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# ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

# POLICE OF THE TOWN AND ISLAND OF BOMBAY, FOR 1899.

Bombay:
PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.

1900.

No.  $\frac{5226}{7}$  or 1900.

From

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

Bombay;

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,

Judicial Department,

Bombay.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 12th May 1900.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit herewith the Annual Police Report for the Town and Island of Bombay for the year 1899.

2. In conformity with the instructions contained in Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 4075, dated the 14th July 1886, I forwarded the report to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and beg to attach hereto, for the information of Government, a copy of letter No. 845, dated 9th May 1900, from that officer,

I have the honour to be,

Sir.

Your most obedient servant,

H. KENNEDY, Commissioner of Police.

No. 845 of 1900.

From

J. SANDERS SLATER, Esq.,
Chief Presidency Magistrate,
and Revenue Judge;

To

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
Bombay.

Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Bombay, 9th May 1900.

SIR

I have the honour to return herewith, with thanks, the Annual Report on the working of the Bombay City Police for the year 1899, forwarded to me with your letter No. 4013, dated the 4th instant. I should like to remark, with reference to paragraph 61 of your report, that in many cases the Magistrates cannot do more than inflict very trifling penalties. Where professional ablebodied beggars are concerned, I have no hesitation in inflicting a sentence of imprisonment, but it seems harsh to do so in cases where the halt, maimed, and blind are concerned, unless such people have thrust their afflictions (as frequently is the case) upon passers-by. I do not consider that persons so afflicted, who

simply sit by the road-side, should be committed to prison for their inoffensive appeals for aid; but there are many who infest the roads and thrust a hideous deformity or the stump of an amputated limb upon the notice of all who approach, and who follow carriages, tram-cars or foot-passengers with an insistency which proclaims their ability to do some manual labour. Those I think are proper subjects for imprisonment. Again, frequently children of very tender age are arrested for begging, and I think it very inadvisable to send children to prison, even for a few days, but it is indeed difficult to know what to do with them.

I have much pleasure in testifying to the good feeling and harmony which continues to prevail between the Presidency Magistrates and the Police.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) J. SANDERS SLATER, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and Revenue Judge.

(True copy)

H. KENNEDY,
Commissioner of Police.

No.  $\frac{52.5}{7}$  of 1900.

From

II. KENNEDY, Esq.,

Commissioner of Police,
Bombay;

To,

W. T. MORISON, Esq.,

Acting Secretary to Government, Judicial Department, Bombay.

> Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 12th May 1900.

SIR.

I have the honour to submit herewith the Annual Report on the working of the Bombay City Police for the year 1899.

- 2. I took charge of the office of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, on the 9th of January 1899 from Mr. R. H. Vincent, C.I.E., who retired on pension from that date. Mr. Herbert George Gell was in charge of the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, throughout the year.
- 3. In accordance with the instructions contained in Government Resolution No. 8720, dated the 16th December 1896, in the Judicial Department, the following Statements are appended:—
  - (a)-Statements furnished by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.
  - Statements A-I and A-II; Statements B-I and B-II, and Statement C (furnished in accordance with Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 387, dated the 9th January 1899); and

#### (b)—Police Statements.

Statements A-III and A-IV, and Statements C, D, E, F and G; as also the following extra local Statement—

#### Coroner's Inquests.

4. The submission of the Supplementary Statement No. I has been discontinued in accordance with the orders contained in Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 936, dated the 7th February 1900.

#### CRIME.

- 5. There were 34,669 cognizable offences during the year, of which 30,732 were reported to the Police and 3,937 to the Magistrates direct. There were also 30 pending cases from the previous year, making a total of 34,699 cases for the year. Thus there is an increase of 7,992 as compared with the figures for 1898, and an increase of 4,001 as compared with the average of the last three years. The causes of this increase and the fluctuations contributing thereto will be dealt with hereafter.
- 6. The following table shows broadly the details of reported crime, including Magisterial cases for 1898 and 1899, under each class comparatively:—

	Offences			1898.	1899.
Murders		1,.		9	10
Attempts at mur	der and co	alpable homicid	le	8 }	6
Dacoities	***	-	•••	1	3
Robberies	•••	•••	•••	25	20
House-breaking		***	• • • •	344	373
Thefts	***		•••	2,587	2,632
Recoiving stolen	property	***	•••	76	. 85
Class I	•••			65	29
" II			•••	447	526
"III	***	•••	•••	390	439
"· IV	***	**1		66	50
" V	***	***	•••	3,109	3,269
	Total	Classes I to V		4,077	4,313
Class VI	•••			340	483
Miscellaneous	•••	•••		22,266	29,873
Total Class	s VI, aud	Miscellaneous		22,606	30,356
		Grand Total		26,683	34,669

7. It will be observed that the net increase of about 8,000 cases this year is due almost entirely to miscellaneous or petty offences falling under Local Acts.

#### Pending Cases.

- 8. There were 22 Police cases pending at the end of the year as compared with 28 at the end of the previous year. There were also 23 Magistrates' cases pending at the end of the year as compared with two in 1898.
- 9. The number under each head is small and not worthy of comment, especially as there were no cases of long standing among them.
- 10. The subjoined statement shows under what classes the increase and decrease of Police reported orime fall as compared with last year:—

	Classes,			1898.	1899. "
Class I	•••	*16	•••	62 407	27 490
" III	•••	***	•••	390	489
" _v	***	•••	•••	2,917	29 3,064 433
,, VI Miscellaneous	•••	***	•••	288   16,517	433 26,250

11. In a similar manner the following statement shows the increase and decrease in Magisterial cases:—

	Classes.			1898.	1899
Class I	•••			3 \	. 2
,, <u>II</u>	•••	***	•••	38	36
" III	4++	***	•••		. •••
,, IV	•••	***	· •••	12	21
,, <u>V</u>	•••	***	***	194	205
, VI	•••	•••		65	50
Miscollaneous	***	•••	•••	5,736	3,623

- 12. As will be seen, there is a general increase in the number of Police cases, that under the head of Miscellaneous offences alone amounting to nearly 10,000 cases; on the other hand there is a decrease of nearly 2,000 magisterial cases under the same head. The fall under the latter is not easily accounted for, except under the supposition that it may be attributed to the large increase in Police cases of this kind, and the latter is not unnatural when it is considered that such offences are mostly street offences committed within view of the Police, which having been taken up more largely by the Police, left less scope for complaints to be made to the Magistrates.
- 13. The variations under some of the heads of Indian Penal Code Police cases, though noticeable, are not such as to require special remarks, but the general increase in such cases may be attributed partly to the incidence of famine towards the close of the year, and partly to greater facilities afforded each year for committing crime owing to the temporary migration of the population to suburban camps on account of the plague.
- 14. Under the head of miscellaneous offences and offences falling under Class VI, the increase is undoubtedly due to greater activity on the part of the Police in taking up street offences. In a large and populous city there is of course great scope for Police action in such cases. Their number is controlled entirely by the way in which Magistrates deal with them and the capabilities of the Police in taking cognizance of them by the numerical strength of the force. The large number of such cases taken up by the Police is no criterion of what could be done if I had a larger force to deal with them. There are many such cases which escape attention for want of men.
- offences if more substantial punishments were inflicted, but the latter are generally so light, even for repeated offences, that they make no impression and have no deterrent effect. I have already drawn the attention of the Chief. Presidency Magistrate to this matter, but it seems that the views of some of the Magistrates are not calculated to bring about any diminution in the number of such offences. It may be a question of policy as to whether severity in the matter of punishment should be exercised in such petty cases, but then it must also be a question of expediency as to whether the Police should waste so much time in prosecuting for these offences when prosecution has so little effect.

# Police Cognizable Cases, All Classes, including undetected and excluded Cases.

- 16. The number of cases of all descriptions taken up by the Polico under the above was 30,732, and there were 28 cases pending from the previous year, making a total of 30,760, of which, 28,495 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 92.63, as compared with 88.65 for last year, and an average of 90.61 for the last 3 years.
  - 17. The actual number of cases reported is 10,000 in excess of last year and 6,000 in excess of the last 3 years' average.

#### (a)—Penal Code.

18. Of the offences dealt with in the foregoing paragraph, 4,053 fell under the Indian Penal Code, including 4 p inding cases of last year, and 2,586 of them resulted in conviction, giving a percentage of 63.80, as compared with 62.37 last year and the 3 years' average of 62.81.

There has been an increase of about 200 cases under the Indian Penal Code as compared with former years, which will be explained further on.

#### (b)—Class VI and Miscellaneous.

- 19. There were 26,707 offences of this nature, including 24 of the former year, and 25,909 of these ended in conviction, or a percentage of 97.01, as against 94.65 last year, the average percentage for the last 3 years being 95.74.
- 20. The number of such cases taken up in 1898 was 16,816 and the average for the last 3 years is 20,769, so that the year under report shows the

very large increase of nearly 10,000 cases as compared with 1898 and about 6,000 above the average of the past 3 years. I have in another paragraph explained generally the reason for this increase which will be referred to in detail later on in the report.

### Excluded cases with details.

# 21. I give below the details of excluded cases:-

Serial Number,	Heads of Crime.	Maliciously false.	False without malice	Total
23 24 33 36 40 44 45 57	Hurt by dangerous weapon  Kidnapping or abduction  Robbery on the highway between sunset and sunrise  Lurking house-treepass or house-breaking  Wrongful r straint or confinement  Theft (ordinary)  Criminal breach of trust  Criminal or house-treepass	1 3 2 24 1	2 1 2 1 27 4 1	3, 1, 4, 4, 1, 51, 51, 70.

- It will be seen that all these cases were decided to be false and 31 of them to be maliciously false. Of the latter, 23 were decided by Magistrates to be vexatious complaints, and under Section 553, C. P. C., compensation was awarded to the accused in sums ranging from Rs. 6 to Rs. 45. There is a tendency on the part of Magistrates not to make use largely of the section above quoted, but to leave the accused to his own remedy, which often results in his part to his tendency. in his not taking the trouble to prosecute the complainant.
- That so small a number of cases out of so large a total placed before the Courts should have been declared to be false speaks well for the discrimina-· tion of the Police in sending up offenders for trial. All the false and excluded cases fell under the Indian Penal Code and the proportion to the actual number dealt with under that head is small—less than 2 per cent.
  - In 8 cases during the year the Magistrates, and in 6 cases I myself, sanctioned the prosecution for false complaints. Ten of the accused were convicted and 2 acquitted, while in the remaining 2 cases the accused could not be Total Real Cases. found.

25. The total number of real cases in all classes is 30,690, including 28 pending cases from the previous year. Of this number, 23,495 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 92.84. Last year the number was 20,605, of which 18,314 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 58.58. The average number of real cases for the last 3 years is 24,553 and the percentage of convictions is 90'80.

#### (a)—Penal Code.

26. The total number of real cases under the Indian Penal Code was 3.983, of which 2,586 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 64.92. The number of cases for the last year was 3,789, of which 2,396 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 63.23. The average number of such cases for the last 3 years is 3,786 and the percentage of convictions 63.65.

#### (b)—Class VI and Miscellaneous.

27. There were 26,707 cases under Class VI and miscellaneous offences, including 24 pending cases from the previous year, of which 25,909 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 97.01. The number of cases for 1898 was 16,816, of which 15,918 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 94.65. The average number of cases for the last 3 years is 20,769 and the percentage of convictions 95.74.

REAL AND FALSE CASES AND THEIR PROPORTION TO CASES REPORTED.

28. From the foregoing paragraphs it will be seen that practically all the cases reported to the Police during the year were real cases, there being only 70 false cases out of 30,732 reported, and these all under the Penal Code. The proportion of false cases to those reported was 1 in every 439. The proportion of true crime to population was as 1 to 26.77, and that of crime to Police as 13.79 to 1.

#### RESULT OF TRIAL OF PERSONS BY CLASSES OF CASES.

- 29. Class I.—In this class there were 27 cases as compared with 62 of the previous year, showing a decrease of 35. The decrease is noticeable chiefly under Rioting or unlawful assembly, which is accountable for 32 cases, and is due to the fact that there were plague riots in 1898, which sent up the figures for that year. There was also a decrease of 4 cases under the head of Personating a public servant, which is due to the fact that in 1898 there were several cases of personation in connection with plague measures. On the other hand, minor offences against the public show an increase of 4 cases only. In addition to the 27 cases of the year there was one belonging to last year, making 28, out of which 19 or 6785 per cent. ended in conviction. Last year, the percentage was 7741. The average number of cases and percentage of convictions during the last 3 years are 36 and 80.55, respectively.
- 30. The fall in percentage this year is due principally to the want of success in offences relating to coin, rioting or unlawful assembly and personating a public servant; but the number of cases is very small, and a case or two makes all the difference.
  - 31. Class II.—This class shows an increase of 83 cases as compared with the figures for 1898 and 157 as compared with the average number reported for the last 3 years. The increase falls principally under the following heads:—

	Exposure of infants	•••		•••	10
·	Grievous hurt		***		11
	Hurt by dangerous weapon	*** *		•••	3)
Against t	these there is a decrease of —		,	,	
- (	Attempts at murder	•••	•••		1
•	Culpable homicide	•••		•••	1

- 32. The rise in the number of cases of exposure of infants is partly due to the famine, which had driven a large number of beggars into the city during the closing months of the year; many of the infants found being, it is supposed, the offspring of such people. Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapons are cognate offences, the latter being peculiarly common in Bombay, as all cases of hurt in which an ordinary stick has been used are classed under this head. The increase in such crimes is of an ordinary nature for which no reason can be assigned.
  - 33. Of the 490 cases under Class II that were reported during the year plus one pending from previous year, 470 were placed before the Courts and 381 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 77.75 to cases reported and 81.06 to cases brought to trial as compared with 78.37 and 80.15, respectively, for the year 1898.
  - 34. The average number of cases under this class for the last 3 years is 333, and the average percentage of convictions for the same period 7177 and 7661 under the two tests applied above.
  - 35. In 5 cases for the year under report, 4 of which were murders, the accused committed suicide, and 4 cases of the year were pending at its close.
  - 36. Class III.—In this class there is an increase of 49 cases as compared with the figures for the previous year and an increase of 33 cases as compared

with the average of the last 3 years. The increase is noticeable under the following heads of crime:—

 Dacoity...
 ...
 ...
 2

 Serious mischief
 ...
 ...
 15

 Lurking house-trespass
 ...
 ...
 29

Against the above there is a decrease in the following-

Robbery on highway ... ...

- 37. The increase under the head of Dacoity is small, but I mention it because dacoity is an uncommon head of crime in Bombay. There were 3 cases reported during the year, of which one was not a dacoity at all, but a case of cheating in which the complainant was hustled by a gang of confederates after he had parted with his money in order to enable the accused to decamp. This ruse is one which is often played in Bombay with success. The other two dacoities were bond fide ones, and evidently committed by old hands from the Deccan, the Sátára and Wái Mángs being strongly suspected. They were committed on successive nights in the suburbs of Bombay, just as the monsoon was setting in, and there is little doubt that they were the work of men employed in the Bombay Workshops and on the Railway who were about to return to their country for the rains. Very little property was taken, and it is supposed that the gang disappeared by train with the property before the Police could get on to their tracks. A prolonged enquiry took place and every effort was made to apprehend the offenders and it afterwards turned out that some of the men suspected were wanted in Sátára for dacoity in that district, but as regards our two local offences no property was found, and there was nothing by which to bring the offences home to the right persons. Since these dacoities there has been a nightly patrol of Foot and Mounted Police in the suburbs of Bombay, which offer special facilities for this class of crime.
- 38. The increase in cases of serious mischief, Section 282, Indian Penal Code, if over-loading of boats in the harbour can be called by such a term, is entirely due to greater activity on the part of the Water Police in hauling up before Magistrates cases in which an excess number of passengers was being carried. They were none of them serious cases themselves.
- 39. The increase in the number of cases of house-trespass is due to the general and yearly increasing exodus of people from Bombay into suburban camps during the plague season, leaving their property unprotected in Bombay, thus furnishing extra opportunities for the thieving propensities of bad characters. In fact both the evacuation of houses in the city and the taking up of temporary habitations in the suburbs contribute to the increase in offences of this class.
- 40. Of the 439 cases reported under Class III, 221 were placed before the Courts and 186 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 42.32 to cases reported and 84.16 to cases put on trial as compared with 46.31 and 80.36 for the year 1898.
- 41. The average number of cases in this class is 406 for the last 3 years and the average percentage of convictions for the same period 33.59 and 57.42, respectively.
- 42. Class IV.—This class shows a decrease of 25 cases as compared with 1898 and also a decrease of 2 cases as compared with the average of the last 3 years. The decrease of 25 is observable under Serial No. 41, "Rash act causing hurt or endangering life," under which there is a fall of 27 cases as compared with the last year.
- 43. These are principally cases of furious driving under Sections 336, 337, Indian Penal Code, in which injury is done and prosecutions follow. The diminution of such cases is satisfactory as showing greater caution on the part of the public.
- 11. The 29 cases of the year under Class IV, plus one, that was pending at the end of last year, were all placed before the Courts, and 16 of them ended in conviction, the percentage being 53:33 as compared with 75:92 for the previous year.

- 45. The average number of cases reported in this class for the last 3 years is 31 and the average percentage of convictions to cases reported and brought to trial stands at 74·19 under each of these tests.
- 46. Under both the serial numbers of this class, namely, "Wrongful restraint and confinement" and "rash act causing burt &c.," against which the cases appear, there has been a drop in the percentage of convictions, the number of such cases being small; no reason can be assigned for the difference in results obtained.
- 47. Class V.—There is in this class an increase of 147 cases as compared with last year, which is largely due to Sections 419 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code being in operation throughout the year, whereas they were only in force for 6 months of the previous year. The other variations do not require any special mention. There was an increase of 73 cases owing to the cause above alluded to and an increase of 64 thefts, which may be put down partly to the influx of destitute people owing to famine and the general rise in population at the end of the year, and partly to the greater activity on the part of the Police in arresting bazar thieves and pick-pockets.
- 48. The average number of cases reported under Class V for the last 3 years is 3,018. During the year under report there were 3,065 cases, including one that was pending for the last year.

Of this number 2,359 were brought to trial and 1,984 resulted in convictions, giving the following percentages:—

To cases reported ... ... 61.71
Do. brought to trial ... ... 84.10

Last year the percentages were 62 11 and 85 91, respectively, while the average percentages of the 3 past years work out to 61 74 and 79 52 under the two tests.

No less than 69 cases are included in those referred to above as reported and brought to trial, which were excluded as false, withdrawn, transferred, &c., or in which the accused died or became in-ane or in which the complainant was absent, and 90 cases turned out to be mistakes of fact, but have not been classed as excluded.

49. Class VI.—There is an increase of 145 cases under this class as compared with 1898 and of 168 cases as compared with the average of the last 3 years. The increase is noticeable under the following heads:—

Vagrancy and bad character ... ... ... 21
Gaming ... ... ... ... 82
Public and local nuisances ... ... ... 44

- 50. There were also 3 cases under the Arms Act during the year as compared with one last year.
- 51. The average number of cases reported under Class VI for the past 3 years is 265. During the year under report there were 433 cases; of this number 431 were brought to trial and 404 ended in conviction, giving the following percentages:—.

