

POLICE REPORTS  
OF THE  
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY  
INCLUDING THE  
PROVINCE OF SIND,

For the Year 1878.

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1879.

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**NORTHERN DIVISION.**

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# NORTHERN DIVISION.

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FROM

H. N. B. ERSKINE, ESQUIRE,  
ACTING COMMISSIONER, N. D.,

TO

J. NUGENT, ESQUIRE,  
SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,  
Judicial Department, Bombay,

Poona, 28th May 1879.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the working of the Police of the Northern Division for the year 1878. The usual statements noted on the margin are appended. A slight addition has been made to Statement A, Part

Statements A: to G.  
Statement of Expenditure on Police buildings.  
Statement of Resignations and Dismissals.

I, an addition to which I direct attention as it was my intention to have separately made a reference to Government on the subject of recording some additional information in the Standard Forms. The information given in the Police Reports of this Presidency is not so full as that contained in those of the Provinces of Upper India. Very useful additional columns have, in other Provinces, been inserted in the principal statement, viz., A. Part I., and might well be added in this Presidency. Accordingly I directed the Superintendents of Police in the Northern Division to add in manuscript a few columns at the end of the printed sheet of Form A, and to number them, not consecutively after the last column (27), but 4<sup>A</sup> 9<sup>A</sup>, &c., according to the columns to which they refer. The object of this was to make a beginning, and if Government approve, the method adopted of inserting the extra columns as columns (a), (b), (c), and so on after the columns in the Statement, as is done in Central Provinces, may be followed for the future in this Presidency.

2. There has been a good deal of misunderstanding in some districts as to the mode of filling in the additional columns, but once these were sanctioned and were a regular part of the form, this would cease to be the case. More care would have prevented most of the mistakes discovered.

3. The dates of the Reports of the Superintendents of Police and the endorsements of the District Magistrates forwarding them, as also of the references from the Superintendents relating to discrepancies discovered on examination are stated below:—

DISTRICTS.	Superintendent's Report.	Magistrate's Memorandum.	Superintendent's final letter.
Abmedabad .. .. .	22nd February .. .. .	1st March .. .. .	20th May.
Kaira .. .. .	21st March .. .. .	5th April .. .. .	21st ..
Panch Mahals .. .. .	6th .. .. .	17th March .. .. .	13th ..
Broach .. .. .	6th .. .. .	15th .. .. .	20th ..
Surat .. .. .	14th .. .. .	20th .. .. .	19th ..
Thana .. .. .	15th .. .. .	19th .. .. .	24th ..
Kolaba .. .. .	15th .. .. .	18th .. .. .	24th ..

COGNIZABLE AND NON-COGNIZABLE OFFENCES.

4. The number of offences committed during the year is greater by 2,984 than it was in 1877 and by 5,159 than it was in 1876. It will be seen from the following table that the increase has occurred in all districts, except Surat and Kolaba, where there is a decrease of 109 and 400 respectively. The increase in Surat during 1877 was 745, so that the amount of crime during 1878 is consider-

ably above the average. In Kolába the season was a good one, which is sufficient to explain the decrease in that district. The increase in the Panch Maháls amounted to 1,053 cases, in Ahmedabad to 927, Kaira 900, Broach 365, and Thána 248 :—

DISTRICTS.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.		PERSONS.						Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.		REMARKS.
			Arrested.		Convicted.		Acquitted or Released.		1877.	1878.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.			
Ahmedabad .. .. .	3,958	4,883	7,438	7,245	4,248	4,449	3,248	2,930	57	61	
Kaira .. .. .	2,125	3,125	3,884	4,448	2,420	3,865	1,435	1,636	64	64	
Panch Maháls .. .. .	1,547	2,600	2,039	3,888	1,572	3,201	502	498	77	87	
Broach .. .. .	1,313	1,683	2,175	2,614	908	1,214	1,273	1,379	42	46	
Surat .. .. .	2,682	2,573	4,595	4,351	2,174	1,941	2,279	2,461	47	45	
Thána .. .. .	5,825	6,073	11,725	11,316	4,296	4,230	7,441	7,038	37	37	
Kolába .. .. .	1,896	1,496	3,675	2,402	1,790	1,337	1,870	1,718	49	56	
Total .. .. .	19,449	22,433	35,531	36,042	17,403	19,238	18,543	17,680	49	53	

5. The total number of offences, accepted as true during the past five years, is as follows :—

1874...	...	19,124		1876...	...	17,274
1875...	...	18,245		1877...	...	19,449
		1878...		...		22,433

The increase in crime during the two past years is not to be wondered at. Hard times always lead to crime, and the causes mentioned in my report, last year, have been even more applicable during 1878, viz.—“The badness of the season, the dearness of the necessaries of life, and the consequent difficulty experienced by the poorer classes in earning an honest livelihood.”

6. The following is a comparison of the number of persons arrested in 1877 and 1878. Persons arrested but afterwards discharged or acquitted on trial in cases in which it had been decided that no crime had been committed are not included in this, or in the previous statement :—

DISTRICTS.	1877.	1878.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	7,438	7,245	..	193
Kaira .. .. .	3,884	4,448	564	..
Panch Maháls .. .. .	2,039	3,888	1,827	..
Broach .. .. .	2,175	2,614	439	..
Surat .. .. .	4,595	4,351	..	244
Thána .. .. .	11,725	11,316	..	409
Kolába .. .. .	3,675	2,402	..	1,273
Total .. .. .	35,531	36,042	511	2,119
Net increase .. .. .	..	..	511	..

The Police are not responsible for all the above arrests as some of them were made in non-cognizable cases in which they were not employed; their action in making arrests in cognizable cases will be treated of in paras. 9, 14, 15, 16, and 20.

7. The proportion of conviction to arrests in 1877 was 49 per cent., which, as I observed in my report for that year, was 6 per cent. higher than it had been in the Northern Division for the preceding ten years. In 1878 it has risen to 53 per cent., which is satisfactory. The Panch Maháls still keeps the lead with a percentage of 87 against 77 in the previous year. Then follows Kaira, which has also improved from 62 to 64 per cent. Ahmedabad again occupies the third place with a better percentage than in 1877, viz., 61 per cent. instead of 57; Kolába takes the fourth place, having improved from 49 to 56 per cent; Broach follows with a percentage of 46 against 42 in the previous year; Surat has declined from 47 to 45 this year; Thána is again last, and remains stationary at its percentage of 37.

8. Though a larger number of persons were arrested in 1878 than in the preceding year, the number of persons acquitted or released has decreased by 333, and as the percentage of convictions to arrests is much better, the inference is, that the Police exercised a wiser discretion in making arrests, and perhaps

also that the class of crime resulting from dearth of food is more easily detected than crime in ordinary times.

**COGNIZABLE CRIME.**

9. The following is the number of cases reported or rather accepted as true, excluding those struck off the register as "no crime" during the last five years :—

1874	...	...	10,986		1876	...	...	12,584
1875	...	...	12,926		1877	...	...	13,673
		1878	...	...	...	16,711		

These figures show that there has been a large increase in the number of cognizable cases.

10. The following table shows the proportion of cognizable crime to the population of each district :—

Kolába	...	...	1 crime to 351 persons.
Surat	...	...	1 " 346 "
Kaira	...	...	1 " 316 "
Ahmedabad	...	...	1 " 262 "
Broach	...	...	1 " 248 "
Thána	...	...	1 " 167 "
Panch Maháls	...	...	1 " 106 "
Average for the Division.	1	"	234 "

The contrast exhibited by the above figures is somewhat remarkable and were the returns prepared in a precisely similar way in each district, might lead to some curious deductions as to the relative lawlessness of the population of different districts, but as Government have already been informed, I have had reason to believe that considerable diversity of method prevails in the manner of preparing the Register. As I have already made proposals with the object of securing greater uniformity I will not at present comment on the figures in this paragraph.

11. In order to compare the number of offences committed in each district during the year under report with the preceding year, I give below two brief Abstracts of Statement A., Part I., showing the percentages of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases investigated and to cases decided, and also of convictions to apprehensions. Table I. shows all cognizable crimes. Table II. shows these excluding hurt and mischief, as many of these are taken up directly by the Magistrates and hardly show the work of the Police.

*Table I.*

DISTRICTS.	Offences according to crime register.		NUMBER OF TRUE CASES.				PERCENTAGE OF CASES CONVICTED TO NUMBER OF TRUE CASES.				NUMBER OF PERSONS.				Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Apprehended in true cases.	
			Investigated.		Decided.		Investigated.		Decided.		Apprehended in cases shown in column 2.		Convicted.			
	1877.	1878.														
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmedabad	2,427	2,187	2,422	2,187	1,576	1,843	61	58	94	96	2,109	4,026	2,841	2,774	51	51
Kaira	1,414	2,472	1,414	2,472	1,199	1,661	85	68	59	59	2,214	2,101	1,922	2,324	84	77
Panch Maháls	1,241	2,276	299	1,794	769	1,672	64	91	56	56	1,453	2,062	1,262	2,754	80	91
Broach	1,133	1,414	1,133	1,414	829	970	77	67	63	69	1,759	2,064	1,104	1,094	67	52
Surat	2,019	1,762	2,019	1,762	1,409	1,409	80	84	67	67	2,771	2,704	1,714	1,474	64	53
Thána	4,812	5,077	4,812	5,077	2,119	2,274	42	41	61	62	2,114	2,724	2,043	2,264	54	54
Kolába	1,149	974	1,149	974	659	614	50	60	57	56	2,009	1,629	1,147	1,104	58	65
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,072</b>	<b>17,104</b>	<b>13,629</b>	<b>16,622</b>	<b>8,865</b>	<b>10,644</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>25,126</b>	<b>29,738</b>	<b>13,044</b>	<b>15,074</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>76</b>

Table II.

DISTRICTS.	Number of Offences.	Cases Convicted.	PERSONS.			Percentage of Convictions to Apprehensions.		Percentages of cases Convicted to cases in column 2.	
			Apprehended.	Convicted.	Discharged or Acquitted.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	2,525	1,513	3,544	2,317	1,317	60	65	69	60
Kaira .. .. .	2,185	1,415	2,467	1,937	812	85	79	81	66
Panch Maháls .. .. .	2,078	1,491	2,666	2,465	237	90	92	60	72
Broach .. .. .	1,228	602	1,676	941	702	53	56	48	49
Surat .. .. .	1,307	745	1,861	1,139	723	63	61	53	57
Thána .. .. .	2,513	1,535	4,078	2,679	1,406	71	66	66	61
Kolába .. .. .	637	375	1,089	705	389	69	65	66	58
Total .. .. .	12,423	7,676	17,379	12,164	5,596	69	70	64	62

12. Table I. shows that, except in Surat and Kolába, crime has increased in each district.

13. The percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested in cases retained on the Register for each year since 1872, is as follows :—

1872 ...	... 54 per cent.	1875 ...	... 44 per cent.
1873 ...	... 57 "	1876 ...	... 44 "
1874 ...	... 51 "	1877 ...	... 52 "
	1878... ..56 per cent.		

If the success of the Police is judged by this test, then for the last three years it has been rapidly improving, but for reasons explained by me last year I do not think this is a safe test to adopt.

14. Judging by Table I. the success of the Police in obtaining convictions in the number of cases decided is in order of merit, as follows :—

Panch Maháls ...	... 99 per cent.
Kaira ...	... 98 "
Ahmedabad ...	... 95 "
Kolába ...	... 95 "
Thána ...	... 92 "
Broach ...	... 69 "
Surat ...	... 67 "

And the order of merit of the success of the Police in obtaining convictions in the number of cases investigated, is as below :—

Panch Maháls ...	... 92 per cent.
Kaira ...	... 66 "
Kolába ...	... 60 "
Ahmedabad ...	... 55 "
Surat ...	... 54 "
Broach ...	... 47 "
Thána ...	... 41 "

Until, however, the preparation of statistics according to one method has been secured in every district, much reliance cannot be placed on these results.

15. In order to judge more accurately of the working of the Police in each district I have had the following table compiled to show the result of arrests in cases accepted as true, showing separately arrests made by the Police *suo motu* and by order of Magistrates. I have gone further and exhibit also the percentage of acquittals and further the percentage of convictions and acquittals to persons brought to trial, while the former gives an idea of the discretion of the Police in making arrests, the latter shows their activity and intelligence in sending up the cases before Magistrates :—

DISTRICTS.	Years.	Number of true Cases.		Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons Convicted of those Arrested.		Number of Persons Acquitted of those Arrested.		Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.		Percentage of Acquittals to Arrests.		Percentage of Convictions to Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Acquittals to Persons brought to Trial.		REMARKS.
		By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	By Police <i>see note.</i>	By order of Magistrate.	
Ahmedabad ..	1877 2,422	5,117	173	2,532	89	304	10	49	51	8	6	88	95	18	11			
Kaira ..	1877 3,157	5,139	45	2,742	28	810	..	58	51	6	..	90	100	10	..			
Panch Maháls ..	1877 2,472	2,849	264	1,738	187	63	5	78	70	3	9	95	88	4	12			
Broach ..	1877 1,241	1,672	39	1,239	29	81	3	79	69	3	8	96	86	4	12			
Surat ..	1877 2,270	2,184	14	2,772	13	78	1	87	95	2	5	97	95	2	5			
Thána ..	1877 1,133	1,789	9	818	4	801	5	46	44	43	56	49	44	51	59			
Kolába ..	1877 1,410	2,014	63	1,082	32	737	22	51	49	36	41	55	40	42	51			
Total ..	1877 13,972	17,993	7,502	10,873	2,100	2,855	385	60	28	18	5	..	..	..	..			
	1878 17,109	20,099	7,362	12,733	2,290	2,593	457	64	31	18	8	..	..	..	..			

Excludes persons of last year.

16. Taking the percentage of convictions to arrests from the foregoing, the several districts may be classified according to their order of merit, as follows:—

Panch Maháls	...	...	...	87
Kaira	...	...	...	75
Kolába	...	...	...	73
Thána	...	...	...	65
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	53
Broach	...	...	...	51
Surat	...	...	...	46

As compared with the previous year there is satisfactory improvement in the Panch Maháls, Kolába, Ahmedabad, and Broach; while Kaira has fallen off from 86 in 1877; Thána from 71; and Surat from 51.

17. Now taking the percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial, the following is the order of merit:—

Panch Maháls	...	...	...	97
Kolába	...	...	...	97
Kaira	...	...	...	96
Thána	...	...	...	93
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	90
Broach	...	...	...	58
Surat	...	...	...	53

18. It is somewhat singular to find that the several districts (except Kolába and Kaira which have changed places) stand in the same order as in the preceding paragraph. The low percentage in Broach and Surat is striking.

19. It has always been a ground of complaint that many accused persons are let off at the Sessions on merely legal technicalities, and that the Police are not to blame for these cases. I have therefore had the following statement prepared, and it will be seen that the proportion of convictions in different districts varies from 82 in the Panch Maháls, to 58 in Kaira; or if the Panch Maháls is omitted, to 78 in Kolába. It is a well-known fact that some Judges are more lenient than others, or perhaps rather more difficult to convince, and this, it may be concluded, explains the varieties:—

DISTRICTS.	Number of Cases Committed to the Sessions.	Number of Persons concerned in cases in Column 2.	NUMBER OF CASES IN COLUMN 1.		PERCENTAGE OF CASES.		PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS.		REMARKS.
			Convicted.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ahmedabad ..	74	149	54	25	73	27	69	33	Under Ahmedabad Sessions Court.
Kaira ..	61	125	44	11	73	19	55	39	Under Ahmedabad Sessions Court.
Panch Maháls ..	49	174	32	7	69	17	53	11	Under Ahmedabad Sessions Court.
Broach ..	13	23	7	4	64	34	71	29	Under Surat Sessions Court.
Surat ..	27	108	21	3	79	11	74	21	Under Thána Sessions Court.
Thána ..	66	175	61	9	77	14	74	21	Under Thána Sessions Court.
Kolába ..	6	9	5	1	83	17	78	22	
Total ..	247	750	218	55	75	19	..	..	



20. The following is a statement similar to that given in para. 19 of my report for 1877, which Government, in Resolution No. 6421, dated 8th November 1878, para. 11, directed should be supplied in all future Annual Reports. It is a general statement showing how all cognizable cases and persons accused in them were disposed of in each district, and to put the matter as clearly and briefly as possible, I give also two statements, one referring to cases (cognizable) and the other to persons concerned in them:—

DISTRICTS.	Years.	CASES.							PERSONS.							REMARKS.		
		Total Number entered in Register, including transfer from last year.	Number struck off as no Crime by order of Magistrate.	Number in which Convictions were obtained.	Number Discharged.	Number compounded and withdrawn.	Number Acquitted.	Number pending and undetected.	Number Arrested in Cases referred to in Column 2.	Number Discharged in Cases referred to in Column 4.	Number Convicted.	Number Discharged.	Number compounded and withdrawn.	Number Acquitted.	Number Pending.		Dealt or otherwise disposed of.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	
Ahmedabad ..	1877..	3,873	1,450	1,487	464	85	78	* 383	7,087	1,797	2,661	2,091	54	404	115	5	46	812
	1878..	4,731	1,574	1,756	761	15	78	547	5,946	763	2,765	1,986	45	316	65	6	..	..
Kaira ..	1877..	3,688	2,274	1,173	27	51	18	146	3,219	951	1,923	75	124	68	80	8	39	107
	1878..	3,843	1,371	1,032	70	8	30	732	4,298	1,106	2,344	571	18	114	74	6	41	691
Panch Mahals..	1877..	1,841	400	756	82	25	13	265	1,675	64	1,262	190	33	54	61	11	..	..
	1878..	2,496	226	1,652	74	1	23	520	3,270	67	2,790	204	1	79	108	21	44	476
Broach ..	1877..	2,059	926	527	319	14	363	12	2,292	404	820	843	28	571	32	9	..	..
	1878..	2,000	590	667	68	18	303	366	2,391	804	1,064	175	31	770	43	4	21	345
Surat ..	1877..	3,319	1,309	1,001	88	44	465	462	3,771	407	1,738	73	81	1,288	198	1	55	407
	1878..	2,940	1,183	948	12	32	457	313	3,535	563	1,476	56	70	1,319	150	1	70	243
Thana ..	1877..	6,390	1,778	1,933	1,816	380	186	297	10,394	1,217	3,493	4,335	825	473	43	5	..	..
	1878..	6,459	1,892	2,091	2,163	74	185	564	9,443	174	3,692	5,099	112	479	49	8	23	541
Kolaba ..	1877..	2,308	1,169	673	85	376	17	89	2,578	460	1,147	854	538	49	22	8	8	81
	1878..	1,993	1,023	534	145	84	29	178	2,272	635	1,062	453	45	78	13	1	10	163
Total ..	1877..	23,277	9,305	7,449	2,830	925	1,039	1,729	31,016	6,390	13,044	7,464	1,678	2,692	541	47	..	..
	1878..	24,462	7,354	9,330	3,231	172	1,105	3,240	31,153	3,692	15,073	8,474	317	3,050	500	47	..	..

From the foregoing we gather the following percentages:—

Table I.

DISTRICTS.	Years.	No. of Cases Reported.	PERCENTAGE OF CASES.				
			Struck off.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Acquitted.	Pending and Undetected.
Ahmedabad ..	1877..	3,873	37	88	12	2	9
	1878..	4,731	38	87	16	2	13
Kaira ..	1877..	3,688	62	82	1	5	4
	1878..	3,843	36	42	2	79	19
Panch Mahals..	1877..	1,841	24	46	5	1	22
	1878..	2,496	9	66	3	1	21
Broach ..	1877..	2,059	45	36	15	13	6
	1878..	2,000	29	33	3	15	19
Surat ..	1877..	3,319	39	30	3	14	14
	1878..	2,940	40	32	1	15	11
Thana ..	1877..	6,390	38	30	28	3	5
	1878..	6,459	21	32	83	3	9
Kolaba ..	1877..	2,308	51	25	4	3	4
	1878..	1,993	51	39	7	1	9
Total ..	1877..	23,277	39	32	12	4'46	7
	1878..	24,462	30	33	13	4'5	13

Table II.

DISTRICTS.	Years.	No. of Persons Arrested.	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS.				
			Discharged in Cases struck off.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Acquitted.	Pending.
Ahmedabad ..	1877..	7,087	25	37	29	6	2
	1878..	5,946	12	47	33	5	1
Kaira ..	1877..	3,219	30	60	2	3	2
	1878..	4,298	28	54	13	3	2
Panch Mahals..	1877..	1,675	4	75	11	3	4
	1878..	3,270	2	85	6	2	3
Broach ..	1877..	2,292	21	36	15	25	1
	1878..	2,391	18	44	7	32	2
Surat ..	1877..	3,771	11	46	2	34	5
	1878..	3,535	16	42	2	34	4
Thana ..	1877..	10,394	12	34	2	5	4
	1878..	9,443	9	39	42	5	4
Kolaba ..	1877..	2,578	18	39	53	5	52
	1878..	2,272	29	44	14	3	9
Total ..	1877..	31,016	17	42	24	9	2
	1878..	31,153	12	43	27	10	2

21. The first thing that strikes attention in the general statement is that though, the total number of cases entered in the Register has increased from 23,277 to 24,462, yet the number of cases struck off the Register has decreased from 9,305 to 7,354. It is not easy to account for this unless the large number of cases shown as "pending and undetected" explains it. This is, I think, probable, as the number of these has increased in 1878 to 3,220; while only 1,729 were so shown in 1877. As Government have already been informed I discovered that it was no uncommon thing for Native Magistrates to sanction the striking off of a complaint from the Register because the Police could not obtain evidence—not because no offence had been committed, the check put upon this practice would tend to reduce the number of cases struck off and to swell the number shown as undetected. The number of persons arrested during the year was almost the same as in 1877 (see column 10), but the number discharged in cases struck off by order of a Magistrate as no crime has fallen from 5,390 to 3,692. This decrease is satisfactory, but the number arrested in cases struck off is still too large, and I trust instructions given during the year will tend to reduce the number in future.

22. It will be seen from Table I. that the number of struck off cases is still large, 51 per cent. of cases reported being so struck off in the Kolába District, 40 per cent in Surat. The other percentages shown in Table I. are instructive; but I need not repeat them.

23. In Table II. is given the number of persons arrested and the percentages of those convicted, &c. Last year I remarked that it seemed to me in many ways a better test of the efficiency of the Police to see what percentage the number of persons convicted bore to the total number of arrests rather than to take, according to the usual practice, the percentages merely on cases retained on the register, Table II. supplies information on this point. The highest percentage is that for the Panch Maháls (85 per cent), the lowest for Thána (38 per cent). The figures for the other districts being—Kaira 54 per cent; Ahmedabad and Kolába 47 per cent; Broach 44 per cent; Surat 42 per cent. One thing strikes me as remarkable in the figures in this table, the very low percentage against "acquittals" only two and three per cent. in the case of some districts.

24. The following table shows the number of cases struck off, as no crime after the case has been committed for trial before a Magistrate:—

DISTRICTS.	Cases.	Persons Arrested.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	18	61
Kaira .. .. .	109	191
Panch Maháls .. .. .	15	27
Broach .. .. .	10	13
Surat .. .. .	1	1
Thána .. .. .	15	21
Kolába .. .. .	237	299

The above shows that there is great difference in the number of cases struck off in each district, and the inference is that there is too great readiness to strike off cases in some district, but I am afraid that the difference is owing in a great measure to the manner in which the number struck off after committal to the Magistrate has been calculated. As all cases reported to the Magistrates are not *inquired into* by them; and many of them are struck off without the Magistrate making any inquiry to satisfy himself as to the truth or otherwise of the case, only those in which an inquiry was made and afterwards struck off should have been entered in the above table. I cannot believe that 237 cases in Kolába, for instance, were sent up to the Magistrates; and in all these the Magistrate, after making personal inquiry, ordered them to be struck off.

25. The following is an analysis of statement A., Part I., showing the serious offences committed during 1878:—

DISTRICTS.	Murder 302, 303, 306.	Attempt at murder 307.	Culpable homicide 304, 308.	Grievous hurt 325, 326, 335, 329, 331, 333.	Dacoity 305, 397, 398.	Robbery 394, 397, 399, 392, 393.	Theft 379 to 381.	Receiving Stolen Property 411, 414.	Kidnapping 363 to 369.	CASES CONVICTED.				
										Murders.	Dacoities.	Robberies.	Thefts.	Receiving stolen property.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	20	1	4	28	7	28	1,366	173	13	5	7	18	714	133
Kaira .. .. .	15	2	19	32	2	19	4,068	107	10	7	1	18	708	7
Panch Mahals .. .. .	9	1	3	8	5	58	966	88	2	2	21	28	815	89
Broach .. .. .	11	1	1	11	2	9	572	57	1	5	1	3	313	..
Surat .. .. .	2	..	2	14	5	16	640	49	2	1	7	4	348	41
Thana .. .. .	18	2	6	25	31	27	1,226	100	..	12	19	12	794	91
Kolaba .. .. .	..	1	4	4	1	8	387	30	..	..	1	2	232	20
Total .. .. .	75	8	39	119	106	163	6,250	504	28	32	55	83	3,984	390
1877 .. .. .	64	7	28	139	77	120	4,884	323	16	18	43	50	2,851	283

26. Taking the Division as a whole there has been a large increase in all the above offences except grievous hurt. The most observable increases are under theft and receiving stolen property, which in a season when food was often selling at famine rates, and distress was very general, is no more than might have been expected.

27. The number of murders was large, and have been thus classed by the Superintendents of Police:—

Intrigues with women	...	...	...	...	14
Revenge	...	...	...	...	13
Quarrels	...	...	...	...	3
Infanticide	...	...	...	...	1
Witchcraft	...	...	...	...	4
Drunkenness and despair	...	...	...	...	2
Result of cattle-trespass	...	...	...	...	5
For gain	...	...	...	...	19
Attempting to escape	...	...	...	...	1
Protecting property	...	...	...	...	1
Unknown causes	...	...	...	...	12

75

The percentage of convictions to cases is as follows:—

	1877.	1878.
	Per cent.	Per cent.
Murder .. .. .	28	43
Dacoities .. .. .	56	53
Robberies .. .. .	42	51
Thefts .. .. .	65	64
Receiving stolen property .. .. .	51	64

28. The statement in para. 25 shows an increase of 11 cases of murder; the largest increase has been in the Broach District (7); there has also been an increase of (5) in the Kaira District and of (4) in the Panch Mahals; while on the other hand there has been a decrease of 2 cases in the Surat District and of one each in the Thana and Ahmedabad Districts. No case of murder occurred in Kolaba. Convictions were obtained in less than half the murder cases. Other details regarding these cases will be found in my *review* of the Superintendents' reports.

29. Dacoities have increased in number in three districts and decreased in four, but owing to the large increase in the Panch Mahals the total increase is considerable, as will be seen from the following comparative table:—

	1877.	1878.
	Ahmedabad .. .. .	20
Kaira .. .. .	7	2
Panch Mahals .. .. .	13	65
Broach .. .. .	4	2
Surat .. .. .	1	5
Thana .. .. .	27	31
Kolaba .. .. .	8	1
Total .. .. .	77	106

In 56 out of these 106 cases convictions were obtained, but the percentage of success has been only 52 per cent. against 56 per cent. in 1877. In these cases 495 persons were arrested and 289 convicted. Though the number of dacoities increased, the number of persons arrested was much smaller than in the previous year. A very large number of these so-called dacoities were so only, because more than five persons were engaged in them and were often trifling robberies of grain, &c. The percentage of convictions to arrests is however better. The following is a comparative statement giving details:—

DISTRICTS.	1877.			1878.		
	Arrests.	Convictions.	Percentage of Success.	Arrests.	Convictions.	Percentage of Success.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	221	83	37.6	82	42	51
Kaira .. .. .	45	36	80	19	11	57.7
Panch Maháls .. .. .	64	49	76.6	201	118	58.7
Broach .. .. .	121	42	34.7	..	..	..
Surat .. .. .	1	..	..	65	35	53.8
Thána .. .. .	200	107	53.5	124	80	64.5
Kolába .. .. .	67	25	37.3	12	8	66.7
Total .. .. .	709	342	48.2	495	289	58.4

30. The number of robberies has increased by 43, the increase being observable in all districts, except Surat and Ahmedabad. The only very marked increase has been in the Panch Maháls, where the increase has amounted to 35 cases.

31. Thefts have also increased by 43 per cent. during the year, and as the following statement shows, this increase occurred in all districts, except Surat:—

DISTRICTS.	1877.	1878.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	736	1,306	630	..	84
Kaira .. .. .	53	1,098	1,045	..	19
Panch Maháls .. .. .	532	966	434	..	81.7
Broach .. .. .	413	672	259	..	62.7
Surat .. .. .	822	640	..	182	22
Thána .. .. .	907	1,226	329	..	23
Kolába .. .. .	331	387	56	..	17
Total .. .. .	4,384	6,250	1,866	..	43

32. Under receiving stolen property there is an increase of 271 cases, as follows:—

Ahmedabad .. .. .	74 cases.
Kaira .. .. .	30 "
Panch Maháls .. .. .	59 "
Broach .. .. .	25 "
Surat .. .. .	21 "
Thána .. .. .	55 "
Kolába .. .. .	7 "

#### NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

33. The following is a brief abstract of Statement A, Part II, and shows the whole of the non-cognizable offences which the Police inquired into and those which were taken up by the Magistrates direct:—

DISTRICTS.	CASES IN WHICH POLICE WERE EMPLOYED.					CASES IN WHICH POLICE WERE NOT EMPLOYED.				
	Number of Cases.	Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Persons Acquitted.	Convicted.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.	Number of Cases.	Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Persons Acquitted.	Convicted.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	16	45	19	24	53	1,772	2,764	664	1,690	74
Kaira .. .. .	51	76	30	32	42	643	1,272	718	479	37
Panch Maháls .. .. .	21	32	..	13	100	212	504	214	279	65
Broach .. .. .	16	55	16	23	41	208	599	248	127	26
Surat .. .. .	18	35	11	24	68	897	1,522	1,106	441	29
Thána .. .. .	85	45	14	35	67	1,146	2,615	1,404	708	50
Kolába .. .. .	21	44	18	26	59	525	753	472	249	24
Total .. .. .	177	314	97	222	71	5,545	9,760	5,023	3,043	44
In 1877 .. .. .	191	418	138	276	66	5,550	10,067	5,962	4,053	47

34. The decrease in non-cognizable cases amounts to 19 cases. This decrease is made up as follows :—

Kaira ...	...	...	...	136
Thána ...	...	...	...	121
Kolába	...	...	...	238
				495
<i>Deduct Increase—</i>				
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	196
Panch Maháls	...	...	...	28
Broach	...	...	...	88
Surat ...	...	...	...	164
				476
Remainder Net Decrease				... 19 cases.

35. The following statement shows the percentage of convictions to arrests as compared with the preceding year :—

DISTRICTS.	PERCENTAGE OF CONVICTIONS TO ARRESTS.			
	Police Cases.		Magistrates' Cases.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
	Ahmedabad .. .. .	48	53	69
Kaira .. .. .	65	83	29	35
Panch Maháls .. .. .	81	100	52	66
Broach .. .. .	38	61	19	24
Surat .. .. .	82	69	28	29
Thána .. .. .	71	67	30	30
Kolába .. .. .	62	59	40	34

#### PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED.

36. The following statement shows the amount of property stolen and recovered with the percentage of recoveries in 1877 and 1878 in cognizable as well as non-cognizable offences. The total amount stolen amounted to Rs. 3,35,490, being more by Rs. 95,530 than in 1877 and by Rs. 1,48,679 than in 1876. The percentage of recoveries has declined from 46 in 1877 to 43 in 1878, but it was 41 only in 1876. Much reliance cannot be placed on this estimated value of property stolen, and therefore these percentages are of no great value. A second table is appended showing the success of the Police in cognizable cases :—

Table I.

DISTRICTS.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Percentage of Recoveries.	Percentage for 1877.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	93,045	57,066	61	64
Kaira .. .. .	52,976	18,436	35	71
Panch Maháls .. .. .	27,341	12,318	45	41
Broach .. .. .	81,801	12,328	39	36
Surat .. .. .	65,255	20,830	32	47
Thána .. .. .	51,936	17,579	34	30
Kolába .. .. .	13,636	6,256	46	46
Total ..	3,35,490	1,44,906	43	46

Table II.

DISTRICTS.	Cognizable cases in which Property was Stolen.	Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Percentage of Success.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	1,588	1,280	81
Kaira .. .. .	1,481	1,109	75
Panch Maháls .. .. .	1,808	1,302	72
Broach .. .. .	774	514	66
Surat .. .. .	815	584	71
Thána .. .. .	1,635	1,208	74
Kolába .. .. .	427	323	76
Total ..	8,526	6,315	74

## GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

37. Having reviewed the statistics, as shown in Statement A, Parts I. and II., and Statement B., it may be well to endeavour to express an opinion on the results recorded. The increase in crime does not, in my opinion, bring discredit on the Police. As was pointed out last year, the year 1877 was an exceptional one; but 1878 was, throughout the greater part of the Northern Division, much more trying even than 1877. If it cannot be said that there was famine in the land, there was at all events a very close approximation to it in parts of Gujarát. In several localities the poor were reduced to grass-seeds as food, and they were on the very verge of starvation. I have ridden into village after village in some localities to find among the poor the same destitution, and found also house after house stripped of all property of a saleable value till the people were entirely dependent on charity or public relief. Many of the labouring classes left their villages for large towns or centres of industry, but not all; and when those left, found themselves and their families starving, it is not surprizing, especially in the case of barely reclaimed tribes, such as Bhils, Kolis, Wagrees, &c.; that they should have taken to plundering to keep themselves alive. The necessary stoppage of all public works was, for these classes, a great misfortune, by depriving them of almost the only way in which they could obtain an honest livelihood. I believe the increase in crime was really greater than appears from returns, because a very large proportion of the petty thefts of grain were never reported, partly because those plundered of a little grain felt nothing was to be gained by a complaint and partly either because they feared to do so, or out of compassion for the thieves.

38. The chief increase in the number of complaints occurs in Ahmedabad and the Panch Maháls, where the numbers of poor cultivators such as Kolis, &c., is large. It is not surprizing then to find that the hardness of the times is reflected in the Police returns. The class of crime that best illustrates this, is the so-called dacoities and ordinary thefts. Dacoities in 1876, before the severe pressure of high prices began, numbered 34 in 1877, when the pressure for a time was severe, increased to 77, while during 1878, when the pressure has been continuous, it has risen to 106; while thefts during 1877 increased in number by 1,228 cases, and again by 1,866 during the past year. No Police arrangements, however good, could prevent an increase of crime of this kind. All the Police can do is to exert themselves to bring offenders to punishment, and this, I think, the figures I have given show they have done. The general working of the Police has on the whole been satisfactory; but at the same time as I explained in my letter No. 156, dated 4th February 1879, when reporting on the working of the Kaira Police, a good deal may be done both by Magistrates and Police Superintendents, to improve the working of the force generally. As the proposals, I then made, are still before Government, I need not refer further to this subject at present.

*Statement C.*

39. This statement is omitted as no offences were committed by habitual criminals who come under the cognizance of the Thugi Department.

*Statement D.*

40. This is a statement of additional Police employed for the protection of persons and property at large fairs or jatrás. No extra Police were entertained for this purpose during the year under report:

41. Punitive Police Posts were established at the villages of Gunjala, Vithalpur, and Sinaj in the Choval villages of the Viramgón Táluka of Ahmedabad from November 1878.

Punitive Posts. These villages are situated close to the Kadi Táluka, belonging to the territories of His Highness the Gaikwar, in a part of the country that has long been troubled by gangs of robbers, who were more than once traced to these villages. Those who plundered in British territory sought refuge in the Gaikwar's; while those who plundered in the Gaikwar's territory sought refuge in the villages named. The thieves on both sides of the frontier aided each other, and were too much for the small local Police force. Posts of a highly punitive character were therefore placed in these villages with, I am glad to say, the very best results.

42. In the Surat District a punitive post was imposed in the city of Surat owing to the disgraceful riots that occurred in that city in April 1878. This punitive post consists of 27 officers and 83 men, at an annual cost of Rs. 16,404.

43. The Punitive Police Post of Od in the Kaira District was established in the yearly part of 1875, and having effected the object, for which it was imposed, was discontinued from the 30th June 1878. Another Punitive Police Post was, however, established in the Kaira District, at the village of Kansari, owing to the misconduct of the villagers after the commission of an atrocious murder between the limits of this village and those of the Gaikwari village of Bhodum, in which last also, His Highness the Gaikwar's Government have established a strong Punitive Police Post.

*Statement E.*

44. The total sanctioned strength of the Police of all grades in the Northern Division, including the Superintendents of Police, is 4,971, and the population of the Division 4,008,351. This force is maintained at a cost of Rs. 8,28,096. It was distributed as follows on the last day of the year :--

General Police duties	...	...	...	...	3,304
Jail Guards	...	...	...	...	219
Treasury and Miscellaneous Guards	...	...	...	...	647
Town and Municipal duties	...	...	...	...	752
Cantonment duties	...	...	...	...	40
<i>Add—</i>					
Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents	...	...	...	...	9
					Total... 4,971

45. The following statement shows the proportion of Police to area and to population of the whole Division, excluding Native States, cantonments, and railways, and for each district separately :—

DISTRICTS.	Sanctioned Strength.	Area in Square Miles.	Population.	PROPORTION OF POLICE TO	
				Area.	Population.
				Square Miles	Numbers.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	1,284	3,848	829,687	3-12	672
Kaira .. .. .	736	1,561	782,733	2-12	1,063
Panch Mahals .. .. .	817	1,731	240,748	2-21	308
Broach .. .. .	417	1,358	350,322	3-25	840
Surat .. .. .	863	1,588	607,087	2-43	928
Thana .. .. .	809	4,052	847,424	5-01	1,049
Kotaba .. .. .	306	1,482	350,405	4-84	1,145
Total ..	4,971	15,620	4,008,351	3-14	808-54

46. As I pointed out last year this statement is misleading, as it fails to take account of the large areas and population of the many portions of territory belonging to Native States; intermingled with the different charges of the superintendents, so that the area the Police have to work over and protect, is in reality very much greater than is shown in the statement, which not only makes supervision more difficult but affects the proportion of Police to population.

*Statement F.*

47. The whole force consisting of 4,962 officers and men, is divided into two branches, the armed 2,223 and the unarmed 2,739. This does not include the Superintendents and their Assistants.

PUNISHMENTS.

48. The following table shows what punishments have been inflicted in the different districts :—

DISTRICTS.	SANCTIONED STRENGTH.		DISMISSED.		PERCENTAGE.		PUNISHED DEPARTMENTALLY.		PERCENTAGE.	
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	219	1,003	2	21	0-9	2-3	60	123	27-2	12-2
Kaira .. .. .	141	694	3	7	2-1	1-2	60	146	42-5	21-0
Panch Mahals .. .. .	113	702	1	17	0-9	2-4	18	54	15-9	7-7
Broach .. .. .	79	317	..	8	..	1-5	14	39	17-7	11-6
Surat .. .. .	110	532	..	8	..	1-5	11	105	9-2	19-7
Thana .. .. .	143	659	..	8	..	1-5	6	69	4-8	10-5
Kotaba .. .. .	65	250	1	8	1-7	3-2	8	25	14-5	10-0
Total ..	855	4,077	7	74	0-8	1-8	177	561	20-0	13-8

49. The only point in the above statement that seems to require notice, is the number of punishments inflicted on the Kaira force. The figures show that in this force nearly one-half of the officers and one-fourth of the men have been punished departmentally. Mr. Duggan, who has only been at Kaira from the 25th November 1878, has not mentioned any reason for this apparent severity as compared with the neighbouring districts of Ahmedabad and Panch Maháls. The proportion is very high, but without going into details it is impossible to say whether punishments have been too freely awarded or too great severity shown. The officers in the higher grades of the Kaira Police are not, as a rule, very intelligent; they are, many of them, not fit for the post of chief constable; they are good Jamádárs and nothing more. It is, however, impossible under the existing orders of Government to get men of the stamp required for chief constables. They will not enter as constables or serve for three years as head constables, which has practically been made a *sine qua non*. When the new orders of Government were received, there were a certain number of men being trained as head constables for chief constables—men of intelligence and education. But when the new orders were published, these all resigned, and I fear, the chance of getting men fit efficiently to fill the important post of chief constables is daily becoming less. A certain number of these officers should be Brahmins—men capable to organizing detective branches if required—men with the power and position to acquire information themselves, which our present chief constables, as a rule, most certainly are not. The late transactions at Poona seem to me as good an instance as could be derived to illustrate my meaning. What has the detective branch of the Police in the city of Poona done?

REWARDS.

50. The following table gives all the information regarding these that is required, but it will be noticed that rewards as well as punishments have been most freely bestowed in the Kaira District:—

DISTRICTS.	Number of Men.	REWARDS.			
		By Promotion.	Percentage.	By Money.	Percentage.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	1,233	208	16.9	...	...
Kaira .. .. .	785	189	24.7	4	0.5
Panch Maháls .. .. .	818	60	7.3	1	0.1
Broach .. .. .	418	29	6.9	1	0.2
Surat .. .. .	652	42	6.4	6	0.9
Thána .. .. .	807	...	...	...	...
Kolába .. .. .	305	2	0.6	...	...
Total .. .. .	4,963	520	10.5	11	0.2

EDUCATION.

51. Last year there were 599 officers and 1,385 men able to read and write, and 123 officers and 998 men under instruction. This year there are 634 officers and 1,631 men under the former class, and 75 officers and 845 men under the latter class. The following table shows the state of education in each District:—

DISTRICTS.	Number of Men.	ABLE TO READ AND WRITE.		Percentage.
		Officers.	Men.	
Ahmedabad .. .. .	1,233	177	14.3	42
Kaira .. .. .	785	90	11.5	5.4
Panch Maháls .. .. .	818	76	9.3	4.3
Broach .. .. .	418	54	12.9	11
Surat .. .. .	652	105	16.1	14
Thána .. .. .	807	90	11.1	7.4
Kolába .. .. .	305	40	13.1	40
Total .. .. .	4,963	624	12.6	40



52. In my report, last year, I commented on the backwardness of the Panch Maháls, Broach, and Thána Districts. But during 1878 both Broach and the Panch Maháls have improved considerably, as the percentage has risen from 23 and 24, to 51 and 42 respectively; while Thána remains almost stationary. I have ascertained by a reference to the Superintendents of Police that men merely able to sign their names are not entered in the class "able to read and write"—a fair knowledge of the vernacular is considered sufficient. The standard, however, seems to vary, in some districts those who can read the 2nd Book fairly are entered, while in others those only who can write an intelligible report in the vernacular are classed as able to read and write, and this last appears to me the better course. All Superintendents will be directed to adopt this standard for the future.

53. The 75 officers and 845 men under instruction are shown as follows:—

DISTRICTS.	Officers.		Men.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmedabad .. .. .	25	25	235	235
Kaira .. .. .	7	7	84	84
Panch Maháls .. .. .	...	...	46	46
Broach .. .. .	23	23	177	177
Surat .. .. .	10	10	80	80
Thána .. .. .	..	..	165	165
Kolába .. .. .	10	10	58	58
Total .. .. .	75	75	845	845

The number under instruction has fallen off as compared with the previous year, but pressure of work accounts for this.

#### ENLISTMENT.

54. 455 men were enlisted during the year, 2,206 have served over one and under ten years and 2,267 have over ten years' service, 137 resigned against 120 the previous year. The largest number is in Ahmedabad and Thána. Fourteen men deserted, of whom 7 belonged to the Panch Mahál force, 4 to the Surat, 2 to the Ahmedabad, and 1 to the Broach force. The death-rate for the year was 2.27 per cent. which is higher than usual; but the season was an unhealthy one everywhere.

#### Statement G.

55. Of the seven Superintendents and two Assistants, two are Military and seven are Uncovenanted Officers. All are Europeans. It is with regret I notice how the Military element in the Police is gradually dying out: this is much to be deplored. The rest of the Police force are natives of this country. The following is a brief abstract showing the different castes as compared with the preceding year:—

CASTES.	Officers.		Men.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Christians .. .. .	10	9	1	1
Mahomedans .. .. .	311	309	1,298	1,343
Brahmins .. .. .	57	58	180	183
Rajputs .. .. .	196	184	798	734
Bhils .. .. .	37	35	185	144
Kolis .. .. .	29	30	318	294
Parsons and Jews .. .. .	72	74	535	518
Sikhs and Ghoorkas .. .. .	9	9	4	4
Hindus of other castes .. .. .	..	..	..	1
Total .. .. .	174	179	745	818

#### POLICE BUILDINGS.

56. The expenditure on Police buildings was Rs. 17,102 only against Rs. 86,325 in the previous year. Of this sum Rs. 12,915-8-0 were spent by the Public Works Department, Rs. 10,025 in repairs, and Rs. 2,889 on new buildings; Rs. 4,187 were spent by the Superintendents, Rs. 4,023 on petty repairs, and Rs. 163 on petty construction. Many much needed works had to be deferred owing to financial pressure.

## SUICIDES AND ACCIDENTAL DEATHS.

57. The following is a statement of suicides and accidental deaths in each district:—

DISTRICTS.	Population.	SUICIDES.			Proportion of Suicides to the Total Population of the District.	ACCIDENTAL DEATHS.					Proportion of Accidental Deaths to the Total Population of the District.
		By drowning.	Other causes.	Total.		By drowning.	By Snake-bites.	Wild Animals.	Other Causes.	Total.	
Ahmedabad .. ..	820,887	18	15	33	28,140	77	25	7	25	142	5,171
Kaira .. ..	782,733	37	11	48	16,306	112	43	1	134	301	3,699
Panch Mahals .. ..	240,743	7	0	13	12,518	20	22	3	109	146	1,648
Broach .. ..	250,322	22	2	24	13,478	67	11	11	48	136	2,614
Surat .. ..	607,087	13	0	13	21,951	191	25	1	81	338	2,560
Thána .. ..	847,424	17	23	40	21,188	161	104	12	178	455	1,862
Kolába .. ..	280,406	5	4	9	24,933	68	56	1	17	114	2,078
Total .. ..	4,008,261	120	68	188	21,221	631	371	54	618	1,640	2,608

The largest number of suicides appears against Kaira, though in Thána the number was nearly as large. These districts also head the list in the numbers of accidental deaths. The best test, however, is the proportion of deaths to population, and taking this as a test, it appears that the deaths per population are:—

DISTRICTS.	One Suicide to Population.	One Accidental Death to Population.
Ahmedabad .. ..	28,140	5,171
Kaira .. ..	16,306	3,699
Panch Mahals .. ..	12,518	1,648
Broach .. ..	13,478	2,614
Surat .. ..	21,951	2,560
Thána .. ..	21,188	1,862
Kolába .. ..	24,933	2,078
Average .. ..	21,221	2,608

## PERSONAL INVESTIGATION OF SERIOUS CRIME.

58. It only remains now to notice the activity displayed by the Superintendents of Police in visiting at once the scene of any serious crime as required by the orders of Government.

59. The following abstract shows the details given by the Superintendents, whose returns are appended:—

DISTRICTS.	Cases entered in Returns.	Number Visited at once.	Number not Visited.	Visited after some days.	REMARKS.
Ahmedabad .. ..	{ 28	19	16	5	Assistant Supdt.
Kaira .. ..	{ 20	21	24	7	
Panch Mahals .. ..	{ 44	7	37	..	Dtto.
Broach .. ..	{ 60	20	29	..	
Surat .. ..	{ 28	11	9	..	
Thána .. ..	{ 0	8	8	..	
Kolába .. ..	{ 65	19	46	6	
	{ 7	1	6	..	

60. The Superintendents' returns have not been so carefully prepared as could have been wished, and the headings of columns have not been properly attended to by some Superintendents.

61. The number of places visited immediately on receipt of intimation of the commission of a serious crime is not so large as in my opinion it should have been. This is partly accountable for by transfers among the Superintendents or by the Superintendent's Office as at Broach being held for a time by the Huzúr Deputy Collector, who of course could not go to the scene of crime. It is only by looking at the reason assigned against each case that any opinion can be formed, and in the majority of cases the reasons given are valid; but I should have liked to have seen more activity displayed in the Thána, Panch Mahals, Surat, and Kolába Districts.

62. It only remains for me to state, and it gives me pleasure to do so, that on the whole I consider the different Superintendents of Police have, under unusually trying circumstances, carried on their onerous duties in a very creditable manner. It is a very common and easy thing to decry the India Police, but few of the critics know the difficulties that have to be encountered and overcome. In a year like that now passed, these have been unusually great, and the results, I think, speak favourably, not only for the Superintendents, but for the diligence of the inferior grades of the force.

63. I should have liked to have entered more fully in this report upon one or two Police questions, but having been suddenly ordered away I have had to get ready this report under somewhat difficult circumstances, which must be my excuse for its many imperfections.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. N. B. ERSKINE,

Acting Commissioner, N. D.

## PART II.

### REVIEW OF SUPERINTENDENTS' REPORTS.

In the remarks in Part II., I shall not go over the ground already examined in Part I., though in some cases additional details may be added.

#### AHMEDABAD.

2. Area ... ..	3,848 square miles.
Population ... ..	829,637
Strength of Police ... ..	1,234
Police to Area ... ..	3.12
Police to population ... ..	672

#### 3. Superintendent of Police—Captain R. WESTMACOTT.

Assistant Superintendent of Police.	}	W. HOLLAND, Esquire, from 1st January to 2nd May 1878.
		D. MACLEAN, Esquire, from 17th May to 31st December 1878.

4. There were 20 cases of murders against 21 Murders. cases in the previous year. These may be classed as follows:—

Intrigue with women ... 2	Result of cattle trespass ... 5
Revenge ... 4	Causes unknown ... 2
Avarice ... 7	
These cases were disposed of as follows:—	
Undetected ... 4	Acquitted by the Sessions Court ... 5
Released by the Magistrate ... 4	Convicted ... 2
The murderer is known, but is at large ... 1	The accused died after committal to the Sessions ... 1
Pending ... 3	

As regards the acquittals Major Westmacott writes that—

“The Police have been singularly unlucky. It has been the misfortune of the Police of this district to have to send its Sessions cases before a court that has always taken a very lenient view of cases brought before it, which shows badly in Police returns.”

Besides the above 20 cases of murders, two cases of the previous year were tried and convicted during the year under report.

The only case of murder which calls for notice is the one referred to at pages 13-14 of my report for last year, and I think it will be better to give an extract from the Superintendent's report regarding it.

"On the 3rd February 2 bundles, containing in one the trunk and in the other the arms and legs of a corpse, were found between camp and the city (Ahmedabad), on the side of the road. Beyond recognizing it as the body of a Sadhoo, there was no clue to who it was, and a notice, offering a reward for identification, was at once issued. On the 8th the remains were identified as those of a Sadhoo, named Dharamdass. It was then found that he had gone with a man named Jowalaparsad, on the evening of the 2nd, who was taking him to a man (his Bhuggat), who professed to turn silver into gold. Jowalaparsad was searched for and found in a house, outside the city walls, near the Railway station, in company with Sona Jeiram, Lalgar, the alchemist, and woman Kesar. The men were Punjabee Brahmins and the woman a Musalmani. Splashes of blood were found on the walls, and on digging up the fresh cowdung floor the earth was found saturated with blood. The property of deceased was recovered from Lalgar's woman, Siv, with the exception of the cash. The cloth in which the remains were found belonged to Lalgar, and was tied with his lotah-string, the remaining half being found in his house. Sona Jeiram was allowed to become Queen's evidence. After which a full confession was made by all, except the woman. From this time Lalgar, who was the leader only, had one wish, and that was revenge on Sona. Sona confessed to seven murders with Lalgar. Jowalaparsad was only in this one. When the case came on for trial Lalgar and Jowalaparsad were sentenced for life, and the woman who had held the light whilst the body was cut up had carried one of the bundles to where it was found, and was also present at the murder, was sentenced to five years. I have never understood what the Sessions Court saw in this case that prevented capital sentence being passed.

"Upon the completion of this case, proceedings were commenced against Lalgar and the woman Kesar—in a similar case noticed by me last year as No 18, when the body was cut up and left on the banks of the river—in this Lalgar was sentenced to death, and Kesar to six months.

"After this no other cases were proceeded with. Lalgar sent for me and confessed to more than 20 murders in various parts of the country. I took up six that appeared to be circumstantially narrated; but found nothing in them. All he wished was to hang Sona Jeiram. Lalgar had been a professional murderer from his childhood; and I make no doubt from the way he narrated the facts of these murders, that he had committed them all, but he changed place and name to try and bring Sona Jeiram in. When he failed with me he sent for the Judge, who, for the whole of one day, was taking down his so-called confession, and I was ordered by Government to enquire into it; but the results were the same. Finally, he was hanged on the 10th September 1878. The previous day he stated he should not be hanged as he would be dead at 4 A.M. At 2 A.M. he got up, washed and dressed, and at a few minutes before 4 sat down with his legs drawn up and back to the wall, and never moved again. He was carried in this position to the gallows, and the Medical Officer present certified that he was alive, and he was hanged."

5. Homicides have increased from 2 in the previous year to 4 in the year under report. The only one which calls for any remark is the one which occurred on 8th July 1878, at the village of Kathi Aniali, which is a Thakor's village, but sold to a Bania. There is bad feeling between the two parties, and the above offence occurred when an affray took place. Captain Westmacott thinks that unless a Police post is established at the cost of the Bania we will continue to have crime in this village. He stayed at the village, but says he found the Bania "impracticable." An attempt was made by the Talukdári Settlement Officer with the assistance of Mr. Bechardas Ambaidas, to arrange matters between the Thakor and the Bania; but though the latter agreed to a settlement, and an agreement was drawn up, he now entirely repudiates it. Of the remaining three cases of homicides, one was owing to a case of cattle-trespass, one was the result of a dispute about grain amongst Dhers, and the third was a highway robbery for grain. In all four cases conviction was obtained.

6. There were only seven cases of dacoity against 20 in 1877. In all of these convictions were obtained. Though technically dacoities, they are in fact, highway robberies. The Superintendent thinks the falling off in the number of dacoities is owing to "there being a very small quantity of grain on the roads, and when it has been necessary to convey grain it has been generally carried by daylight and properly looked after."

7. There was only one case of attempt at murder. The husband suspected the wife of having poisoned his bread; but medical examination did not result in discovering poison, and the case was dismissed by the Magistrate. The case should have been struck off as "no crime," only that the husband himself suspected his wife of an attempt to poison.

Reasons for increase of crime and value of stolen property.

8. Captain Westmacott makes the following remarks regarding the increase of crime and the value of property stolen and recovered :—

“The amount of property stolen during the year under report is a heavy increase upon 1877. This was to be expected, and, it will, I hope, be considered creditable to the Police that the percentage of recovery has remained fairly stationary. The amount of property stolen is Rs. 89,868 against 34,888 last year, and the recovery 55,857 against 22,598 for 1877. During this year the recovery is 62.15 per cent of the whole, and last year it was 64.77. The increase in crime and the consequent increase in loss of property is due chiefly to the state of destitution and absolute starvation, in which a large number of the population of the district are. Up to January 1876 *bājri*, the staple food of the district, was selling for 35 lbs. for the rupee, and from that time until now the price has rarely changed except for the worse. The poorest classes are most improvident; they live from hand to mouth, and a hard season means starvation or thieving. I append a small table giving the prices of grains for the last 18 months, marked No. 3, from which the hardness of the times may be easily seen. For the first few months when the rise in prices came, the lower classes were able to part with the few things they had in their houses and buy grain, but when that was exhausted there was nothing to be done but to steal or starve. In Gogha, Dholera, Dhandhuka, Modasa and parts of Prántij, with all that country bordering on Káthiáwár, the distress is greatest. This year the *kharif* crops would have been good everywhere, but were generally spoiled by the succession of flights of locusts that came. Another cause of increase in the amount of property stolen, is that some of the house robberies during the year have been very heavy and have run up the total amount—I find (12) twelve cases from Ahmedabad, Dholera, Dhandhuka and Pátri alone, give a total of Rs. 41,698. Before concluding my remarks upon the property stolen and recovered, I wish to show that Rs. 19,945 worth are complaints arising from family quarrels, and should never have been entered at all as thefts :—

Rs. 5,277 property confiscated by complainants' creditors.  
 „ 6,796 nephew and uncle dispute of succession.  
 „ 1,195 husband and wife.  
 „ 1,677 husband and wife.  
 „ 5,000 quarrel between guardian and ward.

“Three of these cases are pending and will probably be struck off now, if this Rs. 19,945 are deducted from the total amount of property stolen our percentage of recovery rises from 62 to 79.88 per cent a large increase upon that of last year.”

9. Owing to the large fires in the city of Ahmedabad during 1877 the estimated loss was enormous, being Rs. 4,27,243. During 1878 it was Rs. 12,073. The fires were accidental.

10. The Dhuliakot jail guard has been reduced from 40 to 22 men of all ranks. The guarding of jails is now undertaken by warders, and the above guard is merely a picquet in case of an *emuete*.

Conduct of Officers. 11. The Superintendent writes —

“Mr. Holland, who was Assistant Superintendent up to 2nd May, left, as Acting Superintendent for Kaira; he had become a real Assistant, and I felt his loss. Mr. Maclean joined on the 17th May, and is only learning his work; he has both the language and his Departmental examinations before him, and I find him very willing.”

He also expresses himself in high terms as regards his three Inspectors—Rao Saheb Narayen Krishna, Rao Bahadur Yoosuf Ali and Khan Saheb Nanabhai Cowasji; also of Chief Constable Ranchorelal Mansukram, who has recently been promoted to an acting Inspectorship. As regards the difficulty of finding suitable men in the Police for promotion to the grade of Chief Constable, Major Westmacott records the following remarks, in which I entirely concur :—

“Amtha Narsi, Chief Constable of Dholka Town, is a good detective, but quite unfit for a chief constable. He is a promotion of my own but forced upon me by the order that no chief constables are to be appointed except from the ranks. The later order which came out ordering that all men must serve as head constables 3 years before promotion to chief constable, still further hampers appointments to chief constable. I would here most respectfully observe that these two orders go far to prevent one obtaining efficient chief constables. The order is issued on the assumption that other men's interests are injured when outsiders are appointed as chief constables. I do not believe one man in one hundred when he enlists as a constable does, in his most ambitious moments, ever dream of becoming more than at the highest a *Jamádár*, and many of them are quite fit for that, though totally unfitted for chief constable. The line between *Jamádár* or second class Head Constable and 1st class Head Constable, is education, i.e., a man's capability of conducting the work of a Chief Constable's Cutcherry. No matter how good (a sepoy) a man may have been, or even native officer, I contend that a higher class of man is wanted. If a Superintendent had a man serving in

the ranks fitted for promotion to chief constable he would gladly push on one he knew rather than an outsider, but to appoint men that are neither, from education nor social standing, qualified for the position of chief constable, I respectfully submit, lowers the position of chief constables both in the eyes of their subordinates and the rest of the zilla."

Relations with foreign territory. 12. The Superintendent says—

"Our relations with His Highness the Gaekwar's Officials are entirely satisfactory, and the Police on both sides work together cordially."

Drill. 13. Major Westmacott on this subject reports—

"Our Drill season is necessarily the monsoon, when I get every available man I can into Head-quarters, both mounted and armed Police, and take always one drill parade each day, either mounted or foot, myself."

A pensioned Risaldar and a pensioned Subedar are employed to teach the mounted and foot Police their drill, and Major Westmacott adds "a leaven of old soldiers, both foot and mounted, are good for discipline, and they raise the general smartness of the whole body."

I think Major Westmacott deserves great credit for the pains he has taken to drill his armed branch of the Police. I have never yet seen a better set up Police force, and this is especially true of the Mounted Police, in any part of the Presidency.

#### KAIRA.

14. Area ... ..	1,561 Square Miles.
Population ... ..	782,733
Strength of Police ... ..	736
Police to Area ... ..	2.12
Police to population ... ..	1063.49

15. *Superintendent of Police.* { Major W. P. LATOUCHE, up to 3rd May 1878.  
W. J. HOLLAND, Esquire, up to 24th November 1878.  
H. J. DUGGAN, Esquire, up to the end of the year.

Murders. 16. There were 15 cases of murder against 10 in the previous year. In eleven cases the offenders were detected and arraigned before the Magistrate, who discharged two and committed eight cases to the Sessions, and one was still pending disposal. The Sessions Court convicted four and discharged two cases, and two cases were still pending disposal.

The 15 cases may be classed as follows:—

Intrigue with women ... ..	7.
Revenge ... ..	2.
Avarice ... ..	3.
Unknown causes ... ..	3.

In one case the offender was apprehended, but escaped from custody of the Panch Mahal Police, and is still at large. In another case a "Patidar" was shot by a Policeman, who went before the Magistrate and represented it was an accident. He was committed to the Sessions and there discharged. The only other case which is out of the common is the following, and this only on account of the revolting conduct of the murderer:—

"At Nadiad, a Gosai, living in one of the temples outside the town, stabbed a boy, for refusing to bring a light to place before the idol, and drawing out the entrails began to eat them. The offender was committed for trial, and sentenced to death."

17. There were two cases of attempts at murder and both were committed to the Sessions, but in one case only conviction was obtained.

18. Cases of culpable homicide have risen from four in 1877 to 19 in 1878, out of which 16 were detected, nine convictions were obtained, one case was discharged, and six were pending trial at the close of the year.

19. There were 10 cases of kidnapping against only three the previous year. It is satisfactory to find that convictions were obtained in seven cases, two being discharged, one by the Magistrate and one by the Sessions Court. The accused, in one case, a

woman, died while undergoing her trial at Baroda, for the murder of the girl kidnapped from the Kaira District.

20. The number of cases of dacoity has declined from seven in 1877 to two in 1878. In both cases convictions were obtained, though one case was decided after the close of the year. These cases were only technically dacoities.

As in every part of Gujarát there was an increase in crime and this may be attributed to the same cause. A bad season and consequent distress amongst the poor, who in parts of the Kaira District, are numerous.

The District Magistrate remarks—

“There has been a remarkable increase in the number of cognizable offences, viz., one of 75 per cent. The proportion of convictions to cases investigated is good, so also is the proportion of convictions to arrests, although, not so good as it was last year.”

PANCH MAHA'LS.

21. Area	...	...	...	...	...	1,731.
Population	...	...	...	...	...	240,743.
Strength of Police	...	...	...	...	...	817.
Police to Area	...	...	...	...	...	2-21.
Police to population	...	...	...	...	...	308.

22. Superintendent of Police.	}	W. B. PRESCOTT, Esquire, up to 20th April 1878.
		H. G. GELL, Esquire, up to 20th August 1878.
Assistant Superintendent of Police.	}	Major W. P. LATOUCHE, up to end of the year.
		M. D. MCKENZIE, Esquire, for the month of January 1878.
		H. G. GELL, Esquire, up to 3rd June 1878.
		C. Jones, Esquire, up to 10th December 1878.
		C. E. Coles, Esquire, up to the end of the year.

23. There were nine cases of murder and one of the previous year was also disposed of during the year under report. Of these six remained undetected at the close of the year. Two were convicted and two were discharged. In these four cases six persons were arrested, and of them one was released without trial, two were acquitted, and three have been convicted.

Six cases in the Jhálod Mahál alone were undetected, which, as the Superintendent remarks, is “very unsatisfactory.” The Chief Constable of Jhálod is said to be quite unfit for his position, and this is a point on which further inquiry will be made. At the same time it must be noted that Jhálod is a difficult charge, that more than one murder was occasioned by arrow-wounds during fights with gangs of plunderers in the dark, and in some of the other cases the deceased persons were not even identified, not being residents but waifs from the large number of strangers wandering about the country in search of food.

The nine cases of murders committed during 1878, may be classed as follows:—

Intrigue with women	...	...	...	...	...	1
Avarice	...	...	...	...	...	3
Despair	...	...	...	...	...	1
Protecting property	...	...	...	...	...	1
Unknown	...	...	...	...	...	3

24. There was only one case of attempt at murder in which a woman after a quarrel attacked and wounded her aunt with an axe in several places. She was convicted and sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

25. All the three cases which occurred during the year were convicted, and there is nothing peculiar in the cases deserving mention.

26. Dacoities in this as in other districts greatly increased in number ; but in the Panch Maháls, owing to the nature of its inhabitants and the large amount of distress, the increase was greater than elsewhere. Dacoities increased from 13 in 1877 and 2 in 1876 to 58. Of these in 21 cases convictions were obtained, 7 cases were discharged, 5 were pending at the end of the year and 26 were undetected. Many of these crimes were committed by gangs who crossed the frontier to plunder and immediately after a raid recrossed. The Police could not follow them up and had no Police across the frontier to help them. Of the 201 persons apprehended in 33 of these cases—

118 were convicted.  
 3 were discharged.  
 43 were acquitted.  
 11 were released on bail.  
 15 were pending trial and singularly.  
 11 died before trial was completed.

As regards these cases the Superintendent writes—

“There is nothing worthy of note in any of these cases. In 33 the case was under Rs. 25 in each case and the largest amount was only Rs. 287, grain and cattle were principally taken. Food and the means of getting food was the object, and to stop, an old woman and relieve her of two or three rupees worth of grain more than once, five or ten men took the trouble to come long distances.”

27. The Superintendent in this district also attributes the increase in crime generally to “distress, high price of grain and scarcity of food.” He adds “even now the majority of the Bhils in these parts are living on grass-seed, which fortunately this year is plentiful.” Crime was worst during the rainy season, “during June, July, August 215, 274, 275 cases under classes III. and V. occurred; while in January, February, October, November, December, the average was about 100 cases a month.”

28. The Magistrate, when commenting on the annual report, observes—

“The fact of so much crime especially, murders remaining undetected, is greatly to be regretted ; but as shown by both Major LaTouche and Mr Prescott the difficulties of apprehending and facilities for escape in a district like the Panch Maháls, consisting of two insulated divisions surrounded by foreign territory are most formidable and trying to the Police. Last year additional Thanas were placed in the Banswara frontier, through the intervention of the Assistant Political Agent in charge, and rules framed for the guidance of the Police on either side as regards pursuit of offenders, &c., but as yet it is too early to form an opinion on the working of the new arrangement.”

29. It is to be hoped that these changes may reduce frontier crime, but the country is in places wild, hilly, and wooded, which makes Police operations difficult.

Conduct of officers. 30. Major LaTouche remarks—

“The conduct of officers and men has been apparently good, though, I regret to note a good many instances of prisoners escaping from custody of Police, both village and district. The sentences passed in such cases by the Magistrate seem to me too lenient to have any deterrent effect. I will give two instances. In one case two men of the Bhil corps were taking a woman prisoner to Godra along the road from Kálol in the middle of the day, according to their statement she was permitted to go for purpose of nature to one side, no one went with her. She absconded. One man was acquitted, one fined Rs. 10.

“In another case a Mukhi and two Rawanias armed with swords were taking three prisoners to Godra. The prisoners were tied by the arms with ropes which were held by the Rawanias. The property in the case was carried by one of the Rawanias. The Mukhi and Rawanias arrived without their prisoners and the property even! They said the prisoners had suddenly turned, assaulted them with stones and finally ran away with the property. I ordered their prosecution. The Magistrate discharged all three on the grounds that they had done their best and made a fair fight of it as evidenced by their wounds from the stones flung at them. The Medical Officer describes their injuries as *slight contusion* on the arm, curious to say in all three cases on the left forearm.”

Of the Assistants Major LaTouche observes—“Mr. Jones was here under me for about 4½ months; he was painstaking and anxious to do his best; but his entire ignorance of the language and work and inexperience of the country were fatal to success as a Police officer.”

“Mr. Coles joined me on the 11th December, and his interest in his work and acquaintance with it have already borne fruit in the bringing to light one or two serious crimes which had remained undetected.”



Drill.

31. The Superintendent reports that—

“The drill of the men is superintended by the Assistant Superintendent of Police and the Subhedar Major at Dohad. All men are sent there on enlistment for a certain time. There are properly qualified Drill masters, and daily instruction is given.”

## BROACH.

32.	Area	...	...	...	1,358
	Population	...	...	...	350,322
	Strength of Police	...	...	...	417
	Police to Area	...	...	...	3.25
	Police to population	...	...	...	840

33. Superintendent of Police.	}	C. M. McIVER, Esquire, up to 25 April 1879.
		RAO BAHADUR PRANLAL MATHURADAS, up to 5th July.
		C. E. COLES, Esquire, up to 1st December 1878.
		W. HOLLAND, Esquire, up to the end of the year.

34. There were eleven cases of murder against four in the previous year, and convictions were obtained in five cases; while two were pending at the end of the year. Mr. Holland, the Superintendent, writes about these cases, as follows:—

“Four murders are reported from Jambusar, which appears to be the most troublesome taluka to deal with in the district. The inhabitants, for the most part, are Musalmán Bohras, a powerful body of men of a very bad type; and it is very hard to bring a crime home to them, as they screen each other.

The eleven cases of murder may be classed as follows:—

- 1 Intrigue with women and revenge.
- 1 Committed in attempting to escape.
- 2 Quarrels about land.
- 1 Quarrel between husband and wife.
- 3 For sake of money.
- 2 Revenge.
- 1 Dacoity and murder.

One was a case in which a Police Constable was killed by a prisoner under his charge, who was in custody for a murder he had already committed. This case is thus described by the Superintendent—

“On the 15th January a man named Amir Sirdar informed the Chief Constable that his father Sirdar Bhaimea had disappeared under suspicious circumstances; the Chief Constable suspected that the man had been murdered, but no traces of the body could be found. During the inquiry the following facts came out that on the morning of the 14th, one Umed Dadabhoy came to the house of Sirdar Bhaimea and asked him to accompany him to some fields to steal jowar. Both left the house together, but Sirdar never returned.

“Umed Dadabhoy at first denied all knowledge, but subsequently admitted that Sirdar Bhaimea had been murdered and his body thrown into a jowari field, about one mile from Dehej, pointing out the spot. On visiting the spot, the Police could not find the body, but the ground was covered with blood, and from this the chief constable inferred that the body had been recently removed, he accordingly detained Umed Dadabhoy and three others whom he suspected.

“A strict search was made for the body all night of the 15th but without success. Meantime Umed Dadabhoy and the three suspected persons were ordered to pass the night in a house in the town, and two constables and several village watchmen told off to prevent their escaping.

“The two constables, whose names were Hartanji and Bhuwan, watched alternately; during the latter's watch (he being probably half asleep) Umed Dadabhoy got up, seized a sword and savagely attacked Hartanji, whereupon Bhuwan interfered, when Umed turned on him and cut him three times, Bhuwan rushed out to report matters, but took the precaution to fasten the door behind him with the chain. Umed Dadabhoy now turned on the other constable who was in the room with him and hacked him to pieces, killing him and then tried to open the door, but failed; the chief constable now arrived on the scene and spoke to Umed through the door, telling him to deliver up his sword, which he stoutly declined to do, threatening mischief to any one who should approach him.

"At length Umed was induced to pass the sword out to the Police, and was then secured. It was now discovered that he had tried to kill himself by falling on his own sword; but the point had broken off short, four inches of which was still in his abdomen. He was forwarded to Broach Hospital together with the wounded constable; but died of his self-inflicted wound within three days."

The family of the constable killed was granted a pension by Government. Eventually the mystery of the first murder was cleared up and two men were committed for trial; one was acquitted, the other was convicted and hanged at the village of Dehej where the crime was committed.

Of the other murders two were cases of child murder, the victims being murdered for the sake of their ornaments; four were cases in which poison was used in three cases to pay off private grudges, but in one the poisoners were wandering Pardeshis who poisoned to rob—the gang effected their escape into the Gaikwar's territory, and could not be traced. Two murders occurred owing to cotton stealers resorting to violence to escape capture.

Dacoities.

35. As regards dacoities the Superintendent writes—

"Two cases of so-called dacoity occurred both in Taluka A'mod, and were committed by gangs of people driven to steal grain, owing to pinching hunger. Neither of these call for special remark. In one case 14 men came to steal rice from a field at night, and in the other 20 or 25 men were concerned, who tried to steal grain, but were frustrated in their attempts, and went away empty handed."

36. The aggregate amount of property destroyed by fire was Rs. 16,168 against Rs. 30,483 in the previous year. Rs. 16,198 is attributed to accidental fires and Rs. 270 to mischief.

Loss by Fire.

37. Fifty-two licenses to carry arms were granted during the year. Fifty-four swords, 22 guns, and 1 sword-stick were licensed.

Arms Act.

38. The District Magistrate points out that there were four changes in the *personnel* of the Superintendent during the year, and these frequent changes are detrimental to the efficiency of the Police, considering that, in the Broach District especially, "the scheming and at the same time murderous proclivities of offenders among the Borah caste in particular is a matter of notoriety, and where, as respects both the character of the people generally and of the superior members of the Police force individually it is absolutely essential that a District Superintendent should be thoroughly well informed in order to succeed in bringing home to wrong-doers their crimes."

#### SURAT.

39.	Area	...	...	...	...	1,588 square miles.
	Population	...	...	...	...	607,087.
	Strength of Police	...	...	...	...	653.
	Police to Area	...	...	...	...	1 to 2.43 do.
	Police to population	...	...	...	...	1 to 929 persons.

40. Superintendent of Police—H. SCANNELL, Esquire.

41. Two cases of murder occurred during the year against four in the previous year. One was the result of a drunken quarrel amongst Bhils and the other of revenge. In the former a conviction was obtained, and the latter was pending at the end of the year.

Murders.

42. There were two cases of culpable homicide against four in 1877. In a quarrel amongst some fishermen a "Dubla" was killed; 28 persons were arrested, but were all discharged by the Magistrate for want of sufficient evidence. The 2nd case was the result of a beating. The accused was arrested on a charge of hurt, but the man having died, the offender was sent up for trial. The case was pending at the end of the year, but it may be mentioned that a conviction was subsequently obtained.

43. Five dacoities occurred during the year, and six of the previous years were brought under inquiry. Four of those of 1878 were committed by Bhils from foreign territory, and in all of them grain was the principal part of the stolen property. Mr. Scannell, alluding to these dacoities, says "the condition of the Bhils, especially on the northern border of Mándvi Division, was very distressed. The failure of the rain during the season of 1877 caused the price of grain to rise, and crime in consequence to increase."

Of the six cases of the previous years one was of 1874, and a conviction was obtained in it. Three were reported in 1877 as robberies, eleven persons were concerned in these cases, and this gang committed three robberies in one night. Ten were convicted and one acquitted. One case was of 1873, and it was undecided at the end of the year. The sixth case was also of 1873, and the one man arrested was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

44. It is needless in this place to repeat the history of the Surat riots which occurred; in 1878. Government already have received full accounts of all that occurred; in all fifty-four persons were arrested for these unfortunate disturbances, of whom 20 were punished:—

1 to 10 years' transportation.  
 8 to 7 years' do.  
 5 to 5 years' imprisonment.  
 1 to 2 years' imprisonment and Rs. 500 fine.  
 3 to 2 years' imprisonment.  
 2 to 2 months' do.

I was not, I may observe, at all satisfied with the conduct of the Surat Police either during the riots or afterwards.

45. The Superintendent writes: "A decrease is shown in the number of these offences, there being 771 of 1878 against 931 of 1877. Even this is more than usually occur during the year in this district. In 1874 there were 694 cases, in 1875, 605 cases, and in 1876, 453 cases. In para. 7 of my report for last year I mentioned the failure of the rain-fall as being the chief cause for the increase of these cases." This cause continued to affect the district during the first part of this year, and later the crops suffered from excess of rain, which with the high prices that prevailed throughout the year accounts for a considerable amount of crime. The decrease in the amount of this class of crime is not easily explained, but is probably attributable to the crop prospects for a time being very promising and labor in demand. It is, however, to be observed that the percentage of convictions on cases decided is better than in the preceding year, which shows that the Police worked well and deserves credit. The percentage is 71.9 against 68.12 of 1877.

Drill.

46. Mr. Scannell reports that—

"The men have shown great improvement in drill during the past year. After the Surat Riots, when the Punitive Post, of 100 men and 10 sowars was put on the city by Government, two drill masters from the 17th Regiment N.I. were employed in the head quarters for nearly six months; under their tuition the Head Constables and Police Drill Masters were much improved, the armed Police were instructed as far as company drill and the unarmed Police as far as squad drill. The 50 armed men of the Surat Punitive Post were specially selected, all being men who could be depended upon in any service, besides being men of good character and fine physique; their standard height being 5 feet 6 inches. They have learnt their drill excellently well, and, being armed with Snider rifles, make a most efficient Company. The Mounted Police were also instructed in cavalry drill as far as is required for moving about a detachment of 20 or 30 men, and were also practiced at firing from horseback."

Loss by Fire.

47. The loss by fire was Rs. 74,866 against Rs. 62,514 in 1877.

48. "These," the Superintendent states, "were sparingly issued during the year under report," and were chiefly given to Parsis.

Licenses to carry Arms.

49. Mr. Scannell has strongly advocated the Police being armed with breech-loading snider rifles. But Government having recently ordered that the old pattern musket should not be issued to the Police, the object of the change, it is believed, being that breech-loaders may be substituted, his suggestion, it may be said, has been practically already adopted.

50. Mr. Scannell has had under consideration the "inutility of scattering armed Police in small parties along the posts on our borders," and has been directed in communication with the District Magistrate to arrange for their concentration. There can, I think, be no doubt that these small posts in any real emergency are useless—they are unable to overawe even a moderately large gang of plunderers and sometimes invite attack for the sake of their arms. In ordinary times they have their uses, but on the whole it is better to strengthen the principal posts.

51. The Superintendent makes favourable mention of both his Inspectors Rao Saheb Motilal Mohanlal and Khan Saheb Jehan-ghirsha Ardesher, I cannot say, I think, the management of the Surat riot cases by the former redounded much to his credit; Mr. Scannell also makes mention of his chief constables, and he specially mentions Ajam Sorabji Bomanji, Hamidudin Mahmudsha, Parbhudas Bhukandas and Chotelal Narandas. One sowar and four constables were rewarded by Government for plucky conduct during the Surat riots.

#### THA'NA.

52. Area	...	...	...	4,052 square miles.
Population	...	...	...	847,424
Strength of Police	...	...	...	808
Police to Area...	...	...	...	1 to 5.01 do.
Police to population	...	...	...	1 to 1,049 persons.

53. *Superintendent of Police*—F. YATES, Esquire.

Decrease in crime.

54. The Superintendent writes—

"The total number of cognizable cases reported during the year was 6,285 as compared with 6,312 in 1877. This shows a slight decrease of 27 cases—a decrease which though it is so small as to be hardly worth noticing is nevertheless satisfactory, considering the dearness of the necessaries of life and consequent difficulties and hardships to which the poorer classes were subjected."

Murders.

55. There were 18 cases of murder, which may be classed as follows:—

Intrigue with women	...	...	...	3
Revenge	...	...	...	4
Witchcraft	...	...	...	4
By robbers	...	...	...	2
Infanticide	...	...	...	1
Unknown causes	...	...	...	4

In 9 cases convictions were obtained, in 4 cases the accused were discharged, in one acquitted, two cases were pending at the end of the year, and two remained undetected. None of the cases call for special mention.

56. I have noticed in para. 39 of the 1st part of this report that no dacoities were committed by professionals, and that Statement C is therefore not submitted. But I must here mention that two cases of dacoity occurred in the Thána District within 24 hours of each other and from the description given by the complainants it would seem that the offenders were of the Kaikari caste, which is under the surveillance of the Thuggee Department. The assistance of a party from the Thuggee and Dacoity Department with two approvers was obtained, but no clue could be obtained. Inquiry is still being made, and if any trace can be obtained, that the dacoities were committed by Kaikaris or other professionals, they will be entered in Statement C. As regards dacoities generally, the Superintendent remarks—

"Of all the cases that occurred during the year four or five cases only can be termed *bona fide* dacoities, the rest, owing to the number of persons who took part in them, have been

written dacoities ; but in fact they are nothing more than cases of robbery and extortion committed by men belonging to the district, and in many cases actually to the immediate neighbourhood.

