

ROCK-CUT ELEPHANT ABOVE THE ASOKA INSCRIPTION AT DHAULI, ORISSA

# THE EARLY HISTORY OF INDIA

FROM 600 B.C. TO THE
MUHAMMADAN CONQUEST
INCLUDING THE INVASION
OF ALEXANDER THE GREAT

BY

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### **PREFACE**

The plan and limitations of this book have been explained so fully in the Introduction that little more need be said by way of preface. The room for difference of opinion on many of the subjects treated is so great that I cannot expect my views on controverted points to meet with universal acceptance; and the complexity of my undertaking forbids me to hope that positive errors, justly open to censure, have been avoided altogether; but I trust that critics will be prepared to concede the amount of indulgence which may be granted legitimately to the work of a pioneer.

The devotion of a disproportionately large space to the memorable invasion of Alexander the Great is due to the exceptional interest of the subject, which, so far as I know, has not been treated adequately in any modern book. The extreme brevity of the fourteenth and fifteenth chapters, dealing with the mediaeval kingdoms of the north and the Deccan, which may be open to adverse criticism, is attributable to the limited interest of merely local histories. In the final chapter an attempt has been made to give an intelligible outline of the history of the South, so far as it has been ascertained. The story of the Dravidian nations seems to me deserving of more attention than it generally receives.

The presentation of cumbrous and unfamiliar

Oriental names must always be a difficulty for a writer on Indian history. I have endeavoured to secure reasonable uniformity of spelling without pedantry. The system of transliteration followed in the notes and appendices is substantially that used in the *Indian Antiquary*; while in the text long vowels only are marked where necessary, and all other diacritical signs are discarded.

Vowels have values as in Italian; except the short a, which is pronounced like u in but, when with stress, and like A in America, when without stress. The consonants are to be pronounced as in English; and ch, consequently, is represented in French by tch, and in German by tsch; similarly, j is equivalent to the French dj and the German dsch. The international symbol c for the English ch, as in church, which has been adopted by the Asiatic Societies, may have some advantages in purely technical publications; but its use results in such monstra horrenda as Cac for Chach, and is unsuitable in a work intended primarily for English and Indian readers.

I have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of help of various kinds from the following gentlemen:—M. Édouard Chavannes, Professeur au Collège de France; Mr. J. S. Cotton, editor of the *Indian Imperial Gazetteer*; Mr. William Crooke; Professor Rhys Davids; Dr. J. F. Fleet, C.I.E.; Dr. Rudolf Hoernle, C.I.E.; Mr. James Kennedy; M. Sylvain Lévi; Professor E. J. Rapson; and Mr. R. Sewell.

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#### ERRATA

Page 31, line 8, for the place of his birth read his ancestral home
Page 225 note, for 57 B. c. read 57 or 58 B.c.

### **ILLUSTRATIONS**

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No.	King.	Obverse.	Reverse.	Reference.
1	Sophytes.	Head of the king r., in close- fitting helmet, bound with wreath; wing on cheek-piece.	ΣΩΦΥΤΟΥ Cock r.; above, cadu- ceus.	Gardner, Catal. of Greek and Scythic Kings of Bactria and India, Pl.
3	Eukratidea.	Bust of the king r., diademed, and wearing helmet (kausid), adorned with ear and horn of bull, and crest.	BASIAEΩS METAAOY EYKPATIAOY. The Dioskouroi charging r,, holding long lances and patrus.	I, 35id., Pl. V, 7.
3	Menander,	ΒΑΣΙΛΕΩΣ ΣΩΤΗΡΟΣ ΜΕΝΑΝΔΡΟΥ.	Not figured.	ibid., Pl. XI, 7.
4	Hermaios.	Bust of the king r., diademed.  BAΣΙΛΕΩΣ ΣΩΤΗΡΟΣ ΕΡΜΑΙΟΥ.	Not figured.	ibid., Pl. XV, 4.
5	Kadphises I.	Rust of the king r., diademed. XOPANCY ZAOOY KOZOAA KAAA DEC. Head of the king r., diademed, and closely resembling that of	Not figured.	ibid., Pl. XXV, 5.
6	Gondophares.	Augustus. Greek legend imperfect, BACIAEON YNAOΦEP	Not figured.	ibid., Pl. XXII, 11.
7	Sivälakura of Andhra dynasty,	Bust of the king r., diadomed,  Hino Madhartputasa Sirala- kurasa. Strung bow, with arrow fixed.	Not figured.	Cunningham, Coins of Ancient India, p. 109.
8	Kadphises II.	BACIAEYC OOHMO KAADICHC.	Kharoshthi inscrip- tion, maharajasa, &c. Siva and Indian bull.	Gardner, op. cit., Pi. XXV, 7.
9	Kanishka.	Bust of king emerging from clouds; helmet and diadem; Greek chlamys; club? in r. hand.  Standing king in Turki costume, with spear and sword. Legend in modified Greek characters  PAONANOPAO  KANHPK!	APΔOXPO (P=sh). Female deity with cornucopise.	Gardner, op. cit., Pl. XXVI, 6.
10	Samudragupta.	KOPANO (P to be read sh). King seated, playing lyre. Legend, makarajadhiraja set Sanaudraguptah; on footstool.	Not figured.	J. R. A. S., 1889, Pi. I, 5.
11	Samudragupta.	Horse, standing before altar and sacrificial post. Legend imperfect; between horse's	Not figured.	ibid., 4.
12	Chandra-gupta II, Vikramā- ditya.	legs, to. King shooting lion. Legend, maharajadhiraja éri.	Goddem seated on lion, Legend, Sri Sinha Vi- kramak,	ibid., Pl. II, 6.
13	Kirttivarman Chandella,	Legend, brimat Kirttivarm- ma-deva.	Four-armed goddess, seated.	Cunningham, Coins of Mediaeval India, Pl. VIII, 12.
14	A Pāṇḍya king.	Two fishes under an um- brella, with other symbola.	Logend uncertain.	VIII, 12. Elliot, Coins of South- ern India, Pl. III, 129. ibid., Pl. IV, 165.
16	Rājarāja Chola.  A Pallava chief.  A Chera king.	Standing king,  Lion r.  Seated figure, corrupted.	Seated figure, Legend, Rajaraja. Vase on stand. Bow and umbrella.	ibid., Pl. II, 49. ibid., Pl. III, 128.
17	A Vincia Kitig.	Produce abuse Asserts		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,