To cases reported ... ... 93.30 Do. brought to trial ... ... 93.27

Last year the percentages were 94 09 and 93:44, respectively. The average percentages for the past 3 years under the same tests were 94:33 and 93:98.

- 52. Under the head of vagrancy and bad character (Serial No. 50) are included 42 cases of bad character. Of these, 32 ended in conviction and 8 in acquittal, one case was struck out as an irregularity of procedure and one remained undetected.
- 53. The action of the Police in cases of this description is altogether a new departure and may be said to have been inaugurated during the year, there being few, if any, cases of the kind in previous years. The city is full of bullies

and bad characters with several previous convictions and with no homes or ostensible means of subsistence. The Police have apparently been under the impression that the Magistrates were averse to such cases being taken up. This, however, has been proved to be a fallacy, and I find the Magistrates are as ready to deal with such cases in Bombay as they are in the Mofussil. The proceedings taken by the Police during the year have had the best possible effect, notwithstanding the general increase in crime as shown by the statistics, since irrespective of the cases actually prosecuted, a number of well known budmashes have left the city of their own accord or have been induced to leave by the knowledge that they could be arrested for bad character. Many, on the other hand, that remain have mended their manners and ceased to trouble the public and the Police. In spite of all this, however, much remains to be done in a large city which attracts men of evil reputation from all parts of India who are not known to the Police at once, and for some time can carry on their nefarious practicewith comparative safety. I trust now that a beginning has been made, the Police will see what a powerful instrument they have in Chapter VIII, Criminal Pros cedure Code, for keeping the bad characters of the city in order.

- 51. The number of European vagrants dealt with during the year was 63.
- 55. The increase of 82 cases under the Gambling Act is entirely due to greater activity on the part of the Police in dealing with such offences. The billiard and bagatelle tables, of which there were many in some of the lowest parts of Bombay, have been more or less stopped by means of some salutary prosecutions and a better tone is observable among the damaged characters of the city. Not only has gambling on bagatelle tables been practically stopped, but there has been very much less of card and dice playing, especially during fairs and festivals, than was the case in former years, and I have reason to believe that this was entirely due to the Police secretly obtaining information and taking precautions to apprehend those that engaged rooms for the purpose.

#### MISCELLANEOUS OFFENCES.

- 56. These form the bulk of the offences with which the Police have to deal and may be said to constitute crimes of every day occurrence. There has been an increase of no less than 9,733 cases in this class as contrasted with 1893, and of 5,751 cases when compared with the average number for the last 3 years.
- 57. The increase is mainly observable under the Land Conveyance Act and the Police Acts.

There was an increase of nearly 900 cases under the former and 8,900 cases under the latter, arrests for drunk and disorderly behaviour under the Police Act furnishing about 800 cases towards the increase, while the squatter nuisance, viz., the obstruction of the thoroughfares by vegetable sellers and the like has practically contributed the remainder.

- 58 The rise in the figures does not represent any increase in lawlessness, but, as before explained, the activity of the Police in dealing with offences in the streets has been more marked.
- 59. Last year the number of crimes, in this class was 16,517 and the average number for the last 3 years stands at 20,499, while this year the figures have risen to 26,250 or an average of about 72 cases of this class alone every day throughout the year which will give a very fair idea of the attention that was paid to street offences.
- 60. Of the 26,250 cases reported during the year, plus 24 pending from previous year, 25,505 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 97.45. The percentage for the last year was 97.45 and the average percentage for the past 3 years stands at \$5.78.
- 61. There were no less than 1,005 cases in which beggars were prosecuted, in nearly all of which they were convicted, but in the majority of cases the punishment was merely nominal. In some instances the Chief Presidency Magistrate passed a sentence of 7 days' imprisonment, but even this has not served to prevent begging in the streets. It is a difficult question as to what should be

done to stop begging, the jails are already overfull, and a large increase of prisoners of the begging class who are always poorly clad and in bad condition is neither desirable from the jail point of view, nor is there sufficient reom for them. It is also doubtful whether any sort of sentence would deter the confirmed beggar from plying his calling; but it is quite certain that the sentences usually inflicted, a small line or one day's imprisonment, or very often only a "warned and discharged," have no effect upon them whatever.

#### POLICE TRUE CASES UNDER THE PENAL CODE SEPARATELY.

62. Under the Indian Penal Code 3,993 cases (including 4 pending from previous year) appear as Police true cases. The following table gives separately the results of trial by classes in these cases:—

		C	aasea.			True Cases.	Convicted.	Percentages
Class	I		111	•••		28	19	67.85
,,	II		***			487	381	78:23
	III		•••	•••	•••	431	186	43-15
"	IV	•••	•••	***		29	16	55-17
<b>)</b> )	Ÿ		•••			3,009	1,981	65.97

- 63. Class III comes out badly, but in other respects the figures show a very fair standard of efficiency taking all things into consideration, and the fact that 124 of the Penal Code cases of the year as shown in the remark column do not help the percentage of convictions though appearing as offences.
- 64. Class III contains the head of house-breaking and thest which must always remain the stumbling block to really first class Police results as being the most difficult class of crime generally with which the Police have to deal and the class in which most offences go undetected.

#### Pending Cases.

65. The number of cases pending under all classes decreased from 28 to 22, but those under the Indian Penal Code increased from 4 to 12. The following table exhibits separately the number of pending cases under each class:—

	Classes	· - · · · · · ·	· - <del></del>	-	1898.	1809.
Class I		•••		•••	1 1	1 4
"III "IV	•••	***			1 1	1 1 5
	•••	•••	Total		4	12
Class VI Miscellaneous	•••	••• •••		•••		10
		•	Total		28	22

The number is so small that no remarks are called for.

#### SERIOUS CRIME—GENERALLY.

- 66. During the year under report there were 13 cases of murder and attempts at murder as compared with 13 of the previous year. There was also one case pending from that year. Of the 13 cases—
  - 2 wire due to motives of jealousy.
  - 3 do. domestie quarrels. 2 do. infidelty.
  - 1 was due to revenge.
  - 5 motives not known.

- 67. Of the above, 6 ended in conviction (including one of previous year), in 4 cases accused committed suicide, 2 were pending at the close of the year and 2 were transferred, one to Goa; in this case the Police only arrested the prisoner at the request of the Goa Police and made no enquiries, and the other to Jodhpur under the same circumstances. These cases should not, properly speaking, appear in the criminal statistics of the Town and Island of Bombay and have only been shown because the accused were arrested by the Bombay Police. In other respects all the murder cases that could be tried were brought to a successful issue.
- 68. In these cases 10 persons, including one from the previous year, were implicated, of whom 6 were convicted, 2 were transferred, and 2 were pending at the close of the year. The 4 murderers who committed suicide are not included in the above.
- 69. There were 3 cases of culpable homicide against 4 in the previous year. Of these, 2 were convicted and one remained pending at the close of the year. In connection with these offences, 3 persons were arrested, of whom 2 were convicted and one was pending at the close of the year.
- 70. The following is a comparative statement showing some of the serious offences and the results obtained in them:—

		1898.		1899.				
Offences. ,	Reported.	Tried.	Convicted.	Reported.	Tried.	Convicted		
Murder  Attempts to commit murder Culpable homicide Rape Unnatural offences Grisvous hurt Administering stupefying drugs Hurt for purpose of extortion Hurt by dangerous weapon Kidnapping Selling, &c., a minor Rash or negligent act Dacoity Robbery with hurt Do. in dwelling house Do. on the highway Other robberies Lurking house-trespass House-trespass	213 16 22 1 1 1 24 	10 4 4 2 1 76 1  207 14 2 2 1 1  21  177 15	7 3 1 1 1 65 1 170 10 1 2 	11 3 3 3 2 89 9 2 2 18 3 4 3 1 2 16 1. 373 24	8 2 3 3 2 87 7 2 251 17 3 4 1 1 2 15 1 15 3 2 4	4 2 2 2 2 74 6 2 209 10 2 2 1 2 8 1 136 20		

#### SUICIDE.

# 71. I subjoin the usual statement compiled by the Coroner:

Offeneces,	Euz	opean.	Ear	elens,	N Chr	ative etiane,	Mahomedan.		Mahomedan, Pärsis.		Hindus.		Japanese.		Total.	
<del></del>	Malo.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male,	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female,
Sulvides	,		ı	3	•	1	•	6	6	3	45	27		1	56	<b>4</b> 0

During the year under report the Coroner held 562 inquests and has classified them as under:—

(a) Homicides	•••	•••	•••		11
(b) Death caused by rash	and	negligent act not	amounting	to	
culpable hondicide	•••	***	• • •	•••	4
(c) Suicides	•••		•••	•••	96
	•••				320
(e) Deaths from natural c	auses	•••	•••	•••	82
(/) Deaths from unknown			***	•••	46
(g) Exposure of new-born	childr	en	•••	•••	S
(A) Premature birth	•••		•••	•••	1
`			Total	•••	562

There is an increase of 23 cases this year.

Homicides are the same as last year. Suicides show a decrease of 26 cases. Accidental deaths have gone up 24. Deaths from natural and unknown causes show an increase and decrease, respectively, of 24 and 4 cases.

There were 2 cases of exposure of newly-born infants against none last year.

#### SESSIONS CASES AND PERSONS.

72. The following table gives the number of Sessions cases and persons concerned therein:—

	CAS	R6.					PERSONS.				
Tried.	Tried. Convicted. Acquitted.		Pending.	Tried.	Convicted.	Acquitted,	Pending.				
32	21	11 ≑	,	34	23	11 *	•••				

· In one case the accused turned out to be insans.

The above cases are taken from the periodical calendar of cases tried by the Sessions Court, but it is quite possible some of these cases appear on the returns under different heads of crime, as the offences are shown in the statements under the orders of Government against the sections under which they were taken up by the police. The charge may subsequently be altered and finally be disposed of under a completely different section of the Indian Penal Code.

73. The following are the heads of crime under which the Sessions cases appear on the returns:—

•		CA	āre.		Ринсорс.				
Offences.	Tried,	Con-,	Acquit-	Pending.	Tried.	Con- victed.	Acquit- ted	Pouding.	
Murder	. 4	3	1		4	3	1		
Murder and attempted murder	1	1	•••	•••	1	1			
Attempt at murder	2	1	1	•••	2	1	1	}	
Culpable homicide not amounting		ļ						1	
to murder	.2		2	•••	2	•••	2	•••	
Administering stupefying drugs Do. do. in order	1	•••	] 1	•••	1	•••	1	•••	
to commit theft, and theft		1	١	<b></b>	1	1	!	[	
Causing death by doing rash and	•	•	""	l、'''	•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
negligent act not amounting		-	1	ļ <sup>*</sup>			1	1	
to culpable homicide	1	١	1 1	) <b></b> /	1	J	1	١	
Exposing a newly-born child		1	l		1	l "1		· · · ·	
Rape	Ī	i i			ī	li	-		
Voluntarily causing grievous	_	ļ	]	""	_	1			
hart	2	2	J	l	2	2	۱ <b></b>	١	

	1	CA	9E5,			Pen	SONS.	
Offences.	Tried.	Con- victed.	Acquit- ted.	Pending.	Tried,	Con- victed.	Acquit- ted.	Ponding
Kidnapping a minor House-breaking and theft House-trespass with intent to commit an offence of house-	1		, 1 		1 3	3	1	***
breaking House-breaking by day and theft	1	. 1			1	· 1		
in a building Ilouse-breaking by night with	1	1	<u>'</u>		1	1		•••
intent to commit theft Theft in a building Picking pockets Theft	1 3 2 6	2 1 5	*1 1 1		1 3 2 6	' 2 1 5	1 *1 1	***
Total	32	21	11		34	23	11	•••

• In one case the accused turned out to be insane.

#### UNDETECTED CASES.

74. The following table shows the number of undetected Penal Code cases and the percentages they bear to real cases arranged according to classes:—

. (	Classes.		Real cases.	Undetected.	Percenta des.
I II IV V	***	•••	28 487 431 29 3,008	16 218 706	3·28 50·57 23·13

75. The figures under Class III confirm what I have already said as regards the difficulty of detecting cases under this class and especially cases of house-breaking and theft, in many of which the culprits have left Bombay b-fore the police even hear of the commission of the offence, and in all of which it is almost impossible to obtain a conviction unless property is found. Time, therefore, militates against the efforts of the police more than anything, and it is rarely that a case of old standing can be brought home to the offenders for want of some identifiable property. The percentage under Class V is also high for the same reason as thefts appear in this class.

#### GENERAL RESULTS OF WORKING.

- 76. It will be seen from the foregoing paragraphs that in Classes I and IV there has been a decrease in the number of offences as compared with former years, while in the remaining classes of Penal Code offences there has been an increase.
- 77. Similarly in Classes I and IV there has been a decline in the percentage of successful results, while in both classes there has been on the whole an improvement, though small, both as regards last year and the normal of the past three years.
- 78. Taken as a whole, and whether the test is applied to reported or to true crime, the results as judged by the convictions are better than in previous years, both as regards Indian Penal Code cases and those falling under Class VI and Miscellaneous.

# Action of the Police in dealing with offences under A'bkari, Sall, Customs, and Opium Laws.

79. There has been greater activity this year in A'bkari cases, 34 cases appearing on the return as compared with only 10 cases last year. Nearly all these were trivial cases, and the A'bkari Department being strongly represented in Bombay, most of them emanated from that Department.

Last year all 10 cases ended in conviction, and this year all but one case had a similar termination.

Persons in Police Cases. Arrested by Police suo motu and disposed of.

80. During the year under report 36,070 persons were concerned in police cases including 33 pending from previous year. Of these—

34,108 were convicted;
1,110 acquitted;
822 otherwise disposed of;
25 pending at the close of the year; and
5 committed suicide previous to arrest.

The number shown as "Otherwise disposed of" is large. It includes persons transferred to other places for trial, persons concerned in cases compounded and withdrawn or in cases that turn out to be false either through malice or mistake of fact, the latter furnishing a large number of persons under this head. Many of the petty cases are struck out by Magistrates, because the accused do not respond to their bail and cannot be found.

81. The following comparative table gives the percentage results of the working of the police with regard to persons concerned in cases dealt with during the year, including persons pending from the previous year:—

, F	ersons.			Average of 3 years.	1898.	1899.
Arrested Tried Convicted Acquitted or discharge	 ••d	•••	•••	29,067 28,663 27,200 865	25,667 25,631 23,808 752	36,065 36,010 31,108 1,110
Pe	rcentages.	•		,		
Convicted to arrested Convicted to tried Acquitted to tried	••• ••• ,•••	•••	***	93·60 96·6 <b>5</b> 3·01	92·75 92·87 2·93	94·57 91·63 8·07

82. The main points to be noticed are that there was a very large increase in the number of persons who had to be dealt with, while the percentage of results is better than last year, and in the case of persons convicted to those arrested the percentage is above the normal, while the percentage of persons acquitted is about the same as in former years.

#### RELEASED WITHOUT TRIAL—ALL CLASSES.

83. In Bombay all persons arrested by the police are sent before the Magistrates, no persons are therefore released without trial, except such as, under the orders of Government contained in Government Resolution No. 5463, dated 2nd August 1899, conferring on the Commissioner of Police the powers of a Presidency Magistrate, are brought up before and released by him. There were not many such cases during the year.

#### DISPOSED OF BY TRIAL-ALL CLASSES.

#### (a)-Indian Penal Code.

81. Under the Indian Penal Code 3,692 persons were tried, of whom 2,973 were convicted, giving a percentage of 80.52.

The following comparative statement shows the results of trial of persons under the Indian Penal Code:—

	Person	18. 1		Average of 3 years.	1898.	1899.
Tried	•••	•••	•••	3,277	3,588	3,692
Convicted	•••	•••	•	2,805.	2,958	2,973
Acquitted	•••	•••	•••	345	415	438
	Percent	ages.				
Convicted to	tried	•••		85.59	82.44	80.52
Acquitted to	tried	•••	•••	10.52	11.56	11.86

#### (b)—Class VI and Miscellaneous.

85. The subjoined table gives the percentage results of the trial of persons arrested under the above head for the year 1899 as compared with last year and the average for the past three years:—

	Person	ı.		Average of 3 years.	1898.	1899.
Tried (	•••	•••	•••	25,385	22,046	32,348
Convicted	•••	*** /	•	24,404	20,850	31,185
Acquitted	•••	,***		457	337	672
	Percenta	gea.				, .
Convicted to t	ried	446	***	96-17	94 <sup>.</sup> 62	96.25
Acquitted to t	ried	•••	•••	18.00	10.75	20.80

From the last two statements it will be observed that as regards Indian Penal Code cases the percentage of convictions to persons actually put on trial has declined, whereas under Class VI and Miscellaneous offences the percentage has slightly improved when compared with previous years.

#### DIRECT CASES.

#### Total Cases for disposal.

S6. The total number of cases for disposal before the Magistrates, including 2 pending cases of 1898, was 3,937, of which 3,554 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 90.27 as compared with 6,048 in 1898. These 3,937 persons were disposed of as follow:—

0			•	'		
Convicted	***	400		•••	***	3,551
Acquitted or d	-	•••	•••	•••		256
Struck out for	want of app	carance of	complainants	and accused		104
Pending at the	close of the	year	•••	•••		23

#### Pending Cases.

87. The Magistrate's Return shows 23 cases as pending at the end of the year. The number that was pending at the end of 1898 was 2.

#### Persons in direct cases.

88. 3,994 persons appeared before the Magistrates, including 2 pending from the previous year, out of 4,132 against whom process was issued. Of these 3,603 were convicted, giving a percentage of 90°36 as compared with 82°73 for 1898. Of the 3,994 persons:—

3,608 were convicted.

352 were acquitted.

34 were pending at the close of the year.

#### Persons pending trial.

89. There were 34 persons awaiting trial at the close of the year 1809. The number pending at the close of the year 1898 was 2. I am unable to give any reason for the large increase in pending cases and persons for the year under report as the Police have nothing to do with either.

#### Non-cognizable Crime.

#### Cases.

90. There were in all 8,418 cases including 17 pending from last year, of which 2,149 were under the Indian Penal Code and the remaining 0,269 under Class VI. Of the 8,418 cases:—

2,243 ended in conviction.

823 acquitted.

5,298 dismissed without trial.

48 pending at the close of the year.

In 4 cases persons died.

1 pending before the Sessions.

1 mistake of law.

#### Persons.

91. In connection with these cases, 10,260 persons appeared before the Courts including 39 pending from 1898, of whom 2,544 were convicted, giving a percentage of 24.79. These 10,260 persons were disposed of as follows:—

2,544 convicted.

1,334 acquitted.

6,289 discharged without trial.

86 pending trial at the close of the year.

5 died.

2 pending trial before the Sessions.