“ In parts of the district, owing to the depredations committed by Honia and his gang, as well as by other men of the Koli caste before Honia’s time, the villagers appear to have been thoroughly demoralised and absolutely dread the name of Koli, and considering how well-known a fact this is, it is not to be wondered at, I think, that the number of dacoities is so large. The dacoities in this district are committed by all castes—by Thakurs, Warlies, Katkaries, Agris, and all the lower classes. Five or six men form themselves into a gang, go to some village at night, go to the Patel’s house, or perhaps send a Mahar to call the Patel to them outside the village, in either case they demand money and food, in the meanwhile the whole village is deserted, the news having spread through it that dacoits have come. On obtaining what they demand the gang leaves this village and goes to another with a slight variation of the circumstances in each case, this is I think a tolerably true description of a dacoity as committed in this district.

“ I can only repeat the words used by the District Magistrate in his Memo. No. 501, dated 14th February last, below my Diary for the week ending 8th February last—words with which I most cordially agree:—‘ The villagers themselves are solely to blame if they allow themselves to be looted when 10 or 12 men and often a less number come to the village and either attack houses or extort what they can.’ The same way in which these people allow themselves to be looted, is not the only point to which I would draw attention,—from fear of further subsequent molestation, as a rule they will not give the slightest assistance to the Police in their enquiries, and in many cases will not even report the matter to the Police.”

57. Service in the Police, in Thána, does not appear to be attractive, as the Superintendent complains of difficulty in obtaining recruits, owing to the paucity of men offering themselves for enlistment.

Arms Act.

58. The Superintendent writes—

“ That measures have been taken to ascertain the names of all persons who are in possession of licenses, the period of which has expired.”

This is a very necessary measure, as there are a very large number of unlicensed guns in the Thána District, and the subject is at present under consideration.

59. A portion of the Native Infantry Lines, not required by the Military, have been transferred to the Police; as their lines were in a very delapidated state.

Head-quarter Lines.

60. The Superintendent promises to adopt early measures by which the men on duty away from head-quarters may each and all receive a course of drill annually. Owing to the paucity of men and the many calls on their attention in the present state of crime in the district this measure will be attended with some difficulty; but an attempt must be made to put the men through their drill, and this will be done.

Drill.

61. Mr. Yates mentions the names of Chief Constables Balsavant Amrut-savant, Babaji Govind, and Balwant Rowji as hard-working and intelligent officers. He adds that the conduct of the Police was satisfactory.

Conduct of officers.

KOLA’BA.

62.	Area	...	...	...	...	1,482
	Population	...	...	...	...	350,405
	Strength of Police	...	...	...	...	306
	Police to Area	...	...	...	...	4.84
	Police to population	...	...	...	...	1,145

63. Superintendent of Police—Captain C. PAYNE, up to 7th October 1878.

V. S. FITZGERALD, Esquire, up to the end of the year.

64. There were no cases of murder, and only seven cases, which come under the denomination, of serious crime. Thus—

Culpable homicide	...	...	...	4
Dacoity	...	...	...	1
Attempt to murder	...	...	...	1
Highway robbery	...	...	...	1

65. It may, therefore, be said that Kolába has enjoyed comparative immunity from crime during the year under report.

In one of the cases of culpable homicide, a Head Constable and 2 Constables, also two Agris were concerned. A number of Karkaries were found lying drunk; and one of them being, it was supposed, ill-treated by the Police, died. The accused were all discharged for want of sufficient evidence. Another of these cases was a most difficult one and taxed all the detective ability and vigilance of the Police in unravelling it. A head of a woman, of about 15 years of age, was found, and though every endeavour was made, it could not for long be discovered who the murdered woman was. At last some Policemen who were sent above the Gháts, at least 100 miles from the scene of the crime, obtained a trace; three men were apprehended, and it was found that in a fit of rage the husband of the deceased woman kicked her so severely that she died. The head was cut off and deposited where it was found, and the body was conveyed on horseback in an opposite direction to that taken by the murderers. The body has never been traced; but there was good reason to suppose that it was made away with by throwing it into a river. The case is still pending trial.

In the case of dacoity the complainant preferred his complaint direct to the Magistrate F. C., Mr. Anandrao Bhaskarji, who issued warrants for the arrest of all the accused; but they were discharged for want of sufficient evidence.

66. The Superintendent reports that the conduct of the Police was good. One chief constable was dismissed for abetting the conduct of his wife in taking the accoutrements of a constable and giving them to a private servant for an improper purpose. Mr. FitzGerald makes favourable mention of the Inspector Chinto Vinayek and Chief Constable Shankar Ramchandra and Abdul Rizak.

67. The Superintendent's remarks, on the subject of drill, are in the same spirit as those of Mr. Yates. The orders of Government will be carried out, and the men put through their drill once every year.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Commissioner, N. D.











PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

Serial Number.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME	LAW.	PERSONS		CASES	
			Number of Cases referred under Section 129, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Number of Cases in which Property was Stolen.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.
1			27	27	24	24
2			46	46	25	25
3			9	9	24	24
4			90	90	24	24
5			90	90	24	24
6			90	90	24	24
7			90	90	24	24
8			90	90	24	24
9			90	90	24	24
10			90	90	24	24
11			90	90	24	24
12			90	90	24	24
13			90	90	24	24
14			90	90	24	24
15			90	90	24	24
16			90	90	24	24
17			90	90	24	24
18			90	90	24	24
19			90	90	24	24
20			90	90	24	24
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36			90	90	24	24
37			90	90	24	24
38			90	90	24	24
39			90	90	24	24
40			90	90	24	24
41			90	90	24	24
42			90	90	24	24
43			90	90	24	24
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92			90	90	24	24
93			90	90	24	24
94			90	90	24	24
95			90	90	24	24
96			90	90	24	24
97			90	90	24	24
98			90	90	24	24
99			90	90	24	24
100			90	90	24	24

PANCH MAHALS

Class I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.  
 115, 117 to 119, Indian Substitutive enactments.  
 131 to 136, 138 Offences relating to Army and Navy.  
 231 to 239, 260 to 263, Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.  
 407 and 471 Harboring an offender.  
 212, 216 Other offences against public justice.  
 143 to 153, 157, 159 Rioting or unlawful assembly.  
 140, 170, 171 Personating public servants or soldier.

Class II.—Suits Offences against the Person.  
 Murder by thugs  
 " by dacoits  
 " robbers  
 " poisoners  
 Other murders  
 Attempts at murder  
 Culpable homicide  
 Rape  
 Unnatural offences  
 Expenses of infants or concealment of birth.  
 Attempts, and abatement of, suicide  
 Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession  
 Grievous hurt  
 Grievous hurt for the purpose of causing hurt to property or confession  
 Attempts to cause hurt  
 Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt or for the purpose of extorting property or confession  
 Hurt by dangerous weapons  
 Kidnapping or abduction  
 Wrongful confinement and restraint in respect or for purpose of extortion  
 Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution  
 Habitual drinking in saloons  
 Criminal force to public servant or woman  
 Criminal force to commit theft or wrong.

Table with columns for various categories and rows for different types of offenses, including Theft, Assault, and Homicide, with associated counts and monetary values.

Chapter 18, C.P. Code. Penalties and procedure. Containing to some of the, details, job items and those...

Class VI - Other. Other not yet specified. Total. 1,016

Class V - Minor Offense against Property. Total. 116

Class IV - Minor Offense against the Person. Total. 641

Class III - Major Offense against the Person. Total. 1,011



Main data table with multiple columns and rows. The table is oriented horizontally but appears to be a rotated version of a standard vertical table. It contains numerical data and some text labels for specific rows.

CLASS VI - (Cases of escape and specific cases). This section lists various categories and their corresponding counts. Categories include: Property of persons, Property of property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property.

CLASS V - (Cases of assault against property). This section lists categories and counts. Categories include: Property of persons, Property of property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property.

CLASS IV - (Cases of assault against the person). This section lists categories and counts. Categories include: Property of persons, Property of property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property.

CLASS III Victims (Persons against Persons and Property, or against Property only). This section lists categories and counts. Categories include: Property of persons, Property of property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property, Property of persons and property.















STATEMENT A.—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	No. of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>AHMEDABAD.</b>								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>								
12	115, 17 to 119, Indian Penal Code .. .. .	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238 .. .. .	Offences against public justice .. .. .	2	..	2	1	1	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 .. .. .	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making and using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 155, 169 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .			2	..	2	1	1	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>								
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .			..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>								
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>								
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>								
Total .. .. .			1	..	1	1	..	..
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	5	..	6	3	3	439
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	1	..	6	4	2	40
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	1	..	2	1	1	300
Total .. .. .			7	..	16	8	6	579
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>								
20	493 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 .. .. .	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	5	..	26	9	17	..
Total .. .. .			5	..	26	9	17	..
Grand Total .. .. .			15	..	45	19	24	579
<b>KAIRA.</b>								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>								
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code .. .. .	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238 .. .. .	Offences against public justice .. .. .	2	..	4	..	2	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 .. .. .	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 155, 169 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	2	..	9	..	9	..
Total .. .. .			8	..	14	..	12	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>								
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	2	..	1	..	1	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .			2	..	1	..	1	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>								
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	2	10	..	10	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>								
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>								
Total .. .. .			1	..	1	..	1	..
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	3	..	4	..	1	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	11	..	17	4	13	533
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	7	..	15	2	13	..
Total .. .. .			21	..	36	6	27	533
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>								
20	493 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 .. .. .	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	4	2	7	4	5	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapter 37, 39, 40 and 41, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	16	..	16	..	16	..
Total .. .. .			20	1	23	4	21	..
Grand Total .. .. .			51	12	75	20	62	633

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crimes and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrived or Subsequent.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including fines or orders for and security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons perishing as result of crime.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>PANCH MAHALS.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	173 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 237, 238	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 155, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	1	..	10	..	..	147	50	..
18	409	Attempt at ditto	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. Mischief (simple)	9	..	10	..	9	..	..	1
<b>Total</b>			20	2	31	..	20	147	50	1
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506, to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C.P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>			21	2	33	..	20	147	50	1
<b>BROACH.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	173 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 237, 238	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	466 to 477	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 155, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	8	..	10	..	..	174	14	..
18	409	Attempt at ditto	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. Mischief (simple)	3	..	14	..	10	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			11	..	24	..	10	174	14	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	4	..	9	..	3	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C.P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			6	..	19	..	4	..	..	..
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>			16	..	29	..	24	174	14	..

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>SURAT.</b>									
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>									
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 130, 805	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 180, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	244 to 247	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	1	..	1	..	1	..	..
Total			1	..	1	..	1	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>									
10	812 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>									
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	..	1	1	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>									
13	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	367, 355, 358	Criminal force	2	..	5	..	5	..	..
Total			2	..	5	..	5	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>									
16	417 to 420	Cheating	2	..	3	3	..	50	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	4	..	10	7	3	63	63
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	420 to 420, 434	Mischief (simple)	5	..	5	..	5	..	..
Total			11	..	18	10	8	115	63
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>									
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	1	..	2	..	2	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	480 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510	Intimidation and insult	1	..	7	..	7	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	..	Offences under Chapters 37, 39, 40 and 41, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	..	Special laws not cognizable by Police	1	..	1	..	1	..	..
Total			8	..	10	..	10	..	..
Grand Total			18	..	35	11	24	115	63
<b>THANA.</b>									
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>									
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 130, 805	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 180, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 268	Offences against public justice	1	..	1	1	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	244 to 247	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	1	..	1	..	1	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			4	..	3	1	1	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>									
10	812 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>									
12	384 to 389	Extortion	2	..	2	..	2	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>									
13	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	364, 355, 358	Criminal force	2	..	3	..	3	..	..
Total			2	..	3	..	3	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>									
16	417 to 420	Cheating	3	..	4	3	1	242	83
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	15	..	20	4	15	375	300
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	420 to 420, 434	Mischief (simple)	8	..	11	4	7	..	..
Total			26	..	35	11	23	617	383
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>									
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	480 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510	Intimidation and insult	1	..	2	2	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
26	..	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	..	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			3	..	3	2	1	..	..
Grand Total			35	..	45	14	30	617	383

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Sentenced.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to Stand Surety.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons pending at end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>KOLA BA.</b>										
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</b>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 129, 506	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 212 to 216, 227, 233	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	161 to 168, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 431 to 434	False evidence, false complaints and oaths	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 164 to 166, 199	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			4	..	1	..	2	..	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	379	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>										
12	384 to 388	Extortion	3	..	..	..	..	207	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>										
13	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	362, 365, 366	Criminal force	3	..	3	1	3	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			3	..	3	1	3	..	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	6	..	9	..	9	13	13	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 433, 434	Mischief (simple)	3	..	10	4	6	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			11	..	20	7	16	13	13	..
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>										
20	493 to 499	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	308	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	430 to 433	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 503	Defamation	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	371 to 376, 378, 384, 387, 388, 390	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 31 and 32, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	3	..	14	10	4	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			4	..	19	10	5	..	..	..
<b>Grand Total</b>			21	..	44	18	26	260	13	..

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.



STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Magistrates' Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1977.	Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>AHMEDABAD.</b>									
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</b>									
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	43	3	62	17	48	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	9	..	11	7	4	..	..
5	168 to 200, 208 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims ..	11	..	13	1	10	..	..
6	405 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents ..	2	..	2	2	..	..	..
7	204 to 207 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..
8	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 166, 100 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	9	..	37	8	29	..	..
Total ..			74	3	125	35	92	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>									
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>									
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	6	1	10	10	1	..	..
Total ..			6	1	10	10	1	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>									
13	333 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	10	..	25	4	21	..	..
Total ..			10	..	25	4	21	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>									
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	14	..	19	14	5	645	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	43	5	48	18	35	804	680
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c..	4	..	5	4	1	28	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	209	9	264	143	128	1,123	108
Total ..			270	14	336	179	169	2,598	788
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>									
20	493 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	25	..	35	30	5	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 492 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	85	2	139	92	49	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	8	..	6	1	5	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 37, 39, 40, 41 ..	73	..	99	66	83	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	1,221	3	1,427	145	1,285	..	..
Total ..			1,412	5	1,708	336	1,377	..	..
Grand Total ..			2,772	28	2,204	564	1,660	2,598	788
<b>KAIRA.</b>									
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</b>									
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	26	2	44	18	27	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	7	..	9	3	6	..	..
5	193 to 200, 208 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims ..	10	2	14	11	5	..	..
6	405 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents ..	2	..	3	6	..	..	..
7	204 to 207 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	2	..	3	..	3	..	..
8	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 166, 160 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	1	..	4	..	4	..	..
Total ..			49	4	80	38	45	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>									
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>									
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	2	..	6	5	1	..	..
Total ..			2	..	6	5	1	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>									
13	333 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	28	..	53	22	31	..	..
Total ..			28	..	53	22	31	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>									
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	5	1	6	7	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	23	1	39	14	24	539	348
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	182	6	508	441	72	..	..
Total ..			210	8	563	462	96	539	328
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified.</b>									
20	493 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	26	7	50	42	15	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 492 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	217	12	471	326	155	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	44	..	45	8	42	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapter 37, 39, 40 and 41., C. P. Code	7	..	9	..	9	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	81	..	105	20	85	..	..
Total ..			375	19	630	391	306	..	..
Grand Total ..			663	31	1,373	913	479	539	328

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Magistrates' Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Table with 11 columns: Serial Number, LAW, DESCRIPTION OF CRIME, Number of Cases in which Police were not employed, Number of Persons arrested at end of year, Number of Persons arrested or imprisoned, Number of Persons Acquitted, Number of Persons Convicted, including those ordered to stand bond, Property Stolen, Property Recovered, Number of Persons perished in the year. The table is divided into two main sections: PANCH MAHALS and BROACH, each with sub-classes I through VI. The BROACH section includes a 'Grand Total' row at the bottom.

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Magistrates operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered	Number of Persons
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>SURAT.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 ..	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204 213 to 215, 217, 228..	Offences against public justice ..	81	2	34	13	24	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants ..	6	..	11	5	6	..	..	..
5	198 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims ..	11	..	11	6	5	..	..	..
6	465 to 477 ..	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents ..	3	..	4	4	..	..	..	..
7	244 to 267 ..	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	6	..	4	1	3	..	..	..
8	482 to 489 ..	Making and using false trade marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	2	..	22	9	13	..	..	..
Total ..			58	2	86	37	51	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 ..	Causing miscarriage ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 ..	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 ..	Extortion ..	4	..	32	32	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	823 ..	Hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 ..	Wrongful confinement ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 ..	Criminal force ..	29	1	77	70	8	..	..	..
Total ..			29	1	77	70	8	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 ..	Cheating ..	20	..	29	27	2	8,005	2,001	..
17	403, 404 ..	Criminal misappropriation of property ..	28	..	34	21	10	173	121	..
18	499 ..	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. ..	1	..	2	1	1	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple) ..	217	3	515	478	46	..	..	..
Total ..			261	3	578	523	58	8,178	2,122	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	403 to 498 ..	Offences relating to marriage ..	11	..	23	21	2	..	..	..
21	298 ..	Offences against religion ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	490 to 492 ..	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 503 ..	Defamation ..	10	..	31	28	3	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult ..	148	5	564	324	35	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances ..	33	..	36	1	35	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 37, 39, 40 and 41 C. P. Code ..	4	..	4	..	4	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police ..	272	8	311	69	245	..	..	..
Total ..			478	8	759	443	324	..	..	..
Grand Total ..			830	14	1,532	1,105	441	8,178	2,122	..
<b>THANA.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>										
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 ..	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 228..	Offences against public justice ..	58	..	93	37	55	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants ..	8	..	8	1	1	..	..	..
5	198 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims ..	1	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477 ..	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	244 to 267 ..	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	6	..	6	4	2	..	..	..
8	482 to 489 ..	Making or using false trade marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..
Total ..			69	..	107	45	60	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 ..	Causing miscarriage ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 ..	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 ..	Extortion ..	3	..	8	8	..	155	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	823 ..	Hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 ..	Wrongful confinement ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 ..	Criminal force ..	489	..	809	655	154	..	..	..
Total ..			489	..	809	655	154	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 ..	Cheating ..	16	..	16	14	2	408	..	..
17	403, 404 ..	Criminal misappropriation of property ..	42	..	71	16	55	84	84	..
18	499 ..	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple) ..	249	..	480	238	190	..	..	..
Total ..			306	..	567	318	247	490	84	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	403 to 498 ..	Offences relating to marriage ..	2	..	3	2	1	..	..	..
21	298 ..	Offences against religion ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	490 to 492 ..	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 503 ..	Defamation ..	1	..	6	6	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult ..	4	..	13	13	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances ..	83	..	65	43	22	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code ..	14	..	61	2	30	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police ..	314	..	406	312	94	..	..	..
Total ..			288	..	554	378	147	..	..	..
Grand Total ..			1,135	..	2,045	1,404	608	645	84	..

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Magistrates' operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons remaining at end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>KOLABA.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
1a	118, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1b	121 to 130, 500 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 218 to 218, 237, 238 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	57	..	47	25	21	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 225 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 431 to 434 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, fraudulently using forged documents ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 166, 160 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	1	..	3	..	2	..	..	..
Total ..			50	..	43	21	21	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	2	..	9	3	..	160	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 356 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	111	..	125	102	26	..	..	..
Total ..			111	..	125	102	26	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	2	..	4	3	1	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property ..	9	1	9	3	7	22	11	..
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	91	6	107	55	77	..	..	..
Total ..			102	6	120	61	85	22	11	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	498 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	1	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	7	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 505 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	100	2	107	100	26	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	6	..	19	1	18	..	..	..
26	.. .. .	Offences under Chapters 19, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code ..	149	..	125	102	26	..	..	..
27	.. .. .	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			227	2	264	204	110	..	..	..
Grand Total ..			325	2	325	204	240	172	21	..

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

STATEMENT B.

Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.																AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.			
			Percentage of Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.							
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
<b>AHMEDABAD.</b>																										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1b	131 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 267 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	11	15	87.50	90	..	13	19	..	..	13	19	9	13	61.53	63.15	88.88	92.30	..	..	..	..	..		
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	15	25	100	100	..	30	69	1	2	31	71	29	20	74.19	28.16	82.14	100	..	..	..	..	..		
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	27	30	76.92	100	..	218	123	8	..	256	123	112	65	36.71	43.08	83.92	81.53	..	..	..	..	..		
5	143 to 153, 157, 159	Rioting or unlawful assembly	4	3	33.33	100	..	4	4	..	..	4	4	3	4	25	100	39.33	100	..	..	..	..	..		
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total ..			57	63	84.21	97.56	295	215	9	2	304	317	152	102	41.44	41.01	82.39	87.25	..	..	..	..	..	..		
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																										
7	..	Murder by thugs	..	2	..	100	..	5	5	..	..	5	5	..	5	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	189	..	114	60.31
8	..	" dacoits	1	1	..	..	..	5	3	..	..	5	3	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	..	" robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396	" poisons	1	1	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	..	Other murders	19	21	33.33	33.07	..	35	25	..	14	35	39	24	44	11.42	7.69	16.66	6.81	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	..	Attempt at murder	2	1	100	..	..	3	1	..	..	3	1	3	1	66.66	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307	Culpable homicide	4	4	38.33	100	..	8	17	..	..	8	17	12	17	37.50	58.82	25	58.82	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Rapes	1	6	..	33.33	..	1	7	..	..	1	7	1	7	..	42.85	..	42.85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	5	5	100	..	..	5	1	..	..	5	1	4	2	80	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	8	16	80	100	..	8	14	..	..	8	14	5	11	50	78.57	80	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt	41	31	100	90	..	67	49	..	..	67	49	48	34	70.14	61.22	97.91	83.23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	..	100	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	323	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	3	5	100	100	..	10	15	..	..	10	15	1	6	10	40	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt by dangerous weapon	45	21	100	75	..	73	37	9	..	82	37	33	17	40.24	37.83	100	82.35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Kidnapping or abduction	6	14	60.66	50	..	16	19	..	..	16	19	14	3	43.75	5.26	50	33.33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	363 to 369	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	2	..	..	..	3	7	..	..	3	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	9	9	75	100	..	21	45	..	..	21	45	7	16	28.57	40	85.71	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	..	100	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	338	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			150	139	86.41	74.68	261	247	9	14	270	261	161	170	42.22	38.60	70.30	59.41	..	..	189	..	114	..	80.21	..



STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases Investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.																AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.			
			Total.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.							
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1879.	1877.	1878.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10a	10b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
<b>KAIRA.</b>																										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
2	231 to 253, 260 to 283, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	4	3	100	66.66	3	2	..	..	3	2	8	66.66	100	100	66.66	..	..	..	..	..				
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	15	10	92.85	100	14	9	7	..	21	9	16	9	71.42	100	92.75	100	..	..	..	..				
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	5	5	100	100	108	31	..	108	31	108	22	83.14	70.96	100	100	..	..	..	..	..				
5	143 to 153, 157, 168	Rioting or unlawful assembly	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
		— Total ..	24	21	95.23	94.11	125	45	7	..	132	45	124	37	93.18	80	99.19	97.23	..	..	..	..				
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Persons.</i>																										
8		Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
9		" dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
10	302, 303, 396	" robbers	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
11		" poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
12		Other murders	2	3	100	33.33	9	6	..	..	9	6	4	9	11.11	16.66	25	11.11	..	..	..	..				
13	307	Attempt at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	22	100	100	13	27	..	..	13	27	3	19	15.38	70.37	66.66	100	..	..	..	..				
15	376	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	5	..	100	..	2	..	..	1	2	..	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..				
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	10	8	100	100	10	8	..	..	10	8	7	8	70	100	100	100	..	..	..	..				
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
20	375, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	33	37	100	100	56	60	..	..	56	60	43	50	76.78	80	100	96	..	..	..	..				
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	3	..	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..				
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	2	66.66	100	8	4	..	..	8	4	3	4	25	100	66.66	100	..	..	..	..				
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	46	38	100	100	39	41	..	..	39	41	60	27	83.14	85.85	92.60	100	..	..	..	..				
24	363 to 369	Kidnaping or abduction	3	10	100	37.50	20	23	..	..	20	23	20	21	90	52.17	90	57.14	..	..	..	..				
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	1	..	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	50	..	60	..	..	..	..				
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
28	363, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or women, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	8	7	100	100	23	17	..	..	23	17	17	9	73.91	53.94	100	100	..	..	..	..				
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				





STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Num- of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.	NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.							
						Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.	
			1877.	1878.		1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	9a.	9b.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	
<b>PANCH MAHALS.</b>																							
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																							
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes	3	1	100.00	..	5	2	..	..	5	2	3	..	60.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	6	13	100.00	100.00	13	14	..	..	13	15	10	17	76.92	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
5	148 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			9	14	100.00	100.00	21	16	..	..	21	17	16	17	76.19	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
<i>Class II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																							
8	302, 303, 306	Murder by thugs	1	1	100.00	..	17	1	..	..	17	1	17	1	35.29	..	35.29	..	..	..	..	..	
9		do	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		do	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	do	robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	do	poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13	807	Other murders	4	3	100.00	66.66	5	2	1	..	6	2	7	4	100.00	100.00	85.71	75.00	..	20	..	15.00	
14	304, 308	Attempt at murder	2	1	100.00	100.00	3	1	..	..	3	1	3	1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
15	376	Culpable homicide	5	3	100.00	100.00	7	3	..	..	7	3	6	3	85.71	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	27	..	100.00	
16	377	Rape	1	2	100.00	100.00	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	50.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
17	317, 318	Unnatural offences	..	1	..	100.00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	100.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	
18	305, 306, 309	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	..	100.00	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	100.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	
19	320, 331, 333	Abetment of do.	1	..	100.00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	
20	825, 826, 835	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	7	4	100.00	100.00	7	3	..	..	7	3	4	3	57.14	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
21	829	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	10	8	100.00	100.00	14	5	..	..	14	5	6	7	42.85	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
22	827, 830, 832	Grievous hurt ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	314	Abetment of do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	807	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	346 to 348	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	100.00	..	15	..	..	..	15	..	13	..	73.33	..	84.61	..	..	..	..	..	
26	372, 373	Hurt by dangerous weapon	15	16	100.00	100.00	18	22	..	6	18	23	13	13	72.22	48.42	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
27	871	Attempt at do.	1	..	100.00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	
28	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	5	2	100.00	100.00	10	8	..	..	10	8	10	5	100.00	62.50	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
29	353, 354, 356, 357	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	1	100.00	100.00	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
30	339	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	871	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	..	1	100.00	100.00	4	1	..	..	4	1	3	1	75.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
33	339	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			64	43	100.00	94.11	107	50	1	6	108	56	89	41	69.44	69.64	84.28	95.12	..	47	..	30	63.82

CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.

Table with columns for offense descriptions (e.g., 80 385, 387, 388 Dacoity), counts, and values. Includes a 'Total' row at the bottom of the section.

CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.

Table with columns for offense descriptions (e.g., 370 323 Hurt), counts, and values. Includes a 'Total' row at the bottom of the section.

CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.

Table with columns for offense descriptions (e.g., 41 453, 454 Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking), counts, and values. Includes a 'Total' row at the bottom of the section.

CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.

Table with columns for offense descriptions (e.g., 46 311, 403, 404 Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves), counts, and values. Includes a 'Total' row and a 'Grand Total' row at the bottom.

STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.						
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.		
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
<b>BROACH</b>																							
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																							
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	2	..	100-00	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	100-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1b	181 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 139, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes	6	1	50-00	..	7	..	..	7	..	7	..	42-85	..	42-85	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	312, 316	Harbouring an offender	1	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	324 to 226	Other offences against public justice	4	3	75-00	33-33	5	4	..	5	4	5	4	80-00	25-00	80-00	25-00	..	..	..	..	..	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	6	1	100-00	..	31	8	..	31	8	51	8	96-77	..	63-82	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	100-00	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	100-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total</b>			18	7	61-25	50-00	44	14	..	44	14	65	14	88-63	21-42	60-00	21-42	..	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																							
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		" dacoits	..	1	..	100-00	..	14	..	..	14	..	14	..	7-14	..	7-14	..	..	..	..	..	
10		" robbers	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11		" poisons	..	4	..	83-83	..	8	..	..	8	..	8	..	13-50	..	20-00	..	..	..	..	..	
12		" Other murders	..	5	6	33-33	73-00	9	13	..	9	13	7	8	11-11	38-40	14-23	62-50	..	..	..	..	
13		307	Attempt at murder	..	1	..	..	..	14	..	..	14	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	1	..	..	2	6	..	2	6	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		376	Rape	4	2	..	..	6	2	..	6	2	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16		377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	1	100-00	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	100-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	306, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	4	3	75-00	160-00	4	3	..	4	3	4	3	75-00	100-00	75-00	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	12	11	36-36	71-42	29	25	..	29	25	26	15	13-79	48-00	15-38	80-00	..	..	..	..	..	
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	1	..	100-00	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	100-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	
22	327, 336, 332	Hurt for purposes of extorting property or confession	1	1	..	..	3	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	10	16	70-00	63-84	16	26	..	16	26	16	21	75-00	30-76	75-00	38-09	..	..	..	..	..	
24	343 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	346 to 343	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	363, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	6	5	50-00	60-00	23	5	..	23	5	20	5	10-71	60-00	15-00	60-00	..	..	..	..	..	
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total</b>			44	56	47-50	55-81	93	122	..	98	122	82	98	24-49	27-86	29-28	34-69	..	..	..	..	..	

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CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.

Table with 28 columns for Class III offenses including Dacoity, Robbery with hurt, Serious mischief and cognate offences, Lurking house-trespass, and Receiving stolen property. Includes sub-totals and a Grand Total row.

CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.

Table with 28 columns for Class IV offenses including Hurt on grave or sudden provocation, Wrongful restraint and confinement, Rash act, Compulsory labour, and Hurt. Includes sub-totals and a Grand Total row.

CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.

Table with 28 columns for Class V offenses including Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking, Theft (Of cattle, Ordinary), Criminal breach of trust, Receiving stolen property, and Miscellaneous. Includes sub-totals and a Grand Total row.

CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.

Table with 28 columns for Class VI offenses including Belonging to gangs of thugs, vagrancy, offences against religion, cognizable offences under the Gambling Act, Excise Laws, Railway Laws, Salt and Customs Laws, Stage Carriage Act, Stamp Act, Public and local nuisances, and Other special and local laws.

Grand Total .. 1159 1679 4327 6877 1779 2006 .. .. 1779 2004 1,660 1,824 4622 5177 4752 5561 17,867 31,201 6,773 11,712 22,007 27,711

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STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases Decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										Amount of Property Stolen.		AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.				
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.				Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.		
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
<b>SURAT.</b>																							
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																							
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	181 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 259, 280 to 283, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	6	7	66.66	33.3	8	6	..	..	8	6	..	..	37.50	83.3	37.50	33.3	..	..	..	..	
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	6	11	85.71	80.	10	12	..	..	10	12	..	..	80.	100.	100.	85.7	..	..	..	..	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	4	2	66.66	100.	36	55	..	..	36	55	..	..	6.65	45.4	7.40	30.	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	1	..	100.	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	100.	..	100.	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			18	21	75.	68.4	54	74	..	..	54	74	43	146	24.07	54.	30.28	27.4	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																							
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thugs	..	..	100.	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	40.	..	40.	..	1,047	..	..	..	
9		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13		307	Other murders	..	..	100.	..	8	4	..	..	8	4	..	..	75.	..	75.	..	..	..	..	..
14		304, 308	Attempt at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		876	Culpable homicide	4	2	66.66	..	13	29	..	..	13	29	..	..	46.15	..	66.66	..	..	..	..	..
16		878	Rape	1	5	..	..	1	5	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		877	Unnatural offences	1	1	100.	..	2	1	..	..	2	1	..	..	100.	..	100.	..	..	..	..	..
18		817, 818	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	2	50.	100.	5	2	..	..	5	2	..	..	40.	50.	50.	100.	..	..	..	..
19		305, 306, 809	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	8	7	87.50	57.1	7	7	..	..	7	7	..	..	71.43	71.4	62.50	62.5	..	..	..	..
20		329, 331, 833	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21		825, 328, 335	Grievous hurt ..	15	16	81.81	42.8	94	60	..	..	94	60	..	..	17	60	11.70	26.8	64.70	26.8	..	..
22		829	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23		327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	3	1	50.	..	11	4	..	..	11	4	..	..	37.27	..	35.	..	..	..	..	..
24		324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	21	12	50.	55.5	38	17	..	..	38	17	..	..	44.44	47.	45.71	47.0	..	..	..	..
25		363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	2	..	..	1	2	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26		346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	871	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	833, 364, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	7	8	50.	33.3	11	7	..	..	11	7	..	..	27.27	28.5	33.33	33.3	..	..	..	..	
30	838	Baah act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			68	59	55.55	42.2	192	138	..	..	192	138	107	129	26.04	25.3	46.79	27.1	1,047	..	..	..	



STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8, of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to cases Decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										Amount of Property Stolen.		AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.				
			Number of Persons Arrested.		Number or Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.						
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
<b>THANA.</b>																							
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																							
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	131 to 136, 184	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	2	3	100-00	50-00	2	3	..	..	2	3	2	2	100-00	33-33	100-00	50-00	..	..	..	..	
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	1	6	100-00	100-00	1	9	..	..	1	9	1	9	100-00	100-00	100-00	100-00	..	..	..	..	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	6	6	100-00	50-00	40	70	..	..	40	70	50	62	96-15	14-28	100-00	16-12	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	3	2	100-00	100-00	5	2	..	..	5	2	1	2	20-00	100-00	100-00	100-00	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total</b>			12	17	100-00	78-57	48	84	..	..	48	84	54	75	90-00	26-19	100-00	29-33	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																							
8	302, 33, 396	Murder by thugs	1	..	100-00	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		" dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		" robbers	2	3	100-00	..	4	5	..	..	4	5	1	3	25-00	..	100-00	..	435	..	92	13-98	
11		" poisons	1	1	..	100-00	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	50-00	..	100-00	..	262	121	247	94-27
12		Other murders	18	20	20-00	84-61	31	25	..	..	31	25	18	21	12-90	60-00	22-22	71-42	..	..	..	..	..
13		Attempt at murder	1	3	100-00	100-00	1	3	..	..	1	3	1	1	100-00	33-33	100-00	100-00	..	..	..	..	..
14		Culpable homicide	10	9	87-50	80-00	15	8	..	..	15	8	12	8	60-00	87-50	75-00	87-50	..	..	..	..	..
15		Rape	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16		Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	6	4	100-00	100-00	9	4	..	..	9	4	7	2	77-77	50-00	100-00	100-00	..	..	..	..	..
18		Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	7	6	100-00	66-66	7	6	..	..	7	6	3	3	42-85	33-33	100-00	66-66	..	..	..	..	..
19		Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20		Grievous hurt	34	27	78-26	86-66	100	53	..	..	100	53	70	26	49-00	41-50	70-00	84-61	..	..	..	..	..
21		Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22		Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession.	9	9	95-71	100-00	18	20	..	..	18	20	17	9	88-88	40-00	94-11	89-88	..	..	..	..	..
23		Hurt by dangerous weapon	13	11	100-00	66-66	23	22	..	..	23	22	13	4	58-52	13-63	100-00	75-00	..	..	..	..	..
24		Kidnapping or abduction	1	..	100-00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..
25		Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	16	25	100-00	100-00	32	91	..	..	32	91	24	24	75-00	25-27	100-00	95-83	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total</b>			124	122	81-25	83-60	251	243	..	..	251	243	174	104	53-86	34-56	77-01	80-76	747	121	839	..	45-38





STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.							
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.	
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
<b>KOLA BA.</b>																								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																								
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	131 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	1	4	100	100	1	6	..	..	1	6	1	6	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..		
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	5	3	100	100	31	30	..	..	31	30	26	16	83.87	53.33	100	100	..	..	..	..		
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	2	2	100	100	5	5	..	..	5	5	5	5	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..		
		Total	9	9	100	100	38	41	..	..	38	41	32	27	84.21	65.85	100	100	..	..	..	..		
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																								
8	302, 303, 306	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
9		"    dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
10		"    robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11		"    poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
12		Other murders	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
13	307	Attempt at murder	..	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..		
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	4	50	..	3	7	..	..	3	7	2	33.33	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..		
15	376	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	3	100	100	1	3	..	..	1	3	1	2	100	66.66	100	100	..	..	..	..		
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	6	1	100	100	6	1	..	..	6	1	6	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..		
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	9	4	100	100	28	5	..	..	28	5	16	3	42.85	60	75	100	..	..	..	..		
21	323	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	4	2	100	100	4	2	..	..	4	2	9	2	50	100	77.77	100	16	101	14	101		
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	9	1	100	..	30	3	..	..	30	3	18	..	53.33	..	88.88	..	..	..	..	..		
23	344	Hurt by dangerous weapon	..	2	..	100	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..		
24	63 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
25	346 to 343	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	9	3	93.33	100	17	1	..	..	17	1	9	1	29.41	100	65.55	100	..	..	..	..		
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
		Total	41	21	90.32	100	92	25	..	..	92	25	64	12	52.17	48.00	75	100	16	101	14	101		





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			Pawaghar Hill.	Hatol.																		
Pauch Mahals	Fair at Pawaghar in the month of February 1878. ..	8	500	{ A 1 U 1 }	{ A 7 U 2 }	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Do. at do. in the month of March 1878. ..	4	500	{ A 1 U 1 }	{ A 7 U 2 }	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Fair at Khoon Peer in the month of March 1878. ..	4	100	..	..	..	A 2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Fair at Pawaghar in the month of April 1878. ..	8	400	{ A 1 U 1 }	{ A 7 U 2 }	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Do. at do. in the month of August 1878. ..	1	400	{ A 1 U 1 }	{ A 7 U 2 }	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Breach .. ..	Do. at do. on the 21st August 1878. ..	1	400	{ A 1 U 1 }	{ A 7 U 2 }	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Sukleirth .. ..	8	7,000	1	1	8	80	..	..	..	..	4	2	21	7	..	..	..	..	..		
Bural .. ..	Nirmal .. ..	12	8,000	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	1	1	12	12	..	..	..	..	..		
Thana .. ..	Mont-Mary, Ban- dora .. ..	8	10,000	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Elephant .. ..	1	535	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Kulaha .. ..	Wajreshwari .. ..	20	9,000	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	10	8	217	61	..	..	..	..	..		
	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
																Riots of 5th April 1878.	27	83	9,529	Indefinite.	..	..

The incidence of the actual cost entered in Column 20. - Re. 0 1 5 per head.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

DISTRICTS.	SANCTIONED STRENGTH OF POLICE FORCE.										COST OF								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors-General.		Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenue.		Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 11), and Pay and Travelling Allowance of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 12) (2).	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5) (4).	Total Pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7 and 8.)	Horses and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13 and 14.	Average Pay of	
			Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Pay and Travelling Allowances of District Superintendents.	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments (3).				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Ahmedabad .. .. .	2	3	226	101	902	..	..	..	..	10,890	4,200	3,084	62,292	1,30,092	1,980	356-43	104-31		
Kaira .. .. .	1	1	140	36	659	..	..	..	..	9,391	2,413	2,130	84,001	60,201	1,223	354-34	99-61		
Fanch Mahals .. .. .	2	2	111	36	666	..	6	30	..	8,596	3,460	2,763	25,402	72,502	632	349-58	89-60		
Breach .. .. .	1	2	77	22	315	..	..	..	..	6,114	2,110	1,877	21,939	39,706	1,111	355-90	101-03		
Surat .. .. .	1	2	118	23	509	..	..	4	..	8,400	2,335	2,064	32,982	59,498	1,658	353-2	100-9		
Thana .. .. .	1	2	146	..	659	..	..	..	..	6,493	2,043	2,154	38,468	64,805	1,697	..	98-33		
Kolaba .. .. .	1	1	54	..	250	..	..	..	..	5,866	2,266	1,863	15,024	26,349	900	..	105-39		
Commissioner .. .. .	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,822	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total .. .. .	1	9	18	872	217	3,800	..	6	34	4,822	55,660	18,817	16,935	2,30,038	4,62,148	9,461	..	..	

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but not travelling allowances.  
 (3) Columns 34 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants. (4) Column 34 and 35, i. e., in Districts, one policeman to so many

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and

DISTRICTS.	ARMAMENT OF THE FORCE.					PUNISHMENTS.											
	Total Sanctioned Strength.		Number provided with Fire-arms.	Number provided with Swords only, or Swords and Batons.	Number provided with Batons only.	Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.	Under Police Act.		Under Sections 830, 831, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX, of Penal Code.		Other Offences.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Ahmedabad .. .. .	229	1,008	451	781	..	2	21	60	123	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	10
Kaira .. .. .	141	594	297	438	..	2	7	60	146	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	5
Fanch Mahals .. .. .	113	702	560	255	..	1	17	18	64	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	12
Breach .. .. .	79	337	180	236	..	..	5	14	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Surat .. .. .	130	532	151	401	..	..	8	11	105	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3
Thana .. .. .	148	659	363	445	..	..	6	6	69	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	4
Kolaba .. .. .	55	250	122	183	..	1	8	8	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total .. .. .	635	4,077	2,223	2,739	..	7	72	177	561	..	8	2	..	2	..	3	84

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

POLICE				DISTRIBUTION OF FORCE.								PROPORTION OF POLICE OFFICERS AND MEN.																	
Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.				In District.								On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.		Area of whole District in square miles.		Population of whole District.		To Area (6).						To Population (7)					
				Guards at District, Central of Subsidiary Jails.				Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.										On other Duties.		Of the whole District.		Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).		Of Towns (6).		Of the whole District.		Of District, exclusive of Towns (7).	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).							Of Towns (6).	Of the whole District.										
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35		36		37										
10,012	2,22,480	2,22,400	..	4	36	14	73	131	558	332	4	3,848	8,29,637	2-12	4-8	42 to 1 mile	672	608	62										
4,220	1,22,579	1,22,579	..	2	8	19	87	110	424	85	..	1,561	7,52,733	2-12	2-16	2 to 1	1,063-60	691	1,015										
5,668	1,19,273	1,15,424	3,849	21	138	14	126	74	412	30	..	1,731	3,40,743	2-21	2-27	4 to 1	308	273	1,115										
1,280	74,117	74,117	..	..	..	8	34	59	221	94	..	1,269	3,00,323	2-23	2-30	45-30	840-10	708	1,59-10										
5,490	1,12,402	1,11,982	420	..	..	14	54	81	363	140	..	1,588	6,07,087	2-43	2-09	23-23	879-5	843-52	8-5-21										
3,720	1,19,380	1,19,380	..	..	..	19	112	116	503	21	36	4,051	8,47,424	2-01	2-7	2 to 1 square mile.	1,030	1,116	708										
785	53,068	53,068	..	2	8	10	63	43	179	..	..	1,482	3,50,406	4-84	4-81	45	1,145	1,069	1,100										
..	4,822	4,822	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..									
31,165	8,28,096	8,23,837	4,269	29	190	98	549	614	2,690	752	40	15,629	40,06,231	2-14	..	..	808-34	..	..	..									

(3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on Office duties square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile.

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance. (7) Columns 36 and 37 one policeman to so many of the population.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

REWARDS.		EDUCATION.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.							Percentage in Hospital during the year to Total Strength of Force.	Percentage of Deaths during the year to Total Strength of Force.	REMARKS.
Number of Police rewarded during the year.	By Promotion.	Number of Police who can read and write.	Number of Police under instruction during the year.	By Money Rewards.	On Pension.				On Gratuity.	By resignation without Pen- sion of Gratuity.	By Dismissal (Column 7 and 16.)	By Discharge other than under preceding columns.	By Desertion.	By Death.				
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	
208	..	177	353	25	235	148	492	557	7	20	27	23	4	2	23	29-20	2-68	5 Vacancies
169	4	90	297	7	84	41	613	279	3	13	13	10	7	..	13	6-6	1-75	3 do.
50	..	78	268	..	66	66	350	393	1	..	13	18	10	7	15	65-03	1-64	6 do.
29	1	56	158	23	177	28	171	215	1	8	8	8	2	1	15	34-79	3-61	2 do.
42	6	105	271	10	80	55	253	311	2	4	17	8	4	6	13	23	2	3 do.
..	..	90	175	..	168	69	374	319	2	12	69	6	16	..	20	22-8	2-4	16 do.
2	..	40	110	10	58	18	128	164	1	1	3	9	1	..	4	181	1-31	..
520	11	634	1,631	75	844	455	3,264	2,267	14	64	137	79	28	16	113	..	2-27	24 Vacancies

District Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

STATEMENT G.

Statement showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

DISTRICTS.	RACE.									RELIGION OR CASTE.																	REMARKS.										
	EUROPEAN.			EURASIAN.			NATIVES.			OFFICERS.										MEN.																	
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.	Hindus.										Other Religions.		Hindus.							Other Religions.								
	Military or Co-venanted Civil.	Unconvenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Seikhs.	Marathas.	Bhils.	Kolis.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Parsees.	Jews.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.		Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Seikhs.	Marathas.	Bhils.	Kolis.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Parsees.	Jews.	Grand Total, Officers and Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	
Ahmedabad ..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	226	998	2	95	20	11	..	..	19	16	48	16	3	1	..	466	55	60	..	..	87	48	247	84	..	1	1,229	5 Vacancies.
Kaira ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	138	594	1	78	5	17	..	..	9	..	21	7	2	..	..	286	14	43	..	..	33	..	162	37	..	..	734	2 do.
Panch Mahals ..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	109	698	2	28	12	2	..	..	41	14	8	11	..	..	..	183	57	17	..	..	77	246	50	68	..	..	811	6 do.
Broach ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	77	335	1	46	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	27	..	..	..	156	31	14	..	..	..	..	..	134	..	..	415	2 do.
Surat ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	117	530	1	69	5	2	..	..	81	..	..	30	2	..	1	237	14	10	..	1	149	..	..	118	..	..	650	3 do.
Thana ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	144	645	1	20	10	..	..	..	84	..	2	39	1	..	..	10	18	1	..	..	438	..	39	136	..	3	792	16 do.
Kolaba ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	54	250	1	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	49	..	..	..	5	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	241	..	..	306	
Total ..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	665	4,050	9	309	58	35	..	..	184	80	74	179	8	1	1	1,348	193	144	..	1	734	394	518	618	..	4	4,937	34 Vacancies.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the year 1878 on Police Buildings in the Northern Division.

Expenditure from Public Works Department Budget.	Amount.	Expenditure from Police Budget.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
A.—Repairs (above Rs. 1,000) .. .. .	10,025 14 2	D.—Petty Repairs up to Rs. 1,000. .. .. .	4,023 8 10
B.—Minor Works (above Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 2,500).. ..	1,643 7 9	E.—Petty Construction up to Rs. 1,000.. .. .	163 8 0
C.—Large Works (above Rs. 2,500).. .. .	1,346 2 1	Total from Police Budget ..	4,187 0 10
		F.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all Grades.. .. .	0 13 5
		Grand Total Outlay ..	17,102 8 10
Total from Public Works Department Budget ..	12,915 8 0	G.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all Grades .. .. .	8 7 0

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N.D.

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the Northern Division during the year 1878.

DISTRICTS.	Total Strength of the Force at commencement of the year.		Number of Men included in Column 1 Discharged on Reduction.		Number of Dismissals from all other Causes.		Number of Resignations		Percentage of Dismissals (from other Causes than Reduction), of Resignations on the whole Strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.		REMARKS
	1		2		3		4		5		
	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	
Ahmedabad .. .. .	1,232	..	18	..	23	..	87	..	4.97	..	
Kaira .. .. .	754	..	18	..	17	..	13	..	3.96	..	
Panch Mahals .. .. .	822	..	7	..	18	..	18	..	3.77	..	
Broach .. .. .	416	..	..	..	5	..	5	..	2.20	..	
Surat .. .. .	652	..	..	..	8	..	17	..	3.43	..	
Thana .. .. .	907	..	..	..	16	..	49	..	3.06	..	
Kolaba .. .. .	305	..	..	..	9	..	8	..	3.63	..	
Total ..	4,999	..	43	..	96	..	137	..	4.97	..	

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N. D.



Statement showing the Cases of Serious Crimes which the Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of Police investigated personally on the spot during the year 1878.

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
<b>AHMEDABAD.</b>							
<i>By the District Superintendent of Police.</i>							
1	Theft .. ..	Ahmedabad ..	About in July 1877.	21st Jan. 1878 ..	....	Offenders arrested at once and property recovered.	
2	Murder .. ..	Do. ..	2nd Feb. 1878..	8rd Feb. 1878..	3rd February 1878..		
3	Do. .. ..	Abasna ..	9th " ..	13th " ..	14th " ..		
4	Do. .. ..	Thouthambia..	24th " ..	25th " ..	26th " ..		
5	Dacoity .. ..	Between Chodnir and Salapoor.	6th March 1878.	8th Mar. 1878 ..	9th March 1878 ..		
6	Do. .. ..	Ghojwa near Virangám.	9th " ..	16th " ..	....	The offenders were arrested at once.	
7	Do. .. ..	Within the limits of Sulthwada in Parántij.	23th " ..	4th Apr. 1878 ..	4th April 1878 ..		
8	Highway robbery ..	Between Subhasan and Bhoom in Virangám	20th " ..	6th " ..	....	The offenders were arrested there and there.	
9	Do. .. ..	Pagloo in Parántij.	4th April 1878 ..	10th " ..	....	Offenders were arrested at once.	
10	Dacoity .. ..	Limits of Sitapur.	14th " ..	16th " ..	....	Offenders were arrested at once.	
11	Murder .. ..	Matoda in Sánand.	9th May 1878 ..	9th May 1878 ..	10th May 1878 ..		
12	Highway robbery ..	Pogloo in Parántij.	7th " ..	10th " ..	....	Engaged in enquiry of Mutoda murder.	
13	Dacoity .. ..	Ginjorwa in Virangám.	14th " ..	15th " ..	15th May 1878 ..		
14	Riot .. ..	Goobjala ..	14th " ..	15th " ..	16th " ..		
15	Highway robbery ..	Harsol ..	13th " ..	16th " ..	13th Sep. 1878 ..	.....	This case, when first reported, was supposed to have been a got-up case by the runner.
16	Dacoity .. ..	Between Harsol and Adjedla.	14th " ..	17th " ..	12th " ..		
17	Theft .. ..	Ahmedabad ..	14th " ..	23th " ..	....	Offenders were at once arrested.	
18	Murder .. ..	Gogha ..	24th " ..	30th " ..	....	Was unable to go, having to attend at Ahmedabad on a committee upon Police pensioners, (Government Resolution No. 130 of 1878).	
19	Highway robbery ..	Bagodra ..	4th June 1878..	4th June 1878 ..	5th June 1878 ..		
20	Murder .. ..	Godhavi ..	6th " ..	6th " ..	7th " ..		
21	Highway robbery ..	Dalol Chooval ..	5th " ..	6th " ..	....	Engaged at Godhavi, unable to go.	
22	Theft .. ..	Ahmedabad ..	7th " ..	8th " ..	8th June 1878 ..		
23	Highway robbery ..	Near Morrass..	15th July 1878 ..	19th July 1878 ..	....	Offenders were arrested then and there, and property recovered.	
24	Murder .. ..	Betda in Sánand.	31st " ..	Night, 22nd Aug. 1878.	Morning, 3rd Aug. 1878.		
25	Theft .. ..	Ahmedabad ..	3rd Sep. 1878 ..	3rd Sep. 1878 ..	....	Offenders were arrested at once.	
26	Poisoning .. ..	Do. ..	13th Aug. 1878.	Night, 13th Aug. 1878.	Morning, 14th Aug. 1878.		
27	Theft .. ..	Do. ..	7th Sep. 1878..	Morning, 8th Sep. 1878.	Morning, 8th Sep. 1878.		
28	Do. .. ..	Harsol ..	4th " ..	14th Sep. 1878.	15th Sep. 1878 ..	.....	When at Harsol, complainant petitioned that a proper enquiry was not made by the Police of the theft committed at his house.
29	Do. .. ..	Ahmedabad ..	19th " ..	21st " ..	....	Family quarrel.	
30	Do. .. ..	Do. ..	About in Aug. 1878.	9th Oct. 1878 ..	....		
31	Highway robbery ..	Between Adalaj and Boyasad.	10th Oct. 1878 ..	Morning, 11th October 1878.	Noon, 11th October 1878.		
32	Dacoity .. ..	Between Navagam and Garibpoora in Gogha.	8th Nov. 1878..	Night, 10th Nov. 1878.	Morning, 11th Nov. 1878.		
33	Theft .. ..	Ahmedabad ..	11th " ..	13th " ..	....	Quarrel between guardian and ward.	
34	Death by grievous hurt.	Barvala ..	12th " ..	18th " ..	18th Nov. 1878 ..		
35	Highway robbery ..	Rasulpur ..	8rd Dec. 1878..	11th Dec. 1878..	....	Offenders arrested ..	
36	Theft .. ..	Khurar ..	About in Aug. 1878.	14th " ..	15th Dec. 1878 ..		Complainant petitioned that a proper enquiry was not made into a burglary committed at his house on the 14th December 1878.
<i>By the Assistant Superintendent of Police.</i>							
1	Highway robbery ..	Runora, Tálu-ka Dholka.	8th Jan. 1878 ..	On the evening of the 9th Jan. 1878.	Started in the morning of the 10th January, reached the scene at about 10 A. M. of the same day.		
2	Murder .. ..	Wasnakelia Dholka.	About 4th January 1878.	On the 12th Jan. 1878.	....	Three of the offenders were arrested there and then.	
3	Do. .. ..	Nudala, Tálu-ka Dhan-dhuka.	13th Jan. 1878 ..	On the 26th Jan. 1878.	....	The offenders were arrested there and then.	

Number.	Name of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
4	Highway robbery	Unfall, taluka Dhandhuka.	19th Jan. 1878.	On the 20th Jan. 1878.	...	The offenders were arrested at once.	
5	Murder	Between Camp and Ahmedabad City.	About 2nd February 1878.	On the evening of the 3rd Feb. 1878.	Started on the evening of the 3rd February and reached the scene at the same time.		
6	Burglary of Rs. 487	Chaloda, taluka Dholka.	1st Feb. 1878.	On the evening of the 5th Feb.	Started on the morning of the 5th February 1878 and reached the scene at the same time.		
7	Do. of Rs. 7,000.	Dholka	9th "	On the evening of the 15th February 1878.	Started on the morning of the 16th February and reached the scene on the morning of the 17th February 1878.		
8	Do. of Rs. 577-8-0.	Bhaila, taluka Dholka.	9th "	On the evening of the 14th February 1878.	Started on the morning of the 15th February and reached the scene at about noon.		
9	Highway robbery	Mehemadpara, taluka Manand.	29th "	On the night of the 27th February 1878.	Started on the morning of the 28th February and reached the scene at about 9 A.M.		
10	Theft of Rs. 844 in a building.	Wasnakota, taluka Dholka.	27th "	3rd March 1878.	Started on the 8th March and reached the scene at about noon of the same day.		
11	Burglary of Rs. 350	Surkej, taluka Manand.	6th March 1878.	12th "	Started on the morning of the 12th and reached the scene at about 10 A.M.		
12	Murder	Between the villages of Adamer and Mahajda, taluka Daskroi.	15th "	On the night of 17th March 1878.	Started on the morning of the 18th and reached the scene at about 10 A.M.		
13	Do.	Saila, taluka Dholera.	18th "	On the evening of 22nd March 1878.	On the night of the 22nd started and reached the scene in the morning of the 27th March 1878.		
14	Highway robbery	Nagoda, taluka Dhandhuka.	16th April 1878.	17th April 1878.	....	The offenders were arrested at once.	
15	Burglary of Rs. 1,087	Surkej, taluka Manand.	29th "	On the morning of the 1st May 1878.	Started on the morning of the 1st and reached the scene at about 10 A.M.		
16	Burglary of Rs. 3,568	Dholka..	29th "	On the morning of the 6th May 1878.	Started on the morning of the 1st and reached the scene at the same time.		
17	Murder	Matoda, taluka Manand.	9th May 1878	Morning of the 10th May 1878.	....	The murderers were arrested there and then.	
18	Do.	Pipal, taluka Dhandhuka.	10th "	On the evening of the 12th May 1878.	Started on the night of the 12th and reached the scene at about noon of the 16th May 1878.		
19	Do.	Sanoda, taluka Daskroi.	11th April 1878.	At about noon of the 20th May 1878.	....	The murderer was arrested at once.	
20	Dacoity	Hathijan, taluka Daskroi.	20th May 1878	On the evening of the 20th May 1878.	....	The offenders were arrested at once.	
21	Highway robbery	Bugodra, taluka Dholka.	21st "	On the morning of the 24th June 1878.	Started at about 10 A.M. of the 24th and reached the scene in the afternoon of the same day.		
22	Murder	Godavi, taluka Manand.	6th June 1878..	On the evening of the 7th June 1878.	Started on the morning of the 6th and reached the scene on the afternoon of the same day.		
23	Robbery	Dholera	6th "	On the afternoon of the 6th June 1878.	....	Being myself engaged, the District Inspector, Mr. Narajbhai, was ordered to proceed to the scene of crime. The offenders were arrested there and then.	
24	Dacoity	Koonbunder, taluka Dholera.	6th "	On the morning of the 10th June 1878.	....	The offenders were arrested there and then.	
25	Murder	Kathim-Ansaly, taluka Dhandhuka.	6th July 1878..	On the evening of the 12th July 1878.	....	The offenders were arrested there and then.	
26	Robbery	Pakli taluka Dholka.	10th "	On the evening of the 19th July 1878.	....	The offenders were arrested there and then.	

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
27	Murder .. ..	Nandaj, taluka Daskroi.	16th July 1878.	On the morning of the 19th July 1878.	Started on the morning of the 19th July 1878, but was met by the Chief Constable in the city, who informed me that the offenders had been arrested, and the body of the murdered brought in; there was no occasion for proceeding further.	.	
28	Do. .. ..	Betda, taluka Sanand.	31st July 1878..	On the morning of the 6th August 1878.	....	The Superintendent proceeded to the place and made enquiries.	
29	Do. .. ..	Soemuj, taluka Dholka.	20th Aug. 1878.	On the evening of the 21st August 1878.	Started on the morning of the 22nd and reached the scene at noon.		
30	Highway robbery ..	Boorthul, taluka Daskroi.	15th Sept. ..	On the morning of the 16th September 1878.	Started on the morning of the 16th and reached the scene at about 8 A.M.		
31	Murder .. ..	Bhuriad, taluka Dholera	20th " ..	On the morning of the 7th October 1878.	....	Being engaged in other crimes at the time, I was unable to proceed to the spot.	
32	Highway robbery ..	Adaluj, taluka Daskroi.	6th Oct. 1878 ..	On the morning of the 11th October 1878.	....	The Superintendent went and made enquiries.	
33	Murder .. ..	Nanendra, taluka Dholka.	21st " ..	On the morning of the 23rd October 1878.	Started on the morning of the 23rd and reached the scene on the evening.	.	
34	Do. .. ..	Lypoora, taluka Sanand.	10th Nov. 1878.	On the evening of the 11th November 1878.	Started on the morning of the 12th and reached the scene at about 8 A.M.	.	
35	Do. .. ..	Goonda, taluka Dhandhuka.	12th " ..	On the evening of the 18th November 1878.	....	The murderers were arrested at once.	
36	Do. .. ..	Hlybutpoor, taluka Sanand.	20th " ..	On the evening of the 21st November 1878.	Started on the morning of the 22nd and reached the scene in the afternoon.		
37	Do. .. ..	Dharpipal, taluka Dhandhuka.	1st Dec. 1878 ..	On the evening of the 5th December 1878.	....	The murderer was arrested at once.	
38	Do. .. ..	Ingoll, taluka Dholka.	20th " ..	On the morning of the 28th December 1878.	Started in the afternoon of the 28th and reached the scene on the morning of the 29th December 1878.		
39	Do. .. ..	Paldi, taluka Dholka.	31st " ..	On the night of the 1st January 1879.	Started on the afternoon of the 3rd and reached the scene on the morning of the 4th January 1879.		
					<b>KAIRA.</b> <i>By the District Superintendent of Police.</i>		
1	Murder .. ..	Nariad .. ..	5th January ..	6th January about 9-30 A.M.	....	Offenders were arrested, and confessed to the commission of the crime.	
2	Culpable Homicide ..	Mangalpur, taluka Nariad.	23rd January..	No special report.	....	The case was at first treated as one of hurt and afterwards ordered to be retried under Section 804, I. P. Code, by the High Court.	
	Do. .. ..	Samadra, taluka Mahmada-bad.	25th January..	On 25th January about 9 P.M.	....	The people in this case were summoned at the Superintendent's camp where the case was investigated.	
4	Do. .. ..	Napud, taluka Anand.	1st February..	2nd February about 3 P.M.	....	The offenders were arrested, and evidence in the case obtained.	
5	Marder .. ..	Hyderabad, taluka Matar.	Do. ..	On 5th February at 9 P.M.	On 5th February at 6 A.M., reached the spot at 7 A.M. the same day.	.....	The report stated that the corpse was found in the river. On visiting the spot, foul play seemed to be at the bottom of the affair. Gave instructions to the Police Officer on the spot as regards the steps to be taken to discover the facts of the case. In the evening the enquiring Officer succeeded in discovering that the case was one of murder, committed by a Musalmán, who murdered his own brother-in-law with the assistance of his sister (deceased's wife), whom the deceased ill-treated on suspicion of misconduct.
6	Dacoity .. ..	Onel in Cam-bay.	8th February..	..	....	.....	This case was committed in the limits of Onel in Cambay, and was tried in this district by order of the District Magistrate under the Extradition Act.

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
7	Murder at Fathawad ..	Táluka Kapadvanj.	10th February..	26th February, in the morning about 6 A.M.	....	The Superintendent was not satisfied at first that the crime was serious.	
8	Theft, Rs. 1,084..	Nadiád..	Do. ..	10th February, about 4 P.M.	....	The Inspector was on the spot investigating the case.	
9	Culpable homicide ..	Ashamli, táluca Mátar.	19th February. No special report was received.	....	....	The case was not reported as a serious crime at first.	
10	Do. ..	Pálsj, táluca Borsad.	23rd February.	No special report was received.	....		
11	Murder ..	Mangrol, táluca Nadiád.	9th March ..	13th March, in the afternoon.	31st March, reached the spot at 9 A.M. the same day.	.....	A Rajput strangled another Rajput with the assistance of the wife of the deceased with whom he was carrying on illicit intercourse. The offender confessed to the commission of the crime. On arrival inspected the spot, and after enquiry directed the case to be committed for trial.
12	Do. ..	Bahala, táluca Thasra.	26th March ..	31st March, in the morning.	4th April 1878, reached the spot about 7-30 A.M. the same day.	.....	A Koli was reported to have been grievously hurt by a dangerous weapon by his own brother while he was working his field, from the effects of which he died. Inspected the scene of the crime and enquired into the case. Gave orders to the Chief Constable for the apprehension of the offender, who had absconded.
13	Suspected murder ..	Khánpur, táluca A'naná.	Unknown ..	18th April, at 3 P.M.	24th April, reached the spot at 8 A.M. the same day.	.....	A portion of a human body, under suspicious circumstances, was found within the limits of Khanpur. After visiting the spot issued instructions to the Chief Constable regarding the enquiry. This case has been ordered to be struck off the register by order of the Magistrate.
14	Murder ..	Khamboleg, táluca A'naná.	18th April ..	20th April, at 9 P.M.	23rd April, reached the spot at 4 A.M. the same day.	.....	Inspected the spot and enquired into the case. A Garasia was strangled to death by 3 Patidars, in consequence of a dispute regarding the ownership of some trees. The offenders having been apprehended, directed their committal, after eliciting information on some minor points in connection with the case.
15	Reported murder ..	Bumol, táluca A'naná.	26rd April ..	24th April, at 3 P.M.	At once reached the spot at 2-30 P.M. the same day.	.....	A woman, of the Bhoys caste, complained that her son, about 5 years old, had been killed by her sister-in-law. The corpse was sent to the Daktar Dispensary for examination. It appeared from enquiry that there was no ground for complaint. Directed the chief constable to await the arrival of the report of the post-mortem examination. This case has since been ordered to be struck off the register.
16	Murder ..	Mehmsabad, táluca Mehmsabad.	23rd April ..	24th April, at 3 P.M.	At once reached the spot at 6 P.M. the same day.	.....	A Patidár, while in his field, was killed by some person or persons. On arrival inspected the scene. From enquiry it appeared that the deceased was killed by the relative of some woman with whom he was carrying on illicit intercourse. He was wounded last year in the same field for intriguing with a woman by a person who was sentenced to 18 days imprisonment. Left instructions with the chief constable as to how to proceed in the case, and started for further enquiry into the Harnol reported murder case.
17	Do. ..	Sandeysoy, táluca A'naná.	May 1878; exact date unknown.	26th May, at 7 A.M.	At once reached the spot at 5 P.M.	.....	From enquiry it appeared that a woman of bad character had given birth to an illegitimate child. Her parents therefore refused her admittance in their home. Feeling herself disgraced she is supposed to have thrown the child in a well and disappeared. Measures were at once taken to trace out the woman.
18	Attempt at murder ..	Haveri, táluca Mehmsabad.	4th June ..	6th June, in the afternoon.	....	The offenders were immediately arrested.	
19	Murder ..	Nadiád..	9th June 1878	9th June, at 4 P.M.	Reached the spot immediately after.	.....	A Gomia, who had put up in one of the temples outside the town of Nadiád, heard a boy to bring a lamp to place before the god "Nanuman," which he refused to do, whereupon the Gomia stabbed him with a knife in the neck and abdomen. He was at once arrested by the police. The boy died early next morning. As the Superintendent was encamped at Nadiád on the day in question, he instituted personal enquiries and left the place at about 7 P.M. after giving the necessary instructions to the chief constable regarding the prosecution of further enquiries.
20	Culpable homicide ..	Bunj, táluca Mehmsabad.	12th June ..	12th June, in the morning.	....	Not reported as a serious crime at first.	
21	Attempt at murder ..	Golot, táluca Nadiád.	23rd June ..	No special report was received.	....	The offenders were taken prisoner immediately.	
22	Highway robbery ..	Kanej, táluca Mehmsabad.	19th June ..	19th June, at 8 P.M.	19th June, in the morning; reached the spot about 7 P.M. the same day.		A Thed of Ghodasur, by name Baidá Omeria, was plundered within the limits of Kanej of property when proceeding to Hanks. Visited the scene of the robbery and made enquiries on the spot. The chief constable obtained a clue and proceeded to Kanej in search of the offenders.

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
23	Grievous hurt by a dangerous weapon.	Delhi, taluka Matar.	20th June	20th June, about at 7 P.M.	Early in the morning of the 30th June reached the spot about 8 A.M.	.....	Proceeded to the spot and enquired into the case. The complainant was watching his field at night when some 2 or 3 men came and disputed his right to the field, and severely wounded him. They then made off with his property. Ordered the removal of the wounded man to hospital, where it was found that he was not much hurt. The complainant gave the names of the culprits, and the Police went in pursuit of them.
24	Suspected murder	Dakor, taluka Thasra.	Unknown	20th June, at 7 A.M.	1st July 1878 reached the spot about 11-30 A.M.	.....	Proceeded to Dakor and saw the well. A small boy, aged about 8 years, had been missing from the limits of Dakor, and his body was found in a well situated near the tank of Dakor. Instituted enquiries, from which it appeared that there was no reason to believe that the boy was murdered. The boy, it appeared, was in the habit of going to the tank, and there being no protection to it, was presumed he had fallen in. The case has been struck off the register by order of the Magistrate.
25	Accidental death	Rogwa, taluka Thasra.	1st July	2nd July, at about 11 A.M.	At once on 2nd July, and reached the spot on the 3rd, in the morning.	.....	The body of a boy, about 9 years old, was found in a well, situated about 150 yards from the high road leading from Pali to Vadasinor. No marks of violence were visible on the body. Enquiries were made, and it was inferred that the boy had accidentally slipped into the well, which is quite unguarded and level with the ground. This case has since been ordered to be struck off the crime register.
26	Do.	Agarpura	1st July	2nd July, about 5 P.M.	3rd July, in the morning, and reached the spot at about 9 A.M.	.....	On arrival at the well in which the body of an old man was found, inspected the corpse, which was much decomposed and could not be identified. The body was sent to the dispensary, and the Hospital Assistant ascribed the death to drowning. The well is situated on the high road. It was ascertained that the deceased was an old man and partly blind. The clothes that were on the body appeared undisturbed, and no motive could be assigned for his murder. This case has been ordered to be struck off the register.
27	House-breaking by night and theft, Rs. 2,780.	Nadiad	4th July	5th July, at 4 P.M.	6th July, in the morning; reached the spot about 9 A.M.	.....	Proceeded to Nadiad and visited the house which was alleged to have been broken into. The complainant, on being questioned, stated that, on the night in question, he got up as it was raining very heavily, and going down-stairs to obtain a light, discovered that a theft had been committed. The property said to have been stolen, which amounted to Rs. 2,780, was placed in an unlocked box. It seems at present to be a doubtful case.
28	Do. Rs. 1,250..	Do.	6th July	On 8th July, in the morning.	At once on 8th July; reached at the spot about 9 A.M.	.....	Proceed to Nadiad and went to the complainant's house. The thief had made an entry by making a hole in the wall. A man, who had gone to Banodee, was suspected of being concerned in the matter. No foot-prints could be traced owing to the ground having been trodden on.
29	Murder	Chaklas, taluka Nadiad.	8th July	8th July, in the afternoon.	.....	The offenders were arrested at once.	
30	House-breaking by night and theft, Rs. 900.	Mehmadabad, taluka Mehmadabad.	Unknown	31st August, about 8 A.M.	At once on 31st August; reached the spot about 8-30 A.M.	.....	Proceeded at once to the spot, and made enquiries, from which it appeared that the complainant went away leaving the key of the house in charge of his neighbour, a woman. Suspicion attached to her and another man; but enquiries proved the case to be a doubtful one. The stolen property, viz., Rs. 900, is family property, to which the complainant succeeded from his father. The case seemed to be one originated from a family quarrel.
31	Do. Rs. 1,200..	Aoklacha, taluka Mehmadabad.	23rd July 1878.	26th July, about 2 P.M.	27th July, in the morning; reached the spot about 9 A.M.	.....	Proceeded to Aoklacha via Mehmadabad, and saw the house in which the theft occurred. The complainant was away at the time, and returned after hearing what had happened. He left his house in charge of a man who slept that night at the door of the house, by which the entry was effected. Suspicion attaches to the man. The property, alleged to have been stolen, is valued at Rs. 1,200. Proceeded to enquire into the case, but was unable to visit the scene of crime owing to the state of the country, which, owing to the recent rain, was under water.
32	Culpable homicide	Gora, taluka A'band.	18th September	19th September, late at night.	In the morning of the 20th September	.....	Proceeded to Borsad and there found that the deceased was an idiot and was not responsible for his actions. On the night that he died he was sitting on the "mala," watching his father's field with his brother; and after his brother went to sleep the deceased is supposed to have gone away, and either fallen or jumped into the well. This case has since been ordered to be struck off the register.
33	Suspected murder	Borsad	Unknown	Do.	Do. reached the spot about 12 A.M.	.....	Proceeded to the scene of crime. A post runner, while carrying the post wallet, as usual at 10 P.M. on the 20th, from Mehmadabad to Kaira, was stopped by two men, between the villages of Chappra and Mehmadabad and robbed of the wallet. On arrival at the spot discovered that the whole of the contents of the post bag has been found in a by lane, and the offenders arrested.
34	Robbery	Chappra and Mehmadabad, taluka Mehmadabad.	20th September	On 21st September, in the morning.	At once reached the spot about 8 A.M. the same day.	.....	

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
35	House-breaking by night and theft, Rs. 1,256.	Napad, taluka A'nand.	21st September.	21st September, in the afternoon.	29th September; reached the spot about 11 A.M.	.....	Proceeded to the house of the complainant and saw the hole in the wall through which the offenders are alleged to have entered and extracted property valued at Rs. 1,256. On hearing complainant's statement there appeared no grounds to believe the truth of the complaint.
36	Suspected murder.	Tatteypur, taluka Nadiad.	Unknown	25th September, in the afternoon.	30th September, in the morning, and reached the spot about 7 A.M.	.....	Proceeded to Fattaypur and saw the well in which the body of a girl, about 7 years old, was found. Instituted enquiries, from which it appeared that no crime was committed. The child was evidently of low caste, and had no clothes or trinket on her body, which could not be identified. No marks of violence were visible, and it was inferred that the child had accidentally fallen in the well. This case has since been ordered to be struck off the register.
37	Suspected culpable homicide.	Khamboley, taluka A'nand	30th September.	2nd October, in the early morning.	At once, and reached the spot about noon.	.....	On arrival at the scene of crime made enquiries, from which it appeared that the deceased, who was an old, feeble man of 70 years, died a natural death in his own verandah. This has since been ordered to be struck off the register.
38	Culpable homicide.	Kanbhaipura	Do.	1st October, at noon.	2nd October, in the morning, and reached the spot about 10 A.M.	.....	The report stated that the dead body of a Dhed, Dydn Kalia, was lying in a field. Proceeded to the spot and investigated the case. The Dhed, it appeared, went to the field of one Ragho Gatan to steal some corn, when the owner ran after and caught him and gave him 2 or 3 blows with a stick which caused his death. There were two eye-witnesses in the case. Ordered further enquiries to be made in the matter, and left for Kaira.
39	Do.	Bombani Muvadi, taluka Thsara.	3rd October	29th December, in the morning.	.....	The accused was apprehended at once.	
40	Suspected culpable homicide.	Khadana, taluka Borsad.	On 30th September the complainant was beaten, and died on 11th October.	12th October, at 11 A.M.	15th October, in the morning; reached the spot about noon.	.....	On the 15th proceeded to Khadana with a view to institute enquiries. On arrival went to the house of the deceased and saw the spot where deceased was sleeping. On the night that he was attacked, while asleep near the door of his house, he heard some one, and on getting up saw a man, whom he tried to seize. The thief, however, had a knife in his hand, with which he dealt deceased 3 or 4 blows, and then made off. A Koli was suspected to have committed the deed. Instructions were issued as to the nature of enquiries to be instituted.
41	Culpable homicide	Kunkapura, taluka Borsad	14th October	16th October, about 7-30 A.M.	16th October; about 2-30 P.M.	.....	Proceeded to Kankapura, where, on arrival, learnt that the 3 men who had beaten the trespasser, had been arrested, and that one of them had confessed that, on the night in question, they were watching their land when deceased came in and began to pluck the ears of corn, and that they then went up to him, and on his showing fault and striking one of them, they, in self-defence, struck him with a club, from the effects of which he died.
42	Murder	Sunao, taluka Borsad.	Unknown	17th October, at 6 A.M.	17th October; reached the spot about noon.	.....	Proceeded to Sunao and saw the well in which the girl's body was found. The child appeared to be about 3 years old. A large brick had been tied round the chest with a cloth, from which it was concluded that a murder was committed. No trace of the offender could be found.
43	Do	Naraya, taluka Borsad.	20th October	Early in the morning of the 22nd.	In the morning of the 23rd October; reached the spot about noon.	.....	Went to the scene of the crime and saw the spot where the man was murdered. From what could be gathered it was found that the murderer killed the wrong man. Deceased was lying asleep in his bed covered with his sheet, and the murderer came up and dealt him 3 blows about the region of the right ear with a fist. The brother of the deceased, who is the complainant, and who was intended to have been killed, has been carrying on immoral intercourse with a woman, whose relative wanted him to compensate them; but he declined, and it was concluded that that was the cause of the murder.
44	Suspected culpable homicide.	Torna, taluka Kapadvanj.	Do.	22nd October, at 6 A.M.	At once, on 27th October, reached the spot about noon.	.....	Visited the scene of the offence. It appeared that, on the night in question, 3 or 4 or 5 men came over the frontier to steal, and had cut a large bundle of rice. On being discovered they ran away, and the one who was last was overtaken by the owner of the field, whereupon he turned round and shot an arrow, which hit the owner in the mouth, who, in self-defence, struck the thief with a sword and killed him. The complainant was not slightly hurt. He stated that he could not see any of the offenders, as their faces were masked.
45	Robbery	Akrol, taluka Nadiad.	Do.	In the early morning of the 30th October.	30th October, about 8 A.M.; reached the spot about 8 A.M. the same day.	.....	Went to the scene of the crime, which took place between the villages of Akrol and Poteva. Complainant and his son, who on their way to Durnal, were attacked, while in the limits of Akrol, by some 6 men, and a parcel of property to the value of Rs. 25. It being late in the evening the complainants could not see any of the offenders. However, enquiries were made to some of the houses.

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
43	Culpable homicide ..	Gorā .. ..	29th October ..	31st October, in the morning.	....	The case was detected, and the accused confessed to the commission of the offence.	
47	House-breaking by night and theft, Rs. 511.	Nadiād.. ..	1st November..	2nd November, about 9 A.M.	2nd November; reached the spot about 2 P.M. the same day.	....	Proceeded to Nadiād. Went to the house of the complainant, who stated that, on the night in question, he and his wife were sleeping in the house, and that in the morning they discovered that their house was broken into, and clothes and jewels and Rs. 250 in cash, in all to the value of Rs. 511, were stolen. Personal enquiries into the case proved that the alleged theft was a fabrication, as no part of the house appeared to have been entered.
48	Theft, under Section 382, I. P. Code	Matar .. ..	7th November.	8th November, at noon.	8th November, in the afternoon; reached the spot about 4 P.M.	....	The Superintendent, on his way to the scene of crime, met the Mukhl, who was being carried in on a cot. He was much hurt, and bore marks of many bruises. He said he did not know who had beaten him, but that on the night in question he had gone to see his fields, when he met some Kollies, who attacked and left him for dead. Proceeded to the scene of crime and instituted enquiries, from which it appeared that the Kollies were out for the purpose of stealing grain and that they happened to meet the Mukhl, who was armed with a sword. They attacked him and took away the sword. The case was subsequently committed for trial, but the accused was discharged.
49	Culpable homicide ..	Kanig, taluka Mohamadabad.	11th November	11th November, at night.	12th November, in the early morning; reached the spot about 7 A.M.	....	Proceeded early this morning to Mohamadabad, and learnt the particulars of the case. It appeared that a Patidar, by name Kalu Bhaljee, finding his cattle being driven to the pound by one Asha Choti, accosted the latter, whereupon a quarrel ensued, in which Kalu Bhaljee received a blow on the stomach, from the effects of which he died on the spot. The prisoner confessed his guilt.
50	Drowning case .. ..	Nadiād .. ..	Unknown ..	11th November about 7 A.M.	12th November, about 8 A.M.; reached the spot about 10 A.M.	....	Proceeded to Nadiād, went to the tank; an old Gosal, aged about 60, was found. Made enquiries on the spot, but could obtain no information as to the cause of death. It would appear that the old man, while washing or bathing, suddenly slipped into deep water and was drowned. The body was much decomposed. The only garment that was on it was a sheet. This case has since been ordered to be struck off the register.
51	Culpable homicide ..	Kalsar, taluka Thāra ..	13th November.	15th November, at noon.	On 16th November, in the early morning; reached the spot about noon.	....	Proceeded to Dākor, en route for the scene of the crime. Received a report on the way, saying that the Hospital Assistant was of opinion that the man died from the effects of a beating he had received. On arrival enquiries were instituted, from which it appeared that, on the night in question, deceased went to the field of one Laloo Ballā for the purpose of stealing, and was caught by two men and beaten to death, the body being afterwards dragged to deceased's field, which lies adjacent. One of the offenders was taken prisoner. After completing enquiries, left for Mohamadabad.
52	Culpable homicide ..	Heorang, taluka Nadiād.	19th November.	19th November, in the evening.	....	The Inspector was directed to proceed to the spot.	
53	Murder .. ..	Borna, taluka Kapadvanj.	22nd November.	23rd November, in the morning.	....	The accused appeared before the Magistrate and confessed to the commission of the crime.	
54	Do .. ..	Bodal, taluka Borsad.	24th November.	26th November, in the morning.	....	The case was detected, and the accused, who were arrested, confessed to the commission of the crime.	
55	Culpable homicide ..	Forda Bhabas, taluka Kapadvanj.	1st December ..	4th December, in the morning.	....	The case was detected, and the offender apprehended.	
56	Do. suspected.	Heorang, taluka Matar.	Unknown ..	On the night of the 14th December, about 9 P.M.	On 16th December, in the early morning; reached the spot about 7 A.M.	....	Proceeded to the village, and on examining the body it appeared to be that of a woman, aged about 30. There appeared to be no marks of violence on the body, which had evidently been in the water for 5 or 6 days. In the jetticoat were some bricks tied up with a twig. Ordered the body to be forwarded to the Civil Surgeon for examination. This case has since been ordered to be struck off the register.
57	Culpable homicide ..	Borsad.. ..	19th December.	23rd December, in the evening.	.....	The offence was detected and the Inspector was directed to proceed to the spot.	
58	Dacoity .. ..	Legull, taluka Kapadvanj.	20th December.	No special report was received.	.....	....	The case was committed for trial by the Chief Constable, under Section 382, I. P. Code.
59	Murder .. ..	Bamarkha, taluka A'band.	20th December.	22nd December, in the evening.	....	The offence was detected at once.	
60	Section 382, I. P. Code..	Chalendra, taluka Matar.	27th December.	28th December, about 5 P.M.	30th December; reached the spot about 8 P.M.	....	Visited the scene of the crime, and from enquiries made it appeared that complainant, while sleeping on his hay stack, along with some of his relations, was awakened about midnight by a demand for tobacco from a body of men by whom he was surrounded, and on his refusing to give them any they struck him, and ultimately robbed him of property valued at Rs. 4. Four Kollies, identified by some of the complainants as the principal offenders, were arrested.

