



Report

on an

Enquiry into Middle Class Unemployment in the Bombay Presidency

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REPORT ON AN ENQUIRY INTO MIDDLE CLASS UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

SECTION I.—INTRODUCTORY

On September 23rd, 1926 the Government of Bombay issued a Resolution (General Department Resolution No. 5863) directing the Director of Information and Labour Intelligence to collect statistics regarding middle class unemployment. The Labour Office thereupon undertook the work and carried out an enquiry on the results of which this report is based.

2. The selection of the method for conducting the enquiry was a matter of considerable difficulty. In a Presidency like Bombay where capital and labour are largely unorganised and where the State has no direct relation with either, it is difficult even to collect statistics of unemployment of the working classes. The difficulty in the case of the middle classes was therefore naturally greater. In the absence of a more suitable method, it was decided to conduct the enquiry by means of schedules which were to be sent to various bodies and persons together with a circular letter requesting them to get as many schedules filled in as possible with the help of their friends, colleagues and subordinates.

3. A small schedule was therefore drawn up (printed at the end of the report as Appendix A) on which information was asked of individuals relating to age, caste, duration of unemployment, last position held, salary earned, qualifications, cause of leaving last employment etc. Copies of this schedule were sent to various bodies and persons together with a circular letter (see appendix B) with a request that the staff of the offices should be asked to distribute the schedules to persons whom they knew to be out of employment. Schedules were also distributed throughout all Government and semi-Government offices in the same way. The University authorities and the Head Masters of High Schools and Principals of Colleges were also asked to co-operate. In this way it was possible to get in touch with a large number of unemployed persons.

4. In all 20,446 schedules were circulated in the Presidency out of which 2,575 were received back duly completed. A number of these schedules was defective and out of the total, only 1,852 were accepted for final tabulation.

5. This enquiry relates to persons unemployed during the month of November 1926. The circulation of the schedules was started on the 31st October 1926 and the persons and bodies addressed were asked to return the completed schedules by the end of November. The schedules, however, continued to come in till the end of February. Only schedules returned by persons unemployed during November 1926 were, however, accepted for tabulation.

6. On the whole, the schedules were filled in satisfactorily by the persons returning them. Under certain headings, the information returned was not as well specified as was desirable but it was perfectly intelligible for purposes of tabulation. It may also be observed here that, speaking generally, a scrutiny of the schedules suggests that the information returned was not unduly exaggerated.

7. The present enquiry relates to "middle class" unemployed persons. The term "middle class" is one of those expressions in common use, the general significance of which is understood by all, but which it is somewhat difficult precisely to define. In this report the term "middle class" covers educated persons engaged for the most part in non-manual occupations. A further limitation was introduced because the enquiry dealt with only those who were literate in English, although there are of course many educated members of the middle class who do not know English. The reason for the limitation was (1) that the problem of middle class employment, as generally understood, chiefly affects persons ordinarily engaged in the larger cities, who by the nature of their education and occupation are "English knowing" and (2) the difficulty of approaching those who are chiefly engaged in *pedhis* and small trading concerns.

8. The "unemployed" for the purposes of this enquiry include (a) persons who had once had employment but had lost it and (b) persons who are qualified for and desirous of holding a post but have not been able to obtain one. In the case of the latter the duration of unemployment has been counted from the fifth month after the individual was qualified for a post and desired to obtain one, as it can be reasonably expected that youths leaving school or college will take a few months to find a suitable job.

9. This enquiry, therefore, covers unemployed persons not engaged in purely manual occupations, who have been educated at least upto the English Fourth Standard and have earned a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per month or are qualified to hold a post at that pay. This enquiry does not include pensioners* or persons with fluctuating and unascertainable incomes. It also excludes persons in business on their own account and those following one of the learned professions, *i.e.*, doctors, lawyers, etc.

10. In considering the figures given in the succeeding pages, it should be clearly understood that the Labour Office does not suggest that this enquiry has elicited the total number of middle class unemployed in the Presidency. That was not the intention of the enquiry and it is highly improbable that in the present state of our social organisation, any such data could be obtained except perhaps by means of a special census. All that can be claimed is that we have obtained a mass of data, capable of analysis and orderly presentation which throws some light upon some aspects of the unemployment problem among the middle classes. Yet, with all its limitations the enquiry goes much beyond anything that has been previously attempted.

* Except war pensioners.

11. In the following three sections the results of the enquiry in the various centres have been analysed while in the fifth section the combined results for the whole Presidency have been discussed.

SECTION II—BOMBAY CITY

12. Of all the centres, the largest number of schedules was received for Bombay City. Out of the 1,852 schedules tabulated for the whole Presidency, 1,244 or 67·17 per cent. were for Bombay City only.

TABLE I—BOMBAY CITY
Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Sex

						No. of instances
Males	..	..	..	..	..	1,235
Females	..	..	..	..	..	9
Total ..						1,244

13. While it is true that in the occupations covered by this enquiry, the women workers are drawn almost entirely from one small section of the community and form but a small portion of the numbers engaged in those occupations, no deductions whatever can be drawn from the figures given as to the relative incidence of unemployment among the sexes.

TABLE II—BOMBAY CITY
Duration of Unemployment

Duration of Unemployment	Number of instances of those formerly employed	Number of instances of those never employed	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	29	50	79	6·35
1-3 months	113	54	167	13·43
4-6 months	155	100	255	20·50
7-9 months	71	39	110	8·84
10-12 months	169	82	251	20·18
13 months-1½ years	54	28	82	6·59
19 " -2 "	91	34	125	10·05
25 " -2½ "	22	7	29	2·33
31 " -3 "	67	20	87	6·99
37 " -4 "	23	6	29	2·33
49 " -5 "	8	4	12	0·96
Over 5 years	16	2	18	1·45
Total ..	818	426	1,244	100·00
Percentage to total ..	65·76	34·24	100·00	..

14. Of the 1,244 unemployed persons in Bombay City, 818 or 65·76 per cent. had been previously employed while 426 or 34·24 per cent. had never been in employment. Of the total, 33·92 per cent. had been unemployed for six months or less and 29·02 per cent. for from 7 to 12 months and 30·71 per cent. for over a year.

TABLE III—BOMBAY CITY

Age and Civil Condition of Unemployed Persons in Bombay City

Age Groups	Civil Condition				Total	Percentage to total
	Married	Unmarried	Widower	Unspecified		
17-21 ..	31	290	2	1	324	26·04
22-26 ..	136	293	9	2	440	35·37
27-31 ..	120	75	5	2	202	16·24
32-36 ..	83	30	10	1	124	9·97
37-41 ..	47	14	6	..	67	5·39
42-46 ..	32	6	6	..	44	3·54
47-51 ..	22	1	5	..	28	2·25
52-56 ..	10	2	..	..	12	0·96
57 and over ..	2	..	..	..	2	0·16
Unspecified ..	1	..	..	..	1	0·08
Total ..	484	711	43	6	1,244	100·00
Percentage to total ..	38·90	57·16	3·46	0·48	..	..

15. The above table shows that the bulk of the unemployed or 77·65 per cent. of the total were below the age of 32 and 61·41 per cent. of the total were between the ages of 17 and 26. Only about 12 per cent. were over 37. Unemployment would appear to affect mostly the younger men, very largely those who have only just left school or college, or who have not settled down to a permanent job, for the desire for change is predominant in youth. Assuming that these figures are based on a representative sample, and it is believed they are, they have some bearing on the distress caused by unemployment. The younger people are not likely to have settled habits in life nor many dependents to support. They are, moreover, less likely than older men would be, to descend into the ranks of the unemployables. The table shows further 57·16 per cent. of the total were unmarried. Of those 31 years of age and under, 68·12 per cent. were unmarried and of those 26 and under, 76·31 per cent. were unmarried.

TABLE IV—BOMBAY CITY

Age Distribution and Duration of Unemployment

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspecified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months -1½ years	19 months -2 years
17-21	31	50	84	32	58	25	18
22-26	26	57	100	36	102	20	55
27-31	15	23	38	16	35	13	22
32-36	3	11	22	9	26	9	8
37-41 .. .. .	..	5	4	7	14	11	8
42-46 .. .. .	..	9	5	6	6	3	6
47-51	2	3	1	3	5	1	5
52-56	2	..	1	1	4	..	3
57 and over .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Unspecified .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	79	167	255	110	251	82	125
Percentage to total ..	6·35	13·43	20·50	8·84	20·18	6·59	10·05

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment—contd.						
	25 months -2½ years	31 months -3 years	37 months -4 years	49 months -5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
17-21	3	9	3	2	..	324	26·04
22-26	9	26	6	3	..	440	35·37
27-31	7	20	2	2	9	202	16·24
32-36	6	16	6	2	6	124	9·97
37-41	1	11	4	..	2	67	5·39
42-46	1	3	4	1	..	44	3·54
47-51	1	2	2	2	1	28	2·25
52-56 .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	12	0·96
57 and over	1	..	..	..	..	2	0·16
Unspecified .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	1	0·08
Total ..	29	67	29	12	18	1,244	100·00
Percentage to total ..	2·33	6·99	2·33	0·96	1·45	100·00	..

16. From the footnote in the Schedule (Appendix A) it will be seen that persons who had never been previously employed were asked to count the duration of unemployment from the fifth month of their leaving school or college. It is not known how far the unemployed persons have paid heed to this footnote, but it is assumed that this condition has been adhered to.

17. From many of the schedules it was seen that the unemployed persons chose to give a round figure like 3 months, 6 months, 1 year, 2 years, etc., to indicate the period of unemployment. And it is therefore likely that the figures of the duration of unemployment are slightly exaggerated.

18. Excluding 79 cases "unspecified," in 783 out of 1,165 cases, or 67·21 per cent., the duration was 1 year or less, the highest figures being found in the groups 4-6 months and 10-12 months respectively.

TABLE V—BOMBAY CITY

Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion and Caste and Native Place

Native Place	Religion and Caste						
	Hindu						
	Brahmin	Prabhu	Maratha and Kshatriya	Vani and Bania	Caste imperfectly specified	Other Hindu	Total Hindu
Bombay City	26	25	18	4	23	23	119
Ratnagiri District	117	5	39	9	5	17	192
Kolaba District	33	27	3	..	2	6	71
Thana and Bombay Suburban District	26	23	6	..	1	1	57
Districts of the Central Division	47	7	6	1	..	5	66
Districts of Gujarath	16	1	..	9	5	2	33
Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara	40	..	..	1	2	5	48
Native States in the Bombay Presidency	24	16	2	9	1	6	58
Goa	5	..	2	..	1	..	8
<i>Total, Bombay Presidency</i>	334	104	76	33	40	65	652
Madras Presidency	44	..	1	3	9	5	62
Punjab .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
United Provinces	1	..	..	1	..	..	2
Bengal	6	..	..	..	1	4	11
Others *	45	3	2	6	12	5	73
Foreign Countries .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unspecified	2	1	1	..	..	..	4
Total	432	108	80	43	63	80	806
Percentage to total	34·73	8·68	6·43	3·46	5·06	6·43	64·79

* Includes cases in which the name of some obscure place was given or single cases which could not be included in the above classes.

TABLE V—BOMBAY CITY—concl'd.

Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion and Caste and Native Place

Native Place	Religion and Caste					Total	Percent age to total
	Muham- madan	Zoroas- trian	Chris- tian	Jew	Unspe- cified		
Bombay City	7	107	41	20	2	296	23·79
Ratnagiri District	14	..	4	..	..	210	16·88
Kolaba District .. .. .	..	..	3	..	..	74	5·95
Thana and Bombay Suburban District	1	4	19	2	1	84	6·75
Districts of the Central Division	4	2	1	1	..	74	5·95
Districts of Gujarath	5	28	..	..	..	66	5·31
Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara	2	4	1	..	1	56	4·50
Native States in the Bombay Presidency	1	..	..	1	1	61	4·90
Goa .. .. .	..	..	56	..	1	65	5·23
<i>Total, Bombay Presidency</i>	34	145	125	24	6	986	79·26
Madras Presidency .. .. .	..	1	34	..	..	97	7·80
Punjab	1	..	1	..	..	4	0·32
United Provinces	3	..	1	..	..	6	0·48
Bengal .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	12	0·96
Others *	11	13	18	2	1	118	9·49
Foreign Countries .. .. .	..	1	8	..	..	9	0·73
Unspecified.. .. .	..	4	4	..	..	12	0·96
Total	49	164	192	26	7	1,244	100·00
Percentage to total	3·94	13·18	15·44	2·09	0·56	100·00	....

19. Of the total number of unemployed persons in Bombay City, 64·79 per cent. were Hindus, 3·94 per cent. Muhammadans, 13·18 per cent. Parsis, 15·44 per cent. Christians and 2·09 per cent. Jews. In 0·56 per cent. of the cases the caste was not specified.

20. Analysed by the region of origin, it is seen that nearly 80 per cent. of the unemployed persons belong to the Bombay Presidency. Only 7·80 per cent. hail from Madras.

* Includes cases in which the name of some obscure place was given or single cases which could not be included in the above classes.

TABLE VI—BOMBAY CITY

Educational Qualifications and Duration of Unemployment

Educational Qualifications	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspecified	1 month- 3 months	4 months- 6 months	7 months- 9 months	10 months- 12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years
Unspecified	3	8	11	10	19	6	8
Standard IV	2	4	3	1	1	2	5
" V	2	6	8	2	5	4	6
" VI	11	15	21	6	30	4	13
" VII	30	53	84	34	83	26	49
Matric or its equivalent ..	6	27	30	19	30	5	14
Undergraduate	2	4	20	4	10	2	3
B.A.	2	13	12	9	10	7	3
B.E. .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
B.Sc. .. ..	..	1	2	..	..	1	..
B.Com.	1	1	1	..	..	..	..
B.A.,LL.B. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
M.A. or M.Sc. .. ..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
Typing (a)	5	8	17	6	15	9	6
Shorthand (b)	4	4	3	2	7	3	..
Miscellaneous (c)	6	14	33	9	29	11	10
Imperfectly specified (d) ..	5	9	8	7	12	2	6
Total	79	167	255	110	251	82	125
Percentage to total	6·35	13·43	20·50	8·84	20·18	6·59	10·05

(a) Includes 2 cases of "Undergraduate and typing," 14 cases of "Matric and typing," 41 cases of "St. VII and typing," 4 cases of "St. VI and typing," 1 case of "St. V and typing" and 10 cases of "Typing only."

(b) Includes 6 cases of "Matric and shorthand," 15 cases of "St. VII and shorthand," 1 case of "St. V and shorthand" and 1 case of "Shorthand only."

(c) Includes cases of qualifications regarding drawing, book-keeping, accountancy, mechanical engineering, "Sanitary inspector," L.T.M., etc.

(d) Includes "Practical Accountancy," "Fair knowledge of English," etc.

TABLE VI—BOMBAY CITY—*contd.**Educational Qualifications and Duration of Unemployment*

Educational Qualifications	Duration of Unemployment— <i>contd.</i>						Total	Percentage to total
	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years			
Unspecified	1	9	7	2	3	87	6·99	
Standard IV	1	2	..	2	..	23	1·85	
„ V	3	2	..	..	1	39	3·14
„ VI	6	14	4	1	2	127	10·21	
„ VII	6	31	13	4	3	416	33·44	
Matric and equivalent	2	8	..	..	2	143	11·50
Undergraduate	2	1	1	..	..	49	3·94
B.A. .. ..	..	4	..	1	1	62	4·98
B.E. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0·08
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	2	6	0·48
B.Com. .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	4	0·32
B.A.,LL.B. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0·16
M.A. or M.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0·16
Typing (a)	2	3	1	..	..	72	5·79
Shorthand (b) .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	23	1·85
Miscellaneous (c)	3	6	3	1	2	127	10·21	
Imperfectly specified (d)	3	6	..	1	2	61	4·90	
Total	29	87	29	12	18	1,244	100·00	
Percentage to total	2·33	6·99	2·33	0·96	1·45	100·00	....

(a) Includes 2 cases of "Undergraduate and typing," 14 cases of "Matric and typing," 41 cases of "St. VII and typing," 4 cases of "St. VI and typing," 1 case of "St. V and typing" and 10 cases of "Typing only."

(b) Includes 6 cases of "Matric and shorthand," 15 cases of "St. VII and shorthand," 1 case of "St. V and shorthand" and 1 case of "Shorthand only."

(c) Includes cases of qualifications regarding drawing, book-keeping, accountancy, mechanical engineering, "Sanitary Inspector," L.T.M., etc.

(d) Includes "Practical Accountancy," "Fair knowledge of English," etc.

21. This table is one of the most interesting of the series because it throws a good deal of light on the unemployment problem, showing as it does the educational qualifications of those who have entered or are endeavouring to enter the particular field covered by the enquiry—clerical and similar posts carrying a salary of Rs. 50 and over. It is found on examining the figures that nearly 50 per cent. of the unemployed persons covered by the returns do not possess what are generally regarded as the minimum qualifications. In 605 cases or 48·64 per cent. of the total the individual had not even passed his school leaving certificate examination. Only 164 persons (*i.e.*, 143 *plus* 6 who were stenographers and 14 who were typists and 1 who had passed the drawing examination as well) or 13·18 per cent. of the total had passed the matric or its equivalent examination. 51* or 4·10 per cent. were undergraduates. The number of persons who were graduates was 77 or 6·18 per cent. of the total. The number of cases grouped under miscellaneous is rather large, but it may be pointed out that in most of these cases the qualification was not of a high order. There are 61 cases under “imperfectly specified”. An examination of the schedules in these cases indicates that these persons had no qualifications worth the name to specify and that is why they were vague in their replies to this question.