#### CASTE OF OFFENDERS.

92. The following statement shows the different castes to which the 50,250 offenders dealt with in both cognizable and non-cognizable cases belonged:—

							(	CAPTE.							
	Euro	Pean.	Portug	Grad.	Hin	dus,	Mahon	edan.	P4	rel.	Oth	ers.	To	ial.	4
	Malo.	Female.	Yale.	Foundle	Male.	Formale.	d TR	Female.	, re	Permits.	di M	Frmale.	- X - X - X - X - X - X - X - X - X - X	True k.	Grand Tives!
Cognizable Non-cognizable	361 111	•	970 213	65 31	23,930 6,250	2,664 617	11,298 3,164	367 169	312 6-4	4 (w)	162	,	9,276	2,006 947	60,029 ° 10,271
Total	479	19	1,213	76	29,1+3	3,091	14,352	5/4	814	194	2.4	•	46,367	3,617	£0,280

<sup>\*</sup> Include five persons who emmitted saideds.

#### PROPERTY-STOLEN, AND RECOVERED.

93. The following is a comparative statement showing in detail for the years 1898 and 1899 and for the last 3 years the amount of property stolen, the number of cases in which it was stolen, and that in which it was recovered:—

Yeat.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which pro- perty was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.
,				Rs.	Rs.	
3 years' average	3,333	2,292	68.76	3,33,723	1,34,577	43.25
1898	3,260	2,224	68.22	3,51,104	1,23,937	35.29
1899	3,300	2,271	68-81	3,59,189	1,40,232	89-04

The Police have done slightly better in the recovery of property this year, but the improvement is scarcely worth noticing. In house-breaking and theft the percentage of property recovered is 10 points better than last year. In ordinary thefts the improvement is 5 per cent. and under criminal breach of trust it is 6 per cent.

Under the following heads the recoveries show a falling off:-

Theft in conjunction with receiving stolen property ... 6 per cent. Robbery ... ... ... ... 11

Last year there was one dacoity which was transferred, while this year there were 3 cases involving the loss of property valued at Rs. 795, of which only 3.27 per cent. was recovered. As already explained, one of these cases was not dacoity at all and was disposed of as one of cheating. The property involved in this case was Rs. 700, and it is clear this amount should be eliminated from the return of stolen property altogether. Again this year, under the head of Criminal Breach of Trust by a public servant, banker, &c., there were 3 cases involving the loss of property worth Rs. 1,484, of which nothing was recovered. Last year there was no such case.

All 3 of the cases reported this year were cases in which postal employés absconded with the contents of registered letters or hoondies. They invariably absconded to Goa, and there is no way of getting them back. In one of the cases the hoondy was not cashed, so there was no actual loss of property.

#### ARMS ACT.

94. I subjoin the usual statements regarding import, export, transport, &c., of arms, ammunition and military stores. These do not call for any remarks except that they show a large increase in the number of arms and quantity of ammunition, &c., that has passed through Bombay during the year and give an idea of the very heavy work that is carried on by the licensing department of my office.

It will be seen by a comparison of the figures for last year, which were 607, that there has been a considerable drop in the number of licenses held in Bombay for the possession of arms during the year. This is due to cancellation of licenses owing to the licensees dying or leaving Bombay and also to licensees not renewing their licenses in proper time. The number of fresh licenses issued is also smaller than last year.

There were 3 cases under the Arms Act as already detailed. The only one worthy of notice was a case in which Messrs. Karimji Alibhoy Barodawalla and Sons, well-known dealers in arms and ammunition, were convicted and fined Rs. 250 for illicit sales of bird-shot. The license of this firm was suspended at the end of the year.

Another well-known firm, named Esufally Mahomedally & Co., came under suspicion for irregular dealing with a native, a Bhora named Abdulali, at Gwalior. The latter and a European named Dillon were prosecuted and convicted at Jhansi, while Esufally Mahomedally & Co., against whom there was not sufficient evidence for prosecution, had their license suspended for three months as a punishment.

	4	ľ			ore.			Į į		Cartr	idges.	Peroussion
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\*Including 7 sword sticks,
† Do. 440 dummy and 1,468 wire sarkridges

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And the same containing sweets.
Including 3,300 bulleted caps.
And 200 Jan. leaded dynamics captridges.

#### Bombay.

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,	***		***			2,700	1,900	25,000	1,700		1,988		•	66		1	1	16	· <b>-</b>	***	

# of Bombay.

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The following statement shows the number of licenses and permits issued by this office:—

lerial No		1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Permits to public servants  Possession licenses  Journey licenses  Dealers licenses  Transhipment licenses  Export licenses to exempted persons i  Native States  Export and transport, including other	1,277 er 824	2,612 58 557 17 38 80 4,287	150 8   11 	50 13 6
9 10 11 12	Import licenses Permits for withdrawal of ammunition from Sewri Magazine Petroleum licenses	351 354 196	396 399 819 237	45  41	8 35
•	Total	6,666	6,928	409	147

The following table shows to what sections of the community the license-

. 1		ſ	'irb-arme	<b>l.</b>			OT	няв Аям	ıs.	
Netionality.	Number of licenses	Biffes.	Fowling pieces.	Revolvers.	Pistols.	tir Guns	Swords.	fword Sticks.	Daggers.	Pattas.
Mehomedans	227 88 148 101 1	16 12 36 3	194 65 83 101 2	45 18 75 1	13 6 7	2 8 	86 26 11 	12 1 9 	2 7 2 	4
•	657	. 67	445	134	26	5	124	22	11	4

#### Explosives Acr.

95. The following is a summary of licenses issued under the Explosives Act during the year 1899:—

Manufact	ure, posses	sion and sale	•••	, V		
Possession	and sale	***	•••			186
Possession	1	***	***	***	•	26
Sale		***		93+ <sup>4</sup>	7 7	11
				T	otal	287

showing an increase of 41 as compared with the figures for 1898,

Four offences under this Act were reported as under:—One for possessing fireworks for sale without a license; accused sentenced to pay fine of Rs. 300 and the fireworks confiscated. Three for possessing fireworks without license; accused in each case fined one rupee.

#### PILGRIMS.

96. Owing to the continuance of plague, the restrictions imposed in past \* years upon the embarkation of pilgrims at Bombay for the Hedjaz were main-

tained.—Vide Government Resolution, General Department. No. 6333, dated the 19th November 1898.

Hundreds of people came to Bombay again this year, but finding they could not embark went away. 122 of these, however, remained for some time, and eventually 72 of them who had no means were sent away under Police arrangements made for the collection of subscriptions for them and for railing them to Chittagong, the Protector of Pilgrims and a party of Police accompanying them all the way after undergoing ten days' quarantine at Manmad. Thirty-one pilgrims went without such assistance and 19 Javanese pilgrims refused to go to Chittagong, so went back to Madras en route to their own country.

During the same period 842 pilgrims returned from the Hedjaz viá Bombay, and the Police had to make arrangements for sending them to their homes in various parts of India. Fifty-three pilgrims bore their own expenses, 383 were allowed to return to their homes in Bombay, and 406 had their passages provided either wholly or in part by Government.

#### TRANSVAAL REFUGEES.

97. In November 1899 a large number of Transvaal refugees arrived in Bombay owing to the war. Under the orders of Government, 173 of these were registered in this office as destitutes, and were paid a subsistence allowance which amounted in the aggregate to Rs. 1,210-8-0. One hundred of these people were subsequently sent to Madras, 35 to Howra, and 9 to different places in Northern India at Government expense. The remainder found the ways and means to go back to their homes without Government aid. They all wanted to return to Transvaal, but this was refused.

#### Ka'thia'wa'ri Mendicants.

98. There were also 3,754 Káthiáwári mendicants who were despatched to Bhávnagar and Verával during the year under Police arrangements for their collection and deportation.

These were famine-stricken people who began to flock into the city about September last. The arrangements for the despatch of the Káthiáwár people were made at the request of the Political Agent of that Province and they continued in force till 13th February last, when the Political Agent, discovering that under the Famine Relief Code he was not bound to make arrangements for their return, requested me to stop sending them.

99. In connection with these beggars, the Transvaal refugees, and the usual passage of pilgrims through Bombay, the Police have had their hands very full this year, and the whole of the extra work has fallen upon them during the busiest time of the year, namely, the cold weather.

#### DEPORTATION OF POREIGNERS

100. Under Section 3 of Act III of 1861, 5 foreigners (Arabs) were, under the orders of Government, deported from British India to Arabia.

The above were also sent away under arrangements which had to be made by the Police for securing passages and seeing them on board.

#### FIRES.

101. During the year under report 108 fires occurred in the city of Bombay, causing a loss of property estimated at Rs. 5,09,604. The figures for 1898 showed 119 fires, Rs. 35,34,968 estimated loss of property.

#### STREET ACCIDENTS.

102. During the year 1899, 514 persons were injured and 28 were killed by being run over—5 by tram-cars and 23 by other conveyances—showing an increase of 7 in the number of those killed and a decrease of 3 in those injured.

#### Conveyances.

103. The number of conveyances, public and private, during the year was as under-

Public co Private	nveyan do.	ces	•••	•	•••	•••	8,148 5,847
					Total	•••	13,995

showing an increase of 501 public and 264 private conveyances as compared with the previous year. Under the latter head are included 1,013 bicycles and tricycles.

The public conveyances consist of-

857 Victorias.

206 Roklas.

7,085 Labour Carts.

Compared with the year 1898 the number of Victorias and Reklas are much the same, while bullock carts have increased by 500.

The total number of conveyances of all classes and the steadily increasing number of carts give a very fair idea of the traffic with which the Police have to deal and the arrangements that have to be made for its licensing and control. Considering that 2,752 cases were taken up by the Police during the year as against 1,865 in 1898 under the Land Conveyance Act alone, it will be seen that the supervision was not of a merely nominal character.

#### HABITUAL CRIMES.

104. The following statement exhibits the working of the Criminal Identification Department:

	Auth Impre	ro Cards and ession Slips r	Finger eccived.	Finger	thro Card Impressi despatche	on Slips	Total numbe of Anthro Car recorded up t	Tota	al number Finger	Unide	Unidentified prisoners	
Year,	Cards.	Slips,	Total of Cards and Slips	Cards.	Slips.	Total of Cards and Slips.	the end of December 189	1 1 6 0 0	rueu up u	)	nt down denti- tion.	
1898		lished.	5,386 7,014	1,187	185 1,405		27,858 27,713		185 8,365	1,	735 011	
		rs identified to		insdequ from 1	nber of co nately sen st June 1 december	tenced 1899 to	Flagrant cases reported to office	• 1		Deaths.		
Year.	Anthro-	Finger-tip Impression and Anthro- pometry.		Cases reported to the Commissioner of Polices	Sentence enbance ed.	Total of insdequate cases,	from October 1899 to	tall.	Common Prison.	House of Correc- tion.	Total	
EC?	266 276	Not estab-	266				Not in-1 Ir troduced, 2 cl	spector	15			

#### Remarks.

number identified.

<sup>1.</sup> The decrease of Anthro cards received and despatched is due to the development of the Finger-tip Impression System, but calculating the work of the two systems together there has been a marked increase in the total number of men whose history has been recorded under Chapters AII and XVII.

2. There has also been a marked increase in the number of unidentified persons brought for identification and the

Practically the work done in Bombay is as great, if not greater than in the mofussil and must necessarily, to be of any good, be of an expeditious character, as cases are required to go to Court daily and the antecedents of prisoners have to be obtained before the cases are put before the Courts. It is to be regretted therefore that the Central Bureau for the Presidency has been fixed by Government at Poona, as in the case of mofussil districts, excepting Poona itself, it matters nothing where the Central Bureau is, whereas in Bombay with four Courts sitting daily it is essential that all information regarding prisoners should be available on the spot. In Bengal and Madras the Presidential Bureau is at the Head-quarters of the Presidency, and in Bombay the offect of having no local Bureau cannot but make itself folt in time. The Bombay staff consists of an Inspector and two Clerks, one of whom is an operator, and considering the amount of work they have to do, the number of prisoners that have to be inspected, the strength of this department is none too high. The officer in charge has had to attend Court on three different occasions to prove the system under which the identity of prisoners by means of finger-tip impression is established.

#### BAD CHARACTERS.

105. In connection with the 42 cases under this head there were 44 prisoners, of whom 4 furnished the requisite security for good behaviour, 8 were acquitted, and the remainder went to jail in default for terms varying from 6 months to a year.

I have already referred to the action of the Police and the effect of such action in cases of this description in a preceding para.

#### HABITUAL OFFENDERS.

106. As compared with 1898, when there were 266 persons identified as habituals under the Criminal Identification System, there was an increase of 55 this year. All the 266 last year were identified by means of the Anthropometrical System; whereas during the year 1899, 53 were identified by means of the Finger-tip Impression System only and the remainder by Anthropometry.

For last year there is no record of the number of cases in which inadequate sentences were passed on habitual criminals, but for the year 1899 a
record was established in June, and from the 1st of that month to the end of the
year, 45 cases were reported and 9 of these cases were particularly noticeable.
Several of these cases were brought to the notice of Government and the High
Court, and in some cases the sentences were enhanced, while in others the orders
of the High Court are awaited. Speaking generally, however, it seems that
some of the Magistrates do not pay that attention to the necessity of making
an example of criminals who have previous convictions against them that is
expected by Government from Magistrates in the mofussil.

There were only 15 cases during the year committed to the Sessions which may be said to have been committed because the accused had previous convictions requiring sentences which were beyond the ordinary powers of a Magistrate. They were all cases of house-breaking and theft.

#### CRIMINAL CLASSES AND INFLUX OF SUSPICIOUS FOREIGNERS.

107. Bombay is of course well represented in the matter of members belonging to the criminal classes and foreigners. It is a haven of refuge and an emporium of labour for such people, though as they do not appear in gangs and cannot locate themselves together in large numbers anywhere, they are lost in the teeming population of the city. Mhár and Mháng dacoits from the Deccan, Káthiáwádis, Wágris and others are known to be present. Pardesis and Pathans resort to the city in large numbers, and some of these classes are known house-breakers and thieves, but most of them follow a trade or calling of some sort, and there is not the possibility of that cohesion among them in the life of a busy city which makes them up-country so formidable for the Police to deal with.

Many of the burglaries and thefts are committed by Pardesis. The two dacoities of the year were, as already stated, suspected to be the work of Sátára Mhángs, but as a rule there is nothing in the way of crime by which the criminal classes can be identified or be said to make their presence in the City felt, and during the year under report there were no crimes which could be attributed to the influx of suspicious foreigners or to any particular class of criminals.

#### POLICE ESTABLISHMENT.

#### Personnel of Officers.

108. There are practically 11 divisions in charge of 10 Superintendents,—the Dock and Harbour Police, though separate divisions, being combined and placed in charge of one officer.

The 11 divisions were held as under at the close of the year:-

Divisions.	Sections.	Designation and Names.
Λ	Fort	Acting Superintendent W. Sander-
В	and Mandvi.	Superintendent E. II. Grennan.
C	Bhuleshwar, Nalbazár and Dhobi Taláv.	Acting Superintendent O. J. Hold- way.
D	Girgaum, Khetwádi, Mahálaxmi and Wál- keshwar.	Superintendent J. McDermott.
E	Byculla, Mázgaon, Kámáthipura.	
F	Dádar, Sewri, Mátunga and Parel.	Acting Superintendent C. Roberts.
G	Warli and Mahim	Do. J. Stanford.
11 & I	I	Superintendent LeeSmith.
K	Detective Branch	l Ti. Bris Allin Ali Candas White
Ļ	Reserve	Do. J. Crummy.

The following Superintendents were away on furlough during the year:

Superintendents Ingram and Hack.

Superintendent Brewin is still borne on the strength of the Bombay City Police Force, though he has been away since 4th August 1898 and practically does not belong to it.

Each division has one to three Inspectors according to size, while the Government Dockyard, the Sanitary Police, the Criminal Identification Department and the Arms Department are practically independent charges for Inspectors.

The Pound also has an officer in charge, who though not a Police officer is subordinate to the Commissioner of Police.

The A and E Divisions are most strongly represented as regards European and Native officers, while the actual criminal work of the City and Island is heaviest in the B, C and E Divisions. The Detective Branch works indiscriminately in all divisions and has one European officer attached to it who ranks as an Inspector.

#### Strength of Police.

109. There was no change in the permanent strength of the force during the year as will be gathered from the appendices to the report. The City however is gradually expanding, and with the introduction of the City Improvement Trust Schemes will spread over many of the open spaces that have hitherto been unoccupied. The present strength of the force will not, however, be able to expand correspondingly so as to give adequate protection to or manage the traffic of a City covering a larger area, and the time is not for distant when measures for augmenting the Police force of the Presidency Town will have to be considered. As it is, with an increasing population the strength of the Police force is inadequate and unable to attend to all the requirements of the City, some of the outlying parts being very imperfectly protected. The large amount of traffic that has to be controlled, not to mention the ever increasing miscellaneous duties that fall on the Police, will make it quite impossible for the present force to suffice when any considerable addition to the number of habitations is brought about by the measures that are being inaugurated for the improvement of the City.

#### Distribution.

110. The following table shows the distribution of the Bombay City Police according to divisions:—

	Office	rs.		.,	
Division.	European.	Native.	Total Officers.	Men.	Grand Total.
A B C D E F G II K L	13 10 9 7 12 2 2 5 3 5 5	23 14 14 14 18 7 6 9 8 18	36 24 23 21 30 9 8 14 11 23 22	372 242 278 194 220 105 147 87 89 28	408 266 301 215 250 114 155 101 100 51
M Veterinary	5	17 2	22 2	83 5	103
Police.	78	167,	245	1,985	2,230

In addition to the permanent strength of the force, 1,048 Police Rámosis were employed during the year on behalf of private persons, firms and Government or Municipal Departments; of these 46 were discontinued during the year, leaving a balance of 1,002 at the close of the year. The Rámosis are employed for guarding property or preventing a breach of the peace, the majority of them being appointed during the period when plague is prevalent and the occupants of houses in the City leave them to go out into the suburbs.

#### Punishments.

111. Seven hundred and ninety-two officers and men were punished during the year 1899, as under:—

•	Departmentally	7	***	•••	•••	757
	Judicially	•••	•••	•••	•••	7
	Dismissed	***	***	•••	•••	28
					•	792
The fig	ures for 1898 w	ore:—				
	Departmentally		•••	***	•••	414
	Judicially	***	***	***	***	11
	Dismissed	•••	•••	•••	***	29
	•				•	454
			•			_

The average number of dismissals for the last 3 years is 31.

The number of departmental punishments has risen considerably owing to stricter supervision and not because the conduct of the force has materially deteriorated when compared with previous years. On the contrary, I have reason to believe that the general conduct of the force has improved owing to the closer supervision that has been exercised.

#### REWARDS.

112. Altogether 179 officers and men were rewarded during the year as compared with 99 during the preceding year. Of this number, 90 received promotion as compared with 61 in 1898.

The remainder were rewarded as follows:-

- 40 by good-conduct stripes:
- 49 by money rewards.

In addition to the above, 81 men were rewarded by the issue of Good Service Tickets—the accumulation of which entitles them to the receipt of Good-Conduct stripes according to the number of marks earned by such tickets.

