

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

POLICE OF THE TOWN AND ISLAND
OF BOMBAY FOR 1893.



Bombay:

PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.

1894.

FROM

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
Bombay;

TO

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
Judicial Department,
Bombay.

*Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 12th May 1894.*

SIR,

I have the honour to submit herewith the annual report on the working of the Bombay City Police for 1893.

2. In conformity with the instructions contained in Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 4075, dated 14th July 1886, I forwarded the report to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and beg to attach hereto for the information of Government a copy of letter No. 526, dated 12th instant, from that officer.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

No. 526 of 1894.

FROM

J. SANDERS SLATER, ESQUIRE,
Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge;

TO

THE ACTING COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
Bombay.

*Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court,
Bombay, 12th May 1894.*

SIR,

I have the honour to return with thanks the Bombay Police Annual Report for the year 1893, forwarded with your letter No. $\frac{2179}{7}$, dated the 10th instant. I have no remarks to offer.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

(Signed) J. SANDERS SLATER,
Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate
and Revenue Judge.

"True Copy"

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

FROM

R. H. VINCENT, Esq., C.I.E.,
Acting Commissioner of Police,
Bombay ;

TO

W. LEE-WARNER, Esq., C. S. I.,
Secretary to Government, Judicial Department,
Bombay.

*Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 12th May 1894.*

SIR,

I have the honour to submit herewith the Annual Police Report for the Town and Island of Bombay for the year 1893.

2. Colonel Wilson held charge of the office of Commissioner of Police from the 1st January to the 8th of April, from which date I took over charge.

3. The Deputy Commissionership was held throughout the year by Mr. Crummy, the permanent incumbent, Mr. H. G. Gell, being on leave on medical certificate.

4. The following statements are appended:—

A, B, C, D, E, which are prescribed by the Government of India, and I further submit the following extra ones, regarding—

1. The different communities to which offenders in cognizable and non-cognizable cases belonged.
2. Coroner's inquests.
3. Import, transport and export of arms.
4. Licenses and permits, &c., issued under the Arms Act.
5. Supplementary Statement No. 1, as furnished by the District Superintendents of Police.

5. The following statements supplied in former years regarding—

1. Expenditure on Police buildings,
2. Dismissals and resignations in the Force,
3. Juvenile offenders,
4. Re-convicted persons,
5. Fires in the town of Bombay,

are omitted as directed in Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 2786 of the 21st April 1894.

Offences.

6. During the year under review 25,125 cognizable offences were reported to the Police and Magistrates, being an excess of 4,544 cases as compared with the previous years, and of 7,232 as compared with 1891.

7. The August Riots caused an increase of 1,242 cases, but if these be deducted, the increase still amounts to respectively 3,302 and 5,990 cases.

8. In Statement A, Part I, I have shown in column 4 in *Italics* the cases directly due to the Riots and also in column 21 the number of persons connected with those cases, and I also submit a separate statement relating entirely to the Riots.

9. Below this I show under what classes the general increase referred to falls:—

	1891.	1892.	1893.	Increase over		Decrease from		Distinctly attributable to Riots.
				1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	
Class I ...	25	18	62	37	44	...	...	25
„ II...	271	246	345	74	99	...	...	6
„ III...	245	288	462	217	174	...	...	9
„ IV ...	34	30	36	2	6	...	...	...
„ V ...	3,207	3,283	2,825	...	...	382	458	...
„ VI ...	671	426	484	...	58	187	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	13,440	16,290	20,911	7,471	4,621	...	...	1,202
Total ...	17,893	20,581	25,125	7,801	5,002	569	458	1,242

10. In Class I, the increase caused by the Riots amounted to 25 cases under Serial No. 6, but if this figure be deducted there still remain respectively 12 and 19 cases falling under the same category, and I can only account for this by the excited state of feeling which prevailed in the communities before and after the August Riots.

11. Of the increase in Class II, the same must be said, the principal Serial Nos. affected being Nos. 20 and 23, which cover the offences of “Grievous hurt” and “Hurt by dangerous weapons.”

12. In Class III, the excess falls under three heads:—

- Serial No. 30—Dacoity,
- „ „ 34—Serious Mischief, and
- „ „ 36—Lurking house-trespass, &c.

and the Riots were the cause of this also, for, the greater number occurred either during the Riots or during the weeks following the disturbances, when the Police were overworked almost beyond endurance,—an opportunity which the more daring class of burglars, who flocked to Bombay, were not slow to take advantage of.

13. Another cause of the increase is the correcter classification of the offences; I am convinced that many cases of “*House-breaking and theft*” were in previous years entered under “*Theft*” (ordinary) and this accounts to some extent for the decrease in the latter class noticed in the following paragraph.

14. In connection with this I may point to the returns for the year 1884, which show only 87 cases of “*House-breaking and theft.*” This must have been a mistake due to erroneous classification, for, a leap from 87 cases to 411 in nine years is impossible.

15. The increase in Class IV is too small to require explanation.

16. In Class V there has been a remarkable decrease as compared with both previous years, falling chiefly under Serial No. 44, Theft (ordinary); in 1893 there happened 2,384 such cases—

in 1892	...	...	...	2,782, and
in 1891	...	...	...	2,705

17. This decrease is principally due to a correcter method of classification already spoken of and to some extent to the emigration or non-appearance in

Bombay during the year of vagabonds and petty thieves, who usually infest this city during the cold weather, but who thought it prudent not to visit Bombay for some time after the Riots.

18. Taking the two chief offences against property (burglary and theft) together, there is a very great increase in the number of cases in the last three years, as compared with the previous quinquennial period :—

Year.	House-breaking	Theft.	Total.
1886... ..	73	2,124	2,197
1887... ..	114	1,887	2,001
1888... ..	169	1,827	1,996
1889... ..	185	2,471	2,656
1890... ..	176	2,257	2,433
1891... ..	212	2,705	2,917
1892... ..	258	2,782	3,040
1893... ..	411	2,384	2,795
Total ...	1,598	18,437	20,035

19. That the increase is mainly due to less effectual Police supervision of bad characters cannot be questioned, but the Police were helpless in the matter. The strength of the Police remained stationary with many additional duties imposed on them, while the population and the inhabited area of the town went on increasing and expanding. Ten years ago 773,196 inhabitants lived within an area of, say, 10 square miles; in the year under review, 804,604 people occupy at least 15 square miles.

20. In Class VI the increase falls under Serial Nos. 53 and 54 (Opium and Railway), which were taken up directly by Magistrates on complaints.

21. A most remarkable increase is observable under Miscellaneous Laws :—

	Increase.
Serial No. 62—Police Acts	3,664
” ” 63—Drunkeness	912
” ” 65—Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	182
” ” 70—Indian Ports Act	402

22. As regards the first of these, 1,202 cases may be called distinctly Riot cases, and many others were also the outcome of the feeling of animosity between the two chief communities, which existed before the Riots and continues to some extent up to this day.

23. The greater activity of the Police, spoken of by Colonel Wilson in paragraph 10 of his report for 1892, has been maintained and contributed also, and no doubt, largely to the increase under this head.

24. With reference to the 2nd Class (Serial No. 63), the numerous strikes amongst the mill-hands and other operatives, which occurred during the year, and the closing of the opium dens, drove the people to the liquor shops, while the state of feeling amongst the low class Hindus after the Riots made them take to drink more than usual.

25. The increase under Cruelty to Animals is due to greater exertions on the part of the Society's Agents, and as regards the excess under Indian Ports Acts cases, it was undoubtedly brought about by greater activity of the Police in enforcing bye-laws, &c.

26. Under Act VI of 1863, there is a decrease of 527 cases as compared with 1892 (when the number of cases taken up was abnormally high), but still the cases taken up in 1893 were greatly in excess of all previous years, except 1892.

27. I may as well remark at this point that, as regards the crimes committed during the Riots, this return is not a complete one, for, I have only incorporated in it such of the offences as happened between the 11th and 16th

of August, regarding which complaints were made at the time and which were investigated and prosecuted by the Police.

28. It would be an impossible task to enumerate and classify all the crimes committed during those terrible days; taking the offence of Rioting (Serial No. 6, Class I) alone, I would not be far out, if I say, that several hundreds were committed, and the same may be said regarding *grievous hurt* and other offences.

29. In my special report No. ⁵⁵³⁶₆₋₁₁, dated 9th September 1893, I have given such statistics as it was possible for me to collect, and I attach copies of the same for reference.

30. Separating Indian Penal Code cases from the rest, the year under review shows 3,730 "reported" offences of that kind against 3,865 in 1892, and 3,782 in 1891; so that, even without deducting the 40 Riot cases, there has been a substantial diminution of serious crime when compared with 1892 and 1891.

31. In connection with cognizable offences 30,048 persons were dealt with by the Magistrates during the year, of these—

25,871 were arrested by the Police during the year,
4,091 appeared in consequence of Magisterial process,
86 belonged to the previous year.

Percentages.

32. I subjoin a table made up on the same principle as the one prepared by me in Karachi (*vide* para. 10 of Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 1503 of the 26th February 1894):—

Real Penal Code Cases.	1892.	Average of three years.	1893.
Investigated	3,415	3,159	3,284
Brought to trial	2,588	2,300	2,569
Convicted	2,249	2,018	2,297
Acquitted	339	282	272
Not sent for trial	827	859	715
<i>Percentages.</i>			
Brought to trial to disposed of	75.78	70.28	78.22
Convicted to sent for trial	86.90	87.73	89.41
Convicted to disposed of	65.85	63.88	69.94
Not sent for trial to disposed of	24.21	27.19	21.77

Persons in real Penal Code Cases.	1892.	Average of three years.	1893.
Arrested by Police	2,951	2,731	3,590
Disposed of by trial	2,928	2,704	3,576
Convicted	2,412	2,237	3,041
Acquitted or discharged	516	467	535
*Released without trial ... ..	...	...	...
<i>Percentages.</i>			
Convicted to arrested	81.73	81.91	84.70
Convicted to tried	82.37	82.72	85.03
Acquitted or discharged to tried	17.62	17.27	14.96
*Released without trial to arrests ... ..	...	...	...

* In Bombay all persons arrested by the Police are sent before the Magistrate, hence no entries against these headings.

33. This table shows an improvement in all percentages, whether of cases or persons and whether compared with 1892 or with the average of the previous triennial period.

34. The results obtained in "minor offences" are as follows:—

(a) *Police Cases (real).*

Cases.

17,461 occurred (including cases pending from previous year),
17,013 ended in conviction,
184 „ in acquittal,
3 were pending,
261 „ otherwise disposed of as shown under Remarks in Statement A., Part I,
which gives a percentage of 97.41 of convictions.

Persons.

22,338 were arrested (including persons pending from previous year),
21,658 „ convicted,
365 „ acquitted,
3 „ pending,
312 „ otherwise disposed of,
which gives a percentage of convictions of 96.69.

(b) *Minor Magisterial Cases.*

Cases.

3,934 occurred,
3,731 ended in conviction,
percentage of convictions 94.83.

Persons.

3,830 appeared before the Courts,
3,731 were convicted,
percentage of convictions 97.41.

Property—stolen and recovered.

35. During the year under review, property valued at Rs. 3,76,658 was stolen and Rs. 1,54,576 recovered, giving a percentage of 41.03. In 1892, the figures were respectively, Rs. 3,02,788—1,50,776—49.79.

36. The average for the previous five years was—

Stolen	Rs. 2,35,178
Recovered	„ 1,17,314
Percentage	„ 49.

37. Separating "House-breaking and theft" from "Theft" (ordinary) the following comparative statement may be of interest:—

Property.

		1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.
Stolen.	{ House-breaking and theft ...	33,916	29,212	37,912	53,210	96,169	1,39,154
	{ Theft (ordinary) ...	1,17,919	1,95,628	1,54,710	1,53,391	1,65,811	1,67,697
Recover.	{ House-breaking and theft ..	10,541	12,645	15,231	25,457	41,511	16,641
	{ Theft (ordinary) ...	53,677	1,00,976	82,323	76,066	72,269	1,11,166

38. The remarks made in paragraph 13 explain in some measure the increase and decrease in the number of cases, and this table supports the theory advanced therein that faulty classification had much to do with the varying figures.

SPECIAL REMARKS REGARDING SERIOUS OFFENCES.

Murder, Attempt at Murder and Culpable Homicide.

39. Of the 15 cases noted in the returns—

4 were due to domestic intrigue.
 4 " " religious riots.
 4 " " motive of gain.
 3 " " sudden quarrel.

None of them presented any noteworthy features, except it be that in three cases children were murdered for the sake of ornaments of very small value. Deducting the four Riot cases, there was an increase of one as compared with 1892.

Attempts at Suicide.

40. Forty-three cases against 35 in 1892. As in Europe, the higher the state of civilization, the greater is the number of suicides. This is further proved by a comparison between Bombay City and the rest of the Presidency, for whereas in 1892 only 115 cases of this kind happened amongst a rural population of 18,000,000 persons, 35 occurred amongst 800,000 in the city of Bombay. Monetary difficulties and domestic quarrels were the chief causes.

41. Besides Attempts at Suicide, there were 92 suicides regarding which inquests were held by the Coroner, as per separate statement attached.

42. The subjoined statement gives further details of both :—

Offence.	European.		Eurasian.		Native Christian.		Mahomedan.		Parsi.		Hindu.		Grand Total.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Attempts at Suicide	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	5	5	...	13	18	28	17
													43	
Suicides	3	...	...	1	2	...	11	4	8	3	40	20	64	28
													92	

43. The Coroner of Bombay held 494 inquests during the year, which were classified as under :—

Homicides...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Deaths caused by rash and negligent acts	...	...	...	...	...	1
Suicides...	...	...	...	...	...	92
Accidental deaths	...	...	...	...	...	222
Deaths from natural causes	...	...	...	...	...	75
Deaths from unknown causes...	...	...	...	...	...	22
Deaths during the Riots	...	...	...	...	...	73
						<u>494</u>

45. During the year under review, the Police were successful in breaking up two gangs, who for some time past had given great trouble by administering *dhatura* to persons whom they intended to rob. Eight men were arrested and seven convicted.

45. The Police were further successful in apprehending and obtaining the conviction of one of the most daring swindlers, said to belong to the so-called Golden Gang. Another person of the same fraternity was also arrested lately, but he was discharged in consequence of the contradictory evidence of the persons whom he swindled out of the sum of Rs. 20,000, but who had fallen into the trap laid by him most willingly and in the hope of securing for themselves a large illegal gain.

Non-Cognizable Offences.

46. There were in all 7,959 cases, of which 3,724 fell under the Indian Penal Code and 4,235 under special and Local laws.

47. 6,573 persons appeared before the Courts in connection with them, and of these—

2,596 or 39.49 per cent. were convicted,
965 or 14.68 „ „ acquitted,
2,983 or 45.38 „ „ discharged,
26 were pending at the end of the year, and
3 were transferred to Courts outside of Bombay.

48. 67 cases (with 86 persons) of the above were initiated by the Police; the rest were taken up direct by the Magistracy.

49. The subjoined statement shows in detail the different castes to which the offenders in the cases shown in this return belonged :—

	CASTE.														Grand Total.
	European.		Portuguese.		Hindu.		Mahomedan.		Parsi.		Others.		Total.		
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Cognizable ...	330	...	744	18	16,702	1,047	10,400	197	294	2	144	4	28,604	1,268	29,862
Non-Cognizable.	41	2	211	13	8,541	266	1,876	144	331	42	113	8	6,113	400	6,513
Total ...	371	2	955	31	20,243	1,803	12,276	341	615	44	257	7	34,807	1,728	36,535

50. With the exception of Europeans, who have decreased from 371 and 67 respectively to 330 and 43, there has been a proportionate increase in all classes as regards cognizable offences, though in non-cognizable ones, the number of Parsis concerned has decreased.

51. The following table shows at a glance the caste and nationality of persons concerned in 'serious cases against the person and property':—

Place where born.	Hindu.	Mahomedan.	Others.	Total.
Bombay Presidency ...	670	254	53	977
Native States ...	90	92	3	185
Foreign Country ...	89	221	18	328
Bombay Proper ...	159	79	12	250
Total ...	1,008	646	86	1,740

52. It is noteworthy that out of 1,740 serious offenders, 328 or 18 per cent. belonged to countries other than India and 10 per cent. to Native States. I am not aware that any other city in India and very few in the world exhibit so great an immigration of foreign criminals as Bombay.

Arms Act.

53. I subjoin the usual statement regarding import, transport, &c., of arms, ammunition and other articles, which requires no explanatory remarks :—

Received into Bombay.

	Air guns.	Rifles.	Carbines.	Guns.	Pistols and Revolvers.	Swords.	CARTRIDGES.		Percussion Caps.	GUNPOWDER.				BLASTING POWDER.				SULPHUR.				CRACKERS.		Other Fire works.	Fuse Coils.	Bengal Lights	Fog Signals.				
							Loaded.	Empty.		Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.								
1861.																															
By Import, including transhipment.	1	243	2	173	166	160	19,79,490	7,11,110	21,554,000	24	6	3	11	33	13	1	8	608	2	1	12	1,493	3	2,172 & 600 lbs.	303,600		Gross. 26,211	No. 21,744			
By Transport																															
Total...	1	243	2	173	166	160	19,79,490	7,11,110	21,554,000	24	6	3	11	33	13	1	8	608	2	1	12	1,493	3	2,172 & 600 lbs.	303,600		26,211	21,744			
1862.																															
Increase	181	439	2	248	351	200	765,100	622,207	17,451,000	24	15	...	191	15	13	2	...	685	2	1	9	1,106	13	7,635	314,101		8,000 & 3 Cwt.	65,292			
Decrease	190	190		75	165	40	274,390	111,097	3,105,000				81	5	8	8	81	...				378	10		49,499				43,543		

* Includes one combination gun. † Includes 110,000 Bulleted Caps.

	Amorces.	Blasting Gel. line.	Detonators.	POTASH.				BARYTA.				STRONTIA.				Copper Tubes.	Primers and Anvils.	Anvils.	Express Bul- lets.	Primers.	Concentrators.	Tubes for Express Bullets.		
				Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.									
1861.																								
By Import, including transhipment.	Tons. 12 Cwt. 6 Qrs. 3 Lbs. 5		160,000	12	12	2	14	8	...	2	22	12	17	3	2	5,000	45,000	24,500	17,500	72,500	5,000	5,000		
By Transport	1,252,224 No.																							
Total...	12 6 3 5 1,252,224 No.		150,000	12	12	2	14	8	...	2	22	12	17	3	2	5,000	45,000	24,500	17,500	72,500	5,000	5,000		
1862.																								
Increase	13 & 2 doz.	8,000	150,000	12	12	2	14	8	...	2	22	12	17	3	2	5,000	45,000	24,500	17,500	72,500	5,000	5,000		
Decrease		8,000																						

Sent out of Bombay.

	Air guns.	Rifles.	Carbines.	Guns.	Pistols and Revolvers.	Swords.	CARTRIDGES.		Percussion Caps.	GUNPOWDER.				BLASTING POWDER.				SULPHUR.				Dynamite.	Detonators.	Fuse Coils.	AMORCES.					Gelatine.	Anvils.	Copper Tubes.	Cannons.	Muskets.
							Loaded.	Empty.		Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.				Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Gross.					
1863.																																		
By Export		23	1	20	8	260	18,550	32,500	4,139,000	7		3	9	10	...	2	24	90	6	3	12	88,362	574,500	29,750							8,500		2	2
By Transport	5	33	7	93	15	160	149,150	849,832	8,963,000	23	2	1	5	40	...	1	7	248	6	1	24	50,520	145,700	221,685							3,000	500		
By Transhipment		9		47	3	3	27,200	500										221	6	3	20			900	12	6	3	5	8,896					
Total...	5	70	8	100	26	412	194,900	882,832	13,061,000	30	2	...	14	50	1	...	3	560		1	...	139,372	520,200	252,335	12	6	3	5	8,696	9,500	3,000	500	2	2
1862																																		
Increase		34	104	...	64	192	332,150	341,285	17,094,625	28	5	2	6	28	14	...	10	611	6	1	6	61,780	327,600	344,069	9	13	1	2	1,704	29,850	...	...	...	...
Decrease		29	34	...	...	...	137,250	...	4,003,625	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	8	...	6	77,592	192,800	...	8	13	2	3	6,992	20,150	...	...	...	...

* Including 13,200 Bulleted Caps.

54. I also give a comparative statement of licenses and permits issued:—

	1892.	1893.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 Permits to exempted persons ...	98	1,796	298	...
2 Do. to public servants... ..	87	77	...	10
3 Possession licenses	451	545	94	...
4 Journey licenses	77	80	3	...
5 Dealers' licenses	39	37	...	2
6 Transhipment licenses	51	68	17	...
7 Export licenses to exempted persons in Native States	1,003	1,031	28	..
8 Export and transport, including other licenses registered in this office ...	716	685	...	31
9 Import licenses	310	329	19	...
10 Permits for withdrawal of ammunition from the Siwri Magazine	336	379	43	...
Total	4,568	5,027	502	43

55. As regards the increase under No. 3, I may mention that a great many licences granted in previous years, which had not been renewed, were called in and the owners required to take out fresh licenses for all the years for which they had not obtained licenses.

56. A great many persons had also been granted licenses to possess arms in previous years, but had never purchased them. This led to confusion and I have now made it a rule not to issue any licenses, unless the arm is first produced in this office.

57. During and after the Riots there was a perfect rush of applications for arms licenses, many of which I thought it proper to refuse.

58. The following table shows to what sections of the community the license-holders belong:—

Nationality.	Number of Licenses.	Fire-arms.				Other Arms.				
		Rifles.	Fowling pieces.	Revolvers.	Pistols.	Air-guns.	Swords.	Sword sticks.	Daggers.	Patent.
Hindus	228	24	197	36	20	1	81	8	11	7
Mahomedans	92	14	80	12	4	1	30	1	7	...
Pársis	108	27	80	42	2	6	15	8	15	...
Portuguese	117	2	118	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jews	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	545	67	483	93	26	8	126	17	33	7

Pilgrims.

