Dampora Chutmolla
291	Darnan Dubedar
293	Yaihama
294	Yarbul Bawpora
273	Supat Devsar
303	Yomghal
304	Dafteri
320	Zepora Devsar
317	Malpora Branwari
315	Kelam Bozgam
310	Nawpora
328	Palpora Nandi
325	Khrewan Chidar
336	Ashmji Jagir
150	Peth Khandipora
156	Paniwah
338	Surat Jagir
270	Dadi Jagir
267	Chakpora Bandora
341	Sangas
159	Kahrot Khalsa
160	Kahrot Jagir
116	Challan
177	Mehipora
295	Bigam
173	Padergam
208	Hiepora Batgund
215	Oigan Odwan
211	Pandoshan
101	Chatripora
192	Ziepora
190	Pariwan
118	Nilowah
149	Harigam
185	Mantribog
109	Gadapora
88	Palpora Shopian
87	Karwan
77	Lawahend
57	Kamadlan
111	Hardu Nagisharan
182	Batpora Nildang
183	Hand Sitapora
136	Reshpura Awdan
362	Tasigam Chak
378	Boy Braripora
372	Tarigam
128	Sampora Daiveh Sar
121	Devi Kalipora
14	Tulran
59	Mauzampora
63	Nowpora Shopian
164	Chanchwara
43	Khorumpora
45	Kansu
31	Chatragam Ramptri
33	Lani
20	Korigam
12	Bandapaho
383	Navi Marg
384	Kawathpora
386	Kanjikol
391	Brozlo Jagir
426	Bat Tachbu
427	Batpora Anantnag
428	Odnipora
417	Tranji
395	Dorebpora
399	Qasba Zenerpora
39	Mala Der
409	Sofa Nagri
418	Lakhti Pora
449	Taleb Khan
450	Naidgund Bahasilil
451	Hamzeh Pora
445	Subhan Padani
439	Sarsana Anantnag
436	Batengo
434	Sofigund
435	Kandi Pahari
441	Torkeh Tachbu
357	Lalipora Malapora
312	Zodar

(ii) Jadipora Khalsa which was shown in the 1931 tables against serial number 6948 has been included in the 1941 tables with Devira against serial number 70. Similarly Bakshipora shown against serial number 6741 in the 1931 tables has been included with Heipora in the present tables against serial number 209. In both cases the population of these villages has been amalgamated by the local censusing agency.

(iii) (a) The number of villages in this tehsil according to the Imperial Table III is 455. Three of these villages, *viz.*, Bonagam Shopian, Jadipora Shopian and Heragam Shopian, constitute Shopian Town and have been allotted sub-numbers in the Village Tables 1941. Two villages have been sub-numbered and bracketted with the town, the Village Tables 1941 show 453 villages only.

(b) Shopian town has been treated as a separate circle but given a sub-number. This sub-numbering of circles is due to an error in the method adopted by the Tehsil Census agency in the creation of census divisions.

(iv) Boat population has been shown separately where it is so recorded. This population has no serial number in the Village Tables.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Anantnagh**Tehsil Anantnagh**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Sifan ..	311	55	1	1	315	169	146	169	146
2	Mira Gund ..	219	70			413	218	195	218	195
3	Ghat Pushwari ..	340	77			359	211	148	211	148
4	Takia Bahramshah ..	433	78			483	266	217	266	217
		1303	280			1570	864	706	864	706
5	Muniward ..	500	80	2		543	307	236	307	236
6	Hanji Danter ..	318	64			357	186	171	186	171
7	Mira Danter ..	875	163			924	494	430	495	382
		1693	307			1824	987	837	958	789
8	Bangi Nawgam ..	62	9	3		53	26	27	26	27
9	Manghal ..	564	99			627	352	275	352	275
10	Lallan ..	420	71			419	232	187	222	180
11	Ganorah ..	254	39			269	141	128	141	128
		1300	218			1368	751	617	741	610
12	Ashajipura ..	210	37	4		243	134	109	134	109
13	Atrusu Najigund ..	289	48			328	173	155	173	155
14	Rohu ..	372	70			432	232	200	232	200
15	Chechripura ..	110	16			123	68	55	68	55
16	Kanbar ..	690	123			698	386	312	386	312
17	Bona Dialgam ..	459	83			561	294	267	294	267
18	Fatehgarh ..	22	10			28	16	12	16	12
		2152	393			2413	1303	1110	1303	1110
19	Karewa Rampare ..	305	76	5		354	193	161	193	161
20	Krangsu ..	930	182			1009	556	453	529	426
21	Pahru ..	406	85			415	227	188	216	182
22	Chetti Mauzhama ..	30	6			29	16	13	16	13
		1671	349			1807	992	815	954	782
23	Anzola ..	413	77	6		449	244	205	244	205
24	Matipura ..	83	19			109	61	48	61	48
25	Chi ..	501	69			465	251	214	251	214
26	Anchidoru ..	790	189			944	505	439	505	439
		1787	354			1967	1061	906	1061	906
27	Doni Pahu ..	526	103	7		580	318	262	318	261
28	Brakpora ..	534	82			642	349	293	349	293
29	Nuna Wani ..	362	69			362	193	169	193	169
30	Katarpora ..	261	46			277	157	120	157	120
		1683	300			1861	1017	844	1017	843
31	Bulbul Nawgam ..	699	112	8		698	414	284	414	284
32	Watarigam ..	206	33			205	117	88	117	88
33	Wanihama ..	347	47			357	194	163	193	161
		1252	192			1260	725	535	724	533
34	Gopalpora Khurd ..	306	57	9		381	196	185	196	185
35	Amargarh Gopalpora Kalan ..	589	117			689	354	335	354	335
36	Maghripura ..	391	71			402	229	173	229	173
37	Rakin Telwain ..	100	19			84	49	35	48	34
		1386	264			1556	828	728	827	727
38	Kangan Hall ..	464	81	10		501	274	227	274	227
39	Telwani ..	1080	189			1164	644	520	614	488
		1544	270			1665	918	747	888	715

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
40	Kawarigam	694	125	11		697	389	308	389	308
41	Hardu Toru	1070	198	1		1047	584	463	538	424
		1764	323			1744	973	771	927	732
42	Devipora	188	38	12		220	117	103	117	103
43	Karewa Chatisingh Pora	346	67			460	251	209	99	94
44	Arsu	161	28			176	97	79	97	79
45	Isso	433	72			457	248	209	248	209
		1128	205			1313	713	600	561	485
46	Bonegund	131	27	13		162	69	93		
47	Machabawan (Town)	3016	690			3487	1955	1532	1360	1077
		3147	717			3649	2024	1625	1360	1077
48	Ranbirpora	1047	187	14		1144	647	497	607	470
49	Shamsipora	131	18			155	72	83	72	83
50	Chetipaibug	79	27			180	110	70	110	70
		1257	232			1479	829	650	789	623
51	Fohar	530	101	15		533	306	227	265	193
52	Saligam	522	93			538	316	222	311	221
53	Hardu Akar	771	135			810	459	351	458	351
54	Molsu	87	18			113	64	49	64	49
55	Arigobal	301	55			346	200	146	200	146
		2211	402			2340	1345	995	1298	960
56	Sierkanli Gund	1830	351	16		2048	1139	909	1067	865
57	Hassanabad Hotmore	29	12			76	43	33	43	33
58	Hotmore	605	134			733	373	360	347	335
		2464	497			2857	1555	1302	1457	1233
59	Nawgam	76	16	17		75	42	33	42	33
60	Rakh Chandipura	209	38			212	114	98	114	98
61	Batapora	98	18			88	54	34	54	34
62	Ganigund	311	56			335	177	158	177	158
63	Salia Panchalpora	1447	238			1425	814	601	766	550
64	Teng Marg	42	20			46	32	14	32	14
		2183	386			2181	1243	938	1185	887
65	Panzmolla	602	109	18		691	398	293	356	256
66	Barar-Angandan	454	83			495	258	237	258	237
67	Vailnagbal	586	75			517	278	239	278	239
68	Manigam	252	48			247	140	107	138	107
		1894	315			1950	1074	876	1030	839
69	Manzigam	273	56	19		264	151	113	151	113
70	Chanigam	121	22			125	66	59	59	55
71	Hassonnora	394	70			415	231	184	213	184
72	Chandrigam	409	75			406	231	175	220	161
		1197	223			1210	679	531	661	513
73	Yal	205	30	20		200	109	91	106	91
74	Khaiyar	753	120			749	400	349	370	310
75	Shamhall	430	61			430	240	190	240	190
		1388	211			1379	749	630	716	591
76	Hangal Paho	314	38	21		299	177	122	177	122
77	Dovan Khandipora	325	48			380	214	166	214	166
78	Hapat Nar	1004	182			1030	585	445	582	444
		1643	268			1709	976	733	973	732
79	Ainu Braic	538	97	22		595	345	250	344	250
80	Acha Nar	534	61			472	242	230	242	230
81	Wayora	297	55			326	186	140	186	140
82	Logripora	744	141			764	441	323	393	279
83	Diaru	148	32			179	104	75	104	75
84	Badaran	69	8			81	49	32	49	32
		2330	394			2417	1367	1050	1318	1008

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
85	Jammu	217	41	23		202	116	86	115	85
86	Malikgund	51	11			45	26	19	26	19
87	Singhpora	225	42			236	143	93	55	29
88	Badigam	166	30			140	82	58	82	58
89	Gund Saligam	65	11			58	31	27	11	7
90	Svangsu	222	46			271	135	136	83	90
91	Karshangam	420	69			447	268	179	241	155
		1366	250			1399	801	598	613	443
92	Grandaish	1903	501	24		2004	1128	881	1098	871
93	Tulhar	92	11			54	35	19	32	18
		1995	512			2058	1158	900	1130	889
94	Botkot	816	148	25		825	458	367	457	367
95	Botkot Gujran	252	37			227	129	98	129	98
96	Srechan	227	28			205	112	93	112	92
97	Ganeshpora	383	69			384	198	186	166	138
98	Hardu Kachru	355	66			352	197	155	197	155
99	Amarwagar	544	98			636	350	286	350	286
		2577	446			2629	1444	1185	1411	1136
100	Qasba Bagat (Anantnag Town)	10736	1994	26-31	2	11985	6723	5262	5657	4463
		10736	1994			11985	6723	5262	5657	4463
101	Khanabal	1292	254	32		1723	963	760	943	753
	Boat Population	914	121			526	280	246	280	246
		1292	254			1723	963	760	943	753
	B. P.	914	121			526	280	246	280	246
102	Sarnal	735	144	33		885	505	380	448	368
		735	144			885	505	380	488	368
103	Opzan	605	108	34	3	714	392	322	392	322
104	Kandipora	261	41			314	205	109	205	109
105	Asora	257	35			294	181	103	181	109
106	Banderpora	294	43			299	162	137	162	137
107	Sotekpora	394	57			420	233	187	233	187
108	Badroikalan	478	74			596	353	243	353	243
109	Katu	234	33			246	130	116	130	116
110	Shetipora	66	13			97	59	38	59	38
		2589	404			2980	1715	1265	1715	1261
111	Mandlana	67	52	35		91	49	42	49	42
112	Fraslina	197	39			220	127	93	127	93
113	Ladhna	391	72			450	240	210	240	210
114	Aru	105	42			99	58	41	58	41
		760	205			860	474	386	474	386
115	Ader	217	50	36		230	138	92	138	92
116	Gouri	763	171			750	432	318	431	318
117	Weri	576	110			674	373	301	371	301
118	Krandigam	677	129			677	370	307	311	252
119	Gariseer	248	51			255	130	125	130	125
	Boat Population	121	23			104	60	44	60	44
120	Thajwara	182	41			183	97	86	93	84
121	Gautatipora	119	24			122	64	58	64	58
		2774	576			2891	1604	1287	1538	1230
	B. P.	121	23			104	60	44	60	44
122	Mominhal	19	28	37		153	87	66	75	52
123	Akora	877	182			830	451	379	331	259
124	Derhama	173	42			199	107	92	107	92
125	Bon Nambal	499	134			513	281	232	269	222
126	Khrehbug	228	48			276	160	116	160	116
127	Rampure	113	20			92	55	37	31	20
128	Hogam	557	119			578	333	245	265	185
129	Poshkari	450	109			482	266	216	249	206
		2916	682			3123	1740	1383	1427	1152

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Totaal literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		1	1							5	
				88	64					42	
		20	20							3	
				52	46					11	1
		27	24							17	2
				140	110					5	
		48	45							83	3
		25	10								
		3	1							114	2
										1	
		28	11							115	2
		1								48	
										1	
		32	48							4	
										20	
										8	
										8	
		33	49							89	
		1025	793	38	6			2		2125	274
		1025	793	38	6			2		2125	274
		20	7							130	8
		20	7							130	8
		14	7	3	3				2	73	21
		14	7	3	3				2	73	21
										6	
			4							5	
										2	
										4	
										2	
										37	
										4	
										60	
										2	
										2	
		1								2	
		2								23	
		59	55							10	
										44	
		4	2							3	
										9	
		66	57							91	8
		12	14							7	
		120	120							97	12
				12	10					5	
										19	2
		24	17							5	
		68	60							23	
		6	4	11	6					35	
										2	
		230	215	23	16					193	14

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
130	Heiyar	91	10	38		94	57	37	57	37
131	Kitriteng	357	64			404	218	186	213	182
132	Gund Nauroz	127	51			237	131	106	131	106
133	Takyabal	135	21			145	76	69	76	69
134	Depatyar	215	35			273	153	120	153	120
135	Zerapura	915	239			1205	668	537	665	534
	Boat Population	168	6			51	31	20	31	20
		1840	420			2358	1303	1055	1295	1048
	B. P.	168	6			51	31	20	31	20
136	Suthrast-ghar	236	48	39-40		269	147	122	147	122
137	Marhama	2331	528			2460	1362	1098	1358	1097
		2567	576			2729	1509	1220	1505	1219
138	Yanier	137	37	41		155	88	67	88	67
139	Chrarigam	263	52			258	141	117	134	115
140	Kalar	1011	183			1035	591	444	579	436
141	Moreh	346	68			333	197	136	197	136
142	Dehwothu	233	39			272	160	112	159	112
143	Nalla Awora	357	46			329	175	154	175	154
144	Awora	219	28			178	96	82	96	82
145	Lari	281	49			255	148	107	148	107
146	Virsieran	275	45			241	136	105	136	105
147	Khalan Gujvan	290	34			280	153	127	153	127
		3412	581			3336	1885	1451	1865	1441
148	Waghama	906	161	42		946	511	435	509	435
149	Shalagam	338	64			372	206	166	204	166
		1244	225			1318	717	601	713	601
150	Chenigund	159	34	43		187	97	90	97	90
151	Mira Gund	35	5			17	17		17	
152	Beyawarah	426	83			408	222	186	222	186
153	Nawshera	366	77			379	211	168	211	168
154	Mahond	671	140			724	391	333	307	256
155	Hatigam	524	106			548	303	245	303	245
156	Darigund	259	55			277	158	119	158	119
157	Wedi	338	68			350	194	156	194	156
		2778	568			2890	1593	1297	1509	1220
158	Nanilang	1773	392	44		1942	1052	890	1029	872
159	Chandepora	340	52			374	216	158	216	158
160	Rakhichi	159	30			185	97	88	97	88
161	Arehbug	78	14			78	40	38	40	38
162	Nowbug	288	55			334	195	139	153	117
163	Kanilwan	788	124			816	471	345	471	345
		3426	667			3729	2071	1658	2006	1618
164	Salar	2176	444	45		2247	1256	991	1208	957
165	Wahdan	331	64			342	192	150	170	150
166	Kanjgam	72	12			89	44	45	18	12
167	Hardu Keithal Sofipora	804	182			914	493	421	329	273
168	Lehan Daji	765	114			785	432	353	1	347
169	Wolramah	429	71			437	251	186	251	186
		4577	887			4814	2668	2146	1977	1925
170	Chetren Bedra	561	125	46		623	345	278	344	239
171	Kathsu	773	190			843	482	361	429	361
172	Dachhigam	19	3			19	11	8	11	8
173	Sakhras		85			455	238	217	238	217
174	Lewar	691	140			772	435	337	435	337
175	Trail	279	64			317	175	142	140	121
176	Peth Nambal	242	53			274	147	127	126	105
177	Hanomanpora	427	9			46	25	21	21	18
178	Serigofwara	503	111			559	315	244	311	243
179	Adlash Magam	557	112			607	315	292	290	275
		4052	892			4515	2488	2027	2345	1924
180	Khiram	1742	341	47		1827	1009	818	970	784

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Slia)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Males	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		5	4							9	
										1	
		3	3							2	
										30	
		8	7							42	
		4	1							6	
		4	1							36	
										42	
		7	2							9	
		12	8							31	
				1						3	
										2	
										2	
										1	
										1	
		19	10	1						49	
				2						43	
				2						12	
				4						55	
										4	
										5	
		84	77							19	
										83	
										20	
										3	
										9	
		84	77							143	
		22	18	1						87	9
										14	
										5	1
		42	22							37	
										22	
		64	40	1						165	10
		48	34							126	2
		22									
		26	33							16	
118	115	46	33							56	
431	6										
										25	
549	121	142	100							223	2
		1	36		3					2	
1		48		4						45	
										10	
		35	21							12	
		1		20	22					5	
		4	3							12	
		4	1							3	
		25	17							23	2
										17	
1		118	78	24	25					129	2
		38	34	1						84	5

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
181	Sirhama	1177	234			1229	688	541	647	506
		2919	575			3056	1697	1359	1617	1290
182	Mamal	151	33	48	4	175	93	82	92	82
183	Laripora	688	426			781	429	352	427	352
184	Pahalgam	245	89			310	187	123	171	120
185	Nanawanin	110	27			131	65	66	65	66
		1194	575			1397	774	623	755	620
186	Bijbihara (Town)	4438	835	49-50	5	4532	2481	2051	2247	1870
		4438	835			4532	2481	2051	2247	1870
187	Sahibabad	986	326	51	6	1079	611	468	573	433
188	Jogigund	186	63			209	120	89	118	89
189	Khandora	543	135			630	354	276	352	276
190	Trahafo	480	104			454	253	201	240	192
		2195	628			2372	1338	1034	1283	990
191	Sandsomah	268	42	52		269	141	128	141	128
192	Kolehgarh	83	17			84	45	39	36	34
193	Thajwara Martand	493	112			517	279	238	257	207
194	Shelipora	362	71			376	213	163	213	163
195	Omar Khar	36	8			34	16	18	9	11
196	Bidorah	273	62			338	168	170	166	170
		1515	312			1618	862	756	822	713
197	Nawgam Kothar	1421	307	53		1519	828	691	761	640
		1421	307			1519	828	691	761	640
198	Sanbrana	277	71	54		290	162	128	133	98
199	Kothar	859	195			916	534	382	529	378
200	Andorah	203	43			259	142	117	142	117
		1339	309			1465	838	627	804	593
201	Chatergul	2081	471	55		2125	1171	954	979	793
		2081	471			2125	1171	954	979	793
202	Bimar-Narsar	561	115	56		581	355	226	353	226
203	Chakalpora	1081	196			1137	638	499	638	499
204	Themrau	166	30			162	95	67	95	67
		1808	341			1080	1088	792	1086	792
205	Amarkamo	291	69	57		285	169	116	130	95
206	Nagam	1047	263			1117	614	503	610	503
		1338	332			1402	783	619	740	598
207	Sofi Shali	1513	349	58		1536	880	656	869	656
208	Panjam	604	128			695	387	308	387	308
		2117	477			2231	1267	964	1256	964
209	Damhal	696	147	59		707	405	302	405	302
210	Harehpora	393	95			429	248	181	248	181
211	Akingam	1378	343			1412	786	626	691	522
		2467	585			2548	1439	1109	1344	1005
212	Mehripora	364	77	60		366	211	155	181	129
213	Hilerarhama	1308	267			1445	816	629	814	627
214	Khalhar	288	56			340	182	158	143	120
215	Kandiwarain	513	105			563	313	250	296	238
		2473	505			2714	1522	1192	1434	1114
216	Branthu	66	11	61		60	33	27	33	27
217	Naidpora	179	39			193	106	87	106	87
218	Arkhwishpora	501	120			511	284	227	284	227
219	Pakhpora	131	33			151	86	65	86	65
		877	203			915	509	408	500	400

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
220	Branti Batpora	1311	276	62		1366	757	609	704	560
221	Imoh	652	138			640	361	279	358	276
222	Sendho	299	72			311	165	146	105	146
		2262	486			2317	1283	1034	1227	982
223	Kreri	595	146	63		633	327	306	299	269
		595	146			633	327	306	299	269
224	Otrasu	2295	547	64		2397	1281	1116	1080	925
		2295	547			2397	1281	1116	1080	925
225	Shergund	537	81	65		475	266	209	220	176
226	Shivepora	599	133			649	370	279	340	263
227	Ahopaisan	855	174			850	472	378	409	370
228	Cherehpora	727	154			734	432	302	432	302
229	Chogam	633	114			571	334	237	333	237
230	Tanjmolla	244	63			251	148	103	147	103
		3595	719			3530	2022	1508	1941	1457
231	Hakura Badasgam	2195	564	66		2224	1221	1003	1189	977
		2195	564			2224	1221	1003	1189	977
232	Hardu Dharana	689	146	67		722	381	341	373	332
233	Zaldora	274	58			264	136	128	117	113
234	Gund Nawroz	174	46			149	77	72	69	72
235	Mantehpora	358	91			341	173	168	153	139
236	Bahai	452	91			480	270	210	270	210
		1947	432			1956	1037	919	982	866
237	Kharehpora	534	95	68		678	343	335	343	335
238	Keherpora	573	86			545	314	231	314	231
239	Narsangar	433	72			397	224	173	224	173
240	Laisu Brani Nar	691	129			658	355	301	355	301
241	Larno	1106	241			1153	630	523	626	523
		3337	623			3429	1866	1563	1862	1563
242	Nawbug	799	150	69		707	395	312	394	312
243	Guri Draman	710	136			705	400	305	398	305
244	Rani Athar	779	154			818	450	368	450	368
245	Mati Handu	635	121			612	316	296	316	296
246	Gawran	280	55			296	156	140	156	140
		3203	616			3138	1717	1421	1714	1421
247	Shawangas	2140	509	70		2219	1212	1007	1204	1006
		2140	509			2219	1212	1007	1204	1006
248	Wangam	408	82	71		428	235	193	207	172
249	Shaikh Gund	123	23			117	67	50	67	50
250	Ogreh Balan	187	34			176	95	81	94	81
		718	139			721	397	324	368	303
251	Renipora	539	149	72		598	338	260	305	242
252	Brah	546	134			570	301	269	270	231
		1085	283			1168	639	529	575	473
253	Dentho Nagnaren	988	242	73		998	564	434	563	434
254	Krari Kothar	521	122			566	320	246	320	246
255	Khul Chowhar	492	128			470	259	211	251	204
		2001	492			2034	1143	891	1134	884
256	Fatehpora	1635	233	74		1412	746	666	620	560
		1635	233			1412	746	666	620	560
257	Hardu Shichan	782	132	75		801	430	371	430	371
258	Pethbug	540	99			599	341	258	315	246

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (other)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
259	Peth Dialgam	456	125			769	416	353	416	353
260	Ogjan	202	30			204	114	90	114	90
		1980	386			2373	1301	1072	1275	1060
261	Doru (Town)	2252	578	76	7	2280	1222	1058	1189	1042
		2252	578			2280	1222	1058	1189	1042
262	Nathipora	244	82	77		272	144	128	144	128
263	Mandipora	201	40			165	76	89	76	89
264	Shastergam	74	21			88	37	51	37	51
265	Chango	450	110			415	205	210	205	210
266	Nadora Kralmar	289	81			295	151	144	135	129
		1258	334			1235	613	622	597	607
267	Arigam	798	179	78		855	447	408	445	408
268	Dewalgam	2669	566			2707	1491	1216	1483	1216
		3467	745			3562	1938	1624	1928	1624
269	Pranigam	105	21	79		95	54	41	54	41
270	Badermonch	138	39			131	67	64	67	64
271	Moudah	439	132			470	238	232	229	232
272	Sadiwarah	764	171			760	369	391	368	391
		1446	383			1456	728	728	718	728
273	Manzmoh	867	151	80		913	460	453	457	453
274	Tunjlu	458	92			440	219	221	219	221
275	Wangund	451	100			494	236	258	234	257
276	Harigam	12	2			11	6	5	1	
277	Dalwach Gagsgund	381	79			316	148	168	148	168
278	Gochan	239	55			225	122	103	122	103
279	Tarehgam	124	31			121	63	58	32	31
280	Ojru	147	31			140	70	70	70	70
281	Hilar Shahbad	360	89			385	190	195	187	195
		3030	630			3045	1514	1531	1470	1498
282	Arwadhri	435	102	81		397	207	190	207	190
283	Bragam	532	131			549	258	291	247	276
284	Oie Bamdora	549	115			602	332	270	327	269
285	Takia Ahmad Shah	35	9			29	17	12	17	12
286	Antreh Hal	175	32			168	86	82	86	82
287	Giebug	79	14			79	34	45	34	45
288	Chawalgam	350	80			406	215	191	215	191
289	Rakh Lisar	82	6			41	21	20	21	20
290	Bhoj	445	90			440	249	191	249	191
		2682	579			2711	1419	1292	1403	1276
291	Qamar	1127	197	82		1095	532	563	530	563
		1127	197			1095	532	563	530	563
292	Halsidar	915	160	83		829	426	403	426	403
		915	160			829	426	403	426	403
293	Khrati	885	171	84		910	493	417	491	417
294	Drawi	452	80			464	259	105	259	205
295	Godobal	478	85			480	248	232	248	232
296	Dandipora	1064	187			1055	593	462	592	462
297	Badihara	541	86			541	301	240	301	240
298	Desu Nowbug	761	185			861	473	388	463	388
		4181	794			4311	2367	1944	2354	1944
299	Omoh	252	41	85		284	133	151	133	151
300	Nawgam Shahabad	989	203			980	498	482	497	482
		1241	244			1264	631	633	630	633
301	Navopora	1066	240	86		1146	611	535	606	534
		1066	240			1146	611	535	606	534

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
302	Sagam	1648	383	87		1792	963	829	808	674
303	Danwatpora	335	84			362	182	180	179	177
304	Bider Hayatpora	1057	262			1109	605	504	478	406
		3040	729			3263	1750	1513	1465	1257
305	Godal Ahlan	2474	499	88		2715	1481	1234	1478	1234
306	Lohar Sanzi	912	171			889	472	417	472	417
307	Halapora	473	97			535	281	254	281	254
308	Areh Hal	390	81			483	274	209	274	209
309	Chera Tenzi	216	43			212	109	103	109	103
		4471	891			4834	2617	2217	2614	2217
310	Theman Kot	649	208	89		1075	578	497	576	497
311	Ranichow Gund	1048	133			590	310	280	310	280
		1697	341			1665	888	777	886	777
312	Batagund	1216	271	90		1304	658	646	619	621
313	Polia	414	97			455	234	221	157	148
		1630	368			1759	892	867	776	769
314	Verinag (Town)	2134	625	91		2219	1116	1103	906	942
		2134	625			2219	1116	1103	906	942
315	Nala Sondh Brani	1229	259	92		1498	776	722	776	722
316	Takya Magam	1580	220			1195	633	562	633	562
		2809	479			2693	1409	1284	1409	1284
317	Bindozalagam	1061	220	93		1135	616	519	606	510
		1061	220			1135	616	519	606	510
318	Gwas	567	123	94		525	281	244	281	244
319	Kapran	715	156			750	394	356	394	356
		1282	279			1275	675	600	675	600
320	Hengipora	358	64	95		336	170	166	170	166
321	Rangmondu	147	25			124	62	62	62	62
322	Chowhan	208	46			176	89	87	89	87
323	Hatgowas	379	71			380	199	181	199	181
		1092	206			1016	520	496	520	496
324	Lakhawan Lankpora	1051	211	96		1093	584	509	464	418
325	Chakpath	241	47			256	135	121	128	115
326	Boneh Gund	304	62			282	139	143	139	143
327	Shankerpora	385	82			382	212	170	212	170
328	Nawpora Shahabad	619	132			597	317	280	316	280
329	Shawangram	238	47			243	128	115	128	115
330	Krari Shahabad	427	88			434	229	205	229	205
		3265	669			3287	1744	1543	1616	1446
	TOTAL	192384	39684			203146	111351	91795	104714	86760
	B. P.	1148	150			681	371	310	371	310
	GRAND TOTAL	193532	39834			203827	111722	92105	105085	87070

*Others—2M 2F Indian Christians.

