

EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS
DISTRICT-WISE
1965-66
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JAMMU AND KASHMIR



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1. Educational Statistics—District-wise—Orissa—1965-66—No. 1—1969. (Already brought out).
2. Educational Statistics—District-wise—Mysore—1965-66—No. 2—1969. (Already brought out).
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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, NEW DELHI - 1.

1970

ASWAL

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P R E F A C E

Reduction in regional imbalances of educational development is a major objective of the National policy on Education. To promote this programme, it is necessary to collect statistics of educational development in the different regions of the country periodically and to publish them for information and use by all concerned.

The Ministry of Education publishes annually statistics of educational development in the different States of the Indian Union. But as imbalances of educational development between one district and another are far more pronounced than those between one State and other, it was decided to collect and publish statistics of educational development in the districts also every five years. Accordingly, such statistics was collected and published, for the first time, for the year 1960-61.

The study is now being repeated for the year 1965-66 and it is proposed to bring out a separate volume on the district educational statistics of every State. It will contain statistics for the year 1965-66 along with comparative data for the year 1960-61. To make inter district comparisons possible, one important indices such as enrolment ratio, percentage of trained teachers, per capita expenditure on education, etc., will also be included.

In this programme of bringing out 16 volumes for all the States of the Union (except Nagaland) this volume is the sixth and is devoted to the educational statistics of districts in Jammu and Kashmir State. It has been based on the data collected from the State Department of Education.

I take this opportunity to express my appreciation of the co-operation and help received from the Director of Public Instruction, Assam and other educational authorities in the State and the staff of the Statistics and Information Division which has prepared this report.

New Delhi-1.
October, 1970

S. CHAKRAVARTI
SECRETARY.

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1. I N T R O D U C T O R Y

The Ministry of Education & Youth Services publishes the statistics of education in India annually in their publication "Education in India, Vol. I and Vol. II". These publications give the statistics at the national and state levels, but do not provide district-wise statistics.

2. To fill up this gap, the National Council of Educational Research and Training brought out a volume entitled "Educational Statistics: District-wise" giving the bench-mark of educational data of various kinds for all districts for the year 1960-61. To make inter-district comparisons possible, some important indices such as enrolment ratios, percentage of trained teachers and per capita expenditure was also given. These comparative statistics show a wide range of variation between the districts in every respect.

3. It has now been decided to hold a similar review of educational development in the districts for the year 1965-66. Such periodic reviews are necessary for several reasons. For instance, they will help to judge the effectiveness of the measures taken to correct regional imbalances at the district level. Secondly, such collection and publication of data on different aspects of education at the district level will help the preparation of educational development plans for all districts so that they can be adopted, as recommended by the Education Commission, as the principal unit for administration, planning and development of school education.

4. This review will be divided into sixteen volumes - one volume being devoted to the educational statistics of the districts in every State (except Nagaland). The present volume, which is the Fifth in the series, gives the data for each of the districts of Jammu & Kashmir on population number of educational institutions, enrolment, teachers, expenditure etc. at all levels of education. It also gives the rates of growth in different sectors from 1960-61 to

1965-66 and some important indices of educational development.

II. SUMMARY

5. The district Statistics of Jammu & Kashmir for 1960-61 and 1965-66, given in the following pages, gives an idea about disparities in educational development among the 9 districts of the State.

PRIMARY CLASSES

6. A brief view of the relative position of the district regarding the schooling facilities at the primary stage. The enrolment of primary classes I-V wherever they are located, whether in primary schools or in primary departments of middle and high/higher secondary schools, is studied in comparison with the population of the age-group 6-11. Table I below Gives the enrolment ratio in classes I-V for the years 1960-61 & 1965-66 and the ranking of the districts according to their position of enrolment ratio.*

Table - I - Enrolment Ratio in Classes I-V

Sl. No.	Name of the District	Enrolment Ratio		Ranking	
		1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Anantnag	31.7	44.9	9	8
2.	Baramulla	38.8	48.1	7	6
3.	Doda	39.0	46.7	6	7
4.	Jammu	53.7	69.6	2	1
5.	Kathua	53.9	69.1	1	2
6.	Ladakh	42.5	51.2	5	5
7.	Poonch-Rajouri	38.7	37.6	8	9
8.	Srinagar	43.4	56.8	4	3
9.	Udhampur	44.8	52.6	3	4
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		41.8	52.7	-	-

* Enrolment Ratio = $\frac{\text{Enrolment in the respective classes}}{\text{Population in the corresponding age-group}} \times 100$

7. Within a period of five years, the enrolment ratio at the primary stage increased from 41.8% in 1960-61 to 52.7 in 1965-66. The position of education at the primary stage even in 1965-66 is very poor. Since primary education is the base upon which the super structure of education has to be built, the extent to which this is expanded will have its impact on the other stages of education viz middle, secondary and even the higher education.

MIDDLE SCHOOL CLASSES:

8. Table 2 gives the enrolment ratios of various districts in classes VI-VIII for the years 1960-61 and 1965-66 and also gives the ranking of the districts according to their enrolment ratio.

Table 2 : Enrolment Ratio in Classes VI-VIII

S.No.	Name of the District	Enrolment Ratio		Ranking	
		1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Anantnag	17.5	36.0	9	4
2.	Baramulla	24.8	27.2	5	6
3.	Doda	23.3	27.0	7	7
4.	Jammu	42.4	50.9	1	2
5.	Kathua	40.6	55.7	2	1
6.	Ladakh	22.1	13.5	8	9
7.	Poonch-Rajouri	37.3	17.2	3	8
8.	Srinagar	23.6	44.3	6	3
9.	Udhampur	26.2	33.2	4	5
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		27.4	36.4	-	-

9. During the period 1960-61 to 1965-66, the enrolment ratio in Classes VI-VIII has increased from 27.4 to 36.4. The relative position of the different districts as regards enrolment ratio has not changed very much. The enrolment ratios in the districts of Ladakh & Poonch Rajouri have decreased very much from 22.1% to 13.5% and 37.3% to 17.2% respectively within the period of five years. This set back may be due to the Pakistani attack on Kashmir in August, 1965.

HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION:

10. Table 3 gives the enrolment ratio in classes IX-XI for the 9 districts of Jammu & Kashmir for the years 1960-61 and 1965-66 along with their ranking according to their enrolment ratio.

Table 3 : Enrolment Ratio in Classes IX-XI

S.No.	Name of the District	Enrolment Ratio		Ranking	
		1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Anantnag	5.7	16.8	5	3
2.	Baramulla	4.7	12.5	6	5
3.	Doda	4.0	11.4	8	6
4.	Jammu	13.8	24.3	1	2
5.	Kathua	6.0	16.7	4	4
6.	Ladakh	1.3	4.4	9	9
7.	Poonch-Rajouri	4.1	5.3	7	8
8.	Srinagar	11.3	26.5	2	1
9.	Udhampur	6.4	11.3	3	7
	TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	7.4	16.9	-	-

11. During the period from 1960-61 to 1965-66, the enrolment ratio increased considerably from 7.4% to 16.9%. As in the case of Primary and Middle stage, the increase in the enrolment ratio varied from district to district. However, there is not appreciable change in the ranking of the different districts in the two years. In 1965-66, the enrolment ratio was the highest in Srinagar (26.5%) followed by Jammu (24.3%) and the lowest was, as expected, in Ladakh (4.4%) followed by Poonch-Rajouri (5.3%). The enrolment ratio was less than the overall state average in 1965-66 in seven out of nine districts.

ALL SCHOOL CLASSES:

12. The composite enrolment ratio of classes I-XI has been worked out and is given in Table 4. This also gives the ranking of the districts according to their achievement as indicated by this composite index.

Table 4: Enrolment Ratio in Classes I-XI

S.No.	Name of the District	Enrolment Ratio		Ranking	
		1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	Anantnag	22.7	36.6	9	5
2	Baramulla	27.0	34.4	8	6
3	Doda	27.2	33.9	7	7
4	Jammu	41.7	54.7	1	1
5	Kathua	39.0	53.0	2	2
6	Ladakh	27.9	31.0	6	8
7	Poonch-Rajouri	30.4	26.1	5	9
8	Srinagar	31.4	46.9	3	3
9	Udhampur	31.2	38.1	4	4
10	TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	30.5	40.6	-	-

13. Taking school stage as a whole, the enrolment ratio for the state as a whole was 30.5 in 1960-61 and 40.6 in 1965-66. In 1960-61 in five out of a total of nine districts the enrolment ratio was less than the state average. Moreover, in none of the districts the enrolment ratio exceeded 50%. The highest enrolment ratio was in Jammu (41.7% only). In 1965-66, the position improved very slightly in all the districts except Ladakh and Poonch Rajori where it worsened due to the Pakistani attack in August, 1965.

14. These statistics clearly show that even the position of school education, bot to talk of Higher Education, was far from satisfactory inspite of the fact that the education has been completely free in the state of Jammu & Kashmir during all these years. The problem needs immediate attention and a full-fledged study may be under taken to dig out the causes responsible for hampering the progress of education in the state.

HIGHER EDUCATION:

15. Table 5 gives the enrolment ratio in higher education classes in 9 districts of Jammu & Kashmir for the years 1960-61 and 1965-66.

Table 5 : Enrolment Ratio in Higher Education

S.No.	Name of the District	Enrolment Ratio	
		1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4
1.	Anantnag	0.6	0.9
2.	Baramulla	0.6	0.9
3.	Doda	0.2	0.6
4.	Jammu	5.2	6.5

1	2	3	4
5.	Kathua	-	1.2
6.	Ladakh	-	-
7.	Poonch Rajouri	0.4	0.4
8.	Srinagar	5.7	11.3
9.	Udhampur	-	0.7
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		2.0	3.6

16. During the period from 1960-61 to 1965-66, the enrolment ratio in Classes for higher education increased from 2.0% to 3.6% in 1965-66. The highest enrolment ratio was in Srinagar (11.3%) followed by Jammu (6.5%) and the lowest was in Doda (0.6%). In the district of Ladakh, there was no enrolment at all in the classes of higher education during 1960-61 as also in 1965-66. Out of the remaining 8 districts, in 5 districts the enrolment ratio was even less than 1.0% in 1965-66.

III - POPULATION

17. Jammu & Kashmir consists of 9 districts. Its total estimated population in 1966 was 39.28 lakhs (20.92 lakhs males and 18.36 lakhs females). The population of the state according to the 1961 census was 35.61 lakhs (18.97 lakhs males and 16.64 lakhs females). The rate of growth of population during 1961-66 roughly comes to 2.4% per annum.

18. The total or the district-wise area of the State is not available. Therefore, it was not possible to find and compare the density of population for the years 1961 & 1966. However, the district-wise population for the year 1961 as also for 1966, males & females separately, as given in Statement No.1.

16 DISTRIBUTION:

19. The total population of the state in the age-group 6-11 was 5.11 lakhs (2.66 lakhs boys and 2.45 lakhs girls) in 1961 which increased to an estimated population of 5.63 lakhs (2.93 lakhs boys and 2.70 lakhs girls) by 1966. This shows an increase of 0.52 lakhs girls 1961 to 1966 in the population in this age-group. The children in this age-group formed 14.3% of the total population of the state in 1966.

20. The number of children in the next-age-group i.e. 11-14 for the years 1966 was estimated as 2.39 lakhs (1.29 lakhs boys and 1.10 lakhs girls). The children in this age-group increased by 0.22 lakhs from 1961 to 1966 and formed 6.1% of the total population of the state in 1966.

21. The total population of children in the age group 14-17 was estimated to have increased to 2.46 lakhs (1.32 lakhs boys and 1.14 lakhs girls) in 1966 from 2.23 lakhs (1.20 lakhs boys and 1.03 lakhs girls) in 1961. The children in this age-group formed 6.3% of the total population of the state in 1966.

22. The number of youths in the age-group 17-23 in 1966 was estimated as 4.34 lakhs (2.19 lakhs boys and 2.15 lakhs girls) in 1966 against 4.09 lakhs (2.13 lakhs boys and 1.96 lakhs girls) in 1961. The persons in this age-group increased by 0.13 lakhs only and formed 11.0% of the total state population in 1966.

23. The total population of the children of school/college going age i.e. of the age-group 6-23 added to 14.82 lakhs (7.73 lakhs boys and 7.09 lakhs girls) and formed 37.7% of the total population in the state in 1966. The distribution of the population in the different age-group, district-wise is given in Statement No. II.

IV - LITERACY

24. Statement No.III gives the general literacy rates of different districts in the State of Jammu & Kashmir. The number of literates per 1,000 of population was 110 only in 1961 for the State as a whole. The literacy rate was 170 for males and 43 only for females.