22. Taking Matriculates, Undergraduates, Graduates, Stenographers and those with miscellaneous qualifications, their number comes to 435 or 34·97 per cent. The number of Arts Graduates was far in excess of any other, 62 B.As. as against 1 B.E., 6 B.Sc.s. and 4 B.Com.s. Unemployed Arts Graduates formed 4·98 per cent. of the total number of the unemployed persons covered by the schedules.

23. The relatively small amount of unemployed among those who have the qualification of Shorthand is noteworthy. Such people and graduates (except B.As.) do not figure among those who have been unemployed for an inordinate length of time. These unfortunates are mostly in the groups of lower qualifications and it is among them that the “unemployables” are likely to be found.

* *i.e.*, including 2 cases in which the undergraduates were working as typists.

TABLE VII—BOMBAY CITY

*Duration of Unemployment and Salary earned during
Previous Employment*

BOMBAY CITY

earned during Previous Employment

earned in Rupees									Total	Percent- age to total
176-200	201-225	226-250	251-275	276-300	301-350	351-400	Over 400	Unspecified		
1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	29	3.55
..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	113	13.81
1	2	1	1	..	2	..	1	4	155	18.95
..	2	3	1	..	3	2	..	..	71	8.68
6	3	1	3	..	1	1	1	4	169	20.66
..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	54	6.60
..	2	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	91	11.12
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	22	2.69
1	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	67	8.19
1	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	23	2.81
..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	8	0.98
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	1.96
10	12	7	8	..	11	4	5	12	818	100.00
844									100.00	..

25. The fact that the majority of unemployed persons earned during their previous employment a comparatively low salary is not surprising when one considers that the majority of them are, as shown in the previous table, very poorly qualified.

Duration of Unemployment and Salary

Duration of unemployment	Salary							
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	126-150	151-175
Unspecified	5	5	7	..	2	5	2	1
1-3 months	29	25	14	9	10	15	6	2
4-6 ,,	34	36	21	9	12	18	10	3
7-9 ,,	17	10	13	3	7	6	3	1
10-12 ,,	35	45	17	16	7	12	6	11
13 months-1½ years	5	19	9	2	4	3	5	3
19 ,, 2 ,,	23	20	10	8	3	9	3	10
25 ,, 2½ ,,	3	3	4	1	1	5	1	1
31 ,, 3 ,,	14	20	11	3	2	3	3	7
37 ,, 4 ,,	5	2	4	4	1	3	..	1
49 ,, 5 ,,	1	..	3	1	..	..	..	1
Over 5 years	3	1	1	2	1	5	3	..
Total	174	186	114	58	50	84	42	41
Percentage to total	21·27	22·74	13·94	7·09	6·11	10·27	5·13	5·01

24. This table indicates that the unemployment problem is one that chiefly affects the lower paid workers. Of the total, in 474 or 57·95 per cent. of the cases the salary earned was less than Rs. 80 per mensem, in 275 or 33·61 per cent. of the cases it was over Rs. 80 but below Rs. 175, while only in 57 or 6·97 per cent. of the cases it was over Rs. 175. The highest salary reported was Rs. 550 per mensem.

TABLE VIII—BOMBAY CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Means of Livelihood

Duration of Unemployment	Support- ed by relatives	Savings	Casual work	Debts	Support- ed by friends	Real property	Tuition
Unspecified.. ..	35	3	2	..	2	4	2
1-3 months.. ..	72	24	8	7	3	1	5
4-6 ,, ..	148	21	14	15	13	8	6
7-9 ,, ..	61	11	8	3	4	5	3
10-12 ,, ..	122	28	14	11	13	9	6
13 months-1½ years	37	6	3	10	2	3	4
19 ,, 2 ,, ..	63	8	9	10	4	2	3
25 ,, 2½ ,, ..	16	2	4	4	1	2	..
31 ,, 3 ,, ..	35	8	13	5	3	3	1
37 ,, 4 ,, ..	10	4	3	4	1	2	..
49 ,, 5 ,, ..	5	2	1	..	..	1	..
Over 5 years	4	2	5	..	1	1	1
Total ..	608	119	84	69	47	41	31
Percentage to total ..	48·87	9·57	6·75	5·55	3·78	3·30	2·49

Duration of Unemployment	Charity	Agricul- ture	Miscel- laneous	Unspeci- fied	Imper- fectly specified	Total	Per- centage to total'
Unspecified.. ..	2	..	1	23	5	79	6·35
1-3 months.. ..	1	1	..	42	3	167	13·43
4-6 ,, ..	3	..	2	22	3	255	20·50
7-9 ,, ..	1	..	1	13	..	110	8·84
10-12 ,, ..	1	4	4	37	2	251	20·18
13 months-1½ years	3	1	2	11	..	82	6·59
19 ,, 2 ,, ..	..	4	4	14	4	125	10·06
25 ,, 2½ ,, ..	..	..	..	..	..	29	2·33
31 ,, 3 ,, ..	..	1	3	11	4	87	6·99
37 ,, 4 ,, ..	..	..	1	3	1	29	2·33
49 ,, 5 ,, ..	..	..	2	..	1	12	0·96
Over 5 years .. ..	..	..	2	..	2	18	1·45
Total ..	11	11	22	176	25	1,244	100·00
Percentage to total ..	·88	·88	1·77	14·15	2·01	100·00	..

26. This table gives some indication of the means of livelihood of unemployed persons during the difficult period of unemployment. It shows that in nearly half the number of cases the unemployed person is supported by his relatives. The relatives most frequently reported to be supporting were the father and the brother.

27. About 10 per cent. of the unemployed persons maintained themselves on savings. As persons who were never previously employed could presumably not have saved, these 119 cases probably relate to a total of 818 only. This means that 14·55 per cent. of the total had put by money during the period of their employment. But it is significant that these savings are usually stated to be from Provident Fund Benefits received after leaving previous employment. Cases of savings out of the salary actually received are very few.

28. 6·75 per cent. of the persons reported that they were doing casual work. This includes canvassing, part-time work, working as a door-keeper at a cinema, etc.

29. In 5·55 per cent. of the cases the means of livelihood reported were "debts", in 3·78 it was the support of friends and in ·88 per cent. cases it was charity. Thus in 127 or 10·21 per cent. of the cases the unemployed persons had no visible means of subsistence. It may be asked how those out of employment could get loans. But as was reported by various unemployed persons, the debt was in the form of commodities and services rather than in cash. For instance, in several cases, the unemployed person was not paying anything for his board and lodging, but had stipulated that he would repay the dues on his getting employment.

30. The cases in which unemployed persons had taken to agriculture as a means of livelihood, though few, are not without significance.

31. Among "miscellaneous" are included cases in which the unemployed persons were living on the money realised from the pawning of jewellery, furniture, etc.

32. The number of cases in which the means of livelihood were not specified is rather large, being 176 or 14·15 per cent. of the total. But it must be remembered that middle class persons are extremely sensitive about revealing information regarding their private lives and the wonder therefore is not that in so many cases were the means of livelihood not specified, but that in so many cases they were.

TABLE IX—BOMBAY CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Number of Dependents

Duration of Unemployment	Number of Dependents								
	Nil.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Unspecified ..	8	5	19	14	6	11	4	2	..
1-3 months ..	27	16	25	30	32	7	5	5	4
4-6 ,, ..	44	27	42	43	39	17	19	7	2
7-9 ,, ..	18	14	19	13	11	11	5	5	2
10-12 ,, ..	31	22	46	47	41	18	19	12	2
13 months -1½ years ..	11	7	14	12	11	10	4	6	..
19 ,, 2 ,, ..	16	14	10	18	22	13	10	5	1
25 ,, 2½ ,, ..	5	1	7	5	5	1	3	..	2
31 ,, 3 ,, ..	8	5	10	18	20	13	5	4	1
37 ,, 4 ,, ..	2	1	4	13	1	1	3	3	1
49 ,, 5 ,, ..	2	..	3	4	..	..	1	1	1
Over 5 years ..	1	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1
Total ..	173	114	211	220	191	106	79	51	17
Percentage to total ..	13·91	9·17	16·96	17·69	15·35	8·44	6·35	4·10	1·37

Duration of Unemployment	Number of Dependents—contd.					Unspecified	Total	Percentage to total
	9	10	11	12	14			
Unspecified ..	1	..	2	..	..	7	79	6·35
1-3 months ..	..	2	..	..	..	14	167	13·43
4-6 ,, ..	..	..	1	1	..	13	255	20·50
7-9 ,, ..	2	2	..	..	1	7	110	8·84
10-12 ,, ..	1	1	1	2	..	8	251	20·18
13 months -1½ years ..	..	..	2	1	..	4	82	6·59
19 ,, 2 ,, ..	2	2	..	..	..	3	125	10·05
25 ,, 2½ ,, ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	2·33
31 ,, 3 ,, ..	..	1	..	..	..	2	87	6·99
37 ,, 4 ,, ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	2·33
49 ,, 5 ,, ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	0·96
Over 5 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	1·45
Total ..	6	8	6	4	1	58	1,244	100·00
Percentage to total ..	0·48	0·64	0·48	0·32	0·08	4·66	100·00	..

33. This table is of interest from the point of view of the effects of unemployment on family life. The number of cases in which unemployed persons had no dependents to support was only 173 or 13·91 per cent. of the total. We have seen in table III that out of the total no fewer than 711 persons were unmarried. How does it then happen that only 173 had no dependents? These figures would be puzzling in any other country not having a social organisation similar to India's. But when one remembers that the joint family system still prevails in this country and that there is no poor law system for giving State aid to the indigent, these figures cease to be surprising.

34. The average number of dependents per unemployed person comes to 3·13, which means that the average family consists of 4·13 persons. This figure is very nearly the same as the one arrived at by the census investigation of 1921 and the middle class family budget investigation conducted by the Labour Office in 1922-24.

35. It may be asked how when nearly half the number of unemployed persons are themselves dependent on their relatives, they can have dependents to support. It is true that for the time being these dependents are dependent upon the person or persons supporting the unemployed person. But ultimately the responsibility of supporting must be that of the person unemployed and the information has no doubt been given accordingly.

36. There is a possibility that while filling in the column "Number of dependents", there may have been on the part of some persons returning the schedule a tendency to overstate the figure. But, on the whole, it appears that the figures are approximately correct. To examine their validity two tests can be applied. Firstly, it can be seen whether owing to the exaggeration the average size of the family goes up. From the results of the middle class family budget investigation, we know that the average size of the family is 4·86 persons. The application of the first test therefore shows that the figures are not exaggerated.

37. The second test to apply would be to find out the percentages of families of various sizes and to compare them with similar percentages arrived at from the family budget investigation. Here again one sees that there is a close approximation between the two sets of figures. And from this it appears that there has been little or no exaggeration on the part of the unemployed persons in stating the number of dependents.

TABLE X—BOMBAY CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Cause of Leaving Last Employment

Duration of Unemployment			Cause of leaving last employment				
			Retrenchment	Illness	Temporary work	Closing down of office	Dismissal
Unspecified	..	..	13	2	7	1	1
1-3 months	..	..	52	13	18	10	1
4-6 "	..	..	69	21	23	13	..
7-9 "	..	..	32	8	7	7	..
10-12 "	..	..	83	27	22	11	3
13 months-1½ years	..	..	30	9	8	4	1
19 " 2 "	..	..	42	21	10	6	..
25 " 2½ "	..	..	11	5	..	3	1
31 " 3 "	..	..	26	12	11	12	1
37 " 4 "	..	..	10	7	2	..	1
49 " 5 "	..	..	3	1	..	2	..
Over 5 years	..	..	10	1	1	..	1
Total ..			381	127	109	69	10
Percentage to total ..			46.58	15.53	13.32	8.44	1.22

Duration of Unemployment			Cause of leaving last employment—contd.				
			Resignation	Others*	Unspecified	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	..	..	2	3	..	29	3.55
1-3 months	..	..	15	3	1	113	13.81
4-6 "	..	..	23	4	2	155	18.95
7-9 "	..	..	9	5	3	71	8.68
10-12 "	..	..	16	6	1	169	20.66
13 months-1½ years	..	..	2	..	..	54	6.60
19 " 2 "	..	..	7	3	2	91	11.12
25 " 2½ "	..	..	1	1	..	22	2.69
31 " 3 "	..	..	2	3	..	67	8.19
37 " 4 "	..	..	2	..	1	23	2.81
49 " 5 "	..	..	1	1	..	8	0.98
Over 5 years	..	..	2	1	..	16	1.96
Total ..			82	30	10	818	100.00
Percentage to total ..			10.02	3.67	1.22	100.00	..

* Includes "Irregular payment", "further study", "master's extreme acridude nature", etc.

38. The figures in this table relate only to persons who had been previously employed. The cause of unemployment was in 46·58 per cent. of the cases given as "retrenchment". In 8·44 per cent. of the cases it was attributed to "closing down of the office" in which the unemployed person had served. If this is also regarded as "retrenchment," this cause accounted for 55·02 per cent. of the unemployment.

39. In 127 cases or 15·53 per cent. of the total, the cause of leaving last employment was "illness." Illness which necessitates the giving up of employment must naturally be of a protracted nature requiring either long or intermittent absence from work. And it is likely that especially in non-Government offices where the leave rules are not so liberal as in Government service, persons falling ill have to leave service and forfeit their jobs. This is especially the case where the sick man is relatively a new-comer to the office and the previous tables show that unemployment is more rife among the younger men. The tendency of people to leave Bombay when they get ill and go to their native place, even if they have to forfeit their jobs is no doubt a contributory cause, but the figure seems a high one.

40. In 82 or 10·02 per cent. of the cases, unemployment was due to resignation. It is surprising that so large a number of men should voluntarily place themselves on the unemployed list. The causes given for resigning were various. Some reported that they resigned in order to improve their prospects, others complained of ill-treatment at the hands of their superiors, in one case the person who was working as a salesman resigned because he thought the work "not agreeable to an educated man" and in one instance the unemployed person resigned because his politics did not agree with those of his master.

Duration of Unemployment

Last Position Held	Duration of					
	Unspeci- fied	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years
Unspecified	7	3	7	1	3	3
Clerk (a)	9	48	82	37	101	30
Typist (b)	4	13	14	7	10	4
Shorthand Typist .. ..	..	6	1	..	1	..
Cashier .. ..	..	1	3	..	1	3
Head Clerk (c) .. ..	..	1	3	4	5	..
Store Keeper (d)	1	4	3	2	4	1
Artisans (e)	1	5	6	1	5	1
Draftsman (f)	2	2	2	3	4	..
Manager .. ..	..	3	5	1	4	1
Accountant	1	3	2	2	2	2
Teacher	1	3	1	1	2	..
Salesman .. ..	..	5	3	2	5	3
Imperfectly specified (g) .. ..	..	6	6	4	4	4
Others (h)	3	10	17	6	18	2
Total	29	113	155	71	169	54
Percentage to total	3.55	13.81	18.95	8.68	20.66	6.60

(a) Includes ' Clerks,' ' Timekeepers,' ' Bill Collectors,' ' Rent Collectors ' and ' Ledger Keepers ' .
 (e) Fitter, Photo Engraver, Mechanic and Compositor. (f) Tracers and Draftsmen. (g) ' Post and Level Service ' ; ' Temporary establishment ' ; ' Assistant to Erach D. Engineer & Co. ' ; ' B. P. Bypass ' ; ' As an assistant in Devakram Nanjee & Co., (c) . (h) Includes 5 cases each of Supervisor, Engine Mechanical Engineer, and Railway Guard ; 2 cases each of Weaving Master, Dyer, Painter, Proof Reader, case each of the following : Revenue Inspector, Salesman and Clerk, Drainage Inspector, Cotton Inspector Tram Inspector, Skinner, Sizing Master, Sorter, Cargo Supervisor, Steward, Cotton Selector, Head Telephone Operator, Junior Auditor, Jobber, Assistant Purchasing Officer, Number Taker, Book-keeper,

41. It will be seen from this table that the position held previously by the majority of unemployed persons was that of a clerk. If the three

BOMBAY CITY

and Last Position Held

Unemployment

19 months- 2 years	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
1	1	2	..	....	....	28	3.42
56	15	35	11	5	4	433	52.93
5	..	3	2	....	....	62	7.57
..	..	..	..	....	....	8	0.98
2	..	1	1	....	....	12	1.47
2	1	2	..	1	1	20	2.45
2	..	2	1	....	....	20	2.45
1	..	5	..	....	2	27	3.30
..	..	4	..	....	2	19	2.32
1	1	..	..	1	....	17	2.08
1	2	1	1	1	2	20	2.45
2	1	1	..	....	....	12	1.47
2	..	1	..	....	1	22	2.69
4	..	2	1	....	1	32	3.91
12	1	..	6	....	3	86	10.51
91	22	67	43	8	16	818	100.00
11.12	2.60	8.19	2.81	0.98	1.96	100.00	..

(b) Typist and Typist Clerk. (c) Secretary, Superintendent. (d) Store Keepers and Godown Keepers Telegraph Office; 'Private Service'; 'Serving in G. P. O.'; 'Employed on the construction of High amll & Co., Contractor'; 'Working in Mill'; 'Temporary service in High Court'; 'Temporary Driver and Foreman'; 4 cases each of Engineer-in-charge, Surveyor; 3 cases each of Overseer, Compounder, Ticket Collector, Assistant to Share Broker, Assistant, Imperial Bank of India, and Apprentice; and one Turner, Signaller, Traffic Inspector, Spare Sizer, Care Taker, Imperial Bank, Sub-Overseer, Weight Checker, Wireman, Photographer, Operator of Boneo Machine, Sub-Editor, Editor, Boiler Attendant, Mistry, Winding Overseer, Shop-Keeper and Electrician.

categories "Clerks," "Typists" and "Head Clerks" are combined, this group accounts for no less than 62.96 per cent. of the total.