59. Passes and passports were granted to 13,476 persons, which shows a vast increase over the two previous years, in which respectively 8,143 and 9,096 were issued. Of those obtaining passes in 1893—

8,813 were British subjects,
1,441 subjects of Native States,
2,853 foreigners.

Besides the above 369 pilgrims provided with passports from Civil and Political Officers outside Bombay passed through the city.

Fires.

60. During the year under review 126 fires occurred, causing loss of property aggregating Rs. 4,81,635.

Street Accidents.

61. 624 persons were injured and 17 were killed by being run over by conveyances and tram cars; in the previous year the numbers were respectively 600 and 24.

62. During the last ten years, in consequence of the enormous increase in traffic, accidents of this kind have nearly doubled, and though I have endeavoured to regulate the traffic with the view of preventing accidents as much as possible, I cannot effectually do so with the limited number of men at my disposal.

63. Public conveyances of all kinds have, in spite of the enormous development of the Tramway and Railways, increased in ten years from 5,392 to 7,881, and private ones from 2,674 to 4,153, making a total increase of 3,698. To control the traffic, as it should be done, I require between 250 and 300 men for this duty alone, and it is clear that I cannot spare so large a number of men.

64. During 1893 strikes amongst mill-hands have again been numerous, and it was noticed that there was a good deal of method displayed. In one or two cases violence was threatened and the Police had hard work to keep the peace and order at the time.

65. Statement C requires no explanation beyond this that in consequence of the increase granted by Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 5389 of 28th August 1893, the proportion is now one Policeman to 417 of the population.

STATEMENT D.

(a) Rewards.

66. In the statements relating to rewards, it seems to have been the custom in previous years to include under the heading "By promotion" all ordinary advancements in grade. As this is contrary to the orders of Government, I have shown in the present statement only such rewards as were specially granted for conspicuous good service.

67. *(b) Conduct of the Force.*

1	Officer and 24 men	were dismissed.
3	Do. 407	do. departmentally punished.
0	Do. 9	do. judicially punished by the Magistrates.

The average during the previous triennial period was—

14	Dismissals,
388	Departmental punishments,
5	Judicial punishments.

68. I would add that departmental punishments include reduction in good marks obtained or the recording of minus marks against the names of offenders, a system which I introduced last year in lieu of money fines.

Education.

69. 191 officers and 413 men can read and write. In 1892 there were 141 officers and 373 men, which shows an improvement in the educational status of the Force.

Other details.

70. The number of new enlistments is about the same as formerly, if the increase is deducted.

71. 132 men left the Force during the year, out of whom 40 were pensioned and 27 died.

72. Calculated on the average strength during the year (say 1,700 men), this means a death-rate amongst selected lives of 16 per mille. I do not think that so high a rate of mortality is to be found in any native regiment or amongst any other body of men. As regards the general population of Bombay, it would mean a death-rate of at least 60 per thousand.

73. During the year 2,943 men were treated as in-door patients in the Police Hospital.

74. The daily number of sick has fluctuated from 48 to 92, with an average of about 70, which is again abnormally high and is caused by the constant exposure and the heavy work that has to be exacted from the men under the present constitution of the Force.

75. The general conduct of the Force has, I am glad to be able to report, been satisfactory.

76. I have much pleasure in mentioning the following officers as having done exceptionally good work. They fully deserve the high opinion formed of them by Colonel Wilson :—

Superintendent T. G. Sweeney.
" H. Brewin.

Superintendent J. McDermott.
" H. Ingram.

Superintendent W. R. Jones.

77. In the Detective Branch Sirdár Mir Abdul Ali, Khán Bahádur, has performed his duties with his usual tact and ability and he continues to set an example by his unwearied diligence in his work.

78. The Inspectors hereunder mentioned have worked with zeal and activity :—

Ráo Bahádur Daji Gangaji.
Mr. W. J. Nolan.
Ráo Sáheb Murarrao Kshirsagar.
Mr. A. L. Butterfield.

Mr. Lee-Smith.
" O. J. Holdway.
" C. Roberts.
" J. Stanford.

Mr. Roshan Ali Asad Ali.

79. During the Riots of August and for months after, the energy of the men was often taxed to the utmost limits of endurance, but led by their European officers, they were ever ready, and cheerfully faced fatigue and danger without a murmur.

80. Of the manner in which the European officers and those Native officers holding appointments in the European Branch and many of the subordinate Native officers acquitted themselves during those days of trouble, I cannot speak too highly. On duty the whole time, unable to obtain proper rest and food, harrassed and worn out by anxiety and fatigue, they, one and all, worked on at their posts bravely and staunchly. The Acting Deputy Commissioner of Police, Mr. Crummy, Superintendent Brewin and Sirdár Mir Abdul Ali, Khán Bahádur, were placed in positions of exceptional difficulty requiring great tact and firmness and each carried out the work allotted to him admirably and to my entire satisfaction.

81. Mr. Brewin was subsequently, at my request, appointed additional Deputy Commissioner of Police, by Government, as a temporary measure, in connection with the investigation of Riot cases, a duty of much difficulty but one for which he was especially qualified and which he, together with Sirdár Mir Abdul Ali, Khán Bahádur, carried out in a manner to win the commendation of the Government Solicitor, who wrote to me in terms of highest praise about the energy and ability displayed by these officers.

82. The harmony and good feeling, which has always existed between the Police and the Magistrates, continued throughout the year.

83. In conclusion, I beg to mention the able manner in which I was invariably assisted by the Acting Deputy Commissioner of Police, Mr. Crummy, and the tact and patience shown by him in the conduct of his onerous duties.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

A.
Crime for the year 1893.

		PERSONS.																							PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45						
	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.	Total of Columns 19 to 22.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Number of persons shown in Columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Other (see disposed of, e. g., died, transferred, admitted as offenders, &c., after commencement of trial.	NUMBER PENDING AT END OF YEAR.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.										
...			
...		
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...		
...		

1 case undetected.
 3 cases undetected.
 2 cases undetected.
 1 person warned and discharged.
 3 cases undetected
 1 case undetected
 1 case undetected.
 3 cases undetected.
 1 case undetected.
 1 person warned and discharged.

* The difference in percentage is owing to one case of last year shown as pending in column 7.
 (a) 1 person sent to Lunatic Asylum.
 (b) 4 persons transferred.
 (c) 1 person transferred.
 (d) 3 persons transferred.

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—Return of Non-cognizable Crime for the year 1893.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.						PERSONS.						REMARKS.		
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of Columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in Column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	ACQUITTED.		CONVICTED.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.			By High or Sessions Court.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	116	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	4
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.
	118, 119... ..	Concealing design to commit offence
	Total ...			4
<i>CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.</i>																	
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice...	9.6	17	...	17	1	13	13	13	...	...	...	13	...	...
5	161 to 163, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants ...	3.2	2	...	2	...	2	6	6	...	5	...	1	...	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property	9.2	11	...	11	4	7	8	9	1	3	...	3	...	2	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	6.4	9	...	9	...	8	10	6	1	1	...	...	3	...
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	2.	28	...	28	...	23	36	36	...	1	...	35	...	...
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	1.4	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...			32.6	68	...	68	5	59	74	71	2	11	...	52	3	2	

* The case against one person transferred. 3 persons warned and discharged.

CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.

11	312 to 316	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	370	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.

13	384 to 399	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.

14	345	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	334	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	323	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.

18	417 to 420	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	403, 404	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	409	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	426, 427, 434	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above.

22	393	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	490 to 493	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	493 to 498	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	500 to 503	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	504, 506 to 510	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	291 A	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (a), C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	Cases under Chapter XLIV, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	Cases under Chapter XLII, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

230 persons warned and discharged.
 2 persons warned and discharged.
 1 person transferred.
 1 person transferred.
 1 person warned and discharged.
 1 person warned and discharged.
 27 persons warned and discharged.
 1 person warned and discharged.

STATEMENT A—continued.

Serial No.	Law under which promulgated.	Description of Crime.	CASES.						PERSONS.							REMARKS.	
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaints during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of Columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in Column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	ACQUITTED.		CONVICTED.			Waiting trial at close of year.
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<i>Special Laws, Offices under which are not cognizable by the Police.</i>																	
[Detail.]																	
35	Act IX of 1838	Port Registry Act	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
36	" XIX of 1850	Apprentices Act	1.6	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
37	" XIII of 1859	Artificers Act	5	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
38	" XXV of 1867	Printing Press Act	4	7	...	7	...	7	7	7	...	1	...	6	...	...	...
39	" XIV of 1868	Contagious Diseases Act	35.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	" III of 1877	Indian Registry Act	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	" VIII of 1878	Sea Customs Act	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	" VII of 1880	Merchant Shipping Act	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	" VIII of 1881	Petroleum Act	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	" XV of 1881	Factories Act	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45	" VI of 1882	Indian Companies Act	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	" XV of 1882	Presidency Small Cause Court Act	12.2	4	...	4	...	3	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
47	" XXI of 1883	Indian Emigration Act	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	" IV of 1884	Indian Explosives Act	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	" XXIV of 1886	Glanders and Farcy Act	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	" IV of 1889	Indian Merchandise Marks Act	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
51	Acts XIII of 1856 and XLVIII of 1860.	Police Acts	106.4	90	...	90	...	90	90	53	1	5	...	47	...	...	12 persons warned and discharged.
52	Act VI of 1867	Bombay Sanitary Regulation	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53	" II of 1868	Bombay Public Ferries Act	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54	" I of 1871	Vaccination Act	11.4	26	...	26	...	26	26	22	1	...	...	21	...	...	2 persons warned and discharged.
55	" II of 1887	Pilgrims Act	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	" III of 1887	Boilers and Prime Movers Act	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	" III of 1888	Municipal Act	3,879.4	4,103	...	4,103	...	4,103	4,103	4,103	2,642	30	...	1,431	...	...	902 persons warned and discharged.
Total			4,057	4,235	...	4,235	...	4,234	4,234	4,190	2,644	39	...	1,507	...	...	...
Grand Total			8,352.4	7,959	...	7,959	106	7,853	9,628	6,573	2,933	963	2	2,589	7	26	...

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 12th May 1894.

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT B.

Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.							COMPARATIVE RETURN.						REMARKS.									
	Computed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.				Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.		
												18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .		18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .	18 .
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18										
Thuggee. { By strangulation... { By poison ... Dacoity on land ... Dacoity on water ... Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs— (a) with murder ... (b) without murder ... Other professional crimes, viz.— Kidnapping ... Cattle theft ...	Nil.																										

NOTE.—Columns 12 to 17 will include all persons arrested or brought to trial during the year for those offences, though such persons be not included in Columns 2 and 3. The difference should be explained in the column of Remarks.

Police Commissioner's Office,
 Bombay, 14th May 1891.

R. H. VINCENT,
 Acting Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT C.

Showing the Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment of Police.

District.	STRENGTH OF POLICE FORCE.									COST OF POLICE.										DISTRIBUTION OF FORCE.										PROPORTION OF THE WHOLE FORCE (OFFICERS AND MEN).				PROPORTION OF THE POLICE ON STATION DUTIES (OFFICERS AND MEN).														
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	(a) Number of Superintendents and (b) Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards.	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100.	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Total.	Officers.	Men.	Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial Revenues.	Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Col. 2) and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Col. 3).	Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Other expenses of Col. 3.	Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Cols. 4 and 5).	Total pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7 and 8).	House and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Cols. 12, 14 and 15.	Mounted Constables.	Average pay of	Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Cols. 12 to 18.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial or Provincial Revenue.	Payable from other sources.	Guards at District, Central, or Subordinate Jails.	On Station duties.	Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or escort to prisoners and Treasury or in Reserve.	Total.	On Town, Municipal or Harbour duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (1).	Of Towns (1).	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (1).	Of Towns (1).	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (1).	Of Towns (1).	Total amount of cognizable crime reported (Cols. 4 and 6 of Statement A, Part I).	Proportion of cognizable crime to the Police Force on Station duties (Cols. 4 and 29).				
Bombay ..	2	..	8	47	121	30	1,536	87	1,621	..	40,573	23,060	4,420	..	1,07,194	2,27,903	6,420	534-00	146-98	11,02,715	15,18,078	5,18,078	44,349	165	1,519	11	104	176	1,653	89	..	22	804,604 (according to the Census of 1891).	87-03	417-33	25,125	6-92

(1) A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.
 (2) Columns 39, and 39, i.e., in District, one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile.
 (3) Columns 41, to 42., one policeman to so many of the population.
 * Includes 2 Officers and 97 Constables employed as Government Police Guards at the different Government Offices, Buildings and Distillery.
 † Includes Rs. 7,608 on account of Hospital charges.

Police Commissioner's Office,
 Bombay, 12th May 1894.

R. H. VINCENT,
 Acting Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT D.

Return showing Equipment, Discipline and General Internal Management of the Force.

District.	Total sanctioned Strength.		ARMAMENT OF THE FORCE.			PUNISHMENTS.													REWARDS.		EDUCATION.				Number enlisted during the year.		Of one year's service and under 10 years.		Of ten years' service and upwards.		NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.								Percentage in Hospital during the year to Total Strength of Force.	Percentage of Deaths during the year to Total Strength of Force.	Vacancies.
			Number provided with Firearms.	Number provided with Swords only, or Swords and Batons.	Number provided with Batons Only.	Dismissed.				Fined, degraded or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.				Punished judicially by a Magistrate.					Number of Police rewarded during the year.	Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.	On Pension.	On Gratuity.							By resignation without Pension or Gratuity.	By Dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By Desertion.	By Death.						
	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	By promotion.		By Money Rewards.	Officers.				Men.	Officers.	Men.														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37					
Bombay	176	1,633	21	42	1,766	1	24	3	407	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	8	113	23	191	413	4	71	423	801	697	40	5	28	25	7	1	27	152.64	1.40	8
<p>Calculated at the strength as it stood on 1st January 1891.</p>																																									

Police Commissioner's Office, }
Bombay, 12th May 1891. }

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT E.

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

District.	RACE.											RELIGION OR CASTE.																Grand Total, Officers and Men.	Vacancies.								
	EUROPEANS.			EURASIANS.				NATIVES.				OFFICERS.												MEN.													
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Hindus.							Other Religions.		Christians.	Mahomedans.			Hindus.				Other Religions.			
Military Governants Civil.	Uncommissioned.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.				On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.			Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	
Bombay			41					1	6	11	1,523	4	51	4												3	470	54						1,519	2	1,521	5

Police Commissioner's Office, }
Bombay, 12th May 1891. }

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

*Return of Inquests held by the Coroner of Bombay during the
Calendar year 1893.*

Causes of Deaths.	Number of Inquests held during 1892.	Number of Inquests held during 1893.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Homicidal cases. {	Culpable homicide amounting to murder	9	6	...	3
	Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	3	3	...	...
Rash and negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide	4	...	...	4	
Rupture of spleen caused by striking a blow under provocation	1	...	...	1	
New-born child, death caused by exposure and starvation ... ..	...	1	1	...	
Suicidal cases. {	Burning	1	...	...	1
	Cutting throat	5	4	...	1
	Drowning	44	47	3	...
	Hanging	4	3	...	1
	Jumping out of a window, terrace, &c.	5	6	1	...
	Lying on a railway line in front of a railway train in motion	2	1	...	1
	Poisoning {	30	29	...	1
	By opium ... 20				
„ arsenic ... 9					
Shooting	2	2	...	...
Deaths during the Mahomedan and Hindu riots. {	Culpable homicide amounting to murder ... ..	...	1	1	...
	Bayonet wound ... ..	...	6	6	...
	Cut throat ... ..	...	1	1	...
	Fracture of skull ... ..	...	43	43	...
	Fracture of ribs ... ..	...	1	1	...
	Gun-shot wound ... ..	...	10	10	...
	Lance wound ... ..	...	1	1	...
	Stab by a knife... ..	...	1	1	...
Accidental Deaths. {	Wound on the head ... ..	...	9	9	...
	Accidents on boards the ships	16	16	...	...
	Do. from machinery	9	8	...	1
	Do. „ railways within railway limits	10	8	...	2
	Accidents from Tramway	5	4	...	1
	Accidental drowning	31	31	...	...
	Do. poisoning	5	3	...	2
	Bite of venomous reptiles	4	4	...	...
	Do. mad dogs	4	2	...	2
	Do. wild animals	1	...	...	1
	Excessive drinking	11	8	...	3
	Explosion of gun-powder	2	1	...	1
	Do. of sewer gas	1	...	...	1
Fall from houses and buildings	28	25	...	3	
Do. scaffolding and ladders	3	8	5	...	
Carried over	240	293	83	30	

Return of Inquests—continued.

Causes of Deaths.		Number of Inquests held during 1892.	Number of Inquests held during 1893.	Increase.	Decrease.
Brought over ...		240	293	83	30
Accidental Deaths—continued.	Fall from hills ...	...	1	1	...
	Do. trees ...	8	6	...	2
	Fall into dry docks ...	1	4	3	...
	Do. on road ...	...	6	6	...
	Falling bags of grain, sugar, seed, &c. ...	3	1	...	2
	Falling bales of cotton, piece-goods and cases of merchandise.	4	9	5	...
	Do. earth and stones ...	3	2	...	1
	Do. houses and buildings ...	2	1	...	1
	Do. iron plates and bars ...	...	2	2	...
	Do. timber, planks and posts.	5	3	...	2
	Inhaling mephitic gas ...	2	1	...	1
	Inhalation of chloroform while under an operation ...	...	1	1	...
	Injuries from carts and carriages.	30	26	...	4
	Do. fire ...	25	16	...	9
	Do. horses and bullocks.	4	7	3	...
	Scalds ...	4	5	1	...
Miscellaneous accidents ...	7	13	6	...	
Natural causes ...	44	75	31	...	
Deaths how and under what circumstances caused not known.	Arsenical poisoning ...	4	1	...	3
	Compression of the brain ...	...	1	1	...
	Found dead ...	2	2	...	...
	Do. drowned ...	15	15	...	...
	Fracture of jaw ...	...	1	1	...
	Run over by a vehicle ...	1	...	...	1
	Rupture of spleen ...	...	2	2	...
New-born children found in streets in an advanced state of decomposition ...	5	...	...	5	
Total ...	409	494	146	61	

Coroner's Office,
Bombay, 23rd January 1894. }

(Signed) ALLAN F. TURNER,
Coroner of Bombay.

(True Copy)

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 12th May 1894. }

Annual Police Statement Supplementary to 1, Town and Island of Bombay, for 1893.

Description of Crime.	Cases.															Persons.										REMARKS.							
	Police Cases, or Cases investigated by the Police, whether <i>pro motu</i> or by order of a Magistrate.											Direct Cases, or Cases dismissed of without the intervention of the Police.				Total Number of real cognizable Cases disposed of.		Persons arrested by the Police (District or Village) <i>pro motu</i> .					Persons otherwise arrested within the year.										
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Cases excluded from		Real cognizable cases reported within the year (column 3 minus 5 b).	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) <i>pro motu</i> .		Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.		
1	2	3	4	5(a).	5(b).	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31		
1. Murders ...	1	11	12	...	...	11	11	1	10	8	1	...	...	...	10	8	1	35	30	...	35	6	1	...	...	...	35	35	6		
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	...	4	4	...	...	4	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	4	4	...	8	1	1	...	...	...	4	3	1		
3. Dacoities ...	...	7	7	...	...	7	...	...	7	6	...	...	...	...	7	6	...	47	47	...	47	37	...	...	...	...	47	47	37		
4. Robberies ...	...	20	20	...	1	19	19	...	19	17	...	...	...	1	20	17	...	35	35	...	35	26	...	...	...	35	35	26			
5. House-breaking ...	2	410	412	...	21	2,241	2,239	463	1,776	1,634	5	122	...	122	28	1,898	1,662	5	2,081 (a)	2,080	...	2,070	1,837	7	(b) 63	61	33	2,144	2,131	1,600	(a). 5 persons transferred. 2 persons sent to Lunatic Asylum. 2 persons implicated in mistake of fact cases.		
6. Thefts ...	2	2,242	2,240	...	21	2,241	2,239	463	1,776	1,634	5	122	...	122	28	1,898	1,662	5	2,081 (a)	2,080	...	2,070	1,837	7	(b) 63	61	33	2,144	2,131	1,600	(a). 1 person transferred. (c). 4 persons transferred.		
7. Receiving stolen property ...	1	60	67	...	...	60	67	...	67	50	...	4	...	4	2	71	62	4	99	(c) 103	...	103	68	...	4	4	2	103	107	70	
<i>Offences under the Indian Penal Code.</i>																																	
Abstinents ...	...	59	59	...	...	59	59	...	59	59	...	3	...	3	3	62	55	...	372	372	...	372	337	...	10	10	6	382	382	333	
Class I ...	6	314	324	...	2	316	317	9	308	239	5	27	...	27	7	335	246	9	425	(d) 434	...	418	384	7	10	16	8	441	431	322	(d). 1 person sent to Lunatic Asylum.		
Class II ...	3	400	402	...	2	458	461	235	225	199	2	2	...	2	2	247	200	5	424	420	...	420	357	...	2	2	2	426	431	350			
Class III	10	10	10	10	...	10	7		
Class IV	10	10	10	10	...	10	7		
Class V ...	4	2,400	2,404	...	21	2,423	2,438	471	1,967	1,799	5	305	...	365	56	2,332	1,955	9	2,352 (e)	2,361	...	2,340	2,060	7	209	210	68	2,561	2,550	2,124	(e). 8 persons transferred. 2 persons sent to Lunatic Asylum. 3 persons implicated in mistake of fact cases.		
Total ...	12	3,307	3,319	...	25	3,282	3,281	715	2,569	2,297	10	423	...	423	70	2,992	2,367	23	3,500	3,613	...	3,576	3,041	14	261	263	81	3,851	3,836	3,132	(f). In 237 cases, the persons did not respond to bail. 19 cases made over to military authorities.		
<i>Other Offences.</i>																																	
Class VI ...	2	323	325	...	...	323	323	...	323	305	1	161	...	161	141	484	446	54	1,008	1,058	...	1,057	1,016	2	156	156	141	1,161	1,213	1,156	(g). 81 persons made over to military authorities. 2 persons sent to Lunatic Asylum.
Miscellaneous ...	3	17,136	17,141	...	5	17,133	16,878	4	16,974	16,705	2	3,773	...	3,773	3,590	20,617	20,299	3	21,271	(g) 21,270	...	20,968	20,667	274	3,674	3,674	3,580	24,950	24,640	24,357			
Total ...	6	17,461	17,466	...	5	17,456	17,201	4	17,197	17,013	3	3,934	...	3,934	3,731	21,131	20,744	67	22,291	22,338	...	22,023	21,682	276	3,830	3,830	3,731	26,111	25,863	25,413			
Grand Total ...	17	20,769	20,785	...	30	20,739	20,485	719	19,769	19,310	13	4,357	...	4,357	3,801	24,123	23,111	80	25,871	25,951	...	25,589	24,723	290	4,091	4,092	3,823	29,962	29,691	28,546	5 persons transferred. 1 person died.		