25. The 1961 census shows that the literacy rate was highest in Jammu district (186) and was the lowest in Baramulla and Poonch-Rajouri (79 only). In the case of males again, the highest literacy rate was in Jammu (257) followed by Srinagar (207) and the lowest was in Poonch-Rajouri (131). Similarly in the case of females, the literacy rate was highest in Jammu (106) followed by Srinagar (73) and was the lowest in Ladakh (10 only). 26 from the above paragraphs it is observed that the position of literacy in Jammu & Kashmir is extremely bad and it requires the immediate attention of the authorities engaged in Educational Planning to think and take suitable measures to improve it.

V. TOTAL NUMBER OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, PUPILS, TEACHERS AND EXPENDITURE

INSTITUTIONS

27. The total number of recognised educational institutions from the pre-primari to higher education increased from 3,579 in 1960-61 to 6,122 by 1965-66. The maximum number of institutions in 1965-66 was in Baramulla (1197) followed by Anantnag (1092). In the remaining districts the number of institutions ranged between 908 in Srinagar to 250 in Ladakh.

PUPILS

28. The total enrolment in all types of institutions in Jammu & Kashmir was 3,00,572 (2,37,093 boys and 63,479 girls) in 1960-61 which rose to 4,50,143 (3,33,147 boys and 1,16,996 girls) by 1965-66. The enrolment in educational institutions has, therefore, increased at a compulative

rate of 8.0% per annum during the period. Calculating for boys and girls separately, the compulative rate of growth per annum was 6.7% for boys and 11.9% for girls.

29. There is a large variation in the percentage increase, during the period, of the total enrolment and that of boys and girls among the different districts. Taking 1960-61 as base the maximum increase in enrolment of boys and girls together was in Anantnag district (79.7%) followed by Srinagar (71.5%) and the minimum increase was in Ladakh (22.7%). Perhaps, due to the total conflict between Pakistan & India in 1965, the total enrolment in Educational institutions in Poonch-Rajouri decreased from 26,941 in 1960-61 to 25,672 in 1965-66.

30. The sex-ratio i.e. number of girls per 100 boys enrolled increased from 21 in 1960-61 to 26 in 1965-66 for the state as a whole. The sex ratio in 1965-66 was higher than the state average in only two districts, viz Jammu (30) and Srinagar (34), was equal to the state average in two districts and was less than that in the remaining five districts. This shows that the position of female education in the state of Jammu & Kashmir is really frightening and needs a detailed study.

31. The total enrolment in educational institutions as a percentage of the total population in the state was 11.5% in 1965-66 against 8.4% in 1960-61. The percentage enrolment to total population was the highest in Jammu (15.6%) followed by Srinagar (15.1%) and Kathua (14.3%) and was the lowest in Poonch-Rajouri and Ladakh (7.1%). The district-wise details are given in Statement No.IV-A.

32. The total number of teachers in all educational institutions in Jammu & Kashmir increased from 10,416 (8,427 men and 1,989 women) in 1960-61 to 17,816 (13,797 men and 4,019 women) in 1965-66. The number of teachers per thousand population also increased from 2.9 in 1960-61 to 4.5 in 1965-66. The percentage of women teachers to total teachers was 22.6 in 1965-66 as against 19.1 in 1960-61.

in the state as a whole. The percentage of women teachers in 1965-66 was the highest in Jammu (32.1) followed by Srinagar (27.8) and Doda (22.9). In all the remaining districts the percentage of women teachers was less than 20% lowest being in Ladakh (9.2%).

33. The district-wise distribution of total direct expenditure on educational institutions for the year 1950-61 is not available. The total direct expenditure on educational institutions for the state as a whole was Rs.416.54 lakhs in 1965-66. The highest expenditure was in Srinagar (Rs.150.21 lakhs) followed by Jammu (Rs.69.78 lakhs). This shows that more than half the state expenditure on educational institutions was incurred on the two districts viz. Srinagar & Jammu.

34. As is to be expected, there was a large variation in the educational expenditure per head of population among the districts of Jammu & Kashmir state. The per capita expenditure for the state as a whole was Rs.10.6 in 1965-66. Among the districts, the highest per capita expenditure on expenditure on education was in Srinagar (Rs.21.3) followed by Ladakh (Rs.12.6) and Jammu (Rs.12.2) and it was the lowest in Poonch-Rajori (Rs.4.8) followed by Udhampur (Rs.6.3).

35. The source-wise distribution of the total direct expenditure on educational institutions in 1965-66 is given in Statement No-IV-B. It will be observed from there that as high as 92.2% of the total expenditure was met from Govt. funds, followed by Fees (5.8%) and other sources (2.0% only) for the state as a whole. Among the districts except Jammu & Srinagar districts where the percentage of expenditure met by Govt. funds was less than 90%, in all the remaining seven districts that percentage was above 97.7 per cent.

VI - PRIMARY EDUCATION

INSTITUTIONS

36. The number of Primary schools in Jammu & Kashmir increased from 2,858 in 1960-61 to 4,504 in 1965-66. Taking 1960-61 figures as base(=100), the index of growth for the state as a whole was 157.6. Among the districts, the highest increase was in Doda (87.1%) followed by Poonch-Rajori (75.1%) and Anantnag (70.1%) and the lowest increase was in Kathua (37.3%).

37. The population served by a primary school decreased from 1,246 to 872 during the period under review. In a district where the educational facilities at the primary level are comparatively more developed, the population served by a primary school will be smaller than in another district where the facilities are meagre. Among the districts, the lowest population served by a primary school in 1965-66 was in Ladakh (461) followed by Doda (703) and the maximum population was served in Jammu (1,109) followed by Srinagar (1,105). From the figures available, it is observed that in the State of Jammu & Kashmir, the primary schools were generally under fed i.e. the number of students enrolled in these schools was much less than they could accommodate. In other words, with the same number of primary schools many more children could be admitted in the primary classes.

ENROLMENT

38. The total enrolment in primary schools in 1965-66 was 1,70,956 in Jammu & Kashmir. The enrolment was highest in Anantnag (33,115) and was the lowest in Ladakh (4,478).

39. The enrolment in classes I-V of Primary schools and Primary departments of middle and high/higher secondary schools increased from 2,13,635 (1,68,075 boys and 45,560 girls) in 1960-61 to 2,96,709 (2,21,598 boys and 75,111 girls) in 1965-66 for the state as a whole. This shows cumulative

growth rate of 605% per annum for boys and girls together. The growth rate for boys and girls separately was 5.5% and 9.8% respectively.

40. The index of growth with 1960-61=100 as base gives the percentage increase in the enrolment during the period under review. The total enrolment in classes I-V for the state as a whole increased by 38.9% from 1960-61 to 1965-66. This increase was 31.8% for boys and 64.9% for girls. Among the districts, the highest increase was in Anantnag (55.9%) followed by Srinagar (44.4%) and Jammu (43.2%).

41. The percentage of enrolment in classes I-V to the total population in the age-group 6-11 gives an index of the facilities created for primary stage of education. In Jammu & Kashmir, the percentage of enrolment in classes I-V to the total population in the age-group 6-11 increased from 41.8 in 1960-61 to 52.7 in 1965-66 taking boys & girls together. In the case of boys this percentage increased from 63.2 to 75.6 and that for girls from 18.6 to 27.8. Among the district, the highest percentage of enrolment in classes I-V was in Jammu (69.6) followed by Kathua (69.1) and Srinagar (56.8). On the other hand the lowest percentage is observed in Poonch-Rajori (37.6) followed by Anantnag (44.9). In four out of the nine districts, the percentage enrolment was even less than 50%. However, the position in the case of boys was not so bad and no district had less than 50% of the male children of the age-group 6-11 in primary classes. The statistics of girls in this regard are really frightening. In no district over 45% of the female children of this age-group were in the primary classes. As a matter of fact in six out of a total of nine districts the percentage of girls enrolment in classes I-V was even less than 25% in the year 1965-66. The district-wise details are given in Statement VI.

SCHEDULED CASTES

42. Statement No.VII gives the enrolment of Scheduled Castes (since there is no Scheduled tribes population in the State) in Classes I-V in 1965-66 together with the percentage of Scheduled Castes population to the total population, district-wise, and the extent of coverage of Scheduled Castes in the enrolment in classes I-V. There were 5,464 scheduled castes children enrolled in classes I-V in Jammu & Kashmir. Of this 4,583 were boys and only 881 were girls. Since the district-wise distribution of enrolment of Scheduled Castes students in classes I-V was not available, it was estimated on the basis of population percentage of Scheduled Castes in each district. The Scheduled Castes children enrolled formed only 1.8% of the total enrolment in classes I-V. The corresponding percentage was 2.1 for boys and 1.2 for girls. There is considerable variation in the percentage of scheduled castes pupils to the total enrolment in classes I-V among the district. For both boys and girls taken together, this percentage varies from 5.1 in Jammu to less than 1.0 in Poonch-Rajori. This variation, of course, depends upon the variation in the percentage of Scheduled Caste population to the total population in the different districts. Columns 11, 12 and 13 of this Statement gives the extent of coverage. Extent of coverage is defined as the percentage of percent Scheduled Castes students enrolled to total enrolment to the percent scheduled Castes population to total population. These columns show whether the percentage of scheduled castes enrolled in classes I-V is similar to percentage of enrolment of all the children from total population in classes I-V. If the extent of coverage is 100%, this will indicate that the percentage enrolment of scheduled castes and percentage population of scheduled castes to the total population are the same. For Jammu & Kashmir as a whole the extent of boys and girls together was only 51.4%. The extent of coverage for boys was 61.8% and that

for girls only 33.3%. This shows that the Scheduled Castes population of the state was much behind educationally in comparison to the non-Scheduled Caste population. Particularly, in the case of girls even at the primary stage the percentage enrolment of scheduled castes was only one-third against the percentage of the total population. Among the districts, the extent of coverage varies from 83.3% in Doda to 24.3% in Poonch-Rajori for both boys and girls together.

TEACHERS:

43. The number of teachers in primary schools increased from 4,394 (3,654 men and 740 women) in 1960-61 to 5,477 (4,003 men and 1,474 women) in 1965-66 for the state as a whole. Except for three districts where there was some decrease, the number of teachers increased during the period under review. The highest increase in the number of teachers is observed in Anantnag district (157.1%) followed by Baranulla (107.8%) and Ladakh (42.7%). The increase for the state as a whole, taking men and women together, was 24.6%. In the case of men, it was only 9.6% and that for girls 99.2%.

44. As in the case of enrolment, the percentage of women teachers in the primary schools was very meagre. It has, however, increased from 16.8% in 1960-61 to 26.9% in 1965-66. There are significant variations in the percentage of women teachers among the nine districts of the State. In 1965-66, the highest percentage of women teachers was in Doda (35.3%) followed by Srinagar (32.4%) and Jammu (30.3%) and the lowest was in Ladakh (9.1%). In the remaining districts this percentage varied between 20 to 30.

45. Of the total number of teachers, the percentage of trained teachers was very low (47.4%) during the year 1965-66. Among male teachers, the percentage of trained male teachers was 44.9 and among the females teachers it was 54.0. In different districts, the percentage of trained teachers, male

and female teachers together, varied between 39% and 58.5%.

46. The pupil-teacher ratio in Primary Schools in Kashmir was 31 in 1965-66. Among the districts, the pupil teacher ratio was the lowest in Ladakh (17) and was the highest in Jammu & Srinagar (37). Since the progress of education even at the primary stage in many of the districts is much below the average, the comparatively low pupil-teacher ratio may be due to the non-utilization of the available facilities in full.

EXPENDITURE

47. The direct expenditure on primary schools increased from Rs.38.00 lakhs in 1960-61 to Rs.79.07 lakhs in 1965-66. The cumulative annual growth rate of expenditure was 14.0 per cent during the period. The expenditure per head of population in primary schools increased from Rs.1.1 to Rs.2.0 in the period of five years. The percentage of direct expenditure on primary schools as a percentage of total direct expenditure on education was 19.0% in 1965-66. This percentage varied from 8.2% in Srinagar district to 42.4% in Ladakh district. From the figures of this percentage, it is observed that the lower the percentage of expenditure on primary education in a district, more the likely expansion of education at higher levels.

48. The cost per student on the average in primary schools in 1965-66 was Rs.46.2 at the State level. This varied from Rs.35.0 in Jammu to Rs.116.9 in Ladakh. The cost per student has a direct relation with the pupil-teacher ratio. The pupil-teacher ratio was highest in those districts where the cost per student was less. The teacher-pupil ratio was the highest in Jammu, Srinagar and Kathua whereas the cost per pupil was the the lowest in the same three districts. District-wise details of expenditure etc. are given in Statement No.IX.