TABLE XII—

Educational Qualifications

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned							
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	126-150	151-175
Unspecified	7	15	11	4	3	6	4	10
Standard IV	3	4	4	..	1	1	2	..
„ V	7	10	4	..	1	1	..	..
„ VI	29	22	12	6	1	6	5	1
„ VII	82	63	40	26	18	29	10	6
Matric and its equivalent ..	11	23	6	6	8	5	4	2
Undergraduate	5	4	3	1	2	4	..	2
B.A.	3	7	9	3	4	3	..	1
B.Sc. .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..
B.Com. .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
B.A., LL.B. .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..
Typing	11	17	8	1	2	6	2	1
Shorthand	2	1	2	2	3	2	..	..
Miscellaneous	12	16	7	6	4	11	9	9
Imperfectly specified	2	3	6	3	3	8	6	8
Total	174	186	114	58	50	84	42	41
Percentage to total	21·27	22·74	13·94	7·09	6·11	10·27	5·13	5·01

42. The noteworthy feature of this table is that out of the 34 B.A.s previously employed no fewer than 26 or 76·5 per cent. were earning Rs. 100 per month or less while out of the 70 Matriculates 54 or 77·1 per

BOMBAY CITY

and Salary Earned

In Rupees

176-200	201-225	226-250	251-275	276-300	301-350	351-400	Over 400	Unspecified	Total	Percentage to total
3	2	3	1	..	5	..	..	..	74	9.05
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	16	1.96
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	2.81
2	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	5	92	11.25
1	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	280	34.23
1	1	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	70	8.56
..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	24	2.93
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	34	4.16
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0.24
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0.24
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0.24
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48	5.87
1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	1.59
1	1	2	5	..	1	..	2	1	87	10.64
1	4	..	1	..	1	3	1	1	51	6.23
10	12	7	8	..	11	4	5	12	818	100.00
811									100.00	..

cent. were also getting this salary. The proportions to the total work out to very nearly the same in both the cases, and the figures are suggestive as to the *value in the labour market of an Arts degree.*

TABLE XIII—BOMBAY CITY

Means adopted to secure Employment

Means adopted	Number of instances
Applications only	373
Personal calls and applications	240
Personal calls only	128
Personal calls, applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	115
Insertion of or replies to advertisements	99
Personal calls and insertion of or replies to advertisements	69
No means adopted	53
Applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	41
Imperfectly specified*	85
Unspecified	41
Total ..	1,244

43. As will be seen from the table in nearly half the number of cases the means adopted by unemployed persons to secure employment were either applications only or applications and personal calls only. In no case was it stated that efforts were made to secure employment through the agency of some employment finding bureau.

44. Tables III, IV, VI and VIII have been further subdivided for "those formerly employed" and "those never employed previously."

* Some typical examples of this are :—

"Trying," "Extreme exertion," "Tried utmost," "University degree," "Tried but failed," "Each and every step has been taken in my power," "Through influence," "Testimonials," "I cannot pull on," "No other means except my ability," "At my level best," "Under arrangement," "Very bad luck since no call from anybody," "Partially by application and partially by influence," "Searched all over," "By means of relationship," "Tried much," "Received two calls," "Searching," etc.

TABLE III-A—BOMBAY CITY

*Age and Civil Condition of Unemployed Persons in Bombay City
(Number of instances of those formerly employed)*

Age groups			Civil Condition					
			Married	Unmar- ried	Widower	Unspeci- fied	Total	Percent- age to total
17-21	..	..	9	81	..	..	90	11·00
22-26	..	..	98	158	9	..	265	32·40
27-31	..	..	120	65	4	..	189	23·11
32-36	..	..	83	28	10	1	122	14·91
37-41	..	..	47	14	6	..	67	8·19
42-46	..	..	32	6	6	..	44	5·38
47-51	..	..	20	1	5	..	26	3·18
52-56	..	..	10	2	..	..	12	1·47
57 & over	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	0·24
Unspecified	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	0·12
Total ..			422	355	40	1	818	100·00
Percentage to total ..			51·59	43·40	4·89	0·12	100·00	..

TABLE III-B—BOMBAY CITY

*Age and Civil Condition of Unemployed Persons in Bombay City
(Number of instances of those never employed)*

Age groups			Civil Condition					
			Married	Unmar- ried	Widower	Unspeci- fied	Total	Percent- age to total
17-21	..	..	22	209	2	1	234	54·93
22-26	..	..	38	135	..	2	175	41·08
27-31	..	..	..	10	1	2	13	3·05
32-36	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	0·47
37-41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42-46	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47-51	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	0·47
52-56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57 & over	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unspecified	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			62	356	3	5	426	100·00
Percentage to total ..			14·56	83·57	0·70	1·17	100·00	..

TABLE IV-A—BOMBAY CITY

Age Distribution and Duration of Unemployment

(Number of instances of those formerly employed)

Age Groups				Duration of Unemployment						
				Unspeci- fied	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years
17-21	..	..	..	3	14	24	8	25	6	6
22-26	..	..	..	8	48	63	21	55	12	33
27-31	..	..	..	12	23	35	16	33	12	22
32-36	..	..	..	3	11	22	9	26	9	8
37-41	..	..	..	..	5	4	7	14	11	8
42-46	..	..	..	..	9	5	6	6	3	6
47-51	..	..	..	1	3	1	3	5	1	5
52-56	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	4	..	3
57 and over	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Unspecified	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			..	29	113	155	71	169	54	91
Percentage to total			..	3.55	13.81	18.95	8.68	20.66	6.60	11.12

Age Groups				Duration of Unemployment—contd.						
				25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percent- age to total
17-21	..	..	..	1	2	1	..	..	90	11.00
22-26	..	..	..	6	14	3	2	..	265	32.40
27-31	..	..	..	7	19	2	1	7	189	23.11
32-36	..	..	..	4	16	6	2	6	122	14.91
37-41	..	..	..	1	11	4	..	2	67	8.19
42-46	..	..	..	1	3	4	1	..	44	5.36
47-51	..	..	..	1	2	1	2	1	26	3.18
52-56	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	12	1.47
57 and over	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	0.24
Unspecified	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	0.12
Total			..	22	67	23	8	16	818	100.00
Percentage to total			..	2.69	8.19	2.81	0.98	1.96	100.00	..

TABLE IV-B—BOMBAY CITY

Age Distribution and Duration of Unemployment
(Number of instances of those never employed)

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspecified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months-1½ years	19 months-2 years
17-21	28	45	60	24	33	19	12
22-26	18	9	37	15	47	8	22
27-31	3	..	3	..	2	1	..
32-36 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37-41 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42-46 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47-51	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
52-56 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57 and over .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unspecified .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	50	54	100	39	82	28	34
Percentage to total	11·74	12·68	23·47	9·16	19·25	6·57	7·98

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment—contd.						
	25 months-2½ years	31 months-3 years	37 months-4 years	49 months-5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
17-21	2	7	2	2	..	234	54·93
22-26	3	12	3	1	..	175	41·08
27-31 .. .. .	..	1	..	1	2	13	3·05
32-36	2	..	..	..	..	2	0·47
37-41 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42-46 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47-51 .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	2	0·47
52-56 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57 and over .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unspecified .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	7	20	6	4	2	426	100·00
Percentage to total .. .. .	..	4·70	1·41	0·94	0·47	100·00	..

TABLE VI-A—
Educational Qualifications and
(Number of instances of

Educational Qualifications	Duration of					
	Unspecified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months-1½ years
Unspecified	1	3	9	8	19	6
Standard IV .. ..	..	4	3	..	1	2
.. V .. ..	..	5	2	2	3	2
.. VI	5	10	15	5	24	2
.. VII	9	35	56	24	55	21
Matric or its equivalent	1	15	15	9	7	3
Under-graduate	1	1	8	1	7	2
B.A.	1	8	5	6	6	3
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	1
B.Com. .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	..
B.A., LL.B. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Typing (a)	3	8	14	4	8	4
Shorthand (b)	2	4	2	..	3	2
Miscellaneous (c)	4	11	18	5	24	6
Imperfectly specified (d)	2	8	6	7	12	..
Total	29	113	155	71	169	54
Percentage to total	3.55	13.81	18.95	8.68	20.66	6.60

(a) Includes 1 case of "Under-graduate and typing," 8 cases of "Matric and typing," 27 cases and typing" and 9 cases

(b) Includes 1 case of "Matric and shorthand," 11 cases of

(c) Includes cases of qualifications like drawing, book-keeping, accountancy,

(d) Includes "High School Education,"

BOMBAY CITY

*Duration of Unemployment**(those formerly employed)*

Unemployment

10 months- 2 years	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
8	1	8	6	2	3	74	9.05
3	1	1	..	1	....	16	1.96
5	1	2	..	....	1	23	2.81
11	5	8	4	1	2	92	11.25
34	6	26	0	2	3	280	34.23
8	2	8	..	....	2	70	8.56
2	..	1	1	....	....	24	2.93
3	..	1	..	....	1	34	4.16
..	..	..	..	....	....	2	0.24
..	..	..	..	....	....	2	0.24
2	..	..	..	....	....	2	0.24
3	1	2	1	....	....	48	5.87
..	..	..	..	....	....	13	1.59
7	2	5	2	1	2	87	10.64
5	3	5	..	1	2	51	6.23
91	22	67	23	8	16	818	100.00
11.12	2.69	8.19	2.81	0.98	1.96	100.00	....

of "Standard VII and typing," 2 cases of "Standard VI and typing," 1 case of "Standard V of "Typing only."

"Standard VII and shorthand" and 1 case of "Shorthand only."

mechanical engineering, sanitary inspector, L. T. M., etc.

• Fair knowledge of English," etc.

TABLE VI-B—

*Educational Qualifications and
(Number of instances of*

Educational Qualifications	Duration of					
	Unspecified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months-1½ years
Unspecified	2	5	2	2	..	..
Standard IV	2	..	..	1	..	..
„ V	2	1	6	..	2	2
„ VI	6	5	6	1	6	2
„ VII	21	18	28	10	28	5
Matric or its equivalent ..	5	12	15	10	23	2
Undergraduate	1	3	12	3	3	..
B.A.	1	5	7	3	4	4
B.E. .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..
B.Sc. .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	..
B.Com.	1	..	..	..	..	..
B.A., LL.B. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
M.A. or M.Sc. .. ..	..	..	1	1	..	..
Typing (a)	2	..	3	2	7	5
Shorthand (b)	2	..	1	2	4	1
Miscellaneous (c)	2	3	15	4	5	5
Imperfectly specified (d) ..	3	1	2	..	..	2
Total	50	54	100	39	82	28
Percentage to total	11·74	12·68	23·47	9·16	19·25	6·57

(a) Includes one case of "Undergraduate and typing," six cases of "Matric and typing," fourteen only.

(b) Includes five cases of "Matric and shorthand," four cases of "Standard VII and shorthand"

(c) Includes cases of qualifications regarding Drawing, Book-keeping, Accountancy, Mechanical

(d) Includes "English, Marathi, Gujarathi

BOMBAY CITY

Duration of Unemployment
those never employed)

Unemployment

19 months- 2 years	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
..	..	1	1	....	....	13	3·05
2	..	1	..	1	....	7	1·64
1	2	..	..	....	....	16	3·76
2	1	6	..	....	....	35	8·22
15	..	5	4	2	....	136	31·92
6	..	..	..	....	....	73	17·14
1	2	..	..	....	....	25	5·87
..	..	3	..	1	....	28	6·57
..	..	..	..	....	....	1	0·23
..	..	..	..	....	2	4	0·94
..	..	1	..	....	....	2	0·47
..
..	..	..	..	....	....	2	0·47
3	1	1	..	....	....	24	5·63
..	..	..	..	....	....	10	2·35
3	1	1	1	....	....	40	9·39
1	..	1	..	....	....	10	2·35
34	7	20	6	4	2	426	100·00
7·98	1·64	4·69	1·41	0·94	0·47	100·00	....

cases of "Standard VII and typing," two cases of "Standard VI and typing" and one case of "Typing"

and one case of "Standard V and shorthand."

Engineering, etc.

and Urdu," "Practical," etc.

TABLE VIII-A—BOMBAY CITY
Duration of Unemployment and Means of Livelihood
(Number of instances of those formerly employed)

Duration of Unemployment	Means of Livelihood						
	Supported by relatives	Savings	Casual work	Debts	Supported by friends	Real property	Tuition
Unspecified	11	2	1	..	..	2	..
1-3 months	38	23	7	6	2	1	2
4-6 "	73	20	13	12	11	5	3
7-9 "	34	11	5	3	4	3	..
10-12 "	75	27	11	10	7	2	4
13 months to 1½ years	19	6	3	7	2	2	2
19 " to 2 "	53	5	7	9	2	1	1
25 " to 2½ "	13	2	3	2	1	1	..
31 " to 3 "	28	6	12	4	3	2	..
37 " to 4 "	7	4	3	3	1	1	..
49 " to 5 "	2	2	1	..	..	1	..
Over 5 years	4	2	5	..	..	1	..
Total	357	110	71	56	33	22	12
Percentage to total	43·64	13·45	8·68	6·85	4·03	2·69	1·47

Duration of Unemployment	Means of Livelihood—contd.						Percentage to total
	Charity	Agriculture	Miscellaneous	Unspecified	Imperfectly specified	Total	
Unspecified	1	..	..	10	2	29	3·55
1-3 months	1	..	..	32	1	113	13·81
4-6 "	3	..	1	12	2	155	18·95
7-9 "	1	..	1	9	..	71	8·68
10-12 "	1	1	4	27	..	169	20·66
13 months to 1½ years	2	1	2	8	..	54	6·60
19 " to 2 " .. .. .	..	2	3	8	..	91	11·12
25 " to 2½ " .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	22	2·69
31 " to 3 " .. .. .	..	1	3	7	1	67	8·19
37 " to 4 " .. .. .	..	..	1	3	..	23	2·81
49 " to 5 " .. .. .	..	..	2	..	..	8	0·98
Over 5 years .. .. .	..	..	2	..	2	16	1·96
Total	9	5	19	116	8	818	100·00
Percentage to total	1·10	0·61	2·32	14·18	0·98	100·00	..

TABLE VIII-B—BOMBAY CITY
Duration of Unemployment and Means of Livelihood
(Number of instances of those never employed)

Duration of Unemployment	Means of Livelihood						
	Supported by relatives	Savings	Casual work	Debts	Supported by friends	Real property	Tuitions
Unspecified	24	1	1	..	2	2	2
1-3 months	34	1	1	1	1	..	3
4-6	75	1	1	3	2	3	3
7-9	27	..	3	..	..	2	3
10-12	47	1	3	1	6	7	2
13 months to 1½ years	18	..	..	3	..	1	2
19 .. to 2	10	3	2	1	2	1	2
25 .. to 2½	3	..	1	2	..	1	..
31 .. to 3	7	2	1	1	..	1	1
37 .. to 4	3	..	..	1	..	1	..
49 .. to 5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Total	251	9	13	13	14	19	19
Percentage to total	58·92	2·11	3·05	3·05	3·29	4·46	4·46

Means of Livelihood—contd.

Duration of Unemployment	Means of Livelihood						Total	Percentage to total
	Charity	Agriculture	Miscellaneous	Unspecified	Imperfectly specified			
Unspecified	1	..	1	13	3	50	11·74	
1-3 months .. .. .	..	1	..	10	2	54	12·68
4-6 .. .. .	..	..	1	10	1	100	23·47
7-9 .. .. .	..	..	..	4	..	39	9·16
10-12 .. .. .	..	3	..	10	2	82	19·25
13 months to 1½ years	1	..	..	3	..	28	6·57
19 .. to 2 .. .. .	..	2	1	6	4	34	7·98
25 .. to 2½ .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	7	1·64
31 .. to 3 .. .. .	..	..	..	4	..	20	4·60
37 .. to 4 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	6	1·41
49 .. to 5 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	4	0·91
Over 5 years .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	2	0·47
Total	2	6	3	60	17	426	100·00	
Percentage to total	0·47	1·41	0·70	14·09	3·99	100·00	..	

SECTION III—POONA, KARACHI AND AHMEDABAD

45. The method of enquiry in the case of these three cities of the Presidency was the same as in the case of Bombay City. But the number of circular letters and schedules sent to these places was comparatively very much smaller than in Bombay City, owing largely to the fact that the number of commercial houses, firms, institutions, etc., of such importance as to be mentioned in any of the directories is naturally smaller in these centres. The following are the numbers of circular letters and schedules distributed in these three centres :—

Centre				Number of circular letters sent	Number of schedules sent
Poona	..	..	..	135	2,390
Ahmedabad	..	..	..	164	3,020
Karachi	..	..	..	187	2,693
Total				486	8,103

46. The number of completed schedules received from these three centres was 697 or 8·6 per cent. of the total distributed. Out of these 110 were received from Ahmedabad, 290 from Poona and 297 from Karachi. Out of the schedules received, 443 were accepted, 58 for Ahmedabad, 172 for Poona and 213 for Karachi. The reason why a relatively large number of schedules are rejected in the case of Poona and Ahmedabad, was that many of them were returned by persons educated only in the vernaculars.

47. In the notes which follow, it is proposed to discuss the tables prepared for each of these centres :—

TABLE I—*Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Sex*

<i>Poona City</i>				Number of instances
Males	..	..	..	169
Females	..	..	..	3
Total				172
<i>Ahmedabad City</i>				Number of instances
Males	..	..	..	58
Females	..	..	..	..
Total				58
<i>Karachi City</i>				Number of instances
Males	..	..	..	213
Females	..	..	..	..
Total				213

Neither in Ahmedabad nor in Karachi were schedules returned by females. In Poona City only three females returned the schedule.