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.
7249	Sewar
7196	Gund Nowda

S. No.	Name.
174	Lewar
132	Gund Nauroz

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		155	155							109	2
		3	3							19	
		127	98							104	1
		285	256							232	3
		3								85	
										40	
										5	
										19	
										11	
		3								160	
		2								8	
										11	
		2								19	
		39	25							69	
		77	73							51	3
		116	98							120	3
14	8	196	153							228	12
14	8	196	153							228	12
										18	
										49	
										67	
		10	9							98	1
		10	9							98	1
										34	1
										28	10
										62	11
										3	
										1	
										8	
										14	1
										26	1
		120	91							55	1
		7	6							1	
										4	
										7	
		1								9	
										1	
										14	
		128	97							91	1
711	244	5321	4325	601	464	2		2	2	10824	601
711	244	5321	4325	601	464	2		2	2	10824	601

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
7198	Shurat Gund	136	Suthrast-ghar
7195	Hamiyar	130	Heiyar
7193	Doniyar	134	Depatyar
7212	Glah Gund	151	Miragund
7240	Chattar Bug	126	Kherehbug
7247	Gher Behunadru	170	Chetren Bedra
7252	Leehi Dajan	168	Lehan Daji
7253	Hardu Keihaln Suffiwara	167	Hardu Keithal Sofipora
7254	Gunjigam	166	Kanjgam
7264	Nier	138	Yanier
7261	Dalier Sieram	146	Virsieran
7266	Ladro	113	Ladhna
7274	Bonakot	94	Botkot
7275	Bonakot Gujran	95	Botkot Gujran
7291	Gohripora	82	Logripora
7313	Batpora Chandipora	61	Batapora
7293	Seegam	89	Gund Saligam
7305	Salia Dahnipora	63	Salia Panchalpora
7312	Nawgam Khawarpora	59	Nawgam
7307	Barar Kandrun	66	Brar-Angandan
7308	Negha Marg	64	Teng Marg
7316	Halsu	54	Moulsu
7323	Hassanabad	57	Hassanabad Hotmora
7327	Cheyalibug	50	Chetipaibug
7328	Lashmipora	49	Shamsipora
7333	Manipora	24	Matipora
7229	Azehbug	161	Arehbug
7339	Jesfin	1	Sifan
7370	Gopalpora Kalan Amergarh	35	Amirgarh Gopalpora Kalan
7376	Chhatai Mangpora	43	Kerewa Chatisinghpura
7471	Krari	254	Krari Kothar
7452	Sand Sona	191	Sandsomah
7451	Tahjewara	193	Thajwara Martand
7355	Ontar Sunjigund	13	Autrusu Najigund
7520	Palapora	219	Pakhpora
7444	Lakhwan Larakhpora	324	Lakhawan Lankpora
7511	Hakura	231	Hakura Badasgam
7428	Giehom	287	Giebug
7509	Babaki	236	Bahai
7426	Chawagam	288	Chawalgam
7424	Oie Adora	284	Oie Bamdora
7450	Krari	330	Krari Shaabad
7446	Nawpora	328	Nawpora Sahaabad
7436	Devgaj Gund	277	Dalwach Gagsgund
7384	Shatergam	264	Shastergam
7388	Batagund Angore	312	Bata Gund
7386	Nadora Kralsar	266	Nadora Kralmar
7439	Salar Shahabad	281	Hilar Shahbad
7432	Batjalu	274	Tunjlu
7442	Mandrah	271	Moudah
7396	Halidar	292	Halsidar
7398	Gharas	318	Gwas
7409	Chera Tenzi Pernerri	309	Chera Tenzi
7411	Gadahal	295	Gadobal
7498	Magam	206	Nagam
7500	Kyhar	214	Khalhar
7502	Brarahama	213	Hilerarhama
7468	Oggeh Patan	250	Ogreh Balan
7464	Nawgam	197	Nawgam Kothar
7465	Lasvangas	247	Shawangas
7478	Shiekhpora	226	Shivepora

(ii) Sakhras serial number 173 is not traceable in Village Tables 1931. This was probably shown under some other name or included with some other village in 1931.

(iii) The villages Panzmolla and Chi having serial numbers 65 and 25 respectively also cover the population of Nowpora Kharpora and Yalibug which were shown separately under serial number 7315 and serial number 7326 respectively in 1931. The figures for 1931 represent the totals of the equivalent for 1941 in each case.

(iv) Boat population has been shown separately where it is so recorded. This population has no serial number in the Village Tables.

MUZAFFARABAD.

The Muzaffarabad District lies to the north-west of the Kashmir Province. On its own north it is bounded by the Chilas illaqa of the Gilgit Agency and Astore ; on the west and north-west by the N. W. F. Province of British India ; on the south, beyond the watershed of the Pir Panjal, lies Poonch Jagir and to the east Baramulla. The area of the district is 2,408 sq. miles. It comprises the three tehsils Muzaffarabad, Uri and Karnah the separate areas of which are 546, 520 and 1,342 sq. miles respectively. Muzaffarabad is the smallest district of the Kashmir Province with respect to area, population and crops. The whole district is mountainous. Climatic conditions vary considerably. In summer the heat of Domel (2,200 ft), and other villages at a low altitude, is extreme compared to the delightful temperature of villages at levels exceeding 6,000 ft. In the winter Domel and the low-lying areas enjoy a very pleasant climate whereas the high altitude villages experience heavy snow fall and intense cold.

The headquarters of the district and of the tehsil of the same name are at Muzaffarabad, situated on the right bank of the Jhelum and at the confluence of the Jhelum and Kishenganga rivers. Opposite on the left bank of the Jhelum connected to Muzaffarabad by a first class motor bridge, is Domel. The Jhelum and Kishenganga rivers both pass through the district ; the former through the Uri Tehsil and along the border of Muzaffarabad Tehsil and the latter through the Karnah and Muzaffarabad Tehsils. Neither is navigable ; their greatest service is to afford a cheap means of floating timber to the Punjab. The tributaries of these two rivers supply water for irrigation wherever it is possible to bring it to the cultivable land at the mouths and on the sides of the mountain torrents.

The Jhelum Valley Road runs through the Uri Tehsil from east to west and follows closely the left bank of the Jhelum. At Domel it bifurcates ; the main road goes on through Kohala to Murree and Rawalpindi ; the branch crosses the Domel bridge and runs on through the Muzaffarabad Tehsil to Ramkot and then into the Mansehra Tehsil of Abbottabad District of the N. W. F. P. Except for these two main roads, communications are not good and consist of bridle paths only which are subject to serious damage from heavy rains every year. The completion of the road now under construction from near Uri to Poonch, over the Haji Pir, will give the district a valuable link with Poonch Jagir.

The headquarters of the Uri Tehsil is at Pirasthan (Uri town) on the Jhelum Valley Road about 60 miles from Srinagar. The headquarters of the Karnah Tehsil is at Teetwal. It is connected with Muzaffarabad by a pack transport road which starts on the right bank of the Kishenganga at Muzaffarabad but later crosses to the left bank. Beyond Teetwal the road goes on to Shārdaji, venerated by Hindus, and Kel ; in many places it is little better than a bridle path.

2. Population.—The population of the district in 1931 was 237,447 ; at the recent Census it was 264,671, an increase of 11.46 per cent. against 10.29 per cent. for the whole State. No particular reasons can be advanced for the larger proportionate increase. The population of each tehsil in 1931 was 112,798, 71,570 and 53,079 for Muzaffarabad, Uri and Karnah respectively. The figures at the recent Census were 125,585, 80,223 and 58,863, in the same order, representing a percentage increase of 11.33, 12.09 and 10.89 respectively. Muslims predominate in all tehsils and total 245,858 ; this is equivalent to over 92 per cent. of the population ; only 436 are recorded as Shias. Of the rest Sikhs come next with a total of 12,922, over two-thirds belonging to the Muzaffarabad Tehsil, Hindus total 5,846 of whom also over two-thirds live in Muzaffarabad. All others, mostly Indian Christians, total 45.

Linguistically and ethnologically the majority of the people of this district have no affinity to the people of the rest of the Kashmir Province. There are considerable numbers of Kashmiri Muslims in all three tehsils but the large Gujjar element has no racial connection with the Kashmiri Muslim. The Hindus are mostly connected with Punjab families ; the same may be said of many of the Sikhs ; the ancestors of the remainder of the Sikhs probably found their way to the area during the time of Sikh rule which ended in 1846. The chief local languages are Pahari, Kashmiri and Punjabi. Details connected with the sex ratio for the different tehsils and the number of occupied houses can be seen easily by a reference to the tables.

3. Migrations.—There is little emigration or immigration. A few men may go to the Punjab in the winter in search of employment but the number is believed to be negligible. Bakarwals from Poonch and Kotli migrate with their flocks and herds to the good pastures of Uri

and Karnah Tehsils in the summer. Men in fair numbers come from the Haveli Tehsil of Poonch to work in the forests in the Kishenganga valley.

4. Agriculture.—Maize is easily the most important crop: rice, wheat and barley are definitely of secondary importance; maize forms the staple diet of the great majority of the population. In Muzaffarabad Tehsil wheat takes second place to maize with rice third and barley of little importance. In Uri rice comes next to maize followed by wheat; barley is again a poor fourth. In Karnah maize is easily the most important followed by rice; other crops are of comparatively little importance. Oilseeds, pulses, dhals and trumba are grown in small quantities in all tehsils.

Taking the district as a whole production is insufficient. Imports of rice and maize are obtained from the Kashmir Valley *via* the Jhelum Valley Road in the case of the Uri and Muzaffarabad Tehsils and from the neighbouring tehsil of Uttarmachipora in the case of Karnah. Cultivation depends chiefly on rainfall; perhaps 15 per cent. of the cultivated area is irrigated; this is dependent on small kuhls taken off from springs and from mountain streams. There are no canals of any individual importance.

In Uri Tehsil rice production for the fairly large Kashmiri element of the population is not sufficient. Maize production is ample but as exports are made to Poonch and British India some quantities are imported from the Kashmir Valley to make good any deficiency resulting from local exports. Muzaffarabad Tehsil is not self-supporting in food grains, especially in the case of rice which is imported from the Kashmir Valley. In some areas of Karnah about one-sixth of the total, particularly in the southwestern end of the tehsil, on either side of the main Kishenganga Valley, production of food crops only suffices for about three months consumption. In the remaining five-sixths of the area production is said to be sufficient for half the year.

The area under gardens and orchards in all three tehsils is negligible. Such orchards as exist are in the Muzaffarabad Tehsil, about 225 acres. Vegetables, the most important of which are potatoes, are grown to a small extent near Muzaffarabad and other urbanised areas. Other vegetables grown are turnips, onions, chillies, tomatoes and karelas. Vegetables as a crop are practically non-existent in rural areas where all available land is required for the production of

food grains. No fairs are held for the purpose of sale and interchange of agricultural produce. Walnuts grow well at suitable altitudes throughout the district and the crop forms a minor source of income.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no organised industries other than the exploitation of forests. Wool spinning and weaving on hand looms is a cottage industry; good blankets and puttoos are produced for local consumption. Snuff is made in the Uri and Muzaffarabad Tehsils. Efforts are being made to start apiculture in Uri.

The exploitation of the forests may be said to be the only industry in the district. In the upper reaches of the Kishenganga valley, in the Karnah Tehsil, the magnificent forests, containing deodar, pine and fir, have been worked for years and have been a steady source of employment and profit to local inhabitants. Without this outlet for local labour the area could not support the existing comparatively small population. There are forests in the other tehsils too but they are not so extensive or valuable or such a steady source of employment. The people of Muzaffarabad and Uri get a good deal of employment on road construction work. This is particularly so in the case of Uri. The Jhelum Valley Road runs right through the tehsil; in addition the Uri-Poonch road is under construction and provides a good outlet for local labour. Road construction and repair work in Karnah Tehsil is negligible. In the forest areas particularly in Karnah Tehsil the people of adjacent villages get additional income by the collection of guchhis—a specie of morel—and the collection of Kuth and other minor forest produce.

Unskilled labour rates vary from four annas to ten annas according to the nature of the work. Artizans and skilled workers earn from eight annas to rupee one per day.

There is small electric power station at Muzaffarabad which was started by private enterprise and later taken over by the Electrical Department of the State. There is a large electric power station at Mohora in the Uri Tehsil, on the main J. V. Road, which supplies lighting and power to Srinagar and many other areas. Machines, electrically propelled, have been installed at Muzaffarabad for the extraction of oil.

6. Means of Subsistence and Indebtedness.—The great majority of the people of the district are dependent on agriculture, livestock and labour in the forests and on the roads for a livelihood.

There are other miscellaneous sources of income but those mentioned are the most important. A relatively small number are employed in government service.

Karnah is not self-supporting in the matter of food grains for more than half the year and the other two tehsils taken together have little to spare. Muzaffarabad is not self supporting. In these circumstances a high price for food grains is not an advantage to the majority although those whose holdings produce more than enough for their own requirements benefit; such holdings constitute a small minority.

Settlement operations for the revision of assessment rates were carried out in all three tehsils comparatively, recently; the reports were issued in 1936, 1935 and 1931 for Muzaffarabad, Uri and Karnah respectively. The rates adopted are reasonable and well below prices current during the past decade although the latter were lower than during the decade 1921-30. In the absence of an economic survey it is not possible to give accurate figures for indebtedness.

In the Settlement reports referred to above unsecured debt is given as Rs. 1,226,219, Rs. 477,241, Rs. 238,410 in the order they are mentioned. Assuming these figures have not since increased, the average debt per head on the basis of the 1941 population works out at Rs. 9.76, Rs. 5.96 and Rs. 4.05 for Muzaffarabad, Uri and Karnah respectively. As the Wazir of the district estimates the average annual income per head to be only Rs. 40 the debt per head is heavy particularly in the case of Muzaffarabad Tehsil. The figures given for unsecured debts refer to those paying land revenue only and so the figures per head of the population are only approximate. The Settlement reports state that unsecured debt at the time of Settlement revision was equivalent to Rs. 16-13-5 per cultivated acre in Muzaffarabad, Rs. 13-9-3 in Uri and Rs. 13-0-3 in Karnah. Taking the number of assamis from the reports, (46,525, 24,262 and 16,545 respectively) the debt works out at Rs. 26.3, Rs. 19.6 and Rs. 14.4 per assami for the three tehsils in the order quoted above.

These debts for the most part have been accumulated in the past under the Rekh or Wadh system by which advances taken from moneylenders against future deliveries of agricultural produce go on increasing with accumulating interest charges unless deliveries due are punctually made. The figures for debt quoted

were collected by the Settlement Department at the end of the decade 1921-30 and, since we have assumed no increase in the past decade, they probably represent an understatement rather than the reverse. Towards the end of the decade 1921-30 the Agriculturists Relief Act was passed; this limits the rate of interest which a money-lender can recover in the courts and restricts his ability to get a strangle-hold on the peasant. At the same time it must limit the zamindars credit and ability to raise funds. If evasion is prevented the legislation mentioned must assist the zamindar gradually to reduce his indebtedness. The details given indicate that throughout the district means of subsistence are strictly limited, the standard of living low and indebtedness greater than the community can easily bear.

7. Education.—The number of schools in the whole district is one High School, seven Middle Schools and 88 Primary Schools. The High School is located at the district headquarters, Muzaffarabad; there are also two Middle Schools and 32 Primary Schools for boys and one Middle School and one Primary School for girls in this tehsil.

In Uri Tehsil there are two Middle Schools and 26 Primary Schools for boys and 1 Primary School for girls; in Karnah two Middle Schools and 28 Primary Schools.

Local opinion is to the effect that the schools provided are sufficient to meet present requirements in Muzaffarabad and Uri Tehsils but not in the case of Karnah owing to the mountainous character of the latter. But it is doubtful if the existing number of schools is sufficient in any tehsils and the present policy of His Highness' Government to open more primary schools every year is in accordance with requirements.

At the recent Census the number of literates in each tehsil was Muzaffarabad 6,962 males and 1,826 females, Uri 3,964 males and 537 females and Karnah 1,899 males and 69 females. These figures give a percentage of 5.7 for the whole district and 6.9, 5.6 and 3.3 for the tehsils Muzaffarabad, Uri and Karnah separately.

An examination of the tables in detail will show that both the number and the percentage of literates is higher in those villages and localities where there are Sikhs and Hindus. This is particularly so in the case of villages containing Sikhs; further the number and percentage of literate females is higher in villages inhabited by Sikhs than in other villages. From these factors

it is clear that the percentage of literacy amongst Sikhs in this district is higher than for the chief community but it does not follow that this is so in every village.

8. Health and Water Supply.—The percentage increase in population for the district and for each tehsil is higher than the average for the whole State and health conditions during the decade appear to have been good. There were no serious epidemics of cholera, typhoid, small-pox or typhus. Malaria is prevalent in most of the villages of Muzaffarabad and Uri Tehsils and is said to be the chief cause of death. In Karnah there is some malaria in villages at low altitudes but it is not serious; pneumonia appears to be the chief cause of illness and death. Karnah seems to be the most healthy tehsil and Muzaffarabad the least.

There are three dispensaries in Muzaffarabad, three in Uri and two in Karnah. In addition there are Ayurvedic and Unani practitioners in all three tehsils. The people are said to prefer indigenous treatment everywhere because it is less expensive. Medical facilities cannot be described as adequate in any tehsil but in Karnah they are said to be inadequate. This tehsil is remote from district headquarters and from Srinagar; it is very mountainous and there are no roads for wheeled traffic. An itinerant dispensary carried on pack-transport would be a great boon. There is an Ayurvedic practitioner at Sharda Ji who is subsidised by government but the grant sanctioned in his favour is said to be very small.

Supplies of drinking water are reported to be adequate and good on the whole in the Muzaffarabad Tehsil except in some of the villages in the Chikar locality. In Uri Tehsil the supply

seems to be good except at Uri town; a scheme for improved supplies is said to be in hand. The water in Karnah is said to be good and adequate.

9. Miscellaneous.—(a) The chief places of archaeological or religious interest in the district are:—

- (i) Sarai Jahangir said to have been built by the Emperor Jahangir at Muzaffarabad.
- (ii) Gurdwara Guru Hargobind Singh Sahib at Nolocho, Muzaffarabad, Paranpillan and Gujarbandi (Uri).
- (iii) Mughal ruins at Uri, Chikar and Gujarbandi.
- (iv) Ruins of ancient Hindu temples at Buniar and Thatha in Uri Tehsil.
- (v) Shri Sharda Ji temple in Karnah.

(b) The more important fairs held in the district are:—

- (i) The Gurdwara Nolocho fair held in the month of Baisakh at Muzaffarabad.
- (ii) Ziarat Sain Sahib's fair at Jalalabad in Magh at Muzaffarabad.
- (iii) The fair held at the confluence of the Kishenganga and Jhelum rivers at Domel.
- (iv) The fair held at the Sharda Ji shrine each year in the month of Bhadon (Karnah).

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT MUZAFFARABAD, TEHSIL MUZAFFARABAD

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Muzaffarabad

Tehsil Muzaffarabad

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Grutnar	237	45	1	1	253	144	109	144	109
2	Kail Giran	865	149			1005	548	457	546	457
3	Majhotar	555	102			599	325	274	321	272
4	Bal Giran	1064	185			1117	631	486	630	486
		2721	481			2974	1648	1326	1641	1324
5	Jeeng	698	135	2		801	416	385	416	385
6	Damroli	18	6			27	17	10	17	10
7	Min Giran	235	43			238	137	101	137	101
8	Palla	672	125			737	379	358	377	358
9	Panjoor Gali	254	46			333	188	145	188	145
		1877	355			2136	1137	999	1135	999
10	Sarli Sacha	622	109	3		723	386	337	386	337
11	Panjoor	638	107			729	383	346	383	346
12	Panj Nand	121	17			134	70	64	70	64
13	Muhri	102	20			124	70	54	70	54
14	Chatha	118	23			160	74	86	74	86
15	Machhiara	765	129			774	424	350	420	350
		2366	405			2644	1407	1237	1403	1237
16	Dooliar	279	53	4		282	158	124	158	124
17	Danna	142	33			181	104	77	104	77
18	Jhakkharian	297	59			339	178	161	178	161
19	Kabaya	75	19			111	58	53	58	53
20	Koli	210	42			222	123	99	123	99
21	Chamian Khetar	120	21			125	69	56	69	56
22	Sernian	152	27			175	94	81	94	81
23	But Dara	130	22			167	96	71	96	71
24	Gorakha	186	47			246	124	122	124	122
		1591	323			1848	1004	844	1004	844
25	Choorel Dabrial	492	96	5		510	257	253	257	253
26	Ghatian	360	66			355	186	169	186	169
27	Gali Khetar	468	102			508	257	251	257	251
28	Doba	404	95			471	236	235	236	235
29	Besri	525	111			581	296	285	296	285
		2249	470			2425	1232	1193	1232	1193
30	Seri Bheri	983	207	6		1032	505	527	504	527
31	Sadiqa	175	29			173	100	73	100	73
32	Nalia	48	12			60	34	26	34	26
33	Kalas	143	24			166	83	83	83	83
34	Hariala	51	9			71	38	33	38	33
		1405	281			1502	760	742	759	742
35	Giran Kotli	96	24	7		134	72	62	72	62
36	Pialian Batnara	262	45			345	168	177	168	177
37	Lari	129	28			145	66	79	66	79
38	Prak	42	6			39	26	13	26	13
39	Kundla	136	31			142	62	80	62	80
40	Bandi Khatana	450	86			495	260	235	260	235
41	Dhatocra	278	50			313	163	150	163	150
42	Chakaria	211	42			231	123	108	123	108
		1604	312			1844	940	904	940	904
43	Bagh	107	24	8		111	64	47	64	47
44	Sangri	197	49			199	104	95	104	95
45	Hootreri	33	12			40	20	20	20	20
46	Saidpur	1187	243			1099	575	524	575	524

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
47	Shurnian	185	32			184	100	84	100	84
48	Riali	325	57			379	203	176	203	176
49	Rajkote	407	75			464	238	226	238	226
		2441	492			2476	1304	1172	1304	1172
50	Sachian	44	9	9		43	27	16	27	16
51	Mamdal	378	75			374	186	188	186	188
52	Balseri	66	17			112	59	53	59	53
53	Parsacha	363	67			406	221	185	160	120
54	Drar	386	85			440	244	196	244	196
55	Ghundi	131	31			163	89	74	89	74
		1368	284			1538	826	712	765	647
56	Bashash	207	46	10		277	152	125	152	125
57	Battal	415	87			434	235	199	235	199
58	Karshan	134	27			138	74	64	74	64
59	Bela Durkoti	28	4			25	16	9	16	9
60	Kahori	638	147			727	401	326	278	217
61	Kulser	13	9			18	15	3	11	3
		1435	320			1619	893	726	766	617
62	Jabri	5	1	11		12	6	6	6	6
63	Khanian	275	50			377	185	192	185	192
64	Ghanian	286	50			378	192	186	192	186
65	Rajpaian	368	73			433	223	210	220	210
66	Saryan	494	75			524	272	252	272	252
67	Danol	59	15			80	37	43	37	43
68	Bandi Miran	109	19			104	55	49	55	49
69	Jabbian	21	5			19	8	11	8	11
		1617	288			1927	978	949	975	949
70	Talgiran	599	93	12		584	292	292	292	292
71	Said Batta	253	59			280	149	131	149	131
72	Seri Karra	193	39			192	109	83	109	83
73	Sumbal Bhanna	70	17			87	49	38	49	38
74	Seri Laloo	84	13			71	38	33	38	33
75	Bhatikka	540	134			752	392	360	49	39
		1739	355			1966	1029	937	686	616
76	Narhotar	233	51	13		239	138	101	138	101
77	Man Giran	300	75			344	180	164	174	156
78	Dherian	68	23			96	46	50	13	12
79	Badyar	17	4			15	10	5	10	5
80	Ashrok	239	58			263	142	121	88	74
81	Kanian	349	109			392	209	183	209	183
82	Pagdam	108	33			113	65	48	65	48
83	Bandi Shoran	75	16			66	36	30	36	30
		1389	369			1528	826	702	733	609
84	Pichhpai	120	21	14		86	47	39	47	39
85	Tarkhan Bandi	64	14			78	41	37	41	37
86	Hir Kotli	789	166			836	456	380	381	309
87	Batmang	330	69			404	228	176	228	176
		1303	270			1404	772	632	697	561
88	Bandi Mir Samdani	208	61	15		266	139	127	139	127
89	Jhela	295	85			365	208	157	208	157
90	Paj Giran	63	16			54	34	20	34	20
91	Sherwan	70	13			99	52	47	52	47
92	Shawai	191	46			227	137	90	137	90
93	Karnah	92	23			120	60	60	60	60
94	Thangar	90	17			96	53	43	53	43
95	Kot	75	20			107	60	47	60	47
96	Hasan Galian	351	75			353	207	146	207	146
97	Lamian Patian	390	58			463	256	207	256	207
98	Doong	106	26			127	66	61	60	57
99	Sarian	117	22			128	74	54	74	54
100	Morbud	102	22			111	61	50	61	50
101	Dral Nakka	129	31			187	103	84	103	84
		2279	545			2703	1510	1193	1504	1189

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										4	
										13	
										3	
										39	
										2	
										12	
										3	
				61	65					21	8
										25	
										3	
				61	65					66	8
										7	
										3	
										1	
		105	99	18	10					100	30
				4						1	
		105	99	22	10					112	30
										6	
										2	
		2			1					9	
										2	
										4	
										23	
										14	8
										6	2
										4	
										2	
										4	
				343	321					247	212
				343	321					277	222
										6	2
				6	8					9	5
				33	38					28	16
										7	
				54	47					53	40
										19	9
										19	1
										9	1
				93	93					150	74
										2	
										1	
										21	
										12	
										38	
										58	8
										18	1
										12	
										2	
										2	
										2	
										4	
		2	4	4						2	2
										2	
										2	1
										2	
		2	4	4						106	12

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
102	Balak Bhanna	83	17	16		106	52	54	52	54
103	Hadora	23	6			24	8	16	8	16
104	Bandi Samman	64	15			80	38	42	38	42
105	Bela Noor Shah	143	23			135	70	65	64	61
106	Kham Darang	149	22			178	95	83	63	43
107	Mohri	89	18			118	59	59	59	59
108	Gojra	604	113			731	373	358	306	354
109	Naloochi	435	124			593	300	293	45	39
110	Darra	358	77			454	243	211	243	211
111	Ramkote	282	78			385	208	177	174	156
112	Shoran	63	11			59	28	31	28	31
		2293	504			2863	1474	1389	1140	1066
113	Patrind	515	125	17		624	349	275	344	273
114	Retar	54	23			79	39	40	39	40
115	Gotah	204	43			218	108	110	108	110
116	Sarar	199	58			229	113	116	113	116
117	Alra	100	27			112	59	53	59	53
118	Hassan Abad	103	24			96	50	46	50	46
119	Dhani Dhondan	114	28			117	62	55	62	55
120	Seri	114	38			124	59	65	11	5
		1403	366			1599	839	760	786	698
121	Atshal	174	58	18		200	101	99	101	99
122	Kotli	943	236			1188	582	606	139	130
123	Domashi	99	23			87	45	42	45	42
124	Abhial	123	33			128	71	57	11	6
		1339	350			1603	799	804	296	283
125	Rara	189	33	19	2	180	100	80	38	18
126	Basnara	158	44			198	100	98	8	
127	Utrasi	254	58			276	143	133	142	133
128	Garthan	181	35			187	101	86	101	86
129	Sawan	127	35			148	81	67	81	67
130	Namli	187	41			187	107	80	107	80
131	Nagni	97	24			115	68	47	68	41
132	Niman	34	14			60	34	26	10	
		1227	284			1351	734	617	555	425
133	Bharoorra	77	22	20		100	57	43	57	43
134	Kherabad	237	56			244	128	116	106	95
135	Shah Dara	246	43			218	113	105	107	93
136	Sayan	246	59			288	149	139	7	
137	Barsala	243	58			273	150	123	138	119
138	Batangi	112	15			71	41	30	31	20
139	Dhani Kohala	54	27			75	49	26	21	15
140	Dangali	172	30			158	89	69	89	69
141	Barhan	50	11			56	31	25	31	25
142	Chatar Kalas	226	59			257	149	108	129	88
		1663	380			1740	956	784	716	567
143	Bagna	297	58	21		363	181	182	173	177
144	Bagla Sikhan	186	38			250	136	114	31	19
145	Dachha	191	39			184	91	93	89	89
146	Dili	197	39			194	107	87	107	87
147	Puthian	230	43			224	105	119	105	119
148	Satnara	180	33			157	86	71	80	71
149	Uchah	82	16			68	37	31	37	31
		1363	266			1440	743	697	628	593
150	Karian	78	13	22		76	40	36	40	36
151	Namotar	113	22			126	70	56	70	56
152	Darbung	657	141			746	389	357	389	357
153	Hariola	301	65			312	152	160	150	157
154	Danna	893	172			943	499	444	321	285
155	Sehotar	312	60			313	176	137	139	121
		2354	473			2516	1326	1190	1109	1012
156	Baglota	76	16	23		68	34	34	34	34
157	Dhawi	175	56			166	84	82	84	82
158	Jalibari	95	27			94	53	41	53	41

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
159	Rajputhi	548	147			694	359	335	221	224
160	Ballan	463	101			592	317	275	317	275
161	Potha Kachili	212	61			252	118	134	134	118
		1569	408			1866	981	885	843	774
162	Kachili	574	119	24		679	397	282	325	251
163	Sanwarian	554	114			631	298	333	286	320
164	Kote	715	161			782	423	359	423	359
165	Tarhala	474	96			532	298	234	298	234
		2317	490			2624	1416	1208	1332	1164
166	Katker	894	188	25		897	527	370	527	370
167	Prem Kote	906	162			1081	556	525	556	525
		1800	350			1978	1083	895	1083	895
168	Ram Kote	867	173	26		946	502	444	496	433
169	Nakkar Fatote	452	107			530	265	265	265	265
170	Padote	227	51			241	136	105	136	105
171	Charkandi	203	54			255	131	124	11	6
		1749	385			1972	1034	938	908	809
172	Mustimba	466	100	27		544	283	261	283	261
173	Mohra	338	81			391	204	187	64	62
174	Padhar	139	32			141	61	80		
175	Shamlati	53	14			70	36	34		
176	Doong	126	26			157	92	65	92	65
177	Kasian Halal	437	84			486	241	245	241	244
178	Dudal Wain	144	30			149	84	65	63	50
179	Mahindri	186	39			199	91	108	14	16
		1889	406			2137	1092	1045	757	698
180	Maira Kalan	465	96	28		599	312	287	198	173
181	Awera Lalla Kalus	273	64			313	160	153	15	14
182	Awaira Umar Khan	209	37			279	151	128	62	56
183	Maira Khurd	582	116			706	371	335	269	246
184	Pajja	221	44			224	126	98	126	98
		1750	357			2121	1120	1001	670	587
185	Bhanna	606	110	29		629	340	289	340	289
186	Timbhi	601	124			696	396	300	396	300
187	Potha	394	102			497	255	242	255	242
188	Awani Bhoon	101	27			105	62	43	62	43
		1702	363			1927	1053	874	1053	874
189	Jhand Giran	550	107	30		601	314	287	307	278
190	Maira Janki	159	39			197	102	95	56	69
191	Narat	432	97			417	220	197	220	197
192	Keri	333	75			319	167	152	167	152
		1474	318			1534	803	731	750	686
193	Moosa	125	21	31		114	61	53	61	53
194	Bajla Kherian	189	37			252	134	118	134	118
195	Gursi	278	47			306	165	141	165	141
196	Murpur	741	143			816	428	388	428	388
197	Raj Kandi	181	27			189	88	101	88	101
198	Sangloor	125	19			127	59	68	59	68
		1639	294			1804	935	869	935	869
199	Koomi	649	165	32		788	405	383	322	311
200	Gehal	617	133			702	365	337	365	337
201	Java	165	30			186	99	87	99	87
202	Kote	627	147			654	355	299	232	200
203	Chauthla Chaliari	286	59			294	155	139	155	139
		2344	534			2624	1379	1245	1173	1074
204	Chauthala	237	40	33		271	136	135	136	135
205	Noor Giran	71	14			79	42	37	42	37
206	Akhriala Bhartama	285	49			280	123	157	123	157