The table below summarises the position.

TABLE - EXPENDITURE ON PRIMARY SCHOOLS, 1965-66.

S.No.	Name of the District	Expenditure per Head of Population. Rs.	Expenditure on Primary schools as %age to total Direct Expenditure	Cost per student in Primary Schools Rs.	Teacher-Pupil Ratio
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Anantnag	2.1	28.4	46.1	32
2.	Baramulla	2.2	27.2	51.4	27
3.	Doda	2.1	28.7	54.0	25
4.	Jammu	1.5	12.4	35.0	27
5.	Kathua	2.2	25.0	38.1	36
6.	Ladakh	5.4	42.4	116.9	17
7.	Poonch-Rajori	1.8	37.5	57.0	29
8.	Srinagar	1.7	8.2	38.8	37
9.	Udhampur	1.9	30.0	42.3	33
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		2.0	19.0	46.2	31

VII - MIDDLE SCHOOL EDUCATION

INSTITUTIONS

49. The number of middle schools consisting of classes I-VIII or VI-VIII more than doubled during the period 1961-66. In 1960-61, the number of middle schools was 513 which increased to 1,133 by 1965-66 in the State. This increase was shared by all the districts, the highest increase was in

Poonch-Rajori (260.7%) followed by Doda (196.7%) and the lowest increase was observed in Ladakh (80.0%) followed by Anantnag (80.5%) and Srinagar (98.7%). In absolute number, Anantnag district had the highest number of middle schools (213) and Ladakh the lowest (27) in 1965-66.

50. On the average, at the State level, there was a middle school for every 3,467 population in 1965-66 against 6,941 population in 1960-61. The improvement in the population served by a middle school is observed in all the districts. The highest population served by a middle school was in Srinagar (4,499) and the lowest in Kathua (2,311). If compared with the corresponding figures in the districts of other States, it would be observed that the population served by a middle school in different districts of Jammu & Kashmir was comparatively much less, and the middle schools in Jammu & Kashmir were not fully fed.

ENROLMENT

51. The total enrolment in middle schools in 1965-66 was 1,23,066 in Jammu & Kashmir. The highest enrolment was in middle schools located in Srinagar district (27,429) and the lowest in Ladakh district (1,526).

52. The enrolment in classes VI-VIII in 1960-61 in the State was 59,430. This enrolment increased to 86,949 by 1965-66. This shows a growth rate of 7.5% per annum. The growth rate of enrolment in these classes was 5.6% per annum for boys and 13.7% per annum for girls. The sex ratio of enrolment that is number of girls for every 100 boys enrolled was 24 in 1960-61 which increased to 38 by 1965-66. In the different districts the sex ratio varied from 56 in Udhampur followed by 55 in Srinagar to 19 in Poonch-Rajori during 1965-66.

53. Taking 1960-61 as 100, the percentage enrolment in 1965-66 in the different districts, along

with sex ratio, is given in the table below.

TABLE INCREASE IN ENROLMENT IN CLASSES VI-VIII DURING 1961-66

S.No.	Name of the District	Percentage enrolment in 1965-66 with 1960-61 as 100			Sex-Ratio (1965-66)
		Boys	Girls	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Anantnag	203.1	367.9	227.2	31
2.	Baramulla	113.1	173.4	120.7	22
3.	Doda	123.7	144.9	128.2	32
4.	Jammu	123.5	160.4	132.4	41
5.	Kathua	148.0	161.5	150.9	29
6.	Ladakh	61.1	127.0	68.2	25
7.	Poonch-Rajori	55.4	35.7	50.9	19
8.	Srinagar	167.8	366.3	207.9	55
9.	Udhampur	115.1	229.2	140.2	56
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		132.3	203.9	146.3	38

54. The percentage in classes VI-VIII to the population in the age-group 11-14 (Enrolment ratio) gives an index of the facilities created for middle stage of education. In Jammu and Kashmir the percentage enrolment in classes VI-VIII to population in the corresponding age-group increased from 27.4% in 1960-61 to 36.4% in 1965-66 for boys and girls together. In the case of boys, the enrolment ratio increased from 41.0% to 49.0% and that for girls from 11.6% to 21.6% during the period of five years. There is a large variation in the percentage

enrolment of boys and girls in the different districts of the State. Taking both boys and girls together, the enrolment ratio in classes VI-VIII was highest in Kathua (55.7%) followed by Jammu (50.9%) and was the lowest in Ladakh (13.5% only). In the case of boys separately, the percentage enrolment varied between 81.5% in Kathua and 20.5% in Ladakh. Similarly, in the case of girls this ratio varied between 23.8% in Srinagar to 5.7% in Ladakh for the year 1965-66. On the whole, as was the case in the Primary Stage education also, the percentage enrolment in different districts of Jammu & Kashmir was much below the corresponding figures of districts of other states.

55. The details of statistics regarding enrolment in classes VI-VIII are given in Statement No. XI.

ENROLMENT OF SCHEDULED CASTES

56. Of the total enrolment in classes VI-VIII in 1965-66, 1638 students (1,414 boys and 224 girls) belonged to the Scheduled Castes Community. This formed only 1.9% of the total enrolment in Classes VI-VIII, the boys formed 2.2% and the girls 0.9% only to the total enrolment of boys and girls respectively. The percentage of enrolment of Scheduled Castes varied between 5.4% in Udhampur to 1.7% in Poonch-Rajouri. (Out of the nine districts, three districts had no population and enrolment of Scheduled Castes). Of course, this variation in the percentage of enrolment of Scheduled Castes depends on the total population of this community in the different districts.

57. The extent of coverage of Scheduled Castes students was only 54.3% at the State level. In the case of boys the extent of coverage was 64.7% and in the case of girls it was only 25.0%. Taking boys and girls together, the extent of coverage was highest in Doda (96.7%) and was the lowest in Kathua (21.2%). Similarly, in the case of boys the highest extent of coverage was in Doda (113.8%)

and the lowest in Kathua (24.1%) and in the case of girls the highest was again in Doda (53.1%) and the lowest in Kathua (12.1% only). This clearly shows that steps are very necessary to enrol scheduled castes students in all the districts of the State where the population of this community exist.

TEACHERS:

58. The total number of teachers in middle schools in Jammu & Kashmir in 1960-61 was 2,522. This consisted of 2,139 men and 283 women. This number of teachers almost doubled by 1965-66. The number of teachers in 1965-66 was 4,785, 3934 men and 851 women. The increase in the number of teachers during the period was observed in all most all the districts and also both in men and women teachers. Taking 1960-61 as base, the increase in the total number of teachers was 89.7% at the State level during the period. In the case of boys, it was 83.9% and in the case of girls 122.2%. Except Roonch-Rajori and Udhampur where there was decrease in the number of teachers, the highest increase was observed in Anantnag (584.4%) followed by Barmulla (215.9%) and the lowest increase was in Kathua (24.1%)

59. The percentage of women teachers to total teachers was 15.2% in 1960-61 and 17.8% in 1965-66. Jammu had the highest percentage of women teachers (28.3%) followed by Srinagar (23.9%) and Udhampur had the lowest percentage of women teachers (1.2% only) in 1965-66.

50. The percentage of trained teachers increased from 42.6 in 1960-61 to 52.7 by 1965-66. In 1965-66, the highest percentage of total trained teachers was in Doda (66.0%) followed by Ladakh (64.1%) and the lowest was in Poonch-Rajori (37.9%). In the case of men teachers, the highest percentage of trained teachers was in Ladakh (64.6%) and the lowest was in Poonch Rajori (39.6%). Similarly, in the case of girls, the highest percentage of trained teachers was in Kathua (83.0%) and the lowest was in Poonch Rajori (18.2%).

EXPENDITURE:

61. The total direct expenditure on middle schools in Jammu & Kashmir increased very much from Rs.31,54,239 in 1960-61 to 71,61,946 by 1965-66. This shows a cumulative annual rate of growth of 15.5%. Since the district-wise distribution of direct expenditure on middle schools is not available, no analytical comparison of figures of different districts for the years 1960-61 and 1965-66 is possible.

62. In 1965-66, the per capita expenditure on middle schools was Rs.1.8 at the State level. Among the districts, the highest expenditure per head of population in middle schools was in Ladakh (Rs.3.5) and the lowest was in Poonch-Rajori (Rs.0.9).

63. The total direct expenditure on middle schools in 1965-66 formed 17.2% of the total direct expenditure on education in the State. Making the similar comparison among the districts, the highest percentage of expenditure spent on middle schools was in Anantnag district (28.2%) followed by Ladakh (27.9) and the lowest was in Srinagar (8.4%) followed by Jammu (14.8%).

64. The average cost per student in middle schools in 1965-66 Rs.58.2 at the State level. Among the districts, the cost per student varied from Rs.225.7 in Ladakh to Rs.40.1 in Poonch-Rajori followed by Rs.45.1 in Jammu and Rs.46.2 in Srinagar. As in the case of primary schools the cost per student has a direct relation with the pupil-teacher ratio. The pupil-teacher ratio was higher in those districts where the cost per student was comparatively less. In Srinagar, Jammu, Poonch-Rajori and Kathua where the pupil-teacher ratio was higher, the cost per pupil was much lower. On the other hand, in Ladakh the cost per student was the highest (Rs.225.7), the pupil-teacher ratio was the lowest (15 only).

65. The details of expenditure, cost per pupil, pupil-teacher ratio etc., district-wise are given in Statement No. XIV.

HIGH/HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATION

66. The number of high/higher secondary schools in Jammu & Kashmir increased from 171 in 1960-61 to 424 in 1965-66. This shows an increase of 148% over the 1960-61 figures. The index of growth with 1960-61=100 as base gives the relative position of the number of high/higher secondary schools in 1965-66. Among the districts, the highest percentage increase is observed in Poonch-Rajori (262.5%) followed by Srinagar (200.0%) and the lowest in Ladakh (12.5%) followed by Anantnag (109.4%). ~~This clearly shows that there have been an increase in the number of high/higher secondary schools in all the districts.~~

67. With the increase in the number of high/higher secondary schools, ~~the total population served~~ by one such school has decreased considerably from 20,824 in 1960-61 to 9,264 in 1965-66. The maximum population served by a high/higher secondary school among the districts, was in Poonch-Rajori (12,402) and the minimum was in Jammu (7,602). On the population basis, the position of high/higher secondary school education improved in all the districts during the period. Statement No.XV gives the detailed data.

ENROLMENT

68. The total enrolment in high/higher secondary schools in Jammu & Kashmir increased from 91,237 in 1960-61 to 1,30,852 in 1965-66. ~~This increase shows a cumulative growth rate of 83% per annum.~~

69. The enrolment in classes IX-XI at the State level which stood at 16,582 in 1960-61 more than doubled by 1965-66 and increased to 41,487. This shows a growth rate of 17.2% per annum. In case of boys the enrolment in these classes increased from 14,068 in 1960-61 to 33,610 in 1965-66 at a growth rate of 16.4% per annum and in the case of girls increased from 2,514 to 7,877 at a growth

rate of 20.6% per annum. The sex ratio of enrolment i.e. number of girls for every 100 boys enrolled was 23 in 1960-61 and 27 in 1965-66 at the State level. In the different districts the sex-ratio varied from 30 in Srinagar and 33 in Jammu to only 8 in Ladakh and 10 in Anantnag. Taking 1960-61 as 100, the percentage increase in the enrolment during the period in different districts along with the sex ratio for 1965-66 is given in the following table. The total percentage increase varied from 270.0% in Ladakh to 40.9% in Poonch-Rajori. The details are given in Statement No. XVI.

TABLE INCREASE IN ENROLMENT DURING 1961-66

S.No.	Name of the District	Percentage Enrolment in 1965-66 with 1960-61 as 100			Sex Ratio (1965-66)
		Boys	Girls	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Anantnag	308.3	599.1	322.2	10
2.	Baranulla	327.7	164.6	295.6	12
3.	Doda	307.1	375.0	315.1	16
4.	Jammu	172.4	334.3	195.7	33
5.	Kathua	301.5	378.4	308.2	13
6.	Ladakh	359.6	566.7	370.0	8
7.	Poonch-Rajori	134.6	196.5	140.9	17
8.	Srinagar	239.7	377.0	260.7	38
9.	Udhampur	187.5	228.2	194.8	27
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		238.9	313.3	250.2	23

70. The percentage enrolment in classes IX-XI to the population in the age-group 14-17 increased from 7.4% in 1960-61 to 16.9% in 1965-66 at the State level taking both boys and girls together. In the case of boys this percentage increased from 11.8% to 25.5% and in the case of girls from 2.4% to 6.9%. Among the districts, in 1965-66, this percentage enrolment for boys and girls together was highest in Srinagar (26.5%) followed by Jammu (24.3%) and was the lowest in Ladakh (4.4%) followed by Poonch-Rajori (5.3%). In the case of boys the percentage enrolment varied between 35.7% in Srinagar and 7.9% in Ladakh, and in case of girls between 15.8% in Srinagar and 0.7% in Ladakh. From the statistics, it is observed that the progress of high/higher secondary school education in the different districts of the State of Jammu & Kashmir was not at all satisfactory. Except Srinagar & Jammu districts, the other districts were very much behind the average of the State so far as enrolment percentage at the high/higher secondary level was concerned.