TABLE II—POONA CITY

Duration of Unemployment

Duration of Unemployment	Number of instances of those formerly employed	Number of instances of those never employed	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	2	6	8	4.65
1-3 months	11	9	20	11.63
4-6 "	17	14	31	18.02
7-9 "	5	7	12	6.98
10-12 "	15	14	29	16.86
13 months-1½ years	6	6	12	6.98
19 " 2 "	5	10	15	8.72
25 " 2½ "	1	.....	1	0.58
31 " 3 "	14	2	16	9.30
37 " 4 "	12	2	14	8.14
49 " 5 "	7	2	9	5.23
Over 5 years	4	1	5	2.91
Total	99	73	172	100.00
Percentage to total	57.56	42.44	100.00	..

AHMEDABAD CITY

Duration of Unemployment	Number of instances of those formerly employed	Number of instances of those never employed	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified .. ..	.....	4	4	6.90
1-3 months	2	4	6	10.35
4-6 "	6	9	15	25.86
7-9 "	3	6	9	15.52
10-12 "	5	3	8	13.79
13 months-1½ years	1	2	3	5.17
19 " 2 "	4	.....	4	6.90
25 " 2½ " .. ..	.....	2	2	3.45
31 " 3 "	2	1	3	5.17
37 " 4 "	1	.....	1	1.72
49 " 5 " .. ..	.....	.....	..	..
Over 5 years	2	1	3	5.17
Total	26	32	58	100.00
Percentage to total	44.83	55.17	100.00	..

TABLE II—KARACHI CITY

Duration of Unemployment

Duration of Unemployment	Number of instances of those formerly employed	Number of instances of those never employed	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	5	7	12	5·63
1-3 months	19	12	31	14·55
4-6 "	22	23	45	21·13
7-9 "	9	14	23	10·80
10-12 "	31	21	52	24·41
13 months-1½ years	8	6	14	6·57
19 " 2 "	11	8	19	8·92
25 " 2½ "	1	.....	1	0·47
31 " 3 "	4	2	6	2·82
37 " 4 "	3	1	4	1·88
49 " 5 "	1	.....	1	0·47
Over 5 years	4	1	5	2·35
Total	118	95	213	100·00
Percentage to total	55·40	44·60	100·00	..

48. In Poona City, of the 172 unemployed persons, 99 or 57·56 per cent. had been previously employed while 73 or 42·44 per cent. had never been in employment. Of the total, 29·65 per cent. were unemployed for six months or less, 23·84 per cent. for 7 to 12 months, 41·86 per cent. were unemployed for over one year and 4·65 per cent. did not specify the duration of unemployment.

49. In Ahmedabad, of the 58 unemployed persons, 26 or 44·83 per cent. had been previously employed, while 32 or 55·17 per cent. had never been in employment. Of the total, 36·21 per cent. were unemployed for six months or less, 29·31 per cent. for seven months to one year, 27·58 per cent. for over one year while 6·90 per cent. did not specify the period of unemployment.

50. In Karachi, out of the 213 unemployed persons, 118 or 55·40 per cent. had been previously employed, while 95 or 44·60 per cent. had never been in employment. Of the total, 35·68 per cent. were unemployed for six months or less, 35·21 per cent. for seven months to a year, 23·48 per cent. for over one year, while 5·63 per cent. did not specify the period during which they were unemployed.

51. If the results for the three centres are combined we find that out of the 443 unemployed persons 243 or 54·85 per cent. had been previously employed while 200 or 45·15 per cent. had never been in employment. Of the total, 33·41 per cent. were unemployed for six months or less, 30·02 per cent. for seven months to one year, 31·15 per cent. for more than one year, while 5·42 per cent. did not specify the duration of unemployment.

TABLE III—POONA CITY

Age and Civil Condition of Unemployed Persons

Age Groups			Civil Condition				Percentage to total
			Married	Unmarried	Widower	Total	
17-21	..	..	7	32	..	39	22·68
22-26	..	..	40	44	..	84	48·84
27-31	..	..	13	9	..	22	12·79
32-36	..	..	11	1	1	13	7·56
37-41	..	..	7	..	1	8	4·65
42-46	..	..	2	1	..	3	1·74
47-51	..	..	2	..	..	2	1·16
52-56	..	..	..	1	..	1	0·58
Total			82	88	2	172	100·00
Percentage to total			47·68	51·16	1·16	100·00	..

AHMEDABAD CITY

Age Groups			Civil Condition				Percentage to total
			Married	Unmarried	Widower	Total	
17-21	..	..	12	9	..	21	36·21
22-26	..	..	12	4	1	17	29·31
27-31	..	..	8	3	..	11	18·96
32-36	..	..	2	..	..	2	3·45
37-41	..	..	2	1	1	4	6·90
42-46	..	..	2	..	..	2	3·45
47-51	..	..	..	..	1	1	1·72
Total			38	17	3	58	100·00
Percentage to total			65·52	29·31	5·17	100·00	..

TABLE III—KARACHI CITY

Age and Civil Condition of Unemployed Persons

Age Groups			Civil Condition				Percentage to total
			Married	Unmarried	Widower	Total	
17-21	..	..	24	73*	1	98	46·01
22-26	..	..	33	27	1	61	28·64
27-31	..	..	14	5	..	19	8·92
32-36	..	..	12	2	2	16	7·51
37-41	..	..	10	1	1	12	5·63
42-46	..	..	2	1	..	3	1·41
47-51	..	..	1	..	..	1	0·47
52-56	..	..	1	..	2	3	1·41
Total ..			97	109	7	213	100·00
Percentage to total ..			45·54	51·17	3·29	100·00	..

52. In Poona City, of the total number of unemployed persons 84·31 per cent. were below the age of 32 while 71·52 per cent. were between the ages of 17 and 26. Only 15·69 per cent. were over 32 years of age. Of the total, 47·68 per cent. were married, 51·16 per cent. were unmarried and 1·16 per cent. were widowers.

53. In Ahmedabad, 84·48 per cent. were below the age of 32, 65·52 per cent. being between the ages of 17 to 26. Only 15·52 per cent. were over 32 years of age. Of the total, 65·52 per cent. were married, 29·31 per cent. were unmarried and 5·17 per cent. were widowers.

54. In Karachi City, 83·57 per cent. were below the age of 32, 74·65 per cent. being between the ages of 17 to 26. Only 16·43 per cent. were over 32 years of age. Of the total, 45·54 per cent. were married, 51·17 per cent. unmarried and 3·29 per cent. widowers.

55. If the results of the three Cities are combined it is seen that of the total number of unemployed persons 83·97 per cent. were under 32 years of age and 72·23 per cent. were between 17 and 26 years of age. Only 16·03 per cent. were over 32 years of age. As regards their civil condition, 48·98 per cent. were married, 48·31 per cent. unmarried and 2·71 per cent. were widowers. .

* In two cases the age reported was 16.

TABLE IV—POONA CITY

Age Distribution and Duration of Unemployment

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspecified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months-1½ years	19 months-2 years
17-21	5	8	7	1	7	2	4
22-26	2	11	15	7	18	5	10
27-31 .. ..	..	..	4	2	2	3	1
32-36 .. ..	..	1	2	1	2	1	..
37-41	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
42-46 .. ..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
47-51 .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..
52-56 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	8	20	31	12	29	12	15
Percentage to total ..	4·65	11·63	18·02	6·98	16·86	6·98	8·72

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment						Total	Percentage to total
	25 months-2½ years	31 months-3 years	37 months-4 years	49 months-5 years	Over 5 years			
17-21 .. ..	..	3	1	1	..	39	22·68
22-26 .. ..	..	5	4	5	2	84	48·84
27-31 .. ..	..	5	4	1	..	22	12·79
32-36 .. ..	..	2	3	..	1	13	7·56
37-41	1	..	2	1	2	8	4·65	
42-46 .. ..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1·74
47-51 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1·16
52-56 .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	1	0·58
Total	1	16	14	9	5	172	100·00	
Percentage to total ..	0·58	9·30	8·14	5·23	2·91	100·00	..	

TABLE IV—AHMEDABAD CITY
Age Distribution and Duration of Unemployment

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspec- ified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years
17-21	1	4	7	4	2	1	..
22-26	3	..	6	4	2	1	1
27-31 .. .. .	..	2	1	..	2	..	1
32-36 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
37-41 .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	1	1
42-46 .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	..	..
47-51 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Total ..	4	6	15	9	8	3	4
Percentage to total ..	6·90	10·35	25·86	15·52	13·79	5·17	6·90

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment— <i>contd.</i>						
	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percent- age to total
17-21	1	1	..	..	..	21	36·21
22-26 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	17	29·31
27-31	1	1	1	..	2	11	18·96
32-36 .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	2	3·45
37-41 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	4	6·90
42-46 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	2	3·45
47-51 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	1·72
Total ..	2	3	1	..	3	58	100·00
Percentage to total ..	3·45	5·17	1·72	..	5·17	100·00	..

TABLE IV—KARACHI
Age Distribution and Duration of Unemployment

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspec- ified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years
17-21	8	16	20*	12	27*	7	5
22-26	2	11	14	7	11	4	8
27-31	1	2	5	2	6	1	1
32-36 .. .. .	..	..	5	..	2	2	3
37-41	1	2	1	1	4	..	2
42-46 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
47-51 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52-56 .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	..	..
Total	12	31	45	23	52	14	19
Percentage to total ..	5·63	14·55	21·13	10·80	24·41	6·57	8·92

Age Groups	Duration of Unemployment—contd.						Total	Percent- age to total
	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years			
17-21 .. .. .	..	2	1	..	..	98	46·01
22-26 .. .. .	..	2	1	..	1	61	28·64
27-31 .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	19	8·92
32-36	1	..	2	..	1	16	7·51	
37-41 .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	12	5·63
42-46 .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	3	1·41
47-51 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	1	0·47
52-56 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	3	1·41
Total	1	6	4	1	5	218	100·00	
Percentage to total ..	0·47	2·82	1·88	0·47	2·35	100·00	..	

56. This table has already been discussed in connection with tables II and III.

* In this group one schedule was for a youth of 16.

TABLE V—POONA CITY

Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion and Caste and Native Place

Native Place	Religion and Caste							Total Hindu
	Hindu							
	Brahmin	Prabhu	Maratha and Kshatriya	Vani and Bania	Other Hindu	Caste Imperfectly Specified		
Bombay City .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
Ratnagiri District	5	..	..	..	1	..	6
Kolaba District	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
Thana District	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Poona City	29	4	3	..	3	..	39	
Districts of the Central Division (except Poona City),	38	3	5	1	5	2	54	
Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara,	5	..	..	..	..	..	5
Native States	8(a)	..	..	1	..	..	9
Goa .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Total, Bombay Presidency</i> ..	88	7	8	2	10	3	118	
Madras Presidency	5	..	..	..	3	..	8
Punjab .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
United Provinces .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Central Provinces	1	..	1	..	..	..	2
Others	7	1	..	..	..	..	8
Total ..	101	8	9	2	13	3	136	
Percentage to total ..	68·72	4·65	5·23	1·16	7·56	1·75	79·07	

(a) Includes one case of Indore State.

TABLE V—POONA CITY—*contd.**Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion and Caste and Native Place*

Native Place	Religion and Caste— <i>contd.</i>					Total	Percentage to total
	Muham- madan	Zoroas- trian	Christian	Jew			
Bombay City	1	..	..	..	3	1·75
Ratnagiri District .. ..	..	..	1	..	7	4·07
Kolaba District .. ..	..	..	..	..	2	1·16
Thana District .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	0·58
Poona City	4	3	7	1	54	31·40	
Districts of the Central Division (except Poona City).	2	..	4	..	60	34·88	
Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara.	..	..	..	..	5	2·91
Native States	1	..	1	..	11	6·39	
Goa .. ..	..	..	3	..	3	1·75
<i>Total, Bombay Presidency</i> ..	8	3	16	1	146	84·89	
Madras Presidency .. ..	..	..	2	..	10	5·81
Punjab	1	..	..	..	1	0·58
United Provinces .. ..	..	..	2	..	2	1·16
Central Provinces .. ..	..	..	1	..	3	1·75
Others .. ..	..	..	2 (b)	..	10	5·81
Total ..	9	3	23	1	172	100·00	
Percentage to total ..	5·23	1·75	13·37	0·58	100·00	..	

(b) Includes one case of Aden.

TABLE V—AHMEDABAD CITY

Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion and Caste and Native Place

Native Place	Religion and Caste										
	Hindu						Muhammadian	Zoroastrian	Christian	Total	Percentage to total
	Brahmin	Maratha and Kshatriya	Vani and Bania	Caste imperfectly specified	Other Hindu	Total Hindu					
Ahmedabad City ..	9	1	..	1	13	24	1	3	1	29	50·00
Bombay ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	3·45
Districts of Gujarath ..	5	..	1	..	3	9	1	3	..	13	22·42
Native States ..	2	..	..	2	1	5	..	..	..	5	8·62
Thana ...	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1·72
<i>Total, Bombay Presidency.</i>	17	1	1	3	17	39	2	8	1	50	86·21
Others* ..	2	1	4	..	1	8	..	..	..	8	13·79
Total ..	19	2	5	3	18	47	2	8	1	58	100·00
Percentage to total ..	32·76	3·45	8·62	5·17	31·04	81·04	3·45	13·79	1·72	100·00	..

*Includes cases in which the name of some obscure place was given or single cases which could not be included in the above classes.

TABLE V—KARACHI

Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion and Caste and Native Place

Native Place	Religion and Caste						Muham- madan
	Hindu					Total	
	Brah- min	Maratha and Ksha- triya	Vani or Bapia	Caste imper- fectly speci- fied	Other Hindu		
Karachi City	3	2	..	..	6	11	10
Districts of Sind (Excluding Karachi City) .. ..	..	3	..	16	58	77	4
Bombay City .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ratnagiri District	1	9	..	..	..	10	..
Districts of the Central Division	2	1	..	1	..	4	1
Districts of Gujarath	5	..	1	..	1	7	3
Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
Native States in the Bombay Presidency	10	2	5	1	6	24	..
Goa .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Total, Bombay Presidency</i>	22	17	6	18	71	134	18
Madras Presidency	1	..	..	1	2	4	..
Punjab .. ..	..	1	..	1	5	7	7
United Provinces .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1
Central .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others*	3	..	1	2	5	11	..
Foreign Countries .. ..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..
Unspecified .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	26	19	7	23	83	158	26
Percentage to total	12·20	8·92	3·29	10·80	38·97	74·18	12·20

* Includes cases in which the name of some obscure place was given or single cases which could not be included in the above classes.

TABLE V—KARACHI—*contd.**Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion and Caste and Native Place*

Native Place	Religion and Caste					Total	Percentage to total
	Zoroastrian	Christian	Jew	Unspecified			
Karachi City	2	4	7	..	34	15·06	
Districts of Sind (Excluding Karachi City) .. ..	..	..	..	..	81	38·03
Bombay City	2	..	..	..	2	0·94
Ratnagiri District .. ..	..	..	..	..	10	4·69
Districts of the Central Division .. ..	..	..	..	..	5	2·35
Districts of Gujarath	1	..	..	..	11	5·16
Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara .. ..	..	1	..	..	2	0·94
Native States in the Bombay Presidency	1	..	..	..	25	11·74
Goa .. ..	..	4	..	..	4	1·88
<i>Total, Bombay Presidency</i>	6	9	7	..	174	81·69	
Madras Presidency .. ..	..	1	..	..	5	2·35
Punjab .. ..	..	1	..	..	16	7·04
United Provinces .. ..	..	1	..	..	3	1·41
Central „ .. ..	..	1	..	..	1	0·47
Others* .. ..	..	2	..	..	13	6·10
Foreign Countries .. ..	..	1	..	..	2	0·94
Unspecified .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	6	16	7	..	213	100·00	
Percentage to total	2·82	7·51	3·29	..	100·00	..	

* Includes cases in which the name of some obscure place was given or single cases which could not be included in the above classes.

57. In Poona City out of the 172 unemployed persons 136 or 79·07 per cent. were Hindus, 9 or 5·23 per cent. were Muhammadans, 3 or 1·75 per cent. were Parsis, 23 or 13·37 per cent. were Christians and 1 or 0·58 per cent. Jews. Of the 136 Hindus, 101 or 74·26 per cent. were Brahmins. 146 or 84·89 per cent. of the unemployed persons were born in the Presidency, while the rest hailed from different parts of the country.

58. In Ahmedabad, out of a total of 58 unemployed persons, 47 or 81·04 per cent. were Hindus, 2 or 3·45 per cent. Muhammadans, 8 or 13·79 per cent. Parsis and 1 or 1·72 per cent. Christians. Of the 47 Hindus, 19 or 40·43 per cent. were Brahmins. Of the total, 50 or 86·21 per cent. of the unemployed persons were born in the Bombay Presidency.

59. In Karachi, out of the 213 unemployed persons, 158 or 74·18 per cent. were Hindus, 26 or 12·20 per cent. Muhammadans, 6 or 2·82 per cent. Parsis, 16 or 7·51 per cent. Christians and 7 or 3·29 per cent. Jews. Of the 158 Hindus only 26 or 16·46 per cent. were Brahmins while 83 or 52·53 per cent. were 'Other Hindus,' which means Hindus belonging to castes other than those specifically mentioned in the table. One hundred and seventy-four or 81·69 per cent. of the total number of unemployed persons were born in the Bombay Presidency.