Bombay, 12th May 1894.

Details of excluded cases.	Indian Penal Code Cases.		Other offences.		Total.	
	Column 5 (a).	Column 5 (b).	Column 5 (a).	Column 5 (b).	Column 5 (a).	Column 5 (b).
Declared maliciously false	25	...	5	...	30
...	...	25	...	5	...	30

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

Percentages, Bombay.

	PERCENTAGE OF			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, Column 10 on Column 7.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, Column 10 on Column 9.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police <i>suo motu</i> , Column 23 on total of Column 20 less total of Column 24.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, Column 23 on Column 22.
1. Murders	72.72	88.88	17.14	17.14
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	33.33	33.33	33.33	33.33
3. Dacoities	85.71	85.71	78.72	78.72
4. Robberies	89.47	83.33	74.28	74.28
5. House-breaking	38.19	88.70	84.42	81.42
6. Thefts	74.97	92.	88.31	88.74
7. Receiving stolen property ...	74.62	74.62	66.02	66.02
Abetments... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	89.83	89.83	87.90	87.90
„ II	75.39	77.59	66.51	67.94
„ III	43.26	88.44	83.21	83.21
„ IV	70.	70.	76.47	76.47
„ V	73.78	91.45	87.51	88.03
Total for I. P. C. cases ...	69.94.	89.41	84.49	85.03
Class VI	94.42	94.42	96.02	96.02
Miscellaneous	98.99	99.01	98.39	98.57
Total Class VI and Miscellaneous.	98.90	98.93	98.27	98.45
Grand Total ...	94.26	97.69	96.34	96.42

Property Stolen and Recovered.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Value of property stolen in pending cases of previous years.	Value of property stolen during the year under report.	Total value of property stolen.	Value of property recovered.	Percentage.	Number of cases in which property was stolen in pending cases of previous years.	Number of cases in which property was stolen during the year under report.	Total number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.	Value of property alleged to have been stolen before the year 1902.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.								
.....	3,76,668	3,76,668	1,54,570	41.03	.....	3,291	3,201	2,643	77.27	.....	.....

Statement of Cases dealt with in connection with the Riots of August 1893.

Serial Number	Law under which punishable	Description of crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						PROPERTY.					REMARKS.		
			Number of cases.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.		Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.
									By Magistrate.	By Sessions.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions.								
1	2	3	4	15 a	15 b	17	21	27	28	29	30	31	33	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
6	142 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	25	22	3	88	290	290	39	...	220	21	86.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	362, 303, 396 ...	Other murders ...	4	...	4	...	24	24	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt ...	2	2	...	100	5	5	...	...	5	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity ...	7	6	1	85.71	47	47	...	10	...	37	78.72	7	7	100	23,377	2,448	10.47	...
31	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	1	1	...	100	2	2	...	...	...	2	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	412, 413 ...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	1	1	...	100	1	1	...	...	...	1	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	40	32	8	80	359	359	39	34	220	66	79.66	7	7	100	23,377	2,448	10.47	...
62	Section 22 of Act XLVIII of 1860.	Disorderly behaviour...	1,202	*1,199	...	99.75	1,202	1,199	...	...	1,199	...	99.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Grand Total ...	1,242	1,231	8	99.11	1,561	1,558	39	34	1,419	66	95.13	7	7	100	23,377	2,448	10.47	...

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* In one case one person died and in two cases 2 persons did not respond to bail.

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 12th May 1894.

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT.

Statement showing the nature and amount of damage done to Hindu temples, houses, &c., during the Riots of August 1893.

No.	Name.	Shop or Temple.	Locality in which situated.	Damage.			Stolen.			Recover.		
				Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Khushal Gala Marwadi ...	Shop ...	Old Nágpada Cross Lane ...	.....			120	0	0	.....	
2	Nowla Savji Marwadi ...	Do. ...	Memonváda Road ...	.....			134	0	0	50	0	0
3	Pitambar Bhagvan ...	Do. ...	Bhendi Bazár Road ...	.....			520	0	0	0	2	0
4	Vallabh Magan... ..	Do. ...	Tandel Street ...	.....			175	0	0	.....	
5	Nanchand Virji ...	Do. ...	Jakeria Road ...	.....			605	0	0	54	0	0
6	Sarep Samnaji... ..	Do. ...	Khámbekar Street ...	.....			1,277	0	0	.....	
7	Nathu Dhurga ...	Do. ...	Memonváda Road ...	.....			495	0	0	.....	
8	Raja Rupa Marwadi ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			931	6	0	.....	
9	Hokma Devji Marwadi ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			800	0	0	.....	
10	Punanchand Hataji ...	Do. ...	Chinch Bandar, 1st Street ...	.....			5,042	0	0	1,701	0	0
11	Gulba Uma Marwadi ...	Do. ...	Old Nágpada Road ...	.....			4,525	0	0	235	0	0
12	Saku (woman) ...	Do. ...	Kavit Gali ...	.....			100	8	0	.....	
13	Asu (woman) ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			140	0	0	.....	
14	Bhagu (woman) ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			40	0	0	.....	
15	Saku (woman) ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			40	0	0	.....	
16	Mavli Lavji Marwadi ...	Do. ...	Memonváda Road ...	.....			11,515	0	0	2,000.	0	0
17	Devji Vekpal ...	Do. ...	Kavit Gali ...	.....			900	0	0	.....	
18	Narsi Pamma ...	Do. ...	Khámbekar Street ...	.....			1,564	0	0	.....	
19	Ganga (woman) ...	Do. ...	Kavit Gali ...	.....			12	0	0	.....	
20	Dayal Shanker Jivan ...	Do. ...	Bhájipála Street... ..	.....			25	0	0	.....	
21	Haridas Govindji ...	Do. ...	Masjid Bandar Road ...	.....			200	0	0	.....	
22	Manaklal Bukatram ...	Do. ...	Nágdevi Street ...	.....			15	0	0	.....	
23	Punna Jaitha ...	Do. ...	Memonváda Road ...	.....			800	0	0	300	0	0
24	Ramji Navji ...	Do. ...	Navroji Hill Street ...	.....			785	14	0	.....	
25	Bhavu Babaji ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			10	0	0	.....	
26	Pragji Walji ...	Do. ...	Memonváda Road ...	.....		600 0 0	208	0	0	.....	
27	Devchand Gobar ...	Do. ...	Mumbádevi Tank Road ...	.....			50	0	0	.....	
28	Shivram Hari ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			10	0	0	.....	
29	Raghubir Shaligram ...	Do. ...	Bhendi Bazár ...	.....			5,000	0	0	.....	
30	Mavji Khimji ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			800	0	0	.....	
31	Bhavu Mahadu ...	Do. ...	Falkland Road ...	.....			14	0	0	.....	
32	Ramprasad Mathuradas ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			4,000	0	0	.....	
33	Ramji Shivram... ..	Do. ...	Pathán Street ...	.....			25	0	0	.....	
34	Dhonda Sonar ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			40	0	0	.....	
35	Govind Moroba ...	Do. ...	Bhandár Street... ..	.....			150	0	0	.....	
36	Jaithachand Savairam ...	Do. ...	Kumbhárváda ...	.....			1,200	0	0	.....	
37	Moti Bhairav ...	Do. ...	Northbrook Street ...	.....			25	0	0	.....	
38	Govind Malhari ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			45	0	0	.....	
39	Aba Ravji ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			20	0	0	.....	
40	Narayan Bhikaji ...	Do. ...	Khoja Street ...	.....			5,000	0	0	.....	

41	Vasantraj Dhanji	Do.	Northbrook Street	7 0 0		
42	Jivram Vishvalram	Do.	Duncan Road	40 0 0		
43	Vishram Bechur	Do.	Do.	45 0 0		
44	Nathu Esu	Do.	Khára Taláv	500 0 0		
45	Chiman Tularam	Do.	Grant Road	60 0 0		
46	Hararaj Navlaji	Do.	Kumbhárváda	1,200 0 0	35 0 0	
47	Ratna Kheta	Do.	Do.	20 0 0	20 0 0	
48	Nana Malu	Do.	Durgádevi Street	2,000 0 0		
49	Pragji Khushal	Do.	Do.	7,000 0 0		
50	Ratna Kheta	Do.	Do.	1,600 0 0		
51	Kalian Subha	Do.	Do.	16,000 0 0		
52	Paulu Laxman	Do.	Do.	300 0 0		
53	Gopal Balshet	Do.	Do.	250 0 0		
54	Jingu Vadew	Do.	Do.	100 0 0		
55	Rama Ravji	Do.	Do.	0 12 0		
56	Sachu Paru	Do.	Do.	100 0 0		
57	Gulabchand Zubak	Do.	Trimbak Parashráam Street	10 0 0		
58	Hari Ramsket	Do.	Do.	10 0 0		
59	Chunilal Ramprasan	Do.	Do.	5 0 0		
60	Ganesh Tularam	Do.	Falkland Road	20 0 0		
61	Purshottam Walji	Do.	Do.	200 0 0		
62	Paadit Beni Ram	Do.	Do.	40 0 0		
63	Tato Ravji	Do.	Do.	25 0 0		
64	Shivlal Benichand	Do.	Do.	10 0 0		
65	Gangaram Sadashiva	Do.	Do.	50 0 0		
66	Jai Namyan	Do.	Grant Road	110 0 0		
67	Chotabl Ghasiram	Do.	Falkland Road	15 0 0	114 0 0	
68	Shivlal Durga	Do.	Do.	10 0 0	28 0 0	
69	Lalaram Puran	Do.	Do.	6 0 0	17 0 0	
70	Girdhari Kannayya	Do.	Do.	2 0 0	145 0 0	
71	Gopal Govind	Do.	Do.		2,058 0 0	
72	Shankardas Gopal	Do.	Khetvádi Back Road		1,174 0 0	18 0 0
73	Prag Dallichand	Do.	Do.	150 0 0	1,262 0 0	
74	Raju Saktachand	Do.	Do.	10 0 0	42 0 0	
75	Ramji Aurita	Do.	Do.	8 0 0	106 0 0	
76	Bhanji Ludha	Do.	Do.	40 0 0	23 0 0	
77	Shivram Uma-shanker	Do.	Do.		150 0 0	
78	Durga Shivbakh	Do.	Trimbak Parashráam Street		110 0 0	
79	Bhama Datta	Do.	Mount Road		285 0 0	120 0 0
80	Ganaji Panda	Do.	Do.		25 0 0	
81	Ganga (votam)	Do.	Do.		10 0 0	7 0 0
82	Balaji Jairam	Do.	Foras Road		75 0 0	
83	Laxman Mahaleva	Do.	Do.		35 0 0	
84	Durgaji Hirji	Do.	Do.		15 0 0	
85	Saiwan Lal	Do.	Do.		15 0 0	

Carried over ... 511 0 0 82,820 0 0 4,510 0

No.	Name.	Shop or Temple.	Locality in which situated.	Damaged.			Stolen.			Recovered.			
				Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
Brought forward ...				841	0	0	82,820	8	0	4,510	2	0	
88	Govind Kundlik ...	Shop ...	Foras Road ...	.....			55	0	0	.....		
87	Ramprasad Jankiprasad ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			40	0	0	.....		
88	Davlat Kisan ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			35	0	0	.....		
89	Laxman Jaising ...	Do. ...	Falkland Road ...	.....			10	0	0	.....		
90	Shivratan Shivprasan ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			50	0	0	.....		
91	Devji Manak ...	Do. ...	Grant Road ...	.....			10	0	0	.....		
92	Gansi Chopdi ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			15	0	0	.....		
93	Sakharam Zilu ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			5	0	0	.....		
94	Karati Dhana ...	Do. ...	Bapty Road ...	.....			20	0	0	.....		
95	Tukaram Mahadu ...	Do. ...	Falkland Road ...	.....			11	0	0	.....		
96	Mukund Ramji... ..	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			5	0	0	.....		
97	Guruprasad Brijpal ...	Do. ...	Foras Road ...	.....			50	0	0	.....		
98	Jagannath Gansi ...	Do. ...	Bapty Road ...	.....			25	0	0	.....		
99	Jagaddhar Shital ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			20	0	0	.....		
100	Gopal Thakurdas ...	Do. ...	Centre Road (Kamatipura)... ..	.....			200	0	0	.....		
101	Nagsi Raisi ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			75	0	0	.....		
102	Rajanna Laxman ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			25	0	0	.....		
103	Vidi Vyankati ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			50	0	0	.....		
104	Narsi (woman) ...	Do. ...	Madanpura ...	.....			50	0	0	.....		
105	Kapurchand Marwadi ...	Do. ...	Kazipura ...	.....			548	0	0	548	0	0
106	Hargovinddas ...	Do. ...	Ferguson Road ...	.....			8	0	0	.....		
107	Laxmangir Dantgir ...	Maruti's Temple ...	Michanpada Road	1,100	0	0	641	0	0	70	4	0
108	Daveshankar Bakatram ...	Do. ...	Dongri Street ...	.....	.....		72	0	0	.....		
109	Tulsidas Ramdass ...	Do. ...	Memonvada Road ...	.....	227	0	0	567	0	0	.....	
110	Ganpat Sakharam ...	Do. ...	Nishanpada Cross Lane ...	.....	500	0	0	150	0	0	.....	
111	Narayandas Mohandass ...	Ramchandra's Temple ...	Chinch Bandar, 1st Street ...	.....	.....		559	0	0	.....		
112	Kallian Shivji ...	Do. ...	Nagdevi Street ...	.....	50	0	0	.....				
113	Pandu Babaji ...	Do. ...	Jail Road, East side ...	.....	.....		20	0	0	.....		
114	Purshotam Shivshankar ...	Withoba's Temple ...	Chinch Bandar, 1st Street ...	.....	125	0	0	1,039	0	0	.....	
115	Balkrishna Narayan ...	Do. ...	Old Nagpada Road ...	.....	10	0	0	.....				
116	Gungaram Balu ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....	.....		185	0	0	.....		
117	Jankibai (woman) ...	Laxmi Narayan Temple ...	Kavit Gali ...	.....	4,000	0	0	762	0	0	.....	
118	Janu Subbedar... ..	Kuberpanth Temple ...	Tantanpura Road ...	.....	150	0	0	.....				
119	Sunnoms Badar ...	Namenath Temple ...	Bhendi Bazar Road ...	.....	2	0	0	.....				
120	Virchand Dipchand ...	Santinath Temple... ..	Do. ...	.....	1	0	0	.....				
121	Velji ...	Maruti's Temple ...	Erskine Road ...	.....	.....		.....		
122	Ghanaji Dhondu ...	Mahadev's Temple ...	Khoja Street ...	.....	300	0	0	.....				
123	Somnath Narayan ...	Withoba's Temple ...	Do. ...	.....	2,000	0	0	.....				
124	Arjundas Laxmandas ...	Ramchandra's Temple ...	Khara Talav ...	.....	3,000	0	0	.....				
125	Malu Narsu ...	Durgadevi Temple ...	Durgadevi Street ...	.....	5,000	0	0	.....				
126	Nagubai (woman) ...	Maruti's Temple... ..	Do. ...	.....	1,500	0	0	.....				

127	Sovanna Nagu ...	...	Maruti's and Tulsi Temple ...	Bhandár Street...	...	5	0	0	.....	.....	
128	Mahadu Hari ...	...	Mahadeo's Temple ...	Do. ...	...	5	0	0	.....	.....	
129	Bhuvan Dhondu ...	...	Panchmukhi Maruti's Temple.	Do. ...	...	200	0	0	.....	.....	
130	Banarasi (woman) ...	...	Vithoba's Temple ...	Chimna Butcher Street	...	2,000	0	0	.....	.....	
131	Kabulkala ...	...	Ramchandra's Temple ...	Northbrook Street	...	200	0	0	.....	.....	
132	Kalsibai (woman) ...	...	Do. ...	Do. ...	...	4,000	0	0	.....	.....	
133	Mohan Vishram ...	...	Do. ...	Do. ...	...	500	0	0	.....	.....	
134	Parmi (woman) ..	...	Do. ...	Do. ...	...	500	0	0	.....	.....	
135	Raisi Raja ...	...	Radhakissan's Temple ...	Pathán Street ...	...	3,000	0	0	.....	.....	
136	Vati (woman) ...	...	Ramchandra's Temple ...	Do. ...	...	700	0	0	.....	.....	
137	Vinayak Jotiram ...	...	Maruti's Temple ...	Do. ...	...	200	0	0	.....	.....	
138	Manordas Jamnadas ...	...	Do. ...	Falkland Road ...	...	75	0	0	.....	.....	
139	Narayan Sakbaram ...	...	Vithoba's Temple ...	Do. ...	...	1,300	0	0	89	0	0
140	Shankardas Gopaldas ...	...	Maruti's do. ...	Khetvádi Back Road ...	...	600	0	0	.....	.....	
141	Ramprasad Dhokulsing ...	...	Mahadev's do. ...	Bapty Road ...	...	100	0	0	150	0	0
142	Rama Ganu ...	...	Maruti's do. ...	Do. ...	...	150	0	0	.....	.....	
143	Vanjari Jagannath ...	...	Vithoba's do. ...	Do. ...	...	500	0	0	150	0	0
144	Jayi (woman) ...	...	Shaňkar Parwati's Temple ...	Do. ...	...	500	0	0	100	0	0
145	Shambu Maloji... ..	...	Vithoba's Temple ...	Khursetji Sukláji Street ...	...	2,300	0	0	200	0	0
146	Lakba Vyankati Shet ...	...	Maruti's do. ...	Kámáthipura 4th Lane ...	...	600	0	0	100	0	0
147	Vanjari Jamat ...	...	Vithoba's do. ...	Bazár Road ...	...	900	0	0	100	0	0
148	Ramrathi Rajanna ...	...	Do. do. ...	Kámáthipura 5th Lane ...	...	500	0	0	50	0	0
149	Okaji Shet ...	...	Ram Laxman's Temple ...	Do. 8th do. ...	...	4,500	0	0	500	0	0
150	Darpati Sayanna ...	...	Do. ...	Do. 8th do. ...	...	4,500	0	0	500	0	0
151	Kamathi Jamat... ..	...	Khas Dobas ...	Do. 9th do. ...	...	100	0	0	.....	.....	
152	Do. ...	...	Mariam's Temple ...	Do. 13th do. ...	...	200	0	0	.....	.....	
153	Narsu Saibu ...	...	Pachamma's do. ...	Do. 11th do. ...	...	300	0	0	200	0	0
154	Khandu Muráji ...	...	Mariam's do. ...	Do. 12th do. ...	...	50	0	0	.....	.....	
155	Malku Yearaya... ..	...	Kalbhairav's Temple ...	Do. 15th do. ...	...	700	0	0	100	0	0
156	Papayya (Kamathi Mochi) ...	...	Mariam's do. ...	Foras Road ...	...	100	0	0	50	0	0
157	Parvarthi (woman) ...	...	Maruti's do. ...	Falkland Road ...	...	400	0	0	100	0	0
158	Liladhar Narayan ...	...	Radha Krishna's Temple ...	Do. ...	...	700	0	0	300	0	0
159	Rái Bahádur Laxman Sing ...	...	Mahadev's do. ...	Bellasis Road ...	...	400	0	0	100	0	0
160	Daji Narayan ...	...	Vithoba's do. ...	Pirklán Lane ...	...	500	0	0	50	0	0
161	Do. ...	...	Maruti's do. ...	Do. ...	...	100	0	0	.....	.....	
162	Do. ...	...	Do. do. ...	Gujri Bazár ...	...	900	0	0	100	0	0
163	Do. ...	...	Do. do. ...	Haines Road ...	...	50	0	0	15	0	0
164	Do. ...	...	Bhagvati's Temple ...	Do. ...	...	50	0	0	20	0	0
165	Mankeshvar Narbaram ...	...	Maruti's do. ...	Mázgaon ...	...	50	0	0	.....	.....	
166	Lamba Lakma ...	...	Do. do. ...	Dockyard Road...	...	60	0	0	100	0	0	
					Total ...	51,301	0	0	91,196	8	0	5,253	6

Police Commissioner's Office, }
Bombay, 9th September 1893. }

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Pr

Statement showing the nature and amount of damage done to Musalmán mosques, houses, &c.