ENROLMENT OF SCHEDULED CASTES

71. Of the total enrolment of 41,487 in classes IX-XI, 662 pupils belonged to the Scheduled Caste Community. The percentage of Scheduled Castes students to the total students in classes IX-XI was 1.6 at the State level. In the case of boys, this percentage was 1.7 and in case of girls 1.2. Among the districts, the highest percentage of Scheduled Castes students was in Udhampur (6.1) followed by Kathua (4.4) and the lowest was in Poonch-Rajori (2.0). The extent of coverage of Scheduled Castes students was 45.7% at the State level for boys and girls together. It was 50.0% for boys and 33.3% for girls. Among the districts, where there was Scheduled Caste population and enrolment, the extent of coverage was the highest in Doda (96.7%) and was the lowest in Kathua (25.9%), taking both boys and girls together. In the case of boys, the highest extent of coverage was in Doda (100.0%) and the lowest in Kathua (25.9%). The pattern of extent of coverage was the same in the case of girls also.

The district-wise details of enrolment of Scheduled Castes in Classes IX-XI and the extent of coverage is given in Statement No.XVII.

TEACHERS

72. The total number of teachers in high/higher secondary schools in Jammu & Kashmir was 2974 (2207 men and 767 women) in 1960-61 which increased to 6,097 (4,600 men and 1,497 women) by 1965-66. This shows an annual growth rate of 13.8%. The number of teachers, men as also women, in high/higher secondary schools increased in all the districts. The highest increase was observed in Kathua (197.4%) followed by Udhampur (163.6%) and the lowest was in Srinagar (59.3%) followed by Jammu (87.4%).

73. The percentage of women teachers to total teachers in high/higher secondary schools was around 25% in 1960-61 as also in 1965-66. Among the districts in 1965-66, the highest percentage of women teachers was in Jammu (38.8%) followed by Srinagar (33.7%) and the lowest was in Baramulla (10.9%).

74. The percentage of trained teachers in high/higher secondary schools decreased to 64.8% in 1965-66 from 71.1% in 1960-61, taking men and women teachers together. The percentage of trained men teachers decreased from 67.9% to 60.9% and that of women trained teachers from 80.4% to 76.6% at the State level. Variations among the districts in the percentage of trained teachers was negligible. It varied only between 53.9% in Poonch-Rajori to 70.4% in Srinagar. Statement No.XVIII gives district-wise details.

EXPENDITURE

75. The total direct expenditure on high/higher secondary schools in Jammu & Kashmir State was Rs.1,30,92,604 in 1965-66. The highest expenditure in terms of amount was in Srinagar (Rs.34,90,821) followed by Jammu (Rs.28,73,984).

76. The per capita expenditure on high/higher secondary schools was Rs.3.3 in 1965-66 at the State level. This varied between Rs.5.0 in Jammu to Rs.1.5 only in Poonch-Rajori.

77. The direct expenditure on high/higher secondary schools formed 31.4% of the total direct expenditure on education in the State during 1965-66. The highest percentage of expenditure on high/higher secondary schools was in Jammu (41.2%) followed by Doda (38.6%) and the lowest was in Ladakh (20.3%).

78. The average cost per student in high/higher secondary schools in 1965-66 was Rs.94.3 at the State level. Among the districts it varied between Rs.265.5 in Ladakh followed by Rs.113.1 in Baramulla to Rs.78.0 in Jammu. In the case of high/higher secondary schools also the cost per pupil has a direct relation with the pupil teacher ratio. The highest pupil teacher ratio i.e. 25 in high/higher secondary schools was in Jammu who had the lowest cost per pupil (Rs.78.0). On the other hand Ladakh had the lowest pupil-teacher ration i.e. 14 but had the highest cost per pupil (Rs.265.5). On an average there were 23 students per teacher in a high/higher secondary school at the State level. Statement XIX gives the district-wise data.

79. The table below summarizes the position of direct expenditure on high/higher secondary schools and of related variable.

Table No. DIRECT EXPENDITURE ON HIGH/HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOLS (1965-66)						
Sl. No.	Name of the District	Expenditure on high/higher secondary schools per head of population	Expenditure on High/higher secondary schools as per Direct Expenditure to total secondary school	Cost per student in high/higher secondary school	Teacher-Pupil Ratio	
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Anantnag	2.7	36.0	111.2	18	
	Baramulla	2.8	34.2	113.1	18	

Table No.		DIRECT EXPENDITURE ON HIGH/HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOLS (1965-66) Contd.			
1	2	3	4	5	6
3.	Doda	2.8	38.6	110.6	19
4.	Jammu	5.0	41.2	78.0	27
5.	Kathua	3.0	34.4	79.7	25
6.	Ladakh	2.6	20.3	265.5	14
7.	Poonch-Rajori	1.5	30.2	88.3	19
8.	Srinagar	4.9	23.2	92.6	26
9.	Udhampur	2.3	36.9	86.1	22
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		3.3	31.4	94.3	23

XX - TEACHER TRAINING INSTITUTION

80. There were 13,10 schools/under-graduate colleges and 3 post graduate colleges, teacher training institutions in 1960-61 in Jammu & Kashmir. By 1965-66, this number increased to 14, 12 teacher training schools/under graduate colleges and 2 post-graduate colleges. There was at least one teacher training school/under-graduate college in each district in 1965-66. The two post-graduate colleges were located one each in Jammu & Srinagar districts.

81. The total enrolment in teacher training schools/under graduate colleges increased from 626 in 1960-61 to 1,011 in 1965-66. The total enrolment in post-graduate teacher training colleges also increased from 239 to 531 during the period under review.

The details of the number of teacher training institutions and their enrolment are given in Statement No. XX.

A-VOCATIONAL & TECHNICAL SCHOOLS

82. The number of technical and vocational schools excluding teacher training schools was only 7 in the State in 1965-66. Except Ladakh and Udhampur, every district had exactly one school. The total enrolment in the vocational and technical courses of school standard was 449 (382 boys and 67 girls) in 1965-66. The total expenditure on these 7 vocational and technical schools was Rs.4,36,817 in 1965-66. Since the district-wise details of these institutions for the year 1960-61 are not available the comparison of the corresponding figures, district-wise, is not possible.

XI- HIGHER EDUCATION

INSTITUTIONS

83. The total number of institutions of higher education including the University of Jammu & Kashmir increased from 26 in 1960-61 to 39 in 1965-66. This number of higher education institution in 1965-66 consisted of 17 Arts and Science Colleges, 3 Medical Colleges, 3 Engineering Colleges, 2 Post-graduate Teachers' Training Colleges, 13 Colleges of Other Professional and Special Education and one University. Except Ladakh, at least one Arts & Science Colleges existed in every district. There were 7 Arts and Science Colleges in Srinagar and 3 in Jammu, Medical, Engineering and Teachers' Training Colleges were located only in Srinagar and Jammu. No other district had any such college in 1965-66. The number of institutions for higher education was highest in Srinagar (20) followed by Jammu (10). Statement No. XXII gives the details.

ENROLMENT

84. The total enrolment in institutions for higher education by type of institutions was 15,773 in 1965-66. The enrolment in Arts & Science Colleges was 10,857, in Engineering Colleges 1,786, in Medical

Colleges 929, in Teachers' Training Colleges 305, in University Teaching Departments 708 and in other professional & special education colleges 1,188. Among the districts, the maximum enrolment in institutions for higher education was in Srinagar (9,442), followed by Jammu (4,091) and the lowest was in Doda (190). Of course in Ladakh there was no institution of higher education and therefore, there was no enrolment. Details are given in Statement No. XXIII.

85. The total enrolment in courses of higher education i.e. enrolment in institutions of higher education including the enrolment in attached classes of higher education was 15,407 (11,095 boys and 4,312 girls) in 1965-66 against 8,122 (6,382 boys and 1,740 girls) in 1960-61 in the State. The sex-ratio of enrolment was 27 girls for every 100 boys in 1960-61 which increased to 39 girls for every 100 boys by 1965-66. The increase in enrolment at the higher education level has taken place in all the districts. The increase in enrolment was much more in the case of girls students than of boys during the period. The increase in enrolment taking 1960-61 as base was 73.8% in the case of boys and 147.8% in the case of girls and 89.7% taking both sexes together at the State level. The increase was maximum in Doda (227.6%) for both boys and girls together and was the minimum in Poonch-Rajori (12.5%).

86. The details of enrolment in classes for higher education are given in Statement No. XXIV.

The following table gives the index of growth and sex ratio in 1965-66.

Table No. INCREASE IN ENROLMENT IN HIGHER EDUCATION COURSES DURING 1961-66

S.No.	Name of the District	Percentage Enrolment in 1965-66 with 1960-61=100			Sex-Ratio (1965-66)
		Boys	Girls	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Anantnag	165.3	500.0	172.0	6
2.	Baramulla	160.7	558.8	177.6	15
3.	Doda	302.1	450.0	327.6	31
4.	Jammu	124.8	170.3	136.4	46
5.	Kathua				15
6.	Ladakh	-	-	-	-
7.	Poonch-Rajori	90.6	462.5	112.5	32
8.	Srinagar	199.2	287.8	219.3	43
9.	Udhampur				39
	TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	173.8	247	189.7	39

87. Statement No. XXIV also gives the enrolment at the higher education stage in 1960-61 and 1965-66 as the percentage of the population in the age-group 17-23. At the State level this percentage increased from 2.0 in 1960-61 to 3.6 in 1965-66. In 1965-66, the percentage enrolment varied much among the different districts. Srinagar had the highest percentage enrolment (11.3%) and Doda the lowest (0.6%) taking both boys and girls together. The pattern of percentage enrolment was the same for boys and girls separately among the districts.

88. Of the total enrolment at the higher education stage in 1965-66, 4,324 was in pre-university/

Intermediate level, 2,531 in B.A. (Pass & Hons. Courses), 3,656 in B.Sc. (Pass & Hons. Courses), 649 in Post graduate courses, 531 in Post graduate Teachers' Training and 3,676 in other courses of Professional and Special Education.

ENROLMENT OF SCHEDULED CASTES:

89. There were only 163 (146 boys and 17 girls) students studying in higher education classes at the State level in 1965-66. The scheduled castes students found only 1.1% of the total enrolment in the classes. The enrolment of scheduled castes in classes of higher education was only in four districts: Poda, Jammu, Kathua and Srinagar.

90. The extent of coverage of scheduled castes students in higher education at the State level, taking both boys and girls together, was only 31.4%. In the case of boys it was 33.2 and in the case of girls 11.1%. Statement XXV gives the district-wise details.

TEACHERS:

91. The total number of teachers in institutions of higher education was 526 (427 men and 99 Women) in 1960-61 which increased to 1,214 (1,053 men and 161 women) by 1965-66. The number of teachers in these institutions have increased substantially in all the districts except Poda. The maximum increase was in Srinagar (135.9%) followed by Udhampur (166.7%) and the minimum was in Poonch Rajori (18.2%). The highest number of teachers was in Srinagar (709) in 1965-66 and the lowest in Udhampur (24 only). The total number of teachers 629 (51.8%) were in colleges for general education, 507 (40.8%) were in colleges for professional and other education and the remaining 78 (6.4%) were in University Teaching Departments at the State level during 1965-66. The pupil-teacher ratio in Arts and Science Colleges at the State level was 17. This ratio varied between 21 in Jammu to 6 only in Poonch Rajori.

EXPENDITURE:

The total direct expenditure on institutions for higher education in the State during the year 1965-66 was Rs.1,19,47,011. Of the total direct expenditure, Rs.39,26,953 (32.9%) was on Arts & Science Colleges, Rs.19,57,411 (16.4%) on Medical Colleges, Rs.19,69,452 (16.5%) on Engineering Colleges, Rs.3,02,425 (2.5%) on Post-graduate Teachers' Training Colleges, Rs.7,05,290 (5.9%) on other Professional Colleges, Rs.1,02,425 (2.5%) on Special Education Colleges and Rs.30,85,480 (25.8%) on the University.