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
61	Culpable homicide ..	Mangrol, taluka Nariad.	29th December.	3rd December, about noon.			
62	Do. ..	Hangadi Padia, taluka Thara.	3rd December..	1st January 1879, in the morning.		The offenders were arrested, and the Inspector was on the spot. The offenders were arrested immediately.	
<b>PANCH MAHALS</b>							
<i>By the District Superintendent of Police.</i>							
1	Robbery, Rs. 2 ..	Mungulpoor, Godhra Taluka.	26th Jan. 1878.	On the 28th January 1878, at day-break.	Not visited..	As this crime is not a serious one, Inspector sent to make enquiry.	Two accused convicted and sentenced to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment.
2	House-breaking and theft, Rs. 186-1-0	Godhra Town..	7th Feb. 1878..	On the 8th February 1878, on early this morning.	Visited the scene at the same time.	....	Undetected.
3	Dacoity, Rs. 65-10-6 ..	Bhuvar ..	9th Feb. 1878..	11th February 1878, at about 7 P.M., at Naysalpur.	Visited the scene of the crime on the 12th February 1878, on arrival at Maylan, where Superintendent encamped.	....	Six accused, 5 convicted and sentenced to 9 months' rigorous imprisonment, and one acquitted.
4	Dacoity, Rs. 28-7-0 ..	Dholkui, Halol Taluka.	13th Feb. 1878..	On the 14th February 1878, at about 8 P.M.	Not visited..	As the Superintendent's camp was 60 miles distant, and Superintendent was engaged with the case referred above.	Ten accused discharged under Section 143 C. P. Code.
5	Robbery, Rs. 63-13-0 ..	Bedia, Kalol Taluka.	7th March 1878.	On the 8th March 1878, at 10 P.M.	Arrived at the scene on the 9th March 1878, at 8 P.M.	....	Not detected.
6	Do. Rs. 132-6-0 ..	Ladpur, Godhra Taluka.	22nd March 1878	On the 22nd March 1878, at 3 P.M.	Visited the scene of the crime on the 24th March 1878.	....	Not detected.
7	Do. Rs. 15-2-0 ..	Bedia, Godhra Taluka.	About on the 16th March 1878.	On the 25th March 1878.	Not visited.	Not stated ..	Four accused convicted and sentenced to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment.
<i>Mr. Gill was in charge of the Superintendent's Office.</i>							
8	Dacoity, Rs. 2-8-0 ..	Khodra, Godhra Taluka	3rd May 1878.	On the 4th May 1878, evening	Visited the scene on the 7th May 1878.	....	Not detected.
9	Robbery, Rs. 200 ..	Ambali, Kalol Taluka.	2nd May 1878.	On the 6th May 1878.	Not visited.	Not stated ..	Accused convicted and sentenced under Section 379.
10	Dacoity, Rs. 1-4-0 ..	Chalali, Kalol Taluka.	11th May 1878.	On the 12th May 1878, evening.	Not visited.	....	Accused convicted and sentenced to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment.
11	Highway robbery, Rs. 8	Kalla Kova, Godhra Taluka.	7th June 1878.	On the 8th June 1878.	....	As Superintendent was on tour in the Dehal and Jhalod Division, and a long distance.	Not detected.
12	Robbery, Rs. 1-15 8	Tersina, Godhra Taluka.	19th June 1878.	On the 20th June 1878, at about 9 A.M.	....	....	Ditto.
13	Attempt at dacoity ..	Batanpur, Godhra Taluka.	11th June 1878.	On the 20th June 1878.	Not visited.	As Superintendent was on tour in the Dehal and Jhalod Division and a long distance.	Eight accused convicted and sentenced under Sections 407, 420.
14	Highway robbery, Rs. 8-8-0	Gajpur, Godhra Taluka.	24th June 1878.	On the 25th June 1878, at about 10 P.M.	....	Not stated.	Not detected.
15	Do. Rs. 5-6-0 ..	Hansapur, Kalol Taluka.	30th June 1878.	On the 1st July 1878.	....	....	Two accused convicted and sentenced.
16	Dacoity, Rs. 61-10-0 ..	Nada, Godhra Taluka.	2nd July 1878.	On the 5th July 1878.	....	....	Fourteen accused convicted and sentenced, 1 died before trial.
17	Dacoity with hurt, Rs. 12-0-9	Champaner, Halol Taluka.	5th July 1878.	On the 6th July 1878, at about 6-30 P.M.	....	....	Not detected.
18	Robbery, Rs. 4-8-0 ..	Nawgaon, Halol Taluka.	6th July 1878.	On the 7th July 1878, at about 7 o'clock, evening.	....	....	Two accused convicted and sentenced.
19	Do. Rs. 2-15-0 ..	Nawgaon, Kalol Taluka.	15th July 1878.	On the 16th July 1878, at about 4 P.M.	Not visited..	Not stated.	Not detected.
20	Dacoity, Rs. 24-1-0 ..	Bhuvar, Godhra Taluka.	16th July 1878.	On the 17th July 1878, at about 9 P.M.	....	....	14 accused, 11 convicted and sentenced, 1 acquitted, 2 died.
21	Do. Rs. 16-10-0 ..	Ditto.	16th July 1878.	On the 19th July 1878, at about 3 P.M.	....	....	Not detected.
22	Do. Rs. 44-4-0 ..	Chajdevale, Halol Taluka.	19th July 1878.	On the 20th July 1878, at about 12 o'clock, noon.	....	....	Not detected.
23	Murder in dacoity ..	Morapur, Kalol Taluka.	20th July 1878.	On the 21st July 1878, early this morning.	Visited the scene of the crime at the same time.	....	On enquiry it was found that the crime was committed in Darya territory.
24	Robbery, Rs. 5-1-0 ..	Bheel-Doongra, Jambooghoda Taluka.	21st July 1878.	On the 22nd July 1878, at about 7 A.M.	Not visited..	Not stated.	Three accused convicted and sentenced.
25	Do. Rs. 5-2-0 ..	Saha Godhra Taluka.	21st July 1878.	On the 22nd July 1878, at about 8 P.M.	....	....	Not detected.
26	Do. Rs. 10-13-0 ..	Champaner, Halol Taluka.	24th July 1878.	On the 25th July 1878.	....	....	Six accused convicted and sentenced.
27	Dacoity, Rs. 15-0-0 ..	Deoji, Godhra Taluka.	29th July 1878.	On the 1st Aug. 1878.	....	....	54 accused convicted and sentenced, 1 died.
28	Do. Rs. 31-0-0 ..	Do.	Do.	Do.	....	....	....
29	Highway robbery, Annex 12 and Part 6	Kasapur, Godhra Taluka.	1st Aug. 1878..	On the 5th Aug. 1878.	....	....	One accused has been convicted and sentenced.
30	Highway robbery, Rs. 10-13-0	Sump, Godhra Taluka.	6th Aug. 1878..	On the 9th Aug. 1878.	....	....	Two accused convicted and sentenced.



No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
31	Dacoity, Rs. 10-0-0 ..	Morawa, Godhra Taluka.	7th Aug. 1878.	On the 12th Aug. 1878.	Not visited	Not stated	Three accused convicted and sentenced under Sections 380 and 411.
32	Highway robbery, Rs. 2-10-0	Bunehorepur, Godhra Taluka	15th Aug. 1878.	On the 17th Aug. 1878.	Do. ..	Do. ..	Two accused convicted and sentenced under Section 392.
23	Dacoity, Rs. 11-0-0 ..	Khaupur, Taluka Kalol.	17th Aug. 1878.	On the 19th Aug. 1878.	Do. ..	Do. ..	Eight accused, 7 convicted and sentenced, and 1 discharged.
<i>Major W. N. La Touche, received the charge of the Supt.'s Office on the 31st August 1878.</i>							
34	Highway robbery, Rs. 4-8-0	Poowa, Godhra Taluka.	24th Aug. 1878.	On the 24th Aug. 1878, at about 2 P.M.	Not visited	As the offenders were apprehended, and evidence was forthcoming.	Two accused conviction was obtained.
35	Dacoity, Rs. 16-14-0 ..	Radipoor, Godhra Taluka.	20th Aug. 1878.	On the 27th Aug. 1878, at about 10 A.M.	Do. ..	Do. ..	Offenders have been acquitted under Section 216, C. P. Code.
36	Highway robbery, Rs. 170-0-0	Rampura, Godhra Taluka	30th Aug. 1878.	On the 30th Aug. 1878, at about 4 P.M.	Do. ..	The Inspector and Chief Constable were on the spot. The Superintendent had only lately taken charge.	Not detected.
37	Dacoity, Rs. 51-13-0 ..	Moghri, Godhra Taluka.	16th Oct. 1878.	On the 17th October 1878, at about 14 noon.	Superintendent arrived at the scene of crime at 7 P.M. on the 19th instant. Remained a few hours. Private informers and detectives were sent in various directions, and returned to Godhra.	....	In this case a band of men came from Bariya and looted a house in our territory at night and then returned to their own territory, scattering in various directions. Nothing was to be done since by secret informers who were sent in various directions, and a clue was obtained after about a week: some 15 men were apprehended and committed and convicted.
38	Dacoity, Rs. 176-0-3 ..	Bultanpur, Kalol Taluka.	17th October 1878.	On the 20th October, at about 8 o'clock, night.	Not visited ..	Superintendent just returned from Moghri; work in Godhra had to be cleared off.	Accused convicted and sentenced.
39	Murder of a girl by her mother.	Chunchopa, Godhra Taluka.	30th October 1878.	On the 30th October 1878.	Do. ..	Superintendent received private information. The Chief Constable was sent to make enquiry and to report whether there was any thing in the case; if so, Superintendent would come. Received report from the Chief Constable, on the same day, that it was true that woman Bodli confessed that about 10 days ago she had killed her child, and she was sent in along with the report.	Woman Bodli has been acquitted by the Sessions Court.
40	Dacoity, Rs. 23-11-0.	Poopalla, Godhra Taluka.	1st November 1878.	On the 8th November 1878, at about 6 A. M.	Not visited ..	The complainant gave no information for 8 days. The Superintendent was then at Halol, enquiring into some cases against the Chief Constable.	Not detected.
41	Do. Rs. 60-13-0 ..	Vayganpur, Godhra Taluka.	10th November 1878.	On the 11th November 1878, at about 6 P. M.	Do. ..	Superintendent was enquiring into a suspicious case of suicide beyond Champaner. Superintendent enquired into this later on the 20th November 1878 when at Vayganpur.	Do.
42	Attempt to commit dacoity.	Haveli, Jambughoda Taluka.	23rd November 1878.	On the 23rd November 1878, at about 12 o'clock, noon.	Do. ..	The Superintendent was engaged on matters connected with Commissioner's enquiry into Kaira annual report.	Thirteen accused. Ten sentenced by Magistrate Three committed to Sessions Court.
43	Robbery, Rs. 111-0-0 ..	Dapal, Kalol Taluka.	5th December 1878.	On the 5th December 1878, at about 12 o'clock, night.	Do. ..	Do. ..	Not detected.
44	Dacoity, Rs. 167-3-0 ..	Vayganpur, Godhra Taluka.	9th December 1878.	On the 9th December 1878, at about 2 o'clock A. M.	Do. ..	Superintendent was engaged on work, which it was impossible to leave, in connection with the Commissioner's enquiry to be held at Kaira.	Do.

*By Assistant Superintendent of Police.*

Officers.	No. of Crime.	
	Reported.	Visited.
Mr. Prescott ..	7	6
.. Gell ..	26	2
Major La Touche ..	11	1
Total ..	44	7

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Assistant Superintendent.	Date and Time when Assistant Superintendent started for, and reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reasons to be entered.	REMARKS
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>By the Assistant District Superintendent of Police.</i>							
1	Suspicious death ..	Bakurda ..	4th January 1878.	5th January, 4 P. M.	Immediately; again on 7th January.	...	Death, the result of an accident.
2	Murder (Section 302) ..	Thaloo ..	January 12th ..	January 13th, 4 P. M.	Immediately ..	...	Case remains undetected.
3	Dacoity and murder ..	Kakradoongra (Jhalod).	January 24th ..	January 25th ..	....	...	Case remains undetected.
4	Suspicious death ..	Dohad ..	January 16th ..	January 16th ..	....	...	Man died of natural causes.
<i>Mr. Gill.</i>							
5	Murder, 302 .. ..	Billwani (Jhalod).	February 7th ..	February 9th, morning of	February 11th ..	....	Engaged enquiring into case No. 4, case still undetected.
6	Do. .. ..	Nansalal (Jhalod).	February 10th ..	February 10th, morning of	Immediately ..	....	Case subsequently detected, accused sentenced.
7	Dacoity 395, Ra. 49-4-0	Garee Dohad ..	February 8th ..	February 12th ..	....	Not stated ..	Case was committed, but the accused were acquitted by Sessions Court.
8	Do. 395, Ra. 237 ..	Altalai (Dohad)	February 20th ..	February 21st, evening.	February 22nd ..	....	Portion of property found. One accused acquitted and discharged.
9	Theft, Ra. 111-0-0 ..	Tanchia (Dohad).	February 25th ..	February 25th, night of	February 25 ..	....	Portion of property recovered, case remains undetected.
10	Dacoity 395, Ra. 80-10-0	Rupakhed (Dohad).	February 26th ..	February 26th, night of	February 27th ..	....	Committed by men from foreign territory, remains undetected.
11	Dacoity (attempt) ..	Muhodi ..	February 28th ..	2nd March ..	....	No property lost ..	Not detected.
12	Robbery, Ra. 14-5-0 ..	Jambua (Dohad).	March 2nd ..	March 5th ..	....	Inspected the spot ..	Two accused sentenced
13	Dacoity, Ra. 35-3-0 ..	Tanchia (Dohad).	March 8th ..	March 9th, evening of	March 10th ..	....	Not traced.
14	Murder .. ..	Jesawada (Dohad).	March 10th ..	March 11th ..	March 13th ..	....	One accused convicted.
15	Dacoity, Ra. 50. ..	Pethapoor (Jhalod).	March 14th ..	March 15th, night of	March 18th ..	....	Property recovered, case not traced.
16	Robbery, Ra. 26 ..	Dusia (Dohad).	March 18th ..	March 22nd ..	....	Not stated ..	One man arrested and discharged.
17	Do. Ra. 245 ..	Kakra Kheda (Dohad).	March 21st ..	March 23rd ..	....	....	Two arrested and sentenced.
18	Dacoity, Ra. 40 ..	(Jhalod).	March 21st ..	March 23rd ..	....	....	Five men arrested and sentenced.
19	Robbery, Ra. 5.. ..	Abhlod (Dohad.)	March 27th ..	March 28th ..	....	....	Undetected.
20	Dacoity, Ra. 19.. ..	Babdai (Dohad).	April 4th ..	April 5th ..	April 6th ..	....	Six men arrested, 4 sentenced, 2 released.
21	Do. Ra. 21.. ..	Chaen (Dohad).	April 4th ..	April 6th, afternoon of	Immediately ..	....	Not traced.
22	Homicide and dacoity (attempt).	....	April 11th ..	April 12th, afternoon of	April 13th ..	....	Men attempting to break into a house; one of their number was killed. Dacoity not traced
23	Dacoity, Ra. 14-14-0 ..	Salapada (Dohad).	April 17th ..	April 19th ..	....	Mr. Gill was in charge of the Superintendent's office as well as the Assistant.	Not traced.
24	Dacoity, Ra. 11-12-9 ..	Malooka (Dohad).	April 20th ..	May 1st ..	....	....	Five men arrested and sentenced.
25	Robbery, Ra. 42-1-0 ..	Chasia (Jhalod).	April 20th ..	May 1st ..	....	....	Three men arrested and sentenced.
26	Dacoity, Ra. 17.. ..	Kodaur (Dohad).	May 1st ..	May 3rd ..	....	....	Five men arrested and sentenced to 7 years each.
27	Do. Ra. 1-15-0 ..	Jesawara (Dohad).	May 3rd ..	May 5th ..	....	....	Not traced.
28	Robbery, Ra. 5-8-0 ..	Kheda (Jhalod).	May 2nd ..	May 5th ..	....	....	Do.
29	Dacoity, Ra. 15-15-0 ..	Kotra (Dohad).	May 6th ..	May 7th ..	....	....	Do.
30	Do. Ra. 4-11-0 ..	Dantghar (Jhalod).	May 5th ..	May 10th ..	....	Mr. Gill was in charge of the Superintendent's office as well as the Assistant.	Five men arrested and sentenced to 7 years each.
31	Do. Ra. 10-2-0 ..	Kachalia (Jhalod).	May 9th ..	May 11th ..	....	....	Not traced.
32	Do. Ra. 23-0-0 ..	Etawa (Dohad).	May 23th ..	May 26th ..	....	....	Do.
33	Do. Ra. 16-5-0 ..	Gangardi (Dohad).	May 16th ..	May 20th ..	....	....	Do.
34	Do. Ra. 10-6-0 ..	Charchoda (Dohad).	May 21st ..	May 22nd ..	....	....	Do.
35	Murder .. ..	Bhasapoor (Jhalod.)	May 27th ..	May 28th ..	May 29th ..	....	Not detected.
36	Dacoity, Ra. 10-14-0 ..	Katas (Dohad)..	June 1st ..	June 2nd ..	....	Not stated ..	Not traced.
37	Do. Ra. 3-5-0 ..	Jaykote (Dohad).	June 3rd ..	June 3rd ..	....	....	Do.
<i>Mr. Jones.</i>							
38	Do. Ra. 19.. ..	Abhode (Dohad)	June 3rd ..	June 4th ..	....	....	Not traced.
39	Do. Ra. 159.. ..	Gardoo (Jhalod).	June 3rd ..	June 4th ..	....	....	Do.
40	Do. .. ..	Sakarda (Jhalod).	June 3rd ..	June 9th ..	....	....	Do.
41	Robbery, Ra. 15-0-0 ..	Visaghar (Dohad).	June 10th ..	June 11th ..	....	....	Do.
42	Do. Ra. 21-15-0 ..	Agawada (Dohad).	June 11th ..	June 13th ..	June 13th ..	....	Do.
43	Dacoity, Ra. 23 ..	Dusia (Dohad).	June 11th ..	June 15th ..	June 14th ..	....	Do.
44	Robbery .. ..	Dewdha (Dohad).	June 15th ..	June 15th, night	June 16th ..	....	Do.
45	Dacoity, Ra. 8-12-0 ..	Gadi (Jhalod).	June 17th ..	June 18th ..	Not visited ..	....	Do.
46	Do. (attempt) ..	Dohad ..	June 24th ..	June 26th ..	....	Not stated ..	Do.
47	Do. Ra. 13-0-0 ..	Gudose (Dohad).	June 27th ..	June 28th ..	Immediately ..	....	Five men arrested, but released.
48	Robbery, Ra. 2-7-0 ..	Abhod (Dohad).	July 14th ..	June 15th ..	....	....	Not traced.
49	Murder .. ..	Jhalod ..	July 17th ..	July 18th ..	July 19th ..	....	Do.
50	Homicide .. ..	Kudwal (Jhalod).	July 20th ..	July 21st ..	July 23rd ..	....	A man killed whilst attempting to steal grain; struck off. ....
51	Dacoity, Ra. 27-14-0 ..	Guondse (Jhalod).	July 22nd ..	July 23rd ..	....	Inquire into No. 55 ..	.....
52	Murder .. ..	Jhalod ..	July 20th ..	July 21st ..	....	Not inquired into ..	Not traced.
53	Robbery, Ra. 3-4-0 ..	Powdse (Jhalod).	August 16th ..	August 17th, 1 P. M.	August 18th ..	Not stated ..	Do.

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
54	Homicide.. ..	Kutla (Dahad)..	September 4th.	September 8th, 12 A.M.	Immediately ..	....	Accused sentenced to six months.
55	Do.	Vagapeer (Jhalod).	" 8th.	September 10th, 9 A.M.	September 11th ..	....	Accused absconded.
56	Robbery, Rs. 24-13-0 ..	Kopron (Jhalod).	October 6th .	October 7th, 8 A.M.	....	Not inquired into ..	Not traced.
57	Decoity, Rs. 127 ..	Chimna (Jhalod).	" 19th..	October 21st ..	October 22nd ..	....	Eight men arrested, but released by Police, Not traced.
58	Robbery, Rs. 6 ..	Dhowla (Jhalod).	November 27th	November 27th, 6 P.M.	November 28th ..	....	
<i>Mr. Coles.</i>							
59	Robbery, Rs. 19-15-0 ..	Malania (Jhalod)	December 20th.	December 21th,	....	Mr. Coles in charge of office.	Not traced.
60	Decoity, Rs. 12-11-0 ..	Galla (Dahad).	" 30th.	December 31st, noon.	January 1st to 5th ..	....	Under enquiry.

  

Officers.	No. of CRIMES.	
	Reported.	Visited.
Mr. McKenzie ..	4	4
" Gell .. ..	23	12
" Jones .. ..	21	11
" Coles .. ..	2	1
Total .. ..	60	29

  

**BROACH.**

*By Acting District Superintendent of Police.*

1	House-breaking of Rs. 15,000.	Tankaria in Broach Taluka	1st January 1878.	8th January 1878.	Not visited ..	Not stated.
2	Murder .. ..	Dahod ..	15th January 1878.	On the night of the 16th January 1878.	17th January 1878..	
3	Murder by poison ..	Vallpoor ..	18th February 1878.	19th February 1878.	Not visited ..	Not stated.
4	Murder .. ..	Magnad ..	22nd February 1878.	23rd February 1878.	23rd February 1878.	
5	Decoity with murder..	Chhlodrá ..	14th March 1878	15th March 1878	16th March 1878 ..	
6	House-breaking of Rs. 102 R.O.	Jambusar ..	Unknown. ..	27th March 1878	Not visited ..	Not stated.
7	Theft of Rs. 2,327 ..	Anklesvar ..	10th April 1878.	11th April 1878.	12th April 1878 ..	
8	Murder by poison ..	Sauj ..	11th May 1878.	13th May 1878.	....	Huzur Deputy Collector and 1st Class Magistrate was in charge of the Office of Superintendent.
9	Murder by poison ..	Trálad ..	June 1878 ..	7th June 1878.	....	Do. do.
10	House-breaking of Rs. 1,687.	Town of Broach	6th June 1878..	" "	" "	Do. do.
11	Ruicide .. ..	Pálaj ..	June 1878 ..	13th June 1878.	....	Do. do.
12	Do.	Trálad ..	" "	22nd June 1878.	" "	Do. do.
13	Theft of Rs. 554 ..	Town of Broach	2nd July 1878.	3rd July 1878..	" "	Do. do.
14	Decoity .. ..	Kutli ..	30th September 1878.	1st October 1878	15th October 1878 ..	
15	Murder .. ..	Town of Broach.	10th October 1878.	10th October 1878.	Soon after the information received.	
16	House-breaking of Rs. 2,392.	Jambusar ..	3rd December 1878.	4th December 1878.	5th December 1878.	
17	Murder .. ..	Boová ..	10th December 1878.	11th December 1878.	11th December, and reached early in the morning of the 12th December 1878.	
18	Murder .. ..	Jambusar ..	19th December 1878.	20th December 1878.	On the 20th, and arrived early in the morning of the 21st December 1878.	
19	Murder by poison ..	Amod ..	23rd December 1878.	25th December 1878.	5th January 1879 ..	....
20	House-breaking of Rs. 600.	Broach City. ..	27th December 1878.	27th December 1878.	Proceeded at once on the 27th December 1878.	....

**SURAT.**

*By the District Superintendent of Police.*

1	Decoity .. ..	Fatal, Taluka Mandvi.	9th Jan. 1878..	15th Jan. 1878.	16th January 1878; arrived at Nogram on the same day.	.....	The Dheels, after the robbery, went off into the Gaikwari Territory, where they had originally come from. Nogram was the most convenient place to carry on enquiry, also to communicate with the Gaikwari officials. Eventually one man was sentenced to 1 year's rigorous imprisonment, and 2 were acquitted; all the prisoners and witnesses had been brought into Ulpád. My enquiries were therefore conducted at that place. I was absent at the time the report was received, on special duty in Banada.
2	Culpable homicide ..	Pingal, Taluka Mandvi.	6th March 1878.	6th March 1878.	10th March 1878, arrived at Ojád in the morning of 4th idem.		

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached the Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached the scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
3	Dacoity .. ..	Keem Dunga, taluka Mandvi.	12th April 1878.	16th April 1878.	....	Unable to leave Surat in consequence of much work connected with Surat riots of 6th April. On the 16th and 17th I had to be present in Magistrate's Court, my evidence being required in the above mentioned cases.	Six of the prisoners in this dacoity were sentenced to 3 years' imprisonment.
4	Murder .. ..	Untawa, taluka Mandvi.	14th April 1878.	17th April 1878.	....	Do. do.	In this case three of the prisoners were transported for life; the 4th was acquitted.
5	Do. .. ..	Devgad, taluka Mandvi.	6th June 1878.	11th June 1878.	....	Engaged in the case of Gulabdas Bhakdas and others, accused of instigating the Surat riots.	This case was reported by the Chief Constable of Mandvi as a robbery, and the property stolen only Rs. 7-0.
6	Dacoity .. ..	Goddha, taluka Mandvi.	15th June 1878.	19th " "	....	Do. do.	About six men were said to have been engaged in the dacoity. The property stolen was only about Rs. 6. The complainant was a chodra, and the case, though it comes under dacoity, was a trivial one.
7	Murder .. ..	City of Surat ..	23rd Oct. 1878.	23rd Oct. 1878.	....	On privilege leave.	My enquiries into the case were conducted on my return from privilege leave on the 30th October.
8	Dacoity .. ..	Macdala, taluka Chorasi.	7th Dec. 1878.	18th Dec. 1878.	18th December 1878: arrived at Surat on the same day. Proceeded on the 19th to make enquiries into the case. The village is close by Surat.	.....	The complaint of this case was not made till some days after it was committed. About 8 annas' worth of fish was said to have been carried off. It was merely a quarrel between some fishermen, and can hardly be called a dacoity.
9	Culpable homicide ..	Devgad, taluka Mandvi.	11th Dec. 1878.	19th Dec. 1878.	....	Engaged with the Magdala case. On the 20th a report was received that the man accused of culpable homicide had been sent for trial, so that there was no occasion for my going to the scene of crime for enquiry.	This was first a case of hurt. The deceased was beaten on the 11th December and died on the 14th. The case has been decided this year, and the accused sentenced to 9 months' imprisonment for voluntarily causing hurt.
THA'NA.							
By the District Superintendent of Police.							
1	Murder .. ..	Kushiwli, taluka Karjat.	Not known ..	14th Jan. 1878.	....	From Chief Constable's report it did not appear that any crime had been committed, but rather that the man in question had been destroyed by some wild animal.	
2	Dacoity .. ..	Yadwal, taluka Shapur.	11th Jan. 1878.	16th Jan. 1878.	....	Owing to having arranged to examine certain witnesses connected with a petition made to Government, and received from the Commissioner, Northern Division, through the District Magistrate, regarding the conduct of Rao Bahadur Shiwram Pandurang, Police Inspector, these witnesses had been summoned to attend on the 16th January 1878 at Manikpur, in Basain Taluka.	
3	Dacoity .. ..	Karjat and Gorat, taluka Bhiwandi.	17th Jan. 1878.	19th Jan. 1878.	....	Engaged in the enquiry alluded to above.	
4	Homicide .. ..	Parola, taluka Basain.	13th " "	24th " "	....	The Chief Constable in his report states that accused had been apprehended and sent up for trial.	
5	Dacoity .. ..	Yadwal, taluka Shapur.	17th " "	28th " "	....	Engaged inquiring into the petition against Police Inspector Rao Bahadur Shiwram Pandurang.	
6	Do. .. ..	Bhoioli, petta Koliapur.	6th Feb. 1878.	11th Feb. 1878.	....	The property stolen in this case consisted of sheep; the offenders probably were starving Katherias; was engaged at hand, examining Chief Constable's records on 14th; when about to start for the spot, received a report that 7 men had been apprehended, and forwarded for trial.	
7	Homicide .. ..	Shirgaum, petta Umbergaon.	13th Feb. 1878.	15th Feb. 1878.	....	Chief Constable's report altogether unsatisfactory, giving merely that a murder had been committed, but stating neither name of deceased or accused, nor date of crime; on further report proceeded on 2nd February 1878.	

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached the scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
8	Murder .. ..	Moroharan, Taluka Mahim.	Not known ..	24th Feb. 1878.	Proceeded to the spot 25th February 1878.	On inquiry it was found that the deceased died of cholera, and subsequently the case was struck off by order of the Magistrate.	
9	Dacoity .. ..	Karyan and Ghotechar, Taluka Bassein.	21st Feb. 1878.	24th Feb. 1878.	....	Inquiring into Cases Nos. 7 and 8.	
10	Murder .. ..	Kalyan, Taluka Bassetto.	2nd March 1878.	3rd March 1878.	Started 3rd March, 8 A. M., reached 8 A. M.	....	The accused was traced to Bhusaval in Khândosh District, where he was apprehended, and subsequently sentenced to death by Sessions Court.
11	Highway robbery ..	Parvel, Taluka Bassein.	23th Feb. 1878.	6th " ..	....	The Chief Constable's report stated that two men had been apprehended, and stolen property recovered.	The men arrested were brought to Bassein on the same date as report was received, and enquiry was made at Bassein by the Superintendent.
12	Homicide .. ..	Kalyan ..	4th March 1878.	" " ..	....	Chief Constable's report that accused had been apprehended, and Superintendent enquiring into Case No. 11.	
13	Murder .. ..	Mulgarn, Taluka Bassein.	5th or 6th Mar. 1878.	" " ..	Started 6th March, 5 P. M.; reached 4 P. M.		
14	Do. .. ..	Chitrmi, Taluka Panvel.	7th March 1878.	9th " ..	Started 10th March, midday; reached Panvel 9 A. M., 11th March.		
15	Highway robbery ..	Panvel ..	11th " ..	11th " ..	11th March 1878 ..		
16	Dacoity .. ..	Shetta, Taluka Warra.	6th " ..	12th " ..	....	Superintendent engaged in other work. Case enquired into, 25th March 1878.	
17	Do. .. ..	Lakhsapur, Taluka Warra.	10th " ..	13th " ..	....	Enquired into, 22nd March 1878.	
18	Do. .. ..	Palhari, Taluka Shalapur.	12th " ..	15th " ..	....	Superintendent engaged in enquiring into other cases.	
19	Do. .. ..	Kupri, Taluka Warra.	10th " ..	16th " ..	....	Inquired into, 22nd March 1878.	
20	Murder by robbers ..	Podgha, Taluka Dhiwud.	14th " ..	21st " ..	....	Superintendent engaged in other enquiries.	
21	Dacoity .. ..	Khamgam, Taluka Murbad.	23th " ..	28th " ..	....	Superintendent engaged into Cases Nos. 16, 17 and 19.	
22	Murder .. ..	Rankole, Taluka Dhaau.	1st April 1878.	4th April 1878.	....	Superintendent engaged in giving evidence before the Railway Frauds Committee. Accused apprehended.	
23	Dacoity .. ..	Judgaon, Taluka Warra.	5th March 1878.	9th March 1878.	....	Chief Constable's report stated that six persons had been apprehended, and part of the stolen property recovered.	
24	Do. .. ..	Ambhol, Taluka Warra.	1st April 1878.	9th April 1878.	....	Chief Constable in his report states that 19 persons had been apprehended and part of the stolen property recovered.	
25	Do. .. ..	Shetta, Taluka Warra.	30th Mar. 1878.	" " ..	....	Chief Constable in his report stated that 9 persons had been apprehended, and part of the stolen property recovered.	
26	Do. .. ..	Koptale, Taluka Warra.	30th " ..	" " ..	....	Chief Constable in his report stated that 7 persons had been apprehended.	
27	Do. .. ..	Chinchdoli, Taluka Shalapur.	7th April 1878.	10th " ..	....	Superintendent engaged in Bassein Taluka.	
28	Do. .. ..	Phli and Kelchappa, Taluka Mahim.	About 15th February 1878.	11th " ..	....	These cases were not reported to the Police, but on the arrest of the men concerned in Case No. 16 they came to light; the offenders were apprehended, and part of the stolen property recovered.	
29	Do. .. ..	Mangraon, Taluka Dhaau.	10th April 1878.	16th " ..	....	Enquired in Bassein Taluka.	
30	Do. .. ..	Morini, Taluka Murbad.	7th " ..	" " ..	....	This appeared from Chief Constable's report to be a case of extortion; five men were subsequently arrested and convicted by Sessions Court under the head of dacoity.	
31	Homicide.. ..	Kalyan ..	17th " ..	24th " ..	....	The Chief Constable in his report stated that the offenders were well known, but had absconded; the Chief Constable and Police Inspector were making enquiries as to their whereabouts.	
32	Murder .. ..	Gandwli, Taluka Bassetto.	22nd " ..	29th " ..	Received information 10 P. M. Superintendent started 8 A. M. on 27th April; reached the spot 10 A. M.	....	

Number.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	Remarks.
33	Murder .. ..	Ookhewra, taluka Bassein.	26th April 1878.	27th April 1878.	.. ..	Superintendent engaged in Case No. 22. Chief Constable in his report stated that one man had been apprehended red-handed.	
34	Dacoity .. ..	Dohiwli, taluka Shahapur.	26th .. ..	29th .. ..	.. ..	Superintendent engaged in Case No. 32.	
35	Do. .. ..	Kalgam, taluka Umbargaon.	2nd May 1878..	6th May 1878..	....	Inspector and Chief Constable enquiring; further report awaited.	
36	Do. .. ..	Ankias, patta Umbargaon.	9th .. ..	13th .. ..	....	Do. do.	
37	Murder .. ..	Borili, taluka Shahapur.	12th .. ..	16th .. ..	....	The Chief Constable in his first report only stated that a body had been found; further report awaited.	
38	Homicide.. ..	Khadiwli, taluka Kalyan.	13th .. ..	18th .. ..	....	It being known who the accused persons were, it only remained to arrest them.	
39	Murder .. ..	Gagam, taluka, Shahapur.	17th .. ..	24th .. ..	....	The Chief Constable in his report stated that the accused had been apprehended.	
40	Dacoity .. ..	Wadhana, taluka Murbad.	23rd .. ..	28th .. ..	....	In his further report Chief Constable stated that five persons had been apprehended, and part of the stolen property recovered.	
41	Do. .. ..	Dapchaal, taluka Dahannu.	26th .. ..	30th .. ..	....	Engaged to attend Committee on 1st June 1878, as per Government Resolution No. 780, dated 1st March 1878.	
42	Dacoity with murder ..	Ambithpada, taluka Mahim.	31st .. ..	3rd June 1878..	....	Not visited.	
43	Murder .. ..	Warar, taluka Dahannu.	2nd June 1878.	6th .. ..	....	Received report on morning of 7th June that two persons had been apprehended.	
44	Dacoity .. ..	Waidhani, taluka Kalyan.	11th .. ..	17th .. ..	....	The offenders were known, and were arrested next day.	
45	Burglary .. ..	Thina, taluka Salsette.	23rd .. ..	24th .. ..	At once visited the scene of crime.	....	
46	Murder .. ..	Panvel. ..	16th May 1878.	4th July 1878..	....	Accused apprehended red-handed, and committed for trial.	
47	Robbery .. ..	Waghewli, taluka Bassein.	7th July 1878..	18th .. ..	....	Chief Constable in his report stated that the accused had been apprehended, and part of the stolen property recovered, and the case committed for trial.	
48	Murder .. ..	Kotimba, taluka Karjat.	17th Aug. 1878.	19th August 1878.	Started immediately. An arrival at Karjat received information that accused had been arrested and was being brought into Karjat.	....	
49	Do. .. ..	Kapel, taluka Dahannu.	18th July 1878.	21st July 1878.	Started 27nd July, 8 A. M.; arrived 5 P. M.	....	The death was found to be an accidental one and subsequently the case was struck off the crime register by order of the Magistrate.
50	Highway robbery ..	Narel, taluka Karjat.	29th Aug. 1878.	2nd Sept. 1878.	Started at once; arrived during forenoon.	....	
51	House-breaking by night, and theft.	Kalyan ..	27th .. ..	28th Aug. 1878.	Started 2-45 P. M., 28th August, and arrived 4 P. M.	....	
52	Homicide .. ..	Khardi, taluka Shahapur.	4th Sep. 1878..	5th Sept. 1878..	Started at once on arriving at Shahapur station was informed that accused had been apprehended and brought to Shahapur.	....	
53	Murder .. ..	Kuria, taluka Salsette.	20th Aug. 1878.	20th Aug. 1878.	Started 20th August 1 A. M., and arrived 1-30 A.M.	....	Three persons were arrested.
54	Homicide .. ..	Nazari, taluka Dahannu.	22nd .. ..	26th .. ..	....	Accused absconded. Inspector and Chief Constable in pursuit.	
55	Murder .. ..	Kone, taluka Panvel.	22nd .. ..	2nd Oct. 1878..	....	Not visited, the offenders were known, and were apprehended next day.	
56	Murder .. ..	Senowla, taluka Wada.	6th Oct. 1878..	9th .. ..	....	Not visited.	
57	Do. .. ..	Kholapur, taluka Dahannu.	6th .. ..	19th .. ..	....	Not visited.	
58	Homicide .. ..	Parole, taluka Bassein.	29th .. ..	31st .. ..	....	In his report Chief Constable stated that the accused had been apprehended and forwarded for trial.	
59	Robbery .. ..	Shirdhan, taluka Panvel.	About 21st Oct. 1878.	" .. ..	....	In his report Chief Constable stated that the accused had been apprehended, and property recovered.	
60	Do. .. ..	Gorhal, taluka Salsette.	4th Nov. 1878..	5th Nov. 1878.	Started 8 A. M.; arrived 12 A. M., 6th November 1878.	....	

Number	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of offence.	Date and Time when report of offence reached Superintendent.	Date and Time when Superintendent started for, and also reached the scene of Crime.	If scene not visited, the reason to be entered.	REMARKS.
61	Homicide .. ..	Karon, táluks Kalyán.	7th Nov. 1878.	11th Nov. 1878.	Started 12th November. On arrival at Kalyán was informed that accused had been apprehended, and forwarded for trial.		
62	Do .. ..	Bahanoli, táluks Kalyán.	13th Dec. 1878.	14th Dec. 1878.	Started at once; arrived 3 P. M.	....	Accused arrested.
63	Barotry .. ..	Kholapur, táluks Karjat.	24th .. ..	25th .. ..	Started 26th December; arrived at Kholapur 8 A. M., 27th December 1878.		
64	Do .. ..	Mohopada, táluks Páunel.	23rd .. ..	26th .. ..	....	Superintendent en route to Khápur for inquiry into Case No. 63.	
65	Do .. ..	Narel, táluks Karjat.	28th .. ..	31st .. ..	Started 8-15 A. M., reached the spot 9 A. M.		
<b>KOLA'BA.</b> <i>By the District Superintendent of Police.</i>							
1	Highway Robbery ..	Verwadee ..	14th Mar. 1878.	20th Mar. 1878.	....	The Superintendent was prosecuting Abas Alli Khan before the Political Agent.	
2	Culpable Homicide not amounting to Murder.	Pontal .. ..	20th Aug. 1878.	....	....	Complaint made to Magistrate.	
3	Attempt at Murder ..	Bolosee .. ..	9th Oct. .. ..	....	....	Accused apprehended, and no special report submitted.	
4	Culpable Homicide not amounting to Murder.	Bhymulla ..	28th Oct. .. ..	....	....	First reported as a case of hurt	
5	Barotry .. ..	Kawir .. ..	15th Nov. .. ..	....	....	Complaint made to Magistrate.	
6	Culpable Homicide not amounting to Murder.	Korra .. ..	27th .. ..	1 .. ..	....	Reported grievous hurt with deadly weapon.	
7	Culpable Homicide not amounting to Murder.	Khurwili ..	19th Dec. .. ..	P. M. on 19th Dec. 1878.	1-30, reaching the spot at 3 P. M. ..	.....	Reported as a case of murder. Particulars of my visit to the scene of this crime are given in para. 11, case 4 of the report.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner, N.D.

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**CENTRAL DIVISION.**

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**B 175—C D**



# CENTRAL DIVISION.

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### PART II

#### REVIEW OF THE DISTRICT RETURNS.

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No.  $\frac{P}{1670}$  OF 1879.

FROM

E. P. ROBERTSON, ESQUIRE,  
COMMISSIONER, C.D.,

TO

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,  
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY.

Poona, 30th July 1879.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the working of the Police in the several districts of the Central Division for the year 1878.

2. The usual statements **A to G**, prescribed by the Government of India to accompany this Report, together with the additional statements, as per margin, required by
1. Statements showing the total Expenditure on Police Buildings.
  2. Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police.
  3. Statement showing the Serious Crimes that occurred and were investigated by the District Superintendents of Police.

Government, are appended.

3. The following table shows the dates of the District Police Superintendents' reports, the dates of the District Magistrates' transmitting memoranda, and the dates of the final replies to references made to them for further information and explanation:—

DISTRICTS.	Dates of the Police Superintendents' Reports.	Dates of the District Magistrates' transmitting Memoranda.	Dates of the Police Superintendents' or Magistrates' final Replies.
Ahmednagar .. .. .	31st March 1878.	7th April 1879.	31st May 1879.
Khândesh .. .. .	13th do.	1st do.	23rd do.
Násik .. .. .	17th do.	19th March 1879.	.....
Poona .. .. .	19th May 1879.	3rd May 1879.	.....
Sátára .. .. .	6th March 1879.	11th March 1879.	29th May 1879.
Sholápur .. .. .	16th May 1879.	19th May 1879.	13th June 1879.

4. The District Superintendent of Police, Poona, Major Daniell, while regretting the delay in submitting his report, states that it was caused by an unusual press of work in his office, and by the fact of the Shirastedár being a new hand, and only for the first time engaged in compiling the intricate statements.

**COGNIZABLE AND NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.**

5. The total number of offences reported to have been committed in the six districts of the Central Division, during the year under report, is 23,970, showing a decrease of 1,076 cases as compared with the preceding year. There is a decrease, in the three districts of Sátára, Sholápur and Khândesh, of 1,552, 1,158 and 99 cases, respectively; but the districts of Poona, Ahmednagar and Násik show an increase of 901, 743 and 89 cases, respectively, as compared with the preceding year. The increase is entirely in the non-cognizable offences, of which there are 7,480 cases in 1878 against 5,308 in 1877. The following table, which furnishes particulars for each district separately as well as for the entire division, shows the amount of cognizable and non-cognizable crime and the results of the year's operations, in contrast with the same for the previous year:—

DISTRICTS.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.		Number of Persons arrested.		Number of Persons convicted.		Number of Persons acquitted and released.		Percentage of time given to Accused.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar .. .. .	2,943	4,708	7,048	6,548	4,459	4,319	2,308	1,971	63	62
Khândesh .. .. .	4,967	4,856	7,174	6,604	4,693	3,993	2,554	2,609	81	63
Násik .. .. .	2,608	3,603	6,778	6,754	3,200	2,649	3,578	4,053	64	61
Poona .. .. .	7,409	8,409	19,124	19,004	8,600	8,666	4,604	6,219	54	64
Sátára .. .. .	5,919	4,240	8,761	7,307	5,344	3,003	3,424	2,600	67	50
Sholápur .. .. .	4,063	2,925	6,630	6,767	6,214	3,266	1,778	1,578	72	62
Total .. .. .	31,048	23,970	66,651	60,964	27,676	23,102	19,566	18,072	60	61

6. It will be seen from the subjoined figures that, although there is a decrease in crime in 1878 as compared with the year 1877, still that, as compared with 1876 and the previous five years, the contrast is not so favourable for the year under report :—

1871	...	...	23,284	1875	...	...	21,946
1872	...	...	23,069	1876	...	...	22,514
1873	...	...	23,726	1877	...	...	30,046
1874	...	...	22,158	1878	...	...	28,970

7. The number of persons arrested in connection with the 28,970 cases reported for the year was 40,964, of whom 25,102 were convicted, giving a percentage of 61 against 60 in the previous year. In this percentage 2,100 persons, concerned in 1,693 cases compounded and withdrawn under sections 188 and 210 of the Criminal Procedure Code, are included; but, if this number be deducted, the percentage rises to 64 against 63 in 1877. These results appear to be satisfactory in so far as they show a slight improvement over last year; but it must be borne in mind that, during the year 1877, a considerable portion of the Deccan was devastated by a famine of great severity, which added much to the increase of crime and the responsibilities of the Police. The year under report was, however, a comparatively good one, and, therefore, better results were to be expected.

8. The following table shows the proportion of cognizable and non-cognizable crime to area and population of the entire division, in contrast with the preceding year :—

	Cognizable Cases.		Non-Cognizable Cases.		Total.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Offences ascertained to have been committed	24,738	21,490	5,308	7,480	30,046	28,970
Proportion of crime to area in miles ..	1 to 1.69	1 to 1.58	1 to 7.41	1 to 6.25	1 to 1.30	1 to 1.36
Proportion of crime to population ..	1 to 211.14	1 to 243.05	1 to 984.08	1 to 608.39	1 to 173.84	1 to 180.30

9. From the above it will be seen that the proportion of cognizable and non-cognizable crime is as 1 to 1.36 square miles and as 1 to 180.30 of the population. In the preceding year the proportion was as 1 to 1.30 square miles and as 1 to 173.84 of the population. The comparison is thus slightly favourable for the year under report.

#### COGNIZABLE CRIME.

10. The total number of cognizable offences reported to have occurred in the Central Division during the year, was 21,490 against 24,738 in 1877, showing a decrease of 3,248 cases for the whole division. A decrease appears in every district except Ahmednagar, where there is an increase of 695 cases as compared with the previous year. The following table shows the number of cases for each district separately and for the entire division in 1878 in contrast with the same for 1877 :—

DISTRICTS.	CASES.						NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED.					
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.		Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.		Total.		During the year.		Pending at the close of the previous year.		Total.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar ..	2,810	4,308	39	36	2,849	4,341	6,362	5,716	87	36	6,349	5,751
Khandesh ..	2,632	2,458	51	58	2,903	2,516	5,563	4,806	67	112	5,635	4,918
Nasik ..	2,852	2,755	33	18	2,885	2,770	5,602	4,819	38	17	5,640	4,536
Puna ..	5,457	4,636	42	34	5,499	4,670	7,368	6,505	123	33	7,491	6,543
Satara ..	8,201	2,782	103	177	8,404	2,959	7,771	5,324	82	60	7,854	5,384
Bholarpur ..	3,676	2,634	19	22	3,695	2,656	5,973	4,322	48	30	6,021	4,352
Total ..	24,738	21,490	207	332	25,024	21,822	38,463	31,192	445	292	39,010	31,484

DISTRICTS.	Died, escaped, or transferred before Trial.		Released without Trial.		In custody of the Police.		Brought to Trial.		Convicted.		Acquitted and discharged.		Otherwise disposed of after commencement of Trial.		Pending at the close of the year.		Percentage of Convictions to Men brought to Trial.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar ..	9	7	467	381	16	7	5,840	5,303	4,109	4,107	1,729	1,194	2	..	17	33	70	77
Khândesh ..	4	6	523	509	23	27	5,016	4,232	3,667	2,924	1,340	1,306	3	..	59	144	73	69
Násik ..	3	3	44	16	1	11	3,572	4,506	2,660	2,273	2,012	2,253	3	1	17	1	48	61
Poona ..	3	3	2,804	2,403	30	12	4,640	3,993	2,924	2,437	711	556	1	..	15	42	83	86
Sátára ..	15	2	635	392	3	6	7,094	4,961	4,844	3,033	2,249	1,877	1	1	57	23	64	63
Sholápur ..	6	5	590	241	5	6	5,395	4,039	4,369	3,037	1,013	1,001	13	1	25	61	50	75
Total ..	39	28	5,113	4,032	79	69	33,557	27,034	23,577	18,864	9,990	8,168	23	3	220	324	70	71

11. The above table shows that in the Sátára District there is a decrease of 1,609 cases as compared with the crime of the previous year; that in the Sholápur District there is a decrease of 1,022 cases; that Poona shows a decrease of 821 cases; Khândesh of 394, and Násik of 97 cases; Ahmednagar alone showing an increase of 690 cases.

12. The following abstract shows, at a glance, the number of offences under each class and for each district separately in contrast with the same for the year preceding:—

DISTRICTS.	Class I. Offences against the State, &c.		Class II. Serious Offences against the Person.		Class III. Serious Offences against Person and Property, &c.		Class IV. Minor Offences against the Person.		Class V. Minor Offences against Property.		Class VI. Other Offences.		Total.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar ..	21	28	60	58	179	153	490	427	1,216	1,748	441	1,774	2,510	4,208
Khândesh ..	34	41	87	105	228	292	554	679	2,520	2,106	179	136	2,852	2,419
Násik ..	16	21	79	54	212	218	1,116	1,089	1,150	1,061	279	240	2,852	2,753
Poona ..	59	40	104	88	456	342	1,229	991	3,266	2,700	243	436	3,452	2,916
Sátára ..	55	40	108	78	312	229	1,025	849	3,541	2,318	299	264	3,861	2,702
Sholápur ..	50	33	86	79	410	294	378	338	2,317	1,664	436	266	3,070	2,664
Total ..	236	208	524	462	1,790	1,668	5,142	4,316	14,810	11,644	2,236	2,310	24,738	21,890
Increase ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,064	..	..
Decrease ..	..	33	..	62	..	222	..	877	..	3,186	..	..	..	3,210

13. Thus, comparing the figures for 1878 with those of 1877, it is seen that there is a decrease under all classes, except Class VI—"Other Offences"—under which head the increase in Ahmednagar, Poona, Khândesh and Násik amounts to 913, 192, 107 and 70 cases, respectively. The increase in the Ahmednagar District is entirely under "Public and Local Nuisances," and is explained *in extenso* in para. 7 of Part II of this Report in reviewing the fluctuations of crime in this district. The increase in the remaining three districts also occurs mainly under the same heading. The districts of Sholápur and Sátára, on the other hand, show a decrease, in offences of this class, of 179 and 21 cases, respectively.

14. Under Class I—Offences against the State, &c.—there is a decrease of 33 cases for the whole division; but, taking individual districts separately, Ahmednagar, Khândesh and Násik show an aggregate increase of 19 cases; while Poona, Sholápur and Sátára show a decrease of 19, 17 and 16 cases respectively. In Class II an increase occurs in the Khândesh District alone, where there are 18 cases more than the number in the preceding year. The remaining five districts show a decrease, aggregating, in all, 80 cases. In Class III an increase of 64 and 6 cases is to be observed in Khândesh and Násik, respectively, and a decrease, aggregating 292 cases, in the remaining four districts. Classes IV and V show a decrease of 827 and 3,186 cases, respectively, distributed over every district of the division.

15. The total number of cognizable offences, including those reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, amounts to

21,822; of these 21,361 were investigated by the Police during the year, and 128 were pending at the close of the year. The total number of cases decided during the year was 17,361; and in 12,989 of these, convictions were obtained, which indicates a slight fall in the percentage from 78 in 1877 to 75 in 1878. The following table shows the results for each district in contrast with the same for the year 1877:—

Districts.	Number of Cases Investigated.		Number of Cases Investigated pending at the close of the year.		Number of Cases decided.		Number of Cases decided in which Convictions were obtained.		Percentage of Convictions to Cases decided.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar .. .. .	3,527	4,198	10	24	2,195	2,663	2,658	3,174	80°	87°
Khándesh .. .. .	3,208	3,141	46	33	2,424	2,161	1,924	1,848	79°	53°
Násik .. .. .	2,805	2,770	6	8	2,809	2,581	1,453	1,605	56°	69°
Poona .. .. .	3,499	4,060	29	27	2,942	2,701	2,689	2,446	91°	90°
Natara .. .. .	3,404	3,959	29	16	4,262	2,886	3,096	2,107	72°	70°
Sholápur .. .. .	3,006	2,076	17	20	3,119	2,819	2,737	1,909	83°	82°
Total .. .. .	24,303	21,304	143	128	18,523	17,361	14,437	12,989	78°	75°

16. The above table shows an improvement in the percentage of convictions to cases decided in the Ahmednagar and Násik Districts, where it has risen from 80 and 56 in 1877 to 87 and 59 in 1878, respectively. In the remaining four districts there is a falling off in the percentage, Khándesh showing the highest fall from 79 in 1877 to 53 in 1878, and Poona the least from 91 to 90 only.

17. The total number of persons arrested in cognizable cases, investigated during the year, was 31,434; of this number 27,034, or 86 per cent., were brought to trial, and 18,863, or 70 per cent., were convicted, which is the same as last year. The percentage of convictions to arrests also remains at 60 for both the years 1877 and 1878. The percentage of convictions to men brought to trial as well as the percentage of convictions to arrests, however, show better results as compared with the years from 1871 to 1876, as is seen from the following figures:—

Years.	Number of Persons arrested.	Number of Persons brought to Trial.	Number of Persons convicted.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.	Percentage of Convictions to Men brought to Trial.
1871 .. .. .	18,187	12,225	6,945	46°	57°
1872 .. .. .	17,684	14,618	8,454	47°	58°
1873 .. .. .	18,923	12,355	7,569	47°	59°
1874 .. .. .	23,339	15,724	8,456	36°	64°
1875 .. .. .	25,809	15,835	10,507	40°	67°
1876 .. .. .	26,191	17,508	10,511	40°	54°
1877 .. .. .	30,010	33,667	23,577	60°	70°
1878 .. .. .	31,434	27,034	18,863	60°	70°

18. Looking at the percentages of each district separately, Ahmednagar and Násik show an improvement as regards convictions to arrests as well as in convictions to men brought to trial. In Poona the percentage, as regards convictions to arrests, is the same as in the previous year; but, as regards convictions to men brought to trial, there is a slight improvement of 1 per cent. In Khándesh, Sátára and Sholápur both the percentages are lower than in the year preceding, as will be seen from the following figures:—

	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.		Percentage of Convictions to Men brought to Trial.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar .. .. .	85°	71°	70°	77°
Khándesh .. .. .	66°	59°	73°	69°
Násik .. .. .	47°	50°	48°	51°
Poona .. .. .	52°	52°	55°	56°
Sátára .. .. .	64°	57°	69°	62°
Sholápur .. .. .	72°	70°	80°	75°

19. Having noticed the fluctuations of cognizable offences as entered in the Returns A, Part I, and B, I now proceed to give some details regarding cases struck off the registers as "no crime," and which do not appear in the above returns, under the instructions laid down in the Report of the Police Statistical Committee, who prepared those forms for all India, and received with Government Resolution (J. D.) No. 2133, dated 5th June 1869, but which, in compliance

with the orders of Government contained in the concluding sentence of para. 11 of Government Resolution (J. D.) No. 6421, dated 8th November last, passed on the Annual Report on the working of the Police of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1877, have been furnished by the Superintendents of Police this year.

20. The following table, which is designed principally to show the number of cases of cognizable crime struck off the registers as "no crime" by order of the Magistrates in contrast with the same for the preceding year, also furnishes details of the number of persons arrested in such cases and the other particulars required by Government:—

Districts.	CASES.													
	Total Number entered in Register, including Transfers from last year.		Number struck off as no Crime by order of Magistrates.		Number in which Convictions were obtained.		Number discharged.		Number compounded and withdrawn.		Number acquitted.		Number pending and undetected.	
	1		2		3		4		5		6		7	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar .. .. .	4,708	5,252	1,154	1,011	2,558	2,174	239	210	134	104	472	411	173	243
Khândesh .. .. .	5,497	4,706	1,504	1,190	1,924	1,848	527	449	325	193	36	75	1,001	919
Násik .. .. .	4,198	4,272	1,318	1,432	1,453	1,806	6	8	59	68	1,078	978	701	734
Poona .. .. .	7,127	5,875	1,628	1,218	2,609	2,465	811	803	303	158	272	253	1,441	910
Bátára .. .. .	5,622	4,102	125	143	3,096	2,107	941	315	225	185	167	117	1,054	1,215
Sholápur .. .. .	4,037	2,994	342	318	2,737	1,909	98	63	147	60	267	208	329	307
Total .. .. .	31,184	27,131	6,159	5,309	14,437	12,989	2,611	1,834	1,103	748	2,412	2,174	4,371	4,077

Districts.	PERSONS.															
	Number arrested in cases referred to in column 2.		Number discharged in cases referred to in column 3.		Number convicted.		Number discharged.		Number compounded and withdrawn.		Number acquitted.		Number pending.		Died or otherwise disposed of.	
	8		10		11		12		13		14		15		16	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar .. .. .	5,484	5,891	136	140	4,199	4,107	1,397	1,007	271	199	559	311	23	60	11	7
Khândesh .. .. .	6,391	5,394	736	476	2,647	2,929	516	464	7	225	1,246	1,129	112	171	7	6
Násik .. .. .	5,699	4,678	269	142	2,660	2,278	64	16	90	71	2,822	2,161	18	12	6	3
Poona .. .. .	7,798	6,809	307	266	3,926	3,437	2,273	2,240	431	252	711	666	45	64	2	2
Bátára .. .. .	7,918	5,447	69	63	4,844	3,083	2,223	1,007	239	217	262	243	60	29	16	3
Sholápur .. .. .	6,317	4,490	196	138	4,309	3,037	274	180	216	61	1,012	1,001	20	67	19	6
Total .. .. .	40,792	32,709	1,692	1,225	33,577	28,868	6,907	5,574	1,354	1,226	6,312	5,800	208	303	63	23

21. From the foregoing figures the following percentages have been calculated, and they show that in Násik, Khândesh, Poona and Ahmednagar a large proportion of offences, reported as such in the first instance, were by the Magistracy—in some cases under pressure of the Police—treated eventually as being "no crime":—

Districts.	Number of Cases reported.		PERCENTAGE OF CASES.								Number of Persons arrested.		PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS.							
			Struck off.		Convicted.		Discharged.		Acquitted.				Discharged in Cases struck off.		Convicted.		Discharged.		Acquitted.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
Ahmednagar .. .. .	4,708	5,252	24	19	54	60	5	4	10	9	6,624	5,291	2	2	43	70	21	18	9	5
Khândesh .. .. .	5,497	4,706	29	25	35	32	9	9	1	2	6,391	5,394	11	9	57	54	6	9	21	21
Násik .. .. .	4,198	4,272	31	24	25	24	..	..	16	22	5,699	4,678	6	2	45	44	1	..	62	65
Poona .. .. .	7,127	5,875	23	20	27	22	11	18	6	4	7,798	6,809	4	4	20	20	23	23	9	6
Bátára .. .. .	5,622	4,102	2	3	53	51	17	6	3	2	7,918	5,447	1	1	61	57	29	19	4	6
Sholápur .. .. .	4,037	2,994	8	10	66	64	2	2	9	12	6,317	4,490	2	2	79	66	6	6	16	22
Total .. .. .	31,184	27,131	20	19	46	48	8	7	8	8	40,792	32,709	6	6	54	54	17	17	17	17

22. Compared as above, the success of the Police, judged by the percentage of convictions on the total number of offences, including those struck off as "no crime," is not as great as the figures in para. 20 of this Report would show it to be. I am far from advocating that cases which are distinctly false should be retained to swell the crime registers; but I cannot help thinking that in very many cases, when success becomes improbable, it is a device of the Police to rid the returns of them entirely by the application of pressure to get the Magistrates to consent to the cases being treated as cases of "no crime."

23. I may note, however, that the above remarks apply rather to the past than to the present practice. In para. 11 of their Resolution No. 6421, dated 8th November 1878, Government strongly animadverted on the prevailing system, cautioning all officers—both Magisterial and Police—as to the impropriety of continuing a practice so pernicious in itself, and so misleading to higher authority and the public; and I do not doubt the warning conveyed in the orders of Government will be productive of good effect.

24. I would also invite attention to the figures in the table in para. 21 above, as they stand against Sâtára and Sholápur, and especially the former district, as they show that, in this respect at least, the Police generally have discharged their duties in a conscientious manner.

25. It will also be observed that the number of persons arrested in cases afterwards eliminated from the returns as "no crime" is comparatively small; the percentage in Khándesh, where it is highest, being 9 only, and in Sâtára, where it is lowest, 1 only. This is so far satisfactory as indicating a desire, on the part of the Police, not to arrest in doubtful cases.

26. On this point I would observe that if due attention is paid to the provisions of sections 116 and 117 of the Criminal Procedure Code, unnecessary arrests would be the exception. It will be noted from Statement A, Part I, that, generally, the procedure laid down in these sections is but little observed. Thus we find that, in all but a very few of the cognizable cases reported during the year, the Police at once proceeded to investigate, *suo motu*, without, as might be expected to have been the case in many instances, entertaining any scruples or doubt as to the probability or improbability of the offence having been committed, or reporting to the Magistrate for instructions in the first instance. This is not as it should be, and on enquiry I find that the explanation obtainable of this result varies in many respects. Thus in the case of Khándesh and Sholápur it is said that the provisions of these sections have not hitherto received the careful attention of the Police; in Násik, on the other hand, the mere questioning of the complainant, or his or her relatives, is held to be an investigation by the police *suo motu*; while in Sâtára it appears that nearly all the cases in which doubt was felt by the Police were those subsequently declared by the Magistrates to be "no crime," and so do not appear in the returns at all.

27. The point requires further careful sifting; and I trust, after I have secured more complete information as to the practice in force in the various districts, to be able to suggest a practical solution of what should be done so as to bring out all cases coming under sections 116 and 117 prominently in the annual report of crime that is laid before Government.

28. The following is a comparative statement for the division, and it shows the fluctuations and particulars of the mere serious offences that occurred during the years 1877 and 1878, with the results obtained:—

OFFENCES.	1877.										
	CASES.				NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED.			Convicted.	Acquitted and Released.	Pending.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	Percentage of Cases in which Convictions were obtained to Cases decided.	During the year.	Pending at the end of the previous year.	Total.				
Murders ...	72	9	81	59	167	20	187	64	55	23	25
Culpable homicides ...	24	5	29	59	47	6	53	14	23	6	29
Dacoities ...	119	14	133	70	1,024	98	1,122	554	561	16	47
Robberies ...	26	9	35	64	429	11	419	167	245	6	40
Thefts ...	12,484	61	12,545	87	18,603	97	18,700	13,971	4,729	104	74
Receiving stolen property	623	7	630	80	1,102	9	1,111	702	409	4	70
Kidnapping ...	34	3	37	69	60	6	66	26	27	1	40

OFFENCES.	1878.										
	CASES.				NUMBER OF PRISONERS ARRESTED.			Convicted.	Acquitted and Released.	Pending.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	Percentage of Cases in which Convictions were obtained to Cases decided.	During the year.	Pending at the end of the previous year.	Total.				
Murders ...	56	9	65	57.	116	31	149	60	31	7	40.
Culpable homicides ...	33	8	41	59.	55	5	60	21	33	8	35.
Dacoities ...	52	8	60	62.	405	15	420	127	146	143	30.
Robberies ...	153	4	157	85.	373	8	381	116	117	40	42.
Thefts ...	9,571	112	9,683	82.	13,007	102	13,109	9,554	3,521	23	22.
Receiving stolen property ...	400	8	407	84.	907	8	915	604	210	6	74.
Kidnapping ...	35	...	35	44.	56	...	56	31	32	3	57.

29. As seen from the above table, there is an increase in cases of culpable homicide and kidnapping, but a decrease in all the other offences specified, as compared with the preceding year. The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases decided, shows a falling off in all the offences except in cases of receiving stolen property, in which it has risen from 80 in 1877 to 84 in 1878, while in cases of culpable homicide the percentage is stationary—i. e., 59 for both the years.

30. There are 56 cases of murder for the division, in the year under report, against 72 in the previous year, or a decrease of 16 cases. The largest decrease appears against the Sholapur District, in which 8 cases are returned against 15 in 1877. In Satara 10 cases are shown against 16 in 1877. In Poona the number has fallen from 15 in 1877 to 10 in 1878, and Khándesh and Násik show a decrease of 1 case in each, the number being 12 and 4 against 13 and 5, respectively, in the preceding year. The Ahmednagar District alone exhibits an increase, the number being 12 in 1878 against 8 in 1877. Of these 56 cases 5 were murders by robbers, 8 by poison, and 43 are due to other causes. For the whole division the percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases decided has slightly fallen from 59 in 1877 to 57 in 1878. This falling off in the percentage is due chiefly to the poor results secured in the Sholapur District, in which only 20 per cent. were convicted in 1878 against 46 in 1877. In the Khándesh District, also, the percentage fell from 87 in 1877 to 67 in 1878, and in the Poona District from 64 in 1877 to 50 in 1878. In the Ahmednagar District the fall is slight, being 43 in 1877 against 42 in 1878; while in Násik and in Sátara it has risen from 66 to 100 and from 54 to 70 per cent., respectively. The percentage of convictions to arrests in cases of murder for the whole division has risen from 35 in 1877 to 40 in 1878; but, taking individual districts, the result is that while in Sátara it has risen from 22 in 1877 to 64 in 1878 and in Khándesh from 18 in 1877 to 38 in 1878—the percentage in Nasik being the same (75) as in the previous year, it has in Sholapur, Poona and Ahmednagar fallen from 43 to 6, from 37 to 32, and from 33 to 28, respectively.

31. There are 38 cases of culpable homicide for 1878 against 24 in the preceding year, or an increase of 14 cases. There is an increase in every district of the division, as shown in the margin. Adding to the 38 cases, that occurred during the year, the 3 cases brought over from the previous year, we have a total of 41 cases, 32 of which were decided, convictions being obtained in 19 only, which gives a percentage of 59, the same as in the previous year. In connection with these cases 60 persons were arrested, of whom 21 were convicted, 33 acquitted and released, and 6 were pending trial at the close of the year. The percentage of convictions to arrests has, however, improved, it having risen from 26 in 1877 to 35 in 1878.

32. In cases of dacoity there is a decrease of 67 cases as compared with the preceding year, the number being 52 in 1878 against 119 in 1877. A decrease occurs in every district of the division, the largest being in the Ahmednagar District, in which 9 cases only are returned, against 33 in 1877. As regards the other districts, Násik shows 4 cases against 18 in 1877; Sholapur and Sátara, 12 cases each, against 26 and 17, respectively, in 1877; Poona, 9 cases against 15; and Khándesh, 6 against 10 in 1877. The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases decided has, however, fallen from 70 in 1877



to 64 in 1878. The falling off in the percentage is seen principally in Khándesh, where it was 87 in 1877, but is only 25 in 1878. In the Sátára District, also, there is a falling of from 86 in 1877 to 50 in 1878. Sholápur shows a fall from 76 to 55, Nasik from 92 to 75, and Poona from 66 to 57. In the Ahmednagar District alone there is the satisfactory rise from 42 in 1877 to 100 in 1878. Of the 420 persons arrested in connection with these dacoities, including 15 persons who were pending trial at the close of the previous year, 127, or 30 per cent., were convicted, and 146, or 35 per cent., were acquitted and released, against 47 and 50 per cent., respectively, in 1877.

33. There are 156 cases of robbery for the division in 1878 against 236 in 1877, or a decrease of 80 cases. There is a decrease in every district, except Násik, where there is an increase of 1 case as compared with the preceding year. The decrease in Sholápur amounts to 30 cases, in Poona to 26 cases, in Sátára to 13, and in Ahmednagar and Khándesh to 6 cases each. In the percentage of cases convicted to cases decided, there is a falling off from 64 in 1877 to 56 in 1878. There is a fall in Khándesh, Sátára and Ahmednagar, of 52, 16 and 11 per cent., respectively; but there is an improvement in Násik, Poona and Sholápur of 15, 12 and 7 per cent., respectively. The total number of persons arrested in these 156 cases, including 3 who were pending trial at the end of the previous year, was 275; and of these, 16 were convicted, 117 acquitted and released, 40 are pending trial, and the remainder otherwise disposed of. The percentage of convictions to arrests has slightly improved from 40 in 1877 to 42 in 1878.

34. There has been a considerable decrease under the head of "Thefts" as compared with the year preceding, the number being 9,571 in 1878 against 12,484 in 1877; but as compared with the year 1876 there is still an increase of 4,330 cases, the number in which year was 5,241 only. The decrease in the year under report extends more or less to every district of the division; the largest (1,067) being in Sátára, and the least (32) in Násik. The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases decided has slightly fallen from 87 in 1877 to 82 in 1878. This falling off in the percentage is due chiefly to the poor results obtained in the Khándesh District, where the convictions are only 64 per cent. against 85 in 1877. In the Sholápur and Násik Districts there is a slight fall of 4 and 2 per cent., respectively, and in the Poona and Sátára Districts of 1 per cent. each. In the Ahmednagar District alone there is an improvement, the percentage being 87 in 1878 against 83 in 1877. The percentage of persons convicted to arrested has also fallen from 74 in 1877 to 72 in 1878.

35. The crime of "receiving stolen property" also shows a decrease of 136 cases for the whole division, the number being 489 in 1878 against 625 in the preceding year. There is a decrease in every district, as shown in the margin. The percentage of cases convicted to cases decided, as well as the percentage of convictions to arrests, shows, as compared with the previous year, a slight improvement, the former having risen from 80 in 1877 to 84 in 1878, and the latter from 70 to 73 per cent.

36. Under the head "kidnapping or abduction" there is an increase of one case for the division as compared with the number of such cases reported for the year preceding, there being 35 cases in 1878 against 34 in 1877. In Násik, Sholápur and Ahmednagar there is an increase; but in Poona and Sátára there is a decrease, Khándesh remaining stationary, as is seen from the subjoined figures:—

	1877.	1878.	Increase.		1877.	1878.	Decrease.
Násik	0	5	5	Poona	13	7	6
Sholápur	11	14	3	Sátára	4	2	2
Ahmednagar	4	5	1	Khándesh	2	2	0

Of the 35 cases reported for the year, 14 pertain to the Sholápur District, and in 13 of these, as well as in 1 of the 7 cases pertaining to the Poona District, girls were abducted for immoral purposes. In the remaining 21 cases children were decoyed, chiefly for the purpose of stealing their ornaments. The percentage of cases convicted to cases decided shows a considerable fall, viz., from 69 in

1877 to 44 in 1878. This falling off in the percentage is due to the unsatisfactory results obtained in every district of the division, Poona showing worst in this respect, as will appear from the following figures:—

	1877.	1878.	Decrease.
Poona ...	87.	33.	54.
Khândesh ...	100.	50.	50.
Sátára ...	50.	0.	50.
Ahmednagar ...	50.	25.	25.
Násik ...	50.	40.	10.
Sholápur ...	67.	58.	9.

The total number of persons arrested in these 55 cases was 56, of whom 25 were convicted and 32 acquitted and released. The percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested is also not satisfactory, it being 37 in 1878 against 40 in 1877.

#### NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

37. The following table is an abstract of Statement A, Part II, and it shows the whole of the non-cognizable offences that occurred during the year, and the results of the year's operations for each district, in contrast with the same for the year preceding:—

Districts.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.		Number of Persons arrested or summoned.		Number of Persons convicted.		Number of Persons acquitted and released.		Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.		Percentage of Acquittals to Arrests.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar ...	433	606	719	797	349	411	306	374	43	51	51	47
Khândesh ...	1,108	1,400	1,489	1,378	798	677	606	606	54	68	48	38
Násik ...	741	937	1,038	1,219	590	775	406	474	54	64	46	36
Poona ...	3,053	3,804	3,643	4,481	1,823	3,309	1,111	1,370	38	31	42	28
Sátára ...	521	578	907	1,033	400	509	303	400	44	60	55	40
Sholápur ...	407	371	618	608	445	398	179	181	72	66	37	28
Total ...	5,308	7,480	7,441	9,480	4,099	6,330	3,313	3,302	43	36	45	34

38. From the above table it will be seen that the number of non-cognizable offences reported is 7,480 against 5,308 in the previous year, or an increase of 2,172 cases as compared with 1877, and of 2,465 cases as compared with 1876. This net increase of 2,172 cases for the year is made up of increases in Poona, Khândesh, Násik, Sátára and Ahmednagar, of which the largest is in Poona, and of a decrease in Sholápur, as shown below:—

	Number of Cases		Increase.
	1877.	1878.	
Poona	3,053	3,804	1,751
Khândesh	1,108	1,400	292
Násik	741	937	196
Sátára	521	578	57
Ahmednagar	407	606	199
Total	5,308	7,480	2,172
Deduct Decrease—			
Sholápur ..	407	371	36
Net Increase			2,136

39. In these 7,480 cases, 9,480 persons were arrested or summoned, and of these 6,238, or 66 per cent., were convicted, and 3,202, or 34 per cent., were acquitted and released. There is thus a satisfactory improvement as compared with the results of the previous year, in which the percentages were 55 and 45, respectively. This improvement is seen in every district of the division, except Sholápur, where the percentage has fallen from 72 in 1877 to 66 in 1878. In 829 of the 7,480 cases the Police were employed, and in the remaining 6,651 cases action was taken by the Magistrates without the intervention of the Police. The following table furnishes details separately for each district, the results obtained in cases in which the Police were employed being shown, in contrast

with the same for the preceding year, separately from those in which the Police were not employed :—

DISTRICTS.	CASES IN WHICH POLICE WERE EMPLOYED.											
	Number of Cases.		Number of Persons arrested or summoned.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.		Percentage of Acquittals to Arrests.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmedabad .. ..	60	897	117	684	65	320	33	355	73	47	27	51
Khandesh .. ..	119	97	198	134	138	113	69	26	70	84	30	15
Nasik .. ..	52	119	135	183	114	151	21	26	64	82	16	14
Poona .. ..	..	67	..	94	..	27	..	67	..	29	..	71
Patana .. ..	68	44	110	86	46	43	63	43	42	50	58	50
Sholapur .. ..	247	103	396	269	305	124	68	79	77	61	23	33
Total .. ..	501	829	956	1,390	688	778	203	590	72	56	28	42

DISTRICTS.	CASES IN WHICH POLICE WERE NOT EMPLOYED.											
	Number of Cases.		Number of Persons arrested or summoned.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.		Percentage of Acquittals to Arrests.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Ahmednagar .. ..	392	108	602	113	264	91	337	19	44	80	56	17
Khandesh .. ..	946	1,303	1,271	1,442	665	864	607	578	52	60	48	40
Nasik .. ..	659	609	950	1,035	476	624	474	408	50	60	50	39
Poona .. ..	2,082	3,737	2,643	4,387	1,522	3,182	1,111	1,208	58	72	42	27
Patana .. ..	408	530	707	917	354	556	439	357	44	60	55	39
Sholapur .. ..	100	109	222	196	130	144	82	52	63	74	37	26
To tal .. ..	4,747	6,651	6,485	8,090	3,411	5,461	3,050	2,612	53	67	47	32

40. From the foregoing table it will be seen that Police were employed in 397 out of the 500 recognizable offences that occurred in the Ahmednagar District, only 103 cases being shown to have been taken up by the Magistrates without the intervention of the Police; whereas in the remaining five districts of the division on an average 6 per cent. of the cases were alone referred to the Police for investigation. In the 829 cases in which Police were employed, 1,390 persons were apprehended, of whom 778, or 56 per cent., were convicted, and 590, or 42 per cent., were acquitted and released. The percentage in the previous year was 72 and 28, respectively. In the 6,651 cases taken up by the Magistrates, 8,090 persons were arrested or summoned, of whom 5,461, or 67 per cent., were convicted, and 2,612, or 32 per cent., were acquitted and released. The percentage in 1877 was 53 and 47, respectively.

41. The value of property stolen, during the year under report, amounted to Rs. 5,23,753 for the entire division, being an increase of Rs. 92,217 as compared with the preceding year, and the amount recovered was Rs. 2,40,269, or Rs. 60,272 more than in the year 1877. The following statement shows the value of property stolen and recovered, with the percentage of recoveries for each district, in contrast with the year preceding :—

DISTRICTS.	Value of Property Stolen.		Value of Property Recovered.		Percentage of recoveries to value of Property Stolen.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmednagar .. ..	54,308	53,728	14,820	21,445	34	40
Khandesh .. ..	15,398	1,40,469	37,080	58,297	47	41
Nasik .. ..	60,068	43,616	23,602	20,336	51	47
Poona .. ..	1,29,391	1,27,053	37,090	59,753	29	47
Patana .. ..	55,559	67,673	41,833	39,403	44	45
Sholapur .. ..	32,596	96,409	21,072	50,033	65	52
Total .. ..	4,36,536	5,23,753	1,79,997	2,40,269	41	45

42. From the above statement it will be seen that Sholapur shows a better percentage of recovery than the other districts of this division although it has lost 13 per cent. as compared with the year 1877; that the Poona District,

although it is much below the average, still shows an improvement of 18 per cent. over the previous year, in which the percentage was 29 only, and the amount stolen was less than in 1877; that Ahmednagar and Sātāra show an improvement of 6 and 1 per cent., respectively, over the previous year, but that Khāndesh and Nāsik have lost 6 and 5 per cent., respectively, as compared with the year 1877. With respect to the entire division, there is an improvement of 4 per cent. as compared with the year 1877, and of 1 per cent. as compared with the year 1876, but a falling off in the percentage as compared with the years 1871 to 1875, as will be gathered from the following figures:—

								Value of Property stolen.	Value of Property recovered.	Percentage.
								Rs.	Rs.	
1871	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,10,413	1,52,544	49	
1872	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,72,571	1,71,105	46	
1873	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,90,034	1,84,152	47	
1874	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,98,843	1,84,059	46	
1875	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,50,465	1,54,413	44	
1876	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,15,823	1,39,147	44	
1877	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,30,646	1,79,997	41	
1878	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,25,763	2,70,299	51	

43. In explanation of the falling off in the percentage of recoveries in the Sholapur District, from 65 in 1877 to 52 in 1878, the District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Gell, remarks that—

“Of the whole amount of property stolen during the year, Rs. 22,412 worth was stolen in the 4 cases of dacoity transferred to this district, and had it not been for these cases the percentage of property recovered to property stolen would have been 63.”