No.	Names.	Shop or Mosque.	Locality in which situated.	Damaged.	Stolen.	Recovered
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Baudu Mir Usman	Shop	Nowroji Hill	.....	112 0 0	.....
2	Nassukbai (woman)	Do.	Kavit Gali	.....	40 0 0	.....
3	Hussein Ali Nazar Ali	Do.	Nowroji Hill	.....	213 8 0	8 0 0
4	Mahomed Tar Mahomed	Do.	Carnac Road	.....	80 0 0	.....
5	Sayadali Javadali	Do.	Kálbádevi Road	.....	18,000 0 0	175 0 0
6	Dandbhai Musaji	Do.	Do.	.....	4,000 0 0	101 4 0
7	Kani Mariam (woman)	Do.	New Hanumán Lane	.....	288 0 0	.....
8	Haji Musa Vali...	Do.	Vithal Vádi	.....	170 0 0	100 0 0
9	Husain Ali Khanji	Do.	Girgaon Road	.....	900 0 0	1 8 0
10	Nanabhai Husenali	Do.	Do.	.....	800 0 0	33 10 0
11	Umar Tayab	Do.	Do.	.....	100 0 0	.....
12	Karimji Khanjibhai	Do.	Thákurdvár Road	.....	150 0 0	4 0 0
13	Khanbhai Bori	Do.	Do.	.....	157 0 0	.....
14	Sulemanji Mamuji	Do.	Do.	.....	2,200 0 0	39 10 0
15	Isa Nathu	Do.	Cathedral Street	.....	315 0 0	.....
16	Isufali Mangalji	Do.	Girgaon Road	.....	400 0 0	0 8 0
17	Hassan Haji Aba	Do.	Jámblí Moholla...	.....	18 0 0	.....
18	Abdul Kadar Abdul Rahiman	Do.	Cathedral Street	.....	1,500 0 0	2 2 0
19	Mahomed Ibrahim	Do.	Do.	.....	2,000 0 0	12 14 0
20	Ibrahim Abdul Rahim	Do.	Do.	.....	500 0 0	.....
21	Khaltiabi (woman)	Do.	Do.	.....	300 0 0	.....
22	Hasankhan Husseinkhan	Do.	Do.	.....	300 0 0	.....
23	Musa Nathu Teli	Do.	Do.	.....	125 0 0	.....
24	Jivaji Jaferji	Do.	Bhuleshvar	.....	2,000 0 0	60 0 0
25	Heptulla Isabhai	Do.	Do.	.....	2,000 0 0	.....
26	Ismail Hasan	Do.	Kavasji Patel Tank Road	.....	30 0 0	.....
27	Usman Kolvevala	Do.	Do.	.....	5 0 0	.....
28	Musaji Hasanali	Do.	Agári Lane	.....	1,000 0 0	.....
29	Musa Isa Teli	Do.	3rd Bhoiváda Street	.....	130 0 0	.....
30	Peerbhai Sonar...	Do.	Falkland Road	.....	200 0 0	.....
31	Suleman Isufbhai	Do.	Kumbhárváda	.....	150 0 0	5 0 0
32	Kirson Khoja	Do.	Durgádevi.	.....	50 0 0	.....
33	Hasanali Dosaji	Do.	Do.	.....	50 0 0	.....
34	Shekh Chand Nawaz	Do.	Falkland Road	.....	20 0 0	.....
35	Mian (woman)	Do.	Do.	.....	150 0 0	.....
36	Jafar Ganidin	Do.	Do.	.....	800 0 0	.....

37	Jafarji Musaji ...	Do.	Do.	7,000 0 0	1,200 0 0
38	Shekh Chand Bapu ...	Do.	Kumbhárváda ...	800 0 0	16 0 0
39	Ismail Asaria ...	Do.	Khetvádi Back Road	844 0 0	
40	Abdul Ali Jafarji ...	Do.	Do.	525 0 0	
41	Vallibhai Hirji ...	Do.	Do.	60 0 0	
42	Fattu Nur Mahomed ...	Do.	Do.	150 0 0	634 0 0
43	Ismailji Kadar ...	Do.	Girgaon Back Road		734 0 0
44	Ibram Ali ...	Do.	Do.	30 0 0	20 0 0
45	Alibhai Jivaji ...	Do.	Do.		3,030 0 0
46	Kasam Jacob ...	Do.	Do.	200 0 0	265 0 0
47	Not known ...	Bori's shop	Thákurdvár Road		
48	Do.	Tin-plate shop	Do.		
49	Gulam Husen Kadar	Shop	Kándeovádi Lane	5,047 0 0	9,953 0 0
50	Ahmedshah Bahadur P.C. <small>9/1190</small>	Do.	Do.		80 0 0
51	Musa Umar ...	Do.	Do.	250 0 0	362 0 0
52	Musabhai Karimji ...	Do.	Do.		667 0 0
53	Ismailji Sulemanji ...	Do.	Do.		1,429 0 0
54	Not known ...	Oil-shop	Do.		
55	Karim Rahimtulla ...	Shop	Girgaon Road ...		63 0 0
56	Jaina (woman)...	Do.	Do.	800 0 0	2,981 0 0
57	Ismailji Karimji...	Do.	Do.		5,500 0 0
58	Miya Ahmed Tar Mahomed...	Do.	Do.	300 0 0	69 0 0
59	Hussen Haji Aba ...	Do.	Do.	300 0 0	93 0 0
60	Shekh Gafur Mugerushah ...	Do.	Do.		562 0 0
61	Haji Jan Mahomed Abdul ...	Do.	Do.	50 0 0	296 0 0
62	Amir Ali Gulab Ali ...	Do.	Do.		144 0 0
63	Rasulkhan Shilabax ...	Do.	Tárdev Road ...		1,700 0 0
64	Abdul Mahomed ...	Do.	Girgaon Road ...	60 0 0	200 0 0
65	Alima (woman)...	Do.	Do.	27 0 0	30 0 0
66	Lahimean ...	Do.	Gavália Tank Road		50 0 0
67	Bakai Daridoen...	Do.	Foras Road ...		200 0 0
68	Gigha Futteh Mahomed ...	Do.	Parel Road ...		100 0 0
69	Piru Manji ...	Do.	Do.		10 0 0
70	Sayad Amir Basir Ali ...	Do.	Fergusson Road		301 0 0
71	Do.	Do.	Do.		100 0 0
72	Nanumiya Kadarmiya ...	Do.	Do.		350 0 0
73	Shekh Harun Abdul Razak...	Do.	Do.		425 0 0
74	Fakir Mahomed Kadarmiya...	Do.	Do.		1,138 0 0
75	Do.	Do.	Do.		460 0 0
76	Yakutkhan Dullakhan ...	Do.	Do.		1,230 0 0
77	Maclarbax Alibax ...	Do.	Do.		7 8 0
Carried over ...				7,214 0 0	81,475 0 0
					1,777 10

No.	Name.	Shop or Mosque.	Locality in which situated.	Damaged.			Stolen.			Recovered.					
				Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.			
				Brought forward ...			7,214	0	0	81,475	0	0	1,777	10	0
78	Shekh Ali Shekh Mira ...	Shop ...	Breach Candy Road ...	.....			1,254	8	0	.....				
79	Jorabi (woman) ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			80	0	0	.....				
80	Mahomed Edru ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			1,928	0	0	.....				
81	Shekh Mahomed Shekh Mira ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			23	0	0	.....				
82	Abdul Kadar Shekh Ismail ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			171	0	0	.....				
83	Abdulbax Shekh Ismail ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			119	8	0	.....				
84	Mahomed Khan Ahmed Khan ...	Do. ...	Purbhádevi Road ...	.....			69	0	0	.....				
85	Daud Suleman ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			600	0	0	.....				
86	Abli Ismail ...	Do. ...	Cleveland Road ...	.....			69	0	0	.....				
87	Mahomedlal Khoja ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			50	0	0	.....				
88	Fakirbhai Kasam Khoja ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			54	0	0	.....				
89	Fakir Ibrahim ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			14	0	0	.....				
90	Ismail Dinji ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			70	0	0	.....				
91	Nurmahomed Badulla ...	Do. ...	Curry Road ...	.....			553	0	0	.....				
92	Ashabi (woman) ...	Do. ...	Elphinstone Road ...	.....			818	0	0	.....				
93	Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			230	0	0	.....				
94	Haji Ibrahim Jakeria ...	Do. ...	Cleveland Road ...	.....			200	0	0	.....				
95	Abdul Bava ...	Do. ...	DeLisle Road ...	.....			27	0	0	.....				
96	Miya Kaji ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			45	0	0	.....				
97	Ibrahim Abdul ...	Do. ...	Tank Bandar ...	.....			39	8	0	.....				
98	Karim Khanji ...	Do. ...	Arthur Road ...	.....			6	2	0	.....				
99	Sale Mahomed Habib ...	Do. ...	Curry Road ...	.....			359	0	0	.....				
100	Haji Ibrahim Jakeria ...	Do. ...	Sivri Road ...	.....			4,000	0	0	.....				
101	Ahmed Aba ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			2,400	0	0	.....				
102	Haji Ismail Haji Isak ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			2,000	0	0	.....				
103	Kamrudin Markudin ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....			400	0	0	.....				
104	Bala Eapu ...	Do. ...	Fergusson Road ...	.....			45	0	0	.....				
105	Shekh Ahmed Shekh Mahomed ...	Do. ...	Kála Chauki ...	.....			241	12	0	.....				
106	Haji Hasan Chotani ...	Chotani (Ali Memon) Mosque.	Wálpákhadi Road ...	.....	200	0	0	.....						
107	Fakir Mahomed Isufkhan ...	Darga ...	Karelvádi (Thákurdvár Road) ...	.....	104	0	0	.....						
108	Abdulla Imamuddin ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....	30	0	0	.....						
109	Alamshah Jaffarsha ...	Do. ...	Duncan Road Cross Lane ...	.....	100	0	0	.....						
110	Dadamiya Rahim Alishah ...	Do. ...	Durgádevi Street ...	.....	100	0	0	.....						
111	Haji Kasam Jusab ...	Haji Kasam's Mosque ...	Dhanji Street, Grant Road ...	.....	500	0	0	.....						
112	Abdul Rahiman Haji Mahomed Kadwani.	Mángalvádi Mosque ...	Girgaon Road ...	.....	4,025	0	0	.....						
113	Do. do.	Pir Zulphikar's Darga ...	Do. ...	.....	700	0	0	.....						

114	Abba Ismail Memou ...	Pirshah Nawaz's Darga ...	Do. ...	1,920 0 0	75 0 0	
115	Rahimtulla Alotal ...	Pir Nursbah's Darga ...	Do. ...	225 0 0		
116	Nur Mahomed Ibrahim ...	Haji Sale Mahd's Darga ...	Do. ...	200 0 0		
117	Haji Abdulla Isa Fazal ...	Haji Ali ...	Mahá laxmi Road ...	200 0 0		
118	Chinehpugli Masjid and Darga ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	1,000 0 0		
119	Falkland Road Masjid ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	300 0 0		
120	Peerkhan Lane Masjid ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	500 0 0		
121	Gajri Bazár Masjid ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	150 0 0		
122	15th Lane Kámáthipura ...	Darga ...	Do. ...	100 0 0	400 0 0	
123	14th do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	150 0 0	250 0 0	
124	11th do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	25 0 0	75 0 0	
125	9th do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	75 0 0	125 0 0	
126	9th do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	75 0 0	125 0 0	
127	7th do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	25 0 0	75 0 0	
128	6th do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	50 0 0	100 0 0	
129	5th do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	200 0 0	200 0 0	
129	Bazár Road, Kámáthipura ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	150 0 0	150 0 0	
131	Do. do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	150 0 0	100 0 0	
132	Do. do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	.....	20 0 0	
133	Haji Jacob Jan Mahomed ...	Masjid and Darga ...	Sivri Road, Jakeria Bandar... ..	500 0 0		
134	Shekh Abdul Shekh Ismail... ..	Room used for religious pur- poses.	Arthur Road	1,095 0 0		
135	Shekh Abdulla Suleman ...	Do. do. ...	Do.	130 4 0		
136	Ismaíl Haji Aba ...	Masjid	Fergusson Road ... ..	.....	
137	Jangli Pir ...	Do.	Varli Hill ... ..	.....	
138	Haji Isa Haji Faizda ...	Haji Ali Masjid and Darga... ..	Near Breach Candy Vellard	3,000 0 0		
Total ...				23,193 4 0	99,241 6 0	1,777 10 0

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 9th September 1893.

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

Statement showing the number of persons who died in consequence of injuries received during the Riots.

Hindus.	Musalmins.	Others.	Total.
33	46	1 Jew.	80

*Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 9th September 1893.* }

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

Statement of persons arrested and dealt with during the Riots.

	Musalmins.	Hindus.	Total.	Remarks.	
Arrested ...	858	647	1,505		
Sent for trial ...	304	430	743		
Convicted {	Under Sections 117, 148, 149, 152, 454, I. P. Code.	78	112	190	Forty-two, 2 years each; twenty-one, 1½ years each; one, 9 months; eight, 8 months each; ninety-one, 6 months each; eleven, 3 months each; ten flogged; six fined.
	Under Section 22 of Act XLVIII of 1860.	216	308	524	
Discharged ...	10	19	29		
Remaining to be tried ...	554	208	762		

*Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 9th September 1893.* }

R. H. VINCENT,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

POLICE OF THE TOWN AND ISLAND OF BOMBAY FOR 1893.



Bombay:

PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.

1893

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APPENDIX B.

Statement showing the number of Deaths due to Bombay Riots as registered in the Registration Branch, Health Department, and the cause of death in each case.

No.	Date of Death.	Sections.	Street or Vadi.	Names.	SEX.		AGE.			Caste.	Occupation.	Cause of Death.	Inquest held.	Inquest was not held.
					Males.	Females.	Years.	Months.	Days.					
	1898.													
1	August 12...	Khetvadi	Chunabhutty	Gulbatana Sherdusman	1		35			Pathan	Dock labourer.	Gunshot wound of the right thigh	1	
2	" 12...	Do.	4th Khetvadi	Dhohdi Jivaji	1		40			Nahavi	Barber	Fracture of the skull from blows of sticks		1
3	" 12...	Mahalakshmi	Breach Candy Road.	Rama Vittu...	1		49			Marathi	Mali	Do. do.	1	
4	" 12...	Do.	Mahalakshmi	Husein	1		40			Mussalman	Mendicant	Do. do.	1	
5	" 11...	Kamatthipura	Kamatthipura 7th Street.	Devji Laxuman	1		40			Kanathi, Darji	Tailor	Do. do.	1	
6	" 12...	Byculla	Byculla	Babaji	1		30			Hindu, Marathi	Gardener	Compound fracture of the skull	1	
7	" 11...	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	1		25			Mahomedan	Unknown	Fracture of the skull from blows	1	
8	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		25			Do.	Do.	Gunshot wound	1	
9	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		30			Do.	Do.	Fracture of the skull from blows by sticks	1	
10	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		25			Do.	Do.	Do. do.	1	
11	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		40			Do.	Do.	Do. do.	1	
12	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		50			Do.	Do.	Do. do.	1	
13	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		25			Do.	Do.	Fracture of the skull and extensive scalp wound.	1	
14	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		80			Mahomedan	Do.	Haemorrhage from gunshot wound	1	
15	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		23			Pathan, Mahomedan	Do.	Fracture of the skull from blows by sticks	1	
16	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Do.	1		26			Do.	Do.	Do. do.	1	
17	" 13...	Khara Talao	Doctor Street	Salamiya Fakumiya	1		40			Do.	Servant	Gunshot wound	1	
18	" 13...	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	1		50			Do.	Unknown	Fracture of the skull	1	
19	" 14...	Nagpada	Nagpada, J. J. Hospital	Mota Kuma	1		20			H., Marvadi	Cook	Penetrating wound of the chest and lung	1	
20	" 12...	Chukla	Bhisty Molla	Chand Maluk	1		50			Mussalman	Servant	Fracture of the skull from blows by sticks	1	
21	" 12...	Dongri	Pengalipura, Jail side	Raghu Abaji	1		25			Marathi	Labourer	Stab in the abdomen from a knife	1	
22	" 13...	Umarskhali	Bhondy Bazar, J. J. H.	Warbi Waxir	1		20			Mussalman	Cart-driver	Penetrating bayonet wound of abdomen	1	
23	" 14...	Do.	Do.	Ramchandra Vithoba	1		32			Hindu	Labourer	Fracture of the skull and rupture of lung	1	
24	" 13...	Dongri	Khaduck	Miya Abdula	1		18			Mussalman	Domestic servant.	Fracture of the skull	1	
25	" 13...	Do.	Dongri, J. J. Hospital	Husein Hamabad	1		22			Do.	Unknown	Gunshot wound (right buttock)	1	
26	" 12...	Mazagaon	Mount Road	Bayash Bhava	1		40			Do.	Sawyer	Fracture of the skull by blows from sticks	1	
27	" 13...	Do.	Grant Road, J. J. H.	Babaji Sutan	1		25			Do.	Mill hand	Fracture of the skull and rupture of lungs	1	
28	" 14...	Do.	Narelvadi, Mount Road	Abdulally Abdulkhan	1		16			Do.	Mill labourer	Fracture of the skull by blows from sticks	1	
29	" 13...	Do.	Mount Road	Urpal Hakim	1		30			Do.	Cook	Do. do.	1	
30	" 12...	2nd Nagpada	Shaik Budan Kamudan Street.	Ibramsab Adamsab	1		60			Shaik, Mussalman.	Custom peon	Gunshot wound		1
31	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Bahimudin Shaik Ismail	1		22			Do.	Coalman on steamer.	Do.		1
32	" 12...	Do.	Undria Street	Abdullatif Fakirmahomed	1		21			Do.	Student	Do.		1
33	" 12...	Do.	Do.	Abdulrahiman Sharfudin	1		15			Do.	Boilermaker	Do.		1
34	" 12...	Do.	Temker Street	Isak Rajed	1		25			Bengali do.	Fireman on steamer.	Do.		1
35	" 12...	Do.	Huzaria Street	Miya Karamally	1		27			Do.	Do.	Do.		1
36	" 13...	Do.	Tank Street	Ramjan Ismail	1		60			Momin do.	Weaver	Penetrating wound		1
37	" 13...	Do.	New Campura	Matherkhan Pirkhan	1		18			Pathar do.	Fireman on steamer.	Do.		1
38	" 13...	Do.	Undria Street	Shaik Buran Shaik Valli	1		60			Shaik do.	Stone-cutter	Do.		1
39	" 13...	Kamatthipura	Kamatthipura 7th Street.	Khanmahomed Niwas	1		40			Momin do.	Moklam in Mill.	Injuries not specified		1
40	" 12...	Byculla	Haines Road	Unknown	1		40			Mahomedan	Unknown	Fracture of the skull by blows from sticks	1	
41	" 12...	Do.	Agripada	Rama Ganra	1		40			Hindu	Labourer	Fracture of the base of the skull	1	
42	" 15...	Parel	Arthur Road	Bama Arjun	1		22			Marathi	Mill do.	Exhaustion following wounds of the chest and stomach.	1	
43	" 14...	Do.	Do.	Bhiva Babaji	1		67			Do.	Plumber	Haemorrhage from bayonet wound	1	

No.	Date	Place	Address	Name	Sex		Age			Caste	Occupation	Cause of Injury	Length of hospital	Length of convalescence
					Males	Females	Years	Months	Days					
44	Sept 15	Paral	Curry Road	Jahangir Usman	1		40			Mussalman	Domestic servant	Fracture of the skull by blows from sticks	1	
45	" 13	Do	Do	Cheda	1		35			Do	Do	Do	1	
46	" 13	Do	Do	Sakina		1	30			Menan	(Husband) Dyer	Do	1	
47	" 12	Brought by Police Pandar to J. J. Hospital.	Peon No. 820 from Tank	Raghu Yashwan	1		22			Hindu	Mill hand	Fracture of the base of the skull	1	
48	" 12	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	1		35			Do	Barber	Fracture of the skull	1	
49	" 12	Do	Do	Do	1		24			Do	Unknown	Haemorrhage from a cut throat	1	
50	" 12	Do	Do	Do	1		21			Do	Do	Fracture of the skull	1	
51	" 12	Do	Do	Do	1		55			Do	Do	Do	1	
52	" 12	Do	Do	Do	1		20			Do	Do	Fracture of the skull by blows from sticks	1	
53	" 11	Do	Do	Do	1		30			Do	Do	Fracture of the base of the skull	1	
54	" 12	Do	Do	Do	1		20			Do	Do	Fracture of the skull by blows of sticks	1	
55	" 13	Do	Do	Do	1		23			Do	Do	Do	1	
56	" 13	Do	Do	Do	1		40			Do	Do	Do	1	
57	" 13	Do	Do	Do	1		24			Do	Do	Do	1	
58	" 13	Do	Do	Do	1		40			Do	Do	Do	1	
59	" 11	Do	Do	Do	1		37			Do	Do	Compound fracture of the skull	1	
60	" 11	Do	Do	Do	1		50			Do	Do	Fracture of the skull	1	
61	" 12	Do	Do	Do	1		17			Do	Do	Compound comminuted fracture of the skull	1	
62	" 12	Do	Do	Do	1		40			Mussalman	Do	Fracture of the skull and scalp wound	1	
63	" 12	Do	Brought by Police Peon No. 1291, J. J. Hospital.	Do	1		26			Do	Do	Fracture of the skull by blows from sticks	1	
64	" 12	Do	Unknown, J. J. Hospital.	Do	1		38			Do	Do	Do	1	
65	" 12	Brought by Police Tanks to J. J. Hospital.	Peon No. 1059 from Two	Jaman Khudabax	1		24			Do	Do	Bayonet wound of right thigh	1	
66	" 16	Khara Talao	Guzar Street	Hassan Khan	1		40			Do	Fireman	Wound of the chest from a lance	1	
67	" 16	Tardeo	Grant Road	Radhia		1	25			Kunbi, Parsesi	Paan shop-keeper	Gunshot wound on the hand and neck (exhaustion) by a rifle.	1	
68	" 15	Byculla	Jacob Circle	Ibrahim	1		26			Mussalman	Barber	Fracture of the base of the skull	1	
69	" 16	Tardeo	Grant Road	Vazir Kader	1		60			Mahomedan	Cook	Gunshot wound of the left thigh	1	
70	" 17	1st Nagpada	Pirkhan Lane	Ismail Pawasab	1		21			Do	Fitter	Do	1	
71	" 18	Mazgaon	Mazgaon Road	Kama Khanderao	1		70			Marathi	Groom	Internal injuries caused by stones and sticks	1	
72	" 19	Umakhadi	Old Nagpada	Jogdor Badrinath	1		30			Parsesi, Brahmin	G. I. P. Railway Police.	Tetanus traumatic (from wound of the scalp by blows from sticks).	1	
73	" 20	Bhuleshvar	Cawasji Patel Tank Road.	Govind Essu	1		45			Marathi	Mali	Tetanus traumatic (from wound of the head by blows from sticks).	1	
74	" 22	Paral	Chinchpugly	Kasia Laxuman	1		25			Do	Mill Labourer.	Do	1	
75	" 25	Kamathipura	Kamathipura 11th Street.	Bhuma Ramaya	1		30			Kamathi	Labourer	Tetanus traumatic from scalp wound	1	
76	" 26	Lower Colaba	Lower Colaba	Syed Mirza Syed Ahmed	1		35			Mahomedan	Police Sepoy	Gunshot wound of the right thigh received while in the execution of his duties.	1	
77	" 27	Kumbharvada	Bhangy Molla	Dadu Nithal	1		25			Hindu (Bhangy).	Municipal Hallkhora.	Tetanus traumatic from wound of the hand by blows from sticks.	1	
78	" 26	Mazgaon	Nesbit Road	Govind Ratnu	1		40			Marathi	Labourer in G. I. P. Railway Workshop.	Tetanus traumatic from wound of the head by blows from sticks.	1	
79	" 26	Unknown	Unknown	Ibrahim Rajman	1		7			Shaik, Mussalman.	Mendicant	Tetanus traumatic from wound of the head caused by stones.	1	
80	" 28	2nd Nagpada	Bellasis Road	Mordekhy Moses	1		27			Jew	Dealer in Turkish caps.	Penetrating bayonet wound of abdomen	1	
*81	Sept. 14	Khara Talao	Guzar Street	Visbram Janu	1		45			Marathi	Labourer	Gunshot wound of the lower jaw	1	

* This individual died since the submission of Mr. Vincent's Report No. 5537 dated 6th September 1893.