In 1965-66 the total direct expenditure on higher education formed 28.7% of the total direct expenditure on education in the State. Among the districts, this percentage varied between 58.0% in Srinagar followed by 27.1% in Jammu to only 4.2% in Anantnag and 5.6% in Doda.

The average direct expenditure per student per annum in 1965-66 was Rs.361.7 in Arts & Science Colleges; Rs.2107.0 in Medical Colleges; Rs.1,102.7 in Engineering Colleges and Rs.991.6 in post-graduate Teachers' Training Colleges. The cost per student in Arts & Science College varied from Rs.930.1 in Poonch-Rajori district to Rs.312.9 in Anantnag district. The district-wise details are given in Statement No.XXVII.

STATISTICAL STATEMENTS
(1960-61 AND 1965-66)

Statement No.1: Area and Population 1961 and 1966

Name of the District	Area in Square Miles	P O P U L A T I O N					
		1961			1966		
		Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Anantnag	N	3,51,932	3,02,436	6,54,368	3,88,181	3,33,587	7,21,768
2. Baramulla	O	3,24,672	2,79,987	6,04,659	3,58,113	3,08,825	6,66,938
3. Doda	T	1,41,133	1,27,270	2,68,403	1,55,669	1,40,378	2,96,047
4. Jammu	A V	2,74,107	2,42,825	5,16,932	3,02,340	2,67,836	5,70,176
5. Kathua	A	1,08,899	98,531	2,07,430	1,20,115	1,08,679	2,28,794
6. Ladakh	I L	44,972	43,679	88,651	49,604	48,178	97,782
7. Poonch-Rajouri	A B L	1,71,548	1,54,513	3,26,061	1,89,217	1,70,428	3,59,645
8. Srinagar	L	3,46,434	2,93,977	6,40,411	3,82,116	3,24,256	7,06,372
9. Udhampur	E	1,32,936	1,21,125	2,54,061	1,46,628	1,33,600	2,80,228
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TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		18,96,633	16,64,343	35,60,976	20,91,983	18,35,767	39,27,750
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Statement No.II: Population in the Age-Groups 6-11, 11-14, 14-17 and 17-23 (1961 & 1966)

Name of the District	Age-Group 6-11						Age-Group 11-14					
	1961			1966			1961			1966		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Anantnag	50,358	45,753	96,111	55,400	50,400	1,05,800	21,754	18,565	40,319	24,000	20,400	44,400
Baramulla	44,265	39,528	83,793	48,700	43,500	92,200	20,506	16,662	37,168	22,600	18,300	40,900
Boda	18,990	18,201	37,191	20,900	20,100	41,000	8,762	7,734	16,496	9,700	8,500	18,200
Jammu	38,572	35,734	74,306	42,600	39,500	82,100	15,632	13,929	29,561	17,300	15,300	32,600
Kathua	14,768	13,738	28,506	16,300	15,100	31,400	6,626	5,941	12,567	7,300	6,500	13,800
Ladakh	5,364	5,190	10,554	5,900	5,700	11,600	2,664	2,439	5,103	3,000	2,700	5,700
Poonch-Rajouri	25,928	23,928	49,856	28,600	26,400	55,000	9,880	7,700	17,580	10,900	8,500	19,400
Srinagar	50,540	46,397	96,937	55,800	51,200	1,07,000	22,792	20,115	42,907	25,400	22,200	47,600
Udhampur	17,064	16,488	33,552	18,800	18,100	36,900	7,911	6,909	14,820	8,800	7,500	16,300
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	2,65,849	244,957	5,10,806	293,000	270,000	5,63,000	116,500	99,994	216,521	129,000	110,000	239,000

Statement No.II: Population in the age-group 6-11, 11-14, 14-17 and 17-23 (1961 & 1966)

(Contd.)

1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1. Anantnag	21,419	17,500	38,919	23,600	19,200	42,800	35,743	35,865	71,608	39,317	39,452	78,769
2. Baramulla	21,840	18,495	40,335	24,000	20,400	44,400	35,591	34,644	70,235	39,150	38,108	77,253
3. Doda	8,534	7,537	16,071	9,400	8,300	17,700	14,700	15,069	29,769	16,170	16,576	32,746
4. Jammu	17,081	15,467	32,548	18,900	17,200	36,100	29,429	27,391	56,820	32,372	30,130	62,502
5. Kathua	6,869	6,638	13,507	7,700	7,300	15,000	10,980	10,908	21,888	12,078	11,999	24,077
Ladakh	2,373	2,279	4,652	2,600	2,500	5,100	4,408	4,325	8,733	4,649	4,757	9,406
Poonch-Rajori	11,273	8,930	20,203	12,400	9,900	22,300	16,950	18,216	35,166	18,046	20,037	38,083
Srinagar	22,282	18,861	41,143	24,600	21,000	45,600	38,714	34,539	73,253	42,585	37,993	80,578
Trehgampur	8,012	7,428	15,440	8,800	8,200	17,000	13,071	13,985	26,986	14,301	15,364	29,665
TOTAL												
(Jammu & Kashmir)	119685	103135	222818	132000	114000	246000	212600	196100	408700	219468	214436	433904

Statement No. III: General Literacy Rates - 1961

Name of the District	Literates per 1,000 of Population			RANKS		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Anantnag	137	15	80	7	8	7
2. Baramulla	134	16	79	8	7	8
3. Doda	146	19	86	5	6	5
4. Jammu	257	106	186	1	1	1
5. Kathua	178	45	115	3	3	3
6. Ladakh	154	10	83	4	9	6
7. Poonch Rajouri	131	21	79	9	5	8
8. Srinagar	207	73	146	2	2	2
9. Udhampur	138	35	89	6	4	4
TOTAL						
(Jammu & Kashmir)	170	43	110	-	-	-

Statement IV-A: General Summary of Educational Institutions and Pupils - 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	TOTAL INSTITUTIONS				TOTAL ENROLMENT								
	NUMBER		Index of Growth Base 1961-61 = 100	RANK	1960-61			1965-66			Index of Growth Base 1960-61 = 100		
	1960-61	1965-66			Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Anantnag	627	1,092	174.2	5	34,095	6,202	40,297	58,317	14,080	72,397	171.0	227.0	179.7
2. Baramulla	794	1,197	150.8	8	37,469	6,651	44,120	51,362	11,140	62,502	137.1	167.5	141.7
3. Doda	270	545	201.9	1	15,653	3,492	19,145	20,453	6,169	26,622	130.7	176.7	139.1
4. Jammu	426	747	175.4	4	47,016	13,726	60,742	61,891	27,058	88,949	131.6	197.1	146.4
5. Kathua	259	414	159.8	7	17,184	4,324	21,508	24,267	8,461	32,728	141.2	195.7	152.2
6. Ladakh	173	250	144.5	9	5,193	503	5,696	5,765	1,222	6,987	111.0	242.9	122.7
7. Poonch-Rajouri	255	513	201.2	2	21,675	5,266	26,941	20,420	5,252	25,672	94.2	99.7	95.3
8. Srinagar	506	908	179.4	3	42,894	19,517	62,211	70,175	36,532	106,707	163.6	189.1	171.5
9. Udhampur	269	456	169.5	6	15,914	3,998	19,912	20,497	7,082	27,579	128.8	177.1	138.6
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	3579	6,122	171.1	-	237093	63479	300572	333147	116996	450143	140.5	184.3	149.8

Statement No. IV. A General Summary of Educational Institutions and Pupils- (1960-61 & 1965-66) (Contd.)

Name of the District	R A N K			T O T A L		E N R O L M E N T		Percentage to total population		R A N K	
	Boys	Girls	Total	No. of Girls for every 100 Boys enrolled		R A N K		Percentage to total population		R A N K	
				1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1. Anantnag	1	2	1	15	19	7	7	6.2	10.0	9	4
2. Baranulla	4	8	5	15	18	7	8	7.3	9.4	6	6
3. Doda	6	7	6	18	23	6	5	7.1	9.0	7	7
4. Jammu	5	3	4	23	30	2	2	11.8	15.6	1	1
5. Kathua	3	4	3	20	26	3	3	10.4	14.3	2	2
6. Ladakh	8	1	8	9	17	9	9	6.4	7.1	8	8
7. Poonch-Rajouri	9	9	9	20	20	3	6	8.3	7.1	4	9
8. Srinagar	2	5	2	31	34	1	1	9.7	15.1	3	2
9. Udhampur	7	6	7	20	26	3	3	7.8	9.8	5	5
TOTAL (JAMMU & KASHMIR)	-	-	-	21	26	-	-	8.4	11.5	-	-

Statement No.IV-B: General Summary of Teachers and Expenditure of Educational Institutions
(1960-61 & 1965-66)

Name of the District	Teachers						No. of Teacher per 1000 Population		RANKS		% of women Teacher to total Teacher		RANKS	
	1960-51			1965-66			1960-61	1965-66	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1. Anantnag	777	173	950	2,527	574	3,101	4.5	4.3	9	6	18.2	18.5	5	6
2. Baramulla	1,009	181	1,190	2,445	481	2,926	2.0	4.4	8	5	15.2	16.4	7	7
3. Doda	526	229	755	955	283	1,238	2.8	4.2	7	7	30.3	22.9	1	3
4. Jammu	1,589	426	2,015	2,107	998	3,105	3.9	5.4	3	2	21.1	32.1	3	1
5. Kathua	681	160	841	867	201	1,068	4.1	4.7	2	3	19.0	18.8	4	5
6. Ladakh	247	40	287	407	41	448	3.2	4.6	5	4	13.9	9.2	8	9
7. Poonch-Rajouri	850	160	1,010	856	159	1,015	3.1	2.8	6	9	15.8	15.7	6	8
8. Srinagar	1,707	469	2,176	2,807	1,083	3,890	3.4	5.5	4	1	21.6	27.8	2	2
9. Udhampur	1,041	151	1,192	826	199	1,025	4.7	3.7	1	8	12.7	19.4	9	4
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	8,427	1,989	10,416	13,797	4,019	17,816	2.9	4.5	-	-	19.1	22.6	-	-

Statement No.IV-B:General Summary of Teachers and Expenditure of Educational Institutions
(1960-61 & 1965-66) Contd.

Name of the District	TOTAL		DIRECT EXPENDITURE		RANKS		Percentage Distribution by Sources (1965-66)			
	AMOUNT (Rs.)		Expenditure per head of population		1960-61	1965-66	Govt. Funds	Local Board Funds	Board Fees	Other Source
	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66	22	23	24	25
1. Anantnag		53,85,184	10.7	7.5		6	98.7	-	0.8	0.5
2. Baramulla		53,81,900		8.1		5	98.2	-	0.9	0.9
3. Doda		21,40,873		7.2		7	97.7	-	0.9	1.4
4. Jammu	NOT AVAILABLE	69,77,746	NOT AVAILABLE	12.2		3	89.9	-	5.0	4.5
5. Kathua	NOT AVAILABLE	19,97,673	NOT AVAILABLE	8.7		4	99.0	-	0.9	0.1
6. Ladakh	NOT AVAILABLE	12,34,320	NOT AVAILABLE	12.6		2	99.9	-	0.1	-
7. Poonch-Rajouri	NOT AVAILABLE	17,41,041	NOT AVAILABLE	4.8		9	98.3	-	1.5	0.2
8. Srinagar		1,50,20,691		21.3		1	85.0	-	12.4	2.6
9. Udhampur		17,73,436		6.3		8	98.3	-	1.6	0.1
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		4,16,53,864		10.6		-	92.2	-	5.8	2.0

Statement No.V: Statistics of Primary Schools, 1960-61 and 1965-66

Name of the District	No. of Primary Schools		Index of Growth (Base 1960-61=100)	Ranks	Population served by a Primary School		Ranks	
	1960-61	1965-66			1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Anantnag	475	808	170.1	3	1,378	895	4	4
2. Baramulla	653	908	139.1	8	926	735	7	7
3. Doda	225	421	187.1	1	1,193	703	5	8
4. Jammu	328	514	156.7	5	1,576	1,109	2	1
5. Kathua	209	287	137.3	9	992	797	8	6
6. Ladakh	150	212	141.3	7	591	461	9	9
7. Poonch-Rajouri	217	380	175.1	2	1,503	946	3	3
8. Srinagar	381	639	167.7	4	1,681	1,105	1	2
9. Udhampur	220	335	152.3	6	1,155	837	6	5
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	2,858	4,504	157.6	-	1,246	872	-	-

Statement VI: Statistics of Enrolment in Classes I-V, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Enrolment in Classes I-V						Index of growth (Base 1960-61=100)			R A N K S		
	1960-61			1965-66			Boys	Girls	Total	B.	G.	T.
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Anantnag	25,504	4,992	30,496	38,449	9,087	47,536	150.8	182.0	155.9	1	4	1
2. Baramulla	27,492	4,988	32,480	36,370	7,967	44,337	132.3	159.7	136.5	3	6	5
3. Doda	11,975	2,520	14,495	14,709	4,444	19,153	122.8	176.3	132.1	7	5	7
4. Jammu	31,175	8,727	39,902	39,852	17,283	57,140	127.8	198.1	143.2	4	3	3
5. Kathua	12,290	3,065	15,355	15,637	6,074	21,711	127.2	198.2	141.4	5	2	4
6. Ladakh	4,104	378	4,482	4,903	1,040	5,943	119.5	275.1	132.6	8	1	6
7. Poonch- Rajouri	15,703	3,590	19,293	16,407	4,295	20,702	104.5	119.6	107.3	9	9	9
8. Srinagar	27,703	14,390	42,093	40,096	20,670	60,766	144.7	143.6	144.4	2	8	2
9. Udhampur	12,129	2,910	15,039	15,175	4,246	19,421	125.1	145.9	129.1	6	7	8
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	1,68,075	45,560	2,13,635	2,21,598	75,111	2,96,709	131.8	164.9	138.9	-	-	-

Statement No.VI: Statistics of Enrolment in Classes I-V, 1960-61 & (Contd.)