TABLE VI—POONA CITY

Educational Qualifications and Duration of Unemployment

Educational Qualifications	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspec- ified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years
Unspecified .. ..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..
Standard IV .. ..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1
" V	1	..	1	..	1	..	1
" VI	1	..	2	2	4	1	..
" VII	2	4	6	3	7	3	4
Matric or its equivalent .. ..	..	4	3	3	4	2	2
Undergraduate .. ..	..	1	3	1	..	2	1
B.A.	1	4	5	1	2	2	1
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	1	1	2	..	1
B.E.	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
M.A. or M.Sc. .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
Typing (a)	1	1	1	..	4	..	3
Shorthand (b) .. ..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..
Miscellaneous (c)	1	2	4	..	..	..	..
Imperfectly specified (d) .. ..	..	1	2	..	..	2	..
Total	8	20	31	12	29	12	15
Percentage to total	4·65	11·63	18·02	6·98	16·86	6·98	8·72

TABLE VI—POONA CITY—*contd.**Educational Qualifications and Duration of Unemployment*

Educational Qualifications	Duration of Unemployment— <i>contd.</i>						Total	Percentage to total
	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years			
Unspecified	1	..	..	1	..	6	3.49
Standard IV	1	4	2.33	
.. V	2	1	..	..	7	4.07	
.. VI	4	2	1	..	17	9.88	
.. VII	5	5	2	2	43	25.00	
Matric or its equivalent	3	4	4	1	30	17.44	
Undergraduate	1	..	..	9	5.23	
B.A.	1	..	17 (1)	9.88	
..	5 (2)	2.91	
B.Sc.	2	1.16	
M.A. or M.Sc.	3	1.74	
Typing (a)	10	5.82	
Shorthand (b)	3	1.74	
Miscellaneous (c)	2	1	..	1	11	6.40	
Imperfectly specified (d)	5	2.91	
Total	1	16	14	9	5	172	100.00	
Percentage to total	0.58	9.30	8.14	5.23	2.91	100.00	..	

(a) Includes : 2 cases of undergraduate and typing,
2 cases of matric and typing,
4 cases of VIIth Standard and typing,
1 case of VIth Standard and typing,
1 case of typing only.

(b) Includes : 1 case of undergraduate and shorthand typing,
1 case of matric and shorthand typing,
1 case of shorthand typing only.

(c) Includes cases of technical qualifications like Drawing ; Engineering ; Accountancy ; Telegraph Signalling, etc.

(d) Includes " Military Extra English School Certificate ;" " Knows English, Marathi, Gujarathi and Urdu ;" " European High School Examination," etc.

(1) Includes : 1 case of a graduate who had passed second grade Drawing Examination.

1 case of a B.A. who had appeared for the I.C.S. Examination at Allahabad and London.

(2) Includes 1 case of " B.Sc. and 1st year's course of Engineering College."

TABLE VI—AHMEDABAD CITY
Educational Qualifications and Duration of Unemployment

Educational Qualifications	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspecified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months-1½ years	19 months-2 years
Unspecified .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Standard IV .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
" V .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
" VI .. ..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..
" VII	1	3	5	1	2	1	2
Matric or its equivalent ..	1	1	5	4	1	1	1
Undergraduate	1	..	1	2	..	..	..
B.E. .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
B.Com. .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
M.B.B.S. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Typing (a) .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous (b)	1	..	1	1	3	1	..
Total	4	6	15	9	8	3	4
Percentage to total ..	6.90	10.35	25.86	15.52	13.79	5.17	6.90

Educational Qualifications	Duration of Unemployment—contd.						Total	Percentage to total
	25 months-2½ years	31 months-3 years	37 months-4 years	49 months-5 years	Over 5 years			
Unspecified .. ..	..	1	..	..	1	3	5.18
Standard IV .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
" V .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
" VI .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	3	5.18
" VII .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	16	27.59
Matric or its equivalent ..	1	..	..	..	1	16	27.59
Undergraduate .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	5	8.62
B.E. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
B.Com. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
M.B.B.S.	1	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
Typing (a) .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
Miscellaneous (b) .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	8	13.80
Total	2	3	1	..	3	58	100.00	
Percentage to total ..	3.45	5.17	1.72	..	5.17	100.00	..	

(a) Includes 1 case of "Standard VII and typing."

(b) Includes 2 cases of "First Class Mechanical Engineer;" 1 case of "Secondary Education and spinning;" 1 case of "Typing, Accounts Clerk and Salesman;" 1 case of "Weaving Master," 1 case of "B.A. and Drawing Elementary and Intermediate;" 1 case of Standard VII and Typing and Accountancy" and 1 case of "Standard VII, Typing and Telegraphy."

TABLE VI—KARACHI

Educational Qualifications and Duration of Unemployment

TABLE VI—

Educational Qualifications and

Educational Qualifications	Duration of						
	Unspeci- fied	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years.
Unspecified	2	1	1	2	1	..	3
Standard IV	2	1	1	..	4	..	1
" V .. ..	..	2	7	1	8	..	..
" VI	1	3	4	2	8	6	..
" VII	1	9	10	6	3	3	5
Matric or its equivalent ..	4	7	7	1	2	1	4
Undergraduate .. ..	..	..	5	4	5	1	..
B.A.	1	..	3	..	..	1	..
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
B.E. .. ..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..
M.B.B.S. .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Typing (a) .. ..	..	3	4	2	4	..	1
Shorthand (b) .. ..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..
Miscellaneous (c)	1	4	1	3	5	..	3
Imperfectly specified (d) ..	..	1	..	..	2	2	2
Total	12	31	45	23	52	14	19
Percentage to total	5·63	14·55	21·13	10·80	24·41	6·57	8·92

(a) Includes one case of "Matric and typing," 11 cases of "St. VII and typing," one case of "St. IV

(b) Includes one case of "Matric and shorthand," one case of "St. VII and shorthand," and one

(c) Includes cases of the following qualifications: drawing, book-keeping, L. S. E., Sub-Overseer, Mecha

(d) Includes "can read and write English and Persian," "English higher standard and knowing

KARACHI

Duration of Unemployment

Unemployment

25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
..	1	..	....	2	13	6·10
..	2	..	....	....	11	5·16
..	..	..	....	1	19	8·92
..	..	..	....	1	25	11·74
..	..	2	....	....	45	21·13
1	1	2	....	....	30	14·08
..	..	..	....	....	15	7·04
..	..	..	....	....	5	2·35
..	..	..	....	....	1	0·47
..	..	..	....	....	3	1·41
..	..	..	....	....	1	0·47
..	..	..	1	....	15	7·04
..	..	..	....	....	3	1·41
..	1	..	....	....	18	8·45
..	1	..	....	1	9	4·23
1	..	4	1	5	213	100·00
0·47	..	1·88	0·47	2·35	100·00	....

and typing " and two cases of " Typing only."

case of " Shorthand only."

nical Engineering, Commercial examinations, Accountancy and Shorthand Accountancy, etc.

Arabic and Persian," " Has Mechanical knowledge," etc.

60. In Poona City out of a total of 172, 71 or 41·28 per cent. of the unemployed had not even passed the Matriculation examination. Only 17·44 per cent. of the total (*i.e.*, excluding three cases in which the unemployed person knew typing and shorthand) had passed either the matriculation or its equivalent examination ; 5·23 per cent. (*i.e.*, excluding 3 cases in which the unemployed person knew typing and shorthand) had spent some time in a college and 9·88 per cent. had passed the B.A.

61. In Ahmedabad, out of a total of 58, 21 or 36·21 per cent. had not even passed the Matric or its equivalent examination, 16 or 27·59 per cent. had passed the Matric and 5 or 8·62 per cent. were undergraduates.

62. In Karachi, out of the total of 213, 100 or 46·95 per cent. of the total were non-matriculantes, 30* or 14·08 per cent. had passed the Matric or its equivalent examination and 15 or 7·04 per cent. were undergraduates. Ten were graduates of arts, science, engineering and medicine and surgery. 15 or 7·04 per cent. were typists and 3 or 1·41 per cent. were stenographers.

63. If the figures for the three centres were combined it is seen that of the total 443 unemployed persons, 192 or 43·34 per cent. had not even passed the matric, 76* or 17·16 per cent. had passed the matric or an equivalent examination, 29 or 6·55 per cent. were undergraduates, 42 or 9·48 per cent. were graduates, and only 26 or 5·87 per cent. were typists.

* Excluding two cases in which the unemployed persons knew typing and shorthand also.

TABLE VII—POONA CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Salary Earned during Previous Employment

Duration of Unemployment		Salary earned (in Rupees)						
		50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	126-150
Unspecified	.. ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
1-3 months	.. ..	6	..	1	..	1	2	..
4-6 "	.. ..	6	2	6	..	..	..	1
7-9 "	.. ..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..
10-12 "	.. ..	5	3	1	3	1	2	..
13 months-1½ years	.. ..	1	2	..	..	..	..	1
19 " 2 "	.. ..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..
21 " "	.. ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 " 3 "	.. ..	8	1	2	1	..	..	2
37 " 4 "	.. ..	2	3	1	3	2	1	..
49 " 5 "	.. ..	..	1	2	1	..	..	..
Over 5 years	.. ..	1	2	..	1	..	..	..
Total	.. ..	33	16	15	9	5	7	4
Percentage to total	.. ..	33·34	16·16	15·15	9·09	5·05	7·07	4·04

Duration of Unemployment		Salary earned (in Rupees)— <i>contd.</i>					
		151-175	176-200	201-225	300-350	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	.. ..	..	..	..	..	2	2·02
1-3 months	.. ..	1	..	..	..	11	11·11
4-6 "	.. ..	1	..	1	..	17	17·18
7-9 "	.. ..	..	..	1	..	5	5·05
10-12 "	.. ..	..	..	..	..	15	15·15
13 months-1½ years	.. ..	..	1	..	1	6	6·06
19 " 2 "	.. ..	..	1	..	..	5	5·05
25 " "	.. ..	..	..	..	..	1	1·01
31 " "	.. ..	..	..	..	..	14	14·14
37 " "	.. ..	..	..	..	..	12	12·12
49 " "	.. ..	1	..	1	1	7	7·07
Over 5 years	.. ..	..	..	..	..	4	4·04
Total	.. ..	3	2	3	2	99	100·00
Percentage to total	.. ..	3·03	2·02	3·03	2·02	100·00	....

TABLE VII—AHMEDABAD CITY
Duration of Unemployment and Salary Earned during Previous Employment

Duration of Unemployment	Salary earned (in Rupees)						
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	126-150
Unspecified .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1-3 months	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
4-6 „	1	..	4	..	..	..	..
7-9 „	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
10-12 „	1	..	..	1	..	1	..
13 months-1½ years .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
19 „ 2 „	2	1	..	..	1	..	..
25 „ 2½ „ .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 „ 3 „	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
37 „ 4 „	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
49 „ 5 „ .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	9	2	4	1	1	1	1
Percentage to total	34·60	7·69	15·38	3·85	3·85	3·85	3·85

Duration of Unemployment	Salary earned (in Rupees)—contd.						Total	Percentage to total
	176-200	226-250	251-275	276-300	351-400			
Unspecified .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1-3 months .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	2	7·69
4-6 „	1	..	..	..	..	6	23·08
7-9 „ .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	3	11·54
10-12 „	1	..	..	..	1	5	19·23
13 months-1½ years .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3·85
19 „ 2 „ .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	4	15·38
25 „ 2½ „ .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 „ 3 „ .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	2	7·69
37 „ 4 „ .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3·85
49 „ 5 „ .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years .. ..	..	..	..	1	..	2	7·69
Total	2	1	1	1	2	26	100·00	
Percentage to total	7·69	3·85	3·85	3·85	7·69	100·00	..	

TABLE VII—KARACHI

Duration of Unemployment and Salary earned during Previous Employment

Duration of Unemployment	Salary earned (in Rupees)									
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	126-150	151-175	176-200	201-225
Unspecified	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1-3 months	7	3	1	4	2	2	..	..	..	..
4-6	8	1	3	2	..	2	..	2	..	1
7-9	3	1	..	1	..	2	2	..	..	..
10-12	10	6	5	1	2	3	..	3	..	..
13 months-1½ years	1	3	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	..
19	2	2	2	1	..	1	..	2	..	..
25 .. .. .	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
37	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
49 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
Total	37	17	13	12	5	14	4	7	1	1
Percentage to total	31·36	14·41	11·02	10·17	4·24	11·86	3·39	5·93	0·85	0·85

Duration of Unemployment	Salary earned (in Rupees)--contd.							Total	Percentage to total
	226-250	251-275	276-300	301-350	351-400	Over 400			
Unspecified	1	..	..	5	4·24	
1-3 months	19	16·10	
4-6	1	..	..	1	1	22	18·64	
7-9	9	7·63	
10-12	1	31	26·27	
13 months-1½ years	8	6·78	
19	1	..	..	11	9·32	
25	1	0·85	
..	4	3·39	
..	1	..	..	..	..	3	2·54	
..	1	0·85	
Over 5 years	4	3·39	
Total	2	..	2	1	2	118	100·00	
Percentage to total	1·69	..	1·69	0·85	1·69	100·00	..	

64. In Poona City out of a total of 99 persons who had been previously employed, the salary earned was between Rs. 50 and Rs. 80 in 64·65 per cent. of the cases, between Rs. 81 and Rs. 175 in 28·28 per cent. of the cases and Rs. 176 to Rs. 350 in 7·07 per cent. of the cases. In the case of Ahmedabad where the sample was very small (*i.e.*, a total of 26 cases only) the percentages of those earning between Rs. 50 and Rs. 80, Rs. 81 and Rs. 175 and Rs. 176 to Rs. 400 were 57·67, 15·40 and 26·93 respectively. In Karachi the percentages of those earning between Rs. 50 and Rs. 80, Rs. 81 and Rs. 175 and Rs. 176 to over Rs. 400 to the total were 56·79, 35·59 and 7·62 respectively. The combined figures for all the three centres for those earning between Rs. 50 and Rs. 80, Rs. 81 and Rs. 175 and Rs. 176 and above are 60·1, 30·4 and 9·5 per cent. respectively.

TABLE VIII—POONA CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Means of Livelihood

Duration of Unemployment

Duration of Unemployment	Means of					
	Supported by relatives	Savings	Casual work	Debts	Supported by friends	Real property
Unspecified	1	1	2	..	..	3
1-3 months	10	1	..	..	..	2
4-6	9	3	..	4	1	4
7-9	7	2	..	..	..	1
10-12	12	..	3	2	..	3
13 months to 1½ years ..	2	..	2	..	2	..
19 .. 2 ..	3	1	2	3	..	4
25 .. 2½ ..	..	..	1	..	..	..
31 .. 3 ..	4	..	5	..	..	..
37 .. 4 ..	4	..	5	..	..	..
49 .. 5 ..	5	..	2	..	..	2
Over 5 years	2	..	1	..	..	1
Total ..	59(a)	8	23(b)	9	3	20
Percentage to total ..	34·30	4·65	13·37	5·23	1·74	11·63

(a) Includes one case of "Friends' and relatives' help."

(b) Includes one case of "Private service and paternal income."

(c) Includes 7 cases of Business,

- 2 .. Priestage,
- 1 case of Pension (military),
- 1 .. Hawking, and
- 1 .. Interest on Shares.

POONA CITY

and Means of Livelihood

Livelihood							Percentage to total
Tuitions	Charity	Agriculture	Miscellaneous	Unspecified	Imperfectly specified	Total	
..	..	..	..	1	....	8	4.65
2	..	..	1	4	....	20	11.63
2	..	..	3	3	2	31	18.02
..	..	1	..	1	....	12	6.98
..	..	1	3	4	1	29	16.86
1	..	1	2	2	....	12	6.98
..	2	..	..	....	....	15	8.72
..	..	..	..	....	....	1	0.58
1	1	..	1	3	1	16	9.30
1	..	1	2	....	1	14	8.14
..	..	..	..	....	....	9	5.23
..	..	..	..	1	....	5	2.91
7	3	4	12(e)	19	5(d)	172	100.00
4.07	1.11	2.33	6.98	11.05	2.91	100.00	....

(d) Some typical examples of these are "Depending on help," "Depending on others," "Self exertion" and "Search of employment."

TABLE VIII--AHMEDABAD CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Means of Livelihood

Duration of Unemployment			Means of Livelihood					
			Supported by relatives	Savings	Charity	Casual work	Supported by friends	Real property
Unspecified	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
1-3 months	..	..	4	..	..	1	..	..
4-6 "	..	..	9	1	1	1	..	2
7-9 "	..	..	4	..	..	1	..	2
10-12 "	..	..	4	1	..	..	1	1
13 months-1½ years	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
19 "	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
25 "	2½	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
31 "	3	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
37 "	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
49 "	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..			31	3	1	3	1	6
Percentage to total ..			53·46	5·17	1·72	5·17	1·72	10·35

Duration of Unemployment			Means of Livelihood—contd.				Total	Percentage to total
			Tuitions	Agriculture	Miscellaneous	Unspecified		
Unspecified	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	6·90
1-3 months	..	..	..	..	..	1	6	10·35
4-6 "	..	..	..	..	..	1	15	25·86
7-9 "	..	..	1	..	..	1	9	15·52
10-12 "	..	..	..	..	..	1	8	13·79
13 months-1½ years	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	5·17
19 "	2	..	..	2	..	1	4	6·90
25 "	2½	..	..	..	..	1	2	3·45
31 "	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	5·17
37 "	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	1·72
49 "	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years	..	..	1	..	1*	..	3	5·17
Total ..			1	4	1	7	58	100·00
Percentage to total ..			1·72	6·90	1·72	12·07	100·00	....

* Grain Merchant.