#### HEALTH.

113. The number of admissions into hospital was 2,700 as compared with 2,796 in 1898. The daily average on the sick list was 62 as compared with 68 in 1898. The health of the European Police was not so good as usual, while that of the Native members of the Force has improved during the year.

#### CASUALTIES.

114. The total number of casualties was 233 as compared with 210 in 1898. The different heads under which they are distributed are as under:—

 Deaths 66 (including Inspector Hurst).

 Retirement on pension or gratuity 46 (including Inspectors Roshanali and Sultanali).

 Resignations
 ...
 ...
 ...
 73

 Discharged
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 28

 Reverted to Regiments
 ...
 ...
 ...
 1

 Transferred
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 1

The average number of casualties for the five years previous to the year of report was 212. Out of the 66 deaths reported this year, 26 were due to plague as compared with 37 in 1898.

The number of men who died and retired during the year was considerably less than last year, while the number who resigned and were discharged shows a decided increase.

#### EDUCATION.

115. Two hundred and two officers (European and Native) and 717 men are reported as able to read and write. The figures for 1898 were—

Officers ... ... ... 184
Men ... ... 571

This shows a satisfactory improvement so far as figures go, but I am not satisfied that the latter correctly represents the standard of education in the Force. The matter will be looked into before the current year's returns are due.

#### CASTES.

116. The different castes of the officers and men composing the Force for the years 1898 and 1899 were as follows:—

	Ca	ste <b>s</b> .			Of	ficers,	M	e <b>n.</b>
					1698.	1899.	1898.	1899.
Christians		•••	•••		72	72	5	5
Mahomedans	•••	•••	•••		44	45	478	456
Bráhmans	•••		•••		4	5	71	78
Rájputs	***	•••	•••		•••	·	1	2
Gurkhas	***	***	•••		•••	<b> </b>	•••	•••
Sikbs	•••	•••			•••	l 1	. 3	3
Maráthas			• • •	•••	33	41	778	834
Pardesis			•••		1	j , j	28	17
Bhandáris	•••	***	•••	•••	5	8	217	217
Hindus of all	othe	er castes			3 5	10	361	314
Pársis		***		•••	5	1 4	•••	•••
Jews			•••		,1	<b> </b> ,	•••	•••

The number of Mahomedans in the Force is diminishing gradually, while Maráthas are enlisting largely to the exclusion of all other castes. A balance of caste in the Police is most difficult to maintain, for the Force is not large. Vacancies are constantly occurring and have to be filled up without delay, the first that comes being the first to be employed, provided he is fit in physique.

#### RECRUITING.

as compared with 208 in the preceding year. As will be gathered from the preceding paragraph, the majority of recruits come from the Hindus and principally from the Maráthas of the Konkan. The number of Mahomedans is small and those that join are drawn perhaps more largely from the Junnar Táluka of the Poona District than elsewhere. Nevertheless there is no difficulty in getting recruits except during the rains, when most of the able-bodied who can do so return to their homes.

#### RESIGNATIONS.

118. The number of persons who resigned during the year 1899 was 73 as compared with 35 in 1898. The resignations were due chiefly to family troubles and difficulties and ill-health, no less than 30 men having resigned owing to the latter cause alone.

#### DRILL AND BALL PRACTICE.

. 119. During the year I had revolver practice for the Europeans and blank and buckshot cartridge practice for the Armed branch of the Native Force. This practice was held for the first time and will be kept up in future as an annual event. Some of the European officers shot very creditably, while others showed that they were absolutely unacquainted with the use of a revolver. The practice was held on the sands, and both independent and volley joining was gone through, the object being to control the fire, and see the effect of volleys of buckshot which would constitute the sort of shooting the men would be called upon to employ if required in an emergency.

There being no range for the Armed Police, and as they are never likely to be required to use ball ammunition, there was no necessity to test their shooting in this respect.

#### GENERAL EFFICIENCY.

120. The year's returns I think show a fair standard of efficiency, in spite of a very large increase in the number of offences dealt with. This increase, as I have already explained, is due in a great measure to the greater zeal and activity of the Police in taking up cases. With few exceptions this can be said of all my officers and men, who have worked well throughout the year. The Police were relieved of all duties connected with plague about June last, except that in connection with the evacuation of houses, and the change has no doubt contributed to the extra work that has been turned out by the Force.

Of the Divisional Officers who have done well during the year I would specially mention:

Superintendent Crummy.

- " McDermott.
  - Nolan.
- Acting ", IIoldway. Sanderson.

Also Superintendent Sirdar Mir Abdul Ali, Khán Bahádur, of the Detective Branch.

Of the Inspectors, Messrs. Barnet, Sloane, Williamson, Hamilton, Murray, Walker, Shaik Ibrahim Shaik Imam, Favel, and Mirza Mahomed Ali; the two latter of the Detectives have done good work; while among Constables Messrs. Sullivan, Chambers, and Morris, as also Ramchandra Bhimrao and Mahomed Ali (of the Detective Branch) have been most prominent.

I would also particularly draw attention to the services of Mr. Sweeney, an old Bombay Police Officer, who is now in charge of the Cattle Pound at Girgaon.

в 235—8

During the three years that he has been in charge, the number of cattle impounded as also the pound fees have risen steadily, and for the year under report the figures stood as under:—

Number of cattle impounded ... ... 17,071
Pound fees ... Rs. 11,494

as compared with 14,872 and Rs. 10,162, respectively, for the previous year. Whether as a matter of revenue for Government or as an indication of close and diligent attention to his duty, the above results speak very highly for Mr. Sweeney's careful management of the pound, and I have much pleasure in bringing his services to the notice of Government.

The receipts at the Dadar Cattle Pound, which is a smaller one, also show improvement, which is creditable to Acting Superintendent Roberts, the officer in charge.

#### POLICE BUILDINGS.

121. The following in abstract form shows the buildings occupied by the officers and men of the Bombay Police:—

Belonging to		Residential quarters.	Chowkies.
Government  Municipal  City Improvement Trust  Hired	motel	8 6 2 26 42	5 4  5

In addition to the above, there are 102 wooden and 11 kutcha built tiled chowkies in Police charge. These chowkies are of course not used as residential quarters.

The buildings in departmental charge have been repaired during the year at a cost of Rs. 488-2-9. The more important buildings have been kept in proper order by the departments and individuals responsible for their maintenance.

The Police Lines at Byculla (old Police Lines) and the Crawford Market Police Head Quarters are the only lines the Foot Police have. They provide accommodation for 22 officers and 141 men, while the Mounted Police and their horses are accommodated partly at Parel in the old Government House Body Guard Lines, at Byculla, and at the Crawford Market Police Head Quarters.

The remainder of the men, which includes all the men of the Force practically, except the Reserve and the Mounted Police, draw house-rent and live where they can.

I am glad to say they have now been got to live in their respective Divisions—a matter I look upon as one of some importance—as, if required for an emergency, they, or a large majority of them, would be available at once in the Division; whereas formerly it was the exception, rather than the rule, to find men living in their Divisions except in the E Division, where the cheapest and lowest quarters are to be had, and even then not within the rent allowed by Government, and where about two-thirds of the Police Force of the city were located.

The A (Fort) Division is the only Division where men cannot find quarters, there are none to be had, and the sooner the new lines are built for the men the better. It is a significant fact, however, that the City Police have no lines of their own and that the rent allowed them by Government is not enough to admit of their hiring quarters in any of the Divisions of the City exclusive of the E, F, and G Divisions, except at a considerable personal loss.

#### INSPECTION.

Condition of arms, accontrements and ammunition.

122. These were regularly inspected and kept in proper order.

Inspection of arms and ammunition shops.

123. During the year under report there were 39 license-holders under Rule 11 of the Rules framed under the Indian Arms Act, as against 44 in 1899, showing a decrease of 6, whose licenses were not renewed, as they either had no business, had closed their business, or had failed to apply for renewal in time.

The stock and sales registers of these license-holders were checked by the Arms and Ammunition Inspector, with the stock in hand once a month at least and found to be correct. There have been no irregularities except in the case of the Army and Navy Co-operative Society, who have a larger amount of cartridges on hand than they are permitted to store in the Sewri Magazine. This was brought to the notice of Government during the year.

#### General Remarks.

124. I would preface my remarks under this head by referring to the excellent relations that have been maintained throughout the year between the Presidency Magistrates and the Police. My thanks in this respect are especially due to the Chief Presidency Magistrate for the cordial assistance he has always given me and my subordinates in Police matters. It has been an exceptionally hard year both for Magistrates and Police, never before in fact have there been so many cases and prisoners placed before the Courts, and the Police have much to be thankful for as regards the patience and regularity with which the Magistrates have disposed of their excessive work. On the other hand, the year has been a comparatively uneventful one, things have gone smoothly, and there have been no cases of great importance or exceptional interest to record. In the early part of the year there was a typical "Golden Gang" case in which a confederacy of sharpers swindled a respectable firm for some time out of a sum amounting to Rs. 63,000. This case in which Inspector Sloane was engaged and in which he obtained the encomiums of the High Court, was an intricate and troublesome one, involving the most persistent and searching enquiry both in Bombay and up-country. It was, however, successfully worked out by the Inspector, with the result that three of the gang, including a notorious and most expert forger named Bapuji, were convicted and sentenced to long terms of imprisonment. Some Rs. 25,000 worth of property was recovered in this case.

Another case of some importance was the one in which, under the orders of Government, the Editor and Proprietor of the Gurakhi, a native newspaper, and an accomplice who acted as Sub-Editor were prosecuted under Section 124-A. Indian Penal Code, for seditious writing. The accused were sentenced by the High Court to one year and six months' simple imprisonment, respectively.

There were several more or less serious cases of house-breaking and theft which were detected, and many well-known and dangerous characters were removed from society for considerable periods. It is, however, more in connection with the ordinary duties of the Police that I have to commend the work of the year. Much that is useful was done in putting down certain forms of gambling, in getting a grip of the budmashes of the city, and in making many of them pause to consider, if not to give up, their criminal pursuits. The "Golden Gang" has practically ceased to trouble, and cases of organised swindling, which were so rife before, have scarcely been heard of lately, some prominent members of the fraternity having been called to account during the year.

On the whole, there is a better tone among the bad characters of the city who are beginning to feel that the Police have got the means ready to hard of coming down upon them in a way they never experienced before. The Police themselves see the benefit of employing the bad character provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code, and are more ready to collect information, and put it to some uso. These points are manifestations of a change, which, I hope, will continue to bring better results in future as regards the suppression of crime.



Owing to the famine which declared itself towards the close of the year, the Police were much pressed in providing escorts for treasure to up-country stations and in fact to all parts of India, the requisitions for such escorts being of almost daily occurrence and necessitating a serious depletion of the men in the Reserve, which subsequently had to be brought to the notice of Government, with the effect that a special force of 30 extra armed men had to be sanctioned for this duty.

In conclusion, I must apologise for the delay that has attended the submission of this report. It had to be remodelled after it had been taken in hand, so as to bring it into accord, as far as possible, with the recent orders of Government—this necessitating an increase in the volume of the report. I have also been without the services of my Head Clerk, for about six weeks, which has greatly hampered me in getting the details required for the body of my report ready within the due date.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
H. KENNEDY,
Commissioner of Police.

#### STATEMENTS.

в 235—9 •

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" (PART I .- Return of Cases instituted by Complaint to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate suo motu in the year 1899.)

_					Number	Number of complaints	الح		Number dismi <b>sed</b>		deci	Number declared	lared Number	NUMBER OF COGRESSEE OFFESCES COMMITTED SEAT WARE THIRD.					Number of	
Seria Num ber,	tomas bable	Offence.		Number remaining for dis- posal from	of complaints and cases instituted	the com- plainant	Of Cauco	Number otherwise investi- -gated before	atter	investiga- tion at	remain-	Court ti after trial h never to have co	held that a non- cognizable	Not referred to the Police for investi- gation.		Referred to the Police for investigation.		of con-	investma-	Royares.
	•		•	previous Jear.	by a Magis- trate,	(Section 2013, Criminal Procedure Code).	tion to the Police	imite of process.	203, Criminal Procedure Code.	the end of the year,	trial.	occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact.		Ending in discharge or acquittal.	in convic	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	in convic-	victions to total of Columns 15 and 16,	close of	
<u> </u>	2	. 3 .		4 -	5	•	7 %	8	.•	9 (a)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	- 19
_	115					- -		***	. ***			400			•	***				
1	117	public, &c Concealing design to co	mmit of	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••		***		***		107	٠			
			Total		****							***								•
	CLASS I.—Offer	ices against the State, Publity, Safety and Justice.		- *** *					•••		<del>"</del>			***		****	<u></u>			-
2		Offences relating to As	-						•	·								}		
3 3a 3b	255 to 263	Offences relating to coin Offences relating to stamp Offences relating to Go	×	***	***	***	•-•	***	***	***	•••	***	•	***		***	***	***	***	
3 <i>c</i>		Promissory Notes	•••	4.	•••	· · · ·	•••	•••	•••	* ·	<i></i>	***	***	***		•••		•••	***	
4 5	212 to 216 and 216A 224 to 226	Harbouring an offender Other offences against publ	lic justice.	1	•••	•••	***	•••	***	***	1	•••		1	•••	111 142 141	•••	***	100	
7	140, 170, 171	Rioting or unlawful assem Personating public servant	or soldier.	***	2	***	•	***	***				***	2		2.40	***	***	•••	
	. :		Total	_ 긔	2			***		•••	.1		•••	3		100	,			•
8)	CLASS II,—Serios	us Offences against the Per											ĺ							
9	302, 303, 896	Murder , dacoit			•••			••• (	•••	. 721	***	•••	***	***	•		•••	•••	•••	
li l	ال مو	, poisor	rs		•••		•••	***	¥**	•••	***	; •		***		***	***	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
2 J 3	007	Other murders Attempts at murder	***	***	•••	***	•••	***	•••	•••.		***	•••	***				•••	* ***	
ı	304, 808	Culpable homicide	than the	***	***	***	***	•••	*** .	***	***	***	***	100	***	148	***		•••	1
5 წ	0.7		***	***	(a)2	•••	•••	***	•••	•••		100	***	1				•		(a) I struck out for want of appearance of complainant
7	317, 318	Exposure of infants or con	ncealment		•••	·	***	***	- 7	•••	· 🛦					***		***	***	and accused.
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetm		"	***	•		***		•••		· •••		···	•••		· · ·		•••	
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the pu extorting property or c or deterring public servan	rpose of confession					***	•	***		•••			,,	•••			***	

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20 21	325, 326, 335 Grievous hurt Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	0	(b) 4	***	***	[- ***	.***		•••	•••		1	2		***	•••	***	пррев	struck ont rance of ccused.	nt for want o complainan	of ite
32	327, 330, 332 Hurt for purpose of extorting pro- perty or confession or deterring	g P		•			***	· · · ·		***	•••		***	***	•••	***	***				
23 21	324 public servant sa Hurt by dangerous weapon Kidnapping or abduction	***	(c) 15 (d) 7		1 1	1		***		- ***	***	3	7	"1			·,	(e) 4	Do.	do.	•
25	346 to 348 Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extor	ıt		"			f '	***	1	•••	•=•	3	1 :	***			1	(d) 1	170.	(II)	
26	372, 373 Felling, letting, or unlawfully ob-	·••;	1		1 - 1	•••			† }	•••				• 1					-	•	
27 28	taining a miner for prostitution 371 Habitually dealing in slaves 353, 354, 356, 357 Criminal force to public servant or	ا سا	***	:::				***		***	***	1-4	***		***	•••	400				
	woman, or an attempt to commit	1 I	(0) 7					* ***		***		1	1					(c) 5	Po.	do.	
20 *;	304A, 833 Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	b]	•••				•••						,								
	Total		Sú		3	,	1		1	•••		9	11	2			1	1			
	CLASS III, Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.						<del></del>								<b> </b>	<del></del>	-	-   -			
50 51	325, 397, 398, Dacsity 399, 402 Preparation and assembly for					•••		***	•••											•	
32	dacoity (by poisonous or 394, 397, 398 Robbery with stupe fying	r .			`	•••			†	100	· ···	•••	•••		•••						
٠.	hurt drugs		***					: * <sub>**</sub> -			·						<i></i>				
	in dwelling-house		***	***	***	***	***	·	***	•••	•••				:::			-			င့်ဥ
33	sunset and sunries a.					•••	•••	•••		,		•••									•
31	270, 281, 282, 430 to Serious mischief and cognate	4 4		<b></b>	***		•••	•••	444	; ***	•••	•••	•	· · ·			***				
. 35	Mischiel by killing, polsoning, or manning any animal	T			***	•••		•••	•••	•••			'''	•••	'''						
36	454, 455, 457 to 460. Lurking house trespass or house breaking with intent to commit as offence, or having made prepara-		1 '		1 ***		*** .	- ***	***	***	•••	<b>31</b>	""	•••	"	"	•••				
27	149 to 452 House-treams with view to commit	; ••• ]								•••					•						
33						<b>\</b>				•••							<b></b>				
39	311, 400, 401 Belonging to games of those	I I		•••	•••											···	•••				
	I discorts, robbers, and thieres		-		-													_			
	Total Class IVMinor Offeners against the Person.	·	-		-					•••	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<del></del>			1			
40	311 to 311 Wrongful resteaint and confine	A . $'$	'	1 '	1		1	<b>i</b> .	.	•			1	, )	, 1	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
41	336, 337 Rash act causing hart or endanger		(/) 21		1				1	·		13	•		]	100-	1 7	(/)2	l u	У.,	
43	ing life are may may you		***	•••			:::		::: ]	•••	•••		:::	:::	:::						