Name of the District	Percentage of Enrolment in Classes I-V to population in the Age-Group 6-11						RANKS					
	1960-61			1965-66			1960-61			1965-66		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1. Anantnag	50.6	10.9	31.7	69.4	18.0	44.9	9	8	9	8	8	8
2. Baramulla	62.1	12.6	38.8	74.7	18.3	48.1	6	7	7	5	6	6
3. Doda	63.1	13.8	39.0	70.4	22.1	46.7	5	6	6	7	5	7
4. Jammu	80.8	24.4	53.7	93.5	43.8	69.6	2	2	2	2	1	1
5. Kathua	83.2	22.3	53.9	95.9	40.2	69.1	1	3	1	1	3	2
6. Ladakh	76.5	7.3	42.5	83.1	18.2	51.2	3	9	5	3	7	5
7. Poonch- Rajouri	60.6	15.0	38.7	57.4	16.3	37.6	7	5	8	9	9	9
8. Srinagar	54.8	31.0	43.4	71.9	40.4	56.8	8	1	4	6	2	3
9. Udhampur	71.1	17.6	44.8	80.7	23.5	52.6	4	4	3	4	4	4
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	63.2	18.6	41.8	75.6	27.8	52.7	-	-	-	-	-	-

Statement No. VII: Enrolment of Scheduled Castes/Tribes in Classes I-V (1965-66)

District	Percentage of S.C./S.T. population to total population			*Enrolment of S.C./S.T. Children in Classes I - V			% of S.C./S.T. Students to total Enrolment in classes I - V			Extent of Coverage			Ranking wrt. extent of coverage		
	Male	Female	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	B.	G.	T.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Baranagar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baranulla	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baroda	2.9	3.2	3.0	399	78	477	2.7	1.8	2.5	93.1	56.3	83.3	2	1	1
Barmu	11.3	12.5	11.9	2,443	465	2,908	6.1	2.7	5.1	54.0	21.6	42.9	3	3	2
Barthua	16.6	17.4	17.0	765	146	911	4.9	2.4	4.2	29.5	13.8	24.7	5	5	4
Baridakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baronch-jouri	3.7	3.7	3.7	160	32	192	9.8	0.7	0.9	264.9	18.5	24.3	1	4	5
Barinagar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Barampur	12.4	12.4	12.4	816	160	976	5.4	3.8	5.0	43.5	30.6	40.3	4	2	3
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	3.4	3.6	3.5	4,583	881	5,464	2.1	1.2	1.8	61.8	33.3	51.4	-	-	-

District-wise distribution of enrolment of S.C./S.T. Students in Classes I-V is not available. It has been estimated on the basis of population percentage of S.C./S.T. in each districts.

Statement No. VIII: Statistics of Teachers in Primary Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	NUMBER OF TEACHERS IN PRIMARY SCHOOLS						Index of Growth (Base 1960-61=100)			R A N K S			% of Women Teacher to total Teacher		R A N K S	
	1960-61			1965-66			Men	Women	Total	M.	W.	T.	60-61		65-66	
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total							14	15	16	17
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1. Anantnag	280	83	363	749	293	1,042	267.5	353.0	287.1	1	1	1	22.9	28.1	2	5
2. Baramulla	423	91	514	831	237	1,068	196.5	260.4	207.8	2	3	2	17.7	22.2	3	7
3. Doda	284	98	382	293	160	453	103.2	163.3	118.6	5	5	5	25.7	35.3	1	1
4. Jammu	576	105	681	461	200	661	80.0	190.5	97.1	6	4	6	15.4	30.3	7	3
5. Kathua	391	78	469	261	105	366	66.8	134.6	78.0	8	6	7	16.6	28.7	4	4
6. Ladakh	156	29	185	240	24	264	153.8	82.8	142.7	3	9	3	15.7	9.1	6	9
7. Poonch- Rajouri	454	77	531	308	31	389	67.8	105.2	73.3	7	6	8	14.5	20.8	8	8
8. Srinagar	579	103	622	579	277	856	111.5	268.9	137.6	4	2	4	16.6	32.4	4	2
9. Udhampur	571	70	647	281	97	378	49.2	127.6	58.4	9	7	9	11.7	25.7	9	6
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	3,654	740	4,394	4,003	1,474	5,477	109.6	199.2	124.6	-	-	-	16.8	26.9	-	-

Statement No.VIII- Statistics of Teachers in Primary Schools (1960-61 & 1965-66) Contd.

1	Percentage of Trained Teachers						R A N K S					
	1960-61			1965-66			1960-61			1965-66		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
1. Anantnag				38.9	40.3	39.3				7	7	8
2. Baramulla				30.8	69.2	39.3				8	2	8
3. Doda				60.1	55.6	58.5				2	5	1
4. Jammu				57.7	56.5	57.3				3	4	2
5. Kathua				64.8	22.9	52.7				1	8	3
6. Ladakh				55.0	20.8	51.9				4	9	5
7. Poonch- Rajouri				48.1	45.7	47.6				5	6	6
8. Srinagar				47.3	61.0	52.1				6	3	6
9. Udhampur				29.9	75.4	42.6				9	1	7
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	50.8	70.4	54.1	44.9	54.0	47.4				-	-	-

Not available

Not Available

Statement No. IX: Expenditure on Primary Schools, 1965-66

Name of the District	Direct Expenditure on Primary Schools (Rs.)	Expenditure per capita on Primary Schools	Ranks	Exp. on Pry. Schools to total Direct Expenditure	RANKS	Enrolment in Pry-Schools	Cost per student in Pry. schools	Ranks for cost per Pupils	Pupil-Teacher Ratio in Primary Schools	Ranks for Pupil-Teacher Ratio
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Anantnag	15,27,979	2.1	4	28.4	5	33,115	46.1	5	32	5
2. Baramulla	14,61,314	2.2	2	27.2	6	28,424	51.4	4	27	7
3. Doda	6,14,218	2.1	4	28.7	4	11,354	54.0	3	25	6
4. Jammu	8,62,967	1.5	9	12.4	8	24,658	35.0	9	37	1
5. Kathua	4,99,167	2.2	2	25.0	7	13,096	38.1	8	36	3
6. Ladakh	5,23,521	5.4	1	42.4	1	4,478	116.9	1	17	9
7. Poonch-Rajouri	16,52,011	1.8	7	37.5	2	11,447	57.0	2	29	8
8. Srinagar	12,53,043	1.7	8	8.2	9	31,771	38.8	7	37	1
9. Udhampur	5,31,889	1.9	6	30.0	3	12,583	42.3	6	33	4
T O T A L Jammu & Kashmir)	79,06,709	1.1	-	19.0	-	1,70,956	46.2	-	31	-

Statement No. X: Statistics of Middle Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	No. of Middle Schools		Index of Growth (Base 60-61=100)	RANKS	Population served by a		RANKS	
	1960-61	1965-66			1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Anantragh	118	213	180.5	8	5,545	3,389	8	5
2. Baramulla	104	212	203.8	6	5,814	3,146	7	7
3. Doda	30	89	296.7	2	8,947	3,326	2	6
4. Jammu	62	144	232.3	5	8,338	3,960	3	2
5. Kathua	40	99	247.5	3	5,186	2,311	9	3
6. Ladakh	15	27	180.0	9	5,910	3,622	6	3
7. Poonch-Rajouri	28	101	360.7	1	11,645	3,561	1	4
8. Srinagar	79	157	198.7	7	8,106	4,499	4	1
9. Udhampur	37	91	245.9	4	6,867	3,079	5	8
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	513	1,133	220.9	-	6,941	3,467	-	-

Statement No.XI: Statistics of Enrolment in Classes VI-VIII, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Enrolment in classes VI-VIII						Index of Growth (Base 1960-61=100)			R A N K S		
	1960-61			1965-66			Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Anantnag	6,013	1,030	7,043	12,210	3,789	15,999	203.1	367.9	227.2	1	1	1
2. Baramulla	8,035	1,165	9,200	9,086	2,020	11,106	113.1	173.4	120.7	7	4	7
3. Doda	3,017	821	3,838	3,732	1,190	4,922	123.7	144.9	128.2	4	7	6
4. Jammu	9,531	3,015	12,546	11,769	4,836	16,605	123.5	160.4	132.4	5	6	5
5. Kathua	4,021	1,075	5,096	5,953	1,736	7,689	148.0	161.5	150.9	3	5	3
6. Ladakh	1,007	122	1,129	615	155	770	61.1	127.0	68.2	8	8	8
7. Poonch-Rajouri	5,044	1,510	6,554	2,796	539	3,335	55.4	35.7	50.9	9	9	9
Srinagar	8,084	2,050	10,134	13,561	7,510	21,071	167.8	366.3	207.9	2	2	2
Udhampur	3,035	855	3,890	3,492	1,960	5,452	115.1	229.2	140.2	6	3	4
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	47,787	11,643	59,430	63,214	23,735	86,949	132.3	203.9	146.3	-	-	-

Statement No.XI: Statistics of Enrolment in Classes VI-VIII, 1960-61 & 1965-66 (Contd.)

Name of the District	Percentage of Enrolment in Classes VI-VIII to population in the age-group 11-14						RANKS					
	1960-61			1965-66			1960-61			1965-66		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1. Anantnag	27.6	5.5	17.5	50.9	18.6	36.0	9	8	9	4	5	4
2. Baramulla	39.2	7.0	24.8	40.2	11.0	27.2	4	7	5	5	7	6
3. Doda	34.4	10.6	23.3	38.5	14.0	27.0	8	5	7	7	6	7
4. Jammu	61.0	21.6	42.4	68.0	31.6	50.9	1	1	1	2	2	2
5. Kathua	60.7	18.1	40.6	81.5	26.7	55.7	2	3	2	1	3	1
6. Ladakh	37.8	5.0	22.1	20.5	5.7	13.5	6	9	8	9	9	9
7. Poonch-Rajouri	51.1	19.6	37.3	25.7	6.3	17.2	3	2	3	8	8	8
8. Srinagar	35.5	10.2	23.6	53.6	33.8	44.3	7	6	6	3	4	5
9. Udhampur	38.4	12.4	26.2	39.7	25.8	33.2	5	4	4	6	4	5
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	41.0	11.6	27.4	49.0	21.6	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	-

Statement No.XII: Enrolment of Scheduled Castes/Tribes in Classes VI-VIII (1965-66)

Name of the District	% of S.C./S.T. Population to total Population			*Enrolment of S.C. S.T. children in Classes VI-VIII			% of S.T./S.C. students to total Enrolment in Classes VI-VIII			Extent of Coverage			Rank w.r.t. the extent of coverage		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	B.	G.	T.	Boys	Girls	Total	B.	G.	T.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1. Anantnag	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Baramulla	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Doda	2.9	3.2	3.0	123	20	143	3.3	1.7	2.9	113.8	53.1	96.7	1	1	1
4. Jammu	11.3	12.5	11.9	754	118	872	6.4	2.4	5.3	56.6	19.2	44.5	3	3	3
5. Kathua	16.6	17.4	17.0	236	37	273	4.0	2.1	3.6	24.1	12.1	21.2	5	5	5
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Poonch-Rajouri	3.7	3.7	3.7	49	8	57	1.8	1.5	1.7	48.6	40.5	45.9	4	2	2
8. Srinagar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Udhampur	12.4	12.4	12.4	252	41	293	7.2	2.1	5.4	58.1	16.9	43.5	2	4	4
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	3.4	3.6	3.5	1414	224	1638	2.2	0.9	1.9	64.7	25.0	54.3	-	-	-

* District-wise distribution of Enrolment is not available. It has been estimated on the basis of population percentage of scheduled castes in each district.