I may add to the above that although, in 3 out of the 4 cases referred to, the accused were convicted, the amount of property recovered was very trifling; in one case, property, valued at Rs. 4,299-12-0, was stolen, and only property valued at Rs. 17-8-0 was recovered; in the second case the property stolen was Rs. 1,199-15-0, but the amount recovered was only 13 annas and 3 pies; in the third case, property worth Rs. 15,063 was stolen, but only Rs. 3,910 were recovered; and, in the fourth case, property of the value of Rs. 1,850 was stolen, but nothing appears to have been recovered, and in this case the accused were discharged by the Magistrate.

44. In explanation of the falling off in the percentage in the Khāndesh District, the District Superintendent of Police, Major Probyn, writes as follows:—

“The falling off in recoveries is partly attributable to the large amount of loss in the Rājangaon dacoity, Rs. 13,711, of which only Rs. 283 have been recovered. The perpetrators of this robbery were traced into the Nizam’s territory, where they were arrested and made over to the Nizam’s authority. Many of them (Bhils) have since confessed, and state that a large sum of the property stolen had been paid away in the Nizam’s territory with a view to secure their release. The amount of loss in the Mengaon and Diggi dacoities was Rs. 3,355, of which only Rs. 62 worth of property was recovered; but against this it is satisfactory to know that the country has been almost permanently rid of no less than 45 professional robbers of the Kanjar tribe, who have been sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, viz., from seven years’ imprisonment to transportation for life. The percentage of stolen property has, therefore, fallen from 46 last year to 41 during the year under report.”

The Acting District Magistrate, Mr. East, with reference to the above, adds that—

“Stolen property has been recovered in more cases than last year, and the number of cases of theft was considerably less; on the other hand, the property recovered was proportionately less valuable, being much less than half the amount stolen, which, again, was twice that of last year. About Rs. 17,000 went in large dacoities, and special reasons tended to prevent its recovery. The large number of ‘Kanjar’ dacoits and the sentence to various terms of imprisonment of 45 of them, has had a good effect on the crime of the district.”

45. The falling off in the percentage of the recovery of stolen property in the Nāsik District is explained by the District Superintendent of Police, Major Wilson, as being due to the failure of the Police as yet to recover the stolen property in a case of house-breaking in which the complainant stated his loss to have been Rs. 5,324-14-0; and he adds that, “from information recently received, it is yet hoped that a good deal of this property will be recovered.”

46. Generally, I would remark that, as a rule, people very greatly exaggerate their losses, especially when there has been any dacoity; thus the percentage of recoveries is hopelessly against the Police. I may mention that, in the late dacoities in the Deccan, the sums plundered have been put down at thousands when it was only hundreds as confessed by the robbers. Their statements are now proved to be correct, as at the capture of Wasudeva Balwant Phadke his record of their proceedings has been secured, and his written record bears out the confessions of the prisoners.

*Statement C.*

47. This statement refers to professional crimes that come under the cognizance of the Thuggee Department. The District Superintendent of Police, Khândesh, has shown two cases of dacoity as having been committed during the year by professional gangs of criminals (Kanjars) in which 57 persons, supposed to have been concerned, were arrested and brought to trial, and of whom 45 have been convicted since the close of the year, and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, as stated above in para. 44 of this Report.

*Statement D.*

48. During the year under report, 62 annual fairs were held in this division, viz., 14 in the Khândesh District, 40 in Násik, 2 in Poona, 4 in Sátára, and 2 in Sholápur. In only 4 of these fairs, noted in the margin, the number of people assembled exceeded 30,000. In none of these 62 fairs, except at Alandi, in the Poona District, were any special Police employed for the protection of persons and property, as small detachments of Police from the regular force of the district were generally found sufficient to maintain order. At Alandi 6 officers and 26 men were employed for six days at a cost of Rs. 109 to the Municipality there.

49. Under the provisions of Section 16 of the Bombay District Police Act (VII of 1867), punitive Police posts were specially quartered, during the year, on 141 villages along the portion of the G. I. P. Railway line lying in the Násik District in consequence of the conduct of the inhabitants of those villages in the matter of continual grain robberies on the line; but they were withdrawn in November 1878, it being held that the provisions of the law had been fully vindicated, and the people made to feel the results of their conduct. For the same reasons, punitive Police posts were also established in 8 villages along the portion of the G. I. P. Railway line lying in the Poona District. Three punitive Police posts were also quartered at Kalambi, Sivdola and Mahábalshvar, in the Sátára District, during the year under report. On the other hand, the punitive Police post which was established in 1876 at Gondegaon, in the Násik District, and continued during the previous year, as well as the punitive Police post established in 1877 at Bavdhan, in the Sátára District, were discontinued during the year under notice.

*Statement E.*

50. The total sanctioned strength of the Police force, including the Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police employed in the several districts of the Central Division—which contain an area of 39,356 square miles and a population of 52,23,237 souls—was 5,648. The total cost of this force, including contingencies, amounted to Rs. 9,19,145, of which Rs. 9,07,447 were defrayed from the Provincial Revenues and Rs. 11,698 from Municipal and other funds. The general distribution of the Police force on the last day of the year was as follows:—

General Police duties	...	...	...	3,853
Jail Guards	...	...	...	180
Guards over lock-ups and treasuries and miscellaneous	...	...	...	849
Town and Municipal duties	...	...	...	626
Cantonment duties	...	...	...	203
<i>Add—</i>				
Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police				8
Vacancies in Ahmednagar 1 and in Khândesh 16	...	...	...	17
				Total ... 5,686

51. The proportion of Police to area and to population for the whole division and for each district separately is shown in the following table :—

DISTRICTS.	Sanctioned Strength.	Area in Square Miles.	Population.	PROPORTION OF POLICE.	
				To Area.	To Population.
Ahmednagar ... ..	451	6,617	7,73,934	1 to 10 70	1 to 1,316 37
Khândesh ... ..	1,722	10,162	10,27,642	1 to 6 90	1 to 597 53
Násik ... ..	745	8,140	7,54,356	1 to 10 93	1 to 1,033 64
Poona ... ..	1,000	5,000	9,07,233	1 to 4 64	1 to 912 34
Sátara ... ..	908	4,804	10,01,002	1 to 4 96	1 to 1,099 07
Sholápur ... ..	540	4,400	7,13,034	1 to 8 33	1 to 1,349 69
Total ... ..	6,666	39,351	61,33,237	1 to 6 92	1 to 918 61

52. The above shows that the average proportion of the whole Police force to the area and population of the Central Division is as 1 Policeman to 6·92 square miles and 1 Policeman to every 918·61 souls ; but if the portion of the constabulary employed on other than general Police duties be deducted, the proportion becomes 1 Policeman to 10·14 square miles and 1 to 1,355·63 of the population.

*Statement F.*

53. This statement shows that in this division 2,515 of the Police force are armed with fire-arms ; that 1,445 are armed with swords only, or swords and batons ; and that 1,718 men possess batons only.

54. During the year under report, 10 officers and 107 men were dismissed the Police force, against 9 officers and 64 men in the preceding year ; 5 officers and 46 men were punished judicially against 6 officers and 38 men in 1877 ; and 100 officers and 403 men were punished departmentally by fine, suspension, or degradation, against 107 officers and 368 men in the previous year. Of the officers and men punished judicially, 11 men were punished by Magistrates for offences under the District Police Act ; 2 officers and 3 men, under sections 330, 331 and 348 of the Indian Penal Code ; and 3 officers and 25 men for other offences. On the other hand, 133 officers and men were rewarded by promotion and 40 by money rewards, against 204 and 28, respectively, in the preceding year. The District Superintendent of Police, Násik, Major Wilson, has been rather profuse in giving money rewards, 22 officers and men having been so rewarded, while only 7 men were rewarded by promotion.

55. In 1877 there were, in the whole force of the division, 641 officers and 1,371 men able to read and write, and 14 officers and 338 men under instruction. During the year under report, 636 officers and 1,346 men are returned as able to read and write, and 7 officers and 301 men as under instruction. There is thus a falling off in the number, both of officers and men, under both headings.

56. The following table presents, at one view, the strength of the Police in each district able to read and write, in contrast with the same for the preceding year :—

DISTRICTS.	Sanctioned Strength.		ABLE TO READ AND WRITE.				Percentage.	
	1877.	1878.	Officers.		Men.		1877.	1878.
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
Ahmednagar ... ..	620	620	84	87	193	206	41 13	47 00
Khândesh ... ..	1,710	1,710	137	140	301	301	24 20	22 69
Násik ... ..	744	744	106	110	306	255	54 14	49 06
Poona ... ..	1,100	1,000	78	84	80	50	14 06	18 97
Sátara ... ..	907	907	150	131	200	270	41 54	40 78
Sholápur ... ..	539	539	70	66	150	178	28 21	43 12
Total ... ..	6,712	6,712	611	616	1,371	1,346	24 22	24 07

57. The above shows that there is an improvement in the figures for the division as compared with the preceding year. The Ahmednagar, Khândesh and Poona Districts show slightly better results ; but those of Násik, Sholápur

and Sâtára show a falling off to the extent of 6, 3 and 1 per cent., respectively. It will be observed, however, from the report of the Ahmednagar District, that too much reliance cannot be placed on these statistics, which should be confined to men really able to read and write, and not to those only who can sign their names.

*Statement G.*

58. During the year under report there were, in the whole force of this division, 9 Europeans, 11 Eurasians and the rest natives of the place. Of the Europeans, 6 are Superintendents of Police—of whom 4 are military and 2 uncovenanted officers, 2 are uncovenanted Assistant Superintendents of Police, and 1 is an Inspector of Police. Of the Eurasians, 2 are Inspectors of Police, and the rest are subordinate officers and men; while of the natives, 971 are officers and 4,678 constables. The following is an abstract of the different religions and castes of the various officers and men employed in the several districts of this division, and it also shows the percentage proportion they bear to the total strength as it stood on the last day of the year in contrast with the same for the year preceding:—

	Officers.		Men.		Percentage.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Christians	21	20	78	18	0·68	0·63
Mahomedans	801	297	1,451	1,521	80·65	81·97
Brahmins	90	90	142	158	4·09	4·27
Maráthas	278	298	1,385	1,657	27·03	32·61
Kapúts	28	81	90	118	2·06	2·62
Lucáyats	6	8	15	8	0·37	0·10
Parshís	3	5	2	2	0·08	0·08
Parás and Jews	9	10	8	8	0·19	0·23
Hindus of all other castes	253	227	1,620	1,304	82·78	26·82

59. The expenditure incurred, during the year under report, on Police buildings from the Public Works Department Budget grant was Rs. 9,447-13-10, of which Rs. 8,143-2-9 was spent on repairs and Rs. 1,299-11-1 on new construction. The expenditure from the Police Budget grant amounted to Rs. 9,272-2-3, of which Rs. 3,926-9-11 were spent on repairs and Rs. 5,345-8-4 on new construction. Thus, the total expenditure incurred by both departments amounted to Rs. 18,720-0-1, or, on an average, Rs. 3-4-9 per man.

60. From the return of serious offences personally investigated by the District Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police during the year, it will be seen that, in Khándesh, Major Probyn and Mr. Dickinson, while in charge of the Police Superintendent's office, visited the scenes of all the crimes shown in the return. The First Assistant, Mr. Dickinson, also personally investigated 6 out of 16 cases that occurred in his own charge, and the Second Assistant, 1 out of 3 cases pertaining to his charge. In Sâtára 30 cases are shown in the return, of which 9, or 30 per cent., were personally investigated by the Superintendent of Police. In Poona 21 cases are returned, of which the scenes of only 4 were visited—3 by Mr. Giertzen and 1 by Major Daniell. Of the 18 cases that occurred in Ahmednagar, 3 were personally investigated by the District Superintendent of Police, Major Daniell; while, in Sholápur, only 4 out of the 24 cases reported were personally investigated by the several officers in charge of the Police Superintendent's office during the year.

61. I have recently addressed Government in a separate letter on the subject of the drill of the Police generally, which is in a very unsatisfactory position. The progress made in this matter in the districts of Sholápur and Sâtára has been but small; but I trust, if the arrangements I have proposed meet with the approval of Government, something much more satisfactory will result. In the meantime I have called for the information Government have asked for as regards the number of Head Constables that should be instructed as drill masters in each district in view to the introduction of a more efficient system of drill in the Police.

62. The accounts kept by the Police at head-quarters cannot be said to be satisfactory, as there are no standard forms; and the accounts are kept, in a measure, according to the pleasure of each Superintendent.

63. There is no regular account establishment, the accounts being kept by the head-quarters Chief Constable, who, if a good accountant, is almost certain to be a wretched drill, and *vice versa*. Again, the returns and papers required from Chief Constables in the districts are very numerous, and it is desirable these should be examined, and some system adopted, as a Chief Constable cannot devote his time to his regular duty, the detection of crime, and supervision of the Police, if his whole time is taken up in preparing returns and reports. On all these points I am addressing Government, as after considerable trouble I have had standard forms of accounts prepared.

64. I would, in conclusion, express my opinion that the several Superintendents of Police, and especially Major Daniell, have shown an earnest desire to carry on their duties with energy and satisfaction, and that they have been generally successful.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

E. P. ROBERTSON,

Commissioner, C. D.

## PART II.

### REVIEW OF THE DISTRICT RETURNS.

#### AHMEDNAGAR.

##### Statistics.

Area ....	...	...	...	...	6,617 square miles.
Population .....	...	...	...	...	7,73,933
Strength of Police on the 31st December 1878	...	...	...	...	621
Police to Area ...	...	...	...	...	1 to 10.70
Police to Population	...	...	...	...	1 to 1,246.27

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878 .. .. .	4,208	809	5,017
Proportion of crime to area in miles .. .. .	1 to 1.59	1 to 13.29	1 to 1.41
Proportion of crime to population .. .. .	1 to 184.08	1 to 1,547.87	1 to 164.69

Officers in charge.

2. The following officers held the appointment of District Superintendent of Police during the year:—

1. Mr. A. F. Woodburn from 1st to 22nd January 1878.
2. Mr. C. E. Coles from 23rd January to 29th March 1878.
3. Major H. Daniell from 30th March to 26th August 1878.
4. Captain S. Babington from 27th August to 27th November 1878.
5. Mr. T. Hamilton from 28th November to 5th December 1878.
6. Mr. F. Goldsmid from 6th December to end of the year.

3. I share the regret expressed by the District Magistrate, Mr. Stewart, that the office of District Superintendent of Police had to change hands so frequently during the year; but, no doubt, the changes were unavoidable.

4. Mr. Goldsmid, by whom the year's results are reported, observes that the general conduct of the men of the force has been fair. One officer and 5 men were dismissed the force during the year, 7 officers and 40 men were punished departmentally, and 2 officers and 1 man were punished judicially. On the other hand, 47



men were rewarded by promotion and 6 by money rewards. Mr. Goldsmid remarks that the Police had no very light duties to perform, and that they performed them, as a body, satisfactorily. The District Magistrate concurs with Mr. Goldsmid, and adds that, as a body, the Police are hard-working and intelligent, but that their efforts in dealing with crime must always be more or less dwarfed by the difficulties consequent on the great length of His Highness the Nizam's territory bordering on our frontier, and the manner in which some of the villages of the district are intermixed with those of other Foreign States.

5. The number of officers and men returned as able to read and write 87 and 205, respectively, against 86 officers and 195 men in the previous year. Mr. Goldsmid, however, remarks that these returns are apt to mislead, as the powers of some of the men in reading and writing are of very minutest, being limited in writing their own names and reading only what is written by themselves. He adds: "I encourage education as much as I can, and I make men at the outposts learn: up to date I have only enlisted men who read and write, but I shall be forced to change this custom, as I cannot obtain the men. Of the last batch sent before the Civil Surgeon none passed, their educational powers were fair, their stamina was nil." The District Magistrate, with whom I concur, observes that Policemen who can only write their own names and read them when written by themselves should not be entered in the number of those 'able to read and write,' justly remarking that nothing could be more misleading in gauging the extent to which education has progressed in the force.

6. During the year under report, lines for the accommodation of the men were completed at 6 outpost stations, and the Superintendent of Police trusts to be able to commence and complete, during the financial year 1878-79, lines at 3 more outposts, as per margin, where chauris are made use of by the Police.

Barrack Accommodation.

1. Puntámbo for 5 men.
2. Sonni for 4 men.
3. Kburwánda for 3 men.

I have, however, desired that no more buildings be constructed at outpost stations till a revision, on which I am engaged, is made of the entire number, on the principle of having—say—10 men at each outpost, instead of from 2 to 5 only as at present.

7. The total number of cognizable and non-cognizable offences ascertained to have been committed during the year was 4,705 against 3,962 in the preceding year, showing an increase of 743 cases. In cognizable offences there is an increase of 695, the number being 4,205 in 1878 against 3,510 in 1877. Non-cognizable cases also show an increase of 48, the number being 500 in the year under report, against 452 in the preceding year. The increase in cognizable offences occurs almost entirely under "Public and Local Nuisances," of which class of cases there were no less than 1,763 during the year. The District Magistrate, in pointing to the fact that no less than 982 of those officers pertain to the cantonment of Ahmednagar, makes the following observations, in the propriety of which I concur:—

"The Cantonment Magistrate, Major Moore, is most energetic in his crusade against insanitary conditions of every kind, and the result is undoubtedly seen in the cleanliness of the camp and the health of the troops. The large number of cases seems, however, to point to rather an indiscriminate system of prosecution, and it is probable that equally good results would be obtained by sharp and severe punishments inflicted on a few of the most notorious offenders as by the wholesale infliction of small fines upon each and every person found offending against a cantonment rule. Monthly inspection of Major Moore's calendar leads the District Magistrate to think that some change in this direction is advisable."

Of the 4,241 cognizable offences, including 36 which were reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, 4,138 were investigated by the Police, and of these 3,663 were decided by the several Criminal Courts, and convictions obtained in 3,174 cases, giving a percentage of 87 against 80 in 1877. The number of persons arrested in cognizable cases was 5,751, including 35 persons, who were pending trial at the end of the previous year and 32 received by transfer. Of this number, 4,107, or 71 per cent., were convicted, being an improvement of 5 per cent. on the results of the previous year. The percentage of convictions to men brought to trial has also increased from 70 in 1877 to 77 in 1878.

8. There were 12 cases of murder during the year under report against 8 in the previous year. All these cases, together with one of the previous year (altogether 13), were investigated by the Police, but in only 5 cases were convictions obtained; the accused in 6 cases having been acquitted and discharged by the Magistrates and Session's Court; while in one case, in which a girl was murdered for the sake of her ornaments, no trace of the perpetrators has been found. In all the 13 cases, 21 persons were arrested, of whom only 6 were convicted, the rest having been acquitted and released. None of these cases call for any special mention.

9. Seven cases of culpable homicide, including one case reported in the previous year, were investigated by the Police; but the result is very poor, as in only one case was a conviction obtained. In these 7 cases, 14 persons were arrested, of whom 6 were put on trial, but only one was convicted.

10. Nine cases of dacoity are reported for 1878 against 33 in the previous year. The District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Goldsmid, however, states that, although 9 dacoities are shown in the returns, only 3 of them were really such, the remainder being grain robberies of small value. Besides these 9 cases, there were 2 cases pending investigation at the close of the year 1877, and thus a total of 11 cases had to be dealt with by the Police during the year. In 7 cases convictions were obtained. The number of persons arrested in these 11 cases was 78, of whom 16 were released by Magistrates without trial, 30 were convicted, 15 were awaiting trial at the close of the year, and the remaining 17 were acquitted and discharged. None of these cases call for any special remark.

11. There were 49 cases of suicide and 180 cases of accidental deaths during the year under notice, against 18 and 156 respectively in the previous year. The following are the details of the cases pertaining to the year under review:—

Suicides ...	...	{	By drowning ...	...	...	37	}	49
			,, other means ...	...	...	12		
Accidental deaths...		{	By drowning ...	...	...	81	}	180
			,, wild beasts ...	...	...	1		
			,, snake-bites ...	...	...	9		
			,, other causes ...	...	...	89		

12. The provisions of the Arms Act were duly enforced, and 117 new licenses for guns were given during the year.

**KHA'NDESH**

*Statistics.*

13. Area ...	...	...	...	...	...	...Square miles	10,162
Population	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,28,642
Strength of Police on the 31st December 1878	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,722
Police to Area	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 to 5.90
Police to Population	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 to 597.35

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878	3,418	1,400	4,818
Proportion to crime of area in miles	1 to 2 96	1 to 7 26	1 to 2 10
Proportion to crime of population	1 to 297 48	1 to 124 74	1 to 211 74

14. Major O. Probyn held the office of District Superintendent of Police throughout the year, except for the periods from 24th April to 23rd June 1878, when he was on privilege leave; and from 20th July to 11th October, when he was employed on

special duty in Poona. On both these occasions Mr. J. H. Dickinson, the Acting First Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Khándesh, was in charge, doing his own duties in addition. Mr. J. H. Dickinson also held the office of First Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Khándesh, throughout the year; and Mr. M. Kennedy that of Second Assistant.

15. Major Probyn reports that the conduct of the men of the force was, on the whole, good during the year. Fourteen men were dismissed the force; departmental punishment was awarded in the case of 15 officers and 65 men; and 12 Constables were punished judicially, 1 under Chapter IX of the Indian Penal Code, and 11 under the head of "Other Offences." Seventeen officers and men were rewarded by promotion.

16. From the returns for the year under report it appears that, of the total strength of 1,721 officers and men, 156 officers and 351 men can read and write, against 157 officers and 331 men in the preceding year, which gives a decrease of 1 in the number of officers and an increase of 20 in the number of men. The number of men under instruction, during the year, was 71 against 57 in the previous year.

17. The accommodation for the Police at outpost stations is stated to have been kept in good condition. The total sum expended under this head, during the year, was Rs. 756-4-6 from the Police Budget grant, viz., Rs. 621 for new works and Rs. 135-4-9 for repairs; and Rs. 3,829-8-2 from the Public Works Budget allotment, chiefly on repairs.

18. The total number of offences ascertained to have been committed, during the year under report, was 4,858 against 4,957 in the previous year, showing a decrease of 99 cases. The number of cognizable offences was 3,458 in 1878 against 3,852 in the preceding year, which gives a decrease of 394 cases. Non-cognizable offences, on the other hand, show an increase of 295 cases, the number being 1,400 in 1878 against 1,105 in 1877. To these 3,458 cognizable offences must be added 58 of the previous year, which gives a total of 3,516 cases; and of these, 3,161 were investigated by the Police, the result being that in 1,848 cases convictions were obtained, while the accused in 1,280 cases were acquitted and discharged by the Criminal Courts. Thirty-three cases were pending at the close of the year. The percentage of convictions to cases decided shows a considerable fall, from 79 in 1877 to 58 in 1878, which is not satisfactory.

19. The number of persons arrested in cognizable offences was 4,918, including 1 received by transfer, and 112 persons who were pending trial at the close of the previous year. Of this number, 2,926 were finally convicted, 1,306 were acquitted, 509 were released by the Magistrates without trial, 6 died or were transferred before trial, and 171 were pending trial at the close of the year. The percentage of convictions to arrests has decreased from 66 in 1877 to 61 in 1878, and that of convictions to men brought to trial has also decreased from 73 in 1877 to 69 in 1878.

20. There were 12 cases of murder, during the year under report, against 13 in the previous year. In 8 of the 12 cases pertaining to the year under review, convictions were obtained; in one case the accused were discharged by the Magistrate for want of direct proof against them, and 2 cases remained undetected. Besides these 12 cases, one case of murder, reported in the previous year, was investigated by the Police during the year, and resulted in the conviction of the accused. Besides these, 4 cases, which were pending trial at the close of the year 1877, were also disposed of during the year; in one of these conviction was obtained, while in the remaining 3 the accused were acquitted and discharged. None of these cases exhibit any peculiarities requiring special mention.

21. There were 6 cases of dacoity, during the year under report, against 10 in the previous year. Of the 6 cases relating to the year, conviction was obtained in one only; in one case the accused, 5 in number, were released by the Magistrate; one case—in which 9 Turvis and Bhils entered a field and carried away some produce and clothes belonging to the owner of it, amounting,

in all, to the value of Rs. 28-8-0—remained undetected; and 2 cases were pending trial at the close of the year. Both these last were committed by the same gang of dacoits (Kanjars), 57 in number, who were armed with guns and swords, and plundered some houses, carrying away property valued, in both cases, at Rs. 3,455-10-0. All the 57 Kanjars were arrested, and 45 of them have, since the close of the year, been convicted and sentenced by the Session's Court to punishments varying from seven years' imprisonment to transportation for life. The value of the property recovered in these cases was, however, very small, amounting to Rs. 102 only. The sixth case occurred on the night of the 13th December 1878, and is described by the District Superintendent of Police, Major Probyn, as follows:—

A number of Kunbis and Bhils, armed with guns and swords, came down from the Nizam's territory upon the village of Ranjangaon, in the Chálisgaon Táluka, looted 5 houses, and carried away property amounting to Rs. 13,711-12-0. Police have only succeeded in recovering a small amount of the stolen property in the Nizam's territory, but the perpetrators have nearly all been arrested, and many of them have confessed. The prisoners are still in the hands of the Nizam's authorities.

The District Magistrate observes

"That this case was one of a description, which has become too frequent of late, of a raid from the Nizam's territory of a large band of men who succeeded in escaping across the border with their booty. I have already addressed the Resident at Hyderabad on the subject of the extradition of offenders implicated in crimes of this nature."

I have since learnt that the application in this case has been complied with.

22. There were 38 cases of suicide and 266 cases of accidental deaths, during the year under report, against 25 and 255, respectively, in the previous year. The following are the particulars of the cases relating to the year under review:—

Suicides	...	{	By drowning	...	...	...	29	} 38
			„ other means	...	...	...	9	
Accidental deaths	{	By drowning	...	...	...	147	} 266	
		„ snake-bites	...	...	...	19		
		„ wild beasts	...	...	...	4		
		„ other causes	...	...	...	96		

23. There is nothing special to report in connection with the administration of Arms Act in this district during the year.

Administration of the Arms Act.

NA'SIK.

Statistics.

24. Area	...	...	...	...	Square miles	8,140
Population	...	...	...	...	...	734,386
Strength of Police on the 31st December 1878	...	...	...	...	...	745
Police to Area	...	...	...	...	...	1 to 10.93
Police to Population	...	...	...	...	...	1 to 985.63

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-cognizable Cases.	Total
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878	2,754	977	3,731
Proportion of crimes to area in miles	1 to 2.96	1 to 8.74	1 to 7.21
Proportion of crimes to population	1 to 254.57	1 to 792.41	1 to 129.48

25. Major W. H. Wilson was in charge of the office of Superintendent of Police of this district during the whole year, except from 2nd to 21st May 1878, when he was on privilege leave, and during which time Mr. H. Prescott, the Senior District Police Inspector, was in charge of the office.

26. The returns for the year show that 2 officers and 23 men were dismissed the Police Force; that 26 officers and 163 men were punished departmentally; and that 1 officer and 16 men were punished judicially. The District Superintendent of

Conduct of the Force.

Police, Major Wilson, explains that the increase in punishments was due to the large number of new hands (150) entertained for the punitive posts and railway duty, who had to be worked into form. On the other hand, 29 officers and men were rewarded—7 by promotion and 22 by money rewards.

27. Under this head the returns show that there are in the force 110 officers and 255 men who are able to read and write, against 105 officers and 306 men in the previous year, which gives an increase of 5 in the number of officers, but a decrease of 51 in the number of men. This fall in the total number of men able to read and write, Major Wilson states, is owing to 44 old hands having been lent to Major Wise for employment on the G. I. P. Railway.

28. Major Wilson observes that the Police are very badly off for accommodation in this district, many having to provide their own lodgings at places where temples and chauris are not available. He also states that the lines at head-quarters, which are rented from a private person at Rs. 15 per mensem, are quite inadequate to the requirements of the district; further, that they are old and, he believes, not in a sound state, though not perhaps dangerous. A site for new head-quarter lines has been fixed upon, and plans and estimates have been sent in by the Executive Engineer several times, but no lines have yet been constructed for want of funds. He adds that five new station-houses have been sanctioned, by which some of the necessary accommodation will be provided.

29. The total number of offences, cognizable and non-cognizable, reported to have been committed during the year was 3,682, or an increase of 92 cases as compared with the preceding year. In cognizable crime there is a decrease of 97 cases, the number being 2,755 in 1878 against 2,852 in 1877; while in non-cognizable cases an increase of 186 offences is observable, the number being 927 in 1878 against 741 in 1877. All the cognizable cases that occurred during the year, together with 15 cases that were pending at the close of the year 1877, making a total of 2,770 cases, were investigated by the Police during the year. Of these, 2,531 cases were decided, and in 1,505 convictions were obtained, giving a percentage of 59 against 56 in 1877. The total number of persons arrested in cognizable cases was 4,536, including 17 persons that were pending trial at the close of the year 1877, and of these 4,506 were brought to trial, and 2,273, or 51 per cent., were convicted. The percentage in 1877 was 48. The percentage of convictions to arrests has also slightly improved from 47 in 1877 to 50 in 1878.

30. Four cases of murder are reported for the year, against 5 in the preceding year; and it is satisfactory to find that in all the 4 cases convictions ensued. In one case 3 women poisoned 2 boys, one of whom died. The object was revenge and diversion of property to the son of one of the offenders. In the second case a man, who was on intimate terms with the wife of another, poisoned her husband to get rid of him. In the third case a man killed his wife by beating, as she would not live with him; and in the fourth case a young man, eighteen years old, was killed by three men, who cut his throat with a razor. The object is stated to be the hope of gain and revenge on the part of a jealous husband. In these 4 cases 8 persons were arrested, of whom 2 were acquitted and 6 convicted and sentenced by the Session's Court—4 to capital punishment and 2 to transportation for life.

31. There are 5 cases of culpable homicide in 1878, and 1 more is added on account of the previous year, thus making 6 as the number investigated by the Police in the year, against 4 in 1877. In 5 of these 6 cases convictions were obtained; while, as regards the one case that occurred in 1877, but which is now shown in the returns for 1878 as a case of culpable homicide owing to its appearing to the Magistrate to be a suspicious death, the District Superintendent of Police, Major Wilson, supplies the following particulars:—

A man, by name Bala, aged thirty years, left his village Nagde in May 1877 for Parthardi, and next day he was brought home sick in a tângá by one Vithoba valad Ragho Koshti. Bala was faint, and could not speak, and died shortly after coming home. The father of the deceased complained that he believed his son

died from a beating he had received from Vithoba, as the deceased had an intimacy with Vithoba's wife's sister. The medical officer certified that there was nothing to show deceased met his death from beating or poison; but the First Class Magistrate in March 1878 ordered that the case should appear on the register as one of culpable homicide, it being a suspicious death, and it now appears in the returns accordingly.

32. There were 4 cases of dacoity, during the year under report, against 18 in 1877. In 3 of these cases convictions were obtained, while one case, which was apparently committed by some Bhils from the Nizam's territory, remains undetected. In the 3 cases in which convictions were obtained, 34 persons were arrested, of whom 27, or 79 per cent., were convicted. None of these cases call for any special remarks.

33. There were 13 cases of suicide, during the year under report, against 15 in the preceding year, and 173 accidental deaths against 172 in 1877. The following are the details of the cases pertaining to the year under review:—

Suicides ...	{	By drowning ...	5	} 13
		„ other means ...	8	
Accidental deaths ...	{	By drowning ...	67	} 173
		„ wild beasts ...	9	
		„ snake-bites ...	13	
		„ other causes ...	89	

34. The District Superintendent of Police, Major Wilson, reports that the aggregate number of licenses to carry arms, granted in the Násik District, is 1,162; and that 141 such licenses were issued during the year against 200 in the previous year.

POONA.

Statistics.

35. Area ...	...	...	...	...	Square miles	5,000
Population ...	...	...	...	...		9,07,235
Strength of Police on the 31st December 1878 ...	...	...	...	...		1,000
Police to Area .....	...	...	...	...		1 to 4.68
Police to Population ...	...	...	...	...		1 to 832.33

	Cognisable Cases.	Non-cognisable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878 .. .. .	4,656	8,804	13,460
Proportion of crime to area in miles .. .. .	1 to 1'10	1 to 1'34	1 to 0'60
Proportion of crime to population .. .. .	1-198-00	1 to 230-49	1 to 107'60

36. Mr. G. T. Giertzen held the office of Superintendent of Police of this district from 1st January to 29th August 1878, and Major H. Daniell for the rest of the year.

37. During the year under report, 2 officers and 36 men were dismissed the Police Force, against 2 officers and 9 men in the previous year. Eleven men were punished judicially: 1 under the Police Act, 4 under Chapter IX of the Indian Penal Code, and 6 for other offences, against 1 officer and 4 men in 1877; and 18 officers and 42 men were punished departmentally, by fine or reduction, against 24 officers and 45 men in the preceding year. The District Superintendent of Police, Major Daniell, states that the general conduct of the Police was not so good as could be desired. And he adds:—

“ The Head Constables of the force are, as a rule, very deficient in intelligence, education and energy, and neither themselves perform their duties, nor insist on the performance of their duties by the Constables. The Head Constables are the back-bone of the Police, and unless they are efficient, the Police, as a force, must be inefficient. I am doing my utmost to improve the force in this respect, but it will take some time for me to know the Constables of the force who are really fitted for promotion, while so many Head Constables are unfit for their situation.”

The District Magistrate, Mr. Moore, concurs with Major Daniell in his remarks on the necessity for having intelligent Head Constables, and he adds:—

“I know that he is doing his best to substitute efficient for inefficient men. Too great care cannot be exercised in their selection, and it will be some time before the reform can be thoroughly effected. The present unsatisfactory establishment of Head Constables is, I imagine, the result of promotion by seniority. Intelligent men only should be selected, and if there are no men in this Police Force fit for promotion we must look to other zillas or Pardeshis for our men. I am a great advocate for introducing foreign blood into all departments, particularly into the Police. They are much less likely to be subject to local influences than men belonging to the district. The physique of the men on duty in the city is, as a rule, very poor. These old, worn-out and naturally weak and sickly men will, I hope, be weeded out soon, and good, strong, fine men put in their place.”

38. The returns show that a slight advance has been made in the education of the Police Force during the year, the number reported as able to read and write efficiently being 84 officers and 90 men, against 73 officers and 89 men in the preceding year. The number under instruction during the year was, however, only 1 officer and 31 men against 14 officers and 98 men in the previous year. The District Superintendent of Police, Major Daniell, states that he is, as far as possible, enlisting only men who can read and write, but that it will take years to bring the force to a proper state of efficiency in this respect.

39. From information furnished by the Examiner of Public Works Accounts and by the Accountant General it appears that, during the year under report, a sum of Rs. 2,499-15-6 was expended by the Public Works Department in repairing Police buildings valued above 1,000 Rs., and that Rs. 855-15-6 were expended in the new construction and repair of Police buildings departmentally from the Civil Budget allotment.

40. The total number of offences of all descriptions, reported to have been committed during the year, was 8,440, or an increase of 901 offences as compared with the preceding year. The increase is chiefly in non-cognizable offences, which numbered 3,804 in 1878, against 2,082 in 1877, and is traceable to the heading offences under “other special and local laws not cognizable by the Police,” the number of which has risen from 1,171 in 1877 to 2,870 in the year under notice. In cognizable cases a satisfactory decrease of 821 cases is observable, the number being 4,636 in 1878, against 5,457 in 1877. Of the 4,636 cases no less than 3,691 consist of minor offences against the person and property (classes IV and V). The 4,636 cases, together with the 24 brought down from previous year and enquired into during the year, make up a total of 4,660 cases investigated by the Police; and of these 2,701 were decided, convictions being obtained in 2,446, or a percentage of 90 against 91 in the previous year. The total number of persons arrested in these 4,660 cases was 6,543, including 38 persons who were pending trial at the close of the previous year; but of these 3,993 were put on their trial, and 3,437, or 86 per cent., were convicted against 85 in 1877. The percentage of convictions to arrests is the same (53) as in the previous year.

41. There were 10 cases of murder, during the year under report, against 15 in 1877. In 4 of these 10 cases final convictions were duly secured. In 2 cases the accused were committed for trial to the Session's Court, but were there acquitted. In one case 3 persons were arrested by order of the Railway Magistrate in connection with a death from stupefying drugs, but were discharged by him under Section 195 of the Criminal Procedure Code. This case is described as doubtful. In one case the accused were convicted at the Session's Court, but the sentences were reversed by the High Court on appeal, and 2 cases were pending trial at the close of the year. These have since been disposed of, the accused being convicted in both by the Session's Court, though in one case on a charge of culpable homicide only, not amounting to murder. In connection with these murders, 28 persons, including 3 who were awaiting trial at the end of the previous year, were dealt with, with the result that 5 were released by Magistrates without trial, 9 were convicted, 11 were acquitted and

discharged, and 3 were pending trial at the close of the year. These last have, however, as already stated, been since convicted and sentenced—the accused in the case of murder—1 to death and 1 to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 180; and in the case of culpable homicide to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

42. Six cases of culpable homicide are reported for the year 1878 against 4 in 1877. In 3 cases the accused were prosecuted to conviction; but in the remaining 3 cases the accused persons were apprehended, but discharged by the trying Magistrate.

43. There were 9 cases of dacoity, during the year, against 15 in the previous year. Of these 9 cases, 8 were detected and 7 decided. In 4 of the latter, convictions were obtained, but in the remaining 3 the accused were acquitted and discharged. One case was pending trial at the close of the year. Of the 60 persons arrested for these dacoities, 23 were convicted, 27 were acquitted and discharged, and 10 were awaiting trial at the close of the year. None of these cases were believed to have been committed by professional bands of dacoits; in fact, 3 of the cases were simply grain robberies from stack yards or fields, but, being committed by more than 5 persons in each case, appear in the returns as dacoities.

44. There were 12 cases of suicide, during the year under report, against 8 in the previous year, and 319 cases of accidental deaths against 123 in 1877. The details of the cases pertaining to the year under report are as follows:—

Suicides	...	...	{ By drowning ... .. 6 }	} 12
			{ „ other means ... .. 6 }	
Accidental deaths	...	...	{ By drowning ... .. 143 }	} 319
			{ „ snake-bite ... .. 20 }	
			{ „ wild beasts ... .. 4 }	
			{ „ other causes ... .. 152 }	

45. The provisions of the Arms Act are stated to have been duly enforced in the Poona District during the year.

### SA'TA'RA.

#### Statistics.

46. Area, ... ..	Square miles	4,804
Population ... ..		10,61,002
Strength of Police on the 31st December 1878		908
Police to Area		1 to 496
Police to Population		1 to 1,096'07

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-cognizable Cases.	Total
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878 .. .. .	8,759	279	9,038
Proportion of crime to area in miles .. .. .	1 to 1'27	1 to 8'81	1 to 1'10
Proportion of crime to population .. .. .	1 to 250'64	1 to 8,835'64	1 to 241'15

47. Lieutenant-Colonel F. P. Bartholomew held the office of Superintendent of Police of this district throughout the year, except from 5th September to 5th December 1878, when he was on privilege leave, and Mr. F. L. Goldsmid acted as Superintendent of Police.

48. During the year under report, 3 officers and 21 men were dismissed the force, against 2 officers and 12 men in the preceding year. One officer and 6 men were punished judicially, against 2 officers and 5 men so punished last year. Nineteen officers and 48 men were punished departmentally by degradation, suspension and fine for offences against discipline; the number so punished in 1877 was 13 officers and 45 men. On the other hand, 44 officers and men were rewarded during the year—37 by promotion and 7 by money rewards.



49. From columns 21 to 24 of Statement F it appears that there are, in the force, 131 officers and 270 men who can read and write; in the previous year the numbers given were 150 officers and 260 men. There were 112 men under instruction during the year, against 64 in the previous year. Lieutenant-Colonel Bartholomew states that recruits who can read and write, supposing their physique to be good, are taken into the force in preference to others, and that, as a rule, no one who cannot read and write is promoted, except for special good service.

50. No new lines were constructed during the year, as sanction was not granted for expenditure under that head. The lines at 4 outpost stations, which were under construction in the previous year, were, however, completed during the year. As the reduction of certain outposts is under contemplation, the work has been deferred for the present.

51. The total number of offences reported to have been committed during the year is 4,360, or a decrease of 1,552 cases as compared with the previous year. Cognizable offences show a decrease of 1,609 cases, the number being 3,782 in 1878 against 5,391 in 1877. Non-cognizable crimes, however, show an increase of 57 cases, the number being 578 in 1878 against 521 in 1877. The decrease in the number of cognizable offences is attributed to the district being, on the whole, more prosperous than in the preceding year. All the 3,782 cognizable offences, together with 117 cases reported in the previous year, or a total of 3,959 cases, were investigated by the Police. Of these cases, 2,986 were decided, and in 2,107 convictions were obtained, which gives a percentage of 70 against 72 in the previous year, or a slight fall of 2 per cent. In these 3,959 cases, 5,384 persons, including 60 who were pending at the close of the previous year, were dealt with, and 4,961 were put on trial; out of this number 3,083, or 62 per cent., were convicted, against 68 in the previous year, which shows a falling off of 6 per cent. The percentage of convictions to arrests has also fallen from 62 in 1877 to 57 in 1878.

52. There were 10 cases of murder, during the year under report, against 16 in the previous year. There were also 2 cases remaining over for disposal from the number reported in the preceding year, thus making a total of 12. In 7 of these convictions were obtained, and in 3 of the 5 remaining cases the accused were discharged for want of proof. One case remained undetected, and one case was pending trial in the Court of Session at the close of the year. This case has since been disposed of, and the 2 accused have been duly convicted. In connection with these 10 cases, 21 persons were arrested, and adding to this number the 15 persons who were awaiting trial at the close of the year 1877, a total of 36 persons is obtained, of whom 23 were convicted, and 11 were discharged by the Magistrates and Session's Court, and 2 were pending trial at the close of the year. As already stated, these accused have also been since tried and convicted. None of these cases call for any special remarks.

53. There were 8 cases of culpable homicide, or 5 more than in the previous year. In 6 cases convictions were obtained, and 2 cases were pending trial at the close of the year. In these 8 cases, 12 persons were arrested, of whom 1 was released by the Magistrate without trial, 6 were convicted, and 5 were awaiting trial at the end of the year.

54. There were 12 cases of dacoity, during the year under report, against 17 in the previous year. In 2 cases convictions were obtained, in 4 cases the accused were acquitted and discharged, and 1 case was pending trial at the close of the year. Five cases remained undetected. Most of these dacoities appear, from the details given by the District Superintendent of Police, to be thefts of field produce; but as the number of persons implicated had been more than 5, they are regarded as dacoities. The small number of convictions obtained, however, is not satisfactory; nor is it creditable that so many as  $\frac{5}{12}$ ths of these cases should remain undetected.

55. During the year under report there were 76 cases of suicide against 58 in the preceding year, and 401 cases of accidental death, against 434 in 1877. The following are the particulars of the cases pertaining to the year under report :—

Suicides ...	{	By drowning	...	...	...	56	} 76
		„ other means	...	...	...	20	
Accidental deaths.	{	By drowning	...	...	...	263	} 401
		„ wild beasts	...	...	...	4	
		„ snake-bites	...	...	...	31	
		„ other causes	...	...	...	100	

The District Superintendent of Police, Lieutenant-Colonel Bartholomew, states that the large number of accidental deaths from drowning, though less than the number of the previous year by 11, is mostly duo to the wells having no parapets, fences or steps. A great deal was, however, done in improving insecure wells during the year under report.

56. The District Superintendent of Police observes that the provisions of the new Arms Act (No. XI. of 1878), which came into operation towards the close of the year, were only partially enforced in the absence of rules which were promulgated at a later period.

### SHOLA'PUR.

#### Statistics.

57. Area	...	...	...	...	Square miles	4,499
Population	...	...	...	...	...	7,18,034
Strength of Police on the 31st December 1878	...	...	...	...	...	540
Police to Area...	...	...	...	...	...	1 to 8.33
Police to Population	...	...	...	...	...	1 to 1,329.69

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878	1,654	571	2,225
Proportion of crime to area in miles	1 to 1.09	1 to 16.60	1 to 1.54
Proportion of crime to population	1 to 370.65	1 to 3,649.67	1 to 243.66

58. The following officers were in charge of the office of Superintendent of Police of this district during the year under report :—

Lieutenant C. J. Dickson from 1st January to 18th August 1878.

Mr. C. E. Crawford, Assistant Collector, from 19th August to 23rd October 1878.

Mr. J. R. Middleton from 24th October to 11th November 1878.

Mr. H. G. Gell from 12th November to end of the year.

59. The report is submitted by Mr. Gell, who describes the conduct of the Police Force as having been generally satisfactory. During the year, 2 officers and 8 men were dismissed the force, against 3 officers and 9 men in the previous year. One officer was punished judicially, against 3 officers and 3 men in 1877; and 15 officers and 45 men were punished departmentally, against 22 officers and 69 men in the preceding year. Thirty officers and men were, however, rewarded during the year—25 by promotion and 5 by money rewards.

60. Mr. Gell reports that the school at head-quarters was not opened during the year, as a large number of men were employed on escort duty, and none were available to attend the school. The number of men in the force returned as able to read

and write, is 68 officers and 175 men, or 2 officers and 15 men less than in the previous year.

61. No new buildings were constructed in the year under report. The head-quarter lines and buildings, which are valued above Rs. 1,000, were repaired by the Public Works Department at a cost of Rs. 315-5-6.

62. The total number of cognizable and non-cognizable offences reported to have been committed during the year is 2,925, or a decrease of 1,158 cases as compared with the preceding year. The decrease in cognizable crime is 1,022, the number being 2,654 in 1878, against 3,676 in 1877. From the returns it will appear that the decrease is general, extending to all classes of crime, but especially to offences under classes 3, 5 and 6. The non-cognizable crimes also show a decrease of 136 cases, the number being 271 in 1878 against 407 in 1877; this decrease is also general, and extends to all classes of crime. Of the 2,676 cognizable cases, including 22 which were reported in the previous year and brought under enquiry during the year, 2,319 were decided, and in 1,909 convictions were obtained, giving a percentage of 82 against 88, or 6 per cent. less than in the preceding year. The total number of persons arrested in cognizable cases, including 30 who were pending trial at the end of the previous year, was 4,352; of these 4,039 were put on their trial, and 3,037, or 75 per cent., were convicted, against 80 in 1877. The percentage of convictions to arrests also shows a slight fall, from 73 in 1877 to 70 in 1878.

63. There were 8 cases of murder, during the year under notice, against 15 in the previous year. Of these 8 cases, 5 were decided and in only 1 conviction was obtained, 3 cases remained undetected, and in the remaining 4 cases the accused were discharged, mostly on account of the witnesses having been tampered with after the cases had been committed to the Session's Court. In connection with the 5 cases decided, 17 persons were arrested, of whom 1 died or escaped before trial, 2 were released by Magistrates before trial, 13 were acquitted and discharged, and only 1 was convicted. None of these cases call for any particular remarks, as it appears, from the details given by the District Superintendent of Police, that 3 were murders for the commission of theft or obtaining possession of property, 1 was a child murder, 2 cases were about women, and the remaining 2 were for revenge.

64. There were also 8 cases of culpable homicide, during the year under report, against 5 in the previous year. One case remained undetected, and 7 cases were decided, but in only 3 of these convictions were obtained. In connection with these 7 cases, 11 persons were arrested, of whom 3 were convicted, 7 acquitted and discharged, and 1 was released by the Magistrate without trial.

65. There were 8 cases of dacoity in this district during the year under report, and 4 cases were received by transfer, the offenders being inhabitants of the Sholapur District; the number of such cases in 1877 was 26. These 12 cases, together with the 2 that were reported in the previous year but brought under enquiry during the year, make up a total of 14 cases. Of these 9 were decided, but in only 5 cases convictions were obtained. Of the 8 cases that occurred in the Sholapur District, in only 2 cases convictions were obtained, in 3 cases the accused were discharged, and 3 cases remained undetected. The value of property carried away in these 8 cases was very trifling, except in one case, in which property valued at Rs. 5,600 was robbed from the house of the Post Master at Pandharpur after using some violence to the complainant. This is one of the undetected cases. Of the other 4 cases that were received by transfer, convictions were obtained in 3, and in one case the accused were discharged by the Magistrate. The aggregate value of property carried away in these 4 cases was Rs. 22,412, of which only 3,923 was recovered. In connection with all these dacoities, 63 persons were arrested, and there was 1 pending trial at the end of the previous year; of these 64 persons, 1 died in the custody of the Police, 6 were released by the Magistrates without trial, 24 were convicted

and 32 were acquitted and discharged—15 by Magistrates and 17 by the Session's Court.

66. There were 43 cases of suicide, during the year under report, against 26 in the preceding year, and 257 accidental deaths against 220 in 1877. The following are the details of the cases relating to the year under notice:—

Suicides ...	{	By drowning ...	35	} 43
		„ other means ...	8	
Accidental deaths.	{	By drowning ...	212	} 257
		„ snake-bites ...	9	
		„ other causes ...	36	

67. The number of licenses granted during the year is stated to be less than in the previous year. The Acting District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Gell, states that, before granting licenses, care is always taken that the applicants are men of good character.

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

STATEMENT A.

PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.						PERSONS.										PROPERTY.									
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which Conviction was obtained.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).	Died, escaped, or transferred before Trial.	Released by Magistrate without Trial.	Number actually put on Trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of—e.g. died, &c., after commencement of Trial.	In custody of Police.	On Bail.	Under Trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of Cases in which Property was Stolen.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Amount of Property Stolen.	Amount of Property Recovered.	
<b>AHMEDNAGAR</b>																												
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.</b>																												
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	111 to 136, 144	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	211 to 240, 240 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes .. .. .	9	..	8	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	212, 316 .. .	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 229	Other offences against public justice .. .. .	16	..	13	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	113 to 163, 167, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	2	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	160, 170, 171	Personation of public servant or soldier .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total .. .. .	28	..	23	..	21	..	..	1	1	35	2	..	..	39	7	..	81	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																												
8		Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 306 .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders .. .. .	10	..	10	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder .. .. .	3	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 309 .. .	Culpable homicide .. .. .	6	..	7	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	374	Rape .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth .. .. .	5	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .. .	10	..	9	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt .. .. .	5	..	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	324	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .. .	2	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	3	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	343 to 349	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	5	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .. .	5	..	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	17	1	..	..	16	4	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total .. .. .	58	4	56	4	25	1	7	7	86	12	3	18	83	24	16	49	..	..	1	..	3	..	86	..	..	















Table with columns for offense codes (e.g., 30, 31, 32), descriptions (e.g., Dacoity, Robbery with hurt), and multiple columns of counts. Sub-headers include CLASS III, CLASS IV, CLASS V, and CLASS VI.

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STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crimes and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons pending at end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>AHMEDNAGAR.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	121 to 130, 305 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	173 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 259 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	53	..	71	41	27	..	..	..
5	161 to 169, 217 to 225 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	17	..	24	17	6	..	..	..
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	16	1	22	12	8	..	..	..
7	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	3	..	6	5	..	..	..	..
8	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	12	..	16	7	8	..	..	..
9	453 to 459 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	149 to 154 to 156, 180 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>100</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>49</b>	..	..	<b>8</b>
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
11	310 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>1</b>	..	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
11	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	3	..	4	2	2	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	354, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	40	..	73	49	24	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>40</b>	..	<b>73</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>24</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	15	..	24	15	9	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	79	..	125	49	76	..	..	..
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	64	..	129	74	55	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>167</b>	..	<b>278</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>140</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	8	..	10	9	..	..	..	1
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 505 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	2	..	5	1	4	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	15	..	26	17	9	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 297, 299, 300 .. ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	43	..	43	10	33	..	..	..
26	452 to 459 .. .. .	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	68	..	108	46	59	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>136</b>	..	<b>189</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>105</b>	..	..	<b>1</b>
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			<b>397</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>320</b>	..	..	<b>9</b>
<b>KHANDESH.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	121 to 130, 305 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	173 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 259 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	3	..	3	2	1	..	..	..
5	161 to 169, 217 to 225 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	4	..	5	3	3	..	..	..
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
8	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	3	..	3	1	1	..	..	..
9	453 to 459 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	149, 154 to 156, 180 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	6	..	27	..	27	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>16</b>	..	<b>34</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>32</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	310 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
13	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	1	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	354, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	3	..	3	2	1	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>3</b>	..	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	6	..	6	1	5	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	42	1	52	4	45	417	339	1
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	3	..	5	2	3	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>54</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 505 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 297, 299, 300 .. ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	11	..	11	..	11	..	..	..
26	452 to 459 .. .. .	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	11	..	13	1	11	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>23</b>	..	<b>25</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>24</b>	..	..	..
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			<b>97</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>1</b>

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons pending at end of July.	Number of persons arrested or detained.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, the last by persons or by the Secretary.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of persons from July at end of 1906.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>NA'SIK.</b>										
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</b>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			9	..	13	8	8	..	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			1	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>										
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			1	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			34	..	60	5	51	1,172	1,102	4
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	508	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 503	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 293, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			69	..	93	3	90	..	..	..
<b>Grand Total</b>			118	..	169	26	161	1,176	1,104	4
<b>POONA.</b>										
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</b>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 268	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 219, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			11	..	32	13	10	..	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>										
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			2	..	3	..	3	..	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			31	..	60	27	33	..	..	..
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	508	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 503	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 293, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			12	..	29	27	3	..	..	..
<b>Grand Total</b>			67	..	94	67	37	..	..	..

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Sum-moned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Cases pending at end of the year.
<b>SATARA.</b>										
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</b>										
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	Rs.	Rs.	..
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 226	Offences against public justice .. .. .	..	1	4	4	1	..	..	..
5	101 to 109, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
6	195 to 200, 206 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
7	405 to 417	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	204 to 207	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	8	1	6	6	1	..	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>										
14	345	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	302, 305, 308	Criminal force .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
		Total ..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>										
16	417 to 419	Cheating .. .. .	3	..	3	1	2	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	23	..	27	10	17	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	4	..	4	3	1	..	..	..
19	420 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	2	..	18	8	5	..	..	..
		Total ..	31	..	52	22	25	..	..	..
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	299	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Intimidation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	9	..	19	14	5	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
		Total ..	10	..	20	14	6	..	..	..
		Grand Total ..	48	1	85	43	43	..	..	..
<b>SHOLA PUR.</b>										
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</b>										
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 226	Offences against public justice .. .. .	12	..	31	11	20	..	..	..
5	101 to 109, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants .. .. .	8	..	10	8	2	..	..	..
6	195 to 200, 206 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	3	..	4	1	2	..	..	..
7	405 to 417	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	3	..	10	8	2	..	..	1
8	204 to 207	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	8	..	8	2	7	..	..	6
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	30	..	64	27	31	..	..	6
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>										
14	345	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	302, 305, 308	Criminal force .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
		Total ..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>										
16	417 to 419	Cheating .. .. .	3	..	4	3	1	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	29	..	32	12	20	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	3	..	4	4	..	..	..	17
19	420 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	11	..	21	14	8	..	..	..
		Total ..	46	..	61	23	29	..	..	17
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	1	..	4	..	4	..	..	..
21	299	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Intimidation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	9	..	17	13	4	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22 C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	17	..	34	19	15	..	..	..
		Grand Total ..	102	..	209	79	126	19	..	33

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Magistrates' Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of year.	Number of Persons Arrested or Committed to Jail.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including those ordered to be imprisoned.	Property Seized.	Property Recovered.	Value of Property recovered in Rs. of Rs. of Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>AHMEDNAGAR.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 164 to 166, 169	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			10	..	10	1	9	..	..	1
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	420 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			21	..	24	9	16	..	..	2
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 293, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			70	..	72	8	67	..	..	..
Grand Total			108	..	112	19	91	..	..	3
<b>KHARNDESH.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238	Offences against public justice	106	1	99	24	64	..	..	..
14	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 164 to 166, 169	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			146	1	120	48	93	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			212	..	201	149	73	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	420 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			210	..	200	149	107	..	..	1
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 293, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			266	9	228	214	146	..	..	1
Grand Total			1,208	9	1,133	572	414	..	..	5





STATEMENT B.

Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 4, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.						
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.		
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
<b>AHMEDNAGAR.</b>																							
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																							
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	1	..	100	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	121 to 124, 125 .. .. .	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	231 to 232, 260 to 263, 467 and 471..	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes .. .. .	9	9	83	87	11	8	..	11	8	10	8	54	87	60	87	..	..	..	..	..	
3	212, 216 .. .. .	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	214 to 224 .. .. .	Other offences against public justice .. .. .	10	16	100	94	12	18	..	12	16	13	16	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 .. .. .	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	1	2	100	100	7	12	..	7	12	7	12	100	83	100	63	..	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171 .. .. .	Personating public servant or soldier .. .. .	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			21	28	85	78	31	37	..	1	31	35	30	35	84	81	87	81	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																							
8	302, 303, 306 .. .. .	Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			69	61	48	46	134	98	..	..	134	98	160	63	30	44	26	52	751	86	144	..	19







CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.

20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27

Table with columns for offence number, description, and categories. Includes items like 'Dacoity', 'Robbery with hurt', and 'Serious mischief and cognate offences'.

Table with columns for numerical data and percentages. Includes a 'Total' row for Class III.

CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.

Table with columns for offence number, description, and categories. Includes items like 'Hurt', 'Hurt on grave or sudden provocation', and 'Compulsory labour'.

Table with columns for numerical data and percentages. Includes a 'Total' row for Class IV.

CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.

Table with columns for offence number, description, and categories. Includes items like 'Mischief', 'Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking', and 'Theft'.

Table with columns for numerical data and percentages. Includes a 'Total' row for Class V.

CLASS VI.—Other Offences specified above.

Table with columns for offence number, description, and categories. Includes items like 'Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves', 'Vagrancy and bad character', and 'Public and local nuisances'.

Table with columns for numerical data and percentages. Includes a 'Total' row for Class VI.

Grand Total row for all classes.





STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 4, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained in Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL										Amount of Property Stolen.		AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.					
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted & Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.			
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
POONA																								
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</b>																								
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
1	121 to 124, 126	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
2	221 to 223, 240 to 243, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	29	12	90	75	24	13	..	..	24	13	29	6	54	46	71	75	..	..				
3	212, 214	Harbouring an offender	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..				
4	274 to 276	Other offences against public justice	18	14	100	100	16	14	..	..	16	14	16	13	100	71	100	77	..	..				
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	14	13	80	100	68	78	..	..	68	78	22	32	21	41	64	100	..	..				
6	160, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	1	..	..	1	2	..	..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
		Total	61	40	90	91	123	107	..	..	22	107	68	83	43	45	75	91	..	..				
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																								
8	202, 203, 204	Murder by thugs	1	..	100	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	8	..	88	..	88	..	..	..				
9		" dacoits	3	3	67	100	4	3	..	..	4	3	6	1	75	33	60	100	219	..				
10		" robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	370	317	323			
11		" poison	13	8	67	43	21	19	..	..	21	19	16	19	19	42	25	42	..	..	..			
12		" Other murders	2	2	..	100	2	4	..	..	2	4	6	4	..	50	..	50	..	..	..			
13		307	Attempt at murder	6	7	67	60	2	3	..	..	2	6	3	6	100	50	67	67	..	..			
14		304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	2	60	100	3	2	..	..	3	2	3	1	83	60	60	100	..	..			
15		376	Rape	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
16		377	Unnatural offences	6	5	100	..	3	3	..	..	3	3	1	1	33	..	100	..	..	..			
17		317, 319	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	13	13	83	100	11	12	..	..	11	12	6	9	45	67	83	89	..	..			
18		305, 309, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
19		320, 321, 323	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	22	18	88	100	15	16	..	..	18	16	24	13	94	81	71	100	..	..			
20		325, 326, 325	Grievous hurt	4	6	50	..	4	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	50	..	50	..	21	282			
21		328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	7	4	80	100	12	16	..	..	12	14	10	6	50	25	60	67	..	4			
22		327, 330, 332	Hurt for purposes of extorting property or confession	10	4	100	100	12	4	..	..	12	4	10	4	83	100	100	100	..	..			
23		324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	13	7	87	83	25	7	..	..	25	7	21	3	40	14	64	83	..	..			
24		323 to 349	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
25		346 to 345	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	2	..	100	..	7	..	..	..	7	..	7	..	86	..	86	..	..	..			
26		372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	2	1	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	80	..	100	..	..	..			
27		371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
28		353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	8	13	100	100	18	13	..	..	18	13	7	6	39	46	100	100	..	..			
29		358	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
		Total	116	92	78	83	165	112	..	..	165	112	134	73	63	46	65	71	611	499	323	211	53	42

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**CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.**

30	305, 307, 308	.. .. .	Dacoity .. .. .	19	9	67	57	97	60	..	..	97	60	84	49	40	38	40	47	7,690	6,473	848	65	11	1
31	309, 402	.. .. .	Preparation and assembly for dacoity .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	304, 397, 398	.. .. .	Robbery with hurt $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text{By poisonous or stupefying} \\ \text{drugs} \\ \text{By other means} \\ \text{In dwelling-house} \\ \text{On the highway, between sun-} \\ \text{rise and sunset} \\ \text{Other robberies} \end{array}\right.$ .. .. .	8	1	71	100	24	1	..	..	24	1	20	1	62	100	75	100	881	5	111	..	20	..
33	312, 393	.. .. .	Robbery .. .. .	10	6	..	100	15	4	..	..	15	4	4	4	..	100	..	100	706	84	12	1	2	1
34	370, 2-1, 3-2, 430 to 432, 438 to 440	.. .. .	Serious mischief and cognate offences .. .. .	10	4	67	33	23	9	..	..	23	9	13	8	39	22	69	25	204	1,999	25	165	12	8
35	404, 406, 407 to 409	.. .. .	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt .. .. .	29	21	75	85	32	27	..	..	32	27	11	14	19	51	54	100	797	435	158	153	20	44
36	419 to 451	.. .. .	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt .. .. .	34	18	55	67	32	13	..	..	32	13	21	11	25	38	38	45	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	413, 419	.. .. .	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually .. .. .	350	368	98	98	329	268	..	..	359	233	249	191	63	66	64	98	23,818	43,808	6,576	19,079	19	44
<b>Total ..</b>				<b>667</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>661</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>43,706</b>	<b>52,806</b>	<b>7,730</b>	<b>19,493</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>57</b>

**CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.**

37	373	.. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	1,309	974	78	75	1,240	1,085	..	..	1,240	1,085	794	575	21	19	62	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
38	374	.. .. .	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation .. .. .	2	2	100	100	8	3	..	..	8	3	8	3	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	381 to 386	.. .. .	Wrongful restraint and confinement .. .. .	21	15	44	18	26	31	..	..	26	31	26	18	30	10	30	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
40	395, 397	.. .. .	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life .. .. .	3	2	100	100	3	3	..	..	3	3	3	3	100	67	100	67	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	398	.. .. .	Compulsory labour .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>				<b>1,336</b>	<b>994</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>1,274</b>	<b>1,022</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1,274</b>	<b>1,022</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>

**CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property**

41a	427, 429	.. .. .	Simple mischief .. .. .	61	50	100	91	75	93	..	..	75	93	64	60	65	66	100	89	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	428, 436	.. .. .	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text{Of cattle} \\ \text{Of other property} \end{array}\right.$ .. .. .	318	257	90	96	328	400	..	..	378	400	253	292	74	69	94	94	3,771	6,290	2,730	4,441	72	75
43	379 to 3-3	.. .. .	Theft .. .. .	2,068	1,944	90	97	1,952	1,361	..	..	1,962	1,251	2,240	1,667	74	71	98	98	73,625	64,664	24,649	33,022	53	12
44	428 to 4-6	.. .. .	Criminal breach of trust .. .. .	96	134	63	68	62	135	..	..	93	145	37	47	23	30	61	67	..	..	..	..	..	..
45	411, 414	.. .. .	Receiving stolen property .. .. .	157	132	96	63	231	1-5	..	..	2-3	1-5	1-2	131	67	63	61	61	8,579	2,520	2,668	1,759	46	46
46	407, 408	.. .. .	Criminal or house-trespass .. .. .	194	109	67	69	271	288	..	..	271	289	216	256	45	63	54	60	..	..	..	..	..	..
47	6-1, 6-2	.. .. .	Breaking closed receptacle .. .. .	1	1	100	100	2	1	..	..	2	1	2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>				<b>2,575</b>	<b>2,712</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>1,962</b>	<b>1,353</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1,962</b>	<b>1,323</b>	<b>1,973</b>	<b>1,463</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>84,974</b>	<b>71,604</b>	<b>29,937</b>	<b>60,021</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>54</b>

**CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.**

48	311, 429, 401	.. .. .	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves .. .. .	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter 19, C. P. Code	.. .. .	Vagrancy and bad character .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	185 to 291	.. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	4	1	100	..	7	3	..	..	7	3	1	3	14	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	.. .. .	.. .. .	Offences under the Gambling Act .. .. .	..	7	..	24	..	60	..	..	..	60	..	40	..	30	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
52	.. .. .	.. .. .	Police Laws .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53	.. .. .	.. .. .	Revenue Laws .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54	.. .. .	.. .. .	Salt and Customs Laws .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55	.. .. .	.. .. .	Stamp Act .. .. .	17	47	91	94	19	67	..	..	19	67	19	67	93	94	93	94	..	..	..	..	..	..
56	.. .. .	.. .. .	Stamp Act .. .. .	..	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100	1	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	2-4, 2-7, 2-9, 2-10, 2-11, 2-12 to 2-16, 2-17 to 2-20, below 31 of Act VII of 1867, and any other Municipal or local laws .. .. .	.. .. .	Public and local nuisances and other special and local laws regulated by Police .. .. .	146	2-7	61	64	154	275	..	..	174	275	174	275	74	65	61	63	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	.. .. .	.. .. .	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	72	122	97	69	72	147	..	..	79	147	79	147	94	92	97	94	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>				<b>244</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>2-4</b>	<b>5-3</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>2-4</b>	<b>5-3</b>	<b>2-4</b>	<b>5-3</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<b>Grand Total ..</b>				<b>5,609</b>	<b>6,493</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>7,214</b>	<b>6,233</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>7,214</b>	<b>6,233</b>	<b>7,100</b>	<b>5,100</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>1,251</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>37,000</b>	<b>40,759</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>47</b>

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STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases Decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.								
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.		
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21					
<b>SATARA.</b>																									
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</b>																									
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code .. .. .	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	131 to 134, 128 .. .. .	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	221 to 249, 290 to 293, 467 and 471 .. .. .	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes .. .. .	97	9	65	23	29	9	..	..	29	9	81	9	62	33	58	33	..	..	..	..	..		
3	211, 216 .. .. .	Harboring an offender .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
4	224 to 226 .. .. .	Other offences against public justice .. .. .	18	18	100	87	19	25	..	..	19	25	17	34	89	89	100	91	..	..	..	..	..		
5	141 to 163, 167, 156 .. .. .	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	13	12	80	77	95	63	..	..	95	63	95	63	45	56	45	86	..	..	..	..	..		
6	160, 170, 171 .. .. .	Personating public servant or soldier .. .. .	1	3	100	..	5	5	..	..	5	5	5	5	20	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total .. .. .			50	43	73	63	149	111	..	..	149	111	148	111	53	62	53	62	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																									
8	} 302, 303, 306 .. .. .	Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
9		.. .. .	dacoits .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		.. .. .	robbers .. .. .	8	1	100	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	5	..	67	..	80	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11		.. .. .	poisons .. .. .	2	..	50	..	2	2	..	..	2	2	..	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12		.. .. .	Other murders .. .. .	19	11	37	77	30	19	..	..	30	19	17	32	13	47	23	71	..	..	..	..	..	..
13		307 .. .. .	Attempt at murder .. .. .	5	4	66	25	4	6	..	..	4	6	4	8	75	20	75	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		304, 306 .. .. .	Culpable homicide .. .. .	5	8	60	100	3	12	..	..	3	12	6	6	100	50	60	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		378 .. .. .	Rape .. .. .	2	2	..	..	2	2	..	..	2	2	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16		377 .. .. .	Unnatural offences .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		317, 318 .. .. .	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth .. .. .	17	3	85	100	8	1	..	..	8	1	8	1	75	100	75	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
18		305, 308, 309 .. .. .	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .. .	12	13	30	72	10	14	..	..	10	14	10	12	20	56	30	68	..	..	..	..	..	..
19		329, 331, 338 .. .. .	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	1	1	..	100	4	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20		326, 328, 335 .. .. .	Grievous hurt .. .. .	99	14	73	63	34	39	..	..	34	39	42	37	65	69	51	73	..	..	..	..	..	..
21		324 .. .. .	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .. .	2	1	100	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	67	..	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22		327, 330, 332 .. .. .	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	1	6	100	60	1	19	..	..	1	19	2	19	100	84	100	84	..	..	..	..	..	..
23		324 .. .. .	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	14	7	90	71	17	7	..	..	17	7	16	7	59	85	62	85	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	343 to 349 .. .. .	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	5	2	50	..	5	1	..	..	5	1	6	1	40	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	340 to 348 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	372, 373 .. .. .	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	371 .. .. .	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	353, 354, 356, 357 .. .. .	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .. .	13	11	63	63	17	43	..	..	17	43	17	43	47	23	47	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	338 .. .. .	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total .. .. .			124	84	65	69	147	164	..	..	147	164	159	171	47	62	50	59	11	4	6	4	55	100	





STATEMENT B—concluded.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.												AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.					
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted & Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted & Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.			
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
<b>SHOLA PUR.</b>																								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																								
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..			
1b	124 to 126, 129	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
2	231 to 239, 240 to 243, 427 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	29	17	74	69	30	19	..	..	30	19	29	16	73	63	76	69	..	..	..			
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	..	100	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	1	100	..	100	..	..	..	..			
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	11	9	100	87	11	14	..	..	11	14	10	14	91	86	100	86	..	..	..			
5	143 to 143, 167, 168	Kicking or unlawful assembly	9	5	62	80	48	80	..	..	48	80	48	80	65	27	67	27	..	..	..			
6	149, 170, 171	Persecuting public servant or soldier	1	..	100	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..			
Total			50	33	77	74	91	115	..	..	91	115	89	112	71	41	73	42	..	..	..			
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																								
8	302, 303, 306	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
9		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
10		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
11		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
12		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
13		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
14		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
15		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
16		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
17		"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
18	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
19	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
20	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
21	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
22	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
23	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
24	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
25	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
26	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
27	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
28	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
29	"	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
Total			89	62	63	49	132	115	..	..	132	115	125	102	43	35	46	39	51	1,683	14	337	27	20

CLASS III - Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.

30	305, 307, 308	Dacoity	80	14	67	55	165	62	..	..	165	62	180	56	62	39	57	43	1,092	28,619	1,745	4,334	100	15
31	309, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	304, 307, 309	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs By other means In dwelling-house On the highway, between sun- rise and sunset Other robberies	3	1	100	100	3	1	..	..	3	1	3	1	100	100	100	100	8	14	8	1	100	7
33	305, 303	Robbery	6	5	..	50	10	3	..	..	10	3	7	..	..	83	..	50	61	61	55	91	90	15
34	370, 381, 382, 470 to 423, 438 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	22	7	50	100	37	10	..	..	37	10	31	10	41	80	49	80	3,500	118	71	590	2	100
35	414, 425, 427 to 430	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	37	24	62	53	41	67	..	..	41	67	26	32	56	31	64	66	454	490	64	221	15	89
36	440 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	37	22	91	77	114	39	..	..	114	39	106	39	77	69	83	69	31	..	26	..	74	..
37	414, 418	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	264	227	91	84	442	247	..	..	443	247	337	230	78	69	87	75	7,993	37,924	4,864	23,147	61	63
		Total	420	300	86	80	612	429	..	..	612	429	751	360	70	69	76	70	13,768	67,712	6,837	33,404	60	49

CLASS IV - Minor Offences against the Person.

37a	375	Hurt	293	313	63	62	447	568	..	..	447	568	343	562	42	48	54	49	..	..	..	..	..	..
38	376	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	75	12	61	60	180	14	..	..	180	14	69	12	21	43	56	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	311 to 314	Wrongful restraint and confinement	11	16	..	55	16	21	..	..	16	21	11	18	..	48	..	56	..	..	..	..	..	..
40	378, 387	Nash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	378	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	380	341	62	63	623	603	..	..	623	603	413	592	35	49	53	49	..	..	..	..	..	..

CLASS V - Minor Offences against Property.

41a	479, 478	Mischief	11	13	100	36	23	23	..	..	23	23	20	27	27	27	100	23	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	481, 484	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	20	16	89	45	12	17	..	..	12	17	13	14	17	47	77	87	64	42	..	14	5	23
43	379 to 382	Theft (Of cattle)	499	398	94	89	1,037	612	9	..	1,046	612	940	546	75	75	85	81	6,003	3,745	4,907	3,181	82	60
44	404 to 408	Theft (Ordinary)	1,512	1,225	91	89	2,540	1,284	..	..	2,530	1,844	2,245	1,734	61	80	54	84	12,250	19,450	8,992	10,425	74	74
45	411, 413	Criminal breach of trust	44	23	60	54	29	24	..	..	39	23	24	20	31	55	89	60	..	..	..	..	..	..
46	417, 418	Receiving stolen property	52	23	98	100	108	153	..	..	108	153	108	154	23	84	82	86	381	757	319	892	85	91
47	401, 402	Criminal or house-trespass	62	43	50	46	63	60	..	..	63	65	62	61	43	42	44	45	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Breaking closed receptacle	1	..	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	2,321	1,663	91	87	3,826	2,767	9	..	3,843	2,767	3,848	2,579	79	79	85	83	18,769	26,094	14,221	17,372	76	61

CLASS VI - Other Offences and specified cases.

48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter 18, C. P. Code	Veracity and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	294 to 297	Offences against religion	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51		Offences against the Gambling Act	8	1	100	..	15	8	..	..	15	8	13	8	87	..	87	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		Special offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		Special offences under the Act in force in the Province	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55	279, 277, 278, 281, 282, 283 to 284, 304, 305 to 306, Section 11 of Act VIII of 1871, and any other Manual, or local Laws	Public and local offences	295	146	83	91	69	179	..	..	69	179	204	171	21	27	29	29	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		Other special and local laws enforceable by Police	2	71	80	82	2	83	..	..	2	83	2	83	87	87	80	87	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	435	217	93	91	670	293	..	..	479	241	474	294	61	89	92	84	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Grand Total	3,025	2,614	64	87	3,484	2,113	..	..	3,923	2,513	3,923	2,513	75	79	81	75	21,995	37,609	21,622	25,653	67	51

STATEMENT C.

Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.				PERSONS.							COMPARATIVE RETURNS.										REMARKS.													
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in Cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to Trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under Trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	Number of Persons Arrested.			Brought to Trial.			Convicted.			Property Stolen.			Property Recovered.											
												1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.		1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.	1878.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18								
<b>KHANDESH.</b>																																			
Thuggee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
.. { By strangulation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
.. { By poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Dacoity on land	..	..	..	..	57	57	57	..	..	57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Dacoity on water	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bobbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs:—																																			
(a) with murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) without murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, viz.—																																			
Kidnapping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

NOTE.—Columns 13 to 17 will include all persons arrested or brought to trial during the year for these offences, though such persons be not included in columns 2 and 3. The difference should be explained in the column of Remarks.

The same gang who committed the dacoity at Dimgi, in Pachora Taluka, were the perpetrators of the dacoity at Mengaon in Jámner Taluka.

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

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STATEMENT **D.**

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STATEMENT D.

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure.

District.	PART I. ADDITIONAL POLICE COLLECTED FOR THE PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY.														PART II. ADDITIONAL POLICE QUARTERED AS A PUNITIVE MEASURE.									
	Name of Fair or Place of large Assembly where Additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of Fair or Assembly.	Estimated number of Persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the Place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 8 to 9.		Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10.		Number of Offences against Person or Property during such Assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of Additional Police.		Total Cost of Additional Police, including all Contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of Offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the Additional Police was established.	REMARKS.		
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which Contactor followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
Ahmednagar .. .. .											Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.									
<i>Khandak District.</i>																								
Amalner .. .. .	Amalner .. .. .	24 days	20,000	4	24	4	17					2	2	2 0 0	2 4 0									
Erandol .. .. .	Chorwad .. .. .	5 "	8,000	1	7																			
Pachora .. .. .	Chinchkheda (Mys.)	31 "	25,000			17	84					5	5	13 12 6	6 8 4									
Pimpalner .. .. .	{ Dhadney .. .. . Dhanraj .. .. .	{ 8 " 3 "	{ 10,000 25,000	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	
Shahala .. .. .	Sarangkheda .. .. .	10 "	18,000		1	4	14																	
Sindkheda .. .. .	{ Mudwad .. .. . Patan .. .. . Chimthol .. .. .	{ 8 " 8 " 3 "	{ 22,000 12,000 5,000	{ 3 2 1	{ 16 12 4	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	
Shirpur .. .. .	Shirpur .. .. .	8 "	6,500	2	10							1	1											
Savda .. .. .	Bakil .. .. .	15 "	6,000	1	6	3	10					1	1	0 11 0	0 11 0									
Jamnir .. .. .	{ Kundral .. .. . Waghil .. .. . Hivarkheda .. .. .	{ 13 " 7 " 1 "	{ 5,000 80,000 7,500	{ 1 .. ..	{ 3 .. ..	{ 3 4 1	{ 17 11 3	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ 1 1 ..	{ 1 1 ..	{ 4 8 0 8 0 0 ..	{ 4 8 0 8 0 0 ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	
<i>Nasik District.</i>																								
City Nasik .. .. .	{ Ramnoml .. .. . Moharam .. .. . Silvatra .. .. .	{ 3 " 8 " 8 "	{ 22,000 25,000 3,000	{ 5 .. ..	{ 29 .. ..	{ 1 .. ..	{ 6 9 ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	{ .. .. ..	
Taluka Nasik { Trimbak	{ Nindra .. .. . Kartik Pornima .. .. . Sena Fair .. .. . Bumeshwar .. .. .	{ 8 " 8 " 1 " 1 "	{ 4,000 2,000 500 500	{ .. .. .. ..	{ 3 .. .. ..	{ 1 .. .. ..	{ 6 2 2 2	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. ..
" Dindori { Bhainwad .. .. . Wani .. .. .	{ Bhairoba .. .. . Dev's .. .. .	{ 12 " 15 "	{ 2,000 5,000	{ .. 1	{ .. 2	{ 1 1	{ 3 3	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	
" Chandor..Vadner	Bhairoba's .. .. .	1 "	1,000			1	8																	
" Niphad. { Naitale .. .. . Abvigaon .. .. .	{ Matoba .. .. . Uras, Mahomedan .. .. .	{ 20 " 20 "	{ 5,000 3,000	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ 1 1	{ 4 3	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	{ .. ..	
" Yeola.. { Bokte .. .. . Itajapur .. .. . Nagarul .. .. . Ankale .. .. .	{ Bhairoba's .. .. . Uras of Pir .. .. . Khandoba .. .. . Dev's .. .. . Baghoji Bawa's .. .. . Moharam .. .. . Ramjan Id .. .. . Bakri .. .. .	{ 1 " 1 " 1 " 1 " 1 " 6 " 1 " 1 "	{ 400 1,000 500 500 15,000 2,000 2,000 2,000	{ 1 .. .. .. 5 5 1 6	{ 3 .. 2 3 25 25 21	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..	{ .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..