		_ <u></u>				51.	ATEM	ENTA	-I—con	tinued	-							-	
				Number	Number of complaints dumsmed			Number dismissed			Number d-clared	Number in which	Ксивва		izaben Opp E wann tri		олипико	Number of	
Perial	Law under which		Number	01 e m-	after :	Number of cases	Number otherwise	after investiga-	Number of cases		Court	the Court held that	Not refer	ed to the	Beferred	in the		offences that were	
Num- ber.	Punishable.	Offerrom	tor due	and cases	the com-	referred for	investi-	- Liou	under	f	after trial	& non-	Police for		Police for gatio		Perrentage	under	P.w
- 1		}	previous	instituted	plainaut (Section	invertiga-	hetore	Section	investiga-	ing for	baye occurred	orgnizable offence	<del></del> -	<del></del> -		<del></del>	of con-	investiga-	Ramarka.
- 1			) car.	Magis-	201. Criminal	to the	process.	≱ાર્ડ Criminal	end of the year.	1114	or to be	only was com-	Ending in	Roding	Ending in	Ending	to total of	trial at close of	
		1	1 ]	trate.	Priordore	Police.	•	Procedure			mistakes of law	mitted	discharge of	in contic-	duscharge or	COMPTIC-	Columns 15 and 16,	the year.	_
		1	'	<u> </u>	Code/.			Code.		[ ]	or lact.	<b>i</b> ,	acquittal.	tion.	acquittal.	tion.			-
_ 1	2	. 8		<u> </u>		7	- 6	•	9 a)	10	11 -	13	13	16	15	16	17	19	<u> </u>
	Crass V _ V:	nor offences against Property.	l			<b>-</b> -		<u>'</u> —						<u> </u>					
43 4	453, 456	nor off ences against Property.	1		•						_		l	ĺ					
	200, 400	Lurking house-trespass or house- breaking	1	]				•					1	]					
44 8	879 to 382	an a Coffeetila a			***	***	•••				***	• •••	i :::		•••	• • • •	***	•••	
. 1		Their ordinary		(g) 26		6	***	··· 3	•••	"1	***	***	13	1	3	•••		" 1	(g) 5 struck out for want of
45 4	100 to 403	Criminal breach of trust	. ,	41.00				1 -		ا ا			ĺ	۱			, ;		appearance of complainant and accused,
45a 4		Criminal breach of trust by public		(A) 99	,**	2	***	*** .		16	***	•••	53	12	. 2	***	•••	15	(A) 18 do. do.
48 4	1	servant or he banker to	•••	1	***				'		400	•••	• 1		••• _	•••		·	
48a   4		Receiving stolen property		(5) io	•••	1	***	100	•	***	***	<b>  •</b> ••	ا إ	***1	1	***		,	
	****	Criminal or house-treamss		(3) 68	***	744	***		***	5		***	8 38	19	***	***	***	5	(i) 1 do, do, (j) 6 do, do,
* 1	61, 462	Breaking closed receptacle				~ 100			· · · · ·					•••	***	***	•••	•••	<b>U</b> , <b>U</b>
Ĭ		Total	1	205	***	9		3	<del></del>	22		<del></del>	113	33	6		<del> </del>	21	
49 9	CLASS VI.—Other	er offences not specified above.	[						***				113	<u> </u>		<del></del>	<u> </u>		
שו טפ	Sage under Char	Offences against religion Vagrancy and bad character	i •••	(k) 1	,	•		•••,		***	•••		•••		***	••			(k) struck out for want o
	(-/) V. I. (/)	anguancy and bad character	•••	14	***		•••	•••	, ***	[	***	***	] •••	14	200	***	***	•••	appearance of complainan
517	HUG WC2 TY OL 1821'		.			,				ļ,			1				1	[	<del></del>
52     C		Offence against Gambling Act	···			***	***		***	***	***	<b>  •••</b>		•••	***	***		•••	
54   C	ognizable offences under the Act	Opium Laws	***	14	***	***	···	···	***		***	400	***	'ï4	***		***		1
56	specified opposite.	Railway Laws			,	•••	***	:::	***		•••		•••					i	•
56 J	-	Salt and Custom laws		<b>}</b>	***	***		•••	***		•••		***	*	***		***		•
57 20	9, 277, 279, 290, 293,		***	***	***	***	600	•••	***	•••	•••	•••		•	•••		***	ļ · ···	
I Se	85, 250, 259, 291 to 295, ection 85 of Act V of	Public and local nuisances		(7) 21		•••			ĺ					12		,			(1) 3 do. do.
E 10	onl, and any other mu- icipal or local laws.	•		[ <del></del>				***										<u> </u>	(1) 0 001
1	ží.	iscellaneous	***	50	***	***	***		***	•••	***		6	40	•••	•••	•••		
A	cts XIII of 1856 and	Police Acts		(m) 999	•••	***		•••				***	15	976	***		***		(m) 8 do. do.
	YPA111 01 1800		1	i i	7 7 7					•				۱ 🚓			1		
A	ct VI of 1863	Merchant Seaman's Amendment Act Conveyance Act		(n) 35 (o) 45	***	. •:•	•••	***	***	•••		•••	12	33	***	***	•••	- ***	(#) 1 do. do. do.
	ct A111 of 1868	Sale of Poisons Act	:::	1	***	***		***	***		***	***	'	ľí	***	***			(o) 13 do. do.
	ct I of 1874	Tramway Act	•••	2	***	•••	•••	***		•••	4**	***	, 1	1	***		Ţ		] _
A		Bombay Abkári Act Indian Explosives Act	•••	85 I		•••	•4•	,	***	•••	•••	•••	2	33	***	***	***	•••	
A.	ct X of 1887	Native Passengers Ships Act	***	6	***	***	***		***	***	•••	***	***	6	***		***		
	ct A of 1889	Indian Ports Act	•••	(p) 16	•••	***			•••		***	•••	2	10	***	•••	•••	•••	(p) 4 do. do.
A.	ct X1 of 1890	Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	l,	(0)9 499	<u></u>	ļ		ļ	·ì		i		67	9 304	1		•		**
- 1				(2)2,483						•••		***		2,384			···		(q) 32 do. do.
		Total		3,623	}		• ¦		]	{			100	3,465	bas _			ł	·
- {		10001	<u>}</u>	0,023				***			***					<u> </u>			<u> </u>

Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Bombay, 24th March 1900.

J. SANDERS SLATER, Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge, Bombay.

# STTAEMENT A.

### RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1899.

Part II.—Return of persons concerned in cases instituted by complaint to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate survey to the

				PRRI	NE OF SOMA SHIT FRO- SBUED,		PAR OF	before Court	pending at begin-			ne three ordered a haveners.	ed on total of	la year.
	ber.	Law under which punishable.	Oïfence.			m warrant faced, not be exchuted,	refre of summons appring therewith, attendance was ally obtained.	of persons appearing be personally or by Picadets.	raed in cases	Courts.	Number discharged or acquitted.	engricted sincing or	bember examinated by	ler trial at come of the
	Serial Number.			Warrant.	Summon	Agrainst whom v but could not	Evading serving or my or my event	Number of teither per	Number emee	Total before Courte.	Number die	Number ent	Percentage of Coumbs 11 a	Number under trus
_	1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	0	10	11	19	13	14
	1{	115.a 117	Abetment of offence not committed, &c Abetting commission of cognizable elience by public, &c.			,						] :	:::	
	Ì	118, 119	Concealing design to commit cognizable offence, &c. Total						 		<u></u>	<u> -</u> -	<u></u>	
		CLASS IOffen	ces against the State, Public Tranquillity,	<del></del> -		<del></del> -					<del> </del>			<del></del>
	3 3 3a 86	131 to 136, 138 231 to 263, 467 and 471. As in Statement		***		140	***	014 214	: <b>:</b>			::	::	
i	3¢ 4 5 6	AI 212 mnd 2164 224 to 226 148 to 153, 157, 158, 159. 140, 170, 171	Personating public current or relifer	***			***	 	1 	,	g	 	4.	170 177 880
	1	140, 110, 111	Total		9		<del></del>			10	10			<del>-:-</del>
		CLASS II	-Serious Offences against the Person.				<del></del>		<del>                                     </del>			<del></del>		
	8 9 10 11	302, <b>303</b> , 396 {	Murder by thugs		1+4 4+1 141 111	 	141 111 111	 					;; ;; ***	
÷	12 <i>)</i> 18 14 15 16	307	Other murders			=	::. :::.					, ,	*** *** ***	***
١.	17 18 19	917, 318 305, 306, 309 329, 331, 338	Exposure of infants or conveniment of birth. Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide. Grievous bart for the purpose of exterting property or confession or deterring public servant.				••• ••• •••		*** *** ***	1::1	420 420 400	 	,,, ,,,	::
	20 21 22	325, 326, 336 328 327, 830, 832	Grievous hurt Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt. Hurt for purpose of exterting property or confession or doterring public servant. Hurt by dangerous weapon	1		 H1	 	#  20	111				801  851	
	28 24 25 26	824 863 to 869 346 to 339	Kidnapping or abduction Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion. Solling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a		29 8 1		- -	1	-	20 8 1	1	11 11 11	14:24	1 
	27 28	971 853, 854, 856, 857.	minor for prestitution. Hubitually dealing in sixes Criminal fores to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrong- fully confine.		ïı		9				,	<sub>1</sub>	 	=
	29	804 A, 838	Proch and antimone and according double as maken		٠	***		• <b>••</b>	·		-	•••	-	-
		1	Total	1	63	<u></u>	24	89	<u> </u>	14	22	15	40° 54	1
		CLASS IIISeri	ous Ofences against Person and Property, or against Property only,											
	30 81 32	395, 307, 395 399, 402 394, 307, 393	Preparation and assembly for decoity  Robbery with by poisonous or stupsfying draws.	=	*··	11:	1 1 1	• pr	=				 	: <b>!</b> !
,	3 <b>3</b>	392, 893	ty other means		:: ::	 	- :::	 	 			•• •• ••		
	34	270, 281, 242, 434 to 433, 435 to 440,	•	==	:::	. <u>.</u>		<b>-</b>		=	***	<i></i>		
į	35 36	428, 429 484, 455, 457 to 480.	I with I. foul fo commer we omen. A on manife	!			<b>-</b>	+ <del></del>		:	 ***	-		
	37	449 to 452	made preparation for hurs. If succtrespace with view to commit as offence, or having made preparation for hurs.	ì		-		<b>.</b>	-	-				-
	39	412,418	Receiving stolen property by damity on habitually. Belonging to gangs of thugs, damate, robbers	•		ĺ			-	· ,			'	
	23	311,407,431 -	Belinging to gange of things, and one, subsettle and thickers.		!	- <del></del>	<u>ا</u> !			<del></del>	·		<del></del> -	
		007 30		<u></u>	!									<u>i</u>
		в 235—10												

BEMARKS,

### STATEMENT A-II-concluded.

1 8 Sector N 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	\$1 to 816      30, 887        76	- Minor Of enose against Proper Lurking house-trepps so or house That ordinary	nent gaing l	iife	4 441	Summons.	Arainst whom warrant issued,	Erading service of anomona or not complying therewith, or developed attendance was not eventually obtained.	Number of persons appearing before (either personally of by Pleader).	Number concerned in cases pending ing of year,	Total before Courts.	Number discharged or acquitted	Number convicted 'including those give security for good behaviour.	Percentage of number convicted Columns 11 and 12.	Number under trial at close of the year	Remarks.
40 g 41 3: 42 3 43 4 44 3 45 4	CLASS IV (141 to 314 (241, 387 (74)  CLASS V (153, 450 (179 to 382 (199 to 468 (199	—Minor Offenose against the Per Wrongful restraint and confinent Rash not country hurt or endang Compulsory labour —Minor Offenose against Proper Lurking house-tresps so or house Thatt of callier	nent gaing l	life	1		6	7	8	9	10	11	13	19	14	
43 44 8 46 46 4	151 to 316	Wrongful restraint and confinent Rash act causing hurt or endang Compulsory labour	nent gaing l	life			1	<del>                                     </del>						' <u>.</u> !	١	15
43 44 8 46 46 4	151 to 316	Wrongful restraint and confinent Rash act causing hurt or endang Compulsory labour	nent gaing l	life		_ ا										
44 8 46 4	153, 480 179 to 882 106 to 408	Lurking house-trespess or house Theft { of cattle ordinary		tal		40 ,			 :::		87 	28	6	17·64	 :	
44 8 4ñ 4	153, 480 179 to 882 106 to 408	Lurking house-trespess or house Theft { of cattle ordinary	ty.	144 11		60			87		87	28	8	17:64	8	·
44 8 46 4	179 to 382 406 to 408 109	Theft of cattle	.heast	in=						<u></u>	 			,		
45 a 4				• •	4 29	29 63		7 23	26 90		26 91	23 65	  11	8 <sup>7</sup> 14:47	1 15	
46 4 40(a) 4	419, 420	or by banker, &c. Receiving stolen property Cheating	• 1			12	100	"   "	1 11	:::	, 1 11	1 10	 	9:09	*** *** ***	,
76	101, 402	Breaking closed receptacle		• •	•	137	<u> </u>			<u>.::</u> _	126	81	 8L	27.67		
			To	tal	38	263	<u> </u>	41	255		256	181	45	19 91	30	•
40	CLARR VI L 702 to 201	Other Offences not specified abo	oue.			١.			•							• .
100 C	Cases under Chap- ter VIII (B). U. P. U., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character				•14	***	8	<sub>14</sub>	***	"i4	***	"i4.	100	***	Of these, 3 persons appeared before the Courts voluntarily.
10	(	Offences against Gambling Act	•				•••	***	***		::: :::		***	***	***	
l I	ognizable offen- cos under the Act specified	Oplum Laws ,	•			17			17	-	17	3	16	88·23	***	
	Opposite.	Raliway Laws	n Lewi		,		:::	 'ma	140	 !**	111	g 144	131		***	
	200, 917, 970, 240, 248, 246, 246,	Arm's Act, 1876	lo 1X) I	f 1978)			] 	<b></b>	٠			•••		***	***	
	280, 201 to 204, Section 84 of Act V of 1961, and effences under any other municipal or		•			21		3	18	<b></b>	18	6	12	66.60	***	
	local inve.	,	Tai	tal	_	86	Ì—				40		41	63-67		
13	Offences under other special and local laws declar-		-0	<b>181</b>			<del></del>			<del></del> -						
٨	ed to be organ- audie. Acts XIII of 1950 and XLVIII of	Polico Acts				11,043		14	1,020		1,029	17	1,018	98*34	***	† Of this number, 843 persons were charged with 10-treat-
	THIS. LOS I OF THEO	Merchant Seaman's Amendment	Aot			85		1	84		84	1	33	97.05		ing animals.
			•			46	<b></b>	13	89		53	13	19	59*87	***	
- 1			• •••		-}	1	٠		1		1	***	1	100,		
	I	Tramway Act	•		·  ··· ˈ	2	•••	•••	3	•••	3	1	1	50.	•••	
	let IV of 1878	Bombay A'bkarl Act	• •••		· · · ·	86	•••		86		38	1	81	94-44	tes	
	)	•		• •	·	1	***	""	1		1	•••	1	100.	***	
- 1	Į.	Native Passonger Shipe' Act Indian Ports Act				6	•••				10		10	100°	•••	
1		Prevention of Cruelty to Animal			1	16	***	32	12	***	18 9 461	67	10 2,384	83·33 97·14	7	
^					·	3,668		64	3,451		2,451 3,604		3,501	97.14		
]		Gaaw	101 Tota			4,007	<del></del>	110	3,004		3,994		3,608	91.01	34	
		V#47					•••		4,502	•	-,		-,500			

Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Bombay, 21th March 1900.

J. SANDERS SLATER, Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge, Bombay.

### · STATEMENT B.

### (RETURN OF NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1809.)

PART I.-Return of Non-cognizable Cases.

-			¥801	edied Sulug Bulug	07	g the year.	Police	nti-a-	Columns 6 to 8).	4	"	WPER ILED	## C I	deus de pus des ol Tras.	1-1 7-6	merer to have or- law or facts	held that a copp.	
	Law anderwhich punishable.	Description of Crime.	by or	igntion der of strate.		complaint during the	attention of his or	r investigati	r., total of	rithout tri	dis harge or acquistal	ا ا	Inve	tiga-		C ent	C CIT	Hamagne
Serial Number.	,		With the Police.	Otherwise under f	Under trial.	Instituted by sompl	Jaken up by the Mag	Beferred to Palice for	Total for disposal (i.e., total of Columns	Number dismissed without trial.	Ending in dis barge	Ending in convictive	With the Police.	Otherwise under	Cade tral.	Number declared by current of the facilities	Number in which the label of case was ever	
1	2	8	4	5	8	7	8	•	.10	11	19	13	14	18	16	17	10	10
1{	115 117 118, 119	nizable offence by public, &c.																
		Total					<u> </u>	 							-			
2	121 to 180, 505	Monors against the State, Public tranquility, 40., 40. Offances against the State Harbouring desorters by Master of	719															
- 8 4	187 172 to 190, 201 to 204, 218 to 216,	bhla.	• ,,,		1	16		1	18	(a) i		6						(a) The charges in three cases were with-
5	225A, 227 to 239, 161 to 109, 217 to 228, 193 to 200, 205 to	l		* ***					•9	<b>!</b> ,	1	8						*In one case the a consider
7	211, 421 to 424. 465 to 477 A	documents not being Government	•••		,				19	,			-		•			died before tool,  † the case pending of the beginning of the tear
8	264 to 267	menaures.	ĺ	•••		6					-				1			was committed to the Fragions
10	482 to 489 149, 153 & to 156, 100.	Making or using false trade-marks Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray.	 		:::		=	==	<b>.</b> '	:::	-				 	<u> </u>		
		Total			3	46	-	1	40	7	19	17			•			
23		rious offeness against the person. Causing missarriags		í ;						(b) 1	1	***		***	<b></b>		494	(b) In this case the charge
19 12a	870	Daving or disposing of sleeps	04q Tod	•••	::		:::	=			 		; ;	:::		••• •••	/··•	mme mattelenmes.
		Total				•			,	,	1				::-			
13		erious offences against property. Exportion Total	***	- <u>.</u>		- 0	-	<u></u>	_ <u>.</u>		-	1	- <u></u>			<u></u>		
	Class IV.—M	inor oftenoss agains the persons	 ! !		_		_						•					
14 15	845 853, 855, 858		==	111	7	1,6.6	=	"	1,612	v, 93)	36	341	::-	:::	70	 	 	(-) The chargewan field in the charge were with
16 17	334 323	Hurt on grave of sudden provoca- tion. Voluntarily causing burt	•••		1	3::0		·•	301	 4, 162	 64	77	; ;		 1	 1		rd In 100 race the risto
1	٠	Total		444	•	1,9.0	:::	•	1,913	1,092		416		:	19	1	!	dг <b>ан</b> и.
. 18		nor affences against property.  Cheating	. <b></b>		<b></b>	41			43	(0) 7	30		-		3	<b>-</b>	! ! !	(p) The charge in the case was withdrawn,
19		Criminal misappropriation of pro- perty.	i			64		1	<b>6</b> 3	( <u>/</u> ) 20		•	•		3			(f) In the rise the charge was wife them.
20	426, 427, 434	Mischlef (simple)				7.5		-	73	(g) 6"	_	——————————————————————————————————————	-	<u>"</u>	-			(g. In three cases the charges were with drawn,
		Total		_	-	100		1	1+0	74		31	***	<b>"</b> "	•			