Statement No. XIII: Statistics of Teachers in Middle Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Number of Teachers in Middle Schools						Index of growth (Base 1960-61=100)			R A N K S		
	1960-61			1965-66			Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Anantragh	116	38	154	909	145	1,054	783.6	381.6	684.4	1	1	1
2. Baramulla	231	46	277	730	145	875	316.0	315.2	315.9	2	4	2
3. Doda	136	50	186	285	47	332	209.6	94.0	178.5	3	6	4
4. Jammu	393	66	459	544	215	759	138.4	325.8	165.4	6	3	5
5. Kathua	215	42	257	272	47	319	126.5	111.9	124.1	7	5	7
6. Ladakh	60	11	71	36	7	103	160.0	63.6	145.1	5	8	6
7. Poonch- Rajouri	270	40	310	250	22	272	92.6	55.0	87.7	8	9	8
8. Srinagar	349	55	404	613	192	805	175.6	349.1	199.3	4	2	3
9. Udhampur	360	35	404	233	31	266	63.7	88.6	65.8	9	7	9
T O T A L (Jammu & Kashmir)	2,139	383	2,522	3,934	851	4,785	183.9	222.2	189.7	-	-	-

Statement No.XIII: Statistics of Teachers in Middle Schools 1960-61 & 1965-66 (Contd.)

Name of the District	% of women Teachers to total Teachers		RANKS		Percentage of Trained Teachers											
	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61			1965-66			RANKS					
					M.	W.	Total	Men	Women	Total	M.	W.	T.	Men	Women	Total
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1. Anantnag	24.7	13.8	2	6			47.4	45.8	38.6	44.8			3	7	8	7
2. Baramulla	16.6	16.6	3	3			30.3	46.5	57.2	48.3			9	6	6	6
3. Doda	26.9	14.2	1	5			48.4	63.8	78.7	66.0			2	2	2	1
4. Jammu	14.4	28.3	6	1			45.8	59.7	69.3	62.5			4	3	4	3
5. Kathua	16.3	14.7	4	4			44.7	56.6	83.0	60.5			5	4	1	4
6. Ladakh	15.5	6.8	5	8			32.4	64.6	57.1	64.1			8	1	7	2
7. Poonch-Rajouri	12.9	8.1	8	7			34.5	39.6	18.2	37.9			7	9	9	9
8. Srinagar	13.6	23.9	7	2			57.2	50.4	78.6	57.1			1	5	3	5
9. Udhampur	8.7	1.2	9	9			34.9	40.0	61.3	42.5			6	8	5	8
TOTAL	15.2	17.8	-	-			42.6	50.4	63.7	52.7			-	-	-	-

(Jammu & Kashmir)

Statement No.XIV: Expenditure on Middle Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Direct Expenditure on Middle Schools		Index Growth (Base 1960-61=100)	RANKS	Expenditure per capita on Middle schools		RANKS		Exp. on Middle Schools as % of total Schools Direct. Exp.		RANKS	
	1960-61	1965-66			1960-61	1965-66	60-61	65-66	1960-61	1965-66	60-61	65-66
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Anantnag		15,19,809			2.1			3	28.2			1
2. Baramulla		13,77,188			2.1			3	25.6			3
3. Doda		4,35,240			1.5			7	20.3			5
4. Jammu		10,32,603			1.8			5	14.8			8
5. Kathua		5,05,231			2.2			2	25.3			4
6. Ladakh		3,44,395			3.5			1	27.9			2
7. Poonch-Rajouri		3,23,309			0.9			9	18.6			7
8. Srinagar		12,67,469			1.8			5	8.4			9
9. Udhampur		3,56,702			1.3			8	20.1			6
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		71,61,946			1.8			-	17.2			-

Statement No. XIV: Expenditure on Middle Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66 (Contd.)

Name of the District	Enrolment in Middle Schools (1965-66)	Cost per Student in Middle Schools (1965-66)	Ranks per cost per Pupil	Pupil-Teacher Ratio in Middle Schools (1965-66)	Ranks for Pupil-Teacher Ratio
1	14 2	15	16	17	18
1. Anantnag	20,969	72.5	3	20	7
2. Baramulla	16,975	81.1	2	19	8
3. Doda	7,470	58.3	4	23	6
4. Jammu	22,889	45.1	8	30	3
5. Kathua	10,617	47.6	6	33	2
6. Ladakh	1,526	225.7	1	15	9
7. Poonch-Rajouri	8,065	40.1	9	30	3
8. Srinagar	27,429	46.2	7	34	1
9. Udhampur	7,126	50.1	5	27	5
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	1,23,066	58.2	-	26	-

Statement No. XV: Statistics of High/Higher Secondary Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the	No. of High/Higher Secondary Schools		Index of Growth (Base 1960-61=100)	Ranks	Pop. served by a High/Higher Secondary School		RANKS	
	1960-61	1965-66			1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Anantnag	32	67	209.4	8	20,449	10,773	6	3
2. Baramulla	34	72	211.8	7	17,784	9,263	8	5
3. Doda	13	32	246.2	6	20,646	9,251	5	6
4. Jammu	27	75	277.8	3	19,146	7,602	7	9
5. Kathua	9	25	277.8	3	23,048	9,152	3	7
6. Ladakh	8	9	112.5	9	11,081	10,864	9	2
7. Poonch-Rajouri	8	29	362.5	1	40,758	12,402	1	1
8. Srinagar	29	87	300.0	2	22,083	8,119	4	8
9. Udhampur	11	28	254.5	5	23,096	10,008	2	4
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	171	424	248.0	-	20,824	9,264	-	-

Statement No. XVI: Statistics of Enrolment in Classes IX-XI, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Enrolment in Classes IX-XI						Index of Growth (Base 1960-61=100)			R A N K S		
	1960-61		1965-66			Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls							Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Anantnag	2,121	107	2,228	6,538	641	7,179	308.3	599.1	322.2	3	1	2
2. Baramulla	1,512	370	1,882	4,955	609	5,564	327.7	164.6	295.6	2	9	5
3. Doda	566	76	642	1,738	285	2,023	307.1	375.0	315.1	4	4	3
4. Jammu	3,842	647	4,489	6,622	2,163	8,785	172.4	334.3	195.7	8	6	7
5. Kathua	740	74	814	2,229	280	2,509	301.2	378.4	308.2	5	3	4
6. Ladakh	57	3	60	205	17	222	359.6	566.7	370.0	1	2	1
7. Poonch- Rajouri	752	85	837	1,012	167	1,179	134.6	195.5	140.9	9	8	9
8. Srinagar	3,669	975	4,644	8,794	3,311	12,105	239.7	379.6	260.7	6	5	6
9. Udhampur	809	177	986	1,517	404	1,921	187.5	228.2	194.8	7	7	8
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	14,068	2,514	16,582	33,610	7,877	41,487	238.9	313.3	250.2	-	-	-

Statement No. XVI: Enrolment in Classes IX-XI (Contd.)

Name of the District	Percentage of Enrolment in Class IX-XI to Population age group 14-19									R A N K S		
	1960-61			1965-66			1960-61			1965-66		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	1	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

JUMMU & KASHMIR

1. Anantnag	9.9	0.6	5.7	27.7	3.3	16.8	5	8	5	4	6	8
2. Baramulla	6.9	2.0	4.7	20.6	3.0	12.5	6	4	6	5	7	5
3. Doda	6.6	1.0	4.0	18.5	3.4	11.4	8	6	8	6	5	6
4. Jammu	22.5	4.2	13.8	35.0	12.6	24.3	1	2	1	2	2	2
5. Kathua	10.8	1.1	6.0	28.9	3.8	16.7	3	5	4	3	4	4
6. Ladakh	2.4	0.1	1.3	7.9	0.7	4.4	9	9	9	9	9	9
7. Poonch-Rajouri	6.7	1.0	4.1	8.2	1.7	5.3	7	6	7	8	8	8
8. Srinagar	16.5	5.2	11.3	35.7	15.8	26.5	2	1	2	1	1	1
9. Udhampur	10.1	2.4	6.4	17.2	4.9	11.3	4	3	3	7	3	7
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	11.8	2.4	7.4	25.5	6.9	16.9	-	-	-	-	-	-

Statement No. XVII: Enrolment of Scheduled Castes/Tribes in Classes IX-XI (1965-66)

Name of the District	Percentage of S.C./S.T. pop. to total Population			*Enrolment of S.C./S.T. children in Classes IX-XI			Percentage of S.C./S.T. students to total Enrolment in Classes IX-XI			Extent of Coverage			Ranking w.r.t. to Extent of Coverage		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	B.	G.	T.	B.	G.	T.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Anantnag	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baramulla	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doda	2.9	3.2	3.0	50	8	58	2.9	2.8	2.9	100.0	87.5	96.7	1	1	1
Jammu	11.3	12.5	11.9	303	49	352	4.6	2.3	4.0	40.7	18.4	33.6	4	5	4
Kathua	16.6	17.4	17.0	95	15	110	4.3	5.4	4.4	25.9	31.0	25.9	5	4	5
Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poonch-Rajouri	3.7	3.7	3.7	20	4	24	2.0	2.4	2.0	54.1	64.9	54.1	2	2	2
Srinagar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Udhampur	12.4	12.4	12.4	101	17	118	6.7	4.2	6.1	54.0	33.9	49.2	3	3	3
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	3.4	3.6	3.5	569	93	662	1.7	1.2	1.6	50.0	33.3	45.7	-	-	-

* District-wise distribution of Enrolment is not available. It has been estimated on the basis of population percentage of scheduled Castes in each district.

Statement No. XVIII: Statistics of Teachers in High/Higher Secondary Schools 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	No. of Teachers in High/Higher Secondary Schools 1960-61			1965-66			Index of Growth (Base 1960-61=100)			Ranks		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Anantnag	355	51	406	810	136	946	228.2	266.7	233.0	6	2	5
2. Baramulla	318	43	361	790	97	887	248.4	225.6	245.7	5	4	4
3. Doda	82	77	159	325	73	398	396.3	94.8	250.3	1	9	3
4. Jammu	500	221	721	827	524	1,351	165.4	237.1	187.4	8	3	8
5. Kathua	75	40	115	294	48	342	392.0	120.0	297.4	2	8	1
6. Ladakh	31	-	31	59	10	69	190.3	Inf.	222.6	7	1	6
7. Poonch- Rajouri	104	43	147	264	55	319	253.8	127.9	217.0	4	7	7
8. Srinagar	650	252	902	953	484	1,437	146.6	192.1	159.3	9	5	9
9. Udhampur	92	40	132	278	70	348	302.2	175.0	263.6	3	6	2
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	2,207	767	2,974	4,600	1,497	6,097	208.4	195.2	205.0	-	-	-

Statement No. XVIII: Statistics of Teachers in High/Higher Secondary Schools 1960-61 & 1965-66 (Contd.)