Public Health Department,
Bombay, 16th October 1893.

T. S. WEIR,
Health Officer.

Annual and Periodical Reports—

Police Administration in the Town
and Island of Bombay. Report
on the—for the year 1893.

No. 4879.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 12th July, 1894.

Letter from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, No. 3109, dated the 12th May, 1894—
Submitting the Annual Police Report for the Town and Island of Bombay for the year
1893.

Further letter from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, No. 3109, dated the 12th May, 1894—
Stating that, in conformity with the instructions contained in Government Resolution
No. 4075, dated the 14th July, 1886, he forwarded the report to the Chief Presidency
Magistrate, and appending copy of a letter from that officer, No. 526, dated the 12th
May, 1894.

RESOLUTION.—In dealing with Mr. Vincent's Annual Report on the Police Administration of the city of Bombay for 1893, two important considerations must be borne in mind. In the first place, when comparing the volume of crime in the city with the returns of previous years the effect upon the statistics of the prosecutions arising indirectly as well as directly from the riots of August last must be recognized, while in commenting upon the success of the Police in dealing with crime and criminals regard must be had to the fact that the City Police force was, during 1893, in a state of transition. The Governor in Council has, in Government Resolution No. 36, dated the 4th January, 1894, dealt at length with the origin, progress and suppression of the disturbances upon which the Commissioner of Police submitted his report on September 9th, 1893, and it is therefore unnecessary to do more than indicate the important bearing they have upon the returns attached to the Annual Police Report. It is also difficult, after so short an interval, to draw any conclusions as to the effects of the partial measure for strengthening the Police to which sanction was last year accorded by the Secretary of State and which was introduced by Government Resolution No. 5389, dated 28th August, 1893. The full effects of that measure may be expected to be felt during the current year; and the further increase, to which the sanction of the Government of India has recently been received, will, it is hoped, result in an immediate improvement in the health of the force, by enabling the Commissioner to reduce the hours of duty to a reasonable maximum.

2. It appears from the appendices to the report that the number of cognizable and non-cognizable cases and of persons concerned therein compare with the returns of the year 1892 as under :—

	Cases.				Persons.			
	1892.	1893.	Increase in 1893.	Decrease in 1893.	1892.	1893.	Increase in 1893.	Decrease in 1893.
Cognizable	29,581	28,125	4,544	...	23,314	30,048	6,734	...
Non-cognizable	9,189	7,959	...	1,230	7,649	6,573	...	1,076
Total	29,770	33,084	4,544	1,230	30,963	36,621	6,734	1,076

In 1893 the number of Indian Penal Code offences was 3,730 involving 3,880 persons, against 3,865 offences in connection with which 3,265 persons appeared before the Courts in 1892. This decrease, which is entirely under the heading of ordinary thefts, is the more remarkable in that the increase (due to the riots) under classes I to III (in Statement A, Part I) is very large. Mr. Vincent, in paragraph 13, accounts for this partly by attributing the increase under the more serious offences, and the coincident decrease in the minor offences, to a

more correct classification of crime, but alludes also in paragraph 17 to the absence from Bombay, for some time after the riots, of the class of petty thieves and vagabonds who contribute so largely to the number of minor offences against property.

3. Of the remaining cognizable cases, which numbered 21,395 as compared with 16,716 in 1892, the most remarkable increase occurred in those under the Police Acts, the number of which (including the offence of drunkenness) reached 12,562 against 7,992 in 1892. Of the former 1,202 offences were directly traceable to the riots, and no doubt a larger number was indirectly due to the same cause. The increase of over 900 in the number of cases of drunkenness is serious; but the Governor in Council is disposed for the present to attribute the spread of this vice to the first and third of the causes given in paragraph 24 of the report rather than to the second. Should the same feature be present in the current year when, it is to be hoped, the last cause will be non-existent, it may be necessary to enquire how far the second cause also contributes to the increase.

4. There were eleven cases of murder, four of which were committed during the riots, and four cases of culpable homicide. Of these fifteen cases, in which 39 persons appear to have been concerned, nine cases ended in the conviction of 31 persons.

5. Of the total number of Police cases investigated the percentage prosecuted to conviction rose from 89.63 in 1892 to 92.97 in the year under review, while no fewer than 97.69 per cent. of cases actually brought before and decided by the Courts resulted in convictions. Property to the value of Rs. 3,76,658 was stolen, and 41.03 per cent. or Rs. 1,54,576 were recovered. The Police were more successful in 1892 in the recovery of stolen property. The Commissioner of Police gives in paragraph 37 an interesting table, from which it would appear that, unless the classification of offences has in previous years been faulty, the value of property stolen in ordinary theft cases hardly increased at all, whereas the goods stolen in cases of "house-breaking and theft" were valued at nearly Rs. 1½ lakhs in 1893 against less than one lakh in 1892. The fact merely coincides with the fluctuation, already noticed in paragraph 3 of this Resolution, in the class of offences committed, but the comparative failure of the Police in recovering property stolen in 1893 may, it seems to the Governor in Council, be due to the change in the nature of the circumstances under which the property became the subject of the offence of theft. If this explanation be the true one it is possible that the Commissioner of Police in paragraph 17 of his report lays too much stress on the faulty classification of offences which obtained in previous years, and the Governor in Council will await the results of another year's Police administration for a fuller explanation of the apparent change. It seems possible that the decrease in the petty thefts, reported last year to be so frequent at Mahim and in other suburbs, may be due to the possibility, since the Commissioner of Police has begun to entertain his enlarged force, of making more adequate provision for the protection of the inhabitants of the outlying parts of the town.

6. The Coroner held inquests in 494 cases, in 73 of which death was due to injuries received during the riots. The number of cases in which death was attributed to suicide was 92.

7. It is difficult to compare the conduct of the force, strengthened as it was during a part of the year, with the conduct as displayed by the list of rewards and punishments awarded in previous years. Mr. Vincent has, moreover, correctly stopped the practice of showing as rewards what were merely routine promotions. The conduct of the men under their officers, as displayed when the emergency of August last arose, was excellent, and with the better class of recruits which will be obtainable at the revised rates of pay, a generally high standard of efficiency may confidently be looked for. The health of the men, it appears from paragraphs 72 and 73 of the report, was anything but satisfactory, but in this respect, more than any other, an improvement may be expected directly the enlistment of the additional men sanctioned admits of a reduction in the hours of duty.

8. The Governor in Council has read with pleasure the high opinion formed by the Commissioner of Police of the merits of the Superintendents

Sweeney, Brewin, MacDermot, Ingram and Jones and of the Inspectors ... in paragraph 78 of the report. Mr. Brewin appears to have carried out the special duty to which he was appointed ably and well and Sardar Mir Abdul Ali Khán Bahádur has maintained the high reputation which his energy and tact have gained for him. Mr. Crummy, who acted as Deputy Commissioner throughout the year under report, ably seconded Mr. Vincent's untiring efforts towards the maintenance of the efficiency of the force and the suppression of disorder in a year which presented circumstances of unusual difficulty.

9. Copies of the report and of this Resolution should be forwarded to the Government of India and the Secretary of State.

(Signed) C. H. A. HILL,
Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay,
The Chief Presidency Magistrate,
The Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay,
The Compiler of the General Administration Report,
The General Department,
The Government of India,
The Secretary of State for India. } By letter.

No. of 1894.

Copy forwarded for information and guidance to

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

POLICE OF THE TOWN AND ISLAND OF BOMBAY FOR 1892.



Bombay:
PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.
1893.

No. $\frac{1225}{7}$ OF 1893.

FROM

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
Bombay;

TO

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
Judicial Department,
Bombay.

*Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893.*

SIR,

I have the honour to submit herewith the annual report on the working of the Bombay City Police for 1892.

2. In conformity with the instructions contained in Government Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 4075, dated 14th July 1886, I forwarded the report to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and beg to attach hereto, for the information of Government, a copy of the letter No. 394, dated 5th instant, from that officer.

3. By an oversight I omitted to mention the harmony and good feeling with which the Police and the Magistrates have worked together in the past year and am glad that the Chief Presidency Magistrate has mentioned it.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,
W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

No. 394 OF 1893.

FROM

C. P. COOPER, Esq.,
Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge;

TO

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
Bombay.

*Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court,
Bombay, 5th April 1893.*

SIR,

In returning with thanks the Bombay Police annual report for the year 1892 forwarded with your letter No. $\frac{1802}{7}$ dated the 3rd instant, on which I have no remarks to offer, I have the honour to suggest that mention might be made of the harmony and good feeling with which the Police and the Magistrates' departments continue to work together.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,
(Signed) C. P. COOPER,
Chief Presidency Magistrate
and Revenue Judge.

(True Copy)

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

FROM

COLONEL W. H. WILSON,
Commissioner of Police,
Bombay;

TO

W. LEE-WARNER, Esq., C. S. I.,
Secretary to Government, Judicial Department,
Bombay.

*Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893.*

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the annual report on the police administration in the Town and Island of Bombay during the year 1892.

2. I was in charge of the office of Commissioner of Police throughout the year; while the appointment of my Deputy was held by Mr. H. G. Gell up to 24th September 1892, when he went on furlough. Since then the senior Superintendent of the Force, Mr. J. Crummy, has been acting.

3. The statements A, B, D, E and F, as prescribed by the Government of India, together with the additional forms mentioned below, are appended to this report:—

- G.—Statement of expenditure on police buildings.
- H.—Statement of resignations and dismissals.
- I.—Statement of juvenile offenders.
- J.—Statement of re-convicted persons.
- K.—Statement of Coroner's inquests.
- L.—Statement of fires in Bombay.

4. During the year under review, 20,581 cognizable cases were reported to the Police and the Magistrates against 17,894 in 1891, showing an increase of 2,688 cases. This increase was mostly confined to Classes III and V and Miscellaneous Laws. Of the 20,581 cases reported, 18,158 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 88.22 against 86.6 last year.

5. The subjoined table shows the number of cognizable cases under the Indian Penal Code:—

	1891.	1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
Abetments ...	...	...	...	...
Class I ...	25	18	...	7
" II ...	271	246	...	25
" III ...	245	288	43	...
" IV ...	34	30	...	4
" V ...	3,207	3,283	76	...
Total ...	3,782	3,865	119	36

Net increase 83.

6. The increase of 83 cases under the Indian Penal Code is chiefly to be noticed in "House-breaking" (Serial No. 30), "Thefts, ordinary" (Serial No. 44) and "Receiving stolen property" (Serial No. 46).

7. The major portion of the increase in cases of house-breaking again took place in the outlying suburbs of Māhim and Sion, where the police posts are very far apart on account of the paucity of the force. With an increase to the force on the re-organization scheme being sanctioned, this class of crime in

those districts instead of increasing will no doubt decrease. As regards the increase in thefts the same remarks apply. Cases of receiving stolen property show an increase of 41 cases. If detection is good, this is to be expected when there is an increase of crimes against property.

8. Under Class VI and Miscellaneous Laws the figures for 1891 and 1892 stand as under—

	1891.	1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
Class VI ...	671	426	...	245
Miscellaneous Laws ...	13,440	16,290	2,850	...
Total ...	14,111	16,716	2,850	245

Net increase 2,605.

9. The increase of 2,605 cases correctly falls under the Police Acts, and not, as would appear from a comparison of the statement for 1891 and 1892, under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act. The total number of cases entered under the latter head in 1891 was 828. But inasmuch as such cases had to be amalgamated with the number of cases under the Police Acts prior to the notification at page 716, Part I, of the *Government Gazette* dated 3rd September 1891, it was not possible to show them separately. From the figures obtained from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for 1891 it appears that there were 3,771 cases against 3,079 in the year under report.

10. The increase in cases under the Police Acts chiefly occurred in connection with petty offences such as street obstructions, &c. This increase is due to greater attention on the part of the Police on account of frequent complaints from the public.

11. The remaining increase is chiefly confined to the Public Conveyance Act, and is attributable to the complaints by the public of the annoyance caused by the drivers charging down on them when plying for hire off the stands.

12. I am glad to observe that drunkenness continues to decrease. The temperance movements set on foot in different parts of the town may justly claim their share of this improvement.

13. The decrease under the head of "Bad Characters" is attributable to a misunderstanding on the part of one of the Superintendents last year in entering "beggars" under this head in the year 1891. The mistake was only discovered when compiling this report.

14. With reference to gambling, I have to remark that during the months of August, September and October a game called "Eki Beki" played on a bagatelle table was started, and in a short time spread rapidly over the town, causing a gambling mania amongst the lower classes. The game is played as follows:—

The player takes eight billiard balls—four plain and four spotted (the plain balls being known or designated "Eki" and the spotted balls "Beki"), and places them in files behind each other on the table in the following order:—one plain and one spotted, one spotted and one plain, and so on in couples; on the upper spot of the bagatelle table two red balls are spotted or placed; the player then with some force and in a haphazard manner pushes or propels the eight balls with his two hands and strikes the red balls; the bets, which have already been made by the persons around and about the tables between themselves, are decided by the highest number of either the plain or spotted balls pocketed.

At first, doubts were entertained as to whether the game could be brought within the provisions of the Gambling Act, and it was only after the visit of the Public Prosecutor to one of the houses that I was in a position to take vigorous action, and stamp out this demoralizing form of game on a bagatelle table. In a few days the houses were all closed.

15. In connection with gambling, the case known as the "Barsát-ká-Satta", or rain speculation case, may be mentioned. This case was finally decided a few days ago by the High Court on an appeal against the decision of the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The Magistrate's decision has been upheld. I have addressed Government requesting them to move the Legislature to amend the law on gambling, if possible, before the next monsoon, in such a way as to bring within its purview the rain betting, as I understand that endeavours are being made by the promoters of rain speculation to rent a place for the purpose in the vicinity of a public clock.

16. In connection with cognizable crime, 23,314 persons were arrested and placed before the Magistrates against 22,225 in the previous year. Of these, 21,350 were convicted, showing a percentage of 91.57 against 91.07 in 1891, 1,580 were acquitted, 72 were under trial, 10 committed to Sessions and 302 were otherwise disposed of.

17. Of the cognizable cases 16,797 were reported to, and investigated by, the Police. Of this number 15,040 ended in conviction, 709 in acquittal, and 17 were pending at the end of the year, the percentage of police cases investigated to cases convicted being 89.53 as against 87.31 in 1891. Of the remaining 1,031 cases, 27 were maliciously false, 783 were undetected and 221 were transferred to other authorities and otherwise disposed of.

18. The percentage of undetected cases to cases reported is 1.66 against 5.52 in the previous year, which shows an improvement in the detection of crime. Amongst the undetected cases 135 were of house-breaking and 628 of theft.

19. The large number of cases remaining undetected emphasises the necessity for the long-delayed increase to the force. It is, however, satisfactory to find that the percentage of detection is slightly better than last year: but when a force is undermanned, and consequently excessively overworked, they have not the time to give the necessary attention to undetected cases, their energies being fully employed in attending to the crimes of the hour.

20. *Property stolen and recovered.*—Property of the total value of Rs. 3,02,788 was reported to have been stolen in the year under report, while the recovery amounted to Rs. 1,50,776, giving a percentage of 49.79 against 51.6 last year.

21. The number of serious offences against life was 10 as against 11 in the previous year; of these 8 were other murders including 1 case of infanticide; 1 was an attempt at murder, and 1 was culpable homicide. Convictions were obtained in 1 case of other murders and in 1 of culpable homicide.

22. The following is the review of serious crime :—

Other murders.—On the 18th February at 2 p. m. the attention of the Police was called to a room on Nowroji Hill which was locked, and on being forced open the dead body of a Hindu woman named Penkoo, aged 22, was discovered with her throat cut, and alongside a chopper stained with blood which had been recently sharpened. Her paramour Rungoochary Tandawarcharry was suspected, as he had absconded. Every effort has been made to trace him, but without success, up to the present.

23. On the 27th February, at 10.30 p. m., one Abdulla Gopichand raised an alarm that his mistress Rádhi, aged 28, had been murdered. They lived at Falkland Road and occupied two rooms with an entrance at front and back. The deceased was found lying in the back room with her throat cut; ornaments valued at Rs. 5 were missing from her person; the sheet on her bed had an impression of a bloody hand. Abdulla had a peculiar crooked finger and the impression corresponded with his hand. Two boxes in the room had been forced open; in one of these a pair of trousers was found stained with blood. Abdulla was seen wearing these the same evening. Abdulla and Rádhi frequently quarrelled about money and other women, and on this day he had brought a woman named Jooloo to the house. Rádhi had a row with him over this woman, and he assaulted her. Jooloo stated that she held Rádhi by the legs and Abdulla cut her throat. Abdulla and Jooloo were arrested. Jooloo afterwards withdrew her statement, and was discharged by the Magistrate. Abdulla was committed to the Sessions, where the evidence against him was considered insufficient, and he was discharged.

24. On the 20th April, at 7 a. m., one Rághu Malhári entered the house of Rukhna Náráyan in L. ly Jamshedji Road, Malhári, where he found his wife

Gopi. He stabbed Rukhma in the back and stomach with a large kitchen knife. Gopi caught hold of him by the waist when he stabbed her on the left side, from which she died on the spot. An alarm was raised, and a Mahomedan neighbour arrested Rághu as he was attempting to escape. Rukhma Náráyen died in the Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital a few hours after admission. It appeared that Rukhma had on two occasions enticed Rághu's wife from his house. Rághu was tried at the Sessions and transported for life.

25. On the 28th April, at 6 A.M., the lifeless body of a mendicant named Lallia *alias* Walji, aged 28 years, was discovered on the foot-path in Hornby Road near the Standard Buildings lying in a pool of blood. A deep wound was visible on the right temple. One Gania Tukárám, Morár Nána and Bália Ganpat were arrested. It appeared that they had a row with the deceased the previous day about the division of some money stolen by a lad whom Bália had reared up as an expert pick-pocket. Deceased threatened to inform the Police. During the night they all spent the money in eating and drinking, and at 2 A. M. one of the three accused threw a large stone on the head of the deceased whilst he was asleep. The stone was found alongside the body. The Magistrate discharged two of the accused. Gania Tukárám was committed to the Sessions, but owing to the principal witness absconding, the Crown entered a "*nolle prosequi*," and accused was discharged.

26. On the 21st May, at 2 A. M., a woman named Rádhi, aged 20, living with her husband Sumboo Rukmáji, a Dock labourer, at Nowroji Hill, was heard by the neighbours calling aloud for help. As the door was secured from inside, a policeman was sent for, who opened the latch with a nail. The room was in darkness; on a light being brought, Rádhi and Sumboo Rukmáji were discovered lying on the floor with their throats cut. Both were dead, and a knife covered with fresh blood by the side of them. Sumboo had reason to believe his wife guilty of improper conduct with an acquaintance of his, and for two months they had lived on bad terms. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of murder against Sumboo Rukmáji.

27. At 5-45 A. M. on the 3rd June the dead body of one Bápu Sakhárám, aged 18 years, was discovered in a toddy tope north of the Victoria Gardens. The throat had been cut, and there was a large incised wound on the chin. The body was on its back and naked, fresh blood was on it, and a pool of blood below; his *dhotar* lying alongside and his *langoti* under the legs; a pice was found near the body. Sallu, the mother, was found at a chawl in the Chinchpokly Road. She identified the body and stated that Bápu worked in the E. D. Sassoon Mill and lived with her. The previous evening after taking his food he took a pice from her, stating he was going to hear a *kirtan* in the chawl. He then had on a silver *kurgota* valued at Rs. 24 and a gold ring in his right ear valued at Rs. 4. As he did not return by 11 P. M. she became anxious and made enquiries, but could find no trace of him. He was not seen at the *kirtan*. The *kurgota* and the ear-ring were missing off the body. He appeared to have been murdered for this property. He was a good lad and was well liked by the mill and chawl people. A searching and prolonged enquiry was made by the Police and Detectives. On the 17th June two Hindus, who had been seen in the company of the deceased the evening before the murder, were arrested on suspicion, but were subsequently discharged by the Magistrate, as nothing could be discovered to connect them with this crime.