# STATEMENT B-I-continued.

				PRING IFFING EAGF		the year.	s own motion lice.	g	numa 4 to 8).			MBRE LED.	CAE	UMBER 15 PAN 16 PAN 18	DING	to have on	that a cogni	
	Law under which punishable,	- Description of Crime.	invest	nder igation rder of strate.	,	complaint during ti	gistrate of h	for investigation.	e, total of co	without trial.	or acquittal.		Inve	ider tiga- on.	   	d by Court never t	Court held	Remarks.
Bertal Member.	·		With the Police.	Otherwise under in vestigation.	Under trial.	Instituted by comple	Taken up by the Magistrate of his own or upon information from the Police.	Referred to Police fo	Total for disposal (i.e., total of columns	Number dismissed wi	Ending in discharge	Ending in conviction.	With the Police.	Otherwise under in vestigation.	Under trial.	Number declared by curred or to be mista	Number in which the	,
3	2	8	4	6	8	7	8	•	10	11	12	18	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Chann VI.—O	ther affences not specified above.				1								-			,	
<u>.</u>	298 490 to 493	Offences against religion		454	1	;			<b>,</b>		12			·		As .		
8	498 to 498	offences relating to marriage	1		6	111		1	117			•••	•••					
	500 to 502	Delamation	1		1	61		١	61	1 " " "	41 37	12	```				figure .	(A) The charges in ty cases were withdrawn
5	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation, insult and annayance			1	816	***	B	l l	1	l	60	\	"	73	-	***	(i) The charges in three cases were withdraw.
י ו	371 to 276, 276, 284, 287, 288,	Public and local nulsances ,		***	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	36	.,,		24	}	8	19			11			(j) The charges seventeen cases we withdrawn.
,	290. 294A Cases under								ļ <sub>.</sub>	] ·		,	) H.		)	486		
	Chapter VIII (a), C. P. C. Offences under Chapter X.	conviction.  Public nuisances			195	-					***	<b>1</b>	441		,n,	***	***	
	C. P. C. Cares under, Chapter XII.	Disputes as to immoveable property	,			-							***		, m	110	•••	
	C. F. C. Caren under Chapter XXXVI, C. F. C.	Maintenance of wives and children,		140		153	-		354	(k) 78	56	25	150	Nis.	1	, pan	200	(k) The charges in fifte
Ì	Chapter VII (e), O. P. C.	Discovery of persons wrongfull confined.	y			1		145	,	1	ija e		(4)	<b></b>		gp:	6.	cases were withdraw
	Chapter XLV1, C. P. C.	Miscellaneous				1		150	1		-	1	Bars		944			) 
		Total .		•••	11	670	***	. 8	681	880	910	119			32		ļ.,,	
1	Ofences under othe	er special or local laws not sognizable by the Police.				-								_	_	-	<u> </u>	
1	Acta XIII of 1856 a	nd XLVIII of 1860, Police Acts		de		263		<b>171.</b>	1268	(š) 148	45	59			194			
ł	Act XIII of 1859, A	Left figure 1 de la lace		1									•				"	died before trial, (i) The charges in nin
		tan Companies Act	[ ````	***		8	etan	***		. 8	٠	-	431.					drawn.
- 1		sidency Small Cause Court Act	-		•••	1	**	***	1	-inst	1	-	-a-	1000	·			,
- 1		mbay Municipal Act		Hare Hare		5,819	+	•	8 +5,319	B,646	1 66	1,605	-	309 100	100		#n.	f In two cases t
l	A.A. ADA . A		] ,		.					(m.)	j					ĺ .	· ·	scoused died befor triel,
l	- or 17 01 1889, [nd Acts [1 of 1891]	lian Merchandise Marks Act Bombay Botler Inspection Act		***		1		٠.,	1	(n) I		195	110	nı .	<b>184</b> ,	<b>,</b> .	414	(m) The charges in the
		Isn Toologies Amendment &-t	í 1	۳.	au	. 4		j	•	·•• )		٠į	_	1,00	***	jan	311	(n) The charge in the
	Act IX of 1894, Pric			196	-	1	\ <b>''</b> '	**	1	;	1	•••	-		***	-	iste	
1		idemie Discusse Act		***	194		"		2		48h	a		nës		- výs	-44	
		Total	-			5,688	-	-	R FOR		-				<b></b>			
		GRAND TOTAL	<u> </u>					_	5,598	3,800	16	1,071						
1		GRAND TOTAL	"	100	17	8,401		18	8,418	5,298	199	2,943			46	1	101	

J. SANDERS SLATER, Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge, Bombay.

Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Bombay, 21th March 1900.

# STATEMENT B.

# (RETURN OF NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE TRAB 1899.)

### PART II .- Réturn of Persons concerned in Non-cognisable Cases.

			pending at under trial d issued).	PRESON A WHOM PR 28601	AGATUST NOCEES ED.	ch eum			Panol	TELES.	11	I	
Beriel Kumber.	Law under which yunishable,	Description of Crime.	Perrons concerned in cases pen beginning of the year (siz., und or against whem process had less	On complaint.	On Magfetwie's own motion or information from the Police.	Foreus and arrested becauses ause or evaling or not complying wit with a year! also squalant whom proceese were on ing as end of the year.	Appeared before the Courts.	Percents diretarged after apprehished trial.	Acquissed on Stanbargad.	Completed.	Personal of comber corrected to the Action of the Personal Columns & and it.	Porsum under tetal at class of 4	R sté Audia,
1	9	,	6	5		1	•	•	10	11	18	18	16
	115 117 118, 119	Abetment of non-acguisable offence not committed, &c. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. Concealing design to commit offence,	101 101	AdV 3VF	4.00 4.00	- 200	101 1117	•	oáv v.,	725 725	****	es, Van	•
:		Total	47.		***	148	***	747	300	***			•
	CLASS I.—( Public	)ffencer against the State, Tranquillity, 40., 40.							-	,			ve :
3	505.	Offences against the State.	409	***	***		0	pua	***	•••		•••	
<b>8</b> 4	187 172 to 190, 201 to 204, 218 to 215,	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship. Offences against public justice.	1	18	unit	***	19	(a) 5	6	<b>8</b>	44	***	(1) against three persons the Charges were with-lesses.
	225A,227 to 229.		444		-	<b>.</b>	4	•#•	1		75-		*
6	161 to 169, 217 to 228. 193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	, complaints and claims,	act.	10	are.	944	•10	•	В	<b>8</b>	20-	Anti	"thus pore in their bester trini.
7	465 to 4 77A.	perty, Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents not being Government Promissory Notes, and falsifying accounts.	**	8	100		10	1	•		12-5 65-71		† Committed in the sessions.
8	261 to 267 .	Offences relating to weights and measures		7	•••	440	10	***	10	•••	DD-/1	1	-*
10	482 to 489 . 149. 158A to	Making or using false trade-marks. Ricting, unlawful as-	194	10	4		180	•••		144		***	ं है
73- 3	156, 160.	sembly, affray,	<del>-</del>	67	<u> </u>		60		26	20	85-06		
			7.				-		· ,				
71 18	919 to 816	Serious offenous against the Person.  Causing miscarriage  Buying or disposing of	149	4	file (file	Ped Ped	4	(b) 1	•	489 498	,,, ,,,	122 148	5) The charge egainst this person was with merc.
		alaves. Total						1	8	***		***	
	Class III.—	-Berious offenous against	<u> </u>				12						*
19	264 to 280 .1	Property.		9		049	9	•		3	1171		
-		Total		. 9			•	: · · · · · · ·	•		11-11	***	
	CLASS IV.	- Hinor offenen against the Person.			2.1	**************************************					6.	,*	tion person ded peters trial.
14 15	845 369, 356, 868	Wrongful confinement Criminal force	-i1	2,806	non dus	740 740	12,816	(d)1,596	63 <sup>8</sup>	548	19-86	38	the charges were with-
16	894	Hurt on grave or sadd:n provocation. Volunterily sensing hart.	3	672		*** ***	578	(J)2(G	141	124	21-07	3	drawn. (d) The charges against filters
17	323	Total	16	8,277	440-		3,901	1,904	779	667	19-75	40	person were

#### STATEMENT B-II-continued.

į			ding at der trial ued).	PERSONS A. WHOM PR	GALEST OCHES D.	conded, theum- examet ling at		арреатвлое	Раво	ne tribe.	to bow- issued	3 Jear.	
Senal Number.	Law under which punishable,	Description of Crime,	Persons concerned in cases pending beginning of the year (viz., under trious against whom process had issued).	On complaint.	On Magierrate's own morton or information from the Police.	Femons not arrested because a hecouded, or erading or not complying with nummona during the year; also those sgainst whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Appeared before the Courts.	Persons discharged after app	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Percentage of number convicted to ber against whom process (Columns 5 and 6).	Persons under trial at close of the	REMARKS.
1	2	8	4	6	6	7	8	9	10,	11	12	13	14
	CLASS V	-Minor offenore against Property.											
18	417 to 418	Cheating		54			54	(e) 10	83	2	3.70	9	(c) The charge against 1 per-
19	403 to 405	of property.	•••	74	•••	1	78	( <b>f</b> ) 86	81	5	6.75	2	withdrawn.  (f) Against 1
20	426,       427,   431.	Mischief (simple)		132		·	32	(g) 74	34	24	18.18	•••	person the charge was withdrawn.
	. Crans V	Total I.—Other Offenoes not		260		1	259	119	98	31	11.92		(g) Against 9 persons the charges were
21		pecified above. Offences against religion	6	1			7		7	•••	•••	***	withdrawn.
22	490 to 492 .	Criminal broach of con-	•••	•••		<b></b>	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	
23 24	500 to 502	Offences relating to mar- riage.	İ	134	•••	•••	146	(4) 68	60	18	9°70 8·16	5   9	(A) The charges against 8 per- sons were
25	504, 506 to	Defamation Intimidation, insult and annoyance.	1	803	:::	·	509 509	(i)30· (j) 274	52 125	.93	18.30	17	withdrawn. (i) The charges against 4 per-
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances.	•••	26	•••	•••	26	6	8	12	46.15	•••	sons were withdrawn. (j) The charges against 26 persons were
27 28		nosco on conviction.		1	***	   	"" 1		<b></b>	" 1	100-	•••	withdrams,
29		Public nuisances	·	•••			•••			***	<b>,</b>		
30		Disputes as to immoveable property.	•••		•		***	•••	•••	••	•••	•••	•
31			2	152		***	154	(k) 78	<b>\$</b> 5	25	16∙05	1	(k) The charges against 16 persons were withdrawn.
23	Cases under Chapter VII(c), C. P. C.			1	<b></b>	·	1	1		<b></b>	•••	***	
33				1	<b></b>		1	<b></b>	<b></b>	1	100-	•••	
- I		Total	22	922			944	452	307	153	16.59	82	
	OR LUCAL	UNDER OTHER SPECIAL LAWS NOT COGNIZABLE Y THE POLICE.			<del></del>	<del></del>				•			
,	Acta XIII of	1856 and XLVIII of 1860,		253		•••	§253	(7) 148	45	. 59	23.82	•••	I person died before trial.
1	Police Act Act XIII of Act VI of 18	a. 1959, Artificers' Act 82, Indian Companies Act.		3 5	•••	•••	3 5	8	<sub>5</sub>	***	•••	•••	Against 19 persons the charges were
	Act XV of	1882, Presidency Small	•••	8	***	***	3	2	1	***	***	•••	withdrawn.
!	Act 111 of 188 Act 1V of 1	38, Bombay Municipal Act. 1889, Indian Merchandisc	***	5,320 1	***	•••	<b>¶5,3∑0</b> 1	613,6(m) L (n)		1,606	80·13 	***	¶2 persons died before trial. (m. Again at
1	Marke Act. Acts 11 of 8	91 and II of 1897, Bom-	***	4	•••	•••	4	•••	•••	4	100.	***	these persons the charges were with-
     	Act X1 of Amondment	uspection Act. 1891, Indian Factories Act.	***	1	***	•••	1	•••	1	***	•••	***	drawn,  a) The charge aminst this
	Act IX of 188	24, Prisons Act 27, Epidemic Discuses Act.		2 1	***	 	2 1	•••	***	2 1	100- 100-	•••	person was withdrawn,
		Total		5 593		•••	5,593	8,800	118	1,672	29.69		•
ł		Grand Total	39	10,222		1	10,260	6,289	1,334	2,544	24.68	88	
	Chine Pr	csidency Magistrate's	Court		<u> </u>				I. SA	NUERS	SLAT	ER.	

Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Bombay, 21th March 1900. J. SANDERS SLATER, Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge, Bombay.

STATEMENT C.

Property Stolen and Recovered during the year 1839.

Offence.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was re- covered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recover- ed to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property racovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.	Remares
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8
A.—Cognizable.				Rs. a. p.	Re. a. p.		
a. In conjunction with lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.  1. Theft  b. In conjunction with receiving of stolen	•••	•••		******	•••••		
property.	•••			*****			
c. Other thefts.	23		•••	6,796 10 2	*****	•••	
2. Robbery.   a. Dacoity  b. Other rob-	1 .	•••	•••		••••		
bery	1	•••	•••	*****	•••••	•••	
3. Criminal breach of trust	99			25,955 15 0	•••••		
7. Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by a banker, merchant or agent	.l	···		225 0 0	******	•••	
5. Extortion	4	<b></b>		105 0 0	*****	•••	
6. Criminal misappropriation.	36	1	2.77	28,829 2 1	133 0 0	46	

Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court.
Bombay, 24th March 1900.

J. SANDERS SLATER, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and Revenue Judge, Bombay.

# (RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE TEAR 1839.)

# PART III .- Return of Cases reported at a Police Station, or taken up by the Police, in the year 1899.

			A Police Station or the Police)pending from 1819.		t groktu	DEB FEAR,		#2	previoe than	Police i.e.	(YO	-		r, REL 39, CRI	HIBAL	14 to 16, in	the Police at		ng of year.		seguittal.		conviction to	Inw or fact.	tor trial that committed.	of the year.		
	Law under which		d at a Police of by the Police from from 1889	by Pe	etigated r the olice.			cases investigated at	a Utter utho	ated by the	rate ordered.	r was passoul-	600	ich Mac t for th ed and he cas	tried	100 to 10	investigation by	Magletrate.	rt at beginning	the Courts.	dlecharge or ac-	conviction.	ending in and 23.	Jourt after t	Court held af	under trial at close o	<b>Рамарк</b> э.	
Serial Number.	punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported taken up on suspicion up on suspicion under Police investigat	Upon the report.	Under Magnetrate's order after investigation had been refused by the Police.	Not investigated.	Total,	Percentage of cases for	Caves taken up by Station Utilcur upon report,	Total of cases investigated by of Columns 6, 6, 6 and 10),	In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mis-	In which no such order but the case was a Magistrate.	Convicted,	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.	Chese other than those in which the offender was	ndor renr.	ā	Cases pending in Court	Total of Cases before	Number ending in die	Number suding in co	Percentage of cases total of Columns 22	<del> </del>	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still		
1	2	3	•	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	222	23	24	25	26	27	28	
{_{1}}	115	Abetment of off-nos not committed, &c Abetting commission of off-nos by pub-	=	-		-		=	-	=	:::	=	=	=	=	=		:			=	•••		-	=			44
ે		lic, &c. Concessing design to commit offence, &c.						<u>  -</u>	- =				<u></u>			<u> </u>	-			<del></del>				-		-		
	CLASS 1.—Offe	Total  noes against the State. Public Uity, Bajety, and Justice.	-	<del></del> -		-	<u></u>					-	<del> </del>		<del> -</del>	<u> </u>			-	<del></del> -			-	-		-		
3	131 to 136, 139	Off-nece relating to Army and Navy Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes.	=				-,	001	=	9				=	=		:-	9			l I	3	33-3	3 3 	'''	=		
34 34	785 to 163A 407 and 41	Offences relating to stamps Offences relating to Government pro-		***		=	***	=	=	==		==	***		***					***		***			***	=		
30	489 <b>A to 4</b> 59 )	Offences relating to Currency notes and Bank notes.			·		***		•			-					"			2		`	100.		***			
6 5 6	143 to 142, 157, 165	Herbouring an offender Other offences against public justice Rioting or unlawful assembly	=	2 9 3		=		10°), (00,	=	3 9 3		-	=			-		3	- i	9	1 1	3	75°	-	=			
7	110, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	<u> -</u>				_ •	·	<u> </u>	4			<u> </u>				-		<u>-</u>	4	اتا		100.	7 3	·	$-\frac{1}{1}$		
		Total Power		27	<u> </u>	<u></u>	27	100*	-	27			<u> </u>			ļ <u></u> -	-	97		28	8	19		-		- -	-[	
8 0 16 11 12	302, 303, 396	Murder by thure daroits		   10	*** *** *** ***		10	100		;  <sub>10</sub>			11111						-   1			  (a) 4	190		 		committed suicide.) (a) 2 cases	
13 14 15 16 17	807 94, 808 876 877 817, 819	Attempts at morder Culpible homicide	 	8 8 3 9 15	1 1 1	11::1	3 3 3 2 15	100*		8 3 3 2 15						8	1 1 1	†3 3 2 7	••• •••	2 3 3 2 7	; i	6				i 	transferred. († Excludes 1 case in which accused committed suicide.)	
18 19	305, 306, 309 329, 331, 333	of birth. Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide Grevous hurt for the purpose of ex- tierting property or confession or deter- ring public servant.	-	59 			.59 	100-	:::	59 					<b> </b> :::	2		‡≅6 		56 		47	83.9	2		=	(‡ Do. do.)	