Name of the District	Percentage of Women Teachers to total Teachers		Ranks		Percentage of Trained Teachers						Ranks					
					1960-61			1965-66			1960-61			1965-66		
	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	M.	W.	T.	M.	W.	T.
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1. Anantnag	12.6	14.4	7	7	73.5	76.5	73.9	63.1	64.0	63.2	3	6	3	4	7	6
2. Baramulla	11.9	10.9	8	9	65.7	74.4	66.8	56.6	62.9	57.3	5	7	6	7	8	8
3. Doda	48.4	18.3	1	4	47.6	58.4	52.8	60.6	84.9	65.1	9	8	8	6	3	5
4. Jammu	30.7	38.8	3	1	61.2	90.0	70.0	64.0	74.0	67.9	6	1	5	3	6	2
5. Kathua	34.8	14.0	2	8	92.0	85.0	89.6	62.9	91.7	67.0	2	2	1	5	1	3
6. Ladakh	-	14.5	9	6	48.4	-	48.4	69.5	50.0	66.7	8	-	9	1	9	4
7. Poonch-Rajouri	29.3	17.2	5	5	56.7	79.1	63.3	48.1	81.8	53.9	7	5	7	9	4	9
8. Srinagar	27.9	33.7	6	2	70.2	80.2	72.9	64.7	81.6	70.4	4	3	4	2	5	1
9. Udhampur	30.3	20.1	4	3	92.4	80.0	88.6	52.9	85.7	59.5	1	4	2	8	2	7
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	25.8	24.6	-	-	67.9	80.4	71.1	60.9	76.6	64.8	-	-	-	-	-	-

Statement No. XIX: Expenditure in High/Higher Secondary Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Direct Expenditure on High/Higher Secondary Schools (Rs.)		Index of Growth (Base 1960-61 = 100)	RANKS	Exp. per Capita in High/Higher Sec. Schools		Ranks		Exp. on High/Higher Secondary Schools as percentage to total Direct Exp.	
	1960-61	1965-66			1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Anantnag		19,41,256			2.7			6		36.0
2. Baramulla		18,42,593			2.8			4		34.2
3. Doda		8,26,653			2.8			4		38.6
4. Jammu	-	28,73,984			5.0			1		41.2
5. Kathua	-	6,86,536			3.0			3		34.4
6. Ladakh	-	2,50,621			2.6			7		20.3
7. Poonch-Rajouri		5,25,082			1.5			9		30.2
8. Srinagar		34,90,821			4.9			2		23.2
9. Udhampur		6,55,058			2.3			8		36.9
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		1,30,92,604			3.3			-		31.4

Statement No. XIX: Expenditure on High/Higher Secondary Schools, 1960-61 & 1965-66 (Contd.)

Name of the District	Ranks		Enrolment in High/Higher Sec. Schools (1965-66)	Cost per Pupil (1965-66)	Percentage for cost per Pupil	Pupil-Teacher Ration (1965-66)	Ranks for Pupil-Teacher Ratio
	1960-61	1965-66					
1	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1. Anantnag		4	17,453	111.2	3	18	7
2. Baramulla		6	16,287	113.1	2	18	7
3. Doda		2	7,473	110.6	4	19	5
4. Jammu		1	36,843	78.0	9	27	1
5. Kathua		5	8,610	79.7	8	25	3
6. Ladakh		9	944	265.5	1	14	9
7. Poonch-Rajouri		7	5,949	88.3	6	19	5
8. Srinagar		8	37,685	92.6	5	26	2
9. Udhampur		3	7,608	86.1	7	22	4
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		-	1,38,852	94.3	-	23	-

Statement No. XX: Statistics of Teachers' Training, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Number of Teachers Training Institutions				Enrolment in Classes for Teachers' Training			
	1960-61		1965-66		1960-61		1965-66	
	Schools/Under-Graduate Colleges	Post-Graduate Colleges	Schools/Under-Graduate Colleges	Post-Graduate Colleges	Schools/Under-Graduate Standards	Post-Graduate Standards	Schools/Under-Graduate Standards	Post-Graduate Standards
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Anantnag	1	-	1	-	75	-	132	-
2. Baramulla	1	-	1	-	47	-	85	-
3. Doda	1	-	1	53	53	-	75	-
4. Jammu	2	1	2	1	144	102	259	136
5. Kathua	1	-	1	-	58	-	78	-
6. Ladakh	-	-	2	-	25	-	39	-
7. Poonch-Rajouri	1	-	1	-	56	-	47	-
8. Srinagar	2	2	2	1	131	137	229	395
9. Udhampur	1	-	1	-	37	-	67	-
TOTAL	10	3	12	2	626	239	1,011	531
(Jammu & Kashmir)								

Statement No. XXI: Statistics of Vocational & Technical Schools (Excluding Teachers' Training Schools), 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the Districts	Number of Schools		E N R O L M E N T						Direct Expenditure	
	1960-61	1965-66	1960-61			1965-66			1960-61	1965-66
			Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Anantnag		1				32	13	45		37,212
2. Baramulla		1				17	10	27		29,802
3. Doda		1				13	17	30		41,785
4. Jammu		1				182	7	189		1,32,373
5. Kathua		1				15	15	30		30,782
6. Ladakh		-				-	-	-		-
7. Poonch-Rajouri		1				9	2	11		17,498
8. Srinagar		1				114	3	117		1,47,365
9. Udhampur		-				-	-	-		-
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)		7				382	67	449		4,36,817

Statement No. XXII: Number of Institutions for Higher Education, 1960-61 & 1965-66

Name of the District	Arts & Sc. Colleges		Medical Colleges		Engg. Colleges		Teacher Trg. Colleges (P.G.)		Colleges for other Prof. & Spl. Education		Universities		Total	
	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66	60-61	65-66
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1. Anantnag	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2
1. Baramulla	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3
3. Doda	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
4. Jammu	3	3	-	1	-	1	1	1	3	4	-	-	7	10
5. Kathua	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Poonch-Rajouri	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
8. Srinagar	4	7	1	2	1	2	2	1	5	7	1	1	15	20
9. Udampur	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
TOTAL	12	17	1	3	1	3	3	2	8	13	1	1	26	39
(Jammu & Kashmir)														

Statement No. XXIII: Enrolment in Institutions for Higher Education by Type of Institutions, 1965-66

Name of the District	University Teaching Departments	Arts & Science Colleges	Engineering Colleges	Medical Colleges	Teachers' Training Colleges (P.G.)	Other Prof. & Special Colleges	TOTAL
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Anantnag	-	677	-	-	-	16	693
2. Baramulla	-	562	-	-	-	150	712
3. Doda	-	190	-	-	-	-	190
4. Jammu	-	3,048	504	107	136	296	4,091
5. Kathua	-	297	-	-	-	-	297
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Poonch-Rajouri	-	153	-	-	-	-	153
8. Srinagar	708	5,735	1,282	822	169	726	9,442
9. Udhampur	-	195	-	-	-	-	195
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	708	10,857	1,786	929	305	1,188	15,773

Statement No. XXIV: Enrolment in Classes for Higher Education (1960-61 & 1965-66 (Contd.))

Name of the District	Teachers' Training (Post-Graduate)				Other Professional & Special Education (Collegiate)				Total Higher Education					
	1960-61		1965-66		1960-61		1965-66		1960-61			1965-66		
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	28	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
1. Anamtnag	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	395	8	403	653	40	693
2. Baramulla	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	384	17	401	617	95	712
3. Doda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	18	58	145	45	190
4. Jammu	55	47	69	67	211	9	819	36	2,211	751	2,962	2,760	1,279	4,039
5. Kathua	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	259	38	297
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	128	4	132	1	4	136
7. Poonch-Rajouri	82	57	292	104	353	254	2,323	332	1,128	948	4,156	6,100	377	7,153
8. Srinagar	80	57	291	104	353	254	2,323	332	3,216	946	4,162	6,405	2,723	9,128
9. Udhampur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	55	195
TOTAL	135	104	360	171	564	263	3,308	368	6,382	1,740	8,122	11,095	4,312	15,407

(Jammu & Kashmir)

Statement No. XXIV: Enrolment in Classes for Higher Education (1960-61 & 1965-66) Contd.

Name of the District	Index of Growth (Base 1960-61=100)			R A N K S			Percentage of Enrolment in Classes of Higher Education to population of age-group 17-23					
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	1960-61			1965-66		
							Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
1. Anantnag	165.3	500.0	172.0	3	2	4	1.1	0.0	0.6	1.7	0.1	0.9
2. Baramulla	160.7	558.8	177.6	4	1	3	1.1	0.0	0.6	1.6	0.2	0.9
3. Doda	302.1	450.0	327.6	1	4	1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.6
4. Jammu	124.8	170.3	136.4	5	6	5	7.5	2.7	5.2	8.5	4.2	6.5
5. Kathua	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2-1	0.3	1.3
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Poonch- Rajouri	90.6	462.5	112.5	6	3	6	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.4
8. Srinagar	199.2	287.8	219.3	2	5	2	8.3	2.7	5.7	15.0	7.2	11.3
9. Udhampur	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1-0	1.4	0.7
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	173.8	247.8	189.7	-	-	-	3.0	0.9	2.0	5.0	2.0	3.6

Statement No. XXV: Enrolment of Scheduled Castes in Classes of Higher Education (1965-66)

Name of the District	Percentage of S.C./S.T. Population to total Population (1960-61)			Enrolment of S.C./S.T. Children in Classes of Higher Education			% of S.C./S.T. Children to total Enrolment in Higher Education			Extent of Coverage			
	Males	Females	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Anantnag	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Baramulla	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Doda	2.9	3.2	3.0	12	3	15	8.3	6.7	7.9	286.2	209.4	263.3	
4. Jammu	11.3	12.5	11.9	124	9	133	4.5	0.7	3.3	39.8	5.6	27.7	
5. Kathua	16.6	17.4	17.0	1	1	2	0.4	2.6	0.7	2.4	14.9	4.1	
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Poonch-Rajouri	3.7	3.7	3.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Srinagar	-	-	-	9	4	13	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-
9. Udhampur	12.4	12.4	12.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	3.4	3.6	3.5	146	17	163	1.3	0.4	1.1	38.2	11.1	31.4	

Statement No. XXVI: Number of Teachers in Institutions for Higher Education (1960-61 & 1965-66)

Name of the District	University Teaching Deptts.				Arts and Science Colleges				Colleges For Prof. & other Education				TOTAL					Index of Growth (base 1960-61 = 100)	RANKS	
	1960-61		1965-66		1960-61		1965-66		1960-61		1965-66		1960-61		1965-66		1960-61			
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	All persons	Men				Women
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
1. Anantnag	-	-	-	-	17	-	34	-	9	1	3	-	26	1	27	37	-	37	137.0	5
2. Baramulla	-	-	-	-	28	1	52	1	9	-	26	-	37	1	38	78	1	79	207.9	3
3. Doda	-	-	-	-	15	-	26	-	9	4	-	-	24	4	28	26	-	26	92.9	7
4. Jammu	-	-	-	-	81	21	109	39	74	12	132	7	120	34	154	241	46	287	186.4	4
5. Kathua	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	26		
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
7. Poonch-Rajouri	-	-	-	-	16	-	26	-	6	-	-	-	22	-	22	26	-	26	118.2	6
8. Srinagar	22	1	73	5	116	30	223	69	51	28	299	40	189	59	248	595	114	709	285.9	1
9. Udhampur	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	9	-	-	-	9	-	9	24	-	24	266.7	2
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	22	1	73	5	273	52	520	109	132	46	460	47	427	99	526	1,053	161	1,214	230.8	

Statement No. XXVII: Direct Expenditure on Institutions for Higher Education, 1965-66

Name of the District	Arts & Science Colleges	Medical Colleges	Engineering Colleges	Teachers' Training Colleges (T.G.)	Other Prof. & Special Colleges	University	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Anantnag	2,11,805	-	-	-	15,428	-	2,27,233
2. Baramulla	3,34,874	-	-	-	1,99,632	-	5,34,506
3. Doda	1,18,972	-	-	-	-	-	1,18,972
4. Jammu	9,61,428	2,01,081	2,15,920	1,56,273	3,56,536	-	18,91,238
5. Kathua	1,67,061	-	-	-	-	-	1,67,061
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Poonch- Rajouri	1,42,302	-	-	-	-	-	1,42,302
8. Srinagar	18,40,436	17,56,330	17,53,532	1,46,152	1,33,694	30,85,480	87,15,624
9. Udhampur	1,50,075	-	-	-	-	-	1,50,075
TOTAL	39,26,953	19,57,411	19,69,452	3,02,425	7,05,290	30,85,480	1,19,47,011

(Jammu & Kashmir).

Statement No. XXVII: Direct Expenditure on Institutions for Higher Education, 1965-66 (Contd.)

Name of the District	Percentage of Expenditure on Higher Education to Total Exp.	Ranks	Popul. Teacher Ratio in Arts & Science Colleges	Ranks	Expenditure per Pupil in			
					Arts & Science Colleges	Medical Colleges	Engineering Colleges	Teachers Training Colleges (P.G.)
1	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1. Anantnag	4.2	8	20	2	312.9	-	-	-
2. Baramulla	9.9	3	11	4	595.9	-	-	-
3. Doda	5.6	7	7	7	626.2	-	-	-
4. Jammu	27.1	2	21	1	315.4	1879.3	428.4	1149.1
5. Kathua	8.4	5	11	4	562.5	-	-	-
6. Ladakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Poonch-Rajouri	8.2	6	6	8	930.1	-	-	-
8. Srinagar	58.0	1	20	2	320.9	2136.7	1367.8	864.8
9. Udampur	8.5	4	8	6	769.6	-	-	-
TOTAL (Jammu & Kashmir)	28.7	-	17	-	361.7	2107.0	1102.7	991.6