In 141 villages situated on the line of railway.

On account of grain robberies from trains established and discontinued during the year.

Binnar	Maraigoo	Khandoba ..	4	5,000	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
	Devpur	Haba Bhagwant ..	3	4,000	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
	Patli	Khandoba ..	3	4,000	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
	Bhojapur	..	3	4,000	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
Igtaipuri	Pimprli	Uras of Pir ..	3	1,300	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
	Borli	Basoba ..	3	500	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 Gondigaon.	2	55 10 4	3 months.			
Malgam	Chandrapur	Khandoba ..	3	6,000	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Handgaon	Datatia	..	1	1,000	..	..	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
		Natarpur	Datatia	..	1	400	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Shalam	..	Khandoba ..	2	2,000	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Jaybhon	Wairpur	Dev's ..	10	4,000	..	1	3	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
	Bhilwad	Paratosh ..	1	1,000	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Mulher	Utharwar ..	1	1,400	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Salvas	Supatkring	Doris in Chitna	6	2,000	..	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	..	.. in Ashur ..	9	500	..	..	..	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	..	.. Martand ..	4	500	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Panna	..	..	6	2,000	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	..	..	2	10,000	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Kardh	..	..	10th	10,000	..	..	2	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	..	..	January to 31st January 1876 6 days	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khandr	..	..	15th March 1876 2 days	4,000	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Established in 1876, but withdrawn from lat April 1879.

Telesom, Khadkala, Chinchwad, Loni Kaibhar, Borivad, Kadgaon, Trul, Pates. Quartered in these villages on account of the inhabitants having been implicated in robberies on the G. I. P. Railway.

From 1st November 1877 to 31st October 1878.

Stationed as per G. R. No. 740 dated 21st December 1876 at Kaland, then at Khandr, from 15th January of the next year to the 15th January of the next year. The number of the train on the proposed line is estimated at 12 trains per week per month.

STATEMENT D—continued.

DISTRICT.	PART I. ADDITIONAL POLICE COLLECTED FOR THE PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY.												PART II. ADDITIONAL POLICE QUARTERED AS A PUNITIVE MEASURE.										
	Name of Fair or Place of large Assembly where Additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of Fair or Assembly.	Estimated number of Persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the Place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 8 to 11.		Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10.		Number of Offences against Person or Property during such Assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of Additional Police.		Total Cost of Additional Police, including all Contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of Offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the Additional Police was established.	REMARKS.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which Conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Off-icers.	Men.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
Estara..	Mán ..	Shingnápúr..	7th to 17th April 1876—11 days.	17,771	1	3	2	11	..	..	..	..	2	1	Ra. a. p. 14 0 0	Rs. a. p. 3 0 0	1. Sindola and Mahábalshvar.	..	1	Ra. 108	1 year.	No crime of arson has occurred since the establishment of the Punitive Post.	
		Mhásavád ..	24th to 25th November 1876—5 days.	7,000	1	3	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	5 0 0	5 0 0	1. Mahábalshvar.	..	1	Ra. 108	1 year.	Do.
Sholápur ..	Táloká Pandhar-pur.	Ashádi ..	12 days.	55,000	2	6	3	16	..	..	..	..	15	11	105 1 0	105 1 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Kartíki ..	12 "	36,000	2	6	2	26	..	..	..	..	..	10	9	38 12 0	38 12 0	..	..	..	..	..	..

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

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STATEMENT.

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Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution

DISTRICT.	SANCTIONED STRENGTH OF POLICE FORCE.									COST OF POLICE.									
	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Provincial Revenue.								Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Provincial Revenue.		Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3) (2).	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5) (4).	Total Pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7 and 8).	Horses and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 12 and 14.	Average Pay of	
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.	Travelling Allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.			Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments (3).	Mounted Constables.				Foot and Water Constables.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Ambednagar .. .. .	..	1	3	107	26	435	..	..	..	..	9,800	2,400	2,124	32,748	56,220	1,920	380	97	
Khandesh .. .. .	..	3	3	275	83	1,868	..	..	..	..	18,980	8,248	4,349	69,140	1,58,404	2,401	854	95	
Nasik .. .. .	..	1	2	127	29	580	..	8	84	..	9,727	2,351	2,154	36,980	66,182	2,117	358	96	
Poona .. .. .	..	1	2	184	25	875	..	..	60	..	12,000	2,400	2,493	46,701	69,634	2,149	355	99	
Satdra .. .. .	..	1	2	184	18	763	..	..	..	..	11,704	2,194	2,604	46,613	78,793	2,160	356	95	
Sholapur .. .. .	..	1	1	96	15	427	..	..	..	..	4,600	1,700	1,800	24,592	49,122	1,140	360	114	
Commissioner .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,160	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total .. .. .	..	8	12	973	196	4,407	..	8	84	4,160	66,619	17,293	16,524	2,56,284	5,05,365	12,977	..	..	

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but not travelling allowances.  
 (3) Columns 24 to 27. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants. (4) Columns 34 and 35, i. e., in Districts, one policeman to 50 many Annas and Pies to be omitted from

Return showing Equipment, Discipline and

DISTRICT.	Total Sanctioned strength.		ARMAMENT OF THE FORCE.			PUNISHMENTS.											
			Number provided with Fire-arms.	Number provided with Swords only, or Swords and Batons.	Number provided with Batons only.	Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.	Punished judicially by a Magistrate.								
	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.		Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of Penal Code.		Other Offences.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Ambednagar ..	109	511	206	31	323	1	5	7	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1
Khandesh ..	278	1,441	606	833	..	..	14	15	65	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	11
Nasik .. .. .	129	615	206	478	..	2	23	26	163	..	9	..	..	..	..	1	7
Poona .. .. .	104	503	411	..	673	2	30	18	42	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	6
Satdra .. .. .	156	781	442	60	465	3	21	19	43	..	1	1	3	..	2	..	..
Sholapur ..	97	412	214	43	252	2	8	15	45	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .	683	4,693	2,515	1,445	1,718	10	107	100	403	..	11	2	3	..	7	3	25

Note - This Statement does not refer to Assistant

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	DISTRIBUTION OF FORCE.										PROPORTION OF POLICE OFFICERS AND MEN.								
	Total Cost.	Payable from Provincial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	In District.						On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	To Area (4).			To Population (5).		
				Guards at District, Central or Subaltern Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.		On other Duties.						Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (-).	Of Towns (+).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (-).	Of Towns (+).
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.										
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37		
5,546	1,10,558	1,10,558	..	..	..	11	88	80	858	76	21	6,647	7,73,934	1 to 10.70	1 to 11.	9 to 1	1 to 1,740.27	1 to 1,200.	1 to 109
7,389	2,66,907	2,66,747	1,26	20	68	55	339	199	1,023	..	..	10,163	10,28,643	1 to 8.90	1 to 8.50	..	1 to 897.35	1 to 808.23	..
6,278	1,27,191	1,21,913	5,278	1	2	18	88	101	458	68	21	8,140	7,24,330	1 to 10.93	1 to 13.	202 to 1	1 to 863.43	1 to 9.7	1 to 247.
10,953	1,74,420	1,69,620	4,800	..	..	8	77	120	400	259	135	5,099	9,07,214	1 to 4.64	1 to 6.	70 to 1	1 to 812.33	1 to 1,043.	1 to 223.
3,763	1,47,821	1,47,461	36	6	20	15	92	141	573	131	..	4,804	10,41,007	1 to 4.90	1 to 8.3	9 to 1	1 to 1,096.07	1 to 903.8	1 to 626.2
4,034	86,988	86,088	..	3	10	13	70	68	273	55	28	4,499	7,18,034	1 to 8.33	1 to 8.	11 to 1	1 to 1,229.09	1 to 1,063.	1 to 66.
..	4,160	4,160	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39,953	9,19,145	9,07,647	11,690	29	101	117	733	704	2,149	626	308	20,381	52,23,257	1 to 6.92	..	..	1 to 918.61	..	..

(3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on Office duties square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile.

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowances.

(5) Columns 36 and 37. One policeman to so many of the population.

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

REWARDS.		EDUCATION.				Number enlisted during the year.			NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.							Percentage in Hospital during the year to Total strength of Force.		Percentage of loss during the year to Total strength of Force.		Average
Number of Police rewarded during the year.	By Promotion.	By Money Reward.	Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	On Pension.	On Gratuity.	By resignation without Pension or Gratuity.	By Dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By Discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By Desertion.	By Death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to Total strength of Force.	Percentage of loss during the year to Total strength of Force.				
			Officers.	Men.													Officers.	Men.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36			
47	6	87	248	6	26	28	141	611	..	1	6	6	..	..	14	7	2.6			
17	..	144	351	..	71	90	627	1,019	2	7	7	14	11	2	21	13	1.9			
9	22	119	254	..	62	79	268	374	1	1	14	26	6	8	24	23	3.2			
..	..	84	90	1	21	114	256	617	16	10	13	26	2	..	29	6	2.5			
37	7	131	278	..	112	78	307	642	14	2	..	24	21	..	21	17	2.17			
25	8	68	173	..	..	60	134	244	1	6	6	10	..	..	19	21	2.9			
132	40	636	1,344	7	201	209	1,797	2,309	34	23	62	117	60	8	169	27	3.64			

District Superintendants or Officers of higher rank.

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

STATEMENT G.

Statement showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

DISTRICT.	RACE.											RELIGION OR CASTE.															REMARKS.											
	EUROPEAN.					EURASIAN.			NATIVES.			OFFICERS.											MEN.															
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.			Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Hindus.							Other Religions.		Christians.		Mahomedans.	Hindus.				Other Religions.					
	Military or Civil.	Uncommissioned.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.			Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.			Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.				Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Paria and Jews.	Jains.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.				Marathas.	Lingayets.	Parbhus.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Paria and Jews.	Jains.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37		
Ahmednagar ..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	106	510	3	24	7	6	..	..	..	..	68	2	1	..	176	21	84	..	..	..	..	..	..	379	..	..	620	1 Constable's place vacant.
Khandesh ..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	273	1,428	10	108	26	1	..	..	36	..	95	1	1	13	549	70	2	..	..	157	..	..	637	..	..	1,706	16 do.	
Nasik ..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	127	615	2	40	19	..	..	..	37	..	30	2	..	1	218	24	..	..	..	149	..	..	222	1	..	745		
Poona ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	7	1	..	1	177	902	13	48	15	..	..	..	93	..	17	1	..	2	182	16	..	..	..	593	..	..	110	..	..	1,090		
Satara ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	184	781	1	46	17	8	..	..	106	8	8	1	2	..	1	217	11	17	..	..	507	8	1	22	2	..	968	
Solapur ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	96	442	1	31	6	16	..	..	26	..	13	2	1	1	179	11	65	..	..	151	..	1	34	..	..	540		
Total ..	6	2	1	..	..	2	8	1	..	9	962	4,678	29	297	80	31	..	..	298	8	5	224	10	8	18	1,621	153	118	..	..	1,557	8	2	1,304	3	..	5,669	17 vacancies.

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the year 1878 on Police Buildings in the Central Division.

Reported by the Controller of Public Works Accounts.	Amount.	Reported by the Accountant General.	Amount.
	Rs. s. p.		Rs. s. p.
A.—Repairs (above Ra. 1,000) .. .. .	8,148 2 9	D.—Petty Repairs up to Ra. 1,000 .. .. .	3,204 0 11
B.—Minor Works (above Ra. 1,000 and up to Ra. 2,500) ..	1,074 0 8	E.—Petty Construction up to Ra. 1,000 .. .. .	8,204 8 4
C.—Larger Works (above Ra. 2,500) .. .. .	228 10 8	Total from Police Budget .. .. .	9,372 2 3
		F.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades (5,673) .. .. .	1 10 0
		Grand Total Outlay .. .. .	14,750 0 1
Total from Departmental Public Works Budget ..	9,447 13 10	G.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades .. .. .	2 4 9

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the Central Division Districts during the year.

DISTRICTS.	Total Strength of the Force at commencement of the year.			Number of Men included in Column 1 discharged on reduction.			Number of Dismissals from all other Causes.			Number of Resignations.			Percentage of Dismissals from other Causes than Reduction and of Resignations together on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.			Males
	1			2			3			4			5			
	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	
Ahmednagar ..	620	73	8	..	..	..	6	..	..	7	..	..	2 07	..	..	
Khândesh ..	1,718	..	..	..	..	..	27	..	..	7	..	..	1 90	..	..	
Náak ..	744	..	7	..	..	..	25	..	..	14	..	..	2 24	..	..	
Poona ..	1,039	..	80	14	..	..	38	..	..	13	..	..	4 90	..	..	
Sátara ..	867	..	..	30	..	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	2 86	..	..	
Sholapur ..	539	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	6	..	..	2 50	..	..	
Total ..	6,628	73	80	34	..	..	131	..	..	45	..	..	3 13	..	..	

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C.D.

Statement showing the Serious Crimes that occurred and were personally investigated by the District Superintendents of Police during the year 1878.

Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
		1878.	ARMEDNACAR.	
Murder ... ..	Ranjanagan (Pärner).	January 6	Received information on the 9th. Two men were under arrest, and confessed.	Two accused persons have been sentenced to death
Dacoity ... ..	Pimpaldara (Akola).	" 20	Received information on the 1st February. Six men were arrested by the Chief Constable with stolen property.	Six accused persons sentenced each to undergo rigorous imprisonment for two years.
Do. ... ..	Pimpalgaon Pissa (Shrigonda.)	February 11	Received information on the 18th. Accused persons were under arrest, and confessed.	Eleven accused persons sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.
Do. ... ..	Miráigaon (Karjat)...	" 17	Received information on the 19th. Grain robbery; did not proceed to the scene of the crime.	Three accused persons sentenced each to undergo one year's rigorous imprisonment, and 5 acquitted and discharged by the Session's Judge.
Murder ... ..	Sakewári (Nagar) ...	March 2	Received information on the 7th. Accused was under arrest and confessed.	Accused sentenced to death.
Do. ... ..	Make (Nevása) ...	" 14	Received information on the 21st. Engaged in preparing annual report. Chief Constable proceeded to the spot.	One accused sentenced to death.
Do. ... ..	Madhowadgaon (Shrigonda).	" 25	Information received on the 5th. Inspector proceeded to the spot.	One accused discharged by the Magistrate and 1 by the Session's Judge.
Dacoity ... ..	Koproh (Ráhuri) ...	" 30	Received information on the 2nd April. The Superintendent proceeded to the scene of the crime personally.	Twelve men were captured in the Nizam's territory and punished, and 1 tried in British territory and was acquitted.
Murder ... ..	Mirpur (Sangamner)...	April 10	Received information during the vacation of Easter Holidays. Inspector inquired into the case.	Two men arrested and sent to the Magistrate, but discharged.
Do. ... ..	Bhojleh (Kopargaon).	June 5	Received information on the 9th. Inspector proceeded to the scene of the crime.	One accused was arrested and sent to the Magistrate, but discharged.
Do. ... ..	Pimpalner (Pärner)...	" 12	Information received on the 18th. Accused was under arrest and confessed.	Accused sentenced to transportation for life.
Do. ... ..	Walúnj (Nagar) ...	" 23	Received information on the 25th. Inspector proceeded to the spot.	No trace of the perpetrator of the crime.
Do. ... ..	Kurjúnob (Pärner) ...	July 11	Received information on the 23rd. Three persons were under arrest. Inspector proceeded to the spot.	Three accused persons acquitted and discharged by the Session's Court.
Dacoity ... ..	Gogalgaon (Sangamner)	August 9	Received information on the 13th. The Superintendent proceeded to the spot.	Ten Bhils were arrested, but were discharged under Section 125 of the Criminal Procedure Code.
Murder ... ..	Bhingar (Nagar) ...	October 12	The Superintendent inquired personally into the case.	Two accused persons acquitted and discharged by the Magistrate.
Do. ... ..	Chombhút (Pärner)...	November 4	Received information on the 7th. The Chief Constable proceeded to the spot.	One accused discharged by the Session's Judge.
Do. ... ..	Koregawhan (Shrigonda).	" 7	Received information on the 10th. Inspector proceeded to the spot.	One accused sentenced to transportation for life.
Dacoity ... ..	Ghánuri (Karjat) ...	" 28	Received information on the 2nd December. Inspector proceeded to the scene of crime.	Case pending in the Sessions.
			KHANDESH.	
Highway robbery (Sec. 392, I. P. C.)	Jungle of Taloda ...	March 29	Visited by the Senior Inspector of Police in charge of Western district.	The accused were arrested immediately after the commission of the crime. They were sentenced to terms of rigorous imprisonment varying from one to two years.
* Murder (Sec. 302, I. P. C.)	Mánvri, in Taloda Taluka.	April 12	Ditto	The report of the apprehension of the offender was received with the report of crime. The accused was sentenced to death by the Session's Court.
* Robbery with hurt (Sec. 397, I. P. C.)	Jungle of Kamode, Sub-division Nápúr.	May 22	Ditto	The accused were arrested soon after the commission of the crime. Each of the accused was sentenced to six months' hard labour.
* Culpable homicide (Sec. 304, I. P. C.)	Umer Pate in Pimpalner Taluka.	August 11	Ditto	The offenders were apprehended soon after the commission of crime, each of whom was sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment by the Session's Court, under Section 331 I. P. C.

\* Cases marked with asterisk occurred while Mr. Dickinson, the First Assistant Superintendent of Police, was in charge of the Superintendent's Office in addition to the charge of the Eastern Division, which is under his immediate supervision.

Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	Remarks.
1878.				
* Murder (Sec. 302, I. P. C.)	Itchagavan near Retpada, taluka Taloda	August 21 ...	Visited by the Inspector of Police in charge of Western District.	The report of the apprehension of the offenders was received with the report of the crime. But the accused were sentenced to death by the Session's Court.
* Do.	Gangapur, in Nawapur Sub-division.	September 26 ...	Ditto	The offenders were apprehended, but were released for want of sufficient evidence under Section 197, C. P. C., by the 1st Class Magistrate.
Do.	Jungle of Hasli, in Taloda Taluka.	About the 16th October.	Ditto	The offender was arrested soon after the commission of the crime, and he was sentenced to death by the Session's Court.
* Culpable homicide (Sec. 304, I. P. C.)	Dipran, Sub-division Nawapur.	August 26 ...	Ditto	The culprits were apprehended, but were discharged by the Magistrate, 1st Class.
* Case of infanticide	Amod, in Shirpur Taluka.	October 1 ...	Ditto	No trace as yet. Inquiry is being made.
* Highway robbery (Sec. 392, I. P. C.)	Jungle of Sangwi, in Shirpur Taluka.	" 5 ...	Ditto	The men suspected by the complainant were arrested, but no stolen property was found in their possession; and there being no direct evidence against them they were released on bail, and the case reported to the Magistrate having jurisdiction.
Robbery (Sec. 392, I. P. C.)	Between Dighawi and Syane, in Pimpalner Taluka.	" 11 ...	Ditto	The offenders were arrested and the stolen property recovered; but the accused were released by the Magistrate, 1st Class, under Section 220, C. P. C.
Dacoity (Sec. 395, I. P. C.)	Babarghat, in Nawapur Sub-division.	November 8 ...	Ditto	No clue has been obtained. Inquiry is being made.
Robbery (Sec. 392, I. P. C.)	Jungle of Malpur in Siudkheda Division.	" 11 ...	Ditto	The accused was released under Section 213, C. P. Code. The stolen property being rapiers in cash, the charge could not be proved against him.
Highway robbery (Sec. 392, I. P. C.)	Jungle of Pilode, in Shirpur Taluka.	December 4 ...	Ditto	On inquiry it has been ascertained that no offence was committed, and, therefore, the case has been reported to the Magistrate, with a recommendation that it may be struck off the register.
<i>First Assistant Superintendent's charge.</i>				
Murder (Sec. 302)...	Yaval ...	March 1 ...	Not ...	Received the report when the accused was apprehended. On conviction the accused was sentenced to death by the Session's Court.
Do.	Beoti ...	April 3 ...	Visited ...	Every measure was adopted for detection, but as yet no clue.
Do.	Bhusawal ...	" 26 ...	Not ...	Received the report when the accused was apprehended. On conviction the accused was sentenced to death by the Session's Court.
Do.	Chaligaon ...	May 23 ...	Visited ...	The accused was apprehended, and his confession recorded in Mr. Dickinson's presence by the 2nd Class Magistrate. On conviction the accused was sentenced to death by the Session's Court.
Do.	Rozada ...	June 30 ...	Not ...	The report was received when the 5 accused were apprehended. On conviction all of them were sentenced to death by the Session's Court.
Do.	Yaval ...	August 19 ...	Not ...	As there was some doubt of actual commission of murder, on receipt of report did not proceed to the scene of crime.
Do.	Mehrui ...	November 17 ...	Visited ...	Every measure was adopted for detection, but as yet no clue.
Dacoity (Sec. 395)...	Ajud ...	Dec. 31, 1877 ...	Visited ...	On receipt of report proceeded to the scene of crime. All of the accused were sentenced to different terms of imprisonment, ranging from 2 years to 7 years, except 2, who were made approvers under Section 347 by the Session's Court.
1878.				
Do.	Nhavi ...	February 5 ...	Not ...	As this was not a serious case did not proceed in person, but deputed the Police Inspector for inquiry.
Do.	Digi ...	August 13 ...	Visited ...	On conviction, out of the 27 dacoits, 43 were sentenced as follows by the Session's Court:— 12 sentenced to transportation for life. 15 do. do. 10 years. 18 do. to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment, and 12 released for want of sufficient evidence.
Do.	Mengaoon ...	October 16 ...	Visited ...	
Dacoity (Sec. 395)...	Raiyangoon ...	December 13 ...	Visited ...	On report proceeded to the scene of crime. Inquiry is being made.
Robbery (Sec. 392)	Kahbardi ...	June 6 ...	Not ..	As the property taken was all cash, and the complainant being blind and therefore unable to identify the culprit, did not proceed in person for inquiry, but deputed the Police Inspector.
Do.	Halnur ...	October 17 ...	Not ...	In consequence of immediate apprehension of the accused with the stolen property, the First Assistant Superintendent of Police did not proceed to the scene of crime.
Do.	Fairpur ...	July 30 ...	Not ...	
Do.	Padalabe ...	September 13 ...	Not ...	

\* Cases marked with asterisk occurred while Mr. Dickinson, the First Assistant Superintendent of Police, was in charge of the Superintendent's Office in addition to the charge of the Eastern Division, which is under his immediate supervision.

Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
		<i>Second Assistant Superintendent's charge.</i> 1878.		
Robbery with violence, under Section 392.	Between Párola and Mhaava in the Párola Sub-division.	12th June	Visited ... ..	One man was arrested on suspicion, but there being no evidence against him he was released on bail, and the case reported to the Magistrate, under Section 125, Civil Procedure Code, who ordered him to be released from bail. None of the stolen property was recovered. Inquiries are going on.
Murder, under Section 302.	In a jungle near Saondána, táluca Dhulia.	18th September	Not visited ... ..	The accused in this case having committed suicide immediately after perpetrating the crime, did not consider it necessary to proceed to the spot.
Do.	Boris, in the Dhulia Táluca.	10th October	Do. ... ..	The reason why the scene of crime was not visited by Mr. Kennedy is that the crime report, dated 21st of October 1878, did not reach him till the 28th instant, in consequence of his camp having been removed to Tamaswári for the purpose of personally investigating a case of house-breaking by night, in which the property stolen amounted to Ra. 3,400. The murderer was apprehended and sent up for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate before the 22nd idem.
		1877.		
Dacoity ... ..	Khirdo, táluca Málegaon.	31st December	Received intimation on the 3rd January 1878 at Málegaon; visited.	Proceeded to Nándgaon on the 6th en route for Khirdo, distant 60 miles. Major Wilson's presence was required on the 4th and 5th in the Magistrate's Court, Málegaon, at the prosecution of the offenders in a dacoity case of last year and a poisoning case. On the 7th and 8th inquired into the case at Khirdo, and found that the dacoity was committed by Bhils from the Nizám's. A reward of Ra. 200 has been offered.
		1878.		
Murder ... ..	Nimlgaon, táluca Málegaon.	1st January	Received intimation on the 3rd January 1878 at Málegaon; not visited.	The Chief Constable reported that the offenders were in custody, and brought the case before the Superintendent at Málegaon. Went through the case before it was sent before the Magistrate at Málegaon. The offenders, 2 women, were sentenced to death, and 1 was acquitted.
Do. ... ..	Pandurli, táluca Sinar.	16th "	Received intimation on the 19th January 1878; not visited.	The Chief Constable reported that the offender was in custody. The accused was sentenced to death.
Dacoity ... ..	Brahmanwáde, táluca Násik.	30th "	Received intimation, 5th February 1878; not visited.	The Chief Constable reported that the offenders were in custody. Five of the offenders were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and 3 to six months'.
Do. ... ..	Kheorsot's Pada, táluca Point.	9th April	Received intimation, 13th April 1878; did not visit.	The place was about 64 miles from the Superintendent's camp. The Chief Constable reported that the offenders, 7 in number, were in custody. They were sentenced, 5 to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment, 1 to 1½ years, and 1 man acquitted.
Do. ... ..	Jalkhed, táluca Dindori.	27th June	Párbati, woman, came and petitioned, 31st July 1878.	Chief Constable Ramkrishna Ramchandra was sent to inquire, and apprehended 22 offenders: 13 were sentenced to imprisonment, 3 acquitted, 1 pardoned, and 1 died in hospital, and 3 were charged under Section 411.
Murder ... ..	Murambi, táluca Point.	2nd September	Received information, 9th; did not visit.	This was only a technical dacoity case. The complainant was regarded as a witch by the villagers. The Chief Constable reported that the offender was in custody. The offender was sentenced to transportation for life.
Do. ... ..	Koturo, táluca Niphád.	7th October	Received information, 10th; did not visit.	The Chief Constable reported that the offender was in custody. The offender was sentenced to 7½ years' transportation.
Do. ... ..	Pandurli, táluca Sinar.	23rd November	Received information, 25th; did not visit.	The Chief Constable reported that the offenders were in custody. The offenders were sentenced, 1 man to be hanged, 1 transported for life, and 1 acquitted.
		POONA.		
		<i>Mr. Giertzen in charge.</i>		
Murder and robbery. Culpable homicide.	Kirkee Cantonment.	2nd January	Visited spot same day	Was whole day in Poona.
	Aosari, Khed Táluca.	18th "	Not visited ... ..	Was engaged in the inquiry into the Warála dacoity.
Dacoity ... ..	Nándur, Bhimthadi Táluca.	3rd February	Do. ... ..	Engaged in Sirdr Táluca.
Murder ... ..	Ambi Budrak, Bhimthadi Táluca.	14th "	Visited.	
Do. ... ..	Kotreh, Junnar Táluca.	24th "	Not visited ... ..	The husband of the deceased was at once suspected and caught.
Dacoity ... ..	Arangpur, Bhimthadi Táluca.	30th March	Do. ... ..	Crime detected.
Murder ... ..	Talegaon Dábháday, Mával Táluca.	1st April	Do. ... ..	Do. do.
Dacoity ... ..	Podustul, Indápur Táluca.	2nd "	Do. ... ..	Do. do.
Do. ... ..	Kangoon, Bhimthadi Táluca.	12th "	Do. ... ..	Do. do.
Do. ... ..	Warala, Khed Táluca.	13th "	Visited ... ..	Was for 4 days in Warála inquiring into the case. Crime detected.
Murder ... ..	Waghale, Sírur Táluca.	20th "	Not visited ... ..	Was in Poona. Crime detected.

Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
Murder ...	Lonarwadi, of mauze Malthan, Sirur Taluka.	1878. 13th May	Not visited ...	Engaged in Malval Taluka. Crime detected and convicted.
Dacoity ...	Kojale, Khed Taluka.	"	Do. ...	Crime detected.
Do. ...	Dingora, Junnar Taluka.	25th "	Do. ...	Do.
Culpable homicide.	Poona City ...	1st June	Do. ...	Do.
Murder ..	Sarati, Indapur Taluka.	22nd "	Do. ...	Do.
Culpable homicide.	Bori Pardhi, taluka Bhimthadi.	30th "	Do. ...	Do.
Dacoity ...	Aleiraoda, taluka Malval.	3rd July.	Do. ...	Do. and convicted.
<i>Major Daniell in charge.</i>				
Do. ...	Walti, taluka Haveli.	18th December...	Not visited ...	Do. do.
Murder ...	Vadgaon, taluka Malval.	21st "	Visited ...	Do. do.
Do. ...	Kothrud, taluka Haveli.	28th "	Not visited ..	The accused was apprehended on the following morning, and he was convicted.
<b>SATARA.</b>				
Murder ...	Khanapur, taluka Khanapur.	23rd January	Intimation received on the 28th January 1878 at Kasgaon, and the Superintendent reached at Hanmantwadi on the 29th January 1878, about 30 miles.	This case was sent up to the Magistrate before the Superintendent reached the spot.
Do. ...	Bhosse, taluka Jalvi.	20th "	Intimation received on the 25th January 1878 at Ashta, about 80 miles away.	Visited the scene of crime on the 20th February 1878 and inquired into the case, but nothing more elicited. This case still remains undetected.
Dacoity ...	Lhasurne, taluka Koregaon.	9th February	Intimation received on the 11th February 1878, about 52 miles away.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.
Murder ...	Wozarde, taluka Valva.	13th "	Intimation received on the 15th March 1878, about 77 miles away.	Not visited. The body of the deceased was burnt before the complaint of the death by poisoning was made.
Dacoity ...	Wakeshwar, taluka Khatav.	25th "	Intimation received on the 23rd February 1878 at Pingli, and the Superintendent reached the spot on the 1st March 1878, about 10 miles.	Visited the scene of crime, and the case was detected.
Culpable homicide.	Chore, taluka Karad.	16th April	Intimation received on the 26th April 1878 at Kolghar, taluka Jalvi, about 36 miles.	No occasion for the Superintendent to proceed, as the case was detected immediately.
Murder ...	Chafal, taluka Patan	22nd "	Intimation received on the 1st May 1878 at Satara, and reached Chargaon on the 3rd May 1878, about 25 miles.	Visited the scene of crime, and the case broke down.
Dacoity ...	Kasgaon, taluka Valva.	24th "	Intimation received on the 1st May 1878 at Satara, 42 about miles away.	Not visited. The Superintendent was engaged in inquiring the murder cases at Satara and Chafal.
Murder ...	Town of Satara	29th "	Intimation received on the 30th April 1878 at Kas, and the Superintendent reached the spot on the 1st 1878, about 12 miles.	Visited the scene of crime, and the case was detected.
Dacoity ...	Dhumalwadi, taluka Koregaon.	30th "	Intimation received on the 4th May 1878 at Satara, about 16 miles.	Not visited, as the crime was committed 6 days before, during which time the Superintendent was occupied at Chargaon.
Do. ...	Yeda Nipani, taluka Valva.	4th May	Intimation received on the 9th May 1878 at Medha, about 50 miles.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.
Murder ...	Karoo, taluka Valva	23rd "	Intimation received on the 27th May at Malcolm Peth, about 83 miles.	Do. do.
Culpable homicide.	Bhosseb, taluka Kasgaon.	4th July	Intimation received on the 8th July 1878 at Gondawli, taluka Man, about 60 miles.	Do. do.
Dacoity ...	Neir, taluka Khatav.	19th "	Intimation received on the 24th July 1878 at Satara, about 20 miles.	This was first considered a case of theft, the property stolen being sweet potatoes worth Rs. 2 1/2 Rs; afterwards it appeared that more than 5 men were concerned.
Culpable homicide.	Islampur, taluka Valva.	12th August	Intimation received on the 15th August 1878 at Satara, about 43 miles.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.
Dacoity ...	Visapur, taluka Kasgaon.	13th "	Intimation received on the 19th August 1878 at Satara, about 60 miles away.	Not visited on account of the rains.
Do. ...	Daruj, taluka Khatav.	13th "	Intimation received on the 26th August 1878 at Satara, about 25 miles away.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.



Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
		1878.		
Culpable homicide.	Machindragad, taluka Valva.	26th August ...	Intimation received on the 3rd September 1878 at Satara, about 42 miles away.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.
Do.	Nimsod, taluka Khatav.	21st September.	Intimation received on the 25th September 1878 at Satara, about 37 miles.	The Superintendent proceeded to Pusesavli, but the case was committed to the Magistrate before his arrival at the spot.
Dacoity ...	Trimali, taluka Khatav.	4th October ...	Intimation received on the 5th October 1878 at Satara, about 24 miles away.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.
Murder ...	Shirala, peta Shirala	24th ,, ...	Intimation received on the 28th October 1878 at Satara, about 54 miles away.	Do. do. do.
Do. ...	Kiroli, taluka Koregaon.	1st November ...	Intimation received on the 5th November 1878 at Atteeth, about 20 miles away.	Do. do. do.
Do. ...	Sakhurdi, taluka Karad.	1st ,, ...	Do. do. do. about 20 miles away.	Proceeded to Karad to inquire into the case, which was detected.
Culpable homicide.	Tulsan, taluka Karad.	3rd ,, ...	Intimation received on the 7th November at Atteeth, about 20 miles.	Do. do. do.
Murder ...	Yorandole, taluka Tasegaon.	11th ,, ...	Intimation received on the 15th November at Karad, about 50 miles.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.
Culpable homicide.	Tasegaon, taluka Tasegaon.	11th ,, ...	Intimation received on the 14th November 1878 at Karad, about 31 miles away.	Do. do. do.
Do.	Jambulni, taluka Man.	30th ,, ...	Intimation received on the 6th December 1878 at Satara, about 43 miles away.	Do. do. do.
Dacoity ...	Girvi, taluka Man ...	8th December ...	Intimation received on the 18th December 1878 at Khandala, about 32 miles.	The Superintendent was engaged in the inquiry of the dacoity case at Khambatki, taluka Wal.
Do. ...	Volla, taluka Wal ...	11th ,, ...	Intimation received on the 13th December 1878 at Rahimatpur, about 36 miles.	Visited the scene of crime, but no trace of the offenders has been found.
Do. ...	Machindragad, taluka Valva.	14th ,, ...	Intimation received on the 23rd December 1878 at Malcolm Peth, about 75 miles away.	Not visited, as the case was detected almost immediately.
			SHOLAPUR.	
Murder ...	Kolegaon, taluka Karmala.	13th Jan. 1878.	Did not proceed to the scene of crime.	Engaged in inquiring into the grain robberies on the G. I. P. Railway.
Do. ...	Javli, taluka Sangola	5th March ...	Did not proceed to the scene of the crime.	Do. do. do.
Dacoity ...	Chinchgaon, taluka Madha.	7th April ...	Did not proceed to the scene of the crime.	Do. do. do.
Murder ...	City Sholapur ...	17th May ...	Received a report at 2-30 A.M. in the morning of the 17th instant, and proceeded at once to the scene of crime.	
Do. ...	Koser Jawalgi, taluka Sholapur.	8th June ...	Did not proceed to the scene of the crime.	Engaged in inquiring into the grain robberies on the G. I. P. Railway.
Dacoity ...	Tadsawandane, taluka Mirsi.	12th ,, ...	Did not proceed to the scene of the crime.	Do. do. do.
Culpable homicide.	Barai ...	14th ,, ...	Did not proceed to the scene of the crime.	Do. do. do.
Dacoity ...	Bhogaon, taluka Sholapur.	20th ,, ...	Did not proceed to the scene of the crime.	Do. do. do.
Culpable homicide.	Do. ...	25th ,, ...	Received a report on the 25th June 1878, and proceeded at once to the spot.	
Do.	Akola, taluka Sangola.	3rd July ...	Received a report on the 8th instant. Proceeded as far as Pandharpur where the acting Chief Constable of Sangola met with the prisoner and witnesses concerned in this case.	
Dacoity ...	Beranani, taluka Sholapur.	22nd ,, ...	Did not proceed.	Engaged in inquiring into the grain robberies on the G. I. P. Railway.
Murder ...	Garwad, taluka Madhira.	2nd August ...	Did not proceed.	Do. do. do.
Culpable homicide.	Akola, taluka Madha.	5th ,, ...	Did not proceed.	Do. do. do.
Dacoity ...	Hatur, taluka Sholapur.	13th ,, ...	Did not proceed.	Do. do. do.
Culpable homicide.	Ichgaon, taluka Sholapur.	14th September.	Did not proceed to the scene of crime.	Mr. C. E. Crawford, Assistant Collector in charge of Superintendent's Office.
Murder ...	Madha ...	26th ,, ...	Did not proceed.	Do. do. do.
Do. ...	Salgar, taluka Sholapur.	6th October ...	Did not proceed.	Do. do. do.
Culpable homicide.	Hanangow, taluka Sholapur.	15th ,, ...	Did not proceed.	Do. do. do.

Name of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	Remarks.
		1878.		
Culpable homicide..	Darphal, taluka Sholapur.	27th Oct. 1878...	Did not proceed to the scene of crime.	Mr. J. R. Middleton, Assistant Collector in charge of Superintendent's Office.
- Do.	Sawleshwar, taluka Sholapur.	4th November...	Did not proceed to the scene of crime.	Do. do. do.
Dacoity ...	In the jungle of taluka Sholapur.	6th ..	Did not proceed to the scene of crime.	Do. do. do.
Do. ..	Degaw, taluka Sholapur.	15th ..	Did not proceed to the scene of crime.	Mr. H. G. Gell, Superintendent of Police in charge. This case was reported as a case of theft, and therefore not visited.
Do. ...	Pandharpur ...	2nd December ...	Received a report on the 4th December 1878. Proceeded to the scene of crime on the 6th December 1878.	
Murder ...	Kasari, taluka Barsi.	29th ..	Received a report on the 15th January 1879. Proceeded to the scene of crime on the 16th January 1879.	

E. P. ROBERTSON,  
Commissioner, C. D.

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**SOUTHERN DIVISION.**

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## SOUTHERN DIVISION.

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JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

A. T. CRAWFORD, ESQUIRE,  
ACTING COMMISSIONER, S. D.,

TO

J. NUGENT, ESQUIRE,  
SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

Camp Ratnágiri, 26th June 1879.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report on the working of the Police during the year 1878.

2. The division was from 1st January to 15th April under the administration of Mr. Grey, from which time to the end of the year it was under Mr. Reid.

3. The usual Statements A to I, together with the additional statements noted in the margin, are appended.
1. J.—Statement of Cases Investigated by the Police Superintendents—Government Resolution No. 6235, dated 9th October 1877.
  2. K.—Statement showing the Number of Cases Decided—Para. 4 of Mr. Ashburner's instructions on Statement B.
  3. L.—Statement of Cases struck off as no offence during 1878.

4. In the following statement are shown the dates of the Superintendents' reports, of the Magistrates' transmitting memoranda, as also the dates of final replies of Superintendents to references made to them:—

DISTRICTS	Dates of the Police Superintendents' Reports.	Dates of the District Magistrates' transmitting Memoranda.	Dates of the Superintendents' final replies.
Belgaum .. .. .	28th February 1879	11th March 1879	Final reply not received.
Dhárwar .. .. .	16th March .. .. .	19th .. .. .	21st May 1878.
Kaladgi .. .. .	5th .. .. .	21st .. .. .	21st .. .. .
Kanara .. .. .	1st .. .. .	3rd .. .. .	Final reply not received.
Ratnágiri .. .. .	5th .. .. .	6th .. .. .	2nd June 1878.

5. In the subjoined statement is shown the result of the year's operations in cognizable and non-cognizable offences as compared with that of last year:—

DISTRICTS	Cases reported.			Persons.						Percentage of Conviction to Arrest.	
				Arrested.		Convicted.		Admitted and Released.			
	1877.	1878.	Cases struck off in 1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Belgaum .. .. .	3,906	3,964	648	6,706	3,326	4,373	2,296	3,170	3,266	66	66
Dhárwar .. .. .	6,954	4,174	277	10,555	6,721	6,510	3,745	3,306	3,074	61	60
Kaladgi .. .. .	4,327	3,000	44	7,946	4,046	5,664	2,641	2,000	1,467	60	65
Kanara .. .. .	3,243	3,000	603	3,073	2,404	3,296	1,530	1,309	1,076	63	61
Ratnágiri .. .. .	2,696	3,200	1,346	2,767	2,117	3,107	1,046	1,561	1,001	63	61
Total .. .. .	20,219	18,371	3,647	31,676	17,694	29,773	10,723	11,641	7,816	66	60

6. Before commenting on the figures shown in the above statement, it is necessary to state that consequent on the recent order of Government, directing that statistics should be supplied of cases struck off the register as "no crime," instructions were issued to the District Superintendents of Police to include such cases among those hitherto shown in column 4 of Statement A, Part I, as "reported to have been committed during the year." This is in accordance with the practice observed in the lower provinces of the Bengal Presi-



13. The number of true offences reported is 10,782 against 17,763 during last year; the proportion of this class of crime to population is as shown below:—

Belgaum	...	...	...	...	...	1 to 413 souls.
Dhárwár	...	...	...	...	...	1 „ 323 „
Kaládgi	...	...	...	...	...	1 „ 373 „
Kánara	...	...	...	...	...	1 „ 263 „
Ratnágiri	...	...	...	...	...	1 „ 534 „

14. Convictions were obtained in 5,411 of the 6,971 cases decided, giving a percentage of 78 against 87 last year. Dhárwár leads as it did last year, but its percentage has declined from 96 to 92. Kánara comes next with a percentage of 89 against 92 last year. Kaládgi and Belgaum follow with percentages of 75 and 72 respectively, against 84 and 90 last year. Ratnágiri, which stands last, has risen from 62 to 65.

15. 14,476 persons were arrested against 27,481 during the previous year, of whom 8,666 persons were convicted, giving a percentage of 59 against 64 last year. All the districts have obtained less percentages. Belgaum has declined from 69 to 64; Dhárwár from 61 to 55; Kaládgi from 70 to 65; Kánara from 66 to 64; and Ratnágiri from 48 to 47.

16. In the subjoined table is given the percentage of persons convicted to persons apprehended during the last six years:—

YEARS.	PERSONS.		Percentage of Conviction to Apprehension.
	Apprehended.	Convicted.	
1878	14,476	8,666	59
1877	27,481	17,610	64
1876	14,998	7,014	46
1875	11,999	6,806	57
1874	10,379	4,333	42
1873	7,994	3,928	49

17. From the above figures it will be seen, that though this year's result is less favourable than that of the famine year 1877, for the reasons given in para 8, yet there is a marked improvement over the preceding years, 1873 to 1876.

18. If the districts are arranged in order of merit according to the results obtained in cases convicted to decided and persons apprehended, convicted taken together they will stand as under—

Kánara, Dhárwár, Kaládgi, Belgaum, and Ratnágiri.

19. The total number of cases of hurt, under Section 323 of the Indian Penal Code, amount to 2,396, or 475 cases less than last year. There is a falling off in this crime in all the districts of this division, notably in Ratnágiri, where it fell from 968 in 1877 to 803 this year.

20. In the following statement is shown the result of Police operations in serious offences during the year:—

DISTRICTS.	NUMBER OF TRUE SERIOUS OFFENCES DURING 1878.								NUMBER OF CONVICTS DURING 1878.								
	Murder, sections 302, 303, 304.	Attempt at Murder, 307.	Culpable Homicide, 304, 304A.	Grave Hurt, 323, 324, 325, 325A, 325B, 325C, 325D.	Death, 304, 307, 308.	Abuse, 307, 308, 304, 307, 308.	Theft, 312 to 315.	Receiving Stolen Property, 311 to 314.	Kidnapping, 383 to 386.	Murder.	Attempt at Murder.	Culpable Homicide.	Grave Hurt.	Death.	Abuse.	Theft.	Receiving Stolen Property.
Belgaum	12	6	6	19	4	19	74	1	6	6	6	7	9	7	4	20	2
Dhárwár	22	6	18	24	26	22	174	4	13	13	13	13	14	14	17	22	2
Kaládgi	6	6	10	14	11	22	115	1	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Kánara	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Ratnágiri	6	1	1	1	1	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Total	49	13	23	44	60	64	474	10	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	2
Total of 1877	65	7	28	60	141	277	973	16	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34

\* This case was pending at the end of last year.

† One of these cases was pending at the end of last year.

21. A decrease is visible in all the serious offences mentioned in the above statement, except "attempt at murder." There were 49 cases of murder against 85 in the previous year. Convictions were obtained in 29 of the 42 cases decided, giving a percentage of 69 against 52 in the previous year. The largest number, viz., 22 cases occurred in Dhárwár. Convictions were obtained in 13 cases, giving a percentage of 76, or 20 per cent more than last year, and 2 cases were pending at the end of the year. Belgaum comes next with 12 cases, or 4 cases less than last year. Of the 9 cases decided during the year, convictions were obtained in 8 cases, giving a percentage of 89 against 57 in the previous year, and 3 cases remained to be disposed of. In Kaládgi only 6 cases occurred against 25 during the previous year. Convictions were obtained in 5, which gives a percentage of nearly 56, or 6 per cent more than last year. 5 cases, or 2 cases more than last year, were committed in Ratnágiri. In 3 cases convictions were obtained, giving a percentage of 75. In Kánara 4 cases were committed against 2 last year. All the cases which were decided fell through.

22. The next crime entered in the statement is attempt at murder, of which 13 cases occurred against 7 last year. The largest number, 6, of this offence took place in Belgaum. In Kaládgi and Dhárwár 3 offences were committed, and in Ratnágiri 1. Of the 9 cases decided during the year, convictions were obtained in 6, giving a percentage of 67, or 33 per cent less than last year.

23. Of culpable homicides 33, or 5 less cases than last year, occurred. 13 of them were committed in Dhárwár, 10 in Kaládgi, 6 in Belgaum, 3 in Kánara, and the odd case in Ratnágiri. Convictions were obtained in 54 per cent of the cases decided, which is an improvement of 7 per cent on last year.

24. Fifty-four cases of grievous hurt occurred during the year, which shows a decrease of 44 cases as compared with last year. All the districts, and chiefly Dhárwár, Belgaum, and Kaládgi contribute towards this decrease. Of the 39 cases decided in the division, convictions were obtained in 28, giving a percentage of 72.

25. There is a noticeable decrease in the number of dacoities committed during the year under report. Only 60 cases are reported against 141 in 1877. Out of 48 cases decided during the year, in 36 convictions were obtained, giving a percentage of 75. In Dhárwár and Belgaum the percentages are 95 and 75, whereas in Kaládgi, where 31 cases occurred, it is 58. There was no dacoity in Ratnágiri.

26. Ninety-six robberies were committed, which is less than last year by 181 cases. The decrease is visible in all the districts, notably in Dhárwár and Kaládgi, where this crime has fallen from 120 and 102 respectively, to 36 and 32. Convictions were secured in 32 of the 58 cases decided, which shows a decrease of 23 per cent as compared with the result of the previous year.

27. *Theft*.—This crime also shows a great falling off of 5,017 cases, due principally to the Districts of Belgaum, Dhárwár, and Kaládgi. The percentage of cases convicted to cases decided, as compared with that of last year, has slightly fallen.

28. Receiving stolen property, which is closely allied to theft, has decreased from 435 in 1877 to 317 cases. Convictions were obtained in 83 per cent of the 279 cases decided. This result, as compared with that of last year, shows a falling off of 3 per cent.

29. Last of the serious crimes, shown in the statement, is kidnapping, which exhibits a decrease of 6 cases as compared with last year. In Dhárwár the number of cases has fallen from 10 to 4; Kánara and Ratnágiri show 2 each. Last year no cases of kidnapping occurred in these two Districts. Convictions were obtained in only 2 cases, in the Dhárwár District alone.

30. In the subjoined statement details are given regarding struck off cases, &c:—



DISTRICTS.	CASES.							PERSONS.							
	Total number entered in Register, including Transfer from last year.	Struck off as no crime by order of Magistrate.	Number in which Convictions were obtained.	Acquitted and Discharged.	Compounded and Withdrawn.	Pending.	Undetected.	Arrested in cases referred to in Column 2.	Discharged in cases referred to in Column 2.	Convicted.	Acquitted or Discharged.	Compounded and Withdrawn.	Released without Trial.	Died or otherwise disposed of.	Pending.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Belgaum .. ..	2,741	565	1,366	528	8	39	253	3,246	96	2,012	428	8	640	7	21
Dhárwár .. ..	2,750	597	1,354	111	43	31	1,714	4,104	100	2,150	207	68	1,275	14	26
Kaládgi .. ..	2,774	456	1,278	431	4	37	604	4,019	221	2,328	1,072	7	214	18	24
Kánara .. ..	2,224	688	797	94	31	25	593	1,898	39	1,147	178	97	48	..	22
Ratnágiri .. ..	2,459	1,246	727	597	53	16	950	2,026	27	964	1,006	75	8	..	16
Total .. ..	14,978	3,647	8,411	1,500	128	138	4,007	18,206	478	8,666	2,028	192	2,677	53	211

From the above table the following results are obtained :—

Table I.

DISTRICTS.	Number of cases Reported, including Transfer.	PERCENTAGE OF CASES.			
		Struck off.	Convicted.	Acquitted and Discharged.	Undetected.
Belgaum .. ..	2,741	21	50	19	9
Dhárwár .. ..	2,750	16	23	8	44
Kaládgi .. ..	2,774	16	44	16	24
Kánara .. ..	2,224	31	24	6	37
Ratnágiri .. ..	2,459	29	21	11	37
Total .. ..	14,978	24	34	10	27

Table II.

DISTRICTS.	Number of Persons Arrested.	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS.			
		Discharged in cases struck off.	Convicted.	Acquitted or Discharged.	Released without Trial.
Belgaum .. ..	3,246	3	21	13	21
Dhárwár .. ..	4,104	2	23	9	24
Kaládgi .. ..	4,019	5	20	27	8
Kánara .. ..	1,898	2	20	16	22
Ratnágiri .. ..	2,026	1	26	26	1
Total .. ..	18,206	3	24	20	17

31. From the above figures it will be seen that the number of cases struck off is proportionately large in the Coast, Districts of Ratnágiri and Kánara, where the people, though notoriously law abiding, are unfortunately most litigious; the smallest difference between them on matters of right or custom results in a series of legal proceedings. The first phase of a dispute as to immoveable property in these Districts, is invariably for one or other of the parties to accuse the other of criminal trespass on the disputed land, or of mischief in removing some wall or fence, or of theft in taking the produce of a disputed field or fruit-tree.

In this way the parties seek to get, by a decision in a criminal case, some better standing ground or evidence for the civil suit to follow. In fact, they first try in a criminal court how far their case will hold water, and then proceed to stop the leaks before the trial in the civil court.

32. Similar information is given below for the last year, regarding struck off cases only :—

DISTRICTS.	1	Total number of cases entered in the Register, including Transfer from last year.	Cases struck off as no crime by order of Magistrate.	Percentage of cases struck off.	Persons Arrested in cases referred to in Column 2.	Persons Discharged in cases referred to in Column 3.	Percentage of Persons Discharged in cases struck off.
		2	3	4	5	6	7
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	4,123	806	19	6,121	179	3
Dhárwar .. .. .	.. .. .	6,888	662	10	9,639	204	2
Kaládgi .. .. .	.. .. .	4,942	664	13	7,876	333	4
Kánara .. .. .	.. .. .	2,910	1,000	34	2,009	40	1
Ratnágiri .. .. .	.. .. .	3,722	1,896	51	2,245	81	1
Total .. .. .	.. .. .	22,044	4,528	20	28,790	787	3

33. It is clear to me that stricter attention must be paid to the procedure in striking cases off the Register of offences. There is still clearly a want of uniformity in this particular in the division. I would advise the general adoption of the practice obtaining in the Central Provinces. There, each case is carefully tested by the Superintendent before permission is asked of the Magistrate to strike it off the Register. A similar system has been lately introduced into the Ratnágiri District.

#### NON-COGNIZABLE CRIMES.

34. The following table, which is an abstract of Statement A, Part II, exhibits the results of the year's operations in non-cognizable crime :—

DISTRICTS.	Offences.		PERSONS.						Percentage of Conviction to Apprehensions.		PROPERTY.			
			Apprehended or Summoned.		Acquitted.		Convicted.				Stolen.		Recovered.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Belgaum .. .. .	594	372	642	374	809	146	538	224	64	61	.....	30 0 0	.....	.....
Dhárwar .. .. .	796	574	1,243	899	296	296	936	613	76	64	323 0 0	381 14 6	287 0 0	381 12 9
Kaládgi .. .. .	403	316	664	400	309	156	346	246	58	61	306 0 0	151 0 0	212 0 0	163 0 0
Kánara .. .. .	431	433	795	685	802	275	447	391	57	59	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ratnágiri .. .. .	381	346	551	672	414	540	137	142	25	21	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total .. .. .	2,555	1,942	4,005	3,008	1,690	1,392	2,404	1,616	59	54	629 0 0	563 14 6	449 0 0	544 12 9

35. It will be seen from the above statement that there is a decrease in this class of crime in all the districts, except Ratnágiri, and that the total number of crimes committed has fallen from 2,555 in 1877 to 1,942 during the year under notice. In connection with these cases, 3,008 persons were apprehended or summoned, of whom 1,616 persons were convicted, which gives a percentage of 54 against 59 last year. Taking each district separately, Belgaum shows a falling off of 3 per cent; Dhárwar of 8; and Ratnágiri, which stands last on the list, of 4. On the other hand, Kaládgi has improved by 8, and Kánara by 2 per cent.

36. The subjoined two tables show the number of cases in which the Police were employed, and those taken up by the Magistrates direct :—

#### Non-cognizable cases in which Police were Employed.

DISTRICTS.	Offences	PERSONS.			Percentage of Conviction to Apprehension.	PROPERTY.	
		Apprehended or Summoned.	Acquitted.	Convicted.		Stolen.	Recovered.
						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Belgaum .. .. .	61	77	27	50	69	.....	.....
Dhárwar .. .. .	138	138	64	129	67	381 14 6	381 12 9
Kaládgi .. .. .	83	103	33	71	68	148 0 0	157 0 0
Kánara .. .. .	81	108	13	97	63	.....	.....
Ratnágiri .. .. .	247	471	373	58	19	.....	.....
Total .. .. .	600	940	510	435	46	526 14 6	438 12 9
Total of 1877 .. .. .	750	1,381	654	610	59	607 0 0	47 0 0

*Non-cognizable cases taken up by Magistrates.*

DISTRICTS.	Offences.	PERSONA.			Percentage of Conviction to Apprehension.	PROPERTY.	
		Apprehended or Summoned	Acquitted.	Convicted.		Stolen.	Recovered.
						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Belgaum .. .. .	211	295	119	174	59	30 0 0	....
Dhárwár .. .. .	438	714	231	444	61	....	....
Kaládgi .. .. .	333	293	123	174	59	6 0 0	6 0 0
Kánara .. .. .	402	510	242	264	53	....	....
Ratnágiri .. .. .	98	201	147	84	27	....	....
Total ..	1,382	2,068	852	1,191	57	36 0 0	6 0 0
Total of 1877 ..	1,806	2,714	1,186	1,504	53	22 0 0	22 0 0

37. The Police, it will be seen, were employed in only 560 of the cases reported, and 940 persons were arrested in connection with them, of whom 435 were convicted, giving a percentage of 46 or 13 per cent less than last year. The percentage of apprehended or summoned persons to those convicted in Ratnágiri, is only 19. The reasons are to be found in para. 31 of this report. The percentage of non-cognizable offences in which the Police were employed is as follows:—

(1) Ratnágiri .. .. .	72	(4) Belgaum .. .. .	22
(2) Kaládgi .. .. .	26	(5) Kánara .. .. .	7
(3) Dhárwár .. .. .	24		

38. In the 1,382 cases taken up by the Magistrates, 2,068 persons were arrested, 1,181 or 57 per cent of whom were convicted, which shows a decrease of 1 per cent as compared with last year.

39. The value of property stolen and of that recovered, compared with last year, is as follows:—

DISTRICTS.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Percentage of Property stolen to Property Recovered.	Percentage of Recoveries in 1877.
	Rs.	Rs.	%	
Belgaum .. .. .	54,500	42,922	78	71
Dhárwár .. .. .	67,416	30,074	45	46
Kaládgi .. .. .	74,114	23,840	41	50
Kánara .. .. .	62,420	42,087	67	49
Ratnágiri .. .. .	26,508	15,822	60	51
Total ..	2,60,048	1,64,426	57	....
Total for 1877 ..	2,10,562	1,63,708	....	53

These figures show, that though the value of the property stolen during the year was less than last year, the amount of property recovered is greater, and the percentage of property recovered has consequently risen from 53 to 57. Belgaum again leads with a percentage of 79 against 71; Kánara, which comes next, has risen from 49 to 67; Ratnágiri also shows an improvement, having risen from 51 to 60; Kaládgi has declined from 50 to 43; and Dhárwár from 46 to 45.

The percentage obtained is not only better than last year, but it is also the best obtained during the last 6 years, as will be seen from the figures given below:—

1878 Recoveries .. .. .	57 per cent.	1875 Recoveries .. .. .	33 per cent.
1877 do. .. .. .	53 do.	1874 do. .. .. .	40 do.
1876 do. .. .. .	42 do.	1873 do. .. .. .	33 do.

*Statement D.*

40. During the year, annual fairs were held at the four places noted in the

margin. At the Yellama Hill, where 30,000 people assembled, 1 officer and 10 men were deputed for the protection of person and property, and at each of the places Yamnúr and Gudguddápur, where 11,000 and 4,896 persons respectively are estimated to have as-

sembled, 1 officer and 10 men were deputed for the protection of person and property, and at each of the places Yamnúr and Gudguddápur, where 11,000 and 4,896 persons respectively are estimated to have as-

sembled—1 officer, 6 constables, and 2 sowars were deputed from the regular force. Besides these, 63 Shetsandies from surrounding villages were detached for special duty at Yamnúr and 28 at Gudguddápur, at Hulgur, the number of persons assembled being very small, the police usually stationed at the place were considered sufficient.

41 It was found necessary to continue the punitive post at Hebli in the Dhárwár District, and that at Guledgud in Kaládgi, throughout the year. The post at Hebli, moreover, was increased to twice its strength, under the orders contained in Government Resolution No. 966, dated 13th February 1878.

*Statement E.*

42. The total permanent strength of the Police of this Division, including the Superintendents is 3,485, and was maintained during the year at a total cost of Rs. 5,35,301. The difference in the total strength given this year, and that shown last year, is due to the reductions in the Police, ordered by Government Resolution No. 6389 of 6th November 1878.

43. The distribution of the Force on the last day of the year was—

On general Police duties ... ..	2,575 men and officers.
Jail Guard ... ..	48 do.
Treasuries and Miscellaneous ... ..	507 do.
Town and Municipalities ... ..	239 do.
Cantonment duties ... ..	75 do.
Add Superintendents of Police ... ..	5
Vacancies ... ..	36
<b>Total ... ..</b>	<b>3,485</b>

44. The subjoined table shows the proportion of Police to area and to population, for the whole Division, and for each District separately :—

DISTRICTS.	Area in Square Miles.	Population.	PROPORTION OF POLICE.	
			To Area.	To Population.
Poiganm .. .. .	4,591	938,750	1 to 6·9	1 to 1,403
Dhárwár .. .. .	4,664	988,087	1 to 6·1	1 to 1,317
Kaládgi.. .. .	5,095	816,037	1 to 9·1	1 to 1,806
Kánara .. .. .	4,235	898,406	1 to 6	1 to 571
Batnágiri .. .. .	3,789	1,019,136	1 to 8·1	1 to 1,372
<b>Total .. .. .</b>	<b>22,374</b>	<b>4,160,366</b>	<b>1 to 6·6</b>	<b>1 to 1,194</b>

From the above it will be seen that the proportion of Police to area is 1 policeman to every 6·6 square miles, and to every 1,194 souls of population. In striking these proportions the Savanur State Police consisting of 3 officers and 35 men, have not been taken into account. When considering these proportions, it is necessary to remember, that the area and population given above of the several Districts, are exclusive of the Native States which lie in this Division, and do not therefore show the actual area and population which each policeman has to look after. A large number of men are always on guard and escort duty, &c. This reduces still further the proportion available for prevention and detection of crime.

*Statement F.*

45. In this Division, 2,008 officers and men are armed and 1,472 unarmed; of the armed, 1,835 men are provided with muskets and 173 with swords. The unarmed men are provided with batons.

46. Fifteen officers and 113 men were dismissed the service, and 154 officers and 429 men were fined or degraded against 3 officers and 67 men dismissed, and 110 officers and 409 men fined or degraded last year.

47. The following shows the percentage of the departmental punishments to the total strength in each district:—

DISTRICTS.								Total strength of Police.	Number of Departmental punishments.	Percentage of punishments to Police.
Belgaum	::	::	::	::	::	::	602	144	24	
Dhárwár	::	::	::	::	::	::	748	215	29	
Kaládgi	::	::	::	::	::	::	674	179	27	
Kánara	::	::	::	::	::	::	697	116	17	
Ratnágiri	::	::	::	::	::	::	744	68	9	
Total								3,469	711	20

The high percentage in the three up-country Canarese Districts, is probably due to the comparatively lower standard of efficiency of the rank and file.

48. Two officers and 35 men were punished judicially, 8 under the Police Act, and 29 for other offences against 3 officers and 24 men so punished last year.

49. 220 men were rewarded with promotion, and 99 men received rewards of money.

50. No desertions took place during the year.

51. 836 officers and 982 men are reported to be able to read and write, *i. e.*, 38 per cent of the whole force. In 1877 the number so reported was officers 332 and men 953, or 36 per cent of the whole force. This shows a slight improvement. 84 officers and 543 men were under instruction, which is also an improvement over last year, when the figures were 9 officers and 432 men.

52. The Commissioner, Mr. Reid, visited all the Districts of the Division during the touring season, when the usual inspection of men, police-lines, &c., took place. He found everything generally in order.

#### Statement G.

53. On the last day of the year under notice, there were 6 Europeans and 3,443 natives in the Police Force of this Division. Of the Europeans 5 were Superintendents, and 1, the Port Constable at Kárwár; of the Natives, 574 were officers and 2,869 men.

54. Including the Superintendents, there were 580 officers in the Force on the last day of the year; of them, 9 were Christians, 207 Mahomedans, 363 Hindus, and 1 an African. Of the 2,869 men, 46 were Christians, 1,132 Mahomedans, and 1,691 Hindus.

#### Statement H.

55. The total expenditure on Police Buildings (*i. e.*, original works and repairs), amounted to Rs. 25,546-14-5; of this 9,410-13-4 were spent by the Public Works Department, and Rs. 16,136-1-1 by the Superintendents.

#### Statement I.

56. This statement shows that 9 cases were investigated in Belgaum, 19 in Dhárwár, 6 in Kaládgi, 8 in Kánara, and none in Ratnágiri. These figures alone do not convey any idea of the zeal and industry of the several superintendents who laboured in the districts mentioned. In Kaládgi, the very small proportion of serious crimes investigated, is evidently due to the frequent changes in the *personnel* of the superintendents, and in Ratnágiri, to the fact, that the offenders in all the cases were arrested red-handed. The only cases in which a superintendent need proceed to the scene of a crime, or undertake its investigation are, I think—

(1). When the crime happens to occur within a reasonable distance of his camp, and he can reach the spot in time to be of any use;

(2). When a crime of more than ordinary atrocity or magnitude takes place;

(3). When the Police are unable to detect the case.

Under this view, the orders of Government on the subject seem to have been duly attended to by the superintendents.

57. I have no special remarks to add, having but quite recently assumed charge of the Division.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,

Acting Commissioner, S. D.

## PART II.

### PRÉCIS OF THE POLICE SUPERINTENDENTS' REPORTS.

#### BELGAUM.

Statistics.	Area ... ..	4,591 square miles.
	Population (according to the census of 1872)	9,38,750
	Sanctioned strength of Police on the 1st January 1879	668
	Police to Area ... ..	1 to 6.9
	Police to Population ... ..	1 to 1,403

Officers in charge. 2. Major Codrington was in charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police during the whole year.

Conduct of the Force. 3. Five officers and 37 men were dismissed, 22 officers and 80 men were punished by fine and degradation, and 5 men were punished judicially, 1 under the Police Act, and 4 for other offences. On the other hand, 14 officers and 85 men were rewarded by promotion.

Education. 4. There is some improvement in the number of men able to read and write, as will be seen from the following figures:—

	Officers.	Men.
1877 ... ..	45	111
1878 ... ..	46	196

This is partly due to the preference given, when enlisting, to men who have acquired a knowledge of reading and writing. Candidates of the educated class are not numerous in this district, which shows that Police employment is not very popular with them.

The average number of officers and men under instruction during the year was as follow:—

	Officers.	Men.
1877 ... ..	1	63
1878 ... ..	1	96

The subjects taught were reading and writing—Canarese and Marathi—Arithmetic, the Geography of India, and portions of the Indian Penal and Criminal Procedure Codes, and Acts VII & VIII of 1867.

5. New lines, for which Rs. 3,560 were sanctioned, were in course of Barrack accommodation. construction at Nesargi, Chachadi, and Yergatti on the Belgaum and Kaládgi road and at Kittur and Kongnoli.

6. There were 2,117 cases of cognizable crime committed during the year against 3,311 in 1877, showing a decrease of 1,194 cases. The cases of non-cognizable crime in which the Police were employed were 61, showing a comparative decrease of 9. In the amount of property stolen also there is a decrease, the amount being Rs. 54,500 against Rs. 63,776 in 1877. The decrease in crime is chiefly due to the favourable season.

7. Fifteen murders were reported, of which 3 were struck off as "no offence" during the year. In 9, convictions were Murders. obtained, up to February 1879, 2 were acquitted, and 1 remained undetected, the details of which are as follows:—

On the night of 22nd April, at Yergatti, Mahál Murgod, one Baslingapa bin Ningapa Kolgi, having discovered that his mistress, Dodawa Dasi, was intriguing with her former paramour, gave her a severe beating with a stick, from the effects of which she shortly afterwards died. The accused, together with 4 other men, buried the corpse in a field, from which it was removed the next day and interred in another field. Some time after this, the body was again exhumed and thrown into the tank at Ramapur, near Yergatti, where it was found by the Police. Hearing that the body was discovered, Baslinga absconded, and no trace of him has yet been found.

8. Six cases were reported under this head. In Culpable homicide. 3, convictions were obtained, in the rest the accused were acquitted and discharged.

9. Out of 10 dacoities reported during the year, Dacoities. 6 were struck off as "no offence." In the remaining 4, convictions were obtained.

10 The following table shows the number of suicides and accidental deaths that occurred during the year under report:—

Suicides.	...	{	By drowning	...	...	...	124
			" other causes	...	...	...	41
Accidental deaths.		{	By drowning	...	...	...	157
			" wild beasts	...	...	...	10
			" snake-bite	...	...	...	32
			" other causes	...	...	...	95

11 The provisions of this Act were duly carried Arms Act. out.

#### DHA'RWA'R.

Statistics.	12. Area	...	...	...	4,564 square miles
	Population (according to the census of 1872).	...	...	...	9,88,037
	Strength of Police on the 1st January 1879...	...	...	...	749
	Police to Area	...	...	...	1 to 6.1
	Police to Population	...	...	...	1 to 1,317

13. The following officers were in charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police during the year: Lieutenant T. Officers in charge. Macpherson from 1st January to 25th April; Captain C. Hay from 26th April to 31st December.

14. During the year, 1 officer and 7 constables were punished judicially; Conduct of the Force. the officer, a chief constable, was also dismissed for gross neglect of duty, and making false entries in his Diary; 1 other officer, and 32 constables were dismissed, and 42 officers and 139

constables were punished departmentally. On the other hand, 16 officers and men were rewarded by promotion for special good service.

15. Eighty-two officers and 198 men can read and write. Only those who can write sufficiently well to send intimation of a crime, are included. 13 officers and 115 men were under instruction.

Education.

16. The 6 police out-post lines, commenced in the previous year, were completed, and the building of 6 others was commenced. New lines at head-quarters are urgently needed. The present lines have been condemned as unsafe, and are annually patched up by the Public Works Department.

Barrack accommodation.

17. The number of cognizable and non-cognizable crimes committed amounts to 3,636, or about half of that of the previous year. Of these 3,060 are cognizable and 576 non-cognizable cases. 597 cognizable cases reported were also struck off as "no offence." The amount of property reported stolen is Rupees 67,416 against Rs. 1,11,400 in 1877. 45 per cent of property lost has been recovered, which is 1 per cent less than last year.

Fluctuation of crime.

18. Twenty-six murders were reported during the year, 4 of which were struck off as "no offence." In 12 cases convictions were obtained in the Sessions Court, but, on appeal, the accused in one of them were acquitted by the High Court. 3 other cases resulted in acquittal, 3 were discharged, and 2 were pending at the end of the year.

Heinous offences.

Two cases still remain undetected, the details of which are as follows :—

Murders.

- (1) On the 2nd January, within the limits of the village of Hesarur, Taluka Karajgi, while two men were watching the grain in their fields, they were attacked by a number of men, who beat them and carried away grain. One of the 2 men died the next day, in consequence of the injuries he received.
- (2) On the 26th January, the dead body of a young girl, aged 12 or 13 years, was found in a tank at the village of Yellawadal, Taluka Kalghatgi. There were marks of violence on her body, but no trace of her identity can be obtained.

19. Sixteen culpable homicides were reported during the year, of which 3 were simply negligent acts against 9 in 1877. 3 of these were struck off as "no offence." In 5 cases convictions were obtained, in one of which the conviction was reversed by the High Court; 4 were acquitted, and 4 discharged by the trying Magistrates.

Culpable homicides.

20. Twenty-seven dacoities were reported during the year against 39 last year. Most of them were grain robberies from the fields, and from persons returning from markets in the dusk; 2 of them were struck off as "no offence," leaving 25 true cases for disposal, in 13 of which convictions were obtained, 1 was acquitted, 4 were discharged by the trying Magistrates, and 7 cases remain undetected.

Dacoities.

21. 298 accidental deaths and 286 suicides were reported during the year, the details of which are shown below :—

Accidental deaths	{	By drowning	...	...	...	199
		„ snake-bite	...	...	...	18
		„ other causes	...	...	...	81
Suicides	{	By drowning	...	...	...	230
		„ hanging	...	...	...	52
		„ poison	...	...	...	4

Arms Act.

22. The provisions of the Arms Act have been duly attended to.



## KALA'DGI.

Statistics.	23.	Area	...	...	...	...	5,695 square miles.
		Population (according to the census of 1872)	...	...	...	...	816,037
		Strength of Police on 1st January 1879	...	...	...	...	624
		Police to Area	...	...	...	...	1 to 91
		Police to Population	...	...	...	...	1 to 1,307

Officers in charge. 24. The undermentioned officers were in charge of the District Police during the year :—

- (1). Mr. C. E. Coles from 1st January to 19th January.
- (2). Mr. H. Kennedy from 20th January to 4th May.
- (3). Lieutenant T. R. M. Macpherson from 5th May to 10th October.
- (4). Mr. A. H. Spry, District Magistrate from 11th October to 30th October.
- (5). Captain Payne from 31st October to 31st December.

25. The conduct of the Force in general has not been satisfactory. 1 officer and 15 men were tried judicially, 3 officers and 19 men were dismissed the service, and 35 officers and 113 men received various minor departmental punishments for misconduct during the year. Only two rewards of money were given during the year.

26. Only 44 officers and 75 men are reported as able to read and write against Education. 52, and 116 respectively, reported last year. It has transpired that last year's figures included those who had only a superficial knowledge of reading and writing.

27. Accommodation is much needed at the head-quarters of the Talukas, except Barrack accommodation. Indi and Badami. It would be well, when the present famine pressure abates, if a certain sum could be sanctioned yearly for building station-houses, until the number required is provided.

28. The number of offences reported during the year is 2,958, of which 456 were struck off by order of the Magistrates as "no offence," leaving 2,502 cases to be dealt with, which, when compared with the returns of 1877, shows a decrease of 2,090 cases. Of the crimes reported 2,642 cases were cognizable and 316 non-cognizable. The value of the property stolen is Rs. 78,115, of which Rs. 33,560 worth was recovered.

29. Of the 9 murders reported during the year, 3 were struck off as "no offence," leaving 6 to be accounted for. In 1 of these, Heinous offences. conviction was obtained during the year, 2 were acquitted, 1 remained undetected, and 2 were pending, in which convictions were subsequently obtained.

The details of the undetected case are as follows :—

On the night of the 24th March, at Talachgod, Taluka Badami, a man named Nilapa was murdered, it is supposed, by 5 men of the same village. On the day following, a man named Irangowda was also found grievously wounded in the Chowdi, and on being questioned by the Kulkarni he stated, that on the previous night he and Nilapa were in the fields, when they were attacked by 5 men of his village, and Nilapa was killed. There are two factions in the village, and Irangowda belongs to one, while those accused belong to the other. On enquiry it was found that Nilapa had stolen a couple of bullocks in the Moglai, and sold them to one of the 5 men accused, named Busia, who declined to pay the deceased for them, and it is supposed that the deceased was killed in a quarrel regarding the aforesaid bullocks. The body of the

deceased was fearfully hacked about, and the wounds were apparently caused by a sickle.

I give the details of the following case, which resulted in the conviction and execution of the murderer, because the circumstances of the crime are peculiar, and the conduct of the murderer exceptionally cold-blooded and unnatural :—

On the night of the 7th January, at Chadchan, Táluka Indi, a man named Aba accused a sowkar of his village of the murder of his child, and said that the body would be found in the sowkar's house. A search was made, but nothing was found. On enquiry it transpired that the accused Aba was considerably in debt to the sowkar, and being pressed for money, he murdered his son, aged 12 years, and put the body in the sowkar's house. The sowkar fearing exposure and the trouble he would be put to if the body was discovered in his house, offered to let Aba off his debt if he would remove the corpse. This Aba consented to do, but when the sowkar got rid of the corpse from his house, he refused to carry out his part of the bargain. Aba confessed the crime, was arrested, and committed to the Sessions, where he was sentenced to death.

30. Eighteen cases of culpable homicides were reported during the year, 8 of which were struck off as "no offence." Of the remaining 10, convictions were obtained in 1, 3 were acquitted, 1 was discharged by the trying Magistrate, and 2 remained pending at the end of the year, in 1 of which a conviction has subsequently been secured. 3 cases were disposed of under Section 304 A., I. P. Code, in 1 conviction was obtained, and 2 were discharged by the trying Magistrates.

The following case occurred at the Mámlatdár's kutcherry at Hungund and deserves special mention. The facts speak very badly for all the Táluka officials of Hungund. The only persons who behaved well were the two prisoners in the lock-up ! :—

On the 15th May, Rs. 691-10-0 were stolen from the Government Treasury. On inquiry it was found that the shroff had omitted to lock up the bag, containing this money, before leaving the kutcherry. During night, a prisoner, in a cell next the treasury, hearing the clinking of money, drew the attention of another prisoner to it, and shortly afterwards they saw a constable carrying off a bag. Two of the constables of the guard confessed to having committed the offence, and were sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment each. A sowkar of Hungund and the Mulki Naik, a friend of the sowkar, who were suspected of having been concerned in the case, were arrested. The Naik attempted suicide by cutting his throat, and the sowkar died soon after he was brought into the kutcherry. There was reason to believe that he had been maltreated by the police in order to extort a confession. A 2nd class head constable, the head karkun of the Táluka (also a 3rd class Magistrate), the shroff, 2 constables, 1 revenue peon, and 1 shetsandi, supposed to have joined in coercing the deceased sowkar, were committed to the Sessions, but there acquitted. They were all, however, dismissed the Government service.

31. Thirty-five dacoities were reported during the year, 4 of which were struck off as "no offence." Of the remaining 31, in 11 convictions were obtained, 2 were acquitted, and 3 discharged by the trying Magistrates ; 4 were pending at the end of the year, and 6 remained undetected. In the cases pending, convictions were subsequently obtained in 3·5 cases were also disposed of under Sections 397 and 398 of the Indian Penal Code ; in 4 of them convictions were obtained, and 1 was discharged by the trying Magistrate.

32. The details of the suicides and accidental deaths committed during the year are as follows :—

Suicides.	{	By drowning ... ..	101
		„ hanging ... ..	44
		„ other means ... ..	14
Accidental deaths.	{	By drowning ... ..	133
		„ wild beasts ... ..	24
		„ snake-bite ... ..	7
		„ other means ... ..	112

33. Thirty-eight licenses to carry arms were granted during the year, and 35 persons found in possession of arms without licenses, were disarmed.

Arms Act.

#### KA'NARA.

Statistics.	34.	Area (in square miles) ... ..	4,235
		Population (according to the census of 1872) ... ..	393,406
		Strength of Police on 1st January 1879 ... ..	697
		Police to Area ... ..	1 to 6
		Police to Population ... ..	1 to 371

35. The undermentioned officers were in charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police during the year :—

- (1). Major S. F. McGillivray from 1st January to 20th May.
- (2). Mr. H. Kennedy from 21st May to 7th September.
- (3). Mr. E. McCallum, C.S., from 8th September to 22nd October.
- (4). Lieutenant T. R. M. Macpherson from 23rd October to the end of the year.

36. Four officers and 21 men were dismissed the service, 5 men were punished judicially, 20 officers and 71 men departmentally. 72 men were, however, rewarded by promotion, and 19 by presents of money.

Conduct of the Force.

37. 311 officers and men are reported to be able to read and write against 303 in 1877. 5 officers and 103 men were under instruction.

Education.

38. No new buildings were constructed during the year under review for want of funds; much, however, remains to be done before the accommodation provided for the police force can be considered sufficient.

Barrack accommodation.

39. The total number of cases committed during the year is 1,945, of which 1,512 are cognizable and 433 non-cognizable cases. This shows a decrease of 424 cases as compared with last year. Rs. 62,420 worth of property is reported to have been stolen, of which Rs. 42,037 have been recovered, showing an increase of 18 per cent of recoveries over last year.

Fluctuation of crime.

40. Four murders were reported during the year, of which 2 were committed to the Court of Sessions, where in 1 case only conviction was obtained. On appeal, however, the High Court reversed it, it is stated on grounds of a strictly technical character. The facts of this case are as follows :—

Heinous offences.

On the 24th January, one Rama bin Patia was found lying dead in a field, in the village of Bhavikari, in the Ankola Peta. On enquiry, it was ascertained that the deceased had been murdered on the previous night by 3 men. The deceased was believed to be in the habit of practising the black-art, and was murdered by the accused under the impression that he intended to cause their ruin.

Murders.

Culpable homicide.

41. Out of 3 cases of culpable homicide which occurred during the year, convictions were obtained in 2.

Dacoities.

42. No dacoities occurred during the year.

43. There were 44 suicides and 250 accidental deaths in 1878 against 45 suicides and 216 accidental deaths during the previous year. The details of the cases relating to the year under report are as follows :—

Suicides	{	By drowning	...	...	...	27
		„ other means	...	...	...	17
Accidental deaths	{	By drowning	...	...	...	121
		„ wild beasts	...	...	...	5
		„ snake-bite	...	...	...	30
		„ other means	...	...	...	94

44. The provisions of the Arms Act were duly enforced. Licenses to carry arms were granted to 217 persons during the year 1878. A number of guns were also allowed to cultivators for short periods for the protection of their crops.

#### RATNA'GIRI.

Statistics.	45.	Area	...	...	...	3,789 square miles.
		Population (according to the census of 1872)	...	...	...	1,019,136
		Strength of Police on 1st January 1879	...	...	...	742
		Police to Area	...	...	...	1 to 5.1
		Police to Population	...	...	...	1 to 1,372

46. Mr. Down was in charge of the office of Superintendent of Police during the whole year, except from 22nd April to 21st July, when he was on privilege leave. During his absence, Mr. Winchester, C.S., and 1st class Magistrate, was in charge of the office.

47. One officer and 4 constables were dismissed during the year; 35 officers and 26 men were fined, degraded, or suspended, and 3 constables were punished judicially. 33 officers and men were rewarded with promotion, and 78 received money rewards.