20 21	828	Grievous hurt	<u> </u>	89	***	::	89 9	100°	=	9 9		} =	:=	-	=	3 2	=	87 7	<u>:</u>	87	6	(b) 74 6	92 5 100-	=	•••	[¨i	(b) Seven cases compounded.
w 11		hurt. Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public ser-		2			2	100-		3						. ,		3		2	-	2	100		•••		!
23.	824	vant. Hurt by dangerous weapon		262	_		252	100 -		252	•••					1		251	-	251	23	(c) 209	90-06	4		-	(c) Sixteen cases compounded; 1 case declared false with and 3
10 14	3/13 to 3/19	Kidnapping or abduction	-	18	-		18	100-		18			-	~		1		17		17	•	(d) 10	66-66	,	-		without malice. (d) One case struck out as no offence and I case declared false
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	<b></b>					-						-		_		_		_						-	without malice.
36	1	Belling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prestitution.		8	•••		3	100-		. 3		•••				4-4		3		3	1	3	66-66		***	-	
97 24	371 353, 354, 376, 357	Habitually dealing in stares		18	•••		18	100		<sub>19</sub>							=	 18	=	ī8	اة	(e) 13	81.56			-	(c) Two cases withdrawn.
20	204A, 235	or wrongfully confine.  Rash or negligent act causing death or greevous hurt.		•			4	100		•							-	-		4	1	( <i>f</i> ) 2	66-66	-		-	(f) One case compounded.
		Total		490			420	00.	-	490						16		469	_	470	52	381	87-99	<b>-</b>		-	
						-			-				<u> </u>						-		_			-		-	·
	Ctass III.—Ser Property,	ious Ofences against Person and ar against Property only.					!									i		•	İ								
20		Decoity		3			3	100.		3					-	2	-	1		1		1	100-	-			(One case convicted under Serul No. 45s.)
81	399, 401 394, 397, 393	Preparation and assembly for dacoity (by possenous or Robbery with bort { stup-fying drugs.	-					,		=	***						=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=		=	
		(by other means fin dwelling house on the highway	=	1 2 16	•••		1 3 16			1 2 16		_			=	=,		1 2 15	=	1 2 15	1	±	 inir 73:73		<del></del>	=	'g) Three cases declared false withl
l3	893, 394	Robbery between summer and sunring other robberies	1	,			١.	100-						_							İ	1	100"				malice, and a without malice.
34	270, 341, 243, 430 to 433, 435 to 444	Serious murbled and cognitie offences	=	39		=	19	100	=	12		=	=	=	=	1 1	=	19	=	39	=	(Å) 18		=	=		(A) One case struck out as an act of a Lunatic.
83	i 1	Muchief by killing, pointning, or main- ing any unimal.	1 '					-	-	-		-					-		-				-		•••	-	
*	464, 453, 457 to 640.	Lurking house-traspass or house-break- ing with intent to commit as offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	. 1	373	-	-	373	100-	-	373		-	-		-	215	-	156	-	158	13	(i) 136	91-27	1-4:		3	(i) Two cares declared false with malice and 2 mithout malice; 2 cases withdrawn and 2 cases
87	449 to 423	House-traspass with view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurs.		34	-	-	24	kw	-	24	<b>-</b>				-	<u>.</u>	-	21	-	24	1	y) 20	96-2	1			struck out as no offence.  j In 1 case accused and to Lunstie Asjum, 2 cases computated.
34	412 413	Receiving stolen property by decoity of habitunity.	r -	-	! -			-					-	-		-		-	-		-		-	-	•••		
*	311, 470, 401	No meing to gange of thege, descrite, poblers, and theres.	_	_		L	_					_	-	-			-	-	-	_			_	_	<u>-</u>	-	
		Total	-	439		-	439	iw-	-	. 4.39	_	-	-	-		215		\$51	-	<b>2</b> 21	19	146	91-17	7		,	; ;
	Ciana IV	Minor Offeners against the Person.			i —	-1 <del></del>			1			<del></del>	' 	; <del></del>	_	_		—! 	'- 	_				-	_	-	
•	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and conforment	. <u>-</u> .	11	-	_	11	jan j	_	11		_	_		_	_	_	11	_1	11	:	a رنه	71-42	1			i (2. Two rame overview fed., 2 case
4	336, 3:1	Ranh act examing hurt or endangering	اء	15		-	15	100-	_	19	-	<u> </u>	_	<del>-</del>	_	-	_	19	1	19		(5 11	ca 75	1		_	der areal fa se with the war re-
4	376	Contributional properties we we will	<b>!</b> -	<u> </u>	ļ -	-	<b>I</b> –	-	-	i	-	· <u>-</u>	_	-		_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	- '		-	
		Teal			!	-	2)	lar	1-				!		'		-	    c				<u></u>	Eriz.	<u>.</u>		_	
		2,021	_	i	i	1		•	-			į –	i -	-	-	-	i - 1	اسد	•		i	-		-	,		

67	260, 277, 279, 253, 255, 256, 259, 299, 291, to Public and local nuisances 1861, and offences under lany other mutinicipal or local			100		<b></b>	100	100-	***	100	•=	<b></b>	-	·	<b>.</b>	1		99		91	8	· (r) 89	91.78				(r) In 1 careaccused did not respond to bail; I case struck out as an accident.
	laws. J	Total		433	***		433	100-	-	433	<u></u> -					2		431		431	24	401	94.3	1		<u> -</u>	•
64 60	Muscellaneous, Section 35 of Act. Pomession of stolen property XIII of 1856, Act VI of 1858 Public Conveyance Act	, esc		119 <b>3,752</b> 18, <b>16</b> 3	ess		119 <b>2,</b> 753 18,163	10)		119 3,752 18,163			1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1	***	l i	ı		2,752	42	(e) 83 (t) <b>3,</b> 687 (u,17,673	98-46			2	respond to bail; I case transferred.
<b>6</b> 0	Act XLVIII of Police Acts		-	4,971			4,972			4,973			•••							4,986	31	(v) <b>4.</b> 829	99:50	-	<b></b>	1	tic Asylum; persons in 3 cases made over to Military and in 2 to Naval authorities; I case with- drawn; in 2-4 cases persons did tot respond to bail.
61 63	Section 7 of Act Assaulting a Policeman XLVIII of 1:00. Act XI of 1:00 Prevention of Cruelty to Ani	mals	-	7 34			7 34	00·	-	7 84	_		-		1 1			7 34	***	· 7			85 71 91 17	1			•
64	Act of 1641 Army Act			2	-		2	100.		2			•••					3	-	2		<del>-</del> }					(w) In 2 cases persons made over to Military authorities.
65 64 67	Act I of 1879 Merchant Seaman's Amendum Act V of 1878 Act Act and amendum Indian Ports Act and amendum Indian Ports Act and amendum	ent Act	=	36 34 134	_	=	34	100- 100- 100-	=	36 84 136	=		111	1 : 1	111	1:1	=	26 84 134		24 84 134	1 [	8:	97 YA 97 YA 99 25	ا ا	===	<u></u>	
64 ~ 70	Act VII of 1861 Mutiny Act Act IX of 1864 Prisons Act		=	3	***	Ξ	2	100. 100. 100.	=	1 2	Ξ			=	=	==	=	] 3 4		1 2	=	3	100-00 100-00 100-00		 	-	
į	·	To <u>ļai</u> "		28,250		-	26,25	100	-	26,350	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	26,250	24	36,274	169	25,505	99:61	•	I	10	
	Total, Class VI and Muscel	laneous	-	26,683	-	-	36,652	100-	_	26,653		_	-		1	3	-	<b>35,6</b> 61	24	25,705	363	25,909	93-54	5		10	
	GRASH	Total	-	30,733		_	30,732	1:10	-	\$0,731	_	-		-		913	-	:9,785	28	29.813	·~	26,468	97-37	114	8	23	·

Police Commissioner's Office, Rombay, 12th May 1300. H. KENNEDY, Commissioner of Police. ÷

# (RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1893.)

of Persons concerned in Cases reported at a Police Station or in Cases taken up by the Police in 1813.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable,	Offence,	Persons in Police Custody, or on ball under souther 120, Criminal Procure code, at beginning of year as concerned in course period to or in case taken up by the Police.	or other informat	Under Magistrate's orders after in the Police or the Police had reported the charge to be false.	Porsons not arrested because abscouded (in-	Forma released by the Station Officer under beetlen hist, and not required to appear by Magistrale.	ge of Column 6 to Column 6.	Persons released by the Mugistrate's order before trial.	on ball or still in Police Cust	Perons appearing under order of the Magis-	Persons whose cause were inder trial before the Courts at buginning of year,	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted and uting those ordered to give socurity for good behaviour,	Percentage of number convicted on total of	Number of persons convicted who has been arranted by the Police on report of lifering tion (Column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17,	18	19	20
14	115	Abetment of cognizable offence not committed, &c. Abetting commission of cognizable	1						•••			•••		•••					4 <u>4</u>
- {}	113, 119	offence by public, &c. Concealing design to commit cognizable offence, &c.	···							•	•••	•••			•••		•••		
	1	Total							•••			100		•••		<u></u>			. ,
2	Tranquillit	ces against the State, Public y, Safety, and Justice. Offences relating to Army and Navy. Offences relating to coin			١				•••		•••		 9	· 2	(a) 4	66 60	4		(a) Three persons implicated in mistake of fact cases.
3 a 3 b	231 to 254 255 to 263A 467 and 471	Offences relating to stamps Offences relating to Government									·	 	·	•••			] : <u>::</u>	:::	
30	499A to 489D	Promissory Notes. Offences relating to Currency Notes and Bank Notes.				•••					•••	<b></b>	 2		•••.	100.00			
5	212 to 216 and 2 6A 224 to 225, 225B and 226.	Harbouring an offender Other offences against public justice.	***	9		•••		:::	***		•••		9	1	8	88·88 55 53	8	***	
í	143 to 153, 157, 158,	Rioting or unlawful assembly	•••	30		•••		"	•••	٠		6	36 3	16	2C 3	100.0	1	2	
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier.		5			···			4			 59	19	37	66.07	37	2	
1	<b>a</b>	Total		55							-							<del></del>	
8 9 10 11	, (1	Murder , poison , poison	***		*** *** ***	***		***				 		1,00	·	100.00		2	(* Excludes 3 persons who committed suicide) ; 2 pc reone
12 J	807	Other murders Attempts at murder Culpable homicide	•••.	+ 7 + 2 3	***	••• ( •••	•••		 		•••	1	2 2	***	(b) 4 2 2	100-00	2	·	transferred. († Excludes 1 person who committed suicide.) (One person convicted of non-cognizable offence.)

														•	_	•	
- 15	876 Rape by a person other than the	, j	3	•••	•	***	] [	···   •	-	***	· 3	1	: 2	66.66	2	- 1	1::
₩ 16  3 17	377 Utnatural offences Utnatural of infants or conceal		2 8	•••	·			.			2 8	. 2	(o) 7	100.00	7	***	-(c) One person implicated in a mistake of fact case.
18	805, 305, 309 Attempt at, and abetment of	11.5	<b>‡56</b>	•••		***	***			1	56	8	48	85 71	48	••• ,	(† Excludes 1 rerson who committed suicide.)
19	329, 331, 333 Grieve a bart for the purpose of exterting property or con	-!		•	~•,	***	•	.		•••		··· •	•••	•••	•••	*11	
	fession or deterring publications for the fermion of the fermion o		100		.					•	108	11	(d) 90	89-10	90	•	(d) Cases against 7 persons compounded.
20 21	325, 326, 335 Crievous hurt Administering stupefying drug to cause hurt.	•	108 12	****	•••	***			,		10	4	6	60 00	6	2	
23	827, 830, 832 Hurt for purpose of exterting		8	•••	•••	***	***				3		3	100 00		•••	
23	deterring public servant.  Hurt by dangerous weapon		861								361	41	(e) <b>2</b> 30	87:61	- 290	***.	(cf Six persons implicated in mistake of fact cases; cases against 20 persons compounded; I person implicated in maliciously false case and 3 in false without malicious
24	:63 to 869 Kidnerring or abduction	. :	24	•••							24	5	(J) 13	75.00	 15	••• £	(f) Two persons implicated in mistake of fact esses; I person implicated in a case false without malice; care
15	846 to 348 Wrongful confinement and re- straint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	•		***	***	•••	• "	`` `	*   ***	***	•	• " ,					against 1 person treated as no offence.
82	872, 873 Sching, letting, or unlawfully ob-	1.	.6	•••		•••		1	•   •••		, 6	3	3	50 ·06	3	•••	
17 28	271 Ilabitually dealing in slaves E53, 354, 856, 857 Criminal force to public servata or women, or an attempt to		23	***	•••	***		:   ::			23	3	(g) 14	82·3E	14	•••	(g) Cases against 6 persons withdrawn.
	commit that or wrongfully			:								1	(λ) 2	C6.C6	. 2		(h) Case against 1 person compounded.
£3	804 A, 838 Rash or nigligent met causing	***	4	•••	•••	***	***	•••   ••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		, <b>"</b>	•	(, -	, •••	- ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
•••	death or grievous hurt						.	_ _	_	<b> </b>	<u> </u>			<u>'</u>			
	death or grievous hurt  Total		622	•••							618	79	458	86*06	458	5	2
4	death or grievous hurt  Total  Class III Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.		622			•••			-	1	618	79	488	86°06	458		One person convicted under Serial No. 16A.)
30 31	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  S05, 897, 808 Darvity Preparation and assembly for darvity.			•••				Boo .			6	5	1	16:66	. 1		One person convicted under Serial No. 18A.)
<b>3</b> 0	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  805, 827, 898 Pacoity		6	•••				Dog .			6	5	1	16-66			One person convicted under Serial No. (SA.)
80 81	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  S05, 847, 898 Dacuity		6	•••		***					6 2	2	5	16.66 	1		
80 81	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.  S05, 827, 898 Pacoity Proparation and assembly for daccity.  S04, 807, 898 Robbery with at upefying drugs.  by other means.  for dwelling house  S02, 313 Robbery between sunser		6	•••	***	***			10 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000		6	5 2	1   5 (i) 14	16.66  100 Or 93:33			One person convicted under Serial No. (6A.)  Differ persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases (6 persons implicated in maliciously false cases and 3 in take without malice.
20 21 83	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  805, 817, 898 Proparation and assembly for daccity.  824, 897, 898 Robbery with a tupefying drugs.  by other means.  in dwelling house  i ou the highwa		6	•••	***	***			10 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000		6 2 5 .30 1 19	2	5	16-66  100-04- 93-33	  5 14		i) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; 4 persons implicated in maliciously false cases and 3 in
20 21 83	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  SOS. 827, 898 Pacoity Propertion and assembly for daccity.  SOS. 897, 898 Robbery with hurt. by poisonous of a tupefying drugs. by other means. In dwelling house on the highway between sunse and sunrise.  SOS. 813 Robbery Robbery with hurt. by other means. In dwelling house on the highway between sunse and sunrise. Other robberies other robberies other robberies Serious mischief and cognat which is the first poisoning, of the state of the sta		6 22 5 30	•••							6 2  	2	  (i) 11 (j) 18	16-66  100-06- 93-33 100-00- 100-00-	1 5 14 1 18		.) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; a persons implicated in maliciously false esses and 3 in false without malice.  (j) One person in a case struck out as an act of a Lonat.c.
80 81 83	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  S05, 887, 898 Pacoity Proparation and assembly for daccity.  S24, 897, 898 Robbery with hurt. I drugs. by other means.  S92, 313 Robbery between sunse and sancise.  C70, S1, 2-2, 480 to Serious mischief and cognated address.		2 5 30								2 5 .30	2	  5 (d) 14 (f) 18 	16-66  100-06- 93-33 100-00- 100-00-	1 5 14 1 18		(a) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; a persons implicated in maliciously false esses and 3 in talse without stakes.  (b) One persons in a case struck out as an act of a Lonatical fall Four persons implicated in miletike of fact cases.  I person any irrated in a malicine or talse case and 3 in false the little of the cases.
80 81 83	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  S05, 827, 898 Pacoity Preparation and assembly for daccity.  S04, 807, 898 Robbery with a tupefying drugs.  by other means.  In dwelling house on the highway between sunse and sunries.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway between sunse and sunries.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway between sunse and sunries.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway between sunse and sunries.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway between sunse and sunries.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 433, 405 to 4.0, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 480, Children in the highway at in al.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to 48		2 5 30								6 2 5 30 119	2  1 	  6) 11 (7) 18  (4) 173	16-66  100-06- 93-33 100-00- 100-00-	1 5 14 1 18 175		(i) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; a persons implicated in maliciously false once and 3 in false without stakes.  (ii) One persons implicated in mistake of fact cases. It persons my icated in a malicine of false case and 3 in false without makes; cases a, since I persons mid-irac as a mid
83 83 83 83	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  SOS, 887, 898 Pacoity Properation and assembly for decity.  SOS, 897, 898 Robbery with structure drugs by observous o stupefying hurt		 25 30 19  219								2 5 30 19 19 218	2	1 5 (r) 14 (r) 18 (4) 175	16-66  100-01- 93-33 100-00- 100-00-	1 5 14 1 18 175 31		c) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; 4 persons implicated in maliciously false cases and 3 in take without malice.  (b) One persons implicated in middle of fact cases.  (c) Four persons implicated in middle of fact cases.  I person implicated in a malicine of false case and 3 in false mithout malice, cases a which I persons with its and rases against a personal in value I persons with its an and rases against a personal in value as a softween.
80 81 83	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.  S05, 827, 898 Pacoity Property only.  S09, 402 Property on a pacoity of decity.  S04, 807, 898 Proparation and assembly for decity.  S04, 807, 898 Robbery with at upefying drugs.  S07, 813 Robbery with at upefying drugs.  S08, 313 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S08, 313 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S08, 403, 403 to 4.0.  S09, 313 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S01, 813 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S02, 313 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S03, 403 to 4.0.  S04, 403, 403 to 4.0.  S05, 413 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S06, 413 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S07, 814 to 4.0.  S08, 407 to 4.0.  S08, 407 to 4.0.  S09, 402 Robbery with intent to commit an effence, or laving mad preparation for hurt.  S09, 313 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S01, 403, 403 to 4.0.  S02, 403 to 4.0.  S03, 403 to 4.0.  S04, 403, 403 to 4.0.  S04, 403, 403 to 4.0.  S05, 413 Robbery between sunse and sunries.  S07, 814 to 4.0.  S08, 807, 808 Property in the commit and clemes, or having mad preparation for hurt.  S08, 403 to 4.0.  S09, 807, 808 Property between sunse and sunries.  S01, 403, 403 to 4.0.  S02, 403 to 4.0.  S03, 403 to 4.0.  S04, 403, 403 to 4.0.  S07, 818 Robbery with a stupefying drugs.  S08, 807, 808 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stupefying drugs.  S09, 402 Robbery with stu		2 5 30 19								2 5 30 1 19	2  1 	  6) 11 (7) 18  (4) 173	16-66  100-00- 93-33 100-00- 100-00-  £5-75	1 5 14 1 18 175 31		(i) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; a persons implicated in maliciously false once and 3 in false without stakes.  (ii) One persons implicated in mistake of fact cases. It persons my icated in a malicine of false case and 3 in false without makes; cases a, since I persons mid-irac as a mid
80 81 83 73	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.  S05, 827, 898 Pacoity S09, 402 Proparation and assembly for decity.  Robbery with sampefying drugs.  by other means.  In dwelling house.  S07, 813 Robbery between sunse and sanries.  other robberies.  CTO, S1, 2-2, 480 to Serious mischief and cognate additional and some of the robberies.  Serious mischief and cognate of the sunse proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or laving made proparation for here.  House traepass with view to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass of the commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass of the commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass of the commit and effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass or bouse braking with intent to commit an effence, or having made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass of the commit and effence or laving made proparation for here.  Lurking house-tree-pass of the commit and effence or laving made proparation for here.		6 25 50 11 19 219								2 5 30 1 19 T 218 35	 2  1  29	1 5 (d) 14 (f) 18 (k) 175	16-66  100-00- 93-33 100-00- 100-00-  85-75	1 5 14 1 18 17.5 31		(i) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; a persons implicated in maliciously false once and 3 in false without stakes.  (ii) One persons implicated in mistake of fact cases. It persons my icated in a malicine of false case and 3 in false without makes; cases a, since I persons mid-irac as a mid
80 81 83 73	CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.  205, 327, 398		6 25 50 11 19 219								2 5 30 1 19 7	2	1 5 (d) 14 (f) 18 (k) 175	16-66  100-00- 93-33 100-00- 100-00- 	1 5 14 1 18 175 31		(i) Four persons implicated in a mistake of fact cases; a persons implicated in maliciously false once and 3 in false without stakes.  (ii) One persons implicated in mistake of fact cases. It persons my icated in a malicine of false case and 3 in false without makes; cases a, since I persons mid-irac as a mid