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)		
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
207	Dara	135	28				155	75	80	75	80
208	Naran	372	62				349	182	167	182	167
209	Chinal Bang	781	180				850	451	399	424	382
		1881	373				1984	1009	975	982	958
210	Therian	237	45	34			238	135	103	90	73
211	Mathai	344	75				412	228	184	203	108
212	Phagri	85	22				94	55	39		
213	Gharat	93	31				139	79	60		
214	Dheri	118	32				144	81	63	13	8
215	Dolari	32	11				32	16	16		
216	Hootreri	44	14				56	35	21	35	21
		953	230				1115	629	486	341	270
217	Bannian	150	30	35			173	97	76	97	76
218	Charakpura	287	53				337	160	177	160	177
219	Bakka	204	50				209	109	100	51	10
220	Mehlum	217	37				203	103	100	96	98
221	Kakalyot	228	42				249	114	135	114	135
222	Sahib Than	174	39				188	89	99	89	99
223	Katheli	317	48				304	147	157	147	157
224	Jallo	42	12				60	31	29	31	29
225	Nandal	73	12				83	39	44	39	44
226	Thala	110	25				134	69	65	69	65
		1802	348				1940	958	982	893	896
227	Kappa But	214	43	36			227	121	106	121	106
228	Aroon Khetar	73	17				100	58	42	58	42
229	Roogan	87	19				104	57	47	57	47
230	Dhaka	47	11				60	33	27	33	27
231	Danna	159	29				177	97	80	97	80
232	Ranwar	212	30				206	112	94	112	94
233	Chandera	188	33				227	121	106	121	106
234	Achri	183	53				262	142	120	142	120
235	Kumarbandi	512	123				615	315	300	315	300
236	Chamkotli Azim Khan	182	34				199	106	93	106	93
237	Chamkotli Nawab Khan	206	35				206	112	94	112	94
		2063	427				2383	1274	1109	1274	1109
238	Badhiara	157	30	37			164	91	73	91	73
239	Majhori	298	70				348	170	178	152	167
240	Khun Bandwey	97	18				82	45	37	45	37
241	Karoli	114	23				126	57	69	53	59
242	Kalooch	94	18				97	48	49	48	49
243	Tandali	304	59				342	174	168	167	163
244	Soobri	274	48				247	126	121	126	121
245	Soond Giran	96	16				85	52	33	52	33
		1434	282				1491	763	728	734	702
246	Kha Giran	119	20	38			137	72	65	72	65
247	Charwaya	198	45				211	99	112	99	112
248	Antor	473	120				582	313	269	198	161
		790	185				930	484	446	369	338
249	Hattian	801	155	39	3		1062	610	452	287	215
250	Garhi	778	158				805	440	365	346	299
		1579	313				1867	1050	817	633	514
251	Makri	26	18	40	4		59	38	21	33	21
252	Bor Pain	28	5				20	11	9	11	9
253	Dhanni	169	40				159	81	78	81	78
254	Bor Muzaffar Shah	55	15				52	28	24	28	24
255	Narool	91	20				116	62	54	57	44
256	Maira Tanolian	120	27				155	79	76	76	73
257	Phagul Bandi	49	15				68	36	32	36	32
258	Khilli	222	54				270	152	118	152	118
259	Tanda	166	54				231	105	126	5	11
260	Raj Kandi	66	16				64	32	32	32	32
261	Batangi	15	4				23	13	10	13	10
262	Rampura	20	5				18	10	8	8	6
263	Manak Palyan	82	32				88	51	35	51	35

Serial No	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
264	Kund	21	4			18	8	10	6	8
265	Maira Kalan	225	47			254	130	124	130	124
266	Rawani	71	18			95	49	46	49	46
		1426	374			1688	885	803	768	671
267	Bandi Karim Haider Shah	185	34	41		201	103	98	58	55
268	Mang Umar Khan	109	17			96	46	50	41	47
269	Khet Karim Haider Shah	4	1			5	4	1	4	1
270	Hasan Seri	9	1			9	5	4	3	1
271	Mayani Bandi	137	18			121	64	57	55	45
272	Bagh Nasab Kardla	38	10			47	21	26	8	10
273	Kardla Jhanjla	234	39			254	136	118	134	115
274	Bandi Jaliyan	155	45			258	139	119	139	119
275	Mir Bandi	164	31			178	100	78	100	78
276	Lagarpura	687	140			679	362	317	361	317
277	Shala Bagh	135	27			147	82	65	82	65
		1857	361			1995	1062	933	985	853
278	Maira	80	14	42		87	51	36	51	36
279	Paproosa	85	20			111	69	42	69	42
280	Prak	168	22			135	84	51	84	51
281	Khun Bandi	449	108			573	333	240	333	240
282	Phalhotar	558	91			604	339	265	339	265
283	Nagar	90	14			89	44	45	44	45
		1430	269			1599	920	679	920	679
284	Thotha	914	155	43		956	495	461	495	461
285	Sani Kote	252	31			255	136	119	136	119
286	Tara Kalas	91	12			124	62	62	62	62
287	Bandi	162	27			172	97	75	97	75
288	Malsi Bala	292	51			296	152	144	152	144
289	Gori	310	57			358	190	168	190	168
290	Malsi Pain	93	20			101	47	54	46	54
291	Lowasi	640	109			784	410	374	410	374
292	Bandi Jamadaran	260	39			291	152	139	108	99
293	Bandi Hajaman	74	10			70	42	28	42	28
294	Sultanpur	13	3			12	7	5	7	5
		3101	514			3419	1790	1629	1745	1589
295	Butaliyan	573	96	44		613	337	276	308	250
296	Phagwan	210	37			247	126	121	126	121
297	Dupatta	97	15			100	54	46	49	33
298	Sri Pratapsinghpora	11	6			25	12	13	8	11
299	Maira Bulla	44	6			36	20	16	20	16
300	Maira Dadoo	90	13			96	48	48	48	48
301	Dhani	3	1			4	1	3	1	3
302	Ram Chetar	2	3			12	6	6	6	6
		1030	177			1133	604	529	566	488
303	Bandi Kokyal	90	24	45		138	72	66	72	66
304	Takya Bandi	118	25			127	70	57	70	57
305	Kakar Wara	296	48			332	181	151	181	151
306	Naushera	477	71			523	287	236	287	236
307	Langla	1168	195			1373	734	639	717	615
		2149	363			2493	1344	1149	1327	1125
308	Khanda	646	132	46		761	377	384	169	138
309	Charoi	80	10			79	30	49	30	49
310	Nau Giran	324	48			358	190	168	190	168
311	Banaya	362	81			541	295	246	78	62
312	Sundri Bandi	35	9			34	21	13	21	13
313	Sarai	378	71			440	234	206	234	206
		1825	351			2213	1147	1066	722	636
314	Ran Bhog	148	34	47		175	97	78	97	78
315	Magnut	938	192			1029	560	469	560	469
316	Gehal	363	85			372	197	175	197	175
317	Bandi Giran	25	8			37	21	16	21	16
318	Bandi Suchiyan	147	31			150	85	65	85	65
319	Chamba Kumhar Bandi	192	44			236	121	115	121	115
320	Soha	108	18			115	61	54	61	54

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total				
						Persons	Males	Females	Muslim	(others)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
321	Gosain Bagh	11	3			13	7	6	7	3
322	Sharyian	593	179			608	325	283	307	272
		2525	585			2735	1474	1261	1456	1247
323	Parsa	158	16	48		120	61	59	61	59
324	Nil Pash	85	14			108	61	47	61	47
325	Reshian	531	97			566	278	288	278	288
326	Bandi Gursiyar	271	45			278	150	128	150	128
327	Dudpura	296	78			274	150	124	150	124
328	Lamniyan	827	204			898	474	424	474	424
		2168	454			2244	1174	1070	1174	1070
329	Haryala	335	49	49		325	180	145	180	145
330	Kai Manja	691	129			763	419	344	419	344
331	Dachehor Miran	570	113			667	371	296	371	296
332	Dachehor Faqiran	298	50			336	181	155	181	155
333	Phund Giran	181	37			219	111	108	111	108
334	Moyan Saydan	126	25			147	80	67	80	67
335	Plohat	300	71			424	229	195	229	195
		2501	474			2881	1571	1310	1571	1310
336	Oorniyan Saran	212	35	50		248	124	124	124	124
337	Batkanala	357	67			384	218	166	218	166
338	Moyan Khakhian	171	29			238	121	117	121	117
339	Patti Awan	821	109			934	502	432	499	432
340	Pathali	332	59			396	228	168	228	168
		1893	299			2200	1193	1007	1190	1007
341	Kalas	107	22	51		102	54	48	53	48
342	Hariala Zamindaran	66	15			75	45	30	45	30
343	Hariala Gujran	394	68			418	231	187	231	187
344	Sat Piali	148	25			135	72	63	72	63
345	Sultanpur Pathana	75	15			75	38	37	38	37
346	Rin Kanaity	203	43			217	121	96	121	96
347	Khetar	102	20			96	50	46	50	46
348	Kalar	141	30			174	99	75	99	75
349	Neriyar	44	8			36	14	22	14	22
350	Dabban	514	111			582	319	263	319	263
351	Bandi Taggian	228	43			212	110	102	110	102
		2022	400			2122	1153	969	1152	969
352	Jhand Giran Bala	202	37	52		224	120	104	120	104
353	Jhand Giran Pain	179	34			198	109	89	109	89
354	Hotreri	876	164			906	478	428	477	428
355	Bandi Fateh Jang	50	14			75	45	30	45	30
356	Maldai	143	45			291	149	142	149	142
357	Bayan	127	24			125	59	66	59	66
358	Bandi Faqir Mohammad	100	21			96	51	45	51	45
359	Danna	84	20			77	45	32	45	32
360	Timber	45	12			73	38	35	38	35
361	Ghan Chattar	350	76			383	215	168	215	168
362	Barura	7	1			6	2	4	2	4
363	Niaz Pura	392	82			395	210	185	210	185
		2555	530			2848	1521	1328	1520	1328
364	Battalian	134	29	53		168	80	86	80	86
365	Botha	173	46			232	109	123		
366	Dhaman Jhol	121	21			147	79	68	79	68
367	Ranjata	258	51			330	175	155	175	155
368	Sarla Bani Kalas	686	157			799	436	363	301	246
369	Bhodi Mar	323	70			402	223	179	223	179
370	Thor	5	2			11	7	4	7	4
		1700	376			2087	1109	978	865	738
371	Ghotar	201	40	54		217	111	106	111	106
372	Gajoo Khojjan	48	9			44	22	22	22	22
373	Malwat	25	3			16	10	6	10	6
374	Gajoo Sayedan	174	30			186	93	93	93	93
375	Gajoo Turkan	58	8			39	21	18	21	18
376	Gajoo Khokhran	65	14			79	42	37	42	37
377	Gali	63	14			91	44	47	44	47

Serial No.	Name of Village	Occupied 1931 Population	houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
378	Kandar	169	35			221	114	107	114	107
379	Nakka Shakkar Pattian	157	25			210	113	97	113	97
380	Maslondi	179	31			192	109	83	109	83
		1139	209			1295	679	616	679	616
381	Sanad Ban	207	40	55		254	144	110	144	110
382	Basant Kote	338	52			327	185	142	185	142
383	Bhatikka	146	37			153	92	61	92	61
384	Chal Pani	24	6			28	15	13	15	13
385	Bhatian	120	25			96	53	43	53	43
386	Rattan Seri	75	14			55	28	27	28	27
387	Noora Seri	111	17			108	59	49	59	49
388	Harama	22	6			23	15	8	15	8
		1043	197			1044	591	453	591	453
389	Naukote	105	20	56		111	56	55	56	55
390	Doba	69	15			58	38	20	38	20
391	Takiya Waras Alishah	9	2			5	3	2	3	2
392	Karka Jhamatta	618	113			669	370	299	370	299
393	Nahka (Lukha)	124	17			103	71	32	42	32
394	Gohari	191	37			220	117	103	117	103
395	Choon	186	33			214	104	110	104	110
		1302	237			1380	759	621	730	621
396	Ratra	70	15	57		69	34	35	34	35
397	Arliyan	607	125			646	325	321	325	321
398	Panj Giran	961	206			1119	606	513	606	513
399	Par Halla	492	99			529	292	237	292	237
400	Dewalian	194	36			208	97	111	97	111
		2324	481			2571	1354	1217	1354	1217
401	Shahdara	73	13	58		77	42	35	41	35
402	Khawar Mang	129	19			111	57	54	57	54
403	Bandi	114	16			123	61	62	60	62
404	Danni Bamba	135	19			103	54	49	53	49
405	Kanor	716	150			844	457	387	457	387
406	Takiya Seroon	37	8			48	26	22	26	22
407	Bat Nara	192	35			222	111	111	111	111
		1396	260			1528	808	720	805	720
408	Nausadda	298	52	59		274	134	140	134	140
409	Nau Seri	208	19			192	88	104	88	104
410	Pukhrat	109	18			103	53	50	53	50
411	Miri Kalsi	250	34			271	140	131	140	131
412	Nambal	236	39			251	134	117	134	117
413	Chirban	220	36			218	122	96	122	96
414	Grang	105	22			128	71	57	71	57
		1426	220			1437	742	695	742	695
415	Lari Kullian	128	11	60		100	55	45	55	45
416	Panj Kote	1852	261			1863	995	868	995	868
417	Nit-Zal	62	13			75	38	37	38	37
418	Moohri	103	20			116	67	49	67	49
419	Alikoh	100	20			107	54	53	54	53
		2245	345			2261	1209	1052	1209	1052
420	Danni Saydan	185	60	61	5	229	142	87	109	82
421	Chattar Domel	1107	302			1140	618	522	486	433
422	Domel Saydan	233	75			404	233	171	144	124
423	Jalalabad	122	26			124	74	50	53	44
		1647	463			1897	1067	830	792	683
424	Muzaffarabad (Town)	4236	713	62		4571	2609	1962	1717	1279
		4236	713			4571	2609	1962	1717	1279
425	Kohla	15								
		15								
	TOTAL	112798	22888			125585	66965	58620	60084	52520

*Others 17 M, 27F. Indian Christians 17M 23F and other Christians 4F.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										2	
										1	
										17	1
										5	
										3	2
										3	
										5	
										2	
										20	1
										4	
										42	3
										5	
										4	
										8	
		29								2	
										8	
										4	
		29								31	
										2	
										16	
										58	2
										22	
										9	
										107	2
		1								3	
		1								2	
		1								22	4
										21	
		3								48	4
										8	
										12	
										8	
										1	
										1	
										30	
										46	2
										3	
										6	
										55	2
		24	5	9						70	18
		64	37	18	52					245	37
		70	44	19	3					77	25
		7		14	6					17	3
		165	86	110	61					409	83
		730	575	162	108					1168	566
		730	575	162	108					1168	566
77	87	2213	1750	4574	4236			17	27	6962	1826

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.		Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.	
S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
7528	Naudah	408	Nausadda
7530	Sari Kalsi	411	Miri Kalsi
7534	Sari Kalian	415	Lari Kullain
7532	Chohain	413	Chirban
7559	Dumiard	16	Dooliar
7571	Ghodi	55	Ghundi
7581	Seri Sedi	30	Seri Bheri
7600	Dil Makah	101	Dral Nakka
7619	Abtrasi	127	Utrasi
7626	Fagodi	212	Phagri
7628	Maman	132	Niman
7636	Darah Belian	207	Dara
7651	Ougan	229	Roogan
7656	Mandal	225	Nandal
7659	Manak Pasian	263	Nanak Paiyan
7661	Merasolna Sagosa	256	Maira Tanolian
7669	Bhangi	261	Batangi
7673	Nandah	259	Tanda
7674	Dumarli	422	Domel Sayedan
7675	Nari	255	Narool
7678	Maurid	100	Morbad
7686	Sanetardan	91	Shelwan
7688	Kalian Patiyan	97	Lamain Patian
7692	Tatwayi	92	Shawai
7693	Chalah	89	Jhela
7699	Zanrook	80	Ashrok
7707	Ganan	63	Khanian
7708	Rakesian	65	Raj Paian
7713	Nalgaran	70	Talgaran
7716	Bed Bati	71	Said Batta
7718	Sambal Pana	73	Sumbal Bhanna
7720	Chhatka	75	Bhatikka
7721	Fatir Kalas	286	Tara Kalas
7722	Bandian	287	Bandi
7735	Sultanpora	345	Sultanpur Pathana
7743	Tahohana	284	Thotha
7748	Karola Manjlah	273	Kardla Jhanjla
7752	Dhania Kanoti	346	Rin Kanaity
7757	Bhandi Bagshan	274	Bandi Jaliyan
7762	Maldi	356	Maldai
7764	Kala Karim Haidar Shah	269	Khet Karim Haider Shah
7766	Tentari	360	Timber
7773	Pati Sandan	339	Patti Awan
7776	Dumliah	297	Dupatta
7777	Bhagwan	296	Phagwan
7787	Harnalah	329	Haryala
7804	Maksat	315	Magnut
7805	Reyisug	314	Ran Bhog
7818	Khalbari	158	Jalihari
7823	Rachothi	159	Raj Puthi
7872	Panah	185	Bhanna
7881	Kuli	199	Koomi
7898	Sulairi	244	Soobri
7906	Ranjalah	367	Ranjata
7907	Dhaman Chanol	366	Dhaman Jhol
7910	Luddhar	369	Bhodi Mar
7914	Lahmukhochani	372	Gajoo Khojjian
7919	Jagi	377	Gali
7923	Patian	385	Bhatian
7926	Bategi	383	Bhatikka
7927	Lath Koot	382	Basant Kote
7930	Hariyan	388	Harama
7937	Antra	396	Ratra

(ii) Villages Sanwazian and Batindi Ser which were separately shown in the Village Tables 1931 against serial numbers 7825 and 7826 respectively appear under serial number 163 as Sanwarian in the Village Tables 1941. Batindi Ser had a population of 6 persons only in 1931. The spelling of Sanwarian adopted for 1941 Tables is that given in District Census Officer's list.

(iii) Kohla serial number 7946 of 1931 Village Tables does not appear in the Census record for 1941. Probably it was unoccupied. This village has a population of 15 persons only in 1931.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT MUZAFFARBAD, TEHSIL URI

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Muzaffarabad**Tehsil Uri**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Pahli Pura	1396	140	1	6	952	503	449	502	449
2	Ajara		89			531	275	256	275	256
3	Peernian	197	33			207	108	99	108	99
4	Mangh Giran	247	38			274	146	128	146	128
5	Nagnari	525	81			472	248	224	246	224
6	Zehmpura	556	74			557	307	250	307	250
7	Khadaniar	418	94			531	257	274	160	175
8	Haji Bal	166	25			184	88	96	88	96
9	Takki Sultan	148	31			212	118	94	118	94
10	Jalsheri	260	38			332	185	147	185	147
		3913	643			4252	2235	2017	2135	1918
11	Bagna Noor Khan	880	156	2		1018	538	480	538	480
12	Slamabad	932	206			1045	559	486	558	486
13	Thatha Mula Kalan	260	44			297	160	137	160	137
14	Nau Giran	24	6			25	14	11	14	11
15	Prangal	119	26			146	81	65	81	65
16	Limbar	934	187			1071	571	500	570	500
17	Wari Khah	97	17			100	51	49	51	49
18	Bamayar	614	115			652	348	304	312	278
		3860	757			4354	2322	2032	2284	2006
19	Darah Gutlia	251	42	3		257	138	119	138	119
20	Cholan Kalsan	424	79			529	291	238	291	238
21	Zanboor Pattan	320	62			383	214	169	214	169
22	Mayan	254	36			325	182	143	182	143
23	Kathab Hil Patribal	452	61			409	216	193	216	193
24	Mukam Piran	116	28			149	85	64	85	64
25	Lachechipura	1225	207			1424	769	655	769	655
26	Braripura	283	59			305	173	132	173	132
		3325	574			3781	2068	1713	2068	1713
27	Dwaran	352	76	4		441	217	224	217	224
28	Gangal	422	83			477	252	225	251	225
29	Dhani Sayedan	461	84			505	269	236	269	236
30	Bij Hama	627	129			697	371	326	371	326
31	Nalooosah	328	59			336	176	160	176	160
32	Kanchan	131	18			94	46	48	46	48
33	Thatha Mula Khurd	195	37			233	128	105	128	105
		2516	486			2783	1459	1324	1458	1324
34	Shah Dara	302	57	5		313	161	152	130	115
35	Chapper	117	22			122	65	57	65	57
36	Kandi Barjala	395	75			370	190	180	188	180
37	Hardo Kamal Kote	611	115			681	350	331	270	275
38	Bandi	467	90			487	256	231	245	223
39	Sultan Dhakki	558	83			580	311	269	311	269
40	Bas Giran	187	47			246	136	110	136	110
41	Dachchi	363	84			426	229	197	229	197
42	Paran Pilan	472	98			554	273	281	272	281
		3472	671			3779	1971	1808	1846	1707
43	Thajal	236	54	6		346	221	125	221	125
44	Jablah	740	159			867	474	393	461	388
45	Baran	664	139			835	437	398	437	398
46	Gohallan	999	164			1141	636	505	636	505
47	Sukhdar	114	19			127	69	58	69	58
48	Bat Giran	162	21			137	74	63	74	63
49	Talwari	224	37			239	122	117	122	117
50	Moochri	235	40			265	142	123	142	123
51	Saf Choowar	104	16			107	60	47	60	47
52	Aggiwas	492	84			529	278	251	276	251
53	Chorandah	470	87			527	279	248	279	248

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
54	Dilwari	161	23			167	86	81	86	81
55	Sabhai Pain	114	12			114	63	51	63	51
56	Sabhai Bala	133	18			146	81	65	81	65
57	Haider Abad	183	34			210	104	106	104	106
		5031	907			5757	3126	2631	3111	2626
58	Manjhi Krund	217	39	7		259	142	117	142	117
59	Bandi Brahmnan	272	44			304	173	131	89	70
60	Lagama	211	46			208	108	100	13	11
61	Gar Kote	1137	219			1214	647	567	643	565
62	Nahmla	1721	287			1711	909	802	907	800
63	Saidpura	80	13			85	49	36	49	36
64	Uri	644	113			665	346	319	340	319
65	Nau Pura	270	53			236	142	94	105	47
66	Islamabad	424	82			432	219	213	205	195
67	Ramgi	564	103			749	376	373	328	322
68	Bal Kote	351	77			381	200	181	200	181
		5891	1076			6244	3311	2933	3027	2663
69	Dobah	294	52	8		318	162	156	161	156
70	Motan Wali	146	19			132	74	58	74	58
71	Kaeen	117	17			118	67	51	67	51
72	Biaran	301	61			352	192	160	192	160
73	Bandi Khaja	173	32			212	110	102	110	102
74	Silli Kote	100	20			116	54	62	53	62
75	Hath Langa	565	83			489	265	224	264	224
76	Sahoorá	101	34			233	121	112	121	112
77	Jabbri	42	4			47	28	19	28	19
78	Gaggar Hil	23	5			44	24	20	24	20
79	Maidanan	229	34			221	118	103	118	103
80	Baran	51	10			63	39	24	39	24
81	Salasan	126	17			158	86	72	86	72
82	Bachi	91	20			87	50	37	50	37
83	Lari	232	44			265	131	134	121	134
84	Paran Kutran	69	11			71	36	35	36	35
85	Tirkanjan	429	85			486	264	222	263	222
86	Banali	440	75			482	239	243	239	243
87	Dara Kojan	173	27			165	86	79	86	79
88	Dudran	234	31			266	127	139	127	139
89	Chootali	274	41			283	135	148	135	148
		4210	722			4608	2408	2200	2405	2200
90	Ganta Moolapain	241	61	9		298	159	139	159	139
91	Ganta Moola Bala	327	77			392	200	192	200	192
92	Gird Niwah	266	46			254	139	115	139	115
93	Handi Nau Shehra	387	92			443	247	196	246	196
94	Shala Dajan	209	37			214	115	99	115	99
95	Jawind	111	25			121	80	41	80	41
96	Chahal	25	4			36	9	27	8	27
97	Barnet	618	111			648	346	302	344	302
98	Baniar	336	81			323	198	125	173	120
99	Rampur	223	71			227	139	88	129	88
100	Uran Boh	266	87			376	205	171	190	165
101	Mahura	437	121			466	274	192	215	156
102	Hular Pirnian	220	35			232	117	115	116	115
103	Batangi	150	34			165	88	77	88	77
104	Bela Salamabad	78	16			120	70	50	70	50
		3894	898			4315	2386	1929	2272	1882
105	Kanian	227	96	10	7	519	275	244	275	240
106	Chathian	546	45			275	158	117	158	117
107	Dharian	77	17			74	38	36	38	36
108	Saran	352	74			329	193	136	185	132
109	Bhagsar	223	30			211	112	99	112	99
110	Dhani Bakalan	154	50			332	184	148	184	148
111	Seri Challan	392	36			260	137	123	137	23
112	Malik Pura	63	10			40	21	19	21	19
113	Hel	150	22			112	54	58	54	58
114	Chand Kote	80	25			63	39	24	39	24
115	Nen Sukh	269	57			314	145	169	76	80
116	Nala Chakli	181	41			199	94	105	94	105
117	Lasdar	108	23			133	69	64	69	64
118	Dhanni Shah Dara	498	89			482	247	235	247	235
119	Hattian	246	95			191	110	81	11	4

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
120	Kocha Do Lari	482	86			473	254	219	245	214
121	Umra Sawan	404	76			411	208	203	208	203
		4452	872			4418	2338	2080	2153	1901
122	Islamabad Chikar	147	27	11		194	114	80	114	80
123	Kundan Shakkarian	281	59			311	168	143	168	143
124	Jabar Batang	267	49			335	184	151	184	151
125	Ramsar Seri	217	35			234	122	112	122	112
126	Bandi Bakalan	349	69			400	217	183	217	183
127	Drabri Lalor	112	29			179	98	81	1	2
128	Chikar	603	195			730	418	312	299	249
129	Nagni Kesar Kote	589	142			658	355	303	324	275
130	Harian Choorian	41	17			60	34	26	10	7
131	Nakkar	64	21			103	59	44		3
132	Batangi Chikar	89	19			117	62	55		
133	Bel	297	55			395	219	176	219	176
134	Kotli	292	59			278	158	120	158	120
135	Nena	198	31			235	125	110	125	110
136	Bat Sher Dand Beh	196	44			229	110	119	110	119
137	Dakhan Padhar	192	50			246	155	91	6	
		3934	901			4704	2588	2106	2057	1730
138	Badialah	169	45	12		178	89	89	89	89
139	Noon Bagla	108	30			146	84	62	58	41
140	Kiyali	110	26			129	59	70	15	10
141	Murad Abad	165	29			165	81	84	69	72
142	Kuprah	283	70			321	155	166	155	166
143	Indra Sri	581	122			589	304	285	304	285
144	Margoli	264	55			257	128	129	128	129
145	Panu Pindi	186	56			198	108	90	108	90
146	Mahotar	278	70			305	149	156	114	113
147	Karari Hadiala	611	133			639	329	310	329	310
148	Sar Bala	188	46			257	132	125	132	125
149	Timber Kote	80	21			92	50	42	50	42
150	Jabbar Jandali	440	92			488	242	246	242	246
151	Salmiah	542	131			646	336	310	335	310
152	Mundan	203	39			225	105	120	105	120
		4208	965			4635	2351	2284	2233	2148
153	Banian Langaryal	298	65	13		387	184	203	183	203
154	Hotreri	229	38			231	118	113	118	113
155	Bani Hafiz	56	20			100	49	51	49	51
156	Paroor	185	40			218	128	90	128	90
157	Dabbar Kelan	133	30			139	68	71	68	71
158	Bat Bani	259	51			306	174	132	174	132
159	Bandi Ahmed Khan	58	10			50	22	28	22	28
160	Bandi Mahoori	205	44			243	125	118	125	118
161	Sar Bagla	235	44			285	143	142	143	142
162	Sainan	743	126			838	436	402	423	396
163	Daman	259	57			294	160	134	160	134
164	Sum	120	26			136	78	58	78	58
165	Garang	184	36			207	112	95	112	95
166	Sookar	80	23			99	49	50	49	50
167	Damyant	129	23			143	70	73	70	73
168	Nandar	250	46			242	131	111	131	111
169	Chakli	90	13			88	39	49	39	49
		3513	692			4006	2086	1920	2073	1914
170	Sarak Chenari	424	138	14		501	287	214	202	157
171	Indra Seri	53	11			78	49	29	49	29
172	Banian	111	12			140	71	69	71	69
173	Choonian	245	45			280	151	129	151	129
174	Bandi Sayedan	294	68			360	192	168	192	168
175	Jaskool	484	88			519	270	249	270	249
176	Sarban	479	91			537	297	240	297	240
177	Drang	69	18			93	49	44	49	44
178	Chakothi	973	244			1276	699	577	352	289
179	Lohra	358	51			439	227	212	227	212
180	Khai Giran	337	59			323	165	158	165	158
		3827	825			4546	2457	2089	2025	1744
181	Dard Kote	726	169	15		935	508	427	441	375
182	Isham	335	46			400	206	194	206	194

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
183	Chakra	97	25			109	53	56	53	56
184	Aroosah	124	32			140	76	64	60	44
185	Baran Bat	91	30			120	63	57	63	57
186	Uppi	141	54			170	96	74	67	49
187	Soognah	182	34			180	102	78	83	60
188	Toffar Abad	170	32			176	88	88	88	88
189	Ulran	156	36			195	103	92	103	92
190	Bandi Hajam	171	35			194	111	83	111	83
191	Khillana Khurd	232	41			263	135	128	135	128
192	Kandri	303	60			260	144	116	144	116
193	Raj Pur	331	36			245	135	110	135	110
194	Seri	11	7			38	23	15	23	15
195	Khillana Kalan	493	94			541	296	245	296	245
196	Bandi Balla	186	31			237	128	109	128	109
197	Kalas	97	24			130	71	59	71	59
198	Shah Kanjah	338	79			398	224	174	224	174
199	Moriyan	106	20			127	69	58	69	58
200	Gikote	170	31			207	111	96	106	93
201	Dobang	133	25			114	55	59	55	59
202	Feeban	38	14			55	26	29	26	29
203	Ashnji	320	78			416	231	185		
204	Gwaltha	571	127			648	335	313	307	287
205	Nawian Rondan	610	114			733	387	346	387	346
		6132	1274			7031	3776	3255	3381	2926
206	Kotlah	130	29	16		140	80	60	80	60
207	Gujar Bandi	410	93			400	212	188	152	128
208	Tale Kote	490	108			639	328	311	328	311
209	Sidhani	149	23			137	77	60	77	60
210	Kathai	243	67			271	146	125	146	123
211	Safeda Bila Sathoo	209	39			272	148	124	148	124
212	Gundi Giran	168	23			174	83	91	83	91
213	Hotreri Kathai	64	8			51	30	21	30	21
214	Nalai	235	32			253	133	120	133	120
215	Maira Bakote	358	79			396	196	200	123	125
216	Pahl	446	96			545	291	254	224	200
217	Rewand	458	114			569	307	262	254	210
218	Dulanja	123	19			150	75	75	75	75
		3483	730			3997	2106	1891	1853	1648
219	Karthama	692	127	17		785	401	384	399	384
220	Koona	478	78			538	262	276	261	276
221	Darah	285	49			324	169	155	169	155
222	Bandi Piran Bala	255	44			324	165	159	165	159
223	Batangi	167	29			180	83	97	83	97
224	Bandi Chakkan	240	38			259	136	123	134	122
225	Chak Hama	236	53			351	192	159	192	159
226	Dwarath	118	23			142	66	76	66	76
227	Nar Dajian	686	94			735	387	348	385	348
228	Traran	275	35			355	176	179	176	179
229	Gehl Jabra	839	121			1014	549	465	495	465
230	Cham	521	64			602	319	283	319	283
231	Khatarnar	157	17			123	66	57	66	57
		4949	772			5732	2971	2761	2964	2760
232	Pirasthan (Uri Town)	960	313	18	8	1281	801	480	460	282
		960	313			1281	801	480	460	282
TOTAL		71570	14078			80223	42770	37453	39805	35092

*Others IF.