TABLE VIII—KARACHI

Duration of Unemployment and Means of Livelihood

Duration of Unemployment	Supported by relatives	Savings	Casual work	Debts	Supported by friends	Real property
Unspecified	4	..	1	1	..	1
1-3 months	19	2	2	..	1	..
4-6	20	3	1	5	1	..
7-9	11	2	2	1	..	2
10-12	28	6	3	2	..	3
13 months-1½ years	7	2	1	3	..	1
19 .. 2	12	1	4	..	..	..
25 .. 2½	1	..	..	..	..	..
31 .. 3	4	..	1	..	..	..
37 .. 4	1	..	..	..	..	1
49 .. 5 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1
Over 5 years	1	..	1	..	..	3
Total	114	16	16	12	2	12
Percentage to total	53·52	7·51	7·51	5·63	0·04	5·63

Duration of Unemployment	Tuition	Charity	Agriculture	Miscellaneous*	Unspecified	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified .. .. .	..	1	1	1	2	12	5·63
1-3 months .. .. .	..	1	1	..	5	31	14·55
4-6 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	9	45	21·13
7-9	1	..	..	2	2	23	10·80
10-12	1	..	2	1	6	52	24·41
13 months-1½ years .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	14	6·57
19 .. 2 .. .. .	..	..	..	2	..	19	8·02
25 .. 2½ .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	0·47
31 .. 3 .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	6	2·82
37 .. 4 .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	4	1·88
49 .. 5 .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	0·47
Over 5 years .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	5	2·35
Total	2	2	5	7	25	213	100·00
Percentage to total	0·04	0·04	2·35	3·29	11·74	100·00	....

* Includes five cases of "living on business," one of "brandy's profession" and one is said to have been supported by a named individual.

65. In Poona City, 59 or 34·30 per cent. of the total unempl persons were supported by their relatives while in 23 or 13·37 per of the cases casual work was the means of livelihood and in 20 or 1 per cent, of the cases the unemployed persons were mainta themselves on the income from real property.

66. In Ahmedabad, the percentage to the total unemployed pe of those being supported by relatives was 53·46 while the percei of those subsisting on the income from real property was 10·35.

67. In Karachi, out of the total of 213 unemployed persons 1 53·52 per cent. were supported by their relatives, 16 or 7·51 per were living on their savings, while an equal number was supporting by casual work.

68. If the combined figures under the principal heads for the centres are considered it is seen that of the total of 443 unempl persons, 204 or 46·05 per cent. were supported by relatives, 42 or per cent. were living by means of casual work while 38 or 8·58 per were living on the income from real property. As will be seen from the table the cases under the other heads are too few to require a special mention.

TABLE IX—POONA CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Number of Dependents

Duration of Unemployment			Number of Dependents						
			Nil	1	2	3	4	5	6
Unspecified	..	..	3	1	..	..	2	1	1
1-3 months	..	..	3	3	5	2	5	..	..
4-6 "	..	..	1	4	3	3	8	6	3
7-9 "	..	..	2	3	1	3	2	1	..
10-12 "	..	..	4	1	6	2	6	3	5
13 months to 1½ years	..	..	3	..	..	..	2	5	..
19 "	2	..	3	1	3	4	2	2	..
25 "	2½	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	3	..	2	2	3	2	3	1	2
37 "	4	..	1	..	4	5	2	..	1
49 "	5	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	1
Over 5 years	..	..	2	..	..	3	..	..	..
Total			27	18	26	24	32	19	13
Percentage to total			15.70	10.47	15.12	13.95	18.61	11.05	7.50

Duration of Unemployment			Number of Dependents— <i>contd.</i>							Percentage to total
			7	8	9	10	12	Unspecified	Total	
Unspecified	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	4.65
1-3 months	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	11.63
4-6 "	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	31	18.02
7-9 "	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	6.98
10-12 "	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	20	16.86
13 months to 1½ years	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	12	6.98
19 "	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	8.72
25 "	2½	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0.58
37 "	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	16	9.30
49 "	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	14	8.14
Over 5 years	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	9	5.23
Total			2	3	3	2	1	2	172	100.00
Percentage to total			1.16	1.74	1.74	1.16	0.58	1.16	100.00	..

TABLE IX—AHMEDABAD CITY
Duration of Unemployment and Number of Dependents

Duration of Unemployment				Number of Dependents					
				Nil	1	2	3	4	5
Unspecified	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..
1-3 months	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	2	1
4-6 "	..	..	..	2	3	3	3	2	2
7-9 "	..	..	..	..	4	..	2	1	..
10-12 "	..	..	..	2	..	2	1	2	..
13 months-1½ years	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	..
19 "	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1
25 "	2½	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
31 "	3	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1
37 "	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
49 "	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..
Total				8	10	7	10	11	5
Percentage to total				13.79	17.24	12.07	17.24	18.97	8.62

Duration of Unemployment				Number of Dependents—contd.						
				6	7	8	9	10	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	6.90
1-3 months	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	10.35
4-6 "	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	25.86
7-9 "	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	9	15.52
10-12 "	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	8	13.79
13 months-1½ years	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	5.17
19 "	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	6.90
25 "	2½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3.45
31 "	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	5.17
37 "	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1.72
49 "	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	5.17
Total				4	..	2	..	1	58	100.00
Percentage to total				6.90	..	3.45	..	1.72	100.00	..

TABLE IX—KARACHI

Duration of Unemployment and Number of Dependents

Duration of Unemployment	Number of Dependents							
	Nil.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Unspecified	4	1	..	1	2	2	..	..
1-3 months	5	3	4	6	2	3	3	..
4-6 ,,	10	5	4	7	4	5	2	3
7-9 ,,	3	1	2	6	4	1	1	..
10-12 ,,	9	8	2	10	9	5	5	1
13 months-1½ years	1	2	1	3	4	2	..	..
19 ,, 2 ,,	5	1	2	3	3	1	4	..
25 ,, 2½ ,, .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
31 ,, 3 ,, .. ..	..	2	..	2	2	..	..	..
37 ,, 4 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	3	1	..	1	..
40 ,, 6 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Over 5 years .. ..	..	1	3	1	..	..	..	..
Total	37	24	19	41	32	19	16	4
Percentage to total ..	17·37	11·27	8·92	19·25	15·02	8·92	7·61	1·88

Duration of Unemployment	Number of Dependents— <i>contd.</i>							
	8	9	10	12	14	Unspec- ified	Total	Percent- age to total
Unspecified	1	..	..	1	..	..	12	5·63
1-3 months	1	1	1	..	..	2	31	14·56
4-6 ,,	1	..	..	..	1	3	45	31·13
7-9 ,,	1	..	2	..	..	2	23	10·80
10-12 ,,	1	1	..	..	..	1	52	24·41
13 months-1½ years	1	..	..	..	..	..	14	6·57
19 ,, 2 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	8·92
25 ,, 2½ ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0·47
31 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	2·82
37 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1·88
40 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0·47
Over 5 years .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	2·35
Total	6	2	3	1	1	8	213	100·00
Percentage to total ..	2·82	0·94	1·41	0·47	0·47	3·75	100·00	..

69. In Poona City, only 27 unemployed persons reported that they had no dependents to support, while in two cases the number of dependents was not specified. The most common numbers of dependents reported were 2, 3 and 4 and the average number of dependents per unemployed person was 3·18.

70. In Ahmedabad, 8 unemployed persons reported that they had no dependents to support. The average number of dependents per unemployed person was 2·98.

71. In Karachi City, 37 unemployed persons reported that they had no dependents to support, while in 8 cases the number of dependents was not specified. The most common numbers of dependents reported were 3 and 4. The average number of dependents per unemployed person in Karachi comes to 3·19.

72. If the results for the three cities are combined, we get an average of 3·16 dependents per unemployed person or a family of 4·16 persons.

TABLE X—POONA CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Cause of Leaving Last Employment

Duration of Unemployment	Cause of leaving last employment.				
	Retrenchment	Illness	Temporary work	Closing down of office	Dismissal
Unspecified .. .. .	..	..	..	1	..
1-3 months	4	2	2	..	..
4-6	10	2	5	..	..
7-9	2	2	..	..	..
10-12	7	1	3	2	1
13 months-1½ years	1	3	1	..	..
19 .. 2	4	..	1	..	..
25 .. 2½	1	..	..	..	..
31 .. 3	9	3	1	..	..
37 .. 4	9	..	..	2	..
49 .. 5	5	1	1	..	..
Over 5 years	1	..	..	..	1
Total	53	14	14	5	2
Percentage to total	53·54	14·14	14·14	5·05	2·02

Cause of leaving last employment—*contd.*

Duration of Unemployment	Resignation	Others*	Unspecified	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	1	..	..	2	2·02
1-3 months	2	..	1	11	11·11
4-6 .. .. .	..	..	..	17	17·18
7-9	1	..	..	5	5·05
10-12 .. .. .	..	1	..	15	15·15
13 months-1½ years .. .. .	..	1	..	6	6·06
19 .. 2 .. .. .	..	..	..	5	5·05
25 .. 2½ .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1·01
31 .. 3 .. .. .	..	1	..	14	14·14
37 .. 4	1	..	..	12	12·12
49 .. 5 .. .. .	..	..	..	7	7·07
Over 5 years	1	1	..	4	4·04
Total	6	4	1	99	100·00
Percentage to total	6·06	4·04	1·01	100·00	..

* Includes cases of "To start business," "Prosecution of further studies," etc.

TABLE X—AHMEDABAD CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Cause of Leaving Last Employment

Duration of Unemployment	Cause of leaving last employment							Percentage to total
	Retrenchment	Illness	Temporary work	Closing down of office	Resignation	Others*	Total	
1-3 months	1	..	..	..	..	1	2	7.69
4-6 ,,	3	1	1	..	..	1	6	23.08
7-9 ,,	1	1	..	..	..	1	3	11.54
10-12 ,,	2	..	2	..	1	..	5	19.23
13 months-1½ years .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	3.85
19 ,, 2 ,,	2	..	..	..	..	2	4	15.38
25 ,, 2½ ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 ,, 3 ,,	1	..	..	1	..	..	2	7.69
37 ,, 4 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3.85
49 ,, 5 ,, .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	1	2	7.69
Total	10	2	5	1	1	7	26	100.00
Percentage to total	38.46	7.69	19.23	3.85	3.85	26.92	100.00	

* Includes 1 case of "Going to his native place," 2 cases of "Disagreement with the employer," 1 case of "Tired of wandering," 1 case of "Change of the staff by new manager," 1 case of "Minor agent's interferences," 1 case of "Another man tried and got my place through influence."

TABLE X—KARACHI

Duration of Unemployment and Cause of Leaving Last Employment

Duration of Unemployment	Cause of leaving last employment				
	Retrenchment	Illness	Temporary work	Closing down of office	Dismissal
Unspecified .. ..	..	1	..	..	1
1-3 months	10	2	3	1	1
4-6 "	7	2	5	..	..
7-9 "	3	1	2	2	..
10-12 "	13	2	8	1	..
13 months--1½ years	3	1	..	2	1
19 " 2 "	3	..	3	..	1
25 " 2½ " .. ..	..	..	..	..	1
31 " 3 "	3	1	..	..	..
37 " 4 " .. ..	..	1	..	1	..
49 " 5 "	1	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years .. ..	..	2	..	..	..
Total	43	13	21	7	5
Percentage to total	36·44	11·01	17·80	5·93	4·24

Duration of Unemployment	Cause of leaving last employment—contd.				
	Resignation	Others*	Unspecified	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	1	2	..	5	4·24
1-3 months .. ..	..	2	..	19	16·10
4-6 "	1	7	..	22	18·64
7-9 " .. ..	..	1	..	9	7·63
10-12 "	2	5	..	31	26·27
13 months--1½ years .. ..	..	1	..	8	6·78
19 " 2 "	1	2	1	11	9·32
25 " 2½ " .. ..	..	..	..	1	0·85
31 " 3 " .. ..	..	..	..	4	3·39
37 " 4 " .. ..	..	1	..	3	2·54
49 " 5 " .. ..	..	..	..	1	0·85
Over 5 years	2	..	..	4	3·39
Total	7	21	1	118	100·00
Percentage to total	5·93	17·80	0·85	100·00	..

* Includes " Ill-feeling with officer," " Prosecution of studies," " Insufficient salary," etc.

73. In Poona City, 53·54 per cent. of the unemployed persons reported that retrenchment was the cause of their leaving their previous employment. In 5·05 per cent. of the cases, it was attributed to "closing down of office." If this is also regarded as retrenchment, this cause accounted for 58·59 per cent. of the unemployment.

74. In Ahmedabad, retrenchment (*i.e.*, "retrenchment" *plus* "closing down of office") accounted for 42·31 per cent. of the unemployment.

75. In Karachi, retrenchment (*i.e.*, "retrenchment" *plus* "closing down of office") accounted for 42·37 per cent. of the unemployment. In 11·01 per cent. of the cases, the cause of leaving last employment was illness.

76. The combined figures for the three centres show that retrenchment (*i.e.* "retrenchment" *plus* "closing down of office"), illness, temporary work, dismissal, resignation and others, accounted for 48·97, 11·94, 16·46, 2·88, 5·76 and 13·17 per cent., respectively. It will thus be seen that in nearly half the number of cases, unemployment was due to retrenchment.

TABLE XI—POONA CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Last Position Held

TABLE XI—

Duration of Unemployment

Last Position Held	Duration					
	Unspeci- fied	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years
Unspecified .. ..	..	..	3	1	..	1
Clerk (a)	1	5	4	1	8	3
Typist (b) .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Shorthand Typist (c) .. ..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Cashier .. ..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Head Clerk (d) .. ..	..	..	1	1	..	..
Store-keeper .. ..	..	..	1	..	1	..
Manager .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	1
Accountant .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Teacher (e) .. ..	..	2	5	..	..	..
Draftsman (f) .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Imperfectly specified (g)	1	..	1	..	..	..
Others (h) .. ..	..	1	..	1	5	1
Total	2	11	17	5	15	6
Percentage to total	2·02	11·11	17·18	5·05	15·15	6·06

(a) Includes Ledger Keeper and Assistant Time-keeper.

(b) .. Clerk Typist.

(c) .. Stenographer and Book keeper.

(d) .. Market Superintendent.

(e) .. Fellow, Professor, Drawing Teacher and Assistant Teacher.

(f) .. Tracer.

77. It will be seen that both in Poona and in Karachi the position previously held by the majority of unemployed persons was that of a

POONA CITY

and Last Position Held

of Unemployment							
19 months- 2 years	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
..	5	5·05
2	1	8	10	4	1	48	48·49
..	..	2	1	....	....	4	4·04
..	2	2·02
..	1	1·01
..	2	2·02
..	1	1	4	4·04
..	1	..	4	4·04
..	1	....	1	3	3·03
1	8	8·08
..	..	1	..	....	1	2	2·02
..	..	2	..	....	....	4	4·04
2	..	1	..	1	....	12	12·12
5	1	14	12	7	4	99	100·00
5·05	1·01	14·14	12·12	7·07	4·04	100·00	....

(g) Includes " Service in the Military Accounts Department ", " Temporary Service in G. P. O. ", " In Postal Department ", " was serving in the Tata Power Company at Mulshi " etc.

(A) Includes one case each of Assistant in Accounts Department, Graduate Assistant in Agricultural Department, Good Exhibitor in Show, Propaganda Officer, Telephone Operator, Inspector, Dyeing Master, Number Taker, Bly. Guard and Overseer and two cases of Supervisor.

clerk. The sample for Ahmedabad is too meagre to draw any conclusion from.

TABLE XI—AHMEDABAD CITY

Duration of Unemployment and Last Position Held

Last Position Held	Duration of Unemployment					
	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months-1½ years	19 months-2 years
Clerk	1	4	2	1	..	..
Head Clerk (a) .. .. .	..	..	..	1	..	1
Store Keeper .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1
Manager .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	..
Teacher .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	..
Imperfectly specified (b) .. .. .	..	1	..	1	..	1
Others (c)	1	..	..	2	1	1
Total ..	2	6	8	5	1	4
Percentage to total ..	7·69	23·08	11·54	19·23	3·85	15·38

Last Position Held	Duration of Unemployment— <i>contd.</i>				Total	Percentage to total
	31 months-3 years	37 months-4 years	49 months-5 years	Over 5 years		
Clerk .. .. .	..	1	..	1	10	33·46
Head Clerk (a) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	2	7·69
Store Keeper .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	3·85
Manager .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	3·85
Teacher .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	3·85
Imperfectly specified (b)	1	..	..	..	4	15·38
Others (c)	1	..	..	1	7	26·92
Total ..	2	1	..	2	26	100·00
Percentage to total ..	7·69	3·85	..	7·69	100·00	..

(a) Includes one case of "Head Clerk" and one case of "Secretary".

(b) Includes one case of "Servant", one case of "the Asarwa Mills", one case of "service in firm" and one case of "Weaving Department".

(c) Includes two cases of "Engineer", one case of "Carding and Weaving Master", one case of "Sub-Engineer", one case of Government of Bombay Scholar in "Technical Chemistry", one case of "manufactures' supervisor", one case of "Foreman and Supervisor".

TABLE XI—KARACHI

Duration of Unemployment and Last Position Held

TABLE XI—

Duration of Unemployment

Last Position Held	Duration of					
	Unspeci- fied	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years
Unspecified .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	1
Clerk	3	11	10	5	10	1
Typist (a)	1	2	2	..	2	1
Cashier .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Head Clerk .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Store-keeper (b) .. ..	..	1	1	1	1	..
Draftsman (c) .. ..	..	..	..	1	1	..
Manager .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	1
Salesman .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	1
Teacher .. ..	..	..	1	..	2	..
Imperfectly specified (d) .. ..	..	2	2	1	3	1
Others (e)	1	2	3	1	5	2
Total	5	19	22	9	31	8
Percentage to total	4·24	16·10	18·64	7·63	26·27	6·78

(a) Includes typists, typist and accountant and typist and clerk.

(b) Includes "Assistant store keeper, store keeper and godown keeper".

(c) Includes "Draftsman and tracer".

(d) Includes "On the staff of Western India"; "Army Royal Engineers"; "Insurance in charge"; "Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway"; "Private employer"; "Served in private shops"; etc.