28. On the 23rd September the body of a newly born female child was discovered in a well at Belvedere Road. It had an iron pulley tied to the waist and a piece of tape round the neck. The Police Surgeon could not state whether the child had been born alive, as the body was much decomposed, but that the tape round the neck was sufficient to cause strangulation. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of murder against some person or persons unknown. No clue could be obtained in this case.

29. On the afternoon of the 21st November one Rághu Bhikiya whilst walking along Northbrook Street suddenly knocked down a woman named Itti and stabbed her with a knife in the abdomen, and was about to strike another blow with the knife when a Mahomedan pluckily disarmed him and made him over to the Police. Itti died ten days afterwards in the Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital. It appeared that Itti was in the keeping of Rághu, and that she was constantly calling on him to supply her with money and clothes; they had

frequent quarrels over this. Rághu, who was only a labourer, was unable to meet her demands. The case was pending at the end of the year.

30. *Attempt at murder.*—On the 12th June 1892, at about 11-30 p.m., one Chandulál Khusálji while returning from his place of business to his residence at Mumbádevi was assaulted just as he was entering his house by a person he recognized as a bad character. He was first struck a blow with a stick on the back, and on crying for help, and turning round to see who his assailant was, he received a heavy blow on the head from an Arab Sidhi whom he knew to be also a bad character. The blow on the head caused him to bleed profusely and he was removed to the Goculdáss Tejpal Hospital. Had Chandulál not been protected by his pagri the injury to the head might have proved fatal. It appeared that there had been some bad feeling existing between Chandulál and one Táráchand Godidáss about some money matters, and that Táráchand, in order to wreak his vengeance upon Chandulál, had hired the two men to commit this assault on him. The complainant in this case laid an information before the Magistrate charging Abdulla Bhesi with an attempt to murder and Táráchand and Ghena Akla with abetment. They were all discharged, as the Magistrate was not satisfied with the evidence. Abdulla Bhesi has since been deported as a notoriously bad character under Act III of 1864.

31. *Culpable Homicide.*—On the 4th September, about 10 p.m., a hamal named Soma Bosáwa, aged 30, called to see his brother Munju in the service of the Honourable Fazulbhoy Vishráam at Mahálakshmi. In the same compound their brother-in-law Kana resided, with whom they were on bad terms. Soma quarrelled with Kana and struck him with a stick. He reported that matter to his master, Mr. Mir Ali, the son of the Honourable Fazulbhoy Vishráam. Mr. Mir Ali accompanied by his cousin, Mr. Musábhoy, went to the servants' quarters and ordered a Pardesi to arrest Soma. This the Pardesi did; but shortly afterwards Soma escaped and drew a knife and stabbed the two Mahomedan gentlemen mentioned and three servants. Amongst the latter was one Gopál Sewa, aged 19, who died in the Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital three days afterwards. Soma tried to escape, but was arrested by a Police sepoy. He was convicted at Sessions of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and transported for ten years.

32. *Non-cognizable Crime.*—There were in all 9,189 non-cognizable cases during the year under report, of which 4,066 were under the Indian Penal Code and 5,123 under special and local laws. Under the latter head there were 4,958 municipal cases. In connection with non-cognizable crime, 7,649 persons appeared before the Courts, of whom 2,888 were convicted, 1,269 were acquitted, 3,458 were discharged after appearance, and 32 were awaiting trial at the end of the year, the remaining 2 being transferred.

33. The following statement shows the different communities to which offenders in cognizable and non-cognizable cases belonged :—

	CASTA.														Grand Total.
	European.		Portuguese.		Hindu.		Mahomedan.		Páral.		Others.		Total.		
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Cognizable ...	866	6	539	18	13,213	592	8,007	104	207	1	78	6	22,557	719	23,276
Non-cognizable.	61	6	179	4	2,804	327	2,462	185	423	45	94	...	7,002	667	7,669
Total ...	427	11	718	17	17,077	919	10,559	289	630	46	169	6	29,559	1,386	30,945

34. With reference to the explanation required by Government as per paragraph 3 of their Resolution No. 3486, dated 24th June 1892, Judicial Department, on the Police Administration Report of the City of Bombay for 1891 it has been discovered that 5 cases instead of 6 were wrongly entered in column 8 of the Statement A, Part I, which explains the erroneous percentage shown in the statement.

35. *Trade under the Arms Act.*—The subjoined statements indicate the extent of arms, ammunition, &c., exported, imported and transported at Bombay :—

Received into Bombay.

	Air Guns.	Rifles.	Carbines.	Guns.	Pistols and Revolvers.	Swords.	CARTRIDGES.		Percussion Caps.	GUNPOWDER.				BLASTING POWDER.				SULPHUR.				CRACKERS.		Other Fire works.	Fuse Coils.	Bengal Lights.	Fog Signals.	Amorces.	Blasting Gelatine.
							Loaded.	Empty.		Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.						
1892.																													
By Import including transhipment ...	151	439	2	213	351	90	7,05,100	8,22,907	1,74,51,000	24	15	...	194	15	12	2	...	555	2	1	9	1,108	13	7,635	3,14,101	8,000 and 3 cwt.	65,242	18 and 2 dozen.	...
By Transport ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,000	
Total ...	151	439	2	213	351	90	7,05,100	8,22,907	1,74,51,000	24	15	...	194	15	12	2	...	555	2	1	9	1,108	13	7,635	3,14,101	8,000 and 3 cwt.	65,242	18 and 2 dozen.	8,000
1891 ...	37	202	87	208	273	723	6,71,953	9,21,659	1,71,56,800	43	11	3	8	41	14	3	8	431	12	...	8	1,621	194	1,419	19,489	15,925	14,483	1,000	...
Increase ...	144	177	...	40	73	...	39,112	...	2,64,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	153	10	1	1	...	...	6,218	2,95,613	...	50,504	...	8,000
Decrease ...	...	...	65	...	...	523	...	99,351	.....	18	16	2	204	26	2	1	8	...	...	...	...	524	224	...	...	6,225 and 3 cwt.	...	9-2 and 2 dozen.	...

Sent out of Bombay.

	Air Guns.	Rifles.	Carbines.	Guns.	Pistols and Revolvers.	Swords.	CARTRIDGES.		Percussion Caps.	GUNPOWDER.				BLASTING POWDER.				SULPHUR.				Dynamite.	Detonators.	Fuse Coils.	AMORCES.					Gelatine.
							Loaded.	Empty.		Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.				Tons.	Cwt.	Qrs.	Lbs.	Gross.	
1892.																														
By Export ...	1	11	...	4	6	...	68,000	52,000	39,36,250	7	5	3	22	6	18	...	19	87	4	2	12	45,000	2,85,400	19,630	...	...	...	...	...	27,650
By Transport ...	18	74	...	60	76	21	1,66,950	2,87,710	1,24,92,375	19	19	2	12	19	15	3	19	285	10	2	21	16,780 and 50 No.	42,200	3,24,439	...	...	...	...	530	2,000
By Transhipment ...	15	19	...	10	111	8	1,02,200	1,675	6,96,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	238	11	...	1	.....	...	...	3	13	1	2	1,174	...
Total ...	34	104	...	74	192	24	3,32,150	3,41,235	1,70,94,625	20	5	2	6	26	14	...	10	611	6	1	6	61,780	3,27,600	3,44,069	3	13	1	2	1,704	23,650
1891 ...	3	51	88	473	44	631	1,32,250	2,54,000	1,37,57,400	30	17	2	6	18	19	2	11	505	8	3	25	65,200	79,270	1,65,087	1	14	3	...	...	4,350
Increase ...	81	53	...	...	148	...	1,99,870	87,286	33,37,225	...	...	...	...	7	14	1	27	106	18	2	9	...	2,49,330	1,78,982	1	19	3	2	1,704	23,300
Decrease ...	...	...	...	414	...	697	...	...	.....	4	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,510	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

The licenses and permits issued under the Arms Act during the past year were as follows:—

Permits to exempted persons	1,498
Do. to public servants	87
Possession licenses	451
Journey do.	77
Dealers' do.	39
Transshipment licenses	51
Export licenses to exempted persons in Native States ...	1,003
Export and transport, including other licenses registered in this office	716
Import licenses	310
Permits for withdrawal of ammunition from the Siwri Magazine	336
Total ...	4,568
1891 ...	3,888
Increase ...	680

36. *Inquests.*—During the year under report the Coroner held 409 inquests against 403 in the previous year. The following is the record of the verdicts:—

Homicides... ..	12
Deaths caused by rash and negligent acts	5
Suicides	93
Accidental deaths	228
Deaths from natural causes	44
Deaths from unknown causes	27
Total ...	409

Of the 93 suicides, the numbers in the different communities were as follows:—

European.		Eurasian.		Native Christian.		Mahomedan.		Parsi.		Brahmin.		Maráthi.		Banias.		Other Castes.		Low Caste.		Total Hindus.		Grand Total.	
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
0	1	1	1	...	...	7	4	10	3	...	3	11	13	11	1	12	6	3	3	85	27	69	31
																						93	

37. *Pilgrims.*—From information furnished by Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son it appears that during 1892 they granted passes and passports to 8,143 against 9,096 in 1891. Of this number 5,834 were British subjects, 724 subjects of Native States and 1,585 foreigners. Besides the above number, 147 passed through Bombay to the Hedjaz on passports obtained from different British Civil and Political Officers in India.

38. *Fires.*—During the year under review, 109 fires occurred against 105 in 1891, the aggregate loss of property being Re. 72,231. In one of these fires that took place at Carnac Road on 13th March 1892, 2 persons were burnt to death.

39. *Mohurram.*—The following table gives the number of tábut and punjás erected in the past two years:—

Year.		Tábut.	Punjás.	Total.
1891	...	177	899	1,076
1892	...	169	883	1,052
Increase		...	...	...
Decrease		...	16	24

During this festival the energies of the Police are taxed to the utmost. For

10 days it is a constant strain. The usual careful arrangements were made, and the festival passed off quietly.

40. The visit of His Excellency the Marquis of Lansdowne, Viceroy and Governor-General of India, at the end of March last, for the purpose of opening the Tánsa Water Works entailed considerable extra work on the Police. The resource and intelligence of the force were fully exemplified on the occasion of the several entertainments organized at the time. It affords me pleasure to be able to note that His Excellency the Viceroy expressed his full appreciation of the way in which the Police had performed their duties.

41. One of the features of the year has been a number of strikes among the mill-hands on account of reduction of wages. The following strikes took place in the different divisions:—

D Division	...	...	...	1 mill.
E "	...	...	...	6 mills.
F & G "	...	...	...	4 "

Considerable extra work was thrown on the Police by these strikes, in order to prevent breaches of the peace and criminal intimidation. The mill operatives do not appear to have any regular organized system, as yet, for carrying on a warfare of this kind.

42. *Strength and Cost of the Police.*—The following is the strength and cost of the Police for the year 1892:—

	Rs.		Rs.
<i>(a).—Land Police.</i>		1,378 Brought forward	4,50,780
1 Commissioner of Police	24,045	87 Constables of all grades	14,624
1 Deputy Commissioner of Police	10,833	House-rent allowance to 9 subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100 and to 87 Constables of all classes	1,228
Office Establishment	7,623	Contingencies	3,163
6 Superintendents	26,816	<i>(d).—Dockyard Police.</i>	
36 Subordinate officers on Rs. 100 and upwards	55,803	3 Subordinate officers on Rs. 100 and upwards	4,844
92 Subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100	31,426	4 Subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100	991
1,129 Constables of all classes	1,66,297	77 Constables of all classes	9,625
House-rent allowance to 92 subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100, and 1,129 Constables of all grades	13,499	House-rent to 4 subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100 and to 77 Constables	991
Rents and contingencies...	85,272	Rents, contingencies, &c....	1,163
Prison Van Establishment, Arms and Ammunition Licensing Department and the Pilgrims Department	4,006	<i>(e).—Dock Police.</i>	
<i>(b).</i>		1 Superintendent...	3,600
99 Government Police Guards	12,357	2 Subordinate officers on Rs. 100 and upwards	2,721
House-rent allowance to do.	1,205	6 Subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100	1,490
<i>(c).—Harbour Police.</i>		76 Constables of all classes	9,957
1 Superintendent...	4,300	House-rent to 6 subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100 and 76 Constables	1,039
4 Subordinate officers on Rs. 100 and upwards	5,220	Hospital expenses	7,677
9 Subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100	1,988		
1,378 Carried over	4,50,780	1,631	Total ... 5,13,896

43. During the year under report 218 officers and men were rewarded by promotion, 97 received good conduct badges and 22 received money rewards. There were 18 dismissals against 14 in 1891. The number of officers and men punished departmentally was 11 and 331 respectively, and the number of men judicially punished by the Magistrates was 5—3 under the Police Act and 2 under other offences.

44. The general conduct of the force during the year has been good.

45. The percentage of admissions to hospital has risen from 142.85 to 170.94, and I am constrained to reproduce the following paragraph from my letter No. $\frac{1704}{6}$, dated 15th March 1889, on the general increase of the Bombay City Police Force:—

“It (the duty) is, however, done at the cost of prematurely aging the rank and file, and of sending many of the superior officers to hospital from exposure and extra work.”

46. The number of casualties by death was 23, including those of Superintendent Page and Inspector Dillon, against 24 in 1891.

47. *Juvenile Offenders.*—From the table noted in the margin it will be seen that the number of offenders of this class has fallen from an average of 626 to 577. It was surmised the number might show a tendency to increase under the restrictions of the Factory Act: but such anticipation has not been realized.

1890	..	...	...	603
1891	..	..	..	627
1892	..	..	..	603
				1,733
3 years' average, 577.6.				

48. I must again respectfully invite the attention of Government to my remarks in the several previous annual reports on the pressing necessity for the provision of quarters for the rank and file and the construction of the Police head-quarters and lines at the Arthur Crawford Markets. When these projects are carried out, the health of the force will show great improvement, and its power to meet all emergencies will be greatly enhanced.

49. The number of men in the force able to read and write does not show any great increase. The remarks made by me in previous reports on this subject are still applicable.

50. The results of the operations of the Police during the year show an improvement in the percentage of cognizable cases ending in conviction, also in convictions of cognizable cases under the Penal Code. Under the investigation of crime the percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases investigated shows improvement. All this is satisfactory as an indication that there has been no falling off in detection, but the increase in cases against property clearly demonstrates that the power of prevention is considerably diminished by the want of men and the excessive and continuous work falling on the existing force. Bricks cannot be made without straw, and the necessity for the increase to the force proposed by me in the early part of 1889 has now reached an acute stage.

51. I wish to mention specially the following officers for the efficient manner in which they have discharged their very responsible duties:—

Superintendent J. Crummy.		Superintendent H. Brewin.
" T. G. Sweeney.		" J. McDermott.
		Superintendent H. Ingram.

The other Superintendents have efficiently discharged their duties.

52. Sirdár Mir Abdul Ali, Khán Bahádúr, Superintendent of the Detective Branch, has performed his duties in his usual masterly manner.

53. The following Inspectors are deserving of mention for zeal and activity during the year:—

Ráo Bahádúr Dáji Gangájiráo Ráne.		Inspector A. L. Butterfield.
Inspector Frámji Bhikáji		" Lee-Smith.
" W. R. Jones.		" J. Stanford.
" G. H. Cobb.		" J. Roberts.
" W. J. Nolan.		" J. Grayhurst.
Ráo Sáheb Morárráo Kshirságar.		" Roshan Ali Asád Ali.

Inspectors Moore and Gray have justified their promotion, and are promising officers.

54. My Deputy Mr. Gell proceeded on furlough on 24th September 1892. I cannot conclude this report without recording my opinion that Government possess in him a very valuable officer, to whom my thanks are due for the ability with which he has seconded my efforts in maintaining the discipline and efficiency of the force.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,

Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT
PART I.—Return of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.																	
			Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrate direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.											Investigated by Police.		Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Cases disposed of under Section 547, C. P. C.	
			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.	f.	g.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	18a	18b	
			Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrate direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.																	
			Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 547, Criminal Procedure Code.																	
			Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.																	
			Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.																	
			Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.																	
			Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.																	
			Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.																	
			Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.																	
			Suo motu.																	
			By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.																	
			By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.																	
			Ending in conviction.																	
			Ending in acquitted or discharge.																	
			Pending at close of year before a Magistrate or Sessions Court.																	
			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.																	
			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.																	
			Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.																	
			When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.																	
			When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.																	
1	115, 117, 119, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abetting commissions of offence by public, &c. Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.																		
2	131 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	3	...	...	...	3	100	100	...	3	...	...	3	...	100	100	...	...
3	241 to 263 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes.	6	...	...	...	6	100	66.66	...	6	...	...	4	2	66.66	66.66	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 230	Other offences against public justice ...	5	...	...	...	5	100	100	...	5	...	...	5	...	100	100	...	...
6	144 to 153, 157, 158	rioting or unlawful assembly ...	2	...	...	...	2	33.33	100	...	1	...	...	1	...	100	100	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	1	...	...	...	1	100	100	...	1	...	...	1	...	100	100	...	...
		Total ...	18	...	...	...	17	88.88	88.23	...	16	...	...	14	2	87.6	87.5	...	...
		CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.																		
8	302, 303, 306	Murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	...		by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	...		by dacoits ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	...		by robbers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	...	by poison ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Other murders ...	8	...	...	...	5	200	40	...	9	...	...	2	8	25	40	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder ...	1	...	...	...	1	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 309	Culpable homicide ...	1	...	...	...	2	100	100	...	1	...	...	2	...	100	100	...	...
15	310	Rape ...	2	...	...	...	1	100	100	...	2	...	...	1	...	50	100	...	...
16	317	Unnatural offences ...	1	...	...	...	1	100	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	1	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide.	35	...	...	...	85	26	74.28	...	35	...	...	26	9	74.28	74.28	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	1	...	...	...	1	100	100	...	1	...	...	1	...	100	100	...	...
20	325, 326, 315	Grievous hurt ...	53	...	...	...	44	28	94.33	63.63	50	...	...	27	16	54	62.79	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	6	...	...	...	4	1	25	...	6	...	...	1	3	16.66	25	...	...
22	327, 329, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	...	1	...	...	1	...	100	100	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ...	94	...	...	...	92	60	98.93	71.73	93	...	...	60	25	70.96	72.52	...	...
24	304 to 309	Kidnapping or abduction ...	25	...	...	...	13	9	44	50	11	...	...	7	4	63.63	63.63	...	...
25	308 to 319	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	322, 303	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	...	1	...	...	1	...	100	100	...	...
27	321	Habitually dealing in slaves ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	303, 304, 305, 307	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	14	...	...	...	11	5	50	43.45	7	...	...	4	3	67.14	67.14	...	...
29	301A, 308	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	2	...	...	...	2	100	100	...	2	...	...	2	...	100	100	...	...
		Total ...	246	...	...	3	219	145	89.43	69.21	220	...	...	141	64	64.62	68.78	...	...

PART I.—Return of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.																	
			Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrate direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.				Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.				Investigated by Police.				Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.					
			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	18a		
Class III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.																				
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	391, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 283, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	428, 429.	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	419 to 453	House-trespass with view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total			258	...	...	8	139	113	97.22	81.29	280	...	113	22	2	40.35	83.70	1	...
Class IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	20	...	...	2	9	2	5.6	22.22	1	...	1	...	...	100.0	100.0	...	...
41	350, 357	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	10	...	...	...	9	6	60.0	66.66	5	...	2	2	...	40.0	60.0	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total			80	...	...	2	18	8	20.0	44.44	6	...	3	2	...	50.0	60.0	...	...
Class V.—Minor Offences against Property.																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	1	...	...	...	1	...	10.0	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
44	379 to 383	Theft	2,782	...	...	12	2,053	1,814	96.87	88.36	2,695	...	1,808	214	3	67.08	89.41	20	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	300	...	...	2	180	102	34.06	66.66	107	...	84	12	...	78.50	87.5	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	84	...	...	...	84	81	96.51	75.0	84	...	61	19	1	73.80	81.70	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	107	...	...	2	71	37	25.30	62.11	25	...	22	3	...	88.0	88.0	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	1	...	...	...	1	...	100.0	100.0	1	...	1	...	...	100.0	100.0	...	...
Total			3,283	1	10	2,390	2,017	88.60	84.80	2,912	...	1,078	249	4	67.92	88.81	22	...
Total, Classes I to V			3,865	1	24	2,780	2,298	88.8	87.64	3,434	...	2,249	330	12	66.42	86.86	23	...

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—Return of Non-cognizable Crime for the year 1892.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.						PERSONS.						REMARKS.			
			Average Institutions of Ave preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	ACQUITTED.		CONVICTED.		Waiting trial at close of year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1	116 117 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. Concealing design to commit offence	4 .. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .	.. .. ... .. ... .. .
Total			4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
CLASS I.—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.																		
2	121 to 129, 505	Offences against the State .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
3	17	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	6	20 .. .. .	.. .. .	20	2	15	21	21 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
5	161 to 162, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	3.2	2 .. .. .	.. .. .	2	1	1	1	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
6	103 to 209, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property	10.2	7 .. .. .	.. .. .	7	1	5	7	3 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
7	405 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	6.4	5 .. .. .	.. .. .	5	1	4	4	5 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	2.4	5 .. .. .	.. .. .	5 .. .. .	.. .. .	5	5	5 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
9	142 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	1.2	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	1	6 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
10	149, 151 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	6	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	1	5	5 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
Total			20.0	41	..	41	5	82	40	40	..	11	2	25	2	..	..	..
CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.																		
11	312 to 315	Causing miscarriage .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
2	370	Buying or disposing of slaves .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
Total			2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
CLASS III.—Serious Offences against Property.																		
13	384 to 390	Extortion	3.8	4 .. .. .	.. .. .	4	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
Total			3.8	4	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
CLASS IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.																		
14	345	Wrongful confinement .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
15	302, 355, 358	Criminal force	3,036.8	2,811 .. .. .	.. .. .	2,811	25	2,605	2,899	1,857	170	811 .. .. .	.. .. .	670 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
16	3.4	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	3.8	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	1	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	140.8	290 .. .. .	.. .. .	2.0	9	282	468	189	14	62 .. .. .	.. .. .	113 .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
Total			3,182.4	3,102	..	3,102	35	2,887	4,265	2,047	184	873	..	984	..	6	..	..