(i) The population of village Pahlipura serial number 1 is shown as 952 in the Village Tables 1941 against 1396 appearing in the Village Tables 1931 under serial number 8136.

Ajara serial number 2 of the Village Tables 1941 does not appear in the Village Tables 1931. Its population in the 1941 Village Tables is 531.

The combined population for both these villages comes to 1483 at this Census which is comparable with the population at the last Census of Pahlipura. It appears that the population of village Ajara was included with Pahlipura in 1931.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others**		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
				16	20					4	
										20	5
										2	
		24	24	5	1					27	7
				19	18					8	
										8	
										7	
										12	
										11	
										31	
										5	
										50	
										7	
										4	
										8	
										1	
		5	3							11	
										4	
				231	185					54	
				28	26					25	
										9	
		32	29	363	300					375	13
										4	1
		54	56	6	4					60	11
										15	
										8	
			2							15	1
										18	
										14	
										5	
										2	
				73	75					47	21
				67	54					57	10
		2	5	51	47					38	7
										1	
		56	63	197	180					284	51
				2						1	
		1								1	
										9	
										8	
		2	1							12	
										3	
		2								1	
										4	
										10	
										2	
										1	
		5	1	2						53	
		221	129	120	68				1	346	92
		221	129	120	68				1	346	92
117	97	866	628	1982	1635				1	3964	537

CENSUS

VILLAGE

District Muzaffarabad

Tehsil Karnah

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Kel	2870	467	1	9	3121	1648	1473	1646	1473
2	Khalalawa	424	51			397	211	186	211	186
3	Seri	371	59			424	238	186	237	186
4	Sargan	1341	287			1593	833	760	817	757
5	Kharigam	942	198			1077	574	503	573	499
		5948	1062			6612	3504	3108	3484	3101
6	Shardaji	613	144	2		783	417	366	390	357
7	Malik Seri	243	41			268	140	128	140	128
8	Khawaja Seri	92	19			113	60	53	60	53
9	Dosat	618	102			676	361	315	361	315
10	Ban Til	168	31			214	114	100	114	100
11	Tehjan	435	76			510	267	243	264	243
12	Shelakh Bela	73	15			100	51	49	51	49
13	Bala Mohammad Khan	161	34			212	109	103	109	103
14	Dudaniyal	857	211			1088	605	483	583	483
		3260	673			3964	2124	1840	2072	1831
15	Juma Gund	127	37	3	10	219	129	90	129	90
16	Changan	540	83			568	289	279	286	279
17	Kangwah	133	28			146	74	72	74	72
18	Dwarian	1652	254			1885	1023	862	1020	862
19	Lawat	2179	354			2419	1295	1124	1293	1124
		4631	756			5237	2810	2427	2802	2427
20	Karka	403	71	4		457	247	210	247	210
21	Nagdar	2158	389			2214	1161	1053	1161	1053
22	Nilam	442	100			497	259	238	255	236
		3003	560			3168	1667	1501	1663	1499
23	Bore	266	47	5		281	157	124	157	124
24	Patran	261	44			319	180	139	180	139
25	Mandian	547	100			688	358	330	358	330
26	Keran	617	114			668	378	290	335	285
27	Danyar	421	84			501	260	241	260	241
28	Lala	302	58			354	186	168	186	168
29	Rawata	245	49			307	162	145	162	145
		2659	496			3118	1681	1437	1638	1432
30	Boogna	337	54	6		339	178	161	177	161
31	Ath Muqam	198	42			220	116	104	116	104
32	Ban Chattar	55	9			50	28	22	28	22
33	Palri	221	37			198	113	85	113	85
34	Sal Khalla	261	49			311	156	155	156	155
35	Shah Kote	439	73			416	203	123	202	113
36	Katha Piran	464	79			579	305	274	305	274
37	Larhi Mangal	175	28			166	94	72	94	72
38	Batta	132	21			132	73	59	73	59
		2282	392			2411	1266	1145	1264	1145
39	Jag Giran	1258	184	7	11	1496	788	708	786	707
40	Kuttan	1696	275			1893	993	900	980	900
41	Kayan	672	102			724	375	349	375	349
42	Chai Jat	200	39			238	131	107	131	107
43	Kundal Shah	550	84			644	346	298	341	298
44	Daular	108	18			101	56	45	53	45
		4484	702			5096	2689	2407	2666	2406
45	Sandook	295	58	8		352	205	147	189	147
46	Rampura	329	65			353	189	164	189	164
47	Gehl	97	20			117	71	46	71	46

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
48	Ash Kote	646	122			727	399	328	397	327
49	Joorah	636	116			670	375	295	303	295
50	Bandi	331	62			391	201	190	201	190
51	Leswa	1022	155			1109	604	505	603	505
		3356	598			3719	2044	1675	2013	1674
52	Flakan		85	9		439	231	208	231	208
53	Mirpura	314	67			338	170	168	139	140
54	Par Nai	139	32			164	85	79	85	79
55	Kar Hama	112	19			106	61	45	61	45
56	arban	198	39			231	125	106	125	106
57	Bari Semari	740	122			819	421	398	421	398
58	Said Pura	229	33			202	111	91	107	84
59	Chaulai	330	60			345	180	165	180	165
60	Jargi	183	32			211	109	102	109	102
		2245	489			2855	1493	1362	1458	1327
61	Katha Barian	959	160	10	12	1043	559	484	559	484
62	Chalyana	1305	240			1410	736	674	636	674
63	Teetwal	637	160			849	491	358	395	226
64	Daringla	267	63			307	166	141	156	139
65	Kandi Shath	37	16			58	32	26	32	26
66	Drigar	184	29			175	100	75	100	75
67	Kandi Gujran	331	55			319	164	155	164	155
68	Kandi Sayedan	129	20			124	60	64	60	64
69	Fahesha Pajoh	22	6			20	12	8	12	8
		3871	749			4305	2320	1985	2124	1851
70	Abbot Hote	441	87	11		454	230	224	230	224
71	Bahadar Kote	347	66			346	184	162	184	162
72	Pingla Haridal	137	25			132	71	61	71	61
73	Chatar Kote	162	30			155	69	86	69	86
74	Cham Kote	235	48			223	120	103	114	99
75	Dildarah	675	164			763	406	357	361	330
76	Kandi	788	167			881	464	417	464	417
		2785	587			2954	1544	1410	1493	1379
77	Khawar Para	568	88	12		651	348	303	345	303
78	Tang Dharah	1135	212			1283	645	618	643	618
79	Bagh Bala	170	32			194	100	94	99	93
80	Haji Nar	273	53			267	145	122	145	122
81	Gomal	197	37			183	90	93	90	93
82	Nechian	529	84			578	318	260	318	260
83	Hindwal	49	10			48	28	20	25	18
84	Hapat Khanni	164	19			132	77	55	77	55
85	Badwan	177	23			142	78	64	78	64
		3262	558			3458	1829	1629	1820	1626
86	Kohna Gabra	235	42	13	13	247	133	114	132	114
87	Nawan Gabra	1349	231			1362	731	631	729	631
88	Tarbauni	151	34			199	101	98	11	7
89	Chaini Pura Bala	125	29			152	76	76	69	70
90	Chaini Pura Pain	197	37			186	97	89	97	89
91	Panj Taran	189	45			228	114	114	114	114
92	Pararah	282	56			306	168	138	168	138
93	Tad	337	61			352	193	159	188	155
94	Dhanni	261	59			291	172	119	172	119
		3126	594			3323	1785	1538	1680	1437
95	Hajotrah	561	92	14		590	328	262	328	262
96	Sudhpura	356	76			335	192	143	193	143
97	Amroi	824	160			847	464	383	464	383
98	Lub Giran	445	93			447	252	195	252	195
99	Mauji	868	166			899	498	401	498	401
100	Chak Muqam	189	45			218	121	97	117	94
101	Ghansla	90	22			95	48	47	48	47
		3333	654			3431	1903	1528	1899	1525
102	Chat Kari	110	25	15		120	63	57	63	57
103	Banah Mulla	134	23			141	74	67	73	67
104	Aintlial	342	68			366	205	161	205	161

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1		9		1 3 1	1					20 42 11 20	
1		25		5	1					115	
26	27			5	1					13 36 8 3 12 35 7 4 5	1 1
		4	7								
26	27	4	7	5	1					123	2
		92 7	74 2	94 3	58					9 40 141 24 11 1 4	2 8 1
		99	76	97	58					230	11
		6 2	4	43	27					7 6 4 2 7 35 28	
		8	4	43	27					89	
		1 1 1	1	2 1						34 60	3
		3	2							23 2 19 1	1
		6	3	3						6	
		1		2 90 7	91 6					145	4
		5	4							27 6 3 11 5 10 69	13
		6	4	99	97					131	13
										2	
		4	3							3 2 4 5	
		4	3							16	
				1						6 19 12	1

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
105	Ghai Pura	559	123			679	357	322	354	320
106	Batlian	286	61			289	162	127	161	127
107	Jabri	127	27			138	70	68	70	68
108	Bijal Dhara	687	129			693	348	345	342	343
109	Tallah Wari	148	46			183	95	88	95	88
		2393	502			2609	1374	1235	1363	1231
110	Saidpura Kharhanjna	304	48	16		305	155	150	155	150
111	Lipa	520	78			532	279	253	278	251
112	Kesar Kote	127	32			189	91	98	88	93
113	Maharaj Gund	114	15			124	70	54	70	54
114	Nau Kote	1376	272			1453	754	699	753	699
		2441	445			2603	1349	1254	1344	1247
TOTAL		53079	9817			58863	31382	27481	30783	27138

(i) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below:—

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
2885	Mahak Seri	7	Malik Seri
8287	Daulat	9	Dosat
8289	Taljan	11	Tahjan
8273	Lavalat	19	Lawat
8253	Ravand	29	Ravata
8254	Mogna	30	Boogna
8257	Shankla	34	Sal Khalla
8260	Katha Miran	36	Katha Piran
8264	Koban	40	Kuttan
8265	Kalnan	41	Kayan
8236	Narat Kot	48	Ash Kot
8229	Laswara	51	Leswa
8233	Chabrage	60	Jargi
8244	Nhinwal	63	Teetwal
8247	Gundi Selan	68	Kundi Sayedan
8248	Fakhta Nacho	69	Fahesha Pajoh
8211	Pinjhan	82	Nechian
8223	Panj Baran	91	Panjtaran
8225	Nad	93	Tad
8199	Banjrah	95	Hajitrah
8198	Ghansa	101	Ghansla
8188	Namaipora	105	Ghaipora
8194	Bijlahar	108	Bijal Dhara
8282	Patri	3	Seri
8290	Teh Malla	12	Shelakh Bela

(ii) Villages Khawar Para Pain, Khawar Para Darmiani and Khawar Para Bala which were shown separately in the Village Tables 1931 against serial numbers 8217, 8218 and 8219 respectively, appear under serial number 77 as Khawar Para in the Village Tables 1941. Upper middle and lower portions of this village have been shown as one village this time.

Similarly Said Pura and Kharhanjna serial numbers 8182 and 8181 of the Village Tables 1931 appear under serial number 110 as Saidpura—Kharhanjna in the Village Tables 1941.

(iii) Flakan serial number 52 is not traceable in the Village Tables 1931. It must be presumed that this was included with some other village in 1931.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		3	2							25	
		1								9	
		4	2	2						4	
										12	1
										3	
		8	4	3						90	2
		1	2							1	
		3	5							5	
		1								3	
										39	
		5	7							48	
31	27	260	129	308	187					1899	69

LADAKH DISTRICT.

The Ladakh District covers 45,762 sq. miles; this is more than half the area of the whole State. It is bounded on the north and north-east by the great Karakoram Range beyond which lies the Chinese province of Sinkiang; to the east is Tibet. To the north-west, beyond the Hispar, Rakaposhi and Haramosh ranges, lie the various illaqa of the Gilgit Agency. On its western boundaries it is separated from the rest of the Jammu and Kashmir State by the Great Himalayan range. Its southern tip reaches to the north-eastern part of the Punjab. The district consists of an enormous mass of mountains and glaciers, rocky river valleys and high plateaus. It separates the rest of the State from Tibet along the whole of its eastern flank. It is comprised of three tehsils—Ladakh, Kargil and Skardu; the area of each is larger than that of any other district—not to say tehsil—in the State, except the Gilgit Agency.

The Ladakh Tehsil is the largest with an area of 29,848 sq. miles. It consists mostly of mountains, rocks and sand; it is the most easterly of the three. Inhabited areas are found at very high altitudes. Leh is situated at an altitude of 11,555 ft. This is the chief town; it is the headquarters of the district as well as of the tehsil and also the summer headquarters of the British Joint Commissioner who, together with the State Joint Commissioner (Wazir of the district), disposes of all matters connected with trade and upkeep of the Leh Treaty Road. It is the centre of Buddhist culture and for trade between Central Asia, Tibet and India.

Kargil Tehsil lies to the west of the Ladakh Tehsil to the south of the Skardu Tehsil and to the east of Kashmir Province and the Udampur District of the Jammu Province. Like the rest of the district it is very mountainous; many villages are located at altitudes exceeding 10,000 ft. The tehsil headquarters is at Kargil which is over 8,500 feet. It has an area of 7,392 sq. miles, making it the third largest in the State.

Skardu Tehsil occupies the north-western part of the district. This area is usually known as Baltistan or Little Tibet. To the east and north are tremendous mountain ranges containing many peaks of over 20,000 ft.; a number including K² (Mt. Godwin Austen 28,250 ft.), Gasherbrum (26,470 ft.), Masherbrum (25,660 ft.), exceed 25,000 ft. and are amongst the highest mountains

in the world. In spite of this, the bulk of the inhabited areas of the Skardu Tehsil are at a lower elevation than those in the Ladakh and Kargil Tehsils. The chief town and headquarters of the tehsil, Skardu, is situated on the Indus river at an altitude of 7,700 ft. The tehsil has an area of 8,522 sq. miles and ranks after Ladakh, as the second largest in the State.

The rainfall throughout the whole district is too small for agricultural purposes; at Leh it amounts to about 3" a year. Cultivation is confined to those areas which can get water for irrigation from mountain streams. There are no forests and never will be. In the autumn, winter and early spring the whole area is intensely dry and cold. In the valley of the Indus from Khalatse to Haramosh, the valley of the Shyok from Khapalu to Gol and in Kargil too it is very hot in summer.

The only practical route from the Kashmir Province is over the Zoji La (11,580 ft.) from Sonamarg at the head of the Sind Valley. This is the Leh Treaty Road which bifurcates at a point just before Kargil is reached; the main road goes south-east to Leh then onwards north over the Khardung La (18,380 feet) and other passes to Yarkand and Central Asia. The branch goes north-west to Skardu. The next most important route between India and Ladakh is that which leads from Kulu in the north-east Punjab along the Beas Valley over the Bara Lacha La (16,200 ft.) and other passes to Leh.

From the Gigit Agency a foot path leads up the Indus Valley from Bunji *via* Rondu to Skardu. This is very difficult in many places, in fact dangerous, especially for 3 or 4 marches upstream of the junction of the Gilgit and Indus rivers. In summer there is a route from the Burzil Pass over the Deosai Plains which bifurcates and leads to both Skardu and Kargil; another route starts from the Indus north of Skardu and goes over the Banak La (16,290 ft.) to Astore. These are all summer routes. For all practical purposes the whole area is cut off from the rest of the State and from India from the beginning of November to the end of May. Dak runners travel throughout the winter over the Zoji La from Kashmir when conditions permit but a journey over the passes is hazardous except when they are officially open.

There used to be a fairly good road up the Shyok Valley from Khapalu to Tiggur, at the

junction of the Shyok and Nubra rivers, and onwards up the Nubra valley. This was destroyed by the floods resulting from the bursting of the Shyok dam in 1928. Experts on the behaviour of glaciers say there is no likelihood whatsoever of further floods in the Shyok valley for another 25 years. The Chong Kumdan glacier, the cause of floods in the Shyok valley, is in retreat and is not expected to advance until 1968-70 A. D. All communications require improvement, in particular the Bunji-Skardu road up the Indus and the road from Khapalu along the valleys of the Shyok and Nubra rivers.

2. Population.—The population of the district was 192,138 in 1931; at the recent Census it was 195,282. The increase is small but may be accepted as normal. The country offers little scope for any expansion. The existing numbers are supported with difficulty in spite of the low standard of living which is the lot of the majority.

The population of the three tehsils Ladakh, Kargil and Skardu in 1931 was 34,423, 50,238 and 107,477 respectively, in 1941 it was 36,307, 52,853 and 106,271 in the same order. The increase is normal in Ladakh and Kargil. In Skardu it will be observed there has been an actual decrease.

In the Ladakh Tehsil the population has been kept down in the past by the practice of polyandry and by the fact that a number of Buddhist girls are dedicated to the monasteries and become chomos or nuns. Recently, at the request of the more advanced elements of the local Buddhist population, legislation has been passed by His Highness' Government prohibiting the practice of polyandry. It remains to be seen whether this will prove an unmixed blessing and what remedies will be adopted in place of polyandry to restrict the population to a figure which the country can support. With the dwindling of trade from Central Asia during the past decade, and its present virtual cessation, the means of subsistence have been reduced to a minimum. The economic conditions are poor. Unless some change occurs, any increase in population will raise serious problems which cannot be contemplated without misgivings.

Skardu is the only tehsil in the whole State to show a decrease in population. It is not easy to account for the decline in numbers except by epidemics or increased migration. Local officers have been unable to give an adequate explanation for an actual decrease of 1,206 against an expected increase, at the rate of 5 per cent. for the decade, of over 5,000. There was a fairly severe small-pox epidemic in the area during the decade;

this may account for the decrease partly. Increased winter migration may also account partly for the decrease. It may be that a prolonged epidemic of influenza or other such scourge, took toll of life over a period in all areas but was not severe enough in any particular locality to attract the attention of the local authorities. If the decrease were confined to one or two localities one might suspect the cause to be slackness and defective enumeration but this is not the case.

There are two distinct types living in the district. In Ladakh Tehsil the people are almost entirely Buddhist by religion. They are Mongolian by race and have a close affinity to the people of Tibet; in fact they are by race Western Tibetans. Of the total population 31,866 are Buddhists; Muslims number 4,086, Hindus 217, Sikhs 9 and others 129.

In the Kargil Tehsil there are Buddhist Colonies in localities on the borders of the Ladakh Tehsil and traces of Buddhism everywhere. The majority of the people are Baltis by race and Muslims by religion, mostly of the Shia sect. The non-Muslim population is made up of 8,298 Buddhists, 97 Hindus, 42 Sikhs and 6 others. There are a few Kashmiris in the area; the great majority are Baltis. There has been some mixing of Balti, Kashmiri and Ladakhi blood. The Muslims total 44,410 of whom 39,427 are Shias. The Muslims will take a Bodhi girl in marriage for their sons but will not give a daughter to a Buddhist unless he becomes a convert to Islam.

The population of Skardu Tehsil is almost entirely Muslim by religion; over 85,000 are of the Shia sect. There are no Buddhists at all and only 275 non-Muslims. The few Hindus and Sikhs are immigrants who have gone there in connection with trade. The area is commonly called Baltistan and the inhabitants Baltis. There are some Kashmiris and also Dards from the Gilgit and Astore Districts. The Baltis are of Mongolian stock but have an admixture of Aryan blood as there has been, and is, considerable intermarriage with the Dards of Astore and Gilgit as well as with Kashmiris. All being followers of Islam they freely intermarry to produce a blending of these races.

The number of inhabited villages at the recent Census was 111, 162 and 197 in Ladakh, Kargil and Skardu Tehsils respectively. The main question arising from an increasing population in such an area as the Ladakh District is the means of subsistence. A brief reference to the possibilities of increasing the area under

cultivation is therefore justified. It has been suggested that more land could be brought under cultivation in the broad Indus valley between Ranbirpur and Spitok, a few miles south-east and west of Leh respectively, by irrigation canals taking off from the Indus above Ranbirpur. The Nubra valley too, it is said, could support a larger population if irrigation schemes were developed with State aid. In the Kargil Tehsil there is an extensive plateau above the town of that name which it is reported could be brought under cultivation if the services of an irrigation engineer could be made available to plan and carry out the necessary project. To irrigate this plateau is said to be a perfectly feasible scheme and that the failure of an attempt to do so 15 to 20 years ago was due solely to a miscalculation in levels. In the Skardu Tehsil there would appear to be little scope for expansion of the cultivated area.

3. Migrations—Migrations take place annually. For the most part they are purely temporary. The Buddhist movement is to Tibet on pilgrimage to Lhasa, the centre to which they look for religious teaching. The Ladakhi, like the Tibetan, is afraid of low altitudes and regards the plains of India as a death-trap only to be visited under the urge of religious pilgrimage. As few of them are Muslims very few undertake the journey.

The Baltis of both Kargil and Skardu are a hardy race. Large numbers migrate south in the autumn in search of employment for the winter months. Some go on pilgrimage to Najaf or Mecca, according to the sect to which they belong. A few hundreds found work at Batote in the Udhampur District during the winter of 1940-41 on road construction and other development work in that area but mostly they go to the Punjab. A certain number go to Gilgit and Astore Districts in the summer each year to work as agricultural labourers; some of them are usually to be found at Bunji.

All these migrations are purely temporary and have little or no effect on the permanent population. It may, however, be said that the population of the Kargil and Skardu Tehsils is at its lowest at the time the Census is taken, *viz.*, in February or early March in any year, on account of these temporary migrations.

The few immigrants to the district are nearly all Hindu and Sikh traders from the Punjab; there are some Kashmiris. All go in connection with trade; the former in connection with trade from Central Asia and the latter to purchase

wool. Their numbers show a decrease as a result of the practical cessation of trade with Central Asia.

4. Agriculture.—The chief crops are wheat, barley, grim (a kind of barley grown at high altitudes) and buck-wheat; trumba and pulses are grown in small quantities. Wheat and grim are the staple food grains. Production is just about sufficient for local consumption in the case of Ladakh and Skardu but not Kargil. All three tehsils import rice from Kashmir. Kargil also imports maize. In the case of Ladakh any surplus grain is exported to Tibet.

Fruit is grown in all tehsils but production is greatest in Skardu. Apricots are the most important, particularly so in Skardu where incomes from other forms of agriculture are augmented considerably by the sale of sun dried apricots and kernels. The former normally sell at 8 seers to the rupee and the latter at 2 seers. The 'Halman' is considered the best kind of apricot.

Apples, pears and grapes are also grown—the two former in small numbers. The most important kind of grape is called Zirshak; these are dried and exported. Skardu is the chief area for grape cultivation. Mulberry trees and melons do well in Skardu. About one-twentieth of the small cultivable area of the district is said to be under gardens and orchards.

The production of fruit and vegetables plays an important part in the economy of the people in all tehsils but this is more so in the case of Skardu. In all tehsils vegetables are grown by the people in small plots of land adjacent to their houses both for their own use and for sale. The fruit and vegetable market at Leh used to display a good variety of produce in the summer months when trade between Central Asia and India flourished. The market was a centre of great activity; the smiling Bodhi girls displayed their goods attractively and the whole scene was pleasing and picturesque. With the cessation of trade this market has fallen on evil days. The market at Skardu is poor in comparison whilst at Kargil there is no such market at all. The superiority of the market at Leh is obviously due to the fact that it is the centre for Central Asians and Tibetan trade and buyers are more numerous and better able to pay good prices for what they require.

The most widely grown vegetable is the turnip; it forms an important part of the diet of

the people. Foreign vegetables have been introduced, both Indian and European, the chief of which are cabbage, cauliflower, brinjals, pumpkins, bindhi, tori and potatoes. Potatoes seem to do best in Skardu and large quantities are grown; supplies are available the whole year round. The mulberry trees, which are plentiful in Skardu, are not loped as there is no silk industry. The fruit of these trees forms the chief diet of the people for about three weeks. For another month or so apricots provide at least one meal a day.

In Ladakh Tehsil considerable areas of the most productive land are attached to the many monasteries; this must constitute a heavy load for the people to carry.

Throughout the district all cultivation is dependent on irrigation. The apparently sterile land produces well wherever water is available and it would seem that only by improved irrigation can cultivation be expanded.

Distances are so great, and communications so poor, that it is impossible to dispose of temporary surpluses of perishable supplies in one area to remedy short supplies in most others. There is a little scope for profitable marketing except at trade centres and halting places used by travellers. Prices naturally vary with demand. With the almost complete cessation of trade with Central Asia prices for all commodities have fallen steeply and are unlikely to recover until this trade has revived.

5. Industries and Labour.—There is no large scale industry in the district. Namdas are made and exported. The weaving of pashmina and puttoos is a cottage industry. Gold-washing is local. Most of the wool produced is consumed locally. The wool that is exported to Kashmir and India nearly all comes from Western Tibet. There is not sufficient pasturage to support a larger number of grazing animals than at present. In the Kargil Tehsil between the Zoji La and Shimsha Karbu there is excellent grazing but this is in the hands of 'Bakarwals' who come up from the plains in large numbers every summer. If the Kargil Tehsil could be relieved of this influx of outsiders the people of the area could possess larger flocks. There are plenty of grazing grounds for these visiting Bakarwals on the Kashmir side of the Zoji La.

There are sulphur and borax deposits in the Rupshu locality of the Ladakh Tehsil and asbestos at Suru in Kargil. Jade is found in Skardu. There are probably many other mineral deposits

too but none are worked except perhaps jade to a small extent. It would be worthwhile to examine the possibilities of working sulphur, borax and asbestos on a commercial scale. Labour would be cheap as there is little outlet at present.

Grass mats are made in the locality of Rondu in Skardu and there is some work in brass at Khapalu. There would appear to be scope for the silk industry in Skardu. Mulberry trees are plentiful and grow well. The fruit is an important item of diet but investigation might well prove the possibility of introducing the production of silk as a cottage industry without interfering with the supply of mulberries as an item of food supply.

A certain number of men living near the Leh Treaty Road in the Ladakh and Kargil Tehsils get employment under the Res system by which local people are obliged by Government to supply transport at fixed rates at different stages. Some are employed on road construction work.

The dwindling of the Central Asian trade during the past few years and its practical cessation at the end of the decade has had a serious effect on the ability of the people to earn something by labour to supplement their meagre income from other sources. In such circumstances, in spite of its obligatory nature, the Res system is perhaps a blessing in disguise temporarily. The 'Res' rate does not apply to merchandise but only to officials and travellers using the road. In the absence of the 'Res' system they probably would not get transport without great difficulty. Owing to the decline of trade the present market rate for transport ponies in the open season from Srinagar to Leh is about Rs. 5 or 6. The Res rate is more than double. The 'Res' system may thus be said to be advantageous to the local people at present, much as they dislike it, in that it reserves the right of those living near the Treaty Road to meet the transport requirements of officials and travellers.

Horse-breeding on a small scale is carried on in the Kargil Tehsil.

6. Subsistence and Indebtedness.—As already indicated the meagre means of subsistence available to the bulk of the population have been affected adversely during the latter half of the past decade by the decreasing trade between Central Asia and India. Wheat and gram, which previously were sold at 8 and 9 seers to the rupee respectively, at the end of the decade under

review were being sold at 12 and 14 seers to the rupee.

The market for labour, transport and fodder has similarly shown a serious decline. The three tehsils are not equally affected. As Ladakh and Kargil mostly benefitted from the trade with Central Asia, owing to the fact that the Leh Treaty Road passes through these tehsils, so they have been more affected by its decline than Skardu Tehsil. The Buddhists of the Ladakh Tehsil do not usually go to India in search of labour to supplement their incomes and it is difficult to suggest any means by which they can make good the loss occasioned by the practical cessation of the Central Asian trade. In the case of the Kargil and Skardu Tehsils the only course would appear to be for their men folk to leave their homes in winter in increasing numbers in search of employment as labourers but in recent years it is believed they have not obtained employment so readily as previously. As elsewhere in the State and British India, the peasants are not free from the clutches of the money lender. The trade of the country is mostly in the hands of immigrant traders. Sikhs are entrenched at Skardu and in all the chief centres of that tehsil. These shopkeepers are not only traders but carry on money lending at the same time. The trade of Leh is mostly in the hands of Punjabi traders from Hoshiarpur but with the cessation of Central Asian trade their numbers have decreased considerably. The average standard of living throughout the district is low and, unless some remedy is found, it is likely to deteriorate further. The people themselves, cut off from other areas by mountain barriers, have little incentive or initiative to make any effort to improve their lot.

Accurate figures as to income, expenditure and indebtedness are not available. From information supplied by the Wazir of the district it would appear that the average annual income of a family from land, livestock, transport, gold-washing and miscellaneous sources in Rs. 58, 42 and 68 in tehsils Ladakh, Kargil and Skardu respectively. Expenditure per family is given as Rs. 60, 43 and 68 respectively. These figures indicate that conditions of living are best in Skardu Tehsil and poorest in Kargil.

The figures for expenditure cover day to day necessities and ceremonies that may be considered essential; no provision for the liquidation of debts is included.

The monasteries take a lot of money and produce from the Buddhist inhabitants who in

spite of their poverty and low standard of living appear to give their quota willingly. Their Chhang drinking proclivities must contribute to their poverty and low standard of living but perhaps it is this habit which assists them to bear their apparently hard lot so cheerfully.