KARACHI

and Last Position Held

Unemployment							Percentage to total
19 months- 2 years	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	
..	..	..	..	....	....	3	2·54
5	1	1	2	....	2	57	48·31
1	..	..	..	....	....	9	7·63
..	..	..	..	....	....	1	0·85
..	..	..	1	....	....	1	0·85
..	..	..	..	1	....	5	4·24
..	..	..	..	....	....	2	1·69
..	..	..	..	....	....	2	1·69
..	..	1	..	....	....	3	2·54
..	..	..	..	....	....	3	2·54
1	..	..	..	....	....	10	8·48
4	..	2	..	....	2	22	18·04
11	1	4	3	1	4	118	100·00
9·32	0·85	3·39	2·54	0·85	3·30	100·00	....

(c) Includes one case each of the following:—Inspector of B. O. C., Traffic Inspector, Inspector in a firm, Foreman, water and drainage Inspector, Clerk and salesman, Head fitter, Fitter and painter Sub-overseer, Telegraphist, Operator, Mechanical-Engineer, Railway Guard, Railway Supervisor, Naik in I. A. S. C., Mir Munshi, Tapadar, Assistant Engineer, Copyist and Compounder and two cases of Supervisors.

TABLE XII—POONA CITY

Educational Qualifications and Salary Earned

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned (in Rupees)					
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125
Unspecified	1	..	2	1	..	2
Standard IV	2	..	..	..	..	..
" V	1	..	1	1	..	..
" VI	4	3	2	..	1	1
" VII	14	5	4	4	3	..
Matric and equivalent	3	3	1	3	1	2
Undergraduate	1	1	..	..	..	..
B.A.	2	3	1	..	..	2
B.Sc. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
M.A. or M.Sc. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..
Typing (a)	3	..	..	..	..	..
Shorthand (b) .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	..
Miscellaneous (c) .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..
Imperfectly specified (d)	2	..	2	..	..	..
Total	33	16	15	9	5	7
Percentage to total	33·34	16·16	15·15	9·09	5·05	7·07

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned (in Rupees)						Percentage to total
	126-150	151-175	176-200	201-225	300-350	Total	
Unspecified .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	6	6·06
Standard IV .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	2	2·02
" V .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	3	3·03
" VI .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	11	11·11
" VII .. .. .	..	..	2	..	..	32	32·33
Matric and equivalent .. .. .	..	1	..	2	2	18	18·18
Undergraduate .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	2	2·02
B.A. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	8(1)	8·08
B.Sc. .. .. .	..	..	..	1	..	1(2)	1·01
M.A. or M.Sc. .. .. .	..	2	..	..	..	2	2·02
Typing (a) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	3	3·03
Shorthand (b) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	1·01
Miscellaneous (c)	3	..	..	..	..	5	5·05
Imperfectly specified (d)	1	..	..	..	..	5	5·05
Total	4	3	2	3	2	99	100·00
Percentage to total	4·04	3·03	2·02	3·03	2·02	100·00	..

(a) Includes one case of Matric and Typing.

 " one " VIIth Standard and Typing.

 " one " Vth Standard and Typing.

(b) Includes one case of Matric and Shorthand Typist.

(c) Includes cases of Technical Qualifications, Drawing, Accountancy, etc.

(d) Includes " Military Extra English School Certificate ", " knows English, Marathi, Gujarathi, and Urdu ", etc.

(1) Includes one case of B.A. who appeared for I.C.S. examination at Allahabad and London.

(2) Includes B.Sc. and First year's course of Engineering College.

TABLE XII—AHMEDABAD CITY

Educational Qualifications and Salary Earned

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned (in Rupees)						
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	126-150
Unspecified.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Standard IV	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
" VII	4	1	2	..	..	..	..
Matric or School Final	1	..	1	..	1	..	..
Undergraduate	1	1	1	..	..	..	..
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
B.E. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous (a)	2	..	..	..	..	1	1
Total	9	2	4	1	1	1	1
Percentage to total	34·60	7·69	15·38	3·85	3·85	3·85	3·85

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned (in Rupees)						Percentage to total
	176-200	226-250	251-275	276-300	351-400	Total	
Unspecified.. ..	..	1	..	1	..	2	7·69
Standard IV .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3·85
" VII	1	..	..	..	1	9	34·60
Matric or School Final .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	3	11·54
Undergraduate .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	3	11·54
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3·85
B.E. .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	1	3·85
Miscellaneous (a)	1	..	..	..	..	6	23·08
Total	2	1	1	1	7	12	60
Percentage to total	3·33	1·67	3·85	3·85	7·69	100·00	..

(a) Includes 2 cases of "first class mechanical engineer," 1 case of "weaving master," 1 case of "typing, accounts clerk and salesman," 1 case of "B.A. & drawing—elementary and intermediate" 1 case of "Standard VII, typing and accountancy."

TABLE XII--

Educational Qualifications

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned							
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	126-150	151-175
Unspecified	3	..	2	..	..	3	2	1
Standard IV	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
" V	1	1	2	1	..	..	..	..
" VI	4	2	..	1	..	1	..	..
" VII	11	7	5	3	1	2	..	1
Matric and equivalent	4	3	2	1	2	..	..	..
Undergraduate	6	..	..	1	..	1	..	1
B.A. .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
B.E. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Typing (a)	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Shorthand (b)	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous	1	3	1	3	1	2	2	1
Imperfectly specified	1	1	..	2	..	3	..	2
Total ..	37	17	13	12	5	14	4	7
Percentage to total ..	31·36	14·41	11·02	10·17	4·24	11·86	3·39	5·93

(a) Includes four cases of " Standard VII

(b) Includes one case of " Matric and

KARACHI

and Salary Earned

(in Rupees)

176-200	201-225	226-250	251-275	276-300	301-350	351-400	Over 400	Unspec- fied	Total	Percent- age to total
..	1	..	..	..	12	10·17
..	2	1·69
..	5	4·24
..	8	6·78
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	32	27·12
1	1	..	1	..	..	..	15	12·71
..	9	7·63
..	1	..	..	3	2·54
..	1	0·85
..	1	..	1	0·85
..	4	3·39
..	2	1·69
..	1	..	15	12·71
..	9	7·63
1	1	..	2	..	2	1	2	..	118	100·00
0·85	0·85	..	1·69	..	1·69	0·85	1·69	..	100·00	..

and Typing."

Shorthand," and one case of "Standard VI and Shorthand."

78. Owing to the small number of persons with higher qualifications it is not possible to draw any inferences from the figures in the table for each centre.

TABLE XIII--POONA CITY

Means Adopted to Secure Employment

Means adopted	No. of Instances
Applications only	73
Personal calls and applications	39
Personal calls, applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	11
Personal calls only	10
No means adopted	8
Insertion of or replies to advertisements	6
Applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	6
Personal calls and insertion of or replies to advertisements	3
Imperfectly specified*	13
Unspecified	3
Total ..	172

* Some typical examples of this are :—

“Samarth Agency tried to get a job in the Imperial Bank of India.”

“Under orders of D.F.O., Poona, working as a *unpaid* candidate for the last 15 days.” “Typist, Operator, Nurse or Ticket Collectors on Railways.” “With introduction from a man of position.” “To show talentship as well as to earn for living.” “Tried thrice to get admission into P.T.S., Nasik.” “Has been seeking employment anywhere.” “Has been trying at the doors of Government for service.” “Search and watch.” “Tried without success.” “Appeared for a qualifying Examination held by the Staff Selection Board for recruitment in the Imperial Secretariat, Delhi.”

TABLE XIII—AHMEDABAD CITY

Means Adopted to Secure Employment

Means adopted	Number of Instances
Applications only	23
Personal calls and applications	8
Personal calls only	3
Insertion of or replies to advertisements	2
Personal calls, applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	2
Personal calls and insertion of or replies to advertisements	1
No means adopted	3
Unspecified	6
Imperfectly specified*	10
Total ..	58

TABLE XIII—KARACHI

Means Adopted to Secure Employment

Means adopted	Number of Instances
Applications only	91
Personal calls and applications	38
Personal calls only	13
Personal calls, applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	5
Insertion of or replies to advertisements	3
No means adopted	10
Applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	4
Personal calls and insertion of or replies to advertisements	4
Imperfectly specified†	44
Unspecified	1
Total ..	213

* Some typical examples of this are :—

“ Name is enlisted ”; “ Various trials ”; “ Tried in Mills ”; “ Apprenticeship ”; “ Trying ”; “ Cannot think of any new, ” etc.

† Some typical examples of this are :—

“ Trying myself ”; “ Various firms ”; “ Candidate for the post of Sub-Inspector of Police ”; “ Typing ”; “ Ex-Service Association ”; “ Efforting ”; “ By all means ”; “ Family services ”; “ Got recommendation ”; “ Yes, but without success ”; “ Letter ”; “ Using influence ”, etc.

79. In all the three centres the means adopted to secure employment were in the majority of cases either applications only or personal calls and applications. If all the centres are considered, it will be seen that out of a total of 443, in 187 or 42 per cent. of the cases applications were the only means adopted while in 85 or 19 per cent. of the cases personal calls and applications were the means adopted to secure employment.

SECTION IV—OTHER CENTRES

80. "Other Centres" include Belgaum, Dharwar, Hubli, Sholapur, etc. The schedules were not directly sent to these places but were forwarded either by the Educational Department or by the Revenue Department.

81. As only 279 schedules have been received from these centres of which only 165 were finally tabulated it is not necessary to discuss in detail the results based on them. In this section, therefore, only the tables are presented.

TABLE I—OTHER CENTRES
Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Sex

	Number of Instances
Males	165
Females .. .. .	.....
Total ..	165

TABLE II—OTHER CENTRES
Duration of Unemployment

Duration of Unemployment	No. of instances of those formerly employed	No. of instances of those never employed	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	1	15	16	9·70
1-3 months	5	12	17	10·30
4-6 "	9	19	28	16·97
7-9 "	4	9	13	7·88
10-12 "	4	18	22	13·33
13 months—1½ years	5	8	13	7·88
19 " 2 "	5	20	25	15·15
25 " 2½ " .. .. .	.....	.....	..	.....
31 " 3 "	4	8	12	7·27
37 " 4 "	3	10	13	7·88
49 " 5 "	1	4	5	3·03
Over 5 years	1	.....	1	0·61
Total ..	42	123	165	100·00
Percentage to total ..	25·45	74·55	100·00	.....

TABLE III—OTHER CENTRES

Age and Civil Condition of Unemployed Persons

Age Groups			Civil Condition				Percent- age to total
			Married	Unmarried	Widower	Total	
17-21	..	..	30	44	2	76	46·06
22-26	..	..	35	27	..	62	37·58
27-31	..	..	9	1	..	10	6·06
32-36	..	..	7	1	1	9	5·45
37-41	..	..	2	..	1	3	1·82
42-46	..	..	2	..	..	2	1·21
47 and over	..	..	3	..	..	3	1·82
Total ..			88	73	4	165	100·00
Percentage to total ..			53·33	44·24	2·43	100·00	....

TABLE IV—OTHER CENTRES

Age Distribution and Duration of Unemployment

Age Groups				Duration of Unemployment						
				Unspec- ified	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years
17-21	..	..	..	10	10	14	7	13	6	9
22-26	..	..	..	6	5	11	5	6	3	13
27-31	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	2	2
32-36	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	1
37-41	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
42-46	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
47 and over	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Total			..	16	17	28	13	22	13	25
Percentage to total			..	9.70	10.30	16.97	7.88	13.33	7.88	15.15

Age Groups				Duration of Unemployment—contd.						
				25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percent- age to total
17-21	..	..	..	..	5	2	..	..	76	46.06
22-26	..	..	..	..	2	7	4	..	62	37.58
27-31	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	10	6.06
32-36	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	9	5.45
37-41	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	1.82
42-46	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	1.21
47 and over	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	3	1.82
Total			..	12	13	5	1	165	100.00	
Percentage to total			..	7.27	7.88	3.03	0.61	100.00	....

TABLE V—OTHER CENTRES

Analysis of Unemployed Persons by Religion, Caste and Native Place

Native Place	Religion and Caste										Percentage to total
	Hindu						Muhammadan	Zoroastrian	Christian	Total	
	Brahmin	Maratha and Kshatriya	Vani and Bania	Other Hindu	Caste imperfectly specified	Total					
Ratnagiri District ..	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	3	1·82
Kolaba District ..	1	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	2	1·21
Thana and Bombay Suburban District.	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	0·61
Districts of Central Division.	6	1	..	2	..	9	..	1	1	11	6·67
Districts of Gujarath ..	26	1	13	8	3	51	3	6	2	62	37·57
Districts of Sind ..	1	..	..	19	1	21	2	..	..	23	13·94
Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar, and Kanara.	16	2	1	4	..	23	..	..	..	23	13·94
Native States in the Bombay Presidency.	8	1	1	4	2	16	3	..	..	19	11·51
Total Bombay Presidency	59	7	15	38	6	125	9	7	3	144	87·27
Madras Presidency ..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	4	2·42
Punjab ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	3	1·82
United Provinces ..	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	2	1·21
Central Provinces ..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	0·61
Bengal ..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	0·61
Others* ..	2	..	..	1	..	3	2	1	4	10	6·06
Total ..	65	7	16	40	7	135	13	8	9	165	100·00
Percentage to total ..	39·40	4·24	9·70	24·24	4·24	81·82	7·88	4·85	5·45	100·00	..

* Includes cases in which the name of some obscure place was given or single cases which could not be included in the above classes.

TABLE VI—

Educational Qualifications and

Educational Qualifications	Duration of					
	Unspec- fied	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years
Standard IV	1	..	..	..	..	..
„ V	1	1	3	2	..	..
„ VI	1	2	..	..	2	3
„ VII	6	1	11	8	8	5
Matric or its equivalent ..	4	7	6	1	3	..
Undergraduate .. ..	..	..	1	1	2	2
B.A. .. ..	..	4	3(1)	..	..	1
B.Sc. .. ..	..	..	1	..	..	..
M.A. or M.Sc. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Typing (a)	2	..	2	..	4	1
Shorthand (b) .. ..	..	..	..	..	2	..
Miscellaneous (c)	1	2	1	1	..	1
Imperfectly specified (d) ..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Total	16	17	28	13	22	13
Percentage to total	9·70	10·30	16·97	7·88	13·33	7·88

(1) Includes one B.Ag.

(a) Includes one case of "undergraduate and typing"; one case of "matric, book-keeping and typing"; two cases of "matric and typing"; one case of "Standard VII, book-keeping and typing"; three cases of "Standard VII and typing" and one case of "Standard V and typing".

(b) Includes one case of "School Final and Shorthand", and two cases of "Shorthand only".

OTHER CENTRES

Duration of Unemployment

Unemployment

19 months-	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percentage to total
			1	....	....	2	1·21
1		1	..	....	....	9	5·45
4		..	2	....	....	14	8·49
7		6	6	3	....	61	36·97
8		1	1	2	....	33	20·00
..		1	..	....	....	7	4·24
1		..	1	....	....	10	6·06
..		1	0·61
..		..	1	....	....	1	0·61
..		9	5·45
1		3	1·82
2		2	..	....	....	10	6·06
1		1	1	....	1	5	3·03
25		12	13	5	1	165	100·00
15·15	..	7·27	7·88	3·03	0·61	100·00	....

(c) Includes cases of qualifications regarding vaccination, architecture, engineering, book-keeping, accountancy, "sanitary inspector", etc.

(d) Includes "Studied up to middle class", "Railway audit accounts", "guard", "Urdu and English", etc.

TABLE VII—OTHER CENTRES

Duration of Unemployment and Salary Earned during Previous Employment

Duration of Unemployment	Salary earned (in Rupees)						
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125	
Unspecified	
1-3 months	..	2	1	..	..	2
4-6 "	..	5	1	1	..	1	
7-9 "	..	1	1	1	1	..	
10-12 "	..	1	..	1	..	1	
13 months—1½ years	..	2	..	2	..	1	
19 " 2 "	..	2	..	1	..	1	
25 " 2½ "	
31 " 3 "	..	2	..	..	..	1
37 " 4 "	..	1	..	..	..	..
49 " 5 "	..	1	..	..	..	..
Over 5 years	1	..	
Total	..	17	3	6	1	8	2
Percentage to total	..	40·48	7·14	14·29	2·38	19·05	4·76

Duration of Unemployment	Salary earned (in Rupees)—contd.						
	126-150	151-175	176-200	Over 400	Total	Percentage to total	
Unspecified	..	1	..	..	..	1	2·38
1-3 months	5	11·91
4-6 "	9	21·43
7-9 "	4	9·52
10-12 "	1	..	4	9·52
13 months—1½ years	5	11·91
19 " 2 "	5	11·91
25 " 2½ "
31 " 3 "	1	..	..	4	9·52
37 " 4 "	..	1	..	..	1	3	7·14
49 " 5 "	1	2·38
Over 5 years	1	2·38
Total	..	2	1	1	1	42	100·00
Percentage to total	..	4·76	2·38	2·38	2·38	100·00	..