328 persons warned and discharged.
7 do. do.

CLASS V.—Minor Offences against Property.

18	417 to 420	Cheating	169.8	172	172	8	113	148	*104	3	69	1	23	6	* The cases against 2 persons transferred. 3 persons warned and discharged.
19	401, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	30.3	43	43	8	24	24	27	2	11		13	1	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2.8												
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	41.6	65	65	10	46	71	61	8	28		18	2	
Total			244.4	280	280	26	183	241	182	8	108	1	54	9	

CLASS VI.—Other Offences not specified above

22	324	Offences against religion		1	1		1	1							
23	403 to 402	Criminal breach of contract of service	1.6	2	2		1	1							
24	403 to 408	Offences relating to marriage	171.4	173	173	4	129	151	74	1	55		14	4	1 person warned and discharged.
25	501 to 502	Defamation	32.2	46	46		30	55	39	4	21		8	11	
26	501, 500 to 510	Intimidation and insult	247.2	184	184	6	134	197	135	11	60		47	1	29 persons do. do.
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 289	Public and local nuisances	3.6	2	2		2	2	2				2		
28	201A	Keeping a lottery office	2												
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (a), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	21.8	3	3		1	1	1		1				
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances		1	1	1			1				1		1 person warned and discharged.
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immovable property													
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	241.2	226	226		207	207	143	20	85		37		
33	Cases under Chapter XLII, C. P. C.	Provisions as to bonds	2												
34	Cases under Chapter XLIV, C. P. C.	Miscellaneous	8	1	1		1	1	1				1		
Total			724.2	639	639	11	606	616	355	30	228		105	16	

Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.

55	Acts XIII of 1860 and XLVIII of 1861	Police Acts	123	153	153	1	141	146	29	1	12		15	1	1 person warned and discharged.
56	A. C. III of 1883	Municipal Act	3,780.4	4,958	4,959		4,958	4,959	4,958	3,229	81		1,608			801 persons warned and discharged.
57	XV of 1882	Presidency Small Cause Court Act	11.2	6	6		3	3	1		1				
58	II of 1868	Bombay Public Ferries Act		3	3		3	3	3				3		
59	XXXI of 1839	Artificers Act	7.6	1	1		1	1	1						
60	VII of 1860	Merchant Shipping Act		1	1		1	1	1						
61	XXIV of 1860	Coasters and Ferry Act		1	1		1	1	1		1				
62	Lot 1871	Vaccination Act		2	2		2	2	2				2		
63	XIV of 1864	Contagious Diseases Act	114.8												
64	XV of 1862	Distress Act	1.4												
65	XV of 1861	Factories Act	1.2												
66	IX of 1868	Port Industry Act	3												
67	XIX of 1860	Apprentices Act	2.8												
68	VIII of 1861	Petroleum Act	4												
69	III of 1867	Indian Registry Act	2												
70	VI of 1867	Bombay Sanitary Regulation	2												
71	II of 1867	Boilers and Frame Movers Act	6												
72	II of 1867	Pierage Act	6												
73	VIII of 1879	Sea Customs Act	4												
74	VI of 1862	Indian Companies Act	2												
75	XXV of 1867	Printing Press Act	4												
76	XVI of 1863	Indian Emigration	2												
77	IV of 1864	Indian Explosives Act	2												
Total			4,967	5,123	5,123	1	5,109	5,114	4,995	3,270	46		1,715	1	

Grand Total 5,204.4 5,189 5,189 79 5,177 5,185 7,619 3,408 1,208 3 2,000 2 22

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1870.

W. H. WILSON, Colbad,
Commissioner of Police

STATEMENT B.

Thuggi and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.							COMPARATIVE RETURNS.									Remarks.								
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3, in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.				Property stolen.			Property recovered.				
												189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .		189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .	189 .
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18	
Thuggi { By strangulation ... By poison... ..	Nil.																												
Dacoity on land																													
Dacoity on water																													
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs—																													
(a) with murder																													
(b) without murder																													
Other professional crimes, viz.—																													
Kidnapping																													
Cattle theft																													

NOTE.—Columns 12 to 17 will include all persons arrested or brought to trial during the year for those offences, though such persons be not included in Columns 2 and 3. The difference should be explained in the column of Remarks.

Police Commissioner's Office, *Byculla,*
Bombay, 7th April 1893.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT D.

Showing the Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment of Police.

District.	SANCTIONED STRENGTH OF POLICE FORCE.								COST OF POLICE.											DISTRIBUTION OF FORCE.									PROPORTION OF THE WHOLE FORCE (OFFICERS AND MEN).				PROPORTION OF THE POLICE ON STATION DUTIES (OFFICERS AND MEN).									
	Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector-General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial or Provincial Revenues.							Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from Imperial or Provincial Revenues.	Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Col. 3.) and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Other expenses of Col. 3.	Average pay of	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Cols. 12, 14 and 15.			Mounted Constables.			Foot and Water Constables.			Out-riders and all expenses other than included in Col. 13 to 15.			Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial or Provincial Revenues.		Payable from other sources.	In District.			On Town, Municipal or Harbour-duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole district.	To Area (6).	To Population (7).	To Area.	To Population.			
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Total.	Officers.																	Men.	Officers.		Men.	Officers.	Men.									Officers.	Men.	Officers.
Bombay ...	2	7	43	1084	30	1,374	87	1,549	Rs. 64,507	Rs. 54,006	Rs. 4,200	1,04,483	Rs. 2,14,025	Rs. 5,368	624	158,06	1,04,473	Rs. 6,18,866	Rs. 4,79,855	Rs. 24,661	...	130	1,270	200	156	1,860	86	23	824,004	74,46	49,431	20,562

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay.
(2) Column 13 includes local and personal, but not travelling, allowances.
(3) Column 15 includes the cost of all enrolled officers and men employed on office duties.
(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.
(5) These include 2 officers and 87 men employed as guards to Government Offices, Hobbins and Distillery.
(6) 4 officers and 30 men are employed on duty at the Magistrates' Courts, 2 men at the Police Surgeon's house and hospital, and 18 officers and the rest of the men at the Commissioner's Office. From officers and men employed in the Commissioner's Office, certain are supplied for prisoners and treasure and for various other miscellaneous duties.
(7) A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.
(8) Column 38 and 39, i.e., in district, one policeman to so many square miles; in towns, so many policemen to one square mile.
(9) Columns 40 to 42, one policeman to so many of the population.
(10) This includes Rs. 7,577 on account of Hospital expenses.
(11) Total amount of cognizable crime reported (Cols. 4 & 6 of Statement A, Part 1).
(12) Proportion of cognizable crime to the Police Force on station duties (Cols. 27 and 29).

*Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893.*

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT E.

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General Internal Management of the Force.

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		ARMAMENT OF THE FORCE.			PUNISHMENT.										REWARDS.		EDUCATION.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under 10 years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	NUMBER WHO HAVE LEFT THE FORCE DURING THE YEAR.										
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with Fire arms.	Number provided with Swords, only, or Swords and Pistols.	Number provided with Batons only.	Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished Judicially by a Magistrate.						Number of Police rewarded during the year.	Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.		On Pension.				On Gratuity.	By Resignation without Pension or Gratuity.	By Discharge (columns 7 and 8).	By Discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By Desertion.	By Death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to Total Strength of Force.	Percentage of Deaths during the year to Total Strength of Force.			
						Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Under Police Act.	Under Sections 330, 331, 343, Penal Code.	Under Chapter IX of Penal Code.	Other offences.	By Promotion.	By Money Reward.		Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.															
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bombay	107	1,471	40	1,598	1	17	11	381	3	2	315	22	141	373	2	8	155	879	604	43	5	40	18	8	...	23	170.94	1.40	

Note.—This statement does not refer to Assistant District Superintendents or officers of higher rank.

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT F.

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

District.	RACE.										RELIGION OR CASTE.															Grand Total, Officers and Men.	Remarks.									
	EUROPEANS.					EURASIANS.					NATIVES.					OFFICERS.												MEN.								
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Hindu.					Other Religions.		Christians.	Mahomedans.	Hindus.					Other Religions.						
	Military or Covenanted Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.			Constables.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.				Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Parsis.			Hindus of all other castes.			Christians.	Mahomedans.		Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Parsis.	Jews.	Hindus of all other castes.	Other Religions.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Bombay	1	1	7	41	1	4	114	1,471	51	49	2	2	1	64	2	828	48	26	2	1	...	1,064	1,640	

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT G.

Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the year 1892 on Police Buildings in the Island of Bombay.

Reported by the Executive Engineer, Presidency.	Amount.	Reported by the Accountant General.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
A.—Repairs to buildings valued above Rs. 1,000	3,975 15 4	D.—Petty repairs up to Rs. 1,000 ...	763 14 0
B.—Minor works to buildings valued above Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 2,500	975 8 10	E.—Petty construction up to Rs. 1,000.	222 1 0
C.—Large works to buildings valued above Rs. 2,500 ... ..	.....	Total for Police Budget ...	985 15 0
		F.—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades	0 9 7
		Grand Total ...	5,937 7 2
Total from Departmental Public Works Budget ...	4,951 8 2	G.—Rate per man on the sanctioned number of Police of all grades...	3 9 11

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893. }

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT H.

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of Police in the Island of Bombay during the year 1892.

	Total strength of the Force at commencement of the year.		Number of Men, including column 1 discharged on reduction.		Number of Dismissals from all classes.		Number of Resignations.		Percentage of Dismissals from other causes than Reduction and of Resignation together on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in column 1.		REMARKS.
	1		2		3		4		5		
	Regular Force.	Municipal Force.	Regular Force.	Municipal Force.	Regular Force.	Municipal Force.	Regular Force.	Municipal Force.	Regular Force.	Municipal Force.	
Bombay	1,640	...	...	...	18	...	40	...	3.53	...	

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893. }

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT I.

Statement showing the Offences for which persons of the age of 14 years and under were placed before the Presidency Magistrates, Bombay, during the year 1892.

Serial Number.	Offences.	Number of Persons.	Convicted.	Discharged.	RESULT OF PERSONS CONVICTED.					
					Sent to the David Sassoon Reformatory.	Imprisoned.	Flogged.	Fined.	Bound over to be of good behaviour.	Admonished and discharged.
1	Theft	182	166	16	45	21	94	2	...	4
2	Fraudulent possession of stolen property	18	16	2	4	5	3	2	...	2
3	Gambling	18	17	1	...	1	...	14	...	2
4	Disorderly behaviour	9	7	2	...	...	1	3	...	3
5	Drunk and incapable	3	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	2
6	Criminal house-trespass	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
7	Criminal breach of trust	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
8	House-breaking	9	9	...	1	3	3	2	...	...
9	Drunk and disorderly	11	11	...	...	1	...	6	...	4
10	Police Acts	5	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	...
11	Public Conveyance Act	110	110	...	...	...	...	104	...	6
12	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Robbery	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
14	Dishonestly receiving stolen property	11	10	1	3	1	2	...	...	4
15	Begging for alms	10	9	1	...	5	...	...	...	4
16	Indecent behaviour	7	6	1	...	...	...	6	...	...
17	Torturing animals	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
18	Letting off fireworks	20	20	...	...	...	...	18	...	2
19	Exposing articles for sale	24	24	...	...	5	...	17	...	2
20	Causing obstruction in a thoroughfare	58	56	2	...	...	...	48	...	8
	Total	503	476	27	56	43	104	230	...	43

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893. }

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT J.

Statement showing the Number of Persons re-convicted by the Presidency Magistrates, Bombay, and the nature and amount of punishment inflicted during the year 1892.

Serial Number.	Offences.	RE-CONVICTED.				FIFTEEN DAYS AND UNDER.		SIX MONTHS AND UNDER.		TWO YEARS AND UNDER.		FOUR YEARS AND UNDER.		REMARKS.				
		Ones.	More than once.	More than twice.	More than three times.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Fined.	Flogged.	Sent to the David Sassoon Reformatory.	Admonished and discharged.	Acquitted.
1	Theft ...	156	81	55	54	18	3	205	...	95	...	10	...	4	2	4	1	4
2	Robbery ...	1	2	...	1	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	House-breaking ...	19	10	7	9	...	...	14	...	18	...	6	...	...	2	2	...	3
4	Fraudulent possession of stolen property ...	14	1	3	4	2	...	14	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	3
5	Gambling ...	15	8	5	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	3
6	Criminal breach of trust ...	9	6	1	...	1	...	3	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Receiving stolen property ...	6	2	2	...	...	...	6	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Criminal trespass ...	3	2	...	1	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
9	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt ...	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
10	Drunkenness ...	4	2	3	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	1
11	Police Act ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
12	Public Land Conveyance Act ...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	3
13	Breaking closed receptacle ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Escape from lock-up ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Kidnapping ...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Other offences ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	248	111	76	81	28	5	243	3	132	...	16	...	51	5	7	1	17

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

STATEMENT A.

Return of Inquests held by the Coroner of Bombay during the calendar year 1892.

Causes of Deaths.		Number of Inquests held during 1891.	Number of Inquests held during 1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
Homicidal cases.	Culpable homicide amounting to murder ...	17	9	...	8
	Do. not do. ...	1	3	2	...
	Rash and negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide.	4	4	...	...
Rupture of spleen caused by a blow struck under provocation ...		...	1	1	...
Suicidal cases.	Burning ...	...	1	1	...
	Cutting throat ...	4	5	1	...
	Drowning ...	46	44	...	2
	Hanging ...	2	4	2	...
	Jumping out of a window, terrace, &c. ...	5	5	...	...
	Lying on a railway line in front of a railway train in motion ...	3	2	...	1
	Poisoning ...	33	30	...	3
Accidental deaths.	Shooting ...	...	2	2	...
	Accidents on board the ships ...	21	16	...	5
	Do. from machinery ...	7	9	2	...
	Do. from railway within railway limits ...	15	10	...	5
	Do. from tramways ...	5	5	...	...
	Accidental drowning ...	37	31	...	6
	Do. poisoning ...	3	5	2	...
	Bite of venomous reptiles ...	1	4	3	...
	Do. mad dogs ...	6	4	...	2
	Do. wild animals ...	...	1	1	...
	Excessive drinking ...	15	11	...	4
	Explosion of gunpowder ...	4	2	...	2
	Do. sewer gas ...	...	1	1	...
	Fall from a balloon ...	1	...	...	1
	Do. houses and buildings ...	19	28	9	...
	Do. scaffolding and ladders ...	4	3	...	1
	Do. hills ...	1	...	...	1
	Do. trees ...	3	8	5	...
	Fall into dry docks ...	1	1	...	...
	Do. on road ...	3	...	...	3
	Falling bags of grain, sugar, seed, &c. ...	2	3	1	...
	Do. bales of cotton, piece-goods and cases of merchandise ...	1	4	3	...
	Do. earth and stones ...	4	3	...	1
Do. houses and buildings ...	...	2	2	...	
Do. iron plates and bars ...	1	...	...	1	
Do. timber planks and posts ...	1	5	4	...	
Inhaling mephitic gas ...	1	2	1	...	
Injuries from carts and carriages ...	34	30	...	4	
Do. fire ...	26	25	...	1	
Do. horses and bullocks ...	2	4	2	...	
Scalds ...	3	4	1	...	
Miscellaneous accidents ...	4	7	3	...	
Natural causes ...	40	44	4	...	
Deaths how and under what circumstances caused not known.	Arsenical poisoning ...	1	4	3	...
	Found dead ...	5	2	...	3
	Found drowned ...	12	15	3	...
	Run over by vehicles ...	1	1	...	...
Still-born ...	New-born children found in streets in an advanced state of decomposition ...	1	5	4	...
	...	3	...	...	3
Total ...		403	409	63	57

Coroner's Office,
Bombay, 1st February 1893. }

(Signed) THOMAS BLANEY,
Coroner of Bombay.

(True Copy)

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893. }

STATEMENT L.

Return of Fires in the Island of Bombay between 1st January and 31st December 1892.

Number.	Division.	Date.	Locality.	Hour.	Nature of Property damaged or destroyed.	Names of Owners of Property destroyed.	Estimated damage of Property destroyed.	Cause of Fire.	Remarks.
		1892.					Rs. a.		
1	C	2nd January	Duncan Road	11 A.M.	The roof of a house and household furniture, &c.	Yamna woman, Sonábái woman and other tenants.	250 0	Accidental	The woman Yamna having cooked her food at 9 A.M. left the fire still smouldering, and as there were some wood and rags lying near, it is supposed they caught fire.
2	D	7th	Nepean Sea Road	Afternoon	A quantity of hay	Limji Ardeshir Pande	0 8	Unknown.	
3	F & G	"	Dhárávi	7 A.M.	A house...	Naráyan Apa	1,515 0	Accidental	It is attributed to an insane female relative of the owner, who is said to have thrown a lighted match down close to where a quantity of straw was lying.
4	D	15th	Mahálakshmi Road	4-30 P.M.	A hut	Krishna Sagáji	40 0	.....	Alleged to be due to incendiarism.
5	E	"	Bellasis Road	3 A.M.	A box containing a quantity of clothing, &c.	Jageshvar Balus	99 0	Accidental	Some ghoráwallas were seen smoking near this box at midnight, the box had a slit on the top, and they may have accidentally dropped a lighted bidi or match into it.
6	D	27th	In the compound of the Tower of Silence.	2-30 P.M.	Two huts	Jesa Bhojin and Jivi woman Kharva.	100 0	Do.	Believed to have been caused by a child aged 3 years while playing with matches.
7	A	30th	Bori Bandar	6 A.M.	A quantity of coal	Hirálal Rámgopál	.....	Spontaneous combustion.	
8	E	"	DeLisle Road	1-30 P.M.	A quantity of cowdung cakes and the boarded floor of the room was partly destroyed.	Mukti woman	15 0	Accidental	Mukti woman went out leaving fire in her chula, which appears to have somehow set fire to a quantity of cowdung cakes.
9	B	10th February	Khambekar Street	3-45 P.M.	Some wedding decorations	Haji Ahmad Suleman	250 0	Unknown.	
10	C	11th	Khetvádi Main Road	12 noon	A quantity of grass	Chaturbhuj Muráji	5 0	Accidental	The fire was caused by a lighted bidi being thrown carelessly in the grass.
11	D	12th	Carnac Road	2-30 A.M.	A house...	Budda Munna Mahomed Ebrahim Sáheb Mackbai.	2,725 0	Do.	It is supposed to have occurred from a careless use of a fire-place.
12	B	"	Nagdevi Street	9-30 P.M.	A door and a child's cot	.....	1 0	Unknown.	
13	F & G	16th	Dadar, Kumbharváda	3 A.M.	A javli hut	Rámji Panja	25 0	Accidental	It is believed to be due to a naked oil lamp that was left burning when the landlord went to sleep.
14	D	20th	Valkeshvar Road	12 midnight	Do.	A máli	10 0	Do.	It appears that the occupant while seated near a naked lamp engaged in sewing fell asleep, when a diatar that was hanging close to the lamp to prevent it being blown out by the wind caught fire and in a moment the hut was in flames.

Number.	Division.	Date.	Locality.	Hour.	Nature of Property damaged or destroyed.	Names of Owners of Property destroyed.	Estimated damage of Property destroyed.	Cause of Fire.	Remarks.
							Rs. a.		
15	F & G.	24th February	Siwri Road	2 P.M.	A small tiled shed, dried hay and a small bullock rekla.	Mahomed Husen Gulam Husen.	25 0	Unknown.	
16	A	25th "	Scott Press, Colába	2-30 P.M.	A quantity of cotton	Scott Press and Company	300 0	Friction.	
17	B	" "	Shelápur Street	12 midnight	A jávli hut ... ..	.....	20 0	Accidental	The fire was caused by the tenant of the hut accidentally dropping a lighted kerosine oil lamp in the hut.
18	F & G.	" "	DeLisle Road	2-30 A.M.	A cattle shed	Jagonnath Prag	100 0	Do.	Jagonnath says when his servant gave the alarm he saw one Prag Sivdayal running away, and he suspects him of having set fire to the hut, as they were not on good terms with each other.
19	E.	26th "	Haines Road	2-45 A.M.	A rubbish dust-bin	Municipality ... ..	.....	Unknown.	
20	E.	5th March	Ripon Road	3 A.M.	A loft of a room and a quantity of country vermicelli and a plank.	Baini Muttai	60 0	Accidental	The plank was set on fire by a naked lamp, which was left burning close to it.
21	F & G.	" "	Kála Chauki Road	2-30 P.M.	A quantity of cotton	The Western India Mills Co..	400 0	Do.	It is attributed to one of the boiler machine axes having become hot, and ignited the cotton about the machine.
22	E	6th "	Huzria Mohalla	10 A.M.	An old jávli hut, another hut and a wood depôt.	Wagris named Hari Katchra, Galia Idan, Keval Ratna and Ebrám Sáheb Sayad Mahomed.	100 0	Careless smoking	
23	F & G.	" "	Government Distillery, Dádar.	Noon	A quantity of jávli	Krishna Bábaji	0 8	Accidental	Fire was carelessly left in the fire-place.
24	D	9th "	Tárdeo	9 A.M.	Articles of clothing	Ladu Bhiva	20 0	Do.	Articles of clothing hanging over a fire in the room accidentally caught fire.
25	E	" "	Ripon Road	1 P.M.	A jávli shed and a quantity of grass.	A Pardesi	5 0	Do.	It is believed that a quantity of grass which was in the shed caught fire from some live coals left in the fire-place after the Pardesi had finished cooking his morning meal.
26	B	13th "	Carnac Road... ..	8 P.M.	A house and furniture, and two Mahomedans lost their lives.	Sumar Bhims	21,000 0	Unknown	Two Mahomedans, who came from outside to assist their relatives living in the burning house, lost their lives through suffocation caused by smoke.
27	B	15th "	Pirkhán Lane	10 P.M.	A bambu partition of a room and a bundle of clothes.	Govind Ratnji	250 0	Accidental	The origin of the fire is due to the bambu partition having caught fire from the chula in a room close by.
28	E	" "	Frere Road, Clerk Bandar.	8-30 P.M.	A coal stack	Dzadabhai Hormasji	Nominal	Spontaneous combustion.	
29	F & G.	22nd "	Government Gate Road, Parel.	12 noon	A jávli hut	Vithoji Sambhaji	50 0	Accidental	It is attributed to the careless use of a fire-place.
30	C	23rd "	Null Bazar	3 A.M.	A box containing matches, papers, &c.	Mátha	2 0	Unknown.	
31	A	28th "	Colába, Scott Press	10-30 A.M.	A quantity of cotton	Scott Press and Company	20 0	Friction.	
32	A	1st April	Wellington Lines ... ..	.....	A small tent	Mr. Bennett, of the Municipality.	.....	Accidental	The tent caught fire from a fire-place.