48. There are 76 officers and 290 constables in the force who can read and write, the same as last year. The number of officers and men under instruction has, however, increased from 117 in 1877 to 145 during the year under report.

49. Commodious and substantial lines have been constructed departmentally at 4 out-posts, and afford good accommodation for 4 men each. Good lines have also been built, departmentally, for the town police at Ratnágiri, which accommodate 14 men.

50. There has been a decrease in both cognizable and non-cognizable cases. The number of cognizable crimes committed during the year was 10,185 against 17,763 last year, and the number of non-cognizable crimes was 1,942 against 2,555 in 1877. Rs. 26,598 worth of property is reported to have been stolen, of which Rs. 15,832 or 60 per cent. was recovered, showing an improvement of 9 per cent over last year.

51. Five murders occurred during the year. In 4 cases convictions were obtained in the Sessions Court, but, on appeal, the High Court reversed one of the convictions. In the remaining case the Magistrate discharged the accused, because he considered the witnesses untrustworthy. The facts of this case are as follows :—

On the 22nd of November, one Shabudin, of Pálgad, Peta Mandangad, made a petition to the chief constable, stating that his brother had been murdered about a month before by 3 men whom he named. They all appear, according to his statement, to have had a quarrel, which resulted in a fight, in which deceased received a blow on the head, from the effects of which he died.

52. One case of attempt at murder and 1 of culpable homicide occurred during the year, in both of which convictions were obtained.

53. There was no case of dacoity during the year.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

54. Nineteen suicides and 401 accidental deaths occurred during the year, the details of which are as follows :—

Suicides	{	By drowning	...	...	...	8
		„ other means	...	...	...	11
Accidental deaths	{	By drowning	...	...	...	127
		„ snake-bite	...	...	...	174
		„ wild beasts	...	...	...	1
		„ other means	...	...	...	99

55. The Superintendent reiterates the statement made by him last year to the effect that there are more licenses in the district for guns than are necessary for the protection of life and property, or the destruction of wild beasts. In this I disagree with him. There are only 3,284 licenses to a population of 1,019,136. The eastern boundary of the district is the Sáyádri range 200 miles in length, where the people require arms. Fire-arms are also needed in many coast and wooded villages to destroy or frighten monkeys, which do a great deal of damage to crops, fruit-trees, and the roofs of houses.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.



CLASS III.— <i>Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.</i>																													
30	305, 307, 308 ..	Dacoity .. .. .	10	1	11			3	1	14		14	24		14	12		3	10			12			9	9	352	312	
31	309, 402..	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ..																											
		By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..																											
32	304, 307, 308 ..	Robbery with hurt ..						3				3			3			3						3	3	21	22		
		By other means ..	4		4																			4	4	247	247		
		In dwelling-house ..																											
		On the highway, between sunset and sunrise ..																											
33	392, 403..	Robbery .. .. .	4		4																								
		Other robberies ..	39		37	1	1	4				10	13		15	7	2		5					4	4	58	59		
34	770, 811, 823, 430, to 463, 464 to 466 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	37	3	39			8	1	6		6	26		13	16	2	1	13					36	36	1,564	1,312		
35	464, 465, 467 to 469 ..	Larking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	29		29			3				5			1	4			3										
36	469 to 472 ..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	2		2																								
37	412, 413 ..	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually .. .. .																											
Total ..			128	4	139	2	1	31	2	20		20	67	12	1	43	42	4	3	35			1	12		56	56	2,143	1,851
CLASS IV.— <i>Miscellaneous Offences against the Person.</i>																													
38	373 ..	Simple hurt .. .. .	576	13	436	148	14	123	3	1		1	460	345	1	313	458	243		245			3	1					
39	374 ..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..																											
40	341 to 346 ..	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	31	1	19	3		2				1	9	2		4	3	6		2									
41	375, 377 ..	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	1		1			1					1				1			1									
42	376 ..	Compulsory labour .. .. .																											
Total ..			608	13	446	151	14	136	2	2		2	470	347	1	317	497	249		248			3	1					
CLASS V.— <i>Miscellaneous Offences against Property.</i>																													
43	423, 426..	Larking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	18	1	15			4				7			1	6			6										
44	379 to 384 ..	Theft .. .. .	154	2	141	11	4	79		2		199	8		59	149	7		142										
		Ordinary .. .. .	836	37	814	38	13	416	14	9		533	41	1	176	664	35	2	647			2	14	3	16	174	3,777	2,427	
		Criminal breach of trust ..	70	3	47	25		12	1			24	16		11	38	6	1	21				1						
45	411, 414 ..	Receiving stolen property .. .. .	22	2	17	8		20				22	16		4	23	5		32										
46	447, 448 ..	Criminal or house-trespass .. .. .	45		21	30	2	7	2			16	47	1	8	60	41		9										
47	467, 469 ..	Breaking opened receptacles .. .. .																											
48	429, 430 ..	Mischief .. .. .																											
Total ..			1,741	34	1,605	91	19	636	17	16		1,006	123	2	261	845	64	2	848			3	17	2	167	699	22,176	49,961	
CLASS VI.— <i>Other Offences not specified above.</i>																													
49	311, 470, 601 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves .. .. .																											
50	Chapter 18, C. P. Code ..	Vagrancy and bad character .. .. .																											
51	173 to 181 ..	Offences against religion .. .. .																											
52	(Offences under the Act in force in the Provinces.)	Offences under the Gambling Act ..																											
53		Evils Laws ..	2			3						4				4	2		1										
54		Public Health Laws ..	8		2	6		6				1	13		1	14	1		13						1	1	1	1	
55		Stamp Laws ..																											
56		Stamp Act .. .. .																											
57	363, 377, 398, 399, 391 to 393, 397, 398, 391 to 394, Section 31 of Act VIII of 1857, and any other Municipal or local laws ..	Public and Local Acts ..	309		169	166		275				174	169		13	213	14		294										
58	.....	Other special and local laws cognizable by Courts .. .. .	254		224			246				526	1	1	136	26		477											
Total ..			673		316	157		623				174	174	1	13	396	47		994										
Grand Total ..			2,622	50	2,266	415	34	1,274	27	24		20	1,921	123	3	623	2,647	114	13	2,125			6	22	11	1,727	2,007	44,299	107,623

STATEMENT A—continued.  
PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

1	Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.						PERSONS.									PROPERTY.										
				4 Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	5 Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	6 Investigated.			9 Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which Conviction was obtained.	9a Number of cases pending Trial at the end of the year.	10 Number Arrested.				13 Died, escaped, or transferred before Trial.	14 Released by Magistrate without Trial.	15 Number actually put on Trial.	16 Acquitted or discharged after Trial.		18 Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	19 Otherwise disposed of—i. g., died, &c., after commencement of Trial.	20 Number pending at end of year.			24 Number of cases in which Property was Stolen.	25 Number of cases in which Property was Recovered.	26 Amount of Property Stolen.	27 Amount of Property Recovered.	
						6a By Police <i>pro motu</i> .	6b By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 48 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	6c By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			10a Pending at end of last year.	10b Received by Transfer.	10c Total.	11 By Police.				12 By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8.)	16a By Magistrate.			16b By Sessions or High Court.	20a In custody of Police.	20b On Bail.					20c Under Trial before Magistrate.
			<b>DHA'BWAR.</b>																										
			<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</b>																						Ra.	Ra.			
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code		Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
1	131 to 135, 138 .. .		Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
2	231 to 259, 290 to 263, 467 and 471		Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes .. .. .	14	9	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
3	212, 216 .. .		Harbouring an offender .. .. .	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
4	224 to 226 .. .		Other offences against public justice ..	34	1	29	3	1	24	1	1	28	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
5	143 to 153, 157, 158		Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
6	140, 170, 171 .. .		Personating public servant or soldier ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
			Total ..	52	6	48	3	1	33	1	7	48	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
			<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																										
8			Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
9			" dacoits .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
10	302, 303, 390 ..		" robbers .. .. .	7	1	4	..	..	2	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..				
11			" poisons .. .. .	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
12			Other murders .. .. .	17	4	20	1	..	9	1	27	43	..	..	22	46	1	26	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
13	307 .. .		Attempt at murder .. .. .	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
14	304, 308 .. .		Capital homicide .. .. .	16	4	17	..	..	6	..	..	32	..	..	9	20	3	9	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
15	376 .. .		Rape .. .. .	9	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
16	377 .. .		Unnatural offences .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
17	317, 318 .. .		Exposure of infants, or concealment of birth ..	8	1	7	..	..	4	..	..	8	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
18	305, 306, 309 .. .		Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	15	..	10	..	..	2	..	..	9	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
19	320, 331, 333 .. .		Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
20	325, 326, 335 .. .		Grievous hurt .. .. .	26	2	25	1	..	11	1	22	..	23	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
21	329 .. .		Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .. .	7	1	5	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
22	327, 330, 332 .. .		Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	18	1	15	1	..	2	..	..	3	..	..	12	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
23	324 .. .		Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	28	1	18	..	..	5	..	..	19	..	..	5	10	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
24	368 to 369 .. .		Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	6	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
25	346 to 348 .. .		Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
26	372, 373 .. .		Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
27	371 .. .		Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
28	353, 354, 355, 357 ..		Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
29	338 .. .		Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	32	..	25	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
			Total ..	31	16	106	3	..	62	7	68	..	69	219	12	3	101	132	17	59	107	..	..	9	4	7	6	2,979	1,843





STATEMENT A—*continued.*  
PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—*continued.*

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.								PERSONS.													PROPERTY.								
			4	5	Investigated.			9	9a	Number Arrested.			13	14	15	Acquit- ted or Dis- charged after Trial.		18	19	Number pending at end of year.			24	25	26	27						
1	2	3	Reported to have been committed during the year, and re- ceived by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	By Police suo motu.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 85 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which Conviction was obtained.	Number of Cases pending Trial at the end of the year.	Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Co- lums 7 and 8)	Died, escaped, or transferred before Trial.	Released by Magistrate without Trial.	Number actually put on Trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give accu- sation for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of Trial.	In custody of Police.	On Bail.	Under Trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of Cases in which Property was Stolen.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Amount of Property Stolen.	Amount of Property Recovered.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			
		<b>KALA DGI.</b>																														
		CLASS I.— <i>Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																														
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments ..	1		1		1					7					7	1		5	1											
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..																														
2	231 to 239, 260 to 263, 407 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Govern- ment Notes ..	7		6	1	1					3	1				4	3		1												
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender ..	1		1							2					2	2														
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	38	5	41		31					42			1		41	5		36												
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	12	2	11	3	5	1		14	14	90	19		1		115	70		45												
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ..																														
		Total ..	59	7	60	4	38	1	14	14	144	20		2		169	81		87	1			7									
		CLASS II.— <i>Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																														
8		Murder by thugs ..																														
9		" dacoits ..																														
10	302, 303, 396 ..	" robbers ..	4	1	4		1	1	1	1		8				7		6	1					2		2			768	768		
11		" poisons ..																														
12		Other murders ..	5	4	6		4	1	7	7		2				8		4	4					1		1						
13	307	Attempt at murder ..	4		3		1	1				3				2		1	1					1		1						
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide ..	18	2	10		2	2	4	4		15				16	5	3	3					2		1						
15	376	Rape ..	1		1			1				1												1		1						
16	377	Unnatural offences ..																														
17	317, 319	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	1		1		1					1				1			1													
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	8		5		3					4				4		1	3													
19	326, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession ..	2	1	3							2				2	1		10													
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt ..	18	1	13		6					19				19	9		10													
21	324	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ..	8	1	9							4				4	3	1														
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ..	3		3							4				4	4		3													
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	12		6		3					7				7	4		3													
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ..	4		1																											
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in se- cret or for purposes of extortion ..	1		1			1				2											2									
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..																														
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..																														
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrong- fully confine ..	15	2	14		3	1				20				19	14		6				1									
29	839	Rash act causing grievous ..																														
		Total ..	104	12	80		25	8	12	12	92					93	38	23	31	1			6	6	3	3		768	768			

**CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.**

30	306, 307, 308 ..	Dacoity .. ..	35	8	36	..	..	14	4	27	..	27	243	..	1	..	223	71	82	121	1	..	..	43	29	21	10,775	4,602																											
31	309, 402 ..	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..																											
32	304, 307, 308 ..	Robbery with hurt ..	3	2	5	..	..	4	..	2	..	2	14	..	..	..	10	10	..	6	..	..	..	..	3	3	58	11																											
																													By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	302, 303 ..	Robbery .. ..	8	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	3	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	4	4	3	105	65																										
																														By other means ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
																														In dwelling-house ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	302, 303 ..	Robbery .. ..	24	6	27	..	..	10	1	21	..	21	27	..	..	..	47	13	..	24	..	..	..	..	4	4	3	105	65																										
																														On the highway, between sunset and sunrise ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	302, 303 ..	Robbery .. ..	34	6	27	..	..	10	1	21	..	21	27	..	..	..	47	13	..	24	..	..	..	..	4	4	3	105	65																										
																														Other robberies ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34	270, 291, 292, 430 to 443, 455 to 460 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	58	7	58	1	..	36	10	11	..	11	177	..	..	31	157	44	..	113	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..																								
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	363	13	339	1	..	177	1	6	..	6	332	6	1	27	313	57	..	258	..	..	..	1	..	264	183	29,848	11,799																										
36	449 to 452 ..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..																									
37	412, 412 ..	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ..	2	3	5	..	..	3	..	32	..	32	1	2	..	..	25	2	5	18	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..																									
Total ..			521	38	480	2	..	346	7	100	..	106	611	11	3	63	808	265	87	555	11	1	..	1	47	322	227	47,219	16,748																										

**CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.**

38	323 .. ..	Simple hurt .. ..	290	17	153	69	..	60	2	11	..	11	210	157	..	14	261	253	..	108	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
39	316 .. ..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	5	..	..	..	6	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344 ..	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	14	1	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3	..	..	9	6	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40	301, 301 ..	Black act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	314 .. ..	Compulsory labour .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			307	19	161	70	..	70	2	12	..	12	221	160	..	14	276	263	..	110	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

**CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.**

42	453, 456 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	81	..	79	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	1	13	2	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
43	379 to 382 ..	Theft .. .. (of cattle .. ..)	222	8	240	2	1	165	3	3	..	3	273	4	..	19	314	67	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
44	404 to 408 ..	Criminal breach of trust .. ..	1,062	30	934	9	1	673	8	17	..	19	1,449	25	1	105	1,273	255	..	1,118	..	1	..	6	..	203	193	8,581	3,078	..	..	..	..		
45	411, 414 ..	Receiving stolen property .. ..	60	4	23	4	1	10	..	3	..	2	26	4	..	3	22	18	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	25	25	3,025	1,374	..	..	..	..		
46	441, 442 ..	Criminal or house-trespass .. ..	124	11	131	4	..	104	2	6	..	6	230	8	..	13	235	89	3	159	4	..	3	..	..	50	61	8,897	4,106	..	..	..	..		
47	401, 402 ..	Breaking closed receptacles .. ..	2	..	10	..	..	2	1	1	..	1	6	7	..	..	13	8	..	3	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
48	429, 429 ..	Ranchad .. ..	..	..	7	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	13	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	112	..	..	..	..	..		
Total ..			1,421	64	1,401	24	2	826	9	24	..	24	2,107	45	1	140	2,016	469	3	1,506	9	1	3	10	..	1,129	901	20,130	10,044	..	..	..	..	..	..

**CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.**

49	311, 603, 604 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
50	Charitable Societies Act ..	Charitable Societies ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
51	263 to 271 ..	Unlawful assembly .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
52	Criminal Offences under the Gambling Act ..	Police .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
53		Police .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
54		Police .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		Police .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56	264, 272, 273, 284, 285, 286 to 291, 292, 293 to 294, Sections 31 to 34 of Act VII of 1902 or any other Municipal or Local Laws ..	Police and local revenues ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			24	..	23	..	..	19	..	..	..	..	25	..	..	..	25	12	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Grand Total ..			2,423	112	2,535	114	2	1,288	27	129	..	129	3,277	245	3	240	3,522	609	43	1,516	25	2	3	27	..	1,139	901	20,130	10,044	..	..	..	..	..	..		

\* In 1902 2 persons were arrested during 1901. The cases were held over till 1902.

STATEMENT A—continued.  
PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.						PERSONS.											PROPERTY.											
			Reported to have been omitted during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.	By Police <i>suo moto</i> .	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police have refused to inquire.	Number of Cases in Columns 4 to 6 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of Cases pending trial at the end of the year.	Number Arrested.			Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.		Acquitted or discharged after trial.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Others also disposed of— <i>e.g.</i> , died, &c., after continuous ment of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of Cases in which Property was stolen.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Amount of Property Stolen.	Amount of Property Recovered.				
4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12	13			14	15				16	17	18	19					20	21	22	23
<b>KANARA.</b>																															
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</b>																															
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	131 to 136, 138.	Offences relating to Army and Navy..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 447 and 47L	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
3	212, 216 ..	Harbouring an offender..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
4	24 to 229 ..	Other offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
5	143 to 163, 167, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Persuading public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
		<b>Total</b>	9	..	8	1	..	8	1	..	..	..	8	6	..	..	13	..	..	13	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																															
8		Murder by thugt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		" dacoits ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 306..	" robbers ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" poisons ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307 ..	Attempt at murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308 ..	Culpable homicide ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376 ..	Rape ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377 ..	Unnatural offences ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318 ..	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	345, 346, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	328 ..	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324 ..	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	343 to 349 ..	Kidnapping or abduction ..	11	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion ..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373 ..	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371 ..	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	338 ..	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	12	2	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b>	58	4	62	..	..	18	5	5	..	5	52	2	..	20	31	3	6	22	..	..	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

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**CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.**

30	306, 307, 308	.. ..	Dumpty	..	3	1	..	..	1	..	5	..	5	1	..	..	2	4	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	306, 308	.. ..	Preparation and assembly for duceity	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
32	304, 307, 308	.. ..	Robbery with hurt	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	
33	302, 308	.. ..	Robbery	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1		
34	370, 381, 382, 420 to 428, 428 to 440	.. ..	Violent mischief and cognate offences	..	11	1	12	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
35	444, 448, 447 to 460	.. ..	Larking, house trespass or house-breaking, with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for lark	..	28	1	24	..	..	7	..	3	..	3	13	..	..	7	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
36	449 to 453	.. ..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for lark	..	7	..	7	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	13	..	..	1	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
37	412, 413	.. ..	Removing stolen property by dexterity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
			<b>Total</b>		<b>68</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>104</b>														

**CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person**

38	323	.. ..	Simple hurt	722	11	629	104	221	1	21	21	610	202	226	394	90	344	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
39	341 to 344	.. ..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	13	..	11	2	5	..	..	..	8	4	2	10	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
40	338, 337	.. ..	Wrongful constraint and confinement	3	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	376	.. ..	Mischief, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
			<b>Total</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>621</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>104</b>													

**CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property**

42	453, 456	.. ..	Larking, house trespass or house-breaking	14	..	14	..	2	..	..	..	5	..	1	7	8	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43	379 to 388	.. ..	Theft	44	3	44	3	28	..	4	..	48	8	16	48	9	34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44	406 to 408	.. ..	Of cattle	926	4	891	35	245	12	6	..	112	16	471	44	..	427	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
45	411, 414	.. ..	Ordinary	..	..	..	..	15	2	2	..	21	11	18	21	2	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46	407, 408	.. ..	Criminal breach of trust	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47	441, 442	.. ..	Removing stolen property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48	447, 448	.. ..	Criminal or house-trespass	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	443, 444	.. ..	Breaking closed receptacles	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	454, 455	.. ..	Murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
			<b>Total</b>	<b>1,168</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1,119</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>713</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>28,323</b>	<b>28,323</b>											

**CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above**

51	311, 322, 323	.. ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52	Chapter 15, C. P. Code	.. ..	Vagrancy and bad character	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53	324 to 327	.. ..	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54	Capable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	.. ..	(vagrancy offences under the Gambling Act)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55	332, 337, 338, 339, 340 to 342, 343, 344, 345 to 348, Section 21 of Act VII of 1892, and any other enactment or local laws	.. ..	Public and local offences	71	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
			<b>Total</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
			<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>2,292</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>2,290</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>1,380</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>1,380</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1,247</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>763</b>	<b>1091</b>	<b>28,323</b>	<b>28,323</b>												

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STATEMENT A—*continued*.  
PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—*continued*.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.								PERSONS.									PROPERTY.									
			4	5	Investigated.		9	10	Number Arrested.			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Number pending at end of year.			24	25	26	27				
					6	7			8	10a	10b								10c	20	21					22	23		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10a	10b	10c	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
<b>RATNA GIRL</b>																													
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</b>																													
1a	118, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 134, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 269, 290 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes .. .	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 229	Other offences against public justice .. .	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	11	..	..	6	21	..	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier .. .	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> ..	19	1	18	2	..	9	..	..	..	..	26	14	..	7	33	6	..	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																													
8	..	Murder by thugs .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	..	" dacoits .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396 ..	" robbers .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	..	" poisoners .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	307 ..	Other murders .. .	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	304, 308	Attempt at murder .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	375	Culpable homicide .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	374	Rape .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 319	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth .. .	5	1	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	306, 304, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .	6	..	6	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt .. .	5	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	323	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324 ..	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	303 to 309	Kidnapping or abduction .. .	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	316 to 318	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	339	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> ..	39	8	40	2	..	17	1	3	..	..	36	4	..	1	40	17	3	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..



STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1878.
<b>BELGAUM.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code .. .. .	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 .. .. .	Offences against public justice .. .. .	8	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
4	101 to 109, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	13	..	12	4	8	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 .. .. .	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	405 to 417 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	204 to 207 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 159, 190 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			18	..	14	5	9	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	1	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			1	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	354, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	5	..	2	1	1	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	14	..	24	1	23	..	..	..
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	2	..	9	9	..	..	..	2
Total ..			21	..	35	11	24	..	..	2
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	403 to 408 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	6	..	9	3	6	..	..	2
21	398 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 423 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 505 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	5	..	2	1	1	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 .. .. .	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	2	..	3	..	2	..	..	1
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	3	..	13	5	8	..	..	..
Total ..			16	..	26	9	17	..	..	3
Grand Total ..			61	..	77	27	50	..	..	5
<b>DHARWAR.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code .. .. .	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 .. .. .	Offences against public justice .. .. .	7	..	5	4	1	..	..	..
4	101 to 109, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	25	4	23	13	14	..	..	1
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 .. .. .	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	7	1	7	1	7	..	..	..
6	405 to 417 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	204 to 207 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	15	..	10	1	9	..	..	..
8	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 159, 190 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	3	..	21	9	12	..	..	..
Total ..			58	5	66	27	43	..	..	1
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	2	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			2	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
Total ..			1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	10	4	9	4	7	..	..	2
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	35	..	64	14	50	381	381	..
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	2	..	2	1	1	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	4	..	5	2	3	..	..	..
Total ..			51	4	80	21	61	381	381	2
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	403 to 408 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	3	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
21	398 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 423 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 505 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	4	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 .. .. .	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	7	..	21	4	17	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	12	2	11	6	7	..	..	..
Total ..			25	2	34	12	24	..	..	..
Grand Total ..			138	11	185	64	129	381	381	2



STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons remaining at end of 1911.	Number of Persons Arrested or taken into custody.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, but not sentenced to imprisonment.	Number of Persons Sent to Prison.	Property Recovered.	Value of Property Recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>KALADGI.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
10	15, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	121 to 130, 805 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 259 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
14	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	183 to 200, 203 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.. ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims ..	..	..	11	16	7	..	..	..
16	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	492 to 499 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 154 to 156, 160 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>32</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>24</b>	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	3	1	1	1	..	..	..	1
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	..	..	..	<b>1</b>
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	6	..	7	6	8	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>6</b>	..	<b>7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	3	..	5	..	8	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	13	..	21	9	13	145	137	..
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	8	..	6	6	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>25</b>	..	<b>33</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>137</b>	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	492 to 499 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 423 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 503 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	6	..	13	5	7	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 297, 299, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	16	..	16	8	16	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 19, 20, 21, and 22, G. P. Code ..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	8	..	8	..	8	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>50</b>	..	<b>53</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>137</b>	..
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			<b>93</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>KANARA.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>										
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	121 to 130, 805 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 259 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
14	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	183 to 200, 203 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.. ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	492 to 499 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 154 to 156, 160 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray.. .. .	1	4	..	9	8	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	3	..	3	..	3	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>3</b>	..	<b>3</b>	..	<b>3</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	5	..	6	1	6	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>5</b>	..	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	10	1	13	4	9	..	..	..
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	8	..	6	6	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>19</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	..	..	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	492 to 499 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 423 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 503 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 297, 299, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	1	..	7	..	7	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 19, 20, 21, and 22, G. P. Code ..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	8	..	71	3	40	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>9</b>	..	<b>79</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>24</b>	..	..	..
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			<b>31</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>57</b>	..	..	..

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1878.
<b>RATNA GIRI.</b>										
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &amp;c. &amp;c.</b>										
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	172 to 180, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288	Offences against public justice	..	19	38	28	10	..	..	..
4	101 to 108, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	1	5	2	3	..	..	..
5	103 to 200, 205 to 211, 223, 421 to 424	False evidences, false complaints and claims	..	1	3	1	1	..	..	2
6	406 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	1	2	1	1	..	..	..
7	204 to 207	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			..	25	51	31	18	..	..	2
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>										
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	2	7	1	..	..	..	6
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			..	2	7	1	..	..	..	6
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>										
12	384 to 390	Extortion	..	2	8	..	3	..	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>										
13	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	348	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	23	45	34	11	..	..	..
Total			..	23	45	34	11	..	..	..
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>										
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	7	6	7	..	..	..	1
17	403, 406	Criminal misappropriation of property	..	18	29	17	12	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	..	80	183	161	23	..	..	..
Total			..	115	220	185	34	..	..	1
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>										
20	498 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	7	6	5	..	..	..	1
21	288	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 402	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	2	5	5	..	..	..	..
24	504, 504 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	5	2	..	2	..	..	..
25	271 to 274, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	68	132	112	20	..	..	..
Total			..	80	145	122	23	..	..	1
Grand Total			..	247	471	373	88	..	..	10

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Cases taken up by Magistrates and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Table with columns: Serial Number, LAW, DESCRIPTION OF CRIME, Number of Cases in which Police were not employed, Number of persons arrested at end of year, Number of persons arrested or brought in, Number of persons acquitted, Number of persons convicted, Property stolen, Property recovered, Number of persons fined. Includes sections for BELGAUM and DHARWAR with various crime classes and their respective statistics.

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Cases taken up by Magistrates and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Sum-moned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1878.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>KALADGI.</b>										
CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c. &c.										
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	121 to 130, 605 .. ..	Offences against the State .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137 .. ..	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. ..	18	..	25	9	14	..	..	..
4	172 to 199, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238 .. ..	Offences against public justice .. ..	13	..	23	13	9	..	..	..
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. ..	Offences by public servants .. ..	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 .. ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	405 to 417 .. ..	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. ..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
8	244 to 247 .. ..	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
9	442 to 449 .. ..	Making or using false trade marks .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	163, 4164 to 156, 169 .. ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	35	..	49	24	25	..	..	..
CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.										
10	312 to 316 .. ..	Causing miscarriage .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. ..	Buying or disposing of slaves .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.										
12	384 to 399 .. ..	Extortion .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.										
13	323 .. ..	Hurt .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. ..	Wrongful confinement .. ..	24	..	44	86	8	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. ..	Criminal force .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	24	..	44	86	8	..	..	..
CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.										
16	417 to 420 .. ..	Cheating .. ..	8	..	8	2	1	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. ..	Criminal misappropriation of property .. ..	20	..	28	15	13	6	6	..
18	409 .. ..	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c..	6	..	6	4	2	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. ..	Mischief (simple) .. ..	11	..	15	9	6	..	..	..
		Total ..	40	..	52	30	22	6	6	..
CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.										
20	493 to 498 .. ..	Offences relating to marriage .. ..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	504 .. ..	Offences against religion .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422 .. ..	Criminal breach of contract of service .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. ..	Defamation .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510 .. ..	Intimidation and insult .. ..	27	..	40	26	14	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 .. ..	Public and local nuisances .. ..	83	..	86	3	83	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapter 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code .. ..	..	..	..	4	23	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. ..	24	..	27	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	134	..	163	85	120	..	..	..
		Grand Total ..	238	..	298	128	175	6	6	..
<b>KANARA.</b>										
CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c. &c.										
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code .. ..	Substantive abetments .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	121 to 130, 605 .. ..	Offences against the State .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137 .. ..	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	172 to 199, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 238 .. ..	Offences against public justice .. ..	39	..	55	36	29	..	..	..
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. ..	Offences by public servants .. ..	10	..	12	8	9	..	..	..
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 .. ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. ..	11	..	15	9	5	..	..	1
7	405 to 417 .. ..	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents .. ..	2	..	3	..	2	..	..	..
8	244 to 247 .. ..	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. ..	5	..	6	3	3	..	..	..
9	442 to 449 .. ..	Making or using false trade marks .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	163, 154 to 156, 169 .. ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. ..	1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..
		Total ..	68	..	92	41	50	..	..	1
CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.										
10	312 to 316 .. ..	Causing miscarriage .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. ..	Buying or disposing of slaves .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.										
12	384 to 399 .. ..	Extortion .. ..	8	..	8	8	1	..	..	..
CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.										
13	323 .. ..	Hurt .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. ..	Wrongful confinement .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358 .. ..	Criminal force .. ..	43	..	65	50	15	..	..	..
		Total ..	43	..	65	50	15	..	..	..
CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.										
16	417 to 420 .. ..	Cheating .. ..	24	..	25	10	15	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. ..	Criminal misappropriation of property .. ..	22	..	26	19	6	..	..	1
18	409 .. ..	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c..	3	..	3	1	2	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434 .. ..	Mischief (simple) .. ..	53	..	102	65	36	..	..	1
		Total ..	102	..	156	95	59	..	..	2
CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.										
20	493 to 498 .. ..	Offences relating to marriage .. ..	3	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
21	504 .. ..	Offences against religion .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 422 .. ..	Criminal breach of contract of service .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. ..	Defamation .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510 .. ..	Intimidation and insult .. ..	30	..	37	16	21	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 .. ..	Public and local nuisances .. ..	18	..	22	3	29	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. ..	130	..	163	49	119	..	..	1
		Total ..	191	..	259	68	162	..	..	1
		Grand Total ..	429	..	557	252	294	..	..	4

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Cases taken up by Magistrates and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Indians were not employed.	Number of persons perishing as a result of crime.	Number of persons arrested or detained.	Number of persons arrested.	Number of persons convicted, including those who were acquitted on appeal.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
<b>RATNAGIRI.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>										
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13	171 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	9	..	9	1	9	..	..	
14	161 to 180, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	193 to 200, 206 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	
16	403 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
18	482 to 489 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
19	149, 154 to 156, 160 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	1	..	21	..	21	..	..	
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>8</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
13	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	373 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	8	..	13	10	8	..	..	
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>8</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	2	..	3	3	..	..	..	
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	9	..	17	13	6	..	..	
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
19	426 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	22	..	27	20	8	..	..	
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>23</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 498 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
22	420 to 422 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	500 to 503 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 289, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	20	..	27	20	17	..	..	
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>41</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			<b>90</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

STATEMENT B.

Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.							
			Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.	
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
<b>BELGAUM.</b>																								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																								
107	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...	Substantive offences .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	131 to 133, 134 .. .. .	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
7	231 to 239, 260 to 263, 467 and 471 ..	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes .. .. .	5	5	75	75	4	6	..	..	4	6	4	4	75	67	75	100	..	..	..	..		
3	217, 218 .. .. .	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	28	12	91	78	33	12	..	..	33	12	33	9	91	75	94	100	..	..	..	..		
4	224 to 226 .. .. .	Other offences against public justice ..	4	..	100	..	33	..	..	..	33	..	21	..	64	..	100	..	..	..	..	..		
6	144 to 153, 157, 158 .. .. .	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	2	5	100	60	5	4	..	..	5	4	3	4	75	75	100	75	..	..	..	..		
6	170, 171 .. .. .	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
		<b>Total ..</b>	30	23	90	63	75	23	..	..	75	22	61	17	77	73	95	94	..	..	..	..		
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																								
8	302, 303, 306 .. .. .	Murder by thugs .. .. .	2	..	50	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	15	..	13	..	13	..	..	..	..	..		
9		," dacoits .. .. .	4	..	50	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	5	..	20	..	20	..	..	..	..	..		
10		," robbers .. .. .	2	6	100	50	2	8	..	..	2	8	1	2	100	50	100	50	..	..	..	..		
11		," poison .. .. .	10	10	50	100	18	18	..	..	18	18	15	28	58	28	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12		Other murders .. .. .	3	7	100	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	4	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13		307 .. .. .	Attempt at murder .. .. .	13	6	23	50	24	19	..	..	24	13	24	8	13	38	13	62	..	..	..	..	
14		304, 308 .. .. .	Culpable homicide .. .. .	9	9	..	20	11	8	..	..	11	8	6	2	13	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	
15		376 .. .. .	Rape .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
16		377 .. .. .	Unnatural offences .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17		317, 319 .. .. .	Exposure of infants, or concealment of birth ..	8	6	75	33	7	3	..	..	7	3	4	1	43	33	75	100	..	..	..	..	
18		305, 306, 309 .. .. .	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	10	9	100	20	9	4	..	..	9	4	5	2	66	25	100	50	..	..	..	..	
19		320, 331, 333 .. .. .	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	1	1	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	
20		325, 326, 325 .. .. .	Grievous hurt .. .. .	37	16	65	78	48	16	..	..	48	16	43	8	48	53	60	100	..	..	..	..	
21		324 .. .. .	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
22		327, 330, 332 .. .. .	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ..	21	13	89	50	50	20	..	..	50	20	25	15	43	43	84	60	..	..	..	..	
23		324 .. .. .	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	29	21	82	42	30	21	..	..	30	21	23	9	53	30	83	67	..	..	..	..	
24		303 to 363 .. .. .	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	2	2	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25		346 to 348 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26		372, 373 .. .. .	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	2	1	100	..	3	1	..	..	3	1	3	..	67	..	67	..	..	..	..	..	
27		371 .. .. .	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	354, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	14	21	60	64	18	16	..	..	18	16	13	14	38	63	45	71	..	..	..	..		
29	338 .. .. .	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
		<b>Total ..</b>	168	127	55	56	216	133	..	..	216	133	189	80	37	45	50	70	87	80	65	80	75	100

CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Persons and Property, or against Property only.

20	305, 307, 308	.. .. .	Dacoity .. .. .	27	11	73	75	163	24	..	..	162	24	100	12	55	53	63	83	2,511	352	1,719	312	69	..		
21	309, 310	.. .. .	Preparation or assembly for dacoity .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
22	324, 327, 328	.. .. .	Robbery with hurt.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
			By poisonous or stupefying drugs .. .. .	2	2	50	100	..	3	..	..	3	3	3	33	100	33	..	..	85	21	59	22	69	100		
			By other means .. .. .	4	4	50	..	9	..	..	9	..	6	..	23	..	33	..	..	33	247	33	247	100	100		
			In dwelling-house .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
			On the highway, between sunrise and sunset .. .. .	2	4	..	..	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
			Other suburbs .. .. .	34	39	92	84	39	22	..	39	23	54	7	59	33	63	71	..	84	58	21	59	89	100		
24	270, 281, 282, 440 to 433, 435 to 440	.. .. .	Serious mischief and cognate offences .. .. .	44	40	70	58	78	25	..	78	25	45	16	49	65	53	81	..	379	1,664	238	1,214	64	77		
25	452, 453, 457 to 460	.. .. .	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt .. .. .	40	29	100	60	31	5	..	31	5	16	4	50	80	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
26	460 to 462	.. .. .	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt .. .. .	4	2	100	..	9	..	..	9	..	7	..	78	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
27	612, 613	.. .. .	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
			<b>Total ..</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>3,002</b>	<b>2,213</b>	<b>2,070</b>	<b>1,951</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>83</b>		
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>																											
28	.. .. .	.. .. .	Simple hurt .. .. .	541	563	68	34	694	805	..	..	694	805	445	458	31	31	63	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	316	.. .. .	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation .. .. .	1	..	100	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
30	341 to 344	.. .. .	Wrongful restraint and confinement .. .. .	15	23	100	20	7	11	..	..	7	11	6	8	67	17	100	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
40	240, 247	.. .. .	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life .. .. .	2	1	100	100	6	1	..	..	4	1	1	1	25	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
61	275	.. .. .	Compulsory labour .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
			<b>Total ..</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>817</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>817</b>	<b>453</b>	<b>607</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>																											
62	453, 454	.. .. .	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking .. .. .	10	16	100	67	10	7	..	..	10	7	9	8	90	80	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
63	219 to 242	.. .. .	Theft .. .. .	611	156	94	79	1,077	345	..	..	1,077	345	652	140	70	69	90	95	6,254	2,777	1,502	2,117	95	97		
			Ordinary .. .. .	1,500	363	97	82	2,400	878	..	..	2,400	878	2,161	609	73	94	92	92	84,000	49,000	27,125	27,208	65	70		
			Criminal breach of trust .. .. .	21	72	67	41	45	60	..	..	45	60	23	24	34	54	70	71	..	..	..	..	..	..		
			Receiving stolen property .. .. .	21	20	90	20	31	32	..	..	31	32	29	24	61	71	76	72	..	..	..	..	..	..		
			Criminal or house-trespass .. .. .	27	45	64	25	45	61	..	..	44	61	27	24	29	16	57	62	..	..	..	..	..	..		
			Breaking closed receptacles .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
			Mischief .. .. .	24	..	64	..	..	..	..	..	60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
			<b>Total ..</b>	<b>2,161</b>	<b>1,175</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>3,518</b>	<b>1,221</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>3,518</b>	<b>1,221</b>	<b>3,226</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>60,207</b>	<b>32,176</b>	<b>41,000</b>	<b>49,201</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>79</b>		
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>																											
64	311, 622, 641	.. .. .	Belonging to gamblers, dice, cards, rubber and chess .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
65	Section 13, C. P. Code	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
66	73 to 211	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
67	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
68	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
69	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
70	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
71	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
72	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
73	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
74	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
75	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
			<b>Total ..</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>1,040</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1,040</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
			<b>Grand Total ..</b>	<b>2,957</b>	<b>2,210</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>4,458</b>	<b>1,733</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>4,458</b>	<b>1,733</b>	<b>4,899</b>	<b>2,412</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>62,276</b>	<b>34,352</b>	<b>41,200</b>	<b>49,201</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>79</b>		

\* Some of these have been included in classes I to IV, and are not included in this class.

STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases Investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.	NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.								
			1877.	1878.		Number of Persons Arrested.		Total.	Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.	Amount of Property Stolen.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.								
						1877.	1878.		1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
<b>DHARWAR.</b>																								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																								
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	131 to 134, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	17	12	83	83	14	13	..	14	13	9	7	43	40	75	88	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	212, 216	Harboring an offender	4	4	100	100	6	2	..	6	2	1	3	50	50	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	264 to 276	Other offences against public justice	45	34	97	96	43	31	..	43	31	36	29	80	90	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	7	2	57	100	62	6	..	62	6	57	5	82	60	89	60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	160, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	2	1	50	..	4	..	..	4	..	4	..	80	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>75</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																								
8	302, 303, 306	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	..	" dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	..	" robbers	7	4	83	100	14	11	..	14	11	29	5	90	20	98	40	198	250	55	103	28	41	..
11	..	" poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	307	Other murders	35	31	47	69	97	42	..	97	42	44	46	28	28	89	41	107	2,026	59	1,406	36	69	..
13	304, 308	Attempt at murder	4	3	100	33	5	3	..	5	3	5	3	100	33	100	33	21	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	309	Culpable homicide	11	17	80	67	13	33	..	13	33	6	29	83	45	50	59	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	379	Rape	4	5	100	..	2	7	..	2	7	1	..	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	16	7	100	30	7	9	..	7	9	3	5	60	50	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 304, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	21	10	100	67	18	9	..	18	9	15	3	83	50	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	2	1	100	100	2	1	..	2	1	2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	84	28	81	79	64	26	..	64	26	25	39	40	42	84	49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	378	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	9	5	100	100	9	4	..	9	4	4	3	43	60	75	100	4	702	3	331	75	43	
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	14	16	88	75	31	13	..	31	13	14	4	40	19	88	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	16	18	100	100	18	19	..	18	19	7	10	39	50	100	90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	343 to 349	Kidnapping or abduction	10	4	100	100	10	3	..	10	3	1	2	10	67	100	100	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	1	..	..	3	2	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	43	29	89	67	49	41	..	49	41	20	26	42	44	100	69	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	33	Rash act causing grievous hurt	5	4	100	100	6	4	..	6	4	3	3	60	50	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>233</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>2,978</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>1,842</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>..</b>





STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.												AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.			
			Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.	
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
<b>KALADGL</b>																						
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.</i>																						
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	1	..	100	..	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	131 to 134, 139 .. .. .	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471 .. .. .	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes .. .. .	11	7	18	25	9	4	..	..	9	4	8	4	11	25	13	25	..	..	..	
4	212, 214 .. .. .	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	1	1	100	..	1	2	..	..	1	2	47	2	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	
5	224 to 224 .. .. .	Other offences against public justice .. .. .	66	41	93	97	46	42	..	..	46	42	41	94	66	94	20	39	..	..	..	
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 .. .. .	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	18	14	39	38	116	109	..	..	116	109	102	115	26	39	..	..	..	..	..	
7	140, 170, 171 .. .. .	Personating public servant or soldier .. .. .	8	..	100	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	8	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			89	64	72	73	175	164	..	..	175	164	161	169	47	51	47	51	..	..	..	
<i>Class II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																						
8	302, 303, 306 .. .. .	Murder by thugs .. .. .	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	.. .. .	.. .. .	5	4	100	25	16	8	..	..	16	8	27	7	51	14	51	14	89	768	68	
11	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	.. .. .	.. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13	807 .. .. .	Other murders .. .. .	25	6	35	80	36	2	..	..	36	2	34	6	21	60	21	60	..	..	..	
14	304, 309 .. .. .	Attempt at murder .. .. .	1	3	100	60	1	3	..	..	1	3	1	2	33	60	100	50	..	..	..	
15	374 .. .. .	Culpable homicide .. .. .	6	10	40	30	15	815	..	..	15	15	9	16	83	19	36	19	..	..	..	
16	377 .. .. .	Rape .. .. .	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	317, 318 .. .. .	Unnatural offences .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
18	305, 306, 309 .. .. .	Exposure of infants, or concealment of birth .. .. .	6	1	100	100	2	1	..	..	2	1	2	1	50	100	60	100	..	..	..	
19	329, 331, 333 .. .. .	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .. .	10	5	67	75	10	4	..	..	10	4	9	4	67	75	67	75	..	..	..	
20	325, 326, 335 .. .. .	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	4	3	..	..	3	2	..	..	3	2	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	329 .. .. .	Grievous hurt .. .. .	18	13	40	60	27	19	..	..	27	19	23	19	22	63	26	53	..	..	..	
22	327, 330, 332 .. .. .	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .. .	1	9	..	..	1	4	..	..	1	4	1	4	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	
23	324 .. .. .	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	1	3	100	..	1	4	..	..	1	4	1	4	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	
24	343 to 349 .. .. .	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	12	6	60	75	8	7	..	..	8	7	11	7	70	43	64	43	..	..	..	
25	346 to 348 .. .. .	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	4	1	67	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	372, 373 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	371 .. .. .	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	353, 364, 356, 357 .. .. .	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	339 .. .. .	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .. .	20	14	59	80	20	20	..	..	20	20	21	19	57	26	57	26	..	..	..	
Total ..			117	80	52	45	146	92	..	..	146	92	168	93	41	34	43	33	89	766	68	



STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.												AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.				
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted & Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted & Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.		
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
<b>KANARA.</b>																							
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																							
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	131 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	231 to 233, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes .. .. .	1	2	100	100	1	2	..	..	1	2	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	212, 216 .. .. .	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	..	2	..	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	224 to 226 .. .. .	Other offences against public justice .. .. .	8	3	100	100	8	3	..	..	8	3	88	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	143 to 163, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	..	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
7	140, 170, 171 .. .. .	Personating public servant or soldier .. .. .	1	1	100	100	1	1	..	..	1	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total</b>			10	9	100	100	10	14	..	..	10	14	90	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																							
8	302, 303, 306 .. .. .	Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	1	..	..	6	2	..	..	6	2	..	..	..	..	103	..	71	..	69	..	
9		..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		..	..	1	1	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		..	..	1	3	100	..	..	6	..	..	6	1	4	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
13		307 .. .. .	Other murders .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		304, 308 .. .. .	Attempt at murder .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		309 .. .. .	Culpable homicide .. .. .	6	4	67	100	6	4	..	..	6	4	3	40	40	67	67	..	..	..	..	..
16		310 .. .. .	Rape .. .. .	1	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		317 .. .. .	Unnatural offences .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18		317, 318 .. .. .	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth .. .. .	2	4	100	75	2	4	..	..	2	4	1	4	100	75	100	75	..	..	..	..
19		305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .. .	8	5	100	100	8	5	..	..	8	5	5	2	63	50	100	100	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	328 .. .. .	Grievous hurt .. .. .	7	3	100	100	8	1	..	..	8	1	10	1	77	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	
22	329 .. .. .	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purposes of extorting property or confession .. .. .	4	6	60	100	10	15	..	..	10	15	6	4	10	86	17	100	..	..	..	..	
24	324 .. .. .	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	11	11	100	100	12	7	..	..	12	7	8	3	67	43	100	100	..	..	..	..	
25	303 to 309	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	346 to 348 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	372, 373 .. .. .	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	371 .. .. .	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	353, 354, 356, 357..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .. .	10	14	100	100	20	8	..	..	20	8	2	7	12	56	100	71	..	..	..	..	
30	338 .. .. .	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	..	2	..	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total</b>			52	62	89	82	74	54	..	..	74	54	42	31	40	43	71	71	103	..	71	..	69

CLASS III.—Serious Offenses against Persons and Property or against Property only.

30	301, 307, 308	... ..	30	100	133	1	..	..	133	1	110	4	49	50	50	75	1,403	..	724	..	48	..		
31	309, 404	... ..	13	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
32	314, 307, 304	... ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
33	312, 303	... ..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
34	370, 381, 372, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	... ..	16	12	84	100	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
35	404, 405, 407 to 400	... ..	15	22	78	88	23	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
36	419 to 421	... ..	23	24	95	100	54	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
37	412, 413	... ..	4	7	100	100	4	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
		Total ..	86	71	82	96	345	57	..	..	346	57	316	36	53	53	61	94	2,024	377	1,078	164	85	48

CLASS IV.—Minor Offenses against the Person.

38	314	... ..	479	723	89	86	811	612	..	..	811	612	512	394	42	51	81	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	... ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40	390, 397	... ..	6	13	100	83	14	12	..	..	14	12	6	10	24	59	100	70	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	314	... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	486	749	89	86	826	627	..	..	826	627	517	408	53	51	83	63	..	..	..	..	..	..

CLASS V.—Minor Offenses against Property.

42	422, 424	... ..	11	14	100	40	2	8	..	..	2	8	7	67	25	100	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43	379 to 383	... ..	79	47	86	91	124	65	..	..	124	65	91	43	73	89	97	79	2,243	7,274	2,044	1,123	93	91
44	404 to 408	... ..	80	240	86	92	1,026	341	..	..	1,026	341	247	471	74	73	91	91	32,420	60,291	14,760	26,123	44	63
45	411, 412	... ..	53	63	84	97	46	32	..	..	46	32	37	21	49	61	67	90	..	..	..	..	..	..
46	447, 448	... ..	8	67	87	97	143	91	..	..	143	91	112	55	73	80	92	92	2,994	426	2,967	2,607	60	63
47	447, 448	... ..	1	14	67	17	6	31	..	..	6	31	6	19	89	8	67	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
48	423	... ..	1	2	100	100	2	2	..	..	2	2	2	2	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,142	1,178	94	90	1,262	823	..	..	1,262	823	1,107	611	73	66	91	87	37,543	62,043	14,250	41,973	49	67

CLASS VI.—Other Offenses not specified above.

49	311, 400, 401	... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter 10, C. P. Code	... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	135 to 201	... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52	Criminal offenses under the Act to Enforce the Prohibition	... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	304, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321 to 324, Section 11 of Act VIII of 1917, and any other Municipals or local laws	... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	Police and local ordinances (other special and local laws applicable by Police)	... ..	53	72	94	96	124	92	..	..	124	92	118	64	91	91	97	83	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	134	178	94	97	207	244	..	..	207	244	261	239	87	99	94	92	..	..	..	..	..	..

Grand Total ..	1,119	1,226	97	93	1,477	1,919	..	..	..	..	1,477	1,919	1,144	1,112	66	64	96	96	4,140	6,140	2,118	4,140	47	67
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STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases Decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.												Amount of Property Stolen		AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.			
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.			
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
<b>RATNA GIRI.</b>																								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																								
14	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	1	1	..	..	1	3	..	..	1	3	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	131 to 134, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	231 to 239, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	2	5	50	..	2	2	..	..	2	2	2	1	33	..	33	..	..	..	..	..		
3	114, 214	Harbouring an offender	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	5	8	100	88	5	8	..	..	5	8	4	8	80	88	100	89	..	..	..	..		
5	143 to 163, 167, 168	Rioting or unlawful assembly	8	5	17	100	64	27	..	..	64	27	54	21	19	78	100	..	..	..	..	..		
6	160, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..		
Total ..			17	20	50	75	64	40	..	..	64	40	63	33	25	70	25	85	..	..	..	..		
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																								
8	301, 303, 396	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
9		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
10		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12		..	..	..	..	..	75	6	6	..	..	6	6	6	4	..	75	..	75	..	..	..	..	
13		307	Attempt at murder	..	1	..	100	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
14		304, 308	Culpable homicide	4	1	75	100	5	1	..	..	5	1	5	1	80	100	80	100	..	..	..	..	
15		376	Rape	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
16		377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17		317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	5	100	100	2	4	..	..	2	4	1	5	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	
18		305, 306, 300	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	6	6	50	50	5	5	..	..	5	5	4	4	50	40	50	50	..	..	..	..	
19	320, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	6	8	100	67	4	2	..	..	4	2	2	4	50	75	50	75	..	..	..	..		
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	1	..	..	9	9	..	..	9	9	9	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	9	7	40	67	7	6	..	..	7	6	7	6	29	33	29	33	..	..	..	..		
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	5	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
28	353, 354, 350, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	2	3	50	100	4	2	..	..	4	2	4	2	50	100	50	100	..	..	..	..		
29	336	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total ..			39	42	43	68	43	40	..	..	43	40	39	40	31	49	31	50	..	..	..	..		

CLASS III.—Serious Offenses against Person and Property or against Property only.

30	304, 307, 308	Dacoity	4	1	100	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	6	..	53	..	53	..	827	..	692	..	54	..
31	309, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	304, 307, 308	Robbery with hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		By other means	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		In dwelling-house	..	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		On the highway, between sunrise and sunset	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Other robberies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
33	302, 305	Robbery	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
34	370, 371, 372, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offenses	29	39	29	40	33	12	..	..	..	..	32	12	31	12	12	33	13	33	102	50	22	249	22	97
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	100	125	74	88	91	79	..	..	..	..	91	79	86	73	61	75	65	74	12,755	13,925	3,654	5,273	29	50
36	449 to 453	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
37	411, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	140	179	65	92	135	97	..	..	..	..	135	97	125	89	50	66	72	72	15,714	14,713	4,707	7,970	72	41

CLASS IV.—Minor Offenses against the Person.

38	..	Simple hurt	1,002	1,437	49	58	595	817	..	..	..	..	595	817	49	58	13	37	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	1	160	100	2	1	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	1	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and abridgment	27	24	22	..	11	5	..	..	..	..	11	5	10	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	336, 337	Nash act, causing hurt or endangering life	1	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	1,032	1,462	42	58	610	823	..	..	..	..	610	823	53	64	37	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

CLASS V.—Minor Offenses against Property

42	442, 444	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	4	3	20	50	4	1	..	..	..	..	4	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43	379 to 383	Theft	24	24	73	44	24	24	..	..	..	..	24	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		of cattle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		of movable property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44	400 to 408	Obtaining possession of property	44	44	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45	411, 414	Retention of stolen property	24	24	47	33	25	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46	447, 449	Conversion of stolen property	94	174	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47	451, 454	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48	450	Marked	5	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	207	1,421	66	52	546	823	..	..	..	..	546	823	72	74	44	41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

CLASS VI.—Other Offenses not specified above.

49	211, 212, 213	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
50	Chapter 18, C.P. Code	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
51	306 to 307	Offenses against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
52		Cognizable offenses under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
53		Bribe Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
54		Bastardy Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
55		Act and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
56		Bribe Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
57	204, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282 to 285, 287, 288 to 294, Section 21 of Act VII. of 1887, and any other local act or local laws	Public and local offenses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	148	152	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Grand Total	2,277	2,382	66	62	2,206	2,646	..	..	..	..	2,206	2,646	204	204	107	87	74	67	20,900	21,200	13,777	14,650	41	57

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S.D.

STATEMENT C.

Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes for 1878.

DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.				PERSONS.							COMPARATIVE RETURNS.												REMARKS.					
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Columns 3 and 4 brought to Trial within 6 to year.	Cases under Columns 3 and 4 in which no one was brought to Trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in Cases in Columns 3 and 4.	Arrested.	Brought to Trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under Trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	Number of Persons Arrested.			Brought to Trial.			Convicted.			Property Stolen.				Property Recovered.				
												1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.	1878.		1876.	1877.	1878.	1876.	1877.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18		
<b>BELGAUM.</b>																													
Thuggee .. { By strangulation .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land .. .. .	..	4	4	..	367	196	174	92	80 1 died, 1 absconded.	12	181	30	152	24	30	152	12	10	72	10	..	..	109	..	..	69	..	..	
Dacoity on water .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs:—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(a) with murder .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) without murder .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, viz:—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kidnapping .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft .. .. .	21	26	25	22	901	686	886	700	186	..	15	6	216	64	6	216	64	2	639	69	..	..	890	..	..	585	..	..	
<b>DHA'RWAR.</b>																													
Thuggee .. { By strangulation .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land .. .. .	29	10	9	30	173	157	165	70	65	2	16	28	70	59	28	66	61	19	28	23	3,693	1,395	975	18	184	182	..	..	
Dacoity on water .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs:—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(a) with murder .. .. .	..	1	1	..	3	3	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	3	..	..	702	..	..	335	..	..	
(b) without murder .. .. .	18	4	3	14	66	57	57	11	46	..	9	44	10	3	44	9	4	..	10	1	769	356	92	532	34	3	..	..	
Other professional crimes, viz:—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kidnapping .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft .. .. .	17	3	5	15	51	49	49	38	11	..	2	4	43	2	4	43	2	4	32	2	368	440	282	318	420	282	..	..	

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.



STATEMENT D.

Statement of Additional Polices collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure, for the Year 1878.

9175-1380

DISTRICTS	PART I. ADDITIONAL POLICE COLLECTED FOR THE PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY.													PART II. ADDITIONAL POLICE QUARTERED AS A PUNITIVE MEASURE.					REMARKS			
	Name of Fair or place of large assembly where Additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of Fair or Assembly.	Estimated Number of Persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the Place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 8 & 9.		Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10.		Number of Offences against Person or Property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of Additional Police.			Total Cost of Additional Police, including all Contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of Offences committed in or transit to a village or place in which the Additional Police was established.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which Convictions followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
Bajpur	Talukha, Wala in Purgand Talukha.	6 days	20,000	..	..	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Talukha ..	4 days	11,000	..	..	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Quadrangle ..	4 days	4,000	..	..	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Bajpur	Bajpur ..	7 days	150	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Kalidgi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

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ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution

DISTRICTS.	SANCTIONED STRENGTH OF POLICE FORCE.										COST OF								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors-General.		Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.					Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenue.			Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3) (2).	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5) (4.)	Total Pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7 and 8.)	Horses and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13 and 14.	Average Pay of	
	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments (3).	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments (3).			Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Belgaum .. .. .	1	1	115	9	543	..	..	..	..	9,970	2,400	2,064	28,873	54,024	1,500	300	94.51		
Dharwar .. .. .	1	2	120	28	599	..	..	..	..	6,771	2,106	2,349	30,307	60,762	2,331	202.21	88.1		
Kalabgi .. .. .	1	1	107	27	489	..	..	..	3,448	8,290	2,535	2,064	27,168	54,840	1,260	307.7	122.8		
Kanara .. .. .	1	2	115	..	580	..	..	..	..	9,879	2,407	2,168	30,223	62,419	1,571	..	107.02		
Ratnagiri .. .. .	1	2	121	..	619	..	..	..	..	8,400	2,400	2,064	32,604	59,076	2,040	..	95.		
Total .. .. .	5	8	578	64	2,330	..	..	..	3,448	42,940	11,939	10,704	1,49,174	2,91,141	8,702	299.07	101.6		

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but not travelling allowances.  
 (3) Columns 84 to 87. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants. (4) Columns 84 and 85, i. e., in Districts, one policeman to so many

Return showing Equipment, Discipline and General

DISTRICTS.	Total Sanctioned Strength.		ARMAMENT OF THE FORCE.			PUNISHMENTS.											
			Number provided with Fire-arms.	Number provided with Swords only, or Swords and Batons.	Number provided with Batons only.	Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.	Punished judicially by a Magistrate.								
	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.		Under Police Act.		Under Sections 230, 231, 248, Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of Penal Code.		Other Offences.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Belgaum .. .. .	116	552	225	38	305	6	37	22	80	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4
Dharwar .. .. .	122	627	303	32	319	8	31	43	139	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
Kalabgi .. .. .	108	516	248	57	219	3	19	25	113	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	14
Kanara .. .. .	117	530	404	14	279	4	21	20	71	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
Ratnagiri .. .. .	123	619	300	32	350	1	6	25	29	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1
Grand Total .. .. .	526	2,504	1,525	173	1,473	16	113	154	429	1	7	..	..	..	..	1	23

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant

MENT E.

and Employment of Police for the Year 1878.

POLICE				DISTRIBUTION OF FORCE.								PROPORTION OF POLICE OFFICERS AND MEN							
Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total Cost.	Payable from Provincial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	In District.						On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	To Area (6).			To Population (7).		
				Guards at District, Central or Subidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.		On other Duties.						Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (1).	Of Towns (2).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (1).	Of Towns (2).
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.										
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37		
3,176	1,01,636	1,01,636	..	..	4	14	71	88	407	53	19	4,591	9,28,750	1 to 69	1 to 77	8 to 1	1 to 1,523	1 to 1,260	1 to 72
2,784	1,07,520	1,07,520	..	1	8	16	142	94	413	16	..	4,544	9,28,037	1 to 61	1 to 67	8 to 1	1 to 1,217	1 to 1,016	1 to 66
2,369	1,03,546	..	..	2	7	10	51	95	438	..	..	4,603	9,16,037	1 to 91	1 to 8	....	1 to 1,266	1 to 1,268	1 to 66
5,943	1,14,607	1,14,607	..	2	19	10	68	85	373	64	66	4,233	9,98,406	1 to 6	1 to 6	8 to 1	1 to 571	1 to 40	1 to 21
9,200	1,04,544	1,04,544	..	2	7	16	112	100	461	44	..	3,769	10,19,136	1 to 51	1 to 8	8 to 1	1 to 1,272	1 to 1,373	1 to 10
23,554	5,31,853	4,29,307	..	8	40	68	436	462	2,118	238	78	22,874	41,60,304	1 to 66	1 to 7	8 to 1	1 to 1,104	1 to 1,129	1 to 112

(3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on Office duties square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile.

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.

(1) Columns 36 and 37 one policeman to so many of the population.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

MENT F.

Internal Management of the Force for the Year 1878.

REWARDS.		EDUCATION.				NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.			NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.						PERCENTAGE		
By Promotions.	By Money Rewards.	Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.		Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten year's service and upwards.	On Pension.	On Gratuity.	By resignation without payment of Gratuity.	By Dismissal (Column 7 art 1).	By Discharge otherwise than under pressing claims.	By Desertion.	By Death.	Percentage in 17 or 18 during the year to Total strength of Force.	Percentage of Police during the year to Total strength of Force.
		Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
99	..	48	196	1	96	64	228	344	6	16	18	42	..	..	22	22 66	270
16	..	23	196	13	116	67	291	370	8	7	18	24	6	..	22	27 66	300
..	2	44	75	9	90	71	253	306	8	9	8	23	12	..	18	24 1	304
72	29	64	213	6	108	38	267	351	1	2	19	25	..	..	24	24	29
23	73	76	270	6	136	16	163	663	10	6	8	6	..	..	9	11 9	19
220	98	326	972	34	543	290	1,224	1,921	23	24	66	128	17	..	67	21	370

District Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

STATEMENT G.

Statement showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police for the Year 1878.

DISTRICTS.	RACE.											RELIGION OR CASTE.														REMARKS.											
	EUROPEAN.				EUROPEAN.				NATIVES.			OFFICERS.											MEN.				Grand Total, Officers and Men.										
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		HINDUS.											Other Religions.													
	Military or Civil.	Unrecruited.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Belkhas.	Marathas.	Lingayets.	Jains.	Hindus of all other Castes.	African.	Parsees.			Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Belkhas.	Marathas.	Lingayets.	Jains.	Hindus of all other Castes.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	
Belgaum..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	114	543	4	45	8	6	..	..	36	3	2	44	1	..	..	240	14	11	..	..	314	27	2	36	..	..	659	10 Vacancies.
Dharwar ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	117	625	4	57	13	12	..	..	26	3	..	8	..	..	3	312	24	36	..	..	192	14	..	44	..	..	745	5 do.
Kaladgi ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	104	516	1	31	16	8	..	..	24	2	..	4	..	..	2	295	23	36	..	..	109	6	..	54	..	..	624	1 do.
Kanara ..	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	2	112	562	6	40	14	2	..	..	56	1	..	..	..	..	..	37	224	25	1	..	..	269	6	..	..	..	678	20 do.
Ratnagiri ..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	117	623	1	14	10	..	..	..	52	..	..	43	..	..	5	61	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	214	..	..	743	
Total ..	4	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	8	566	2,869	9	207	60	28	..	..	193	9	2	72	1	..	46	1,132	97	78	..	..	1,114	53	1	348	..	..	3,449	

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

## STATEMENT II.

Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the year 1878 on Police Buildings in the Southern Division.

Reported by the Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	Amount.	Reported by the Accountant General.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
A.—Repairs (above Rs. 1,000) .. .. .	6,450 8 1	D.—Petty Repairs up to Rs. 1,000. .. .	8,200 1 1
B.—Minor Works (above Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 2,500) ..	831 5 3	E.—Petty Construction up to Rs. 1,000 .. .	1,337 0 6
C.—Large Works (above Rs. 2,500) .. .. .	2,300 0 0	Total from Police Budget ..	14,167 1 1
		F.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades (3,400) .. .. .	4 19 3
		Grand Total Outlay ..	14,516 14 4
Total from Departmental Public Works Budget ..	9,410 13 4	G.—Rate per man on the sanctioned number of Police of all grades (3,400) .. .. .	1 5 1

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

## STATEMENT I.

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the Southern Division during the year 1878.

DISTRICTS.	Total Strength of the Police.			Number of Men included in Column 1 discharged on Reduction.			Number of Dismissals from all other Causes.			Number of Resignations.			Percentage of Dismissals from other Causes than Reduction and of Resignations together on the whole Strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.		
	1			2			3			4			5		
	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.
Belgaum .. ..	868	..	..	..	..	..	43	..	..	10	..	..	9	..	..
Dhárwar .. ..	749	..	..	..	..	..	34	..	..	10	..	..	7	..	..
Kalágl .. ..	624	..	..	30	..	..	23	..	..	6	..	..	3	..	..
Kinara .. ..	697	..	..	..	..	..	23	..	..	19	..	..	6	..	..
Ratnágiri .. ..	742	..	..	21	..	..	6	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..
Total .. ..	3,490	..	..	81	..	..	128	..	..	64	..	..	6	..	..

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner, S. D.

## STATEMENT J.

Statement showing Serious Crimes personally investigated by the Superintendents of Police, Southern Division, during the year 1878.

Name of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
<b>BELGAUM.</b>				
Murder ...	Wánnur, tálu- Sampgaon.	30th January ...	Received report on 31st Jan- uary; visited 2nd February.	The accused convicted and sentenced to death.
Do.	Káukumbi, tálu- ka Bidi.	20th April ..	Received report on 22nd April; enquired into on the 27th idem.	Hearing that the accused and the witnesses had been taken to Khánápur, proceeded there, and enquired into the case. Convicted and sentenced to death.
Do.	Yergatti (mahál Murgod).	22nd ,, ...	Received report on 2nd May; subsequently visited.	It was first reported as a casualty, but on further enquiry it proved to be a murder. The accused absconded. On receipt of information the Superintend- ent sent Police in pursuit. All the witnesses were sent to the Magistrate, where their evidence was taken down.
Do.	Kanbargi, tálu- ka Belgaum.	12th June ...	The accused and witnesses were brought before the Superintendent on the 13th.	No written report was made, but the first information received was the case brought up by the Chief Constable. No necessity to proceed to the spot. The accused was convicted.
Culpable homi- cide.	Bendigiri, tálu- ka Belgaum.	23rd August ...	Received report on 25th August; proceeded to Bel- gaum; personally enquired into.	Was encamped at Hukeri enquiring into two cases of alleged house-breaking and theft. On receipt of the information that a murder had been committed, pro- ceeded at once to Belgaum en route to Bendigiri, but on arrival at Belgaum found that the case had been brought in by the Chief Constable. Enquired into the case, and directed it to be sent up under Section 304, I.P.C. Conviction obtained.
Attempt to mur- der.	Belgaum ...	28th ,, ...	Received report on 29th August; visited.	The accused was convicted.
Murder ...	Budikop (mahál Murgod).	12th September.	Report reached 19th Septem- ber; visited on 23rd.	Of the five accused arrested, two were discharged by the Magistrate, one was admitted as Queen's evidence, and two sentenced to death.
Do.	Yádvád, tálu- ka Gokák.	26th November.	Report received 29th Novem- ber; visited on the 30th.	Five women were implicated in poisoning a man. All of them were convicted.
Dacoity ...	Navápur, tálu- ka Gokák.	14th December ...	Report received on 19th December; visited on 21st December.	Twelve men were apprehended, and the whole of the stolen property recovered. The accused were all com- mitted to the Sessions, where 11 were sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment each, and one acquitted.
Attempt to com- mit murder.	Desbnur, tálu- ka Sampgaon.	20th ,, ...	Received report on 21st De- cember; visited the same day.	One prisoner was convicted and sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.
<b>DHÁRWAR.</b>				
<i>Visited by Lieutenant Macpherson.</i>				
Theft in treasury.	Shiggaon ...	24th ,, 1877...	16th January 1878 ...	Eight accused were forwarded to the 1st Class Magis- trate. Three accused were convicted and sentenced; first to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500; second and third to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment each; and the rest were discharged under Section 215, Cr. P. C. Property recovered Rs. 147-8 and some clothes; more property was not recovered, owing to the delay in making complaint to the Police.
Murder ...	Agádi ...	13th January ...	21st ,, ...	Four accused were sent up to the 1st Class Magistrate, but were released.
Do.	Yollávdhal ..	26th ,, ...	28th ,, ...	The body of the child was not identified; the circum- stances are very suspicious. It is most probable that the child was thrown into the well.
Do.	Hobli ...	8th March ...	10th March ...	Seven accused were arrested and forwarded to the 1st Class Magistrate. Four were committed to the Sessions, and the remaining 3 were discharged. Out of the 4 committed to the Sessions, one was sentenced to trans- portation for life, and the rest were acquitted. The cause of the murder was to rob property from the person.
<i>Visited by Captain Hay.</i>				
Do.	Nagavne ...	15th April ...	22nd May ...	An accused had been sent up to the Magistrate and discharged. On my enquiry it appeared clearly that deceased had committed suicide. The 1st Class Magistrate coincided, and the case was struck off. The Chief Constable was dismissed for incapacity in this and another case.
Do.	Hobli ..	24th January ...	18th ,, ...	Three accused were forwarded to the 1st Class Magis- trate, but discharged; no further evidence.
Suicide ...	" ..	" ..	11th June ...	Suspected that deceased had committed suicide on account of ill-treatment of Police. Reduced Head Constable for irregularities, and sent a Constable for trial, who was acquitted.
Murder ...	Dhárwar ...	14th June ...	Visited the scene immediately after the deed had been committed.	Offender apprehended and executed.
Grievous hurt ...	Dhárwar ...	15th July ..	Went at once to the spot ...	The offender, who attacked the District Magistrate, was convicted.
Dacoity ...	Hindusgeri ...	16th ,, ...	Received report on 19th; arriv- ed at scene next morning.	Highway robbery at night; no trace.
Murder ...	Kelgeri ...	17th August ...	Report received on the 18th; visited scene same day.	Offender arrested and convicted.
Suicide ...	Hobli ...	20th ,, ...	Visited scene next morning ...	Prisoner hung himself in the lock-up, no doubt.

Name of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS
Dacoity and house-breaking.	Dhárwar	20th August	Visited scene of crime same morning.	The charge appeared false—a family quarrel; struck off.
Murder	Tirlápur, Navalgund Taluka.	24th September	Received report on the 25th; visited next morning.	Offenders arrested and convicted.
Rape	Hubli	About 9th Oct.	Reported on the 15th October; made enquiries next day.	Charge against Assistant Surgeon—bitterly false.
Dacoity	Amargol	Night of 24th October.	Visited scene on 25th and 26th October.	Offenders arrested and convicted.
Murder	Asundá	About 12th November.	Reported on 17th November; went to scene of crime on the 18th November.	Obtained strong evidence, arrested the three offenders, who were convicted.
House-breaking	Havasbavi	21st November.	Reported on 23rd November; went to scene of crime on 26th.	Crime appeared to have been committed by one of the inmates of the house.
Murder	Dumbhalli	26th "	Received report on the 26th; visited the scene of crime the same day.	Some evidence obtained—offenders arrested afterwards; got further evidence. Accused committed to the Sessions, and pending there.
<b>KALÁDGI</b>				
<i>Visited by Mr. Coles.</i>				
Reported murder.	Chadohan, tálu-ka Indi.	Unknown	Intimation of the offence was received on the 6th January, and reached scene of the crime on the 10th <i>idem</i> .	Enquiry proved that deceased had committed suicide by hanging. Case reported to the District Magistrate.
Murder	" "	10th January	Intimation was received on the 10th January; proceeded immediately to the scene of the crime.	Accused was arrested, committed to the Sessions, and sentenced to death.
<i>Visited by Mr. Kennedy.</i>				
Theft of ornament worth Rs. 524 after administering stupefying drug.	Kaládgi	1st February	Intimation was received on the 2nd February, and on the same date proceeded to the scene of the crime.	The crime remains undetected.
Dacoity	Donaj, tálu-ka Indi.	4th "	Intimation received at Kaládgi on the 8th February, and reached Donaj on 16th.	Twelve persons apprehended by Sholápur Police, of whom 8 were convicted at Sholápur Sessions.
<i>Visited by Lieutenant Macpherson.</i>				
Culpable homicide	Hungund	15th May	Intimation was received at Sirur on the 19th May. Proceeded immediately, arriving on the 21st.	Eight persons were arrested and committed to the Sessions, where they were acquitted.
<i>Visited by Captain Payne.</i>				
Reported murder.	Kagalgomb, tálu-ka Bágalkot.	Unknown	Intimation received on the 23rd December. Proceeded immediately to the scene of the crime.	On enquiry found it to be a case of accidental death. Reported to the District Magistrate.
<b>KATARA</b>				
Murder	Bhávikeri, tálu-ka Kumta.	23rd January	Intimation received 25th January; visited 27th January.	One prisoner was convicted at the Sessions Court, but was acquitted by the High Court.
Culpable homicide.	Itágl, tálu-ka Sidápur.	7th May	Intimation reached 9th	Convicted under Section 223, I. P. C.
Do.	Bánabi, tálu-ka Sidápur.	1st June	Intimation received 5th June.	Convicted.
Murder	Hegde, tálu-ka Sidápur.	9th July	Intimation received 13th July.	Released at the Sessions.
Culpable homicide.	Singanhalli, tálu-ka Yellápur.	16th "	Intimation received 22nd July.	Convicted under Section 223, I. P. C.
Do.	Kervádi, tálu-ka Haliyál.	25th September.	Intimation received 30th September.	Acquitted by Magistrate.
Do.	Kenkui, tálu-ka Kumta.	3rd October	Intimation received 11th October.	Acquitted by Magistrate.
Do.	Mundgod, tálu-ka Yellápur.	5th November	Intimation received 11th November.	Convicted.

**BATRA CIM**

All the serious crimes were detected at once, and sent up to the Magistrate; there was, therefore, no occasion for the Superintendent to investigate the same personally.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,  
Acting Commissioner S. D.

STATEMENT K.

Statement showing the Number of Cases decided.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	NUMBER OF CASES DECIDED, & C. CASES IN WHICH DECISION IS PASSED BY JUDICIAL OFFICERS.										
			Delgaum.		Dhárwár.		Kaládgí.		Kánara.		Ratnágiri.		
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</b>													
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments		1							1	1	
1	131 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy						1					
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 407 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	4	4	6	6	8	4	1	2	2	1	
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender			1	2	1	2		2			
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	23	9	35	25	46	32	7	2	4	8	
5	143 to 163, 167, 168	Rioting or unlawful assembly	2		7	2	14	13		1	6	2	
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	5	2		3		1	1	1		
		<b>Total</b>	80	19	51	35	72	52	9	8	14	12	
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>													
8	302, 303, 304	Murder by thugs	2				1						
9		do	2		6	2	4		1				
10		do	2							1			
11		do	1			2							
12		do	9	7	19	13	17	5	1	2	3	4	
13		807	Attempt at murder	3	4	3	3	1	2				1
14		304, 308	Culpable homicide	13	6	5	9	5	10	3	2	4	1
15		319	Rape	13		1		1				1	
16		317	Unnatural offences										
17		317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	3	3	5	2	1	1	4	1	4
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	5	5	14	3	9	4	5	2	4	4	
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1		2	1	3	1			1		
20	315, 320, 336	Grievous hurt	23	9	16	14	10	10	6	7	1	3	
21	324	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1		2	2		3					
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	9	10	8	4	1	1	2	1	2	1	
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	11	13	6	5	10	4	7	3	5	3	
24	303 to 309	Kidnapping or abduction	2		1	2	3					2	
25	340 to 349	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion											
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1										
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves					2						
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft, or wrongfully confine	10	11	18	15	17	10	2	4	2	2	
29	319	Rash act causing grievous hurt			3	2				2			
		<b>Total</b>	107	73	108	82	86	55	28	22	23	25	
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.</b>													
30	305, 307, 309	Dacoity	26	4	34	19	35	24	9	1	1		
31	309, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity											
32	304, 307, 308	Robbery with hurt	3	3	1	1							
		By poisonous or stupefying drugs			1		4	5	1				
		By other means	2		6	1	3	1		1			
33	302, 303	Robbery											
		In dwelling-house			5	1	18	9	3		1		
		On the highway, between sunrise and sunset	13	11	22	8	43	21	8	1		2	
		Other robberies											
34	370, 341, 342, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	25	21	41	9	155	54	9	8	14	5	
35	414, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	13	5	104	30	384	207	21	7	62	57	
36	410 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	4	1		2	4	1	3	4		1	
37	412, 418	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually			7	3	3	5	2		1		
		<b>Total</b>	85	65	231	74	647	320	56	22	79	65	
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>													
38	323	Simple hurt	255	386	225	166	177	189	305	258	448	427	
39	324	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	1		1	1	2	2			2	1	
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	5	10	13	6	13	8	2	6	9	3	
41	374	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	1	1	4		3			2			
		Compulsory labor									1		
		<b>Total</b>	260	397	242	173	194	198	307	266	460	431	
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>													
42	433, 436	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	3	7	20	10	21	13	2	5	5	2	
43	370 to 382	Theft	339	100	340	91	637	176	56	33	11	11	
		Of Cattle	1,273	503	1,337	639	1,373	714	557	320	373	384	
44	404 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	21	29	14	16	19	23	22	20	10	11	
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	21	21	101	61	144	123	63	39	19	25	
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	14	23	12	4	23	11	6	6	46	30	
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle			4	2	2		1	1		1	
48	423, 429	Mischief	19								1	2	
		<b>Total</b>	1,700	691	2,378	843	2,268	1,067	712	432	464	467	
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>													
49	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves											
50	Chapter 19, C. P. Code	Vagrancy and bad character	2		2	1	1					2	
51	293 to 297	Offences against religion					1						
52	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	3		6	2			2				
53		Excise Laws		3									
54		Railway Laws											
55		Salt and Custom Laws	5	3						66	82	80	
56		Stage Carriage Act	8										
57	299, 317, 373, 390, 393, 395 to 398, 399, 294 to 298, Section 31 of Act VII of 1907, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	99	301	231	130	49	23	54	61	51	43	
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	173	333	2	1					7		
		<b>Total</b>	299	663	279	138	54	27	127	143	141	123	
		<b>Grand Total</b>	2,481	1,990	3,779	1,343	3,321	1,719	1,249	833	1,191	1,133	

ARTHUR CRAWFORD, Acting Commissioner, S. D.



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STATEMENT L.

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STATEMENT L.

Cases struck off as no offence during 1878.

1	2	3	4					5					6					18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
			Cases in which the Accused were not apprehended, Section 117, C. P. Code.	Cases in which the Accused were released on Bail, Section 126, C. P. Code.	Cases struck off after being committed for Trial, Section 137, C. P. Code.	Total Number of Cases.	Total number of Accused Arrested.	Cases in which the Accused were not apprehended, Section 117, C. P. Code.	Cases in which the Accused were released on Bail, Section 126, C. P. Code.	Cases struck off after being committed for Trial, Section 137, C. P. Code.	Total Number of Cases.	Total number of Accused Arrested.	Cases in which the Accused were not apprehended, Section 117, C. P. Code.	Cases in which the Accused were released on Bail, Section 126, C. P. Code.	Cases struck off after being committed for Trial, Section 137, C. P. Code.	Total Number of Cases.	Total number of Accused Arrested.												Cases in which the Accused were not apprehended, Section 117, C. P. Code.	Cases in which the Accused were released on Bail, Section 126, C. P. Code.
<p><b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</b></p>																														
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments																												
1	131 to 146, 154	Offences relating to Army and Navy																												
2	251 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	1			1																								
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender				1																								
4	224 to 229	Other offences against public justice																												
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly																												
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier																												
		Total ..	2			2				5	1		6	1																
<p><b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b></p>																														
8	302, 303, 306	Murder by thugs																												
9		"	"																											
10		"	"																											
11		"	"																											
12		"	"																											
13		307	Other murders	1			2																							
14		304, 308	Attempt at murder				1																							
15		379	Culpable homicide																											
16		377	Rape	2			3																							
17		317, 318	Unnatural offences																											
18		305, 308, 309	Exposure of Infants or concealment of birth				3																							
19		320, 331, 333	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide				1																							
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1			1																								
21	324	Grievous hurt																												
22	327, 330, 332	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt																												
23	324	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	3			5																								
24	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon		2		7																								
25	343 to 349	Kidnapping or abduction				1																								
26	372, 373	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion																												
27	371	Belling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution																												
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Habitually dealing in slaves																												
29	339	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	5			5																								
		Rash act causing grievous hurt																												
		Total ..	28	3	1	32	4			33	6	4	43	13							24	6	3	33	12					



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**SIND DIVISION.**

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# PROVINCE OF SIND.