On the basis of occupied houses the average size of a family is just over 4 in Skardu, 5.5 in Kargil and 3.4 in Ladakh. This gives an average annual income per head of Rs. 17 in Ladakh and Skardu and only Rs. 7.6 in Kargil. By all the evidence at our disposal the standard of living is lowest in Kargil.

7. Education.—The percentage of literates for the whole area is low; it is lowest in the Skardu Tehsil and highest in Ladakh. Primary and Middle Schools are said to be adequate to meet present requirements but this is doubted. In Ladakh the Buddhists support a school for girls of their own. The people of Kargil and Skardu are very backward in education and, whether they show a desire for education and more schools or not, more primary schools would appear to be necessary.

A small high school at each tehsil headquarters of the district would seem to be required. The headquarters of each tehsil are distant from each other and all are cut off for most of the year from other High Schools in the State. If it is not practical to provide three High Schools then one at Kargil, which is almost equidistant from Leh and Skardu, might serve the whole district for the present. If any incentive is to be given to the people to acquire education of a standard higher than the primary and middle classes the provision of local facilities for High School education seems to be imperative. The provision of scholarships to schools in Kashmir on a generous basis and the distribution of books free of cost seems to be indicated as a temporary measure until better facilities for higher education can be provided. In the case of Ladakh Tehsil the census figures for literacy are obviously misleading. Reports from those having a knowledge of the area, which are supported by the Wazir of the district, indicate that about 90 per cent. of adult Buddhists are literate in their own language, Bodhi or Bhotia. It would appear that enumerators have wrongly considered that being able to read and write in Bodhi does not constitute literacy. From the point of view of literacy more schools in Ladakh may not be essential but to spread the knowledge of a language and script other than Bodhi is likely to bring these people into closer contact with other elements of the State population and to fit them

to hold appointments in Government departmental offices. At the same time the learning of Bodhi or Tibetan should not be discouraged as this is the mothertongue of the great majority.

In the Kargul Tehsil it is probable that most of the 1,167 males and 43 females shown in the tables as literate are Buddhists. There is little hope in the future for the people of this tehsil, where the average income is so low and the standard of living so poor; unless educational facilities are increased and education encouraged so that some at least of the future generation can leave the area and earn a living elsewhere. The introduction of compulsory primary education for children of specified ages within the limits of Kargil town and the neighbouring villages of Poin and Baroo might be considered.

The percentage of literacy is lowest of all in Skardu—1,356 in a population of 106271 or 1.27 per cent. The introduction of compulsory primary education within the limits of Skardu town might be considered. Something drastic is required to be done to bring home to these people the value of literacy.

8. Health and Water Supply.—Health would appear to be fairly good throughout the area. Generally speaking the people are strong and robust. Small-pox, influenza and typhoid fever would appear to be the usual causes of epidemics. There is some malaria in the Skardu Tehsil, also goitre. As in most high altitudes, and consequent low temperatures, the standards of hygiene leave room for improvement.

Diseases of the eye are common. There are Government dispensaries at all tehsil headquarters and also at Shigar and Khaplu. There are medical missionary organisations at the chief centres, but proper medical facilities in the more distant rural areas are non-existent. Indigenous medical treatment is, of course, available but without special aid this scarcely meets the requirements of an area which is so large and so cut off from other centres for medical treatment in the State. Reports indicate that supplies of essential medicines at the dispensaries are usually quite inadequate to meet requirements. Itinerant dispensaries are badly required. Drinking water is said to be good and adequate in most areas. In some places difficulty is experienced in winter when the sources of supply freeze or dry up. The supply in Skardu Khas would appear to leave considerable room for improvement. The water in village Kargamchoshal is said to be injurious to the teeth.

The dispensary at Kargil has been mentioned by local officers as inadequate to meet requirements. In addition, accommodation for at least ten indoor patients is suggested by the tehsildar. Since Kargil is the headquarters of the tehsil and is equidistant from the other two tehsil headquarters—Leh and Skardu—it is worthwhile for His Highness' Government to consider the construction of a small well equipped hospital at this centre which would serve a larger part of the whole district during the long winter months when it is impossible for cases to be brought over the passes to Srinagar.

The Skardu local officers recommend the provision of a Zenana hospital at Skardu and a dispensary at Rondu. These requests are modest ones and to meet them should not be difficult; to do so would give great satisfaction to the people of this tehsil.

9. Miscellaneous.—(i) The Buddhists of Ladakh look towards and have close association with Lhasa. Trade Missions are exchanged at intervals. The mission which leaves Leh for Lhasa every three years is known as the Lapchak Mission whilst that which returns the visit and comes to Leh from Lhasa is called Chobr Lhasa. These missions enjoy concessions on a reciprocal basis. They are supplied with free transport and accommodation in both countries. For some times the exchange of missions was in abeyance owing to misunderstandings. These were removed about the middle of the past decade and relations between the two governments are now normal.

(ii) Trade between Leh and Lhasa is carried on in Tibetan tea, silk, woollen goods, carpets, furs, hides, fruit, grain and pashmina. A fixed import duty of 2 per cent. *ad valorem* is levied on all goods by both governments on a reciprocal basis.

(iii) The houses of the Buddhists, or Bodhs as they are called, are said to be more attractive in appearance than those usually found in the other two tehsils and their household interiors and utensils superior.

(iv) The Bodhs are described as a simple, credulous community; they are said to forgive and forget easily. Crime is practically non-existent in the Ladakh Tehsil.

(v) The Bodhs manufacture an intoxicating beverage known as 'Chhang'. This is similar to a light beer and is made from grim or barley. No Buddhist ceremony or occasion of any importance is complete without plenty of Chhang to enliven the proceedings.

The drinking of Chhang seems to have the approval of the local monastic authorities belonging to the Red Sect but not of the Gelukpa or Yellow Sect.

(vi) The younger male members of a Buddhist family are dedicated to the Gompas or monasteries and in time become Lamas; girls also are dedicated and become Chomos or nuns. This practice is a factor in the restriction of population.

(vii) Polyandry has prevailed for generations past throughout Ladakh amongst the Buddhists. Under this system the brothers of a husband share the favour of his wife. This custom obviously developed as a practical measure for limiting the population. As already observed it has recently been prohibited by legislation.

(viii) The Muslims of the district are mostly Shias. Their outlook on life is in marked contrast to the easy-going habits of the Ladakhi Buddhist.

(ix) Fairs are usually held at places where there is a Gomba in connection with Buddhistic

ceremonies. Perhaps the best known is that held annually at the Himis Gomba. These fairs are not held for the purpose of sale or interchange of agricultural produce and other commodities. There are no fairs or markets of this nature worth the name. The chief festivals kept by the Muslim population, mostly Shias, are Nauroz and Moharrum.

(x) There are a number of Gompas or Buddhist monasteries in the Ladakh Tehsil. They are said to possess many valuable manuscripts. Buddhistic ruins are to be found at Dras, Mulbeck and Karche Khar in the Kargil Tehsil. There is a sculptured rock monument at SANKHO in Kargil standing 25 ft. high. This is a figure of Buddha.

At Kharmang are the ruins of an ancient building said to be of pre-Buddhist days. This is called 'MOON KHAR' meaning "Fort of the Aryans."

(xi) Regular Land Settlement operations have been carried out in all tehsils. These were completed in 1909, 1911 and 1901 for Ladakh, Kargil and Skardu Tehsils respectively.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Ladakh**Tehsil Ladakh**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Beghdung	362	100	1	1	395	195	200	195	200
2	Warisfaztan	73	24			70	35	35		
3	Odumroo	268	70			282	140	142	16	13
4	Largeeb	147	51			164	86	78	29	23
5	Askooro	87	23			86	43	43		
6	Tarchee	88	32			115	55	60	5	2
7	Handrie	59	26			81	36	45		
8	Kanfok	126	37			133	68	65		
9	Pratapporah	109	29			112	56	56	54	55
10	Handor	384	120			480	234	246	71	76
11	Handordoog	50	14			58	31	27		
		1753	526			1976	979	997	370	369
12	Chamshancharasa	303	85	2		316	149	167		
13	Kobeed	358	119			401	179	222	12	5
14	Khamie	239	76			222	113	109		
15	Panmik	303	104			362	169	193	6	3
16	Tegar	309	93			324	155	169	17	13
17	Samoor	296	86			310	170	140	1	
		1808	563			1935	935	1000	36	21
18	Diskit	490	139	3		414	220	194	50	48
19	Laggon	213	56			237	117	120	5	4
20	Khalser	51	15			53	25	28		
21	Khardong	230	61			338	110	128		
22	Deger	120	28			118	64	54		
23	Khamakhumroo	117	25			106	42	64		
24	Tanier	99	29			110	52	58		
		1320	353			1276	630	646	55	52
25	Durbek	320	108	4		317	157	160	6	5
26	Sachokal	258	93			294	144	150		
27	Tanchie	359	109			385	181	204	7	7
28	Manpangan	376	91			380	177	203	1	
29	Kargamchoshal	512	147			647	339	308	6	
		1825	548			2023	998	1025	20	12
30	Kangum	207	66	5	2	204	103	101		
31	Lakche	91	36			98	43	55		
32	Tugla	179	54			163	87	76		
33	Turchat	92	58			112	48	64		
34	Hamian	137	41			152	74	78		
35	Terie	145	37			105	58	47		
36	Karay	55	32			137	72	65		
37	Kunjung	93	28			97	49	48		
38	Chomathang	153	54			206	108	98		
39	Samdovikchan	119	52			241	124	117		
40	Loman	313	96			368	177	191		
41	Mood	230	69			270	135	135		
42	Anlay	193	71			339	164	175		
43	Koiel	134	42			115	54	61		
44	Damchook	6	2			20	11	9		
45	Karzok	211	128			502	265	237		
46	Mansor	60	66			263	131	132		
		2418	932			3392	1703	1689		
47	Phokche	206	51	6		191	101	90		
48	Sharloo	171	37			143	74	69		
49	Sharangoos	143	47			177	87	90		
50	Aigoo	639	175			594	288	306		
51	Lankoor	54	19			50	22	28		
52	Saktie	824	287			953	484	469		
		2037	616			2108	1056	1052		

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
						35	35			3	
						124	129			5	
						57	55			1	
						43	43			2	
						50	58			1	
						36	45			3	
						68	65			5	
						2	1			22	
						163	170			42	
						31	27			11	
						609	628			25	
						149	167			5	
	5					167	212			14	
		1				113	109			14	
						162	190			14	
13	10					138	156	72	6	29	1
13	15	1				154	124	2	6	98	1
						883	958			20	
						170	146			8	
						112	116			4	
						25	28			5	
						110	128			2	
						64	54			2	
						42	64			2	
						52	58			2	
						575	594			43	
						151	155			17	
						144	150			34	
						174	197			23	
						176	203			33	
						333	308			26	
						978	1013			133	
						103	101			17	
						43	55			3	
						87	76			3	
						48	64			5	
						74	78			11	
						58	47			5	
						72	65			9	
						49	48			8	
						108	98			12	
						124	117			24	1
						177	191			6	1
						135	135			12	
						164	175			19	
						54	61			11	
						11	9			1	
						265	237			31	3
						131	132			14	
						1703	1689			191	5
						101	90			13	
						74	69			6	
						87	90			3	
						288	306			25	
						22	28			1	
						484	469			51	
						1056	1052			99	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
53	Matho ..	555	181	7		534	276	258	12	9
54	Stagna ..	154	44			135	79	56		
55	Changa ..	119	39			29	162	67		
56	Hamis ..	131	85			128	90	38		
57	Shang ..	159	62			139	74	65		
58	Marchlang ..	157	57			167	83	84	9	8
59	Opshie ..	53	20			58	28	30		
60	Meroo ..	105	46			105	55	50		
61	Gaih ..	300	97			308	147	159	1	
62	Kharnak ..	197	49			193	94	99		
		1930	680			1894	988	906	22	17
63	Chamrie ..	823	285	8	3	829	430	399	9	7
64	Kharoo ..	111	41			113	50	63		
65	Nang ..	172	65			169	78	91		
66	Rambirporah ..	160	52			147	67	80	25	34
67	Thagsay ..	734	270			771	387	384	51	55
		2000	713			2029	1012	1017	85	96
68	Anekgama ..	146	36	9		107	55	52	32	22
69	Shai ..	680	78			136	120	116	22	24
70	Chuglamsar ..	167	143			466	237	229	23	28
71	Saboo ..	468	172			474	226	248	11	13
72	Pituk ..	354	125			372	209	163	23	15
		1806	554			1655	847	808	111	102
73	Ladakh Khas Civil (Leh	3047	943	10		3223	1665	1558	511	507
74	Ladakh Khas Military Town	46	23			149	149		1	
		3047	943			3223	1665	1558	511	507
	M. P. ..	46	23			149	149		1	
75	Took ..	626	205	11		656	337	319	8	8
76	Chachootshoman ..	1698	276			1137	536	601	331	386
77	Chachootgoman ..		155			504	281	223	226	119
		2324	636			2297	1154	1143	566	513
78	Fiang ..	681	230	12		685	350	335	22	18
79	Fai ..	125	44			105	51	54		
80	Rumbuk ..		39			143	80	63		
81	Kiomarkha ..	202	65			218	98	120		
		1008	378			1151	578	572	22	18
82	Taroo ..	206	59	13	4	235	116	119		
83	Umla ..	41	12			42	20	22		
84	Nimmo ..	543	134			528	273	255	6	7
85	Bazgoh ..	482	122			447	226	221	7	5
86	Nia ..	258	68			296	148	148		
87	Likeer ..	581	209			615	327	288		
		2111	604			2163	1110	1053	13	12
88	Saspol ..	551	152	14	4	554	292	262	3	
89	Saspochie ..	143	30			137	66	71		
90	Hemishopchan ..	553	169			567	274	293		
91	Tarhiptie ..	59	14			63	32	31		
92	Giramangoo ..	219	62			226	109	117		
93	Alchie ..	363	113			399	187	212	5	3
94	Chilingsumda ..	124	37			140	68	72		
		2012	577			2086	1028	1058	8	3
95	Noorullah ..	189	59	15		222	127	95		
96	Temisgam ..	674	162			698	331	367	2	2
97	Tiah ..	668	144			729	367	362		
98	Skinding ..	135	35			152	68	84		
99	Khalsie ..	334	76			289	152	137	1	
100	Laidoo ..	190	37			172	86	86		
101	Tagmachik ..	326	81			347	169	178		
		2516	594			2600	1300	1300	3	2
102	Damkhar ..	698	182	16		684	364	320	2	

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (bias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
						264	249			40	
						79	56			11	
						62	67			2	
						90	38			49	
						74	65			4	
						74	76			3	
						28	30			1	
						55	50			1	
						146	159			6	
						94	99			4	
						966	889			121	
						420	392	1		104	2
						50	63			13	
						78	91			12	
						42	46			11	
						336	329			80	6
						926	921	1		220	8
7	12					16	18			17	
						89	89	9	3	26	1
						213	198	1	3	35	2
						215	235			40	
						186	148			47	1
7	12					719	688	10	6	165	4
113	105	52	16	5	4	938	889	46	37	326	69
		148								70	
113	105	52	16	5	4	938	889	46	37	326	69
		148								70	
						329	311			61	1
						205	215			119	4
						55	104			18	
						589	630			198	5
69	58					259	259			86	1
						51	54			9	
						80	63			12	
						98	120			17	
69	58					488	496			124	1
						116	119			13	
						20	22			1	
						267	248			30	
17	22					202	194			30	
						148	148			14	
						327	288			31	
17	22					1080	1019			119	
1	3					286	256	2	3	56	
						66	71			5	
						274	293			21	
						32	31			4	
						109	117			9	
						182	209			10	
						68	72			8	
1	3					1017	1049	2	3	113	
						127	95			14	
						329	365			56	
						367	362			51	
						68	84			9	
						143	129	8	8	19	1
						86	86			8	
						169	178			10	
						1289	1299	8	8	167	1
						362	320			19	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
103	Kirbochan	1164	329			966	499	467		
104	Hano	556	160			568	285	283	14	13
105	Dah	312	103			315	164	151	29	20
		2730	774			2533	1312	1221	45	33
106	Kangie	178	45	17		176	93	83		
107	Lingshet	426	140			450	233	217		
108	Youlchong	158	44			168	81	87		
109	Fitoksar	136	60			157	80	77		
110	Wanla	463	131			504	257	247		
111	Lamayouroo	372	157			353	171	182	1	
		1733	577			1808	915	893	1	
	TOTAL	34377	10568			36158	18211	17947	1867	1757
	M. P.	46	23			149	149		1	
	GRAND TOTAL	34423	10591			36307	18360	17947	1868	1757

*Indian Christians=68 M+59 F. Other Christians=1M+1F.

Rumbuk serial number 80 existed in 1931 and was enumerated but was not shown in the Village Tables 1931.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
						487	453			59	
12	14					271	270			11	
						135	131			4	
12	14					1255	1174			93	
						93	83			4	
						233	217			10	
						81	87			7	
						80	77			5	
						257	247			23	
						170	182			19	
						914	893			68	
232	229	53	16	5	4	15985	15881	69	60	2320	94
		148								70	
232	229	201	16	5	4	15985	15881	69	60	2390	94

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Ladakh**Tehsil Kargil**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Machoi	..	4	1	5	9	9			
2	Matien	..	32			210	109	101	64	58
3	Pandras	..	42			247	124	123	91	84
4	Botokal	..	4			35	16	19	16	19
5	Moshkoo	..	29			193	109	84	106	82
6	Holyal	..	24			189	94	95	89	91
7	Muradbag	..	26			209	100	109	78	79
8	Tranggan	..	30			246	134	112	128	108
9	Goshan	..	78			438	215	223	121	113
10	Rambirporah	..	56			294	154	140	89	97
			1932			2070	1064	1006	782	731
11	Youlboh	..	57	2		336	177	159	82	60
12	Gundyal	..	29			166	80	86	77	84
13	Biambat	..	49			321	176	145	87	71
14	Thurangoss	..	23			165	83	82		
15	Chokial	..	54			395	185	210	97	102
16	Jusgoond	..	28			173	88	85	39	31
17	Thasgam	..	26			156	79	77	56	4
18	Shamshah	..	29			196	95	101	20	28
19	Kharboh	..	40			300	157	143	18	20
			2069			2208	1120	1088	476	400
20	Kakar	..	16	3		184	108	76		
21	Thanos	..	16			151	85	66		
22	Koner	..	13			167	81	86		
23	Natial	..	16			169	84	85		
24	Pharnsat	..	14			207	100	107		
25	Gultari	..	44			481	244	237		1
26	Shoran	..	14			234	125	109		
27	Krabosh	..	14			225	116	109		
28	Ginialmitial	..	15			297	153	144		
29	Thalie	..	10			189	97	92		
			1888			2304	1193	1111		1
30	Philtuksh	..	72	4		1061	562	499		
31	Karkat	..	46			570	288	282		
32	Hardas	..	33			300	148	152		
33	Brasil	..	47			689	337	352		
34	Memosthang	..	26			329	170	159		
			2668			2949	1505	1444		
35	Hargosal	..	81	5	6	551	292	259	2	2
36	Olding	..	129			727	395	332	1	
37	Tarkati	..	59			259	135	124	2	1
38	Torgund	..	117			555	321	234	2	
39	Sheriteng	..	16			62	30	32		
			2371			2154	1173	981	7	3
40	Baiecha	..	94	6		621	313	308		
41	Mayourdoo	..	82			354	172	182		
42	Ingoot	..	37			266	140	126		
43	Parie	..	216			1099	530	569		
			2152			2340	1155	1185		
44	Gundoos	..	132	7		636	316	320		
45	Thang	..	69			359	187	172		
46	Kindrak	..	65			382	197	185		
47	Kharmang	..	185			913	460	453		
			2032			2290	1160	1130		

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
8		1								2	
45	43									13	
33	39										
3	2									20	
5	4									8	
22	30									1	
6	4									2	
94	110									9	
62	42	3	1							12	
278	274	4	1							67	
95	99									15	
3	2									4	
89	74									6	
83	82									6	
88	108									5	
49	54									3	
23	73									11	
75	73									10	
139	123									19	
644	688									79	
108	76									4	
85	66									3	
81	86										
84	85									2	
100	107										
244	236									3	
125	109									1	
116	109									1	
153	144									1	
97	92									1	
1193	1110									16	
562	499									2	
288	282									2	
148	152									8	
337	352									5	
170	159									2	
1505	1444									19	
290	257										
394	332									24	
133	123									25	
319	234									11	2
30	32									1	
1166	978									61	2
313	308									5	
172	182									2	
140	126									1	
530	569									18	
1155	1185									26	
316	320									8	
187	172									3	
197	185										
460	453									40	
1160	1130									51	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
48	Goves	389	42	8		417	215	202		
49	Palpaldoo	171	29			194	99	95		
50	Sangkarmoon	175	24			185	96	89		
51	Hamzigoond	235	34			228	117	111		
52	Marol	143	17			152	73	79		
53	Ganokh	377	36			361	185	176	2	
		1490	182			1537	785	752	2	
54	Cholichen	487	88	9	7	422	228	194		
55	Salmon	460	62			396	218	178	1	
56	Lalang	267	30			380	189	191	4	
		1214	180			1198	635	563	5	
57	Wercheks	267	41	10		250	126	124		
58	Barchay	240	30			229	114	115		
59	Apatie	287	44			292	169	123	7	7
60	Garkoon	333	58			307	147	160		
		1127	173			1078	556	522	7	7
61	Sanjak	129	23	11		92	49	43	49	43
62	Osondoo	208	40			228	97	131	7	14
63	Youngmakharkooh	165	37			184	107	77		
64	Shakar	598	110			671	340	331	4	
65	Maghsan	371	78			504	250	254	250	254
66	Chuktan	479	67			382	194	188	189	184
67	Kakshoo	310	51			303	153	150	94	89
		2260	406			2364	1190	1174	593	584
68	Samrah	444	82	12		462	249	213	4	
69	Takche	438	115			512	259	253	23	33
70	Hankoh	153	32			138	69	69		
71	Botkharboh	467	106			449	215	234		
		1502	335			1561	792	769	27	33
72	Wakhah	574	161	13		598	319	279	61	51
73	Malbik	523	134			518	259	259	6	7
		1097	295			1116	578	538	67	58
74	Shergoal	153	49	14		164	72	92	33	42
75	Krunbah	131	34			141	69	72	60	61
76	Khacha	216	58			230	114	116	51	51
77	Phoh	288	74			295	147	148	102	101
78	Tungdo	89	23			109	57	52	57	52
79	Nonumche	89	18			79	35	44	32	38
80	Dharket	66	20			60	26	34		
		1032	276			1078	520	558	335	345
81	Lochum	111	30	15		122	60	62		
82	Skambio	149	24			168	93	75		
83	Kokstay	124	21			98	44	54		
84	Tache	194	35			200	97	103		
85	Karat	187	32			198	97	101		
86	Pushkum	979	227			905	421	484		
		1744	369			1691	812	879		
87	Akhchlmal	581	62	16		501	254	247		
88	Tomeel	330	36			259	135	124		
89	Yourbaltik	653	81			494	252	242		
		1564	179			1254	641	613		
90	Balargoo	398	84	17		367	208	159		
91	Shalkucha	246	41			172	88	84		
92	Poien	471	80			383	195	188	1	
93	Partapjung	69	42			112	70	42	19	4
		1184	247			1034	561	473	20	4
94	Chhanigund	49	8	18		73	37	36		
95	Chali Skambo	195	16			164	89	75		

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
96	Kargil Town	1327	331			1370	695	675	72	43
97	Baroo	546	173			591	305	286	13	4
		2117	528			2198	1126	1072	85	47
98	Manjie	564	128	19		564	259	305		
99	Chakoor	729	134			952	443	509	1	
100	Batambas	133	26			141	70	71		
101	Safe	383	66			391	184	207		
		1809	354			2048	956	1092	1	
102	Trunson	653	69	20	8	786	368	418		
103	Gundmangalpur	510	64			564	268	296	1	
104	Slaskot	706	73			688	316	372	8	
105	Frono	399	40			355	160	195		
		2268	246			2393	1112	1281	9	
106	Lankarcho	768	101	21	8	763	372	391	1	3
107	Odumba	257	51			320	153	167		
108	Astagpa	288	56			326	143	183		
109	Nagmakosar	292	58			312	152	160		
110	Thangdambroo	708	182			778	323	455	3	6
		2313	448			2499	1143	1356	4	9
111	Tumbes	560	120	22		595	277	318		
112	Knoor	379	77			368	175	193		
113	Thasgamthovena	712	147			851	418	433		
		1651	344			1814	870	944		
114	Barsoo	507	75	23		525	268	257		
115	Khundi	475	75			492	256	236		
116	Bartoo	275	38			310	147	163		
117	Shergundi	104	12			102	43	59		
118	Iechoo	67	6			74	33	41		
119	Karchekhur	332	71			436	219	217		
120	Sungrah	339	86			453	213	240		
		2099	363			2392	1179	1213		
121	Karfokhar	32	8	24		39	16	23		
122	Galing	86	21			98	57	41		
123	Partakche	209	54			289	120	169		
124	Youlguk	397	109			469	187	282		
125	Khawos	242	46			222	111	111		
126	Numsoro	318	56			265	138	127	2	
127	Kargie	225	55			267	125	142	6	
128	Taisooro	170	51			221	102	119	1	
129	Thulaspursa	105	28			127	60	67		
		1784	428			1997	916	1081	11	
130	Panikhar	92	24	25		101	46	55	21	25
131	Prantie	188	40			205	84	121	41	58
132	Chokhor	179	35			175	78	97	1	
133	Kochak	98	23			122	53	69	1	
134	Achumber	207	26			211	95	116	1	
135	Atangoal	240	41	25		262	132	130	4	
136	Parkachak	377	84			393	181	212	4	
137	Rangdum	148	47			123	71	52		
		1529	320			1592	740	852	73	83
138	Akshoo	109	44	26	9	142	72	70		
139	Abran	133	44			153	77	76		
140	Hamiling	92	27			106	43	63		
141	Ating	195	59			208	102	106		
142	Ramlakiagam	193	68			247	115	132		
143	Fai	171	48			161	76	85		
144	Rantakshah	131	37			138	74	64		
		1024	327			1155	559	596		
145	Tongrinphagan	222	66	27		254	121	133		
146	Teacha Khaser	140	42			152	65	87		

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
577	594	21	11	17	24	5		3	3	200	21
270	269	20	13			2				14	
973	974	41	24	17	24	7		3	3	218	21
259	305									13	1
442	509									51	1
70	71									2	
87	121					97	86			4	
858	1006					97	86			70	2
368	418									8	
267	296									7	
308	372									4	
160	195									28	
1103	1281									47	
371	388									10	
153	167									4	
143	183									3	
152	160									3	
320	449									5	
1139	1347									25	
277	318									11	
175	193									3	
418	433									19	
870	944									33	
268	257									4	
256	236									2	
147	163									5	
43	59										
33	41										
219	217									10	
213	240									4	
1179	1213									25	
16	23										
57	41									1	
120	169									3	
187	282									4	
109	111									11	
136	127									3	
119	142									4	
101	119									5	
60	67									1	
905	1081									32	
25	30									25	2
43	63									13	6
77	97										
52	69										
94	116										
128	130										
177	212									2	
596	717					71	52			41	8
						72	70				
						77	76				
						43	63				
						102	106				
						115	132				
						76	85			1	
						74	64				
						559	596			1	
						121	133				
						65	87				

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
147	Langmiriging	226	64			212	82	130		
148	Karshah	388	143			388	205	181		
149	Zangla	507	152			531	245	286		
		1483	467			1535	718	817		
150	Sani	140	51	28		168	76	90		
151	Sailabigibag	133	45			161	71	90		
152	Rogrog	136	42			137	64	73		
153	Tingdekomi	403	103			409	193	216		
154	Otpishipting	298	85			314	149	165		
155	Padam	457	125			510	237	273	85	88
		1567	451			1697	790	907	85	88
156	Pichah	133	36	29		139	74	65		
157	Rahromoni	180	38			168	83	85		
158	Icher	121	29			129	55	74		
159	Chah	230	56			230	124	106		
160	Shonshaday	148	30			157	81	76	1	
161	Titah	266	68			258	122	136		
162	Kargiah	190	53			226	104	122		
		1268	310			1307	643	664	1	
TOTAL		50238	9566			52853	26192	26661	2590	2393

*Others—Christian =3M+3F.

NOTE.—Machoi serial number 1 existed in 1931 but was not shown in the Village Tables for 1931. Presumably it was unoccupied.