33	A	13th	Lower Colába	10-30 A.M.	A quantity of cotton...	Colába Cotton Press Company.	1,000 0	Friction	One Bainsi, aged 14 years, employed in the Press while running away to escape the fire fell through an opening from a height of about 12 feet, injuring her head.
34	E	"	Bapty Road...	8 P.M.	A quantity of cotton (waste).	Lakhmidás Fakir	.....	Unknown.	
35	E	14th	Do.	4-30 A.M.	Two godowns and a quantity of waste cotton.	Jáfarkhan Mahomed and Lakhmidás Fakir.	3,200 0	Do.	But as a quantity of the cotton (waste) was protruding through openings in the side walls formed of corrugated iron sheets, it may have been caused by careless smoking near the godown.
36	A	17th	Lower Colába	8-45 A.M.	A quantity of cotton...	Scott Press and Company	200 0	Friction.	
37	A	18th	Do.	10-45 P.M.	A quantity of waste cotton...	Bombay Cotton Press Company.	No damage.	Unknown.	
38	F & G.	22nd	Fergusson Road	9 A.M.	A straw stack	Banu Mahádev	50 0	Accidental	It is attributed to some sparks flying off from some cotton duff that was being burnt in the field of the same owner for the purposes of cultivation.
39	E	27th	Ripon Road...	8-30 P.M.	A number of bobbins	New Hindustan Mill & Co.	500 0	Friction.	
40	D	2nd May	Malabár Hill Government House Stable.	3 P.M.	Three tents and a stable	Government	3,500 0	Unknown.	
41	F & G.	5th	Parel Tank Road	10-30 A.M.	A jávli hut	Dhonda Gopal...	35 0	Careless use of a fire-place.	
42	"	6th	Fergusson Road	7 A.M.	A quantity of cotton...	The Star of India Mill	200 0	Accidental	It was caused by one of the bearings having run hot and ignited some cotton.
43	D	11th	Ridge Road	10-30 A.M.	A hut and several jávlis	Gunáji Jairám and Bhiva Bábú.	No damage.	Unknown.	
44	C	18th	Falkland Road	2 A.M.	A mosquito curtain...	Amruti woman	1 8	Accidental	A woman named Amruti while sitting on her bed lit a bidi and the curtain caught fire.
45	B	15th	Bhendi Bazár	10 P.M.	The roof of a brass foundery.	Murlidhar Karaandás	60 0	Unknown.	
46	E	16th	Haines Road	11-15 P.M.	A quantity of hay and eight rooms of a chawl.	Gaináji Okáji	600 0	Accidental	It is believed to have been caused by a spark from a fire in the next room, where a woman had a fire-place.
47	E	19th	Byculla Flats	4 P.M.	A stack of rice straw	Sakru Popat	150 0	Do.	It appears that a Hindu lad six years of age named Nagiya (whose father was working near the spot as a carpenter for the owner of the straw), got a box of matches from his father's coat pocket and struck a match and threw it over the straw, which was soon in flames.
48	E	20th	Chinchpokli...	2 P.M.	A cow shed and another small shed.	Yemna Kondáji and Goha Náráya.	30 0	Unknown	But believed to be due to careless smoking.
49	F & G.	23rd	DeLisle Road	11-30 A.M.	Two huts	Ráma Ganu and Sadu Govind.	11 8	Careless use of a fire-place.	
50	E	31st	Ghodaplev Road	12-30 A.M.	A jávli hut	Jagmohan Mahádu	8 0	Accidental	It was caused by a bullock having knocked down an oil lamp.
51	C	1st June	Goghári Mahalla	Evening	A quantity of hay	.....	1 0	Unknown.	
52	F & G.	4th	Lady Jamshedji Road	6-30 P.M.	A jávli hut and five cocoanut palms.	Joseph Antons Caulder	325 0	Careless use of a fire-place.	

Number.	Division.	Date.	Locality.	Hour.	Nature of Property damaged or destroyed.	Names of Owners of Property destroyed.	Estimated damage of Property destroyed.	Cause of Fire.	Remarks.
							Rs. a.		
53	B	6th June	Dongri Street in a grain godown.	9 P.M.	A quantity of grain	Harishankar Vishveshvar	20 0	Accidental	The fire is supposed to have been caused by a lamp kept burning and a rat having removed the wick off amongst some gunny bags.
54	C	" "	Abdul Rahiman Street	6-30 A.M.	Liquor bottles	Jamsedji Navroji, a wine merchant.	600 0	Unknown	But it appears to be the result of spontaneous combustion, as the straw in which the liquor bottles were wrapped was damp.
55	D	11th "	Pedder Road	.....	A jávli hut	Muncharji Kamaji	30 0	Do.	
56	A	12th "	Victoria Bandar, Colába	4-15 P.M.	Some bales of cotton	Sauquet & Co.	Not ascertained.	Spontaneous combustion.	
57	F & G	17th "	Dhárávi	3 A.M.	A buffalo shed	Madat Ali Mohan Ali	180 0	Careless use of a fire-place.	Two buffaloes and two calves that were tied in the shed were burnt to death.
58	A	20th "	Colába Point	.....	A hut	A hamal employed in the Lunatic Asylum.	12 0	Careless cooking.	
59	B	21st "	Chinch Bandar	11-30 A.M.	A jávli hut, two lines of huts and a box containing Rs. 525 in currency notes.	Krishna Lahshman	765 0	Unknown.	
60	D	10th July	Tárdeo	9 A.M.	A quantity of cotton	Shivlál Motilál	15 0	Accidental	It was caused by the accidental upsetting of a lighted kerosine oil lamp.
61	E	12th "	Gilder Street	3 A.M.	A large shed stored with grass	Ramavtar Misar and 6 others.	216 0	Careless smoking	
62	C	" "	Cavel Street	2 A.M.	A bed, and a child aged one month was severely burnt about the legs.	Jocky Caitan	.....	Accidental	Jocky Caitan's wife named Pedree was attending to some business when she accidentally let a kerosine oil lamp, that she had in her hand, fall down on a bed.
63	C	" "	Kavasji Patel Tank Road	9-30 P.M.	Four shops	Kaliandas Kirparám, Davudbhai Mahomed Ali and three other shop-keepers.	7,600 0	Unknown.	
64	B	15th "	Chinch Bandar	11 P.M.	Two cudjan sheds, one stored with grass and the other used for making new labour carts, and the roof of an adjoining dwelling-house.	Bhika Sital, Ismail Sumár and Háji Gani tuleman.	400 0	Do.	But it is believed to have been caused by careless bidi smoking.
65	F & G	17th "	Lady Jamshedji Road	6-30 A.M.	Two jávli huts	Khudabaksh Karimbaksh and Nathu Valji.	29 0	Accidental	Careless use of a fire made to smoke the mosquitos and gnats out of the hut.
66	B	24th "	Memánváda	2-45 P.M.	A cotton mattress	Jugal Keshav	5 0	Do.	It is supposed to have been caused from some fire falling from a fire-place through a hole on the above floor.
67	F & G	2nd August	Siwri	6 P.M.	A quantity of waste cotton	China Mill	Nominal	Do.	It is attributed to the blow-room machine having become heated.
68	F & G	22nd "	Lady Jamshedji Road	1 P.M.	A jávli hut	Suleman Ábá	10 0	Careless use of a fire-place.	
69	D	25th "	Mahálakshmi Temple	Evening	A jávli hut	.....	3 0	Accidental	By the accidental upsetting of a lighted lamp.

70	F & G	2nd September	Siwri, Kolivada	5 P.M.	A javli hut used as a stable	Rambarak Jageshvar	40 0	Careless use of a fire-place used for smoking out goats.	One buffalo was burnt to death and a cow burnt about the body.
71	B	3rd	New Bengalpura	9-30 A.M.	A hencoop with grass	Imu	0 6	Accidental	It is supposed to have been caused by some one throwing a bidi into the hencoop.
72	E	25th	Falkland Road	11-15 P.M.	A javli hut	Vittu Krishna and three others	40 0	Do.	It was caused through the overheating of a kerosine oil lamp suspended from the roof.
73	B	27th	DeSouza Street	9-30 P.M.	Some cloth hanging at a garba		0 8	Do.	It was caused while a little child aged 8 years was playing with matches near a garba.
74	B	8th October	Old Nagpada	1 A.M.	A basket	Husan Morad	0 4	Do.	The fire was caused by a lighted lamp in the shop flaming up, till the flames set fire to a basket.
75	E	9th	Duncan Road	6-30 P.M.	A quantity of oil	Mr. Peters	No damage	Do.	Mr. Peters had his hands burnt while he was endeavouring to put out the fire, which had been accidentally set to the oil that was being boiled by him.
76	E	13th	Bellasis Road	2 P.M.	A portion of the eaves of a house.	Mahadev Khushaldas	Do.	Do.	It was caused by some lighted soot from Messrs. Treacher & Co's factory's chimney falling on to the adjoining house igniting a portion of the eaves.
77	D	14th	Arthur Road	11 A.M.	A chawl	Thakardas Jagjivandas	5,000 0	Unknown.	
78	F & G	"	Dharavi	9-30 P.M.	A hut	Santu Jagat	0 8	Accidental	It was caused by an open oil lamp.
79	D	15th	Charni Road	1-45 P.M.	A chawl	Krishnadas Natha	1,176 0	Unknown.	
80	B	18th	Rangari Mohalla	Forenoon	Wood shavings	Hakimji Abdulji	Nominal	Accidental	It was owing to a Bori named Hakimji Abdulji boiling a quantity of dammer on the first floor of a house for the purpose of dammering packages of piece-goods, &c., when a quantity of dammer overflowed and ignited some wood shavings near by.
81	B	27th	Masjid Bandar Road	12 noon	The woodwork of the ceiling of a house.	Narsi Keshavji	1 8	Do.	The accidental tilting of a vessel which contained oil boiled for the purpose of preparing bhajias caused this fire.
82	B	30th	Meman Mohalla	4 P.M.	A basket	Haji Kasam Gani	0 4	Do.	Two females are reported to have been slightly burnt.
83	F & G	3rd November	Dharavi	5 A.M.	The roof of a cadjan hut	Kasam Isa	6 0	Do.	It is supposed to have been caused by a lighted bidi thrown away by a passerby.
84	F & G	5th	Varlipakhadi	9 A.M.	A hut	Janki (woman)	30 0	Do.	
85	B	6th	Chakla Street	4-30 P.M.	A mat	Nanji Kanji	0 4	Do.	This fire is supposed to be due to the accidental dropping of a kerosine oil wick on a mat.
86	E	10th	The compound of Dr. Gopal Shivrām, Parel Road.	10-30 P.M.	A javli hut and a portion of an adjoining house.	Narayan Esu and Vasudev Balaji	41 0	Do.	Caused by a lighted bidi thrown on the roof from the adjoining house.
87	F & G	12th	Currie Road	11 A.M.	A javli hut	Bepul Monalall	5 0	Careless cooking.	
88	F & G	12th	Siwri	Night	A heap of cotton sweepings	National Mill	125 0	Unknown.	

Number.	Division.	Date.	Locality.	Hour.	Nature of Property damaged or destroyed.	Names of Owners of Property destroyed.	Estimated damage of Property destroyed.	Cause of Fire.	Remarks.
89	D	13th November	Valkeshvar	Noon		Government	Rs. a No damage.	Accidental	The cause of the fire was due to some clothes being carelessly placed near a fire-place.
90	E	15th	Chinchpokli Road	10-30 P.M.	A quantity of cotton	Hongkong Mill	25 0	Do.	The origin of the fire is said to be due to the overheating of some yarn.
91	B	16th	Nagdevi Street	8 A.M.	A quantity of loose hemp and jute.	Daudbhai Alibhai	10 0	Do.	The accidental knocking down of a lighted candle over some loose hemp.
92	E	20th	Bellasis Road	6-45 P.M.	Toilet cover and some other loose clothes.	Pereira	15 0	Do.	A lighted candle placed on a table was allowed to burn to the end of the wick which caused this fire.
93	B	22nd	Samuel Street	3 P.M.	Two cotton quilts	Megbai (woman)	0 8	Do.	It was caused by some one throwing a lighted bidi out of a window.
94	E	"	Arthur Road	7 A.M.	Thirteen window frames	Damodar Narayan Contractor.	150 0	Careless smoking.	
95	F	27th	Haines Road	1-30 P.M.	A javli hut with six other huts	Bhagia Satu	92 0	Do.	
96	D	1st December	Kandejadi	1-30 P.M.	A stable	Ramachari Sundarchari	700 0	Unknown.	
97	E	"	Ripon Road	11 A.M.	A bed	Saida (woman)	3 0	Accidental	Careless use of a hooka with burning coals.
98	B	4th	Abdul Rahiman Street	12 midnight	A one-storied building and property, viz., cloth, silk, caps, &c.	Vanmali Jiva, Kasam Punjia and others.	14,600 0	Unknown.	
99	E	"	Bellasis Road	5 P.M.	The roof of a bakehouse	Isa Khalifa	10 0	Accidental	A spark from a fire used by some servants in boiling water seems to have been the origin of this fire.
100	B	5th	Chakla Street	12-30 A.M.	Some old papers and three account books.	Haji Kasam Haji Abdula	5 0	Careless smoking.	
101	D	"	Napean Sea Road	11-45 P.M.	A stable and an adjoining chawl.	Rustamji Sorabji	3,000 0	Unknown.	
102	B	7th	Kolsa Mohalla	3 P.M.	Some coir rope	Ravji Sundarji	2 0	Careless smoking.	
103	F & G	"	Arthur Road	3 P.M.	A quantity of grass	Mahadev Devji	1 0	Do.	
104	B	11th	Malet Road, Vadi Bandar	3-30 P.M.	A dust bin	Municipality	1 0	Accidental	The fire is supposed to have been caused by some one throwing a lighted bidi among the rubbish in a dust-bin.
105	E	16th	Parel Road	11 A.M.	Some rags	Hariba Makund	No damage.	Careless smoking. bidi	
106	C	18th	Malharao Vadi, Agiari Lane.	2 A.M.	Some grass in a stable	Lalji Jagjivan	2 0	Accidental	The fire is supposed to have been caused by a lighted bidi thrown on to the loft of the stable.
107	B	20th	Piru Havaladar Lane	1 P.M.	Some old clothing	Chiragan Nurab	1 0	Do.	It is believed to be due to careless use of a kerosine oil lamp.
108	F & G	29th	Supari Bag Road	"	Some boards	Karimbaksh Shekh Sakar	0 1	Unknown.	
109	E	30th	Teli Mohalla	7-45 P.M.	A quantity of grass	Gopal Kalu	2 0	Accidental	But apparently due to the overheating of a kerosine oil lamp.
Total Rs.							72,231 3		

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1893.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Annual and Periodical Reports—

Police Administration in the Town and
Island of Bombay. Report on the—
for the year 1892.

No. 3950.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 28th June 1893.

Letter from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, No. $\frac{1984}{7}$, dated the 7th April, 1893—
Submitting the Annual Report on the Police Administration in the Town and Island of
Bombay for the year 1892.

Further letter from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, No. $\frac{1985}{7}$, dated the 7th April
1893—Stating that, in conformity with the instructions contained in Government Reso-
lution No. 4075, dated the 14th July, 1886, he forwarded the Report to the Chief
Presidency Magistrate, and appending copy of a letter from that officer, No. 394, dated
the 5th April, 1893.

RESOLUTION.—From Statement A, Parts I and II, attached to the Annual Report on the Bombay City Police, it appears that 20,581 cognizable and 9,189 non-cognizable cases were reported to the Police or instituted during the year 1892, as against 17,893 cognizable and 8,440 non-cognizable cases in the previous year. The total number of persons appearing in Court, whether in cognizable or non-cognizable cases, was 30,698, as compared with 29,045 in 1891 and 28,353 in 1890. The variations in the number of cases under the Indian Penal Code were unimportant; but the number of offences against special Acts and Police Acts present remarkable fluctuations. Thus, while the number of cases under the "Public Conveyance" and the "Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" Acts rose from 3,540 and 828, respectively, to 4,682 and 3,079, those against the Police Acts and those headed "Drunkenness" under Act XLVIII of 1860 declined from 6,156 and 2,551 to 5,570 and 2,410, respectively. The number of cases of possession of stolen property (under Section 35 of Act XIII of 1856) increased from 206 to 361. The explanation of the extraordinary increase in the number of cases under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, furnished in paragraph 9 of the Report, is, that of the 6,156 cases returned as under the "Police Acts" in 1891, no fewer than 3,771 were really cases under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act. The number of cases properly falling under the Police Acts in that year was only 3,213. It appears, therefore, that there was an increase of 2,357 cases under the Police Acts. This considerable increase is attributed to more frequent complaints by the public of petty offences, such as street obstructions, &c., and to greater attention on the part of the Police to such complaints. If this is the correct explanation, it would seem that there must have been some laxity on the part of the Police in previous years. The Commissioner of Police should however report whether paragraph 9 has been correctly understood or not, and supply a more detailed explanation of the nature of offences constituting the increase. It is satisfactory to note that the number of gambling cases decreased from 254 to 238.

2. Turning to serious crime, the number of murders was eight, as compared with nine in 1891. There were only two attempts to commit murder and culpable homicide, as against five in the preceding year. The Police, however, were less successful in bringing the murderers to justice than in the previous year; and in only two of the murder cases were convictions obtained.

3. With regard to the general success of the Police, it is observed that, of the police cases investigated no fewer than 89.63 per cent. and of the cases decided by the Courts no fewer than 95.49 per cent. were prosecuted to conviction.

These figures are satisfactory and show an improvement on the figures of the previous year. Taking the offences under classes I to V, this improvement is still observable. The chief increase in cognizable crime under the Indian Penal Code was in the number of offences against property. A similar increase was noticed in last year's report, and as the growth of crime of this nature is still reported to be chiefly confined to Máhim and other outlying suburbs, the pressing need for the location of larger numbers of Police in those neighbourhoods becomes more and more evident. When the reorganization scheme is introduced the Commissioner of Police will no doubt bear in mind, when deciding on the distribution of his force, the need which has annually been brought to notice of strengthening the Police in the suburbs so far as the larger force will enable him to do so with due regard to the safety of the other portions of the city.

4. The total value of property stolen increased, as might be expected from the increase in the number of offences against property, from Rs. 2,29,616 to Rs. 3,02,788, and it is only in the recovery of property that the City Police failed in 1892 to attain better success than in the preceding year. The Governor in Council observes that only one paragraph of three lines is devoted to a description of the property stolen and recovered. It would, however, be interesting to know, if possible, some details regarding the more important thefts which occurred during the year. The information afforded in paragraph 20 of the report simply gives the total of columns 43, 44 and 45 of Statement A, Part I. The report should, in future, and where any interesting cases have occurred, amplify the statistical information appearing in the tables attached to it.

5. From Statement A, Part I, column 27, and from Part II, column 11, it would appear that, as shown in paragraph 1 above, the total number of persons appearing in Court on account of both cognizable and non-cognizable cases was 30,698 and not 30,925 as shown in the table in paragraph 33 of the report. Of the 7,649 persons appearing before the Courts in connection with non-cognizable offences only 2,888 were convicted. This result has, however, little or no bearing on the working of the Police, since it is only in a few cases that the Police may have been employed for investigation and the success or otherwise of their efforts in such cases is not separately recorded.

6. In paragraph 36 of the report the Coroner is reported to have held 409 inquests, of which the verdict in 12 cases was one of homicide. In the statement attached to the report only 8 cases of murder and 1 of culpable homicide are reported, and no details of the remaining 3 cases in which the Coroner's jury found a verdict of homicide are forthcoming.

7. The conduct of the City Police force appears to have been quite satisfactory during the year under review, though, concurrently with a decrease in the total number of rewards of all kinds from 465 to 337, there was an increase of one in the number of men punished. The Governor in Council fully sympathizes with Colonel Wilson in the remarks made by him with reference to the serious increase in the percentage of admissions to hospital attributed to exposure and extra work, and the inference drawn from this fact, together with the continued increase of offences against property committed in the outlying portions of the city, only confirms the view expressed in reviewing the City Police report last year as to the urgent necessity for an increase of the Police force. At the same time it must be noted that the year 1892 was an unusually unhealthy one for all classes of the community, and an increase in the number of admissions to hospital may perhaps have been partly due to this circumstance.

8. The Governor in Council desires to place on record his high appreciation of Colonel Wilson's efforts, ably seconded as they were by Mr. Gell, towards the maintenance of the efficiency of the force, and of Kháú Bahádur Sardár Mir Abdul Ali's valuable services in the Detective Branch. The Governor in Council is glad also to notice that Superintendents Crummy, Sweeney, Brewin, Macdermott and Ingram have maintained their good re-

putation, and that the Inspectors mentioned in paragraph ~~of~~ the report continued satisfactorily to discharge their arduous duties.

(Signed) C. H. A. HILL,
Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay,
The Chief Presidency Magistrate,
The Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay,
The Compiler of the General Administration Report,
The General Department,
The Marine Department,
The Government of India,
The Secretary of State for India. } By letter.