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Law office which	5 - 8 a	3	e p	the contract	200	,Ö	2	a .}	5 .			ig a	luciin 1 beb	Lios .	onviet.	4	
y of punishable. Offener.	35.5	궣	o na Olico Jan		5 T	4	8	8	R			1 T	d the	umbe d 16.	ons o Polic	18	BIATT
	5 5 9 P	1	10 mm	A L	28.3.	ပိုင်း		7	Town of		ੂੰ ਹ•ੇਂਛੇ:ਅ	,	aviete rity f	200	by the	u <b>qp.</b>	
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	Person :	P. D.	6 5 G	<u> </u>	237	Pero	ŽŽ,					Num		. E.S		4	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	11	12	13.	14	, 15	-16	37	3 18 ×	19	
. CASS IV Mor Offenors against the Person.		5			,		- T		2		* *						
841 to 844 Wrongful restraint and confinement.	•••	2							••••	•••	22	de de	(無) 12	76 00	12	1	(m) One porson unfiltened in a distant of had case : Spercone implicated by false cases without malico and cases against a persons compounded.
336, 337 Rash act causing hurt or en-		21			•••			•		a	22	5	(m) 34	68-75	11		(n) One person implicated in a mistake of face a
Compulsory labour				•••		·			: ا	·			4		i 	\ <u></u>	
Total		44		***			<u> </u>		•••	1 مي	. 44	9	23	71.87	23	1	
Cham V.—Minor Oficen against Property.		-	<i>.</i> -					4	ĺ	,		` <b>¥</b> 1	<b></b>	83*38		, X	
Lunking house brespass or house- breaking.	•••	6		•••						<b>L.</b>	. B		5	00.00	9	2	
379 to 382 Theft of cattle	[	2,176								•••	2,176	205	(0) 1,831	89-89	1,831	₹ 1	Ret mass; 31 persons implicated in maisted or fact mass; 31 persons implicated in maisted or falsomass and 34 in cases without mailes; 7 person
					į		f	•• ]			346	<b>.</b>					made over to Military methorities; I garsen such to Lunstic Asylum; I person transferred; careas gains a T persons treated as no offence; I person died.
406 to 408 Criminal breach of trust	•••	183	•••	•••			}	•••	••• ]	ark.	183	19	(p) 140	88 85		•••	Affixty-seven persons implicated in matrice of fact sames; 31 persons implicated in maildenaly false-sames and 3-in takes without makes 1 person made over the Military authorities; 1 person dent to Lunatic Asylum; 1 person transferred; case-against 9 persons treated as no off-one; 1 person died.  (p) Sixtean persons implicated in mistake of fact chee; 1 person implicated in mistake of fact chee; 1 person implicated in maliciously false case and 4 in case Take without malice 9 1 person transferred and cases against 5 persons treated to the cheep of the cheep
400 Criminal breach of trust by				Γ !				}	<b>,</b>	•			•	Ton 7			transferred and eases against a persons treated to
public ervant or by banker, &c.	-	ioil	:: <b>3</b>							***	101.3	24	2 (q) 74	77	e 74		(q) One person implicated in a mistake of fact cape;
421, 414 X. Ressiring stown property	· ·			٠.۶	• 3			-						.3	1.		(q) One person implified in a mistake of factors proceedings against I person not taken, accused having been convicted on more than three other charges.
447, 448 Chesting	<b>V</b> I	<b>346</b>		•4.		<u></u>					43* 45	<b>₹ 30</b>	(c) 93°	70 45 89 7 1		A	charges.  V) Eleven persons implicated in mistake of fact cases.  (s. Three persons implicited in mistake of fact cases;
461, 462 Breaking class receptable		≠		43	, "	1				-2					د. پرسور	7	(s. Three payons implicited in instake of fact cases; cases against 1 person withdrawn; 1 persons implicated in in false esses without matice; case against 1 payon stages out, complainant being
Total		2,680	7.4	.2						1	2,655	201	2,180	88 11	<del>-</del> -	₹. 6	absent
Total; Classes I to V	45	8,696		•••	. A.e	<u>۲۳.</u>	••••		*	×	3,692	, 8	2,973	87:15	2,978	-15	

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•	CLASS VIQther Offe	races and specified whoten		ا اد	<b>4</b> 1		_ 4		l 1	٠,	<b>.</b> !	-	٦		Ş.,	· -	r - 1		i	T . T
19 50	, ,	onces summer religions ?	- d		•	and a		<b>.</b>					<b>*</b> *4. <b>*</b>			<b>4</b> .,			*	
•	C. P. C., and Act	E Pr			- 107			***	:	•••				307	11	(t) 94	89.53	> 91		iff) One rersen implicated in a mistake of fact case; care against 1 person struck out as irregularity of procedure.
רו	ي اجا مسا	ings agains Cambling A		<b>3</b> 6.5	<b>9</b> 37					· •				687	*** **28	(u) 605	95.54	*805		(a) Four persons did not respond to ball.
		Excise Laws Opium Laws	الحالات ال	:		•••	: <del></del>		*	•••			خس.	10.35	(B)			4		gay rour persons that not respond to ban-
1	under the Art specific cliffed appoint	Railway La		***	•••	***	:::	)		:::		::: }	***		*	44. 184			. ::>	
ž,	4 4 4 4 W	XI of 1878).	1878	•-•	3			4					•••	9	f	8	100 00	. 3	٠ ا	
•	269, 977, 279, 290, ] 283, \$65, 286, 289, ]				•						Ì	]			<b>.</b>				-	-
•	tion 34 of Act V Pul	blic and freat maintances	1	•••	115				) <u></u>						9	(v)_104	9:2:03	10	***	(u) One person diff-not aparemet to half 4 case
	of 1861, and confidences under any confidences under any confidences under any confidence and co	•		,	!				†	•		Ì	- ,	g.				الم		against ) person struck out as an agridual.
	local laws.	Total	-		862					[			·	862			04:27	000	20	
•	Miser	lieneous,	-	<del></del> -	`— <u> </u>					{		<del></del>	···	- 602		- BOw	94-37			
3	Metion as of Act Po-	secution of stolen property		•••	133				!	•			•••	132	36	- (w) 91	72 30	94		(e) (me person did not respond to last; 1 person
ı.	XIII of 1856.  Act VI of 1863 Pul			•••	2,732 <sup>1</sup>	·6.							***	2,75)	42				2	transferred, (r) 2) (strong distroct respond to but.
· -	Acta XIII of 1856 and: Pol XLVIII of 1800.	Hee Acts	•••	•••	22,811	-	<b>∤</b>	•••		}	•••	•••	14	22,819	476	(y)22,045	97.55	22 045	1 6	y 200 persons did not respond to bell; I person sent to Lunatic Asylum genesagement I person with- drawn; 4 persons made over to Military and 2
	Act LIVING 1994 Do	ntikenness			5,515	•	. '		}			1		5,523			00.05	E Osto	! 	to Naval authorities
		,		,,			!	•••		•••	•••	••• {	10	5,029	49	(e) <b>5,26</b> 8	: 170 W/:	5,208	1	(e) 203 persons did not female to tail 2 possesson made over to Milday guillorities.
_	Section of Act Ass.			***	7	•••	· ··· ·	• • •	<u>•</u>	·	··· .	···.	•••	7	1	6	86-71	6		
<i>[</i>	Art al of 1881 Art	my Act		***	31	***		•••	:::1				****	ا 34 18 سرو	<b>3</b>	(S)	91-17	31		(i) Two persons made over to Military authorities.
•	TE TO LONG		Be-tit	•••	239	• • •	•••	***	! !	•••		ا	-	20	1	(5) 24	96.00	96	त्र	:*) Four pers on implicated in middle of fact cases.
	Act X 62-3666 Ind	káci Act lian Ports Ang itiny Act	•••	• • •	149	•••		***		11.	•••		•••		5 / 1 ~ 15	- 184	. 97:05 . <b>89</b> :93	33 134		
Ļ.	LAGIX of 1804 Family Price		•••		2	•		•••	'	:::			X	. 4 2.	Andrea Angreea e	<u></u>	100,00	1 2		
-	1 Total	Total	-		33,472		·	•••	<u></u> !		<u> </u>		***	7 4			100:00			<b>1</b> 1
۲,	THE THE	ias-Mani Niscellaneous	1_		\$2,334	•••		<del></del>	<del> </del> .				94,	31,486 32,848	624			<b>30,329</b> <b>31,13</b> 5	10	<b>†</b>
•	f Z e	Grand Total	- 1-		\$6,032		2.0	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<b>-</b> -}			23	25.049		34.3ks	<u> </u>		-	, ,
3			*								1			,			لنا		1 1	

H. KENNEDY.

52 STATEMENT C.

# Property Stolen and Recovered during the year 1899.

Offence.	Number of gases which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recover- sel to cases in which property was stolen.	Amoun prope stole		Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.	Remarks.
7 and	2	. 3	•	. 4 5	9 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	- 6	76. P	5 8
(A).—Cognizable.  In conjunction with furking house-tres-	338	164	48.52	<b>Bs.</b> 89,533	a. p.	29,782	32,28	
n ou s e-breaking.  In conjuse- tion with reter, i has of reter.		48	aę oo	10,812	0 0	5,530	51-74	
a. Dacoity	2,698	1,844 2	70·90 66·66	1,66, <b>618</b> 795	0 0	67,077 26	40 25 . 3 27	• T.
Robber b. Qther robbery.	16	10	<b>12</b> 5	1,622	0 0	1,002	1.77	•
Crimini breach of trust	202	113,	5 <b>5</b> 94	84,415	0 0	<b>32</b> ,905	to Ph	
Criminal broach of trust by public servant or by a banker, merchant or agent	3			1,484	0 0		j	
Possession of stolen property	90	90	100.00	3,910	0 0	3,910	<b>j</b> 00.00	
Total	3,300	2,271	88/51	<b>3</b> ,59,189	0 0	1,40,232	39.04	\   

H. KENNEDY,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 12th May 1900.

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		CYS	ES.										. •			-				
	Committed during the previous two years,	• •	IN WHIC	E OF CASES OR CONVIC- S OBTAINED.	1	Persons.	· ·		• • •	I	RETURI	or Po	LICE	WORK	FOR TH	aren 1	YEARS.			
Offences.	and in	Occurred during the year.	Of those in Column II.	Of those in Column 111.	Number concerned in cases in Columns II and III.	Convict- ed.	Under trial or arrest at close of the year.	to bein	ons brou trial af ag arres the Po	ter sted lice.		ersons victed.		Value	of Prostolen.	perty	Value re	of Proceed	perty i.	REMARES.
1	9 .	8		5	6	7	8		9,		-	10			11			12		13
Thuggeo {(a) By strangulation (b) By poisoning  Other Professional crime—  Dacoity  Robbery  Cattle theft, &c., &c		2	Nil.	•		NIL		189—	189—	189—	189—	189	189—.	189—	189—	1899 Rs. 95 6 0	189—	189	1899 Rs. 26 O. O	

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 12th May 1300.

H. KENNEDY, Commissioner of Police. .

STATEMENT E.

Showing Strangth, Cost, Distribution and Employment of the Bombay Police in the year 1899.

			Say	CH OI	1939 B	rh type	PTE (	» Po	e je b	Fonc	*.					Ç.o.	r e/r	Port	: B.		•								D <b>erei</b> evi	110 <b>3</b> 0	P Fo	RATE,					<del></del> -	_				1 12	SOAOS	ED ON	PRE	THE (C MS).	OFFICE	KD LRS	
		<u> </u>								i i	Streng	th of ment,	Speed of	ct aux			2			Columns			_ -			:	•	Di	istrict Pys	rce.												1					rt I and	t in the	
	Impector-General,	1	Stre Fown paid imp	ngth or M I for erial	of Di lumici whole or P	strict pal as ly or rovins	i, Ca nd W in I	nton inter mrt i Beve	ment. Polic from nuce.	. I	Town Mun and V Police, wholly other Imp or I vin Rave	ment, a or icipal water paid from than erial pro-	of all kinds of Containing or other allow	of all thinds) of Distri-	as 6 to 6).	umas 7 to 0).	anem or enterwise	Av.	ange y Wi		•	Rovenden.	- 1	Smard st District Centre dents sidian Jalia	et, al Ba	iservi	or E soner (if so Colum	scorts s auti f ind nns 20 Police	er Lock- easuries, to Pri- Tressure laded in 5 and 27), emen on duty.	Political player in Court	rd 5	deten of Cri	tion tion	- Tot	ì	On Town Muni cipal ( darbo duty	DT DT	iare miles.		-		To	Area.		tio		ted it olumn 6	Police Force engaged	24 p. 25. p.
Province (District),	Inspector-General, Deputy and Amistans !	benmissioner and Deputy Commissioner.	Buperintendenta, e	napotiors,	Number of European Coustables.	Number of Head Constables or Sergeants (Mounted and Unmounted).	Number of Mounted Constables.	Number of Foot Constables,	Number of Water Courtables.		Офоет.		Pay and travelling or other allowances of their Establishments.	Pay and Travelling or other alternance (of all kinds) of Instructant Registate District Superintendents and their Office and Ivravinal	Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns	Total pay of Constables of all classes (Colum	Horne and travelling allowsheen, permanel inchided in Columns 13 and 16.		Water Constables.	Contingenules and all expanses other than 13 to 17.	Total Cost.	(rom	Payable from other sources.	Officera,	DEDOTT.		О'Поета,		Mon.	Officers.	Men,	ОШсеп.	Men.	Officers,	Men.		Meb.	AND OF Whole Province (or District) in square	Population of whole Pr	Number of Police Stations.	Number of Outposte.	whole Province (District).	Province e Area	Towns, exclusive of the Force fowns,	the whole Province (District).	Of Province District), exclusive both of the Population and the Force in Towns, Of Towns, exclusive of the Force outside	Towns.	Columns 8 and 10 of Proportion of cognica	REMARKS.
	1 3	8	_	-	<del>-</del> 5	0	7	_	9		11	13	13	14	1.5	16	17		-11	20	21				25 2		28		19	30	31	32	33	34	85		37 3	36		41	43	43	44	45	46	47	48 4	9 50	51
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Bembuy {	***	411		1	8	8		47	-			<b></b>									•													;					-	-									Sanitary Police (Temporary,)

<sup>\*</sup> Include 2 Officers and 97 Constables employed as Government Police Guarde at the different Government offices, buildings and distillary.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 12th May 1900.

H. KENNEDY, Commissioner of Police.

	To	741. S	RENOTE	r. 		/ BWV M EAL	OF THE	Poscs.	· 			·		Punies	MRN PU,					}	Rew	ARDB.	EDUC.	ATION,	-	£		Тинв Ровс	BRW:	O HAY	BLEF FBB T	TTHE	Percent ACTUAL	108 TO	TOTAL STU OF	
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District.				• \$	Parage of the same	provided with cading Smooth Carlings	provided with	provided with	provided swith	misec	in a so so so so so so so so so so so so so	punished by other provided sotion 7 as Pelice Act.	Un Polic	der e Act,	Section 831,	der ns 330, 348, Code.	Cha IX of	ider ipter Penal ide.	Otl Offer	her ness,	don.	ita, presenta, iduct stripes,			listed during th	r's service and 1	ra' eurvice and t	n or Gretuity.		Arge otherwise	to Regiments		s into Hospital.	age stok.		Remarks.
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STATEMENT (

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police for 1893.

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Dalriet		Dutches Buperinteraden	Australia Dutrick Bupe	3	Superfishendente, 'e)	Ingrectors. (3)	Liepaty or Ball-Inspec	Chief Constables and	Ornstables, (4)		District Baparintenders	Assistant District Pape		Inspertors.	Deposity of Bull-Inspec	Contables of	Constables	(w) affigieffetadng		Inspectors, (A)	Cumpy. (5)	(4) Jamédéénes (5)	(2)	Obmetabled ()	Ohrlatians.	Mithemedans.	Brathmans.	Raipete.	Ghrkbes.	Skibs.	Markeling	Pardeshie.	Biffingerten.	Mindus of all other	Paris	J. Tang	(Terfettane	4	Kaltom <b>etana</b> ,	Brehmans.	Rájputa.	Curkhas,	Dithe.	Markthas,	Pardeshia,	Bh and gries.	Carlos.	Physis.	Jows.	Brand Total, Officers and	Ray	artt.
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Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 18th May 1900.

(a) There is no corresponding grade.
(b) Corresponding to Impactors.
(c) Im. Karoyeen Constables.
(d) Do. Chart Constables.
(d) Do. Head de

H. KRNNEDY, Commissioner of Police. ç

Return of Inquests held by the Coroner of Bombay during the calendar year 1839.

	•		••	• .	
	Causes of Deaths.	Total number of Inquests held during 1898.	Total number of Inquests held during 1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
,	•	,			
	Culpable homicide amounting to				
	murder	. 10	7	·	3
Homicidal cases.	Culpable homicide amounting to murder (offender unknown)	. 1			1
	Culpable homicide not amounting		•••	•••	1
	to murder	•••	4	4	
	ash and negligent act not amounting	5		i e	
to culpable hou	nicide	·	4	4.	,
Death caused by	a person of unsound mind	. 1			1 1 1
	;	_	. •••	***	
	Cutting throat	. 2	4	. 2	'
	Drowning	68.	53		15
	Hanging	. 8	8		, 5
Suicidal cases.	Jumping out of a window, ter	10	. 8		2
	Lying on a railway line in front		, 0	•••	_
	of a railway train in motion	1.	71.	•••	1
,	Setting fire to clothes	33	27 1	••••	6
<b></b>	18		_	٠ -	"'.
	(Accidents on board ships	. 14	20_	•	
	Do. from machinery	10	14 14 T	6 4	•••,
	Do. from Railways	21	14	•••	7
	Do. from Tramways Accidental drowning	. 217	5 42	1 5	•••
·	Do. poisoning	<b>i</b> ⊨	. \$7		
•	Do. shooting Bite of venomous reptiles	1 4	,	***	16
	Do. of mad dogs	1	8	<sub>2</sub> .	•••
•	Do. of other animals	. 2	•••-		2
•	Excessive drinking Explosion of gunpowder	6 1	9	3.	••••
•	Fall from houses and buildings	30	18	•••	1 12
Accidentale deaths.	Do. scaffolding and ladders Do. trees		13		2
denna.	Fall into dry docks	5 / 1	8 3	3 2	
	Fall on road	. 8	6	"	2
	Falling bags of grain, seed, sugar	7	6		
•	Do. bales of cotton and piece	<b>-</b>	U	•••	] 1
:	goods and cases of mer chandise, &c				
	Do. earth and stones	l .	<b>3</b> 8	· ••• <sub>4</sub>	3
	Do. houses and buildings	4	3		"1
	Do. iron-plates, bars, &c Do. timber, planks, posts	ı -	5	. 1	··· ·
	Injuries from carts and carriages	17	<b>4</b> 23	1 6	***
	Do. fire	. 29	39	10	
	Scalds	11.	24 6	18 1	
	Miscellaneous accidents	34	28	' <b>.</b>	<b>8</b> ·
•			'		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
•					
	Carried oyer	430	431	73	72
		1	!	i	}

57
Return of Inquests, Sc.—continued.

Causes of Deaths.	Total number of Inquests held during 1898.	Total number of Inquests held during 1899.	Increase,	Decrease.
Natural causes  Deaths how or under what circumstances caused not known.  Exposure of new-born children  Natural causes  Clothes caught fire Found dead Do. drowned Internal injuries Killed during the riot Tetanus following abortion Wound on the finger Do. ankle Premature birth	3 1 12 1 1 	431 82  42 3    1 2	73 23 11 2	72  1  1 12 1 1 
Total	539	562	111	88

Coroner's Office, Bombay, 17th January 1900.

(Signed) ALLAN F. TURNER, Coroner of Bombay.

(True copy).

II. KENNEDY, Commissioner of Police.