1941 Population											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
						82	130				
						205	181			2	
						245	286			1	
						718	817			3	
						76	90				
						71	90				
						64	73				
						193	216				
						149	165				
						152	185			4	
						705	819			4	
						74	65				
						83	85				
						55	74				
						124	106				
						80	76				
						122	136				
						104	122				
						642	664				
19494	19933	61	36	18	24	4026	4272	3	3	1167	43

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Ladakh**Tehsil Skardu**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Shangos	34	8	1	10	79	39	40		
2	Stak	1541	279			1669	811	858		
3	Tariko	192	34			203	111	92		
4	Lashithang	233	57			310	160	150		
5	Thoar	1122	237			1132	590	542		
		3122	615			3393	1711	1682		
6	Yalbo	510	86	2		609	321	288		
7	Gangi	437	73			450	234	216		
8	Talboo	288	53			256	140	116		
9	Tolobrok	620	119			654	323	331		
		1855	331			1969	1018	951		
10	Thorcha	378	85	3		444	218	226		
11	Bilamik	841	144			860	427	433		
12	Harpoh	582	126			584	314	270		
13	Shout	473	67			418	209	209		
14	Harbot Kashumal	97	38			212	106	106		
15	Noansheher	132	23			152	78	74		
16	Hango	218	44			204	100	104		
17	Hardas	164	36			186	93	93		
18	Mendhi	228	47			222	126	96		
19	Askoyou	62	15			73	43	30		
		3175	625			3355	1714	1641		
20	Tormik	1598	375	4		1568	811	757		
21	Daso	326	82			329	176	153		
22	Baicha	131	35			157	85	72		
23	Tongos	68	18			79	44	35		
24	Charj	221	53			211	119	92		
25	Bagardoo	389	78			359	186	173		
		2733	641			2703	1421	1282		
26	Kumrah	1283	414	5		1208	651	557		
27	Kuardoo	1806	462			1698	886	812		
28	Strangdongmo	284	88			295	161	134		
		3373	984			3201	1698	1503		
29	Basho	1476	283	6		1547	770	777		
30	Pranggalcho	384	36			183	93	90		
31	Pandis	46	8			36	22	14		
32	Shagarthang	746	129			686	354	332		
33	Kachora	810	175			882	448	434		
34	Mardacho	39	10			46	22	24		
		3301	641			3380	1709	1671		
35	Hoto	650	136	7	11	444	233	211	11	10
36	Chunda	1304	230			1217	639	578		
37	Tendal	664	125			641	329	312	327	310
38	Kunjos	435	90			457	224	233		
		3053	581			2759	1425	1334	338	320
39	Shagaribalan	317	74	8		326	173	153		
40	Shagarikalan	961	238			985	532	453		
41	Gamskardu	791	196			791	398	393		
42	Hotorangah	79	18			83	47	36		
43	Rangah	907	162			993	484	509		
		3055	688			3178	1634	1544		
44	Gayoul	783	201	9		736	390	346		
45	Katpanah	229	61			263	132	131		

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
46	Songdus	375	94			402	217	185		
47	Newrangah	268	72			317	157	160	4	4
48	Khalangrargah	68	22			76	41	35		
49	Astana	220	55			258	138	120		
50	Shagarikhurd	628	170			595	306	289		
51	Kushmarah	184	56			219	110	109		
52	Sadparah	684	167			714	351	363		
		3439	898			3580	1842	1738	4	4
53	Gumastar	56	30	10		60	31	29		
54	Thorgobala	235	67			256	145	111		
55	Thorgopain	284	93			314	148	166		
56	Kuffchun	590	194			659	371	288		
57	Olding	1686	580			1786	970	816	29	6
58	Sikamidan	672	317			751	403	348	26	17
59	Nangsukh	34	11	10		27	13	14		
		3557	1292			3853	2081	1772	55	43
60	Nihali	206	33	11	12	180	92	88	30	31
61	Bondo	343	69			254	137	117	137	117
62	Wazirpur	1402	316			1298	659	639	576	577
63	Gulabpur	1748	425			1820	953	867	258	149
		3699	843			3552	1841	1711	1001	874
64	Tisar	1610	384	12		1856	970	886		
65	Hamisal	282	72			271	158	113		
66	Demal	136	44			182	71	111		
67	Thorgou	315	140			222	158	64		
68	Niasaloo	247	45			274	140	134		
		2590	685			2805	1497	1308		
69	Sobri	183	32	13		188	110	78		
70	Dokoo	184	33			184	98	86		
71	Arindo	255	40			274	148	126		
72	Baisal	411	66			426	231	195		
73	Sikoo	633	104			643	359	284		
74	Bain	175	35			191	102	89		
75	Dogroo	438	70			366	186	180		
		2279	380			2272	1234	1038		
76	Tistoon	209	34	14		197	103	94		
77	Dasoo	677	77			275	139	136		
78	Nied	414	124			700	345	355		
79	Bianoo	182	27			201	100	101		
80	Saidar	287	32			336	165	171		
81	Gomroo	181	26			213	98	115		
		1950	320			1922	950	972		
82	Chongoo	111	22	15		121	60	61		
83	Thongal	209	27			203	104	99		
84	Srongoo	188	28			195	89	106	1	1
85	Askolie	327	47	15		303	156	147		
86	Tistay	335	51			352	179	173		
87	Munjig	94	14			93	49	44		
88	Kurfa	247	44			235	110	125		
89	Sinoo	174	27			176	96	80		
90	Chhatroon	230	29			187	100	87		
91	Pakorah	242	33			211	110	101		
92	Foljoo	325	40			336	167	169		
		2482	362			2412	1220	1192	1	1
93	Mangoo	247	39	16	13	216	110	106		
94	Younon	167	34			171	86	85		
95	Kashomal	321	65			318	160	158		
96	Sildi	323	52			309	156	153		
97	Alchori	663	127			662	342	320	33	20
98	Hashopi	881	218			877	458	419	6	5
99	Pharingbaman	232	46			227	118	109		
		2834	581			2780	1430	1350	39	25

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total Inmates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
217	185									4	
153	156									2	
41	35									3	
133	120									4	
306	289									3	
110	109										
351	363									3	
1838	1734									29	
31	29										
145	111									4	
143	166									5	
371	283									28	
825	767	89	34	26	9					134	5
344	315	1	1	32	15					118	
13	14										
1878	1690	90	35	58	24					289	5
62	57										
83	62									4	
695	718									8	
840	837									12	
970	886									74	1
153	113									4	
71	111									2	
153	64									2	
140	134									3	
1497	1308									85	1
110	78									1	
93	86									1	
143	126									2	
231	195									4	
359	284									2	
102	89									2	
130	130									2	
1234	1038									14	
103	94									3	
139	136									1	
345	355									3	
100	101									1	
105	171									1	
93	115									2	
950	872									11	
60	61									1	
104	99										
83	105									1	
156	147										
179	173									1	
43	44									1	
110	125									1	
56	80									1	
100	87									1	
110	101									1	
107	169									2	
1219	1191									10	
110	106										
80	85										
150	158									2	
156	153									1	
309	300									2	
452	414									3	
118	109									3	
1391	1325									11	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1931	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
100	Chhorka I	1859	563	17		1707	899	808	38	39
101	Chhorka II	586	203			616	339	277	23	19
102	Risar	227	62			227	131	96		
		2672	828			2550	1369	1181	61	58
103	Momochommo	236	64	18		238	131	107		
104	Thogmon	218	51			216	123	93		
105	Markunja	579	61			200	105	95		
106	Markanja	799	350			1131	605	526	17	16
107	Totkhorkalan	1123	300			1030	555	475	9	7
		2955	826			2815	1519	1296	26	23
108	Totkhorkurd	420	114	19		410	215	195		
109	Gianparopie	246	74			221	112	109	4	8
110	Marapie	606	138			620	329	291		
111	Braqchhan	251	60			245	125	120	2	3
112	Kothangbala	219	48			215	111	104		
113	Kothangpaien	143	44			160	91	69		
114	Sarfarangah	75	15			75	40	35		
		1960	493			1946	1023	923	6	11
115	Narboching	49	12	20		52	24	28		
116	Nur	892	226			892	457	435		
117	Goroo	270	88			293	132	161		
		1211	326			1237	613	624		
118	Goal	1735	475	21	14	1348	699	649	1	1
119	Sermik	924	326			949	467	482	106	104
120	Dooro	318	98			386	195	191		
121	Shiela	203	42			226	119	107		
		3180	941			2909	1480	1429	107	105
122	Dapa	367	92	22		393	206	187		
123	Katisho	293	59			285	146	139		
124	Chatpa	205	44			204	105	99		
125	Taltibrok	547	150			636	329	307		
126	Koltor	85	23			72	33	39		
		1497	368			1590	819	771		
127	Serlang	320	76	23		290	143	147		
128	Parkuta	964	261			993	505	488		
129	Baidong	186	57			200	102	98		
130	Ghasingh	661	176			735	382	353		
131	Mantho	185	48			210	103	107		
132	Manthokhah	246	60			271	140	131		
133	Pandah	213	53			242	128	114		
		2775	731			2941	1503	1438		
134	Madhopur	357	105	24		350	179	171		
135	Kamango	887	340			884	459	425		
136	Tolti	724	264			753	402	351		
137	Kasoro	211	43			239	121	118		
138	Stadho	474	117			505	246	259		
		2653	869			2731	1407	1324		
139	Makhore	1771	358	25		1662	866	796	117	119
140	Takor	1134	247			1098	544	554	60	41
141	Gon	596	141			638	327	311		
		3501	746			3398	1737	1661	177	160
142	Kuroo	1376	301	26	15	1299	655	644	428	422
143	Kanes	674	122			523	239	284	17	2
144	Goari	1737	414			1674	816	858	521	561
		3787	837			3496	1710	1786	966	935
145	Yougo	615	204	27		681	386	295	361	290
146	Karnak	474	47			290	93	197	9	171
147	Bara	1697	431			1761	906	855	234	336
		2786	682			2732	1385	1347	604	797

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
861	769									31	
316	258									20	1
131	96									3	
1308	1123									54	1
131	107									1	
123	93									1	
105	95									4	
558	489	8	4	22	17					28	
544	467							2	1	34	1
1461	1251	8	4	22	17			2	1	68	1
215	195									11	1
108	101									2	
329	291									22	
123	117										
111	104										
91	69										
40	35										
1017	912									35	1
24	28										
457	435										
132	161										
613	624										
698	648									9	
361	378									5	
195	191									5	
119	107									2	
1373	1324									21	
206	187										
146	139										
105	99										
329	307										
33	39										
819	771										
143	147									5	
503	488			2						32	
102	98										
382	353									3	
103	107										
140	131									1	
128	114										
501	1438			2						41	
179	171									4	
459	425									4	
402	351									8	
121	118									1	
246	259									3	
107	1324									20	
748	677										
484	513			1						60	
327	311									49	
										7	
559	1501			1						116	
227	222									4	
222	282									2	
295	297									5	
744	801									11	
25	5										
84	26									3	
572	519									3	
										6	
31	850									12	

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
148	Blagar	2130	497	28		2236	1137	1099	708	751
149	Dogonie	1140	252			1056	530	526	496	200
		3270	749			3292	1667	1625	1204	951
150	Thala	2044	564	29		2199	989	1210	911	1136
		2044	564			2199	989	1210	911	1136
151	Kharkoh	2366	532	30		2267	1123	1144	704	733
152	Sapho	71	14			37	20	17	4	2
153	Salang	264	84			303	157	146	3	3
		2701	630			2607	1300	1307	711	738
154	Khapulo Paien	2829	834	31	16	2980	1459	1521	507	517
155	Gharbuchung	404	36			136	72	64		
		3233	870			3116	1531	1585	507	517
156	Khapulo Bala	2570	703	32		2607	1269	1338	152	283
		2570	703			2607	1269	1338	152	283
157	Youphag	242	74	33		240	123	117		
158	Sarmon	1101	315			1096	489	607		2
159	Lonkha	83	20			48	28	20		
160	Abadan	42	18			58	30	28		
161	Gorsay	1600	577			1423	704	719		
		3068	1004			2865	1374	1491		2
162	Dace	297	59	34		202	91	111		
163	Kustang	516	112			487	208	279		
164	Koas	404	68			379	158	221		
165	Puyan	223	53			170	77	93		
166	Siksa	770	272			781	354	427		
167	Chhoharsari	712	210			811	378	433		
		2922	774			2830	1266	1564		
168	Tiaqshi	301	75	35		350	178	172	178	172
169	Tortook	794	119			706	350	356	350	356
170	Cholenkah	215	53			239	123	116	123	116
171	Frano	805	168			840	414	426	414	426
172	Thogmos Kalan	286	61			224	104	120	104	120
173	Partok	553	121			504	230	274	230	274
174	Marcha	290	48			286	141	145	141	145
		3244	645			3149	1540	1609	1540	1609
175	Machloo	994	217	36	17	1075	553	522	550	522
176	Talas	533	123			549	265	284	264	284
177	Marzigund	133	33			158	76	82	76	82
178	Kandi	284	60			296	145	151	145	151
179	Hoshe	299	68			314	146	168	146	168
		2243	501			2392	1185	1207	1181	1207
180	Khanay	156	31	37		120	69	51	1	
181	Balaygund	128	25			111	53	58		
182	Haldi	468	122			409	210	199		
183	Thages	784	150			484	227	257		
184	Thildie	137	26			95	48	47	20	28
185	Sino Brokchor	817	210			762	351	401	50	65
		2490	564			1971	958	1013	71	93
186	Pharva	1177	266	38		1095	520	575	346	390
187	Dumsum	457	149			434	217	217	169	179
		1634	415			1529	737	792	515	569
188	Lochat	194	40	39		170	85	85	2	1
189	Karmani	118	40			132	63	69	4	
190	Khorkun	275	66			284	146	138	1	1
191	Tal ho Chogagron	426	94			418	201	217		
192	Thang	149	24			131	67	64		
		1182	284			1135	562	573	7	2

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
193	Mandik	475	117	40		416	207	209	87	105
194	Sehet	249	61			221	107	114	14	11
195	Choligund	40	10			27	15	12		
196	Gaglo	245	78			240	122	118	3	1
197	Goman	232	55			216	107	109	6	5
		1241	321			1120	558	562	110	122
	Bala Saros	122								
	Military	59								
	TOTAL	107477	26098			106271	53926	52345	10294	10615

*Others Christians=2M+1F.

(i) The village named Bala Saros shown in the Village Tables for Skardu Tehsil in 1931 with a population of 122 does not appear at all in the Census record for 1941. The Tehsil Census Officer, Skardu, to whom a reference was made reports that no such village exists in the Tehsil. It is possible, it is only a part of another village.

(ii) In the 1931 Village Tables a population of 59 was shown against 'Military'. According to the Tehsil Census Officer's report troops should have been shown against village Olding. The name of this village has been inadvertently omitted from the Village Tables 1931 although the detail of civil and military population has been given. At this Census troops were enumerated where posted with the civil population except in the case of recognised cantonments. Olding appears in the Village Tables 1941 against serial number 57.

(iii) Differences have been noticed in the spelling of village names as given in the Village Tables for 1931 and as shown in the enumeration record for 1941. For the 1941 Village Tables we have adopted the spelling given in the record after checking it with the spelling given in the list of villages supplied by the District Census Officer in 1941. The list of such villages is given below —

As shown in Village Tables 1931.

Spelling adopted in Village Tables 1941.

S. No.	Name.	S. No.	Name.
8582	Shoutharbot	13	Shout
8583	Kasmal	14	Harbot Kashumal
8622	Nagtarhoon	59	Nangsukh
8631	Chhrwan	90	Chhatroon
8632	Bamil	65	Hamisal
8637	Sabail	72	Baisal
8640	Baton	74	Bain
8646	Teala	78	Nied
8658	Khotu	35	Hoto
8665	Ayodi	97	Alchori
8666	Jastopi	98	Hashopi
8667	Brang Sulemi	99	Pharing Baman
8671	Relsar	102	Risar
8678	Barijas	111	Braqchhan
8684	Tamoro	117	Goroo
8700	Hatokha	132	Manthokhah
8701	Manto	131	Mantho
8710	Korfa	142	Kuroo
8711	Garan Bari	144	Goari
8714	Talas	143	Kanes
8725	Garbojang	155	Ghar Buchung
8755	Gorsa	161	Gorsay
8767	Pharole	186	Pharva
8750	Maghsi	168	Tiaqshi
8664	Satlai	96	Sildi

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
120	104									2	
93	103									1	
15	12										
119	117									2	
101	104										
448	440									5	
43447	41640	99	42	84	47			2	1	1305	51

ASTORE DISTRICT.

Astore is a small district. It was only classed as a Census district for administrative reasons. It is bounded on the north by Gilgit, to the west by the Chilas illaqa of the Gilgit Agency, to the east by the Skardu Tehsil of the Ladakh District and on the south by the Uttar-machipura Tehsil of the Baramulla District.

It is very mountainous. The road from Kashmir to Gilgit passes through Astore from south to north; the district has no communications with neighbouring areas to the east and west except by narrow mountain paths leading over high passes or by a circuitous route along the Indus Valley. At the 1931 Census the area formed part of the Gilgit Wazarat. It consists of 39 villages (including Bunji cantonment) many of which lie at an altitude of over 8,000 ft. The area of the district is 1,632 sq. miles. In winter it is isolated from the Kashmir Valley. In this respect it is in the same position as the Gilgit (Leased Area) and Gilgit Agency. In fact, it is more isolated than they are. Many of the villages of Gilgit (Leased Area) and the Gilgit Agency have little snow but Astore experiences heavy falls when communication between its scattered villages is very difficult and, for periods, practically impossible.

A path over the Deosai plain, taking off near the Burzil Pass, leads to the Skardu Tehsil of Ladakh but is not open in the winter. The Nanga Parbat (26,660 ft.) massif is situated partly in this district and partly in the Chilas illaqa of the Gilgit Agency.

2. Population.—The population of this part of the Gilgit Wazarat in 1931 was 13,337; at this Census it was 17,026. The increase works out at 27.65 per cent. against an average for the whole State of 10.29 per cent. Except for a negligible minority the whole population is Muslim of whom 5,458 persons are Shias.

As in the case of Gilgit (Leased Area) the major part of the population consists of the two castes Shins and Yashkuns the numbers for which at this Census were 2,178 Shins and 10,390 Yashkuns. The remarks concerning these two castes in the notes for Gilgit (Leased Area) apply and there is no need to repeat them. There were 799 Kashmiri Muslims living in the area at the time of the Census, most of whom settled there long ago.

3. Migrations.—There is little migration in

the district and this little is of a temporary nature. A few of the inhabitants go to Kashmir and the Punjab in search of employment but this is not usual; mostly the people stay in their homes. During the spring and summer months a few hundred men come into the area from the Ladakh District and from Yagistan in search of employment. They mostly go to the Bunji locality and assist in ploughing, carriage of manure to the fields, the repair and building of Khuls and stone fences, and the harvesting of crops. Such temporary immigrants earn about six annas a day as wages in addition to free meals. They all return to their homes before winter commences. Some four or five hundred shepherds and bakarwals enter the area from Kashmir each summer to graze their flocks and herds. They are only in the district from about the middle of June to the middle of September. None of these temporary migrations affect the Census figures; the immigrants are not in the area when the Census is taken.

4. Agriculture—The chief crops are wheat, barley, grim (a kind of barley grown at high altitudes), maize, dhals and trumba. The area is not self-supporting in food grains and with a partial failure of crops considerable privations are suffered until the passes to Kashmir open. Rice and maize are imported from Kashmir every year and maize from Gilgit. No grain is exported.

The price of food grains does not vary much except in the case of partial crop failure when prices rise sharply for such stocks as may be available for sale. The average prices during the decade were wheat and dhals Rs 4 per maund, maize, barley and grim Rs 3-8-0 per maund and trumba Rs. 2-8-0 per maund.

The area under gardens and orchards is negligible. There are some apricots, almonds and walnuts. There is no export; whatever is produced is consumed locally.

The production of vegetables is negligible. A little oil is extracted from wild almonds. The land produces only one crop a year.

Cultivation depends on irrigation by Khuls leading from the mountain streams fed by the melting snows. Water is deficient in the spring before the snows have commenced to melt. Bunji, which is a large village at a much lower altitude than most in the area and very hot in

summer, suffers most from irrigational difficulties. The Khuls are frequently damaged throughout the area and constant attention and repairs are necessary.

5. Industries and Labour.—Wool weaving is the only cottage industry. Each family produces blankets and warm clothes for its own use and not for sale. Some men are employed on the upkeep of the Kashmir-Gilgit road but not many. The chief source of income other than from the land is the supply of pony transport on the Kashmir Gilgit road. Most villages maintain flocks of sheep and goats. The average pay of a labourer is six annas a day. There are a few village artisans such as blacksmiths and carpenters the pay of whom varies according to their skill from 10 annas to Rs. 2 per day.

6. Subsistence and Indebtedness.—Local authorities state that the average family income is about Rs. 2-4-0 per month and that their expenditure slightly exceeds that figure. The standard of living is poor; in fact it may be said that most of the inhabitants just about keep body and soul together and that is all.

Expenditure is incurred chiefly on the purchase of grain, clothing and salt in small quantities and in connection with marriages.

The commutation rates fixed at the last settlement for revenue were wheat Rs. 3 per maund and barley and maize Rs. 2-8-0 per maund. No rates were fixed for other grains as the production of these for each holding is so small. There has been no improvement in the standard of living since the last Census. There has probably been some deterioration as the cessation of the Supply and Transport Department's activities in the middle of the past decade has affected the earning power of the locality considerably. Many in the area depended very largely for a livelihood on the supply of transport ponies for the carriage of supplies from Bandipur to Gilgit and other supply posts in the Gilgit Agency.

7. Education.—The people are very backward in education. There are less than 700 literates in the whole district. Government maintains one Middle School, eleven Primary Schools and one Maktab. The people care little for education and many are reluctant to send their children to school. Taking this attitude into consideration the existing number of schools is probably adequate but if we ignore this reluctance it is clear that more primary schools are required. In an area as mountainous as

Astore with scattered villages distant from each other it is not practical for small children of one village to go to a school in another miles away. The people of this area are unfitted for employment outside the area except as coolies or pony-men. Primary education will possibly give the rising generation some initiative and inclination to leave their homes in search of service and employment. A few more primary schools in selected areas would appear to be required.

8. Health and Water Supply.—The health of the people on the whole is good. There is malaria at Bunji which is hot in the summer and below the altitude of Srinagar. As is to be expected Pneumonia claims a certain number of victims. During the severe cold of winter at the higher altitudes the inhabitants shut themselves up in their houses which are ill ventilated. When necessity arises for them to leave the warmth of the overcrowded rooms they go out into a temperature which is frequently below zero.

There are State dispensaries in the villages Astore and Bunji. These render good service to those having need of their services. Goitre is prevalent in the area. Supplies of drinking water are adequate and good in most areas. Some of the water at Bunji is not wholesome.

9. Miscellaneous.—(i) No fairs or markets are held in the district. There are no goods and little produce for disposal.

(ii) Houses are usually constructed of stone and mud as in Gilgit. Many are built into the hillside.

(iii) There are no ruins or ancient monuments of any interest in the area.

(iv) Polo is played as in Gilgit.

(v) The headquarters of the local administration are at Astore.

(vi) There are pine and fir forests in the district but these are difficult to exploit commercially. In the past the inhabitants have enjoyed the concession of taking fuel from the forests free. They fear that they are about to lose this concession as there are rumours afloat in the locality that His Highness' Government is considering a scheme to control the removal of timber from the forests through contractors. It would certainly cause great hardship to these poor people whose standard of living is already very low if the concession of free fuel always

enjoyed in the past were removed but control of removal does not necessarily mean loss of the concession if the exactions of petty officials are

also controlled. The local people apparently think that loss of the concession would automatically follow control.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Astore**Tehsil Astore**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bullachh ..	46	9	1	1	68	35	33	19	14
2	Bunji ..	699	131			830	503	327	352	257
3	Bunji Cantonment ..	450	23			135	135		129	
		745	140			898	538	360	371	271
	M. P. ..	450	23			135	135		129	
4	Doyan ..	399	59	2		467	240	227	237	227
5	Turbling ..	71	16			123	61	62	61	62
6	Khud-Kisht-Dashkin ..	124	22			170	84	86	84	86
7	Dashkin ..	474	67			516	269	247	268	247
		1068	164			1276	654	622	650	622
8	Harchoo ..	293	43	3		365	195	170	149	123
9	Pattipura ..	190	34			222	109	113	59	72
10	Chongra ..	626	137			834	449	385	274	232
11	Id-Gah ..	506	108			647	356	291	136	115
12	Bullan ..	221	36			245	118	127	112	121
		1836	358			2313	1227	1086	730	663
13	Pratap Garh ..	94	19	4	2	128	61	67	61	67
14	Guri Kote ..	930	191			1226	610	616	603	609
15	Doskhiram ..	436	99			663	358	305	129	119
16	Gudee ..	242	44			353	183	170	104	102
17	Bubind ..	190	31			260	129	131	2	
18	Pakoura ..	382	56			500	253	247		
19	Nougam ..	585	114			779	395	384		5
		2859	554			3909	1989	1920	899	902
20	Phina ..	262	54	5		396	184	212	20	18
21	Los ..	712	125			852	428	424	287	204
22	Parishing ..	1073	238			1403	732	671	544	509
23	Gotam-Sar ..	92	23			129	64	65	6	2
		2139	440			2780	1408	1372	857	793
24	Chorat ..	492	92	6	3	706	346	360	339	352
25	Tarising ..	470	88			626	346	280	3	
26	Zaipura ..	286	57			334	182	152	143	114
27	Rampur ..	262	54			371	196	175	104	140
28	Chhugain ..	741	152			1000	523	477	523	477
29	Rattu ..	183	34			248	114	134	114	134
		2434	477			3285	1707	1578	1286	1217
30	Mir Malik ..	578	112	7		811	424	387	424	387
31	Faqir Kote ..	333	56			395	211	184	211	184
32	Dirl Pain ..	198	29			244	137	107	74	49
33	Dirl Bala ..	93	18			95	47	48	47	48
34	Gomay ..	63	17			92	54	38	48	34
35	Frocha ..	34	5			38	19	17	19	17
36	Aspa ..	163	27			189	102	87	96	80
37	Shankergarh ..	196	46			300	155	145	62	55
38	Sakmal ..	120	27			190	105	85	105	85
39	Gashat ..	28	13			78	36	42	9	10
		1806	350			2430	1290	1140	1095	955
	TOTAL ..	12887	2483			16891	8813	8078	5888	5423
	M. P. ..	450	23			135	135		129	
	GRAND TOTAL ..	13337	2506			17026	8948	8078	6017	5423

*Shin 1M; Indian Christians 3M+1F.

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TABLES.

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		* Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
16	19									1	1
105	44	41	23	4	3			1		100	7
1		5								38	
121	63	41	23	4	3			1		101	8
1		5								38	
3										27	3
										2	
		1								39	
3		1								68	3
										3	
46	47										
50	41										
142	133	14	12	16	7					60	14
209	170	11	6					3	1	34	2
6	6									11	1
453	397	25	18	16				3	1	108	17
7	7									48	6
229	186									4	
79	68									6	2
127	131									1	
253	247									11	
395	379									12	
1090	1018									82	8
164	194									13	3
141	160									22	
188	162									48	4
58	63										
551	579									83	7
7	8									20	3
343	280									4	2
39	38									6	
32	35									24	
										53	4
										13	
421	361									20	9
										1	
63	58									3	
										4	
6	4									3	
										1	
6	7									1	
93	90									1	
										1	
27	26										
195	185									15	
2834	2603	67	41	20	10			4	1	577	52
1		5								38	
2835	2603	72	41	20	10			4	1	615	52

THE GILGIT (LEASED AREA) DISTRICT.

The Gilgit (Leased Area) District is to the south of the larger part of the Gilgit Agency and north of Astore; to the west lies Darel, an unadministered area consisting of scattered villages the inhabitants of which lead a practically independent existence. To the east, but separated by high mountains, lies the Skardu Tehsil of the Ladakh District. Communications between the Gilgit (Leased Area) and the areas to the north and south consist of a good six feet animal transport road; to the east and west access is by difficult mountain paths.

At the time of the 1931 Census Gilgit (Leased Area) together with Astore formed the Gilgit Wazarat under the direct administration of the Kashmir Darbar. During the past decade that part of the old Gilgit Wazarat now known as Gilgit (Leased Area) was leased to the Government of India and for the period of the lease is under the administration of the Political Agent Gilgit. It consists of 46 villages most of which lie at an altitude of 4,500 to 6,500 ft.

The area of this district is 1,480 sq. miles. From the end of October to June in each year the road to Gilgit from Kashmir over the Burzil Pass (an off-shoot goes over the Kamri Pass), which passes through Astore, is officially closed to animal transport; passengers on foot can get through in winter with difficulty over the frozen snow on the passes. The road is open to animal transport later than October and earlier than June in an open winter but it is unsafe to rely on this and it is usually difficult before and after the official dates. Dak-runners carry the mails throughout the winter but delays are frequent in bad weather.

2. Population.—At the 1931 Census the population of that part of the old Gilgit Wazarat now known as Gilgit (Leased Area) was 18,565; at the recent Census it was 22,495. The increase works out at 21.16 per cent. which is considerably in excess of the average for the whole State—10.29 per cent. With the exception of a negligible minority the whole population is Muslim. The original inhabitants of the area consist chiefly of two castes known as Shins and Yashkuns but there is a considerable number of Kashmiris descended from settlers alleged to have migrated to the district in the time of Ahmad Shah (about 1760). There are also some Syeds.

The Shins and Yashkuns have been classified

as 'primitive tribes' in the past and have been included in Table XIV as such on this occasion for the purpose of comparison with the last census. In 1931 the Political Agent Gilgit was inclined to classify all the castes inhabiting the area as primitive tribes but if the profession of Islam, that is to say, the recognition of a Supreme Being, is inconsistent with classification as primitive tribes, as I deem it to be, then all the inhabitants of the area have advanced beyond the stage suggested by the term although they remain simple, superstitious and unsophisticated.

The Shins are alleged to be of Hindu origin. They consider themselves the aristocrats of the country but have nothing to show to substantiate such a claim. Their ancient connection with Hinduism is indicated by their aversion even at the present time to anything connected with cows or fowls. They are said to have migrated to the district from the south many generations ago.

The Yashkuns are numerically most important; socially they are inferior to Shins. They are said to be of Turanian origin. Inter-marriage has obliterated most of their original characteristics.

3. Migrations.—The area is not much affected by migrations. During the past decade a small number of Pathans has entered the district from the neighbouring semi-independent states of Dir, Swat and Bajor and appear to have settled permanently. A certain number of settlers has also come from Hunza in recent years. The population of Hunza has reached a stage when it can only with great difficulty be supported by the country.

There are also seasonal migrations of Gujjars who spend their summers on the higher grazing grounds of the surrounding mountains and their winters at lower altitudes. Some men of Hunza go to Gilgit in search of work as labourers and domestic servants and a few Baltis from the Rondu and Skardu areas of the Ladakh District to work as labourers or gold-washers.

4. Agriculture.—The chief crops produced are wheat, maize, dhals, barley and rice; the last two are produced in small quantities only. Rice is not a successful crop. The district is self-sufficient except in the case of the comparatively populous centre at Gilgit. To meet the

requirements of the Gilgit bazar and other elements living in the town of Gilgit grain is imported from the Yasin and Punial illaqa. The rice produced is not only insufficient but is poor in quality. About 1,000 maunds is imported annually from the Kashmir Valley.

During the decade price levels per maund of 80 lbs. for the chief food grains averaged as below:—

	Rs.	AS.	
Wheat	.. {	3 4	July to December.
		4 0	January to June.
Maize	.. {	2 8	November to February.
		3 0	March to October.
Dhal (Moong)	{	3 0	October to March
		3 8	April to September.
Barley	.. {	2 8	July to December.
		3 0	January to June.
Rice	.. {	6 0	July to September.
		8 0	October to June.

The area under gardens and orchards is 3,630 kanals equivalent to 907 acres. The fruits produced are mulberries, apricots, grapes, almonds, peaches, pears and apples. Vegetables of all kinds, including many foreign varieties, are grown. Fruit is in excess of local requirements but the long road to a market makes the export of fresh fruit impracticable. A fair amount of the stone fruits is split and dried for winter consumption and for export. It is stated that about 100 maunds of dried apricot kernels are exported to the Punjab annually, realizing about Rs. 3,000.