TABLE VIII--OTHER CENTRES

Duration of Unemployment and Means of Livelihood

Duration of Unemployment	Supported by relatives	Savings	Casual work	Debts	Supported by friends	Real property
Unspecified	10	..	1	..	..	..
1-3 months	11	..	2	..	..	..
4-6 "	18	2	1	..	..	2
7-9 "	10	1	1	..	..	..
10-12 "	19	..	1	..	..	1
13 months-1½ years	10	..	1	1	..	1
2-3 "	9	..	5	1	..	4
25 "	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 " 3 "	8	1	1	..	..	1
37 " 4 "	7	1	3	..	..	2
49 " 5 "	1	..	..	..	1	1
Over 5 years	1	..	..	..	..	..
Total	104	5	16	2	1	12
Percentage to total	63·03	3·03	9·70	1·21	0·61	7·27

Duration of Unemployment	Agriculture	Miscellaneous	Unspecified	Total	Percentage to total
Unspecified	..	..	5	16	9·70
1-3 months	..	..	4	17	10·30
4-6 "	..	..	5	28	16·97
7-9 "	..	..	1	13	7·88
10-12 "	..	..	1	22	13·33
13 months-1½ years	..	..	..	13	7·88
19 " 2 "	1	..	6	25	15·15
25 " 31 "	..	..	..	..	..
31 " 37 "	..	..	1	12	7·27
37 " 49 "	..	..	..	13	7·88
49 " 5 "	..	1	1	5	3·03
Over 5 years	..	..	..	1	0·61
Total	1	1	23	165	100·00
Percentage to total	0·61	0·61	13·93	100·00	..

TABLE IX—OTHER CENTRES

Duration of Unemployment and Number of Dependents

Duration of Unemployment	Number of Dependents					
	Nil	1	2	3	4	5
Unspecified ..	2	2	3	3	1	2
1-3 months ..	2	3	3	2	1	3
4-6 „ ..	7	5	1	5	5	1
7-9 „ ..	3	1	1	1	5	1
10-12 „ ..	2	2	4	6	3	4
13 months—1½ years ..	3	1	..	4	3	1
19 „ 2 „ ..	4	2	4	4	3	5
25 „ 2½ „ ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 „ 3 „ ..	..	3	4	1	4	..
37 „ 4 „ ..	2	2	2	5	..	1
49 „ 5 „ ..	..	2	..	1	1	1
Over 5 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	25	23	22	32	26	19
Percentage to total ..	15·15	13·94	13·33	19·39	15·76	11·52

Duration of Unemployment	Number of Dependents— <i>contd.</i>				Total	Percentage to total
	6	7	8	9		
Unspecified ..	3	..	..	..	16	9·70
1-3 months ..	1	1	..	1	17	10·30
4-6 „ ..	1	1	2	..	28	16·97
7-9 „ ..	1	..	..	..	13	7·88
10-12 „ ..	1	..	..	..	22	13·33
13 months—1½ years ..	..	1	..	..	13	7·88
19 „ 2 „ ..	1	..	1	1	25	15·15
25 „ 2½ „ ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 „ 3 „ ..	..	..	..	..	12	7·27
37 „ 4 „ ..	1	..	..	..	13	7·88
49 „ 5 „ ..	..	..	..	..	5	3·03
Over 5 years ..	1	..	..	..	1	0·61
Total ..	10	3	3	2	165	100·00
Percentage to total ..	6·06	1·82	1·82	1·21	100·00	..

TABLE X—OTHER CENTRES

Duration of Unemployment and Cause of Leaving Last Employment

Duration of Unemployment	Cause of leaving last employment									Percentage to total	
	Retrenchment (a)	Illness	Temporary work	Closing down of Office	Dismissal	Resignation (b)	Imperfectly specified	Others (c)	Total		
Unspecified	1	1	2·38	
1-3 months	..	2	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	5	11·91
4-6 "	2	4	..	1	..	1	1	0	21·43
7-9 "	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	9·52
10-12 "	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	4	9·52
13 months-1½ years	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	5	11·91
19 " 2 "	..	1	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	5	11·91
25 " 2½ "
31 " 3 "	..	1	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	9·52
37 " 4 "	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	7·14
49 " 5 "	1	..	..	..	1	2·38
Over 5 years	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2·38
Total	..	10	11	9	..	3	3	2	4	42	100·00
Percentage to total	..	23·81	26·20	21·43	..	7·14	7·14	4·76	9·52	100·00	..

(a) Includes 'Demobilization.'

(b) Includes 'Inconvenience of Time'; 'Transfer of Regiment,' etc.

(c) Includes 1 case of 'Retirement'; 1 case of 'For better prospects'; 1 case of 'Business being slack'; and 1 case of 'Depression of Work'.

TABLE XI—OTHER CENTRES

Duration of Unemployment and Last Position Held

Last Position Held	Duration of Unemployment						
	Unspeci- fied	1-3 months	4-6 months	7-9 months	10-12 months	13 months- 1½ years	19 months- 2 years
Clerk (a) .. ..	..	1	5	3	..	1	2
Shorthand Typist .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Head Clerk (b) .. ..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Storekeeper .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Manager .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Teacher .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1
Salesman .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Imperfectly specified (c) .. ..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..
Others (d)	1	3	3	..	2	2	1
Total	1	5	9	4	4	5	5
Percentage to total	2·38	11·91	21·43	9·52	9·52	11·91	11·91

Last Position Held	Duration of Unemployment— <i>contd.</i>						
	25 months- 2½ years	31 months- 3 years	37 months- 4 years	49 months- 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Percent- age to total
Clerk (a)	1	1	..	..	14	33·34
Shorthand Typist	2	4·76
Head Clerk (b)	1	2·38
Storekeeper	1	..	1	2·38
Manager	1	..	..	..	1	2·38
Teacher	3	7·14
Salesman	1	..	..	..	1	2·38
Imperfectly specified (c)	1	..	..	..	4	9·52
Others (d)	2	..	1	15	35·72
Total	4	3	1	1	42	100·00
Percentage to total	9·52	7·14	2·38	2·38	100·00	..

(a) Includes Clerks and Ledger Keeper.

(b) Includes Station Master.

(c) Includes cases in which only the name of the office in which the unemployed person was formerly serving is given.

(d) Includes 1 case of 'Motor Mechanic'; 2 cases of 'Guard'; 1 case of 'Divisional Audit Inspector'; 1 case of 'Commissioned Indian Officer'; 1 case of 'Surveyor and Overseer'; 1 case of 'Gate Sergt. Chageman and Fitter'; 1 case of 'Travelling Ticket Examiner'; 1 case of 'Librarian and Accountant'; 1 case of 'Dairy Assistant'; 2 cases of 'Overseer'; 1 case of 'Mistry'; 1 case of 'Tracer and Clerk'; 1 case of 'Sanitary Inspector.'

TABLE XII—OTHER CENTRES
*Educational Qualifications and Salary Earned during
 previous Employment*

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned (in Rupees)					
	50-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	101-125
Standard V	1	..	..	..	..	..
" VI	2	..	1	..	..	..
" VII	5	1	3	1	..	..
Matric and equivalent	4	1	..	..	..	1
Undergraduate	1	..	..	..	..	..
B.A.	1	..	..	..	2	..
B.Ag. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	..
Shorthand (a) .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	1
Miscellaneous	2	1	..	..	4	..
Imperfectly specified	1	..	1	..	1	..
Total	17	3	6	1	8	2
Percentage to total	40·48	7·14	14·29	2·38	19·05	4·76

Educational Qualifications	Salary earned (in Rupees)— <i>contd.</i>					Percentage to total
	126-150	151-175	176-200	Over 400	Total	
Standard V .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	2·38
" VI .. .. .	..	..	..	..	3	7·14
" VII	1	1	..	..	12	28·58
Matric and equivalent .. .. .	..	..	..	..	6	14·29
Undergraduate .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	2·38
B.A. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	3	7·14
B.Ag. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	1	2·38
Shorthand (a) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	2	4·76
Miscellaneous	1	..	..	1	9	21·43
Imperfectly specified .. .. .	..	..	1	..	4	9·52
Total	2	1	1	1	42	100·00
Percentage to total	4·76	2·38	2·38	2·38	100·00	....

(a) Includes one Matric and Shorthand and one Shorthand only.

TABLE XIII—OTHER CENTRES
Means adopted to secure Employment

Means adopted	Number of Instances
No means adopted	23
Applications only	92
Personal calls only	8
Personal calls and applications	19
Personal calls, applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	4
Insertion of or replies to advertisements	3
Applications and insertion of or replies to advertisements	4
Personal calls and insertion of or replies to advertisements	1
Imperfectly specified*	11
Total	165

SECTION V—COMBINED RESULTS OF THE ENQUIRY FOR THE WHOLE PRESIDENCY

82. In the foregoing pages the schedules received from the various centres in the Presidency have been separately analysed. This was done in order to secure some kind of homogeneity. As the middle-class unemployment problem may have, however, to be considered from the point of view of the whole Presidency, it is proposed briefly to consider the results of the enquiry as a whole. In the analysis which follows, only the main aspects of the problem will be discussed.

83. It has been pointed out already that the total number of accepted schedules for the Presidency was 1,852. Out of these, 1,840 or 99·35 per cent. of the total were for males and 12 or 0·65 per cent. were for females. These figures ought not to be read to mean that only 12 women workers were unemployed throughout the Presidency. It is quite likely that a number of unemployed women workers did not fill in the schedule either because it was not accessible to them or because they did not want details regarding their private lives to be known to outsiders.

84. Of the total number of unemployed persons, 59·56 per cent. had held previous employment, while 40·44 per cent. were never employed.

85. 80·24 per cent. of the total unemployed persons were below the age of 32, 65·98 per cent. were below 27 years of age and 30·13 per cent. were below 22 years of age. The conclusion based on the figures for the individual centres, namely, that unemployment is mainly restricted to the younger people is also borne out by the combined results for the Presidency.

* Some typical examples of this are:—

“ Finding hither and thither, ” “ Searching service, ” “ Trying without success, ”
“ Various trials, ” “ Unpaid candidate, ” etc.

86. Of the total unemployed persons in the Presidency, 42·60 per cent. were married, 53·89 per cent. were unmarried, 3·19 per cent. were widowers, while in 0·32 per cent. of the cases the civil condition was not specified. These figures conform more or less with those for Bombay, Poona and Karachi. In the case of "Other Centres" the proportion of married and unmarried persons to the total appears to be reverse of what is found in the Presidency. In Ahmedabad the percentage of married unemployed persons to the total is as high as 65·52. This is probably due to the fact that in Gujarath early marriage even among the middle classes is far more universal than in the other parts of the Presidency, though the high percentage may also be due to the meagreness of the Ahmedabad sample.

87. Excluding 119 cases in which the duration of unemployment was not specified, in 615 or 35·49 per cent. of the cases the duration of unemployment was less than 6 months, in 529 or 30·52 per cent. of the cases it was over 6 months but not over 1 year, in 312 or 18 per cent. of the cases it was over 1 year but not over 2 years and in only 277 or 15·99 per cent. of the cases it was over 2 years. It will thus be seen that the majority or 66·01 per cent. of the persons were unemployed for a period of only 1 year or less.

88. Of the total number of unemployed persons in the Presidency 69·22 per cent. were Hindus, 5·35 per cent. Muhammadans, 10·20 per cent. Parsis, 13·01 per cent. Christians, 1·84 per cent. Jews while in 7 or 0·38 per cent. of the cases the religion of the unemployed persons was not specified.

89. Analysed by the region of origin it is seen that nearly 81 per cent. of the unemployed belong to the Bombay Presidency.

90. As regards the educational qualifications of unemployed persons in the Presidency, it is seen that 47·68 per cent. of the total had not passed the Matriculation examination which is considered the minimum qualification for a person desirous of entering Government service. 13·60 per cent. of the unemployed had passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination, 4·59 per cent. were undergraduates, 7·02 per cent. were graduates, 5·78 per cent. knew typing, 1·73 per cent. knew shorthand and the rest either possessed some other miscellaneous qualification, technical or otherwise, or did not specify their qualifications or specified them very imperfectly.

91. The tables in the report showing the salary earned during previous employment indicate clearly that the unemployment problem is one that chiefly affects the lower paid workers.

92. It is seen that out of the total unemployed persons in the Presidency, 58·57 per cent. earned a salary of Rs. 80 or below, 32·91 per cent. earned a salary of over Rs. 80 and below Rs. 175 and only 7·43 per cent. earned a salary over Rs. 175. In 12 or 1·09 per cent. of the cases the salary earned was not specified.

93. From the tables showing the qualifications of unemployed persons we have already seen that nearly 50 per cent. of them do not even possess the minimum qualification. In the light of this, the fact that the majority of them earned a comparatively low salary is therefore not surprising.

94. It is seen that 49·46 per cent. of the total or nearly half the number of unemployed persons in the Presidency were supported by their relatives during the period of unemployment. 8·15 per cent. maintained themselves on previous savings, 7·67 per cent. by casual work, 4·91 per cent. by income from real property. Cases in which the unemployed person had to depend upon vicarious charity were comparatively few.

95. The average number of dependents per unemployed person comes to 3·12 which means that the average family consists of 4·12 persons. In 270 cases the unemployed persons had no dependents to support.

96. It appears that retrenchment (*i.e.*, “retrenchment” and “closing down of office”) is the principal cause of unemployment. In no fewer than 579 or 52·49 per cent. (this percentage is based on only 1,103 cases of those previously employed) of the cases, the cause assigned for unemployment was retrenchment. In 15·14 per cent. of the cases it was illness, in 14·32 per cent. of the cases the unemployed person lost his job because it was a temporary one and in 8·98 per cent. of the cases unemployment was due to resignation. Retrenchment, illness, temporary nature of the work and resignation were some of the most important causes to which unemployment was due.

97. The position previously held by the majority of unemployed persons was that of a clerk. 50·95 per cent. of the total returned themselves as clerks, 6·80 per cent. as typists, 2·36 per cent. as head clerks and 2·81 per cent. as store keepers. All these persons can be styled as clerks and the combined figure thus comes to 62·92 per cent. of the total.

98. It appears that the majority of unemployed persons try to secure an appointment either by means of applications only or by personal calls and applications.

99. It remains only to acknowledge the generous assistance which the Labour Office has received in the collection of the data and the preparation of the report. The success of the enquiry on the results of which this report is based depended entirely on the co-operation of the public. Without the help of many public spirited citizens and heads of offices, colleges and schools, it would have been impossible to collect the statistics presented in this report. The Labour Office is very much obliged to all those who helped in the enquiry. The special thanks of the Labour Office are however due to the various heads of departments of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, the Director of Public Instruction, Bombay Presidency, and Professor R. M. Joshi, I.E.S., of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, all of whom supplied the Labour Office with a large number of reliable schedules.

100. Thanks are also due to Mr. J. J. Watson, Manager, Government Central Press, for the speed and efficiency with which the work of printing the report has been carried out.

101. Much credit is due to Mr. S. R. Deshpande, the Senior Investigator of the Labour Office, for his work in connection with the enquiry and report.

102. The report was completed and submitted to Government before Mr. Gennings proceeded on leave.

W. DILLON,
i/c Labour Office.

APPENDIX A

"MIDDLE CLASS*" UNEMPLOYMENT

Form of Enquiry (to be filled in by the unemployed person)

Note.—The information supplied in this form will be regarded as *strictly confidential*. The Labour Office is only interested in tabulating the information. No names will be published.

1. Name in full
2. Address
3. Occupation
4. Age
5. Religion and caste
6. Native place
7. Married, unmarried, widow or widower
8. Duration of unemployment (*a*)
9. Last position held, if any
10. Monthly salary earned when last employed
11. Cause of leaving last employment
12. Qualifications
13. Experience of work, if any
14. Number of dependents (*b*)
15. Means of livelihood during unemployment
16. Means adopted to secure employment (*c*)

* The term "Middle Class" denotes persons engaged in, or qualified to engage in, work other than manual labour.

(*a*) In the case of those who have never been employed the period of unemployment should be counted from the fifth month after the person has qualified himself or herself for a post, i.e., when 4 months have elapsed since leaving school or college or any other institution imparting instruction.

(*b*) State relationships.

(*c*) Personal calls, written applications, reply to or insertion of advertisements and the like.

APPENDIX B

No.

LABOUR OFFICE,
SECRETARIAT, BOMBAY.

The 31st October 1926.

DEAR SIR,

You are no doubt aware that there has recently been, in the public press and the central and the local legislatures, a great deal of discussion on the question of middle-class unemployment. The extent to which this unfortunate condition of affairs prevails is however not known and Government have instructed the Labour Office to conduct an enquiry into the problem of middle-class unemployment with a view to obtaining reliable data on which any future action that may be found necessary may be based.

2. The method to be adopted for the collection of information on this subject has required careful consideration owing to the difficulty of getting into touch with those who are unemployed. An attempt was made by the Labour Office last year by means of advertisements, etc., to obtain information but the results were disappointing and Government have come to the conclusion that the only way in which satisfactory data can be obtained is for the general public to co-operate with the Labour Office in the collection of information.

3. The following procedure has therefore been decided upon. The Labour Office has drawn up a schedule copies of which will be circulated to the heads of Government and semi-government departments, private firms and educational institutions, etc., with a request that these schedules may be distributed among the members of their staff, who should be asked to get them filled up by unemployed persons known to them. The schedules when completed should be returned to the head of the office or college or school as the case may be, who will enclose them in an envelope specially supplied for this purpose and return them to the Labour Office.

4. The schedule has been drafted in such a manner as to procure all the information that is required and at the same time to cause the minimum of inconvenience to those who will fill it up. Every return made for the purposes of this enquiry will be treated as strictly confidential, and no data will be published that could enable the identity of any person to be guessed.

5. I am instructed to approach you in this connexion and to ask for your co-operation. I enclose herewith copies of the schedule for distribution among the members of your staff with a request that you will instruct them to get into touch with as many unemployed persons as possible and return the schedules to you on or before the 29th of November 1926. I would ask you to return them at once to the Labour Office.

6. The Labour Office will much appreciate your kind co-operation in this enquiry. If the method of the enquiry is not properly understood or if there is any difficulty in getting the schedules completed, will you let me know and I will send one of the officers of the Labour Office to call on you?

7. Thanking you in anticipation,

Yours very faithfully,

Director of Information and Labour
Intelligence, Officer in charge Labour Office.