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### PART II.

Districts.	Sindh.	Hyderabad.	Mylapore.	Mysore.	North Arcot.	North-West Provinces.	Panjab.	Rajputana.
Karnataka .....	1	9	10	11	4	8	9	17
Hyderabad .....	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Mylapore .....	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Mysore .....	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
North Arcot .....	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
North-West Provinces .....	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
Panjab .....	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
Rajputana .....	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73

FROM

H. N. B. ERSKINE, ESQUIRE,  
ACTING COMMISSIONER IN SIND,

TO

HIS EXCELLENCY THE HONOURABLE  
SIR RICHARD TEMPLE, BART., G.C.S.I. AND C.I.E.,  
GOVERNOR AND PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL, BOMBAY.

Commissioner's Office, Kurrachee, 11th July 1879.

HONOURABLE SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the working of the Police in Sind during the year 1878. The first point that strikes the attention is the great and serious increase of crime of all descriptions during the year, and I may add that last year's report showed a similar, though not so great an, increase as compared with the crime statistics of the year before. This increase is apparent in almost all classes of crime, but is especially visible in offences against property. This is not surprising, as, owing to the amount of damage caused to the early crops by locusts in this and the adjoining provinces and to the disastrous floods in various quarters caused by the high level to which the River Indus rose, great loss of crops was occasioned, and, consequently, prices ruled high, and among the poorer classes there was much severe distress.

*Statements.*

A—Part I.  
A—Part II., Police  
A—Part II., Magisterial.  
B to G

Statement of Expenditure on  
Police Buildings.  
Do. Resignations and  
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Do. Serious Crimes.

2. All the statements required by Government are appended, including the additional statements noted in the margin.

3. The following is the tabulated statement prescribed in paragraph 1 of Government Resolution No. 648, dated 9th February 1874:—

DISTRICTS.	Date of Superintendent's Report.	Date of Magistrate's Letter or Memorandum.	Superintendent's Final Letter.
Kurrachee .. .. .	15th March 1878.	17th March 1878.	17th May 1879
Hyderabad .. .. .	2nd do.	10th May 1878.	2nd do.
Bulsharpur .. .. .	8th do.	16th March 1878.	21st do.
Thar and Parkar .. .. .	2nd April 1878.	do.	2nd do.
Frontier .. .. .	1st May 1878.	do.	2nd June 1878

COGNIZABLE AND NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

4. The following statement exhibits the total number of cases, both cognizable and non-cognizable, retained on the register during the year. This shows an increase amounting to 1,602 cases—an increase having taken place in each district, except Shikarpur, in which there was a slight decrease of 145 cases. The falling off was, however, in non-cognizable cases. In cognizable cases, which show better the real state of crime in a district, there was an increase of 255 cases. The most marked increase occurred in the Thar and Parkar and Hyderabad Districts; offences in the former rising from 610 to 820, an increase of 210. In Hyderabad the increase amounted to 1,139. In Kurrachee it was 363 only. These figures show how accurately the criminal records reflect the condition

of the people; for distress was most severe in the Thar and Párkar District, severe in Hyderabad, and less felt in the other districts :—

DISTRICTS.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.		PERSONS.						Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.	
			Arrested.		Convicted.		Acquitted and released.			
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Kurrachee .. .. .	5,509	5,872	3,284	3,029	4,592	4,773	3,640	3,159	55.43	59.44
Hyderabad .. .. .	4,041	5,180	6,879	7,895	3,016	4,248	3,537	3,389	45.16	53.80
Shikárpur .. .. .	5,086	4,941	7,705	7,487	3,188	3,102	4,426	3,845	41.38	41.37
Thar and Párkar .. .. .	610	820	985	1,164	425	675	549	384	48.15	57.99
Frontier, Upper Sind .. .. .	483	618	590	617	237	336	295	260	40.17	54.45
Total ..	15,729	17,331	24,243	25,202	11,458	13,134	12,441	10,680	47.28	52.17

5. The number of offences accepted as true during the past five years, with the number of arrests made in them, is as follows :—

Years.											Cases.	Arrests.
1874	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17,205	28,831
1875	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16,673	25,843
1876	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,980	23,617
1877	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15,729	24,243
1878	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17,331	25,202

6. It appears from this that, during the year under review, there were more cases than there have been in any year for the last five years, and an increase of 1,602 cases over last year.

7. There can be no doubt that the year 1878 has been marked with an unusual amount of crime; and as the largest increases occur in the districts where there occurred the most serious loss of crops, and in which, consequently, the prices of food-grains were unusually high, the increase may confidently be attributed to this cause. The close connection between poverty and crime is an admitted fact, and the figures for the Province are only another illustration of it.

#### COGNIZABLE CRIME.

8. The total number of cognizable offences kept on the Crime Register, this year, has increased from 8,979 (1877) to 10,677, the greatest proportional increase being in the Hyderabad District, where cognizable crime has increased 32.1 per cent., and in Thar and Párkar, where cognizable crime has more than doubled. It was, as already observed, in these districts that the pressure of want, owing to the disastrous floods of last year, has been most severely felt, and, as usual, crime has followed on poverty. Each district has borne about the following proportion to the total increase of 18.9 per cent :—

Kurrachee	...	...	...	...	...	3.66
Hyderabad	...	...	...	...	...	9.04
Shikárpur	...	...	...	...	...	2.21
Thar and Párkar.	...	...	...	...	...	3.59
Upper Sind Frontier	...	...	...	...	...	0.42

9. The proportion of cognizable crime to population has been 1 to 206.16 against 1 to 245.15 last year. The ratio to the population of each district has been—

		1878.	1877.
Kurrachee	...	1 to 143.43	against 161.27
Hyderabad	...	1 to 216.99	„ 286.71
Shikárpur	...	1 to 235.79	„ 250.96
Thar and Párkar	...	1 to 281.12	„ 564.87
Upper Sind Frontier	...	1 to 217.23	„ 237.77

10. It is difficult to be believed that the above truly represents the state of crime in each district. I cannot but think there must be some difference in the way the record of crime is prepared. The question of the method of recording crime is one that requires looking into. Having so very recently come to

Sind I have not, as yet, been able to do this; but the matter will not be lost sight of.

11. Kurrachee again stands first on the list under this test, the Upper Sind Frontier having receded to the third place. In spite of the great increase of crime in Thar and Parkar, the percentage of criminals to population is still less than that of any other district.

12. The amount of cognizable crime (as shown by cases kept on the register) in each district is as follows :—

Districts.	Offences.		Persons apprehended.		Convicted.		Percentage of Convictions to Apprehensions.		REMARKS.
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	
Kurrachee .. .. .	2,049	2,978	2,328	2,288	2,261	2,264	78-28	71-28	
Hyderabad .. .. .	2,512	2,327	2,068	2,718	2,064	2,288	82-09	83-82	
Shikarpur .. .. .	2,002	2,308	2,642	2,272	2,202	2,420	85-48	81-02	
Thar and Parkar .. .. .	229	642	442	622	242	422	55-22	68-14	
Frontier .. .. .	602	470	424	424	188	202	44-36	47-62	
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>8,978</b>	<b>10,677</b>	<b>10,702</b>	<b>12,062</b>	<b>7,277</b>	<b>8,168</b>	<b>82-16</b>	<b>68-76</b>	

13. There is a slight falling off in the percentage of convictions to apprehensions. This fact of itself does not necessarily tell against the Police, as a good deal depends on the Magistrates inquiring into the cases sent up for trial. In the Upper Sind Frontier, which was commented upon unfavourably last year in this respect, improvement is marked, though it is still at the bottom of the list. The Police in that district appear, on the whole, to have worked better than last year, but there is still much room for improvement.

The Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier, under whom the Police are, draws a gloomy picture of the force as it at present exists. "The grading of the Police," he states, "is imperfect; their pay is too uniform to stimulate exertions; substitutes have been allowed too frequently, so that promotion is rare," and the natural result of this is, that the Police are indifferent, and do their work in a perfunctory manner. The Superintendent has already, I find, sent in proposals to increase the rates of pay, and intends to submit a plan shortly, showing that they are at present at absolute starvation point, and cannot exist on the pay they receive. There is, doubtless, a good deal of truth in the Superintendent's remarks; though to what extent the causes, he refers to, operate, I am not yet in a position to judge.

14. The following table gives the number and character of the more serious offences in each district, drawn up in accordance with Government Resolution No. 2894 of 17th May last :—

Comparative Statement of the Numbers of some of the principal Offences reported to have occurred in the Province of Sind during the year 1878.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Offences against the State and public tranquility.*		Murder.		Other serious Offences against the Person.		Dowry.		Cattle Theft.		Ordinary Theft.		House-breakings and larceny with breaking into the premises of offenders.		Vagrancy and Begging.		Public and Local Disturbances.		REMARKS.	
	Reported.	In which convictions were obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.	Reported.	Convictions obtained.		
1. Kurrachee .. .. .	20	20	9	8	78	20	..	..	202	204	242	242	242	114	114	27	27	242	242	
2. Hyderabad .. .. .	27	24	14	7	69	22	..	..	242	242	242	242	242	114	114	27	27	242	242	
3. Shikarpur .. .. .	20	20	14	7	24	20	..	..	242	242	242	242	242	114	114	27	27	242	242	
4. Thar and Parkar .. .. .	20	20	0	0	14	20	..	..	242	242	242	242	242	114	114	27	27	242	242	
5. Upper Sind Frontier .. .. .	15	6	1	1	20	20	1	..	242	27	24	24	24	114	114	27	27	242	242	
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,208</b>	<b>1,207</b>	<b>1,208</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	
<b>In 1877 ..</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1,004</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>1,111</b>	<b>1,273</b>	<b>664</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>1,273</b>		

\* In this column are included all offences coming under Class I in Statement A, Part I.



15. Forty-one cases of murder are reported—a slight increase over last year, but the percentage of convictions in cases of this class has increased considerably. In 25 cases out of 41, convictions have been obtained; whereas, last year, only 12 convictions were secured out of 38 cases. Thus the Police was successful in nearly two-thirds of the cases, which must be regarded as fairly satisfactory. Shikárpur, again, stands at the bottom of the list in this respect. As usual, the majority of the murders were prompted by sexual jealousy, hardly any being primarily attributable to the desire of gain. Under the head of other serious offences against the person the numbers are exactly the same as last year—an additional proof, if such were needed, that the people of this Province do not readily resort to crime of violence, even under pressure of want, but content themselves with the milder expedients of committing ordinary theft, in particular cattle-stealing. Under this head there is an enormous increase in every district; and the small percentage of convictions—scarcely more than 50 per cent.—is not creditable to the Police. The District Superintendent of Police at Shikárpur mentions a circumstance—which, I have reason to believe, exists more or less in all parts of the Province—as an excuse for the small percentage of convictions, namely, that owners of strayed cattle make a practice of reporting them as stolen in order to get the assistance of the Police in tracking and recovering them. This, however, does not seem to me to afford a satisfactory explanation. If, on inquiry, it is found that no theft had been committed, but that the animals had strayed, then the Police, under Section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, should report to a Magistrate, and the case would disappear from the Crime Register. It may not always be possible to show that no crime has been committed. Some cases may be retained as thefts when none has occurred; but, still, the number of cases retained on this ground should never be such as to explain away the great difference between the number of convictions and cases. Prosecutions for false reports of this kind, if wilfully made, should certainly be resorted to; but the great pressure of work on the Police renders them, it is stated, disinclined to take up such prosecutions. In the Thar and Párkár District, where the number of cases of this description shows an increase of nearly 287 per cent., the Political Superintendent reports that, owing to the prevailing distress, there was every temptation to steal, and very little moveable property easily to be got at, except cattle; while the careless way in which these are allowed to roam about, offers great inducements to cattle-lifters, especially as in the bordering Native States they find an easy market for the stolen animals. He also adds that many such thefts were committed under the sheer pressure of hunger, the cattle being killed and eaten almost on the spot. There was one case of dacoity in the Upper Sind Frontier District in which the Police were unsuccessful. The state of affairs in the Upper Sind Frontier District is by no means satisfactory. The Superintendent thus refers to the state of a part of the country: “The want of success in highway robbery cases is most to be regretted, as it causes an amount of ill-feeling and distrust which it would be most desirable to put a stop to. At one time, during the year, the high road from Garhi Yásin to Kashmor was entirely closed, travellers preferring to go by the more circuitous, but safer, road *viá* Thul, Mirpur, Bádáni to Kashmor. The road from Jacobabad to Sukkur was also considered unsafe during the year by European travellers—the late Captain W. Reynolds, 3rd Sind Horse, and Colonel McLeod, R.A., the former having been robbed when near Mungrani, and the latter officer was followed up by a Pathan, evidently with a bad intention, until he was made to desist by Colonel McLeod threatening to shoot him.”

16. It may be mentioned that, during the recent transport operations, the cases of theft and highway robbery were surprisingly few. The fact is, that the Upper Sind Frontier Police are not up to the work they have to undertake, neither numerically nor morally. There are no Village Police to aid them, the country is a difficult one, the men are underpaid and careless, if not actually dishonest themselves, and the matter will shortly become one that must engage the earnest attention of Government. Ordinary theft and vagrancy show, of course, a great increase, as might naturally be expected from the badness of the season.

17. I now give the fuller information called for in paragraph 11 of Government Resolution No. 6421 of the 8th November 1878:—

Statement showing how all Cognizable Cases, and Persons accused in them, were disposed of in each District.

1	Cases.								Prison.								REMARKS.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
	Total Number entered in Register, including transfers from last year.	Number struck off as no crime by order of Magistrate.	Number in which Convictions were obtained.	Number discharged.	Number acquitted and withdrawn.	Number acquitted.	Number pending on disposal.	Number arrived in prison referred to in column 9.	Number discharged in cases referred to in Column 9.	Number convicted.	Number discharged.	Number in which Convictions were obtained.	Number acquitted.	Number pending.	Total as at 31st Dec. in the year.		
Kurrachee..	1877 2,974	1,014	1,864	348	2	172	430	2,098	249	2,291	220	7	277	2011	1877 1878	Pending cases .. 17 26	
	1878 4,057	1,068	2,028	253	..	116	280	2,919	272	2,644	237	..	275	44	1	Unsettled .. 419 577	
Hyderabad..	1877 2,424	822	1,574	50	..	424	244	1,422	245	1,664	170	..	207	115	7	Pending cases .. 21 119	
	1878 4,220	906	2,079	55	..	492	758	2,760	419	2,340	249	..	1,097	220	22	Unsettled .. 621 670	
Shikarpur..	1877 4,461	1,222	1,909	241	..	264	748	3,248	2,022	2,700	728	..	644	100	10	Unsettled per case .. 628 628	
	1878 2,220	1,220	1,261	212	1	207	1,022	7,070	1,524	2,450	224	1	200	121	17	Pending cases 1-0 112	
Thar and Parkar ..	1877 417	89	180	24	4	22	20	249	20	249	170	7	78	27	4	Unsettled .. 648 914	
	1878 218	167	209	42	..	42	176	1,057	197	860	120	..	98	64	0	Pending cases .. 10 21	
Frontier ..	1877 200	29	127	24	1	20	108	208	20	180	120	4	27	21	1	Unsettled .. 72 1-5	
	1878 567	28	127	24	2	20	110	221	122	263	125	2	62	22	1	Pending cases .. 28 10	
																Unsettled .. 170 127	
Total..	1877 12,476	2,220	4,664	620	8	202	2,022	14,847	2,220	12,270	1,728	12	1,201	2,777	72		
	1878 14,924	4,028	6,609	721	4	222	2,720	17,207	2,021	12,746	1,121	4	1,270	271	22		

From the foregoing the following results are obtained:—

Table I.

Division.	Number of Cases reported.	PERCENTAGE OF CASES.				
		Struck off.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Acquitted.	Pending or otherwise disposed of
Kurrachee ..	1877 2,974	27	20	6	2	11
	1878 4,057	26	20	6	2	12
Hyderabad ..	1877 2,424	24	22	1	11	12
	1878 4,220	22	22	1	11	12
Shikarpur ..	1877 4,461	22	22	6	2	12
	1878 2,220	22	22	6	2	12
Thar and Parkar ..	1877 417	12	22	6	2	12
	1878 218	12	27	6	2	12
Frontier ..	1877 200	12	27	6	2	12
	1878 567	12	22	6	2	12
Total	1877 12,476	22	22	6	2	12
	1878 14,924	22	22	6	2	12

Table II.

Division.	Number of Persons arrested.	PERCENTAGE OF PRISON.				
		Discharged in cases struck off.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Acquitted.	Pending or otherwise disposed of
Kurrachee ..	1877 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
	1878 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
Hyderabad ..	1877 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
	1878 2,720	2	22	12	2	1
Shikarpur ..	1877 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
	1878 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
Thar and Parkar ..	1877 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
	1878 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
Frontier ..	1877 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
	1878 2,220	2	22	12	2	1
Total	1877 14,847	22	22	12	2	1
	1878 17,207	17	22	12	2	1

18. The foregoing statement and tables, better than any of those previously given, supply a means to judging of the working of the Police, as this statement alone shows the number of complaints made to the Police, but pronounced by them to be false, and struck off the Crime Register, and the number of persons arrested in such cases.

19. This statement shows that the total number of cognizable cases, in which the Police were concerned, amounted to 14,984 against 12,476 in 1877, and that 4,052 cases were struck off as no crime after inquiry. In these struck-off cases 3,081 persons were arrested by the Police. The figures show how deceptive the crime statistics are if "struck-off" cases, which represent 27 per cent. of the cases inquired into by them, are omitted when estimating the amount of work actually done by the Police: it is too manifestly undesirable that so many arrests should not find a place in a report which is supposed to explain the working of the force. Twenty-six per cent. of reported cases were struck off in 1877, and 27 per cent. in 1878, and the number of persons arrested and discharged in these cases amounted to 20 and 17 per cent. Only 8 per cent. of persons arrested were discharged in this way in the Kurrachee and Hyderabad Districts; while 28 per cent. were discharged in Shikárpur, showing, apparently, that arrests were made recklessly, and without due caution and inquiry, in this district. I have doubts, however, whether the returns have been prepared in precisely the same manner in all districts, and comparison is, perhaps, hardly fair. The subject is one I hope soon to take up with the object of introducing uniformity.

20. The above percentages seem to me to illustrate the working of the Police better than percentages referring only to cases retained on the register. As, however, Government have on previous occasions asked for the latter, I give the usual statements, showing the comparison of cases convicted to cases investigated during each of the past five years, and also of persons convicted to those apprehended in such cases.

Number of true cases investigated, convicted; cases pending at the end of the previous year being included, and those pending at the end of the year under report being excluded:—

Districts.	Cases investigated.					Cases convicted.					Percentages of Cases convicted to Number of Cases investigated.				
	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Kurrachee ...	3,851	2,868	2,554	2,640	2,969	1,845	1,536	1,536	1,854	2,023	47·90	54·9	63·1	70·2	68·1
Hyderabad ...	2,881	2,843	2,242	2,521	3,806	1,726	1,514	1,894	1,574	2,079	60·33	53·2	62·1	62·4	61·8
Shikárpur ...	2,650	3,148	2,646	2,037	2,282	1,339	2,187	1,527	1,909	1,651	64·05	68·0	59·5	62·9	58·3
Thar and Párkar ...	354	311	269	213	610	149	185	162	180	289	42·09	59·4	60·0	57·5	63·7
Frontier ...	288	344	201	305	432	82	116	99	137	167	28·47	33·7	34·0	34·7	37·7
Total ...	9,913	9,509	7,923	8,906	10,609	5,441	5,570	4,768	5,654	6,509	54·89	58·2	60·1	63·4	61·3

Number of persons arrested in connection with true cases investigated:—

Districts.	Persons apprehended.					Persons convicted.					Percentage of Convictions to Apprehensions				
	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Kurrachee ...	3,815	3,279	3,093	3,209	3,573	2,308	2,007	2,054	2,391	2,564	65·6	61·2	66·0	74·5	71·7
Hyderabad ...	3,199	3,527	2,886	2,992	4,102	2,115	1,927	2,646	2,054	2,888	66·1	54·8	91·6	68·6	70·4
Shikárpur ...	3,369	4,219	3,350	3,582	3,958	2,572	2,881	1,978	2,396	2,450	66·4	61·1	59·0	66·9	61·8
Thar and Párkar ...	592	482	450	439	776	192	288	227	249	558	32·4	59·7	50·4	56·7	71·6
Frontier ...	317	390	299	450	496	112	170	150	180	288	35·3	43·5	50·1	40·0	58·0
Total ...	11,491	11,879	10,078	10,672	12,908	7,299	6,973	7,058	7,270	8,746	63·8	59·6	70·0	68·1	67·7

21. I give below the mean of success both in cases and persons. Hyderabad, Thar and Párkar and Upper Sind Frontier have all improved, especially the two latter; the falling off in the others is slight.

Kurrachee ...	...	69·9	...	Mr. Giertzen with Mr. Alexander, Assistant.
Hyderabad ...	...	66·6	...	Mr. McIver.
Shikárpur ...	...	59·0	...	Mr. Henderson.
Thar and Párkar ...	...	67·6	...	Major Crawford.
U. S. Frontier...	...	47·8	...	Colonel Nuttall.

22. The percentage of cognizable cases convicted to cases decided shows a slight improvement. The improvement is especially noticeable in Thar and Párkar, and still more in the Upper Sind Frontier, where the percentage has risen

from 41.7 to 68.4. As was observed in the last year's Government Resolution on the annual Police Report, this test is only valuable as indicating the appreciation of valuable evidence by the Police, and does not serve as a test either of their energy or detective capacity. As such it is noticeable that the Shikarpur Police are the only body who have fallen off as judged by this criterion, and this may, perhaps, be set down to the fact that they are overworked and have not been able to devote the time required for the careful preparation of cases, but have sent them up too hurriedly.

Percentage of-cognizable cases convicted to cases decided :—

Districts.	Cases decided.		Cases convicted.		Percentage.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
	Kurrachee ...	2,318	2,422	1,054	2,022	45.5
Hyderabad ...	2,006	2,371	1,374	2,072	68.5	87.4
Shikarpur ...	2,224	2,371	1,248	1,961	56.1	82.7
Thar and Parkar ...	242	271	122	222	50.4	81.9
Frontier ...	222	242	122	122	55.0	50.4
<b>Total</b> ...	<b>7,112</b>	<b>8,107</b>	<b>4,820</b>	<b>6,349</b>	<b>67.8</b>	<b>78.3</b>

NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

23. I now revert to non-cognizable crime; details of cases in which the Police were employed and of those taken up by the Magistrate without Police intervention.

I.—Non-Cognizable Crime in which Police were employed :—

Districts.	Offences.	Persons apprehended or summoned.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Percentage of Convictions to Apprehensions.	Fugitives.	
						Station.	Recovered.
						No. & P.	No. & P.
Kurrachee ...	25	122	112	22	22.95	22 12 0	22 0 0
Hyderabad ...	22	27	24	22	81.48	22 11 0	22 11 0
Shikarpur ...	222	1,222	1,222	222	18.17	2,222 0 0	1,222 0 0
Thar and Parkar ...	22	112	21	22	19.64	2,222 0 0	2,222 0 0
Frontier ...	22	22	22	22	100.00	222 0 0	222 0 0
<b>Total</b> ...	<b>222</b>	<b>1,722</b>	<b>1,222</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>12.83</b>	<b>4,222 12 0</b>	<b>4,222 0 0</b>
<b>In 1877</b> ...	<b>2,122</b>	<b>4,222</b>	<b>2,222</b>	<b>2,222</b>	<b>52.72</b>	<b>12,222 12 11</b>	<b>2,222 0 0</b>

II.—Non-cognizable cases taken up by Magistrates :—

Districts.	Offences.	Persons apprehended or summoned.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Percentage of Convictions to Apprehensions.	Fugitives.	
						Station.	Recovered.
						No. & P.	No. & P.
Kurrachee ...	2,222	4,222	2,222	2,122	95.50	222 12 0	222 12 0
Hyderabad ...	1,222	2,222	2,122	1,222	55.00	222 0 0	222 0 0
Shikarpur ...	222	2,122	1,222	222	17.10	2,222 12 12	1,222 12 12
Thar and Parkar ...	22	122	122	22	18.03	222 0 0	122 0 0
Frontier ...	22	22	22	22	100.00	222 0 0	222 0 0
<b>Total</b> ...	<b>4,222</b>	<b>12,222</b>	<b>4,122</b>	<b>3,222</b>	<b>76.37</b>	<b>3,222 12 12</b>	<b>3,222 0 12</b>
<b>In 1877</b> ...	<b>2,222</b>	<b>2,222</b>	<b>2,222</b>	<b>2,222</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>12,222 0 0</b>	<b>1,222 12 0</b>

24. The number of cases in which the Police have been engaged has, it will be observed, fallen off considerably, being less than one-half the number of last year. This decrease is owing mainly to the number referred in the Kurrachee District having decreased from 1,024 to 93. In the Shikarpur District there is a decrease also; but the number referred appears objectionably large, and the attention of the District Magistrate has been called to the subject. It is, however, satisfactory to observe that Magistrates have, this year, exercised a wise discretion, and have not employed the Police in cases which should certainly be ordinarily investigated before a Magistrate in the first instance. So far

the return must be looked upon as satisfactory. This conclusion is justified by the fact that the number of non-cognizable cases taken up by the Magistrates have increased, though there is a decrease in the total number of this class of offences.

25. The small percentage of convictions in this class seems to show that complaints are lightly made, and that Magistrates do not sufficiently frequently dismiss complaints without summoning the accused parties. If due discretion is not exercised, and if the services of the Police are needlessly called in, a great deal of unnecessary annoyance may be given to innocent and respectable persons, and the mass of the populace may be made hostile to the Police. The percentages for the Shikárpur District are so very bad that there seems reason to fear the Magistrates have been very remiss.

#### PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED.

26. The value of property stolen and recovered is given below for cognizable cases. The value of property stolen, as was to be expected from what has already been stated, has largely increased from Rs. 1,54,562 in 1877 to Rs. 2,13,728 in 1878. The percentage of recoveries has slightly increased, though it is not equal to what it was in 1875 and 1876. The increase, however, is by no means general; there has been a falling off in the districts of Shikárpur, Upper Sind Frontier and Thar and Párkar, and it is only a very marked improvement in the Kurrachee District—an increase not accounted for by the Superintendent that makes the average better than last year.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and the percentages recovered in cognizable cases:—

DISTRICTS.	Value of Property stolen.	Value of Property recovered.	Percentage of Property recovered to Property stolen in 1878.	Percentage of Recoveries in 1877.
	Rs.	Rs.		
Kurrachee .. .. .	46,184	32,412	70.18	59.04
Hyderabad .. .. .	66,046	32,146	57.80	52.37
Shikárpur .. .. .	76,441	40,795	53.86	55.53
Thar and Párkar .. .. .	26,090	19,559	74.96	70.63
Frontier .. .. .	6,067	3,987	44.23	55.63
Total ..	2,13,728	1,28,897	60.80	....
In 1877 ..	1,54,562	88,130	....	57.02

27. The following statement shows the proportion of Police to area and population for the whole Province, and for each district separately;—

DISTRICTS.	Area in Square Miles.	Population.	PROPORTION OF POLICE	
			To Area.	To Population
Kurrachee .. .. .	14,092	426,771	1 to 9.90	1 to 299.67
Hyderabad .. .. .	9,653	721,947	1 to 10.26	1 to 818.53
Shikárpur .. .. .	8,809	776,227	1 to 7.39	1 to 651.19
Thar and Párkar .. .. .	12,729	180,761	1 to 25.02	1 to 368.14
Frontier .. .. .	2,177	95,584	1 to 18.67	1 to 330.61
Total ..	46,860	2,901,241	11.05	519.23

28. It has been constantly reported in successive years' reports that the Police in Sind have greater responsibilities than those of other districts of the Presidency, as they are entirely unaided by Village Police. A scheme for introducing Village Police and, indeed, the village system generally, at the time of the introduction of the survey, is now under consideration by Government; but it must be some time before an institution of this kind—an institution which in other parts of the country has been more the product of gradual growth than of direct introduction—can be expected to exist in good working order. At

present but a few faint traces exist of Village Police, such as village Pajis and others; and it will be long before the labours of the regular District Police are much decreased by means of their co-operation.

29. At the same time I am disposed to think there has been too great a tendency to refer to the circumstances of Sind as peculiar, and to the insufficiency of the Police force. When I compare the circumstances of the districts in the Presidency proper, with which I am best acquainted, with those in Sind it seems to me the force is not so small as local officers are apt to believe. Kurrachee is, it is true, a very large district, and so is Thar and Párkar; but in each the population is small, and the proportion of Police to population is much larger than in most districts in the Presidency. For instance, the figures I have given show that there is 1 Policeman to 299 persons in Kurrachee and 1 to 368 in Thar and Párkar; whereas in the Násik District there is only 1 Policeman to 985 persons, and in Ahmednagar 1 to 1,216. Even when area is taken, the difference is not marked. In Kurrachee there is 1 Policeman to 9 square miles against 1 to 10 square miles in Násik, and in Thar and Párkar 1 to 25 square miles against 1 to 10 square miles in Ahmednagar; but the greater part of the large area in Thar and Párkar is desert, and the services of Policemen are not wanted. In the Hyderabad District the numbers nearly correspond with the Deccan districts; there being 1 Policeman to 10 square miles and to 818 of population. In Shikárpur, again, the figures are in favour of the district, there being 1 Policeman to every 7 square miles and to 651 of population. The Frontier District, of course, is exceptional: there is only 1 Policeman to 18 square miles; but, on the other hand, there is 1 to every 350 of population.

30. In a very large part of the Deccan and Konkan there is very little in the way of Village Police—a village Jaglia instead of the Pagi of Sind; so I hardly think the difference is so great as officers in Sind imagine. There is too great a tendency, I fear, to take it for granted that the circumstances of Sind are exceptional, and to make this an excuse, or else urge it as a plea, when more Police are wanted. At the same time, area to force must always be an important element in considering the difficulties the Police have to overcome, as in many cases the Police do not hear of an offence that has occurred until the time for following up the perpetrators has passed, and for this reason in parts of Sind the percentage of detections in particular classes of cases is always likely to be low. Against this, on the other hand, must be put the open nature of the country compared to the mountainous and well-wooded Konkan and ghát districts—a factor which should render the tracing of criminals easier in Sind.

31. At the same time, the opinion of officers who knew Sind well—as, for instance, of Sir William Merewether—has always been that at present the Police force is weak in numbers, and the Police overworked, while there seems an impression that crime is on the increase, and the power of the Police to cope with it steadily on the decrease. My own experience is far too short to enable me to express an opinion on the subject. The force already said to be too weak will, moreover, unfortunately have to be still further weakened, as, owing to the operation of the new District Municipal Act, the total cost of the existing Police establishment will have to be reduced by about Rs. 1,400 monthly, being the difference between what the municipalites used to pay for Police purposes under the old law and that which they can be legally called upon to pay under Bombay Act VI. of 1873. Government are unable, as was stated in Government Resolution No. 3085 of 27th May 1879, to make up this difference, and the Police must, consequently, be proportionately reduced. A considerable number had been already reduced by the abolition of minor municipalities, 43 men in the Kurrachee District alone being discharged on this account. In addition to these serious reductions, a recent order on the part of Government seems to indicate that the railway contribution to the cost of Police will be reduced, thus placing an additional strain on the resources of the regular District Police. The effect of all these reductions may be most serious, and the tendency which many influential Jamíndárs and men of local position now show to side with breakers of the law, and to be in league with cattle-lifters and robbers of all descriptions, or to remain passive, may be expected to develop itself in still more startling proportions. In spite, then, of what I have said regarding the numbers of the

force as compared with other districts, I am compelled to believe that, owing to the large area of districts in Sind, the absence of Village Police, and the character of the people, the present force is hardly sufficient, and certainly cannot bear any further reduction.

32. Owing to the many calls upon the Police, no time can be spared to educate the men composing the force, or even to drill them; the pressure of work, combined with the meagre pay (as compared with the greatly enhanced price of all grain) which they receive, has a tendency to render men indifferent to dismissal, and anxious only to make the most out of their service while in Government employ.

33. There is, too, another circumstance that must not be overlooked, namely, the opening of the railway; and the fact that Sind contains one of the high roads towards countries now newly opened for trade, will have a tendency to increase traffic, and to attract men of all sorts from different parts, many of whom will be prone to crime. Under ordinary circumstances such a state of things, combined with a long duration of distress and an increasing amount of crime, would have called imperatively for an increase in the Police force; and that this should be the time at which a large reduction should have been decided upon, is, to say the least, unfortunate. On the whole, the prospect for the future can hardly be said to be encouraging.

34. The number of men in the force has increased from 4,273 in 1877 to 4,339 in 1878. 232 officers and 541 men are able to read and write. In the previous year the numbers were 228 and 430. Owing to the Police being hard-worked, and to the strength of the Police being barely sufficient, it has been found impossible to devote as much time to education as could have been wished. The force is very backward in this respect as a whole, as the following statement shows:—

Districts.	Number of Men.	Able to read and write.		Percentage.
		Officers.	Men.	
Kurrachee .. .. .	1,523	94	216	20
Hyderabad .. .. .	882	57	195	25
Bhikárpur .. .. .	1,192	70	112	15
Upper Sind Frontier .. .. .	251	3	6	8
Thar and Párkhar .. .. .	491	8	42	10
Total .. .. .	4,339	232	541	17

35. From the figures given below, the number of cases of suicide and of accidental deaths can be gathered. The number of suicides has decreased from 50 to 34; while, at the same time, the number of accidental deaths has increased from 812 to 1,215:—

Districts.	Suicides.		Accidental Deaths.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Kurrachee .. .. .	12	9	804	857
Hyderabad .. .. .	8	3	231	277
Bhikárpur .. .. .	26	15	190	237
Upper Sind Frontier .. .. .	.. .. .	3	.. .. .	59
Thar and Párkhar .. .. .	3	6	57	65
Total .. .. .	50	34	812	1,215

• Not given for 1877.

36. The statement of dismissals and resignations from the Police is appended, and contains all the required information. I also add, in Part II., the usual abstracts of the district reports.

37. It only remains now to notice the activity displayed by the Superintendents of Police in themselves proceeding to the scene of any serious crime.

The following abstract gives the details submitted by the Superintendents:—

Districts	Cases entered in Returns.	Number visited at once.	Number not visited.	Remarks
Kurrachee .. .. .	10	9	1	1 visited after some days
Hyderabad .. .. .	27	1	26	1 do do
Shikarpur .. .. .	43	2	41	2 do do

38. The above figures exhibit a marked contrast with those of the Presidency proper, where Superintendents of Police, as a rule, proceed at once to the scene of any really serious crime. To do so in Sind seems quite the exception. This is, I think, to be regretted, as the presence of the Superintendent not only encourages his subordinates, who working immediately under his eye know that any good service they may do, or detective ability they may display, will be known by their Superintendent, but it also renders the Police more zealous, and at the same time acts as a wholesome check on overzeal, which, unfortunately in every part of India, is apt to develop into abuse of power. In a large district like Kurrachee, before the railway was finished, to have visited outlying localities would have been almost impossible; but I do not see why it should be now, and I see no reason whatever why the Superintendents at Hyderabad and Shikarpur should not move about as actively as the Superintendents at Ahmedabad or other districts in Gujarát.

I have the honour to be,

Honourable Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. N. B. ERSKINE,

Acting Commissioner in Sind.

## PART II.

### ABSTRACT OF SUPERINTENDENTS' REPORTS.

#### KURRACHEE.

##### Statistics.

1. Area .. .. .	14,092 square miles.
Population .. .. .	420,722
Strength of Police on 1st January 1879, exclusive of Frontier Police .. .. .	1,423
Police to Area .. .. .	1 to 9.00
Police to Population .. .. .	1 to 299.87

	Cognizable.	Non-cognizable.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during 1878 ..	2,975	2,007	4,982
Proportion of crime to area in miles .. .. .	1 to 4.73	1 to 4.56	1 to 4.64
do. do. population .. .. .	1 to 143.43	1 to 147.79	1 to 145.61

2. Major Simpson was in charge from 1st to 20th January, Major Wise from 21st January to 15th March, Mr. Alexander from 16th March to 2nd September, and Mr. Giertzen from 3rd September during the rest of the year, with Mr. Alexander as Assistant.

3. Two hundred and eleven men and 32 officers were punished departmentally, and 16 men and 2 officers were dealt with judicially, against 155 and 18 in 1877.



4. The Town Police lines are in good order; those of the armed Police are very old. The smaller outposts in the district were nearly all destroyed by heavy rain and flood last year. Barrack Accommodation. The amount allotted for petty construction and repairs will be employed in repairing and re-building the outposts.

5. There were 2,975 cognizable cases against 2,646 in 1877, and of non-cognizable cases 2,897 against 2,863, the total of both being 5,872; while in 1877 the number was only 5,509, being an increase of 363 cases. Fluctuation of Crime.

6. There were 9 murder cases during the year against 4 in 1877, the details of which are given below:— Particulars of Heinous Offences.

- (1.) A woman was suspected to have been killed by her father-in-law; two years previously her paramour had been murdered in the same village in the Sehwan Táluka. Punitive Police were established at the village; but, within a month after the withdrawal of the post, the woman above mentioned died suddenly. The Apothecary at Sehwan was of opinion that she had been strangled, but no proof was forthcoming against any one.
- (2.) At Kotri a Pathan cut the throat of a woman who had left him to live with another man; he was sentenced to death on conviction.
- (3.) At Kurrachee a child, three years old, was poisoned with arsenic out of enmity against the father, who gave evidence against the perpetrator of the crime on a former occasion. The evidence against the accused proved insufficient, and the accused was acquitted by the Sessions Court.
- (4.) At Mogulbhind a woman killed her husband, while asleep, with an axe. She appears to have been ill-treated by her husband, who also threatened to kill her and her child. She was sentenced to transportation for life.
- (5.) In the Mirpur Batoro Táluka a man killed his wife by throwing her into a canal. The deceased had refused to live with her husband, preferring to stay with her mother; he was convicted and sentenced to death.
- (6.) At a small village in the Mirpur Sákro Táluka a man killed his wife at the instigation of his second wife; he was sentenced to death, and his accomplice to four years' rigorous imprisonment.
- (7.) On the 13th October last, a woman with her uncle, a man sixty years old, went to Jhimpio to buy grain: their path lay through the hilly part of the Jerruck Táluka, and, on returning, they were met by a man who savagely attacked them with his hatchet, and killed them both. He was actuated by jealousy, the woman having left him to live with another. The accused took from their persons property, worth Rs. 66, which was recovered. His motive for killing the old man was that he struck him with a stick. The accused was convicted and sentenced to death.
- (8.) In the Mirpur Batoro Táluka a woman, instigated by her paramour, poisoned her husband. The man was hanged, and the woman, a girl of fourteen years, was transported for life.
- (9.) In táluka Bula Khán a man was attacked by some Khosas and Powhars, and killed by a blow over the neck. The motive for the attack was enmity. The accused, five in number, were transported for life.

*Culpable homicide not amounting to murder.*—7. There was only one case in which 4 prisoners were concerned. Two men in Tando Rahim Khán carried off cattle to the pound. The owners attacked them with sticks, from the effects of which one died the next day. Of the 4 prisoners concerned, 3 were acquitted, and the fourth died before the trial commenced.

8. The Arms Act was in force during the year: 16 muskets and 6 swords were confiscated during the year.

## HYDERABAD.

## Statistics.

9. Area in square miles	...	...	...	3,053
Population	...	...	...	721,947
Strength of Police on 1st January 1879	...	...	...	882
Police to Area	...	...	...	1 to 1026
Police to Population	...	...	...	1 to 818 53

	Cognizable	Non-cognizable	Total
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878	3,327	1,419	4,746
Proportion of crime to area in miles	1 to 274	1 to 221	1 to 126
Do. do. population	1 to 216 90	1 to 509 60	1 to 126 90

10. Mr. Henderson from 1st to 22nd January 1878, Captain Simpson from 23rd January to 17th April 1878, Mr. Inspector Woodward from 18th April to 15th May 1878, Mr. McIver from 16th May to end of the year.

11. The conduct of the Police was good. There were 27 dismissals during the year; 122 were punished departmentally and 9 judicially. The contrast between the number of punishments awarded in this district and in Kurrachee is very marked, and seems either to indicate that the men comprising the force at Hyderabad are much better, or that a more lenient system prevails.

12. The heavy rain-fall in July and August caused considerable damage to Barrack Accommodation. Police buildings. They have been put in order from the allotment for petty construction and repairs.

13. There were 3,327 cognizable cases and 1,419 non-cognizable cases, giving an aggregate of 4,746. There is an increase, in Fluctuations of Crime. both classes of offences, from 4,011 to 4,746, or 435 more.

14. There were 14 murder cases during the year, which were all detected. This gives an increase of 6 compared with the previous year. In 8 cases convictions were obtained, and the offenders were executed or transported. One committed suicide by drowning, one died in the Lunatic Asylum, one was shot and died a few hours after; two cases were pending at the end of the year, of which one is an inmate of the Lunatic Asylum, and in the 14th case the offenders were acquitted by the Court of Sessions. The details of the above are briefly recorded:—

- (1.) A man killed the paramour of his wife with an axe, for which he was transported for life.
- (2.) A man through jealousy killed his wife with an axe, and was hanged on conviction.
- (3.) A man killed his mother for an adulterous intrigue, and was transported for life.
- (4.) One man cut the throat of another, abetted by 2 others. The murderer was executed, and the abettors released.
- (5.) The husband and male relations suspected a young woman of an intrigue, and selected a young man to cut her throat with a razor while asleep. Two women, on the night of the murder, were asleep on the floor, and the wrong girl was killed. The mistake was discovered the next day, the aunt having been killed instead of the young girl. The accused was hanged.
- (6.) A woman, who left her husband to live with her paramour, had her skull severed with an axe. The murderer was hanged.
- (7.) A young man was detained on suspicion of being concerned in a case of theft. The Constable, who was investigating the case, went off to a neighbouring village to ask a Pagi to compare the footprints on the spot with the accused's feet, and a Sowár went to bathe in a canal close by, leaving his sword on the bank. The complainants and their women taunted the accused, and threatened to get him convicted, and during his imprisonment to get his betrothed married to another.

Under such irritation he seized the Sowár's sword, and attacked two women and a boy, who died from their wounds. He then attacked the Sowár, whom he slightly wounded. The murderer was hanged.

- (8.) A mother ripped open the abdomen of her young child with a razor at the instigation of her paramour, whom she had to accompany to another village. She said her paramour did not wish to be burdened with the child. She was sentenced to death. The evidence against the paramour was not sufficient to commit the case to the Sessions.
  - (9.) In this case the deceased quarrelled with his servant on some domestic matter, and discharged him. At night he invaded the master's house, and fractured his skull, and severely injured his two sons, and then committed suicide by drowning himself.
  - (10.) A man attacked a Bania who was asleep, and by blows with a stick caused his death in a few hours. The offender was found to be of unsound mind, and subsequently died in the Lunatic Asylum.
  - (11.) A private of the 1st Biluch Regiment at Hyderabad, having failed to induce a woman to become his mistress, proceeded at dawn to her house with rifle and ammunition, and shot her dead. He then fired at every person he met on the Gidio Bandar road, killing 9 and wounding 3 persons. Lieutenant Sinclair, the Adjutant of his regiment, went after him, and called upon the murderer to surrender; but, as he refused to do so, he shot him with his rifle, and the murderer died from his wounds in a few hours.
  - (12.) A woman deserted one paramour to live with another. The former, being unable to induce her to return to him, was assisted by a friend in attacking the woman and her second paramour while they were asleep. The man died; the woman was also hurt. The case was pending trial at the end of the year.
  - (13.) A man killed a fákir, while asleep, by fracturing his skull with a club. He had been seven years previously in the Lunatic Asylum. He has had a relapse of insanity, and has again been placed in the Lunatic Asylum.
  - (14.) Four men of one tribe attacked a man of another, and killed him with sticks, kicks and blows. A blood feud existed between the tribes, and the murder was committed in reprisal. During the trial the witnesses varied in their statements, and the accused were acquitted by the Court of Sessions.
15. There were 6 cases of culpable homicide and of causing death, in all of which convictions were obtained :—
- (1.) A man detected his wife sleeping with another. He attacked both parties, killed his wife, and severely injured her paramour. He was convicted, and sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.
  - (2.) A Bania disputed the price of grass with a Marwari. He killed him with an axe. The offender was sentenced to two months' imprisonment by the Sessions Court, but the sentence was enhanced by the Sadar Court to seven years' rigorous imprisonment.
  - (3.) Some bullocks strayed into a field. The owner of the field and of the bullocks quarrelled. In the affray the latter was killed. The accused was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200.
  - (4.) A man suspected his wife of infidelity. He struck and kicked her in the abdomen, and she died. He was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.
  - (5.) A woman suffering from spleen disease was unable to cook her husband's food, he kicked her on the spleen, and she died. He was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.
  - (6.) A man quarrelled with his wife about the manner in which she cooked his food. He kicked her, and ruptured her spleen, and she died. He was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

16. One case of attempt at murder was reported, in which the offender was transported for life.

17. Under the Arms Act, 659 licenses were granted during the year, 15 being for the manufacture and sale of arms and ammunition and 644 to carry arms.

### SHIKARPUR.

#### Statistics.

18. Area ... ..	8,809 square miles.
Population .. ..	776,227
Strength of Police on 1st January 1879 .. ..	1,192
Police to Area ... ..	1 to 7,399
Police to Population ... ..	1 to 651.19

	Cognizable.	Non-cognizable.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year .. ..	2,598	1,649	4,247
Proportion of crime to area in miles .. ..	1 to 2,977	1 to 5,344	1 to 3,174
Do. do. population .. ..	1 to 234.79	1 to 470.78	1 to 131.09

19. Mr. Duggan from 1st January to 2nd July, Mr. FitzGerald from 3rd July to 17th August, Mr. Duggan from 18th August to 6th November, Mr. Henderson from 7th November to the end of the year.

20. Four officers and 67 men were dismissed for various causes; 17 constables were punished magisterially; and 40 officers and 134 men were fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.

21. The Police buildings are in good order. A sufficient sum for petty construction and repairs has been allotted and utilized.

22. The number of cognizable cases was 3,292 and non-cognizable 1,649, total 4,941, against 3,093, 1,993, 5,086 in 1877; the decrease is 145 cases.

23. There were 17 cases of murder, of which 3 were pending at the close of 1877:—

- (1.) A man killed another during a quarrel by striking him on the head with a pestle; he and two others were tried by the Sessions Court. The man who struck the blow was sentenced to ten years' transportation; the two others were discharged.
- (2.) A man killed his cousin, eight years old, with an axe in a fit of anger; he was sentenced to death; but, on appeal, the sentence was commuted to transportation for life.
- (3.) A man discovered his son's betrothed with another man, and killed her on the spot; he was hanged.
- (4.) A man shot another through enmity; he was sentenced to death, but, on appeal, the Sadar Court discharged him.
- (5.) Four men attacked another who was suspected of an intrigue with the daughter-in-law of one of them; he was beaten to death in a cattle-shed. They were severally sentenced to death; but, on appeal, the Sadar Court commuted the sentence to transportation for life.
- (6.) A man killed a woman with an axe through jealousy; he was hanged.
- (7.) The dead body of a woman was found lying on the banks of a canal with a rope round her neck and ornaments missing from her person. Two men were committed to the Session, where the case was pending at the close of the year.

- (8.) A man, returning home, found his wife in company with another man ; he killed her paramour on the spot with his sword, and wounded his wife. He was sentenced to 2½ years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Court ; but, on revision of the sentence by the Sadar Court, the prisoner was hanged.
- (9.) Four of the relatives of a woman discovered her in company with a man ; they beat him to death with sticks, and threw his body into a canal. They were all discharged by the Sessions Court, the evidence being insufficient.
- (10.) A man was poisoned with arsenic by the paramour of his wife under pretence of administering medicine. The man died. Three persons were arrested: one turned Queen's evidence ; the two other were committed to the Sessions, where the case is pending.
- (11.) A man killed his wife with an axe from jealousy ; he was transported for life.
- (12.) A man, suspecting his wife of carrying on an intrigue, killed her with an axe. The case is awaiting trial before the Court of Sessions.
- (13.) The dead body of a woman was found floating in a well with her feet and hands bound, and a stone attached to her person. The body was much emaciated, but no external marks of violence were visible. After examination by the Civil Surgeon he was of opinion that she had been poisoned : a portion of the internal organs was sent to the Chemical Analyser, Bombay. The son of the deceased was arrested on suspicion, and the case is pending before the Sessions Court.
- (14.) The brother-in-law of a woman, instigated by her husband, murdered her, and was arrested as well as the husband and another woman suspected of being an accomplice. The case was pending before the Magistrate at the close of the year.
24. There were 3 cases of attempt at murder, of which, in one, conviction was obtained ; the second was discharged, and the third is pending trial before the Sessions Court.
25. There were 5 cases of culpable homicide, of which 3 were convicted and 2 discharged.
26. The Arms Act was in force during the year ; but no information regarding the number of licenses issued to carry arms or to manufacture and sell, has been recorded in the Police Superintendent's report. Similar information was omitted in his report of the preceding year.

### THAR AND PARKAR.

#### Statistics.

27. Area in square miles...	...	...	...	12,729
Population	...	...	...	180,761
Strength of Police on 1st January 1879	...	...	...	491
Police to Area	...	...	...	1 to 25.92
Police to Population...	...	...	...	1 to 368.14

	Cognizable.	Non-cognizable.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1878			
Proportion of crime to area in miles	643	177	820
do. do. population	1 to 19.79	1 to 71.91	1 to 15.62
	1 to 281.14	1 to 1,021.24	1 to 230.44

28. Major Crawford from 1st January to 24th August, Captain A. H. Mayhew from 25th August to 24th November 1878,  
 Officers in charge. Major Crawford from 25th November to end of the year.

29. One officer and 11 men were dismissed; while, in the preceding year, 2 officers and 12 men were similarly punished. Three officers and 43 men were dealt with departmentally, while 10 were punished magisterially.

30. The Police station buildings are in tolerably good order: some were completely washed away by the floods last year; others, which were injured, have been repaired. The question of building new Police lines has been deferred, for the present, on financial grounds.

31. There were 643 cognizable and 177 non-cognizable cases, or a total of 820; last year the total was 610, the increase being 210 cases.

Particulars of Heinous Offences. 32. There were 4 cases of murder against the same number last year:—

(1.) Three men waylaid a goatherd, and after cutting his throat robbed him. By mistake the case was reported on, last year, as having been tried and disposed of, whereas the case was pending trial at the close of the year, and the results reported in 1877 belong to the year under report.

(2.) A Bania, who had recently married, went with his wife to visit her family; on their return the ornaments about her person roused the cupidity of a Rajput of her village, who had known her from childhood. At the half way of the village he selected an accomplice, another Rajput, and then murdered the Bania and his wife, stripped them of all they possessed, and buried the corpses in the sand-hills. Their absence from home caused search to be made, and a little boy perceived some portion of a human body protruding from a desolate part of the sand-hills. The Police took up the tracks of a man for a few miles, and at the village demanded the production of the man to whom the foot-marks belonged; he was found to be absent, grazing camels. He was sent for, and, recognizing his foot-marks, the man confessed having committed the murder, and named his accomplice, the instigator of the deed. Subsequently they described the particulars of the occurrence, and showed where the plunder had been concealed; they were both convicted by the Session Court and hanged.

(3.) A man, living in the desert, fell out with his wife for alleged infidelity, as she had given some of her ornaments to her paramour. The husband turned her away, and she sought refuge in the house of an acquaintance; subsequently he went to bring her home again on the plea that he was willing to take her back. Soon after, the woman's body was found in a tank, and he admitted that he had thrown her in: the accused was sentenced to death.

(4.) A Mehmon left his home to purchase cattle skins. He was traced to Umarkot, and then disappeared. A man of the Abro tribe, who had promised to sell him some skins, was last seen with him. After search had been made some bones were found in the flood-water. The statements of 3 persons, directly implicating the Abro with an alleged accomplice, were taken, and the case committed to the Sessions, but the case is not a clear one.

33. There were no cases of culpable homicide.

34. The Arms Act and Arms Continuance Act worked well; 239 licences to carry arms for sporting purposes were granted, and 179 for purposes of temporary protection.

### FRONTIER, UPPER SIND.

#### Statistics.

35. Area ...	...	...	...	2,177 square miles.
Population ...	...	...	...	95,544
Strength of the Police on 1st January 1879	...	...	...	251
Police to Area ...	...	...	...	1 to 1567
Police to Population	...	...	...	1 to 350 81

	Cognizable.	Non-cognizable.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year..	440	78	518
Proportion of crime to area in miles .. .. .	1 to 4.94	1 to 27.60	1 to 4.20
Do. do. population .. .. .	1 to 217.23	1 to 1,325.43	1 to 184.52

36. Colonel Nuttall, Superintendent and Commandant on the Frontier, held charge of the Police from 1st January to 20th November 1878. Mr. Bolton acted as Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier, from 21st November 1878 to end of December 1878.

Officers in charge. 37. No remarks have been made against the conduct of the Police during the year.

Conduct of the Force. 38. No expenditure has been incurred during the year on Police buildings.

Barrack Accommodation. 39. There were 440 cases of cognizable and 78 of non-cognizable crime committed during the year, giving a total of 518 against 483 in the previous year.

Fluctuations of Crime. 40. There was one case of murder during the year. A watchman, in the employ of a shopkeeper at Mirpur, was strangled to death while asleep before the shop on which he was on duty. A man was arrested on suspicion, but no evidence was forthcoming.

Particulars of Heinous Offences. 41. There was one case of attempt to commit murder. A man fired a carbine at 2 men and his mother, wounding the latter only; he was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment. And a case of dacoity in which a number of cattle-dealers were attacked by a gang of armed men, about 20 in number. Rs. 702, mostly in cash, were taken from them, and one man was murdered. Seven men were arrested through the agency of Shahbaz Khan, and handed over to the Deputy Commissioner, Dhera Ghazi Khan.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

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STATEMENT A.

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STATEMENT A.

PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.							PERSONS.										PROPERTY.									
			4	5	Investigated.			9	9b	Number Arrested.			13	14	15	Acquitted or Discharged after Trial.		19	Number pending at end of year.		24	25	26	27					
					6	7	8			10	10a	10b				11	12		16	17					20	21	22	23	
1	2	3	Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	By Police suo motu.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 89 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which Conviction was obtained.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year in which the accused persons are either in the custody of the Police, on bail, under trial before a Magistrate, or committed to the Court of Sessions.	Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Column 7 and 9).	Died, escaped, or transferred before Trial.	Released by Magistrate without Trial.	Number actually put on Trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of Trial.	In custody of Police.	On Bail.	Under Trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of Cases in which Property was Stolen.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Amount of Property Stolen.	Amount of Property Recovered.
<b>KURRACHEE.</b>																													
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																													
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments .. .. .	2	1	3	..	..	..	2	2	2	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 239, 240 to 263, 497 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216 .. .. .	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 229	Other offences against public justice .. .. .	11	1	12	..	..	19	1	1	1	11	..	..	..	11	1	..	..	11	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	143 to 163, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	11	1	11	..	1	12	9	9	9	80	7	..	21	75	1	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .			26	3	29	1	..	22	3	12	12	95	7	..	22	88	2	..	86	..	..	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																													
8	Murder by thugs .. .. .		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	" dacoits .. .. .		..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	" robbers .. .. .		1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	" poisoners .. .. .		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	Other murders .. .. .		6	1	7	..	..	6	3	3	3	5	..	..	..	8	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307 .. .. .	Attempts at murder .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308 .. .. .	Culpable homicide .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	304a .. .. .	Causing death by rash or negligent act .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	376 .. .. .	Rape .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	377 .. .. .	Unnatural offences .. .. .	2	..	2	..	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	317, 318 .. .. .	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	305, 305, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .. .	14	..	14	..	..	8	..	..	..	14	..	6	8	8	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt .. .. .	9	..	9	..	..	9	..	..	..	13	..	1	12	1	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	329	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .. .	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	374 .. .. .	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	12	..	12	..	..	11	..	..	..	20	..	2	18	3	..	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	343 to 349	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	371	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	353, 354, 356, 367	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30	335	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	85	2	86	..	1	21	9	9	9	69	1	..	23	49	6	..	43	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .			50	3	57	1	..	50	6	6	6	136	1	..	31	104	11	..	93	..	..	11	1	..	..	..	..	..	..



**STATEMENT A—continued.**  
**PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.**

1	2	3	CASES.							PERSONS.										PROPERTY.										
			4	5	Investigated.			9	9a	Number Arrested.					13	14	15	Acquit- ted or Discharg- ed after Trial.		18	19	Number pending at end of year.			24	25	26	27		
					6	7	8			10a	10b	11	12	16				17	20			21	22	23						
Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	By Police <i>suo motu</i> .	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 49 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which Conviction was obtained.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year in which the accused persons are either in the custody of the Police, on bail, under trial before a Magistrate, or committed to the Court of Sessions.	Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).	Died, escaped or transferred before Trial.	Released by Magistrate without Trial.	Number actually put on Trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of— <i>a. b.</i> , died, &c., after commencement of Trial.	In custody of Police.	On Bail.	Under Trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of Cases in which Property was Stolen.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Amount of Property Stolen.	Amount of Property Recovered.	
<b>HYDERABAD.</b>																														
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety, and Justice.</b>																														
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive enactments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rs.	Rs.	
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 259, 290 to 293, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	212, 216 ..	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice ..	29	3	31	..	..	20	..	..	..	41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Kidning or unlawful assembly .. .. .	6	1	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	36	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Persuading public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	37	3	38	2	..	24	4	8	8	80	10	..	2	91	45	..	46	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																														
8	302, 303, 306 ..	Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13		307 ..	Attempts at murder .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		304, 308 ..	Culpable homicide .. .. .	4	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14a		304a ..	Causing death by negligence .. .. .	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		376 ..	Rape .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16		377 ..	Unnatural offences .. .. .	4	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		317, 318 ..	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18		305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .. .	5	..	5	..	..	2	..	..	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19		329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20		325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt .. .. .	4	1	5	..	..	4	..	1	..	12	..	..	..	13	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21		328 ..	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22		327, 330, 333 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession .. .. .	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23		324 ..	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	1	1	2	..	..	4	..	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24		303 to 305 ..	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25		316 to 318 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373 ..	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	371 ..	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine .. .. .	29	3	31	..	..	19	5	1	..	66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	335 ..	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	75	4	79	..	..	49	9	3	3	143	1	..	9	117	46	4	66	1	..	..	20	1	..	..	..	..	..	



STATEMENT A—continued.  
PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.						PERSONS.										PROPERTY.										
			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Number Arrested.			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
										Investigated.	Number of Cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which Conviction was obtained.	Pending at end of last year.																Received by Transfer.	Total.
<b>SHIKARPUR.</b>																													
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.</b>																													
1a		115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code																											
1		181 to 186, 188																											
2		281 to 289, 290 to 293, 407 and 471																											
3		312, 314																											
4		324 to 326																											
5		143 to 145, 157, 158																											
6		140, 170, 171																											
		Total	50	2	53	9		30	1	8	8	170	56		100	124	38		36				10						
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																													
8		Murder by thugs																											
9		"    dacoits																											
10		303, 303, 306																											
11		"    robbers																											
12		"    poisons																											
13		Other murders	13	1	15							24							20										
14		307																											
15		304, 308																											
16a		304a																											
16		376																											
17		377																											
18		317, 319																											
19		304, 306, 309																											
20		329, 331, 333																											
21		325, 326, 324																											
22		323																											
23		327, 330, 329																											
24		374																											
25		363 to 369																											
26		372, 373																											
27		371																											
28		363, 364, 366, 367																											
29		328																											
		Total	25	4	26	3	1	13	3	11	11	49	17		23	52	28		24			3							



STATEMENT A—continued,  
PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.								PERSONS.										PROPERTY.									
			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.	By Police and notes.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 63 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police have refused to inquire.	Number of Cases in Columns 4 to 8 in which Conviction was obtained.	Number of Cases in Column 9 in which Conviction was obtained.	Number of Cases in Column 10, remaining at the close of the year in which the accused persons are either in the custody of the Police, on bail, under trial before a Magistrate, or committed to the Court of Sessions.	Pending at end of last year.	Received by Transfer.	Total.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).	Died, escaped, or transferred before Trial.	Released by Magistrate without Trial.	Number actually put on Trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Other view disposed of—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of Trial.	In custody of Police.	On Bail.	Under Trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of Cases in which Property was Stolen.	Number of Cases in which Property was Recovered.	Amount of Property Stolen.	Amount of Property Recovered.
<b>THAR AND PARKAR</b>																														
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice</i>																														
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138.	Offences relating to Army and Navy..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 244, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216.	Harbouring an offender..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 229.	Other offences against public justice ..	16	..	16	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	148 to 163, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	140, 170, 171.	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b> .. .. .			19	..	19	..	..	13	4	..	..	..	33	..	..	..	9	20	..	..	20	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																														
8	..	Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	..	"    "    "    ducoits .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 306..	"    "    "    robbers .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	..	"    "    "    poisons .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	..	Other murders .. .. .	2	1	4	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307 .. .. .	Attempts at murder .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308 .. .. .	Culpable homicide .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376 .. .. .	Rape .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377 .. .. .	Unnatural offences .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 319 .. .. .	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth, ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 .. .. .	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide .. .. .	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 343 .. .. .	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 .. .. .	property or confession .. .. .	5	..	5	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	328 .. .. .	Grievous hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 .. .. .	Administering stupefying drugs to cause ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324 .. .. .	hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	324 .. .. .	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	324 .. .. .	confession .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	324 .. .. .	Hurt by dangerous weapon .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	343 to 349 .. .. .	Kidnapping or abduction .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	346 to 348 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	372, 373 .. .. .	or for purposes of extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30	373, 373 .. .. .	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	371 .. .. .	woman for prostitution .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	371 .. .. .	Habitually dealing in slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	353, 354, 356, 357 .. .. .	Criminal force to public servant or woman, ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34	358 .. .. .	or an attempt to commit theft or wrong- ..	5	..	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35	358 .. .. .	fully confine .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36	358 .. .. .	Rash act causing grievous hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b> .. .. .			19	1	18	..	..	13	3	3	..	..	27	2	..	..	3	25	5	2	18	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..





**STATEMENT A—continued.**  
**PART I.—COGNIZABLE CRIME—concluded.**

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	CASES.								PERSONS.								PROPERTY.									
			4	5	Investigated.			9	10	Number Arrested.*			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Number pending at end of year.		24	25	26	27			
					6	7	8			10a	10b	11								12	20					21		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10a	10b	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
<b>FRONTIER, UPPER SIND.</b>																												
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</b>																												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments ..																										
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy																										
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes																										
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender																										
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	10		9							5																
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	4		4							15																
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1		1							1																
		<b>Total</b>	15		14		1	5	1	1	1	21	1		5	17			17				1					
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>																												
8		Murder by thugs ..																										
9		" dacoits ..																										
10	302, 303, 306	" robbers ..																										
11		" poisons ..																										
12		Other murders ..	1	3	4																							
13	307	Attempts at murder	1		1																							
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide																										
15	376	Rape ..																										
16	377	Unnatural offences																										
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth																										
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	1		1			1				1							1									
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession																										
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	1		1							7																
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt																										
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1		1																							
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	13	1	13							21	4	1	2	24	8		16									
24	303 to 309	Kidnapping or abduction	2		1			2				1																
25	345 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion																										
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	2	1																								
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves																										
28	353, 354, 355, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	6		6			2				16		1	4	11			10									
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt																										
		<b>Total</b>	27	5	28		4	11	3	7	7	68	14	9	23	41	10	1	29	1			7		1		29	



STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crimes, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Cases pending at the end of 1877.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons pending at end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>KURRACHEE.</b>											
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>											
1a	118, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
1	121 to 120, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
2	127	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 218 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 431 to 434	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
6	405 to 417	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
7	244 to 247	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
		<b>Total</b>	6	..	..	7	8	4			..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>											
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
		<b>Total</b>	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>											
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>											
13	323	Hurt	1	..	..	1	..	1			..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	6	8	1			..
15	351, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
		<b>Total</b>	4	..	..	7	8	2			..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating	2	1	..	2	1	..	12 8 0	..	1
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	10	..	..	12	6	6	28 4 0	28 4 0	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	420 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	2	..	..	9	6	3	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b>	15	1	..	23	13	9	40 12 0	28 4 0	1
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>											
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	11	..	..	24	20	4	..	..	..
21	308	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 427	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510	Intimidation and insult	54	1	..	105	72	29	..	..	3
25	371 to 376, 378, 384, 387, 388, 390	Public and local nuisances	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 15, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	3	..	..	4	8	1	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b>	69	1	..	132	95	35	..	..	3
		<b>Grand Total</b>	92	2	..	160	116	60	40 12 0	28 4 0	3
<b>HYDERABAD.</b>											
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>											
1a	118, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
1	121 to 120, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
2	127	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 218 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 431 to 434	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
6	405 to 417	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
7	244 to 247	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..			..
		<b>Total</b>	6	1	..	7	2	3	75 11 0	75 11 0	1
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>											
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b>	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>											
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	..	..	1	1	..	2 0 0	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>											
13	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	351, 355, 358	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b>	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating	4	..	..	6	2	4	60 0 0	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	29	1	..	41	12	28	721 0 0	695 0 0	1
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	420 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	2	..	..	10	3	7	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b>	41	1	..	57	17	39	781 0 0	695 0 0	1
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>											
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	3	..	..	9	3	1	..	..	..
21	308	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 427	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 508 to 510	Intimidation and insult	3	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..
25	371 to 376, 378, 384, 387, 388, 390	Public and local nuisances	4	..	..	4	2	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 15, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b>	11	..	..	21	4	7	..	..	..
		<b>Grand Total</b>	60	2	..	77	24	50	856 11 0	770 11 0	2

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME	Number of Cases which have been completed	Number of Persons Prosecuted or sent to Jail	Number of Persons Arraigned or Sent to Jail	Number of Persons Acquitted	Number of Persons Convicted for Property Stolen (by Police or other agencies)	Property Stolen		Number of Persons who have been convicted for the crime	Number of Persons who have been convicted for the crime
								Rs.	P.		
<b>SHIKARPUR.</b>											
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</b>											
10	118, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	21 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	187	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	173 to 180, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 233	Offences against public justice	20	20	17	3	..	..	..	..	..
14	161 to 168, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	193 to 200, 206 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	21	21	15	6	..	..	..	..	..
16	468 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	48 to 499	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			<b>58</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>9</b>					
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>											
10	312 to 319	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>											
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>											
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>											
13	328	Harassment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	364, 365, 368	Criminal force	691	708	592	116	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			<b>691</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>592</b>	<b>116</b>					
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating	31	32	24	8	200 15 0	30 0 0	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	6	7	5	1	200 15 0	30 0 0	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	4	4	3	1	771 0 0	241 0 0	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	56	1	164	128	60 0 0	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			<b>130</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>2,100 0 0</b>	<b>1,970 0 0</b>			
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>											
20	483 to 486	Offences relating to marriages	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	399	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	429 to 432	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and threats	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 19, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			<b>100</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>2,100 0 0</b>	<b>1,970 0 0</b>			
<b>Grand Total</b>			<b>698</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>1,298</b>	<b>1,041</b>	<b>2,400 0 0</b>	<b>2,000 0 0</b>			
<b>THAR AND PARKAR.</b>											
<b>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</b>											
10	118, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	21 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	187	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	173 to 180, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 233	Offences against public justice	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	161 to 168, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	193 to 200, 206 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	468 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	48 to 499	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>19</b>					
<b>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</b>											
10	312 to 319	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>											
<b>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</b>											
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</b>											
13	328	Harassment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	364, 365, 368	Criminal force	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>											
<b>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</b>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,771 0 0</b>	<b>2,200 0 0</b>			
<b>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</b>											
20	483 to 486	Offences relating to marriages	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	399	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	429 to 432	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and threats	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 19, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total</b>			<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>					
<b>Grand Total</b>			<b>78</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>2,771 0 0</b>	<b>2,200 0 0</b>			

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons pending at end of 1877.	Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Rs.	
										Number of Persons pending at end of 1878.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>FRONTIER, UPPER SIND.</b>											
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>											
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code .. .. .	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 218 to 215, 227, 293 .. .. .	Offences against public justice .. .. .	3	..	4	3	2	..	..	..	..
14	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	163 to 209, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424 .. .. .	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	405 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	204 to 207 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	422 to 429 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 154 to 160, 100 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			8	..	10	4	6	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>											
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>											
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>											
13	823 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	845 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 359 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	2	..	3	1	2	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			2	..	3	1	2	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>											
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	4	8	3	2	4	24	24	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	22	..	30	16	13	505	495	1	..
18	409 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	420 to 429, 434 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			27	8	34	18	18	529	519	1	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>											
20	408 to 408 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	2	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..
21	208 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 402 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 505 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 298, 290 .. .. .	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			4	1	3	2	2	..	..	..	..
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			41	4	50	25	28	529	519	1	..

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Cases taken up by Magistrates without the intervention of the Police, and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Cases pending at end of year.	Number of Cases pending at end of year.	Number of Cases Arrived at Court.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons who were fined or imprisoned.	Property Recovered.	Property Recovered.	Value of Property Recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>KURRACHEE.</b>											
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>											
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 212 to 215, 227, 235	Offences against public justice .. .. .	15	..	..	14	7	9	..	..	..
5	181 to 189, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants .. .. .	7	..	..	7	3	4	..	..	..
6	193 to 200, 206 to 211, 222, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	11	3	..	15	7	8	..	..	..
7	445 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	3	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
8	244 to 247	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	6	..	..	6	4	2	..	..	..
9	442 to 449	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	15	..	..	17	27	12	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>56</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>											
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>											
12	334 to 339	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>											
13	323	Hurt .. .. .	154	6	..	235	176	164	..	..	15
14	345	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	8	..	..	8	8	..	..	..	..
15	352, 353, 358	Criminal force .. .. .	206	8	..	241	205	93	..	..	11
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>479</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>977</b>	<b>713</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>77</b>
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating .. .. .	20	3	..	37	27	14	100 0 0	601 0 0	8
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	31	8	..	34	24	14	142 0 0	601 0 0	8
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	118	25	..	199	94	73	6 16 0	6 16 0	24
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>179</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>148 16 0</b>	<b>601 16 0</b>	<b>44</b>
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>											
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	77	1	..	124	101	22	..	..	1
21	295	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 423	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	8	..	..	8	1	7	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation .. .. .	14	1	..	15	17	1	..	..	1
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	672	8	..	681	625	248	..	..	7
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local offences .. .. .	19	..	..	19	1	10	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 14, 20, 21 and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	74	1	..	74	77	81	..	..	1
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	1,440	8	..	1,775	172	1,611	..	..	8
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>2,107</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>2,976</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,768</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			<b>2,804</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>4,377</b>	<b>2,034</b>	<b>2,159</b>	<b>148 16 0</b>	<b>601 16 0</b>	<b>83</b>

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Magistrates' Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime, and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Cases pending at end of year.	Number of Cases pending at end of year.	Number of Cases Arrived at Court.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons who were fined or imprisoned.	Property Recovered.	Property Recovered.	Value of Property Recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>HYDERABAD.</b>											
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>											
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 212 to 215, 227, 235	Offences against public justice .. .. .	11	1	..	12	17	9	..	..	1
5	181 to 189, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants .. .. .	7	..	..	12	7	5	..	..	..
6	193 to 200, 206 to 211, 222, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	13	..	..	19	7	12	..	..	..
7	445 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	244 to 247	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	8	1	..	8	1	7	..	..	1
9	442 to 449	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	2	..	..	17	17	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>50</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>4</b>
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>											
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>1</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>											
12	334 to 339	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>											
13	323	Hurt .. .. .	14	6	..	210	204	224	..	..	19
14	345	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	1	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
15	352, 353, 358	Criminal force .. .. .	27	8	..	194	184	13	..	..	8
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>42</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>696</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>26</b>
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating .. .. .	12	1	..	21	15	6	..	..	1
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	20	3	..	24	19	10	104 0 0	204 0 0	1
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	100	7	..	107	72	140	..	..	21
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>132</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>104 0 0</b>	<b>204 0 0</b>	<b>22</b>
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>											
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	64	8	..	71	62	24	..	..	12
21	295	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 423	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation .. .. .	7	..	..	7	7	..	..	..	7
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	217	14	..	231	197	169	..	..	44
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local offences .. .. .	21	1	..	22	12	14	..	..	4
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 14, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	61	1	..	62	57	60	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	413	1	..	776	191	560	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>			<b>1,221</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>2,274</b>	<b>1,314</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>Grand Total ..</b>			<b>1,721</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>3,651</b>	<b>2,148</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>104 16 0</b>	<b>204 16 0</b>	<b>107</b>

STATEMENT A—continued.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—continued.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Magistrates' Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were not employed.		Number of Persons Arrested or Summoned.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons Convicted, including Persons ordered to find Security.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Cases pending at end of the year.	Number of Persons pending at end of the year.
			4	5							
<b>SHIKARPUR.</b>											
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>											
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	..	..
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 233	Offences against public justice .. .. .	40	8	74	34	40	..	..	..	3
5	191 to 199, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants .. .. .	0	..	18	7	8	..	..	..	..
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	21	1	28	9	18	..	..	..	..
7	405 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	204 to 207	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	8	..	4	2	2	..	..	..	..
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	149, 154 to 155, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	1	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	74	4	121	52	70	..	..	..	3
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>											
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>											
12	384 to 389	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>											
13	329	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	1	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force .. .. .	534	12	1,888	1,277	116	..	..	..	2
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	535	12	1,892	1,281	116	..	..	..	2
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating .. .. .	17	..	29	10	6	498 15 0	10 0 0	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	41	4	68	49	23	803 9 8	563 9 8	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	8	..	8	2	1	691 1 7	681 1 7	..	..
19	425 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	49	..	117	94	28	65 5 0	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	110	4	210	161	58	2,059 1 10	1,254 10 10	..	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>											
20	403 to 405	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	52	11	111	99	23	..	..	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	430 to 432	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	17	..	39	30	8	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation .. .. .	5	..	5	4	1	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	50	..	67	59	25	..	..	..	3
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 298, 300	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	5	..	5	..	5	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 27, 30, 40 and 41, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	109	2	218	110	101	..	..	..	9
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	238	13	465	314	158	..	..	..	6
		<b>Grand Total</b> .. .. .	957	33	1,183	1,808	397	2,059 1 10	1,254 10 10	..	11
<b>THAR AND PARKAR.</b>											
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c. &amp;c.</i>											
10	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 233	Offences against public justice .. .. .	9	..	8	3	1	..	..	..	..
14	191 to 199, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants .. .. .	8	..	7	8	1	..	..	..	1
15	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	405 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	204 to 207	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	149, 154 to 155, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray .. .. .	8	..	18	8	9	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	9	..	23	10	10	..	..	..	3
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>											
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>											
12	384 to 389	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>											
13	329	Hurt .. .. .	20	..	37	21	16	..	..	..	..
14	345	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force .. .. .	8	..	8	5	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	24	..	43	27	16	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>											
16	417 to 420	Cheating .. .. .	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	11	..	17	14	3	320 0 0	169 0 0	..	..
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
19	425 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	6	..	13	13	..	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	20	..	33	30	3	320 0 0	169 0 0	..	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>											
20	403 to 405	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	8	..	8	4	4	..	..	..	..
21	298	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	430 to 432	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	39	..	60	38	22	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 298, 300	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 15, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	10	..	12	12	10	..	..	..	..
		<b>Total</b> .. .. .	51	..	90	54	36	..	..	..	..
		<b>Grand Total</b> .. .. .	104	..	159	121	65	320 0 0	169 0 0	1	3
		Cases withdrawn or compounded under Sections 133 and 210 .. .. .	8	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT A—concluded.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME—concluded.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Magistrates' Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of Persons arrested at end of year.	Number of Persons arrested or taken into custody.	Number of Persons Acquitted.	Number of Persons (including those who were not taken into custody) who were not prosecuted.	Property Stolen.	Property Recovered.	Number of Persons who were not prosecuted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>FRONTIER, UPPER SIND.</b>										
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, &amp;c., &amp;c.</i>										
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 505 .. .. .	Offences against the State .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	137 .. .. .	Harbouring deserters by master of ship .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	174 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 259 ..	Offences against public justice .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .. .. .	Offences by public servants .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ..	False evidence, false complaints and claims .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	465 to 477 .. .. .	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	264 to 267 .. .. .	Offences relating to weighing and measuring .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	482 to 480 .. .. .	Making or using false trade marks .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	148, 154 to 150, 100 .. .. .	Rioting, unlawful assembly, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			13	..	14	8	10	..	..	1
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>										
10	312 to 316 .. .. .	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	370 .. .. .	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.</i>										
12	384 to 389 .. .. .	Extortion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.</i>										
13	323 .. .. .	Hurt .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	345 .. .. .	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	352, 356, 358 .. .. .	Criminal force .. .. .	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
Total ..			1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
<i>CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.</i>										
16	417 to 420 .. .. .	Cheating .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	403, 404 .. .. .	Criminal misappropriation of property .. .. .	11	..	31	54	..	200	170	..
18	469 .. .. .	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c. ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..
19	426 to 429, 454 .. .. .	Mischief (simple) .. .. .	3	..	12	11	..	..	..	..
Total ..			15	..	43	65	..	201	171	..
<i>CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.</i>										
20	493 to 499 .. .. .	Offences relating to marriage .. .. .	8	..	8	..	..	..	..	..
21	298 .. .. .	Offences against religion .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	420 to 402 .. .. .	Criminal breach of contract of service .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	500 to 502 .. .. .	Defamation .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	504, 506 to 510 .. .. .	Intimidation and insult .. .. .	5	..	10	7	..	..	..	..
25	271 to 270, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances .. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
26	.....	Offences under Chapters 18, 20, 21, and 22, C. P. Code ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	.....	Special laws not cognizable by Police .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			9	..	13	7	..	..	..	..
Grand Total ..			37	..	73	46	30	221	171	7

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.



STATEMENT B.

Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.							
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.*		Amount.*		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.	
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
<b>KURRACHEE.</b>																								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																								
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments .. .. .	2	8	..	..	2	2	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	131 to 136, 138 .. .. .	Offences relating to Army and Navy .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471..	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes .. .. .	4	..	75-00	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	3	..	60-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	212, 214 .. .. .	Harbouring an offender .. .. .	4	1	75-00	..	8	1	..	..	8	1	5	1	62-50	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	224 to 226 .. .. .	Other offences against public justice .. .. .	16	13	93-33	100-	19	11	..	..	19	11	15	11	83-33	100-	100-00	100-	..	..	..	..	..	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 .. .. .	Rioting or unlawful assembly .. .. .	14	12	92-30	100-	93	87	..	..	93	87	77	75	89-28	86-20	97-40	100-	..	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171 .. .. .	Personating public servant or soldier .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			40	29	86-48	88-	127	102	..	..	127	102	100	88	85-21	84-31	93-00	97-72	..	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																								
8	307, 303, 396 .. .. .	Murder by thugs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..			84	88	67-94	70-00	134	136	..	..	134	136	82	104	69-50	63-70	91-40	83-49	..	..	65	..	97-01	



STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.							
							Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons Received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.	
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
<b>HYDERABAD.</b>																								
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.</i>																								
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	131 to 139, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	231 to 239, 269 to 263, 407 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	1	1	..	100-00	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	100-00	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..		
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	..	..	1	2	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
4	221 to 228	Other offences against public justice	19	31	85-71	100-00	23	41	1	..	24	41	24	38	87-50	72-22	87-50	72-22	..	..	..	..		
5	144 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	7	7	100-00	45-86	41	48	..	..	41	46	69	54	59-42	35-19	59-42	35-19	..	..	..	..		
6	110, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
<b>Total</b>			23	40	81-81	85-71	66	90	1	..	67	90	95	91	65-26	49-46	65-26	50-55	..	..	..	..		
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																								
8	..	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
9	..	.. dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
10	302, 303, 308	.. robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
11	..	.. poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
12	..	Other murders	8	14	60-66	83-88	8	19	1	..	9	19	10	17	44-44	50-00	40-00	47-06	..	..	..	..		
13	307	Attempt at murder	1	1	100-00	100-00	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	1	100-00	100-00	100-00	100-00	..	..	..	..		
14	301, 309	Culpable homicide	4	4	75-00	100-00	4	4	..	..	4	4	5	4	60-00	100-00	60-00	100-00	..	..	..	..		
14a	304a	Causing death by negligence	..	2	..	100-00	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
15	878	Rape	4	4	25-00	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	5	..	20-00	..	20-00	..	..	..	..	..		
16	377	Unnatural offences	2	4	100-00	50-00	2	4	..	..	2	4	2	4	100-00	50-00	100-00	50-00	..	..	..	..		
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	2	100-00	100-00	2	4	..	..	2	4	2	2	50-00	50-00	50-00	50-00	..	..	..	..		
18	305, 308, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	4	5	75-00	50-00	4	5	..	..	4	5	4	4	75-00	40-00	75-00	50-00	..	..	..	..		
19	320, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	7	5	100-00	80-00	12	12	..	..	12	12	10	13	81-81	30-77	90-00	30-77	..	..	..	..		
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
22	327, 333, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	2	..	100-00	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	28-57	..	28-57	..	..	..	..	..		
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	11	8	60-00	57-14	19	10	..	..	19	10	21	8	33-33	50-00	33-33	50-00	..	..	..	..		
24	343 to 349	Kidnapping or abduction	..	1	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	24	31	52-63	73-08	33	66	..	..	33	66	29	53	45-45	67-92	51-72	67-92	..	..	..	..		
29	333	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
<b>Total</b>			60	79	64-01	74-23	90	144	1	..	91	144	60	117	40-46	52-80	51-68	58-41	..	..	..	..		



STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained to Cases decided.	NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.									
			1877.	1878.		Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.			
			4	5	6	7	8	9	9a		9b		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
<b>SHIKARPUR.</b>																									
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.</i>																									
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	2	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	231 to 239, 260 to 268, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes	5	2	60.00	50.00	7	3	..	..	7	3	6	1	57.14	33.33	66.66	100.00	..	..	..	..	..		
3	212, 215	Harbouring an offender	2	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
4	224 to 229	Other offences against public justice	10	29	100.00	78.92	10	39	..	..	10	39	9	37	90.00	68.21	100.00	72.97	..	..	..	..	..		
5	143 to 163, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	11	29	50.00	86.36	89	183	..	..	89	183	51	85	37.07	31.14	64.70	67.05	..	..	..	..	..		
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	1	..	100.00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	100.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	..		
<b>Total</b>			30	61	60.71	58.82	115	226	..	..	115	226	68	124	40.00	33.05	67.61	69.33	..	..	..	..	..		
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																									
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thogs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
9		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
10		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13		307	Other murders	16	15	45.45	63.63	25	24	..	..	25	24	14	20	20.00	41.66	35.71	50.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		304, 308	Attempt at murder	4	3	50.00	50.00	4	3	..	..	4	3	0	1	75.00	33.33	100.00	100.00	84	55	24	55	28.57	100.00
15		376	Culpable homicide	5	5	100.00	60.00	5	5	..	..	5	5	6	3	100.00	60.00	83.33	100.00	28	..	12	..	..	..
16		377	Rapes	4	2	100.00	..	4	2	..	..	4	2	2	2	200.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		317, 318	Unnatural offences	4	1	66.66	100.00	4	..	..	..	4	..	3	1	50.00	..	66.66	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
18		306, 308, 309	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	..	100.00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	100.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	10	5	90.00	50.00	10	6	..	..	10	6	9	2	90.00	33.33	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	14	17	76.92	60.00	31	39	..	..	31	39	17	20	51.61	38.46	94.11	75.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	329	Grievous hurt	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
22	317, 330, 332	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	3	..	100.00	..	9	..	..	..	9	8	..	88.88	..	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	314	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	10	6	50.00	80.00	17	5	..	..	17	5	8	4	35.29	80.00	75.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	343 to 349	Hurt by dangerous weapon	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	346 to 348	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	372, 373	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	371	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	338	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	28	29	50.00	52.00	63	66	..	..	62	66	39	53	35.25	36.36	51.28	46.15	..	..	..	..	..	..	
<b>Total</b>			104	92	63.33	58.33	172	165	..	..	172	165	113	116	43.60	42.42	66.37	60.31	112	55	36	55	32.14	100.00	



STATEMENT B—continued.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained. Cases decided.		NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.					
			1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	Number of Persons Arrested.		Total.	Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of Property recovered to Property stolen.		
							1877.	1878.		1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
																	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
<b>THAR AND PARKAR.</b>																						
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																						
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	121 to 124, 129	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 239, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	312, 316	Harbouring an offender	10	1	100.00	100.00	14	17	..	..	17	14	13	100.00	78.47	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	4	2	50.00	50.00	27	14	..	..	14	14	7	25.92	50.00	50.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
5	148 to 163, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	14	10	85.71	86.66	41	33	..	..	33	29	20	51.22	60.60	75.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		" dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10		" robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11		" poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12		" Other murders	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13		307	Attempt at murder	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
14		304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15		374	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
16		317	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17		317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
18	306, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	1	2	..	..	1	2	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	3	5	66.66	100.00	7	5	..	..	5	4	4	42.85	80.00	75.00	100.00	..	..	..		
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	1	..	100.00	..	4	..	..	4	..	2	..	50.00	..	100.00	..	..	..		
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purposes of extorting property or confession	2	1	50.00	100.00	4	8	..	..	3	1	3	25.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	..	..	..		
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	2	..	50.00	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	100.00	..	100.00	..	..	..	..		
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
28	363, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	2	5	50.00	80.00	2	8	..	..	8	2	8	50.00	62.50	50.00	62.50	..	..	..		
29	339	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
		Total	16	20	42.85	72.22	20	29	..	..	29	11	25	35.00	61.06	63.63	72.00	..	643	..	643	100.00





STATEMENT B—concluded.

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Total Number of Cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained in Cases Decided.	NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED AND BROUGHT TO TRIAL.										AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED.							
			Percentage of Cases in which Conviction was obtained in Cases Decided.			Number of Persons Arrested.		Number of Persons received by Transfer.		Total.		Number of Persons brought to Trial.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons Arrested.		Percentage of Persons Convicted to Persons brought to Trial.		Amount of Property Stolen.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.			
			1877.	1878.		1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
<b>FRONTIER, UPPER SIND.</b>																							
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.</i>																							
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	6	10	50.00	53.33	3	6	1	3	7	3	1	100.00	14.28	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	..	4	..	100.00	..	15	..	..	15	..	15	..	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
6	160, 170, 171	Fornicating public servant or soldier	..	1	..	100.00	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Total			6	16	50.00	71.42	3	22	..	1	3	23	3	17	100.00	73.91	100.00	100.00	..	..	..	..	
<i>CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.</i>																							
8	302, 303, 306	Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9		" dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13		Attempts at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14		Culpable homicides	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15		Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16		Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17		Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18		Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19		Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	Grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
22	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	Hurt by dangerous weapon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
25	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
26	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
27	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total			32	32	37.50	50.00	50	72	2	..	52	72	29	41	29.27	40.25	44.83	70.73	77	39	..	..	







STATEMENT D.

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure.

DISTRICT.	PART I. ADDITIONAL POLICE COLLECTED FOR THE PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY.														PART II. ADDITIONAL POLICE QUARTERED AS A PUNITIVE MEASURE.									
	Name of Fairs or Places of large Assembly where Additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of Fair or Assembly.	Estimated number of Persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the Place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10.		Number of Offences against Person or Property during such Assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of Additional Police.		Total Cost of Additional Police, including all Contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of Offences committed in or transit to a village or place in which the Additional Police was established.	REMARKS.		
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which Conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
Kurrachee.	1 Amirpur .. ..	2 days.	5,000	..	..	3	8	..	21	..	Rs a. p. 41 15 3	4	3	6 0 6	6 0 6	(1) ..	(1) ..	1	330 0 0	12 months.	..	(1) At Khushik, in taluka Daidu, a mounted Constable established, owing to the general misconduct of the inhabitants in concealing crime, from 1st December 1877 to 8th November 1878.		
	2 Lal Shahbaz ..	7 ..	5,500	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	3 Kamber Ali Shah ..	2 ..	650	..	3	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	210 0 0	12 months.	..	(2) At Bunderi, taluka Sehwan, a camel Constable was quartered as a punitive measure from 14th April 1877 to 14th April 1878, owing to the villagers being found guilty of committing serious crimes and of concealing a murder case.		
	4 Shah Ayes .. ..	2 ..	900	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	5 Dhara Tirth .. ..	2 ..	5,000	..	1	3	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	6 Pir Lakho .. ..	2 ..	250	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	7 Amirpur .. ..	10 ..	2,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	8 Shah Kamal .. ..	3 ..	600	3	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rs. 10 per mensem.	13 months.	5	(3) At Kingrani, taluka Daidu, owing to the villagers having a very bad repute for sheltering bad characters, a Constable was quartered from 1st March 1878 to 1st March 1879.	
	9 Udoro Lal .. ..	2 ..	1,000	..	1	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	10 Pir Patta .. ..	2 ..	1,700	..	3	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	11 Gumbali .. ..	1 ..	500	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(4) One Bukhar, an escaped prisoner, having been sheltered by the Talpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	(4) At Talpur's Gote, taluka Sehwan, a punitive post of 4 men was quartered from 1st April 1878 to 16th December 1878, owing to villagers sheltering offenders.



Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution

DISTRICT.	SANCTIONED STRENGTH OF POLICE FORCE.										COST OF POLICE.							
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors-General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Provincial Revenue.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Provincial Revenue.		Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3) (?).	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5) (4).	Total Pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7 and 8).	Horse and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13 and 14.	Average Pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling Allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments (3).				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Kurrachee..	..	3	5	108	160	1,060	..	20	219	..	10,480	2,200	4,160	62,821	1,50,843	2,978	254.74	103.85
Hyderabad ..	..	1	4	125	137	618	..	..	89	..	9,777	2,869	3,084	41,756	99,493	2,700	275.62	85.77
Shikarpur ..	..	1	5	174	165	848	..	17	131	..	7,879	1,488	3,084	49,702	1,15,671	3,468	248.15	97.11
Thar and Parkar ..	..	..	1	71	316	103	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,700	27,468	97,728	300	274.2	103.11
Frontier, Upper Sind ..	..	..	1	17	72	161	..	2	84	..	..	..	1,530	6,064	27,412	660	165.74	78.31
Total ..	..	4	16	535	850	2,788	..	39	523	..	27,636	6,057	14,558	1,37,811	4,91,147	10,108	1,218.45	473.15
Kurrachee Frontier Police ..	..	..	1	9	40	50	..	..	..	..	1,087	..	..	4,989	13,900	516	209.90	110.04

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but not travelling, allowances.  
 (3) Columns 84 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants. (4) Columns 34 and 35, i. e., in Districts, one policeman to so many

Return showing Equipment, Discipline and

DISTRICT.	Total Sanctioned Strength.		ARMAMENT OF THE FORCE.			PUNISHMENTS.											
			Number provided with Fire-arms.	Number provided with Swords only, or Swords and Batons.	Number provided with Batons only.	Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Kurrachee ..	203	1,220	530	885	8	2	35	28	170	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	15
Hyderabad ..	129	733	410	401	11	2	25	28	100	..	5	..	..	..	..	1	3
Shikarpur ..	179	1,013	523	669	..	4	67	40	134	..	5	..	..	..	2	..	10
Thar and Parkar ..	72	419	484	7	..	1	11	3	46	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	6
Frontier, Upper Sind ..	18	233	103	143	..	..	26	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9
Total ..	601	3,638	2,050	2,170	19	9	164	93	458	1	13	..	..	..	2	2	33
Kurrachee Frontier Police ..	10	90	100	..	..	1	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Note.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.				DISTRIBUTION OF FORCE.										PROPORTION OF POLICE OFFICERS AND MEN.												
				Total Cost.			Payable from Provincial Revenues.			Payable from other sources.			In District.						To Area (4).			To Population (7).				
													Guards at District, Central or Subsidary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.		On other Duties.								On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34			35			36			37			
2,940	2,36,422	2,10,469	23,952	8	30	41	274	90	427	478	78	14,092	4,26,771	1 to 590	1 to 1598	27 to 1 mile	1 to 29057	1 to 10070	1 to 10077							
9,203	1,63,382	1,59,916	3,466	4	43	14	92	80	231	248	23	9,05,275	7,21,047	10-26	13 06	13 64	81-23	96-62	410-17							
4,798	1,85,500	1,60,879	18,711	7	76	25	231	119	574	210	..	8,800	7,74,227	730	801	977	651-19	691-00	413-14							
3,826	1,32,022	1,21,226	796	4	52	8	158	60	208	7	..	12,720	1,80,761	25-02	24-92	..	86-14	86-14	..							
748	36,409	27,181	9,228	..	8	..	24	16	108	64	39	3,177	96,584	18-07	8-64	42 60	180-21	237-77	41-5							
21,510	7,58,825	6,95,671	63,154	30	309	88	776	365	1,658	926	139	10,85,975	22,01,241	11-04	..	..	518-79	..	..							
..	19,592	19,592	..	..	..	..	..	10	90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..							

(3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on Office duties square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile.

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowances. (7) Columns 36 and 37. One policeman to so many of the population.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

REWARDS.		EDUCATION.				NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.			NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.							PERCENTAGE TO TOTAL BIRTH OF FORCE.		PERCENTAGE OF POLICE DURING THE YEAR TO TOTAL BIRTH OF FORCE.		REMARKS
By Promotion.	By Money Rewards.	Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.		Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	On Pension.	On Gratuity.	By resignation without Pension or Gratuity.	By Dismissal (Column 7 as 19).	By Discharge of service than under preceding column.			Percentage to total during the year to total birth of force.	Percentage of Police during the year to total birth of force.	..	..	
		Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.								By Discharge.	By Death.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37		
70	8	93	213	..	48	224	753	234	8	8	28	37	28	8	10	23-42	2-10			
76	1	57	165	8	30	120	422	302	..	8	64	27	24	6	8	41-54	5-1	17 vacancies		
103	..	70	112	..	..	190	641	341	..	8	71	71	..	..	22	50-22	1-4	20 do.		
17	7	8	41	..	..	23	414	44	..	7	8	12	..	..	9	27-60	1-5			
..	..	3	6	1	2	58	86	108	..	3	6	11	6	..	..	2-9	..			
206	13	231	528	6	80	646	2,206	1,178	8	21	224	100	76	7	68	..	..			
..	..	1	3	..	..	1	78	21	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	6-00	..			

District Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.



STATEMENT G.

Statement showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

DISTRICT.	RACE.											RELIGION OR CASTE.															REMARKS.										
	EUROPEANS.					EURASIANS.			NATIVES.			OFFICERS.										MEN.															
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		HINDUS.										Other Religions.		HINDUS.					Other Religions.								
	Military or Civil.	Unconvenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.		Constables.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Bráhmíns.	Rájputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Maráthas.	Hindustanis.	Bhils.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Paras.	Christians.	Mahomedans.		Bráhmíns.	Rájputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Maráthas.	Hindustanis.	Bhils.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Other Religions.	Nolls.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	
Kurrachee	..	2	1	..	7	..	..	..	4	191	1,220	8	118	10	..	1	18	21	4	20	2	..	..	713	101	1	..	13	118	193	24	35	..	..	1,404	21 vacancies.	
Hyderabad	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	8	125	736	1	77	8	1	..	..	..	..	42	..	..	..	549	89	11	..	8	..	..	..	135	..	..	866	17 do.	
Shikárpur	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	171	996	1	148	6	6	..	..	..	..	17	..	..	..	821	46	11	2	11	..	..	..	95	10	..	1,173	20 do.	
Thar and Párkar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	71	419	..	54	1	6	..	..	..	1	10	..	..	..	276	23	18	..	8	..	..	1	79	..	15	491		
Frontier, Upper Sind.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	17	232	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	210	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	20	..	..	250		
Total	..	4	1	..	7	..	1	..	14	575	3,603	10	415	24	13	..	1	18	21	5	89	2	..	..	2,568	208	41	2	36	118	198	25	364	10	15	4,184	
Kurrachee Frontier Police.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	9	90	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	89	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	100		

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

## Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the year 1878 on Police Buildings in Sind.

Expenditure from Departmental Public Works Budget.	Amount.	Expenditure from Police Budget.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
A.—Repairs (above Rs. 1,000) .. .. .	4,777 6 8	D.—Petty Repairs up to Rs. 1,000 .. .. .	2,000 1 8
B.—Minor Works (above Rs. 1,000).. .. .	1,081 3 2	E.—Petty Construction up to Rs. 1,000 .. .. .	1,000 0 0
C.—Large Works (above Rs. 2,500) .. .. .	.....	Total from Police Budget .. .. .	3,000 0 0
Total from Departmental Public Works Budget ..	5,858 9 7	F.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades (1,250) .. .. .	1 2 0
		Grand Total Outlay .. .. .	1,500 0 0
		G.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades.. .. .	1 0 0

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

## Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police.

DISTRICTS.	Total Strength of the Force at commencement of the year.			Number of Men included in Column 1 discharged on Reduction.			Number of Dismissals from all other Causes.			Number of Resignations			Percentage of Dismissals from other causes than Reduction and of Resignations together on the whole Strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.			REMARKS.
	1			2			3			4			5			
	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	
Kurrachee.. ..	1,233*	107	83	..	8	35	100	6	8	57	6	25	13	11	24	
Hyderabad .. ..	703	..	80	..	..	16	20	..	7	60	..	10	10 34	..	20 19	
Shikárpur.. ..	985	50	139	..	..	..	50	8	10	55	1	10	10 68	6 77	24 74	
Thar and Párkar..	484	..	14	..	..	7	12	..	..	5	..	..	8 51	..	..	
U. S. Frontier ..	166	..	86	..	..	..	11	..	15	10	..	4	6 64	..	17 65	
Total .. ..	3,660	166	411	..	8	50	201	9	45	192	7	64	10 76	9 63	24 73	

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

Statement showing the Cases of Serious Crimes that occurred in the Kurrachee, Hyderabad and Shikárpur  
Collectorates during the year 1878.

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
<b>KURRACHEE.</b>					
<i>By the District Superintendent of Police.</i>					
1	Murder ... ..	Eso Khán Baldi, taluka Schwán.	17th Jan. 1878...	Report received on 22nd January 1878; Superintendent reached the spot on 7th February.	Undetected. Nothing of importance resulted from this visit.
2	Do. ... ..	Kotri do. ...	15th March ...	Report received on 18th March, visited on 19th March.	Nothing of importance. The criminal was afterwards apprehended and convicted.
3	Do. ... ..	Kurrachee ...	1st April ...	Reported and visited on the 2nd April.	The accused was arrested afterwards, and committed to the Session and acquitted.
4	Do. ... ..	Moro Bala Khán, taluka Mogul-blind.	20th May ...	Report received on the 23rd May 1878.	Not visited. The accused had already given herself up to the Police.
5	Do. ... ..	Gote Dhama, Mirpur Batoro	19th August ...	Report received on the 26th August 1878.	Not visited: The prisoner was brought into Kurrachee before the Superintendent started for the spot.
6	Do. ... ..	Allawarayo Gudo-jo-Gote, taluka Mirpur Sákro.	2nd September...	Report received on the 30th September.	Not visited, there being no necessity for it, as the crime was detected.
7	Do. ... ..	Makan Dohiwari, taluka Jorruck,	13th October ...	Report received on the 18th October.	Not visited. The prisoner was quickly brought in the Superintendent's Office, Kurrachee, who examined him and sent him up for trial (on the 19th).
8	Do. ... ..	Goniro, taluka Mirpur Batoro.	30th November	Report received on 7th December at Sunn.	Not visited. The report stated that 2 prisoners were in custody, one of them confessing.
9	Do. ... ..	Sheoub Khadhó, taluka Bubak.	12th December	Report received on the 20th at Bhán.	Not visited. The crime was detected, and 5 accused arrested.
10	Culpable homicide not amounting to murder.	Surli, taluka Taudo Rahim Khán.	29th August ...	Report received on 5th November 1878.	Not visited. Four accused were in custody, afterwards committed to the Session.
11	Grievous hurt resulting in death (Sec. 326).	Moranjbar, taluka Ghorábari.	21st July ...	Report received on the 28th June.	Not visited. The accused gave himself up at once.
12	House-breaking and theft: Rs. 2,236 stolen.	Kurrachee ...	6th January ...	Report received on 8th January, and visited on same date.	Rs. 1,542-1-0 recovered on the 9th and 11th January 1878, and 6 men apprehended, of whom 4 convicted.
13	Do. Rs. 1,174-12-0	Do. ...	25th February ...	Report received on 26th February; visited 26th February.	Visited by Assistant Superintendent and Major Wise. Nothing discovered.
14	Theft by servant (Sec. 381 I.P. C.): stolen Rs. 1,101.	Gizri, Kurrachee	18th March ...	Report received on 16th March; visited on 17th March.	Visited by Assistant Superintendent, Police. Rs. 1,101 recovered on the 20th March; 2 prisoners convicted.
<b>HYDERABAD.</b>					
<i>By the District Superintendent of Police.</i>					
1	Murder ... ..	Jeesa Samma, taluka Badin.	23rd Jan. 1878...	No. Intimation of the occurrence of this offence was received on 25th January 1878 at 10 A.M.	The report of crime and arrest of accused received together. The accused has been transported for life.
2	Robbery ... ..	Mubárákwah, taluka Dighri.	28th do. ...	No. Do. on 31st January 1878 at 10 A.M.	The Police found the tracks of 3 men on the spot, but the ground was too hard to follow them up. Of property valued at Rs. 532, Rs. 59 of the property was found near the spot. The case remains undetected.
3	Murder ... ..	Gote Mubárák Laghári, taluka Mirpur Khás.	3rd February 1878 at 12 noon.	No. Intimation of the occurrence of this offence and the arrest of accused received on 3rd February 1878 at 5 P.M.	The accused has been sentenced to transportation for life.
4	Do. ... ..	Sultán Laghári, taluka Guni.	4th do. ...	No. Do. on 6th February 1878 at 11 A.M.	The accused was sentenced to death and executed.
5	Do. ... ..	Juber Otho, taluka Badin.	12th March ...	No. Intimation of the occurrence of this offence was received on the 14th March 1878. Three persons were arrested and forwarded for trial.	The murderer was sentenced to death and executed, and the 2 men who abetted him were released by the Magistrate.
6	Attempt at murder	Daulat Machi, taluka Moro.	7th April ...	No. Do. on 10th April 1878 at 11 A.M. One person arrested and sent up for trial.	The accused was transported for life.
7	Culpable homicide.	Jhurbi, taluka Mirpur Khás.	3rd May 1878 ...	No. Do. on 6th May 1878 at 11 A.M. The report and the arrest of the accused having been received together. No. District Superintendent, Police, had been appointed to Hyderabad Police at the time. An Inspector was in charge.	The accused has been sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment.

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	Remarks.
8	Culpable homicide.	Goto Bachal Sháh Dahri, táluks Moro.	23rd May 1878.	No. Intimation of the occurrence of this offence was received at 11 A.M. on 27th May 1878. The report and the arrest of the accused were received simultaneously. The case was an ordinary one, and not difficult to substantiate.	The accused was sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.
9	Grievous hurt	Gote Amin Muhammad, táluks Sháhádápur.	27th May 1878.	Complainant was examined by me at the Tando Adam Dispensary on 7th June 1878. Intimation of the occurrence of the offence was received on 1st June 1878 at 10 A.M.	The offender sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.
10	Murder	Sarmast Laghári, táluks Bágó Tando.	29th May 1878.	Did not visit. Intimation of the offence was received on 1st June 1878 at 10 A.M. Had to proceed to another part of the district.	This case is detailed in the body of the report.
11	Do.	Chungal Nuhani, táluks Guni.	19th July 1878.	Intimation of the occurrence of this offence arrived on 21st July 1878 at 6 A.M. Proceeded on 23rd to investigate locally.	The accused was sentenced to death, and executed.
12	Culpable homicide.	Punu Shikari, táluks Sháhádápur.	19th July 1878.	Intimation of the occurrence of this offence reached on 22nd July 1878 at 2 P.M. Being about to proceed to investigate case No. 11, did not visit.	The accused was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and fine Rs. 200 by the Sessions Court.
13	Murder	Moro	18th do.	Do. do. at 2 P.M. It was also reported at the same time that the accused had committed suicide by drowning himself in a tank.	
14	Do.	Barrochá Bág, táluks Hála.	6th Aug. 1878.	Intimation of the occurrence of the offence reached on 10th August 1878 at 10 A.M. No local investigation was made, the report and the arrest of the accused having been received simultaneously.	Immediately after committing the murder accused proceeded to the Police Station, and gave himself up. He has been executed.
15	Do.	Khaprian-jo-Gote, táluks Sháhádápur.	27th Aug. 1878.	Do. do. at 5 P.M. on the 28th August 1878. No local investigation was made, the report and the arrest of the accused having been received together.	The accused was arrested by the Police within a few hours after committing the murder. He has been sentenced to death and executed.
16	Do.	Near Gote Chntal Rajar, táluks Naushahro.	1st Sept. 1878.	Do. do. on 5th September 1878, at 10 A.M. the report and arrest of the accused having been received simultaneously. A personal investigation was made subsequently.	This case was pending at the end of the year.
17	Culpable homicide.	Harun Charta, táluks Dighri.	26th Sept. 1878.	Intimation of the occurrence of the offence reached on 30th September 1878 at 10 A.M. Proceeded to Tando Muhammad Khan on 2nd October, and arranged for the arrest of the offender, who had absconded, but was subsequently apprehended.	The offender was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.
18	House-breaking by night and theft.	Thamsháh, táluks Naushahro.	28th Sept. 1878.	Do. do., offence and the report of arrest received on 4th October 1878 at 10 A.M. Made a local investigation in November.	Of the stolen property, valued at Rs. 1,000-00, Rs. 1,036-8-0 were recovered. The three accused were sentenced to twenty months' rigorous imprisonment each.

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
19	Murder ...	Ketti Naru Lussi, tálu Hála.	11th Oct. 1878...	No. Report of the offence and the arrest of the offender received simultaneously on the 14th October 1878. Accused confessed before a Magistrate immediately after arrest.	The accused was sentenced to death.
20	Do. ..	Bakhri, tálu Kandiáro.	18th Oct. 1878...	No. Intimation of the occurrence of this offence and the arrest of the offender received on 23rd October 1878 at 10 A.M. An investigation was made by me before the case was enquired into by a Magistrate.	The accused being of unsound mind was sent to the Lunatic Asylum at Hyderabad, where he died.
21	Do. ...	Hussoon Sháh-jo Goto, tálu Naushahro.	24th Oct. 1878...	Intimation do. on 27th October 1878 at 12 A.M. I examined the accused.	This case was pending at the end of the year. The offender being of unsound mind, and unable to make his defence, was confined in Lunatic Asylum at Hyderabad
22	Culpable homicide,	Sacheno Machi, táluka Sháh- dádpur.	24th Oct. 1878 ..	No. The report of the occurrence of this offence arrived on 4th November 1878.	The accused was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.
23	House-breaking by night and theft	Tando Alahyár.	25th Nov. 1878.	Intimation of the occurrence of the offence reached on the 28th November 1878 at 10 A.M. Was unable to make a local investigation at the time, as I was engaged in another part of the district. Took the case in hand in January 1879.	Stolen property amounted to Rs. 3,065, of which Rs. 1,757-13-0 recovered. The offenders were convicted by the Divisional Magistrate, and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment each.
24	Do. do. ...	Tando Mu- hammad Khán, táluka Guni.	26th Dec. 1878...	Intimation of the occurrence of this offence received on 27th December 1878 at 4 P.M. Proceeded to the spot and held local investigation on 28th <i>idem</i> .	Stolen property amounted to Rs. 3,297, of which Rs. 186-9-0 recovered. Was twice investigated personally and locally.
25	Grievous hurt ...	Abji, tálu Naushahro.	4th April 1878...	No local investigation was made. Intimation of the occurrence of this offence and the arrest of 2 accused persons arrived on the 10th April 1878 at 10 A.M.	One of the accused was convicted and the other acquitted by the 2nd Class Magistrate, Naushahro.
26	Do. ...	Hyderabad ...	2nd May 1878...	No. The report and the arrest of the accused was received on 3rd May 1878 at 10 A.M. No Superintendent of Police was appointed to this district. Mr. Woodward was in charge.	The accused was acquitted by the Divisional Magistrate, Hyderabad.
27	Do. ...	Do. ...	20th Nov. 1878.	The report and the arrest of the offender was received simultaneously on the 25th November 1878 at 11 A.M., when the Superintendent of Police was out in the district.	The accused was convicted by the Divisional Magistrate, Hyderabad.
<b>SHIKARPUR.</b>					
<i>By the District Superintendent of Police.</i>					
1	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 1,700.	Brahmi, Kambar Táluka.	9th January 1878	Report received 16th January 1878. Not visited.	Partly detected. The whole of the property was recovered. No trace of the offenders was obtained from the commencement.
2	Culpable homicide.	Miro Khán, Kambar Táluka.	13th January ...	Do. do. do. ...	Detected. Three men were arrested—1 convicted and 2 discharged.
3	Murder ...	Rustam, Sukkur Táluka.	27th February...	Report received 1st March 1878. Not visited.	Detected. The murderer was arrested and convicted.
4	Do. ...	Khatri, Kakar Táluka,	4th March ...	Report received 9th March 1878; not visited.	Do. do. do.
5	Do. ...	Mukan Sháh, Rohri Táluka.	13th March ...	Report received 15th March 1878; not visited.	Do. do. do.

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of offence.	Visited or not.	Remarks.
6	Murder ... ..	Jumo Mahar, Rohri Taluka.	19th March	Report received 21st March 1878; not visited.	Detected. The prisoners, 4 in number, were convicted.
7	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 1,400.	Sukkur ... ..	4th April	Report received 4th April 1878; visited same day.	Detected. The offenders, 8 in number, were arrested with Rs. 938-13-3 of the stolen property. Two were convicted, 2 released and 1 acquitted.
8	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 114-5-0.	Raniho Gorir, Tigar Taluka.	16th April	Report received 20th April 1878; not visited.	Detected. The prisoners, 2 in number, were convicted. No property was recovered.
9	Murder ... ..	Larkhana ... ..	23rd April	Report received 24th April 1878; not visited.	Detected. The accused was arrested and convicted.
10	Culpable homicide.	Shahi, Rohri Taluka.	19th April	Do. do.	Do. do. do.
11	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 1,165.	Shikarpur ... ..	7th May	Report received 11th May 1878; visited 4th June 1878.	Undetected. No clue was obtained to the property or thieves from the commencement.
12	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 285.	Ghotki Taluka...	25th May	Report received 26th May 1878; not visited.	Detected. The offenders (3) were arrested and committed for trial. From the Sukkur Jail they all made their escape. Two have since been apprehended and convicted. Property, valued at Rs. 40, was recovered.
13	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 2,003.	Larkhana ... ..	29th May	Report received 1st June 1878; visited 12th idem.	Undetected. This case offered no clue from the commencement. The Police spared no pains in endeavouring to detect it, but the efforts were attended with unsuccessful throughout.
14	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 104.	Thangabad, Rato-lero Taluka.	1st June	Report received 4th June 1878; not visited.	Undetected. Two persons were suspected in this case, both of whom are still at large. No clue to the property was discovered.
15	Attempt at murder	Punat Jagirani, Larkhana Taluka.	1st June 1878	Report received 6th June 1878; not visited.	Detected. The prisoner is awaiting his trial before the Session's Court.
16	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 1.	Ashruf, Mehar Taluka.	13th June	Report received 25th June 1878; not visited.	Detected. The accused was arrested and convicted. The amount stolen was recovered.
17	Grievous hurt ...	Jagirani, Larkhana Taluka.	21st June	Do. do.	Detected. The prisoner is still awaiting trial.
18	Murder ... ..	Boluch Khan Chandio, Kambar Taluka.	22nd June	Report received 26th June 1878; not visited.	Detected. The accused was arrested and convicted.
19	Do. ... ..	Chinjni, Warah Taluka.	20th June	Do. do.	Detected. The prisoners, 2 in number, are still awaiting trial.
20	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 1,868-11-0.	Garhi Yasin ..	27th June	Report received 2nd July 1878; not visited.	Partly detected. Property, valued at Rs. 331-11-0, was recovered, but the offenders could not be traced.
21	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 10,751.	Sukkur ... ..	10th July	Report received 16th July 1878; not visited.	Detected. The accused was arrested in Bombay together with the whole of the stolen property; he was convicted.
22	Attempt at murder	Kalwari, Nau-shahro Taluka.	18th July	Report received 25th July 1878; not visited.	Detected. The prisoner still awaits his trial.
23	Murder ... ..	Suffor, Mehar Taluka.	20th July	Report received 26th July 1878; not visited.	Detected. The prisoner was committed under Section 302, Penal Code, but was convicted under Section 323.
24	Do. ... ..	Ashruf Khan, Larkhana Taluka.	27th July 1878	Report received 3rd August 1878; not visited.	Detected. Five persons were arrested; 1 was sentenced to death and 4 to transportation for life. On appeal, the sentence of death was commuted to five years; sentence of transportation in two cases to one year's rigorous imprisonment under Section 320, Indian Penal Code; the remaining 2 prisoners were discharged.
25	Murder by poison.	Massu Sahar, Tigar Taluka.	20th August	Report received 24th August 1878; not visited.	Detected. Three men were apprehended. One turned Queen's evidence, and the other 2 await trial.
26	Murder ... ..	Kundho Burdi, Kambar Taluka.	19th August	Do. do.	Detected. The 4 prisoners were discharged in the Session's Court, the evidence adduced before that tribunal breaking down.
27	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 33-4-0.	Karimdad Julhani, Sijawal Taluka.	21st August	Report received 27th August 1878; not visited.	Detected. The prisoners (2) were convicted. Property, valued at Rs. 8, was recovered.
28	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 1,073-5-6.	Karangatol, Larkhana Taluka.	28th August 1878	Report received 1st September 1878; not visited.	Partly detected. A portion of the property, valued at Rs. 50-0-6, was traced, but no clue to the offenders was obtained.
29	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 2,289.	Nasirabad, Warah Taluka.	27th August	Report received 3rd September 1878; not visited.	Detected. The burglar was arrested with Rs. 2,145-13-5 worth of property. The case is still pending.
30	Burglary and theft. Property stolen, Rs. 1,228-7-9.	Kot Mir Mahd., Rohri Taluka.	26th August	Do. do.	Partly detected. No trace of the thieves was got. Property, valued at Rs. 773-0-0, was recovered.
31	Culpable homicide.	Mahbub, Sukkur Taluka.	14th September.	Report received 17th September 1878; not visited.	Detected. The accused was arrested and convicted.
32	Grievous hurt and attempt at murder.	Arija, Larkhana Taluka.	21st September.	Report received 22th September 1878; not visited.	Detected. The culprit was apprehended. The case is still under trial.
33	Grievous hurt ...	Dhamrah, Larkhana Taluka.	25th September.	Report received 2nd October 1878; not visited.	Do. do. do.
34	Do. ... ..	Shikarpur ... ..	13th October	Report received 18th October 1878; not visited.	Do. do. do.

No.	Nature of Crime.	Where committed.	Date of Offence.	Visited or not.	REMARKS.
35	Highway robbery, Property stolen, Rs. 70-13-0.	Panju, Rato-dero Táluka.	18th October ...	Report received 21st October 1878; not visited.	Detected. The offender was arrested, and is still under trial. No property was recovered.
36	Culpable homicide.	Khenji, Mirpur Táluka.	2nd November.	Report received 4th November 1878; not visited.	Detected. The accused was arrested and convicted.
37	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 11-12-0.	Orungabad, Nau- shahro Táluka.	5th November ...	Report received 8th November 1878; not visited.	Detected. In this case 2 noted offenders were implicated. Both had previously escaped from jail. They have been arrested. The case is under trial. Property, valued at Rs. 3, was recovered.
38	Murder ... ..	Agra, Tigar Tá- luka.	17th Nov. 1878.	Report received 21st November 1878; not visited.	Detected. The murderer was apprehended after a long and tedious search. This case is pending trial.
39	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 26-3-0.	High road near Shikárpur.	28th November.	Report received 29th November 1878; not visited.	Detected. The prisoners mentioned in the robbery case preceding the above entry are also the perpetrators in this case. Property, valued at Rs. 20-8-0, was recovered.
40	Robbery. Property stolen Rs. 260-5-0.	Ali Shere, Kam- bar Táluka.	4th December ...	Report received 10th December 1878; not visited.	Detected. Three prisoners were arrested together with property valued at Rs. 10-5-0 in their possession. The trying Magistrate discharged them. A revision of the case has been called for.
41	Highway robbery. Property stolen, Rs. 10-7-6.	High road, Ghot- ki Táluka.	3rd December ...	Do. do. ...	Detected. Three men were arrested, 2 of whom were concerned in the case of robbery committed at Ghotki Táluka on the 25th May, already alluded to in this return, and who had escaped from the Sukkur Jail. They were all convicted. Property, valued at Re. 0-8-9, was recovered.
42	Murder ... ..	Bor-ri, Sukkur Táluka.	13th Dec. 1878...	Report received 16th December 1878; visit- ed same day.	Detected. The deceased was an old woman, and the murderer was her son. He was arrested. The prisoner was put on his trial some years ago on a charge of murdering his sister. On that occasion, owing to some discrepancy in the evidence, he got off. His case is still pending in the Session's Court.
43	Do. ... ..	Shikárpur ...	22nd Dec. 1878.	Report received 30th December 1878; not visited.	Detected. The murderer was arrested and convicted. Two others were implicated, but the evidence against them was insufficient to secure a conviction.

H. N. B. ERSKINE,  
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

*Bombay Castle, 27th December 1879.*

Read the Annual Reports on the state of crime and working of the Police in the several districts in the Northern, Southern, Central and Sind Divisions of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1878.

RESOLUTION.—The Police reports for Sind and the Northern Division are submitted by Mr. Erskine, the report for the Central Division by Mr. Robertson, and that for the Southern Division by Mr. Crawford.

2. During the year under review Mr. Melvill and Mr. Peilo held charge in Sind, Mr. Erskine in the Northern Division, Mr. Robertson in the Central Division, and Mr. Grey and Mr. Reid in the Southern Division.

*Crime in general.*

3. The chief feature in connection with the Police Administration of the Presidency during 1878 has been a serious increase of crime in Sind and in the Northern Division, and a satisfactory decrease in the Central and Southern Divisions, as compared with the figures of the previous year.

4. Crime has, in fact, followed to a great extent the fluctuations of prices which during the year under review rose sharply in the northern half of the Presidency, and in the south began to decline from the famine rates prevalent in 1877.

5. It is, however, satisfactory to note that on the whole crime has decreased from 85,542 cases in 1877, to 81,458 cases in 1878, though it is still much in excess of what it was during 1876, which may be taken as a normal year, when the number of offences amounted only to 67,490.

6. The following table exhibits these facts at a glance, and shows the fluctuations in each Division during the three years above referred to :—

Division.	Number of offences ascertained to have occurred.		
	1878.	1877.	1876.
Sind ... ..	17,331	15,729	14,980
Northern ... ..	22,433	19,449	17,274
Central ... ..	28,970	30,046	22,514
Southern ... ..	12,724	20,318	12,722
Total ... ..	81,458	85,542	67,490

7. It will be seen that during the year under review crime in Sind increased by 1,602 cases as compared with the year 1877 and by 2,351 cases as compared with the year 1876.



In the Northern Division the excess has been 2,984 cases compared with the year 1877 and 5,159 cases compared with the year 1876.

In the Central Division crime has decreased by 1,076 cases compared with the year 1877, but is still in excess of what it was in 1876 by 6,456 cases.

In the Southern Division alone has crime sunk to its normal dimensions; the decrease in the number of cases, compared with those in 1877, being 7,594, bringing the total number of offences in 1878 down to 12,724 compared with 12,722 in 1876.

8. Contrasted therefore with the year 1877 there has been an increase of 4,586 crimes in Sind and the Northern Division, and a decrease of 8,670 crimes in the Central and Southern Divisions, making a net decrease of 4,084 offences throughout the Presidency.

9. Contrasted, however, with the year 1876 crime still shows a large increase, amounting to 13,968 cases. This increase, as was the case in 1877, is chiefly in thefts, robberies and cognate offences and is the result no doubt of the continued pressure of high prices.

10. The number of persons arrested during 1878 in connection with cases ascertained to have occurred was 119,692 compared with 137,801 in the previous year. The distribution of these numbers between the four Divisions and the proportion of convictions to arrests in the two years are exhibited in the following statement:—

Division.	Number of Arrests.		Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.	
	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.
Sind ... ..	25,202	24,243	52	47
Northern ... ..	36,042	35,531	53	49
Central ... ..	40,964	46,451	61	60
Southern ... ..	17,484	31,576	59	64
Total ..	119,692	137,801	56	55

11. The number of arrests, like the number of offences, has risen in Sind and the Northern Division, decreased in the Central, and very greatly decreased in the Southern Division.

12. The proportion of convictions to arrests has improved in Sind and in the Northern and Central Divisions, a result partly attributable to the increased efficiency of the Police, but partly in the two first Divisions due to a large number of the offences having been committed by non-professionals driven to crime by hunger and who were not only more easily discovered, but were probably in many instances not very averse to finding a refuge in prison.

13. In the Southern Division the contrary has taken place, crime has fallen to its normal level, and the non-professional element, who, when arrested, probably confessed at once, has to a great extent disappeared.

#### *Cognizable Crime.*

14. As regards cognizable crime alone the following statement shows how cases of this description and the persons accused therein were disposed of in Sind and the Northern and Central Divisions during 1878 and 1877. The figures submitted for the Southern Division are not complete enough to admit of an exact comparison, a mistake which should be remedied in next year's report:—

Division	Number of Cases Reported		Number of Persons Arrested		PERCENTAGE OF CASES								PERCENTAGE OF PENDING											
	1876	1877	1876	1877	Struck off		Completed		Not charged		Acquitted		Pending as detected or otherwise disposed of		Discharged in connection with		Convicted		Uncharged		Appointed		Pending or otherwise disposed of	
					1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877
Sind	14,954	12,471	17,507	14,647	27	26	45	48	4	8	6	6	10	10	17	20	49	49	12	11	11	10	2	3
Northern	34,462	23,277	31,153	31,016	30	30	28	33	13	14	6	4	13	7	13	17	64	42	27	24	10	9	2	2
Central	27,131	31,184	32,709	40,705	19	20	48	46	7	8	8	8	10	14	4	4	54	55	17	17	17	17	4	6
Southern	14,976	22,644	15,305	23,794	24	20	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	8	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

15. The figures show an increase both in cognizable crime and in the number of persons arrested in connection therewith in Sind and in the Northern Division, while there is a decrease under both heads in the Central and Southern Divisions.

16. The percentage of cases struck off as "no crime" has not varied to any great extent in Sind and the Central Division but there is a considerable decrease in the Northern Division with a corresponding increase in the percentage of cases shown as pending or undetected. The Northern Division still, however, heads the list in the proportion of cases struck off. In the Southern Division these cases have increased four per cent.

17. All the Commissioners, however, appear to feel that the procedure in connection with cases "struck off" is still defective and wanting in uniformity. The percentage of these cases varies in a most extraordinary manner in different districts even in the same Division (e.g., 3 per cent. in Sâtara and 34 per cent. in Nâsik), and it is difficult in the present state of matters for Government to know what conclusions to draw from the figures connected with them.

When, for instance, it is seen that the number of arrests of persons in connection with cases struck off is in any district small, the reason may be that the police have exercised great discrimination, very few persons having been arrested because the crimes have not in fact taken place. On the other hand it may be that the police arrested few persons because they could gain no clue to the crimes, and this being so had as many cases as possible struck off the register as "no crime." The figures may, in fact, indicate either the exercise of great discrimination on the part of the police or a want of detective ability.

To remedy this state of matters the Commissioner, S.D., Mr. Crawford, proposes that each case should be carefully tested by the Superintendent before the permission of the Magistrate is asked to strike it off the register.

Neither Mr. Erskine nor Mr. Robertson makes any definite proposal similar to the above, but both Commissioners promise their attention to the subject, and Government will be glad to learn their views thereon as well as the views of the present Commissioner, N.D., at an early date.

Local peculiarities, no doubt, have a great deal to do with these cases. Thus in the Ratnâgiri District no less than 39 per cent. of the total number of cases reported were struck off as "no crime," while of the total number of persons arrested only one per cent. were discharged in connection with these "no crime cases." The cases themselves were numerous, but the arrests in connection with them few. This is the result of a habit, not indeed peculiar to Ratnâgiri, but in great favour among the people there, of making a criminal accusation the first stage in a civil suit, one of the parties for instance to a dispute about a piece of land accusing the other of theft in removing its crop. As the Commissioner observes, "the parties seek to get, by a decision in a criminal case, some better standing ground or evidence for the civil suit to follow. In fact they first try in a criminal court how far their case will hold water, and then proceed to stop the leaks before the trial in the civil court."

18. The figures under the remaining heads, though interesting, do not call for special remark. The Central Division shows considerably the highest percentage of convictions to cases and to persons arrested. The Northern Division has advanced in this respect, and Sind is nearly stationary.

19. As regards the more serious crimes the number of murders in Sind was 41 compared with 38 in the previous year, and the number of other serious offences against the person was identical in both years, being 247. The greatest increase among the more serious crimes is in cattle theft, of which 1,847 cases were reported in 1878 compared with 1,164 in 1877.

20. In the remaining three Divisions the fluctuations in the number of the more serious crimes is shown in the following table:—

DIVISIONS.	Murder.		Culpable Homicide not amounting to Murder.		Dacoity.		Robbery.		Theft.		Receiving Stolen Property.		Kidnaping.	
	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.
Northern ...	75	64	39	26	106	77	163	120	6,250	4,384	594	323	28	16
Central ...	56	72	38	24	52	119	156	236	9,571	12,484	489	625	35	34
Southern ...	49	85	33	38	60	141	96	277	4,726	9,749	317	435	10	16

21. In the Northern Division there has been a marked increase, and in the Southern a marked decrease in all the crimes shown above. The increase in crime in the Northern Division is, as has already been noticed, mainly due to the rise in the price of food, and most of the "dacoities" were merely technical dacoities, i.e., the number of persons engaged in the robberies (frequently trifling robberies of grain) was five or more.

The Central Division shows an increase in culpable homicide and under kidnaping; in all the other descriptions of crime there is a decrease.

#### *Non-cognizable Crime.*

22. The following table shows the state of non-cognizable crime throughout the Presidency. This species of crime has decreased in every Division except the Central in which there is a considerable increase, so considerable indeed as to more than balance the decrease in the other three Divisions and to raise the number of non-cognizable cases in 1878 above the number in 1877 though the number of persons arrested or summoned in connection with those cases was less.

The percentage of convictions to persons arrested or summoned has improved in every Division except the Southern, in which there is a slight falling off. Taking the whole Presidency the improvement (4 per cent.) is considerable:—

Division.	Number of Cases.		Persons Arrested or Summoned.		Persons Convicted.		Persons Acquitted.		Percentage of convictions to persons arrested or summoned.	
	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.
Sind ..	6,654	6,750	12,031	13,481	4,888	4,188	7,429	9,117	38	31
Northern ..	5,722	5,741	9,304	10,505	4,165	4,359	5,182	6,120	44	41
Central ..	7,480	6,308	9,480	7,441	6,239	4,099	3,202	3,313	68	55
Southern ..	1,949	2,555	3,003	4,095	1,616	2,404	1,392	1,690	56	58
Total ..	21,798	20,364	33,623	35,522	16,408	16,050	17,206	20,340	50	46

*Stolen Property.*

23. The following statement shows the value of property stolen and recovered in each Division during 1878 and 1877 :—

Division.	Value of Property Stolen.		Value of Property Recovered.		Percentage of Property Recovered to Property Stolen.	
	Rs.		Rs.			
	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.
Sind .. ..	213,723	154,501	123,897	64,150	60	57
Northern .. ..	335,490	230,900	144,900	107,003	43	46
Central .. ..	528,763	436,630	340,209	179,997	45	41
Southern .. ..	250,049	310,583	164,426	164,703	61	53
Total .. ..	1,367,020	1,141,640	673,432	534,853	51	49

24. From the above it would appear that the value of property stolen has increased in every Division except the Southern, and that the increase for the whole Presidency is in excess of two lakhs.

Much reliance cannot, however, be placed upon these figures, as persons from whom property is stolen are apt to exaggerate their losses, a tendency which may cause fluctuations for which there is no real foundation, and which renders deductions from the figures shown in this statement somewhat uncertain.

*Habitual Criminals.*

25. No offences have been committed by habitual criminals coming under the cognizance of the Thagi Department either in Sind or the Northern Division, but in the Central Division two dacoities were committed in Khândesh by persons of this description of whom 45 were convicted.

In the Southern Division 48 crimes, chiefly cattle thefts, are shown in Statement E. as the work of professional criminals.

*Fairs and Jâtras.*

26. The number of police officers and men specially employed to preserve order at fairs and jâtras was in Sind 235, in the Northern Division none, in the Central Division 32, and in the Southern Division 91 (shetsandis.)

*Punitive Posts.*

27. As regards Punitive Police Posts during the year under review—

6 were established in Sind;

6 in the Northern Division, including one of 110 officers and men quartered at Surat in consequence of the riots of the 5th April;

14 in the Central Division including one of 151 officers and men (since discontinued) quartered upon 141 villages of the Nâsik District on the line of Railway owing to grain robberies.

2 in the Southern Division.

*Statistics regarding Number and Cost of Police.*

28. The following table shows the strength and total cost to Provincial Revenues of the Police of all grades including the Superintendents, in the different Divisions. It contrasts also the proportion of Police to area and to

population, but as the area and population of Native States are not included, the proportion is really somewhat less than the figures would indicate:—

DIVISION.	Sanctioned Strength.	Total cost to Provincial Revenue.	Population.	Area in square miles.	PROPORTION OF POLICE TO	
					Area in square miles, one to	Population, one to
		Rs.				
Sind .. .. .	4,343	7,15,263	2,201,241	46,660	11.05	519
Northern .. .. .	4,971	8,23,827	4,008,351	15,620	3.14	806
Central .. .. .	5,988	9,07,447	5,223,237	39,351	6.02	918
Southern .. .. .	3,485	5,35,301	4,160,366	22,874	6.6	1,194
Total .. .. .	18,485	9,981,838	15,593,195	124,705	7	859

29. From the above it appears that the strength of the Police for the whole Presidency is 18,485, maintained at a cost of slightly less than 30 lakhs of rupees per annum, and that there is one policeman to every seven square miles of country and to every 859 persons. The cost of the Police averages three annas per annum per head of population.

Sind and the densely populated Northern Division afford a somewhat striking contrast as regards the proportion of Police to area and population. In the latter there is a policeman to every three square miles, but he has a charge of 806 persons, while in Sind each policeman has only 519 persons in his charge, but they are scattered over an area of no less than eleven square miles.

30. Mr. Erskine has pointed out that the position of Sind as regards Police in Sind. Police is by no means so exceptional as local officers are apt to imagine. In Kurrachee, for instance, there is one policeman to 299 persons and 9 square miles compared with one policeman to 985 persons and 10 square miles in Násik.

So too in Hyderabad there is one policeman to 818 persons and 10 square miles, and in Shikárpur one policeman to 651 persons and 7 square miles compared with one policeman to 1,246 persons and 10 square miles in Ahmednagar.

It is true that in Thar and Párkar there is only one policeman to 25 square miles, but the greater portion of this is desert, and the population per policeman is only 368. Where the police are so sparsely scattered as in this District, information of the commission of a crime is likely to be obtained so long after the event as to add considerably to the difficulties of detection, but on the other hand the open nature of the country renders pursuit much more easy than in the mountainous and well-wooded districts of the Presidency proper.

Sind is no doubt weak as regards village police, but even here the difference is not so great as is sometimes supposed, and the Pagi of Sind is not an altogether contemptible substitute for the Jaglia who represents the village police of a considerable portion of the Deccan and Konkan.

Mr. Erskine, however, is on the whole of opinion that owing to the large areas, the absence of Village Police and the character of the people, the Police force in Sind is barely sufficient, and certainly will not admit of any reduction.

*Statistics regarding Armament, Education, and Discipline.*

31. The following statement shows the number of armed and unarmed police in each Division, and also the number able to read and write, and those under instruction; particulars as to the number of rewards, and punishments during the year under review are also shown:—

Division.	Sanctioned Strength		Armed.		Unarmed furnished with batons only.	Education Percentage.		Rewards Percentage.		Punishments Percentage.	
	Officers.	Men.	With Fire-arms.	With Swords.		Able to read and write.	Under instruc- tion.	By Promo- tion.	By Money.	Dismiss- ed.	Depart- mentally punished.
Sind .. .. .	611	3,728	2,150	2,170	19	17	2	6	3	4	13
Northern .. .. .	885	4,077	2,223	2,739	..	46	19	10	3	2	12
Central .. .. .	956	4,693	2,515	2,445	1,716	25	6	3	7	2	9
Southern .. .. .	596	2,894	1,534	173	1,473	38	16	7	3	6	17
Total .. .. .	3,067	15,392	8,723	6,527	3,209	34	10	6	1	3	13

NOTE.—Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents are not included.

32. Exclusive of Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents the Police force for the whole Presidency is composed of 3,067 officers and 15,392 men. Of these 8,723 have fire-arms, 6,527 are armed only with swords, and 3,209 have batons only. Nearly the whole force in Sind and the Northern Division is armed, but in the Central Division nearly a third, and in the Southern nearly a half of the men are unarmed.

33. The Central Division shows best in point of education; Sind is very far behind in this respect both as regards the men able to read and write and those under instruction. Much reliance cannot, however, be placed upon the figures connected with Education, as in some districts the names of those only who are able to write an intelligible report are entered as "able to read and write," while in others the names of those only able to write their own names or to read what they themselves have written are so entered.

Government are pleased to direct that in future the former practice should be universally adopted.

34. During 1878, 6 per cent. of the force was rewarded by promotion and one per cent. by money: 13 per cent. was punished departmentally and 3 per cent. by dismissal. The Southern Division shows the greatest amount of punishment and the Central the least.

#### Composition of the Force.

35. The following table indicates the composition of the Police force in the four Divisions showing as it does the number of police enlisted during the year, the number between one and ten years' service and the number of ten years' service or more. It shows, too, the number who have left the Force during the year:—

Division.	Sanctioned Strength.	Number Enlisted during the year.	Number of one year's service and under ten years.	Number of ten years' service and upwards.	NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR					Total.
					On Promo- tion or Retire- ment.	By Resig- nation without Penalty or Complac- tence.	By Dismiss- ed and Discharge.	By Death Dut.	By Death	
Sind .. .. .	4,390	647	2,434	1,190	24	234	237	9	69	741
Northern .. .. .	4,982	656	2,306	2,267	70	137	117	16	113	453
Central .. .. .	5,278	369	1,807	2,299	62	63	157	5	140	427
Southern .. .. .	2,690	290	1,214	1,921	87	64	148	..	97	396
Total .. .. .	17,338	1,962	7,761	8,754	223	498	661	20	419	1,864

36. One thousand eight hundred and four men left the Force during the year, and 1,800 recruits were enlisted. The Force, after deducting these recruits, consists of 7,761 men between one and ten years' service and 8,756 men of ten years' service and upwards.

The number of enlistments is greatest in Sind, in which Province, too, the number of dismissals and of resignations without pensions is by far the highest; scarcely more than a fourth of the Sind Police are of ten years' service, while in the remaining three Divisions the men of this period of service are fully one-half.

These figures appear to indicate that the service in Sind is not so popular as in the Presidency proper, and that the men are more ready to resign or to incur the risk of dismissal.

During the year under review 223 men retired on pension or gratuity; 480, of whom very nearly half were Sind Police, resigned without pension or gratuity; 656, of whom again more than a third were Sind men, were dismissed; 26 deserted, and 419 died.

37. The following statement shows the distribution of the Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents between the Military and Uncovenanted services as well as the composition of the Force (inclusive of the above officers) as regards religions or castes. It shows also the expenditure upon Police buildings during the year:—

Division.	Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents.			Religion or Castes.					Expenditure on Police Buildings.			
	Military.	Uncovenanted.	Total.	Christians.	Jews and Parsis.	Mohamedans.	Bráhmans.	Others.	D. P. W.	Police Budget.	Total.	Expenditure per Policeman.
									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
Sind ... ..	...	4	4	10	2	3,082	232	1,017	5,858	4,972	10,831	2 8 10
Northern ... ..	2	7	9	10	13	1,652	251	3,045	12,915	4,187	17,102	3 7 0
Central ... ..	4	4	8	47	13	1,818	143	3,665	9,447	9,272	18,720	3 4 9
Southern ... ..	4	1	5	55	...	1,339	157	1,934	9,410	16,136	25,546	7 5 5
Total ... ..	10	16	26	122	28	7,891	783	9,661	37,630	34,567	72,199	4 0 0

38. Ten of the Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents are Military and 16 Uncovenanted Officers. There are in all 122 Christians, 28 Jews and Parsis, and 783 Bráhmans in the force. The Mahomedans number 7,891 and constitute nearly half of the entire force, the "other castes and religions" numbering 9,661.

The total Police expenditure upon buildings has amounted during the year to Rs. 72,199, being at the rate of Rs. 4 per head per annum. In proportion to the strength of its Police the Southern Division has spent twice as much as any other Division under this head.

39. The activity of the Superintendents in visiting the scenes of the more serious crimes has varied greatly in different Districts. The necessity of or possibility of making such a visit can be determined in each case only by a consideration of the particular circumstances of that case, but Government agree with Mr. Erskine in thinking these visits to be very desirable as a rule and regret to notice the tendency in Sind to avoid making them.

40. Separate orders will be issued on the points raised in paras. 1 and 10 of the Report from the Commissioner, N. D.

#### *Comparison of Districts.*

41. Thus far Government have taken the Division as the unit for comparison and have referred only incidentally to the District.

The following statement however shows the area, population, and Police force of each District and contrasts the amount of cognizable crime committed

in 1878 and 1877, as well as the success of the Police in obtaining convictions during those two years:—

District.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Strength of Police.	Police to Area.	Police to Population.	True cognizable cases.		Persons Apprehended.		Percentage of convictions to Apprehensions.		Name of Superintendent in charge at the end of the year.
						1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.	1877.	
Kurrachee.. ..	14,093	426,732	1,423	1 to 9'90	1 to 299'87	2,075	2,646	2,563	2,255	71'56	73'95	Mr. Giertzen.
Hyderabad .. ..	9,053	721,947	882	10'26	618'53	2,321	2,519	4,216	2,064	69'80	66'2	Mr. McIver.
Shikárpur.. ..	8,609	776,227	1,192	7'39	651'19	2,292	2,093	2,073	2,662	61'66	65'47	Mr. Hombroam.
Thar and Párkár.. ..	12,729	180,761	491	25'92	368'14	645	320	832	445	66'74	65'96	Major Crawford.
Frontier .. ..	3,177	95,684	251	18'67	330'81	440	402	404	434	59'29	39'64	Mr. Holton.
Ahmedabad .. ..	2,848	829,637	1,234	2'12	672	2,157	2,422	4,096	5,109	55	51	Captain Westmacott.
Kaira .. ..	1,861	782,733	736	2'12	1,003'49	2,472	1,414	2,001	2,216	77	64	Mr. Duggan.
Panch Máhál .. ..	1,731	240,745	817	2'21	308	2,270	1,241	2,060	1,453	91	65	Major La Touche.
Broach .. ..	1,358	250,222	417	2'28	840	1,410	1,132	2,056	1,759	52	47	Mr. Holland.
Surat .. ..	1,588	607,087	652	2'43	929	1,752	2,010	2,764	2,232	53	64	Mr. Bunnell.
Thána .. ..	4,052	847,424	808	5'01	1049	5,077	4,612	9,226	6,115	39	29	Mr. Yates.
Kolába .. ..	1,482	250,406	306	4'84	1,148	970	1,760	1,622	2,098	63	53	Mr. FitzGerald.
Ahmednagar .. ..	6,647	773,938	621	10'70	1,246'27	4,206	2,510	5,718	6,262	71	66	Mr. Goldsmit.
Khándesh.. ..	10,162	1,028,642	1,722	5'90	897'85	2,458	2,822	4,806	5,666	59	66	Major Probyn.
Násik .. ..	8,140	734,386	745	10'92	985'63	2,752	2,852	4,519	5,002	46	47	Major Wilson.
Poona .. ..	5,099	907,235	1,090	4'69	832'23	4,636	5,457	6,866	7,267	52	52	Major Daniell.
Sátára .. ..	4,804	1,061,002	868	4'90	1,096'07	2,722	5,591	5,224	7,172	67	62	Lieut.-Col. Bartholomew.
Sholápur .. ..	4,409	718,034	640	8'32	1,229'69	2,634	2,676	4,222	5,273	70	72	Mr. Oell.
Belgaum .. ..	4,891	938,760	668	6'9	1,403	2,117	2,311	2,164	2,864	64	60	Major Codrington.
Dhárwár .. ..	4,864	968,037	749	6'1	1,317	2,060	6,160	2,322	2,202	56	61	Captain Hay.
Kaládgi .. ..	5,695	816,037	624	9'1	1,207	2,180	4,129	2,426	7,262	65	70	Captain Payne.
Kánara .. ..	4,235	398,406	697	6'	571	1,512	1,882	1,819	2,827	64	66	Lieut. Macpherson.
Ratnágiri .. ..	2,789	1,019,126	742	6'1	1,272	1,907	2,215	2,048	2,209	47	44	Mr. Down.

42. The figures showing statistics as to the number of Police to area and population in each District speak for themselves and need no elucidation.

43. The number of cognizable cases in the past two years affords the best test obtainable as to the fluctuations of crime, and the percentage of convictions to arrests in these cases gives as good an idea of the success of the Police in their work as mere figures can afford, provided that the amount of crime "undetected" in any particular District be not exceptionally high.

44. Cognizable crime has increased in every District of Sind and the Northern Division except Surat and Kolába, and has decreased in every District of the Central and Southern Divisions except Ahmednagar, which shows a considerable increase. This increase is not, however, a serious matter as it is due to an energetic crusade against nuisances in the Ahmednagar Cantonment.

45. The Kurrachee District was in charge of Mr. Giertzen and Mr. Alexander during the greater part of the year. The Police are 1,423 strong, or 1 man to every 9'90 square miles, and to every 299 persons.

Cognizable crime increased from 2,616 cases in 1877 to 2,975 cases in 1878, but the proportion of convictions to apprehensions fell from 73'95 to 71'56 per cent. Compared with most other Districts, however, this percentage is a high one.

Nine murders, in which ten persons were killed, took place in 1878, compared with four in 1877. Convictions were obtained in seven of these cases and in two the guilty parties escaped.



46. The Hyderabad District was in charge of Mr. McIver during the greater part of the year. The Police number 882, or a man to every 10·26 square miles and to every 818 persons. Cognizable crime increased from 2,518 cases in 1877, to 3,327 cases in 1878.

The percentage of convictions to apprehensions was nearly the same in both years.

Fourteen murders occurred during the year, compared with 8 in the previous year; convictions were obtained in 8 cases, in the remaining six cases the offender committed suicide in one, was shot red-handed in another, and died in the third, two cases were pending at the end of the year and in the 14th case the murderers escaped.

Six cases of culpable homicide occurred, and convictions were obtained in all of them.

47. The Shikárpur District was in charge of Mr. Duggan during the greater part of the year and of Mr. Henderson, during the last two months. The Police Force is 1,192 strong, being a man to every 7·39 square miles and to every 651 persons.

Cognizable crime increased from 3,093 cases in 1877 to 3,292 cases in 1878, but the percentage of convictions fell from 65·42 to 61·66.

Fourteen cases of murder occurred during the year; convictions were obtained in 7, 5 cases were pending, and in 2 cases the guilty parties were not convicted.

48. Major Crawford was in charge of the Thar and Párkar Police during the greater part of the year. The force is composed of 491 men, being 1 man to every 25·92 square miles and to every 368 persons.

Cognizable crime more than doubled as it rose from 320 cases in 1877 to 643 cases in 1878. Fortunately this increase in crime was accompanied by a large increase in the proportion of convictions to arrests as the percentage rose from 55·95 in 1877 to 66·74 in 1878.

Three cases of murder occurred during the year; convictions were obtained in 2, and 1 case was pending.

48. The Upper Sind Frontier Police were in charge of Colonel Nuttall during nearly the whole of the year. They are 251 strong, or a man to every 18·67 square miles and to every 380 persons.

Cognizable offences increased from 402 to 440 cases, but there was a very satisfactory increase also in the percentage of convictions to apprehensions, viz., from 39·64 to 58·29.

Only one murder is reported, but there seems to have been a second in a dacoity. The offender escaped in the first case, the second case is pending.

49. Taking the percentage of convictions to arrests in cognizable cases as a criterion of the efficiency of the Police, the force in Sind has been decidedly successful; their success in murder cases tends to show that the test adopted is a fairly reliable one.

50. The Ahmedabad District was in charge of Major Westmacott throughout the year. The force numbers 1,234 men, being a man to every 3·12 square miles and to every 672 persons. Cognizable offences rose from 2,422 in 1877 to 3,157 in 1878, and the percentage of convictions from 51 to 55.

Twenty murders occurred during the year compared with 21 in the previous year. The Police have been eminently unsuccessful in dealing with these offences, as in 14 of the 20 cases the offenders are at large; in 2 cases only have convictions been secured, in 1 case the accused died after committal to the Sessions, and 3 cases were pending at the close of the year.

The Commissioner speaks very highly of the proficiency in drill and smart appearance of the Ahmedabad Police, particularly the mounted portion; this is

satisfactory, but care must be taken that the development of these points is not at the expense of the detective power of the Force.

The Commissioner agrees with Major Westmacott as to the difficulty of working the rule which requires promotion to the rank of Chief Constable to be made from men who have served three years as head Constables. A rule of this kind is, on its introduction, certain to be attended with difficulties, there are, perhaps, not many men in the ranks fit for the promotion, and it may be some little time before the better class of men whom it is desired to secure will realize that the road to a Chief Constableship lies through the lower ranks of the Police. Government trust, however, that a steady adherence to the course marked out will result in the better class of men enlisting in the Police in hopes of the promotion.

That a better stamp of men are required in the police recent events leave Government no room to doubt.

51. Major LaTouche and Mr. Holland were in charge of the Kaira Police during the greater part of the year. The force numbers 736 men, or a man to every 2.12 square miles and to every 1,063 persons.

Cognizable crime increased from 1,414 cases in 1877 to 2,472 cases in 1878, and the percentage of convictions fell from 86 to 77 per cent., a decrease which is probably connected with the fact that cases struck off as "no crime" have decreased from 62 per cent. of the total number of cases reported in 1877 to 36 per cent. in 1878. 15 murders occurred compared with 10 in the previous year; convictions were secured in only 4 cases, and 3 cases are pending; in the remaining 8 cases the offenders appear not to have been brought to justice.

52. The Panch Maháls Police were in charge of Mr. Prescott, Mr. Gell, and Major La Touche, each for about a third of the year.

The Force is 817 strong, being 1 policeman to every 2.21 square miles and to every 308 persons. Cognizable crime increased from 1,241 cases in 1877 to 2,270 in 1878, but the percentage of convictions rose from 85 to 91 per cent. of the arrests. This is the largest percentage obtained in any District and the proportion of cases convicted to cases which have occurred is also highest in the Panch Maháls. On the other hand, however, the percentage of "undetected" crime is likewise highest and unfortunately the "undetected" crime is serious. Six cases of murder out of nine which occurred were "undetected" as were also 26 out of 58 cases of dacoity.

The inference from the above seems to be that the Panch Mahál Police are, as a rule, either wholly successful or wholly unsuccessful in their detection of crime. If they take a case as far as the Courts they seem almost invariably to obtain convictions, but in a considerable proportion of the crimes which are committed, they obtain no clue to the offenders. The country is, no doubt, a difficult one, being wild, hilly, and wooded, and consisting of two insulated divisions surrounded by foreign territory; but, on the other hand, if regard be had both to extent of country and to population the Panch Mahál Police Force is numerically the strongest in the Presidency. Government trust that the arrangements which have been made as regards the police on the Banswara frontier may result in a larger proportion of the more serious crimes being detected.

53. The Broach District was in charge of Mr. Melver and Mr. Coles during the greater part of the year. The Police Force consists of 417 men, or a man to every 3.25 square miles and to every 840 persons. Cognizable crime rose from 1,133 cases in 1877 to 1,410 cases in 1878, and the percentage of convictions which was very low in 1877 (47) rose to 52. Eleven murders took place during the year against 4 in 1877, and convictions were obtained in 5 cases.

54. Mr. Scannell was in charge of the Surat District throughout the year. The Police are 653 strong, being a man to every 2.43 square miles and to every 929 persons.

Cognizable crime fell from 2,010 cases in 1877 to 1,752 cases in 1878 and the proportion of convictions to apprehensions was nearly the same in both years, being 54 and 53 per cent. respectively. Two murders occurred during the year compared with 4 in the previous year. A conviction was obtained in 1 case and the other was pending.

The only special police event of the year in this District was the disgraceful riot at Surat itself; this has formed the subject of separate orders. Government are glad to learn that the 50 armed men of the Surat Punitive Post are in the high state of efficiency reported.

55. The Thána District was in charge of Mr. Yates throughout the year. Thána. The force is 808 strong, or a man to every 5.01 miles and to every 1,049 persons.

Cognizable crime increased from 4,612 cases in 1877 to 5,077 cases in 1878, and the proportion of convictions to apprehensions increased from 38 to 39 per cent. The amount of cognizable crime in Thána is the highest in the whole Presidency; while the percentage of convictions to apprehensions is much the lowest. These two facts, combined, with the alleged difficulty of obtaining recruits, indicate that police matters are not in a very satisfactory condition in the Thána District and the question should engage the attention of the Commissioner.

Eighteen murders occurred during the year; in 9 convictions were obtained, 2 cases were pending at the end of the year, and in 7 the offenders have not been brought to justice.

Kolába. 56. The Kolába District was in charge of Captain Payne during the greater part of the year.

The Police strength is 306 men, or 1 man to every 4.84 square miles and to every 1,145 persons. Cognizable cases decreased from 1,140 in 1877 to 970 in 1878, and the percentage of convictions rose from 55 to 65.

No cases of murder occurred, and in fact there was little serious crime in the District, the following being the only cases of a grave nature:—

	No. of Cases.
Culpable homicide ... ..	4
Attempt to murder ... ..	1
Dacoity ... ..	1
Highway robbery ... ..	1
Total ... ..	<u>7</u>

One of the cases of culpable homicide seems however from the description to have been very nearly akin to murder.

Ahmednagar. 57. The Ahmednagar District was in charge of Major Daniell and Captain Babington during the greater portion of the year.

The force numbers 621 men, being a man to every 10.70 miles and to every 1,246 persons.

Cognizable crime increased from 3,510 cases in 1877 to 4,205 cases in 1878, a result due to the numerous prosecutions for nuisances in the Cantonment, which have been already noticed. Regarding these the District Magistrate has suggested to the Cantonment Magistrate that it would be preferable to make a few severe examples rather than to take up cases in a somewhat wholesale manner, ending as they do in the infliction of numerous small fines. Government concur in this view.

The proportion of convictions to arrests has increased from 65 to 71 per cent., a satisfactory figure.

Twelve murders took place during the year compared with 8 in 1877; convictions were obtained in only 5 cases, as in 6 cases the accused were either acquitted or discharged, and in 1 case no trace of the perpetrators was discovered.

58. The Khándesh District was in charge of Major Probyn for the greater part of the year. The strength of the Force is 1,722 men, or a man to every 5·90 miles and to every 597 persons. Cognizable crime decreased from 3,852 cases in 1877 to 3,458 cases in 1878, but the proportion of convictions to apprehensions also decreased from 65 to 59 per cent.; the proportion of convictions to cases shows also a falling off. These results are not satisfactory. Twelve murders took place during the year compared with 13 in the previous year: convictions were obtained in 8 cases,

Khándesh.

59. The Násik District was in charge of Major Wilson during very nearly the whole of the year.

Násik.

The force is 745 strong, being a man to every 10·93 miles and to every 985 persons.

Cognizable crime decreased from 2,852 cases in 1877 to 2,755 in 1878, and the percentage of convictions rose from 47 to 50. 4 murders occurred during the year compared with 5 in the previous year, and it is satisfactory to find that convictions were obtained in all 4 cases.

60. The Poona District was in charge of Mr. Giertzen for 8 months and of Major Daniell for the rest of the year.

Poona.

The Police force numbers 1,090 men, or a man to every 4·68 miles and to every 832 persons.

Cognizable crime decreased from 5,457 cases in 1877 to 4,636 cases in 1878, the proportion of convictions to arrest being the same in both years, viz., 52 per cent.

Ten murders occurred during the year compared with 15 in 1877, convictions were obtained in 4 cases, 2 cases were pending at the close of the year and in 4 the offenders escaped justice. 9 cases of dacoity occurred, but they were not of a serious nature. The District Magistrate and the Superintendent agree in thinking the Poona Police to be very deficient both in intelligence and physique. This character they fully maintained during 1879, and Government trust that the promised reforms in connection with the Force will not be much longer delayed.

61. The Sátára District was in charge of Lieutenant-Colonel Bartholomew for nine and of Mr. Goldsmit for three months.

Sátára.

The Force numbers 968 men, being a man to every 4·96 square miles and to every 1,096 persons.

Cognizable crime decreased from 5,391 cases in 1877 to 3,782 in 1878, but the percentage of convictions fell from 62 to 57, which is not satisfactory.

Ten murders took place during the year compared with 16 in the previous year; 2 cases remained over from the previous year, making a total of 12 for investigation. In 7 of these cases convictions were secured, 1 was pending at the end of the year, and in 4 the offenders were not brought to justice.

Twelve dacoities occurred, but convictions were obtained in only 2 cases. Most of these dacoities were merely robberies of field produce, but the small number of convictions is not creditable to the Police.

62. Lieutenant Dickson was in charge of the Sholápur Police during the greater part of the year. The Force consists of 549 men, or 1 man to every 8·33 square miles and to every 1,329 persons. Cognizable crime decreased from 3,676 cases in 1877 to 2,654 in 1878. The percentage of convictions, however, fell from 72 to 70.

Sholápur

Eight murders occurred during the year, compared with 15 in the previous year. The Police, though successful in obtaining convictions in regard to crime in general, were very unsuccessful in dealing with these murders, as a conviction was obtained in only 1 case.

Belgaum. 63. The Belgaum District was in charge of Major Codrington during the whole of the year.

The Police number 668 men, being a man to every 6·9 square miles and to every 1,403 persons.

Cognizable crime decreased from 3,311 cases in 1877 to 2,117 cases in 1878, but the percentage of convictions fell from 69 to 64.

Twelve murders took place during the year, and convictions were obtained in 9 of the cases.

Four dacoities took place, and in all of them convictions were obtained.

Dhárwár. 64. The Dhárwár District was in charge of Lieutenant Macpherson and Captain Hay throughout the year.

The Police Force is 749 strong, being a man to every 6·1 square miles and to every 1,317 persons. In cognizable crime there was the large decrease from 6,160 cases in 1877 to 3,060 cases in 1878, but the percentage of convictions fell from 61 to 55.

Twenty-two murders occurred during the year, convictions were obtained in 11, and in 11 the perpetrators escaped.

Kaládgi. 65. The Kaládgi District was in charge of Mr. H. Kennedy, Lieutenant Macpherson and Captain Payne during eleven months of the year.

The Force consists of 624 men, or a man to every 9·1 square miles and to every 1,307 persons.

Cognizable crime decreased from 4,189 cases in 1877 to 2,186 cases in 1878, the percentage of convictions falling from 70 to 65.

Six murders occurred during the year, a conviction was obtained in 1, in 3 the guilty parties escaped, and 2 which resulted in convictions, were pending at the end of the year.

Kánara. 66. The Kánara District was in charge of Major McGillivray, Mr. H. Kennedy, and Lieutenant Macpherson for eleven months of the year.

The Force is 697 strong, being a man to every 6 miles and to every 571 persons.

Cognizable crime decreased from 1,888 cases in 1877 to 1,512 cases in 1878, and the percentage of convictions also decreased from 66 to 64.

Four murders were reported during the year, in one a conviction was obtained at the Sessions, but reversed by the High Court, in another the case was committed to the Sessions, but a conviction was not obtained, and the result of the investigation into the other two is not stated.

Ratnágiri. 67. The Ratnágiri District was in charge of Mr. Down during nearly the whole year.

The Force consists of 742 men, or a man to every 5·1 square miles and to every 1,372 persons.

Cognizable crime decreased from 2,215 cases in 1877 to 1,907 cases in 1878, but the percentage of convictions to arrest also shows a slight decrease, viz., from 48 to 47. This is the lowest figure during the year, except that for Thána, and is not a very satisfactory one.

Five murder cases occurred during the year, three of which resulted in convictions.

No dacoities took place, and there was only 1 attempt at murder and 1 culpable homicide.

68. All the Districts of the Southern Division show a decrease, and those which suffered more severely from the famine of 1876-77 a very large decrease, in the amount of cognizable crime during the year under review compared with 1877. All the Districts also show a decrease in the percentage of convictions to arrests, this decrease too is most marked in the three Districts chiefly affected

by the late famine. The cause has been already noticed and is the fact that increased difficulty in obtaining the means of subsistence is certain to be accompanied by an increased tendency to crime, while at the same time the criminals being non-professionals, and in many instances not very averse to the shelter of a jail are more easily convicted. As matters return to their normal condition crime becomes less frequent, but more difficult to detect.

*Conclusion.*

69. On the whole the Police Reports for 1873 are satisfactory. Crime decreased during the year greatly in the Southern and considerably in the Central Division. In the Northern Division and in Sind it has increased appreciably, but the increase is for the most part confined to offences of a not very grave character, resulting from the pressure of high prices. The so-called dacoities were in the majority of instances grain robberies unaccompanied by any great violence and a large proportion of the crime consisted in an appropriation of articles of food.

70. The Police have worked well, and the majority of the Superintendents are deserving of credit.

The Commissioners especially mention the names of Majors Westmacott and Daniell.

71. The acknowledgments of Government are due to the Commissioners, and especially to Mr. Erskine, for their valuable and interesting reports. There is still no doubt great room for improvement in the Police, and Government are disposed to think that much of this improvement can be worked out through the development of the Village Police (who really perform most of the detective work of the mofussil) and the employment of a better class of men both as regards intelligence and physique in the District Police, a step which may entail some reduction in their numbers.

C. G. W. MACPHERSON,

Acting Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner in Sind,  
 The Commissioner, N.D.,  
 The Commissioner, C.D.,  
 The Commissioner, S.D.,  
 The District Magistrates,  
 The District Superintendents of Police, } Including Sind,  
 The Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier,  
 The Political Superintendent, Thar and Parkar,  
 The Secretary to the Government of India, } By letter,  
 The Under Secretary of State for India,  
 The Compiler of the Administration Report,  
 The General Department,  
 The Editors' Table.