All cultivation relies on irrigation since rainfall in the area is negligible. The water is taken from the mountain streams fed by the melting snows and led to cultivated areas along channels or khuls in the construction of which the people are skilled.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no industries worth the name. The inhabitants make their own blankets and warm clothing from the wool of their own sheep. Labour finds employment in small numbers in the construction and maintenance of roads, in the construction and maintenance of irrigation canals known as khuls, and in the repair and construction of bridges and buildings. Gold-washers earn a meagre living; their number is not large. There are some goldsmiths and silver-smiths. The artisans consist of blacksmiths, masons and carpenters, in fact sufficient to meet

the requirements of a comparatively poor and unsophisticated community. The normal wages for a casual labour are -/8/- per day whilst those for blacksmiths, masons and carpenters are -/12/-, -/12/- and Re. 1 per day respectively. The average daily earnings of a goldwasher are about -/10/-.

6. Subsistence and Indebtedness.—Local authorities indicate that the average village family of five or six members get sufficient produce from the family holding to feed its members and to produce a surplus for sale worth about Rs. 75 annually which provides sufficient for the purchase of salt, sugar, tea, wearing apparel and other simple necessities of life not produced from the land.

The commutation rates fixed at the last Settlement (1916-1918) were wheat and dhal Rs. 3 per maund, maize and barley Rs. 2-8-0 per maund and rishka (lucerne grass) Re. 0-12-0 per maund. These rates compare favourably with the prices realized for crops given in para 4 above. About the middle of the decade the Royal Indian Army Service Corps closed down operations in Gilgit. As this department had for many years been large purchasers of grain and fodder for supply to military units then located in Gilgit their withdrawal from the market made it difficult for producers suddenly to find new buyers for their surplus grain etc., in the years 1935-36 and prices fell. Consequently, the commutation rates for revenue payments were reduced to Rs. 1-8-0 for wheat and dhal and Rs. 1-4-0 for maize and barley. Conditions adjusted themselves and soon became normal again; the concessions were withdrawn in the following year. The existing Settlement commutation rates are considered reasonable.

The people lead a simple life and for the most part live within their means. The standard of living in Gilgit town and the nearby villages is higher than in villages situated at a distance from the headquarters of the district. The reason for this is that those living in or near Gilgit town supplement their income from the land by the sale of firewood and milk etc., to local officials and non-local inhabitants. They also secure a better price for their surplus grain. There is, apparently, little indebtedness. General conditions and standard of living are said to show no signs of deterioration.

7. Education.—The people as a whole are educationally backward. The area contains one Middle School and six Primary Schools for boys and one Primary School for girls. These

institutions are said to meet the existing requirements of the area.

8. Health and Water Supply—The general health conditions are satisfactory. There is a good hospital in Gilgit town and touring doctors give medical attention in the villages. Drinking water supplies are good and adequate. A good number of the people suffer from goitre.

9. Miscellaneous.—(i) There are no fairs or markets. In the spring of each year a Jalsa is held at Gilgit which is attended by the chiefs of the various illaqs of the Gilgit Agency and all the important people of the district and neighbouring illaqs. Many servants and retainers come in their train and for about a week Gilgit town is indeed the centre of the district. Polo, which is the local national game, is played and

sports are held. A cattle show also is organised.

(ii) Houses are usually constructed of stone and mud. There is no restriction on the materials to be used. The social position of a man is indicated more by the condition of his clothes and house than by their pattern or shape.

(iii) There are no ancient monuments of any note in the area. A Buddhist stupa stands about 2½ miles west of Gilgit town near the village Naupura and there is a small Buddha carved on a rock near the north of the Karjah nullah, 3 miles west of Gilgit town.

(iv) The Political Agent and other officers connected with the administration of the Gilgit Agency have their headquarters in Gilgit town.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Gilgit**Tehsil Gilgit**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Shakiote	276	44	1	1	326	158	168	134	140
2	Sharot	344	59			409	208	201	82	81
3	Bargo Bala	208	46			326	176	150	24	30
4	Bargo Pain	342	64			428	231	197	137	110
5	Hanzel	109	17			127	66	61	46	37
		1279	230			1616	839	777	423	398
6	Basin	162	36	2		234	132	102	128	98
7	Kargah	223	49			351	188	163	188	163
8	Naupora	512	115			769	426	343	426	343
		897	200			1354	746	608	742	604
9	Naikoi	14	6	3		42	18	24		
10	Barmas	849	193			905	523	382	473	356
		863	199			947	541	406	473	356
11	Gilgit	4474	966	4-7	2	4671	2818	1853	1699	1063
		4474	966			4671	2818	1853	1699	1063
12	Pratabpura		33	8	3	138	86	52	54	52
13	Sonikote	82	22			138	77	61	71	58
14	Khomar	306	61			377	202	175	123	109
15	Jutial	162	35			219	121	98	120	98
16	Sakwar	348	57			346	190	156	190	154
17	Minawar	541	84			561	291	270	215	207
		1439	292			1779	967	812	773	678
18	Nomal	845	168	9		1094	603	491	21	22
19	Naltar	529	90			679	365	314	131	97
20	Janglote (Nomal)	241	46			302	159	143	8	2
21	Sri Pratapsinghpura	312	90			498	285	213		
		1927	394			2573	1412	1161	160	121
22	Jutal	254	40	10		305	159	146		
23	Gujar Dass		31			161	91	70	80	62
24	Danyore	756	186			1019	552	467	113	110
25	Oshkandass		55			150	94	56	5	3
		1010	312			1635	896	739	198	175
26	Sinakar	273	43	11	4	301	172	129	2	1
27	Datucha	221	39			266	142	124	15	1
28	Bulchi	472	74			580	308	272	32	21
29	Purfuh	822	158			1015	540	475		5
		1788	314			2162	1162	1000	49	28
30	Bilchar	403	61	12		425	221	204	2	1
31	Taisote	522	85			629	326	303	7	6
32	Harthing Dass		18			29	26	3	9	3
33	Chammugarh	211	65			372	194	178	80	178
		1136	229			1455	767	688	98	183
34	Khaltaro	169	26	13		203	108	95	2	2
35	Dassu	371	66			529	284	245	5	15
36	Sasi	192	34			240	136	104	29	24
37	Mashupa	247	39			298	163	135		
		979	165			1270	691	579	38	41
38	Pahote	105	20	14	5	128	63	65	63	65

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
39	Gashu ..	57	11			73	37	36	37	36
40	Shamrote Jagote ..	436	71			461	249	212	109	82
41	Chakar Kote ..	358	82			498	264	234	259	227
42	Sabil ..	195	40			261	127	134	126	134
		1151	224			1421	740	681	594	544
43	Damote ..	753	150	15		914	494	420	493	420
44	Darote ..	149	32			200	107	93	107	93
45	Janglote ..	260	65			445	250	195	242	195
46	Maiden Parri ..	29	15			53	41	12	21	10
		1191	262			1612	892	720	863	718
	Gilgit Military Lines ..	431								
	TOTAL ..	18565	3787			22495	12471	10024	6108	4914

*Anglo-Indians 1M; Other Christians 9M+8F; Indian Christians 2M; Yashkin 1M.

(i) Villages Gujar Dass No. 23, Oshkan Dass No. 25 and Harthing Dass No. 32 are newly created villages; they did not exist at the last Census.

(ii) Villages Sonikote No. 13, Jutial No. 15, Taisote No. 31, Pahote No. 38 and Maiden Parri No. 46 correspond to Wanikote, Joiyal Talhot, Saphote and Parri Bagla shown in 1931 Village Tables but wrongly spelt.

(iii) In 1931 State Military Units were stationed at Gilgit and Gilgit Cantonment was duly shown as such. Since the last Census Gilgit has ceased to be a military post for State forces and the Gilgit Military Lines have ceased to exist.

(iv) Pratabpura was not shown in the Village Tables for 1931.

1941 POPULATION

Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
140	130									16	
5	7									5	
1										21	9
146	137									43	9
1										45	1
8										9	
20	2									35	
										4	
29	2									93	1
6234	5040	72	36	44	26			13	8	1077	109

GILGIT AGENCY.

The Gilgit Agency has a total area of 14,680 sq. miles and consists of the illaqa or districts of Hunza, Nagar, Punial, Ishkuman, Yasin, Kuh-Ghizar and Chilas. Hunza and Nagar have their own hereditary Mirs or Rajas; the chiefship of Punial also is held on a hereditary basis. The other illaqa are under the local control of chiefs, known locally by the title of raja, who are appointed by the administration and hold this position so long as they perform their duties satisfactorily; they have no hereditary claims to the chiefship. The whole area is administered on behalf of His Highness' Government by the Government of India's Political Agent at Gilgit. These illaqa are tributary to His Highness and form part of the territories of the Jammu and Kashmir State. The headquarters of the Political Agent are at Gilgit which is the chief town; it is situated in that part of the old Gilgit Wazarat now known as Gilgit (Leased Area). About the middle of the last decade negotiations were concluded between His Highness' Government and the Government of India by which this area was leased to the Government of India for administrative purposes. In the past the Gilgit Agency has always been censused under arrangements made by the Political Agent, Gilgit in close collaboration with the Census Commissioner appointed by His Highness' Government and the census record sent to Srinagar for tabulation and compilation. On this occasion the Government of India arranged for the census record of the Gilgit Agency to be sent to the Census Superintendent, North Western Frontier Province for tabulation and compilation. Owing to the war tabulation was restricted in British India. Consequently, the record for the Gilgit Agency was not fully tabulated and some figures are not available.

The methods adopted in Kashmir were not adopted in the Gilgit Agency and the collection of local information carried out in other parts of the State for incorporation in these district notes was not undertaken in the Gilgit Agency. The details, therefore, are not available for inclusion in these village tables and notes. For instance, the Muslim sects were not recorded separately against the relative census question, and the figures for Shias in each village cannot be shown. The village was not adopted as the unit for enumeration and tabulation and so we cannot give the figures for each village for comparison with those for 1931. Similarly, we are unable to give the villages by circles and charges.

This is unfortunate but unavoidable. The designation 'Gilgit Agency', has been adopted on this occasion instead of 'Frontier Illaqa' used in the past. These two terms designate exactly the same areas. The comprehensive term 'Frontier Districts' covers the census districts Ladakh, Astore, Gilgit (Leased Area) and Gilgit Agency as in 1931; Astore and Gilgit (Leased Area) together correspond to the Gilgit District of 1931. The term 'Frontier Illaqa' used in the past to denote the illaqa forming the Gilgit Agency, is liable to be confused with the more comprehensive term 'Frontier Districts'; the use of the designation 'Gilgit Agency' effectively prevents any such confusion. Moreover, 'Gilgit Agency' is the term by which the area is described in official references.

The Gilgit Agency is the most northerly part of the Jammu and Kashmir State. On the north it is separated from the Afghan province of Wakhan by the Hindu Kush range and by the Pamirs from Russia in Asia. To the west lie Chitral and Tribal Territory, to the east Ladakh and to the south Astore, the Muzaffarabad District of the Kashmir Province and the country known as Kohistan. The whole area is mountainous. There are few trees and no forest areas worth the name. The road over the Burzil Pass from Kashmir to Gilgit is continued through the Punial and Gupis illaqa to Yasin. The Durkot Pass in Yasin leads to the Baroghil Pass on to the Wakhan province of Afghanistan. The road to Chitral branches off at Gupis and goes on through Kuh-Ghizar over the Shandur Pass.

A good pack-transport road takes off at Gilgit and goes to Baltit, the home and headquarters of the Mir of Hunza; on its way the road passes through Nagar, the headquarters of the Mir of Nagar. After Baltit the track deteriorates but continues over difficult country to Misgar. Beyond Misgar there is no road worth the name but the route continues over the Killik and Mintaka passes to Kashgar and Central Asia. The road to Chilas branches off from the Kashmir-Gilgit road near Bunji and follows the right bank of the Indus to Rakiot bridge, about halfway, and then on the left bank up to Chilas. The road to Ishkuman is not much better than a footpath; it branches off the main road near Gakuch in the Punial illaqa and follows the valley up to Ishkuman. As in the case of Ladakh there is no wheeled transport in

the Gilgit Agency. All the chief centres are approached by good bridle and pack transport roads. There are good modern bridges over the main rivers at essential points. Taking into consideration the nature of the country it may be said to be well provided with roads and bridges.

2. Population.—The total population in 1941 was 76,526 against 64,544 in 1931—an increase of 19 per cent. Taking the nature of the country into consideration this is a big rise in numbers and compares with 10.29 per cent. for the whole State. It is not easy to account for the increase unless it be attributed to the absence of epidemics and the peaceful conditions obtaining in the area for the whole period. Part of the increase may be due to more effective enumeration, especially in out-lying villages. Examination of the tables will show that the increase is spread over all illaqs but is most marked in Nagar. Practically the whole population is Muslim; there are less than hundred non-Muslims; two-thirds of the others—Hindus and Sikhs—are located in Chilas. Muslims of all three main sects—Sunnis, Shias and Maulais (adherents of the Agha Khan)—are represented. Nagar is perhaps the stronghold of the Shias. Maulais, claimed by Kashmir Shia leaders as belonging to their sect, predominate in the Hunza, Punial, Ishkuman, Yasin and Kuh-Ghizar illaqs. Sunnis in comparatively small numbers are spread over the whole area. We cannot give the figures for Shias and others separately as these have not been shown. The various groups or castes of the Agency, their customs and their conditions of life were discussed in some detail in a note supplied by the Political Agent at the time of the 1931 Census. These notes are given in para. 335 of the Census report for 1931 Part I to which a reference is invited. The classes known as Shins and Yashkuns form the bulk of the population; the former class may be said to represent the higher social elements of the population and the latter the tenantry. Centuries ago the people are said to have been Buddhists. The word Shin according to the Census report for 1911, is derived from the Tibetan word 'Shing' meaning jungle. The Shins of Gilgit are said to base their claim to superiority in the social scale on the fact that they are the descendants of the rajas and ruling families of Ladakh in the Buddhistic period. The term 'Kurum-Shingpa' is the Ladakhi synonym for Gyalpo, the Rigzang caste in Ladakh to which the ruling families belonged.

3. Migrations.—There is no migration to or from the area worth the name. Some of the men,

particularly of Hunza and Nagar, go to Kashmir and northern India in search of employment as labourers and domestic servants. From the Hunza and Nagar illaqs, which are thickly populated in comparison to the area of cultivable land available, a few families have been settled in newly opened land in the Gilgit (Leased Area) District.

4. Agriculture—The chief crops are wheat, maize and barley. These are sufficient in a normal year to meet the requirements of the people. Apricots are the most important fruit crop. These are mostly dried. Some apples and grapes are grown. Rice is imported from Kashmir in small quantities. It is not eaten except by the more well-to-do families. The great majority of the people cannot afford to buy rice. Cultivation is usually only possible on the alluvial soil found in the form of fan-shape deposits at the mouths of the various valleys. This soil has been brought down by the tributary streams fed by melting snow entering the Gilgit-Hunza rivers on both banks. The streams which have brought down the deposits through past ages supply the all-important water for the irrigation of these fan-shaped oases. The water is fed into small canals called khuls. In the side valleys cultivation is carried out on the hillsides in a manner very similar to that adopted in the Murree Hills but usually the terracing is steeper and individual patches or fields are smaller. These terraced fields are supplied with water by khuls. Throughout the area rainfall is insufficient and the cultivation of grain crops is entirely dependent on irrigation. In the Hunza illaqa in particular the terracing is very steep. Not a yard of land is wasted. Narrow strips of land, a few feet wide and varying in length from a few feet to 20 or 30 yards, and seldom exceeding 50 yards, stand one above the other like steps up to the limits of possible cultivation.

The step between each such tiny field varies from a few feet up to 10 or 15 feet according to the lie of the land. Khuls carry their precious water for miles; at some places they are cut out of the solid rock and at others carried across chasms by the hollowed trunks of trees or wooden aqueducts. Where grain crops cannot be grown fruit trees are planted if possible. In Yasin the country contains more open areas and compared with the rest of the agency cultivation is carried out with less difficulty but at higher altitudes. It is also the most northerly of the illaqs except for Hunza. Most villages maintain flocks of sheep and herds of goats.

5. Industries and Labour.—There are no

industries other than agriculture. Most families weave their own blankets and warm clothing. The puttoos of Hunza and Nagar are well known in the Agency. These are woven from the finer qualities of wool obtained from sheep living at high altitudes.

Labour is required on the construction and maintenance of roads but this does not give employment to many. Some find employment in the supply of transport for carriage of grain and other supplies but scope for this has decreased with the closing down of operations by the Supply and Transport Department of the Indian Army about the middle of the past decade. With the withdrawal of units of the Jammu and Kashmir State military forces from the posts at Gilgit, Gupis and Chilas there has been a considerable increase in the strength of the Gilgit Scouts. Recruits to this force, which is organised on the lines of the Scout units of the North Western Frontier Province, are taken from all illaqs of the Agency. The wages earned and the rations issued must have had a very beneficial effect since the force was re-organised and enlarged in the middle of the last decade. There is some gold washing at places on the Hunza river. A few men obtain employment as syces, domestic servants etc., in Gilgit, the headquarters of the Political Agent and most of the officials attached to the Agency.

6. Subsistence and Indebtedness.—The great majority of the inhabitants are cultivators or shepherds. They eke out a precarious existence. As the Political Agent in 1931 remarked "where the threat of starvation is ever present, and where stark poverty is the universal rule, there is little chance of the inhabitants becoming slack and apathetic." The standard of living of most of the people is definitely low. The ruling classes in the different illaqs and the more prominent landholders lead a comfortable but not an extravagant life. There are practically no foreign elements living in any part of the agency (other than Agency officials) except in Chilas. There are, therefore, few, if any, foreign money-lenders to bleed the people by means of loans at usurious rates of interest. There may be, and probably is, some money-lending or system of loaning in the area but this does not, it is thought, constitute a menace. Consequently, indebtedness is not serious. In the absence of money-lenders the people cannot borrow and must needs do without what they cannot pay for by cash or barter. This may seem a hardship to some but it is wholesome in the long run.

7. Education.—In 1931 the Political Agent described the population as 99 per cent. illiterate.

In 1941 the numbers described in the record as literate total 1,085 males and 72 females. Chilas leads with 339 literate males and 39 females and Hunza comes second in numbers with 248 literate males and 1 literate female. But on a percentage basis Kuh-Ghizar takes a better position than Hunza with 155 males and 22 females literate. Except in Chilas (39) and Kuh-Ghizar (22) the number of literate females does not exceed 4 in any illaqa. Literacy amongst females may therefore be said to be nil. It works out at 1.5 per cent. (approximately) for the whole population. There are schools in Gilgit and primary schools of sorts at the headquarters of illaqs but educational facilities must be described as inadequate whether the people want education or not. Some boys, especially from the Hunza and Nagar illaqs, come to Kashmir for education but these invariably belong either to the Chief's family or to other leading families of the illaqa.

8. Health and Water Supply.—The health of the people on the whole is excellent. They are strong physically. Those of the mountainous areas have considerable stamina and as mountaineers are probably unsurpassed anywhere. Water where available is good. In some areas the inhabitants have to go long distances to obtain drinking water. As a result the inhabitants of such areas can go for long distances and periods without water. There would appear to have been no epidemics during the past decade. There are good medical facilities at the headquarters of the Agency (Gilgit) and lesser facilities at the Chief centres. Some touring is undertaken by medically qualified staff but the inhabitants of the more distant places must rely largely on indigenous medicines and the use of herbs and local plants which is well known to most of the people.

9. Miscellaneous.—(i) There are no markets for the sale or interchange of produce and commodities.

(ii) Id-ul-Fittar, Id Haj, Id Ghadir and Nauroz are the chief occasions of festivals and rejoicing.

(iii) Polo is the national game and every boy of the more well-to-do parents aspires to becoming a good player when he grows to be a man. It is extraordinary that these people of the mountains should be so knowledgeable and fond of horses and such good riders.

(iv) Once a year, in April, an annual Jalsa is held by the Political Agent at Gilgit at which the tribute due to His Highness the

Maharaja Bahadur by the Chiefs is offered and received by the Political Agent on behalf of His Highness. This is a week of enjoyment and merry making, of polo and dancing. All the important personages of the whole Agency meet the Political Agent, and each other, on this occasion

unless prevented by illness or other emergency.

(v) A Buddhist stupa exists on the road to Nagar between Chalt and Minapin and small figures of Buddha and Buddhist relics have been found in Yasin.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT GILGIT AGENCY, ILLAQA CHILAS

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Gilgit Agency**Illaqa Chilas**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Chilas (Town) ..		57			330	289	41	244	20
2	Batoga ..	2338	262			1466	796	670	796	670
3	Khanar Gah ..	875	230			977	510	467	510	467
4	Bunar & Ginah ..	1101	252			1295	707	588	707	588
5	Hodar ..	853	178			859	493	366	493	366
6	Chilas urban ..		163			1085	595	490	595	490
7	Thor ..	2247	450			2643	1422	1221	1422	1221
8	Gor, Thalichi, Rakiot, Leycher ..	3034	549			3293	1736	1557	1736	1557
9	Singal, Niat, Thak, Babusar ..	3035	605			3125	1674	1451	1674	1451
10	Giche ..		53			291	179	112	179	112
		13483	2799			15364	8401	6963	8356	6942
11	Andrun Baran-Pathar Chilas ..	51								
TOTAL ..		13534	2799			15364	8401	6963	8356	6942

(ii) Village Andrun Baran Pathar appearing in the Village Tables for 1931 against serial number 8883 is not traceable in the record of villages for 1941 supplied by the Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province. It would appear that this village has lost its separate identity due to its being merged with others in the record. This defect was referred to Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province, and the Assistant Political Agent Gilgit without satisfactory results.

(iii) Villages Chilas Town, Chilas urban, Giche, appearing in the Village Tables for 1941 against serial numbers 1, 6, 10, are not traceable in the Village Tables for 1931. They were probably shown under some other name or included with some other unit.

(iv) The census in Chilas District was apparently carried out with nullahs and groups of villages as units instead of making each village a separate unit. The record supplied does not show population of each village separately. This fact was referred back to the Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province who sorted and tabulated the record and to the Assistant Political Agent Gilgit, who conducted the Census without satisfactory results. In these circumstances the population of individual villages shown in the Village Tables for 1931 for this area cannot be compared with similar figures for 1941 as the latter do not exist for each village separately.

*Others Christian 1M.

For item No. 1, see foot note (i) Hunza Illaqa.

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		35	20	9	1			1		64	14
										14	
										6	2
										15	
										2	
										8	
										13	
										170	20
										46	1
										1	
		35	20	9	1			1		339	37
		35	20	9	1			1		339	37

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Gilgit Agency**Illaga Nagar**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Mslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Askardas	735	168			988	597	401	597	401
2	Shiar	265	52			200	120	80	120	80
3	Phikar		241			914	577	337	577	337
4	Pisan		56			300	165	135	165	135
5	Gulmit		111			600	341	259	341	259
6	Bar	566	88			700	361	339	361	339
7	Maichar	697	138			647	374	273	374	273
8	Thol	367	60			326	176	150	176	150
9	Sikandarabad	406	96			458	254	204	254	204
10	Chalt	588	190			1100	601	499	601	499
11	Hopar		73			400	225	175	225	175
12	Somayar	406	252			1218	685	533	685	533
13	Nagar Pain		348			1721	948	773	948	773
14	Nagar Bala		345			1608	871	737	871	737
15	Tangdass		59			369	209	160	209	160
16	Nilt	393	71			400	212	188	212	188
17	Dodimal		54			279	158	121	158	121
18	Nenapin		69			399	219	180	219	180
19	Badelas		41			237	130	107	130	107
20	Chaprat		91			500	271	229	271	229
21	Hispar		276			1500	815	685	815	685
		4423	2879			14874	8309	6565	8309	6565
22	Khiyaban	338								
23	Pahilan	190								
24	Chidgan	214								
25	Ashfri	133								
26	Badlas	286								
27	Mostth	74								
28	Soni Kot	61								
29	Pal	91								
30	Batakhan	153								
31	Chakjar	113								
32	Domian	80								
33	Humri	230								
34	Pakosal	58								
35	Dangas	90								
36	Gotas	240								
37	Dalthu	151								
38	Gangoshal	100								
39	Nakokhani	60								
40	Dupkan	190								
41	Jabakusha	120								
42	Shamrot	57								
43	Manaludass	100								
44	Barcha	70								
45	Maghor	33								
46	Magosal	148								
47	Jeeng	233								
48	Nagar Brathi	129								
49	Gasha Goshal	155								
		3897								
TOTAL		8320	2879			14874	8309	6565	8309	6565

(ii) Villages Khiyaban, Pahilan, Chidgan, Ashfri, Badlas, Mostth, Soni Kot, Pal, Batakhan, Chakjar, Domian, Humri, Pakosal, Dangas, Gotas, Dalthu, Gangoshal, Nakokhani, Dupkan, Jabakusha, Shamrot, Manaludass, Barcha, Maghor, Magosal, Jeeng, Nagar Brathi, Gasha Goshal.

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total Literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										1	
										2	
										4	
										3	
										8	
										1	
										3	
										4	
										17	
										2	
										10	
										5	
										45	1
										2	
										10	
										3	
										4	
										1	
										1	
										10	
										137	2

appearing in the Village Tables for 1931 against serial numbers 8969, 8973, 8976, 8977, 8978, 8980, 8981, 8984, 8986, 8987, 8988, 8989, 8990, 8991, 8992, 8993, 8994, 8995, 8996, 8997, 8998, 8999, 9000, 9001, 9002, 9003, 9004, 9005, respectively are not traceable in the record of villages for 1941 supplied by the Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province. It would appear that these villages have lost their separate identity due to their being merged with others in the record. This defect was referred to the Census Superintendent N. W. F. P., and the Assistant Political Agent Gilgit without satisfactory results.

(iii) Villages Phikar, Pisan, Gulmit, Nagar Pain, Nagar Bala, Tangdass, Dodimal, Menapin, Badelas, Chaprat, Hispar appearing in the Village Tables for 1941 against serial numbers 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 are not traceable in the Village Tables for 1931. Some of these have come into existence since 1931; others may have been uninhabited in 1931 or merged with larger villages for census purposes.

For item No. 1, see foot note (i) Hunza Illaqa.

VILLAGE TABLES
DISTRICT GILGIT AGENCY, ILLAQA HUNZA

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Gilgit**Illaqa Hunza**

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Mnslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Ali-abad	1446	419			1681	856	825	855	824
2	Hassan-abad	261	108			402	204	198	204	198
3	Hindi	977	211			1073	556	517	556	517
4	Altit	879	184			952	507	445	507	445
5	Murtizabad	381	246			798	424	374	424	374
6	Baltit	2207	390			2275	1154	1121	1154	1121
7	Khud-abad	97	24			169	86	83	86	83
8	Girchah	94	69			360	190	170	190	170
9	Khaiber	113	19			140	72	68	72	68
10	Misgar	274	56			348	182	166	182	166
11	Chaparasan		102			563	295	268	295	268
12	Khizarabad	57	13			26	13	13	13	13
13	Husainabad	330	73			372	197	175	197	175
14	Mayun	207	53			277	143	134	143	134
15	Khanabad	285	61			381	208	173	208	173
16	Gulkin	257	47			275	130	145	130	145
17	Hyderabad	776	151			952	496	456	496	456
18	Gulmit	576	109			655	345	310	345	310
19	Durknad	327	56			341	195	146	195	146
20	Chamorkand	295	46			311	181	130	181	130
21	Nazim-abad	226	47			326	190	136	190	136
22	Susan	127	22			154	80	74	80	74
23	Pasu	155	26			178	88	90	88	90
24	Ganesh	433	275			1229	618	611	618	611
25	Shimshal	398	56			400	205	195	205	195
26	Afa-abad	165	71			300	169	131	169	131
27	Ghamessar	72	29			110	59	51	59	51
28	Ahmedabad	178	37			293	156	137	156	137
		11593	3000			15341	7999	7342	7998	7341
29	Domial	186								
30	Rudkhun	47								
31	Aspanj	67								
32	Ashit	77								
33	Kil	34								
34	Kartman	97								
35	Sost	56								
36	Nazam-abad Awal	82								
37	Morkhun	80								
38	Shakonoshal	122								
39	Garlat	304								
40	Baldass	114								
41	Chohikoshal	59								
42	Sil Ganesh	130								
43	Gahalapan	24								
44	Shatumargh	16								
45	Kapir Dewar	23								
46	Shaheri Sabz	59								
47	Kotang	71								
		1648								
TOTAL		13241	3000			15341	7999	7342	7998	7341

(i) In the absence of the necessary details in the record supplied circle numbers and totals cannot be shown in the Village Tables 1941 for Gilgit Agency.

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION												Total literates	
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Males	Females		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
				1	1					36	1		
										16			
										10			
										17			
										5			
										77			
										3			
										1			
										10			
										1			
										1			
										7			
										3			
										18			
										10			
										8			
										4			
										1			
										3			
										1			
										14			
										1			
				1	1					248	1		

(ii) Villages Domial, Rudkhun, Aspanj, Ashit, Kil, Karman, Sost, Nazam Abad Awal, Morkhun, Shakonoshal, Garlat, Baldass Chohikoshal, Sil Ganesh, Gahalapan, Shatumargh, Kapir Dewar, Shaheri Sabz, Kotang, appearing in the Village Tables for 1931 against serial numbers 9054, 9056, 9057, 9058, 9059, 9060, 9062, 9063, 9065, 9069, 9071, 9072, 9073, 9074, 9091, 9092, 9093, 9094, 9096, are not traceable in the record of villages for 1941 supplied by the Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province. It would appear that these villages have lost their separate identity due to their being marged with others in the record. This defect was referred to the Census Superintendent N. W. F. P., and the Assistant Political Agent Gilgit without satisfactory results.

(iii) Village Chaparasan appearing in the Village Tables for 1941 against serial number 11 is not traceable in the Village Tables for 1931.

VILLAGE TABLES.
DISTRICT GILGIT AGENCY, ILLAQA PUNIAL

District Gilgit Agency

Illaqa Punial

Serial No.	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Bubar	806	164			1072	558	514	558	514
2	Singal	491	92			638	314	324	310	319
3	Galmati	235	49			318	172	146	172	146
4	Gich	171	31			240	123	117	123	117
5	Sherkilla	821	165			1185	611	574	611	574
6	Zhapoke	314	61			371	188	183	188	183
7	Gotamas		15			132	73	59	73	59
8	Haim		5			29	19	10	19	10
9	Hopar		12			51	27	24	27	24
10	Danas	552	74			539	294	245	294	245
11	Hatoon	473	85			609	313	296	313	296
12	Mayun		7			31	15	16	15	16
13	Hasis	112	20			160	81	79	81	79
14	Phhamani		11			59	32	27	32	27
15	Birgal	136	15			94	56	38	56	38
16	Silpi		28			141	82	59	82	59
17	Gornjar	446	71			477	252	225	252	225
18	Kancho		5			26	14	12	14	12
19	Gakuch	563	108			699	362	337	362	337
20	Hol		20			49	27	22	27	22
21	Aishe	313	52			400	190	210	190	210
22	Gullapor	675	91			632	351	281	351	281
23	Biarchi		27			181	96	85	96	85
24	Dalnati		10			31	20	11	20	11
TOTAL		6108	1218			8164	4270	3894	4266	3889

(ii) Villages Gotomas, Haim, Hopar, Mayun, Phhamani, Silpi, Kancho, Hol, Biarchi, Dalnati, appearing in the Village Tables for 1941 against serial numbers 7, 8, 9, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 23, 24 are not traceable in the Village Tables for 1931. Some of these have come into existence since 1931; others may have been uninhabited in 1931 or merged with larger villages for census purposes.

For item No. 1, see foot note (i) Hunza Illaqa.

1941
TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		2	2	2	3					2	
										12	2
										3	
										1	
										15	1
										3	
										8	
										1	
										1	
										2	
										5	
										3	
										2	
										50	
										7	
		2	2	2	3					115	3

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Gilgit
Illaqa Ishkoman

Serial No.	Name and Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Chator Khand ..	543	256			726	382	344	382	344
2	Dain ..	536				688	346	342	346	342
3	Phhakora ..	226				327	182	145	182	145
4	Shunas ..	67				133	69	64	69	64
5	Bar Jangal ..	58				103	53	50	53	50
6	Imit ..		272			533	280	253	280	253
7	Kakunikui ..	36				75	34	41	34	41
8	Bilhanz ..	173				289	152	137	152	137
9	Botaswat ..	123				139	79	60	79	60
10	Bhurat ..	82				126	73	53	73	53
11	Ishkoman ..	808				1143	578	565	578	565
		2652	528			4282	2228	2054	2228	2054
12	Otmaj Majawar ..	334								
TOTAL ..		2986	528			4282	2228	2054	2228	2054

(ii) Village Otmaj Majawar appearing in the Village Tables for 1931 against serial number 9048 is not traceable in the record of villages for 1941 supplied by the Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province. It would appear that this village has lost its separate identity due to its being merged with others in the record. This defect was referred to Census Superintendent N. W. F. P., and the Assistant Political Agent Gilgit without satisfactory results.

(iii) Village Imit appearing in the Village Tables for 1941 against serial number 6, is not traceable in the Village Tables for 1931. As this is a well known village in the area it may possibly have been shown as Otmaj Majawar in 1931.

(iv) The number of occupied houses could not be shown separately for each village in the Village Tables 1941 as the same was not given in the record prepared and supplied by the Census Superintendent, N. W. F. P., His record gave the number of occupied houses for groups of villages and not for individual villages.

For item No. 1, see foot note (i) Hunza Illaqa.

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Gilgit**Illaqa Yasin**

Serial No	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Damalgan	83	15			100	53	47	53	47
2	Gindai	294	33			227	111	116	111	116
3	Nuh	172	42			318	178	170	178	170
4	Yasin	951	180			1472	765	707	765	707
5	Nazbar	234	40			325	154	171	154	171
6	Taus	56	63			537	267	270	267	270
7	Go Jalti	239	49			271	129	142	129	142
8	Howelti	282	42			314	160	154	160	154
9	Sandhi	909	138			1086	536	550	536	550
10	Qar Qulti	144	32			200	106	94	106	94
11	Bar Kulti	1039	149			1100	577	523	577	523
12	Hundar	630	105			764	398	366	398	366
13	Umalsat	186	37			257	135	122	135	122
14	Da kt	415	83			574	310	264	310	264
15	Darach	264	34			289	152	137	152	137
16	Dulkin	88	11			111	60	51	60	51
17	Dapas	209	32			243	122	121	22	121
18	Haraf	563	73			668	357	311	357	311
19	Chharet	192	26			220	110	110	110	110
20	Ashkam Das	112	13			109	52	57	52	57
21	Nalti	153	29			217	115	102	115	102
22	Thalti	109	16			133	65	68	65	68
23	Daraskan	315	38			303	161	142	161	142
24	Shot	108	14			121	70	51	70	51
		7747	1294			9989	5143	4846	5143	4846
25	Bojot	336								
	TOTAL	8083	1294			9989	5143	4846	5143	4846

(ii) Village Bojot, appearing in the Village Tables for 1931 against serial number 9119 is not traceable in the record of villages for 1941 supplied by the Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province. It would appear that this village has lost its separate identity due to its being merged with others in the record. This defect was referred to Census Superintendent N. W. F. P., and the Assistant Political Agent Gilgit without satisfactory results.

For item No. 1, see foot note (i) Hunza Illaqa,

CENSUS
VILLAGE

District Gilgit**Illaqa Kuh Ghizar**

Serial	Name of Village	1931 Population	Occupied houses 1941	No. of Circle	No. of Charge	Total			Muslim (others)	
						Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Daramdar ..	190	42			281	141	140	141	140
2	Somal ..	550	86			716	380	336	380	336
3	Roshan ..	416	67			542	280	262	280	262
4	Gupis Scout Area ..	119	57			87	83	4	77	1
5	Gupis ..	666	91			881	449	432	443	425
6	Jandrot ..	139	25			204	104	100	104	100
7	Khalti ..	186	30			246	134	112	134	112
8	Dahimal ..	258	33			312	146	166	146	166
9	Bathi ..	109	24			163	92	71	92	71
10	Hamran ..	135	42			274	152	122	152	122
11	Thangi ..	44	17			142	78	64	78	64
12	Pingal ..	293	33			275	132	143	132	143
13	Shamran ..	167	16			198	103	95	103	95
14	Chashi ..	490	58			485	276	209	276	209
15	Bar Kalti ..	862	153			1201	648	553	648	553
16	Ghulaghmul	735	103			797	399	398	399	398
17	Gulakhotri ..	340	47			351	179	172	179	172
18	Handrap ..	468	73			589	280	309	280	309
19	Tiru ..	658	106			768	421	347	421	347
		6825	1103			8512	4477	4035	4465	4025
20	Taj Margo ..	40								
21	Chashi Nala ..	55								
		95								
TOTAL ..		6920	1103			8512	4477	4035	4465	4025

*Other Christian 1M 2F

(ii) Villages Taj Margo, Chashi Nala appearing in the Village Tables for 1931 against serial number 9015, 9037, respectively are not traceable in the record of villages for 1941 supplied by the Census Superintendent North West Frontier Province. It would appear that these villages have lost their separate identity due to their being merged with others in the record. This defect was referred to the Census Superintendent N. W. F. P., and the Assistant Political Agent Gilgit without satisfactory results.

For item No. 1, see foot note (i) Hunza Illaqa.

1941

TABLES

1941 POPULATION											
Muslim (Shias)		Hindus		Sikhs		Buddhists		Others*		Total literates	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										2	
										15	14
		2		3	1			1	2	16	1
		6	7							73	7
										5	
										1	
										1	
										1	
										2	
										2	
										14	
										10	
										10	
										3	
		8	7	3	1			1	2	155	22
		8	7	3	1			1	2	155	22

HOUSING STATISTICS.

At the conference of Provincial and State Census Commissioners held at New Delhi from February 20th-22nd 1940 one item on the agenda was "Houselist preparation and housing statistics." The Census Commissioner for India stressed the importance he attached to the careful preparation of the Houselist and the desirability of expanding it to include details connected with housing conditions, the materials of which houses were constructed and the types of roofs and walls. He had referred to the subject previously in a note entitled "General Scheme of the Census" issued shortly before the conference. In that note it was indicated that the number of living rooms in each house should be recorded, that the roofs and walls should be classified according to the materials used in their construction and that the definition of a room should be discussed at the conference. The definition suggested by him was that approved by the League of Nations *viz* :—

"As 'rooms', should be regarded bedrooms, dining rooms, living-rooms, habitable attics, servants' rooms, kitchens and other habitable places separated from one another by walls reaching from the floor to the ceiling and of a size large enough to hold a bed for an adult—approximately 4 square metres."

This definition was adopted.

Throughout the preliminary stages the Census Commissioner for India stressed that an effort should be made to collect data regarding drinking-water supply, markets, schools and festivals etc., as well as data for housing statistics. We took steps to implement the wishes of the Census Commissioner for India in as practical a manner as possible bearing in mind local conditions. We decided not to overload the Houselist by the inclusion in it of such items as water-supply, markets, schools etc., but to concentrate on the data for housing statistics and to collect information on other matters from Charge Superintendents by means of special notes. Our proposed procedure was referred to and received the approval of His Highness' Government. The Houselist form was drawn up accordingly and a special questionnaire drafted for issue to Charge Superintendents.

The Housing Statistics are based entirely on the entries in the Houselists. They have nothing to do with Imperial Tables and are most suitably

presented with the Village Tables. It was realised at the beginning that the information to be collected would be defective but if new ground is to be broken a start has to be made. Special instructions were issued describing in details how the Houselist was to be filled in, requiring the form to be prepared in duplicate and for one copy to be sent to the Direction Office. Our intention to tabulate the information was made clear and the necessity for accuracy stressed. When, in due course, the Houselists were received and scrutinised it was realised that most of them were defective in one respect or another but it was decided to make the best of them. It was too much to expect such forms to be filled in without defect at the first attempt by an unpaid agency, consisting of many persons of a low standard of literacy, but there were many defects which could have been avoided with a little more care on the part of Supervisors and those local Census officers responsible for control of the work. Houselists were received from all areas except for the Gilgit Agency.

A decision having been taken to present the information collected in tabular form, in spite of the defects, the Houselists were handed over to the Tabulation Officer with specimens of the tables to be prepared and such instructions as were necessary to cover all points which arose during preliminary discussions. He was given discretion to adjust minor defects wherever possible. In studying these Housing Statistics it must be kept in mind that the population given does not and can not agree with the figures given in the Imperial Tables; they are based on different records. The Housing Statistics are based on the Houselists prepared from October 15th to November 15th, 1940 and the Imperial Tables on the actual Census taken in 1941 and related to Census Day—1st March 1941. No population figures are given for Gilgit Agency in the Housing Statistics as we received no Houselists for that area.

Table I attempts to show the living accommodation available and the materials of which houses are constructed in different parts of the State.

Table II (A) represents an endeavour to classify buildings other than those used for residential purposes whilst Table II (B) is a similar statement for the two cities in the State giving greater detail for shops.

When the actual tabulation of the information contained in the Houselists was commenced considerable difficulties were experienced. It was found that in many cases the population column had not been correctly cast and entered, residential and non-residential houses had been mixed up, shops had not been correctly described and classified and houses had not all been classified as pakka or kaccha. In these circumstances, a good deal of discretion had to be given to the Tabulation Officer or the tables could not have been compiled at all. It was decided to restrict the classification of shops in rural areas to five and to enter the rest under the comprehensive heading 'Others'; for the cities of Jammu and Srinagar thirty classes of shops were selected in addition to 'Others.' Table I deals with residential houses only; the figures for these re-appear in column 5 of Table II; these are the only figures common to both tables. In Table II 'Total Buildings' shown in column 2 represents the totals of columns 5 to 13. In both tables percentages have been given to the nearest whole number except where the percentage is less than one. The non-inclusion of figures for Gilgit Agency is unavoidable because whilst Houselists were made available to us for Gilgit (Leased Area) none were forthcoming for the Gilgit Agency.

Scrutiny of Table I will show that the population of the State, less Gilgit Agency, comes to 3,918,421 against 3,945,090 for the same area given in Imperial Table I; similarly the number of residential houses comes to 743,680 against 751,603 shown in the Imperial Tables. The Imperial Tables show a total population of 4,021,616 inclusive of Gilgit Agency (76,526) and residential houses numbering 764,424 inclusive of Gilgit Agency (12,821).

This table affords an interesting contrast of conditions in two different areas of the Frontier Districts. In all tehsils of Ladakh the number of rooms per 100 houses is higher than in any other area of the State whereas in Astore the number of rooms per 100 houses is lower than anywhere else except in the Mendhar Tehsil of Poonch Jagir. Conversely, the number of persons per 100 rooms is lowest in Ladakh and highest in Astore.

The details given as to the materials used in the construction of roofs and walls must vary in accuracy according to the ability of the man preparing each Houselist to describe them and the effort each has made to be accurate in this respect. Similarly, it should be realised that the correct classification of houses into the two

classes 'pakka' and 'kaccha' must vary with the opinion of the man making the record as to what constitutes a 'pakka' built house and what 'kaccha'; this will also vary with the locality. What would be deemed a 'pakka' house in isolated rural villages would not be so classified in urban areas. Thus, in the Frontier District practically all houses are described as 'pakka' although the great majority are built of mud and stone. To the local people such houses are 'pakka' and this is, in fact, the case because all permanent structures in these areas are built of mud and stone as there are no bricks, tiles or corrugated-iron sheets for use and little material for thatching. Wood, which in many areas is scarce, is used sparingly to give stability to the structures and to frame doorways. The existence of many errors in classification must be recognised; it is difficult to follow the classification given in some cases. For instance in Table I, column 10, Jammu City is shown as having 933 houses out of every 1,000 with mud and thatch roofs and under column 11, 821 houses out of every 1,000 with stone or brick walls, whilst in column 3 of Table II (A), 80 houses out of every 100 are shown as 'pakka'. The use of mud and thatch as roof materials in such a large percentage of houses, in contrast to the use of stone or brick for walls in nearly as many houses, seems to suggest that the roofs are 'kaccha', whilst the walls are 'pakka'. This is not necessarily so; it depends on the quality of the 'mud and thatch' roofs and what is included in this description. 'Mud and thatch' is much cooler than brick, tiles or tin and is presumably used deliberately for this reason. When we examine Table II (B) some omissions are striking and indicate careless entries. For instance, in the classification of shops, Jammu City is shown as having no shops under the headings dairy, cafes and hotels, crockery sellers, automobile workshops and repair shops, cycle shops and petrol dealers and Srinagar City is shown to have no shops in the categories booksellers, general stores and jewellers. It is difficult to believe that Jammu has 25 booksellers shops and Srinagar none; in fact, we know this is not the case as regards Srinagar. It is also difficult to believe there are only 2 shops in Jammu for the sale of boots and shoes. We know that there are motor repair shops, cycle shops and petrol dealers in Jammu and jewellers in Srinagar. Jammu has 193 shops entered under 'Others' whereas Srinagar has none shown under this comprehensive heading. Under column 19, 'Unspecified', are entered over 63 per cent. of the total shops listed in Jammu and over 25 percent. of those listed in Srinagar; this is obviously the column which contains the total

omissions in both cities and also some of those shops belonging to classes under which the entries are clearly too small to represent the facts.

It must be recognised that this is the first occasion during Census operations in the State that an attempt has been made to collect and tabulate such information. We must allow for the ignorance, carelessness and lack of interest on the part of some of our unpaid Census agency in recording what appeared to them to be of little importance and nothing to do with the real Census. We must recognise the fact that the information recorded was difficult to tabulate by a staff having no previous experience of such work or the classification of such data. Thirdly, it is feared that the more senior officers of the Census agency did not take as close an interest in the accurate preparation of the Houselists

as the work demands if it is to be of real value. Finally, the instructions issued by the Direction Office did not cover many causes of error, which were not anticipated, and might well have been more detailed and explicit in some respects. In spite of all this the tables are not without value to those interested in the subject.

The limitations and defects of the tables produced are admitted by those responsible for their preparation and presentation. Like all first attempts the results leave much room for improvement but we have done our best and broken new ground. Our mistakes and shortcomings on this occasion should be studied so that at the next Census improved methods may be adopted, greater care taken in preparation of the Houselists and better results obtained.

HOUSING

TABLE I—HOUSES ACCOMMO-

Tehsil, District or State.	Population.	No. of houses.	No. of habitable rooms.	Rooms per 100 houses	Persons per 100 rooms.
1	2	3	4	5	6
JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATE	3918421	743680	1988452	267	197
JAMMU PROVINCE	1962274	399781	766213	192	256
(a) TOTAL DISTRICTS	1527871	315278	616874	196	248
Jammu District	419106	86811	178792	206	234
Jammu City	42192	9372	25501	272	165
Jammu Tehsil	98804	23782	38265	161	258
Samba	92355	16909	33907	201	272
Sri Ranbirsinghpura	96247	19344	51116	264	188
Akhnur	89508	17404	30003	172	298
Kathua District	184993	39402	78757	200	235
Kathua	44366	9279	21759	234	204
Jasmergarh	60770	12318	23341	190	260
Basohli	79857	17805	33657	189	237
Udhampur District	282668	55396	128954	233	219
Udhampur	51107	11249	28946	257	177
Kishtwar	59642	10331	29237	283	204
Ramban	70437	12668	23136	183	304
Ramnagar	56671	12794	27133	212	209
Bhadrawah	44809	8354	20502	245	219
Reasi District	237658	47439	75989	160	313
Reasi	108936	22002	39519	180	275
Rampur Rajouri	128722	25437	36470	143	353
Mirpur District	403448	86230	154382	179	261
Kotli	114916	25015	35016	139	328
Mirpur	115925	26764	48998	183	236
Bhimbar	172607	34451	70368	204	245
(b) TOTAL JAGIRS	434403	84503	149339	176	291
Chenani Jagir	11017	2624	6776	258	163
Chenani	11017	2624	6776	258	163
Poonch Jagir	423386	81879	142563	174	297
Bagh	103424	20563	37027	180	279
Sadhnuti	111902	24717	38970	157	287
Haveli	109085	17876	42584	238	256
Mendhar	98975	18728	23982	128	412
KASHMIR PROVINCE	1727280	296037	992312	335	174
Baramulla District	639236	103746	398074	384	161
Uttarmachipura (Handwara)	293087	45013	209501	465	140
Baramulla	181255	30643	91954	300	177
Sri Pratapsinghpura	164894	28090	96619	344	171
Anantnag District	834963	146488	500778	342	167
Srinagar City	203754	33681	146539	435	139
Khas Tehsil	121827	20551	70393	343	173
Pulwama (Aawntipura)	150209	28006	77399	276	194
Kulgam	159522	28390	89357	315	179
Anantnag	199651	35870	117090	326	171
Muzaffarabad District	253081	45803	93460	204	271
Muzaffarabad	119014	22992	34029	149	350
Uri	77334	12889	33830	262	229
Karnah	56733	9922	25601	258	222

STATISTICS

DATION AND MATERIAL

PER 1000 HOUSES.				PER 1000 HOUSES.		
Houses with tiles or brick roofs.	Houses with tin roofs.	Houses with Shingle roofs.	Houses with mud and thatch roofs.	Houses with stone or brick walls.	Houses with wooden walls.	Houses with mud walls.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
8	13	75	863	546	49	397
13	4	39	903	602	9	380
16	4	49	888	514	12	463
22	4	9	961	204	3	759
55		9	933	821		179
50	.38	8	918	117	25	878
8	.65	36	961	77	.06	922
3	.78	.05	996	95	131	741
1		.57	1	233	.29	767
71	27	259	624	162	23	807
113	39	704	90	120	18	857
79	.4		913	91		894
44	38	207	702	233	42	720
.81	6	73	827	833	44	121
.62	17	4	808	746	.36	253
.29	.39	254	731	756	224	19
	7		899	873	5	116
3	2	77	920	864	.16	136
	3	36	719	940	8	52
	.95	2	894	725	.19	271
	2	5	968	751	.4	244
		.47	830	704		296
4	.08	3	970	660		334
.16	.28		999	880		120
.07			999	618		382
10		7	926	546		450
.09	6	1	964	930	.07	69
		33	967	649		352
		33	967	649		352
.1	6	.39	964	939	.07	60
	1	.1	999	1000		
	1	.2	901	836	.29	160
.45	25	1	973	999		49
			1000	995		.5
3	27	135	806	404	108	403
5	10	141	839	420	257	320
11	10	174	802	436	447	116
.23	14	131	849	470	183	347
.32	6	100	887	341	34	616
2	46	143	797	307	32	651
.71	171	400	424	726	44	218
12	27	96	866	381	6	584
.93	4	18	978	65	13	921
.1	1	33	955	42	27	930
.11	7	114	841	272	49	666
2	7	93	760	673	11	316
.08	8	112	795	538	5	458
3	10	67	582	918	6	76
6		84	911	668	35	298

Tehsil, District or State.	Population.	No. of houses.	No. of habitable rooms.	Rooms per 100 houses.	Persons per 100 rooms.
	2	3	4	5	6
Frontier Districts	228867	47862	229927	480	100
Ladakh District	190211	41450	220926	533	86
Ladakh	35171	9450	52839	559	67
Kargil	51541	8775	48496	553	106
Skardu	103499	23225	119591	515	87
Astore District	16884	2506	3259	130	518
Astore	16884	2506	3259	130	518
Gilgit Leased Area	21772	3906	5742	147	379
Gilgit	21772	3906	5742	147	379
Gilgit Agency*					

*Information not available.

PER 1000 HOUSES				PER 1000 HOUSES.		
Houses with tiles or brick roofs.	Houses with tin roofs.	Houses with Shingle roofs.	Houses with mud and thatch roofs.	Houses with stone or brick walls.	Houses with wooden walls.	Houses with mud walls.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
3		.2	878	970	11	5
3		.24	937	971	13	
11		.11	932	943		
4		.8	968	959	41	
		.09	927	886	8	
			1000	1000		
			1000	1000		
			177	939		61
			177	939		61

HOUSING

TABLE II (PART A)—BUILDINGS

Tehsil, District or State.	Total Buildings.	PER 1000 TOTAL HOUSES		Residential Houses.	BUILDINGS			
		Pakka	Kacha		Temples	Mosques	Churches	Gurdwaras
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATE ..	822622	48	52	743680	1673	13079	10	653
JAMMU PROVINCE ..	440307	51	49	399781	1092	4575	2	421
(a) TOTAL DISTRICTS ..	348209	41	59	315278	1028	3066	2	279
Jammu District ..	99886	22	78	86811	465	523	1	60
Jammu City ..	13792	80	20	9372	186	53	1	27
Jammu Tehsil ..	25589	12	88	23782	52	99		10
Samba ..	18032	8	92	16909	45	68		10
Sri Ranbirsinghpura ..	23523	11	89	19344	102	219		10
Akhnur ..	18950	19	81	17404	80	84		3
Kathua District ..	41056	8	92	39402	144	45		8
Kathua ..	10001	11	89	9279	37	24		5
Jasmergarh ..	12445	9	91	12318	18	13		
Basohli ..	18610	5	95	17805	89	8		3
Udhampur District ..	62068	44	56	55396	249	336	1	78
Udhampur ..	12595	54	46	11249	46	13		15
Kishtwar ..	11322	27	73	10331	20	100		26
Ramban ..	14441	38	62	12668	18	168		10
Ramnagar ..	13671	17	83	12794	8	19		25
Bhadrawah ..	10039	94	6	8354	157	36	1	2
Reasi District ..	49809	62	38	47439	44	164		27
Reasi ..	23467	49	51	22002	36	44		20
Rampur Rajouri ..	26342	75	25	25437	8	120		7
Mirpur District ..	95390	62	38	86230	126	1998		106
Kotli ..	26950	88	12	25015	19	530		25
Mirpur ..	29174	62	38	26764	35	652		3
Bhimbar ..	39266	44	56	34451	72	816		78
(b) TOTAL JAGIRS ..	92098	88	12	84503	64	1509		142
Chenani Jagir ..	2722	63	37	2624	8	4		
Chenani Jagir ..	2722	63	37	2624	8	4		
Poonch Jagir ..	89376	89	11	81879	58	1505		142
Bagh ..	21950	100		20563	5	463		64
Sadhnuti ..	25892	66	34	24712	18	272		45
Haveli ..	20445	95	5	17876	24	453		29
Mendhar ..	21089	100		18728	9	317		4
KASHMIR PROVINCE ..	329335	38	62	296037	478	6699	7	226
Baramulla District ..	110305	34	66	103746	78	1226	1	53
Utarmachipura (Handwara) ..	47790	44	56	45013	48	348		19
Baramulla ..	31068	50	50	30643	17	47	1	5
Sri Pratapsinghpura (Badgam) ..	31447	2	97	28090	13	831		29
Anantnag District ..	168517	32	66	146488	366	4130	6	54
Srinagar City ..	40281	71	29	33671	109	406	1	27
Khas Tehsil ..	23183	37	63	20551	146	522	1	4
Pulwama ..	31714	5	95	28006	19	881		13
Kulgam ..	32611	7	93	28390	28	1252		1
Anantnag ..	40728	32	66	35870	64	1069	4	9
Muzaffarabad District ..	50513	65	35	45803	34	1343		119
Muzaffarabad ..	25146	55	44	22992	23	627		85
Uri ..	14261	80	20	12889	8	449		29
Karnah ..	11106	68	32	9922	3	267		5

STATISTICS

AND SHOPS CLASSIFIED

			SHOPS						
Factories	Sarais	Others	Total Shops	Baniyas	Draper	Tailor	Blacksmith	Shoe-maker	Others
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
278	961	31396	30892	8563	2579	1278	704	447	17321
141	575	17762	15958	4590	1348	482	258	171	9109
139	440	14199	13785	3725	1175	404	232	137	8112
120	83	4574	7249	1174	409	134	82	74	5376
98	9	857	3189	48	65	67	26	19	2964
6	17	693	930	89	249	16	16	1	559
3	24	288	685	212	25	17	7	15	409
12	17	2529	1290	477	65	15	16	15	702
1	16	207	1155	348	5	19	17	24	742
4	109	485	859	556	61	36	5	12	189
3	33	227	393	205	13	21	2	10	142
	33	28	35	15	13	5			2
1	43	230	431	336	35	10	3	2	45
2	56	3342	2608	926	290	140	67	12	1173
	12	473	787	241	46	27	20	6	447
1	5	638	201	64	10	34	15	1	77
1	35	726	815	330	185	27	20	5	248
	3	415	407	138		17	4		248
	1	1090	398	153	49	35	8		153
2	32	1161	940	373	338	66	43	13	107
1	12	603	749	243	305	53	38	10	100
1	20	538	191	130	33	13	5	3	7
4	160	4637	2129	696	77	28	35	26	1267
	16	808	537	182	28	16	18	10	283
	26	742	952	105	7	7	3		830
4	118	3087	640	409	42	5	14	16	154
9	135	3563	2173	865	173	78	26	34	997
	15	21	50	5		8	1	1	35
	15	21	50	5		8	1	1	35
9	120	3542	2123	860	173	70	25	33	962
	20	429	406	222	42	23		2	117
	37	308	500	250	30	15	5	4	196
9	60	1073	921	253	43	29	11	16	569
	3	1732	296	135	58	3	9	11	80
137	180	11087	14484	3932	1129	791	445	272	7915
12	12	2861	2316	779	97	44	62	41	1293
3	1	1102	1256	303	61	19	17	14	842
8	4	101	242	91	6		21	17	107
1	7	1658	818	385	30	25	24	10	344
123	107	6194	11049	2580	906	700	364	215	6284
91	37	1601	4338	383	169	269	111	159	3247
7	18	939	995	141	48	43	9	8	746
5	30	1155	1605	623	113	30	46	2	791
13		1365	1562	203	398	130	84	8	739
7	22	1134	2549	1230	178	228	114	38	761
2	61	2032	1119	573	126	47	19	16	338
2	48	674	695	303	110	30	7	11	234
	10	575	301	246	1	8	5	3	38
	3	783	123	24	15	9	7	2	66

Tehsil, District or State.	Total Buildings.	PER 1000 TOTAL HOUSES		Residential Houses	BUILDINGS			
		Pakka	Kacha		Temples	Mosques	Churches	Gurdwaras
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Frontier Districts	.. 52980	89	9	47862	103	1805	1	6
Ladakh District	.. 45855	88	10	41450	102	1643	1	4
Ladakh	.. 10290	95		9450	50	18	1	
Kargil	.. 9799	92	8	8775	51	461		1
Skardu	.. 25766	83	15	23225	1	1164		3
Astore District	.. 2739	100		2506	1	47		2
Astore	.. 2739	100		2506	1	47		2
Gilgit Leased Area	.. 4386	94	6	3906		115		
Gilgit	.. 4386	94	6	3906		115		
Gilgit Agency*								

*No information is available.

Factories	Sarais	Others	Total Shops	Shops					
				Baniyas	Draper	Tailor	Blacksmith	Shoe-maker	Others
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	206	2547	450	41	102	5	1	4	297
	183	2196	276	33	39		1		203
	26	651	94						94
	131	349	31	24					7
	26	1196	151	9	39		1		102
	8	153	22	1	7	2		2	10
	8	153	22	1	7	2		2	10
	16	198	152	7	56	3		2	84
	16	198	152	7	56	3		2	84

HOUSING

TABLE II (PART B)

Cities	TOTAL HOUSES.				BUILDINGS.						
	Total Buildings	Pakka	Kaccha	Residential houses	Temples	Mosques	Churches	Gurdwaras	Factories	Sarais	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Jammu	13792	11026	2766	9372	186	53	1	27	98	9	857
Srinagar	40281	28746	11535	33671	109	406	1	27	91	37	1601

STATISTICS

—CITIES

S H O P S

Total Shops	Baniyas	Drapers	Tailors	Black- smiths	Shoe- makers	Unspecified Shops	Vegetable and Fruitsellers	Bakers	Butchers	Dairy	General Stores	Milk Dealers
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
3189	48	65	67	26	19	2031	86	26	43		8	46
4338	383	169	269	111	159	1095	103	207	220	12		123

S H O P S

Cities	Confectioners	Aerated water and Cigarette Sellers	Cafes and Hotels	Wine Dealers	General Merchants	Hardware Dealers	Book-sellers	Crockery Sellers	Pattu Dealers	Carpenters	Wood-Carvers
I	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Jammu	.. 31	53		2	130	17	25		2	22	17
Srinagar	.. 75	58	13	7	103	35		9	205	30	85

S H O P S

Gold and Silver- smiths	Copper- smiths	Potters	Papier- Mache Makers	Boot and Shoe Merchants	Barbers	Bus and Lorry Contractors	Chemists and Drug- gists	Workshops of Auto mobile Repairs	Cycle Shops	Petrol Dealers	Jewellers	Others
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
25	70	10		2	106	2	8				9	103
224	135	56	54	109	153	12	75	7	19	23		